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THE

ANTICLEPTIC GRADUS.

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THE

ANTICLEPTIC GRADUS:

FOUNDED ON

QUICHERAT'S

THESAURUS POETICUS LINGUÆ LATINÆ.

EDITED BY THE REV.

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PREFACE.

A MAIN object of the ANTICLEPTIC GRADUS is to give the pupil all the help, and more than all the help, that the old Gradus afforded him; but to supply this help in the form of materials to be worked up by himself; not in the *concrete state* of ready-made lines and portions of lines. More particularly, the advantages offered by this GRADUS to the writer of Latin verse are—

1. A separate notice of each meaning of the word treated; the meaning being exhibited in quotation, with the initials of the author annexed, and any peculiarity in the use of the word thus pointed out. *The* GRADUS *will, in fact, be found a sufficient Latin Dictionary for the best Latin poets.*

2. A careful selection of words which, though not really synonymous, are yet so nearly related in meaning, that one may occasionally be used for the other; the variation of meaning caused by such substitution not being greater than the general sense which the writer wishes to express, will allow of. To guard, however, against the *false notion* of a language filled with synonymous expressions, I have introduced these words, not, as is usually done, by "SYN.," but by a *note of interrogation* [⁇], implying that the pupil is *to ask himself the question*, whether any of the words set down in that department will serve his turn. Since, moreover, these *quasi-synonymous* expressions are arranged under the already *classified* meanings of a word, any such mistake is avoided as the substitution, for instance, of *ponderosus* for *gravis*, in such combinations as *gravis hircus*, or *graves Persæ*.

3. A careful selection of epithets, &c. We have but to open a page of Ovid to be satisfied, that a judicious use of epithets is a great feature in good Latin poetry. In a work, therefore, intended to facilitate the writing of good poetry, a proper selection of epithets is an almost indispensable assistance.

4. Help given in the occasional addition—under the head "Phr." [Phrases]—of various expressions and phrases, from the best authors, illustrative of

the word in question, or of subjects connected with it. The form in which this help is given, is such as to be of considerable service to the student, without enabling him to appropriate whole lines; thus exercising his taste, and adding to his stock of poetical ideas, but obliging him, at the same time, to use his own powers, more or less, upon the matter presented to him. It is in this that the *anticleptic* (or *anti-pilfering*) character of the GRADUS consists.

The GRADUS professes to be a Dictionary of words occurring only in poetry; but to this rule there are some exceptions. A few words, of which ANTIPODES, ASTRONOMUS, and FODINA are instances, have been introduced for the purpose of stating under them the poetical way in which the notions themselves may be expressed or illustrated. Some of these are to be found in the best prose writers, though not occurring in poetry; and in these cases the prose authority for them is annexed.

ON THE MANNER IN WHICH THE QUANTITIES ARE MARKED.

☞ The short syllables only are marked. Every syllable that has no mark over it must be considered as long, with the exception of a final syllable in *m;* which, however, since it must be either *elided* or *made long* by *position*, is *virtually* a *long syllable* for the composer of verses.

The syllables are marked according to their quantity *out of position*, except in the first or "*proving*" lines. The last syllable, however, even in a "*proving line*," is marked according to its quantity out of position. A capital letter marks the first foot of a metrical line, when occurring in the middle of a sentence.

When no authority is given for the quantity after the first English (which very rarely occurs), either a cognate word in brackets is referred to for it, or a proving line will be found under some one of the meanings that follow.

A short vowel before a mute and liquid, occurring *in quotation*, is marked short; its *allowable* use as long must be determined from the general rule, or be ascertained by reference to the word itself in its alphabetical place in the GRADUS, where the actual practice of the best Roman poets will be found noted.

☞ FINAL *O*.—A difficulty has been felt in determining the quantity to be assigned in the GRADUS to *o* final: whether to mark it *long* or *common*. To mark it *common* would be to sanction the use of it as *short*, where such use would be contrary to the *almost undeviating* practice of the best poets; and yet it is so frequently found *short* in such poets as Lucan, Statius, Martial, Silius Italicus, Claudian, Juvenal, and even Horace (in his Satires and

Epistles)—to say nothing of the occasional, though very rare, instances in the best poets—that it could not be left as if *long*. The course adopted has been to consider it *long* (as the rule), after the example of the poets of the Classic age; but either to mark it *common*, where there are sufficient authorities for its *short* use; or to give the authorities for such use of it, when it is more commonly found *long*. But, let it be repeated, the poets of the best age, in all the higher styles of poetry, used the *o long;* and preferred avoiding the use of such words as Portĭŏ, *J. Aus.* Ultĭŏ, *J. Aus.* Declamatĭŏ, *J.* Ganĕŏ, *J.* Auctĭŏ, *J. M.* Senĭŏ, *M.* Desperatĭŏ, *J. St.* Deditĭŏ, *Cl.*, &c., to the necessity of using them with the last syllable as *short*. All exceptions to the rule thus given, ordinary and extraordinary, will be noticed in their place.

AUTHORITIES.

The authors quoted in proof of quantity or usage are, with few exceptions, those of what is called the Classical age of Latin poetry. As, however, it is the object of a Gradus to assist in the composition of all species of poetry, it was not thought desirable altogether to exclude writers of an earlier or later age, or even of the less elevated styles of poetry. The initials of the authors quoted will be a sufficient guide in determining the eligibility of any word. For this purpose a list of them is subjoined, with the initials designating them, and their probable time of flourishing. Amongst them will be found the names of some of the more eminent Christian writers, who have been consulted as authorities for the quantity, as well as the form, of such words as the Christian Faith has necessarily added to the poet's vocabulary.

ANTE-CLASSICAL AGE.

Name.	Initial.	Died about
		B.C.
Cn. Nævius	Næv.	204
M. A. Plautus	Pl.	184
Q. Ennius	Enn.	169
P. Terentius Afer....	Ter.	159
C. Lucilius	Lucil.	103

CLASSICAL AND AUGUSTAN AGE.

[Say: from the time of Cicero to about the death of Augustus.]

Name.	Initial.	Died about
T. Lucretius Carus...	Lr.	52
C. V. Catullus.....	Cat.	42
P. Virgilius Maro	V.	19
A. Tibullus	Tib.	18
S. A. Propertius.....	Pp.	15
M. Manilius.....	Manil.	—
Q. Horatius Flaccus.	H.	8
		A.D.
P. Ovidius Naso	O.	17
C. Pedo Albinovanus	Albinov.	Flourished about Ovid's time.
Gratius Faliscus (de Re Venatica)	Grat.	

POST-CLASSICAL AGE.

Name.	Initial.	Died about
		A.D.
Phædrus	Ph.	14...37
A. Persius Flaccus...	Pers.	62
L. A. Seneca	Sen.	65
L. J. Columella (de Re Rustica).....	Col.	65
M. A. Lucanus	L.	65
C. Valerius Flaccus..	V. Fl.	88
P. P. Statius.....	St.	96
C. Silius Italicus	Sil.	100
M. V. Martialis	M.	105
D. J. Juvenalis	J.	122
D. M. Ausonius		400
Cl. Claudianus		408

CHRISTIAN POETS.

Name.	Initial.	Flourished in the
		A.D.
C. V. Juvencus	Juvc.	Fourth century.
M. A. C. Prudentius	Prud.	"
M. P. A. Paulinus, Bp. of Nola	P. Nol.	"
C. Sedulius	Sedul.	Fifth century.
C. S. Sidonius Apollinaris, Bp. of Clermont	Sid.	"
R. F. Avienus	Avien.	"
Alcimus Avitus, Bp. of Vienne	Alcim.	"
V. H. C. Fortunatus, Bp. of Poictiers	Fort.	Sixth century.

The following works, whose authors are uncertain, have in one or two instances been referred to:—

Name of Work.	Initial.	Supposed Author.
Carmen ad Liviam	Ad Liv.	Albinovanus or Ovid.
" Pisonem	Ad Pis.	Lucan or S. Bassus (same age).
Moretum	Moret.	Virgil.

REMARKS ON THE LENGTHENING OF *SHORT VOWELS* BEFORE A MUTA CUM LIQUIDA.

a) A *mute* followed by a *liquid* only makes what is called a *weak position*; and a *short vowel* is not necessarily lengthened before them.

b) The vowel is *usually* short (but sometimes lengthened in poetry), when the liquid is *r*, which is the case of *weakest position*.

(Tĕnĕbræ, palpĕbræ, vŏlŭcrĭs, ăgri.)

c) The vowel may be (and generally is) retained short before

pl, tl, cl,
cm, cn,—fl.

(~Aplustrĭs, pŏplĕs, ~Atlas, assĕclă, Pĕrĭcles, Tĕcmessă, Prŏcne, cŷcnŭs, mellĭflŭŭs.)

d) The vowel is *generally* long before

bl,
gl, gm, gn, } *i. e.* when a middle mute (*b, g, d*) is followed by *m* or *n*; or *b* by *l**.
dm.

(Pūblĭcŭs, āgmĕn, fĭglĭnŭs, rēgnum, Prōgnē, cȳgnŭs, māgnŭs, Cādmŭs.)

e) Even in the case of a *mute* followed by the liquid *r*, the actual practice of the poets must be observed, as the lengthening of the vowel is retained in some words, not in others: *e. g.* ārbĭtrŏr, never ārbĭtrŏr;

* Hence some editors always write *Procne, cycnus* (not *Progne, cygnus*), when the first syll. is *short*.

gĕnĭtrīx, never gĕnītrīx. On the other hand, pĭgrĭ, pīgrĭ, &c., pīgrĭtĭă (from pĭgĕr): so rūbrī, lībrī (rŭbĕr, lĭbĕr), nīgrī (nĭgĕr), seldom short. So also cŏlūbrĭ, but cŏlŭbĕr. Also in lŏcŭplēs the *u* is never used as long, except in the *arsis* (*i. e.* the first syllable of a foot).

f) From the case of *weak position* described in *b*, we must distinguish the following cases:—

(1) Where, according to the laws of syllabification, the *mute* belongs to the first syllable, the *liquid* to the second (ad-rasus, ob-repit). Here the preceding vowel *is* lengthened necessarily by position: *ādrāsŭs, ōbrēpĭt.*

(2) When the preceding vowel is *long* by its own nature: *sĭmŭlā-crum, sălū-brĭs, mā-trĭs.*

ON *O FINAL.*

The general rule is, that *o* final is *long*. But—

a) *O* final is always short in *mŏdŏ* and its compounds (dummŏdŏ, quomŏdŏ, &c.), cĭtŏ, īmŏ, illĭcŏ, cĕdŏ (*give* or *say*): also in ĕgŏ, dŭŏ (except in *arsis*), octŏ. (Ambō, on the other hand, generally has *o* long.)

b) In epic and the other *elevated* styles of poetry, *o* is very seldom used *short* in the nom. and voc. of the third declension (*natĭŏ*, Juv. 3, 100), and in the *verbal endings* (in Virgil only in scĭŏ, nescĭŏ). Greek words, like Dīdō, ēchō (ἠχώ), have ō throughout.

c) Sometimes in poets of the *Silver* age, *o* is used short in the *gerunds*, and in the adverbs, ergŏ (*therefore*), *porrŏ, postremŏ, quandŏ* (but always quāndōquĕ), *serŏ;* whereas all other ablatives and datives in *o* are *long*.

d) In later poets, and even in earlier poets, in compositions of the lighter or more prosaic styles, the *o* is sometimes shortened, after the example of the comic poets; but it was only gradually that the shortening became general.

NOTES ON THE USE OF THIS GRADUS.

Besides the abbreviations common to all Dictionaries and Graduses, use is made of the following:—

I.

~ stands for the word at the head of the article; the word discussed.

1. ~, in the case of verbs, must be read as the present infinitive, of the active or passive voice, as the case may be.

2. ~, in the case of substantives or adjectives, must be read as the nominative case sing., masculine, feminine, or neuter, as the case may be, or the construction, if it be an adjective or participle, requires.

3. If a termination be annexed to ~, the whole must be read in such case or person of the word at the head of the article as the termination indicates: *e. g.* under ănhelo, lex, lăpĭs (lăpĭd-ĭs), căpax (căpacĭs),— ~-ăt, ~-es, ~-em, ~-ĭbŭs = (respectively) ănhelăt, leges, lăpĭdem, căpacĭbŭs.

II.

~ —followed by quotations from different authors, separated from each other by each author's initial; *or*, if from the same author, separated by a semicolon—is to be taken with each quotation, &c., so separated. Thus, under Duco we have: ~ ensem vagina. *Sil.* funem. *H.* suspirĭă pectŏrĕ. *O.* vultus de marmŏrĕ; gĕnŭs. *V.* = ducĕrĕ ensem &c. *Sil.* ducĕrĕ funem. *H.* &c. ducĕrĕ vultus de marmŏrĕ; ducĕrĕ gĕnŭs &c.

III.

When any word in one sentence is repeated *totidem literis* in the very next, the initial letter only is sometimes given.

IV.

[? . . .] A note of interrogation [?] has been used, instead of "Syn.," to introduce a selection of such words as may *possibly* be used, in case of necessity, instead of the head-word.

Ep. Under this head epithets, &c., for the word are given.

Crcl. (= Circumlocutions) introduces compound expressions of similar import to the simple word. ☞ Where the first word (or words) under this head is parted from those that follow by a –, such first word (or words) is to be taken with each word that follows the – to form the **Crcl.** intended. Thus, the **Crcl.** given for Palleo are: Pallŏr ŏrĕ –occŭpăt, ŏbĭt, infĭcĭt, &c.: *i. e.* either pallŏr ŏrĕ occŭpăt, or p. o. ŏbĭt, or p. o. infĭcĭt, &c.

Phr. Under this head, phrases and expressions of various kinds are given, descriptive of the word at the head of the article, or of subjects connected with it. ☞ If the first words (or word) under this head are common to several following phrases, &c., they are not repeated with each, but their connexion with them is indicated by the — with which the phrases severally commence. Thus, we have in the **Phr.** under Incendium: Totă dŏmŭs –ĭn ignes considĭt;—Vulcano sŭpĕrantĕ rŭinam dăt;—hŭmo fumăt, &c. = Totă dŏmŭs ĭn ignes considĭt. T. d. Vulcano sŭpĕrantĕ r. d., &c. &c.

Under **Crcl.** or **Phr.** The words or phrases under these heads *within brackets*, and separated one from another by a comma, may be used, any of

them, instead of the word or phrase which they follow in bracket. Thus, we have under FRENUM: Phr. 2. *Of one breaking in a horse.* Dŏcĕt (cogĭt) ĕquum –verbĕrā (frenā, frenos, &c.) invitum ferrĕ (pāti);—duris lŭpatis ănĭmosum (aspĕrum) parerĕ, &c.: where cogĭt, frenā or frenos, pāti, aspĕrum, may be used for dŏcĕt, verbĕrā, ferrĕ, ănĭmosum, respectively. Thus, again, under GIGANTES we have: Crcl. Fratres cœlum rescindĕrĕ (sŭpĕris regnis Jŏvem detrudĕrĕ, ĭn Jŏvĭs dŏmum irĕ, cœlestĭă regnā affectarĕ) conjurati (aggressi, ausi): where any of the three phrases within the first bracket may be used for 'cœlum rescindĕrĕ,' and aggressi or ausi for conjurati.

=	stands for	'equal to;' but more gen. for 'means,' or 'is of the same meaning as,' &c.
Us.	indicates	the usual meaning of a word.
Sp.	,,	a special use of it.
Sts.	,,	that it is sometimes found so used.
Ext.	,,	that it is so used in an extended sense.
Dbf. or ?	,,	that the word, or such a use of it, is questionable.
Anc.	,,	that such is the old form or use of the word.
Obs.	,,	that it is not now so used.
Lit. Fig.	speak	to its literal or figurative use respectively.
Abs.	,,	to its use absolutely or uncombined.
Eccl.	,,	to its Biblical origin, or use by ecclesiastical (Christian) writers only.
L. L.	,,	to its Low Latin origin.
R.	refers	to Riddle's Latin-English Lexicon.
C. D.	,,	to Classical Dictionary of Mythology, History, &c., for further information.

Qs, cjs, ci, qm, qd, &c., are abbreviations of aliquis, alicujus, alicui, &c. &c.

☞ Only the short syllables are marked. Syllables not marked are to be supposed long.

M final.] Words ending in *m* must be either elided or lengthened by position (except when they stand as the *last words* of a line). Hence, since they are virtually long in the composition of verses, they are left unmarked.

O final.] This vowel is left unmarked, except in the particular instances where there is classical authority for its (*regular* or *occasional*) use as *short.* [See the rules above given (on p. ix.) for *o final.*]

A short vowel before a *mute and liquid,* in the cases where it *may be*

lengthened, is nevertheless *marked short:* the pupil should in all instances consult the *word itself*, in its alphabetical place, before he lengthens it, unless he knows that *it was sometimes lengthened* by good authors. [See Remarks on a *Muta cum Liquidâ*, p. viii.]

T. K. A.

How-foot, Grasmere,
June 26, 1852.

THE

ANTICLEPTIC GRADUS.

A, *and* ˘AB (Abs, *Pl.*), *prep.* 1. *From, out of, away from.* Ignavum fucos pĕcŭs a præsepĭbŭs arcent. Ducĭtĕ ăb urbĕ dŏmum. *V.* (Signum) ăb arcĕ extŭlĭt. *V.* [¶ E, ex, ăbusqŭe.] Longe, *or* prŏcŭl a. 2. *By.* Vincŏr ăb Ænea. *V.* Ne vĭr ăb hostĕ cădăt. *O.* 3. *From, down from* (of time or place). Prima rĕpĕtens ăb ŏrigĭnĕ. *V.* Talos a vertĭcĕ pulchĕr ăd imos. *H.* [¶ E, ex, de.] 4. *After* (counting from). Altĕr ăb undĕcĭmo (annus). *V.* ˘Ab˘Achillĕ sĕcundŭs. *H.* [¶ Post.] 5. *Against.* Defendo a frigŏrĕ. *V.* Tutŭs ăb insĭdĭis. *H.* [¶ Contra, adversŭs.] 6. *Used redundantly in poetry with abl. of instrumental cause.* Torrĭdă ăb igni. *V.* Ustŭs a frigŏrĕ. *O.* 7. *Poet. for gen. or adj.* A fontĭbŭs undæ = fontanæ. *V.* ˘Ab arbŏrĕ ramŭs. *O.* Pastŏr ăb Amphryso (= Amphrysius.) *V.* 8. *Of local origin:* Tyrrhenis ăb oris Mezentĭŭs. *V.* (*and see last example.*) 9. *Of relative local position:* A læva rĕlictŭs (*on the left*). *O.*

˘AARON, ARON, ˘AARON. *m. indecl. Aaron, the brother of Moses.*

˘ABACTUS, ă, um. *part. See* ABIGO. 1. *Driven* or *chased away.* Stăbŭlis matĕr ~ sŭis. *Pp.* pauperĭes; nulla Veiă conscĭentĭa. *H.* (*driven from her purpose.*) [¶ Actŭs, exactŭs, pulsŭs, fŭgatŭs.] *See* EXSUL. 2. *Driven off* (by robbers). ~ bŏves. *O.* [¶ Abductŭs, ablatŭs, raptŭs.] 3. *Past, spent* (of time). ~ nox. *V.* [¶ Exactŭs, prætĕrĭtŭs.]

˘ABACUS, i. *m.* 1. *A side-board.* Atquĕ ăbăcum Sămĭo sæpĕ ŏnĕrassĕ lŭto. *Aus.* Ornamentum ăbăci, &c. *J.* Ep. Nĭtĭdŭs, ornatŭs, ŏnĕratŭs, grăvĭs; *or, fr. its material,* aurĕŭs, argentĕŭs, ăcernŭs, ĕbŭrnŭs, marmorĕŭs. *See* MENSA. 2. *A board for drawing figures on, writing on. Pers. See* TABULA, CERA. 3. *Chess* or *draft-board. See* CALCULUS, LATRUNCULUS.

˘ABANTEUS, ă, um. *Of Abas.* Nupĕr ˘Abanteis templo Junonis ĭn Argis. *O.*

˘ABANTĬADES, æ. *m. A descendant of Abas; Perseus.* Victŏr ˘Abantĭădes alĭtĕ fertŭr ĕquo. *See* PERSEUS.

˘ABAS, antĭs. *m.* 1. *A Centaur, son of Ixion.* Et Phŏlŭs, et Mĕnĕlĕus, ĕt ˘Abas prædatŏr ĕquorum. *O.* 2. *King of Argos, son of Lynceus and Hypermnestra, and great-grandfather of Perseus.*

˘ABĂTOS, i. *f. An island near Memphis. C. D.* Hinc ˘Abăton quam nostrŭ, &c. *L.*

˘ABAVUS, i. *m. A grandfather's* or *mother's grandfather,* or *third grandfather by either side;* hence, *ancestor.* Pătĕr, ăvŭs, prŏăvŭs, ăbăvŭs, ătăvŭs, trĭtăvŭs. *Pl.* Crel. Quartŭs pătĕr. *See* AVUS.

ABDERA, æ. *f. A city of Thrace, the people of which were noted for stupidity. C. D.* Festĭs Abderă dĭebŭs. *O.* (*Ib.*) Phr. Vervecum pătrĭă (*first syllable of* patria *rarely long*).

ABDERITANUS, ă, um. *Of Abdera;* hence, *stupid, senseless.* Abderitanæ pectŏrĭ plebĭs hăbes. *M.*

ABDĬCO, as. 1. *To put away, disclaim, reject.* Quem fŭgĭt et factis abdĭcăt illĕ sŭis. *O. See* REJICIO. 2. *To deny, refuse. Sen. See* ABNUO.

ABDĬTUM. *neut. adj. as subst. A secret place; hiding-place;* hence, fig. *what is secret, hidden.* Terrai pĕnĭtus scrutantes abdĭtă ferro. *Lr.* Abdĭtă rerum. *H.* [¶ Lătĕbræ, arcanum, secretum.]

ABDĬTUS, ă, um. *part. See* ABDO. 1. *Hidden, out of sight.* Abdĭtă frondĕ lĕvi densa spĕcŭlabăr ăb ulmo. *O.* Lătĕt abdĭtus ăgro. *H.* [¶ Lătens, lătĭtans, occultŭs, condĭtŭs, tectŭs, contectŭs, obtectŭs, invisŭs, rĕductŭs, rĕmotŭs, celatŭs, rĕcondĭtŭs, inadspectŭs, obscurŭs; *sts.* abscondĭtŭs.] Crel. Lătĕbris condĭtŭs (defensŭs, inclusŭs, obtectŭs, obscurŭs). Tĕnĕbris defensŭs, umbris abdĭtŭs. Cæcis occultŭs umbris. 2. Fig. *Hidden, unknown, secret.* ~ fată. *T.* consĭlĭă. *V. Fl.* [¶ Lătens, cæcŭs, obscurŭs, arcanŭs; *sts.* intĭmŭs.] *See* ARCANUS.

ABDO, ĭs, dĭdi, dĭtum. 1. *To put away, remove.* Res dŭbĭas ănĭmŭs ăb se abdĭt. *Lr.* ~ qm dŏmo. *V.* hinc fŭces. *Tib.* 2. Gen. *To hide, put out of sight.* Lit. *and* fig. ~ frondosis montĭbŭs; speluncis atris. *V.* căpŭt cassĭdĕ. *O.* ensem lătĕri căpŭlo tĕnŭs. *V.* [¶ Abscondo, condo, occŭlo, occulto, celo, tĕgo, obtĕgo, contĕgo, rĕcondo, velo, ŏpĕrĭo, obduco, involvo, abstrudo; *sts.* ŏpaco, ŏbumbro, prætexo, defŏdĭo.] Crel. ˘Ocŭlis submŏvĕo. ˘Ab ŏcŭlis, a lumĭnĭbŭs rĕmŏvĕo, amŏvĕo, subtrăho. Tĕnĕbris, umbris, lătĕbris, abdo, condo, claudo, includo, occŭlo, prĕmo, obrŭo. Cæcis lătĕbris, secretis sedĭbŭs, committo, includo, rĕcondo, credo. Umbris involvo. Adspectu subtrăho. Terra clausum (condĭtum, abdĭtum, depŏsĭtum) tĕnĕo (tĕgo, condo, prĕmo, obrŭo, &c.).

ABDO ME, ABDŎR. *To hide, conceal oneself, lie hid.* Abdĭdĕrat sese, atque aris invisă sĕdĕbăt. *V.* In montes sese abdĭdĭt altos. *V.* [¶ Me condo, occŭlo, &c. *See* ABDO. Condor, abscondŏr, occultŏr, tĕgŏr, lătĕo, lătesco, delĭtesco, lătĭto.] Crel. ˘Ocŭlos fugĭo. Tĕnĕbris, umbris me, &c. (Crel. *as in* Abdo). *See* LATEO.

ABDOMEN, ĭnĭs, *n.* 1. *The belly* (rather the lower part of it). Atquĕ Bŏnam tĕnĕræ placant abdomĭnĕ porcæ. *J.* [¶ VENTER.] 2. *The fat of the belly.* ~-ĭnĕ tardŭs. *J.* [¶ Pinguedo, ădepa.]

ABDUCO, ĭs, xi, uctum. 1. *To carry off, take away* (man or beast). Quid sŏcĕros lĕgĕre et thălămis abducĕrĕ pactas. *V.* ∾ armentă. *O.* [? Amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, abstrăho, aufĕro, subduco, submŏvĕo, răpĭo, ăbĭgo.] 2. *To carry off, take away* (any thing). Quod nĕquĕunt . . . abducĕrĕ, perdunt. *O.* ∾ somnos. *O.* [? Aufĕro, răpĭo, tollo.] 3. *To draw aside, away.* ∾ căpĭtă ăb ictu. *V.* grădus. *S.* *See* AVERTO. 4. Fig. ∾ stŭdĭo. *Ter.* [? Averto, avŏco, absterrĕo.]

˘ABEL, ellĭs (*Fort. Prud.*), ABEL (*Alcim.*), ˘ABELŬS (*Tertull.*), i. *m. Abel, son of Adam. Eccl.* Ep. Plŭs, insons, innŏcŭŭs. Crcl. Căini fratĕr. ˘Adami sŏbŏles innoxĭă, castă, plă.

˘ABELLA, æ. *f. A town of Campania, celebrated for its nuts.* Et quos malĭfĕræ despectant mœnĭa ˘Abellæ. *V.*

˘ABĔO, is, ivi, *or* ĭi, *and sync.* i, ĭtum. 1. *To go away, depart.* Si pĕrĭturŭs ăbis, et nos, &c. Nos ăbĭissĕ rătĭ. *V.* Nunquam visurŭs ăbisti. *O.* [? Discedo, abscedo, excedo, rĕcedo, prŏfĭciscŏr, ĕo, fŭgĭo.] Crcl. Urbem, pătrĭam, limĭnă, muto, linquo, desĕro, fŭgĭo. Tecto, urbĕ, pătrĭa, discedo, excedo. me prorĭpĭo, effĕro, amŏvĕo. Pĕdem effĕro. Vestigĭă torquĕo. Prŏcŭl ăbĕo. *See* EXUL. 2. *To pass away* (of time). [? Fŭgĭo, elabŏr.] 3. *To vanish, cease to be.* ˘Abĭt spes, &c. *O.* [? Fŭgĭo, vanesco, desĭno.] 4. *Pass into, change to.* ˘Abĕunt stŭdĭă in mores. *O.* [? Mutŏr, convertŏr, desĭno.] 5. *To go, pass through.* ∾ pĕr altum pectŭs (*of a spear*). *V.* Hercŭlĕos pĕr artus. *O.* [? ˘Adĕo, ĕo, transĕo, pĕnĕtro.]

˘ABERRO, as. *To go away from, stray away. O.* *See* ERRO.

˘ABHINC, *adv.* 1. *Ago* (from the present time backward); sts. *henceforth* (from the present time forwards). Scriptŏr ăbhinc annos centum qui decĭdĭt. *H.* [? Hinc, dĕhinc, indĕ, jam.] 2. *Hence, away from this place.* Aufĕr ăbhinc lăcrĭmas. *Lr.* *See* HINC.

˘ABHORREO, es, ŭi. 1. *To turn from with aversion, to shrink from. Lr. Cat.* [? Horrĕo, aversŏr, odi, fŭgĭo.] *See* AVERSOR. 2. *To be not in accord, at variance.* *See* DISCREPO.

˘ABĬEGNŬS, *or* ABIEGNŬS (*as* Abjegnus), ă, um. *Made of fir.* ˘Abĭegnis scriptă tăbellis. *O.* Indŭĭt abiegnæ cornŭă falsă bŏvĭs. *Pp.*

˘ABĬES, ăbĭĕtĭs, *and us.* abietĭs (abjĕtĭs), *f.* 1. *A fir-tree.* Popŭlŭs in flŭvĭis, ăbies in montĭbŭs altis. *V.* Abietĭbus pătrĭis jŭvĕnes. *V.* Ep. Aĕrĭă, altă, proceră, sublimĭs. Phr. Crescens in montĭbŭs. Aptă frĕtĭis. Casus æquŏrĕos visură. 2. *Things made of fir: a ship, a javelin.* Labĭtŭr unctă vădis ∾. Transverbĕrăt abiĕtĕ pectŭs. *V.* *See* NAVIS, JACULUM.

˘ABĬGO, ĭs, egi, actum. 1. *To drive off* (as plunder). Silvis occultăt ăbactas (bŏves). *O.* [? ˘Ago, abstrăho, averto, abduco.] *See* PRÆDOR. 2. *To drive away.* ∾ qm collŏquĭo; ventos. *O.* curas. *H.* ˘Abĭgunt mercatorem (nĭves). [? Pello, depello, arcĕo, fŭgo, prŏhĭbĕo.] *See* PELLO.

˘ABĬTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *Departure.* Armenta ăbĭtumquĕ părarĕt. *V.* *See* DISCESSUS. 2. *A way out. V.* (Æn. ix. 380; *but others read* aditum.)

ABJECTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Cast to the ground;* fig. *cast down.* Tum sŭpĕr abjectum pŏsĭto pĕdĕ nixŭs ĕt hasta. *V.* ∾ in herbis. *O.* [? Projectŭs, vŏlutŭs, prostratŭs; afflictŭs, jăcens.] 2. *Left, thrown away, aside.* Excĭpĭt abjectam cespĭtĕ. *O.* ∾ nugæ; instrumentum artis. *H.* [? Projectŭs, rejectŭs, missŭs, rĕlictŭs, ŏmissŭs, pŏsĭtus, amotŭs, depŏsĭtŭs. 3. *Abject.* *See* VILIS.

ABJĬCĬO, ĭs, eci, ectum. 1. *To throw away, cast off. H.* Projĭcĭo, rejĭcĭo, depono, pono, mitto, exŭo, amŏvĕo. 2. *To abase, treat as worthless.* Hæc tu quam lĭbĕt abjĭce, elĕvaque. *Cat.* [? Deprĭmo.] *See* CONTEMNO.

ABJUNGO, ĭs, xi. *To separate;* sp. *unyoke.* Mærentem abjungens fraterna mortĕ jŭvencum. *V.* [? Disjungo, divĭdo, sepăro.] *See* SEPARO.

ABJURO, as. *To deny falsely upon oath.* Abjuratæquĕ răpinæ. *V.* *See* NEGO.

ABLATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* AUFERO. 1. *Taken away from.* [? Raptŭs, ereptŭs, subductŭs, sublatŭs, ădemptŭs.] 2. *Borne away.* ∾ pennis. *V.* [? Avectŭs.]

ABLEGO, as. *To send away, remove out of the way.* Ullius sŭbĕant ablegandæ Tĭbĕrim ultra. *J.* [? Arcĕo, rĕlego.] *See* REMOVEO.

ABLUDO, ĭs, si. *To differ from in appearance.* Hæc a te non multum abludĭt ĭmagŏ. *H.*

ABLŬO, ĭs. 1. *To wash, wash off, make clean.* Ablŭĕrĕ hic artus, &c. *O.* [? Lăvo, abstergĕo, mundo, purgo, collŭo; *ext.* mergo.] Crcl. ˘Aqua, ăquis, flumĭnĕ, rĭgo, perfundo, spargo, mergo, irroro. Undis sordes ellŭo, mundo. *See* MERGO. 2. Fig. ∾ perjurĭă. *O.* [? Eluo, purgo, mundo.] *See* ELUO.

ABNĂTO, as. *To swim away.* Abnătăt, et blandis affatur litŏrĕ verbis. *St.*

ABNĔGO, as. *To refuse, refuse positively.* Abnĕgăt excisa vitam producĕrĕ Troja. *V.* ∾ dotes. *V.* se cŏmĭtem. *H.* *See* ABNUO, NEGO.

ABNORMIS, ĕ. *Not after rule; irregular. H.*

ABNŬO, ĭs. *To move the head in dissent; to refuse.* Abnŭĕrăm bello Itălĭam concurrĕrĕ Teucris. *V.* [? Rĕnŭo, nĕgo, abnĕgo, denĕgo, pernĕgo, rĕcuso, nolo, respŭo; *sts.* invĭdĕo.] Crcl. Non pătĭŏr, non sustĭnĕo, non annŭo.

˘ABŎLĔO, es, evi, ĭtum. 1. *To efface, put out of existence, destroy.* Nec pŏtĕrit ferrum, nĕc ĕdax ăbŏlerĕ vĕtustas. *V.* ∾ mŏnŭmentă; Sĭchæum; dedĕcŭs armis. *V.* [? Delĕo, exstinguo, oblitĕro, rescindo, destrŭo, tollo.] 2. Sts. *To purify.* Nec viscĕrĕ quisquam aut undis ăbŏlerĕ pŏtest, aut vincĕrĕ flamma. *V.* *See* PURGO.

˘ABŎLESCO, ĭs. *To be effaced, lost, cease to exist.* [? ˘Abŏlĕŏr, delĕŏr, pĕrĕo, intĕrĕo, cădo, excĭdo, intercĭdo, mŏrĭŏr, vanesco, ăbĕo, rescindŏr.]

˘ABOLLĂ. *Large cloak of a soldier* or *philosopher. J.* Nescit cui Tŷrĭam dĕdĕrit Crispinŭs ăbollam. *M.*

˘ABOMĬNŎR, arĭs. 1. *To deprecate, shrink from as of evil omen.* Si mĕă mors rĕdĭmendă tŭa, quŏd ăbomĭnŏr, essĕt. *O.* 2. *To hold accursed.* Părentĭbŭs ăbomĭnatŭs Hannĭbăl. *H.* [? Horrĕo, ăbhorrĕo, exsĕcrŏr, detestŏr. *See* DETESTATUS.

˘ABŎRĬŎR, ĕrĭs, ortŭs, ŏriri. *To perish, to die; to fail.* Inquĕ dĭĕs privos ăbŏriri quæquĕ crĕată. *Lr.* Vocemque ăbŏriri. *Lr.* [? Defĭcĭo.] *See* PEREO.

˘ABORTIVŬS, ă, um. *Born before the time.* Si cui fillŭs est, ŭt ăbortivus fŭĭt olim Sisŷphŭs. *H.*

˘ABORTŬS, us. *m. Untimely birth, miscarriage; the fruit of an untimely birth. Lr.* Crcl. Partŭs immaturŭs, præcox. Partus ăcerbi.

ABRADO, ĭs, si. *To scrape* or *shave off; to take away.* Nec mănĭbus quidquam tĕnĕris abradĕrĕ membris possunt. *Lr.* ∾ lăcrĭmas. *St.* crŭces. *L.* *See* RADO, AUFERO.

˘ABRĂHAM, ABRAM, ˘ABRAHAM, ABRAHAM, *and* ABRĂHAM. *Undecl. or gen. æ. m. Abraham. Eccl.*

ABREPTŬS. *part.* *See* ABRIPIO. 1. *Caught away violently, carried off. L. G.* Naves in saxă abreptas. *V.* [? Abstractŭs, raptŭs, avulsŭs.] Fig. 2. *Carried* or *hurried away.* ∾ ămorĕ. *Sil.* [? Raptŭs, correptŭs, actŭs, impulsŭs.] *See* ABRIPIO.

ABRĬPĬO, ĭs, ŭi, reptum. 1. *To snatch off, carry away.* Abrĭpĭt Illĭădem, &c. *O.* ∾ dăpes, vină.

St. ~qm in crŭcĭatum. *Ter.* [¶ Răpĭo, abstrăho, divello, avello, aufĕro, distrăho, tollo.] Fig. 2. *To be abruptly broken off.* Descensŭs cæco hiatu abrĭpĭtŭr. *Pp.*

Abrodo, ĭs, si. *To gnaw off.* Abrodens crudum Chærestrătŭs unguem. *Pers.*

Abrōgo, as. 1. *To take off from, to retrench, do away with.* Et nĭmĭum scriptis abrōgăt illĕ mĕis. *O.* [¶ Rescindo, aufĕro, ădĭmo, detrăho.]

Abrumpo, ĭs, rupi, ruptum. 1. *To break, break off, asunder.* ~ vinculă caro Pirĭthŏo. *H.* ramos mănĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ Rumpo, frango, abscindo, avello, divello.] *See* Frango. Fig. 2. ~ invisam lucem (= mŏri); vitam; fas omnĕ. *V.* ~-ĭtŭr ignĭbŭs æther. *O.* [¶ Rumpo, perrumpo, abscindo, scindo.] 3. *To interrupt, break off, end suddenly.* ~ somnos; sermonem; quĕrelas. *V.* armă. *St.* fată; mĕdĭos annos. *L.* [¶ Rumpo, interrumpo, intercĭpĭŏ, abscindo.]

Abruptŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Abrumpo. 1. *Broken, broken off, through, asunder.* Ingĕmĭnant abruptis nubĭbŭs ignes. *V.* ~ lorĕ. *O.* Abrupto sidĕrĕ (*V.* Æn. xii. 451 = abrupta nube, quæ nimbum, procellam facit). [¶ Ruptŭs, fractŭs.] *See* Fractus. 2. *Interrupted.* [¶ Interruptŭs, interceptŭs, turbatŭs.] 3. *Abrupt, precipitous. See* Abruptum, Præruptus, Abrumpo.

Abruptum, i. *n.* As subst. *A steep, a precipice.* In ~ fertŭr (mons ăquarum); in ~ sorbĕt (fluctus). *V.* [¶ Præruptum, præceps.]

Abs = a, ab. (*Very rare.*) Used before *c, t. Pl. Ter.*

Abscedo, ĭs, essi, essum. 1. *To withdraw, go away, depart.* Sed tămĕn abscedit, nĕque ĕnim vestigĭă cernit. *O.* [¶ Cedo, rĕcedo, decedo, discedo, abeisto, ăbĕo, mĭgro.] *See* Abeo, Recedo. Fig. 2. ~-ĭt vitæ tempŭs, quod sŏpŏr erĭpĭăt. *S.* (*is lost to, taken from.*) [¶ Rĕcedo, ădĭmŏr, detrăhŏr, supprĭmŏr, desĭno.] 4. *To abandon by departing from.* Pallăs mĭhĭ abscessĭt. *O.*

Abscessŭs, us. *m. Departure. V. See* Discessus.

Abscido, ĭs, idi, isum. (Abs *and* cædo.) 1. *To cut off.* Abscidit jŭgŭlo pectusque hŭmĕrumquĕ sĭnistrum. *O.* Abscisum căpŭt. *H.* ~ collum. *S.* linguam. *M. See* Cædo, Præcido. Fig. 2. ~ multum nostræ laudi. *L.* [N.B. Abscidere *is to cut with a sharp instrument;* abscindere *to break* or *tear off with the hand,* &c.; *nearly synonymous with* avellere.]

Abscindo, ĭs, ĭdi, issum. 1. *To tear* or *break off, tear in pieces.* ~ vestem hŭmĕris; Hespĕrĭum lătŭs Sĭcŭlo (lătĕri); plantas *de* corpŏrĕ matrum. *V.* terras cœlo. *O.* [¶ Divĭdo, divello, sepăro; distrăho, disjungo, discindo, scindo.] *See* Separo. 2. *To interrupt.* ~ quĕrelas. *V. Fl.* stŭdĭum. *Cl.* [¶ Abrumpo, rumpo, intercĭpĭo.] 3. *To cut off* = *prevent.* ~ dulces rĕdĭtus. *H. See* Abscissus.

Abscisŭs. *part. See* Abscido, Desectus.

Abscissŭs. *part. See* Abscindo. Abscissă cŏmas. *V. See* Discissus, Scissus.

Abscondĭtŭs. *part. See* Abscondo. Silvis abscondĭtă flammă. *L. See* Abditus, Arcanus.

Abscondo, ĭs, i (*and anc.* ĭdi), ĭtum. 1. *To hide.* ~ fŭgam furto. *V.* tristes annos secretis rurĭs. *Sil.* ensem in vulnĕrĕ. *Sen.* (Comp. *V.* lătĕri abdĭdĭt ensem.) telum in aĕrĕ (*to shoot it out of sight into*). *Sil.* [¶ Condo, abdo, celo, occulto.] *See* Abdo. 2. *To lose sight of an object from which one is journeying* or *sailing.* ~ Phæacum arces. *V.* Iden. *Cl.*

Abscondor. *pass. To withdraw from sight, be out of sight.* Antĕ tĭbi Eoæ Atlantĭdes abscondantur (*of stars setting*). *V.*

Absens, ntis. *Absent. V. H.* [¶ Rĕmotŭs; *sts.* distans, deficiens. *See* Distans.

Absĭlĭo, ĭs, ĭi, *or* ŭi. 1. Intr. *To spring away from, spring up and fly away.* Aut prŏcŭl absĭlĭebăt ŭt, &c. *Lr.* 2. *Tr.* with *acc.* of *thing* (φεύγειν τινά). ~ nidos tĕpentes. *St. See* Salio.

Absinthĭum, ĭi. *n. Wormwood.* Desint absinthĭă Ponto. *O.* Ep. Canum, ămarum, ingratum, Pontĭcum.

Absisto, ĭs, stĭti. 1. *To stand aside, away; go away, withdraw.* ~ toto luco; limĭnĕ. *V.* [¶ Abscedo, discedo, rĕcedo, ăbĕo, exĕo.] 2. *To issue, come forth from.* ~-unt scintillæ a toto orĕ. *V.* [¶ Exsĭlĭo, emĭco.] 3. *To desist.* ~ ferro. *V.* bello. *H.* mŏveri. *V.* [¶ Desisto, cesso, desĭno, abstĭnĕo.] *See* Desino.

Absolvo, ĭs, i, ŏlutum. *See* Libero. 1. *To release, acquit* (of any charge or obligation); hence, *to pardon.* ~ rĕos culpæ. *O.* hŏmĭnem. *H.* dĕos. *Cl.* Crol. Crimĭnĕ, solvo, absolvo. Culpa libĕro, exsolvo. Noxæ exĭmo. Culpam condono, rĕmitto. *See* Ignosco. 2. *To finish, complete.* ~ bellum. *L.* absŏlută portĭcŭs. *M.* [¶ Confĭcĭo, perfĭcĭo, finĭo, pĕrăgo.] *See* Finio.

Absŏnŭs, ă, um. 1. *Without sound, mute.* Sŭpina atque absŏnă tectă. *Lr.* Fig. 2. *Discordant, at variance with.* Dictă dicentĭs fortunis absŏnă. *H. See* Discors.

Absorbĕo, es, bŭi, *or* psi, ptum. 1. *To swallow up.* At Tigrim sŭbĭto tellus absorbĕt hiatu. *L.* ~ plăcentas. *H.* rupes. *L.* ictus. *J.* [¶ Sorbĕo, exsorbĕo, vŏro, devŏro, haurĭo.] *See* Voro. 2. Fig. ~ qm ămorĭs gurgĭtĕ. *Cat.*

Absquĕ. *prep. Without.* ~ crŭorĕ tergă dăti morti. *L.* [¶ Sĭnĕ.] *See* Sine.

Abstemĭŭs. *Abstemious.* Gaudetquĕ mĕris abstemĭŭs undis. *O.* [¶ Abstĭnens, tempĕrans, frugi.] *See* Frugi.

Abstergĕo, es, si, sum. 1. *To wipe away, wipe clean.* ~ lăbella guttis. *Cat.* [¶ Tergĕo, detergĕo, clŭo, mundo, purgo.] *See* Tergeo.

Absterrĕo, es, ŭi, ĭtum. *To frighten away.* ~ cănem a cŏrĭo; ănĭmos vĭtĭis. *H.*

Abstĭnens, tis (abstĭnĕo). 1. *Abstinent; sparing in the enjoyment of.* ~ pĕcunĭæ. *H. See* Frugi. 2. *Continent. H.* [¶ Contĭnens, pŭdicŭs, castŭs.] *See* Castus.

Abstĭnĕo, es, ŭi. 1. *To abstain from.* — Campestrĭbŭs abstĭnĕt armis. *H.* ~ plăcĭtis bŏnis. *O.* irarum, rixæ. *H.* (*after the Greek.*) irĕ ăd arces. *S.* [¶ Tempĕro, parco.] Crol. Non utŏr; uti tĭmĕo. 2. With acc. *To hold* (something) *off* or *back from, to withhold it from.* ~ ferrum illa. *O.* vim uxorĕ. *H.* rătes tellurĕ. *L.* ăvĭdas mănus (de morte). *Tib.* [¶ Contĭnĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, comprĭmo, tempĕro.]

Absto, as, stĭti. *To stand off, away.* ~ longĭŭs. *H.*

Abstrăho, ĭs, axi. *To draw, drag away.* Quam tu de thălămis abstrăhĕrerĕ mĕis. *O.* [¶ Abduco, abrĭpĭo, avello, divello, aufĕro, amŏvĕo, ăbĭgo.]

Abstrudo, ĭs, usi, usum. Abstrudamque tŏris jam debĭtă pectŏră castris. *Anthol. To thrust away, aside; hide.* ~ aurum; matrem ac pătrem: cŏlăphos in cĕrĕbro tŭo. *Pl. See* Abstrusus, Abdo.

Abstrusŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Abstrudo. *Thrust away, hidden.* Vitatquĕ tŭas abstrusă cărinas. *O.* Sĭlĭcĭs venis ~ ignĭs. *V. See* Abditus, Arcanus.

Absum, ăbĕs, abfŭi, *or* afŭi, ăbessĕ. 1. *To be absent,* or *far away.* Æneas ignarŭs ăbest, ignarŭs ĕt abĕĭt. *V.* ~Ab æthĕrĕ longĭŭs absunt (æquŏrĕ). *O.* Crol. Prŏcŭl *or* longe sum, absum, versŏr. Sum rĕmotŭs, divulsŭs, disjunctŭs, dissĭtŭs. 2. Fig. *To be far from, want much of.* ~Abest virtutĕ Messalæ. *H.* ~ făcĭnŭs culpa mĕa. *O.* [¶ Disto.] 3. *To be wanting; to fail.* Absunt mugitus (*pl.*) bŏum; somni; tură (*are not at hand*). *V.* Nec dextræ erranti dĕŭs abfŭĭt. *V.* [¶ Desum, deficio.] 4. Abĕĭt; prŏcŭl abĕĭt, ŭt. *Be it*

far from you to; may you never, &c. 5. Nĭhĭl ăbest quin. *Nothing more is wanting to* (the accomplishment of some end). Credunt nĭhĭl abfŏrĕ, quin Hespĕrĭam sub jŭgă sŭă mittant. *V.* (*believe that there will be then nothing more wanting to effect their conquest of Hesperia*).

ABSUMO, ĭs, psi, ptum (*better than* msi, mtum). 1. *To take away;* hence, *to swallow up, devour.* Ambesas sŭbĭgat malis absumĕrĕ mensas. *V.* ∾ Cæcŭbă. *V.* [† Absorbĕo, exhaurĭo, vŏro, devŏro. 2. *To waste by spending, spend. O.* [† Exhaurĭo, decŏquo, prŏfundo.] *See* DECOQUO. 3. *To spend* (of time). ∾ dĭem. *O.* [† Consumo, tĕro, impendo.] 4. *To destroy, consume.* ∾ ănĭmam leto; qm ferro. *V.* lĭbellos ignĕ. *O.* ∾-ĭtŭr omnĭs lăcrĭmis. *O.* [† Perdo, exstinguo, pĕrĭmo, pessumdo, consumo.] *See* CONSUMO.

ABSUMPTUS, ă, um. *part. See* ABSUMO. 1. *Consumed, entirely spent.* ∾ res. *H.* vires. *V.* tempŭs. *O.* [† Consumptŭs, exhaustŭs, decoctŭs (*of money squandered*), impensŭs.] 2. *Destroyed, quite gone.* ∾ sălus. *V.* corpŭs. *O.* [† Consumptŭs, perdĭtŭs, pessumdătŭs.]

ABSURDE. *adv. Absurdly.* [† Stulte, ĭnepte.]

ABSURDUS, ă, um. *Absurd.* [† ˘Ineptŭs, stultŭs.] *See* STULTUS.

˘ABUNDANS, tĭs. 1. *Overflowing.* ˘Amăsenŭs ăbundans Spumabat ripis. *V.* [† Exundans, effusŭs, stagnans.] 2. *Abounding.* Lactis ∾. *V.* [† Largŭs, plenŭs, luxŭrĭans, ubĕr, rĕfertŭs, fĕrax, fertĭlĭs, divĕs, frĕquens, lætŭs.] *See* FERTILIS.

˘ABUNDANTĔR. *S. Abundantly. See* LARGE.

˘ABUNDE. *O.* 1. *Abundantly, sufficiently, enough and to spare.* [† Multum, large, sătĭs, săt.] 2. ˘Abunde est. *There is enough, quite enough.* Terrorum et fraudĭs ăbunde est. *V.* [† Sătĭs est, sufficit. 3. ∾ sătĭs. *Enough, quite enough. H.*

˘ABUNDO, as. 1. *To overflow.* Rursŭs ăbundabat flŭĭdus lĭquŏr. *V.* [† Exundo, exubĕro, effundŏr, expăt̆ĭŏr, stagno.] 2. *To have superabundantly; to run over with* (lit. *and* fig.). ∾ examĭnĕ multo. *V.* caligĭnĕ; ∾-ăt ămŏr. *O.* [† Rĕdundo, luxŭrĭo, affluo, circumflŭo.]

˘ABUSQUĔ, *or* ˘AB USQUĔ. *From, from as far as.* Dardănĭam Sĭcŭlo prospexĭt ăbusquĕ Păchyno. *V.*

˘ABUTŎR, ĕrĭs, usŭs. *To make a bad use of; to misuse, abuse.* Sed jam parcĕ mĭhi, nĕc ăbutĕrĕ, Narnĭă, Quinto. *M.* Divŭm ad fallendos numĭnĕ ăbusum hŏmĭnes. *Cat.* ∾ sanguĭnĕ vestro. *L.* Crcl. Mălĕ, perverse, utŏr. In mălos *or* pravos usus verto, flecto, ădhĭbĕo, detorquĕo.

˘ABYDENUS, ă, um. 1. *Of Abydos.* Sestŏn ˘Abydena sepărăt urbĕ frĕtum. *O.* 2. Used subst. *Leander.* O.

˘ABYDŎS, *or* ˘ABYDUS, I. *m. f. Abydos, a town of the Troad, opposite to Sestos.* Fauces tentantŭr ˘Abydi. *V.* Si quĭs ˘Abydŏn ĕăt. *O.* Crcl. Urbs ˘Abydenă. Littŭs ˘Abydenum. *See* HERO, LEANDER.

˘ABYLA, *or* ˘ABYLĂ, æ. *f. Abyla, a mountain in Mauritania. C. D.* Maura ˘Abyla, et dorso consurgĕt ˘Iberĭcă Calpe. *Avien. See* CALPE.

AC (always before a consonant). *conj.* 1. *And.* [† Atquĕ, ĕt, quĕ.] *See* ET. 2. *Than* (*after* secus *and a comp.*). Haud mĭnŭs ac jussi faciunt. *V.* Res, non sĕcŭs ac notas. *H.* [† Atquĕ, quam.] 3. Sĭmŭl ac, *or* atquĕ. *V. As soon as, from the moment when. See* UBI.

˘ACADEMIA, *and* ˘ACADEMIA, æ. *f.* ('Ακαδημία *and* 'Ακαδημεία.) *The Academia, a garden near Athens, where Plato held his school.* In Lătĭum spretis ˘Acădemĭă migrăt ˘Athenis. *Cl.* Inque ˘Acădemia umbrĭfĕra nĭtĭdoquĕ Lŷcæo. *Cic.* (*Div.*) Crcl. ˘Acădemi horti, nĕmŏrĕ, silvæ.

˘ACADEMUS, i. *m.* ('Ακάδημος.) *Academus, a citizen of Athens, to whom the garden of the Academia belonged.* Atque inter silvas ˘Acădemi quærĕrĕ verum. *H.*

˘ACANTHUS, i. *m.* 1. *Acanthus, a plant which furnished the Greeks with the model for the capital of the Corinthian order: a sculptured leaf of the Acanthus.* Summŭs ĭnaurato crater ĕrăt aspĕr ăcantho. *O.* Circum est ansas amplexŭs ăcantho. *V.* 2. *An Egyptian shrub not known to us, from which the Eastern nations obtained a down, with which they made stuffs* (ăcanthĭnă vestĭs); *or, according to others, they imitated its form and colour; perhaps they extracted from it a dye.* Pallamque, et pictum crŏcĕo velamĕn ăcantho. *V.*

˘ACARNAN, anĭs. *m. f.* 1. *An inhabitant of Acarnania, a part of Epirus.* Quorum altĕr ˘Acarnan. *V.* 2. Amnĭs ˘Acarnan, *or* ˘Acarnanum. *The Achelous. See* ACHELOUS.

ACCA LAURENTIA. *The wife of Faustulus, and Romulus's nurse.* Faustŭlŭs infelix et passis Accă căpillis. *O.* [† Laurentĭă.]

ACCEDENS, tĭs. *Approaching.* (Accedo.) [† Vĕnĭens, adventans, prŏplŏr, instans.]

ACCEDO, ĭs, essi, essum. 1. *To approach, draw near.* Blandis acceděrĕ dictis. *O.* [† Accedo prŏpĕ, prŏpinquo, advĕnĭo, advento, ĕo, vĕnĭo.] *See* VENIO. 2. With acc. *To go towards, to land, reach.* ∾ infernas dŏmos. *V.* portus. *S.* [† ˘Adĕo, advĕnĭo, ĕo, pĕnĕtro, aggrĕdĭŏr, ingrĕdĭŏr, succedo.] 3. *To come in addition; to be added.* Accedĭt ăd iras plagă rĕcens; lăcrĭmis ŏdĭum. *O.* [† Addŏr, adjungŏr, adjĭcĭŏr.] 4. *To assent, join in with.* Accedit dictis pătĕr. *S.* [† Assentĭŏr, prŏbo.]

ACCĔLĔRO, as. 1. *To make haste.* Accĕlĕrĕ, et fratrem, &c. *V.* [† Festino, prŏpĕro, accurro, advŏlo.] *See* FESTINO. 2. Tr. *To hasten.* ∾ mortem. *Lr.* [† Cĕlĕro, festino, prŏpĕro, maturo.]

ACCENDO, ĭs, di, sum. 1. *To light a fire, candle, &c.; to set on fire.* Accendit lumĭnă vespĕr. *V.* ∾ mĕdĭos æstus (sol). *V.* tædas. *O.* [† Inflammo.] Crcl. Ignem subjĭcĭo, subdo, admŏvĕo. Igni, ignĭbŭs do. Flammas, făces, tædas subdo. *See* INCENDO. 2. Fig. *To inflame, to animate* (to set the feelings on fire). ∾ martem cantu. *V.* vĭtĭă. *O.* pectŏră donis. *S.* [† Incendo, ăcŭo, exăcŭo, excĭto, impello, instigo, stĭmŭlo, instĭmŭlo, hortŏr, augĕo, urgĕo.] Crcl. Stĭmŭlos do, addo. Vim addo. Stĭmŭlis excĭto, accendo, prĕmo. ˘Anĭmo audăci implĕo. ˘Anĭmis ignem addo.

ACCENDŎR. *pass. To be set on fire, to burn.* [† Inflammŏr, ardĕo, ardesco, flăgro, urŏr.] *See* ARDEO.

ACCENSĔŎR, erĭs. *pass. To be in the train, service of any one.* Numĭnĕ sub dŏmĭnæ lăt̆ĕo, atque accensĕŏr illi. *O.*

ACCENSUS, ă, um. *part. See* ACCENDO. 1. *Lit, set on fire.* ∾ cŏmas; cŏronam. *V.* [† Inflammatŭs, incensŭs, ardens, flăgrans.] Fig. 2. *Animated, excited; enraged.* ∾ dictis; fŭrorĕ; Fŭrĭis; his sŭpĕr. *V.* Accensă spes. *V.* [† Inflammatŭs, ardens, flăgrans, călĭdŭs, fervĭdŭs, iratŭs.] *See* IRATUS.

ACCEPTO, as. *freq. of* Accĭpĭo. *Sil.*

ACCEPTUS, ă, um. *part. See* ACCIPIO. 1. *Received, taken.* Projĭcĭt acceptas tecta sĭbĭ partĕ tăbellas. *O.* [† Dătŭs, tradĭtŭs.] 2. Acceptum rĕferrĕ, *or* ferrĕ. *To acknowledge oneself a debtor for* (any thing), *to owe. O. H. See* DEBEO. 3. *Received, entertained.* [† Exceptus.] 4. As adj. *Acceptable, agreeable to.* ∾ Cămœnis. *H.* ∾-ĭtŭs nĭhĭl. *Pp.* ∾-issĭmă munĕrĕ. *O. See* GRATUS.

ACCERSO. *See* ARCESSO.

I. ACCESSUS, ă, um. (dbf.) *part. See* ACCEDO. *That which one can reach.* Et non accessis invĭă

flumĭnĭbŭs. *O.* (*other readings give* circumfusis; *but* in-accessus *is used by V. and H.*)

I. Accessŭs, us. *m.* 1. *Access, entry; approach, arrival.* Portŭs ăb accessu ventorum immotŭs. *V.* Omnem accessum lustrans. *V.* ~ tŭos; vĭriles. *O.* [† ˘Adĭtŭs, ingressŭs, adventŭs.] *See* Adventus, Aditus.

Accĭdo, ĭs, ĭdi. (*Fr.* ad *and* cado.) 1. *To fall to, fall at,* or *near.* Accĭdĕre in mensas, ut rŏsă missă sŏlĕt. *O.* 2. *To arrive, happen* (gen. of something untoward). *V.* [† Evĕnĭo, advĕnĭo, fio; *sts.* obtingo.] 3. With the acc. *To arrive at, to reach.* Accĭdĭt qd aures. *Lr. See* Pervenio.

Acĭdo, ĭs, idi, isum. (*Fr.* ad *and* cædo.) *See* Accisus, Cædo.

Accinctŭs, ă, um. 1. *Girt, armed.* ~ enses lătĕri. *St.* flăgello Tisiphŏne. *V.* [† Succinctŭs, armatŭs, instructŭs.] 2. *Ready, prepared. St. See* Paratus. 3. *Furnished, ornamented.* ~ gemmis (ensis). *V. H.*

Accingo, ĭs, xi, ctum. 1. *To gird, to arm.* Lătĕrique accinxĕrăt ensem. *V.* [† Cingo, præcingo, succingo, armo, munĭo, instrŭo.] 2. *To prepare* (gird up). ~ ănĭmum. *V. Fl. See* Paro.

Accingŏr, *pass. and* Accingo me; *sts.* Accingo *alone.* 1. *To gird oneself, to arm* (intr.). Hortatur sŏcĭos părĭbusque accingĭtŭr armis. *V.* [† Cingŏr, præcingŏr, armŏr, instrŭŏr.] Fig. 2. *To get ready, prepare.* ~ dicĕrĕ pugnas; accingunt omnes ŏpĕri. *V.* [† Me instrŭo, præpăro.] *See* Paro. 3. *With the acc.* (Græcism.) Măgĭcas accingĭĕr (= accingi) artes. *V.*

Accĭno, ĭs, ŭi. *To sing, sound in answer.* Silvis rĕsŏnabĭlĭs accĭnĭt Echo. *Pers. See* Respondeo.

Accĭo, ĭs, ivi, itum. *To bid to come, to call, to send for.* Sŏcĭos sum accĭrĕ pĕratĭs. *V. See* Adscisco, Arcesso.

Accĭpio, ĭs, epi, eptum. 1. *To take, to receive.* Hinc sceptrŭ accĭpĕrĕ, &c. *V.* ~ imbrem. *V.* [† Căpio, concĭpio, rĕcĭpio, sumo, admitto; *sts.* assumo, prĕhendo, *or* prendo.] 2. *To receive* (as host). *See* Excipio. 3. *To learn, to hear; sts. to understand* (take in). Accĭpĕ nunc Dănăum insĭdĭas. *V.* ~ sŏnĭtum. *V.* [† Audĭo, disco, cognosco, *or* intelligo.] *See* Acceptus.

Accĭpĭtĕr, ĭtris. *m. A hawk; sparrow-hawk.* — Accĭpĭter saxo săcĕr alĕs ăb alto. *V.* Accĭpĭtris pennas, &c. *O.* Ep. Acĕr, ătrox, fĕrŭs, sævŭs, immitis. Crol. Alĕs prædatŏr. Vŏlŭcrum prædo.

Accisŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Accido. 1. *Cut.* Quum ferro accisam crebrisquĕ bĭpennĭbŭs instant Erŭĭrĕ. *V. See* Cæsus. 2. *Consumed.* ~ dăpĭbŭs. *V.* ŏpĭbŭs. *H.* [† Consumptŭs, absumptŭs.] 3. *Ruined, brought to nothing.* ~ gentes. *Sil.* [† Exhaustŭs, attritŭs.]

Accĭtŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Accio. Impĕrĭo accitos, &c. *V.*

Accĭtŭs, us. *m. A summons.* Regĭŭs, accitu cari gĕnĭtorĭs, ăd urbem. *V.*

Acclinatŭs, ă, um. *Inclined towards, resting, leaning on. O. See* Acclinis.

Acclinis, ĕ. 1. *Inclined, leaning on.* Arbŏrĭs acclinis trunco, &c. *V.* [† Acclinatŭs, inclinatŭs, incumbens, fultŭs, innixŭs.] 2. Fig. *Prone.* ~ falsis ănĭmŭs. *H. See* Pronus.

Acclino, as. *tr. To incline, lean, lean against.* Seque acclinavĭt ăd illum. *O.* ~ căcumĭnĭ terræ (*of trees*). *Cl.* [† Inclino, flecto, demitto.] *See* Inclino.

Acclivis, ĕ. *and* Acclivŭs, ă, um. *Rising, uphill, steep.* Carpĭtŭr acclivis per mută silentĭă tramĕs. *O.* Lenĭtĕr ~-um jŭgum. *O.* Acclivĕ sŏlum. *V.* [† Clivosŭs.]

Accŏlă, æ. *m. f. One who dwells near, a neighbour.* [† Vicinŭs, finĭtĭmŭs.]

Accŏlo, ĭs, ŭi, cultum. 1. *To dwell near.* Accŏlĭt effuso stagnantem flumĭnĕ Nilum. *V.* Crol. Juxta hăbĭto, incŏlo. *See* Habito. 2. Sts. *To cultivate. Cut. See* Colo.

Accommŏdo, as. *To fit, adjust, put on, add.* Lătĕrique Argivum accommŏdăt ensem. *V.* Fulgorem ~-ăt uvis (purpŭrĕ). *O.* [† Apto, adjungo, ădhĭbĕo, applĭco, addo.] *See* Apto.

Accommŏdŭs, ă, um. *Convenient for, suited to.* Valles accommŏdă fraudi. *V.* Membrĕ ~ bellis. *St. See* Aptus.

Accredo, ĭs. *To give credit to. H. See* Credo.

Accresco, ĭs, crevi. *To grow, to increase, increase in number, be added.* Invĭdĭa accrevit, &c. *H.* Si des accrescĕrĕ famæ. *V.* ~-unt grĕmĭo mĭsĕri nati. *St.* [† Cresco, accedo, addŏr, adjungŏr, augĕŏr.] *See* Cresco.

Accŭbo, as, ŭi. 1. *To lie* or *sit near.* Atque inter pĕcŭdes accŭbŭissĕ Dĕum. *Pp. See* Accumbo. 2. *To be situated near.* Nĕmŭs ~-ăt. *V.* Cădŭs ~-ăt horrĕĭs (= *is lying in*). *H.* [† Adjăcĕo.]

Accumbo, ĭs, ŭbŭi. 1. *To lie down, to sit down, to place oneself at table,* or *on a couch.* ˘Ĕpŭlis accumbĕrĕ Divum. *V.* [† Discumbo, accŭbo, rĕcumbo.] *See* Epulor, Lectus. 2. *To lie out at length.* ~ summis ĭn undis. *Manil.*

Accŭmŭlo, as. 1. *To accumulate, to heap up.* Maxĭmŭs hinc fastis accŭmŭlatŭr hŏnos. *O.* [† Cŭmŭlo, congĕro, aggĕro, ăcervo.] *See* Aggero. 2. *To increase. tr.* ~ curas. *O. See* Augeo. 3. *To load with gifts, heap honours upon.* ~ qm donis. *V.* [† Cŭmŭlo, ŏnĕro.]

Accurate. *adv. Carefully. Pl. See* Studiose.

Accurro, ĭs, curri, cursum. *To run up* or *to.* Primusque accurrĭt ˘Acestes. *V.* Răpĭdis passĭbŭs accurro. [† Accĕlĕro, advŏlo, appropĕro, festino, propĕro.] Crol. Răpĭdo cursu advŏlo. *See* Curro, Festino.

Accursŭs, us. *m. A running* or *coming up, approach.* Accursu prædă rĕceptă Rĕmi. *O.* Accursu cŏmĭtum. *St. See* Adventus.

Accusatŏr, ŏris. *m. An accuser.* Accusatŏrĕrit, qui verbum dixĕrĭt, hic est. *J.* [† Delatŏr, index.] Ep. Grăvis, infensŭs, iniquŭs. *See* Delator.

Accuso, as. 1. *To accuse.* Accusassĕ mĭhi, vobis damnassĕ dĕcorum. *O.* [† Insĭmŭlo, argŭo.] Crol. Rĕum ăgo, defĕro. Crimĕn objĭcĭo, intento. Crimĭnĕ prĕmo, insĭmŭlo. Crimĭnĭbŭs prĕmo, ŏnĕro. Crimĭnis, *or* crimĭnĕ argŭo. Crimĭnĕ nomĕn lædo, măcŭlo. 2. *To blame. Alb.* [† Incuso, insĭmŭlo, argŭo, rĕprĕhendo, culpo, crimĭnŏr.] *See* Culpo.

Accusor. *To be accused.* Crol. Rĕŭs ăgŏr. Crimĭnĕ prĕmŏr. Me crimĕn prĕmĭt. Mĭhĭ crimĕn incumbĭt.

I. ˘Acĕr, ĕris. *n. The maple-tree.* Dedĭcăt, at nuper vilĕ tŭistis ăcĕr. *O.* Est *ăcĕr* in silvis, æquŭs *acĕr* ˘Olympĭă vincĭt.

II. Acĕr, acris, acrĕ (cf. ăcĕr). 1. *Piercing, penetrating.* (To the taste.) *Pungent, sharp, sour.* Acrĭă circum rapŭlă. *H.* Acrĕ ăcetum. *H.* [† ˘Acĭdŭs, mordax, aspĕr, ămarŭs, austerŭs.] 2. (To the ear.) *Sharp, shrill.* ~ flammæ sŏnĭtŭs. *V.* tŭbă. *Sil.* tibĭă. *H.* [† ˘Acutŭs, sŏnans.] 3. (To the eye.) *Dazzling, brilliant.* ~ ŏcŭli. *V.* splendŏr. *Lr.* lumĕn. *O.* [† Vivĭdŭs.] *See* Fulgidus. 4. (To the touch.) *Cold,* or *hot.* ~ hĭems; solĭs pŏtentĭă acrĭŏr. *V.* făvillă. *H.* [† Durŭs, aspĕr, rĭgĭdŭs; *or* căllĭdŭs, fervĭdŭs, ardens.] *See* Frigidus, *or* Calidus. 5. (To the smell.) *Cic. Plin.* Fig. 6. *Sharp, harsh, severe.* ~ millĭă. *H.* ĕgestas. *Lr.* [† Durŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, aspĕr.] 7. *Biting.* In sătĭra nĭmĭs ~. [† Aspĕr, mordax.] 8. *Sharp, violent* (in speaking of an emotion of the mind). ~ mĕtŭs; dŏlŏr; cură. *V.* iră. *Lr.* lĭbido. *O.* [† Vĭŏlentŭs, magnŭs, ingens.] 9.

Sharp, inflicting acute pain. ∾ stĭmŭlos sub pectŏrē vertĭt. *V.* **10.** *Sharp, eager, active.* ∾ remex, rustĭcŭs. *V.* [? Gnavŭs, sedŭlŭs, intentŭs, impĭgĕr.] **11.** *Speedy, rapid* (sharp in motion). ∾ fŭgā; cursŭs. *V.* Aufĭdŭs ∾. *H.* *See* Celer. **12.** *Spirited, gallant, bold.* Successu acrĭŏr; ∾ ĕquŭs; ∾ rimŭs armis. *V.* Rŭĭs ∾ ĭn enses. *Sil.* *See* Fortis. **13.** *Fierce, formidable.* ∾ gĕnŭs lŭporum; ăpĕr. *V.* pugnā. *Sil.* [? ˘Atrox, sævŭs, fĕrŭs, trux, torvŭs.] **14.** ∾ narĭbŭs. *Keen-scented.* Narĭbŭs acres irĕ cănes. *O.* **15.** Hence, fig. *Of acute mind.* *See* Sagax.

˘Acerbā. *pl. n.* Used adv. *and* ˘Acerbe. *Bitterly, harshly.* (˘Acerbus.) ∾ sŏnans; frĕmens. *V.* gĕmens. *O.* [? ˘Amare, grăvĭtĕr, dirā (*n. p.*).]

˘Acerbo (*not found*). ˘Acerbas, ăt. *defect. To embitter, aggravate.* Formidĭnĕ crimĕn ăcerbăt. *V.* Ingratum regni mĭhĭ munŭs ăcerbas. *St.* *See* Aspero.

˘Acerbum, i. *n.* Used subs. (˘Acerbŭs.) *Bitterness.* Multum ăcerbi. *O.* Omnĭs ăcerbi impătĭens. *J.*

˘Acerbŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Sharp, sour, unripe.* Pomăquē crudeli vellĭs ăcerbā mānu. *O.* [? Acĕr, austerŭs, ămarŭs, immaturŭs, crudŭs.] **2.** *Before the time, premature.* Partus (pĕcŏrĭs) ăcĕrbos. *O.* ∾ funŭs. *V.* [? Crudŭs, immaturŭs, præcox, prŏpĕratŭs, festinatŭs.] **3.** *Rigid, bitter, cruel* (of harsh, bitter nature). ∾ Persĕphŏne. *O.* frigŭs. *H.* Hăbĕarĕ insuavĭs, ăcerbŭs. *H.* [? Aspĕr, durŭs, ătrox, acĕr, immitĭs, grăvĭs, mŏlestŭs, sĕvĕrŭs, tristĭs, insuavĭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, rĭgĭdŭs.]

˘Acernŭs, ă, um. *Maple. adj.* (˘Acer.) *V. O.*

˘Acerrā, æ. *f.* *A censer.* Farrĕ pĭo et plena supplex vĕnĕra ŭr ăcerra. *V.* **Ep.** ˘Odorā, turĭferā, accensā, fumans. *See* Tus.

˘Acervŭs, i. *m.* *A heap, a pile.* Monstra fĕrunt, pŏpŭlatque ingentem farrĭs ăcervum. *V.* ∾ mŏrĭentum. *O.* [? Aggĕr, cŭmŭlŭs, congĕrĭes, congestŭs, strŭes, moles.] **Ep.** Ingens, altŭs, magnŭs, immanĭs. **2.** *A mode of arguing called Sorites* Inventus, Chrysippē, tŭi finitŏr ăcervi. *Pers.* *See* Sorites.

˘Acesco, ĭs. *To turn sour.* Sincerum est nĭsi vas, quodcunque infundĭs, ăcescĭt. *H.* **Crol.** ˘Acĭdŭs fio.

˘Acetum, i. *n.* **1.** *Vinegar.* Vĕtĕris non parcŭs ăceti. *H.* **Ep.** Acrē, mordax. **Crol.** ˘Aceti vires. ˘Acĭdŭs săpŏr. **2.** Fig. *Sharp irony, satire.* Aurem lotŭs ăceto. *Pers.* ˘Itălo perfusŭs ăceto. *H.*

˘Achæmĕnes, æ. *m.* *Achæmenes, first king of Persia.* Nam tu, quæ tĕnŭit divĕs ˘Achæmĕnes. *H.*

˘Achæmĕnĭŭs, ă, um. *Pp. Persian.* Non tŏt ˘Achæmĕnĭis decurrunt Mēdĭca Susis, Agmĭnā. *L.* *See* Persicus.

˘Achæŭs, ă, um. *Greek, Grecian;* hence, ˘Achæi, orum, *the Greeks.* Œbălĭosquē dŭces, ĕt ˘Achæā pĕr oppĭdā matres. *St.* *See* Achivus.

˘Achaia, æ. *and* ˘Achais, ĭdis, *or* ĭdŏs. *f.* *Achaia, a province of Peloponnesus;* hence, *Greece.* Auxĭlĭum promittĕt ˘Achaĭā Trojæ. *O.* Quæ sunt ĭn ˘Achaĭdē, dixĭt. *O.* *See* Græcia.

˘Achaĭas, ădis, *or* ădŏs, *and* ˘Achaĭs, ĭdis. *f.* *Grecian.* Intĕr ˘Achaĭādas, &c. (matres). *O.* Per tŏt ˘Achaĭdās urbes. *O.*

˘Achaĭcŭs, ă, um. *Grecian.* *V.* *See* Achivus.

˘Achatēs, æ. *m.* *An agate, a precious stone.* Despectusquē sŏlo calcatŭr ăchates. *Cl.* *See* Gemma.

˘Achĕlŏĭas, ădis, *or* ădŏs, *and* ˘Achĕlŏĭs, ĭdis. *f.* **1.** *Of Achelous; daughter of Achelous.* *See* Achelous. [? ˘Achĕlŏĭā.] **2.** *Plur. The Sirens* (as daughters of Achelous). ˘Achĕlŏĭādumquē rĕlinquĭt Sirenum scŏpŭlos. *O.* Vobis, ˘Achĕlŏĭdes, undē Plumā pēdesque ăvĭum. *O.* *See* Sirenes.

˘Achĕlŏĭŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Achelous.* Ut fĕrŭs Alcides ˘Achĕlŏĭā cornŭā fregĭt. *O.*

˘Achĕlŏŭs, i. *m.* *Achelous, a river in Epirus. C. D.* Cornŭā flens legit răpĭdis ˘Achĕlŏŭs ĭn undis. *O.* **Crol.** Amnĭs ˘Acarnan, *or* ˘Acarnanum. Căllydonĭŭs, Ætolŭs. **Ep.** Turbĭdŭs, deformĭs, răpĭdŭs.—luctatŏr flŭvĭŭs. *Sid.* *See* Cornu, Copia (and cf. *O. Met.* ix. init.).

˘Achĕron, ontĭs. *m.* **1.** *Acheron, a river of Calabria. There was one, too, of the same name in Epirus, and Elis. It was also, according to the poets, a river of Hell. C. D.* Hinc vĭā Tartărēi, quæ fert ˘Achĕrontis ăd undas. *V.* Imum ˘Achĕrontā. *O.* [? ˘Avernŭs, Cocytŭs, Styx, Phlĕgĕthon, Lethe.] **Ep.** Nĭgĕr, atĕr, imŭs, infernŭs Tartărēŭs, horrendŭs. **Crol.** ˘Achĕrontĭcŭs amnĭs. ˘Achĕrontĭs undā, flumĕn, lăcŭs, pălus. Tartărēŭs lăcŭs, amnĭs. Infernā pălus. ˘Achĕrontĭcā stagnā. ˘Achĕrusĭā pălus. **2.** *Hell itself.* Flectĕrē si nĕquĕo sūpĕros ˘Achĕrontā mŏvebo. *V.* *See* Inferi.

˘Achĕrusia, æ, *and* ˘Achĕrusĭs, ĭdis, *or* ĭdŏs. *A marsh in Campania or Epirus, out of which flows the river Acheron.* Indē, prĕmentē Nŏto, tristes ˘Achĕrusĭdis undas Prætĕrĭt. *V. Fl.*

˘Achĕrusiŭs, ă, um. *Lr. Belonging to Acheron.* Stagnans ˘Achĕrusĭŭs humŏr. *Sil.*

˘Achilles. *gen.* ĭs, ĕi, ei, *or* i. *dat.* i. *acc.* ĕm, ĕā. *abl.* ĕ, *or* e. *m.* *Achilles, son of Thetis and Peleus. C. D.* Exănĭmumquē auro corpus vendebăt ˘Achilles. *V.* Immitĭs ˘Achilli (alii *Achillei*). *V.* Heu pervĭcacĭs ad pēdes ˘Achillĕi. *H.* Terrebăt ˘Achillĕā Chiron. *Aus.* ˘Ab ˘Achillē sĕcundŭs. *H.* ˘Ab ˘Achille tallā cœpĭt. *O.* [? Pelides, Æăcĭdes.] **Ep.** Larissæŭs, Phthĭŭs, ănĭmosŭs, acĕr, fortĭs, gĕnĕrosŭs, magnănĭmŭs, fĕrox, impăvĭdŭs, dirŭs, indŏmĭtŭs, invictŭs, sævŭs, sŭperbŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, iracundŭs. **Crol.** Thĕtĭdis fĭlĭŭs, proles, natŭs. Thessălĭŭs, Æmŏnĭŭs heros. Dux Pellæŭs, Nerĕĭŭs heros. Phthĭŭs vĭr. Chironis ălumnŭs. **Phr.** Trojæ pŏpŭlatŏr, exĭlĭum. Dănăum fortissĭmŭs. Prĭămi regnorum eversŏr. Fatalĭs Prĭămo. Phrygum tĭmŏr, terrŏr. Dĕcŭs et tutelā Graii nomĭnis. Bello insŭpĕrabĭlis.

˘Achilleŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Of Achilles.* Stirpis ˘Achilleæ fastus. *V.* **2.** ∾ insŭlā, terrā, &c. *An island in the Euxine Sea, where Achilles was buried.* *See* Leuce.

˘Achivŭs, ă, um. *Grecian;* and hence, ˘Achivi, orum. *m. pl.* *The Greeks.* Ipsē Mȳcenæus magnorum ductŏr ˘Achivum. *V.* *See* Graius, and Graii.

˘Acidalĭŭs, ă, um. *Used of Venus, from the fountain A. sacred to her.* Matris ˘Acidālĭæ. *V.*

˘Acĭdŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Acid, sour.* ˘Acĭdis ĭmĭtantur vitĕā sorbis (pocula). *V.* [? Acĕr, ăcerbŭs, mordax, ăcescens, aspĕr.] **2.** Fig. *Distasteful, offensive.* *H.* *See* Molestus.

˘Acies, ei. *f.* **1.** *A point,* or *sharp edge; a sword.* Primăquē de sulcis ăcĭes apparŭĭt hastæ. *O.* ∾ falcĭs; strictā. *V.* [? ˘Acumĕn, mucro, cuspĭs; *ext.* ensĭs, glădĭŭs, ferrum]. *See* Ensis. **2.** *The eyes, the sight of the eyes.* Quantum ăcĭe possent ŏcŭli servarē. *V.* Gĕmĭnas ∾. Sanguĭnĕam volvens ăcĭem. *V.* ∾ (*sing.*) ŏcŭlorum. *O.* *See* Oculus. **3.** *With* mentis, &c. *Apprehensive faculty of the mind; acuteness of mind. H.* [? Vis, ăcumĕn.] *See* Ingenium. **4.** *Troops in order of battle, line of battle; an army.* ∾ pārant concurrĕrē; densis cătervis stipatā; *and fig.* ∾ Vulcanĭā. *V.* (*a body of raging fire.*) [? Cŏhors, lĕgĭo, cătervā, agmĕn, mănĭplŭs, phălanx.] *See* Exercitus. **5.** ∾ primā, sĕcundā, extremā. *The first, second, and last line of an army.* [? Frons, primŭs lŏcŭs, ordo. Primum agmĕn. Mĕdĭum agmĕn. Nŏvissĭmā ăcĭes. Extremi mănĭpli. Ultĭmā belli.] **6.** *Pl. War, battles.* ∾ funestas pārarē. *V.* sĕqui. *O.* *See* Bellum, Pugna.

˘ACINACES, is. *m. A Persian sword, scimitar.* Vino et lŭcernis Medŭs ăcinăces Immanĕ quantum discrĕpăt! *H.*

˘ACINUM, i. *n. and* ˘ACINŬS, i. *m. Any small berry; esp. grape; grape-stone.* Arĭdum ĕt orĕ fĕrens ăcĭnum. *H.*

˘ACIPENSER, ĕris, *and* ˘ACIPENSIS, is. *m. A sturgeon, a fish.* Tuquĕ pĕregrinis ăcĭpenser nobĭlis undis. *O.*

ACIS, is, *and* Idis. *m.* 1. *Acis, the son of Faunus, &c. C. D.* Acĭdis in grĕmio, &c. *O.* Acĭn ămas. *O.* Crel. Fauno cretŭs. Sȳmæthĭdĕ nympha ortŭs. Pŭĕr Sicanŭs. *O.* 2. *A fountain of Sicily.* Ep. Sicŭlŭs, limpĭdŭs, herbĭfĕr.

ACLYS, ydis. *f. A small dart thrown with a sling.* Tĕrĕtes sunt aclȳdes illis Tĕlĕ. *V.* See JACULUM.

˘ACONITUM, *and* ˘ACONITON, i. *n. Aconite, a poisonous plant;* hence, gen. *poison.* Agrestes ăcŏnĭtă vŏcant. Scȳthĭcis ăcŏnĭtŏn ăb oris. *O.* See VENENUM.

ACQUIESCO, is, evi. 1. *To rest upon, to rest.* Desiderăto acquiescĭmus lecto. *Cat.* See QUIESCO. 2. *To acquiesce, to consent.* See ASSENTIOR.

ACQUIRO, is, sivi, situm. *To acquire, gain, obtain.* Viresque acquirĭt ĕundo. *V.* [¶ ˘Adĭpiscŏr, assĕquŏr, compăro, păro, consequŏr, obtĭnĕo, quæro, invĕnio, colligo.] Crel. Mĭhi părio, concĭlio.

ACQUISITUS, ă, um. *part.* See ACQUIRO. *Acquired, obtained.* [¶ Păratŭs, compăratŭs, partŭs, quæsitŭs.]

˘ACRAGAS, antis. *m.* (Ἀκράγας.) *A mountain in Sicily; a town so called, and also Agrigentum.* Et Didȳmen ˘Acrăgantăquĕ Taurŏmĕnonquĕ. *O.*

˘ACREDULA, æ. *f. The name of a bird unknown; nightingale, lark,* or *owl* (?). Et matutinis acredŭlă vocĭbŭs instăt. *Cic.* (*Div.*)

ACRISIONÆUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Danae, or to Aryos. V.* See ACRISIONE.

ACRISIONE, es. *f. The daughter of Acrisius, Danae.* Non Inăchis Acrĭsĭone. *V.*

ACRISIONIADES, æ. *m. O. The son of Danae, Perseus.* See PERSEUS.

ACRISIUS, ii. *m. Acrisius, son of Abas, king of Aryos, and father of Danae. C. D.* Acrĭsĭus sŭpĕrest, qui mœnĭbŭs arcĕăt hostes. *O.* [¶ ˘Abantĭădes, Inăchĭdes.]

ACRITER, *adv.* (*comp.* acrĭŭs.) *Keenly, determinedly, with power, force.* Vel si mĭnŭs acrĭtĕr urăr. *O.* Acrĭŭs vires intendĕrĕ. *Sil.* Torrens sŏlĕt acrĭŭs irĕ. *O.* [¶ Vĕhĕmentĕr, valde, fortĭtĕr, multum.]

˘ACROCERAUNIA, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *High mountains in Epirus.* Infames scŏpŭlos Acrŏcĕraunĭă. *H.* [¶ Cĕraunĭă.] 2. Fig. *Rocks; dangers threatening the shipwreck of our hopes,* &c. Hæ tĭbi sint Syrtes, hæc Acrŏcĕraunĭă vitæ. *O.*

˘ACROCORINTHUS, *or* ACROCORINTHOS, i. *f. A mountain and fortress which overlooks Corinth.* Căpŭt Acrŏcŏrinthŭs in auras Tollĭt. *St.*

I. ACTA, æ. *f. The sea-shore.* In sola Troădes actă. *V.* Crel. Littŏris actă. *Sil.* See LITTUS.

II. ACTA, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *Acts, deeds, exploits.* Actă dĕos nunquam mortalĭă fallunt. *O.* Pătrĭis actis sŭperbirĕ. *O.* [¶ Gestă, factă, res.] 2. *Suits at law, pleas. O.* 3. *Decrees.* ~ Dĕum. *O.* 4. *Public registers.* ˘In actă rĕferrĕ. *J.*

ACTÆON, ŏnis. *m. The hunter Actæon, changed into a stag by Diana. C. D.* Actæon ĕgŏ sum. *O.* Certatim Actæŏnă clamant. *O.* Crel. Natŭs ˘Aristæo. Fillŭs Autŏnŏes. Cadmeĭŭs. Autŏnŏĕĭŭs heros.

ACTÆUS, ă, um. = *Atticus.* See ATTICUS.

ACTIACUS, ă, um, and ACTIUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Actium; to Apollo; an epithet of Apollo.* — Actĭăco quæ nunc sŭb ˘Apollĭnĕ notă. *O.* Actĭŭs ˘Apollŏ; Actĭă littŏrĕ. *V.* ~ frondes. *O.*

ACTIAS, ădis, *or* ădos. 1. *Attic, Athenian.* Actĭăs Orithyiă. *V.* 2. *Of Actium; used of Cleopatra as conquered there.* ~ Clĕŏpatrĕ. *St.*

ACTICUM, ii. *n. Actium, a city and port of Epirus. C. D.* See ACTIACUS.

ACTOR, oris. *m.* 1. *One who hurls, drives.* Flexæ Bălĕarĭcŭs ~ hăbenæ. *St.* 2. *Agent, bailiff, manager.* Pĕcŏrisquĕ Mĕlanthĭŭs ~ ĕdendi. *O.* See VILLICUS. 3. *An actor on the stage.* See HISTRIO. 4. ~ causarum. *An advocate.* See CAUSIDICUS.

ACTUM EST. *It's all over; there's an end. L. Sen.* [¶ Pĕrĭi, dispĕrĭi, occĭdi, occĭdĭmŭs. Actă res est.]

ACTUS, ă, um. *part.* See AGO. 1. *Forced, driven.* Actum cœlo imbrem. *V.* ~ de montĭbŭs ăpĕr. Actos ănĭmis in funĕrĕ reges. *V.* [¶ Adactŭs, pulsŭs, impulsŭs, cŏactus, ăgĭtatŭs, missŭs, rŭens.] 2. *Spent, past* (of time). Tempŏrĭs acti. *H.* Pars actă dĭei. *V.* [¶ Exactŭs, transactŭs, prætĕrĭtŭs, ăbactŭs.] 3. *Done, completed.* Nil actum rĕputans, si quid sŭpĕresset ăgendum. *L.* [¶ Factŭs, confectŭs, effectŭs, perfectŭs, gestŭs.]

ACTUS, us. *m.* 1. *Impulse, movement.* Fertŭr in abruptum magno mons improbŭs actu. *V.* [¶ Motŭs, impulsŭs, impĕtŭs.] 2. *Act of a play.* 3. *Act, deed. L.* [¶ Actă, gestă.] See ACTA (II.).

ACTUTUM. *adv. Forthwith, immediately.* Tum cæterĕ reddĕt Actutum plŭs Æneas. *V.* See PROTINUS.

˘ACULEUS [˘ACULEUS, *Freund*], i. *m.* 1. *A sting, a sharp point.* Quemcunquĕ visum est, lædĭs in fixo ăcŭlĕo. *Ph.* [¶ Cuspĭs, stĭmŭlŭs.] 2. Fig. *Used of any thing that goads the mind.* [¶ Stĭmŭlŭs.]

˘ACUMEN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *Sharp point, tip.* Vulnĕrĕ dat ferro figitquĕ in ăcumĭnĕ dentes. *O.* [¶ Cuspĭs; *sts.* ăcies.] Fig. 2. *The sting of grief.* [¶ Stĭmŭlŭs. 3. *Penetration, acuteness, wit.* Judĭcĭs ~. *H.* [¶ ˘Acies.] Crel. Ingĕnii ăcies, vis. *See* INGENIUM. 4. *pl. Knavish arts, devices.* Mĕrĕtrĭcis ăcumĭnă. *See* DOLUS.

˘ACUO, is, i. 1. *To whet, to sharpen.* Non tĭbi sic duros ăcŭissĕ in pectŏrĕ dentes. *T.* ~ enses. *O.* dentes. *T.* ferrum. *V.* [¶ Exăcŭo, tĕro, aspĕro, exaspĕro; *sts.* căcumĭno.] Crel. ˘Acutum effĭcio, reddo. In cotĕ ăcŭo. Saxo exaspĕro. Cotĕ nŏvo. Phr. Telă (falces, lĭgones, &c.), rubigĭnĕ (pŭtri, nĭgra), exesă (fessă) cotĕ (attrito saxo) nŏvant, *or* jŭvĕnescĕrĕ (splendĕrĕ) cogunt. Fig. 2. ~ linguam. *H.* lumĭnă. *O.* spicŭlă vĕneno; enses fraudĭbŭs. *Sil.* 3. *To excite, to animate* (whet the feelings). Balatus ~-unt lŭpos; ~ fŭrores. *V.* hos victorĭă; ~-unt qm plausus, fletus. *Sil.* ~ qm verbis. *V.* [¶ Exăcŭo, accendo, excĭto, impello, stĭmŭlo.] See ACCENDO.

I. ˘ACUS, ĕris. *n. Bran* (from wheat), *chaff.* See ACERATUS.

II. ˘ACUS, i. *m. An eel, a salt-water fish* (*Q.*); *hornbuck* (*R.*). Ducĕrĕ credĭs ăcos. *M.*

III. ˘ACUS, us. *f.* 1. *A sewing-needle.* Pictŭs acŭ chlămydem et ferrugĭnĕ clarŭs ˘Ibera. *V.* Textă ~-u vărĭarĕ. *M.* Ep. Exilis, subtilis, tĕnŭis; ăhenă; doctă, solers, artĭfex, pĕrită. 2. *A hairpin. O.* ~-um căpillis admŏveo. *O.* ~ abrumpĭt căpillos. *O.* figĕrĕ qd ~-u. *M.* Ep. Crinalis, aurĕă. *See* CRINALE. 3. ˘Acu scribo, pingo, vărio (*M.*). *To embroider. See* PINGO. 4. ˘Acu tango (*prov.*). *To hit it exactly, to guess right. Pl.*

˘ACUTE, *and* ˘ACUTUM. *adv. Acutely, sharply, subtlely.* (˘Acutus) ~ cernĕrĕ, rĕsŏnarĕ. *Lr. H.* [¶ Argute, subtĭlĭtĕr, acrĭtĕr.]

˘ACUTUS, ă, um. *part.* See ACUO. 1. *Sharp, pointed.* Carĭcĕ partŭs ăcuta. *V.* ~ ensis; sagittă. *O.* saxă. *H.* [¶ ˘Acumĭnatŭs, aspĕr.] 2. *Pricked up, erect.* ~ aures capriprĕdum. *H.* [¶ Arrec-

tus.] 3. *Sharp, piercing* (of sound). Poscentique grăvem persepe rĕmittĭt ăcutum. *H.* ~ hinnitŭs. *V.* ~ es. *O.* [† Altus.] 4. *Sharp* (of sight). *See* ACUTE. 5. *Keen, piercing* (of heat or cold). ~ sol; gĕlu. *H.* [† Acĕr, pĕnĕtrabĭlis.] 6. *Sharp* (of pain), *violent.* ~ morbŭs. *H.* [† Grăvis, acĕr, vĭŏlentŭs.] 7. *Refined, subtle.* ~ nares. *H.* [† Subtilis, ingĕnĭosŭs, callĭdŭs, săgax.] 8. *n. pl. Trials, dangers.* Pĕr ăcută bellĭ. *H.*

ˇAD. *prep.* 1. *To, towards.* [† Versŭs, ĭn (*with acc.*)]. 2. *At, by, near to.* Quŏd (bellum) ăd Trojam gessĕrăt. Fleti ăd sŭpĕros. *V.* [† ˇApŭd, circum, circa, prŏpĕ, juxta, antĕ, coram.] 3. *Against.* Muniměn ăd imbres. *V.* [† Contra, adversŭs, ĭn.] 4. *Towards, at the time of.* Solis ăd occasum. *V.* [† Sŭb.] 5. *By the side of* (compared to). [† Cum, præ.] 6. *After, according to.* ˇAd ĕundem mŏdum. *Ter.* [† Juxta, ex.] 7. *For, to this end. H.* [† ˇOb, proptĕr.] 8. *Up to, as far as.* Hic coplĭ manabĭt ăd plenum. *H.* [† ˇAdusquĕ, usque ăd.]

ˇADACTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ADIGO. 1. *Driven, thrust up to, through.* Sed virĭbŭs ensis ădactŭs. *V.* Vulnŭs alte ~. *V.* [† Actŭs, pulsŭs, impulsŭs, immissŭs, infixŭs, impressŭs.] 2. *Subjected by force.* [† Cŏactŭs, sŭbactŭs, rĕdactŭs.]

ˇADĀESTŬO, as. *To foam, surge against, about. St.*

ADAM (*seldom* ˇADAM). *undecl. or* ADAM, æ. *m. Eccl. Adam, the first man created by God.*

ˇADĀMANTĔUS, *and* ˇADĀMANTĬNUS, ă, um. 1. *Of diamond; diamond-like.* ˇAdămantĭnă saxă. *Lr.* 2. *Adamantine* (of hardest iron). Ecce ădămanteis spirant e narĭbŭs ignem. *O.* ~ jŭgă. *Pp.* ~ clavos; ~ (Martis) tŭnica. *H. See* ADAMAS.

ˇADĀMAS, antis. *m.* 1. *A diamond.* Infaustus percussum ădămantă figuras. *St.* 2. *A very hard metal; iron, steel,* or, more probably, *brass.* Factă ex ădămantĕ sĕcuri. *O.* Cătenæ nexæ ădămantĕ. *O.* Sŏlĭdo ădămantĕ cŏlumnæ. *V.* Mandunt ădămantă jŭgales. *St.* Fig. 3. *Of a hard heart.* Clausa inducto ădămantĕ pectŏrĕ. *O.* [† Ferrum, æs; robŭr, sĭlex.] *See* DURUS.

ˇADĀMO, as. *To love very much.* Stŭltus ˇAchilleos non ădămassĕt ĕquos. *O.* [† Ardĕo, depĕrĕo.] *See* AMO.

ˇADĀPERTĬLIS, ĕ. *That which one can open.* Lătŭs hoc ădăpertĭlĕ tauri. *O.*

ˇADĀPERTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* APERIO *and* APERTUS. *O.*

ˇADAUCTŬS, us. *m. A growth, increasing. Lr.*

ˇADAUGĔO, es, xi, ctum. *Lr. See* AUGEO.

ˇADAUGESCO, is. *Lr. To be augmented, to increase. n. See* AUGESCO.

ADBĪBO, is, i. *To drink much, to drink.* Lit. and fig. Nunc adbĭbĕ puro Pectŏrĕ verbă pŭĕr. *O. See* BIBO.

ADDENSĔO, es, *and* ADDENSO, as. *To thicken, crowd, press close.* Extremi addensent ăcies. *V. See* DENSEO.

ADDICO, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To adjudge, to sell; to adjudge and deliver up to bondage.* Sivĕ dŏmus sĭt Emptor gaudentem nummo te addicĕrĕ. *H.* ~ sŭos ămores. *O.* (*hand them over to another.*) [† Vendo, *or* dedo, trado.] 2. Gen. *to make over, subject, devote.*

ADDICTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ADDICO. 1. *Adjudged, sold* or *made over.* 2. *Devoted to, bound. H.* 3. *Condemned to, given up to. H. See* DAMNATUS.

ADDISCO, is, dĭdĭci. *O. To learn. See* DISCO.

ADDĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ADDO. 1. *Given to* (as *set close, placed to, put upon* or *near* another thing). Lucrinoque addĭtă claustră. *V.* ~ vinclă vĭro. *Sil.* [† Impŏsĭtŭs, injectŭs, dătŭs. 2. *Added.* [† Adjunctŭs.] 3. *Never absent from, following up close* (hostilely). Custos nequĭtiæ ~ alĕs. *H.* ~ (Teucris) Juno. *V.* ˇAgĭt addĭtă ˇErinnys. *Sil.* [† Sĕquax, infensŭs.]

ADDO, is, ĭdi, itum. 1. *To set one thing close to another; to place, put to, upon,* or *near.* ~ incendĭă ramis. *Sil.* Æquam flammis. *Tib.* *arcem jŭgis. V.* calcăr vatĭbŭs. *H.* mănus ĭn vinclă. *O.* [† Admŏvĕo, immitto, impono, injĭcio, ădhĭbĕo, applĭco, appono, adjungo, infĕro.] 2. = Do. *To give.* ~ nomĭnă rebŭs. *O.* hŏnorem rebŭs. *V.* [† Do, impono, trĭbŭo, attrĭbŭo, injĭcio, adjĭcio.] 3. *To add, to give in addition.* **Crol.** Sŭpĕr addo, insŭpĕr addo. [† Adjĭcio, adjungo, jungo, annecto, adstrŭo.] 4. ~ grădum. *Pl. To hasten one's pace. See* FESTINO. 5. *So* addere *alone* (*se or* gradum *understood?*) = *to hasten forward, to rush on with increased speed.* Addunt in spătĭă (quadrigæ). *V.* In spătĭă addebant. *Sil.* Nec, quamvis crebris jussi calcarĭbŭs, addunt. *L.*

ADDŎR. *pass. To be added.* Addĭtŭr impĕrĭis Hispanĭă. *J.* [† Accedo, accresco, sŭpĕraddor, adjĭcĭŏr.]

ADDŎCĬO, es, ui, doctum. *To teach, teach besides.* Sollĭcĭtis ănĭmis ŏnŭs exĭmĭt, addŏcĕt artes. *H. See* DOCEO.

ADDŬBĬTO, as. *To doubt, hesitate.* ˇInutĭlĕ factu, necnĕ sĭt. addŭbĭtes. *H. See* DUBITO.

ADDUCO, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To bring, to conduct.* Antĕ mĕos ŏcŭlos adducĭtŭr advĕnă pellex. *O.* [† Duco, trăho, attrăho, ăgo, advĕho, deduco.] Fig. 2. *To induce, persuade.* [† ˇAgo, induco, impello, compĕllo.] 3. *To draw to oneself, to draw, bring together, bend.* Parvis adduxit collă lăcertis. *O.* [† Trăho, attrăho, flecto.] *See* ADDUCTUS. 4. *To contract, to wrinkle.* ~ artus. *V.* cūtem. *O.* [† Contrăho.] 5. *To bring, cause.* [† Affĕro, infĕro, invĕho, importo.]

ADDUCTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ADDUCO. 1. *Brought, led, conducted.* Fatis adductis Iniquis. *V.* 2. *Drawn towards oneself, brought* or *drawn back.* Adductis lăcertis (*of the rower*). ~ (hăbenă) tĕr circum căpŭt. *V.* arbŏr funĭbŭs; ĕqui. *O.* [† Rĕtractŭs, tractŭs, flexŭs, rĕflexŭs, rĕtortŭs, rĕductŭs.] 3. *Contracted, wrinkled;* hence, *sullen, severe.* [† Contractŭs, rugosŭs.] *See* SUPERCILIUM.

ˇADĔDO, is, edi, esum. 1. *To eat, to gnaw.* 2. Fig. *To waste, undermine.* Sæpĕ fĕvos ignotŭs ădedĭt Stellio. *V.* ˇAdedĭt me sŭpremŭs ignis. *O.* ˇAdest (*for* adedit) lătŭs montis (undă). *L. See* EDO.

ˇADEMPTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ADIMO. 1. *Taken away.* Succis arĕt ădemptis. *O.* [† Raptŭs, ereptŭs, subductŭs, amotŭs, amissŭs, demptŭs.] 2. *Taken away by death.* ~ Hectŏr. *H. See* MORTUUS.

I. ADEO. *adv.* 1. *So, so far, so far as such a place,* or *point.* Usquĕ ădĕonĕ mŏri mĭsĕrum est? *V.* [† ˇEo.] 2. *So, so much, in such a way.* ~ obtusă pectŏrĕ; multum consuescĕrĕ. *V.* [† Tam, ĭtă, sic, tantum.]

II. ˇADĔO, is, ivi, *and* ii, itum. 1. *To go to, up to,* or *towards; to go and speak to.* Quin ădĕas vatem prĕcĭbusque, &c. *V.* [† Accedo, inviso, viso, convĕnio, vĕnio, visĭto, pĕnĕtro.] 2. *To encounter, to incur.* ~ lăbores. *V.* pĕrĭculă. *O.* [† ˇObĕo, sŭbĕo, suscĭpio.] *See* ADITUS.

ˇADEPS, ipis. *m. f. Fat.* At capris ădipes et, &c. *Lr. See* PINGUEDO.

ˇADERRO, as. *To wander near. St.*

ˇADESŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ADEDO. 1. *Eaten, gnawed, consumed.* Postĭbŭs ~. *V.* ~ scŏpŭlŭs. ăquis. *O.* [† Exesŭs, pĕresŭs, consumptŭs.] 2. Fig. *Wasted, exhausted.* ~ cladĭbŭs Annĭbăl. *Sil.* [† Exhaustŭs, attritŭs, fractŭs, absumptŭs.]

ɔŭs, ă, um. *part. See* ADEO. *To be approached or visited.* Pĕdĭbus non ăděundă mĕis. [Pervĭĭs.] *See* PERVIUS.

ea. *To weep at, over, with.* Ut ridentĭbŭs ıt, ĭtă flentĭbŭs adflent. *H.*

o, ĭs, ŭi. *To murmur at* or *with; to chafe* at. — Adfrĕmĭt his quassatquĕ căpŭt. *V.* *See* FREMO.

ɔo, ĭs, egi. *To break against.* Duris adıt postĭbŭs ungues. *St.* [↑ Illido.] *See* ɔo.

, ĭs, ŭi. *To groan at.* Adgĕmĭt et nostris rĭnă mălis. *O.* *See* GEMO.

ĭo, es, si, sum, *and* ˘ADHÆRESCO, ĭs, &c. *ere to, stick close, cling, to.* Lentis ădhæchĭis. *H.* [↑ ˘Inhærĕo, hærĕo, applĭcŏr, ŏr, insĭdĕo, affigŏr.]

o, es, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To apply, bring together, or put one thing to another.* Gĕnĭbusquĕ ădhĭbĕrĕ pārentem. *V.* ∾ tonsorem căcĭlios castris. *H.* vincŭlă captis. *O.* [↑ rĕo, applĭco, addo, adjungo.] 2. *To make employ.* ∾ blandĭtĭas; munĕrĭ. *O.* [↑ ădmŏvĕo, induco.]

ăĭo, es. *O.* *See* HORREO.

rŏr. *Cat.* *See* HORTOR.

ĭo, is. *To neigh after. O.* *See* HINNITUS.

1. *Up to this time, thus far, as yet, still.* ıdhuc ĕgo sum vestris immunĭs ĭn oris. *O.* ădhuc prĕcĭbŭs lŏcŭs est. *V.* [↑ Hactĕnŭs, um, *or* ĕtĭamnunc.] Crol. Nunc ĕtĭam. ıuĕquĕ. 2. *With a neg.* Nĕquĕ ădhuc. *Not* *See* NONDUM.

, ĭs. *For* ADJICIO. Nil ădĭcit penso Lă- *&c. M. St.*

ĭs, egi, actum. 1. *To drive to* (*into, up to*), *drive, thrust.* Pĕnĭtusque in viscĕrĕ *Sil.* ∾ harpen ĭn pectŭs. *O.* fulmĭnĕ ăd . *V.* [↑ ˘Ago, exĭgo, immitto, dejĭcio, deprecĭpĭto.] 2. *To oblige, force.* [↑ ˘Ago, ăbĭgo.] *See* COGO.

ĭs, emĭ, emptum. 1. *To take away.* — am tĭbĭ namquĕ fĭgurăm. *O.* [↑ Răpĭo, erĭrĭpĭo, aufero, tollo, detrăho, subduco, de- s. abduco, extorquĕo.] 2. *With inf.* ∾ sĕverĭs. *H.* possĕ rĕverti. *O.* 3. *To de- rom, rescue.* ∾ leto. *H.* [↑ Erĭpĭo, sub- subduco.]

ER. *See* INSTAR.

ŏr, ĕrĭs, ădeptŭs sum. *To reach, attain to,* Hanc ădĭpĭscuntur circum, præterquĕ ır. *Lr.* [↑ Assĕquŏr, compăro, invĕnĭo, .] *See* ACQUIRO.

, ă, um. *part. See* ADEO. *Gone to, and with; incurred, encountered.* Sol ădĭtus; ıuærĭs, ĭit, ne vană lăbores. *O.*

, us. *m.* 1. *Way of approach, way, entrance, passage to.* Occŭpăt Æneas ădĭtum, &c. ım pĕr avĭă quærĕrĕ; ∾-us rumpĕrĕ. *V.* vasĭs, vĭă, ĭtĕr.] *See* VIA, FORES. 2. *Access, the presence* or *favour of another; admission, interview,* &c. Vĭri molles ădĭtus noras. ĭcĭles ădĭtus hăbĕt (Mæcenas). ∾ tĭis hosti ardŭŭs. *Tib.*

, es, ŭi. 1. *To lie near, be situated near.* Adıtiquus Tĭbĕrĭno lucŭs Hĕlerni. *O.* ∾-ĕt nolos. *O.* Crol. Sum vicinŭs, finĭtĭmŭs, , proxĭmŭs. 2. *To be seated near, lie near.* quĕ conjux adjăcĕt. *V. Fl.* [↑ Accumbo, .]

n, us, *m. Application, impact.* Quo pacto djectŭs ŏdorĭs Tangăt, ăgam. *Lr.*

, ĭs, eci, ectum. 1. *To throw into, put into.* sequĕ cāvæ supplentur sanguĭnĕ venæ. *O.* ĭn angues. *O.* [↑ Addo, indo; *sts.* imfundo.] 2. ∾ mentem, ănĭmum, &c. *To give heed, attention, affection,* &c. *O.* [↑ Applĭco, admŏvĕo, ădhĭbĕo, adverto.] 3. *To add.* ∾ bŏnæ plus artĭs. *H.* iram luctĭbŭs. *O.* [↑ Addo, adjungo, sŭpĕraddo, adstrŭo.] *See* ADICIO.

ADJUDĬCO, as. *To adjudge; to award judicially;* gen. *to attribute, to ascribe.* Nunc et, si quĭd ăbest, ˘ĭtălĭs adjudĭcăt armis. *H.* [↑ Addico, attrĭbŭo, trĭbŭo.]

ADJUMENTUM, i. *n. Aid, assistance.* Firmă adjumentă pārentĭs. *O.* *See* AUXILIUM.

ADJUNGO, ĭs, xi, ctum. 1. *To join, bind, unite.* — Ulmisquĕ adjungĕrĕ vites. *V.* [↑ Jungo, conjungo, applĭco, ădhĭbĕo, admŏvĕo, addo, copŭlo.] *See* JUNGO. 2. ∾ mentem, ănĭmum, &c. *To apply the mind, the affections,* &c. *to.* [↑ Applĭco, adjĭcio, admŏvĕo, addo, adverto, ădhĭbĕo.] 3. *To add, to bestow in addition. Lr.*

ADJURO, as. *To swear solemnly by; to promise with an oath.* Adjuro Stygĭi căpŭt implacabĭlĕ fontĭs. *V.* ∾ hæc ămanti. *O.* *See* JURO, TESTOR.

ADJUTŎR, ŏris. *m. and* ADJUTRIX, icĭs, *f. O. A help, one who helps.* Magnum adjutorem, posset qui ferrĕ secundas. *H.* [↑ Auxĭlĭātŏr, sŏcĭŭs, auxĭlĭum.]

ADJŬVO, as, uvi, utum. *To help, to second, to succour.* Quamlĭbĕt infirmas adjŭvăt irā mănus. *O.* [↑ Auxĭlĭŏr, jŭvo, subvĕnĭo, succurro, fāvĕo, adsum.] *See* AUXILIOR.

ADMETŬS, i. *m. Admetus, king of Pheræ in Thessaly, an Argonaut. C. D.* Pavĭt ĕt Admeti tauros formosŭs ˘Apollo. *Tib.*

ADMĬNISTRO, as. (Mĭnistro.) *To administer, direct, govern. Ter.* [↑ Curo, gŭberno, gĕro.]

ADMIRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Wonderful, admirable.* Hujŭs ŭt adspĭcĕrent ŏpŭs admirabĭlĕ sæpĕ. *O.* [↑ Mirabĭlis, admirandŭs, mirandŭs, mirŭs, spectandŭs, spectabĭlis.] *See* EGREGIUS.

ADMIRANDŬS, ă, um. *Admirable. V.* *See* ADMIRABILIS.

ADMIRATĬO, onĭs. *f. Astonishment, admiration.* Non propter nummos mĭnŏr admiratĭo summis. *J.* [↑ Stŭpŏr.]

ADMIRATŎR, oris. *m. An admirer. Ph.* [↑ Miratŏr.]

ADMIRŎR, aris, atŭs sum. *To see with astonishment, to be astonished, to look at with admiration.* Sed tămĕn admiror, quo pacto, &c. *H.* Illum admirantŭr. *V.* [↑ Mirŏr, demirŏr, stŭpĕo, obstŭpĕo, suspĭcĭo.] *See* MIROR.

ADMISCĔO, es, ŭi, ixtum, *or* istum. *To mix with.* Aspĕrā telis dictă admiscentem, &c. *Sil.* Stirpem ∾-eri Phrygĭam. *V.* *See* MISCEO.

ADMISSUM, i. *n. A fault, offence. O.* [↑ Commissum, culpă.] *See* CULPA.

ADMISSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ADMITTO. 1. *Let loose, urged on, put to the gallop* (of a horse). ∾ ĕquŭs; rŏtă; passŭs. *O.* ∾-is hăbenis. *V. Fl.* *See* CELER. 2. *Admitted, introduced.* Spectatum admissi. *H.* 3. *Committed, done.* *See* COMMISSUS.

ADMITTO, ĭs, isi, issum. 1. *To send towards,* or *onward; to let loose, urge forward.* ˘Ubĭ se ventis admisĕrăt undă cŏortis. *O.* [↑ Concĭto, impello.] *See* ADMISSUS. 2. *To admit, to introduce.* ∾-lĕr orant. *V.* ∾ lucem. *O.* te dŏmĭnum rebŭs. *Pp.* [↑ Accĭpĭo, rĕcĭpĭo, introduco, intromitto.] 3. *To permit, to approve. M.* *See* PROBO. 4. *To commit. H.* [↑ Committo, pătro.] *See* PECCO.

ADMŎDŬLŎR, aris. *To sing, murmur in unison.* Et Pădŭs electrĭfĕris admŏdŭletur alnis. *Claud.*

ADMŎNĔO, es. *To warn, to incite, stimulate.* — Telo Admŏnŭit bĭjŭgos. *V.* *See* MONEO, HORTOR.

ADMŎNĬTŎR, oris. *m. and* ADMŎNĬTRIX, icĭs, *f. Pl. One who warns, who incites. O.* *See* MONITOR, HORTATOR.

ADMŎNĬTŬS, us. *m. A hint, suggestion, warning, advice.* Acrĭŏr admŏnĭtu est. *O.* *See* MONITUS, HORTATUS.

ADMORDĔO, es, di, sum. *To bite. Pl. See* MORDEO.

ADMŎVĔO, es, ovi, otum. 1. *To move, put close* (one thing to another), *bring near, apply.* Admŏvēt os ĭtĕrum, &c. *O.* ∾ navem oræ. *V.* [† Applĭco, adjĭcĭo, appono, affĕro, addo, adjungo.] Crcl. Fero prŏpĭŭs. 2. *To hasten, accelerate.* ∾ horas mortĭs. *L.* [† Prŏpĕro, festino, urgĕo.] *See* MORS. 3. *To use, employ.* ∾ blandĭtĭas; prĕces. *O.* [† ˘Adhĭbĕo, utŏr, confŭgĭo (ad).]

ADMUGĬO, is. *To low at, to answer to a lowing.* — Admugit femĭnă tauro. *O. See* MUGIO.

ADNĂTO, as. *To swim towards.* Ex æquŏrĕ sospĕs Adnătēt, &c. *Sil.* [† Adno.] *See* NATO.

ADNO, as. 1. *To swim towards. V. H. See* NATO. 2. *Used of vessels for* Adnavigo. Vestris adnavĭmŭs oris. *V. See* ADNAVIGO.

ADNUBĬLO, as. *To cloud over, darken.* Velis adnubĭlăt aurā sĕrenis. *St. See* OBSCURO.

˘ADŎLĔO, es, ŭi, *or* evi, dultum. *tr. and* ˘ADŎLESCO, ĭs. *intr.* 1. (Prim. meaning.) *To burn, set on fire* (sacrificial term, having reference to the sense of smell, as *inflammare* to that of sight, *cremare* to that of hearing. *Doederlein.*). ∾ farrā; viscĕrā tauri. *O.* Junoni hŏnores; verbenas, turā. *V.* 2. *To incense* (*i. e.* to give to the object of worship the savour of that which is burnt, to cause it to smell the savour). Flammis ∾ Pĕnates. *V.* Hence—3. *To present with offerings* gen. ∾-ent altarĭă donis. *Lr.* Castis ∾-et dum altarĭă donis. *V. See* ADOLESCO (II.) *for intr. uses of above.*

˘ADŎLESCENS, tĭs. *part.* 1. *One who is growing up; one who is already grown up; young.* 2. Us. subs. *m. A young man, a youth.* [† Jŭvĕnĭs, pŭĕr, ĕphebŭs.] *See* JUVENIS.

˘ADŎLESCENTIA, æ. *f. Youth* (age next to boyhood). *Sen.* (˘Adŏlesco.) *See* JUVENTUS.

I. ˘ADŎLESCO, ĭs, ădŏlevi, ădultum. (*Fr.* alo; *not fr.* oleo, *or* adoleo. *Fr.* alo *comes* altus, *high; and* alt. (*on the vowel-changes principle*) = *old.*) *To grow up.* Martĭă ter senos proles ădŏlevĕrăt annos. *O.* [† Cresco.] 2. Gen. *To grow.* ∾-ĭt virtus; ămŏr. *O.* [† Cresco, increscо, augĕŏr.] *See* CRESCO.

II. ˘ADŎLESCO, ĭs. (*Fr.* oleo *and* adoleo.) Used of altars and offerings. *To be dressed with such things as are burnt in sacrifices;* hence, *to be burnt, to burn.* Panchæis ădŏlescunt ignĭbŭs aræ. *V. See* ADOLEO.

˘ADONIS, ĭs, *or* ĭdĭs. *m. Adonis, son of Cinyras and Myrrha, beloved by Venus. C. D.* ˘Ad flumĭnă pavĭt ˘Adonĭs. *V.* ˘Adonĭ, *voc. O.* ˘Adonĭn. *Pp.* ˘Adonĭdă. *Cl.* Ep. Formosŭs, pulchĕr, candĭdŭs, mollĭs, tĕnĕr, venatŏr, infelix. Crcl. Cĭnyrelŭs heros, jŭvĕnĭs. Myrrhæ fillŭs. Vĕnĕrĭs ămŏr, delĭcĭæ. Cură dĕæ, Vĕnĕrĭ ploratŭs.

˘ADŎPERTUS, ă, um. *part.* (*Fr.* ADOPERIO.) *Covered.* Tĕnĕbris nox ădŏpertă căpŭt. *Tib.* ∾ ămictu. *V.* florĭbŭs. *O.* [† ˘Apertŭs, tectŭs.] *See* TECTUS.

˘ADOPTIVUS, ă, um. 1. *Adoptive, acquired by adoption.* Et fĭt ădoptiva nobĭlĭtătĕ tŭŭs. *O.* [† Adoptatŭs, adscitŭs.] 2. *Ingrafted.* ∾-as acclĭnĭt arbŏr ŏpes. *O. See* INSITUS.

˘ADOPTO, as. 1. *To choose, to adopt.* ˘Ĭtă quemquĕ făcetŭs ădopta. *H.* [† Ellĭgo, assumo, adscisco.] 2. *To ingraft.* Fac ramum ramŭs ădoptĕt. *O. See* INSERO.

˘ADŎR, ŏrĭs. *n. Spelt.* Essĕt ădor lŏlĭumquĕ. *H.* Mox ădŏr atque ădŏris de pollĭnĕ, &c. *Aus. See* FAR.

˘ADORATUS, ă, um. *part. See* ADORO. 1. *Revered, adored.* ∾ Cæsăr. *L.* căpŭt. *J.* [† Sanctŭs, săcĕr.] 2. Sts. *Saluted. St. See* ADORO.

˘ADORĔA, æ. *A reward given in corn to soldiers after a victory;* hence, *glory, victory.* Alma rĭsĭt ădorĕa. *H. See* FRUMENTA, VICTORIA.

˘ADORĔUS, ă, um. *Wheaten.* Instĭtŭuntque dăpes, ĕt ădorĕă libă, &c. *V.* [† Triticus.]

˘ADŎRIŎR, irĭs, ortŭs sum. 1. *To undertake, to commence.* Commutarĕ ănĭmum quicunquĕ ădŏritŭr, ĕt infĭt. *Lr.* [*not* ŏrĭtŭr, *in the simple verb.*] *See* INCIPIO. 2. *To accost a person. Ter.* [† Aggrĕdĭŏr, ădĕo, allŏquŏr.] 3. *To encounter, to face. See* ADORTUS. [† Aggrĕdĭŏr, tento.]

˘ADORO, as. 1. *To beg, entreat, petition.* Non te per mĕrĭtum, quŏnĭam mălĕ cessĭt, ădoro. *O.* Mănĕat sic sempĕr, ădoro. *Pp.* [† Oro, obtestŏr, prĕcŏr.] *See* PRECOR. 2. *To address prayers to, to adore, to offer a divine worship to.* ∾ Cĕrĕrem; Sidŭs. *V.* [† Vĕnĕrŏr, cŏlo, prĕcŏr, oro, invŏco.] Crcl. Divino hŏnorĕ dignŏr, cŏlo. Prĕcĕ ădoro, cŏlo, vŏco. Votis vĕnĕrŏr. Solemnĭă votă reddo. ˘Aris hŏnores impono, macto, ădŏlĕo, făcĭo, indico, persolvo. Gĕnu pŏsĭto (flexo, curvato), ădoro, cŏlo. Ante aras adsternŏr, advolvŏr. *See* PRECOR, GENU, SACRIFICO, TUS.

˘ADORTUS, ă, um. *part. See* ADORIOR. *One who has attempted, undertaken.* Hi dŏmĭnam Ditis thălămo deducĕrĕ ădorti. *V.* ∾ magnum æquŏr. *V. Fl.* majŭs nĕfas. *V.* [† Aggressŭs, ausŭs.]

ADRADO, ĭs, si, sum. *To scrape, shave, shave close.* Adrasum quemdam văcŭa tonsorĭs ĭn umbra. *H.*

˘ADRASTEA, *or* ia, æ. *f. Another name of Nemesis.* Ut scĕlĕre in tanto quod nec sĭnĭt Adrastea. *V.* (*Ciris.*)

˘ADRASTIS, ĭdĭs. *f. Of Adrastia, the daughter of Adrastus.* Crĕon Adrastĭdă leto Admŏvĕt. *St. See* ARGIA.

˘ADRASTUS, *and more freq.* ADRASTUS, i. *m. Adrastus, one of the seven chiefs against Thebes; king of Argos. C. D.* Tunc mitĭs ˘Adrastŭs. Pŏpŭlos Adrastŭs hăbebăt. *St.* [† Thălăonides.] Crcl. Dux Thălăonĭŭs. Thălăonĕ natŭs. Perselŭs heros.

ADREPO, ĭs, psi, ptum. *To creep to,* or *towards; to steal softly to.* Lit. *and* fig. In spem. *H. See* INSINUO.

ADRIA, *and* ˘ADRIA, æ. *m. The Adriatic Sea.* Dux inquĭeti turbĭdŭs Adriæ. *H.* Nunc ˘Adrĭæ vĕrĕor mărĕ noscĕrĕ tecum. *Pp.* [† ˘Adrĭatĭcum.] Ep. Raucŭs, tŭmĭdŭs, præceps, vĕntosŭs, mĭnax. Crcl. ˘Adrĭăcum mărĕ. Illyrĭcum æquŏr. ˘Adrĭăcŭs pontŭs, sĭnŭs. ˘Adrĭæ sĭnŭs. ˘Adrĭatĭcŭs sĭnŭs. ˘Adrĭatĭcă æquŏrĕ. Mărĕ sŭpĕrum.

˘ADRIACUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Adriatic.* Adrĭăcas retro fŭgĭt Aufĭdŭs undas. *V.* [† ˘Adrĭanŭs, ˘Adrĭatĭcŭs, Illyrĭcŭs.] *See* ADRIA.

˘ADRIANUS, ă, um. *Belonging to the Adriatic.* Sivĕ mări lĭbĕt Adrĭano. *H. See* ADRIA.

˘ADRIATICUS, ă, um. ˘Et hoc nĕgat mĭnacĭs Adrĭatĭci. *Cat. Hence,* ˘ADRIATICUM, i. *n.* (sub mare.) *The Adriatic. See* ADRIACUS.

ADSCISCO, ĭs, scivi, scitum. *To summon, send for, fetch from elsewhere, make one's own, associate with one.* ("Vim habet approbantis et ad se recipientis.") Quem Rŭtŭli Turnusquĕ sŭis adsciscĕrĕ tentant partĭbŭs. *O.* ∾ săcris urbes. *V.* nŏvă (verba). *H.* gĕnĕrum (*acc.*) urbi. *V.* [† Accĭo, arcesso, vŏco, advŏco, adjungo, adscribo, assŏcĭo.]

ADSCITUS, ă, um. *part. See* ADSCISCO. *Sent for, summoned; admitted among, added to.* Scis hæc, sŭpĕris adscitĕ, vĭdesquĕ Cæsăr. *O.* ∾ as dăpes (*dainties imported*).

ADSCRIBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To write in addition, add in writing.* Restăt ŭt adscribat littĕrā nostrā, vălĕ. *O.* 2. *To enrol among.* ∾ ordĭnĭbŭs Dĕorum. *H.* [† Annŭmĕro, insĕro, addo.] 3. *To ascribe, attribute.* [† Attrĭbŭo, assigno, trĭbŭo, impono, impŭto, rĕfĕro.]

Adscriptŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Adscribo. *Appointed, prescribed. Ph. See* Præscriptus.

Adsibĭlo, as. *To whistle in answer, to hiss out.* Motoque adsibĭlăt ærĕ ventŭs. *Aus.* ~ ănĭmam (*of a serpent*). *St.*

Adsicco, as. *To dry. See* Sicco.

Adsisto, *or* **Assisto**, ĭs, adstĭti, stĭtum. 1. *To stand by, be near; to be present at.* Tradĭt æquum cōmĭti, pārĭbusque adsistĭt ĭn armis. ~ divinis. *H.* [† Sto, adsto, adsum.] 2. *To rise*, or *stand, up.* Se tollĕrĕ hŭmo, rectoquĕ trunco adsistĕrĕ. *O.* [† Adsto, surgo.] 3. *To favour. See* Faveo. [† Adsum.]

Adsĭtŭs, *or* **Assĭtŭs**, ă, um. *part. See* Adsero, *or* Assero. *Planted near.* Qua pŏpŭlus adsĭtă certis Limĭtĭbŭs. *H.* Crol. Juxta consĭtŭs.

Adspecto, as. *freq. of* Adspicio. *To look at. See* Adspicio, SpECTO.

Adspectŭs, us. *m. Sight, look, aspect.* Obstŭpŭit primo adspectu Sidonĭă Dido. *V.* [† Conspectŭs, visŭs, obtutŭs, ŏcŭli, lumĭnă.] *See* Oculus, Vultus.

Adspergo, Inis. *f. A sprinkling, aspersion.* Objectæ salsa spumant adspergĭnĕ cautes. *V.* [† Ros.]

Adspergo, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To shed, sprinkle, pour upon.* Pĕcŏrĭque adspergĕrĕ virŭs. *V.* ~ jussos sāpores. *V.* sanguĭnĕ mensas. *O.* [† Spargo, conspergo, perfundo, rigo, irrigo, infundo.] 2. Fig. Canis ~-ĭtŭr ætas. *O. See* Adspersus.

Adspersŭs, ă, um. 1. *Shed, sprinkled, poured upon.* ~-is lăcrĭmis. *Pp.* 2. *Covered with, sprinkled.* ~ imbrĕ lŭtoquĕ. *H.* măculis. *J.* [† Sparsŭs, exspersŭs, conspersŭs, perfusŭs.] 3. Fig. ~-ă dĭe dumetă. *Sen.*

Adspicendŭs, ă, um. *To be looked at.* (Aspicio.) [† Spectandŭs, vĭdendŭs.]

Adspĭcio, *or* **Aspĭcio**, ĭs, pexi, pectum. 1. *To look at, to turn one's eyes towards; to see, to perceive.* Huc gĕmĭnas huc flecte ăcĭes, hanc adspĭcĕ gentem. *V.* Adspĭcis alternos intrĕmŭissĕ pĕdes. *O.* [† Adspecto, vĭdĕo, conspĭcio, cerno, specto, tŭĕŏr, intŭĕŏr, conspĭcĭŏr.] Crol. ˘Ocŭlos, lumĭnă verto, converto, flecto, conjĭcio, fĕro, tendo, intendo, torquĕo, volvo, jacto. ˘Ocŭlos, lumĭnă, vultus, adverto. ˘Ocŭlis *or* lumĭnĭbŭs adspĭcio, lustro, perlustro, ŏbĕo, lĕgo, haurio, prosĕquŏr. Orā fĕro ĭn. Vultus verto ĭn. Visu lĕgo. ˘Ocŭlos, ăcĭem, dirĭgo ăd. *See* Specto. 2. *To look down from. See* Despicio. 3. *To look up to. See* Suspicio. 4. Fig. *To consider, weigh, pay attention to.* Adspĭcĕ me. *V.* Si gĕnŭs ~-ĭtŭr. *O.* ~ æquis ŏcŭlis. *V.* [† Respĭcio, attendo, specto, cogito, curo.]

Adspĭcĭŏr. *pass. To be perceived, to appear.* Adspĭcĭtur toto purpŭrā nullā fŏro. *O.* [† Vĭdĕŏr, cernŏr, spectŏr, objĭcĭŏr, apparĕo.] Crol. ˘Ocŭlis objĭcĭŏr, occurro, me objĭcio, do, obvĭum fĕro. ˘In ŏcŭlis sum. Antĕ ŏcŭlos adsto, adsum, vĭdĕŏr, adsessĕ vĭdĕŏr.

Adspiramĕn, Inis. *n. A breathing on, that which is given by breathing on.* Da, prĕcŏr, artĭfĭcis blanda adspiramĭnă formæ. *V. Fl.* (*breathe beauty on, &c.*)

Adspiro, as. 1. Intr. *To breathe, to blow.* Crebĕr ĕt adspirans, &c. (auster.) ~-ant auræ pĕr noctem. *V.* [† Spiro, flo, afflo.] 2. Tr. *To send out wind.* Ventosquĕ adspirăt ĕunti. *V.* [† Afflo, mitto.] Fig. 3. *To put into, to infuse.* ~ ămorem dictis. *V. See* Inspiro. 4. *To inspire* (a poet). *V.* [† Afflo.] *See* Afflo. 5. *To favour.* ~ cœptis. *O.* [† Adsum, făvĕo.] *See* Faveo. 6. *To aspire to.* Năc ĕquis ~-ăt ˘Achillĭs. *V.* [† Ambĭo.] *See* Cupio.

Adsterno, ĭs. *To lay prostrate;* (pass.) *to lie prostrate.* ~-untŭr sēpulcro. *O.*

Adsto, as, stĭti, stĭtum. 1. *To stop at*, or *near; to stop.* Arrectis aurĭbŭs adsto. *V.* Supra căpŭt adstĭtĭt imbĕr. *V.* [† Sto, adsisto, consisto, sisto.] 2. *To stand by, be near, to be present.* ~ antĕ ŏcŭlos; pugnæ. *V.* menses. *M.* [† Adsum, adsisto, intersum.] *See* Adsum. 3. *To rise, stand up.* Ipsi pro turrĭbŭs adstant. Squamis adstantĭbŭs hydri. *V.* [† Adsisto, surgo, assurgo.] *See* Surgo. 4. *To befriend. Pl.* [† Adsum, sto.]

Adstrĕpo, ĭs. *To sound in answer. Sen.*

Adstrictŭs. 1. *Pressed tight, fastened, bound.* ~um mŏra (ferrum). *O.* plĕ cortĭcem. *H.* [† Constrictŭs, strictŭs, vinctŭs.] *See* Vinctus. 2. ~ frons. *A contracted, austere brow.* [† Constrictă, adductă.] 3. *Frozen. O. See* Gelatus. 4. *Fig.* ~ pectŏrĕ (dolore). *O.* [† Constrictŭs, torpens.]

Adstridens, tis. *Hissing near. St.*

Adstringo, ĭs, inxi, ictum. 1. *To bind to, to bind, to press tight.* Pars ceris adstringĭtŭr ignĕ sŏlutis. *O.* ~-ĭtŭr hĕdĕrā, ilex. *H.* [† Constringo, stringo, vincĭo, lĭgo, nectĭo.] *See* Vincio. 2. *To compress, make hard* or *firm by compressing.* ~ venas hĭantes. *V.* [† Duro, contrăho.] 3. *To freeze.* ~ undas. *L.* 4. Fig. *To bind.* Adstrinxĭt (te mihi) ămŏr. *O. See* Obligo.

Adstrŭo, ĭs, xi, ctum. 1. *To build near. See* Ædifico. 2. *To add.* Jam molire ănĭmum qui ducĕt, et adstrŭĕ formæ. *O. See* Addo.

Adstŭpĕo, es, ŭi. *To be amazed at, astonished at.* Adstŭpĕt ipsĕ sĭbĭ. *O. See* Stupeo.

Adsum, ădĕs, adfŭi, *or* affŭi, ădessĕ. 1. *To be present.* Coram, quem quærĭtĭs, adsum. *V.* [† Adsto, adsisto, intersum.] Crol. Præsens sum, adsum, adsto. Prŏpĕ *or* coram sum, adsum, adsto. 2. *To be ready for use.* Os ĕt linguă . . . non ădĕrant. *O.* [† Succurro.] Crol. Sum præsto, in promptu. 3. *To be, to exist* = Sum. *See* Sum. 4. *To help, to second.* [† Adsisto, făvĕo, jŭvo, adspiro.] *See* Juvo, Faveo.

˘**Adulatĭo**, onis. *f. Flattery.* (˘Adulator.) Crol. Blandă dictă. Blandæ voces. Blandæ linguæ *or* vocĭs insĭdiæ, mendaclă, dŏli, vĕnenum. *See* Blanditiæ, Adulor.

˘**Adulatŏr**, oris. *m. A flatterer.* Cæcŭs ădulator, dirusque a pontĕ sălĕlles. *J.* [† Assentatŏr.] *See* Assentator.

˘**Adulŏr**, aris. 1. *To caress. See* Mulceo. 2. Fig. *To flatter.* Quid quŏd ădulandi gens prudentissĭmă laudăt. *J.* [† Blandĭŏr, assentŏr.] *See* Blandior.

˘**Adultĕr**, ĕrā, rum. 1. *Changed, counterfeited.* Nomĭnĕ quum dŏcĕat quĭd ăgatŭr, ădultĕrā clavis. *O.* [† Falsus.] 2. *Adulterous, that which belongs to an adulterer.* ~ crines. *H.* mens. *O.*

˘**Adultĕr**, ĕri. *m. An adulterer.* Obrŭtŭs insanis essĕt ădultĕr ăquis. *O.* [† Mœchŭs.] Ep. Turpis, fœdŭs, nĕfandŭs, imprŏbŭs, occultŭs, nocturnŭs. Crol. Furtivæ vĕnĕri indulgens. Furtivam vĕnĕrem sectatŭs. Illĭcĭto ămorĕ ardens. Castă connubĭă pollŭens. Nuptæ fĭdem sollĭcĭtans. Conjŭgĭum, thălămos vĭŏlans. *See* Adulteror.

˘**Adultĕrā**, æ. *f. An adultress.* Quem tædĭt ădultĕrā conjux. *O.* [† Mœchă.] *See* Adulter.

˘**Adultĕrĭum**, ĭi. *n. Adultery.* Pectŭs ădultĕrĭi labĕ cārĕrĕ pŭtant. *O.* [† Stŭprum, furtum.] Ep. Turpĕ, fœdum, impurum, nĕfandum, mălum occultum, lătens, arcanum. Crol. Furtă tŏri. Illĭcĭti tŏri. Furtivă vĕnŭs. Furtivi fœdŭs lecti. Infidæ vĕnĕris furtum. Non legĭtĭmum fœdŭs.

˘**Adultĕro**, as. 1. *To make false, alter* (gen. by intermixture), *adulterate, debase.* Illĕ sŭa flăcĭem transformĭs ădultĕrăt artĕ. *O.* Quas augĕt, ~-ăt undas. *O.* [† Corrumpo, vĭtĭo, verto.]

˘**Adultĕrŏr**, aris. *To commit adultery.* ˘Adultĕretŭr et cŏlumbă milvio. *H.* [† Mœchŏr, stŭ-

pro.] **Crol.** Frango jurā tŏri. Jūgalĭā jurā non bĕnĕ servo. Fœdĕrā lecti non servo. Thālāmi fœdĕrā rumpo. Fœdĕrā tædæ pollŭo. Legĭtĭmos tŏros fœdo, invado. Thālāmos jūgales vĭŏlo. Vĕtĭtos hȳmĕnæos sectŏr. Castum cūbilĕ tĕmĕro. Furtivam vĕnĕrem sectŏr, exercĕo. Turpi ădultĕrĭo pecco. Sŏcĭi tŏri jurā vĭŏlo. Vĕnĕrem mărĭtam tĕmĕro. Legĭtĭmi tŏri jurā tollo. Tŏri vincŭlā rumpo. Jūgālĕ fœdŭs solvo, lædo. Sācræ tædæ connubĭā fallo. Furtā tŏrorum invado. Casti cūbilĭs jurā exsolvo. *See* ADULTER, ADULTERA.

˘ADULTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ADOLESCO. 1. *That which has grown up, increased.* ˘Adultas vitĭum propagĭnes. *H.* ∾ ŭbĕrā lactĕ. *Cat.* 2. *Full grown, of adult age.* ∾-os educunt fœtus. *V.* Grādus ætatĭs scandĕrĕ ădultæ. *Lr.* [† ˘Adŏlescens, jŭvĕnĭs.]

˘ADUMBRATIM. *Faintly, indistinctly.* Sed quāsĭ ădumbratim paulum sĭmŭlatā vĭdentŭr. *Lr.*

˘ADUNCŬS, ă, um. *Curved, hooked.* Aut sŭā credŭlĭtas ĭn ăduncos egĕrāt hamos. *O.* ∾ præpēs Jŏvĭs. *O.* Narĭs ∾-æ. *L. See* CURVUS.

˘ADURGĔO, es. *To pursue eagerly. H. See* URGEO.

˘ADURO, ĭs, ussi, ustum. *O.* 1. *To scorch, to burn.* Lit. *and* fig. ∾-ĭt ignĭs. *O.* splendŏr ŏcŭlos. *Lr. See* URO. 2. *Used of cold.* Nascentĭā (poma) frigŭs ădurāt. *O. See* ADUSTUS.

˘ADURŎR. *pass. To burn, be on fire.* Lit. *and* fig. Flammis ăduri Colchĭcis. *H. See* ARDEO.

˘ADUSQUĔ. *prep. As far as.* Atrides Protei Mĕnĕlaŭs ădusquĕ cŏlumnas Exsŭlāt. *V. See* AD USQUE.

˘ADUSTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ˘ADURO. 1. *Burnt. See* USTUS. 2. *Sunburnt* (of the skin). ˘Adustŭs corpŏrā Maurŭs. *Sil.* [† Ustŭs, pĕrustŭs.] *See* NIGER. 3. *Used of cold.* Marmŏrĕo ∾ gĕlu. *O.* 4. Fig. *Inflamed with love.* Ardores vincĕt ∾ mĕos. *O. See* ARDENS.

ADVECTO, as. *freq. of* Advĕho. *V. Fl. See* ADVEHO.

ADVECTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Transported to,* or *towards* (us. by sea). Scŏpŭlos advectā sŭbĭbāt (classis). *V.* ∾-as Pygmălĭonĭs ŏpes. *O.* [† Allatŭs.] 2. *Exotic, foreign. See* PEREGRINUS, ADVEHO.

ADVĔHO, ĭs, vexi, vectum. *To transport to,* or *towards* (us. by sea); *to bring.* Advĕhĭt undā rātes. *O.* [† Vĕho, devĕho, invĕho, adduco, affĕro, porto.]

ADVĔHŎR. *pass. To be transported towards* (us. to land at). ∾-ĭtŭr montes (Mysiæ). *V. Fl.* Teucros (Dardănus). *V.* ∾ Ortȳgĭam. *O.* [† Allabŏr.] *See* APPELLO (II.).

ADVELO, as. *To veil.* Vĭridiquĕ advelat tempŏrā lauro. *V. See* VELO.

ADVĔNA, æ. *m.* 1. *A stranger, foreigner.* Terras quas advĕnā ădisti. *V.* [† ˘Allĕnĭgĕnā, hospĕs.] *See* HOSPES. 2. *Used adj. m. f.* ∾ Tibrĭs; ămŏr. *O.* exercĭtŭs. *V.* [† ˘Allĕnĭgĕnā, externŭs, pĕrĕgrinŭs.]

ADVĔNĔRŎR, arĭs. *To show homage, to worship.* Prosequĭturquĕ ŏcŭlis pŭĕr advĕnĕratĭs ĕuntes. *Sil. See* ADORO.

ADVĔNIO, ĭs, ventum. 1. *To come to, arrive.* Advĕnĭat, vultus nevĕ exhorrescāt ămicos. *O.* Advenit Volsca de gentĕ Cămillā. *V.* [† Accedo, vĕnio, devĕnio, pervĕnio, advento, adsum, advĕhŏr, affĕrŏr; *sts.* sŭpervĕnio, allabŏr, appello (ĭs).] **Crol.** Me affĕro, grādum fĕro, flecto. Cursum verto, tĕnĕo. *See* VENIO. 2. *With acc.* Tȳrĭam qui advenĕrĭs urbem. *V.* [† Vĕnio, devĕnio, advĕhŏr, ădĕo.]

ADVENTANS, antĭs. *Coming, approaching.* Adventantĕ dĕa. *V.* [† Vĕnĭens, accedens, prŏplŏr.]

ADVENTO, as. *freq. of* Advenio. *To arrive, to approach.* Adventarĕ rātes cum militĕ. *O.* Sŭb ipsum Finem adventabant. *V.* [† Advĕnio, vĕnio, accedo, prŏpinquo.]

ADVENTŬS, us. *m. An arrival, approach.* ∾ Phyllĭdis; pĕdum. *V.* [† Accessŭs.] **Ep.** Lætŭs, faustŭs, felix, optatŭs; serŭs, sŭbĭtŭs.

ADVERBĔRO, as. *St. See* VERBERO.

ADVERRO, ĭs. *St. To sweep. See* VERRO.

ADVERSA, orum. *n. pl. Adversity.* Si quando ∾ vŏcarent. *V.* [† Casŭs, ærumnā, lābŏr.] *See* INFORTUNIUM.

ADVERSARIŬS, ă, um. (*and used subs.*). *Opposed to, adverse, hostile; an adversary.* Adversarĭŭs est frater, lăcŭs Adrĭā, donĕc. *H.* [† Contrarĭŭs, infensŭs, infestŭs, oppŏsĭtŭs, inĭmicŭs, hostĭs.]

ADVERSŎR, arĭs. *To set oneself against, oppose, resist.* Haud adversātā pĕtenti. *V.* Cœlo ∾-ātā (gigantum monstra). *V. Fl. See* RESISTO, PUGNO.

ADVERSUM, *and* ADVERSUS (*anc.* Advorsum). *prep.* 1. *Towards, in the direction of.* Omnĭā te adversum spectantĭā, nullā rĕtrorsum. *H.* [† ˘Ad, versŭs.] 2. ∾ irĕ, &c. *To meet. See* OBVIAM. 3. *In the presence of, before the face.* [† Coram, āpŭd.] *See* CORAM. 4. *Against.* [† Contra.]

ADVERSUS, ă, um. 1. *Opposite, in front.* Millĕ trāhens vārĭos adverso solĕ cŏlores. *V.* ∾-æ obluctŏr ārenæ. ∾ portā. *V.* [† Oppŏsĭtŭs.] 2. ∾ vulnŭs. *A wound in front. O.* ∾ pectŭs. *V.* (*and so* fācies, frons). *Fronting you.* **Phr.** Recto pectŏrĕ ferrum excĭpĕrĕ. *L.* 3. *Set against, adverse, hostile.* [† Infestŭs, infensŭs, inĭmicŭs, infaustŭs.] *See* INFAUSTUS.

ADVERTO, ĭs, i, sum. *To turn to,* or *towards.* ∾ lumĭnā; vultus, &c. *O.* [† Converto, verto, fĕro.] 2. ∾ navem (*and sts. abs.*). *To land at.* ∾ puppim Colchos. *O.* proras terræ. *V.* [† Admŏvĕo, applĭco, appello.] *See* APPELLO II. 3. *To apply, to turn with attention.* ∾ mentes. *V.* mŏnĭtis ănĭmos; ăd vocem aures. *O.* [† ˘Adhĭbĕo, applĭco, admŏvĕo.] 4. *To give attention to, to listen.* Quæ dicam, ănĭmis ∾-ĭtĕ vestris. Paucis, ădvĕrtĕ, dŏcebo. *V.* [† Attendo, ănĭmadverto, audĭo.]

ADVERTŎR. *pass. To be turned towards, to turn towards,* intr.; hence, *to land at.* Notæ advertuntŭr ārenæ. *V.* ∾ Scȳthĭcas oras. *O. See* APPELLO (II.).

ADVESPĔRASCĬT. *unip. Ter. It grows dark. See* CREPUSCULUM, VESPER.

ADVIGĬLO, as. *To watch by,* or *over.* Nec tædebĭt ăvum parvo ădvĭgĭlarĕ nĕpoti. *Tib. See* VIGILO.

ADVŎCATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ADVOCO. 1. *Called on, invoked, convoked. See* VOCATUS. 2. Subst. *m. The private friend, who supported the cause of an accused party in court. See* TESTIS. 3. Latterly, *Advocate at law. See* CAUSIDICUS.

ADVŎCO, as. 1. *To call, send in, invite, summons, convoke.* Sŏcĭos in cœtum littŏrĕ ăb omni Advŏcāt Æneas. *V.* ∾ ălĭquem ægro; stŭdĭis pacĭs. *O.* [† Vŏco, arcesso, invito; *sts.* convoco.] *See* CONVOCO. 2. *To call in aid.* ∾ omnĭā armā. *V.* artes. *O.* [† Arcesso, adhĭbĕo, utŏr; *sts.* exercĕo, exsĕro.]

ADVŎLO, as. 1. *To fly towards. See* VOLO. 2. *To hasten up, run up,* or *to.* Advŏlāt Æneas vaginaquĕ, &c. *V.* Hostĭs ∾-āt. *O.* [† Accurro, accĕlĕro, festino, prŏpĕro.] *See* FESTINO. 3. *To reach.* ∾ ăd aurem. *Pl.* [† Pervĕnio, vĕnio, accĕdo.] 4. *With acc.* ∾ orā vĭri. *V. Pl.* aures. *Cl.*

ADVŎLUTŬS, ă, um, *part. See* ADVOLVO. *Rolled, extended, prostrated.* Natā quid gĕnĭbus mĕis fles advŏlutā. *Sen.* [† Prostratŭs, jăcens, vŏlutŭs.] *See* PROCUMBENS, GENU.

ADVOLVO, ĭs, i, ŏlutum. *To roll towards.* Lit. *and* fig. ∾ ulmos fŏcis; ornos montĭbŭs. *V.* ∾-ĭtŭr astris clamŏr. *St.* [† Volvo; *ext.* vĕho, vecto.]

ADVOLVŎR. *pass. To go down upon the knees; to cast oneself at another's knees.* Tŭis hūmĭlĭes ad-

volvĭmŭr aris. *Pp.* ∾ gĕnĭbŭs tŭis. *Sen.* [† Adsternŏr, jăcĕo, procumbo, cădo.] *See* GENU.

ADYTUM, i. *n.* 1. *The sanctuary.* Talĭbŭs ex ădyto dictis Cumæ Sĭbyllæ. *V.* [† Pĕnĕtrālĕ.] *See* TEMPLUM. 2. *Fig.* ∾ cordis. *Lr.* [† Pĕnĕtrālĕ.]

ÆACIDES, æ. *m.* 1. *A son of Æacus; used of Telamon, Peleus, Phocus.* Excĭpĭt Æăcĭdes illos &c. *O.* 2. *A descendant of Æacus; used of Achilles. V. Of Pyrrhus, son of Achilles. V. Of Pyrrhus, king of Epirus. Enn. Of Perseus, king of Macedon. V.*

ÆACUS, i. *m. The son of Jupiter and Egina. C. D.* Inferno damnes, Æăcĕ, judĭcĭo. *Pp.*

ÆACUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *pertaining to the town of Æa in Colchis, V. Fl.; or to the island of Ææa, in the Tuscan Sea; or to Circe or Calypso, both of whom are said to have inhabited it. V.* and *Pp.* 2. Fig. *Magic art* (as practised by Circe). Illĕ măgas artes Æăăquĕ carmĭnă novit. *O. See* MAGICUS.

ÆDES, is. *f.* 1. *A temple.* Et dĕă marmŏrĕa cujŭs In ædĕ sŭmŭs. *O. See* TEMPLUM. 2. ÆDES, ium. *f. pl. A house.* [† Dŏmŭs, tectum, sedes, limĕn.] *See* DOMUS.

ÆDICŬLA, æ. *f.* 1. *A chapel.* Si quĭs ĭn ædĭcŭla dĕŭs unĭcŭs. *J. See* SACELLUM. 2. Pl. *A small house. Pl. See* CASA. 3. Sts. *A chamber. Pl. See* CELLA.

ÆDIFICATOR, oris. *m. A builder.* Ædĭfĭcatŏr ĕrat Centronĭus. [† Ædĭfĭcans, constructŏr, structŏr, exstructŏr; *ext.* condĭtŏr, molĭtŏr.]

ÆDIFICO, as. *To build, to construct.* Ædĭfĭcārĕ dŏmos, lăbĭbus conjungĕrĕ nostris. *J.* ∾ ĕquum (*the Trojan horse*). *V.* [† Strŭo, constrŭo, exstrŭo, pono, erĭgo, excĭto, condo, făbrĭco, mollĭŏr, fundo, congĕro, attollo, lŏco, constĭtŭo, stătŭo, formo.] Crel. Murorum molem, *or* moles erĭgo, duco, mollĭŏr, attollo, cœlo educo. *See* FUNDO (1.).

ÆDILIS, is. *m. An ædile, a Roman magistrate.* Fregĕrĭt heminas Areti ædĭlis ĭniquas. *Pers.*

ÆDITĬCUS. *m.* = Æditŭus. *Lr.*

ÆDITŬUS, i. *m.* 1. *The keeper of a temple, a kind of verger. Pl.* [† Ædĭtŭĕna.] 2. *A porter,* or *house-steward.* Qui Bĕlĭni ædĭtŭŭs, &c. *Aus.*

ÆETA, *and* ÆETES, æ. *m. Æeta, king of Colchis, father of Medea.* Excĭpĭt hospĭtĭo jŭvĕnes Æetă Pĕla-gos. *O.* Dixĕrăt Æetes; mœstĭ, &c. *O.* Crel. Æætŭs rex, tyrannŭs. Phasĭăcŭs sĕnex. Rex Hypĕrĭŏnĭdes.

ÆETÆUS, ă, um. *Of Æetes, of Colchis. Cat.*

ÆETIAS, ădis; ÆETIS, ĭdis; ÆETINE, es. *f. The daughter of Æetes, Medea.* Concĭpĭs intĕrĕa vălĭdos Æetĭăs ignes. *O.* Æetĭdă percŭtĭt horrŏr. *V. Fl.* Sed Phasĭăs Æetine. *O. See* MEDEA.

ÆETIUS, ă, um. = Æetæŭs. *V. Fl.*

I. ÆGÆON, ŏnis. *m. Ægeon, one of the giants, the same as Briareus.* Ægæon qualis, centum cui brachĭă dicunt. *V. See* BRIAREUS.

II. ÆGÆON, onis. *m. The name of a sea-god.* Dis pĕlăgi, ventisque et Cycladĭăs Ægæoni Amplexo. *St.* and *O.*

ÆGÆUM, i. *n.* (sub. mare.) *The Ægean Sea.* Bŏrĕæ quum spirĭtŭs alto Insŏnăt Ægæo. *V.* [† Ægon.] Crel. Ægæum mărĕ, æquŏr. Ægæŭs pontŭs, Neptunŭs, gurgĕs, Nereus. Ægææ undæ. Ægæă stagnă, cœrŭlă. Ægæi fluctus, tŭmultus.

ÆGÆUS, ă, um. *Of the Ægæan Sea, Ægæan. Pp. See* ÆGÆUM.

ÆGATES, um. *Islands so called near Sicily.* Florĕ vĭrens ăvĕt Ægates ăbŏlĕrĕ, &c. *S.*

ÆGER, grĕ, grum. 1. *Sick, ill, weak.* Quot Thĕmĭsĭon ægros autumno occidĕrĭt uno. *J.* [† Ægrotŭs, languens, languĭdŭs, lăborans, jăcens, cŭbans; *sis.* invălĭdŭs, infirmŭs, fessŭs.] Crel. Morbo affectŭs, afflictŭs, tentatŭs, fractŭs, languens, languescens, pressŭs, lăborans. Membris corpŏrĕ ægĕr. Ægro *or* ægroto corpŏrĕ. *See* ÆGROTO. 2. Sts. *Wounded.* ∾ In hostem erĭgĭtŭr. *O. See* SAUCIUS. 3. Used of things inanimate. *Damaged, spoiled, bad.* Vĭctum sĕgĕs ægrā nĕgabăt. *V.* ∾ fĭdes. *S. See* CORRUPTUS. Fig. 4. *Suffering, sad, afflicted.* Curis ∾. *V.* Ægrā cordā. *O.* [† Tristĭs, mœstŭs, afflictŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs.] 5. *Difficult, painful.* ∾ ănhelĭtŭs. *V.* balatus. *O.*

ÆGERIA. *See* EGERIA.

ÆGEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi, *or* ei. *acc.* ĕă. *m. Ægeus, king of Athens, the father of Theseus. C. D.* Gnatum ventis concrĕdĕrĕt Ægeus. *Cat.* Ægĕi. *Sen.* Ægĕă. *O.*

ÆGIALE, es, *and* ÆGIALEA, *or* ÆGIALIA, æ. *f.* (Αἰγιάλη *and* Αἰγιάλεια.) *Ægiale, the daughter of Adrastus, and wife of Diomedes. C. D.* Questa est Ægĭăle, &c. *St.*

ÆGIDES, æ. *m. The son of Ægeus, Theseus.* Te vŏcăt Ægĭdēn, Eurŭălumquĕ sŭum. *O. See* THESEUS.

ÆGIS, ĭdis, *or* ĭdŏs. *f. The Ægis, the famous shield of Minerva, having the head of Medusa in the middle of it. Jupiter is also represented as armed with the Ægis. C. D.* Ægĭdăquĕ horrĭfĭcam turbatæ Pallădis armă. *V.* Quum sæpĕ nĭgrantem Ægĭdă concŭtĕret, &c. (Jupiter.) *V.*

ÆGISTHUS, i. *m. Ægisthus, the son of Thyestes, murderer of Atreus,* &c. *C. D.* [† Thyĕstĭădes.] Ep. Incestŭs, ădultĕr. Crel. Fraternŭs ădultĕr.

ÆGLE, es. *f. Ægle, one of the Naiads. V.*

ÆGOCEROS, otis. *m. Capricorn, one of the signs of the zodiac.* Humĭdŭs Ægŏcĕros, nec, &c. *Lr. See* CAPRICORNUS.

ÆGON, onis. *m. The Ægean Sea.* Qua spumĭfĕr assĭlĭt Ægon. *St. See* ÆGÆUM.

ÆGRE. *adv.* 1. *With trouble, with difficulty.* Ergo ægre rastris terram rimantŭr, &c. *V.* [† Vix, difficultĕr, diffĭcĭlĭ.] Crel. Haud *or* non făcĭlĭ. 2. *With regret, against the grain.* Quod pătĕr Hippŏdămas ∾ tŭlĭt. *O.* [† Grăvĭtĕr, mŏleste.] Crel. Non *or* haud spontĕ.

ÆGRESCO, *or* ÆGRISCO, is. 1. *To fall sick, sicken.* Nĭsĭ quod morbis ægrescĭmŭs isdem. *Lr.* 2. Fig. *To grow worse, increase in ill.* ∾ mĕdendo. *V.* ∾-ĭt cură pĕrentis. *St.*

ÆGRIMONIA, æ. *f. Distress of mind.* Fastidĭosă, tristĭs ægrĭmonĭa. *H. See* MŒROR.

ÆGRITUDO, inis. *f.* 1. *Sickness.* (Ægrĭmonia.) *Pl. See* MORBUS. 2. Us. *Grief, sadness of heart. Ter. See* MŒROR, CURA.

ÆGROTO, as. 1. *To be ill.* Quam mĭhĭ das ægro, dăbĭs ægrotarĕ tĭmenti. *H.* [† Languĕo, languesco, lăboro.] Crel. Sum ægĕr, ægrotŭs, languens. Morbo affĭcĭŏr, confĭcĭŏr, tentŏr, languĕo, affligŏr, crŭcĭŏr, lăboro, consumŏr, frangŏr, torquĕŏr, prĕmŏr, pallĕo. Sum morbo implĭcĭtŭs. Sum ægro (ægroto, infirmo, invălĭdo) corpŏrĕ. Morbŭs sŭbĭt, *or*, corpŭs invadĭt, corrĭpĭt, incessĭt, *or*, membrā pŏpŭlatŭr, vires frangĭt, artus depascĭtŭr. Morbŭs, languŏr corpŭs hăbĕt. Morbo languĕt corpŭs. Morbo confectŭs jăcĕo, decumbo. Phr. *Of the sick.* Corpŏrā (pallĭdā, ægrā, dŏlŏrĕ absumptā) morbo (tristi, exsangui) languent (squalent, jăcent); *or*, morbo (grăvi, tristi) confecti (defessi) jăcent. Ægrā corpŏrā trăhunt; *or*, ĭn artus (pĕr membrā) fĕbrim cŏortam (morbi dŏlorem) accĭpĭunt. 2. *Fig.* ∾ ănĭmi vĭtĭo. *H.* ∾-ăt famā văcillans. *Lr.* [† Lăboro.]

ÆGROTUS, ă, um. 1. *Sick, ill.* Olim quod vulpes ægroto caută lĕoni. *H.* [† Ægĕr, languens.] *See* ÆGER, ÆGROTO.

ÆGYPTII, orum. *m. pl. The Egyptians.* Nescĭo quis tĭtŭlos Ægyptĭŭs atque Arăbarches. *J.* [† Nĭlĭgĕnæ, Nĭlĭcŏlæ, Phărĭi.] Ep. Fusci, ădusti, usti,

atri; antiqui, vĕtĕres; prudentes, sāgaces; ventosi, lĕves. **Crol.** Gens Isĭăcă, Phărĭă, Nillăcă, Nilotĭcă, Pelusĭăcă, Memphitĭs, Memphitĭcă. Sistrătă turbă. Gens Cănopi.

Ægyptĭus, ă, um. *Egyptian.* Sēquĭturquĕ nĕfas Ægyptĭă conjux. *V.* [? Phărĭus, Nilotĭcŭs, Nillăcŭs Memphitĭcŭs.]

I. **Ægyptus**, i. *m. Egyptus, the son of Neptune, after whom Egypt was named. O. See* Danaus.

II. **Ægyptŭs**, *or* **Ægyptŏs**, i. *f. Egypt; a part of Africa watered by the Nile.* Et vĭridem Ægyptum nigra fecundăt ārena. *V.* Dicĭtŭr Ægyptos &c. *O.* [? Cănopŭs, Phărŏs, Memphis.] **Ep.** Ardens, ustă, sĭtiens, arĭdă; divĕs, fertĭlis, fĕrax, ŏpimă. **Crol.** Tellus Ægyptĭă, Isĭăcă, Memphitĭcă, Memphitĭs, Nillăcă, Nilotĭcă. Arvă Mărĕotĭcă, Pelusĭăcă; Phărĭi ăgri, tractus. Nillăcæ oræ, plăgæ. *See* Africa.

Æmilĭanŭs, i. *m. A surname of Scipio Africanus. C. D.* Et stantes in currĭbŭs Æmĭlĭanos. *J. See* Scipio.

Æmilĭus, ĭi (*and* **Æmylĭus**, ă, um. *adj. Of Æmilius, Æmilian*). *The name of several famous Romans.* Æmĭlĭa vectă trŏpæă rătĕ. *Pp.*

Æmŏnĭa, æ. *f. Thessaly.* Pellŏn Æmŏnĭæ mons est obversŭs ĭn austros. *O.*

Æmŏnĭdæ, arum. *m. pl. The Thessalians;* hence, *the Argonauts. See* Thessali.

Æmŏnĭŭs, ă, um, *and* **Æmŏnĭs**, ĭdis, *f. A Thessalian.* Æmŏnĭs Æmŏnĭo Lăŏdămiă vĭro. *O. See* Thessalus.

Æmŭlŏr, ārĭs. *To imitate, to emulate.* Ipsĕ mĕas solus, quod nil est, æmŭlŏr umbras. *Pp.* [? ˘Imĭtŏr, sectŏr, contendo.] *See* Imitor.

Æmŭlŭs, ă, um. 1. *That imitates, rivals, resembles.* Pastanis rŭbĕant æmŭlă labrā rŏsis. *M.* ∾ tŭbæ (tibia). [? ˘Imĭtatŏr, Imĭtatrix, sĭmĭlis, par, dignŭs.] 2. *Emulous, desirous of equalling* or *excelling a rival.* Rostro prĕmĭt æmŭlă Pristis. *V.* ∾ linguă; virtus. *H.* 3. *Envious, jealous.* ∾ exceptum Triton (immerserat). *V.* sĕnectus (tempora canebat). *See* Invidus. 4. *A rival in love. See* Rivalis.

Æneădes, æ. *m. Son* or *descendant of Æneas. V. and* **Æneădæ**, darum, *sync.* dum. *m. pl.* 1. *The companions of Æneas;* hence, *Trojans.* Æneădasquĕ mĕo nomĭnĕ ŭmbra fingo. *V. See* Trojani. 2. *The descendants of Æneas;* hence, *Romans.* Æneădum gĕnĭtrix. *Lr.* and *V. See* Romani.

Æneas, æ. *m. Æneas, a Trojan prince, the son of Venus and Anchises. C. D.* Æneas ignarŭs ăbest, ignarŭs ĕt ăbsĭt. *V.* [? Anchisĭă-des, Dardănĭdes.] **Ep.** Pĭus, Cȳthĕreĭus, prŏfŭgŭs, fortis. **Crol.** Dux, heros Cȳthĕreĭus, Ilĭăcŭs, Phrȳgĭus, Troĭus. Tros. Anchisĭădes. Dĕa natŭs.

Æneis, ĭdis, *or* **Idŏs**. *The Æneid, a poem of Virgil's, of which Æneas is the hero.* Et tămĕn illĕ tŭæ felix Æneĭdŏs auctŏr. *O.*

Æneĭus, ă, um. *Of Æneas.* Hospĭtĭă haud illi stabunt Æneĭă parvo. *V.*

Æněus, *and* **˘Aeněus**. *See* Æreus, *or* Aheneus.

Ænigma, ătis. *n. An enigma.* Qui juris nodos, et legum ænigmătă solvăt. *J.* [? Ambages.] **Ep.** Cæcum, abdĭtum, obscurum, arcanum, dŭbĭum, difficĭlĭ, occultum. **Crol.** Implĭcĭtă (implexă, perplexă) verbă. Verborum ambages. Occultæ lŏquelæ.

Æolia, æ. *f. Æolia; the Æolian isles, between Italy and Sicily.* Æŏlĭam vĕnĭt: hic vasto rex Æŏlŭs antro. *V.* **Crol.** Hippŏtădæ regnum. Æŏlĭă regnă, antrĭă. Ventorum dŏmŭs, pătrĭă, carcĕr.

Æolĭdæ, arum. *pl. m.* 1. *The Æolians, the ancient Thessalians.* Æŏlĭdæ Dŏlŏpesquĕ sŏlum fregerĕ cŏloni. *L. See* Æolia. 2. *The sons of Æolus. See* Æolides.

Æolĭdes, æ. *m.* 1. *The son* or *descendant of Æolus.* Misenum Æŏlĭden &c. *V.* 2. *A Thessalian. See* Æolidæ.

Æolii, orum. *m. pl. The Æolians, ancient inhabitants of Thessaly; they founded colonies at Lesbos, and on the coast of Asia.*

Æolis, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Æolian, f. Thessalian, f.* 2. *The daughter* or *grand-daughter of Æolus. See* Ceyx, Canace.

Æolĭŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *pertaining to the Æolians, and their colonies. O.* 2. *Of* or *pertaining to Lesbos, to Sappho.* Æŏlĭis fĭdĭbus quĕrentem Sappho. *H.* ∾ plectrum. *Pp. See* Lesbius, Sappho. 3. *Of* or *pertaining to Æolus, to the Æolian islands.* ∾-os Euros. *O.*

Æolŭs, i. *m. Æolus, the son of Jupiter and Acesta, god of the winds. C. D.* Æŏlŭs, et clauso ventorum carcĕrĕ regnĕt. *V.* [? Hippŏtădes.] **Crol.** Æŏlĭŭs tȳrannŭs, rex. Tempestatum, ventorum pŏtens, rex, pătĕr, arbĭtĕr. Nimborum pŏtens. **Phr.** Æŏlŭs ventos (flatus vărĭos, omnes pontĭ spirĭtŭs, hĭĕmes, nimbos) carcĕrĕ contĭnĕt, claudĭt, frangĭt.

Æquabĭlis, ĕ. *Equal. Pl. See* Æqualis.

Æquævŭs, ă, um. *Of the same age.* ∾ rex; ămĭcŭs. *V.* Urbs ∾-ă pŏlo. *Cl. See* Æqualis.

Æqualis, ĕ. 1. *Even, level.* Princĭpĭo terram ne non æqualĭs ăb omni Partĕ fŏrĕt. *O. See* Planus. 2. *Equal, like.* [? Æquŭs, sĭmĭlis, par, părĭlis, idem, æquatŭs.] 3. *Of the same age.* Chŏrŭs ∾ Drȳădum. *V.* [? Æquævŭs; *ext.* cŏmĕs, sŏdalis, sŏcĭŭs.] **Crol.** Ævi *or* ævo æqualis. Par ætatĕ, părĭli ætatĕ. Quĭbŭs ætas par, consĭmĭlis. Æquali ævo pubescens. Ætātĕ pārum discrĕpans. Cujŭs ætas spātĭis prŏpĭorĭbŭs ămicum insĕquĭtŭr. 4. *Consistent, uniform, constant.* Nil æqualĕ hŏmĭni fŭĭt illi. *H. See* Constans.

Æqualĭtas, ătis. *f. Equality. Aus.* (Æqualis.)

Æqualĭtĕr. 1. *Uniformly.* Strataque æqualĭtĕr unda. *O.* 2. *Equally.* [? Părĭtĕr, æque.]

Æquanĭmĭtas, ătis. *f. Equanimity, impartiality, kindly feeling. Ter.* **Crol.** Æquă mens. ˘Anĭmŭs æquŭs.

Æquanĭmŭs, ă, um. *Even-minded.* (Æquus ănĭmus.) *Aus.*

Æquatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Æquo. 1. *Levelled.* Ludĭŭs æquatam ter pĕdĕ pulsăt hŭmum. *O. See* Planus. 2. *Made equal.* [? Æquŭs, æqualis.]

Æque. *adv.* 1. *Alike, equally so* (*so much, so well*). Æque paupĕrĭbus prodest, lŏcŭpletĭbŭs æque. *H.* [? Æqualĭtĕr, părĭtĕr, ĭtem, tam, ădĕo, sic, pĕrindĕ.] **Crol.** Non *or* haud ăllĭtĕr, mĭnŭs, secŭs. Ex æquo. 2. Sts. *Justly, with reason.* [? Mĕrĭto, jurĕ.]

Æquimanŭs, ă, um. *One who uses both hands alike.* Æquĭmănus Thrax. *Aus.*

Æquinoctĭalis, ĕ. *Equinoctial.* Jam cœli fŭrŏr æquĭnoctĭalis. *Cat.*

Æquinoctĭum, i. *n.* 1. *The equinox, the time when the days and nights are equal. Aus.* 2. *The Vernal equinox, when the sun enters the constellation of Aries.* Currĭcŭlum ˘Arĭes (ubi) æquat noctisquĕ dĭequĕ (*for* diei). *Aus.* 3. *The Autumnal equinox, when the sun enters the constellation Libra.* Librā dĭe (= diei) somniquĕ pāres ŭbĭ fecĕrĭt horas. *Aus.* **Phr.** *Equal days and nights.* Noctis et dĭei æquătă tempŏrā. Luces noctĕ dĭequĕ pāres. Luces brumalĭbŭs umbris æquales. Tempŏrĕ, quo sol,—lucĕ mĕdĭum ĕt umbris orbem divĭdĭt;—noctis horas æquo lumĭnĕ librăt;—pārĭbus horis orbem librăt. Tempŭs ĕrăt, quŏd,—Phœbum nocti pārem făcĭt;—Phœbeos currus æquum tĕnĕt;—dĭem cum noctis tempŏrĕ æquăt;—lucis horas æqua noctĕ librăt.

Æquĭpāro, *or* **Æquipĕro**, as. *To equal.* Non

cālāmis solum æquīpāras sed vocē māgistrum. *V.* Ingēnio mores ∾-antē. *O.* *See* ÆQUO.

ÆQUĬTAS, ātis. *f.* 1. *Equality.* 2. *Justice.* Prōbitātē Marcos, æquĭtātē Maurĭcos. *M.* *See* JUSTITIA.

ÆQUO, as. 1. *To level, to make even.* Arĕā cum-primis ingenti æquandăcȳlindro. *V.* [† Exæquo.] **Crel.** Æquum, planum făcio, effĭcio, reddo. 2. ∾ sōlo, hūmo. *To overthrow, raze to the ground.* ∾ hūmo turres; sōlo. *O.* **Crel.** Æquum (*or pl.*) ponĕrĕ. *See* DIRUO. 3. Fig. *To make equal.* ∾ lăborem justis partĭbus; ludum noctē; nūmĕrum cum navĭbūs; ănĭmos ˘Olympo. *V.* nomĕn virtutĭbūs. *O.* [† Exæquo.] 4. *To equal, to be equal with, to keep even with, keep* or *reach up to.* ∾ dūcem passĭbūs; ∾-ant sulcos (sata). *V.* ∾ Pȳlĭos dĭes; cœlum mārĕ vĭdetūr. *O.* [† Exæquo, æquĭpāro, assĕquōr.] **Crel.** Par, æquūs, sĭmĭlis sum.

ÆQUŎR, ŏris. *n.* 1. *Any level surface; a plain, an open field.* Æquōrĕ campi Exercebāt ĕquos. *V.* [† Planĭtĭes, campūs.] *See* P. C. 2. *The liquid plain, the sea.* Mārĭs ∾ ărandum. *V.* ∾-is æstus. *V.* [† Mārĕ, marmŏr, pĕlāgūs, &c.] *See* MARE. 3. Sta. *The waters of the sea.* *O.*

ÆQUŎRĔUS, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to the sea, marine.* Sternĕt ĕt æquōrĕas æquōrĕ natā vĭas. *O.* ∾ Brĭtanni. *O.* [† Mārĭnūs.]

ÆQUUM, i. *n.* *Equity, justice.* Nĕc ămantĭŏr æqui. *V.* *See* JUSTITIA.

ÆQUUS, ă, um. 1. *Plain, even.* Tĕ comĭnūs æquo Credĕ sōlo. *V.* [† Planūs.] 2. *Equal, even with, up to.* Urbs ∾ nubĭbūs; ∾-is pĕdĭbūs. *O.* passĭbūs. *V.* [† Par.] 3. *Equal, alike, similar.* [† Æqualis, par, sĭmĭlis, idem.] 4. *Even, calm, content.* ∾-am servarĕ mentem; ∾ præsentĭbūs. *H.* [† Æqualis, contentūs, lĭbens, plăcĭdūs.] 5. *Equal, just.* *See* JUSTUS. 6. Sta. *Well-disposed, favourable.* *V.* *See* FAVENS.

AER, aĕris, *or* aĕrŏs. *acc.* aĕrem, *and us.* aĕrā, *m.* 1. *The air.* Proxĭmūs est aer illi lĕvĭtatē lŏcoquē. *O.* [† Æther, aura; *sts.* Jupĭtĕr.] **Ep.** Tĕnūis, lĕvis, lĭquĭdūs, spirabĭlis, circumfusūs. **Crel.** Cœli spirabĭlē lumĕn. Aurā ætherĭā. 2. *The air, the sky.* Vŏlāt illē pĕr aĕrā magnum. *O.* [† Æther, aura, cœlum, văcŭum, ĭnanē, ĭnanĭā, æthrā, dium, siderā, astrā, pōlūs, ˘Olympūs, nubes, nubĭlā, altum.] **Ep.** Pātens, văcŭūs, immensūs, ignĭfĕr, lucĭdūs, nĭtĭdūs, fulgens, innubĭlūs, purūs; plŭvĭūs, nĕbŭlosūs, obscurūs, nĭgĕr. **Crel.** Aĕris (ætherĭs, cœli, lumĭnis) auræ. Auræ aĕrĭæ (ætherĭæ, cœlestes, sūpĕræ, sidĕrĕæ). Aĕris (ætherĭs, cœli) spātĭā, plāgæ, tractus. Aĕrĭi tractus. Aĕrĭā *or* ætherĭā, plāgā, rēgio. Aĕris campi. Văcŭum ĭnanē. Sūpĕrā ardŭā. Cœlestĭā spātĭā. *See* CŒLUM. 3. *The wind.* Aurĭbūs aĕrā captāt. *V.* [† Spirĭtūs.] *See* VENTUS. 4. *A thick air, a cloud.* Grādĭentes aĕrē sepelĭt. *V.* *See* NUBES. 5. *A waft of air, an exhalation.* ∾ ŏdoratæ pinnæ. *L.* [† Aurā.] 6. ∾ summūs. *The top* or *highest point of any thing high.* ∾ summūs arbŏrĭs. *V.* Tunc summūs vertĭtur aer. *J.*

ÆRARIUM, ĭi, *and syn.* i. *m.* *The public treasury.* Villĭcūs, ærari quondam, nunc cultŏr āgelli. *T.* [† Fiscūs.]

ÆRARIUS, ĭi. *m.* *A worker in brass.* *M.* (Ærarius.)

ÆRATUS, ă, um. 1. *Plated with brass.* Æratæ peltæ. *V.* **Crel.** Ærĕ obductūs, tectūs, munitūs, instructūs, grăvis, nexūs. 2. *Of brass, brazen* (or, *of steel*). ∾ sĕcurĭs. *V.* cuspĭs. *O.* *See* ÆREUS.

ÆREUS, ă, um. = Æratus. ∾ ensis; clȳpĕūs; limĭnā. *V.* [† ˘Ahenūs, ăhenĕūs, æratūs.] *See* AHENEUS.

ÆRĬFER, ĕrā, ĕrum. *One who wears brass.* Ærĭfĕræ cŏmĭtum concrĕpŭerĕ mānus. *O.*

ÆRĬPES, ĕdis. *Brazen-footed.* Narrāt ĕt ærĭpĕdes martĭs ĭrassĕ bŏves. *O.* ∾ cervā. *V.*

ÆRISŎNUS, ă, um. *Sounding as brass;* or, *as the sound of brass.* Ærisŏni lugentĭā littŏrā Nili. *St.*

AĔRIUS, ă, um. 1. *Of the air, aerial.* Aĕrĭum pervŏlāt altūs ĭtĕr. *O.* [† Ætherĭūs, siderĕūs, cœlestis, sūpĕrūs.] 2. *That which flies in the air.* ∾ cŏlumbæ; ulmūs. *V.* 3. *High in air.* ∾ alpes. *O.* *See* CELSUS.

AĔRŎPE, es. *f.* *Aerope, the wife of Atreus, seduced by his brother Thyestes.* Si non Aĕrŏpen frater scĕlĕratūs ămassĕt. *O.*

ÆRUGO, ĭnis. *f.* 1. *Verdigris, rust* (of copper or brass), *rust.* Si reddat vĕtĕrem cum tota ærugĭnĕ follem. [† Ferrugo, rubigo.] **Ep.** Vĭrĭdis, ĕdax, scăbrā. *See* RUBIGO. 2. Fig. *Gall, venom, envy, slander.* Tinctos ∾-ĭnĕ verasus. *M.* Mĭsĕra ∾-ĭnĕ captūs. *H.* [† Fĕl, vĕnenum.] *See* INVIDIA. 3. *Any bad, corrupting habit of the mind.* Hæc ănĭmos ærugo, et curā pĕculĭ, quum sĕmĕl imbŭĕrĭt. *H.* [† Sĭtūs.]

ÆRUMNA, æ. *f.* *Hardship, pain, grief.* *O.* [† Lăbŏr, dŏlŏr, mœrŏr, adversā (*pl. n.*).] *See* DOLOR, INFORTUNIUM.

ÆRUMNOSUS, ă, um. *Very unfortunate.* *Pers.* *See* MISER.

ÆS, æris. *n.* 1. *Brass, bronze, copper.* Ignĭs ĭtem lĭquĭdum făcĭt æs, aurumquē rĕsolvit. *Lr.* ˘Opĕroso ex ærē lĕbetas. *V.* Stridentĭā tingunt ærā lăcu. *V.* **Ep.** Cŏrinthĭum, fulvum, durum, grăvē, rĭgĭdum, splendens, splendĭdum, nĭtens. **Crel.** Æris mĕtallum, mĕtallā. 2. *Coined money* (that of small value more especially); hence, gen. *money.* Dextrā grăvis ærē. *V.* Mĕrĕt ærā lĭbĕr. *H.* [† Pĕcunĭā, nummūs.] *See* PECUNIA, AS, QUADRANS. 3. ∾ ălĭenum. *A debt.* *See* ALIENUS. 4. *Things made of æs, various arms,* &c. 1. *A helmet.* Ærē caput fulgens. *V.* *See* GALEA. 2. *A breast-plate, buckler.* Clȳpĕos atquē ærā mĭcantĭā. Florentes ærē cătervas. Invadunt martem . . . ærē sŏnoro. *V.* *See* THORAX, CLYPEUS. 3. *A sword.* Occupāt ærē cĭtato. *V.* *Fl.* *See* ENSIS. 4. *A trumpet.* Ærē clerē vĭros. *V.* cănoro. *O.* *See* TUBA. 5. *The prow of a ship.* Campos sălis ærē sĕcabant. *V.* *See* PRORA. 6. *A statue.* Illăcrĭmat templis ĕbŭr, ærāque sudant. *V.* *See* STATUA. 7. *Vessels, cups,* &c. Coxĕrat ærē căvo. *O.* Pătĕras gratāquē ærā. *H.* *See* LEBES, POCULUM. 8. *Instruments of sound, cymbals.* Curetum sŏnĭtus, crĕpĭtantĭāquē ærā sĕcutæ. *V.* Tinnŭlāque ærā sŏnant. *O.* *See* TYMPANUM, CYMBALUM. 9. *A hook* (*with* uncum, curvum, recurvum, &c.). *O.* *See* HAMUS.

ÆSCHȲLUS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Æschylus.* Æschȳlĕo componĕrĕ verbā cŏthurno. *Pp.*

ÆSCHȲLUS, i. *m.* *Æschylus, the great Athenian tragic poet.* Quid Sŏphŏcles et Thespis, et Æschȳlus utilĕ ferrent. *H.*

ÆSCULAPIUS, ĭi. *m.* *Æsculapius, the son of Apollo, the god of medicine, worshipped at Epidaurus.* Hoc Æscŭlapi fanum est. Plus jam anno scĭo. *Pl.* [† ˘Epĭdaurĭūs.] **Crel.** Cŏronĭdē natūs. Phœbĕūs *or* Phœbūs jŭvĕnis. Pergămĕūs dĕūs. Dĕūs Epĭdaurĭūs. Mĕdĭcinæ rĕpertŏr, inventŏr. *See* PÆAN, MEDICUS.

ÆSCULETUM, i. *n.* *An oak thicket,* or *forest.* Daunĭa in latis ălĭt æscŭletis. *H.* [† Quercetum.]

ÆSCULĔUS, ă, um. (Æscŭlus.) *Of the oak* (bay-oak). *O.* *See* QUERNUS.

ÆSCULUS, i. *f.* *The bay-oak* (others, holm-oak, or beech). Æscŭlūs in primis, &c. *V.* [† Quercūs, ilex, robŭr.] *See* QUERCUS.

ÆSON, ŏnis. *m.* *Æson, the father of Jason.* *C. D.* Æsŏnis effetum proferri corpŭs ăd aras. *O.*

ÆSŎNIDES, æ. *m.* *The son of Æson, Jason.* Cui sic Æsŏnĭdes, &c. *O.* *See* JASON.

Æsŏnĭŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Æson.* Ausŭs ĕs, Æsŏnĭa, dicĕrĕ, cedĕ dŏmo. *O.*

Æsŏpŭs, i. *m.* 1. *Æsop, the writer of the well-known fables. C. D.* 2. *A celebrated actor of the same name.* Quæ grăvĭs Æsopus, quæ doctus Roscĭŭs egĭt. *H.*

Æstas, atĭs. *f.* 1. *Summer.* Verĕ prĭus vŏlŭcres tăcĕant, æstatĕ cĭcadæ. *O.* [† Æstŭs, călŏr, cănicŭlă, Sirĭŭs, Cănĕs, Lĕo, Cancĕr, solstĭtĭum, fervŏr.] **Ep.** Cĕrĕalĭs, spicĕă, frugĭfĕră, lætă, fertĭlĭs, fecundă; frondosă, siccă, sĭtĭens, torrĭdă, ferventis, ignĕă, flammĕă, călĭdă; ignavă, ĭners, pĭgrĕ, segnĭs; (*personified*) nudă; spicĕă sertă gĕrens. **Crol.** Æstĭvum tempŭs. Æstivi (æstĭfĕri) dĭes, soles. Æstivă tempŏrĕ. Æstivŭs ardŏr. Sirĭŭs ardŏr. Pars anni călĭdissĭmă, solĭbŭs ferventĭŏr. Cancri sidŭs. Stellă Lĕonĭs. Călĭdi sidĕrĭs æstŭs. **Phr.** *In summer-time.* Tempŏrĕ, quo æstas (grăvĭs, incumbens, pulvĕrŭlentă, fervĭda),—ăgros (glebas, &c.) solĭbŭs cŏquĭt, tĕrĭt; —Phœbum per summă cœli altĭŏr trăhĭt;—fervĭdă candĕt. Tempŏrĕ, quo sol (medĭŭs fervŏr) —siccos dĭes (sĭtim, &c.) rĕfert, adducĭt;—æthĕrĕ candenti glŏbo cŏquĭit;—terris torrens incumbĭt. Tempŏrĕ, quo—herbæ sĭtĭunt;—æthĕr (glŏbŭs, ăgĕr mŏrĭentĭbŭs herbis) æstŭăt;—grată pĕcŏri umbrā est;—tellus exustă solĭbŭs dĕhiscĭt. *See* Ariditas, Canicula. 2. *A year.* Septĭmă . . . jam vertĭtŭr æstas. *V. See* Annus.

Æstĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. 1. *Causing, bringing heat.* Tundit cănĭs æstĭfĕr arvă. *V. See* Fervidus. 2. *Sultry.* Squalentĭbŭs arvis ~-æ Lĭbyes. *L.*

Æstĭmatĭo, onĭs. *f. Estimation, valuation, value.* Quod me non mŏvĕt æstĭmatĭonĕ. *Cat.* [† Prĕtĭum.]

Æstĭmatŏr, oris. *m. An appreciator, judge.* Est quĭdem injustus dŏlŏr Rerum æstĭmatŏr. *Sen. See* Judex.

Æstĭmo, as. 1. *To estimate, rate, value.* Virtutem æstĭmăt annis. *H.* Omnes uniŭs æstĭmamŭs assis. *Cat.* [† Pendo, pondĕro, exĭgo, făcio.] 2. *To consider, calculate, form an idea* or *judgement of.* Æstĭmĕt antĕ, Compositum quo sit tempŏrĕ, quoquĕ lŏco. *O.* Hinc totam licĕt ~ Romam. *M. See* Judico.

Æstivă, orum. *n. pl. Summer-quarters* (applied sp. to herds of cattle). *V.* Nec singŭlă morbi Corpŏrā corrĭpĭunt, sed tota æstivă (*the whole herd in the place*) rĕpente. *V.*

Æstivo, as. *To pass the summer.*

Æstivŭs, ă, um. *Summer, adj.* Æstiva gratĭŏr umbra. *O. See* Æstiva, orum.

Æstŭo, as. 1. *To be in a state of combustion, to burn, to be burning hot.* Æstŭăt, ut clausis răpĭdus fornacĭbŭs ignĭs. *V.* ~-ăt mĕdĭusdĭes. *L.* torrĭdŭs aer. *Pp.* [† Ardĕo, torrĕo, fervĕo, calĕo.] *See* Caleo. 2. *To be hot* (of the body). *See* Sudo. 3. (Of the mind.) *To burn with love, to desire vehemently.* ~ In illa. *O.* In aurum. *Cl.* [† Ardĕo, flăgro.] *See* Ardeo. 4. *To surge, foam, boil up.* ~-ăt turbĭdŭs vŏragĭnĕ gurgĕs; undă. *V.* [† Fervĕo, fluctŭo, exæstŭo, ăglŏr, trĕpĭdo.] 5. Fig. *To fret, be restless, tossed about.* ~-ăt infelix angusto in limĭtĕ mundi (Alexander). *J.* "In cordĕ pŭdŏr; ănĭmŭs nunc huc, nunc illuc. *V.* [† Trĕpĭdo, jactŏr, versŏr.]

Æstŭosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Burning.* Grĕgem æstŭosă torrĕt impŏtentĭă (astri). *H. See* Ardens. 2. *Sultry.* Oraclum Jŏvĭs intĕr æstŭosi. *Cat.* [† Torrĭdŭs, ustŭs, ădustŭs.] 3. *Surging, tossing.* ~ frĕtă; Syrtes. *H.* [† Æstŭans, fervens.] *See* Agitatus.

Æstŭs, us. *m.* 1. *Great heat, burning heat; summer.* Răpĭdo messorĭbŭs æstu. Æstĭbŭs mĕdĭis. *V.* [† Ardŏr, fervŏr, calŏr.] *See* Æstas, Calor. 2. *The heat of fire, a conflagration.* Fŭrĭt ~ ăd auras; ~ incendĭă volvunt. *V. See* Ignis, Incendium. 3. *The burning of a fever. V. See* Febris. 4. *The agitation of waters, surging of waves, flow of the tide.* Fŭrĭt ~ ărenis. Crescenti æstu. *V.* Ep. Undosŭs, frĕmens, raucŭs, fervens, spumans, tŭmens, insanŭs. *See* Reciprocus. 5. Fig. *Agitation of the mind, trouble.* ~ irarum. *V.* [† Tŭmultŭs.] *See* Æstuo.

Ætas, atĭs. *f.* 1. *Age, time of life.* Tŭă vita dignĭŏr ætas. *V. See* Juventus, Senectus. 2. *The life-time of man.* Labĭtŭr occulte fallitquĕ vŏlŭbĭlĭs ætas. *O.* [† Ævum, vitā, tempŭs, dĭes, anni.] *See* Vita, Tempus. 3. *Generation, age.* Nunc tertĭă vivĭtŭr ætas. *O.* [† Sæcŭlum, sæclum.] 4. *A particular time, epoch.* Vĕnĭĕt ~. Crastĭnă ~. *St.* [† Tempŭs, dĭes.] 5. *The four ages of the world: the golden age, the silver age, &c. See* Aureus, Argenteus, Ahenus.

Æternĭtas, atĭs. *f. Eccl. Eternity, perpetuity of existence.* [† Immortalĭtas.] **Crol.** Æternum ævum, tempŭs. Perpĕtŭŭs ævi tractŭs. Innŭmĕrabĭlĭs annorum sĕrĭes; vitā æternā, perpĕtŭā. *See* Æternus, Immortalitas.

I. **Æterno**. *adv. O. See* Æternum.

II. **Æterno**, as. *To immortalize. H.* **Crol.** Æternum, immortalĕ, effĭcio, reddo. Venturo ævo mando, trado. Ævum in æternum prorŏgo. Æternæ famæ committo. *See* Immortalis.

Æternum. *n. as adv.* 1. *Eternally, always.* Sĕdĕt, æternumquĕ sĕdebit &c. *V.* [† Æterno, sempĕr, usquĕ, perpĕtŭo.] *See* Semper. 2. "In æternum. *For ever. O.* 3. *Without intermission.* ~ frangendā glebā. *V.* [† Assĭdŭĕ, sæpĭŭs.]

Æternŭs, ă, um. 1. *Eternal; that which has neither beginning nor end.* **Crol.** Principĭi expers; finĕ cărens; sĭnĕ finĕ. Principĭoquĕ extremŏquĕ cărens. Chăo antĕrĭŏr. Nullis metis obnoxĭŭs. "Et prætĕrĭto ævo, ĕt venturo antiquĭŏr. 2. Us. *Immortal, everlasting.* ~ Hŏmerŭs. *O.* nox. *V.* [† Immortalĭs, pĕrennĭs, perpĕtŭŭs, jugĭs.] *See* Immortalis, Perennis.

Æther, ĕrĭs, ĕrŏs. *m.* 1. *The upper air, region of air, the sky, the heavens.* Largĭŏr hic campos æther, et lumĭnĕ vestĭt Purpŭrĕo. *V.* Grăvĭtatĕ cărentem æthĕrā. *V.* [† Aer, auræ, Inanĕ, cœlum.] *See* Aer, Cœlum. 2. *The god of the heavens, Jupiter.* Ipsĕ mĕas, Æther, accĭpĕ, summĕ prĕces. *O.* ~ pătĕr omnĭpŏtens. *V. See* Jupiter.

Æthĕrĕŭs, *and better* **Æthĕrĭŭs**, ă, um. *Ethereal, of the sky, celestial.* Esse ăpĭbus partem divinæ mentĭs, ĕt haustus Æthĕrĭŏs. ~ "Olympŭs; orbĭs. *V.* [† Aĕrĭŭs, cœlestĭs, sŭpĕrŭs.]

Æthiopia, æ. *f.* (Αἰθιοπία.) *Ethiopia, part of the interior of Africa. Ter.*

Æthĭops, ŏpĭs. *m.* **Æthĭopĕs**, um. *pl. An Ethiopian;* ext. *a negro.* Ultĭmŭs Æthĭŏpum lŏcŭs est, &c. *V. See* Afer, Niger.

Æthra, æ. *f. The clear sky; the air* gen. Nec lucĭdŭs æthra Sidĕrĕa pŏlŭs. *V.* [† Aer, æther; sudum, purum.] *See* Aer.

Ætna, æ. *f. Ætna, a mountain and volcano in Sicily. C. D.* Vĭdĭmŭs undantem ruptis fornacĭbŭs Ætnam. *V.* Jăcĕt . . . sŭpĕr ŏrā Týphŏĕŏs Ætnā. *O.* **Ep.** Sĭcŭlā, Trinăcrĭă, Trinăcrĭs, Vulcanĭă; sulfŭrĕă, fumans, ardens, flăgrans, fervens, ignĕă, torrĭdă, ignĭfĕră, ignĭvŏmă, flammĭvŏmă. **Crol.** Mons Sĭcŭlŭs, Trinăcrĭŭs. Sĭcŭlŭs ăpex. Rupes Trinăcrĭă. Trinăcrĭs. Ætnæi cămini. Antrā Ætnæā. Eucĕlădi bustum, tŭmŭlŭs. **Phr.** Ætna (*under eruption*) Gĭgantæis fŭrorĭbŭs (horrĭfĭcis rŭinis, curvis căvernis, scŏpŭlis pĕrustis)—tŏnăt (immugĭt, se porrĭgĭt). *Or,* Ætna, &c.—flammas (ignĕos glŏbos, avulsos scŏpŭlos, montĭs viscĕrā, candentes făvillas, lĭquĕfactă saxā)—de montĕ (per fauces montĭs) —eructăt (cum gĕmĭtu erĭgĭt, vŏmĭt, volvĭt, tur-

blně expirăt, prorumpĭt, attollĭt). *Or (in references to Vulcan's forge fabled to be there)*, Ætnă, —incudĭbŭs (motis, impŏsĭtis) gĕmĭt (grandĕ sŏnăt) ;—ruptis fornacĭbŭs (căminis) undăt (exundăt, fŭrĭt).

Ætnæŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of Ætna, Ætnean.* Ætnæo fulmĭnĕ. *Pp.* 2. ~ dĕŭs. *V. Fl. Vulcan. See* Vulcanus. 3. ~ fratres. *V. The Cyclopes. See* Cyclopes.

Ætoli, orum. *m. pl. The Ætolians, a people of Greece;* hence, *the inhabitants of Arpi in Apulia, an Ætolian colony.* Spem si quam adscitis Ætolum hăbŭistis in armis. *V. See* Ætolus.

Ætolia, æ. *f. Ætolia, a Grecian province bordering on Epirus.* Nec tanti Călydon, nec tota Ætolĭă tanti. *O.* [¶ Călydonĭă.] Crel. Dĭŏmedæ ăgri.

Ætolĭcŭs, ă, um. *and* Ætolis, ĭdĭs. *f. Ætolian.* Ætolĭŭs heros. Ætolĭdĕ Deĭănira. *O.*

Ætolus, ă, um. 1. *Ætolian;* hence, *used of Calydon; Meleager; Diomedes.* Quam vĕl ăd Ætolæ securam cuspĭdis ictus. *M.* Ætolis plăgis. *H.* Ætola Vĕnŭs est a cuspĭdĕ læsă. *O.* [¶ Călydonĭŭs, Mĕlĕăgrĭŭs, Dĭŏmedæŭs.] 2. *The Ætolians settled at Arpi, in Apulia, under Diomede.* *V.* [¶ Dĭŏmedæŭs, Appŭlĭŭs, Cannensis.] *See* Ætoli, Arpi.

Ævum, i. *n.* 1. *All time, countless ages, eternity.* Corpŏrā perpĕtĭo vŏlĭtare invectă pĕr ævum. *Lr.* Æternare qd in ævum. *H.* [¶ Æternĭtas. Æternum, perpĕtĭum ævum.] *See* Æternitas, Deus. 2. *A great length of time.* [¶ Tempŭs, dies, vĕtustas.] 3. *An age, generation of time.* ~ vĕtŭs; sĕquens. *V.* [¶ Tempŭs, ætas, sæcŭlum, sæclum.] 4. *The life-time of man.* Traducĕrĕ ~. *H.* Brĕvĕ tempŭs ævi. *V.* ~ degĕrĕ. *Lr.* ~ in qâ re consumĕrĕ. *L. See* Vita. 5. *Any age of man's life; sp. old age.* ˘Anĭmos ævumquĕ nŏtabĭs. *V.* Quĭbŭs intĕgĕr ævi sanguis. *V.* Ævo confectŭs; obsĭtŭs. *V.* sŏlutŭs. *O.* Flos ævi. *O.*

Afer, Afri. *m.* Afri, orum. *pl.* 1. *An African, the Africans, the people of Africa.* Sĭtĭentes ibĭmŭs Afros. *V.* [¶ Maurŭs, Lĭbys, Pœnŭs, Nŭmĭdă.] Ep. Fuscŭs, atĕr, nĭgĕr, ustŭs, ĭdustŭs, sĭtĭens, fĕrŭs, trux (trŭcis), fĕrox, barbărŭs, sævus, dirŭs; văgŭs, cĕlĕr. Crel. Gens Lĭbycă, Maurŭ, Maurusĭă. 2. Afer, Afrĭ, Afrum. *adj. African.* Lĭbys, Lĭbycŭs, Punĭcŭs, Pœnŭs, Cinyphĭŭs, Maurŭs, Maurusĭŭs, Nŭmĭdĭcŭs.

Affabĭlis, ĕ. *Affable, easy of address.* Nec dictu affabĭlis ulli. *V.* [¶ Comis, humanŭs.] Crel. Allŏquĭ făcĭlis.

Affari, atus sum. *defect.* (*fr. the obs.* Affor.) *To address a person.* — Lăcrĭmis affabăr ŏbortis. *V.* Hostem affarĕ sŭperbum. Dictis ~-atŭr ˘Amorem. *V.* ~-amŭr Vestam. *O.* ~-atŭs ămicos. *H. See* Alloquor.

Affĭatim, *or* Adfĭatim. *adv. Abundantly, to satiety. Pl.* [¶ ˘Abunde.] *See* A.

Affatŭs, us. *m. Form of address, address, discourse.* Quo nunc reginam ambirĕ fŭrentem Audĕăt affatu? *V. See* Alloquium.

Affecto, as. *To attempt, aim at, pretend to* (gen. *in a spirit of presumption or ambition*). Cur ŏpŭs affectas, ambĭtiosĕ, nŏvum. ~ vĭam ˘Olympo. *V.* regnum cœlestĕ (*of the giants*); sidĕrĕus sedes; spes. *O.* [¶ Mollĭŏr, aggrĕdĭŏr, tentor; *sts.* cupĭo, sĕquŏr, sectŏr.]

Affectŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Afficio. 1. *Impressed with, characterized by, gifted with.* ~ audacĭa. *Ter.* spŏlĭis. *Pl.* [¶ Instructŭs.] 2. *Affected by* or *with.* Tellus ~-ă călorĕ. *Lr.* 3. *Under illness of body* or *mind.* ~-am ămicam. *O.* ~-æ mĭsĕrĕ pŭellæ. *Pp. See* Ægre, Mœstus, Miser.

Affectŭs, us. *m.* 1. *Any feeling* or *emotion of the mind.* Dŭbĭis affectĭbŭs errăt. *O.* ~-u tăcĭto lætarĭs. *O.* [¶ Sensŭs.] Crel. Anĭmi, mentis affectŭs, motŭs. 2. *Affection, love. O. See* Amor.

Affĕro, fers, attŭli, allatum, afferrĕ. (Fĕro.) 1. *To bring.* [¶ Fĕro, porto, defĕro; *sts.* adduco.] Fig. 2. ~ blandĭtĭas. *O. See* Adhibeo. 3. *To cause, occasion.* ~ pŭdorem; bellum in pătrĭam; sălutem matri. *O.* mŏram rugis. *H.* laudem Rŭtŭlis. *V.* [¶ Infĕro, invĕho, importo, fĕro, effĭcĭo, facio, părĭo, injĭcio, confĕro, gigno, do.] 4. *To produce, return.* ~ fructum. *O.* [¶ Rĕfĕro, confĕro, produco, reddo.] 5. *To report, to relate.* ~ nuntĭum. *O.* certă et clarâ. *Ter. See* Refero.

Affĕrŏr. *pass. and* Affĕro me. *To arrive at, come to* (with acc.). Hanc urbem affĕrĭmŭr. Huc te affers. *V. See* Advenio.

Afficio, is, feci, fectum. *To affect a person;* i. e. *act upon him, impress him in some way, body* or *mind, whether to give him pleasure* or *pain;* hence—1. *To present him with gifts, marks of honour,* &c.; *cause him joy,* &c. Sed pŏtĭus largis afficĭ munĕrĭbŭs. *Cat.* ~ prĕtio. *V.* gloria. *Pl.* [¶ Augĕo, orno, instrŭo.] *See* Do. 2. *To visit* (with punishment, stripes, disgrace, pain of any kind). ~ victum pœna. *O.* Verbera illos pœnis ~-unt. *J.* 3. Hence abs. *To strike, to hit.* Vulnŭs (qm) ~-ĭt. *O.* 4. Fig. *To touch, to affect.* Alcĭden ~-ĭt cŏmĭtis errŏr. *V. Fl.* nos angŏr. *Lr.* [¶ Mŏvĕo, commŏvĕo, confĭcio, tango, impello.] *See* Moveo.

Affigo, is, xi, xum. *To affix, fasten, attach.* — Radicem affigĕrĕ terræ. *V.* ~ oscŭlă dextris. *Cl.* Lŷcĭdan. *L.* ~ signă delubris; flammam lăttĕri turrĭs. *V.* [¶ Figo, annecto, adjungo, appĭico.] *See* Figo.

Affingo, is, inxi, ictum. *To make in addition. Lr.*

Affinis, ĕ. 1. *Neighbouring.* Sævisque affinis Sarmătă Moschis. *L. See* Vicinus. 2. *Allied, related by blood.* Affinĭă vincŭlă nobis. *O.* ~ cœlo (ŏrigo). *Sil.* [¶ Cognatŭs.] *See* Consanguineus. 3. *Resembling. See* Similis.

Affinĭtas, tis. *f. Affinity, alliance* (gen. *by marriage*). Affinĭtatem hanc sane perpĕtĭam vŏlo. *Ter.*

Affirmo, as. 1. *To strengthen, to fortify.* Quin te ănĭmo affirmas? *Cat.* 2. Us. *To affirm, to declare solemnly. Tib.* [¶ Asĕro, juro.]

Affixŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Affigo. *Fastened to, fixed to.* Lit. *and* fig. Fŏrĭbusque affixă sŭperbis Orā vĭrum. *V.* Pensis ~-ă pŭellă. *Tib.* [¶ Hærens, suspensŭs.]

Afflatŭs, ă, um. 1. *Blown upon; tainted by a breath,* or *by effluvia; blasted.* Hos nĕcăt afflatos funesti tabĕ vĕneni. *O.* Fulmĭnis ~ telis. Fraternis ~-ă rŏtis Cynthĭă (the rays of the sun being borne through the air). *Sil.* [¶ Tactŭs, contactŭs.] 2. *Inspired.* [¶ Instinctŭs, fŭrens.] *See* Afflo *and* Afflor.

Afflatŭs, us. *m.* 1. *A breath, blast, effluvia, vapour.* Hos nĕcăt afflatu &c. *O.* Frondes ~-ĭbŭs ardent. *O.* Percussæ călĭdis ~-ĭbŭs herbæ. *St.* [¶ Spirĭtŭs, halĭtŭs, flatŭs.] 2. *Inspiration. See* Instinctus, Afflor.

Afflicto, as. *freq. of* Affligo. 1. *To afflict, harass.* Fœdo afflictantŭr ămorĕ. *Lr.* [¶ Vexo, torqueo, crucio.] 2. Affligo me, *or pass.* Afflictor. *To be in affliction, to mourn. See* Mœreo.

Afflictŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Affligo. 1. *That which has received one or more blows.* Et sŏnăt afflicta semper dŏmŭs ignĕă massa. *V. Fl.* [¶ Illisus.] 2. *Cast down on the ground.* ~-ă sŏlo membrā. *Sil.* [¶ Prostratŭs, dejectŭs.] Fig. 3. Afflictæ res. *Adversity. V. See* Infortunium. 4. *Abased, humble. Sen. St.* [¶ Jăcens, hŭmĭlis, demissŭs, prostratŭs.] 5. *Overwhelmed with grief. V. See* Mœstus.

Affligo, ĭs, ixi, ictum. 1. *To throw to the ground.* Terræque afflixĭt ˘Achilles. *O.* [† Prosterno, sterno, dejĭcĭo, prorĭo.] *See* Sterno. 2. Fig. *To beat down, break down, distress.* Assuetum spŏlĭis affligĭt ĕgestas. *Cl.* Furtĭ (fŭgæ, incendĭĭ, &c.) mĕtu ∾-unt hŏmĭnem. *M.* [† Dejĭcĭo, deprĭmo, everto, pessumdo.] *See* Dejicio.

Afflo, as. 1. *To blow, breathe upon; to taint with one's breath; to blast; to send forth effluvia,* &c. (Used not only of the air, &c., but of any thing borne, as it were, upon the air, as fire, lightning, odours.) Nos ŭbĭ primŭs ĕquis ŏrĭens afflavĭt ănhelis. *V.* ∾ călĭdum văporem. *Lr.* ventis fulmĭnĭs. *V.* [† Spiro, inspiro.] Fig. 2. *To inspire.* Vĕnŭs ∾-ăt ămores grĕgĭbŭs. *Tib.* [† Inspiro, insĭnŭo, immitto.] 3. Sts. intr. *To breathe out, exhale an odour.* Afflabunt tĭbĭ ŏdores (*nom.*). *Pp.* [† Spiro, halo.] 4. Fig. ∾ lenĭtĕr. *To favour.* (Mihĭ) lenĭtĕr ∾-ăt ămŏr. *Tib. See* Adspiro.

Afflor. *pass.* 1. *Proprie:* ∾-i ignĭbŭs (fulmĭnum). *O.* 2. *To be inspired, to be under inspiration.* Afflata est numĭnĕ quando, jam prŏplŏrĕ dĕi. *V.* [† Fŭro, bacchŏr.] Phr. (*Of one under inspiration.*) Majŏr ăgĭt (qm) dĕŭs. Dĕi impăt̆ĭens bacchatŭr. Dĕum commotŭs păt̆ĭŏr. Magnam mentem ănĭmumquĕ accĭplo. Dĕorum occultos mŏnĭtus audĭo.

Afflŭens, tĭs. 1. *Coming, coming on.* Quŏd ex hac Lucĕ Mæcenas mĕŭs affluĕntes ordĭnăt annos. *H. See* Veniens. 2. *Abounding. See* Abundans.

Afflŭo, ĭs, uxi. 1. *To flow towards. See* Fluo. Fig. 2. *To steal upon, come to,* or *in to, gently and imperceptibly.* Affluĭt incautis insĭdĭosŭs ămŏr. *O.* [† Irrepo, adrepo, illabŏr, insĭnŭo.] 3. *To come in crowds.* Ingentem cŏmĭtum nŭmĕrum affluxissĕ. *V.* [† Concurro, convĕnĭo, cogŏr.] 4. *To have in abundance, to overflow.* ∾ divĭtĭis; hŏnorĕ; laudĕ, &c. *L. See* Abundo.

Affrĕmo. *See* Adfremo.

Affringo. *See* Adfringo.

Affulgĕo, es, lsi. *To shine, to shine bright upon.* Postremă nĭtentĭ Affulsit vultu ridens Vĕnŭs. *Sil. See* Fulgeo.

Affundo, ĭs, udi, usum. *To pour upon. See* Fundo.

Affusŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Affundo. 1. *Poured upon, spread upon.* Affuso tinctă crŭorĕ rŭbĕt. *O.* ∾ pulvĭs. *Sil. See* Fusus. 2. *Poured in, spread in,* or *among.* ∾-a guttŭrĕ tinxĭt ăqua. *O.* ∾-æ ărenæ aggĕr. *L.* ∾-is Pœnis oppressă. Hispanĭă. *Sil.* 4. *Prostrated.* Amplectiquĕ pĕdes, affusăquĕ poscĕrĕ vitam. *V.* [† Jăcens, prostratŭs, procumbens.] *See* Genu.

Afri, orum. *See* Afer.

Afrĭcă, æ. *f. Africa, one of the three divisions of the ancient world.* Afrĭcă totă jăcĕt. *Pp.* [† Lĭbyă, Lĭbye, Gætulĭă.] Ep. Arĭdă, torrĭdă, ustă, exustă, pĕrustă, sĭtĭens, æstifĕră, squalens, ărenosă, incultă, stĕrĭlis, ĭnhospĭtă, vastă; lĕonum nutrix. Crol. Afrĭcă (Lĭbycă, Gætulă, Massylă, Marmărĭcă, Mauruslă, Punĭcă) terră, tellus, plăgă. Lĭbyæ (sĭtĭentĭs) ăgri (oræ, littŏrĕ, arvă, desertă, ărenæ, regnă [desertă sĭti], rĕgĭo). Lĭbycum littŭs. Nŏmădum tellus. Pœnorum arvă. Lĭbyæ oræ.

Africanŭs, ă, um. 1. *African. Pl.* 2. Subs. *m. The surname of two Scipios. See* Scipio.

Afrĭcŭs, ă, um. *African.* Quos Afrĭcă terră trĭumphis Divĕs ălit. *V. See* Afer.

Afrĭcŭs, i. *m.* 1. *The south-west wind* (to the people of Italy). Creberquĕ prŏcellis Afrĭcŭs. *V.* 2. *Used adj.* ∾-is prŏcellis. *H. See* Auster.

˘**Agămemno**. *St. Sen. and* ˘Agămemnon, ŏnis. *m. Agamemnon, the son of Atreus, husband of Clytemnestra, and brother of Menelaus, king of Mycenæ. C. D.* Cedit tĭtŭlis ˘Agămemnŏnis Atreus. *O.* Ante ˘Agămemnŏnă. *H.* Ep. Sŭperbŭs, pŏtens, fortĭs, bellatŏr; magnănĭmŭs. Crol. Majŏr ˘Atrides; Mȳcenæŭs dux, ductŏr, rex, rectŏr. Pĕlŏpĕĭus heros.

˘**Agămemnŏnĭdes**, æ. *m. The son of Agamemnon* = ˘*Orestes.* Par ˘Agămemnŏnĭdæ erimĕn. *J.*

˘**Agămemnŏnĭus**, ă, um. *Belonging to Agamemnon.* Res ˘Agămemnŏnĭas &c. *V.*

˘**Agănippe**, es. *f. A fountain of Bœotia, at the foot of Mount Helicon. C. D.* Nĕque Aŏnĭce ˘Ăgănippe. *V. See* Hippocrene.

˘**Agănippeŭs**, ă, um, *and* ˘Agănippĭs, ĭdŏs. *f. O. Of* or *pertaining to Aganippe.* Par ˘Ăgănippæ &c. (lȳræ). *Pp.*

˘**Agaso**, onĭs. *m. A hostler; muleteer.* Pĕdĕ lapsŭs frangăt ăgaso. *H.*

˘**Agăthŏcles**, ŏŏs, *or* ĭs. *m.* (Ἀγαθοκλῆς.) *A king of Sicily.* Fama est fictĭlĭbus cœnasse ˘Ăgăthoclĕă regem. *Aus.*

˘**Agăthŏcleŭs**, ă, um. *Of Agathocles.* Hic ˘Ăgăthocleis sedes ornată trŏpæis. *Sil.*

˘**Agave**, es. *f. Agave, the daughter of Cadmus, and mother of Pentheus. C. D.* Visis ŭlŭlăvĭt ˘Agave. *O.* Ep. Cadmeă, fŭrens, fŭrĭosă, demens, attŏnĭtă, lymphată, crŭentă. Crol. Filĭă Cadmi. Pentheĭă matĕr.

˘**Agĕ**; *pl.* ăgĭtĕ. *imper. of* Ago. 1. *As adv. Come on, on, on, on then.* En ăgĕ, rumpĕ mŏras. *V.* Surgĕ ăgĕ. *O.* [† ˘Agĕdum, eiă.] Crol. Ergo ăgĕ, quin ăgĕ, eiă ăgĕ, en ăgĕ, nunc ăgĕ, ăgĕ jam, en ăgĕdum. 2. Dic ăgĕ. *O.* ˘Agĕ farĕ; farĕ ăgĕ; *or abs.* ăgĕ. *V. Say on.*

˘**Agĕdum**. (*Fr.* age *and* dum.) = ˘Agĕ. Surge ăgĕdum, jŭvĕnemque &c. *St.* En ăgĕdum. *Pp.*

˘**Agellŭlŭs**, i. *m. dim. of* ˘Agellŭs. *Cat.*

˘**Agellŭs**, i. *m. dim. of* Ager. *A little field.* Angusti cultŏr ăgelli. *O.* Crol. Paucă rurĭs jugĕrĕ. Exĭgŭum rus.

˘**Agenŏr**, ŏrĭs. *m. The son of Belus; king of Phœnicia, father of Cadmus and Europa. C. D.* — Tȳrĭos ĕt ˘Agenŏrĭs urbem. *V.* [† Belides.]

˘**Agenŏrĕŭs**, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *relating to Agenor or his children.* Dŏmumquĕ Intrăt ˘Agenŏrĕam. *O.* ∾ bos. *O.* 2. *Phœnician, Tyrian, Carthaginian.* Purpŭră ˘Agenŏrĕis săt̆ŭrătă mĭcabăt ăhenis. *Sil.* ∾ ductŏr (Annĭbăl). *Sil.*

˘**Agenŏrĭdæ**, arum, *and sync.* dum. *m. pl.* (˘Agenŏrĭdes.) *Descendants of Agenor, Carthaginians. Sil. See* Pœni.

˘**Agenŏrĭdes**, æ. *m. The son of Agenor, Cadmus.* Pătrĭamque, iramquĕ pārentĭs Vĭtăt ˘Agenŏrĭdes. *O.*

˘**Agĕr**, ăgri, *or* agri. *m.* 1. *A field, farm, arable land.* Huc ăgĕr illĕ malŭs &c. *V.* Movĭt ăgros, *V.* Strati baccis silvestrĭbŭs agri. *V.* [† Arvă, jugĕrĕ, rurĕ, campŭs, sŏlum, cultă, ărată, terrĕ, tellus, hŭmŭs, ăgellŭs.] Ep. ˘Apertŭs, pătens, lætŭs, fertĭlĭs; fecundŭs, divĕs; udŭs, rĭgŭŭs, irrĭgŭŭs, &c. *See* Arvum, Campus, Messis, Pomifer. 2. *A territory, country, kingdom.* Quum Trojam Æneas ˘Itălos portarĕt ĭn agros. *O.* [† Terrĕ, oræ, plăgă, littŏrĕ, regnum.]

Aggĕmo. *See* Adgemo.

Aggĕr, ĕrĭs. *m.* 1. *A pile, a heap of earth.* Aggĕrĕ cingĭt ărenæ. *V.* Molirique aggĕrĕ tectă. *V.* [† ˘Acervŭs, cŭmŭlŭs.] Crol. Aggestă hŭmŭs. 2. *A swell of ground, rising ground; eminence, heights.* ˘Ab adverso aggĕrĕ vĕnĭentes. Tŭmŭli ex aggĕrĕ fatŭr. *V.* ∾-ĭbŭs Alpinis. *Sil.* [† Tŭmŭlŭs, moles, collĭs, mons.] *See* Mons. 3. *A tomb formed of a heap of earth.* Aggĕrĕ compŏsĭto tŭmŭli. Terreno ex aggĕrĕ bustum. *V. See* Tumulus. 4. *A dam, embankment.* ∾-ĭbŭs ruptis (amnĭs). *V.* Munitŭs ăb aggĕrĕ portŭs. *O.* [† Moles.] *See* M. 5. *A causeway,* or *raised way.* Vlæ depren-

sŭs ĭn aggĕrĕ serpens. *V.* *See* VIA. 6. *A rampart.* ~ murorum. *V.* [† Vallum, propugnacŭlă.] 7. *Mass.* gen. ~ ăquarum. *Sil.* [† Cŭmŭlŭs, ăcervŭs.]

I. AGGĔRO, as. 1. *To heap up, to accumulate.* Aggĕrăt ipsis In stăbŭlis turpi dilapsă cădavĕrĕ tabo. *V.* ~ prælĭă. *V.* [† Aggĕro(ĭs), accŭmŭlo, cŭmŭlo, congĕro, ăcervo, strŭo, exstrŭo, collĭgo, cogo, agglŏmĕro, exaggĕro, stipo.] Crol. Tŭmŭlo aggĕro. ˘In cŭmŭlum aggĕro. ˘In unum congĕro, cogo. ˘Acervos tollo. Cŭmŭlos aggĕro. 2. Fig. *To increase, make greater and greater.* ~ iras. *V.* omnĕ promissum dictis. *Sil.* incendĭă belli. *Sil.* [† Exaggĕro, augĕo, amplĭfĭco. *V.*] *See* AUGEO.

II. AGGĔRO, ĭs, essi, estum. *To heap up.* Aggĕrĭtur tŭmŭlo tellus; stant manĭbŭs arĭs. *V.* *See* AGGERO (I.).

AGGLŎMĔRO, as. 1. *To gather to a globe* or *mass.* Sigeăquĕ pestĭs Agglŏmĕrarĕ frĕtum. *V. Fl.* *See* GLOMERO. 2. *To make denser and denser.* ~ umbras. *V. Fl.* *See* DENSEO. 3. ~ se, *or* abs. *To form into a circle, flock, crowd together.* ~ se cŭnĕis; sese. *V.* ~ lătĕri nostro. *V.* [† Adjungŏr, *or* me adjungo, stipŏr.]

AGGRĂVO, as. *To weigh down, depress, to make worse and worse, aggravate.* ~ quassam dŏmum. *Sen.* casus mĕos. *O.* [† Grăvo, ŏnĕro, augĕo.]

AGGRĔDĬŎR, ĕrĭs, essŭs sum. 1. *To go to,* or *up to* (some object; but implying some attempt upon it, or further dealing with it of some kind). Majore hastĭlĭa nisu Aggrĕdĭŏr. *V.* [† Adĕo, accedo, vĕnĭo.] 2. *To enter upon, to commence.* ~ hŏnores. *V.* [† Adŏrĭŏr, ĭnĕo, suscĭpĭo, inclĭpĭo, ordĭŏr, invado.] 3. *To attack, to make attempt upon.* ~ somno jăcentem. *V.* Aggressi avellĕrĕ templo Pallădĭum. *V.* [† Adŏrĭŏr, invado, lăcesso, impĕto; rŭo (ĭn), irrŭo, irrumpo, fĕrŏr, tendo, incurro.] 4. ~ dictis. *To accost, to address. V.* *See* ALLOQUOR.

AGILĬS, e. 1. *Stirring, active.* Lassabunt ăgĭles aspĕrĕ bellă vĭros. *O.* [† Gnavŭs, acĕr.] 2. *Agile, fleet.* ~-es gressus. *O.* *See* CELER.

˘AGĬTABĬLĬS, e. *Light, easily moved.* Vŏlŭcres ăgĭtabĭlĭs aer (ceplt). *O.* [† Mobĭlĭs.]

˘AGĬTATŎR, ŏrĭs. *m.* *A driver* (of horses, or beasts of burden). ˘Et ĕquorum ăgĭtatŏr ˘Achillĭs. *V.* *See* AURIGA.

˘AGĬTATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* AGITO. *Stirred, driven to and fro, vexed, harassed.* Non Zĕphyrĭs ăgĭtată Tempe. *H.* ~ fŭrĭis ˘Orestes. *V.* ~-i ignes. *O.* [† Motŭs, commotŭs, actŭs, pulsŭs, impulsŭs, versatŭs, jactatŭs, vexatŭs, turbatŭs, fervens, æstŭans.]

˘AGĬTO, as. 1. *To chase before one, to pursue.* Fudĭmŭs insĭdĭis totaque ăgĭtavĭmŭs urbĕ. *V.* ~ fĕras. *V.* [† ˘Ago, pello, urgĕo, prĕmo, sĕquŏr, sectŏr, insectŏr, persĕquor, insto (*dat.*). 2. *To drive* (horses, cattle, gen.). ~ grĕges; currus ăd flumĭnă. *V.* [† ˘Ago, impello, compello, duco.] 3. *To put in motion, toss to and fro.* ~-ăt aurā căpillos. Ventis ~-atŭr pinŭs. *H.* [† Mŏvĕo, commŏvĕo, permŏvĕo, clĭo, jacto, impello.] Fig. 4. *To agitate* (with passion), *harass.* ~-ari fŭrĭis; In fŭrĭas. *O.* ~ gentes quĭetas. *V.* [† Exăgĭto, ăgo, turbo.] 5. *To spend time.* ~ dĭes festos; ævum. *V.* [† ˘Ago, exĭgo, dego, duco.] 6. *To practise, carry on, keep up any art, business, &c.* ~ mutas artes. *V.* rĕmissos cum Junonĕ jŏcos. *O.* *See* EXERCEO. 7. *To meditate, plan.* Vos ~-atĕ fŭgam. Mens ~-ăt mĭhĭ invadĕrĕ ălĭquĭd magnum. *V.* *See* MEDITOR.

AGLAĬA, æ, *and* AGLAĬE, es. *f.* *Aglaia, one of the Graces.* Cynthĭŭs, et Muse, Bacchŭs *et* Aglăĭe. *V.* (*Catal.*)

AGMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* 1. *A continued course* or *line of motion, a forward movement.* Illi agmĭnĕ certo Laŏcŏontă pĕtunt. Leni flŭĭt agmĭnĕ Tibrĭs. *V.* ~-ĭnĕ cĕlĕri remorum. Extremæ ~-ĭnă caudæ. *V.* (*movement of.*) [† Motŭs, cursŭs, actŭs, ductŭs.] 2. *A troop on the march; a body of troops.* [† Cătervă, cŏhors, mănŭs, lĕgĭo, &c.] *See* EXERCITUS. 3. *A troop, a crowd.* ~ matrum, cervorum. *V.* [† Turbă.]

AGNĂ, æ. *f.* *A ewe lamb.* *See* AGNUS, OVIS.

AGNĬNĂ, æ. *f.* (sc. caro.) *Lamb* (the flesh). *H.*

AGNOMĔN, *or* ADNOMĔN, ĭnĭs. *m.* (Nomĕn.) *A name bestowed in addition to the usual Roman names, for signal services, &c., as Africanus, Germanicus, &c.* *A surname.*

AGNOSCO, ĭs, ovi, ĭtum. *To recognise.* Vĕtĕrĕm Anchises agnovĭt ămicum. *V.* *See* COGNOSCO.

AGNŬS, i. *m.* *A lamb.* [† Balans, lanĭgĕr; *ext.* bĭdens, ŏvĭs.] Ep. Mollĭs, blandŭs, tĕnĕr, imbellĭs, tĭmĭdŭs, păvĭdŭs, fŭgax, lanĭgĕr, pĕtulcŭs. Crol. Lanĭgĕrum pĕcŭs. Balans pĕcŭs. Tĕnĕri fetus ŏvĭum. Lanĭgĕri sŏbŏles grĕgĭs. *See* OVIS.

˘AGO, ĭs, egi, actum. 1. *To drive, drive away, chase.* Cursu palantes Troăs ăgebăt. *V.* ~ cervum. *V.* hostem telis. *Sil.* [† Pello, ăgĭto, urgĕo, sĕquŏr, persĕquŏr.] *See* ABIGO. 2. *To make move on, guide the course of,* &c. (as a drover, driver, steerer, &c.) ~ căpellas. *V.* navem. *H.* currus. *O.* ănĭmum auditorĭs. *H.* *See* DUCO. 3. *To bring on,* or *up.* Ventŭs ăgĭt sĕrenas nubes; frigŏrĕ. *V.* Quintæ tempŏrĕ lucĭs ăgĕt (sol). *O.* *See* ABDUCO. 4. *To drive away, carry, bear off, away.* ˘Agĭt dictă pĕr mărĕ ventŭs. *O.* Omnĭă secum (ărmentarĭŭs Afĕr); omnes idem ardŏr. *V.* Penna mĕtŭentĕ solvi (famă) qm. *H.* [† Abduco, aufĕro, răpĭo, tollo.] 5. *To disturb, harass.* *V.* [† Agĭto, turbo.] 6. *To drive, compel, force.* Egerĕ nos imperĭis sŭis (fată). *V.* ~-ĭmŭr augŭrĭis. *V.* [† Impello, cogo, sŭbĭgo, ădĭgo, urgĕo, jŭbĕo.] 7. *To cast* or *send out, drive out.* ~ spumas orĕ; vĕnenă membris. *V.* contagĭă late. *O.* [† Mitto, emitto, roddo, jăcĭo.] 8. *To do, perform, be engaged in, taken up by, some business, &c.* En quĭd ăgam? Quŏd instăt, ăgamŭs. *V.* ~-unt intĕr se de dŭbĭis rebŭs. *V.* ~ res. *M.* Martem. *L.* chŏros. [† Făcĭo, exĕsquŏr, perfĭcĭo (*see* FACIO); *or,* ăgĭto, tracto; *sts.* lŏquŏr, dico.] 9. *To meditate, plan.* Hoc mens ăgĭt. *V.* [† ˘Agĭto, volvo, verto, molĭŏr.] *See* MEDITOR. 10. *To act as the—, act the—; play a part, play the part of.* ~ hæredem pătrĭæ fraudĭs; Thaldă. *O.* femĭnam. *Sen.* *Sts.* *with* partes. ~ partes rŏgantĭs; quas partes illĕ jŭbebĭt. *O.* Crol. Me gĕro, me præbĕo; partes sustĭnĕo. 11. ~ tempŭs, &c. *To pass time.* ~ vitam ĭn terris. *V.* securum ævum. *H.* festum gĕnĭalĭtĕr. *O.* otĭă sŭb terra. *V.* altă sĭlentĭă. *O.* [† Duco, dego.] 12. grates. *To give thanks.* *V.* *See* GRATES.

AGOR. *pass.* 1. *To be driven, chased about* or *away.* [† Fĕrŏr, ăgĭtŏr; mŏvĕŏr, impellŏr.] 2. *To rush.* Pĕr mĕdĭas urbes ăgĭtŭr (˘Amată). *V.* [† Fĕrŏr, rŭo.] *See* RUO. 3. *To move, to go.* Iræque, insĭdĭæquĕ, dĕi cŏmĭtatŭs, ăguntŭr. *V.* *See* INCEDO. 4. *To extend, run* (as a line). [† Ducŏr, extendŏr.] 5. ~ rĕŭs. *To be accused.* Non ăgĕrĕrĕ rĕŭs. Falsi crimĭnĭs actă rĕa est. *O.* *See* ACCUSO, REUS. 6. *To be executed, effected.* Responsăquĕ vatĭs ăguntŭr. *O.* Blandĭtĭis mĭhĭ ăgĭtŭr. *O.* [† Fio, pĕrăgŏr, perfĭcĭŏr.] 7. *To be treated.* Tros Tyrĭusvĕ mĭhi nullo dĭscrimĭnĕ ăgetŭr. *V.* [† Hăbĕŏr.] 8. *To be in question.* ~-ĭtŭr pars tertĭă mundi. *O.* tŭă res. *H.* *So* (*used impers.*). ~-ĭtŭr de &c. The question is. 9. ˘Agĭtŭr. (*Used* impers. = res agitur.) The *affair is carried on.* Non jam certamĭnĕ ăgresti, Stipl-

tĭbus duris ∾-ĭtur, sŭdĭbusvĕ præustis. *V.* 10. Actum est. *It is all over. See* ACTUM.

˘AGRESTĬS, ĕ. 1. *Rustic, rural, belonging to the fields.* Ludĕrĕ quæ vellem calāmo permisīt agresti. *V.* ∾-ĭbŭs pomis. *V.* tectis. *O.* [† Rustĭcŭs.] 2. *Rustic, rough, uncultivated. Tib.* [† Rustĭcŭs, rŭdĭs, incultŭs, incondĭtŭs, horrĭdŭs.] 3. *Wild, savage, fierce.* ∾-es vultus. *O.* ∾ fīgurā; pectŭs. *O.* [† Rustĭcŭs, fĕrŭs, aspĕr, trux.] 4. Subst. *m. An inhabitant of the country, a villager.* Collectos armāt ∾-es. *V. See* AGRICOLA.

AGRĬCŎLA, æ. *m.* [The first syllable is not found short.] *A husbandman, countryman.* Agrĭcŏlæ prisci, fortes parvoquĕ bĕati. *H.* [† Rustĭcŭs, ăgrestĭs, cŏlonŭs, ăratōr, rurĭcŏlā. Ep. Durŭs, pătĭens, robustŭs, fortĭs; gnavŭs, impīgĕr, sedŭlŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs, vīgĭl, provĭdŭs, acĕr, solers, săgax. Crol. Gĕnŭs agrĭcŏlum. Rustĭcā turbā. ˘Agrestĭs pŭbes. Rurĭs cŏlonŭs. Cultōr ăgelli. ˘Agrestum jŭventus. Incŏlā rurĭs. *See* ARATOR.

˘AGRIPPA, *or rather* AGRIPPĂ, æ. *m. M. V. Agrippa, the son-in-law of Augustus, distinguished at the battle of Actium.* Ventis et dis Agrippā sĕcundis. *V.*

˘AGRIPPINĂ, æ. *f. Agrippina, daughter of Agrippa, and wife of Germanicus, whose daughter (also Agrippina) was the mother of Nero, and wife of Claudius.* Insanum; mĭnŭs ergŏ nŏcens ĕrĭt Agrippinæ Boletŭs. *J.*

˘AGYIEUS, ĕŏs. *m. A name of Apollo, as presiding over streets, &c.* Lævĭs ˘Agyieu. *H.*

AH! *interj.* Us. expressive of grief. 1. *Ah! alas!* Spem grĕgis. Ah! sĭlĭce in nuda connixā rĕliquĭt. *V.* Ah! mĭsĕr! *H.* [† Heu, eheu.] 2. *Sts. it is followed by a vowel, but never cut off.* Ah! ĕgŏ non ălĭter &c. *Tib.* Ah! ah! sŏlutŭs &c. *H.*

˘AHENĔUS, ă, um. 1. *Of brass, brazen.* Nec mĭgis expressi vultus pĕr ăheněā signā. *H. See* AHENUS. 2. ˘Aheněā ætas. *The brazen age.* [† ˘Aheněā proles.]

AHENĬPES, ĕdis. *Brazen-footed.* Narrāt ăhenĭpĕdes Martĭs ărassĕ bŏves. *O. See* ÆRIPES.

˘AHENUM, i. *n. A cauldron, a great kettle.* Costis undantĭs ăheni. *V.* [† Ollā, lĕbes, cacăbŭs. *St.*] Ep. Căvum, căpax, cālĭdum, tĕpĭdum, fervens, undans. Crol. Æs căvum.

˘AHENUS, ă, um. 1. *Of brass, brazen.* Vertunt crateras ăhenos. *V.* ∾ gălĕā. *O.* [† ˘Aheněus, ærĕŭs, æratŭs.] Crol. Ex ærĕ (lĕbes). Ex ærĕ rīgens (lorica). Ærĕ florentes (cătervæ). 2. Fig. *Hard, firm, inflexible.* ∾ cordā. *St.* Crol. Firmĭŏr ærĕ (vox). *See* DURUS.

AIO, ăis, ăit, aiunt. *Defect.* 1. *To affirm, to say.* Sic ăit, et dicto cĭtĭus &c. *V.* Quem secum pătrĭos aiunt portarĕ pĕnates. *V.* [† Affirmo, dico, lŏquŏr, inquam, rĕfĕro, narro, mĕmŏro.] 2. Aiunt, ŭt aiunt, quŏd aiunt, &c. *As is said, as they say* &c. Nĭsi fortĕ, quŏd aiunt, Turpĭs &c. *Pp. See* DICITUR.

AJAX, acis. *m.* 1. *Ajax, the son of Telamon, the most valiant of the Greeks, with the exception of Achilles, at the siege of Troy. C. D.* Nec quisquam Ajacem possit sŭpĕrarĕ, nĭsi Ajax. *O.* [† Tĕlămonĭdes.] Ep. Tĕlămonĭŭs, Sălămĭnĭŭs; audax, sŭperbŭs, magnănĭmŭs, gĕnĕrosŭs; demens, lymphatŭs, fŭrens. Crol. Tĕlămonĭā proles. Tĕlămonĭŭs, Sălămĭnĭŭs heros. Tĕlămonĭ crĕātŭs, sātŭs, natŭs, gĕnĭtŭs. 2. *Ajax, the son of Oileus, king of the Locrians, also at the siege of Troy.* Fŭrĭas Ajacis ˘Oilei. *V.* ˘Oilĭŏs Ajax. *O.* [† ˘Oilides, ˘Oilĭădes.] Ep. Audax, implŭs, sĭcrĭlĕgŭs.

ALA, æ. *f.* 1. *The wing of a bird.* Radĭt ĭter lĭquĭdum, cĕlĕres nĕquĕ commŏvĕt alas. *V.* [† Pennā, *or* pinnā; *sts.* remĭgĭum, vŏlatŭs.] Ep. Aĕrĭā, cĕlĕrĭs, rāpĭdā, cĭtā, lĕvĭs, pernix, præceps, velox, præpĕs, vŏlŭcrĭs, motā, extensā, trĕmŭlā, trĕpĭdā, trĕpĭdans, stridens, pictā; *pl.* pāres, plausæ, sŏcĭæ. Crol. Remĭgĭum alarum. Alarum remi. Pennarum remi. Pennarum velā. *See* VOLO (I.). 2. *The wing* or *feather of an arrow. V.* Fig. 3. Alæ fulmĭnĭs, tĭmorĭs. *V.* fati. *H.* Alis plangĭt Alpes Bŏrĕas. *Sil.* 4. *The sail of a vessel.* Velorum pandĭmŭs alas. *V.* Classis centenis alis. *Pp. See* VELUM. 5. *The wing of an army; a body of cavalry. V. See* TURMA. 6. *A hunting-net to stop the passage of the game.* Dum trĕpĭdant alæ, saltusquĕ indagĭnĕ cingunt. *V. See* INDAGO.

˘ALABASTRUM, i. *n. A marble* or *alabaster vase, in which perfumes were kept.* Quod cosmi rĕdŏlent ălăbastrā, fŏcĭquĕ dĕorum. *M. See* ONYX.

˘ALĂCĔR, *or* ˘ALĂCRIS. *f.* -ăcrĭs. *n.* -ăcrĕ (*and not* -acris, -acre). 1. *Alert, quick, active.* Sic rŭit in densos ălăcer Mezentĭŭs hostes. *V.* [† Promptŭs, păratŭs, accinctŭs, acĕr, expĕditŭs; festinŭs, cĭtŭs, prŏpĕrŭs, cĕlĕr.] *See* CELER. 2. *Animated, joyful. V.* [† Lætŭs, hĭlărĭs, ŏvans, gaudens.] *See* LÆTUS.

˘ALĂPA, æ. *f. A slap, box on the ear.* O quam dignŭs ĕrăs ălăpis, Mărĭanĕ, Lătini! *M.* [† Cŏlăphŭs.] Ep. Grăvis, durā. Phr. *To give a slap.* ˘Alăpam (cŏlăphum) incŭtĭo, impingo. Cŏlăphis percŭtĭo, verbĕro, fĕrĭo, cædo, pulso.

˘ALĂRICUS, i. *m. Alaric, the famous king of the Goths. C. D.* Res, ˘Alăricĕ, tŭas. *Cl.*

ALATUS, ă, um. *Winged.* Ut primum alatis tĕtĭgĭt magallā plantis. *V.* [† Pennatŭs, alĭgĕr, pennĭgĕr, alĕs, vŏlans.] Crol. Alis, pennis, instructŭs, subvectŭs, innixŭs; alarum remĭgĭo instructŭs.

˘ALAUDA, æ. *f. A lark. See* GALERITA.

ALBATUS, ă, um. *Clothed in white.* Festos albatus cĕlĕbrĕt. *H.*

ALBEO, es (*no perf.*). *To be white.* — Campiquĕ ingentes ossĭbŭs albent. *V.* [† Candĕo, canĕo, albesco, albĭco.] *See* CANDEO.

ALBESCO, ĭs. *To whiten, to grow white.* Flammarum . . . albescĕrĕ tractus. *V.* ∾-ĭt messis ăristis. *O.* fluctŭs fractis ĭn undis. *Sil.* [† Canesco.] *See* C.

ALBĬCO, as. *To be white.* Nec pratā canis albĭcant prŭinis. *H.* Albĭcantĭs littŏrĭs. *Cat. See* ALBEO.

ALBĬDUS, ă, um. *White.* Spumăquĕ pestĭfĕros circumflŭĭt albĭdā rictus. *O. See* ALBUS.

ALBĬNŎVANUS, i. *m. Pedo Albinovanus, a Latin poet of the Augustan age.* Durĭtĭæ confers, Albĭnŏvanĕ, mĕæ. *O. See* PEDO.

ALBIS, ĭs. *acc.* ĭn *or* im. *m. The Elbe, a river in Germany.* Albĭs, ĕt indŏmĭtum Rheni căpŭt. *L.*

ALBŬLA, æ. *f.* 1. *The ancient name of the Tiber.* Albŭlā, quem Tĭbĕrim mersus Tĭbĕrinŭs ĭn undis Reddidĭt. *O. See* TIBRIS. 2. ALBULA, æ. *f. and* ALBULÆ, arum. *pl. A spring of mineral waters near Tibur, now Tivoli.* Sulfŭrĕis Albŭlā fumăt ăquis. *M.* and *O.*

ALBŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Albus. ˘Ut albŭlus cŏlumbŭs, aut ˘Adonĕŭs. *Cat.*

ALBUM, i. *n. White* (the colour). Măcŭlis insignĭs ĕt albo. *V.* Sparsis pellĭbŭs albo. *V. See* CANDOR.

ALBUS, ă, um. 1. *White.* Candĭdā per silvam cum fetu concŏlŏr albo. *V.* [† Albens, candĭdŭs, candens, &c.] *See* CANDIDUS. 2. *White* (of the hair or beard). ∾ sĕnectā. *Pp.* cŏmā. *O. See* CANUS. 3. *Pale. O. See* PALLIDUS. 4. *Clothed in white. Pers. See* ALBATUS. 5. *Clear, serene.* ∾ Nŏtŭs. *H.* Lucĭfĕr. *O.* [† Purŭs, clarŭs, sĕrenŭs.] Fig. 6. *Fortunate, favorable.* ∾ (nautis) stellā. *H.* dĭes, horæquĕ sĕrenæ. *Sil.* [† Sĕrenŭs, faustŭs, lætŭs.] 7. Albo lăpillo signarĕ, &c. *See* CALCULUS.

ALCÆUS, i. *m. Alcæus, a lyric poet of Lesbos. C. D.* Plectro plenĭŭs sŏnans. Ep. Lesbŭs, lyrĭcŭs,

elatŭs, sublimis. Crel. Lesbĭŭs pŏetă, vates, civis.

ALCESTIS, is. *f. The daughter of Pelias, and wife of Admetus, king of Thessaly*, &c. *C. D.* Sŭbĭŭntem fată mĕriti Alcestim. *J.* Alcestin. *M.* Crel. Admeti conjux, uxŏr. Ep. Pĭgăsĕă, Thessălĭă, noblĭs (uxŏr). ˘Anĭmam mărito impendens. Phĕrĕtĭădæ (Phĕræi conjŭgis) fată sŭis fatis rĕdĭmens, *or* mŏrătă.

ALCIDES, æ. *acc.* em *or* en. *voc.* e *or* ă. *m. Alcides, a name of Hercules.* Alcides ădĭerăt &c. *V. See* HERCULES.

ALCMENĂ, æ. *Pp. and* ALCMENE, es. *f. O. The wife of Amphitryon, and mother of Hercules. C. D.* Crel. Hercŭlĕă pārens. Hercŭlis, Alcidæ, matĕr, pārens, gĕnĭtrix.

ALCYON (*or* HALCYŎNE), ŏnĭs, *or* ŏnĭs. *f.* Us. ALCYŎNĬS, um. *pl. The halcyon* (or *kingfisher*); *a bird said to make its nest in the sea, when it is calm.* Alcyŏnes solæ mĕmŏres &c. *O.* [† Alcyŏne.] Ep. Mœstă, tristis, quĕrŭlă, æquŏrĕă, fluctĭvăgă. Crel. Ceÿcis, *or* Thĕtĭdi dilectæ āves. Phr. (*Of the halcyons' nests.*) Nidi,—æquŏrĕ pendentes. *O.*—sopitis fluctĭbŭs nātantes. *Sil.* Fluctĭvăgæ dŏmŭs. Mĕdĭdi pĕnates. *St.*

ALCYŎNE (*or* HALCYŎNE), es. *f.* 1. *Halcyon, the daughter of Æolus and Ægiale, who, in despair at the loss of her husband Ceyx, threw herself into the sea. They were both changed into kingfishers.* Nil ŏpis, Alcyŏne, nobis tŭă votă tălerunt. *O.* 2. *A kingfisher. See* ALCYON. 3. *One of the Pleiades, the daughter of Atlas.* Lucĭdăque Alcyŏne. *O.*

I. ALCYŎNEŬS, ĕi, *or* ĕŏs. *m. One of the giants.* Alcyŏneus per stagnă pĕdes Tyrrhenă cŭcurrĭt. *Cl.*

II. ALCYŎNEŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the king-fisher*; hence, *n.* as subst. *a supposed cure for freckles, taken from the kingfisher's nest.* Adjĭce ĕt e quĕrĭlo vŏlŭcrum mĕdĭcamĭnă nido: Orĕ fŭgant măculas; alcyŏnea vŏcant. *O.*

ALEA, æ. *f.* 1. *A game of chance.* — Nec me tĕnĕt ălĕă fallax. *O.* Ep. Anceps, dŭbĭă, incertă, fallax, damnosă, ĭnĭquă, præceps, fŭgĭendă. *See* LUDO. 2. Fig. *Chance, risk, danger.* Pĕrĭcŭlosæ plenum ŏpŭs ălĕæ. *H.* Talĭbŭs admissis ∾ grandis ĭnest. *O.* ∾ fati. *L. See* DISCRIMEN.

ALEATOR, oris. *m. A dice-player, a gamester.* Ædilem vŏcăt udŭs ălĕătŏr. *M.* [† Alĕo, lusŏr.] *See* ALEA.

ALEC. *See* HALEC.

ALECTO, us. *acc.* o. *f. One of the furies.* Gorgŏnĕis Alecto infectă vĕnenis. *V.* Luctĭfĭcam Alecto &c. *V.* Crel. Cocytĭă virgo. Virgo noctĕ sătă, edĭtă. *See* FURIÆ.

˘ALĒMANI, ˘ALĒMANNI, *or* ˘ALĂMANNI, orum. *m. pl. A people of Germany between the Rhine and the Danube.* Hæc ˘Alĕmannorum spŏlĭis, australĭbŭs illĭă. *Cl. See* GERMANI.

˘ALĒMANNĬĂ, æ. *f. The country of the Alemanni. Cl.*

ALĔO, onis. *m. A gamester by profession* (alea). *Cat. See* ALEATOR.

ALES, ĭtis. *adj. m. f. n.* 1. *Winged, flying, that which flies.* Victŏr ˘Abantĭădes ălĭtĕ fertŭr ĕquo. *O.* ∾ famă. *Cl.* jăcŭlum. *Sil.* [† Alatŭs, vŏlans.] *See* ALATUS. 2. Fig. *Swift.* ∾ passŭs. *O.* ĕquŭs; austĕr. *V.* plumbum. *Sil.*

ALES, ĭtis. *gen. pl.* ĭtum *or* ĭtŭum. *subst. m. f.* 1. *A bird.* Fulvus Jŏvis alĕs ĭn æthra. *V.* Lapsă plĭăga (æthĕrĭă) Jŏvis ∾. *V.* [† ˘Avis, vŏlŭcris.] *See* AVIS. 2. *Augury, omen.* Mălă năvis exĭt ălĭtă. *H.* [† ˘Avis.] *See* OMEN.

˘ALEXANDĔR, dri. *m.* 1. *Alexander the Great, son of Philip of Macedon. C. D.* Ep. Audax, fortis, magnănĭmŭs, fĕrox, sævŭs, acĕr, insignis, inclĭtŭs, nobĭlis. Crel. Philippi proles. Rex Măcĕdo. Pellæŭs jŭvĕnis (dux, heros, ductŏr). Rex Æmăthĭŭs. 2. *A name of Paris. Lr. See* PARIS.

˘ALEXANDREA, *or* ˘ALEXANDRIA, æ. *f. The capital of Egypt, at the mouth of the Nile.* Portus ˘Alexandreă supplex (pătĕfecit). *H.* Ep. Divĕs, ŏpŭlentă, noblĭs, inclĭtă. Crel. Urbs ˘Alexandri. Pellæi muri.

˘ALEXANDRINŬS, ă, um. (˘Αλεξανδρῖνος.) *Of* or *relating to Alexandria. Pp.*

ALGĂ, æ. *f. Sea-weed.* Used prov. for *a thing of little value.* Projecta villŏr alga. *V.* [† Ulvă.] Ep. Æquŏrĕă, mărină, mollis, vĭrĭdis; văgă, vilis, ĭnutĭlis.

ALGENS, tis. *That which is cold; that which gives no heat* or *warmth.* Algentis mănŭs. *O.* ∾ Sol. *J.* fŏcŭs. *Pp. See* FRIGIDUS.

ALGĔO, es, alsi. *To be cold. See* ALGENS, FRIGEO.

ALGĬDUM, i. *n. and* ALGĬDĂ, orum. *pl. A town in Latium, on Mount Algidus.* Nĕc ămœnă rĕtentant Algĭdă. *Sil.*

ALGIDUS, i. *m. A mountain in Latium.* Quæcunque aut gĕlĭdo promĭnĕt Algĭdo. *H.*

I. ALGĬDŬS, ă, um. *Cold.* Algĭdŭs horrescit, concreto Caucăsŭs imbrĕ. *Cl. See* FRIGIDUS.

II. *Of* or *pertaining to Mount Algidus. O.*

ALGŎR, oris. *m. and* ALGŬS, us. *m. Lr. Great cold. See* FRIGIDUS.

˘ALIA (sc. vĭa). *adv.* ˘Alĭa . . . ălĭa. *One way . . . another way. Lr.* (˘Alĭŭs.)

˘ALIAS. *adv. At another time, at any other time.* Non ălĭas cœlo cĕcĭderunt plurĭă sĕreno Fulgŭrĭă. *V.* [† Unquam, olim, quondam.] Crel. ˘Alĭo dĭe, tempŏrĕ.

˘ALIBĬ. *Elsewhere.* Non tam præsentes ălĭbi cognoscĕrĕ divos. *V.*

˘ALICĂ, æ. *f. A kind of wheat; a beverage made of it. M.* Non læves ălĭcæ, nĕc aspĕrum far. *St.*

˘ALIENIGĔNUS, ă, um. *Foreign; alien in kind.* Venas, et sanguĕn, ĕt ossă, Et nervos ălĭenĭgĕnis ex partĭbŭs essĕ. *Lr. See* ALIENUS.

˘ALIENO, as. *To estrange, put away, alienate. Pl.* (˘Alĭenŭs.) *See* SEPARO.

˘ALIENŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to another.* Fertĭlĭor sĕgĕs est ălĭenis sempĕr ĭn arvis. *O.* Sternĭtŭr ălĭeno vulnĕrĕ; ∾ pĕrĭcŭlă; ∾ cornŭă fronti addĭtă (de Actæŏnĕ). *O.* Crel. Non sŭŭs. 2. *Strange, alien, foreign.* ∾ custos (ŏvĭum). *V.* gens. *O. See* EXTERNUS. 3. *A stranger to, averse to.* ∾ jŏci (*others*, jŏcis). *O.* [† ˘Allĕnŭs (a, *or* ăb), ăbhorrens.] 4. *Unsuitable, out of place*, &c. ˘Alĭenă lŏqui. *O.* [† ˘Ineptŭs, ălĭenŭs (a *or* ăb)].

ALĬGĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Winged.* Alĭgĕro tollĭtŭr axĕ Cĕres. *O.* ∾ ămŏr. *V.* [† Alatŭs, alĕs, pennatŭs, pennĭgĕr.] *See* ALLATUS.

˘ALĬMENTUM, i. *n.* 1. *Food.* Lactisque ălĭmentă dĕdĕrĕ. *O.* [† Nutrimentum, pabŭlum, cĭbŭs, escă, dăpes.] *See* CIBUS. 2. *Whatever serves for food, or for the support* or *increase of any thing.* ∾ flammæ (ceræ, &c.); nubĭbŭs (ăquæ); ănĭmi; vĭtĭorum. *O.* [† Nutrimentum, pabŭlum.]

˘ALIO. *adv. To another place.* Atquĕ sătas ălĭo vidi traducĕrĕ messes. *V.*

˘ALIOQUI, *and* ˘ALIOQUIN. *adv.* 1. *Otherwise, in all else.* Mendosa est natura, ălĭoqui rectă, vĕlut si. *H.* [† Cetĕrum, cetĕrĕ.] 2. *Otherwise, in some other way.* Aut ălĭoquin famosŭs. *H.* [† ˘Allĭtĕr.]

ALIPES, ĕdis. 1. *Wing-footed; used of Mercury.* Has dŏctŭit gentes ălĭpĕdisquĕ dĕi. *O.* 2. *Subst. m. Mercury. O. See* MERCURIUS. Fig. 3. *Fleet.* ∾ cervŭs. *Lr.* ĕquŭs. *V. See* CELER. 4. *Subst. m. pl. Horses.* Instratos ostro ălĭpĕdes. *V.* ∾-pĕdum jŭgă. *St.*

˘ALIPTES, æ. *m. One whose business it was to rub*

wrestlers with oil; used also gen. Dĭgĭtos impressĭt ălĭptes. *J.*

˘ALĬQUANDO. 1. *Sometimes, now and then.* Orbaturā pătres ălĭquando fulmĭnā ponăt. *O.* [† Interdum, nonnunquam, quandoquĕ.] 2. *At last, one day. Sen.* [† Tandem, demum.]

˘ALĬQUANTO (*with comp.*), *and* ˘ALĬQUANTUM, *n. A little, somewhat. Pl.* Utquĕ mĕi versus ălĭquantum noctĭs hăbebunt. *O.* (*Ib.*) [† ˘Alĭquĭd, pĕrum, paulŭlum, paulum, nonnĭhĭl.]

˘ALĬQUĬS, ă, ŏd *and* ĭd, ălĭcujŭs, ălĭcui. 1. *Some, some one, something; any, any one,* &c. Et nos ălĭquod nomenquĕ dĕcusquĕ Gessĭmŭs. *V.* [† Unŭs, quidam, quĭs, quisquam, nonnullŭs.] 2. *Somebody,* or *something of importance.* Si vis essĕ ∾. *J.* Sesse ∾-em credens. *Pers.* Est ∾-ĭd nupsissĕ Jŏvi. *O.*

˘ALĬQUO. *To some place or other, any whither.* Occurras ălĭquo &c. *O.*

˘ALĬQUŎT. *Some, some few.* Post ălĭquot, mĕă regnă, vĭdens mirabŏr, ăristas? *V.* [† Nonnulli, quidam, pauci.]

˘ALĬTĔR. 1. *Otherwise.* Dis ălĭter visum &c. *V.* [† Sĕcŭs; *sts.* ălĭas.] Crcl. ˘Alĭa vĭa, rătĭonĕ. ˘Alĭo pacto. Non ĭtă, non sic. 2. Non *or* haud ălĭtĕr ac, *or* quam (*a form of comparison*). Non ∾ quam quum &c. *O.* [† Non sĕcŭs ac.] *See* UT.

˘ALĬUNDĔ. *From elsewhere, from another quarter.* Cæcă tĭment ălĭundĕ fată. *H.* Crcl. ˘Alĭa partĕ, vĭa. Partĕ ălĭa. Ex ălĭa partĕ, *or* partĕ ex ălĭa.

˘ALĬUS, ă, ŭd. *gen.* (*very rare*) ălĭŭs. *dat.* ălĭi. 1. *Another;* (when repeated) *one . . . another.* Nos ălĭa ex ălĭis in fatā vŏcamŭr. *V.* [† Diversŭs, vărĭŭs, nŏvŭs; *sts.* altĕr.] Crcl. Non ĭs, non hĭc, non illĕ, non istĕ, non talĭs. 2. *A second like,* or *to match with, a first.* Quærĭtŭr huic ∾. *V.* [† Par, æmŭlŭs.] 3. *Pl. With* or *without* omnes. *All others, any others.* Antĕ ălĭos aptŭs ămarĕ. *O.* Antĕ ălĭos immanĭŏr omnes. *V.* [† Cĕteri, rĕlĭqui omnes.] 4. Sts. with abl. *Other than, different from,* &c. ∾ săplentĕ bŏnoquĕ. *H.* [† ˘Alĭŭs ac, atquĕ, quam.]

ALLABŎR, ĕrĭs, apsŭs. 1. *To glide* or *to flow gently towards, to near.* Seu mărĕ Inoffensum crescenti allabĭtŭr æstu. *V.* 2. *To come to, reach, touch* or *land at a place.* Matrĭs ∾-ĭtŭr aures (famā). *V.* Cumarum ∾-ĭmŭr oris. [† Accedo, affĕrŏr, advĕnĭo, pervĕnĭo, venĭo.] *See* APPELLO, is.

ALLĂBORO, as. *To bestow more than common pains and labour on any thing. H. To add to with labour* or *care.* Simplĭci myrto nihĭl allăbores. *H.*

ALLAPSŬS, us. *m. An approach by a gliding* or *sinuous motion.* Serpentĭum allapsus timĕt. *H. See* ADVENTUS.

ALLATRO, as. 1. *To bark after* or *at.* Grăvĭdis allatret Sirĭŭs uvis. *Cl. See* LATRO. 2. Fig. *To abuse, to slander, to defame. M. Sil.* [† Lăcesso, mălĕdico, obstrĕpo.]

ALLEGO, as. 1. *To depute, commission* (often for a bad purpose). *Pl.* 2. *To allege,* or *adduce as excuse* or *proof.* Allegantquĕ sŭos utroque a sanguinĕ divos. *St.* [† I. Lego, mitto. 2. Prætendo, arcesso, cĭto, affĕro, rĕfĕro.]

ALLĔLUIA, *or* HALLĔLUIA. (*A Hebrew word, undecl.*) *Sts.* ALLELUIA (fr. the Greek, 'Αλληλούια). *Hallelujah! Eccl.*

ALLĔVO, as. 1. *To raise, lift up.* Illĕ crŭorĕ flŭens, sŭbĭto tămĕn allĕvăt artus. *O.* [† Lĕvo, sublĕvo, tollo, attollo, erĭgo.] 2. *To relieve.* Nec vĭrĭbŭs ∾-ŏr ullis. *O.*

ALLIA, æ. *f. A river in Italy, near which the Romans were defeated by Brennus.* Infaustum interlŭit Allĭă nomĕn. *V.* Ep. Flebĭlĭs, grăvis, *infaustă.*

ALLĬCĬO, ĭs, lexi, lectum. *To attract, to invite, allure.* Allĭcĭunt somnos tempus, motusquĕ, mĕrumquĕ. ˘Ocŭlis ∾-endŭs ămŏr. *O.* [† Pellĭcĭo, invito, trăho, attrăho, duco, induco.] *See* PELLICIO.

ALLIDO, ĭs, isi, isum. *To dash against* tr. and so *To break.* Ut si quis prĭŭs, arĭdă quam sit Cretă persona, allĭdat pilævĕ trăbivĕ. *Lr.* [† Illĭdo, collĭdo.]

ALLĬGO, as. 1. *To fasten to, to bind, bind up.* Unco non allĭgăt ancŏră morsu. *V.* ∾ brachiă. *O.* [† Lĭgo, rĕlĭgo, vincĭo, adstringo.] *See* VINCIO. 2. Fig. *To bind fast, keep close, compress.* ∾-ăt torpŏr artus. *O.* sŏpŏr artus. *V. Fl.* ∾ mœnă cŏrona. *Sil.* [† Adstringo, densĕo. contrăho.]

ALLĬNO, ĭs, levi, lĭtum. *To draw a smear* or *blot upon; to draw a mark with a liquid upon.* Incomptis (versĭbŭs) allĭnĕt atrum Transverso cĭlĭmo signum. *H.* [† Lĭno, illĭno.]

ALLĬUM, ĭi, *and* i. *n. Garlic.* Allĭă serpyllumquĕ herbas contundĭt ŏlentes. *V.* Ep. Acrĕ, grăvĕ, ŏlens, rĕdŏlens.

ALLŎBROX, *and* ALLOBROX, ŏgĭs. *m.* ALLŎBRŎGES, um. *pl. The Allobroges, a people of Gallia Narbonensis.* Nŏvisquĕ rebŭs infĭdelĭs Allŏbrox. *H.* Cĭcĕronem Allobrŏgă dixĭt. *J.*

ALLŎCUTIO. 1. *An address. St.* 2. *Consoling words, consolation.* Qua solatĭŭs ĕs allŏcutĭŏnĕ. *Cat. See* ALLOQUIUM.

ALLŎQUĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Address, conversation.* Allŏquĭi partĕ jŭvarĕ tŭi. *O.* ∾-is longis noctem producĕrĕ. *L.* dulcĭbŭs noctem educĕrĕ. *V. Fl.* [† Collŏquĭum, sermo, affatŭs, voces, verbă.] Ep. Dulcĕ, blandum, optatum, jucundum, gratum. 2. Freq. *Consoling words, consolation* (παραμυθία). *O. H.* [† Allŏcutĭo, admŏnĭtŭs.] *See* SOLATIUM.

ALLŎQUŎR, ĕrĭs, quutŭs *or* cutŭs sum. *To address, speak to.* Tum sic reginam allŏquĭtŭr &c. *V.* [† Compello (as), affari.] Crcl. Dictis affari. Vocĕ, verbis, dictis compello. Dictis aggrĕdĭŏr, prosĕquŏr. Me cum vocĭbŭs offĕro. Vocĕ (fŭgĭentem) sĕquŏr. Vocĕ prĭŏr ingrĕdĭŏr. *See* LOQUOR.

ALLUDO, ĭs, usi, usum. 1. *To sport, play, sport with.* Et nunc alludit (bos), vĭrĭdique exsultăt in herba. *O.* [† Ludo.] 2. *To speak playfully, joke, jest at* or *with.* Heus ĕtĭam mensas consumĭmŭs, inquĭt ˘Iulŭs. Nec plurā, alludens. *V.* [† Ludo, jŏcŏr, ridĕo.] 3. *To play; used of the gentler movements of the waves* or *wind.* ˘In alludentĭbŭs undis. *O.* ∾-ĭt lenĭbŭs flabris austĕr. *V. Fl.* [† Ludo, mulcĕo.]

ALLŬO, ĭs, i. *To wash* (as a river). *V.* [† Allambo, lăvo, rĭgo, præflŭo, præterflŭo.]

ALLŬVIES, ei. *f. An inundation.* Allŭvĭe mons est deductŭs in æquŏr. *O. See* DILUVIUM.

ALMUS, ă, um. 1. *That which nourishes; that which feeds.* Vitĭbŭs ∾-is. *V.* ∾ lĭquŏr ăquarum. *Lr.* ăgĕr. *V.* terrā. *O.* ovā. *H.* 2. *That which makes fruitful.* ∾ Cĕres. *V.* Dĭone; Vĕnŭs; Lux. *O.* Faustĭtas; Sol. *H. See* FECUNDUS. 3. Fig. *Sacred, worthy of reverence.* ∾ Phœbe; Trĭvĭă; Cybebe; Sĭbyllă. *V.* săcerdos. *Pp.* Juno; Thĕmis. *O.*

ALNUS, i. *f. An alder-tree;* ext. *A boat, vessel.* Tunc alnos primum flŭvĭi senserĕ căvatas. *V.* Ep. Phăĕthontĕă, Phăĕthontĭăs, vĭrĭdis, vĭrens, altă, procerā, longă, frondens, flŭvĭalis. ˘Amică frĕtis; aptă mări (undis, fluctĭbŭs). *See* CYMBA, NAVIS.

˘ALO, ĭs, alui. *Pl.* 1. *To cause to grow, increase by feeding.* Quem (amnem) sŭper notas ălĭŭerĕ ripas (imbres). *H. See* AUGEO. 2. Us. *To feed, nurture, bring up.* ∾-ĭt ubĕrĕ fetus; matĕr tellus; ∾-ebăt me Parthĕnŏpe. *V.* ∾-ŭĭt glans vĕtĕres. *Tib.* [† Nutrĭo, pasco, edŭco.] Crcl. ˘Alĭ-

mentā (nutrimentā, pabŭlā) do (suffĭcĭo, mĭnistro, suppēdĭto, porrĭgo, præbĕo, trĭbŭo, conferо): cĭbum (dăpes, ĕpŭlas) do. Cĭbum fĕro. Cĭbĭs ălo, pasco. Cĭbo, dăpĭbŭs pasco, sustĭnĕo, fŏvĕo. 3. *To provide, to produce.* ˘Allĭt ductores (Africā terrā). lĕones istā terrā. *O.* [† Edŭco, educo, produco, părĭo, gigno.] *See* GIGNO. 4. *To foment, cherish, keep up.* ∾ vulnŭs venis. *V.* ălĭtim; flammas. *O.* ∾-unt horrendā sĭlentĭā tĕnĕbræ. *Sil.* [† Nutrĭo, pasco, fŏvĕo.] 5. *To support, encourage.* ˘Allĭt hoc successŭs. *V.* agrĭcŏlas spes. *Tib.* [† Sustĭnĕo, accendo, ăcŭo.] *See* ACCENDO.

˘ALŎR. *pass.* 1. *To be fed, maintained;* or *to feed, live upon.* ˘Allĭtur cĭbis. *O. See* PASCOR, EDO. 2. *To be brought up. V.* 3. Fig. ∾-ĭtŭr tĕgendo vĭtĭum. *V.* divĭtĭis ămŏr. *O.* [† Nutrĭŏr, fŏvĕŏr, sustĭnĕŏr, vivo, vĭgĕo, augĕŏr, cresco.]

˘ALŎE, es. *f. The aloe;* hence, fig. *Bitterness* (from the nature of the plant). Plus ălŏes quam mellĭs hăbĕt. *J.*

ALPES, ĭum. *f. pl.* 1. *The Alps, a chain of mountains between France and Italy. V.* Ep. Aĕrĭæ, excelsæ, nimbosæ, gĕlĭdæ, nĭvales, nĭvosæ, hibernæ. Crol. Alpini montes. Alpinæ rupes, arces. Alpinā jŭgā, căcumĭnā. Alpinŭs vertex, mons, rigŏr. Alpinæ nĭves, prŭinæ. Alpis jŭgā. 2. *Sts. sing.* ALPIS. Quŏt ĭn Alpe fĕræ. *O.*

ALPHEŬS, *or* ALPHEŎS, i. *m.* 1. *The Alpheus, a river of Elis, fabled to pass through the sea to Sicily, and there mingle its waters with those of Arethusa. C. D.* Quo prŏpĕras ˘Arĕthusā? sŭis Alpheŭs ăb undis. *O.* Crol. Elĭdis amnis. *V.* Alphea flumĭnā Pisæ. Phr. Occultas subtĕr mārĕ vĭas ăgens. Sĭcŭlis undis confusŭs. 2. *Used adj.* Alphea flumĭnā Pisæ. *V.*

ALPINŬS, ă, um. *Of the Alps.* Alpinas, ah! durā nĭvea, et frigŏrā Rheni. *V.*

ALPIS. *See* ALPES.

ALTARĬ, is. *n. and us.* ALTARĬA, um. *pl. An altar.* [† Arā.] *See* A.

ALTE. *adv.* 1. *On high, high.* ∾ tollĭt corpŭs. *O.* suras vincirĕ; căpŭt ∾-ĭŭs effert. *V.* [† Sublimĕ.] Crol. ˘In altum, ĭn sublimĕ. 2. *From high up,* or *low down.* Causas pĕtĭs altĭŭs. *V.* [† Ex alto.] 3. *Deeply, deep.* ∾ vulnŭs ădactum; defigĭtŭr terræ arbŏr. *V.* [† Pĕnĭtŭs.] Crol. ˘Ad imum, ăd imā. 4. *Loudly.* ∾ rĕsŏnarĕ. *V.*

ALTĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *gen.* altĕrĭŭs. *dat.* altĕri. 1. *The other;* hence sts. *Any other.* Altĕrĭus crevĭt ămorĕ tŭŭs. Disclĭe ăb altĕrĭus vestris tĭmŭissĕ quĕrelas. *O.* [† ˘Allĭŭs.] 2. *One of the two.* Bisquĕ dĭe nūmĕrant ambo pĕcŭs, altĕr ĕt hædos. *V.* [† Unŭs.] 3. *The one . . . the other.* Altĕrum ĭn altĕrĭus mactatos sanguĭnĕ cernam. *V.* [† Unŭs . . . altĕr; hĭc . . . illĕ.] 4. *A second, the second.* Altĕrā quæ vĕhăt Argo. Dĭes ∾-quĕ dies. Unŭs ĕt ∾. *V.* ∾-æ mensæ. *H.* [† Sĕcundŭs, nŏvus.] 5. Altĕr ăb. *The next after, the next following.* Tu mox ĕrĭs altĕr ăb illo. *V.* ∾ ăb undĕcĭmo (annŭs). *V.* 6. *Different from before, altered* (for the worse gen.). [† ˘Allĭŭs, dissĭmĭlĭs, mutatus.]

ALTERCŎR, arĭs, atŭs sum. *To contend with, contest, dispute.* Lit. *and* fig. Altercantĕ lĭbidĭnĭbus trĕmĭs ossā pāvorĕ. *H.* [† Jurgŏr, rixŏr, contendo, certo.]

ALTERNANS, tis. 1. *That which alternates its movement, which comes and goes,* &c. Alternantĕ vŏrans vastā Chārybdis ăqua. *Pp. See* RECIPROCUS. 2. *Acting one with another by turns, or in interchange of action.* Illi alternantes multa vi prœlĭā miscent. *V. See* ALTERNIS. 3. *One who hesitates in deciding, is backwards and forwards about a thing.* Hæc alternanti pŏtĭor sententĭā visa est. *V. See* ANCEPS.

ALTERNIS (sc. vicibus). *As adv. Alternately, by turns.* ∾ cessarĕ nŏvales. *V.* nomĕn ŭtrumquĕ clĭēt. *O.* [† Alterne, vĭcissĭm, invĭcem: *adj.* alternans, alternŭs.] Crol. Per vĭces. Per alternas vĭces. Alterno tempŏrĕ. Alterna vĭcĕ. Alternis vĭcĭbŭs.

ALTERNO, as. 1. *To alternate an action; to do,* or *cause to be done, by turns,* or *in turn.* ∾ vĭces. *O.* portæ excŭbĭas. *Sil.* [† Muto, vărĭo; vĭces vărĭo.] 2. *To keep in doubt, in a wavering state.* ∾-ant spesquĕ mĕtuesquĕ fĭdem. *O.*

ALTERNŬS, ă, um. 1. *Alternate; by turns,* or *in turn; one after another.* Alternos orbĭbŭs orbes Impĕdĭunt. *V.* ∾ rĕqulĕs. *O.* vŏlumĭnā crurum sĭnŭăt; fortunā multos lusĭt rĕvĭsens. *V.* ∾-o pĕdĕ terram quătĭunt. *H.* 2. *From,* or *of, each other.* Alternā fĕrĕtĭs Gaudĭā, tu fratris fascĭbŭs, illĕ tŭis. *O.* Alternā pĕrĭerĕ mānu. *V.* [† Mutŭŭs.] *See* M.

ALTĔRŬTĔR, ŭtrā, ŭtrum. *One of the two; the one or the other.* Altĕrŭtrum velox victorĭā frondĕ cŏronāt. *H.*

ALTĬLIS, e. *That which is reared* or *fattened for the table;* hence, *fat, fit for eating.* Us. *as subst. f.* (sc. ăvis.) *A fowl* or *bird fattened for the table.* Ad nos jam vĕnĭet mĭnŏr altĭlis. *J.* Sătŭr altĭlĭum. *H.*

ALTĬSŎNŬS, ă, um. 1. *Sounding on high* (*Cic.*). [† Altĭtŏnans.] 2. *Sounding loftily, sublimely.* Mārŏ ∾. *J.*

ALTĬTŎNANS, tis. 1. *Thundering on high.* Nam pătĕr altĭtŏnans &c. (*Cic.*) 2. *Roaring on high.* ∾ Vulturnŭs. *Lr.*

ALTĬVŎLANS, tis. *Flying high, coursing rapidly on high.* Sollis rŏtā cerni . . . Altĭvŏlans pŏtĕrāt. *Lr.* ∾ grus. *Aus.*

ALTŎR, oris. *m. A foster-father, one who brings up another.* Gaudens altorĕ rĕcepto. *O.*

ALTRIX, icis. *f.* 1. *A nurse.* Altrici, quæ luctus causā rŏganti. *O.* [† Nutrix.] *See* N. 2. *Used of things inanimate; of the country, place,* &c. *of a man's birth and nurture.* ∾ terrā ˘Ulyssis. *V.* Collatĭā Bruti. *Sil.* Idā ∾. *O.* [† Nutrix, matĕr, pārens, gĕnĭtrix.]

ALTUM, i. *n. and* ALTĂ, orum. *pl.* 1. *The heights above, the heavens, the sky.* Altum nĭdis pĕtĭerĕ rĕlictis. *V.* Omnes sŭpĕra altā tĕnentes. *V. See* AER, CŒLUM. 2. ALTĂ. *Heights, elevated ground.* Armis ∾ tĕnent. *V.* [† Edĭtā, summā.] 3. ALTUM, *and* ALTĂ. *The deep; the main* (sea). *See* MARE. 4. *The bottom.* ˘Ab alto attractŭs spirĭtŭs; altā (amnis, *gen.*) pĕtens. *V.* [† Imum, imā.] *See* FUNDUS.

ALTŬS, ă, um. 1. *High, elevated.* ∾ turris. *V.* regĭā Sollis. *O.* [† Celsŭs, edĭtŭs, ardŭŭs, sublimis, elatŭs, &c.] *See* CELSUS. 2. *Tall in stature. V.* [† Sublimis, procerŭs, magnŭs, ingens.] *See* MAGNUS. 3. *Loud* (of the voice). [† Magnŭs.] 4. *Great, powerful.* ∾ ˘Apollo. 5. *Great, sublime.* [† Sublimis, magnŭs, grandis.] 6. *High-born, illustrious.* Gĕnŭs alto a sanguĭnĕ. *V.* [† Pulchĕr, insignis, nobĭlis, inclĭtŭs.] *See* CELEBER. 7. *Proud.* Rejĭcĕrĕ alto vultu. *V.* ∾ verbā. *O.* [† Sublimis, elatŭs, fĕrox, sŭperbŭs.] 8. *Deep.* Lit. *and* fig. ∾ pălus; fundamentā; mens. *V.* ∾ sĭlentĭā; quies. *V.*

˘ALUMNŬS, i. *m.* (*and* ˘ALUMNĂ, æ. *f. O.*) 1. *A nursling, foster-child.* Ebĭbĭt indĕ suæ răbĭem nutricis ălumnŭs. *O.* Cŏmĕs . . . caro dătŭs ibăt ălumno. *See* PUER, PUELLA. 2. *A young one; child; son.* Parvi ∾-i (*of the flock*). *H.* Terræ omnĭpărentis ∾ (Tĭtyon). *V. See* FILIUS. 3. *A pupil, disciple. St.* [† Discĭpŭlŭs.]

˘ALUTĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Soft skin,* or *leather.* M. Hence, *any thing made of it.* 2. Us. *A shoe.* Pes mĭlĭtis in nĭvĕā semper celetŭr ăluta. *See* CALCEUS.

3. *A purse. J.* 4. *A cosmetic covering*, or *patch used by women for the face. O.*

Alvearium, ĭi. *n. and us.* **Alvearia**, orum. *pl. A bee-hive.* Si lento fŭĕrint alvearĭă vimĭnĕ textă. *V.* [† Alvĕŭs, ceræ, cellæ, căvĕæ, præsepes.] **Ep.** Hybläum, Cecrŏpĭum, dulcĕ, ŏlens, rĕdŏlens, ŏdorum, vimĭnĕum. **Crcl.** Cerĕă tectă, castrĭă. ˘Apum sedes, dŏmŭs, limĭnă, cŭbilĕ, aulă, căvĕæ. Septă dŏmorum. ˘Odori cortĭcĭs antrĭă. Dædălă tectă. *See* Apis, Mel.

Alvĕŏlŭs, i. *m. A small trough, bowl*, or *tray. J.*

Alvĕus, vĕi *or* vei, vĕo *or* veo, vĕum *or* veum. *m.* (*better diss.*) 1. *The bed* or *channel of a river.* Prono rĭpĭt alvĕŭs amni. *V.* Flumĭnĭs ∾. *V.* Tusco denăt̆ăt̆ alveo. *H.* **Ep.** Altŭs, căvŭs, declivĭs, udŭs, ŭrenosŭs. **Crcl.** Sŏllĭtarum limĕs ăquarum. *O. See* Flumen. 2. *A trough, tray, bowl.* ∾ fagĭnĕŭs. *O.* [† Alvĕŏlŭs.] 3. *A hull* or *hold of a ship; a boat, ship.* Portabat sanctos ∾ illĕ vĭros. *Pp.* (Cymbă) accĭpĭt alveo Ingentem Æneam. *See* Cymba, Navis. 4. *A hive. Tib. See* Alvearium.

Alvŭs, i. *f.* 1. *The belly.* Argutumquĕ căput, brĕvĭs alvŭs, ŏbesăquĕ tergă. *V.* [† Ventĕr, viscĕră; *sts.* stŏmăchŭs.] *See* Venter. 2. *The womb. O. See* Uterus. 3. *A cavity, hollow.* ∾ vlĭŏsæ illĭcĭs. *V.* fagi. *Cl.* [† Căvum.]

˘**Amabĭlĭs**, ĕ. 1. *Worthy of love, amiable.* ˘Ut ămerĭs ămabĭlĭs esto. *O.* Vita ∾-lĭŏr. *Cat.* [† ˘Amandŭs.] **Crcl.** Dignŭs ămari, ămorĕ. 2. *Sweet, pleasing, agreeable* (of things inanimate). [† Dulcĭs, gratŭs, jucundŭs, lætŭs.] ∾ carmĕn. *H.* 3. *Tender, loving.* ∾ murmŭr. *O. See* Amabiliter.

˘**Amabĭlĭtĕr.** 1. *Lovingly.* Spectĕt ămabĭlĭus jŭvĕnem &c. *O.* 2. *Pleasingly, agreeably.* Lusĭt ămabĭlĭtĕr. *H.* [† Jucundĕ, lĕpĭdĕ.]

˘**Amabo** (*future of* Amo; *used as interj.*). *Prythee; do, I beg. M.* [† Quæso, sodes, prĕcŏr.]

˘**Amalthea**, æ. *and* ˘**Amalthee**, es. *f.* 1. *The daughter of Melissus, king of Crete, and nurse of Jupiter. C. D.* Nais ˘Amalthee, Cretæa nobĭlis Ida. *O. See* Capella, Cornu. 2. *The name of a Cumæan Sibyl. Tib.*

˘**Amans**, tis. *part. and used adj. Fond, loving.* Nĕc ămantĭŏr æqui Vir fŭĭt. *O.* ∾ crŭorĭs; ∾-lĭă verbă. *O.*

˘**Amans**, tis. *subst. m. f.* 1. *A lover.* Quum sŭbĭta incautum dementĭă cepĭt ămantem. *V.* [† *Sts.* Prŏcŭs, dŏmĭnă; ămatŏr, ămică.] **Ep.** Formosŭs, pulchĕr, insomnĭs, sollĭcĭtŭs, anxĭŭs, tristĭs, mĭsĕr, pallĭdŭs, demens; fidŭs, fĭdelis; lĕvĭs, mendax. **Crcl.** ˘Amorĕ (magno, ingenti, insano) captŭs, incensŭs, succensŭs, ardens, călens, flăgrans, percussŭs, saucĭŭs, victŭs, cæcŭs, jactatŭs, turbatŭs, raptŭs, correptŭs, vinctŭs, tactŭs, lassŭs, stĭmŭlatŭs, impulsŭs. ˘Amorĭs stĭmŭlis ictŭs, ăgĭtatŭs. Magno *or* miro ămorĕ (ănĭmum) lăbĕfactŭs, incensŭs. *See* Amo. 2. Sts. *The person loved* (*and loving*). [† ˘Amŏr, ămorĕs, flammă, ardŏr, ignis.] *See* Amor.

˘**Amaracus**, i. *m. f. Sweet-marjoram.* ˘Ubĭ mollĭs ămaracŭs illum. *V.*

˘**Amarantus**, i. *m. The amaranth, a purple everlasting flower.* Illas, ămărantĕ, mŏrarĭs. *O.* **Ep.** Purpŭrĕŭs, ŏlens, ŏdorŭs, florens.

˘**Amarities**, ei. *f. Bitterness.* Quæ dulcem curis miscĕt ămarĭtĭem. *Cat. See* Amaror.

˘**Amarŏr**, orĭs. *m. Bitterness, a bitter taste.* Tristĭă tentantum sensu torquebĭt ămarŏr (orĕ). *V.* [† ˘Amarĭtĭes, ămarum.] **Crcl.** ˘Amarŭs săpŏr, gustŭs.

˘**Amarus**, ă, um. 1. *Bitter to the taste.* Sălĭces carpetĭs ămaras. *V.* [† Acĕr, ăcerbŭs; *sts.* salsŭs. 2. *Fig. Bitter, painful, hateful.* ∾ rumŏr; hostĭa. *V.* sŏnĭtŭs (tŭbæ). *St.* ∾ dĭes. *Tib.* ˘Amarăă

risu tempĕrarĕ. *H.* ∾-os casus ferrĕ. *O.* [† Aspĕr, ăcerbŭs, tristĭs, ingratŭs, insuavĭs, durŭs.]

˘**Amasis**, ĭs. *m. A king of Egypt.* Tŭmŭlis evulsŭs ˘Amasis.

˘**Amathus**, untis. *f. A town of Cyprus, sacred to Venus.* Grăvĭdamque ˘Amăthuntă mĕtalli. *O. See* Cyprus.

˘**Amathusius**, ă, um, *and* ˘**Amathusias**, ădis. *f.* 1. *Of* or *relating to Amathus.* Cultĕ pŭer, pŭĕrique părens ˘Amăthusĭă culti. *O.* ˘Amăthusĭădasquĕ vĭdentes. *O.* 2. *Used subst.* (˘**Amathusĭă**, æ. *f.*) *as a name of Venus. Cat.* (*and perhaps the O. above.*) *See* Venus.

˘**Amator**, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A lover, admirer* (of any thing). Urbĭs ămatorem Fuscum salvĕrĕ jŭbemŭs Rurĭs ămatores. *H.* [† ˘Amans, stŭdĭosŭs.] 2. *A lover* (freq. in a bad sense). *See* Amans.

˘**Amatus**, ă, um. *Beloved.* Non mĭhĭ quam fratri fratĕr ămatĕ mĭnŭs. *O.* [† Dilectŭs, carŭs, dulcĭs.] *See* Carus.

˘**Amazon**, ŏnis. *f. and* ˘**Amazonis**, dis. *f.* 1. *An Amazon.* At nymphas tĕtĭgit nŏvă res, ĕt ˘Amazŏnĕ natŭs. *O.* 2. Hence, *A female warrior. V.* (de Cămilla). *See* Virago.

˘**Amazones**, um, *and* ˘**Amazonides**, um. *f. pl. The Amazons, female warriors of Cappadocia. C. D.* Pictis bellantŭr ˘Amazŏnĕs armis. *V.* Ducĭt ˘Amazŏnĭdum &c. (agmĭnă.) *V.* **Ep.** Threĭcĭæ, Thermodontĭăcæ, bellĭgĕræ, bellatrices, sĕcurĭgĕræ; audaces, fortes, magnănĭmæ, impăvĭdæ, peltatæ. **Crcl.** Scŷthĭcæ pŭellæ. Turmă (cŏhors, cătervă) Thermodontĭă, peltată.

˘**Amazonicus**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to an Amazon*, or *to the Amazons.* Non tĭbi ˘Amazŏnĭs est pro me sumendă sĕcurĭs. *O.* ∾ phărĕtra. *V.*

Ambage. *abl. f.* (*no other case in sing.*) **Ambages**, um, ĭbŭs. *pl.* 1. *A winding about, circuitous, in and out way.* Vărĭarum ambagĕ vĭarum. *O.* Dŏlos tecti, ambagesque rĕsolvĭt (*of the labyrinth*). *V.* Longis illuc ∾-ĭbŭs itŭr. *Cl.* [† Circŭĭtŭs, flexŭs; *hence*, errŏr.] *See* Labyrinthus. 2. Fig. *Artful involutions, evasions, and ambiguities of meaning in words.* Atquĕ pĕr ambages, et longa exorsă tĕnebo. *V.* Paupĕrĭem missis ambagĭbŭs horres. *H.* **Ep.** Obscuræ, perplexæ, implexæ, difficĭlĭes, longæ, fallaces.

Ambescŭs, ă, um. *part. of* Ambedo. 1. *Gnawed* or *eaten round, consumed.* Ambesas cogat malis absumĕrĕ mensas. *V.* 2. Fig. *Used of fire.* Ambesă robŏrĕ. *V.*

Ambĭgo, ĭs (*no perf.*). *To doubt, be uncertain.* Ambĭgĕres răpĕretnĕ rŏsis Aurorĕ rŭborem. *Aus. See* Dubito.

Ambĭgŏr. *pass. Us.* Ambĭgĭtŭr, *as impers. It is a matter of doubt, a question.* Ambĭgĭtŭr nomĭnă ponăt ŭtĕr. *O.* ŭtĕr utro sĭt prĭŏr. *H.* [† Dŭbĭtatŭr, contendĭtŭr, certatŭr.]

Ambĭgŭe. *adv. Ambiguously, obscurely.* Argŭĕt ambĭgŭe dictum. *H.* [† Dŭbĭe, obscure.]

Ambĭgŭus, ă, um. 1. *Of ambiguous nature*, or *origin; another and the same.* Agnovit prolem ambĭgŭam gĕmĭnosquĕ părentes. *V.* ∾-am tellurĕ nŏva Sălămĭnă. *H.* [† Anceps.] 2. *Of two or more forms.* Protĕăquĕ ambĭgŭum. *O.* ∾-os vĭros (Centauros). *O.* [† Bĭformĭs, vărĭŭs. 3. *Dark, uncertain, ambiguous.* ∾-as voces spargĕrĕ. *V.* irĕ vĭas. *O.* [† Anceps, dŭbĭŭs, obscurŭs.] 4. *Double-tongued, evasive, not to be relied upon.* ∾ fĭdes. *O.* Quippĕ dŏmum tĭmĕt ambĭgŭam, Tŷrĭosquĕ bĭlingues. *V.* [† Fallax, infidŭs, incertŭs.] 5. *Wavering, divided between two opinions, doubtful.* ∾-o spes nixa mĕtu. *O.* Ancĭpĭtes, ŏcŭlisquĕ mălignis Ambĭgŭæ spectarĕ rătes. *V.* [† Anceps, dŭbĭŭs, incertŭs, alternans.] 6. *Doubtful* (with a gen.). ∾ vitæ jăcŭĭt. *Cl.* [† Dŭbĭŭs, incertŭs.] 7. Ambĭgŭum est, in am-

blĭgŭo est, *or simply* Ambĭgŭum. *O. It is doubtful, undecided.* Crcl. ˘In ambĭgŭo jăcĕt. ˘In ambĭgŭo servo, rĕlinquo. *See* DUBIUM.

AMBIO, is, ivi, *or* ĭi. 1. *To surround, to gird, to encircle, encompass.* Băculum nexĭbŭs ambirĕ. *O.* (*of a snake.*) Intrarant . . . natæ, ambĭĕrantquĕ tŏrum. *O.* ∾ qd complexĭbŭs. *O.* oras auro. *V.* urbem. *L.* [† Circumdo, cingo.] 2. *To surround* (of the sea, a river, &c.). *V.* [† Cingo, circŭmĕo, circumflŭo, complectŏr, circumlabŏr.] 3. *To make the tour of.* ∾ Sĭcŭlam terram. *O.* [† Circŭmĕo, ŏbĕo, ŏbambŭlo.] 4. *To go to and about, visit, frequent. H.* [† ˘Adĕo, obĕo, inviso, accedo.] 5. *To accost with a view of persuading, to court, to sue.* Quo nunc reginam ambirĕ fŭrentem Audĕăt affatu? *V.* ∾-ĭt sŭpĕros (Vĕnŭs). *O.* Lătinum connublis. *V.* te prĕcĕ (paupĕr). *H.* [† Sollĭcĭto, sectŏr, capto; rŏgo, prĕcŏr.] *See* AMBITUS (II.).

AMBĬTIO, onis. *f.* 1. *Ambition.* Sollĭcĭtæquĕ fŭgax ambĭtionis ĕram. *O.* [† Ambĭtŭs, cŭpido.] Ep. Cæcă, vesană, insană, tŭmĭdă, inanis, vană, mĭsĕrĕ, impătĭens, irrĕquietă, insomnis, pervĭgĭl. Crcl. Hŏnorum (regnandi, dŏmĭnandi) cŭpido. Famæ sĭtis. 2. *Parade, ostentation. See* FASTUS.

AMBĬTIOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Winding, climbing round.* Lascivis hĕdĕris ambĭtiosĭŏr. *H.* 2. *Ambitious, eager after public honours and distinctions.* Turbăquĕ cœlestes ambĭtiosă sŭmŭs. *O.* [† Avĭdŭs, cŭpĭdŭs.] Crcl. Ambĭtionĕ lăborans. Hŏnorĭbŭs inhĭans. Hŏnorum ămorĕ, cŭpĭdĭnĕ captŭs (flagrans, accensŭs, actŭs, perculsŭs). Hŏnorum ăvĭdŭs, cŭpĭdŭs. 3. *Ambitious of, eager after what is uncommon and recherché, and so distinguishes.* Quæsitorum terra pĕlăgoquĕ cĭborum ∾-ă fămes. *L.* 4. *Ambitious* (gen.) *to be in the eye of the world; aspiring, ostentatious, of much pretence, studious of effect and notice.* Notă dŏmŭs, sĕd non ∾-ă. *O.* Divĭtĭis ∾-ă căsă. *M.* ∾-ă ornamentă; paupertas. *J.* 5. *Canvassing for; soliciting, carrying favour.* Misĕrăt hibernas ∾ rŏsas. *M.* Pro nostris ∾ mălis. *O. See* SUPPLEX.

I. AMBĬTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A winding round.* Et prŏpĕrantĭs ăquæ pĕr ămœnos ambĭtŭs hortos. *H.* [† Circŭlŭs, gyrŭs, flexŭs, orbis.] 2. *A canvassing; ambition.* ∾ urbi letalis. *L.* ∾ ĕt luxŭs. *L. See* AMBITIO.

II. AMBĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* AMBIO. 1. *Surrounded.* — Ambitæ circumdărĕ littŏrĕ terræ. *O.* [† Circumdătŭs, cinctŭs, inclusŭs.] 2. *Gained by courting.* ∾-os a principĭbĕ hŏnores. *Cl.* 3. *Solicited, entreated, courted.* ∾ sĕnex. *V. Fl.*

AMBO, æ, o; orum, arum, orum; obŭs, abŭs, obŭs; os *or* o, as, o. 1. *Both.* ˘Ubĭ doctores rĕvŏcavĕrĭs ambo. *V.* Ambos ună fĭdes aufĕrĕt. *Pp.* Sævum ambobŭs ˘Achillem. *V.* 2. Sts. *Two.* Partes ŭbĭ se vĭă findĭt ĭn ambas. *V. See* DUO.

AMBRŎSIA, æ. *f. Ambrosia, the food and perfume of the gods; it had the power of healing wounds, and rendering invulnerable.* Nectăr et ambrŏsĭam, lătices ĕpŭlasquĕ dĕorum. *O.* Liquĭdum ∾-æ diffundĭt ŏdorem. *V.* Sălubres ∾-æ succi. *V.* Crcl. Ambrŏsĭŭs ŏdŏr, lĭquŏr; ambrŏsĭi succi, ∾-æ succi. Divinŭs ŏdŏr. *See* AMBROSIUS.

AMBRŎSĬUS, ă, um. 1. *Ambrosial;* ext. *divine.* [† Immortalis, divinŭs.] 2. *Ambrosial, sweet as ambrosia; sweet, delightful,* gen. ∾-is succis pocălă. *Sil.* ∾-o sĭnu. *Cl.* [† Fragrans, ŏdorŭs; dulcis, suavis.] *See* ODORUS.

AMBŬLATIO, onis. *f. The act of walking; a promenade* (the place). In Magni sĭmŭl ambŭlationĕ. *Cat. See* PORTICUS.

AMBŬLATŎR, ŏris. *m. A walker. M.* (Ambŭlo.)

AMBŬLO, as. 1. *To go a foot's pace, walk, go a-walking.* Ambŭlăt, et sŭbĭto mirantur funŭs ămici. *Pp.* [† Grĕdĭŏr, ingrĕdĭŏr, spătĭŏr, ĭnambŭlo.] *See* SPATIOR. 2. *Sts. with acc.* Libĕrĕ perpĕtŭas ambulat illă vias. *O.* [† Pĕrambŭlo, obambŭlo, ĕo, obĕo, metĭŏr, percurro.]

AMBUSTŬS, ă, um. *Burnt, scorched.* ∾ lĭbris prŏprĭis. *H.* ∾-ă nubĭlă. *O. See* USTUS.

AMELLŬS, i. *m. The star-wort, a yellow meadow-flower.* Est ĕtĭam flos in pratis cui nomĕn ămello. *V.*

AMENS, tis. 1. *One out of his mind, bewildered, distracted.* Arma amens căpĭo, nec sat rătĭonis ĭn armis. *V.* Isque ∾ ănĭmi. *V.* [† Demens, delirus, insanŭs, mălĕsanŭs, lymphatŭs, vesanŭs, fŭrens, turbatŭs, perturbatŭs, cæcŭs, excors, vecors.] Crcl. Mentis, ănĭmi, inops; mentĕ captus, cărens. ˘Anĭmi, mentis, sŭi impŏs; vix ănĭmi compŏs, intĕgĕr. Rătĭonis ĕgens, inops. Rătĭonĕ cărens. Non sanŭs, non bĕnĕ sanŭs, vix bĕnĕ sanŭs. ˘Anĭmo ĕgens. Expers sŭi. Mentis inanis. Non sanæ mentis. Non sano pectŏrĕ. Cæca mentĕ præceps. Phr. 1. Insanĭă (dementĭă, amentĭă) mentem (ănĭmum, &c.) mutăt (căpĭt, ădĭgĭt, trăhĭt, versăt, concĭtăt). Mens excĭdĭt. Fugĭt rătio. Mentĕ turbata fĕrŏr. Phr. 2. *An incurable madman.* Tribŭs Anticyris căpŭt insanabĭlĕ. *H.*

AMENTIA, æ. *f. A witless, bewildered, insensate state of mind.* Utquĕ dŏlorĕ Pulsă grăvi, grăvis est amentĭă &c. *O.* [† Dementĭă, insanĭă, vecordĭă, fŭrŏr, delirĭum, stultĭtĭă. Ep. Cæcă, præceps, fŭrens, vesană, indŏmĭtă, mălĕsană. Crcl. Demens ănĭmŭs, non sanum pectŭs. Demens, cæcŭs, præceps fŭrŏr. Cæcŭs mentis fŭrŏr. Mens lymphată, deliră, insană, non sană. Mens confusă. *See* AMENS, FUROR.

AMENTO, as. *To throw a dart from a thong.* Quum jăcŭlum parva Libys amentavĭt hăbena. *L.*

AMENTUM, i. *n. A strap* or *thong for throwing darts.* Inserit amento dĭgĭtos. *O.* ∾-ă torquent. *V.* [† Lorum, hăbenă.] *See* FUNDA.

˘AMĔS, ĭtis. *m. A fowler's pole.* Aut ămĭtĕ lævi rarĕ tendit retĭă. *H.*

˘AMĔTHYSTINŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of an amethyst colour; dyed that colour. M.* [† Purpŭrĕŭs.] 2. ˘AMĔTHYSTINA, orum. *pl. Garments of this colour.* Causĭdĭcum vendunt ămĕthystĭnă &c. *J.*

˘AMĔTHYSTŬS, i. *f. An amethyst, a precious stone of a violet colour.* Hic Păphĭas myrtos, hic purpŭrĕas ămĕthystos. *O. See* GEMMA.

˘AMICA, æ. *f. A mistress* (in love). Formosæ limĕn ămicæ. *O.* [† ˘Amans, dŏmĭnă; *sts.* pellex.] *See* AMANS.

˘AMICE. *adv. In a friendly way. O.* (˘Amicŭs.)

˘AMICIO, is (*rare,* icui *and* ixi). *To cover, to clothe.* Et mŏdŏ formatis ămĭcĭtur vitĭbŭs arbos. *O.* Chartis ămĭcĭtŭr ĭneptis. *H.* [† Tĕgo, vestio.] *See* VESTIO, AMICTUS.

˘AMICITIA, æ. *f. Friendship.* Illŭd ămicĭtiæ sanctum ac vĕnĕrabĭlĕ nomĕn. *O.* [† ˘Amŏr, concordĭă; *sts.* fœdŭs, gratĭă, sŏdalĭtĭum.] Ep. Longă, vĕtŭs, tĕnax, constans, firmă, æternă, immortalis, perpĕtŭă, fidă, fĭdelis, sincerĕ, verĕ, invĭolată, intĕmĕrată, sanctă. Crcl. Par, unŭs ămŏr. ˘Amicĭtiæ usŭs, munŭs, fœdŭs, nexŭs, vincŭlă. Phr. Longă fĭdes ămoris. Concors plĕtas. Fidum pectŭs ămici. *See* AMICUS.

˘AMICO, as. *To make friendly, render propitious.* Prĕcĕ numĕn ămicăt. *St. See* CONCILIO.

˘AMICTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* AMICIO. *Covered, clothed.* Lit. *and* fig. Nubĕ ∾. *V.* ∾ ulmŭs vitĭbŭs. *H.* corpŭs lana. *O.* [† Indutŭs, vestitŭs, tectŭs.]

˘AMICTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *Any outward garment, cloak, gown,* &c. Frustra jam vestis, frustra mutatŭr ămictŭs. *Tib.* Dŭplĭcem ex hŭmĕris rejecĭt ∾-um. *V.* [† Vestis, tegmĕn, velamĕn.] *See* VESTIS, PALLIUM, TOGA. 2. *A veil for the head,* or *head-dress.* ∾-u (Phrygio) căpĭă vela-

mŭs; ∾-u cŏmas obnubo. *V.* *See* PEPLUM, MITRA. 3. *A veil*, gen. ∾ nĕbŭlæ. *V.* ∾ noctis. *St.* [¶ Tegmĕn, velamĕn.]

˘AMICŬLUS, i. *m. dim. of* Amicus. *Cat.*

˘AMICUS, ă, um. 1. (Of persons.) *Entertaining favorable, kind feelings towards a person.* Stŭdĭis adsŭt ămică mĕis. *O.* Orĕ ămico effari. *V.* Numĕn ∾-um. *V.* [¶ Făvens, bĕnignŭs, faustŭs, felix, blandŭs, tĕnĕr.] *See* FAVENS. 2. (Of things.) *Friendly, favorable.* ∾ ă-sĭlentĭă lunæ. *V.* ∾ ventŭs. *O.* tempŭs fraudĭbŭs. *St.* sidŭs. *H.* [¶ Făvens, bĕnignŭs, felix, aptŭs, utĭlĭs, bŏnŭs.] 3. *Friendly* (of an allied power). ˘Amici vires. *O.* ∾ portŭs. *V.* [¶ Sŏcĭŭs.] 4. *Dear.* ∾-um Crethĕă musis. *V.* [¶ Carŭs, dilectŭs.] 5. *Fond of, taking pleasure in.* ∾ lȳræ. *O.* [¶ Gaudens.] 6. ˘Amicum est. *It pleases.* [¶ Gratum, jucundum est.] *See* PLACET.

˘AMICUS, i. *m. A friend.* Donĕc ĕris felix, multos numĕrabĭs ămicos. *O.* [¶ Sŏdalĭs.] Ep. Carŭs, dilectŭs, dulcĭs, concors, unănĭmĭs, unănĭmŭs, candĭdŭs, verŭs, sincerŭs, fidŭs, fĭdelĭs, constans, certŭs, plŭs, vĕtŭs. Crcl. Junctŭs (fida, vĕtusta) ămicĭtĭa. Longo cognĭtŭs (junctissĭmŭs) usu. Tempŏrĕ duro cognĭtŭs. Fidŭs idem ac vĕtŭs sŏdalĭs. Quo non carĭŏr (devinctĭŏr, junctĭŏr) altĕr. Primis junctŭs ăb annis. Pŭĕro pŭĕr ămicĭtĭa junctŭs. Jurĕ sŏdalĭtĭi junctŭs. Fraterno morĕ dilectŭs. Phr. *Dear friends.* Queis ămŏr unŭs est, par est. Concordes ănĭmæ. Æterno fœdĕrĕ connexi. Quos irruptă copula tĕnĕt. Pectŏrĕ toto ævo (certa fĭde) sŏcĭată, *or* Thesea fĭde junctă. Dŭŏ corpŏrĭbŭs, mentĭbŭs unŭs. *The noblest examples of faithful friendship in classical poetry are Castor and Pollux, Theseus and Pirithous, Orestes and Pylades, Achilles and Patroclus, Nisus and Euryalus; and where friendship is great, it is said to equal or surpass theirs, as:* Talĭs ˘Amyclæos non junxit gratĭă fratres. Non ĭtă vixerunt Strŏphĭo atque ˘Agămemnŏnĕ nati. Non hæc Ægidæ Pirĭthŏoquĕ fĭdes. *O.* Quo Pȳlădes ex morĕ plus, quo Dardănă gessĭt Bellă Mĕnœtĭădes. *St.*

˘AMILCĂR, ăris. *m. The name of several Carthaginian generals, and of the father of Annibal. C. D.* Sĭcŭlis exsultăt ˘Amilcăr ĭn arvis. *Sil.*

˘AMINÆUS, *or* ˘AMINEUS, a, um. *Aminean, of Aminea, a district of Italy famous for its wines; the name also of the vine.* Sunt ĕt ˘Amineæ vites, firmissĭmă vinâ. *V.*

AMISSUS, ă, um. *part.* (˘Amitto.) *V.* [¶ Perdĭtŭs, raptŭs, elapsŭs; *sts.* dĭmissŭs.]

˘AMITA, æ. *f. An aunt on the father's side.* Jam rĕlĭquâ ex ămĭtis &c. *Pers.*

AMITTO, ĭs, isi, issum. 1. *To send, send back, away. Pl. Ter.* [¶ Mitto, rĕmitto.] 2. *To let go, drop, leave* or *loose hold of.* ∾ clavum (puppĭs). *V.* prædam mănĭbŭs. *Pl.* [¶ Dimitto, mitto.] 3. Us. *To lose.* ∾ gĕnĭtorem. *V.* vitam ĭn undis. *H.* cŏlorem sŭum. *O.* [¶ Perdo, spŏlĭŏr, nudŏr, exŭŏr, excŭlŏr; *sts.* deperdo, disperdo, abjĭcĭo, pono.] Crcl. Jacturam făcĭo. Damnum, dispendĭă fĕro, pătĭŏr. Mĭhĭ ereptum, sublatum est.

AMMON, onĭs. *m. Jupiter Ammon, worshipped in the deserts of Lybia, under the form of a ram. C. D.* Hic Ammonĕ sătŭs. *V.* Ep. Lĭbȳcŭs, Lĭbȳs, Syrtĭcŭs, Gărămantĭcŭs, cornĭgĕr, arĭdŭs. Phr. Jupĭtĕr cornĭgĕr. Lĭbȳæ mĕmŏrandă numĭnĭă.

AMMONIACUS, ă, um. *Of ammonia.* Cumque Ammonĭăco mascŭlă tură sălĕ. *O.*

AMNICŎLA, æ. *m. Growing by the side of* or *in rivers.* Amnĭcŏlæquĕ sĭmul sălĭces, ĕt ăquatĭcă lotos. *O.* [¶ ˘Aquatĭcă, flŭvĭalĭs.]

AMNIGĒNA, æ. m. f. (AMNIGĒNUS, ă, um. *Aus.*) *River-born.* Quid si amnĭgĕnam mirerĕ Chŏaspen? *V. Fl.*

AMNIS, ĭs. *abl.* ĭ *or* i. *m.* 1. *A river, a stream.* Sedatis amnĭbŭs altŭs. *V.* Fusco claudĭmŭr amni. *V.* ˘In amnĕ nĕcari. *O.* [¶ Flŭvĭŭs, flumĕn.] *See* FLUVIUS. 2. Sts. *The sea.* Solĭs ănhelantes ablŭĭt amnĭs ĕquos. *Tib.* *See* MARE.

˘AMO, as. 1. *To love, like, take pleasure in* (any thing). Pollĭo ămat nostram, quamvis est rustĭcă, musam. Flŭvĭos dum piscĭs ămabĭt. *V.* ∾ otĭă; littŭs. *V.* ăgros. *O.* [¶ Dilĭgo; *sts.* prŏbo, mirŏr, sĕquŏr, sectŏr; (ălĭqua re) gaudĕo, delectŏr, oblectŏr, lætŏr, lætŭs sum; (ălĭquid mĭhĭ) plăcĕt, arridĕt.] Crcl. Non mĭhĭ ingratum, invisum, est; non displĭcĕt. Mĭhĭ cordi, curæ est. 2. *To love as a friend.* [¶ Dilĭgo.] Crcl. Carum, dilectum hăbĕo. Mĭhĭ carŭs, dilectŭs est. ˘Amorĕ amplectŏr. ˘In ămorĕ hăbĕo. Pectŏrĕ, cordĕ, ănĭmo fŏvĕo, accepi. *See* AMICUS, CARUS. 3. *To love as a lover.* [¶ Dilĭgo, ardĕo, depĕrĕo (*with acc.*); urŏr, flăgro, pĕrĕo (*with abl.*). Crcl. ˘Amorĕ—căpĭŏr, tĕnĕŏr, flăgro, incendŏr, urŏr, inflammŏr, ardĕo, vincĭŏr, devincĭŏr, tentŏr. ˘Amorem—mentĕ, ossĭbŭs, concĭpĭo,—pĕr osă trăho. Pectŏrĕ flammam (*or pl.*) concĭpĭo, percĭpĭo. ˘Amor me trăhĭt (turbăt, angĭt, exerĕt, urgĕt, urĭt). ˘Amori indulgĕo. ˘Amans ardĕo. Sŭb pectŏrĕ flammam sentĭo, hălĕo. Me tĕnĕt (Gălăteă). Ardĕo ĭn Briseĭdĕ). Urĭmŭr, ardĕo ĭn (*with acc.*). Phr. 1. (*Of one passionately in love.*) Fŭrorem (ignes, flammam) tota mentĕ (totis ossĭbŭs, cuncto pectŏrĕ, fundĭtŭs) concepĭt (percepĭt). Ingenti ămorĕ qs turbatŭr (torquetŭr, insanĭt). ˘Amorĭs stĭmŭlis qs ăgĭtatŭr. Magnum ignem ossĭbŭs versăt. Totŭs imis mĕdullis exardĕt. Phr. 2. (*Dying of love.*) Vulnŭs ălĭt venis. Lentis intŭs ignĭbŭs măcĕrătŭr. Flammæ serpunt ĭn viscĕrăă. Est (torrĕt) flammă (mollĭs, vesană) mĕdullas. Cæco igni carpŏr. Magnŭs qm edĭt [ĕdit, *pr.*] ămŏr. Crudeli labĕ ămŏr pĕredĭt qm. Phr. 3. *Love at first sight.* Sŭbĭto ămorĕ răpĭtŭr (corrĭpĭtŭr). ˘Ŭt vidi, ŭt pĕrĭi. Vĭdĕt, totusquĕ ignem percĭpĭt. Vĭdĕt, gliscĭtquĕ ignĭs sŭb pectŏrĕ. *See* AMANS, AMOR, ARDEO. 4. With an inf. *To like, be fond of, be wont.* Aurum . . . perrumpĕrĕ ∾-ăt saxă. *H.* ∾-ăt laudari. *H.* [¶ Gaudĕo, gestĭo, solĕo.] Crcl. Me jŭvăt, ămŏr est. *V.*

˘AMŒNE. *adv. Agreeably, sweetly* (˘Amœnŭs). *Pl.*

˘AMŒNITAS, atis. *f. Agreeableness, sweetness of manner.* ˘Amanti ămœnĭtas mălo est, nobis lŭcro. *Pl.*

˘AMŒNUS, ă, um. *Agreeable, pleasing, sweet.* Devenerĕ lŏcos lætos, et ămœnă vĭretă. *V.* Flores ∾-æ rŏsæ. *H.* [¶ Gratŭs, jucundŭs, lætŭs.]

AMOLIŎR, īris. *To remove, take off* or *away.* — Hŭmĕris, jam pondĕrĕ fessis, Amolitŭr ŏnŭs. *L.* [¶ Amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, averto.]

˘AMOMUM, i. *n. A fragrant shrub of Armenia, from which an ointment was made.* Spissăquĕ de nĭtĭdis tergĭt ămomă cŏmis. *O.* Assȳrĭum ∾. *V.* Ep. Arměnĭum, Sȳrĭum, Assȳrĭum, fragrans, rĕdŏlens, ŏdorum, dulcĕ. Crcl. Succŭs ămomi. *See* UNGUENTUM.

˘AMOR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *Love, friendship.* His ămŏr unŭs ĕrat, pĕrĭterquĕ ad bellă rŭebant. *V.* *See* AMICITIA. 2. *The love of one's country, family.* [¶ Pĭĕtas, stŭdĭum, cură, carĭtas.] 3. *Love, the passion of love.* [¶ Ignĭs, flammă, ardŏr.] Crcl. ˘Amorĭs vulnŭs, vis. Cŭpĭdĭnĭs ignes, telă. *See* AMO (3). 4. *A virtuous, lawful love.* Pectŏrĕ legĭtĭmŭs castă mŏmordĭt ămŏr. *O.* Ep. Jŭgalĭs, connubĭalĭs (4-*syll. in poets*), mutŭŭs, concors, consors, sanctŭs, castŭs, fidŭs, fĭdelĭs, tĕnax, constans, stăbĭlĭs; *sts.* sollĭcĭtŭs; anxŭs, vĭgĭl. Crcl. Castŭs ignĭs. Legĭtĭmŭs (legĭtĭmo

fœdĕrĕ junctŭs) ardŏr, ămŏr. Legĭtĭmi, casti, ămorĭs fœdĕrĕ, vincŭlĭ. Legĭtĭmum fœdŭs. Haud vĕtĭti (haud erŭbescendi) ignes. Castă flammă. *See* CONJUGIUM. 5. *A violent, unbridled love.* [† Ardŏr, ignes, flammă, æstŭs, fŭrŏr.] **Ep.** *Ægĕr*, insomnis, mĭsĕr, infelix, irrequietŭs; amens, insanŭs, demens, cæcŭs, acĕr, magnŭs, fervĭdŭs, effrenŭs, cŭpĭdŭs, immŏdĭcŭs, impătĭens, indŏmĭtŭs, improbŭs, crudelis, ămarŭs, ăcerbŭs. **Crcl.** ˘Amoris, stĭmŭli, ardŏr, æstŭs. Pectŏrĭs ardentes æstus. Cŭpidĭnĭs (indŏmĭti) ignes. *See* AMO (**Phr.** 1 *and* 2). 6. *Unlawful, forbidden love.* [† Vĕnŭs, lĭbido, cŭpido, &c.] *See above.* **Ep.** Mălŭs, lascivŭs, fœdŭs, turpis, pŭdendŭs; *sts.* insĭdĭosŭs, dŏlosŭs, infidŭs, perfĭdŭs; *sts.* ignavŭs, imbellis, mollis. **Crcl.** *See above, and* ADULTERUM. 7. *To feel love, as a lover. See* AMO (3). 8. *To inspire with love.* Amorem injĭcio, incŭtĭo, infigo, făcio, concĭlĭo. ˘In ămorem induco. ˘Amorĕ incendo, tango, lædo, vincio, torquĕo. ˘Anĭmum ămorĕ incendo; incensum ănĭmum inflammo. Ossĭbŭs ignem implĭco. Grata compĕdĕ detĭnĕo qm. ˘Ocellis căpio qm. Formæ vĕnustas ămorem spirăt (ămores afflăt), *or* me mĭhĭ surripĭt. 9. ∾ mutŭŭs. *Mutual love.* Mutŭŭs absenti te mĭhĭ servĭt ămŏr. *O.* [† Mutŭŭs ignis. *O.* Mutŭă fax. *H.*] **Phr.** *To love with mutual love.* ˘Amorĭ ămorĕ respondĕo. ˘Amorem ămando quæro. Altĕrĭŭs—curis respondĕo; ămorem æquo. Mutŭis ămorĭbŭs (făcĕ mutŭa) pectŭs ardĕt, urĭtŭr; *or*, mutŭis ămorĭbŭs, &c., ardent. 10. *Love, the god of love; Cupid. See* CUPIDO. 11. ˘AMŎR, *and pl.* ˘AMORES. *The loved one.* Nostĕr ămŏr, nymphæ. *V.* Quos amisĭt Inultŭs ămores. *V.* [† Ignis, flammă; cură, gaudĭă, vită, lux.] *See* AMANS. 12. *Love, eager desire or passion for any thing.* ∾ laudum; ferri; (jŭvĕnili) ∾-ĕ ardĕo vĭrum compellarĕ. *V.* hăbendi. *H.* pugnæ; mortis. *O.* [† Stŭdĭum, cŭpido; *sts.* sĭtis, fămes, fŭrŏr.] 13. ˘Amŏr est (*with inf.*). *It is a pleasing, a favorite custom, &c.* ∾ tĭbĭ crines mergĕrĕ. *St. See* JUVAT, AMO (4).

AMOTUS, ă, um. 1. *Put aside, put away,* Amoto quæramŭs serĭă ludo. *H.* [† Rĕmotŭs, pulsŭs, sublatŭs, omissŭs, missŭs.] 2. *Carried off, stolen. H.* [† Abductŭs, sublatŭs, abactŭs.]

AMŎVĔO, es, ovi, otum. 1. *To put aside, away, remove.* Prætĕrĕa quæcunquĕ vĕtustate amŏvĕt ætas. *Lr.* Amŏverĕculpas. *H.* [† Rĕmŏvĕo, amolĭŏr, arcĕo, averto.] *See* ARCEO. 2. ∾ me. *To go away from. Sil. See* ABEO.

AMPHIĂRAŬS, i. *m. One of the seven chiefs in the war against Thebes; he hid himself, in order not to join the expedition, but was betrayed by his wife, Eriphyle. C. D.* Notŭs hŭmo mersis Amphiăraŭs ĕquis. *O.* [† Œclides.] **Crcl.** Argivus augur. *H.*

AMPHIĂRAEŬS, ă, um. *Of Amphiaraus.* Amphiăraeæ nil prosunt fată quădrigæ. *Pp.*

AMPHIĂRAIDES, æ. *m. The son of Amphiaraus; Alcmæon.* Amphiăraides, Naupacteo ˘Achĕloo. *O. See* ALCMÆON.

AMPHION, ŏnis. *m. Amphion, the son of Jupiter and Antiope, and husband of Niobe. C. D.* Dictŭs ĕt Amphion, Thebanæ condĭtŏr arcis. *H.* Nec non Amphiŏnis arces. *O.* **Ep.** Dircæŭs, Thebanŭs, Aŏnĭŭs, Phœbeŭs, Apollĭnĕŭs, săcĕr, facundŭs, cănorŭs.

AMPHIŎNICUS, ă, um. *Of Amphion.* Aut Amphiŏnĭæ mœnĭă fierĕ lyræ. *Pp.*

AMPHISBÆNA, æ. *f. A serpent with a head at each end.* ∾ In gĕmĭnum căput surgit. *L.*

AMPHITHĔATRALIS, ĕ. *Of or pertaining to an amphitheatre.* Amphithĕatrales nos commendamŭs ăd usus. *M.* [† Circensis.]

AMPHITHĔATRUM, i. *n. An amphitheatre.* Omnis Cæsărĕo cedat lăbŏr amphithĕatro. *M.* [† ˘Arenă, căvĕă.]

AMPHITRITE, es. *f. The daughter of Nereus, wife of Neptune, and goddess of the sea;* hence, *the sea.* Marginĕ terrarum porrexĕrăt Amphitrite. *O.* and *Cut. See* MARE.

AMPHITRŸO, *or* **AMPHITRŸON**, onis. *m.* (*no instance of second syll. long.*) *A king of Thebes, and husband of Alcmena. C. D.* Amphĭtrŷon fŭĕrit, quum te, Tirynthĭă, cepĭt. *O.*

AMPHITRŸONIADES, æ. *m. Hercules, as the reputed son of Amphitryon.* Amphĭtrŷonĭădes armenta, ăbĭtumquĕ pĕrabăt. *V. See* HERCULES.

AMPHŎRA, æ. *f. A large vessel with handles,* mly. *of earthenware, for wine.* Cessantem Bĭbŭli consŭlis ∾-am. *H.* [† Cădŭs, dĭotă, urnă, testă, lăgenă, vas.] **Ep.** Căvă, căpax, fictĭlis.

AMPHRYSIĂCUS, *and* **AMPHRYSIŬS**, ă, um. *Of Amphrysus,* or *Apollo.* Aut Amphrysiăco pastor de gramĭnĕ carpĭt. *St.* Amphrysiă vates (*the Sibyl*). *V.*

AMPHRYSŬS, i. *m. A river of Thessaly, on the banks of which Apollo kept Admetus's flocks.* Pastŏr ăb Amphryso; vos, Silvæ, amnesquĕ Lycæi. *V.*

AMPLECTŎR, ĕris, exŭs sum. 1. *To encircle, encompass, gird.* Et molli circum est ansas amplexŭs ăcantho. *V.* ∾-ĭtŭr tellurem fuscis alis (nox). illĭă longa dextra. *O.* [† Cingo, ambĭo, circumdo, includo.] 2. *To embrace, fold in the arms; to kiss.* Te sŏlĕt amplecti. *O.* ∾ limĭnă portæ. [† Complectŏr, amplexŏr, oscŭlŏr.] **Crcl.** Amplexu, amplexĭbŭs, complexu, complexĭbŭs, ambĭo, cingo, excĭpio, fŏvĕo, tĕnĕo, impĕdĭo, occŭpo, pĕto, frŭŏr, perfrŭŏr. Ulnis, lăcertis, palmis amplectŏr, complectŏr. Collo do brachĭă circum. Amplexus, complexus do, fĕro. Collă pĕto, tĕnĕo. Lăcertis amplectŏr, ambĭo, implĭco, prĕmo. Collă amplexĭbŭs ambĭo. Grĕmĭo, sĭnu fŏvĕo. Amplexu pĕto. Collo, complexĭbŭs (amplexu, ĭn amplexĭbŭs, tĕnĕris *or* longis *or* mĕdĭis amplexĭbŭs) hærĕo. ˘In amplexum *or* amplexus ĕo, vĕnio, rŭo, fĕrŏr. Amplexus *or* pectŏrĕ jungo. Amplexĭbŭs circumfundŏr. **Phr.** Brachĭă collo (collo nexă) implĭco, circumdo. Me collo implĭco. Cervicĕ (complexu colloquĕ, *or* de collo) pendĕo. In cervicĕ lăcertis hærĕo. Hŭmĕros dextrasquĕ tĕnĕo. Vĭrum,—ăd pectŏrĕ prĕmo; —molli amplexu, ĭn ulnis, fŏvĕo:—gĕmĭnis ulnis amplectŏr. Collă,—(blandis) lăcertis tĕnĕo (adduco);—ambobŭs l. innecto. Collă (assuetă) pĕto (amplexu pĕto). Palmas ĭn amplexus tendo. *See* AMPLEXUS, OSCULOR. 3. *To include, comprise. V.* [† Complectŏr, includo, comprendo.] 4. *To be self-satisfied* (hug oneself). *H.* [† Me ămo, mĭhĭ plăcĕo.]

AMPLEXŬS, ă, um. *part. See* AMPLECTOR. 1. *Having encircled, and encircling.* Truncum ramosquĕ ∾. *O.* 2. *Having embraced, and embracing.* Germanam ∾ tĕnebăt. *V.* [† Amplectens, complexŭs, implĭcĭtŭs.] **Crcl.** Fŏvens grĕmĭo. Amplexŭs ĕt hærens. Collo infusŭs. *See* AMPLECTOR.

AMPLEXŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A girding, encircling.* Vallis ĭn amplexu nĕmŏrum sĕdĕt. *St.* 2. *An embrace. V.* [† Complexŭs, oscŭlă.] **Ep.** Dulcis, tĕnĕr, blandŭs, ămicŭs, optatŭs, castŭs. *See* AMPLECTOR, OSCULOR.

AMPLIO, as. *To increase, enlarge, extend.* Nunc hunc nunc illum, qua flectĭtŭr, amplĭăt orbem. *L.* ∾ ætatis spătĭum. *M.* rem. *H.* [† Augĕo, extendo.] *See* AUGEO.

AMPLIŬS. *adv.* 1. *More, further.* ∾ æquo. *Lr.* Nĭhĭl ∾ făcĕrĕ. *O.* ∾ optarĕ. *H.* [† Insŭper, prætĕrĕa, sŭpĕr, măgis, plus.] 2. *Longer.* [† Dĭutĭŭs.] 3. Non amplĭŭs. No more, not again.

Clȳtĕn non ∾ auctŏr Lucĭs ĭdĭt. *O.* [¶ Non (nec) jam, ultra, rursŭs, deinceps, posthac.]

Amplŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Ample, vast, spacious.* ∾-is portĭcĭbŭs; ∾-um Elȳsĭum. *V.* [¶ Latŭs, ingens, vastŭs, pătens, căpax, spătĭosus, magnŭs.] **2.** *Ample, abundant.* Trĭbŭs ∾-as reglĭbŭs (divĭtĭas). *H.* ∾-ă spŏlĭă. *V.* [¶ Magnŭs, ingens, ŏpimŭs.] **3.** *Great, splendid, distinguished.* ∾-i hŏnores. *H.* ∾-lŏr pătrĭo dĕcŏrĕ. *Sil.* [¶ Præclarŭs, clarŭs, insignĭs, pulchĕr.] **4.** *Great in degree, effect, extent.* ∾-is virĭbŭs. *Lr.* ∾ pœnă. *Pp.* ∾-lŏr morbŭs. *Ter.* [¶ Magnŭs, ingens, grăvĭs, vĕhĕmens, vĭŏlentŭs.]

Ampullă, æ. *f.* **1.** *An oil-bottle* or *cruet, made of different materials, swelling out below the neck. M. See* Lagena. **2.** Fig. *Turgid, bombastic words. H.*

Ampullŏr, ārĭs. *To speak bombastically. H. See* Turgeo.

Ampŭto, as. **1.** *To cut here and there, shape, prune.* ˘Inutĭlesquĕ falcĕ ramos ampŭtans. *H.* [¶ Pŭto, attondĕo, circumcido.] *See* Puto. **2.** *To cut off.* ∾ ensĕ mănus. *L.* [¶ Cædo, sĕco, &c.] *See* Seco.

˘**Amulĭŭs**, ĭi. *m. The uncle of Rhea Sylvia, who ordered Romulus and Remus to be thrown into the Tiber, and by whom he was afterwards put to death. C. D.* Romŭlŏquĕ cădit trajectŭs ˘Amulĭŭs ense. *O. See* Ilia, Romulus.

˘**Amurcă**, æ. *f. The lees of oil.* Tristi contingunt corpŭs ămurca. *V.* **Crol.** Fæx ŏlĕi.

˘**Amyclæ**, arum. *f. pl.* **1.** *A town of Laconia, on the Eurotas, the birth-place of Castor and Pollux.* Et quos Hippŏcŏon antiquis misĭt ˘Amyclis. *O.* **Ep.** Graiæ, armĭferæ, Ledææ, ˘Apollĭnĕæ. **2.** *A town of Campania. V.*

Amyclæŭs, ă, um. *Of Amyclæ;* hence, *used of Castor and Pollux.* Castŏri ˘Amyclæo, ĕt ˘Amyclæo Polluci. *O.* Armăquĕ ˘Amyclæumquĕ cănem. *V. See* Spartanus.

˘**Amygdălum**, i. *n. An almond.* Nĕc ˘Amygdălă desunt. *O.*

˘**Amystĭs**, ĭdĭs. *f. A way of drinking common among Thracians, without drawing the breath.* Bassum Threĭcĭa vincăt ămystĭdĕ. *H.*

˘**An.** **1.** *In a simple interrogation.* Vidi ĕtĭam lăcrĭmas: ăn ĕt est pars fraudĭs ĭn illis? *O.* [¶ Nĕ, annĕ, num, numquĭd, ecquĭd.] **2.** *Whether, if* (sts. understood). Quĭs scĭt, ăn adjĭcĭant &c. *H.* Dŭbĭtem, nūmĕris lĕvĭorĭbŭs sim sătĭs aptŭs. *O.* [¶ *Sts.* Si.] **3.** *Or;* in answer to *ne* (expressed or understood). Pacemnĕ huc fertĭs ăn armă? *V.* Remis utarĭs, ăn aura, Dicĕrĕ. *O. See* Aut. **4.** *Sts.* = Annon. *O. H.*

˘**Ană**, *and* ˘**Anas**, æ. *m. A river in Spain, now the Guadiana.* Emĕrĭtensĭs ˘Anæ lætæquĕ flŭentă Gărumnæ. *Aus.*

˘**Anăbăthrum**, i. *n. A raised floor* or *seat for spectators at games.* Et quæ conducto pendent ănăbathrā tĭgillo.

˘**Anăcrĕon**, ontĭs. *m. A lyric poet of Teos. C. D.* Nec si quĭd olim lusĭt ˘Anacrĕon. *H.* **Ep.** Telĭŭs, lȳrĭcŭs, mollĭs, vinosŭs. **Crol.** Telĭŭs vates, pŏetă, sĕnex. **Phr.** Telĭ musă sĕnĭs.

˘**Anădema**, ătĭs. *n. An ornament* or *band for the head; a head-dress.* Et bĕnĕ partă pătrum fiunt ănădemătă, mitræ. *Lr.* [¶ Tænĭă, vittă, cŏronă.]

˘**Anăglȳpha**, *and* ˘**Anăglyptă**, orum. *n. pl. Embossed* or *chased vessels.* Nec mensis ănăglyptă de pătĕrnis. *M.*

˘**Anălectă**, orum. *n. pl. The remains of a meal, broken meat.* — Nunc ănălectă dăbunt. *M.*

˘**Anălectĭs**, ĭdĭs. *f. A pad to hide defects of the person.* Convĕnĭunt tĕnŭes scăpŭlis ănălectĭdĕs altis. *O.*

˘**Anapŭs**, i. *m. A river in Sicily.* Et fontes lenĭs ˘*Anapi. O.*

˘**Anăs**, ătĭs. *f. A duck.* Accĭpĭtrem flŭvĭălis ˘Anăs &c. (fŭgĭt). *O.* **Ep.** Remĭpes, ăquatĭcă, fluctĭvăgă, undĭvăgă, flumĭnĕă.

˘**Anaxăgŏras**, æ. *m. The philosopher Anaxagoras; the master of Pericles and Euripides.* Nunc ĕt ˘Anaxăgŏræ scrutemŭr hŏmœmĕriam. *Lr.*

Anceps, ĭpĭtis. **1.** *Double, having two faces, two sides.* Ancĭpĭti mirandŭs ĭmagĭnĕ Janŭs. *O.* ∾ sĕcurĭs. *O.* (*two-edged.*) **2.** *Doubtful, uncertain.* ∾ jus. *H.* librā. *Pers.* [¶ Dŭbĭŭs, incertŭs, fallax.] **3.** *Doubting, hesitating.* ∾-es matres; ∾-i formidĭnĕ pressŭs. *V.* [¶ Dŭbĭŭs, incertŭs, alternans.] *See* Dubius. **4.** Anceps est. *It is doubtful.* [¶ Dŭbĭum est, incertum est, non lĭquĕt, non pătĕt.]

Anchises, æ. *m. Anchises, the father of Æneas. C. D.* At pătĕr Anchises ŏcŭlos ad sidĕrā lætŭs. *V.* Conjŭglo, Anchise, Vĕnĕris dignatĕ sŭperbo. *V.* (*The reading* Anchisa *is wrong, the final vowel being short, as in voc.* Atreidă, Orestă.) **Crol.** Æneæ pătĕr, pārens, gĕnĭtŏr.

Anchisĭădes. *Son of Anchises, Æneas.* Tros Anchisĭădes ănĭmos tămĕn omĭnĕ tollĭt. *V.*

Anchŏrā. *See* Ancora.

Ancilĕ, is. *m.* **1.** *A small round shield.* Idque ancilĕ vŏcat, quŏd ăb omni partĕ rĕcĭsum. *O. See* Clypeus. **2.** *Pl.* Ancilĭa, ĭum *or* orum. *The ancilia* or *round shields made by Numa, in imitation of that which was said to have fallen from heaven in his time, and on the preservation of which the Roman empire was to depend. C. D.* Ancillorum ĕt tŏgæ oblitŭs. *H. See* Salii.

Ancillă, æ. *f. A maid-servant. O.* [¶ Ancillŭlă, fămŭlă, servă, mĭnistră.] *See* Famula.

Ancillŭlă, æ. *f. dim. of* Ancilla. Nec flens ancillŭlă fictum. *O.*

Ancŏrā, æ. *f. An anchor.* Ancŏrā de prora jăcĭtur &c. *V.* ∾-am figĕrĕ. [¶ Uncŭs.] **Ep.** Uncă, ăduncă, curvă, rĕcurvă, ferrĕă, grăvĭs, tĕnax, mordax. **Crol.** Dens uncŭs, ferrĕŭs. *See* Appello, is. **Phr.** 1. *To be at anchor.* Ancŏrā (jactā) naves. (unco) morsu fundăt (allĭgăt, tĕnĕt). **2.** *To cast anchor.* Ancŏram jăcĕrĕ (figĕrĕ). Ancŏrā (tĕnax) fundum uncis dentĭbŭs pĕtĭt, *or* unco morsu tĕnacĭtĕr arrĭpĭt. **3.** *To weigh anchor.* ∾-am solvĕrĕ (tollĕrĕ, lĕgĕrĕ); *or,* affixos unci morsus convellĕrĕ.

Ancŭs, i. *m. Ancus Martius, the fourth king of Rome. V. O.*

Andreas, æ. *m. Andrew, the Apostle. Eccl.*

Andrŏgĕnĕŭs, ă, um. *Of Androgeus.* Andrŏgĕneæ pœnis exsolvĕrĕ cædĭs. *Cat.*

Andrŏgĕos, *gen.* o, *and* **Andrŏgĕŭs**, i, *acc.* Andrŏgĕona, *Pp. as from* Andrŏgĕon. *Androgeus, the son of Minos, king of Crete, in revenge for whose death Minos exacted the tribute of seven youths and maidens for the Minotaur. C. D.* Andrŏgĕiquĕ nĕcem justis ulcĭscĭtŭr armis. *O.* In fŏrĭbus letum Andrŏgĕo (*others,* i). *V.*

Andrŏmăchĕ, es. *f. Andromache, the wife of Hector. C. D.* Libabat cĭnĕri Andrŏmăchĕ manesquĕ vŏcabăt. *V.* **Ep.** Fidă, mœstă, tristĭs, captivă, exsŭl. **Crol.** Hectŏrĭs uxŏr, conjux.

Andrŏmĕdă, æ, *and* **Andrŏmĕdĕ**, es. *f. Andromeda, the daughter of Cepheus and Cassiope, bound to a rock to be devoured by a monster for the pride of her mother, and delivered by Perseus. C. D.* Non hic Andrŏmĕdæ rĕsŏnant pro matrĕ cătenæ. *Pp.* Andrŏmĕdeque ĕt Hȳpermnestre, &c. *Pp.* [¶ Cephĕĭs.] **Ep.** Cephĕĭă, formosă, pulchrā, infelix. **Crol.** Perseĭă conjux, uxŏr.

˘**Anethum**, i. *n. The herb anise.* Narcissum et florem jungit bĕnĕŏlentĭs ănethi. *V.* **Ep.** ˘Odorum, ŏlens, rĕdŏlens, vĭrĭdĕ.

Anfractŭs, us. *m.* **1.** *The winding, coiling in and out of a path,* or *of a line of shore;* hence,

pant. Est curvo anfractu valles accomsaudi. ~ mārīs, *or* terræ. *Luc.* Immensis tem ~-ĭbŭs anguem. *V. Fl.* 2. *A circuitous motion; a turning, moving round.* ivlorīs ĕqui. *V. Fl.* Longis ~-ĭbŭs urbem iunt. *L.*

ĔUS, ă, um. (Ἀγγελικός.) *Angelic. Eccl.*
, i. *m.* (Ἄγγελος.) *An angel. Eccl.*

ĔTUM, i. *n. and* ANGIPORTUS, us. *m. A lane* or *alley.* Flebĭs in solo lĕvĭs angi- *H.*

rum. *m. pl. See* BRITANNI.

anxi. 1. *To stifle, to choke.* Corrĭpĭt in complexŭs, ĕt angĭt ĭnhærens. *V.* [? , suffŏco.] 2. *To confine, press close, pinch.* ~-i undis (*to be shut in*). *L.* ~-ĭt ĭs, hac lŭpŭs urgĕt; qm munĕrĕ parvo nŏdŭs ~-o. *H.* [? Premo, stringo.] 3. *pain, vex.* ~ curis ănĭmum. [? Torexo, crŭcio.]

orīs. *m. Grief, anguish.* Quem vŏlŭcres t, atque exest anxĭŭs angŏr. *Lr.* [? Dŏerŏr.] *See* MŒROR.

ĭMĔUS, ă, um. *Snake-haired.* Gorgŏnĭs anæ. *O.* Crol. Crinĭbŭs angues immixtŭs rŭs). Anguinis căpillis (*or sing. Cat.*) (cŏmis rĕdĭmitŭs).

ĭ, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Snake-bearing; producing or serpents. St.* Gorgŏnĭs angulfĕræ pectĕ cŏmis. *Pp.*

ĭNĂ, æ. *m. f. Serpent-born* (used of the ns). Quis fŭrŏr, Angulgĕnæ, proles Marestras &c. *O.* [? Serpentĭgĕnă, drăconĭ-

.Ă, æ. *f. An ecl. J.*

ĂNĬS, i. *m. An epithet of the elephant;* d subst. for *elephant*, from his snake-like which serves him for a hand. Angulmăli docŭĕrunt vulnĕrĕ Pœni. *Lr.* ~ ĕlĕ- s. *Lr. See* ELEPHAS.

ĭS, ă, um. *Snaky, of a snake* or *serpent.* ĭs anguinis cinctă fŭisse cŏmis. *O.* [? ĭfĕr.]

ĔS, ĕdĭs. *m. Snake* or *serpent-footed; an of the giants.* Injĭcĕre angulpĕdum capachĭă collo. *O. See* GIGANTES.

ĭs. *m. A snake, a serpent.* Lătĕt angulĭs ba. *V.* [? Serpens, cŏlŭbĕr, drăco.] *See* NS.

ŭs, i. *m. An angle, a corner anywhere,* Gratus pŭellæ risŭs ăb angŭlo. *H.* ~ ĭn *O.* terrarum. *H.* Ep. Extremŭs, intĭmŭs, ĭtŭs, abdĭtŭs, occultŭs.

ă, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *A narrow passage* or *trait.* ~ vĭarum. *V.* Sĭcŭli Pĕlori. *O.* [? .] 2. *Used also in the sing. and fig. for ion of difficulty. Ter.*

ō, as. *To narrow, contract, confine.* ~-ans rpŏrum ăcervis. *Cat.* ~ mārīs fauces. *L.* rcto, stringo, prĕmo, contrăho.] *See* Co- .

ŭs, ă, um. *Strait, narrow.* ~-æ fauces. *V.* tŭs, brĕvĭs, contractŭs.] 2. *Short* (of time). BREVIS. 3. *Small.* Ingentes ănĭmos ~-o pŏrĕ. *V.* ~ ædes. *O.* [? Parvŭs, brĕvĭs.] *See* PARVUS. 4. Fig. *Narrow, scanes* angustă) *straitened circumstances, po-* ~ paupĕrĭes; res. *H.* [? Arctŭs, tĕnŭĭs; rŭs, aspĕr, ardŭŭs.]

ĂTUS, ă, um. *part. See* ˘ANHELO. 1. *ed forth, exhaled.* ˘Anhelatos ĭn ignes. *O.* *ting out of breath. Sil. See* ANHELUS.

ĬTUS, us. *m. A breath, breathing, respira-* ĭrĭdŭs e laseo vĕnĭcĕbăt ănhellĭtŭs orĕ. *O.* r artus quăttĭt. *V.* crebĕr pectŏrĕ urgĕt. *L.* ĭtŭs, hallĭtŭs, flatŭs, spiramĕn, ănĭmă.]

Ep. Crebĕr, lentŭs, grăvĭs, languldŭs, tĕpĭdŭs, fervens, fervĭdŭs. Crol. Ætherĭs haustŭs. Spiramĭnĭs auræ.

˘ANHELO, as. 1. Tr. *To breathe out, to exhale, to emit in breaths.* Autrăquĕ letĭfĕri răbĭem Typhonĭs ănhelant. *L.* ~-ăt æstus ŏnyx. *M.* [? Spiro, exspiro, exhalo, ĕmitto, eructo, reddo, effio. 2. Intr. *To breathe forth in puffs* or *blasts.* Fornacĭbŭs ignĭs ~-ăt. *V.* [? Spiro, exhalo, exĕo, erumpo.] 3. *To pant, to be out of breath.* ~-ăt sŭb vomĕrĕ taurŭs. Acĕr ~-anti sĭmĭlĭs. *V.* Crol. Auras trăho, duco, capto, haurĭo. Phr. Sublimi ănhelĭtu fŭglo. Auræ hĭatu captantŭr. Auras pătŭlis narĭbŭs capto. 4. Fig. *To tremble, be in commotion* (heave up and down). ~-ăt Trinăcrĭă. *V. Fl.* ~-ant fractă æquŏrĕ. *Sil. See* ÆSTUO, FREMO.

˘ANHELUS, ă, um. 1. *Panting, out of breath. V.* (˘Anhelo.) [? ˘Anhelans.] 2. *That which puts out of breath.* ~ tussĭs. *V.* fĕbrĭs. *O.* cursu festinŭs ~-o. *O.* [? ˘Anhelans.]

˘ANIEN. *St. or* ˘ANIO, enis, *and* ˘ANIENUS, i. *m. The Anio, a river in Italy, falling into the Tiber.* Quasque ˘Anĭenĭs ăquæ, cursuquĕ brĕvissĭmŭs Almo. *O.* Et præceps ˘Anĭo. *H.* Ripæ laus, ˘Anĭenĕ, tŭæ. *Pp.* Ep. Tiburnŭs, præceps, gĕlĭdŭs. Crol. ˘Anĭenă flŭentă.

˘ANIENUS, ă, um. *Of the Anio.* ˘Anĭenă flŭentă. *V.* ~-ă lymphă. *Pp.*

˘ANILIS, ĕ. *An old woman's, aged.* Passu procedĭt ănili. *O.* ~-es rugæ. *O.* curæ. *V.*

˘ANILITAS, atĭs. *f. Old age* (of women). Usquĕ dum trĕmŭlum mŏvens cană tempŭs ănĭlĭtas. *Cat. See* SENECTUS.

˘ANIMA, æ. *f.* 1. *Air, wind.* Impellunt ănĭmæ lintĕă Thracĭæ. *H.* Quantum ignes ~-æquĕ vălent. *V.* [? Acr, aurĕ, flatŭs, spirĭtŭs, ventŭs.] *See* AER, VENTUS. 2. *Air inhaled* or *exhaled, breath.* ~-as, ĕt ŏlentĭă Medi Orĕ fŏvent &c. *V.* [? Spirĭtŭs, hallĭtŭs, spiramĕn.] 3. *The spirit, soul, mind.* Mortĕ cărent ănĭmæ. *O.* Mors ănĭma artus (seducĭt). *V.* [? Mens, ănĭmŭs, spirĭtŭs.] 4. *Life.* ~-æ tempŏrĕ mĕæ. ~-am objectarĕ pĕriclis. *V. See* VITA. 5. *An individual, living person.* ~-a lĭtandum Argŏlĭca. ~-æ, (*i.e. persons*) quales nec candĭdĭores &c. *H.* 6. *A departed spirit* (ănĭmæ sĭlentes, *the world of spirits, the dead*). Di quĭbŭs impĕrĭum est ănĭmarum. *V.* Dŏmos ~-arum sĭlentum. *Pp.* [? Umbrĕ, umbræ, silentes, Lĕmŭres, manes.] *See* UMBRÆ. 7. *To give up the ghost, breathe the last.* Dulces ~-as linquebant. *V.* ~-am exspiravĭt. *O.* ˘Anĭmam exspiro, efflo, effundo, rĕlinquo. *See* MORIOR.

˘ANIMADVERTO, ĭs, i. sum. *To give attention to, to consider.* His ănĭmadversis, terram multo antĕ mĕmento Excŏquĕrĕ. *V.*

˘ANIMAL, alĭs. *n.* 1. *Any living, sentient creature.* Pronăquĕ quum spectent ănĭmalĭă cetĕrĕ terram. *O.* Sanctĭŭs his ănĭmăl mentisquĕ altæ căpacĭŭs (hŏmo). *O.* 2. *Used of the brute creation alone.* (Per montes) errent ănĭmalĭă. *V.* [? ˘Anĭmans, brutum, bestĭă, fĕrĕ, pĕcŭs.]

˘ANIMALIS, ĕ. *Animal*, adj.; *having animal life.* Unde ănĭmalĕ gĕnŭs &c. Formamquĕ ~-em. *Lr.*

˘ANIMANS, tĭs. *m. f.* ˘ANIMANTES. *f. and* ˘ANIMANTIA, ĭum. *n. pl. Instinct with life, a living creature,* or *creatures.* Unam ănĭmantem ănĭmas hăbŭisse in corpŏrĕ multas. *Lr.* Tum quæ tellure ănĭmantes Exstĭtĕrent. *Lr. See* ANIMAL.

˘ANIMO, as. 1. *To give life to, quicken* (with life). Lit. *and* fig. Quas hŭmŭs exceptas vărĭos ănĭmavĭt ĭn angues. *O.* ~ cĕlĭdum crŭorem. *O.* ~-antŭr hastæ frondĭbŭs. *Cl.* ˘Apellei cŏlores ~-ant (ălĭquid). *Sil.* Crol. Vitam do. ˘Anĭmam addo. 2. *Sta. To inspirit, incite. Cl. See* EXCITO.

˘ANĬMOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Blowing violently.* Impulsa est ănĭmoso janŭă vento. *O.* ∾-i euri. *V.* [† Vĭŏlentŭs, vĕhĕmens.] 2. *Full of life and spirit; brave, bold.* ∾ bellă; collă; os. *O.* phălanx; pectŭs. *V.* infans. *H.* (*fig.*) signa (*of statues*). *Pp.* [† Fervĭdŭs, fortĭs, acĕr, vivĭdŭs.] *See* FORTIS.

˘ANĬMŬLĂ, æ. *f. dim. of* ANIMA. ˘Anĭmŭlă văgŭlă, blandŭlă. (*Adrianus Imp. apud Spartian.* 25.)

˘ANĬMŬS, i. *m.* 1. *The soul* (opposed to the body). Tempĕrĭe cœli corpusquĕ ănĭmusquĕ jŭvatŭr. *O.* ˘Anĭmoquĕ et corpŏrĕ torpĕt. *H.* [† ˘Anĭmă, spirĭtŭs, mens.] Ep. Ætherĭŭs, cœlestĭs, immortallĭs, divinŭs, subtilĭs. Crcl. Pars igneă homĭnis. Pars nostri mĕllĭŏr. Divinæ auræ partĭcŭlă. Cœlestĕ semĕn mentĭs. Ætherĭus sensŭs, haustŭs. Auræ simplĭcĭs ignĭs. Pĕr artus mens infusă. 2. Sts. *Life.* Sanguĭs ănĭmūsquĕ sĕquuntŭr. *V.* [† ˘Anĭmă, spirĭtŭs, vită.] *See* VITA. 3. *The mind, in its faculties of reasoning, thinking, remembering,* &c. Omnĭă fert ætas. ∾-um quŏquĕ (*the memory*). *V.* ∾-o res pĕrăgĕrĕ. *O.* exemplă rĕpĕtĕrĕ. *V.* pŏlum percurrĕrĕ. *H.* ∾-um ĭn artes demittĕrĕ. *O.* (ălĭcui rĕi) ădhĭbĕrĕ. *V.* [† Mens, pectŭs, cŏr, ingĕnĭum, rătĭo.] Ep. Acĕr, săgax, solers, căpax, vĭgens, prudens, vivĭdŭs. Crcl. ˘Anĭmi vis. Mens ănĭmi. *See* MENS. 4. Hence, *Any particular act of the mind, as an opinion, sentiment.* Quĭd mĭhĭ tunc ănĭmi credĭs fŭissĕ? *O.* [† Sensŭs, sententĭă, ŏpinĭo.] 5. *The heart, as the seat of the dispositions, affections, feelings.* ∾-um ămorĕ inflammarĕ; fletu concŭtĕrĕ. *V.* ∾-oquĕ dŏmoquĕ excĭpĕrĕ. *O.* [† Pectŭs, cŏr, mens, affectŭs.] Ep. Făcĭlis, bĕnignŭs, pĭŭs, æquŭs, purŭs, gĕnĕrosŭs; durŭs, ĭniquŭs; tristĭs, ægĕr. 6. Hence, *Any particular quality* or *feeling*; i. e.—1. *Courage, spirit.* Nunc ∾-is ŏpŭs est. *V.* ∾-os torrenti flumĭnă mĭnistrant. *St.* dant plagæ. *V.* 2. *Pride.* Ingentes tollent ∾-os. Cœlo ∾-um fĕrebăt. ∾-is elatŭs sŭperbis. *V.* 3. *Anger.* Quæ tĭbĭ res ănĭmos ĭn me făcĭt. *O.* ∾-os vincĕrĕ. *O.* ∾ is sævĭt vulgŭs. *V.* 4. *Lust, love of pleasure. H.* [† 1. Virtus, vis, robŭr; impĕtŭs. 2. *See* SUPERBIA. 3. *See* IRA. 4. Lĭbido, cŭpido, gĕnĭŭs.] 7. Ex ănĭmo. *Heartily.* Sincere dicăt ĕt ex ănĭmo. *Cat.* Ex ănĭmo dĕdĭt oscŭlă. *O.* 8. *Will, pleasure, intention.* Perfĭcĕrĕ săcră est ănĭmŭs. *V.* ∾-um inducĕrĕ. *H.* ∾ est ăbirĕ. *Ph.* [† Vŏluntas, cŭpido, mens, stŭdĭum.] *See* VOLO. 9. *Character, disposition.* ∾-um silvestrem exŭĕrĕ. *V.* arctum hospĭtĭis solvĕrĕ. *H.* [† Ingĕnĭum, indŏles natură.]

˘ANĬO. *See* ANIEN.

ANNALES, ĭum. *m. pl. A record, history; records, annals.* Si văcĕt annales nostrorum audirĕ lăborum. ∾-ĭbŭs erŭtă priscis. *O.* [† Histŏrĭă; mŏnūmentă, fasti.] *See* HISTORIA.

ANNĂ = AN. *See* AN.

ANNECTO, ĭs, exŭi, exum. 1. *To fasten to.* ∾-ĭt licĭă telis. *St.* [† Connecto, allĭgo, assŭo.] *See* VINCIO. 2. Fig. *To add.* Cŭpĭentem ∾ plurĭă. *Sil. See* ADJICIO.

ANNELLŬS, i. *dim. of* ANNULUS. *A small ring; of a chain Lr.; for the finger H. See* ANNULUS.

ANNIBAL, ălis. *m. The son of Hamilcar, the great Carthaginian general. C. D.* Expende Annĭbălem; quot libras in dŭcĕ summo &c. *J.* Ep. Afĕr, Lĭbycŭs, Pœnŭs, Sidŏnĭŭs; fortĭs, bellĭgĕr, sævŭs, fĕrŭs, ătrox, metuendus, callidus, perfidus; ătrox dextra; perjuro sŭperbŭs ensĕ. Crcl. Gĕneratŭs ˘Amilcărĕ. Sidŏnĭŭs ductŏr. Dux Punĭcŭs. Dirŭs Afĕr.

ANNISŬS, *and anc.* ANNIXŬS, *or* ADNIXŬS, ă, um. 1. *Having striven, striving.* Cymŏthŏe sĭmŭl et Triton annixŭs ăcuto Detrudunt naves scŏpŭlo. *V. Summis annixŭs virĭbŭs urgĕt. V.* Totis annisŭs virĭbŭs. *Sil. See* CONNISUS, ENISUS. 2. *Leaning upon* or *against.* Stant longis annixi hastis. Annixă cŏlumnæ (hastă). *V.* (Annixus *rather than* annisus *in this sense. The sense of 'striving' probably comes from 'leaning,' as implying leaning against an obstacle with effort, pushing against it.*)

ANNITŎR, *or* ADNITŎR, ĕrĭs, isŭs *and* ixŭs. *intr.* 1. *To lean upon. See* ANNIXUS, INNITOR. 2. *To strive. See* ANNISUS, CONOR.

ANNONĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Provisions.* Summă favorĭs Annona momentă trăhi. *L.* [† Commĕătŭs, cĭbarĭă. 2. *The price of provisions; price* gen. ∾ vĕneni. *J.* ămicorum. *H.* [† Prĕtĭum.]

ANNOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Aged.* In mĕdĭis annosă pŭellis. *O.* [† Longævŭs, grandævŭs.] *See* SENEX. 2. *Old, ancient.* ∾ brachĭă (arbŏrĭs). *V.* vŏlumĭnă vatum. *H.* vină. *O.* [† Vĕtŭs, vĕtustăs, antiquŭs, priscŭs.] *See* VETUS.

ANNŎTO, as. *To note, to observe.* — Naresquĕ pĭlosas Annŏtĕt et grandes &c. *J.* [† Nŏto, observo.]

ANNŬLŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A ring of iron. Lr.* and *M.* [† Annellŭs.] 2. *A ring for the finger.* Per cujus dĭgĭtos currit lĕvĭs annŭlŭs omnes. *M.* Ep. Aurĕŭs, prĕtĭosŭs, nĭtens; ĕquestrĭs. Phr. *To wear a ring.* Do gemmas dĭgĭtis. Dĭgĭtos auro circumlĭgo. 3. *A seal-ring. O. See* SIGILLUM. 4. *A ringlet of hair. M. See* CIRRUS.

ANNŬMĔRO, as. 1. *To add to a number, number among.* Se quŏquĕ ĭn exemplis annŭmĕrarĕ sŏlĕt. Quum vivis ∾-arĕr. *O.* [† Adscribo, accensĕo, rĕcensĕo (intĕr)]. Crcl. Nŭmĕro, addo, adjĭcĭo. ˘In nŭmĕrum rĕfĕro. ˘In nŭmĕro pono. 2. *To count, reckon. See* NUMERO.

ANNUNTIO, as. *To announce. St. See* NUNTIO.

ANNŬO, ĭs, i (*no supine*). 1. Intr. *To assent by a nod, to consent.* Annŭĭt, et totum nutu trĕmĕfecĭt ˘Olympum. *V.* [† Assentĭo, concedo, prŏbo, consentĭo, vŏlo.] *See* VOLO. 2. Hence, *To approve, favour.* ∾ audacĭbŭs cœptis. *V.* ingentĭbŭs ausis. *O. See* FAVEO. 3. Tr. *To grant, permit.* Cœli quĭbŭs annŭĭs arcem. *V.* [† Concedo, do, trĭbŭo, indulgĕo, permitto.] 4. Sts. *To approve, prosper.* Sin nostrum annŭĕrĭt nobis victorĭă martem. *V.* ∾-ĕ hanc mĭhĭ mĭlĭtĭam. *V. Fl.*

ANNŬS, i. *m.* 1. *The year; a year.* Lumĭnă, labentem cœlo quæ ducĭtĭs annum. *V.* [† *Sts.* Brumă, hĭems, æstas, messĭs; Cĕres.] Ep. Labens, lubrĭcŭs, fŭgax, fŭgĭens, præceps, vŏlubĭlĭs, irrĕvŏcabĭlĭs. Crcl. Anni tempŭs, tempŏrĭ, spătĭum, spătĭă, vĭces. Annŭŭs orbĭs. Annŭă tempŏrĭ, spătĭă. Cursŭs rĕvŏlubĭlĭs anni. Phr. 1. *The year begins again.* Se rĕnŏvăt annŭs. Amissæ umbræ montĭbŭs rĕdĕunt. (*Is passing.*) Annŭs ăbĭt. Phr. 2. *To express the space of one year.* Sol annum circumvolvĭtŭr. Annŭă mŏrĭ; annŭum spătĭum; annŭŭs orbĭs completŭr. Sol bĭs senos lunæ ortus complevĕrăt. Sol signă bĭs sex actis mensĭbŭs lustravĕrăt. Completo anno. (*Ovid thus expresses the year in days.*) Is dĕcĭes senos ter centum et quinquĕ dĭebus Junxĭt, ĕt e pleno, tempŏrĭ quintă dĭe. *O.* Phr. 3. *To express* any particular year, ordinally, *from the second to the twentieth.* Annŭs (*or* æstas, brumă, &c.) [*a*] altĕr, tertĭŭs, quartŭs, &c. . . . undĕcĭmŭs, altĕr ăb undĕcĭmo, tertĭŭs a dĕcĭmo, quartŭs a dĕcĭmo (*or* post dĕcĭmum), &c. *up to* 20*th*, vicesĭmŭs;—(*or* [*from the* 12*th*] bĭs sextŭs, septĭmŭs a sexto, *or* post sextum, bĭs septenŭs, quartŭs ăb undĕcĭmo, *or* bĭs quintŭs, quintŭs ăb undĕcĭmo, nonŭs ăb octavo, tĕr sextŭs *or* bĭs nonŭs, dĕcĭmŭs a nono, bĭs dĕcĭmŭs)—vĕnĭt (accedĭt, sĕquĭtŭr, labĭtŭr, ducĭtŭr, vertĭtŭr, volvĭtŭr); *or*, ĕrăt (ibăt, stĕtĕrăt); *or*, accessĕrăt (successĕrăt,

fugĕrăt, translĕrăt). *Or*, Sol (annŭs) altĕrum (3um, 4um, *as* [*a*] *above* . . . bĭs decimum) orbem, rĕvŏlutis mensĭbŭs (exactis cursĭbŭs) complevĕrăt, &c. *See also* **Phr.** 6. **Phr.** 4. *To express* any number of years, *from the second to the twentieth*. Sol dŭŏ, tres, &c. . . . dĕcem (*or* [*b*] binos, ternos—*the distributives, as used in poetry*—denos, *or* bĭs quinos, undenos, dŭŏdenos, *or* bĭs sex, *or* bĭs senos, bĭs septem, *or* bĭs septenos, *or* septenos ĭtĕrum, tĕr quinos, octonos ĭtĕrum, *or* bĭs octonos, tĕr senos . . . bĭs denos) orbes (annos) complevĕrăt (confecĕrăt, &c.). *Or*, Sol [*c*] bĭs, bĭs ĭtĕrumquĕ, tĕr, quătĕr . . . dĕcĭes; ĭtĕrumquĕ ĭtĕrumquĕ, &c. (*or* bĭs, tĕr, &c. *with the distributives* [*b*]; *e. g.* bĭs ternis, bĭs quinis . . . denis, tĕr quinis, tĕr senis, &c. vĭcĭbus) orbem complevĕrăt, &c.; *or*, bĭs, tĕr, &c. *as* [*c*] Cĕres falcĕ rĕsectă est; cŏlonŭs arvă ăristis nudavĭt; ăristas messŏr sĕcŭlĭt; ortă Plelĭs auctumnum rettŭlĭt; nĭvĭbŭs hŭmŭs canĕt; frigŏrĕ constĭterunt flumĭnă; rĕcurrĭt æstas, rĕcurrĭt hiems; trită est frugĭbŭs arĕă; messes arĕă accepĭt; disallŭĭt pĕdĕ pressă uvă; sol dŭŏdenă signă pĕrĕgĭt. *See also* **Phr.** 7. **Phr.** 5. *Certain numbers of years expressed after* twenty; *e.g.* 30. 50. 60. 100. 200. 300. 1000 *years*. Sol—triginta (magnos) orbes (*or* tĕr denas brumas)—lustrā dĕcem, *or* denā,—bĭs sex, *or* bĭs senā lustrā explevĕrăt (confecĕrăt). Sol centum (bĭs centum, tĕr centum, millĕ *or* bĭs quingentos, *or* centenos dĕcĭes) annos rĕnŏvavĕrăt (complevĕrăt, &c.) **Phr.** 6. *Examples of other modes by which* a particular year *may be expressed, as far as the* 1000*th*. (8*th year*.) Post lustrum tertĭă messis erăt. (13*th*.) Tertĭŭs dĕcĭmo successĕrăt annŭs. (14*th*.) Quartŭs ăd lustrā dŭŏ accessĕrăt annŭs. (19*th*.) Quartă trĭbŭs lustris messis addĭtă ĕrăt. (21*st*, 22*nd*, &c.) Bĭs ăd denos altĕr, tertĭŭs, &c. annŭs accessĕrăt. (30*th*, 31*st*, &c.) Triceslmă brumă currĭt. Tĕr dĕcĭes lapsă cădunt fŏlĭă. Tĕr ăd denos altĕr (3ius, 4tus, &c.) annŭs accessĕrăt. (51*st*. 60*th*. 100*th*. 150*th*.) ˘Ad lustrā dĕcem altĕr . . . dĕcĭmŭs, quinquagesĭmŭs, centesĭmŭs annŭs accessĕrăt. (600*th*. 1000*th*.) ˘Ad lustrā centum centesĭmŭs, quingentesĭmŭs annŭs accessĕrăt. *Or thus*; *in the* 12*th*; *in the* 27*th year*. Trĭĕterĭdĕ quarta; trĭĕterĭdĕ nona. **Phr.** 7. *Examples of other modes by which* a certain number of years *may be expressed, as far as* 1000. (5.) Sol quinquĕ pĕr auctumnos signă duxĕrăt. (11.) Unŭs gĕmĭnis lustris accessĕrăt annŭs. (12.) Sol dŭos annos ăd dŭŏ lustrā addĭdĕrăt. (16.) Sol tĕr ăd quinos unum annum addĭdĕrăt. (20.) Plenă quātĕr quinquennĭă. (21, 22, &c.; *or* 31, 32, &c.) Bĭs ăd denos; *or* tĕr ăd denos—unŭs, &c. (*or* bini, terni, &c. anni) accessĕrăt. (80.) Sæclă bĭs octonis lustris fluxerunt. (90.) Sol addĭdĕrăt nŏvem lustris altĕrā lustrā nŏvem. (300.) Tĕr centum messes; tĕr centum mustă; ternă sæcŭlă. (1000.) Denă sæculă. Jam millĕ vĭas æstas rĕtorsĕrăt. Sol ăd lustrā centum quingenos *or* quingentos annos addĭdĭt. (2000. 3000.) Bĭs, tĕr, denă sæcŭlă. **Phr.** 8. *After a certain number of years*. (Adapt the **Phr.** above with *post* and the accusative of the years, or with *quum*, *ubi*, *postquam*, and the verb.) (4.) Ut trĭbŭs exactis, ŭbĭ quarta accessĕrăt æstas (*in the fourth summer after*). (9.) Post nonam messem *or* hiĕmem. (10.) Post dĕcem hiĕmes *or* messes. (12.) Bĭs trĭĕterĭdĕ juncta. (20.) Bĭs dĕcĭmă post brumæ frigŏrā; quatŭŏr lustris emĕrĭtis; post quartum lustrum: quātĕr plenum lustrum consumpsĕrăt. (30.) Post trinā decennĭă. (50.) Post denā Phœbi lustrā. **Phr.** 9. *After a long course of years*. Tŏt jam labentĭbŭs (olim volventĭbŭs) lustris, annis. *See* ÆVUM, VETUSTAS. **Phr.** 10. *Before the end*, or *near the end of a certain year*; e. g. *the third*, nĕquĕ ăduhc trĭĕterĭdĕ plena; *the seventh*, septĭmŭs octavo prŏpĭor fŭgĭt annŭs. **Phr.** 11. *During such and such a number of years*. (5.) Quinquĕ pĕr auctumnos. (10.) Dŭŏ pĕr quinquennĭă; pĕr dŭŏ lustrā; lustris dŭobŭs, gĕmĭnis. (20.) Bĭs denos pĕr annos. (30.) Tĕr denos pĕr annos; pĕr sex quinquennĭă; tĕr denis rĕdĕuntĭbŭs annis. (60.) Pĕr senā dĕcennĭă.

2. *A man's age*; *the year of his life*. *V. O.* [† Ætas, ævum, tempŭs.] **Phr.** 1. *To express 'so many years old;' in such or such a year of a man's age*. (6.) Sex (mĭhĭ) natales fĕrant; *or*, bĭs (mĭhĭ) trĭĕterĭdĕ juncta. (12.) Quarta illi trĭĕterĭdĕ. (15.) Jam trĭă lustrā egĕrăt; (ăgebăt, *he was in his* 15*th year*.) (16.) Octonis ĭtĕrum natalĭbŭs actis. (18.) Tĕr senos annos ăddlevĕrăt. Jam sextă est illi trĭĕterĭs. (20.) Dĕcem vitæ annos gĕmĭnavĕrăt; bĭs denos annos vidĕrăt, nŭmĕravĕrăt. (27.) Trĭĕterĭdĕ nona (raptŭs). (30.) Trĭă dĕcennĭă natŭs. (40.) Cujŭs octavum lustrum ætas trĕpĭdavĭt claudĕrĕ (*has just completed*; trĕpĭdăt claudĕrĕ, *is close upon completing*). (50.) Bĭs quinquĕ fĕrens natalĭbŭs lustrā (*just so old*). (60.) Bĭs illi tricesĭmŭs consŭl instăt (*nearly* 60); bĭs sex quinquennĭă natŭs; cui sexagesĭmă messis condĭtă est. (80.) Octogesĭmă vidĭt solstĭtĭă. (90.) Tĕr senas ˘Ŏlympĭădăs (nŏvĭes denos annos) natŭs. ☞ *In such or such a year of his age may be expressed by most of the above phrases used with* nondum, nĕquĕ ăduhc, pæne, jam pæne. **Phr.** 2. *One year older than another person*. Uno consŭlĕ majŏr. 3. Pl. *Any long period of time*. [† Tempŭs, ætas, sæcŭlă.]

ANNŬUS, ă, um. 1. *A year's, of a year's duration*. Annŭŭs exactis completŭr mensĭbŭs orbis. *V.* Nox ∾. *O.* 2. *That which returns every year*. Mĭlĭo vĕnĭt ∾ cură. Cŏmas deponĭt ∾ terrā. *Tib.*

ANQUIRO, ĭs. *To seek for on all sides Lr.* (Quæro.)

ANSĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *The handle of a cup* or *vessel*. *V.* Ep. Tortĭlĭs, curvă, pandă. 2. *A shoe-tie*. *Tib.* 3. *The iron of a hook*. *Pp.*

ANSĔR, ĕrĭs. *m.* 1. *A goose*. Strĕpĭt imprŏbŭs ansĕr. *V.* Ep. Raucŭs, argutŭs, stridŭlŭs, garrŭlŭs, amnĭcŏlă, ăquatĭcŭs, flŭvĭalĭs; tardŭs, segnĭs, ĭners. (*Of the geese of the Capitol*.) Garrŭlŭs ansĕr Căpĭtolĭă (Romŭlĕas arces, Tarpeii templă Tŏnantĭs) vĭgĭlĭ vocĕ servavĭt.

ANTĔ. *prep.* 1. *Before* (of place), *in front of*. ∾ ædem (exŭvĭas ponĕrĕ). *Pp.* fŏrcs. *V.* dŏmum. *O.* [† Pro. ŏb.] 2. *Before*, *in the presence of*. ∾ oiă pārentum. *V. See* CORAM. 3. *Before* (of time). ∾ Jŏvem nulli &c. *V.* sŭos annos. *O.* 4. *Before* (in affection). ∾ ăllas carā; omnĭă dulces (Musæ). *V.* [† Præ.] 5. *Before*, adv. *formerly*. Pascĭte, ŭt ∾, bŏves. *V.* [† Prĭŭs, olim, quondam, antĕa, hactĕnŭs.]

ANTĔA. *adv. Formerly*. Pecti, nĭhil me, sicŭt antĕa, jŭvăt. *H. See* ANTE (5). [*The* ea *in these words is an abl. not acc. as in* quocirca, quapropter, antehac, &c.]

ANTEACTŬS, ă, um. *part. fr.* Anteăgo. *Done formerly*. ∾-ă fāteri. *O.* Us. *Past*, *spent*. ∾-os annos. *Tib.* [*The* e *in* ante *in these compounds is, as it were, elided*.] *See* ANTEAGO *and* TRANSACTUS.

ANTEĂGO, *or* ANTE ĂGO. 1. *To lead before*, or *in the front*. Tum crinĕ sŏluto Antĕăgĭtur conjux. *Sil.* 2. *To do formerly*. *See* ANTEACTUS.

ANTEAMBŬLO, ōnĭs. *m. A servant whose place it was to walk before his master*. Tŭmĭdique anteambŭlo regĭs. *M.*

ANTĔCĂPIO, *or* ANTĔ CĂPIO. *To take in advance*, *pre-occupy*. Antĕ lŏcum căpĭes ŏcŭlis. *V.* See OCCUPO.

ANTĔCEDO, ĭs, essi. 1. Intr. *To go before. M.* Raro antĕcedentem scĕlestum &c. *H. See* PRÆCEDO. 2. *Tr.* (ălĭquem, *Sen. or* ălĭcui, *Ter.*) *To precede, go before another.* 3. Fig. *To take the lead of, excel, be superior to. Pl. See* PRÆCELLO.

ANTEĔO = Antĕo, eis, eivi, *or* ĭi, eirĕ. 1. Intr. *To go before. Ter.* [ⁱ Antĕcedo, præĕo, præcedo.] 2. Us. tr. *To precede, go before.* Nec cursus antecĕăt illă tŭos. *O.* Te sempĕr anteit sævă nĕcessĭtas. *H.* [ⁱ Præĕo præcedo, antĕcedo.] 3. Fig. *To surpass, excel.* Qui candorĕ nĭves anteirent. cursĭbŭs euros. *V.* ∾ tăbŭlas vĕtustas. *Pp.* [ⁱ Præcello, præsto, sŭpĕro, vinco.] ☞ *The second must not be used as a short syllable.*

ANTĔFĔRO, fers, tŭli, latum. 1. *To bear before.* ∾ gressum. *V.* 2. *To choose first, to prefer.* Quæ quĭbŭs antĕfĕram. *V.* Te Graiis antĕfĕrendo. *H. See* PRÆPONO.

ANTEHAC. *dissyl. adv. Hitherto, till now.* Antehac nĕfas deprommĕrĕ Cæcŭbum &c. *H.* [ⁱ Antĕ, quondam, olim, prĭŭs, hactĕnŭs.]

ANTENNĂ, æ. *f. The sail-yard. V.* Ep. Summă, altă, ardŭă, vellĭfĕră, alată. Crol. Cornŭă antennarum. *V.*

ANTENŎR, ŏrĭs. *m. Antenor, king of Thrace, one of Priam's allies; and, after the taking of Troy, the founder of Patavium, now Padua, in Italy.* Trojanæ suasorem Antenŏră pacĭs. *O.*

ANTĔPONO, ĭs, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum (*or* antĕ *separated*). 1. *To set before.* Libatum agrĭcolæ ponĭtŭr antĕ Dĕo. *Tib. See* APPONO. 2. Us. *To prefer. See* PRÆFERO.

ANTĔQUAM. *conj.* 1. *Before that.* (Antĕ). [ⁱ Prĭusquam.] 2. *Freq.* Ante . . . quam. Antĕ nŏvis rŭbĕant quam prată cŏlorĭbŭs. *V.* [ⁱ Prĭus . . . quam.]

ANTES, ĭum. *n. pl. V. Front* or *outside rows of vines; rows of plants* gen. *V.*

ANTESTO, *or* ANTISTO. *See* ANTISTO.

ANTESTŎR, arĭs. *To summon as a witness. H.*

ANTĔVĔNIO, ĭs, veni. 1. *To get before, be beforehand with, anticipate.* Antĕvĕni, et sŏbŏlem armento sortirĕ quŏtannis. *V.* ∾ tempŭs. *Cl.* tempŏri. *Pl. See* PRÆCEDO. 2. *To surpass. Pl. See* PRÆSTO.

ANTĔVERTO, ĭs. i. 1. *To forestal, get before, prevent, Ter.; surpass, Pl. See* PRÆVERTO. 2. Pass. *To attend to first. Pl. See* PRÆVERTOR.

ANTEVŎLO, as. *To fly before.* Lit. *and* fig. Turnŭs ŭt antĕvŏlans tardum præcessĕrăt agmĕn. *V.* ∾-ant venti. *V.* Zĕphyros pennæ. *Sil. See* PRÆCURRO.

ANTĬCĬPO, as. 1. *To take before, pre-occupy.* Per compendĭă montĭs Antĭcĭpată vĭa est. *O.* ∾-assĕ vĭam. *St.* [ⁱ Præcĭpĭo, occŭpo.] 2. *To take the lead of, precede. Aus. See* PRÆCEDO. 3. Intr. (*as* φθάνειν.) *To be beforehand with, come before* or *earlier. Lr.*

ANTĬCYRA, æ. *f. An island in the Ægean sea abounding in hellebore, supposed to be a cure for madness. C. D.* Et quidquid tota nascĭtŭr Antĭcyra. *O.* Trĭbŭs Antĭcyris căpŭt insanabĭlĕ (*a hopeless madman*). *H. See* HELLEBORUM.

ANTĬGŎNE, es. *f. Antigone, the daughter of Œdipus. C. D.* Quid? non Antĭgŏnes tŭmŭlo Bœotĭŭs Hæmon Corrŭĭt? *Pp.* Ep. Plĭă, ănĭmosă, fortĭs, mĭsĕră, mălis devotă.

ANTĬŎCHIA, *or* ANTĬŎCHEA, æ. *f.* ('Αντιόχεια.) *Aus. Antioch, the capital of Syria.*

ANTĬŎCHUS, i. *m. Antiochus, the name of several kings of Syria: the most famous was Antiochus the Great. C. D.* Pyrrhumque, ĕt ingentem cĕcidĭt Antĭŏchum, Annĭbălemquĕ dirum. *H.*

ANTĬŎPĂ, æ, *and* ANTĬŎPE, es. *f. The daughter of Nycteus, and mother of Zethus and Amphion, by Jupiter. C. D.* Jupĭtĕr Antĭŏpæ nusquam succurrĭs hăbenti &c. *Pp.*

ANTĬPŎDES, um. *m. pl.* ('Αντίποδες.) *The Antipodes; the inhabitants of that part of the globe which is diametrically opposite to ours.* [ⁱ Adversi axes.] Phr. Sŭb pĕdĭbus jăcent nostris. Adversi stant nobis. Nobis (pĕdĭbŭs nostris) adversă vestigĭă prĕmunt (urgent). [*Lucretius thus describes our* 'Antipodes.] Illi quum vidĕant solem, nos sidĕrĕ noctis Cerrĕrĕ, et alternis nobiscum tempŏrĕ cœli Divĭdĕre, et noctes pĕrĭles ăgĭtarĕ dĭebus.

ANTIQUARIA, æ. *f. A female antiquary.* Ignotosquĕ mihi tĕnĕt antiquarĭă versus. *J.*

ANTIQUUS, ă, um. 1. *Ancient.* Urbs antiquă fŭit Tyrĭi tĕnŭerĕ cŏloni. *V.* ∾ nomen. *O.* relĭgio. *V.* [ⁱ Vĕtŭs, vĕtustŭs, priscŭs, pristĭnŭs.] 2. *Old, aged* = sĕnex. ∾ Butes. [ⁱ Longævŭs, grandævŭs, annosŭs.] 3. *Former, that once* or *formerly was.* Templum ∾-i conjŭgĭs. Conjŭgĭum ∾-um. *V.* [ⁱ Priscŭs, pristĭnŭs, prĭŏr, vĕtŭs; *st.* prætĕrĭtŭs, transactŭs.] *See* VETUS. 4. *Good-old* (days, manners), *of the old school; worthy.* Morĭbŭs antiquis rĕs Romană stăt. *Enn.* ∾-a virtutĕ et fĭde. *Ter.*

ANTISTES, ĭtĭs. *m.* 1. *One who is the chief person in any thing*; hence, in divine things, *a priest, a chief priest.* Antĕ fŏres templi crater antistĭtis auro. *Pp. See* SACERDOS. 2. Hence, *One who devotes his time and attention to any object; a master in any science* or *art* (as we speak, "worships" the Muses). ∾ sŏphiæ. *M.* cultŏr ĕt ∾ doctorum vĭrorum. *O. See* ANTISTITA.

ANTISTĬTĂ, æ. *f. A priestess.* Antistĭtă Phœbi. *O.* [ⁱ Sacerdos, *f.*]

ANTISTO, as. *To surpass, excel, be superior to. Aus.* Antistans mĭhĭ millĭbŭs trĕcentis (ămicis). *Cat. See* PRÆSTO.

ANTĬUM, ĭi. *n. A city of Latium, once the capital of the Volsci, where there was a famous temple of Fortune.* O divă gratum quæ rĕgis Antĭum. *H.*

ANTLĬA, æ. *f. A pump.* Curvă lăboratas antlĭă tollĭt ăquas. *M.*

ANTONIUS, i. *m. The name of several Romans, of whom the most conspicuous were:* 1. *Marcus Antonius, the orator.* Antoni scriptă lĕguntŭr. *O.* 2. *Marcus Antonius, the triumvir, grandson of the above, conquered by Augustus at Actium.* Hinc ŏpĕ barbărĭca vărĭisque Antonĭŭs armis. *V.*

ANTRUM, i. *n. A cave, cavern, den, a grotto.* Scŏpŭlis pendentĭbŭs antrum. *V.* Rorantĭă fontĭbŭs antră. *O.* [ⁱ Căvernă, spelunca, spĕcŭs, rĕcessŭs, lătĕbră; *sts.* lustră, spelæum.] Ep. Vĭridĭ, vĭrens, frondosum; umbrosum, căvum, curvum, convexum; lătens, rĕconditum, prŏfundum, arcanum, abdĭtum, secretum; nĭgrum, horrendum, atrum, cæcum; udum, gĕlĭdum, frigĭdum: vasto rĕcessu submotum; hĭatu (tĕnĕbroso, vasto) cæcum, immanĕ; rĕcessĭbŭs ingens; saxo (vivo, vĕtusto) *or* tofo pendens; t. et pumĭcĕ vivo lăquĕatum. Crol. Căvŭs mons. Căvă rupes. Căvum saxum. Saxi fornix. Rupis (montis) excess lătŭs *or* concăvă. Spelunca rĕcessŭs (lătĕbræ, căvŭs. Phr. ˘Inadspecti cœlo Pĕnates.

˘ANUBIS, ĭdis. *m. An Egyptian deity, worshipped under the form of a man with a dog's head.* Latratŏr ˘Anubis. *V.* Crol. Lătrans numĕn. Phr. Semĭdĭquĕ cănes.

ANŬLUS. *See* ANNULUS.

ANŬS, us. *f.* 1. *An old woman.* Ecce ănŭs in mĕdĭis rĕsĭdens annosă puellis. *O.* [ⁱ Vĕtŭlă, longævă.] Ep. Trĕmens, infirmă, debĭlis, annosă, cană, rugosă, deformis, curvă. *See* SENEX, SENECTUS. 2. Freq. *A witch. Tib.* Pelignæ ănus. *H. See* SAGA. 3. Adj. *Old* (of things inani-

mate). ~ chartā. *Cat.* testā. *M.* [¶ Annosā, vĕtŭs, vĕtustā.]

ANXIĒTAS, ātis. *f. Anxiety, care.* Anxiĕtatē cārens ănĭmūs &c. *J. See* CURA.

ANXIFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Making anxious.* Tu tămĕn anxifĕras curas rĕquĭetē rĕlaxas. *Cic.* (*Div.*)

ANXIŬS, ă, um. 1. *Anxious.* Proquĕ tŏt annorum curis, quos anxĭŭs egi. *O. See* SOLLICITUS. 2. *Making anxious.* ~ tĭmŏr. *V.*

˘ANYTŬS, i. *m. One of Socrates' accusers.* Pythăgŏran, ˘Anytiquĕ rĕum (*i.e.* Socrātes) doctumquĕ Plātonā. *H.* and *O.*

AŌNĒS, um. *m. pl. Mountains in Bœotia so called, one of which was Mount Helicon, sacred to the Muses.* Aōnās in montes ut duxĕrĭt unā sŏrorum. *V.*

AŌNIA, æ. *f. A mountainous part of Bœotia, in which are the mountains Aones, one of which, Mount Helicon, was the seat of Apollo and the Muses; Bœotia.* Aōnĭam, Eubœamque et Phocĭdŏs arvā prŏpinquæ. *St. See* BŒOTIA.

AŌNIDÆ, arum. *m. pl. The Aonians, Bœotians.* Quisquĭs ĕs Aōnĭdum, quem &c. *St.*

AŌNIS, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Aonian, f.; Bœotian, f.* Aōnĭdum dives largitŏr ăquarum. *St.* ~ tellus. *St. See* BŒOTIUS. 2. AŌNIDES, um. *f. pl. The Muses.* Poscĭmŭr, Aōnĭdes. *O. See* MUSÆ.

AŌNIŬS, ă, um. 1. *Aonian, Bœotian.* (Aōnĕs.) ~ hūmŭs. *O. See* BŒOTIUS. 2. *Aonian, in reference to the Muses; of the Muses.* ~ Cămenæ; vates; lyrā. *O.* [¶ Castălĭŭs, Pĭĕrĭŭs, Hĕlĭconĭŭs, Permessĭŭs.]

˘AORNŌS, i. *m. f. A marsh* or *lake in Epirus, avoided by birds on account of its deadly exhalations. Plin. Avernus, the lake in Campania, is for the same reason also so called.* Undĕ lŏcum Graii dixerunt nomĭne ˘Aornōn. *V.* [*another reading gives Avernum.*]

˘APAGĒ. *interj.* Abs. or with acc. *Off, begone; away with.* ˘Apāgē, non plăcet mi hoc noctĭs esse. *Pl.* ~ istas a me sŏrores. *Pl.* [¶ Prŏcŭl, hinc prŏcŭl.]

˘APELIOTES, *or* ˘APHELIOTES, æ. *m. A wind, the same as the east wind, also called* subsolanus. Nec sævi bŏrĕæ aut ăpelĭotæ. *Cat.*

˘APELLES, ĭs. *m. Apelles, a celebrated painter of Cos, contemporary with Alexander the Great.* Si nunquam Vĕnĕrem Cous pinxissĕt ˘Apelles. *O. See* PICTOR.

˘APELLEŬS, ă, um. *Of Apelles.* Qualĭs ˘Apelleis est cŏlŏr in tăbŭlis. *Pp.*

APENNINĬCŎLA, æ. *m. f. An inhabitant of the Apennines.* Apenninĭcŏlæ bellator fĭlĭŭs Auni. *V.*

APENNINĬGĒNA, æ. *m. f. Born in, springing from the Apennines.* Apenninĭgĕnis cultas pastorĭbŭs aras. *Cl.* ~ Tibrĭs. *O.*

APENNINŬS, i. *m. The Apennines, a chain of mountains running through Italy.* Aĕrĭæque Alpes, et nubĭfĕr Apenninŭs. *O. See* MONS.

˘APER, apri, *or* āpri. *m. A wild boar.* Trux āpĕr insĕquĭtur &c. *O.* Aut spumantĭs āpri cursum clamorĕ prĕmentem. *V.* Setosi căpŭt hoc apri. *V.* [¶ Sus, verres.] Ep. Hirsutŭs, setosŭs, horrĭdŭs; acĕr, fulmĭnĕŭs, vĭŏlentŭs, vastŭs, răbĭdŭs, mĭnax, trux, torvŭs, spumans. Dentē (obliquo d.) mĭnax; orā lunatā dentĭbŭs sŏnans; dentes vulnĭfĭcos ăcŭens.

˘APERIO, is, ĕrŭi, ertum. 1. *To open.* Illas āpĕrirĕ cāvernas. *O.* ~ orā. *V.* [¶ Rĕsĕro, rĕcludo, pando, pătĕfăcio, diduco, laxo.] 2. *To open, to cleave open.* ~ viscĕrā tauri. *O.* căpŭt; jŭgŭlos. *J.* [¶ Rumpo, findo.] 3. *To expand, to unclose, relax.* ~-It ver omnĭā. [¶ Laxo, rĕlaxo, solvo, rĕmitto.] 4. *To discover, lay open, show.* ~ ramum qui vestĕ lātebāt; terram intĕr fluctus. *V.* [¶ Pătĕfăcio, detĕgo, ostendo, *monstro.*] *See* OSTENDO. 5. *To discover, to unclose.* Edŏcŭit gentem casus āpĕrirĕ fŭturos. *O.* ~-It fŭturā. *V. See* DETEGO.

APĒRIŎR. *pass.* 1. *To open,* intr.; *to be opened.* [¶ Rĕcludor, rĕsĕror, pandŏr, pătĕfio, pătĕo.] 2. ˘Apĕrĭŏr, *and* ˘Apĕrio me. *To appear, come in sight, to open to view.* Et formidatus nautis āpĕritur ˘Apollo. *V.* ~-It se sĕrĭes. *V.* [¶ Apparĕo, prospĭcior, pătĕo, pătesco, me ostendo.] *See* APPAREO. 3. *To discover oneself,* or *sentiments.* Stŭdĭoque āpĕrimŭr ĭn ipso. *O.*

˘APERTE. *adv. Openly, clearly.* Vēl āperte tutŭs ămarĕ. *O.* Nĕc apparĕt āperte. *Lr.* [¶ Pălam, mănifĕsto.] *See* PALAM.

˘APERTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* APERIO. 1. *Open.* Exĭĕrat portis ĕquĭtatŭs āpertis. *V.* [¶ Rĕclusŭs, pătĕfactŭs, pătens, rĕsĕratŭs, ădăpertŭs; *sts.* hĭans, hĭulcŭs.] 2. *Uncovered.* ~-o pectŏrĕ fovĭt. *O.* [¶ Detectŭs, nudatŭs, nudŭs.] 3. *Free, open.* Cælo ~-o. *V.* Pĕr ~-ā vŏlans. *O.* [¶ Lĭbĕr, pătens.] 4. *Manifest.* ~ pĕrĭcŭlā. *V.* [¶ Mănifĕstŭs, clarŭs, certŭs.] 5. ˘Apertum est. *It is clear. Pl.* Quid āpertĭŭs? *J.* [¶ Lĭquĕt, pătĕt.] 6. ˘APERTUM, i. *n. as subst. The open country.* Pĕr ~ fŭgĭentes (cervos). *H. See* PLANITIES.

˘APEX, ĭcis. *m.* 1. *A tuft* or *tassel of wool on the top of the Flamen's cap; the cap itself; and cap,* gen. Lanĭgĕrosque āpĭces. *V. See* GALERUS. 2. *The tiara of Eastern kings; any diadem;* fig. *eminent dignity and power.* Hinc āpĭcem . . . Sustŭlĭt, hic pŏsŭĭssĕ gaudĕt (Fortunā). Trĕmendi regum āpĭces. *H.* [¶ Fastigĭum.] *See* POTENTIA. 3. *A tongue of fire on the head of heroes protected by Heaven,* or *numbered among the gods.* Ecce lĕvis summo de vertĭcĕ vĭsŭs ˘Iŭli Fundĕrĕ lumĕn āpex. *V.* Stellĭgĕrum attollens āpĭcem (Cæsar). *Sil.* ˘Apĭcem sĭbi poscĕre ĭn astris. *St.* 4. *The plume of a helmet. V.* 5. *A peak, summit, top.* Obsedere āpĭcem (arborĭs). *V.* Ætnæos āpĭces. *Cl.* Montĭs ~. *Sil.*

˘APHRŎDITĀ, æ, *and* ˘APHRŎDITE, es. *f. A name for Venus, as born out of the foam of the sea.* (ἀφρός.) Est Marti namque ˘Aphrŏditā cŏmĕs. *Aus. See* VENUS.

˘APICATŬS, ă, um. *Wearing the Flamen's cap. See* APEX. Conjux āpĭcati sanctā Dĭalĭs. *O.*

˘APICIŬS, ii. *m. Three Romans so called, all of whom, at different periods, were notoriously addicted to the pleasures of the table.* Ad cœnam gaudebāt ˘Apicĭŭs irĕ. *M.*

˘APINÆ, arum. *f. pl. Trifles. A word derived from a proverbially mean town of Apulia, called Apina. There was another also called Trica, whence Tricæ, of the same meaning.* Sunt āpĭnæ tricæque et si quid villŭs istis. *M.*

I. ˘APIS, is. *f.* ˘APES, um, *and more freq.* ĭum. *pl. A bee, bees.* Non āpĭs indĕ tŭlit collectos sedŭlā flores. *O.* Ep. Cecrŏpĭā, Attĭcā, Hȳmettĭā, Hybla, florĭlĕgā, mellĭfĕrā, vĭgĭl, sedŭlā, sollĭcitā, studĭosā, ingĕnĭosā, parcā. Crol. ˘Apum *or* ˘Apĭum examĕn, agmĕn, nubes. Gens ŏpĭfex mellĭs. G. florum studĭosā. Mellĭs *or* nectārĭs artĭfĭces. Vŏlŭcres mellĭfĕræ. Phr. *Bees at work.* Dædălā tectā fingunt. Ceras (tĕnaces) suspendunt; ver pŏpŭlantur; arbŭtā, flores &c. pascuntur; gratā thȳmā carpunt; sŭper flores sparguntur; funduntŭr circum lilĭā; varĭis florĭbŭs insidunt (obstrĕpunt). Mellĭs grăvĭdæ dŏmum (ăd dulces ceras, Lāres, antrā) prŏpĕrant; mellā (lĭquentĭā, purissĭmā) stipant; cellas nectārĕ (lĭquĭdo, dulci) distendunt.

II. *The sacred ox worshipped by the Egyptians.* Vărĭusquĕ cŏlorĭbŭs Apis. *O.* Crol. Bos Ægyptĭŭs, Memphitĭcŭs. *See* OSIRIS, SERAPIS.

˘APISCŎR, ĕris, aptŭs sum = Ādipiscor, ănc. To *get, lay hold of.* ˘Anĭmus . . . præcepĭt āpĭsci.

Cat. ∾-ĭtŭr ex ăllĭs ăllĭos (*of contagious disease*). *Lr. See* ACQUIRO, ATTINGO.

˘APĬUM, ĭi. *n. Parsley, a plant with which the ancients made crowns.* ˘Aplo crines ornatŭs ămaro. *V.* Ep. Udum, vĭrens, vĭrĭdĕ, vivax.

˘APLUSTRĂ, and APLUSTRĔ, ĭs. *n. pl.* -STRĂ, *or* STRIX. *An ornament on the stern of a ship, on which there was a flag-staff, with flags, streamers, &c. flying.* Per terrarum omnes oras flŭĭtantŭĭ ăplustrā. *Lr.* Audax aplustrē rĕtentāt. *L.* Lăcĕroque aplustrĭă velo. *Sil.*

˘APOLLĬNARĬS, ĕ, *and* APOLLĬNĔŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Apollo.* Laurĕa donandŭs ˘Apollĭnari. Ausŭs ˘Apollĭnĕos præ se contemnĕrĕ cantus. *O.* [† Phœbeŭs, Phœbellŭs, Actĭăcŭs, Actĭŭs.]

˘APOLLO, ĭnĭs. *m. Apollo, otherwise Phœbus, son of Jupiter and Latona; the god of the bow, of poetry, of music, divination, eloquence, &c. C. D. In later times also, the god of the sun. C. D.* Actĭŭs hæc cernens arcum intendebāt ˘Apollo. *V.* Dextro fĭăclatĭs ˘Apollĭnĕ versus. *O.* [† Phœbŭs, ˘Agyieus; Delĭŭs, Cynthĭŭs, Clārĭŭs, Arcĭtĕnens, Pȳthĭŭs, Grynæŭs, Thymbræŭs, Delphĭcŭs, Latonĭŭs (*of which the two first are properly surnames, and the others epithets, though used subst.*); *sts.* Sol, Titan, Pæan.] Ep. Intonsŭs, crinitŭs, flavŭs, pulchĕr, formosŭs, doctŭs, facundŭs; augŭr, fatĭdĭcŭs; sāgitta mĕtŭendŭs; Arcu dĕcorŭs, inclĭtŭs. Crcl. Phœbŭs ˘Apollo. Latonĭă proles. Latonæ fĭlĭŭs. Clārĭŭs dĕŭs. Cirrhæŭs vates, Musarum præsĕs. Carmĭnis auctŏr, Vatum pātĕr. Mĕdĭcinæ rĕpertŏr, inventŏr. *See* MUSÆ, PÆAN, SOL.

˘APOSTŎLŬS, i. *m.* (Ἀπόστολος.) *Eccl. An apostle; one of the twelve Apostles.* Crcl. Christi cŏmĭtes, discĭpŭli. ˘Apostŏlĭcŭs cœtŭs, sĕnatŭs. ˘Apostŏlĭci vĭri.

˘APŎTHECĂ, æ. *f. A store-room, a safe.* Aut ăpŏthecă prŏcis intacta est, aut pĕcŭs. *H. See* CELLA.

˘APŎTHĔOSĬS, ĕŏs. *f. Eccl. An apotheosis, act of deification,* or *making a god of a man after his death; a man's becoming a deity,* or *immortal.* Phr. 1. *To deify,* or *render immortal. To become immortal.* ˘Ad astrā, ăd sidĕrā tollo, fĕro. Astris, cœlo infĕro, addo. ˘In astrā fĕro, vĕho. ˘In cœlum evĕho. Cœlum (ci) rĕcludo, trado. Cœlo lŏco, compono. Intĕr astrā pono. ˘Ad astrā ĕo. ˘In astrā vĕnĭo. Astrā tango, contingo, ădĕo. Sŭpĕr astrā fĕrŏr. Me cœlo mitto. ˘Ad sidĕrā tollŏr. Astris accedo. Phr. 2. *Of one ripe for heaven.* Tempestivŭs cœlo. Debetŭr cœlo. ˘In cœlum tollendŭs. Quem astrā mănent. Phr. 3. *Of one raised to heaven for his deeds.* Propter virtutem —cœlo rĕceptŭs, bĕatŭs;—cœlestĭbŭs oris acceptŭs;—ordinĭbŭs Dĕorum ascriptŭs;—stellis, concĭlio Jŏvĭs insertŭs. Qui sŭpĕras cœli sŭb auras (ăd sidĕrā ætherĕā) venĭt, scandĭdĭt. Qui sedes ignĕas (arces sidĕrĕas) virtutē attĭgĭt. Cui cœlum (astrā, pŏlum &c.) virtus rĕclusĭt. Quem terra defunctum (terris ablatum) virtus astris addĭdĭt (ăd sidĕrā tŭlĭt).

APPARATŬS, us. *m. Pomp and circumstance, apparatus, preparation.* Persĭcos odi, pŭĕr, appăratus. *H.* [† Pāratŭs.] *See* PARATUS.

APPARĔO, es, ŭi. 1. *To appear, be in sight, come in sight.* Apparent rari nantes in gurgĭtĕ vasto. *V.* Apparĕt Cămărinā prŏcŭl. *V.* [† Comparĕo, vĭdĕŏr, adspĭcĭŏr, cernŏr, ostendŏr, me ostendo.] *See* ADSPICIOR. 2. *To be in waiting, present for service.* Hæ Jŏvĭs ăd sŏlĭum apparent. *V.* 3. *To be evident. H. See* LIQUET.

APPARO, as. 1. *To make ready, to prepare.* Quas appărăt iras. *V. Fl.* ∾ dăpes. *H. See* PARO. 2. Intr. *To prepare oneself.* Pĕdĕs ∾-ăt irĕ. *V.*

I. APPELLO, as. 1. *To address, accost.* [† Compello, allŏquŏr.] *See* ALLOQUOR. 2. *To call to, to call to by name, to call in naming. See* VOCO. 3. *To name, give a name.* Urbem appellabunt . . . Acestam. *V.* [† Dico, vŏco, nomĭno.] *See* VOCO. 4. *To proclaim.* Cœlĭtum appello fĭdem. *Sen. See* DECLARO. 5. *To call upon in witness, to invoke. Sen.* [† Invŏco, testŏr.]

II. APPELLO, ĭs, pŭli, pulsum. 1. *To drive* or *direct to,* or *towards.* Ad littŏrā curvă jŭvencos Appŭlĕram. *O.* [† Admŏvĕo, adduco.] 2. *To conduct, send, bring* (sp. by water, or to other shores or countries). Me vestris appŭlĭt oris (Dĕŭs). *V.* Huc nos appŭlĭt errŏr. *O.* Appŭlĭt undă (corpŭs). *O.* [† Admŏvĕo, applĭco, affĕro.] 3. *To touch at, land at,* intr. Ausŏnĭs exercĭtŭs appŭlĭt oris. *V.* [† Appellŏr, applĭcŏr, allabŏr, advĕhŏr, advertŏr, adno.] Crcl. Portum, portus tango, attingo, ingrĕdĭŏr, intro, sŭbĕo, tĕnĕo. ˘In portus defĕror. Littŏrā, ārenas, rātĕ, navĕ, cārina tango, contingo. Terræ oris, ārenis appello. Tellurĕ, ārena pŏtĭŏr. Portu consido, quĭesco, condŏr, me condo. Clavum, proram ăd littŏrā torquĕo, verto, flecto. Terris, oris ārenæ allabŏr, advertŏr, adno. Terræ proram adverto. Rātem infĕro. Terræ oras prendo. Phr. *Vessels coming in.* Læti nautæ—terræ advertuntŭr;—classem ventis subducunt;—portus (ostĭă) plenis velis (remĭgĕ et velo) sŭbĕunt (intrant); *or,*—rŭdentes lĕgunt; littŭs, pŏsĭto malo, remis pĕtunt; (*then*)—proras pĕlăgo obvertunt; funem rĕlĭgant (ripæ classem ăb aggĕrĕ rĕlĭgant), *or* tĕnaci dentĕ classem fundant.

APPĔTO, ĭs, ivi *and* ĭi, itum. 1. *To strive after, try to get.* Uvam appĕtebat, summis sălĭens viribŭs. *Ph.* [† Affecto, nitŏr (in).] 2. *To make for, go direct to.* ∾ tellurem orĕ crŭento. *Sil.* (to bite the dust.) 3. *To aim at, strike at, attack.* ∾ unguĕ gĕnas. *O.* ˘Ocŭlos mĕos. *Tib.* Cœlestĭă corpŏrā ferro. *V.* [† Impĕto, pĕto, aggrĕdĭŏr, ădŏrĭŏr, invado.] 4. *To covet.* ∾ talem mărĭtum. *O.* [† Pĕto, cŭpĭo, opto, expĕto, exopto.] *See* CUPIO.

APPĬX, æ. *f.* (sub. via.) *The Appian way* (so called from Appius Cæcus, who commenced it), *leading from Rome to Brundusium.* Curvis Appĭă trĭtă rŏtis. *O.*

APPINGO, ĭs. *To introduce in a painting.* Delphinum silvis appingit, fluctĭbŭs aprum. *H.*

APPLAUDO, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To strike with the hands, so as to make a noise.* Illĕ căvis velox applauso corpŏrĕ palmis. *O.* 2. *To clap the hands, applaud. Pl. See* PLAUDO.

APPLAUSŬS, us. *m. A noisy shock of any kind.* Terrĭbĭli applausu circum hospĭtă surgĭrĕt ŏrā. *St.*

APPLĬCO, as, avi *and* ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To put one thing to another, to apply, bring together in contact.* Lit. *and* fig. Impressoquĕ gĕnu nitens terræ applĭcăt ipsum. ∾ oscŭlā fĕrĕtro; ămicas aures votis. *H.* [† Admŏvĕo, adjungo, addo, adhĭbĕo, adjĭcĭo.] 2. *To bring, move,* or *drive* (to any point or place); sp. *of vessels,* or *coming by sea.* Quæ vis (te) immanĭbŭs applĭcăt oris. *V.* ∾ bŏves illuc. *O. See* APPELLO, is. Hence—3. ∾ navem, *or abs.* Applĭcŏr, *to land, come to by sea.* ∾-ŏr In terras tŭas; ignotis. *O.*

APPLORO, as. *To weep by* or *with another.* Quĕrebăr applorans tĭbĭ. *H. See* PLORO.

APPONO, ĭs, ŏsĭ, ŏsĭtum. 1. *To put to* (in addition), *to add.* Hoc quŏquĕ nescĭo quid nostris apponĕ lĭbellis. *O.* ∾ annos. *Pers.* [† Addo, adjĭcĭo, adjungo.] 2. *To put near to* or *by, to put in* or *on.* ∾ pabŭlā In forĭbŭs. *V.* membrā tŏro. *O.* vim lĕonĭs stŏmăcho. *H. See* APPERO, DEPONO. 3. *To serve up, place upon the table.* ∾ mensis ăpŭlandum. *V.* Appŏsĭto Lȳæo. *O.*

Apporrectŭs, ă, um. *Stretched out close by.* Infantemquĕ vĭdent, apporrectumquĕ drăconem. *O.* [¶ Adjăcens.]

Apporto, as. *To bring.* Lit. *and* fig. Anni tempŏrĭ morbos ~-ant. *Lr.* [¶ Affĕro, advĕho, invĕho, importo.]

Appotŭs, *or* **Adpotŭs**, ă, um. (Potŭs.) *Having drunk, well drunk. Pl.*

Apprĕcŏr, aris. *See* **Precor.** Ritĕ dĕos prĭŭs apprĕcati. *H.*

Apprehendo, *and* **Apprendo**, ĭs, i, sum. *To lay hold of, seize upon.* Altĕrum altĕra apprehendĭt eos mānu pernĭcĭter. *Pl.* Nisus ~ primos. *Sil.* ~ ălĭquem mānu. *Pl.* [¶ Prehendo, prendo, comprendo, corrĭpio, arrĭpio, căpio.]

Apprime. *adv.* (Primŭs.) *Very particularly, especially.* ~ bŏnos. *Pl.* nobĭlis. *Ter. See* **Multum.**

Apprŏbatĭŏ, onis. *f. Approval.* Dextram sternŭĭt apprŏbatĭonem. *Cat.*

Apprŏbo, as. 1. *To approve.* An vĕrĕar ne non apprŏbĕt illĭ Gĕtes. *O.* [¶ Prŏbo, laudo.] 2. *To submit for approbation; prove to be worthy of approbation, cause to be approved.* ˘Opŭs apprŏbavĭt. *Ph.* 3. *To prove, make clear by proof. M. See* **Probo.**

Apprŏpĕro, as. *To make haste.* Et robŏrĕ ferrĕ cŏactis Apprŏpĕrant hŭmĕris. *Sil. See* **Festino.**

Appulĭa, *and* **Apulĭa**, æ. *f. A province of Italy.* Vellĕribus primis Appulĭæ; Parmæ sĕcundis. *M.* (*In Horace we find the first syllable short:* Altricis extra limĕn ˘Apulĭæ; *but it is the only instance, and the reading doubted, if meant of the province. See Bentley* ad locum.) [¶ Daunĭæ.] **Crel.** Jugĕrĕ Dauni.

Appulsŭs, ă, um. *part. See* **Appello.** *Landed.* **Crel.** Tellurĕ pŏtĭtŭs. Delatŭs ĭn portum. *V. See* **Appello**, is.

Apŭlŭs, *or* **Apŭlŭs**, ă, um. *Of Apulia.* Vulturĕ ĭn Appŭlo. *H.* [¶ ˘Iapyx, Daunĭŭs.]

˘**Apricŭs**, *and* **Apricŭs**, ă, um. 1. *Sunny, exposed to the sun.* Terris immittŭĭt āpricis. *V.* Mitis ĭn apricis cŏquĭtur vindemĭă saxis. *V.* **Crel.** Soli expositŭs *or* expostŭs, obnoxĭŭs. 2. *Growing, delighting, basking, in the sun.* ~ flores. *H.* sĕnes. *Pers.* mergi. *V.*

˘**Aprilis**, *and* **Aprilis**, is. *m.* (sub. mensis.) 1. *The month of April.* Qui dies mensem Vĕnĕris Mārinæ Findĭt ˘Aprilem. *H.* Aprilem mĕmŏrant āb āperto tempŏrĕ dictum. *O.* **Crel.** Mensis Cȳthĕrĕĭŭs. *See* **Ver.** 2. *April, adj.* ~-es idus. *O.*

˘**Aprinŭs**, *and* ˘**Aprugnŭs**, ă, um. *Pl. Of a wild-boar.* Ne dicam viscŭs āprinum. *Lucil.*

Apte. *adv. Fittingly, as to time, manner,* &c.; *better,* gen. Non ădĭŭt apte, nec legĭt ĭdonĕă, credo, Tempŏrĕ. *O.* ~ lini. *O.* ~-ĭŭs multā lātent. *O.* [¶ Opportune, tempŏrĕ; bĕnĕ.]

Apto, as. 1. *To fit out, equip, provide with.* ~ classem velis &c.; ensem vāgina. *V.* [¶ Instrŭo, orno.] 2. *To get ready, provide.* ~ remos &c. navĭgĭis. *V.* Idonĕă bellō. [¶ Pāro, prepāro.] 3. *To fit, make fit, adapt.* ~ manus ăd armā. *O.* Thebanos mŏdos fĭdĭbŭs Lātinis. *H.*

Aptŭs, ă, um (*properly a part. fr. obs.* Apio, *or* Apo.) 1. *Added* or *fastened to.* Fĭdes aptā pinnis (*i. e.* cui pinnæ aptæ sunt). *Enn. So* Cœlum stellis fulgentĭbŭs aptum (*hung with stars*). *V.* [¶ Connexŭs, conjunctŭs.] Hence—2. *Fit, proper, suitable.* ~-um vitĭbŭs ŭber. *V.* ĕquis Argŏs. *H.* ~ ventŭs nautis. *O.* ~ æstas regĭbŭs. *O.*

˘**Apŭd**. *prep.* 1. *At his, my, our house.* Intro nos vŏcăt, ad sese tĕnĕt, intŭs āpud se. *Lucil.* ~ me est (blāndŭs). *H.* ~ nos. *Ter.* 2. *At* or *near to.* Tardis ~ Illŏn armis. *O.* [¶ Ad, prŏpĕ, juxta, circum, antĕ.] 3. *Before, in the presence of.* ~ magnum ˘Achillem lŏqui. *O.* [¶ Coram, antĕ.]

˘**Aqua**, æ. *f.* 1. *Water.* Usus communis ăquarum est. *O.* [¶ Undă, lymphă, lătex, humŏr, lĭquŏr, fons, fontes, lăcŭs; *sts.* rivŭs, flŭvĭŭs, flumĕn, ros, imbĕr, lĭquĭdum, adspergo (Inis).] **Ep.** Flŭvĭalis, fontană, dulcis, vivă, clară, purā, lĭmpĭdă, illimis, irrĭgŭă; torrens, rāpĭdă; lenis, plăcĭdă; frigĭdă, gĕlĭdă; sŏnans, crĕpĭtans, sŏnorā, spumĕă, raucā; ĕquŏrĕă, cærŭlĕă, āmarā; pālustris, cœnosā, lentā, pĭgrā. **Crel.** Humŏr ăquæ. ˘Aquæ fons, rivŭlŭs, lapsŭs. Decursŭs ăquarum. *See* **Fons, Fluvius, Mare.** 2. Sp. *Rain; tears,* &c. Cornix, augŭr ăquæ. *H.* Illĭŭs ex ŏcŭlis multā cădebāt ăquā. *Pp. See* **Pluvia, Lacrima.**

˘**Aquarĭŭs**, ĭi. *m. One of the signs of the Zodiac, which the sun enters in January.* Extremoquĕ irrorāt ˘Aquarĭŭs anno. *V.* [¶ Hydrŏchŏŭs.] **Ep.** Udŭs, humĭdŭs, gĕlĭdŭs, frigĭdŭs, tristis. **Crel.** Sidŭs ˘Aquari. **Phr.** Qui deflexa (inflexa) urna undas (ăquas, lătĭces fontem) projĭcĭt, fundĭt. Qui cœlo imbres permŏvĕt, *or* inversum annum contristāt.

˘**Aquatĭcŭs**, ă, um. 1. *Living in water, aquatic.* Florebāt ăquatĭcă lotŏs. *O.* [¶ ˘Aquatĭlis.] 2. *Watery, wet. See* **Aquosus.**

˘**Aquĭlā**, æ. *f.* 1. *The eagle, the king of birds, that bore the thunderbolt of Jove, according to the poets.* Sic ăquĭlam fŭgĭunt penna trĕpĭdantĭ cŏlumbæ. *O.* **Ep.** Aĕrĭă, præpes, fulvă, ăduncă, rāpĭdă, vāgă, gĕnĕrosā, prædatrix. **Crel.** Jŏvis ăles, vŏlŭcĕr, vŏlŭcris. Jŏvis armĭgĕr ăles, pinnatā sāteltes. Regĭă ăles. Flammĭgĕr ăles. Jŏvis mĭnistrā, fāmŭlā. Ăles Jŏvi sācrā, gratā. Fulvŭs Jŏvis ăles. Fulvŭs Tŏnantis armigĕr. Fulmĭnis mĭnistĕr. Custos ălēs. Nuntĭŭs ălēs. 2. *The Roman eagle* (the Roman standard). Crassŭs ăd Euphraten ăquĭlas &c. (perdĭdĭt). *O.* [¶ Signum, vexillum.] *See* **Vexillum.**

˘**Aquilinŭs**, ă, um. *Of an eagle, aquiline. Pl.*

˘**Aquilo**, onis. *m. The north-wind.* Silvis ăquĭlo decussĭt hŏnorem. *V.* [¶ Bŏrĕas.] *See* **Boreas.**

˘**Aquilonĭŭs**, ă, um. *Of the north, northern.* Fratres, ăquĭlonĭă proles. *Pp.*

˘**Aquinas**, atis. *Of Aquinum.* Nescĭt ˘Aquinatem potantĭă vellĕrā fucum. *H.*

˘**Aquinum**, i. *m. Aquinum, a town of Latium, the native place of Juvenal.* Ingens exhausĭt ˘Aquinum. *Sil.*

˘**Aquitanĭa**, æ. *f. Aquitain, the southern province of Gaul.* Tempĕrĕt ingĕnŭos qua læta ˘Aquĭtanĭă mores. *Aus.*

˘**Aquitanĭcŭs**, *Aus. and* ˘**Aquitanŭs**, ă, um. *Of Aquitain, Aquitania.* Gentis ˘Aquitanæ cĕlĕber Messalā trĭumphis. *Tib.*

˘**Aquŏr**, aris. *To forage for water.* Sub montĭbŭs urbis ăquentŭr. *V.*

˘**Aquosŭs**, ă, um. 1. *Full of water, watery.* Pelignis natŭs ăquosis. *O.* ~ languŏr corpŏrĕ. *H.* [¶ Humĭdŭs, udŭs.] 2. *Full of rain, rainy.* ~ ˘Orion. *V.* ~ nubes. *V.* [¶ Plŭvĭŭs.] *See* **Pluvius.**

Ara, æ. *f.* 1. *An altar.* Accensis incandŭĭt ignĭbŭs ārā. *O.* [¶ Altarĕ.] **Ep.** Sanctā, sācrā, plā, relĭgĭosā, vĕrendā, solennis, festā, turĭcrĕmā, pinguis, fumĭdā, fumans, fulgens, frāgrans, cŏronātā; marmŏrĕă; vĭrĭdis, gramĭnĕă. **Crel.** Festŭs cespĕs. **Phr.** Turĕ cālens, fumans. Flammis, ignĭbŭs lucens, fumans. Frondĕ (frondĭbŭs, sertis) ornātā, cŏronātā, cinctā. ˘Odorĭbŭs fumans, halans. Sanguĭnĕ taurorum imbutā. *See* **Adoro, Libo, Sacrifico.** 2. *The constellation next to the Scorpion.* [¶ Altarĕ.] 3. *An altar at Lyons, at which the prize of eloquence, founded by Caligula, was contended for.* The unsuccessful candi-

dates were obliged to lick out their compositions with their tongues. Ut Lugdunensem rhetor dicturŭs ăd aram. *J.* Fig. **4.** *An asylum, refuge.* Fortunis ∾ rĕpertă mĕis. *O.* **5.** ARÆ, arum. *f. pl. Certain rocks so called on the surface of the water between Sardinia and Africa. V.*

ˇARĂBIA, *Pl. and* ARĂBIA, æ. *f. Arabia, a country of Asia, between Judæa and Egypt.* Et dŏmŭs intactæ te trĕmĭt Arăbiæ. *Pp.* [¶ Panchaĭă.] **Ep.** Saxosă, desertă, felix, turĭfĕrĕ, palmifĕrĕ. **Crol.** Panchaĭă, Panchaĭă tellus. ˇArăbum rĕgio, plăgă, terră, tellus. Săbæă, Panchaĭă, Năbăthæă regnă, arvă, rurĕ.

ˇARĂBĬCŬS, *Pl. and* ARĂBĬŬS. *Arabian.* Nec si qua Arăbĭo lucet bombycĕ pŭellă. *Pp.* [¶ ˇArăbŭs, Năbăthæŭs, Panchæŭs, Panchaĭŭs, Săbæŭs; *ext.* ˇEoŭs.]

ˇARABS, ăbis. *m.* ˇARĂBĔS, um. *pl. An Arab, Arabians.* Pastŏr ŏdorĭs ˇArabs. *Pp.* Eoasquĕ dŏmos ˇArăbum. *V.* [¶ ˇArăbi, Săbæi, Năbăthæi.] **Ep.** ˇEoi, molles, dites, ŏpŭlenti, extremi, rĕmoti. *See* ARABIA.

ˇARĂBŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Arabian.* Non ˇArăbo noster rorĕ căpillŭs ŏlĕt. *O.* **2.** *Same as* ˇARĂBI, orum. *m.* = Arabes. Hyrcanisve ˇArăbisvĕ pārant. *V. See* ARABS.

ˇARACHNE, es. *f.* **1.** *A Lydian woman, changed into a spider by Minerva. C. D.* Mæŏnĭæque ănĭmum fatis intendĭt ˇArachnes. *O.* **Crol.** Virgo Mæŏnĭă, Idmŏnĭă; inviskĭ Mĭnervæ; Pallădĭs æmŭlă. *See* ARANEA.

ˇARANĔA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A spider.* Suspendĭt ăraneă casses. *V.* [¶ ˇAranĕŭs, ăranĕŏlă, ăranĕŏlŭs.] **Ep.** Pendens, pendŭlă, sublimis, suspensă, ŏplĭfex, artĭfex, industrĭă, stŭdĭosă, sedŭlă, fœdă, turpis, deformis, arĭdă, antiqŭă, văgă. **Phr.** ˇAranĕă—tĕnŭem telam (antiquas telas) texĭt (exercĕt); —tĕnŭi tela discursăt. **2.** *The web of the spider. Pp. O. See* ARANEUM.

ˇARANĔŎLA, æ. *f. dim. of* Aranea. *Cic.*

ˇARANĔŎLŬS, i. *m. dim. of* Araneus. Atque, ŭt ăranĕŏli, tĕnŭem formavĭmŭs orsum. *V.* (*Culex.*)

ˇARANĔOSŬS, ă, um. *Cobwebby, full of cobwebs.* Sĭtque ăranĕoso. *Cat.*

ˇARANĔUM, i. *A spider's web. Ph. See* ARANEA. [¶ ˇAranĕă.] **Crol.** ˇAranĕæ telă, casses, filă, stamĭnă, ŏpŭs, ŏpĕrĕ, textură.

ˇARANĔUS, i. *m.* = Aranea. *Cat.* Nĕc ăranei tenŭĭă filă Obvĭă sentimŭs. *Lr. See* ARANEA.

ˇARAR, ăris (*and* ˇARĂRIS, *Cl.* is). *m. A river of France, now the Saone, which falls into the Rhone at Lyons.* Quorum serpĭt ˇArar per rurĕ pĭgerrĭmŭs undæ. *Sil.* Aut ˇArărim Parthus bĭbĕt &c. *V.* **Ep.** Segnis, pĭgĕr, mitis, lentŭs, lenis.

ˇARATŎR, oris. *m. One who ploughs, tills the ground.* Tauris jŭgă solvĭt ăratŏr. *V.* [¶ Agrĭcŏlă, rustĭcŭs, cŏlonŭs, ăgrestis, villĭcŭs, rurĭcŏlă; *sts.* cŏlens, fossŏr.] **Ep.** Durŭs, pătĭens, robustŭs, gnavŭs, acĕr, implĭgĕr, sedŭlŭs, curvŭs, vĭgĭl, ăvarŭs, ăvĭdŭs; horrĭdŭs, incultŭs, paupĕr, ĭnops, rŭdis. **Crol.** ˇAgri, ăgelli cultŏr. Mŏdĕrătŏr ăratri. Stivæ innixŭs. Rurĭs cŏlonŭs. Præceptŏr ărandi. Rustĭcă pubes, turbă. Gĕnŭs agrĭcŏlum. Arvă cŏlens. Rustĭcorum, ăgrestum proles, jŭventus. **Phr.** ˇAratŏr terram (hŭmum, glebas) incurvo (duro, vălĭdo, presso) ăratro (ferro) vertĭt (versăt, proscindĭt, molitŭr, sollĭcĭtat). *See* ARO.

ˇARATRUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A plough.* Curvi formam accĭpĭt ulmŭs ăratri. *V.* [¶ Vomis *or* vomĕr.] **Ep.** Curvum, incurvum, inflexum, ăduncum, durum, grăvĕ, vălĭdum. **Crol.** Dens vomĕris. ˇAratri robŭr, pondŭs. ˇAratri vulnĕrĕ. *See* ARO. **2. Phr.** (*Ploughing over, day's work done.*) ˇAratră *jŭgo suspensă bŏves* dŏmum rĕfĕrunt; bŏves vŏmĕrem inversum (collo languĭdo) trăhunt. Collĭ emĕrĭto jŭvenco (bŏvi) ăratŏr lĭbĕrăt.

ˇARATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* ARO. **1.** *Ploughed.* Lit. *and* fig. Rugis vultŭs ăratŭs ĕrĭt. *O.* **2.** Used subst. *Ploughed lands.* Pactolŭs ărată tingĭt. *Pp. See* AGER.

ˇARATŬS, i. *m. Aratus, an astronomer and Greek poet of Cilicia. C. D.* Cum sole et luna sempĕr ˇAratŭs ĕrĭt. *O.*

ˇARAXES, is. *m. Araxes, a river of Armenia.* Pentem indignatŭs ˇAraxes. *V.*

ARBELA, æ. *f. A town of Sicily. Others read* Arbela. Sidŏnĭos Arbeiă fĕrox, et celsŭs ˇIetas. *Sil.*

ARBĬTĔR, bĭtri, *and sts.* bitri. *m.* **1.** *A witness, eye-witness. Pl.* [¶ Testis, spĕcŭlătŏr, conscĭus.] *See* CONSCIUS. **2.** *Judge, arbiter.* Arbĭtĕr ex formæ, certamĭnă sistĕ Dĕarum. *O.* [¶ Judex.] *See* J. **3.** *One who decides, has ruling, regulating power.* ∾ impĕrĭi. *O.* Adrĭæ; bĭbendi. *H.* [¶ Dŏmĭnŭs, pŏtens, rex.]

ARBĬTRA, æ. *f. A witness, eye-witness. H.* [¶ Conscĭă, testis.]

ARBĬTRATŬS, us. *m. Will, pleasure, choice. Pl.* [¶ Arbĭtrĭum, vŏluntas.]

ARBĬTRIUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *The presence of witnesses.* En, lŏcŭs ăb omni libĕr arbĭtrio văcăt. *Sen.* [¶ Testes, arbĭtri.] **2.** *Arbitration, judgement.* Res est ∾-o non dĭrĭmendă mĕo. *O.* [¶ Judĭcĭum, arbĭtratŭs.] **3.** *Will, pleasure.* [¶ Nuttŭs, vŏluntas, lĭbido.] **4.** *Power, right.* Quem pĕnes ∾ est lŏquendi. *H.* [¶ Jus.]

ARBĬTRŎR (*and perhaps* ARBITRŎR), aris, atŭs sum. **1.** *To witness, see, hear. Pl.* **2.** *To judge, think.* Testes factorum stare arbitrabĕrĕ Divos. *Sil.* Nĕquĕ elĕgantem ŭt arbĭtrŏr, nĕquĕ urbanum. *Cat.* [¶ Judĭco, censĕo, autŭmo, credo, &c.] *See* PUTO.

ARBŎR, *and* ARBOS, ŏris. *f.* **1.** *A tree.* Ramis felicĭbŭs arbos. Arbŏrĭbusquĕ sătĭsquĕ lŭcos. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Arbustum, virgultum, frŭtex, silvă; radix, stirps, truncŭs; frondes, fŏlĭă.] **Ep.** Ardŭă, celsă, altă, procerĕ; vĭrens, vĭrĭdis, frondens, cŏmans, umbrosă, ŏpacă, pătŭlă; fertĭlis, fecundă. Frondĭbŭs luxŭrĭans. Ramis diffusă, effusă. Ramos, brachĭă pandens, extendens. Cŏmis ŏpacă, luxŭrĭosă. Ramos ăd astră (ăd auras) tendens, tollens; se vertĭcĕ tollens. **Crol.** Arbŏris umbră (frondes, hospĭtĭum, hospĭtĭă, frondentĭă hospĭtĭă). Arbŏrĕum gĕnŭs. *See* FRONS, POMUM, SILVA. **2.** *The mast of a ship.* ∾ mali. *V.* Pendentĭbŭs ∾-ĕ nautis. *Sil. See* MALUS. **3.** *A ship.* Pellăs ∾. *O. See* NAVIS. **4.** Sts. *A spear, lance.* Ferrata ∾. *St. See* HASTA.

ARBŎRĔUS, ă, um. **1.** *Of a tree,* or *trees.* Arbŏrĕæ frondes &c. *O.* **2.** *Branch-like, branching.* Cornĭbŭs ∾-is. *V.* [¶ Ramosŭs.]

ARBUSTUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A plantation of trees, shrubbery, orchard.* Ipsa hæc arbustă vŏcabant. *V.* **Ep.** ˇOpacum, umbrosum, frondens, ămœnum, gratum, vĭrens. **Crol.** Lŏcŭs arbŏrĭbŭs frĕquens, consĭtŭs. Lŏcă virgultis consĭtă. **2.** *A shrub.* Non omnes ∾-ă jŭvant hŭmĭlesquĕ mȳricæ. *V.* [¶ Virgultum, frŭtex.]

ARBŬTĔUS, ă, um. *Of the arbutus.* Arbŭtĕis texunt virgis &c. *V.*

ARBŬTUM, i. *n.* **1.** *The fruit of the arbutus.* Dant arbŭtă silvæ. *V.* **2.** *The tree itself. V.* [¶ Arbŭtŭs.]

ARBŬTUS, i. *f. The arbutus,* or *strawberry-tree.* Dulcĕ sătis humor, depulsis arbŭtŭs hædis. *V.* Pomo ŏnĕrătă rŭbenti ∾. *O.*

ARCA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A chest, coffer.* [¶ Cistă, capsă, armarĭum, scrinĭum, arcŭlă.] **2.** Oft. *Strong-box.* Ferrată ∾. *J.* [¶ Arcŭlă; *or perhaps,* lŏcŭli, saccŭlŭs, crŭmenă.] **Ep.** Ferrată, ærată, divĕs, grăvis, căpax, plenă, clausă, tută. **Crol.**

Arcæ claustrā. *See* CRUMENA. 3. *A coffin.* Plebeii funĕris ~. *L. See* SANDAPILA.

ARCĀDES. *pl. of* Arcas.

ARCĀDIA, æ. *f. Arcadia, a province of Peloponnesus.* Arcādiæ gĕlĭcos invisĕrĕ fines. *V.* **Crol.** Tellus Mænălĭ, Clĕŏnæ, Cyllenĭ, Nonacrinæ, Tĕgĕæ, Mænălis, Parrhăsis.

ARCĀDICUS, ă, um. = Arcadius.

ARCĀDIUS, ă, um. *Arcadian.* Arcādĭo infelix telo dat pectŭs Inermum. *V.* [¶ Arcăs, Clĕŏnæŭs, ˘Erȳmanthĕŭs, Parrhăsĭŭs, Tĕgĕæŭs, Mænălĭŭs, Nonacrinŭs, Nonacrĭŭs; (*in the fem.*) Mænălĭs, Parrhăsĭs, Parrhăsis.]

ARCANUM, i. *n. A secret, secret thing.* Arcanum nĕquĕ tu scrutabĕrĭs ullĭŭs unquam. *H.* Fatorum ~-ă. *V.* [¶ Secretum; *sts.* mysterĭum, lătĕbræ, abdĭtă. **Ep.** Lătens, occultum, sĭlendum, tăcendum. **Phr.** Lătĕbræ scĕlĕrum.

ARCANŬS, ă, um. *Secret, hidden.* (Arcanum.) [¶ Secretŭs, occultŭs, tăcĭtŭs, cæcŭs, tectŭs, abdĭtŭs, condĭtŭs, rĕcondĭtŭs, lătens, lătĭtans, ŏpertŭs, ăddŏpertŭs, obscurŭs, ŏpacŭs, obtectŭs, tectŭs, contectŭs, abstrusŭs, lătĕbrosŭs, obductŭs, intĭmŭs, imŭs, furtivŭs, celatŭs, invisŭs; *sts.* abscondĭtŭs.] **Phr.** Visĭbŭs humanis nĕgatŭs.

ARCAS, ădis *or* ădŏs. *m.* **ARCĀDES,** um. *pl. An Arcadian, an inhabitant of Arcadia.* Arcăsĕques. Arcādĕs ambo. Arcādăs accensos mŏnĭtu. *V. See* ARCADIUS.

ARCĔO, es, ŭi. 1. *To prevent approaching, to keep* or *ward off, to drive away.* Ignavum fucos pĕcŭs a præsepĭbŭs arcĕt? *V.* [¶ Rĕmŏvĕo, amŏvĕo, rĕpello, pello, expello, depello, propello, propulso, averto, amolĭŏr, ejĭcĭo, rejĭcĭo, impĕdĭo, prŏhĭbĕo, ăbĭgo, defendo, absterrĕo; *sts.* excludo.] 2. *To restrain, hold back, confine.* Arcebant vinctăĭ palmas. *V.* [¶ Cŏercĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, impĕdĭo, prŏhĭbĕo, &c.] *See* COHIBEO. 3. (With an inf.) *To hinder, prevent, forbid.* ~ hăberĕ. *O.* lugerĕ. *St.* (*to prevent a man's having, grieving,* &c.) [¶ Impĕdĭo, prŏhĭbĕo, vĕto.] *See* IMPEDIO.

ARCESSO, is, ĕrĕ, ivi, itum. *inf. pass.* i *or* iri. 1. *To call* or *send for, summon* (of persons). Si pŏtŭit manes arcessĕrĕ conjŭgis Orpheus. *V.* [¶ Accĭo, vŏco, advŏco, evŏco, exclo.] 2. *To fetch, procure* (of things). Toto ~-ĭtŭr orbĕ, Quo gens quæquĕ pĕrĭt. *L.* ~ aurum. *Pl.* sĭbĭ vitam. *V.* [¶ Quæro, păro, sumo, pĕto.] 3. *To hasten, force on.* Advĕnĭet justum pugnæ, ne arcessĭtĕ, tempŭs. *V.* ~ fată. *L.* mortem. *Sil.* [¶ Prŏpĕro, festino, urgĕo, præcĭpĭto.]

ARCHĒTȲPUM, i. *n. The first original sketch, draft, &c. of any thing.* Archētȳpis vĕtŭli nĭhĭl est ŏdĭosĭŭs Eucti. *M.*

ARCHĒTȲPUS, ă, um. *The very original of pictures, statues, compositions of any kind.* Et jŭbĕt archētȳpos plŭtĕum servarĕ Clĕanthes. *J.* ~-as nugas. *M.*

ARCHĬLŎCHUS, i. *m. Archilochus, the famous Iambic poet. C. D.* Archĭlŏchum prŏprĭo răbĭes armavĭt Iambo. *H.* **Ep.** Mordax, ămarŭs, ăcerbŭs, famosŭs, Pĭrĭŭs. **Phr.** ˘Iambi pugnacĭs (libĕri, famosi, Lȳcambeo sanguĭnĕ tincti) rĕpertŏr. *See* IAMBUS.

ARCHĬMĂGIRUS, i. *m. Head-cook.* Librarĭŭs, archĭmăgiri. *J.*

ARCHĬMEDES, is. *m.* (Ἀρχιμήδης.) *A celebrated geometrician of Syracuse. C. D.*

ARCHĬTECTON, ŏnis. *Pl. and* **ARCHĬTECTUS,** i. *m. An architect.* Præconem fĭdĭas, vĕl archĭtectum. *M.*

ARCHYTAS, æ. *m. A philosopher of Tarentum. C. D.* Mensorem cŏhĭbent, Archyta. *H.*

ARCĬPŎTENS, tis. *Skilled in the use of the bow; an epithet of Apollo.* Arcĭpŏtens, advertĕ, prĕcor, nunc denĭque ˘Apollo. *V. Fl.*

ARCĬTĔNENS, tis. 1. *Bow-bearing; epithet of Apollo and Diana; Apollo, Diana.* Quam plŭs Arcĭtĕnens oras et littŏrĭ circum. *V. See* APOLLO, DIANA. 2. *The constellation of Sagittarius.* [¶ Săgittarĭŭs, Săgittĭpŏtens, Chiron, Centaurŭs.] **Crol.** Semĭvĭr arcĭpŏtens. Săgittari sidŭs, astrum. Æmŏnĭi arcus.

ARCTE, *and* **ARCTĬŬS.** *adv. Tightly, closely; short,* adv. (in pronunciation). Arctĭŭs atque hĕdĕra procera adstringĭtŭr ilex. *H. See* CONTENTE. Si te . . . Arctĭŭs appellem, Tutĭcănumquĕ vŏcem. *O.* (i. e. *instead of* Tutĭcanus.)

ARCTĬCUS, ă, um. *Arctic, northern.* Arctĭcŭs est primus, glăcĭăli dictŭs ăb Arcto. *O. See* ARCTOUS.

ARCTO, *or* **ARTO,** as. *To press tight and close, confine.* Stipĕs Inexhaustis arctantur telă phăretris. *St.* Arctato freno. *Tib.* [¶ Angusto, cŏarcto, stringo, contrăho, prĕmo, comprĭmo, constringo. **Crol.** ˘In arctum constringo.

ARCTŎPHȲLAX, ăcis. *m. A constellation near the Great Bear, Bootes.* Pliăs, ĕt Arctŏphȳlax, Olĕnĭumquĕ pĕcŭs. *O. See* BOOTES.

ARCTŎS, *and sts.* **ARCTŬS,** i. *f.* **ARCTI,** orum. *pl.* 1. *The Bear; there were two constellations so called, the Greater and the Lesser Bear.* Arctos ocĕăni metŭĕntes æquŏrĕ tingi. *V.* [¶ Ursă, Plaustrum, Parrhăsis, Hĕlĭce, septentrio.] **Ep.** Mænălĭŭs, Mænălis, ˘Erȳmanthis, Lȳcaŏnĭŭs, Scȳthĭcă, Sithŏnĭŭs, gĕlĭdă, glăcĭalis, hibernă, prŭinosă. **Crol.** Parrhăsĭdĕs stellæ. Stellæ ocĕăni nesciæ (Cærŭlĕum Nerĕă nescĭentes, gĕlĭdo pŏlo proxĭmæ, plaustri formam præbentes). Gĕlĭdŭs axis. Glăcĭalis pŏlŭs. Signum pŏli glăcĭalĕ. *See* ZONA. 2. *The countries of the North.* Gĕlĭdas enavĭt ăd Arctos. *V.*

ARCTOŬS, ă, um. *Northern.* Quid jŭvăt Arctois Rhŏdăno Rhenoquĕ sŭbactis? *L.* [¶ Arctĭcŭs, ăquĭlonĭŭs, bŏrĕălis, hȳperbŏrĕŭs, Sithŏnĭŭs, Thracĭŭs, Threĭcĭŭs, Strymŏnĭŭs, glăcĭalis, gĕlĭdŭs.]

ARCTURUS, i. *m.* 1. *The principal star in the constellation Bootes.* Arcturum, plŭvĭasque Hȳădas, gĕlĭdosquĕ Trĭones. *V.* [¶ Bŏotes, Arctŏphȳlax.] *See* BOOTES. 2. Hence, *Autumn.* Sŭb ipsum ~-um tĕnŭi săt ĕrit suspendĕrĕ sulco. *V.*

ARCTUS, *or* **ARTUS,** ă, um. 1. *Tight, close, tight drawn.* ~ vinclă. *O.* compages. *V.* [¶ Arctatŭs, angustŭs, strictŭs, constrictŭs, contractŭs, pressŭs, compressŭs, adstrictŭs.] 2. *Close, illiberal, selfish.* ~ ănĭmŭs. *H. See* AVARUS. 3. *Straitened, difficult, unfortunate* (of a man's circumstances). Res ~-æ. [¶ Angustŭs, aspĕr, ĕgenŭs, durŭs, afflictŭs.] *See* INFORTUNIUM.

ARCŬATUS. *See* ARQUATUS.

ARCŬLA, æ. *f. dim. of* Arca. *A little chest* or *box. M. See* ARCA.

ARCŬS, us. *dat. pl.* ŭbŭs. *m.* 1. *A bow.* Sŏnăt arcŭs ĕt armă Dĭanæ. *V.* [¶ Cornu; *ext.* nervŭs.] **Ep.** ˘Apollĭnĕŭs, Delĭŭs, Lȳcĭŭs, Cȳdonĭŭs, Gnossĭŭs, Gortynĭŭs, Gĕtĭcŭs, Scȳthĭcŭs, Thracĭŭs; ŏburnŭs, ŏburnĕŭs, cornĕŭs, aurĕŭs, fulgens; curvŭs, curvatŭs, sĭnŭosŭs, flexĭbĭlis, lentŭs; flexŭs, strictŭs, contentŭs, intentŭs, directŭs; sŏnans, stridens; letalis, fatĭfĕr. 2. *To draw the bow.* Arcum (arcus, cornu) tendo, intendo, contendo, adduco, curvo, incurvo, flecto, duco, stringo, torquĕo, attrăho, dirĭgo. Arcum gĕnu (oppŏsĭto gĕnu) curvo, flecto. Cornu spicŭlă tendo. Nervo săgittas apto. Arcum adducto nervo flecto. Arcum flexum a cornĭbŭs tendo. Sto stricto *or* pĕrato arcu. **Phr.** Telă stricto arcu contentă tĕnĕt. Arcum vălĭdis virĭbŭs ducĭt, flectĭt, incurvăt). Telum nervo obvertŭs inten-

dens, brachĭă ducĭt diversa. Cornu ducĭt, donĕc curvatăcăpĭtă intĕr se cŏĕant. Arcum pŭtŭlum, (*or pl.*), călĕmo impŏsĭtum, sĭnŭăt. Arcum sĭnŭosum (gĕnu) lunăt. *See* SAGITTA. 3. *To unbend, unstring the bow.* Arcum &c. laxo, rĕlaxo, rĕmitto, solvo, rĕtendo. 4. *The rain-bow.* Plŭvĭŭs ∾. *H. or abs.* ∾. *V. O.* [† Irĭs.] *See* I. 5. *An arch, vault, arched roof.* Effĭcĭens lăpĭdum compagĭbŭs ∾-um. E tofis nativum duxĕrăt ∾-um. *O.* [† Fornix, cămĕrĕ.] 6. *Triumphal arch.* Substĭtĭt ăd vĕtĕres arcus &c. *J.* ∾ ŏvans. *M.* spŏlĭis hostilĭbŭs exstructŭs. *L.* Ep. Trĭumphalĭs, ŏvans, sŭperbŭs, sublimĭs. 7. *Any thing in a bow shape.* Portŭs curvatŭs ĭn ∾-um. *V.* Sĭnŭatŭr ĭn ∾-us (serpens). *O.* ˘Acĭes gĕmĭnos lunarăt ĭn ∾-us. *Pp.*

I. ARDĔA, æ. *f. A heron. V.*

II. *A town of the Rutuli so called. V.*

ARDĔLĬO, onĭs. *m. A busy-body.* Magnŭs ĕs ardĕlĭo. *M.*

ARDENS, tĭs. *part. See* ARDEO. 1. *Burning, hot.* Ardentes stĭpŭlæ crĕpĭtantĭs ăcervos. *O.* ∾ sol. *V.* fŭx. *Ph.* ∾-es păpŭlæ. *V.* [† Accensŭs, incensŭs, inflammatŭs, flăgrans, torrens, ignitŭs, ignĕŭs, fervens, fervĭdŭs, călens, călĭdŭs.] 2. *Shining like fire, fiery.* ∾-es ŏcŭli; auro clypei. *V.* [† Ignĕŭs.] Phr. Ignĕ suffecti ŏcŭli. Ignĕ suffusæ gĕnæ. Fig. 3. *Full of ardour and energy.* Instant ∾-es Tŷrĭi. *V.* [† Acĕr, impĭgĕr, gnavŭs.] 4. *Impassioned, furious.* Stŭdĭis ∾-ĭbŭs (deposcĕrĕ ălĭquid). *O.* ∾-ĭs ăb orĕ scintillæ abeistunt. *V.* [† Fervens, fervĭdŭs, călens.] *See* FERVIDUS, IRATUS. 5. Sts. *Burning with love.* Mĭsĕrerĕ ∾-ĭs. *O. See* AMANS.

ARDĔO, es, si. 1. *To burn, to be on fire.* Accensis messĭbŭs ardĕt ăgĕr. *O.* ∾-ent altarĭă. *V.* [† Ardesco, exardĕo, flăgro, accendŏr, incendŏr, urŏr, ădurŏr, fervĕo, fervesco, ignesco, æstŭo, conflăgro, torrĕŏr, comburŏr, ĭnardesco, crĕmŏr, consumŏr.] Crel. Ignem, flammas concĭpĭo. Ignĕ (ignĭbŭs, flammis) ardĕo, flăgro, corrĭpĭŏr, urŏr, consumŏr, absumŏr. Ignĭs tectă pŏpŭlatŭr, depascĭtŭr. *See* INCENDIUM. Fig. 2. *To shine, glitter.* ∾-ent campi armis; ∾-ĕt ăpex căpĭti; murĭcĕ lană. *V.* [† Flăgro, fulgĕo, ĭnardesco, mĭco.] *See* FULGEO. 3. *To be affected by some strong emotion, passion.* ∾ ămorĕ; spe; curis; in armă. *V.* Dŏlŏr ossĭbŭs ∾-ĕt. *V.* Fŭrens ∾-ĕt. *V.* [† Ardesco, exardĕo, irascŏr, fŭro.] *See* IRASCOR. 4. *To burn = to long.* Ardemŭs scitari &c. *V.* [† Cŭpĭo, percŭpĭo, exopto, prægestĭo.] *See* CUPIO. 5. *To be deeply in love; sts. with acc.* ∾-ĕt ămans Dido. *V.* ∾-ent captis mentĭbus ambo. *O.* ∾ comptos ădultĕri crines. *H.* Dĕŭs ∾-ĕt ĭn illa. *O.* [† Depĕrĕo, ardesco.] *See* AMO.

ARDESCO, ĭs. 1. *To take fire, be on fire.* Sic tŭŭs ardescat stĭpĭtĭs ignĕ rŏgŭs. *O.* [† ˘Inardesco, ignesco, incendŏr.] *See* ARDEO. Fig. 2. *To burn with anger.* ∾ ĭn iras. *O. See* IRASCOR. 3. *To burn with love.* ∾ tŭendo. *V.* ∾-ĭt dira cuppedĭnĕ pectŭs. *Lr. See* ARDEO. 4. *To increase in spirit, grow livelier and livelier.* Frĕmĭtusque ∾-ĭt ĕquorum. *V.* Cursŭs ∾-ĭt. *V. Fl. See* CRESCO.

ARDŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *Heat, burning heat.* Terræque ardorĕ dĕhiscunt. *V.* [† Æstŭs, călŏr, fervŏr.] Ep. Ignĕŭs, fervĭdŭs, nĭmĭŭs, immŏdĭcŭs, torrens, vĕhĕmens, ĭners, segnĭs. *See* CALOR, IGNIS. Fig. 2. *Love.* ˘Ilĭes ardorĕ tĕneri. *O. See* AMOR. 3. *Ardour, vehemence, impetuosity.* Dĭne hunc ∾-em mentĭbŭs addunt? *V.* ∾ tĕmĕrarĭŭs. *M.* bellĭcŭs. *St.* fractŭs. *O.* civĭum pravă jŭbentĭum. *H.* [† Fervŏr, æstŭs, impĕtŭs, vis, ĭlbĭdo, fŭrŏr, fŭrĭæ.] 4. *Vehement desire.* ∾ quærendi nomĭnĭs. *V. Fl.* ĕdendi. *O.* nŏvă quærĕrĕ tectă. *V.* [† ˘Amŏr, vŏluntas, stŭdĭum, cĭpĭdo.] *See* CUPIDO.

ARDŬUM, i. *n. as subst.* ARDŬĂ, orum. *pl. Elevated place, heights.* Tŏnĭtruquĕ trĕmiscant Ardŭă terrarum. *V.* [† Altum.] *See* CŒLUM, MONS.

ARDŬUS, ă, um. 1. *High, elevated.* ∾ căpŭt; astra. *V.* [† Altŭs, celsŭs, erectŭs, sublimĭs, &c.] *See* CELSUS. 2. *One who holds his head high, haughty.* Campo sese ardŭŭs infert (bellatŏr ĕquŭs). *V.* ∾ cervix. *H.* [† Celsŭs, sublimĭs, fĕrox, sŭperbŭs.] 3. *Difficult of ascent, steep.* ∾ vĭă. *O.* [† Præruptŭs, abruptŭs, difficĭlĭs.] Fig. 4. *Difficult, arduous.* ∾ res vicissæ ăllŏa. *O.* Nĭl mortalĭbŭs ∾-um est. *H.* [† Difficĭlĭs, ŏpĕrosŭs, grĕvĭs.] 5. Ardŭæ res. *Adversity. See* INFORTUNIUM.

ARĔĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Any open, flat surface; a plain.* Ponendæquĕ dŏmo quærenda est arĕă primum. *H.* Pĕlăgi mĕdĭa ∾. *Sil.* [† Planĭtĭes, æquŏr.] *See* CAMPUS. 2. *Barn-floor.* Lĭbŷcis arĕis. *H.* Ep. Cĕrĕalĭs, tritĭcĕă, amplă, pătena, divĕs, plenă. 3. *Field* or *plain to fight in, exercise in.* Tĕrĭtŭr arĕă majŏr ĕquis. *O.* Aptă ∾ pugnæ. *O.* Nunc et Campŭs ĕt arĕæ (rĕpĕtantăr). *H.* [† Campŭs, currĭcŭlum.] 4. Fig. *Field of action, career in life.* ˘Anĭmo ∾ dignă mĕo. *O.* [† Campŭs, currĭcŭlum.]

ARĔFĂCIO, ĭs. *To dry. Lr. See* SICCO.

˘ARENĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Sand.* Collectum humorem bibŭla deducĭt ărena. *V.* [† *Sts.* Săbŭlum.] Ep. Flumĭnĕă, littŏrĕă, udă, mollĭs, mădena, arĭdă, siccă, sĭtĭens, bĭbŭlă, stĕrĭlĭs, fulvă, flăvă, mobĭlĭs, instăbĭlĭs. Crel. Aggĕr, nimbŭs, cŭmŭlŭs ărenæ. 2. *Sea-shore.* Optata pŏtĭuntŭr ∾-a (Troĭs). *V.* Hospĭtĭo prŏhĭbemŭr ∾-æ. *V. See* LITTUS. 3. *Arena, the floor of sand on which the gladiators contended.* *O.* [† Amphĭthĕatrum.]

˘ARENĬVĂGUS, ă, um. *Wandering on the sands.* Vidĭt ărenĭvăgum surgens fŭgĭensquĕ Cătonem. *L.*

˘ARENOSUS, ă, um. *Sandy.* Littŭs ărenosum Lĭbŷæ. *V.* Crel. ˘Arena *or* ărenis plenŭs (stratĭs, obductŭs, tectŭs, squalens).

ARENS, tĭs. *Dry, parched.* Sciĭtĕbrisque arestă tempĕrăt arvă. *V. See* ARIDUS.

ARĔO, es, ŭi. 1. *To be dry, parched.* Arĕt ăger, vĭtĭo mŏrĭens sĭtĭt aĕrĭs herbă. *V.* [† Aresco, siccŏr, exsiccŏr, sĭtĭo, marcĕo, marcesco, exurŏr.] Crel. Arĭdŭs (sicctŭs, siccatŭs, exhaustŭs, exustŭs) sum. Arĭdŭs fio. *See* ARIDITAS. 2. *To be parched with thirst.* ∾ ĭn mĕdĭa ăqua. *O. See* SITIO.

˘AREŎPĂGUS, i. *m.* (Ἄρειος πάγος.) *The hill of Mars at Athens. C. D.* Crel. Curĭă Martĭs. Mavortĭs arx Cĕcrŏpiă. Martĭs fŏrensĕ trĭbunăl.

ARESCO, ĭs. *To grow dry.* Arescant sulfŭrĕ fumis. *O. See* AREO.

˘ARĔTALŎGUS, i. *m. A buffoon, a silly philosophizer.* Movĕrăt, ut mendax ărĕtalŏgŭs. *J.*

˘ARĔTHUSĂ, æ. *f. The daughter of Nereus and Doris, changed into a fountain. C. D.* Ore, ˘Arĕthusă, tŭo, Sĭcŭlis confundĭtŭr undis. *O.* Crel. Fons ˘Arĕthusăĭs. ˘Arĕthusĭdes undæ. *See* ALPHEUS.

ARGENTATUS, ă, um. *Silvered over. Pl.* Argentată tŭos ĕtĭam sandalĭă talos. *Albinov.*

ARGENTĔUS, ă, um. 1. *Of silver, made of silver.* Rădĭorum argentĕŭs ordo. *O.* Crel. Argento factŭs, perfectŭs, sŏlĭdŭs, grăvĭs, clarŭs. 2. Fig. *White, bright, silvery in look.* Nĭtĭdis argentĕŭs undis (fons). *O. See* CANDIDUS, NITENS.

ARGENTUM, i. *n.* 1. *The metal silver.* Villŭs argentum est auro, virtutĭbŭs aurum. *H.* Ep. Purum, nĭtĭdum, nĭtens, sŏlĭdum, divĕs, prĕtĭosum. 2. *Silver-plate, vessels of silver.* Ingens ∾ men-

3. *Silver coined, money, wealth.* ~-i sĭ- *See* PECUNIA.
s, æ. m. *The north-west wind.* O. [? Cau-

ă, um. (Ἀργεῖος.) *Of Argos, Argive.* Argeo pŏsĭtum cŏlono. H. Tibŭr ~. *See* ICUS.
um. m. *pl. Argos.* Pro caris gessĕrăt Ar- ĭtum). V. *See* ARGOS.
UM, i. n. *A quarter of Rome, near the* s *Mount, originally a grove.* C. D. Sacri st nĕmŭs Argileti. V.
, æ. f. *Clay, potter's earth.* Tenvis (*for* ŭbi argillă et dumosis calcŭlŭs arvis. V. quidvis ĭmĭtabĭtŭr uda. H. [? Lŭtum.] ĭlis, udă, tĕnax.
, i. m. ARGIVI, orum. *pl.* 1. *An Argive,* s, *the inhabitants of Argos.* Concĭdĭt au- rgivi dŏmŭs. H. 2. *Greeks* gen. V. *See*

, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *pertaining to Argos.* V. GOLICUS. 2. *Grecian.* V.
. *acc.* o. *f.* (Ἀργώ.) *The ship of the Ar-* , *built in Thessaly, under the directions of* ne. C. D. Cur unquam Colchi Magnesĭ- mŭs Argo? O. Quum rŭdis Argus Dux neto &c. Pp. Ep. Sācrā, fatĭdĭcā, fatĭlŏ- ăllĭdŭ, vocalis, suetă lŏqui, divă, magnĭ- ĭrol. Navis (puppis, rătis, pinŭs) Thessălĭ ă, Argoă, Argŏlĭcă, Pellĭcă, Păgăsæă, ˘Ia- Pellĭăarbŏr. Primăcărină. Rătis Mĭner- ĭtis ŏpĕrĕ Pallădio făbrĭcătă. Pinŭs,— la bĭpenni cæsă;—Pelĭi nĕmŏris jŭgo cæ- metas ignoto (nŏvas nŏvo) littŏre gentes a.
ŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of Argos, Argive.* Argŏ- mări deprensŭs &c. V. [? Argivŭs, Ar- năchĭdis; *fem.* Argŏlis, Inăchis.] 2. *Of the* , *Grecian.* ~-is exscindi Pergămă telis. V. AIUS.
, ĭdis. *f.* ARGŎLĬDES, um. *pl. Of Argos;* *Argive woman;* hence, *a Grecian.* Ar- dĭcæmene. O. Argŏlĭdas tĭmŭi. O. [? Ar- năchis; Pĕlasgis, Pĕlasgĭăs.]
UTÆ, arum. m. *pl.* (Ἀργοναῦται.) *The* uts, *the Grecian heroes, who sailed to Col- the ship Argo, to fetch the Golden Fleece.* ˘Ut, Argŏnautas prætĕr omnes, candĭdum [? Mĭnÿæ.] Ep. Æmŏnĭi, Pĕlasgi, mag- , audaces, fortes. Crol. Argivi, Argoi, i, Æmŏnĭi jŭvĕnes, heroĕs. Thessălĭci s. Graiă turbă, pubes, jŭventus. Argoæ ĭgĭo. Argivæ pubis robŏrā. Phr. Argŏ- lăti jŭvĕnes, (audaces vĭri) auratam pel- ĭtĭdo villo rĕdĭantĭa vellĕrā) primi (prima nŏva puppi) pĕr ignotum mărĕ (p. m. ĭlicessitum, per cærŭlă nondum cognĭtă) viribŭs pĕtĭerunt (Colchis avertĕrĕ op-). *See* ARGO, IASON, VELLUS.
s. *Argos, a city of the Peloponnesus.* Se- quŭ quĭes altă pĕr Argŏs ĕrăt. O. [? Argi,] Ep. Inăchĭum, antiquum, clarum, in- um, pŏtens, nobĭlĕ. Crol. Urbs Inăchĭă. dĭs ora.
, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the ship Argo,* *Argonauts.* Non huc Argoo contendit re- pinŭs. H. ~-os remos. St. ~-i cornŭă V. Fl.
UMENTUM, i. n. 1. *An evidence, sign, token.* uŏ perpĕtŭi sint argumentă pŭdoris. Cl. s, ănĭmi læti ~-ă. O. [? Signum, indĭ- nŏtă.] 2. *Argument, proof in reasoning,* ing. ~-ă fĭdem nostris corradĕrĕ dictis. , *Cause, reason.* (Errorĭs nostri) Sis ~ ĭm auxĭlĭum. O. [? Causă, rătio.] 4. *The of any work of art,* or *literary work.* Et longo cælavĕrăt ~-o (craterem). O. (Io) ~ in- gens. V. *See* FABULA.
ARGUO, is, ŭi. 1. *To show, indicate, be a proof of.* Degĕnĕrea ănĭmos tĭmŏr argŭit. V. [? Ostendo, indĭco, monstro, prodo, signĭfĭco, detĕgo, declaro.] *See* DETEGO. 2. *To blame, accuse.* Nec vos ~-ĕrim, Teucri. V. [? Accuso, incuso, culpo, insĭmŭlo, rĕprehendo, carpo, &c.] *See* ACCUSO, CULPO.
ARGŬŎR, ĕris. *pass. To be proved to be, convicted of being.* Laudĭbŭs ~-ĭtŭr vini vinosŭs Hŏmĕ- rŭs. H. [Ostendŏr, detĕgŏr, convincŏr, deprendŏr.]
ARGŬS, i. m. *Argus, the hundred-eyed son of Arestor, set by Juno to watch Io.* C. D. Centum lu- mĭnĭbus cinctum căpŭt Argŭs hăbebăt. O. [? ˘Arestŏrĭdes.] Ep. Vĭgil, pervĭgil, insomnis. Crol. Custos Junonĭŭs. Custos virginis. Pastŏr Hæmŏnĭdŭs, Thessălĭŭs, Junonĭŭs. ˘Inoccĭdŭis ŏcŭ- lis stellatis. Cui millĕ ĕrant lumĭnă. Phr. Ar- gus—millĕ ŏcŭlos alterna tĕnebat stătĭonĕ; toto corpŏrĕ nunquam vĭgĭlabăt. Bină illi lumĭnă somnum in vĭcĭbŭs sŭis căplebant; ceterā autem vĭgĭlabant (vĭgĭlem custodĭam servabant, in stă- tĭonĕ mănebant).
ARGUTIÆ, arum. *f. pl. Witty, acute remarks; bons mots, badinage.* Sed tempĕratæ suaves sunt ar- gutiæ. Ph. [? Jŏci, săles.]
ARGUTO, as. *To prattle, chatter.* Illă mĭhi totis argutat noctĭbŭs ignes. *See* ITERO.
ARGUTUS, ă, um. 1. *Loud, noisy; making a shrill,* sts. *a crackly, rustling sound.* Fortĕ sub arguta consedĕrăt ĭlĭcĕ Daphnis. V. ~-o pectĭnĕ; ~-æ lamĭnă serræ. V. ~-o fŏro. O. [? Stridŭlŭs, stri- dens, sŏnans.] 2. *Sounding sweetly, melodious.* ~ ŏlorĕs. V. ~ Thălĭă. H. ~ pŏetæ. H. [? Cănorŭs.] Fig. 3. *Speaking, significant, expres- sive.* ~ ŏcĕlli. O. ~-a mănu pictă (tăbellă). M. 4. *Acute, subtle-minded.* ~ ăcumĕn (judĭcis). H. [? Subtilis, ăcutŭs, ingĕnĭosŭs.] 5. *Subtle, cun- ning.* ~ mĕrĕtrix; calo. H. *See* DOLOSUS. 6. *Small, delicately formed* or *set.* ~ căpŭt (ĕqui). V. sŏlĕă. Cat.
˘ARIADNA, æ, *and* ˘ARIADNE, es. *f. Ariadne, daughter of Minos and Pasiphae.* C. D. Indŏ- mĭtos in cordĕ gĕrens ˘Ariadnă dŏlores. Cat. [? Minois, Gnossis, Gnossĭă, Cressă.] Crol. Cres- să, Gnossĭă, Gnossĭăcă pŭellă, virgo.—Cressă cal- lĭdă Thesĕă filo rĕvŏcăt. (Thesea lingua) de- flens perjurĭă. Ignoto littŏrĕ (ignoto mări) a vĭro rĕlicta (solă rĕlicta). *See* LABYRINTHUS.
˘ARIADNÆUS, ă, um. *Of Ariadne.* Ex ˘Ariadnæo sidĕrĕ nossĕ pŏtes. O.
˘ARIADNE. *See* ARIADNA.
˘ARICIA, æ. *f. A city and wood in Latium.* C. D. Egressum magna me accepĭt ˘Aricĭă Roma. H. Nĕmŏralis ˘Aricĭă. O.
˘ARICINUS, ă, um. *Of Aricia.* Vallis ˘Aricinæ sil- va præcinctŭs ŏpaca. O.
ARIDITAS, atis. *f. Dryness, drought.* [? Siccĭtas, sĭtis; *ext.* æstŭs, æstas, pulvis, Cănis, Cănicŭlă, Sirĭŭs.] Ep. Fervens, flammĕă, torrens, igneă; segnis, ĭners; funestă, misĕrā. Crol. Siccŭs că- lŏr. Tempŏrā siccă Cănis. Phr. Tempŏrĕ— quo ægrā sĕgĕs victum nĕgăt (ădemptis succis arĕt, exhaustă jăcĕt, lassă procumbit);—quo ex- austŭs ăgĕr (tellus, terrā [*or pl.*]) mŏrientĭbŭs herbis (sicco Cănĕ, ardorĕ) fervĕt (æstŭăt, de- hiscĭt, rimas ăgĭt, imbrĭbŭs jŭvantĭbŭs cărĕt);— quo Sirĭŭs (Cănis æstĭfĕr, sĭtis, s. arĭdă, æstŭs) stĕrĭles ăgros (herbas, arvă, arentes campos) ex- urĭt, urĭt, haurĭt, hĭulcăt;—quo diffŭgĭunt un- dæ (amnes humŏr desĕrŭlĭt, herbas cŏlŏr d.). *See* CANICULA, ÆSTAS, ZONA.
ARIDULUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Aridus. Cat.
ARIDUS, ă, um. 1. *Dry, parched, dried up.* Nocte

arĭdă prătă Tondentŭr. ~-ă nutrimentă. *V.* ~ ănhellĭtŭs. *O.* [† Arens, arescens, siccŭs, siccatŭs, sĭtĭens, sĭtibundŭs, ustŭs, exustŭs, ădustŭs, pĕrustŭs, exsuccŭs, marcens, marcescens, marcĭdŭs, pulvĕrŭlentŭs.] **Crol.** Humorĭs ĕgens, ĕgenŭs, expers, ĭnops. ˘Inops undæ. Humorĕ cārens. Succi indĭgŭs. Fervorĭbŭs siccatŭs. Ardorĕ dĕhiscens. Sĭti pulvĕrŭlentŭs. Cālorĕ, æstu, sĭti hĭulcŭs. *See* ARIDITAS. **2.** *Parched with thirst.* ~ vĭatŏr. *V. See* SITIENS. **3.** *Shrivelled up, lean.* ~ crurĭ. *O. See* MACER. **4.** *Parching, producing thirst, &c.* ~ febrĭs. *V.* [† Sicctŭs.] *See* CALIDUS. **5.** = Pauper *sts. and* Parcus. *See them.* **6.** Used of sound. *Clear; sts. crackling, as when dry wood is burnt.* ~ frăgŏr montĭbŭs. *V.* ~ sŏnŭs. *Lr.*

˘ARĬES, ariĕtĭs (= arjĕtĭs) *and perhaps* ărĭĕtĭs. *m.* **1.** *A ram.* Hæ sacris sedes ĕpŭlis, hic ariĕtĕ cæso. *V.* Dux ărĭes sāttŭras &c. *O.* **Ep.** Cornĭgĕr, candĭdŭs, villosŭs, torvŭs, mĭnax, pĕtulcŭs. **Crol.** Dux ŏvĭum. Lanĭgĕri grĕgĭs (pĕcŏrĭs) defensŏr, tutelă, mărĭtŭs. **2.** *The ram of Phryxus, which became one of the signs of the Zodiac.* Piscique ~ succedĭt ăquoso. *O.* [† Lanĭgĕr, Agnŭs.] **Ep.** Phryxeŭs, ˘Athămanteŭs, Nĕphĕlelŭs, vernŭs, æthĕrĭŭs, sublimĭs. **Crol.** Phryxeum signum. Portĭtŏr Helles. Lanatum pĕcŭs. Illustrĕ lanĭgĕri sidŭs. ˘Athămanthĭdŏs Helles pĕcŭs. Cœli (anni) cornĭgĕr dux, ductŏr. Nĭvĕi signi vellĕrĭ. **3.** ~ aurĕŭs. *The Golden Fleece.* Custos ĕrăt ariĕtĭs aurei. *O. See* VELLUS. **4.** *Battering-ram.* Imos pulsabant ariĕtĕ muros. *V.* ~ mŏvĕt limĭnă pulsu; dispergĭt saxă. *L.* cornu ăheno murum pulsăt. *Pp.* arces concŭtĭt. *O.* **Ep.** Bellĭcŭs, æratŭs, ferrĕŭs, durŭs, vălĭdŭs.

ARIĒTO, as. *To butt, batter like a ram.* Ariĕtăt in portas, et duros objĭcĕ postes. *V.* (*With acc.*) ~ nostras sedes. *Pl.* [† Impingŏr, quătĭo.] **Crol.** Ariĕtĕ quătĭo, pulso, concŭtĭo, emŏvĕo. Rostro insĭlĭo.

˘ARĬMASPŬS, i. *m.* ˘ARĬMASPI, orum. *pl. A people of European Sarmatia.* Quodquĕ lĕgit dives summis ˘Arĭmaspŭs ăcrenis. *L.* Gĕllĭdŏsque ~-os. *Cl.*

˘ARIMĬNŎN, *or* ˘ARIMĬNUM, i. *n. A town of Umbria, now Rimini.* Vicinumquĕ mĭnax invadĭt ˘Arimĭnum, ŭt ignes. *L.*

˘ARION, ŏnis. *m. A famous musician, and lyric poet. C. D.* Quod mărĕ non novit, quæ nescĭt ˘Ariŏnă tellus? *O.* **Crol.** Lesbĭŭs pŏetă. Methymnæŭs vates. Diis carŭs. Delphinĕ sĕdens. Tergo delphinĭs rĕcurvo (subducto, æquŏrĕo) vectŭs. Non tăcĭtum delphini ŏnŭs.

˘ARIŎNĬŬS, ă, um. *Of Arion.* Nomĕn ˘Ariŏnĭum &c. *O.*

˘ARISTA, æ. *f. The beard of corn; an ear of corn;* or *of spikenard;* ext. *the whole head;* hence (*pl.*) *used for a harvest-time.* Flavescet campŭs ărista. *V.* Glandem mutavĭt ărista (tellus). *V.* Supponĕrĕ falcem ~-is. *V.* Grăcĭles librantŭr ~-æ. *O.* Nardi lenĭs ~-æ. *O.* Post ălĭquŏt ~-as. *V.* [† Spică; *ext.* fruges, messĭs, sĕgĕs, culmŭs. **Ep.** Cĕrĕallĭs, aurĕă, flavescens, flavă, cană, grăvĭs, lætă, divĕs, ŏpimă. *See* MESSIS.

˘ARISTÆUS, i. *m. Aristæus, son of Apollo and Cyrene. C. D.* Pastŏr ˘Aristæŭs, fŭgĭens Penelĭ Tempe. *V.*

˘ARISTARCHŬS, i. *m. A celebrated critic, &c.* Magnŭs ˘Aristarcho majŏr Hŏmerŭs ĕrăt. *O.*

˘ARISTIDES, ĭs *or* æ. *m. An illustrious Athenian. C. D.* Pulsŭs ˘Aristides pătrĭa Lăcĕdæmŏnă fugĭt. *O.* **Ep.** Justus. Justi, æquiquĕ spectator.

˘ARISTIPPŬS, i. *m. A Greek philosopher, disciple of Socrates.* Nunc in ˘Aristippi furtim præceptă rĕlabŏr. *H.*

˘*ARISTŎPHANES*, ĭs. *m. A famous comic poet of Athens.* Eupŏlĭs, atquĕ Crătĭnŭs, ˘Aristŏphănesquĕ pŏetæ. *H.*

˘ARISTŎTĔLES, ĭs. *m. A celebrated Grecian philosopher, born at Stagira. C. D.* Si quĭs ˘Aristŏtĕlem sĭmĭlem vel Pittăcŏn emĭt. *J.*

˘ARĬUSĬŬS, ă, um. (˘Αριούσιος.) *Of Arvisium, a mountain of Chios, and famous for its wines.* Vină nŏvum fundam cālăthis ˘Arĭusăă nectăr. *V.*

ARMA, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *Arms* (offensive and defensive of any kind). Jamquĕ fŭces et saxă vŏlant, fŭrŏr armă mĭnistrăt. *V.* Lausum sŏcĭi sūpĕr armă fĕrebant. *V.* [† *Sts.* Ensĭs, ferrum, hastă, clỹpĕŭs, lorică. *See them.*] **Ep.** Martĭă, bellĭcă, fortĭă, pugnacĭă; ăhenă, ærĕă; fulgentĭă, mĭcantĭă; crĕpĭtantĭă, horrĭdă, sævă, crudelĭă, diră, fĕră, imprŏbă, impĭă, grăvĭă, ĭnĭmĭcă, hostilĭă, infestă, fŭrĭalĭă, insană, răbĭdă, funestă, tristĭă, crŭentă. **Crol.** Armorum vires, tutamĕn. Tută corpŏrĭs munimĭnă. Armorum horrŏr. Ferri sĕgĕs Mavortĭă. **Phr.** 1. *Of arms* or *armour glittering in the field.* Campi armis ardent. Clỹpĕi fulgŭrĕ mittunt. Ærĕ, solĕ lăcessită, fulgent (lucem sŭb nubes jactant, splendorĕ dĭem ingĕmĭnant). ˘Apex căpĭti ardĕt. Flammă cristis fundĭtŭr. Aurĕŭs umbo ignes vŏmĭt. **Phr.** 2. *To arm, to take up arms. See* ARMO, ARMOR. **Phr.** 3. *To lay them down* &c. Armă pono, depono, hŭmĕris depono, abjĭcĭo, exĭo. Telă mănu projĭcĭt, hŭmi jecĭt. Armă (bellantĭum) quĭescunt. Hastas terra defigunt. Scută rĕclinant. Stant pŏsĭtis armis. *See* PAX. **2.** *War.* Pacemne huc fertĭs ăn armă? *V. See* BELLUM, PUGNA. **3.** *Armed men. V. O. See* ARMATI, MILES. **4.** *Workmen's tools; the particular implements necessary for any work, craft, game, &c.* ~ cĕrĕăllĭă; duris ăgrestĭbŭs. *V.* Lĕvĭbŭs nunc ludĭmŭs armis (sc. pĭla, trŏcho, &c.). *O.* [† Instrumentum.] **5.** *The equipments of a ship.* Trŏĭă classĭs ădest, armis instructă vĭrisquĕ. *O.* Navĭs spŏlĭătă armis. [† Armamentă, armatură.] **7.** *Fig.* ~ fŏri; civĭcă (*forensic eloquence*). *O.* Mŏvĕt ~ lŏo. *V.*

ARMAMENTA, orum. *n. pl. The equipments, appointments of a ship.* Aptariquĕ sŭis pinum jŭbĕt armamentis. *O.* [† Armă, armatură.]

ARMAMENTARĬUM, ĭi. *n. An arsenal, armoury.* Armamentarĭă cœli. *J.*

ARMARĬUM, ĭi. *n. A chest, safe.* Œnŏphŏrum, trĭpŏdes, armarĭă, cistas. *J.* [† Arcă, capsă, scrinĭum.]

ARMATURA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Armour, mode of arming; armed body of men.* Sparsă pĕr extremos lĕvĭs armatură mănĭplos. *L.* **2.** = Armamenta. *See* A.

ARMATŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Armed.* Cui dextrā trĭsulcis Ignĭbŭs armata est. *O.* [† Instructŭs, munitŭs.] **Crol.** Armis (ferro) circumdăttŭs, instructŭs, indutŭs, cinctŭs, accinctŭs, ornatŭs, munitŭs, tectŭs, fretŭs. **Phr.** *Of one armed.* Stăt (ĭt, incedĭt) fulgentĭbŭs (pictis, insignĭbŭs, rŭtĭlĭs, egrĕgĭis) armis conspectŭs (conspĭcendŭs, exsultans, flăgrans, squamĕŭs, totŭs collucens). Stăt &c. auro conspectus &c. **2.** Pl. *Soldiers. See* MILES. **3.** *Armed by nature.* ~-os unguĭbŭs ursos. *O.* [† Instructŭs, munitŭs, fretŭs.] **4.** *Equipped.* ~ classĭs. *V.* [† Instructŭs.] **5.** *Fig.* ~ fĭde; dŏlĭs. *Sil.* vĕneno (sc. sāgittă). *V.*

ARMĒNĬA, æ. *f.* (˘Αρμενία.) *A country of Asia. L.*

ARMĒNĬŬS, ĭi. *m.* ARMĒNII, orum. *pl. An Armenian; Armenians.* Num pĕtĭt Arměnĭus pacem? *O.* ~ tĭgres. *V.*

ARMENTALĬS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to a herd, drove of cattle.* Armentalĭs ĕquæ mammis &c. *V.*

ARMENTARĬŬS, ĭi. *m. A herdsman.* Armentarĭŭs Afĕr ăgĭt. *V.* [† Bŭbulcŭs.]

ARMENTUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A herd of large cattle.* Millĕ grĕges illi, tŏtĭdemquĕ armentă pĕr herbas. *O.*

[† Bŏves, tauri, jŭvenci, vaccæ; *sts.* pĕcŭs (ŏris).] **Ep.** Montĭvăgum, cornĭgĕrum, lætum, pinguĕ, tardum, pĭgrum. **Crel.** Armentă bucĕrā. Cornĭgĕri grĕges. **2.** Gen. *A troop of large animals of any kind.* Bellum hæc armentă (ĕqui) mĭnautŭr. *V.* Hos (cervos) tota armentă sĕquuntŭr. Immanĭă cujŭs armentă (phocas) pascĭt. *V.* Lĭbycarum ~ fĕrarum. *Sil.* [† Grex.]

Armifĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. **1.** *Producing arms* or *soldiers.* Armĭfĕr et vĭrĭdi floreret millĭtĕ sulcŭs. *Cl.* **2.** *One who bears arms; warlike, having to do with war.* Armĭfĕr armĭfĕræ correptŭs ămorĕ Mĭnervæ. *O.* [† Armĭgĕr, armĭpŏtens, armĭsŏnŭs, bellĭcŭs, bellĭcosŭs.] *See* Pugnax.

Armigĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. **1.** *Bearing arms; warlike,* &c. Phœbumque, armĭgĕrumquĕ dĕum &c. *Sil. See* Armifer. **2.** Armigĕr, ĕri. *m.* Armigĕra, æ. *f. An armour-bearer.* ˘Achillĭs ~ Autŏmĕdon. *V.* **3.** *Used of the eagle, as carrying the thunder-bolt.* Pĕdĭbus Jŏvĭs armĭgĕr uncis. *V.*

Armilla, æ. *f. A bracelet. O.*

Armillatŭs, ă, um. *Wearing bracelets;* sts. *a necklace. Pp.*

Armipŏtens, tis. *adj. Warlike, renowned in arms.* Divæ armĭpŏtentĭs ăd aram. *V. See* Armifer.

Armisŏnŭs, ă, um. *With sounding arms; resounding with the clash of arms,* &c. Pallădĭs ~-æ. *V.* ~ antrum (*of Ætna*). *Cl. See* Armifer.

Armo, aa. **1.** *To arm, to give arms to.* Fas nobis Teucros armarĕ fŭissĕt. *V.* [† Instrŭo, munĭo.] **Crel.** Armă do, mĭnistro, cĭĕo. Armis indŭo, cingo, munĭo, instrŭo. Mănus ăd armă, *or* mănĭbŭs armă apto. ˘In hostes armo. ˘In armă mŏvĕo, mitto, duco, suscĭto, ăgo. ˘In prœlĭă răpĭo. **2.** *Fig.* ~ ferrum vĕneno; flammas pĭcĭs unguĭnĕ. *V. Fl.* mentem contemptu nĕcis. *Sil.* [† Munĭo, instrŭo.] **3.** *To equip a ship. V.* [† Instrŭo, orno.] *See* Arma.

Armŏr. *pass.* **1.** *To be armed, to arm* (put on arms). Bĕllo armantŭr ĕqui. *V.* Armari Volscorum edicĕ mănĭplis. *V.* **Crel.** Armis instrŭŏr, indŭŏr, cingŏr, accingŏr, munĭŏr. Armă căpĭo, căpesso, sumo, răpĭo, indŭo, gĕro, fĕro, infĕro, expĕdĭo, păro, hŭmĕris apto. ˘In armă ĕo, vĕnĭo, mŏvĕŏr, mănus addo. ˘Ad armă vĕnĭo. Armă mănu, dĭgĭtis tĕnĕo. Armă pĕrantŭr. ˘In armis sto, rĕsisto, fulgĕo. Armă mănu indŭo *or* indŭŏr Ferro accingŏr. **Phr.** (*Of one arming.*) Clŷpĕum indŭĭtŭr. Clŷpĕo sĭnistram aptans insertăt. Ensem collo suspendĭt. Lătĕri accommŏdăt *or* accingĭt ensem. Armă circumdăt hŭmĕris: gălĕa tĕgĭtŭr. Dextræ ensis aptatŭr. Sĭbĭ dăt clŷpĕum; dăt ăcuta hastam cuspĭdĕ; dăt gălĕam căpĭti. Ægĭdĕ pectŭs defendĭtŭr. Lătŭs ensĕ rĕvincĭt (ærĕ protĕgĭt). Ensĕ accingĭtŭr. *See* Ensis. **2.** *To be equipped* (of a fleet or ship). Armari classem, cursumquĕ pĕrari. *V. See* Arma, Armatus, &c.

Armŭs, i. *m. The shoulder of an animal. V. See* Humerus.

˘**Aro, aa.** **1.** *To plough, till the ground.* ˘Ea nec mansuescĭt ărando. *V.* [† Cŏlo.] **Crel.** Terram (tellurem, hŭmum, arvă, sŏlum, jugĕrā, ăgrum) ăratro (vomĕrĕ, ferro, rastris, lĭgonĕ) cŏlo. ˘Aratro *or* vomĕrĕ sŭbĭgo (findo, scindo, proscindo, dŏmo, sollĭcĭto, rimŏr, verto, inverto, verso, exercĕo, sulco, fŏdĭo, rĕnŏvo, excŏlo). Glebas lĭgonĕ *or* rastro frango (dirumpo, convello). ˘Aratro incumbo. Telluri sulcos infindo. Jŭvencis (sub vomĕrĕ) sŏlum exercĕo. Terram, ăgrum vomĕrĭs ictu (sulco, rastris) insecŏr. ˘Aratrā flecto. Jŭvencos (bŏves) ăratro adjungo, sub jŭgă duco, ŏnĕri suppono. **Phr.** *Act of ploughing.* Agrĭcŏlă terram (hŭmum, sŏlum, s. pinguĕ, tergă sŏli, ăgros, glebas, jugĕrā, arvă, rurā, nŏvales, duros sŏvales) incurvo (curvo, presso, depresso, prono, unco) ăratro (vomĕrĕ, vomĕrĭs usu, ferro) convellĭt (molitŭr, sollĭcĭtăt, sŭblĭgĭt, pĕr artem mŏvĕt, dimŏvĕt, sulcăt, ărăt, versăt, findĭt, sulcis mollĭt). Agrĭcŏlă terram &c. vălĭdo bŏvĕ (blĭdenti) versăt, ărăt, &c. Taurŭs (bos [*or pl.*])—depresso ăratro ingĕmĭt;—suppŏsĭto jŭgo ăratri pondŭs ducĭt;—ŏnĕri collă suppŏnĭt. Campŭs (ăgĕr, hŭmŭs, &c.) impulso ăratro (presso vomĕrĕ) enĭtĕt, consurgĭt. Campus &c. rastros (cultus) pătĭtŭr; *or,* ăratro rĕnŏvatŭr. Fig. **2.** *Used of wrinkles.* ~ frontem rugis. *V.* Rugæ ărant corpŭs. *O.* [† Exăro, pĕrăro, sulco.] **3.** ~ mărĕ, æquŏr. *Used of the ship passing through the waters.* Mĕris æquŏr ărandum. *V.* ~ ăquas. *O.* [† Sulco, findo, scindo, &c.] *See* Navigo.

Arpi, orum. *m. pl. A city of Apulia, founded by Diomede. V.* [† Argyrĭpă.]

Arpinas, ătis. *One of Arpinum, the birth-place of Marius and Cicero. J.* Arpinas ăllĭus Volscorum in montĕ sŏlebat. *J.*

Arpinŭs, ă, um. *Of Arpinum. M.*

Arquatŭs, ă, um. *Bow-shaped, arched.* Arquato cœlum curvamĭnĕ signans. *O. See* Curvus.

Arrectŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Arrigo. **1.** *Standing upright, straight up.* Constĭtĭt in dĭgĭtos extemplo arrectŭs ŭterquĕ. *V.* ~-æ horrorĕ cŏmæ. *V.* [† Erectŭs, sublatŭs, subrectŭs, rectŭs, sublimĭs.] **2.** Fig. *Roused, eager, intent.* ~-æ iræ stĭmŭlis; ~ spes jŭvĕnum. *V.* laudum cŭpido. *V.* ~ ănĭmi. *V.* [† Intentŭs, suspensŭs.]

Arridĕo, es, si, sum. **1.** *To laugh* or *smile at* or *with.* Ut ridentĭbŭs arrident, ĭtă flentĭbŭs adflent. *H.* [† Ridĕo, subridĕo.] Fig. **2.** *To favour* (smile upon). *Lr.* [† Ridĕo.] **3.** *To please.* Quĭbŭs hæc ~ vĕlim. *H. See* Placeo.

Arrigo, is, exi, ectum. **1.** *To lift straight up, raise up.* Cŏmasque arrexĭt, ĕt hærĕt. *V.* [† Subrĭgo, erĭgo, tollo.] **2.** Fig. *To make attentive* (raise the ear, mind, in attention). Arrexerĕ ănĭmos ˘Ităli. *V.* ~-ĕ aures, Pamphĭlĭ. *Ter.*

Arripĭo, is, ĭpŭi, eptum. **1.** *To take hold of, catch, seize upon.* Sĭmŭl arripĭt ipsum. *V.* ~ Ausŏnĭam velis; castrā; lŏcum. *V.* [† Corripĭo, căpĭo, prĕhendo, prendo, occŭpo, comprendo.] **2.** Fig. *To take a hint* or *meaning quickly. Ter.* Quŏd ĕgŏ arripŭi. *Ter.*

Arrŏgans, tis. *Haughty, arrogant.* Tangĕ Chlŏen sĕmĕl arrŏgantem. *H.* [† Sŭperbŭs, fĕrox.]

Arrŏgo, aa. **1.** *To claim, claim as a right.* Nĭhil non arrŏgĕt armis. *H.* [† Vindĭco, assumo, sumo.] **2.** *To confer, bestow.* Impĕrĭis dĕcŭs arrŏgavĭt. *H.* [† Trĭbŭo, attrĭbŭo, affero, addo.]

Ars, artis. *f.* **1.** *Art, as opposed to nature.* Natura flĕret laudabĭlĭ carmĕn ăn artĕ, Quæsitum est. *H.* **Ep.** Ingĕnĭosă, solers, doctă, mirā, măgistrā. **Crel.** Artis ŏpŭs, ops (*obs. in nom.*). **2.** *Every kind of art, science, talent.* Tu rĕgĕre impĕrĭo pŏpŭlos, Romanĕ, mĕmento: Hæ tĭbi ĕrunt artes. *V.* ~ cæstŭs. *V.* nandi; trŏchi. *O.* cœnarum; frŭendi divĭtĭas. *H.* măgĭcæ artis. *V.* [† Doctrinā, stŭdĭum, industrĭă, solertĭă, prudentĭă, făcultas.] **3.** *Mechanical, manual arts.* Ut vărĭas usus mĕlĭtando extundĕrĕt artes. *V.* Clŷpĕum . . . Dĭdŭmaŏnĭs artes. *V.* Ingĕnĭum făbræ artis. *O.* [† Industrĭă; *sts.* ŏpŭs, ŏps, lăbŏr.] **4.** Pl. (*but sometimes in sing.*) *with or without* bŏnă, bŏnæ, &c. *The liberal arts; learning and knowledge generally.* Artes intŭĭt Lătĭo (Græcĭă). *H.* Ingĕnŭæ artes. *O.* Adjecerĕ bŏnæ paulo plus artĭbŭs ˘Athenæ. *H.* [† Stŭdĭă.] **Ep.** Ingĕnŭæ, bŏnæ, hŏnestæ. *See* Litteræ. **5.** *Principles of conduct;* artes bŏnæ &c. *virtue.* Artĭbŭs et morĭbŭs institŭĭmŭs. *J.* Artĭbŭs hŏnestis nullŭs ĭn urbĕ lŏcŭs. *J. See* Virtus. **6.** *Means, resources.* Millĕ nŏcendi artes. *V.* [† Răţio, vĭa, ops (obs. in

nom.).] 7. *Artifice, craft.* Illĕ dŏlis instructŭs ĕt artĕ Pĕlasga. *V. See* DOLUS.

ARSĂCĬDÆ, arum, *and sync.* dum. *m. pl.* 1. *The Arsacidæ, the successors of Arsăces; the Parthians, Persians.* Plus illa vobis ăcĭe, quam credĭtĭs, actum est, ARSĂCĬDÆ. *L.* ARSĂCĬDUM DŏMĬNŬS. *L. See* PARTHI, PERSÆ.

ARSĂCĬŬS, ă, um. *Arsacian, Persian, Parthian.* Scis quĭd ĭn ARSĂCĬ̆S Păcŏrus delibĕrĕt aula. *M.*

ARSURŬS, ă, um. *That must be, is about* or *destined to be burnt.* Illŏn arsurum præmŏnŭissĕ fĕrunt. *O.* ~-os artus ungĕrĕ. *O.* [† Crĕmandŭs, urendŭs, consumendŭs.]

ARTĔMISIA, æ. *f.* (Ἀρτεμισία.) *The wife of Mausŏlus, king of Caria. C. D. See* MAUSOLUS.

ARTERIA, æ. *f.* (ἀρτηρία.) *The wind-pipe. Lr.*

ARTĬCŬLUS, i. *m.* 1. *A small joint,* or *joint* (in the bones). Postquam illi justă chĕragrā [s. chĭragrā] Contŭdĭt artĭcŭlos. *H.* [† Junctură, nodŭs.] Hence—2. *Finger.* Nec prĕmĭt ~-os lucĭdă gemmă mĕos. *O. See* DIGITUS. 3. ~ tempŏrĭs. *A moment, instant.* [† Punctum.] 4. *Critical moment. Pl.*

ARTĬFEX, ĭcĭs. *m. f.* 1. *An artizan, mechanic, manufacturer.* At Vĕnŭs artĭfĭcis lăbŏr est et glorĭă Coi. *O.* [† ˘Oplfex, făbrĭcatŏr.] Ep. Doctŭs, solers, ingĕnĭosŭs, pĕrĭtŭs, noblĭis, clarŭs. Fig. 2. *Author, inventor.* ~ diræ cædĭs (Pŏlỹmestŏr). *O.* [† Făbrĭcatŏr, auctŏr, ŏpĭfex, causă, crĕatŏr, condĭtŏr.] *See* AUCTOR. 3. *A plotter, schemer.* Crudelĕ ~-is scĕlŭs. *V.* [† Astutŭs, callĭdŭs.] 4. Adj. *Industrious, skilful.* ~-es mănus natură admovĭt. *O.* [† Solers, pĕrĭtŭs, doctŭs.] 5. Pass. *Made with art, artistically.* ARTĬFĬCES, vivĭdă signă, bŏves. *Pp.*

ARTUS, ŭum, ŭbŭs. *m. pl.* 1. *The joints of the limbs, the limbs.* Et magnos membrorum artus, magna ossă, lăcertos. *V.* Pĕr artus sudŏr lĭt. *V.* [† Membrā.] *See* MEMBRUM. 2. *Sts. in sing. V. Fl. L.*

˘ARUNDĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Reed-bearing.* Tibrĭs ărundĭfĕrum &c. *O.*

˘ARUNDĬNĔUS, ă, um. *Of reeds, made of reed.* Mellăque ărundĭnĕis inferrĕ cănalĭbŭs ultro. *V.* ~-o carmĭnĕ. *O.*

˘ARUNDĬNOSUS, ă, um. *Full of reeds, reedy.* Quæque Anconă, Gnĭdumque ărundĭnosam. *Cat.*

˘ARUNDO, ĭnĭs. *f.* 1. *A reed.* Tĕnĕra prætexĭt ărundĭnĕ ripas. *V.* [† Cannă.] Ep. ˘Aquatĭcă, pălustrĭs, flŭvĭalĭs; glaucă, vĭrens, vĭrĭdĭs; longă, exĭlis, tĕnŭĭs, grăcĭlis; mobĭlis, trĕmŭlă. 2. *Reed of the Pan-pipe; flute, pipe.* Centum ~-ĭbŭs compactă fistŭlă. *O.* Agrestem tĕnŭi mĕdĭtabŏr ărundĭnĕ musam. *V. See* FISTULA. 3. *An arrow.* Hæret latĕri letalis ~. *V. See* SAGITTA. 4. *Angling-rod.* Captăt ~-ĭnĕ pisces. *O.* [† Linĕă.] *See* PISCOR. 5. *A cane, stick.* ˘Equĭtare ĭn ~-ĭnĕ longa. *H. See* BACULUS. 6. *Reed for writing. M. See* CALAMUS. 7. *Small canoe made of a species of* arundo. Stygĭa sĕdĕat sub ărundĭnĕ remex. *Pp. See* CANNA.

ARVINA, æ. *f. Suet, hog-lard; fat* gen. Et spicŭlă lucĭdă tergent Arvina pingui. *V.* [† ˘Adeps, sebum.]

ARVUM, i. *n. and gen.* ARVI, orum. *pl.* 1. *Cultivated ground, a field* or *fields.* Squalent abductis arvă cŏlonis. *V.* [† ˘Agĕr, jugĕrā, sătă, cultă, terrā, tellus, hŭmŭs, sŏlum, rurā, campŭs; *sts.* nŏvalĕ, nŏvales, nŏvalĭă, cultă.] Ep. Lætum, fĕrax, fertĭlĕ, fecundum, cultum, Cĕrĕalĕ, tritĭcĕum, spicĭfĕrum, pinguĕ, flavens, fetum, ăpertum, latum, pătens, vastum. Crcl. ˘Agri jugĕrā. Culti jugĕrā sŏli. ˘Agĕr messĭbŭs ŏnĕratŭs, vestitŭs, flavens. Tellus frumentis optĭmă, *or* ăd sĕgĕtes ingenĭosă. Cultă messĭbŭs flaventĭă. Sătă *lætă. Bŏum lăbores.* Hŭmŭs (arvă &c.) frugĭbŭs (tritĭcĕum in messem, in robustă farrā) exercă. ˘Agĕr frumentis utĭlis *or* utĭlĭŏr. *See* ARO, FERTILIS, MESSIS. 2. Gen. *Field, plain.* ~ plorum. *O.* [† Campŭs, littŏrā, oræ, fines, plăgæ.] *See* CAMPUS.

ARX, arcĭs. *f.* 1. *A height, summit.* Protĭnŭs umbrosa Parnassi constĭtĭt arcĕ. *O.* ARX gălĕæ. *St.* [† Vertex, culmĕn, fastigĭum.] 2. *A mountain.* Protĭnŭs aĕrĭas Phæacum abscondĭmŭs arces. *V. See* MONS. 3. *A citadel, fortress.* Prĭămique arx altă mănerea. *V.* [† Castrum, castellum, turrĭs, muniměn, propugnacŭlă.] *See* TURRIS. 4. ~ cœli *or* cœlestis, sŭpĕrā, æthĕrĭă, &c. *Heaven, Olympus. V.* Qui nutu sŭpĕras nunc tempĕrăt arces. *V. See* CŒLUM. 5. Fig. *The highest eminence, greatest degree.* Nondum attĭgĭt arcem Jurĭs &c. *L.* ~-es summæ laudum. *Sil. See* CULMEN.

AS, assĭs. *m.* 1. *The Roman pound of* 12 *ounces.* As sŏlĭdus quŏnĭam bis sex de partĭbŭs æquis Constăt. *Aus. See* LIBRA. 2. *A copper coin so called. H. M.* 3. Fig. *Nothing's worth* (as we use farthing). Non ~-is fĭdĭs. Unĭŭs ~-is æstĭmarĕ. *Cat.*

ASCĂNIUS, ĭi. *m. The son of Æneas and Creusa. C. D.* At pŭĕr Ascănĭus, cui nunc cognomĕn ˘Iulo. *V.* [† ˘Iulŭs, Ænĕădes.] Crcl. Vĕnĕris nĕpos. Dardănĭŭs pŭĕr.

ASCENDO, ĭs. i, sum. *To ascend, mount, climb up to.* Buthroti ascendĭmŭs urbem. *V.* [† Conscendo, scando; *sts.* assĭlĭo.] Crcl. Ascensu sŭpĕro, vinco; *sts.* saltu vĕnĭo sŭpĕr. Phr. *Ascending a hill.* Montĭs ardŭă (aspĕrā, summi montĭs fastigĭă, s. f. culmĭnis) cursu pĕtĭt (sŭpĕrăt, exăpĕrăt). In montĭs ardŭă &c. nitĭtŭr; ăd montis fastigĭă evadĭt (evadĕrĕ nĭsŭs grādum erĭgĭt). *Mounting a horse, carriage, &c.* Saltu ĭn currus emĭcăt. Corpŏrā ĭn ĕquos saltu subjĭcĭunt.

ASCENSUS, us. *m.* 1. *Act of mounting, ascending. V.* [† Conscensŭs.] Ep. Ardŭŭs, ĭniquŭs, difficĭlis; făcĭlis, pronŭs, mollis. 2. *Ascent, elevation.* Ardŭŭs alto Tmolŭs ĭn ~-u. *O. See* CULMEN.

ASCRA, æ. *f. A village of Bœotia, the birth-place of Hesiod. O.*

ASCRÆUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Ascra* or *Hesiod.* Ascræum carmĕn. *V.* 2. Used subst. *Hesiod.* Vivĕt ĕt Ascræus &c. *O. See* HESIODUS.

ASCRIBO. *See* ADSCRIBO.

ASDRŬBAL, ălis. *m. The name of several Carthaginian generals, of whom the brother of Annibal is the most celebrated.* Et cĕcĭdit telis Asdrŭbăl ipsĕ sŭis. *O.*

˘ASELLUS, i. *m. and* ˘ASELLA, æ. *f. O. dim. of* Asinus. Tardi ăgĭtatŏr ăselli. *V.* [† ˘Asĭnŭs, ˘Asĭnă.] Ep. Arcădĭcŭs, auritŭs; Iners, pĭgĕr, segnis, tardŭs, lentŭs, pandŭs. Crcl. Arcădĭum pĕcŭs.

˘ASIA, æ. *f. Asia, one of the great divisions of the world.* Addam urbes ˘Asiæ dŏmĭtas &c. *V.* Ep. Divĕs, ŏpŭlentă, fecundă, magnă, mollis, magnifĭcă, pinguis. Crcl. ˘Asiæ tellus, terrā, oræ. ˘Asiatĭcă tellus, rĕgio, plăgā.

ASIA PALUS. *See* ASIUS.

˘ASIANUS, *and* ˘ASIATICUS, ă, um. *Of Asia, Asiatic.* Hæc ˘Asianorum vĕtĕra ornamentă dĕorum. *J.*

˘ASILUS, i. *m. The gad-fly.* Cui nomĕn ăsilo. *V.* [† Œstrŭs.]

˘ASINUS, i. *m. and* ˘ASINA, æ. *f.* 1. *An ass.* Apta ăsĭni flammis indĭcis extă dămŭs. *O. See* ASELLUS. 2. Fig. *A fool, an ass.* Caudex, stipes, ăsĭnus, plumbĕŭs. *Ter. See* STOLIDUS.

ASIS, ĭdis. *f. Lydian.* ˘Et ĭn Asĭdĕ terra Mœnĭă constĭtŭĭs. *O. See* ASIUS.

ASIUS, ă, um. 1. *Lydian* or *Mæonian.* 2. ASIA

PĀLUS. *A lake in Mysia, on the confines of Mæonia.* Sŏnăt amnīs, ĕt Asĭă longe Pulsă pālus. *V.*

ASOPĬS, ĭdĭs. *f.* 1. *Belonging to the Asopus.* Errare Asopĭdĕ ripa. *St.* 2. *Ægina, the daughter of Asopus.* Asopĭdă lusĕrĭt ignis. *O. See* ÆGINA.

ASOPŎS, *or* ASOPŬS, i. *m. A river of Bœotia. C. D.* Sæpĕ văgo Asopi sŏnĭtu permotă flŭentis. *Pp.*

ASPĂRĂGŬS, i. *m. Asparagus.* Aspărăgi, pŏsĭto quos legit villĭcă fuso. *J.*

ASPECTO, ASPECTŬS. *See* ADSPECTO, &c.

ASPĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum, *and sync.* asprĭ, asprum. 1. *Rough, rugged.* Est spĕcŭs excsi structura pumĭcis aspĕr. *O.* ∾ linguă; aignis pocŭlă. *V.* vasă. *J.* [† Scăbĕr.] 2. *Sharp, prickly.* ∾ rŭbus; sentĭs. *V.* mucro. *L.* barbă. *Tib. See* ACUTUS. 3. *Sharp, sour, rough to the taste.* ∾ In orĕ săpŏr. *V.* [† ˘Acerbŭs, ămarŭs, acĕr, austerŭs, insuavis.] Fig. 4. *Hard, painful, trying.* ∾ hiems. *O.* victu venatŭs. *V.* vitā In silvis. *Ph.* [† ˘Acerbŭs, durŭs, grăvis.] 5. *Fierce, intractable, savage.* Gens aspĕrā cultu. *V.* Stŭdĭis asperrĭmă belli. ∾ cornu bos. *V.* dulcedĭnĕ sanguĭnis (lŭpus); cladĭbŭs. *O.* frenă pătĭ (ĕquus). *Sil.* mŏnĭtorĭbŭs (jŭvĕnis). *H.* [† ˘Acerbŭs, durŭs, fĕrox, immitis, infestŭs, indŏcĭlis.] 6. *Severe, rigid.* Mentes formandæ aspĕrĭorĭbŭs stŭdĭis. *H.* ˘In mălos ∾-rĭmŭs. *H.* ∾ virtus. *Sil.* [† Sĕvĕrŭs, austerŭs, durŭs.] 7. *Biting, bitter.* ∾ verbā. *O. Tib.* [† ˘Amarŭs, ăcerbŭs, mordax.]

ASPĔRĬTAS, ātis. *f.* 1. *Unevenness of ground; rugged ground.* Hoc tămĕn aspĕrĭtas indĭcĕ notă lŏci. *O.* 2. *Sharpness, roughness.* ∾ vocis. *Lr.* Fig. 3. *Harshness, severity.* Frigŏris ∾. *O.* [† Rigŏr, vĭŏlentĭă, vis.] 4. *Harsh, impracticable nature* or *quality of any thing.* ∾ Iniquă lŏci. *O.* [† Incommŏdă (*n. pl.*), mŏlestĭă.] 5. *Coarseness of manners.* ∾ ăgrestis. *H.* Mitis ĕt ∾-ĕ cārens. *L.* ∾ ŏdĭum parĭt. *O.* [† Durĭtĭă, durĭtĭes, rigŏr, fĕrocĭă, barbărĭes.] 6. *Bitterness, sharpness of tongue.* ∾ verborum. *O. See* ASPER (7).

ASPERNANDŬS, ă, um. *To be rejected disdainfully.* Haud aspernandă prĕcantes. *V.* [† Contemnendŭs, spernendŭs.] *See* CONTEMNENDUS.

ASPERNATŬS, ă, um. *Having rejected* (with contempt). Nĕquĕ tu aspernată vŏcantem. *V.*

ASPERNŎR, ārĭs. *To spurn, disdain, despise.* Nec Pelusĭăcæ curam aspernabĕrĭ lentis. *V.* [† Respŭo, neglĭgo, sperno, contemno, fastidĭo.] *See* CONTEMNO.

ASPĔRO, ās. 1. *To sharpen, roughen.* Et glăcĭalis hiems ăquĭlonĭbŭs aspĕrăt undas. *V.* 2. *To point, shape to a point.* ∾ abruptă saxă. *L.* vallum stŭdĭbŭs. *Cl.* [† ˘Acŭo.] 3. *To make fiercer and fierce, provoke, irritate.* ∾-ăt discordĭă fratres. *St.* ∾ ignes Sirĭus. *V. Fl.* iras. *Cl.* [† Exaspĕro, ăcerbo, ăcŭo, accendo, irrito.] 4. *To give a menacing, savage look to.* ∾ lumĭnă. *Cl.* 5. *To jar, grate upon the ear.* ∾ aures. *T. Maur.*

ASPĬCIO. *See* ADSPICIO.

ASPIRO. *See* ADSPIRO.

ASPIS, ĭdis. *f. An asp, a species of serpent.* Aspĭdă somnĭferam tĭmĭdă cervicĕ lĕvavĭt. *L.* Aspĭdes, in mĕdĭis sĭtĭlebant &c. *L. See* SERPENS.

ASPORTO, ās. (*Fr.* abs *and* porto.) *To carry away, off, to transport.* Nec te hinc cŏmĭtem asportarĕ Crĕusam Fas aut illĕ sĭnĭt. *V.* [† Abduco, avĕho, aufĕro.]

ASSĂRĂCUS, i. *m. A son of Tros, king of Troy.* Assărăcon crĕăt hic, Assărăcusquĕ Căpŷn. *O.*

ASSĔCLĂ, *or* ASSĔCŬLĂ, æ. *m. A follower, companion.* Vos hŭmĭli assĕcŭlæ, vos indulgebĭtis unquam. *J.* [† Cŏmĕs.]

ASSECTŎR, ārĭs. *To follow, wait upon. H.* [† Sĕquŏr, cŏmĭtŏr.]

ASSENSŬS, us. *m.* 1. *Assent, consent.* Frĕmebant cœlĭcŏlæ assensu vărĭo. *V.* [† Consensŭs.] 2. *Unison, agreement of sound.* Ærĕăque ∾-u conspirant cŏtnŭă rauco. *V.* Vox ∾-u nĕmŏrum ingĕmĭnatā. *V.*

ASSENTATŎR, ōrĭs. *m.* (*and* ASSENTATRIX, icĭs. *f. Pl.*) *A flatterer. H.* Assentatores jŭbĕt ad lucrum irĕ pŏetā. *H.* [† ˘Adulatŏr.] Ep. Fictŭs, subdŏlŭs, mendax, infidŭs, lĕvis.

ASSENTIO, īs, sensi, sensum (*and* ASSENTĬŎR, irĭs, &c. *Lucil.*) *To be of the same opinion, to approve.* Assensere omnes. *V.* [† Consentĭo, annŭo, approbo, prŏbo.]

ASSĔQUŎR, ĕrĭs, sĕcutŭs sum. 1. *To reach, come up with.* Mures veloces non vălerĕt assĕqui. *Ph.* [† Consĕquŏr, attingo.] 2. Fig. *To gain, acquire.* ∾ famam. *Ph. See* ACQUIRO.

ASSĔR, ĕrĭs. *m.* 1. *A pole, small beam, plank. Pl. See* TIGNUM, TABULA. 2. *Chairman's pole.* Perquĕ fŏrum jŭvĕnes longo prĕmĭt assĕrĕ Medos. *J.*

I. ASSĔRO, īs, rŭi, ertum. 1. *To claim, take as one's own, to lay hand upon* (with or without *mānu*). Hæc utraquĕ mānu complexuque assĕrĕ toto. *M.* Nec laudes assĕrĕ nostras. *O.* [† Prĕhendo, sumo, vindĭco (mĭhĭ), occŭpo, usurpo.] 2. *To free, make free.* Assĕrŭi jam me, fugiquĕ cătenas. *O. See* LIBERO. 3. *To assign, add.* Meque assĕrĕ cœlo. *O.* [† Addico, attrĭbŭo, adjungo, assigno, adscribo.] 4. *To defend, make secure. M.* [† Defendo, tŭĕŏr, protĕgo.] 5. *To defend, justify.* Colchĭdŏs assĕrĭt fŭrorem. *M.* [† Affirmo.]

II. ASSĔRO, īs, evi, ātum. *To plant near. See* ADSITUS.

ASSERTŎR, ōrĭs. *m. One who asserts the freedom of another, a liberator, defender, protector.* Publĭcŭs ∾, vĭtĭis oppressă lĕvabo Pectŏrā. *O.* ∾ victo rĕdĕas Cæsārĕ. *L.* [† Defensŏr, tutelă.]

ASSERVO, ās. *To take care of. V.* [† Servo, custodĭo.]

ASSĬDĔO, es, sedi, sessum. 1. *To sit by* or *near.* Assĭdĕt illĕ quĭdem &c. *O.* [† Assido, sĕdĕo, sido, consĭdĕo, considо.] Crcl. Juxta, prŏpĕ sĕdĕo, consĭdĕo, &c. 2. *To be near to a person, in order to wait upon him; to attend upon a sick person.* Assĭdĕt indĕ Jŏvi, Jŏvis est fidissĭmă custos. *O.* ∾ ægræ. *O.* [† Invĭgĭlo.] 3. *To sit down before a town* (of a besieging army). (*With acc.*) ∾ muros. *V.* arces. *Sil.* (*with dat.*) mœnĭbŭs. *V.* (*Ciris.*) *See* OBSIDEO.

ASSIDO, īs, edi. *To seat oneself, sit near. Ter. See* ASSIDEO.

ASSĬDŬE. *adv. Constantly.* Hi bellum assĭdŭe ducunt cum gentĭ Lătina. *V.* ∾ vĕnĭebăt. *V.* [† Contĭnŭo, perpĕtŭo, usquĕ, sempĕr.] *See* SEMPER.

ASSĬDŬO. *adv.* = Assidue. *Pl.*

ASSĬDŬUS, ă, um. 1. *One that keeps himself near, close to.* Viscĕrăque assĭdŭæ debĭtă præbĕt ăvi. *O.* 2. *Constant, continual.* Hic ver assĭdŭum, atque &c. *V.* postes ∾-a fuligĭnĕ nĭgri. *V.* [† Contĭnŭus, perpĕtŭus, jugis, pĕrennis, æternŭs.] *See* PERENNIS.

ASSIGNO, ās. 1. *To assign, to apportion.* Componunt, agros assignant, oppĭdă condunt. *H.* [† Adscribo, attrĭbŭo, divĭdo.] 2. *To give, direct.* ∾ carbăsă ripis. *St.* [† Trado, committo.] 3. *To close, seal.* ∾ tăbellas. *Pers. See* OBSIGNO.

ASSILIO, is, ĭlŭi *or* ĭlĭi, ultum. *To leap upon, spring against; assault.* Assĭlĭunt fluctus, imoque a gurgĭtĕ pontus &c. *O.* ∾ mœnĭbŭs urbis. *O.* [† Assulto, sălĭo, emĭco.] *See* SALIO, AGGREDIOR.

ASSIMILIS, ĕ. *Like to, like.* Assĭmĭlemquĕ ĕăi longa assuetudĭnĕ fecĭt. *O.* See SIMILIS.

Assĭmĭlo, as. 1. *To take the likeness of, to make like.* Clypĕumquĕ jŭbasquĕ Divini assĭmĭlat căpĭtis. *V.* Formam assĭmĭlatā Cămerti. *V.* [? Sĭmĭlo, ĭmĭtŏr, fingo.] 2. *To compare.* ∾ grandĭā parvis. *O.* [? Confĕro, compăro, compono.] *See* Compare.

Assĭmŭlo, as. *To feign, pretend.* ˘Odĭum cum conjŭgĕ falsum Phasĭās assĭmŭlāt. *O.* [? Sĭmŭlo, fingo, confingo.]

Assisto, Assĭtŭs. *See* Adsisto.

Asso, as. *To roast.* *See* Torreo.

Assŏcio, as. *To join.* Dulcĭbŭs asŏcĭas lymphis melliquĕ lĭquenti. *Sil.* ∾ passus. *St.* cornŭā summis malis. *Cl.* [? Sŏcio, jungo, adjungo, annecto.] *See* Jungo.

Assŏno, as, ŭī. *To return sound for sound, to echo a sound.* Plangentĭbŭs assŏnāt Echo. *O.* [? Accĭno, respondĕo, rĕsulto.] *See* Echo.

Assuefăcio, ĭs, feci, factum. 1. *To accustom.* [? Dŏcĕo, edŏcĕo.] **Crol.** Morem făcio. *See* Assuesco. 2. *Pass.* Assuefio. *To accustom oneself.* *See* Assuesco.

Assuesco, ĭs, evi, etum. 1. Intr. *To accustom oneself, grow accustomed.* Et votis jam nunc assuescĕ vŏcari. *V.* [? Consuesco, edisco, disco, condisco, assuefio; *sts.* sŏlĕo.] **Phr.** Ad mălā nullā rŭdis est. Mālā ferrē doctŭs est. Morem usŭs făcĭt. Sicŭt mos mĕŭs est. Usu corpŭs indurescĭt. Usŭs corpŭs (ănĭmum) indurāt. 2. Sts. *To accustom.* tr. ∾ mentem, corpŭs plurĭbŭs. *H.* collā servĭtio; bellā ănimis. *V.* Rhŏdŏpen Icārĭa umbra. *St.* me fatis. *L.*

Assuetudo, ĭnis. *f.* *A custom, habit.* ˘Allĭt assuetudĭnĕ flammas. *O.* [? Consuetudo, usŭs, mos.] *See* Consuetudo, Assuesco.

Assuetŭs, ă, um. 1. *Used, accustomed.* Assueti longo muros defendērē bello. *V.* ∾ mensæ hĕrili. *V.* ăd sceptrā. *St.* [? Suetŭs, consuetŭs, assuefactŭs, sŏlĭtŭs; *sts.* duratŭs, exercĭtŭs.] 2. *Customary, usual, that to which one is accustomed.* ∾ saltus; antrā; ars. *O.* [? Suetŭs, consuetŭs, sŏlĭtŭs, notŭs, solennis.] 3. Assueto (with a comp.). *More than commonly.* ∾ longĭŭs; tardĭŭs. *O.* [? Sŏlĭto.] *See* Mos.

Assŭla, æ. *f.* *A fragment, chip, paring.* *Pl. board, plank.* Crurā pontĭcŭli assŭlis stantĭs, irrĕdĭvivŭs. *Cat.* *See* Asser, Fragmentum.

Assulto, as. *To leap upon, to attack.* *Sil. St.* *See* Assilio.

Assultŭs, us. *m.* *A leap, bound, assault, attack.* *V.* *See* Saltus.

Assumo, ĭs, umpsi, umptum. *To take, take up, take to.* Atquĕ ălĭas assumērē robŏrā gentes. *O.* [? Sumo, căpio, accĭpio.] *See these words.*

Assumptŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Assumo. *Taken, taken up;* sts. *borrowed.* *O.* [? Sumptŭs, adscitŭs.]

Assŭo, ĭs, i, utum. *To sew to, to fit, join to.* Unŭs ĕt altĕr Assŭĭtur pannŭs. *H.* [? Annecto, consŭo.]

Assurgo, ĭs, rexi, rectum. 1. *To rise up.* [? Surgo, consurgo.] **Crol.** Me tollo, attollo. *See* Surgo. 2. *To rise up out of respect;* fig. *to yield the superiority to.* Vĭro Phœbi chŏrŭs ∾-ĭt. Vinā, quĭbŭs Tmolŭs ∾-ĭt. *V.* *See* Cedo. 3. *To rise* (higher and higher), *rise upward.* Aĕrā per văcŭum ferri, atque assurgĕre ĭn auras. *V.* [? Surgo, consurgo, tollŏr, erĭgŏr, extollŏr, attollŏr; *sts.* emĭco, erumpo.] **Crol.** Me tollo, attollo, erĭgo, subjĭcio. 4. *To rise up, grow.* ∾ ĭn septem ulnas. ∾-unt turres. *V.* *See* Cresco. 5. *To rise* (as the sun, stars, &c.), *come forth.* *See* Orior. 6. Fig. *To rise in feeling, spirit, &c.* Gaudĕt ĭn adversis ănĭmoquĕ assurgĭt ˘Adrastŭs. *St.* ∾-unt iræ. *V.* Haud justis quĕrelis ∾-ĭs. *V.* *See* Ardeo.

Assŭs, ă, um. *Roasted, dry.* *H.*

Assȳrĭa, æ. *f.* *Assyria, a province of Asia, now Syria.* Eoique ˘Ārăbes, divĕs ĕt Assȳrĭā. *T.*

Assȳrĭŭs, ĭi. *m.* Assȳrĭi, orum. *pl.* 1. *Assyrian, an inhabitant of Assyria.* Assȳrĭa signatŭr ăcu. *Claud.* 2. Adj. *Of* or *pertaining to Assyria.* ∾ vĕnenum. *V.* ĕbŭr. *O.*

Ast (*before a vowel*) = At. *See* At. *But, and yet.* [? Atquĕ, autem.]

Astræa, æ. *f.* *Daughter of Jupiter and Themis, goddess of justice; and one of the signs of the Zodiac, known also as Virgo.* *C. D.* Ultĭmā cœlestum terras Astræā rĕlĭquĭt. *O.* Aut Astræā jŭbet lentos descendĕrĕ Pisces. *L.* [? Justitĭa, Virgo.]

Astræŭs, i. *m.* *One of the Titans, father of the winds; used adj. and epith. of the Titans.* Astræi turbant ĕt ĕunt in prœlĭā fratres. *O.*

Astrĭfĕr, *and* **Astrĭgĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum.** *Star-bearing;* sts. *bringing the stars.* ∾ axes. *St.* umbræ. *V.* [? Stellĭfĕr, cœlestis.]

Astrŏlŏgŭs, i. *m.* 1. *An astronomer.* *See* Astronomus. 2. *An astrologer.* Dixĕrāt astrŏlŏgus pĕrĭturum ĕt citŏ, Munnā. *M.* [? Conjectŏr, hārĭŏlŭs, vates, Chaldæŭs.] **Crol.** Astris fatĭdĭcis (præsagis) ămicŭs. Cui parent sidĕrā. Qui fatā hŏmĭnum āb astris suspendĭt. Arbĭtĕr quĭd Lunā (astrā, cŏmetes, &c.) secum fĕrāt (fĕrant). **Ep.** Fatĭdĭcŭs, præsagŭs, vanŭs, mendax.

Astrŏnŏmŭs, i. *m.* *An astronomer* (ἀστρονόμος). **Crol.** Astrorum pĕritŭs. ˘Olympi scĭens. Qui sidĕrā signāt. **Phr.** Astrŏnŏmŭs—sidĕrā (astrā, mundi lumĭnā) cœlo labentĭā (surgentĭā, rĭtĕ servatā, terris distantĭā) notāt (dicĭt, metitŭr, mĕmŏr rĕmetitŭr, ŏcŭlis admŏvĕt, despĭcĭt);—æthĕrā (aĕrĭas dŏmos, pŏlum rŏtundum) ingĕnio sŭo supponĭt (ănĭmo tentāt, percurrĭt);—in sūpĕras dŏmos scandĭt;—sidĕrĭbŭs vĭas novĭt;—stellarum ortus (ŏbĭtus, cursus, rĕcursus, fluxus, sĭtum, errores) comperĭt (dŏcĕt, solerti indagĭnĕ novĭt);—stellis nomĭnā ĕt nŭmĕros făcĭt;—novĭt, qua ŏrĭatŭr lunā, qua deflĭcĭāt, &c.

Astrum, i. *n.* 1. *Planet, star, constellation.* Cæsārĭs astrum. *V.* Averso Cănĭs occĭdĭt astro. *V.* [? Sidŭs, stellā.] **Crol.** Sidĕrĭs ignes. Fixā pŏlo flammā. Astrales flammæ. 2. Astra, orum. *n.* *pl.* *The stars* gen. [? Sidĕrā, stellæ, signā; *sts.* făces.] **Ep.** Æthĕrĭā, sublimĭā, altā, cœlestĭā; aurĕā, clarā, splendentĭā, nĭtĭdā, fulgentĭā, rādĭantĭā, rŭtĭlā, lucĭdā, flammēā, ignēā, ardentĭā; vāgā, trĕmŭlā, errantĭā; æternā, pĕrennĭā, inconcussā. **Crol.** Ignes æthĕrĭi, sidĕrēi, æthĕrĭs. Æthĕrĭæ, cœlĭvāgæ, noctĭvāgæ, cœlestes făces, flammæ. Astrorum ignes, lumĭnā. Signā noctĭs. Stellarum, signorum, astrorum chŏrŭs, agmĭnā. Signorum flammæ, ordo, flammēŭs ordo, flammæ vŏlantes, mĭnores. Mundi ŏcŭli. Pŏli stellata lumĭnā. Sparsā cœli lumĭnā. Vāgā lumĭnā mundi. Astrā, sidĕrā cœli, fixā pŏlo, sparsā pŏlo, fulgentĭā cœlo, noctĕ mĭcantĭā. Signĭfĕro cœlo labentĭā, fluentĭā. 3. Pl. *The sky.* Fertŭr ăd ∾ sŏnŭs. *O.* Turrim sŭb ∾ eductam. *V.* *See* Aer. Fig. 4. *The highest point of glory.* Et famam terminĕt ∾-is. *V.* 5. *To laud to the skies.* ˘In *or* ăd astrā tollo, fĕro, educo, evĕho. Nomĕn ĭn ∾ fĕrent. *V.* *See* Laudo. 6. *Heaven, immortality.* Sic itŭr ăd ∾. *V.* Quem virtus addĭdĭt ∾-is. *O.* [? Sidĕrā, cœlum, pŏlŭs, dĭi.] *See* Apotheosis.

Astŭr, ŭris. 1. *An Asturian; of Asturia, in Spain.* Quidquid fŏdĭt Astŭr ĭn arvis. *M.* 2. ∾ ĕquŭs. *A horse of Asturia, an ambling horse.* [? Astŭrĭcŭs, asturco.]

Astŭs, us. *m.* *Craft, trickery.* Astu decĭpĭendā fŭĭt. *O.* [? Dŏlŭs, ars, fraus, &c.] *See* Dolus.

, æ. *f. Craft, cunning.* (Astutus.) *See*
.

, ă, um. *Subtle, sly, cunning.* Astuta in-
n vulpes ĭmĭtatā lĕonem. *H.* [† Callĭ-
ilosŭs, văfĕr, &c.] *See* DOLOSUS.

ts, ĭs. *m.* (Ἀστυάγης.) *Astyages, king of*
des, grandfather of Cyrus.

AX, actĭs. *m. Astyanax, son of Andro-*
zad Hector. C. D. O mĭhĭ solā měi sŭpēr
nactis Imago! *V.* Astyănactā trăhebăt. *V.*
Iectŏrĕŭs pŭer. Prĭămi nēpos Hectŏrĕŭs.

, i. *n.* 1. *An asylum, place of refuge and*
more particularly that opened by Romu-
lus: there was also one at Athens. Hinc
ingentem, quem Romŭlŭs acēr āsylum
it. *V.* ˘Ab infāmi gentem deducĭs āsylo-
nam). *J.* 2. Fig. *Any means of protec-*
a protector. See PERFUGIUM.

But, however. Dixĭt; ăt illā fŭrens &c.
Ast, verum, sĕd, vero, ăt vero, ăt ĕnim,
tămēn, attămēn; *sts.* intĕrēa.] 2. *Yet*
. Si mortallĭ temnĭtĭs armā, ˘At speratē
. *V.* [† Saltem.] 3. *Now* (explanatory).
i fœdā cicatrix &c. *H.* [† Atqui, autem,
nimirum, scilicĕt, nempē.] 4. *Used at*
mencement of an address, to express strong
. ˘At, o dĕorum &c.—Quĭd istē fert tŭ-
? *H.* [† Vero.] *See* VERO. 5. *But, you*
form of objecting in argument). At non
a est, at non bĕnē cultā pŭellā. *O.* [† ˘At
6. *Used with* etiam, *to express indigna-*
At ētĭam restĭtas? *Ter.* ˘At ētĭam mălē-
Pl. See ETIAM.

.ŭs, i. *m. A wind so called, the same as*
Quos torrēt ˘Atabŭlŭs, et quos. *H.*

.ANTĂ, æ, *and* ˘ATĂLANTE, es. *f. Daugh-*
ameus, king of Arcadia, and wife of Me-
C. D. Arsĭt ět Œnides in Mænălĭa ˘Ată-
O. Mænălĭæ ˘Atălantes. *St.* [† Iāsĭs.]
rĕādĭā, Cālydonĭā, Cālydonĕā, Mĕlĕagrĭā,
ălĭ, Nonacrinā (virgo *or* venatrix).
hter of Schœneus, king of Scyros, cele-
for her speed in running. C. D. ˘Atălantes
ĭgnacĭs. *O.* [† Schœnĕis.] Crcl. Schœnĕlĭ
pŭellā.

, i. *Grandfather in the fourth degree;* pl.
rs in general. Evŏcăt antiquis prŏăvos
ĭnē sĕpulcris. *O. See* AVUS.

NĬUS. ă. um. 1. *Of Atella.* 2. ATELLANĂ,
æ. fabŭlā.) *An Atellan farce* or *interlude,*
e piece of a particular kind.

rā, atrum. 1. *Black.* Demittĭtŭr ătēr In
(calcŭlŭs). *O.* ∾ vellŭs; sanguĭs. *V.* tŏgā.
[† Nĭgĕr.] *See* N. 2. *Gloomy, dark.* ∾
; nox; spelunca. *V.* [† Nĭgĕr, nĭgrans,
ĭs, cæcŭs, plĕcŭs.] Fig. 3. *Horrible,*
ful. ∾-is hĭatĭbŭs hydrā. ∾ Ditĭs; cŏlŭ-
. piscĭs. *H.* [† Horrendŭs, fœdŭs, tur-
4. *Evil, grievous, hateful.* ∾ curā. *H.* fā-
X. [† Mŏlestŭs, tristĭs, incommŏdŭs.]
ul, calamitous. ∾ dĭes. *V.* [† Funestŭs,
, infaustŭs, tristĭs.] 6. *Wicked, cruel.* ∾
Cat. tĭgrĭs. *V.* [† Mălŭs, imprŏbŭs.] 7.
ăn ătēr. *An expression of indifference*
ĭs ăn ătēr sis, nil mihĭ"). [† Albŭs ăn
See ALBUS. 8. *Abusive, slanderous.*
ŭs oblĭnŏr atris &c. *H.* [† Mălignŭs,
.]

AS, antĭs. *m. Son of Æolus, husband of*
le, king of Thebes. C. D. Hinc ăgĭtur fŭ-
thămas ět Imaginē falsa. *O.* [† Æŏlĭdes.]
mens, demens, fŭrens, insanŭs, fĕrox, sæ-
rvŭs, fŭrĭbŭs ăgĭtatŭs.]

æ, arum. *f. pl. Athens.* Adjecerē bŏ-
alo plŭs artis ˘Athenæ. *H.* Ep. Pallă-
mĭdĭŏnæ, Cecrŏpĭæ, ˘Erechthea, *Thesea;*
antiquæ, vĕtĕres, doctæ, facundæ, claræ, nobĭles.
Stŭdĭis clarissimæ. Artĭbŭs illustres. Crcl. Pal-
lādĭs, Tritonĭdis arces. Urbs Mopsŏpĭā. Arces
Cecrŏpĭæ. Cecrŏpĭ portus. Cecrŏpĭs terrā. Mi-
nervæ (addictā) urbs. M. mœnĭā. Musarum urbs,
nutrix, dŏmŭs. Arces, quĭbus Pallās prælĭdĕt.
Arces armĭgĕræ Tritonĭdis. Græcorum glorĭā.

˘ATHENIENSIS, ĕ. *Athenian.* (˘Athenæ.) *See* AT-
TICI.

ATHLETĂ (*better than* ˘ATHLETĂ), *and* ˘ATHLE-
TES, æ. *St. m. An athlete, combatant in athletic*
games. Nunc athletarum studĭis, nunc arsit æquo-
rum. *H.* [† Pŭgĭl, luctatŏr, pălæstritā; *sts.* glă-
dĭatŏr.] Ep. Robustŭs, lăcertosŭs, nervosŭs,
pŏtens, audax, acēr, vălĭdŭs; unctŭs, lævis. *See*
PALÆSTRA.

˘ATHOS (*gen. dat. and abl.* ˘Atho, *acc.* ˘Athon *and*
˘Atho), *and* ˘ATHON, onis. *m. Lucil.* (Ἄθως.)
Mount Athos. C. D. Quantŭs ˘Athos, aut quan-
tŭs ˘Eryx. *V.* Aut ˘Athō (*shortened before the*
open diphthong), aut Rhŏdŏpen. *V.* Ep. Æmŏ-
nĭŭs, &c. *See* MONS.

ATLANTEŬS, *and* ˘ATLANTEŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *per-*
taining to Atlas, or *Mount Atlas; Atlantic.* Quis
tunc aut Hyādes, aut Pleiādās Atlanteas Senēs-
ĭāt? *O.* Gurgĭte ˘Atlanteo, pĕlāgi &c. *St. See*
ATLANTIACUS.

ATLANTĬĂCŬS, *or* ˘ATLANTĬĂCŬS, *and* ATLAN-
TĬCŬS, ˘ATLANTĬCŬS, ă, um. *Atlantic.* Quallis
˘Atlantĭăco mĕmŏratur littŏrĕ quondam. *Sil.*
Pāras Atlantĭcā regnā? *Sil.* Æquŏr ˘Atlantĭ-
cum. *H.* [† ˘Atlanteŭs.]

˘ATLANTĬADES, æ. *m. Son or descendant of Atlas;*
Mercury. Venĭt ˘Atlantĭādes pŏsĭtis caducĭfĕr
alis. *O.* [† ˘Atlantĭgĕnā.] *See* MERCURIUS.

˘ATLANTĬĂS, adis. *f. Of* or *pertaining to Atlas.*
Sil. [† ˘Atlantis.]

˘ATLANTĬGĒNĂ, æ. *m. f. Offspring of Atlas. See*
ATLANTIADES.

˘ATLANTĬS, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Of* or *pertaining to Mount*
Atlas. Sectos Atlantĭdē silvā. *L.* 2. *Daughter*
of Atlas. Atlantĭdōs arvā Cālypsūs. *Pp.* [† ˘At-
lantĭās, ˘Atlantĭgĕnā.] 3. ˘ATLANTĬDES, um.
f. pl. Daughters of Atlas and Pleione, the Hya-
des and Pleiades. See HYADES, PLEIADES.

ATLAS, *and* ˘ATLAS, antis. *m. Atlas, king of Mau-*
ritania, said to bear the heavens on his shoulders.
Mount Atlas, in Africa. C. D. Atlantis duri,
cœlum qui vertĭcĕ fulcĭt. *V.* Tempŭs, ˘Atla, vĕ-
nĭet &c. *O.* Ep. Lĭbycŭs, Lĭbys, Maurŭs, Mau-
rusĭŭs, Afrĭcŭs, ˘Eoŭs, durŭs, altŭs, ardŭŭs, sub-
limis, astrĭfĕr, nubĭfĕr, cœlĭfĕr, ˘Olympo hŭmĕ-
ros ŏnĕratŭs, gĕlĭdŭs, prŭinosŭs. Crcl. Mons
Lĭbys. Phr. Atlas æthĕrĕum axem (æthĕrĕos
orbes, dŏmos sŭpernas, sŭpĕrum cœlum, c. stellis
aptum) hŭmĕro torquĕt (h. sustĭnĕt, cervicē *or*
cervicĭbŭs fert, lăborāt ferrē, subducto vertĭcē
excĭpĭt).

˘ATŌMI, orum. *f. pl. Atoms, elementary molecules*
(particles) *of the body.* Parvarum sĕrie constant
connexa ătōmorum. *Aus.* [† Corpuscŭlā, pri-
mordĭā.] Ep. Lĕves, tĕnŭes, vŏlĭtantes. Crcl.
Nulli sĕcabilĭ segmĕn.

ATQUĔ. *conj.* 1. *And.* Atque hŭmĭles hăbĭtarē cā-
sas, et figĕrē cervos. *V.* [† ˘Et, quĕ, &c.] *See* ET.
2. *Straightway, instantly* (introducing something
instantly consequent upon another). Si brachĭā
fortē rĕmisĭt, Atque (*instantly*) illum in præceps
prono rāpĭt alvĕŭs amni. *V.* Atque atque accedit
muros Romanā jŭventus. *Enn.* (*one close after*
the other.) *See* PROTINUS. 3. *Yet, but yet.* Prŏpē-
ra: atque audin'? *Ter.* [† Atqui, porro, autem.]
4. *However, yet, nevertheless.* Atque ălĭquis dĭ-
cāt. *Ter.* [† ˘At, ăt ĕnim.] 5. *Yes, certainly*
("yes" being elliptic). Tu me vidistĭ? Atque
his ŏcŭlis quĭdem ("*Yes, and with these eyes.*")

Pl. 6. *Than* (after a comparat. and *alius, aliter*, &c.) Arctĭŭs atquĕ hĕdĕra procera astringĭtŭr ilex. *H.* ˘Allĭorsum atque ĕgo feci. *Ter.* [† ˘Ac, quam.] 7. *As* (*after* idem). Morbis ægrescĭmŭs isdem Atque illi. *Lr.* [† ˘Ac.] 8. Sts. *Just as, as.* (˘Amicŭs) atque ipsŭs sum mĭhĭ. *Pl.* [† ˘Ut, sicŭt.]

ATQUI. *conj. And yet, however.* Quid statis? nolint: atqui lĭcĕt essĕ bĕatis. *H.* [† Porro, autem, ăt, atquĕ, verum, sĕd, sĕdĕnim.]

ATRĂCĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to the river Atrax, in Thessaly.* Atrăclis considăt In orlis. *Pp.* ∾-æ sŭbĭtæ de virgĭnĕ pugnæ. *V. Fl.* 2. *Magic* (adj.). ∾ ars. *St.* vĕnenum. *V. Fl.* *See* THESSALUS.

ATRAMENTUM, i. *n.* (Atratŭs.) 1. *A black liquid; black* (subst.). *H.* 2. *Ink.* *See* SEPIA.

ATRATŬS, ă, um. Sollis ĕt atratis luxĕrĭt orbĭs ĕquis. *Pp.* 1. *That which has become black, gloomy.* *See* ATER. 2. *Dressed in mourning.* [† Pullatŭs, atĕr.] Crol. Atra (nĭgra, pulla) vestĕ (tŏga, pullo velamĭne) indutŭs, sordĭdŭs. Lugŭbrĭă indutŭs. Lugŭbrĭă sumens; luctŭs lugŭbrĭă servans.

˘ATREUS, *and* ATREUS, *gen.* ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m.* *Atreus, son of Pelops, king of Mycenæ.* *C. D.* Aut humanâ pălam cŏquăt extă nĕfarĭŭs Atreus. *H.* [† Tantălĭdes.] Ep. Barbărŭs, ătrox, sævus, crudelis, crŭentŭs, perfĭdŭs, fŭrĭalis, impĭŭs.] Crol. Pĕlŏpeŭs heros. Phr. Mensæ fŭrĭales ˘Atrei. Mensæ Thyestæ. Viscĕră Thyestĕis mensis cŭmŭlată.

˘ATREUS, ă, um. (˘Ατρειος.) *Of* or *pertaining to Atreus.* *St.*

ATRĬCŎLŎR, orĭs. *Black* or *dark-coloured.* Plumĕŭs, atrĭcŏlor, pullo velamĭnĕ tectŭs. *O.* *See* NIGER.

˘ATRIDĂ, *and* ˘ATRIDES, æ, *voc.* dă. *m.* 1. *Son of Atreus;* gen. *Agamemnon*, sta. *Menelaus.* Non ĭtă Dardănĭo gavisŭs ˘Atridă trĭumpho est. *Pp.* Instrŭĕre Atriden num pŏtĕs artĕ mĕa? *H.* *See* AGAMEMNON. 2. ∾ mĭnŏr. *Menelaus.* Non mĭnŏr Atrides, non bello majŏr ĕt ævo. *O.* *See* MENELAUS. 3. Pl. *The two Atridæ, Agamemnon and Menelaus.* Magno mercentŭr ˘Atridæ. *V.*

ATRĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Hall, entrance-hall;* hence, *piazza of the court of entrance.* Sublimĕ ritu mollĭăr atrĭum. *H.* ∾-ă longă pătescunt. *V.* [† Limĕn; *sts.* vestĭbŭlum, portĭcŭs.] Ep. Noblĭĕ, magnĭfĭcum, marmŏrĕum, ceris ornatum, sŭperbum, sublimĕ, altum, amplum, longum, spăt̆ĭosum. *See* PORTICUS. 2. Hence, *House.* *O.* Nec căpĭent nostras atrĭă nostrâ nŭrus. *O.* *See* DOMUS. 3. Atrĭă cœli. *St.* *See* CŒLUM.

˘ATROCĬTAS, atĭs. *f.* *Inhumanity, cruelty.* ˘Atrocĭtati mansuetudo est rĕmĕdĭum. *Ph.* *See* DURITIA.

ATRŎPŎS, i *obs.*, o, ŏn. *f.* *Atropos, one of the three Fates.* *C. D.* Atrŏpŏs et Lăchĕsis jungebant stamĭnă dictis. *Cl.* Phr. Atrŏpŏs annos mănu scindĭt, *or* stamĭnă ci non differt; ună de trĭbŭs sempĕr sĕcăt.

˘ATROX, *oftener than* ATROX, ocis. *Raw*, obs. ∾-ĭă extă. *Nav.* *See* CRUDUS. 2. *Cruel, inhuman; terrible.* Ecce Inĭmĭcŭs ătrox &c. *V.* ∾ Gradivŭs. *Sil.* Tydides. *H.* lux. *Sil.* dextra Annĭbăl. *St.* făcĭnŭs. *Sen.* [† Crudelis, sævŭs, dirŭs, barbărŭs, immitis, fĕrŭs.] *See* SÆVUS. 3. *Excessive of its kind.* ∾ horă Cănĭcŭlæ. *H.* ŏdĭum. *O.* luctŭs. *St.* [† Vĭŏlentŭs, acĕr.] 4. *Immovable, unconquerable.* Prætĕr ∾-em ănĭmum Cătonĭs. *H.* ∾ fĭdes. *St.* virtus. *Sil.* [† Firmŭs.]

ATTACTŬS, us. *m.* *Touch, contact* (used in the abl. only). *O. V.*

ATTĂGEN, enĭs. *m.* *H. and* ATTĂGENĂ, æ. *f.* *M.* (ἀττάγην.) *Wood-hen, kind of pheasant.*

ATTĂLĬCŬS, ă, um. (Attălŭs.) *Of* or *belonging to Attalus.* *See* A.

ATTĂLŬS, i. *m.* *Attalus, king of Pergamus, famous for his riches.* *C. D.* Nĕc Attăli Ignotŭs heres regĭam occŭpavi. *H.* Ep. ˘Opŭlentŭs, divĕs, pŏtens.]

ATTĂMĔN. *conj.* *Yet, nevertheless.* Nil bĕnĕ quum făcĭas, făcĭs attămĕn omnĭă belle. *M.* [† Tămĕn, ăt.] *See* TAMEN.

ATTENDO, ĭs, i, tum. 1. *To stretch, stretch towards;* hence, fig. (with or without *aures, animus*, in acc. or abl.), tr. *and* intr. *To give attention to any thing, to be attentive, to listen.* Nostris ănĭmos attendĕrĕ dictis. *Luc.* Quĭd pĕtam æquo ănĭmo attendĭtĕ. *Ter.* Nullo dŏcorum attendentĭ (votis). *Sil.* [† Adverto, audĭo, auscultę; attentŭs, arrectŭs sum.] Crol. ˘Anĭmum, mentem adverto, ădhĭbĕo, attendo, admŏvĕo, applĭco, commŏdo, adjĭcĭo, erĭgo. Dictis, vocĭbŭs,—aures accommŏdo, applĭco, præbĕo. Dictă ănĭmis figo, defigo. D. auribŭs, ănĭmo căpĭo. Verbă auribŭs atquĕ ănĭmo accĭpĭo, bĭbo. *See* AUDIO. 2. *To think of, pretend to.* [† Contendo, cogĭto.]

ATTENTE. *adv.* *Attentively.* *Ter.* [† Sedŭlo.] *See* ATTENTUS.

ATTENTO, as. 1. *To touch, to lay hand upon.* Attentarĕ dăpes &c. *Sil.* [† Tango, sumo.] Fig. 2. *To affect, try.* Ægrĭtudo mentem ∾-ăt. *Pacuv.* ∾ qm supplĭcĕ dexĭra. *V. Fl.* vĭas vŏlŭcrum. *Sil.* [† Tento, exploro.] 3. *To attack.* *H.* [† Aggrĕdĭŏr, ădŏrĭŏr, impĕto.]

ATTENTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* ATTENDO. 1. *Attentive.* ∾ auris. *H.* ănĭmŭs ĭn spe atquĕ In timore. *Ter.* [† Intentŭs, arrectŭs.] Crol. Attento (arrecto) ănĭmo (mentĭ) sĭlĕna, hærent. Phr. Defixŭs ĭn obtutu uno (*or* obtutu intentŭs) perstăt. Rem subtili cura perspĭcĭt. 2. *Engrossed in gain, and given up to it; niggardly.* Parcŭs ĕt ∾ quæsitis. *H.* Durŭs nĭmĭs ∾-quĕ. *H.* [† Aspĕr, parcŭs.] *See* AVARUS.

ATTĔNŬO, as. 1. *To thin, reduce by cutting.* Non falx attĕnŭat frondatorum arbŏrĭs umbram. *Cat.* 2. *To reduce, waste* tr., *make thin.* ∾ jŭvĕnum corpŏrĕ. *O.* [† Consumo, exĕdo, pĕrĕdo.] 3. *To weaken, diminish.* ∾ ŏpes; curas; luctus. *O.* [† Mĭnŭo, immĭnŭo.] 4. *To humble, abase.* Insignem ∾-ăt Dĕŭs. *H.* [† Prĕmo, deprĭmo, ellĕvo.] *See* ATTENUOR.

ATTĔNŬŎR. *pass.* 1. *To be wasted, worn away.* [† Tĕrŏr, attĕrŏr.] 2. *To waste away* (in flesh). ∾-atŭs ămorĕ liquĭtŭr. *O.* [† Consumŏr, exĕdŏr, macĕrŏr, tabesco.] 3. *To be weakened, diminished.* ∾-atŭs ămŏr. *O.* [† Mĭnŭŏr, decresco.] *See* ATTENUO.

ATTĔRO, ĭs, trivi, tĕrŭi, *Tib.* (*anc. perf.*), tritum. 1. *To rub against.* Lenĭtĕr attĕrens Caudam (Cerbĕrŭs). *H.* [† Tĕro, adfrĭco.] 2. *To wear away by rubbing.* ∾-It hastă mănus. *Pp.* 3. *To tread down, trample on.* ∾ surgentes herbas. *V.* [† Tĕro, calco.] *See* CALCO.

ATTESTŎR, arĭs. *To call to witness; to bear witness.* ∾ Dĕos. *Aus.* Hoc ∾-atŭr brĕvĭs Æsopi fabŭlă. *Ph.* *See* TESTOR.

ATTHĬS, ĭdĭs. *f.* 1. *An Athenian woman.* Atthĭdĕs, essĕ sŭam. *M.* [† Attĭcă.] 2. ∾ terrâ (*or alone*). *Attica.* Non ŏcŭlis grata est Atthĭs, ŭt antĕ, mĕis. *O.* [† Attĭcă.] 3. *Philomela, the nightingale.* *C. D.* *See* PHILOMELA. 4. *Procne, the swallow.* *C. D.* *See* PROCNE. 5. *m.* *See* ATTYS.

ATTĬCĂ, æ. *f.* *Attica, a province of Greece, whose capital was Athens.* (Attĭcŭs.) [† Atthĭs, Acte, Cecrŏpĭă.] Crol. Attĭcă *or* Atthĭs terrâ. Cecrŏpĭi fines. *See* ATTICI, ATHENÆ.

ATTĬCI, orum. *m. pl.* *The inhabitants of Attica,*

ms. [¶ ˘Athenĭenses, Cĕrŏpĭdæ, ˘Erech-
˘Erecthei, Theseidæ. Crel. Gens Attĭcă.
s ˘Erichthŏnĭdæ, Cecrŏpĭdæ.
, ă, um. 1. *Attic, of Athens* (adj.); hence,
ms. Mellĕ quŏd in ceris Attĭcă ponĭt ăpĭs.
Actæŭs, Cecrŏpĭdæ, ˘Erectheŭs, Theseŭs.]
TICI, ATTHIS. 2. *Greek* (generally). ~
Aus. See GRÆCUS. 3. Fig. *Exquisite,*
, *refined.* ~-o lĕpŏrĕ; ~-is aurĭbŭs. *M.*
, es. 1. *To hold, retain.* [¶ Tĕnĕo, detĭ-
s. mŏrŏr.] 2. ATTINĔT. *unip. It con-*
ns to do with, belongs to. Quĭd pœnam
ĭrĕ attĭnĕt. *O.* [¶ Pertĭnĕt, spectăt, tan-
ert, intĕrest.]
, ĭs, tĭgi, tactum. 1. *To touch.* Nec gra-
attĭgĭt herbam. *V.* [¶ Tango, contingo.]
~ qm dŏlorĕ. *O.* rem verbis. *Pl.* gau-
s. 3. *To reach, to arrive at.* Arces attĭ-
ĭas. *H.* Vox aures attĭgĭt. *V. Fl.* [¶ As-
, accedo, pervĕnĭo (ăd).] 4. ~ ăd. *To*
to have to do with. See ATTINEO.
er ACCIŬS, ĭi. *m. L. Attius, a celebrated*
poet of Rome. Aufert Pacŭvĭus docti fa-
ĭnĭs, Attĭŭs alti. *H.*
, ĭs. 1. *To raise, lift up.* ~ glŏbos flam-
; arcem tectis. *V.* ŏcŭlos hŭmo. *O.* lu-
mlo. *Sil.* [¶ Tollo, erĭgo.] *See* ERIGO.
~ iras; ănĭmos. *V.* vires. *Pp.* sŏclos vo-
[¶ Erĭgo.]
ĭs, *and* ATTOLLO ME. *pass. To be raised*
stand upright; to raise oneself up, rise up.
ecto trunco. *O.* se contra. *V.* [¶ Tollŏr,
ĭs, erĭgŏr, surgo, exsurgo, existo, exsto.]
ĭo, es, di, sum. 1. *To cut hair, shear. Pl.*
NDEO. 2. *To cut short, prune, lop.* Vi-
. *V. See* PUTO. 3. *To crop in feeding.*
virgultă căpellæ. *V.* [¶ Tondĕo, carpo,
]
rŭs, ă, um. *part. See* ATTONO. 1. *Amazed,*
ted; struck with alarm. Talĭbŭs attŏnĭtus
e. *V.* [¶ Stŭpĕfactŭs, perculsŭs, terrĭtŭs,
tŭs, pāvens, trĕmens.] *See* STUPEFACTUS,
TUS. 2. *Filled with wild religious feel-*
rantic. ~-æ Baccho matres. *V.* ~ vates.
ms.]
, as, ăi, ĭtum. *To stun, strike with amaze-*
terrify. Quis fŭrŏr &c. vestras Attŏnŭĭt
? *O.* [¶ Percello, perturbo, terrĕo.]
o, ĭs, axi, actum. 1. *To draw to one.* At-
illĕ pŭer contentos fortĭŭs arcus. *O.* [¶
, duco, adduco.] 2. *To attract, allure,*
discĭpŭlos. Causă ~-It. *V.* [¶ Allicio,
]
ro, as. *To touch.* [¶ Contrecto, tango,
palpo.]
o, ĭs. *To tremble at* or *before. See* TREMO.
ĭo, ĭs, i, utum. *To attribute, assign, give*
particular. Atquĕ ălĭă attrĭbŭi, mutari-
ĭlĭnĕ quædam. *Lr.* [¶ Trĭbŭo, assigno, do,
, addico.]
ĭs, ă, um. *part. See* ATTERO. 1. *Rubbed,*
rubbing. Sulco attritus splendescĕrĕ vo-
. [¶ Tritŭs, detrĭtŭs, attĕnŭatŭs.] Fig.
down, ruined. ~ mentes; ŏpes ~-ă
ĭ). *Sil.* [¶ Fractŭs.] 3. ~ frons; no-
The frons *or* nomĕn *that has lost its early*
ter, &c.; hence, *a shameless face; an al-*
corrupted name (as Sulmo, *e.g.* from So-
). Ejectum sĕmĕl attrita de frontĕ rŭbo-
. Attrito nomĭnĕ Sulmo. *Sil.*
ĭs, us. *m. A rubbing. St.*
or ATŬS, ŏs. ATTIS, ĭdis, *and* ATTIN,
. *Atys, a boy of Phrygia, changed into a*
. *C. D.* Dequĕ vīro fias, nec vir nec fœ-
it Atys. *O.* Bĭrĕcynthĭŭs Attin. *Pers.*
ĭbĭlĭŭs, Bĭrĕcynthĭŭs, Bĭrĕcynthĭĭcŭs,
Phryx; tĕnĕr, mollĭs, formosŭs; fŭcĭe spectabĭ-
lis. Crel. Pŭĕr Sangărĭŭs, Phryx.

AUCEPS, cŭpis. *m. A bird-catcher.* Non ăvis aucŭ-
pĭbus monstrat qua partĕ pĕtatŭr. *O.* Ep. Vĭgĭl,
callĭdŭs, dŏlosŭs, fallax.] *See* AUCUPOR.

AUCTIO, onis. *f. Sale by auction. J. M.*

AUCTO, as. *freq. of* Augeo. *Lr. Cat. See* AUGEO.

AUCTŎR, oris. *m.* 1. *He who produces, creates, causes.* Auctorem frugum tempestatumquĕ pŏtentem. *V.* 2. *Founder.* ~ Trojæ; urbis. *V.* templi. *O. See* CONDITOR. 3. *The first of a race.* Gĕnĕris nec Dardănŭs ~. *V.* [¶ Princeps, căpŭt.] 4. *Inventor.* Obsunt ~-ĭbŭs artes. *O.* [¶ Inventŏr, rĕpertŏr.] 5. *Cause.* ~ vulnĕris; funĕris nato. *O. See* CAUSA. 6. *Author, writer.* ~ carmĭnis; Æneĭdŏs. *O. See* SCRIPTOR. 7. *One who announces any thing.* ~ plŭvĭæ (gracŭlŭs). *O.* Certĭŏr ~ Æneas. *V. See* NUNTIUS. 8. *Authority, leading example, warrant.* Jupĭtĕr ~ spondĕăt. *V.* Certŭs ~ ăbest. *M.* Hăbes ~-em, quo (*i.e.* cujŭs exemplo) hoc făcĭas. *H.* 9. *One who advises, recommends any thing.*

AUCTORATŬS, ă, um. *part. of* Auctoro. 1. *Hired on wages, under bond to a service.* Auctoratŭs ĕas, an turpi clausŭs ĭn arca. *H.* 2. *Pledged, bound,* gen. [¶ Addictŭs, obnoxĭŭs.]

AUCTORITAS, ătis. *f.* 1. *Authority, warrant.* Quod si exquiratŭr usque ab stirpe auctorĭtas. *Pl.* [¶ Fĭdes, pondĕrĕ (mĕă, tŭă).] 2. *Authority, commanding example,* or *advice. See* AUCTOR (8, 9).

AUCTŬS, ă, um. *part. of* Augeo. 1. *Increased, grown in bulk* or *height.* ~ nimbis hĭĕmalĭbŭs; mŏra (flammă). *O.* [¶ Amplĭfĭcatŭs, majŏr.] 2. *Endowed, provided with.* ~ sensĭbŭs. *Lr. Cat.* virĭbŭs. *Lr.* [¶ Prædĭtŭs, instructŭs.] 3. *Increased* (in honour), *dignified.* ~ amplis hŏnorĭbŭs. *H.* urbs templis. *O.* [¶ Ornatŭs, cŭmŭlatŭs.] *See* AUGEO.

AUCTŬS, us. *m. Increase, growth.* Distenti corpŏrĭs auctum. *L.* [¶ Augmentum, incrementum.]

AUCŬPIUM, ĭi. *n. Bird-catching.* Faunus plumoso sum dĕŭs aucŭpĭo. *Pp.* Ep. Dŏlosum, fallax. Crel. Ars aucŭpĭs *M.* Hinc aucŭpabor verbă rumorĭs vāgi. *Sen.*

AUCŬPŎR, aris. (Aucŭpo, *vet.*) 1. *To catch birds.* Crel. Aucŭpĭum ăgo, păro, tendo. ˘Aves, vŏlŭcres capto, decĭpĭo, fallo; a. căllămo (lăquĕo, lino, pĕdĭcis, visco, v. sĕquace, viscata *or* mĕdĭcata virga), căpĭo, capto, decĭpĭo, fallo. ˘Avĭbŭs retĭă (lăquĕos, pĕdĭcas, artes dŏlosas, insĭdĭas) tendo, pono, mollŏr. Phr. Aucepa,—alĭtes (vŏlŭcres, prædam, &c.) lino (căllămis, lăquĕo, dŏlis, artĭbŭs dŏlosis) capĭt (captăt, deprendĭt); *or,* lĕpŏrem (grŭem &c.) lăquĕo advĕnam capĭt &c.; *or,* lăquĕos callĭdŭs prætendĭt;—retĭă (rarĕ r.) ămĭtĕ tendĭt;—vimĭnă lento visco illĭnĭt:—insĭdĭas alĭĭquis aut dŏloso farrĕ spargĭt. 2. Fig. *To catch at, be on the wait for.* ~ verbă rumoris. *Sen.* [¶ Venŏr, capto, quæro, circumspĭcĭo.]

AUDACIĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Audacity, boldness, confidence.* Quod si defĭcĭant vires, audacĭă certe. Laus ĕrĭt. *Pp.* Præceps ~ crevĭt. *Cl.* [¶ Fiducĭă, virtus.] Ep. Præsens, fidens, accensă, ardens, impăvĭdă, mascŭlă; incaută, tĕmĕrarĭă, sĕcurĕ, præceps, cæcă, insană, demens, effĕrĕ. Crel. Audaces, ingentes ănĭmi. ˘Anĭmi ardŏr. Virtus accensă. *See* FORTITUDO. 3. *Impudence. Ter. See* IMPUDENTIA.

AUDACTĔR. *Boldly. O.* [¶ Fortĭtĕr, fidentĕr.] Crel. Audaci, fidenti ănĭmo. Pŏsĭto, depŏsĭto mĕtu.

AUDAX, acis. 1. *Bold, daring.* [¶ Audens, fidens, fortis, acĕr, ănĭmosŭs, interrĭtŭs, impăvĭdŭs. Crel. ˘Anĭmi audax, fidens. ˘Anĭmis audax. Audax omnĭă pătĭ,—cunctă perpĕtĭ. Mĕtŭs, tĭmorĭs nescĭus, expers; tĭmorĕ nescĭus. Mĕtu, tĭmo-

rĕ cārens. *See* FORTIS. **2.** *Haughty.* Audacĭă saxă Pyrĕnīdum. *St.* [† Sŭperbŭs, sublimis.] **3.** *Impudent, audacious. See* IMPUDENS.

AUDENS, ĭtis. *Bold, daring. V. See* AUDAX.

AUDENTĔR. *Boldly. V. Fl. See* AUDACTER.

AUDĬO, es, ausŭs sum. **1.** *To dare, to have the audacity.* Tantas audetis tollĕrĕ moles. *V.* [† Fido, confido, sustĭnĕo.] **Crel.** Non dŭbĭto, timĕo, rĕlŭgĭo, mĕtŭo. **2.** *To dare, to undertake.* Majorăquĕ virĭbŭs audent. *V.* [† Tento, aggrĕdĭŏr, ăddĭrĭŏr.] *See* AUSUS.

AUDIBAM. *sync. for* Audiebam. Et tămĕn audibam, quodquĕ vĕrebăr, ĕrăt. *O.*

AUDĬO, is. **1.** *To hear.* [† Exaudĭo, accĭpĭo, percĭpĭo, sentĭo.] **Crel.** Aurĭbŭs haurĭo, percĭpĭo. Aurĕ concĭpĭo. Sŏnŭs, sŏnĭtŭs, vox aures accĭdĭt, pellĭt, impellĭt, verbĕrăt, concŭtĭt, fĕrĭt, tangĭt; ăd aures (cāvas ăd a.) pĕnĕtrăt, fertŭr, ădest, ădessĕ vĭdetŭr. **2.** *To hear say, learn by report.* [† Accĭpĭo.] **Phr.** Rerum famă (nomĕn, vox)—aures (humanas, vulgi, nostras, &c.) occŭpăt (contingĭt, căpĭt); *or,* pĕr aures ĭt, ăd aures vĕnĭt. **3.** *To listen, give heed.* [† Ausculto, percĭpĭo, adverto, haurĭo.] **Crel.** Vocĭbŭs, verbis, dictis aurem, aures præbĕo, præsto, do, applĭco, accommŏdo. Dictis mentem adjĭcĭo, adverto. Arrectis (suspensis) aurĭbŭs adsto. Sŏnĭtum (vocem, verbă) ănĭmo (pectŏrĕ, aurĭbŭs) haurĭo (capto, accĭpĭo, percĭpĭo, concĭpĭo); *or,* (*of very eager listening*) sŏnĭtum, vocem, &c. bĭbo (adbĭbo); *or,* suspensis (bĭbŭlis) aurĭbŭs haurĭo, capto, &c. **Phr.** (*Of one catching a sound from a distance.*) Aurĭbŭs explorăt ventos; *or,* aërĭ captăt. (*Listening to one speaking.*) ˘Ab orĕ lŏquentĭs, narrantĭs, pendĕt. *See* ATTENDO. **4.** *To listen favourably; to grant when asked.* [† Accĭpĭo, exaudĭo.] **Crel.** Non dura aurĕ accĭpĭo. In făcĭles, bĕnignas aures demitto. Pronas aures accommŏdo. *See* PRECES. **5.** *To be called, to be spoken of as* (to hear oneself so spoken of). Subtilis rerum judex et callĭdŭs audis. *H.* [† Dicŏr, vŏcŏr, hăbĕŏr.] **6.** *With* bĕnĕ, *and* mălĕ. (*To hear oneself* =) *to be well* or *ill spoken of.* **7.** *To obey.* Nĕque ~-It currŭs hăbenas. *V.* [† Parĕo.]

AUDITŎR, orĭs. *m. Hearer, learner. H. See* DISCIPULUS.

AUDITŬS, us. *m. The hearing. Aus. See* AURIS.

AUFĔRO, ers, abstŭli, ablatum. **1.** *To carry off, take away, remove.* Aufĕrăt hic aurum, pĕrĕgrinos illĕ cŏlores. *O.* [† Tollo, răpĭo, abrĭpĭo, erĭpĭo, abstrăho, subduco, demo, ădĭmo, rĕmŏvĕo, amŏvĕo, ăbĭgo, pello, depello, averto.] **Crel.** Mecum fĕro. **2.** *To take off, kill.* Hunc nĕquĕ dirā vĕnenā, nĕc hostĭcŭs aufĕrĕt ensĭs. *H.* [† Tollo.] **3.** *To take off, cut off.* Căpŭt abstŭlĭt ensĭs. *V.* [† Ampŭto, abscido, cædo.] **4.** *To carry off, gain, obtain.* ~ famam. *H.* [† Consequŏr, obtĭnĕo, assĕquŏr, fĕro.] **5.** *To cease, have done with* (to away with). Aufertĕ mĕtus. *V.* [† Tollo, ŏmitto, mitto, linquo, pono, abjĭcĭo.] *See* DESINO.

AUFĔRŎR, *and* AUFĔRO ME. *To be carried off, away, to take oneself away. V. See* ABEO, RECEDO.

AUFĬDŬS, i. *m. A river of Apulia.* Obstrĕpĭt Aufĭdŭs. *H.*

AUFŬGĬO, ĭs, fugi. **1.** *To fly, fly away, escape.* intr. (Fŭgĭo.) [† Fŭgĭo, prŏfŭgĭo.] **2.** *With acc. but dbf.* Quisquĭs ĕs, assĭdŭas aufugĕ blandĭtĭas. *Pp.* (*others,* effŭgĕ.)

AUGĔO, es, auxi, auctum. **1.** *To augment, increase.* ˘Anĭmos pătĕr agnĭtŭs augĕt. *O.* [† ˘Adaugĕo, exaugĕo, extendo, amplĭfĭco, addo; *sts.* intendo.] **2.** *To strengthen, develop, expand. Lr. See* ROBORO. **3.** *To load* (sp. altars with offerings), *enrich.* ~ Cĕrĕălĕ sŏlum pomis. *V.* aram. *Pl.*

[† Cŭmŭlo, strŭo.] **4.** *To adorn; to make better* or *greater in any way.* ~ gĕnus sŭum virtutĕ. *O.* Di me adjŭvant, augent, ămant. *Pl. See* ORNO, AUCTUS.

AUGĔŎR. *pass. To be increased. See* AUGESCO.

AUGESCO, ĭs. *To be increased, to grow, to increase.* intr. [† Augĕŏr, ădaugĕŏr, ădaugesco, ădŏlĕsco, amplĭfĭcŏr, cresco.] **Crel.** Majŏr fio. Augmĭnă, augmentă sumo.

AUGIAS, *or* AUGEAS, æ. *m.* (Augei, *gen. from obs.* Augeus.) *A king of Elis, killed by Hercules. C. D.* Turpĭs Augiæ lăbŏr. *Sen.* Augeæ stăbŭlum. *Anthol.*

AUGMĔN, ĭnĭs, *and* AUGMENTUM, i. *n. Increase, addition*; i. e. *the amount additional.* Augmĭnă sumunt. *Lr.* ~-ĕ donarĕ. *Lr.* Cessant ~-ă trĭbuti; ŏdĭis mĭnistrarĕ. *Cl.* (*Lucr. uses* augmen, *later writers* augmentum.) [† Incrementum, auctŭs.]

AUGŬR, ŭrĭs. *m.* **1.** *An augur, one who predicts future events by the feeding, singing,* or *flying of birds;* gen. *a diviner.* Augŭrĭbus Phœbus, Phœbe venantĭbŭs adsĭt. *O.* [† Vates, hăruspex, auspex. **Ep.** Săcĕr, pĕritus, provĭdus, fatĭdĭcus, præsciŭs, prænuntĭŭs, præsagŭs, verŭs, obscurŭs, incertŭs, vanŭs. **Crel.** Interprĕs divum. Veri provĭdŭs. Doctŭs vŏlŭcres servarĕ. Omĭnă doctŭs ăërĭs, *or* præpĕtĭs pennæ. Nulla deceptŭs ăb allĭtĕ. Qui vŏlŭcrum linguas sentĭt. Qui scĭt bĕnĕ quĭd fati (prænuntĭă, provĭdă) ăvĭs cantĕt. Qui ventură (prŏcŭl eventurŭ) vĭdĕt. **2.** *Any one who reveals the future.* ~ ˘Apollo. *V.* [† Præsagŭs, divinŭs, vates.] **3.** *An interpreter, counsellor.* Nocturnæ ĭmaginĭs ~. Pessĭmŭs ~ tĭmŏr. *St.*

AUGŬRĬUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *The science of augury*; i. e. *divination by the singing, flying, and feeding of birds; divination in general.* Nĭ frustra augŭrĭum vani dŏcŭĕrĕ pārentes. *V.* [† Auspĭcĭum, præsagĭă. Fĭdes ăvĭum.] **Ep.** Fatĭdĭcum, anceps, dŭbĭum, incertum, ambĭgŭum. Inanĕ, vanum. **Crel.** Ars præsciă. Conjectura futuri. Mens præsagă vatum. Omĕn præpĕtĭs pennæ. Linguă servatæ ăvĭs; pennă s. a. Præsciă linguă. **2.** *Sign, direction,* &c. *given by augury.* Dărĕ ~. *V.* Lætĭ ~-o. *O.* [† Auspĭcĭum, omĕn, signum, monstrum, præsagĭă, oraculă; *sts.* ăvĭs, alĕs. **Crel.** ˘Avĭs aërĭæ (devĭæ) vox, admŏnĭtŭs, carmĕn (mœstum, lætum c.). **Ep.** Lætum, felix, bŏnum; infelix, tristĕ. *See* OMEN. **3.** *Presage, presentiment. V.* [† Omĕn, præsagĭă, conjectură.]

AUGŬRO, as, *and* AUGŬRŎR, arĭs. *To augur, divine, guess.* Et rĕŏr, et, si quid veri mens augŭrăt, opto. *V.* Augŭrŏr essĕ dĕos. *O.* [† Prævĭdĕo, præsentĭo, præsagĭo, divino, conjĭcĭo, omĭnŏr; *sts.* ăves consŭlo.]

AUGUSTŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Holy, venerable, august.* ~-ă ăd mœnĭă regĭs. *V.* Tectum ~ ingens. *V.* ~-ĭŭs aris (saxum). *L.* [† Săcĕr, sanctŭs, vĕnĕrandŭs, vĕrendŭs.] **2.** *Augustus's* (adj.), *imperial.* ~ aures. *O.* urbs. *Aus.* aula. *M.* **3.** *Of August* (adj.). ~-is idĭbŭs. *M. See below.*

AUGUSTŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *Augustus, surname of Octavius. C. D.* [† Octavĭŭs, Octavĭanŭs, Cæsăr.] **2.** ~ mensĭs, *or alone.* Augustŭs. *The month of August.* [† Sextilĭs.]

AULĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A court, hall of a house.* Aulai in mĕdĭo libabant pocŭlă Bacchi. *V.* **2.** *Court, royal palace.* [† Regĭă.] *See* R. **3.** *Farm-yard, sheep-fold. H. Pp.* [† Stăbŭlum, septum, caulă.]

AULÆÆ, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *Tapestry. V. H.* [† Tyrĭă, Attălĭcă, pictă, pendŭlă, suspensă, sŭperbă, splendentĭă, auro grăvĭă, signis spirantĭă.] **2.** *Drop-curtain of a theatre.* Sic ŭbĭ tolluntur fes-

ĭ thĕatrĭa. *O.* [† Sipărĭum.] **3.** *Sts.*

or ĭdĭs, *acc.* ĭdĭ *or* ĭn. *f. Aulis, a small of Bœotia. C. D.* Aulĭdĕ juravi. *V.* Au-Eubŏĭcam. *O.* ˘Ad Iniquam classĭbŭs

ĭs. *m.* **1.** *District*, or rather *mountain* ria. *H. M.* **Ep.** Felix vitĭbŭs. Baccho **2.** *Town of Elis. V. Fl.* **Ep.** Fluctĭbŭs [*Acc.* Aulonă. *Plin.*]

f. **1.** *A soft wind, gentle breeze*; *wind* Flamĕn, flabrum, flatŭs, spirĭtŭs, ănĭ-s ZEPHYRUS, VENTUS. **2.** *The air.* Si aura ætherĭa. *V.* [† Æther, aer.] **3.** *breathing.* Flammas exsuscĭtăt ∾. *O.* ŭs, hallĭtŭs, flatŭs, ănĭmă.] **4.** *The soul,* Singultĭbŭs expăŭt ∾-am. *V. Fl. See* **5.** Pl. *The sky, firmament of heaven.* s dictă ferrĕ: cursum dirĭgĕrĕ. *V.* Sŭb ∾-as educĕrĕ. *O. See* AER, CŒLUM. uras fĕro, effĕro. *To publish, bring to* nĭă ferrĕ sŭb ∾-as. *V. O. See* DETEGO. (because borne on the air to us). Dul-iravĭt crinĭbŭs. *V.* De Corȳcĭo ∾ crŏ-ĭĕ ODOR. **8.** *Shining, splendour* (be-aching us through the air). Auri pĕr rĕfulsĭt. *V.* [† Fulgŏr, splendŏr, nĭtŏr.] *report* (because borne on the air). ĕrlabĭtŭr ∾. *V.* **10.** ∾ pŏpŭlarĭs, *popu-r, breath of popular applause.* Gaudens bŭs ∾-is. *V.* Arbĭtrĭo pŏpŭlarĭs ∾-æ. *H.* OR.

ĭ, um. **1.** *Gilt, covered* or *enriched with* ĭĕl. Auro divĕs, dĕcorŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, ardens, rŭtĭlŭs, rŭtĭlans, spectabĭlĭs, insignĭs, ĭlvŭs, tectŭs, ŏpertŭs, distinctŭs, illĭtŭs. usæ auro vestes. **2.** *Of gold, golden.* sex rădĭi. *V.* ∾-o ˘Apollĭnĕ. *V.* ∾-am *Cat.* [† Aurĭfĕr, aurĕŭs.] *See* A.

, ă, um. *dim. of* Aureus. **1.** *Of gold,* *Pl. Cat. See* AUREUS. **2.** *Gilt.* [† Au-rĕŭs.] **3.** *A coin so called* (sc. num-*f.*

i. *n.* (sc. vas.) *A vessel of gold. M.*

, um. **1.** *Golden, of gold.* Aurĕă pur-abnectit fibŭlă vestem. *V.* **Crcl.** Auro ĭlĭdŭs, grăvĭs, rĭgens, perfectŭs. **2.** *Gilt.* ĭbŭs ∾-is. Thălămo ∾-o. *V.* [† Aura-*Of the colour of gold.* Sol ∾. *V.* barbă. *O.* um. *V.* [† Auricŏlŏr.] **Crcl.** Auro flaens. Fig. **4.** *Beautiful, precious.* ∾ Vĕ-Cynthĭă. *Pp.* mĕdĭocrĭtas. *H.* dictă. *Lr.* ostŭs, exĭmĭŭs, præstans, mirabĭlĭs, prĕ-**5.** Ætas ∾. *The golden age.* **Crcl.** ∾ r sæclă. Saturni sĕnĭs (aurĕă) sæclă, reg-rni castă sæcŭlă. Aurĕum tempŭs (*or*). Gens aurĕă. Ætas, cui nomĕn aurĕă. pŏrĕis fetĭbŭs herbisquĕ fortunată.

i. *m.* (sc. nummus.) *A Roman coin* ere two of this name, differing in size e). [† Aurĕŏlŭs (*for the smaller coin*).] ivă mŏnetă. *See* NUMMUS.

ă, orĭs. *Of the colour of gold.* Scindĭtŭr · cœli septemplĭcĭs æthră. *Juvenc. See*

.NS, tĭs, *and* AURĬCŎMUS, ă, um. *Gol-d; with beams, with leaves of gold.* Au-quam quis decerpsĕrĭt arbŏrĕ fetus. *V.* ăurĭcŏmans. *Aus.* ∾-ŭs Brĭtannŭs. *Sil.* . *V.* [† Aurĕŭs, flavens, flavŭs.]

. *æ. f. dim. of* Auris. *The ear.* Gaudent nĭă mollĕs Auricŭlæ. *H.* ∾-as demittĭtĕ. laci vero raderĕ. *Pers. See* AURIS.

ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Bearing, producing gold.* ĭ aurĭfĕris gentĭbŭs Astŭr ĕquus. *M.* ĭĕr, auratŭs, aurĕŭs; *aurĭflŭŭs* (*of a river*).] **Phr.** 1. *Of a region of gold mines.* Terră aurĭfĕră auri rivos (mĕtallă, sŏlĭdum aurum) venis ostendĭt (pro frugĭbŭs reddĭt). Saxă auro pallent. **Phr.** 2. *Of the miner.* Aurum (*or* thesauros, gazas, &c.) tellurĕ rĕvulsa (sollĭcĭtis collĭbŭs, sŭb terris, intĕr glebas, furto lătens) fŏdĭens rimatŭr (ăvarŭs quærĭt, erŭĭt, deprendĭt); *or*, lăcĕræ tellurĭs viscĕrĭbŭs mergĭtŭr; effosso auro concŏlŏr rĕdĭt; *or*, orbem prædæ invertĭt. **Phr.** 3. *Of a river with golden sands.* Auro (aurato flumĭnĕ, unda aurĕa, flŭenti auro, flavis rivis, fulvo limo, l. splendentĕ, fulva glarĕa) turbĭdŭs decurrĭt (transcurrĭt, turbatŭs flŭĭt); *or*, aurĕis (caris, rŭtĭlĭa, flavis) ărenis (aurĕa, cara, rŭbentĕ, rŭtĭlantĕ, &c. ripa) invĭdĭosŭs (clarŭs, noblĭs) pallĕt, flavescĭt; *or*, rŭtĭlas (lucentes) ărenas &c. (*or*, ŏpŭlentĭă vădă) despumăt (volvĭt, ducĭt, trăhĭt); *or*, flŭvĭalĭbŭs venis aurĕŭs, divĕs (turbato auro sordĭdŭs) flŭĭt; *or*, campum, rură, &c. auro (rĭgŭo auro) perfundĭt, inundăt. *See* TAGUS, PACTOLUS.

AURĬFLŬŬS, ă, um. *Flowing with gold.* Quos Tăgŭs aurĭflŭŭs &c. *Prud. See* AURIFER.

AURIGA, æ. *m.* **1.** *Charioteer, driver of a carriage.* Phăĕthon, currus aurigă păterni. *O.* **Crcl.** ˘Equorum, ĕquum rectŏr, mŏdĕrătŏr, ăgĭtătŏr, ductŏr. **Phr.** Aurigă—currum (ĕquos, jŭgum) rĕgĭt, or flăgello tempĕrăt; *or*, ora spumantĭă (ferventĭă) mobĭlĭbŭs frenis contĭnĕt (tempĕrăt, flectĭt); *or*, loră (hăbenas) mănĭbŭs tenĕt (rĕgĭt, flectĭt). *See* CURRUS, HABENÆ. **2.** *Groom.* [† ˘Agaso.] **4.** *Sts. used for* ĕquĕs. *See* E. **4.** *Sts. for* gŭbernatŏr (*a pilot*). ∾ dăt velă răti. *O. See* GUBERNATOR.

AURIGĒNA, æ. *m. A name of Perseus, as begotten by Jupiter, when changed into a shower of gold. C. D.* Hactĕnŭs aurĭgĕnæ cŏmĭtem &c. *O.*

AURIGĒR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Gold-bearing, gilt.* Aurĭgĕræ căpŭt arbŏrĭs. *V. Fl. See* AURIFER, AURATUS.

AURIS, ĭs. *f.* AURES, ĭum. *pl.* **1.** *The ear, ears.* [† Aurĭcŭlă.] **Ep** Arrectă, ăvĭdă, attentă, ăcută, bĭbŭlă, vĭgĭl; ămică, plăcĭdă, bĕnignă, făcĭlĭs; fidă. **2.** *To reach the ears.* ˘Ad aures vĕnĭo, pervĕnĭo, fĕrŏr, accĭdo. Aŭres verbĕro. *See* AUDIO. **3.** *To lend the ear, listen.* Aurem, aures do, commŏdo, admŏvĕo, applĭco, ădhĭbĕo, accommŏdo, affĕro. *See* ATTENDO, PRECES. **4.** *Earth-board of the plough. V.*

AURITUS, ă, um. **1.** *Long-eared.* Auritosquĕ sĕqui lĕpŏrĕs &c. *V.* ∾ ăsellŭs. *O.* **Crcl.** Aurĭbŭs longis; au. l. gaudens, prædĭtŭs, ornatŭs. **2.** *Having good ears, attentive ears*; or *one that hears simply.* ∾-as quercus fĭdĭbŭs (duxĭt Orpheus). *H.* ∾ testĭs, pŏpŭlŭs. *Pl.*

AURORA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Aurora. C. D. The dawn of day, the morning.* Tithoni crŏcĕum linquens Aurorā cŭbilĕ. *V.* [† Pallantĭs, Pallantĭăs, Tithonĭă, Hȳpĕrĭŏnĭs: *sts.* Eos, Matută; *ext.* dĭes, Lucifĕr.] **Ep.** Pallĭdă, candĭdă, lutĕă, crŏcĕă, flavă, aurĕă, rŏsĕă, rŭbens, purpŭrĕă, clarā, fulgĭdă, rŭtĭlans, lucĭfĕrā, almă, sĕrenā, pulchrā, humĭdă, roscĭdă, matutinā. **Crcl.** Tithonĭă conjux. Tithoni conjux, roscĭdă conjux. Auroræ lumĭnă. Pallantĭdŏs ortŭs. Memnŏnĭs matĕr. Roscĭdă dĕă. Auroræ currŭs, ĕqui, quădrigæ, bigæ. *See* MANE. **2.** *The East, the countries of the East.* Victŏr ăb ∾-æ pŏpŭlis et littŏrĕ Rubro. *V. See* ORIENS. **3.** *A day. O. See* DIES.

AURUM, i. *n.* **1.** *Gold* (the metal). Erŭĭmus terra sŏlĭdum pro frugĭbŭs aurum. *O.* Ostendit venis, atque auro plurĭmă fluxĭt. *V.* Sunt auri ponderă facti Infectiquĕ mĭhi. *V.* **Ep.** Flavum, fulvum, nĭtĭdum, fulgens, rŭtĭlum, lentum, prĕtĭosum; fatalĕ, nŏcens, exĭtiălĕ. **Crcl.** Auri mĕtallum, lamĭnă, tălentă, pondŭs. Fulvum,

rŭtĭlum mĕtallum. Flavæ terræ viscĕrā. Pactoli lĭquores. 2. *Things made of gold*; e. g. *cup of gold*. Pleno se prolŭĭt ∾-o. *V.* Văcŭant ∾ immanĕ mĕro. *St.* Non lĕvĭore ∾-o Phŏlum compescŭĭt. *V. Fl. See* POCULUM. 3. *Arms of gold; sword, helmet*, &c. Armatum ∾-o Orionā. *V.* 4. *Necklace, bracelet, ring, brooch, any trinket, if of gold; network of gold for the hair*, &c. ∾-o collā innectuntŭr. *V.* cŏhĭbĕrē lăcertos. *O.* ∾ æstivum dĭgĭtis ventĭlăt (*summer-ring for the finger*). *J.* Crines ĭn ∾ nodati. *V.* ˘In crinĭbŭs ∾. *O. See* CRINALE. 5. *Embroidery of gold.* Crcl. ∾-o vestĭbŭs insuto; ∾-o velamĭnā fulgentĭā. *O.* vestes illussæ; pallā rĭgens. *V.* 6. *Bit, yoke* (of gold). ∾ mandunt sŭb dentĭbŭs (ĕqui). ˘Equos ∾-o jungĭt. *V.* Fig. 7. *Riches* gen. [¶ Argentum, pĕcunĭā, divĭtiæ.] *See* DIVITIÆ. 8. *The golden age. See* AUREUS. 9. *Gold-colour, yellow.* ∾-o nubem ardentem. *V.* spicis flaventĭbŭs. *O.*

AUSCULTO, as. 1. *To listen.* [¶ Audĭo, (mentem) adverto, attendo.] *See* A. 2. With the dat. *To give heed to, obey. Ter. See* PAREO.

AUSON, ŏnĭs. *m.* 1. *Son of Ulysses and Calypso. C. D.* 2. AUSŎNĒS, um. *m. pl. Ausonians, Italians. See* AUSONIDÆ. 3. AUSON, ŏnĭs. *m. f. Of* or *belonging to Ausonia, Italy.* [¶ Ausŏnĭŭs, ă.]

AUSŎNĬA, æ. *f. Ausonia. C. D.* [¶ Lătĭum, Itălĭā.]

AUSŎNĬDÆ, dārum *and sync.* dum. *m. pl.* 1. *Inhabitants of Ausonia.* Qui fŭĭt Ausŏnĭdum, et tăcĭtis regnavĭt ˘Amyclis. *V.* [¶ Ausŏnēs.] *See* A. 2. Hence, *Latins, Romans, Italians.* [¶ Ausŏnĭi, Ausŏnēs, Lătini, Romani, ˘Ităli.] *See* ROMANI, ITALI.

AUSŎNIS, ĭdĭs. *f. Ausonian, Roman, Italian* (in the feminine). ∾ orā. *O.* [¶ Auson, Ausŏnĭă.] *See* ITALUS.

AUSŎNĬŬS, ă, um. *Ausonian, Roman, Italian.* ∾ terrā. *V.* impĕrĭum. *O. See* ROMANUS, ITALUS.

AUSPEX, ĭcĭs. *m.* 1. *An augur, one divining by the flight of birds. See* AUGUR. 2. *Leader, guide.* Teucro dŭce ĕt auspĭcĕ Teucro. *H.* Dis auspĭcĭbŭs. *V. O.* Auspĭcĕ Musa. *H.* [¶ Dux, auctŏr, ductŏr, făvens.] *See* FAVENS. 3. Adj. *Happy, of favorable omen.* ∾ clamŏr; victorĭā. *Cl.* [¶ Faustŭs, lætŭs, felix.]

AUSPICATO. *adv. Happily, under favorable omen. Ter. See* AUSPICATUS, FELICITER.

AUSPICATUS, ă, um. 1. *Having duly, in due form, begun an undertaking*; i. e. *by first seeking direction by augury upon it; having begun*, gen. Sic auspĭcatus bellā non mĕlĭus gĕrĭt. *Sen.* [¶ Orsŭs.] 2. *That which has been so begun; happy, successful.* Impĕtus non ∾-os. *H.* ∾-os tŏros. *Sen.* [¶ Felix, faustŭs, prospĕr.]

AUSPICIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Divination by the flight of birds; auspice, omen.* Auspĭcĭo felix totŭs ŭt annŭs ĕăt. *O. See* AUGURIUM. 2. *Every kind of presage.* ∾-is mănifĕstā fĭdes. *V.* [¶ Augŭrĭum, omĕn, monstrum.] *See* AUGURIUM, OMEN. 3. *Guidance, authority, will.* Communem hunc ergo pŏpŭlum părĭbusquĕ rĕgamŭs Auspĭcĭis. Ducĕrĕ vitam mĕis ∾-is (*as it seemeth me good*). *V.* [¶ Ductŭs, arbĭtrĭum, numĕn.]

AUSPICŎR, arĭs (auspĭco, *anc.*). 1. *To observe the flight of birds for purposes of divination; to predict from such observations.* 2. *To commence* (solemnly). Hinc auspĭcari regnā Tantălĭdæ sŏlent. *Sen.* [¶ ˘Ineo, incĭpĭo.] *See* AUSPICATUS.

AUSTĔR, tri. *m. The South-wind.* Cănĭdi spirarunt æstĭbŭs austri. *O.* [¶ Nŏtŭs, afrĭcŭs.] Ep. Plŭvĭalis, plŭvĭdŭs, humĭdŭs, imbrĭfĕr, mădens, mădĭdŭs, *nubĭlŭs; præceps*, vĭŏlentŭs, turbĭdŭs; æstivŭs, tĕpens, tĕpĭdŭs, cănĭdŭs, grăvis, plumbĕŭs, hibernŭs. Imbrĭbŭs mĭnax, nĭgĕr. Crcl. Austri vĕnĭentis sibĭlŭs. Phr. Austĕr mădĭdis alis evŏlăt, *or* plŭvĭas ăquas concĭtăt. *See* VENTUS. 2. (In sing. and plur.) *The South, the south-country.* Mons obversŭs ăd ∾-os. *O.* ăd ∾-um. *Cic. Arat.* [¶ Mĕridĭes.] *See* ZONA.

AUSTERŬS, ă, um. 1. *Rough, sharp to the taste.* [¶ Aspĕr, ăcerbŭs, ămarŭs.] Fig. 2. *Severe, grave.* Celsi prætĕrĕunt austerā pŏmătā Rhamnes. *H.* ∾ lăbŏr. *O.* [¶ Sĕvĕrŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, grăvis, serĭŭs.] 3. *Harsh, cruel.* [¶ Grăvis, sĕvĕrŭs, durŭs, sævŭs, immitis.]

AUSTRALIS, ĕ, *and* AUSTRINUS, ă, um. *Southern, from the South* or *South wind.* Australĭbŭs humĭdā nimbis. *O.*

AUSUM, i. *n. A bold enterprise; daring, venturous action.* Me nullā dĭes tam fortĭbŭs ausis Dimĭlĭem argŭĕrĭt. *V.* [¶ Cœptum, factum, gestā; *sts.* făcĭnŭs.] Ep. Ingens, fortĕ, magnum, gĕnĕrosum, nobĭlĕ. *See* GESTA, SCELUS.

AUSUS, ă, um. *part. See* AUDEO. *Having dared* (to do). Ausi omnes immanĕ nĕfas, ausoquĕ pŏtiti. *V.* [¶ Aggressŭs, ădortŭs.]

AUT. *conj.* 1. *Or*; (aut . . . aut) *either . . . or.* Aut herbæ campo apparent, aut arbŏrē frondes. *V.* [¶ Vĕl, vĕ; *when the conjunction is repeated*, seu, sivĕ.] 2. *Now one thing, now another* (where the *aut* recurs). Aut agmĭnā cursu Protĕrĭt, aut raptas vĕnĭentĭbŭs ingĕrĭt hastas. *V.* [¶ Nunc, mŏdo, sivĕ.] 3. *Otherwise, or* (if not) *then.* Nunc mănĕt insontem grăvis exĭtŭs: aut ĕgo veri Vanā ferŏr. *V.* [¶ ˘Alĭtĕr, ălĭoqui.]

AUTEM. *conj. But, however, now.* [¶ Vero, sĕd, ăt, ast, porro; *sts.* ergo.] *See* E.

AUTŎLYCUS, i. *m. The son of Mercury so called. C. D.* Nascĭtŭr Autŏlycus. *O.* Ep. ˘Ad furtum omnĕ ingĕnĭosus. *O.*

AUTŎMĔDON, ontĭs. *m.* 1. *The armour-bearer of Achilles.* ˘Achillis Armĭgĕr Autŏmĕdon. *V.* 2. *Applied as a name to any charioteer. J.*

AU(C)TUMNALIS, ĕ. *Autumnal.* [¶ Au(c)tumnŭs (*adj.*).]

AU(C)TUMNUS, i. *m.* [*better*, auct.] 1. *The autumn, season of the year so called.* Ep. Fĕrax, fertĭlis, fecundŭs, grăvĭdŭs, pomĭfĕr, ŏpimŭs, divĕs, felix, vinĭfĕr, frugĭfĕr, pampĭnĕŭs, udŭs, humĭdŭs, mădens, plŭvĭŭs, morbĭdŭs, letĭfĕr. Crcl. Calcatis uvis sordĭdŭs. Răcemis (răcemĭfĕris uvis) tempŏrā cinctŭs, circumdătŭs. Pomis grăvĭdŭs, grăvis. Căpŭt mitĭbŭs uvis dĕcŏrŭs. Phr. *Of autumn.* Tempŏrē, quo—uvæ (uvæ plenæ) purpŭrĕo mĕro turgescunt (subrŭbent);—vindemĭā (mustā) sub nudo pĕdĕ (plenis lăbris) spumant (flŭunt); maturam uvam rustĭcŭs collĭgĭt:—ăgĕr pampĭnĕo ∾-o grăvĭdŭs florĕt. Tempŏrē, quo,—∾ vărĭos fetus ponĭt;—umbras cum lucĭbŭs æquăt;—ortā Plelĭās humentes dĭes făcĭt;—noctes lucem vincĕrē incĭpĭunt;—formosissĭmŭs (fœcundissĭmŭs) est annŭs. *See* VINDEMIA, POMUM. Phr. *The fall of the leaf.* Sub primā auctumni frigŏrā. Cum vinĕā frondes ponĭt. Cum hyems (ăquĭlo) fŏlĭa (silvarum hŏnores) lædĭt (ancĭpĭti frigŏrē decŭtĭt). 2. *The fruits of autumn. O*; sts. *the wines of autumn. M. See* FRUCTUS. 3. *Used sts. for* annus. *See* A.

AU(C)TUMNUS, ă, um. *Autumnal.* Au(c)tumno frigŏrē tactas. *O.* [¶ Au(c)tumnalis.]

AUTŬMO, as. *To call, speak of as; judge, consider.* Insanum Chrysippi portĭcŭs et grex Autŭmăt. *H.* [¶ Dico, vŏco.]

AUXILIARIS, ĕ. *One who assists; assisting.* Auxĭlĭarĭbŭs undis. *O.* [¶ Auxĭlĭarĭŭs, auxĭlĭatŏr, sŏcĭŭs, fămŭlaris, adjutŏr, auxĭlĭum.]

AUXILIATOR, oris. *See* AUXILIARIS. [¶ Adjutŏr, auxĭlĭum.]

Auxĭlĭŏr, arĭs. 1. *To aid, succour.* Nec formidatis auxĭlĭatŭr ăquis. *O.* [? Jŭvo, adjŭvo, adsum, succurro, subvĕnĭo, făvĕo, defendo, protĕgo.] **Crol.** Auxĭlium, ŏpem, subsĭdium do, fĕro, affĕro, præsto. Auxĭlĭo, subsĭdĭosumci. Auxĭlĭo qm jŭvo, tŭĕŏr, solŏr. ˘Opĭbŭs qm jŭvo. 2. *To succour in war.* [? Defendo, protĕgo, tŭĕŏr.] **Crol.** Auxĭlium mitto, promitto. Vires jungo, mĭnistro, suffĭcĭo. Me sŏcĭum addo. ˘Opes, turmas mitto, adjungo, do. ˘Opes mĭnistro [*all these with* ci]. ˘Opĭbŭs qm jŭvo. Auxĭlĭo tutos făcĭo. Sŏcĭis armis adsum (ci), jŭvo (qm). Sŏcĭā armā jŭvo. Sum, ĕo subsĭdĭo (ci). *See* Socius.

Auxĭlĭum, ĭi *and* i. *n.* 1. *Aid, succour.* Non ullum auxĭlium mĭsĕris &c. *V.* [? Subsĭdium, præsĭdium, adjumentum, cŏlŭmĕn, tutelā, solamĕn, ope (*not found in the nom.*).] **Ep.** Gratum, optatum, utĭlĕ, ămicum, exspectatum, speratum; præsens, tutum; sŭbĭtum, ĭnŏpinum, promptum. 2. *A helper, supporter.* [? Auxĭlĭatŏr, defensŏr, tutelā, præsĭdium.] 3. *To entreat assistance.* Auxĭlium, ŏpem pĕto, posco, quæro, rŏgo, invŏco, tento, efflagĭto. Auxĭlĭŏ vŏco (qm). Solatĭā pĕto.

˘**Avare**. *adv. Avariciously, greedily. Ter.* (˘Avarĭtĕr, *Pl.*) [? ˘Avĭde, cŭpĭde.]

˘**Avarĭtĭa**, æ, *and* ˘**Avarĭtĭes**, ei. *f. Avarice, cupidity.* Fervĕt ăvarĭtĭa mĭsĕraquĕ cŭpĭdĭnĕ pectŭs. *H.* **Ep.** Cŭpĭdā, parcā, răpax, hĭans, immŏdĭcā, ĭnexpletā, fūrens, vesanā, sollĭcĭtā, tabĭdā, turpis, fœdā, cæcā, vĭgĭl, insomnis, irrĕquietā, tristis, mĭsĕrā, ĕgenā, indĭgā. **Crol.** Auri (ŏpum, nummorum) cŭpido, sĭtis, fāmes, ămŏr. Auri sĭtis insātĭabĭlis, sæcrā, fūriosā, impĭrĭosā. Lŭcri fūrŏr. Lŭcri pallĭdā tabes. ˘Avaræ mentis fūrŏr. Ardŏr hăbendi. ˘Amŏr immŏdĕrātŭs *or* vesanŭs hăbendi. Fūrŏr exĭtĭalis, sævā cŭpido. hăbendi. Tristis ăvarĭtĭæ răbies. Pallŏr ăvarĭtĭæ. Gurgĕs (inexpletæ) ăvarĭtĭæ. Augendæ rĕi dirā cŭpido. Mens fructus ăvĭdā. Census (auri &c.) divĭtĭis (magni, indŏmĭti) ămŏr (fāmes, *f.*) fervens (incestŭs, impĭrĭosŭs, Ætnæis ignĭbŭs sævĭŏr). *See next word.*

˘**Avarŭs**, ă, um. 1. *Greedy, eagerly desiring.* Prætĕr laudem, nullĭus ăvaris. *H.* ∾ ventĕr; vultŭs; ignis; māre. *H. Pp.* &c. ∾ laudis; cædis, &c. *Cl.* [? ˘Avĭdus, cŭpĭdŭs.] 2. *Greedy of money, covetous, avaricious; adj. and subst.* [? ˘Avĭdŭs, cŭpĭdŭs, parcŭs, parcens, sordĭdŭs, tĕnax, aspĕr.] **Ep.** Cŭpĭdŭs, insātĭabĭlis, hĭans, parcŭs, tĕnax, sordĭdŭs, turpis, vĭgĭl, tristis, sollĭcĭtŭs, anxĭŭs, insomnis, mĭsĕr, infelix, mĭsĕrandŭs; paupĕr, ĭnops, ĕgenŭs, indĭgŭs. **Crol.** Auri, argenti, lŭcri ăvĭdŭs, cŭpĭdŭs. Auri (argenti, lucri, nummorum) ămorĕ, cŭpĭdĭnĕ fervens, cæcŭs. Quæsiti tĕnax. Argenti (hăbendi) ămorĕ pallens, sĕnescens. Gazis ĭnhĭans. ˘Avarĭtĭæ crimĭnĕ nŏtatŭs. **Phr.** ˘Avarŭs—rĕpertis divĭtĭis (defosso auro, congestis undĭquĕ saccis) incumbĭt (indormĭt ĭnhĭans); *or*, mĭsĕr abstĭnĕt (timĕt uti). ˘Avarŭs—in augenda re festinăt (obrŭĭtŭr);—in congesto auro paupĕr est; —exhausto Hermo (Pactolo, Tăgo) majori sĭti ardĕt. ˘Avarum—magnarum ŏpum fāmes sollĭcĭtăt;—nullŭs hăbendi finis tempĕrăt.

˘**Ave**, ˘**Aveto** [*or* Have, -eto]. *impers.* 1. *Hail, good morning;* also, *farewell,* &c. Nunquam dĭcis ăve, sed reddis, Nævŏlĭ, sempĕr. *M.* [? Salve.] *See* S. 2. (*Coupled with* vāle.) *The form of adieu to the dead.* Atque in perpĕtŭum, frātĕr, ăve atquĕ vāle. *Cat. See* Vale. 3. ˘Averĕ. *inf. To be well.* Non vis, Afĕr, averĕ: vāle. *M.*

Avĕho, is, vexi, vectum. 1. *To carry off, away, transport.* Tŭrĭas retro pĕvŏr avĕhĭt alas. *Sil.* [? Abduco, asporto, devĕho, aufĕro, rĕmŏvĕo.]

2. Avectŭs. *Departed.* Credĭtis avectos hostes? *V.*

Avellŏ, is, velli *or* vulsi, vulsum. *To pluck, tear away, remove by force.* Non pŏtĕs avellĭ: simŭl ah! simŭl iblmŭs ambo. *O.* [? Vellŏ, abrĭpĭo, abstrăhŏ, aufĕro, abduco.] *See* Vellŏ.

˘**Avena**, æ. *f.* 1. *The straw, stalk of the plant in corn,* &c. Exspectatā sēges vanis elusĭt ăvenis. *V.* [? Culmŭs.] *See* C. 2. *Reed, rustic pipe, reed of the Pan-pipe.* Fistŭlā dispărĭbus paulatim surgĭt ăvenis. *O. See* Fistula.

˘**Avens**, tis. *part. of* Aveo. *Wishing, longing* (*see* Aveo). *O.* [? Cŭpĭens, gestĭens, gaudens.]

˘**Aventinŭs**, i. *m. Mount Aventine, one of the seven hills of Rome; also,* adj., *of* or *belonging to Mount A.* Collis ˘Aventini silva quem Rhea săcerdos &c. *V.* **Crol.** ˘Aventinum jŭgum, căcumĕn. Arx ˘Aventinā.

˘**Avĕo**, es. *Greatly to desire; to long, like.* ˘Avĕt immŏlato Sparglĕr agno (arā). *H.* Dum quŏd ăvemŭs ăbest. *Lr.* [? Cŭpĭo, opto, gestĭo, gaudĕo.] *See* Avens, Cupio.

˘**Avernā**, orum. *n. pl. See* Avernus.

˘**Avernalis**, ĕ. *Of* or *pertaining to Avernus. See* Avernus, a, um. [? ˘Avernŭs (*adj.*).]

˘**Avernŭs**, a, um. 1. *A lake of Campania, whence the fabled descent into hell. See* Aornos. 2. ˘Avernŭs, i. *m. and* ˘Avernā, orum. *n. pl. Avernus, the lake of hell; hell itself.* Făcĭlis descensŭs ˘Averni. *V.* ˘Avernā sŏnantĭā silvis. *V.* [? *Ext.* Styx, ˘Achĕron, ˘Erĕbŭs, Orcŭs, Tartărā.] **Crol.** ˘Avernā pālus. *V. Fl. See* Acheron, Inferi. 3. *Used for the place of future punishment, in modern writers.*

˘**Avernŭs**, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to Avernus, to the infernal regions.* Sylva Junonis ˘Avernæ. *O.* [? ˘Avernalis, Stygĭŭs, Tartărĕŭs, &c.] *See* Infernus.

Aversŏr, arĭs. *To turn aside from, show dislike to, reject.* Quum fūgĭas aversĕrisquĕ pĕtentes. *O.* [? Odi, horrĕo, rejĭcĭo, respŭo.]

Aversŭs, ă, um. 1. *Having the back* or *head turned aside.* Illā sŏlo fixos ŏcŭlos aversā tĕnebăt. *V.* 2. *Turned away from, with the back against.* ∾ lumĭnĕ. *V.* 3. *Retired, secret.* ∾-o tramĭtĕ. *O. See* Devius, Divisus. 4. *Turned over; reversed.* Scribĭt in ∾-a charta. *M.* [? Inversŭs, versŭs.] 5. Fig. *Contrary to, opposed to, hostile.* [? Oppŏsĭtŭs, infensŭs, ălienŭs, inĭmicŭs.]

Averto, is, i, sum. 1. *To turn aside, to turn back.* Ardentes avertĭt ĕquos. *V.* [? Abduco.] 2. *To turn from, keep off.* ∾ (Teucros) Itălĭs; curas; casum. *V.* Regnum Itălĭæ Lĭbŷcas oras. *V.* [? Amŏvĕo, arcĕo, prŏhĭbĕo, pello, depello, &c.] *See* Arceo. 3. *To carry off, drive away, rob.* ∾ prædas. *V.* Auratam Colchis ∾ pellem *Cat.* [? Abduco, prædŏr.] 4. ∾ me, *or abs. To turn aside* or *away,* intr. Avertens rŏsĕa cervicĕ rĕfulsit. Prorā avertĭt, ŏt undis dăt lătus. *V.* [? Avertŏr.]

Avertŏr. *pass.* (with the acc.) *To turn away from, to avoid, to shun.* ∾-ĭtŭr fontes (ĕquŭs). *V.* herbas. *St.* [? Aversŏr, rĕfugĭo, fūgĭo, respŭo.]

I. ˘**Avĭa**, æ. *f.* 1. *Grandmother.* Hic ăvĭæ lătĕri proxĭmŭs, illĕ pătris. *O. See* Anus. 2. *Old wives' tales.* Dum vĕtĕres ăvĭas tĭbĭ de pulmonĕ rĕvello. *Pers.*

II. **Avĭa**, orum. *n. pl. Places where there is no beaten way.* ˘Adĭtumquĕ pĕr avĭā quærĭt. *V.* [? Devĭā, præruptā.] **Ep.** Cæcā, incertā; nĕmŏrosā, frondosā. *See* Avius, Invius.

˘**Avĭarĭa**, orum. *n. pl. Haunts of birds in the trees.* Rŭbent ăvĭarĭā bacchis. *V.*

˘**Avĭde**. *adv. Greedily, eagerly.* See Avidus. [? Cŭpĭde.]

˘AVĬDĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Greediness, covetousness.* Verum est ăvĭdĭtas divĕs, et pauper pŭdŏr. *Ph. See* AVARITIA, CUPIDO.

˘AVĬDUS, ă, um. 1. *Eager, burning with desire.* Corripĭt extemplo Æneas, ăvĭdusquĕ rĕfringĭt. *V.* [† Cŭpĭdŭs, cŭpĭens, ăvens, ardens; *sts.* sĭtĭens.] 2. *Greedy of gain. See* AVARUS. 3. *Greedy, devouring greedily.* ∾-o dentĕ; ∾-am Chărybdĭn. *O.* ∾-um mārĕ. *H.* [† Vŏrax, ăvarŭs, gŭlosŭs.]

˘AVIS, ĭs. *f.* ˘AVES, ĭum. *pl.* 1. *A bird, birds.* Nunc ăvĭs in ramo tectā lăremquĕ pŭlsăt. *O.* [† Alĕs, vŏlŭcrĭs.] Ep. Pennatā, pennĭgĕrā, alĭgĕrā, aërĭā, lĕvĭs, cĭtā, răpĭdā, cĕlĕrĭs, præceps, vāgā; păvĭdā, timĭdā; argutā, garrŭlā, quĕrŭlā. Crol. Allĭtŭum gens, gĕnŭs. Allĭtŭum, vŏlŭcrum cŏhors, agmĕn, exercĭtŭs, nubes. Pennatā cŏhors. Pennati grĕges. Phr. ˘Avĭs—cursum ĭn aërĕ librāt;—aërā pennis fĕrĭt. (*Flight of numbers of birds.*) Vŏlŭcrum raucarum (vŏlantĭum, allĭtŭum), nubes (agmĕn, cŏhors suspensā), exercĭtŭs, densis alis pĕr aërā fertŭr (urgetŭr &c.). Innŭmĕræ ăves stipant (glŏmĕrantŭr); *or*, aërā (æthĕrā) pennis sĕcant, verbĕrant. *See* CANO, VOLO, as. 2. *Omen, presage.* Itĕ bŏnis ăvĭbŭs. *O.* Mălā ăvi. *H.* [† Alĕs, omĕn.] *See* OMEN.

˘AVITUS, ă, um. 1. *Ancestral, of* or *belonging to a man's ancestors, hereditary.* Regnis excessĭt ăvitis; sŏllĭo ∾-o. *V.* ∾-as umbras. *O.* [† Pă-ternŭs, pătrĭŭs, gentilis.] 2. *Ancient, aged.* ∾-um mĕrum. *O. See* VETUS.

AVIUS, ă, um. 1. *Where there is no beaten way.* Avĭā tum rĕsŏnant ăvĭbus virgultā cănoris. *V.* [† Devĭŭs, aversŭs, invĭŭs, imperviŭs, inaccessŭs.] *See* INVIUS. Fig. 2. *Whence there is no escape, retreat, issue.* ∾ certamĭnā; consĭlĭā. *Sil.* 3. *One who is out of the right* (common) *road.* ˘In montes sese avĭŭs abdĭdĭt. *V.* [† Devĭŭs, aversŭs.] Fig. 4. *One who is wrong in argument* or *conduct.* [† Errans.] 5. AVIA, orum. *See* A.

AVŎCO, as. *To call off, away, from any thing* (vŏco). *Lr.* [† Averto, abstrăho, rĕvŏco, deterrĕo.]

AVŎLO, as. *To fly away.* Lit. *and* fig. (*to hurry away.*) At jŭvĕnis, vicissĕ dŏlo rătŭs, avŏlăt ipsĕ. *V.* [† Fŭgĭo, aufŭgĭo, aufĕrŏr.]

AVULSUS, ă, um. *part. of* Avello. *Torn away, forced away, plucked off.* [† Vulsŭs, abstractŭs, detractŭs, ablatŭs.]

˘AVUNCŬLUS, i. *m. Maternal uncle.* ˘Et ăvuncŭlŭs excĭtĕt Hectŏr. *V.* Crol. Matrĭs fratĕr.

˘AVUS, i. *m.* 1. *Grandfather.* Cui Pilumnŭs ăvus, cui &c. *V.* 2. Pl. *Ancestors* gen. Vĕtĕrum effĭgĭes ex ordĭne ăvorum. *V.* [† ˘Atăvi, prŏăvi, majores.]

AXĔNUS PONTUS. *m. The ancient name of the Euxine Sea.* Dictŭs ăb antiquis Axĕnŭs (lit. *inhospitable*) illĕ fŭit. *O.* [† Euxinŭs.] *See* E.

AXIS, ĭs. *m.* 1. *Axle-tree.* Tum vălĭdo nitens sub pondĕrĕ fagĭnŭs axis. *V.* [† *Ext.* Rŏtā.] Ep. Fervĭdŭs, cĭtŭs, cĭtatŭs, răpĭdŭs, sŏnans, stridŭlŭs. *See* ROTA. 2. *Car, carriage.* Spŏlĭis ŏnĕrato Cæsărĭs axĕ. *Pp. See* CURRUS. 3. *The sky, the heavens.* Axem stellis ardentĭbŭs aptum. *V. See* CŒLUM. 4. *Used with appropriate* Ep. *for different climes.* Sŭb axĕ Bŏreo. *O.* Axem nĭvosi sidĕrĭs. *St.* Hespĕrĭum axem. *L. See* ZODIACUS. 5. AXES, *or* AXIS GĔMĬNUS. *The two Poles.* 6. *The iron on which the hinge of a gate plays.* Axem emoto cardĭnĕ vellunt. *St.* 7. ∾ stellatŭs. *Iron wheel, on which towers used at sieges are raised. L. Sil.*

AXŎNĂ, æ. *The Aisne.* Non tĭbĭ se Lĭgĕr antŏfĕret, non Axŏnă præceps. *Aus.*

B.

BABYLON, onĭs. *f. Babylon, the ancient capital of Chaldæa. C. D.* Persarum stātŭit Bābylŏnā Sĕmirāmĭs urbem. *Pp.* Ep. Altā, divĕs, ŏpŭlentā, magnĭfĭcā, pŏtens, inclĭtā, nobĭlis, antiquā, turritā, turrĭgĕrā, Chaldæā, Assyrĭā. Crol. Urbs Sĕmirāmĭā. Sĕmirāmĭdis urbs, arces. Bābylŏnĭā mœnĭā. Phr. Urbs, mœnĭā—centum portis sŭperbā;—femĭnĕo lăborĕ structā;—Coctĭlĭbus muris cinctā;—a fĭgŭlis munitā;—testa circumdātā.

BABYLONIA, æ. *f. The country of which Babylon was the capital.* O.

BABYLONICUS, *and* BABYLONIUS, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to Babylon, Babylonian.* Bābylŏnĭcā pictā. *M.* [† Bābylŏnĭăcŭs, Bābylŏnĭensis, Chaldæŭs; *hence*, Assyrĭŭs.]

BACCA, æ. *f.* 1. *A berry, the fruit of different species of trees.* ∾ ĕbŭli; ănethi; lauri. *V.* 2. Sp. *The fruit of the olive.* Sicyŏnĭā ∾. *V.* Vĕnafranæ ∾ ŏlivæ. *H. See* OLEA. 3. *A pearl.* Auribŭs ĭn gĕmĭnis ∾-æ. *O.* [† Gemmā, unĭo.] *See* G. U. Ep. Candĭdā, candens, rŭtĭlā, fulgĭdā. Crol. Concharum germĭnā. Conchĕā mārĭs baccā.

BACCAR, ăris. *n. and* BACCARIS, ăris. *f. A plant, supposed to be the purple fox-glove.* Errantes bĕdĕras passim cum baccārĕ tellus. *V.*

BACCATUS, ă, um. *Adorned with pearls.* ∾-ă mŏnĭlĭā. *V.* [† Gemmatŭs.] Crol. Baccis, gemmis, lăpĭllis divĕs, nĭtens, insignis, fulgĭdŭs, ŏnĕratŭs.

BACCHA, æ, *and* BACCHE, es. *f.* BACCHÆ, arum. *pl. A Bacchanalian woman* or *women. C. D.* Concĭtā Bacchā dĕo. *O.* Thracĭā Bacchæ. Ismārĭæ Bacchæ. *O.* [† Bacchĭdĕs, Bacchantes, Edonĭdĕs, Mænādĕs, Thyādĕs, Mĭmallŏnĭdĕs, Bassārĭdĕs. Ep. Ismārĭæ, Cadmeæ, Thebanæ, Threĭcĭæ, thyrsĭgĕræ, lymphatæ, fŭrentes, fŭrĭosæ, insanæ. Crol. Matres Cadmeæ, Thebanæ, Threĭcĭæ. Bacchi cŏmĭtes. Sithŏnĭæ nŭrus. Phr. Bacchæ, commotis săcris excĭtæ (pampĭnĕa hasta tactæ,—fŭrĭis [pectŏrā] accensæ,—lymphata mentĕ ălăcres,—turbā barbārā fusis cŏmis *or* căpillis &c. in tergā sparsis), huc illuc fŭrorĕ pulsæ (motæ) rŭunt.

BACCHANALIA, um *or* orum. *Bacchanalia, mysteries of Bacchus; fig. orgies, revellings.* Qui Cŭrĭos sĭmŭlant, et bacchanalĭā vivunt. *J.* [† Trĭĕterĭcā, trĭennĭā.] *See* ORGIA.

BACCHANS, tĭs. 1. *One celebrating the mysteries of Bacchus; one in a wild, frantic state.* [† Bacchatŭs, fŭrens.] Crol. Baccho plenŭs. Bacchi fŭrorĕ correptŭs, fŭrĭis ăgĭtatŭs, stĭmŭlis accensŭs. *See* BACCHA. 2. Fig. *Raging, furious.* Vento bacchantĕ. *H. See* FURENS.

BACCHATUS, ă, um. *part. of* Bacchor. 1. *Frantic like the Bacchanalians.* [† Bacchans.] *See* B. 2. *Furious, raging.* Allecto mĕdĭas ˘Itălum ∾-ă pĕr urbes. *V. See* FURENS. 3. Pass. *Place, thing,* or *person subjected to Bacchanalian fury.* ∾-ă Lăcænis Taÿgĕtā. *V.* Dindȳmā sangulnĕis ∾-ă lăcertis. *V. Fl.*

BACCHEIUS, *and* BACCHEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to Bacchus.* ∾-ei ŭlŭlatus. *O.* ∾-eā munĕrā. *Aus.* [† Bacchĭcŭs, Lenæŭs.]

BACCHICUS, ă, um. *Same as* Baccheius. *O. See* B.

BACCHIS, ĭdĭs. *f.* BACCHIDES, um. *pl. Same as* Baccha. *O. See* B.

BACCHOR, ārĭs. 1. *To celebrate the mysteries of Bacchus; to be as furious as those who do so.* Totamque incensā pĕr urbem Bacchatŭr. *V. See* FURO. 2. *To rush up and down* (frantically, as it were). Bacchatŭr famā pĕr urbem. *V.* 3.

To be inspired, enthusiastically moved. Bacchatŭr vates. *V. See* AFFLOR. **4.** *To rage, to be furious.* [? Fūro, sævĭo, grassŏr.] *See* BACCHATUS *and* BACCHANS.

BACCHŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *The god of wine, son of Jupiter and Semele. C. D.* [? Lĭber, Lȳæŭs, ˘Iacchŭs, Lenæŭs, Brŏmĭŭs, Evan, Bĭcornĭgĕr.] **Ep.** Cornĭgĕr, bĭcornĭgĕr, thyrsĭgĕr, rācemĭfĕr, vitĭfĕr, vitĭcŏmŭs; imberbĭs, intonsŭs, jŭvĕnĭs, tĕnĕr; ebrĭŭs, mādens. **Crol.** Lenæŭs, Lȳæŭs pātĕr. Sĕmĕles, Sĕmĕlēĭā proles. Jŏvĭs progēnĭes. Sĕmĕlēĭŭs Evan. Thebanæ Sĕmĕles pŭĕr. Sileni ālumnŭs. Dĕŭs Ogȳgĭŭs. Mādens dĕŭs. Dĕŭs vitĭsātŏr, vini rĕpertŏr. Jucundæ consītŏr uvæ. ˘Itĕrum sātŭs. Bis gĕnĭtŭs. Lætĭtiæ dātŏr. Lȳcurgi dŏmĭtŏr. **Phr.** (Bacchŭs)—tĭgres (currus, Caspĭā collā) pampĭnĕis hābenis (ĕburnis jūgis) āgĭt (flectĭt); *or*, de Nysæ vertĭcē, nebrĭdā gemmis intextŭs (*or*, cuspĭdem thyrso tectam gĕrens, *or* victŏr) tĭgres &c. āgĭt, flectĭt. **2.** *The vine.* Bacchŭs āmat colles, āquĭlonem et frigŏrā taxi. *V. See* VITIS. **3.** *Wine.* Dilŭĕ ∾-o. *V.* ∾ In amphŏra. *H. See* VINUM.

BACCIFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Berry-bearing; chiefly used of the olive-tree.* Dat quŏquĕ baccĭfĕrum Pallādā gratŭs āgĕr. *O.*

BĂCILLUM, i. *n. dim. of* Baculum. Sūbĕuntĕ bācillo. *J.*

BACTRĂ, orum, *n. pl. A city of Asia so called.* Non Bactrā, nĕc Indi. *V.*

BACTRŬS, *or* BACTRUS, i. *m. A river, giving its name to the country Bactriana. L.*

BĂCŬLUM. *n. and* BĂCŬLUS, i. *m.* **1.** *Stick* or *staff.* Bācŭlumquĕ tĕnens agrestĕ sĭnistra. *O.* [? Bācillum, stipĕs, ārundo; *sts.* fustĭs, sciplo.] **Ep.** Nodosŭs, durŭs, tĕrĕs, firmŭs, aspĕr. **2.** *To lean upon a stick, as old men do,* bācŭlo defĕrŏr, innitŏr, incumbo, artus sustĭnĕo, membrā lĕvo, vestigĭā firmo. **Phr.** Sĕnectus—bācŭlo mĭnistro, *or* bācillo dextram sūbĕuntĕ, trĕmentes artus (nutantem grādum, gressus) fulcĭt (rĕgĭt, adjŭvāt); *or*, bācŭlo &c. trĕpĭdum (tristĕ) ĭtĕr prætentāt; *or*, bācŭlum inclinātā prĕmĭt.

BĂTIS, is. *m. Bætis, a river of Spain, now the Guadalquiver.* Qua dives plăcĭdum Cordŭbā Bætĭn āmāt. *M.*

BAIÆ, *or* BAJÆ, arum. *f. pl.* **1.** *Baiæ, a town of Campania, celebrated for its baths, &c. C. D.* Qualis in Eubŏĭco Baiarum littŏrĕ quondam. *V.* **Ep.** ˘Amœnæ, cālentes, cālĭdæ, tĕpentes, vāporĭferæ, molles, deslĭdes. **Crol.** Blandissĭmā littŏrā. **2.** *Used gen. for places where there are hot baths, &c. Tib. Mart.*

BAIANŬS, *or* BAJANŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to Baiæ.* Murĭcĕ Baiano mĕllĭor Lucrinā pĕlŏris. *H.*

BAJŬLO, as. *To carry a load of any thing.* Cerbĕrŭs effusam grādĭens vix bajŭlāt alvum. *M. See* PORTO.

BAJŬLŬS, i. *m. A porter. Pl.* (Bajŭlo) Sts. *Used adj.*

BALÆNA, æ. *f. A whale.* Quanto delphinis balænā Brĭtannĭcā majŏr. *J.* [? Pristis; *pl.* cete.] **Ep.** Ingens, vastā, immanis, portentosā, prodĭgĭosā, æquŏrĕā, pontĭvāgā, undĭvāgā, vāgā. **Crol.** Ponti immanis bellŭā. Ponti immanĭā corpŏrā, monstrā. Vasto corpŏrĕ pristis. Immanĭ, ingenti molĕ pristis. Balænarum immanĭā tergā. Mons (mons rĕvulsŭs) pĕlāgo innātans.

BALANATUS, ă, um. *Perfumed with Balanus. Pers.* (Bālānŭs.)

BALANS, tis. *Bleating.* Used subst. *A sheep.* Balantumquĕ grĕgem flŭvĭo mersarĕ sālubri. *V. See* OVIS.

BĂLANŬS, i. *m. f. The Behen nut,* or *fruit of the balsam-tree, from which an ointment was extracted.* Pressā tĭtis bālānŭs cāpillis. *H.*

BALĂTRONES, um. *pl. Vagabonds, livers by their wits* (precise meaning uncertain). Mendĭci, mimæ, bālātrones, hoc gĕnŭs omnĕ. *H.*

BALATŬS, us. *m. A bleating.* Auditis balatĭbŭs agni. *V.* **Ep.** Tĕnĕr, mollis, trĕmens.

BALBŬS, ă, um. *One that stammers; stammering, lisping.* ∾ verbā; os. *H.* [? Blæsŭs.] **Crol.** Orĕ balbo.

BALBUTIO, is. *To stammer, to lisp.* Balbutit scaurum pravis fultum mālĕ talis. H. **Crol.** Balbas voces (balbā verbā, verbā lābris illuctantĭā) reddo, edo, rĕfĕro. Balbas orĕ lŏquelas do. Difficĭles sŏnos orĕ do. Balbo, blæso orĕ sŏno, lŏquŏr, garrio, titŭbo.

BĂLĔARIS, ĕ, *and* BĂLĔARĬCUS, ă, um. **1.** *Balearic; of* or *pertaining to the Balearic isles; the inhabitants of which were famous for slinging.* Quum Bālĕarĭcā plumbum Fundā jăcĭt. *O.* Bālĕarĭs verbĕrā fundæ. *V. See* FUNDA. **2.** BALĔARIS, is. *m. An inhabitant of the Balearic isles.* Funda bellā fĕrens ∾, ĕt alĭtĕ plumbo. *Sil.*

BALLISTA, æ. *f. An engine of war for casting stones, darts,* &c. Quum lăcĕras ārĭes ballistāvĕ concŭtĭt arces. *O.* [? Cătăpultā.] **Ep.** Ferrĕā, durā, vāllĭdā. **Crol.** Ballistæ grāvĕ ŏnŭs. **Phr.** ∾ vāllĭdis lăcertis (tenso turbĭnĕ) raptā *or* tortā vastos mŏlares (ferratam ornum) excŭtĭt (effundĭt, *or*, mĕdĭā agmĭnā rumpĭt). *See* ARIES.

BALNĔĂRĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to baths.* O furum optĭmĕ balnĕarĭorum! *Cat.*

BALNĔĂTŎR, oris. *m. A bath-keeper.* Quum te lŭcerna balnĕatŏr exstincta. *M.*

BALNĔŎLUM, i. *n. A small bath.* Balnĕŏlum Gābĭis, Romæ, &c. *J.*

BALNĔUM, i. *n.* (*fr.* Bālĭneum.) *A private bath.* BALNĔĀ, orum. *pl. An establishment of public baths.* Balnĕā vitāt. *H.* [? Balnĕæ, thermæ.] **Ep.** Tĕpĭdum, cālens, cālĭdum; gratum, magnĭfĭcum, nĭtĭdum, splendĭdum. *See* LAVO.

BALO, as. *To bleat.* Tactāquĕ fumanti sulfŭrĕ balĕt ŏvis. *O.* **Crol.** Balatum do, reddo, edo, exercĕo, fundo. Balatu, balatĭbŭs āgros, auras implĕo, persŏno.

BALSĂMUM, i. *n.* **1.** *The juice* or *gum of a shrub so called, found in the Holy Land.* ˘Odorato sudantĭā ligno Balsămā. *V.* ∾-ă ŏlerĕ. *M.* [? ˘Opŏbalsămum.] **Ep.** ˘Idumæum, frāgrans, ŏdorum. **Crol.** Sȳrĭum munŭs, ˘Eoŭs lĭquŏr. *See* UNGUENTUM. **2.** *The shrub itself; the balsam-tree.*

BALTĔŬS, i. *m.* (*pl.* BALTĔI, orum. *m. and* BALTĔĀ, orum. *n.*) **1.** *A belt, a girdle* (of leather) *for the sword* or *quiver.* Baltĕŭs et notis fulserunt cingŭlā bullis. *V.* Immanĭā ponderā baltĕi. *V.* Baltĕā lentā. *Pp.* [? Cingŭlum.] **Ep.** Auratŭs, bullatŭs, dĕcorŭs, pendŭlŭs, pendens, grāvis, sutĭlis, lucĭdus, splendens; lato auro, nobĭlĭbŭs gemmis, lucĭdŭs. **2.** *Girdle gen.* ∾ astrinxĭt āmictus. *L.* [? Cingŭlum, zona.] **3.** *Horse's girth. Cl.* **4.** *Strap for beating slaves. J.* [? Lorum.] **5.** *The zodiac* (as a belt of stars). *Manil. See* ZODIACUS.

BAPTISMA, ătis. *n. Eccl.* Us. *Baptism.* [? Baptismŭs, lăvacrum.] **Ep.** Sācrum, sanctum, plum, solemnĕ, præsens, lustralĕ, purum. **Crol.** Baptismatis, lăvacri undā. Lăvacri lymphā, donā. Divinum lăvacrum. Purgantes undæ. Lustralis undā (āquā, lymphā, ros, flumĕn, aspergo). **Phr.** Undæ (amnes &c.) quĭbŭs (quorum sācro flumĭnĕ) ănĭmæ mācŭlæ (labis contagĭā, primæ culpæ vestigĭā) ēluuntŭr, lăvantŭr, &c.

BAPTIZO, as, *Eccl. To baptize.* **Crol.** Baptismātĕ tingo, purgo, ablŭo, mundo. Sācris lăvacris ănĭmam subjĭcĭo. Adæ delictā in amnĕ lăvo. Fraudis vestigĭā undis mĕllĭorĭbŭs ablŭo.

BARĂTHRUM, *or* BARATHRUM, i. *n.* **1.** *An abyss, a gulf.* Tellus subtractā fĕrātŭr in bărăthrum.

Lr. Merguntur plaustrā bārathro. *Cl.* (de nīvibūs.) [? Gurgēs, hiātūs.] **Ep.** Abruptum, præceps, imum, prōfundum, cæcum, nīgrum. **Crcl.** Præceps terræ hiātūs. Terrā dēhiscens. Spēcūs ingens. Vastæ faucēs. Bārāthri imā. **2.** Sp. *An abyss of the sea.* Imo gurgitē ∾. *V.* [? Gurgēs, vōrago, vortex.] *See* MARE, VORAGO. **3.** *Hell (bottomless Pit).* ∾ immanē. *V.* cæcum. *St.* feralē. *Cl.* Pœnā bārāthri. *V. Fl. See* INFERI. **4.** *The belly. H. See* VENTER. **5.** Fig. *Used of whatever is voracious and destructive.* ∾ mācellī. *H. See* GURGES.

BARBA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A beard.* Concretam sanguīnē barbam. *O.* [? *Sts.* Mentum, lanugo, canītīes, pili.] **Ep.** Aspērā, hispīdā, rigīdā, impexā, squalens, cultā; canā, nīvēā, sēnilis, vēnērandā. **2.** *A long beard.* **Ep.** Longā, immissā, promissā, prolixā. **Phr.** ∾ propexā ād *or* in pectōrē, *or* in pectōrē. Immissa barba pectōrē protectūs. Barbam in pectūs propexam, immissam, fusūs. **3.** *A neglected beard.* Barbā (canītīes) neglectā (incultā, sordidā, aspērā, mœstā, plurimā) mento jācēt (in pectūs cādit, gēnis increscit). **4.** *To let the beard grow.* Barbam pasco, ālo. **Crcl.** Cæsāriem longæ barbæ deduco. **5.** *To cut the beard; to shave.* Barbam tondēo, rēsēco, mēto, pono. *See* TONDEO. **6.** Barbam vello ci. (*Prov.*) *To insult grossly.* Vellunt tibi barbam lascivi pūēri. *H.*

BARBARIA, æ, *and* BARBARIES, ei. *f.* **1.** *Every country not Grecian* or *Roman. H.* Græcīā barbāriæ lento collisā dūcēllo. *H.* Addē sūbactam barbāriem. *L.* **2.** *Grossness, rudeness.* [? Rusticitas.] **3.** *Barbarity, cruelty. See* SÆVITIA.

BARBARICUS, ā, um. *That which comes of,* or *belongs to, a barbarous* or *foreign people.* ∾ aurum. *V.* ∾ mānus. *O.* BARBARICUM. *n. Used adv.* ∾ gēmens. *Sil.*

BARBARUS, ā, um. **1.** *That which is not Grecian* or *Roman* (of thing or person); *foreign to the Greeks* or *Romans.* Barbārā Cecrōpīos terrebant agmīnā muros. [? Barbāricus, externus.] **2.** Sp. *Phrygian.* Hac Dōrium, illis barbārum. *H.* ∾ tegminā crurum. *V. See* PHRYGIUS. **3.** Gen. *That which is foreign; of different nation and language to another.* Barbārus hic ēgo sum, quia non intellīgōr illis. *O.* ∾ linguā. ˘In libellō non paucā ∾-ā. *O.* **4.** *Rude, uncivilized.* Mos ∾ pātriæ. *V.* [? Rūdis, incultus, aspēr, rusticus, ferus.] **5.** *Barbarous, cruel.* Stricto ∾ ensē. *O.* [? Sævus, crudelis, immitis, &c.] *See* SÆVUS.

BARBATUS, ā, um. **1.** *Bearded.* [? Barbigēr.] **2.** Used sp. of *a philosopher.* ∾ sēnex. *Pl.* māgistēr. *Pers.* **3.** Subst. for *a philosopher. M.*

BARBIGER. *Lr.* = Barbatus.

BARBITOS, *or* BARBITUS, i. *m. f. Better than* Barbitum, *or* Barbitōn. *A sort of lute.* Nec fācīt ad lācrimas barbitōs ullā mēas. *O.* Movēt barbitōn pollicē (*plays on the lute*). *Cl.* [? Cithārā, lyrā, chēlys.] *See* CITHARA.

BARDI, orum. *m. pl. Bards, Celtic poets who sung the praises of great heroes.* Plurimā securi fūdistis carminā Bardi. *L.*

BARDOCUCULLUS, i. *m. A military coat, a cape used in Gaul.* Gallā Santōnico vestit te bardōcūcullo. *M. See* CUCULLUS.

BARDUS, ā, um (*metath. fr.* βραδύς). *Foolish, stupid. Pl. See* STOLIDUS.

BARIS, idis *and* idos. *f. A kind of boat in use upon the Nile.* Barīdōs et contis rostrā Liburnā sequi. *Pp.*

BARRUS, i. *m. An elephant. See* ELEPHAS.

BASIATIO, onis. *f. The act of kissing, a kiss.* Quæris quot mihi basiationes. *Cat. See* OSCULUM.

BASIATOR, oris. *m. One who is fond of kissing. M.* (*Basiatio.*)

BASILISCUS, i. *m. A basilisk; a species of serpent found in Africa.*

BASIO, as. *To kiss.* Tam te basiā multā basiārē. *Cat. See* OSCULOR.

BASIS, is. *f. A base, support, pedestal.* Stat bāsis orbā dēo. *O.* [? Fulcrum, fundamentum.]

BASIUM, ii. *n. A kiss.* Jactaret basiā rhedæ. *J.* ∾ dārē, subripērē. [? Suavium, osculum.] *See* OSCULUM.

BASSAREUS (*trisyll.*), ĕos, ĕi *or* ei. *m. A name of Bacchus.* Candidē Bassāreu. *H. See* BACCHUS.

BASSARICUS, ā, um. *Bacchus's,* adj.; *Bacchic.* Cinget Bassārīcas Lydā mitrā cōmas. *Pp.*

BASSARIS, idis. *f.* BASSARIDES, um. *pl. A Bacchanalian woman; or pl. See* BACCHA.

BATAVI, *better* BATAVI, orum. *m. pl. The Batavians, now the Dutch* (*also* BATAVUS, ā, um. *adj.*). Vangiōnes Bātāvique trūces &c. *L.* Dōmitique Bātavi. *J.*

BATILLUM, i. *n. and* BATILLUS, i. *m. A fire-pan, incense-pan.* Prunæque bātillum. *H.*

BATTIADES, æ. *m. A name of Callimachus, a son* or *descendant of Battus. See* CALLIMACHUS.

BAUCIS, idis. *f. Baucis, wife of Philemon. C. D.* Sed pīā Baucis ānus. *O.*

BDELLIUM. *Pl. An Arabian shrub, yielding a fragrant gum.*

BEATE. *Happily.* Non est mī mālē, sed bēne, ac bēate. *Cat.*

BEATULUS, ā, um. *dim. of* Beatus. *See* BEATUS.

BEATUS, ā, um. **1.** *Blessed, happy.* O terquē quīterquē bēati! *V.* [? Felix, fortunatus.] *See* FELIX. **2.** *Blessed with wealth. See* DIVES. **3.** BEATI, orum. *m. pl. Eccl. The blessed in heaven.*

BEBRYCES, *and sts.* BEBRYCES, um. *m. pl. An ancient people of Bithynia; a colony from thence in Gallia Narbonensis.* Bebrycās extemplo spargit fūgā. *V. Fl.* [? Bebrycī.] *See* BEBRYX.

BEBRYCIA, æ. *f. A country in Asia Minor, afterwards Bithynia.* Aut arvā fūrentis Bebrycīæ. *Fl.*

BEBRYCIUS, ā, um. *Bebrycian* or *Bithynian; used also of the Bebrycian colony in Gallia Narbonensis. Sil.* Bebrycia vēnīens ˘Amȳci de gentē ferebāt. *V.*

BEBRYX, ycis, *and sts.* ycis. *m. An inhabitant of Bebrycia;* hence, *Amycus; used also of the colony in Gallia Narbonensis: perhaps the name of the leader of the colony.* Rēdit huc ōcūlis et pondērē Bebryx. *V. Fl.* Sæva Bebrycis in aula. *Sil.*

BEL, elis. *m. and* BELIAL, *und. and* BELIA, æ. *Eccl. The idol so called. See* BELIAL.

BELGA, æ. *m.* BELGÆ, arum. *pl. A Belgian; the Belgians. L.*

BELGICUS, ā, um. *Belgian.* Belgicā vel molli mēlius ferēt essēdā collo. *V.*

I. BELIDES, æ. *m. A son* or *descendant of Belus;* hence, *Danaus, Egyptus* (Belidæ fratres. *St.*); *Lynceus, O.; Palamedes. V.*

II. BELIDES, um. *f. pl. The grandaughters of Belus; the Danaides.* Assīduē rēpētunt, quas perdant, Belidēs undas. *O. See* DANAIDES.

BELLARIA, orum. *n. pl. Dainties, sweetmeats.* Jam bellārīā ādoreā plūebant. *St.* **Ep.** Mellitā, lautā, quæsitā, dellicīosā, Attīcā.

BELLATOR, oris. **1.** *One engaged in wars, warrior.* Pygmæus parvis currit bellātōr in armis. *J.* [? Bellans, belligēr, miles, heros, vir.] *See* MILES, PUGNAX. **2.** *Used adj.* ∾ equūs. *V.* ensis. *Sil.* campus. *St. See* BELLICUS. **3.** *A war-horse.* Ipsē ferōci bellātōrē sēdens. *J.* **4.** *A pawn at chess. O. See* LATRUNCULUS.

BELLATRIX, icis. *f.* (Bellātōr.) **1.** *A female warrior.* [? Virago.] **2.** *Used adj.* [? Bellicus, bellax.]

BELLAX, acis. *One fond of war. L. See* PUGNAX.

ıdv. 1. *Prettily, gracefully. M.* [† Scite, s, pulchre, ĕlĕgantēr.] 2. *Well. M.* [† apte, prŏbe.]

ɔPHON, tis. *m. and* BELLĔRŎPHONTES, æ. *Bellerophon, the son of Glaucus, and on of Sisyphus. C. D.* Quid Bellĕrŏphon- Ep. Pŭdĭcŭs, castŭs, insons, audax, for- ventŭs. Crol. Chĭmeræ victŏr, dŏmĭtŏr, castă proles, Sthĕnŏbœŭs heros.

ɔPHONTEUS, ă, um. *Belonging to Bellero-* Bellĕrŏphontei qua flŭit humŏr ĕqui.

ıscŭs, ă, um. *Warlike.* Quid bellĭcosus bĕr et Scythes. *H. See* PUGNAX.

ıs, ă, um. 1. *Belonging to war.* Bellĭcă non convĕnĭt hastă tŭæ. *O.* ~ ardŏr. *St.* Res *V.* [† Martĭŭs, Mavortĭŭs, bellĭgĕr, mĭlĭ- 2. *Fond of war.* ~ Dĕŭs, dĕă. *O.* [† ŏr, bellatrix.]

ıx, *and* BELLĬGĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *War- r, fond of war.* Aut fĕrĕ bellĭgĕras addĭt ă mănus. *O.* [† Bellĭcŭs, Martĭŭs, bella- llax.] *See* PUGNAX.

ıRO, as. *To make war.* Nec cauponantes , sed bellĭgĕrantes. *Enn.* Arcŭĭt hostis ĭrans. *Pp.*

ɔTENS, tis. *Powerful in war; a name of* Bellĭpŏtens aptat rorantes sanguĭnĕ cri- .

ıs, *and sts.* BELLŎR, ăris. *To make war.* Si bellarĕ pāras. *V.* Bellantŭr ˘Amazŏ- mia. *V.*

ă, æ. *f. Bellona, the sister of Mars, and s of war.* Sanguĭnĕo sĕquĭtur Bellonă . *V.* [† ˘Enyo.] Ep. Fĕrā, sævă, aspĕrā, horrendă, tristĭs, crŭentis gaudens. Crol. llĭcă, bellatrix. D. belli, bellorum. Mar- ŏr. Threissă vīrago. Bellorum regĭă vĭ-

[*or* BELŬA], æ. *f. A huge animal of any* ~ Lernæ. *V.* Gætulă ~ (*elephant*). *J.* [† monstrum.]

, i. *n.* 1. *War.* [† Mars, armă, prœlĭă, ĭnă, pugnæ; *sts.* Bellonă, discordĭă. Ep. ım, crudelĕ, fĕrum, sævum, ăcerbum, rĭ- , dirum, discors, nĕfandum, fūrens, vĭŏ- a, crŭentum, sanguĭnĕum, tristĕ, funestum, flebilĕ, mĭsĕrabĭlĕ, infaustum, lugŭbrĕ, ırum, mĭsĕrum, anceps, dŭbĭum, incertum. Belli, bellorum vis, fŭrŏr, răbies, incendĭă, tus (*pl.*), pestĭs, lăbores, pĕrĭcŭlă, discri- Rigĭdi certamĭnă Martis. Grăvĕ, durum ı ŏpŭs. Martis sors. Bellĭcă nubes. Belli turbo, prŏcellă, ferrĕă tempestas. *See* a. 2. *Love of war, and fighting.* Crol. bellorum ămŏr, fŭror, răbies, insanĭă. ŭs ardŏr. Ferri ămŏr, lĭcentĭă, răbies. Bel- ŭrŏr. Belli scĕlĕrată insanĭă. Ferri insanā as. Armorum răbies. Martis insanŭs ămŏr. Anĭmos belli fŭrŏr agĭt, incendĭt. ˘Amŏr evĭt. 3. *To be at war.* Bello, armis vexŏr. obsĭdĕŏr. Bellum duco, gĕro, ăgĭto cum. contendo. Armis concurro. Pax mĭhĭ tă, submotă est, nĕgatŭr. Sum pacĭs ex- ĭnops, sīnĕ pacĕ. Pacĕ cărĕo. Nil pacĭs . Phr. Bellum sŭbĭto consurgĭt. Bellă . Discordĭă totum mundum quăttĭt. Mars rbĕ sævĭt. Omnĭă tŭmultŭ bellorum mĭ- r. *See* PUGNO. 4. *To declare war; to ace war.* Bellum, bellă cĭĕo, păro, mŏ- ccendo, infĕro, indico, Ĭnĕo, incŭtĭo, suspĭ- cesso. Armă păro, căpesso, căpĭo, sumo. mă consurgo. Armă, certamĕn mŏvĕo. Ĭnĕo. Hostes bello lăcesso, infesto martĕ n prœlĭă posco. ˘Acĭes ĭn bellă cogo, fĕro, ă suscĭto, impello. Martem ĭn *prœlĭă* mo- ĭ vĕo. Bello sollĭcĭto. Bellă sĕquŏr. ˘In bellă rŭo, me do. Bello ănĭmos accendo. ˘Acĭes, prœlĭă păro. Bello armŏr. *See* PUGNO. 5. *To be no longer at war, to put an end to war.* *See* PAX, PUGNA. 6. *Civil war.* *See* CIVILIS.

BEL(L)CŎSŬS, ă, um. *Full of huge beasts, sea-beasts especially.* Bellŭŏsŭs qui rĕmotis Obstrĕpĭt ocĕă- nus Brĭtannis. *H.* [† Monstrĭfĕr.]

BELLŬS, ă, um. 1. *Elegant, pretty* (in dispraise rather). Sed qui bellŭs hŏmo est, Cottă, pŭsil- lŭs hŏmo est. *M.* [† Vĕnustŭs, ĕlĕgans.] 2. *Fair, beautiful* (in praise). *See* PULCHER.

BELŬS, i. *m.* 1. *Belus, king of the Assyrians, the father of Ninus.* Septĭmŭs a Prisco nūmĕrātŭr ŏrĭgĭnĕ Belo. *O.* 2. *Father of Danaus.* 3. *Of Dido.*

BENACŬS, i. *m. A lake in Italy, out of which the river Mincio flows, now Lago di Garda.* Fluc- tĭbŭs et frĕmĭtu assurgens, Benacĕ, Mărino. *V.*

BĔNĔ *adv.* 1. *Well.* Qui vita bĕnĕ credăt ĕmi, quo tendĭs, hŏnorem. *V.* [† Recte, prŏbe, pul- chre, apte.] Crol. Non *or* haud mālĕ. 2. *Very, largely.* ~ nummatum. *H.* multă; cautŭs. *O.* Aurum ~ præbĕo. *Pl.* [† Multum, large, val- de.] 3. *Happily, prosperously.* ~ vertăt Dĕŭs. ~ prævenisti. [† Fauste, prosperĕ, &c.]

BĔNĔDICO, *or* BĔNĔ DICO, ĭs. 1. *To speak well of a person, to praise.* Nec tĭbĭ cessaret doctus bĕnĕdicĕrĕ lectŏr. *O.* *See* LAUDO. 2. *To speak words of good omen.* [† Bonă verbă.] *See* FA- VEO.

BĔNĔFĂCĬO, *or* BĔNĔ FĂCĬO, ĭs. 1. *To do right, do well, do gloriously.* Si chartæ sĭlĕant, quod bĕnĕ fecĕrĭs. *H.* [† Præclare făcĭo, gĕro.] 2. *To do good to any one, to oblige.* [† Jŭvo.] Crol. Bĕnĕ mĕrĕor de. Offĭcĭă confĕro. 3. ~ mĭhĭ. *To indulge, enjoy oneself.* Sĭbĭ făcĭăt bĕnĕ. *Pl.* Crol. ˘Anĭmo obsĕquŏr. Gĕnĭo indulgĕo. *See* ANIMUS, GENIUS.

BĔNĔFACTUM, i. *n.* 1. *A noble deed, exploit.* Cim- brorumquĕ mĭnas et bĕnĕfactă Mări. *Pp.* [† Præclare factă, gestă.] *See* GESTA. 2. *A good deed done, a service rendered.* *See* BENEFICIUM.

BĔNĔFĬCĬUM, ĭi. *n. A benefit.* Noli impŭtarĕ va- num bĕnĕfĭcĭum mĭhi. *Ph.* [† Bĕnĕfactum, of- fĭcĭum, mĕrĭtum munŭs.] *See* OFFICIUM.

BĔNĔFĬCŬS, ă, um. *Beneficent. Pl.* [† Bĕnignŭs, largŭs, liberalĭs, munĭfĭcŭs. *See* LARGUS.

BĔNĔVŎLENTĬA, æ. *f. Benevolence, good-will. Ter.* Dulcemquĕ spontĕ præstat bĕnĕvŏlentĭam. *Ph.* [† Stŭdĭum, ămŏr, gratĭă.] *See* AMICITIA.

BĔNĔVŎLŬS, ă, um. *Kindly disposed, benevolent. Ter.* [† Bĕnĕvŏlens, stŭdĭosŭs, ămicŭs, făcĭlĭs, făvens, pronŭs.] *See* BENEVOLENTIA.

BĔNIGNE. *adv.* 1. *Kindly, graciously.* (Bĕnignŭs.) 2. *Abundantly.* Cornă ~ ferrĕ. *H.* ~-ĭŭs depro- mĕrĕ mĕrum. *H.*

BĔNIGNĬTAS, atĭs. *f.* 1. *Kindness, goodness.* (Bĕ- nignus.) [† Bŏnĭtas, clementĭă, bĕnĕvŏlentĭă.] *See* BONITAS. 2. Us. *Liberality, generosity.* Sătĭs me ~ tŭă ditavĭt. *H.* *See* LIBERALI- TAS.

BĔNIGNŬS, ă, um. 1. *Benevolent, kind.* Accĭpĭt in Teucros ănĭmum mentemquĕ bĕnignam. *V.* [† Bŏnŭs, pronŭs, făcĭlĭs, făvens.] *See* FAVENS. 2. *Favorable, happy.* ~ dĭes. *St.* [† Faustŭs, felix.] 3. *Gentle, merciful.* [† Mitĭs, lenĭs, cle- mens, comĭs, humanŭs.] 4. *Bountiful, fruit- ful.* Magnas messes terrā bĕnignā dărĕt. *Tib.* ~ ăgĕr. *O.* Ingĕni ~-ă venā. *H.* [† Fĕrax, fertĭ- lĭs, fecundŭs, largŭs.] 5. *Abundant.* Est illi prædā ~-ă lĕpŭs. *O.* [† ˘Abundans, largŭs, fe- cundŭs, dĭves, ŏpimŭs.] 6. Sts. *Agreeable.* ~ sermo. *H.*

BĔO, as. 1. *To make happy.* Munĕrĕ ~. H. Cœ- lo musă bĕat (vĭrum). *H.* Crol. Bĕatum, felĭ-

cem efficĭo, reddo. **2.** *To enrich.* Lātĭum ~ divĭtē lingua. *H.* [† Dito.]

Bĕrĕcyntĭus, ă, um. **1.** *Berecynthian; of Mount Berecynthus in Phrygia; of* or *relating to Cybele, as worshipped there.* Gaudetquē mālo Bĕrĕcyntĭūs heros. *O.* **2.** Bĕrĕcyntĭă matēr, *or abs.* Bĕrĕcyntĭă. Cybĕlē. *O. See* Cybele.

Bĕrĕnicæus, ă, um. *Of Berenice, a queen of Egypt, the daughter of Ptolemy Philadelphus, whose hair was changed into a constellation.* E Bĕrĕnicæo vertĭcē cæsărĭem. *Cat.*

Berylluus, i. *m. The beryl, a precious stone.* Et sŏlĭtum dĭgĭto beryllŏn ădedĕrāt ignis. *Pp. See* Gemma.

Bes, bessis. *m.* **1.** *Eight ounces, eight parts out of twelve; = two-thirds.* **2.** *The number eight. M.*

Bestĭa, æ. *f.* **1.** *A brute-beast.* [† Fĕrā, jumentum, pĕcŭs, ănĭmăl, brutum.] **2.** *A term of abuse. Cat.*

Betă, æ. *f. or* Betis, is. *f. Beet-root.* Fabrorum prandĭā betæ. *M.*

Bethania. Bĕthānia (*Prud.*).

Bĕthlĕem, Bĕthleem, Bĕthlem, *and* Bethlĕhema, Bethlema, Bethle. *Eccl. Bethlehem, in Judea.* **Crol.** Davidis natalē sŏlum. Jesseæ mœnĭā Bethles. Christi natalis urbs. Urbs Bethlemĭcā. Parvā Bethles tectā. **Ep.** Sanctā, felix, augustā, clarā, vĕnĕrandā, cŏlendā.

Bĕthlĕemicus, Bĕthlemicus, Bĕthlĕus, ă, um. *Eccl. Of Bethlehem*, adj.

Bethlemita, æ. *m. One of Bethlehem.* [† Bethlĕmĭtā.]

Bethsaida. *Ar.*

Bibliŏpola, æ. *m. A bookseller.* Bibliŏpolā Trŷphon. *M.*

Bibliŏthecă, æ. *f. A library.* Bibliŏthecā căpit. *M.* **Ep.** Doctā, plenā, rĕfertā. **Crol.** Sedes (lŏcŭs, lŏcā, angŭlŭs) Cāmœnis sācrā.

Biblŏs, *or* Biblus, i. *f. The papyrus* or *Egyptian flag, whence was made the paper of the ancients.* Nondum flumĭnēns Memphis contexĕrĕ biblos Novĕrāt. *L. See* Papyrus.

Bibo, is, bĭbi, bĭbĭtum. **1.** *To drink.* Exĭgŭus tĕnĕro lac bĭbĭt orĕ pŭĕr. *O.* [† Poto, haurio, ebĭbo, combĭbo, duco, trăho; *sts.* perpoto, potĭto.] **Crol.** Sĭtim exstinguo, restinguo, lĕvo, rĕlĕvo, sedo, placo, sisto, explĕo, pello, depello, vinco, fŭgo, dŏmo, finĭo, depono, compesco, solŏr, defendo, rĕcrĕo, averto, prŏhĭbĕo.] **2.** *To drink from a fountain* or *a river.* ˘Aquam (fontem, amnem, flumĭnā) poto (bĭbo, haurio, libo). Sĭtim ăqua (unda, undis, lymphis, fontē, flŭvĭo) restinguo, sedo, &c. Sĭtim de fontē lĕvo. Ex fontē bĭbo. Fluctus orē accĭpio. ˘Aqua os *or* orā spargo (tingo, rĭgo, collŭo). Faucĭbŭs ăquam (lăcus) haurio. Fons potum (pocŭlā) mĭnistrāt (largitŭr, dăt). Summo de fontē lymphas haurio. Fontē lăbrā prolŭo. Fontĭbŭs orā admŏvĕo. Haustis undis sĭtim lĕvo. ˘Aquas ardenti faucē trăho, duco. Sĭtim flŭvĭo pello; s. lymphæ copĭa finĭo. Sĭtim flŭvĭo averto (sălĭentē rivo restinguo, gĕlĭdo fontē lĕvo). Arĭdā orā ăqua lăvo. Lymphis guttŭrā adspergo. Lymphis a fontē pĕtitis orā rĭgo. **Phr.** *Animals coming for water.* ˘Ad pocŭlā (ăd vicini fontis undam) sĭtim deposĭtŭri (gĕlĭdos lĭquores poturi, *or* exhausto flumĭnē æstum victuri) vĕnĭunt (prŏpĕrant &c.). **3.** *To drink wine. See* Vinum. **4.** ~ nomĕn, *to drink a health* (with acc. of pers.). Nomĕn ūtrumquē bĭbam. *M. Pass.* Nævĭā, Justinā bĭbĭtŭr. *M. See* Propino. **5.** *Used of the earth and plants, and* fig. *of whatever is imbibed by the mind,* &c. ~-It hortŭs. *O.* arcŭs (*rainbow*); crŭorem hastā. *V.* ~-unt vĭŏlarĭā; pratā. *V.* ~-It ămorem (Dido). *V.* aurĕ (vulgŭs). *H.* mores (*pŭĕr*). [† Ebĭbo, combĭbo, adbĭbo, haurio.]

Bibŭlus, ă, um. **1.** *Given to drink* (Angl. *a soaker*). Bibŭlum lĭquĭdi mĕdĭa de noctē Fālerni. *H.* Potores ~-i. *H. See* Bibax. **2.** *Used of things which take in, imbibe liquid easily.* Tingĕrĕ bibŭlas lanas murĭcē *O.* ~ fāvillā. *V.* &c. **3.** Fig. *Eager to hear.* Pŏpŭli ~-as aures. *Per.* Mens ~. [† ˘Avĭdŭs.]

Biceps, cĭpĭtis. **1.** *Two-headed.* Janē bĭceps, anni tăcĭte labentis imago. *O.* [† Bĭfrons.] **2.** *Having two peaks* or *summits.* ~ Parnassŭs. *Per.* [† Bĭvertex.]

Bicŏlŏr, ŏris. *Of two colours.* Bĭcŏlorĭbŭs obstā baccis. *O.* [† Vărĭŭs.] **Crol.** Gĕmĭno cŏlorē distinctŭs, insignis.

Bicornigĕr, ĕri. *m.* **1.** *Two-horned; a name of Bacchus.* Ut quas pampĭnēa tĕtĭgissē Bĭcornigĕr hasta Credĭtŭr. *O.* **2.** *Having two horns*, adj. [Bĭcornis.] *See* B.

Bicornis, ĕ. *Having two horns.* Fauniquē bĭcornes. *O.* Rhenŭs ~. *V.* Furcas ~-es exăcŭĕrĕ. *V.* Siděrum regĭnā ~ (lunā). *H.*

Bicorpŏr, ŏris. *Having two bodies.* Placavĭt, hæc bĭcorpŏrem afflixĭt mānum. *Vet. Poet. ap. Cic.*

Bidens, tis. *adj.* **1.** *Having two teeth;* hence, *two years old* (used of persons or things, *fig.*). Ferroquē mānus armatā bĭdenti (forĭcē). *V.* (*Ciris.*) **2.** Subst. m. *A hoe with two teeth for breaking clods.* Glebā versis frangendā bĭdentĭbŭs. *V.* [† Ligo.] **Ep.** Vălĭdŭs, durŭs. *See* Ligo, Aro. **3.** Subst. f. *A two-year-old sheep;* mly *for sacrifice.* Mactarē ritē bĭdentes. *V.* **4.** Gen. *A sheep. See* Ovis.

Bidentāl, ālis. *n. A place struck by lightning; so called from the sheep* (bidens) *offered for purification.* Tristē jăces lucis evitandumquē bĭdentāl. **Ep.** Tristē, horrendum, sācrum, pĭum, septum.

Biduum, i. *n. The space of two days.* Nĭhĭl hercle; aut si ăděo, bidŭi est, aut tridŭi (*Ter. And.* ii. 6, 9). Cursus cărinæ bidŭo et bĭnoctĭo est (*Arcæ.*).

Biennium, ii. *n. The space of two years. Ter.*

Bifĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum (*fr.* bis *and* fero.) **1.** *Bearing twice a year.* Bĭfĕriquē rŏsarĭā Pæsti. *V.* **Crol.** Bis fructĭbŭs utĭlis. **2.** (*Fr.* bis *and* fero.) *Having two forms.* Bĭfĕro Centauri corpŏrē. *Manil.*

Bifidus, ă, um. *Cleft, divided in two.* Bĭfĭdosquē rĕlinquit Rimā pĕdes. *O.* Itĕr ~. *V. Fl.* [† Bĭfurcŭs.]

Bifŏris, ĕ. **1.** *Having two doors*, or *folding-doors*, or *wings.* Argenti bĭfŏres rādĭabant lumĭnē valvæ. ~ fĕnestrā. *O.* [† Bĭpātens.] **2.** *Having two apertures, holes;* sts. *egress.* ~ tibĭæ cantŭs. *V.* ~ tibĭā. *Cat.*

Biformis, ĕ. **1.** *Two-formed.* Janē bĭformis? *O.* [† Bĭfrons.] **2.** *Uniting two natures in one.* Proles ~-is (Minotaurŭs). *V.* ~-is Nessŭs. *O.* [† Bĭmembris, bĭcorpŏr.]

Bifrons, tis. *Having two faces* (heads). Janiquē bĭfrontis imago. *V.* [† Bĭformis, bĭceps, gĕmĭnŭs, anceps.]

Bifurcus, ă, um. *Forked.* Ramum prĭŏr illē bĭfurcum Gessĕrāt. *O.* [† Bĭfĭdŭs.]

Bigæ, arum. *f. pl.* **1.** *A chariot with two horses.* Et nox atrā pŏlum bigis subvectā tĕnebāt. *V.* [† Bĭjŭges, bĭjŭgi; *sts.* currŭs.] **Crol.** Currŭs bĭjŭgŭs. Currus bĭjŭges *or* bĭjŭgi. *See* Currus. **2.** *Found latterly in the sing.* Tollĭt, ŏlorinaquē jŭbet considĕrĕ biga. *St.*

Bijŭges, um, *and more freq.* Bijŭgi, orum. *n. pl. Two horses harnessed abreast; a carriage with two horses.* Intĕrĕa bĭjŭgis infert se Lucăgŭs albis. *V.* Admŏnŭit bĭjŭgos. *V.* [† Bigæ.]

Bijŭgis, ĕ, *and* Bijŭgus, ă, um. **1.** *Drawn by two horses*, or *other animals, yoked two together.* Martis ĕqui bĭjŭgēs. *V.* ~-i lĕones. *V.* serpentes. *V. Fl.* ~-ŭs currŭs. *Sil.* ~-es lynces. *O.* **2.** *Chariot*, adj. (chariot-race.) Bĭjŭgo certa-

V. 3. Fig. in pl. *Twin, associate*, adj. ...ices. *Cl.*

...s (*and perhaps* BILĬBRIS. *Pl. Mil.* 3, 2, ...*f two pounds' weight* or *measure*. Mul... bĭlibrem. *M.*

...ĭs, ĕ. 1. *Having two tongues; speaking ...guages.* Cănŭsini morĕ bĭlinguis. *H.* 2. *...alse* (double-tongued). Tyrĭos ~-es. *V.* ...ŏclos. *Sil. See* MENDAX.

...*f.* 1. *Bile.* Qui purgor bilem sub verni ...is horam. *H.* Ep. ˘Amarā, atrā, nĭgrā. ...*Ill-temper, anger.* Difficĭli ~ ĕ tŭmerĕ; ...ĕ ~-em. *H.* Pĕr lăcrŭmas ~-em effun... *V.* Vĭtrĕā ~ turgescĭt. *Pers. See* IRA.

...cĭs. 1. *Of double texture.* 2. ~ lorică, ...*de coat of mail.* Rumpitque infixā bĭli...cricam. *V. See* TRILIX.

...ĭs, ĕ. *Lasting two lustra*, or *ten years.* ...spĕrātā bĭlustri. *O.* [† Dĕcennis.] Crel. ...nā lustrā mănens. *See* ANNUS.

...s, ĕ. *Between* or *belonging to two seas.* Bĭ...lauduntŭr ăb isthmo. *O.* ~ Cŏrinthŭs. *H.* ...estum. *L.* Crel. Intĕr binā æquŏrā. Gĕ...nāri cinctŭs. Fluctĭbŭs adversis fractŭs. ...THMUS.

...ĭs, matris. *Having two mothers: an epi...Bacchus.* Solumquĕ bĭmatrem. *O.*

...ĭs, ĕ. 1. *Having limbs of two natures; of a twofold nature.* Egrĕgĭum, sanctum...tum si cerno bĭmembri Hoc monstrum (compăro). *J.* [† Bĭformis.] 2. *Used ...d subst. of the Centaurs.* ~ Centauri. *O.* ...verĕ ~ vulnĕrā. *O.* Nubĭgĕnæ ~. *V.*

...ĭs. *Two months old.* Curabis et porco ...ri. *H.*

..., um. *Two years old.* Tum vĭtŭlus bima ...s jam cornŭā frontĕ. *V.* ~ nix. *O.* mĕ...*V.* [† Bimŭlus, *dim.*]

...ĭ. 1. *Two* (of things usually going two ...er); *a pair, a couple.* Binæ aures &c. *V.* ...mpŏrā. *O.* Bŏves ~-i. *Pl.* [† Gĕmĭni.] ...*gen.* Binos ălĭt ubĕrĕ fetus. *V.* ~ hasti...umā. *O.* [† Dŭo, gĕmĭni.] *See* DUO. ...*found in sing.* ~ sūpellex. *Lr.* [† Gĕmĭ...plex.]

...ĭs, ĕ. *Having two names.* Stat vĕtŭs urbs ...cinā bĭnomĭnis Istri. *O.* Ascănĭi ~-is. *O.* ...Hĕmĭni nomĭnis. Gĕmĭno sub nomĭnĕ.

...TO, or BIPERTITO. *In two parts, in two* ...Secta bĭpertito quem mens &c. *O. from* ...TUS, or BIPERTITUS, ă, um. *Divided in ...ery late* (*Sid. Ep.* 9, 16, 3).

...ĭs, tis. *Having folding doors, opening ...and left.* Portis ălĭi bĭpătentibŭs adsunt. ...Bĭfŏres.]

...ĭs, ĕ. *That which measures two feet.* Ad ...um totus mŏdŭli bĭpĕdalis. *H.*

...RĬS, erā, ĕrum. *Carrying an axe.* Osā ...lĭĕri sic sunt &c. *O.* [† Sĕcurĭgĕr.]

...ĭs, ĕ. *adj. Having two edges.* Ferro sŏnăt ...penni. *V.*

...ĭs, is. *subst. f. A double-edged axe.* Vălĭ...vites molirĕ bĭpennem. *V.* Durā ~-i li...berrumpĕrĕ. *V.* (Arbŏres) tonderĕ bĭpen... *H.* (*Abl.* bipenne *found in Tib.*) [† Sĕ... *See* SECURIS.

...dĭs. *Having two feet.* (Bĭpes, *Aus.*) Et bĭpĕdum curru metitur équorum. *V.* Bĭ...ăscellum. *J.* ~ mensā. *M.*

...s, is. *f. A ship with two rows of oars.* Gĕ...quĕ lĕgit de classĕ bĭremes.

...*Twice.* ˘Tum bis ăd occasum, bis se con...ĭd austrum. *V.* [† ˘Itĕrum.] 2. *Often be...other noun of number.* ~ quinos dies. *V.* ~ seni. *V.* ~ seno dĭe. *St.* centum corpŏ... 3. *For the second time (rare). M.*

BISON, ontis. *m. A bison; species of wild bull.* Illi cessĭt ătrox bubălŭs atquĕ bison. *M.*

BISTŌNĬS, um. *m. pl. and* BISTŌNIDÆ, orum. *m. pl. A name of the Thracians.* Bistŏnĕs, aut mĕdĭæ ponunt convallĭbŭs Ossæ. *St.* Non tĭbĭ Bistŏnĭdæ &c. *V. Fl. See* THRACES.

BISTŌNIA. *Thrace.* BISTŌNIS, Idŏs *or* Ĭdis. *f. and* BISTŌNĬCUS, ă, um. *Thracian.* Bistŏnis ingĕnĭo terrā sŭperbā tŭo. *O.* ~ alĕs. *Sen.* Fessăquĕ Bistŏnĭa membrā lăvabis ăqua. *O. See* THRACIUS.

BISTŌNIDES, um. *f. pl. The Bacchanalians.* Nodo cŏerces vipĕrino Bistŏnĭdum sānĕ fraudĕ crines. *H.*

BISULCUS, ă, um. *Cloven, forked.* Pĕdĕ pulsa...verĕ bĭsulco. *O.* ~ lingŭā. *O.* [† Bĭfurcŭs, bĭ...fĭdŭs.]

BITHYNIA, æ. *f. Bithynia, a country of Asia Minor.* Thyni Thracĕs ĕrant, quæ nunc Bithynĭā fertŭr. *Cl.*

BITHYNĬCUS, ă, um. *J.* BITHYNUS, ă, um, *and* BITHYNIS, Idis. *f. Bithynian.* Donec Bithyno lĭbĕat vĭgĭlarĕ tyranno. *J.* Inăchŭs in Mĕlĭe Bithynĭdĕ pallĭdŭs issĕ Dicĭtŭr. *O.*

BITUMĔN, ĭnis. *n. Bitumen, a black inflammable substance.* Incendĕ bĭtumĭnĕ lauros. *V.* Ep. Nigrum, atrum, lĭquĭdum, tĕnax, fumans.

BITUMINĔUS, ă, um. *Of bitumen.* Sivĕ bĭtumĭnĕa răpĭunt incendĭā vires. *O.*

BIVERTEX, ĭcis. *Having two summits.* ~ Parnassŭs. *St.* [† Bĭceps.]

BIVIUM, ii. *n.* 1. *A place where two ways meet.* Qui pătĕt in bĭvio portæ &c. (lŏcŭs). *O.* Crel. Bĭvii calles. Bĭfĭdum ĭtĕr. Bĭfĭdŭs tramĕs. Bĭfĭdi mĕatŭs. ˘Itĕr dŭplex. Bĭviæ fauces. ˘Itĕr anceps, ambĭgŭum. Qua vĭā se ĭn ambas partes findĭt. Qua calles ambĭgŭos semĭtā pandĭt. 2. Fig. *Doubt, perplexity.* ˘In bĭvio distĭnĕatŭr ămŏr. *O.*

BIVIUS, ă, um. *Double, going in two directions.* Ut bĭvias obsidam millĭĕ fauces. *V.* ~-o rĕfĭdŭs manamĭnĕ. *Aus.* ~ calles. *V. Fl.* [† Bĭfĭdŭs, gĕmĭnŭs, dŭplex.]

BLÆSUS, ă, um. *Stuttering, lisping.* Reddebas blæso tam bĕnĕ verbā sŏno. *O.* [† Balbŭs.]

BLANDE. *adv. Blandly, mildly, sweetly; and* BLANDĬUS, *comp. H.* ~ resplicĕrĕ. *St.* fāteri. *M.* [† Suavĭtĕr, comĭtĕr, plăcĭdĕ, lenĭtĕr.]

BLANDILŌQUUS, ă, um (*and* BLANDILŌQUENTIA, æ. *f. Enn.*). *Soft in speech; a flatterer.* [† Blandŭs.]

BLANDIMENTUM, i. *n.* Us. pl. *Caressings, coaxings.* Cui blandimentā prĕcesquĕ &c. *O.* [† Blandĭtiæ.]

BLANDIŌR, īris. *To caress, court, flatter.* Postĭbŭs et duræ supplex blandirĕ pŭellæ. *O.* Cauda tĕnĕris blandĭtur ălumnis. *O.* [† ˘Adulŏr, mulcĕo, palpo *or* palpŏr, assentŏr.] Crel. Blandis dictis mulcĕo, căpio, fallo, decĭpio, capto, ădĕo, aggrĕdĭŏr. Blandĭtĭas addo, ădhĭbĕo, dico. Blandis vocĭbŭs utŏr. Dŏlosas blandĭtĭas necto.

BLANDITIÆ, arum. *f. pl. Caressings, coaxings, cajoleries.* [† Blandimentā, delenimentā; *sts.* illĭcĕbræ.] Ep. Dulces, tĕnĕræ, molles, suaves, mellitæ, argutæ, fictæ, mendaces, dŏlosæ. Crel. Blandā (dulcĭā, mitissĭmā) verbā, dictā. Blandæ voces. Blandi sŏni. Verbā aures mulcentĭā, jŭvantĭā. Vox blanditā. [*The sing. is unusual, but* Arguta rĕfĕrens carmĭnā blandĭtĭa. *Pp.*]

BLANDŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Blandus. *See* BLANDUS. ˘Anĭmŭlā văgŭlā, blandŭlā. *Adrian. apud Spart.*

BLANDUS, ă, um. 1. *Caressing, loving.* Inquĕ pătris blandis hærens cervicĕ lăcertis. *O.* 2. *Gentle, harmless, tame.* ~-a jŭbæ (lĕonum); ~

sub vincŭlă tigres. *Cl.* cănis. *V.* [† Mitĭs, mansuetŭs.] Fig. 3. *Pleasant to hear, flattering, persuasive in voice* or *manner.* Ut pŭĕris dant crustŭlă blandi Doctores. *H.* Prĕcĕ ∾-a. ∾-is măgistri laudĭbŭs. *V.* ∾-æ mendaclă linguæ. *O.* [† Dulcĭs, mitĭs, lenĭs, gratŭs, jucundŭs, suavĭs.] 4. *With gen.* ∾ prĕcum (~Ulysses). *St.* 5. *With inf.* ∾ ducĕrĕ quercus fĭdĭbŭs. *H.*

Blasphemĭa, æ. *f. and* **Blasphemium**, ĭi. *n. Blasphemy; and* **Blasphemo**, *To blaspheme.* **Blasphemŭs**, ă, um. *Blasphemous* (βλασφημέω, &c.). *Eccl.*

Blătĕro, as. *To chatter, babble, talk idly and loudly,* &c. Quum magno blătĕras clamorĕ fŭgisquĕ. *H.* [† Blătĭo, effutĭo, garrĭo, nugŏr.] *See* Garrio.

Blattă, æ. *f.* 1. *A mite, a book-worm, a clothes-moth.* Lucĭfŭgis congestă cŭbillă blattis. *V.* Blattarum et tĭnĕarum ĕpŭlæ (vestĭs). *H.* 2. *Purple.* (*Later Latin.*) Blattam Tyrŭs, ærâ Cŏrinthŏs. *Eccl.* [† Blattĕă.] Ep. Rŭtĭlă, bĭs coctă.

Blĭtum, i. *n. A pot-herb; strawberry-blite. Pl.*

Bŏarĭŭs, ă, um. *Of or en.* **Bŏarium Fŏrum.** *Or market-place, at Rome.* Arvăquĕ mugitu sancitĕ Bŏarĭă longo. *Pp.*

Bocchŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A king of Mauritania.* Antiqui pĕnĕtralĭă dirŭtă Bocchi. *Cl.* 2. *A plant so called.* Bocchŭs, Lĭbyæ regis mĕmŏr. *V. Culex.* (*Some have supposed a reference to this plant in Virgil's words,* Flores inscripti nomina regum.)

Bœbe, es. *f. and* **Bœbeĭs**, ĭdŏs. *f. A lake in Thessaly.* Sanctis Bœbeĭdŏs undis. *Pp.* Hence—**Bœbeĭŭs**, *and* **Bœbĭcĭŭs**, ă, um. *Thessalian.* Proles Bœbeĭă gustu. *V. Fl.* Bœbĭcĭo vomĕrĕ. *L.*

Bœoti, orum. *m. pl. The people of Bœotia.* Bœotum in crasso jurares aĕrĕ natos. *H.*

Bœotĭa, æ. *f. Bœotia, a province of Greece.* Quĕrĭtur Bœotĭă Dircen. *O.* [† Aŏnĭă, Hyantĭs.] **Crol.** Bœotĭcă (Hyantĭă, Aŏnĭs, Cadmeĭs, Ogygĭă) tellus, terrâ.

Bœotĭŭs, *and* **Bœotŭs**, ă, um. *Bœotian. Pp. O.* (Bœotĭă.) [† Aŏnĭŭs, Hyantĭŭs, Ogygĭŭs, Cadmeĭŭs, Cadmeŭs.]

Boletŭs, i. *m. A mushroom.* Sunt tĭbĭ boleti &c. *M.*

Bombŭs, i. *m. The humming of bees; any sound* (deep and loud). Aut rĕbŏant raucum retro cĭtă cornŭă bombum. *Lr.* Efflarĕ cornŭă raucĭsŏnis ∾-is. *Cat.* ∾ pĕdum. *Enn. See* Canor, Sonus.

Bombycĭnŭs, ă, um. 1. *Silken, of silk.* Pannicŭlus bombycĭnŭs urĭt. *J.* [† Serĭcŭs.] 2. **Bombycĭnă**, orum. *n. pl. Silk stuffs* or *dresses.* Lucĕt pĕr bombycĭnă corpŭs. *M.* [† Serĭcă.]

Bombyx, ycĭs. *m.* 1. *A silk-worm. M.* Ep. Indĭcŭs, industrĭŭs, solers, artĭfex, pendŭlŭs.] 2. *Silk.* Arăbĭo lucĕt bombycĕ (*of a woman*). *Pp.* [† Serĭcă, bombycĭnă.] *See* Ser, Sericum.

Bŏnă dĕa. *A Roman goddess so called, whose worship was confined to women.* Sacrâ Bŏnæ mărĭbus non ăděundâ dĕæ. *Tib.* Bŏnæ secretâ dĕæ. *J.*

Bŏni, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *The good among men.* Oderunt peccarĕ bŏni virtutĭs ămorĕ. *H.* 2. Sts. *Those of good birth.* Bŏnam bŏnis prognatam. *Ter.* 3. *The rich.* Est mĭsĕrorum . . . ŭt invĭdĕant bŏnis. *Pl.*

Bŏnĭtas, atĭs. *f.* 1. *Goodness* (in quality). Sivĕ quŏd inducti terræ bŏnĭtatĕ, vŏlebant &c. *Lr.* ∾ ăquæ. *Ph.* 2. *Goodness, kindness.* ∾ dĕi. *O.* [† Bĕnignĭtas, clementĭă, comĭtas, făcĭlĭtas, lenĭtas, humanĭtas.] Ep. Mitĭs, clemens, indulgens, ămică, plă. Crol. ~Anĭmŭs mitĭs, clemens, *bĕnignŭs. Mens* bĕnignâ. Plĭ sensus. *M.*

Bŏnonĭă, æ. *f. A town in Italy, now Bologna.* Ocni priscâ dŏmus parviquĕ Bŏnonĭă Rheni. *Sil.*

Bŏnum, i. *n.* 1. *The good; goodness; right.* Et quid sit naturâ bŏni, summumquĕ quid ejŭs. *H.* [† Rectum, hŏnestum, virtus.] 2. *Good, gain, advantage.* ∾ communĕ. *Lr.* frĭgĭlĭ (formâ). *O.* vita jucundĭŭs (vindictâ). *J.* [† Commŏdum, utĭlĭtas.] 3. *Pl.* **Bŏnă**, orum. *Advantages, good fortune.* O fortunatos nĭmĭum, sŭă si ∾-ă norint, Agrĭcŏlas! *V. See* Felicitas. 4. *Goods, riches. See* Divitiæ. 5. *Good qualities; mind* or *body.* ∾ ănĭmi. *J.* corpŏrĭs. *O.* [† Dotes; vires.]

Bŏnŭs, ă, um. *comp.* **Mĕlĭŏr**, ŭs. *sup.* **Optĭmŭs**, ă, um. 1. *Good, of a good quality.* Sunt bŏnă, sunt quædam mĕdĭocrĭă, sunt mălă plurâ. *M.* ∾ cŏlŏr. *O.* famâ. *H.* [† Prŏbŭs.] 2. *Good, virtuous.* Vĭr ∾ ac săpĭens. *H.* [† Prŏbŭs, rectŭs, intĕgĕr, hŏnestŭs.] *See* Boni, Probus. 3. *Good, just.* ∾ causâ. *O.* Dux causæ mĕlĭorĭs. *L. See* Justus. 4. *Good, kind.* ∾ vultŭs. *O.* atquĕ bĕnignŭs. *H.* [† Bĕnignŭs, mitĭs, clemens, făcĭlĭs.] *See* Benignus. 5. *Good, skilful.* ∾-i ambo (*one in one art, and one in another*). *V.* Lingua mĕlĭŏr (Drances). *V.* ∾ pŏetă. *M. See* Peritus. 6. *Good for, fit for.* ∾-ă bello (cornŭs). *V.* Nonâ fŭgæ mĕlĭŏr (dĭes). Optĭmâ frumentis (tellus). *V. See* Aptus. 7. *Noble, of good birth.* ∾-am ∾-is prognatam. *Ter.* ∾-o gĕnĕrĕ natŭs. *Pl. See* Nobilis. 8. *Propitious, of good omen.* Itĕ ∾-is ăvĭbŭs. *O.* Sis ∾ ĕt felix tŭis. *V. See* Favens. 9. *Good, advantageous.* Eventus ∾-os. *O.* ∾-um atquĕ commŏdum. *Ter. See* Utilis. 10. *Good-looking.* Făcĭes ∾. *O. See* Pulcher. 11. *Good, considerable in quantity.* At ∾ pars hŏmĭnum. *H.* Mĕlĭŏr pars dĭci. *V.* ∾ coplă librorum. *H.* [† Multŭs.] 12. Bŏnă verbâ. *Words of good omen.* Nunc dicendâ ∾-o sunt ∾-ă verbâ dĭe. *O.* ∾-ă verbâ, ∾-ă verbâ, quæso (εὐφήμως). *Ter. See* Faveo. 13. Bŏnæ artes. *The fine arts. See* Ars. 14. Bŏnâ res, *or* Bŏnæ res. *Prosperity. See* Felicitas.

Bŏo, as. *To cry out, to resound.* Reddĕ mĕum, toto vocĕ bŏantĕ fŏro. *O.* [† Rĕbŏo, rĕsŏno, mugĭo.]

Bŏotes, æ. *m. Bootes, a constellation. C. D.* Mittet tĭbĭ signâ Bŏotes. *V.* [† Arctŏphylax, Arcturŭs, Plaustrum, Arcăs.] **Crol.** Bŏotæ plaustrum, plaustrâ. Ursæ glăcĭalĭs custos. Hyperbŏrĕæ u. portĭtŏr. Sidŭs Hyperbŏrĕum. Pŏli signum glăcĭalĕ. Tardŭs sub astris Arcăs. Ep. Arctoŭs, Hyperbŏrĕŭs, Scythĭcŭs, frigĭdŭs, gĕlĭdŭs, glăcĭalĭs, tardŭs, pĭgĕr, Iners; frĭzŏrĕ Arctoo rĭgens; plaustri glăcĭalĭs prŏpinquŭus. Phr. (Bŏotes) plaustrum *or* plaustrâ (Arctĭcă, lucĭdâ, sŭă) sĕquĭtŭr (obliquo temonĕ flectĭt, sĕnex rĕgit, ăquis [cærŭlĕis] immunĭs versăt).

Bŏrĕas, æ. *m.* 1. *Boreas. C. D.* 2. *The north wind.* Ecce autem Bŏrĕas angusta a sedĕ Pĕlori. *V.* [† ~Aquĭlo.] Ep. Arctoŭs, Scythĭcŭs, Threĭcŭs, Thracĭŭs; gĕlĭdŭs, hibernŭs, nĭvosŭs, nĭvalĭs, nimbosŭs, grăvĭs; sævŭs, Iniquŭs, fŭrens, trux, vŏlĕntŭs, præceps, răpidŭs. Nimbis incumbens; glăcĭe (nĭvali) hispĭdŭs; hyperbŏrĕis ăb orĭs densŭs; hyĕmes (arĭdâ nubĭlâ) secum fĕrens (diffĕrens, spargens). *See* Ventus. Crol. Bŏrĕæ, ăquĭlonĭs vis, răbĭes, fŭrŏr, flatŭs, impĕtŭs, alæ, pennæ, frigŭs, glăcĭales auræ. Bŏrĕalĭă flamĭnâ *or* flabrâ. Rĭgĭdi ăquĭlonĭs flabrâ. 3. *The North.* Bŏrĕæ de partĕ. *V.* [† ~Aquĭlo, septentrĭo.] *See* Zona. 4. Hence, *Winter; a storm. See* Hiems, Tempestas.

Bŏreus, ă, um (Βόρειος, Bŏrĕŭs, *Prisc.*). *Northern.* Vitâ, prŏcul pătrĭa, pĕrăgendâ sub axĕ bŏreo.

Bŏrĕăllĭs, hȳperbŏrĕŭs, Arctoŭs, ăquĭlo-
hence also, glăcĭălĭs, gĕlĭdŭs, nĭvălĭs.]
IĒNĪDÆ, arum. *m. pl. A people on the of the Borysthenes.* Gloria ăd hibernos latā
hēnīdas. *Pp.*
IĒNĪCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to the henes. O.*
ĭs. *m. pl.* BŎVES, bŏum, bobŭs *or* bubŭs. ox or *bull.* Bos ărĕt; ignavum sacrĭfĭcatē *O.* Mugitusquē bŏum. *V.* Pāternā rurā exercet sŭis. *H.* Littŏrā bubŭs ăras. *O.* rŭs, jŭvencŭs.] **Ep.** Torvŭs, mĭnax, fĕ-ŏcĭlĭs, pătĭens, durŭs, vălĭdŭs, robustŭs, innŏcŭŭs, plăcĭdŭs, lentŭs, tardŭs, pĭgĕr, ăgrĭcŏlă. **Crcl.** Errantes mugĭentĭum *H.* *See* ARO. 2. *A cow.* Si bos edē-um. *J.* Intactæ bŏves. *H.* [? Vaccă, jŭ-] *See* VACCA. 3. Lucas bos. *See* LUCAS

, orum. *n. pl.* = Bospŏrŭs. Et mŏdo Pom-ospŏrā captā mănu. *Pp.* (*So* Tænara, Is-Mænala, *and* Tænarus, &c.; *the term. in*) *See* BOSPORUS.
ĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of the Bosphorus.* Egĕrĭt Iŏnĭo loquē mări. *O.* [? Bospŏranŭs.]
s, *and* BOSPŎRŬS, i. *m. The Bosphorus.* gĕmentis littŏrā Bospŏri. *H.* (*The spell-sphor- is incorrect; though* 'Bosphorus' *e the English name. The Thracian Bos- and the Cimmerian must not be con-t; in the Latin poets the former is always*) [? Bospŏrā, orum.]
See BUBILE.
etter than BRACCA, æ. *f. and us.* BRACÆ, *pl. A kind of breeches.* Pellĭbŭs et latis mălĕ frigŏrā bracis. *O.*
ĭs, ă, um. 1. *A wearer of the* bracæ. .) Bracatăquē turbā Gĕtarum. *O.* ~-i arcŭs. *Pp.* 2. BRACATI, orum. *m. pl. rals.* Ut Bracatorum pŭĕri, Sĕnŏnumquē a. *J.*
LUM, i. *n. dim. of* Brachium. Mittē bra-m tĕrĕs. *Cat.*
UM, ĭi. *n.* Us. BRACHIA, orum. *pl.* 1. *An rms.* Pugno præfregisti brachĭum. *Pl.* Il-r sese magna vi brachĭă tollunt. *V.* [? i; *sts.* ulnæ, mănŭs, *or plur.* mănus.] rmum, fortē, vălĭdum, robustum; mollē, m, candĭdum, lævē, ĕburnĕum, lactĕum. CHIA. *pl. Used of animals.* ~ contrăhĭt ia. *V.* 3. *Branches of trees.* Ramos ĕt ~ a. *V.* *See* RAMUS. Fig. 4. *Arms of the* porrexĕrăt Amphitrite. *O.* 5. *Parts of ain running out into the plain* (spurs); *ntworks of fortification; piers; any pro- from a main body; windings, branches oad,* &c. Gĕmĭno demittunt brachĭă mu-uriti scŏpŭli. *V.* ~ portus. *Cl.* Theseæ ~ vĭæ. *Pp.* 6. *Sail-yards.* Attolli malos, i ~ velis. *V.* ~ velĭfĕri mali. *St.* *See* AN-E.
ĭ, æ. *f.* 1. *A leaf of metal,* mly. *gold.* Tĕ-actĕă lignā tĕgăt. *O.* [? Bractĕŏlă. *J.*] ĭnŭĭs, lĕvĭs, fulgens, nĭtens. **Crcl.** Auri ĭ. *See* LAMINA. 2. Fig. *A gold-colour.* ĭt Hespĕrĭum bractĕă vivā pĕcŭs. *M.*
ŎLA, æ. *f. dim. of* Bractea. *J.* Qui brac-ı de Castŏrē ducăt. *J.*
ĂA, æ. *f. A cabbage.* Junco brassĭcā vinctā ?p. [? Caulĭs, crambe.] **Ep.** Mollĭs, tĕ-rĭrens, vĭrĭdĭs, pătŭlă, fătŭă.
s, i. *m. Brennus, a leader of the Gauls, ook Rome. C. D.* Torrĭdā sacrĭlĕgum te-r limĭnā Brennum. *Pp.*
dv. 1. *Soon, shortly, in a short time.* Ro-brĕvi venturŭs ĭn ōrā? *H.* [? *Mox, cĭtŏ,*) mŏdŏ, jamjam, quamprimum, momento, mature, oclŭs, extemplo, illĭcĕt. **Crcl.** Brĕvi (parvo, angusto, exĭgŭo) tempŏrĕ. ~In angusto tempŏrĕ. Paulo post *or* post paulo. Non *or* haud multo post. Nulla mŏra. Missa mŏra. Sĭnĕ mŏra. Brĕvi *or* ĭn brĕvi spătĭo. Nĕc longum. Brĕvē post tempŭs. spătĭum. Post mŏræ mĭnĭmum. Haud mŏra. Nĕc longum tempŭs, ăt &c. Nĕc longum ĭn mĕdĭo tempŭs. Dicto cĭtĭŭs, prĭŭs. Nĕc dicto segnĭŭs. Horæ momento. Aura velocĭŭs. Intra tempŏrĭs exĭgŭum. Cĕlĕri rătĭonē. *See* PROTINUS. 2. *A short time, awhile* (waiting). *O.* [? Paulum, paulispĕr.] 3. *In short, in a few words.* ~ dŏcebo. *Ph.* [? Brĕvĭtĕr.]
BRĔVIA VĂDA, *or alone,* BRĔVIA, um. *n. pl. Sand-banks.* Brĕvĭă vădă. *Sen.* ~In brĕvĭa ĕt Syrtes urgĕt. *V.* *See* SCOPULUS.
BRĔVIS, ĕ. 1. *Short, of little length* or *extent.* Brĕvĭs est vĭă, pascĕ căpellas. *V.* ~In brĕvē qm cogĕrĕ. *H.* [? Contractŭs, parvŭs.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud longŭs. 2. *Of small size.* ~ mus. *O.* Brĕvē căpŭt, ardŭă cervix. *H.* [? Parvŭs, exĭgŭŭs, pŭsillŭs.] *See* PARVUS. 3. *Short, lasting a short time.* Ævi ~. *H.* Irā fūrŏr ~. *H.* Dellĭcæ ~-es. *M.* [? Curtŭs, căducŭs, fluxŭs.] **Crcl.** Non longŭs. Non dĭŭtŭrnŭs. 4. *Brief, concise.* ~ essē lăboro. *H.* [? Pressŭs, concisŭs.] 5. *Small* (in value, weight, quantity). ~ censŭs; pondŭs. *H.* [? Parvŭs, mĭnĭmŭs, exĭgŭŭs, curtŭs, tĕnŭĭs.] *See* PARVUS.
BRĔVITAS, atĭs. *f.* 1. *Brevity, shortness* (time or space). Vitæ de brĕvĭtātē quĕri. *M.* **Crcl.** Brĕvē spătĭum *or* tempŭs. 2. *Brevity in a writer. H.* 3. *Shortness; low stature.* Hăbĭlĭs ~-ātē sŭa. *O.* 4. *Smallness of value.* ~ doni. *Cl.*
BRĔVĬTĔR. *adv.* 1. *In a few words.* Et brĕvĭter Trojæ supremum audirĕ lăborem. *V.* [? Brĕvi, paucis.] **Crcl.** Non ĭtă multis. 2. *At little length* (of space or time). Mŏdŭs ~ sĭt narĭbŭs uncis. *H.* Spe brĕvĭŭs. *O.*
BRIĂREUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m. The giant Briareus. C. D.* Et centumgĕmĭnus Brĭăreus, et bellŭă Lernæ. *V.* [? Ægeon.] **Crcl.** Centĭmănŭs *or* centumgĕmĭnŭs gĭgas. *See* GIGAS.
BRISEIS, ĭdĭs *or* ĭdŏs. *f. Briseis, daughter of Brises, and slave of Achilles. C. D.* Briseĭdā cepĭt ~Achilles. *O.* Ancillæ Briseĭdŏs. *O.* [? Lyrnesĭs, Hippŏdămiă.]
BRĬTANNI, orum. *m. pl. The Britons, inhabitants of Great Britain.* Et pĕnĭtus toto divisos orbē Brĭtannos. *V.* [? Britŏnĕs; *mod.* Angli.] **Ep.** Arctoi, extremi, occĭdŭi, rĕmoti, sepŏsĭti, æquŏrĕi; flavi, cærŭlĕi, duri, fĕroces, audaces, intacti.
BRĬTANNIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Britain, Great Britain, England.* Pictoquē Brĭtannĭă curru. *Pp.* [? Brĭtannĭs, Anglĭă.] 2. Pl. *Of England and Scotland together.* Sȳrĭas Brĭtannĭasquē. *Cat.*
BRĬTANNĬCUS, ă, um = Britannus.
BRĬTANNUS, ă, um (BRITANNUS *or* BRITTANNUS, *Lr.* malè). *British, Britannic.* Essĕdā cælatis sistē Brĭtannā jŭgis. *Pp.* [? Brĭtannĭcŭs; *mod.* Anglĭcŭs.]
BRITO, ŏnĭs *or* onis. *m.* BRITŎNĔS, *or* BRITONĔS, um. *pl.* 1. *A Breton, an inhabitant of Bretagne, in France.* Quā nec terrĭbĭles Cimbri, nec Britŏnēs unquam. *J.* Quam vĕtĕres bracæ Britonis paupĕrĭs, et quam &c. *M.* 2. *A Briton. Aus. See* BRITANNI.
BRŎMIUS, ĭi. *m.* 1. *A name of Bacchus.* Bacchumquē vŏcant Brŏmĭumquē. *O.* *See* BACCHUS. 2. BRŎMIŬS, ă, um. *Bacchic, of* or *belonging to Bacchus.* Brŏmĭos invitant tympănā remos. *Cl.*
BRONTES, æ. *m. One of the Cyclopes.* Brontesquē Stĕrŏpesque, et nudus membrā Pȳracmon. *V.* *See* CYCLOPES.

Bruma, æ. *f. Winter.* Frigĭdă sub terra tŭmĭdum quem brumă tĕgebăt. *V.* [† Hĭema.] *See* H.

Brumalis, ĕ. *Wintry.* Brumali sub nĭvĕ terră lătĕt. *O.* [† Hibernŭs, hĭĕmalis.]

Brundisium, *and* **Brundŭsium**, ĭi. *m. A town of Calabria. C. D.* Brundŭsĭum longæ finis chartæquĕ vĭæquĕ. *H.*

Brutus, ă, um. *Brute, insensible, senseless;* hence, *stupid.* Aut bruto deberent pondĕrĕ pressæ. *Lr.* ~ tellus. *H.* [† Sĭnĕ sensu; sensu cărens, cassŭs; (*for stupid*) stŭpĭdŭs, hĕbĕs.] *See* Stolidus.

Brutus, i. *m.* 1. *L. Junius Brutus, first consul.* Brutŭs ĕrat stulti sāpĭens ĭmĭtatŏr &c. *O.* **Crol.** Ultorĭs Bruti ănĭmă sŭperbă. 2. *M. Junius Brutus, one of those who slew Cæsar. C. D.*

Būbilē, is. *n. sts.* **Bovile.** *A cow-house.* ˘Et opportuno se bŭbili condĭdĭt. *Ph. See* Stabulum.

Bubo, onis. *m. f. An owl.* Ferali carmĭnĕ bubo. *V.* [† Noctŭă, ŭlŭlă.] **Ep.** Stygĭŭs, nocturnŭs, ignavŭs, raucŭs, quĕrŭlŭs, funĕrĕŭs, ferallis, infaustŭs, infelix, sĭnistĕr, importunŭs, dirŭs, impŏrbŭs. **Crol.** Pallădĭs alĕs. Noctĭs ăvĭs.

Būbulcus, i. *m. A cow-herd.* Tardi venerĕ bŭbulci. *V.* [† Armentarĭŭs, pastŏr.] **Crol.** Armenti, bŏum custos, măgistĕr, pastŏr.] *See* Pastor.

Bubŭs. *dat. pl. of* Bos. (*Either* bobus *or* bubus *is used.*) *See* Bos.

Bucca, æ. *f.* 1. *Inside of the mouth, the mouth, cheek.* In vĕtŭla scalpit jam mater simĭlă bucca. *J.* [† Os.] *See* O. 2. Buccas inflo. *To blow out the cheeks as a sign of anger.* Jupĭtĕr ambas Iratus ~-as inflĕt. *H.* 3. *A mouthful.* ~ panis. *M.* [† Buccellă. *dim. M.*]

Buccĭna, æ. *f.* 1. *A trumpet, horn.* Dat signum raucă crŭentum Buccĭnă. *V.* [† Tŭbă, cornu, &c.] *See* Tuba. 2. ~ pastoralis, *herdsman's, shepherd's horn.* Pastorĭs ~ cantăt. *Pp.* [† Cornu.] 3. ~ primă, sĕcundă, tertĭă. *First, second,* &c. *watch.* Quartă cănit ~ lucem. *Pp.*

Buccŭla, æ. *f. The cheek-piece of the helmet.* Fracta de cassĭdĕ buccŭlă pendens. *J.*

Bucĕrus, ă, um, *and* **Bucĕrius.** *Of* or *belonging to cattle.* Armentăquĕ bucĕrăque pavĭt. *O.* Bucĕrĭæquĕ grĕges. *Lr.*

Bucetum, i. *n. A pasture for oxen.* Et cănĭdi lucent bucetă Mătini. *L.*

Bucŏlicus, ă, um. 1. *Pastoral, bucolic.* Bucŏlĭcis jŭvĕnis lusĕrăt antĕ mŏdis. *O.* [† Pastoralis.] 2. **Bucŏlicum**, *or* **Bucŏlicon**, i. *n.* (sc. carmen.) *A bucolic poem.* **Crol.** Sicĕlĭdes musæ. Sȳracŏsĭŭs versŭs. Pastorĭs Sĭcŭli carmĭnă. Carmĕn pastoralĕ; carmĭnă pastorum.

Bucŭla, æ. *f. A heifer.* Errans bucŭlă campo. *V. See* Juvenca.

Bufo, onis. *m. A toad.* Inventusquĕ căvis bufo &c. *V.* **Ep.** Fœdŭs, immundŭs, turpis, horrĭdŭs, tŭmĭdŭs.

Bulbus, i. *m. A bulbous root; onion,* &c. [† Allĭum.]

Bulla, æ. *f.* 1. *A bubble of water.* Ut plŭvĭo perlucĭdă cœlo Bullă sŏlĕt. *O.* 2. *A stud, boss, on doors and parts of the dress.* ~-as has fŏrĭbŭs nostris. *Pl.* Fulserunt cingŭlă ~-is. *V.* 3. *A sort of amulet, in the shape of a heart, worn round the neck of Roman children; also on favorite animals. O.* ~ rŭdi demissa est aurĕă collo. *Pp.* **Crol.** Nobĭlĕ pectŏrĭs aurum. *St.*

Bullatus, ă, um. 1. *Bubbled up, inflated.* Bullatis nugis. *Pers.* [† Inflatŭs.] 2. *One who wears the* bulla; *a child.* Heres ~. *J.*

Bullio, is. 1. *To boil, bubble up.* [† Fervĕo, æstŭo.] **Phr.** Undă se non căpĭt. Æstu lătĭces exsultant. (Qd) tŭmentĭbŭs spumis (cănĭdo khe-no) fervĕt (exsultăt, albĕt). Spumĕŭs (undarum) cŭmŭlŭs exundăt. *L. See* Ferveo. 2. Fig. *To come to the surface of the water, not to remain down at the bottom.* Demersŭs summa non ~ in unda. *Pers.* [† Emergo.]

Bumastus, i. *f. A sort of grape.* Tŭmĭdis, bumastĕ, rĭcemis. *V.*

Burdĕgala, *or* -dĭgala, æ. *Bordeaux.* Clarĭque ăb exortu stemmătă Burdĭgălæ. *Aus.*

Buris, is. *f. The plough-tail.* In burim, et curvi formam accĭpĭt ulmŭs ăratri. *V.*

Busiris, idis. *m. Busiris, a king of Egypt, who sacrificed all strangers to Jupiter. C. D.* Nescit Busirĭdis aras. *V.* Quum Thrăsĭus Busirĭn ĭdit &c. *O.* **Crol.** Arbĭtĕr sævæ aræ. **Ep.** Lĭbycis, crŭentŭs, sævŭs, dirŭs, crudelis.

Bustum, i. *n.* 1. *Place for burning the dead; funeral pile.* Semustăquĕ servant Bustă. *V.* [† Rogŭs.] 2. *The act of burning the dead. Lr.* 3. Sts. *The dead body.* ˘Egenă sĕpulcri ~-ă. *St.* 4. Freq. *Burial-place, tomb.* Corpŏră debentur ~-is. *O.* Majorum ~-ă. *L.* [† Sĕpulcrum, tŭmŭlŭs, mŏnŭmentum.] *See* S.

Buthrotum, i. *n. and* **Buthrotus**, *or* **Buthrotos**, i. *f. A town on the coast of Epirus.* Et celsam Buthroti ascendĭmŭs urbem. *V.*

Buxetum, i. *n. A plantation of box-wood.* Lotĭs ăd Europes tĕpĭdæ buxetă rĕcurrĭt. *M.*

Buxĕus, ă, um. *Of box-wood; of the colour of box-wood.* Sed plane plĭcĕiquĕ buxĕiquĕ. *M.*

Buxifĕr, ĕră, ĕrum. *Producing box-wood.* ˘Amastri Pontĭcă, et Cȳtorĕ buxifĕr. *Cat.*

Buxum, i. *n. and* **Buxus**, i. *f.* 1. *The box-tree. Properly* buxus *is the tree,* buxum *the wrought wood; but the words are used the one for the other.* Torno rasĭlĕ buxum. *V.* Densæ fŏlĭis buxi. *O.* **Ep.** Idæă, flavă, vĭrens, vĭrĭdis, inculă. 2. *Things made of box-wood:* 1. *A flute.* ~ Bĕrĕcyntĭă Matris. *V.* Inflati murmŭrĕ ~-i. *O. See* Tibia. 2. *A top* (plaything). Vŏlubĭlĕ ~-um. *V.* ~-um torquerĕ flăgello. *Pers. See* Turbo. 3. *A comb.* Crines depectĕrĕ ~-o. *O. See* Pecten. 4. *Draft* or *chess-board.* [† ˘Abăcus, alvĕŏlus.] *See* Latrunculus.

Byrsa, æ. *f. The citadel of Carthage.* Facti de nomĭnĕ Byrsam. *V.* **Ep.** Vĕtŭs, ˘Elissæ, Tȳrĭă, &c. *See* Carthago.

Byzantiacus, *and* **Byzantius**, ă, um (*and* **Byzantinus**, *Aus.*). *Byzantine, of Byzantium.* Aut Byzantĭăcos cŏlunt lăcertos. *St.* Byzantĭă littŏrĭă. *O.*

Byzantion, *or* **Byzantium**, ĭi *or* i. *n. Byzantium, now Constantinople.* Quamvis Byzantĭŏn arcto &c. *L.* Byzanti inde arcem &c. *Aus.* [† Constantinŏpŏlis.] **Ep.** Altum, sŭperbum, nobĭlĕ, pŏtens. **Crol.** Byzantĭă mœnĭă, littŏrĭă. Byzanti arces. Urbs Thressæ Prŏpontĭdis. Urbs Chalcedŏnis ĭrenis oppŏsĭtă. U. Chalcedŏnias arces (contra) despectans. Urbs æmŭlă Romæ. Nŏvă Romă.

C.

Căballinus, ă, um. *Of a horse; of Pegasus.* Nec fontĕ labrĭ prolŭi căballino. *Pers.*

Căballus, i. *m. A horse.* Aut ŏlĭtorĭs ăget mercedĕ căballum. *H. See* Equus.

Cacabus, *or* **Caccabus**, i. *m. Kettle, cauldron.* Alborum căllĭcum atquĕ caccăborum. *St. See* Olla.

Căchinno, onis. *m. A great laugher; a scoffer.* Sum pĕtŭlanti spleně căchinno. *Pers.*

Căchinno, as, *and* **Căchinnŏr**, aris. *To laugh out loud* or *immoderately.* Longe fŭgĭtant, fur-

cĕchinnant. *Lr.* [† Ridĕo.] **Crel.** Cĕgĕmĭno, ingĕmĭno, tollo. Cĕchinno con- *See* RIDEO.

ūs, i. *m.* **1.** *Loud laughter, shouts of* . Romani tollent ĕquĭtes pĕdĭtesquĕ cĕn. *H.* [† Risŭs.] **Ep.** Effusŭs, trĕmŭtŭs. *See* CACHINNO, RIDEO.

ĭs. *n. undecl. A bad habit; a mania.* di cĕcŏethĕs, ĕt ægro in cordĕ sĕnescit. *J.*

, ĭnis. *n.* **1.** *The top of any thing pointed.* erbæ, rupta tellurĕ, cĕacumĭnĕ tollunt. *O.* x, vertex.] **2.** *The summit, top of tree* tum. (Motant) ~-ĭnĕ quercus. *V.* Mon- ĭnĕ. *O.* [† Culmĕn, ăpex, vertex, fastigĭum.] *See* MONS. **3.** Fig. *The pinnacle, most point.* Summum ~ gloriæ. *Cl.* ˘Ad m vĕnirĕ ~; ălescendi summum ~. *Lr.* igĭum, culmĕn.]

o, as. *To point, sharpen.* Summasquĕ nĕt aures. *O. See* ACUO.

m. *Cucus. C. D.* Cacŭs ˘Aventinæ tĭmŏr sfamĭt silvæ. *O.*

, ĭris. *n. A dead body.* Ultores răpĭant ĭlavĕr ĕqui. *O.* [† Corpŭs, funŭs.] **Ep.** uĕ, pallens, pallĭdum, exănĭmum, frigens, n, gĕlĭdum, mĭsĕrabĭlĕ, flebĭlĕ, deformĕ, lum, tetrum. **Crel.** Exănĭmum, exsanpŭs. Mortŭă, ĭnanĭă corpŏrĕ. Defunctă vita. Corpŏrĕ lucĕ cărentum. Corpŭs Corpus cassum ănĭma. Artus exănĭmes, ses. Corpŭs vita defunctum (lumĭnĕ spŏleti frigŏrĕ perfusum, lethali tabo in-

tĭs. **1.** *Falling.* Lăcrĭmis in nostrĭ căs orĭ. *O.* [† Căducŭs, decĭdŭŭs, lapsŭs.] g. Gĕmĭtusquĕ cădentum. *V. See* MO- **3.** *Setting* (as the sun, &c.) Cădentĭă *V.* ~ Phœbŭs. *O. See* OCCIDENS.

, ĭdis. *f. Of* or *pertaining to Cadmus, to Theban.* Matres Cadmeĭdes adsunt. *O.* ĭdă arcem. *O.*

s, *and* CADMEĬUS, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *pertaining to Cadmus, to Thebes.* Cadmeăquĕ Dirce. THEBANUS. **2.** *The Carthaginians* (deents of the Tyrians, whence Cadmus came). admeă sŭper regno certamĭnĕ movĭt. *Sil.* NI.

i. *m. Cadmus, son of Agenor. C. D.* Cad- Aŏnĭa constĭtĭt exsŭl hŭmo. *O.* [† ˘Age- .] **Crel.** ˘Agenŏrĕ natŭs. Magni natŭs ria. Hĭyantĭăs jŭvĕnĭs. Sidonĭŭs hospĕs. armatæ dŏmĭtŏr. Tŭrĭa ăb urbĕ prŏfecrĭis ăb oris pulsŭs. Thebanæ arcis, urbis r. Ferrĕæ mes-is sĭtŏr. Sătă ferrĕă ĭn sulcos spargens (Aŏnĭis sulcis mandans). cĕcĭdi, casum. **1.** *To fall.* Et cădĭt ad sanguĭnŏlentă pĕdes. *O.* ~-unt fulgŭrĕ; ŭlĭă. *V.* [† Concĭdo, decĭdo, excĭdo, accĭdo, procĭdo, labŏr, collabŏr, delabŏr, r, rŭo, corrŭo, præcĭpĭto, præcĭpĭtŏr, decŭmbo, volvŏr, effundŏr, sternŏr.] **Crel.** ram, ĭn præceps labŏr, volvŏr, decĭdo, fĕronŭs, præceps cădo, rŭo, fĕrŏr, impellŏr, r, ăgŏr. Rŭĭnam do, trăho. Pondĕrĕ vasto xo cădo, prolabŏr. **Phr.** 1. *Of a building* Turrĭs (dŏmŭs) lapsă (collapsă, lĭbĕronă, sŭo ipsă pondĕrĕ tractă) cădĭt (conăĭt, rŭinam ducĭt, ĭn hŭmum devolvĭtŭr). . *Of a fall with violence.* ˘In căput ăd pronŭs (curru excussŭs, grăvĭs, grăvĭterpondĕrĕ vasto) concĭdĭt *or* volvĭtŭr. De ti saxo ĭn Tartărĭ vĕnĭt; saxoso jŭgo ĭtur (præceps ăgĭtŭr, fertŭr, impellĭtŭr). , de montĭs vertĭcĕ, ĭn abruptum ferpræceps cădĭt. **2.** *To fall into a snare.* de, delabŏr.] **3.** *To fall* (of tears, water). [† Flŭo, mano, descendo.] *See* FLUO. **4.** *To drop* (as sails), *be lowered.* Velă cădunt &c. *V. See* VELUM. **5.** *To set* (speaking of the stars, &c.) ~-ĭt ˘Aquarĭŭs. *V.* [† Occĭdo.] *See* OCCASUS. **6.** *To die, perish* (but not of a natural death). Cădăt antĕ dĭem &c. *V.* Nostra ~-ĕt hostĭă dextra. *V.* ~ civili ăcĭe. *O. See* MORIOR, PEREO. **7.** *To fall from a favorable position of any kind; to be undone* (cĕcĭdi). Ut cĕcĭdi &c. *O.* Ut cĕcĭdit fortună Phrŷgum. *O.* **8.** *To fall, drop from weakness, fail.* Bĭs cĕcĭdĕrĕ mănus. *V.* Fractă ~-ĭt săpĭentĭă. *O.* [† Fătĭsco, defĭcĭo, languĕo, vincŏr, succumbo.] **9.** *To fall, drop* (as the wind), *to cease.* ~-unt austri; ~-ĭt cură pătrum; pĕlăgi frăgŏr. *V.* irăă măris. *O.* impĕtŭs amens. *L.* [† Desĭno, pono, quiesco, cesso, compescŏr.] **10.** *To pass away, out of use.* Multă rĕnascentur quæ jam cĕcĭdĕrĕ, cădentquĕ Quæ nunc sunt ĭn hŏnorĕ vŏcabŭlă. *H.* [† Obsŏlesco.] **11.** *To be derived from* (of words). ~ Græco fontĕ. *H.* **12.** *To belong to, to be found in* or *with; to fall to as their portion by lot* or *otherwise.* Heu! ĭn quemquam ~-ĭt tantum scĕlŭs! *V.* Formă istă non nĭsi ĭn dĕas ~-ĭt. *O.* (His) sorti ~-ĭt ăd portas custodĭă. *V.* [† Versŏr (ĭn, *abl.*), pertĭnĕo, attĭnĕo (ăd), obtingo.] **13.** *To fall* or *turn out, happen.* Quo res cunquĕ ~-ent. *V.* Tantum fortună sĕcundă ~-ăt. *V. See* EVENIO.

CADUCĔUS, i. *m. and* CADUCĔUM. *Mercury's wand so called. See* VIRGA.

CADUCIFĔR, ĕrĭ, ĕrum. *A name of Mercury.* Pĕrĭbŭs Caducifĕr alis. *O. See* MERCURIUS.

CĂDUCUM, i. *m.* (sc. bonum.) *A windfall, godsend* (money falling in unexpectedly). Legatum omnĕ căpis, nec non et dulcĕ căducum. *J.*

CĂDUCUS, ă, um. **1.** *Falling, fallen.* Frondes vŏlĭtarĕ cădŭcas. *V.* ~-i bello Dardănĭdæ. *V.* ~ lăcrĭmæ; ăquæ. *O.* arbŏr. *H.* [† Cădens, lapsŭs.] **2.** *Fragile, perishable.* Ilos fŭĭt illĕ ~. *O.* [† Fluxŭs, brĕvĭs, frăgĭlĭs, pĕrĭturŭs, lăbans.] **3.** *Vain.* Verbă ~. *O.* ~ prĕces. *O.* [† Irrĭtŭs, ĭnanĭs, vanŭs, pĕrĭturŭs.]

CĂDURCUM, i. *n. A coverlet, quilt* (wrought by the Cadurci). Instĭtŏr hibernæ tĕgĕtis, nĭvĕĭquĕ cădurci. *J.*

CĂDUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A great earthen vessel for wine;* hence, *cask, barrel.* Vină bŏnus quæ deindĕ cădis ŏnĕrărăt ˘Acestes. *V.* [† Dŏlĭum.] **Ep.** Fictĭlĭs, nĭgĕr, fumosŭs, vĕtŭs, antiquŭs, căpax. **2.** *A funeral urn. V. See* URNA.

CÆCIGĔNUS, ă, um. *Born blind.* Nam quum cæcĭgĕni &c. *Lr. See* CÆCUS.

CÆCITAS, ătis. *f. Blindness; loss of sight. Cic.* Lit. *and* fig. [† Tĕnĕbræ, nox; errŏr, nox ănĭmi.] **Crel.** Cæcorum tĕnĕbræ. ˘Inanes lumĭnis orbes. Effossi ŏcŭli. Lucis ablatæ (raptæ, ăcĭemptæ) clades, damnum, tĕnĕbræ. ˘Inops sŭb noctĕ vită. Tracti sŭb noctĕ dĭes. *See* CÆCO, CÆCUS.

CÆCO, as. **1.** *To blind, to deprive of sight;* sts. *to dazzle.* [† Excæco, obcæco.] **Crel.** ˘Ocŭlos, lumĭnă (es *or* ei) effŏdĭo, erŭo, erĭpĭo, elido, exturbo, excŭtĭo. ˘Ocŭlos sedĭbŭs erŭo, gĕnis expello. Lumĕn erĭpĭo, ăcĭmo. Visu, lucĕ orbo, privo, spŏlĭo. Dĭgĭtos, mănum, ferrum in lumĭnă, condo, immergĕo. Telo ăcuto lumĭnă tĕrĕbro. Lumĕn ensĕ transverbĕro. Mănu lumĭnă haurĭo. ˘Ocŭlorum orbes elido. ˘Acĭem lumĭnis effŏdĭo. Cæcŭs fio, sŭbĭto sum. Nubem ŏcŭlis objĭcĭo. ˘Ocŭlis dĭem projĭcĭo. Æterna noctĕ ŏcŭlos damno. Orbes (ŏcŭlorum) effŏdĭo (căvis sedĭbŭs evolvo, radicĕ ăb ima ev.). **Phr.** *Blindness self-inflicted.* ˘Ocŭlos sĭbĭ claudĭt qs; lumĭnă sŭă uncis mănĭbŭs (prŏpria dextra) scrutatŭs, sĭbĭ erŭĭt (dĭem sĭbĭ evellĭt). **2.** *Used fig.* Cæcată pectŏrĕ. O. [† Obcæco,

lympho.] **Crcl.** Errorem injĭcĭo, immitto. Sanos sensus averto.

Cæcŭbum, i. *n.* 1. *A town of Campania famous for its wines.* 2. **Cæcŭbum vinum**, *or* **Cæcŭbum**, i. *n. The wine itself.* ∾-ă vinā; ∾ depromĕrĕ. *H.* [† Campanum.] *See* **Falernum.**

Cæcŭs, ă, um. 1. *Blind.* Cæcŭs ĭter monstrarĕ vĕlit. *H.* **Crcl.** ˘Ocŭlis captŭs. ˘Ocŭlis, lumĭnĭbŭs, visu orbŭs, orbatŭs, privatŭs, spŏlĭatŭs. Lumĭnĭs, visus orbŭs. Visu cārens. Lucĭs ĭnops. Cui lumĕn ădemptum, raptum, ereptum. Æterna noctĕ damnatŭs. Æterna nubĕ, caligĭnĕ ŏcŭlos tectŭs. Cui văcŭi (ĭnanes lumĭnĭs) orbes. Cui tĕnĕbris sĕpultă lumĭnă. Cujŭs *or* cui lumĭnă lucĭs ĕgent, cārent. Vitam (ĭnŏpem), sĭnĕ lumĭnĕ, sŭb noctĕ trăhens. Fig. 2. *Blind.* ∾ fŭrorĕ; inscitĭă; auri ămorĕ. *V.* ∾-ă prædæ cŭpido. *O.* [† Cæcatŭs, obcæcatŭs, excæcatŭs, insanŭs, amens, demens.] 3. *Obscure, dark* Carcĕrĕ ∾-o; ∾-o lătĕri; ∾-is ĭn undis. *V.* [† Obscurŭs, tĕnĕbrosŭs, atĕr.] *See* **Obscurus.** 4. *Obscure* (of meaning), *enigmatical.* ∾ eventus. *V.* historiæ; jussă. *O* [† Obscurŭs.] 4. *Secret, hidden, of which nothing is seen or known.* ∾ vădă; scĕlŭs; spicŭlă. *V.* suffragĭă. *Sil.* [† Lătens, ignotŭs, occultŭs, tectŭs, &c.] *See* **Arcanus.**

Cædes, ĭs. *f.* 1. Anc. *A stroke, cut. See* **Ictus.** 2. *The murder of a single person.* ∾ fraternă. *V.* Absyrti. *O.* [† Mors, lĕtum, nex, sanguĭs.] *See* **Nex.** 3. Mly. *The slaughter of numbers, carnage.* Rŭtŭlæ cædĭs ăcervos. *V.* [† Strages, funĕrā, clades; *sts.* sanguĭs. crŭŏr.] **Ep.** Dirā, implĭă, ătrox, crudelĭs, sævă, insanā, fŭrĭalĭs, crŭentă, sanguĭnĕă, horrĭdă, horrendă, infandă, nĕfandă, letĭfĕrā, mĭsĕrā, mĭsĕrandă, ferālis, flebĭlis, tristis, turpĭs, fœdă. **Crcl.** Cædĭs, stragĭs ăcervŭs. Mŏrĭentum ăcervi. Insani Mavortĭs ŏpŭs. **Phr.** Armă ĕt corpŏrā, ĕqui (semiănĭmes) cum vĭris passim (pĕr vĭas &c.) permixta cædĕ (sanguĭnĕ ĭn uno) volvuntŭr. Campi (fossæ, omnĭă)—crŭorĕ (cædĕ) mādent (stagnant);—crŭorĭs (cædĭs) plenă sunt. Corpŏrā pĕr dŏmos (pĕr templă, pĕr vĭas) ĭnertĭă sternuntŭr. Strages ĭn cŭmŭlum crescĭt. 4. Sts. *The sacrifice of animals.* Multa cædĕ bĭdentĭum. *H.* 5. Sts. *Blood.* Adspergĭnĕ ∾-ĭs. *O. See* **Cruor, Cædo.**

Cædo, ĭs, cĕcidi, cæsum. 1. *To strike, beat.* Pŏpŭlum si cædĕrĕ saxis Incĭpĭas. *H.* [† Verbĕro, percŭtĭo, fĕrĭo; *for pass.* vapŭlo.] *See* **Verbero.** 2. *To cut, cut down, prune, or lop.* (Silvă) quam nullă cĕcidĕrăt ætas. *O.* Vĭridem ∾ falcĕ cŏmam. *Tib.* Cæduntŭr saxă; cædĭtŭr tĭlĭă. *V.* [† Pŭto, ampŭto, sĕco, tondĕo, mĕto.] *See* **Puto, Seco, Eruo.** 3. *To kill, slay.* Cædebant părĭter părĭterquĕ cădebant. *V.* [† Trŭcido, occido, nĕco, pĕrĭmo, obtrunco, sterno, immŏlo, macto; *for pass.* pĕrĕo, cădo.] **Crcl.** Cædem făcĭo, effĭcĭo, admitto, committo, pĕrăgo, perpĕtro, edo. Cædĕ sterno. Ingenti cædĕ prosterno. Cædĕ fŭro ˘In cædes ĕo. **Phr.** (Bellatŏr)—obvĭă corpŏrā (funĕrā, vĭros, jŭvĕnes) morti (Orco) mittĭt (demittĭt, dăt, ferro *or* dextra dăt); —strages (stragĭs ăcervos, funĕrā) pĕr urbem, (campum &c.) dextra (ferro, ensĕ) dăt *or* edĭt. Vĭros, jŭvĕnes, semĭnĕces volvĭt. *See* **Cædes, Occido.** 4. *To offer victims.* ∾ agnam tempestatĭbŭs. Baccho căpĕr ∾-ĭtŭr. *V. See* **Immolo.** 5. *To engrave.* ˘In marmŏrĕ carmĭnă ∾-unt. *O.* [† Incido, sculpo, scalpo, cælo.] *See* **Cælo.**

Cælamĕn, ĭnĭs. *n. Carved work.* Nĕque ĕnim clypĕi cælamĭnă norĭt. *O.* [† Signă, fĭguræ.]

Cælatŏr, ŏris. *m. An engraver, carver. J.*

Cælatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* **Cælo.** *Cut out, engraven. Divini cælatum* ŏpŭs Alcĭmĕdontĭs. *V.*

[† Signĭfĕr.] **Crcl.** Signis aspĕr, impressŭs. **Phr.** Aurum fĭguris terrĭbĭlĭ.

Cælebs, ĭbĭs. *m. f.* 1. *An unmarried person.* Martĭis cælebs quĭd ăgam kălendis? *H.* [† Innuptŭs, innŭbŭs.] **Crcl.** Conjŭgĭi expers, ignarĭs, nesciŭs. Expers thălămi. Sĭnĕ conjŭgĭ vivens; connubĭă vitans, fŭgĭens; thălămi consortĭ cārens. Thălămo jŭgali nulli sŏcĭatŭs. Conjŭgĭi vincŭlă nolens păti, ferrĕ, &c. *See* **Virgo.** 2. *Fig.* Plătănŭs ∾. *V.* ˘In lecto cælĭbĭ. *O.* ∾ sĭnĕ palmĭtĕ truncŭs. *O.*

Cælo, as. 1. *To engrave, carve.* [† Incido, cædo, scalpo, sculpo, imprĭmo.] **Crcl.** Ærĕ, auro, marmŏrĕ fingo, exprĭmo, ĭmĭtŏr, effingo. Cælo formo, effingo. Fĭgura cælo. *See* **Cælatus.** 2. Sts. *To embroider.* Quæ rădĭo cælăt Băbylon. *Sil. See* **Pingo.**

Cælum, i. *n. A graving-tool, chisel.* ∾ Praxĭtĕlis. *St.* [† Scalprum.] **Ep.** Mentŏrĕum, ăcutum, ferrĕum, durum, solers, doctum.

Cæmentum, i. *n. Rough, unhewn stone* (for building). Huc frĕquens Cæmentă demittit rĕdemptŏr. *H.* **Ep.** Structĭlĕ, firmum, marmŏrĕum, durum, fractum.

Cæpa. *See* **Cæpe.**

Cæpĕ. *n. indecl.* **Cæpæ**, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *An onion.* Porrum et cæpĕ nĕfas vĭŏlare et frangĕrĕ morsu. *J.* **Ep.** Rŭbens, acrĕ, mordax, lăcrĭmosum. 2. *Anc.* **Cæpa**, æ. *f.* Hortis erŭtă ∾ mĕis. *O.*

Cærĕ. *n. indecl. and* **Cæres**, ĭtĭs *or* etis. *f. A town of Etruria, now Agylla.* Prŏpĕ Cærĭtis amnem. *V.* [† ˘Agyllă.] **Crcl.** Urbs ˘Agyllĭnă. *V.*

Cærŭla, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *The azure main, the sea.* Fluctu spumabant cærŭlă cano. *V. See* **Mare.** 2. *The blue sky, azure vault.* ∾ cœli. *O.*

Cærŭlĕŭs, *and* **Cærŭlus**, ă, um. 1. *Azure, dark blue.* Cærŭlă collă tŭmentem. *V.* ∾-ă verrentes æquŏrā. *Cat.* [† Glaucŭs, vĭrĭdĭs.] 2. *Of the sea; sea,* adj. ∾-ŏs hăbĕt undă dĕos. *O.* [† Æquŏrĕŭs, mărinŭs.] 3. *Blue-eyed.* ∾-ă Germani lumĭnă. *J.* [† Cæsĭŭs.] 4. *Of the deepest blue, dark.* ∾-ĕa subvectat corpŏrā cymba. *V.* ∾-ĕă umbrā. *St. See* **Niger.**

Cæsar, ăris. *m.* 1. *C. J. Cæsar. C. D.* [† Julĭŭs.] **Crcl.** Lătĭŭs, Ausŏnĭŭs dux, ductŏr. De sanguĭnĕ natŭs ˘Iuli. Nomĕn ăb ˘Iulo demissum hăbens. **Phr.** Martĕ tŏgaquĕ præcĭpŭŭs. 2. *Augustus, J. Cæsar's successor. See* **Augustus** (*the title was common to the other emperors*).

Cæsarĕŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to Cæsar* or *the Cæsars.* Et qui Cæsărĕo jŭvĕnes sub nomĭnĕ crescunt. *O.* [† Cæsărĭanŭs.]

Cæsarianus, ă, um = Cæsareus. *M.*

Cæsaries, ei. *f.* 1. *Hair.* Aurĕă cæsărĭes ollis atque aurĕă vestis. *V.* ∾-em effusæ pĕr collă (pŭellæ). *V.* Căpŭt densum ∾-e. *O.* [† Crines, căpilli, cŏmă.] *See* **Capillus.** 2. Sts. *Used of the beard.* ∾ longæ barbæ. *O.*

Cæsĭŭs, ă, um. *Having grey eyes,* or *of a light blue.* Cæsĭă, pallădĭon; nervosa et ligneă, dorcas. *Lr.* [† Cærŭlĕŭs, glaucŭs.]

Cæstŭs, us. *m. The cæstus, gauntlet armed with lead.* Mănĭbusque inducerĕ cæstus. *V.* **Ep.** Plumbĕŭs, durŭs, vălĭdŭs, grăvis, ingens, crudŭs. **Crcl.** Plumbo tergă cælătă. Bŏum tegumĭnă plumbo nĭgrantĭă. **Phr.** Cæstum, cæstus indŭo, lĭbro, mănĭbŭs induco. Cæstu bello, pugnam committo. Brachĭă duro tergo intendo. Vălĭdo cæstu contendo.

Cæsŭs, ă, um. *part. See* **Cædo.** 1. *Struck, beaten.* Flăgellis ad mortem cæsŭs. *H.* [† Percussŭs, ictŭs.] 2. *Cut, cut off.* ∾ ăb arbŏrĕ (ramŭs). *O.* [† Abscisŭs, sectŭs, &c.] *See* **Desectus.** 3. *Killed.* ∾ hostĕ. *O. See* **Occisus, Mortuus.**

Caieta, *or* **Cajeta**, æ, *and* **Caietæ**, ea. *f. O.*

nurse of Æneas. C. D. Æternam mō-amam, Caietā, dēdisti. *V.* **2.** *The town vilt by her. M.*

· CAIN. *indecl. and* CAINŬS, i. *m. Eccl.* Quo te præcĭpĭtat răbies tŭā, perfĭdē Cain? Testē Cāino. *Vict.* **Ep.** Impĭŭs, dirŭs, sæ-iquŭs, crŭentŭs, invĭdŭs.

s, *and better* CAIPHAS, æ. *m. Eccl. Cai-igh priest of the Jews in the time of Jesus* Ad tristes Cāĭphæ deducĭtŭr ædes. *Sedul.* altā Cāĭphæ. *Prud.*

i, *and sts.* CAIUS, *or* CAJŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *A prenomen.* Cāĭus ut fiat, Jūlĭus, et Prō-*M.* Languentem Caium mŏrĭturum dixē-n. *Aus.* **2.** *Caius Gracchus, the celebrated of the people.* **3.** *C. Caligula, the empe-aius,* cognomen Cālīgæ cui castrā dēde-*ius.*

t, ăbri, *and sts.* abri. *m.* **1.** *An inhabitant abria. H.* Mantŭā me gĕnŭit, Cālăbri rā-(*Epitaph. Virgilii*). **2.** CALABĂR, ăbrā, , *and sts.* abrā, abrum. *adj. Calabrian.* a montĭbŭs ortŭs. *O.*

LA, æ. *f. Calabria, a province of Italy.* stĭnæ gratā Cālabrīæ. *H.* **Crol.** Cālābri altus.

ls. *m.* **1.** *Calais, the son of Boreas. C. D.* mes Cālāisquē pŭer Zethesquē fŭerunt. *O.* Orithyia natŭs. ˘In Gĕtĭcis antris nutri-. *Calais and Zethes.* **Crol.** Jŭvĕnes ˘Aquī-ĕati, nati. Bŏrĕa sāti. ˘Aquīlonīā pignŏ-ą. proles.

TRUM, *or* CALAMISTRUS, i. *m. and* CALA-UM, i. *n. Curling-irons.* Volsellæ, pecten, um, cālāmistrum mĕum. *Pl.*

TAS, atis. *f.* **1.** *Properly: the loss of the f the earth by hail,* &c. Sĕd ecce egrĕdĭ-stri fundi cālāmĭtas. *Ter.* **2.** Mly. *Mis-, calamity.* [† Ærumnā, casŭs, infortu-ĭtās.] *See* INFORTUNIUM.

s, i. *m.* **1.** *A cane, reed.* Pan primus cā-cera conjungĕrĕ plures Instĭtŭĭt. *V.* [† lo, cannā.] **Ep.** Flumĭnēŭs, pālustĕr, exi-gĭlis, tĕnŭis, lĕvis, mollis. **2.** *Pan-pipe. ng on it.*) ∾-o ăgresti ludĕrĕ, lăbellum *V. See* FISTULA. **3.** *Limed twigs.* ∾-is ĕpĭtŭr. *M.* [† ˘Arundo.] *See* AUCUPOR. *arrow.* ∾-um vĕneno armarĕ. *V.* [† lo.] *See* SAGITTA. **5.** *A reed for writ-ence, a pen.* [† ˘Arundo, stĭlŭs.] **5.** *every kind of hollow stalk.* ∾ lŭpini. *V.* mŭs, stĭpŭlā.] *See* CULMUS.

SCUS, i. *m. A little basket.* Vellĕrā vir-stodibant cālāthisci. *Cat.*

ĭs, i. *m.* **1.** *A wicker basket, basket.* Af-n cālātho rustĭcā donā pŭĕr. *O.* [† Fi-fiscĭnā, cānistrum, cistā, cistŭlā, quasil-**Ep.** Vimĭnĕŭs, textĭlis, tĕnŭis, căpax, pătŭlŭs. **Crol.** Vas vimĭnē *or* e vimĭnē i. Junci vimĭnē, cannis, textŭs, contex-. *Metal* (? so *Q.*; al. *wooden*) *vessel for li-*∾-is lac exportarĕ; vinum fundĕrĕ. *V.* ∾-os expendĕrĕ. *M. See* VAS. **3.** Sts. *The ca-lourers.* **Crol.** Cālāthi (ridentĭs) hŏnŏr.

ĭcus, ă, um. *Of* or *from Calauria,* adj. ālaurĕæ Latoïdŏs adsplcĭt arvā. *O.*

arĭs. *n.* **1.** *A spur.* Seu spumantis ĕqui calcarĭbŭs armos. *V.* [† Stĭmŭlŭs.] **Ep.** m, ferratum, ăcutum, rigĭdum, durum, sæ-rebrum, admotum. **Crol.** Calx ferrātā *or* **Phr.** ˘Equorum *or* ĕqui armos (lātŭs, illā) bis *or* calcĕ ferrata fŏdĭo (prĕmo, fātigo, argĕo, vexo). ˘Equo calcăr admŏvĕo, sub-o. ˘Equum crebris calcarĭbŭs jŭbĕo. **2.** *ur, incentive.* Vatĭbŭs addĕrĕ ∾. *H.*

ta, ă, um. *part. See* CALCO. **1.** *Trodden, trampled under foot.* ∾ uvā. *M.* vipĕrā. *O.* **2.** Fig. *Trodden under foot; despised.* ∾ jus. *Cl.* fœdŭs. *St. See* CONTEMPTUS.

CALCĂTUS, *or* CALCIATUS, ă, um. *Shod, wearing shoes,* &c. *M.*

CALCĔŎLUS, i. *m. dim. of* Calceus.

CALCĔUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A shoe, every thing of the shoe kind.* [† Calcĕamĕn, calcĕamentum, ălutā, calcĕŏlŭs; *sts.* sandalĭum, soccŭs.] **Ep.** Aptŭs, hăbĭlis, laxŭs, laxatŭs, vĕtŭs, pĕdĕ majŏr (*too large*), pĕdĕ mĭnŏr (*too small*). **Crol.** Pĕdum, plantæ vinculā, vinclā. Nexæ plantæ tegmĭnā. **Phr.** (*A patched shoe.*) ∾ cūtĕ terquē quāterquē sarta. *M.* (*Muddy*) ∾ crassā āquā udŭs. *M.* (*Loose*) vāgŭs in pellĕ pes nātāt. *O.* (*A shoe pinches*) urĭt. *H.* (*Trips up*) subvertĭt. *H.* (*Has holes in it*) ruptā pellĕ pātĕt. *J.* **2.** Calcĕum indŭĕrĕ. *To put on a shoe* or *sandal.* **Crol.** Pĕdĭbŭs vinculā circumdo. **3.** ∾-um exŭĕrĕ. *To take it off.* **Crol.** Vinclā de pĕdĭbŭs detrāho.

CALCHAS, antis. *m. Calchas, the Grecian soothsayer in the Trojan war.* Immensam Calchas attollĕrĕ molem. *V.* Calchantā (*acc.*). *V.* [† Thestorĭdes.] *See* AUGUR.

CALCITRO, as. **1.** *To kick.* Calcĭtrāt, et pŏsĭtas adspergit sanguĭnē mensas. *O.* [† Rĕcalcĭtro.]

CALCO, as. **1.** *To trample under foot, to tread upon.* [† Proculco, conculco, tĕro, contĕro, obtĕro, attĕro, protĕro; *sts.* deculco.] **Crol.** Pĕdĭbŭs, pĕdĕ, planta calco, proculco. Saltu turbo, insulto. Pĕdĭbŭs, calcĕ tĕro, obtĕro, protĕro, prĕmo. Sŭb pĕdĭbŭs tĕro, subdo. Pĕdĕ inĭmico insulto, ŏo sŭpĕr. Planta, impŏsĭto pĕdĕ comprĭmo. Hūmi nitens prĕmo (*i.e.* anguem. *V.*). **2.** *To force* or *press any thing in* or *upon another.* Terram undasquē in qualis ăd plenum calcarĕ. *V.* ∾ gălĕam in vultus; clypĕum in pectŏrā. *St. See* PREMO. **3.** *To tread, walk upon.* Calcandā sĕmĕl vīā leti. *H.* [† Percurro, pĕrāgro, ambŭlo.] **4.** Fig. *To trample under foot, disdain, despise.* Dŏmĭnum (āmorem) pĕdĭbŭs ∾. *O.* Hūmĭlem ∾ clĭentem. *H.* [† Proculco, conculco, &c.] **Crol.** Pĕdĭbŭs subjĭcĭo. Sŭb pĕdĭbŭs est, jăcĕt. *See* CONTEMNO.

CALCULUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A pebble, particle of gravel.* Dumosis calcŭlŭs arvis. *V.* [† Lăpillŭs.] **2.** *Piece at chess, man* (at draughts). *O. M.* [† Bellātŏr; *sts.* calx.] *See* LATRUNCULUS. **3.** *The* calculus *was used for reckoning.* Ponatur calcŭlŭs, adsint &c. *J.* **4.** *It was the custom to mark lucky days with a white* calculus, *unlucky with a black.* (*The lucky day.*) Albŭs (nĭvĕŭs, mĕlĭŏr, candĭdĭŏr) lăpillŭs. Lactĕā gemmā. **Crol.** Cressa (pulchra) nŏta dies; dies creta signātā (albo lăpillo nŏtandā); lux nŏta candĭdĭŏrĕ. (*The unlucky day.*) Atĕr (nĭgrĭŏr, tristĭŏr) lăpillŭs, &c. **Crol.** Dies carbonē nŏtandŭs. **5.** *A vote given.* ∾-um in urnam demittĕrĕ (*to vote*); atrum d. (*to condemn*); album d. (*to acquit*). *O.*

CALDUS, ă, um. *sync. for* Calidus; *compar.* Caldĭŏr. **1.** *Warm.* **2.** CALDA (sc. aqua). *Hot, warm water. M. See* CALIDUS.

CALEDŎNIUS, ă, um. CALEDONIUS, ă, um. *Caledonian; of Caledonia, Scotland.* Undā Cālĕdŏnĭos fallit turbatā Brĭtannos. *L. See* BRITANNUS.

CALĔFACIO, *and sync.* CALFACIO, is, eci, actum. *To heat, make warm.* Sanguĭnē quam largo Graios cālĕfecĕrĭt amnes. *Cl.* Calfăcĭt ignē fŏcum. *O.* [† Cālĕfacio, incalfăcio, fŏvĕo.] **Crol.** Cālorem addo. Cālorē fŏvĕo.

CALĔFACTO, as. *freq. of* Calefacio. *H.*

CALĔFACTUS, *and sync.* CALFACTUS, ă, um. *part. See* CALEFACIO. **1.** *Warmed, heated. V.* **Crol.** Cālorē addĭto. Depulso frigŏrĕ. **2.** Fig. *Encouraged, animated.* ∾-ă cordā tŭmultu. *V. See* CALIDUS.

Calendæ, *or* **Kalendæ**, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *The Calends, the first day of the month.* Vindicăt Ausŏnĭas Junonis cură călendas. *O.* 2. *Day when interest on debts was due. H. O.* Ep. Tristes, cĕlĕres. 3. Sts. *A month.* Binæ ternævĕ ∾-æ. *M. See* Mensis.

Calens, tĭs. *part. See* Caleo. 1. *One who is warm, heated.* [† Călĭdŭs, călĕfactŭs, fervens, fervĭdŭs.] *See* Calidus, Caleo. 2. Fig. *Warm in feeling, excited.* Ætate ĕt ămorĕ ∾. *O.* ∾ mĕro. *H. See* Fervidus.

Caleo, es. 1. *To be* or *grow warm, hot.* Turĕ cālent aræ &c. *V.* [† Călesco, incălesco, călĕfio, æstŭo, fervĕo, fervesco, ardĕo, tĕpĕo, tĕpesco; *sts.* urŏr, torrĕŏr.] Crol. Cālorem concĭpio, duco, sumo, trăho. Æstu torrĕŏr. 2. *Fig.* ∾ morbo; mĕro; scribendi stŭdĭo. *H.* spe prōpĭorĕ. *St.* răbie. *O.* ăd lucrŭ. *Pp.* Bellă ∾-ent. *Tib.* 3. *To be in love, burn with love.* ˘Allĭa ∾ pŭella. *O. H.* ămorĕ. *M. See* Ardeo, Amo. 4. Sts. with inf. *To burn = desire eagerly.* Tŭbas audirĕ cālens. *St. See* Cupio.

Calesco, ĭs. *To grow warm* or *hot. See* Caleo.

Calidus, ă, um. 1. *Warm, hot.* Et călĭdos lăticĕs, et ăhena undantĭă flammis. *V.* ∾-um de pectŏrĕ telum. *V.* ˘In ∾-is fŏcis. *O.* [† Cālens, fervens, fervĭdŭs, ardens, tĕpens, tĕpĭdŭs, călĕfactŭs; *sts.* caldŭs, cālescens, æstŭans, æstŭosŭs, torrĭdŭs, flammĕŭs, ignitŭs.] 2. Fig. *Hot in spirit, ardent.* ∾ ănĭmŭs. *V.* jŭventă. *H.* ∾-æ rixæ. *H.* [† Fervens, fervĭdŭs, &c.] *See* Fervidus.

Caliga, æ. *f. and us.* **Caligæ**, arum. *pl. A soldier's shoe.* Post hunc castrensis cālĭgæ cognomĭnĕ Cæsăr. *Aus.*

Caligans, tis. *part. See* Caligo. 1. *Obscure, dark.* Et caligantem nigra formidĭnĕ lucum. *V. See* Niger, Obscurus. Fig. 2. *Obscure, difficult.* Œdĭpŏdem ∾-antemquĕ Thȳesten. *M.* 3. *Causing giddiness, mistiness.* Altæ ∾-antesquĕ fĕnestræ. *J.*

Caligatus, ă, um. *Shod as a soldier. J. See* Caliga.

Caliginosus, ă, um. *Obscure, dark.* Caliginosa noctĕ prĕmit dĕŭs. *H. See* Obscurus.

Caligo, ĭnis. *f.* 1. *Obscurity, darkness.* Incertos cæca caligĭnĕ soles. *V.* [† Tĕnĕbræ, umbræ, nox.] *See* Nox, Tenebræ. 2. *A cloud of smoke, dust,* &c. ∾-ĭnĕ volvĭtŭr atra (glŏbŭs). *V.* Crassa volvit ∾-ĭnĕ fumum. *Lr. See* Fumus, Pulvis. 3. *Mental bewilderment, darkness.* Inde ănĭmi caligo. *J.* Cæca mentem ∾-ĭnĕ consĭtŭs. *Cat.* [† Tĕnĕbræ, nox.] *See* Amentia.

Caligo, as. 1. *To be gloomy, dark, in darkness.* Quæ humĭdă circum Cāligat, nubem erĭpĭam. *V.* [† Obscurŏr.] Crol. Caligĭnĕ, tĕnĕbris, umbra, noctĕ tĕgŏr, involvŏr, obducŏr, prĕmŏr, lătĕo, jăcĕo. 2. Fig. *Not to see clearly, to be in darkness, act blindly.* (Te sĭnĕ) ∾-ant velă cărinæ. *St.* [† Cæcŏr.]

Caligula, æ. *m. The Emperor Caligula. C. D.* Cognomen cālĭgæ cui castră dĕdĕrunt. *Aus.* [† Calĭŭs, Caiŭs.]

Calix, ĭcis. *m.* 1. *A cup, goblet.* Fecundi cālĭces quem non fecerĕ dĭsertum? *H.* [† Pocŭlum, scȳphŭs, crater, pătĕră, &c.] *See* Poculum. 2. *An earthen vessel, dish. O. See* Olla.

Calleo, es. 1. *To be hard, callous. Pl.* [† Induresco.] 2. *To know well* (properly by long use). ∾ paupĕrĭem pătĭ; (*with acc.*) ∾ sŏnum. *H.* dicendă, tăcendăquĕ. *Pers.* (*abl.*) ∾ bellis. *Sil.* [† Scio, novi, tĕnĕo.] Crol. Doctŭs, pĕritŭs sum. *See* Scio.

Callide. *adv.* 1. Prim. *Well, very well. Pl. Ter. See* Callidus. [† Bĕnĕ, recte, scite.] *See* Bene. 2. *Us. Cunningly.* [† Astute, dŏlose.]

Callĭdĭtas, atis. *f.* 1. *Skill, address, shrewdness, device.* Tequĕ mĕa lædi callĭdĭtatĕ pŭto. *O.* [† Ingĕnĭum, ĭcumĕn, ars.] 2. *Cunning, craft. See* Dolus.

Callĭdus, ă, um. 1. *Experienced, well-practised, skilful.* Subtilis vĕtĕrum judex et callĭdŭs audis *H.* ∾ junctura. *H.* Musă. *Lr.* With inf. ∾ rĕsŏnarĕ (testudo). *H.* [† Doctŭs, pĕritŭs, solers.] 2. *Shrewd, quick, clever.* ∾ natura; usu. *O.* jŏcoso furto condĕrĕ. *H.* [† Astutŭs, văfĕr, solers, ingĕnĭosŭs, cătŭs.] 3. *In a bad sense: cunning, crafty.* ∾ fŭr. *M.* [† Astutŭs, versutŭs, dŏlosŭs, subdŏlŭs, &c.] *See* Dolosus.

Callimachus, i. *m. A Greek poet of Cyrene. C. D.* Callĭmăchi nūmĕris non est dicendŭs ˘Achilles, *O.* [† Battĭădes.]

Calliope, es, *and* **Calliopea**, æ. *f. Calliope, the Muse of heroic poetry.* Callĭŏpe quĕrŭlas prætentat pollĭcĕ chordas. *O.* Et defessă mĭhi Callĭŏpē chŏris. *Pp. See* Musæ.

Callirhoë, *or* **Callirŏe**, es. *f.* 1. *The daughter of Achelous, and one of the wives of Alcmæon.* Pĕtĕt hoc ˘Achĕlŏĭă supplex A Jŏvĕ Callĭrŏe. *O.* [† Alphesibœa.] 2. *A fountain near Athens. St.*

Callis, is. *m. A foot-path, way.* [† Vĭă, ĭtĭr, tramĕs, semĭtă.] *See* Semita, Via.

Callisto, us. *acc.* o. *f. Daughter of Lycaon, and changed by Juno into a bear.* [† Parrhăsĭs; Arctŏs, Ursă.] *See* Ursa.

Callosus, ă, um. 1. *Callous-skinned, callous.* Crol. Callis obductŭs, aspĕr, rĭgens.] 2. Gen. *Hard. See* Durus.

Calo, onis. *m. A slave attendant upon the soldiers in the army*; gen. *any low slave, drudge.* Lignorum et pĕcŏris tĭbĭ calo argutŭs ĕt hortĭ. *H.* [† Lixă.]

Calor, oris. *m.* 1. *Heat in general.* 2. *Heat of the sun.* Utquĕ fĕrant æquos et cœlum et terrĭă cālores. *O.* [† Ardŏr, æstŭs, fervŏr; *sts.* æstus.] Ep. Phœbeŭs, solarĭs, æstivŭs, magnŭs, ignĕŭs, nĭmĭŭs, arĭdŭs, Ĭners, segnis, ignavŭs. Crol. Acrĭŏr solis pŏtentĭă. Incensŭs dĭes. *See* Sol, Æstas, Ariditas, Canicula. 3. *Heat of fire. See* Ignis. 4. *Heat of the human body.* ∾ (vitæ) dilabĭtŭr; rĕlinquĭt ossă. *V.* vivŭs. *O.* Fig. 5. *Ardour, burning zeal, courage.* ∾ jŭvĕnum. *L.* Martĭŭs. *St.* Primi in Martĕ ∾-es. *Sil.* [† Impĕtŭs, ardŏr.] 6. Sts. *Passion, anger.* Vină făcĭunt ∾-ĭbŭs aptos. *O. See* Ira. 7. *Passion of love.* ∾ mĕdullas intrăt. *O.* ∾-es. *H.* Videre hanc părĭter, părĭter traxerĕ cālorem. *O.* [† Ardŏr, æstŭs, ămŏr, ignis, flammă.] *See* Amor. 8. *Poetic fire, inspiration.* Pĭĕrĭŭs ∾. *St. See* Œstrus.

Calpe, es. *f. A mountain in Spain, opposite to Mount Abyla in Africa.* Et Cĭcŏnum mons, Ismărĭă, Calpe. *Pp.* Ep. Hercŭlĕă, ˘Iberă, Tartessĭă, occĭdŭă, ˘Iberĭcă, Hespĕrĭă, &c. *See* Columna.

Calthæ, æ. *f. The marigold.* Ep. Lutĕă, flăvă, rŭbens, lutĕŏlă, flammĕŏlă.

Calumnia, æ. *f. Slander, detraction.* Qui postquam tĕnĕbras dispŭlit cālumnĭæ. *Ph.* Ep. ˘Iniquă, invĭdă, ăcerbă, mendax, mordax. Crol. Crimĭnă fictă. Perfĭdæ linguæ verbă. *See* Mendacium *and* Calumnior.

Calumniator, oris. *m. A slanderer.* Et delatŏr ĕs, et cālumnĭatŏr. *M. See* Mendax.

Calumnior, aris. *To slander, cavil.* Crol. Crimĭnă fingo. Falsă jăcĭo. Fictis crimĭnĭbŭs prĕmo, urgĕo. Falso accuso, argŭo, insĭmŭlo. *See* Mentior, Reprehendo.

Calva, æ. *f. The skull, bare part of the head. M.* [† Calvarĭă.]

Calvaria, æ. *f.* = Calva. *Enn.*

ă, um. *Bald.* [† Incŏmatŭs.] **Crol.** *or* cui căput calvum, nudum, nudatum, n, lævĕ, glăbrum, sĭnĕ crinĕ. Căpillis, is spŏlĭatŭs, nudatŭs. Pĭlis defectŭs. Raso calvŭs. Cui cŏmæ defluxerĕ; cui ætatĕ rapti sunt; cui căp. (æ. r.) cĕcĭderunt; nas vernantes hĭems ăbegit.

, cĭs. *m. and better f. The heel, foot.* Calcĕ tĕrit jam calcĕ Dĭores. *V. See* TALUS,

ĭs, cĭs. *f.* 1. *Chalk.* **Ep.** Candĭdă, albă, ardens, fervens, urens. **Crol.** Sĭlex forĭlutŭs. 2. *A bit of chalk used as a counter in games. See* CALCULUS. 3. *Chalking the end of a course, space;* hence, a. *Lr. Aus.*

N, onĭs. *f. A city of Ætolia, near which a haunt of the Calydonian boar, killed by er.* Et nondum torvæ Căl̆ydon inviſa . *O.* Pulchram Căl̆ydonă vĭderem. *V.*

NĬŬS, ă, um, *and* CĂL̆YDONĬS, ĭdis. *f. Of aining to Calydon.* Căl̆ydonĭŭs heros. *O.* nĭdes Eveninæ. *O.*

, us. *acc.* o. *f. Calypso, daughter of Atlas.* At non sic ˘Ithăci digressu motă Căl̆ypso. tlantĭdŏs arvă Căl̆ypsus. *Tib.*

NĂ, *or* CĂMĔRĬNĂ, æ. *f. A town of Sicily.* Cămĕrinăn ădit, Thapsonque, ět Hĕlorĭă . *O.*

ES, æ. *m. Cambyses, king of Persia.* Camongi pŏpŭlos pervenĭt ăd ævi. *L.* Non si ses &c. *Pp.*

S, i. *m. A camel.* Sĭtĭentĕ cămelo. *Pers.* irsutŭs, hirtŭs, deformĭs, tardŭs, lentŭs, arvŭs, ŏnĕrarĭŭs.

, *or* CĂMŒNĂ, æ. *f.* CĂMENÆ, arum. *pl. uses, the Muses.* Gaudentes rurĕ Cămenæ. rtantĕ ∾-a. *Pers.* ˘Amant alternă ∾-æ.

MURA. 2. *A verse, song.* Prima dictĕ umma dicendĕ ∾-a. *H. See* CARMEN.

, *and* CAMARA, æ. *f. A vault, vaulted* or *roof.* Effulgent cămĕræ vărĭo fastigĭă vi- [† Fornix, testudo, arcŭs; *ext.* lăcunăr, r.] *See* LACUNAR *and* LAQUEARIA.

IĂ. *See* CAMARINA.

, æ. *f. Camilla, queen of the Volsci, ally uus.* Nomĭnĕ Casmillæ, mutata partĕ, Că- . *V.*

S, i. *m. A famous Roman. C. D.* Adspĭcĕ tum et rĕfĕrentem signă Cămillum. *V.*

, i. *m.* 1. *A furnace, forge.* Ruptis flamspirarĕ cămĭnis. *V. See* FORNAX. 2. *A ce, the fire there.* Ramos urentĕ ∾-o. *H.* CUS.

ŬS, i. *m. A crab, prawn,* &c. Concŏlŏr ra, cammărĕ, lancĕ rŭbes. *M.*

IĂ, æ. *f.* (CAMPANIĂ TERRĂ. *Tib.*) *A of Italy.* Campanĭă pinguĭs ăratŭr. *Pp.* mœnă, divĕs, provĭdă, pinguĭs, fertĭlĭs, fĕcundă, lætă. *See* CAMPANUS.

ŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of Campania, Campanian; Capua.* Campani glorĭă rurĭs. *M.* 2. ∾ *Wine of Campania,* i. e. *from Falernum,* um. ∾-o toxĭcă sævă mĕro. *M. See* CÆ- , FALERNUM. 3. ∾ sŭpellex. *Earthen- f Campania.* ∾ sŭpellex; trullă. *H. See* E.

RĬS, *and sts.* strĭs. *m.*, strĭs. *f.*, strĕ. *n.* 1. *elonging to the plain, open country.* Cam- Scythæ. *H.* 2. Sp. *Of the Campus Mar- ampestrĭbŭs abstĭnĕt armis. H.*

i. *m.* 1. *A field, open country.* Văcŭo int æquŏrĕ ∾-i. *V.* [† Planĭtĭes, æquŏr.] pertŭs, pătens, planŭs, vastŭs, latŭs, inumensŭs, spăt̆ĭosŭs, ŭrbĭs purŭs; *undĭquĕ* spectabĭlĭs. *See* PLANITIES. 2. *A ploughed field.* Flavescet ∾-ŭs ărista; ∾-um fractis invertĕrĕ glebis. *V.* [† ˘Agĕr, arvum, jugĕră, cultă.] *See* AGER. 3. *A meadow.* ∾ herbosŭs. *H.* gramĭnĕ vestitŭs. *Cl. See* PRATUM. 4. *A field of battle,* or *site of a camp. V. O.* **Phr.** Arĕă pugnæ apta. *O.* 5. *The Campus Martius at Rome;* hence, *the exercises* or *elections held there. V. H.* **Crol.** Campŭs Martĭŭs. 6. ∾ mĭnŏr *or* Tĭbĕrĭnŭs. *A field on the banks of the Tiber, which was used when the Campus Martius was under water.* Te campo quæsivĭmus mĭnorĕ. *Cat. See* EQUIRIA. Fig. 7. *Course, career; subject treated by an author.* Decurrĕrĕ campo Per quem magnŭs ĕquos Auruncæ flexĭt ălumnŭs? *J.* [† Arĕă, æquŏr.] 8. Campi aĕrĭs. *The fields of air. V. See* AER. 9. ∾ lĭquentes, nătantes, humentes, cærŭlĕi, &c. *The liquid plain, the sea.* Cœlum ac terras, ∾-oque lĭquentes. *V.* ∾-os nătantes. *Lr.* ∾-os sălĭs rŭĕrĕ. *V.* Campŭs ăquarum. *O.* Cærŭlĕis ∾-is. *Sil. See* MARE.

CĂMŬRŬS, *or* CĂMĔRŬS, ă, um. *Crooked, bent inwards, crumpled.* Et cămŭris hirtæ sub cornĭbŭs aures. *V.*

CANALIS, ĭs. *m. A pipe, trough, channel of water.* Potarĕ cănalĭbŭs undam. *V.* [† Alvĕŭs, fistŭlă.] **Ep.** Căvŭs, occultŭs, păt̆ŭlŭs, angustŭs, rĭgŭŭs, longŭs, (*of oak*) ilĭgnŭs, (*of reed*) ărundĭnĕŭs. **Phr.** 1. *Of a leaden pipe carried across a river.* Pĕr obliquum amnem plumbo labĭtŭr. Plumbo flumĭnă transcurrĭt. 2. *To turn the water on a garden.* Vĭrĭdes hortos cănalĭbŭs rĕcrĕarĕ. *See* FISTULA.

CANCELLI, orum. *m. pl. Bars, grating, lattice.* Cancellis primos insĕrŭissĕ pĕdes. *O.*

CANCĔR, cri, *and sts.* cĕrĭs. *m.* (*Phæd.*) 1. *A crabfish.* Concăvă littŏrĕo si demas brachĭă cancro. *O.* [† Cammărŭs.] **Ep.** Flumĭnĕŭs, flŭvĭalĭs, pĭgĕr, tardŭs, octĭpes, multĭpes, littŏrĕŭs, æquorĕŭs, squamĕŭs, testudĭnĕŭs.] 2. *One of the signs of the Zodiac.* Siderĕ Cancri. *V.* [† Carcĭnŭs.] **Ep.** Æstĭfĕr, ădustŭs, căllĭdŭs, fervĭdŭs, curvans brachĭă, solĕ pĕrustŭs, ăgros ădurens. **Crol.** Cancri sidŭs, signă, brachĭă, Cancri torrĭdŭs ignĭs, ferventĭs ardŏr. **Phr.** *Time of the sun's entering Cancer* (June). Æstivi Cancri tempŏrĕ; cum fervĭdŭs ∾ extendĭt brachĭă; cum rŭbent ∾-i signă. *See* ÆSTAS, CANICULA. 3. *A disease so called.* Immĕdĭcabĭlĕ cancĕr. *O.* **Ep.** Livĭdŭs, pŭtrĭdŭs, ĕdax, insanabĭlĭs, immĕdĭcabĭlĭs.

CANDELA, æ. *f. A candle.* Nomĭnă candelæ nobis antiquă dĕdĕrunt. *M. J.* [† Cerĕŭs, funalĕ; *ext.* fax, lampăs, lŭcernă, tædă, &c.] *See* FAX, LAMPAS.

CANDELĂBRUM, i. *n. A chandelier.* De candelabro magnă lŭcernă tĭbĭ. *M.* **Ep.** Ærĕum, lignĕum, cælatum.

CANDENS, tĭs. *part. See* CANDEO. 1. *White.* Candenti corpŏrĕ cycnum. *V. See* CANDIDUS. 2. *White* (as iron) *by fire.* Stygĭa candentem tinxĕrăt undă (ensem). *V.* ∾ lamnă. *H.* [† Ignĭtŭs, ardens.] 3. Sts. *Hot, burning.* Glŏbos ∾-es. *Sil.* Phœbŭs ∾-tŏr. *V. Fl. See* ARDENS.

CANDĔO, es. 1. *To be white.* Hic ferrată rĭgent, illic argentĕă candent. *Cl.* [† Candesco, canĕo, canesco, albĕo, albesco; *sts.* albĭco.] **Crol.** Sum candĭdŭs, albŭs, lactĕŭs, nĭvĕŭs, ĕburnŭs, ĕburnĕŭs. *See* CANDIDUS. 2. *To be white from the effect of fire, to be very hot.* ∾-ĕt ĭn ignĕ cĭnĭs; aer fervorĭbŭs ustŭs. *O.* fervĭdă æstas. *L.* [† Flăgro, ardĕo, ignĕsco.] 3. Fig. *To be inflamed with anger.* ∾ irâ (ci). *Cl.* [† Excandesco.]

CANDESCO, ĭs. 1. *To grow, become white.* Licĕatquĕ căput candescĕrĕ canis. *Tib.* [† Albesco, canesco.] **Crol.** Candorem duco, concĭplo, trĭ-

ho. **2.** *To become white in the fire, burning hot.* ∾-ĭt lamĭnā. *Pp.* Ferrum ĭn ignĕ ∾-ĭt. *Lr* Currus sensĭt ∾. *O. See* CANDEO.

CANDĬDĀTUS, ă, um. **1.** *Dressed in white.* At candĭdatus cedĭt hic mastiglĭ. *Pl.* [† Candĭdŭs, albatŭs, albŭs.] **2.** *A candidate* (for any thing). *See* PETITOR.

CANDĬDUS, ă, um. **1.** *White.* Quamvis illĕ nĭger, quamvis tu candĭdŭs esses. *V.* [† Candens, albŭs, albens, albescens, albĭdŭs, ĕburnŭs, ĕburnĕŭs, lactĕŭs, nĭvĕŭs, argentĕŭs; *sts.* canens, canŭs, canescens, albĭcans, albŭlŭs, candescens, candĭdŭlŭs.] **Crcl.** Candorĕ nĭtens, fulgens, dĕcorŭs. Candorĕ nĭvali. Candĭdĭŏr lactĕ, nĭvĕ, nĭvĭbŭs, cycno, cycnis, ŏlorĕ, nĭvĕi lĭgustri fŏlĭo, nĭvĕ non calcata, intactis (cādentĭbŭs, rĕcentĭbŭs) nĭvĭbŭs. **Phr.** (˘Equi) nĭves candorĕ vincentes. (Alĕs) argentĕā nĭvĕis pennis. (Cervā) nĭvis cŏlorĕ spectabĭlĭs. (Tŏgā) non tactas nĭves victurā; inducta albedĭnĕ nĭtens. (*A perfect white.*) Cui cŏlŏr nĭvis ĕrāt, quam nĕquĕ austēr solvĭt, nĕquĕ pēdum vestigĭā calcaverunt. Qui (candŏr) nĭves ĕt lillĭ sŭpērāt. (*With one spot* or *stain.*) Unā lābes fŭit,—lactis (nĭvis) cætĕrā. (*The white and red of beauty.*) Dĕcŭs orĭs; mixtŭs candorĕ, *or* ĭn nĭvĕo cŏlorĕ, rŭbor. Candŏr rŭborĕ (purpŭrĕo sanguĭnĕ) suffusŭs. **2.** *Dressed in white.* ∾-ă pompā. *O.* plebs. *M.* [† Albatŭs, albŭs.] *See* ALBATUS. **3.** *Beautiful* (of the person). ∾-um Medēā mirātā dŭcem. *H.* ∾ Dido. *V. See* PULCHER. **4.** *Clear, beautiful* (sky, weather). Nubē sŏlet pulsa ∾ irĕ dĭes. *O.* ∾-i fāvonĭi. *H.* [† Albŭs, clarŭs, purŭs, sĕrenŭs.] **Crcl.** Nĭvĕā lux. Fig. **5.** *Happy, favorable.* ∾ ĕt felix annŭs; pax. *O.* nox. *Pp.* [† Albŭs, faustŭs, felix.] *See* FAUSTUS. **6.** ∾ lăpillŭs, calcŭlŭs, *A pebble, die, to mark the lucky days;* hence, ∾ sententĭā, *sentence of acquittal. O. See* CALCULUS. **7.** *Frank, open, impartial.* Sermonum candĭdē judex. ∾-ŭs imperti. *H.* [† Sincerŭs, ingĕnŭŭs, simplex, āpertŭs. *See* SINCERUS. **8.** *Innocent, virtuous.* Pectŏrĕ ∾-ŭs. *O.* ˘Anĭmæ candĭdĭores. *H.* ∾-ă sæcŭlā. *Sen.* [† Innŏcens, intĕgĕr.] *See* ALBUS. **9.** *Well-disposed, favorable.* ∾ lectŏr. *O.* [† Bĕnignŭs, bŏnŭs.]

CANDŎR, orĭs. *m.* **1.** *Whiteness.* [† Albedo, album.] **Ep.** Nĭvĕŭs, nĭvalis, lactĕŭs, argentĕŭs, ĕburnŭs, ĕburnĕŭs, marmŏrĕŭs, nĭtĭdŭs. **Crcl.** Cŏlŏr albŭs, nĭvĕŭs, ĕburnĕŭs, ĕburnŭs. Nĭvis cŏlŏr, nĭtŏr. **2.** *Whiteness of the skin, complexion.* ∾ sanguĭnĕ suffusŭs. *St.* **3.** *Clear light of the day.* ˘In luce ĕt claro ∾-orĕ cernĭtŭr. *Lr. See* NITOR. **4.** Sts. *Heat.* Æstivŭs ∾. *Cl. See* CALOR. **5.** *Beauty.* ∾ pŭellæ. *Pp. See* PULCHRITUDO. Fig. **6.** *Frankness, candour.* ∾ ĭn hoc ævo res intermortŭā pænĕ. *O.* ˘Anĭmi candŏr. *O.* [† Simplĭcĭtas.] **Ep.** Ingĕnŭŭs, innŏcŭŭs, intĕmĕrātŭs, virgĭnĕŭs, pŭellarĭs. **7.** *Virtue, innocence. See* VIRTUS.

CANĔO, es. **1.** *To grow grey, to be white-haired.* Tempŏrĭbus gĕmĭnis canebat sparsā sĕnectus. *V.* [† Canesco.] *See* CANITIES. **2.** *To be white, speaking of the beard, of fields,* &c. ˘Ager ∾-ĕt āristis. *O.* Gramĭnā ∾-ent (sc. rore). *V.* ∾-ĕt barbā gĕlu. *Sil. See* CANDEO.

CANESCO, Is. **1.** *To grow grey. O.* [† Canĕo.] **2.** Gen. *To grow, become white.* ∾-unt æquŏrā remis; tectā rĕlictā sĭtu. *O. See* CANDEO, CANDIDUS.

CANI, orum. *m. pl.* (sc. capilli *or* crines.) *White hairs.* Falsos in tempŏrā canos Addĭt. *O. See* CANITIES.

CANICŬLA, æ. *f.* (*and* CANIS, Is. *m.*) **1.** *The Dog-star.* Nec grāvĕ te tempus sĭtĭensvĕ Cănicŭlā tardĕt. *O.* [† Sirĭus; *ext.* Leo, Cancĕr, *æstas.*] **Ep.** Erĭgŏnĕĭ, Icārĭā, æstivā, æstĭfĕrā, ardens, ignĕā, torrĭdā, sĭtĭens, fervĭdā, fūrens, insanā. **Crcl.** Icārĭus, Erigŏnĕĭus, sidĕrĕŭs Cănis. Fervĭdŭs illĕ Cănis. Icārĭum sidŭs. Sirĭus ardŏr. Æstivi cănis stellā. Icārĭi cănis prŏtervā stellā, sidŭs, sidĕrā, signā, æstŭs. Cănicŭlæ ātrox horā. Æstivi cănis siccā temporā. *Æ.* c. ortŭs. **Phr.** Sirĭus ardentes ăgros (hĭulcā *or* arentiā arvā, ănhelantes ăgros, ănhelantem orbem) torrĕt (exurĭt, findĭt) sĭti (*or* sævis ardorĭbŭs) t. e. incendĭt. Tempŏrĕ quo terrā Icārĭo (sicco) Cănĕ tostā findĭtŭr (sĭtĭt, fervĕt); *or,* Sirĭus &c.—cœlo ardĕt;—sĭtĭentes Indos torrĕt;—letĭfĕros ignes accendĭt. *See* ÆSTAS, ARIDITAS. **2.** *The worst throw upon the dice.* Damnosā ∾. *Pers.* [† Cănis.] *See* C.

CANĬDIA, æ. *f. The name of a sorceress.* Canĭdĭam pēdĭbus nudis passoquĕ căpillo. *H.*

CĂNINUS, ă, um. **1.** *Of a dog, dog-like.* Torvī cănino Latravit rictu. *J.* Pellem ∾-am. *M.* **2.** ∾-ă verbā, facundĭā, *satirical, cutting language,* &c. Verbā ∾-ă ĭn toto fōro. *O.* (*Ib.*)

CĂNIS, Is. *m. f.* **1.** *A dog, bitch.* Cum cănĭbus timĭdi vĕnĭent ad pŏcŭlā damæ. *V.* [† Cătŭlus; *sts.* cătellŭs.] **Ep.** Blandŭs, fidŭs, acĕr, săgax. **2.** *A house-dog.* [† Cătŭlus; *sts.* mŏlossŭs.] **Ep.** Vĭgĭl, pernox, custos, sedŭlŭs, fidŭs, fĭdelis, attentŭs, arrectŭs, latratŏr, terrĭbĭlis, infestŭs, intrĕpĭdŭs, nocturnŭs, lĕvĭsomnŭs, săgax. **Crcl.** Fidā, provĭdā cănum vis, custodlā, turbā. Custos mŏlossŭs. Consuetā cătŭlorum prŏpago. Cănum fidā cordā, fidā pectŏrā. **Phr.** Cănis—gressum hĕrĭlem cŏmĭtatŭr;—fures exăgĭtăt;—hostem nuntĭăt;—trĕpĭdas mĭnistras vĭgĭlarĕ mŏnĕt;—dŏmŭs ∾-ĭbŭs persŏnăt. **3.** *A hound.* [† Cătŭlus, mŏlossŭs; *sts.* Umbĕr, Lăcon, Cres, Cressā. ˘Odorā cănum vis. Turbā Dĭanĭā; t. cănum circumsŏnā.] **Ep.** Venatĭcus, venatŏr, acĕr, audax, fortis, săgax, solers, ŏdorĭsĕquus, fĕrŭs, trux, răpĭdŭs, velox, cĕlĕr, pernix, vivĭdŭs, ănhelŭs, montĭvăgŭs, Umbĕr, Lăcon, mŏlossŭs, ˘Amyclæus, Gallĭcus, Brĭtannŭs, Belgĭcus. Narĕ săgax. Narĭbŭs acĕr. Pēdĭbŭs cĕlĕr. Cursu fortis. Cursu, lătratĭbŭs [*mly.* latr-] instans. Săgax venandi; pŏtens (virtutĕ, virĭbŭs) sĕquendi. **Phr.** (*Hunter with dogs.*) ˘In retĭā cervos prĕmĭt; cănes pĕr jŭgā ăd cŭbĭlĭā notā dirĭgĭt, hortatŭr; ăpros hinc ĕt hinc multa cănĕ ĭn plāgas trudĭt. (*Dogs questing; on the scent.*) Nunc auras elatis narĭbŭs rimantŭr; nunc vestigĭā demisso (tăcĭto, presso) rostro collĭgunt, quærunt. Cănes, nacti vestigĭa,—occultam fĕram ăgĭtant; *or,*—fĕræ per devĭā errores mersa narĕ lĕgunt, prĕmunt. (*Giving tongue.*) Cănes—fĕram clamorĕ produnt;—vŏcando dŏmĭnum incrĕpĭtant;—præda rĕperta latrant [*seld.* lă-];—dumetā vāgis latratĭbŭs [*seld.* lă-] implent. Cătŭlŭs—milĭtăt ĭn silvis;—saltus indaginĕ lustrāt;—fĕras e collĕ exĭgĭt. *See* VENOR. **4.** *The Dog-star. See* CANICULA. **5.** ∾ tergĕmĭnŭs, Tartărĕŭs, &c. *Cerberus. O. See* CERBERUS. **6.** Cănes infernæ. *The Furies. H. See* FURIÆ. **7.** *The worst throw upon the dice. See* CANICULA.

CANISTRUM, i. *n. A basket.* Stat pŭēr, et mănĭbus latā cănistrā tĕnĕt. *O.* [† Călăthŭs, fiscĭnā, fiscellā, cistā.] *See* CALATHUS.

CANITIES, ei. *f.* **1.** *White hair* (of men). Canĭtĭe pŏsĭta, nigrum răpŭerĕ cŏlorem. *O.* [† Cani.] **Ep.** Nĭvĕā, rarā, sĕnĭlis, impexā, squalens, squallĭdā, sordĭdā, inculta, frigĭdā; sanctā, vĕnĕrandā. **Crcl.** Cani căpĭlli, crines. Canā cŏmā. Cănum, candĭdum căpŭt. Albescens căpillŭs. Albi căpilli. Canŭs crinis. Canæ cŏmæ. Tempŏrā canā (canis albā, albentĭā, sparsā). Căpĭtis nĭves. Cani sparsi pĕr tempŏrā. Sparsā tempŏrĭbus sĕnectus. **Phr.** Canĭtĭes,—mĕllĭorĭbus annis pulsis, vĕnĭt;—cŏmas antiquas miscĕt;—toto vertĭcĕ

albā est; fūlŭt căpĭti. (*Hoary-headed.*) Cui detĕrĭŏr ætas canis adspergĭtŭr. Quem nĭves căpĭtis děcŏrant. Cui căpŭt canis candescĭt. Cui căpŭt cană sĕnectă inficĭt; cujŭs cŏmas sĕnectă sparsĭt. Cui cani vertĭcĕ funduntŭr. Qui nĭvĕis crinĭbŭs albĕt. 2. *Used of the beard.* Plurĭnă mento ∾. *V.* Propexă mento ∾. *St.* 3. Ext. *Old age. See* SENECTUS. 4. *White hair in animals; white feathers.* ∾ ĕădem est (lŭpo); pennis. *O.*

CANNĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A reed, rush. O.* [? ˘Arundo, cĕlămŭs, juncŭs.] Ep. Pălustrĭs, longă, vĭrĭdĭs, stridŭlă, trĕmŭlă, argută, păludĭgĕnă, crassă. 2. *A reed of the Pan-pipe* (septenis fistŭlă cannis. *O.*); *a pipe* or *flute. See* FISTULA. 3. *A kind of large reed of which canoes were made. J. See* ARUNDO.

CANNĂBIS, ĭs. *f. Hemp.* Tĭbĭ torta cannăbĕ fulto. *Pers.*

CANNÆ, arum. *f. pl. Cannæ, a village of Apulia. C. D.* CANNENSIS, ĕ. *adj. Of* or *belonging to Cannæ. Pp.* Feralĭă nomĭnă, Cannæ. *L.* Ep. Varronĕ fŭgato cĕlĕbres. Romano sanguĭnĕ crŭentatæ, insignes, spumantes.

CANO, ĭs, cĕcĭnĭ. *To sing.* 1. *Used of man.* Hinc alta sub rupĕ cănet frondatŏr ăd auras. *V.* [? Canto; *sts.* mŏdŭlor, concĭno.] Crol. Cantus do, exercĕo, edo, clĕo, mĕdĭtŏr. Orĕ mŏdos clĕo, do, fundo. Æthĕrĭă, auras cantu fĕrio, mulcĕo. Concentĭbŭs auras implĕo. Vocem ĭn mŏdŭlos flecto. Voces cantu inflecto. Vocĕ carmĭnă mŏdŭlŏr. Cantu, modŭlamĭnĕ—curas mulcĕo;—curas, otĭă, lăborem fallo;—otĭă vitæ solŏr;—mălă lĕvo;—gaudĭă testŏr;—silvas rĕsŏnarĕ dŏcĕo. Phr. *Of a sweet voice in singing.* Vox sŭnĭbŭs cycnis (Phœbi pectĭnĕ) mitĭŏr, dulcĭŏr, suavĭŏr, *&c.* 2. *Used of birds.* Crol. Cantus, mĕlŏs guttŭrĕ promo, fundo. Auras, ærĭă, silvas, nĕmŏrĕ, lŏcă (lĭquĭdis) vocĭbŭs, cantu, cantĭbŭs, concentĭbŭs implĕo, persŏno, mulcĕo. Arguto guttŭrĕ voces ingĕmĭno. Carmĕn intĕgro; dulcĕ quĕrŏr; nulla artĕ căno. Phr. (Bubo) longas voces ĭn fletum ducĭt. (Cycni) mŏdos cănoros pĕr longă collă edunt. (*Of the singing of birds in woods,* &c.) Virgultă, nĕmŏrĕ cănoris ăvĭbus (cănora vocĕ) lŏquuntŭr, rĕsŏnant. 3. *To sing to the lyre.* Phr. Carmĭnă nervis sŏcĭo. Orĕ ăd cĭthăram mŏvĕo. *O.* Linguam cĭthăræ concordem pĕr carmĭnă mŏvĕo. *Sil. See* CITHARA. 4. *To sing, celebrate in verse.* ∾ armă vĭrumquĕ; reges ĕt prœlĭă. *V.* [? Canto, dico, sŏno, mĕmŏro, rĕfĕro, cĕlĕbro.] Crol. Cantu cĕlĕbro. *See* CELEBRO, CARMEN. 5. *To celebrate, speak in praise of.* ∾-ĭtur nomĕn mĕum. *O.* [? Laudo, prædĭco.] 6. *To puddish, announce.* Factă atquĕ infectă ∾-ĕbăt (Famă). *V.* [? Vulgo, nuntĭo, narro, dico, rĕfĕro, mĕmŏro.] *See* NUNTIO. 7. *To foretel.* ∾ oracŭlă. *L.* omĭnă; bellă exhaustă. *V. See* PRÆDICO. 8. *To tell, say* (but ordinarily in an offensive sense). ∾ tallĭă; dirā. *V. See* DICO. 9. *To play on a wind instrument.* ∾ junctis ăcrundĭnĭbŭs; cornu kdunco. *O.* pastoralĕ signum. *V.* [? Sŏno, insŏno, persŏno.] *See* TIBIA, TUBA. 10. *Used of the trumpet; to sound, give signal of.* ∾ comunisos ludos (tŭbă). *V.* jussos rĕceptus (bucĭnă). *O.* 11. Sta. *To charm, use incantations,* &c. Deducĭrĕ cornŭă lunæ cănendo. *O. See* INCANTAMENTUM, MAGICUS.

CĂNOPEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Canopus.* Grată Cănopeis incŏlă littŏrĭbŭs. *Cat.*

CĂNOPUS, *or* CĂNOPŎS, i. *m. Canopus, a city in Egypt, on one of the mouths of the Nile.* Pellæi gens fortunată Cănopi. *V.* Ep. Pelusiăcŭs, Phăriăs, Thĕrapnæŭs, ˘Amyclæŭs, Lăgæŭs, mollĭs, lascivŭs. *See* ÆGYPTUS.

CĂNŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *The sound of song.* Res est blandă cănor: discant cantarĕ pŭellæ. *O. See* CANTUS. 2. Us. *The sound of wind instruments.* Ærĭs rauci ∾. *V.* [? Sŏnŭs, sŏnĭtŭs, clangŏr.] 3. *Of instruments with strings.* ∾ lyræ. *O.* [? Sŏnŭs, mŏdi.]

CĂNORUS, ă, um. 1. *Pleasant in sound, musical.* ˘Avĭbus ∾-ĭs. *V.* Vocĕ ∾-a. *O.* Filă ∾-ă lyræ. *Cl.* ∾-ŭs alĕs. *H.* [? Argutŭs, dulcĭs, blandŭs, dulcĭsŏnŭs.] 2. *Resounding.* Ærĕ cănoro (tŭbæ). *V.* ∾-os Curetum sŏnĭtus. *V.* [? Sŏnans, raucŭs.]

CANTĂBĔR, ăbri. *m.* CANTABRI, orum. *pl.* 1. *A people of Spain. C. D.* Cantăbĕr Agrippæ, Claudi virtutĕ Nĕronĭs &c. *H.* Ep. Indoctŭs jŭgă ferrĕ. *H.* 2. ∾-ĕr, rĭ, rum. *Of* or *belonging to the C.,* &c. Cantăbĕr ocĕănŭs. *Cl.*

CANTĂBRICUS, ă, um = Cantăbĕr, *adj.* ∾ bellă. *H.*

CANTAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. An incantation.* O! ŭtĭnam măgĭcæ noscens cantamĭnă musæ. *Pp.* [? Carmĕn.] *See* MAGICUS.

CANTATŎR, orĭs. *m. and* CANTATRIX, icĭs. *f. One that sings.* Cantator cycnus funĕrĭs ipsĕ sŭi. *M.* Cantatricesquĕ chŏreas. *Cl. See* CANTOR.

CANTHĂRIS, idĭs. *f. A kind of beetle.* Canthărĭdum succos, dantĕ pĕrentĕ, bĭbas. *O.*

CANTHĂRUS, i. *m. A kind of cup* or *jug with handles.* Pendebat canthărŭs ansa. *V. See* POCULUM.

CANTHUS, i. *m. The iron plate round a wheel, tire of a wheel.* Istĕ trŏchus pŭĕrĭs, at mĭhĭ canthŭs ĕrĭt. *M. See* ROTA.

CANTĬCUM, i. *n. A song, air.* Cantĭcă qui Nisi, qui Gaditană sŭsurrăt. *M. Pp. See* CANTUS.

CANTĬLENA, æ. *f.* 1. *An air, strain.* Fors ĕt hæc somnum tĭbĭ cantĭlenă. *Aus.* [? Cantŭs, carmĕn.] 2. Fig. *Idle words, old songs.* Cantĭlenam eandem canĭs. *Ter.* (*the old strain.*)

CANTO, as. *freq. of* Cano (*and* CANTĬTO, as. *freq. of* Canto. *Ter. Pl.*). 1. *To sing. V. See* CANO. 2. *To sing, celebrate in verse.* Cantari dignŭs. *V.* 3. *To make known, famous.* ∾-ari pĕr totum orbem. *O.* tota urbĕ. *H.* ∾-atŭs lĭbellis; ˘Achilles. *O. See* INNOTESCO, LAUDO. 4. *To play, to sound* (of the instrument itself). ∾-ăt tibĭă. *O.* buccĭnă pastorĭs. *Pp.* 5. *To enchant, use incantations,* &c. Cantando rumpĭtŭr anguis. *V.* Cantată uvă decĭdĭt. *O.* Cantată lună. *Pp.* ∾ sŏporem. *Sil. See* CANO, MAGICUS.

CANTŎR, orĭs. *m.* (CANTRIX, *f. Pl.*) 1. *A singer.* [? Cantatŏr.] 2. *A musician, poet.* ∾ ˘Apollo. *H.*

CANTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A song, of man* or *birds.* ∾ cĭcadæ. *V.* ˘Apollĭnĕŭs. *O.* [? Cănŏr, vox, mĕlŏs mŏdi, mŏdŭli, concentŭs, mŏdŭlamĕn, carmĕn; *sts.* cămenă, musă.] Ep. Argutŭs, dulcĭs, suavĭs, ămœnŭs, blandŭs, gratŭs, jucundŭs; festivŭs, lætŭs, hĭlărĭs; mœstŭs, tristĭs, quĕrŭlŭs. Crol. Lĭquĭdæ voces ăvĭum. Cristati oris cantŭs (*the crow of the cock*). Vocĭs sŏnŭs, dulcedo. Vox cănentis, cănorā. Vocĭs jucundæ sŏnŭs. Orā vocĭbŭs mŏdŭlatā. *See* CANO. 2. *A verse, poetry. See* CARMEN. 3. *Sound of the lyre. H.* [? Sŏnŭs.] *See* CITHARA. 4. *Of the trumpet.* ∾-u strĕpunt (cornŭă); Martem accendĕrĕ. *V.* [? Clangŏr, cănŏr.] *See* TUBA. 5. *Incantations.* ∾-u somnos spargĕrĕ. *V.* ∾ (*pl.*) quĭbŭs fallĕrĕ posses. *Tib.* [? Carmĕn.] *See* MAGICUS.

CANŬS, a, um. 1. *White* (speaking of the hair); *one whose hair is white.* Canis alberĕ căpillis. *O.* ∾ sĕnectus. *Cat.* [? Canescens.] 2. CANI, orum. *m. pl. White hairs. See* CANI *and* CANITIES. 3. *White* gen. ∾ plumæ. *O.* ∾-ă lanugĭnĕ mală. *V.* ∾-o fluctu cærŭlă spumant; gĕlu, brumă horrĭdă. *V.* ∾ laurĕă; filă. O. *See* CAN-

DIDUS. 4. Fig. *Ancient, old; virtuous, venerable, holy.* ∾ Fĭdes; Vestă. *V.* sæcŭlă. *M. See* ANTIQUUS.

CANŬSINUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *pertaining to Canusium.* Cănŭsini morĕ bĭlinguis. *H.* 2. CANŬSINA, æ. *f.* (sc. lana.) *Stuff made of the wool of C.*

CANŬSĬUM, ĭi *and* i. *n. A town of Apulia, built by Diomede. C. D.* Oppĭdĭus Cănŭsi dŭŏ prædĭă divĕs. *H.*

CAPĂNEĬUS, *and* CAPANEUS, ă, um. *Capaneus's, of Capaneus.* Căpănelă conjux. *St.* Căpănelăque signă. *J.*

CAPĂNEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi, *or* ei. *acc.* ĕă. *m.* 1. *Capaneus, one of the seven chiefs before Thebes. C. D.* Căpăneus horrorĕ cănendŭs. *St.* Accĭpĕ me, Căpăneu. *O.* Căpănei grată rŭină Jŏvi. *Pp.* 2. Sts. *gen.* Căpănĕŏs, *acc.* eă. (Καπανῆος.) *Aus.*

CAPAX, acis. *f.* 1. *Containing* or *able to contain.* Multă căpax pŏpŭli commŏdă circŭs hăbĕt. *O.* 2. *Spacious, of great size, capacious.* Ripis ∾ -ĭbŭs amnis. *O.* ∾ urnă. *H.* alvŭs. *Ph.* [† Amplŭs, latŭs, spătĭosŭs, vastŭs, ingena.] 3. Fig. *Capable of, of ability* or *fitness for.* ∾ altæ mentis. *O.* ăd præceptă ănĭmŭs. *O.* offĭcii. *Cl.* ŏpĕrirĕ. *St.* [† Aptŭs, Idonĕŭs.]

CAPELLA, æ. *f. dim. of* Capra. 1. *A goat;* us. *tame goat.* Itĕ dŏmum sătŭræ, vĕnĭt Hespĕrŭs, itĕ căpellæ. *V.* [† Căprā; *sts.* căprĕă. Cornĭgĕrā matĕr.] Ep. Lascivă, văgă, errans, devĭă, hirtă, hispĭdă, simă. Distenta lactĕ. ˘Amans saxă. ˘Ad mulctrā vĕnĭens. Virgultă attondens. *See* CAPER. 2. CAPELLA, *and* CAPRA. *A constellation so called.* Signum plŭvĭalĕ Căpellæ. *O.* Insanā Căpræ sidĕrā. *H.* Crol. Tŏnantis nutrix; Jŏvis ălumni nutrix. *See* AMALTHEA, CORNU.

CAPENA, æ. *f.* 1. *An ancient town of Etruria, on the borders of the Tibur.* 2. Căpenā portā, *or abs.* Căpenā. *f. One of the gates of Rome, at the commencement of the Appian way, and under an aqueduct.* Substĭtĭt ad vĕtĕres arcus mădĭdamquĕ Căpenam. *J.*

CAPENUS, ă, um, *and* CAPENAS, atis. *m. f.* (Căpenā). *Of* or *belonging to Capena. V.*

CAPER, căpri *and* capri. *m.* 1. *A he-goat.* Baccho căpĕr omnĭbŭs aris. *V.* Illĕ căprum mactăt. *O.* Proles Sĕmĕlĕă capro. *O.* [† Hircŭs; *sts.* hœdŭs, căprĕŏlŭs.] Ep. Cornĭgĕr, barbatŭs, barbĭgĕr, hirsutŭs, hirtŭs, hispĭdŭs, setĭgĕr; lascivŭs, pĕtŭlans, pĕtulcŭs; torvŭs; văgŭs, errans; ŏlens, ŏlĭdŭs. Crol. Dux pĕcŏrĭs. Dux, vĭr, pătĕr grĕgis. ˘Olens măritŭs, mas căpellæ. Capriĕgĕnŭs, pĕcŭs. 2. CAPER; HIRCUS; *and sts.* CAPRA. *The smell of the arm-pits.* ∾ sŭb alarum vallĕ. *Cat.* Gorgonĭŭs hircum ŏlĕt. *H.* Prĕmunt convivĭă ŏlĭdæ căpræ. *H. See* ALA. 6. Sts. *The sign of Capricorn. See* CAPRICORNUS.

CAPESSO, is. 1. *To lay hold of, snatch up* or *seize.* Sŏcĭis tunc armă căpessant Ĕdico. *V.* [† Căpĭo, sumo.] *See* CAPIO. *Fig.* 2. ∾ regnă. *V.* rectă. *H.* [† Suscĭpĭo, ĭnĕo.] 3. ∾ jussă. *To obey orders. O.* ∾ impĕrĭă. *Pl.* [† Audĭo, exsĕquŏr, făcesso.] 4. ∾ lŏcum. *To make for a place, to go to it.* ∾ Itălĭam; ˘Itălas oras. *V. See* PETO. 5. ∾ me, *or* cursum (ĭn, ăd). *Pl. I betake myself, go,* or *I direct my course* (*to*).

CAPĔTUS, i. *m. A king of Alba.* Post hunc Căpĕtusquĕ Căpysquĕ. *O.*

CAPHAREUS, ĕŏs, ĕi, *or* ei. *m. A promontory of Eubœa.* Eubŏĭcæ cautes, ultorquĕ Căpharĕus. [† Saxă Căpharĕă.] Ep. Importunĭs. Cautĭbŭs fixŭs. ˘Agens (naves, nautas) ĭn sŭă saxă. Puppes frangens.

CAPHAREUS. O. and sts. CAPHARĔUS, ă, um. *Pp.* (*and* CAPHARIS, ĭdis. *f. Sen.*) *Of* or *pertaining to Caphareus.*

CAPHARNAUM, i. *n. Capernaum, a town of Galilee. Eccl.*

CAPILLATUS, ă, um. *Having long hair.* Ipsĕ căpillato diffusum consŭlĕ potăt. *J.* [† Crinitŭs, cŏmatŭs, intonsŭs.] Crol. Non tonsŭs. Intonsŭs cŏmam, cŏmas. Crines effusŭs. Largŭs cŏmæ. Cui căpilli, crines intonsi, effusi, demissi, longi, flŭentes, văgi, errantes, indŏcĭles. Cui căpŭt intonsum. Cæsăriĕ, căpillis, crinĭbŭs, crinĕ, cŏma dĕcorŭs. Phr. (*Of one with dishevelled hair.*) Crines, cŏmas, &c. sŏlută (effusă. rĕligată). Cŏmas, crines, &c. (indŏcĭles, intonsos) ventis dăt diffundĕrĕ, *or* lĕvĭbŭs auris projĭcit. Cui crines &c. văgi errant: cui crines intonsos aurā ăgităt. (*With hair falling on the neck, &c.*) Effusă (*nom.*) pĕr collă cæsăriem, crines, &c. Cui mĕdĭos ĭn armos (pĕr ŭtrumquĕ hŭmĕrum, longa cervicĕ, per collă, hŭmĕris, ăd usquĕ pĕdes)—căpilli &c. longi (intonsi, immissi, infusi, effusi) pendent (dependent, flŭunt, invŏlĭtant); —cŏmā &c. nodo lĭbĕrā (collĭgi nesciă) demissā flŭit. Cujŭs fusos crines cervix accĭpĭt.

CAPILLUS, i. *m.* CAPILLI, orum. *pl.* 1. *Hair, head of hair.* Fulvo protectă căpillo. *O.* Molles ĭmĭtabĭtŭr ærĕ căpillos. *H.* (*The word is not found in Virgil.*) [† Crinis, crines, cŏmā, cŏmæ, cæsăries; *sts.* căpŭt, pĭli.] Ep. Nĭgĕr, nĭgrans; dĕcorŭs, formosŭs, virgĭnĕŭs, pŭellarĭs, mollis. Crol. Căpĭtis cæsăries. Cæsăriĕ densum căpŭt. Frontis hŏnos. 2. *Fair, light hair; white hair. See* FLAVUS, CANITIES. 3. *Long, flowing hair.* Căpilli *or* crines effusi, fusi, diffusi, flŭentes, sŏluti, văgi, intonsi, longi, undantes. *See* CAPILLATUS. 4. *To let* or *make the hair grow.* Crinem pascĕrĕ. *V.* Cŏmas nutrirĕ. *V. Fl.* [† ˘Alo.] 5. *Hair gathered up in a knot,* or *garlanded, crowned.* Căpilli *or* crines vittati, cincti, florĕ cincti, incincti, præcincti, evincti, cŏronati, ornati. Phr. Căpillos *or* crines nodo, mitra, vitta, vittis colligo (is), prĕmo, cŏrcĕo, stringo, substringo. Crines ĭn nodum rĕllĭgo. Cŏmam frondĕ cingo, myrto necto, vincĭo. Crines nodo ĭn aurum *or* auro implĭco, internecto, subnecto. Phr. Fibŭlā (circŭlŭs, curvum crinalĕ) căpillos &c. (tortos, rĕflexos, incertos)—auro internectĭt (subnectĭt, ornăt);—nodo (n. rursŭs adducto, ĭn nodum, ĭn unum) collĭgĭt (rĕvŏcăt, cŏhĭbĕt, ĭn ordĭnĕ ponĭt). Retĭcŭlum (auratum) crines servăt. (*Garlanded hair.*) Crinem flŭentem frondĕ prĕmit; vitta evincĭt. *See* CRINALE, CORONA. 6. *Well-dressed hair, gracefully dressed.* Căpilli &c. compti, culti, compŏsĭti, digesti, ornati, bĕnĕ dispŏsĭti. Phr. Crines (căpillos, cæsăriem) pecto, fingo, pectĭnĕ diduco. *See* PECTO. 7. *Perfumed hair.* Crines &c. mădentes, mădĭdi, humentes, rorantes, udi, uncti, nĭtĭdi, nĭtentes, ambrŏsĭi, ŏdorati, ŏdori, spirantes, fŭagrantes. *See* UNGUENTUM. 8. *Curled hair.* Crines &c. torti, intorti, flexi, vĭbrati. *See* CIRRATUS *and* CINCINNUS. 9. *Hair in a disorderly, neglected state.* Căpilli &c. impexi, inornati, inculti, neglecti, incompti, immissi, squalentes, horrĭdi, hirti, hirsuti, prolixi, promissi, mălĕ dispŏsĭti, pŏsĭti sĭnĕ legĕ, sĭnĕ artĕ, sĭnĕ pectĭnis usu. Cŏmā turbĭdā, turbatā. ˘Inornatum căpŭt. 10. *Hair scattered and torn in grief.* Căpilli &c. scissi, passi, lăcĕri, turbati, disjecti, jactati, fusi, effusi, diffusi, sparsi, sparsi sĭnĕ legĕ. Fusæ cŏmæ. Phr. Căpillos, crines solvo, vello, scindo, disjĭcĭo, invado, vĭŏlo, lăcĕro, lănĭo, carpo, turbo, dilăcĕro, dilănio, rumpo, abscindo, spargo, rĕsolvo. Phr. *Of one thus showing grief.* Căpillos, cŏmam scissŭs, sŏlutŭs, turbatŭs, &c. questus fundĭt. Crinĭbŭs, cŏmis, &c. passis (sŏlutis, scissis, lăcĕris, a frontĕ

cum vestē scissis) lugēt. Cŏmas ĭn vul-
lĭlutas effusă (effuso căpillo tristis (cæsă-
iffusă, cŏmas lăcĕras abscissă *or* lănĭată
ersă) plorăt. *See* PLANGO. 11. *Hair cut
dedicated.* Cæsăriem, sectos căpillos &c.
nĕrĕ, deponĕrĕ, ĭn sĕpulcrā ferrĕ. *O.* Fu-
onarĕ. *Pp.* 12. *False hair.* *See* GALE-
13. *Dyed hair; to wear dyed hair.* Crcl.
căpillis mentĭŏr. Prōpĕros canos abscon-
grum crinem (dŏloso fuco) sĭmŭlo.
, cepi, captum. 1. *To take, lay hold of,*
Lit. *and* fig. Căpĕ saxă mănu, căpĕ robŏ-
tŏr. *V.* Te ceperunt tædĭă. *V.* [? Căpes-
mo, prĕhendo, prendo, arrĭpio.] 2. *To
ake himself master of, make prisoner.* ~
Trojæ; pisces jăcŭlo, hamis. *O.* *See* CAP-
VINCO. Fig. 3. *To take, receive, take
(through the mind, senses, feelings, &c.)
tem; dŏlorem. *V.* formam; spectacŭlă;
O. somnum. *Ph.* consĭlium. *Ter.* 4. *To
tempt, attract.* ~-ĭt argenti splendŏr. *H.*
O. ~-i vocis dulcedĭnĕ; mundĭtĭis. *O.*
ĭnĭo, allĭcio, pellĭcio, trăho, mŏvĕo, du-
. *To surprise, deceive.* ~ artĕ. *O.* noctis
V. [? Decĭpio, fallo, opprĭmo.] 6. *To
derive, obtain, reap.* ~ fructum dulcedĭ-
. prĕtĭum lăborum. *O.* [? Percĭpio, fĕro,
nŏr, obtĭnĕo.] 7. *To receive* (give recep-
). Te ~-ĭt villŭlă. *H.* Fessos ~-ĭt Ægy-
llus. *O.* [? Accĭpio.] *See* A. 8. *To ad-
(Non) ~ finem discordĭă. *V.* mŏram irā.
Admitto, pătĭŏr, fĕro.] 9. *To conceive,
ie.* ~ ănĭmo ingentes motus; bellum fŭtu-
. [? Concĭpio, volvo.] 10. *To conceive,
prehend.* ~ rātĭonem (ălĭcujŭs rĕi). *Ter.*
cĭpio, intellĭgo, comprehendo, assĕquŏr.]
choose. ~ lŏcum. *V.* arbĭtrum. *Ter.* Căpi
ĕrĭum. *Sil.* [? Elĭgo, assumo.] 12. *To
overtake, catch.* *V.* *See* ASSEQUOR. 13.
tain. (Non) ~-ĭt te Trojā; se undā. *V.*
ne ăquas alvĕŭs. *O.* [? Contĭnĕo.] *See* C.
ATUS, ă, um. *Bridled, muzzled.* Inquĕ
atis tigrĭbŭs altā sĕdĕt. *O.*
UM, i. *n.* *A bridle, bit.* Ferratis præfigunt
nistris. *V.* Frenarĕ orā ~-is. *O.* *See* FRE-

.IS, ĕ. 1. *Relating to a matter of life and
capital.* ~ nĕfas. *Cl.* judĭcium. *Aus.* 2.
lă ŏdĭum. *Deadly hatred.* *Pl.* Irā ~. *H.*
ngĕnĭum. *Subtle, sagacious* (applied to the
. ~-ē vŏcamŭs Ingĕnĭum solers. *O.*
.INUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *pertaining to the
l.* Căpĭtolinumquĕ Tōnantem. *O.* 2. *A
ne of the Manlian family.* Căpĭtolinis gĕ-
ir. *J.*
.IUM, ĭi *and* i. *n.* CAPĬTOLĬA. *pl.* *The
l of Rome, built on the Tarpeian rock,
there was a temple of Jupiter.* Căpĭtolĭă
inebăt. *V.* Crcl. Arx, rupes Tarpeiă, Ro-
Ædes sacrā Jŏvi. Tarpeii templă Jŏvis.
ă sedes ět Căpĭtolĭă. Căpĭtoli saxum im-
i. Aurĕă Căpĭtoli culmĭnă.
ICIA, æ. *f.* *A province of Asia Minor,
e Euxine.* *Pl.* (Cappădŏcŭs.) Crcl. Cap-
um tellus.
ICUS, ă, um, *and* CAPPĂDOX, ŏcis. *L.* *Of
ging to Cappadocia.* Cappădŏcum rex. *H.*
and CAPRĂ, æ. *f.* *A she-goat.* Lĕpŏresquĕ,
uĕ. *O.* Saxis dejectæ vertĭcĕ capræ. *V.* [?
ă.] *See* CAPELLA. CAPRĔA (*and perhaps*
IA), æ. *f.* *A wild she-goat.* Căprĕæquĕ sĕ-
. *V.* Crcl. Fĕrăcăprā. *See* CAPELLA, DAMA.
, arum. *f. pl.* *An island of that name, near
Sorrentum, long time the residence of Ti-*
Indĕ lĕgĭt Căprĕas. *O.* Rupes Căprĕa-
trā. *Cl.*

CAPRĔŎLUS, i. *m.* *A young roebuck.* Caprĕŏli,
sparsis stĭamnunc pellĭbŭs albo. *V.* [? Hœdŭs.]
CAPRĬCORNUS, i. *m.* *Capricorn, one of the signs
of the Zodiac.* *C. D.* (*First syllable not found
long.*) Căprĭcorno, Phœbĕ, rĕlicto. *O.* [? Ægŏ-
cĕros; *sts.* Căpĕr.] Ep. Cornĭgĕr, brumalis,
hĭĕmalis, frigĭdŭs, gĕlĭdŭs, rĭgens, imbrifĕr, udŭs,
nimbosŭs. Crcl. Căprĭcorni sidŭs, signum. Cor-
nĭgĕr Hircŭs. Cornŭă Căpri. Portitŏr Helles.
Cornĭbŭs armatŭs. Cauda cornuquĕ mĭnax.
Hespĕrĭa ăqua lotŭs. *Pp.* Hespĕrĭæ undæ tyran-
nŭs. *H.*
CAPRIFICUS, i. *f.* *A wild fig-tree.* Marmŏrā Mes-
salæ findit căprĭficŭs, ět audax. *M.* *See* FICUS.
CAPRIGĔNUS, ă, um. *Goat-born.* Caprĭgĕnumquĕ
pĕcus nullo custodĕ pĕr herbam. *V.*
CAPRILE, is. *n.* *Goat-fold.* *See* OVILE, STABULUM.
CAPRIMULGUS, i. *m.* *A milker of goats.* *Cat.*
CAPRINUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to a goat.* De
lana sæpĕ căprina. *H.*
CAPRIPES, ĕdis. *m.* *Having feet* or *legs like a
goat: epithet of the Fauns* or *Satyrs.* Capripĕdes
ăgĭtat quum lætā prŏtervĭă Panăs. *Aus.* ~-ĕdĕs
Sătyros. *Lr.*
CAPSA, æ. *f.* 1. *A box, kind of case* or *desk for
books.* Custos angustæ vernŭlă capsæ. *J.* ~-is
ambustum prŏprĭis. *H.* [? Capsŭlă, arcă, scri-
nĭum.] *See* SCRINIUM. 2. *Box to preserve fruit
in.* *M.*
CAPSULA, æ. *f.* *A little box.* Hæc una e multis
capsŭlă me sĕquĭtŭr. *Cat.* *See* CAPSA.
CAPTATOR, oris. *m.* *One on the watch to take another
in;* us. *a will-catcher, legacy-hunter.* Captator-
quĕ dăbit risus Nasicā Cŏrano. *H.*
CAPTATUS, ă, um. *Eagerly sought; watched, laid
in wait for.* ~-am Hespĕrĭen; tempŭs ~-um;
~-o sermonĕ. *O.*
CAPTIVUS, i. *m.* *and* CAPTIVA, æ. *f.* 1. *A cap-
tive, prisoner of war.* Corpŏrā captivosquĕ dăbit,
sŭăque omnĭbŭs armā. *V.* [? Captŭs, ă.] Crcl.
Captŭs ăb hostĕ. Sub jŭgā missŭs. *See* SERVIO,
CARCER, VINCULUM. 3. ~-ŭs, ă, um. *Captive,
taken in war.* ~ ĕbur; Cŏrinthŭs (*a Corinth of
spoil*). *H.* lex. *Cl.* vestis. *V.* [? Captŭs, servŭs.]
CAPTO, as. 1. *To catch at, to try to catch, lay hold
of.* Nec Tantălŭs undam Captavit rĕfŭgam. *O.*
~ sĭmŭlacrā fŭgacĭă. *O.* fĕras lăquĕis. *V.* [?
Affecto, nitŏr (ĭn).] 2. *To covet, lay out for
obtaining, court, aim at.* ~ cœnam. *M.* pŏpŭli
suffragĭă; nubes ět Inanĭă. *H.* risum. *Ph.* [?
Ambĭo, quæro, sectŏr, venŏr.] *See these words.*
3. *To court a person.* *See* BLANDIOR. 4. *To
lie in wait for.* ~ sermonem intĕr pocŭlă. *Cl.*
[? Excĭpio.] 5. *To catch, take, take in.* ~ auras
narĭbŭs; aĕrā aurĭbŭs. *V.* ~-ăt plumas (aurā).
O. *See* CAPIO.
CAPTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* CAPIO. 1. *Taken.* 2.
Taken prisoner. *See* CAPTIVUS. Fig. 3. *Moved,
charmed.* ~ carmĭnĕ. *V.* virgĭnis orĕ. *O.* 4.
Taken in, deceived. ~ pŭellă dŏlis. *O.* 5. ~ ŏcŭ-
lis. *Blind.* ~Ocŭlis ~-i talpæ. *V.* Lumĭnĕ ~. *O.*
See CÆCUS.
CAPUA, æ. *f.* *Capua, a celebrated town of Campa-
nia.* Talem divĕs ărat Căpŭa, et vicinā Vĕsevo. *V.*
Ep. Divĕs, ŏpŭlentā, nobĭlis, mollis. Phr. Mœ-
nĭă Dardănĭ cŏloni. *L.* Urbs Campanā, mœnĭă.
C. *See* CAPYS.
CAPULUS, i. *m.* 1. Anc. *A bier.* *See* FERETRUM.
2. *A handle.* Ipsĕ mănu prensi căpŭlum mŏdĕ-
ratŭs ăratri. *O.* *See* MANUBRIUM. 3. Us. *The
guard of a sword.* ~-o tĕnŭs abdĭdit ensem. *V.*
Ep. Aurĕŭs, auratŭs, ĕburnŭs, gemmans, nĭtens.
CAPUT, itis. *n.* 1. *The head.* Centum lumĭnĭbus
cinctum căpŭt Argŭs hăbebăt. *O.* Sŭpĕrant că-
pĭte et cervicĭbŭs altis. *V.* [? Vertex, cervix;
sts. frons, tempŏrā, căpilli.] Ep. Dĕcorum, hŏ-

nestum; canum, věněrabĭlĕ.] **2.** *To cut off the head.* *See* DECOLLO. **3.** *A man, an individual.* Testŏr ŭtrumquĕ ~. *V.* ~ carum. *H.* ignavum. *Pp.* perjurum. *J.* **4.** *The life, the vital principle.* Căpĭtĭs pĕrĭcŭlŭ. *O.* [¶ ˘Anĭmă, vĭtă.] **5.** *Head, top* (of a town, tree, flower); *summit of a mountain.* Attollunt căpĭtă (quercus). *V.* Păpavĕrā demiserĕ ~. (Romā) ălĭas intĕr urbes ~ extŭlĭt. *V.* Căpĭtă āspĕrā montĭs. *V.* [¶ Frons.] *See* CACUMEN *for mountain.* **7.** *A bulbous root.* ~ allĭ. *Pers.* **8.** *Source of a river.* Stȳgĭ fontĭs căpŭt. *V. See* FONS. **9.** *Cause, origin.* ~ rerum. *H.* mălorum. *V.* **10.** *The principal matter* or *person in any thing*; *the chief town.* ~ tu scĕlĕrum. *Pl.* cœnæ. *M.* **11.** *The capital* (speaking of money). Quinas hic căpĭti mercedes exsĕcăt. *H.*

CAPYS, pȳŏs *and* pȳs. *m.* **1.** *The son of Assaracus, and father of Anchises.* Assărăcum crĕăt hic, Assărăcusquĕ Căpȳn. *O.* **2.** *One of the companions of Æneas, and founder of Capua.* **3.** *The seventh king of Alba.*

CARĂCALLĂ, æ. *Caracalla, a Roman emperor.* In risu pŏpŭli tu Cărăcallă măgĭs. *Aus.*

CARBĂSĔUS, ă, um. *Of a very fine linen.* Sĭnusquĕ crĕpantes Carbăsĕos fulvo in nodum collegĕrăt auro. *V.*

CARBĂSUS, i. *m. and* CARBĂSA, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *Very fine linen, a veil.* Glauco velabăt ămictu Carbăsŭs. *V.* Fluxă cŏloratis adstringunt carbăsă gemmis. *L.* (*Used for the veil of the temple. Eccl.*) *See* PALLA. **2.** *A tent* or *booth for plays. Lr.* **3.** Us. *The sail of a ship.* Inflatŭr ~ austro. *O. See* VELUM.

CARBO, onĭs. *m.* **1.** *Charcoal.* Carbonumquĕ grăvis vis, atque ŏdŏr insĭnŭatŭr. *Lr.* [¶ Carbuncŭlŭs, prunā.] **2.** *A piece of charcoal for marking, writing.* ~-onē nŏtandi. *H.* rŭdi carmĭnā scrĭbĕrĕ. *M.*

CARBUNCŬLUS, i. *m. dim. of* Carbo.

CARCĔR, ĕrĭs. **1.** *A prison.* Carcĕrĭs antĕ fŏres clausas ădāmantĕ sĕdebant. *O.* Ventorum ~. *V.* [¶ Custodĭă; *sts.* antrum, claustră; *ext.* vincŭlă.] **Ep.** Obscurŭs, nĭgĕr, cæcŭs, atĕr, squalens, mœstŭs, tristĭs, Inămœnŭs, horrendŭs, horrĭbĭlĭs; angustŭs, prŏfundŭs, clausŭs. **Crol.** Carcĕrĭs antrum, septum, tĕnĕbræ, claustră, fŏres. **2.** *To be in* or *to put into prison.* **Phr.** Carcĕrĕ (tĕnĕbris et carcĕrĕ, vinclis et c.) claudĕrĕ (cŏercerĕ, *or* tĕneri, hăberi). Sŏllĭdis claudi In tectis, cătenis pĕr collă nectĭ; vincŭlis cŏercĭ. *See* VINCULA. **3.** ~ *and* CARCĔRES, um. *pl. The barriers* or *starting-place in races.* ~-ē mĭsĭt ĕquos. *O.* ~-Ibŭs sesc effundĕrĕ quădrigæ. *V.* [¶ Claustrum, claustră.]

CARCHESIUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *The upper part, head of the mast, where the sails are fastened.* Summi carchesĭă mali. *Cat.* **2.** Us. *Cup* or *bowl of the same form.* Libans carchesĭă baccho. *V. See* POCULUM.

CARCĬNŎS, *or* CARCĬNŬS, i. *m. A sign of the Zodiac, the same as Cancer. See* C. Carcĭnŭs ardens. *L.*

CARDIACŬS, ă, um. *Subject to pain in the stomach.* Non est cardĭăcŭs. *H.*

CARDO, ĭnĭs. *m.* **1.** *The hinge of a gate.* Fŏrĭbus cardo stridebăt ăhenis. Stridentes cardĭnĕ portæ. *V.* **Ep.** Æratŭs, ærĕŭs, ferratŭs, ferrĕŭs, sŏlĭdŭs, stridens. **2.** *A quarter* or *region of the heaven.* ˘Eŏŭs ~. *St.* Sŭb Ursæ glăcĭalĭs cardĭnĕ. *Sen.* Sŭb nostro c. *V. Fl.* Quo te sŭb c. quæram? *Cl.* [¶ Axĭs.] *See* POLUS. **3.** *Season, time of life.* Mortalĭs ævi ~ extremŭs. *Sen.* Extremi ~-ĭnĭs annos. *L.* Hic mĭsĕræ vitæ ~. *Sil. See* TEMPUS. **4.** *Critical point of affairs.* Tanto cardĭnĕ rerum. *V.* ˘In c. summo. *St.*

CARDŬUS, *i. m. A thistle. V.* **Ep.** ˘Acutŭs, aspĕr, horrĭdŭs, hirsutŭs, segnĭs, stĕrĭlĭs; ăcutis surgens spinis.

CARE. *adv. Dearly, at a great price. See* CARUS. [¶ Magni, magno; non parvo.]

CARECTUM, i. *n. A sedgy place, plot of sedge.* Tu post carectă lătebas. *V.*

CARENS, tĭs. *Deprived of, wanting.* Mortĭs hŏnorĕ cărentes. *V.* ˘Adĭtuquĕ cărentĭă saxă. *O.* [¶ Expers, ĕgens, indĭgŭs, nudŭs, Inops, privatŭs, exclusŭs, exsors.

CARĔO, es. *To want, be without, be deprived of.* Non pulchro ut Lătĭo cărĕăt, regnumquĕ rĕlĭquăt. *V.* ~-ent lăcrĭmis gĕnæ. *V.* finĕ prĕces. *O.* crŭento martĕ. *H.* [¶ ˘Egĕo, indĭgĕo, privŏr, excludŏr, văco.] **Crol.** Sum ĕgens, indĭgŭs, expers, nudŭs, immunĭs. Non hăbĕo.

CARES, um. *m. pl. The people of Caria.* Hic Lĭlĕgas, Carasquĕ, săgittĭfĕrosquĕ Gĕlonos. *V.*

CAREX, ĭcĭs. *f. A sort of sharp-pointed reed* or *rush.* Carĭcĕ pastŭs ăcuta. *V.*

CARICA, æ. *f.* (sc. ficus.) *The wild fig-tree.* Hic nux, hic mixta est rugosis carĭcă palmis. *O.*

CARIES, ei. *f. Rottenness of the bones, decayed matter, worm-dust.* Vertĭtŭr in tĕnĕram cărĭem, rimisquĕ dĕhiscĭt. *O.* [¶ Sĭtŭs, pŭtrŏr, vĕtustas.] *See* SITUS, PUTRIS.

CARINA, æ. *f.* **1.** *The keel of a ship.* Pandas rŭĭbus pŏsŭĕrĕ cărinas. *V.* **Ep.** Pandă, curvă, inflexă, ærată. **2.** Hence, *The ship itself.* Portum tĕtĭgerĕ ~-æ. *V.* Cĕlĕri venissĕ ~-a. *O. See* NAVIS.

CARINÆ, arum. *f. pl. Name of a particular quarter of Rome.* Romanoquĕ fŏro, et lautis mugirĕ Cărĭnis. *V.*

CARIOSUS, ă, um. *Rotten, decayed, pulverized by decay.* Cărĭosis dentĭbŭs dimisăt. *Ph.* ~ ampŏrā. *M.* sĕnectus. *O.* [¶ Pŭtrĭs.] **Crol.** Cărĭe ădesŭs, exesŭs, corruptŭs, vĭtĭatŭs.

CARITAS, atĭs. *f.* **1.** *Dearness* (in price). **2.** *Affection, tenderness.* Blanda atquĕ sanctă carĭtatis nomĭnă. *Aus.* [¶ ˘Amŏr, affectŭs, ămicĭtĭă.] *See* AMICITIA.

CARMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* **1.** *A verse.* Omnĕ fŭit Musæ carmĕn ĭnermĕ mĕæ. *O.* [¶ Versŭs; *sts.* versĭcŭlŭs, musă.] **Crol.** Carmĭnis ars, ŏpŭs. **Phr.** *To make* or *write verses.* Carmĭnă, versus făcio, cano, condo, dico, duco, deduco, fingo, scribo, describo, fundo, texo, contexo, pango, edo, mitto, mĕdĭtŏr, fĕrio, pŏlio, mŏdŭlŏr. Versu, versĭbŭs ludo. Verbă In pĕdes cogo. Verbă pĕdĭbŭs claudo. Numĕrĭs verbă necto. Pĕdĭbus senis verbă claudo. Aŏnĭis mŏdis vincio; vincto pĕdĕ cano. Versĭbŭs sententiam includo. ˘In nodum (astrictas voces cogo. Subtili cătenæ verbă do. Aŏnĭos cantus seno pĕdĕ duco. Carmĕn mĭhĭ ăd numĕros vĕnit. Mollĭă mĭhĭ carmĭnă Piĕrĭdes inspirant. Phœbum cĭo. Musam lăcesso. **2.** *A poem, poetry.* [¶ Versus, mŏdi, numĕri, musă, cămenă; *sts.* lȳrā.] **Ep.** ˘Apollĭnĕum, Phœbeum, Aŏnĭum, Castălĭum, Piĕrĭum, săcrum, divinum, ămabĭlĕ, laudabĭlĕ, blandum, dulcĕ, mollĕ, tĕnĕrum, gratum, facundum, cănorum, grandĕ, sublimĕ. **Crol.** Verbă mŏdulandă fĭdĭbŭs, sŏcĭandă chordis. **Phr.** *To relate, celebrate in verse.* Laudes cano, dico, compŏno. Carmĭnĕ, versu, carmĭnĭbŭs, lȳra cano, cĕlĕbro, persequŏr, laudo. Apto numĕris, cĭthăræ mŏdis, carmĭnĭbŭs trado. Laudes vĭri decurro; In nomĕn ejŭs carmĭnă duco. Cămenæ vĭrum mĕmŏrant. Musă vĕtăt mŏri. *See* CANO, POETA, MUSA. **3.** *A song, an air.* Mĭsĕrum stĭpŭla disperdĕrĕ ~. *V.* ~ ŭrundĭnĕum. *O.* [¶ Cantŭs, cantĭcŭă, mŏdi.] **4.** *The singing of birds.* ~ intĕgrăt (Phĭlŏmelă). *V.* ~-ĭnăcycnorum. *O. See* CANTUS. **7.** *A charm, incantation.* ~-ĭnă possunt dedŭcĕrĕ lunam. *V.* ~-ĭnĕ sanarĕ. *O.* Venĕfĭcæ ~. *H.* [¶ Cantŭs.]

CANTAMENTUM, MAGICUS. 8. *An in-*
on. Tūmŭlo sŭpĕrăddĭtĕ ~. *V.* [¶ Tĭtŭ-
See EPITAPHIUM. 9. *A prediction, pro-*
~ Cumæum. *V. See* ORACULUM. 10. *An*
omb for carding wool. Quāsĭ ~-Inĕ lanā
ŭr. *Lr.*

CTĂ, æ. *f.* = Carmentis.

CTĬS, ĭs. *f.* 1. *The mother of Evander, who*
ed oracles. V. **Crol.** Evandrĭā matĕr. *Sil.*
ntis nymphā. *V.* 2. *A gate of Rome. See*
ENTALIS.

TALIS, ĕ. *V. and* **CARMENTĬS,** ĭs. *f. O.*
s of Rome, near the temple of Carmenta,
ards called Porta Scelerata.
æ. *The goddess of gates.* Primā dĭes tĭbĭ,
, dĭtur: dĕā cardĭnĭs hæc est. *O.*

EX, *and anc.* **CARNŬFEX,** fĭcĭs. *m.* 1. *A*
ner, executioner. Carnĭfĭci fortunā pŏtest
lendā vĭderi. *O.* [¶ Tortŏr; *sts.* lictŏr.]
svŭs, barbārŭs, crudelis, immitis, trux,
ĕrŭentŭs, horrendŭs. **Crol.** Legum vin-
2. *Adj.* ~-es ĕpŭlas. *Cl.* mānus. *Sil.* crŭ-
. pĕdes. *M.* 3. Fig. *Cruel. See* DURUS.

TCINĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *The office of hangman,*
t. 2. *Torture, punishment.* Tum diversā
rĭāgĭ carnĭfĭcinā pĕrerrāt. *Aus. See* CRU-
S.

arnĭs. *f.* 1. *Flesh, flesh-meat.* Carnĕ fĕræ
jejunĭā. *O.* [¶ Fĕrinā.] **Ep.** Fĕrinā,
ĭdulĭs. **Crol.** Corpŏrĕæ dāpes. *O.* 2. *The*
he blood. ~-is legĕ ĕt ortu sanguĭnĭs. *Aus.*
ANGUIS.

HĬCUS, ă, um. 1. *Carpathian* (*adj. fr.*
ATHŬS, or -THŬS, i. *f. An island in the*
s). Lăcesăt Carpăthĭum pĕlăgus cărina.
. **CARPĂTHĬUM,** i. *n.* (sc. mare.) *The Car-*
n sea. Carpăthĭum Lĭbŷcumquĕ sĕcant. *V.*
Carpăthĭĭs Neptuni gurgĕs.

TUM, i. *A suspended carriage.* Ausŏnĭas
carpentā vĕhebant. *O. See* RHEDA.

is, pŭi, ptum. 1. *To pluck off, take away*
Et summas carpens mĕdĭa inter cornŭā
V. [¶ Avello, detrăho, decerpo.] 2. Sp.
ther (fruit or flowers). ~ rōsam; pomā,
ātā. V. pomarĭā. *O.* [¶ Vello, decerpo,
mĕto, demĕto.] 3. *To take off, crop for*
~-It gramĭnā ĕquŭs; pabŭlā ŏvĭs; jĕcŭr
ea. O. thȳmā āpĭs. *H.* [¶ Lĕgo, libo, ton-
sĕcŏr.] 4. ~ auras vitales. *V.* sŭpĕras
Sil. To breathe. See SPIRO. 5. *To draw*
l, to spin. ~ vellĕrā; pensā. *V.* pensum.
e NEO. 6. *To tear away, pull to pieces.*
In parvā frustā. *Sen.* crinem gĕnasquĕ.
[¶ Scindo, lăcĕro, vello, divello, dĭ-
dĭrĭpĭo.] 7. *To devour, destroy.* ~-unt
flammæ. *O.* (*Ib.*) [¶ ~Edo, pĕrĕdo, con-
] Fig. 8. ~ oscŭlā. *To kiss. O. See* OSCU-
9. *To taste, enjoy.* ~ quĭĕtem; securas
. *V.* fŭgĭtivā gaudĭā. *M.* regni commŏdā.
lcĭā. Pers. dĭem. *H.* [¶ Arrĭpĭo, frŭŏr.]
itĕr, vĭam, grādum, campos, fŭgam, &c.
out on one's way, to take to the fields, to
flight. ~ pratā; rurā. *V.* mārĕ; aĕrĭas
ethĕrā alatis ĕquis; campos pĕdĕ. *O.* lon-
ĭtĕr. H. fŭgam. *Sil. See* EO, FUGIO. 11.
y upon, waste, weaken. ~ vires paulatim.
cæco igni. *V.* ~-It mĕdullas ignĭs ĕdax. *L.*
ĭmā. O. [¶ Debĭlĭto, frango, ĕdo, exĕdo.]
blame, censure. ~ absentem. *H.* lĭbellos.
¶ Deprĭmo, mordĕo, lăcĕro, rĕprĕhendo.]

s, *or* **CARRÆ,** arum. *f. pl. A town of As-*
near which the Parthians defeated Crassus.
ŭĭrĭæ. Lātĭo sanguĭnĕ măcŭlatæ. Crasso-
rĭŏrĕ mādĭdæ.

A, æ. *f. A kind of chariot* or *car.* Prĕtĭo
ĭ pĕratŭr. *M. See* RHEDA.

CARTHAGĬNĬENSES, ĭum. *m. pl. The inhabitants of Carthage.* Hostem qui fĕrĭet, mĭhi ĕrit Carthagĭnĭensis. *Enn.* [¶ Pœni.] *See* PŒNI.

CARTHAGO, ĭnĭs. *f.* 1. *Carthage.* Suspectas hăbŭissĕ dŏmos Carthagĭnĭs altæ. *V.* [¶ Byrsā.] **Ep.** ~Agenŏrĭā, barbārĭcā, ~Elissæā, Lĭbŷcā, Punĭcā, Sidŏnĭā, Tŷrĭā, antiquā, altā, divĕs, pŏtens, sŭpĕrbā, fĕrox; bellĭgĕrā, belli stŭdĭis aspĕrā; dirā, sævā, fĕrā; impĭā, perfĭdā. **Crol.** Urbs ~Agenŏrĭs, Punĭcā, Sidŏnĭā, Tŷrĭā. ~Elissæ mœnĭā. Carthagĭnĭs arces. Urbs Romæ æmŭlā. Itălĭæ oppŏsĭtā, Tĭbĕrĭnā ostĭā contra. Junoni antĕ ălĭas omnes dilectā, măgis omnĭbŭs cultā. 2. ~ nŏvā. *New Carthage, a town of Spain.* **Crol.** Teucro fundatā; Tŷrĭi incŏlæ mœnĭā.

CARŬS, ă, um. 1. *Dear, costly, of value, of great value.* Non illas fixum caras effecĕrăt aurum. *Pp.* [¶ Prĕtĭosŭs.] 2. *Dear, loved.* ~ pŭer. *V.* [¶ Dilectŭs, ămatŭs, ămicŭs, suavis, dulcis, gratŭs, acceptŭs, jucundŭs, carissĭmŭs.] **Crol.** Carĭŏr vita, ŏcŭlis, lucĕ, auro. Quo nullŭs carĭŏr, non altĕr c. Antĕ ălĭos carŭs, dilectŭs. ~Aurĭmæ pars, dimĭdĭum. Lucĕ măgis dilectŭs; vita ămabĭlĭŏr. **Phr.** Mĭhĭ me carĭŏr. Qui pectŏrĭbŭs nostris ĭnhærĕt. Hiscĕ ŏcŭlis carĭŏr.

CARYA DIANA. *A name of Diana among the Lacedæmonians.* Hăbĭles Cărȳæ rĕsŏnarĕ Dĭanæ. *St.*

CARYSTŎS, *and* **CARYSTŬS,** i. *f.* (*and* **CARYSTĬCUS** *and* **CARYSTOCUS,** ă, um. *O.* poss. *adj.*) *A town of Eubœa, famous for its marble quarries.* Saxosā Cărystŏs. *L.* Sivĕ, ~-ĕ, tŭis. *Tib.*

CASA, æ. *f. A cottage, cabin.* Atque hŭmĭles hăbĭtarĕ căsas, et figĕrĕ cervos. *V.* [¶ Căsŭlā, tŭgŭrĭum; *sts.* magalĭā, măpalĭā.] **Ep.** Rustĭcā, ăgrestis, pastoralis, stramĭnĕā, gramĭnĕā, frondĕā, angustā, exĭgŭā, hŭmĭlis, mŏdĭcā, exĭlis, parvā, tĕnŭis, simplex; inops, indĭgā, paupĕr; tutā, securā, quĭetā, felix. **Crol.** Rustĭcā tectā. Tectā căsæ. Lāres, pĕnates angusti, parvi, tĕnŭes, exĭgŭi; *or sing.* Lar &c. Dŏmŭs hŭmĭlis, ăgrestis; d. hŭmĭli culmĭnĕ, stramĭnĕ, stramĭnĭbŭs tectā, contectā; d. cespĭtĕ congestā; d. juncis (stĭpŭlis) cannaquĕ intextā, tectā; Căsæ mălo compactæ tegmĭnā.

CASĔŎLUS, i. *dim. See* CASEUS. *O.*

CASĔUS, i. *m. Cheese.* Candĭdŭs elixæ miscetur casĕŭs herbæ. *O.* **Ep.** Pinguis, mollis, nĭvĕŭs, rĕcens, pressŭs. [¶ Casĕŏlŭs.] **Crol.** Pressi (alligati, cŏacti) lactis coplĭā, massā. Lac vimĭnĕ querno concretum. **Phr.** (*To make cheese.*) Lac ĭn nĭvĕas glebas cogĕrĕ. Nĭvĕum casĕum prĕmĕrĕ. Lactis flŭorem, siccatum (astrictum) ĭn nĭvĕas glebas prĕmĕrĕ, cogĕrĕ. Lactis udā cŏagŭlā prĕmĕrĕ.

CASIA, æ. *f. An aromatic herb, like cinnamon.* ~Apĭbus căsĭas roremquĕ mĭnistrāt. *V.* **Ep.** ~Odorā, suavis, ŏlens, frăgrans.

CASPIUM (MARE). *n.* 1. *The Caspian sea, in Hyrcania.* Aut mārĕ Caspĭum. *H.* [¶ Hyrcanum pĕlăgŭs. Caspĭā Tethys. Caspĭŭs pontŭs. Caspĭā undā. Hyrcanum mārĕ.] 2. **CASPĬUS,** ă, um. *Caspian, of* or *belonging to the Caspian sea,* or *country bordering upon it.* Caspĭā regnā. *V.* 3. Caspĭæ portæ, *and* Caspĭā portā; Caspĭā claustrā (Κάσπιαι πύλαι). *A pass in Mount Taurus.* Pĕtĕrem quum Caspĭā claustrā. *L.* [¶ Caspĭăcŭs, Caspĭăs.] *See* PORTA.

CASSANDRA, æ. *f. Cassandra, daughter of Priam and Hecuba. C. D.* Fatis āpĕrit Cassandrā futuris Ora deĭ jussu non unquam credĭtā Teucris. *V.* [¶ Phœbās.] **Ep.** Phœbeā, Ilĭăcā, Prĭāmeĭā; fatĭdĭcā, verax. **Crol.** Prĭāmeĭā virgo, vates. Autistĭtā Phœbi. Fāmŭlā verĭdĭci dĕi.

CASSES, ĭum. *m. pl. Snares, nets, hunters' toils.* Decĭdĭt in casses prædā pĕtĭtā mĕos. O. [¶ Lăquĕi, retĭā, plāgæ.] *See* CASSIS (II.), RETE.

2. *A spider's web.* Suspendĭt ăraneă casses. *V.* *See* ARANEUM.

CASSĬDA, æ. *f. A helmet.* Sŏnăt arcŭs, ět aureă vati Cassĭdă. *V.* *See* CASSIS (I.).

CASSĬŌPE, es. *f.* 1. *Cassiope, daughter of Cepheus. C. D.* Cassĭōpe Cepheusquĕ pătĕr. *O.* **Ep.** Formosă, sŭperbă, infelix. **Crol.** Cepheĭ *or* Cephei conjux, uxŏr. Cepheĭă conjux. 2. *A constellation so called.*

I. CASSIS, ĭdis. *f. Helmet.* Pictis hærent in cassĭdĕ pennis. *O.* [¶ Cassĭdă, gălĕă.] *See* GALEA.

II. CASSIS, is. *m. A net.* Viso cassĕ, rĕsistĕt ămans. *O.* *See* CASSES.

CASSĬUS, ĭi *and* i. *m. One of the conspirators against Cæsar. C. D.* Brutorum et Cassi natalĭbŭs. *J.*

CASSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Empty, hollow.* Cassăquĕ cannă fŭlt. *O.* Cassa nŭcĕ. *H.* [¶ ˘Inanis, văcŭus.] 2. *Vain, useless.* ~ votă. *V.* [¶ Vanŭs, Inutĭlis.] 3. *Vain, without effect* or *result.* ~-arum irarum spectatŏr. *Sil.* [¶ Vanŭs, Inanis, irrĭtŭs.] *See* VANUS. 4. *Deprived of.* ~ lumĭnĕ; æthĕrĕ. *V.* ~-um ănĭma corpŭs. *Lr.* [¶ Orbatŭs, privatŭs.]

CASTĂLIA, æ. *f. Castalia, a fountain of Bœotia, consecrated to the Muses.* Castălĭam molli devertĭtŭr orbĭtă clivo. *V.* [¶ Castălis.] **Crol.** Castălĭă, Castălĭs ăquă, undă. Castălĭŭs gurgĕs. Castălĭi lătĭces. Fons Aŏnĭŭs, Hĭyantĭŭs. Lymphă docti fontis.

CASTĂLIDES, um. *f. pl. The Muses.* Castălĭdumquĕ grĕgem. *M.* *See* MUSÆ.

CASTĂLIS, ĭdis. *f. Of Castalia; the fountain of Castalia.* Castălis hic nobis, vel Jŏvis imbĕr ĕrĭt. *M.*

CASTĂLIŬS, ă, um. *Castalian;* poss. *adj. to Castalia.* ~-o antro; ~-ĭă pocŭlă. *O.* ~-am umbram. *Tib.* *See* CASTALIA.

CASTĂNĔA, æ. *f.* 1. *Chestnut-tree.* 2. CASTĂNĔA NUX, *and abs.* CASTĂNĔA, æ. *f. A chestnut.* Castănĕasquĕ nŭces, mĕă quas ˘Amaryllis ămabat. *V.* ~-æ molles. *V.* **Ep.** Hirsută, horrĭdă, hispĭdă; mollis, tĕnĕrĕ.

CASTE. *adv. Chastely, piously, virtuously.* *See* CASTUS.

CASTELLUM, i. *n. A castle, fortress.* ~-ă montanĕ; In tŭmŭlis. *V.* summis jŭgis dispŏsĭtă. *L.* [¶ Oppĭdum, arx.] *See* ARX.

CASTIGATŎR, ŏris. *m. A censor, one who rebukes and reprimands another.* Censor castigatorquĕ mĭnorum. *H.* [¶ Objurgatŏr, censŏr, rĕprĕhensŏr.]

CASTIGATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* CASTIGO. 1. *Punished, chastised.* Vĭtiă . . . castigatĕ rĕmordent. *J.* 2. *Beautiful, perfect.* ~-æ collectă mŏdestĭă frontis. *Sil.* ~-o pectŏrĕ. *O.*

CASTIGO, as. 1. *To reprimand.* Tum grăvis Entellum dictis castigăt ˘Acestes. *V.* ~ mŏrus. *V.* [¶ Objurgo, increpo, increpĭto, rĕprĕhendo.] 2. *To chastise, punish.* [¶ Punio, plecto, mulcto.] *See* PUNIO. 3. *To correct a fault, a work.* ~ carmĕn. *H.* [¶ Emendo, corrĭgo; *sts.* pŏlĭo, perfĭcio.] *See* CORRIGO. 4. *To bind close.* Insŭlă . . . castigatŭr ăquis. *Sil.* [¶ Cŏercĕo, stringo.]

CASTĬTAS, atis. *f.* 1. *Chastity.* Certo fœdĕrĕ castĭtas. *H.* [¶ Pŭdicĭtĭă, pŭdŏr.] *See* PUDICITIA, CASTUS. 2. *Virtue* in gen. *See* PROBITAS, VIRTUS.

CASTŎR, ŏris. *m.* 1. *Castor, son of Jupiter and Leda. C. D.* Castŏrĕ placĕt ĕquĕs. *O.* Cum Castŏrĕ Pollux. *H.* [¶ Tyndărides.] **Ep.** Thĕrapnæŭs, ˘Amyclæŭs, Ledæŭs, Œbălĭŭs. ˘Equis, hăbenis gaudens. **Crol.** Ledæ pŭĕr, filĭŭs, gĕnŭs. 2. *Castor and Pollux.* Tyndăridæ; *sts.* *Castŏrĕs, Pollucĕs.* **Crol.** Ledæi, Thĕrapnæi, Œbălĭi, ˘Amyclæi fratres. Œbălĭdæ gĕmĭni, gĕmelli. Gĕmĭnum Tyndăridæ gĕnŭs. Par nobĭlĕ. Gĕmĭnŭs Castŏr. Ledæi Lăcones. Cum Castŏrĕ fratĕr. Tyndăridæ fratres. Gĕmĭni fratres. **Crol.** Hic ĕquĕs, ĕquis victŏr; illĕ pŭgil, pugnis victŏr. Hic cæstu, illĕ hăbenis laudatŭs, laudandŭs. 3. *The two form also the constellation of the Gemini: the favorite constellation of sailors.* [¶ Fratres Hĕlĕnæ, lucĭdă siderĕ. Gĕmĭnă Ledæ siderĕ. Di Ledæi. **Ep.** Naufrăgă velă sustentantes. Pontum placantes.

CASTŎR, ŏris. *m.* (*and* CASTORĔUS, *poss. adj.*) *The beaver.* ˘Imĭtatus castŏrĕ, qui se. *J.* [¶ Flŭĕr.] **Ep.** Solers, industrĭŭs, prudens, Pontĭcŭs.

CASTORĔUM, i. *n. Oil drawn from the beaver* (a narcotic). Virosăquĕ Pontŭs Castŏrĕă. *V.* Castŏrĕo sopită. *Lr.*

CASTRA, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *A camp.* Castris jŭgulatŭs ˘Achivis. *O.* [¶ Tentorĭă.] **Ep.** Æstivă, hibernă, martĭă, fortĭă, hostĭlĭă, ĭnĭmĭcă, fidĭă, tută. **Phr.** 1. *To encamp, pitch a camp.* Castrimetŏr *or* Castrĕ metŏr. **Crol.** Castrĕ pŏno, figo, collŏco, signo. Castris insisto, consisto, conside. 2. *Troops encamped.* Castrĕ lŏcis tută tĕnent. *Encamping.* Castris considunt; mœnĭă vallant. *Encamped and drawn up.* Castris pŏsĭtis stant in agmĭnĕ. 3. *To choose, mark out,* &c. *the site of the camp.* Metŏr ăgros *or* spătĭum castrorum; jŭgă commŏdă castris quæro. *See* AGGER, VALLUM. 4. *To raise the camp, strike tents, leave the camp.* **Crol.** Castrĕ ĕt ăclem mŏvĕo. Pubem educo castris. Castris signă vello. Milĭs castris egrĕdĭtŭr, excedĭt. Rĕlictis castris turbă flŭit. 2. *An army, troops.* Castrĕ frĕmunt. *L.* *See* EXERCITUS. 3. *Party, side.* A vestris In mĕă ~ rĕdis. *O.* ˘In nŏvă ~ gressus fĕro. *O.* [¶ Partes; *sts.* signă.] *See* EXERCITUS. 4. *A day's march.* Brundŭsĭum dĕrĭmis attingĕrĕ ~-is. *L.*

CASTRENSIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to a camp.* Castrensĭă pensă. *Pp.* ~-ĭbŭs armis. *Pp.*

CASTRUM, i. *n.* 1. *A stronghold, fortress.* *See* CASTELLUM. 2. Castrum ˘Inŭi, Castrum Laurens, *or simply* Castrum. *A town of Latium, near Ardea.* Pomĕtĭos, Castrumque ˘Inŭi, Bolamquĕ, Cŏramquĕ. *V.* Laurens Castrum murusquĕ Lăvini. *Tib.* Castrumquĕ săcrasquĕ Lavini sedes. *O.*

CASTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Chaste.* Castă pŭdicĭtĭam servat dŏmŭs. *V.* [¶ Purŭs, pŭdicŭs, intĕmĕratŭs, intactŭs.] **Crol.** Quo non altĕr castĭŏr. Pŭdicĭtĭæ laudĕ cĕlĕbĕr. ˘Anĭmo ĕt corpŏrĕ castŭs. Cui sĭnĕ crimĭnĕ mores. Casto corpŏrĕ purŭs. Sĭnĕ vulnĕrĕ famæ. Castŭs morĭbŭs. Intĕgĕr pŭdorĕ. (*Of the woman.*) Femĭnĕum dĕcŭs intactă. Labĕ nulla respersă. *See* CONJUGIUM, VIRGO. 2. *Innocent, virtuous, pious.* Sĭnĕ fraudĕ ~ Æneas. *H.* Nulli fas ~-o scĕlĕratum insistĕrĕ limĕn. *V.* Insontes castosquĕ. *Sil.* ~ sedes; jurĕ. *Sil.* [¶ Innŏcens, insons, plŭs; *sts.* prŏbŭs, hŏnestŭs.]

CASŬLA, æ. *f. dim. of* Casa. Contenti căsŭlis. *J.* *See* CASA.

CASURŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* CADO. *That which must fall,* or *is about to fall.* Casurăquĕ mœnĭă Trojæ. *O.* [¶ Lapsurŭs, lăbans, căducŭs.]

CASŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A fall.* Et sŭbĭto casu, quæ vĭlĭcĕrĕ, rŭunt. *O.* [¶ Lapsŭs, rŭină.] **Ep.** Præceps, Inŏpinŭs, rĕpentinŭs, sŭbĭtŭs, grăvis, flebĭlis, mĭsĕr, tristis, durŭs, ăcerbŭs, infaustŭs. 2. *An event,* and us. *a disastrous event, accident.* Di, talem avertĭtĕ ~-um! *V.* [¶ Eventŭs, sors, fortună; damnum, infortunĭum.] *See* INFORTUNIUM. 3. *Danger, peril.* Casus evasĕrăt omnes. *V.* C. mărinos. *V.* *See* PERICULUM. 4. *Chance.* Ars ~-um sĭmĭlĕt. *O.* [¶ Fortună, fors, sors, alĕă.] **Ep.** Ambĭgŭŭs, anceps, dŭbĭŭs, in-

FORTUNA. 5. CASU. *abl. used adv.* [¶ Fortĕ.]

TUS, ă, um. *Armed cap-à-pie.* Fer- neu cătăphractŭs ĕquo. *Pp. See* AR-

, æ. *f.* 1. *An engine for hurling mis- ; a catapult.* Torquet cătăpultă mō- *See* BALLISTA. 2. *The weapon sent.*

, æ. *f. and* CATARACTES, æ. *m. A all of water.* Præcĭpĭtes cătăractæ. *L.* ĭs ăquarum.

. *f. Barred platform, on which slaves sed for sale.* Barbărĭ gypsatos ferrĕ lea. *Tib.* [¶ Pegmă.]

CATEJA, æ. *f. A kind of club, armed s, in use among the Gauls and Ger- ntŏnĭco ritu sŏlĭti torquerĕ cătĕias. V.*

. m. *and fem.* CATELLA. 1. *A puppy, e dog.* Extă cătelli. ˘Anĭmam servarĕ [¶ Cătŭlŭs, cătŭlă.] *See* CANIS. 2. *nall chain* (in either gender). *H. Pl.*

. *f.* 1. *A chain.* Tum stridor ferri, cătenæ. *V.* [¶ Vincŭlum, vinclum, inclă, nodŭs, nexŭs, lăquĕŭs, compĕ- cæ, lorŭ, lĭgamĕn, funĭs.] Ep. Grăvĭ- rĭgĭdă, vălĭdă, nodosă, arctă, ăhenă, ă, ferrătă; sævă, stridens, servilis, tur- *Bound in chains.* Nodis ăhenis (ferri erri vi imprŏba) impĕditŭs (vinctŭs, e VINCIO. Fig. 2. *Used of any power e that governs, restrains, &c.* Assĕrŭi spiquĕ cătenas. *O.* ∾-a ănĭmum com- [¶ Vincŭlă; *ext.* frenum, jŭgum.] 3. *iendship.* Junxĭt Inabrupta concordĭă . *St.* [¶ Vincŭlă, nodŭs, nexŭs.] 4. *t of a coat of mail. L.*

, ă, um. 1. *Chained. H. See* VINC- Fig. *Linked together, consecutive.* Cu- quĕ lăbores. *M. See* CONTINUUS.

. *f.* 1. *A troop, band.* ˘Equĭtum turmquĕ cătervæ. *H.* [¶ Phălanx, lĕgio, cŏhors, turmă, mănŭs, agmĕn, ăcies.] CITUS. 2. *Troop, multitude.* ∾ ma- um. *V.* [¶ Turbă, agmĕn, glŏbŭs; *sts. See* TURBA.

M. *In troops, bands.* Jamquĕ catervarĕ agmen &c. *V.* [¶ Turmatim.]

Ph. and CATHEDRA, æ. *f.* 1. *A seat,* h. Quæquĕ rĕportandis pŏsĭta est or- thedris. *J.* [¶ Sellă, sĕdilĕ.] 2. *A en chair used by women. Pp. M.* 3. *A chair* (cathedrā), *J.* (cathĕdrā), *Aus. al, seat of justice. M.*

. *m. Catiline, the Roman conspirator.* ruptis Cătĭlĭnă mĭnax fractisquĕ cătĕ- d *V.*

. *m. A little plate. H. See* CATINUS. St. *and better* CATILLUS, *V. or* CATI- m. *A son of Amphiaraus, who came into his brothers Coras and Tibur, &c. C. D.* ne acerquĕ Cŏras, Argivă jŭventus. *V.* Catillĕ, tŭum. *Sil.* Mœnĭă Catĭli. *H.* tter than CATANA, æ. *f. and* CATINE, , *a town of Sicily, at the foot of Mount dj.* Cătĭnensis, *J.*). Tum Cătĭne nĭ- lenti vicinā Typhœo. *Sil.* Quis Cătĭ- t. *Aus.*

m. *A plate, dish.* Ad porri, et cĭcĕris ăniquĕ cătinum. *H.* [¶ Discŭs, lanx.] ŭs, argentĕŭs, fictĭlis; angustŭs, căpax,

m. 1. *M. Porcius Cato, censor. C. D.* Cătonis. *H.* (*The* o *ultimate is always rt.*) [¶ Censorĭŭs, austerŭs, sĕvĕrŭs, trĭcŭs.] Phr. Majŏr Carthaginis ho- stis. Cătonis tristĕ sŭpercĭlium, sĕvĕrā frons. 2. *Grandson of the above, who killed himself after the battle of Pharsalia. C. D.* Crol. Bruti ăvuncŭlŭs. Libertatĕ grăvis. Fortunæ victŏr.

CATTA, æ. *f. A cat* or *martin. M. See* FELES.

CATULA, æ. *f. A puppy, whelp, little dog, f.* Cătŭlæ vox est mĭhĭ gratā quĕrentis. *Pp.* [¶ Cătellă.]

CATULLUS, i. *m. A Latin poet, born at Verona. C. D.* Mantŭă Virgĭlĭo gaudet, Veronă Cătullo. *O.*

CATULUS, i. *m.* 1. *A puppy, whelp, little dog, m.* Sic cătŭlos cănĭbus sĭmĭles &c. *V.* [¶ Cătellŭs.] 2. Hence, *Dog.* Cătŭlorum blandă prŏpago. *Lr.* Lĕpŏrem ∾-o sectarĕ sagaci. *O.* [¶ Cănis.] *See* C. 3. Gen. *The young of any animal,* sp. *of a quadruped.* ∾ lĕænæ, lŭpi, anguis. *V.* felis. *Ph.* 4. *A sort of chain. See* CATELLUS.

CATULUS, i. *m. The name of an illustrious family at Rome.* Quid sanguĭnĕ manes Placatos Cătŭli rĕféram? *L.*

CATUS, ă, um. Us. *Shrewd, clever, skilled.* Illĕ cătus, quantumvis rustĭcus. *H.* (*With inf.*) ∾ jăcŭlari. *H.* legum. *Aus.* [¶ Callĭdŭs, solers, pĕritŭs, prudens.]

CAUCASEUS, *and* CAUCASIUS, ă, um. *Of Mount Caucasus. See* C.

CAUCASUS, i. *m. Caucasus, a great chain of mountains between the Black Sea and the Caspian. C. D.* Caucăsŭs, Hyrcanæque admorunt ubĕrā tigres. *V.* Ep. Sarmătĭcŭs, Scythĭcŭs, aspĕr, horrens, nĭvosŭs, nĭvalis, gĕlĭdŭs. Crol. Caucăsĭ montes. Caucăsiæ rupes. Caucăsĭŭs vertex. Jŭgă Caucăsĭă, Prŏmethĕă. Phr. Sævum Prŏmetheicŭbilĕ. ˘Ingĕlĭdas Arctos consurgens. ˘Amazŏnĭs armis ŭlŭlatus.

CAUCI, orum. *m. pl.* (*also* CAUCHI *and* CHAUCI, *Tac.*) *A people of Lower Germany.* Ep. Crinigĕri.

CAUDA, æ. *f.* 1. *A tail.* Verrit vestigĭă cauda. *V.* Ep. Longă, sĭnŭosă, tortă, pĭlosă, blandă. 2. *Tail of a serpent.* Extremæque agmĭnĭ ∾-æ. *V.* 3. *Of a fish.* Æquŏrā verrebant ∾-is. *V.* 4. *Of a peacock. See* PAVO.

CAUDEX, ĭcis. *m. The trunk of a tree, stock.* Quin et caudĭcĭbus sectis, mirabĭlĕ visu. *V.* [¶ Truncŭs.]

CAUDICEUS, ă, um. *Of the stem* or *trunk of a tree* (speaking of a boat or raft). Navĭtā caudĭcĕo flŭĭtans sŭpĕr æquŏrā lembo. *Aus.* (*Used abs. for boats of the kind.*)

CAUDINUS, ă, um. *Caudine; of* or *relating to Caudium, a town of Samnium, near which the Samnites made the Romans pass under the yoke, at a spot since called the* Furcæ Caudinæ. Ultra Caudinas speravit vulnĕrā furcas. *L.*

CAULÆ, arum. *f. pl.* (*αὐλή.*) *The door of the sheep-fold* or *stable. V.* [¶ ˘Ovilĕ, stăbŭlum, septă (orum). *See* STABULUM.

CAULIS, is. *m.* 1. *The stalk of a plant.* Caulem fŏlĭis et florĕ cŏmantem. *V.* 2. *A cabbage.* Caulĭbŭs et pomis. *J.* [¶ Collĭcŭlŭs, brassĭcă, crambe.] *See* BRASSICA.

CAUNA, *and* CAUNEA, æ. *f. A kind of fig, so called from the town of Caunus.* Caunis æmŭlă Chiis. *St. See* CARICA.

CAUPO, onis. *m. A vintner, tavern-keeper.* Cauponĭbŭs atquĕ mălignis. *H.* Ep. Fallax, perfĭdŭs.

CAUPONA, æ. *f. A vintner's shop, tavern.* Adspersus, vŏlĕt in caupona vivĕrĕ; nec qui. *H.* [¶ Pŏpinā.] Ep. Nigrā, tetrā, fumosā, sordĭdā, unctā, pinguis.

CAUPONOR, aris. 1. *To keep a tavern.* 2. *To trade, traffic in* (in a low, huckstering sense). Nec cauponantes bellum, sed bellĭgĕrantes. *Enn.*

CAURUS, *or* CORUS, i. *m. The North-west wind.* Spirantes frigŏrā cauri. *V.* See VENTUS.

CAUSA, æ. *f.* 1. *Cause, origin.* Illĕ dies primus

leti, primusquē mālorum Causā fūīt. *V.* [† Căpŭt, fons, ŏrigo, principĭum; *sts.* radix, semēn, auctŏr.] **Ep.** Primā, vētŭs, antiquā. **Phr.** Causā căpŭtquē māli. Hinc, *or* hoc fontē, clades est dērivatā. Hæc māli ĕrāt cæcā causā (primā labes, fāvillā). **2.** *Motive, reason.* Statē, vīri; quæ causā vīæ? *V.* [† Rātĭo.] **Ep.** Abdĭtā, lātens, obscurā, dŭbĭā, incertā; certā, verā; grāvis, hŏnestā, bŏnā, æquā; lĕvis, Iniquā, mālā. **3.** *Preterit.* Candĭdā pĕr ∾-am brachĭā tĕnēt. *O.* ∾-as Inanes. *V.* fingĕrē. *Tib.* **4.** *Cause at law.* Seu linguam ∾-is ăcŭīs. *H.* *See* CAUSIDICUS, JUDICIUM. **5.** *Cause* (good or bad cause). Victrix ∾ dĭis plăcŭīt, victā Cātoni. *L.* **6.** Causa mĕa, tŭa, sŭa, *or genitive. For my sake, your,* &c. [† Gratĭa, proptĕr, pro, ergo.]

CAUSĬDĬCUS, ă, um. *An advocate, lawyer* (often contemptuously). Causĭdĭci causas ăgĕre et defendĕrē leges. *Lr.* [† Pātronŭs, defensŏr, actŏr, advŏcatŭs.] **Ep.** Facundŭs, dĭsertŭs, elŏquĭo præstans, bŏnŭs; sedŭlŭs, acĕr; lŏquax, verbosŭs, raucŭs. **Phr.** Litĭbŭs aptŭs. Famā idem ĕt dĕcŭs fōri. ˘Ad certamĭnā fōri natŭs. Causis ăgendis pŏtens. Insignĕrĕis præsĭdĭum. Tristĭum rĕorum defensŏr. Vox rĕis cĕlĕbratā. (*To plead, advocate a cause.*) Causam (*or pl.*) dicĕrē (orarē, ăgĕrē, possē defendĕrē, tŭĕri, Cĭcĕronē dĭsertŭs ăgĕrē, &c.). Pro rĕis armā civĭcā ferrē. Rĕis offĭcĭo essē. R. căpĭtalē nĕfas artē dilŭĕrē. *Or gen.* Jus anceps novissē. *See* FACUNDUS, ORATOR.

CAUSŎR, arĭs. **1.** *To allege, pretend, put forward for preterit.* Tūmĭdos causabĭtŭr eunos. *O.* [† Prætexo.] **2.** *Intr.* Causando In longum ămores ducĕrē. *V.*

CAUTES, ĭs. *f. A rock, crag.* Cautes obnoxĭā ventis. *Tib.* [† Rupes, saxum, sĭlex, scŏpŭlŭs.] *See* RUPES.

CAUTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* CAVEO. **1.** *Legally secured.* Cautos nummos. *H.* **2.** *One who is in safety.* ∾ ăb incursu belli. *L.* *See* TUTUS. **3.** Us. *Cautious, prudent.* [† Provĭdŭs, prudens, circumspectŭs.] **4.** *Careful, judicious.* ∾ In verbis sĕrendis. *H.* [† Pĕritŭs, solers, ingĕnĭosŭs, săgax.] **5.** *With the inf.* ∾ dignos assumĕrē. *H.* **6.** Sts. *Shrewd, cunning.* ∾ vulpes. *H.* [† Văfĕr, astutŭs, callĭdŭs.]

CAVE, *and* CAVĔ. *imper. of* Caveo. *Take care.* Natē, căve, dum resquē sĭnit &c. *O.* Tu căvē defendas &c. *O.* Lucum lignā; căve ne portus occŭpĕt altēr. *H.* Vadē, văle, căvē ne tĭtŭbes &c. *H.* [† Căvēns, căveto, căvēsis, vĭde.]

CAVĔĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A den for wild beasts.* Objectos căvēæ vălŭit si frangĕrē clathros (ursŭs). *H.* [† Clathri, claustrum, septā.] **2.** *Cage* or *loop for birds.* Qui gestant căvēis vŏlŭcres. *Manil.* **Crcl.** Tectum vimĭnĭs. Dŏmŭs testudĭnē fulgens. **Ep.** Vimĭnĕā, textĭlĭs, clausā; vimĭnē contexto clausā. **3.** Pl. *Bee-hive.* Agmĕn ăpum căvēis emissum. *V.* *See* ALVEAR. **4.** Sing. *and* pl. *An amphitheatre;* hence, *the spectators.* Consessu ∾-æ. *V.* ∾-æ fāvŏr. *V. Fl.* [† ˘Arenā, amphĭthĕatrum.]

CAVENDŬS, ă, um. *To be guarded against, avoided.* Quæquē căvendā fōrent. *O.* [† Vitandŭs, fŭgiendŭs.]

CAVĬO, es, cavi, cautum. **1.** *To take care, to be cautious.* Cavit sacrati provĭdā curā dŭcĭs. *O.* Doctŭs căvebĭs. *H.* **2.** Tr. *To foresee, to provide against.* Hoc cavĕrāt mens provĭdā Regŭli. *H.* [† Præcăvĕo, provĭdĕo, prospĭcĭo.] **3.** *To avoid.* ∾ hunc. *H.* ănĭmi tristes morsus. *M.* căpro occursarē. *V.* [† Prospĭcĭo, declino, vito, fŭgĭo.] **Crcl.** Căvendo vito. *O.* *See* VITO. **4.** ∾ (ci). *To watch over any one, to attend to his interests.* [† Provĭdĕo, consŭlo.] **5.** Sts. *To provide by a law.* [† Decerno, sancĭo.]

CAVERNĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A cave, cavern.* Immugĭīt Ætnā căvernis. *V.* [† Căvŭs, spelunca, spĕcŭs, lŭtĕbrā.] *See* ANTRUM. **2.** *Den of wild beasts.* [† Spelæum, lustrā.] **3.** *Hold of a vessel.* Puppis ∾-is dellŭīt. *L.*

CAVILLATIO, onis. *f.* *A joke, a gibe.* Căvĭllatĭones, vis, ŏpinor, dicĕrē. *Pl.* (*Pronounce* caulatio *as* caulator *below.*) [† Căvillā, căvillum, jŏcŭs, sāles, dicterĭum, scommā.] *See* JOCUS, SALES.

CAVILLATŎR, oris. *m.* *A joker, giber.* Dĭcax sum factus, jam sum căvillator prŏbŭs. *Pl.* (Cavil *to be pronounced as one syllable, as* căvillatĭo *above.*) [† Derisŏr, scurrā, dĭcax.]

CAVILLŎR, aris. *To joke, to gibe.* *See* DERIDEO, JOCOR.

CAVO, as. *To hollow.* Căvāt arbŏrē lintres. *V.* [† Excăvo, fŏdĭo, effŏdĭo, fŏro, perfŏro, pĕnĕtro.]

CAVUS, ă, um. **1.** *Hollow, hollowed, deep.* Căva trăbē currĭmŭs æquŏr. Tollĕrē ăquam ∾-is palmis. *V.* [† Căvatŭs, concăvŭs, fossŭs, effossŭs, prŏfundŭs, altŭs.] **2.** *Unsubstantial.* ∾-a sĭb imaginē. *V.* ∾ umbrā. *V.* [† Văcŭŭs, Inanis.]

CAVUS, i. *m.* *A cave, hole, cavern.* Inventusquē căvis bufo. *V.* [† Căvum, fŏramĕn, căvĕā, cavernā.]

CAYSTĔR, CAYSTRŎS, *and* CAYSTRŬS, tri. *m.* *A river of Lydia, famous for swans.* Dulcĭbŭs in stagnis rimantur pratā Căystri. *V.* **Ep.** ˘Olerigĕr.

CAYSTRYĬUS, ă, um. *Caystrian, of Cayster.* Căystrĭŭs alēs. *O.*

CEĂ, æ. *f.* *Cea,* or *Ceos, an island of the Ægean Sea. C. D.* Carthelĭā mœnĭā Ceæ. *O.* **Phr.** Pingŭī Ceæ dumetā. Ceā insŭlā.

CECRŎPĬĂ, æ. *f.* *Attica, called Cecropia from its king, Cecrops.* Cecrŏpĭam sŏlĭtam essē dăpem dārē Minotauro. *Cat.* *See* ATHENÆ.

CECRŎPĬDĒS, æ. *m.* *An Athenian.* Pendĕrē Cecrŏpĭdæ jussi &c. *V.* Inclŭtē Cecrŏpĭde. *O.* *See* ATTICUS.

CECRŎPĬS, ĭdŏs *or* ĭdis. *f.* **1.** *Daughter of Cecrops.* Cecrŏpis occulto mordetŭr (dŏlorē). *O.* **2.** *Athenian. f.* ∾ terrā. *O.*

CECRŎPĬŬS, ă, um. *Cecropian, Athenian, Attican.* Cecrŏpĭas innatŭs ăpes ămŏr urgĕt hăbendi. *V.* *See* ATTICUS.

CECROPS, ŏpis. *m.* *Cecrops, first king of Athens.* Infĭcĕ tabē tŭa natarum Cecrŏpis unam. *O.* (*The first syllable is not found short.*)

I. CEDO, ĭs, cessi, cessum. **1.** *To come, to go, to pass.* Exsŭl ăb Æmŏnĭa, Pirenĭdā cessīt ad undam. *O.* [† ˘Eo, concedo, vĕnĭo, transĭo.] **2.** *To walk.* [† Ambŭlo, incedo, ĕo, grăddŏr.] **3.** Us. *To go away, to withdraw.* ∾-ĭt mœnĭbŭs Turnŭs. *V.* Cesserē iræ. *V. Fl.* [† Excedo, rĕcedo, concedo, discedo, exĕo, ăbĕo; *sts.* rĕlinquo, fŭgĭo.] **Crcl.** Lŏcum do, cedo. **4.** *To yield, not to resist.* ∾-ē rĕpugnanti. *O.* dĕo. *V.* [† Concedo.] **Crcl.** Dedo mānus. Do tergā tĭmŏri. **5.** *To yield to, in the sense of giving place to, as inferior.* Sălix quantum pallenti ∾-ĭt ŏlivæ. *V.* [† Vincŏr, sŭpĕrŏr, assurgo.] **6.** *To succumb to, be conquered by.* Tu ne cedē mālis. *V.* [† Vincŏr, sŭpĕrŏr, fātisco, deflĭcĭo.] **7.** *To give up, grant; and with inf.* Dono cesserē pārentes Æternum florerē gĕnas. *St.* [† Do, concedo.] **8.** *To fall out, fall to, happen.* Cesserunt piscĭbŭs undæ. *O.* Cessīt victorĭā Turno. *V.* [† Contingo, obtingo, sortĭŏr (rem).] **9.** *To go away from, leave off.* [† ˘Abĕo, desĭno.]

II. CĒDŎ. *imper. of a verb def.* **1.** *Give, grant.* [† Da.] **2.** *Say.* Facti crimĕn hăbet: cēdŏ, si conatā pĕregĭt. *J.* [† Dic.]

CEDRUS, *and* CEDRUS, i. *f.* **1.** *A cedar-tree, cedar.* Urīt ŏdoratam nocturna in lumĭnā cedrum. *V.* **Ep.** Libanitĭs; frăgrans, ŏdorā; altā, ardŭā, pro-

ublimis; densā, frondens, pāttūlā; vīrens.]
ar-gum or rosin, with which MSS. were
, in order to preserve them. Possē linen-
. H. ~-o dignā. Pers.
, us. f. 1. One of the Harpies so called.
ā Cēlæno. V. See HARPYIÆ. 2. Also
. J. 3. One of the Pleiades. Et te, for-
Cēlæno. O.
, oris. m. One who hides. Undarum ce-
nilē, tēarum. L.
, ā, um. part. See CELO. Hidden. Nec
dēam. Sil. [† Dissimūlatūs, mentitūs,
.]
, ōbris, ēbrē (very rarely ebris, ebrē).
frequented, crowded. Circūs ērat pom-
ber nūmĕroquē dēorum. O. Cēlēberrimūs
ncūs. O. [† Frēquens, crebēr.] 2. Ce-
d, illustrious. ~ triumphis. Tib. ingēnio.
ātē ~. Aus. [† Clārūs, præclārūs, illu-
nclytūs, insignis, nobilis, notūs, conspi-
mēmŏrātūs, exīmīūs, egrĕgīūs, præstans,
a, laudātūs, spectātūs, conspicĭendūs.]
fama ingens, insignis, notissimūs, cēlē-
ūs, sūpĕr æthĕrā notūs. Quo totūs orbis
āt. Æterno nomĭnē felix. Multis in oris
ātūs. ~In omnē ævum nobilis. Longo in
ēbrātūs. Qui nomĕn hābēt nullo temporē
m. Qui præclarum sibi hŏnorem confecit.
famā sūperbum reddit. Cujūs famā orbi
est. C. glorīā fama inclytā. Cui pĕr ter-
ā nobilis. Qui orē multo lĕgitur. Cujūs
toto orbē spargitūr. See GLORIA, IMMOR-
3. Consecrated (dedicated to). Lux est
rīnā Baccho. O. [† Sācrātūs, dīcātūs,

ĀTUS, ā, um. part. See CELEBRO. 1. Ce-
d, solemnly kept. ~ certamina. V. dies.
. Extolled, renowned. Nomĭnē quam prē-
lōr (arā). O.
o (very rarely CĒLEBRO), as. 1. To fre-
visit frequently. Cœtum cēlēbratē frēquen-
Quæ montes cēlēbras, ~Erycina, Sicanos.
† Frēquento, cōlo.] 2. To celebrate, keep
. ~ dies natales; festos. H. dāpes. O. 3.
lebrate, praise. Carmĭnĭbūs ~ vīrum. O.
sdo, cāno, canto, dico, effĕro, mēmŏro,
prædīco.] Crol. Carmĭnē, carmĭnĭbūs,
orē cēlēbro. See CARMEN, IMMORTALIS,
O.
ĕris, ĕrē. 1. Quick, rapid. Hic spe cēlēr,
norē. O. Fert secum spŏlĭum cēlēris (Scyl-
. [† Citūs, concĭtūs, cĭtātūs, rāpidūs, lē-
eloxs, pernix, præceps, ālācēr, promptūs,
s, festinans, prōpĕrūs, prōpĕrans, vōlūcēr,
s, præpēs, ālēs.] Crol. Non or haud segnis,
ignēr. Oclōr euro, nōto, vento, ventis, aura,
nā, jăcŭlo, sāgitta. Cēlēri pēdē, grādu,
. Cēlēri pēdē concĭtūs. Mōræ impātiens,
ātiens. Alitē vento (fulmĭnis alis, sāgitta
s æquantē) oclōr, pernicĭōr. Cursu (anhe-
stinūs. See CURRO. 2. Prompt, expedi-
Jussā dēæ ~-es pĕrāgunt. V. [† Gnavūs,
ēr, festinūs, ālācēr, promptūs.] 3. Quick,
ous. (Oderunt) sedatum ~-es. H. [†
pa, fervĭdūs, ālācēr.]
ĕris. m. 1. A Roman appointed by Romu-
organize his first body of cavalry. Hoc
urgēt ōpus. O. 2. Pl. The troop of 300
s raised by Romulus. Cēlēresquē Lātini. V.
TAS, atis. f. Celerity, rapidity. Et cēlēri-
pennæ vitassent nĕcem. Ph. [† Lĕvĭtas,
itas; sts. impĕtūs.] Crol. Cursūs cēlēr, cĭ-
tæ. See CURSUS.
TĒR, rĭtis. Promptly. (Cēlērĭtas.) Ph. [†
prōpĕre, ocĭtūs, quamprimum.] See BREVI.
, as. 1. To hasten, to press on. Sed cēlē-
rare fŭgam. V. ~ grādum: cursus. V. [† Festino, maturo, prōpĕro, acĕlĕro.] 2. To press on, hasten, a work, business. See FESTINO.

CĒLĒUS, i. m. King of Eleusis, father of Triptolemus, taught agriculture by Ceres. Virgēā prætĕrĕa Cēlēi vilisquē sūpellex. V.

CĒLEUSMĀ, ātis. n. The cry by which the chief rower regulated the movements of the rest. Quem nec rumpĕrē nautĭcum cēleusmā. M. Crol. Clamŏr nautĭcūs. Phr. (Of the chief rower.) Alternos nautarum ictus vocē rĕgit. Remis sŏnĭtum dicĭt. (Of the rowers.) Clamŏr nautarum exŏrĭtūr; littŏrā certamĭnē rĕsŏnant. Nautæ tonsis pārĭter rĕlatis (or simūl adductis ād pectŏrā) fluctus ād nūmĕrum plaudunt. Pontūs ĭtĕrato (remorum) verbĕrē fractūs spumāt.

CELLA, æ. f. 1. A cell, cellar, larder. (Vinā) condĭtā cellis. O. ~-is Fālernis. V. [† ~Apŏthecā, cellarium.] Ep. Amplā, divēs, plenā, rĕfertā; vācŭā.] 2. Small apartment for slaves, &c. M. J. H. [† Cellŭlā.] 3. Cells of the bee. V. See ALVEARIUM.

CELLARIUM, ii. n. = Cella.

CELLARIUS, ii. m. A butler, house-steward. M. Pl. [† Promūs.]

CELLŬLĀ, æ. f. dim. of Cella.

CELO, as. 1. To hide, conceal. Nec celarē cĭbis uncos fallacĭbūs hamos. O. [† Abdo, condo, abscondo, occulto.] See ABDO. 2. To keep secret, to withhold the knowledge of. ~ factum. V. Hoc te celavĭmūs. O. [† Tĕgo, abscondo, dissimŭlo, sĭlĕo, tăcĕo, prēmo.] Crol. Pēnĭtus rĕcondo. Fīdē tăcĭta prēmo. Commissā celo.

CELSUS, ā, um. 1. High, elevated. E celso vertĭcē montis. V. ~ in cornŭā cervus. O. [† Excelsūs, altūs, ardŭūs, sublimis, summūs, surgens, sūpremūs, erectūs, elatūs, edĭtūs, ærĭūs, procerūs, præcelsūs.] Crol. Sidĕrā tangens, vertĭcē pulsans. Surgens in astrā. Erectūs, actūs ād sidĕrā. Se or sese in auras attollens. Cœlo căpŭt or căpĭtā fĕrens. Æquatūs cœlo. Nubĭbūs căpŭt insĕrens, or intĕr nubĭlā condens. Cœlo eductūs. ~Olympo prōpĭūs accedens. Aĕrĭas intrans nubes. Visu altissimūs. Phr. A lofty mountain. Montis căcumĭnā cœlo (nubĭbūs) mixtā (vicinā, æquā, in cœlum mĭnantĭā, educto dorso ād æthĕrā surgentĭā). Tower. Stans in præcĭpĭti: summis tectis sūb astrā eductā. Tree. Exit ād cœlum ramis; sublimi nutāt vertĭcē; intonsā căpĭtā cœlo attollĭt. 2. Tall in stature. [† Ardŭūs, altūs, procerūs, ingens, magnūs.] See MAGNUS. 3. Fig. Haughty, proud. ~ Rhamnes. H. [† Sublimis, tūmĭdūs; regālē tūmens.] See SŪPERBUS.

CELTÆ, arum. m. pl. The Celts, a people of Gaul. Sil. Ep. Vanĭlŏqui, mentis mutabĭles. See GALLI.

CELTĬBER, eri. m. CELTĬBERI, orum. pl. (Κελτίβηρες.) A people so called in the north of Spain. Nunc Celtĭber in Celtĭberia terra. Cat. Celtæ sŏcĭati nomĕn ~Iberis. Sil. Celtas rexit ~Iberos. M. (divisim.) Crol. Celtæ miscentes nomĕn ~Iberis. L. A gentē vētusta Gallorum (prōfŭgi). L. See next word.

CELTĬBER, erā, erum, and CELTĬBERĬUS, ā, um. Celtiberian. Vir Celtĭberis non tăcendē gentĭbūs. M. (found also Celtĭbēr in M.) Nunc Celtĭber in Celtĭberia terra. Cat.

CELTĬBERIĀ, æ. f. A province of Spain. Cūnicŭlosæ Celtĭberiæ filiis. Cat.

CELTĬCUS, ā, um. pos. adj. to Celtæ. Celtic. Pyrenes sĕquĭtur mons; post hunc Celtĭcā tellus (i. e. Gallia Celtica). Prisc.

CENCHRIS, idis. m. A sort of serpent. Recto lapsurus limitē cenchris. L.

CENSEO, es, ŭi, um. 1. To take estimate, account,

to class. *See* CENSEOR, RECENSEO. **2.** *To reckon, add in reckoning.* Nec bŏnă censendum, quæ fors infidă dĕdissĕ (vălĕt). *Sil.* [? Anŭmĕro.] **3.** *To prescribe, fix.* ∾ fines dĕlendi. *St.* [? Stătŭo, præscribo.] **4.** *To judge, think.* [? Judĭco, pŭto, existĭmo, sentĭo, arbĭtrŏr, &c.] *See* PUTO. **5.** *To pronounce an opinion, vote, decree.* ∾ pārati (pātres). *L.* [? Opinŏr, decerno, vŏlo, jŭbĕo.] **6.** *To set a price on, value at.* Dic ergo, quanti censes? *Pl.* *See* ÆSTIMO.

CENSĔŎR. *pass.* **1.** *To be classed, placed* (as to rank, birth, &c.). Hoc dŏmŭi debes, de qua censerĭs &c. *O.* Longo sanguĭnĕ censeri. *J.* **2.** *To be valued, taken* or *held in consideration.* ∾ laudĕ tŭorum. *J.* Censendum nil, nisĭ dantĭs ămŏr. *O.* **3.** *Dep.* ∾ Censeo. *O.*

CENSŎR, orĭs. *m.* **1.** *A magistrate of Rome so called.* *O. H.* [? Rĭgĭdŭs, sĕvĕrŭs, austerŭs, grăvĭs, intĕgĕr.] **Crcl.** Morum correctŏr, arbĭtĕr, măgistĕr, judex. Præfectŭs morĭbŭs. Morĭbŭs appŏsĭtŭs. **2.** *A censor, one who takes others to task.* [? Castigatŏr, correctŏr.] **3.** *Literary critic.* [? Crĭtĭcŭs.] **Ep.** Acutŭs, limatŭs, săgax, nasutŭs, æquŭs, fidŭs, invĭdŭs, insulsŭs.

CENSORĬŬS, ă, um. *poss. adj. to* Censor. *M. Aus.*

CENSURĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *The censorship; office of the censor at Rome.* Sic ăgĭtur censura, et sic exemplă parantŭr. *O.* **Ep.** Durĕ, sĕvĕrĕ, rĭgĭdĕ. **Crcl.** Censorĭs, censorĭum munŭs, judĭcĭum. Censorĭă nŏtă. Lex censuræ. **2.** *Censure* (moral or literary). ∾ dăt vĕnĭam corvis, vexăt cŏlumbas. *J.* Quorum ∾-a musă sŭperbă mĕa est. *O.*

CENSŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *The estimate which the censors made every five years of the population of Rome, and the property of each individual.* **2.** *Property, wealth.* Dăt ∾ hŏnores, ∾ ămicĭtĭas. *O.* ∾-us pāternos. *O.* Privatŭs ∾. *H.* [? Bŏnă, ŏpes, res, divĭtĭæ.] *See* DIVITIÆ.

CENTAUREUM, i. *n.* *A plant so called* (centaury). Et grăveŏlentĭă centaureă. *V.* [? Centaurĭum.] **Ep.** Thessălă, tristĭă.

CENTAUREŬS, *and* CENTAURĬCŬS, ă, um. *poss. adj. to* Centaurus. *Centaur,* adj.; or, *of the Centaurs.* Centaureă mŏnet (rixă). *H.* Centaureusquĕ Lȳcormas. *St.* Centaurĭcă saxă mĭnantes. *Pp.*

CENTAURŬS, i. *m.* CENTAURI, orum. *pl.* **1.** *A Centaur; the Centaurs.* *C. D.* Centauri in fŏrĭbus stăbŭlant, Scyllæquĕ bĭformes. *V.* [? Ixiŏnĭdæ.] **Ep.** Bĭformes, bĭmembres, nubĭgĕnæ, semĭfĕri, semhŏmĭnes; fĕri, sævi, sŭperbi. **Crcl.** Ixiŏnĕ nati. Ossæi bĭmembres. Phŏlŏĕă monstră. **2.** Sp. *The Centaur Chiron.* *See* CHIRON.

CENTENŬS, ă, um. *A hundred,* adj.; *consisting of a hundred.* Centenaque arbŏrĕ fluctum Verbĕrăt. *V.* ∾-as voces. *Pers.* mănus. *St.* *See* CENTUM, CENTUPLEX.

CENTESĬMŬS, ă, um. *The hundredth.* Centesĭmă turbă. *O.* Hinc poscit quintam partem centesĭmă summă. *Manil.*

CENTĬCEPS, cĭpĭtĭs. *Having a hundred heads.* Bellŭă centĭceps. *H.*

CENTĬMANŬS, ă, um. *Having a hundred hands.* Centĭmănum dejecĕrăt ignĕ Typhœa. *O.* ∾ Gȳas. *H.*

CENTO, onĭs. *m.* **1.** *A garment made up of numberless pieces.* *J.* **2.** *Fictions, lies.* *Pl.*

CENTUM. **1.** *A hundred.* [? Centenŭs, centeni.] **Crcl.** Bĭs quinquagintă. **2.** *Many, numerous.* ∾ pŭĕr artĭum. *H.* [? Sexcenti, millĕ.] *See* MULTI.

CENTUMGĔMĬNŬS, ă, um. *Hundred-fold, having a hundred.* Et centumgĕmĭnus Brĭăreus &c. *V.* ∾ Thebæ. *V. Fl.*

CENTUMVĬRI, orum. *m. pl.* *Centumviri, certain magistrates at Rome.* Jam clamor, centumquĕ vĭri, densumquĕ cŏronæ Vulgŭs. *M.* **Crcl.** Centum judĭces. Centenŭs judex. Hastă (grăvis, mŏdĕratrix) centum vĭrorum; hastă centeni judĭcĭs, &c.

CENTŬPLEX, lĭcĭs. *A hundred-fold.* Centuplex murus rebus servandis pārum est. *Plaut.*

CENTURIĂ, æ. *f.* *A century, a body of a hundred persons;* gen. *a class.* Centŭrĭæ sĕnĭorum ăgĭtant expertĭă frugis. *H.* [? Classis.]

CENTŬRIŎ, onĭs. *m.* *A centurion, a Roman officer having the command of a hundred men.* Magnis e centŭrĭonĭbŭs orti. *H.*

CĔPHALLENĔS, um. *m. pl.* *The inhabitants of Cephallene,* or *Cephallenia* (now the island of Cefalonia), *Ulysses' subjects.* Saxă Cĕphallenum, et scŏpŭlosis Nerĭtŏn arvis. *Sil.*

CĔPHALŬS, i. *m.* *Cephalus, son of Æolus* or *Mercury.* *C. D.* Nec Cĕphălus rŏsĕæ prædă pŭdendă dĕæ. *O.* [? Æŏlĭdes.] **Crcl.** Proles Cyllenĭă. Actæŭs prŏcŭs. *See* PROCRIS.

CEPHEĬĂ, æ, *and* CEPHEĬS, ĭdŏs. *f.* *Andromeda, daughter of Cepheus and Cassiope.* *C. D.* Plăcŭit Cephĕĭă Perseo. *O.* Albis, Cephei, plăcebas. *O.* Expŏsĭtæ fatum Cephĕĭdŏs undis. *Manil.* *See* ANDROMEDA.

CEPHEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi, *or* ei. *m.* **1.** *Cepheus, king of Ethiopia, father of Andromeda.* Exĭĕrat Cepheus. *O.* Et sunt qui Cephĕĭ dicant. *O.* [? Andrŏmĕdæ pătĕr. Iăsĭdes.] **2.** *A constellation so called.*

CEPHEŬS, *and* CEPHEĬŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Cepheus.* Cepheam Mĕrŏen. *Pp.* Cephĕĭă conspĭcĭt arvă. *O.*

CEPHISĬĂS, *or* CEPHISSĬĂS, ĭdŏs, *and* CEPHISSĬS, ĭdŏs. *f.* *Of* or *relating to Cephisus.* Cephisĭăs orĭ. *O.* Cephissĭdăs undas. *O.*

CEPHISĬŬS, *or* CEPHISSĬŬS, ă, um. **1.** *As above.* **2.** *Narcissus, son of Cephisus.* *O.*

CEPHISŬS, *or* CEPHISSŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *Cephisus, a river of Bœotia.* Jam vădă Cephissi Pănŏpesque evasĕrăt arvă. *O.* Fatĭdĭca Cephissŏs ăqua. *L.* **2.** *A river of Attica.* *See* CEPHISSIAS.

CERĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *Wax.* Ignĭbŭs admotis ut nŏvă ceră sŏlĕt. *O.* [? *Sts.* Făvŭs.] **Ep.** Hȳmettĭă, Cecrŏpĭă, Attĭcă, Hyblæă, ŏdorată, flăvă, liquens, mollĭs, pinguĭs, rĕcens. **Phr.** Cerăigně tabescĭt (lĭquescĭt);—solĕ rĕmollescĭt;—pollĭcĕ mollĭtur (tractatŭr, ĭn făcĭes varĭas flectĭtŭr). *See* APES, MEL. **3.** *A figure in wax; family images.* **Crcl.** Ceræ vultus rĕfĕrentes or tĕnentes (artĭfĭci pollĭcĕ victuræ, vivĭdæ, vĕtĕres, atrĭă ornantes. [? Stemmă, stemmătă, imago.] **3.** *Tablets* (of wax). ∾-as implerĕ căpaces. *J.* Publĭcă ∾. *O.* *See* TABULÆ. **4.** *A will.* *H.* *See* TESTAMENTUM.

CĔRASTES, *and* CĔRASTĂ, æ. *m.* *A species of horned serpent.* Unde ŏtĭam nomen traxerĕ cĕrastæ. *O.* Crinalem cĕrasten. *St.* Lĭbȳci membrană ∾-æ. *L.* *See* SERPENS.

I. CĔRĂSŬS, i. *f.* **1.** *A cherry-tree.* *O.* **2.** *A cherry.* Hic dulces cĕrăsos, hic auctumnalĭă pomă. *Pp.* **Ep.** Purpŭrĕă, rŭbens, mitĭs, jucundă, dulcĭs.

II. CĔRĂSUS, untĭs. *f.* (Κερασοῦς.) *A town of Pontus* (Cappadocius), *now Keresoun, whence Lucullus brought the first cherry-tree to Rome.*

CERATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* CERO. *Covered with wax.* Ceratæ sulfŭrĕ tædæ. *O.* ∾ rātes. *O.* pennæ. *H.* **Crcl.** Cera (inducta) oblĭtŭs, illĭtŭs, unctŭs.

CĔRAUNĬĂ, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *Mountains in Epirus, often struck with thunder.* Vicină Cĕraunĭă juxta. *V.* [? Acrŏcĕraunĭă.] **Ep.** Altă, ardŭă, scŏpŭlosă, infidă. *See* SCOPULUS. **2.** *Precious stones so called.* *See* CERAUNIUS.

CĔRAUNĬŬS, *and* CĔRAUNŬS, ă, um. *poss. adj. to*

Cĕraunĭă. 1. *Ceraunian.* 2. Cĕraunĭă gemmă. *f. A species of precious stone.* [† Lăpĭs fulmĭnĭs.]

CRAUNĬUM, ĭi. *n. and* **CĔRAUNUS,** i. *m.* (*from adj.*) = Ceraunia gemma. Igněă flumĭnĕæ legerĕ cĕraunĭă nymphæ. *Cl.*

CERBĔRUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Cerberus.* Cerbĕrĕasquĕ cănum făcĭes. *Lr.* ~ latratŭs. *St.*

CERBĔRUS, i. *m. Cerberus, the three-headed dog of the infernal regions. C. D.* Tĕnŭĭtque Inhĭans trĭă Cerbĕrŭs ŏrā. *V.* [† Janĭtŏr.] **Ep.** ˘Avernalis, Lethæŭs, Tartărĕŭs, Plutonĭŭs, Stȳgĭŭs, infernŭs, trĭceps, trĭformis, trĭplex; hĭans, ater; crŭentŭs, horrĭdŭs, horrĭfĭcŭs, terrĭbĭlis, tetĕr; pervigĭl, insomnis, aspĕr, ătrox, dirŭs, fĕrŭs, sævŭs. **Crol.** Cănis Mĕdusæŭs, Stȳgĭŭs, infernŭs, Tænărĭŭs, Tartărĕŭs, tergĕmĭnŭs, trĭceps, trĭformis, vipĕrĕŭs, atĕr. Tartărĕŭs, Stȳgĭŭs, tergĕmĭnŭs custos. Janĭtŏr Orci. Stȳgis, Orci custos. Lethes (leti, lăcrĭmosæ aulæ, ŏpaci regni) trĭformis janĭtŏr, custos. Cerbĕrĕæ cănum făcies. Ŏrā prodĭgĭosā Tænărĭi cănis. Cui collā vipĕrĭnis jŭbis (rĕflexis anguĭbŭs) horrent. **Phr.** Cerbĕrŭs—æratas antĕ fŏres excŭbăt;—collā cŏlŭbris villosā excŭtĭt;—æternum latrăt;—umbras terrĕt, terrĭtăt;—trĭfauci latratu regnā persŏnăt;—In antro rĕcŭbăt immanis;—tergā anguĭna cāterva rĕdĭmitŭs (*or*, cŏmas anguĕ mĭnanti implĭcĭtŭs) ŏrē stridĕt;—Stȳgĭas observăt fŏres;—ternā căpĭtā vasto sŏno concŭtĭt.

CERCŎPITHECUS, *or* **CERCŎPĬTHECUS,** i. *m.* (*and* **CERCOPS,** opis. *m. Manil.*) *A long-tailed monkey, monkey.* Effĭgies sacri nĭtĕt aurĕā cercŏpĭtheci. *J. See* SIMIA.

CERCOPES, um. *m. pl. The inhabitants of Pithecusa, changed into monkeys. C. D.* Cercopum exsŭla, gentisque admissā dŏlosæ. *O.*

CERĂLIĂ, um. *n.* (sc. sacra.) *Festivals in honour of Ceres.* Vestes cĕrĕălĭbŭs albas Sumĭtĕ. *O.* **Crol.** Annŭā sācrā Cĕrĕris. Annŭā sācri Cĕrĕălis tempŏrā.

CERĂLIS, æ. *Cereal; of* or *relating to Ceres.* Et cĕrĕălē sŏlum pomis agrestĭbŭs augent. *V.* ~ armā. *V.*

CERĔBROSUS, ă, um. *Violent, head-strong, mad.* Sentimus, donec cĕrĕbrosus prosĭlĭt unŭs. *H.* [† Stŏmăchosŭs.]

CERĔBRUM, *or* **CĔREBRUM,** i. *n.* 1. *The brain.* Cĕrĕbro permixtā crŭento. *V.* Sparsoque infectā cĕrebro. *V.* **Ep.** Mollĕ, tĕnĕrum; cālens, cālĭdum. 2. *The head, sense, reason. Ph. H.*

CERES, ĕris. *f.* 1. *Ceres, daughter of Saturn and Cybele.* Flavā Cĕres alto nequidquam spectăt ˘Olympo. *V.* Cunctā tĭbi Cĕrĕrem pubes agrestis ădorĕt. *V.* **Ep.** Actæā, Attĭcā, ˘Eleusinā; Ennæā, Ætnæā, Sĭcanā, Sĭcŭlā; aurĕā, aurĭcŏmā, flavā, flavens; almā, altrix, fecundā, lætā, divĕa, frugĭfĕrā. **Crol.** Matĕr ˘Eleusinā, ˘Eleusis. Frugum gĕnĭtrix, matĕr, inventrix. Dĕā frugĭfĕrā, spicĭfĕrā. Mitissimā frugum matĕr. Almā pārens *or* divā pŏtens frugum. Sertā spicĭā gĕrens. Căpillos, tempŏrā spicis cinctā, rĕdĭmitā. ˘Agros, arva frugĭbŭs ditans, vestĭens. **Phr.** Cĕres primā—terram ferro vertĕrĕ (semĕn in ăgros spargĕrĕ; cŏloratas cŏmas falcĕ rĕsĕcarĕ; glandes cĭbo utĭlĭorĕ mutarĕ) hŏmĭnes dŏcŭit, instĭtŭit:—hŏmĭnes ăd ălimentā mĕlĭorā vŏcavĭt. 2. *The harvest.* **Ep.** Lætā, rŭbĭcundā. *See* SEGES. 3. *Bread.* ~-em cănistris expĕdĭunt. *V. See* PANIS.

CERĔUS, ă, um. 1. *Waxen.* Simŭlacrăquĕ cerĕā fĭgit. *O.* 2. Fig. *Ductile, flexible.* ~ in vĭtĭum flecti. *H. See* MOLLIS. 3. *Of the colour of wax, yellow.* ~ prunā. *V. See* FLAVUS.

CERĔUS, i. *m. A wax light.* Præstabit cerĕŭs ignes. *M.* [† Candelă; *ext.* funalĭă, lŭcernă, fax.] *See* F. L. F.

CERNO, ĭs, crevi (? cretum). 1. *To separate.* Innŭmĕris omnĭă cernĕ căvis. *O.* [† Excerno.] *See* SEPARO. 2. *To perceive.* ~ adstantes. *V.* [† Vĭdĕo, conspĭcĭo, tŭĕŏr, tŭŏr, adspĭcĭo.] *See* ADSPICIO. 3. *To see, look on, behold.* ˘Ad hæc Căpĭtolĭă ~-ens. *O.* ~ nati letum. *V.* ăcutum (*adv.*) In vĭtĭis ămicorum. *H. See* SPECTO, VIDEO. 4. *To decide, resolve.* Præsĭdĭum castris educerĕ crevĭt. *Lucil. See* DECERNO. 5. *To combat, fight out, settle by the sword.* ~ ferro. *V.* martĕ. *Tib. See* PUGNO.

CERNŬUS, a, um. *Doubled together* (in body), *head downwards.* Ejectoque incumbit cernŭŭs armo. *V.* [† Pronŭs, præceps.]

CEROMA, ătis. *m. A mixture of oil and wax, used by wrestlers.* Lĭbȳcæ ceromā pălæstræ. *M.*

CEROMATICUS, ă, um. *Anointed with ceroma. J.*

CEROTUM, i. *n. Cerate. M.*

CERRITUS, ă, um (quasi *cereritus*). *Struck by Ceres; furious, delirious. H. See* FURIOSUS.

CERTAMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *A combat, battle.* Ollĭ inter sese duri certamĭnā belli Contŭlĕrant. *V.* [† Prœlĭum, bellum, Mars.] *See* PUGNA, BELLUM. 2. *Dispute, contest.* ~ ĕrăt Cŏrȳdon cum Thyrsĭdĕ. *V.* vini. *Tib.* [† Lis, rixă.] 3. *Rival effort, ardour.* ~-ĭnĕ summo procumbunt. *V. See* CONATUS. 4. *Contests that took place at public festivals and games.* ~-ă velocĭs jăcŭli; grăvĭbŭs remis. *V.* Campi. *Sil.* disci. *O.*

CERTANS, tis. *One who fights, contends; a rival. V.* [† Æmŭlŭs.]

CERTATIM. *With rival efforts.* Certatim sŏcĭi fĕrĭunt mărĕ &c. *V.* **Crol.** ˘Anĭmis, stŭdĭis certantĭbŭs omnes.

CERTATIO, onis. *f. Ter. and* **CERTATUS,** us, *m. St. A combat, contest. See* CERTAMEN.

CERTE. *adv.* 1. *Certainly.* An prosint, dŭbĭum; nŏcŭĕrunt carmĭnā certe. *O. V. See* CERTO. 2. *At least.* Flerĕ lĭcĕt ~. *O.* [† Saltem, tămĕn.] **Crol.** ˘At saltem.

CERTO. *adv.* 1. *Certainly, for certain.* Certo scĭo. *Pl.* Certo compĕri. *Ter.* [† Certe, vere, profecto, næ, ĕquĭdem, sane.] **Crol.** Prŏcŭl dŭbĭo, dŭbĭo prŏcŭl. Non dŭbĭe. 2. *Firmly, unalterably.* Certo decrevi. *Ter.*

CERTO, as. 1. *To contend, combat.* ˘Anĭmis certatis ĭniquis. *V.* [† Decerto, pugno, dimĭco, confligo, congrĕdĭŏr, &c. *See* PUGNO. 2. *To contend as a rival, endeavour to rival, rival.* Solus tĭbĭ certĕt ˘Amyntas. *V.* ~ carmĭnĕ ŏb hircum (*the prize*). *H.* offĭcĭo; laudĭbŭs Itălĭæ; munĕrĭbŭs. *V.* 3. *To contest* (a matter). ~ rem fŏro. *H. See* DISCEPTO. 4. *To vie with others in doing something.* ~-ant illudĕrĕ capto. *V.* 5. *To strive. V.* [† Conŏr, nitŏr, contendo.]

CERTUS, ă, um. 1. *Certain, not to be doubted* (speaking of a thing). Tŭă si mĭhĭ certā vŏluntas. *V.* Facti ~ fĭdes. *O.* [† Verŭs, mănifestŭs, clarŭs, indŭbĭtatŭs.] **Crol.** Non incertŭs, dŭbĭŭs, dŭbĭtatŭs. Haud *or* non infĭtĭandŭs. 2. *True* (speaking of a man). Ex ămicis certis certissŭmŭs. *Pl.* [† Verŭs, fidŭs, fĭdelis.] **Crol.** Non *or* haud dŭbĭŭs. Nunquam fallens. 3. *Truthful, worthy of credit.* ~ ˘Apollo. *H.* ~-ă rĕportarĕ. *V.* [† Verŭs, verax, fĭdelis, fidŭs.] **Crol.** Non mendax, non fallax. 4. *Trusty, to be depended upon.* Pĕr littŏrā ~-os dimittam. *V.* 5. *Fixed, stable, determined.* ~ dŏmus; munĕrā; rĕquies; sententĭā pugnæ. *V.* ~-i fines. *H.* dies. *O.* [† Firmŭs, stăbĭlis, immotŭs, fixŭs, rătŭs.] 6. *Informed.* Anchisen făcĭo certum. *V. See* MONEO. 7. *Assured of.* Impĕrĭi ~-ŭs. *Cl.* 8. *Determined, brave.* ~-a mentĕ prœlĭă gĕrĭs. *O.* ~-ă pectŏrā. *V. See* FORTIS. 9. *Sure of its blow.* ~ săgittā. *O.* hastā. *V.* **Crol.** Non errans. 10. *Resolved upon, decided* (to do

something). ∾ ŭndi; mŏri. *V.* **11.** Certum est. *It is resolved.* Certum est dārē lintēā retro. *V.* [† Stāt.]

Cĕruchi, orum. *m. pl. The cords* or *ropes by which the two ends of the sail-yards are managed.* Summique arserē cĕruchi. *L.* [† Cornŭā.]

Cerussa, æ. *f. White lead, used in whitening the skin.* Nec cerussā tĭbi, nec vitri spumā rŭbentŭs. *O.* **Ep.** Albā, candĭdā, nĭtens. *See* Fucus.

Cerussatus, ā, um. *Whitened with the cerussa.* Et cerussata candĭdĭorā cūtē. *M.* **Crol.** Cerussa illĭtŭs, pictŭs, tinctŭs, albŭs. *See* Fucatus.

Cerva, æ. *f.* **1.** *A hind, deer.* Qualis conjecta cervā sāgitta. *V. See* Cervus. **2.** ∾ æripĕs. *Deer with brazen feet, killed by Hercules. V.*

Cervinus, ā, um. *Of* or *belonging to a stag; stag-like.* Cervinus gĕlĭdum sorbet sic hallĭtŭs anguem. *M.* ∾ sĕnectus. *J.*

Cervix, icis. *f.* **1.** *The back of the neck, the neck.* Fusos cervix cui lactēā crines Accĭpĭt. *V.* Vinclāquē captiva reges cervicē fĕrentes. *O.* [† Collum.] *See* Collum. **Ep.** Lactēā, marmŏrēā. **2.** Ext. *The head.* ˘In hŭmĕros ∾ collapsā rĕcumbĭt. *V.* [† Căpŭt.] *See* C. **3.** Fig. *Haughty, stiff-necked.* Indŏmĭta ∾-ē fĕros. *H. See* Superbia.

Cervus, i. *m.* **1.** *A stag.* Cervŭs ĕrat forma præstanti et cornĭbŭs ingens. *V.* [† *Sts.* Cervā.] **Ep.** Cornĭgĕr, alĭpes, alatŭs, cĕlĕr, cĭtŭs, lĕvis, pernix, præpĕs; imbellis, pāvĭdŭs, tĭmĭdŭs; vāgŭs, errans; fŭgax; nĕmŏrosŭs, silvestris; annosŭs, longævŭs, vivax. **Crol.** Pernix ferā. Surgens In cornŭā. Celsŭs In cornŭā. **2.** *Chevaux de frise* (spikes set after a particular manner for defence in war). Adversos hosti defigĕrē cervos. *Tib.*

Cespĕs, *or* **Cæspĕs,** ĭtis. *m.* **1.** *A turf, piece of turf.* Gramĭnĕus mādĭdam cespĕs ŏbumbrāt hŭmum. *O.* Congestum cespĭtē culmĕn. *V.* [† Graměn.] *See* G. **2.** *An altar of turf.* **Crol.** Sācĕr Dĕis cespĕs. Arā vĭridis. Arā de gramĭnĕo cespĭtē; arā vĭridi cespĭtē. *See* Ara.

Cessans, tis. *Doing nothing, at rest.* Stĭmŭlatē, prĕcor, cessantĭā fatā. *O.* Sŏlum ∾ (*fallow soil*). *L. See* Lentus, Piger.

Cessator, oris. *m. An idler. H. See* Piger.

Cessatus, ā, um. *part. See* Cesso. **1.** *That has ceased to act, is at rest, inactive.* Cessatā rĕpōnĕre āvebant Tempŏrā. *Sil.* **2.** Cessatā arvā. *Fields left untilled* (to lie fallow). ∾-is messis In arvis. *O. See* Cessans.

Cesso, as. **1.** *To be doing nothing, be at rest.* Et, si quid cessarē pŏtes, rĕquĭescē sŭb umbra. *V.* Circŭs ∾-āt. *O.* ∾-ant aræ. *O.* tonsæ nŏvales. *V.* [† Quĭesco, vāco, rĕquĭesco, otĭŏr.] **2.** *To cease, leave off.* Nĕc pŭtēis manarē crŭor cessavĭt. *V.* [† Desĭno, desisto.] *See* Desino. **3.** *To delay doing, stay from acting.* Imŭs In adversos, quĭd cessas? *V.* [† Mŏrŏr, cunctŏr.]

Cestus, us. *m.* **1.** *Venus's girdle.* A te Juno pĕtet cestŏn, ĕt ipsā Vĕnŭs. *M.* [† Baltĕŭs, nodŭs, cingŭlum.] **Phr.** Blando spirans numĭnĕ. *Cl.* **2.** *Nuptial girdle.* ∾ solvissē jŭgalem. *St.*

Cetarĭa, orum. *n. pl. Fish-preserves.* Cetarĭā crescent. *H.*

Cete. *n. pl. and sing.* **Cetŭs.** *Pl.* (τὰ κήτη, *for* κῆτος.) **1.** *A whale; any fish of that kind.* Immanĭā cete. *V.* [† Balænā, pristis.] *See* Balæna. **2.** *A constellation so called. C. D. See* Pristis.

Cetĕrā. *acc. pl. n. as adv. Otherwise, in all other respects.* (Cĕtĕrŭs.) Cetĕrā lætus. *H.* ∾ fulvŭs. *H.* Graiŭs. *V.* doctŭs. *M.*

Cetĕrum. *adv. But however, however, moreover.* (Cetĕrŭs.) [† Cetĕrā, porro, verum.]

***Cetĕrŭs** (m. obs.),* **ā,** um. *The remaining, that which is left.* Cetĕrā turbā pĕlam tĭtŭlos ostendĭt āpertos. *O.* [† ˘Allĭus, rĕlĭquŭs.]

Cĕthegŭs, i. *m. The name of an ancient family in Rome. C. D.* Fingĕrē cinctutis non exanditā Cĕthegis. *H.* Clodĭŭs accusāt mœchos, Cātĭlinā Cĕthegum. *J.*

Cetra, æ. *f. A Spanish shield.* Lævas cetrā tĕgĭt. *V. See* Clypeus.

Ceu. *adv.* **1.** *As, so as.* Ceu flammā per tædas vĕl Eurŭs &c. *H.* [† ˘Ut, ŭti, vĕlŭt, vĕlŭti, sicŭt, quāsĭ, tanquam, instăr.] *See* Ut. **2.** Conj. *As if.* [† Tanquam, quāsĭ.]

Cĕŭs, ā, um. *Of Ceos, Cean; applied to Simonides, there born.* Concedit Cei musā Sĭmonĭdē. *Aus.* Ceæ nænĭæ, cāmenæ. *H.*

Ceyx, ycis. *m. Ceyx, son of Lucifer, king of Thessaly. C. D.* Alcyŏne Ceycā vŏcat, Ceycis In orē. *O.* **Crol.** Rex Trachinĭŭs, Œtæŭs, Lucĭfĕro gĕnĭtŭs, L. gĕnĭtorē sŭtis. Sidĕrēŭs Alcyŏnes conjux.

Chalcedon, onis. *f. A town of Asia Minor so called, opposite Byzantium.* Bospŏrŭs adversum pātĭtur Chalcedŏnā cerni. *Cl.*

Chalcedŏnĭŭs, ā, um. *poss. adj. to the above.* Et Chalcedŏnĭas contrā despectāt ārenas. *Cl.*

Chalcĭdĭcŭs, ā, um. *poss. adj. to* Chalcis. **1.** *Eubœan. V.* **2.** *Used of Cuba, a Eubœan colony.* ∾ arx. *V.*

Chalcis, ĭdis *and* ĭdŏs. *f. Chalcis, chief city of Eubœa.* Chalcĭdis Eubŏĭcæ &c. *L.* Qua Chalcĭdā verbĕrāt unda. *L.*

Chaldæi, orum. *m. pl.* **1.** *The people of Chaldæa, great astronomers. C. D.* **Ep.** Servantes sidĕrā. **2.** *Used for astrologer* gen. Chaldæis majŏr ĕrĭt fiducĭā. *J.* **3.** ∾-ĭus, ā, um. *poss. adj. to* Chaldæa.

Chalybeis, idis. *f. Of steel.* Æs ĕrāt in prĕtĭo; chālybeis massā lātebāt. *O.*

Chalybes, um. *m. pl. A people of Pontus, near Colchis, whose country abounded in iron mines.* At Chālybes nudi ferrum (mittunt). *V.*

Chalybs, ybis. *m.* **1.** *Tempered iron, steel.* Sit lĭcĕt et ferro durĭŏr et chālybē. *Pp.* **Crol.** Chālybis mĕtallum, massā, lamĭnā. *See* Ferrum. **2.** *Different things made of steel.* Chālybem (*bit*) frenosquē mŏmordĭt. *L.* Æternis ∾-um (*chains*) nodis. *L.* Strictŭs ∾ (*sword*). *Sen.*

Chanaan, *and contract.* **Chanan.** *f. undecl. Canaan.* In rēgĭonē Chānan, ŭbi mitis matĕr ˘Iesu. In Chānāan terras &c. *Eccl.*

Chaones, um. *m. pl. The people of Chaonia.* Chaŏnās atquē Mŏlossos. *Cl.*

Chaonia, æ. *f. Chaonia, part of Epirus, where was the forest of Dodona.* Chaŏnĭamque omnem Trojano a Chaŏnē dixĭt. *V.*

Chaonis, idis. *f. Of Chaonia.* Chaŏnis alĕs hăbĕt. *O.*

Chaonius, ā, um. *Of Chaonia. See* C. [† Dodonæŭs, Dodonĭŭs, Chaŏnis.]

Chaos. *dat. and abl.* chāo. *n.* **1.** *Chaos.* In chāŏs antiquum confundĭmŭr. *V.* **Ep.** Prŏfundum, atrum, informē, cæcum, antiquum, horrendum. **Crol.** Rŭdis moles. Indigestā m. **2.** *The infernal regions.* Possĭdĕt alтĕr āquas, alтĕr īnanē ∾. *O. See* Inferi. **3.** *The chaos* (supposed) *at the dissolution of the world.* Antiquum rĕpĕtens ĭtĕrum ∾. *L.* **Phr.** *The end of the world.* Horā sŭprēmā (summā dies)—*or,* Præsclā fati naturā—mundi sæcŭlā cogĭt;—mundi arces (concussum orbem, rerum leges *or* fœdĕrā, omnĭā) subrŭĭt (tŭmultu vertĭt, vi quassāt, rāpĭt rŭĭtquē). Cŏĕunti mundo, fractŭs orbis (terrā) labĭtŭr. ˘Uterquē pŏlŭs (cœlum omnē) ruptis (sŏlutis) compagĭbŭs (*or* sŏluta compāgē) frangĭtŭr, rŭĭt. Cādunt sidĕrā; rŭĭt æther. Fulgŏr rĕpentinŭs rŭĭt (terrēt, percŭtĭt) omnĭā. **4.** Sts. *Ob-*

darkness. Ep. Horrĭdum, Cimmĕrĭum.
NEBRÆ.

:ER, ĕris. m. (χαρακτήρ.) A character, . See SIGNUM, FORMA.

:a, um. f. pl. The Graces. Protĭnŭs arrĭ-Chărĭtes, nectuntquĕ cŏronas. O. See E.

ontĭs. m. Charon, ferryman of the in-regions. C. D. Portĭtŏr illĕ, Chăron. V. hmeus.] Ep. Stȳglĭŭs, Tartărĕŭs, atĕr, , squallĭdŭs, horrendŭs, horrĭdŭs, trĕmen-rŭs, trux; sĕnex, tristĭs, durŭs, sævŭs, , ĭvarŭs. Crol. Stȳglĭŭs sĕnex. ˘Aquæ cymbæ) infernæ (Tænărĭæ, umbrĭfĕræ, navĭtă (sulcatŏr). Umbrarum portĭtŏr. ontĭs portĭtŏr.

. æ. f. 1. Paper. Quidquid chartis ămĭ-eptis. H. [¶ Pāpyrŭs, membrănă.] See UA. 2. A letter. O. See EPISTOLA. 3. . O. See LIBER.

DIS, Is. f. 1. Charybdis, a whirlpool near a. C. D. Hic vŏmĭt epotas dirā Charyb-ina. O. Ep. Sĭcŭlă, Sĭcănĭă, Zanclæă; nă, Inaccessă, irrequietă, implacată, mĕ-, vastă, ĭnvĭdă, rāpax, naufrăgă, sŏnans, Crol. Scyllæ adversă. Rătĭbŭs Inĭmĭcă, ĭ. Nautis infestă. Phr. Chărybdĭs—rap-inas vŏrăt;—r. rĕvŏmĭt;—fluctus ĭn ab-i sorbĕt, alternos rursum sŭb auras erĭgĭt ternis r. sidĕrā verbĕrăt). 2. Fig. Any elf (of evil, difficulty, &c.). Quanta lă-n Chărybdi! H. See VORAGO, SCOPU-

arum. f. pl. The arms of the Scorpion, a ation, called also The Scales. Qua lŏcŭs en inter Chelasquĕ sequentes &c. V. See IUS.

ŭs, and sts. CHĔLȲDRŬS, i. m. A spe-quatic serpent. Galbănĕoque ăgĭtarĕ grā-lorĕ chĕlydros. V. Chĕlȳdris cantarĕ sŏ-Sil. See SERPENS, HYDRUS.

ȳŏs and ȳis. voc. ȳ. f. 1. A tortoise. See DO. 2. Us. A lute, lyre. Indĕ chĕlyn Phœ-munĭă munĕrā ponam. O. [¶ Testudo.] THARA. 3. The constellation of the Lyre. RA.

RĂ, or CHIRĂGRĂ, æ. f. Gout in the hands. raquĕ sĕcatur. M. Prŏhĭbĕrĕ chĕragra. p. Lăpĭdosă. See PODAGRA.

DRŎS, or CHERSȲDRŬS, i. m. A species hibious serpent. L.

r CHILON, onis. m. (Χείλων.) Chilo, one seven wise men of Greece. C. D.

IA, æ. f. A mountain of Lycia. C. D. Pri-, postremă drăco, mĕdĭa ipsă Chĭmærā. Ep. Lȳcĭă, trĭformis, flammĭvŏmă, mĕtŭ-immanis. Phr. Flammas orĕ vŏmens. nis armată. Flammam orĕ fĕro volvens. e ignes faucĭbŭs efflans.

and CHIUS, ĭi. f. Chios, an island of the , famous for its wines. Romæ laudetur , et Chĭŏs, et Rhŏdŏs absens. H. See .

RA. See CHERAGRA.

RĂPHON, or CHIRŎGRĂPHUM, and CHĔ-PHUM, i. n. An autograph. Vană sŭper-dicunt chirogrăphă ligni. J. See SYN-IA.

, onis. m. 1. The Centaur Chiron. C. D. urnŭs ĕquo gĕmĭnum Chironă crĕarĭt. O. llȳrĭdes, Centaurŭs.] Ep. Æmŏnĭŭs, Pe-Thessălŭs, ˘Amȳthăonĭŭs, bĭformis, gĕ-, semĭfĕr, semĭvĭr, arcĭpŏtens, sagittĭfĕr. Sĕnex bĭformis. Thessălŭs sĕnĭŏr. ˘Achil-lĭdæ præceptŏr, custos. Gĕmĭnŭs, bĭfor-emĭfĕr măgistĕr. Dŭplex magistĕr. ˘Equi)

(Thessălĭci) corpŏrĕ mixtŭs (permixtŭs). Pe-lĭăcŭs bĭmembris. Divino ălumno lætŭs. Trŭcis pŭĕri măgistĕr. See CENTAURUS. 2. The constellation so called. O. [¶ Centaurŭs, Arcĭtĕnens.] See ARCITENENS.

CHIRŎNŎMUS, i. and CHIRŎNŎMON, ontis. m. (χειρονόμος and χειρονομῶν.) A gesticulator. J.

CHIRURGUS, i. m. (χειρουργός.) A surgeon. M. (Chĕrurgŭs modern.)

CHIUS, ă, um. Of or pertaining to Chios. Chio solvĭtĕ vinclă cădo. Tib. Aut Chiă vină aut Lesbĭă. H.

CHLĂMȲS, ȳdis. f. A sort of loose coat, mantle. Pictŭs ăcu chlămȳdem, et ferrugĭnĕ tinctŭs ˘Ibera. V. [¶ ˘Amictŭs, tūnĭcă, vestis, tegmĕn.] Ep. Tȳrĭă, Sidonĭă. See VESTIS.

CHLORIS, Idŏs. f. Chloris, wife of Zephyrus, the same as Flora. Chloris ĕram quæ Florā vŏcŏr. O. [¶ Florā.] Ep. Rŏsis rĕdĭmitā. Millĕ gestans cŏlores. See FLORA.

CHŎASPES, or CHŎASPIS, Is. m. A river of Media. Regĭă lymphă, Chŏaspes. Tib.

CHŎRAGIUM, ĭi. n. (χορήγιον.) Pl. Decorations and apparatus of a theatre; and CHŎRAGUS, i. m. Leader of the chorus; manager and provider of decorations, &c. Ipsă sŭperborum dŏmĭtrix, gĕrĭt ipsă chŏragum. M.

CHORDĂ, æ. f. The string of a musical instrument; hence, lyre, lute. Non dĭdĭcit ~-as tangĕrĕ? O. [¶ Nervŭs, filum; ext. fĭdes, cĭthărā, lȳrā.] See CITHARA.

CHŎREÆ, and CHŎRĒÆ, arum. f. pl. 1. A dance. Jŭvăt indulgerĕ chŏreis. V. Pars pĕdĭbus plaudunt chŏrĕas. V. [¶ Chŏrŭs.] Ep. Pŭellares, virgĭnĕæ, fœmĭnĕæ, sŏcĭæ, lĕves, blandæ, dulces, gratæ, lætæ, hĭlăres, festæ, molles, lasciuæ. 2. To join in a dance. Chŏrĕas, chŏros duco, exercĕo, ăgo, ăgĭto, instauro, ĭnsŏ, cĕlĕbro. Chŏrĕis indulgĕo, mănum implĭco, mănĭbus nexis, ex ordĭnĕ, terram plaudo. 3. To dance (simply). ˘Ad nŭmĕrum membrā mŏvĕo. Hŭmum, terram pĕdĭbŭs plaudo, quătĭo, pello. See SALTO. 4. Used of the motions of the stars. (Sidĕrā) exercent vărĭas naturæ legĕ chŏreas. Manil. and Varr. 5. Found in the sing. Pernicĕ chŏrea. Lr. and V. (Culex.)

CHŎRUS, i. m. 1. A band of dancers. Exercet Dianā chŏros. V. Femĭnĕos ~-os. O. See CHOREA. 2. Choir of singers. ~-o pæanā cănentes. V. 3. The chorus in a play. 4. A cluster of stars (the number forming a constellation). Pleĭădum ~. H. See CHOREÆ. 5. A company, body, troop. ~ Glauci. V. plebeiŭs. O. scriptorum. H. [¶ Cœtŭs, concĭlĭum, cŏronă, concessŭs, turbă.]

CHRISTIANUS, ă, um. adj. Christian (and i. m. subst. A Christian.). Eccl. [¶ Cathŏlĭcŭs.] See CHRISTICOLA.

CHRISTICŎLÆ, æ. m. CHRISTICŎLÆ, arum, and sync. um. pl. Christian, Christians. Eccl. [¶ Christĭani, Christĭăděæ.] Crol. Christi sectatŏr, confessŏr, pŏpŭlŭs. Christi fortis assertŏr Dĕi. Sanctă plebs. Gĕnĕrosă Christi sectă. Christi fămŭli. Christi cultŏr. Christi præceptă sĕcuti. Gens (plebs, pectŏrā) Dĕo or Christo sacrā (dilectā, dĭcatā). ˘In Christi fĭdem translatā.

CHRISTUS, i. m. Jesus Christ, the Son of God, the Redeemer of the world. [¶ ˘Iesus, Rĕdemptŏr, Messĭă, Verbum, Salvatŏr, Servatŏr, Dŏmĭnŭs, Dĕŭs; sts. Agnŭs. Certissĭmă Dĕi proles. Dĕi Verbum. Splendŏr Virtusquĕ Pătris. Perpĕtŭi Glorĭă Numĭnis. Orbis Factŏr ĕt pŏli. Dĕi Unĭgĕnă. Unĭcă Pătris Progĕnies. Vitæ ĕt lucis Rĕpertŏr. Vitæ Spes unĭcă. Sălŭs æternæ vitæ. Dŏmĭnŭs lucis. Crol. Dĕŭs ac Dŏmĭnŭs. Filĭŭs ex Vero Verŭs. Lumĕn de Lumĭnĕ. Æterno

Mănens cum Pătrĕ. ˘In sæcŭlă Regnans. Sălus rerum. Rerum Condĭtŏr atquĕ Rĕdemptŏr. Perpĕtŭum Lumĕn Christŭs. Rĕdĕuntĭs ævi Condĭtŏr. Vox ĕt Sensŭs summi Dĕi.

Chrysă, æ, *and* **Chryse**, es. *f. A town of Mysia, sacred to Apollo.* Me Tĕnĕdon, Chrysenque et Cillăn, ˘Apollĭnĭs urbes. *O.*

Chryseĭs, ĭdis *or* ĭdŏs. *f. Chryseis* or *Astynome, daughter of Chryses. C. D.* Chryseĭdă victŏr ămabăt. *O.*

Chryses, æ. *m. Chryses, high priest of Apollo.* Pro nata Chrysen non vălŭisse stŭa. *O.*

Chrysippŭs, i. *m. The philosopher Chrysippus. C. D.* Mĕlĭus Chrysippo et Crantŏrĕ dicĭt. *H.*

Chrysŏlĭthŭs, i. *m. A precious stone, called the topaz.* Quosvĕ dĕdit flavo lumĭnĕ chrysŏlĭthos. *Pp. See* Gemma.

Chŭni, orum. *m. pl. A people living by the Tanais, known better as the Huns.* Nec văgă Chunorum fĕrĭtas, non falcĕ Gĕlonŭs. *Cl.*

Cĭbarĭa, orum. *n. pl. Victuals, food.* Quum sĭbĭ sint congestă cĭbarĭă. *H. See* Cibus.

Cĭbatŭs, us. *m. Food.* Aut ăllos hŏmĭnum pastus, pĕcŭdumquĕ cĭbatus. *Lr. See* Cibus.

Cĭborĭum, ĭi. *n.* Propr. *the pod of the Egyptian bean;* hence, *a cup made in the shape of this pod.* Oblivĭoso lævĭă massĭco Cĭborĭa exple. *H. See* Poculum.

Cĭbŭs, i. *m.* 1. *Food, aliment.* Non dŏmŭs aptă sătis, non hic cĭbŭs utĭlĭs ægro. *O.* [? Escă, ălĭmentum; *sts.* dăpes, ĕpŭlæ.] **Ep.** Regallĭs, gĕnĭalĭs, ŏpimŭs, lautŭs, lætŭs; dulcis, gratŭs; făcĭlĭs, pĕrabĭlĭs, simplex, parcŭs, vilis. *See* Edo, Mensa. 2. *Fig.* Jucundi causă cĭbusquĕ mălĭ. *O.* ∾ fŭrorĭs; flammæ; mălĭ. *O.* [? ˘Ălĭmentum, nutrimentum.]

Cĭcadă, æ. *f. A grasshopper.* Solĕ sŭb ardenti rĕsŏnant arbustă cĭcadis. *V.* **Ep.** Argută, garrŭlă, lŏquax, quĕrŭlă, raucă, stridens, vocalis; exilis, grăcĭlis, lĕvis.

Cĭcatrix, icĭs. *f.* 1. *A scar.* Lit. *and* fig. Cernĕ cĭcatrices, vĕtĕrĭs vestigĭă pugnæ. *O.* ∾ mentis. *Sil.* [? Vulnŭs.] **Ep.** Fœdă, livĭdă, turpis; crudă, rĕcens; vĕtŭs, antiquă, obductă. **Crcl.** Vulnĕrĭs, plagæ signum, nŏtă, vestigĭă. 2. *A place whence the bark has been stripped in a tree.* Signata In stirpĕ cĭcatrĭx. *V.* 3. *A tear, a hole* (in a garment). *V.* 4. Cĭcatricem ducĕrĕ. *to scab over* (heal into a scar). Tempŏrĕ ducetŭr ∾. *O.*

Cĭcĕr, ĕris. *n. A small pulse, chick-peas.* Sepŏsĭti cĭcĕris, nec longæ invidĭt ăvenæ. *Hor.*

Cĭcĕro, onis. *m. M. Tullius Cicero. C. D.* Romă pătrem pătriæ Cĭcĕronem libĕrĕ dixĭt. *J.* [? Tullĭŭs; *sts.* Arpinas.] **Ep.** Arpinas, dĭsertŭs, facundŭs, pŏtens, tŏnans, sublimis, nŭmĕrosŭs; clarŭs, illustris, insignis, magnŭs. **Phr.** Romanæ linguæ, tŏgæ glorĭă. Romani fŏri glorĭă, lux, lumĕn, splendŏr, famă, dĕcŭs. Elŏquĭo pollens, præstans, vălens. Elŏquĭi princeps. Lătĭæ linguæ facundĭă. Sollĭcĭtis sălus ĕt tutelă. Egrĕgĭum pătrĭæ căpŭt. Sĕnatus vindex. Fŏri (legum, ritus, tŏgæ) vindex. Ævi dĕcŭs. Dĭsertissĭmŭs Romŭli nĕpotum. Quo consŭlĕ (sŭb cujŭs jurĕ, tŏga) Cătĭlĭnă trĕmŭĭt. *See* Orator.

Cĭchŏreum, i. *n. The plant chickory.* Me cĭchŏrĕă, lĕvesquĕ malvæ. *H. See* Intŭbus.

Cĭconĭa, æ. *f. A stork.* Tutoquĕ cĭconĭă nido. *H.* **Ep.** Albă, grăcĭlis, pĕrĕgrină, hospĭtă, stridŭlă, plă, candĭdă, grată. **Crcl.** Vŏlŭcris pĕrĕgrină. *Ph.* Cŏlŭbris invisă. *V.*

Cĭcută, æ. *f.* 1. *Hemlock, the plant and the poison.* Tritis ăcŏnĭtă cĭcutis. *O. See* Venenum. 2. *A Pan-pipe* (*pl.*) or *flute* (*propr.* one made of a hemlock-stalk). Dŏcŭĕrĕ căvas inflarĕ cĭcutas. *Lr.* and *V. See* Fistula.

Cĭĕo, es, civi, cĭtum. 1. *To stir up, call forth.* Nereus cĭĕt æquŏrĕ fundo. *V.* ∾ nimbos; strages. *V.* flatus. *Sil.* [? Mŏvĕo, commŏvĕo, concĭto, excĭto, cĭo, accendo, concŭtĭo, stĭmŭlo.] 2. *To call to, call by name, invoke.* Sŭpremum (*adv.*) vocĕ cĭemŭs. *V. See* Voco. 3. *To utter, send forth.* ∾ gĕmĭtus; verbă. *V.* [? Reddo, edo, emitto, do.] 4. *To cause to re-echo, to shake* (with sound), *tr.* Tŏnĭtru cœlum omnĕ cĭebo. *V.* [? Persŏno, perstrĕpo, concŭtĭo, impello.] *See* Cio.

Cĭlĭcĕs. *See* Cilix.

Cĭlĭcĭa, æ. *f. Cilicia, a province of Asia Minor. Pl. See* Cilix. **Crcl.** Terră Cĭlĭssă.

Cĭlĭssă, æ. *f. fem. of* Cilix. Spică Cĭlĭssă. *Pp.*

Cĭlix, icis. *m.* Cĭlĭcĕs, um. *pl.* 1. *The Cilicians, inhabitants of Cilicia.* Pĕrăt artĕ Cĭlix. *L.* Cĭlĭcum victas cătervas. *Tib.* 2. Adj. *Cilician.* ˘Athos Taurusquĕ Cĭlix. *O.*

Cimbĕr, bri. *m.* Cimbri, orum. *pl.* 1. *The Cimbri, a German people. L. See* Germani. 2. *Adj.* = Cimbricus. Illĕ Jŭgurthino clarus Cimbroquĕ trĭumpho. *O.*

Cimbrĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of the Cimbri, Cimbrian.* Cimbrĭcă tempestas, ăllĭasque immissă pĕr Alpes. *Cl.*

Cimex, icis. *m. A bug.* Nec tritus cimĭcĕ lectis. *M.* **Ep.** Turpis, incommŏdŭs, fœdŭs, fœtĭdŭs.

Cimmĕrĭi, orum. *m. pl. A Scythian people.* Cimmĕrĭorum ŏtĭam obscuras accessĭt ăd oras. *Tib.*

Cimmĕrĭŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of the Cimmerii.* ∾ littŭs. *O.* 2. Sts. *The infernal regions.* Lethæamquĕ rĕtem, ∾-osquĕ lăcus. *Tib.*

Cĭnædŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A shameless, unnatural profligate.* Pulchre convĕnĭt imprŏbis cĭnædis. *Cat.* **Ep.** Imprŏbŭs, nequam, turpis, obscenŭs. 2. ∾-ŭs, ă, um (*and* Cinædĭcŭs, *Pl.*). *Shameless, impure.* Cĭnæda frontĕ, candĭdo vultu. *M. See* Impudicus.

Cincinnatŭs, ă, um. *With curled hair. Pl.* [? Căllămistratŭs, cirratŭs.] *See* Cincinnus.

Cincinnatŭs, i. *m. Q. Cincinnatus, Dictator. C. D.*

Cincinnŭs, i. *m. A lock of hair, curled hair.* Altĭŏr hic quare cincinnŭs? *J.* [? Cirrŭs.] **Crcl.** Crines, căpilli torti, intorti, vĭbrati. Tortŭs căpillŭs. **Phr.** (*To curl the hair.*) Crines (căpillos, cŏmas) căllĭdo ferro (ignĕ) In nodum (In orbem) vĭbrarĕ (torquerĕ, volvĕrĕ, rĕvŏcarĕ). Cornŭă mădĭdo cirro torquerĕ. *See* Cirratus.

Cinctŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Cingo. *Girded, encircled.* Cinctæque ad pectŏră vestes. *O.* ∾ căpŭt hŏnorĕ. *O.* flammis. *V.* [? Præcinctŭs, accinctŭs, rĕdĭmitŭs, circumdătŭs.]

Cinctŭs, us. *m. An early mode of wearing the toga among the people of Gabii* (they threw it back over the left shoulder, and brought it round to the breast under the right arm); sts. *a girdle.* Cinctuquĕ Găbino. *V.* [? Cingŭlum, zonă.]

Cinctutŭs, ă, um. *One wearing the cinctus above mentioned.* Cinctutis non exaudită Cĕthegis. *Hor.*

Cingo, is, cinxi, cinctum. 1. *To gird, arm.* Ensĕ lătus cingĭt. *V.* ˘Inutilĕ ferrum ∾-ĭtur. *V.* ∾-ĭmŭr ensĕ. *O.* [? Accingo, præcingo, circumcingo, armo.] 2. *To crown, garland.* ∾ tempŏrĕ ramis. *V. See* Corono. 3. *To encircle, hem in; besiege.* ∾ urbem muris. *V.* oppĭdă fossis. *O.* fĕram venantum cŏrona. *V.* judĭcĭum glăddĭis. *L.* ∾-i militĕ. *Cl.* ăb armis. *O.* [? Ambĭo, circumdo, includo; obsĭdĕo.] *See* Circumdo, Obsideo.

Cingŭlă, æ. *f.* 1. *The girth of a horse.* Cingŭlă lædăt ĕquum. *O.* 2. Sts. *Girdle. O. See* Cingulum.

Cingŭlum, i. *n. A girdle, sash, belt.* Aurĕă subnectens exsertæ cingŭlă mammæ. *V.* ∾-ă bullis fulserunt. *V.* baccis aspĕrĕ. *Cl.* [? Zonă, baltĕŭs.]

Cĭnis, ĕris. *m.* 1. *Ashes.* Cĭnĕrem et sopitos

suscĭtăt ignes. *V.* **Ep.** Cālens, cālĭdŭs, fervens, tĕpens, tĕpĭdŭs, candens, lĕvĭs, obrūtŭs, dŏlosŭs.] *Fig.* **2.** Ignes suppŏsĭti cĭnĕri dŏloso (*evils and dangers lurking under an appearance of security*). *H.* **3.** *Ashes of the dead.* Pātrĭs Anchisæ ~-es. *V.* [† Manes, rellĭquĭæ, ossā.] **4.** *Dead* (dust and ashes). ~ ventis fĕrăr. *H. See* MORTUUS. **5.** *Death.* Quodquĕ cĭnis paucis, hoc mĭhĭ vĭtă dĕdĭt. *M.* Famă post ~-ĕres majŏr. *O.* Non præmaturi ~-ĕres. *J. See* MORS. **6.** *Ashes of towns destroyed by fire.* ~-ĕres pātrĭæ. *V.* ~ indūlt urbes. *V. Fl.* obrūĕt gentes. *Sen.* [† Rellĭquĭæ, rudĕrā.] *See* EVERTO, EXCIDIUM. **7.** ~ immundŭs. *Refuse soil, with dung, &c.* Jactarĕ ~-ĕrem immundum pĕr ăgros. *V. See* FIMUS. **8.** *Anc. f.* Trojă vĭrum et virtutum omnĭum ăcerbă cĭnis. *Cat.* and *Lr.*

CINNĂMŎN, *and* CINNĂMUM, i. *n. Cinnamon.* ˘Adŏlebunt cinnămă flammæ. *O.* Cinnămŏn, externa &c. *L. See* ODOR.

CĬNŸRĔUS, *and* CINŸREĬUS, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *relating to Cinyras. See* C. Cĭnŷræ littŏrĕ Cypri. *L.* **2.** *Used of Adonis.* Cĭnŷreĭis ibĭt ˘Adonis. *Aus. Of Myrrha.* Cĭnŷreĭă virgo. *O. Of the myrrh-tree.* Cĭnŷreĭăquĕ germĭnă. *St.*

CĬNŸRAS, æ. *m. Cinyras, king of Cyprus, and father of Myrrha.* Virgĭnĕi Cĭnŷras hæc credens essĕ tĭmoris. *O.*

CIO, is. *To stir up, call forth, call upon.* Terraiquĕ sŏlum sŭbigentes cimŭs ăd ortus. *Lr.* Bijŭgeo cĭt ŏquos (nox). *V.* (*Culex.*) *See* CIEO.

CIPPŬS, i. *m. A tombstone* or *pillar. H. See* SEPULCRUM.

CIRCA. *prep.* **1.** *About, around.* Et circa regem, atque &c. *V.* [† Circum.] **2.** *In the neighbourhood of, towards.* Circa mitĕ sŏlum Tibŭrĭs. *H.* [† Verŭs, ăd.] **3.** *About* (speaking of time). Circa lustră dĕcem. *H. See* CIRCITER. **4.** Adv. *Around, near to.* Gramĕn ĕrat circa. *O.* [† Circum, juxta, prŏpĕ.]

CIRCÆUS, ă, um. *poss. adj. to* Circe. *Circe's.*

CIRCE, es, *and anc.* CIRCĂ, æ. *f. Pl. Circe, daughter of the Sun, &c. C. D.* Carmĭnĭbus Circe socĭos mutavĭt ˘Ulyssĭs. *V.* [† Titanĭs.] **Ep.** Ææă, Phœbeă, Titanĭă; pulchră; doctă, callĭdă, vĕnĕfĭcă. **Crel.** Fĭlĭă Perses. Solĭs fĭlĭă, gĕnŭs, progĕnĭes. Solĭs edĭtă semĭnĕ. Solĕ sătă. Dĕă sævă. Ææă pŭellă. **Phr.** Circe—pŏtens formas vertĕrĕ;—pŏtens vĭros (ex hŏmĭnum făcĭe) In monstră nŏvă (In fĕrarum vultus *or* tergă) herbis pŏtentĭbŭs (cantu, carmĭnĕ, pocŭlis, carmĭnĕ tactos) mutarĕ (vertĕrĕ, indŭĕrĕ).

CIRCENSES, ĭum. *m. pl.* (sc. ludi.) *Games of the circus.* Magnis circensĭbŭs actis. *V. See* LUDUS.

CIRCINO, as. *To describe a curve* or *circle in moving; to move round, compass.* Inclinat cursus, ĕt ĕasdem circĭnăt auras. *O. See* CIRCUMEO.

CIRCINŬS, i. *m. A pair of compasses; instrument for measuring distances.* (Circĭno.) *Description:* Altĕrĕ pars stăt, altĕrĕ orbem ducĭt. *O.*

CIRCĬTER. *prep. and adv. About.* Octavam circĭtĕr horam. *H.* [† Circa, ăd, sŭb, fĕrĕ, ferme.]

CIRCĬUS, ĭi. *m. The north-west wind.* Littŏrĕ turbăt Circĭŭs. *L.*

CIRCŬĬTŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *A circuit, course in a circle.* Sævăquĕ circŭĭtu curvantem brachĭă longo. *O.* Omnemquĕ pĕrerrăt ~-um. *V.* [† Ambĭtŭs, flexŭs, gyrŭs, orbĭs.] **2.** *Circumlocution* (us. with a view to deceive). *M.* [† Ambages.]

CIRCŬLUS, i. *m. and sync.* CIRCLUS. **1.** *A circle, circular figure; any thing circular.* Ac primum laxos tĕnŭi de vimĭnĕ circlos Cervici subnectĕ. *V.* [† Circlŭs.] **2.** *Celestial circle. O.* [† Circŭs, orbĭs, zonă.] **3.** *A necklace.* Pĕr collum circŭlŭs auri. *V. See* TORQUIS. **4.** *Circle, assembly, society.* [† Cŏronă, cœtŭs.]

CIRCUM. *prep.* **1.** *Around, about.* Ter circum Ilĭăcos raptavĕrăt Hectŏrĕ muros. *V.* [† Circa.] **2.** Adv. *In the parts around, about.* Toto prŏpĕrari littŏrĕ ~. *V.* [† Circa, juxta, prŏpĕ.]

CIRCŬMAGO, is, egi. *To turn round,* tr. Quo te circŭmăgas? *J.* (Divisim) Torquĕt ăgens circum. Circum căpŭt egĭt. *V.* [† Circumfĕro, converto, verto.] *Lr.* 4, 317, Circumăgĭtur (4-*syll.*) quom venĭt ĭmago [*or* circum ăgĭtur].

CIRCUMCIDO, is, di, sum. **1.** *To cut round, lop, prune.* Sed circumcidas ăcĭem &c. *Lr.* [† Ampŭto, sĕco.] **2.** Fig. *To retrench. Ph.* [† Rĕsĕco, detrăho.]

CIRCUMCINGO, is. *To surround. Sil. See* CIRCUMDO.

CIRCUMCURSO, as. *To run about here and there. Ter. Lr.* [† Cursĭto.] *See* CURRO, ERRO.

CIRCUMDĂTUS, ă, um. **1.** *Thrown around.* Circumdătă pallă. *H.* [† Circumjectŭs.] **2.** *Surrounded.* ~ noctĕ. *V.* uvis. *O.* [† Cinctŭs; *sts.* rĕdĭmitŭs.]

CIRCUMDO, as, ĕdĭ, ătum. *To surround, gird, shut in.* Igni circumdărĕ muros. *V.* ~ arces muro. *V.* lucum saxo. *O.* [† Cingo, ambĭo, claudo, includo, sepĭo, ŏbĕo, cŏrono, complectŏr, amplectŏr, circumplectŏr, circumlĭgo, circumsto, circumsisto; *sts.* comprendo, collĭgo (Is).

CIRCUMEO, *or* CIRCŬĬO, *and sts.* CIRCUMĬO (3-*syll. Prisc.* 2, 567), is, ivi *and* ĭi, ĭtum. **1.** *To go around, visit, go through.* Urbem Circŭmĕunt. *L.* Circŭĭt, et quæ sit fortună făcillĭmă, tentăt. *V.* [† ˘Obĕo, ŏbambŭlo, lustro, perlustro, pĕrăgro, pĕrerro.] **2.** *To surround.* Circŭmĕunt unum Phineus &c. *O.* Hĕdĕræ circŭmlĕrĕ căpŭt. *Pp.* [† Ambĭo, cingo.] *See* CIRCUMDO. **3.** *To watch a person, as a spy. Pl.* **4.** *To deceive, cheat.* Pŭĕrum artĕ dŏlosa circŭĭt. *M. See* DECIPIO.

CIRCŬMĔUNDUS, ă, um. *That which one must pass round.* Metăquĕ ferventi circŭmĕundă rŏta. *O.*

CIRCUMFĔRO, fers, tŭli, latum, ferrĕ. **1.** *To carry round, about.* Huc atque huc ăcĭes circumtŭlĭt: adsplcĭt urbem. *V.* [† Volvo, torquĕo, verto.] **2.** *To publish, tell every body. O.* **3.** *To cleanse, purify* (with or without *unda*). Sŏcĭos pura circumtŭlĭt unda. *V.* Pro larvato te circumfĕram. *Pl.* Farto circumlată omnĭă. *Lucil.*

CIRCUMFLUO, is, xi. **1.** *To flow around.* Circumflŭĭt æquŏrĭs undă. *O.* [† Allŭo, circumlŭo, circumfundŏr, circumlabŏr.] **2.** *To surround.* ~-It ignĭs. *Cl.* ~-unt drăcones robŏrĕ. *L.* [† Ambĭo, cingo, circumdo.]

CIRCUMFLŬUS, ă, um. **1.** *Flowing round, spread around.* Circumflŭŭs amnĭs. *O.* **2.** *Washed by.* ~ gĕmĭno ponto. *V. Fl.* Tibrĭdĭs alveo (insŭlă). *O.* Fig. **3.** *Edged, bordered.* ~ Mæŏnĭo limbo (chlamŷs). *St.* **4.** *Abounding in* (swimming in). ~ luxu mens; gemmis femĭnă. *Cl. See* ABUNDANS.

CIRCUMFUNDO, is, udi, usum. **1.** *To spread, pour around. Sil.* **2.** *To surround.* Et multo nĕbŭlæ circum dĕă fudĭt ămictu. *V. See* CIRCUMDO.

CIRCUMFUSUS, ă, um. *part. See* CIRCUMFUNDO. **1.** *Spread around, surrounding, encircling.* ~ aer. *O.* nubes. *V.* **2.** Fig. ~-ă collo pĕrentĭs (pŭellă). *O.* ~-o millĭtĕ. *V.* ~ sătellĭtĕ. *O.*

CIRCUMGĔMO, is. *To groan about.* Circumgĕmĭt ursŭs ŏvilĕ. *H.*

CIRCŬMIENS, ĕuntis. *Going round.* Morĕ lŭpi clausas circŭmĕuntĭs ŏves. *O.*

CIRCUMLĬGO, as. **1.** *To tie round, bind about.* Hăbĭlem mĕdĭæ circumlĭgăt hastæ. *V. See* ALLIGO. **2.** *To surround.* ~ umbra. *St.* undis. *Sil. See* CIRCUMDO.

CIRCUMLĬTUS, ă, um. *part. from* Circumlino. *Coated over, covered over with;* also, *daubed, laid, upon.* Musco circumlĭtă saxă. *H.* ~ auro. *O.* fuco. *Lr.* ~-ă summis tædis sulfŭrĕ. *O.*

CIRCUMPENDENS, tĭs. *Hanging round.* Multa circumpendentĕ tăbellâ. *O.*

CIRCUMPLAUDO, ĭs. *O. See* PLAUDO.

CIRCUMPLECTŎR, ĕrĭs, exŭs. *To embrace. V. See* CIRCUMDO.

CIRCUMPONO, ĭs, pŏsŭi, pŏsĭtum. (Pono.) *To place, set round. H.*

CIRCUMRĬGŬŌ, ă, um. *Watered all round.* Et circumrĭgŭo surgebant lilĭâ prato. *Pp.* [ˢ Irrĭgŭŏ.]

CIRCUMRODO, ĭs, si. 1. *To gnaw all round.* 2. Fig. *To slander.* Dentĕ Thĕonino quum circumrodĭtŭr, ecquĭd? *H. See* RODO, CARPO.

CIRCUMSCRIBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To mark, trace round. See* DESCRIBO. 2. *To limit, circumscribe. See* INCLUDO, TERMINO. 3. Us. *To cheat, deceive.* Et spŏlĭarĕ dŏces, ĕt circumscribĕrĕ. *J. See* DECIPIO.

CIRCUMSCRIPTŎR, orĭs. *m. A cheat, defrauder. J.*

CIRCUMSĬLĬO, is. *To leap round.* Sed circumsĭlĭens mŏdo huc, mŏdo illuc. *Cat.*

CIRCUMSISTO, ĭs. *To stand around, surround.* Armati circumsistunt ipsamquĕ dŏmumquĕ. *V.*

CIRCUMSŎNO, as, ŭi. 1. Intr. *To sound around, ring with sound.* Circumsŏnăt æquŏr. *Manil.* 2. Tr. *To cause to resound.* ~ murum armis. *V.* remos plausis armis. *O.* 2. *Pass.* ~-ari finĭtĭmis armis; Scȳthĭco orĕ. *O.*

CIRCUMSŎNŬS, ă, um. 1. *That which resounds around.* Turbă cănum circumsŏnă terrĕt. *O.* 2. Pass. *Surrounded with sound.* Dĭonæis ăvĭbŭs ~ Thisbe. *St.*

CIRCUMSPECTO, as. *To look around. Sil.*

CIRCUMSPECTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CIRCUMSPICIO. 1. *Surveyed around, from around.* 2. *Well-considered, weighed.* Non circumspectis virĭbŭs. *O.* 3. *Circumspect, prudent.* Verbă non ~. *O.* [ˢ Cautŭs, prudens.]

CIRCUMSPECTŬS, us. *m. A looking around, contemplating.* Mălĭquĕ In circumspectu stat sĭnĕ fĭnĕ sŭi. *O.*

CIRCUMSPICIO, ĭs, spexi, spectum. 1. *To look around, survey.* Constĭtĭt, atque ŏcŭlis Phrȳgĭa agmĭnă circumspexĭt. *V.* [ˢ Circumspecto.] **Crcl.** ˘Ocŭlos, lumĭnă, orâ circumfĕro, circum omnĭă fĕro, huc illuc (pĕr singŭlă) verto, verso, adverto, fĕro, volvo. Vultus In omnĭă verso. Vultus, visus pĕr o. duco. ˘Ocŭlis, lumĭnĭbŭs omnĭă (singŭlă) lustro, collustro, perlustro, perlĕgo, pĕrerro. **Phr.** ˘Obĭt omnĭă visu. Totum pĕrerrăt lumĭnĭbus. Omnĭă circum ŏcŭlis observăt. ˘Ocŭlos pĕr cunctă passim fert. ˘Acĭem (ŏcŭlorum) In omnes partes dimisĭt. Huc, illuc se ăcĭes ŏcŭlorum flexĕrăt. Adspectu văgatŭr. 2. *To search with the eyes;* and fig. *to search.* ~ ălĭum pleno campo. *See* QUÆRO. 3. *To look carefully, examine, weigh.* ~-ĕ, ne sĭt &c. *Calp.* ~ admŏnĭtus omnes; tŏt casus. *O.* [ˢ Perpendo, attendo.] *See* ATTENDO.

CIRCUMSTANS, tĭs. *Standing around.* ~-es silvæ. *O.* [ˢ Adstans.]

CIRCUMSTIPO, as. *To surround.* Annĭbăl et magna circumstipantĕ căterva. *Sil. See* STIPO.

CIRCUMSTO, stas, stĕti. *To stand around, to surround.* Curvata in montis făcĭem circumstĕtĭt undă. *V.* ~-ant undĭquĕ muros. *O.* [ˢ Circumsisto, circumdo, ambĭo, cingo.]

CIRCUMTEXTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* CIRCUMTEXO. *Woven all round.* ~-um crŏcĕo velamĕn ăcantho. *V.*

CIRCUMTŎNO, as, ŭi. *To thunder about* or *around.* Hunc circumtŏnŭit gaudens Bellonăcrŭentis. *H.*

CIRCUMVĂGŬS, ă, um. *Wandering, moving all round.* Nos mănĕt ocĕănus circumvăgŭs; arvă, bĕătă &c. *H.*

CIRCUMVALLO, as. *To surround as with a rampart. Sil. See* VALLO, CINGO.

CIRCUMVECTO, as. *To carry around;* (pass.) *to go through, traverse.* Singŭlă dum capti circumvectamŭr ămorĕ. *V.*

CIRCUMVĔHO, ĭs, xi, ectum. *To carry around;* (pass.) *to go through, traverse.* Lit. *and* fig. Frustra circumvĕhŏr omnĭă verbis. *V.* (*Cirs.*) [ˢ Circŭmvectŏr, percurro, perlustro.]

CIRCUMVELO, as. *To veil around.* Insŭpĕr aurato circumvelatŭr ămictu. *O. See* VELO.

CIRCUMVĔNIO, is, veni, ventum. 1. *To circle round, encircle, enfold.* Lit. *and* fig. Cocytusquĕ sĭnu labens circumvĕnĭt atro. *V.* Tergo ~-ĭt anguĭs. *V. Fl.* Sĕnem ~-ĭunt incommŏdă. *H.* [ˢ Circumdo, cingo, ambĭo, circŭmĕo.] 2. *To deceive. See* DECIPIO.

CIRCUMVERSŎR, arĭs. *To be turned* or *to turn around,* intr. Quærentesquĕ vĭam circumversantŭr. *Lr.*

CIRCUMVERTO, ĭs. *To turn,* tr.; *and* CIRCUMVERTŎR. *pass. To turn,* intr.; *to turn round.* Rŏtă . . . circumvertĭtŭr axem. *O.*

CIRCUMVŎLĬTO, *and* CIRCUMVŎLO, as. 1. *To flutter, fly around.* Circumvŏlĭtavĭt hĭrundo. *V.* Nox . . . circumvŏlăt umbra. *V.* 2. Fig. ~-vŏlo. *To run here and there, up and down. Sil.* [ˢ Circumferŏr.]

CIRCUMVOLVO, ĭs. *To roll round,* tr.; *pass.* intr. Magnum sol circumvolvĭtŭr annum. *V.*

CIRCŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A circle; sp. a circle described by the heavenly bodies.* [ˢ Circŭlŭs.] 2. Us. *The Circus for public games at Rome.* [ˢ Căvĕă.] **Ep.** Pătens, căpax (pŏpŭli), spătĭosŭs, vastŭs, cĕlĕbĕr, frĕqŭens, festŭs, clamosŭs. 3. *Used of any place used for games. V.*

CIRĬS, ĭs. *f.* (κιρις.) *A lark, into which Scylla, daughter of Nisus, was changed. C. D.* Cirĭs, ĕt a tonso est hoc nomĕn ădeptă căpillo. *O.*

CIRRATŬS, ă, um. *Having the hair in curls.* Nec matutini cirrată cătervâ măgistri. *M.*

CIRRŬS, i. *m. A curl of hair, as in fashion with children at Rome. J. M. See* CINCINNUS.

CISTA, æ. *f.* 1. *A case, box, chest.* Clausĕrăt Actæo texta de vimĭnĕ cista. *O.* [ˢ Cistŭlă, cistellă, călăthŭs, fiscĭnă, cănistrum.] *See* CALATHUS. 2. *Sacred casket used in the religious rites of Ceres and Bacchus. Cat. O.*

CISTELLA, *Ter.* CISTELLŬLA, *Pl. and* CISTŬLA, *M.* æ. *f. dim. of* CISTA.

CĬTATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CITO. 1. *Excited, stimulated; stirred to violent, quick motion.* Non tigris cătŭlis cĭtatâ raptis. *M.* Jŭbæ vento ~-æ. *Cl.* 2. Fig. Vultŭs ~ ira. *Sen.* 3. Also, *Summoned, legally* or gen. *M. Ph. See* CITUS. (*Found as adj. in comp. and superl.*)

CĬTHÆRON, onĭs. *m. Mount Cithæron. C. D.* Vŏcăt ingenti clamorĕ Cĭthæron. *V.* Indĕ Cĭthæronis &c. *Pp.*

CĬTHĂRA, æ. *f.* 1. *A harp; lute, lyre.* Jam mănĭbus cĭthăram, jam pectĭnĕ pulsăt ĕburno. *V.* [ˢ Lȳrâ, fĭdes (ĭs *or* ium), chĕlȳs, barbĭtŭs, testŭdo; *sts.* chordæ, filă, nervi.] **Ep.** Aŏnĭă, ˘Apollĭnĕă, Phœbĕă, Piĕrĭă; ĕburnă, auratâ; căvâ, curvâ; dulcĭs, blandă, argutâ, vocalĭs, lŏquens, lĭquĭdă, cănorâ, gratâ, jucundâ; quĕrŭlă, imbellĭs, mollĭs. **Crcl.** Cĭthăræ, lȳræ nervi, filă, chordæ, sŏnŭs, cantŭs, mŏdi, murmŭr, mŏdŭlamĕn, voces, cănŏr, concentŭs, pulsŭs. **Phr.** 1. *To play on the lyre, harp,* &c. Cĭthăram, lȳram, cĭthăræ nervos, chordas, filă tango, impello, pello, percŭtĭo, pulso, sollĭcĭto, mŏvĕo, tracto. Barbĭtŏn tendo. Lȳram, fĭdes, cĭthăræ chordas plectro (pectĭnĕ, pollĭcĕ, dĭgĭtis) impello, pulso, &c. Lȳra cănŏ, concĭno. Fĭdĭbŭs cantus mŏdŭlŏr. Lȳram (responsuram) sollĭcĭto. Filă lȳræ mĕdĭtŏr. 2. *Of the harper,* &c. Cĭthărœdŭs—cĭthăra aurata persŏnăt;—nŭmĕros intendĭt nervis;—ĕŏnăt aurĕo

; —lȳræ consŏnă filă tractăt ;—dĭgĭtos sŏ-
ĭthăræ infĭgĭt ;—lȳræ carmĕn dĭgĭtis ĕbur-
ĕtŭlăt ;—tentăt carmĭnă Æŏllo plectro ;—
ræ mŏvĕt ;—chĕlȳn dĭgĭtis ĕburno ver-
pulsăt ;—vocales chordas impellĭt ;—im-
c. pollĭcĕ tentăt ;—chĕlȳn cănoram plec-
rbĕrăt. 3. *To sing with accompaniment.* Cĭthăram vocalĭă orā mŏvĕo. Cĭthăram cum
nŏvĕo. Verbă chordis sŏcĭată cano. Cĭthă-
mĭnă divĭdo. Cĭthăræ concordem mŏvĕo
. 4. *Song with accompaniment.* Concen-
ĭs ĕt lȳræ. Carmĭnă cĭthăræ mŏdis aptată.
nă, sensu pāri concĭlĭată (*set to music*),
concordant. Brachĭă linguæ concordant.
ANO. 2. *Used for lyric poetry.* Nec stŭ-
æ, nec Musæ dedĭtŭs ulli. *H.* [¶ Lȳrĭ.]
ERICUS.
ISTĂ, æ. *m. One who plays the harp, lute,*
æ CITHARŒDUS.
ISTRĬĂ, æ. *f. The same. f.* [¶ Fĭdĭcĭnă.]
ŒDŬS, i. *m. One who plays the harp,* &c.
ædŭs ˘Echion. *J.* Ep. Aŏnĭŭs, Phœbeŭs,
is, pĕrĭtŭs, doctŭs. Crel. Cĭthăræ pĕrĭtŭs.
is pŏtens. Doctŭs chĕlȳn sollĭcĭtarĕ. Cĭ-
fretŭs. Cĭthăræ scĭens. Cĭthăra, fĭdĭbŭs
s fretŭs. Carmĭnĕ vocali cĭthăraquĕ cla-
bulces mŏdos doctŭs. Stŭdĭo cĭthăræ de-
Musă lȳræ solers. Tactu cantuque pŏtens.
lv. 1. *Quickly, forthwith.* Nec cĭtŏ credĭ-
quantum cĭtŏ credĕrĕ lædăt. *O.* [¶ Brĕvi,
ĕ, contĭnŭo, extemplo, sŭbĭto, protĭnŭs,
prŏpĕre, ocĭŭs.] *See* BREVI, PROTINUS.
spar. Dicto cĭtŭs. *V.* [¶ Prĭŭs.] 3. Sts.
t. *See* FACILE.
t. 1. *To urge, drive, stir up*; sts. *to send.*
iras, tunc armă cĭtăt. *St.* Cĭtavĭt ŏlores
ă. *St.* ~ hastam. *Sil.* [¶ Excĭto, mŏvĕo,
ĭo, ăgo, mitto.] *See* EXCITO. 2. *To hasten,*
æ. *Cl. See* ACCELERO. 3. *To call, call by*
O. See VOCO. 4. *To summon* (in law).
ĭrĕ testĭs. *J.* 5. *To quote, make mention*
[¶ Mĕmŏro, rĕfĕro.] 6. *To proclaim.*
victorem. *St.* [¶ Proclamo.] 7. *To re-*
t loud, say (such and such words). *H. See*
O.
(*and perhaps* CITRA). *prep.* 1. *On this*
Quos ultra citraquĕ nĕquit consistĕrĕ rec-
H. [¶ CIs.] 2. *Before.* ~ Trojanā tem-
O. [¶ Antĕ.] 3. *Without.* Peccavi ~ scĕ-
. ~ vulnĕrĕ. *St. See* SINE. 4. *Less* (*i. e.*
of, &c.). Cultă ~ quam debŭĭt. *O.* [¶ MI-

I, *and* CITRUM, i. *n. The wood of the tree*
(a tree of Mauritania); *a table made of*
ood. Ingĕmŭĭt citro non sătĭs essĕ sŭo. *M.*
uslĭci pondĕrĕ rarā cĭtri. *M.* Phr. Atlan-
nĕrĕ. Mauræ silvæ filĭă (mensă). *M.* Or-
Atlantĭdĕ silvâ secti. *L. See* CITRUS.
, *and* CITRŬS. *f.* 1. *A tree of Mauritania*
ably a species of cedar), *the wood of which*
t-smelling, and of which the Romans made
tables. Sed citri contentă cŏmis vivebăt
bra. *L.* Ep. Mauruslĭcă, Maurā, Lĭbyssă.
ITRUM. 2. *The citron-tree, native of As-*
and Persia. See MALUM PERSICUM.
ĭ, um. *part. of* Cieo (*compar.* cĭtĭŏr).
g, acting quickly, with speed. Solvĭtĕ velā
. [¶ Răpĭdŭs, cĕlĕr, prŏpĕrŭs, &c.] *See*
E.
ĭ, ĭ, um = Civilis. Civĭcă pro trĕpĭdis
tŭlĭt armă rĕis. *O.* ~ jurā; motŭs. *H.*
IVILIS.
, ĭ. 1. *That with which men are concerned*
ss, individually or *one with another*; *civic,*
Pacĕ dăta terris, ănĭmum ad civĭlĭa ver-
[¶ Civĭcŭs; *sts.* urbanŭs.] 2. *Civil war.*

Crel. Civĭlĭă armă. Civĭcă bellă, armă. Civĭlĭs
ăcies, mars. Motŭs civĭcŭs. Civĭcă răbies. Belli
civĭlis æstŭs. Fŭrŏr civĭlis. Implĭă prœlĭă. Civĭ-
lis motŭs. Civĭlis răbies, ˘Erinnȳs. Fŭrŏr, ˘Enyo
belli civĭlis. Civĭlĕ crimĕn, nĕfas. Armă civĭlis
belli. Scĕlĕrată prœlĭă. Phr. *Civil war raging.*
Vires Iu pătrĭæ viscĕrā cives vertunt. Urbs
sŭa pĕrĭt dextra. Vulnĕrā miscent (In mutŭă
vulnĕrā cŏĕunt) fratres. Pŏpŭlŭs ĭn sŭă funĕrā
convertĭtŭr. Civĭli cædĕ mādĕt hŭmŭs. Fra-
tres diris armis concurrunt. Cognatas mānus,
or sŏcĭas ăcies (s. bellă, signă) conferunt (con-
sĕrunt, immiscent). 3. *One who has the senti-*
ments, &c. of a polished citizen; kind, courteous,
&c. Quĭd ĕnim civĭlĭŭs illo? *O.* [¶ Mŏdĕrātŭs,
mitĭs.]
CIVILITĔR. *As becomes the citizen. O.*
CIVIS, is. *m.* 1. *A citizen, fellow-citizen, fellow-*
countryman. Et cum civĕ pŭdet consĕrŭisse
mānus. *O.* 2. *An inhabitant.* Lesbĭŭs ~. *H.* Parvæ
~ insŭlæ. *Aus.* [¶ Incŏlă.]
CIVITAS, atis. *f. The body politic of the citizens;*
city. Tu, civĭtatem quis dĕcĕat stātŭs, Curas. *H.*
See URBS.
CLADES, is. *f.* 1. *Disaster, destruction.* Scipĭădas,
cladem Lĭbȳæ &c. *V.* [¶ Pestĭs, exĭtĭum, pernĭ-
cies.] *See* EXITIUM. 2. *Slaughter.* ~ illĭŭs noc-
tis. *V.* Turbarĕ qos ~-ĕ. *V.* ~-ĭbŭs irrŭĕrĕ. *L.*
Oppröbrĭă cladum. *Sil.* [¶ Cædes, strages, fu-
nĕrā.] *See* CÆDES.
CLAM. *prep.* 1. *Without the knowledge of.* Clam
me tantum molĭă pĕricli. *O.* (*anc. used with*
acc.) 2. *Us. adv.* ~ ferro incautum sŭpĕrăt. *V.*
[¶ Furtim, lātentĕr, secreto, occulte, arcano,
clancŭlum.] Crel. Sĭnĕ arbĭtro, arbĭtris, testĭ-
bŭs, testĕ. Rĕmoto testĕ. ˘In occulto. Occulta
fraudĕ. Tăcĭto pĕdĕ (vĕnĭt qd); clam tăcĭto
pĕdĕ. *See* CLANCULUM.
CLAMATŬS, ă, um. *Cried out, called loudly, pro-*
claimed. Clamatā (illā) rĕfugĭt. *O.* ~ palmā
thĕatris. *O.* Tŏt dŏmĭnis ~ dŏmŭs. *St.*
CLAMĬTO, as. 1. *To cry out often.* Hoc si terquĕ
quăterquĕ clamĭtarĭs. *M. See* CLAMO. 2. *To*
call often to. [¶ Vŏcĭto.]
CLAMO, as. 1. *To cry out, exclaim.* Perquĕ vices,
mŏdŏ 'Pĕrsĕphŏne,' mŏdŏ 'Fĭlĭă,' clamăt. *O.*
[¶ Conclamo, clamĭto, vocĭfĕrŏr, strĕpo.] Crel.
Clamorem, clamores do, edo, tollo, făcio, cĭĕo;
ăd astrā, sidĕrā, cœlum fĕro, tollo, mitto, jacto.
Cœlum auras, æthĕrā, campos, dŏmum, ædes, ur-
bem, lŏcum vocĕ, vocĭbŭs, clamorĕ, clamorĭbŭs,
ŭlŭlatu implĕo, complĕo, rĕplĕo, miscĕo, exăgĭto,
pulso, quătĭo. Clamŏr ŏrĭtŭr, exŏrĭtŭr, surgĭt,
rŭĭt, ingĕmĭnăt, sŏnăt; ăd astrā fertŭr, dătŭr;
ĭt cœlo, ăd æthĕrā; tollĭtŭr ĭn cœlum; sublatŭs
fĕrĭt *or* pulsăt æthĕrā *or* sidĕrā, so tollĭt *or* se
attollĭt ăd auras. Cœlum, æther clamorĕ, cla-
morĭbŭs sŏnăt, rĕsŏnăt, tŏnăt, rĕbŏăt, mugĭt,
miscĕtŭr. Phr. Magno omnes circum frĕmunt
clamorĕ; cum cl. rŭunt; clamorĭbŭs urbem,
cœlum incendunt; ingenti sese cl. fĕrunt; orĕ
intŏnant; voces jactant. Tectă lamentis (gĕmĭ-
tu, tŭmultu, ŭlŭlatĭbŭs) frĕmunt. Campŭs un-
dĭquĕ murmŭrĕ strĕpĭt; ripæ (lăcus) clamori
respondent. Cœlum frăgorĕ (rĕbŏăt) tŏnăt. Vo-
ces (prŏfusæ, innŭmĕræ) æthĕrā implent, *or* ĭn
aĕrĕ miscentŭr. Clamŏr permixtis linguis dis-
sŏnŭs *or* confusŭs (vărĭo vocum discrimĭnĕ &c.)
astrā pulsăt, quătĭt, &c. 2. *To call by name,* tr.
Mŏrĭentem nomĭnĕ clamăt. *V. See* VOCO. 3. *To*
resound. Clamant amnes, frĕtă, nubĭlă, silvæ. *St.*
See STREPO.
CLAMŎR, ŏris. *m.* 1. *A cry, shout.* Fĕrĭt aurĕă
sidĕrā clamŏr. *V.* [¶ Vox, voces, frĕmĭtŭs; *sts.*
plangŏr, ŭlŭlatŭs, gĕmĭtŭs, lamentum, questŭs.]
Ep. Ingens, magnŭs; lætŭs, festŭs; mœstŭs, tri-

stĭs; raucŭs, confusŭs, incondĭtŭs; horrendŭs, terrĭfĭcŭs. *See* CLAMO. 2. *A noise.* Non sĭnĕ montĭum ~-ĕ. *H.* [† Murmŭr, frăgŏr, sŏnŭs, sŏnĭtŭs.] *See* SONITUS.

CLAMOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Given to cry out, make a noise.* Tĕnĕt ŏrā lĕvis clamosā mŏlossi. *L.* 2. *Resounding with cries.* ~ circŭs. *J.* thĕātrum. *St.* [† Raucŭs, sŏnans.]

CLANCŬLUM. *anc. prep.* 1. *Without the knowledge of. Ter.* (acc. *and* abl.) 2. Adv. *Secretly. Ter. See* CLAM.

CLANDESTINŬS, ă, um. *Clandestine, secret.* Ceu clandestino trăhĕretur fœdĕrĕ bellum. *Sil.* [† Occultŭs, arcanŭs, secretŭs, cæcŭs.] *See* ARCANUS.

CLANGO, ĭs. *To sound as the trumpet.* Horrĭdā clangunt Signā tŭbæ. *St.* Luctĭfĭcum ~-entĕ tŭba. *V. Fl.* [† Sŏno, strĕpo.]

CLANGŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *The sound of the trumpet. V.* Stridor lĭtŭum, clangorquĕ tŭbarum. *L.* [† Sŏnŭs, sŏnĭtŭs, murmŭr, frĕmĭtŭs.] Crol. Tŭbæ frĕmĭtŭs. *See* TUBA. 2. *The cry of birds.* Magnis quătĭunt ~-ĭbŭs alas. *V.* ~ grŭum. *Cl.* [† Sŏnŭs, stridŏr.]

CLĂNIS, ĭs. *m. A river of Etruria, running into the Tiber.* Et Clănis, et Rŭbĭco, et Sĕnŏnum de nomĭnĕ Senā. *Sil.*

CLĂNIŬS, ĭi. *m. A river of Campania.* Clănĭŭs non æquŭs ˘Acerris. *V.*

CLARE. *adv.* 1. *Clearly* (to the eyes). (Clarŭs.) Fulgentem clare. *Cat.* [† Lucĭdĕ, splendĭdĕ.] 2. *Clearly* (to the ears). Clare plaudĭtĕ. *Pl.* 3. Fig. (of the mind,) *Clearly, plainly.* Cognoscĕ, ĕt clarĭŭs audi. *Lr.* ~ certumquĕ lŏqui. *H.* [† ˘Aperte, plane, pure, lĭquĭdo, mănĭfesto.]

CLARĔO, es. 1. *To be clear, bright.* Quum lumĭnĕ clarĕt (Clănis). *Cic.* [† Lucĕo, splendĕo.] 2. *To be plain, evident. Lr.* [† Pătĕo, apparĕo.] 3. *To be illustrious.* Vĭri nunc glorĭā clarĕt. *Enn. See* INCLARESCO.

CLARESCO, ĭs. 1. *To grow clear, bright.* (Clarĕo.) ~-ĭt dĭes. *Sen.* [† Lucesco, splendesco.] 2. *To grow louder and louder* (of a noise). Clarescunt sŏnĭtus. *V.* 3. Fig. *To become evident. Lr. See* INCLARESCO.

CLARĬSŎNŬS, ă, um. *Having a clear sound.* Clarĭsŏna pellentes vellĕrā vocĕ. *Cat.*

CLĂRĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *pertaining to Claros.* Clărĭo Delŏs ămatā dĕo. *O.* 2. *Used subst. as a name of Apollo. V.*

CLARO, as. 1. *To light, make clear with light.* Mitĭs ĭter longæ claravit limĭtĕ flammæ. *St.* [† Illustro.] 2. *To manifest, show. Lr.* 3. *To make famous, illustrious.* [† Illustro, insignĭo.]

CLĂRŎS, *and* CLĂRŬS, i. *f. Claros, a town of Ionia, famous for a temple of Apollo.* Et Clărŏs, et Tĕnĕdos &c. *O.*

CLARŬS, ă, um. 1. *Clear, bright.* Claraquĕ in lucĕ rĕfulsĭt. *V.* ~ incendĭā. *V.* [† Lucĭdŭs, splendĭdŭs, nĭtĭdŭs.] 2. *Brilliant, conspicuous.* Ferrugĭnĕ ~ ĕt ostro. *V.* ~ cŏlŏr. *Lr.* [† Nĭtĭdŭs, nĭtens, conspicŭŭs, insignĭs, conspĭcĭendŭs, spectabĭlĭs.] 3. *Uttering a clear, loud sound.* ~ æquĭlŏ; tŭbā; ignĭs (auditŭr). *V.* tintinnabŭlum. *Ph.* [† Clarĭsŏnŭs.] *See* SONANS. Fig. 4. *Plain, evident.* [† ˘Apertŭs, indŭbĭtatŭs, mănĭfestŭs, perspĭcŭŭs, certŭs.] 5. *Illustrious.* [† Præclarŭs, illustrĭs, insignĭs, &c.] *See* CELEBER.

CLASSĬCUM, i. *n. The sound of the trumpet, a trumpet.* Classĭcā jamquĕ sŏnant. *V.* [† Tŭbā, buccĭnā.] *See* TUBA.

CLASSĬCŬS, ă, um. *Naval.* Sĭcŭlæ classĭcā bellā fŭgæ. *Pp.* [† Navalĭs.]

CLASSIS, ĭs. *f.* 1. *A fleet.* Troĭā classĭs ădest. *O.* *[† Naves, puppes.]* Ep. Armatā, æratā, bellĭcā, Martĭā, cĭtā, răpĭdā, grăvĭs. *See* NAVIS. 2. Sts. *A single vessel. O. V.* 3. *Used anc. of a land-army.* Hortinæ classes. *V.*

CLATHRI, *or* CLATRI, orum. *m. pl. Bars, railing, a barrier.* Objectos căvĕæ vălĕat si frangĕrĕ clathros. *H.* Retĭbŭs ĕt ~-ĭa. *Cl.* [† Claustrā, septā; *ext.* căvĕā.]

CLAUDĬCO, as. 1. *To limp, walk lame.* Obliquo claudĭcĕt illā pĕdĕ. *O.* Crol. Claudŭs sum. Claudo pĕdĕ ĕo, incedo, ambŭlo, grădĭŏr, nuto, titŭbo. 2. Fig. *To go lame, be wrong, faulty. Lr.* [† Văcillo, defĭcĭo, pecco.]

CLAUDĬUS, ĭi *and* i. *m. The name of an illustrious family at Rome, of which the most distinguished members were:* 1. *Appius Claudius, the decemvir. See* APPIUS. 2. *Claudius Marcellus, the conqueror of Syracuse. See* MARCELLUS. 3. *Tiberius Claudius Nero. See* TIBERIUS. 4. *Claudius, the Roman emperor.* Claudĭŭs ambĭgŭo conclusit fatā vĕneno. *Aus.*

CLAUDĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *pertaining to a Claudius* or *the Claudian family.* ~-æ mānus. *H.* Gens ~. *Cl.* 2. CLAUDĬA (sc. via). *f. The Appian way, built by Appius Claudius.* Flamĭnĭa ~ junctā vĭæ. *O. See* APPIUS.

CLAUDO, *and* CLUDO (*Stat.*), ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To shut, close, stop up.* Claudĭtĕ jam rivos pŭĕri; sat pratā bĭberunt. *V.* ~ portam. *V.* portus; ănĭmam lăquĕo. *O.* [† Claudo, præcludo, intercludo, obsĕro.] Crol. Sĕra claudo. Fŏres obsĕro. Limĕn obstrŭo. Posti, postĭbŭs sĕram obdo, addo, insĕro, appono. Claustris cŏhĭbĕo. 2. *To shut up* or *in.* ~ carcĕrĕ ventos; civĭcā bellā æterna sĕra. *O.* [† Includo, abdo, compesco, cŏhĭbĕo, cŏercĕo.] *See* COHIBEO. 3. *To enclose in a verse.* ~ verbā impărĭbus mŏdis. *O.* pĕdĭbŭs senis. *H.* [† Includo.] 4. *To shut in, surround.* ~ pomarĭā mœnĭbŭs. *O.* Campi ~-ebant ultĭmā colles. *O.* [† Cingo, circumdo.] *See* CIRCUMDO. 5. *To cover.* ~ ŏrā cassĭs munimĭnĭ. *Sil.* hŭmĕros clŷpĕo. *St. See* TEGO. 6. *To close, end.* ~ cœnas. *M.* ĕpistŏlam mandato. *O.* [† Finĭo.]

CLAUDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Lame; maimed.* Desĕrŭit pĕdĕ pœnā claudo. *H.* Vulnĕrĕ ~. *V.* ~-ă navĭgĭā. *Lr.* [† Claudĭcans.] Crol. Pĕdĕ brĕvĭŏr. Pĕdĕ claudo incedens. Claudŭs infracto gĕnu. Crurĕ trunco semĭpes. Brĕvĭŏr planta ex altĕrā. Gressum trăhens impărem. 2. *Staggering, infirm.* Claudā fĭdes. *Sil.* [† Nutans, lăbans.] 3. *Halting, deficient. O.* [† Defĭcĭens, mancŭs.]

CLAUSTRA, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *Closed gates, bars.* Claustrăquĕ custodem pacis cŏhĭbentĭā Janum. *H.* Pinĕā ~ laxăt Sĭnon. *V.* [† Fŏres, valvæ, ŏbex, septā, clathri *or* clatri.] Ep. ˘Ahenum, ferrĕum, sŏlĭdum, firmum, rĭgĭdum, ĭnexpugnabĭlĕ. Crol. Clausā dŏmŭs. Clausæ fŏres. Portarum claustrā. *See* FORES, OBEX. Fig. 2. *A defile, pass, by which an enclosed country is entered.* [† Portæ.] 3. *The straits of a sea.* Claustrā Pĕlori. *V.*

CLAUSŬS, *or* CLUSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CLAUDO *and* CLUDO. 1. *Shut.* [† ˘Inăpertŭs.] 2. *Shut up* or *in.* ~-ă stăbŭlis armentā. *V.* [† Inclusŭs, captivŭs.] 3. *Sheathed.* ~ ensĭs. *L. Sil.* [† Rĕcondĭtŭs, tectŭs.] Fig. 4. *Shut in, hidden.* ~-um pectŏrĕ bellum. *Sil.* ~ păvŏr. *Sil. See* ARCANUS. 5. *Surrounded.* ~-as riparum marginĕ (ăquas). *O.* [† Cinctŭs, circumdătŭs.] 6. CLAUSUM, i. *n. Used subst.* Clausā vĭarum. *L.* ˘In ~-o linquunt. *V.*

CLAVA, æ. *f. A club; Hercules's weapon.* Sternentes agmĭnā clava. *V.* Factā Hercŭlĕæ ~-æ. *Pp.* ~-a dŏmĭtricĕ fĕrarum. *O.* [† Stipĕs.] Ep. Grăvĭs, ferratā, trĭnodĭs, nodosā, durā, vastā, victrix, trĕmendā. Crol. Clavæ robŭr, robŏrĭ,

. Hercŭlĕŭs stipĕs. Nodis grăvatum ro-

ra, ĕrā, ĕrum (*fr.* Clavă). 1. *Club-bearing*; ulnĕrā clavigĕri quæ fecĕrăt Hercŭlĭs ar-. **Crcl.** Clava armatŭs, mĕtŭendŭs. 2. (Clavĭs.) *Key-bearing; epithet of Janus.* ~). *See* JANUS.

la. *acc.* em *or* im. *f.* 1. *A key.* Jam cir-ĭculos et claves lætŭs ŏvansquĕ Currĕrĕt. ip. ~Ahenă, ferrĕă, stridens. *See* CLAUDO, . 2. *Any bolt, cross-bar,* &c. Clavim ja-nsĭt. *Tib.* [† Vectĭs, pessŭlŭs.]

, i. *m.* 1. *A nail.* Clavos trăbales et cŭ-ănu. *H.* **Ep.** ~Ahenŭs, ferrĕŭs, ădăman-durŭs, sŏlĭdŭs, vălĭdŭs, fĭrmŭs, tĕnax. 2. *of nail* or *button in the soldier's shoe.* Cal-t in dĭgĭto ~ mĭhĭ mĭlĭtis hærĕt. *J.* 3. *bands,* or *border of purple at the bottom tunic worn by the senators and knights:* clavus, *senator's tunic;* angustus clavus, *s tunic.* Curŭ restabat, ~-i mensurā cŏ-t. *O.* Indŭĭturque hŭmĕris cum lato pur-~-o. *O.* 4. *A rudder.* ~-um rĕgĭt. *V. See* NACULUM.

TAE, arum. *f. pl. Clazomenæ, a town of* Permagnā nĕgotĭā divĕs hăbebăt Clazŏ-*H.*

NES, ĭs. *m. Cleanthes, a stoic philosopher.* pĭtatŏr ăd Clĕanthem stoĭcum. *Aus.*

s, tĭs. 1. *Calm, tranquil.* Qua sit clemen-is amnis. *O.* ~ vitā urbanā. *Ter.* ~-i fla-ualæ (undæ). *Cat.* [† Quĭetŭs, plăcĭdŭs.] the disposition.) *Gentle, good, merciful.* ĭs, bĕnignŭs, mansuetŭs, lenĭs, humanŭs, făcĭlis, indulgens.] **Crcl.** Plyĕr ăd pœ-rĕcanti mitĭs. Prĕcĭbŭs nunquam impla-. Vĕnĭæ pĕratŭs. Supplĭcĭbŭs făcĭlis. Flec-ema. Pœnæ parcŭs.

TER. 1. *Calmly, softly.* Spirant clemen-astri. *St.* [† Plăcĭdĕ, mollĭtĕr, quĭete.] *tly, with a gentle inclination.* ~ crescentĕ ĭĭ. [† Mollĭtĕr, lenĭtĕr, paulatim.] 3. disposition.) *With gentleness, kindness.* ĭlĭtĕr, bĕnigne, plăcĭdĕ.]

TIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Calmness, gentleness.* Emol-ntes clementiā cœli. *L.* 2. (Of the dis-a.) *Gentleness, goodness, clemency.* Solā e æquat nobis. *O.* [† Bŏnĭtas, lenĭtas, ĭtas, făcĭlĭtas.] *See* BENIGNITAS, CLE-

, ĭs. *m.* (Κλεόβις). *Cleobis and Biton, ce-d as dutiful sons. C. D.*

tŭs, i. *m.* (Κλεόβουλος.) *One of the seven en of Greece. Aus.*

, arum. *f. pl. Cleonæ, a town between Ar-d Corinth, near the forest of Nemæa, where les killed the Nemæan lion.* Messenequĕ Patræque, hŭmĭlesquĕ Clĕonæ. *O.*

ŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of Cleonæ.* Illĕ Clĕonæi it tergā lĕonis. *L.* 2. Clĕonæum sidŭs. *nstellation of the Lion. M. See* LEO.

TRA, æ. *f. Cleopatra, queen of Egypt.* Mœstā nĕc Actĭăca fecit Clĕŏpatrā cāri-**Ep.** Actĭăs. **Crcl.** Ægyptĭā conjux. Phā-ajux. Regĭnā Cănopi. **Phr.** Ægypti de-Fŭgĭens Ausŏnĭas cătenas. Fŭgaci cymbæ ĭdens. Ferallĭs Lātĭi ~Erinnys. Fĕrox mor-bĕrata. Non hŭmĭlis mŭlĭĕr.

DRA, æ. *f. An hour-glass of water, by which e apportioned to the orator was measured.* n clepsydras magna tĭbĭ vocĕ pĕtenti. *M.*

, tis. *m. and* CLIENTA, æ. *f. H.* 1. *A retainer, dependant.* Qui mŏdo patronus, ĕlĭpĭt essĕ cĭlĕns. *O.* Regesquĕ ~-es. *Cl.* ăsĭdŭs, supplex, tĭmĭdŭs, hŭmĭlis. **Phr.** rum turbā. 2. *A client of a lawyer. H.*

3. *A worshipper of a god.* ~ Bacchi. *H.* [† Cultŏr.]

CLIENTELA, æ. *f. Protection, patronage. Ter.* [† Pătrocĭnĭum, tutelā.]

CLIO, us. *f. Clio, the muse of history. C. D.* Nec mĭhĭ sunt visæ Clio, Cliusquĕ sŏrores. *O. See* MUSÆ.

CLIPĔUS. *See* CLYPEUS.

CLITELLÆ, arum. *f. pl. A pack-saddle, panniers.* Hinc muli Căpŭæ clitellas tempŏrĕ ponunt. *H.* **Ep.** Grăves, grăvĭdæ, mŏlestæ.

CLITUMNUS, i. *m.* 1. *A river of Umbria, whose waters made the cattle white that drank of them.* Hinc albi, Clitumnĕ, grĕges, et maxĭmā taurŭs Victĭmā. *V.* **Phr.** Victorĭbŭs săcĕr. Săcrum victorĭbŭs fluměn. Armentă candĭdā trĭumphis præbens. *Cl.* 2. ~-ŭs, ă, um. *Of Clitumnus.* Clitumnā nŏvallĭ. *St.*

CLIVOSUS, ă, um. 1. *On the incline, rising.* Eccĕ sŭpercĭlio clivosi tramĭtis undam Elĭcĭt. *V.* Clivosæ Lātinæ (sc. viæ). *J.* [† Acclivis, proclivis, ardŭŭs, præruptŭs.] **Phr.** Lŏcŭs tŭmŭlis acclivis. Sŏlum devexo margĭnĕ acclivĕ. *See* DECLIVIS. 2. *Fig.* ~-o tramĭtĕ vitæ. *Sil.*

CLIVUS, i. *m.* 1. *The declivity, slope of a hill; hill.* Molliquĕ jŭgum demittĕrĕ clivo. *V.* [† Collis, tŭmŭlŭs.] *See* COLLIS. 2. *Slope, inclination.* ~-o crevissĕ pŭtes (pennas). *O.* 3. *Fig.* ~-o sudamŭs ĭn imo. *O.* Virtus interrĭtā ~-o. *Sil.*

CLŎACA, æ. *f. Sewer, drain.* Illŭd ĭdem in răpĭdum flumen jăcĕrĕtvĕ clŏacam. *H.* **Ep.** Fœdā, spurcā, immundā, cœnosā, sordĭdā.

CLŒLIA, æ. *f. Clelia, a Roman virgin, who escaped from Porsenna by swimming across the Tiber.* Et flŭvĭum vinclis innaret Clœlĭā ruptis. *V.* **Phr.** Contemptrix sexus. Vĭris majŏr.

CLOTHO, us. *f. Clotho, one of the three Parcæ.* Dixerat, et Clotho jussit promissā vălere. *O.* (*Ibis.*) *See* PARCÆ.

CLUDO = Claudo.

CLŬĔO, es, *and more lately* CLŬO, ĭs. 1. *To be called, reputed, pass for.* Per gentes ~Itălas hŏmĭnum quæ clarā clŭerĕt. *Lr.* Expromĕ prŏpĕre, sedĕ qua gĕnĭtus clŭas. *Sen.* 2. *To be said to be, to be.* Utĭlis invĕnĭetŭr, et opportunā clŭebĭt. *Lr.* [† Dicŏr, pĕrhĭbĕŏr, censĕo, audĭo.] 3. *Used with the inf. Enn.*

CLUNIS, is. *f. and sts. m.* CLUNES, ĭum. *pl. The rump, buttock of animals; croup in birds.* Sĭnĕ clunĕ pălumbes. *H.* ~-es ăpri. *J.* [† Nātes.]

CLUSIUM, ii. *n. A town of Etruria.* Qui mœnĭā Clusi. *V.*

CLUSIUS, ii. *m. One of the names of Janus: from* cludo, *to shut.* Et mŏdo sacrĭfĭco Clusĭŭs orĕ vŏcŏr. *O.*

CLYMĔNÆUS, *and* CLYMĔNEIUS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Clymene.* Clymĕnĕā proles. *O.* Clymĕnæăquĕ germĭnā. *St.*

CLYMĔNE, es. *f. Clymene, daughter of Oceanus and Tethys, mother of Phaethon.* Nec falsa Clymĕne culpam sŭb ĭmaginĕ celăt. *O.*

CLYPEATUS, ă, um. *Armed, covered with a shield.* Clypĕatăquĕ totis Agmĭnā. *V.* Sĕgĕs ~-ă vĭrorum. *O.* [† Scutatŭs.] **Crcl.** Clypĕo, scuto, umbonĕ armatŭs, tectŭs, protectŭs, insignis, dĕcŏrŭs, conspĭcŭŭs. Ærĕ rĭgens, munitŭs.

CLYPEUS, i. *m.* (*and anc.* CLYPEUM, i. *n.* Clypĕum sŭpĕr intŏnăt ingens. *V.*) 1. *A shield.* Oppŏsĭti molem clypĕi. *O.* [† Scutum, umbo, parmā, crates.] **Ep.** ~Ahenŭs, ærĕŭs, ferrĕŭs; căvŭs, curvŭs; ingens, lĕvis; cŏruscŭs, ardens, fulgens, ærĕ fulgens, rŭtĭlŭs; dirŭs, terrĭbĭlis. **Crcl.** Clypĕi—orbis, textum, curvamĕn, umbo, moles, æs, ærā, ŏnŭs, insignĕ dĕcorum. Clypĕi ŏpŭs—trĭbŭs intextum tauris;—cæsis jŭvencis

vestitum. Ærĕ trĭplĭci clypĕŭs. Ærĕ cāvo clypĕŭs. Æratum tegmĕn. Ferri tergă. Ærĭs t. Ligněă tergă. Sălignæ umbonĭs crates. Æratæ crates. **Phr.** *Of one arming himself with a shield.* Clypĕum—sĭnistra effert;—sĭnistræ sublĭgăt;—lăteri hăbĭlem addĭt;—hăbendo aptăt (indŭĭtŭr, sumĭt). ∾-o sĭnistram (insertam) aptăt, subjĭcĭt.

Clytæmnestra, æ. *f. Clytemnestra, daughter of Tyndarus and Leda. C. D.* Quidvĕ Clytæmnestræ, propter quam totă Mycenis &c. *Pp.* [† Tyndărĭs.] **Ep.** ˘Adultĕrā, sævă, impĭă, scĕlĕrătă, crŭentă. **Crel.** Leda sătă. Uxŏr ˘Agămemnŏnĭs perfĭdă.

Cnĭdŏs, *and* **Cnĭdŭs**, i. *f. A town of Caria, where there was a temple of Venus.* O Věnus, reginā Cnĭdi Păphiquĕ. *H.*

Cŏăcervatŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Coacervo. *Heaped one upon the other.* Per cŏăcervatos pĕrĕat dŏmŭs implă luctus. *O. See* Aggero.

Cŏactŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Cogo. 1. *Assembled together.* Sŭb armă cŏactam Hespĕrĭam. *V.* 2. *Condensed, compacted.* Lactĭs ∾-i massă. *O.* 3. *Forced.* Discunt ŏcŭli lăcrĭmarĕ ∾-i. *O.* [† Invitŭs.]

Cŏagŭlum, i. *n. Rennet.* Mox ŏpŭlas ponunt, lĭquĕfactă cŏagŭlă lactĕ. *O.*

Cŏălesco, ĭs (*from the obs.* Coaleo), cŏălŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To grow with.* Suadĕt ĕt Infusus tĕnĕros cŏălescĕrĕ fetus. *Aus. See* Concresco. 2. *To unite with, be one with; coalesce.* Saxă vĭdes ∾ calcĕ. *Lr.* ∾-ĭt ramŭs ĭn vĭrĭdi cortĭcĕ. *O.* [† Cŏĕo, jungŏr, conjungŏr.] 3. *To rally. L.* [† Cŏĕo, convĕnĭo, concurro.]

Cŏarcto, as. *To contract, shorten. O. See* Arcto.

Cŏarguo, ĭs. *To prove, convict; betray. O. See* Convinco, Arguo.

Coccĭnatŭs, ă, um. *Robed in scarlet. M. See* Coccinus.

Coccĭnŭs, ă, um. 1. *Scarlet*, adj. *J.* Hispanas, Tyrĭasquĕ, coccĭnasquĕ. *M.* 2. Coccĭnă, orum. *n. pl. Scarlet robes, clothes of scarlet. M.*

Coccum, i. *n. A berry* (?) *yielding a scarlet dye; scarlet colour* or *stuff.* Rŭbro cocco tinctă (vestĭs). *H.* Rădĭarĕ cocco. *Sil.* **Ep.** Rŭbens, sanguĭnĕum, fulgens. *See* Purpura.

Cŏchlĕă, *and sts.* Cochlĕă, æ. *f. A snail, cockle.* Curvarum dŏmŭs udă cochlĕarum. *St.* Squillis rĕcrĕabĭs ĕt Afra Potorem cŏchlĕa. *H.* [† Limax.] **Ep.** Repens, pĭgrā, tardă, segnĭs, turpĭs. **Phr.** Terrĭgĕnam, herbĭgrădam, dŏmĭportam, sanguĭnĕ cassam. *Cic.* (*Div.*)

Cŏchlĕar, *and* Cŏchlĕarĕ, ĭs. *n. A spoon.* Mittĕrĕ quum posses vel cŏchlĕarĕ mĭhĭ. *M.*

Cŏcles, *Cl. and us.* Cocles, ĭtis. *m.* 1. *One-eyed. See* Luscus. 2. *Horatius Cocles* (*C. D.*), *so called from having the use of one eye only.* Hoc mĕrŭit vel pontĕ Cŏcles, vel Marcĭŭs ignĕ. *Cl.* Pontem auderet quod vellĕrĕ Cocles. *V.*

Coctĭlis, ĕ. *Of brick.* Coctĭlĭbus muris cinxissĕ Sĕmĭrămĭs urbem. *O.*

Coctŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Coquo. 1. *Cooked.* ∾ fŏco. *O.* 2. *Hardened by fire.* Robŏrĕ ∾. *V.* 3. (Speaking of earth.) *Made into brick.* [† Coctĭlis.] 4. *Ripe* (applied to *vinum. See also V. G.* ii. 522. Mitis ĭn apricis *cŏquĭtur* vindemĭă saxis). *See* Maturus.

Cocytŭs, *and* Cocytŏs, i. *m. Cocytus, a river of hell.* Cocytusquĕ sĭnu labens circumflŭit atro. *V.* [† *Ext.* Styx, ˘Achĕron. **Ep.** Atĕr, languĭdŭs, errans languĭdo flumĭnĕ. *See* Acheron.

Codex, ĭcis. *m.* 1. *The trunk* or *stock of a tree.* Codĭcĕ qui misso, quem vix jŭgă binā mŏverent. *O. See* Caudex. 2. *Writing-tablets, book; a will. See* Tabulæ, Liber, Charta.

Codĭcilli, orum. *m. pl. Writing-tablets* (dim. of abovĕ). *See* Pugillar, Tabulæ.

Codrŭs, i. *m. A king of Athens. C. D.* Cedrus pro pătrĭa non timĭdus mŏri. *H.*

Cœlĕs (*obs. in nom.*), ĭtis. *m.* **Cœlĭtes**, um. *pl. Inhabitant* or *inhabitants of heaven, gods*; Eccl. *Saints.* Quæ de te misi cœlĭtĕ factă nŏvo. *O.* Hostĭă cœlĭtĭbus quo fĕrĭentĕ cădĭt. *O.* [† Cœlĭcŏlæ.] *See* C.

Cœlestĭs, ĕ. 1. *Of the heavens, of the sky*, adj. Astrā tĕnĕnt cœlestĕ sŏlum. *O.* [† Sŭpĕrĭs.] 2. *Celestial, divine.* ∾ ănĭmi. *V.* [† Divĭnŭs, sŭpĕrŭs, æthĕrĭŭs, sidĕrĕŭs.] 3. Used subst. *A god, goddess. See* Deus, Dea.

Cœlicŏlæ, larum, *and sync.* lum. *m. pl. The inhabitants of heaven, gods, deified heroes.* Cœlicŏlum regi mactabam littŏrĕ taurum. *V.* [† Cœlestes, cœlĭtes, divi, dĭi, sŭpĕri; *sts.* bĕati, sancti.] **Crel.** Cœli, ˘Olympi incŏlæ. Gens addĭtā cœlo.

Cœlicŭs, ă, um. *Of heaven, heavenly.* Coalĭcā tectă sŭbĭt. *St.*

Cœlĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing the heavens.* ˘Ubi cœlĭfĕr Atlas. *V.*

Cœlĭtŭs. *adv. From heaven.* Dŭcem sălutis cœlĭtŭs. *Prud.* [† Divĭnĭtŭs.] **Crel.** E *or* de cœlo.

Cœlum, i. *n.* 1. *The heavens, the vault of the sky.* Vertĭtŭr intĕrĕa cœlum &c. *V.* [† Pŏlŭs, axis; *sts.* firmamentum.] **Ep.** Altum, sublimĕ, magnum, immensum, prŏfundum, convexum, pendens, curvum, fulgens, rādĭans, signĭfĕrum, stellans. **Crel.** Cœli, sŭpĕrum, convexā, axis, portă. Mundi flammĕă tectă. Cœli cærŭlă. Cœlestĕ sŏlum. Cœli tegmĕn, plăgă, axes sidĕrĕi, ardŭŭs axĭs. Cœlestĭă, lucĭdă templă. Machĭnă cœli. Axĭs, æther stellis (ardentĭbŭs, mĭcantĭbŭs) aptŭs, fixŭs. 2. *Heaven, the abode of the gods.* Făcĭmŭs dĕam (fortunam) cœloquĕ lŏcamŭs. *J.* [† ˘Olympŭs.] **Crel.** Cœli atrĭă, regĭă, regnă, templă, limĭnă. Arx cœli, pŏli. Arx summă. Sidĕrĕæ, æthĕrĭæ sedes. Cœlestĭs aulă. Regĭă Jŏvĭs. Jŏvĭs atrĭă. Tectă, dŏmŭs, atrĭă Tŏnantĭs. Cœlestĭă tectă. Cœli dŏmŭs, convexă dŏmŭs. Sŭpĕrum convexă. Sŭpĕræ dĕorum dŏmus. Dĕum celsă pălatĭă. Sŭpĕra altă. Limĕn (omnĭpŏtentĭs) ˘Olympi. Sŭpĕræ, æthĕrĭæ, æthĕrĭs arces. Aulă dĕi. 3. *Divine honours, immortality.* ∾ spĕrarĕ. *V. See* Apotheosis. 4. *The regions of air.* Pĕr ∾ alis se tollĕrĕ; ĭn cœlum tolli. *V.* [† Pŏlŭs, æther, aer, astrā, sidĕrĭ, auræ, nubes, &c.] *See* Aer. 5. *The air* (we breathe), *atmosphere.* Pĕrĕgrinum ducĕrĕ cœlum. *O.* Corrupto ∾-i tractu. *V.* [† Aer.] **Crel.** Lumĕn spirabĭlĕ (cœli). *See* Aer. 6. *The weather, state of the atmosphere.* ∾ sĕrenum; dĭbĭum. *V.* pătĭŏr. *O. See* Temperies. 7. *Climate, country. H. O.* [† Rĕgĭo, sol, terrā, tractŭs, sidŭs.] 8. *Light of the day. V. See* Lux. 9. Cœli, orum. *m. pl.* (*from the anc. sing.* Cœlus); *found in Lr.*

Cŏĕmo, ĭs, emi, emptum. *To buy.* Omnĭă conductis cŏĕmens obsonĭă nummis. *H. See* Emo.

Cœnā, æ. *f.* 1. *The evening meal, the principal meal of the Romans.* Cœnā mĭnistratur pŭĕris trĭbŭs. *H.* [† Dăpes, mensā; *ext.* prandĭum; *sts.* cœnŭlă, *or* convivĭum, convivĭă.] **Ep.** Serā, mŏdĭcā, tĕnŭĭs, brĕvĭs, simplex, mundă; divĕs, lautā, ŏpimā, ŏpŭlentā, vārĭă, gĕnĭalĭs, festā. *See* Convivium. 2. ∾ primā, sĕcundā, &c. *First, second course*, &c. Has prima fĕrĕt altĕravĕ cœna. *M. See* Mensa.

Cœnacŭlum, i. *n.* 1. *A dining* or *eating room.* [† Cœnatĭo.] 2. Us. *The upper room in the house, the attic.* Rarus vĕnĭt in cœnacŭlā milĕs. *J.*

Cœnatĭo, onis. *f. A dining* or *eating room.* Al-

gentem rāpĕat cœnatĭŏ solem. *J.* [† Cœnaculum.] *See* TRICLINIUM.

Cœno, as. 1. *To sup, dine. H. J.* [† *Ert.* Prandĕo.] *See* CONVIVIUM. EPULOR. 2. Tr. *To eat.* Cœnamŭs ăves, conchylĭă, pisces. *H.* [† ˘Edo.] *See* EDO.

Cœnosŭs, ă, um. *Dirty, muddy.* Nec spirat cœnosi gurglĭtis alvum. *J.* [† Lŭtŭlentŭs, sordĭdŭs.] *See* LUTULENTUS.

Cœnum, i. *n. Dirt, mud.* Cœnumque udæquĕ pāludes Intŭmŭere æstu. *O.* [† Limŭs, lŭtum, sordes.] Ep. Pālustrĕ, turpĕ, fœdum, crassum, pigrum, grāvĕ. *See* LUTUM.

Cŏĕo, is, ivi *or* ĭi, itum. *intr.* 1. *To come together, unite.* Donec curvatā cŏirent Inter se cāpitā. *V.* [† Cŏālesco, jungŏr.] 2. *To assemble, collect together.* Mānus jŭvĕnum cŏlerĕ. *O.* [† Convĕnio, concurro, jungŏr, miscĕŏr.] 3. *To form an alliance, to couple with.* ∾ In āmicĭtĭam; In fœdĕrā. *V.* Cum pārĕ quæquĕ sŭo cŏĕunt vŏlŭcresquĕ fĕræquĕ. *O. See* FŒDUS. [† Jungŏr, miscĕŏr.] 4. *To come to blows, fight.* Cŏĕunt, martemquĕ fātigant. *O.* Nec cŏlerĕ pāres. *L.* [† Congrĕdĭŏr, concurro.] *See* PUGNO. 5. *To conveal, freeze.* ∾-It formidĭnĕ sanguis. *V.* frigŏrĕ terrā. *Lr.* pontŭs. *O. See* INDURESCO. 6. *To close, as a wound. Pp.* [† Cŏālesco.]

Cœpi, isti, isĕ. *perf. of the old verb* Cœpio. 1. Tr. *To begin.* Cœpit quum tallĭă vates. *V.* Nŏvam cœperĕ urbem. *Sil.* [† Inchŏo, mollĭŏr.] 2. Us. Intr. Cœpisti mĕlĭŭs quam desīnis. *O.* [† Incĭpio.]

Cœpto, as. *To commence, undertake. Lr. See* INCIPIO.

Cœptum, i. *n. An enterprise. V. O.* [† Consĭlĭum, inceptum, ausum, propōsĭtum, orsā.]

Cŏercĕo, es. 1. *To bind, confine.* Vittā cŏercebat neglectos albā rāpilloe. *O.* ∾ verbā nūmĕris. *O.* campos (*of a river*). *V.* [† Contĭnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, constringo, prĕmo, includo.] *See* VINCIO. 2. *To repress, keep under.* ∾ fustĕ; delictā supplĭcĭis. *H.* orā frenis. *O.* [† Contĭnĕo, rĕprĭmo, freno, compesco, impĕdĭo.] *See* COHIBEO. 3. *To correct, amend.* ∾ carmĕn. *H.* [† Castigo, corrĭgo, emendo.] *See* EMENDO. 4. *To force, oblige. O. See* COGO.

Cœtŭs, us. *m.* 1. *Connexion, conjunction.* Ut possint a cœtu libĕrā ferri. *Lr.* [† ˘Adhæsŭs.] 2. Us. *An assembly of persons.* ∾-u littŏrā complerĕ. *V.* sŏluto discedĕrĕ. *O.* [† Conventŭs, cŏronā, turbā, grex, concĭlĭum.]

Cogĭtatĭo, onis. *f. The act of thinking, reflection.* Morosa sīnĕ cogĭtatĭonĕ. *M.* [† Cogĭtatum, consĭlĭum, mens, sententĭā, vŏluntas.]

Cogito, as. 1. *To think, reflect.* Si mŏdo, quum de me cogĭtāt, illĕ vālĕt. *Tib.* [† Pūto, rĕpūto, āgĭto, mĕdĭtŏr; *sts.* sŭbĭt, occurrĭt.] Crel. ˘Anĭmo, mentĕ, mecum verso, āgĭto, vidĕo, volvo, vŏluto, mŏvĕo, rĕpēto. ˘In mentĕ, sŭb mentĕ, sŭb pectŏrĕ volvo, verso, &c. ˘Anĭmum, mentem adjĭcĭo, applĭco, ădhĭbĕo. Vĕnĭt in mentem. ˘Anĭmum sŭbĭt. ˘Anĭmo imago sŭbĭt. ˘Anĭmo rĕcursāt. Antĕ ŏcŭlos stāt, ădest, &c. ˘Anĭmo occurrĭt. Partes In omnes ănĭmum verso. Nunc hue ănĭmo, nunc illuc fluctŭo. ˘Anĭmum nūmĕro hur, nunc illuc divĭdo. ˘Anĭmum In vārĭas partes rāpĭo, pĕr omnĭā verso. *See* DUBITO, CURA, MEMINI. 2. Tr. *To meditate, design.* Quid cogĭtĕt austēr. *V.* ∾ scĕlŭs intra se; hæredem tollĕrĕ. *J.* rebŭs bĕnĕ uti. *H.* [† Mĕdĭtŏr, pāro, mollĭŏr, āgĭto, volvo, verso, mentĕ (ănĭmo, In pectŏrĕ) verso, āgĭto.]

Cognatĭo, onis. *f. Relationship.* Carā dāret solennĕ tĭbi cognatĭŏ munŭs. *M.* [† Consanguĭnĭtas.]

Cognatŭs, ă, um. 1. *A relation, one akin.* Cognatiquĕ pātres. *V.* [† Affinis, prŏpinquŭs, consanguĭnĕŭs.] *See* CONSANGUINEUS. 2. *Of* or *belonging to relations.* ∾-æ ăcĭes. *L.* ∾-i rŏgi. *Pp.* 3. Fig. *Of the same* or *like origin* or *nature, congruous.* ∾-i rĕtĭnebat semĭnā cœli (tellus). *O.* ∾-æ terræ. *Cl.* ∾-is măcŭlis ālmĭlis fĕrā (parcĭt). *J.* ∾-ā vŏcabŭlā rebŭs. *H.* [† Affinis, ālmĭlis, convĕnĭens, prŏpĭŏr.]

Cognitĭo, onis. *f.* 1. *Knowledge. Ter.* [† Notĭo, notĭtĭā.] 2. *Enquiry made into any thing.* Jam cognĭtĭonĕ pĕracta. *J.*

Cognitŏr, oris. *m.* 1. *One who is acquainted with, who knows.* [† Sciens, pĕrĭtŭs, doctŭs.] 2. Us. *An attorney at law, an advocate.* Fi cognĭtŏr ipsĕ. *H.*

Cognitŭs, ă, um. *part. See* COGNOSCO. 1. *Known.* Pænĕ mĭhi pŭĕro cognĭtĕ pænĕ pŭĕr. *O.* [† Notŭs.] 2. *With inf.* ∾ subrĭpŭissĕ bŏves. *Pp.* 3. *Comp. and super. O.*

Cognomĕn, inis. *A surname.* Cui nunc cognomĕn ˘Iulo Addĭtŭr. *V.*

Cognominis, ĕ. *Of the same name.* Gaudet cognomĭnĕ terra. *V.*

Cognosco, is, ovi, itum. 1. *To be acquainted with, to know.* Rerum cognoscĕrĕ causas. *V.* [† Nosco, novi, scio, percĭpio, intellĭgo.] 2. *To recognize.* ∾ matrem risu. *V.* [† Agnosco, disco, dŏcĕŏr, mŏnĕŏr.] 3. *To learn, acquire knowledge of. V. O.* [† Audĭo, disco, accĭpio, rescĭo.] 4. *To prove, learn by experience. V.* [† Expĕrĭŏr, utŏr.]

Cogo, is, cŏegi, cŏactum. 1. *To drive together, collect into a body.* Nubes bŏrĕa cogentĕ sŭb axem. *L.* [† Compello, āgo.] 2. *To keep close together* (of numbers), to *gather close together*, tr. Stellæ, quarum agmĭnā cogĭt Lucĭfĕr. *O.* ∾ nodo cŏmas. *Sen.* [† Collĭgo (Is), contrāho.] 3. *To call together, assemble.* Buccĭnā cogebāt Quĭrites. *Pp.* ∾ concĭlĭum. *V.* [† Convŏco, congrĕgo.] *See* CONVOCO. 4. *To force.* ∾ me mŏri. *V. Used of words put into metre.* ∾ verbā In alternos pĕdes. *H. See* CLAUDO. [† ˘Adĭgo, sŭbĭgo, compello.] 5. *To harden, thicken.* ∾ spumantĭā mellā fāvis. *V.* rĕdundatas āquas. *O.* ∾-It mellā frigŏrĕ (hĭems). *V.* [† Constringo, adstringo, duro, induro.]

Cohærĕo, es, hæsi, hæsum. 1. *To hold together, to adhere.* Sic ut quæquĕ sŏlo defixā cŏhæsĕrānt harum. *O.* [† ˘Adhærĕo, hærĕo, connectŏr, annectŏr, conjungŏr.] 2. Fig. *To be connected together, to agree together. See* CONGRUO.

Cŏhæres, edis. *m. f. A co-heir.* Fortĕ cŏheredum sĕnĭŏr &c. *H.*

Cŏhibĕo, es. 1. *To restrain, bind.* Non pŏtŭit fortes auro cŏhĭbĕrĕ lăcertos. *O.* ∾ crinem nodo. *H.* [† Tĕnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, cŏercĕo, stringo, constringo, vincĭo.] *See* VINCIO. 2. *To obstruct, confine.* Scyllam cŏhĭbĕt spelunca. *V.* ∾-ent me littŏrā ponti. *O.* claustrā Janum. *H.* [† Cŏercĕo, impĕdĭo, claudo, includo, rĕtĭnĕo, compesco.] 3. *To restrain, keep under.* ∾ iras. *V.* gaudĭā. *Pp.* [† ˘Inhibĕo, comprĭmo, rĕprĭmo, prĕmo, contĭnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, compesco, freno, rĕfreno.]

Cŏhors, tis. *f.* 1. *A cohort, body of soldiers.* Quem totā cŏhors ĭmĭtatā rĕlĭctis &c. *V.* [† Agmĕn, ăcĭes, lĕgio, mānŭs, phālanx.] Ep. Bellatrix, armatā, æratā; ingens, nūmĕrosā; sævā, mĕtŭendā. *See* EXERCITUS. 2. *A company, crowd.* ∾ ŏpĕrum stŭdĭosā; nŏvā febrĭum. *H.* [† Cătervā, turbā, agmĕn.] 3. = Chors. *Poultry-yard. O.*

Cŏinquino. *See* INQUINO.

Cŏitŭs, us. *m. A coming together*, &c. Sacrā tŏri, cŏĭtusquĕ nŏvos, thālāmosquĕ rĕcentes. *O.* [† Congressŭs.]

Cŏlăphŭs, i. *m. A box on the ear.* Nos cŏlăphum incŭtĭmus lambenti crustŭlā servo. J.

Colchi, ŏrum. *m. pl. The people of Colchis. H.*

Colchĭcus, *and* **Colchŭs**, ă, um. *Colchian.* Cĕlet vĕnenis officĭnā Colchĭcis. *H.* ˘In Colchas dŏmos. *O.*

Colchis, ĭdĭs *or* ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Colchis, a province of Asia Minor, C. D.; sts. used adj.* Longis quæsitam Colchĭdā votis. *V. Fl.* [† Colchi, orum.] 2. *Medea.* Colchĭdā sic quondam decepĭt ˘Iason. *Pp. See* Medea.

Colchŭs, ă, um. *See* Colchi *and* Colchicus.

Cŏlendŭs, ă, um. *That ought to be cultivated, honoured. See* Colo. [† Vĕnĕrandŭs, vĕnĕrabĭlis, săcĕr.]

Cŏlens, tis. 1. *One who cultivates. See* Agricola. 2. *One who dwells. See* Incola. 3. *One who worships. See* Cultor.

Collabĕfăcio, is, *and* **Collabĕfacto**, as. *To throw down*, &c. Et vastum motu collăbĕfactăt ŏnŭs. *O.* Hæc ipso cum corpŏrĕ collăbĕfiunt. *L. See* Labefacio.

Collabŏr, bĕris, lapsŭs sum. *To fall down, to sink down.* Hæc frustra fŭgĭens collabĭtŭr illā sŏrori &c. *O.* [† Labŏr, cădo, concĭdo.] *See* Cado.

Collapsŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Collabor. 1. *Fallen, sunk down.* ∾-i cĭnĕres. *V.* 2. *Fallen down from fainting.* ∾ sŭbĭto dŏlorĕ. *O.* ∾-ă membrā. *V.* ∾-i artus. *O.*

Collatia, æ. *f. A small town near Rome.* Clarum Collatĭā nomĕn. *O.*

Collatinŭs, ă, um. 1. *Collatine* (poss. adj. to Collatia); hence, *Collatine hill, gate*, &c., *and Collatinus, surname of L. Tarquinius, the husband of Lucretia.* Hi Collatinas imponent montĭbŭs arces. *V.*

Collatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Confero. 1. *Collected together.* Undĭquĕ collatis membris. *H.* 2. *Meeting in shock, opposed in fight.* Adversas ∾-is cursĭbŭs hastas Conjĭcĭunt. *V. Fl.* ∾ mars. *O.* 3. *Compared with.* ∾ tĭbĭ Cæsăr. *M.*

Collaudo, as. *To praise, extol. O. See* Laudo.

Collega, æ. *m. A colleague.* Censoris mores ĕtĭam collegā tĭmerĕt. *Juv.*

Collegĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A college, fraternity.* Ambubajarum collegĭā, pharmăcŏpolæ. *H.* [† Consessŭs, cœtŭs.] 2. Gen. *A meeting, assembly. Aus.* 3. (Modern.) *A school. See* Gymnasium.

Collido, is, isi, isum. 1. *To strike* or *dash one thing against another, to dash together.* Annŭlŭs ut fiat, primo collidĭtŭr aurum. *O.* [† Attĕro, contĕro, impingo, confringo.] 2. *To set together in contest, make enemies of.* ∾-ĭt glorĭā fratres. *St.* [† Committo, oppono.]

I. **Colligo**, as. 1. *To bind, tie together.* Ansăquĕ compressos collĭgăt arctā pĕdes. *Tib. See* Vincio.

II. **Collĭgo**, is, egi, ectum. 1. *To gather, bring together* (of things). De tĕpĭdis collĭgĭt ossā rŏgis. *O.* ∾-ĭt căpillos ĭn nodum. *O.* plŭvĭam nox. *V.* [† Cogo, lĕgo; *sts.* congĕro, aggĕro.] 2. *To collect* (of men and animals). ∾ errantes (ăpes). *O.* [† Cogo, congrĕgo, contrăho.] *Fig.* 3. ∾ iram. *H.* răbĭem. *O.* sĭtim. *V.* 4. *To gather* (of fruits, &c.). [† Lĕgo, carpo, decerpo.] 4. *To take up, fold* or *tie up* (of a garment). *M. See* Succingo. 5. *To acquire, gain.* ∾ vires usu; pătĭendi usum. *O.* [† Acquiro, obtĭnĕo, compăro.] 6. *To enclose, shut in.* ∾ orbem tĕnŭi muro. *J.* [† Complectŏr, includo.] 7. *To rally* (the mind), *cause it to recover itself.* Mentem ∾ ăb æstu. *O.* ∾-ĭt amentes ĕquos (Phœbŭs). *O.* [† Rĕcollĭgo.] 8. *To conclude* (draw a conclusion). Sic collĭgĭt mecum. *H. See* Concludo. 9. ∾ me. *To draw up, collect oneself.* ∾-ĭt se ĭn spiram angulis; se ĭn armā. *V.* 10. ∾ gressum, vestigĭā. *To halt, stop.* ∾ grādum. *Sil.* vestigĭā. *L.*

Collinā (sc. porta), æ. *f.* (*from poss. adj.* Collinŭs, ă, um.) *One of the gates of Rome.* Est prŏpĕ Collinam templum vĕnĕrabĭlĕ portam. *O.*

Collĭno, is, evi, ĭtum. 1. *To anoint, besmear.* Crines pulvĕrĕ collĭnes. *H.* ∾ orā vĕnenis. *O.* [† Oblĭno, lĭno.] *See* Lino.

Collis, is. m. *A hill, slope of a hill.* Liber pampĭnĕas invidit collĭbŭs uvas. *V.* [† Clivŭs, tŭmŭlŭs.] Ep. Lenis, mŏdĭcŭs, mollis; sĕrĭus, abruptŭs, ăpricŭs; fecundŭs, fĕrax, fertĭlis, frugifĕr, vitĭfĕr; frondosŭs, vĭrĭdis, vĭrens, umbrosŭs, nĕmŏrosŭs; stĕrĭlis, mălignŭs, siccŭs. Phr. Sŏlum—tŭmŭlis acclivĕ;—mŏdĭco collĕ tŭmens; —leni tŭmŭlo ĭn altum excrescens. Collis—alto vertĭcĕ mollĭtĕr assurgens (crescens); —mollibŭs clivis edĭtŭs. Planĭtĭes tŭmorĕ curvatā (in collem crescens). *See* Mons.

Collŏco, as. 1. *To put, place.* Collŏcăt hanc stratis. *O.* [† Pono, depono, compono, stăto, constĭtŭo.] 2. *To employ, put out to use.* ∾ horas. *M.* 3. *To marry, give in marriage. Pl.* &c. 4. *To invest* (money), *put it out to interest*, &c. *Pl.*

Collŏquĭum, ĭi. *n. Conversation, intercourse.* Frŭĭturquĕ dĕorum Collŏquĭo. *V.* [† Allŏquium, congressŭs, sermo.] Ep. Blandum, dulcĕ, gratum, jucundum, optatum. *See* Colloquor.

Collŏquŏr, ĕris, cutŭs sum. *To converse with, together.* (Lŏquŏr.) Crel. Verbum făcio cum. Verbā commuto. Audio ac reddo voces. Mutŭ dictā rĕfĕro. Collŏquĭum miscĕo. Alterno sermonĕ (sermonum vĭcĕ *or* vĭcĭbŭs) utŏr; collŏquĭ vĭcĭbŭs utŏr. Phr. *Persons in conversation.* Noctem vărio sermonĕ trăhunt (longis allŏquĭis producunt). Vĭam sermonĕ lĕvant. Multā vărio inter se sermonĕ sĕrunt. Talĭbŭs dictis inter se (talĭbŭs ăllĭisquĕ sermonĭbŭs) dĭem (longum) implent (mĕdĭas horas fallunt). *See* Alloquor, Loquor.

Collucĕo, es. *To shine brilliantly.* Mœnĭā collucent flammis. *V.* ∾-ent pocŭlā mensis. *Cat.* florĭbŭs ăgri. *O. See* Lucco, Fulgeo.

Colludo, is. *To play together. V. See* Ludo.

Collum, i. *n.* 1. *The neck* (of man). Colloquŏ pĕpendĭt. *V.* [† Cervix.] Ep. Candens, candĭdum, ĕburnum, lactĕum, nĭvĕum; formosum, pulchrum, dĕcorum, mollĕ, tĕnĕrum. 2. *The neck* (of animals). ˘Equum (ĕquorum) fumantĭā collā. *V.* Ep. Hirtum, hispĭdum, horrens, vălĭdum, tŏrosum, durum, fortĕ, robustum; dŏcilĕ, indŏcilĕ, rĕbellĕ; fessum, tritum, languĭdum. 3. *The neck* (of a vessel). Curto amphŏrā collo. *Pp.* 4. Ext. *Head. See* Caput.

Collustro, as. 1. *To brighten, illumine. See* Illustro. 2. *To survey, look around. V.* [† Lustro, circumspĭcio.]

Colluvies, ei. *f. and* **Colluvio**, onis. *f. Collected mud, filth.* Si turbĭdā limo Collŭvĭes immotā jăcĕt &c. *L.* [† Ellŭvies.] Ep. Fœdā, turpis, cœnosā, pĭgrā. *See* Cœnum.

Collyrium, ĭi. *n. A salve for the eyes.* Hic ŏcŭlis . . . mĕis collyrĭā lippŭs Illĭnĕrĕ. *H.* and *J.*

Cŏlo, is, cŏlŭi, cultum. 1. *To cultivate the earth.* Glebā cŏlendā mĭhĭ. *O. See* Aro. 2. *To cultivate, exercise, practise.* ∾ pectŭs pĕr artes. *O.* venandi stŭdĭum; fĭdem rectumquĕ. *V.* [† Exercĕo, sĕquŏr.] 3. *To take pains with, attend to.* ∾ căpillos. *Tib.* [† Curo, orno.] 4. *To honour, worship.* Templum . . . hŏnorĕ cŏlebant. *V.* Dĕā ∾-ĭtŭr cĕlĕberrĭmā. *O.* [† ˘Adoro, vĕnĕŏr, vĕrĕŏr.] *See* Adoro, Sacrifico. 5. *To observe as a feast, keep holy.* ∾ dĭem; săcrā; festā. *O. See* Celebro. 6. *To inhabit, live in.* Stagnā ∾-ĭt (anguis). *V.* [† Incŏlo, hăbĭto.] *See* Habito.

'A, æ. *f. and* Cŏlŏcasĭum, ĭi. *n. The* ...*ian bean.* Mixtĭquĕ rĭdenti cŏlŏcasĭă fundtho. *V.* [¶ Cyāmŭs.]

, æ. *f. A colony.* Vellĕt ˘Alexandri, si cŏlŏnĭă poni. *Aus.*

, i. m. (*and f.* Cŏlonĭ. *O.*) 1. *A farmer,* ...*man.* Durā lăcertosi fŏdĭebant arvă cŏ. [¶ ˘Agrestĭs, ăgrĭcŏlă, ăratŏr, cultŏr, ...] *See* Agricola. 2. *A settler, inhabit-* [¶ Incŏlă, civis.]

n, onis. *m. A maritime city of Ionia.* ...myrnă quĭd et Cŏlŏphon? *H.* Et plăŏphonă mărĭa. *L.*

...a. *m.* 1. *Colour.* Jam cŏlŏr nŭŭs ĭnest ...nebrisquĕ tĕguntur. *O.* Ep. Vivŭs, nĭtens, clarŭs, pulchĕr. 2. *Colour* (for paint- ...-ĭbŭs hŏmĭnem, dĕum ponĕrĕ. *H.* ustis ...ppĭs). *O.* [¶ Pigmentum.] Ep. Mix- ...tŭs, vivŭs, verŭs. 3. *Natural colour* (of ...h, &c.). ~ orĭ rĕlĭquĭt. *V.* Ep. Rosĕŭs, ...ŭs, vĕrecundŭs. *See* Pallĕo. Fig. 4. ...m, *order, kind.* ~ vitæ; ŏpĕrum. *H.* cau- ...*See* Status, Genus, Species. 5. *Out-* ...*ces and dignity.* ~ impĕrĭi. *L.* [¶ Dĕcŏr, ...ŏnŏr.] 6. *Artifice, pretext. J.*

...ŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Coloro. 1. *Co-* ... 2. *Tanned; of a swarthy, negro colour.* ...rĕa. *O.* Indi. *V. See* Niger.

...a. *To colour, tint.* Quos Aurorā sŭis ru- ...ĭăt ŏquis. *Pp.* ~-ăt æquŏrĕ Nilŭs. *Cat.* ...o, tingo.] Crel. Cŏlorem do, addo, in- ...cŏlorĕ, cŏlorĭbŭs fuco, distinguo, pingo, ...pargo. *See* Tingo.

, i. m. *A colossus, a statue larger than was that of the Sun at Rhodes. C. D.* Hic ...ĭŭs prŏplus vĭdĕt astrĭ cŏlossŭs. *M.* ...ŭs, ardŭŭs, celsŭs, sublimis, ingens, pro- ...mnis. Crel. Cŏlossi moles, miracŭlă.

, ŭbri (*ss.* ubri). *m. and* Cŏlŭbra, æ. *f.* ...s, *serpent.* Aut tecto assuetus cŏlŭber ...re. *V.* Longis invisă cŏlŭbris. *V.* [¶ Cŏ- ...nguis, serpens, drăco.] *See* Serpens.

...ĭfĕr, ĕrĭ, ĕrum. *Snake-bearing; epithet ...ma, the locks of whose hair were snakes.* ...ŏlŭbrĭfĕri sŭpĕravit lumĭnă monstri. *O.*

...a. 1. *A wicker strainer to strain wine.* ...ĭ prælorum fumosis derĭpĭ tectis. *V.* 2. ...r *fishing-net. Aus.*

, æ. *f. A pigeon, dove.* Tĭmĭdĭsĭmă tur- ...mbæ. *O.* [¶ Cŏlumbŭs, pălumbes.] Ep. ...actĭă, nĭvĕă; pulchrĭ, ăĕrĭă, cĕlĕrĭs, rā- ...pĭdă; blandă, mansuetă, mitis, simplex, ...mbellis, timĭdă, păvĭdă. Phr. Alĕs, ăvis, Chaŏnĭă, Chaŏnis, Cŷprĭă, Cŷthĕrĕĭă, ...ă, Idălĭă; Vĕnĕrĭs cură, Vĕnĕri dilectă. ...nŭs, ă, um. *Pigeon's, dove's,* adj. *H.*

, Inis. *n.* 1. *A prop, support.* [¶ Ful- ... 2. *Fig.* Tu cŏlŭmen vitæ præsĭdĭum- ...a. *O.* [¶ Præsĭdĭum, tutelă.] *See* Præ-

, æ. *f.* 1. *A column, pillar.* Sublimĭbŭs ...umnis. *O.* [¶ Fulcrum.] Ep. Marmŏ- ...ĭă; serĕă, ardŭă, celsă, sublimis; imma- ...dĭă, sŭpĕrbă; firmă, sŏlĭdă, vălĭdă; trā- ...ppĭăltă. Phr. (*Buildings with columns.*) ...thĕatrĭă, templă, atrĭă, &c. cŏlumnis ...ĭs cŏlumnarum) centenis (celsis, va- ...) incumbentĭă (suggestă, surgentĭă, sub- ...nixă, effultă). 2. Cŏlumnæ Hercŭlis, ...ĭæ, Hercŭlanæ, Hespĕrĭæ. *The pillars of ...; two mountains at the Straits of Gib- Calpe in Europe, and Abyla in Spain.* ...] Hercŭlis metæ.] Crel. Proceræ, cœlĭ- ...lumnæ. *See* Calpe.

...s, ĭ, um. *Hazel,* adj. Vĕrŭbus torrebĭ- ...ă cŏlŭrnis. *V.*

Cŏlŭs, i *and* us. *f.* 1. *A distaff.* Et cŏlŭs, et fusus dĭgĭtis cĕcĭdĕrĕ rĕmissis. *O.* Ep. Lydă, Pallădĭă; femĭnĕă, mŭlĭĕbrĭs, imbellis; tĕrĕs, rŏtundă. *See* Fusus, Neo. 2. *The distaff of the Parcæ, O.;* hence, fig. *duration of life, number of years.* Extrema jam flĭă cŏlu. *St. V. Fl.*

Cŏma, æ. *f.* 1. *The hair of the head* (in man). Formosæ pĕrĭerĕ cŏmæ &c. *O.* [¶ Căpilli, crines, cæsăries; *sts.* căput.] *See* Capillus. 2. *The mane* (in animals). *See* Juba. 3. *The wool, hair, &c.* (in animals). *Tib.* 4. *Leaves.* Trĕmĕfactă cŏmam (arbŏr). *V.* ~ ăcanthi. *V.* ~-æ arbŏrĕæ. *O. See* Frons, dis. 5. *Head of a plant.* ~ pāpavĕrĕæ; cŏloratæ. *O.* 6. *Streaming light of a star, &c. Cat.* [¶ Crinis.]

Cŏmans, tis. 1. *Having long hair* or *a long mane.* (Cŏmă.) ~-tes crines. *Sil.* cristas. *V. See* Capillatus. 2. *Hairy. V.* [¶ Villosŭs, pĭlosŭs.] 3. *In leaf.* Serā cŏmantem Narcissum. *V.* 4. *Streaming with light.* Stellamquĕ cŏmantem. *O. See* Frondens, Coma.

Cŏmatŭs, ă, um. 1. *Having long hair.* Calvus quum fŭĕris, ĕris cŏmatŭs. *M.* [¶ Cŏmans, crinitŭs, căpillatŭs.] *See* Capillatus. 2. Cŏmatā (Gallia *expr. or sub.*). *Long-haired Gaul: all trans-Alpine Gaul, except Gallia Narbonensis, which was called* Braccata. ~ Gallĭă. *Cat.* Toti prælatĕ Cŏmatæ. *L.*

Combĭbo, ĭs, bĭbi, bĭbĭtum. 1. *To drink, drink in, absorb.* Jŏvis arā crŭorem Combĭbĕrĭt. *O.* ~ soles ăvĭda cŭtĕ. *M.* [¶ Bĭbo, adbĭbo, ebĭbo, haurĭo, sorbĕo, absorbĕo.] 2. *Fig. See* Bibo.

Comburo, ĭs, ussi, ustum. *To burn up, completely.* Turbĭnĕ ventorum comburens impĕtĕ magno. *Lr.* [¶ Uro, incendo.] *See* Incendo.

Cŏmĕdo, ĕdĭs *or* es, ĕdĭt *or* est, edi, esum. 1. *To eat up, devour.* Lit. *and* fig. Scilĭcĕt hæc porcis hŏdĭe cŏmĕdendă rĕlĭnques. *H.* Cŏmessĕ. *M. Ph.* Cŏmes. *Pl.* ~ ŏcŭlis. *M.* [¶ ˘Edo, manduco, absumo; *and fig.* devŏro, vŏro.] *See* Edo.

Cŏmĕs, ĭtis. *m. f.* 1. *One that accompanies* (another). Armā dĕosquĕ pārant cŏmĭtes. *V.* [¶ Cŏmĭtans, cŏmĭtatŭs, sŏcĭŭs, sŏdalis.] *See* Comitor. 2. *Used of things inanimate.* ~ pœnă. *H.* discordĭă regnis. *St.* hastă dictis. *Sil.* 3. With the gen. *Companion of, partaker in.* ~ fŭgæ. *O.* ˘dŏlorĭs. *St.* [¶ Sŏcĭŭs, consors, partĭcepa.] 4. *A follower, one of a retinue;* pl. *the retinue of a person. V. See* Famulus, Famula.

Cŏmĕsŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Comedo. *Eaten up, consumed.* Et cĭto rapturus de nobĭlitatĕ cŏmesa. *J.* [¶ ˘Adesŭs, consumptŭs.]

Cŏmĕta, *and* Cŏmĕtes, æ. *m. A comet.* Nec diri tŏtĭes arserĕ cŏmetæ. *V.* Crel. Stellă cŏmans. Cŏmetæ crinită fax (crinis mĭnax, jŭbăr ardens). Ep. Crinĭtŭs; sanguĭnĕŭs, rŭbens; fulgens, ignĕŭs, ignitŭs, lucens; dirŭs, tristis, horrendŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, fatalis, funestŭs, infaustŭs, infestŭs, infelix, mĭnax, sĭnistĕr, exĭtĭalis, exĭtĭosŭs. Crinĕ (tĭmendo, flăgranti, ferali) rŭbescens; ferălĕ cŏruscans; sæva lucĕ cŏruscŭs (scintillans); exĭtĭalĕ mĭcans; crinĕ (ignĕ sanguĭnĕo) præceps delabens *or* horrens; reguorum eversŏr; bellĭ mălă signă; regnă terris mutans; terris extremă mĭnans; noctĕ lugŭbrĕ (*adv.*) (prodĭgĭalĕ) rŭbens. Ignem sanguĭnĕum (rŭbentes rădĭos) spargens *or* (cœlo) vŏmens.

Comĭcŭs, ă, um. *Relating to comedy, comic.* Versĭbŭs exponi trăgĭcis res comĭcă non vult. *H.* ~ mœchă. *Pp.* [¶ Soccĭfĕr; socco dignă.]

Comĭnŭs, *or* Commĭnŭs. *adv. Near, close, hard at hand.* Comĭnŭs ensĕ fĕrit, jăculo cădit emĭnŭs ipsĕ. *O.* ~ irĕ (in āpros). *O.* [¶ Prŏpĕ, prŏplŭs.] Crel. Haud prŏcŭl.

Comis, ĕ. *Obliging, kind in manner and disposition.* Hic tĭbĭ comis ĕt urbanus, liberquĕ vide-

tŭr. *H.* Ingĕnĭum comĕ. *O.* [¶ Mītĭs, blandŭs, făcĭlĭs, humanŭs, bŏnŭs, bĕnignŭs, urbanŭs.] *See* BENIGNUS.

COMISSATIO, onĭs. *f. A debauch, revel.* (Comissatŏr.) Ep. Lautā; fœdā, turpĭs. *See* COMISSOR.

COMISSATŎR, orĭs. *m. A reveller, one fond of the table.* At nunc conviva est, comissatorquĕ lĭbellŭs. *M. See* HELLUO.

COMISSŎR, arĭs. *To feast plentifully.* Comissabĕrĕ, Maxĭmi. *H. See* CONVIVIUM.

COMĪTAS, atĭs. *f. Courteousness, obliging manner and disposition.* Forma, simplĭcĭtatĕ, comĭtatĕ. *St.* [¶ Bŏnĭtas, humanĭtas, bĕnignĭtas.] *See* BONITAS.

CŎMĪTANS, tĭs. 1. *Accompanying another; and* CŎMĪTATŬS, ă, um. *part. Having accompanied,* &c. *V. See* COMITO. [¶ Cŏmĭtans, cŏmĕs, sĕcutŭs.] 2. More freq. pass. *Accompanied.* Phrȳgĭis cŏmĭtatā mĭnistris. *V. O.* [¶ Stipatŭs, cinctŭs.]

CŎMĪTATŬS, us. *m. A cortège, train of attendants.* Et nunc illĕ Pāris cum semĭvĭro cŏmĭtatu. *V.* [¶ Cœtŭs, cătervā, cŏmĭtes.] *See* TURBA.

COMĪTĔR. *Courteously, kindly.* Comĭtĕr excĭpĭtŭr; sanguĭnĕ junctŭs ĕrāt. *O.* [¶ Bĕnigne, humane.]

CŎMĪTIA, orum. *n. pl. The comitia, public meetings of the Roman people. C. D.* Campus cŏmĭtĭis, ut conscriptis curĭā. *Aus.* [¶ Conventŭs, septā.]

CŎMĪTIUM, ĭi. *n. The place of holding the comitia. See* C.

CŎMĪTO, as, *and* CŎMĪTŎR, arĭs. 1. *To accompany, to follow.* Quem plā nobiscum proles cŏmĭtavĭt ĕuntem. *O.* Qui sic cŏmĭtatŭr ĕuntem. *V.* [¶ Sĕquŏr, stipo.] Crcl. Cŏmĕs sum, adsum, ĕo, grādĭŏr, hærĕo, vĕnĭo, addŏr. Me cŏmĭtem, sŏcĭum do, addo, infĕro, jungo, adjungo. Me cŏmĭtem non nĕgo *or* abnĕgo. Cŏmĕs irĕ non rĕcuso. ~Itĕr, gressum cŏmĭtŏr. Vestigĭā servo. *See* SEQUOR. 2. *To attend a funeral* (perhaps any procession). Nos jŭvĕnem vano mœsti cŏmĭtamŭr hŏnorĕ. *V.* [¶ Prosĕquŏr.] 3. *Found pass.* Ingĕnĭo tămĕn ipsĕ mĕo cŏmĭtorquĕ frŭorquĕ. *O. See* COMITATUS.

COMMĂCŬLO, as. *To stain, pollute.* Lit. *and* fig. Natorum sanguĭnĕ matrem Commăcŭlarĕ mānus. *V. See* MACULO.

COMMĔMĪNI, isti, issĕ. *To remember.* Hac, si commĕmĭnĭ, prætĕrĭtaquĕ dĭc. *O. See* MEMINI.

COMMĔMŎRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Memorable. Ter. See* MEMORABILIS.

COMMĔMŎRANDŬS, ă, um. *Worthy of record. V. See*

COMMĔMŎRO, as. *To call to mind, to relate, record. O. See* MEMORO.

COMMENDO, as. 1. *To consign to the care of, to entrust to.* Sacrā sŭosquĕ tĭbi commendat Trojā pĕnates. *V.* [¶ Committo, credo, trado, mando.] 2. *To recommend. H. O.* 3. *To commend, cause to be valued.* ~-unt magnā nomĭnā pārentum. *O.* Crcl. Addo pondŭs, prĕtĭum, dĕcŭs, hŏnorem.

COMMENTŎR, arĭs. *To meditate, think upon. Pl. See* MEDITOR.

COMMENTŎR, orĭs. *m. An inventor, deviser.* Uvæ ~. *O. See* INVENTOR.

COMMENTUM, i. *n. An invention, fiction. O.* [¶ Mendacĭum.] *See* M.

COMMENTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* COMMINISCOR. 1. *Having conceived, invented. Sen.* 2. Pass. *Contrived, fictitious.* Gĕmĭtus fictos, ~-ăquĕ funĕrā narrāt. *O.* [¶ Falsŭs, fictŭs.]

COMMĔO, as. *To go, come and go. L. See* EO.

COMMERCĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Commerce, traffic. See* MERCATURA. 2. *Intercourse, communication.* ~-ă bellĭ. *V.* pacti. *L.* Ausŏnĭæ linguæ; cœli. *O.*

COMMĔRĔO, es, rŭi *and* rĭtŭs sum. 1. *To merit, deserve.* An sĕmĕl est pœnam commĕrŭissĕ pārum? *O. See* MEREO. 2. *To commit a fault, to be guilty.* Quĭd ~-ĭistĭs ŏves? *O.* [¶ Admitto, committo, delinquo.] *See* PECCO.

COMMĬGRO, as. *To change home, to settle in one place from another. Ter. See* MIGRO.

COMMILĬTĬUM, ĭi. *n. Brotherhood in arms; time of common service* Et commillĭtĭi sacrā tŭendā pŭtas. *O.*

COMMILĬTO, onĭs. *m. A fellow-soldier.* (Commillĭum.) Crcl. Bellorum sŏcĭŭs.

COMMĬNISCŎR, scĕrĭs, mentŭs sum. *To devise, contrive, invent* (mly. in a bad sense). Făbrĭcarĕ quidvis, quidvis commĭniscĕrĕ. *Pl. M.* [¶ Invĕnĭo, fingo, excogĭto.]

COMMĬNŬO, ŭĭs, ŭi, utum. 1. *To break into pieces.* Da nigris commĭnŭendā mŏlis. *O. See* FRANGO. 2. *To make less, diminish; impair, weaken.* ~ argenti pondŭs ĕt auri. *H.* vires ingĕnĭi. *O. See* MINUO.

COMMĬNŬS. *See* COMINUS.

COMMISCĔO, es, scŭi, xtum *or* stum. *To mix with.* Et sŭā cum mĭsĕræ commiscŭĭt ossā pŭellæ. *Pp. See* MISCEO.

COMMISSUM, i. *n.* 1. *An ill deed done, offence committed.* Pœna commissā lŭĕtĭs. *V.* Turpĕ ~. *H.* [¶ Delictum, admissum, peccatum, crĭmĕn, culpā.] *See* CULPA. 2. *A secret.* ~-i fĭdes prodĭgā. *H. See* ARCANUM. 3. *A deposit. O. See* DEPOSITUM.

COMMITTO, ĭs, isi, issum. 1. *To join together, unite.* Qua naris fronti committĭtŭr. *O.* Dextĕrā dextræ ~-ĭtŭr. *O. See* JUNGO. 2. *To engage in fight, contest,* &c. ~ mānum Teucris. *V.* prœlĭā. *O.* martem. *Sil.* ~-ĭtŭr pugnā; ăcĭes. *Pp.* ~-untŭr ludi. *V.* [¶ Compono.] Crcl. Do in prœlĭā. 3. *To put to the balance, compare.* ~-ĭt vates, et compārāt indĕ Mārŏnem. *J. See* COMPARO. 4. *To give to* (with a sense of trusting), *confide.* ~ ălendum; semĭnā sulcis. *V.* vinum venis. *H.* [¶ Credo, permitto, trado.] 5. ~ me, *to trust, commit oneself to. V. O.* [¶ Confido.] *See* C. 6. *To do, commit* (what is wrong). *V. O.* [¶ Admitto, pătro, făcĭo, ăgo, delinquo, pecco.] *See* PECCO, CULPA.

COMMŎDĔ. *adv.* 1. *As befits, as is proper, well.* Si făcĭas recte aut ~. *Pl.* ~Amictŭs ~. *Pl.* [¶ Apte, bĕnĕ, recte.] 2. *Kindly, courteously.* Responde ~. *Pl.* [¶ Cŏmĭtĕr, humane.]

COMMŎDĬTAS, atĭs. *f.* 1. *Convenient occasion, favorable opportunity.* Cogĭmŭr ipsius commŏdĭtatĕ frŭi. *O.* [¶ Occasĭo.] Crcl. Tempŏrā commŏdā, aptā, opportunā. 2. *Kindness. Ter.* [¶ Bŏnĭtas, bĕnignĭtas.] 3. *Advantage* gen. *See* COMMODUM.

COMMŎDO, as. *To give, lend; accommodate by giving* or *lending.* Si mŏdŏ culturæ pătĭentem commŏdăt aurem. *H.* ~ ædes. *J.* [¶ Præbĕo, suffĭcĭo, largĭŏr, do, ădhĭbĕo.]

COMMŎDUM, i. *n. Advantage, profit. H. O.* (Commŏdŭs.) [¶ Utĭlĭtas, bŏnum, emŏlŭmentum; *sts.* prĕtĭum.]

COMMŎDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Befitting, suitable.* Aut spes exsĭlĭi commŏdĭorĭs ĕrāt. *O.* [¶ Aptŭs, convĕnĭens.] 2. *Useful, advantageous, favorable.* ~ sĭbĭ uni. *H.* ăd cursum vestĭs. *O.* [¶ Accommŏdŭs, aptŭs, ĭdonĕŭs, utĭlĭs.] 3. *Good, kind.* ~ ĕt pătĭens. *H.* [¶ Bŏnŭs, bĕnignŭs, făcĭlĭs, comĭs, indulgens.]

COMMOLIŎR, irĭs. *To design, prepare.* Quum commoliri tempestas fulmĭnā cœptāt. *Lr. See* MOLIOR.

COMMŎNĔO, es. *To put in mind, advise, warn. Sil. Ter. See* MONEO.

COMMŎRŎR, aĭs. *To stop with, tarry with; used also* tr. *Pl. See* MOROR.

COMMŎVĔO, es, movi, motum. 1. *To put into motion, shake, stir.* Cĕlĕres nĕquĕ commŏvĕt alas.

V. Commoverĕ cānes (cervum). *V.* [¶ Mŏvĕo, āgĭto, āgo, impello, excĭto, cĭĕo, excĭĕo, quātĭo.] Fig. 2. *To cause emotion, affect with strong feeling; to enrage.* ~ Imaginĕ pœnæ. *V. Fl.* commotā plebēcālā. *Pers.* Grāvĭtĕr commotūs. *V.* [¶ ˘Agĭto, mŏvĕo, permŏvĕo, afflĭcĭo, impello.] *See* FLECTO, TURBO, IRATUS, AMENS. 3. ~ sācrā. *To carry about the sacred vessels, images, &c. in procession. V. See* QUATIO.

COMMUNĬCO, as. *To communicate, impart to another* or *others.* At sūā Tydides mecum communĭcāt actā. *O.* [¶ Committo, credo, impertĭŏr.] Crel. Partĭcĭpem, sŏcĭum, consortem fācĭo, hābĕo. ˘In partem vŏco, lŏco, ādhĭbĕo. Sŏcĭum advŏco, mīhĭ adjungo. *To get, lay up in common.* ˘In mēdĭum quæro, in mēdĭum rĕpono.

COMMUNIS, ĕ. 1. *Common, belonging to many.* Mŏdŏ ne communīā solūs Occŭpēt. *V.* Phr. *The common air,* &c. Aurā cunctis ēt undā pātens. *A common feeling.* Unā omnĭbūs mens. Idem omnes ardŏr hābēt. *Common safety and danger.* Unum ēt communē pĕrĭcŭlum. *A common occupation.* Unūs omnĭbūs lābŏr, unā quĭes. *Under a common roof.* Consortīā tectā hābent. 2. *Ordinary, common.* [¶ Vulgārĭs, trĭtĭus.]

COMMUNITAS, ātĭs. *f. Community. See* COMMUNIS, SOCIETAS.

COMMUNITĔR. *In common, equally.* Dique O! communĭtĕr omnes. *O.* [¶ Pārĭtĕr, æque, ĭtem.]

COMMURMŬRO, as. *To murmur indistinctly. Sil. See* MURMURO.

COMMUTABĬLIS, ĕ. *Changeable. See* MUTABILIS.

COMMUTO, as. *To change, exchange.* Sic volvenda ætas commutat tempŏrā rerum. *Lr.* Styx quŏquē, si quĭd ĕā est, bĕnē commutabĭtŭr Istro. *O. See* MUTO.

COMO, ĭs, mpsi, mptum, *or* msi, mtum. 1. *To comb, dress the hair.* Comat virgĭnĕas hastā rĕcurvā cŏmas. *O.* [¶ Pecto, orno, compono.] *See* PECTO. 2. *To adjust, arrange.* ~ vestes ēt cingŭlā. *Cl.* [¶ Apto, compono.] 3. Fig. *pro* orno. *See* ORNO.

COMŒDIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Comedy* (comic style, as opposed to tragic). Vocem comœdĭā tollĭt. *H.* [¶ Soccŭs, *or plur.* socci.] Ep. Tŏgātā, festīvā, lætā, lĕpĭdā. Crel. Socco dignā carmĭnā. 2. *A comedy* (comic piece). [¶ Fabŭlā.] *See* F.

COMŒDUS, i. *m.* (κωμῳδός.) *A comic actor;* used adj. *relating to comedy.* [¶ Actŏr.]

CŌMOSŬS, ā, um. *Having much* or *long hair.* Calvūs, cōmosa frontē, nudo corpŏrē. *Ph. See* CAPILLATUS.

COMPACTŬS, ā, um. *part. See* COMPINGO. *Joined, set well together.* Septem compactā cĭcutis Fistŭlā. *V.* ~-is trābĭbūs. *V.* [¶ Junctūs, conjunctūs, connexūs.]

COMPAGES, ĭs. *f.* (*and* COMPAGO, ĭnĭs. *f. O. J.*) *A joining* or *setting together.* Inquē fĕri curvam compagĭbūs alvum. *V.* Lāpĭdum compages, *pl. O.* ~ alni; lātĕrum. *L.* [¶ Compago, junctūrā, nexūs, vincŭlum, commissūrā.] Ep. Ferrĕā, arctā, vālĭdā, rīgĭdā, sŏlĭdā, durā.

COMPAR, ĭrĭs. 1. *The match* or *peer to another, equal, very like;* used also subst. *A companion* or *consort.* Bellatorquē sūo prensus sīnē compārē bellāt. *O.* Munĭā compārĭs (= conjŭgis). *H.* ~-ĭbūs frenis. *O. See* SOCIUS, CONJUX.

COMPARĔO, es. *To appear, to be seen, to be present.* Nĕc . . . illis solĭbūs ullā Comparebāt āvĭs. *Lr.* and *O.* [¶ Apparĕo, vīdĕŏr, adsum, fio.]

COMPARO, as. 1. *To get ready, prepare.* Compārāt indigno vimquē dŏlumquē tŏro. *O.* [¶ Pāro, appāro, strŭo, mollĭŏr.] *See* PARO. 2. *To get together, gather.* Imbres nĭvesquē ~. *H.* [¶ Colligo (ĭs), cogo.] 3. *To acquire, get.* [¶ Pāro, appāro.] *See* ACQUIRO; *sts.* EMO. 4. *To set together; to compare.* ~ lābellā cum lābellis. *Pl.* ˘Et se mīhĭ ~-āt Ajax! *O.* [¶ Committo, compono, confĕro, æquo, exæquo, assĭmĭlĭo, apto.] Phr. 1. *To compare great things with small; set one against the other for illustration,* &c. &c. ˘Anĭmum e parvis ād majorā rĕfĕro. Exemplā a magnis rebūs ād mĭnores sumo. Magnis inférĭorā apto. Grandĭā parvis assĭmĭlĭo. Exemplis grandĭbūs in parvo utŏr. *O.* Phr. 2. *Formulæ of comparison.* Ceu, ūt, vĕlūt, vĕlūtī, sicūt, instār (*with gen.*). ˘Ad instār. ˘Ut sōlĕt. ˘Ut quondam. Non *or* haud ālĭtĕr. Haud (*or* non) sēcūs ac, atquē. Sĭmĭlĭs (*gen.* or *dat.*). Ritu, mŏdo, in morem (*gen*). Quam multi. Qualis . . . talis.

COMPĒDIS, compēdĕ, *and sts.* compēdem: *cases found in the sing. of* Compes. *f.*; COMPĒDES, um. *pl.* 1. *Fetters, chains.* Sed nēquē compēdĭbus nec me compescĕ cātenis. *O.* Compēdĕ vinctum. *Tib.* Compēdĭs orbes. *Cl.* [¶ Vincŭlā, cātenæ.] *See* VINCULUM. 2. Fig. *Used of a frozen river.* Nĭvali compēdĕ vinctūs. *H. Used of love's fetters.* Grātā c. vinctūs. *H.* [¶ Vincŭlum, nexūs, lāquēūs, nodūs.]

I. COMPELLO, as. *To accost, speak to. O. V.* [¶ Allŏquŏr, affari.] *See* ALLOQUOR.

II. COMPELLO, ĭs, pŭli, pulsum. 1. *To drive forward, make move on, make go.* Hœdorumquē grĕgem vīridi compellĕre hĭbisco. *V.* [¶ Impello, pello, ăbĭgo, urgĕo, trudo, āgo.] 2. *To force, compel.* [¶ Cogo, ādĭgo, sūbĭgo.]

COMPENDIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Gain made by economy, gain.* Ignotis rĕpētens compendĭā terris. *Tib. See* LUCRUM. 2. Fig. *Saving of time, of way. Pl.* 3. *A shorter road, short cut.* Pĕr ~-ā montĭs antĭcĭpārē vīam. *O.* Compendĭā (*abs.*). *Sil.* ~-ā leti. *Sil.* silvæ. *St.*

COMPENSO, as. 1. *To make one thing balance another, to take as equivalent.* Tot tāmēn amissis te compensavĭmŭs unum. *O.* ~ vītĭis bōnā. *H.* [¶ Penso, æquo.] 2. *To make up for, equal.* [¶ Penso, æquo, rĕsarcĭo, rĕpendo.]

COMPĔRIO, is, ĕri, ertum. *To discover, find out, learn.* Compĕrīt invĭdĭam supremo fīnē dŏmari. *H.* [¶ Cognosco, novi, audĭo, disco.]

COMPES. *See* COMPEDIS.

COMPESCO, ĭs, ŭi. 1. *To keep inclosed by force, to restrain, keep in.* ~ ripis Rhenum. *Sil.* ĕquum ferro. *Tib.* ŏcellos. *Pp.* lābellum dĭgĭto. *J.* [¶ Contĭnĕo, tĕnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, cōhĭbĕo, claudo, comprĭmo, rĕprĭmo, cŏercĕo, impēdĭo, freno, &c.] *See* COHIBEO. Fig. 2. *To appease.* ~ sītim unda; quĕrelas. *Lr.* dŏlores vino. *Tib.* cordā. *Sil.* ~-ĭtŭr irā lēonum. *O. See* SEDO. 3. *To prune, cut short.* ~ ramos; culpam ferro. *V.* spātĭantĭā brachĭā. *O.* luxurĭantĭā. *H.* [¶ Amputo, rĕcido, rescindo.]

COMPĔTO, ĭs, ivi *or* ĭi. *To be fit, suitable, sufficient.* Romanos terra atque undis, ŭbī compētĭt ætas. *Sil.* [¶ Adsum, suppĕto.]

COMPILO, as. *To rob, plunder.* Ne me Crispini scrinĭā lippi compilassĕ pŭtes. *H. See* FUROR.

COMPINGO, ĭs, egi, actum. *To drive with violence. Pl.* [¶ ˘Adĭgo, compello (ĭs), trado.]

COMPĬTUM, i. *n. The spot where two* or *more roads meet.* Rumor per compĭtā manāt. *H.* [¶ Trĭvĭum.] *See* T.

COMPLĂCĔO, es. *To please.* Complăcŭĭssē dĕhinc, displĭcŭĭssē prĭŭs. *Aus. See* PLACEO.

COMPLECTŎR, ctĕrĭs, xŭs sum. 1. *To encircle, take full hold of, comprise.* Grēmĭo complectĭtŭr ossā. *V.* Sŏpŏr ~-ĭtŭr artus. *V.* ~ omnĭā verbis. *O.* [¶ Amplectŏr, comprĕhendo *and* comprendo, contĭnĕo, tĕnĕo.] 2. *To compass, surround.* ~ dulci umbra. *V.* [¶ Cingo, circumdo.] 3. Sts. *To embrace, kiss.* Dextram complexūs ĕuntĭs. *O. See* COMPLEXUS, AMPLECTOR. 4. To receive

with affection; study, cultivate, with pleasure. ∾ cŏmĭtem casus ĭn omnes. *V.* artes ingĕnŭas. *O.* [¶ Cŏlo, fŏvĕo.]

COMPLĔO, es, evi. 1. *To fill, fill full.* Lunæ se cornŭă lumĭnĕ complent. *V.* ∾ lŏcă millĭtĕ. *V.* sĕdillĭă. *Cl.* [¶ Implĕo, rĕplĕo.] 2. *To complete, make fully up.* ∾ nŭmĕrum. *V.* *Fig.* 3. ∾ æthĕrĭă ŭlŭlatĭbŭs; agmĭnă pugnantĭum (de vocĕ). *V.* sĕdillĭă flatu (de tibĭa). *H.* 4. *To complete, finish completely.* Annŭŭs exactis completur mensĭbŭs orbĭs. *V.* ∾ sæcŭlă vitæ. *O.* [¶ Implĕo, absolvo, perfĭcĭo, confĭcĭo, pĕrăgo.]

COMPLETŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* COMPLEO. 1. *Full, completely filled.* Jamquĕ pĕr Etruscos lĕgĭo completă mănĭplos. *Sil.* [¶ Impletŭs, plenŭs.] 2. *Finished, perfected.* [¶ Confectŭs, perfectŭs, pĕrăctŭs.]

COMPLEXŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* COMPLECTOR. 1. *Having embraced,* or *embracing.* Pŭĕrum ∾. *O.* ∾ ĕuntem. *V.* [¶ Amplexŭs.] 2. *Having encircled,* or *encircling.* Umbra ∾-ă pĕnates (laurŭs). *V.* [¶ Complectens, amplexŭs, cingens, circumdans.]

COMPLEXŬS, us. *m.* *An embrace, embracing.* Inter complexus excĭdĭt umbră mĕos. *Pp.* *See* AMPLEXUS.

COMPLĬCO, as. *To fold together.* *See* PLICO.

COMPLORO, as. *To deplore.* Mŏdo complorassĕ pĕnates. *O.* *See* DEPLORO.

COMPLURES, ă *and anc.* ĭă. *gen.* ĭum. *Many, a great number.* Complures ăllĭos, doctos ĕ,ŏ quos ĕt ămicos. *H.* [¶ Permulti, plures, plurĭmi.]

COMPONO, ĭs, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum *and* ostum. 1. *To put together the materials that form a building, to found, build.* Urbem tuta componĕrĕ terra. *V.* [¶ Pono, stăttĭo, condo, constĭtŭo.] *See* ÆDIFICO. 2. *To form, fashion.* ∾-ĭtŭr infans. *O.* [¶ Fingo, confĭcĭo.] 3. *To place close together, to join together.* ∾ mănĭbŭs mănus, orĭbŭs orĕ. *V.* [¶ Committo, jungo, conjungo.] 4. *To pit together, set together in contest.* *Sil.* [¶ Committo, oppono.] *Fig.* 5. *To bring into order, adjust, compose.* ∾ gĕnŭs indŏcĭlĕ; curas. *V.* mores sŭos. risus orĕ; făcĭem pugnæ. *Tib.* [¶ Fingo, formo, informo, apto, ordĭno.] 6. *To appease, to calm.* ∾ fluctus. *V.* *See* SEDO. 7. *To lay to rest.* ∾ sĕnĭum pătrĭa terra. *St.* ŏcŭlos virga. *V.* *Fl.* 8. *To lay the limbs together for rest, sleep; to put to rest, sleep.* ∾ se; defessă membră; dĭem (de vespĕrĕ). *V.* 9. *To lay out in death, to bury.* Tu mĕă ∾-es ossă. *Prop.* Tŏro mortŭă ∾-ăr. *O.* *See* SEPELIO. 10. *To settle a quarrel, to reconcile.* ∾ aversos ămicos. *H.* lites; fœdĕrĕ bellum. *V.* [¶ Jungo, concĭlĭo.] 11. *To compose* (verses). ∾ carmĭnă. *H.* ĕlĕgos. *O.* [¶ Condo, scribo.] *See* SCRIBO. 12. *To compare.* ∾ magnă parvis. *V.* cladem cladi. *O.* *See* COMPARO.

COMPŎS, ŏtĭs. 1. *One who has got, obtained, is master of.* Insĕquĕre, et voti postmŏdŏ compŏs ĕrĭs. *O.* ∾ mĕmŏrabĭlĭs ausi. *Sil.* Phr. Victor propŏsĭti. 2. ∾ ăuĭmi, mentĭs; sts. abs. *One in possession of his reason.* *O.* *See* SANUS, AMENS, &c.

COMPŎSĬTO. *adv.* *As concerted beforehand, after a plan.* Compŏsĭto rumpit vocem &c. *V.* ∾ factum est. *Ter.*

COMPŎSĬTŎR, orĭs. *m.* *One who puts together in order; composer, author.* Plus sĭbĭ permisit compŏsĭtorĕ sŭo. *O.*

COMPŎSĬTŬS, ă, um, *and* COMPOSTŬS. *part.* *See* COMPONO. 1. *Arranged, disposed, set in order.* ∾-is crinĭbŭs. *V.* *Fig.* 2. ∾ pax. *V.* tŏrŭs. *O.* [¶ Junctŭs.] 3. *Calmed, calm, at rest.* ∾ mărĕ. *O.* ∾-ă armă. *H.* [¶ Plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs.] 4. *Lying at rest in sleep* or *in the grave.* Plăcĭda *compostŭs* pacĕ. *V.* ∾ somno vinoquĕ. *O.* In plăcĭdo littŏrĕ. *Pp.* ∾-i clĭnĕrea. *O.* *See* SEPULTUS, SOPITUS, RECUBANS. 5. *Composed* (of a work). [¶ Condĭtŭs, scriptŭs.] 6. *Appointed, previously fixed.* ∾ horă. *H.* ∾-ă verbă. *O.*

COMPRĔCŎR, aris. *To pray earnestly.* Cœlestumquĕ fĭdem suprema comprĕcŏr hora. *Cat.* *O.* *See* PRECOR.

COMPRĔHENDO, *and* COMPRENDO, ĭs, di, sum. 1. *To lay hold of, to seize.* Robŏrĕ comprendit (ignĭs). *V.* ∾-ĭtŭr ignĭbŭs aggĕr. *O.* [¶ Prĕhendo, prendo, căpĭo, răpĭo, arrĭpĭo.] 2. *To embrace, include, contain.* ∾ omnes scĕlĕrum formas. *V.* dictis. *O.* [¶ Complectŏr, contĭnĕo, concludo.] 3. *To comprehend, conceive.* [¶ Intellĭgo, assĕquŏr, concĭpĭo.]

COMPRIMO, ĭs, pressi, pressum. 1. *To press, press close and tight.* Comprĭmăt ordĭnĭbus versus. *O.* Compressis ăgĭto labris. *H.* [¶ Prĕmo, constringo, stringo, arcto.] *See* ARCTO. 2. ∾ ŏcŭlos. *To close a person's eyes.* [¶ Claudo.] 3. *Fig.* *To stop, stay, hold back; appease.* ∾ murmŭrĕ. *O.* gressum. *V.* ensem. *Sil.* vocem; linguam; se (*to be silent*). *Pl.* impĕtum; ămorem ĕdendi. *V.* [¶ Prĕmo, rĕprĭmo, contĭnĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, cŏercĕo; sedo, placo, &c.] *See* COHIBEO.

COMPRŎBO, as. *See* PROBO.

COMPTŬS, *or* COMTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* COMO. *Combed, dressed; dressed out, decked.* Vitta comptos prætendĕrĕ ramos. *V.* ∾-i de morĕ căpilli. *O.* [¶ Ornatŭs, cultŭs, compŏsĭtŭs, pexŭs.] *See* PECTO.

COMPŬTO, as. *To count, reckon.* Atquĕ sŭos jam dextra compŭtăt annos. *J.* *See* NUMERO.

CONAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* *An effort.* Dixĭt, et exĭgŭo funem conamĭnĕ traxĭt. *O.* *See* CONATUS.

CONATĂ, orum. *n. pl.* *Efforts.* *Lr.* *J.* *See* CONATUS (us).

CONATŬS, us. *m.* 1. *An effort.* In mĕdĭis conatĭbŭs ægri succĭdĭmŭs. *V.* [¶ Conamĕn, conatŭ, moliměn, nisŭs, vis.] Ep. Ingens, vălĭdŭs, magnŭs, fortĭs, summŭs; debĭlĭs, exĭgŭus. 2. *An enterprise, undertaking.* *O.* [¶ Inceptum, cœptum, ausum, tentamĕn, consĭlĭum, propŏsĭtum, orsă.]

CONCĂVO, as. *To hollow out; to curve, bow.* In gĕmĭnos ŭbĭ brachĭă concăvăt arcus Scorpĭŏs. *O.* *See* CAVO, FLECTO.

CONCĂVŬS, ă, um. 1. *Hollow.* ˘Ubĭ concăvă pulsu Saxă sŏnant. *V.* ∾ velă. *O.* *See* CAVUS. 2. CONCĂVĂ, orum. *n. pl.* *Hollow, deep, open places.* Valles ĕt ∾-ă saltu (vincĕrĕ). *Cl.*

CONCEDO, ĭs, essi, essum. 1. *To go away, withdraw, depart.* Hinc saltem concede: hæc arĭ tŭĕbĭtŭr omnes. *V.* Sŭpĕris concessĭt ăb oris. *V.* ∾-ĭt tempŭs pŭĕrilĕ jŭventæ. *O.* *See* RECEDO, ABEO, EO. 2. *To yield* (as inferior). *V.* *See* CEDO. 3. Tr. *To grant, permit.* Et me consortem nati ∾-ĕ sĕpulcro. *V.* ∾ uti (fortunâ). *H.* peccassĕ sĕmĕl tuto. *O.* pŭĕris ludum. *H.* [¶ Permitto, do, trĭbŭo, largĭŏr, dono.] Crel. Non abnŭo, non nĕgo, non invĭdĕo. *See* DO.

CONCĔLĔBRO, *and rarely* CONCĔLEBRO, as. 1. *To frequent, resort to in numbers.* Quæ terras frugifĕrentes Concĕlĕbras. *Lr.* [¶ Cĕlĕbro, frĕquento.] 2. *To celebrate, observe* (of rites and festivals). *O.* *See* CELEBRO.

CONCENTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A singing together,* or *playing on musical instruments together.* ˘Avĭum concentŭs ĭn agris. *V.* ∾ vocisquĕ lyræquĕ. *O.* *See* CANTUS. Crel. Concors cantŭs. Vocum discordĭă concors. 2. Fig. *Agreement in views and feelings, &c.* *H.* *See* CONCORDIA.

CONCESSŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* CONCEDO. *Allowed, permitted.* Concessa pŭdĕt irĕ vĭa, civemquĕ vĭdĕrĭ. *L.* [¶ Dătŭs, permissŭs, lĭcĭtŭs, justŭs, legĭtĭmŭs.] Crel. Non nĕgatŭs, non *or* haud vĕtĭtŭs.

CONCHĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A shell-fish. M.* [¶ Conchyllĭum, ostrĕum.] *See* OSTREUM. 2. *The shell only.* Ostrĕăque in conchis tută fŭerĕ sŭis. *O.* [¶ Testă.] 3. *The purple shell-fish.* Stratis ~-a Sidonĭdĕ tinctis. *O.* [¶ Conchyllĭum, murex.] *See* PURPURA. 4. *The pearl-oyster.* [¶ Unĭo, baccă.] Crel. E mări Rŭbro (e sŏlo R.) conchă lucĭdă (~Erȳcină). *See* UNIO. 4. *A sea-shell;* hence, *a kind of horn* or *trumpet.* Persŏnăt æquŏrĕ ~-a. *V. See* TUBA. 5. *Any thing made of shell* or *shell-shaped; salt-cellar, box for unguents, &c.* ~ sălis puri; unguentă de conchis. *H.*

CONCHYLĬUM, ĭi *and* i. *n.* 1. *A shell-fish; the shell only.* Cœnamŭs ăves, conchyllĭă, pisces. *H.* [¶ Conchă.] 2. *The purple shell-fish. Cat.* [¶ Conchă, murex.] 3. Pl. *Purple garments.* Horum ĕgŏ non fŭglam conchyllĭă? *J. See* PURPURA.

I. CONCĬDO, ĭs, ĭdi. (*Fr.* Cĭdo.) 1. *To fall;* freq. *to fall dead.* Contĭgimusquĕ mănum, qua concĭdĭt Illĭă tellus. *V. See* CADO. 2. *To drop, cease.* Concĭdunt venti. *H.*

II. CONCIDO, ĭs, idi, isum. (*Fr.* Cædo.) 1. *To cut, cut in pieces.* Et magnos scrŏbĭbus concĭdĕrĕ montes. *V.* [¶ Cædo.] 2. *To beat, scourge, to mangling.* ~ loris. *J.* Pugnis concisŭs. *J.*

CONCĬĒO, es. *See* CONCIO (is).

CONCĬLĬO, as. 1. *To unite, bring together.* Omnĭă quæ sursum quum concĭlĭantŭr ĭn alto. *Lr. See* JUNGO. Fig. 2. *To gain over, conciliate.* ~ dŏmĭnam sĭbĭ. *M.* dĕos hŏmĭni. *O.* [¶ Devincĭo, mulcĕo.] Crel. Pronum, făcĭlem reddo, effĭcĭo. 3. *To make a marriage.* Non me nupsisti ~-antĕ sĕni? *O.* ~ tŏros jŭgales. *St.* 4. *To procure, obtain.* ~ armă; regnum; sceptrĭ. *V.* [¶ Pāro, compāro, affĕro.] 5. *To recommend, make pleasing.* ~ artes dictis; ingĕnĭo făcĭlem. *O.* [¶ Commendo.]

CONCĬLĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Junction, union, coherence.* Partim concĭlĭo quæ constant principĭorum. *Lr.* [¶ Concĭlĭatĭo, cœtŭs.] 2. Us. *An assembly, council.* [¶ Cœtŭs, consessŭs, conventŭs.]

CONCINNŬS, ă, um. *Well-proportioned, well-formed, graceful, pleasing.* Virgo ~-a făcĭe. *Pl.* ~ Sămŏe; ~-ŭs ămĭcĭs. *H.* [¶ Aptŭs, convĕnĭens, elĕgans.]

CONCĬNO, ĭs, cĭnŭi, centum. *To sing, sing in concert.* Concĭnĭt albŭs ŏlŏr. *O. See* CANO.

I. CONCIO, is, ivi *and* ĭi, itum, *Lr. V. Fl., and anc.* CONCĬĒO, es, ivi, ĭtum, *Lr. Sil. To assemble, excite, stir, rouse up. See* CIEO.

II. CONCIO, onis. *f. An assembly of the people; a speech to them. See* ORATIO.

CONCĬPIO, ĭs, epi, eptum. 1. *To take, take in, receive.* Concĭpĕret flammas, totusque ardescĕrĕt axĭs. *O.* ~ æquas; vires. *O.* pabŭlă; fŭrĭas. *V.* [¶ Căpĭo, accĭpĭo, duco, trăho, comprendo, rĕcĭpĭo, răpĭo, admitto.] 2. *To conceive, engender. Lr. O. See* GIGNO. 3. *To conceive in the mind, meditate.* ~ ănĭmo urbes; dŏmos; majorĭă. *O.* [¶ Căpĭo, percĭpĭo, volvo, verso, mĕdĭtŏr, ăgĭto, mollĭŏr.] 4. *To pronounce in a set form of words* (concepta verba). ~-ĭt heros verbă plenissĭmă. *O.* ~ prĕces; votă. *O.* 5. ~ fœdŭs. *To enter formally into any engagement.* ~-ĕ fœdŭs. *V.* Conceptum excŭtĕ fœdŭs. *V.*

CONCĬTO, as. *To rouse, excite, drive.* ~Equum in mĕdĭos, mŏrĭturŭs ĕt ipsĕ, Concĭtăt. *V.* ~ æquas; agmĭn; pŏpŭli iram. *O.* [¶ Excĭto, suscĭto, mŏvĕo, impello, ăgo, cĭĕo.] *See* EXCITO.

I. CONCĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONCIEO. 1. *Driven, roused.* Concĭtŭs ira. *V.* Tormento concĭtă saxă. *V.* Tympăno Thyăs ~-ă. *H.* [¶ Impulsŭs, motŭs, actŭs.] 2. *Quickened, rapid.* ~-o grădu. *Ph.* ~ Mavors. *V. See* CELER.

II. CONCITŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONCIO. *Gathered together.* Indĕ rŭunt toto concĭtă pĕrĭcŭlă mundo. *L.*

CONCLAMATŬS, ă, um. 1. *Resounding with cries.* Conclamată quĕrelis Saxă. *M. See* SONANS. 2. *Thrice called to* (speaking of the dead). Corpŏrĕ nondum ~-ă jăcent. *L.*

CONCLAMO, as. 1. *To cry out, cry out together; to name aloud.* Itălĭam primus conclamăt ~Achates. *V. See* CLAMO. 2. *To call thrice to the dead before burning the body. See* CONCLAMATUS. *Fig.* 3. Conclamatum est. *Ter. It is all over; no hope left.* 4. *To call to, invoke. See* VOCO.

CONCLAVĂ, ĭs. *n. Any apartment that may be kept under lock and key.* Currĕrĕ per totum păvĭdi conclavĕ, măgisquĕ. *H.* [¶ Cŭbĭcŭlŭm, cellă, cămĕră.]

CONCLUDO, ĭs, si. 1. *To shut, shut in, close.* ~ sulco. *V.* follĭbŭs auras; versum. *H. See* CLAUDO, INCLUDO. 2. *To stop, close.* ~ vulnĕrĕ cera. *V. Fl.* [¶ Obturo.]

CONCŎLŎR, ŏris. *m. f. n. Of the same colour.* Cum fetu concŏlŏr albo. *V.* Crel. Cui cŏlŏr idem. Cŏlorĕ eodem tinctŭs.

CONCŎQUO, ĭs, oxi, octum. *To cook, boil together; to digest* (food taken). *See* COQUO.

CONCORDIĂ, æ. *f. Concord, agreement, union.* Rerum concordĭă discors. *H.* [¶ Pax, ămicĭtĭă; *sts.* fœdŭs.] Ep. Candĭdă, felix, optată. *See* PAX.

CONCORDĬTĔR. *With one mind and heart.* Dulces concordĭtĕr exĭgĭt annos. *O.* Crel. Una *or* concordi mentĕ. Stŭdĭis, ănĭmis concordĭbŭs.

CONCORDO, as. *To agree together, harmonize.* Per me concordant carmĭnă nervis. *O.* [¶ Consentĭo, consŏno, convĕnĭo.]

CONCORS, ordĭs. 1. *Of one mind, agreeing together.* Concordes ănĭmas. *V.* [¶ Unănĭmis, unănĭmŭs.] 2. *Used of things inanimate.*) Frenă concordĭă. *V.* ~-es annos eglmŭs. *O.* mensæ. *L.* ~ insanĭă. *Sil.* 3. *In harmony with.* ~ linguă cĭthăræ. *Sil.* [¶ Consŏnŭs.]

CONCREDO, ĭs, ĭdi, ĭtum. 1. *To confide, entrust.* Vel quĭbŭs obsessos possit concredĕrĕ muros. *V.* [¶ Credo, committo.] 2. *To trust in, depend upon. See* CONFIDO.

CONCRĔPO, as, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To make a rattling noise, ring with sound.* Cymbălă Thebano concrĕpŭerĕ dĕo. *Pp. See* CREPO. 2. *To cause to sound.* tr. Tĕmĕsæăquĕ ~-ăt æră. *O.* [¶ Persŏno; *ext.* pulso, quăttĭo.]

CONCRESCO, ĭs, crevi, cretum. *To be formed by condensation, to thicken, harden.* Omnĭa, ĕt ipsĕ tĕner mundi concrevĕrĭt orbĭs. *V.* ~-unt sŭbĭtæ ĭn flumĭnĕ crustæ. *V.* imbres gĕlĭdis ventis. *O.* Concrevĭt frigŏrĕ sanguĭs. *V.* [¶ Cŏăcesco, cŏălesco, cogŏr, densŏr, densĕŏr, induresco; *sts.* gĕlŏr, congĕlŏr.] *See* INDURESCO, GELOR.

CONCRETŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONCRESCO. 1. *Hardened, run together, condensed.* Et lac concretum cum sanguĭnĕ potăt ĕquino. *V.* ~-i crines sanguĭnĕ. *V.* [¶ Cŏactŭs, densatŭs, durŭs, rĭgĭdŭs; *sts.* glăcĭatŭs.] 2. Fig. *That which has grown with* or *into, inveterate.* ~ labes; multă dĭu. *V.*

CONCŬBIĂ NOX. *One of the divisions of the night among the Romans, the time when people are commonly asleep; the dead of night.* [¶ Concŭbĭum.] *See* C.

CONCŬBĬTŬS, us. *m. A lying together, sexual intercourse.* Concŭbĭtus prŏhĭbĭtĕ văgos. *H.* [¶ Cŏĭtŭs, ămŏr; *sts.* conjŭgĭum, connubĭum (*or* 3-*syll.*).] Ep. Vĕtĭtŭs, impurŭs, văgŭs, nĕfandŭs.

CONCŬBĬUM, ĭi. *n.* = Concubia nox.

CONCULCO, as. *To trample under foot.* Crel. Impŏsĭto pĕdĕ (sŭb pĕdĭbŭs) tĕro, protĕro. *See* CALCO.

CONCUMBO, ĭs, ŭbŭĭ, ŭbĭtum. *To lie down together side by side, sleep together.* O.

CONCŬPĬO (*and* CONCŬPISCO, Is), is. *To desire ardently.* Aut si quĭd unquam talĕ concŭpivĕrĭs. *H. See* CUPIO.

CONCURRO, Is, i, rsum. 1. *To run together.* Concurrunt trĕpĭdæ cŏmĭtes. *V.* [¶ Curro, accurro, advŏlo, convŏlo, cŏĕo, confluo.] **Crcl.** Magno concursu accedo. Ingenti nūmĕro afflŭo. 2. *To rush one against the other, clash together.* ∾-unt montes montĭbŭs. *V.* sidĕrā sidĕrĭbŭs. *H.* ventorum prœlĭā. *V.* ∾-It dextĕrā læva. *H.* [¶ Impingŏr, confligo.] 3. *To encounter in war, to fight with.* Audĕt vĭris ∾ virgo. *V.* ∾ comĭnŭs hosti. *O. See* PUGNO. 4. *To concur* (run together to one result), *accord. Ter.* [¶ Congrŭo, conspiro, convĕnĭo.]

CONCURSŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A concourse of people. V.* **Ep.** Magnŭs, ingens, cĕlĕbĕr, frequens. *See* TURBA. 2. *A shock, encounter.* Nostris ∾-ĭbŭs intŏnăt æther. *O.* [¶ Conflictŭs.]

CONCUSSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONCUTIO. 1. *Shaken.* ∾ ilex. *V.* 2. Fig. *Shaken* (the mind). ∾ mens mĕtu. *V.* fĭdes. *L.* [¶ Quassatŭs, lăbans, nutans.]

CONCŬTIO, Is, ussi, ussum. 1. *To shake, shake violently.* Ægĭdă concŭtĕret dextra, nimbosquĕ clĕrĕt. *V.* ∾ nutu orbem. *V.* Romă tŭmultu ∾-ĭtŭr. *L.* [¶ Quătĭo, ăgĭto, mŏvĕo, commŏvĕo, clĕo, concĭto.] 2. Fig. *To search, examine.* Fecundum concŭtĕ pectŭs. *V.* Te ipsum concŭtĕ. *H.*

CONDEMNO, as. 1. *To condemn. See* DAMNO. 2. *To blame. See* CULPO.

CONDENSŬS, ă, um. *Crowded thick together, close pressed.* Altarĭă circum condensæ (natæ). *V.* ∾-æ littŏrĕ puppes. *V. See* DENSUS.

CONDIMENTUM, i. *n. A seasoning, sauce.* Dique omnes perdant, cum condimentis tŭis! *Pl.* [¶ Conditĭo, conditurā.] **Ep.** Suavĕ, dulcĕ, gratum, utĭlĕ, acrĕ.

CONDĬO, is. *To season, pickle.* Nummis condirĕ gŭlosum. *J.* **Crcl.** Condimentis, dulci săporĕ tempĕro. Condimentā miscĕo, ădhĭbĕo. Dulcem săporem adspergo.

CONDISCIPŬLUS, i. *m. and* CONDISCIPŬLA, æ. *f. A school-fellow, fellow-pupil.* Rhetŏrā Lucĭŏlum, condiscipŭlum atquĕ măgistrum. *Aus.* **Crcl.** Stŭdĭis communĭbŭs conjunctŭs.

CONDISCO, Is, dĭdĭci. *To learn with, at the same time with; to learn, become accustomed to.* Crimen condiscĭtŭr annis. *O.* Paupĕrĭem păti ∾-ăt. *H. See* DISCO, ASSUESCO.

I. CONDĬTIO, onĭs. *f.* 1. *Condition, state.* Sortĭs . . . condĭtĭonĕ mĕæ. *O.* [¶ Fortunā, sors, stătŭs.] 2. *A condition, engagement, promise.* Audita ∾-onĕ. *O.* Sŭb certa ∾-onĕ. *O.* [¶ Lex, pactum, promissum.]

II. CONDĬTIO, onĭs. *f.* = Condimentum.

I. CONDĬTŎR, orĭs. *m. A creator, founder, author.* Romanæ condĭtŏr arcĭs. *V.* Mundi communĭs ∾. *J.* ∾ Ilĭădŏs. *J.* artĭs. *O.* [¶ Exstructŏr, fundatŏr, făbrĭcatŏr, crĕatŏr, molitŏr, auctŏr.] *See* SCRIPTOR.

II. CONDĬTŎR, orĭs. *m. One who seasons. See* COQUUS.

I. CONDĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONDO. 1. *Laid by, stored up.* Condĭtă post frumentă lĕvantes tempŏrĕ festo &c. *H.* ∾-ă quo quæris consŭlĕ (massĭcă). *M.* [¶ Rĕpŏsĭtŭs, rĕpostŭs.] 2. *Shut up, shut in, hid.* Ni tĕnĕant rigĭdæ ∾-ă bellă sĕræ. *O.* ∾-ă præcordĭă (Liber ăpĕrĭt). *H.* ∾ antro (anguĭs). *O.* [¶ Clausŭs, abdĭtŭs, tectŭs, &c.] *See* ABDITUS, ARCANUS. 3. Sp. *Buried, dead. See* SEPULTUS. 4. *Founded, built, made. H. See* FUNDO. 5. *Composed, written.* Chalcĭdĭco . . . ∾-ă versu. *V.*

II. CONDĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONDIO.

CONDO, Is, ĭdi, ĭtum. 1. *To lay by, store up.* ∾ nŭces. *O.* [¶ Rĕcondo, rĕpono.] 2. *To hide.* ∾ cœlum umbra. *V.* [¶ Abdo, occulto, abscondo, tĕgo, &c.] *See* ABDO. *Fig.* 3. ∾ vocem mĕmŏri aurĕ (*store up what is said*). *O.* 4. Sp. *To bury.* Lit. *and* fig. ∾ ănĭmam sĕpulcro. *V.* tŭmŭlo fraternas umbras. *O.* ferrum sŭb pectŏrĕ. *V.* dĭgĭtos ĭn lumĭnă. *O.* [¶ Sĕpelĭo; *and fig.* abdo, immitto, indo.] Fig. 5. *To close, see close, pass away.* ∾ soles cantando. *V.* dĭem ĭn collĭbŭs. *H.* 6. *To found, build.* Lit. *and* fig. Romanam ∾ gentem. *V.* ∾ nomĕn. *Sil.* nŏvă fată. *V.* succos uvæ. *Tib. See* FUNDO. [¶ Constĭtŭo, stătŭo, părĭo, făcĭo.] 7. *To compose, write.* ∾ rem nūmĕris. *O.* tristĭă bellă. *V.* [¶ Compono, scribo.] *See* SCRIBO. 8. Sts. *To lose sight of.* Urbes quas prævidĕrat navĭtă condebăt. ∾ littŏrĕ. *V. Fl.* [¶ Abscondo.]

CONDŎLĔO, es, ŭi. *To suffer at the same time with, to be in pain. H. O. See* DOLEO.

CONDONO, as. 1. *To give freely, present. See* DONO. 2. *To forgive a debt; to pardon, spare.* Si quam mălam rem debes, te condono. *Pl.* Et condonatas pŭĕro dimittĕrĕ culpas. *Aus.* [¶ Rĕmitto.] *See* PARCO.

CONDUCO, Is, xi, ctum. 1. *To bring together, gather together.* (Duco.) Nubĭlă conducĭt. *O.* [¶ Cogo, collĭgo (Is), congrĕgo, contrăho, conjungo.] 2. ∾ vulnŭs. *To close a wound* (by bringing the lips of it together). Molli conducĕrĕ vulnĕrā cera. *V. Fl.* [¶ Obduco.] 3. Freq. *To hire.* ∾ ædem, flumĭnă, portus. *J. See* LOCO. 4. *To suit, be suitable for.* Propŏsĭto ∾. *H. See* CONVENIO.

CONDUCTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONDUCO. 1. *United, got together.* Crescunt ∾-o cortĭcĕ rami. *O.* 2. Us. *Hired.* ∾-i plorant ĭn funĕrĕ. *H.* testes. *O.* ∾ lar. *M.*

CONDŬPLICO, as. *To double. Lr. See* DUPLICO.

CONDURO, as. *To harden. Lr. See* DURO.

CONFECTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONFICIO. 1. *Finished, done.* ∾ cursŭs. *V.* dŭellă. *H.* 2. *Done out, worn out, exhausted.* ∾-ă măcĭe; ætatĕ pĭrens. *V.* [¶ Exhaustŭs, effetŭs, defĭcĭens.]

CONFĔRO, fers, tŭli, llatum, ferrĕ. 1. *To carry or bring together; to contribute.* Quo multă săcerdos Lignĕă contŭlĕrat vĕtĕrum simŭlacrā dĕorum. *O.* Contŭlĭt æs pŏpŭlŭs. *O.* [¶ Comporto, fĕro, infĕro, affĕro.] 2. ∾ me. *To betake oneself, go. See* EO. 3. *To lay upon, cast upon.* ∾ culpam ĭn me. *Ter.* [¶ Transfĕro, verto.] 4. *To compress. See* REDIGO. 5. *To transform.* ∾ qm ĭn vŏlŭcrem; corpŭs ĭn saxum. *O. See* MUTO. 6. *To compare.* Nil ĕgŏ contŭlĕrim jucundo sanŭs ămico. *H. See* COMPARO. 7. *To set together in a contest, battle.* Contŭlĕrant arcto luctantĭă nexu Pectŏrā pectŏrĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ Committo, compono.] 8. ∾ mănum, martem, certamĭn, &c. *V.*; and sts. abs. *To engage in combat, to fight.* Mecum confĕr, ălt. *O. See* PUGNO. 9. ∾ litem. *To have a quarrel, dispute with any one. H. See* LITIGOR.

CONFERTŬS, ă, um. *part. of* Confercio. *Close pressed, crowded.* [¶ Densŭs, condensŭs, spissŭs, frequens.]

CONFESTIM. *As quick as possible, instantly. V. See* BREVI, PROTINUS.

CONFĬCIO, Is, eci, ectum. 1. *To make together, to make, effect.* Bŏnas me absente hic confecistis nuptĭas. *Ter.* [¶ Făcio, effĭcio, ăgo, pătro, perpĕtro.] 2. *To accomplish; completely, thoroughly do any thing.* Immensum spătĭis confecĭmŭs æquŏr. *V.* Confecĕrăt horas sŭas (somnŭs). *Sil.* [¶ Absolvo, perfĭcio, exsĕquŏr.] 3. *To consume, spend.* [¶ Absumo, exhaurio.] *See* DECOQUO. 4. *To consume, destroy.* Confĭcĕrent silvas (in-

cendĭŭ). *Lr.* [¶ Absumo, destrŭo.] 5. *To overpower.* ~-ĭt omnĭă terrŏr. *L.* [¶ Prĕmo, sterno.] 6. *To put an end to, put to death* (finish). Vulnŭs ăděactum confĭcĭt. *V. See* OCCIDO.

CONFIDENS, tĭs. 1. *Confident; trusting.* [¶ Fidens; securŭs, confisŭs.] 2. *Brave, bold;* us. *audacious, impudent, rash.* Nam quis te, jŭvĕnum confidentissĭmĕ, &c.? *V. See* AUDAX, CONFIDO.

CONFIDO, ĭs, sŭs sum. *To trust.* Afflictis mĕlĭus confidĕrĕ rebŭs. *V.* [¶ Fido, credo.] Crel. Me credo, committo. *See* FIDO.

CONFIGO, ĭs, xi, xum. *To pierce, transfix. J. See* FIGO, CONFODIO.

CONFINE, ĭs. *n. and* CONFINĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A border, boundary, confines.* ~ mămillæ. *V. Fl.* Sĭcŭlæ ~-ĭă terræ. *O.* 2. *Fig.* ~-ĭă mortĭs. *Tib.* auctumni ætatisquĕ. *Aus.* dŭbĭæ noctĭs. *O.*

CONFINIS, ĕ. 1. *Neighbouring, adjoining.* Qua collo confinĕ căput. *O. See* VICINUS. 2. *Fig.* Stŭdĭo ~-ĭă carmĭnă vestro. *O.* [¶ Affinis, cognatŭs. *See* CONFINE.

CONFINĬUM, ĭi. *n. See* CONFINE.

CONFIO (*obs.*), confĭt, *Lr. inf.* confĭĕri, *old passive of* Conficio. *To be made, done.* Nunc qua rătĭonĕ, quod instăt, Confĭĕri possĭt, paucis, advertĕ, dŏcebo. *V. See* CONFICIO.

CONFIRMO, as. 1. *To strengthen, make firm. See* FIRMO. 2. *To restore to strength.* [¶ Rĕfĭcĭo.] 3. Fig. *To re-assure, encourage. J. L.* [¶ Firmo, erĭgo.] Crel. ˘Anĭmum, ănĭmos addo.

CONFISĬS, ă, um. *Trusting, having trusted.* Pĕlăgo confisĭ sĕreno. *V.* ~ ămari. *Tib.* [¶ Confidens. fidens, fisŭs.]

CONFITĔŎR, ĭterĭs, essŭs sum. 1. *To own, confess. See* FATEOR. 2. *To show, betray.* ~ gĕlĭdo pallorĕ tĭmorem. *O.* [¶ Prodo, testŏr, indĭco, signĭfĭco, ostendo.]

CONFLIGO, ĭs, xi, ctum. *To strike* or *dash against one another; to contend together.* Confligunt zĕphyrusquĕ, nŏtusque et lætŭs ˘Eois Eurŭs ĕquis. *V. See* PUGNO.

CONFLO, as. 1. *To blow together; to fuse, form, forge.* Te pătlentĕ mĕæ conflavĭt ĭmagĭnis aurum. *Pp.* ~ falces ĭn ensem. *V.* [¶ Cudo, excudo, făbrĭco.] 2. Fig. *To cause, produce, raise* (blow up as a fire). ~ rem; ignem; cladem. *Lr.* invĭdĭam. *Cic.* [¶ Făcĭo, effĭcĭo, confĭcĭo, excĭto.]

CONFLUO, ĭs, uxi, uxum. 1. *To flow together.* Nĭl Nilŭs ĭn Hebrum Confluăt. *O. See* FLUO, INFLUO. 2. Fig. *To flow to, come to, in abundance.* Arbŏrĕ summa ~ (de ăpĭbŭs). *V.* Huc e toto orbĕ solertĭă ~-ĭt. *O.* [¶ Afflŭo, cŏĕo, convĕnĭo, concurro.]

CONFŎDIO, ĭs, odi, ossum. 1. Anc. *To dig. See* FODIO. 2. Us. *To pierce, stab.* Brachĭă tendentem Cyllenĭdĕ ~-ĭt harpe. *O.* [¶ Fŏdĭo, perfŏdĭo, transfŏdĭo, effŏdĭo, figo, configo, defigo, transfigo, perfŏro, percido, ăpĕrĭo, haurĭo, rĕcludo, perfringo, rumpo, perrumpo, transverbĕro, percŭtĭo, fĕrĭo, rimŏr, transĭgo, transădĭgo, transăbĕo, transĕo, sŭbĕo, pĕnĕtro.] Phr. Telis figo, defigo. *or* telă defigo ĭn. *See* VULNERO.

CONFORMO, as. *To form, fashion.* Vĭrĭdi sub frondĕ lăctentem Conformarĕ lŏcum (*V. Culex*). [¶ Formo, informo.]

CONFOSSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONFODIO. *Pierced through.* [¶ Confixŭs, saucĭŭs.]

CONFRĂGOSŬS, *and* CONFRĂGUS, ă, um. *Rough, rugged, craggy.* Confrăgă densis Arbŏrĭbus (dumetă). *L.* Pĕr ~-ă silvæ. *St.* [¶ Aspĕr, scăbĕr, ăllĕbrosŭs, scrupĕŭs, inaccessŭs, invĭŭs.] *See* SCRUPEUS.

CONFRĔMO, ĭs, ŭi. *To utter a deep or loud sound together, when under emotion.* Confrĕmŭere omnes. *O. See* FREMO.

CONFRINGO, ĭs, egi, actum. 1. *To break to pieces, shatter. Lr. L. See* FRANGO. 2. Fig. *To break down, humble. Cl.* [¶ Frango, rĕtundo.]

CONFŬGIO, ĭs, ugi. 1. *To flee for refuge, take refuge.* Elapsŭs ĭn agros Confŭgĕre, et Turni &c. *V.* ˘Ad aram ~. *O.* [¶ Fŭgĭo.] 2. *To have recourse to.* Pătrĭas mălĕ fortĭs ăd artes ~-ĭt. *O.* [¶ Decurro (ăd), arcesso, ădhĭbĕo, advŏco.]

CONFŬGIUM, ĭi. *n. A place of refuge. O.* Fulmĭnĕ percussæ confŭgĭumquĕ rătĭ. *O. See* PERFUGIUM.

CONFUNDO, ĭs, udi, usum. 1. *To mix, mingle.* Sĭcŭlis confundĭtŭr undis (Alpheus). *V.* ~-ĭmŭr ĭn chăŏs. *O.* 2. Sp. *To disfigure, mar the countenance.* ~ adversos ferro vultus; Mărĭi vultum. *L.* orĭă, ĕt pătrĭs nŏtas. *Sen.* [¶ Fœdo.] 3. *To confound, confuse, mix confusedly.* ~ săcrĭă prŏfanis. *Cl.* fasquĕ nĕfasquĕ; promissă, prĕces. *O.* [¶ Miscĕo, permiscĕo.] 4. *To confound, disturb.* ~-ŏr ĭmagĭnĕ noctĭs. *O. See* TURBO. 5. *To overturn.* ~ mœnĭă Trojæ. *O.* pŏsĭtas mensas. *V. Fl.* fœdŭs. *V. See* EVERTO.

CONFUSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONFUNDO. 1. *Mixed with, confused.* Diversum confusă gĕnus pantherĭ cămelo. *H.* ~ turbă. *O.* [¶ Mixtŭs, permixtŭs; *sts.* promiscŭŭs.] 2. *Troubled in spirit.* ~ ĭmagĭnĕ rerum. *V.* ~-ă pectŏrĭ firmăt. *V. Fl.* [¶ Turbatŭs, perturbatŭs, perculsŭs.] 3. *Indistinct.* Intellectă părum ~-ăquĕ verbă. *O.* [¶ Obscurŭs.]

CONFUTO, as. *To refute. Lr.* [¶ Rĕfŭto, rĕfĕllo.]

CONGĔLO, as. 1. *To congeal, freeze.* tr. Congĕlăt interdum lăcrĭmas, duratquĕ tĕnetquĕ. *O.* [¶ Gĕlo, duro.] 2. *To freeze, congeal.* intr. Vertĭtŭr in lăpĭdes, et ~-ăt aĕrĕ tacto. *O.* [¶ Indurescо, rĭgesco, gĕlŏr.]

CONGĔMĬNO, as. *To double, redouble.* Crebros ensĭbŭs ictus Congĕmĭnant. *V. See* GEMINO.

CONGĔMO, ĭs, ŭi, ĭtum. *To groan much* or *together, to groan, bewail. See* GEMO.

CONGĔRIES, ei. *f. A mass, heap;* sp. *a pile of wood.* Congĕrĭem silvæ Nĕmĕæo vellĕrĕ summam Sternĭs. *O.* [¶ Congestŭs, ăcervŭs, cŭmŭlŭs, strŭcs.] *See* ACERVUS.

CONGĔRO, ĭs, essi, estum. 1. *To heap together, pile up.* Divĭtĭas ălĭŭs fulvo sĭbĭ congĕrăt auro. *Tib.* ~ captivam vestem; aram sĕpulcri arbŏrĭbŭs. *V.* [¶ ˘Acervo, aggĕro, accŭmŭlo, strŭo.] *See* AGGERO. 2. Sp. *To build a nest.* Aĕrĭæ quo congesserĕ pălumbes. *V.*

CONGESTŬS, us. *m. A piling, heaping together.* Erexit sŭbĭtas congestu cespĭtis aras. *L.* ~ ărenæ. *Lr. See* CONGERIES.

CONGLŎBATŬS, ă, um. *part. of* Conglobo. *Gathered into a round mass.* Sed complexă mĕant inter se, conquĕ glŏbătă. *Lr.*

CONGLŎMĔRO, as. *To form into a ball. Lr.* Lit. *and* fig. *See* GLOMERO.

CONGRĔDIŎR, ĕlĕrĭs, essŭs sum. 1. *To go up to a person in order to speak to him.* Postquam congressi, primi sŭă verbă tŭlerunt. *O.* Haud sclo an collŏquar: congrĕdĭăr. *Pl.* [¶ Convĕnĭo, cŏĕo, collŏquŏr.] 2. *To encounter in fight. V. O.* Impar congressŭs ˘Achilli. *V. See* PUGNO.

CONGRĔGO, as. *To collect together.* Quid congrĕgarĕ cum lĕonĭbus vulpes? *M.* [¶ Cogo, collĭgo (ĭs), jungo, miscĕo.] Crel. ˘In unum conduco, cogo.

CONGRESSŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A meeting, interview.* Congressus pĕtĕ, natĕ, mĕos. *V.* [¶ Collŏquĭum.] 2. *A hostile meeting, combat. V. See* PUGNA.

CONGRŬO, ĭs, ŭi. 1. *To come together, meet.* Quo jam mănŭs horrĭdă matrum Congrŭĕrăt. *V. Fl.* [¶ Convĕnĭo, cŏĕo.] 2. Fig. *To agree together, suit, fit each other.* [¶ Convĕnĭo, concordo, consentĭo.]

CONGRŪŬS, ă, um. *Suitable, proper. Cl.* [† Congrŭens, par, sĭmĭlĭs, convĕnĭens, aptŭs, ĭdonĕŭs.] *See* SIMILIS.

CONĬFĔR, *and* CONĬGĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Bearing cone-shaped fruit.* Aĕrĭæ quercus, aut conĭferæ cȳpărissi. *V.*

CONJECTURA, æ. *f. A guess, conjecture.* Augŭrĭum rătĭo est et conjectŭrâ fŭturi. *O.* [† Suspicio.]

CONJECTŬS, us. *m. The action of casting, throwing together; a heap, mass. Lr.*

CONJICIO, ĭs, eci, ectum. 1. *To throw, dart.* Telăquĕ conjĭcĭunt proturbantque emĭnŭs hostem. *V.* ∾ saxâ. *V.* [† Jăcio, injĭcio, mitto, immitto; *sts.* torquĕo.] 2. ∾ me. *To throw oneself, rush. V.* 3. *To conjecture. Lr. Ter.* [† Conjecto, augŭrŏr, divino, suspĭcŏr.] **Crcl.** Conjecturam făcio. Conjectura assĕquŏr.

CONJŬGALIS, *and* CONJŬGĬALIS, ĕ. *Pertaining to marriage, conjugal.* Di conjŭgales tuquĕ gĕnĭalis tŏrĭ. *Sen.* Nec conjŭgĭalĭâ jurâ. *O.* [† Jŭgalis, connubĭalis, sŏcĭalis; *sts.* mărĭtŭs.]

CONJŬGĬALIS. *See* CONJUGALIS.

CONJŬGIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Marriage.* Ni dărĕ conjŭgĭum et dicto parerĕ fătetŭr. *V.* [† Connubĭum (*or* 3-*syll.*), connubĭâ, hȳmĕnæŭs, hȳmĕnæi, thălămŭs, thălămi, tædâ.] **Ep.** Solennĕ, săcrum, sanctum, consors, sŏcĭalĕ, sŏcĭum, pĕrennĕ, firmum, stăbĭlĕ, lætum, gĕnĭalĕ, faustum. **Crcl.** Tædæ jŭgales, sŏcĭales. Conjŭgĭi făces, vincŭlâ. Jŭgalis lecti consortĭâ. Vinclum jŭgalĕ. Jŭgum connubĭalĕ. Jŭgalĭâ, conjŭgĭalĭâ vincŭlâ, vinclâ, jurâ. Tŏri *or* thălămi fœdŭs, jurâ. Sŏcĭalis ămŏr. Pactâ fĭdes. Jŭgalĭâ săcrâ. Connubĭâ tædæ. Fœdĕrâ tædæ. Fœdŭs jŭgalĕ (conjŭgĭalĕ, sŏcĭalĕ, mărĭtum). Thălămorum vincŭlâ. **Phr.** 1. *To marry* (*of the man*). Uxorem duco. (*Of the woman.*) *See* NUBO. (*Of either.*) Tŏri, thălămi sŏcĭam, sŏcĭum, consortem duco, sumo, accĭpio. Thălămo sŏcio. Făcĕ solenni jungo. Cŭbilĭâ sŏcio cum &c. ˘In fœdŭs tŏri dellĭgo. Conjŭgio, legĭtĭmo fœdĕrĕ mĭhĭ jungo. Tæda dignŏr. Tŏri fœdŭs ĭnĕo. Fœdĕrĕ lecti sŏcĭŏr. **Phr.** 2. *To marry* (bring together in marriage). Jungo festâ connubĭâ. Jŭgales tŏros concĭlio. Tŏris vinclo. Festas tædas accendo. **Phr.** 3. *To give in marriage.* Natam—vĭro (gĕnĕro) do (sŏcio, dono, trado);—connubĭis (*or* 3-*syll.*), hȳmĕnæis do &c.;—intactam do;—primis ominibŭs jungo (jŭgo);—connubio (3-*syll.*) stăbĭli jungo *or* prŏprĭam dico. 2. *A chaste union in marriage.* **Ep.** Castum, sanctum, pŭdicum, invĭŏlatum, fĭdelĕ, fidum, intĕmĕratum. **Crcl.** Castum cŭbilĕ. C. conjŭgĭum. Pŭdici thălămi. Pŭdicâ tædâ. Thălămŭs sĭnĕ crimĭnĕ. Conjŭgĭi săcratâ fĭdes. Lex c. intĕmĕratâ (incorruptâ, servatâ). **Phr.** 4. *To keep the marriage vow.* Connŭbĭâ servo. Conjŭgĭi fĭdem (lecti fœdĕrâ) servo. Conjŭgĭi fĭdem (sŏcĭalĭâ jurâ) non fallo. Castum cŭbilĕ servo. *See* CASTUS. 3. *A defiled union.* **Ep.** Incestum, pollutum, vĭŏlatum, infelix. **Phr.** 5. *To break the marriage vow.* Thălămos, pactam fĭdem vĭŏlo. Cŭbilĕ tĕmĕro. Jurâ tŏri (connubĭalĭâ jurâ) prodo. Fœdĕrâ lecti desĕro. *See* ADULTEROR. **Phr.** 6. *To live unmarried. See* CÆLEBS, VIRGO. 4. Sts. *One of the married pair.* Conjŭgio Pyrrhi sceptrisquĕ pŏtitum. *V. Pp. See* CONJUX.

CONJUNCTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONJUNGO; *used also adj. Joined to, united with.* Quamvis conjunctĭŏr illo Nemŏ mĭhi est. *O.* [† Affinis, ămicŭs, devinctŭs.]

CONJUNGO, ĭs, xi, ctum. *To join together, unite.* Lit. *and* fig. Călămos cera ∾. *V.* ∾ dextras. *V.* [† Jungo, connecto, annecto, copŭlo; sŏcio, consŏcio; (*and for pass.*) cŏălesco, cŏĕo, convĕnio.] *See* JUNGO, &c.

CONJURATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONJURO. *Combined, leagued together.* Et conjurato descendens Dacŭs ăb Istro. *V.* ∾-ă tŭas rumpărĕ nuptias. *H.* ∾-æ rătes. *O.* [† Sŏciŭs, conjurans.]

CONJURO, as. 1. *To swear together. See* JURO. 2. *To combine, conspire.* Omnĕ tŭmultu Conjurat trĕpĭdo Lătĭum. *V.* [† Conspiro, convĕnio, consentio.]

CONJUX, ŭgis. *m.* 1. *A spouse, husband.* Heu! quis te casus dejectam conjŭgĕ tanto Excĭpit? *V.* [† Mărĭtŭs, vĭr; *sts.* sponsŭs, compar.] **Ep.** Carŭs, ămatŭs, dilectŭs, fidŭs, fĭdelis, sollĭcĭtŭs, uxorĭŭs. **Crcl.** Thălămi, tŏri, lecti sŏcĭŭs. Jŭgalis vincli consors. *See* CONJUGIUM. 2. *f. A wife.* Exemplum conjŭgis estŏ bŏnæ. *O.* [† Uxŏr, sponsâ.] *See* UXOR.

CONNECTO, ĭs, xŭi, xum. *To fasten together, tie, unite.* Cærŭlĕo vestes connexŭĭt anguĕ. *Cl.* ∾ verbâ lȳræ. *H.* [† Necto, jungo, conjungo, alligo.] *See* JUNGO.

CONNEXŬS, ă, um. *Fastened together, united.* Lit. *and* fig. Pĕdĭbus connexæ ad limĭnâ pendent. *V.* ∾-i rami. *L.* crines. *Pp.* [† Nexŭs, junctŭs, conjunctŭs, &c.; *and fig.* devinctŭs.] *See* JUNCTUS, DEVINCTUS.

CONNEXŬS, us. *m. A connexion,* or *connecting means of any kind. Lr.* [† Nexŭs, junctŭrâ.]

CONNISŬS, *and anc.* CONNIXŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONNITOR. 1. *Having striven, making* or *having made efforts.* Fert ingens toto connixus corpŏrĕ saxum. *V.* Totis connisŭs virĭbŭs. *V. Fl.* [† Annisŭs, enisŭs, nisŭs *or* nixŭs.] *See* ANNISUS, ENISUS. 2. CONNIXI, æ. *f. Having brought forth, having been delivered of* (for enixa, *Serv.*). Spem grĕgis ah! sĭlĭce in nuda connixâ rĕliquĭt. *V.*

CONNITŎR, ĕrĭs, isŭs *and anc.* ixŭs sum. *To strive greatly, use every effort.* Nunc totis in me connitĕrĕ flammis, Juplĭtĕr. *St. See* CONNISUS *above, and* NITOR.

CONNIVĔO, es, ivi *or* ixi. *To shut the eyes, wink.* Connivent, solemquĕ pĂvent agnoscĕrĕ visu. *Sil.*

CONNŬBĬALIS, ĕ. *Pertaining to marriage.* Connubĭalĭâ [= connubjalĭâ] jurâ. *O. See* CONJUGIALIS.

CONNUBĬUM [*not* CONNŬBĬUM *really, but as a trisyll.* = connubjum, *or* connub'um], ĭi. *n. Marriage.* Per connubĭâ nostrâ, pĕr inceptos Hȳmĕnæos. *V.* Connŭbio [*virtually*] jungam stăbĭli. *V.* [† Conjŭgĭum.] *See* C.

CŎNON, onis. *m.* (Κόνων.) 1. *An Athenian general so called.* 2. *A mathematician of Samos. C. D.* Idem me illĕ Cŏnon cœlesti in lumĭnĕ vidĭt. *Cat.*

CONOPEUM, *and* CONOPĔUM, *or rather* CONOPĬUM, i. *n. A curtain, canopy.* Et testudĭnĕo, tĭbi, Lentŭlĕ, conopeo. *J.* Tarpeio conopĭâ tendĕrĕ saxo. *Pp.* Sol adspĭcit conopĭum. *H.*

CONŎR, ăris. *To endeavour, strive.* Oppressum răpĭt, et conantem plurĭmâ frustra. *V.* [† Nitŏr, annitŏr, connitŏr, enitŏr, obnitŏr, tendo, contendo, incumbo, mollĭŏr, luctŏr, aggrĕdĭŏr, tento.] **Crcl.** Vires omnes ădhĭbĕo, impendo. Virĭbŭs nitŏr, enitŏr, connitŏr. Molimĭnĕ magno tento. Summis virĭbŭs, toto corpŏrĕ annitŏr. Summâ vi certo. ˘Allĭcui rĕi (*or* In *with acc.*) incumbo, acĕr incumbo, vires omnes verto.

CONQUASSO, as. *To shake thoroughly, shatter.* Conquassatŭr ĕnim tum mens ănĭmique pŏtestas. *Lr. See* QUASSO.

CONQUĔRŎR, ĕrĭs, questŭs sum. *To complain, lament.* Conquĕrăr an sĭlĕam? *O. See* QUEROR.

CONQUĬESCO, ĭs. *To rest, repose. Pl. See* QUIESCO.

CONQUIRO, ĭs, sivi *and* sĭi, situm. *To seek after, seek eagerly.* Non illis stŭdĭum vulgo conquirĕre ămantes. *Pp. See* QUÆRO.

CONSANGUĬNĔŬS, ă, um. *Related by blood, a re-*

lative. Et consanguĭnĕo lăcrĭmans commendăt ˘Acestæ. *V.* [† Affinis, cognatus, prŏpinquus.] **Crel.** Consanguĭnĭtatĕ junctus. Sanguĭnĕ prŏpinquus. Sanguĭnĕ cognato junctus. Sanguĭnĕ, grādu sanguĭnis prŏpĭor. ˘Eodem sanguĭnĕ natus, prognatus, ortus. ˘Ab uno *or* ĕodem sanguĭnĕ (una *or* ĕadem stirpĕ) gĕnŭs ducens, trăhens. Consors gĕnĕris. Contingens sanguĭnĕ. A stirpĕ junctus.

CONSANGUĬNĬTAS, ātis. *f. Relationship.* Consanguĭnĭtatĕ prŏpinquum. *V.* [† Sanguis, affinĭtas.] **Crel.** Gĕnĕris consortĭa, fœdĕra. *See* CONSANGUINEUS.

CONSCĔLĔRO, as. *To profane, pollute.* ˘Ocŭlosquĕ vĭdendo Conscĕlĕro. *O.*

CONSCENDO, is, di, sum. *To mount, climb;* hence, *embark upon.* Conscendebăt ĕnuos &c. *O.* Conscendi navĭbŭs æquŏr. *V. See* SCANDO.

CONSCIENTIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Conscience, the internal witness.* ˘Abactă nulla Veiă conscĭentia. *H.* **Crel.** Conscĭă mens. ˘Anĭmŭs conscĭus. 2. *A pure, peaceful conscience.* **Ep.** Bŏnă, purā, quĭetă. **Crel.** Mens recti conscĭă. 3. *A troubled conscience, remorse.* **Ep.** Mordax, rĕmordens, stĭmŭlans, crŭcians, torquens, turbatā, sollĭcĭtā, anxĭă, insomnis. **Crel.** Mens mălĭ, diri conscĭă. Mentis stĭmŭli, morsus, tŭmultus. Fŭriæ scĕlĕrum. Intĕrĭŏr, occultus stĭmŭlus. Conscĭæ mentis pævŏr. Curæ, scĕlĕris supplĭcium. **Phr.** *Of the stings of conscience.* Conscĭus ănĭmŭs—se rĕmordĕt;—sĭbĭ stĭmŭlos ădhĭbĕt;—flăgellis se terrĕt;—hăbĕt vĭrum attŏnĭtum;—surdo verbĕrĕ cædĭt;—quātĭt occultum flăgellum:—urgĕt sudorĭbŭs. Peccatā prætĕrĭtā, *or* prætĕrĭto tempŏrĕ commissā &c.—rĕmordent;—pœnam (nil, nĭsi p.) mĭsĕro donant;—pœna nunquam non affĭcĭunt. (Ipsĕ) testem scĕlĕris noctĕ dĭequĕ secum (intŭs, ĭn pectŏrĕ) gestăt.

CONSCINDO, is, idi, issum. *To cut in pieces. Lr. See* SCINDO.

CONSCIO, is, scivi, scitum. *To be conscious of wrong.* Nil conscirĕ sĭbi, nulla pallescĕrĕ culpa. *H.* **Crel.** Conscĭus sum.

CONSCĬUS, ă, um. 1. *Conscious* (of something), *in heart aware.* Conscĭus in culpa non scĕlĭs essĕ sŭa. *O.* Sĭbĭ ~ facti. *V. Fl.* ~ facti. *V.* 2. *Partaking in the knowledge of any thing, privy to, witness of.* ~ æther connubĭi (*vid.*); sidĕrā testŏr. *V.* omnis ăbest. *O.* [† Testis, arbĭtĕr, arbĭtrā.] **Crel.** Arcanis admissŭs. Partĭceps secreti. 3. *An accomplice. O.* Quis dĭligĭtŭr, nĭsi conscĭus? *J.* **Crel.** Consilĭi, culpæ, crimĭnis sŏcĭus, partĭceps. Scĕlĕrum sŏcĭus. 4. Sp. *Conscious of wrong, guilty.* ~-æ mentis pævŏr. *Sen.* [† Nŏcens, sons, rĕus.] *See* NOCENS.

CONSCRIBO, is, psi, ptum. *To write together, write; to enrol.* Stultam conscripsĭmŭs artem. *O. See* SCRIBO.

CONSCRIPTUS, ă, um. 1. *Written about, marked, lined out.* Conscriptăquĕ vino Mensā. *O. See* SCRIPTUS. 2. PATRES CONSCRIPTI, *and abs.* CONSCRIPTI, orum. *m. pl. The Roman senators. Used also sing.* Conscripti offĭcium. *H. See* SENATOR.

CONSĔCO, as, cŭi, ectum. *To cut to pieces, mangle.* Membrā sŏror fratris consĕcŭissĕ sŭi. *O. See* SCINDO.

CONSĔCRO, *and* CONSECRO, as. *To consecrate, dedicate.* Vatum divĭtĭbus consĕcrăt insŭlis. *H.* [† Sācro, dĭco, dedĭco, addico, vŏvĕo, destĭno.]

CONSECTŎR, āris. *To pursue, follow after, court. Lr. Ter. See* SECTOR.

CONSĔNĔSCO, es (*pres. obs.*). ŭi, *and* CONSĔNESCO, is. *To grow old together, grow old.* Illa Consĕnŭerĕ cănas. *O.* Haud ullā cărinā Consĕnŭĭt. *Pp. See* SENESCO.

CONSENSUS, us. *m. Consent, agreement. O.* [† Assensus, concordĭa.]

CONSENTANĔUS, ă, um. *Suitable, convenient. Pl.* [† Convĕnĭens, aptus, æquus, par.]

CONSENTIO, is, si, sum. *To be of one mind, of the same opinion, to agree with* or *to. O. H.* [† Assentĭo, annŭo, *or* convĕnio, congrŭo.] *See* ASSENTIO *or* CONGRUO.

CONSĔQUŎR, ĕris, cutus *or* quutus sum. 1. *To follow.* Consĕquĭtur, mĭllor remis, sed pondĕrĕ tardā. *V. See* SEQUOR. 2. *To follow, come after* or *succeed another. See* SUCCEDO. 3. *To overtake, reach.* ~-ĭtŭr accĭpĭtĕr cŏlumbam. *V.* Vulnĕrĕ, non pĕdĭbŭs te ~-ăr. *O. See* ASSEQUOR. 4. *To obtain, get.* [† Asseqŭŏr, obtĭnĕo, acquiro, compăro.] *See* ACQUIRO.

I. CONSĔRO, is, ĕrŭi, ertum. 1. *To join together.* Quid nocti consĕrŭissĕ dĭem (jŭvăt)? *O.* [† Necto, annecto, connecto, jungo.] *See* JUNGO. 2. ~ mănus, dextram, pugnam, prœlĭă, bellum, &c. *To engage in battle. V. O.* &c.

II. CONSĔRO, is, sevi, sĭtum. 1. *To sow, plant.* En queis consevĭmŭs agros! *V.* 2. *Fig.* Sol lumĭnĕ ~-ĭt arvā. *Lr. See* SERO.

CONSERTUS, ă, um. *part. See* CONSERO (I.). 1. *Joined, knit together.* ~ hamis (lorĭcā); tĕgŭmĕn spinis. *V.* [† Connexŭs, junctŭs.] *See* JUNCTUS. 2. Fig. *One upon another, thick-set,* &c. Consertā bellis bellā gĕrĕrĕ. *L.* ~-æ campis ăcies. *St.*

CONSERVO, as. *To preserve. Lr.* Conserva fœdĕrā lecti. *Pp. See* SERVO.

CONSERVUS, i. *m.* 1. *A fellow-slave. H.* 2. *Used adj.* ~-æ vălĕtĕ fŏres. *O.*

CONSESSUS, us. *m. An assembly of persons sitting together; the place of sitting.* Consessu cĕvĕre, magnis Circensibŭs actis. *V.* [† Cŏronā, cœtŭs.]

CONSĬDĔO, es, edi, essum. 1. *To sit down, to be seated together.* Sŭb arguta consedĕrăt ĭlĭcĕ Daphnis. *V.* Consedĕrĕ dŭces. *O.* [† Considĕo, sĕdĕo.] 2. *To settle* (in a place). Quorum consedĕris arvis? *V.* [† Insĭdĕo, consisto.] *See* CONSIDO.

CONSIDĔRO, as. *To consider, weigh.* Dum spătĭum victor victi considĕrăt hostis. *O.* Vestis ~-ăt aurum. *J.* [† Intŭĕŏr, inspĭcĭo, cogĭto, rĕpŭto, mĕdĭtŏr.]

CONSIDO, is, edi, essum. 1. *To sit down.* Considunt tectis bĭpătentĭbŭs. *V.* [† Considĕo, sĕdĕo, sido.] 2. *To stay, settle.* His ~ regnis. *V.* [† Considĕo, insido, consisto.] 3. *To sink down, sink prostrate.* ~ ĭn ignes Ilĭum; urbem luctu (vĭdemŭs). *V.* [† Desido, pessumdŏr, jăcĕo.] 4. *To subside.* ~-ĭt ignis; mărĕ. *O.* bellum. *Sil.* [† Pono, quiesco.]

CONSILIŎR, āris. 1. *To give advice.* Consĭlĭetŭr ămice. *H.* **Crel.** Consĭlĭum do, fĕro. Consĭlĭo jŭvo. *See* SUADEO. 2. *To consult, deliberate.* Gratum elŏcuta consĭlĭantĭbŭs Junonĕ divis. *H. See* DELIBERO.

CONSILIUM, ii. *n.* 1. *Counsel, advice.* Consĭlĭum ne spernĕ mĕum. *V.* [† Mŏnĭtŭs, mŏnĭtum, admŏnĭtŭs.] **Ep.** Fĭdelĕ, prudens, utĭlĕ, tutum, bŏnum.] 2. *A design, intention.* Nŏvā pectŏrĕ versăt ~-ă. *V.* [† Sententĭă, mens, ănĭmŭs, sensŭs, propŏsĭtum; *sts.* vĭă, artes.] 3. *A consultation. See* CONCILIUM. 4. *Consideration, prudence.* Vis consĭli expers &c. *H.* [† Judĭcĭum, prudentĭă.]

CONSIMILIS, ĕ. *Like, similar. O. Pp. See* SIMILIS.

CONSISTO, is, stĭti, stĭtum. 1. *To stop, stand, stand still.* Constĭtĭt Anchisa sātŭs, et vestigĭă pressĭt. *V.* Frigŏrĕ constĭtĭt Istĕr. *O.* [† Sisto, subsisto, sto.] *See* STO. 2. *To keep firm together, stand fast up.* Agmĭnĕ denso ~-unt. *V.*

[† Sto.] 3. *To settle* (in a place). Lātĭo ~ Teucros. *V.* *See* CONSIDO. 4. *To rest, be at rest.* ~-ĭt mens. *V.* *See* QUIESCO. 5. *To abide, stay.* Consĭtĭt ĭn nulla cŏlŏr. *O.* *See* MANEO. 6. *To be, exist, consist of.* [† Consto, exsto, exsisto, sum.]

CONSĬTŎR, ŏris. *m.* *One who sows* or *plants.* Gĕnĭalis consĭtŏr uvæ. *O.* [† Sătŏr.]

CONSĬTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* CONSERO (II.). 1. *Planted, sown.* Consĭtăque arbŏribus Dircæă rĕliquĕrăt arvă. *O.* *Fig.* 2. ~ terris frĕtă. *V.* [† Sparsŭs.] 3. *Covered, thick-spread with* (in a bad sense). ~ mentem caligĭnĕ. *Cat.* *See* OBSITUS.

CONSŎCIO, as. *To associate, ally, unite.* Umbram hospĭtalem consŏciare ănsant. *H.* *See* SOCIO, JUNGO.

CONSOLŎR, ŏris. *To console.* Et consolantĭă verbă. *O.* His me consolŏr. *H.* *See* SOLOR.

CONSŎNO, as, ŭi, ĭtum. *To resound together with, to re-echo.* Stŭdĭisquĕ fāventum Consŏnăt omnĕ nĕmŭs. *V.* [† Sŏno, rĕsŏno.]

CONSŎNŬS, ă, um. 1. *Sounding* or *resounding together with; in harmony with.* Consŏnŭs exĭt ĭn auras (clangŏr). *O.* ~-ă filă lyræ. *O.* [† Consŏnans, concors.] 2. Fig. *Suitable to, in keeping with.* [† Convĕnĭens, concors, aptŭs, congrŭŭs.]

CONSOPIO, is. *To put to sleep.* *Lr.* *See* SOPIO.

CONSORS, sortĭs. 1. *Sharing the same portion,* &c.; *companion.* Omnisquĕ pŏtestas Impăttĭens consortĭs ĕrĭt. *L.* [† Sŏcĭŭs.] 2. *One who partakes in, shares, divides; is a companion in.* Consortes pārĭtĕr gĕnĕrisquĕ nĕcisquĕ. *O.* ~ lăborĭs; culpæ. *O.* stŭdĭis pŭĕrĭlĭbŭs. *L.* [† Sŏcĭŭs, cŏmes, partĭceps.] 3. ~ tŏri thălămi. *A husband* or *wife.* *O.* *See* CONJUX, UXOR. 4. *A brother, sister.* ~ Ledæă gĕmellĭs. *O.* *Tib.* *See* FRATER, SOROR. 5. *A relation.* *Lr.* *See* AFFINIS. 6. *Common, held in common.* ~-ĭă tectă urbĭs. *V.* ~-em casum. *Pp.* *See* COMMUNIS.

CONSORTĬUM, ĭi. *n.* *A fellowship, community.* Consortĭă famæ Despĭcĭt. *V.* *Fl.* *Sil.* Crol. Sŏcĭă fată. Sŏcĭă vită. Sŏcĭum stŭdĭum.

CONSPECTŬS, ă, um. *part.* (*used also adj.*) *See* CONSPICIO. 1. *Seen.* *See* VISUS. 2. *Striking the eye, remarkable.* ~ ĭn auro. *H.* ĭn armis. *V.* Plātăno alta ~-tŏr. *V.* [† Conspĭcŭŭs, insignis.]

CONSPECTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *Sight, view.* Navim in conspectu nullam. *V.* [† Visŭs; *sts.* ŏcŭli.] 2. *Sight* (of a person), *presence.* *Ter.* [† Adspectŭs, visŭs.]

CONSPERGO, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To scatter, strew.* ~ vĭrĭdantes herbas florĭbŭs. *Lr.* [† Spargo, fundo.] 2. *To sprinkle* (of a liquid). ~ aras sanguĭnĕ. *Lr.* [† Spargo, fundo, humecto, irroro, rĭgo, mădĕfăcĭo.] *See* RIGO.

CONSPICIENDŬS, ă, um. *That can be seen; remarkable.* Cĕlĕri conspĭcĭendŭs ĕquo. *Tib.* Templă ~-ă. *O.* [† Conspĭcŭŭs, spectabĭlis.] *See* CONSPECTUS (II.).

CONSPICIO, ĭs, spexi, spectum. 1. *To behold, perceive.* Mœnĭă conspĭcĭo atque adverso fornĭcĕ portas *V.* Conspexĭt procurrĕrĕ currus. *Cat.* [† Adspĭcĭo, vĭdĕo, tŭĕŏr, &c.] *See* ADSPICIO. 2. *To note, look out for, take care for.* Lŏcum insĭdĭis conspexĭmŭs ipsi. *V.* [† Prospĭcĭo.] 3. Pass. *To be distinguished.* Conspĭcĕrĕrĕ bŏnis ănĭmi. *O.*

CONSPICŎR, ŏris. *To see, perceive.* *Pl.* *Ph.* [† Conspĭcĭo, adspĭcĭo, vĭdĕo.] *See* ADSPICIO.

CONSPICŬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Conspicuous, plain to the eye.* Conspĭcŭus longe fulgentĭbŭs armis. *O.* [† Conspectŭs, conspĭcĭendŭs, spectabĭlis, clarŭs.] 2. *Conspicuous, distinguished.* ~ dŏmo. *Tib.* fĭdĕ Trojæ munitŏr. *O.* [† Conspectŭs, insignis, clarŭs, præclarŭs, egrĕgĭŭs.] *See* CELEBER.

CONSPIRO, as. 1. *To blow together.* Ærĕăque assensu conspirant cornŭă rauco. *V.* [† Consŏno.] 2. *To agree together, conspire.* [† Coujuro, consentĭo, convĕnĭo, concordo.]

CONSTANS, tis. 1. *Remaining the same, unchanging* (of things). Mellis constantĭŏr natură. *Lr.* [† Stăbĭlis, idem, unŭs.] 2. *Constant, persisting.* ~-i vocĕ nĕgarĕ. *O.* [† Assĭdŭŭs.] 3. *Ever the same, firm, constant, immovable* (of the disposition). ~ ĭn lĕvĭtatĕ sŭa est. *O.* fĭdes. *H.* mens. *Cat.* [† Firmŭs, stăbĭlis, immotŭs, immobĭlis, certŭs, fidŭs, fĭdelis; *sts.* pervĭcax.] Crol. Propŏsĭti tĕnax. Constans, constantĭŏr ănĭmŭs. Mens sŏlĭdă, immotă, constans, flecti nescĭă. Phr. *Of one of a constant and resolute disposition.* Incepto (ĭn iisdĕm sedĭbŭs) hærĕt (perstăt, fixŭs mănĕt). ˘Anĭmo ĕt vultu immotŭs mănĕt; nullis flectĭbŭs mŏvetŭr; nullas voces audĭt tractabĭlis; nullis mĭnis frangĭtŭr; stăt cunctis m. immotŭs. Illi ĭn vote sŭo mens firmă permănĕt. Huic fixum ănĭmo ĕt immotum sĕdĕt. Nullă mentem sententĭă vertĭt. Illum nullă dĭes stŭ dissĭmĭlem argŭĭt. 4. *Costing.* ˘Odĭă magno constantĭă. *O.* *See* CONSTO (4).

CONSTANTĔR. 1. *Constantly, without ceasing.* Di, quos expĕrĭor nĭmĭum constantĕr Iniquos. *O.* [† Assĭdŭe.] 2. *Firmly, courageously.* [† Fortĭtĕr.] *See* F.

CONSTANTIA, æ. *f.* *Firmness, constancy.* Movĭt ămicĭtĭæ tum te constantĭă longæ. *O.* [† Robŭr, *or* tĕnŏr, fĭdes.] Ep. Firmă, immotă, stăbĭlis, inconcussă; fortis, vĭrĭlis, gĕnĕrosă, magnanĭmă; impăvĭdă, secură, interrĭtă. Crol. ˘Anĭmŭs firmŭs, constans, immobĭlis, immotŭs. Mens flecti, mŏveri, nescĭă. Firmum consĭlĭum, pectŭs. *See* CONSTANS, FORTITUDO.

CONSTANTINŎPŎLIS, is. *f.* *Constantinople* (formerly Byzantium). *C.* *D.* Constantinŏpŏli assurgit Carthagŏ prĭori. *Aus.* *See* BYZANTIUM.

CONSTATURŬS, ă, um. *part.* *To cost, likely to cost.* *L.* *See* CONSTO (4).

CONSTERNATŬS, ă, um. *Terrified.* *O.* *See* CONSTERNO.

I. CONSTERNO, as. *To dismay, terrify.* Consternantŭr ĕqui. *O.* *See* TERREO.

II. CONSTERNO, is, stravi, stratum. 1. *To level to the ground.* ˘Abĭes consternĭtŭr altă. *Ens.* 2. Intr. *To strew;* tr. *to spread* (one thing) *over with* (another). ~-unt terram frondea. *V.* ~ vestĕ cŭbilĕ. *Cat.* millĭtĕ campos. *Sil.* *See* STERNO. 3. *To lay even* or *smooth.* Pĕlăgŭs consternĭtŭr mĭti unda. *Manil.*

CONSTĬTŬO, is, ŭi, utum. 1. *To set, place.* Taurum Constĭtŭam ante aras. *V.* [† Pono, stătŭo, lŏco.] 2. *To set up, build.* ~ ferales antĕ cŭpressos; pyras. *V.* urbem. *O.* [† Stătŭo, pono, erĭgo, strŭo, ædĭfĭco.] 3. *To make up, constitute.* *Lr.* [† Effĭcĭo.] 4. *To appoint, fix.* [† Stătŭo, assigno, dico.] 5. *To decree, determine.* Sic justi constĭtŭerĕ pătres. *O.* [† Stătŭo, decerno, vŏlo, sancĭo.]

CONSTO, as, stĭti, statum. 1. *To consist, be composed of.* E dulci constăt ŏlivo. *H.* ~ rŏtundis semĭnĭbus. *Lr.* [† Consisto.] 2. *To continue, last.* Postquam cunctă vĭdet cœlo ~ sĕreno. *V.* Flamĭnă non ~-ant. *O.* [† Persto, mănĕo, permănĕo, duro.] 3. *To agree, be consistent.* Me ~ mĭhĭ scis. *H.* *See* CONSTANS (3). 4. *To cost.* ~-ăt sanguĭnĕ bellum. *L.* Cladĭbŭs urbi constatŭrĕ (fĭdes sŭpĕrum). *L.* [† Vendŏr, venĕo, ĕmŏr.] 5. Constăt. *unipers.* *It is certain.* *O.* [† Lĭquĕt, certum *or* mănĭfestum est.]

CONSTRICTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* CONSTRINGO. *Tied, bound together.* *Tib.* *See* VINCTUS.

CONSTRINGO, is, inxi, ictum. 1. *To fasten, bind tight together.* *V.* *Fl.* *M.* *See* ARCTO, VINCIO,

2. Fig. *To compress, contract. Cl.* [† Cogo, ăcĭĭgo, prĕmo.]

Constrŭo, ĭs, uxi, uctum. *To heap together, up; to raise, construct.* Nidum sĭbĭ constrŭĭt orĕ. *O.* ~ concisă (lignă). *O.* divĭtĭas. *H.* [† Strŭo, aggĕro, ăcervo, accŭmŭlo, ædĭfĭco, pono.] *See* Aggero, Fundo (as).

Consuemĭ, Consueram, Consuerim, Consuesti, &c. *for* Consuevimus, Consueveram, Consueverim, Consuevisti, &c. Nos, ut consuemus &c. *Pp.* Aptĭquŏ consueras. *O.* Consuesti tollĕrĕ. *H.*

Consuesco, ĭs, evi, etum. *To be accustomed.* In tĕnĕris consuescĕrĕ multum est. *V.* Lĭbĕrā tunc primum consuescant collā lĭgari. *See* Assuesco.

Consuetudo, ĭnĭs. *f.* 1. *Habit, custom.* Nil consuetudĭnĕ majŭs. *O.* [† Assuetudo, mos, usŭs.] **Ep.** Antiquă, vĕtŭs, priscă; bŏnă, utĭlĭs; mălă, pravă.] 2. *Intercourse, intimacy with. Ter.* :[† Fămĭlĭarĭtas, ămĭcĭtĭă, sŏdalĭtĭum.]

Consuetŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Consuesco. 1. *Accustomed* (habitually used or frequented). Consuetă antrā. *V.* verbā. *O.* [† Assuetŭs, sŏlĭtŭs, notŭs.] 2. *Used* (with inf.). ~ lăcrĭmas præbĕrĕ. *Sen.*

Consŭl, ŭlis. *m.* 1. *The Roman magistrate so called.* Silvæ sint consŭlĕ dignæ. *V.* **Ep.** Sedŭlŭs, vĭgĭl, sollĭcĭtŭs: æquŭs, justŭs, fortĭs. Phr. Consŭl—annŭă jurā căpĭt;—annum nomĭnĕ rĕgĭt;—a. bĭs senis fascĭbŭs rĕgĭt;—consŭlis impĕrĭum (pulchros, fasces, sævas sĕcures) accĭpĭt. Quem bĭs seni fasces ĕt totĭdem sĕcures præcedunt. *See* Consulatus. 2. Ext. *A year.* Tĭbĭ ~ trigesĭmŭs instăt. *M.* Amphŏrā centeno ~-ĕ factā mĭnŏr. *M. See* Annus.

Consŭlaris, ĕ. *Consular; of* or *belonging to the consul.* Nĕquĕ consŭlarĭs Submŏvet lictŏr. *H.*

Consŭlatŭs, us. *m. The consulship, office of consul.* Per consŭlatum pejĕrat Vătĭnĭŭs. *Cat.* [† Fasces, sĕcures.] **Crcl.** Consŭlis munŭs, pŏtestas, jus, fasces, sĕcures, impĕrĭum. Purpŭrā tertĭā (*the third consulship*). *See* Consul.

Consŭlo, ĭs, ŭlŭi, ultum. 1. *To consult* (go to for direction). Spirantĭă consŭlĭt extā. *V.* Spĕcŭlum ~. *O.* [† Interrŏgo, sciscĭtŏr, scĭtŏr, quæro.] **Crcl.** Consŭlĭum pĕto. Consŭlĭis utŏr. 2. *To make matter of consultation, deliberate about* (with acc.). ~ rem nulli obscuram. *V.* [† Delĭbĕro, tracto, ăgo.] 3. *To consult for, provide for the interests of* (with dat.). ~ summæ rerum. *V.* nostris ignĭbŭs. *O.* In mĕdĭum (*for the common good*). *V.*

Consŭlto. *adv. Designedly. H. Pp.* [† Consĭlĭo, industrĭa *or* de industrĭa.]

Consŭlto, as. *To consult. Tib. See* Consulo.

Consŭltŏr, ōris. *m. One who consults another; a client. H.*

Consŭltum, i. *n. A decision, decree* (the result of consultation). Qui consŭltā pătrum &c. *V. See* Voluntas, Decretum.

Consŭltŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Consulo. 1. *One consulted for advice. O.* 2. *Learned in, skilled in.* ~ jurĭs; insanĭentĭs sāpĭentĭæ. *H.* [† Pĕrĭtŭs, doctŭs.] 3. Abs. *Counsel learned in the law.* Tu ~, mŏdŏ rustĭcŭs. *H.* 4. *Studied, meditated.* ~-ă verbā. *O.*

Consummo, as. *To bring to its end, accomplish.* Prælĭă barbărĭco vix consummatā vĕneno. *L.* [† Absolvo, pĕrĭgo, perfĭcĭo, confĭcĭo.]

Consumo, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To take, take in at once, take all in.* Tela omnĭă solŭs Pectŏrĕ consumo. *Sil.* [† Absumo, exhaurĭo.] 2. *To consume, eat up.* ~ mensas. *V.* fruges. *H.* 3. *To devour, swallow up* (of Charybdis). *Tib. See* Absorbeo. Fig. 4. *To use up, destroy.* ~ omnĭă mortĕ. *O.* [† Absumo, ĕdo, pĕrĕdo, destrŭo, perdo.] *See* Exedo, Perdo. 5. *To kill.* ~ hostem plagis. *H. See* Occido. 6. *To exhaust, run through.* ~ mārĕ; terras. *O.* annŭă tempŏrā (de solĕ). *Lr.* [† Pĕrĭgo, absolvo, emĕtĭŏr.] 7. *To spend, use wholly and solely.* ~ ulnĕrā ĭn natos. *V.* pondŭs phărĕtræ ĭn arcus. *Pp.* [† Impendo, exhaurĭo.] 8. *To spend time. O.* [† Tĕro, impendo.]

Consumptŭs, ă, um. *Consumed, destroyed, worn out, spent, passed.* ~ ăb annis. *O.* Cannis jŭventŭs. *J.* nox. *V.* munŭs. *O.* [† Absumptŭs, exhaustŭs, confectŭs, pĕractŭs, perdĭtŭs.]

Consŭo, ŭis, ŭi, utum. *To sew together, to sew.* Pellĕ pătet, vel si consuto vulnĕrĕ crassum. *J. See* Suo, Sutelæ.

Consurgo, ĭs, rexi, rectum. 1. *To rise up together, to arise* (act simply of getting up). Rĕlĭctis consurgunt mensis. *V.* ~ tonsis. *V.* [† Surgo, assurgo, exsurgo.] *See* Surgo. 2. *To rise* (in height) *together, rise up.* Consurgunt gĕmĭnæ quercus. *V.* ~ venti. *V.* tellus ăratro. *Tib.* 3. *Fig.* ~-ĭt bellum. ~ ĭn armā. *V.* In iras. *V. Fl.*

Contactŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Contingo (I.). 1. *Touched. O.* [† Tactŭs.] 2. *Tainted* (by contagion); *and fig.* ~-os artus sācĕr ignis ĕdebăt. *V.* ~ (mălā) sortĕ. *O.* cŭpĭdĭnĭbŭs. *Pp.*

Contactŭs, us. *m. The act of touch, contact.* Contactuque omnĭă fœdant. *V.* [† Tactŭs.]

Contages, ĭs. *f. Contact.* Quæ contagĕ sŭa pallorĭbŭs omnĭă pingant. *Lr.* E ~-ĭbŭs ignis. *Lr.* [† Contactŭs.] *See* Contagium.

Contagio, onis. *f.* 1. *Contact;* sp. *noxious contact.* [† Contactŭs.] 2. Sp. *Infectious touch, contagion; and fig.* Dĕdĭt hanc contagĭŏ labem. *J. See* Contagium.

Contagium, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Contact;* sp. *noxious contact* (in pl. gen.). Corpŏrĭs atque ănĭmai Mutŭă vitales discunt contagĭă motus. *Lr.* [† Contactus.] 2. Us. *Contagion.* Pĕr incautum serpunt ~-ă vulgŭs. *V.* [† Contages, contagio.] **Ep.** Mălă, funestă, morbĭdă. noxĭă, exĭtĭalĭs, letalĭs, mortĭfĕrā; fœdă, horrendă, immĕdĭcabĭlĭs. *See* Pestis. 3. *Fig.* ~-ă ægræ mentis. *O.* lŭcri. *H.* scĕlĕrum. *L.*

Contamĭnatŭs, ă, um. *Polluted.* Contamĭnato cum grĕgĕ turpĭum. *H.*

Contamĭno, as. *To pollute.* [† Fœdo, inquĭno, pollŭo, infĭcĭo; *and fig.* vĭtĭo.] *See* Polluo.

Contĕgo, ĭs, exi, ectum. 1. *To cover.* Aut hic Tænărĭa contĕgăr exsŭl humo. *O.* ~ căpŭt ămĭctu. *V.* [† Tĕgo, obtĕgo, condo, ŏpĕrĭo.] *See* Tego. 2. *To conceal, dissemble. Ter.* [† Tĕgo, celo, abdo.]

Contĕmĕro, as. *To defile, violate. O.* Ausus tam notas contĕmĕrarĕ mānus. *M. See* Temero.

Contemno, ĭs, psi, ptum. *To despise, think slightingly of.* Nondum cærŭlĕas pinus contempsĕrăt undas. *Tib.* ~ ŏpes. *V.* præconĭă famæ. *O.* [† Temno, sperno, aspernŏr, despĭcĭo, fastidĭo, respŭo, abjĭcĭo, rejĭcĭo, despecto, desperno, calco, conculco, proculco, negligo.] **Crcl.** Parvi *or* nĭhĭli făcĭo, duco, pendo, æstĭmo, pŭto. Non *or* nĭhĭl curo. Subjĭcĭo pĕdĭbŭs. ˘Anĭmo respŭo. Longe rĕmitto. Frontĕ sŭperba despĭcĭo. *See* Calco.

Contemnŏr. *pass. To be despised.* Contemnerĕ, mĭsĕr. *H.* [† Temnŏr, despĭcĭŏr, negligŏr, &c.] **Crcl.** Sum contemptŭs, vĭlis, abjectŭs, despectŭs. ˘In contemptum vĕnĭo. ˘In contemptu sum. Sordĕo. ˘Odĭo sum. Pro vili (sŭb pĕdĭbŭs) jăcĕo.

Contemplatŭs, us. *m. Contemplation, view. O.* [† Visŭs, intŭĭtŭs.]

Contemplŏr, ăris, atŭs sum. *To contemplate, observe carefully.* Contemplatŏr ĭtem, quum nux se &c. *V.* ~ nummos ĭn arca. H. vĭtes contem-

platā sŭas (Græcīā). *St.* [† Adspĭcĭo, intŭĕŏr, tŭĕŏr, considĕro, specto, observo.] **Crol.** Obtutu ĭn uno defixŭs (lumĭnā fixŭs, ŏcŭlis intentis fixŭs) hærĕo. ˘Ocŭlos inteutos servo *or* figo. Immotos ŏcŭlos (sĭnē finē) tĕnĕo. *See* SPECTO.

CONTEMPTŎR, ōris. *m. and* CONTEMPTRIX. *f. A despiser.* Contemptŏr Divum Mezentĭŭs. *V.* Contemptrix sŭpĕrum. *O. See* SPRETOR, SPERNAX.

CONTEMPTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONTEMNO. *Despised. O.* [† Spretŭs, despectŭs, fastiditŭs, abjectŭs, vilĭs.]

CONTEMPTŬS, us. *m. Contempt. Lr. Sil.* [† Fastidĭum, fastidĭā.] **Ep.** Sŭpĕrbŭs, tŭmens, tŭmĭdŭs.]

CONTENDO, ĭs, di, tum. **1.** *To stretch, stretch out.* Contendē tĕnacĭā vinclā. *V.* ∾ illā risu. *O.* [† Tendo, intendo.] *Fig.* **2.** ∾ ănĭmum ĭn curas. *O.* [† Intendo, ădhĭbĕo, dirĭgo.] **3.** Ext. *To throw, dart.* ∾ hastam; telum ĭn auras. *V.* [† Mitto, jăcĭo, torquĕo.] **4.** *To strive.* Contendunt pĕtĕrē (littŭs). *V. See* CONOR. **5.** *To contend, engage in contest.* (Fŭĭt) contendissē dĕcorum. *O.* ∾ bello; versĭbŭs. *V. See* CERTO. **6.** *To contend, assert. O.* [† Assĕro.] **7.** ∾ cursum, *V.; or abs. To direct one's course, go.* ∾ ĭn vĕtĭtas terras. *O. See* EO.

CONTENTIO, onĭs. *f.* **1.** *An effort. See* CONAMEN. **2.** *A dispute, contention. See* LIS.

I. CONTENTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Contendo. *Stretched out; and fig.* (of the mind), *intent.* Qui jam contento, jam laxo funē lăborāt. *H.* Contenta cervicē trăhunt. *V.* [† Tentŭs, intentŭs, adductŭs; *and fig.* intentŭs, defixŭs.]

II. *Part. from* Contineo (*used also adj.*) **1.** *Contained, kept within.* Nec cœlo contentā sŭo est Jŏvĭs irā. *O.* **2.** *Content, satisfied.* Gălĕa contentŭs ăbito. *V.* [† Lætŭs.]

CONTERMĬNŬS, ă, um. *Bordering upon, nigh to.* Ardŭā morŭs ĕrat gĕlĭdo contermĭnā fonti. *O.* ∾ nostris arvis. *O. See* VICINUS.

CONTĔRO, ĭs, trivi, tritum. **1.** *To break* or *bruise small; to wear away by friction* or *blows.* Contĕrĭtur ferrum, sĭlĭces tĕnŭantŭr ăb usu. *O.* [† Tĕro, commĭnŭo, contundo, absumo, consumo.] *See* CALCO. Fig. **2.** *To use up, exhaust, ruin.* ∾ bŏves; vires. *Lr.* quæstum. *Pl.* bŏnā (de litĕ). *M.* [† Absumo, consumo, confĭcĭo, exhaurĭo, decŏquo.] **3.** *To spend, wear away time.* [† Tĕro, impendo, absumo, consumo.]

CONTERRĔO, es. *To terrify. Lr. See* TERREO.

CONTERRĬTŬS, ă, um. *Terrified.* ∾ pugnæ sortē; adspectu. *V. See* TERRITUS.

CONTEXO, ĭs, xŭi, xtum. *To weave, join together.* Puppes tĕnŭi contexĕrē canna. *V. Fl.* [† Texo, connecto, jungo, compingo.]

CONTEXTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONTEXO. *Woven together, joined.* Trăbĭbus contextŭs ăcernis Starĕt ĕquŭs. *V.*

CONTEXTŬS, us. *m. The thing woven* or *knit together,* &c. *Lr.* [† Tĕxtŭs, textum.]

CONTĬCĔO, es, ŭi. *To be silent.* Varĭæ contĭcŭistĭs ăves. *O.* Contĭcŭĕre omnes. *V. See* SILEO.

CONTĬGŬŬS, ă, um. *Contiguous, adjoining.* Contĭgŭas hăbŭĕrē dŏmos. *O.* [† Prŏpinquŭs, vicinŭs, contĭnŭātŭs. *O.*] *See* P. V.

CONTĬNENTĔR. *Without break, continuously;* also *continently.* An contĭnenter quod sĕdetĭs insulsi? *Cat. See* CONTINUO.

CONTĬNĔO, es, ĭnŭi, entum. **1.** *To hold, contain.* Quattŭŏr æternus gĕnĭtalĭā corpŏrā mundŭs Contĭnĕt. *O.* [† Tĕnĕo, complectŏr, includo.] **2.** *To keep in, restrain.* ∾ agrĭcŏlam (de imbrĕ). *V.* lăcrĭmas. *O.* grădum. *V.* [† Tĕnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, detĭnĕo, mŏrŏr, cŏhĭbĕo, cŏercĕo, prĕmo.] *See* COHIBEO. **3.** ∾ me, *and sts. abs. To contain, restrain, prevent oneself.* [† Abstĭnĕo, tempĕro, mŏdĕrŏr.]

CONTINGĬT. *unipers. To fall to the lot* or *portion of* (us. of what is desirable). Scilĭcĕt ut Turno contingat regĭā conjux. *V.* Non cuivis hŏmĭni ∾ ădirē Cŏrinthum. *H.* [† Obtingĭt, evĕnĭt.]

I. CONTINGO, ĭs, ĭgi, actum. **1.** *To touch.* Funemquē mānu contingĕrē gaudent. *V.* [† Tango, attrecto.] **2.** *To reach.* ∾ ramos a terra. *V.* florem ævi. *Lr.* [† Attingo, tango.]

II. CONTINGO, *or* CONTINGUO, ĭs, xi, ctum. *To dye, cover with a wash* or *salt,* &c.; *and fig.* ∾ cŏlorē; flavo lĭquorē. *Lr.* parco sălē. *V.* cunctā Musæo lĕporē. *Lr.* [† Tingŭo, lĭno.]

CONTĬNŬĀTŬS, ă, um. *Adjoining; continuing on to.* Quam dŏmŭs Augusto contĭnŭātā fŏro. *O.* [† Contĭnens, contĭgŭŭs.] *See* C.

I. CONTĬNŬO. *adv.* **1.** *Constantly, ever and anon, for ever.* Mercŭrĭum jussi me contĭnŭo consequi. *Pl.* ∾ has leges æternăquē fœdĕrā certis Impŏsŭit naturā lŏcis. *V.* [† Jugĭtĕr, æternum, sempĕr.] *See* SEMPER. **2.** *Directly, immediately.* ∾ fac tāmĕn illā lĕgāt. *O.* [† Extemplo, confestim, sŭbĭto, rĕpentē, protĭnŭs.] *See* PROTINUS.

II. CONTĬNŬO, as. *To continue, keep on without intermission.* Tellus hinc ardŭā celsos Contĭnŭat colles. *L.* ∾ dĭes ĕpŭlis. *Cl.* dăpes. *H.* [† Protendo, profĕro, produco.]

CONTĬNŬŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Continued, following on without interruption.* Contĭnŭi montes ni discŏcĭantŭr ŏpaca &c. *H.* [† Contĭnŭātŭs, contĭnens.] **2.** *Continual, without intermission.* ∾ fŭrŏr. *O.* mălā. *J.* [† Assĭdŭŭs, perpĕtŭŭs.] *See* PERPETUUS.

CONTORQUĔO, es, si, tum. **1.** *To turn with effort, turn about.* ∾ proram. *V.* frenā (lŭporum). *V. Fl.* [† Torquĕo, flecto, verto.] **2.** *To hurl, dart.* Telum ∾ ĭn auras. *V.* [† Torquĕo, conjĭcĭo, jăcŭlŏr, vĭbro, emitto.]

CONTRA. *prep.* **1.** *Against, opposite to.* Carthago, Itălĭam contra &c. *V.* **Crol.** Ex adverso, e rĕgĭonē, ĭn conspectu. **2.** *Opposed to, against.* Magnum Alcĭden ∾ stĕtĭt. *V.* [† Adversŭs, ĭn; *sts.* cum, antē, ăd.] **3.** Adv. *On the opposite side.* ∾ respondĕt Gnossĭā tellus. *V.* Oscŭlā . . . non pervĕnĭentĭā ∾. *O.* **4.** *To oppose, to meet.* [† Obvĭam.] **5.** *On the contrary.* [† Verum, sĕd, autem, vero.] **6.** *In turn, in reply.* Vĕnĕrĭs ∾ sic fillŭs orsŭs. *V.* **7.** *In return.* [† Vicissim.]

CONTRACTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONTRAHO, **1.** *Drawn together, collected together.* [† Collectŭs.] **2.** *Drawn tight, close. V.* [† Adstrictŭs, constrictŭs.] **3.** *Contracted, narrowed.* ∾-ă æquŏrā. *H.* [† Arctatŭs, angustŭs, brĕvĭs.] **4.** *Drawn* (speaking of the skin), *wrinkled.* ∾ frons. *H.* cŭtĭcŭlā. *J.* [† Adstrictŭs, adductŭs.]

CONTRAHO, ĭs, axi, actum. **1.** *To draw together, collect.* Contrăhĭmusquē vĭros &c. *V.* [† Cogo, collĭgo (ĭs), congrĕgo.] **2.** *To contract, draw in, lessen.* Brachĭā ∾ Scorpĭŭs. *V.* ∾ velā. *H.* tempŏrā verĭs; pœnas. *O.* [† Stringo, arcto, angusto, prĕmo.] *See* ARCTO. **3.** *To contract, wrinkle.* ∾-ĭt orā dŏlŏr; vultum fortunā. *O.* [† Adduco, adstringo.] *See* CONTRACTUS, SUPERCILIUM. **4.** Fig. *To gather, get together.* ∾ mĭhĭ numĭnis iram. *O.*

CONTRARĬŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Contrary, opposite* (in spirit). Scindĭtŭr incertum stŭdĭa in contrarĭā vulgŭs. *V.* [† Oppŏsĭtŭs, adversŭs, æmŭlŭs, infestŭs, Inĭmicŭs, pugnans.] **2.** *Opposite in situation.* Phrŷgæ contrarĭā tellus. *O.* [† Oppŏsĭtŭs, adversŭs.]

CONTRECTO, as. *To touch again and again, handle.* Pectŏrā tangebam trĕpĭdo sălĭentĭā motu,

que ĕĭ contrecto. *O.* [† Attrecto, tango, o, palpŏr.]

TREMO, is, ŭi. 1. *To tremble, shake greatly.* s Contrēmĭt, et magnum &c. *Lr.* ~-ŭit s. *V.* quercūs. *O. See* TREMO. 2. Tr. *To* ~ pĕrĭculum. *H. See* TIMEO.

TRIBUO, is. *To contribute.* Sperchelĭdēs undæ ĭbĭtere kĭlĭquid. *O.* [† Confĕro.]

TRISTO, as. *To sadden, make gloomy.* Plŭvĭo stat frigŏrē cœlum. *V.*

CONTROVERSIA. *n. f. A debate, dispute, contro- Pl.* [† Lis, rixă.]

CONTRUDO, is, si, sum. *To drive, crowd together.* ĭcĭter, nam vis venti contrudĭt, ĕt ipsă. *Lr.* RUDO, COMPELLO (is).

CONTUBERNALIS. *m. f. One living in the same* or house) *with another; a comrade.* Sălax ă, vosquē contŭbernales. *Cat.* [† Convic- ŏdales.]

CONTUBERNIUM, ĭi. *n. The dwelling under the tent* (or roof); *such common dwelling-place me.* Tum fortŭitum felis contŭbernĭum. [† Convictŭs.]

CONTUĔOR, ĕris, ĭtus sum, *and* CONTUĔOR, ĕris. *To* ĭ *carefully, consider well. Lr.* [† Adspi- ĭno, vĭdĕo.] *See* ADSPICIO.

CONTUMACIA, æ. *f. Pride, contumacy.* (Contŭ- acia.) *See* SUPERBIA.

CONTUMAX, acis. 1. *Haughty, proud.* Ne me is essē contŭmacem. *M.* [† Sŭperbŭs.] 2. *Rebellious, mutinous. M. Sen.* [† Per- indŏcĭlis, rĕbellis.]

CONTUMELIA, æ. *f. Insult, outrage. H.* Quod quum assent omni contŭmelĭa. *Ph.* [† Oppro- ĭ, prŏbrum, dedĕcŭs.]

CONTUMELIOSUS, ă, um. *An abusive, insolent fel-* Nec te barbărē contŭmellosi &c. *M.*

CONTUMULO, as. *To inter, bury.* Ut saltem pătrĭa mŭlarĕr hŭmo. *O. See* TUMULO.

CONTUNDO, is, tŭdi, usum. 1. *To bruise, crush.* serpyllumque, herbas contundĭt ŏlentes. -ĭt vites (grando). *H.* [† Frango, contĕro, , comminŭo.] *See* FRANGO. Fig. 2. *To subdue.* ~Equus ~-ĭtŭr orā lŭpatis. *O.* ~ e artē. *O.* pŏpŭlos fĕroces. *V.* [† Dŏmo, , frango, rĕtundo.] 3. *To break down, de-* Contŭdĭt ingēnĭum pătientĭā longā mălo- *O.* [† Frango, confĭcĭo.] *See* CONTUSUS.

CONTURBO, as. *To put into confusion, disturb, &c.* [† Confundo, turbo, miscĕo.]

, ĭ. *m.* 1. *An iron-pointed pole for punting* . Ipsē rātem conto sŭblĭgĭt. *V.* 2. *A pike,* Hostes detrudĕrē contis. *V. See* CUSPIS.

TUS, ă, um. *part. See* CONTUNDO. 1. *Bruised,* . Nullo contusŭs ĭratro. *Cat.* 2. Fig. n *down, destroyed.* ~-i ănĭmi. *V.* [† Frac- icens, dejectŭs.]

i. *m.* 1. *A cone, shape like a cone.* An- fastigiŭ coni. *Lr.* 2. *Apex, top* or *conical f a helmet.* ~ insignis gălĕæ. *V.* [† ~Apex.] ristatŭs. *See* GALEA.

ESCO, es, ŭi, *and* CONVALESCO, is. 1. *To* ne, *grow stronger and stronger.* Quum mă- longas convăllŭerē mŏras. *O.* [† Invălĕo.] *recover health. O.* [† Sanŏr, rĕfĭcĭŏr.]

ANOR.

LIS, is. *f. A valley surrounded on all sides.* e VALLIS.

TO, as. *To collect, collect and carry away.* etarē jŭvat prædas, et vivērē rapto. *V.* [† ĭho, vĕho, vecto, transporto.]

TO, is. *To carry from one place to another.* RHO.

LO, is, elli *and sts.* ulsi, ulsum. 1. *To* ray, *up, to pieces.* ~-ĭmŭs imis sedĭbŭs m). *V.* Dăpes ~ dentē. *O.* [† Vello, evel-

lo, avello, rĕvello.] *See* EVELLO. 2. *Fig.* ~ verbis pectŭs; fatā. *O.* [† Frango, mŏvĕo.]

CONVĔNĂ, æ. *m. f.* (Convĕnĭo.) *One who comes to* or *settles in the same place with others. Pl. See* ADVENA.

CONVĔNIENS, tis. *Suitable, agreeable, consistent.* Non bĕnē convĕnĭens tu sĭnis essē jŭgum. *Pp.* Sĭbĭ ~-ĭă fingē. *H.* [† Aptŭs, congrŭŭs, Idonĕŭs, accommŏdŭs, dĕcens, utĭlis.]

CONVĔNIENTĔR. *Agreeably to, becomingly, consistently. H. O.* [† Apte, dĕcentĕr.]

CONVĔNIO, is, i, ventum. 1. *To come together,* or *to come where others are, assemble.* Convĕnĭunt, quĭbŭs aut &c. *V.* Convenĭmŭs ambo. *V.* ~-ĭt ăd dăpes turbā. *O.* [† Cŏĕo, concurro, conflŭo, congrĕdĭŏr, congrĕgŏr, cogŏr.] 2. With acc. *To go to find* (some one), *go to, accost.* Hoc Tarpeiā sŭum tempus rātā, convĕnĭt hostem. *Pp.* [† ~Adĕo, aggrĕdĭŏr.] 3. *To be accosted. See* CONVENTUS. 4. *To suit, agree together.* Non bĕnē convĕnĭunt (majestas ĕt ămŏr). *O.* [† Consentĭo, congrŭo.] **Crol.** Sum aptŭs, convĕnĭens, congrŭŭs. Non discrĕpo. *See* CONVENIT. 5. *To become. See* DECET. 6. *To meet* (the approbation). *Ter.* 7. With inf. *To consent.* Nec mĕā ~-unt præcordĭā &c. *Pp.*

CONVĔNIT. *unip.* 1. *There is a good understanding, agreement,* &c. Sævis inter se convĕnĭt ursis. *J.* 2. *It is fitting, proper. See* DECET.

CONVENTUM, i. *n. A covenant, agreement, contract. J. See* PACTUM.

CONVENTUS, ă, um. *part. See* CONVENIO. *Met and spoken to, gone to* (to be spoken with). Terminŭs, ut vĕtĕres mĕmorant, conventŭs in ædē Restĭlĭt. *O.*

CONVENTUS, us. *m. A meeting, assembly.* Conventus trăhĭt in mĕdĭos (natum). *V.* [† Cœtŭs, concĭlĭum, turbā, cŏronā.]

CONVERSUS, ă, um. *part. See* CONVERTO. 1. *Turned.* Conversŭs ăd ortus. *O.* [† Versŭs.] 2. *Turned quite round, back again.* ~-ă domum lintĕā. *H.* 3. Fig. *Changed.* ~ numĭnā. *V.* stŭdĭā. *H.* [† Versŭs, mutatŭs.]

CONVERTO, is, i, sum. 1. *To turn another way.* Convertĭt ăb arbŏrē ferrum. *O. See* VERTO. 2. ~ me. *To return. V. See* REDEO. 3. ~ orā. *To attract attention. H. Lr.* ~-ĭt orā vulgi (ĕlĕphas albŭs). *H.* ăd te orā. *Lr.* 4. *To change, transform.* ~ classem in nymphas. *V.* ~-ĭtŭr Zĕphyro alĕs. *L.* [† Verto, muto, transformo.]

CONVEXUS, ă, um. 1. *Convex, arched.* Inter convexā lŏcatŭs Sidĕrā. *O.* [† Curvŭs.] 2. *Hollow, concave.* Classem in ~-o nĕmŏrum &c. *V.* ~-ă fŏramĭnā terræ. *O.* [† Căvŭs, concăvŭs, curvŭs.] *See* CAVUS, VALLIS. 3. Sŭpĕrā, cœli, ŏlympi, sŭpĕrum, Tŏnantis, convexā. 4. *The heavenly vault.* Tædĕt cœli ~-ă tŭeri. *V. See* CŒLUM.

CONVICTOR, oris. *m. One who lives with another. O.*

CONVICTUS, us. *m. A living together, common board, home-society.* Dulcĭā convictus membrā fŭerē mĕi. *O.*

CONVINCO, is, ci, ictum. 1. *To convict a guilty person.* Illo convincar judĭcē turpis ĕgŏ. *O.* [† Cŏargŭo.] 2. *To prove, demonstrate. Lr. Pl.* [† Evinco, ostendo, prŏbo, argŭo.]

CONVITIUM, *or* CONVICIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Railing words, abuse.* Nec dic blandĭtĭas, nec fac convitĭā posti. *O.* [† Prŏbrum, oppröbrĭum, mălĕdictum, contŭmelĭā; *sts.* mălā.] **Ep.** ~Amarum, acrē, prŏcax, mordax, turpē, fœdum, rustĭcum. **Crol.** Linguæ convitĭā, jurgĭā, verbĕrā, telā. Linguā ămarā, aspĕrā, mălā, prŏtervā, vŏlentā. Aspĕrā *or* mălā verbā. Turpĭā dictā. **Phr.** *To abuse, revile.* Convitĭā făcĭo, dico, jăcĭo, jacto, fundo, volvo. Lingua (răbĭda) audĕo in (*with acc.*). Convitĭis, lingua, dictis, mălĕdictis lă-

cesso, incesso, mordĕo, proscindo, insectŏr, consectŏr, urgĕo, verbĕro. Prŏbris ŏnĕro. Jurgĭā jacto. Verbis contendo. Aspĕrā verbā dico. Mālis verbis objurgo. Rixæ āmorē mālā verbā fundo. Certamĭnā linguæ ĭnĕo, lăcesso. Linguam ĭn jurgĭā solvo, ăcŭo. *See* RIXA. **2.** *A complaint, reproach.* Serā mĕæ convitĭā culpæ. *O. See* OBJURGO, QUEROR.

CONVIVĂ, æ. *m. A constant guest* (messmate), or *guest simply.* Cedăt ūti convivā sātur rĕpĕrirĕ quĕamŭs. *H.* **Ep.** Optatŭs, exspectatŭs, gratŭs, lætŭs, hĭlārĭs; mādĭdŭs, sātŭr, ebrĭŭs; frĕquens, rarŭs. **Crol.** Mensæ assuetŭs, mensæ dignatŭs. *V.* **Phr.** *To be present as a guest.* ˘Epŭlis accumbĕrĕ. Intĕresĕ ĕpŭlis. Mensis ādhĭbĕri. Sŏcĭas dăpes ĭnirĕ.

CONVIVĬUM, ĭi. *n. A banquet, feast.* Læti convivĭā curant. *V.* [¶ ˘Epŭlæ, dăpes, mensā *or pl.* mensæ, cœnā.] **Ep.** Regalĕ, splendĭdum, lautum, ŏpimum, solennĕ, gĕnĭālĕ, festum, lætum, dulcĕ. **Crol.** Magnā cœnā. Convivĭā mensæ. Plenæ (lautæ) mensæ pocŭlā, fercŭlā. Exstructæ m. dăpes. ˘Epŭlæ (dăpes, convivĭā) pulchro pāratu (regĭfĭco luxu) instructæ (splendĭdæ), *or* festo tŭmultu lætæ. *See* CONVIVOR.

CONVIVŎR, ārĭs. *To be one at a feast; to give a feast.* Quod convivaris sĭnĕ me tam sæpĕ, Lŭpercĕ. *M.* [¶ ˘Epŭlŏr, cœno.] **Crol.** Convivĭā ăgĭto, pāro, cĕlĕbro, curo, făcĭo, duco. Dăpes instĭtŭo, cĕlĕbro. ˘Epŭlas instauro. Mensas instrŭo, dispono. Convivĭā ĭnĕo, sŭbĕo. ˘Epŭlis văco. ˘Epŭlis, mensæ, mensis accumbo. Stratis, strato, tŏro accumbo, discumbo. *See* CONVIVA *and* CONVIVIUM.

CONVŎCO, as. *To call together, convoke.* Sŏcĭos . . . Convŏcăt Æneas. *V.* [¶ Cogo, vŏco, advŏco, arcesso, accĭo, congrĕgo.]

CONVŎLO, as. *To fly, flock together.* Lit. and fig. *See* VOLO, ACCURRO.

CONVOLVO, ĭs, i, vŏlutum. **1.** *To roll together, collect. Lr.* [¶ Cogo, collĭgo (ĭs).] **2.** *To roll round.* ∾ lubrĭcā tergā (de serpentĕ). *V. See* VOLVO. **3.** *To wrap up, round. L. See* INVOLVO.

CONVULSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* CONVELLO.

COOPĔRIO, is, ĕrŭi, ertum. *To cover over, hide.* Atquĕ tĕnebræ Coopĕrĭant marĭā ac terras. *Lr.* [¶ Opĕrĭo, tĕgo.] *See* TEGO.

CŎŎPERTUS, *and perhaps* COOPERTUS, ă, um. *part. See* COOPĔRIO. *Covered over.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ă examĭnĕ signā. *L.* Famosis Lŭpo cŏŏperto versĭbŭs. *H.*

CŎŎRIŎR, ĕrĭs, ortŭs sum. *To spring up, arise.* Quum sæpĕ cŏorta est Sedĭtĭo. *V.* [¶ ˘Orĭŏr, nascŏr, surgo.] *See* ORIOR.

CŎPHINŬS, i. *m. A wicker basket carried by the Jews.* Judæis, quorum cŏphĭnus fœnumquĕ sŭpellex. *J. See* CORBIS.

COPIA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Plenty.* ˘Inŏpem me copĭā fecĭt. *O.* [¶ ˘Abundantĭā, ubertas, vis, ăcervŭs, cŭmŭlŭs, nūmĕrŭs.] **Ep.** Aurĕā, largā, divĕs, ŏpŭlentā, bĕātā, plenā, fastidĭosā. **2.** *The Goddess of Plenty, represented as carrying a horn full of flowers and fruit. C. D.* Pleno defundĭt Copĭā cornu (fruges). *H.* **Ep.** Bĕātā, aurĕā, divĕs. **Crol.** Pleno (pătŭlo, prædivĭtĕ) C. cornu. Rurĭs hŏnorum ŏpŭlentā. **3.** Copĭam do, făcĭo. *To give permission, means, opportunity.* ∾-am fandi dărĕ. *V.* spectandi făcĕrĕ. *Ter. See* PERMITTO. **4.** Est mĭhĭ copĭā. *I have the means, opportunity, command of.* ∾ nostri (tĭbĭ est); āperti martĭs. *O.* cœli. *St.* [¶ Est mĭhĭ făcultas, lĭcentĭā.] *See* FRUOR, LICET. **5.** *Forces, troops* (us. pl.). *H. See* EXERCITUS.

COPIOSŬS, ă, um. *Rich, plentiful.* Me copĭosā rĕcĭpit incŏlŭmem dŏmŭs. *Ph.* [¶ ˘Abundans, divĕs.]

COPTŎS, *or* COPTŬS, i. *f. An ancient city of the Thebais so called. St. J.*

COPŬLĂ, æ. *f. A tie, band.* Lit. and fig. Copŭlā durā tĕnĕt. *O.* [¶ Vincŭlum, lorum, nexŭs.] *See* VINCULUM.

COPŬLO, as. *To join together, unite.* [¶ Jungo, necto.] *See* JUNGO.

CŎQUO, ĭs, coxi, coctum. **1.** *To cook, dress as meat, either by boiling* or *roasting.* Cŏquăt extā nĕfārĭŭs Atreus. *H.* [¶ Concŏquo, decŏquo, incŏquo, percŏquo.] **Crol.** Ignĕ, igni, flamma, flammis torrĕo, dŏmo. Flamma mollĭo. Dŏmo ferventi unda, *or* ferventĭbŭs ăquis. Verso fāvilla. Admoto ignĕ *or* igni cŏquo. ˘Abeno, ærĕ cālvo cŏquo. Suppŏsĭto clnĕrĕ, *or* suppŏsĭtum clnĕri, pāro. Subjecto igni torrĕo. Vĕrŭbŭs figo. Flammis impono. **2.** *To forge* (of metals.). ∾ fornacĭbŭs ærā. *L.* rastrā, sarcŭlā. *J. See* CONFLO. **3.** *To heat, burn, scorch.* ∾-It ætherĕ fervŏr. *Sil.* me cālŏr. *O.* [¶ Uro, exuro, incendo.] **4.** *To ripen, cause to ripen.* ∾-ĭtŭr vindemĭā ĭn āpricis saxis. *V. See* COCTUS. **5.** *To dry up, bake.* (Flumĭnā) ād limum rādĭi cŏquebant. *V.* Glebas pulvĕrŭlentā æstas cŏquĭt. *V.* [¶ Sicco, exsicco.] *See* ARIDITAS. **6.** *To turn* (corrupt). Præsentes austri, cŏquĭte horum obsonĭā. *H. See* CORRUMPO. **7.** *To digest. See* CONCOQUO. Fig. **8.** *To conceive, devise. Sil. St.* [¶ Fŏvĕo, nutrĭo, ăgĭto, mĕdĭtŏr.] **9.** *To vex, harass* (work). Ardentem curæ ∾-ebant. *V. See* EXEDO.

CŎQUŎR. *pass.* **1.** *To be cooked* (of vegetables). Donĕc Decŏquĕrĕtŭr ŏlŭs. *H.* [¶ Mādĕo, mollĭŏr.] **2.** *To be forged, wrought* (of metals). *Pers.* [¶ Conflŏr, candĕo.] **3.** *To be heated, burnt. O.* [¶ Ardĕo, cālĕo, fervĕo. *O.*] *See* ARDEO. **4.** *To ripen.* n. *See* COQUO.

CŎQUŬS, *and anc.* CŎCŬS, i. *m. A cook.* Sed cŏquŭs ingentem plpĕris consumĕt ăcervum. *M.* **Ep.** Atĕr, nĭgĕr, fumosŭs, unctŭs, sordĭdŭs.

CŎR, cordĭs. *n.* **1.** *The heart.* Mollĕ cŏr ad tŭmĭdas sic hăbĕt illĕ prĕces. *Ov.* (*Trist.* 5, 8, 28.) Pulsantur trĕpĭdi cordĭ mĭcantĕ sĭnŭs. *M.* **Ep.** Cālens, cālĭdum; trĕpĭdum, mĭcans, sālĭens. **2.** *The heart, as the seat of the affections and passions.* Mollĕ ∾. *O.* Răbĭe fĕrā cordā tŭment. *V.* Lecti jŭvĕnes, fortissĭmā cordā. *V.* [¶ ˘Anĭmŭs, pectŭs.] *See* ANIMUS. **3.** *Used for the mind, intellect.* Hĕbĕti cognoscĕrĕ cordĕ. *Lr.* [¶ ˘Anĭmŭs, mens, ingĕnĭum.] **4.** Cordi hăbĕo; c. mĭhĭ est. *To be pleased with, to please.* Dis plĕtas mĕā cordi est. *H.* Cui Dindȳmā cordi. *V. See* DILIGO, PLACEO.

CŎRALLĬUM, *and* CURĂLĬUM *better than* CORALLĬUM (*and mod.* CŎRALLUM). (Κοράλλιον, κόραλλον.) *Coral.* Vellitquĕ cŏrallĭā Doto. *Cl.* Sic et curăllum, quo primum contĭgĭt auras *&c. O.* **Ep.** Mārinum, ramosum, punĭcĕum, rŭbrum, fulvum; frăgilĕ, durum, sŏlĭdum.

CORAM. **1.** *Before, in the presence of.* Ne pĕĕros coram pŏpŭlo Medĕā trŭcidĕt. *H.* [¶ Ante.] **Crol.** Antĕ ŏcŭlos, orā. ˘In conspectu. ˘Ad conspectum. Sŭb orā. Præsentĕ me, te, illo. ˘In os. **2.** *To the face, in presence of, openly.* ∾ quem quærĭtĭs, adsum; pārentem allŏquĕrĕ. *V.* abductā armentā. *St. See* PALAM.

CORBIS, ĭs. *m. A great wicker basket, pannier.* Corbĭs ĕt impŏsĭto pondĕrĕ, messŏr ĕram. *Pp.*

CORCYRA, æ. *f. An island so called* (now Corfu). *C. D.* Cujŭs ādhuc remis quātĭtur Corcyrā, sĭnusquĕ. *L.* [¶ Phæacĕa.] **Crol.** Aĕrĭæ Phæacum arces.

CORCYRÆUS, ă, um. *Pertaining to Corcyra. M. J. See* CORCYRA.

CORDŬBA, æ. *f. Corduba, a town of Spain. C. D.* Plăcĭdum Cordŭbā Bætĭn āmāt. *M.*

CŎRINNA, æ. *f. Corinna, a female poet of Tanagra,*

rary and rival of Pindar. Antiquæ it scriptā Cŏrinnæ. *Pp.*

ĭcŭs, ă, um. *Corinthian.* Illā Cŏrin-æ. *O. See* CORINTHIUS.

ĭcŭs, ă, um. *Corinthian (and* m. f. *An of Corinth).* Isthmi si quis āmat regnā i. *Sen.* [¶ Cŏrinthiăcŭs, ˘Ephyræus, ĭus, Isthmiăcŭs.]

s, *or* CŎRINTHUS, i. *f. A city of Greece* . *C. D.* Bimāri gens ortā Cŏrintho. *O.* ire; *sts.* Isthmŭs.] **Ep.** Antiquā, vĕ-ena, divĕs; clarā, illustris, altā. *Ærē* **Crel.** Arces Cŏrinthi, Cŏrinthiăcæ, æ, Cencharæ; ˘Ephyræā *or* ˘Ephyrēiā

i. *n. A hide, skin of a beast.* Ut cānis a aquam abterrebitur uncto. *H.* [¶ Pel-is, tergum.] **Ep.** Atrum, mollĕ, pin-tum. **Crel.** Bŏvis cŏrĭum, tergum. m tergum; *sts.* taurŭs. (*Trĭbusquē in-uris ŏpŭs. V.*)

, m. *f.* 1. *Cornelia, mother of the Grac-* 2. *Wife of Crassus, and afterwards of* Num mīnūs immites hābŭi Cornelīā *Pp.*

s, ĭi *and* i. m. (Cornelĭus.) *A Roman* m.

ĭa, ă, um (*from* Cornu). 1. *Of horn,* . *M.* 2. Cornĕā portā. *A gate of the regions, whence issued the dreams of true* Cornĕā qua veris facilis dātur exĭtus *V. See* EBURNEUS.

ĭcŭs, ă, um (*from* Cornus). *Of the cor-* ∾ virgultā. *V.*

, ĭnis. m. *A blower of the horn, trum-line cornicines,* hinc &c. *J. See* TUBI-

, ĕrā, ĕrum = Corniger. *See* C. *Lr.*

, ă, um. *Horned, having horns.* ∾ Am-flĕvĭtā. *V.* Hebrŭs. *St.* **Crel.** Cornĭā Cornĭbŭs instructŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, aspĕr. (tempŏrā) turgĭdŭs. Cui frons &c. cor-gĭdā est. Cui tempŏrā cornĭbŭs signan-

, ĭdis. m. 1. *Horn-hoofed.* Cornĭpĕdes equi. *V.* Cornĭpĕdi Fauno. *O.* 2. Sts. *d the Satyrs.* Furtā licentum Cornĭpĕ-. *See* FAUNUS.

cĭa. *f. A crow.* Tum cornix plena plŭ-icĭt impŏrŭā vocĕ. *V.* [¶ Cornicŭlā.] uax, raucā; nigrā, atrā, annosā, longæ-; augŭr, præsagā, divinā, sinistrā. Fati Augŭr imbrium. Præsagā vocĕ (clan-quax. Sæcŭlā multā (nōvem, tĕr tres ŏmĭnum) passā.

d. in sing. CORNŬA, ŭum, ĭbŭs. *pl.* 1. *A* t ductus cornu, stabit sācĕr hircŭs ād . Curvans jam cornŭā frontĕ. Adversis r cornĭbŭs. *V.* **Ep.** Ramosum, arbŏ-curvum, rĕcurvum, lunarĕ, flexum, in-vālĭdum, fortĕ, mĭnax, sævum. **Phr.** fronti. Armā bŏvis. 2. *The horns of* because represented under the form of signify power; or applied to them eir branching arms. *See below.* 6 (3)]. taurino cornŭā vultu Erĭdānŭs. *V.* ŏn ūtroquē deformem cornu. *St. See* ŬS, CORNIGER, TAURIFORMIS. 3. Cor-æ. *The Horn of Plenty, horn of Amal-ea* COPIA. 4. *Things made of horn:* *aterna.* Vulcanum in ∾ conclusum gĕrĭs. LATERNA. (2) *A bow.* Adducto tor-spicĭlā ∾. *O. See* ARCUS. (3) *A pipe* . Lātĭces infundĕrĕ ∾. *V.* ∾ instillāt . *H.* (4) *A trumpet,* &c. Mĭnaci mur-nĭmum. *H. See* TUBA. (5) *A hoof, shoe.* Sŏlĭdo sŏnāt ungŭlā ∾. *V. See* UNGULA. 5. ∾ Indĭcum. *Ivory. M. See* EBUR. 6. *Things resembling horns in shape:* (1) *The horns of the moon.* Lunæ se ∾-ā lumĭnē complent. *V. See* LUNA. (2) *The ends* or *points of sail-yards.* ∾-ā velatarum obvertĭmŭs antennarum. *V. See* ANTENNA. (3) *The arms of a river.* Septem digestum In ∾-ā Nilum. *O.* Trans Rheni ∾-ā. *Cl.* (4) *Points, projections of land.* Pĕr ∾-ā portus. *L.* Inclusum cornĭbŭs æquŏr. *O.* [¶ Lingŭā.] (5) *The peaks of a mountain.* ∾-ā Parnassi. *St. See* CACUMEN. (6) *The points of a bow.* Flexum a cornĭbŭs arcum. *O.* (7) *The finials of wood, bone,* or *ivory, capping the end of the cylinders on which MSS. were rolled.* Explĭcĭtum nobis usque ad sūā cornŭā librum. *Tib. O. See* UMBILICUS. (8) *The wings of a fleet* or *army.* ∾-ā Romanæ classis. *L.* Toto diduxĭt cornŭā campo. *L. See* ALA. 7. *The plume of hair* or *feathers on the crest of the helmet,* or *the cone on which it was placed.* Rubræ ∾-ā cristæ. *V.* 8. Fig. *Courage, power.* Venerunt căpĭti ∾-ā serā mĕo. *O.* Addis ∾-ā paupĕri. *H.* [¶ Robŭr, vis.]

I. CORNUM, i. *n. and* CORNŬS, us. *m.* = Cornu. Curvavit flexilĕ cornŭm. *O.* Dextrā tĕnet cornum. *O.* and *Lr.* Cornus curā sĭnistri. *L.*

II. CORNUM, i. *m.* 1. *The berry of the cornel-tree.* Lăpĭdosāquē cornā Dant rami. *V.* 2. Sts. *Javelin of cornel-wood. O. See* CORNUS.

I. CORNŬS, i. *f.* 1. *The cornel-tree.* Et bŏnā bellō ∾. *V.* **Ep.** Altā, procerā; nodosā, rigĭdā, durā. 2. *A javelin of the wood.* Vŏlāt ĭtālā ∾. *V. See* HASTA, SAGITTA.

II. *Horn. See* CORNUM (I.).

CŎROLLĂ, æ. *f. dim. of* Corona. *See* C. Nostra de frontē cŏrollas. *Pp.*

CŎRONĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A crown, diadem.* Dūplĭcem gemmis auroquē cŏronam. *V.* [¶ Dĭādemā.] *See* D. **Ep.** Gemmĭfĕrā. Auro, gemmis, clarā, dū-plex, &c. 2. *A crown* or *garland of flowers* or *leaves.* Verno de florē cŏronam. *O.* [¶ Cŏrŏl-lā, sertum; *sts.* flos, flores.] **Ep.** Festā, fron-dens, vīrens, vīridis, florens; ŏdorā, ŏdoratā; nexā, plexā, implĭcĭtā; myrtĕā, popŭlĕā, laurĕā. *See* CORONO. 3. *The poet's crown.* [¶ Laurŭs, hĕdĕrā.] **Phr.** 1. *To crown as a poet.* Căpŭt (crinem, tempŏrā, &c.) lauro Parnassĭdē (laurēa ˘Apollĭnari, serto Pĭĕrĭo, hĕdĕra) innecto, vin-cio, rĕdĭmio. Laurēa ˘Apollĭnari dono. Fronti ŏlivam præpono. Hĕdĕram circa tempŏrā do, serpo. Vīridi ramo advelo tempŏrā. 4. *Used of crowns given by the Romans for different services:* (1) ∾ trĭumphalis. (2) ∾ civĭcā, civilis; *for saving a citizen's life.* (3) ∾ muralis; *for being the first on the enemy's wall.* (4) ∾ classĭcā *or* rostratā; *for a naval victory.* (5) ∾ navalis; *for boarding first;* or as (4). (6) ∾ vallaris *or* castrensis; *for being the first in the enemy's camp.* [¶ (2) Quernā (iligněa) cŏronā. Civĭcā (civilis) quercŭs. Servati civis præmĭā.] **Phr.** 2. *Of one presented with the* corona civica. Tempŏrā civili quercu &c. umbratā gĕrĭt, hābĕt. *With the* c. muralis. Tempŏrā (căpŭt summum) murali hŏnōrē cingĭtur. *With the* c. rostrata *or* classica. Cui tempŏrā navali cŏrona fulgent, *or* rostratā fulgent. Quem c. rostratā ambĭt. *With the* c. navalis. Căpŭt navali hŏnōrē cingĭtur. *With the* c. vallaris *or* castrensis. Cui crinem (sācrum) vallaris *or* castrensis laurŭs nectĭt. Qui torquē castrensi cŏronatur. 5. *Ariadne's crown, a constellation so called. C. D.* **Crel.** ˘Arĭadnæā cŏ-ronā. ˘Arĭadnæum sidŭs. ˘Arĭadnæŭs ignis. Mi-noĭdis astrum. Gnossiăcā cŏronā; Gnossiā stellā. Cŏronā. Clarā C. **Phr.** 3. Bacchi mŏnŭ-mentum ămoris. ˘Arĭadnæi căpĭtis hŏnŏr. Bĕa-tæ conjŭgis hŏnŏr. Cŏronæ stellis addĭtus hŏnŏr.

6. *A circle, crowd, number.* Vulgi ∾. *O.* Spissæ ∾-æ. *H.* [† Cœtŭs, turbă; glŏbŭs (*of troops*).]

Cŏronatŭs, ă, um. *Crowned.* ∾ căpilli. *O.* ∾ ară. *Pp.* puppis. *O. See* Corono.

Cŏrono, as. 1. *To crown.* Te dŭo diversa dŏmini de partĕ cŏronant. *O.* **Crol.** Căpŭt, crines, cŏmam, tempŏrĕ, frontem cŏrona, florĭbŭs, sertĭa orno, cingo, præcingo, vincĭo, devincĭo, evincĭo, rĕdĭmĭo, ambĭo, implĭco, impĕdĭo, velo, advelo, circumdo, prĕmo, tĕgo, vestĭo, necto, innecto, dĕcŏro, stringo. Căpĭti, cŏmæ sertă impono, do. Căpŭt, tempŏrĕ florĕ, florĭbŭs cingŏr, nectŏr. **Phr.** *Of one crowned.* Cŏmă cŏrona in morem prĕmĭtŭr. Crinem (flŭĕntem) frondĕ prĕmĭt. Popŭlĕa frondĕ velatŭr. Floreă sertă cŏmis fert. Tempŏrĕ (cŏmas, frontem) florĭbŭs (sertis [ŏdoratis] rŏsis autĭlĭbus) innectĭt (implĭcăt, vincĭt). Myrtĕă sertă gĕrĭt. 2. *To crown altars, gates,* &c. Aris, portis, &c. cŏronas imponĕrĕ. *V.* Delubră, aras . . . festa velarĕ frondĕ; lŏcum sertis intendĕrĕ; frondĕ cŏronarĕ; sertis lumĭnă cŏronarĕ. Cŏronas postĭbŭs intendĕrĕ. Postes cŏronis ornarĕ. 3. *To crown a cup, goblet of wine with flowers;* or, fig. *to fill it to the brim.* Vină cŏronant. *V.* Craterĕ cŏronant. *V.* Cŏronatŭs stabĭt călix. *Tib.* (sc. florĭbŭs indutŭs.) *Hence,* rĕdĭmită vină. *St.* 4. *To encircle, gird.* ∾ ădĭtum custodĕ. *V.* Silvă ∾-ăt ăquas. *O.* [† Cingo, ambĭo.] *See* Circumdo.

Corpŏrĕŭs, ă, um. *Having a body,* or *pertaining to a body.* Corpŏrĕæ excedunt pestes. *V.*

Corpŭs, ŏris. *n.* 1. *A body, material substance; elementary particle, atom.* Quŏt hăberet corpŏrĕ pulvĭs. *O.* [† Corpuscŭlum.] 2. Us. *The body of an animal;* sp. *of man.* [† Membră, artus.] **Ep.** Candĭdum, nĭvĕum, dĕcorum, pulchrum, formosum, præstans; ingens, immanĕ, magnum, procerum; sŏlĭdum, vĕgĕtum, robustum, durum, jŭvĕnilĕ, vălĭdum, firmum, intĕgrum; mortalĕ, debĭlĕ, frăgĭlĕ. **Crol.** Corpŏrĭs artus, membră, pondŭs. Corpŏrĕă moles. Compages membrorum. 3. Pl. *Men, individuals, persons.* Delectă vĭrum corpŏrĕ. *V.* Fidissimă corpŏrĕ. *O.* 4. *A dead body.* ∾ affati discedĭtĕ. *V. See* Cadaver.

Corpŭscŭlum, i. *n. dim. of* Corpus. 1. *An atom, elementary particle.* Corpuscŭlă rerum. *Lr.* [† Corpŭs.] *See* Primordium. 2. *A minute animal body; or used for* corpus *in depreciation.* Quantŭlă sint hŏmĭnum ∾-ă. *J.*

Corrado, is. *To scrape* or *rake together.* Corradens ex aĕrĕ semĭnă nubĭs. *Lr.*

Correctŏr, ŏris. *m. Censor. See* Censor.

Correpo, is. *To creep, crawl. L.* and fig. *To creep with fear,* &c. Cui non correpunt membră păvorĕ. *Lr.*

Corrĭgo, is, exi, ectum. 1. *To set right, put to rights; alter for the better.* Lit. and fig. Lĕvĭus fit pătientĭa Quidquid corrĭgĕre est nĕfas. *H.* ∾ votă; peccatum; mŏram. *O.* [† Emendo.] *See* Muto. 2. *To amend, correct a composition. H. O.* [† Emendo, castigo, pŏlĭo, limo.] *See* Emendo.

Corripio, is, ŭi, eptum. 1. *To take hold of, seize* (us. of a rapid act). Cĕlĕrĕsquĕ săgittas Corripŭit. *V.* [† Arripio, răpio, căpio, prĕhendo, prendo, attingo, sumo.] 2. *Used of the action of fire.* Corripŭit tăbŭlas (flammă). *V.* [† Attingo.] *Fig.* 3. ∾-ĭt corpŏrĕ (morbŭs). *V.* lumĭnă horrŏr. *V. Fl.* [† Invado.] 4. *To captivate, enchant.* Correptŭs ĭmagĭnĕ formæ. *O. See* Capio. 5. ∾ vĭam, campum, spătĭum, spătĭum mĕdĭum, &c. *V. To make way fast* (on a march or journey); *to pass rapidly over the ground. See* Festino. 6. *To move any thing in haste, with unusual rapidity.* ∾ grădum. *H. See* Festino. ∾ *corpŭs* e stratis. *V.* agmĕn cursu. *Sil.* sese. *V.* (*to hurry away*). 7. *To shorten.* ∾ mŏras. *O.* syllăbam. 8. *To reprove, rebuke.* ∾ Correptŭs vocĕ măgistri. *H. See* Objurgo.

Corrumpo, is, upi, uptum. 1. *To spoil, weaken, destroy.* ∾ lăcus tabo. *V.* lăcrĭmis ŏcellos; fĕbrĭbŭs artus. *O.* [† Vĭtĭo, infĭcĭo, pollŭo, deformo, fœdo.] *Fig.* 2. ∾ gaudĭă; dotes; mentes. *O.* fœdĕrĕ. *Sil. See* Vitio. 3. *To corrupt* (as by bribe), *seduce. Pp. O. See* Seduco.

Corrumpŏr. *pass. To spoil.* intr.; *become bad, decay,* &c. [† Tabĕo, tabesco.]

Corrŭo, is, ŭi. 1. *To fall down* (us. with force). Corrŭĭt ĭn vulnŭs. *V.* arbŏr. *V. See* Ruo, Cado. 2. Tr. *To precipitate, hurl to the ground. Cat.* ∾ summam rerum. *Lr.*

Corruptēla, æ. *f.* 1. *Corruption, bane. Pl.* [† Lŭes, tabes, vĭtĭum.] 2. *One who corrupts.* Communis corruptelă nostrum lĭbĕrum. *Ter.* [† Corruptŏr.]

Corruptŏr, ŏris. *m. A corruptor. J. Pl.*

Corruptŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Corrumpo. 1. *Spoiled, injured, adulterated.* Et cĕrĕrem corruptam undis. *V.* [† Infectŭs, vĭtĭatŭs, insincerŭs.] *Fig.* 2. ∾ littĕrĕ Græcă Lătino sŏno. *O.* ∾ dŏlorĕ vŏluptas. *H.* 3. *Seduced, bribed.* ∾ vanis rerum; judex. *H.*

Corsica, æ. *f. An island so called in the Mediterranean.* Mulŭs ĕrĭt dŏmĭni quem misit Corsĭcă, vel quem. *J. See* Corsis. [† Cyrnŭs, Corsĭs.] **Crol.** Terră Corsĭcă. Corsĭcă littŏrĕ. Cui Graio Cyrnŭs nomĭnĕ. Phocæi cŏloni tellŭs.

Corsicus, *and* **Corscus**, ă, um. *Corsican.* Mellĕ sŭb infami Corsĭcă misĭt ăpĭs. *O.* Corsis obrŭtă classis ăquis. *O.* [† Cyrnĕŭs, Cyrnăcŭs.]

Corsis, ĭdis. *f.* = Corsica.

Corscus. *See* Corsicus.

Cortex, ĭcis. *m. f.* 1. *The bark of a tree;* sp. *the cork-tree.* Nudum decerpto cortĭcĕ lignum. *O.* Tu lĕvĭor ∾-ĕ. *H.* Nabĭs sĭnĕ ∾-ĕ. *H.* **Ep.** Arbŏrĕŭs, tĕnĕr, mollis; tĕnŭis, exĭlis, frăgĭlis; lævis, rugosus. 2. *Stopper for casks, bottles,* &c. ∾ amphŏræ. *H.*

Cortinā, æ. *f.* 1. *A cauldron, kettle.* Quam qui cortinam ludis per circum ferunt. *Pl. See* Lebes. 2. *The tripod on which the priestess of Apollo sat, when delivering oracles; the oracle itself so delivered.* Mugire ădytis cortină rĕclusis. Nĕquĕ te ∾ fĕfellĭt. *V. See* Pythia.

Cŏrusco, as. 1. *To quiver, move tremulously.* Tum trĕpĭdæ inter se cŏĕunt, pennisquĕ cŏruscant. *V.* [† Trĕpĭdo, ăgĭtŏr, mŏvĕŏr, trĕmo.] 2. *To glitter, sparkle brightly.* Fulgorĕ cŏruscant ardentes. *V. See* Fulgeo. 3. Tr. *To shake, make to quiver* (? flash, tr.). Sibĭlă dant, linguasquĕ coruscant. *O.* Strictum cŏruscăt mucronem. *V.* [† Agĭto, mŏvĕo, lĭbro, vĭbro.]

Cŏruscŭs, ă, um. 1. *Quivering, waving.* Silvis scenă cŏruscis, *V.* [† Trĕmŭlŭs.] 2. Us. *Glittering, flashing* (of a moving object). Telis ĕt lucĕ cŏruscŭs ăhena. *V.* ∾-ă fulmĭnă. *V.* Igni ∾-o nubĭlă divĭdens. *H.* [† Cŏruscans, fulgens, splendens, &c.] *See* Fulgidus.

Corvinŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *relating to a raven* or *crow.* 2. Subst. m. *A surname first given to M. Valerius Poplicola. C. D.* Corvinosquĕ ălmul, Torquatăquĕ nomĭnă legum. *L.* Cognomĕn corvŭs hăberĕ dĕdĭt. *Pp.*

Corvŭs, i. *m. A raven* or *crow.* Corvorum increpŭit densis exercĭtŭs alis. *V.* **Ep.** Nĭgĕr, garrŭlŭs, lŏquax, raucŭs; prænuntĭŭs, infaustŭs, sĭnistĕr, ferallis, mălŭs; vŏrax, turpis; annosŭs, longævŭs. **Crol.** Phœbi, Phœbĕŭs, Phœbĕlŭs, Apollĭnis alĕs. Phœbĕă ăvis. Phœbi nuntĭus.

Cŏrȳbantēs, um. *m. pl. Priests of Cybele so called.* Hoc Curetĕs hăbent, hoc Cŏrȳbantĕs ŏpŭs. *O. See* Curetes.

Cŏrȳbantĭŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Corybantes.* Cŏrȳbantĭăque ærā. *V.*

Cŏrȳbas, antis. *m. One of the Corybantes. C. D.* Et Cȳbĕles picto stat Cŏrȳbantē thŏlūs. *M.*

Corȳcĭdes, um. *f. pl. The Muses, so named from the nymph Corycia. C. D.* Corȳcĭdas nymphas et numĭnā montĭs ădorāt. *O. See* Corycius.

I. **Corȳcĭŭs**, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to the nymph Corycia, who lived at the foot of Parnassus;* or *to the Muses, to Parnassus.* Insŭlā Corȳcĭis quondam cĕlĕberrĭmā nymphis. *O.*

II. *Pertaining to Corycus, in Cilicia;* or *to Cilicia.* Corȳcĭum vidissē sĕnem &c. *V. See* Cilix, Crocus.

Corȳlĕtum, i. *n. A hazle-copse. O.* (Cŏrȳlŭs.)

Corȳlŭs, *or* **Cŏrŭlŭs**, i. *f. A hazle* or *filbert tree.* Nec myrtus vincet cŏrȳlos, nec laurēā Phœbi. *V.*

Corymbĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing clusters of ivy-berries.* Festā cŏrymbĭfĕri cĕlĕbrabat Græcĭā Bacchi. *O.*

Corymbŭs, i. *m. A branch, cluster of ivy-berries, with which Bacchus and his votaries were crowned, and which were hung as ornaments on vessels, gates,* &c. Diffusos hĕdĕra vestit pallentē cŏrymbos. *V.* Auratis Argo rĕdĭtŭrā cŏrymbis. *V. Fl.* **Ep.** Baccheŭs, Nysæŭs, nĭgĕr, vĭrĭdis; cŏmans, frondens.

Corytŭs, i. *m. A quiver.* Corytiquē lĕves hŭmĕris et letĭfĕr arcus. *V. See* Pharetra.

I. **Cos**, *and* **Cŏos**, Coŏs *or* Coūs. *f.* (Κῶος, Κῶς, Κόος, Κοῦς.) *An island so called in the Ægean. C. D. See* Cous.

II. **Cos**, *f.* 1. *Any hard stone,* or *piece of rock. Aus. See* Cautes. 2. Us. *A whetstone.* Sŭbĭgunt in cotē sĕcures. *V.* Cotē nŏvarē &c. *St.* ăcŭĕrē. *H.* **Ep.** Durā, aspĕrā, ĕdax, mordax.

Costa, æ. *f.* 1. *A rib, side of an animal.* Tergŏrā derĭpĭunt costis. *V.* [† Lātŭs.] **Crol.** Costarum crates, ossā. Lātĕrum, pectŏrĭs, spinæ crates. 2. Fig. ~ spumantĭs ăheni. *V.* ~ rātis lăcĕræ. *Pers.*

Costum, i. *n. and* **Costŭs** *or* **Costŏs**, i. *f. A fragrant Indian shrub,* or *ointment from it.* Costum mollē dăte &c. *Pp.* ˘Eoā costŏs. *L. See* Odor.

Cŏthurnatŭs, ă, um. *Wearing buskins; tragic, epic, sublime.* Illē cŏthurnatas intĕr hăbendā dĕas (Florā). *O.* ~ vates. *O.* Mārō. *M.*

Cŏthurnŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A buskin, high shoe.* Suras vincirē cŏthurno. *V.* 2. *A peculiar kind worn by tragic actors, and raising them in height; tragedy.* Sŏphocleo ~-o. *V.* **Ep.** Cecrŏpĭŭs, trăgĭcus, altŭs, sublimis, grāvis, grandis. **Phr.** *To act in tragedy.* Niti cŏthurno. *Tragic muse.* Trăgĭcis innixā cŏthurnis (musā). *See* Tragœdia. 3. *Used of any elevated style of poetry.* Non hŭmĭli mĕmŏrandā ~-o. *Pp.* ~ ˘Achilleo componĕrē verbā. *Pp.*

Cŏturnix, icis. *f. A quail.* Eccē cŏturnices inter sē prœlĭā vivunt. *O.* **Ep.** Pŭs, pĕrĕgrīnā, advĕnā.

Cŏtys, ȳos *or* ȳis. *m. The name of several kings of Thrace.* O Cŏtȳ, progĕnĭes &c. *O.*

Coŭs, ă, um. *Of the island of Cos, which was famous* (1) *for the fineness of the stuffs* or *garments made there* (Cos, orum), *those in use with women especially; and* (2) *for its wine.* Si Vĕnĕrem Cous nunquam pinxissēt ˘Apellēs. *O.* 1. Cox, orum. *n. pl.* Sive ĕrīt in Cois, Coā dĕcerē pŭta. *O.* Indŭē me Cois. *Pp.* **Crol.** Cos textŭrā Mĭnervæ. Cos purpŭræ. 2. Coum, i. *n.* (sc. vinum). *Wine of Cos.* Albo non sĭnē Coo. *H.* Lubrĭcā Coā. *Pers.*

Coxa, æ (*and* **Coxendix**, ĭcis). *f. The hip, hip-bone. J. M.*

Crabro, onis. *m. A hornet.* Millĭa crabronum cŏĕunt &c. *O. See* Vespa.

Cragŭs, *or* **Cragŏs**, i. *m. A mountain of Lycia.* Jam Crăgŏn, et Limȳren &c. *O.*

Crapŭla, æ. *f. Head-ache,* &c., *indigestion* (after drinking). At mālē digestis si crapŭlā sævlĕt escis. *Ser. Sam.* (v. 321.) Edormiscĕrē crapŭlam. *Pl. See* Ebrietas.

Cras. *adv. To-morrow.* Aurēā malā dĕcem misi; cras altĕrā mittam. *V.* [† Crastĭnum.] **Crol.** Crastĭnā lux, dĭes, aurorā, eos, horā, ætas. Crastĭnūs dies, sol, Titan. Lux altĕrā, postĕrā. Crastĭnā tempŏrā. Lux sĕquens. *See* Postridie.

Crassŭs, ă, um. 1. *Thick.* ~ aer. *Lr.* ăquæ; filā. *O.* unguentum; tŏgā. *H.* [† Spissŭs, densŭs, pinguis.] 2. *Fat, large, in flesh.* ~-a magnum farragĭnē corpŭs. *V.* molē lĕo. *Cl.* ~ turdŭs. *M.* [† Pinguis, ŏbesŭs; amplŭs, vastŭs, ingens.] 3. Fig. *Fat in head, thick-headed.* Vulgus crassăquē turbā. *M.* [† Pinguis, tardŭs, hĕbĕs.]

Crastĭnum, i. *n.* (Crastĭnŭs.) *To-morrow—day. Sen. See* Cras.

Crastĭnŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to to-morrow.* Nunquam te crastĭnā fallēt Horā. *V. See* Cras.

Crater, eris, *acc.* em *or* ă. *m. and* **Craterā**, æ. *f.* 1. *A large bowl for wine;* hence, *cup, goblet.* Vertunt craterās ăhenos. *V.* Magnum ~-ă cŏrona Indŭīt. *V.* ~-æ limŭs ădhæsit. *H.* [† Pocŭlum, cĕlix, scȳphŭs.] *See* Poculum. 2. *The crater of a volcano.* Pronos currus mĕdĭo crateri rĕcepit. *O.* [† Os, hiātŭs, gurgĕs.] *See* Gurges.

Crates, is. *f.* 1. *A crate, hurdle.* Claudensquē textis cratĭbŭs lætum pĕcŭs. *H.* **Ep.** Textā; vimĭnĕā, arbŭtĕā. 2. *Any wattled work, natural* or *artificial.* ~ sālignæ umbonum. *V.* æratæ. *St. See* Clypeus, Thorax. 3. ~ costarum, lātĕrum, pectŏrĭs. *The ribs.* Crates pectŏrĭs ensē transādĭgit. *V.* lātĕrum perrupit. *O. See* Costa.

Craticŭla, æ. *f. A gridiron.* Parvā tibi curva craticŭlā sudēt ŏfella. *M.*

Crātinŭs, i. *m. A comic poet so called. C. D.* Prisco si credis, Mæcenas doctē, Crātino. *H.*

Crĕātŏr, oris. *m.* 1. *A creator, maker; Creator of the world.* Quas illē crĕātŏr Atque ŏpĭfex rerum &c. *L.* [† Auctŏr, condĭtŏr, ŏpĭfex; Dĕŭs.] 2. *A father, as the author of a person's being.* Magnivē ~ ˘Achillis. *O. See* Pater.

Crĕatrix, icis. *f. A creator,* f.; *a mother.* Rerum naturā ~. *Lr.* Divā ~. *V. See* Mater.

Crĕatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Creo. *Created, born.* Qua sitis stirpē ~-i. *O.* Unicuiquē dĕdit vĭtĭum naturā ~-o. *Pp.* [† Gĕnĭtŭs, productŭs, natŭs, sātŭs.]

Crebĕr, ebrā, ebrum. *Frequent, repeated, thick, abounding in.* Nec tam crebĕr, ăgens hĭĕmem, rŭit æquŏrē turbo. *V.* ~ prŏcellis Afrĭcus; ărundĭnĭbŭs (lucus). *O.* Lābāt ariētē ~-o (janŭā). *V.* [† Frequens, densŭs, spissŭs, multŭs, plurĭmŭs, rĕpĕtītŭs.] *See* Crebro.

Crebresco, is, bŭi. 1. *To grow frequent, to increase more and more.* Crebrescunt optatæ auræ. *V.* Campis mĕgis ac mĕgis horror ~-it. *V.* [† Increbresco, cresco, augesco, augĕōr.] 2. *To spread abroad, prevail.* ~ vidit sermonem. *V.* [† Percrebresco, vulgŏr, spargŏr.]

Crebro. *adv. Often, frequently. H. Ter.* [† Sæpē, sæpĭŭs, frequentĕr, crebrā.] **Crol.** Non raro. ˘Itĕrumque ĭtĕrumquē.

Credĭbilis, ĕ. *Probable, likely.* Credĭbĭle est ipsos consŭlŭissē dĕos. *O.* [† Prŏbabĭlis, verisĭmĭlis.] **Crol.** Credi *or* fĭdo dignŭs. Fĭdem non *or* haud sŭpĕrans. Fĭde non majŏr. *See* Fides.

Creditŏr, oris. *m. A creditor.* Intĕgĕr est mentis Dāmăsippi credĭtŏr? esto. *H.*

Credo, is, idi, itum. 1. *To believe, think.* Credĭtis avectos hostes &c.? *V.* [† Pŭto, existĭmo, judĭco, ŏpinŏr, &c.] *See* Puto. 2. *To believe, credit.* ~ dicenti. *O.* **Crol.** Fĭdem do, ădhĭbĕo, addo. Est mĭhĭ fĭdes. Credŭlŭs sum. 3. To entrust.

~ pŭĕro summam belli. *V.* libris arcanĭ. *H.* [† Committo, concredo, confido.] **4.** *To trust to.* Se ~ cœlo. *V.* ~ se ĭn nŏvos soles (de gramĭnĭbŭs); păludi. *V.* ăquæ. *O.* [† Fido, confido.]

Credŏr. *pass. To be believed.* Pro magna testĭ vĕtustas Credĭtŭr. *O.* **Crcl.** Fĭdes mĭhĭ addĭtŭr, adjĭcĭtŭr, ădhĭbetŭr. Fĭdem hăbĕo, obtĭnĕo.

Credŭlĭtas, atĭs. *f. Credulity.* Aut stŭ̆ĭ credŭlĭtas ĭn ăduncos egĕrăt hamos. *O.* **Ep.** Stultĭ, lĕvĭs, făcĭlĭs, rŭdĭs, incautĭ, simplex. **Crcl.** ˘Anĭmŭs credŭlŭs. Mens credŭlĭ. Spes credŭlĭ.

Credŭlus, ă, um. **1.** *Credulous, ready to believe.* Sed nos in vĭtĭum credŭlĭ turbă sŭmŭs. *O.* **2.** (with a dat.) *Trusting to, believing in.* ~ illis. *V.* postĕro (dĭei). *H.* *See* Credo, Credulitas.

Crĕmĕra, æ. *f. A river of Etruria, where the 300 Fabii were slain.* Ut cĕlĕri passu Crĕmĕram tĕtĭgerĕ răpacem. *O.*

Crĕmo, as, avi, atum. *To burn, set on fire.* Num incensă crĕmavĭt Trojă vĭros? *V.* [† Uro, comburo, exuro, ăduro, incendo.] *See* Uro.

Crĕmŏr, orĭs. *m. Cream of milk;* gen. *thick juice from grain.* Illis affundĕ crĕmorem. *O.*

Crĕo, as. **1.** *To create, beget, produce.* Assărăcon crĕăt hic; Assărăcusquĕ Căpyn. *O.* Drÿŏpequem nymphă crĕarăt. *V.* [† Procrĕo, gigno, părĭo, edo, produco.] *See* Gigno. **2.** *To cause.* [† Pă̆rĭo, gigno, affĕro.]

Crĕŏr. *pass. To be created, born.* Fortes crĕantur fortĭbŭs. *H.* *See* Nascor *and* Creatus.

Crĕpĭda, æ. *f. A sandal.* Non hic qui in crĕpĭdas Graiorum luderĕ gestĭt. *Pers.* *See* Solea, Sandalium.

Crĕpido, ĭnĭs. *f.* **1.** *A base, foundation.* Æternă crĕpido, Quæ sŭpĕringesti portaret culmĭnă montĭs. *St.* **2.** Us. *Pier* (actually or virtually walled); *side* or *bank of a river. V. J.* [† Margo, ŏrĭ.]

Crĕpĭtacŭlum, i. *n. A rattle; any thing making a rattling noise when shaken. Lr.* Quassat crĕpĭtacŭlă palmis Silenus (*the infant Bacchus' rattle*). *Calp.* **Ep.** Garrŭlum. *See* Crotalum.

Crĕpĭtans, tĭs. *Making a noise, rattling.* Curetum sŏnĭtus crĕpĭtantĭăque ærĭ sĕcutæ. *V.* ~ ~ sistrum. *Pp.* [† Crĕpans, stridens, stridŭlŭs, sŏnŏrŭs.]

Crĕpĭto, as. *To make a noise, crackle, rattle.* Grandĭnĕ nimbi Culmĭnĭbŭs crĕpĭtant. *V.* ~ incudĭbŭs enses. *V.* ~-ăt bractĕă vento. *V.* laurĕă flammis. *Tib.* [† Crĕpo, stridĕo, sŏno, insŏno.] *See* Sono.

Crĕpĭtŭs, us. *m.* **1.** *A noise, but us. of a cracking, clinking, creaking, rattling sound.* Si trulla inverso crĕpĭtum dĕdĭt aurĕă fundo. *J.* ~ fulmĭnĭs. *V.* dĭgĭtorum. *M.* claustrorum. *Pl.* [† Sŏnĭtŭs, strĕpĭtŭs, sŏnŭs, frăgŏr.] *See* Sonitus. **2.** *The clang of arms. See* Arma.

Crĕpo, as, ŭi, ĭtum. **1.** *To crack, crackle, sound sharply, rattle,* &c. ˘Et ăcuto in murĭcĕ remi Obnixi crĕpŭĕrĕ. *V.* ~-ăt laurŭs ădustă fŏco; sistrum. *O.* aurĕă pallă. *St.* lymphă desĭlĭens. *H.* [† Crĕpĭto, percrĕpo, sŏno, stridĕo.] *See* Sono. **2.** Tr. *To strike such a sound* (acc.); *to strike . . . to such a sound.* ~ faustos sŏnos mănĭbŭs. *Pp.* ærĭ. *St.* [† Persŏno, impello.] **3.** *To make a noise about, talk boastingly of.* ~ antiquum gĕnŭs. *Lr.* [† Dico, prædĭco, mĕmŏro, jacto.] *See* Crepans.

Crĕpuscŭlum, i. *n. Twilight* (that of the morning is more properly diluculum). Pastŏr ŏves sătŭras ad primă crĕpuscŭlă lustrăt. *O.* **Ep.** Occĭdĭum, serum, vespertinum, nocturnum, obscurum. **Phr.** Dŭbĭæ noctĭs crĕpuscŭlă. D. noctĭs confinĭă. Ultĭmă pars noctĭs. Extremă *pars lucis.* Nox primă. Sŭb noctem. Sŭb primă *noctis astrĭ;* sŭb a. noctem ducentĭă. Vergentĕ ĭn noctem dĭe. **Phr.** *Twilight coming on.* Crĕpuscŭlă noctem trăhunt, inducunt. ~-ă Phœbo fŭgĭentĕ sublucent. ~-ă Ph. rĕpercusso ălĭtent. Dĭes vicina noctĕ dŭbĭŭs prĕmĭtŭr. Tempŭs sŭbĭit, quŏd nĕquĕ lucem, nĕquĕ tĕnĕbras dicas. *See* Mane, Vesper.

Cres, ĕtĭs. *m.* **Cretĕs,** um. *pl. A Cretan; Cretans.* Cretĕs ĕrunt testes; nec fingunt omnĭă Cretĕs. *O.* [† Cretensis, Dictæus.] *See* Cressa, Cressius.

Cresco, ĭs, evi, etum. *To increase, grow.* In frondem crines, in ramos brachĭă crescunt. *O.* Flumĭnă ~-unt. *V.* [† Accresco, increasco, augĕŏr; *sts.* ădŏlesco.] **Crcl.** Majŏrfio, evado. *See* Crevi.

Cressa, æ, *and* **Cretĭs,** ĭdĭs. *f. A Cretan,* f. Cressă gĕnus Phŏlŏe. *V.* Cressă nŏtă. *H.* Nymphæ pavissĕ fĕrunturĭ Cretĭdĕs. *O.* [† Cressĭă, Cretĭcă, Cretæă, Curetĭs.] *See* Cressius.

Cressĭus, *or* **Cresĭus,** ă, um. *Cretan. V. O.* [† Cres, Cretĭcŭs, Cretensis, Cretæŭs, Dictæŭs, Minoĭŭs, Gnosĭŭs, Gnossŭs, Gnossĭăcŭs, Cŷdonĭŭs; *fem.* Cressă, Cretĭs, Gnossis, Cŷdonis, Curetĭs.]

I. **Cretă,** æ, *and* **Crete,** es. *f.* (Κρήτη.) *The island Crete.* Cretă Jŏvis magni mĕdĭo jăcĕt insŭlă ponto. *V.* Non ĕgo te, Crete, centum &c. *O.* **Ep.** Minoĭă, cærŭlă, divĕs, nobĭlĭs, pŏtens. **Crcl.** Tellus, arvă Minoĭă, Dictæă, Gnossĭă, Gortynĭă. Terră Curetĭs. **Phr.** Centum pŏtens oppĭdis. Centum nobĭlĭs urbĭbŭs. Tellus clarĭ Jŏvĭ.

II. **Cretă,** æ. *f.* **1.** *Chalk* (a sort of white clay in which Crete abounded). Et vertendă mănu, et creta sŏlĭdandă tĕnaci. *V.* **Ep.** Albă, candĭdă, tĕnax. [† Cretŭlă, album.] **2.** *Chalk-mark* (as a white mark for a happy day). *See* Calculus.

Cretaĕus, ă, um (Κρηταῖος). *Cretan. O. See* Cressius.

Cretatŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Whitened, marked with chalk, chalked over.* Magnum Cretatumquĕ bŏvem. *J.* [† Candĭdŭs.] **Crcl.** Creta oblĭtŭs, obductŭs, fucatŭs. **2.** *Fig.* Cretata ambĭtĭo. *Pers. See* Candidatus.

Cretenses, ĭum. *Cretans. See* Cres, Cressius.

Cretĭcŭs, ă, um. *Cretan.* Tradam prŏtervis in mărĕ Cretĭcum Portarĕ ventis. *H. See* Cressius.

Cretosŭs, ă, um. *Abounding in chalk.* Cretosăquĕ rurĭ Cĭmoli. *O.* **Crcl.** Cretæ fĕrax, ăbundans.

Cretŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Cresco. *Born, sprung.* Trojano a sanguĭnĕ cretum. *V.* [† Crĕatŭs, gĕnĭtŭs, ortŭs, natŭs, sătŭs.]

Crĕusă, æ. *f. Creusa.* **1.** *The wife of Jason, destroyed by Medea.* **2.** *The wife of Æneas.* Ipsĭŭs umbrĭ Crĕusæ. *V.* **Crcl.** Æneĭă conjux. Vĕnĕris nŭrŭs. *V.* Formosi matĕr ˘Iuli. *O.*

Crevi. *perf. to* Cresco *and* Cerno. **1.** *I grew, have grown.* Tempŏrĕ crevĭt ămŏr. *O.* **2.** (less common.) *I saw, determined, have seen,* &c. Germanum amittĕrĕ crevi. *Cat.*

Cribrum, *and perhaps* **Crĭbrum,** i. *n. A sieve,* &c. Lac sŏlĕt, utvĕ lĭquor rari sub pondĕrĕ cribri. *O.*

Crimĕn, ĭnĭs. *n.* **1.** *A charge, accusation.* Crimĭnĭbus terrerĕ nŏvis, hinc spargĕrĕ vocem. *V.* **Ep.** Falsum, fictum, grăvĕ. **2.** *A crime, fault.* Sĭnĕ crimĭnĕ vitam degĕrĕ. *V.* [† Scĕlŭs, făcĭnŭs, nĕfas, flagĭtĭum, culpă, admissum, commissum, delictum, piaculum.] *See* Scelus, Culpa.

Crimĭnŏr, arĭs. *To accuse.* Terram infĭdĕlem nec fĕracem crimĭnans. *Aus. Ter.* [† Culpo, accuso, argŭo.] *See* Culpo.

Crimĭnosŭs, ă, um. *Slanderous, abusive.* Quem crimĭnosis cunquĕ vŏlĕs mŏdum Ponex ĭambis. *H.* [† Prŏbrosŭs, contŭmĕlĭosŭs.]

Crinalĕ, ĭs. *n. A sort of bodkin for the hair.* Et

mădĭdos myrrha curvum crinalĕ căpillos (ornabăt). *O.* [† ~Acĭus, discernĭcŭlum. *Lucil.*] **Crol.** Crinalĭs ăcŭs, crinalĕ aurum. *See* CAPILLUS.

CRINALIS, ĕ. *Pertaining to the hair* or *head.* (Crinalĕ.) *O.*

CRINIGĔR, ĕrĭ, ĕrum. *Long-haired.* Crinĭgĕros bellis arcerĕ Cănoos. *L. See* CAPILLATUS.

CRINIS, Is. *m.* 1. *A lock of hair.* ~Opŭs est mĭhĭ crinĕ păterno. *O.* [† Căpillŭs.] 2. Us. CRINIS, Is, *and* CRINEM. *pl. The hair of the head.* Dulcis compŏsĭtis spiravit crinĭbŭs aurā. *V.* ~-em de morĕ sŏlutæ. *V.* [† Căpillŭs, cŏmă, căpilli, &c.] *See* CAPILLUS. 3. *The tails of comets; trailing light of stars, fire.* ~ trĕmendi siderĭs. *L.* ~-em vŏlantĭs siderĭ ducunt. *V.* Protŭlĭt ut ~-em (ignis). *V. Fl. See* COMA.

CRINITUS, ă, um. *Long-haired, hairy.* Cĭthăra crinităs ~Iopas. *V. See* CAPILLATUS.

CRISPATUS, ă, um. *Agitated, waving.* Crispatā căcumĭnĕ buxŭs. *Cl.* [† Crispans, trĕmŭlŭs.] *See* TREMULUS.

CRISPO, as. 1. *To shake, make to wave, to ruffle.* Almā nŏvo crispans pĕlăgus Tithonĭā Phœbo. *V. Fl.* 2. *To brandish, shake.* ~ hastilĭā. *V. See* LIBRO.

CRISPŎR. *pass. To be shaken, to wave.* [† Undo, fluctŭo.]

CRISPUS, ă, um. 1. *Crisped, curled.* Crispamquĕ involvĕrĕ visa est Mitis flammā cŏmam. *Sil.* 2. *Trembling, quivering.* ~ pecten. *J.* [† Crispans, crispatŭs, trĕmŭlŭs.]

CRISTA, æ. *f.* 1. *The comb* or *tuft of a bird,* &c. ~ galli. *J.* 2. *Crest, plume.* ~ ĕquina. *V.* Gĕmĭnæ stant vertĭcĕ ~-æ. *V.* [† Cornŭ, ăpex.] Ep. Cŏmans, undans, nutans, trĕmŭlā, altā, surgens; cŏruscā, micans, rŭtilā; mĭnax, terrĭbĭlis.

CRISTATUS, ă, um. 1. *Having a comb* or *tuft.* ~ alĕs. *O.* gallŭs. *M.* 2. *Wearing a plume* or *crest.* ~ ~Achilles. *V.* cassis pennis. *O.* **Crol.** Crista insignis, cŏruscŭs, hirsutŭs.

CRITICUS, i. *m. A censor, critic.* Ut crĭtĭci dicunt lĕvĭter curarĕ vĭdetur. *H.* [† Censŏr, ~Aristarchŭs, judex.] *See* CENSOR, EMENDO.

CRŎCEUS, ă, um. 1. *Of saffron.* Crŏcĕos ut Tmolŭs ŏdores. *V.* [† Crŏcĭnŭs.] 2. Us. *Saffron-coloured, yellow.* ~ cŭbilĕ Tithoni; ăcanthŭs. *V.* [† Crŏcĭnŭs, flavŭs, lutĕŭs, lutŭlĭus.]

CRŎCINUS, ă, um. *Of saffron; of the colour of saffron.* Fulgebat crŏcĭna candĭdŭs in tŭnĭca. *Cat. See* CROCEUS.

CROCIO, is (κροάζω.) *To croak like a crow.* Et vocĕ crocĭbat sŭā. *Pl.* [*The word* crocĭto, *if admissible at all, which is very doubtful, must have the first long, from* crocio.]

CRŎCŎDILUS, i. *m. A crocodile.* Ægyptus portentā cŏlat? crŏcŏdilŏn ădorāt. *J.* Ep. Nillăcŭs, Nilĭcŏlā; crudelis, fĕrŭs, mĕtŭendŭs. **Crol.** Incŏlā Nili. Nillăcā fĕrā. [*The first syllable is found long in a passage of Martial; and Phædrus has* corcŏdilŭs.]

CRŎCUS, i. *m. Saffron, a plant so called, yielding the saffron colour,* i. e. *yellowish* or *reddish, as gold* or *the orange.* Cāsĭamquĕ, crŏcumquĕ rŭbentem. *V.* Pictā ~-o vestis. *V.* Rŭbri filā ~-i. *O.* Ep. Cĭlix, Corȳcĭŭs, flavŭs, aurĕŭs, fulvŭs, lutĕŭs, rŭbens; halans, frāgrans, rĕdŏlens; Cĭlĭci arvo edĭtŭs. **Crol.** Flos crŏci, Cĭlĭsā spicā, messis. Cĭlĭcum flores. Corȳcĭæ cŏmæ. Corȳcĭā germĭnā.

CRŒSUS, i. *m. The famous king of Lydia.* Ep. Lydŭs, divĭs, ŏpŭlentŭs, sŭperbŭs.

CRŎTALISTRIA, æ. *f. A female castanet- or cymbal-player.* Nilotes ŭbicĭĕn ĕrat, crŏtălistrĭā Phyllis. *Pp.*

CRŎTALUM, i. *n. A castanet, cymbal.* Crispum sub crŏtălo doctā mŏverĕ lăcŭs. *V.* (*Copa.*) [† Crĕpĭtacŭlum.]

CRŬCIATUS, us. *m.* 1. *Torture,* &c., *at the hand of the executioner.* Hanc jam ŏportĕt in crŭciatum hinc abrĭpi. *Ter.* [† Tormentum.] 2. Us. *Pain, suffering.* Perquĕ dĭcs multos lăbĕris crŭciatĭbŭs urŏr. *O.* [† Dŏlŏr, angŏr, tormentum, mălum.]

CRŬCIFIGO, is. *To crucify.* Qui crŭcĭfixŭs ĕrāt, dĕŭs ecce pĕr omnĭā regnāt. *Eccl.* **Crol.** Membrā crŭci affigo, suffigo, In trăbĕ figo, crŭci do. ~In crŭcem tollo, ăgo. Infami ligno, trunco suspendo. Suffixo stipĭtĕ vitam erĭpio. **Phr.** *Of one crucified.* Pœnas crŭcĕ solvĭt. Crŭcis mortĕ ultĭmā passŭs est. Suffixŭs in summā pendĕt crŭcĕ. S. erecto corpŏrĕ pendĕt. Corpŭs crŭci affixum in arbŏrĕ pendĕt. Robŏrĕ (crŭcĕ, stipĭtĕ mĭsĕro, de stipĭtĕ) pendĕt. Membrā infami stipĭtĕ &c. districtŭs pendĕt. *See* CRUX.

CRŬCIO, as. *To torment, inflict pain.* Quantum sic crŭciat lumĭnā vestrā dŏlŏr. *Pp.* [† Discrŭcio, excrŭcio, torquĕo, ango, vexo, prĕmo, affĭcio, affligo.] **Crol.** Crŭciatĭbŭs torquĕo, affĭcio, uro. *See* DOLOR.

CRUDELIS, ĕ. 1. *Cruel, barbarous, pitiless* (of persons). En ĭtĕrum crudelĭā retro Fatā vŏcant. *V.* ~Odĭum crudelĕ tȳranni. *V.* [† Sævŭs, barbarŭs, durŭs, immitis, trux, fĕrŭs, impŭrŏbŭs, &c.] *See* SÆVUS. 2. *Cruel, grievous, painful* (of things in their effect). ~-em vitam abrumpĕrĕ. *V.* ~-i verbĕrĕ (lăcĕrarĕ); ~ conjŭgĭum mĕum. *O.* [† Immitis, aspĕr, durŭs, sævŭs, flebĭlis, lugendŭs, tristis, mĭsĕr.] *See* CRUDELITER.

CRUDELITAS, atis. *f. Cruelty, barbarity.* Quæcunquĕ vestrā jussērit crudelĭtas. *Prud. See* SÆVITIA.

CRUDELITER. *Cruelly.* Lăcĕrum crudelĭtĕr orā. *V.* [† Duro, ătrocĭtĕr, sæve, sævĭtĕr, rĭgĭdĕ, immanĭtĕr; crudelĕ, immanĕ (*adj. n. s.*), ăcerbā, dirā (*adj. n. pl.*).]

CRUDESCO, is. *To grow worse and worse, fiercer and fiercer.* (Lit. to become raw.) ~-It morbŭs; pugnā. *V.* irā. *Sil.* [† Rĕcrudesco, ingrăvesco, ægresco, augĕŏr, cresco, irritŏr.]

CRUDUS, ă, um. 1. *Fresh, raw* (of a wound yet gory). Qui vulnĕrā ~ rĕtractĕt. *O.* [† Rĕcens.] 2. *Raw, uncooked.* Extā ~-ă. *O.* 3. *Undigested.* Crudum pāvonem. *J.* Sts. *One loaded with undigested food. M. H.* 4. *Green, unripe.* ~ palmĕs. *L.* 5. *Under age, premature. M. H.* [† Immaturŭs.] 6. *Green, young, vigorous.* Crudā dĕo vĭrĭdisquĕ sĕnectus. *V.* [† Firmŭs, vĕgĕtŭs, robustŭs.] 7. *Unwrought, in its natural state* (of skins and wood). ~-o cæstu; ~ pero. *V.* ~-ă tegmĭnā bŏum. *St.* tegumĭnā parmæ. *Sil.* ~-o cortĭcĕ (hastā). *V.* robŏrĕ cortex. *St.* [† Aspĕr, scăbĕr, durŭs.] 8. Fig. *Hard, resolute; cruel, inhuman.* ~ mens contra aspĕrā. *Sil.* Atreus; bellā. *O.* [† Durŭs, fortis; sævŭs.] *See* S.

CRŬENTO, as. *To make bloody, gory.* Infractāquĕ telā crŭentāt. *V.* Orĕ crŭentato. *O.* **Crol.** Crŭorĕ, sanguĭnĕ spargo, conspergo, respergo, imbŭo, tingo, perfundo, rĭgo, ungo, inficio, fœdo, turpo, pollŭo, măculo; *sts.* turbo.

CRŬENTUS, ă, um. 1. *Bloody, gory.* Multa cædĕ crŭentŭs. *V.* [† Crŭentatŭs, sanguĭnŏlentŭs, sanguĭnĕŭs.] **Crol.** Crŭorĕ (sanguĭnĕ, crŭento rorĕ, sanguĭnĕā asperȳnĕ) perfusŭs, tinctŭs, sparsŭs, conspersŭs, respersŭs, adspersŭs, imbutŭs, mādens, mădĭdŭs, mădĕfactŭs, flŭens, rorans, manans, infectŭs, fœdatŭs, măculatŭs, turpatŭs, rŭbens, rŭbĕfactŭs, unctŭs, undans, spumans, sudans. Tabo ĕt sānĭe flŭens. **Phr.** *Of places where blood has been shed.* Terrā (hŭmŭs &c.) atro crŭorĕ (sanguĭnĕ, tabo, sānĭe, rĕcenti cædĕ, multa cædĕ) tĕpĕfactā (exsperā, sparsā, rŭbens, pur-

pŭrĕă, mădĕfactă) nătăt (tĕpĕt, mădĕt, manăt, spumăt). Fossæ sanguĭnĕ ĭnundant. Arĕ crŭorem combĭbĭt. *See* CRUOR. **2.** *Of the colour of blood.* ∾ myrtă (*pl.*). *V.* fax; lux. *St. See* SANGUINEUS *and* CRUOR.

CRŬMENĂ, *or* **CRŬMINĂ,** æ. *f. A purse.* Et dŏmŭs, et victus, non defĭcĭentĕ crŭmena. *H.* [¶ Saccŭlŭs, lŏcŭli, follĭs; *sts.* pĕrĕ, marsupĭum.] **Ep.** Plenă, grăvĭs, tŭmens, căpax, divĕs; ĭnanĭs, văcŭă.

CRŬŎR, ŏrĭs. *m.* **1.** *Blood from a wound, gore.* Jŭgŭlis demittĕ crŭorem. Siccabăt vestĕ crŭores. *V.* [¶ Sanguĭs; *sts.* sănĭes, tabo (*abl. Sen. has* tabum fluentem).] **Ep.** Fusŭs, călĭdŭs, tĕpĭdŭs, fumans, spumans; punĭcĕŭs, rŭbĕr; atĕr, nĭgĕr, tetĕr; fœdŭs, obscenŭs, crassŭs. **Crcl.** Sanguĭnĕŭs (crŭentŭs) ros *or* imbĕr. Sanguĭnĕi (crŭenti) rores *or* imbres. Sanguĭnĕæ guttæ. Sanguĭnĭs, crŭorĭs undă, gŭttæ, rivŭs, flumĕn. Sanguĭnĕum flumĕn. Effusŭs sanguĭs. Atro sanguĭnĕ guttæ. **Phr.** *Of blood shed, flowing,* &c. Manăt tĕpĭdŭs crŭŏr. Lăvăt corpŭs sanguĭs. Crŭŏr armă tingĭt. Ferrum sanguĭnĕ sătĭatŭr. Crines crŭentĭs rorĭbŭs (tetra aspergĭnĕ) manant. *See* CRUENTUS. **2.** Fig. *Bloodshed, slaughter. O. H. See* CÆDES.

CRUS, urĭs. *n.* crură, um, ĭbŭs. *pl. The leg, legs.* Crus ŭbĭ commisit vŏlŭcris sensitquĕ tĕneri. *O.* Crură thȳmo plenæ. *V.* **Ep.** Mollĕ, tĕnĕrum; album, candĭdum; exilĕ, tĕrĕs.

CRUSTĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A crust, hard outward formation.* Concrescunt sŭbĭtæ currenti in flumĭnĕ crustæ. *V.* **2.** Sp. *Coating of marble; stucco* (?). *Aus. See* TECTORIUM. **3.** *Crust of bread* or *cake. Plin. Eccl. See* CRUSTULUM.

CRUSTATŬS, ă, um. *Coated, covered with marble; embossed with figures.* ∾ dŏmŭs marmŏrĭbŭs. *L.*

CRUSTŬLUM, i. *n. dim. of* Crustum. *A cake.* Dant crustŭlă blandi Doctores. *H.* [¶ Crustum.] **Ep.** Dulcĕ, blandum, mellitum.

CRUSTUM, i. *n. A cake. V. H. See* CRUSTULUM.

CRUX, ŭcĭs. *f.* **1.** *A cross, an instrument of torture, punishment.* Pendens in crŭcĕ votă făcĭt. *O.* [¶ Robŭr, stipĕs, &c., *as* **2.**] **2.** *The Christian Cross.* [¶ Robŭr, trabs, lignum, truncŭs, stipĕs, arbŏr, pălĭbŭlum.] **Ep.** Fœdă, turpĭs, infamĭs, deformĭs; infelix, funestă, fatalĭs; vitalĭs, sălutĭfĕră. **Crcl.** Lignum crŭcĭs; l. vitalĕ crŭcĭs. Ligni robŭr. Crŭcĭs stipĕs. Crŭcĭs vexillum. Lignum vĕnĕrabĭlĕ. Crŭcĭs robŭr, arbŏr, arbŏr ună nobĭlĭs, dĕcoră, &c. *See* CRUCIFIGO. **3.** Fig. *Punishment under the executioner, torture, suffering. M. Aus. See* CRUCIATUS.

CRYPTĂ, æ. *f. A vault, subterraneous place* or *passage. J.*

CRYSTALLĬNŬS, ă, um. *Of crystal. Hence,* **CRYSTALLĬNĂ,** orum. *n. pl. Vessels of crystal.* Frangĕrĕ dum mĕtŭis, franges crystallĭnă: peccant. *M.* [¶ Crystallă.]

CRYSTALLUM, i. *n. and* **CRYSTALLŬS,** i. *f.* **1.** *Crystal.* **Ep.** ˘Eŏă, Indă; gĕlĭdă; ăquosă, lĭquĭdă, clară, pură, nĭtĭdă, lucens, lucĭdă, perlucĭdă, splendens, splendĭdă; frăgĭlis. **Crcl.** Lĭquĭdi saxi miracŭlă. ˘Aquæ claro marmŏrĕ deprensæ. Mirăsĭlex, mirusquĕ lăticx. **2.** *Vessels,* &c., *made of crystal.* Tĕnerĕ crystallă. *M.* Crystallŭs ornĕt ăquosă mănus. *Pp.* [¶ Crystallĭnă, orum.]

CŬBANS, tĭs. **1.** *Lying down.* (Cŭbo.) *H.* [¶ Rĕcŭbans, rĕcumbens, rĕsŭpinŭs.] **2.** *Confined to the bed, ill. H. See* ÆGER. **3.** *Sloping.* Cŭbantĭă tectă. *Lr.* Usticæ cŭbantĭs. *H.* [¶ Sŭpinŭs.]

CŬBĬCŬLUM, i. *n. A bed-chamber.* Linquendum ŭbi essĕt orto mĭhĭ solĕ cŭbĭcŭlum. *Cat.* [¶ Cŭbilĕ, thălămŭs.] *See* C.

CŬBILĔ, ĭs. *n.* **1.** *A bed, couch.* Proră cŭbilĕ mĭhi seu mĭhĭ puppĭs ĕrăt. *Pp.* Cŭbilĭă frondes. *O.* [¶ *Lectŭs, tŏrŭs,* stratum; *sts.* thălămŭs.] *See* LECTUS. **2.** *Nuptial bed. See* CONJUGIUM. **3.** *Lye, haunt* (of birds or beasts). ∾ blattarum; ăpĭum. *V.* sŭĭs. *Pk.* [¶ Dŏmŭs, sedes, lăres.]

CŬBĬTĂL, ălis. *n. A cushion to lean on.* Fascĭŏlas, cŭbĭtal, focalĭă. *H. See* PULVINUS.

CŬBĬTUM, i. *n. and better* **CŬBĬTŬS,** i. *m.* **1.** *The arm below the elbow.* Ter sesĕ attollens, cŭbĭtoquĕ innixă lĕvavĭt. *V.* ˘In ∾-um se rĕpondĕrĕ. *H.* **2.** *Cubit-measure. Cic. Lucil.*

CŬBO, as, ŭi, ĭtum. **1.** *To lie down, to be on a couch* or *in bed.* Hic fŭĭt, hic cŭbŭĭt thălămo dormivĭmŭs illo. *O.* [¶ Rĕcŭbo, rĕcumbo, jăcĕo, sternŏr, quĭesco, rĕquĭesco.] **Crcl.** Me *or* corpŭs sterno. Membră (corpŭs) lecto pono, depono, rĕpono, compono. Lecto procumbo. Corpŏrĕ lectum prĕmo. Tŏro membră lŏco. *See* LECTUS. **2.** *To repose* (of the dead). Mollĭtĕr ossă cŭbent. *O.* [¶ Jăcĕo, quĭesco, rĕquĭesco.] **3.** *To be confined to the bed, ill.* Hæc cŭbăt, illĕ vălĕt. *O.* and *H. See* CUBANS, ÆGROTO. **4.** *To be at table. See* ACCUMBO. **5.** *To lie calm.* Cŭbăt undă frĕti. *M.* [¶ Jacĕo, sternŏr.]

CUBŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *A cube, solid square.* **2.** *Square of a number. Aus.* **3.** CŬBŬS. E myrrhis pinguĭbŭs addĕ cŭbum. *O.* (*There is considerable doubt about this passage.*)

CŬCULLŬS, i. *m. A hooded cloak.* Tempŏrĕ ... ădŏpertă cŭcullo. *J.*

CŬCULUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A cuckoo.* **2.** *Used as a term of abuse,* '*Lubber.*' Magna compellans vocĕ cĭculum. *H.*

CŬCŬMIS, ĭs *or* ĕrĭs. *m. A cucumber.* Cærŭlĕus cŭcŭmis, tŭmĭdoquĕ cŭcurbĭtă ventrĕ. *Pp.* **Ep.** Tortŭs, cærŭlĕŭs, flavŭs.

CŬCURBĬTĂ, æ. *f. A gourd.* Tŭmĭdoquĕ cŭcurbĭtă ventrĕ. *Pp.* **Ep.** Vĭrĭdis, turgĭdă, tŭmĭdă.

I. **CUDO,** ĭs, i, sum. *To strike, beat, thresh, forge, coin* (of money); and *fig.* Aut ăllius Lysippo cudĕrĕt ærĕ. *H.* Argentum cudo. *Ter.* [¶ Excudo, procudo.] *See* PROCUDO.

II. **CUDO,** onis. *m. A cap of raw skin.* Căpĭti cudonĕ fĕrino Sat cantum. *Sil.*

CUJŬS, ă, um. *Whose, pertaining to whom.* Dic mĭhĭ, Damœta, cujum pĕcŭs? an Mĕlĭbœi? *V.* Cujum pŭĕrum? *Ter.* Cujă vox? *Pl.*

CULCĬTĂ, æ. *f. A mattress, pillow,* &c. Tertĭă ne văcŭo cessaret culcĭtă lecto. *J.* [¶ Culcĭtŭlă, *Lucil.* culcĭtellă, *Pl.*] **Ep.** Plumĕă, mollis.

CULĔŬS, *or* **CULLĔŬS,** i. *m. A leather sack* or *bag.* Simĭă, nec serpens unŭs, nec culĕus unŭs. *J.* [¶ Saccŭs, ŭtĕr.]

CŬLEX, ĭcĭs. *m.* (*and anc. f.*) *A gnat.* Mălĭ cŭlĭces ranæquĕ pălustres. *H. See* MUSCA.

CŬLĬNA, æ. *f. A kitchen.* Per vĕtĕrem dilapso flammă cŭlĭnam. *H.* **Ep.** Laută, unctă, crassă, pinguĭs; sordĭdă, atră, nĭgră, fumosă.

CULMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. The highest part* or *top of any thing; summit, top.* Lit. and fig. Ardŭă turrĭgĕræ surgent in culmĭnă ripæ. *Claud.* Mersæ ∾-ĭnă villæ; ∾ ĭnanĕ făbæ. *O.* (*Fig.*) Rŭĭt alto a culmĭnĕ Trojă. *V.* Summo de culmĭnĕ lapsŭs. *L.* [¶ Căcumĕn, ăpex, fastigĭum.] *See* FASTIGIUM. **2.** *The roof of a house.* Tŭgŭri ∾. *V. See* TECTUM.

CULMŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *A stalk* or *blade of corn, haulm, straw.* Ne grăvĭdis procumbat culmŭs ăristis. Jam stringĕrĕt horrĕă culmo. *V.* [¶ ˘Avenă, călămŭs, stĭpŭlă, pălĕă.] **Ep.** Cĕrĕalis, tritĭcĕŭs; fĕrax, fecundŭs; tĕnĕr, lactens, lĕvis, tĕnŭis, frăgĭlis, exilis, ĭnanis, vŏlans, flavŭs, flavens. **Crcl.** Pălĕæ culmi. Stĭpŭlæ sĕgĕs. **2.** Sts. *Flower-stalk.* Pallentes declinant lĭlĭă culmos. *St. See* CAULIS.

CULPĂ, æ. *f. A fault. O. V.* [¶ Delictum, noxă, peccatum, admissum, commissum, erratum, errŏr, crimĕn, scĕlŭs, flagĭtĭum, plăcŭlum, labes, mălum, vĭtĭum.] **Ep.** Lătens, occultă; grăvis; lĕvis, ignoscendă; turpis, fœdă. **Crcl.** Crimĭnă

Admissā culpā, peccatā. Ausum nĕfas.
ULUS, PECCO.
. *To blame, accuse. H. O.* [† Accuso, insālmŭlo, argŭo, rĕdarguo, rĕprehendo, ir, objurgo, carpo, incrĕpo, damno, imrĭtŭpĕro, quĕrŏr.]
rum. *n. pl. Lands under culture.* Urenā cāpellas. *V. See* AGER.
ĭŭs, i. *m. dim. of* Culter. *See* C.
tri. *m. A knife* (for sacrifices, as well as y purposes). Tincturus sanguĭnĕ cultros. ĭ cultro linquĭt. *H.* [† Cultellŭs, fer-
Crol. Cultri mucro.
orĭs. *m. and* CULTRIX, icĭs. *f.* 1. *One ing or bestowing attention and labour upon ng.* 2. *A cultivator of the ground and its .* Cultŏr ŏdoratæ dīvēs ˘Arabs sĕgĕtis. ıs AGRICOLA. Fig. 3. ∾ legum; ămicĭ-jŭvĕnum. *Pers.* 4. *One who frequents,* ıs. ∾ nĕmŏrum. *V.* cœli. *Pl. See* INCO-. *A worshipper.* Dĕorum ∾. *H.*
ĭ, æ. *f.* 1. *Culture.* Lit. and fig. Si mŏ-ūræ pĕtĭentem commŏdĕt aurem. *H.* Non : ŏlĕis ∾. *V.* [† Cultŭs.] Ep. Difficĭ-ĭ, longā, sedŭlā, assĭdŭā, utĭlĭs, fecundā; . 2. *Attendance upon, intercourse with.* ntŭs ămici. *H.* [† Commercĭum.]
ă, um. *part. See* COLO. 1. *Cultivated.* *n. O.* 2. *Adorned.* ∾-i ĕbŏrĕ ĕt testu-ālĭmi. *O.* [† Excultŭs, percultŭs, orna-ncinnŭs.] 3. *Waited upon, worshipped.* ĭs dĕă cultā mĭnistris. *O.* [† Hŏnoratŭs.] 4. *Used adj. in the comp. and superl. O.* ua. *m.* 1. *Culture of a country, mode of ing it.* Pātrĭos cultusque hăbĭtusquĕ lŏ-*V.* [† Culturā.] *See* C. Fig. 2. *Trans-lucation.* Recti ∾ pectŏrā robŏrant. *H.* ĭplinā.] 3. *Mode of living, manners* in lso, *civilized manners.* Gens aspĕrā ∾-u. eis nĕquĕ mos, nĕquĕ ∾-ūs ĕrāt. *V.* 4. *and outward bearing.* Nŏvā formā vĭri ıdĭquĕ cultu. *V.* Dissĭmŭlāt cultu na-. [† Hăbĭtŭs.] 5. Us. *Rich, splendid r ornaments of dress.* Tyrĭi ∾. *M.* Cul-ıcĭdĕn instrŭĭt illā sŭis. *O.* Regales ∾. ıs ORNATUS. 6. *Respect paid, honour,* , &c. [† Hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos.] *See* ADORO. *sp.* 1. *With, together with.* Rĕmo cum quirinŭs. *V.* [† *Sts.* Sĭmŭl.] Crol. Una ıon sīnĕ. 2. *With* (in contest with), . Una cum gentĕ bellā gĕro. *V.* [† Con-ersŭs.] 3. *Used redundantly with the abl.* flumĭnĕ sancto (accĭpĕrĕ Æneas). Pri-ım) lumĭnĕ sollĭs. *V.*
ji. *See* QUUM.
rum. *f. pl. and* CUME *or* CYME (*St. Sil.*), *town of Italy so called,* Eubŏĭcis Cu-allabĭtŭr oris. *V.*
, *or* CYMÆUS, *and* CUMANUS, ă, um. *Cumæ, Cumæan.* ∾-am urbem. *V.* ∾-æ vatis. *Pp.* carmĭnā vatis. *L.* (*of the Sibyl*). *red earthenware of Cumæ was celebrated.* ıa rŏta. *Tib.* Cumano pulvĕrĕ rŭbĭcundā *M.*
m, i. *n. The herb cumin.* Pallentis granā . *Pers.*
, as. 1. *To heap up, pile up.* Circum cŭ-ĭr ăcervi. *St.* [† Accŭmŭlo, strŭo, ag-cervo, &c.] *See* AGGERO (as). 2. *To fill full, load.* ∾ altarĭā donis. *V.* ˘Acestes ĭbus ∾ ăt magnis. *V.* [† Accŭmŭlo, ŏnĕ-ĭo.] 3. *To complete, make up to the full.* Implĕo.] 4. Fig. *To crown all* (by some dition). Hospĭtĭum lecto cŭmŭlassĕ jŭga-[† Implĕo, perfĭcĭo, absolvo.]
s, i. *m.* 1. *A heap, pile.* Insequĭtŭr, cŭ-

mŭloquĕ rŭit mălĕ pinguĭs ārenæ. *V.* ∾ ăquarum. *O.* auri. *Cl.* [† Aggĕr, ăcervŭs, congĕries, strŭes, coplā, vis.] Ep. Grandĭs, ingens, magnŭs. 2. Fig. *The last addition that completes the matter.* ∾ perfĭdiæ. *O.* ærumnæ. *J.* invidiæ. *Cl.* mălorum. *Sen.*
CUNABŬLA, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *A cradle.* Fundent cunabŭlā flores. *V.* [† Incunabŭlā, cunæ.] *See* C. 2. *A birth-place.* Jŏvis ∾. *Pp.*
CUNÆ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *A cradle.* Et tĕnĕr in cunis fĭllŭs ægĕr ĕrāt. *O.* [† Cunabŭlā, incunabŭlā.] Ep. Primæ, pŭĕrĭles, tĕnĕræ, molles, caræ, dulces, plăcĭdæ, quĭetæ.] 2. *A nest.* Sŭb trăbĭbŭs cunas făcĭt (hĭrundo). *O. See* NIDUS. 3. Fig. *A cradle, infancy.* Primæ ∾ (*earliest infancy*). *O.* and *Pp. See* INFANTIA.
CUNCTANS, tĭs. *One who tarries, delays,* &c. *V.* [† Mŏrans, lentŭs, segnĭs.] *See* CUNCTOR.
CUNCTŎR, arĭs, atŭs sum. 1. *To tarry, delay.* Cunctaturquĕ mĕtu. *V.* [† Mŏrŏr, hærĕo, subsisto.] *See* MOROR. 2. *To be slow, not move. See* CUNCTANS.
CUNCTŬS, ă, um. 1. *All.* ∾ orbis; pubes. *V.* [† Omnĭs, quisquĕ; *sts.* totŭs.] 2. Us. pl. *See* OMNES (ia).
CŬNĔATŬS, ă, um. *Wedge-shaped.* Cŭnĕatŭs ăcumĭnĕ longo. *O.*
CŬNĔŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A wedge.* Nam primi cŭnĕis scindebant fissĭlĕ lignum. *V.* Ep. ˘Ahenŭs, ferrĕŭs, ăcutŭs. 2. *A body of troops so formed.* Turbati cŭnĕi &c. *V. See* ACIES, EXERCITUS. 3. *Seats at the theatres. V. L.*
CŬNICŬLUS, i. *m.* 1. *A rabbit.* Gaudĕt ĭn effossis hăbĭtarĕ cŭnicŭlŭs antris. *M.* 2. *A subterraneous hole* or *passage. Ph.* Crol. Tăcĭtæ vĭæ. Arcanŭs limĕs. Sŭb effossum campum vĭæ. Subter campi fundamĭnā vĭæ.
CUPA, *or* CUPPA, æ. *f. A large cask, butt.* Post hæc, ludŭs ĕrat cupa potarĕ măgistra. *H.*
CŬPIDĬNĔUS, ă, um. *Of Cupid, Cupid-like.* Mollĕ, Cŭpidĭnĕĭs nĕc ĭnexpugnabĭlĕ telis. *O.*
CŬPIDĬTAS, atĭs. *f.* 1. *A strong desire, passion for any thing. Ter. See* CUPIDO. 2. *Covetousness. Ph. See* AVARITIA.
I. CŬPIDO, ĭnĭs. *f.* 1. *Eager desire.* Prædæ tam dirā cŭpido est. *O.* Cŭpidĭnĕ ferri. *V.* [† Ardŏr, ămŏr, stŭdĭum, lĭbido, sĭtĭs, fāmes, desidĕrĭum, cŭpĭdĭtas, æstŭs, vŏluntas, impĕtŭs.] Ep. ˘Avĭdā, ĭnexpletā, immensā, indŏmĭtā, immŏdĭcā, immŏdĕratā, vĭŏlentā, vĕhĕmens; anxĭā, vĭgĭl, insomnĭs, sollĭcĭtā, mĭsĕrā, cæcā, dirā, nĕfandā, scĕlĕratā, fŭrĭosā, improbā, turpĭs. 2. Sp. *Desire for riches, covetousness.* ˘Opum fŭrĭosā cŭpido. *O. See* AVARITIA. 3. *Love, lust;* and pl. *lusts. See* AMOR, LIBIDO.
II. CŬPIDO, ĭnĭs. *m.* 1. *Cupid, son of Venus, the god of love.* Tĕnĕra vŏlŭcer cum matrĕ Cŭpido. *O.* [† ˘Amŏr; *sts.* Allĭgĕr, Alĕs.] Ep. Păphĭŭs, Idălĭŭs, Gnĭdĭŭs, Cȳthĕrĕŭs; alĕs, alatŭs, allĭgĕr, lĕvĭs; armĭgĕr, phărĕtratŭs; pulchĕr, vĕnustŭs, blandŭs, tĕnĕr; dirŭs, crudelĭs, immitĭs, improbŭs, sævŭs, lascivŭs, nudŭs. Crol. Cȳthĕrĕĭā proles. Vĕnĕrĭs natŭs. Cȳthĕreæ pŭĕr alĕs. Gnĭdĭŭs, Păphĭŭs pŭĕr, dĕŭs. Pŭĕr vŏlatĭlĭs. Allĭgĕr ămŏr. Præpĕs dĕŭs. Vĕnĕrĭs almæ progĕnĭes. Vĕnĕri sempĕr hærens pŭĕr. ˘Amorĭs, Cŭpidĭnĭs armā, arcŭs. 2. Sts. *Used of Anteros, brother of Cupid, the god of mutual love: Venus was the mother of both* (Geminorum mater Amorum. *O.*). Concŭtĭt tædas gĕmĭnŭs ∾. *Sen.* 3. Pl. *The Loves.* Atque omnes Vĕnĕres Cŭpidĭnesquĕ. *M.* [† ˘Amores, Allĭgĕri.] Crol. Agmĕn ˘Amorum. Turbā Vĕnĕrĭs.
CŬPIDUS, ă, um. 1. *Desirous, eager.* Et pătĕat cŭpĭdis semper ăpertā dŏmŭs. *Tib.* [† Cŭpĭens, optans, vŏlens, ăvĭdŭs.] Crol. Cŭpidĭne captŭs,

ductŭs, tactŭs, accensŭs, raptŭs, abreptŭs. **2.** Sp. *Covetous. See* AVARUS. **3.** *Loving, in love. O. See* AMANS.

CŬPIO, Is, ivi *and* Ĭi, itum. *To desire, wish for.* Sæpē fŭgam Dānăi Troja cŭpĭerē rĕlicta. *V.* ~ nĕgatā; mŏri. *O.* [¶ Percŭpĭo, vŏlo, opto, exopto, pĕto, expĕto, appĕto, desidĕro, ardĕo, flăgro, āvĕo, quæro, rĕquiro, postŭlo, ambĭo, posco, adspiro, affecto, stŭdĕo.] **Crol.** Mĭhĭ plăcĕt, lĭbĕt, arridĕt, cordi est. Mĭhĭ est cŭpido, āmŏr. Mens *or* ănĭmŭs est. Fert, ardĕt ănĭmŭs. Mens mĭhĭ ăgĭtăt, ardĕt. Me ardŏr hăbĕt. Votis opto. Est mĭhĭ īn votis. Mĕā votā pĕtunt. Mentē tota pĕto. Fert ītă mĭhĭ vŏluntas. Cŭpidĭnĕ ardĕo, flăgro. Cŭpido me cepĭt. *See* VOLO.

CŬPRESSĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrŭm. *Cypress-bearing.* Hæc enixă jūgo cupressifĕræ Cyllenes. *O. See* CUPRESSUS.

CŬPRESSŬS, *and seldom* CUPRESSŬS, i *and* us. *f. A cypress-tree.* Quantum lentă sŏlent inter viburnă cŭpressi. *V.* Flammati Phăĕthontĭs ĕt sĕrĭa cupressu. *Cat.* [¶ Cỹparissŭs.] **Ep.** Mœstă, feralis, tristis, lugŭbris, funestă, funĕrĕă, invisă, atră, plorată, infaustă, infelix; altă, ardŭă, celsă, procerā; vīrens, vīridis; conifĕrā. Bruma illæsă. Tŭmŭlos tectură.

CUR. **1.** *Why?* Cur īn ămicorum vĭtĭis tam cernis ăcutum? *H.* [¶ Quare, quĭd, undĕ, quĭănam, curnam, undĕnam.] **Crol.** Qua causa? Qua gratĭa? Quanam gratĭa? Quanam causa? Quid causæ est? Quæ rātĭo est? Quĭd ītă? **2.** *Why* (without interrogation). Multă quĭdem dixi cur excusatŭs ăbirem. *H.* [¶ Quare, quapropter.]

CURA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Care, business, work.* Curā pĕnum strŭĕrē, et flammis ădŏlerē Pĕnates. *V.* Curas vĕnĭentem extendĭt īn annum (rustĭcŭs). *V.* [¶ Lăbŏr, ŏpĕrā; *sts.* munŭs.] **2.** *Care, application.* ~-ă vĭgĭli omnĭă perspĭcĕrē. *O. See* SEDULITAS. **3.** *Care, concern for.* ~ pĕculi. *V.* [¶ Respectŭs.] **4.** *Care, taking care of* (esp. of the sick). *O. V.* [¶ Curatĭo.] **5.** *Care in dress.* ~ făcĭem commendăt. *O. See* CULTUS. **6.** *Care, object of care and affection.* Raucæ, tŭă curā, pălumbes. *V.* Bacchi curā, Fălernŭs ăgĕr. *Tib.* [¶ ˘Amŏr, stŭdĭum.] **7.** *Care, anxiety, unhappiness.* [¶ Anxĭĕtas, sollĭcĭtudo, mœrŏr, angŏr, dŏlŏr.] **Ep.** Atră, tristis, mœstă, mĭsĕrā, grăvis, dirā, ĕdax, mordax, sĕquax, mŏlestă, importunā, ăcerbā, ămarā, ingratā; insomnis, vĭgĭl, irrĕquĭetă, sollĭcĭtă, ægrā, anxĭă; pallĭdā; arcanā, tăcĭtă.] **Crol.** Curarum stĭmŭli, morsus, pondŭs, moles, frigŭs, examĕn, turbā. ˘Anĭmi angŏr. **Phr.** 1. *To be troubled with cares and anxieties.* Curis angŏr, ăgĭtŏr, torquĕŏr, urgĕŏr, vexŏr, consumŏr, crŭcĭŏr, excrŭcĭŏr, discrŭcĭŏr, confĭcĭŏr, stĭmŭlŏr, sollĭcĭtŏr, turbŏr, versŏr, jactŏr, prĕmŏr, opprĭmŏr, exercĕŏr, absumŏr, macĕrŏr, carpŏr, vārĭo, fluctŭo. Discrŭcĭŏr ănĭmi *or* ănĭmo. Curā ănĭmum (mentem, pectŭs, pectŏrā, cordā, præcordĭă) angĭt (crŭcĭăt, turbăt, torquĕt, rodĭt, &c.). Curā mĕdullas torquĕt, exĕdĭt, pĕrĕdĭt. Curas ănĭmo, pectŏrē ăgĭto, volvo, verso. Curis ægĕr, exercĭtŭs, anxĭŭs, undans, saucĭŭs, fessŭs. Nunc huc, nunc illuc curas pectŏrē muto (verso, volvo). Nunc huc, nunc illuc ănĭmum divĭdo (In vārĭas partes răpĭo). Tristes curarum fluctus intŭs volvo. ˘Anĭmum curis ango. Vitam sollĭcĭtis annis consumo. Curarum æstu, undis fluctŭo. ˘Anĭmum cura confectŭs stŭpĕo. ˘Anĭmŭs īn vārĭas curas diducĭtŭr. Curæ ănĭmum huc illuc, īn contrarĭă, vŏcant. Mĕdullas curæ exedunt. Lĭquĕfiunt curis pectŏrā. Mens mĕ vārĭos pĕr æstus răpĭt. **Phr.** 2. *To get rid of, be relieved of cares,* &c. *Curam, curas averto,* exĭmo, ădĭmo, compesco, *rĕmŏvĕo, secludo,* demo, erĭpĭo, pello, expello, propello, pono, depono, abjĭcĭo, mitto, dimitto, rĕsolvo, extĕnŭo, attĕnŭo, fallo, emŏvĕo, lĕvo. Cor (pectŭs, ănĭmum) curis solvo (exsolvo, exŭo, lĕvo, libĕro). Curis finem impono. Curis lĕvŏr. Curæ ănĭmum rĕlinquunt. Curā consedĭt. Sedatis curis pectŭs rĕquĭescĭt. Pectŏrē curæ lentescunt. (*A quiet mind.*) Mens cura sēmotā. Cordā oblitā lăborum. Cura mens rĕlĕvātā. **Phr.** 3. *To give trouble, cause anxiety.* Curam affĕro, injĭcĭo, exhĭbĕo. Cura affĭcĭo.

CURATŎR, ōris. *m. One in charge, manager, superintendent, guardian.* Nec curatōris ĕgerē. *H. See* TUTOR.

CURCŬLĬO, *or* GURGŬLĬO, onis. *m. A weevil.* Curcŭlĭo, atque Ĭnŏpi mĕtŭĕns formicā sĕnectæ. *V.*

CŬRES, ĭum (*and* CŬRETES, um. *m. pl. Varr.* and *sing. Pp.*). *m. pl. A city of the Sabines. C. D.* Romanis junxĕrāt illē Cŭres. *O.* Tŭbĭcen vicinā Cŭretĭs. *Pp.*

CURETĔS, um. *m. pl. Curetes, a Phrygian people, who settled in Crete,* &c. *C. D.* Curetum sŏnĭtus, crĕpĭtantĭaque ærā sĕcuti. *V.* Hoc Curetes hăbent &c. *O.* [¶ Cŏrȳbantĕs, Dactȳli, Galli.] **Ep.** Phrȳgii, Phrȳgĕs, Dictæi, Idæi, semĭvĭri, vĕtĕres, insani, fŭrĭosi. **Crol.** Idæi chŏri. Matrĭs dĕum chŏrŭs. Curetum semĭvĭri chŏri.

CURETĬS, ĭdis. *f. Cretan.* Rātĭbŭs Curetĭdă terram Contĭgĭt. *O. See* CRESSA.

CURIA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Curia, one of the thirty parts into which Rome was divided.* Signatur certa curiā quæquĕ nōta. *O.* **2.** *The place of meeting of the Roman Senate; the meeting of the Senate.* Curiā paupĕrĭbŭs clausa est &c. *O.* [¶ Senatŭs.]

CŬRĬATĬŬS, ĭi. *m. A Roman name.* Quum Tiburtinas damnet Cŭrĭatĭŭs auras. *M.*

CURĬŎ, onis. *m. The priest of each curia.* Curiŏ legĭtĭmis nunc fornacalĭă verbis. *O.*

CURĬOSŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Fond of inquiring and looking into things.* ˘Ut ipsē nosti curĭosŭs &c. *H.* **2.** (In a bad sense.) *Curious, prying. Pl. Ph.*

CŬRĬŬS, ĭi. *m.* **1.** *M. Curius Dentatus. C. D.* Incomptis Cŭrĭum căpillis. *H.* **2.** Sts. in the pl. *The Curiatii.* Cŭrĭos fratres ĕt Hŏrātĭă pilā. *Pp.*

CURO, as. **1.** *To take care of, bestow care upon.* Est ĕtĭam illē lăbor curandis vitĭbŭs altēr. *V.* [¶ Cŏlo; *sts.* tracto, pāro, orno, invĭgĭlo.] **Crol.** Mĭhĭ curā *or* curæ est. Curæ hăbĕo. Non negligo. Curam suscĭpĭo. Curas impendo, intendo. Curā tŭĕŏr. Consŭlo *with dat.* ˘Opĕram do. **2.** *To attend to any sick person, to a wound,* &c. *for its cure. O. H.* [¶ Mĕdĕŏr.] **3.** ~ corpŭs, cŭtem, gĕnĭum, me, ălĭquem. *To keep the body, person, or whatever the object of care may be, in the best possible state, by all means to that end, of food, exercise, rest, dress,* &c. &c. Corpŏrā curamus &c. (sŏporē). *V.* ˘In cŭtē curanda . . . ŏpĕrātā jŭventus. *H.* Pellĭcŭlam curarē jŭbe. *H. See* COLO *and* CURATUS. **4.** *To treat hospitably. Pl. See* EXCIPIO. **5.** *To pay attention to, court.* [¶ Cŏlo, ambĭo.] **6.** With inf. or subj. and with or without conj. *To take care, pains* (to do something). *H. O.* [¶ Lăboro, stŭdĕo, incumbo, tendo.] **Crol.** Mĭhĭ curæ *or* cordi est. **7.** *To do with a view to,* &c., *to cause.* Curabo sentĭăt. *Ph.* Curavĭt ŭt possent &c. *Lr.* [¶ Făcĭo, effĭcĭo.] **8.** *To be anxious, concerned about.* ~ frigŏrā. *V.* præceptā. *H.* [¶ Attendo, respĭcĭo, tangŏr.] **9.** Intr. *To attend to a matter, look carefully after it.* [¶ Consŭlo, provĭdĕo.]

CURRĬCŬLUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A course, run.* Curre in Piræum, atque unum currĭcŭlum făcĕ. *Pl.* **2.** *Course, revolution of the heavenly bodies.* Mĕdio noctis ~-o. *V.* [¶ Cursŭs, ĭtĕr, spătĭum, orbis.] **3.** *The course* or *place of running.* Sunt quos currĭcŭlo pulvĕrem ˘Olympĭcum Collegisse jŭvăt. *H. See* STADIUM.

Curriculus, l. *m. dim. of* Currus, *and from* Cursus *or* Curro. *See* Curriculum.

Curro, is, cucurri, cursum. 1. *To run.* Lit. and fig. Currĕ, nĕc inceptum turbā mŏrietŭr Itĕr. *O.* Gĕlĭdusquĕ pĕr imā cūcurrit Ossā trĕmor. *V.* [¶ Festino, prŏpĕro, accĕlĕro, fŭgio, vŏlo, fĕrŏr, aufĕrŏr, præcĭpĭto, emĭco, rŭo, abrĭpĭŏr, advŏlo *or* avŏlo.] **Crcl.** Me fĕro, aufĕro, confĕro, prorĭpio. Cursu fĕrŏr, aufĕrŏr, rāpĭŏr, advŏlo, vŏlo. tendo, pĕto. Præceps, rāpĭdūs ĕo, fĕrŏr, fĕrŏr vŏlans, aufĕrŏr, elabŏr, me fero, cursum do. Lĕves gressūs tendo. Passĭbūs rāpĭdis aufĕrŏr, accurro. Præcĭpĭtes cursus rāpio. Cursus cĕlĕro. Rāpĭdo cursu advŏlo. Concĭto grādu prŏpĕro. Cursu præcĭpĭti rŭo. Gressus prĕmo. Cursu campum rāpio, transmitto. Cursu membrā rāpio. Vlam, grādum, ĭtĕr rāpio. **Phr.** *Of a swift runner.* Fŭgĭt, emĭcāt, avŏlāt, rŭĭt, prŏpĕrāt. Euro (eu. nimbos āgenti, nŏto, ventis, fulmĭnĭs alis, cĕlĕri sāgitta, s. ventos æquanti, jăcŭlo, aura rāpĭda, cervis, incĭto amnĕ) ocĭŏr (velocĭŏr, cĭtŏr). Cursu (præcĭpĭti c., c. pĕdum, pĕdĭbūs, cursĭbūs, pernicĭbūs plantis, fŭga) eurum (vŏlūcrem eu. auras, ventos, ĕquum, cĕlĕris cervæ vestigĭā) prævertĭt (prævertĭtŭr, antĕĭt, transĭt). Cursu—auras provŏcāt;—festinūs ănhelāt;—cānem sūpĕrāt. Vix summo pulvĕrĕ pĕdes (vestigĭā, plantas) signāt. Summam ārenam (campum) pĕdĕ lĕvi *or* cĕlĕri, tangĭt (contingĭt, libāt). *See* Celer, Festino. 2. *Of a vessel* (keeping its course). *H. V. Fl. See* Navigo. 3. *Of streams. V.* [¶ Decurro, fluo.] *See* Fluo. 4. *Of the motion of the heavenly bodies. O.* [¶ Labŏr.] 5. *With acc. of* via, &c. Curro vĭam, ĭtĕr, æquŏr, &c. Currĭt ĭtĕr tutum. *V.* Currĭt indŏcĭles vĭas (lymphā). *Pp.* [¶ Percurro, decurro, transmitto, emetĭŏr.]

Currĭtŭr. *pass.* 1. *Is passed over.* Cāva trālĭ currĭtŭr æquŏr. *V.* 2. Us. *unip.* Ad me currĭtŭr. *Ter.*

Currŭs, us. *dat.* ŭi *or* u. *m.* 1. *A car, chariot.* Curru subjungĕrĕ tigres. *V.* [¶ Bĭjŭgi, bĭjŭgēs, quadrĭjŭgi, quādrigæ, axis, temo, rŏtā, ĕqui; *sts.* rhedā, pilentum, essĕdum, carpentum.] **Ep.** Bĭjŭgūs, quadrĭjŭgūs; auratūs, pictūs, insignis; rāpĭdūs, cĕlĕr, vŏlans, cĭtūs, lĕvis, præceps; sŏnans. **Phr.** 1. *To ride in a car* or *chariot.* Curru fĕror, vĕhŏr, invĕhŏr, ingrĕdĭŏr, rŭo, vŏlo, insĭdĭo, conscendo. ˜In curru vĕhŏr. Currūs me vĕhĭt. **Phr.** 2. *To drive a car,* &c. Currum, currus āgo, āgĭto, rĕgo, duco, mŏdĕrŏr, gŭberno. Hābenas mānĭbūs āgĭto, flecto, mollĭŏr. ˜Equos, jŭgā flecto. ˜Equos curru jungo, subjungo. Sūb jŭgā cogo. **Phr.** 3. *Of one driving.* ˜Equos lūpatis servirĕ dŏcĕt. Ferventīā ōrā frenis mobĭlĭbus flectĭt. Rāpĭdis rŏtis insistĭt. Mānĭbūs omnes hābenas effundĭt. *See* Habena. 4. *Used of the horses of the chariot.* Nĕquĕ audĭt ∾ hābenas. *V. Sil. Luc. See* Equus.

Cursĭto, as, *and* Curso, as. *freq. of* Curro. *To run here and there.* Succinctus cursĭtāt hospĕs. *H.* ˜In omnes ∾ vĭas. *Tib.* [¶ Trĕpĭdo.] *See* Curro.

Cursŏr, ōris. *m.* 1. *One who runs at a race.* Et, quāsī cursores, vitai lampādā tradunt. *Lr.* **Crcl.** Qui pĕdum cursu vālĕt. *V. See* Cursus. 2. *A courier, messenger. M.* 3. *A chariot-driver.* Ut cūpĭdi ∾ frenā rĕtentāt ĕqui. *O. See* Auriga.

Cursŭs, us. *m.* 1. *Any movement* or *going from one place to another;* us. *rapid movement.* ˜Apri ∾. *V.* Cursĭbūs auras provŏcāt (ĕquūs). *V.* [¶ Fŭgā; *sts.* cursurā, pĕdes.] **Ep.** Acĕr, ăgĭlis, ălăcĕr, alĕs, ardens, ănhelūs, cĕlĕr, cĭtūs, cĭtātus, concĭtūs, effusūs, lĕvis, pernix, præceps, prærpĕs, prŏpĕrūs, rāpĭdūs. **Crcl.** Pĕdes lĕves (cĭti, pernices, ˜Achillei). *See* Curro. 2. *A race at the games, foot-race.* Sūpĕrarĕ certamĭnĕ cursus. *O.* **Crcl.** Pĕdum certamĕn. 3. *A course* or *voyage at sea.* ∾ brĕvissimūs undis. *V.* [¶ ˜Itĕr.] 4. *The course of a river.* ∾ āquarum. *V.* [¶ Lapsūs, agmĕn.] *See* Fluvius. 5. *The flight of birds. O. V.* [¶ Lapsūs, alæ, pennæ, remĭgĭum.] 6. *The course* or *motion of the heavenly bodies.* ∾ anni. *O.* [¶ ˜Itĕr, lapsūs, currĭcūlum, fŭgā, orbis.] 7. *The course of things in general.* Fatorum ∾. *L.* 8. *A way, road, direction.* Recto deducĕrĕ cursu. *H.* [¶ Vĭā, itĕr.] 9. ˜In cursu est. *To be going on, to be, continue.* ˜In cursu est spes; fortunā; dŏmūs; dŏlŏr. *O.* [¶ Vĭgĕo, sto.]

Curtĭus, ĭi. *m.* 1. *M. Curtius. C. D.* 2. *The gulf named from him.* Curtĭūs illĕ lăcus, siccas qui sustĭnĕt aras. *O.*

Curto, as. *To cut off, shorten. H. See* Minuo.

Curtŭs, ă, um. 1. *Short, shortened, small.* Lævĭt ĕt objectum tegŭlā curtā căpŭt. *Pp.* [¶ Exĭgŭūs, parvūs, brĕvis.] 2. *Fig.* ∾ fĭdes. *J.* sūpellex. *Pers.* res. *H.*

Curulis, ĕ. *m.* 1. *Curule.* 2. Curulis sella, *and abs.* Curulis, *or pl.* Curules. *f. The curule chair, a seat ornamented with ivory, and used by the chief magistrates of Rome.* Signā quŏque in sella nossem formatā cūruli. *O.* Illi summas donarĕ cūrules. *J.* **Crcl.** Cūrulĕ ĕbŭr.

Curvamĕn, ĭnis. *n. and* Curvatura, æ. *f. A bending, winding.* Sĕquĭtur pātrĭæ curvamĭnā ripæ. *O.* Aurĕā summæ Curvatūrā rŏtæ. *O.* [¶ Flexūs, orbis, circulūs, gyrūs.]

Curvo, as. *To curve, bend.* ∾ ramos; cornūā (de vĭtŭlo). *V.* [¶ Incurvo, rĕcurvo, flecto, inflecto, sĭnŭo, torquĕo, intorquĕo.]

Curvŭs, ă, um. 1. *Curved, bent, bent back.* ∾ falx; ăratrum. *V.* gramĕn ponderĕ. *O.* sĕnectā. *Tib.* [¶ Incurvūs, rĕcurvūs, curvatūs, flexūs, inflexūs, rĕcurvatūs, sĭnŭatūs, sĭnŭosūs, intortūs, rĕtortūs, tortūs; *sts.* obliquūs.] **Crcl.** Non rectūs. 2. *Hollow.* ∾-is defensā lātĕbris (vipĕrā); ∾-a vallĕ. *V.* [¶ Cāvūs.] 3. Fig. *Stooping to the earth, abject; turned aside from a right* or *upright line* (rectum). ∾-æ In terris ănĭmæ. *Pers.* ∾-o dignoscĕrĕ rectum. *H.* ∾ mores. *Pers. See* Pronus *and* Intortus.

Cuspis, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *The sharp point of any weapon; of any thing.* Dāt ăcutæ cuspĭdis hastam. *O.* ∾ conti. *V.* junci. *O.* [¶ Mucro, ăcies, ăcumĕn.] 2. *An arrow, javelin. V. See* Hasta. 3. *A hunting spear. O. See* Venabulum. 4. *A spit. M. See* Veru. 5. ∾ trĭplex, trĭfĭdā (and sts. abs.). *A trident.* ∾ trĭfĭdā (Neptuni). *Cl.* trĭplex. *O. See* Tridens.

Custodia, æ. *f.* 1. *Charge, custody, act of guarding.* Mĭsĕra est magni custodĭā census. *J.* [¶ Tutelā, vĭgĭlantĭā.] *See* T. V. 2. *A guard, post; soldiers keeping guard.* ˜Ad portas ∾. *V.* Servāt ∾ fossas. *O.* [¶ Vĭgĭlĭæ, vĭgĭles.] *See* Vigiles. 3. *A prison. See* Carcer.

Custodio, is. 1. *To guard, to be guardian of, to preserve, protect.* Custoditĕ ănĭmas, et nullī credĭtĕ mensæ. *J.* [¶ Servo, asservo, tŭĕŏr, tutŏr, tĕgo, protĕgo, defendo. Me pĕnĕs (ejs rĕi) custodĭā est. Mĭhĭ est custodĭā. 2. *To watch, keep safe.* ∾ ŏves. *J.* aurum. *Ph.* 3. *To guard, keep close, confined.* Ventos ∾. *O.* [¶ Tĕnĕo, continĕo, claudo, compesco, cŏhĭbĕo.] *See* Cohibeo. 4. Intr. *To keep watch, take care.* Ne quā &c. custodi, ĕt consŭlĕ longe. *V.* [¶ Observo, attendo, cāvĕo, invĭgĭlo.] *See* Vigilo.

Custos, odis. *m.* 1. *A guardian, keeper; protector, governor.* Exspectarĕ sāt est: custos ea pauperis horti. *V.* Custodĕ rerum Cæsārĕ. *H.* [¶ Tutelā, præsĭdĭum, custodĭā, servatŏr; præses, rectŏr.] **Ep.** Fidūs, fidēlis, sedūlūs, sollĭcĭtūs.

2. *A guard, sentinel.* Portæ ∾. *V.* [† Custodĭă, vĭgĭles.] **Ep.** Armatŭs, vĭgĭl, nocturnŭs, insomnĭs. *See* VIGILES. 3. *The guardian of an infant. H.* [† Măgistĕr.]

CŬTICŬLĂ, æ. *f. dim. of* Cutis. Nostrā bĭbat vernum contractā cŭtĭcŭlā solem. *J.* [† Pellĭcŭlā.]

CŬTIS, is. *f.* 1. *The skin.* Vix hăbĕo tĕnŭem, quæ tĕgăt ossă, cŭtem. *O.* [† Pellĭs, pellĭcŭlă, cŭtĭcŭlă; *sts.* cŏrĭum.] **Ep.** Candĭdă, tĕnĕră, mollĭs, durā, aspĕrā, rugosā; hirtā, hirsutā, pĭlosā. 2. Cŭtem curo. *See* CURO (3). 3. Sts. *Leather. M. See* CORIUM.

CYĂNE, es. *f. Cyane, a nymph of Sicily. O.; likewise a fountain named from her. C. D.* Quaquĕ sŭis Cyănen miscĕt ˘Anapŭs ăquis. *O.*

CYĂNĔÆ, arum. *f. pl. Two islands at the entrance of the Euxine Sea, called also Symplegades. C. D.* Transĕăt instăbĭles strenŭă Cyănĕas. *O.* [† Symplegădes.] *See* CYANEUS.

CYĂNĔŬS, ă, um. 1. *Sea-green, blueish green. See* CÆRULEUS. 2. *Pertaining to the Cyaneæ. See* C. Cyănĕos intrarĕ frăgores. *V. Fl.* ∾ æstus. *St.*

CYĂTHŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A liquid measure, one-twelfth of the sextarius.* 2. *A cup, goblet.* Cardĭăco nunquam cyăthum missurŭs ămico. *J.* [† Pocŭlum, călix, crater, &c.] *See* POCULUM.

CYBEBE, es. *f.* (Κυβήβη.) = Cybele. Quas almă Cybebe Numĕn hăberĕ măris &c. *V.* Dĕă magnă Cybebe. *Pp.*

CYBĔLE, es. *f.* (*and* CYBĔLĂ, æ. *V.*) I. *The daughter of Cœlus and Vesta, wife of Saturn, and mother of the gods. C. D.* Turrĭgĕra frontem Cybĕle rĕdĭmitā cŏrona. *O.* [† Cybebe, Ops, Rhea, Dindȳmene, Vestă, Matĕr.] **Ep.** Turritā, turrĭgĕrā; antiquā, vĕnĕrandā, almā, pŏtens, fecundā. **Crcl.** Matĕr Bĕrĕcyntĭă, Idæă, Phrȳgĭă. Cybĕlelă dĕă, matĕr. Dĕorum, dĕum gĕnĭtrix, pārens, matĕr. Magnă pārens dĕum. Magnă Matĕr. Turritā dĕă, matĕr, pārens. II. *A mountain of Phrygia.* Hinc matĕr cultrix Cybĕlæ. *V.* Dindȳmŏn ĕt Cybĕlen. *O.*

CYBĔLEĬŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Cybele* or *Mount Cybele.* Cybĕlelă frenā. *O.* ∾ Attȳs; matĕr. *O.*

CYCLĂDĒS, um. *f. pl. A cluster of islands round Delos. C. D.* Exsistunt montes et sparsas Cyclădăs augent. Cyclădēs excĭpĭunt &c. *O.* (*The first syllable is not found short.*)

CYCLĂS, ădis. *f. A dress worn by women.* Hæc nunc aurata cyclădĕ verrĭt hŭmum. *Pp. See* CHLAMYS.

CYCLOPĒŬS, *or* CYCLOPĬŬS, *and perhaps* CYCLOPEŬS, ă, um (Κυκλώπειος *and* Κυκλώπιος), *Of* or *belonging to a Cyclops, the Cyclopes.* Accestis scopŭlos, vos et Cyclopĭă saxă &c. *V.*

CYCLOPS, *and* CYCLOPS, opis. *m.* CYCLOPĒS, *and* CYCLOPĒS, um. *pl.* (Κύκλωψ, Κύκλωπες.) *A Cyclops, the Cyclopes. C. D.* Antĭphătæ mĕmŏres immansuetiquĕ Cyclopĭs. *O. Cl.* Infandi Cyclopēs, ĕt altis montĭbŭs errent. *V.* Dirosque ab rupĕ Cyclopăs Prospĭcĭo. *V.* **Ep.** Ætnæi, Sicŭli; terrĭgĕnæ, immanes, vasti; torvi, fĕri, trŭces, horrendi, fĕroces, diri. **Crcl.** Ætnæi fratres. *See* POLYPHEMUS, PROCUDO.

CYCNEĬŬS, ă, um. *Pertaining to Cygnus;* hence, *of Bœotia.* Cycnelă Tempe. *O.*

CYCNĔŬS, *or* CYGNĔŬS, ă, um. *Of a swan,* &c. Jam mĕă Cycneas ĭmĭtantur tempŏrā plumas. *O.* [† ˘Olorinŭs.]

CYCNŬS, *or* CYGNŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A swan, whose notes, when dying, were said to be the sweetest.* Candenti corpŏrĕ cycnum. *V.* [† ˘Olŏr.] **Ep.** Candĭdŭs, albŭs, nĭvĕŭs, fluuĭnĕŭs, flŭvĭălĭs; argutŭs, cănorŭs, sŏnorŭs. **Crcl.** Căystrĭŭs alĕs. Mæandri incŏlă. **Phr.** *Of the swan singing before death.* Funŭs ipsĕ sŭum cantăt. Carmĭnă exsequĭălĭă cănĭt mŏrĭens. Fati certŭs inférĭas sĭbĭ (cănora vocĕ) præmittĭt. Jam mŏrĭens dăt longă pĕr collă dulces mŏdos. 2. *Used of poets.* Cantantes fĕrent ăd sidĕrā cygni. *V.* Dircæum cycnum (*of Pindar*). *H.* 3. *Found short in the first syllable* (after the Greek writers). Donaturā cȳcni, si lĭbĕat, sŏnum. *H.*

CYDON, onis. *f.* 1. *A town of Crete so called.* [† Cȳdonĭă.] 2. *An inhabitant of Cydon; a Cretan.* Parthus sivĕ Cydon. *V.* Cretā Cȳdonăs mĭsĭt. *L.*

CYDONEŬS, *and* CYDONĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of Cydon, of Crete.* Eccĕ Cȳdonea vĭŏlatŭs ăcrundĭnĕ, plantam. *Sil.* Torquerĕ Cȳdonĭă cornu Spicŭlă. *V.* 2. CYDONĬUM MALUM, *and abs.* CYDONĬUM, ĭi. *n. A quince* (fruit). Decussă Cȳdonĭă ramo. *Pp.*

CYLINDRŬS, i. *m. A cylinder, roller.* Ingenti æquandā cȳlindro. *V.*

CYLLENÆŬS, ă, um (*and* CYLLENĬS, ĭdis. *f. and* CYLLENĬŬS, ă, um). *Of Mount Cyllene; of* or *belonging to Mercury, born on the mount.* Vertĭcĕ ∾-o. *O.* Testudĭnĕ ∾-a. *O.* Cyllenĭdĕ confŏdĭt harpe. *O.* Cyllenĭă proles. *V.* ∾-ĭŭs ignis. *V. See* MERCURIUS.

CYLLENE, es. *f. A mountain of Arcadia, where Mercury was born. V. O.* Cyllenes cœliquĕ dĕcus. *M.*

CYMBĂ, æ. *f. A small boat, skiff. V. O.* [† Navĭcŭlă, navĭgĭum, lembŭs, lintĕr, phăselŭs, scăphă.]

CYMBĂLUM, i. *n. and us.* CYMBĂLĂ, orum. *pl. Cymbals, musical instruments of brass.* Matris quăte cymbălă circum. *V.* **Crcl.** Gĕmĭnă æră. Idæă tergă. **Ep.** Bĕrĕcyntĭă, Cŏrȳbantĭă, Idæă, æreă, căvă, concavă, raucă, sŏnorā, stridŭlă. **Phr.** *To strike the cymbals.* Cymbălă pulso, tundo, fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, quătĭo.

CYMBĬUM, ĭi. *n. A drinking-cup in the shape of a boat.* Spumantĭă cymbĭă lactĕ. *V. See* POCULUM.

CYMŎDŎCE, es, *and* CYMŎDŎCĒ, æ. *f. A sea-nymph. V.*

CYMŎTHŎE, es. *f. A sea-nymph so called. V. Sil.*

CȲNĬCŬS, i. *m. Of the Cynic sect of philosophers; cynical, churlish.* Et qui nec cȳnĭcos, nec Stoĭcă dogmătă legĭt. *J.* **Crcl.** Cȳnĭcorum turbă, sectă, dogmătă. Cȳnĭcă gens.

CȲNŎSURA, æ. *f. The constellation of the Lesser Bear.* Quarum Cȳnŏsurā pĕtatŭr. *O.* [† Arctŏs, Ursă.] *See* URSA.

CȲNŎSURĬS, ĭdis. *f. Of* or *belonging to Cynosura.* Stellis Cȳnŏsurĭdŏs Ursæ. *O.*

CYNTHIA, æ. *f. Cynthia, a name of Diana, worshipped on Mount Cynthus.* Arcanæ mŏdĕratrix Cynthĭă noctis. *St. See* DIANA, LUNA.

CYNTHIŬS, ĭi. *m. Cynthius, a name of Apollo, worshipped on Mount Cynthus.* Trojæ Cynthĭŭs auctŏr. *V. See* APOLLO.

CYPĂRISSŬS, i. *m.* 1. *Son of Telephus, changed into a cypress. O.* 2. CYPĂRISSŬS, i. *f. A cypress-tree.* Aĕrĭæ quercus, aut conĭfĕræ cȳpărĭsi. *V. See* CUPRESSUS.

CYPRIS, *and* CYPRIS, ĭdis. *f.* (*and* CYPRIA, æ. *f.*) *Cypris and Cypria, names of Venus, from Cyprus. Cl. Aus. See* VENUS.

CYPRIŬS, *and* CYPRIŬS, ă, um. *Of Cyprus, Cyprian.* Telluris Cȳprĭæ pars optĭmā. *O.* Nunquam dimŏvĕas, ut trăbĕ Cyprĭa. *H. See* VENUS.

CYPRŎS, *or* CYPRŎS, *and* CYPRUS, i. *f. The island Cyprus.* O quæ bĕatam divā tĕnes Cȳprum. *H.* Cyprŏn ŏlorinis nondum pervenĕrāt alis. *O.*

CYRENÆ, arum. *f. pl. and* CYRENE, es. *f. A city of Africa so called, capital of Cyrenaica.* In muros et mœnĭă Cyrenarum. *L.* Doctăvĕ Cyrene, Sparteve &c. *St.* **Crcl.** Urbs Cyrenæ. Mœnĭă Cyrenes.

CYRENÆŬS, ă, um (*and* CYRENENSĬS, ĕ). *Of Cyrene. Pp.*

CYRENE, es. *f. A nymph so called, mother of Aristæus. V.*

, ă, um. (Κύρνιος.) *Of Corsica.* ∾-as . *See* CORSICUS.

. m. *Cyrus, son of Cambyses and Man-*. *D.* Reddĭtum Cyri sŏlĭo Phrĭaten. *H.*

ĭ, orum. *n. pl.* (Κύθηρα.) *An island rete, sacred to Venus.* Vĕnĕri sacrā Cy-ĭtĭ. *O.*

s, ea. CŸTHĔREĬ *and* CŸTHĔREĬX, æ. ήρη *and* Κυθέρεια.) *Names of Venus, island Cythera.* Nec nudā Cythere. *Ass.* metu, Cythĕreā, manant &c. *V.* Cythĕ-

ĭĂS, ădis, *and* CŸTHĔREĬS, ĭdis. *f. Of ging to Cythera* or *to Venus.* Cythĕreĭăcŏlumbas. *O.* Diva Cythĕreĭdĕ natum. *O.*

ĭŭs, *and* CŸTHĔRĬĂCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *g to Cythera* or *to Venus.* Fert hŭmĕris ĭle ŏnus Cythĕreĭŭs heros. *O.* Nudā Cy-s edĭtā fertŭr ăquis. *O.*

, i. m. *f. and anc.* CŸTĬSUM, i. n. *Trefoil.* em cytĭsum sĕquĭtur lascivā căpellā. *V.*

cŭs, *and* CŸTORĬŬS, ă, um. *Of Mount , famous for box-wood.* Sæpē Cytorĭăco : pectĭnĕ crines. *O.*

, i. m. *Mount Cytorus.* Et jŭvăt undan-ro spectarĕ Cytorum. *V.*

i. *f. A town of Mysia, on the Propon-*acquĕ Prŏpontĭăcis hærentem Cyzĭcŏn

D.

, ă, um (*and* DACŬS, ă, um). *Of* or *per-to the Dacians.* Dacĭcā bellĭpŏtens quum : Ulpĭŭs armā. *Cl. See* DACI.

, orum. *m. pl. Priests of Cybele so called.* RETES.

m. DACI, orum. *pl. The Dacians, a peo-Germany.* Descendens Dacŭs ăb Istro. *V.*

ŭs, *and* DÆDALĔŬS, ă, um. *Of Dædalus-wrought artistically, in a masterly way.* ium lino cum dŭcĕ rexĭt ŏpŭs. *Pp.* Ce-ĭ Dædălea Nitĭtŭr pennis. *H.* Jam Dæ-autĭŏr Icăro. *H. See* DÆDALUS (a, um).

s, i. m. *An Athenian artist so called, ce-l for his mechanical skill,* &c. *C. D.* Dæ-pē dŏlos tecti ambagesquē rĕsolvĭt. *V.* crŏplŭs, Cretensis; doctŭs, industrĭŭs, ŭs, solers, callĭdŭs; vŏlans, vŏlŭcĕr. ăbĕr vŏlans. Pennis ausŭs se cœlo cre-ĭĕrā præpĕtĭbŭs pennis (pennis non hŏ-ĭtis) expertŭs. Gortynĭŭs alĭgĕr. Lăbŷ-condĭtŏr. Ædĭs Eubŏĭcæ condĭtŏr. *See* INTHUS.

s, ă, um. 1. *Variegated, of various co-skill fully wrought.* Tĭbĭ suaves dædălā tel-mittit flores. *Lr.* ∾-ă tectā. *V.* 2. *Versa-tenious, inventive,* &c. ∾ Circe. *V.* Mĭner-a. linguā (verborum). *Lr.* ăpis. *Calp.*

ŏnis. m. (δαίμων.) 1. *An evil* or *good* 2. *A fallen angel, evil spirit, devil.* [† Dĭăbŏlŭs, Sātan, Sātănas.] Ep. In-infernŭs, perfĭdŭs, insĭdĭātŏr, mălignŭs, , subdŏlŭs, mendax, dirŭs, mălŭs. Crcl. is tyrannŭs. Hostis humani nomĭnis *or* .

r DÆ, arum. *m. pl. A people of Scy-*ŏdŏmĭtiquē Dăhæ &c. *V.*

ă, æ. m. 1. *A Dalmatian. M.* 2. *Adj.* tæ montes. *St.*

IA, æ. *f. A country on the Adriatic so* Montanæ brachĭā Dalmătĭæ. *O.*

ĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of Dalmatia. L. St.*

. m. *and more freq. f. A doe* or *deer.* Vĕ-d pocŭlā damæ. *V. See* CAPREA, CERVUS.

DAMASCENŬS, ă, um (Δαμασκηνός). 1. *Of Damascus.* 2. DAMASCENUM, i. n. (sc. prunum.) *Damascene plum* (damson). ~Et ăcutā sĕnĭbus testā cum Dămascenis. *H.*

DAMASCŬS, i. *f. Damascus, the capital of Syria.* Ventosā Dămascŭs. *L.*

DAMNATĬŎ, onis. *f. Condemnation.* Sed quid damnatĭŏ confert? *J.* Crcl. Sententĭā tristis. *See* JUDICIUM.

DAMNO, as. 1. *To condemn, sentence, doom by sentence.* Absolves hŏmĭnem, et scĕlĕris damnabĭs ĕundem. *H.* Damnatŭs longi lăborĭs. *H.* Stygĭo Orco căpŭt damnavĕrăt. *V.* [† Condemno, mulcto.] Crcl. Crimĭnĕ damno. Mortĕ, exsĭlĭo mulcto. Morti do, dedo, demitto, addico. Fig. 2. *To accuse, blame, complain of. O. L.* [† Incuso, culpo, argŭo, quĕrŏr, &c.] *See* CULPO. 3. *To condemn, throw aside, despise. Sil. St.* [† Contemno, rejĭcĭo.] 4. *To bind to any special act, hold under obligation.* Quem ~Erichtho ∾-arăt săcris. *L.* ∾-arĕ qm votis. *V.* [† Oblĭgo.] *See* CONDEMNATUS, REUS.

DAMNOSŬS, ă, um. *Hurtful, pernicious, ruinous.* Damnosus pĕcŏri curris damnosĭŏr agris. *O.* ∾ alĕā. *J.* Vĕnŭs. *H. See* NOXIUS *and* DAMNUM.

DAMNUM, i. n. 1. *Loss, injury.* Quam mĭsĕrum est, ŏdĭum damnis accedĕrĕ nostris! *O.* [† Detrimentum, jacturā, ærumnā, clades, mălum, incommŏdum, exĭtĭum, pernĭcies.] *See* PERNICIES, INFORTUNIUM. 2. ∾ făcio, fĕro, accĭpio. *To sustain an injury, suffer a loss. Pl.* [† Jacturam făcio. Damno affĭcĭŏr.] *See* AMITTO. 3. ∾ do, apporto; qd damno est. *To inflict an injury,* &c. *O. See* NOCEO.

DANAE, es. *f. Danae, the daughter of Acrisius. C. D.* Persĕā quem plŭvĭo Dănăe concepĕrăt auro. *O.* [† Acrĭsĭone.] Crcl. Persĕŏs, Persei gĕnĭtrix, matĕr, pārens. Uxŏr Jŏvis. Imbrĕ aurato captā. Aurati imbrĭs (fulvi nimbi) cŭpidĭnĕ captā (deceptā).

DANAEIUS, ă, um. *Of Danae.* Dănăeĭŭs heros (Perseus). *O.*

DANAI, orum *and sync.* um. *m. pl. The Greeks.* Timĕo Dănăos et donā fĕrentes. *V. See* GRAII.

DANAIDÆ, arum. *m. pl.* (Dănăĭdēs.) *The Greeks. Sen. See* GRAII.

DANAIDES, um. *f. pl. The daughters of Danaus. C. D.* Urnasquē frustra Dănăĭdes plenas gĕrunt. *Sen.* [† Bellĭdēs.] Ep. Crŭentæ, crudeles, diræ, fĕræ, ĭniquæ, implæ, immites. Crcl. Dănăi proles, pŭellæ, agmĕn, gĕnŭs infamĕ, femĭnā turbā. Crŭentā turbā sŏrorum. Ægypti nŭrus. Crŭentæ regis Ægypti nŭrus. (*As to their deed.*) Ausæ mĭsĕris pătrŭelĭbŭs sub jŭgali noctĕ nĕcem pārarĕ. Tædis funĕrĕis, tædas jŭgales (*or* thălămis crŭentis, dulces Hymĕnæos) mutantes. (*Their punishment.*) Pĕrĭturas hŭmĕris undas gĕrentes. Lethæas ăquas ĭn căvā dollĭā portantes.

DANAUS, i. *m. King of Argos. C. D.* Dănăi pŭellas Carmĭnĕ mulces. *H.* [† Iăsĭdes, Belides.]

DANAUS, ă, um. *Greek, Grecian. O. See* GRÆCUS, DANAI.

DANIEL, elis. *m. The prophet Daniel. Eccl.*

DANUBIUS, ĭi. *m. The Danube* or *Ister, a river of Germany.* Cedĕrĕ Danŭbĭŭs se tĭbĭ, Nilĕ, nĕgăt. *O.* [† Istĕr.]

DAPHNE, es. *f.* 1. *A nymph beloved by Apollo, and changed by him into a laurel-tree.* Primŭs ămor Phœbi Daphne Penelā, quem non &c. *O.* [† Penelā, Penelĕ nymphā. Fillā Penĕŏs.] 2. *The laurel-tree.* (*Sts. also* Dăphne, *after the Greek.*) *See* LAURUS.

DAPHNIS, idis. *m. A son of Mercury; a shepherd-poet; used also as an ordinary pastoral name. V.* Exstinctum nymphæ crudele funĕrĕ Daphnĭn Flebant. *V.*

DAPHNON, onĭs. *m. A laurel-grove.* Depŏsŭit daphnonă sŭo Torquatŭs ĭn agro. *M.* [¶ Lauretum.]

DAPS (*obs. in the nom.*). *gen.* dăpĭs, i, em, ĕ. *f.; and us.* DAPES, um, ĭbŭs. *pl. Food, meat, a meal* or *repast.* Egĭt ămor dăpĭs atquĕ pugnæ. *H.* Expletus dăpĭbus, vinoquĕ sĕpultŭs. *V.* [¶ Cĭbŭs, escă, pabŭlum, ĕpŭlæ, mensă, cœnă.] *See* CONVIVIUM, EPULÆ.

DARDANIA, æ. *f. The country of Troy; Troy.* O lux Dardănĭæ! *V. See* TROJA.

DARDANIDES, æ. *m.* 1. *Son* or *descendant of Dardanus. V. O.* 2. DARDANIDÆ, arum *and* um. *pl. Trojans.* Dardănĭdæ magni, gĕnŭs alto &c. *V. See* TROJANI.

DARDANIS, idĭs. *f. Trojan. f.* Dardănĭs, et divæ Vĕnĕris nŭrŭs. *V.* ∾-idæ nŭrus. *O.*

DARDANIUS, *and* DARDANUS, ă, um. *Of Dardanus, Trojan.* Isque ŭbĭ Dardănĭos hăbĭtus &c. *V.* Dardănă armă. *V. See* TROJANUS.

DARDANUS, i. *m. The son of Jupiter and Electra, founder of Troy, &c. C. D.* Dardănŭs Illăcæ primus pătĕr urbĭs ĕt auctŏr. *V.* Crel. Trojanæ arcĭs condĭtŏr. *V.*

DARES, etĭs. *acc.* Dăren, Dăretem, *and* Dăretă. *m. One of Æneas' followers so called.* Vĭrĭdique ætatĕ Dăretem. *V.*

DARIUS, *or* DAREUS, i. *m. O. (Ib.) The name of several kings of Persia.* Darium fămŭlis mănĭbus dŏlŭissĕ pĕremptum. *Cl.*

DATOR, orĭs. *m. A giver.* Adsit lætĭtiæ Bacchŭs dătŏr, et bŏnă Juno. *V.* [¶ Largitŏr.]

DATUM, i. *n. A gift.* Ingentĭbŭs ipsam Sollĭcĭtarĕ dătis. *O.* Nullis ∾-is captă. *Pp. See* DONUM.

DAULIAS, ădĭs, *and* DAULIS, idĭs. *f. and* DAULIUS, ă, um. 1. *Daulian, of Daulis.* 2. DAULIAS, *or* DAULIS ALES, *and sts. without* ales. *Philomela, the nightingale.* Daulĭăs alĕs. *O.* Daulĭăs absumpti fata gĕmens ˘ĭtyŏs. *Cat. See* PHILOMELA.

DAULIS, idĭs. *f. A city of Phocis. C. D.*

DAUNIA, æ. *f. Apulia, so called from Daunius. H. See C. D.* Crel. Dĭŏmedæ ăgri.

DAUNIUS, ă, um. *Daunian, Apulian;* hence, sts. *Italian, Roman.* Quod mārĕ Daunĭæ Non decŏloraverĕ cædes? *H.* ∾-æ cămenæ. *H.*

DAUNUS, i. *m. Daunus, an Apulian king, father of Turnus. C. D.* Quæ regnă Dauni præflŭĭt Appŭli. *H.*

DAVID. *indecl. and* DAVID, idĭs. *m. The great king of the Jews.* Ut gĕnŭit David, ăllĭas pătĕr optĭmŭs, unum. *Prud.* Davidĭs ŏrĭgĭnĕ nasci. *Juv.* [¶ ˘Iessides, ˘Iessĭădes.] Ep. Fortĭs, gĕnĕrosŭs; sanctŭs, pĭŭs; fatĭdĭcŭs; argutŭs, cănorŭs. Crel. ˘Iessæŭs vates, fĭdĭcen. ˘Iessæă proles. Phr. Rex atquĕ prŏphetă. Rex idem ĕt vates. Cĭthăræ scĭens. Fundæ pĕritŭs. F. verbĕrĕ clarŭs.

DE. *prep.* 1. *From, down from.* De cœlo. *V.* De summis arcĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ E *or* ex, a *or* ăb.] 2. *Away from.* ˘Abĕat de corpŏrĕ livŏr. *O.* [¶ A, e.] 3. *From, out of, taken from.* De carcĕrĕ missi. Examĭnă pŭtri de bŏvĕ. *O.* ˘Agrum de nostro pătrĕ &c. *Ter.* De fontĕ sĭtim lĕvarĕ. *O.* [¶ A, e.] 4. *From, out of, in the place of.* De virgĭnĕ fecĭmŭs ursam. *O.* [¶ Pro.] 5. *Concerning, for.* Ut tăcĕam de me: de făcĭe mĕtŭĭt. *O.* [¶ Sŭpĕr.] 6. *From, beginning* or *coming from, from after.* Surgunt de noctĕ lătrones. De mĕdĭo potarĕ dĭe. *H.* Prĭămi de sanguĭnĕ Pyrrhŭs (ăděrĭt). *V.* [¶ Post.] 7. *After* or *according to.* Crinem de morĕ sŏlutæ. *V.* [¶ Pro, ex, juxta, ăd, sĕcundum.] 8. *From, on account of.* Grăvĭor de vulnĕrĕ. *V. Fl.* De nĭhĭlo irasci. *Pl.* [¶ ˘Ob, proptĕr.] 9. *Redundant in poetry with the abl.* De cædĕ crŭentŭs. Factum de marmŏrĕ signum. *O.*

DĔI, æ. *f. A goddess. O.* [¶ Divă; *sts.* dĭŭs, numĕn.] Ep. Almă, pŏtens, cœlestis, &c. *See* DEUS.

DEBACCHOR, arĭs. *To be furious, rage furiously.* Qua partĕ debacchentŭr ignes. *H. See* IRASCOR, BACCHOR.

DEBELLATOR, orĭs. *m. A conqueror, vanquisher.* Debellatorquĕ fĕrarum. *V. See* DOMITOR.

DEBELLO, as. *To conquer, subdue. V. See* VINCO, STERNO.

DEBĔO, es, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To owe as a duty* or *debt, to have to repay, to be answerable for.* Qui dĭdĭcit pătrĭæ quid debĕăt, et quĭd ămicis. *H.* ∾ vitam ăllĭcui. *O.* pătrĭæ pœnas. *V.* ∾-es Virgĭlĭum tĭbĭ credĭtum. *H.* (*you are answerable for his safe return.*) 2. *Used with inf. in the sense of duty, propriety,* &c., *rendered by* 'ought' *in English.* [¶ Dĕcĕt, convĕnĭt.] Crel. Æquum est, par est. 3. *To destine, set apart as due.* Turnum debent mĭhĭ hæc săcră. *V.* [¶ Addico, rĕservo.]

DEBĔOR. *pass.* 1. *To be due, as right, fitting,* &c. Maxĭmă debetur pŭĕro rĕvĕrentĭă. *J.* 2. *To be due, as a debt to be paid.* Debemur morti. *H.* Æneam cœlo ∾. *V.* [¶ Addicŏr, rĕservŏr.] Crel. Me mănĕt.

DEBILIS, ĕ. *Weak, feeble.* Debĭlĕ fit corpus, languescunt omnĭă membră. *Lr.* [¶ Debĭlĭtatŭs, invălĭdŭs, infirmŭs, ĭners, imbellĭs, effetŭs, fessŭs, defessŭs, lassŭs, defĭcĭens, defectŭs, exhaustŭs, frăgĭlis, languens, languĭdŭs, fractŭs, ægĕr, enervis, elumbis, delumbis, imbecillŭs.] Crel. Sĭnĕ vĭrĭbŭs, robŏrĕ. Robŏrĕ, vĭrĭbŭs, vĭgorĕ defectŭs. Robŏrĭs expers. Vĭrĭbŭs amissis, exhaustis. Languĭdă membră trăhens. Cui vires languent, frigent, torpent. C. v. infractæ (effetæ ĭn corpŏrĕ), languent, &c.

DEBILITAS, atĭs. *f. Weakness* (both of mind and body). Scĭlĭcĕt et morbis et debĭlĭtatĕ cŏrĕbĭs. *J.* [¶ Infirmĭtas, languŏr.] *See* LANGUOR, MORBUS.

DEBILITO, as. *To weaken.* Debĭlĭtat vires ănĭmi &c. *V.* [¶ Infirmo, enervo, frango, vinco.] Crel. Vires, vĭgorem, robŭr mĭnŭo, immĭnŭo, frango, tollo.

DEBITOR, orĭs. *m. A debtor, one who owes.* Debĭtŏr ærĭs. *H.* ˘Anĭmi ∾. *O.*

DEBITUS, ă, um. *part. See* DEBEO. 1. *Due, deserved.* Gratæ debĭtŭs urbĭs hŏnos. *O.* ∾ lăcrĭmă. *H.* [¶ Mĕrĭtŭs, jŭstŭs.] 2. *Due, destined.* ∾ fatis (*abl.*) tellus. *V.* vastator Trojæ. *St.* [¶ Fatalis.]

DECANTO, as. *To repeat over and over, to sing, chaunt.* Neu mĭsĕrabĭles Decantes ĕlĕgos. *H. See* RECITO, CANO.

DECEDO, is, ssi, ssum. 1. *To depart, withdraw.* Lit. and fig. Te vĕnĭentĕ dĭe, te decedentĕ cănebăt. *V.* ∾-unt corpŏrĕ febres. *Lr.* [¶ Cedo, discedo, rĕcedo, ăbĕo, exĕo, mĭgro, excedo.] 2. *To go out of the way of, withdraw before, give place to.* Lit. and fig. ∾ călori; seræ nocti. *V.* (*Fig.*) ∾ pĕritis. *H.* Non Hȳmetto mellă ∾-unt. *H.* [¶ Cedo.]

DECEM. *Ten.* Sæpĕ dŭcentos, Sæpĕ dĕcem servos. *H.* [¶ Deni (æ, ă).] Crel. Bĭs quinquĕ. Bĭs quini (æ, ă).

DECEMBER, brĭs. *m.* (mensis, *expr. or sub.*) *and* brĭs, brĕ. *adj. The month so called.* Illă dĕcembĕr hăbĕt. *O.* Ŭti libertatĕ ∾-bri. Nonæ ∾-es. *H.*

DECEMPEDA, æ. *f. A pole* or *perch of ten feet* (land-measure). Nullă dĕcempĕdes Metată (portĭcŭs). *H.*

DECEMVIRI, orum. *m. pl. A commission of ten judges in civil causes.* Seu trĕpĭdos ad jŭrĭ dĕcem cĭtăt hastă vĭrorum. *H. See* CENTUMVIRI.

Dĕcennĭs, ĕ. *Of ten years, lasting ten years.* (Dĕcem.) *M.* [† Illustris.]

Dĕcens, tis. 1. *Becoming, seemly, proper.* Quid verum atque dĕcens, curo et rŏgo. *H.* [† Convĕnĭens, aptŭs.] 2. *Fair, comely.* Istâ dĕcens facies &c. *O.* ~ Vĕnŭs. *H.* [† Dĕcorŭs, formosŭs.] *See* Pulcher.

Dĕcentĕr. 1. *Properly, appropriately. H.* 2. *Gracefully.* Mille habĕt ornatŭs, millĕ dĕcentĕr habĕt. *Tib.* [† 1. Convĕnĭentĕr, apte. 2. Dĕcore, apte, elĕgantĕr, pulchre.]

Dĕcerno, is, crevi, cretum. 1. *To say, judge, determine.* [† Judĭco, stātŭo, decido.] 2. *To decide, resolve, decree.* Et non decernis, Taurĕ, quĭd essĕ vĕlis. *M.* [† Stātŭo, constĭtŭo, decido.] 3. *To contend, fight* (decide by the sword). ~ ferro. *V.* *See* Pugno.

Dĕcerpo, is, psi, ptum. 1. *To pluck off, gather* (fruit). Adducto pomum decerpĕrĕ ramo. *O.* ~ arbŏrĕ fetus. *V.* [† Lĕgo, colligo, carpo, detrăho, avello.] *See* Colligo. 2. Fig. *To gather, get.* ~ fructus ex re. *H.* dĕcŭs pugnæ. *Sil.* oscŭlâ mordenti rostro. *Cat.* vocis murmŭrĭ. *St.* [† Carpo, percĭpĭo.]

Dĕcerto, as. *To fight, contend. O. H.* Nĕc in ultĭmâ ferro Decertarĕ plăcĕt. *O.* [† Certo, dimĭco, &c.] *See* Pugno.

Dĕcĕt, dĕcŭit, erĕ. *impers.* 1. *It becomes, it behoves, it is proper.* Tum dĕcŭit, quum sceptrâ dăbas. *V.* [† Addĕcĕt, convĕnit, congrŭit.] Crel. Est par. convĕnĭens, pulchrum, dĕcorum, aptum, consentanĕum, æquum. 2. *Plur.* Dĕcent, &c. Pullâ ~-nt nĭvĕas. *O.* Lăcrĭmæ ~-nt pŭdicam. *O.*

I. **Dĕcĭdo**, is, i (*from* Cădo). 1. *To fall.* Decĭdit in casses prædâ pĕtitâ mĕos. *O.* *See* Cado. 2. *To fall dead, to die.* [† Cădo.] *See* Perro.

II. **Dĕcĭdo**, is, di, sum (*from* Cædo). *To cut off, down.* Decidĕrĕ falcĭbŭ' ramos. *Lr.* ~-it vulnĕrĕ lævam. *Sil.* *See* Decisus, Seco, Puto.

Dĕcĭdŭus, ă, um. *Ready to fall, falling.* Decĭdŭo grăvis imbrĕ plŭit (arbŏr). *Prud.* *See* Cadens.

Dĕcies. *Ten times; frequently.* Lisquĕ dĕcem dĕcies inspĭcĭendâ vĭris. *O.*

Dĕcĭmus, *and anc.* **Dĕcŭmus**, ă, um. *Pl.* 1. *The tenth.* Hæsit, ĕt in dĕcĭmum vestigiâ rettŭlit annum. *V.* [† Denŭs.] Crel. Bis quinŭs, *or* bis quini. Altĕr a nono. Postĕrĭor nono. Undĕcĭmo prĭor. 2. Dĕcĭmŭs *and* Dĕcŭmanŭs fluctŭs. *The tenth wave, supposed to be the greatest.* Dĕcĭmæ rŭit impĕtŭs undæ. *O.*

Dĕcĭpio, is, epi, eptum. 1. *To deceive.* Decĭpĭmur spĕcĭe recti. *H.* [† Fallo, ludo, eludo, deludo, căpĭo, circumscribo, circumvĕnio, circumduco. frustrŏr; *sts.* ludĭfĭco.] Crel. Dŏlo, fraudĕ, artĕ, astu fallo, decĭpĭo. Verbâ do. ~In errorem, in fraudem ăgo, răpĭo, induco, illĭcio, pellĭcio, trăho. Fraudem do, fraudi sum. Dŏlis, astu, fraudĭbŭs capto, căpĭo, pĕto, irretĭo, vincĭo, circumvĕnio, ambĭo. Insĭdĭis circumdo, deludo. Insĭdĭas, dŏlum, dŏlos verso, ăgĭto, mĕlĭtŏr, necto, compăro, păro, mŏvĕo, vŏluto. Fraudĕ pĕto, aggrĕdĭŏr, urgĕo. Fraudem mĕlĭtŏr, verbis involvo. Mentĕ, pectŏrĕ, mentĕ dŏlosa, consĭlio, fraudes, dŏlos, artes, consĭlĭâ mollĭŏr, verso, vŏluto, &c. Artes dŏlosas ădhĭbĕo. Dŏlosis artĭbŭs, callĭdĭtatĕ utŏr. *See* Dolosus, Fallo. 2. *To beguile.* ~ lăborem. *O.* lăborem sŏno. *H.* diem. *O.* [† Fallo, mulcĕo, delinio.]

Dĕcĭsus, ă, um. *part.* *See* Decido. *Cut off.* ~-ă dextĕrâ. *V.* [† Cæsŭs, sectŭs, rĕsectŭs, &c., *or* pŭtātŭs.] *See* Desectus.

Dĕcĭus, ii. *m.* Dĕcii, orum. *pl.* *The name of three celebrated Romans, who devoted themselves to death for their country.* Pluris ĕnim Dĕcii quam servantur ăb illis. *J.*

Declamatĭŏ, onis. *f.* *A declamation; subject of one.* Ut pŭĕris plăcĕas, et declamatĭo fias. *J.*

Declamo, as. *To declaim, recite speeches; to inveigh against.* Sed nĕquĕ declament mĕdĭo sermonĕ diserte. *O.* [† Rĕcĭto.]

Declaro, as. 1. *To declare, proclaim.* Victorem magna præconis vocĕ Clĭanthum Declarăt. *V.* [† Denuntĭo, proclamo.] 2. *To manifest.* ~ gaudĭâ vultu. *Cl.* [† Indĭco, ostendo, &c.] *See* Detego.

Declino, as. 1. *To turn aside, turn away.* Declinamŭs Item motus, nec tempŏrĕ certo. *Lr.* ~ lumĭnâ. *Cat.* se. *O.* [† Deflecto, flecto, averto, demŏvĕo.] 2. *To bend downwards.* ~ lumĭnâ somno. *V.* ~-ăt ŏcellos somnŭs. *Pp.* ~-ant culmos lilĭâ. *St.* [† Flecto, inflecto, curvo, prĕmo.] 3. *To avoid.* *See* Vito. 4. *To turn away* (intr.), *withdraw, decline.* Paulatim ~ ămŏr. *O.* [† Deflectŏr, avertŏr, rĕcedo.]

Declivis, ĕ, *and sts.* **Declivus**, ă, um. 1. *Sloping downward, steep.* Flumĭnăque obliquis cinxit declivĭâ ripis. *O.* ~ vĭâ. *O.* [† Proclivis, pronŭs, descendens, devexŭs, inclinatŭs, inflexŭs, præceps; *sts.* acclivis, clivosŭs.] 2. *Used subst.* Montis declivĭâ. *L.* Pĕr declivâ vĭasquĕ præcĭpĭtes. *O.* 3. *Fig.* ~ Itĕr ~-ĕ sĕnectæ. *O.* [† Pronŭs, vergens, præceps.]

Decollo, as (*from* Collum). *To decapitate, behead. Sen.* [† Detrunco.] Crel. Căpŭt, cervicem, collum, collâ cædo, rĕcido, decido, abscido, sĕco, desĕco, ampŭto, mĕto, demĕto, fĕrĭo, frango, perfringo, dejĭcio, decŭtio, aufero, detrunco. Căpŭt ensĕ, glăddio, ferro ampŭto, rĕcido, demĕto, &c. Căpŭt sĕcuri, bĭpenni cædo, detrunco, &c. Căpŭt a cervicĕ rĕvello. Căpŭt ex hŭmĕris aufero, tollo, avello.

Decŏlŏr, oris. 1. *That which has lost its natural colour, discoloured.* Decŏlŏr ipsĕ sŭo sanguĭnĕ Rhenŭs ĕrĭt. *O.* 2. Sp. *Of a dark, swarthy complexion.* ~ Indŭs. *Pp.* Indĭâ. *Sen.* *See* Niger. 3. Fig. *That which has lost its brightness;* hence, *dishonorable, degenerate.* Detĕrĭŏr ac ~ ætas. *V.* Famâ ~. *O.* [† Detĕrĭŏr, degĕnĕr.]

Decŏloro, as. *To discolour, stain. H.* *See* Tingo.

Decŏquo, is, oxi, octum. 1. *To boil, boil down.* Discincti luderĕ donec Decŏquĕrĕtŭr ŏlus sŏlĭti. *H.* Ardenti decoxit ăheno. *J.* *See* Coquo. 2. *To work through, like fire; burn up.* ~ membrâ (de vĕneno). *L.* [† Ūro.] 3. Fig. *To squander, to ruin.* Hunc alĕâ ~-it. *Pers.* [† Absumo, consumo, cŏncŏquo, prŏfundo, perdo, absorbĕo, disperdo, exhaurio, abligurio, ligurio; *sts.* sumo.]

Dĕcŏr, oris. *m.* 1. *That which fits, is suitable; propriety of carriage.* Mobĭlĭbusquĕ dĕcor naturis dandŭs ĕt annis. *H.* [† Dĕcorum, dĕcŭs.] Crel. Quid dĕcĕăt. 2. Us. *Grace, beauty.* ~ nulla factŭs ăb artĕ; recti. *O.* [† Formâ, spĕcies, pulchrĭtudo, dĕcŭs.] *See* Pulchritudo. 3. *Ornament, decoration.* ~Ovĭbus sŭâ lanâ dĕcori est. *O.* [† Dĕcŭs, hŏnŏr, ornamentum.]

Dĕcŏramĕn, inis. *n.* *An ornament. Sil. Aus.* *See* Ornatus.

Dĕcŏro, as (*from* Decus). 1. *To adorn.* Largo dĕcŏrarat munĕrĕ sedes. *V.* [† Orno, exorno.] *See* Orno. 2. *To honour, celebrate.* ~-ari versĭbŭs. *H.* [† Hŏnoro, hŏnesto, cĕlĕbro, laudo.]

Dĕcŏrŭs, ă, um. 1. *Fitting, becoming, proper. Pl.* [† Convĕnĭens, aptŭs, dĕcens.] 2. Us. *Beautiful, graceful.* ~-ă membrâ juventæ. *V.* ~Oculi ~-i. *O.* [† Pulchĕr, &c.] *See* P. 3. *Adorned.* Ostro ~-i. *V.* [† Ornatŭs.] *See* O. 4. Fig. *Praiseworthy, honourable.* ~-æ lăcrĭmæ. *V.* silentium. *H.* [† Pulchĕr, hŏnestŭs, laudandŭs.]

Decresco, is, evi, etum. *To decrease.* Nec quĭâ

decrescunt effosso marmŏrĕ montes. *O.* [† Mĭnŭŏr, immĭnŭŏr.] **Crcl.** Mĭnŏr fio.

Decretum, i. *n. A decree, statute.* Et sĭnĕ decreto vivă reductă dŏmum. *Pp.* [† Consultum, scitum.]

Deculco, as. *To tread down, trample under foot. St. See* Proculco.

Decumbo, ĭs, ŭbŭi. 1. *To lie down.* Te sŭmŭs obliti decŭbŭissĕ sĕnem. [† Cŭbo, rĕcumbo, jăcĕo.] *See* Cubo. 2. *To be at table, to sit* (lie down) *to table.* ˘Ad cœnam vŏcăt: Vĕnĭo, decumbo. *Pl. See* Accumbo.

Decurro, ĭs, ri, sum. 1. *To run down, downwards.* Summa decurrĭt ăb arcĕ. *V.* [† Curro, rŭo, præcĭpĭto, descendo.] *See* Curro. 2. *To pass from one place, thing, &c., to another.* ~ ăd hamum (de piscĕ). *H.* quamlĭbĕt ĭn rerum formam. *Lr. See* Eo. 3. *To have recourse to.* ~ ăd artes. *O.* ăd mĭsĕras prĕces. *H.* [† Confŭgĭo.] *See* C. 4. Tr. *To run through from beginning to end.* ~ lăborem. *V.* vitam. *Pp.* Decursă nŏvissĭmă metă. *O.* [† Percurro, confĭcio.] 5. *To run through* (or recount) *in words.* ~ cunctă brĕvĭtĕr. *H.* pugnas versu. *St.*

Decursŭs, us. *m. A descent of waters.* Montĭbŭs e magnis ~ ăquaï. *Lr.* and *V.* [† Cursŭs, incursŭs, impĕtŭs, actŭs.]

Dĕcŭs, ŏris. *n.* 1. *An ornament.* Vitĭs ŭt arbŏrĭbus dĕcŏri est, ut vitĭbŭs uvă. *V.* ˘Inanĕ purpŭræ ~. *H.* [† Dĕcŏr, ornatŭs.] *See* Ornatus. 2. *Beauty.* ~ enĭtĕt orĕ. *V.* jŭvĕnilĕ. *O.* [† Dĕcŏr, hŏnŏr, gratĭă.] *See* Decor. 3. *Becoming carriage. O. See* Decor. 4. *Glory, honour.* Nomenquĕ dĕcusquĕ gessĭmŭs. *V.* Mĕrŭerĕ ~. *H.* [† Glorĭă, laus, hŏnŏr, splendŏr, nomĕn.] *See* Gloria, Honor.

Decŭtio, ĭs, ussi, ussum. *To shake down, off.* Decŭtĭat rorem, et surgentes attĕrăt herbas. *V.* Frondes ~-untŭr ăqua. *O.* [† Excŭtĭo, dejĭcĭo, deturbo.]

Dedĕcĕt. *unipers. Does not become, is unseemly.* Nĕquĕ te mĭnistrum Dedĕcet myrtŭs. *H.* Nec dŏmĭnam motæ dedĕcŭerĕ cŏmæ. *O.* Dedĕcŭit. *H.* **Crcl.** Non dĕcĕt, non convĕnĭt. (Dedĕcŭi tŭă jussă *is found in Statius.*)

Dedĕcŏr, ŏris. *adj. Unseemly, dishonourable.* Dedĕcŏrem amplexi vitam reditusque pudendos. *St.* [† Turpĭs, fœdŭs.]

Dedĕcŏro, as. *To mar, destroy the beauty of;* fig. *dishonour.* Aut făcĭem turpi dedĕcŏrarĕ bŏvĕ. *Pp.* ~-ant bĕnĕ nată culpæ. *H.* [† Fœdo, măcŭlo, pollŭo, turpo, ĭnhŏnesto; *sts.* infamo.] **Crcl.** Dedĕcŏri sum. Dedĕcŭs affero, adspergo. Oppröbrĭo, dedĕcŏrĕ adspergo. Prŏbro măcŭlo. Nomĕn obscuro. Măcŭla, labĕ nŏto. Famæ măcŭlas adspergo, labem ĭnuro. *See* Polluo.

Dedĕcŭs, ŏris. *n. Dishonour, disgrace; a disgraceful act.* Da pătĕr hoc nostris ăbŏlĕri dedĕcŭs armis. *V.* Non ĕgŏ dedĕcŏri tĭbĭ sum. *O.* ~-um prĕtĭosŭs emptŏr. *H.* [† Prŏbrum, opprŏbrĭum, ignomĭnĭă, infamĭă, labes, măcŭlă, nŏtă.] **Ep.** Summum, ingens; turpĕ, fœdum, infamĕ, pĕrennĕ. **Crcl.** Famæ labes.

Dedĭco, as. Us. *To dedicate, consecrate.* Tres illi dedĭcăt aras. *O.* Quid dedĭcatum poscĭt ˘Apollĭnem? *H.* ~ pagĭnam. *M.* [† Dĭco, consĕcro, &c.] *See* Consecro.

Dedignŏr, aris. *To disdain.* Nec dedignatŭs ămicum est. *O.* [† Aspernŏr, respŭo, fastidĭo, &c.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud dignŏr. *See* Contemno.

Dedisco, ĭs, ĭdĭci. *To unlearn.* Intrăt ămor mentes usu; dediscĭtŭr usu. *O.* Dedĭdĭciquĕ lŏqui. *O.* [† Obliviscŏr.] *See* O.

Dedĭtĭŏ, onis. *f. Surrender, submission.* Nec jam dedĭtĭo paucis occultă pĕrarĕ. *Cl.* **Ep.** Libĕră, *cŏactă, inhŏnestă,* turpĭs.

Dedĭtŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Dedo. 1. *Given up, delivered up.* Corpŏrĕ paupertatĕ et morbo dedĭtă morti. *Lr.* Membrĕ ~-ă somno. *Lr.* [† Dătŭs, tradĭtŭs.] 2. Us. *Attached to, devoted to.* ~ tĭbĭ toto sanguĭnĕ. *St.* musæ. *H.* [† Devotŭs, addictŭs.]

Dedo, ĭs, dĭdĭ, ĭtum. 1. *To give up, deliver up, to surrender.* tr. Dedĕ nĕci. *V.* ~ corpŏrĕ pœnæ. *O.* Dedĭtă castrĕ. *Sil.* [† Do, trado; *sts.* committo.] 2. ~ me, mănus, &c. *To surrender, submit. Pl.* [† Dedŏr.]

Dedŏcĕo, ŏces, ŏcŭi. *To unteach, to teach to do a thing no longer.* Pŏpŭlumquĕ falsis Dedŏcĕt uti vocĭbŭs (virtus). *H.*

Dedŏlĕo, es. *To cease to grieve. O.*

Deduco, ĭs, xi, ctum. 1. *To conduct, to bring* or *lead from one place to another; to escort.* Memnŏnĭis deducens agmĭnă regnis. *L.* ~ mănu cunctantem. *O.* uxorem dŏmum. *Ter.* Deduci sŭperbo (trĭumpho). *H.* Deducat jŭvĕnum sedŭlă turbă sĕnem. *Tib.* [† Duco; *sts.* ăgo.] 2. *To carry off from. V.* [† Abduco.] 3. ~ filum; carmĕn. *To weave, spin; compose* (as a poet). ~ pollĭcĕ filă. *O.* stamĭnă. *Tib.* carmĭnă versu. *Pp. See* Deductus. 4. *To draw, in order to stretch out.* ~ velă; carbăsă toto malo. *O. See* Tendo. 5. *To draw down from a height.* ~ lunam; montĭbŭs ornos. *V.* [† Detrăho.] 6. *To bend downwards, lower.* Pŏmă deducentĭă ramos. *O.* Deductă frons. *O.* ~ cornŭă tauri. *Sil.* [† Deprĭmo.] Fig. 7. *To derive from, to draw.* Nostra deducĭt ŏrĭgĭnĕ nomĕn. *V.* Mos undĕ deductŭs. *H.* [† Duco, trăho.] 8. *To draw off, take off.* ~ vestes. *O.* [† Detrăho, amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo.] 9. *To turn in another direction, off, away; draw away.* ~ humorem bĭbŭla ărena. *V.* sensum membris. *Lr.* fĕbres corpŏrĕ. *H.* me ăb ămorĕ tŭo. *Pp.* te vero. *Lr.* [† Rĕmŏvĕo, averto, exĭmo, pello; subduco, subtrăho.] *See* Averto.

Deductŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Deduco. 1. *Conducted, brought* or *led from,* &c. Silvis deducti. *H.* 2. *Drawn, traced.* Deductă mĕro littĕrĕ. *O.* 3. ~ carmĕn. *A piece of poetry, the composition of which is carefully studied, and well finished.* Carmĭnă provĕnĭunt ănĭmo deductă sĕreno. *O.* ~ carmĕn dicĕrĕ. *V.* Tĕnŭi ~-ă pŏemătă filo. *H. See* Deduco, *under each meaning.*

Deerro, as (*as 2-syll.*). *To stray.* Vir grĕgĭs ipsĕ căper deerravĕrăt, atque ĕgo Daphnĭn. *V.*

Defectŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Deficio. 1. *Left without, deficient, deprived of.* Sŏllĭto defectă făvorĕ. *O.* [† Cărens, privatŭs, expers.] 2. *Enfeebled by age, done out.* ~-ŭs annis. *Ph.* lingua. *M.* ămŏr; ~-o poplĭtĕ. *O.* [† Defĭcĭens.] *See* Debilis.

Defectŭs, us. *m.* 1. *Defect, failure, want.* 2. Us. *An eclipse.* Defectus solis vărĭos lunæquĕ lăbores. *V.* [† Lăbores solĭs, lunæ, &c.] *See* Eclipsis.

Defendo, ĭs, di, sum (qd ci). 1. *To ward off, repel, drive away from.* Solstĭtĭum pĕcŏri defendĭtĕ. *V.* ~ æstatem căpellis. *H.* frigŭs. *H.* arbŏrĕ soles. *St.* [† Arcĕo, prŏhĭbĕo, propulso, depello, &c.] *See* Arceo. 2. ~ (qm ab qa re, *or abs.*). *To defend from, protect against.* ~ muros bello. *V.* căpŭt. *O.* myrtos a frigŏrĕ. *V.* ăb armis. *O.* [† Defenso, tŭĕŏr, protĕgo, tĕgo, tutŏr, custodĭo, servo, propugno, auxĭlĭŏr.] **Crcl.** Sum tutelă, præsĭdĭum. Custodĕ tŭĕŏr. Armis, dextra defendo, tutŏr. Militĕ servo. Sto pro.

Defenso, as. *freq. of* Defendo. *To ward off, drive away, St.; to defend, O. See* Defendo.

Defensŏr, ŏris. *m. A defender.* Nec defensorĭbŭs istis Tempŭs ĕgĕt. *V.* [† Pătronŭs, propugnatŏr, servatŏr, tutŏr, tutamĕn, tutelă, custos, custodĭă, cŏlumĕn, auxĭlĭum, præsĭdĭum.] **Ep.** ˘Amicŭs,

fĭdĭs, fĭdelĭs; fortĭs, magnănĭmŭs, acĕr, audax, impăvĭdŭs, interrĭtŭs. **Crol.** Rerum tutelă; sălus; certă sălus. *See* AUXILIUM.

DEFENSUS, ă, um. *part. See* DEFENDO. 1. *Warded off from.* Defensa est hŭmĭlĭ canĕ prŭinĕ căsa. *O.* 2. *Defended, protected.* [† Protectŭs, tutŭs.] *See* DEFENDO.

DEFĔRO, fers, tŭli, latum, ferrĕ. 1. *To carry from one place to another, to bring, convey.* Lectos jŭvĕnes, fortissĭmă cordă Defĕr In Itălĭam. *V.* [† Fĕro, deduco, duco, transporto, affĕro.] 2. *To take* or *convey down from a higher place.* ∾ mandătă pĕr auras. *V.* ignem In terras mortalĭbŭs (de fulmĭnĕ). *Lr.* [† Deduco, depromo, devĕho.] 3. *To give, offer to give, confer.* ∾ fasces indigno. *H.* [† Do, trado, trĭbŭo, largĭŏr.] 4. *To bring information.* Detŭlĭt armari classem &c. *V.* [† Nuntĭo.] *See* N.

DEFĔRŎR. *pass. H. O.* [† Fĕrŏr, impellŏr, ĕo; rĭo, præcĭpĭto.] *See* EO.

DEFERVĔO, es, bŭi, *and anc.* **DEFERVO**, is, vi, ĕrĕ. *n.* 1. *To be boiling.* Lit. and fig. Sanguĭnĕo late defervĕrĕ campo. *St. See* FERVEO. 2. *To cool down from boiling. Ter.*

DEFESSUS, ă, um. *part. of the ols.* Defetiscor. *Fatigued;* and fig. *broken down by misfortune.* Defessi Ænĕādæ, quæ proxĭmă littŏrĕ cursu Contendunt pĕtĕrĕ. *V.* Sperarĕdŏmos ∾. *V.* ∾-æ rea. *See* FESSUS.

DEFĬCIENS, tis. 1. Tr. *Failing* (with acc.), *not sufficing for.* Sermonem defĭcientĕ dĭe. *O. See* DEFICIO (2). 2. Intr. *Failing, deficient, exhausted.* ∾ crūmenă. *H.* [† Exhaustŭs, văcŭŭs.] ∾ mănŭs; os. *O.* [† Languens, debĭlis.] *See* D.

DEFĬCIO, is, eci, ectum. 1. *To be wanting,* or *to be wanting to* or *for any thing* or *person* (i. e. with dat.). Noctis lentus non defĭcĭt humŏr. *V. See* DEFIT. Quum glandes defĭcĕrent silvæ. Dŭbĭis ne defĭcĕ rebŭs. *V.* 2. *To fail, not suffice, desert.* ˘Anĭmŭs si te non ∾-ĭt æquŭs. *H.* Turbam ∾-unt lŏcă. *Ph.* Terrā defecit grădum. *Sen.* [† Destĭtŭo, desum.] **Crol.** Non suffĭcio, non adsum.] *See* DESUM. 3. *To want strength; to sink, fail for want of strength.* ∾-unt ăd cœptă mănus. *O.* ˘In limĭnĕ primo defĭcĭmŭs. *V.* [† Frangŏr, exhaurĭŏr, debĭlĭtŏr, languĕo, cesso, abaisto, succĭdo.] *See* LANGUEO.

DEFĬCIŎR. *pass.* 1. *To be left in the want of.* Tempŏrĕ defĭcĭar, si &c. *O.* [† Destĭtŭŏr.] 2. *To be deserted, betrayed.* ∾ ăb artĕ mĕa. *O.*

DEFIGO, is. 1. *To fix down, in, to plant.* Defigunt tellure hastas et scută rĕclĭnant. Terræ defigĭtŭr arbos. *V.* [† Figo, infigo.] *See* FIGO. *Fig.* 2. ∾ gressum. *Sil.* ŏcellos. *O.* 3. *To pierce with an arrow, dart,* &c. ∾ cervos. *Tib.* [† Figo.] *See* CONFODIO.

DEFIT, DEFIĔRI. *unipers. Is wanting, to be wanting.* Lac mĭhĭ non æstatĕ nŏvum, non frigŏrĕ defĭt. *V.* [† Deest, ăbest, defĭcĭt.]

DEFIXUS, ă, um. *part. See* DEFIGO. 1. *Fixed down, in.* ∾ ăratrum. *V.* sŏlo radix. *O.* 2. Fig. *Fixed, intent, immovable.* Defixi orā tĕnebant. *V.* ∾ In una. *V. Fl.* [† Fixŭs, immobĭlis.] *See* SPECTO, DEFIGO.

DEFLAGRO, as. 1. *To be on fire, to blaze with fury. See* FLAGRO. 2. *To burn down* or *out;* and fig. *to cease to rage. L.*

DEFLECTO, is, exi, exum. 1. *To turn another way.* ∾ ĭtĕr. *L.* [† Flecto.] 2. *To turn off, to ward off.* ∾ telă corpŭs stringentŭ. *V.* belli tŭmultus. *St.* [† Averto, amŏvĕo, &c.] *See* AVERTO.

DEFLEO, es. 1. *To weep, bewail.* Grăvĭbus defĭerĕ quĕrelis. *Pp. See* FLEO. 2. Us. *To deplore* (with acc.). Defleverĕ Nŭmam. *O.* [† Lugĕo, flĕo, deploro, deplango, lamentŏr, delamentŏr, ingĕmo, suspiro.]

DEFLORĔO, es, ŭi, *and* **DEFLORESCO**, is. *To shed its flowers.* Quum tĕnŭi carptus deflorŭĭt ungui. *Cat.* [† Marcesco, flaccesco.] **Crol.** Florem amitto.

DEFLUO, is, uxi, uxum. 1. *To flow down, downwards.* Exĭgŭa defluĭt undă mŏra. *O.* [† Flĭo, labŏr.] *See* FLUO. Fig. 2. *To come, come to* (in plenty, in full flow). Tibĭ merces ∾-ĭt. *H.* [† Vĕnĭo, provĕnĭo.] 3. *To descend.* ˘Ad terram defluxĭt æquis rĕlictis (cŏhors). *V.* ∾ ăd imos pĕdes vestis. *V. See* DESCENDO. 4. *To fall down.* Defluxerĕ cŏmæ. *O.* [† Cădo, excĭdo, flŭo.] 5. *To depart from, escape.* ∾-ĭt pectŏrĕ sonĭnŭs. *Tib.* Id ex ănĭmo. *Pp.* [† Labŏr, excĭdo.] 6. *To pass away.* ∾-ĭt ætas. *J. See* FLUO.

DEFLUUS, ă, um. *Flowing down, falling down. St.* [† Flŭens, cădens.]

DEFŎDIO, is, odi, ossum. 1. *To dig down. See* FODIO. 2. *To bury in the earth.* Defossoquĕ incŭlăt auro. *V. O. See* OBRUO.

DEFORMIS, ĕ. 1. *Mis-shapen, ugly. J.* [† Informis, turpis.] **Crol.** Forma cărens. Adspectu horrĭdŭs, horrens. Horrendŭs visu. Quo nullŭs turpĭŏr. 2. *Neglected, unsightly, filthy.* ∾ campi; fumo tectă. *O.* Cocytŭs. *V.* [† Incultŭs, horrĭdŭs, fœdŭs, squălĭdŭs, tetĕr, atĕr.] 3. Fig. *Disgraceful.* ∾ vĭtĭum. *M.* [† Turpis, fœdŭs, indĕcŏr.]

DEFORMO, as. *To form, fashion;* us. *to deform, disfigure.* ∾-ăt căpillos tonsŭrā. *O.* vultum măcĭes. *V.* ∾ canĭtĭem pulvĕrĕ. *V.* [† Fœdo, turpo, corrumpo.] *See* POLLUO.

DEFRENATUS, ă, um. *No longer bridled, unchecked.* Et defrenato volvuntŭr In æquŏrā cursu. *O. See* EFFRENIS.

DEFRICO, as, cŭi, atum *or* ctum. *To rub, rub hard.* Lit. and fig. Nec coram dentes defrĭcŭissĕ prŏbem. *O.* ∾ sălĕ urbem. *H.*

DEFRINGO, is, egi, actum. *To break, break off.* ˘Ab hasta Defringit ferrum. *V. See* FRANGO.

DEFRŬTUM, i. *n. New wine boiled down to half the quantity, with spices,* &c. Igni pingŭĭ multo Defrŭtă. *V.*

DEFUNCTUS, ă, um. *part. See* DEFUNGOR. 1. *One who has gone through, come to the close of any particular duty, task,* or *portion assigned him.* ∾ pĕlăgi pĕrĭclis. *V.* lăborĭbŭs. *H.* (*or abs.* defunctus). ∾-æ naves. *V.* Hence—2. ∾ vita, or abs. *Dead.* ∾-ă corpŏrā vita. *V.* ossă. *O. M.* ∾-us terra (*i. e.* vita). *O. See* MORTUUS.

DEFUNDO, is, udi, usum. *To pour out, down.* Lit. and fig. *H. J. See* FUNDO.

DEFUNGŎR, ĕris, ctŭs sum. *To fulfil, bring to an end any assigned duty, task,* &c. *See* FUNGOR *and* DEFUNCTUS.

DEGĔNĔR, ĕris. *m. f.* 1. *Degenerate.* Degĕnĕremquĕ Nĕoptŏlĕmum narrarĕ mĕmento. *V.* ∾ pătrĭi orĭs; pătrĭæ artis. *O.* virtutis pătrum. *Sil.* [† Degĕnĕrans, mutatŭs, indignŭs; *sts.* decŏlŏr.] *See* DEGENERO. 2. Freq. *Base, mean-spirited.* ∾-es ănĭmos tĭmŏr argŭĭt. *V. See* IGNAVUS.

DEGĔNĔRO, as. 1. Intr. *To degenerate.* Pomăquĕ degĕnĕrant; succos oblĭtă prĭores. *V.* 2. Tr. (*with acc.*) Hanc căvĕ ∾-es. *O.* ∾ prŏpinquos. *Pp.* (*with dat.*) ∾ pătri ˘Achilli. *Cl.* Marti păterno. *St.* [† Mutŏr, descisco.] **Crol.** Pătrĭæ virtutis. ăviti nomĭnis sum immĕmŏr, non mĕmŏr, oblitŭs. A pătrĭa *or* păterna virtutĕ deflecto, descisco, discedo, deficio. Pătrĭæ virtuti non responděo. ˘Avorum *or* ăvis indignŭs sum. Majorum, ăvorum, părentum factă dedĕcŏro, pollŭo. ˘Avis sum dedĕcŭs. ˘In pejŭs declino.

DEGO, is, i. (*Used with* vitam, ætatem, ævum; tempŭs, dĭem, *and other similar acc. expressed or understood*). Illĕ pŏtens sŭi Lætusquĕ degĕt. *H. St.* To *pass, spend.* ∾ vitam. *V.* ætatem; ævum. *Lr.* dĭem. *Ter.* sĕnectam. *H.* otĭă. *Cat.*

&c. [¶ ˘Ago, exĭgo, ăgĭto, duco, *with the acc.; and* vivo.]

Degrandĭnat. *unipers. It hails violently. O. See* Grandinat.

Degrāvo, as. *To weigh down, cause to bend by the weight.* ∾-ăt ulmum vitis. *O.* undă căpŭt. *Pp. See* Gravo.

Degusto, as. 1. *To taste. L. O.* [¶ Gusto, delibo, libo.] 2. Fig. *To graze, touch, pass slightly over.* Summum ∾-ăt vulnĕrĕ corpŭs. *V.*

Dĕhinc, *and more rarely* Dehinc (*as monosyl.*). *Henceforth, afterwards, after that.* Cervici subnectĕ; dĕhinc ŭbi libĕrĕ collĕ. *V. H. St.* Eurum ad se Zĕphyrumquĕ vŏcat, dehinc talĭ fatur. Dehinc ĕrĭt, Orion &c. *O. See* Dein.

Dĕhisco, is. *To gape open.* Terræque ardorĕ dĕhiscunt. *V.* Cœlum ∾-ĕrĕ cœpit. *O.* [¶ Hio, hisco, findŏr, diducŏr, ăpĕrĭŏr, laxŏr, discedo, pătĕfio, pătĕo, dissĭlio.] **Crol.** Ingenti hiatu pătĕo. Laxato sĭnu pătĕo.

Dĕhortŏr, aris. *To dissuade. Ter. See* Dissuadeo.

Deĭanira, æ. *f. Deianira, daughter of Œneus, and wife of Hercules. C. D.* Impĭă quid dŭbĭtas Deĭanirĭ mŏri? *O.* **Crol.** Œneĭs, Cālydonis virgo, pŭellă. Conjux, uxŏr Hercŭlis, Hercŭlĕă. *See* Nessus.

Deĭdamia, æ. *f. Daughter of Lycomedes, beloved by Achilles. C. D.* Scyrĭă nec vĭdŭo Deĭdămiă tŏro. *Pp.*

Dein, Deinceps, Deindĕ, *and better* Dein, Deinceps, Deindĕ. *Then, after that; thence onwards, next in order.* Dein usquĕ altĕrĕ millĕ, deindĕ centum. *Cat.* Unguĭbŭs et pugnis, dein fustĭbŭs. *H.* Redde ăgĕ quæ deinceps risisti. *H.* Tu deindĕ jŭbeto certĕt ˘Amyntas. *V.* [¶ Dĕhinc *or* dehinc (*monosyl.*), indĕ, exĭn, exindĕ, post, posthac.] **Crol.** Post tempŭs ăb his.

Deĭphŏbe, es. *f. Daughter of Glaucus, Sibyl of Cumæ.* Deĭphŏbe Glauci fatur quæ talĭ regi. *V.* **Crol.** Cumæă, Cumană vates, Sĭbyllă. Phœbi Trĭvĭæquĕ săcerdos.

Deĭphŏbŭs, i. *m. Deiphobus, one of the sons of Priam. C. D.* Deĭphŏbum vidi &c. *V.*

Dejectŭs, us. *m. A throwing down. O. See* Casus.

Dejĕro, as. *To swear.* Dejĕrăt hiberni tempŏrĭs essĕ mŏrus. *Pp. See* Dejuro.

Dejĭcio, is, eci, ectum. 1. *To throw, cast down from high.* Dejĭcĕre e saxo cives aut tradĕrĕ Cadmo. *H.* [¶ Mitto, jăcŭlŏr.] 2. *To throw down, overturn.* Dejecturum arces. *V.* (*Fig.*) Dejectam conjŭgĕ tanto. *V.* [¶ Deturbo, sterno, everto, &c. *See* Everto, Sterno. 3. *To bring down, cause to descend.* Saxi dejectæ vertĭcĕ capræ. 4. *To lay dead, kill.* ∾ Hermĭnĭum. *V.* Thēbĭdi jŭvencam ∾-ĭt. *V. Fl.* [¶ Sterno.] *See* Occido. 5. *To cast down, lower.* ∾ vultum. ˘Ocŭlos dejectă dĕcoros. *V.* [¶ Demitto.]

Delabŏr, ĕris, psŭs sum. 1. *To descend, glide down* or *from.* Summo delabŏr ˘Olympo. *O.* Cum pacĕ delabentis Etruscum In mārĕ. Cœlo delapsă. *V.* [¶ Labŏr, deferŏr, descendo.] 2. *To fall.* Sertă căpĭti delapsă. *V.* Delapsă fĕnestra. *Tib.* Mĕdĭos delapsŭs In hostes. *V.*

Delasso, as. *To tire out. H. M. See* Fatigo.

Delatŏr, oris. *m. An accuser, informer. M.* [¶ Accusatŏr.]

Delatŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Defero. *V. O. See* D.

Delebilis, ĕ. *Indelible, not to be effaced.* Nullis delebĭlĭs annis. *M.*

Delecto, as. *To attract, allure;* us. *to delight, give pleasure to.* Aut prodessĕ vŏlunt aut delectarĕ pŏetæ. *H.* [¶ Attrăho, illĭcio; oblecto, rĕcrĕo, jŭvo, rĕlaxo, mulcĕo; plăcĕo, arridĕo (*dat.*).] **Crol.** Gaudĭă affĕro. Sum lætĭtiæ. Lætĭtĭa perfundo, implĕo, mulcĕo, affĭcio. Dulcedĭnĕ mentes implĕo, tango, mulcĕo, sensus mulcĕo.

Delectŏr, *pass. To be pleased with, take pleasure in. H. See* Gaudeo.

Delectŭs, us. *m.* 1. *A choice, choosing. V. O.* 2. *A levy of troops. L.*

Delenio, *or* Delinio, is. *To soothe, soften down, charm, win over by management.* Delenĭt usus, nec Fălerna &c. *H.* [¶ Mulcĕo, illĭcio, căpio.]

Delenitŭs, ă, um. *Charmed, won over. O. See* Delenio.

Delĕo, es, evi, etum. 1. *To blot out, efface.* Bis terve expertum frustra, delerĕ jŭbebăt &c. (versus). *H.* [¶ Expungo, abstergĕo, oblitĕro, rado, tollo; *sts.* corrĭgo, emendo.] 2. *To overthrow, destroy completely.* Deletas Volscorum ăcies. *V.* [¶ ˘Abŏlĕo, exstingŭo, perdo, tollo, rescindo, pessumdo, everto, destrŭo.] *See* Everto, Exstinguo.

Delia, æ. *f.* (Δηλία.) *A name of Diana, from the island of Delos. V. See* Diana.

Delibero, as. 1. *To deliberate, advise upon.* Scis quid In Arsăcia Păcŏrus deliberĕrăt aula. *M.* [¶ Consŭlo, consulto, mĕdĭtŏr, volvo, verso, ăgito, qŭæro.] 2. *To determine upon after deliberation.* Deliberata mortĕ ferocior. *H. See* Statuo.

Delibo, as. 1. *To lick, lap from; drink lightly.* Humoris parvam delibĕt ăb æquŏrĕ partem. *Lr. See* Combibo. 2. *To cull* (with light touch). Summă ∾ oscŭlă. *V.* [¶ Libo.] 3. *To skim.* ∾-ant æquŏrĕ plantæ. *Cl.*

Delĭbutŭs, ă, um. *part. from old verb* Delibuo. *Anointed, smeared.* Crĭnĕ Nessi delĭbutăs Hercŭles. *H.* [¶ Unctŭs, oblĭtŭs, illĭtŭs, mĕdens, imbutŭs, perfusŭs, &c.] *See* Unctus.

Delĭcatŭs, ă, um. 1. *Delightful, charming, lovely.* Dŏmum pŏlitam, et delĭcatos hortŭlos. *Ph.* Res ∾. *M.* [¶ ˘Amœnŭs, dulcis, suavis.] 2. *Delicate, tender.* Pŭellă ∾-ĭŏr hœdo. *Cat.* Purpŭrĕ ∾. *M.* [¶ Tĕnĕr, mollis.] 3. *Dainty, fastidious. M. Pl.* [¶ Fastidĭosŭs, sŭperbŭs.]

Delĭciæ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *Any thing that delights; pleasures, luxuries.* Nec tĭbi delĭciæ făcĭles, vulgatŭsquĕ tantum Munĕrĕ. *O.* Regĭfĭcæ ∾. *Cl.* [¶ Gaudĭă, vŏluptas.] **Crol.** Dulcĭă vitæ. 2. *A darling, favourite.* ∾ dŏmĭni. *V.* pŏpŭli. *M.* mĕæ. *Pl.* [¶ Delĭcium, gaudĭă, ămŏr, ămores, vŏluptas.] *See* Delicium. 3. *Effeminacy. J.* [¶ Mollĭtĭes.]

Delĭcium, ii. *n. A darling, favourite.* Delĭcium parvo donabis dorcădă nato. *O.* [¶ Delĭciæ.] *See* D.

Delictum, i. *n. A fault, offence. H. O.* [¶ Culpă, admissum, commissum.] *See* Culpa.

Delĭgo, is, egi, ectum. 1. *To cull, pick.* Et primam tĕnŭi delĭgĕre unguĕ rŏsam. *O. See* Carpo. 2. *To pick out, choose.* ∾ tauros. *V. See* Eligo.

Delinquo, is, iqui, ictum. *To fail in duty, do wrong, offend.* Paulum deliquĭt ămicŭs. *H. See* Pecco.

Delĭquesco, is, ĭcŭi. *To melt away, be dissolved.* Delĭcŭit, stagnumquĕ sŭo de nomĭnĕ fecit. *O. See* Liqueo.

Deliro, as. *To go from the straight line. Aus.* Us. fig. *To act madly, be insane.* Quidquid delirant reges, plectuntŭr ˘Achivi. *H.* [¶ Erro, deflectŏr; desĭpio, insănio.] *See* Amens.

Delirŭs, ă, um. *Doting, senseless.* Prætŭlĕrim scriptor delirŭs ĭnersquĕ vĭdĕri. *H.* [¶ Delirans, amens, demens; *sts.* ălienŭs.] *See* Amens, Stultus.

Delĭtesco, is, ŭi. *To hide, to lie hid.* In lĭquĭdis pisces delĭtŭistis ăqua. *O.* Vipĕrĕ delĭtŭit. *V. See* Lateo.

Delĭtigo, as. *To scold, quarrel. H. See* Litigo.

Delĭŭs, ă, um (Δήλιος). 1. *Delian, of Delos; of Apollo,* or *of Diana.* Dellĭă tellus. *O.* ∾ va-

2. Subst. m. *A name of Apollo, from and Delos. O.* &c. *See* APOLLO.
er DELŬS, i. *f. Delos, an island of the n, where Apollo and Diana were born.* Dei nunc, Phœbē, tūa est? ŭbī Delphīcā ? *Tib.* Crol. Errans Cyclās. Terrā māri ātans. Terrā summis fluctĭbŭs inquietā. Latonīā. Ep. Latonīā, Phœbeā, ˘Apollĭ-Irrans, erratīcā.
, orum. *m. pl. Delphi, a town of Phocis, for the oracle of Apollo.* Vel Baccho a, vēl ˘Apollĭnē Delphos Insignes. *H.* Ŭrbs ˘Apollĭnēā, ˘Apollĭnīs. Delphīcā teldes. Oracŭlā Phœbi. Delphīcā Phœbi pēā.
cŭs, ă, um. *Delphian; of* or *belonging to os;* hence, *a name of Apollo.* Plăcŭit tĭbī, ĭcē, certe. *O.* ~ laurŭs. *H.*
N, inĭs, *and* DELPHINŬS, i. *m. A dolphin.* us in silvis, inter delphinās ˘Arion. *V.* silvis appingit. *H.* Ep. Æquŏrĕŭs, curquamĕŭs, squamosŭs; cĕlĕr, lĕvis, văgŭs; ĭs, ludens, lascivŭs.
a, ĭdis. *f. The priestess of Apollo at Delf.*
UM, i. *n.* (*more freq. in pl.* DELUBRA) *The sacred place where the statue of the as placed. Pl.;* hence, gen. *temple.* Ad ĭ vēnit, monstratas excĭtăt aras. *V.* Deque ditĭā donis. *O.*
, ĭs, si, sum. *To deceive, disappoint.* Aut pitos deludunt somnĭā sensus. *V.* [† Fallo, illudo.] *See* DECIPIO.
ĭo, es. *To be wet.* Demăděrĕ nĭvea. *Lr. O.* ADEO.
, as. *To stream gently down.* Tenues sŭb Flammā demanăt. *Cat. See* MANO.
, tĭs. 1. *Mad, out of his mind.* Demens, ĭa vŏcăt in certamĭnā Divos. *V.* [† Amens, ĭs, vesanŭs.] *See* AMENS, STULTUS. 2. rŭinas. *H.* impĕtum. *Sen.*
rĭŭs. *Madly, foolishly. O.* (Demens.) ĭte, insane.]
rĭă, æ. *f. Madness, folly.* Incautum deă cepĭt ămantem. *V.* [† Āmentĭā, insanĭā,] *See* AMENTIA, STULTITIA.
ĭo, es, *and* DEMĔRĔŎR, erĭs. *To gain the of, attach to you.* Nec tibĭ sit servos desĕ pŭdŏr. *O.* ~ dĕos (*Ad Liv.*) and *M.* rincĭo.]
ĭo, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To plunge into, under immerse.* Ponto demergĭtĕ puppim. *O.* entĭbŭs ăhenis. *Sen.* [† Mergo, immergo, ĭo; *sts.* obrŭo.] 2. *Fig.* Demersĭt ĭn al-*O.* Demersā exĭtĭo dŏmŭs. *H.*
ŭs, ă, um. *part. See* DEMERGO *and* NAUGO.
ŭs, ă, um. *part. V. See* DEMETO.
ŏr, *or* DIMETĬŎR, erĭs, mensŭs sum. 1. *asure.* Campum ad certamĕn . . . demensi iquē vĭri Teucriquē pārabant. *V. See* ME-2. Pass. *To be measured.* Certis demenartĭbŭs orbem. *V. See* METIOR.
, ĭs, essŭi, essum. 1. *To mow down, reap.* ŭb ardenti flaventĭā demĕŭt arvā. *Cat. See* . 2. *To cull, gather.* Demessum pollĭcē . *V. See* CARPO. 3. *To cut down, off.* ~ ensē. *O. See* SECO, DECOLLO.
ĭo, *and* DEMIGRO, as. *To change residence, way from a place. Pl. St. See* MIGRO,
ĭo, ĭs, i, utum. *To diminish, abate, lessen.* ĭgo demĭnŭo curam. *Pp.* [† Mĭnŭo, im-, detrăho, &c.] *See* MINUO.
. *adv. Low, near the ground.* Hic alte, ĭŭs illĕ vŏlabăt. *O.*

DEMITTO, ĭs, isi, issum. 1. *To send down, let down.* Plusquē cŭpit, quo plurā sŭam demittĭt ĭn alvum. *O.* ~ ferrum ĭn illā. *O.* ˘In pŭtĕum ~-i. *V.* ~ imbrem cœlo. *V.* [† Mitto, immitto.] *Fig.* 2. ~ dictā ĭn aures. *V.* Demissum nomĕn (ăb ˘Iulo). *V.* 3. ~ nĕci, morti. *To slay* (send down to hell). ~ nĕci; Orco. *V.* Stŷgĭæ morti. *O.* [† Mitto.] *See* OCCIDO. 4. *To drop, let fall.* ~ lăcrĭmas. *V.* and *O.* Demissos căpillos. *O.* 5. *To cast down, abase.* Vultum demissā. *V. O.* Demiserē căpŭt (păpaverā). *V.* [† Dejĭcĭo, inclino, pono.] *Fig.* 6. ~ vultumquē ănĭmumquē. *O.* mentes. *V.* Demissā vocē. *V.* [† Abjĭcĭo, dejĭcĭo, pono, despondĕo.] 7. *To prostrate, lay low, overcome.* ~ robŏrā ferro. *O.* [† Dejĭcĭo, sterno.]
DEMO, ĭs, mpsi, mptum. *To take away, withdraw, remove.* Demĕrē purpŭrĕis sol jŭgā vellĕt equis. *O.* ~ vĕnefĭcĭis fĭdem. *O.* curas dictis. *V.* [† ˘Adĭmo, tollo, aufĕro, detrăho, amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, exŭo, subduco, erĭpĭo; *sts.* ăbĭgo, pello.] *See* ERIPIO.
DEMŎCRĬTŬS, i. *m. The laughing philosopher Democritus. C. D.* Demŏcrĭti quod sanctā vĭri sententĭā ponĭt. *Lr.*
DEMOLIŎR, irĭs. *To throw down, destroy.* Subrŭĭt hæc ævi demoliturquē prĭorĭs Robŏrā. *O. See* EVERTO.
DEMONSTRO, as. *To show plainly, point out.* Sed tristem mortis demonstret littĕrā causam. *Tib. See* INDICO.
DEMŎPHŎON, ontĭs. *m. The son of Theseus. C. D.* Phyllĭdā Demŏphŏon, hospēs ŭterquē mălŭs. *Pp.*
DEMORDĔO, es, i, sum. *To bite off.* Nec plŭtĕum cædit, demorsos nec săpĭt ungues. *Pers. See* MORDEO.
DEMŎRŎR, arĭs. 1. *To stay, keep back.* Surgentes demŏrŏr austros. *V. See* MOROR. 2. *To wait for, expect.* Mortalĭā demŏrŏr armā. *V. See* EXSPECTO.
DEMOSTHĔNES, ĭs. *m. Demosthenes, the famous Athenian orator. C. D.* Elŏquĭum famam aut Demosthĕnĭs aut Cĭcĕronĭs. *J.*
DEMŎVĔO, es. *To move, turn* (something) *away from.* Curvo nec fĭcĭem littŏrē demŏvĕt. *H.* [† Amŏvĕo, depello, avello.] *See* ARCEO.
DEMUM. *adv. At last, at length.* Hac demum vŏlŭit consistĕrē terra. *V.* [† Postremo, tandem, denĭquē.] *See* TANDEM.
DEMURMŬRO, as. Carmen măgĭco demurmŭrăt ore. *O. See* MURMURO.
DENARRO, as. Matri denarrăt ŭt ingens Bellŭā. *H. See* NARRO.
DENARĬŬS, ĭi. *m.* (sc. nummus.) *A Roman coin so called. C. D.* Unus sæpē tĭbī tota denarĭŭs arca. *M.*
DENĀTO, as. *To swim down the stream.* Tusco denātăt alvĕo. *H. See* NATO.
DENĔGO, as. 1. *To deny positively, say 'no.' See* NEGO. 2. *To refuse, refuse to give.* Amnis tĭbī deněgăt undas. *O.* [† Rĕcuso, detrecto.]
DENI, æ, ă. 1. *Ten.* Bis denas ˘Itălo texamus robŏrē naves. *V.* [† Dĕcem.] *See* D. 2. Sts. in sing. *Tenth.* Denā lunā. *O.*
DENĬQUĔ. *At length, at last, lastly.* Magnā pĕrerrato stātŭes quæ denĭquē ponto. *V.* [† Tandem, demum, postremo.] *See* TANDEM.
DENOMĬNO, as. *To name.* Hinc Lāmĭas fĕrunt Denomĭnatos. *H.*
DENORMO, as. *To put out of line, disfigure.* Qui nunc denormăt ăgellum (ungŭlŭs). *H.*
DENS, tĭs. *m.* DENTES, ĭum. *pl.* 1. *A tooth; teeth.* Dentemquē in dentē fătigăt. *O.* Ep. Nĭvĕŭs, candĭdŭs, albŭs; nĭgĕr, ătĕr, fœdŭs, pŭtrĭs; durŭs, vĭlĭdŭs, ăcutŭs; exsertŭs, rĕtectŭs, nudŭs; mĭnax, fĕrŭs, sævŭs. Crol. Ossā orĭs. 2. *Used*

of different sharp instruments, or *their sharp points:* (1) *A plough.* Tellus quum dentĕ rĕcludĭtŭr unco. *V.* (2) *A harrow.* Ruricŏlis fĕrĭuntur dentĭbŭs ossă. *L.* (3) *A pruning-hook.* Curvo Saturni dentĕ. *V.* (4) *An anchor.* Dentĕ tĕnaci ancŏră. *V.* (5) *A comb.* Multĭfĭdo buxŭs dentĕ. *M.* (6) *A saw.* Perpĕtŭos dentes (serræ). *O. See* ARATRUM, RASTRUM, ANCORA, &c. 3. Fig. *Tooth of envy*, &c. Dentĕ invĭdo. *H.* Livŏr ĭnĭquo dente. *O. See* INVIDIA, SATIRA.

DENSE. *adv. Thickly;* hence, *frequently. O.* [† Denshă (*n. pl.*).] (Denshă sĕrĕ. *V.*)

DENSĔO, es, i, *and* DENSO, as. *To thicken, condense, set* or *press close together.* Densĕt, ĕrant quæ rarà mŏdo, et quæ denshă, rĕlaxăt. *V.* Densatĕ cătervas. *V.* [† Addensĕo *or* addenso, condensĕo, cogo, spisso, glŏmĕro, agglŏmĕro, stipo.]

DENSĔŎR, *and* DENSŎR. *pass. To be condensed, made thick, pressed close together.* Omnĭă denseri, flĕrique ex omnĭbŭs unum. *Lr.* ∾-antŭr noctĕ tĕnĕbræ. *V.* ∾ funĕrĕ. *H.* [† Stipŏr, cogŏr, concresco, spissŏr.]

DENSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Dense, thick, condensed, close set, pressed.* Densæque ĭn montĭbŭs umbræ. ∾ grando; imbĕr; hostes. *V.* Densum hŭmĕris vulgŭs. *H.* [† Condensŭs, densatŭs, spissŭs, confectŭs, cŏactŭs; *sts.* concretŭs, gĕlatŭs.] Crcl. Non rarŭs, non sparsŭs. 2. *Frequent, numerous.* ∾-i ămores. *V.* ∾-ă pĕricŭlă. *O.* [† Frĕquens, multŭs, nŭmĕrosŭs.]

DENTALĔ, ĭs. *n. The share-beam of a plough.* Dŭplĭci aptantur dentalĭă dorso. *V. See* ARATRUM.

DENTATŬS, ă, um. *Having teeth. M.*

DENUBO, ĭs. *To marry* (of the woman). *O. See* NUBO.

DENUDO, as. *To strip.* Denudat fŏllĭis ramos &c. *Cic. See* NUDO.

DENUNTĬO, *or* DENUNCĬO, as. *To announce, declare, foretel.* Cærŭlĕus plŭvĭam denuntĭăt, ignĕŭs euros (sol). *V. See* INDICO, NUNTIO.

DĔORSUM, *and* DEORSUM (*diss.*). *Down, downwards.* Quin văcŭum pĕr ĭnanĕ dĕorsum cunctă fĕrantŭr. *Lr.* Corpŏrĕ quum deorsum rectum pĕr ĭnanĕ fĕruntŭr. *Lr.* Crcl. ˘In imum, ăd imum *or* imă.

DĔOSCŬLŎR, arĭs. *To kiss affectionately.* Hos amplectĭtŭr, hos dĕoscŭlatŭr. *M. See* OSCULOR.

DEPASCO, ĭs, avi, astum. *To feed off, crop off.* Luxŭrĭem sĕgĕtum tĕnĕra depascĭt ĭn herba. *V.* ∾ saltus. *O. See* PASCO.

DEPASCŎR, ĕrĭs, astŭs sum. 1. *To feed on, pasture on.* Quădrŭpes depascĭtŭr silvas. *Tib. See* PASCOR. 2. *Fig.* Artus depascĭtŭr (fĕbrĭs). *V.* [† ˘Edo, pĕrĕdo, consumo.]

DEPASTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* DEPASCO. *Fed upon, eaten up.* Hyblæis ăpĭbus florem depastă sălicti (sepes). *V.* ∾-ă altarĭă. *V. See* PASTUS.

DEPECTO, ĭs. *To comb off, comb.* Crines depectĕrĕ buxo. *O.* Depexæ jŭbæ. *O.* ∾ vellĕrĕ fŏllĭis. *V. See* PECTO.

DEPELLO, ĭs, ŭli, ulsum. *To drive off, away, aside from.* Depŭlĕrat stellas auroră mĭcantes. *O.* ∾ mortem fratri. *O.* qm recto cursu. *H.* [† Pello, expello, rĕpello, ăbĭgo, ăgo, &c.] *See* ARCEO.

DEPENDĔO, es, di. *To depend, hang from.* Atrĭă; dependent lychni lăquĕarĭbŭs aureis. *V.*; and fig. *to depend upon, come from. O. See* PENDEO.

DEPENDO, ĭs, di, sum. 1. *To pay, pay away.* Lit. and fig. Mallem felicĭbŭs armis Dependissĕ căput. *L.* ∾ drachmas. *Pl. See* PENDO. 2. *To employ, spend.* ∾ tempŏrĕ. *L.* annos. *Sil. See* IMPENDO. 3. Sts. *To weigh;* hence, *examine. See* EXPENDO.

DEPERDĬTŬS, ă, um. *Ruined, undone; overwhelmed with grief, with misery; desperately in love.* Nondum sensus deperdĭtŭs omnes. *Pp.* ˘Ut est deperdĭtŭs Io (Jupĭtĕr). *Pp. See* PERDITUS, AMANS.

DEPERDO, ĭs, dĭdi, dĭtum. *To lose; lose quite.* Bŏnam deperdĕrĕ famam. *H.* [† Perdo, amitto.]

DEPĔRĔO, is, ivi *and* ĭi. *To perish, be lost, go to ruin.* Gens hŏmĭnum vĭtĭo depĕrĭtură fŭit. *O.* ∾-unt ævo (alĭĭces). *O.* [† Pĕrĕo, intĕrĕo, occĭdo.]

DEPEXŬS, ă, um. *See* DEPECTO.

DEPINGO, ĭs, inxi, ictum. *To paint.* Quæ mănŭs obscenas depinxit primă tăbellas. *Pp.* Auro depictă Chlămys. *V. See* PINGO.

DEPLANGO, ĭs. *To express grief by beating the breast violently; to bewail greatly.* Cadmeĭdă palmis Deplanxerĕ dŏmum. *O. See* DEPLEO.

DEPLĔO, es. *To empty.* Lit. and fig. *St. See* EXHAURIO.

DEPLORO, as. *act. To bewail.* Deploravĭt ˘Atŷn. *O.* [† Deflĕo, deplango &c.] *See* DEPLEO.

DEPLŬO, ĭs, i. 1. Intr. *To rain down.* Multŭs ŭt in terras deplŭĕretquĕ lăpĭs. *Tib. See* PLUO. 2. Tr. *To rain down.* Lăcrĭmas ∾. *Pp.* [† Effŭndo, fundo.]

DEPONO, ĭs, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum. 1. *To set down, put down, off.* Hic hœdos deponĕ; tămen vĕnĭemŭs ĭn urbem. *V.* ∾ hŭmĕris vestes. *O.* sŏlĕas. *M. See* PONO. 2. *To lay down, lay for repose.* ∾ corpŏrĕ sŭb ramis. *V. See* STERNO. 3. *To set, plant.* ∾ sulcis plantas. *V.* [† Defŏdĭo, obrŭo.] *See* PLANTO. 4. *To lay, wager.* ∾ quidquam de grĕgĕ. *V.* Fig. 5. *To entrust, deposit.* ∾ tutis aurĭbŭs. *H.* [† Credo, committo.] 6. *To give up, put away, lay aside.* ∾ curas ănĭmo. *V.* sĭtim. *O.* spem. *H.* răbĭem. *Cl.* [† Pono, abjĭcĭo, exŭo, rĕlinquo, mitto.]

DEPŎPŬLO, as, *and better* DEPŎPŬLŎR, arĭs. *To ravage, lay waste.* Agmĭnĕ læsuro depŏpŭlentŭr ăves. *O. See* POPULO.

DEPORTO, as. Cur-vĕ te ĭn Hercŭlĕum deportant essĕdă Tibŭr? *Pp. See* FERO, VEHO.

DEPOSCO, ĭs, pŏposci. *To require, demand earnestly.* Aut prĭŭs infecto deposcit præmĭă cursu. *Pp.* [† Rĕquiro, rĕposco, vŏlo.] *See* POSCO.

DEPŎSĬTUM, i. *n. A deposit; that which has been left in trust.* Reddĭtĕ depŏsĭtum, plĕtas tŭă fœdĕrĕ servĕt. *O.* [† Credĭtum.]

DEPŎSĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* DEPONO. 1. *Laid down, resigned.* Sumĕrĕ depŏsĭtum clavum. *H.* 2. Sts. *Laid out, exposed as dead, dead,* or *despaired of.* Jam prŏpĕ ∾, certe jam frĭgĭdŭs. *O.* ∾ pĕrens. *V.* [† Desperatŭs, deploratŭs, pŏsĭtŭs.] *See* DEPOSTUS, POSITUS.

DEPRÆLIŎR. *See* DEPRŒLIOR.

DEPRĔCŎR, arĭs. 1. *To pray earnestly.* Hoc te quŏquĕ deprĕcŏr, hospĕs. *V. Fl. See* PRECOR. 2. *To deprecate, pray not to have; put away, refuse* (with acc.); *sts. with inf. or sub. with* quin. Sæpĕ prĕcor mortem, mortem quŏquĕ deprĕcŏr idem. *O.* [† Abnŭo, rĕcuso, averto.]

DEPRĔHENDO, *and mly.* DEPRENDO, ĭs, di, sum. 1. *To seize, catch, take by surprise, unawares.* Lit. and fig. Improvisŭs ădes; deprendes tutŭs ĭnermem. *O.* Nullæ tĭbĭ deprenduntŭr ăquæ. *O.* ∾ ănĭmum furtim blandĭtĭis. *O.* [† Opprĭmo, occŭpo, căpĭo, excĭpĭo, assĕquŏr.] 2. *Used often of a storm.* ∾-ĭt ĭn æquŏrĕ navim (austĕr). *O. See* DEPRENSUS. 3. *To detect, catch in the fact* (of wrong). *Pl. See* DEPRENSUS. 4. *To discover, detect.* ∾ verum. *St.* ănĭmi tormentă lătentĭs ĭn ægro. *J.* arcanos fontes. *Cl.* [† Agnosco, detĕgo, invĕnĭo.] *See the words.*

DEPRĔHENSŬS, *and mly.* DEPRENSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Caught, stopped.* ∾ ĭn aggĕrĕ serpens. *V.* fulmĕn cantu. *Sen.* 2. *Tempest-caught.* ∾-is stătĭo nautis. *V.* ∾ navĭtă ponto. *St.* [† Prensŭs.] 3. *Caught in the fact* (of wrong-doing). ∾ Trĕ-

bonĭtās. *H.* 4. Fig. *Discovered.* ∾-i primā flumĭnā Nili. *M.*

Depressūs, ă, um. *part. from* Deprimo, *and comp. as adj. Depressed, pressed down, sunk.* ∾ ăratrum. *V.* (Librā) alterno depressĭōr orbē. *Tib.* [† Demissūs, hūmĭlĭs.]

Deprimo, ĭs, essi, essum. *To press down, depress, sink.* Et ne deprĭmĕret fluctusvē lăpisvē cārĭnam. *O.* [† Prĕmo, demitto, dejĭcĭo, affligo, demergo, grāvo.]

Deprœlĭōr, ārĭs. *To war, contend fiercely.* Straverē ventos æquōrē fervĭdo Deprœlĭantes. *H.* *See* Pugno.

Depromo, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To draw forth, fetch out.* Phărĕtra deprōmē sāgittam. *V.* ∾ mĕrum. *H.* gramĭnā lŏcŭlis. *O.* [† Promo, expromo, extrăho, exsĕro, profĕro.] 2. *To produce in public, publish.* Compono quæ mox deprōmĕrē possim. *H.* [† Edo, produco, profĕro, emitto, vulgo.]

Deprŏpĕro, as. 1. Intr. *To prepare in haste.* Ŭdo Deprŏpĕrarē ăpĭo cŏronas. *H.* ∾ hūmandi munĕris. *Sil.* [† Prŏpĕro, festino.] 2. Tr. *To make haste.* *See* Festino.

Depudĕt, ŭĭt. *unipers. To feel shame no longer.* Depūdŭit, prŏfŭgusquē pŭdor sŭā signā rĕlĭquĭt. *O.*

Depugno, as. *To fight eagerly.* *M.* *See* Pugno.

Depulsūs, ă, um. *part. from* Depello. 1. *Driven from, away.* A se depulsum martem convertĭt ĭn ipsos. *O.* 2. ∾ a lactē, a matrē, ăb ubĕrē, or aba. *V.* *Weaned.* Crol. Fraudatūs lactē. Matrē rĕlicta. ˘Ab ubĕrē tractūs, excussūs. Lactē rĕlicto. Oblitūs lactĭs.

Depŭto, as. 1. *To cut off, prune.* Non mĭhĭ falx nĭmĭas Saturnĭ depŭtăt umbras. *O.* *See* Puto. 2. *To think, reckon, judge.* *Ter.* [† Æstĭmo, pūto, judĭco, &c.]

Dequestūs, ă, um. *part. from* Dequeror. *Lamenting, complaining of.* ∾ nŏtos ĕt imbres. *St.* lăbores secum. *V. Fl.*

Derado, ĭs. *To scrape, shave,* or *pare off.* *M.* Mĕtŭens deradĕrē limum. *Pers.* *See* Rado.

Derĕlinquo, ĭs. *To leave behind, abandon.* Et sūpinum ănĭmum in grāvi derĕlinquērē cœno. *Cat.* *See* Relinquo.

Derepo, ĭs. *To creep down.* Derepĭt ad cŭbilē setosæ sŭīs. *Ph.*

Dereptūs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Deripio. *Taken away from, carried off.* *O.* *V.*

Deridĕo, es, si, sum. *To laugh at, deride.* Derident stŏlĭdi verbā lătinā Gĕtæ. *O.* [† Ridĕo, irridĕo, ludo, deludo, illudo. ˘In risum verto. *H.*]

Deridĕōr. *pass. To be laughed at, mocked at.* [† Ridĕōr, irridĕōr, illudōr.] Crol. Sum risūs, jŏcūs. Sum derisŭi. Jŏcūs fio.

Derigŭi. *perf. from the obs.* Derĭgĕo, es. *To become stiff, rigid.* Lit. and fig. Derĭgŭērē cŏmæ. *O.* ŏculi. *V.* *See* Rigeo. ∾-ĭt formidĭnē sanguis. *V.*

Deripio, ĭs, ŭi, eptum. *To take down, off; to force down.* Collăquē prælorum fumosis derĭpĭt tectis. *V.* ∾ pectōrē vestem. *O.* lunam cœlo. *H.* e cœlo dĕos. *Tib.* [† Detrăho, deduco, demitto, erĭpio, depono.]

Derisōr, orĭs. *m. A scoffer, mocker, buffoon.* Plangentis pŏpŭli currit derisŏr ˘Anubis. *J.* Derisŏr vero plus laudatorē mŏvetur. *H.* (*one who laughs at you while he flatters.*) [† Irrisŏr, scurrā; *sts.* mimus.]

Derisūs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Derideo.

Derivo, as. 1. *To draw a stream of water from the main body; to draw from.* Lit. and fig. De flăvio qui ăquam derivat ălbĭ. *Pl.* Hoc fontē derivatā clades. *H.* [† ˘Aquam, rivum deduco, deflecto; deduco.] 2. *To turn aside, divert.* Derivarē quĭcunt ănĭmum, curaquē lĕvarē. *Lr.* *See* Averto.

Derŏgo, as. *To derogate, take from, deny.* Invĭdūs, annoso famam qui derŏgăt ævo. *L.* [† Abrŏgo, detrăho, aufĕro, ădĭmo.]

Desævio, ĭs. 1. *To rage with fury.* Dum pĕlăgo desævĭt hĭems. *V.* ∾-ĭt Æneas victōr. *V.* *See* Sævio. 2. *To cease from raging.* *L.* [† Defervĕo, rĕsido, cădo, placŏr.]

Descendens, tĭs. *part.* *See* Descendo. Sts. *Sloping.* *See* Declivis.

Descendo, ĭs, di, sum. 1. *To descend, come down from a height.* Aut fulvum descendĕrē montē lĕonem. *V.* ∾-ĭt ex hŭmĕris cŏmā. *O.* [† Delabŏr, labŏr, demittŏr, decurro, desĭlĭo, defĕrŏr; *sts.* defluo.] Crol. ˘Ad terram fĕrŏr. *See* Desilio. 2. *To pass down into, sink into, penetrate.* ∾-ĭt ĭn illā ferrum. *O.* vulnŭs. *St.* ĭn aures (qd). *H.* *See* Penetro. 3. Fig. *To descend in rank, stoop, condescend.* ∾ ĭn omnes prĕces. *V.* dŏcĕat Sullā. *L.* 4. *To descend from* (in lineage). *St.*

Descensūs, us. *m. A descent.* *V.*

Describo, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To write, draw, trace out.* In . . . cortĭcē fagi Carmĭnā descripsi. *V.* ∾ cœli mĕatus rādĭo. *V.* [† Scribo, exăro, insculpo, depingo. 2. *To describe.* Plŭvĭus ∾-ĭtŭr arcūs. *H.* [† Depingo, pingo, ădumbro, effingo.] 3. *To point out, mark out.* *H.* [† Designo, nŏto.] *See* Noto.

Desĕco, as, ŭi, ctum. *To cut off.* Ni pătrĭum crinem desĕcŭissĕt ămŏr. *O.* *See* Seco *and* Desectus.

Desĕcro, as. *To consecrate.* Quercūs ĕrat, Trĭvĭæ quam desecravĕrăt ipsē. *St.* *See* Consecro.

Desectūs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Deseco. *Cut off.* *V.* [† Sectūs, rĕcisūs, abscisūs, cæsūs, amputatūs, truncatūs, truncūs.]

Desĕro, ĭs, ŭi, rtum. 1. *To quit, leave, depart from.* Desĕrĭt Hespĕrĭam &c. *V.* ∾ virtutis vĭam. *H.* [† Linquo, rĕlinquo, fŭgĭŏ, discedo.] *See* Relinquo. 2. *To desert, betray,* ∾ ămici causam. *O.* thălămos pactos. *V.* [† Destĭtŭo, linquo, rĕlinquo, prodo, descisco (ăb), deflecto, discedo, defĭcĭo.] *See* Prodo. 3. *To abandon a project, work.* Desĕrĭt inceptum &c. *V.* [† Linquo, omitto, dimitto, negligo, prætermitto, abjĭcĭo.]

Desertā, orum. *n. pl.* (dbf. in sing.) *A desert, region uninhabited.* Lĭbyæ desertā pĕragro. *V.* ∾ pĕr ardŭā Parnassi. *V.* [† Avĭā, rĕcessūs, solĭtudo.] Ep. Avĭā, solā, vastā, ĭnaccessā, impervĭā, horrĭdā, rĕmotā, secretā, tăcĭtā, sĭlentĭā, siccā, incultā. Crol. Desertā tellus, terrā, orā, rĕgĭo, lŏcā, littŏrā. Montes, loci ĭnaccessi. Desertæ silvæ; secretæ silvæ. Solā nĕmŏrā. Ignotæ lătĕbræ. Locā solā, desertā, ĭnhospĭtā. Lŏcā nota vĭarum rĕgĭonē semotā. Qua nullā est hŏmĭnum vĭā; n. v. humano pĕdē tritā. Rus văcŭum.

Desertŏr, orĭs. *m.* *One who forsakes* or *abandons.* *O.* *V.* [† Prodĭtŏr, transfŭgā.]

Desertūs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Desero; *and comp. adj.* 1. *Abandoned, forsaken.* *V.* 2. *Desert, lonely.* ∾-ă æquŏrā. *L.* Găbĭis ∾-ĭŏr (vicūs). *H.* [† Solūs, secretūs, avĭūs.] *See* Disitus.

Deservio, is. 1. *To serve, wait upon.* *O.* *See* Servio. 2. Fig. *To be the slave of.* Cāducis Deservirē bŏnis. *St.*

Desēs, ĭdis. *Inactive, idle.* Qua desĭdĭs atrĭā Somni. *St.* [† Pĭgĕr, ĭners, segnis, desĭdĭosūs.] *See* Piger.

Desidĕo, es, edi. *To sit still, be idle, loiter.* Desĭdĕt, atque ălĭqua sempĕr ĭn aurē sŏnăt. *M.* Crol. Desĭdĭam sequŏr. Desĭdĭæ cordi est. *See* Moror, Otior.

Desiděrātŭs, ă, um. *Longed for; lost and longed for.* Desiděratoque acquiescĭmus lecto. *Cat.* [¶ Optatŭs.]

Desiděrĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A desire, longing.* See Cupido, Votum. 2. *A sorrowful longing for what is lost to us.* Romā dŏmusquē sŭbit, desiděrĭumquē lŏcorum. *O.* ~ cari căpĭtis. *H.* Ep. Ingens, dirum, věhěmens, longum; vanum, ĭnanē; mœstum, tristē.

Desiděro, as. 1. *To desire, wish for.* Desiděrantem quod sătis est, nĕquē &c. *H.* [¶ Cŭpio, opto, vŏlo, &c.] *See* Cupio. 2. *To long sorrowing for what is lost to us.* ~ pătrĭam sŭam. *O.* [¶ Rĕquiro.] Crol. Amissā rĕquiro. Amissos ămores suspiro.

Desiděrŏr. *pass. To be missed, absent, wanting.* Sextilem totum desiděrŏr. *H.* [¶ Absum, desum.]

Desīdĭa, æ. *f.* 1. *Long sitting, long rest.* Et longa făcĭem quærĕrĕ desīdĭa. *Pp.* (sc. diu ad speculum sedendo.) 2. Us. *Idleness, sloth.* Vitanda est, improbā Siren, Desīdĭā. *H.* [¶ Pĭgrĭtĭā, ĭnertĭā, segnĭtĭes, vĕternum, &c.] Crol. Desīdĭæ blandum věnenum. *See* Pigritia.

Desīdies, ei. *f. Same as* Desidia. *Lr.*

Desīdiosŭs, ă, um. *Idle, inactive.* Desīdĭosŭs ĕrăt. *O.* [¶ Desĕs, pĭgĕr.] *See* Piger.

Desido, ĭs, edi. *To sink* or *fall down, subside.* Subducta ad manes imos desidĭmŭs unda. *V.* ~-It ĭn undas (navĭs). *L.* ˘In immenso sĕrĕ tellus. *Tib.* [¶ Consido, rĕsido, descendo, subducŏr.]

Designatŏr, ōris. *m. A Roman officer of management for places at the theatre, and in funeral processions. H.*

Designo, as. 1. *To mark, make a mark, trace out.* Ac mĕdĭam designat vulnĕrĕ frontem. *Pp.* Urbem ~-ăt ăratro. *V. See* Signo, Noto; *and* Fossa. 2. *To point out, design.* ~ dĭgĭto vatem. *O.* [¶ Signo, ostendo, monstro, indĭco, destĭno.] 3. *To designate, represent. O.* [¶ Describo, effingo.] 4. *To unseal, lay open.* Quid non ebrĭĕtas ~-ăt. *H.* [¶ ˘Apĕrĭo, detĕgo.]

Desīlĭo, ĭs, ŭi, ultum. *To leap down, to descend at once, instantly.* Ex alto desīlĭentīs ăquæ. *O.* ~ curru ăb alto. *O.* bĭjŭgis. *V.* æthĕrĕ (de Junonē). *V. Fl.* [¶ Exsīlĭo, descendo, præcĭpĭto, rŭo.] Crol. Saltu rŭo, præcĭpĭto. Saltu me do, mitto, jăcĭo. Corpŭs (me, memet, me corpŏrĕ) saltu (saltu præcĭpĭti, jactu) ăd *or* ĭn terram, *or* terræ &c. (præceps) do, mitto, jăcĭo.

Desīno, ĭs, ivi *or* ĭi, *and sync.* i, ĭtum. 1. Intr. *To leave off, cease.* Desīnĕ mequē tŭis incendĕrĕ tequē quĕrelis. *V.* Desīĕrant imbres; desisti. *O.* [¶ Cesso, desisto, absisto, abstĭnĕo.] Crol. Finĭs est, ŏrăt, &c., dătŭr, dăbĭtur. Qs *or* qd rĕi finem dăt, făcĭt, &c. Res finem hăbĕt, invĕnĭt, &c. 2. Tr. *To cease, cause to cease, put an end to.* Desīnĕ Mænălĭos versus. *V.* [¶ Mitto, omitto, aufĕro, tempĕro, sisto, cŏhĭbĕo, amŏvĕo, cŏĕrcĕo.] 3. *With gen.* (as παύομαι.) ~ quĕrelarum. *H.* ~-It iræ. *Sil.* 4. ~ ĭn ălĭquĭd. *To end in.* ~ ĭn piscem. *H.* In lăcrĭmas. *O.* [¶ ˘Abĕo.]

Desīnĭtŭr. *pass. unpers. There is an end; it is over.* Tunc bĕnē desīnĭtŭr. *O.*

Desīpĭentĭa, æ. *f. Silliness, folly. Lr.* (Desīpĭo.) *See* Insania.

Desīpĭo, ĭs, ŭi. *To be silly, be* or *play the fool.* Dulce est desīpĕre in lŏco. *H. See* Insanio.

Desisto, ĭs, destĭti, stĭtum. 1. *To stop, stand still.* In primo destĭtĭt orĕ sŏnŭs. *O.* [¶ Cesso, defĭcĭo.] 2. *To cease, leave off, give up, with inf.; with dat.* ~ mănum committĕrĕ. *V.* possĕ mŏveri. *O.* incepto; pugnæ. *V.* [¶ Absisto, rĕcedo, rĕlinquo, desĕro.] 3. *To fail, be wanting. See* Desum.

Desolatŭs, ă, um. *Left alone, desolate; desolated, ravaged.* Desolatā sŏrŏr. *St.* ~-as terras. *O.* [¶ Desertŭs, solŭs, vastatŭs, vastŭs.]

Desolo, as. *To desolate, ravage.* Et desolavĭmŭs agros. *V.* [¶ Vasto, pŏpŭlo, pŏpŭlŏr.] *See* Vasto.

Despecto, as. 1. *To look down upon, command in site.* Adversas despectat desŭpĕr arcea. *V. See* Despicio. 2. *To despise. See* Contemno.

Despectŭs, us. *m. A view from a high place.* Qua longe pĕlăgo despectŭs ăperto. *St.*

Desperatĭŏ, onis. *f. Despair.* Mentem nec desperatĭŏ frangăt. *Sil.* Crol. Spes abjectā. Mens fractā, exspes. *See* Despero.

Despero, as. *To despair of.* Proxĭmŭs huic grādŭs est, bĕnē desperarĕ sălutem. *O.* ~ dĭem. *L.* [¶ Diffido.] Crol. Non jam, non amplĭŭs spero. Spem pono, depono, abjĭcĭo, perdo. Me spes destĭtŭĭt, desĕrĭt. Spe decĭdo, excĭdo, destĭtŭŏr. Spes fractā cădĭt. Nullā mĭhĭ spes sŭpĕr, sŭpĕrest, restăt, rĕlinquĭtŭr, dătŭr. Spes omnĭs ăblĭt, absumptā est, ădemptā est. ˘Anĭmum despondĕo, depono. Mentem demitto *or* demittŏr. ˘Anĭmo cădo, defĭcĭo.

Despĭcĭendŭs, ă, um. *Despicable, fit object of contempt.* Tunc ĕtĭam pĕcŏri despĭcĭendŭs ĕram. *V. See* Contemnendus.

Despĭcio, ĭs, exi, ectum. 1. *To look down upon.* Despĭcĕre in valles unumque ˘Achĕrontā vĭdĕtŭr. *O.* ~ ăb æthĕrĕ terras. *O.* [¶ Despecto; *sts.* immĭnĕo.] 2. *To despise.* Magnæ ~-antŭr ŏpes. *Tib.* Despectŭs tĭbĭ sum. *V.* [¶ Contemno, sperno, aspernŏr, &c.] *See* Contemno.

Despŏlĭo, as. *To pillage, plunder. M. See* Spolio.

Despondĕo, es, di, sum. 1. *To promise in marriage, betroth.* Quum pătĕr, Iphĭ, tĭbi flavam despondĕt ˘Ianthen. *O.* [¶ Spondĕo.] *See* Conjugium. 2. Gen. *To promise, make over by promise.* ~ dotem. *Pp.* sĭbĭ Tarpeias arces. *L.* perjurĭā mĕrĭtis pœnis. *V. Fl. See* Promitto. 3. ~ ănĭmum. *To lose courage. Pl. See* Desispero.

Despumo, as. 1. *To take off the froth, scum.* Et fŏllis undam despumăt ăheni. *V.* 2. *To throw off, as froth,* &c. ~-ăt rŭtĭlas Pactolŭs ărenas. *Cl.* 3. ~ vinum. *Pers.* (*to digest it.*)

Despŭo, ĭs, i. 1. *To spit.* Ter căně, ter dictis despŭĕ carmĭnĭbŭs. *Tib. See* Spuo. 2. Fig. *To treat with contempt* (spit upon); *found with acc.* ~ ĭn mores. *Pers.* prĕces. *Cat.*

Destillo, as. *To distil, drop from.* Destillent tempŏrĭā nardo. *Tib. See* Stillo.

Destĭnatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Destino. *Fixed, decreed, destined.* (Nĕc) Parcĕ cădis tĭbĭ destĭnatis. *H.* Orci sedĕ ~-a. *H.* [¶ Fixŭs, assignatŭs, dĭcatŭs, addictŭs; *sts.* fatalĭs.]

Destĭno, as. 1. *To fix upon, determine.* Atque ŏcŭlis plagæ destĭnăt antĕ lŏcum. *O.* [¶ Præfinĭo, præstĭtŭo, elĭgo.] 2. *To prepare, purpose* (with acc.). Prœlĭā destĭnăt (hœdŭs). *H.* [¶ Mollĭŏr, mĕdĭtŏr, păro.] 3. *To purpose, intend to do* (with inf.). ~ sedem Cumis figĕrĕ. *J.* rĕmŏvĕrĕ pŭdorem. *O.* [¶ Stătŭo, constĭtŭo, cogĭto, păro.] 4. *To destine, design, appoint.* ~ Nŭmam impĕrĭo. *O.* me aræ. *V.* uxorem mărĭto. *O.* [¶ Designo, assigno, devŏvĕo, addico, dĭco, servo, rĕservo.]

Destĭtŭo, ĭs. 1. *To forsake, abandon.* Et fretā destĭtŭent nudos in littŏrĕ pisces. *V.* Ne spes ~-ăt. *Tib.* [¶ Desĕro, rĕlinquo, linquo.] *See* Desero. 2. *To deprive, disappoint.* ~ dĕos mercedē pacta. *H. See* Frustror.

Destringo, ĭs, inxi, ictum. 1. *To draw tight.*

ŏer, *pluck off.* ~ summas plantas ex ramos rorē mādentes. *L.* ŏlēas. *O.* vello.] 3. *To unsheathe.* Quem cur ensem)? *H.* Destrictūs ensis. *H. See* 4. *To bare.* ~ membrā. *Manil.* 5. *By scraping, rubbing, &c. M.* [† Tē-rado.] 6. *To graze, skim over, wound;* ..., *attack.* ~ squŏrā summis alis; pec-ĭnē; qm mordaci carmĭnē. *O.* [† De-tringo, rado, lædo, carpo.]

..., uxi, uctum. *To throw down, ruin,* ...nulā destrŭĭtis &c. *O.* ~ mœnĭā. *V.* ...ĭnĭmos. *L.* [† Everto, dirŭo, erŭo, ...] *See* EVERTO.

To sweat with exertion, greatly. St.

...s (*from the obs.* Desueo). *To get un-..., to pass out of a use, habit, custom.* ...atrum desuescĭt hŏnori. *Sil. See* AS-...d DESUETUS.

..., ĭnis. *f. Disuse, want of practice. O.*

..., ă, um. *part. from* Desuesco. *Unac-...ustomed to.* ~-ă siderā. *O.* trĭumphis

...oris. *m.* 1. *A vaulter from one horse* (in games). 2. Fig. *Inconstant, given* Non sum desultŏr ămŏris. *O.*

...st (decest. *St. very rare*), decerăt, defŭĭt, ...t. defŏrē. (*Where the two* e's *come* ...*ey must be read, per crasin, as one, as examples which follow.*) 1. *To be* ...*e be absent.* Deest jam terrā fŭgæ. *V.* ...is ănĭmal, mentisquē căpacĭūs altæ, huc. *O.* Sic hostes mĭhĭ deessē nŏ-...ojæve ŏptŭlentĭā deerĭt. *V.* [† Absum, 2. With dat. *To be wanting to, to fail.* ...hĭ deero. *H.* [† Defĭcĭo, destĭtŭo.] ...*V.* [† Defĭcĭo.] *See* D.

To take out, choose. H. [† Căpĭo.] ...*de. From on high, from above;* sts. ...commixta grandĭnē nimbum Desŭpĕr ...*V.* Crol. ~Ab alto.

...*To rise. H. See* SURGO.

...exi, ectum. 1. *To uncover, lay bare,* ...ĭcĕros artus et grandĭā detĕgĭt ossā. *O.* ...*L.* [† Rĕtĕgo, nudo, ăpĕrĭo, osten-...*See* OSTENDO. 2. Fig. *To discover,* ...*nifest.* ~ culpam; furtā. *O.* imbelles ... [† Rĕtĕgo, ăpĕrĭo, ostendo, mon-..., rĕcludo, pando, effĕro, prodo, denu-...ĭo, explĭco, indĭco, mănĭfesto, rĕsĕro; ..., enuntĭo, exsĕro, demonstro, testŏr, ...laro, vulgo, divulgo, rĕsigno, rĕvelo, ...expromo, expono.] Crol. Sub auras ...o. ~In ăpertum effĕro. Fĭcĭo pălam. ...m do, effĕro. Celatā (si quā tĕguntŭr, ...cultā,) in mĕdĭum do &c. Occultum

...*ass.* [† Nudŏr, prodŏr, ostendŏr, pă-...rĭo.] *See* PATESCO.

...es, si, sum, *and* DETERGO, ĭs. 1. *To* ...*r away, clean, clear away.* Obscuro ...ubĭlā cœlo Sæpē nŏtŭs. *H.* ~ pollĭcē *O.* lumĭnā. *St.* [† Abstergĕo, tergĕo, ...do, purgo, abrado.] 2. Sts. *To brush* ...*ze. Sil.* [† Præstringo, delibo.] Fig. ...*e out, efface. See* DELEO. 4. Gen. ...*V, away, remove.* [† Demo, ădĭmo.]

...ĭs; orĭs. *Worse, inferior, meaner.* ...letĕrĭorĭs hĕri. *Cat.* [† Pejŏr, vĭtĭo-

...*adv.* 1. *Worse, after a worse manner.* ...*Less.* [† Mĭnŭs.]

...o, as. 1. *To limit, mark boundaries* ...ermĭno, defĭnĭo.] 2. *To assign, direct.* ...teli ~-ĕt ictus. *Lr.*

DETĔRO, ĭs, trivi, tritum. 1. *To wear out by using.* Detĕrĕt invălĭdos et vĭā longā pĕdes. *Tib.* [† Tĕro, attĕro, contĕro, absumo.] 2. *To efface* (rub out), *take away. See* DELEO, TOLLO. 3. Fig. *To impair, lessen.* (Laudes Cæsăris) culpa ~ ingĕni. *H.* [† Deprĭmo, elĕvo.]

DETERRĔO, es, ŭi, ĭtum. *To deter, discourage, dissuade.* Cædĭbŭs et victu fœdo deterrŭĭt Orpheus. *H.* ~ turpi ămorē. *H.* Deterrĭtā nunquam quin fĭerĕt. *Tib.* [† Avŏco, rĕvŏco, averto, dissuadĕo, dĕhortŏr, deprĕcŏr.]

DETERRĬMUS, ă, um. *The worst.* [† Pessĭmŭs.] *See* DETERIOR.

DETESTABILIS, ĕ, *and* DETESTANDUS, ă, um. *Detestable.* In nostro tam detestabĭlĭ sæcu. *J.* [† Exsĕcrandŭs, horrendŭs, ăbomĭnandŭs, săcĕr.]

DETESTATIO, onis. *f. An imprecation, curse.* Dirā detestatĭo Nulla explăt victĭma. *H. See* DIRÆ.

DETESTATUS, ă, um. *part. See* DETESTOR. *Execrated, detested.* Bellăquē matrĭbŭs Detestatā. *H.* [† ~Abomĭnatŭs.] *See* DETESTOR.

DETESTŎR, aris. 1. *To call earnestly to witness. See* TESTOR. 2. Us. *To execrate, detest. O.* [† ~Abomĭnŏr, exsĕcrŏr.] *See* IMPRECOR, DETESTATUS.

DETEXO, is, ŭi, tum. *To weave, plait, &c.* ~ vimĭnĭbus; junco. *V.* pallĭum. *Pl. See* TEXO.

DETĬNĕo, es, ĭnŭi, entum. *To hold, keep back, stay.* Gĕnĭtrix his detĭnĕt oris. *V.* ~ ŏcŭlos. *O.* [† Tĕnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, mŏrŏr, demŏrŏr, căpĭo.]

DETONDĕo, es, di, sum. *To shear, cut off.* Arbŏrĭbus rĕdĕunt detonsæ frigŏrē frondes. *O. See* TONDEO, &c.

DETŎNO, as, ŭi. *To thunder loudly; to cease thundering* (dbf.). Lit. and fig. Nunc ŭbĭ detŏnŭĭt, trĕpĭdumque exterrŭĭt orbem (Juptĭĕr). *O.* Æneas nubem belli, dum detŏnĕt, omnem Sustĭnĕt. *V.* (Æn. x. 809.) *See* TONO.

DETORQUĕo, es, si, tum. *To turn aside, off,* &c. Ardŭā torquent Cornŭā detorquentquē. *V.* ~ lumĕn (ăb illa). *O.* vulnŭs vĕnĭens. *V.* [† Averto, deflecto.]

DETRACTUS, ă, um. *part. See* DETRAHO. *Taken away.* [† ~Ademptŭs, ablatŭs, sublatŭs.]

DETRAHO, ĭs, axi, actum. 1. *To take away, remove.* Detŭlĕrĭt fasces indigno, detrăhĕt idem. *H.* ~ nido implumes fœtus. *V.* rĕdĭmicŭlā collo; ănĭmis errorem. *O.* [† Aufero, ădĭmo, tollo, demo, erĭpĭo, subduco; spŏlĭo, exŭo, nudo.] 2. Sts. *To draw downwards, drag along. H. L.* [† Trăho.] 3. ~ (ci). *To speak ill of, detract.* Nĕquē illi detrăhĕrē ausim. *H. See* CARPO.

DETRECTO, as. 1. *To reject, refuse.* Taurus detrectăt ăratrum. *O.* ~ milĭtĭam. *O.* jŭgā (de vacca). *V.* [† Rĕcuso, declĭno, fŭgĭo, rĕfŭgĭo, abnŭo, respŭo, nolo.] 2. *To disparage.* ~ ingĕnĭum Hŏmeri; præsentĭā. *O.* [† Detrăho, deprĭmo.]

DETRIMENTUM, i. *n. Damage, loss.* Detrimentā, fŭgas servorum, incendĭā ridet. *H.* [† Damnum, jacturā, incommŏdum.]

DETRUDO, ĭs, si, sum. *To thrust down, off; drive out, thrust out.* Detrudunt naves scŏpŭlo. *V.* ~ finĭbŭs hostem. *V.* rurē cŏlonos. *Cl.* Stŷgĭas in undas. *V.* [† Depello, pello, amŏvĕo, avello, rĕvello, dejĭcĭo, exturbo.] *See* PELLO *and* DEJICIO.

DETRUNCO, as. *To cut* or *lop off;* hence, *decapitate.* Detruncatquē căput &c. *O. See* DISTRUNCO *and* DECOLLO.

DETŬMESCO, is, mŭi. *To give over swelling, sink, subside.* Lit. and fig. ~-ŭere ănĭmi mărĭs; lăcŭs. *St.*

DETURBO, as. *To throw down, put to rout, confu-*

sion. Puppi deturbăt ăb alta. *V.* Agmĭnă deturbant glădĭo. *Sil.* [† Exturbo, detrudo, dejĭcĭo.] *See* DEJICIO.

DEUCĂLĬON, onĭs. *m. Deucalion, a king of Thessaly, in whose reign a great deluge took place. He and his wife Pyrrha escaped, and re-peopled the land by throwing stones behind them; so interpreting the oracle of Themis, which bid them throw behind them* ossa matris. *The stones were immediately changed, those of Deucalion into men, and those of Pyrrha into women.* Et post antiquas Deucălĭonĭs ăquas. *Pp.* [† Prŏmethides.] **Crcl.** lăpĕti nĕpos. Humani gĕnĕrĭs rĕpăratŏr. Victuros lăpĭdes spargens. **Phr.** Saxă (mirum) ănĭma călŭerunt. Saxă, vĭri mănĭbus jactată, vĭri făcĭem trăhunt. E femĭnĭŏ jactu, nată (enată, rĕnată) est femĭnă.

DEUCĂLĬONEŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Deucalion.* Deucălĭoneas effugĭt ĭnobrŭtŭs undas. *O.*

DĔUNX, uncĭs. *m. An* as, *less by an uncia; eleven-twelfths of any thing.* Uncĭŏlam Prŏcŭleiŭs hăbĕt, sed Gillŏ dĕuncem. *J.*

DĔŬS, i. *voc.* Dĕŭs. *m.* **1.** *God, the Supreme Being.* Caligĭnosa noctĕ prĕmit Dĕŭs. [† Numĕn, Tŏnans, Jupĭtĕr (*see* J.); *Eccl.* Dŏmĭnŭs, Christŭs, Crĕatŏr (*see* CH. CR.).] **Ep.** Omnĭpŏtens, pŏtens, summŭs, magnŭs, æternŭs, æquŭs, justŭs; bĕnignŭs, mitĭs, clemens; vindex, ultŏr, terrĭbĭlĭs, mĕtŭendŭs; vĕrendŭs, vĕnĕrandŭs. **Crcl.** Summum, sŭpremum numĕn. Dĕi numĕn. Pătĕr omnĭpŏtens, sŭpremŭs. Rerum artĭfex, ŏpĭfex, pārens, pătĕr, auctŏr, crĕatŏr, condĭtŏr. Mundi pārens, făbrĭcatŏr, rĕpertŏr, arbĭtĕr, condĭtŏr. Naturæ gĕnĭtŏr. Cœli rex, mŏdĕratŏr, regnatŏr, rectŏr. Terrarum dŏmĭnŭs. Pŏli artĭfex, gŭbernatŏr. Arbĭtĕr orbĭs. Cœli, terræquĕ (terrarumquĕ) sătŏr, crĕatŏr. Hŏmĭnumquĕ rerumquĕ crĕatŏr, rĕpertŏr. Rerum summă, æternă pŏtestas. Dŏmĭnŭs cœli terræquĕ. Summŭs pĕlăgi, cœliquĕ, terræquĕ crĕatŏr. Ævorum, ævi, orbĭs condĭtŏr. **Phr.** Humanæ gentĭs pătĕr ĕt custos. Rectŏr pollens fulmĭnĕ. Ignĭfĕri ŏlympi rectŏr. Ætherĭæ aulæ pŏtens dŏmĭnatŏr. Qui cœlum, ĕt terras, ĕt mārĕ numĭnĕ complĕt. Qui nĕquĕ cœlo, nĕquĕ terræ spătĭis, nĕquĕ undis æquŏrĕis căpĭtŭr. Qui sævă fulmĭnă dextra jăcŭlatŭr, torquĕt. Qui orbem (extremos pŏlos, sidĕră ĕt terras) nutu concŭtĭt. Qui sidĕră ĕt terras, cœlum ĕt t., mundum, mundi sidĕră) torquĕt (rĕgĭt, rătĭonĕ gŭbernăt, legem păti cogĭt). Qui sæcŭlă astris dividĭt. Q. ăb ævo tempŭs irĕ jŭbĕt. Q. stăbĭlĭs ipsĕ mănens, mŏveri omnĭă dăt. **2.** *A god* (as those of the heathens), and sts. *a goddess; a deified man.* Descendo, ac ducentĕ dĕo (*the Sibyl*). *V.* [† Divŭs; dĕă.] *See* DII.

DEVASTO, as. *To lay waste. O. See* VASTO.

DEVĔHO, ĭs, exi, ectum. *To carry, convey, transport.* Nunc ad tŭă devĕhŏr astră. *Pp.* Devectă crĕmato Sarmentă. *V.* [† Vĕho, defĕro, transporto, convecto.]

DEVELLO, ĭs, elli, ulsum. *To tear away, pluck off. O. See* DIVELLO.

DEVELO, as. *To uncover.* Orăquĕ develat mĭsĕræ pŭdĭbundă sŏrorĭs *O.* [† Detĕgo, nudo.]

DEVĔNĔRŎR, arĭs. **1.** *To worship, offer worship and prayer to.* Sum prĕcĕ turĭcrĕmis devĕnĕrată fŏcis. *O. See* VENEROR. **2.** = Deprecor. *To avert by prayer.* Sancta devĕnĕrandă mŏla (somnĭă). *Tib.*

DEVĔNIO, is, eni. *To come* or *go down, to reach, arrive at.* Illă dăto subvectă pĕr aĕrĭ curru Devĕnĭt in Scÿthĭam. *O.* Devenerĕ lŏcos lætos. *V.* [† Vĕnĭo, pervĕnĭo, advĕnĭo.]

DEVERSŎR, arĭs. *To stop at an inn,* or *for lodging,* &c., *somewhere, on a journey. See* DEVERTOR.

DEVERSORĬUM, *or* DIVERSORĬUM, ĭi. *n. An inn, lodging-house.* [† Devertĭcŭlum.] *See* DIVERSORIUM.

DEVERTĬCŬLUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A side-way, by-road. See* **2.** Lit. and fig. *Ter.* Fig. **2.** *A digression.* A divertĭcŭlo rĕpĕtatur fabŭlă. *J.* **3.** *A place to escape to.* ∾ dŏlis. *Pl.* [† Deversorĭum.]

DEVERTO, *anc.* DEVORTO, ĭs. **1.** Tr. *To turn aside, out of a given way.* Quæquĕ sŭo ventură pŏtest devertĕrĕ cursu. *L.* [† Averto, deflecto.] **2.** Intr. *To turn aside, go out of the way.* Lit. and fig. [† Deflecto, devertŏr.] *See* D.

DEVERTŎR. *pass.* **1.** *To turn out of the way, go away from.* [† Deflectŏr *or* deflecto.] **2.** *To put up at, lodge at* (to turn out of the road for this purpose). [† Deversŏr.] **3.** *To take a by-path to.* Qua nullă prĭŏrum Castălĭam molli ∾-ĭtŭr orbĭtă clivo. *V.* [† Tendo, ĕo.] **4.** Fig. *To turn to, have recourse to.* ∾ ăd măgĭcas artes. *O.* [† Vertŏr, confŭgĭo.]

DEVEXŬS, ă, um. *Hanging, sloping, inclining downwards, descending.* Usquĕ cŏloratis amnis devexŭs ăb Indis (Nilŭs). *V.* ∾ Orion. *H.* margo lăcus. *O.* [† Declivĭs, pronŭs, inclinĭs, inclinatŭs, vergens.]

DEVINCIO, is, inxi, inctum. *To bind, tie. See* VINCIO, DEVINCTUS. [† Oblĭgo, obstringo, demĕrĕo.]

DEVINCO, ĭs, ici, ictum. *To conquer, overcome.* Devicta ˘Asĭa, subsedĭt ădultĕr. *V.* Asdrŭbăl ∾. *H. See* VINCO.

DEVINCTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Devincio. **1.** *Tied, bound.* Tempŏră devinctus lauro. *Tib. See* VINCTUS. **2.** *Fig.* ∾ ămorĕ. *V.* Nĕquĕ sĭt ∾-lŏr altĕr. *H.*

DEVITO, as. *To avoid with great care.* Quanto devites ănĭmi căpĭtisquĕ lăborĕ. *H. See* VITO.

DEVĬCŬS, ă, um. **1.** *That which is away from, at a distance from any common road* or *way.* Per devĭă lustră văgantem. *O.* ∾ rurĕ cŏllis. *Pp.* [† Avĭŭs, rĕductŭs, rĕmotŭs.] **2.** *One who leaves* or *has lost the road; who is in a retired, out-of-the-way place; gone astray.* Lit. and fig. [† Errans.] **Crcl.** Ignarŭs vĭæ. Avĭă cursu sequens. Errorĕ vĭæ deceptŭs. Quem vĭă ŭuntem fallĭt. ∾ femĭnă. *O.* ∾-ă pectŏrĕ recti. *Sil.* ∾ ardŏr. *Cl.* **3.** *Inaccessible, not to be reached.* ∾-ă limĭnă. *Pp. See* AVIUS. **4.** DEVĬA, orum. *pl. n. used subst. Remote, sequestered places.* ∾ terrarum. *L.* [† Avĭă.]

DEVŎCO, as. *To call down, bring down by calling.* Rĕfixă cœlo devŏcarĕ sidĕră. *H.* [† Deduco, detrăho.]

DEVŎLO, as. *To fly down.* Lit. and fig. In multas devŏlăt ălĕs ăves. *O. See* VOLO.

DEVOLVO, ĭs, olvi, ŏlutum. **1.** *To roll down, cast down headlong;* also, *to roll off, wind off.* Corpŏră devolvunt in hŭmum. *O.* ∾ mollĭă pensă fusis. *V.* [† Volvo, demitto, dejĭcĭo.] **2.** Fig. *To pour forth, send forth.* ∾ verbă. *H.* agmĕn mœnĭbŭs. *L.*

DEVŎRANS, tĭs. *part. Devouring, greedy. See* DEVORO. [† ˘Avĭdŭs, cŭpĭdŭs.]

DEVŎRO, as. **1.** *To devour.* Lit. and fig. Devŏrăt, immersam viscĕrĭbusquĕ tĕnĕt (prolem). *O.* ˘Ocŭlis devŏrantĭbŭs. *M.* Aures qd ∾ ant. *Pl. See* VORO. **2.** *To swallow up.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ĕr antĕ, prĕcor, sŭbĭto tellurĭs hĭatu. *O.* ∾ vocem lăcrĭmasquĕ (de dŏlorĕ). *O.* [† Haurĭo, absorbĕo, consumo.]

DEVORTĬUM, ĭi. *n. A by-road, side-path.* Objĭcĭunt ĕquĭtes sese ad devortĭă notă. *V. See* DIVORTIUM.

DEVOTŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Given by vow, consecrated, appointed, doomed.* Devotæ flavi vertĭcĭs exŭ-

vĭæ. *Cat.* ~ monstris mārinis. *Pp.* pesti fŭturæ. *V.* [† Vŏtĭs, consĕcratŭs, sācĕr, debĭtŭs, addictŭs, promissŭs.] **2.** ~ morti, or abs. *Resolved to die, self-devoted.* ~-ă morti pectŏrĕ. *H.* jŭventus. *L.* **3.** *Devotedly attached to, given up to.* [† Stŭdĭosŭs.] **4.** *Accursed.* ~-ă perjurĭă. *Cat.* ~ lăcus. *Tib.* dŏmŭs. *O.* sanguĭs. *H.* [† Sācĕr.] **5.** *Bewitched, spell-bound.* Corpŏrĕ Thessălĭco ~-ă vĕneno. *O.* *See* DEVOVEO.

DEVŎVĔO, es, ovi, otum. **1.** *To offer in vow, consecrate.* Sŭpĕros quorum se devŏvĕt aris. *V.* Natam pro muta ~-ĕt agna. *H.* [† Vŏvĕo, sācro, consĕcro, dĭco, addico, offĕro, promitto, destĭno, obstringo.] **2.** *To devote to destruction, curse.* *See* IMPRECOR. **3.** *To bewitch, subject to spells.* Num te (carmĭnĭbŭs, herbis) ănŭs ~-it? *Tib.*

DEXTĔR, ĕrĭ, ĕrum, *or* extrĭ, extrum. **1.** *On the right hand, right.* In dextra telă fŭerĕ mănu. *O.* Quo mĭhĭ ~ ăbis? *V.* **2.** DEXTĔRIŎR, ŭs; orĭs. *The same, but used only when two are spoken of.* ~ armŭs. *O.* cŭbĭtŭs. *M.* ~-ă montis declīvĭă. *L.* **3.** *Favourable, propitious.* ~ ădes dŭcĭbŭs. *O.* [† Faustŭs, felix, fāvens, bŏnŭs.] *See* FAVENS. **4.** *Opportune, suitable.* ~ tempŭs ăd prœlĭă. *Sil.* (*or* tempus *abs.* *H.*) rerum mŏdŭs. *V.* [† Aptŭs, commŏdŭs, opportunŭs.] *See* OPPORTUNUS. **5.** *Dextrous.* [† Callĭdŭs, solers.]

DEXTĔRA, *or* DEXTRA, æ. *f.* **1.** *The right hand.* Direxit spicŭlă dextra. Dextĕrā crudelis, quæ &c. *O.* [† Mănŭs.] **Crel.** Dextĕrā *or* dextrā mănŭs. **2.** *The sword-arm;* hence, *valour, deeds of valour.* ~ pĕr ferrum, plĕtas spectatā pĕr ignes. *O.* Si Pergămā ~-a defendi possent. *V.* [† Mănŭs, virtus, vis, robŭr.] **Ep.** Fortis, pŏtens, invictā, mĕtŭendā, vălĭdā; sævā, crŭentā. *See* FORTITUDO. **3.** *The right hand of friendship, alliance,* &c. En dextrā fĭdesquĕ? *V.* ˘Avĭdi conjungĕrĕ ~-as. *V.* *See* FŒDUS.

DEXTĔRE, *and* DEXTRE. *adv.* *Adroitly, dextrously.* Nemo dextĕrĭus fortuna est usŭs. *H.* [† Solertĕr.]

DIA, æ. *f.* *The ancient name of the island Naxos.* Qua brĕvis æquŏrĕis Dĭă ferĭtŭr ăquis. *O.*

DIABŎLUS, *and by poet. lic.* DIABŎLUS, i. *m.* (διάβολος.) *The devil. Eccl.* *See* DÆMON.

DIADEMA, ătis. *n.* *A diadem.* Pressos dĭădemătĕ crines. *L.* Trĭbŭit ~-ătĭă Dacis. *M.* [† Cŏronā.] **Ep.** Regalĕ, regium, insignĕ, nobĭlĕ, conspĭcŭum, dĕcorum, clarum, nĭtĭdum, nĭtens, splendĭdum, rŭtĭlum, aurĕum, auratum, gemmatum; gemmis ĕt auro duplex, clarum. **Crel.** Regis *or* regium insignĕ. Regium căpĭtis dĕcŭs.

DIÆTA, æ. *f.* *A room* or *apartment.* Unā tămen cunctis prŏcŭl emĭnĕt, unā dĭætis. *St.*

DIALĬS, ĕ. *Of Jupiter.* Flamĕn ăd hæc prisco morĕ dĭalis ĕrāt. *O.*

DIANA, *and by poet. lic.* DIANA. *The Goddess Diana, known as Diana upon earth, Luna* or *Phœbe in heaven, Hecate in the infernal regions.* *C. D.* Trĭă virginis orā Dianæ. *V.* Exercet Diana chŏros. *V.* [† Latoĭs, Latonĭgĕnā, Latonĭă, Cynthĭă, Delĭă; Lunā, Phœbe; Hĕcăte, Trĭvĭă; Lucinā.] **Ep.** Tergĕmĭnā, trĭformis, trĭplex; silvĭcŏlā, nĕmŏralis, venatrix, succinctā, armatā, phărĕtrĭgĕrā, arcĭtĕnens, jăcŭlatrix; montĭvăgā, montanā; ăgĭlis, vāgā, cĕlĕris; castā, innuptā, sanctā, intĕmĕratā; sĕvĕrā, ănĭmosā; pulchrā, dĕcorā; candĭdā, nĭvĕā; Scythĭcā, Taurĭcā. **Crel.** Phœbi sŏrŏr. Latonĭă virgo. Latonæ gĕnŭs, proles, sŏbŏles. Dĕă silvarum, arcĭtĕnens, phărĕtratā, venatrix, Thŏantĕā. Virgo, nĕmŏrum cultrix, custos, pŏtens;—sævis bellŭs ănĭmĭcā; fĕrarum cædĕ sŭperbā. Consors Phœbi dĕă. Dĕă trĭformis. D. lucĭfĕrā. D. nymphis silvĭcŏlis ămatā, ămicā, bĕnĕ cognĭtā. *See* HECATE, LUNA.

DIANĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Diana.* Exăgĭtant et Lar et turbā Dianĭă fures. *O.* (i. e. *hounds.*)

DIARIA, orum. *n.* (*no sing.*) *The day's allowance for a slave.* *H.* Pŭĕrĭquĕ dĭarĭă poscunt. *M.*

DIC. *imper. of* Dico, *sync. for* Dice. Dic ĭn ămicĭtĭam cŏĕant &c. *V.* [† Farĕ, cĕdo, da, lŏquĕrĕ, elŏquĕrĕ, edissĕrĕ, narra; *sts.* ăgĕ.] **Crel.** Dic ăgĕ. ˘Ăgĕ farĕ. Farĕ ăgĕ.

DICÆARCHI, *or* DICARCHÆI, orum. *m. pl.* *The inhabitants of Dicæarchia* (now Puteoli). *Lucil.* (*apud Fest.*)

DICARCHÆA, *or* DICÆARCHEA, æ. *f.* **1.** *The ancient name of Puteoli.* Dilectăquĕ mitis Terrā Dĭcharchæ. *St.* **2.** DICHARCHÆUS, *and* DICÆARCHEUS, ă, um. *Of,* &c., *Puteoli.* Aulă Dĭcarchæiquĕ sĭnus. *St.* Dĭcharchæa jŭvĕnis consedit in urbĕ. *Sil.*

DICAX, acis. *Witty, satirical.* ˘Ĭtă commendarĕ dĭcaces Convĕnĭet Sātyros. *H.* [† Facĕtŭs, urbanŭs.]

I. DICO, as. *To dedicate, devote.* Connubio (io *as one-syll.*) jungam stăbĭli, prŏpĭamquĕ dĭcabo. *V.* ~ votā. *Sil.* ŏpĕram. *Ter.* [† Dedĭco, consĕcro, sācro, vŏvĕo, devŏvĕo, addico, destĭno.]

II. DICO, is, xi. **1.** *To say, speak.* Dicĕrĕt: hæc mĕă sunt, vĕtĕres migratĕ cŏloni. *V.* [† Lŏquŏr, elŏquŏr, fari, prŏfari, effari, mĕmŏro, rĕfĕro, edissĕro, edo, fabŭlŏr; *sts.* cāno, crĕpo.] *See* LOQUOR. **Crel.** Dictā do. Voces orĕ, pectŏrĕ fundo, effundo. Sĭlentĭă rumpo. Orĕ sŏnos edo, profĕro, promo, exprĭmo. **2.** *To speak of, relate, celebrate in prose* or *verse.* [† Mĕmŏro, narro, enarro, rĕfĕro, pando; cāno, cĕlĕbro.] *See* C. C. **3.** *To speak of by name, to name.* ~ Hespĕrĭam cognomĭnĕ; qm crudelem nomĭnĕ. *V.* *See* NOMINO. **4.** *To command, enjoin.* Est fŭgā dictā mĭhĭ. *O.* [† Indico, præcĭpĭo, jŭbĕo.] *See* JUBEO, DICTUS.

DICŎR. *pass.* **1.** *To be named.* Trojanum dicĭtŭr agmĕn. *V.* [† Nomĭnŏr, vŏcŏr.] **2.** *To be considered, pass for.* ~-i bĕnŭs. *O.* [† Hăbĕŏr, pŭtŏr, censĕŏr, audĭo.] **3.** DICITUR. *unip.* *It said.* Dicĭtŭr Ægyptŭs cărŭissĕ &c. *O.* *See* FAMA EST.

DICTÆUS, ă, um. *Dictæan; of Dicte, a mountain of Crete;* hence, *Cretan.* *V.* *O.* *See* CRETÆUS.

DICTAMNUS, i. *m.* *and perhaps* DICTAMNUM, *n.* *The herb dittany.* *V.*

DICTATŎR, orĭs. *m.* *A chief magistrate at Rome, elected on extraordinary occasions, with absolute power.* *C. D.* Fumosos ĕquĭtum cum dictatorĕ măgistros. *J.*

DICTATURA, æ. *f.* *The office of dictator.* Quum trĕpĭda antĕ bŏves dictaturam indŭĭt uxŏr. *Pers.*

DICTATUS, ă, um. **1.** *Dictated.* Dictatăquĕ verbă Protŭlĭt. *J.* **2.** DICTATA, orum. *n. pl.* as subst. *A lesson, instruction.* *J. H.*

DICTERIUM, ĭi. *n.* *A joke, witticism, jest.* Dicterĭă dicĭs ĭn omnes. *M.* [† Scommā, săles.]

DICTITO, as. *To say often, repeat.* Dictĭtĕt Albano Musas in montĕ lŏcutas. *H.*

DICTO, as. **1.** *To dictate; to say something which another is to repeat* or *write after you.* Admoto dictet perjurĭă tauro. *J.* Carmĭnā ~. *H.* **2.** Sp. *To dictate, as a teacher to his scholars.* Quæ mĕmĭni . . . mĭhĭ parvo Orbĭlĭum ~ (carmĭnā). *H.* **3.** *To prescribe, order.* [† Præcĭpĭo.]

DICTUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A word, saying.* [† Verbum, sermo.] **2.** *A command, injunction, recommendation.* [† Jussum, præceptum.] *See* AUDIENS. **3.** Pl. *An author's work.* *Pp.* *Lr.* [† Scriptum, ŏpŭs.]

Dictŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Dico. **1.** *Named.* ∾ gens Tiburti cognomĭnĕ. *V.* **2.** *Celebrated, sung of.* Cui non dictŭs Hȳlas pŭĕr? *V.* **3.** *Agreed upon, promised.* ∾ horă. *Ph.* [¶ Promissŭs, pactŭs.] **4.** *Consecrated.* ∾ ædes Junonĭs. *O.* Junoni săcĕr (ramŭs). *V.* [¶ Dĭcatŭs, săcratŭs, săcĕr.] **5.** *Addicted to, given up to.* ∾ jocis ludoquĕ. *H.*

Dictynna, æ. *f. A name of Diana. O.*

I. **Dido**, ĭs, ĭdi, ĭtum. *To give out, distribute, spread abroad.* Dum munĭă didĭt. *H.* Tŭă terris didĭtă famă. *V.* [¶ Divĭdo, distrĭbŭo, spargo.]

II. **Dido.** *gen.* us (*rare*). *acc.* o. *f. Dido,* or *Elisa, daughter of Belus, king of Tyre, wife of Sichæus, and founder of Carthage. C. D.* Ardĕt ămans Dido, traxitquĕ pĕr ossă fŭrorem. *V.* Mĭsĕramquĕ rĕlinquĕrĕ ∾. *O.* [¶ ˘Elissă; *sts.* Phœnissă.] **Ep.** Tȳrĭă, Sidŏnĭă, pulchră, mĭsĕră, infelix. **Crcl.** Sĭchæĭă conjux. Sidŏnĭă regĭnă. Nulli vĭro bĕnĕ nuptă.

Diduco, ĭs, xi, ctum. **1.** *To divide, sever, split open.* Diducit scŏpŭlos, et montem rumpĭt ăceto. *J.* Contĭnŭam diduxĭt hŭmum. *O.* Risu ∾ rictum. *H.* [¶ Dirĭmo, distrăho, divello, sepăro, ăpĕrĭo.] *See* Separo. **2.** *To divide into parts;* and fig. *distract.* ∾ assem ĭn partes centum. *H.* ˘In curas ănĭmus ∾-ĭtŭr omnes. *V. See* Divido, Distraho.

Diductŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Diduco. *Separated, severed.* Æquŏră discedunt mersa diductă cărina. *L.* ∾ Brĭtannĭă mundo. *Cl.* [¶ Divisŭs, distractŭs, distans, dissĭtŭs, ăpertŭs.]

Dies, ei. *m.* (*anc. gen.* die (*V. G.* i. 208. *Æn.* i. 640), *for* dĭei. *Charisius would read* dii.] **1.** *Day, a day, time from sunrise to sunset.* Expectată dĭes ăděrat, nonamquĕ sĕrenă &c. *V.* Pars actă dĭei est. *V.* [¶ Lux, sol.] **Crcl.** Dĭurnum tempŭs. Horæ dĭurnæ. **Phr.** 1. *For different days.* 1. *The next day, to-morrow. See* Cras, Postridie. 2. *The second day.* Dĭes, alterquĕ dĭes. Manĕ bĭs fŭĭt. Phœbŭs bĭs ortus ĭtĕravĕrăt. 3. 1*st,* 2*nd,* 3*rd,* 4*th,* &c. *day.* Primŭs, altĕr, tertĭŭs, quartŭs, &c. . . . nonŭs, proxĭmŭs post nonam . . . altĕr ăb undĕcĭmo, septĭmŭs post dĕcĭmum, s. ĕt dĕcĭmŭs, &c. dĭes (lux, Aurorā, sol, Phœbŭs, Lucĭfĕr)—noctĭs tĕnĕbras (umbras obscuras) cœlo diffugĕrăt (dimovĕrăt, fŭgavĕrăt);—astrā cœlo dimovĕrăt;—ortus sŭos ostendĕrăt, rĕduxĕrăt;—orbi illuxĕrăt. Lux, dĭes, Aurorā, &c. bĭs, bĭs ĭtĕrumquĕ, tĕr, quătĕr, pĕr quinquĕ dĭes, quinos dĭes, bĭs quătĕr, nŏvĭes, &c. noctĭs tĕnĕbras (umbras obscuras) &c. (*as above.*) Bĭs, tĕr, quătĕr, &c. herbæ rorĕ canŭerant. Bĭs, tĕr, &c. Phœbŭs—˘Olympum scandĕrăt;—terras noctĕ jăcentes inveněrăt (*morning*);—jŭgă ĕquis fătigatis dempsĕrăt (*evening*). Aurorā, Tithonĭă conjux, læ, æ, &c. lucĭs tempŏrā ăgebăt. lă, 2ă, 3ă, &c. Aurorā—terris dĭem axĕ purpŭrĕo vĕhĭt; *or* rĕvŏlŭtă rŭbĕt. Iam, 2am, &c. Auroram Phăĕthontĭs ĕqui vĕhebant. **Phr.** 2. *Daily, twice,* &c. *a-day. On such and such a day. So many days.* Quotĭdĭe, bĭs &c. dĭe. *See* Q. Primo dĭe; quarto dĭe, lumĭnĕ; quartā noctĕ. Octavo solĭs lumĭnĕ candenti. Nonā lucĕ, lampădĕ. Tres soles ĕt tŏtĭdem noctes. Bĭs quinos dĭes. Pĕr bĭs quinquĕ dĭes. **2.** *Day, daylight, light of the day.* [¶ Lux, lumĕn, sol, Dĭesplĭtĕr.] **Ep.** Phœbĕŭs, almŭs, candĭdŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, lucĭdŭs. *See* Lux, Sol. **Phr.** 3. *The short days.* Tempŏrĕ quo,—soles hiberni oceăno prŏpĕrant se tingĕrĕ;—jam brĕvĭŏr dĭes;—Phœbŭs lentĭ ĭter contrăhĭt;—hĭems angustos dĭes effĭcĭt. **Phr.** 4. *The long days.* Tempŏrĕ quo—mŏrā noctĭbŭs obstăt;—Phœbŭs æstivos ignes spătĭosĭŭs dispergĭt, ăgĭt;—noctem hibernam (noctĭs hibernæ vĭces) æstivă nox corrĭpĭt;—solstĭtĭum de noctĭbŭs aufert. **3.** Sts. *Climate.* Sŭb quocunquĕ dĭe. *L.* [¶ Cœlum, sol.] **4.** ∾ longă, multă, volvendă, or abs. *Time, length of time, age,* &c. *V. O.* &c. [¶ Tempŭs, ævum, vĕtustas.] **5.** ∾ ultĭmŭs, sŭprĕmŭs, summŭs. *The last day.* [¶ Summă (sŭprĕmă) dĭes. Lux ultĭmă. Sŭprĕmum lumĕn. Extremŭs dĭes.] *See* Exitium, Mors. **6.** ∾ natalis. *See* N.

Diespĭtĕr. *m. The father of day, of light; Jupiter.* Namquĕ Dĭespĭtĕr &c. *H. See* Jupiter.

Diffamo, as. *To spread an evil report, slander.* Diffamatumquĕ pārenti Indĭcăt. *O.*

Differo, ers, stŭli, latum, ferrĕ. **1.** *To scatter, carry off in different directions, pull asunder;* and fig. *to rack, distract.* Late differrĕ făvillam. *Lr.* Mĕ.ĭum in diversă quădrigæ Distŭlĕrant. *V.* ∾-ŏr dŏlorĭbŭs. *Ter.* [¶ Disjĭcĭo, dissĭpo, distrăho, discerpo; jacto, ăgĭto, crŭcio.] *See* Distraho, Discerpo. **2.** *To spread abroad, publish. V. Fl.* [¶ Vulgo, divulgo, spargo, nuntĭo.] *See* Nuntio. **3.** Sp. *To slander* (pull to pieces). Te circum omnes ălĭas pŭellas irătă ∾-ĕt. ∾-ŏr invĭdĭă. *Pp.* **4.** *To put off, defer.* ∾ dulcĭă in annum; inceptă. *V.* [¶ Mŏrŏr, tardo, rĕmitto, prorŏgo.] **5.** Intr. *To differ, be different. H.* [¶ Disto, discrĕpo.] *See* Discrepo.

Differtŭs, ă, um. *part. from the obs.* Differcio. *Stuffed, crowded.* [¶ Rĕfertŭs, plenŭs.]

Difficĭlis, ĕ. **1.** *Difficult.* Difficĭle est, fătĭŏr, sed tendĭt in ardŭă virtus. *O.* [¶ Ardŭŭs, ŏpĕrosŭs, grăvĭs.] **Crcl.** Haud *or* non făcĭlĭs. **2.** *Hard to please, churlish;* fig. *hard, dangerous of access.* ∾ sĕnex; vŏcanti. *H.* prĕcĭbus. *O.* ∾-es scŏpŭli. *V.* [¶ Morosŭs; durŭs, aspĕr.]

Difficultas, ătis. *f. Difficulty. Ter.* [¶ Lăbŏr.]

Diffidentia, æ. *f. Want of trust.* Fit quŏquĕ longŭs ămor, quem diffidentĭă nutrĭt. *O.*

Diffido, ĭs, sŭs sum. *To put no trust in, lose confidence in, despair of.* Quum jam diffidĕrĕt armis. *V. See* Despero.

Diffindo, ĭs, ĭdi, issum. *To cleave, split, asunder.* Lit. and fig. ∾ tempŏrā plumbo. *V.* urbĭum portas (munĕrĭbŭs). *H.* [¶ Findo.] *See* Diffisus.

Diffingo, ĭs. *To alter, undo. H.*

Diffisŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Diffido. [¶ Diffidens, desperans.] **Crcl.** Pārum fidens. Vĕrĭtus se credĕrĕ.

Diffitĕŏr, erĭs. *To disavow, deny.* Et pŭdŏr obscenum diffĭtĕatŭr ŏpŭs. *O.* [¶ Něgo, abnĕgo.]

Diflo, as. *To blow apart* or *about. Lucil.* Qua difflant nubĭlă nimbi. *Aus.*

Diffluo, ĭs, uxi, uxum. **1.** *To flow in different directions, flow away. Lr.* [¶ Fluo, effluo.] **2.** *To fall away* (in strength, &c.). *See* Tabesco.

Diffugio, ĭs, ugi. *To flee away in all directions, disappear.* Diffŭgĭmus visu exsangues. *V.* Campis diffŭgĭt ăratŏr. *V.*

Diffundo, ĭs, udi, usum. **1.** *To pour out, spread in different directions.* Hæc ăĭt, et lĭquĭdum ambrŏsĭæ diffudĭt ŏdorem. *V.* ∾ cŏmam ventis. *V.* [¶ Fundo, effundo, prŏfundo, spargo; *sts.* dispergo, dissĭpo.] *Fig.* **2.** ∾ crimĕn; iram. *O.* oblivĭonem sensĭbŭs. *H.* **3.** *To spread abroad, publish.* ∾ in orā vĭrum. *V.* [¶ Diffĕro, nuntĭo.] **4.** *To expand* (the heart, countenance) *with joy.* ∾-ĭt vultus; ănĭmos istă dĭes. *O.* Argŏs expectatā dĭes. *St.* [¶ Rĕcrĕo, hĭlăro.] *See* Diffusus.

Diffusŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Diffundo. **1.** *Spread about.* **2.** *Large in extent.* Sunt ŭbĭ, conflĭtĭŏr, diffusi jugĕrā campi. *M.* [¶ Lātŭs.] **3.** *Expanded with joy.* ∾-os nectărĕ vultus. *H.* (Jŏvem) diffusum nectărĕ. *O.* [¶ Sŏlŭtŭs.] *See* Diffundo, Frons (II.).

s, essi, estum. 1. *To distribute.* Quam ...nam solus, digessĭt ĭn omnes. *O.* Di-ir agros (arbŏr). *V.* [† Differo, distrĭ-ĭdo.] 2. *To settle, order, arrange.* ~ ĭn nŭmĕrum (carmĭnĭ). *V.* Digestos *O.* [† Dispono, ordĭno, rĕgo, constĭ-]. *To absorb, consume. L.* [† Consu-

, us. *A distributing, administering.* Jam ...uni Sanctarum digestŭs ŏpum. *St.*

i. *m.* DIGĬTI, orum. *pl.* 1. *A finger,* ...ke. Et dĭgĭtos dĭgĭtis, et frontem frontĕ ...m. *O.* Ep. Nĭvĕi, rŏsĕi; formosi, tĕrĕ-...les, tĕnĕri; dŏcĭles. 2. Sts. *A toe, toes.* furtim, Suspenso dĭgĭtis fert tăcĭturnă ...). "In ~-os arrectŭs. *V.*

s, ă, um. *part. See* DIGNOR. 1. *One ...designed, condescended.* Fŭgĭentem haud ...atŭs "Orodem Sternĕrĕ. *V.* 2. Pass. *One ...been thought worthy.* ~ conjŭgĭo Vĕnĕ-...ăcro hŏnorĕ. *Sil.*

...*v. Worthily. O. H.*

s, atĭs. *f.* 1. *Dignity, merit, reputation.* ...que amisit dignĭtatem pristĭnam. *Ph.* ...tum, virtus, dĕcŏr, hŏnŏr.] 2. *Dignity,* ...equestrĭs. *M.* [† Munĕrĭă, hŏnores.]

...rĭs. 1. *To judge worthy.* ~ me tali hŏ-...mĭnos Teucros. *V.* vĕnĭă lĭbellum. *O.* ...ignum duco, censĕo, hăbĕo, pŭto. 2. *To ...condescend. H.* Crel. Non *or* haud de-Non rĕcuso, detrecto.

s, is, novi. *To distinguish, discern.* Vix ...secĕrĕ possis. *O.* ~ civem hostĕ; rectum ...*H.* [† Discerno, distinguo.]

s, um. 1. *Worthy.* [† Mĕrĭtŭs, promĕ-...bĭlĭtŭs, justŭs, par.] Crel. Non *or* haud ...a. 2. Dignum est. *It is fitting, just,* &c. ...hĕ dignum est. *V.* [† Par, æquum est.]

...ĭs, dĕrĭs, essŭs sum. *To go away, sepa-...rate; digress.* Hos ĕgo dĭgrĕdĭens lăcrĭmis ...ŏbortis. *V.* A primo digressus carmĭ-. [† "Abĕo, discedo, rĕcedo.] *See* ABEO. ...ĭs, us. *m. A departure. V. See* DISCES-

DII *or* DI. *gen.* dĕorum *and* dĕum. *dat.* ...s *and* dis. *acc.* dĕos. *pl. of* Deus. *The* ...ictrix causă dĭis plăcŭit, sed victă Cătō-...Di (Dĭ) quorum &c. *V.* Dis (*or* Dĭs) ălĭter ...Cară dĕum sŏbŏles. *V.* [† Divi, sŭpĕri, ...i, cœlestes, cœlĭcŏlæ, cœlĭtes. Crel. Dĕo-...dĕum numĕn. *See* DEUS.

...), as. *To judge, decide between, settle by* ...t. Dijudĭcată litĕ rĕlinquĕrĕt. *H. See* ...).

..., ĕrĭs, lapsŭs sum. *To glide, fall away,* ...*s; consume away.* (Labŏr.) *See* DILAP-

...o, as. *To tear in pieces.* Lit. and fig. Dĭ-...t falsi dŏmĭnum sub Imaginĕ cervi. *O.* ...cerpo, lăcĕro.] *See* LACERO.

...ĭo, as. *To split in two.* Has pŭĕr aut cer-...ts dilamĭnăt ictu (nŭces). *O.*

..., as. *To tear to pieces, mangle.* Lit. and ...secĕrĕ nostrĕ tŭæ dilănĭantŭr ŏpes. *O. See* ...

...s, ă, um. *part. See* DILABOR. *Fallen from, passed away, lost, vanished.* "In ...tĕnŭes dilapsŭs ăbĭblt. *V.* ~ ămŏr. *Cl.* ...ntĕr gaudĭă curis. *O.* ~ In cĭnĕres fax. *H.* ...mentă vĭrum ~-ă. *Lr.* [† Sŏlutŭs, con-...is, destructŭs.]

...ŏn, irĭs. *To bestow lavishly. Aus.*

..., onis. *f. A delay, deferring.* Quo plus ...bet tempŏris dilatĭo. *Ph.* [† Mŏră.]

...as. *To make wide, enlarge.* Ipsăquĕ dila-...ĭdos convitĭă rictŭs. *O. See* EXTENDO.

DILATŎR, orĭs. *m. A dilatory, procrastinating person. H.* [† Cunctatŏr.]

DILECTUS, ă, um. *part. See* DILIGO; *and comp. as adj. Loved.* ~-Ŏr omni luco. *Cl.* ~-issĭmŭs aris "Apollĭnĕis augŭr. *St. See* CARUS.

DILIGENS, tis. *Attentive, painstaking.* Quem si tersĕrĭs aurĕ dilĭgenti. *M.* [† Sedŭlŭs, attentŭs, stŭdĭosŭs.] *See* SEDULUS.

DILIGENTĔR. *Attentively,* &c. *M.* Ætatem ădultam servans dilĭgentĭŭs. *Ph.* [† Attente, stŭdĭose, sedŭlo.] *See* SEDULO.

DILIGENTIA, æ. *f. Attention, diligence.* (Dilĭgens.) *Pl. Ter.* [† Cură, sedŭlĭtas.] *See* SEDULITAS.

DILIGO, is, exi, ectum. *To love, be fond of.* Dilĭgĭtur nemo, nĭsĭ cui fortună sĕcunda est. *O.* [† "Amo.] *See* A.

DILUCĔO, es. *To shine.* (Lucĕo.) *H. See* LUCEO.

DILUCŬLUM, i. *n. Dawn of day.* Primŭlo dilucŭlo ăbivisti ad lĕgĭones. Quomŏdo? *Pl.* Crel. Pars noctĭs ultĭmă. Extremum noctĭs ĭtĕr. Primă lucĭs pars. *See* CREPUSCULUM. MANE.

DILŬO, is, ŭi, utum. 1. *To wet, soak, flood.* Et plŭvĭa ingenti sătă lætă bŏumquĕ lăborea Dilŭĭt. *V.* [† Lăvo, inundo, mădĕfăcĭo.] 2. *To water, mix, dilute.* ~ lăcrĭmis unguentă. *O.* lactĕ, baccho făvos. *V.* ăceto baccam. *H.* [† Liquĕfăcĭo; *sts.* miscĕo, tempĕro.] 3. Fig. *To wash away, efface.* ~ curam mĕro (*drown*). *O.* făcĭnus ætatĕ. *Cl.* [† Delĕo, ellŭo, ablŭo, abstergĕo.]

DILUTUS, ă, um. *part. See* DILUO. Multis dilută lăbellă Guttis. *Cat. See* MADIDUS.

DILŬVIES, ei. *f. A flood.* Quum fĕrĕ dilŭvĭes quĭetos Irrităt amnes. *H. See* DILUVIUM.

DILŬVIUM, ĭi. *n. A flood.* Ergo ŭbĭ dilŭvĭo tellus lŭtŭlentă rĕcenti. *O.* [† Dilŭvĭes, ellŭvĭes.] Ep. Rĕpentinum, Inŏpinum, sŭbĭtum, tristĕ, flebĭlĕ, fŭrĭosum, răpax, præceps. Crel. Dilŭvĭi vĭŏlentĭă, vis. Torrens undis (nimbis, nĭvĭbŭs) auctŭs. Torrens sŏlĭtis erumpens e fontĭbŭs. Phr. *Of a flood.* Pĕr cultă (sătă, vĭas) fertur. Late campos diffusis æquis tĕnĕt. Terras involvĭt fŭrens. Răpĭt omnĭă sŭbĭto tractu. Mergĭt orbem fluctĭbŭs. Amnes de montĭbŭs præcĭpĭtăt. Tectă, impulsă gurgĭtĕ, lăbant. Tellurem fluctĭbŭs mergĭt Neptunŭs. Jupĭtĕr æquŏrĕ, omnesquĕ flŭvĭorum hăbenas fundĭt. Parnassi jŭgă lătent. Pellŏn cedĭt. Mersis ruptĭbŭs, Alpes decrescunt.

DIMANO, as. *To flow different ways.* Lit. and fig. Tĕnŭis sub artus Flammă dimanăt. *Cat.*

DIMICO, as, ŭi. *To fight.* Hac tĭbĭ sit pugna dimĭcŭisse ămĭcĭs. *O. See* PUGNO.

DIMIDIUM, ĭi. *n. The half.* Dimĭdĭum facti, qui cœpĭt, hăbĕt. *H.*

DIMIDIUS, ă, um. *Halved, half.* Et Cŭrĭos jam dimĭdĭos. *J.* [† Mĕdĭŭs.]

DIMINŬO, is, ŭi, utum. 1. *To diminish. See* DEMINUO. 2. *To break in pieces. See* COMMINUO.

DIMITTO, is, isi, issum. 1. *To send here and there.* Ignotas ănĭmum dimittĭt ĭn artes. *O.* ~ certos pĕr littŏrĕ. *V.* [† Mitto.] 2. *To dismiss, send away, give up.* ~ ăb armis Ascănĭum. *V.* dormitum. *H.* [† Mitto, missum făcĭo, ŏmitto, depono, ăbĭgo, pello, tollo.]

DIMOTUS, ă, um. *part. See* DIMOVEO. *Moved aside.* Præter dimotæ corpŏrĕ murmŭr ăquæ. *O.*

DIMŎVĔO, es, ovi, otum. *To move aside, part, displace.* Spirantes dimŏvĕt auras. *V.* ~ terram ăratro. *V.* cortĭcem amphŏræ. *H.* [† Rĕmŏvĕo, pello, pulso, arcĕo, detrăho.]

DINDŸMA, orum. *n. pl. and* DINDŸMUS, i. *m. A mountain of Phrygia, sacred to Cybele.* Dindŷma, ŭbi assuetis bĭfŏrem dat tibĭă cantum. *V.* Dindŷmŏn, et Cybĕlen &c. *O.* Dindŷmŭs, et sacræ &c. *Pp.*

DINDŸMENE, es. *f. A name of Cybele.* Non Dindÿmene, non ădÿtis quătĭt. *H. See* CYBELE.

DINŬMĔRO, as. *To reckon.* Tempŏrā dinŭmĕrans, nec me mĕā curā fĕfellĭt. *V. See* NUMERO.

DIŎGĔNES, *and us.* DIŎGĔNES, Is. *m.* (*The first syllable long in Hom.*) (Διογένης.) *The philosopher Diogenes.* Ep. Cÿnĭcŭs, Sinopeŭs.

I. DIŎMEDES, Is. *m. A king of Thrace, said to have fed his horses on human flesh.* Non tĭbĭ succurrit crudi Dĭŏmedĭs Imago? *O.* Phr. Qui hŏmĭnes ĕquis sŭis pabŭlā fecĭt. Qui regĭā præseptā horrendis dăpĭbŭs sanguĭnŏlentā fecĭt. *The horses.* Odrÿsiæ tellurĭs (Bistŏnĭi grĕgĭs *or* regĭs) ĕqui. Pasti hŏmĭnum membrā; humano sanguĭnĕ pingues.

II. *The son of Tydeus. C. D.* Mittĭtŭr et magni Vĕnŭlus Dĭŏmedĭs ăd urbem. *V.* [¶ Tydides, Œnides.] Crol. Ætolŭs, Cālÿdonĭŭs dux, rex, heros.

DIŎMEDEŬS, ă, um (Διομήδειος). *Of* or *belonging to Diomedes. O. See* DIOMEDES.

DIONÆŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Venus.* Eccĕ Dĭonæi processit Cæsărĭs astrum. *V.*

DIONE, es. *f. Dione, the mother of Venus;* us. *a name of Venus.* Vos eccĕ vĕtat deprensā Dĭone. *O.* Crol. Dĭonæā matĕr. *V. See* VENUS.

DIŎNYSIŬS, ĭi. *m. The name of several kings of Sicily, of whom D. the elder and D. the younger were the most celebrated.* Nec respŭendŭs auctŏr est Dĭŏnysĭŭs. *Avien.*

DIŎNYSŬS, i. *m.* (Διόνυσος.) *One of the names of Bacchus.* O Dĭŏnysĕ pătĕr, optĭmĕ vitĭsātor. *Att.* (*apud Macr.*) *See* BACCHUS.

DIŎTĂ, æ. *f. A vessel* or *drinking-cup with two handles.* Depromo quadrimum Sābina, O Tăllĭarchĕ, mĕrum dĭota. *H. See* AMPHORA.

DIPSĂS, ădĭs. *f. A species of venomous serpent.* In mĕdĭis sĭtĭebant dipsădes undis. *L. See* SERPENS.

DIRÆ, arum. *f. pl. The Furies.* Ultricesquĕ sĕdent in limĭnĕ Diræ. *V. See* FURIÆ.

DIRCÆŬS, ă, um (Διρκαῖος). *Of* or *belonging to the fountain Dirce; Theban. V. H.*

DIRCE, es. *f.* (Δίρκη.) *Dirce, wife of Lycus, king of Thebes, changed into a fountain. O.*

DIRE. *adv. and* DIRUM, *or* DIRĂ. *n. used adv. In a terrible manner. See* SÆVE.

DIRECTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* DIRIGO. *Straight-drawn, drawn to rule; straight, direct.* Inquĕ vĭcem mŏdo directo contendĕrĕ passu. *Tib.* [¶ Rectŭs.]

DIRIGĔO. *See* DERIGŬI.

DIRIGO, Is, exi, ectum. 1. *To cause to move in a right line, straight forward; to lead, direct.* Pergĕ mŏdo, et qua te ducit vĭā, dirĭgĕ gressum. *V.* ∾ cursum; In lucos. *V.* ăclem ăd te. *Cat.* [¶ Rĕgo, duco; *sts.* tendo.] 2. *To send* (direct) *a missile weapon.* ∾ hastillā. *V.* făcem. *V. Fl.* telā arcu. *H.* [¶ Mitto.] *See* JACULOR.

DIRIMO, Is, emi, emptum. 1. *To part, divide.* Et qui cærŭlĕum dĭrĭmebat Nerĕā delphin. *O.* Mortĕ dĭremptā. *Lr.* [¶ Divĭdo, sepăro, &c.] *See* SEPARO, SECO. 2. *To break off, put an end to.* ∾ sanguĭnĕ bellum. *V.* certamĭnā; litem. *O.* [¶ Decido, absolvo.]

DIRIPIO, Is, ĭpŭi, eptum. 1. *To force different ways, rend piece-meal, part and scatter.* Matremque ăvĭdis complexĭbŭs ambo Dirĭpiunt. *St.* ∾-unt frĕtum (venti). *St.* verbā (nŏti). *Pp.* Dirĭpĕrĕris ĕquis. *O.* [¶ Diffĕro, distrăho, divello, discerpo.] 2. *To pillage, carry off.* ∾ ŏpes. *O.* dăpes. *V.* Direptā dŏmŭs. *V.* [¶ Aufero, răpio, prædŏr.] *See* PRÆDOR.

DIRUO, Is, i, utum. *To throw down, demolish.* Dirŭĭt, ædĭfĭcat, mutat quadratā rŏtundis. *H.* [¶ *Everto, destrŭo, subrŭo, &c.*] *See* EVERTO.

DIRŬS, ă, um. 1. *Dire, terrible, dreadful.* Phœnix et dirŭs ˘Ulysses. *V.* ∾ dăpes (de Tereo). *O.* ∾ grando. ∾-ă venenā. *H.* [¶ Infensŭs, ĭnĭmicŭs, sævŭs, crudelĭs, horrendŭs, mĕtuendŭs, mălŭs.] *See* INFESTUS, SÆVUS. 2. Freq. *Ill-omened.* ∾-æ cŏmetæ. *V.* [¶ Infaustŭs, infelix.]

I. DIS (*seldom found*). *Ter.*, ditĕ. *gen.* ditĭs. *pl.* dites, ĭā. ditĭŏr, ditissĭmŭs. *Rick.* Despĭcĭam dites, despĭcĭamquĕ fāmem. *Tib.* Ditĕ sŏlum. *V. Fl.* Ditĭā donis delubrā. *O.* Ditissĭmŭs ăgri. *V.* [¶ Divĕs.] *See* D.

II. DIS, itĭs. *subst. m. A name of Pluto.* Tartărĕŭs Dis. *Aus.* Pătĕt atri janŭā Ditĭs. *V. See* PLUTO.

DISCEDO, Is, cessi, cessum. 1. *To go different ways, part asunder;* hence, *open.* Nam cĭtĭus pătĕrer căpŭt hoc disceděrĕ collo. *Pp.* Mĕdĭum vĭdĕo ∾ cœlum. *V. See* PATESCO. 2. Us. *To depart, withdraw, go away.* [¶ Cedo, rĕcedo, abscedo, mĭgro.] *See* ABEO.

DISCEPTO, as. *To contend, dispute. Sil.* [¶ Dispŭto, certo, contendo.]

DISCERNO, Is, crevi, cretum. 1. *To separate, divide.* Tĕnŭi telas discrevĕrăt auro. *V.* Septem discretŭs In ostĭā Nilŭs. *O.* [¶ Divĭdo, sepăro, distinguo, dĭrĭmo.] *See* SEPARO. 2. *To discern, distinguish.* ∾ dĭem noctemquĕ cœlo. *V.* Verbā discerni artĭcŭlatim (nĕcessĕ est). *Lr.* [¶ Distinguo, dignosco.]

DISCERPO, Is, psi, ptum. 1. *To tear in pieces; to divide into parts.* In parvas partes discerpĭtŭr aurum. *Lr. See* DISCERPTUS, LACERO, DIVIDO. 2. *To scatter.* Aurœ omnĭā ∾-unt. *V.*

DISCERPTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* DISCERPO. *Torn in pieces.* Discerptum late jŭvĕnem sparserĕ pĕr agros. *V.* [¶ Lăcĕrātŭs, lăcĕr, mŭtĭlŭs.]

DISCESSŬS, us. *m. A separation from, going away from. V.* [¶ Digressŭs, ăbĭtŭs, abscessŭs; *sts.* fŭgă, exsĭlĭum.] Ep. ˘Acerbŭs, mœstŭs, tristĭs, flebĭlĭs.

DISCĬDIUM, ĭi. *n. A tearing apart, division, separation.* Non bĕnĕ discĭdĭum Phrÿgĭi laturā mărĭti. *O.* ∾ nubĭs; corpŏrĭs atquĕ ănĭmai. *Lr. See* DISCORDIA.

DISCINCTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* DISCINGO. 1. *Ungirt up, loose-robed.* ∾ tŭnĭcā. *H.* ∾-i Afri. *V.* [¶ Sŏlutŭs.] Fig. 2. *At one's ease, at leisure.* ∾-i luděrĕ. *H.* ∾-ă In otĭā natŭs. *O.* [¶ Sŏlutŭs, otĭosŭs, rĕsĕs.] *See* OTIOSUS. 3. *Dissolute, abandoned.* ∾ nĕpos. *H. See* NEPOS.

DISCINDO, Is, ĭdi, issum. *To rend, cut in pieces, sever.* Serpentis caudam . . . in multas partes discindĕrĕ ferro. *Lr.* Discissos artus. *V.* [¶ Divĭdo, scindo, abscindo, divello, dilăcĕro.]

DISCINGO, Is, xi, ctum. *To ungird, take off what is girded on;* freq. *to unarm, disarm, conquer.* Jam discingĭtŭr armis. *Sil.* Quum Mărĭŭs discinxĕrĭt Afros. *J. See* SOLVO, EXARMO.

DISCĬPLINĂ, *and seldom* DISCIPLINĂ, æ. *f.* (*Aus.*) 1. *Learning, instruction received* (us. pl. in this sense); and sts. *tuition, teaching.* Nec dulcĭs ulli discĭplina infantĭæ est. *Eccl.* Angustæ plĭā munĕrā disciplinæ. *Aus.* [¶ Doctrinā, scĭentĭā, ars.] 2. *A rule of conduct. Pl.* [¶ Regŭlā, mos, consuetudo.]

DISCIPŬLUS, i. *m. A learner, pupil, disciple.* Duc ăgĕ discĭpŭlos ad mĕā templā tŭos. *O.* [¶ Auditŏr.] *See* DISCO, MAGISTER.

DISCLUDO, Is, si, sum. 1. *To shut away, apart; to separate.* Tum durarĕ sŏlum, et discludĕrĕ Nerĕā ponto. *V.* [¶ Sepăro, divĭdo.] 2. *To open, cleave apart.* ∾ morsus robŏrĭs vĭrĭbŭs. *V.* ictu turres. *Lr.* [¶ ˘Apĕrĭo, findo.]

DISCO, Is, dĭdĭci. 1. *To learn, take in knowledge.* Jam dĭdĭci gĕtĭce sarmătĭcequĕ lŏqui. *O.* Discĕ-

rĕt undĕ prĕces, vatem ni Mūsā dēdissĕt. *H.* [† Addisco, edisco, perdisco, dŏcĕŏr, erudĭŏr, percĭpio, accĭpio, cognosco, novi, scĭŏ.] *See* STUDEO. 2. *To learn to know.* ~ omnes crimĭnĕ ăb uno; vĕnĭentum vultus. *V.* [† Cognosco, novi, scĭŏ.]

DISCŎLŎR, ŏris. 1. *Of different colours.* Evŏlăt admissis discŏlŏr agmĕn ĕquis. *O.* 2. *Differing in colour from.* Pĕlăgo nĕc ~ amnĭs. *St.* 3. Fig. *Different from.* ~ infido ămicŭs. *H.* [† Dissĭmĭlis, vărĭŭs, diversŭs.] *See* DECOLOR.

DISCONVĔNIO, is. *To be inconsistent.* Vitæ disconvĕnĭt ordĭnĕ toto. *H. See* DISCREPO.

DISCORDIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Discord, dissension.* Exŏrĭtur trĕpĭdos inter discordĭă cives. *V.* [† Dissĭdĭum, certamĕn, rixă, lis, pugnă; *sts.* sedĭtĭo, tŭmultŭs, motŭs, partes.] Ep. Amens, demens, insanā, fĕrā, fĕrox, effĕrā, barbărā, crudelis, immanis, immitis, sævā, horrĭdā, trŭcŭlentā, tetrā; cæcā, præceps, effrenā; bellĭcā, crŭentā, sanguĭnĕā; inviā, feralis, funestā, exĭtĭalis. Crel. Stŭdĭă discordĭă, contrarĭă. ˘Anĭmi discordes. Vesanĭă discors. *See* SEDITIO. CIVILE BELLUM. 2. *The Goddess Discord.* Phr. Scisso Discordĭă crinĕ. Nutrix belli. Scissa gaudens palla. Vittis crŭentis gaudens. Vipĕrĕum crinem sanguĭnĕis vittis innexā.

DISCORDO, as. *Not to agree, to differ. H.* [† Dissĭdĕo.] *See* DISCORS.

DISCORS, ordis. 1. *Not of the same mind, not in agreement, at variance.* Ventis discordĭbŭs actŭs. *O.* ~ Tănăis; sententĭă. *H.* ~-ĭă armā. *V.* [† Discordans, adversŭs, infensŭs, oppŏsĭtŭs, inĭmicŭs, pugnans.] 2. *Discordant.* Symphonĭă ~. *H.* 3. *Unlike, different.* Orā sŏno ~-ĭă. *V.* [† Discordans, absŏnŭs, dissŏnŭs, discrĕpans.] Crel. Non *with*—congrŭŭs, consŏnŭs, convĕnĭens, aptŭs, concors.

DISCREPO, as, ŭi. *To differ, be different.* Nec multum discrĕpăt ætas. *V.* [† Differo, dissĭdĕo, abscedo, discedo, rĕcedo, disto, discordo, disconvĕnĭo, abludo.] Crel. Sum dissĭmĭlis, discors, discordans, dissŏnŭs.

DISCRIMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *That which is between* or *separates two things, an interval;* hence, *the parting of the hair.* (Discrimĭnă lauda. *O.*) Quos intĕr ĕt hostem Discrimen murus clausăque portā fŭit. *O.* Æquo discrimĭnĕ Pristis Centaurusque lŏcum tendunt sŭpĕrarĕ prĭorem. *V.* Leti ~-ĭnĕ parvo. *V.* [† Intervallum, spătĭum.] 2. Pl. *The different notes of the gamut.* Oblŏquĭtur nŭmĕris septem discrimĭnă vŏcum. *V.* 3. Us. Fig. *Difference, distinction.* Tros Rŭtŭlusque mĭhi nullo discrimĭnĕ ăgetŭr. *V.* [† Distantĭă.] 4. *Danger* (us. in pl.). Pĕr tŏt ~-ĭnă rerum. *V.* [† Pĕrĭcŭlum, pĕrĭclum.] *See* PERICULUM.

DISCRIMINO, as. 1. *To separate. St.* Jamque pŏtestates vărĭus discrimĭnăt ordo. *Cl.* [† Sepăro, divĭdo, distinguo.] 2. *To pick out, mark out to the eye, distinguish.* (Lucĕt vĭă făcĭbŭs) ĕt late discrimĭnăt agros. *V.* ~ vestes auro. *L.* pectŭs ostro. *Cl.* [† Vărĭo, distinguo.]

DISCRŬCIO, as. *To torment grievously.* Abfŏrĕ me a dŏmĭnæ vertĭcĕ discrŭcĭŏr. *Cat. See* CRUCIO.

DISCUMBO, is, ŭbŭi, ŭbĭtum. 1. *To go to rest, bed* (speaking of several persons). *Pl. See* CUBO. 2. *To sit down to table. O.* [† Accumbo.]

DISCUMBĬTŬR. *pass. usip. They sit down to table.* Stratoque sŭper discumbĭtŭr ostro. *V.*

DISCURRO, is, ri, sum. 1. *To run different ways, to and fro.* Discurrunt ălĭi ad portas. *V.* Septem ~-ĭt ĭn orā (Nilŭs). *V.* 2. *Pass. usip.* ˘In muros tota discurrĭtŭr urbĕ. *V. See* CURRO.

DISCURSO, as. *freq. from* Discurro. *M.*

DISCURSŬS, us. *m. A running to and fro.* Vallem discursĭbŭs implent. *O. See* CURSUS.

DISCŬS, i. *m. The quoit.* Indoctusvĕ pĭlæ, discivĕ, trŏchivĕ quĭescĭt. *H.* [† Orbis.] Ep. Latŭs, missilis, Spartanŭs. Phr. ˘Ahenæ massæ pondĕrā. P. Œbălĭ disci. Missilĕ disci pondŭs.

DISCŬTIO, is, ussi, ussum. 1. *To strike to pieces, shatter, scatter.* Tempŏrā discussit claro cāvā mallĕŭs ictu. *O.* [† Excŭtĭo, disjĭcĭo, dissĭpo.] 2. *To dispel, disperse.* Sol ~-ĭt umbras. *V.* Somnum ~-ĕ. *Pp.* [† Dispello, depello, pello, amŏvĕo, arcĕo, aufĕro.]

DISERTE. *adv. Eloquently.* Cĭcĕronĕ dĭsertĭŭs ipso. *M.* [† Facunde.]

DISERTŬS, ă, um. *Eloquent.* Fecundi cĭlĭces quem non fecerĕ dĭsertum? *H.* [† Elŏquens, facundŭs.] *See* FACUNDUS.

DISJECTO, as. *freq. of* Disjicio. *Lr.*

DISJECTŬS, us. *m. The act of dispersing.* Disjectus matĕrĭai Conseqŭĭtur Ieto. *Lr.*

DISJĬCIO, is, eci, ectum. 1. *To cast here and there, toss about, scatter;* hence, *to overthrow.* Frontem Disjĭcĭt, et sparso late rĭgăt armā crŭorĕ. *V.* ~ urbes bello. Disjectam classem. Disjectā cŏmas. *V.* [† Spargo, dispergo, dissĭpo, everto.] 2. *Fig.* ~ compŏsĭtam pacem. *V.*

DISJUNGO, is, xi, ctum. *To disunite, separate;* freq. *to unyoke.* ~ jŭvencos. *O.* ˘Itălis ~-ĭmŭr oris. *V.* [† Sepăro, divĭdo, dissŏcĭo, avello, divello, abjungo.] *See* SEPARO.

DISPAR, ăris. *abl.* ări *or* ărĕ. *Unlike, unequal.* Tam dispar ăquĭlæ cŏlumbă non est. *M.* ~-ĭbus compactā cĭcutis (fistŭlā). *V.* ~ certamĕn. *O.* [† Impar, dispărĭlis, inæqualis.] *See* DISSIMILIS.

DISPĂRĬLIS, ĕ = Dispar. Ipse et dispărĭles monstro commissŭs in artus. *Cl.*

DISPELLO, is, ŭli, ulsum (*mostly used in the perfects*). 1. *To drive hither and thither, scatter.* Quos æquŏrĕ turbo Dispŭlĕrăt. *V.* [† Disjĭcĭo, jacto, dissĭpo.] 2. Fig. *To drive away, dispel.* ~ somnos. *Sen.* [† Discŭtĭo.]

DISPENDIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Cost, expense, loss. Ter.* 2. *Fig.* ~ (*pl.*) mŏræ. *V.* vitæ. *O.* famæ. *Cl.* silvæ. *L.* (*long, round-about way*). [† Sumptŭs, impensă, jactură, damnum.]

DISPENSATŎR, ŏris. *m. A steward, housekeeper.* Prœlĭă quanta illic dispensatorĕ vĭdebis &c. *J.*

DISPENSO, as. 1. *To distribute, mete* or *portion out.* Tunc quæ dispensant mortalĭă filă sŏrores. *O.* ~ oscŭlā. *O.* [† Distrĭbŭo, divĭdo, partĭŏr, dispertĭŏr.] 2. *To regulate, dispose. J.* [† Rĕgo, gŭberno, tempĕro, dispono.]

DISPENSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* DISPENDO. *Extended.* Nŏvem dispensis jugĕrā membris Obtĭnĕăt. *Lr.*

DISPERDO, is. *To spoil, destroy, waste.* Stridenti mĭsĕrum stĭpŭla disperdĕrĕ carmĕn. *V. See* PERDO.

DISPĔRĔO, is, irĕ. 1. *To perish utterly.* Infĕrĭŏr pars horum dispĕrĭt omnis. *Lr.* Non dispĕrĕunt tŭi lăbores. *Cat. See* PEREO. 2. Dispĕrĭi! *I am lost, undone. Ter.* 3. Dispĕrĕam si *or* nĭsi. *May I die, if* &c. Dispĕrĕam si quidquam ălĭŭd quærĭtŭr. *Pp. See* VÆ.

DISPERGO, is, si, sum. 1. *To spread in different directions, scatter. V.* [† Spargo, diffundo, dissemĭno.] *See* SPARGO. 2. Fig. *To disperse, scatter.* ~ in auras (votum). *V.* [† Diffundo, dissĭpo, spargo.] *See* DISPERSUS.

DISPERSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* DISPERGO. *Dispersed, scattered.*

DISPERTIO, is (*and* DISPERTIŎR, irĭs). *To divide, distribute, separate. Lr. Pl.* [† Partĭŏr, divĭdo, distrĭbŭo.]

DISPICIO, is. *To look attentively,* see clearly, dis-

tinguish. Nĕque auras Displĭcĭunt clausæ tĕnĕbris. *V.* Et longe cunctas in partes displĭcĭendum. *Lr.* *See* Adspicio.

Displĭcĕo, es, ŭi, ĭtum. *To displease.* Pœna est, quam tanto displĭcŭissĕ vĭro. *O.* [¶ Sordĕo; *with the acc.* lædo, offendo.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud plăcĕo, non arridĕo. Sum ŏdĭo. Sum invisŭs, ingratŭs, ŏdĭosŭs, injucundŭs, mŏlestŭs, grăvis.

Displŏsŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Displodo. *Bursting open with a noise.* Sæpe ĭtă dat părĭter sŏnĭtum displosă rĕpentĕ (vesicŭlă). *Lr.*

Dispono, ĭs, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum. *To dispose, set in order.* Plenăque ŏdorati disponunt pocŭlă Bacchi. *O.* Dispŏsĭtæ cŏmæ. *O.* Dispŏsĭti ĭn turmas. *St.* [¶ Compono, ordĭno, digĕro, distribŭo.]

Dispŭdĕt. *unip. To be greatly ashamed.* Quos Vĕnĕris furtis dispŭdŭissĕ fĕrunt. *O.* *See* Pudet.

Dispŭto, as. *To discuss, debate.* Quŏd optĭmum sit, dispŭtat convivĭum. *M.* [¶ Dissĕro, discepto, ăgĭto, tracto.]

Disquiro, ĭs. *To inquire diligently, investigate.* Verum hic impransi mecum disquirĭtĕ, cur hoc. *H.* [¶ Quæro, inquiro, scrutŏr.]

Dissensio, onis. *f.* = Dissensus.

Dissensŭs, us. *m. A difference in opinion, dissent.* Dissensŭs ăcerbŭs. Sed grăvĭor consensŭs ĕrăt. *Cl.* *See* Dissentio.

Dissentio, is, si, sum. *To differ in opinion, dissent from.* Dissentĭentis condĭtĭonĭbŭs Fœdis. *H.* Dissenserĕ dĕæ. *O.* **Crcl.** Non assentio. Non prŏbo. Non plăcĕt. **Phr.** Stŭdĭa ĭn contrarĭă răpĭŏr. Discors vulgum hăbĕt sententĭă. *See* Discordia.

Dissĕpio, is, pei, ptum. *To hedge off, separate.* Limĭtĭbus dissepsĕrăt omnĭă certis. *O.*

Disseptum, i. *n. A partition.* Disseptă dŏmorum Saxĕă pervŏlĭtant voces. *Lr.* *See* Septum.

Disseptŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Dissepio. *Separated, parted off; unfenced* (the fence of which has been broken down, &c.). ~ aggĕr. *St.*

Dissĕro, ĭs, ĕrŭi, ertum. *To set forth, discourse of, discuss.* Qua de dissĕrĕre aggrĕdĭor, firmarĕ nĕcesse est. *Lr.* Verbis quæ ~-ĭs, usu ĕxpĕrĭŏr. *Cl.* [¶ Enarro, expono, dispŭto, discepto.]

Disserpo, ĭs. *To creep about, spread* (intr.). Magnoquĕ rĕpentĕ Concussu late disserpunt indĕ trĕmores. *Lr.*

Dissĭdĕo, es, edi. 1. *To be separated, be at a distance.* Quantum Hypănis Vĕnĕto dissĭdĕt Erĭdăno. *Pp.* Mărĕ dissĭdens. *Sen.* *See* Disto. Fig. 2. *To be unlike, not to suit, to be different to.* ~ ăb ingĕnio matris. *O.* Tŏgă ~-ĕt impar. *H.* [¶ Dissentio, discordo, discrĕpo, disto.] *See* Discrepo. 3. *To disagree, be at variance, war.* Hŭmĭles lăborant, ŭbi pŏtentes dissĭdent. ~ sententĭis. *Ph.* armis. *H.* Dissĭdens plebi (virtus). *H.* *See* Dissentio, Discordo.

Dissĭdĭum, ii. *n. Dissension, discord.* Dissĭdĭum vobis proximŭs annŭs ĕrĭt. *Pp.* *See* Discidium.

Dissĭlio, is, ŭi *and better* ŭi, ultum. 1. *To spring* or *burst asunder.* Dissĭlĭt omnĕ sŏlum. *O.* ~-unt særă; lŏcă. *V.* [¶ Dissulto, discedo, dĕhisco, findŏr, dirumpŏr.] 2. Fig. *To come to an end* (break up). *H.*

Dissĭmĭlis, ĕ. 1. *Unlike, different;* hence, *degenerate.* Nos quŏquĕ dissĭmĭli certamĭnă mentĕ sŭbimŭs. *O.* Longe ~ succŭs. *H.* [¶ Absĭmĭlis, dispar, diversŭs, vărĭŭs, ăllŭs, dispărĭlis, distans, discrĕpans; degĕnĕr.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud sĭmĭlis. Non idem. 2. Dissĭmĭlis sum. *To be unlike.* [¶ Differo, discrĕpo, rĕcedo, &c.] *See* Discrepo.

Dissĭmŭlantĕr. *With dissimulation.* Lecticam dŏmĭnæ dissĭmŭlantĕr ădi. *O.*

Dissĭmŭlatŏr, ŏris. *m. A dissembler.* Veri non dissĭmŭlatŏr ămorĭs. *O.* [¶ Fictŏr.] *See* Fallax.

Dissĭmŭlatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Dissimulo. 1. *Concealed, dissembled.* ~ ămŏr. *Ter.* ~-ă verbă. *O.* [¶ Sĭmŭlatŭs, falsŭs, mendax.] *See* Abditus, Fallax. 2. Tr. *Dissembling, concealing.* ~ dĕam. *O.* Vestĕ vĭrum longa ~ ĭtăt. *O.*

Dissĭmŭlo, as. *To conceal, dissemble* (feign that a thing is not, which is). Dissĭmŭlare ĭtĭam sperasti, perfĭdĕ, tantum Possĕ nĕfas. *V.* Tauro ~-antĕ dĕum. *O.* [¶ Celo, occulto, tĕgo, &c.] *See* Abdo.

Dissĭpo, as. 1. *To disperse.* Fulmĭnĕo cĕlĕres dissĭpăt orĕ cănes. *O.* ~ amplexus; auras (de hasta). *St.* [¶ Disjĭcio, dispergo, distrăho, dissolvo.] 2. *To spread on all sides.* ~ vĕnenum pĕr ossă. *O.* ardorem (de solĕ). *Lr.* [¶ Diffundo.] 3. Fig. *To drive away.* ~ curas ĕdaces. *H.* [¶ Pello, ăbĭgo.]

Dissŏcĭabĭlis, ĕ. *Keeping apart* (tr. and intr.), *permitting no intermixture with itself.* Nequidquam Dĕŭs abscĭdĭt Prudens ocĕăno dissŏcĭabĭli Terras. *H.*

Dissŏcio, as. *To sever, disjoin. H.* Dissŏcĭată lŏcis concordi pacĕ lĭgavĭt. *O.* [¶ Disjungo, sepăro, divĭdo.] *See* Separo.

Dissŏlŭendŭs, Dissŏlŭi, Dissŏlŭo, &c. *for* Dissolvendus, &c. Stamĭnă non ullĭ dissŏlŭendă dĕo. *Tib.* Ne tĕmĕre in mĕdĭis dissŏlŭantŭr ăquis. *O.*

Dissŏlutŭs, ă, um. *Untied, loosed, loose.* Lit. and fig. *See* Solutus, Nequam, Dissolvo.

Dissolvo, is, olvi, olutum. *See* Dissoluendus. 1. *To untie, disjoin, unloose, dissolve.* ~ nodos; glăcĭem (de solĕ). *Lr.* pinus grăcĭli lamna. *V. Fl.* nubĭlă (de Phœbo). *Cl.* [¶ Solvo, rĕsolvo, laxo, rĕlaxo, frango; *sts.* dilŭo, rĕmitto.] 2. *To set free.* [¶ Solvo, exsolvo, lĭbĕro.]

Dissŏnŭs, ă, um. 1. *Discordant, differing in sound* (freq. in speaking of different languages). Tam vărĭæ cultu gentes; tam dissŏnă vulgi Ŏrĭ. *L.* [¶ Discors, confusŭs.] 2. Fig. *Differing one from the other, not in accord.* ~ munĕrĭ. *O.* ritu barbărĭcis. *Cl.* cordĭ. *Sil.* [¶ Absŏnŭs, discors, discrĕpans, dissĭmĭlis.]

Dissors, ortis. *Of another sort* or *kind. O.*

Dissuadĕo, es. *To dissuade, advise against* or *from.* ~ bellum. *O.* [¶ Deterrĕo, averto, avŏco.]

Dissuasŏr, ŏris. *m. A dissuader. L.*

Dissulto, as. *freq. from* Dissilio. *To spring* or *burst asunder.* Dissultant ripæ &c. *V.* *See* Dissilio.

Dissŭo, is, ŭi, utum. *To unsew, rip.* *See* Dissutus.

Dissutŭs, ă, um. *Unsewn;* fig. *open, gaping.* Altĕrĭ dissuto pectŭs ăpertă sĭnu. *O.* *See* Apertus.

Distans, tis. 1. *Distant, far off. O.* [¶ Dissĭtŭs, rĕmotŭs, disjunctŭs, dissŏcĭatŭs.] 2. *Differing one from the other.* Stŭdĭisquĕ făvor distantĭbŭs ardĕt. *O.* [¶ Vărĭŭs, diversŭs.] *See* Dissimilis.

Distantĭa, æ. *f.* 1. *Distance.* Quin intercurrat quædam distantĭă formis. *Lr.* [¶ Spătĭum, intervallum.] 2. Fig. *Difference.* [¶ Discrimĕn.]

Distendo, is, di, tum. 1. *To stretch out, extend.* ~ brachĭă. *O.* pontem. *L.* *See* Tendo. 2. *To fill, swell out* (distend). ~ nectărĕ cellas. *V.* Distentas lactĕ căpellas. *V.* *See* Distento, Impleo. 3. Fig. *To divide, distract.* [¶ Divĭdo, distrăho.]

Disterminо, as. *To separate, divide. L.* (Terminо.) *See* T.

[nūs, ă, um. *Separated.* Audit Tartes-disterminā terris. *Sil.*
See DESTILLO.
[s, ă, um. *part. from* Distinguo. 1. *Se-* *See* DIVISUS. 2. *Varied, distinctly* or *picked out, distinguished.* Nīgram mĕ-item ~ ŭb albo. *O.* ~-as florĭbŭs her-vārĭo ~-ă lĕporē omnīā. *Lr.* [¶ Vārĭa-ūs.]
, es, ŭi. 1. *To keep at a distance, keep* . Et mārē quod late terrarum distīnĕt . [¶ Tĕnĕo.] 2. *To keep back, detain.* stem aggĕr. *V.* [¶ Tĕnĕo, rĕtīnĕo, cŏer-ĕr.]
o, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To divide, separate.* sunt, quæ nos distinguunt, millīā pas- [¶ Divīdo, sepāro.] 2. *To mark out,* ah, *give a distinguishing colour to.* ~-ĕt as rācemos. *H.* Dĭes ~-ītŭr ordīnĕ re- [¶ Discrimĭno, vārĭo.] 3. *To discern,* ah *between.* Vero ~ falsum. *H. See* DI-

1. *To be at a distance.* [¶ Absum, sejungŏr, semōvĕŏr.] **Crel.** Sum rĕ-divisūs, disūtūs. Longe sum, absum. *To be different from.* ~-ĭt flammā mā-recto. *L.* [¶ Discrĕpo, differo, absum, *See* DISCREPO.
ĭo, es. *To distort, twist.* ~ orā. *O.* ŏcū-Distortis crurĭbŭs. *H. See* TORQUEO.
ūs, ă, um. *part. See* DISTRAHO. 1. *different ways, scattered about.* Odor s in aĕrĭs auras. *Lr.* [¶ Divisūs, dif- 2. *Severed, dragged asunder.* ~ ĕquis. *V.* lsūs, discissūs.]
, is, axi, actum. 1. *To draw different ng asunder; to part, sever;* fig. *to dis-*ain ĕtĭam, quanto in partes res quæquĕ Distrāhĭtur māgis &c. *Lr.* [¶ Divellō, disjungo, abstrāhō, &c.] *See* SEPARO. ar *in pieces.* ~ gĕnas. *O.* [¶ Divellō,

o, is, i, utum. *To distribute.* Corpŏrā antūr, ĕt ad sūā sæclā rĕcedunt. *Lr.* o, dispertīŏr.]
, is, inxi, ictum. 1. *To bind different* *by several ties; to bind fast.* Rādĭlis-arum Districti pendent. *V. See* VINCIO. *To occupy fully* (painfully). Torquerĭĕr ollĭcĭtudĭnĕ districtum. *H. See* DE-.
, as. *To overthrow, demolish, destroy.* fig. Tempus disturbans dissolvensque rangīt. *Lr.* [¶ Dejĭcĭo, everto, dirŭo; nfundo.] *See* EVERTO.
ĭs. *To grow rich.* Acclpĕ quæ rātĭonē tescārē. Turdūs &c. *H.* [¶ Ditŏr, lŏ-.] **Crel.** Divĕs, lŏcūples, ŏpūlentūs fio.
divĭtĭas, rem pāro, compāro, acquiro, , assēquŏr, consēquŏr, ăcervo, congĕro, strŭo.
MBUS, i. *m. A poem in honour of Bac-*u pĕr audaces nōvā dithyrambos Verbā . *H.*
e. *is nom.*), onis. *f. Rule, power, domi-*ni mārē, qui terras omni dĭtĭonē tĕne- [¶ Pōtestas, impērĭum; *sts.* leges, jū-**Phr.** Dĭtĭonē tĕnĕo, prĕmo.
dv. (*no pos.*) *More richly. St.*
To enrich. Lit. and fig. Ditata est spŏ-ĭdā turbā mĕis. *O.* ~ sermonem pā-*V.* [¶ Lŏcūpleto, augĕo.] **Crel.** Divĭ-ĭs, fortunis, bŏnis, re augĕo, cūmŭlo.
In the day-time. Pl. [¶ Dĭe, lucĕ, in- 2. Us. *Long, for long.* Res si quā dĭu ĭs ulla est. *V.* [¶ Longum.] **Crel.** Mul-tos dĭes, annos. Longum tempŭs. 3. Jamdĭu *or* Jam dĭu. *For a long time now, from long ago.* [¶ Jam dudum, jam pridem.] *See* DIUTINUS, DIUTIUS.
DIUM, *and* DIVUM, i. *n.* 1. *The air, the sky.* 2. Sŭb dio *or* divo. *In the open air.* Sŭb dio carpĕrē somnos. *V.* Sŭb divo mŏrari; vitam ăgĕrē. *H.* **Phr.** Nudo sŭb æthĕrē (axĕ, æthĕrĭs axĕ).
DIURNUS, ă, um. 1. *Of the day.* Et nĭtŏr in tăcĭta noctē dĭurnūs ĕrāt. *O.* 2. Sts. *Lasting a day. O.*
[DIUS. *obs.*], ă, um. 1. *Divine.* Si tāmĕn in dio quondam concretā prŏfundo Spumā fŭi. *O. See* DIVINUS. 2. Us. fig. *Resembling the gods; noble, invaluable.* ~ Cāmillā. *V.* sententiā Cā-tonis. *H.* ~-æ lumĭnis auræ. *Lr.*
DIUTINUS, ă, um. *Long, of long duration.* Longum dĭutīnumque a mane ad vespĕrum. *Pl. See* DIUTURNUS.
DIUTIUS. *compar. of* Diu. *Longer, too long.* [¶ Longĭūs.] **Crel.** Nīmis *or* nīmĭum dĭu. *See* DIU.
DIUTURNUS, ă, um. *Long, of long duration.* Hæc fŏrē mortē mĕa non dĭūturnā mālā. *O.* [¶ Dĭu-tīnŭs, longŭs.] **Crel.** Longi tempŏrĭs. *See* SE-NEX, VETUS.
DIVA, æ. *f. A goddess.* Sic te divā pŏtens Cy-pri. *H.* [¶ Dĕă.] *See* DEA, DIVUS.
DIVELLO, is, elli, ulsum. *To pull asunder, tear away, part.* Illē sĭmul mānĭbus tendit divellĕrē nodos. *V.* Divelli amplexu. *V.* ~ bŏves cornu mĭnaci. *O.* [¶ Avellō, abstrāhō, disjungo, ar-cĕo, excūtĭo.]
DIVERBĔRO, as. *To strike,* (or rather) *to strike and cleave.* Sol aĕrĭas diverbĕrāt umbras. *Lr.* ~-ăt auras (sāgittā). *V.*
DIVERSORIUM, *and* DEVERSORIUM, ĭi. *n. An inn, lodging.* Mutandus lŏcūs est, et diversorĭā notā. *H.* [¶ Devertĭcūlum.]
DIVERSUS, *and anc.* DIVORSUS, ă, um. 1. *One turned* or *taking a different way, going aside.* Cur, inquit, diversūs ăbis? *V.* ~-os sensīt ĕquos. *V.* 2. *On another side, apart, separated.* ~-o ex hostē trĭumphi. *V.* [¶ Disaltūs, divisūs, rĕ-motūs.] *See* DIVISUS. Fig. 3. *At variance, estranged.* ~-os ĭtērum conjungĕrē āmantes. *Pp.* [¶ Āversūs, adversūs, oppŏsĭtūs.] 4. *Divers, different.* ~-æ curæ ănĭmum in contrarĭā vŏ-cant. *V.* [¶ Vārĭūs, contrarĭūs, dissĭmĭlis, &c.] *See* DISSIMILIS.
DIVERTICULUM. *See* DEVERTICULUM.
DIVĔS, ĭtis. *m. f. n. and subst. m.* 1. *Rich; a rich man.* Insūlā divĕs ŏpum, stūdĭisque asperrĭmā belli. *V.* ~ ăgris. *H.* āvarūs. *O.* [¶ Lŏcūples, ŏpūlentūs, prædivĕs, bĕatūs.] **Crel.** Largŭs ŏpum. Divĕs ŏpum, auri; ŏpĭbŭs, auro. Quo non ŏpū-lentĭŏr, ditĭŏr altĕr. Divĭtĭis, ŏpĭbŭs ăbundans, pŏtens, auctūs, sūperbūs. Immensas nūmĕrans ŏpes. Cultu divĭtĕ luxūrĭans. Fortunæ munĕrĭ-bŭs gaudens (spectabĭlis, divĕs). Quem res ŏpi-mæ cŏmĭtantŭr. Qui ŏpĭbŭs, auro ăbundāt. An-tiquo censu divĕs. Bĕnĕ nummatūs. **Phr.** Ar-ăbum (divĭtĭis Indiæ) thesauris ŏpūlentĭŏr. Mĭdæ gazis (Lydo auro) ditĭŏr. Ærĭs (auri) congestis ăcervis (congesto pondĕrē) divĕs. Cui totā dŏ-mūs magnis ŏpĭbŭs (regali gazā, luxu, &c.) nĭ-tēt, gaudēt. 2. *Rich, costly.* ~ cultus. *O.* [¶ Prē-tĭosūs, ŏpūlentūs.] 3. *Abundant, rich in produce.* ~ coplā flendi. *O.* Divĭtis ingĕnĭi est, dicĕrē &c. *O.* Divĭtē lingua. *H.* [¶ Fecundūs, ŭbĕr.] 4. *Comp.* Divĭtĭŏr, *and more often* Ditĭŏr, *from* Dis; *sup.* Ditissĭmūs. *See* DIS, DIVITIOR.
DIVIDO, is, isi, isum. 1. *To divide, part.* Divĭ-dĭmus muros, et mœnĭā pandĭmŭs urbĭs. *V.* [¶ Disjungo, distrāhō, sepāro, &c.] *See* SEPA-

RO. 2. *To divide, cut in two* or *more parts.* ∾ mĕdĭam frontem. *V.* [¶ Abscindo, frango.] *See* FRANGO. 3. *To divide out, distribute.* ∾ oscŭlă. *H.* vinâ. *V.* [¶ Partĭŏr, dispertĭŏr, distrĭbŭo.] 4. *To make distinct, distinguish, relieve.* (Gemmâ) fulvum ∾-It aurum. *V.* [¶ Distinguo, vărĭo.] 5. *Fig.* ∾ ănĭmum huc, illuc. *V.* carminâ. *H.* mentes; aures. *Cat.*

DIVĬDŬS, ă, um. *Divided, parted.* Quallĭ divĭdŭæ sĭmŭlantur cornŭă lunæ. *O.* [¶ Divisŭs.]

DIVINA, æ. *f. See* DIVINUS (3).

DIVINANS, tĭs. *part. See* DIVINO. Hoc ĕrăt, hoc ănĭmo quod divinantĕ tĭmebam. *O.* [¶ Divinŭs, præsagŭs.]

DIVINITŬS. *adv. By God's gift, God's providence.* Haud ĕquĭdem credo, quĭă sit divinĭtŭs illis Ingĕnĭum. *V.* [¶ Cœlĭtŭs.] **Crol.** Divino, cœlesti munĕrĕ, numĭnĕ.

DIVINO, as. 1. *To divine, to be able to read the future.* Divinare ĕtĕnim magnus mĭhĭ donăt ˘Apollo. *H.* [¶ Vatĭcĭnŏr, prædico, præsagĭo.] *See* PRÆDICO, AUGUR. 2. Tr. *To conjecture, anticipate. Sen.* [¶ Conjĭcĭo, augŭro, præsentĭo.]

DIVINŬS, ă, um. 1. *Divine, celestial.* Ludĭt ĭn humanis divinâ pŏtentĭă rebŭs. *O.* [¶ Cœlestĭs, æthĕrĭŭs.] **Crol.** Cœlo demissŭs. 2. *Divine, sacred, excellent, sublime.* ∾ pŏetă; rus. *V.* mens. *H.* [¶ Sublimĭs, egrĕgĭŭs.] 3. *Prophetic;* (and used subst.) *a diviner. m.* or *f.* Cănit ∾-o ex orĕ săcerdos. *V.* ∾-ă futuri (sententiă). Imbrĭum ∾-ă ăvĭs. *H.* Non sum divinŭs, sĕd scĭŏ &c. *M.* [¶ Vates, augŭr; *sts.* ănŭs.] *See* VATES.

DIVISŬS, ă, um. *part. See* DIVIDO. 1. *Divided, shared.* [¶ Partitŭs, distractŭs.] 2. *Divided, cut in two* or *more parts.* [¶ Divulsŭs, discissŭs.] 3. *Divided off, separated* (esp. speaking of a people or country). Toto ∾-os orbĕ Brĭtannos. *V.* [¶ Sejunctŭs, diductŭs, dissĭtŭs, rĕductŭs, rĕmotŭs, sepăratŭs; *sts.* separ.] 4. *Divided out, distributed. V. See* DIVIDO.

DIVĬTIÆ, arum. *f. pl. Riches.* Divĭtĭis hŏmĭnes an sint virtutĕ bĕati. *H.* [¶ ˘Opes, fortunæ, gazæ, thesauri, censŭs, bŏnă, aurum, argentum, pĕcunĭă, nummi, ŏpŭlentĭă.] **Ep.** Lydæ, Phrygĭæ; regales; grandes, magnæ, ingentes, immensæ, congestæ; sŭperbæ, pŏtentes; gratæ, molles; ŏpĕrosæ, mĭsĕræ, căducæ, fluxæ, fŭgaces, pĕrĭturæ; nĕfandæ. **Crol.** Auri *or* argenti pondŭs, ponderă. Auriquĕ argentiquĕ ponderă. Res dŏmi amplă. Nummorum *or* æris ăcervi. *Æs* congestum. Magnă mĕtalli congĕrĭes. Censŭs ŏpimŭs. ˘Opum făcultas. *See* DIVES, LUXUS, AVARITIA.

DIVĬTIŎR, ŭs; orĭs. *compar. of* Dives, *less used than* Ditior. Oppĭdă sunt regni divĭtĭorĭă mĕi. *O. Lr. M.*

DIVORTĬUM, *or* DEVORTĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A turn-off* (of the road), *a by-road. See* DEVORTIUM. 2. *Separation* (sp. that between man and wife). ∾-ĭă gĕmĭni ponti. *L.* Quanto planxi ∾-ĭă luctu! *Cl.* [¶ Discĭdĭum, discessĭo.]

DIVULGO, as. *To publish, spread abroad.* Divulgată vĕtus jam ad cœlum glorĭă fertur. *Lr.*

DIVŬS, ă, um. 1. *Divine.* Res divas edicĭt. *Nævi.* (*apud Non.*) Jamque omnis jam divă cĕro est. *Prud.* 2. Used subst. *A god, a goddess;* pl. *the gods.* Divĕ, quem proles Nĭŏbæă magnæ &c. *H.* O divă, gratum &c. *H.* Divum pătĕr atque hŏmĭnum rex. *V. See* DEUS, DEA, DII. 3. *A deified man* (used [much as our word Saint] of the Roman emperors after death). ∾ Julĭŭs. *O.* Augustŭs. *Sen.*

DO, das, dĕdi, dătum. 1. *To give, bestow.* Spemquĕ dĕdit dŭbĭæ mentĭ. Armă dăbunt ipsi. *V.* Non dăbĭmus certe sŏcĕrum. *O.* [¶ Dono, largĭŏr, impertĭŏr, trĭbŭo, præbĕo, suppĕdĭto, trado, annŭo, mĭnistro, subjĭcĭo, suffĭcĭo, commŏdo, præsto.] **Crol.** Munĕrĕ dono. Dono, munĕrĕ do. Do ferrĕ, hăbĕrĕ. *See* DONO. 3. *To grant, permit.* Tu das ĕpŭlis accumbĕrĕ divum. *V.* [¶ Concedo, permitto, annŭo, trĭbŭo.] 2. *To produce, cause, make.* ∾ stragĭs ăcervos; rŭinam arbŏrĭbus; nidorem. *V.* saltus. *O.* [¶ Effĭcĭo, edo.] 4. *To produce, bring forth.* ∾ arbŭtă (de silvâ); prolem. *V.* [¶ Pĕrĭo, partŭrĭo, &c.] *See* GIGNO. 5. *To send forth* (sound), *utter.* Dăt tibĭă cantum; buccĭnă signum; gĕmĭtum căvernâ. *V.* silvâ frŭgorem. *O.* **Phr.** Dărĕ sŏnĭtum, plausum, clamorem, voces, dictă, responsă. *V.* [¶ Mitto, edo.] 6. *To offer, present.* ∾ ferro pectŏrĕ; undis lătŭs (de navĕ). *V.* [¶ Præbĕo, offĕro, porrĭgo.] 7. *Used in various significations, according to the acc.;* e. g. ∾ ănĭmum, or pl. *To inspirit, encourage.* [¶ Addo ănĭmum.] *See* ANIMUS. ∾ ănĭmam. *To devote oneself to death.* [¶ Linquo (projĭcĭo) ănĭmam.] *See* MORS. ∾ vĕnĭam. *To pardon.* [¶ Concedo.] *See* IGNOSCO. ∾ aures. *To attend to.* [¶ Præbĕo (commŏdo, ădhĭbĕo) aures.] *See* AUDIO. ∾ me. *To present, show oneself.* [¶ Ostendo, præbĕo.] *See* DOR.

DŎR. *pass.* (*1st pers. obs.*), dătur, dări. 1. *To be given.* Quæ jam fortunâ dăbatŭr? Dăbĭtur, Trojanĕ, quŏd optas. Sat fatis Vĕnĕrĭquĕ dătum. *V.* Vităquĕ mancŭplo nulli dătur, omnĭbŭs usu. *Lr.* 2. *To offer, present itself.* Spumantemquĕ dări . . . optăt ăprum. *V.* [¶ Occurro, succurro, adsum, offĕrŏr.] 3. Dătur, dătum est, dăbĭtur. *imp. It is permitted. V. See* LICET.

DŎCĬO, es, ŭi, octum. 1. *To teach, instruct.* Et rerum caussas, et quid naturâ, dŏcebăt. *O.* [¶ Edŏcĕo, erŭdĭo, instĭtŭo, præcĭpĭo, formo, informo.] **Crol.** Artĭbŭs instĭtŭo, instrŭo, imbŭo, informo, erŭdĭo, orno. Artes, præceptâ trado. Artem præcĭpĭo. ˘Ad artem formo. Præceptâ aurĭbŭs, aurĭcŭlis instillo. 2. *To point out, tell, show.* ∾ ĭtĕr; nomĕn pătrĭamquĕ. *V.* [¶ Ostendo, indĭco, ăpĕrĭo, narro, pando.]

DŎCĬLIS, ĕ. 1. *One who learns with ease.* Parebit pravi dŏcĭlis Romanâ jŭventus. *H.* [¶ Căpax, aptŭs.] 2. *Docile, easy to be managed.* Equŭs ∾ freni. *Sil.* [¶ Făcĭlis, tractabĭlis; mŏnitis obtempĕrans.] Hence—3. *Sts.* = doctus *or* pĕritŭs. ∾ fingĕrĕ ceras. *St.* fallendi. *Sil.* [¶ Pĕritŭs.]

DOCTE. *Skilfully, scientifically, learnedly.* ∾ fercŭlă componĕrĕ. *J.* Doctĭŭs pingĕrĕ &c. *J.* lŏqui. *M.* [¶ Pĕrite, scite, bĕnĕ.]

DOCTŎR, orĭs. *m. A master, teacher.* Doctŏr argutæ fĭdĭcen Thălĭæ. *H. See* MAGISTER.

DOCTRINA, æ. *f.* 1. *A teaching, instructing.* Doctrinæ prĕtĭum tristĕ măgistĕr hăbĕt. *O.* [¶ Cultŭs, culturâ, præceptâ.] 2. *The instruction given; science, learning acquired.* Virtutem doctrinâ păret, naturăvĕ donĕt. *H.* [¶ Ars, disciplinâ, scĭentĭă.] *See* SCIENTIA. 3. Sts. *A particular doctrine* or *school of doctrine.* Băbŭlŏnĭcâ ∾. *Lr.* [¶ Ars, plăcĭtâ (orum).]

DOCTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Doceo. *Used adj.* 1. *One taught so as to know, one who has learnt, who knows.* Doctŭs ĕt ad căllĭcem vĭgĭlanti stertĕrĕ naso. *H.* ∾ ĭter mĕllĭŭs (amnis). *H.* [¶ Pĕrĭtŭs, sciens, prudens, consultŭs, callĭdŭs, callens.] **Crol.** Non *or* haud rŭdĭs, ignarŭs. Non nescĭŭs. 2. *Learned* (a man of letters, &c.). [¶ Erŭditŭs.] **Crol.** Non rŭdĭs. Artĭbŭs excultŭs, ornatŭs, instructŭs, imbutŭs. Musarum studĭis excultŭs. **Phr.** Pĭĕrĭs stŭdĭis pollens. Ingĕnŭis artĭbŭs (pĕr ingĕnŭas artes) excultŭs, ănĭmum excultŭs. *See* STUDIUM, ARS.

DŎCŬMENTUM, i. *n. An example, lesson;* sts. *proof.*

Et dŏcŭmentā dĭmus quæ simŭs ŏrĭgĭnĕ nati. *O.* [¶ Mŏnĭtum, præceptum; *sts.* argumentum.]

Dodona, æ, *and* **Dodone**, es. *f. Dodona, a city of Epirus, celebrated for its grove of oaks, and temple of Jupiter. C. D.* Deficĕrent silvæ, et victum Dodonā nĕgarĕt. *V.* Silvăquē Dodones. *L.* **Ep.** Vĕtŭs, antiquā, sācrā, fatĭdĭcā. **Crol.** Chaŏnæ quercus. Arbŏres præsagæ. Jŏvis augur lucŭs. Quercus carmĭnā mŏventes.

Dodonæus, *and* **Dodonicus**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Dodona.* Ingens argentum, Dodonæosquē lĕbetās. *V.* Quercus de semĭnĕ ~-æo. *O.* Dodonā quercūs. *Cl.* [¶ Chaŏnĭŭs.] *See* Dodonis.

Dodonis, ĭdis. *f. Of* or *belonging to Dodona. f.* Qua tu, Dodonĭ Thyene. *O.* ~-ĭdā terram. *O.* quercum. *V. Fl.* [¶ Chaŏnis.] *See* Dodonæus.

Dogma, ătis. *n. A formal opinion, doctrine formally taught* or *held on any subject.* Consummatiquē Cātonis Dogmātā sic sĕquĕris &c. *M.* Stoicā dogmātā. *J.* [¶ ˘Opinio, præceptā, plăcĭtā, sectā.]

Dolabra, æ. *f. A pick-axe, mattock.* Si lentus pigra muniret castrā dŏlabra. *J.*

Dolens, tis. *part. See* Doleo. 1. *Feeling bodily pain. H.* Quis mĕūs est, ulla partĕ dŏlentĕ, dŏlŏr? *O.* [¶ Ægĕr, saucĭūs.] 2. *Feeling pain of mind.* Lenirĕ dŏlentem solando. *V.* [¶ Mœstūs, mœrens, afflictūs.] *See* Mœstus, Doleo.

Dolenter. *With pain.* Dŏlentĭūs. *O.*

Doleo, es, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. Intr. *To feel bodily pain.* Vulnĕrā non ălĭter, quam mŏdŏ factā, dŏlent. *O. See* Dolor. 2. *To feel pain of mind, be afflicted.* Nostro dŏlēāsti sæpē dŏlorē. *V.* **Crol.** Sum mœstūs. Dŏlorē, dŏlorĭbūs urŏr, crŭcĭŏr, vexŏr, angŏr, ăgĭtŏr, prĕmŏr, urgĕŏr, torquĕŏr, conflĭcĭŏr, exercĕŏr. Dŏlori, luctu indulgĕo. Mœrori vāco. Me dŏlori trado. Mĭhĭ in ossĭbūs dŏlŏr exardĕt. *See* Dolor. 3. Tr. *To grieve over, lament.* ~ qm ădemptum. *O.* [¶ Indŏlĕo, ingĕmo, deflĕo, suspiro, mĭsĕrĕŏr.] 4. *To be wounded in any feeling, offended, angered.* Quum vidisti pĕdĕro donatā, dŏlebas. *V.* [¶ Indignŏr.] **Crol.** Ægre, indigne fĕro.

Dolituros, ă, um. *part. See* Doleo. O nunquam dŏlĭturi, o sempĕr Inertes! *V.*

Dolium, ĭi. *n. A large earthen vessel for wine, a cask.* Florent, et nĕbŭlæ dolĭā summā tĕgunt. *O.* [¶ Cādŭs, vas.]

Dolo, as. 1. *To hew, cut into shape, cut smooth.* Matĕrĭam lævarĕ, dŏlare, et radĕrĕ lignā. *Lr.* Prŏpĕranti falcĕ dŏlatūs. *Pp.* [¶ Rado, abrado, lævo, pŏlĭo.] 2. ~ costas, lumbos. *To cudgel, belabour.* ~ lumbos fustĕ. *H.*

Dolo, onis. *m. A short spike* or *dirk.* Pilā mānu sævosquē gĕrunt in bellā dŏlones. *V.*

Dolon, onis. *m. A Trojan, killed as a spy by Ulysses and Diomedes. C. D.* Rhesum ignavumquē Dŏlonā. *O.*

Dolopes, um. *m. pl. A people of Thessaly. C. D.* Hic Dŏlŏpum mānūs, hic sævus tendebāt ˘Achilles. *V.*

Dolor, ŏris. *m.* 1. *Pain of body.* Căpĭtis mŏdŏ fingĕ dŏlorem. *O.* [¶ Crŭciātūs, ægrĭtudo.] **Crol.** Dŏlorum morsus. 2. *Pain of mind.* Tăcĭtis dŏlorĭbūs uri. *O.* [¶ Luctūs, mœrŏr, angŏr, tristĭtĭā, mœstĭtĭā.] **Ep.** Altūs, imūs, prŏfundūs, intĭmūs, occultūs, cæcūs, mœstūs, tristĭs, ægĕr, ăcerbūs, ăcutūs, ămarūs, aspĕr, dirūs, crudelis, ătrox, fĕrūs, imprŏbūs, sævūs, ingens, vĭŏlentūs, indŏmĭtūs, impătĭens, infandūs, insanūs, fūrens, ardens; vĭgĭl, insomnis, irrequietūs, assĭdūs; mĭsĕr, infelix, anxĭūs, sollĭcĭtūs, grăvis, ingratūs. **Crol.** Tormentā dŏlorĭs. **Phr.** (Dŏlŏr) qui mentem (pectūs, ănĭmum, cordā, pectŏrā, præcordĭā) conflĭcĭt (rodĭt, ĕdĭt, est, exĕdĭt, pĕrĕdĭt, crŭcĭāt). *See* Cura, Luctus, Mœstus.

3. *Resentment, sense of injury.* Exarsĕrĕt atro fellĕ ~. *V. See* Ira.

Dolose, *See* Astute.

Dolosus, ă, um. *Crafty, deceitful.* Lăquĕosque, artesquē dŏlosas. *O.* [¶ Fallax, perfĭdūs, astutūs, callĭdūs, văfĕr, subdŏlūs, mendax, pellax, fictūs, falsūs, insĭdĭosūs, mentitūs, infidūs, mălĕfidūs.] **Crol.** Dŏli mĕdĭtātŏr, făbrĭcātŏr. Versarĕ dŏlos pĕrātūs. Dŏlis versutūs, instructūs. Blanda lingua callĭdūs. Fallĕrĕ doctūs. Dŏcĭlis fallendi. Dŏcĭlis (doctūs, *or* haud tardūs) tectos dŏlos nectĕrĕ. Doctūs callĭdā fingĕrĕ. Dŏlos versuta artē aptans.

Dolus, i. *m. Craft, fraud, deceit.* Armā dăbunt: dŏlūs an virtus, quis In hostĕ rĕquirāt? *V.* [¶ Astūs, astutĭā, fraus, fallacĭā, insĭdiæ, ars, artes, callĭdĭtas, pellacĭā, perfĭdĭā.] **Ep.** Cæcūs, arcanūs, occultūs, lātens, tectūs, tăcĭtūs, secretūs, fallax, perfĭdūs, callĭdūs, astutūs, versutūs, solers, infidūs; mălūs, imprŏbūs, iniquūs, nĕfandūs, indignūs, turpis, Inŏpinūs. **Crol.** Artes dŏlosæ. Ars subdŏlā. Mens simŭlatā, perfĭdā. Fictum pectūs. Perfĭdā cordā. Crimĭnā fraudis. Fallendi vĭæ, artes. Astutā molimĭnā. *See* Dolosus, Decipio.

Domabilis, ĕ. *One that may be subdued.* Nullaquē dŏmabĭlĕ flamma. *O.* [¶ Sūpĕrabĭlis.]

Domator, oris. *m. One who subdues.* Conversus tergā dŏmātŏr. *Tib.* [¶ Dŏmĭtŏr.]

Domesticus, ă, um. 1. *Familiar, of the household, domesticated with.* Ille ĕgo convictor, densoquē dŏmestĭcūs usu. *O.* (Bŏrĕas) orat ~. *O.* 2. *Of one's own country, national.* ~ factā (cĕlĕbrarĕ). *H.* festā. *O.* [¶ Pătrĭūs.]

Domina, æ. *f.* 1. *Mistress* or *lady of the house,* &c. Concurrunt trĕpĭdæ cŏmĭtes, dŏmĭnamquē rŭentem Excĭpĭunt. *V.* [¶ Hĕrā.] 2. *Sovereign-mistress.* ~ urbs. *O.* [¶ Dŏmĭnatrix, reginā.] *But see* Dominus, ă, um. 3. *A wife. V.; a mistress. O. See* Uxor, Amica.

Dominator, oris. *m. A master, ruler. See* Dominus.

Dominatrix, icis. *f. A mistress, ruler. f.* O magnā vasti, Cretā, dŏmĭnatrix frĕti! *Sen.* [¶ Dŏmĭnā, reginā, pŏtens.]

Dominatus, us. *m. Sovereign-power. Aus. See* Imperium.

Dominor, aris. 1. *To rule as conqueror, master, sovereign.* Victis dŏmĭnabĭtŭr Argis. *V.* ~ toti mundo. *Cl.* magna aula. *Sen.* [¶ Impĕro, regno, rĕgo, gŭberno.] *See* Impero. 2. Fig. *To be dominant, prevail.* Stĕrĭles ~-antŭr āvenæ. *V.* Pestis ~-atŭr (In urbĕ). *O.* [¶ Vĭgĕo, incumbo, glisco.]

Dominus, i. *m.* 1. *The head* or *master of a family.* Concĭdĭt in dŏmĭni procŭbŭĭtquē căput (dŏmŭs). *O.* [¶ Hĕrŭs.] **Ep.** Mitis, bŏnŭs, bĕnignŭs, clemens, făcĭlis; sĕvĕrŭs, durŭs, aspĕr, iniquŭs.] 2. *A husband* (lord and master); *sts. used of the lover. O.* ~-um Æneas In regnā rĕcĭpit. *V. See* Domina, Conjux. 3. *A lord, owner.* Clypĕi ~ septemplĭcis Ajax. *O.* [¶ Possessŏr.] 4. *A lord, sovereign.* Romanos rerum ~-os. *V.* [¶ Dŏmĭnatŏr, rectŏr, rex, arbĭtĕr, dux, tyrannŭs, pŏtens.] *See* Rex. 5. *Used with* Deus (as our 'Lord God'). ˘In ~-os jus hăbĕt illĕ dĕos. ~-o solvĕrĕ votā Jŏvi. *O. See* Deus, Christus.

Dominus, ă, um. *adj. Of* or *belonging to the master* or *sovereign; sovereign, adj.* Dŏmĭniquē vŏcat nos irā sĕnatūs. *Sil.* ~ tŏrūs. *O.* hastā. *J.* ~-æ sĕcures. *Pp.* [¶ Hĕrĭlis, pŏtens, arbĭtĕr, regĭūs.]

Domitianus, i. *m. Domitian, the Roman emperor.* Dum Janŭs hĭĕmes, Dŏmĭtĭanŭs auctum-

nos. *M.* [¶ Flavĭus, Cæsăr.] **Crol.** Calvŭs Nĕro. Titi fratĕr.

Dŏmĭtĭus, ĭi *and* i. *m. The name of several illustrious Romans. C. D.* At te Corĭni &c. Tectă tĕnent, pugnax Dŏmĭti. *L.*

Dŏmĭto, as. *freq. of* Domo. *To subdue, tame, break to the yoke.* Et prensos dŏmĭtarĕ bŏves &c. *V.*

Dŏmĭtŏr, orĭs. *m. A subduer, tamer,* &c. ∾ chĭmæræ. *O.* ŏquûm. *V.* curarum. *Sen.* [¶ Victŏr.]

Dŏmĭtrix, icĭs. *f. A subduer, tamer. f.* ∾ ˘Epĭdaurŭs ĕquorum. *V.* fĕrarum. *O.* [¶ Victrix.]

Dŏmĭtŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Domo. *Subdued, tamed.* Dentĕ prĕmunt dŏmĭto Cỹbĕlĕ frenă lŏnes. *O.* [¶ Victŭs, sŭbactŭs; *ext.* dŏcĭlĭs.]

Dŏmo, as, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To subdue, conquer.* Non anni dŏmŭerĕ dĕcem, non millĕ cărinæ. *V.* Bacchi dŏmĭtură săporem (mellă). *V* ∾ invĭdĭam. *H.* fortunam. *Cl.* spemquĕ mĕtumquĕ pectŏrĕ. *St.* [¶ Dŏmĭto, freno, sŭbĭgo, flecto, rĕprĭmo, compesco, sŭpĕro, &c.] *See* Compesco, Vinco. 2. Sp. *To tame.* ∾ tĭgrĭdes tŭmĭdosquĕ lŏnes. *O.* [¶ Flecto, mŏdĕrŏr.] **Crol.** Parcrĕ cogo. *See* Mansuefacio.

Dŏmŭs, us, *and* Dŏmŭs, i, o. *f.* 1. *A house* (as a habitation, home). Nulli certă dŏmus; lucis hăbĭtamŭs ŏpacis. *V.* Dŏmos ĕt templă. *O.* Pārĭes dŏmŭi communis ŭtriquĕ. *O.* Tectă dŏmorum. *V.* Domŭum. *O.* Clausis dŏmĭbŭs &c. *J.* [¶ Ædes (*pl.*), tectum, tectă, limĕn, limĭnă, sedes, pĕnates, lăres; *sts.* pĕnĕtrallĭă, fŏci, hospĭtĭum, præsepĕ.] **Crol.** Septă *or* tectă dŏmorum. Limĭnă sedĭs. Tecti limĕn.] 2. *A mansion,* or *rich man's residence.* [¶ Atrĭă, aulă, regĭă.] **Ep.** Ardŭă, excelsă, pulchră, magnă, amplă, sŭperbă, splendĭdă; plenă, divĕs, ŏpŭlentă. **Phr.** Phrỹgĭis cŏlumnis innixă *or* fultă. Regali luxu sŭperbă. Centum cŏlumnis ardŭă (amplă, pendens, sese attollens). Fŏrĭbus sŭperbis insignis. Auratis lăquĕarĭbŭs nĭtens. *See* Regia. 3. *A poor man's house.* [¶ Căsă, tŭgŭrĭum.] **Crol.** De canna (de stramĭnĕ *or* stramĭnĭbŭs) dŏmŭs. *See* Casa. 4. Fig. *A household. family.* ∾ castă. *V.* nobĭlĭtatĕ clarā. *O.* [¶ Fămĭlĭă; *sts.* gens.]

Donarĭa, orum. *n. pl. That particular part of the temple where the offerings were kept;* hence, *offering* (not found in sing.). Impărĭbŭs (uris) ductos alta ad donarĭă currus. *V.* ∾ mănĭbŭs puris contingĕrĕ. *O.* gemmis splendent. *L.*

Donatŏr, orĭs. *m. Sen. See* Dator.

Donatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Dono. 1. *One presented with a gift.* Nemo ex hoc nŭmĕro mĭhĭ non donatŭs ăbĭbĭt. *V.* **Crol.** Dono ornatŭs. Donis cŭmŭlatŭs. 2. *Given.* [¶ Dătŭs.]

Donĕc. 1. *Until.* Sessuri, donec cantor, vos plaudĭtĕ, dicăt. *H.* [¶ Dum.] **Crol.** Usquĕ donĕc. *H.* Usquĕ dum. *Cat.* Usquĕ ădĕo donĕc. *Ter.* Quum tandem. 2. *As long as.* Donec ĕris felix &c. *H.* [¶ Dum, quamdĭu.]

Dono, as. 1. *To present a person with a gift* (abl. of thing given; *to gift him* with it). Hac te nos frăgĭli donabĭmŭs antĕ cĭcuta. *V.* Laurĕa donandŭs ˘Apollĭnari. *H.* [¶ Orno, augĕo, munĕro, munĕrŏr.] 2. *To give, make a present of* (acc. of thing given). Hectŏrĕ donavit Prĭămo (˘Achilles). *O.* ∾ pătĕras. *H.* [¶ Do, largĭŏr, impertĭŏr, trĭbŭo, trado.] **Crol.** Dono do. Do munŭs. Munĕrĕ dono, bĕo. Munĕrĭbŭs, donis orno, cŭmŭlo, ŏnĕro. Munĕrĕ confĕro. 3. *To give, deliver up.* ∾ me tĭbĭ. *O.* prædam flammis. *Sil.* pŏpŭlo aures. *Pers.* [¶ Do, trado.] 4. *To forgive, pardon.* ∾ culpam prĕcĭbŭs. *O.* nĕfas. *L.* pătrĭæ iram. *Sil.* [¶ Condono, rĕmitto.] *See* Ignosco.

Donum, i. *n.* 1. *A gift, a present.* Te pŏtĭus quam *tŭă donă sĕquăr. O.* [¶ Munŭs, dătum; *sts.* munuscŭlum.] **Ep.** Ingens, prĕtĭosum, magnifĭcum, amplum, divĕs, largum, ŏpŭlentum, egrĕgĭum, splendĭdum, præclarum, solennĕ, regalĕ, regĭum, gratum, acceptum, dulcĕ; vilĕ, tĕnŭĕ, parvum, exĭgŭum. *See* Dono. 2. *A prize in games.* Qui donum adstabăt pugnæ. *V.* [¶ Præmĭum.] 3. *An offering.* ∾ templis fĕrebăt. *O.*

Dorcăs, ădĭs. *f. A doe, a gazelle.* Delĭcĭum parvo donabis dorcădă nato. *M.*

Dorĭcŭs, ă, um (Δωρικός). *Dorian;* us. *Greek.* Et Dorĭcă castrā. *V.*

Dorĭs, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Doris, a sea-nympha. C. D.* Dorĭdăque et natas tĕpĭdis lăttŭissĕ sub antris. *O.* 2. *The sea itself.* Dorĭs ămarā stŭam non intermiscĕăt undam. *V. O. See* Mare. 3. *The name of a country. C. D.* 4. *Used adj. Sen.*

Dorĭŭs, ă, um. *Dorian, Grecian.* Hac Dorĭum, illis barbărum (mŏdum). *H.*

Dormĭo, is, ivi *or* ĭi, itum. *To sleep.* In mĕdĭos dormirĕ dĭes. *H.* [¶ Dormito, quĭesco, rĕquĭesco.] **Crol.** Somnum (somnos, sŏporem) carpo, căpĭo, duco, pĕto, concĭpĭo, rĕcĭpĭo, ŏcŭlis indulgĕo. Sŏporĕ *or* somno—jăcĕo, prĕmŏr, frŭŏr, sternŏr, vincŏr, me sterno, membrā rĕsolvo, lumĭnā claudo, declino. Somno indulgĕo, succumbo. Quĭeti corpŭs (corpŏrā, membrā, artus) do, demitto, mando. Do horas (noctem) somno. Sŏporĕ membrā *or* corpŭs lĕvo (laxo, rĕfŏvĕo, rĕfĭcĭo). ˘In somnum labŏr (solvŏr, solvuntŭr lumĭnā, corpŭs rĕsolvo). Somnŭs *or* sŏpŏr—artus rĭgăt (irrĭgăt, complectĭtŭr, occŭpăt, ligăt, allĭgăt, solvĭt, laxăt);—corpŏrā tĕnĕt *or* hăbĕt;—ŏcŭlos *or* lumĭnā sŭbĭt (vincĭt, condĭt, tĕgĭt, ŏpĕrĭt, prĕmĭt, urgĕt);—in artus labĭtŭr;—me excĭpĭt. **Phr.** 1. *Of sleep.* Somnŭs altŭs (gratŭs, blandŭs, plăcĭdæ morti sĭmillĭmŭs)—jăcentes prĕmĭt;—membrā rĕfŏvĕt;—victis ŏcŭlis furtim subrepĭt;—fessos in artus insĭdĭosŭs subrepĭt;—pectŏrā curis fessā hăbĕt *or* solvĭt;—lassos ŏcŭlos submittĭt, *or* lumĭnā demittĭt;—membrā dulci sŏporĕ vincĭt;—languentĭă (fessā) lumĭnā (*or* labentes ŏcŭlos) prĕmĭt (occŭpăt, tĕgĭt);—quĭetem pĕr membrā dăt (fundĭt, irrĭgăt);—cordā lăborum oblĭtā componĭt (laxăt);—ŏcŭlis quĭetem irrorăt;—jucundis alis fessos hŏmĭnes impellĭt. 2. *Of one asleep.* Mitem sŏporem (plăcĭdi somni munĕrā, otĭă) projectŭs concĭpĭt (accĭpĭt, căpĭt). Fessis ŏcŭlis somnum admittĭt. Lumĭnā somno mergĭt. S. lassatas vires sumĭt; s. curas fallĭt; s. vitæ oblivĭa ducĭt. Noctĭs sŏporĭfĕræ donā haurĭt. ˘Ablĭt in somnum grăvĭs. Languĭdā illi membrā—effuso sŏporĕ quĭescunt;—somno cedunt;—tŏro quĭescunt. Lumĭnā plăcĭdo somno victā jăcent. *See* Somnus.

Dormito, as. *freq. of* Dormio. *To sleep, slumber, be drowsy.* Lit. and fig. Quandoquĕ bŏnus dormităt Hŏmĕrŭs. *H.*

Dorsum, i. *n.* 1. *The back.* Exŭvĭæ per dorsum a vertĭcĕ pendent. *V.* [¶ Tergum; *sts.* costæ.] 2. *An elevated ridge of rock, mountain,* &c. Dorsum immanĕ mări summo (saxă). *V.* [¶ Tergum.] *See* Mons.

Dos, otis. *f. and sts. pl.* 1. *Dowry, marriage portion.* Hoc dĕcĕt uxores; dos est uxorĭă lites. *O.* Quæsitas sanguĭnĕ dotes. *V.* **Ep.** Divĕs, amplă, grandĭs; pătĕrnă, maternă. *See* Doto, as. 2. Pl. and sts. sing. *Natural gifts, advantages,* &c. ∾ orĭs. Ingĕnĭĭ dotes. *O.* [¶ Virtus, ars.] **Ep.** Egrĕgĭæ, pulchræ, ingĕnŭæ. **Crol.** Corpŏrĭs *or* ănĭmi bŏnă.

Dotalĭs, ĕ. *Brought in dowry.* Est mĭhĭ fecundus dotalĭbŭs hortŭs in agris. *O.*

Dotatŭs, ă, um. 1. *Endowried, bringing dowry.* Nec dotată rĕgit vĭrum conjux. *H.* 2. Fig. *Endowed, gifted. O.* [¶ Prædĭtŭs.]

Doto, as. *To endow* (give dowry to). Sangulnĕ

Trojano et Rūtŭlo dotabĕrĕ, virgo. *V.* **Crol.** Dotem do, fĂcĭo, confĭcĭo. Doti do. ˘In dotem do, confĕro. ˘In dotem accĭpĭo, hăbĕo. Dotis nomĭnĕ accĭpĭo.

Drăco, onĭs. *m. A dragon, large winged serpent; a serpent.* Pomăquĕ ăb insomni mălĕ custoditĕ drăconĕ. *O.* [¶ Serpens, anguis.] *See* Serpens.

Drăconĭgĕnă, æ. *m. f. Serpent-born.* Inquŏ drăconĭgĕnam nimbis cŏmĭtantĭbŭs urbem (Thebas). *O.* [¶ Serpentĭgĕnă.]

Drĕpănum, i. *n. and* **Drĕpănă,** orum. *n. pl. Sil. A town of Sicily. C. D.* Hinc Drĕpăni me portŭs ĕt illætabĭlis ŏrā &c. *V.*

Drŭĭdæ, arum. *m. pl. and* **Drŭĭdĕs,** um (*Cæs.*). *The Druids, ancient priests of Britain and Gaul.* Moremque sĭnistrum Sacrorum, Drŭĭdæ, pŏsĭtis rĕpĕtĭstis ăb armis. *L.*

Drusŭs, i. *m. The name of several illustrious Romans.* Pŏpŭlarĭă nomĭnă Drusos. *L.*

Drȳăs, ădis. *f.* **Drȳădĕs,** um. *pl. A Dryad; the Dryads, nymphs of the woods.* Sæpĕ sŭb hac lăttŭit rustĭcă frondĕ Drȳăs. *M.* Intĕrĕa Drȳădum silvas saltusquĕ sĕquamŭr. *V.* [¶ Hămădrȳădes, Năpææ.] **Ep.** Semĭdĕæ; silvestres, silvĭcŏlæ, errantes, ăgrestes; formosæ, pulchræ, vĕnustæ; tĭmĭdæ. **Crol.** Drȳădĕs pŭellæ. Nĕmŏrum dĕæ, nymphæ. Nymphæ silvĭcŏlæ. *See* Nymphæ.

Dŭbĭto, as. 1. *To doubt.* Ne dŭbĭta, nam verā vĭdes &c. *V.* [¶ Ambĭgo, hærĕo, hæsĭto, fluctŭo; *sts.* nescĭŏ, ignoro.] **Crol.** Dŭbĭŭs sum, hærĕo. ˘In dŭbĭo. In ambĭgŭo sum, sto, hærĕo. ˘Anĭmo dŭbĭo, mentĕ incerta fluctŭo, nuto, pendĕo, hærĕo. Mĭhĭ dŭbĭum est. ˘Anĭmŭs *or* mens—hærĕt (pendĕt, titŭbăt);—hærĕt ĭn ambĭgŭo;—In contrarĭă fertŭr;—partes fertŭr ĭn omnes. ˘Anĭmi dŭbĭŭs sum. Dubĭă mĭhĭ sententĭă est. Vărĭos sensus ăgĭto. Vărĭi sensus pectŏrĕ *or* ănĭmo vertuntŭr. Incertus fĕrŏr. ˘Anĭmum pĕr omnĭă (in contrarĭă, huc illuc, pĕr vărĭas partes) verso, divĭdo, răpĭo. **Phr.** *Of the mind in doubt.* Mens (ănĭmŭs) anceps incerto errorĕ (dŭbĭis affectĭbŭs, in dŭbĭo) flŭĭtăt (văgatŭr, lăbăt, errăt, ăgĭtăt). Mens &c.—In vărĭos cursus ăbĭt;—vărĭis fluctĭbŭs ăgĭtŭr;—secum pugnăt;—dŭbĭos eventus volvĭt;—In dŭbĭo stăt. *See* Dubium. 2. *To hesitate.* ~ virtutem extendĕrĕ factis. *V.* ferrĕ quŏd illĕ tăĭlĭt. *O.* [¶ Mŏrŏr, cunctŏr; *sts.* tĭmĕo, nolo, detrecto.] 3. With acc. *To consider a matter.* Percĭpĕ quĭd ~em. *V.* [¶ Cogĭto, volvo, mĕdĭtŏr.]

Dŭbĭum, ĭi. *n.* (Dŭbĭŭs.) 1. *A doubt, a thing doubtful.* 2. Dŭbĭum est, *or abs.* Dŭbĭum; in dŭbĭo est. *It is doubtful.* ˘An prosint, dŭbĭum. *O.* Quo cădăt, in dŭbĭo est. *V.* [¶ Ambĭgŭum *or* in ambĭgŭo est, jăcĕt, mănĕt; ambĭgĭtŭr. ˘In incerto est *or* sĭtum est; in ancĭpĭti lŏco sĭtum est. Non lĭquĕt, non appărĕt. Non bĕnĕ compertum. Scirĕ nĕfas. ˘In dŭbĭum vĕnĭt, mănĕt.] 3. Sĭnĕ dŭbĭo. Prŏcŭl dŭbĭo *or* dŭbĭo prŏcŭl. *Without doubt. Lr. See* Certo.

Dŭbĭŭs, ă, um. 1. *One who doubts, irresolute.* Spemquĕ mĕtumque inter dŭbĭŭ, seu vivĕrĕ credant &c. *V.* [¶ Incertŭs, anceps, suspensŭs, dŭbĭtans, vărĭŭs, alternans.] **Crol.** ˘Anĭmi dŭbĭŭs. Consĭlĭi inops. Incertŭs ănĭmi. *See* Dubito, Dubium. 2. *Doubtful, that which is not sure, uncertain.* ~ cœlum. *V.* Haud ~ mors. *V.* Non ~-i sŏdales. *O.* [¶ Incertŭs, dŭbĭtandŭs, dŭbĭtabĭlis, obscurŭs.] **Crol.** Non clarŭs, non certŭs, non mănĭfestŭs. 3. *Not to be trusted, dangerous.* ~ mărĕ. *O.* mons ascensu. *Pp.* [¶ Pĕrĭcŭlosŭs, mălĕfĭdŭs, non tutŭs.] 4. Sts. *One in danger.* Œtălĭă ~-um căpŭt ĕrĭpĭt artĕ. *V. Fl.* ~-am rĕgĕ, navĭtă, pinum. *O.* 5. *With the gen.* ~ vitæ. *O.* fŭgæ; pugnæ. *L.* 6. Dŭbĭă cœnă. *A cœna, at which the great number of dishes makes choice difficult. H. Aus.* 7. Dŭbĭă res, Dŭbĭæ res, *or* Dŭbĭă, orum. *n. pl. A critical, perilous state of things.* Defĭcĭĕrĕ ĭn ~-is rebŭs. *V.* Mens ~-is percussă păvĕt. *L. See* Periculum.

Dŭcēni, *and* **Dŭcēnti,** æ, ă. *Two hundred.* Quam dotis mĭhĭ quinquĭes dŭcenă. *M.* ˘In hora sæpĕ dŭcentos Ut magnum, versus dictabat. *H.* [¶ Bis centum.]

Dŭcēntĭes. (Dŭcenti.) *Two hundred times. M. Cat.*

Duco, is. xi, ctum. 1. *To precede as conductor, guide; lead as head.* Talesquĕ prĕmentem Cordĕ mĕtus ducit, fĂcĭlem tămĕn, Æsŏnă conjux. *V. Fl.* ~ pompam. *O.* chŏros. *H.* [¶ Præsum, præcedo, præĕo *or* præsĭdĕo.] **Crol.** Sum dux, prævĭŭs. *See* Præcedo. 2. *To conduct, fetch, bring.* Duc ăgĕ, duc ăd nos. *V.* [¶ ˘Ago, adduco, deduco, dirĭgo, rĕgo.] Fig. 3. *To pass* (time). ~ ætatem. *H.* horas. *V.* otĭă. *O.* [¶ ˘Ago, consumo, tĕro.] 4. *To draw, draw out.* Lit. and fig. ~ ensem vagina. *Sil.* funem. *H.* suspirĭă pectŏrĕ. *O.* vultus de marmŏrĕ; gĕnŭs. *V.* [¶ Trăho, educo.] 5. *To derive, acquire.* ~ frigŭs ăb umbra. *O.* ~-it cŏlorem (uvă). *V.* ŏpes ănĭmumquĕ ferro (ilex). *H.* [¶ Trăho, concĭpĭo, accĭpĭo.] 6. *To draw out in length, prolong.* ~ amores ĭn longum. *V.* mŏram. *Pp.* [¶ Produco, protrăho, diffĕro.] 7. *To charm, captivate; take in, deceive.* ~-it te spĕcĭes, vĭdĕo. *H.* ~ ămantem promissis. *Pp.* [¶ Căpĭo, trăho, mulcĕo, impello; induco, seduco, fallo, decĭpĭo.] *See* Decipio. 8. *To form, fashion.* ~ nativum arcum tofis. *O.* [¶ Effĭcĭo, fingo, formo.] 9. *To think, consider, judge.* Sic ĕquĭdem ducebam ănĭmo, rebarquĕ fŭturum. *V. See* Puto.

Ductĭlis, ĕ. *Ductile, that admits of being drawn out* or *forth from the mass* (used of metal or water). Rīgŭæ ductĭlĕ flumĕn ăquæ. *M.*

Ductŏr, ōris. *m.* 1. *A guide, leader. V. See* Dux. 2. ~ navĭs. *A pilot.* ~ Rhŏdĭæ classis. *O.* Lȳcĭæ c. *V. See* Gubernator.

Ductŭs, us. *m.* 1. *The act of leading, commanding. Pl.* [¶ Impĕrĭum, auspĭcĭum.] 2. *The act of carrying off, bringing away.* Est ductu captă pŭellă mĕo. *O.* 3. *The act of drawing out in length, constructing; a construction;* and hence, fig. *a trailing out, length of trail.* Portĭcŭs æquali ~-u. *Lr.* Insŏlĭto contexunt robŏrĕ ~-u. *L.* Vellĕrĕ tŏt spiris tŏt ~-ibŭs implĕt (drăco). *V. Fl.* 4. *The mode of cutting and shaping the block of stone,* &c. Artĭfĭcum vĕtĕrum cognoscĕrĕ ductus. *St.*

Dudum, *and* **Jam dudum** *or* **Jamdudum.** 1. *Some time since, lately, but lately.* Ipsa ĕgŏmet Bĕrŏen dudum digressă rĕliqui. *V.* [¶ Nupĕr, antĕ, prĭŭs.] 2. Us. *Long, long since, for a long time now.* [¶ Pridem, olim, quondam, jampridem *or* jam pridem, jam dĭu.] **Crol.** Jam longum tempŭs. Longo jam tempŏrĕ. Longo post tempŏrĕ. 3. *Used of the instant future,—at once, instantly.* ~ sumĭtĕ pœnas. *V.* utĕrĕ gĕnĕroso sanguĭnĕ . . . nullă mŏrā est. *O.* [¶ Ocŭlis, quamprimum, mox, brĕvi.] *See* Brevi.

Dŭellum, i. *n.* = Bellum. *War;* hence, *a battle.* Pacem dŭello miscŭĭt. *H.* ~ Tuscum. *O. See* Bellum, Pugna.

Dŭĭlĭŭs, *or* **Dŭellĭŭs,** ĭi. *m. The Roman consul who first conquered the Carthaginians at sea.* Exŭvĭas Marti demumquĕ Dŭĭlĭŭs alto Ante omnes, mersa Pœnorum classĕ, dĭcăbăt. *Sil.*

Dulcĕ. *n. used adv. Sweetly.* ~ ridentem; lŏquentem. *H.* vagĭentem; rŭbens. *St.* Vŏlŭĕres dulcĭŭs cănunt. *Pp.* [¶ Suavĕ, suavĭtĕr.]

Dulcēdo, ĭnis. *f. Sweetness.* Nescĭo qua præter

sōlĭtum dulcedĭnĕ læti. *V.* [¶ Delĭcĭæ, vŏluptas, gaudĭum.] *See* VOLUPTAS.

DULCĬFĔR, ă, um. *Sweet.* Dulcĭfĕræ fici lactantes ubĕrĕ toto. *Enn.*

DULCĬLŎQUUS, ă, um. *Sweetly speaking.* Dulcĭlŏquos cālāmos Euterpe flatĭbŭs urgĕt. *Aus.*

DULCIS, ĕ. 1. *Sweet, pleasant* (to the taste). Intŭs ăquæ dulces. *V.* Dulcĭŏr illo Mellĕ &c. *O.* [¶ Suavis, mitis.] Fig. 2. *Pleasant* (to the heart), *dear.* ∾-es Musæ. *V.* ∾-ĕ nomĕn pătris. *Cl.* dĕcus mĕum. *H.* Dulcissĭmĕ rerum. *H.* [¶ Gratŭs, jucundŭs, dilectŭs, carus, ămicŭs.] 3. Dulcĕ. *used adv. See* DULCE. 4. Pl. n. *Pleasures of life. See* GAUDIA.

DULĬCHĬUM, ĭi. *n. An island of the Ionian Sea belonging to Ulysses.* Nec mihĭ Dulĭchĭum dŏmŭs est. *O.*

DULĬCHĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Dulichium, to Ulysses.* Sic a Dulĭchĭo jŭvĕnĭs est clusă Cālypso. *Pp.*

DUM. 1. *While, during the time that.* Prĭămi dum regnă mănĕbant. *V.* [¶ Quum, donĕc, quando.] 2. *Until.* Delĭtŭi dum velă dărent. *V.* [¶ Donĕc.] *See* D. 3. *So that, provided that. V.* [¶ Dummŏdo, mŏdo, si.]

DUMETUM, i. *n. A brake, thicket.* Ter centum nĭvĕi tondent dumĕtă jŭvĕnci. *V.* [¶ Spinetum, rŭbetum.] **Crcl.** Dumosă, spinosă lŏcă. Lŏcŭs, campŭs, saltŭs, mons spinosŭs, dumosŭs, spinis aspĕr, horrens, consĭtŭs. Tergă spinosi jŭgi. Saxă dumis hirtă, rĭgentĭă. *See* DUMOSUS.

DUMMŎDŎ. *Provided that.* Dummŏdŏ pugnando sŭpĕrem, tu vincĕ lŏquendo. *O.* Dum sŭă sit mŏdŏ tută sălus. *V. Fl.* [¶ Dum, mŏdŏ, ŭt, si.] *See* DUM.

DUMOSUS, ă, um. *Bushy, thick-set with brushwood,* &c. Dumosa penderĕ prŏcul de rupĕ vĭdebo. *V.* [¶ Spinosŭs, aspĕr, spinĭfĕr.] **Crcl.** Spinis (dumis, rŭbis, sentĭbŭs, vĕprĭbŭs) aspĕr (horrens, horrĭdŭs, hirtŭs, consĭtŭs, obsĭtŭs, plenŭs, densŭs).

DUMTAXĂT, *or* DUNTAXĂT. *Only.* Denĭquĕ sit quodvis simplex dumtaxăt ĕt unum. *H.* [¶ Tantum, solum, tantummŏdo.]

DUMUS, i. *m. A bush; any thorny, rough shrub.* Horrentesquĕ rŭbos ĕt ămantes ardŭă dumos. *V.* Silvă ∾-is horrĭdă. *V.* [¶ Rŭbŭs, sentes, spinæ, vĕpres, dumetum.] **Ep.** Silvestrĭs, avĭŭs, impervĭŭs; aspĕr, ăcutŭs, hirsutŭs, horrens, horrĭdŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, spinosŭs, hamatŭs, mordax; densŭs, umbrosŭs; stĕrĭlis. *See* DUMETUM.

DŬŌ, æ, o. *gen.* dŭorum, arum. *dat.* dŭobŭs, abŭs. *acc.* dŭos *or* dŭŏ, dŭas, dŭŏ. 1. *Two.* Fudĭt hŭmi, dŭŏ lactĕ nŏvo, dŭŏ sanguĭnĕ sacro (carchesĭă). *V.* Dŭŏ si tales ldĕă tŭlissĕt Terrā vĭros. *V.* Aufĕrăt horă dŭos ĕădem. *O.* [¶ Bini, gĕmĭnŭs *or* gĕmĭni, dŭplex: *sts.* ambo.] 2. ? Dŭo (δύω). Eccĕ dŭas tĭbĭ, Daphnĭ, dŭoque altarĭă Phœbo. *V.* (*Servius appears to have read* duas. *This is the only instance of the* o *long in Virgil out of more than twenty passages in which it occurs.*) Europamque ˘Aslamquĕ, dŭo vel maxĭmă terræ Membrā. *Aus.*

DŬŎDĔCIM. (Dŭŏ dĕcem.) *Twelve.* [¶ Dŭŏdeni, æ, ă.] **Crcl.** Bis sex, bis seni.

DŬŎDĔCĬMUS, ă, um. (Dŭŏ dĕcĭmŭs.) *The twelfth.* (Dŭŏ *is used by synizesis as one long syllable in Argum. Æn. in Anthol.* Duodĕcĭmo Turnus divinis occĭdĭt armis.) **Crcl.** Altĕr ăb undĕcĭmo.

DŬŎDENI, æ, ă. *Twelve.* Quum sol dŭŏdenă pĕrcgĭt Signă. *O.* [¶ Bis seni.]

DŬPLEX, *and* DUPLEX, ĭcis. 1. *Double.* Bacchatum; et dŭplĭcem gemmis auroquĕ cŏronam. *V.* Et nux ornabat mensas cum duplĭcĕ ficu. *H.* [¶ Gĕmĭnŭs.] 2. *Two.* ∾-es tendens palmas. *V.* [¶ Gĕmĭni, dŭo; *sts.* ambo.] 3. *Folded in two.* ∾-es tăbellæ. *O.* [¶ Dŭplĭcatŭs.] 4. Fig. *Double-tongued, deceitful* (διπλοῦς). ∾ ˘Ulysses. *H.* [¶ Mendax, fallax, dŏlosŭs.]

DŬPLĬCĬTĔR. *Doubly.* Duplĭcĭter nam vis venti contrudĭt &c. *Lr.* [¶ Bis, dŭplo.]

DŬPLĬCO, as. 1. *To double, increase, enlarge.* Et sol crescentes decedens duplĭcăt umbras. *V.* ∾ quadrantem. *M.* [¶ Condŭplĭco, gĕmĭno, augĕo.] 2. *To double up, bend together, fold in two.* ∾ vĭrum dŏlorĕ (de hasta). *V.* [¶ Curvo, incurvo, flecto.]

DURABĬLIS, ĕ. *Durable.* Quod cărĕt alterna rĕquĭe, durabĭlĭ non est. *O.* [¶ Dŭrŭturnŭs, stăbĭlis, firmŭs, mansurŭs.] *See* FIRMUS.

DURE. *adv.* (Durŭs.) 1. *Uncouthly, clumsily, coarsely.* ∾ dicĕrĕ. *H.* inceděrĕ. *O.* [¶ Aspĕre *or* grăvĭtĕr.] 2. *Severely. See* DURITER.

DURESCO, is. *To grow hard.* Et seguem pătĭerĕ sĭtu durescĕrĕ campum. *V.* [¶ Induresco, obduresco, durŏr, rĭgĕo, rĭgesco, adstringŏr, concresco.] *See* DUREO, GELOR.

DURĬTĔR. 1. *Hardly, not softly; uncouthly.* [¶ Dure, grăvĭtĕr.] 2. Fig. *Harshly, severely; hardily* (as to mode of life). Factum a vobis ∾. *Ter.* [¶ ˘Acerbe, aspĕre, rĭgĭde, sĕvere.]

DURĬTĬĂ, æ, *and* DURĬTĬES, ei. *f.* 1. *Hardness;* and fig. *harshness.* Durĭtĭa pellis vălĭdos cūtĕ reppŭlĭt ictus. Ponĕrĕ durĭtĭĕm &c. *O.* [¶ Rigŏr, sævĭtĭă, &c.] *See* S. 2. *Hard living. Pl.*

DŬRIUS, ĭi. *m. A river of Portugal, now the Douro.* Hinc certant, Pactolĕ, tĭbi Dŭrĭusquĕ Tăgusquĕ. *Sil.* [¶ Durĭă.]

DURO, as. 1. *To harden, make hard.* Lit. and fig. Rectĭŭs Albanam fumo duravĕrĭs uvam. *H.* Partem lĭquĕfactă cŏagŭlă durant. *O.* [¶ Induro, adstringo, constringo, prĕmo; *sts.* sicco, densĕo; *fig.* firmo, confirmo.] 2. Tr. and intr. *To endure, hold out, hold out against; become hardened.* ∾-atĕ ĕt vosmĕt servatĕ rebŭs sĕcundis. *V.* ∾ quemvis lăborem. *V.* æquŏr (de navĕ). *H.* fĕrendo. *O.* [¶ Fĕro, perfĕro, tŏlĕro, sustĭnĕo.] 3. *To last, continue a long time.* Tŏtĭdem ∾ pĕr annos. *V.* Troja ∾-antĕ. *O.* [¶ Sto, persto, mănĕo, permănĕo.] 4. *Sts. with inf.* ∾ vivĕrĕ. *L.* [¶ Sustĭnĕo.]

DURUS, ă, um. 1. *Hard to the touch.* Pellis ĕt ad tactum tractanti durā rĕsistĭt. *V.* ∾ vomĕris dens; sĭlex. *V.* [¶ Edurŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, sŏlĭdŭs, aspĕr; *sts.* ădămantĭnŭs, ferrĕŭs, scăbĕr.] 2. *Harsh to the taste.* ∾-um bacchi dŏmĭturā sĭporem. *V.* [¶ Aspĕr, acĕr, rĭgĭdŭs.] Fig. 3. *Hard, fatiguing, painful; grievous to be borne.* ∾ lăbŏr. *V.* bellum; venatŭs. *O.* fortunā. *V.* [¶ Grăvis, ŏpĕrosŭs, difficĭlis, ardŭŭs.] 4. *Hard, hardened to labour, capable of enduring.* ∾ ăgrestĭs; ăratŏr. *V.* ∾-i Dardănĭdæ; Scipĭădæ. *V.* ∾-ă messorum illĭă. *H.* [¶ Lăborĭosŭs, pătĭens.] 5. *Hard, uncouth.* ∾ versŭs. *H.* [¶ Rŭdĭs, incompŏsĭtŭs.] 6. *Hard, cruel, pitiless.* ∾-i Ditis. *V.* [¶ Aspĕr, rĭgĭdŭs, sævŭs, crudelis, immitis, &c.] **Phr.** *Of the hard-hearted, cruel man.* Fĕrŭs ĕt vere ferrĕŭs. Lăcrĭmis difficĭlĭs. Saxo (ferro, chălÿbĭ, annosa quercu) durĭŏr. Saxis (scŏpŭlis, robŏrĕ) natŭs. Tĭgrĭdĕ (de tĭg.) natŭs. Æquorĭbŭs surdĭŏr. Feta ursa (angŭ hŭmi pressa *or* calcata) immitĭŏr. Lactĕ fĕrĭno nutritŭs. Cui ĭn cordĕ sĭlex. Qui nullas voces audĭt; nullis flectĭbŭs mŏvetŭr; ferro cordă durăt (vincĭt); montes (robŏră, ădămantă) durĭtĭa sŭpĕrăt (vincĭt). Hunc Scyllă vŏrax (vastă Chărybdĭs, horrendă Syrtĭs, Scythĭæ tellus, præruptŭs ˘Athŏs, horrens Caucăsŭs) tulĭt, gĕnŭĭt. Hunc robŏră saxis innată progĕnŭĕrunt. Hunc nullă dĭes (plĕtas) mitigăt. Huic fĕrā Caspĭă (Hyrcanā tĭgrĭs, sævă lĕænā) uberā præbŭĭt, admovĭt. Huic pectŭs (pectŏrā)

ferri semĭnā habēt. Huic pectŏrā ferro (ādāmantē) essē credas.

Dux, ŭcis. *m. f.* 1. *A guide, leader.* Dux grēgis ipsē căpēr. Dux femĭnā facti. *V.* Cum dūcē Cumæa. *O.* [† Ductŏr.] 2. Sp. *A commander, chieftain.* At Rŭtŭlo regi dūcĭbusque ĕā mirā vĭdēri. *V.* [† Ductŏr, impĕrātŏr.] Ep. Fortĭs, impăvĭdŭs, strenŭŭs, invictŭs; provĭdŭs, prudens, sedŭlŭs, săgax, solers, vĭgĭl, cautŭs, callĭdŭs; trĕmendŭs. *See* Bellator. 3. *A prince, head of the state. H.* [† Rex, impĕrātŏr, princeps.] 4. *Lord and master.* Dux inquiĕti turbĭdŭs Adrīæ (austĕr). *H.* [† Regnātŏr, arbĭtĕr.]

Dyrrăchium, ĭi. *n. A maritime town of Epirus, formerly Epidamnus.* Quæquē Dyrrăchĭum, Adrīæ tăbernam. *Cat.*

E.

E, *or* **Ex.** *prep.* 1. *From, down from.* E curru saltum dēdĭt ocĭŭs arvis. *V.* E summo cœlo. *O.* [† De, a, ăb.] 2. *From, out of, coming from.* Pĕtens e fluctĭbŭs antrā. Equē căva rĕsŏnant examĭnā quercu. *V.* E flumĭnē āquam. *O.* Antiqua ex cedro. *V.* E somno turbĭdā. *O.* [† A, de.] 3. *Used redundantly in poetry.* E lævi limo cŭbilā ungē. *V.* Facta ex ādāmantē sĕcuri. Pōsĭtæque ex ordĭnē gemmæ. *O.* 4. *From after, after.* Tempŏrē jam ex illo &c. Nec mĭnŭs ex imbri soles &c. *V.* [† A, post.] 5. *After, according to.* Ex morē vŏcati. *V.* Ex mĕrĭto. *O.* Ornatŭs ex tŭis virtutĭbŭs. *Ter.* [† De, pro, pĕr, sĕcundum.] 6. *From, by the means of.* Ex me certĭŏr essē pŏtēs. *O.* Ex me tŭā vulnĕrā disces. *O.* (*Ib.*) [† A, pĕr.]

˘Ebĕnus, i. *f. and* **˘Ebĕnum,** i. *n. The ebon-tree, ebony.* Sola Indĭā nigrum Fert ĕbĕnum. *V.* Tŏrus est ~-o sublimis in atra. *O.* Ep. ˘Eoā, Indĭā, Indĭcā, nĭgrā, durā, nĭtens.

Ebĭbo, is, i, itum. 1. *To drink up, drink dry.* Ŭbĕrāque ebĭbĕrant āvĭdi lactantĭā nati. *O. See* Bibo. 2. Fig. *To squander. H.* [† Exhaurĭo.] *See* Decoquo.

Ebrĭĕtas, ātis. *f. Drunkenness.* Quid non ebrĭĕtas designāt? ŏpertā rĕcludĭt. *H.* [† Crapŭlā; *sts.* vinum.] Ep. Audax, tĕmĕrārĭā, lŏquax, pĕtŭlans, garrŭlā, improvĭdā; Iners, grāvis; tĭtŭbans, trĕmŭlā; turpis, fœdā; amens, demens, insānā, mālĕsanā, fŭrens; exĭtĭosā, pernĭcĭosā. Crel. Coplā Bacchi. Multum vinum. Multā vinā. Immŏdĭcum vinum. Vini vĭtĭum. *See* Ebrius, Vinum.

Ebrĭosus, ă, um. 1. *Making drunk.* Ebrĭosa ĭcīna ebrĭosĭoris. *Cat.* 2. *Given to drink. See* Vinosus.

Ebrĭus, ă, um. 1. *Drunk, intoxicated.* Non mĕgis audĭĕrit quam Fuflŭs ebrĭŭs olim. *H.* [† Temŭlentŭs; *sts.* saucĭŭs, ictŭs.] Crel. Non sobrĭŭs, mālĕ sobrĭŭs. Vino mādens, mādēfactŭs, cālens, grāvis, udŭs, quassatŭs, sŏlutŭs, sĕpultŭs. Mĕro, lyæo plenŭs, mādĭdŭs. Multo, nĭmĭo dĕo victŭs (venas inflatŭs, irrigatŭs). Vinis sopitŭs. Phr. *Effects of drunkenness.* Vino (multo, nĭmio, immŏdĭco)—ānĭmŭs nātāt;—ŏcŭli nātant; —quassā (perfusā) tempŏrā nutant;—tardescĭt lingŭā;—crurā præpēdĭuntur (văcillant);—grādus titŭbant;—fervŏr icto căpĭti sŭbit;—clamŏr (singultŭs, jurgĭā) gliscĭt, -unt, &c. *The drunkard.* Mĕro udŭs gaudĕt;—plenŭs mādĕt;—mentem in poctŭlā mergĭt;—membrā vino titŭbantĭā mŏvĕt;—statquē lābatquē gressŭs (pēdes) dŭbĭŭs. Fig. 2. *Intoxicated by good fortune; overpowered, upset by bad.* Dulci fortuna ~. *H.* Curis ~. *Lr.* [† Lymphatŭs.] 3. *Saturated with having drunk in to the full* (of dyed stuffs, &c.). ~ Sidŏnĭæ de sanguĭnē conchæ. *M.*

Ebullio, is. *To boil up, bubble up;* and fig. *to come up, appear suddenly* ("come to the surface"). Ebullit pătrŭi præclarum funŭs! ĕt O si &c. *Pers. See* Bullio.

˘Ebŭlum, i. *n. The dwarf-elder.* Sanguĭnĕis ĕbŭli baccis mĭnĭoquē rŭbentem. *V.*

˘Ebŭr, ŏris. *n.* 1. *Ivory.* Munĕrā portantes aurique ĕbŏrisquē tālentā. *V.* [† ˘Elĕphantŭs.] Ep. Indum, Assyrĭum; album, candens, nĭvĕum, nĭtĭdum, lævē, sectilē. Crel. Dens Indŭs, Indĭcŭs, ˘Erythræŭs, Libycŭs, Númĭdā, ĕburnŭs; *or pl.* Indi, Libyci, ĕburni dentes &c. Indum cornu. Indi dentis hŏnos. Libyci (nĭvĕi) dentis munĕrā. Indĭcæ pĕcŭdis dens pŏlitŭs. 2. *Any thing made of ivory:* 1. *Gen.* Libyci dentis ŏpŭs; ŏpŭs candenti ĕlĕphanto nĭtens, perfectum. 2. *A statue.* Illăcrĭmāt templis ~. *V.* Phidĭăcum vivebāt ~. *J. See* Statua. 3. *A lyre, harp,* &c. Liquĭdum ~. *O.* Facundum ~. *St. See* Cithara. 4. *The harpist's plectrum.* Pollĭcē mobilē duxĭt ~. *Cl. See* Plectrum. 5. *A flute, pipe.* Inflarē ~. *V. See* Tibia. 6. *A scabbard.* ~ ensē văcŭum. *O. See* Vagina. 7. ~ cŭrulē, and abs. *The curule chair.* ~ cŭrulē erĭpĭēt. *H.* conspĭcŭum signis. *O. See* Curulis. 8. *A dice-box.* Senĭo cum cănē quassāt ĕbŭr. *M. See* Fritillus.

˘Ebŭrnĕus, ă, um. 1. *Ivory, adj.* Oppĭdā turritis cingantŭr ĕburnĕā muris. *O.* Hŭmĕroquē Pĕlops insignis ĕburno. *V.* Crel. Nĭtens candenti ĕlĕphanto. 2. *White as ivory.* ~-ĕā cervix; brachiā. *O.* [† Nĭvĕŭs, lactĕŭs, candĭdŭs.] *See* Candidus.

˘Ebŭsus, i. *f. Now Yvica, one of the Balearic Islands.* Jamque ˘Ebŭsus Phœnissā mŏvĕt (armā). *Sil.* [† Ebŏsiā.]

Ecbătana, orum. *n. pl.* (*and* Ecbătana, æ. *Lucil.*) *The capital of Media.* Ad regem legatŭ' Rhŏdum, Ecbătānam ac Bābylonem Ibo. *Lucil.*

Ecce. En (*with nom. or acc.*). 1. *Lo! see here, see there.* Enquattŭŏr aras, Eccē dūas tĭbĭ Daphnĭ &c. *V.* Eccē tĭbĭ Ausŏnĭæ tellus. En Prĭāmŭs. *V.* Crel. En adspĭcē. 2. *Used abs.* Qui vēnĭt eccē Mĕnalcas. Dant cālāmos, en accĭpĕ, Musæ. *V.* 3. *Lo, where! lo, how!* Ecce autem elapsus Pyrrhi de cædē Pŏlites. En ipsē căpellas ægēr āgo. *V.*

Ecclesia, æ. *f.* 1. *An assembly* (of rare occurrence in this sense). Cĕlēbriquē fĭēquens ecclesĭā vico. *Aus.* [† Cœtŭs.] 2. *The Church. Prud.* (Found also with second syllable short in similar writers.)

˘Echidna, æ. *f. A serpent; the Lernean Hydra.* Tŭmĭdis afflavĭt ˘Echidnis. *O. See* Serpens, Hydra.

˘Echidnæus, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to the Hydra,* or *to Cerberus. C. D.* Illŭd ˘Echidnæ mĕmŏrant e dentĭbŭs ortum Essē cănis. *O.*

˘Echinădes, um. *f. pl. Five small islands in the Ionian Sea, near Acarnania.* Turbĭdŭs objectas ˘Achĕlŏŭs ˘Echinădās exĭt. *St.*

˘Echinus, i. *m.* 1. *The hedge-hog.* Sed non hæc ăcles ritu silvestrĭs ĕchini &c. *Cl.* 2. *The sea-urchin.* ˘Et ĕchinos æquŏrā celent. *H.* 3. *The prickly rind of the chestnut.* Cortĭcē dĕpŏsĭto mollis ~ ĕrĭt. *M.* 4. *A copper vessel for washing cups in. H.*

˘Echion, onis. *m.* I. *One of the Argonauts, son of Mercury.* II. *One of Cadmus' five companions, who sprung from the serpent's teeth.* Quinquē sŭperstĭtĭbus, quorum fŭit unŭs ˘Echion. *O.*

˘Echiŏnides, æ. *m. Son of Echion; Pentheus.* Spernĭt ˘Echiŏnĭdes tămĕn hunc. *O.*

˘Echiŏnius, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to Echion; to Thebes. C. D.* Victŏr ˘Echiŏnĭas si vir pĕnĕ-

sōlĭtum dulcedĭnĕ læti. *V.* [¶ Delĭcĭæ, vŏlŭptas, gaudĭum.] *See* VOLUPTAS.

DULCĬFĔR, ă, um. *Sweet.* Dulcĭfĕrœ fĭlĭ lactantes ŭbĕrĭ toto. *Enn.*

DULCĬLŎQUUS, ă, um. *Sweetly speaking.* lŏquos călămos Euterpe flatĭbŭs ur-

DULCIS, ĕ. 1. *Sweet, pleasant* (tŭs ăquæ dulces. *V.* Dulc- [¶ Suavis, mitis.] Fig heart), *dear.* ∾-es Mu- *Cl.* dĕcus mĕum. *H* [¶ Grātŭs, jucundŭ 3. Dulcĕ. *used adv sures of life. See*

DULICHIUM, ĭi. *belonging to U* mŭs est. *O.*

DULICHIUS, *to Ulyss* lypso. *P*

DUM. 1 regnā 2. *U* nĕc D- DU

∾-es ... Edĭtă fortĕ nŏvo fŭĕrit ... *O.* 2. *Published.* ∾ carmĭnă. *O.* ... *devoted.* ∾ austro (campŭs). *V. See*

... ĕdĭs *or* es, ĕdĭt *or* est; edi, esum. *imperf.* ... ĕdĕrem *or* essem. 1. *To eat.* Hĕlĕnen ăvĭ-de si spectăt ĕdentem. *O.* Olĕas est. Essĕt ăděr jŏlĭumquĕ. *H.* Esuros per trĭă collă cănes. *O.* [¶ Cŏmĕdo, vescŏr, pascŏr, manducō.] Crcl. ˘Epŭlis, cĭbo utŏr. Cĭbum, cĭbos, dăpes sumo, căpio. ˘Epŭlis, cĭbis famem pello, eximo, lĕvo, sedo, solŏr. Jejunĭă explĕo, solvo, pasco, sedo. Membrā *or* corpŭs cĭbo (ĕpŭlis, esca) fŏvĕo, sustento, rĕpāro. Corpŭs curo. Dăpes—dentĕ prĕmo *or* convello;—orĕ contingo;—morsu contĭcĭo;—in alvum demitto. Appŏsĭtis dăpĭbŭs ∾escŏr. Jejunĭă corpŏrĭs arcĕo. *See* SATIOR. 2. Fig. *To eat away, prey upon.* ∾-ĭt artus ignis; cordă dŏlŏr; mĕdullas flammă; cărinas vāpŏr; culmos rŭbigo. *V.* Bacchi munĕrā frigŭs. *M.* robŭr dŭcĭs curā. *V. Fl.* [¶ Exĕdo, pĕrĕdo, &c.] *See* EXEDO.

II. EDO, is, ĭdi, ĭtum. 1. *To utter, send out* or *forth.* Murmur, pro verbis, edĕrĕ raucum. *O.* ∾ latratus. *V.* se pătrĭis pĕnĕtralĭbŭs. *V. Fl.* [¶ Emitto, profĕro, prodo, expromo, effĕro.] 2. *To publish, edit. M.* 3. *To bring forth, beget.* Electram ˘Atlas edĭdĭt. *V.* ∾ partus (de pecŏrĕ). *V. See* GIGNO. 4. *To cause, make.* ∾ funĕrā ferro; strages pĕr urbem. *V.* [¶ Făcio, effĭcio, do, părio.] 5. *To relate, tell, say.* ∾ bellā. *O.* Quĭd vĕlĭt sĭbĭ fabŭlā . . . edĕ. *H. See* DICO. 6. *To lift up, set high.* ∾ corpŭs (sŭpĕr ĕquum). *Tib.* [¶ Attollo, erĭgo.]

EDŎCĔO, es, ŭi, octum. *To teach, instruct.* Edŏcĕas, multasquĕ vĭro se adjungĕrĕ gentes. *V. See* DOCEO.

EDŎMĬTUS, ă, um. *part. See* EDOMO. *Subdued.* Edŏmĭti magnas possĭdĕt orbĭs ŏpes. *O.*

EDŎMO, as, ŭi, ĭtum. *To subdue. H.* (Dŏmo.) *See* D.

EDONIS, ă, um, *and* EDONIS, Idis. *f. Edonian; Thracian.* Ac vĕlŭt Edoni bŏrĕæ quum spirĭtŭs alto. *V.* Edonis fessă chŏreis. *Pp.* Matres Edonĭdăs omnes. *O.* Edono Baccho. *O. See* ODONIS, BACCHA.

EDORMIO, is, *and* EDORMISCO, Is. *To sleep. H. See* DORMIO.

I. EDŬCO, as. *To nurture, bring up.* Lit. and fig. Quem mulcent auræ, firmat sol, edŭcăt imbĕr. *Cat.* ∾-ăt terrā hŏmĭnes. *J.* ăgĕr uvas. *O.* [¶ ˘Alo, nutrio, educo.] *See* GIGNO.

II. EDUCO, Is. xi, ctum. 1. *To draw, draw out* or *forth.* Viderit; hoc dicens eduxit corpŏrĕ telum. *V.* ∾ pubem castris. *V.* (Pinum) eductam navalĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ Extrăho, effĕro, emitto.] 2. *To carry upwards, raise to a height.* ∾ cœlo (aram). *V.* mores in astrā. *H.* turrim sŭb astrā. *V.* [¶ Tollo, erĭgo, edo (6).] *See* ERIGO. 3. *To produce, give birth to.* Quem lĭlĭā matĕr ∾-ĭt *V.* Aurā vernā ∾-ĭt cŏlores. *Cat. See* GIGNO. 4. *To raise, rear.* ∾ natos. *V.* [¶ Edŭco, ălo, nutrio.] 5. *To pass time.* ∾ somnos sŭb hiberno cœlo. *Sil.* annos. *Pp.* [¶ Duco, ăgo.]

˘EDULIS, ĕ. *Good to eat.* Vinĕă submittit căprĕas non sempĕr ĕdules. *H.*

EDURUS, ă, um. *Hard, quite hard.* Lit. and fig. Nec tămĕn eduro, quod pĕtĭt, orĕ nĕga. *O.* ∾ pirŭs. *V.*

EETION, onis. *m. The father of Andromache, and king of Thebes in Cilicia.* Et Tĕnĕdlon, vĕtĕres Eĕtĭonĭs ŏpes. *O.*

EETIONEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Eetion.* Eĕtĭoneas implevi sanguinĕ Thebas. *O.*

EFFARI, atus sum (*from obs.* Effor). *To say, speak.* Incĭpit effari, mŏllĭaque in vocĕ resistit. *V.* O virgo, effarĕ. Sic orĕ effatus. *V.* Sed tămĕn

Lr. Nil effabĕrĕ dignum. *L.* *See* LO-

ı, us. m. *Effect, result, accomplishment.* ĕt effectu, quod vŏlŭerĕ dŭo. *O.* [† Exl-

ĕs, ă, um. *part.* *See* EFFERO (I.). *Made furious.* *Sen.* [† Effĕrŭs, fĕrŭs.]

o, as. 1. *To make savage.* Potaquĕ Gĕ- ı effĕrăt unda. *V. Fl.* [† ˘Acerbo, irri- . *Fig.* Donă dĕum raptum sŭpĕris Mars ıurum. *St.* (*by making arms of it.*)

ıo, era, extŭli, elatum, efferrĕ. 1. *To rth* or *out, bring out.* Collĭge, et immun- ŭs effĕr hŭmo. *O.* Căpŭt extŭlĭt antro. *O.* ensem. *V.* [† Educo, profĕro, protrăho, , prodo, promo, exsĕro, ostendo, ăpĕrĭo.] *arry off, away.* ∾ ădytis pĕnĕtralĭbŭs *V.* [† Aufĕro, asporto, abduco, răpĭo, avĕho.] 3. ∾ me, pĕdem, grădum, &c. *rom, out.* ∾ sese; pĕdem; gressum. *V.* ; grădum. *Sil.* *See* EXEO. 4. *To carry e dead;* hence, *to bury.* *See* SEPELIO. *ing forth, bear.* Hæc gĕnŭs acrĕ vīrum, extŭlĭt. *V.* *See* GIGNO. 6. *To lift up,* ıit. and fig. ∾ căpŭt (altĭŭs). *V.* clamo- . ănĭmos. *Sen.* vīrum laudĭbŭs. *J.* [† xtollo, &c.] *See* EXTOLLO. 7. Fig. *To press, make known.* ∾ ănĭmi motus lin- ăib auras (dedĕcŭs). *O.* mĕtus ĭn mĕ- ĕm. *See* DETEGO.

ă, um. *Savage, furious.* Cœptis imma- fĕrĕ Dido. *V.* [† Fĕrŭs, fūrens.]

o, es, bŭi (*from obs.* Effervo, is), *and* FERVEO, ĭs. 1. *To boil, boil over, be ex- y hot.* Siděrĕ cœperunt toto effervescĕrĕ . *See* FERVEO. Fig. 2. Effervĕrĕ ĭn le Ætna). ∾-ent ăpes. *V.* vermes. *Lr.* ĭo, æstŭo, exæstŭo, erumpo.] 3. *To burn* ı. *Lr.* [† Ardĕo, excandesco.]

ă, um. 1. *Having brought forth young; d after delivery.* Effetas linquunt exa- ıras. *L.* Phr. Viscĕrĭbŭs lassis; partu ă. 2. Gen. *Fatigued, exhausted* (of per- ı vinĭtŏr. ∾-æ ĭn corpŏrĕ vires. *V.* [† defessŭs, fractŭs.] 3. *Exhausted* (of ∾-os pĕr ăgros. *V.* ∾ spes. *V. Fl.*

acĭa. 1. *Efficacious, acting with effect.* ı efficaci do mănus scĭentiæ. *H.* Prĕces ı. *Sen.* [† Pŏtens, præsens.] 2. *With* ıras) ĕlŭĕre ∾. *H.*

ĭs, eci, ectum. 1. *To make, form; effect,* . Insŭlă portum Effĭcĭt objectu lătĕ- Nil Claudĭæ non ∾-ent mănus. *H.* ∾ ıtem lĕvem fĕrendo; jussă pārentĭs. *O.* ı, ăgo, reddo, præsto, do, edo, exsĕquŏr.] ıo, REDDO. 2. *To cause,* that &c. Ef- posthac ne &c. *V.* [† Făcĭo, ăgo, curo.]

ı, ei. *f.* 1. *An image, portrait.* *V.* Effi- er vestras stătŭamquĕ Vāgilli. *J.* [† simŭlacrum, spĕcĭes, signum, stătŭă.] ıeo, STATUA. 2. *A shade, spectre, of ıarted.* [† Umbrā, sĭmŭlacrum.] *See* .

ĭs, inxi, ictum. *To represent, imitate,* is conatŭs ĕrat casus effingĕre ĭn auro. *V.* rĭas fĭgŭras (grŭes). *L.* [† Exprĭmo, rmo, informo, reddo.]

ro, as. *To ask for urgently.* Notumque t ensem. *V.* *See* FLAGITO.

ı. 1. *To breathe out.* Vernas effĭăt ăb ıa. *O.* [† Exspiro, exhalo, emitto, mit- ĭo.] 2. ∾ ănĭmam, vitam. *To expire.* ıspor.

ıeo, ĭs, rŭi. *To bloom, flourish.* Lit. and squă nŏvis prŏĭvum tellus efflorŭĭt ar- *See* FLOREO.

EFFLUO, ĭs, uxi, uxum. 1. *To flow out, flow down, away.* In mārĕ purpŭrĕum vĭŏlentĭŏr effluĭt amnis. *V.* ∾-ĭt æquŏr sŭpĕr scŏpŭlos; imbĕr. *V. Fl.* *See* FLUO. 2. *To escape, full, slip, glide away.* ∾-ĭt de vertĭcĕ serpens. *St.* Effluxere urnæ mănĭbŭs. *O.* Mănĭbŭs ŏpŭs ∾-ĭt. *Lr.* [† Elabŏr, excĭdo, labŏr.] 3. ∾ ănĭmo, mentĕ, pectŏrĕ, or abs. *To forget.* ∾-ĭt desidĕrĭis tŭis (dŏmĭnă). *O.* *See* OBLIVISCOR. 4. *To disappear.* *O.* [† ˘Abĕo, cedo, rĕcedo.] 5. *To swoon away, lose consciousness.* Viso mens ægrā effluxĭt hĭatu. *Sil.*

EFFODIO, ĭs, odi, ossum. 1. *To dig, hollow out.* Hic portus ălĭi effŏdĭunt &c. *V.* [† Fŏdĭo, defŏdĭo, căvo.] 2. *To dig out of the earth.* ∾-untŭr ŏpes. Effosso marmŏrĕ. *O.* [† Erŭo, extrăho, egĕro.] 3. *To pierce.* ∾ viscĕrĕ. *O.* *See* CONFODIO.

EFFRENO, as. *To unbridle, let loose.* (Freno.) Lit. and fig. Regnantem Ætolis Vulturnum in præ- lĭă campis Effrenăt. *Sil.*

EFFRENUS, ă, um. *Unbridled.* Lit. and fig. Gens effrenă vīrum Rhipæo tundĭtŭr Euro. *V.* Mentĭs effrenæ impĕtŭs. *Sen.* [† Infrenŭs, sŏlutŭs, lĭbĕr.] Crol. Freno non rĕmŏrantĕ.

EFFRINGO, ĭs, egi, actum. 1. *To break.* *Sen.* *See* FRANGO. 2. Intr. *To break* (upon), *rush with violence.* Vestras ∾-ĕt ĭn urbes (fluctŭs). *Sil.* *See* IRRUMPO.

EFFŬGIO, ĭs, ugi. Tr. and intr. *To flee, flee away, escape; avoid.* Non ăvĭs utĭlĭter viscatis effŭgĭt alis. *O.* Ter frustra comprensă mănus effugĭt (*perf.*) ĭmago. *V.* [† Fŭgĭo, evado, elabŏr; vito.] *See* FUGIO.

EFFŬGIUM, ĭi. *n.* *Flight, escape; the means of escape.* Hospĭtĭs effŭgĭo præstruxĕrăt omnĭă Minos. *O.* Ob nostrā effŭgĭă. *V.* Unĭcum ∾ măli. *Sen.* [† Fŭgă, ăbĭtŭs, exĭtŭs; perfŭgĭum.]

EFFULGĔO, es, si (*from obs.* Effulgo, ĭs). *To shine forth, brightly.* ∾-ent auro ductores; fluctus. ∾-ĕt lux ŏcŭlis. *V.* *See* FULGEO.

EFFULTUS, ă, um. *part. from* Effulcio. *Leaning upon, resting* or *raised upon.* Atque harum effultus tergo stratisquĕ jăcebăt. *V.* ∾-ă mĕtallis culmĭnă. *St.* ∾ taurino tergo jăcebăt. *Sil.* *See* FULTUS.

EFFUNDO, ĭs, udi, usum. 1. *To pour out, shed forth;* and fig. *to send* or *let forth.* ∾ fletus. *V.* saccos nummorum. *H.* jŭbam (de ĕquo); pectŏrĕ questus; vires ĭn ventum; auxĭlĭum castris; Teucros ĭn æquŏr. *V.* [† Fundo, prŏfundo, mitto, emitto, spargo.] 2. *To throw over, throw down.* ∾ sŏlo. *V.* *See* STERNO. 3. *To spend, squander.* *Ter.* [† Prŏfundo, exhaurĭo.] *See* DECOQUO. 4. *To let loose.* ∾ hăbenas. *V.* *See* LAXO. 5. ∾ me. *To rush forward* (let oneself loose). Carcĕrĭbŭs sese effuderĕ quădrigæ. *V.* Nec qua se ardens ∾ possĭt. *V. Fl.* [† Effundŏr, erumpo, rŭo, præcĭpĭto.] *See* EFFUSUS.

EFFUNDOR. *pass.* 1. *To be shed out* or *forth.* [† Fundŏr, flŭo, mano.] 2. *To be thrown down, fall down.* ∾-ĭtŭr illĕ ĭn căpŭt. *St.* *See* CADO, EFFUSUS.

EFFUSUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* EFFUNDO. 1. *Poured out, shed.* ∾ imbĕr nubĭbŭs; ∾-æ lăcrĭmæ ŏcŭlis. *V.* *Fig.* 2. ∾-æ pĕr collă jŭbæ. *Sil.* cæsărĭem nĭtĭdam; ∾-ă jŭventus ăgris. *V.* 3. *Loosed to full speed, rushing forth.* ∾-i carcĕrĕ currus; nimbo sĭmĭles. *V.* 4. *Overthrown.* ∾-ŭs ĕquĕs. *V.* 5. *Squandered, lost.* Omnĭs ∾ lăbŏr. *V.*

EFFUTIO, is. *To prate, babble away.* Effutirĕ lĕves indignă tragœdĭă versus. *H.* [† Garrĭo, dico, fundo.] *See* LOQUOR.

EGĔLIDUS, ă, um. *Fresh, cool.* Et gĕlĭdum bŏrĕan, egĕlĭdumquĕ nŏtum. *O.* Jam ver ∾-os rĕfert tĕpores. *Cat.* *See* GELIDUS.

trassĕt ĭn urbes. *O.* Majŭs, ˘Echiŏnĭævĕ Thebæ. *H.*

ECHO, *gen. obs.* us. *f.* (Ἠχώ.) 1. *Echo, a nymph, who, pining for Narcissus, was changed into a rock, and retained nothing but her voice. O.* 2. *An echo.* Rĕpārabĭlis assŏnāt echo. *Pers.* [¶ ˘Imago.] **Ep.** Vocalis, garrŭlă, lŏquax, rĕsŏnă, rĕsŏnans, rĕsŏnabĭlis, Imĭtatrix, fidă, sedŭlă, vĭgĭl, lātens. **Crcl.** Vocis Imago. Vocis offensă (jŏcosă) Imago. Vox rĕpercussă (ingĕmĭnată, rejectă, rĕpulsă). ˘Ubi concăvă pulsu saxă sŏnant. **Phr.** Echo, căvis ruplbŭs hăbĭtans (montis Imago)—aĕris sŏnĭtus ălĭt;—vocem (verbă, verborum formas) reddĭt (rĕcĭnĭt). Concăvă saxă (nĕmŏra altă, inclusă littŏrā, ripæquĕ lăcusquĕ) pulsu (clamŏrĕ) sŏnant (consŏnant, circa responsant, rĕmugĭunt, rĕsultant). Concăvă saxă &c. vocem (ĭtĕrātă dictă, verbă rejectă *or* rĕsŏnantĭă) reddunt (rĕférunt, vŏlutant, rĕmittunt, rejĭcĭunt). Rupes (silvă trĕmens, concăvŭs amnis) cănenti *or* clamanti &c. adstrĕpĭt. Colles collĭbŭs rĕmugĭunt. Vox, saxis allisă (jŭgis rĕpulsă) sŏnum reddĭt (nĕmŏrum assensu rĕmugĭt, circum consŏnāt).

ECLIPSIS, is. *f.* 1. *An eclipse.* [¶ (Solis, lunæ) defectŭs, delĭquĭum, lăbores, lātĕbræ.] **Ep.** Ātrā, mĭnax, horrendă, mĕtŭendă, tristis, infelix, funestă, feralis. 2. *An eclipse of the sun.* **Phr.** Lunā terram solis lumĭnĕ secludĭt. Sol lumĭnĕ defectŭs—terras (orbem) tĕnĕbris obducĭt *or* involvĭt;—currus caligĭnĕ involvĭt *or* condĭt;—ignes sŭos languĭdŭs demittĭt;—pallentes ĕquos jungĭt;—căpŭt obscura ferrugĭnĕ tĕgĭt;—pallescĭt;—gentes (implĭă sæcŭlă) dĭem desperarĕ (æternam noctem timerĕ) cogĭt. 3. *An eclipse of the moon.* **Phr.** Lunā vultu velato (vultum confusă) defectu lăborāt (orbĕ sŭo defĭcĭt, lumĕn prĕmĭt, abdĭtā lātĕt). Lunā lumĭnĕ spŏlĭātā (sŭbĭta umbra percussă) pallĕt (expallĕt, lugĕt).

ECQUANDO. *adv. When—ever? whether at any time. O.* [¶ Unquam.] **Crcl.** ˘An unquam; *sts.* en unquam.]

ECQUIS, ă, ĭd, *and anc.* ECQUI, æ, ŏd (*from* en *and* quis). 1. *Is there any, who?* Ecquis ĕrit mecum, o jŭvĕnes? *V.* Hac gressus ecquă pŭellă tŭlĭt? *O.* Ecqui ăděrunt. *St.* [¶ Ecquisnam, numquis.] 2. Ecquĭd. *n. as adv. Is it that?* and sts. *Is it not that?* or simply, *Do? does?* &c. (emphat.) Ecquĭd ĭn antiquam virtutem . . . ăvuncŭlŭs excĭtāt Hectŏr? *V.* Ecquĭd, ŭt audĭĕris, tota turbabĕrĕ mentĕ? *O.* [¶ ˘An, nonnĕ, annon.]

˘EDAX, acis. 1. *Gluttonous, given to eating much.* ˘Alĕrĕ nolunt hŏmĭnem ĕdacem. *Ter.* [¶ Gŭlosŭs, vŏrax, hellŭo.] *See* GULOSUS. 2. *Greedy, rapacious.* Vultŭr ∾. *O.* [¶ Răpax, ăvĭdŭs.] 3. Fig. *That which eats up, consumes.* ∾ rerum tempŭs. *O.* ignis. *V.* imbĕr. *H.* luctŭs. *Sil.*

EDICO, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To declare publicly, proclaim. Ter.* [¶ Prædĭco.] 2. Us. *To order, command, recommend.* Stăbŭlis edico in mollibŭs herbam Carpĕre ŏves. *V.* [¶ Jŭbĕo, præcĭpĭo, mando.]

EDICTUM, i. *n.* 1. *An order, command. Ter.* [¶ Jussum, mandatum.] 2. *An edict, decree.* Edicto vĕtŭit, ne quis se, prætĕr ˘Apellem, Pingĕrĕt. *H.* [¶ Decretum, lex.] *See* D. I.

EDISCO, is, ĭdĭci. *To learn.* Et linguas edĭdĭcissĕ fŭit. *O. See* DISCO.

EDISSERO, is, ĕrŭi, ertum. *To explain, give account of.* Mĭlĭque hæc edissĕrĕ verā rŏganti. *V.* [¶ Elŏquŏr, enarro.]

EDITOR, oris. *m. One that produces, puts forth; an author.* Trojanĭque edĭtŏr arcis. *L.* Nocturnæ ∾ auræ (flŭvĭŭs). *L.* [¶ Auctŏr.]

EDITUS, ă, um. part. See EDO. 1. *Produced, brought forth, begotten.* Edĭtă fortĕ nŏvo fŭĕrit si femĭnă partu. *O.* 2. *Published.* ∾ carmĭnă. *O.* 3. *High, elevated.* ∾ austro (campŭs). *V. See* CELSUS.

I. ˘EDO, ĕdis *or* es, ĕdĭt *or* est; edi, esum. *imperf. subj.* ĕdĕrem *or* essem. 1. *To eat.* Hĕlĕnen ăvĭde si spectăt ĕdentem. *O.* Olĕas est. Essĕt ĭdŏr lŏlĭumquĕ. *H.* Esuros per trĭă collă cănes. *O.* [¶ Cŏmĕdo, vescŏr, pascŏr, manduco.] **Crcl.** ˘Epŭlis, cĭbo utŏr. Cĭbum, cĭbos, dăpes sumo, căpĭo. ˘Epŭlis, cĭbis famem pello, exĭmo, lĕvo, sedo, solŏr. Jejunĭă explĕo, solvo, pasco, sedo. Membrā *or* corpŭs cĭbo (ĕpŭlis, esca) fŏvĕo, sustento, rĕpāro. Corpŭs curo. Dăpes—dentĕ prĕmo *or* convello;—orĕ contingo;—morsu confĭcĭo;—in alvum demitto. Appŏsĭtis dăpĭbŭs pascŏr. Jejunĭă corpŏris arcĕo. *See* SATIOR. 2. Fig. *To eat away, prey upon.* ∾-ĭt artus ignis; cordă dŏlŏr; mĕdullas flammă; cărinas văpŏr; culmos rŭbigo. *V.* Bacchi munĕrā frigŭs. *M.* robŭr dŭcis curā. *V. Fl.* [¶ Exĕdo, pĕrĕdo, &c.] *See* EXEDO.

II. EDO, is, ĭdi, ĭtum. 1. *To utter, send out* or *forth.* Murmur, pro verbis, edĕrĕ raucum. *O.* ∾ latratus. *V.* se pătrĭis pĕnĕtrallĭbŭs. *V. Fl.* [¶ Emitto, profĕro, prodo, expromo, effĕro.] 2. *To publish, edit. M.* 3. *To bring forth, beget.* Electram ˘Atlas edĭdĭt. *V.* ∾ partus (de pecŏrĕ). *V. See* GIGNO. 4. *To cause, make.* ∾ funĕrā ferro; strages pĕr urbem. *V.* [¶ Făcio, effĭcio, do, pĕrĭo.] 5. *To relate, tell, say.* ∾ bellă. *O.* Quĭd vĕlĭt sĭbĭ fabŭlă . . . edă. *H. See* DICO. 6. *To lift up, set high.* ∾ corpŭs (stĭpĕr ĕquum). *Tib.* [¶ Attollo, erĭgo.]

EDOCEO, es, ŭi, octum. *To teach, instruct.* Edŏcĕas, multasquĕ vĭro se adjungĕrĕ gentes. *V. See* DOCEO.

EDOMITUS, ă, um. *part. See* EDOMO. *Subdued.* Edŏmĭti magnas possĭdĕt orbis ŏpes. *O.*

EDOMO, as, ŭi, ĭtum. *To subdue. H.* (Dŏmo.) *See* D.

EDONUS, ă, um, *and* EDONIS, ĭdis. *f. Edonian; Thracian.* Ac vĕlŭt Edoni bŏrĕæ quum spirĭtŭs alto. *V.* Edonis fessă chŏrcis. *Pp.* Matres Edonĭdăs omnes. *O.* Edono Baccho. *O. See* ODONIS, BACCHA.

EDORMIO, is, *and* EDORMISCO, ĭs. *To sleep. H. See* DORMIO.

I. EDUCO, as. *To nurture, bring up.* Lit. and fig. Quem mulcent auræ, firmat sol, eduĕăt imbĕr. *Cat.* ∾-ăt terrā hŏmĭnes. *J.* ăgĕr uvas. *O.* [¶ ˘Alo, nutrio, educo.] *See* GIGNO.

II. EDUCO, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To draw, draw out* or *forth.* Viderit; hoc dicens eduxit corpŏrĕ telum. *V.* ∾ pubem castris. *V.* (Pinum) eductam navalĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ Extrăho, effĕro, emitto.] 2. *To carry upwards, raise to a height.* ∾ cœlo (aram). *V.* mores ĭn astrā. *H.* turrim sŭb astrā. *V.* [¶ Tollo, erĭgo, edo (6).] *See* ERIGO. 3. *To produce, give birth to.* Quem lĭlĭă matĕr ∾-ĕt. *V.* Aurā vernā ∾-ĭt cŏlores. *Cat. See* GIGNO. 4. *To raise, rear.* ∾ natos. *V.* [¶ Educo, ălo, nutrio.] 5. *To pass time.* ∾ somnos sŭb hiberno cœlo. *Sil.* annos. *Pp.* [¶ Duco, ăgo.]

˘EDULIS, ĕ. *Good to eat.* Vinĕă submittit căprĕas non sempĕr ĕdules. *H.*

EDURUS, ă, um. *Hard, quite hard.* Lit. and fig. Nec tămĕn eduro, quod pĕtĭt, orĕ nĕga. *O.* ∾ pĭrŭs. *V.*

EETION, onis. *m. The father of Andromache, and king of Thebes in Cilicia.* Et Tĕnĕdon, vĕtĕres Eĕtĭonis ŏpes. *O.*

EETIONEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Eetion.* Eĕtĭoneas implevi sanguĭnĕ Thebas. *O.*

EFFARI, atŭs sum (*from obs.* Effor). *To say, speak.* Incĭpĭt effari, mĕdĭăque in vocĕ resistĭt. *V.* O virgo, effarĕ. Sic orĕ effatŭs. *V.* Sed tămĕn

effabŏr. *Lr.* Nil effabĕrĕ dignum. *L.* *See* LOQUOR.

EFFECTŬS, us. *m.* *Effect, result, accomplishment.* Non cārĕt effectu, quod vŏlŭerĕ dŭo. *O.* [† Exitŭs.]

EFFĒRATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* EFFERO (I.). *Made savage, furious.* *Sen.* [† Effĕrŭs, fĕrŭs.]

I. **EFFĔRO**, as. 1. *To make savage.* Potaquĕ Gĕrys quos effĕrāt unda. *V. Fl.* [† ˘Acerbo, irrito.] 2. *Fig.* Donā dĕum raptum sŭpĕris Mars effĕrāt aurum. *St.* (*by making arms of it.*)

II. **EFFĔRO**, ers, extŭli, elatum, efferre. 1. *To draw forth* or *out, bring out.* Collĭge, et immunda sedŭlŭs effĕr hŭmo. *O.* Căpŭt extŭlĭt antro. *O.* Extŭlĭt ensem. *V.* [† Educo, profĕro, protrăho, produco, prodo, promo, exsĕro, ostendo, ăpĕrĭo.] 2. *To carry off, away.* ∾ ādŭtis pĕnētralĭbŭs ignem. *V.* [† Aufĕro, asporto, abduco, răpĭo, extollo, avĕho.] 3. ∾ me, pĕdem, grādum, &c. *To go from, out.* ∾ sese; pĕdem; gressum. *V.* vestigĭā; grādum. *Sil.* *See* EXEO. 4. *To carry forth the dead;* hence, *to bury.* *See* SEPELIO. 5. *To bring forth, bear.* Hæc gĕnŭs acrĕ vĭrum, Marsos extŭlĭt. *V.* *See* GIGNO. 6. *To lift up, raise.* Lit. and fig. ∾ căpŭt (altĭŭs). *V.* clamorem. *Pl.* ănĭmos. *Sen.* vĭrum laudĭbŭs. *J.* [† Tollo, extollo, &c.] *See* EXTOLLO. 7. Fig. *To utter, express, make known.* ∾ ănĭmi motus lingua. *H.* sŭb auras (dedĕcŭs). *O.* mĕtus ĭn mĕdĭum. *Sen.* *See* DETEGO.

EFFĔRŬS, ă, um. *Savage, furious.* Cœptis immanĭbŭs effĕrā Dido. *V.* [† Fĕrŭs, fŭrens.]

EFFERVĔO, es, bŭi (*from obs.* Effervo, is), *and* **EFFERVESCO**, ĭs. 1. *To boil, boil over, be exceedingly hot.* Siderā cœperunt toto effervescĕrĕ cœlo. *O.* *See* FERVEO. Fig. 2. Effervĕrĕ ĭn ăgros (de Ætna). ∾-ent ăpes. *V.* vermes. *Lr.* [† Fervĕo, æstŭo, exæstŭo, erumpo.] 3. *To burn with rage.* *Lr.* [† Ardĕo, excandesco.]

EFFETŬS, ă, um. 1. *Having brought forth young; exhausted after delivery.* Effetas linquunt examĭnā ceras. *L.* Phr. Viscĕrĭbŭs lassis; partu exhaustā. 2. Gen. *Fatigued, exhausted* (of persons). ∾ vinĭtŏr. ∾-æ ĭn corpŏrĕ vires. *V.* [† Fessŭs, defessŭs, fractŭs.] 3. *Exhausted* (of things). ∾-os pĕr ăgros. *V.* ∾ spes. *V. Fl.*

EFFĪCAX, ācis. 1. *Efficacious, acting with effect.* Jamjam efficaci do mănus scientiæ. *H.* Prĕces efficaces. *Sen.* [† Pŏtens, præsens.] 2. *With inf.* (Curas) elŭĕre ∾. *H.*

EFFĪCIO, ĭs, eci, ectum. 1. *To make, form; effect, perform.* Insŭlā portum Efficĭt objectu lātĕrum. *V.* Nil Claudiæ non ∾-ent mănus. *H.* ∾ paupertatem lĕvem fĕrendo; jussā pārentis. *O.* [† Făcio, ăgo, reddo, præsto, do, edo, exsĕquŏr.] *See* FACIO, REDDO. 2. *To cause,* that &c. Efficiam, posthac ne &c. *V.* [† Făcio, ăgo, curo.]

EFFĪGIES, ei. *f.* 1. *An image, portrait.* *V.* Effĭgies inter vestras stātŭamquĕ Vāgilli. *J.* [† ˘Imago, simŭlacrum, spĕcies, signum, stātŭā.] *See* IMAGO, STATUA. 2. *A shade, spectre, of one departed.* [† Umbrā, simŭlacrum.] *See* UMBRA.

EFFINGO, ĭs, inxi, ictum. *To represent, imitate, form.* Bis conatŭs ĕrat casus effingĕre ĭn auro. *V.* ∾-unt vārias figuras (grŭes). *L.* [† Exprĭmo, fingo, formo, informo, reddo.]

EFFLAGITO, as. *To ask for urgently.* Notumque efflagītāt ensem. *V.* *See* FLAGITO.

EFFLO, as. 1. *To breath out.* Vernas efflāt ăb orĭ rōsas. *O.* [† Exspiro, exhalo, emitto, mitto, reddo.] 2. ∾ ănĭmam, vitam. *To expire.* *See* MORIOR.

EFFLORESCO, ĭs, rŭi. *To bloom, flourish.* Lit. and fig. Quæquĕ nŏvis prŏăvum tellus efflorŭĭt armis. *St.* *See* FLOREO.

EFFLŬO, ĭs, uxi, uxum. 1. *To flow out, flow down, away.* In mārĕ purpŭrĕum vĭŏlentĭŏr efflŭĭt amnis. *V.* ∾-It æquŏr sŭpĕr scŏpŭlos; imbĕr. *V. Fl.* *See* FLUO. 2. *To escape, fall, slip, glide away.* ∾-It de vertĭcĕ serpens. *St.* Effluxere urnæ mănĭbŭs. *O.* Mănĭbŭs ŏpŭs ∾-It. *Lr.* [† Elabŏr, excĭdo, labŏr.] 3. ∾ ănĭmo, mentĕ, pectŏrĕ, or abs. *To forget.* ∾-It desidĕrĭis tŭis (dŏmĭnā). *O.* *See* OBLIVISCOR. 4. *To disappear.* *O.* [† ˘Abĕo, cedo, rĕcedo.] 5. *To swoon away, lose consciousness.* Viso mens ægrā effluxĭt hiatu. *Sil.*

EFFŎDIO, ĭs, odi, ossum. 1. *To dig, hollow out.* Hic portus ălĭi effŏdĭunt &c. *V.* [† Fŏdĭo, defŏdĭo, cāvo.] 2. *To dig out of the earth.* ∾-untŭr ŏpes. Effosso marmŏrĕ. *O.* [† Erŭo, extrăho, egĕro.] 3. *To pierce.* ∾ viscĕrā. *O.* *See* CONFODIO.

EFFRENO, as. *To unbridle, let loose.* (Freno.) Lit. and fig. Regnantem Ætolis Vulturnum in prælĭā campis Effrenāt. *Sil.*

EFFRENŬS, ă, um. *Unbridled.* Lit. and fig. Gens effrenā vĭrum Rhipæo tundĭtŭr Euro. *V.* Mentis effrenæ impĕtŭs. *Sen.* [† Infrenŭs, sŏluttŭs, libĕr.] Crol. Freno non rĕmŏrantĕ.

EFFRINGO, ĭs, egi, actum. 1. *To break.* *Sen.* *See* FRANGO. 2. Intr. *To break* (upon), *rush with violence.* Vestras ∾-ĕt in urbes (fluctŭs). *Sil.* *See* IRRUMPO.

EFFŬGIO, ĭs, ugi. Tr. and intr. *To flee, flee away, escape; avoid.* Non ăvĭs utĭlĭter viscatis effŭgĭt alis. *O.* Ter frustra comprensā mānus effŭgĭt (*perf.*) imago. *V.* [† Fŭgio, evado, elabŏr; vito.] *See* FUGIO.

EFFŬGIUM, ĭi. *n.* *Flight, escape; the means of escape.* Hospĭtis effŭgio præstruxĕrāt omnĭā Minos. *O.* Ob nostrā effŭgiā. *V.* Unĭcum ∾ mālĭ. *Sen.* [† Fŭgā, ăbĭtŭs, exĭtŭs; perfŭgium.]

EFFULGĔO, es, si (*from obs.* Effulgo, is). *To shine forth, brightly.* ∾-ent auro ductores; fluctus. ∾-ĕt lux ŏcŭlis. *V.* *See* FULGEO.

EFFULTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *from* Effulcio. *Leaning upon, resting* or *raised upon.* Atque harum effultus tergo stratisquĕ jăcĕbāt. *V.* ∾-ā mĕtallis culmĭnā. *St.* ∾ taurino tergo jăcĕbāt. *Sil.* *See* FULTUS.

EFFUNDO, ĭs, udi, usum. 1. *To pour out, shed forth;* and fig. *to send* or *let forth.* ∾ fletus. *V.* saccos nummorum. *H.* jŭbam (de ĕquo); pectŏrĕ questus; vires ĭn ventum; auxĭlĭum castris; Teucros ĭn æquŏr. *V.* [† Fundo, prŏfundo, mitto, emitto, spargo.] 2. *To throw over, throw down.* ∾ sŏlo. *V.* *See* STERNO. 3. *To spend, squander.* *Ter.* [† Prŏfundo, exhaurĭo.] *See* DECOQUO. 4. *To let loose.* ∾ hābenas. *V.* *See* LAXO. 5. ∾ me. *To rush forward* (let oneself loose). Carcĕrĭbŭs sese effundĕrĕ quādrigæ. *V.* Nec qua se ardens ∾ possĭt. *V. Fl.* [† Effundŏr, erumpo, rŭo, præcĭpĭto.] *See* EFFUSUS.

EFFUNDŎR. *pass.* 1. *To be shed out* or *forth.* [† Fundŏr, flŭo, mano.] 2. *To be thrown down, fall down.* ∾-ĭtŭr illĕ in căpŭt. *St.* *See* CADO, EFFUSUS.

EFFUSŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* EFFUNDO. 1. *Poured out, shed.* ∾ imbĕr nŭbĭbŭs; ∾-æ lăcrĭmæ ŏcŭlis. *V.* *Fig.* 2. ∾-æ pĕr collā jŭbæ. *Sil.* cæsārĭem nĭtĭdam; ∾-ā jŭventus ăgris. *V.* 3. *Loosed to full speed, rushing forth.* ∾-i carcĕrĕ currus; nimbo sĭmĭles. *V.* 4. *Overthrown.* ∾-ŭs ĕquĕs. *V.* 5. *Squandered, lost.* Omnis ∾ lăbŏr. *V.*

EFFUTIO, is. *To prate, babble away.* Effutirĕ lĕves indignā tragœdĭā versus. *H.* [† Garrĭo, dico, fundo.] *See* LOQUOR.

EGĔLĬDŬS, ă, um. *Fresh, cool.* Et gĕlĭdum bŏrĕan, egĕlĭdumquĕ nŏtum. *O.* Jam ver ∾-os rĕfert tĕpores. *Cat.* *See* GELIDUS.

Egens, ĭtis. 1. *One wanting* (without) *something which he should have.* Quæ causâ rătes, aut cujûs ĕgentes? *V.* Pŭĕros nutricis ĕgentes. *O.* [† Cărens, ĕgenŭs, privatŭs, nudŭs, indĭgens, indĭgŭs, inops, orbatŭs, nudatŭs, exsors.] 2. Sp. *One who is poor.* Irŭs ∾. *O.* [† ˘Egenŭs, inops, paupĕr.] *See* Pauper. 3. *One feeling his need, wanting, craving.* Magnæ laudis ĕgentes. *V.* Delĭciarum ∾. *H.* [† Cŭpĭdŭs, ăvĭdŭs; *and with acc.* rĕposcens, rĕquirens.]

˘**Egentŭs**, ă, um. 1. *One wanting* (without) *something he should have.* Omnibŭs exhaustos jam casibŭs omnium ĕgenos. *V.* Lucis ∾ tartărŭs. *Lr. See* Egens. 2. *One who is poor. See* Infortunium.

˘**Egĕo**, es, ŭi. 1. *To be without, to want* (not to have). Crimĭnĕ quo mĕrŭi, donis ut solŭs ĕgerem. *St.* [† Cărĕo, indĭgĕo.] *See* Careo. 2. *To want, wish for, require.* ∾ defensorĭbŭs. *V.* plausoris &c. *H.* [† Indĭgĕo, vŏlo, posco, postŭlo, rĕquiro, rĕposco.] Crel. ˘Opŭs est mihi, ŏpŭs hăbĕo. 3. *To be poor.* Arcessas, ĕt ĕgerĕ vĕtes. *H. See* Pauper.

Egĕrĭa, æ. *f. A nymph whom Numa professed to consult, changed after his death into a fountain.* Egĕrĭă est quæ præbĕt ăquas dĕă gratâ Cămenis. *O.*

Egĕro, is, essi, estum. 1. *To draw from the bottom, and throw out; to discharge, void.* Quum totâ căvernas Egĕrĭt, et torrens in campos deflŭit Ætnă. *L.* ∾ dăpes pectŏrĕ. *O.* æquŏrâ fundo (de rătĕ). *St.* [† Extrăho, expello, emitto, effundo, ejĭcio, ejecto, rejecto; *sts.* vŏmo *or* exantlo.] 2. *To exhaust.* Lit. and fig. Egessitque ăvĭdis Dorĭcâ castrâ rŏgis. *Pp.* ∾-ĭtŭr lăcrĭmis dŏlŏr. *O.* questu dies. *V. Fl.*

˘**Egestas**, atis. *f.* 1. *Want, privation.* Turbăt ĕnim dŭbĭam mentem rătionis ĕgestas. *Lr.* [† Penurĭă.] 2. *Need, poverty. V.* [† Paupertas, paupĕries.] *See* Pauperies.

˘**Egŏ**, mĕi, mihi *or* mihĭ, *and sync.* mi, me, me. 1. *I.* Ast ĕgŏ quæ divum incedo reginâ, Jŏvisquĕ &c. *V.* [† ˘Egŏmĕt, ipsĕ; *sts.* nos.] Crel. ˘Egŏmĕt ipsĕ. Ipsĕ ĕgŏ. Ipsĕ ĕgŏmĕt. 2. Me me *are sts. emphatically repeated.* Me me, adsum qui feci. *V.* Me me dŭcĕ ferrum corrĭpĭtĕ. *V.*

˘**Egŏmĕt**. memĕt. *I myself, me myself.* Vidi ĕgŏmet, dŭŏ de nŭmĕro quum corpŏrâ nostro. *V.* Memet sŭpĕr ipsâ dĕdissem. *V.* [† Ipsĕ.] Crel. Ipsĕ ĕgŏ. Ipsĕ ĕgŏmĕt.

Egrĕdĭŏr, ĕris, essŭs sum. 1. *To go out, forth.* Egrĕdĕre: egrĕdĭor, qualesque ĭn ĭmagĭnĕ somni. *O.* [† Exĕo, excedo, &c.] *See* Exeo. 2. Fig. *To go beyond, exceed.* ∾ finem Nestŏrĕæ sĕnectæ. *St.* [† Excedo, sŭpĕro.]

Egrĕgĭe. *adv.* 1. *Specially, particularly. Ter.* [† Præcipŭe, imprimis, maxĭme.] 2. *Remarkably well.* Dixĕrĭs ∾, notum si &c. *H.* [† Bĕnĕ, apte, recte.] 3. *Splendidly, nobly.* Funŭs ∾ factum. *H.* ˘Ob res ∾ gestas. *Pers.* [† Præclare.] 4. *With* multi. *Very, exceedingly.* ∾ multo. *Lr. Aus.*

Egrĕgĭŭs, ă, um. 1. *Distinguished;* sp. *of remarkable beauty.* Tantum egrĕgĭo dĕcŭs enĭtĕt orĕ. *V.* ∾-ŭs formâ. *O.* ∾-ă formâ. *H.* [† Pulchĕr, formosŭs, dĕcorŭs, &c.] *See* Pulcher. 2. *Fine, eminent, honorable* (used freq. ironically). Addĕ tŏt ∾-as urbes. *V.* ∾ laus. *V.* [† Exĭmĭŭs, præstans, conspĭcŭŭs, nobĭlis, dĕcorŭs, pulchĕr, excellens.] 3. *Distinguished above the rest.* [† Exĭmĭŭs, præstans, optĭmŭs; *for pl. sts.* primi.]

Egressŭs, us. *m.* 1. *Act of going out,* or *passage out; egress.* Janĭtŏr egressus intrŏĭtusquĕ vĭdĕt. *O.* Nec pătĕt ∾. *Cat.* Ventos arcĕt ∾-u (*Æŏlŭs*). *O.* [† Exĭtŭs, ăbĭtŭs, effŭgĭum, fŭgă, ĭtĕr.] 2. *The mouth of a river.* ∾ septemplĭcis Istri. *O.* [† Os, ostĭă.]

Eheu. *interj. of grief. Alas! alas!* Eheu! quid vŏlŭi mĭsĕro mihi? *V.* [*In* ˘Eho *and* ˘Ehem (*Ter. Pl.*) *the first syl. is short; and would seem, therefore, properly to be so in* Eheu. *Thus Pl.:* Ille abducturŭs est mŭlĭĕrem cras. ˘Eheu (*Ps.* 1, 1, 80). *In some passages, for* Eheu *the MSS. give* Heu heu!]

Eia. *adv.* 1. *Come on; up, up and on* (a stirring exclamation). Eia ăgĕ, rumpĕ mŏras. *V.* [† ˘Agĕ, ăgĕdum.] Crel. Eia ăgĕ. 2. *Expressive of surprise: See! see!* Hostis ădest, eia. *V.* Eia ŭt elĕgans est! *Ter.*

Ejăcŭlŏr, aris. *To shoot, dart.* Ejăcŭlatŭr ăquas, atque ictibŭs sĕrâ rumpĭt. *O.* Seque ejăcŭlatŭs ĭn altum. *O. See* Ejicio.

Ejecto, as. *freq. of* Ejicio. Sub qua rĕsŭpinŭs ărenas Ejectăt. *O.* ∾ crŭorem orĕ. *V.* ejectatâ făvillâ. *O.*

Ejectŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Ejicio. *Thrown out, cast out, away.* Si quibŭs ejectus silvis aut urbibŭs errăt. *V.* ∾-um littŏre (excepi); ∾ corpŭs ĭn littŏrĕ; rătis. *O.* Ejectŭs dĭe. *St. See* Exsul.

Ejĭcio, is, eci, ectum. 1. *To cast out, throw out and off, eject.* Spumas ejecĭt ăheno Ignis. *O.* ∾ clausum fŭrorem. *St.* [† Ejecto, egĕro, emitto, exspŭo.] *See* Spiro. 2. *To cast out, expel, drive away.* (Has) bŏrĕas ejecĭt ăb Arcto. *St.* Ejĭcĭtŭr . . . hospĕs. *O.* [† Pello, expello, depello, ăbĭgo, exĭgo, extrudo, detrudo, exturbo, amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, fŭgo, arcĕo, rĕlego, ablego.] *See* Arceo.

Ejŭlatĭo, onis. *f.* and **Ejŭlatŭs**, us. *m. Sen. Lamentation, wailing.* ˘Et illâ non vĭrilis ejŭlatĭo. *H.* [† Gĕmĭtŭs, lamentum.]

Ejŭlo, as. *To bewail, lament. Pl. See* Lamentor.

Ejuratŭs, ă, um. *Abjured, renounced.* Vitati cœtus ejuratiquĕ tŭmultus. *Aus.* ∾ fĭdes. *St.*

Ejuro, as. *To abjure, renounce.* Saucĭŭs ejurat pugnam glăddĭatŏr &c. *O. See* Recuso.

Elabŏr, ĕris, psŭs sum. 1. *To escape, slip, glide away.* Maxĭmŭs hic flexu sĭnŭoso elabĭtŭr anguis. *V.* ∾ vĭro. *O.* Elapsŭs mĕdĭis ˘Achivis; telis ˘Achivum. *V.* [† Labŏr, excĭdo, effŭgio, evado, declino.] *See* Vito. 2. *To mount, rise upwards.* Frondes elapsŭs ĭn altas (iguis). *O.* 3. *To slip from the memory.* Elapsŭs de pectŏrĕ Magnŭs. *L.* Elapsâ verbâ. *O. See* Excido.

Elăborătŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Elaboro = Laboratus. *H.*

Elăboro, as. *To prepare with trouble, to labour out.* Non Sicŭlæ dăpes Dulcem elăborabunt săporem. *H.*

Elanguĕo, es, ŭi, *and* **Elanguesco**, is. *To grow faint, feeble.* Hæsit ŭterque pŏlo, dŭbĭisque elanguĭt alis. *V. Fl.* Sic elanguescens ac jam casurâ (cornŭs). *Sil. See* Languĕo.

Elargĭŏr, iris. *To bestow liberally.* Pătrĭæ carisquĕ prŏpinquis Quantum elargiri dĕcĕăt. *Pers. See* Largior.

Elatro, as = Latro. Ut non Acrĭtĕr elatrem. *H.*

Elatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Effero. *Raised, elevated, high;* and fig. *elated, proud.* Contra elatâ mări respondet Gnossiă tellus. *V.* Frustra ănĭmis elatĕ sŭperbis. *V.* [† Edĭtŭs, altŭs, celsŭs, &c.] *See* Celsus, Superbus.

Electra, æ, *and* **Electre**, es. *f.* 1. *Daughter of Atlas, and mother of Dardanus.* Electra, ut Graii pĕrhĭbent, Atlantĭdĕ natŭs. *V.* [† ˘Atlantis.] II. *Daughter of Clytemnestra and Agamemnon, and sister of Orestes. C. D.* Nec sic Electre, salvum quum adspexĭt ˘Oresten. *Pp.*

Electrĭfĕr, ĕrâ, ĕrŭm. *Amber-bearing.* Et Pădŭs electrĭfĕris Admŏdŭletŭr alnis. *Cl.*

ım, i. n. 1. *Amber.* Pinguĭ cortĭcĭbus electrā mȳricæ. *V.* [? Succĭnum.] Ep. ıosum, stillatum. *See* SUCCINUM. 2. *An al metal of the colour of amber, a fourth part silver.* Tum læves ŏcrĕas ~-o auro-coeto. *V.*

ı, ă, um. *part. See* ELIGO. 1. *Chosen.* sĭmā pessĭmi pŏetæ Scriptā. *Cat.* [? Lec-lectŭs, selectŭs, egrĕgĭŭs, præstans.] 2. *of.* ~ formæ certamĭnā solvĕrĕ pastŏr. *St.* ı, us. *m. A choice.* In nĕcĭs electu parvā mŏrā est. *O.* [? Delectŭs.]

s, tĭs. *Elegant, graceful, of polished manıcs taste,* &c. Nec māgĕ compŏsĭtum quid-nec māge elĕgans. *Ter.* Hui! Regem ıem narras. *Ter.* Nec sane nĭmĭs elĕgantĕ *Cat.* [? Ornatŭs, concinnŭs, pŏlītŭs, ex-vĕnustŭs.]

rtĭa, æ. *f. Elegance.* Rĕgelāt, annos ce-lĕgantĭa (mŭlĭĕr). *Ph.* [? Cultŭs, orna-ŏr, gratĭā, dĕcŏr.] *See* ELEGANS.

, *or* ~ELĔGIA, æ. *f.* ~ELĔGI, orum. *m. pl. dogy, elegiac poem;* sts. *the Elegiac Muse.* ıat, cultis aut ĕlĕgiā cŏmis. *M.* Atque hābŭi fĭcĭles in āmorē mĭnistros. *O.* ristĭa, infelix, mœstā, mĭsĕrabĭlĭs, flebĭlĭs, ă, gĕmēbundā; mollĭs, imbellĭs, exĭgŭā, blandā, claudā. Crel. Impāres numĕri, Versus impārĭtĕr juncti. Carmĭnā tristĭ-flebĭlĭbŭs mŏdis deductā. Mœsti mŏdi. ~Elĕgia (*rather than* ~Elĕgeiā). [*Freund Loers.*) *says that the nom. in O. has always* : *as* Rhea Amalthea *sometimes.*] Flendŭs ıĕlĭs est; ĕlĕgia flebĭlĕ carmĕn. *O.* Flebĭlĭs ıs, ~Elĕgia solvĕ căpillos. *O.*

um. *See* ELEUS.

s, Idis. *f. A bacchanal.* Bacchi fŭrĭis ~Elĕ-ctæ. *O. See* BACCHA.

s, ĕŏs *or* ĕi. *m. One of the names of Bac-*ıycĕĭlĭusque, ~Elĕleusquĕ pārens, ĕt ~Iac-ı Evan. *O. See* BACCHUS.

ctā, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *Elements, first prin-* Confŭtĕre ex ipso possunt ĕlĕmentā vā-*Lr.* Cŭpidĭnĭs pravi ~. *H.* [? Semĭnā, pri-ı, partĭcŭlæ.] 2. *The elements: fire, air, water. See* PRIMORDIA. 3. *The elements knowledge.* ~ discĕrĕ primā. *H.* [? Rŭ-ı, principĭā.] 4. *A commencement, be-y.* Parvā fŭlt, si primā vĕlis ĕlĕmentā ı, Romā. *O.*

ıus, i. *m. A pearl pear-shaped.* Aurĭbŭs ıis magnos commisĭt ĕlenchos. *J.*

ıntus, i. *m.* = ~Elĕphas. 1. *An elephant.* lĕphantorum turrito concĭtā dorso. *Sil.* ry. Ex auro sŏlĭdoque ĕlĕphanto. *V. See* IAS, EBUR.

ıs, antĭs. *m.* 1. *An elephant.* Gætulus ĕlĕphas oppressŭs āb armis. *L.* Tolli sic ntā pŭtāt. *M.* [? ~Elĕphantŭs, barrŭs; *sts.*] Ep. Afer, Gætulŭs, Indŭs, ĕŏŭs, an-nŭs, ingens, vastŭs, immanĭs, fortĭs, fĕrox, s; dŏcĭlĭs, solers, industrĭŭs; clemens, Crel. Bellŭā Gætulā, Lĭbȳcā, Lĭbyssā, e terræ, Marmārĭcā, Indā. Lĭbȳcā fĕrā. rā bellantĭā. 2. *Ivory. See* ELEPHANTUS.

ı, um, *and* ELEIS, Idis. *f. Of Elis, Elean;* ıie. Hic vĕl ād Elei metas, ĕt maxĭmā cam-ıabit spātĭā. *V.* ~-o carcĕrĕ missŭs ĕquŭs.] Elĭs, ŏlympĭŭs, Pisæŭs.]

ıs, *and* ~ELEUSIS, *gen.* (seldom found) *A city in Attica. C. D.* Tempŏrĕ quo nota est Cĕrĕālĭs ~Eleusin. *O.*

ıcus, ă, um. *Of Eleusis, Eleusinian.* Tar-~Eleusinæ matris volventĭā plaustrā. *V.* eusinĭŭs.]

a. *See* ELEUSIN.

ıl

ELĔVO, as. 1. *To raise, lift up.* Elĕvāt hunc pluma, squamis hunc fabŭla vestĭt. *Cl.* [? Lĕvo, tollo.] 2. *To* (lift and) *take away.* ~ prĕces (de aura). *Pp.* 3. *To lower, detract from, disparage.* Hanc tu abjĭce elĕvaquĕ. *Cat.* Qui, făcĭĕrĕ quæ non possunt, verbis elĕvant. *Ph.* [? Deprĭmo, mĭnŭo, carpo, detrăho.] 4. ~ (qm). *To impair a man's power, influence.* ~-āt assĭdŭos coplā longā vĭros. *Pp.*

I. ELIAS, ădis. *f. Of Elis; Olympic.* Ellādum palmas Epirŭs ĕquarum. *V.* [? Elĕis.]

II. ELIAS, *or* HELIAS, æ. *m. The prophet Elias. Eccl.*

ELĬCIO, is, ŭi, ĭtum. *To draw out, cause to come forth.* Eccĕ sŭpercĭlĭo clivosi tramĭtis undam Elĭcĭt. *V.* ~ lăcrĭmas dĕo; voces vocĕ mĕa. *O.* iras. *Sil.* [? Trăho, duco, extrăho, educo, deduco, detrăho, erŭo.]

ELIDO, is, si, sum. 1. *To crush, press close;* sp. *strangle.* Vivā grăves elidunt corpŏrā trunci. ~ pontum ingesto sŏlo. *L.* angues; ~-i turba; ~-unt fauces (vincŭlā). *O.* [? Prĕmo, comprĭmo, suffoco, contĕro.] *See* STRANGULO. 2. *To force out.* ~ ŏcŭlos. *O.* Elisam spumam. *V.* Elisi nubĭbŭs ignes. *O.* [? Ellĭcio, effŏdĭo.] 3. *To break through.* Complexos ūtĭnam Symplegādes elisissent! *O.* Elisit nubes ignis. *St.* Elisŭs ĭtŭis (aer). *L. See* FRANGO. 4. *To reflect an image.* ~-ĭtŭr rectā rĕtrorsum (Imago). *Lr.*

ELĬGO, is, egi, ectum. *To choose.* ~Equos nūmĕro pātĕr ellĭgĭt omni. *V.* [? Lĕgo, dellĭgo, opto, excerno, sepono, sellĭgo.]

ELIMĬNO, as. *To turn out of doors, drive out;* hence, *to make public.* Sit, qui dictā fŏras elimĭnĕt, ut cŏĕat par &c. *H.* [? Ejĭcio, exturbo, expello, &c.] Crel. Limĭnĕ ejĭcio, excludo. *See* EJICIO.

ELIMO, as. *To file, polish.* (Cātenas) Elimat; non illŭd ŏpus tĕnŭissĭmā vincant. *O. See* LIMO.

ELINGUIS, ĕ. *Speechless, dumb.* Elinguem quis te dicentĭs ĭmaginĕ pinxĭt. *Aus.* [? Mutŭs.]

ELĬQUO, as. *To clarify, strain out; fuse.* Lit. and fig. Vatum et plorabĭlĕ si quĭd Ellĭquāt, et tĕnĕro supplantat verbā pālato. *Pers.*

ELIS, Idis. *f. The capital of a province of the Peloponnesus of the same name, and near which the Olympic games were held.* Et quas Ellis ŏpes antĕ pārarāt ĕquis. *Pp.*

~ELISA, *or* ~ELISSA, æ. *f. A name of Dido.* Nec me mĕmĭnissĕ pĭgebĭt ~Elissæ. *V. See* DIDO.

~ELISÆUS, *or* ~ELISSÆUS, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to Dido; Carthaginian.* Tangāt ~Elissæas palmis pŭĕrilĭbŭs aras. *Sil.* [? Punĭcŭs.]

ELIXUS, ă, um. *Boiled, sodden.* At sĭmŭl assis Miscŭĕris elixā, sĭmul &c. *H.*

ELŎQUENS, tis. *Eloquent.* Et doctos ĕquĭtes ĕt elŏquentĕ Cantu &c. *St.* [? Facundŭs, dĭsertŭs.] *See* FACUNDUS.

ELŎQUENTIA, æ. *f. Eloquence. Ter.* Cĕlĕbratā vārĭe cujŭs elŏquentĭā. *Aus.* [? Elŏquĭum, facundĭā.] *See* FACUNDIA.

ELŎQUIUM, ii. *n.* 1. *Style of words and language.* Ettŭlĭt elŏquĭum insŏlĭtum facundĭā præceps. *H.* 2. *Eloquence, power of words.* Quælĭbĕt elŏquĭo fit bŏnā causā tŭo. *O.* Proindĕ tŏna ~-o. *V. See* FACUNDIA.

ELŎQUŎR, ĕris, quutŭs *or* cutŭs sum. *To say, speak, tell out.* Elŏquār infelix dedĕcŭs ipsā mĕum. *O.* ~-ār, ăn sĭlĕam? *V.* [? Lŏquŏr, dico, narro, &c.] *See* L. D. N.

ELUCĔO, es, xi. *To shine forth, shine out with light.* Elucent ālæ, et fulgorĕ cŏruscant. *V. See* LUCEO, FULGEO.

ELUCTŎR, aris. 1. *To struggle out.* ~Aqua eluctabĭtŭr omnis. *V.* Tyrrhenas vix eluctatŭs ĭn undas (Tĭbĕrĭs). *L.* [? Erumpo.] 2. Sts. with acc.

Oppŏsĭtum vox eluctatā fŭrorem est. *St.* Eluctatī rĕtĭnacŭlā blandā mŏrarum. *Aus.*

ELUDO, ĭs, usi, usum. 1. *To deceive.* Sēd illos Exspectatā sēges vanis elusĭt ăristis. *V.* [† Ludo, fallo, decĭpĭo.] *See* DECIPIO. 2. *To escape from.* Elusĕrāt illā sēquentes. *O.* Elusā vulnĕrā. *O.* [† Vito, effŭgĭo, &c.] *See* VITO.

ELŬO, ĭs, ŭi, utum. *To wash, to clean, to wash out.* Lit. and fig. Infectum elŭĭtur scĕlŭs, aut exurĭtŭr igni. *V.* ~ ămarā curarum. *H.* [† Ablŭo, delĕo.] *See* LAVO.

ELŬVIES, ei. *f. An inundation.* Elŭvĭe mons est deductŭs ĭn æquŏr. *O. See* DILUVIUM.

ELYSIUM, ĭi. *n. and* ELYSII, orum. *m. pl. Elysium, the abode of the blessed.* Mittĭmŭr Elȳsĭum, et pauci læta arvā tĕnemŭs. *V.* Tu cŏlĭs Elȳsĭos &c. *M.* Ep. Quĭetum, amœnum, felix, bĕatum, fortunatum, lætum, plum. Crcl. Elȳsii campi, luci. Elȳsĭŭs ăgĕr. Elȳsĭā sedes, vallis. Elȳsĭum nĕmŭs. Elȳsĭæ dŏmus, plāgæ, oræ, sedes, valles. Phr. Plorum—lŏcā lætā;—bĕatæ *or* discretæ sedes;—campŭs;—fortunatā nĕmŏrā;—ămœnā concĭlĭā. Lætā Elȳsii nĕmŏris lŏcā.

ELYSIUS, ă, um. *Elysian. See* ELYSIUM.

EMANCIPO, *or* EMANCŬPO, as. *To make over the right of possession in a person* or *thing to another;* hence, *to surrender him,* or *enslave him to another.* Emancĭpatus femĭnæ (milĕs). *H.* ˘Egŏ tĭbĭ me emancŭpo. *Pl.* [† Servĭo.]

EMANO, as. *To flow out.* Emanarĭt, ŭti fumus diffusa ănĭmæ vis. *Lr. See* MANO, EFFLUO.

EMATHIA, æ. *f. A district of Macedonia;* hence, *Macedonia, Thessaly.* Emăthĭam, et latos Hæmi pinguescĕrĕ campos. *V. See* THESSALIA.

EMATHIS, ĭdis. *f. Macedonian, Thessalian.* Tellus ~. *L.* Rident ~-ĭdes. *O.*

EMATHIUS, ă, um. *Macedonian, Thessalian.* Quæ dŭcis Emăthĭi (˘Alexandri) fŭĕrĭt clementĭā, Porŭs &c. *O.* ~-os campos. *L. See* MACEDO, THESSALUS.

EMATURESCO, is. *To become* or *be quite ripe;* fig. *to become gentle.* Si mŏdŏ læsi Ematurŭĕrĭt Cæsarĭs irā, quĕāt. *O.*

˘EMAX, acis. *Fond of buying.* Lit. and fig. Non tu prĕcĕ poscĭs ĕmaci. *Pers.*

EMBLEMA, ătis. *n.* (ἔμβλημα.) *Mosaic* or *tessellated work.* Endo pāvimento atque emblemātĕ vermĭcŭlato. *Lucil.* (*apud Cic.*) [† ˘Asārotum, insertā.] Phr. *A tessellated pavement.* Hŭmŭs (sŏlā lævĭā)—pĕr vārĭas artes pictā;—nŏvis *or* āsārotĭcis lāpillis (crustis Phrȳgĭis) gaudens (exornatā, consertā). Nŏvis āsārotā fĭguris. Marmŏrĕŭs campŭs.

EMENDO, as. 1. *To correct, amend.* Cultŭs ĕt ĭn pomis succos emendāt ăcerbos. *O.* ~ vĭtĭum deformĕ. *H.* [† Corrĭgo, castigo.] 2. *To correct a work. O.* [† Corrĭgo, castigo, limo, pŏlĭo, expŏlĭo.] Crcl. Mendas delĕo. Mendis purgo. Lĭturam făcĭo. Lĭtura cŏercĕo. Ĭsimam ădhĭbĕo. Lima utŏr. Limæ lăborĕ, mŏrā utŏr. Incudi reddo. ˘Ad incudem rĕvŏco. Sŭb judĭcĭum verbā vŏco. ˘Ad unguem castigo.

EMENTIOR, irĭs, itŭs sum. *To say falsely, lie; to counterfeit.* Qui se gĕnĭtum septemplĭcĕ Nilo Ementitŭs ĕrāt. *O.* Illum, quem ementĭtŭs ĕs. *Pl.* [† Mentĭŏr, simŭlo.] *See* MENTIOR.

EMERĔO, es, ŭi, itum. *To merit, deserve.* Et tămĕn emĕrŭi gĕnĕrosos vestĭs hŏnores. *Pp.* Ennĭŭs emĕrŭĭt. *O. See* MEREO.

EMERGO, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To come out* or *up from water;* and gen. *to rise up, come forth.* Emergunt ĭtĕrum, rĕdĕuntquĕ sŭb æquŏrĭā rursŭs. *O.* Lux emersĭt ŏlympo. *V. Fl.* [*In O. Fast.* 3, 367, *for* totum jam Sol emersĕrāt orbem, *we should read* evolvĕrāt. *Frennd.*] [† Surgo, exsurgo, exĕo, exsto, exŏrĭŏr, ŏrĭŏr.] 2. Fig. *To emerge from a low condition.* Haud făcĭle ~-unt, quorum virtutĭbŭs obstāt &c. *J.* ˘Ad summas ~ ŏpes. *Lr.* 3. Emergĕrĕ se *in Ter.* (*And.* iii. 3, 30) *and Manil.* [*Not as* trans. *in poet.* (*Manil.* 1, 116 P), *except in particp.* emersus; *e. g.* cernis ĕt emersas in lucem tendĕrĕ noctes. *O.*]

EMERITUS, ă, um. *part.* (*from* Emereor, *d.*). *See* EMEREO. 1. *Merited, earned.* Emĕrĭto sacrum căpŭt insĕrĕ cœlo. *Sil. See* MERITUS. 2. Tr. *One who has deserved well of another.* Emĕrĭtis rĕfĕrenda est gratĭā sempĕr. *O.* 3. Us. *That which has done the work* or *duty assigned to it.* ~ ăratrum. *O.* Demĕrĕ jŭgā ~-is ĕquis. *O.* ~ dies. *Sen.* ~-os artus mortĕ rĕformāt. *Cl.* ~-as alnos (naves). *L.* [† Vergens, pronŭs, annosŭs, vĕtŭs.] 4. Abs. *A veteran soldier, one who has served his time. See* VETERANUS.

EMETIOR, irĭs, mensŭs sum. 1. *To measure, measure out* or *off.* Non ălĭquid pătrĭæ tanto emetirĭs ăcervo? *H. See* METIOR. 2. *To traverse, travel over. See* EMENSUS, PERCURRO.

EMĔTO, ĭs. *To reap from, mow down.* Ne plus frumenti dotalĭbŭs emĕtāt arvis. *H. See* METO.

EMICO, as, ŭi. 1. *To spring, spring out, leap forth.* Saltuquĕ sŭperbŭs Emĭcāt in currus. *V.* ~-āt jŭvĕnum mānŭs ĭn littŭs. *V.* ŭterquĕ carcĕrĕ; sanguis venis. *O.* [† Exsĭlĭo, pronŭs, annosŭs, vĕtŭs.] 2. *To rise up, above; shoot upward.* ~-āt scŏpŭlŭs. *O. See* EMINEO. 3. *To flash, glitter, sparkle* or *shine out.* Lit. and fig. Pĕr nŭbĭla fulmĕn emĭcŭĭt. *L. See* FULGEO.

EMIGRO, as. *To emigrate, change country, leave a place.* Te, ductor pŏpŭli longe emigrantis, ˘Apollo. *St.* ~ sĕpulcro. *St.* [† Mĭgro, exĕo, excedo, ăbĕo.] *See* EXSILIUM.

EMINENS, tis. *part. See* EMINEO. *Standing out.* ˘Et emĭnentem civĭtas hŭmĭlis trĕmĭt. *Sen.* [† Exstans, elatŭs.]

EMINEO, es, ŭi. 1. *To stand out, project out* or *up; to be prominent.* Et nĭhĭl emĭnĕant, et sint sĭnĕ sordĭbŭs ungues. *O.* Æquŏrĕ rupes ~-ent. *L.* [† Exsto, exsisto, assurgo, appārĕo.] 2. Fig. *To be eminent, distinguished; come out above others.* Vox ~-ēt unā. *O.* Mens supra gĕnŭs ~-ēt. *O.* [† Sŭpĕro, præsto, excello.]

EMINUS. *adv. From a distance.* Drȳŏpen fĕrĭt emĭnŭs hastā. *V.* Jăcŭlo cādĭt ~ ipsē. *O.* [† Prŏcŭl, longe.]

EMIROR, arĭs. *To be amazed at.* Emirabĭtŭr insŏlens. *H. See* MIROR.

EMITTO, is, isi, issum. 1. *To send forth* or *out, let out.* Horrŭĭt Alcȳŏne, lăcrĭmasquĕ emisĭt ŏbortas. *O.* ~ nŏtum; sānĭem; fontes (de natura). *O.* [† Mitto.] 2. *To send, throw, hurl.* ~ jăcŭlum ĭn auras. *V.* [† Mitto, jăcĭo, fundo, torquĕo.] 3. *To loose, let drop.* ~ orĕ casĕum. *Ph.* [† Dimitto.] *See* D. 4. *To send out, publish.* ~ ĕlĕgos. *H.* [† Edo.] 5. ~ vocem, verbā. *To utter words, speak. O.* [† Mitto, fundo, effundo, edo.] *See* LOQUOR.

EMMANŬEL (*Prudent.*), *and* EMMANŬEL. *Eccl. A name of the Messiah.*

˘EMO, ĭs, emi, emptum. *To buy.* Lit. and fig. Quod tĭbĭ donavi, perfĭdĕ, littŭs ĕmo. *O.* Nec pŭdŏr est emissĕ pālam. ~ sanguĭnĕ nomĕn. *O.* ~-ĭtŭr virtutĕ pŏtestas. *Cl.* [† Cŏēmo, pāro, compāro, mercŏr; *sts.* destĭno; *and pass.* vendŏr, venĕo.]

EMODEROR, arĭs. *To moderate.* Illĕ dŏlor verbis emŏdĕrandŭs ĕrĭt. *O. See* MODEROR.

EMODULOR, arĭs. *To modulate.* Musā pĕr undenos emŏdŭlandā pĕdes. *O. See* MODULOR.

EMOLIOR, irĭs. *To raise, lift up a mass; throw up, set in agitation.* Infesti frĕtŭm Emolĭuntur; turbŏ convolvit mārĕ. *Sen.*

[o, is. *To soften, render soft and gentle.* lit gentes clementiā cœli. *L.* ∾ mores. *O.* [ollio, Mitigo.

[. *To grind up* (all). Et granariā, fas mŏlā. Quid mētias &c.? *Pers. See* Molo.

[mentum, i. *n. Profit, advantage.* Præmiā īlla atquē īlla emŏlŭmentā nŏtemūs. *J.* [mmŏdum, commŏdĭtas, ŭtĭlĭtas, lŭcrum, [n.]

[r, ĕris, ortŭūs sum. *To die, die out.* Lit. [g. Perquē grădus molles emŏrĭatŭr ămŏr. *O.*

[tŭs, ă, um. *Dead. Pl.*

[s, ă, um. *part. See* Emoveo. *Moved from* [ce, *taken away, removed.* Lit. and fig. Ja[k emoti procumbunt cardĭnē postes. *V.* ∾ [a. *Sil.* trăbes *St.* ∾-æ dictis curæ. *V. See* [veo.

[o, es, ovi, otum. *To take away from its place,* [e, *drive out.* Arma omnĭā tectis Emŏvĕt, [m căpĭti subduxĕrăt ensem. *V.* [? Educo, [co, ăbĭgo, pello, quătio.] *See* Emotus.

[ocles, is. *m. A philosopher of Agrigentum,* [ily. Dĕūs immortalĭs hăberi Dum cŭpĭt [dŏcles ardentem &c. *H.*

[, oris. *m. A buyer.* Dedĕcŏrum prĕtĭosŭs [r. *H.* [? Cŏemptŏr.]

[s, *or* Emtus, ă, um. *part. See* Emo.

[. [? Cŏemptŭs, părătūs; *sts.* mercatūs, [s, vendĭtūs.]

[o, is = Mugio.

[tus, ă, um. *part. See* Emungo. 1. *Hav[e] nose wiped.* Fig. 2. *One of nice nose,* [e *taste.* Emunctæ naris, durus compōnĕrē [. *H.* Narĭs ∾-æ sĕnex. *Ph.* 3. *Swindled,* [ed *out.*' Pythĭās ∾-o lucratā Sĭmonē tă[m. *H.*

[o, as *To make clean.* Semŏdĭo scŏbĭs hæc [dat servŭlūs unūs. *J.*

[o, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To blow the nose.* Jam [s es nobis, et sæpe emungĕrĭs; exi &c. *J.* [*swindle,* '*clean out.*' ∾ argento sĕnes. *Ter.*

[o, is. *To fortify, secure.* Fultos emunĭīt [postes. *V. See* Munio.

[. *Lo! behold! See* Ecce. 2. *Used to awa[ken] and stimulate.* En ăgĕ, segnes Rumpĕ mŏ[. *See* Eia. 3. *Used to call attention to* [object or *feeling of the moment.* En unquam [s fines (mirabŏr)? En ĕrĭt unquam illĕ [*V.* [? Ecquando, nunquamnĕ.] *See also* [Ns.

[abĭlis, ĕ. *That may be related, described.* [ī non enarrabĭlĕ textum. *V.*

[o, as. *To tell, relate.* Quam prolapsā fŏras [t īn aĕrĭs auras. *Lr. See* Narro, Dico.

[r, ĕris, atūs sum. *See* Nascor.

[, *and* Eno, as. 1. *To escape by swimming* [ing. Si fractis enătăt exspes Navĭbūs &c. *H.* [as enavĭt ăd Arctos (Dædălūs). [? Eva-

2. Tr. *To traverse.* Tantumquĕ frĕtis ena[s] orbem. *V. Fl.* Valles ∾. *Sil.*

[go, as. *To sail over, traverse by sailing.* Com[t] unda, scilĭcĕt omnĭbūs Enavĭganda. *H.*

[stus, ă, um. *Burnt in* (the term applied [e] encaustic drawings of the ancients). En[as] Phăĕthon tăbŭla depictūs īn hac est. *M.*

[adus, i. *m. One of the giants, son of Titan* [Terra, *buried by Jupiter under Mount* [. Fama est Encĕlădi semiustum fulmĭnĕ [s. *V.*

[mis, ĭdis. *f. A coarse, shaggy garment,* [ipally *used by the athletes.* Donā, pĕregri[mitrĭmūs endrŏmĭdā. *M.*

[ion, onis. *m. A Thessalian shepherd, be[loved] by Diana.* Quid tĭbĭ dormĭtor prodĕrĭt En[dymi]on? *M.* **Crcl.** Latmĭūs heros (pŭĕr, vena-

Ep. Formosūs, pulchĕr, venatŏr.

Eneco, as, ŭi, ectum, *and sts.* ĕcavi. *To kill.* Enĕcăt, et nulla putris radicĕ tĕnetŭr. *L. See* Occido.

Enervis, ĕ. *Unnerved, weak. Sen.* [? Enervatūs, debĭlĭs, mollĭs, fractŭs, delumbĭs.]

Enervo, as. *To enervate, unman, weaken.* Enervant ănĭmos cĭthăræ, lotosquĕ, lўræquĕ. *O.* [? Debĭlĭto, mollĭo, frango.]

˘Enim. 1. *For.* Annā, fătebŏr ĕnim, mĭsĕri post fată Sĭchæi. *V.* [? ˘Etĕnim, nam, namquĕ.] *See* Nam. 2. *Sts. used by way of supporting* or *confirming what is said.* ˘Hunc plausūs . . . gĕmĭnatūs ĕnim, plebisquĕ pătrumquĕ Corrĭpŭĭt. *V.* [? Scilĭcĕt, nempĕ, sane, prŏfecto.] 3. ˘At ĕnim, Sĕd ĕnim. *See* Sedenim.

˘Enipeus, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m. A river of Thessaly.* Sanguĭnĕ Romano quam turbĭdūs ibĭt ˘Enipeus! *L.*

Enisus, *and anc.* Enixus, ă, um. *part. See* Enitor. 1. *One who has made exertions, efforts.* Enisūs arces attĭgĭt ignĕas (Hercŭles). *H.* 2. Enixā, æ. *f. Having produced, given birth to offspring.* (Cissĕis) ∾ ignes jŭgales; triginta căpĭtum fetus (sus). *V.* ∾ partus (Thestĭās). *O.* [? Connixā, prægnans, fetā.] *See* Gigno.

Eniteo, es, ŭi, *and* Enitesco, is. *To shine forth, out.* Lit. and fig. At rŭdĭs enĭtŭit impulso vomĕrĕ tellus. *V.* (Perfĭdum votis căpŭt) enitescis Pulchrĭŏr multo. *H. See* Niteo.

Enitor, ĕris, isūs, *and anc.* ixūs sum. 1. *To make efforts, make exertion, struggle out.* Nec sic enitar trăgĭco differrĕ cŏlori. *H.* ∾-untŭr ĕqui. *O. See* Nitor. 2. *To produce offspring* (us. in perf.). ∾ gĕmĭnos. *St.* Enixa est ŭtĕro crimĕn ŏnusquĕ sŭo. ∾-ā gĕmellos. *O. See* Enisus, Gigno.

Enna, *or* Henna, æ. *f. A city of Sicily, sacred to Ceres.* Ennā părens florum. *Cl.*

Ennæus, *or* Hennæus, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Enna.* ∾ Cĕrĕs. *Sil.* ∾-is mœnĭbūs. *O.* 2. Ennæā dĕā, divā. *Ceres. Sil.*; and hence sts. *Proserpine. L.*

Ennius, ĭi. *m. An ancient Roman poet.* Ennĭūs ingĕnĭo maxĭmūs, artĕ rŭdĭs. *O.* **Ep.** Rŭdĭnūs. **Crcl.** Quem Rŭdĭæ gĕnŭerĕ.

Ennŏsigæus, i. *m. A name of Neptune.* Ipsum compĕdĭbus qui vinxĕrăt Ennŏsĭgæum. *J. See* Neptunus.

Eno, as = Enato.

Enodis, ĕ. 1. *Without knots.* Aut rursum enodes trunci rĕsĕcantŭr, ĕt alte &c. *V.* ∾ ăbĭes. *O.* 2. Fig. *Pliant, supple.* ∾-es artus lătĕrum. *Cl.*

Enormis, ĕ. *Out of rule and measure, enormous, colossal.* Lusĭt, ĕt enormes mănūs est expertā cŏlossos. *St.* [? Immanĭs, portentosūs, ingens.]

Ensifer, *and* Ensiger, ĕră, ĕrum. *Carrying a sword.* Ensĭfĕr Orion adspĭcĭendūs ĕrĭt. *O.* ∾-as cătervas. *St.*

Ensis, is. *m.* 1. *A sword.* Sed virĭbūs ensĭs ădactūs Transădĭgit costas &c. *V.* [? Glădĭūs, ferrum, mucro, ăcĭes; *sts.* cuspĭs, pugĭo, æs.] **Ep.** Bellĭgĕr, martĭūs, bellĭcūs, ferrĕūs, durūs, rĭgĭdūs; strictūs, destrictūs, nudūs, ăcutūs; cŏruscūs, fulgens, rŭtĭlūs, mĭcans, mĕtŭendūs, mĭnax, sævūs; terrĭbĭlĭs, fulmĭnĕūs, sævūs, crudelĭs, fĕrūs, barbărūs, immitĭs, scĕlĕratūs, nĕfandūs, horrendūs, crŭentūs, sanguĭnĕūs, inĭmicūs, fatalĭs, fatĭfĕr, letalĭs; fidūs. **Crcl.** Glădĭi mucro. Ferri ăcĭes. **Phr.** *To strike, wound with the sword. See* Decollo, Jugulo, Occido, Vulnero. 2. Sts. *Military power,* or *power of life and death.* ˘In gentes pŭĕr accĭpĭs ensem. *L. See* Imperium.

Entheus, ă, um (ἔνθεος). *Spiritually possessed, inspired, fanatic. M. St. See* Afflatus.

Enumero, as. *To reckon through, count over, enu-*

merate. Quæ plurĭmā fando Enūmĕrārĕ vales. *V.* ∾ vulnĕrā; ŏves. *Pp.* [† Nūmĕro, percensĕo, rĕcensĕo.]

ENUNTIO, as. *To pronounce; tell, relate.* Ne enuntĭarem cuiquam, neu făcĕrem pălam. *Pl.* [† Dico, narro.]

ENUTRIO, is = Nutrio. Nalĭdĕs Idæis enutriverĕ sūb antris. *O.*

˘ENYO, us. *f. A name of Bellona.* Et, făcĕ mutata, bellum integrabăt ˘Enyo. *St. See* BELLONA.

˘EO, is, ivi *and* ĭi, ĭtum. 1. *To go.* Si tam certūs ĕras hinc irĕ, mŏdestĭūs isses. *O.* Ibĭtĭs Itălĭam. *V.* [† Tendo, vado, pergo, grădĭŏr, ingrĕdĭŏr, progrĕdĭŏr, incedo, procedo, concedo, pĕto, ădĕo, fĕrŏr; *sts.* vĕnĭo, rŭo.] **Crcl.** Vĭam carpo, tendo, tĕnĕo, tĕro, răpĭo, corrĭpio. ˘Itĕr tĕnĕo, mollĭŏr, tendo, răpĭo, cĕlĕro. Me fĕro, infĕro, perfĕro, confĕro. Gressus infĕro. Gressum tendo, dirĭgo, fĕro. Vestigĭă flecto ăd. Mihĭ Itĕr est ăd. ˘Itĕr (*abs.*). Pĕdem fĕro. Pĕdĕ răpĭdo fĕrŏr. Grădum fĕro, confĕro. *See* ADEO, ABEO, FESTINO. 2. ∾ (In qm.) *To rush upon, attack.* (Ensĕ) ibăt In Eurÿălum. *V.* Unguĭbŭs irĕ In gĕnas. *O.* [† Fĕrŏr, rŭo, incurro, præcĭpĭto.] 3. *To pass away, perish. See* PEREO. 4. ∾ (In qd.) *To pass into, become.* Sanguĭs It in sulcos, in magnos brachĭă ramos. *O.* [† ˘Abĕo, fio.] 5. Itŭr. *pass. unipers. We, they, persons go,* &c. Itŭr In antiquam silvam. *V.* ˘[tum est In viscĕrā terræ. *O.* Ibĭtŭr. *L.* ˘Eatur. *Sen.*

EOS, *and* ˘EOS [?]. *f. The morning.* Tres ŭbĭ Lucĭfĕros vĕnĭens præmisĕrĭt eos. *O. See* AURORA.

EOŬS, *and* ˘EOŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *pertaining to the morning; eastern.* Portŭs ăb eoo fluctu curvatŭs In arcum. *V.* Gentes ăpĕrimŭs ŏsas. *L. See* ORIENS. 2. Subst. m. *The morning star,* or *Lucifer.* Quum terras irrorăt ˘Eoŭs. *V.* Fulsĭt ∾ rŏsĕo ĕquo. *O. See* LUCIFER, MANE.

EPASTŬS, ă, um. *Eaten, eaten up.* Ut scărŭs epastas solus qui rumĭnăt escas. *O.*

˘EPEŬS, i. *n. The Greek who built the Trojan horse.* Ipsĕ dŏli făbrĭcatŏr ˘Epeŭs. *V.*

˘EPHEBŬS, i. *m. A youth from sixteen to twenty years of age.* Quo pacto partes tutetŭr ămantĭs ĕphebi. *H.* Imberbis ∾. *Cl. See* JUVENIS.

˘EPHEMĔRĬS, ĭdĭs. *f. A journal.* Intĕr ĕphemĕrĭdas mĕllĭus tăbŭlasquĕ jăcerent. *O.*

˘EPHĔSŬS, i. *f. A city of Ionia, famous for its temple of Diana.* Aut ˘Ephĕsum, bĭmărisvĕ Cŏrinthi Mœnĭă. *H.*

˘EPHIPPĬUM, ĭi. *n. A horse-cloth* or *pad.* Optăt ĕphippĭă bos pĭgĕr, optăt ărarĕ căballŭs. *H.* [† Stramentum, stratum.]

˘EPHŸRA, æ, *and* ˘EPHŸRE, es. *f. The ancient name of Corinth.* Hic ˘Ephÿren bĭmărem, Scÿthĭam tĕnĕt illĕ nĭvosam. *O. See* CORINTHUS.

˘EPHŸRÆŬS, *and* ˘EPHŸREĬŬS, ă, um. *Corinthian.* Non ĭtă complerant ˘Ephÿræ Lalĭdŏs ædes. *Pp.* ˘Ephÿreĭăque ærā. *V.*

˘EPHŸREĬAS, ădĭs. *f. Corinthian.* Scilĭcĕt Argŏlĭcas ˘Ephÿreĭădasquĕ pŭellas. *Cl.*

˘EPĬCŪRŬS, i. *m. A philosopher of Athens, whose doctrine is said to have been, that pleasure was the supreme good.* Quum ridĕrĕ vŏlĕs ˘Epĭcuri de grĕgĕ porcum. *H.*

˘EPĬCŬS, ă, um. *Epic. See* EPOS, HEROUS.

˘EPĬDAMNŬS, i. *f. Epidamnus, a city of Grecian Illyricum, after Dyrrachium.* Illÿrĭs Iŏnĭas vergens ˘Epĭdamnŭs In undas. *L.*

˘EPĬDAURĔŬS, *and us.* ˘EPĬDAURĬŬS, ă, um. 1. Us. *Of Epidaurus.* Aut ăquĭlā, aut serpens ˘Epĭdaurĭŭs. *H.* ∾-ĭă littŏrā. *O.* 2. Subst. m. *Æsculapius. O.*

˘EPĬDAURŬS, i. *f. A city of Achaia, where Æsculapius was worshipped.* Dŏmĭtrix ˘Epĭdaurŭs ĕquorum. *V.*

˘EPĬGRAMMĂ, ătĭs. *n.* (ἐπίγραμμα.) 1. *Any kind of inscription.* 2. *A monumental inscription, epitaph.* Martÿrĭs aut nomen, aut ĕpĭgramma ălĭquŏd. *Prud. See* 3. [† Carmĕn, tĭtŭlŭs, inscriptĭo, elŏgĭum.] **Crcl.** Tĭtŭlŭs sĕpulcralis. Saxum, sĕpulcrum carmĭnĕ (tĭtŭlo, nomĭnĕ) signatum, scriptum, inscriptum. Nomĭnă saxo signatā, inscriptā, inciā. Littĕrā sĕpulcro inciā. Quĕrelā sĕpulcro insculptā. Ossā carmĭnĕ nŏtatā. Incisum In marmŏrĕ nomĕn. Tūmŭlo addĭtā verbā, *or* sūpĕraddĭtum carmĕn. Lăpĭdi inscriptæ nŏtæ, incisi versus. *See* JACEO. 3. Us. *An epigram, a short poetical piece, generally satirical.* Ut rĕcĭtem tĭbĭ nostrā rŏgas ĕpĭgrammătā, nolo. *M.* **Ep.** Blandum, argutum, fŏcetum, lĕpĭdum, brĕvĕ, ămarum, ăcerbum.

˘EPĬMENĬA, orum. *n. pl. Monthly sacrifices* or *offerings.* Aut vĕtĕres, Maurorum sĕpĭmenĭă, bulbi. *J.*

˘EPĬMETHEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *Son of Jupiter and Clymene, husband of Pandora, and brother of Prometheus.* Quem mĕrĭto Graii pĕrhĭbent ˘Epĭmethĕă vates. *Cl.*

˘EPĬMETHĬS, ĭdĭs. *f. A name of Pyrrha, from her father Epimetheus.* Indĕ Prŏmethides plĭcĭdis ˘Epĭmethĭdă dictis Mulcĕt. *O. See* PYRRHA.

EPIRŬS, i. *f. Epirus, a province of Greece.* Ellĭdum mittit palmas Epirŭs ĕquarum. *V.* [† Chaŏnĭă.]

˘EPISCŎPŬS, i. *m. A bishop. Eccl.* Sanctæ plebis ĕpiscŏpŭs. *Prud.* [† Antistes, pastŏr, præsŭl, pontĭfex.] *See* PONTIFEX.

˘EPISTŎLA, æ. *f. A letter.* Nunc ŏcŭlos tŭă quum vĭŏlarĭt ĕpistŏlă nostros. *O.* [† Littĕræ, chartă, lĭbellŭs, tăbellæ, scriptum, ĕpistŏlĭum.] **Ep.** Nuntĭă; grată, blandă, serā, longā, brĕvis, officiosă, tăcĭtă, arcanā, furtivā, sermonis mĭnistrā. **Crcl.** Scriptă tăbellis verbā. Chartis verbā nŏtatā. Scriptă tăbellā. Verbā (tăcĭtæ voces) commissā tăbellis *or* ceræ. Secretā lĭbello tradĭtā. **Phr.** *To write a letter.* Verbā tăbellis &c. fĕrendā do. Me ceræ &c. committo. Affatus ălĭcui dirĭgo. *A correspondence.* Littĕrā fertquĕ rĕfertquĕ voces (dăt gratas vĭces).

˘EPISTŎLĬUM, ĭi. *n. dim. of* Epistola. *A note, billet.* Conscriptum lăcrĭmis mittĭs ĕpistŏlĭum. *Cat.*

˘EPĬTĂPHĬUM, ĭi. *n. An epitaph. See* EPIGRAMMA.

˘EPĬTHĂLĂMĬUM, ĭi. *n. An epithalamium, a nuptial song* or *poem.* **Crcl.** Carmĕn nuptĭalĕ. Sŏcĭallĭă, jŭgalĭă carmĭnă.

˘EPŎS. *n. An epic poem.* Quantum Virgĭlĭo nobĭlĭ debĕt ĕpŏs. *O.* **Crcl.** Mæŏnĭum carmĕn. *H.* Mæŏnĭæ chartæ. *O.*

EPOTO, as. *To drink up.* Quæquĕ Tÿron tŏtĭes epotaverĕ lăcernæ. *M.* [† Ebĭbo, combĭbo.]

EPOTŬS, ă, um. *part. for* Epotatus. *See* EPOTO. *Drunk up, emptied, swallowed up.* Lit. and fig. Terreno Lÿcŭs est epotŭs hĭatu. *O.* ∾-ă flumĭnă. *J.* ∾ amphŏrā. *Ph.* [† Exhaustŭs, haustŭs, absorptŭs.]

˘EPŬLÆ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *Food, eatables.* ˘Adorĕă libă pĕr herbam Subjĭcĭunt ĕpŭlis. *V.* [† Cĭbŭs, escă, pabŭlum.] *See* CIBUS. 2. Us. *Rich meats, a feast, a banquet.* Regales ∾ mensis. *O.* ∾-as diverso e solĕ pĕtĭtas. *St.* [† Dăpes, cĭbi, fercŭlă, mensă, convĭvĭum.] *See* CONVIVIUM.

˘EPULŎR, aris. 1. *To eat.* Sed quam dandă nĕci, tam non ĕpŭlandă fŭerunt. *O.* [† ˘Edo.] *See* E. 2. Us. *To feast, banquet.* Dăpĭbusque ĕpŭlamŭr ŏpimis. *V. See* CONVIVOR.

˘EPŬLUM, i. *n. A repast, feast. J. H. See* EPULÆ, CONVIVIUM.

˘EQUA, æ. *f. A mare. V. See* EQUUS.

˘Equĕs, ĭtis. *m.* **1.** *A horseman.* Ipse ĕquĕs, ipsĕ pĕdes, signĭfĭcŏr ipsĕ fŭi. *O.* **Crcl.** ˘Equorum *or* ĕquum dŏmĭtŏr, ăgĭtatŏr, frenatŏr, mŏdĕratŏr, dux, ductŏr. Acĕr ĕquis. ˘Equo (tergo ĕqui) vectŭs, invectŭs, raptŭs, sublimis, altŭs, ardŭŭs. Flectĕrĕ doctŭs ĕquos. *See* EQUITO. **2.** Sing. or pl. *Horsemen, cavalry.* Forti permixtŭs ˘Etrusco Arcăs ĕquĕs. *V.* [¶ ˘Equĭtatŭs.] **3.** *A Roman of the order of Equites.* **Crcl.** Ordo ĕquestĕr, sĕcundŭs, mĭnŏr. Dignĭtas ĕquestrĭs.

˘Equestĕr, stris, strĕ. *Equestrian, relating to horses* or *horsemen.* Cursus ut lætŭs ĕquestres Ducelăt. *V.*

˘Equĭdem (*from* e *and* quidem). *Indeed, in good truth.* Haud ĕquĭdem tali me dignŏr hŏnorĕ. *V.* *See* QUIDEM, SANE.

˘Equinŭs, ă, um. *A horse's.* Cristaquĕ hirsutŭs ĕquina. *V.* Cervix ~-ă. *H.*

˘Equirĭa, orum. *n. pl. Horse-races established by Romulus in honour of Mars.* Et vero pŏsĭtum permansĭt ˘Equirĭă nomĕn. *O.*

˘Equĭtatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* EQUITO. *Ridden over, traversed, trampled over by horsemen.* ˘Equĭtatăquĕ summi Culminĕ Taÿgĕti. *Cl.*

˘Equĭtatŭs, us. *m.* **1.** *Cavalry.* Exĭĕrat portis ĕquĭtatŭs ăpertis. *V.* [¶ ˘Equĭtes, turmæ, alæ.] **Crcl.** Alĭpĕdes turmæ. **2.** *The order of Equites among the Romans.* Martĭă Romă trĭplex, ĕquĭtatu, plebĕ, sĕnatu. *Aus.* *See* EQUES.

˘Equito, as. **1.** *To ride on horseback.* Ter circum adstantem lævos ĕquĭtavĭt ĭn orbes. *V.* **Crcl.** ˘Equo vĕhŏr, invĕhŏr, vectŏr, sĕdĕo, insĭdĕo, fĕrŏr, defĕrŏr. Quădrŭpĕdĕm *or* ĕquum ăgĭto, quătĭo, ăgo, flecto, impello, urgĕo, rĕgo. ˘Equi—tergum *or* tergă prĕmo;—orā frenis torquĕo, tempĕro;—collă flecto. ˘Equum freno compesco, hăbenis flecto, calcĕ cĭto *or* fătigo, calcarĭbŭs prĕmo *or* urgĕo. ˘Equi armos calcarĭbŭs fŏdĭo. **2.** Fig. *To go at full speed; sweep along.* ~-ăt pĕr undas ventŭs; pĕr tædas flammă. *H.*

˘Equŭs, i. *m.* **1.** *A horse.* Et corpŏrā saltu Subjĭcĭunt ĭn ĕquos. *V.* [¶ Sŏnĭpes, quădrŭpes, cornĭpes, fĕrŭs; *sts.* alĭpes, manŭŭs, căballŭs; *ext.* currŭs, jŭgales.] **Ep.** Bellatŏr, bellĭcŭs, martŭs, fortis, audax, ănĭmosŭs, ardens, acĕr, impăvĭdŭs, interrĭtŭs, gĕnĕrosŭs, fĕrox, sŭperbŭs, nobĭlis, victŏr, ŏvans, cĭtŭs, răpĭdŭs, ălĕs, alĭpes, cĕlĕr, cĭtatŭs, lĕvis, pernix, ănhelŭs, præceps, vŏlŭcĕr; aspĕr, terrĭbĭlis, fŭrens; spumans, fumans; cŏmans, jŭbatŭs; frĕmens, indŏcĭlis, libĕr. **Phr.** Frenā rĕcusans. Aspĕr frenā păti. Obluctans frenis. ˘In bellă fĕrox. Cervicĕ sŭperbŭs. Cursu acĕr. ˘Anĭmis căllĭdŭs. Sudorĕ fumans. **2.** ~-i solĭs. *The horses of the sun.* **Ep.** Ignĭvŏmi, ignĭpĕdes, flammĭvŏmi, purpŭrĕi, flăgrantes, lucentes, rădĭantes. *See* SOL. **3.** *The Trojan horse.* ˘Equŭs Dardănĭŭs (mĭlĭtĭbŭs grăvĭdŭs, lignĕŭs, ăbĭegnŭs *or* abjegnŭs. Pallădĭæ artĭs, Minervæ săcră mentitŭs). Hostilĕ lignum. Dănăum fatalĕ munŭs. **4.** ~ bĭpes, mărinŭs. *A sea-horse. V.* [¶ Hippŏcampŭs.]

Erido, Is, si, sum = Rado. Fig. *To erase, expunge, do away with.* Eradendă cŭpidĭnĭs Pravi sunt ĕlĕmentă. *H.* [¶ Rado, expungo.]

˘Erasinŭs, i. *m.* *A river of Arcadia.* Reddĭtŭ Argŏlĭcis ingens ˘Erăsinŭs ĭn agris. *O.* [¶ Stymphalŭs.]

˘Erato, us. *f.* *The muse of love-poetry; muse* gen. Nunc ăgĕ qui reges, ˘Erăto, quæ tempŏrā rerum. *V.* *See* MUSÆ.

˘Erĕbŭs, ă, um. *Of Erebus.* Pecĭŏrăque unxerunt ˘Erĕbæ fellĕ cŏlubræ. *O.* (*Ib.*)

˘Erĕbŭs, i. *m.* **1.** *Erebus, the god of hell.* Ter centum tŏnăt orĕ dĕos, ˘Erĕbumquĕ, Chăosquĕ. *V.* **2.** Us. *The infernal regions.* ~-i tranavĭmŭs amnes. *V.* [¶ ˘Avernŭs, Orcŭs, Tartărŭs, &c.] *See* INFERI.

˘Erechtheus, *or* **˘Erichtheus,** ĕŏs, ei *or* ei. *m.* *A king of Athens. C. D.* Sceptrā lŏci rerumquĕ căpit mŏdĕramĕn ˘Erechtheus. *O.*

˘Erechthĕŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to Erectheus; to Athens.* Qualĭs ˘Erechtheis olim portatŭr ˘Athenis. *V.*

˘Erechthidæ, arum. *m. pl.* *The Athenians.* Nullŭs ˘Erechthidis fĕrtur cĕlĕbrātŏr illo Illuxissĕ dĭes. *O.* *See* ATTICI.

˘Erechthis, ĭdis. *f.* *Daughter of Erectheus.* **1.** *Orithyia.* **2.** *Procris.* *O.*

Erectŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* ERIGO. **1.** *Standing upright; lifted up, upwards.* Jussĭt, ĕt erectos ad sidĕrā tollĕrĕ vultus. *O.* ~-as ĭn tergă sŭdes. *J.* Planis ~-ŏr arvis. *Cl.* [¶ Sublatŭs.] *See* CELSUS. **2.** Fig. *Carrying the head high.* *H.* [¶ Celsŭs, sublimis.] *See* SUPERBUS.

˘Eremŭs, i. *f.* *and* **˘Erēmŭs.** *Eccl.* *A desert, solitude.* *See* DESERTUM.

Erepo, Is, psi. *To clamber out, creep out.* Erepet gĕnĭbus, si candĭdă jussĕrĭt Io. *J.* *See* REPO.

Ereptŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* ERIPIO. *Carried off, snatched away.* Nomĕn ĕt erepti sæpĕ vŏcassĕ vĭri. *O.* ~ dŏlo hŏnŏr; pĕrĭclis. *V.* [¶ Ablatŭs, sublatŭs, detractŭs, subductŭs; *sts.* amis-ŭs.]

Erga. *prep.* *Towards* (with reference to the affections and actions, and seldom of hostile feelings). [¶ ˘In (*acc.*).]

Ergastŭlum, i. *n.* *A house of correction, work-prison for slaves, prison; the slaves themselves.* *L.* Nempe in Lucanos, aut Tusca ergastŭlă mittas. *J.* *See* CARCER.

Ergo, *and* **Ergō.** *M. J. St.* and *O.* (once.) I. *Then, so then* (as giving force to the expression of a sentiment); *therefore.* Fortunatĕ sĕnex, ergo tŭă rurā mănebunt! *V.* [¶ ˘Igĭtŭr, Ĭtăquĕ, Ĭtă, Idĕo, quare, idcirco, quaproptĕr, quocirca.] **Crcl.** Atque ĭdĕo. II. **Ergo** (prop. an abl. sub. with gen.—comes always after its case). *For, on account of.* Formidĭnĭs ergo. *Lr.* Illĭŭs ergo vĕnĭmŭs. *V.* *See* OB.

˘Erichthŏnĭŭs, ĭi. *m.* **1.** *A king of Athens, supposed by some to be the same as Erectheus; also a king of Troy, son of Dardanus.* Pallăs ˘Erichthŏnĭum, prolem slnĕ matrĕ crĕatam &c. *O.* **2.** Used adj. *Athenian. Pp. Trojan. V.* (*Culex.*) *See* ERECHTHEUS.

Eridănŭs, i. *m.* *A river of Italy so called, known also by the name of Padus, and now the Po.* Plurĭmŭs Erĭdănĭ per silvam volvĭtŭr amnis. *V.* [¶ Pădŭs.] **Phr.** Flŭvĭorum rex Erĭdănŭs. Pătĕr ăquarum Ausŏnĭdum.

Erigo, Is, exi, ectum. **1.** *To raise, lift up, set upright.* Atquĕ sŏlo proceras erĭgĭt alnos. *V.* ˘Oculos jam mortĕ grăvatos Pyrămŭs erexĭt. *O.* [¶ Tollo, attollo, extollo, lĕvo, sublĕvo, effĕro, evĕho, excĭto, educo, rĕlĕvo.] **Crcl.** Hŭmo, ĭn auras, ăd sidĕrā, ăd astrā, sŭb astrā, cœlo, ăd cœlum, erĭgo, tollo, attollo, educo, duco, fĕro. Alte erĭgo. **2.** Fig. *To make confident, proud; to inspirit.* [¶ Tollo, effĕro; rĕlĕvo, confirmo.]

Erigŏne, es. *f.* *The daughter of Icarus, after her death changed into the constellation Virgo.* *C. D.* Qua lŏcŭs Erĭgŏnen inter Chelasquĕ sĕquentes Pandĭtŭr. *V.*

˘Erinnys, ŏis. *f.* **1.** *Erinnys, one of the Furies.* Horrĭdĭcamque ŏcŭlis ănĭmoque objecĭt ˘Erinnyn. *O.* ˘Erinnÿĕs atræ. *O.* *See* FURIÆ. **2.** *Fig.* Pătrĭæ communis ~ (de Hĕlĕna). *V.*

˘Eriphylă, æ. *or* **˘Eriphyle, es.** *f.* *The wife of Amphiaraus; she betrayed her husband to Polynices, and was killed by Alcmæon, her son.* *C. D.* Tu quŏque, ŭt auratos gĕrĕres, ˘Erĭphylă, lăcertos. *Pp.* Mœstamque ˘Eriphylen. *V.*

Erĭpĭo, ĭs, ĭpŭi, eptum. **1.** *To draw out, force out, tear out.* Vaginaque erĭpĭt ensem. *V.* ∾ ŏcŭlos ci. *H.* tergo ferrum. *O.* [† Extrăho, educo; *sts.* exturbo, erŭo.] **2.** Us. *To take away, carry away, seize and carry off, withdraw.* Vires ∾-entĕ mĕtu. Possĕ lŏqui ∾-ĭtŭr. *O.* [† Răpĭo, abrĭpĭo, prærĭpĭo, aufĕro, tollo, ădĭmo, subduco, detrăho, extrăho, extorquĕo, amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, præcido, intercĭpĭo; *with abl.* privo, spŏlĭo, nudo, exŭo, excŭtĭo, ejĭcĭo.] *See* Furor. **3.** *To free, rescue.* ∾ qm mălis. *V.* collă jŭgo. *O.* qm flammis. *V.* mŏræ. *H.* [† Subduco, libĕro, exĭmo; *sts.* expĕdĭo.] **4.** *To obtain by force.* [† Extorquĕo.]

Errabundŭs, ă, um. *Straying.* Errabundă bŏvis vestigiă. *V.* *See* Errans.

Errans, tis. *part.* *See* Erro. *Straying.* ˘Ocŭlis ∾-ĭbŭs; ∾-es hĕdĕræ. *V.* [† Errabundŭs, erratĭcŭs, văgŭs, văgans.] *See* Vagus.

Erratĭcŭs, ă, um = Errans. Quam vix erratĭcă Delŏs Errantem accepĭt. *O.*

Erratum, i. *n.* *An error, fault.* Dicĕrĭs erratis ingĕmŭissĕ mĕis. *O.* *See* Culpa.

Erratŭs, ă, um. *Wandered over, traversed in all directions.* Rĕlĕgens errată rĕtrorsum Littŏră. *V.* ∾-as dicĕrĕ terras. *O.*

Erro, as. **1.** *To wander, to have lost the right way.* Ignari hŏmĭnumquĕ lŏcorumque Erramŭs. ∾ mărĭă omnĭă circum. *V.* [† Văgŏr, ăberro.] *See* Vagor. **2.** *To wander at will.* Errant in montĭbŭs agnæ. *V.* [† Văgŏr.] *Fig.* **3.** ∾-ăt pĕr urbes dŏlŏr. *L.* flexĭbŭs rivŭs. *V.* pulmonĭbŭs ignis; dŭbĭis qs affectĭbŭs. *O.* [† Discurro.] **4.** *To be mistaken.* [† Fallŏr, decĭpĭŏr.] **Crcl.** Errŏr me hăbĕt, tĕnĕt, decĭpĭt, abstŭlĭt, ăgĭt, afflĭcĭt, avertĭt. Errorĕ trăhŏr, ducŏr, ăgŏr, labŏr, tĕnĕŏr. ˘In errorĕ sum *or* versŏr. ˘In errorem răpĭŏr, ducŏr, incĭdo. ˘Anĭmo errŏr inest. **5.** *Pass. as impers.* Lĭbÿæ solis erratŭr in ăgris! *V.* Si fŭĭt errandum &c. *O.*

Erro, onis. *m.* *A wanderer, fugitive; one fond of wandering.* Atque itĕrum erronem sub tŭă signă vŏca. *Tib.* Fŭgĭtĭvŭs ĕt erro. *H.*

Errŏr, ŏris. *m.* **1.** *A wandering course.* A prima dic, hospĕs, ŏrigĭnĕ nobis Erroresquĕ tŭos. *V.* Fessas errorĭbŭs undas. *O.* [† Erratĭo, ambages, flexŭs.] **Ep.** Cæcŭs, avĭŭs, văgŭs, dŭbĭŭs, incertŭs, longŭs. **Crcl.** Cursus văgi, vărĭi. ˘Itĕr cæcum, incertum, devĭum. **2.** *An errour, a mistake.* Mentĭs gratissĭmŭs ∾. *H.* Graiarum ∾-ĕ jŭbarum. *V.* **Crcl.** Errorĭs tĕnĕbræ. **Ep.** Amens, cæcŭs, tĕmĕrarĭŭs, præceps, nĭăŭs, dirŭs. **Phr.** 1. *To be in errour.* *See* Erro. **Phr.** 2. *To remove an errour.* Errorem demo, detrăho, rĕmŏvĕo, aufĕro, exĭmo. Errorĕ exsolvo. **3.** *A fault.* *See* Culpa. **4.** *That which deceives* or *misleads.* ˘Alĭquĭs lătĕt errŏr; ĕquo ne credĭtĕ, Teucri. *V.* ˘Inextricabĭlĭs ∾ (*of the labyrinth*). Gratŭs pĕrentĭbŭs ∾ (*not knowing which was which*). *V.* *See* Fraus.

Erŭbesco, ĭs, bŭi (*from obs.* Erubeo). **1.** *To redden.* Saxăquĕ roratis erŭbŭissĕ rŏsis. *O.* *See* Rubeo. **2.** Us. *To blush from shame* or *modesty.* Erŭbŭerĕ gĕnæ, totoquĕ rĕcandŭĭt orĕ. *O.* Erŭbŭĭt, salvă res est. *Ter.* **Crcl.** Oră rŭborĕ tingŏr, inflĭcĭŏr, suffundŏr *or* suffundo. Rŭbŏr oră *or* gĕnas pingĭt, inflĭcĭt, sŭbĭt, perfundĭt, tingĭt, nŏtăt. Rŭbŏr in orĕ sŭbest, sĕdĕt. Oră rŭborem trăhunt. Pŭdŏr oră sŭbĭt. **Phr.** *Of one blushing.* Rŭbŏr (ignĕŭs, conscĭŭs) *or* purpŭrĕ—orĕ (nĭvĕos vultus, tĕnĕras gĕnas, &c.) inflĭcĭt (perfundĭt, pĕrĕrrăt). Rŭbŏr &c. (plurĭmŭs, conscĭŭs, &c.)—rŏsĕo vultu (tristi orĕ) flammatŭr (manăt);—gĕnis ignem subjĭcĭt. Oră candĭdă *rŭborĕ* (virgĭnĕo) suffusă (perfusă) sublucent. *Oră pallŏrquĕ* rŭbŏrquĕ alternŭs mutăt. Fig. **3.** *To be ashamed.* Nostră nĕc erŭbŭĭt silvas hăbĭtarĕ Thălĭă. *V.* [† Pŭdĕt (me), est pŭdŏr, est pŭdori, pŭdŏr sŭbĭt; est rŭbŏr. (Non festa lucĕ mădĕrĕ, Est rŭbŏr. *Tib.*)] **4.** *To respect, to observe with due feelings of respect.* Jurā fĭdemquĕ supplĭcĭs erŭbŭĭt. *V.*

Erucă, æ. *f.* *The herb rocket.* Erucas vitarĕ sălaces. *O.*

Eructo, as. *To belch forth, throw up.* Avulsăquĕ viscĕră montĭs Erĭgĭt eructans. *V.* [† Ejĭcĭo, ejecto, vŏmo.] *See* Vomo, Spiro.

Erŭdĭo, is. *To teach, instruct.* Sublatum erŭdĭt, nec tecum tallĭ gessi. *V.* Damnosas ∾-ĭt artes. ˘In pătrĭas artes erŭdĭendŭs ĕrăt. *O.* [† Dŏcĕo, institŭo.] *See* Docĕo.

Erŭdĭtŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Erudio. *Learned, thoroughly versed and practised in any thing.* Hermes omnĭbŭs erŭdĭtŭs armis. Nil exactĭŭs erŭdĭtĭusque est. *M.* [† Doctŭs, pĕrĭtŭs.] *See* Doctus.

Erumpo, ĭs, upi, uptum. **1.** Intr. *To burst out, rush violently out.* Erumpunt portis, concurrĭtŭr. *V.* Stÿgĭis ∾-ĭt nitŏr ăb oris. *O.* [† Rŭo, irrŭo, præcĭpĭto, exĕo, egrĕdĭŏr, eluctŏr.] **2.** Tr. *To force out.* ∾-unt se rădĭi; ∾-ĭt se ˘Enipeus. *V.* lĭquores terrā. *Tib.* [† Emitto, mitto, ejecto, eructo.]

Erŭo, ĭs, ŭi, ŭtum. **1.** *To dig out* or *up.* Erŭĭmus terra sŏlĭdum pro frugĭbŭs aurum. *O.* ∾ lătŭs hasta. *O.* unguĕ gĕnas. *Pp.* flŭvĭum sĕcuri. *V. Fl.* terram. *Ph.* [† Fŏdĭo, effŏdĭo, extrăho.] **2.** ∾ ŏcŭlos. *To tear the eyes out.* *M.* Erŭĭtŭr ŏcŭlos. *O.* *See* Cæco. **3.** *To pluck up, tear up by the roots.* ∾ silvas; sĕgĕtem. *V.* [† Evello, everto, &c.] *See* Evello. **4.** *To overturn, ruin, destroy.* ∾ Argŏs; Trojanas ŏpes. *V.* [† Everto, dirŭo, &c.] *See* Everto. **5.** Fig. *To bring* or *turn up to light.* Rătĭo in lumĭnĭs erŭĭt oras. *Lr.* [† Effĕro, protrăho, pando, edo, exsĕro, &c.] *See* Detego.

Erŭtŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Eruo. **1.** *Dug up* or *out.* Tunc primum soles erŭtă vidĭt hŭmŭs. *O.* **2.** *Plucked up.* Radicĭbŭs ∾-ă pinŭs. *V.* **3.** *Destroyed.* ∾-ă muris oppĭdă. *Sil.* **4.** Fig. *Brought, turned up to light.* Annalĭbŭs ∾-ă priscis (sācră). *O.*

Ervum, i. *n.* *A kind of pulse, like vetches or tares.* *H.*

˘**Erÿcĭnă**, æ. *f.* *A name of Venus, from Mount Eryx, where she was worshipped.* Sivĕ tu mavis, ˘Erÿcĭnă ridens. *H.*

˘**Erÿcĭnŭs**, ă, um. *Of Mount Eryx.* *V.*

˘**Erÿmanthĕŭs**, *and* ˘**Erÿmanthĭŭs**, ă, um; *and* ˘**Erÿmanthĭas**, ădis, *and* ˘**Erÿmanthis**, ĭdis. *f.* *Of Erymanthus, Erymanthian.* Quique ˘Erÿmanthei sudantem ponderĕ monstri. *V. Fl.* ˘Erÿmanthĭă pestis. *Sil.* Silvas ˘Erÿmanthĭdăs amblt. *O.* Custos ˘Erymanthĭdŏs Ursæ. *O.*

˘**Erÿmanthŭs**, *or* ˘**Erÿmanthŏs**, i. *m.* *A mountain of Arcadia, where Hercules killed the boar.* Fixĕrĭt ærĭpĕdem cervam lĭcĕt, aut ˘Erÿmanthi Pacarit nĕmŏrā. *V.* Gĕlĭdumquĕ ˘Erÿmanthŏn, ĕt Ellĭn. *O.*

˘**Erythræŭs**, ă, um. **1.** ˘Erythæum mărĕ. *The Red Sea;* and more freq. *the Persian Gulf.* *Prisc.* *See* Ruber. **2.** *Indian.* Currŭs, ˘Erythræis quas nuper victŏr ăb oris. *St.* Dentĭs ˘Erythræi (ĕbŏrĭs). *M.* *See* Indus.

˘**Eryx**, ycis. *m.* *A mountain in Sicily, where Venus had a temple.* Quantŭs ˘Athos aut quantŭs ˘Eryx. *V.*

˘**Esaias**, æ, *or* **Esaias.** *m.* *Isaiah, the prophet.* *Eccl.*

Escă, æ. *f.* **1.** *Food.* Nux ĕrăt escă tĭbi &c. *O.* Nidis lŏquacĭbŭs ∾-as. *V.* [† Cĭbŭs, ălĭmen-

pabŭlum, nutrimentum, ŏpŭlæ.] *See* CI-
2. *A bait.* Decĭpĭt escā fĕras. *M.*
NTŬS, ă, um. *Good to eat, good for food.*
escŭlentā suffĭcit gŭlæ prædā. *M.*
TUM, ESCŬLĔŬS = Æsculetum, &c.
LÆ, *or* EXQUILIÆ, arum. *f. pl. A quarter*
me situated on the Esquiline Hill; also,
ll itself. Quæ nunc Esquĭlĭas nomĭnā collĭs
. *O.*
ICŬS, *and* ESQUILINŬS, ă, um. *Esquiline,*
Esquiline Hill. Montĕ sŭb Esquĭlĭo, mul-
escŭtŭs annis. *O.* ˘Et Esquĭlini pontĭfex
lci. *H.*
M, i. *n. The war-chariot of the ancient*
and Britons. Belgĭcā vel mollĭ mĕllĭus
escĕdā collo. *V. See* RHEDA.
NS, tis. *part. See* ESURIO. *One who is*
y. Audĕāt esŭrĭens dŏmĭnī contingĕrĕ gra-
H. [† Jejunŭs, impastŭs, fāmelĭcŭs.] *See*
ILICUS.
S, ei. *f. Hunger. See* FAMES.
, is, ivĭ *or* ĭi. *To be hungry; and unipers.*
se. Conturbatŏr ăper: villŭs esŭrĭo. *M.*
AMES. Nil ĭbĭ, quod nobis esŭrĭātŭr, ĕrĭt. *O.*
SURIENS.
IO, onis. *f. Hunger.* Sole et frigŏrĕ, ĕt
lonĕ. *Cat.* and *M. See* FAMES.
And. Vivĭt, ĕt est vitæ nescĭŭs ipsĕ sŭæ. *O.*
quĕ, ae, quĕ; *sts.* quŏquĕ, aut, cum (cum
Quĭrīnŭs), tum.] **Crel.** Nĕc non
ion sinĕ. Pārĭtĕr . . . pārĭtĕr. Simŭl . . .
. Jam . . . jam. 2. ˘Et . . . ĕt. *Both* . . .
Et terris jactatŭs ĕt alto. *V.* [† *Sts.* Mŏdo,
] 3. *Also, too; even* (though). Timĕo Dă-
ĕt donā fĕrentes. *V.* Natŭs ĕt ipsĕ dĕā.
ĭam, quŏquĕ.] 4. *Used emphatically in*
gations. Et quisquam numen Junonis
: Prætĕrĕa? Et dŭbĭtamŭs ădhuc &c.? *V.*
d then (this done). Dic quĭbŭs in ter-
ĕris mĭhĭ magnŭs ˘Apollo. *V.* [† Tum,
]
M = Enim. *For.* Divinare ĕtĕnim mag-
ĭhĭ donāt ˘Apollo. *H. See* NAM.
DIPUS, is *or* ŏdis, em *or* ĕă. *m. Son of Œdi-*
and Jocasta, brother of Polynices. C. D.
ĭmĭor, multumquĕ nĕfas ˘Ĕtĕocĭs ăcer-
t. Sævos ˘Ĕtĕocĭdŏs artus. Durum ˘Ĕtĕo-
rnĭt. *St.*
S, arum. *m. pl.* 1. *The periodical winds*
g from the north-east during the dog-days.
vellĭfĕris solvĭt ĕteslis. *Sen.* 2. ˘Ĕteslĭis,
Cĕres, ĕt ˘Ĕteslā flabra ăquĭlonum. *Lr.*
1. *Also, too; even, besides.* Hanc ĕtĭam
itŭrĕ, duco. *V.* [† Quŏquĕ, ĕt, quin, imo;
sŭpĕr, sŭpĕr.] 2. *Freq. it is an expression*
prise or *reproach.* ˘Ĕtĭam mŏrarĕ? mălĕ
Pl. Dissĭmŭlare ĕtĭam sperasti, perfĭdĕ,
a Possĕ nĕfas? *V.* [† Ergo, ĭgĭtŭr, ĕtĭam-
NUM, *and* ˘ETIAMNUNC, *or* ˘ETIAM NUM,
ven yet, even now. Ipsĕ ārĭes ĕtĭamnum
siccăt. *V.* [† ˘Adhuc, hactĕnŭs.] **Crel.**
ĕtĭam, nunc quŏquĕ.
IA, *and* ETRURIA, æ. *f. A province of*
Ergo omnis fŭrĭis surrexĭt ˘Etrurĭā ju-
. [† Tuscĭā.]
CUS, *and* ETRUSCUS, ă, um. *Tuscan, Etru-*
Gens bello præclarā jŭgis insedĭt ˘Etru-
. Tibrĭ, pĕr Etruscos in mārĕ mittĭs
O. [† Tuscŭs, Tyrrhenŭs; *sts.* Lydĭŭs,
ĭŭs.]
lthough. Non ĭtā; namque etsi nullum
rabĭlĕ nomĕn &c. *V. See* QUAMVIS.
æ. *f.* (Εὔβοια.) *An island in the Ægean,*
Bœotia. O.
, *and* EUBŒICUS, ă, um; *and* EUBŒIS,
ĭdis. *f. Eubœan; of* or *from the island of Eu-*
bœa. V. [† Chalcĭdĭcŭs.]
EUGĂ. *interj. Well done! bravo!* Eugĕ, pŭer, săpĭas. *Pers.* Eugĕ, bĕate. *M.* [† Bĕnĕ, pulchre, recte, prŏbĕ.]
EUMĔNĬDES, um. *f. pl.* 1. *The Furies.* Eumĕnĭdes tĕnŭĕrĕ făces de funĕrĕ ræptas. *O.* [† Fŭrĭæ.] *See* F. 2. *Used in sing. St. Sil.*
EUNUCHUS, i. *m. A eunuch.* Tondendum eunucho Brŏmĭum committĭtĕ noli. *J.* [† Spādo, rĕsectŭs, castratŭs, semĭmas.] **Ep.** Mollĭs, tĕnĕr, imbellis.
EUPHORBUS, i. *m. A Trojan, killed by Menelaus, and whom Pythagoras declared himself to have been, according to the doctrine, which he taught, of the transmigration of souls. O.* [† Panthŏĭdes.]
EUPHRATES, æ, en, e. *m. A river of Asia, which flows into the Tigris.* Hinc mŏvĕt Euphrates, illinc Germanĭā bellum. *V.* Cui lātŭs Euphratæ &c. *St.*
EUPHRŎSŸNĂ, æ, *and* EUPHRŎSŸNE, es. *f.* (Εὐφροσύνη.) *One of the Three Graces. See* GRATIÆ.
EUPŎLIS, ĭdis. *m. A Greek comic poet of the Vetus Comœdia.* Eupŏlĭs, atquĕ Crātinŭs, ˘Aristŏphănesquĕ pŏetæ. *H.*
EURIPIDES, is. *m. The celebrated tragic poet.* (*The second syllable is found short in later Latin.*) Non ventus fuit, verum Alcŭmena Euripĭdi. *Pl.*
EURIPUS, i. *m. The strait between Eubœa and Bœotia.* Et vāgŭs incertis Euripus defluĭt undis. *L.*
EUROPA, æ, *and* EUROPE, es. *f. H.* 1. *The daughter of Agenor, king of Phœnicia, who was carried off by Jupiter, under the form of a bull, to Crete. C. D.* Non gĕnĭtrix Europā tĭbi est, sĕd ĭnhospĭtā Syrtis. *O.* [† ˘Agenŏrĭs, Sidŏnĭs.] **Ep.** Tyrĭā, pulchrā, formosā, raptā, deceptā; bŏvĕ *or* bŏvĭs tergo (pĕr æquŏrā) vectā, subvectā. **Crel.** ˘Agenŏrĕ natā. ˘Agenŏrĭs pŭellā. Cadmi sŏrŏr. Junonis pellex. Assŷrĭā pŭellā. II. *Europe, one of the great divisions of the world, so called from Europa* (tŭa sectŭs orbis Nomĭnā ducĕt. *H.*). Secernĭt Europen ăb Afro. *H.* **Ep.** Divĕs, ŏpŭlentā, pŏtens, fecundā, doctā, cultā.
EUROPÆUS, ă, um. *Of Europe; European.* Novĕrăt ante ăllos făcĭem dŭcis Europæi. *O.*
EUROTAS, æ. *m. A river of Laconia.* Audĭĭt Eurotas, jussitque ediscĕrĕ lauros. *V.*
EUROUS, ă, um. *Eastern.* Portŭs ăb euroo fluctu curvatŭs in arcum. *V.*
EURUS, i. *m.* 1. *Eurus, the East-wind.* Præcepa spirarĕ vălentĭŭs eurŭs. *O. See* VENTUS. 2. *The East. See* ORIENS.
EURŸDĬCE, es. *f. The wife of Orpheus. C. D.* Reddĭtăque Eurŷdĭce sŭpĕras vĕnĭebăt ăd auras. *V.*
EURYSTHEUS, eŏs, ei *or* ei. *m. The son of Sthenelus, king of Mycenæ, who imposed upon Hercules his twelve labours. C. D.* Regĕ sŭb Eurystheo, fatis Junonis Iniquæ. *V.* Eurysthĕĭ durum. *V.*
EURŸTUS, i. *m. King of Œchalia, father of Iole, &c. C. D.* At pŭĕr Amphissos, namque hoc pătĕr Eurŷtŭs illi Addĭdĕrat nomĕn. *O.*
EUTERPE, es. *f. The muse of music.* Si nĕquĕ tibĭas Euterpe cŏhĭbĕt. *H. See* MUSÆ, MUSICA.
EUXINUS PONTUS, i. *m. and* EUXINUM, i. *n.* (sc. mare). *The Euxine,* or *Black Sea.* Frigĭdā me cŏhĭbent Euxini littŏrā pontī. *O.* [† Euxinum mārĕ. Euxinā vādā. Scŷthĭcŭs pontŭs. Euxinŭs gurgĕs. Euxinæ ăquæ. Pontŭs sĭnistĕr.
EVA, æ. *f. Eve, the wife of Adam. Eccl.* Traxĕrăt

Evă vĭrum diræ ad consortĭă culpæ. *Prud.* **Ep.** Nŏcens, credŭlă, mălĕsuadă, deceptă. **Crol.** ~Adami conjux. Primă pārens.

EVADNE, es. *f. The wife of Capaneus, who threw herself upon his funeral pile after his death.* Nec fida Evadne, nec plă Penĕlŏpe. *Pp.* [† Iphĭas.] **Crol.** Căpănĕlă conjux. *St.*

EVADO, ĭs, si, sum. **1.** Intr. *To get away, get out from, escape.* Ante ŏcŭlos evasĭt ĕt ōrā pārentum. *V.* ~ silva ŏpaca. *V.* pŭtĕo. *Ph.* [† Effŭgĭo, fŭgĭo, excedo, ăbĕo.] **2.** *To come to, issue in, reach.* Sŭpĕras ~ ăd auras. *V.* ~ In ăllĭquŏd magnum mălum. *Ter.* *See* PERVENIO. **3.** Tr. *To cross, pass over* or *through.* ~ ripam undæ; omnem vĭam. *V.* [† Prætĕrĕo.] **4.** *To escape.* ~ flammam; hostes. *V.* *See* EFFUGIO.

EVAGŎR, ārĭs. *To wander out of a settled course, roam about.* Rectum (ordĭnem) evăganti frenă lĭcentiæ Injecĭt. *H.* ~-antŭr amnes. *St.* *See* VAGOR.

EVALŬI. *perf. of the obs.* Evaleo. *To have power, strength enough.* At non Dardănĭæ mĕdĭcari cuspĭdĭs ictum Evălŭĭt. *V.* ~ pervincĕrĕ sŏnum. *H.* *See* VALEO.

EVANDĔR, *and* EVANDRŬS, i. *m. A king of Arcadia, who settled with a colony of Arcadians near the Tiber.* Exsŭl ăb Arcădĭa, Lătĭus Evandĕr In agros Venĕrăt. *O.* Res Inŏpes Evandrŭs hăbebăt. *V.* **Crol.** Dux Arcădĭŭs, Arcăs. Pallantĭŭs heros.

EVANDRIŬS, ă, um. *Of Evander.* (Evandĕr.) ~ ensĭs. *V.* collĭs. *St.*

EVANESCO, ĭs, nŭi. *To vanish, disappear.* In tĕnŭem ex ŏcŭlis evanŭĭt auram. *V.* Cornŭăque extremæ vĕlŭt evanescĕrĕ lunæ. *O.* [† Vanesco, ăbĕo, rĕcedo, discedo, fŭgĭo, intercĭdo, pĕrĕo, cădo.] **Crol.** Ex ŏcŭlis fŭgĭo, răpĭŏr, aufĕrŏr, me averto, me aufĕro. Aspectu subtrăho. Umbris me condo, nocti me immiscĕo. ~In tĕnŭes auras rĕcedo.

EVANIDŬS, ă, um. *That which vanishes away.* Pectŏrăque in tĕnŭes ăbĕunt evanĭdă rivos. *O.* ~ ămŏr. *O.* [† Vanescens.]

EVANS, tĭs. *Under Bacchanalian excitement* (crying "Evoe"). Evantes orgĭă circum Ducebat Phrygĭas. *V.* [† Bacchans.] *See* EVAN.

EVASTO, as = Vasto. Evastandă tĭbi tellus. *Sil.*

EVĔHO, ĭs, exi, ectum. **1.** *To lift up, raise.* Lit. and fig. Terrarum dŏmĭnos evĕhĭt ad dĕos. *H.* ~ ăd æthĕrā. *V.* In cœlum. *J.* [† Effĕro, extollo, tollo, erĭgo.] *See* EXTOLLO. **2.** Pass. *To be raised up, carried upwards.* Pĕr auras ~-i. *O.* [† Tollŏr, erĭgŏr, &c.] *See* SURGO. **3.** Sts. with acc. *To go out of, beyond; to pass.* Præscriptos evecta est pagĭnă muros. *Pp.* Evecti mĕdĭum campum. *Sil.* [† Prætervĕhŏr.]

EVELLO, ĭs, elli *and sts.* ulsi, ulsum. **1.** *To pluck out.* Et vălĭdam duris evellĭt ăb ossĭbŭs hastam. *Sil.* ~ plantam cœno. *H.* canos (*white hairs*). *Ph.* [† Vello, avello, educo, effĕro, extrăho, emŏvĕo, &c.] *See* VELLO. **2.** Sp. *To pluck up by the roots; to root up* (and fig.). ~ terra quercum. *O.* spinas ăgro. *H.* iras. *Sil.* mălă. *Lr.* [† Vello, rĕvello, convello, erŭo, everto, exstirpo, sterno, prosterno, exturbo.] **Crol.** Radicĭtŭs (a radicĭbŭs, ruptis r., ăb imis r., imis r. avulsum qd) evello (everto, erŭo, evolvo, exturbo, haurĭo, solvo). Cum stirpĭbŭs imis, ăb hŭmo evolvo, convello, &c.

EVĔNIO, is, eni, entum. **1.** *To come out.* Merses prŏfundo, pulchrĭŏr evĕnĭt. *H.* [† Exsto, exsisto; *sts.* emergo.] **2.** *To issue in, end in, come to. Pl.* [† Pervĕnĭo, evado.] **3.** Us. *To happen, befall* (of events). Non hæc sĭnĕ numĭnĕ dĭvum ~-unt. *V.* [† Fio, provĕnĭo, obtingo, contingo *or* accĭdo.]

EVENTA, orum. *n. pl. and seldom* EVENTUM, i. *n. Events, occurrences. Lr.* (Eventus.) *See* E.

EVENTŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *An event, result.* Quisquĭs ăb eventu factă nŏcăudă pŭtăt. *O.* ~ pugnæ. *V.* [† Exĭtŭs, casŭs, sors, fortună, effectŭs, eventă; *sts.* finĭs.] **Ep.** Incertŭs, cæcŭs, dŭbĭŭs, lătens, ignotŭs, obscurŭs, vărĭŭs. **2.** *Fortunate result, success.* Fraudĭbŭs ~-um dĕdĕrat fortună. *L.* [† Effectŭs, fortună.] **Ep.** Felix, faustŭs, bŏnŭs, lætŭs. *See* FELICITAS. **3.** *An adverse event, danger.* Fraudĭbŭs ~-um dĕdĕrat fortună. *L.* [† Casŭs.] **Ep.** Infaustŭs, tristĭs, grăvĭs, infelix. *See* INFORTUNIUM, PERICULUM. **4.** *Future event.* Præcĭnĕt eventus &c. (ăvĭs). *Tib.* [† Eventurŭs, futurŭs.]

EVERBĔRO, as = Verbĕro. Clŷpĕumque everbĕrăt alis. *V.*

EVERSŎR, ōrĭs. *m. A subverter, destroyer. V.*

EVERTO, ĭs, ti, sum. **1.** *To turn upside down, reverse.* Disjecitquĕ rătes, evertitque æquŏrā ventis. *V.* [† Verto, inverto, subverto, confundo.] **2.** *To overturn, throw down, destroy.* Lit. and fig. ~ ŏpum vi (turrim); gentem; ŏpes. *V.* urbes. *O.* [† Verto, subverto, erŭo, rŭo, dirŭo, prorŭo, subrŭo, dejĭcĭo, disjĭcĭo, destrŭo, exscindo, excido, sterno, prosterno, concŭtĭo, deturbo, exturbo, demolĭŏr, perdo, pessumdo, frango, affligo.] **Crol.** Fundĭtŭs, fundo, ăb imo everto. Sŏlo æquo. A culmĭnĕ sterno, fundo, verto, excŭtĭo. Do præcĭpĭtem. Emotă fundamentă quătĭo. Totam urbem a sedĭbŭs erŭo. Mœnĭă sŏlo æquă pono (dejĭcĭo, In planum do).

EVIAS, ădĭs. *f. A Bacchanalian.* Exsomnis stŭpĕt Evĭăs. *H.* *See* BACCHÆ.

EVIĔ. *See* EVIUS.

EVIGILANDŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* EVIGILO.

EVIGILO, as. **1.** Intr. *To be wakeful, watchful, remain awake.* Excĭdĭt, et mĕdĭis mĭsĕr evĭgĭlavĭt In undis. *St.* *See* EXPERGEFIO, VIGILO. **2.** Tr. *To pass a night awake.* Nox mĭhĭ evĭgĭlandă. *Tib.* **3.** *To do any thing* (acc.) evigilans (*i. e.* by night, or very carefully). ~ libros. *O.*

EVINCTO, is = Vincio. *See* EVINCTUS.

EVINCO, ĭs, ici, ictum. *To overcome, surpass.* Oppŏsĭtas nubes evincit sŏlĭs Imago. *O.* ~ gurgĭtĕ moles. *V.* Plăţănŭs cælebs ~-ĕt ulmos. *H.* *See* VINCO.

EVINCTŬS, ă, um. *part. of* Evincio = Vinctus. Punĭcĕo stabis suras evinctă cŏthurno. *V.*

EVISCĔRO, as. *To tear out the bowels; to tear to pieces.* Pĕdĭbusque eviscĕrăt uncis. *V.* **Crol.** Viscĕrā dirĭpĭo, rimŏr.

EVITABĬLIS, ĕ. *That may be avoided.* Frenă tămen dantem non evitabĭlĕ telum Conseĕquĭtŭr. *O.* [† Vitabĭlĭs.]

EVITANDŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* EVITO. *That ought to be avoided.* Tristĕ jăces lucis evitandumquĕ bĭdentăl. *Pers.* [† Vitandŭs.]

EVITO, as. *To avoid.* Saucĭŭs evitat pugnam glădĭătŏr &c. *O.* *See* VITO.

EVIŬS, ĭi. *m.* **1.** *One of the names of Bacchus.* Dissĭpăt Evĭŭs Curas ĕdaces. *H.* *See* BACCHUS. **2.** Evĭĕ. *One of the cries of the Bacchanalians.* Pars clamant Evĭĕ evœ. *O.* *See* EVŒ

EVŎCATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* EVOCO. *A soldier, who, after the time of his service was over, continued to serve; a veteran. M.*

EVŎCO, as. **1.** *To call out* or *forth, to bid to come forth.* Lit. and fig. Cristati cantĭbŭs orĭs. Evŏcăt Auroram. *O.* ~-ăt escă piscem. *Sil.* [† Vŏco, arcesso, accĭo.] *See* VOCO. **2.** Sp. *To call up the spirits of the dead.* ~ ănĭmas Orco. *V.* ătăvos prŏăvosquĕ sĕpulcris. *O.* **Crol.** Manes sĕpulcris excĭo, ellĭcĭo. Mortŭos excĭto. *See* RESUSCITO.

EVOE, *or* EVŒ (*not* Evŏĕ). *One of the cries of the Bacchanalians.* Talem te, Bacchus, Sătŷris cla-

mantĭbŭs evœ. *O.* Exŭlŭlatque, Evœquĕ sŏnat &c. *O.* *See* EVIE.

EVŎLO, as. **1.** *To fly out* or *forth.* Mādĭdis nŏtŭs evŏlăt alis. *O.* [† Avŏlo.] **2.** Fig. *To fly, speed away; disappear.* ∾-ăt infelix. *V.* agmĕn ĕquis. *O.* [† Effŭgio, erumpo, rŭo.] *See* FUGIO.

EVŎLŬAM, Evŏlŭi, *for* Evolvam, Evolvi. Condĭtă quin veri pectŏrĭs evŏlŭăm. *Cat.* Evŏlŭissĕ fusos. *O.* ∾ dĕos. *Pp.* *See* DISSOLVO.

EVOLVO, Is, olvi *and* ŏlŭi, ŏlutum. **1.** *To roll down, make roll down.* Nudis evolvunt saxă lăcertis. *L.* ∾ cādăvĕrā turrĭbŭs. *Lr.* [† Devolvo, volvo, dejĭcio, deturbo.] **2.** *To roll off, unwind.* ∾ fusos. *O.* [† Explĭco, rĕplĭco.] **3.** *To draw out, bring out; turn* or *thrust out.* Quæ evolvĭt cæcoque exemĭt ăcervo. *O.* ∾ vestes. *O.* busto Iŭlĭ: cāvis sedĭbŭs orbes. *L.* [† Erŭo, ellĭcio, extrăho, educo, expromo, detĕgo, rĕtĕgo, ăpĕrio, extrudo, excŭtio.] **4.** *To unfold a manuscript;* hence, *read a book.* ∾ fastos. *O.* tempŏrā ĕt fastos mundi. *H.* *See* PERVOLVO. Fig. **5.** *To unroll, unfold, open;* hence, *pass in review, relate.* ∾-ĭt sæcŭlă cĕlĕri rŏta (sol); certos vĭces (mundŭs). *Sen.* ∾ oras belli. *V.* sĕrĭem fati. *O.* sontes Thebas. *St.* [† Explĭco, pando, rĕtĕgo, ăpĕrio, expromo, edo, narro.] *See* NARRO. **6.** Sta. *To revolve in mind.* ∾ promissă. *Sil.* fœmĭnĕos dŏlos. *Sen.* pectŏrĕ lusus. *M.* [† Volvo, mĕdĭtŏr.]

EVŎMO, Is, ŭi, ĭtum. *To vomit out.* Lit. and fig. Pāŭlo partem mārĭs evŏmĭt orĕ. *O.* ∾-ĭt fumum faucĭbŭs. *V.* pastos pĕr sæcŭlă ignes (Vesvĭus). *Sil.*

EVULGO, as = Vulgo.

Ex = E, *before a vowel.* *See* E.

EXACTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* EXIGO. **1.** *Driven out, driven away, expelled.* ∾ tyrannŭs. *H.* fabŭlă. *Ter.* **2.** *Driven about, pursued.* Fŭrĭis ∾ ˜Orestes. *O.* **3.** *Passed, brought to an end.* ∾-is mensĭbŭs. *V.* ∾-o tempŏrĕ vitæ. *H.* [† Actŭs, prætĕrĭtŭs, elapsŭs.] **4.** *Of exact and perfect finish.* ∾-is mĭnĭmum distantŭ. *H.* Nil exactĭŭs erŭdĭtĭusquĕ. *M.*

EXĂCŬO, Is, i. **1.** *To whet, sharpen.* Exăcŭunt ălĭi vallos furcosquĕ bĭcornes. *V.* Dentes ∾-ĭt sus. *V.* [† ˜Acŭo.] *See* A. **2.** Fig. *To excite, animate.* ∾-ĭt jŭvĕnem æmŭlă virtus. *Cl.* ănĭmos In bellă (pŏetă). *H.* torpens pălatum săpŏr. *O.* [† ˜Acŭo, accendo, &c.] *See* ACCENDO.

EXEQUO, as. **1.** *To make even.* [† Æquo, pŏlio.] **2.** *To make equal to, bring to the level of.* Montĭbŭs aurum ∾. *J.* [† Æquo.] **3.** *To equal, be equal to, resemble.* *O.* [† Æquo, æquĭpăro, æcredo (ăd).]

EXESTŬO, as. *To boil, boil up.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ăt acrĭŭs ignĭs. *O.* fundo imo Ætna; ima undă vortĭcĭbŭs: (*fig.*) mens ira. *V.* inclusŭs dŏlŏr. *O.* *See* ÆSTUO.

EXIGITO, as. **1.** *To chase, drive away, pursue.* Exăgĭtant et Lar et turbă Dĭanăă fures. *O.* Exăgĭtandŭs ĕrĭt lĕpŭs. *O.* [† ˜Agĭto, ăgo, pello, sectŏr, urgĕo, insto, persĕquŏr.] **2.** Fig. *To disquiet, vex, torment.* Dic quĭbŭs ∾-ărĕ cŏlŭbris? *J.* Littŏrā clamŏr ∾-ăt. *L.* [† ˜Agĭto, turbo, jacto, exercĕo, vexo.]

EXAMEN, Inĭs. *n.* **1.** *A swarm of bees.* Rĕ-ŏnant examĭnă quercu. *V.* [† Agmĕn.] **Ep.** Fŭgax, vāgum, stridens. *See* APES. **2.** Gen. *A swarm, crowd of men,* or *herd of animals;* sts. *used of things.* *Pp.* ∾-ĭnă vatum. *St.* pullorum. *Lr.* Dĭtĭs ∾ dŏmus (vernæ). *H.* [† Agmĕn, turbă.] *See* TURBA. **3.** *The tongue of the balance.* *V.*; hence, *the balance upon the scales.* Lit. and fig. Justo trŭtĭnæ se examĭnĕ pendĭt. *Aus.* Longæ ∾-ĭnă vitæ. *St.* Legum ∾-ĭnă. *O.* *See* TRUTINA.

EXAMĬNO, as. **1.** *To weigh, make even upon the scales; equalize.* Tempŭs ĕrat quo Librā pāres examĭnăt horas. *L.* *See* PONDERO. **2.** *To weigh, carefully examine.* *O.* *H.* *See* EXPENDO.

EXĂNĬMIS, ĕ, *and* **EXĂNĬMUS,** ă, um. **1.** *Without life, dead.* Tum sŭpĕr exănĭmum sese projecĭt ămicum. *V.* Vultusque exănĭmes &c. *L.* [† Exsanguĭs, mortŭŭs, defunctŭs, &c.] *See* MORTUUS. **2.** *Out of breath, panting; half dead with fear.* *V.* *H.* [† Exănĭmatŭs, ănhelŭs, ănhelans.] *See* ANHELUS, TERRITUS.

EXĂNIMO, as. **1.** *To take away life.* *Lr.* *See* OCCIDO. **2.** *To take the breath away;* and fig. *to take the heart out of one; the life, as it were; kill.* Cur me quĕrelis exănĭmas tŭis? *H.* ∾ mĕtu. *Ter.* [† Suffoco, perturbo, confĭcio, pĕrĭmo.]

EXARDĔO, es (*obs. in pres.*), Exarsi, sum, *and* **EXARDESCO,** is. **1.** *To take fire, be on fire, burn.* Exarsĭt · siderĕ limŭs. *O.* dies. *M.* **2.** *Fig.* Exarsĕrĕ ignes ănĭmo. *V.* Exarsĭt In ossĭbŭs (dŏlŏr). *O.* cotĭbŭs mucro. *L.* ∾ cŭpidĭnĕ formæ. *O.* *See* ARDEO, ARDESCO.

EXARMO, as. *To disarm.* Lit. and fig. ∾ dŭcem. *St.* Medos. *L.* serpentem vĕneno. *Sil.* **Crcl.** Armā detrăho, răpio, erĭpio, præripio, aufĕro. Armis exŭo, nudo, spŏlio.]

EXĂRO, as. **1.** *To plough, make furrows.* Et rugis vĕtŭs Frontem sĕnectus exărăt. *H.* [† ˜Aro, sulco.] **2.** *To trace out letters, to write.* ∾ scriptas nŏtas ăd qm. *O.* *See* SCRIBO.

EXASPĔRO, as. **1.** *To roughen, sharpen, make rough.* Ventorum răbĭes motis exaspĕrăt undis (frĕtum). *O.* ∾ ægĭdă signis. *Cl.* *See* ASPERO. **2.** *To give an edge to, sharpen.* ∾ saxo ensem. *Sil.* *See* ACUO.

EXAUDIO, is. **1.** *To hear from a distance.* Hinc exaudiri gĕmĭtus, et sævă sŏnaĭĕ Verbĕrā. *V.* *See* AUDIO. **2.** Us. *To hear favorably, to hear and grant.* Supplĭcĭs exaudi, jŭvĕnum mitissĭmĕ, vocem. *O.* Nuili exauditā dĕorum (votā). *V.* [† Audio, accĭpio, &c.] *See* PRECES.

EXCÆCO, as. **1.** *To make blind.* **2.** Fig. *To stop, close, obstruct.* Scilĭcĕt ut limus venas excæcăt In undis. *O.* Excæcatā rĕsĭdunt flumĭnā. *O.*

EXCALCĔO, *or* **EXCALCIO,** as. *To take the shoes off.* *M.* **Crcl.** Pĕdes, suras nudo. Calcĕos, soccos detrăho.

EXCANTO, as. *To enchant out, call forth by enchantment.* ∾ clausas pŭellas. *Pp.* Lethæos dĕos. *L.*

EXCĂVO, as. *M.* = Căvo.

EXCEDO, Is, essi, essum. **1.** Intr. *To go out, withdraw, go away.* Tum cĕlĕrarĕ fŭgam pătrĭaque excedĕrĕ suadĕt. *V.* Corpŏrĕæ ∾-unt pestes. *V.* [† Exĕo, egrĕdĭŏr, ăbĕo, discedo, rĕcedo; linquo, desĕro, &c.] *See* ABEO, EXEO, RELINQUO. **2.** Tr. *To exceed, go beyond.* Excessĭt Hĭdem mĕrĭtorum summā tŭorum. *O.* ∾-ĭt mĕdĭcinā mŏdum. *L.* [† Sŭpĕro, vinco.] *See* SUPERO.

EXCELLO, Is, ŭi (*from obs.* Excelleo). *To excel, to surpass.* Omnĭbŭs ornatum vŏlŭisti excellĕrĕ rebŭs. *Lr.* [† Sŭpĕro, emĭnĕo, præsto, &c.] *See* SUPERO.

EXCELSŬS, ă, um. *High, elevated.* ∾ arx. *O.* vertex montĭs. *V.* *See* CELSUS.

EXCEPTO, as. *freq. of* Excipio. *To catch, take in.* ∾ lĕves auras. *V.* pĕr pectŏrā mortes. *Sil.* *See* EXCIPIO.

EXCERPO, Is, psi, ptum. *To take out, pick out;* hence, *except, set aside.* ∾ semĭnā pomis. *H.* quŏd lŏni est. *Ter.* qm nŭmĕro (pŏetarum). *H.* [† Colligo, delĭgo, decerpo, sepăro, tollo.]

EXCĬDIUM, ĭi. *n.* *Destruction, ruin.* Hic pĕlĭt excĭdĭis urbem mĭsĕrosquĕ Pĕnates. *V.* Venturam excĭdio Libyæ. *V.* Luco ∾. *Sil.* [† Rŭinā, casŭs, clades, pernĭcies.] *See* RUINA.

I. Excĭdo, ĭs, i (*from* Cado). 1. *To come down from on high.* Tum vox horrendă pĕr auras Excĭdĭt, et Troum &c. *V.* [† Deférŏr.] *See* Descendo. 2. Us. *To fall, fall out* or *from.* ∾ puppi. *V. See* Cado. 3. *To drop from, escape from.* Tantumquĕ nĕfas pătrĭo ∾-ĭt orĕ. *V.* Vinclis ∾. *V.* [† Exĕo, elabŏr, ălăo.] 4. ∾ mĕmŏrĭa, ănĭmo, mentĕ, or abs. *To drop, pass from the memory.* Dŏlores ∾-ĕrant ănĭmo. *V.* ∾ pectŏrĕ. *O.* ∾-ĭt mĭhĭ nomĕn. *O.* [† Cădo, labŏr, &c.] *See* Obliviscor. 5. *To die, perish.* Primo mĭsĕr excĭdĭt ævo. *Pp.* Nomĕn ăb ævo ∾-ĭt. *Pp. See* Morior, Pereo.

II. Excido, ĭs, di, sum (*from* Cædo). 1. *To cut off, out,* or *down.* Ut sĭbĭ telă pĕrent, silvasque excidĕrĕ possint. *Lr.* ∾ cŏlumnas rupĭbŭs. *V. See* Cædo. 2. *To rase to the ground.* Excisurum urbem mĭnĭtans. *V.* [† Everto, dirŭo, &c.] *See* Everto.

Excĭĕo, es, ivi, ĭtum = Excio.

Excĭo, is, ivi, itum. 1. *To call out, call forth.* Nunc urbes excitĕ fĕras. *L.* ∾ mănus ĭn prœlĭă. *L.* ănĭmas sĕpulcris. *V.* [† Cĭĕo, evŏco, excĭto, &c.] *See* Voco. 2. *To raise, cause.* Excitur pĕdĭbŭs sŏnĭtŭs. *Lr. See* Excito.

Excĭpĭo, ĭs, epi, eptum. 1. *To take from* or *out, draw from,* &c.; hence, *to except, set aside.* Clŷpĕum cristasquĕ rŭbentes Excĭpĭam sorti. *V.* ∾ qm ex mări. *Pl.* [† Educo, extrăho; (*to except,* &c.) excerpo, sepono, subtrăho, exĭmo, demo.] 2. Us. *To receive.* Excĭpĭt ille ictus gălĕa &c. *O.* ∾ auras tŭnĭcis flŭentĭbŭs. *O.* ∾-ĭunt vulnŭs auræ. *V.* [† Accĭpĭo, rĕcĭpĭo.] 3. *To entertain hospitably, receive kindly.* Excĭpĭt hospĭtĭo jŭvĕnem. *O.* ∾ amplexu. *O.* [† Accĭpĭo.] 4. *To catch a person* or *thing falling.* Ancillis excĭpĭendă cădo. *O.* ∾ cădentem. *O.* [† Suscĭpĭo, sustĭnĕo.] 5. *To surprise, take by craft.* ∾ incautum &c.; insĭdĭis (căprum). *V.* [† Deprĕhendo *or* deprendo, capto.] *See* Insidior. 6. *To take in turn, take up, receive after.* Indĕ . . . Romŭlŭs ∾-et gentem. *V.* 7. *To succeed to, follow upon.* ∾-ĭt auctumnŭs (æstatem). *O.* [† Succedo.] *See* S. 8. *To follow in speaking, answer.* ∾-ĭt hunc Nessŭs; Urănĭe. *V. See* Respondeo.

Excĭto, as. 1. *To call away from,* or *out of; to call, bid forth.* Hŏmo perturbatŭs excĭtăt Sĭmonĭdem. *Ph.* ∾ ăd armă. *Sil.* [† Vŏco, evŏco, cĭĕo, &c.] *See* Voco. 2. *To awake, rouse up.* Vigĭles sĭnŭl ∾-ăt. *V.* ∾ mortŭos. *H.* ∾-ŏr dŏlorĕ. *O. See* Expergefacio. 3. *To raise, erect.* ∾ aras. *V.* [† Erĭgo, exstrŭo, &c.] *See* Fundo (as). Fig. 4. *To provoke* (excite), *bring out.* ∾ iras. *V.* mălum ex qua re. *Ter.* [† Suscĭto, provŏco, mŏvĕo, cĭĕo.] 5. *To kindle, stimulate.* ∾-ăt fomĭtĕ flammas. *L.* Ascănĭum ăvuncŭlŭs Hectŏr. *V.* auditŏr stŭdĭum. *O.* [† Suscĭto, exsuscĭto, concĭto, impello, accendo, ăcŭo, stĭmŭlo, &c.] *See* Accendo.

I. Excĭtŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Excieo. *Roused, kept awake, disquieted.* Nec frŭĭtur somno, vĭgĭlacĭbŭs excĭtă curis. *O.*

II. Excitus, ă, um. *part. from* Excio. *Roused, called up, awakened.* Stratis excĭtă jŭventus. *L.* Bello ∾-i reges. *V.*

Exclamo, as. *To exclaim, cry out.* Exclamant Troes mĭsĕrĭquĕ Lătini. *V. See* Clamo.

Excludo, ĭs, si, sum. *To exclude, shut out, not to admit.* Credĭt, ĕt excludit sanos Hĕlĭconĕ pœtas. *H.* ∾ ămantes. *O.* toto cœlo. *St.* [† Pello, expello, ejĭcĭo, prŏhĭbĕo, arcĕo, rĕmŏvĕo.] *See* Arceo, Removeo.

Excogito, as. *To devise, contrive.* Excogĭtavĭt hŏmo săgax ĕt astutŭs. *M.* [† Fingo, invĕnĭo, commĭnĭscŏr.]

Excŏlo, ĭs, ŏlŭi, ultum. 1. *To work with great care, cultivate well.* Credĭtŭr et lanas excŏlŭissĕ rŭdes. *O.* ∾ rurĭ. *Cl. M. See* Colo. Fig. 2. *To refine, polish.* ∾ vitam pĕr artes. *V.* doctrinam morĭbŭs. *Aus.* 3. *To adorn.* ∾-ĭt palmă fŏres. *O. See* Orno. 4. Sts. *To honour. O.; to worship. Ph. See* Colo, Veneror.

Excŏquo, ĭs, oxi, octum. 1. *To prepare, perfect by fire; to soften, break up, work* (any thing) *out, purify by fire.* Durĭŏr et ferro quod Norĭcŭs excŏquĭt ignĭs. *O.* ∾-ĭtur flammis scŏpŭlŭs. *Sil.* ∾-ĭt terram sol. *Lr.* vĭtĭum mĕtallis (ignĭs). *O.* [† Cŏquo, &c.] *See* C. 2. Fig. ∾ mentem. *Sen.* (*to prey upon.*) [† Edo, exĕdo.]

Excors, ordĭs. *Senseless. H. See* Amens, Stultus.

Excrementum, i. *n. That which grows out from the rest, any excrescence.* Et siccæ pallĭdă rodĭt Excrementă mănus. *L.* (de unguĭbŭs.)

Excresco, ĭs, evi, etum. *To grow out of, rise up from.* Denique excrevĭt ĭn altum Pinguĕ sŏlum tŭmŭlo. *L.*

Excretŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Excresco. *Grown up.* Multi jam excretos prŏhĭbent a matrĭbŭs hœdos. *V. See* Adultus.

Excrŭcĭo, as. *To cause great pain, to torture.* Lit. and fig. Frigŭs ĕnim nudos sĭnĕ pellĭbŭs excrŭcĭabăt. *Lr. See* Crucio, Discrucio.

Excŭbiæ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *The keeping watch, the keeping watch* or *guard by night; the soldiers on guard.* Intĕrĕa vĭgĭlum excŭbĭis obsidĕrĕ portas. *V.* Vino mădentes ∾. *Cl.* [† Vĭgĭles, custodes, custodĭă.] Ep. Vĭgĭles, insomnes, nocturnæ, &c. *See* Vigiles. 2. Gen. *That which guards, watches, never sleeps* or (speaking of fire) *goes out.* Vĭgĭlum cănum ∾. *H.* ∾-as divum æternas (*the sacred fire*). *V.*

Excŭbĭtŏr, orĭs. *m. A watchman by night, sentinel;* gen. *one that sleeps not.* Somnosquĕ non defendĭt excŭbĭtor mĕos. *Sen.* [† Custos, vĭgĭl.]

Excŭbo, as, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To keep watch, be on guard during the night.* Excŭbăt, exercetquĕ vĭces (pĕr muros lĕgĭo). *V.* [† Vĭgĭlo.] Crel. Excŭbĭas ăgo, tĕnĕo, &c. *See* Vigiles. 2. Gen. *To watch.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ŭi clausam antĕ dŏmum. *O.* ∾-ăt antĕ fŏres Cerbĕrŭs. *Tib.* fŏrĭbŭs pŏtentum (ambĭtĭo). *Cl. See* Vigilo.

Excudo, ĭs, di, sum. 1. *To strike; to strike* (something) *out.* Lit. and fig. Ac sĭlĭcis venis abstrusum excudĕrĕt ignem. Scintillam ∾. *V.* ∾ ănĭmo dictă. *O.* [† Ellĭcĭo, extundo.] 2. Us. *To forge.* ∾ ærĭ. *V.* glădĭos. *J. See* Procudo. 3. Fig. *To frame, fashion, compose.* ∾ ceras (*of bees*). *V.* [† Fingo, compono.]

Excurro, ĭs, ri, sum. *To run out.* Lit. and fig. Trĭbŭs hæc excurrĭt ĭn æquŏrĭ linguis. *O.* [† Exĕo, procurro.]

Excursŭs, us. *m. A course, excursion.* Excursusquĕ brĕves tentant. *V.*

Excusabĭlis, ĕ. *Excusable.* Pars excusabĭlĭs essĕt. *O.* [† Excusandŭs.] Crel. Vĕnĭa dignŭs.

Excuso, as. *To excuse.* Qua pŏtĕs, excusa, nĕc ămici desĕrĕ causam. *O.* ∾ crimĕn lăcrĭmis. *St.* [† Defendo, purgo.] Crel. Crimĭnĕ, culpa purgo, libĕro. Culpæ exĭmo. Crimĕn rĕmŏvĕo, dilŭo. Verbis defendo. Spĕcĭosă nomĭnă culpæ impono.

Excŭtĭo, ĭs, ussi, ussum. 1. *To shake out,* or *off,* or *down.* Sauclŭs hirsutis ăvĭdum de crinĭbŭs ignem Excŭtĭt. *O.* ∾ cervicĕ sĕcurim (de tauro). *V.* Digĭtis excŭtĭendŭs ĕrĭt (pulvĭs). *O.* ∾ mœnĭă fundo. *St.* [† Dejĭcĭo, decŭtĭo, ejĭcĭo, exturbo, everto, &c.] *See* Ejicio. 2. *To shake, toss.* ∾ cŏmantes cervicĕ tŏros. *V.* cæsărĭem. *O.* [† Quăcĭo, concŭtĭo, jacto.] 3. *To hurl out, forth.* ∾ fulmĕn. *St.* [† Jăcŭlŏr, mitto, emitto.]

4. *To force, drive aside, out of the way.* ~ cursu &c. *V.* [¶ Arcĕo, depello, rĕmŏvĕo, averto, &c.] Fig. 5. *To shake off* or *out, shake away, get rid of, remove quickly, violently.* Si mĕā rustĭcĭtas excŭtĭendā fŏrēt. *Tib.* ~ cordĕ mĕtum; ămores. *O.* pectŏrĕ dĕum; conceptum fœdŭs. *V.* vĭris pāratas mentes; pacem orbi. *L.* ~-unt clausæ fortīā dictā fŏres. *Tib.* 6. *To sift, search, carefully examine.* ~ gĕnŭs. *O.* verum. *J.* *See* SCRUTOR.

EXĔDO, ĕdĭs *or* es, ĕdĭt *or* est, edi, esum, ĕdĕrĕ *or* essĕ. 1. *To eat, gnaw.* *See* EDO. 2. Fig. *To feed upon, undermine, consume, ruin.* Exest anxĭŭs angŏr. *Lr.* Exedit curā mĕdullas. *Cat.* mors pŭĕrīlĕ dĕcŭs. *St.* ~ urbem ŏdĭis. *V.* [¶ ˘Edo, pĕrĕdo, absumo, consumo, carpo, rodo, depascŏr, cŏquo, macĕro, confĭcĭo, perdo, destrŭo, everto, attĕro.]

EXEMPLAR, arĭs. n. 1. *A model, pattern.* Utĭlĕ propŏsŭit nobis exemplăr, ˘Ulyssem. *H.* Natum ~ hăbeto. *Cl.* [¶ Exemplum, spĕcĭes, imago.] 2. *A model, chef-d'œuvre.* Exemplarĭā græcā. *H.*

EXEMPLUM, i. n. 1. *A model, copy, specimen.* Hŏmĭnumque exemplā mānemŭs. *O.* [¶ Exemplăr, spĕcĭmĕn.] 2. *An example* (to follow). Irĕ pĕr ~ dĕorum. *O.* (Ferri) ~-o (*after the manner*) nubis āquosæ. *O.* Ep. Bŏnum, prŏbum, ĭmĭtabĭlĕ, ĭmĭtandum; pravum, turpĕ, fœdum, fŭgiendum; grāvĕ. 3. *A proof, instance.* *Pl.* [¶ Argumentum.]

EXEMPTUS, *or* EXEMTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* EXIMO. 1. *Drawn, taken out* or *away.* Quid te exemptā jŭvat spinis de plurĭbŭs unā? *H.* 2. *Withdrawn, exempt.* ~ pœnæ. *O.* [¶ Immunis, sŏlutŭs, lĭbĕr.]

EXĔO, is. *To go out, quit, leave.* Quamvis multā mĕis exiret victŭmā septis. *V.* ~ ād pugnam; servĭtĭo. *V.* [¶ Egrĕdĭŏr, excedo, abscedo, discedo, ăbĕo, exsĭlĭo, prodĕo, evado, erumpo, rŭo, præcĭpĭto, excurro; *sts.* evŏlo, expĕdĭŏr, prorumpo, mĭgro, emĭgro.] Crol. Me (pĕdem, grādum, gressum) effĕro, promŏvĕo. Me profĕro, promo, prorĭpĭo. Me limĭnĕ profĕro. Pĕdem fĕro. Exĕo, progrĕdĭŏr fŏras. Phr. *To go in haste.* Cĭtatum grādum, cĕlĕrem pĕdem effĕro *or* răpĭo. Me abrĭpĭo. *Of many.* Se fundunt, promunt (portis), &c. 2. *To rise upwards.* ~-it ād cœlum arbos; dŏmŭs. *V.* Insurgens hŭmĕris hŏmĭnem sŭpĕr imprŏbŭs exĭt. *St.* *See* SURGO. 3. With acc. *To pass, go beyond.* Lit. and fig. ~ ˘Avernas valles. *O.* limĕn. *Ter.* mŏdum. *O.* [¶ Excedo.] 4. *To escape from, get out of the reach of.* ~ telā corpŏrĕ, atquĕ ŏcŭlis vĭgĭlantĭbŭs; vim virĭbŭs. *V.* acrem ŏdorem. *Lr.* [¶ Vito, cāvĕo.]

EXERCĔO, es, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To practise in any art or profession.* Quam scĭt ŭterquĕ. lĭbens censebo exercĕāt artem. *H.* Exercerĕ munĕrā mĭlĭtĭæ. *O.* [¶ Prŏfĭtĕŏr, cŏlo, fungŏr.] 2. *To practise, exercise in.* ~ pātrĭas pālæstras: armā. *V.* spicŭlā. *O.* [¶ ˘Agĭto, tracto.] 3. *To perform, carry on, continue.* ~ pacem pactosque hȳmĕnæos. *V.* ~-ĕt balatum (agnŭs); cantus (noctŭā); vĭces (custos). *V.* ăranĕā telas. *O.* [¶ ˘Ago, ăgĭto, edo, effĭcĭo.] 4. *To occupy.* ~-ĕt āpes curā sălĭcti; fāmŭlas longo pensо dŏmĭnā. *V.* strenŭā nos Inertĭā. *H.* ~ dĭem. *V.* [¶ Occŭpo, detĭnĕo.] 5. *To exercise, keep in practice.* ~ unguĭbŭs iras; lĭtĭbŭs linguas. *O.* [¶ Expromo, exsĕro.] 6. *To work, ply.* Ferrum ~-ebant Cyclopes. *V.* ~ campos vomĕrĕ; tellurem. *V.* *See* COLO, ARO. 7. *To pursue, persecute, harass.* ~-ent qm numĭnis īræ. ~-entŭr pœnis. *V.* Curis exercĭtā corpŏrā. *V.* [¶ Vexo, urgĕo, fātigo, persĕquŏr, jacto.]

EXERCĬTUS, us. m. 1. *An army.* Jamque omnis campis exercĭtŭs ibāt āpertis. *V.* [¶ ˘Acies, agmĕn, cŏhors, phālanx, lĕgio, turmā, mānĭplŭs, mānŭs, copiæ; *sts.* armati, miles, mĭlĭtes.] Ep. Armatŭs, clȳpĕātŭs, hastatŭs, hostĭlis, infensŭs, inĭmĭcŭs; vālĭdŭs, fortis, strenŭŭs, bellĭgĕr, audax; trĕmendŭs, horrendŭs, mĕtŭendŭs; sævŭs, crudelis, sanguĭnĕŭs, immitis. Crol. Cătervæ—ærĕ fulgentes, pĕr campos instructæ. Clȳpĕātā agmĭnā. ˘Acies densis cătervis stipatā. Sĕgĕs vĭrum—densis armis (strictis mucronĭbŭs) horrens:—clȳpĕātā:—horrentĭbŭs hastis densā. 2. *Used of collected numbers generally.* Phorcique ~ omnis (*sea-deities*). *V.* ~ corvorum. *V.* vŏlŭcrum ămorum. *V. Fl.* [¶ Agmĕn, turbā, cŏhors, examĕn, chŏrŭs; *sts.* cœtŭs.]

EXERRO, as. *To stray, wander away.* *St.*

EXESOR, oris. m. *That which eats away, wears away.* tr. (Æstŭs) exesor murorum littŏrā circum. *Lr.*

EXHÆREDO, &c. *See* EXHEREDO.

EXHALO, as. 1. Tr. *To exhale, breathe out, send forth.* Sævamque exhalāt ŏpacā mĕphitim. *V.* ~-antŭr hŭmo nĕbŭlæ. *O.* Spiramentā flammam ~-antĭā. *O.* [¶ Halo, spiro, exspiro, effundo, emitto, mitto.] *See* SPIRO. 2. ~ ănĭmam, vitam, and abs. *To expire* (breathe one's last). ~ ănĭmam; sŭb vulnĕrĕ vitam. *O.* Hic, illic exhalantes. *O.* [¶ Exspiro, effio, effundo.] *See* MORIOR. 3. Intr. *To exhale, breathe out* (in smoke, steam, effluvia of any kind). ~-ant vestes. *St.* vāporĕ altarĭā. *L.*

EXHAURIO, is, si, stum. 1. *To drain, dry up.* Hespĕrĭamque exhaurĭt ăquis. *L.* [¶ Haurio, sicco, exsicco; *sts.* ebĭbo.] 2. *To hollow out.* ~ hŭmum lĭgonĭbŭs. *H.* *See* EFFODIO. 3. *To empty of people.* ~-it delectŭs ˘Athenas. *L.* civĭbŭs urbem. *Lr.* [¶ Văcŭo, vĭdŭo, pŏpŭlo.] *Fig.* 4. ~ mīnas. *St.* [¶ Effundo.] 5. *To drain misfortune to its dregs; to undergo, suffer,* &c., *till nothing is left to suffer.* Non plus Carthago tŭlĭt exhausitquĕ lăborĭs. *Sil.* Pœnarum exhaustum sātis est. *V.* [¶ Defungŏr, pātĭŏr, perpĕtĭŏr, fĕro, exantlo.]

EXHAUSTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* EXHAURIO. 1. *Dried up, drained out, exhausted.* ~-i solĭbŭs amnes. *St.* ~-o spumavĕrĭt ŭbĕrĕ mulctrā. *V.* ~-ă sanguĭnĕ turbā (sĕnes). *L.* [¶ Siccatŭs, siccŭs, văcŭŭs, arĭdŭs.] 2. *Done and over; suffered, undergone, and over.* ~ pĕrĭcŭlā. *O.* bellā. *V.* lăbores. *St.*

EXHEREDO, as. *To disinherit.* Exheredavit te, Phĭlŏmusĕ, pātĕr. *M.*

EXHIBĔO, es, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To show, exhibit, present.* Exhibĕāt vultus noxquĕ dĭesquĕ tŭos. *O.* [¶ Ostendo, monstro, prodo, profĕro, &c.] *See* OSTENDO. 2. *To produce, utter.* ~ orĕ sŏnos. *O.* [¶ Emitto, edo, reddo.]

EXHILARO, as. *To give joy to, to exhilarate.* Exhĭlārant ipsos gaudĭā nostrā dĕos. *M.* *See* HILARO.

EXHORRĔO, es, ŭi, *and* EXHORRESCO, is. 1. Intr. *To shudder, tremble.* Exhorrŭĭt æquŏrĭs instăr. *O.* [¶ Horrĕo, frĕmo.] 2. Tr. *To dread, shrink in fear from.* Vultus neve exhorrescāt ănĭcos. *V.* Gĕmĭnos ~-ŭĭt angues. *V. Fl.* *See* TIMEO.

EXHORTOR, aris. *To exhort, encourage.* Natum exhortarer, ni mixtus matrĕ Sābella. *V.* ~ ĕquos. *O.* *See* HORTOR.

EXIGO, is, egi, actum. 1. *To drive out, chase, drive away.* Et sācĕr admissas exĭgĭt Hebrŭs ăquas. *O.* ~-it fĕras e collĕ (cănis); e stratis corpŭs. *Sil.* [¶ ˘Ago, ăbĭgo, depello, expello, ejĭcio, excludo, &c.] *See* PELLO. 2. *To drive, thrust through* or *into.* ~ ensem pĕr mĕdĭum jŭvĕnem. *V.* glādĭum pĕr omnes gentes. *L.* [¶ Immitto, impello, ăbĭgo.] Fig. 3. *To drive, chase away.* ~ hinc ănĭmas. *V. Fl.* otĭum. *H.* 4. *To*

urge, impel. ∾-ĭt ventrĭs răbĭes. *V.* [† ˘Ago, impello.] 5. *To complete* (of time); *to spend.* Mĕdĭamquĕ dĭes exegĕrăt horam. *O.* ∾ annos tecum. *V.* ævum stŭdĭis. *O.* [† Transmitto, transcurro, transĭgo; ăgo, dego, duco.] 6. *To accomplish, consummate.* ∾ clades omnes In uno dĭe. *L.* mŏnŭmentum. *H.* ŏpŭs. *O.* [† Absolvo, confĭcĭo, perfĭcĭo.] 7. *To demand, exact.* ∾ jurā. *O.* ∾-ĭs ŭt pĕrĕăt. *O.* Poscunt fidem secunda, ăt adversa exĭgunt. *Sen.* [† Posco, rĕposco, rĕquiro.] 8. *To weigh, carefully examine.* Dum nostras lĕgĭs exĭgisquĕ nugas. *M.* [† Ponděro, pendo, examĭno.]

EXĬGŬUS, ă, um. 1. *Little* (size or quantity), *scanty, feeble.* Exĭgŭa prŏhĭbemŭr ăqua &c. *O.* ∾ tempŭs. *O.* pulvĭs; humŏr; vox. *V.* ∾-i campi. *H.* [† Parvŭs, tĕnŭĭs, exĭlis, grăcĭlis; *sts.* brĕvis, angustŭs, infirmŭs.] 2. Exĭgŭum, i. *n. used subst.* ∾ ăquæ. *O.* ∾-o assuetā jŭventus. *V.*

EXILIO, EXILIUM. *See* EXSILIO, &c.

EXILIS, ĕ. 1. *Spare, slight, slender, meagre.* In lăterĭ exiles dĭgĭti pro crurĭbŭs hærent. *O.* Et dŏmŭs ∾ Plutonĭă. *H.* Glebis ∾ ˘Arisbe. *L.* [† Tĕnŭĭs, gracĭlis, exĭgŭŭs, angustŭs, arctŭs, măcĕr.] 2. Fig. *Poor.* ∾ dŏmŭs est &c. *H.*

EXIMIUS, ă, um. *Choice, superior, extraordinary.* Quattŭŏr exĭmĭos præstanti corpŏrĕ tauros. *V.* ∾-æ pompæ. *O.* ˘In pugna ∾. *L.* [† Egrĕgĭus, excellens, insignis, præstans, præclarŭs.] *See* EGREGIUS.

EXIMO, ĭs, emi, emptum. 1. *To take out* or *away, except.* Exĭmĭt ipsā dĭes omnes de corpŏrĕ mendas. *O.* ∾ nŭmĕro bĕatorum. *H.* [† Tollo, auffĕro, demo.] 2. *To deliver, deliver* or *secure from.* Nirĕă non făcĭes, non vis exemĭt ˘Achillem. *Pp.* ∾ scĕlĕri. *V. Fl.* de fĕrĭtatĕ lŏci. *O.* te mĕtu. *Pl.* [† Libĕro, solvo, subduco, expĕdĭo.]

EXIN (*before a cons.*), *and* EXINDĔ. *After that, thence. V. See* DEINDE.

EXINDĔ. *See* EXIN.

EXISTIMO, *and anc.* EXISTŬMO, as. *To reflect, weigh, consider.* Haud existŭmans Quanto lăborĕ partum. *Ter.* [† Rĕpŭto, cogĭto, æstĭmo.]

EXISTO. *See* EXSISTO.

EXITIABILIS, *and* EXITIALIS, ĕ. *Deadly, pernicious.* Dumquĕ mānu tentat trăhĕrĕ exĭtĭabĭlĕ telum. *O.* Donum exĭtĭalĕ Minervæ. *V.* [† Exĭtĭosŭs, funestŭs, &c.] *See* FUNESTUS.

EXITIOSUS, ă, um. *Deadly, fatal; and used in abuse.* Tu ne quid pecces, exĭtĭosĕ, vĭde. *M.*

EXITIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Havock, ruin.* Exĭtĭum magnum atque Alpes immittĕt ăpertas. *V.* ∾ Trojæ ˘Achilles. *O.* [† Pernĭcĭes, clades, rŭinā.] **Ep.** ˘Acerbum, mĭsĕrabĭlĕ, flebĭlĕ, tristĕ, magnum, grăvĕ, &c.] *See* RUINA. 2. *Destruction, death. See* MORS.

EXITUS, us. *m.* 1. *A way out; the act of going, passing out.* Veris dătŭr exĭtŭs umbris. *V.* ∾ amni. *Lr.* [† ˘Abĭtŭs, discessŭs, effŭgĭum, fŭgā, ĭtĕr, vĭā.] 2. *Issue, result, event.* ∾ actā prŏlĕt. *O.* Si verbā sĕquetŭr ∾. *O.* Bŏnos ducĭt ăd ∾-us. *H.* [† Eventŭs, successŭs, effectŭs, casŭs, res.] 3. *Departure* (from life). *death.* ∾ illum erĭpŭit sævŭs. *J.* Hic ∾ illum tŭlĭt. *V. See* MORS.

EXLEX, egis. *m. f. n. Lawless. H.*

EXODIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *End, conclusion.* 2. Us. *A comic after-piece.* Urbĭcŭs exŏdĭo risum mŏvĕt &c. *J.*

EXOLĔO, es, evi, *and* EXOLESCO, ĭs. *To grow old, out of date and use; to be forgotten.* Quam nullo săcĕr exŏlescĕt ævo! *Sl.* [† Cĕdo, ăbŏlĕŏr.]

EXOLETUS, ă, um. *part. See* EXOLEO. 1. *That which has done growing.* Dŏmi rĕliqui exŏletam virginem. *Pl.* 2. *Old, out of date, forgotten. Sen. See* OBSOLETUS, VETUS.

EXONĔRO, as. *To unload, unburden.* Lit. and fig. Discĭtĕ jam plenas exŏnĕrarĕ cŏlos. *O.* ∾ fŭgam ŏdĭis. *O.* ămicos mĕtu. *Ter.* questus. *L.* [† Lĕvo, sublĕvo.] Crcl. ˘Onŭs, pondŭs pono, depono, abjĭcĭo, excŭtĭo, exŭo, exĭmo. Me *or* corpŭs ŏnĕrĕ *or* ponděrĕ solvo, libĕro.

EXOPTABILIS, ĕ. *Desirable.* Fŭgĭt exoptabĭlĕ tempŭs. *Sil.* [† Optandŭs.]

EXOPTATUS, ă, um. *part. See* EXOPTO. *Ardently longed for.* Nec dulces natos exoptatumquĕ pārentem. *V.* [† Optatŭs.]

EXOPTO, as. 1. *To long ardently for. Pers.* [† Opto, cŭpĭo, percŭpĭo.] *See* CUPIO. 2. *To choose, select. Pl.* [† Ellĭgo, opto.]

EXORABILIS, ĕ. *Accessible to prayer, placable.* Nunc magni vŏcăt exorabĭlĕ numĕn Cæsăris. *St.* Non ∾ auro. *H.* [† Placabĭlis, flăcĭlis. Non (haud, nĕc) Inexorabĭlis.] *See* PLACABILIS.

EXORDIOR, irĭs. *To commence. Ter. Pl.* [† Ordĭŏr, incĭpĭo, inchŏo.]

EXORDIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A commencement, beginning.* Primæ rĕvŏcabo exordĭă pugnæ. *V.* [† ˘Inĭtĭum, princĭpĭum, ŏrigo, ingressŭs, exorsā.] 2. Sp. *The commencement of any discourse* (exordium). Quæ prima exordĭă sumam? *V.*

EXORIOR, ĕrĭs, ortŭs sum. *To be born, appear, arise.* Exŏrĭare ălĭquis nostris ex ossĭbŭs ultŏr. *V.* Jamquĕ dĭes ∾-ĭtŭr. *L.* [† ˘Ortĭŏr, nascŏr, surgo, exsisto, &c.] *See* ORIOR.

EXORNO, as. *To adorn greatly.* Totā lĭcet vĕtĕres exornent undĭquĕ ceræ Atrĭă. *J. See* ORNO.

EXORO, as. *To beg, entreat earnestly; to obtain by such entreaties.* Exorat pacem divum, vittasquĕ rĕsolvĭt. *V.* Non exorato stant ădămantĕ vĭæ. *Pp.* ˘Opemquĕ exoratā fĕro. *O.* [† Oro, prĕcŏr, *or* placo, &c.] *See* PRECOR, PLACO.

EXORSUS, ă, um. *part. See* EXORDIOR. EXORSĂ, orum. *n. pl. Beginnings; undertakings, enterprises.* Atquĕ pĕr ambages et longa exorsā tĕnebo. *V.* Sŭă cuique ∾ lăborem Fortunamquĕ fĕrent. *V.* [† Exordĭă, inceptā, cœptā.]

EXOS, ossĭs. *m. f. n. and* EXOSSATUS, ă, um. 1. *Without bones, whence the bones have been taken.* Exŏs ĕt exsanguis tŭmĭdos perfluctŭăt artus. *Lr.* Fig. 2. *Supple, flexible, as if without bones.* Exossato clĕt omni pectŏrĕ fluctus. *Lr.* 3. *Whence the stones have been removed.* Exossatŭs ăgĕr. *Pers.*

EXOSSO, as. *To take out the bones. Ter.*

EXOSUS, ă, um. *Hating.* Pugnas exosā rĕlinquo. *V.* ∾ fraudem ĕt perjurĭă. *O.* [† Pĕrosŭs, aversatŭs, detestatŭs.]

EXPALLĔO, es, ŭi, *and* EXPALLESCO, ĭs. 1. Intr. *To turn pale.* Horrŭĭt infelix, totoque expallŭĭt orĕ. *O. See* PALLEO. 2. Tr. *To fear* (turn pale with fear at). Pindărĭci fontis qui non expallŭĭt haustus. *H.*

EXPANDO, ĭs, di, ansum *or* assum. *To expand, unfold, lay open.* Lit. and fig. Quem supra ramos expandĭt ăquatĭcā lotŏs. *O.* ∾ rerum naturam. *Lr.* Expansæ rŏsæ. *O.* [† Pando, explĭco, extendo, ăpĕrĭo.] *See* PANDO.

EXPANSUS, *and* EXPASSUS, ă, um. *part. See* EXPANDO.

EXPAVĔO, es, avi, *and* EXPAVESCO, ĭs. *intr. and tr. To be* or *become greatly afraid.* (Pāvĕo.) Nec mŭlĭebrĭĕr expavĭt enses. *H.* Fratrem expāvescat fratĕr, et natum pārens. *Sen. See* PAVEO, TIMEO.

EXPĔDIO, is, ivi *or* ĭi, itum. 1. *To disengage, extricate; to make a clear way for, make easy.* Non mortis lăquĕis expĕdĭes căpŭt. *H.* Flammam intĕr ĕt hostes ∾-ĭŏr. *V.* ∾ lăbores. *V. Fl.* [† Exĭmo, solvo, libĕro, subduco.] 2. *To*

ɪ, *bring forth from some place of keeping.* ĭrem cānistrīs. *V.* ∾-ĭt merces instĭtŏr. *O.*
ıomo. 3. *To prepare, make ready.* ∾ ăcu-ĭddĕ contos. *V.* convivĭā tectis. *V. Fl. See* 4. *To explain, relate.* ∾ morbi causam; *V.* [† Pando, explĭco.] 5. Expēdĭt. *unip. ell, good, advantageous.* ∾ -ĭt esse dĕas. *O.* dest, conducĭt.] **Crel.** Utĭlĕ est.
o, ĭs, ŭli, ulsum. *To drive out, drive away,* Naturam expellas furca, tāmĕn usquĕ rĕ- *H.* ∾ somnum. *V.* pĕr vulnĕrā millĕ ănĭ- *O.* [† Pello, depello, exĭgo, ăbĭgo, ăgo, ejĭcĭo.] *See* Arceo, Pello.
o, ĭs, di, sum. 1. *To weigh.* Expende ĭlem: quot libras &c. *J.* [† Pendo, pon- *See* Pondero. Fig. 2. *To weigh, exa-* &c. ∾ mĕrĭtis causam. *O.* casus. *V.* [† ıdo, pondĕro, æstĭmo.] 3. *To pay for,* ıly. of punishment). ∾ scĕlŭs; scĕlĕrum *V.* dignum prĕtĭum. *Sil.* [† Pendo, lŭo, *See* Solvo.
EFĂCĬO, ĭs, eci, actum. *To awaken from ouse, call up.* Lit. and fig. (Expergefac- *r. Pl.* [† Excĭto, suscĭto.] **Crel.** Som- somnos, sŏporem ădĭmo, erĭpĭo, averto, po, rumpo, excŭtĭo, pello, expello, fŭgo, abduco, aufĕro, divello, turbo, excludo. , sŏporĕ excĭto, suscĭto, excŭtĭo, excĭo, Quietem turbo. Sŏporem discŭtĭo. **Phr.** o lux suscĭtăt. Somnum rumpĭt pāvŏr. ĭes excĭtăt; avertĭt somnos. *See* Exper-
EFACTUS, ă, um. *part. See* Expergefă- ĭā quŏque expergefactum căpŭt erĭgĕre *Ler.* [† Expergĭtŭs, experrectŭs; *hence,* a, vigĭl.] **Crel.** Somno excĭtŭs.
ISCŎR, ĕrĭs, gĭtŭs sum, *and better* rrectŭs ĭr. Expergor). *To awake.* intr. Ut te ipsum non expergiscĕrĭs? *H.* [† Expergefĭo, , suscĭtŏr; *sts.* expergŏr.] **Crel.** Som- porĕ excĭtŏr, suscĭtŏr, excŭtĭŏr, excĭŏr, , destĭtŭŏr. Somnŭs me, corpŭs, mem- tus rĕlinquĭt, rĕliquĭt, destĭtŭĭt. Somnŭs inertiā, quĭes) ăbĭit, ăbĭit, abscessĭt, fugĭt, ĭtur, rĕcessĭt, pectŏrĕ defluĭt. Somnum *or* , pello, expello, dispello. Corpŭs e som- io, corrĭpĭo, &c.
ENS, tĭs. 1. *Undergoing, enduring.* Indĕ lurum sŭmŭs expĕrĭensquĕ lăborum. *O.* ens.] 2. *Having experience; having gone* ı *much.* Tĭmĭdā ∾-quĕ pārum. *O.* Cŏmĕs ıs Ulyssis. *O.*
ENTIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Essay, proof.* Hæc illi expĕrĭentiā veri. *O. See* Experimen- 2. Us. *Experience.* Aplĭbŭs quantā ∾ *V.* [† Usŭs. Usŭs măgistĕr.] **Ep.** Lon- ĭā, rerum prudens, dux, măgistrā.
ıa, irĭs, ertŭs sum. 1. *To prove, put to oof, make trial of.* Et Turnum tandem tŭr in armis. *V.* ∾ lăborem æstatē; prŏ- ores. *V.* āves. *O.* [† Tento, exploro; *sts.* ăbĕo.] 2. *To find, experience.* ∾ āmaros s). *V.* dĕos constantĕr īniquos. *O.* [† Sen- ĭr; *sts.* pătĭŏr.] 3. With inf. *To try.* ∾ avertĕrĕ sensus conjŭgis. *V.* [† Tento, ĭŏr.] *See* Tento.
tĭs. *Being without, destitute of.* Haud virtutis ăvitæ. *V.* ∾ thălāmi. *V.* undæquĕ i. *O.* consĭli vis. *H.* [† Cărens, ĕgens, &c.] *See* Carens.
ĭus, ă, um. *part. See* Experior. 1. *One ıs essayed, attempted.* Expertus văcŭum ıs aĕrā. *H.* 2. *One who has tried, found.* Lucinæ ∾-ă lăbores. *V.* ∾-o credĭtĕ. *V.* lem (Jupĭtĕr æquĭlam). *H.* 3. *One ex- ed in.* ∾-os belli jŭvĕnes. *V.* [† Expĕ- rĭens.] *See* Peritus. 4. Pass. *Proved, tried* (and not found wanting). Dextĕrā nobis ∾-ă. *Sil.* [† Prŏbatŭs, spectatŭs.]
Expĕto, ĭs, ivi *or* ĭi, itum. 1. *To desire ardently.* (Pĕto.) Turbā rŭit, tantæquĕ vīrum cognoscĕrĕ famæ Expĕtĭt. *O.* [† Cŭpĭo, exopto, ardĕo.] *See* Cupio. 2. *To seek, choose out, seek after.* Expĕtĭtur conjux tauro. *O.* ∾ armā. *V. Fl.* [† Arcesso, quæro.]
Expilo, as. *To rob, spoil.* Ipsum expilavit numĕn ad lumen sŭum. *Ph. See* Furor.
Expio, as. *To purify, expiate.* ∾ scĕlŭs. *H.* annum. *J. See* Pio.
Explĕo, es, evi, etum. 1. *To fill full.* Rustica agrĭcŏlæ bŏnis Tectā frugĭbŭs exples. *Cat. See* Impleo. 2. *To accomplish, complete, fulfil.* ∾ orbes cursu. *V.* fatales annos. *Tib.* [† Absolvo, confĭcĭo, pĕrăgo, &c.] *See* Finio. 3. *To satisfy, satiate, glut.* Lit. and fig. ∾ inglŭvĭem. *V.* ∾-ĕtŭr cŭpido. *Lr.* Expletŭs dăpĭbŭs. *V.* ∾ mentem. *V.* ănĭmum gaudĭo. *Ter.* flendi vŏluptatem. *St.* [† Sătŭro, sătĭo, &c.] *See* Saturo.
Explĭco, as, avi, atum, *and* ŭi, itum. 1. *To unfold, spread out, open.* Antĕ fŏcum plenas explĭcŭissĕ plăgas. *M.* ∾ umbras. *M.* turmas. *L.* contractæ serĭā frontis. *H.* [† Evolvo, pando, diffundo.] 2. *To draw out from a place of keeping.* ∾ armā. *H.* [† Expēdĭo, promo.] Fig. 3. *To lay flat and smooth;* hence, *to make easy, clear.* ∾ turbĭdum mārĕ. *Sen.* fŭgam. *Ph.* [† Expēdĭo.] 4. *To explain, relate in order.* ∾ funĕrā fando. *V.* causas răpĭdi ignis. *O.* [† Evolvo, ăpĕrĭo, pando, &c.] *See* Detego.
Explodo, *or* Explaudo, ĭs, si, sum. *To drive away by clapping the hands* or *wings;* gen. *to drive away;* mly. *to hiss an actor or play; to disapprove.* Quin ĕtĭam gallum, noctem explodentĭbŭs alis &c. *Lr.* Pars plaudĭte ergo, pars offensi explodĭtĕ. *Aus.*
Explorator, orĭs. *m. A spy, scout.* Missiquĕ rĕportant Exploratores &c. *V.* [† Spĕcŭlātŏr.]
Exploro, as. 1. *To explore, investigate, reconnoitre.* Urbem et fines et littŏrā gentis Diversi explorant. *V.* Dextĕrā motu cæcum ĭtĕr explorāt. *O.* [† Observo, lustro, rimŏr, scrutŏr, quæro.] 2. *To be on the look-out for; to devise, ascertain.* ∾ insĭdĭas ŏvillā circum (de lŭpo). *V.* Tŭtŭs, o reginā, quĭd optes, ∾ lăbŏr. *V.* [† Spĕcŭlŏr, circumspĭcĭo, quæro.] 3. *To test, essay.* ∾ robŏrā fŏcis suspensā. *V.* cornŭā in adversis truncis (de tauro): fĭdem tyrranni. *L.* [† Tento, expĕrĭŏr.] **Crel.** Pĕrĭcŭlum făcĭo.]
Expŏlio, is. 1. *To polish particularly well.* Pŏliri, expŏliri, pingi, fingi; ĕt una (*Pl.*). Arĭda pumĭcĕ expŏlitum. *Cat. See* Polio. 2. Fig. *To polish, refine, cultivate. Lr.*
Expono, ĭs, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum *and* ostum. 1. *To expose to view.* Expŏsŭit mĕā me pŏpŭlo fortunā vĭdendum. *O.* [† Objĭcĭo, propono, præbĕo, effĕro.] 2. *To expose, abandon. O.* 3. *To disembark,* tr. (put out of ship.) Quarta exponĭmŭr hora. *H.* ∾ sŏcĭos de pupplĭbŭs. *V.* 4. *To set forth* (in words), *explain. H. O.* [† Explĭco, pando, ăpĕrĭo, elŏquŏr.] *See* Detego, Narro.
Exporto, as. *To carry out, bear away.* ∾ tectis (corpŏrā). *V.* [† Effĕro, educo, aufĕro, abduco.]
Exposco, ĭs, pŏposci, poscĭtum. *To entreat urgently.* ∾ pacem votis prĕcĭbusquĕ. *V.* votis ŏpem. *O.* [† Oro, rŏgo, flagĭto, &c.] *See* Peto.
Expŏsĭtus, *and* Expostus, ă, um. *part. See* Expono. Obvĭā ventorum fŭrĭis expostăquĕ ponto. *V.* [† Objectŭs, obnoxĭŭs.]
Expostŭlo, as. 1. *To demand urgently.* (Postŭlo.) Auxĭlĭum expostŭlant. *Pl. See* Flagito. 2. *To demand the reason of; expostulate. Ter. Pl.*
Exprimo, ĭs, essi, essum. 1. *To squeeze.* Mādĭ-

das exprĭmĭt imbrĕ cŏmas. *O.* [† Prĕmo, comprĭmo, stringo.] **2.** *To press out, express;* and fig. *to draw* or *force out.* ∾-ĭtŭr pĕr densā fŏrāmĭnā succŭs. *O.* ∾ gĕmĭtŭs. *Lr.* Utĭlĭtas expressĭt nomĭnā rerum. *Lr.* [† Ellĭcĭo, extrăho, educo, extorquĕo.] **3.** *To fashion a likeness* or *representation of any thing, to imitate.* ∾ ungues. *H.* [† Effingo, ĭmĭtŏr.]

Exprŏbro, as. *To reproach.* Est ălĭqua ingrato mĕritum exprobrarĕ vŏluptas. *O.* [† Objĭcĭo.]

Expromo, ĭs, psi, ptum. **1.** *To draw out, fetch forth, produce. Pl.* [† Promo, educo, effĕro, profĕro, exhĭbĕo.] **2.** *Fig.* ∾ dulces Musarum fetus. *Cat.* causas. *O.* [† ˘Apĕrĭo, detĕgo, pando, edo, explĭco, profĕro, expono, &c.] *See* Detego, Narro.

Expugnabĭlis, ĕ. *Not to be taken by assault.* Sĭtu non expugnabĭlĕ robŭr. *St.*

Expugnatŏr, ōris. *m. One who takes by assault; a ravager, destroyer.* Pĕcŏris lŭpŭs expugnatŏr ŏpimi. *St.*

Expugno, as. **1.** *To attack and take by assault, to overpower, subdue. V.* [† Vinco, sŭpĕro, debello.] **2.** *To succeed in an undertaking, carry it out.* Non cœpissĕ fŭĭt (primum), cœptā expugnarĕ sĕcundum. *O.*

Expurgo, as. *To cleanse, purify. H. See* Purgo.

Exquĭlĭæ. *See* Esquĭlĭæ.

Exquiro, ĭs, sivi *and* sĭi, situm. **1.** *To search for, search diligently.* Æstĭbŭs aut mĕdĭis umbrosam exquirĕrĕ vallem. *V. See* Quæro. **2.** *To solicit, entreat.* ∾ pacem pĕr aras. *V.* [† Oro, posco, rŏgo.]

Exsanguis, ĕ. **1.** *Drained of blood.* Itŭr ĭn exsanguem pŏpŭlum &c. *St.* **2.** *Dead.* ∾-ĭā corpŏrā. *O.* ∾ Rhamnes. *V. See* Mortuus. Fig. **3.** *Feeble, weak from age.* ∾-es sĕnes. *Sil.* [† Fractŭs, effetŭs.] **4.** *Pale with fright;* gen. *pale, colourless.* Diffŭgĭmŭs visu exsangues. *V. See* Territus. **5.** *That which makes pale.* ∾-ĕ cŭminum bĭbĕrĕ. *H.* Pallĭdā ∾-i tabo corpŏrā. *O.* [† Pallĭdŭs.]

Exsăt̆io, *and* Exsăt̆ĭro, as. *To sate, glut.* Exsăt̆ĭatĕ, vĭri, plenos rubigĭnĭs enses (crŭorĕ). *Sil.* Cladĕ exsăt̆ĭatā dŏmŭs. *O.* Exsăt̆ŭrarĕ dŏlorem. *St.* Exsăt̆ŭrandā mĕis bellŭā viscĕrĭbŭs. *O.* ˘Odĭis exsăt̆ŭratā. *V.*

Exscindo, ĭs, ĭdi, issum. *To cut, rend off* or *away; extirpate, destroy utterly.* ∾ dextra rupes. *St.* Trojanam gentem. *V.* Exscindi Pergămā telis. *V. See* Everto.

Exscrĕo, as. *To spit out, to spit.* Exscrĕăt, et ficta dat mĭhĭ verbā nŏta. *O.* [† Exspŭo, spŭo.] *See* S.

Exsĕco, as, ĕcŭi, ectum. *To cut off.* Lit. and fig. Quinas hic căpĭti mercedes exsĕcăt, atquĕ &c. *H.* Pellĭbŭs exsectis. *O.* Exsecto cornu. *H.* [† Detrăho, subduco, tollo, amŏvĕo.]

Exsĕcrabĭlis, ĕ. *Accursed.* ˘In his ălĭquod jus exsecrabĭlĕ castris. *St.* [† Exsĕcrandŭs, exsĕcratŭs, ăbomĭnandŭs, horrendŭs.]

Exsĕcrŏr, *and* Exsecrŏr, ăris. *To curse.* Et terram altricem sævi exsecramŭr ˘Ulyssĭs. *V.* [† Detestŏr, ăbomĭnŏr, devŏvĕo.] **Crcl.** Diris devŏvĕo. Diris ŏnĕro. Mălā *or* dirā prĕcŏr, imprĕcŏr. Dirā cano. *See* Va.

Exsĕquiæ, arum. *f. pl. Funeral rites.* At plŭs exsĕquĭis Æneas ritĕ sŏlutis. *V.* [† Funŭs, funĕrā, justā, sŭpremā, debĭtā.] **Ep.** Cĕlĕbres, sŭpremæ, mœrentes, mœstæ, tristes, ăcerbæ, piæ, præclaræ, solennes. **Crcl.** Sŭpremum munŭs *or* offĭcĭum. Sŭpremŭs hŏnos. Funĕbrĕ (funĕrĕum, plum) offĭcĭum. Funĕrĕi hŏnores. Funĕrĭs exsĕquiæ. Funĕbrĭs *or* flebĭlis pompā. Sŭpremā munĕrā. Sĕpulcri solennĭā. Exsĕquĭalĭā justā. Sŭpremæ pompæ hŏnores. Mălæ pompæ ferali.

Phr. Exsĕquĭas cĕlĕbro, pĕrăgo, fĕro, rĕfĕro, reddo, solvo, persolvo, instauro, făcio, păro, dono, cŏmĭtŏr, prosĕquŏr, frĕquento, duco. Justā manĭbŭs *or* umbris solvo, persolvo. Exănĭmum sŭpremo hŏnorĕ cŏmĭtŏr. *See* Sepelio.

Exsĕquĭalis, ĕ. *Funeral,* adj. Carmĭnā jam mŏrĭens cănĭt exsĕquĭalĭā cycnŭs. *O.* Justā exsĕquĭalĭā. *St.* [† Funĕbris, funĕrĕŭs, ferali.]

Exsĕquŏr, ĕris, cutŭs sum. **1.** *To follow to the end, without intermission* (and fig.). Verum ălĭter vivus nunquam desistam exsĕqui. *Pl.* [† Prosĕquŏr.] *See* Sequor. **2.** *To pursue the guilty, punish, avenge. See* Punio, Ulciscor. **3.** *To carry on a matter to its end, to finish. See* Finio. **4.** *To execute, effect.* ∾ jussā divum; præceptā Sĭbyllæ. *V.* [† Făcesso, făcio, ăgo, pĕrăgo.] **5.** *To treat a subject, enter upon it at length.* ∾ mellĭs cœlestĭā donā. *V.* tŏt scĕlĕrum făcies. *V. Fl. See* Dico, Narro.

Exsĕro, ĭs, ĕrŭi, ertum. **1.** *To raise out* or *up, draw forth* or *out, bare.* Primŭs ăb ocĕăno căpŭt exsĕrĭs Atlanteo. *L.* ∾ orā pătrĭis vădis. *O.* ensem. *St.* Exsertæ mammæ. *V.* [† Exserto, educo, affĕro, promo, ostendo; *sts.* nudo.] Fig. **2.** *To disclose; to show, point out.* ∾ secretā mentis. *Sen.* Hæc ∾-it narratĭo. *Pā.* [† Detĕgo, ostendo.] **3.** *To put forth, produce. St.* [† Edo, promo, expromo.]

Exserto, as. *freq. of* Exsero. *V. See* E.

Exsibĭlo, as. *To whistle out, puff out.* Et Stygios æstus fumanti exsibĭlăt orĕ. *Sil.*

Exsicco, as. *To dry up, drain dry.* ∾ vinā cĕlullis. *H. See* Sicco.

Exsĭlio, is, ĭlĭi *or* ĭlŭi, ultum. *To leap from* or *out, to bound, dart,* intr. Protĭnŭs exsĭlŭi, tănĭcisque a pectŏrĕ ruptis. *O.* ˘Ad sŭpĕros vŏlăcer dĕŭs exsĭlĭt. *St.* Exsĭlŭistis ĕqui. *O.* Exsĭlĭerĕ pătres (sedĭbŭs). *L.* [† Sălĭo, prosĭlĭo, emĭco, erumpo, effŭgio.]

Exsĭlium, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *Exile.* Exsĭlĭoquĕ dŏmos et dulcĭā limĭnā mutant. *V.* [† Fŭgā.] **Ep.** ˘Acerbum, mĭsĕrum, infelix, flebĭlĕ, infaustum, tristĕ, mœstum, sollĭcĭtum; longum, longinquum; turpĕ, fœdum, immĕrĭtum. *See* Exsulo, Exsul. **2.** Sts. *Place of exile.* Diversa exsĭlĭa quærĕrĕ. *V.*

Exsisto, *or* Existo, ĭs, stĭti. **1.** *To rise above, stand out, come out from.* ˘Onĕratăquĕ brachĭā telis Exsistunt. *O.* ∾-unt montes. *O.* ănĭmalĭā terris; vermes de stercŏrĕ. *Lr.* [† Exsto, exsurgo, surgo, prodĕo, exĕo, exŏrĭŏr, emĭnĕo, tollŏr, apparĕo; *sts.* emergo.] **2.** *To exist, be.* Pătĕr exstĭtĭt hujŭs. *O.* ∾ sŭæ nuntĭā cladis (cŭplens). *O.* [† Sum, versŏr; *sts.* exsto, consto.]

Exsolvo, ĭs, olvi, ŏlutum. **1.** *To unbind. Lr. See* Solvo. Fig. **2.** *To release, set free; put away.* ∾ qm curis. *V.* Sŭos ∾-ĕrăt mŏtus (turbā). *L.* [† Solvo, expĕdĭo, libĕro, exĭmo.] **3.** *To pay, discharge.* ∾ promissā. *Tib. See* Solvo.

Exsomnis, ĕ. *Sleepless.* ∾ Evŭs. *H. See* Insomnis.

Exsorbĕo, es. **1.** *To swallow whole.* Pectŏrăque exsorbent ăvĭdis infantĭā linguis. *O.* [† Sorbĕo, absorbĕo, vŏro, exhaurio.] **2.** Fig. *To squander property. H.*

Exsors, ortis. **1.** *Without a share; destitute of.* Quos dulcis vitæ exsortes, ĕt ăb ubĕrĕ raptos. *V.* Fungar vĭcĕ cotis . . . ∾ ipsā sĕcandi. *H.* [† Expers, cărens, rŭdĭs, nescĭŭs.] **2.** *For which a lot has not been cast.* ∾-em ducĕre hŏnorem; Æneæ (equum). *V.*

Exspăt̆ior, ăris. *To spread far and wide, to go a long way, go far out of the way.* Clare exspăt̆ĭantŭr ĭn auras (ignes). *Sil.* Exspăt̆ĭatā rŭunt pĕr ăpertos flumĭnā campos. *O.* ∾ ĕquis. *O.* [† Excurro, effundŏr, diffundŏr, spăt̆ĭŏr, văgŏr.]

Exspectatĭo, onis. *f. Expectation.* ˜Eratque in terris maxĭma exspectatĭo. *Ph.*

Exspectātŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Exspecto. 1. *Long looked for and waited for.* Quĭbŭs Hectŏr ăb oris Exspectatĕ vēnis? *V.* [¶ Optatŭs.] 2. *Expected, foreseen.* Haud ∾-o vulnĕrĕ. *O.* [¶ Provisŭs.] *See* Exspecto.

Exspecto, as. 1. Intr. *To wait, be on the wait.* Rustĭcŭs exspectat dum defluăt amnis. *H.* [¶ Oppĕrĭŏr, mănĕo.] 2. *To wait, tarry. V.* [¶ Mănĕo, mŏrŏr, cunctŏr, hærĕo.] 3. Tr. *To await.* ∾ hostem. *V.* cŏmĭtes. *H.* Me tranquillă sĕnectus ∾-ăt. *H.* [¶ Oppĕrĭŏr, mănĕo.] 4. *To await with desire, hope, fear.* ∾ mortem cjs. *Ter.* promissas messes. *O.* magnum mălum. *Ter.* pœnam. *V.* [¶ Spero, opto, cŭpio; mĕtŭo, timĕo.] *See* Expectatus.

Exspergo, is, si, sum. *To scatter abroad, disperse, diffuse.* Exspergi quo possit vis ănĭmai. *Lr.*

Exspersŭs, ă, um. *Scattered abroad, diffused.* Sănĭeque exspersă nătarent Limĭnă. *V. See* Sparsus.

Exspes (*obs. in the other cases*). *Hopeless, in despair.* Solŭs, inops, exspes. *O.* [¶ Desperans.] Crel. Spe orbŭs, privatŭs, vacŭŭs. Spe pōsĭta, ădempta, abjecta. *See* Despero.

Exspiro, as. 1. Tr. *To breathe forth.* Impōsĭtam ruptis flammam exspirarĕ căminis. *V.* ∾ pectŏrĕ flammas. *V.* de corpŏre ŏdorem. *Lr.* [¶ Spiro, exhalo, ejĭcio, emitto, &c.] *See* Spiro. 2. ∾ ănĭmam, vitam, auras, and sts. abs. *To breathe one's last, to die.* Confixi exspirant ănĭmas. *V.* ∾-ăt, mŏdo quas accepĕrăt, auras. *O.* Tundĭt hŭmum ∾-ans. *V.* [¶ Exhalo, reddo.] *See* Morior. 3. Intr. *To breathe out.* Frons ∾-antes præportat pectŏris iras. *Cat.* Halĭtŭs ˜Averni ∾-ăt. *V. Fl.* [¶ Exĕo, erumpo, reddŏr.]

Exspŏlio, as. *To spoil, rob, deprive.* Exspŏlĭatquĕ gĕnas ŏcŭlis. *O. See* Spolio.

Exspŭo, is, ŭi, utum. 1. *To spit out.* Tres hăbŭit dentes, păriter quos exspŭit omnes. *M.* [¶ Exscrĕo, spŭo.] *See* Spuo. 2. Fig. *To throw up, vomit forth; reject utterly* or *with contempt.* Quod mărĕ conceptum spumantĭbŭs exspŭit undis. *Cat.* [¶ Ejĭcio, rejĭcio, expello, ăbĭgo, reddo, &c.] *See* Vomo.

Exstans, tis. *part. See* Exsto. *Standing out* or *higher, rising above.* Humĕris ∾. *V.* ˜Utroque ∾-ĭŏr ibăt aggĕrĕ (amnis). *St.* [¶ Edĭtŭs, elatŭs, &c.] *See* Celsus, Exsto.

Exsternātŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Exsterno. *Bewildered, struck with consternation. O. See* Amens.

Exsterno, as. *To bewilder, madden, strike senseless.* ∾ luctĭbŭs. *Cat.*

Exstillo, as. *To drop* or *trickle out. Ter. See* Stillo.

Exstĭmŭlo, as. *To good on.* His sōlĭta est verbis exstĭmŭlarĕ vĭrum. *O. See* Stimulo.

Exstinguo, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To extinguish.* Flammas exstinguĕrĕ Vestæ. *O. See* Restinguo. 2. Mly. fig. *To extinguish, put out, destroy.* ∾ famam mălorum. *V.* [¶ Delĕo, ăbŏlĕo, tollo, perdo, destrŭo, everto, excido, exscindo, rescindo, dejĭcio, pessumdo.] *See* Everto. 3. *To put to death, kill.* ∾ nĕfas (sc. Hĕlĕnam). *V. See* Occido.

Exstirpo, as. *To pluck out. M. See* Evello, Vello.

Exsto, as, iti. 1. *To appear, rise above* or *out, stand out.* Lit. and fig. ∾ summis cornĭbŭs. *V.* summo sŭpĕr æquŏrĕ collo. *O.* Ensis in tergo extĭtit. *Sen.* (*Fig.*) ∾-ăt nullum clarŭs ŏpŭs. *O.* cunctis amnĭbŭs utĭlĭŏr. *Cl.* [¶ Emĭnĕo, surgo.] *See* Exsisto. 3. *To be, be in existence, be living. Pp. H.* [¶ Exsisto, vivo, sum, sŭpersum.] *See* Exstans.

Exstrŭo, is, uxi, uctum. 1. *To raise, heap up.* ∾ in æthĕrā montes. *V. Fl.* mensas. *V.* dăpĭbŭs mensas. *O.* lignis fŏcum. *H.* Exstructis cănistris. *H.* [¶ Strŭo, aggĕro, erĭgo, cŭmŭlo.] *See* Aggero (as). 2. *To construct, build.* ∾ urbem. *V.* Exstructis rŏgis. *O.* [¶ Strŭo, pono, ædĭfĭco, &c.] *See* Fundo (as).

Exsudo, as. *To sweat out, exude, evaporate.* Excŏquĭtur vitium, atque exsudăt inutilis humŏr. *V. See* Sudo.

Exsŭl, ŭlis. *m. f. An exile.* Te sĕquăr, et conjux exsŭlis exsŭl ĕro. *O.* [¶ Exsŭlans, extorris, prŏfŭgŭs, ejectŭs, expulsŭs, pulsŭs, rĕlegatŭs.] Ep. Văgŭs, errans, sollĭcĭtŭs, tristis, mœstŭs, inops, languĭdŭs, ignotŭs.] Crel. Pătrĭa exsŭl, pulsŭs, cărens, excussŭs. Pătrĭæ exsŭl. Pătrĭis oris (finĭbŭs, sedĭbŭs) pulsŭs, ejectŭs. Finĭbŭs pătrĭis extorris. Dŏmo pătrĭaquĕ cărens. Pătrĭis ăb oris exsŭl. Toto in orbĕ errans. *See* Exsulo.

Exsŭlo, as. *To be banished, to be in exile.* Victŭs ăbit, longeque ignotis exsŭlăt oris. *V.* Crel. Pătrĭa (pătrĭis finĭbŭs, pătrĭæ ăb oris) pellŏr, expellŏr, ejĭcĭŏr, arcĕŏr, trudŏr, excedo, cedo, longe discedo. Pătrĭam *or* pătrĭæ fines (lăres, littŏrā, sōlum) linquo, rĕlinquo, fŭgio. Prŏfŭgŭs exsŭlo. Prŏfŭgŭs *or* exsŭl erro, ăgŏr, fĕrŏr. Exsŭlĭum pătĭŏr. Pătrĭam exsŭlĭo muto. Ignotis oris (pĕr extremas terras) exsŭlo. ˜In extremas oras rĕlegŏr, trăhŏr. *See* Exsul.

Exsultans, tis. *part. See* Exsulto. 1. *Bounding up, springing up, throbbing.* Exsultantĭăquĕ haurit Cordă păvor pulsans. *V.* ∾ corpŏrĕ sanguis emĭcăt. *Lr.* [¶ Sălĭens, emĭcans.] 2. Fig. *Exulting, carrying oneself proudly, triumphantly.* ∾ fulgentĭbŭs armis; successu ăŭĭmisquĕ; lætĭtĭa. *V. See* Lætus, Superbus.

Exsulto, as. 1. *To leap, bound, jet* or *spout, up* or *out.* Adspĭce ŭt ante ipsum tĕnĕris exsultĕt in herbis (vaccă). *O.* ∾-ant æstu lătices; vădă. *V.* [¶ Exsĭlio, sălio, subsĭlio, emĭco.] 2. *To leap for joy, exult, triumph.* ∾ rebŭs sĕcundis. *St.* mĕdĭas intĕr cædes. *V. See* Gestio, Superbio.

Exsŭpĕrabilis, ĕ. *Not to be surmounted, overcome.* Non exsŭpĕrabĭlĕ saxum. *V.*

Exsŭpĕro, as. 1. *To rise above.* Jŭbæquĕ Sanguĭnĕæ exsŭpĕrant undas. *V.* [¶ Sŭpĕro, sŭpĕremĭnĕo.] *See* Exsisto. 2. *To surmount and pass over* (of a mountain-height, &c.), *to pass beyond.* ∾ jŭgum; sōlum stagnantis Hĕlori. *V.* [¶ Sŭpĕro (*see* Ascendo); transmitto, transcurro, trajĭcio.] 3. *To rise superior to, prevail over, triumph over.* ∾ gĕnŭs morum nobĭlĭtatĕ. *O.* consĭlĭum; mŏrās. *V.* Matĕrĭa vires exsŭpĕrantĕ mĕas. *O.* [¶ Sŭpĕro, vinco, &c.] *See* Supero. 4. Intr. *To rise above; to surpass, excel, exceed.* ∾-ant flammæ. *V.* ∾ virtutĕ. *V.* astu. *Sil.* Præsens dŏlŏr exsŭpĕrabăt. *Lr. See* Emineo, Præsto, Vinco.

Exsurgo, is. 1. *To rise* (from bed, or from a seat). Exsurgitquĕ fŭcem attollens. *V. See* Surgo. 2. *To rise up, upwards.* Lit. and fig. Vertĭcĕ colles ∾-unt. *Sil.* ∾-ĭt sĭnu pontŭs; dŏlŏr. *Sen.*

Exsuscĭto, as. *To rouse up, kindle.* Ipsĕ gĕnu pōsĭto flammas exsuscĭtăt aura. *O. See* Excito *and* Evoco.

Extā, orum. *n. pl. The entrails of victims offered to the gods;* hence, sts. *pieces of flesh-meat.* Spirantĭă consŭlĭt extā. *V.* Torrerĕ extā in vĕrŭbŭs cŏlurnis. *V.* [¶ Viscĕrā, fibræ.]

Extemplo. *adv. Forthwith, immediately. V. See* Protinus.

Extendo, is, di, tum *and sts.* sum. 1. *To extend, stretch out, spread out.* Lit. and fig. In văcŭum

pŏtĕrunt se extendĕrĕ rami. *V.* ∾ pennas. *H.* famam factis. *V.* nomĕn ĭn ultĭmas oras. *H.* brĕves census. *M.* [† Pando, expando, protendo, explĭco, effundo, diffundo, porrĭgo, prŏpago, profĕro, produco, prolato, dilato; *sts.* augĕo, amplĭfĭco.] 2. *To stretch upon the ground;* and pass. *to be stretched out.* ∾ mŏrĭbundum ĭrena. *V.* Ingens extendĭtŭr antro. *V.* *See* STERNO. 3. (Used of time.) *To extend, prolong.* ∾ sementem ăd mĕdĭas prŭinas; curas vĕnĭentem ĭn annum. *V.* ævum. *Sil.* [† Profĕro, produco, prŏpago.] *See* EXTENTUS.

EXTENSŬS, ă, um = Extentus.

EXTENTŬS, *and sts.* EXTENSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* EXTENDO. 1. *Stretched out.* Illĕ pĕr extentum funem mĭhĭ possĕ vĭdetŭr Irĕ. *H.* [† Tentŭs, contentŭs.] 2. *Extended, spread out, prolonged.* ∾-i campi. *Sil.* ∾-o ævo. *H.* [† Longŭs, latŭs, rĕmotŭs.]

EXTENŬO, as. *To lessen, reduce, impair.* Parcentis virĭbŭs atquĕ Extĕnŭantĭs ĕas. *H.* ∾ mălĕ fĕrendo. *O.* Extĕnŭată pœnæ vestigĭă. *Cat.* *See* MINUO.

EXTĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Outward, foreign.* Et nos fas extĕrĕ quærĕrĕ regnă. *V.* [† Extĕrĭŏr, externŭs.]

EXTĔRIŎR, ŭs, ŏrĭs. *Exterior, outward, outer. H. See* EXTER.

EXTĔRIŬS. *adv. Towards the exterior, in the parts beyond.* Extĕrĭusquĕ sĭtæ &c. (urbes.) *O.*

EXTERNŬS, ă, um. *External, foreign.* Augĕt ŭterquĕ sŭas externo robŏrĕ vires. *V.* ∾ ăb oris. *V.* Arcebăt ∾-os omnes. *O.* [† Extĕr, ălĭenŭs; *sts.* advĕnă.]

EXTĔRO, ĭs. *To rub* or *wear away, tread under foot, tread to pieces.* Congestas extĕrĕt illĕ nĭvĕs. *O.* Extĕrĭt artus Ungŭlă. *St.* [† Tĕro; frango, comminŭo.]

EXTERRĔO, es. *To strike with terrour. O. See* TERREO.

EXTĬMESCO, ĭs, ŭi (*from the obs.* Extimeo). intr. and tr. Nec tămĕn extĭmŭĭ; quĭd ĕnim post illă tĭmerem? *O.* Adversos extĭmŭĕrĕ dĕos. *O. See* TIMEO.

EXTĬMŬS, ă, um. *Outmost, uttermost.* Extĭmă membrorum circumcæsurĕ cŏercĕt. *Lr.* ∾-ă cingens. *See* EXTER, EXTERIOR.

EXTINGUO. *See* EXSTINGUO.

EXTOLLO, ĭs (extŭli, elatum, *perf. and sup. common with* Effero). 1. *To lift up, raise, elevate.* ∾ flammas. *Lr.* ăd æthĕrĕ vultus. *O.* [† Tollo, erĭgo, effĕro.] *See* EXTULI, TOLLO. 2. *To rear, bring up a child. See* EFFERO, TOLLO. Fig. 3. *To rouse, encourage.* ∾ ănĭmos. *L.* [† Tollo, erĭgo.] 4. *To praise, extol.* ∾ vires gentis. *V.* [† Effĕro, &c.] *See* LAUDO.

EXTORQUĔO, es, si, tum. *To extort, wrest out.* Tendunt extorquerĕ pŏemătă: quid făcĭam vis? *H.* [† Aufĕro, răpĭo, erĭpĭo.]

EXTORRĬS, ĕ. *Banished.* Finĭbŭs extorris pătrĭis &c. *V. See* EXSUL.

EXTRA. 1. *Out of, beyond.* Mequĕ extra tectă fĕrebam. *V.* ∾ nŭmĕrum mŏdumquĕ. *H.* 2. *Except. See* PRÆTER. 3. Sts. *Without. See* SINE.

EXTRĂHO, ĭs, axi, actum. 1. *To draw out* or *from.* Extrăhĭt illŭd ĭdem călĭdo de vulnĕrĕ telum. *O.* [† Trăho, educo, erĭpĭo, expromo, evello, ellĭcĭo.] *See* TRAHO. 2. *To prolong.* ∾ insomnes noctes. *L.* dulci testudĭnĕ noctem. *V. Fl. See* PRODUCO.

EXTREMO, *and* EXTREMUM. *adv. For the last time, last of all.* Allŏquŏr extremum mœstos ăbĭtŭrŭs ămicos. *O.* [† Sŭpremum.]

EXTREMŬS, ă, um. 1. *Last of all, latest, farthest.* *Illăci clnĕres, et flamma extremă mĕorum. V.* Extremos pŭdĕat rĕdĭissĕ. *V.* ∾-os ăd Indos. *H.* [† Ultĭmŭs, sŭpremŭs, nŏvissĭmŭs.] 2. Extremă, orum. *n. pl. The last extremity, death.* Ferro ∾ sĕcutam. *V. See* MORS. 3. Extremă, *and* Extremæ res. *Extremity* (of misfortune, suffering). ∾-ă pĕr omnĭă vitam duco. *V.* ∾-is rebŭs consŭlĭtĕ. *L. See* INFORTUNIUM.

EXTRICO, as. *To extricate; to draw out, get out with difficulty.* Lit. and fig. Si pugnăt extricătă densis Cervă plăgis. *H.* Magnă mĭnari, ∾ nĭhĭl. *Ph.* ∾ nummos undĕ undĕ. *H.* [† Expĕdĭo; libĕro, solvo.]

EXTRINSĔCŬS. *adv. From without. Pers.*

EXTRUDO, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To thrust forth* or *out with violence, to drive away.* Cedĭt ĕnim, rerum nŏvĭtătĕ extruslă, vĕtustas. *Lr.* [† Ejĭcĭo, pello, ăbĭgo.] *See* PELLO. 2. ∾ merces. *To put off, to get rid of.* Laudat venales, qui vult extrudĕrĕ, merces. *H. See* VENDO.

EXTUNDO, ĭs, ŭdi. 1. *To beat* or *strike out.* ˘Asĭnŭs, ut vidit fŏrum Impunĕ lædi, calcĭbus frontem extŭdĭt. *Ph.* [† Ellĭcĭo, expello, exprĭmo, excŭtĭo, exturbo.] 2. *To hammer out, forge.* Lapsa ancillă cœlo ∾. *V.* ∾ glădĭos. *J. See* PROCUDO. 3. Fig. *To work out, produce,* or *get with difficulty.* ∾ vărĭas artes mĕdĭtando. *V.* [† Ellĭcĭo, extorquĕo, educo.]

EXTURBATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* EXTURBO. *Torn up.* Radicĭbŭs exturbată. *Cat.* (sc. pinŭs.)

EXTURBO, as. 1. *To force out, cast away.* Lit. and fig. Cognatas cædĕ nĕfanda Exturbare ănĭmas. *O.* ∾ nĕfandă casto pectŏre. *Sen.* ægrĭtudĭnem ex ănĭmo. *Pl. See* EJICIO. 2. *To disturb, disorder.* ∾ cŏmas. *Sil.* sĭlentĭă noctĭs. *St. See* TURBO.

EXUBĔRO, as. *To abound, be very abundant.* At si luxŭrĭa fŏlĭorum exubĕrăt umbrĕ. *V.* ∾ pomis (de anno). *V.* [† ˘Abundo.] *See* A.

EXŬL, EXŬLO. *See* EXSUL, &c.

EXŬLŬLATŬS, ă, um. 1. *Howling out.* Dum stĭpĕt Edonis exŭlŭlătă jŭgis. *O.* 2. *Invoked by howlings.* Phrŷgĭis exŭlŭlătă mŏdis. *O.*

EXŬLŬLO, as. *To howl, to utter wailing cries.* Nec pŭdŭit scissis exŭlŭlarĕ cŏmis. *O.*

EXUNDO, as. *To overflow.* Lit. and fig. Præruptum exundat pĕlăgŭs. *Sil.* Exundans ingĕnĭo fons. *J.* ∾-ant flammæ. *St.* ∾-ăt magnŭs dŏlŏr. *Sen.* [† Effluo, exspătĭŏr, excurro.] *See* STAGNO.

EXŬO, ĭs, ŭi, utum. 1. *To put off, lay aside.* Solvĕ mĕtus, et tu Trojanos exŭĕ cæstus. *V.* ∾ membrorum artus. *V.* tŭnĭcas. *O.* [† Pono, depono, rejĭcĭo, mitto.] 2. *To strip, take off from another.* ∾ armis (cæsos). *V.* rĕdŭci clypĕum. *O.* [† Spŏlĭo, nudo; *with acc.* erĭpĭo, detrăho, ăbĭmo.] *See* NUDO. 3. *Fig.* ∾ silvestrem ănĭmum; istam . . . mentem. *V.* mĕtum; fastus. *O.* [† Pono, depono, abjĭcĭo, mitto.]

EXURO, ĭs. 1. *To burn, burn up.* Pictas exurĕ cărinas. *V.* Sol grăcĭles exurĭt ăristas. *St. See* URO. 2. *To dry up.* ∾ lăcus (de solĕ). *Ph.* [† Uro, sicco, exhaurĭo.] *See* SICCO. 3. Fig. *To burn, consume.* ∾-ĭt mĭsĕros sĭtĭs. *Lr.* divos ămŏr. *Tib.*

EXUTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* EXUO. *Bared, bare.* Lit. and fig. Unum exută pĕdem vinclis. *V.* ∾ dĭădemătĕ crines. *St.* pŭdorem; sĕnĭum. *Sil.* sĕnectam. *M.* [† Nudatŭs, spŏlĭatŭs.] *See* NUDUS.

EXŬVIÆ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *Any clothing* or *covering of the body left off.* Has olim exŭvĭas mĭhĭ perfĭdŭs illĕ rĕliquĭt. *V.* 2. *The skin of an animal* (dropped or taken off). ∾ lĕonis; anguis. *V. See* PELLIS. 3. *The spoils taken from an enemy.* ∾ ˘Achillĭs. *V.* bellorum. *J.* [† Spŏlĭă, prædă.] *See* SPOLIUM.

F.

Fĕbĭ, æ. *f. A bean, a kind of pulse.* Verĕ făbis sătĭo &c. *V.*

Fabalis, ĕ. *Of a bean.* Cĭnĕrem stĭpŭlasquĕ făbales. *O.*

Fabellā, æ. *f. A short tale* or *story, a little fable.* Garrĭt ănĭles Ex re fabellas. *H. See* Fabula.

Fabĕr, făbri *and* fabri. *m.* 1. *One who works in wood, iron, brass, marble,* &c.; gen. *a handicraftsman, artificer.* Quum făbĕr, incertus scamnum făcĕrĕtnĕ Priapum. *H.* Marmŏrĭs aut ĕbŏris fabros, aut ærĭs ămavĭt. *H.* [? Făbrĭcātŏr, ŏpĭfex, artĭfex.] Ep. Robustŭs, vălĭdŭs, vĭgĭl, impĭgĕr, pĕrĭtŭs, clarŭs. *See* Artifex, Procudo. 2. Făbĕr, făbrā, făbrum. *Artisan's, craftsman's; ingenious.* Dædălŭs ingĕnĭo fabræ cĕlĕbĕrrĭmŭs artĭs. *O.*

Fabĭcĭus, ĭi. *m.* Used also adj. *The name of a celebrated family at Rome, of which the three hundred who took upon themselves alone the war against the Veientes, and Q. Fabius Maximus Cunctator, Annibal's great opponent, were the most illustrious.* Unā dĭes Făbĭos ad bellum misĕrăt omnes. *O.* Solers cunctandi Făbĭŭs. *Sil.* Victorisquĕ mŏram Făbĭi. *Pp.* Tu Maxĭmŭs ille ĕs, Unus qui nobis cunctando restĭtŭis rem. *V.* Făbĭæ lux, Maxĭmĕ, gentĭs. *O.*

Fabrica, *and sts.* Fabricā, æ. *f. A workshop; the art of building, constructing.* Denĭque, ŭt in făbrĭca, si prava est regŭlā primā. *Lr. See* Officina.

Fabricātŏr, ōrĭs. *m.* 1. *A workman, framer, contriver.* Ipsĕ dŏli făbrĭcātŏr ˘Epeŭs. *V.* [? Făbĕr, artĭfex, ŏpĭfex, &c.] *See* Conditor. 2. Fig. *An author, cause.* Lĕti ∾. *Lr. See* Auctor.

Fabricĭŭs, ĭi. *m.* 1. *A noble Roman general, who conquered Pyrrhus.* Parvoquĕ pŏtentem Fabrĭcĭum. *V.* 2. ∾ pons. *A bridge at Rome so called.*

Fabrĭco, *and perhaps* Fabrĭco, as, *and* Făbrĭcŏr, ārĭs. *d.* (*Pl.*) 1. *To make, frame, forge, manufacture.* Pugnabant armis quæ post făbrĭcavĕrăt usŭs. *H.* ∾ crateræ. *O.* Telă Cyclopum mănĭbŭs ∾-ătă. *O.* Neptuni mănu ∾-ătă mœnă. *V.* [? Cudo, procudo, făcĭo, confĭcĭo, perfĭcĭo, condo.] 2. *To build, construct.* ˘In muros ∾-ătă machĭnă. *V.* ∾ rătem. *Ph.* [? Ædĭfĭco, strŭo, exstrŭo.] 3. Fig. *To devise, contrive.* ∾ mŏras. *Sil.*

Fabrĭlis, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to the artisan, craftsman.* Mollĭbŭs e stratis ŏpĕra ad fabrĭlĭă surgĭt. *V.*

Fabŭlā, æ. *f.* 1. *The subject of common talk; talk, report.* Hæc fŭĭt in toto notissĭmā fabŭlā cœlo. *O.* ˘It nŏvă ∾ pĕr cunctas cœnas. *J.* [? Sermo, rumŏr.] 2. *A tale, anecdote. H.* 3. *A theatrical piece. O.* [? Fabellā, dramă.] *See* Tragœdia, Comœdia. 4. *A fable, apologue.* [? Fabellā, ăpŏlŏgŭs; *sts.* commentum.] Ep. Fictă, ingĕnĭosă, doctă. 5. *A fabulous account, mythological tale, myth. Pp.*

Fabŭlŏr, ārĭs. *To talk, converse, chat.* Dum fabŭlamur, millĭbus dĕcem dixti. *M. See* Colloquor, Loquor.

Fabŭlosŭs, ă, um. *Fabulous.* Caucăsum, vel quæ lŏcă fabŭlosŭs Lambĭt Hȳdaspes. *H.* [? Mendax, vanŭs.]

Fac, *and* Facĭto. *imper. of* Facio. 1. *Make, cause; take care that.* Nec dic blandĭtĭas, nec fac convitĭă posti. *O.* Et făcĭto dicas, quŏtĭes &c. *O.* Accedant fac tŭă votă mĕis. *O.* [? Effĭcĕ, cura.] *See* Fac. 2. *Grant, suppose.* Quis me autem, fac vellĕ, sĭnĕt? *V.* [? Ponĕ, fingĕ.]

Facĕ. *anc.* = Fac. Hæc făce, et exĭgŭo tempŏrĕ libĕr ĕrĭs. *O.* (*Better* face *than* fac, *when followed by a vowel.*)

Facesso, ĭs, i *or* ivi, itum. 1. Tr. *To do heartily, execute with zeal,* &c. Impĕrĭo læti parent, ac jussă făcessunt. *V.* ∾ præceptă. *V.* dictă. *Enn.* [? Făcĭo, effĭcĭo, exsĕquŏr, pĕrăgo.] 2. Intr. *To withdraw, go away.* E cœlo emotæ terraquĕ rĕpentĕ făcessunt. *Lr.* Făcessĕ prŏpĕre, ac &c. *Sen. See* Abeo.

Facetiæ, arum. *f. pl. Witty, pleasant sayings.* Lĕporum Dĭsertus pŭĕr ac făcetĭarum. *Cat.* [? Jŏci, săles, dictĕrĭă.]

Facetŭs, ă, um. 1. *Witty, facetious, agreeable.* Qui lætis risum sălĭbus movissĕ făcetŭs. *Cl.* [? Lĕpĭdŭs, argutŭs, salsŭs, jŏcosŭs, urbanŭs, festivŭs.] 2. *Graceful, of good taste* (in style, mind, &c.) Mollĕ atquĕ făcetum (de Virgĭlĭi ingĕnĭo). *H.* [? Blandŭs, elĕgans.] 3. *Courteous, amiable.* Ŭt cuique est ætas, ĭtă quemquĕ ∾ ădopta. *H.* [? Comĭs, blandŭs.]

Facĭes, ei. *f.* 1. *The face, countenance.* Ingenti fragmĭnĕ montĭs Occŭpăt os făcĭemque adversam. *V.* [? Vultŭs, os, frons.] *See* Vultus. 2. Us. *Beauty of face.* Cură dăbit ∾-em; ∾ neglectă pĕrĭbĭt. *O.* ∾-e Brĭsĭdŏs arsĭt. *O.* [? Formă.] *See* Pulchritudo. 3. Gen. *Form, figure, appearance.* ∾ mătĭs; armorum; montĭs. *V.* Trojæ, quum căpĕrĕtŭr. *O.* [? Formă, spĕcĭes, figurĕ, Imago, sĭmŭlacrum, visŭs, adspectŭs.] 4. Sts. *Spectre, phantom. V. See* Simulacrum. 5. Fig. *Species, form, variety.* ∾ (*pl.*) multæ scĕlĕrum; lăborum. *V.* [? Spĕcĭes, formă, gĕnŭs.]

Facilĕ. *Easily.* Quam făcĭlĕ accĭpĭter saxo săcĕr alĕs ăb alto. *V.* Crcl. Haud *or* non ægre; *sts.* perfăcĭlĕ.

Facilis, ĕ. 1. *Easy.* Sed tămĕn alternis făcĭlĭs lăbŏr; arĭdă tantum. *V.* ∾ descensŭs. *V.* Romă căpi. *L.* [? Pronŭs, obvĭŭs.] Crcl. Non difficĭlĭs, non ŏpĕrosŭs, non ardŭŭs. Haud difficĭlĭs. 2. *Easily set in motion.* ∾-es ŏcŭlos. *V.* ∾-i torno. *V.* cardĭnĕ valvæ. *J. See* Mobilis. 3. *Flexible, easily wrought* or *managed by the hand.* Lit. and fig. Pocŭlă de ∾ lŭto. *Tib.* ∾-es arcus. *V. Fl.* ănĭmi jŭvĕnum. *V.* ∾ ramŭs sĕquetŭr. *V.* ∾-es ăd jŭgă pŏpŭli. *L.* [? Flexĭlĭs, mollĭs, dŏcĭlĭs.] 4. *Easily found, at hand.* ∾ somnŭs. *H.* ∾-es vilesquĕ cĭbi. *Sen.* ∾ quærentĭbŭs herbă. *V.* [? Pĕrabĭlĭs.] 5. *Well-disposed, favorable.* ∾-es nymphæ riserĕ. *V.* dĕos In votă. *O.* ∾ pĕcŏri terrā. *V.* [? Bĕnignŭs, lenĭs, &c.] *See* Favens.

Facinŭs, ŏrĭs. *n.* 1. Gen. *A deed, act. Pl.* [? Factum, res.] 2. Us. *A bad deed, a crime.* Nondum justĭtĭam făcĭnus mortalĕ fŭgarăt. *O. See* Scelus. 3. *A good and great deed. Sen. See* Gesta.

Facio, ĭs, feci, factum. 1. *To make, to do.* Nimborumquĕ făcis, tempestatumquĕ pŏtentem. *V.* Quid făcĭtis? quis clamŏr. ăit? *O.* [? Effĭcĭo, ăgo, pĕrăgo, exsĕquŏr, mollŏr, ŏpĕrŏr; *sts.* pătro, reddo.] 2. *To create, produce.* ∾ lætas sĕgĕtes. *V.* Et me fecerĕ pŏetam Pĭĕrĭdes. *V.* [? Effĭcĭo, părĭo, gigno.] 3. *To make, execute as an artist.* ∾ qm marmŏrĕum; mira artĕ ensem. *V.* [? Confĭcĭo, fingo, făbrĭco.] *See* Fabrico. 4. *To sacrifice* (offer in sacrifice). ∾ vĭtŭla pro frugĭbus. *V.* [? ˘Opĕrŏr.] *See* Sacrificio. 5. ∾ ăd, or with dat. *To do for, suit.* Non ∾-ĭt ăd talem formam istĕ lŏcŭs. *O.* ăd stŏmăchum tŭum nostrā lăgenă. *M.* căpĭti mĕo durā cŏronă. *Pp.* [? Convĕnĭo.]

Factĭo, onĭs. *f. A faction, party.* Hinc conspiratis factĭonum partĭbŭs. *Ph.* [† Partes.] *See* Seditio.

Factĭto, as. *freq. of* Facio. *H.*

Factum, i. *n.* 1. *An action, deed.* ∾-o pĭŭs et scĕlĕratŭs ŏdem. *O.* [† Actum, făcĭnŭs.] 2. *A noble deed.* Famam extendĕrĕ factis. *V.* **Crcl.** Recte (egregie, præclare) factă *or* gestă. *See* Gesta. 3. *A guilty deed. O. See* Scelus, Culpa. 4. *A work done.* Mortalĭă ∾-ă pĕribunt. *H.* ∾-ă bŏum. *O.* [† ˘Opŭs, lăbŏr.]

Factŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Facio. *Done, made; rendered.* Aris ∾ hŏnos. *V.* ˘Iter ∾-um corruptŭs imbri. *H.* [† Perfectŭs, confectŭs, effectŭs, actŭs, pĕractŭs, reddĭtŭs.]

Facŭlă, æ. *f. dim. of* Fax. *A small torch.* Quorum ălĭi făcŭlas, ălĭi rĕtĭnerĕ săgittas. *Pp.*

Facultas, atĭs. *f.* 1. *Strength, power, virtue.* Quod certis in rebŭs ĭnest secretă făcultas. *Lr.* [† Vis, virtus, pŏtentĭă.] 2. *Power, permission, means, opportunity* (to any end). ∾ cujŭs ˘Aristæo est oblată. *V.* vindictæ. *O.* nosse ănĭmos sŭpĕrum. *V. Fl.* [† Coplă, ansă, occasĭo, vĕnĭă.] 3. *The power and influence of wealth;* pl. *wealth.* ˘Opum mĕtŭendă ∾. *L. See* Divitiæ.

Facundia, æ. *f.* 1. *The act of speaking, speech.* Quæ unox narret facundĭă præsens. *H.* 2. *Facility of speaking, eloquence.* Pătrĭæ ∾ linguæ. *O.* [† Ĕlŏquĭum, ĕlŏquentĭă; *sts.* linguă.] **Ep.** Dulcĭs, suavĭs, pŏtens, blandă; fulmĭnĕă, tŏnans; cultă, ornată, excultă. **Crcl.** Linguă facundă. Ĕlŏquĭi nĭtŏr. Fandi ŏpes. Culti orĭs facundĭă. Verbă dĭsertă. Largă coplă fandi. Fulmĕn linguæ. Torrens dicendi coplă. Dicendi făcultas. Pŏtentĭs ĕlŏquĭi virtus. Glorĭă fandi. Os facundum. Dicendi vis, ubertas, coplă. Ĕlŏquĭi dĕcŏr, pŏtentĭă. Gratĭă linguæ (ĕlŏquĭi, verborum jucundorum). *See* Facundus.

Facundŭs, ă, um. *One who speaks with ease, eloquent.* Non formosŭs ĕrat, sĕd ĕrat facundŭs ˘Ulysses. *O.* [† Dĭsertŭs, ĕlŏquens.] **Crcl.** Ĕlŏquĭo pollens, pŏtens, præstans, vălens, maxĭmŭs. Fandi pĕrĭtŭs, doctissĭmŭs. Lingua bŏnŭs, egrĕgĭŭs. Orĕ pŏtens. Linguæ dulcedĭnĕ (flumĭnĕ) præstans (pollens). Facundo orĕ (fandi ŏpĭbŭs, lŏquendo) maxĭmŭs (sublimĭs). Cujŭs linguă —multo ĕlŏquĭo rĕdundăt:—Pŷllæ sĕnectæ mellă æquăt;—miro verborum fontĕ flŭĭt;—ĕlŏquĭi fulmĭnă jăcŭlatŭr;—ĕlŏquĭo permulcĕt. Cujŭs ăb orĕ sermonĭs gratĭă (Nestŏrĕi mellĭs gratĭă, lĭquĭdi mĕl ĕlŏquĭi) flŭĭt (spontĕ flŭĭt). *See* Facundia, Causidicus.

Fæcŭlă, æ. *f. dim. of* Fæx. *A sort of pickle-liquor.* Pervellunt stŏmăchum sĭsĕr, halec, fæcŭlă Coă. *H. See* Halec.

Fæx, fæcĭs. *f.* 1. *Lees, dregs, sediment* gen. Pannosam fæcem mŏrĭentis sorbĕt ăceti. *Pers.* Subsedit fundĭtŭs, ut fæx. *Lr.* **Ep.** Crassă, pinguĭs, imă, lentă, fœdă. 2. Sp. *A pickle-liquor. O. See* Halec, Garum. 3. *A sort of paint. O. See* Fucus. 4. *Refuse, smutch, scum, sweepings, filth left.* Lit. and fig. Si quĭd ădhuc sŭpĕrest de nostri fæcĕ lŏcelli. *M.* Sĭnĕ fæcĕ dĭem (*a clear day*). *M.* Mundi fæcĕ rĕpletam (Romam). *L.* ˘Ad summam fæcem turbasquĕ rĕdibăt (res). *Lr.*

Fagineŭs, *and* **Faginŭs**, ă, um. *Beechen.* Bis tŭă fagĭnĕa tempŏrĕ frondĕ prĕmĭs. *O.* Fagĭnŭs axĭs. *V.* scŷphŭs. *Tib.*

Fagŭs, i. *f. A beech-tree.* Titŷrĕ, tu pătŭlæ rĕcŭbans sub tegmĭnĕ fagi. *V. See* Arbor.

Falarĭcă, æ. *f. A missive weapon, bound about with wild-fire, shot from the catapulta.* Contortă fălarĭcă venĭt Fulmĭnĭs actă mŏdo. *V. See* Catapulta.

Falcatŭs, ă, um. 1. *Shaped as a scythe.* Lævas cetrâ tĕgit, falcati comĭnŭs enses. *V.* Sĭnŭs curvos ∾ ĭn arcus. *O. See* Harpe. 2. *Armed with scythes.* ∾ currŭs. *V. Fl.* [† Falcĭfĕr.]

Falcĭfĕr, *and* **Falcĭgĕr**, ă, um. *Scythe-bearing.* Agmĭnă falcĭfĕro circumvĕnĭt arctă cŏvino. *Sil.* Falcĭfĕros mĕmŏrant currus abscidĕrĕ membrâ. *Lr.* [† Falcatŭs.] **Crcl.** Falcĕ *or* falcĭbŭs armatŭs, instructŭs.

Falco, onĭs. *m. A falcon. See* Accipiter.

Falernŭs, ă, um. 1. *Falernian; of or from Falernum, a mountain and district of Campania, famous for its wines.* Bacchi cură, Fălernŭs ăgĕr. *Tib.* 2. Fălernum, i. *n.* (*with or without* vinum.) *Falernian wine.* Mustă Fălernă bĭbes. *M.* ∾ lĭquĭdum. *H.* indŏmĭtum. *Pers.* [† Campanum; *ext.* cæcŭbum, massĭcum, cælenum, cæcŭbă, massĭcă.]

Fallacĭa, æ. *f.* 1. *Craft, trick, deceit.* Tantă est fallacĭă tecti. *V.* [† Astutĭă, astŭs, dŏlŭs, fraus, artes, &c.] *See* Dolus, Mendacium. 2. *Jugling.* ∾ deducta lunæ. *Pp.*

Fallax, acĭs. *Deceitful, treacherous.* Æneas credam quĭd ĕnim fallacĭbŭs austris? *V.* ∾ herbă vĕneni. *V.* Thesĕŭs. *O.* [† Dŏlosŭs, perfĭdŭs, subdŏlŭs, mendax, &c.] *See* Dolosus, Mendax.

Fallo, ĭs, fĕfelli, falsum. 1. *To deceive.* Quis fallĕrĕ possit ămantem? *V.* ∾ vŏlŭcres viscata virga. *O.* [† Decĭpĭo, ludo, deludo, căpĭo, &c.] *See* Decipio. 2. *To betray.* ∾ sŏcĭorum dextras. *V.* jurâ tŏri. *O.* [† Prodo.] 3. *To beguile.* ∾ ămorem. *V.* luctum solamĭnĕ. *V. Fl.* curas ægrăquĕ cordă. *O.* [† Decĭpĭo, delinĭo, mulcĕo.] 4. *To pass unseen, unknown; take by surprise, unawares; escape notice.* Actă dĕos nunquam mortalĭă fallunt. *O.* ∾-ĭs sortĕ bĕătŏr (Africæ impĕrĭo). *H.* Natus mŏrĭensquĕ fĕfellit. Longe ∾-entĕ săgitta. *V.* ∾ Spartăcum văgantem (de testa). *H.* [† Lătĕo, fŭgĭo.] 5. Sta. *To counterfeit.* ∾ dŏlo făcĭem cjs. *V. See* Similo. 6. *To hide.* ∾-ĭt furtâ. *O. See* Celo. 7. *To escape, avoid.* ∾ casses; retĭă. *O. See* Vito.

Fallŏr. *pass. To mistake, be mistaken.* Jamquĕ dĭes, ni fallŏr, ădest. *V.*

Falso. *adv. Falsely, wrongly.* Falso plurĭmă vulgŭs ămăt. *Tib.* [† Immĕrĭto, injurĭs.]

Falsŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Fallo. 1. *Deceived. Ter.* (but obs.) [† Deceptŭs, elusŭs.] 2. Us. *False, counterfeit. V.* [† Fallax, mendax, mentitŭs, fictŭs.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud verŭs. 3. *Imaginary. V. See* Vanus. 4. *False, deceitful.* ∾-ă intĕr gaudĭă. *V.* ∾-æ linguæ perjurĭă. *O.* ∾ ămicis. *Cl. See* Fallax.

Falx, falcĭs. *f.* 1. *A hooked blade of any kind; scythe, reaping-hook, pruning-hook, bill-hook,* &c. Vites incidĕrĕ falcĕ nŏvellas. *V.* ∾-em supponĕrĕ ăristis. *V.* [† Ferrum.] **Ep.** Cĕrĕălis, Saturnĭă; ăgrestĭs, ferrĕă, ălienă; durâ, rigĭdă; curvă, incurvă, rĕcurvă, ădunca; ăcută. **Crcl.** Falcĭs curvamĕn. Falcĭs ăcĭes. Curvŭs Saturni dens. 2. *To cut with the falx. V.* Falcĕ mĕto, sĕco, rĕsĕco, cædo, incido, sterno; prĕmo, attondĕo, pŭto, ampŭto, depŭto. Falcem suppono. *See* Puto, Messis.

Fama, æ. *f.* 1. *Fame, report, rumour.* Hæc manes vĕnĭet mĭhĭ famâ sŭb imos. *V.* [† Rumŏr, sermo, fabŭlă, nuntĭŭs. **Crcl.** Famâ rerum. **Ep.** Dŭbĭă, incertâ, vanâ; sŭbĭtâ, rĕpentinâ, improvisâ; lætâ, gratâ; infaustâ, tristĭs. 2. Famâ est. *They say.* Dædălŭs, ŭt fama est &c. *V.* Audĭĕras, ĕt famâ fŭĭt. *V.* [† Dicunt, aiunt, fĕrunt, mĕmŏrant, pĕrhĭbent, fertŭr, dicĭtŭr, dăcŭr.] **Crcl.** ˘Ut aiunt. ˘Ut pĕrhĭbent. Famâ vŏlăt (văgatŭr, fert, rĕfert, pĕrhĭbĕt, vulgatŭr); —allabĭtŭr aures;—fertŭr (vĕnĭt *or* vĕnĭt, pervenĭt) ăd aures;—aures occŭpăt. Sic famâ.

Fama fĕrunt. Rumŏr est (ălt, divulgăt, fictum dissĭpăt). **Rumŏr ĭt ăd urbes** (In urbē sŏnăt, pĕr oppĭdă fertŭr, lablĭtŭr, sŭbĭto didĭtŭr). Vox omnĭs nuntĭăt. **3.** *Character, reputation* (good and sta. bad). *O. See* INFAMIA. **4.** *Renown, personal fame, glory.* Tŭă terris didĭtă ∾. *V.* [† Nomĕn, glorĭă, dĕcŭs, laus, hŏnŏr.] *See* GLORIA, IMMORTALIS. **5.** *The Goddess Fame. V.* **Ep.** Răpĭdă, vŏlans, pennatā, præpes, văgă; nuntĭă. lŏquax, mendax.

FĂMELICUS, ă, um. *Famished, starving.* Lassoquĕ fămelĭcă collo Armentă. *J.* [† Esŭrĭens, jejunŭs, impastŭs; *sts.* ăvĭdŭs.] **Crcl.** Fāme pressŭs, confectŭs, stĭmŭlatŭs, exstĭmŭlatŭs, cŏactŭs, concĭtŭs, victŭs, fractŭs, consumptŭs, emortŭŭs, enectŭs. Fāme (prēmentĕ, stĭmŭlantĕ, dŏmĭnantĕ) fŭrens, (orā) pallĭdŭs, acēr. *See* FAMES.

FĂMES, is. *abl.* ē [*Lr. V. J. &c.*]. *f.* **1.** *Hunger.* Et Mĕtŭs, et mălĕsuadă Fămes, ac turpis ~Egestas. *V.* Amissis ăpĭbus morboquĕ fămequĕ. *V.* [† Esŭrĭes, jejunĭă.] **Ep.** Jejună, ăvĭdă, hians, pallĭdă, iners, languĭdă; dirā, impĕrĭosă, sævă, mĭsĕrā, atrā, crudelis, ægrā, insomnis, vĭgĭl, inextinctā, irrequietā; vŏlentā, vesanā, răbĭdā, insanā, fŭrĭosā, ex longo collectā. **Crcl.** Ardŏr *or* ămŏr ēdendi. Văcŭi ventris fŭrŏr. Ventris răbies. ~Edendi răbies, ardŏr, fŭrŏr. Jejunā cŭpido. Răbĭdi jejunĭă ventris. Jejuno orē fămes. Implacatæ flammā gŭlæ. Altā vŏrago ventris. **Phr. 1.** *To be hungry.* Fāme prēmŏr, confĭcĭŏr, lăboro, crŭcĭŏr, lăcĕrŏr, vincŏr, frangŏr, pallĕo, depĕrĕo. Fāmem pătĭŏr, fĕro, tŏlĕro. Fāmes urgĕt, stĭmŭlăt, sævit, urit, crŭcĭăt, excrŭcĭăt, lăcĕrăt. ~Edendi răbies fătigăt. ~Epŭlas posco. *See* FAMELICUS. **Phr. 2.** *To satisfy hunger. See* SATIOR. **Phr. 3.** *To die of hunger, to starve to death.* Pĕrĕo fāme. Longa fāme mortem protrăho. Tristĭă fatā lenta fāme torquĕo. **2.** Fig. *Excessive desire.* Auri sacrā ∾. *V.* Argenti importunā ∾. *H.* [† Lĭbido, cŭpido, sĭtĭs, fŭrŏr.]

FĂMILIA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A family.* Pāter fămĭlĭæ verŭs est Quĭrinalis. *M.* [† Dŏmŭs, gens; *sts.* stirps, gĕnŭs.] **2.** *The domestic establishment of a house.* Æsŏpus dŏmĭno sŏlus quum esset fămĭlĭă. *Ph.* [† Fămŭli.] **Crcl.** Turbă sŭorum. Fămŭlarĭs mănŭs.

FĂMILIARIS, ĕ. **1.** *Relating to* or *attached to a particular household; private, belonging to persons in their private, family capacity.* ~Ego sum Lar fămĭlĭarĭs ex hac fămĭlĭă. *Pl.* ∾-em fĭlĭum; fundum. Res ∾. *Pl.* [† Dŏmestĭcŭs, privatŭs; *sts.* cognātŭs.] **2.** Freq. used subst. m. *A familiar, intimate friend. Pl. See* AMICUS.

FĂMOSUS, ă, um. **1.** Gen. *Famous, publicly known* (sts. in a good sense). Non Idĕo ponet famosæ mortĭs ămorem. *H.* [† Notŭs, clarŭs, illustrĭs.] *See* CELEBER. **2.** *Mly. in a bad sense, notorious.* ∾ hymen. *O.* Famosæ retĭă mœchæ. *M.* [† Infamis, &c.] *See* I. **3.** *Defamatory.* ∾ carmĕn. *H.* ∾-is Lŭpo cŏŏperto versĭbŭs. *H.*

FĂMULA, æ. *f.* *A maid-servant.* Quinquaginta intus fămŭlæ, quĭbus ordĭnĕ longo. *V.* [† Servă, ancillă, ancillŭlă.] **Ep.** Sedŭlă, vĭgĭl, sollĭcĭtă, attentā, fidā, fĭdelis. *See* FAMULUS.

FĂMULANS, tis. *Serving, subject.* Irrĭgăt Amphrysus fămŭlantis pascŭă Phœbi. *L.* [† Fămŭlŭs, servŭs.] *See* FAMULOR.

FĂMULARIS, ĕ. *Of* or *pertaining to the order of slaves* or *servants.* Hĕlĕrisquĕ lĭgant fămŭlarĭbŭs artus. *V. Fl.* ∾-ĭă jurā dăturŭs. *O.* Turbă ∾. *Sen. See* FAMULUS (a).

FĂMULATUS, us. *m.* *The condition* or *service of a slave* or *servant.* O sors ăcerba et durā fămŭlatus grăvis. *Sen. See* SERVITIUM.

FĂMULOR, aris. *To serve, attend upon, be in service.* Lit. and fig. Quæ tĭbĭ jucundo fămŭlarĕr servă lăborĕ. *Cat.* Quum fămŭlarĕr in arvis (de ~Apollĭnĕ). *St.* ∾ ămori. *V. Fl.* [† Servĭo, mĭnistro, obsĕquŏr.] **Crcl.** Fămŭlŭs *or* fămŭlă sum, servĭo.

FĂMULUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A servant, slave.* Cŏmĭtes fămŭlosquĕ removĭt. *O.* [† Servŭs, mĭnistĕr, pŭĕr.] *See* SERVUS. **2.** *The officiating minister* or *worshipper of any god.* ∾ săcrorum. *O.* [† Cultŏr *or* mĭnistĕr.] **3.** *A sort of familiar to a deity, ever attendant upon him; the genius of a place, of a shade, often represented under the form of a serpent.* Custos, fămŭlusquĕ dĕi Silenŭs ălumni. *H.* Sus ĕrăt infestæ ∾ vindexquĕ Dĭanæ. *O.* Incertus Gĕnĭumnĕ lŏci, ∾-nĕ pārentĭs Essĕ pŭtĕt. *V.* (de anguĕ.) Angues, umbrarum fămŭli. *V. Fl.*

FĂMULUS, ă, um. *Servile, subject.* Tradĭdĕrat fămŭlas jam tĭbĭ, Rhenŭs, ăquas. *O.* ∾-æ dextræ. *L.* lymphæ. *Aus.* [† Fămŭlarĭs, fămŭlans, obsĕquĭosŭs, obsĕquens, offĭcĭosŭs.]

FANATICUS, ă, um. *Under wild impulse from some deity;* gen. *frantic, raving.* Sēd ut fanatĭcŭs œstro Percussus, Bellonā, tŭo. *J.* ∾ sĕnex. *J.* errŏr. *H.* [† Lymphatŭs.]

FANDUS, ă, um. *That which is permitted, right, just.* Omnĭă faudă nĕfandă mălo permixtā fŭrorĕ. *Cat.* Mĕmŏres ∾-i atquĕ nĕfandi (di). ∾-ă atquĕ infandă lŏcutŭs. *V.* [† Lĭcĭtŭs, rectŭs.]

FANUM, i. *n.* *A temple.* Agros, atque lăres pătrĭos, hăbĭtandăquĕ fanā. *H.* [† Templum, delubrum.] *See* TEMPLUM.

FAR, farris. *n.* *Corn.* Far ĕrăt, et puri lucĭdā micā sălis. *O.* Hiberno lætissĭmā pulvĕrĕ farrā. *V.* [† Frumentum, fruges.]

FARI. *See* FOR.

FĂRINA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Meal, flour of wheat.* Pascĭtŭr et dulci fĭcĭlis gallinā fārina. *M.* [† Albā, candĭdā, tritĭcĕā, tritā, tĕnŭis, lĕvis.] **2.** *Meal, flour of any kind.* Jamque ŭbi pulvĕrĕe fŭĕrĭnt confusā fārinæ. *O.*

FARRAGO, inis. *f.* **1.** *A mixture of* far *and other grains* or *herbs given to cattle.* Crassa magnum farragĭnĕ corpŭs Crescĕrĕ. *V.* **2.** Fig. *A mixture of any kind.* Nostri ∾ libelli. *J.*

FARRATUS, ă, um. *Made of corn. J.*

FARTOR, oris. *m.* *A maker of sausages, meat-puddings,* &c. *H.*

FARTUM, i. *n.* *A sort of meat-pudding* or *sausage. Pers.*

FARTUS, or FARCTUS, ă, um. *part. See* FARCIO. *Stuffed, crammed, filled. M.* Lit. and fig. [† Rĕfertŭs, plenŭs; sătĭatŭs.]

FAS. *n. indecl.* (found only in the nom. and acc.) **1.** *That which is just* or *right* (in itself or by the rules of religion). Festis quædam exercerĕ dĭebŭs Fas et jurā sĭnunt. *V.* Fasquĕ nĕfasquĕ. *O.* [† Jus, justĭtĭă, æquum, justum, lĭcĭtum.] **2.** Fas est, *or abs.* Fas. *It is permitted. O. See* LICET.

FASCES. *See* FASCIS.

FASCIA, æ. *f.* *Any kind of band* or *bandage. M. O.* [† Fascĭŏlă; *sts.* lĭgamĕn, lĭgamentum.]

FASCICULUS, i. *m.* *dim. of* Fascis. *A packet. H. See* FASCIS.

FASCINO, as. *To enchant, bewitch.* Nescĭo quis tĕnĕros ŏcŭlos mĭhĭ fascĭnăt agnos. *V. See* INCANTO, MAGICUS.

FASCINUM, i. *n.* *and* FASCINUS, i. *m.* *Witchery. H. See* INCANTAMENTUM.

FASCIOLA, æ. *f.* *dim. of* Fascia. *H. See* FASCIA.

FASCIS, is. *m.* **1.** *A bundle of wood, twigs, straw,* &c. *Pl.* **2.** *A load.* Lĕvarĕ qm fascĕ. *V. See* ONUS. **3.** *Pl.* Fasces, ium. *A bundle of rods carried by the lictors before the chief Roman*

magistrates; freq. *the consulship.* Primos attollĕrĕ ∾-es. *V.* Sēquĭturquĕ tŭos victorĭă ∾-es. *Cl.* **Ep.** Sŭperbi, terrĭbĭles, trĕmendi, pŏtentes.] *See* CONSULATUS.

FĂSELŬS, ĭ. *See* PHASELUS.

FASSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* FATEOR. *Having confessed, avowed, indicated.* Da vĕnĭam fasso. *O.* Vultu ∾ Telamŏnĭs iram. *O.*

FASTI, orum. *m. pl. Chronicles, public registers, a calendar.* Signantes tempŏrĕ fastos. *O.* Notis condĭtĕ fastis (tempŏrĕ). *H.* [¶ Annales, mŏnŭmentă, histŏrĭă.]

FASTIDĬO, is. 1. *To loathe food.* Esŭrĭens fastidis omnĭă. *H.* 2. Gen. *To disdain, reject with scorn.* ∾ qm. *V.* ămari ăb quo. *O.* ămictum (de æstu). *Cl.* [¶ Dedignŏr, aspernŏr, sperno, respŭo, rejĭcĭo.] *See* CONTEMNO.

FASTIDĬOSŬS, ă, um. *Disdainful, fastidious.* Dŏmĭnusquĕ terræ Fastidĭosus, sed tĭmŏr et mĭnæ &c. *H.* ∾-am desĕrĕ coplam. *H.* [¶ Contemptŏr, spernax.]

FASTIDĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A dislike for food, fastidiousness in eating.* Pŏsĭtæquĕ mŏvent fastidĭă mensæ. *O.* Vărĭa cœna fastidĭă vincĕrĕ. *H.* **Crcl.** Torpens pălatum. 2. Gen. *Disgust, feeling of annoyance, ennui, &c.* Matri longă dĕcem tŭlĕrunt ∾-ă menses. *V.* [¶ Tædĭum.] 3. *Disdain, scorn.* ∾-ă sŭperbă ˘Amărylldĭs. *V.* spectatoris sŭperbi. *H.* [¶ Contemptŭs.] *See* C.

FASTIGĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *The point of a roof, roof, top* or *highest part of a building;* gen. *top, summit.* Summi fastigĭă tecti. *V.* ∾ (*pl.*) urbĭs. *V.* cœli. *St.* [¶ Tectum, culmĕn, căcumĕn, ăpex, vertex, căpŭt.] 2. *The extremity of any thing rising to a point.* ∾ (*pl.*) scrŏbum. *V.* muri. *St.* surarum. *Lr.* [¶ Culmĕn, ăpex.] Fig. 3. *Summit of honour, elevated dignity, rank, &c.* ˘Ad ∾-ă rerum qm extollĕrĕ. *J.* ∾-ă summi jurĭs (nempe præturam). *Cl.* [¶ Culmĕn, ăpex.] *See* HONOR. 4. *A head* or *chief point, leading circumstance in a matter, narrative, &c.* Summă sĕquar fastigĭă rerum. *V.*

FASTOSŬS, ă, um. *Haughty, disdainful.* Ad nocturnă jăces fastosæ limĭnă mœchæ. *M. See* SUPERBUS.

I. FASTŬS (sc. dies). *adj. m. A day on which the law-courts were open.* Fastŭs ĕrĭt, per quem legĕ lĭcebĭt ăgi. *O. See* NEFASTUS.

II. FASTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *Proud, luxurious array.* Arsăcĭo postquam se regĭă fastu Sustŭlĭt. *Cl. See* LUXUS. 2. *Proud, haughty bearing.* ∾ Inest pulchris &c. *O. See* SUPERBIA.

III. FASTUS, ŭum. *m. pl.* = Fasti. *L.*

FATALIS, ĕ. 1. *Appointed by fate, fated.* Quid si fatales jam nunc explevĭmŭs annos? *Tib.* Notăquĕ ∾-i portentă lăborĕ sŭbirĕ. *H.* [¶ Præscriptŭs, rătŭs, certŭs; *sts.* dătŭs, concessŭs.] 2. *Fatal, death-dealing.* ∾ machĭnă (*of the Trojan horse*). *V.* Telum ∾-ĕ. *V.* ∾ millĭbŭs hastă. *Sil.* [¶ Funestŭs, fatĭfĕr, letalis, exĭtĭalis.] *See* FUNESTUS.

FATALITĔR. *By the decree of the fates.* Hectŏrĕa primus fatalĭtĕr hasta, Protĕsĭlăe, cădĭs. *O.* [¶ Fato.]

FĂTĔŎR, erĭs, fassŭs sum. 1. *To avow, confess, acknowledge.* Littĕrĕ celatos arcănă fătebĭtŭr ignes. *O.* Paupertatem fătendo Effecerĕ lĕvem. *O.* [¶ Confĭtĕŏr, agnosco; *sts.* concedo.] **Crcl.** Do mănus. Non nĕgo. Non infĭtĭŏr. Non infĭtĭas ĕo. 2. *To indicate, discover, betray.* ˘Anĭmum pallorĕ ∾. *H.* Fassŭs est armis vĭrum. *Sen.* [¶ Prodo, detĕgo, ostendo, ăpĕrĭo, testŏr, &c.] *See* DETEGO.

FATĬCĬNŬS, ănd FATĬDĬCŬS, ă, um. *One that predicts, prophetic.* Hæc ŭbi fatĭcĭno venturi *præsclă dixĭt* Orĕ Thĕmĭs. *O.* Fatĭcĭnasquĕ fĕrunt sortes. *O.* Vatis fatĭdĭcæ. *V.* [¶ Præsagŭs; *sts.* vates.]

FATĬFĔR, ĕrĭ, ĕrum. *Fatal.* Fatĭfĕro Mavors accingĭtŭr ensĕ. *O. V. See* LETALIS.

FĂTIGATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* FATIGO, FESSUS.

FĂTIGO, as. 1. *To fatigue, weary out.* Veloces jăculo cervos cursuquĕ fătigăt. *V.* [¶ Lasso, delasso, frango, prĕmo, urgĕo, exercĕo, ăgo, ăgito.] 2. Fig. *To harass, worry, trouble, never let alone.* Quæ te fortună fătigăt? *V.* ∾ cœlum terrasquĕ mĕtu; martem; noctemquĕ dĭemquĕ remĭgio. *V.*

FĂTISCO, ĭs. 1. *To open, gape open, come apart.* Neu pulvĕrĕ victă fătiscăt Arĕă. *V.* Sŏlĭda ærĕ ∾-cunt. *V.* Ictă fătiscĭt ăquis (navis). *O.* [¶ Findŏr, ăpĕrĭŏr, dĕhisco, discedo, laxŏr, hĭo, hisco.] **Crcl.** Rimam duco. 2. Fig. *To sink from fatigue; drop, droop from exhaustion.* ∾-ĭt laxaturquĕ chĕlys; mens expugnată. *St.* ∾ In lăcrĭmas ĕt segnĭtĭem. *V. Fl.* [¶ Defĭcĭo, cĭdo.]

FATUM, i. *n.* 1. *Fate, destiny, the will of fate.* Sola insŭpĕrabĭlĕ fatum, Nătă, mŏverĕ pŏras? *O.* [¶ Sors, fortună; *sts.* Juplĭtĕr, dĕăs, dĭi, Nĕcessĭtas.] **Ep.** Stăbĭlĕ, immotum, immobĭlĕ, immutabĭlĕ, insŭpĕrabĭlĕ, pŏtens, Ineluctabĭlĕ, invictum, arcanum, cæcum, lătens, dŭbĭum, incertum, Ĭnŏpĭnum. **Crcl.** Fatalis *or* fati lex. Fatorum ordo, numĕn, leges, cursŭs. Fati vis, jus, vŏluntas, pŏtentĭă. Decretă divum *or* trĭum sŏrorum. Fatorum arcănă. Fati sĕrĭes, tĕnŏr, stamĭnă. Fatalĭă stamĭnă. Parcarum fătă. *See* PARCÆ. **Phr.** 1. *Such was* or *is my fate, so the fates decree.* Fată ĕrant, ĭt &c. Sic ĕrăt In fatis. Sic fată fĕrebant. Me ĕă fată mănent. Sic volvunt Parcæ. Sic plăcŭĭt fatis. Hoc quŏquĕ fatalĕ est. Sic fată dĕdĕrĕ. Sic fatis plăcĕt. **Phr.** 2. *The fates forbid.* Vĕtŏr fatis. Fată obstant. Fată vĕtabant. Ni fată rĕsistant. Prŏhĭbent Parcæ. 3. *A happy fate. O.* **Ep.** Candĭdum *or* candĭdĭŭs, prospĕrum, mollĕ, mitĕ, lætum, felix. *See* FELICITAS. 3. *An unhappy fate.* **Ep.** Rĭgĭdum, durum, aspĕrum, ăcerbum, ămarum, contrarĭum, invĭdum, crudelĕ, sævum, grăvĕ, Iniquum *or* non æquum, immitĕ, mălignum, importunum, mălum, horrĭdum, ferrĕum, Inexorabĭlĕ, implacabĭlĕ, tristĕ, mĭsĕrum, mĭsĕrabĭlĕ. **Crcl.** Injurĭă fati. Aspĕrĕ fată. *See* INFORTUNIUM. 4. *Death;* mly. *a violent death.* Mĭsĕri post fată Sĭchæi. *V.* [¶ Mors, letum, funŭs, nex.] *See* NEX. 5. Pl. *The Fates.* Quo Fată trăhunt, rĕtrăhuntquĕ sĕquamŭr. *V. See* FATUM. 6. *Oracles, predictions of the future, &c.* Fatis orā rĕsolvĕrĕ. *V.* Cănĕrĕ fată. *H.* **Crcl.** Ventură fată. Sors fŭtura. *See* ORACULUM. 7. Sts. *The Parcæ.* Deblĭă quum Fatis venĕrĭt horă tribŭs. *Pp. See* PARCÆ.

FĂTŬŬS, ă, um. *Tasteless, insipid.* Lit. and fig. Ut sănĭant fătŭæ fabrorum prandĭă, betæ. *M.* Quŏd verbosis dicĭtŭr ĕt fătŭis. *Cat.* [¶ Insulsŭs.] *See* STULTUS.

FAUCES, ĭum. *f. pl.* (faucĕ, *abl. sing.*) *Ph.* 1. *The throat, gullet.* Urit sĭtĭs ignĕă fauces. *H.* Vox faucĭbŭs hæsĭt. *V.* [¶ Guttŭr, os; *sts.* collum.] 2. Fig. *A narrow pass, gorge of mountains, outlet.* Angustæ ∾ ădĭtusquĕ mălĭgni. *V.* Pĕr ∾ montis ŭt Ætnæ. *Lr.*

FAUNI, orum. *Rustic deities so called. C. D.* Vos quŏquĕ, plebs sŭpĕrum, Fauni, Sătyriquĕ, Lăresquĕ. *O.* [¶ Panĕs; *ext.* Sătyri, Silvani; *sts.* cornĭpĕdes.] **Ep.** Arcădĭi, Mænălĭi; silvĭcŏlæ, montĭcŏlæ; cornĭpĕdes, căprĭpĕdes, semĭcăpri, cornĭgĕri, bĭcornes; lascivi, prŏcaces, prŏtervi, lĭcentes. **Crcl.** Silvestrĭă numĭnă. Silvarum numĭnă.

FAUNĬGĔNĂ, æ. *m. Son* or *descendant of Faunus.* Faunĭgĕnæquĕ dŏmo frŭĭtur nataquĕ Lătini. *O.*

i. m. *One of the most ancient kings of worshipped as one of the country deities death. He answers to the Pan of the He came from Arcadia.* Oracŭlĭ Fauni ĕnĭtŏrĭs ădĭt. *V.* Faunŭs ĭn Arcādĭa Lycēūs hăbĕt. *O. See* FAUNI, PAN.

ıs, atis. *f. Good fortune, personified by as a deity presiding over the fruitfulness.* Nutrit rurā Cĕres almăquē Faustĭ-

ă, um. *Favorable, fortunate.* Utĭlĭ sit quē prĕcŏr. *O.* I pĕdĕ fausto. *H. See* , FELIX.

ŏrix. m. (*and* FAUTRIX, icis. *f.*) *A pa-vorer, supporter.* Mollis tu cœptæ fau-lorā jŭventæ. *Pp.* Ecce vĭri fautrix . . .). Nequĭtiæ fautores. *H.* [¶ Defensŏr, autŏr, pātronŭs, adjutŏr; (*fem.*) adju-

tĭs. *part. See* FAVEO. *Used also adj. ing, favorable, friendly.* Et vos, o cœ-lĭ cĕlĕbratē fāventes. *V.* Venti ~-es. *O.* ŭs, ămicŭs, bĕnignŭs, bŏnŭs, fācĭlis, ĭlĭcĭdŭs, sĕcundŭs, felix, lenis, utĭlis, æquŭs, indulgens, commŏdŭs, præsens, xtĕr, mĕŭs (*or* tŭŭs, *or* sŭŭs, *or* nostĕr); ĭtĭlis.] Crcl. Non infensŭs (iratŭs, im-2. *Applauding.* Stŭdĭisquē ~-um con-nē nĕmŭs. *V. See* FAUTOR.

, favi, fautum. 1. *To favour.* Quæ fā-nĭlis, excepit Pallĭs, āvemquē. *O.* Quĭ-. Dĭone Favērĭt. *O.* [¶ Adsum, adspiro, sĕcundo, fŏvĕo, jŭvo, protĕgo, tŭĕŏr,] Phr. *Forms of invoking favour.* Fā-ıs, fāveto, ădĕs, adsis, sis felix, &c. fāvens. Adsis o, jŭvĕsquē. Adsis pĕlĕ Sis bŏnŭs o; sis felix tŭis. Annŭē Lăborĭbŭs adsis. Lenis *or* Dextĕr ădĕs. ptis *or* votis. Mitis adsis. Sis fācĭlis. ăcĭlem. 2. ~ orē, lingua, linguis, *or* ıquis.) *To speak words of good omen, p silence* (especially in religious cere-. Orē fāvent pŏpŭli tunc quum vĕnĭt æmpā. *O.* ~ linguis. *H.* linguis ănĭmis-Linguā fāvens adsĭt. *O.* Quisquis ădest, ıges lustramŭs ĕt āgros. *Tib.* [¶ Bĕnē ĕ lŏquŏr. Bŏnā verbā dico, lŏquŏr, *or* ā verbā.] 3. *To be good for, suit, be to.* Alterā (terrā) frumentis fāvĕt, al-cho. *V.* [¶ Jŭvo, convĕnio, expĕdĭo, .] Crcl. Sum utĭlis, commŏdŭs, bŏnŭs; ĭ. *To approve, be pleased with.* Verbis ā sŭis. *O.* ~ laudĭbŭs cjs. *O.* [¶ Prŏ-ligĕo; delectŏr, me jŭvāt.]

æ. *f.* 1. *Hot ashes.* Vino bĭbŭlam la-illam. *V.* [¶ Cĭnis.] Ep. Cālĭdā, tĕ-vens, ardens, ignĕā, lĕvis. *See* CINIS. . Respĭcĭunt atram vŏlĭtarĕ fāvillam. *V.* IUS. 3. *A spark.* Lit. and fig. ~ can-Venturi primā ~ mālī. *Pp. See* SCIN-

, ī *and* i. *m. The west-wind, Zephyrus.* ĭb adventum spirantis lenē fāvoni. *O.* HYRUS.

ĭs. m. 1. *Favour.* Mānĭfesti signā fā-[¶ Stŭdĭum, gratīā, āmŏr.] Ep. Dul-dŭs. 2. *Public favour.* [¶ Aurā, au-p. Ventosŭs, vanŭs, lĭnis. *See* POPU-. 3. *Acclamations, applause of specta-* fāvores). Tutatŭr ~ Eurŷālum. *V.* palmā fāvorē dātŭr. *O.* [¶ Plausŭs,]

s. *A honeycomb, honey.* Expressis mellā ăvis. *O.* [¶ Cellæ.] *See* MEL.

f. 1. *A torch.* Qui fācē Dardānĭos sĕquarē cŏlŏnos. *V.* Armatam fācĭbŭs matrem. *V.* [¶ Tædā, funalē; *ext.* cerĕŭs, lam-pās.] Ep. Pinĕā, plĕā, lucens, lucĭdā, cŏruscā, clārā, ardens, fervĭdā, rādĭans, flammēā, accensā, trĕmŭlā, fumans, fumĭdā, pinguis. Crcl. Flam-mĭfĕræ pinus. 2. *The nuptial torch, nuptials.* ~-es mārĭtæ. *O.* ~ nuptĭālis. *H.* Ep. Jŭgalis, conjŭgĭalis, castā, legĭtĭmā, festā, solennis. [¶ Tædā.] *See* CONJUGIUM. 3. Gen. *Burning light, light.* Rŏsĕā fācē sol &c. *Lr.* Nocturnasquē fā-ces cœli. *Lr.* Stellā fācem ducens &c. *V.* [¶ Lux, lumĕn, jŭbār, flammā, ignis.] *See* LUMEN. 4. ~ fulmĭnĕā. *The lightning. V. Fl. See* FULMEN. 5. Fig. *Flame, passion.* ~ mutŭā. *H.* iræ. *Lr.* Fāces ănĭmumquē mĭnistrāt (Dĕŭs). *V. See* AR-DOR.

FAXIM, *and* FAXO, is, it, int. *anc.* Faciam, Fece-rim, Fecero. Prŏprĭa hæc mihī munĕrā faxis. *H.* "E.ŏ fœdĕrā faxo. *V.* Faxo . . . sentĭāt. *O.*

FĔBRICĬTO, as. *To be ill of a fever.* Fĕbricĭtan-tem baslabĭt et flentem. *M.* Crcl. Fĕbrē cālĕo. Fĕbrĭbŭs urŏr, lăborō, crŭcĭŏr, ardĕo, torrĕŏr, corrĭpĭŏr, jactŏr. Fĕbrē succendŏr. Phr. Fē-brĭs (fervĭdā, arĭdā, errans) membrā *or* artus percĭpĭt (corrumpĭt, torrĕt, depascĭtŭr, exurĭt). *See* FEBRIS.

FĔBRICŬLA, æ. *f. dim. of* Febris.

FĔBRICŬLOSŬS, ă, um. *Feverish, having fever.* Verum nescĭo quid fĕbricŭlosi &c. *Cat.*

FĔBRIS, is. FEBRIS, is. *f. A fever.* Artus depas-cĭtŭr arĭdā febris. *V.* Nŏvā fĕbrĭum cŏhors. *H.* [¶ Æstŭs, ignis.] Ep. Ardens, torrens, fervens, fervĭdā, arĭdā; ĕlax, lentā, pallĭdā, ănhelā, lan-gŭĭdā, vĭŏlentā, vĭgĭl. Crcl. Fĕbris æstŭs. Cor-pŏris ardŏr, æstŭs. *See* FEBRICITO. Phr. *To cure a fever.* Fĕbrem depello, arcĕo, deduco, submŏvĕo, ăbĭgo, solvo, tollo, sano. Fĕbrē lī-bĕro.

FEBRŬA, orum. *n. pl. That wherewith a purifica-tion* or *an expiation is performed, that has the power of purifying; expiatory rites for the dead.* Febrŭā Romani dixerē plāminā patres. *O.* Sæpē tŭi plena ~ castā mānu. *O.* [¶ Plāmĕn.] *See* FEBRUARIUS.

FĔBRŬARĬŬS, ĭi. *m.* (sc. mensis.) *The month so called, the last of the Roman year.* Brumales, Janus Fĕbrŭarĭūs atquē Dĕcembĕr. *Aus.* Crcl. Nūmæ mensis. *See* FEBRUA *and* HIEMS.

FECUNDITAS, atis. *f. Fertility. Cic.* (Fecundŭs.) [¶ Ubertas, fertĭlĭtas.]

FECUNDO, as. *To fertilize.* Et vĭridem Ægyptum nigra fecundāt ārena. *V.*

FECUNDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Fruitful, fertile.* At si non fŭĕrit tellus fecundā, sŭb ipsum. *V.* ~ aurā fāvoni. *Cat.* hortŭs. *O.* [¶ Fertĭlis, fĕrax, ubĕr.] *See* FERTILIS. 2. *Fruitful in child-bearing. O.* Crcl. Felix prolē vĭrum. Lætā partu. 3. *Making fruitful, &c.; causing fruit.* ~-i cālĭces. *H.* ~-æ dextræ verbĕrā. *O.* 4. *Fig.* ~-ă culpæ sæcŭlā. *H.* [¶ Fertĭlis, ăbundans, plenŭs.]

FĔL, fellis. *n.* 1. *Gall;* ext. *poison.* Omnĭā vipē-rĕo spicŭlā fellē lĭnunt. *O.* Armatam fellē vĕ-neni (sāgittam). *V.* Ep. Atrum, nĭgrum, vĭrĭdē, cærŭlĕum, mordax, tristē, ămarum, mālum. [¶ Virŭs, vĕnenum.] 2. Fig. *Gall, bitterness, wrath, envy.* Tempŏrā fellē mŭdent. *Tib.* Sāllĭ-bŭs suffusis fellē. *O.* Exarsĕrāt atro fellē dŏ-lŏr. *V. See* AMAROR, IRA, LIVOR.

FELES, is. *f. A cat.* Felē sŏror Phœbi, nĭvĕa Sa-turnĭā vacca. *O.*

FELICĬTAS, atis. *f. Happiness, good fortune.* Om-nem quĕrelam submŏvet felicĭtas. *Ph.* [¶ Pro-spĕrĭtas, prospĕrā (orum), lætā (orum), prospĕrā fatorum. Crcl. Fortunā felix, bŏnā, sĕcundā, prospĕrā, lætā, ridens, bĕnignā, faustā, ămicā, fāvens, mitis, fācĭlis. Res sĕcundā. Res lætæ, sĕcundæ. Fatā prospĕrā, ămicā. Phr. *A time*

of prosperity. Dum fortunā est. Fortunā sĕcundis nobiscum rebŭs ăgĭt. Adspirāt votis fortunā. F. sĕcunda est. Vultu sĕreno f. ridēt. Vultum bĕnignum f. servāt. Cymbā mĕā pĕr plăcĭdas ăquas currĭt. Aura sĕcunda velā tŭment. Parcæ bĕnigna mānu pensā ducunt.

Felicĭtĕr. 1. *Happily* (prosperously). Ascānĭusque sŭos felicĭtĕr implēāt annos. *O.* [† Fortunate, bēate, fauste, prospēre. **Crcl.** Allĭtĕ *or* omĭnē dextro, sĕcundo. Auspĭcĭo fausto. Auspĭcĭis felicĭbŭs, lætis. Bŏnis āvĭbŭs. Dĭis *or* dis auspĭcĭbŭs. 2. *Happily* (successfully, skilfully). Spirāt tăgĭcum sātĭs, ĕt ~ audēt. *H.* ~ sculpsĭt ĕbŭr. *O.* [† Apte, scite.] 3. *In abundance.* Illic vēnĭunt felicĭŭs uvæ. *V.*

Felix, icis. 1. *Happy, fortunate.* Felix qui pŏtŭit rerum cognoscĕrĕ causas! *V.* ~ sortē tŭa! *V.* curarum. *St.* [† Bēatŭs, fortunatŭs.] **Crcl.** Terquē quātерquē bēatŭs! Quo non felicĭŏr altĕr. Felix unŭs antē ălĭos. Tĕr quātерquē prospēro fato dātŭs. *See* Felicitas. 2. *Favorable, propitious;* gen. *favorable.* ~ hostīā; sis tŭis; ŏpĕrum (dĭes); ponĕrĕ vitem (dĭes). *V.* [† Aptŭs, idonēŭs, utĭlĭs, opportunŭs, præsens.] *See* Favens. 3. *Fertile,* or *making fertile.* ~ ramis arbos; limŭs. *V.* ŏlĕæ tractŭs. *Cl.* O te cĕrĕbri felicem. *H. See* Fertilis.

Fēmellā, æ. *f. dim. of* Femina. *Cat.*

Fēmēn (*obs. in nom.*). *The under part of the thigh, the thigh.* Ensem Erĭpĭt ă fēmĭnē. *V. See* Femur.

Femĭnā, æ. *f. A woman; used also adj.* Unā dŏlo divum si femĭnā victā dŭorum est. *V.* Dānāi femĭnā turbā sēnĭs. *Pp.* [† Mŭlĭĕr; *sts.* mŭlĭercŭlā, fēmellā.] **Ep.** Formosā, pulchrā, vēnustā, dĕcens, candĭdā: cultā, ornātā; castā, pŭdĭcā, fidā; lĕvĭs, mobĭlĭs, mutabĭlĭs; mollĭs, tĕnĕrā, imbellĭs, blandā. **Crcl.** Mŭlĭĕbrĕ gĕnŭs.

Femĭnĕus, ă, um. *Of a woman, womanly, feminine.* Lit. and fig. Et de femĭnĕo rĕpārata est femĭnā jactu. *O.* ~-i plangores. *V.* Lĕvē ~-umquē sŏnarē. *O.* [† Mŭlĭĕbrĭs.]

Fēmŭr, ŏris. *n. The upper part of the thigh, the thigh.* Magniquē fēmur perstrinxĭt Achatæ. *V.* [† Fēmĭnē (*obs. in nom.*); *ext.* crus.] **Ep.** Mollē, tĕnĕrum, nīvĕum; robustum, vălĭdum, fortē, firmum; trĕmŭlum, tĭtŭbans; hirtum, hirsutum.

Fēnestrā, æ. *f.* 1. *A window.* Lunā pĕr insertas fundebat plenā fēnestras. *V.* **Ep.** Pātens, āpertā, clausā, junctā, pārtŭlā, parvā; altā, sublimĭs, bĭfŏrĭs. 2. Gen. *An opening, a hole.* Ingentem lato dēdĭt orē fēnestram (*of a door split open*). *V. See* Foramen.

Fĕrā, æ. *f.* 1. *A wild beast.* Silvam, stăbŭla altā fĕrarum. **Ep.** Silvestrĭs, vāgā, errans, fĕrox, crudelĭs, ātrox, sævā, immitĭs, immanis, răbĭdā, fūrens. **Crcl.** Fĕrarum armentā (gĕnŭs omnē, răbĭes). *See* Animal, Bellua, Venor. 2. Sts. *Any creature,* us. *not domestic.* Tēnŭem fĕram. *M.* (de formica.) *See* Ferus.

Fĕralĭa, ĭum *or* ĭorum. *n. pl. Annual feasts to the Manes of the deceased.* Hanc, quā justā fĕrunt, dixerē fĕrallā lucem. *O.*

Feralĭs, ĕ. 1. *Relating to the feralia.* Tunc quum ferales prætĕrĕrĕ dĭes. *O.* Feralē tempŭs. *O. See* Februa. 2. *Funereal, funeral.* ~-es cūressi. *V.* [† Funĕrĕŭs, funĕbrĭs.] 3. *Mournful, ill-omened, fatal.* ~-i crĭnē cōmetā). *Cl.* carmĭnē bubo. *V.* [† Lugŭbrĭs, fatalĭs, funestŭs, dirŭs, exĭtĭalĭs.]

Fĕrax, acis. *Fertile.* Lit. and fig. Terrā fĕrax cĕrĕris, multoquē fĕracĭŏr uvæ. *O.* Illā ~ ŏlĕo est. *V.* [† Fertĭlĭs, fecundŭs, ubĕr, &c.] *See* Fertilis.

Ferculum, i. *n.* 1. *A tray on which several dishes were brought in at once;* hence, *a course of dishes, dishes of meat.* Multăquē de magna sūpĕrcessent fercŭlā cœna. *H.* [† Dāpes, ĕpŭlæ.] *See* Epulæ, Convivium. 2. *A frame* or *platform on which the spolia were carried in triumphs, and the images of the gods, &c., in processions.* Quum dōmĭtas ăcies, ĕt ŏsi fercŭlā regni Ducĕrĕt. *V. Fl. See* Feretrum, Tensa.

Fĕre. 1. *Almost.* Jamquē fĕre sicco subductæ littŏrē puppes. *V.* [† Ferme, pænē, prŏpē.] 2. *Commonly, usually.* [† Plerumquē, vulgo.]

Fĕrĕtrĭus, ĭi *and* i. *m. A surname of Jupiter.* Nunc Jŏvĭs incĭpĭam causas āpĕrirē Fĕrĕtri. *Pp.* (4, 10, 4.) Hinc Fĕrĕtri dicta est arā sūpĕrbā Jŏvĭs. *Pp.* (4, 11, 48.)

Fĕrĕtrum, *and* **Fĕretrum,** i. *n.* (*from* Fero.) 1. *A bier.* Sed vēnĭt in mēdĭos: fĕrĕtro Pallantā rĕposto. Pars ingenti sŭblĭerĕ fĕretro. *V. See* Sandapila. 2. *A frame on which any thing is carried.* Vīrĭdi fumantĭā libā fĕretro. *Grat. See* Ferculum.

Feriæ, arum. *f. pl. Holidays, vacations, festive days.* Longas o ūtĭnam, dux bŏnē, ferias Præstes Hespĕrĭæ! *H.* [† Otĭā.] *See* Otium, Festum.

Feriātŭs, ă, um. *part. of the old verb* Ferior, aris. *One keeping holiday* or *feast-day; disengaged from his usual business for a time.* Nec feriātŭs ibāt antē carrucam. *M.* Mālĕ feriātos Troās (fallĕrē). *H.* Musæ ~-æ. *St.* [† Ferians, otĭosŭs.]

Fĕrīnŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of a wild beast* or *wild beasts.* Armentalĭs ĕquæ mammis et lactē fĕrino. *V.* cædes ~. *O.* 2. Fĕrīnā, æ. *f.* (sc. caro.) *Venison.* Impleri pinguis ~-æ. *V.*

Fĕrio, is (*no perf.*). 1. *To strike.* Occursarē căpro: cornu fĕrĭt illē, căveto. *V.* ~ sidĕrā vertĭcē. *H.* ūlŭlatĭbŭs aures. *L.* [† Verbĕro, percŭtĭo, cædo, &c.] *See* Verbero. 2. ~ fœdĭs. *To ratify a treaty by slaying the victim offered.* Jungĭt ŏpes, fœdusquē fĕrĭt. *V. See* Fœdus (II.).

Fĕrĭtas, atĭs. *f.* 1. *Natural fierceness, savageness.* Quamquē lūpi, sævæ plus fĕrĭtatĭs hābent. *O.* [† Barbărĭes, sævĭtĭā, &c.] *See* Sævitia, Durus. 2. *Wild, savage character of a place* or *country.* ~ Scȳthĭci lŏci. *O.* Ināmœnā vīæ. *St.* [† Aspĕrĭtas.]

Ferme. 1. *Almost.* Jam ferme mŏrĭens me vŏcāt. *Ter. See* Fere. 2. *Commonly.* Mobĭlĭs et vărĭa est ferme naturā mālorum. *J.*

Fermentum, i. *n.* 1. *Yeast, leaven. V.* 2. Fig. *Strong emotion, anger, cause for anger.* Accĭpe, ĕt illūd Fermentum tĭbi hābe. *J.*

Fĕro, fers, tŭli, latum, ferrē. 1. *To bear, carry.* Lit. and fig. Æthĕrĭum qui fert cervicĭbŭs axem. *V.* ~ flammas. *V.* dulcē ŏnŭs. *O.* jussā pĕr auras. *V.* bellā Jŏvi. *Sil.* [† Porto, gĕro, gesto; *sts.* bajŭlo.] *See* Porto. 2. *To carry off.* Fĕrunt sūā flamĭnā classem. *V.* ~ argenti tălentum. *V.* [† Aufĕro, tollo, abrĭpĭo.] 3. With răpĭo. *To pillage.* Răpĭunt incensā fĕruntquē Pergāmā. *V. See* Diripio. 4. *To get, have given.* At tu sumē pĕdum, quŏd &c. non tŭlĭt Antĭgŏnes. *V.* ~ crūcem, prĕtĭum scĕlĕris. *J.* [† Obtĭnĕo, căpĭo, accĭpĭo.] 5. *To take away, take off* (in the sense of destroying). Omnĭā fert ætas; te fatā tŭlerunt; tŭlĭrint flammæ. *V.* [† Aufĕro, răpĭo, tollo, delĕo.] 6. *To bear, endure.* Sūpĕrandā fortunā fĕrendo est. *V.* ~ damnā. *O.* [† Pătĭŏr, perpĕtĭŏr, tŏlĕro, sustĭnĕo, sŭbĕo.] *See* Patior. 7. *To bear, produce.* Non omnĭs fert omnĭā tellus. *V.* [† Gigno, produco, &c.] *See* Gigno. 8. *To bring, give, offer.* ~ stăbŭlis ignem; tŭmŭlo armā; finem

rebŭs; præmĭā dignā; prĕces; donā. *V.* [¶ Affĕro, inffĕro; do, tribŭo; offĕro.] *See* O. **9.** *To bring word, say, report.* Ascānĭo fĕrāt hæc &c. *V.* Si verā fĕram. *V.* [¶ Rĕfĕro, perfĕro, dico, narro, nuntĭo, mĕmŏro.] *See* NUNTIO, DICO, NARRO. **10.** *To bear up, elevate; extol.* ~ ad sidĕrā; Teucros insigni laudĕ; cœlo lānĭmos. *V.* [¶ Tollo, evĕho, extollo, effĕro.] *See* LAUDO. **11.** *To lead, bring* (of a road). Hæc vĭā fert &c. *V. See* DUCO. **12.** *To demand, will.* Sic Trojæ fātā fĕrebant. *V.* [¶ Rĕposco, rĕquiro, vŏlo.]

FĔRŎR, latŭs sum, ferri. *pass.* **1.** *To be carried along, put in rapid motion; to move quickly, rapidly.* ~ pĕr cœlum (de lana); nīmĭs cŭpidĭnē; pĕr ŏpācā lŏcorum; ĕquis (de auriga). *V.* [¶ Auferŏr, abrĭpĭŏr, impellŏr; me fĕro, aufĕro, abrĭpĭo; pĕdem, gressum fĕro, &c.] *See* EO, CURRO. **2.** *To be said, called, said to be, reported of,* &c. Quæ nunc Sāmŏthracīā fertŭr. *V.* Non sāt Idonĕūs pugnæ fĕrebarīs. *H.* Fertŭr lŏcutūs. *Ph.* [¶ Dicŏr, mĕmŏrŏr.] *See* FAMA EST.

FĔROCĬA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Insolence. Pl. See* SUPERBIA. **2.** *Cruelty.* Quid, nīsī pondŭs ĭners, stŏlĭdæquĕ fĕrocĭā mĭentĭs? *O. See* SÆVITIA.

FĔROCĬTĔR. *Insolently,* or *cruelly. Pl. See* SUPERBE *or* SÆVE.

FĔROX, ocis. **1.** *Wild, unruly, untamed.* Stat sŏnĭpes, et frenā fĕrox spumantīā mandĭt. *V.* ~ vĭtŭlus. *J.* [¶ Fĕrŭs, asper, indŏmĭtŭs.] **2.** *High-spirited, dauntless, resolute.* ~ fiducĭā. *Sil.* virtus. *V.* [¶ Audax, acĕr, fidens, intrĕpĭdŭs.] *See* FORTIS. **3.** *Fierce, savage.* [¶ Fĕrŭs, trux, sævŭs, &c.] *See* SÆVUS.

FERRAMENTUM, i. *n. Any instrument in iron.* Cras ferramentā Tĕanum Tolletis, fabri. *H.*

FERRARIUS, ĭi. *m. One who works in iron.* (Fābĕr ferrarĭŭs, *a smith.*) Ut fortunati sunt fābri ferrarĭi. *Pl.*

FERRATUS, ā, um. **1.** *Covered, shod,* &c. *with iron.* Primāquĕ ferratis præfigunt ŏrā cāpĭtĭbus. *V.* ~ calx. *V.* ~-æ postes. *H.* **Crcl.** Ferro instructŭs, munitŭs, grāvĭs. **2.** *In iron armour.* ~ agmĭnā. *H. See* CATAPHRACTUS. **3.** Sts. *Iron, of iron. See* ÆRATUS.

FERRĔUS, ā, um. **1.** *Iron, of iron.* ~ annŭlŭs. *O.* imbĕr ingrŭlĭt; sēgĕs telorum. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Ferratŭs.] **2.** *Ætas ferrĕā. The iron age.* [¶ Ferrĕā progēnies, proles. Proles de duro ferro. Venæ pejoris ævum. Ferrĕā sæcŭlā. Detĕrĭŏr ætas.] Fig. **3.** *Iron-like.* ~ vox; somnŭs. *V.* lux ŏcŭlis. *St.* **4.** *Immovable, insensible; hard-hearted, cruel.* Fĕrŭs ĕt vere ~. *Tib.* ~-ā jurā. *V. See* DURUS. **5.** *Grievous, afflicting.* ~ sors vitæ. [¶ Grāvĭs, mŏlestŭs, durŭs.]

FERRUGINĔUS, ā, um. *Iron-coloured, dark-brown or green.* Et ferrugĭnĕa subvectat corpŏrā cymba. *V.* ~ āmictŭs. *Cl.* [¶ Atĕr.] *See* FERRUGO.

FERRUGO, ĭnis. *f.* **1.** *The rust of iron. See* RUBIGO. **2.** *A colour as of rusty iron,* or *a dusky red.* Quum cāpŭt obscura nĭtĭdum ferrugĭnĕ texĭt (sol). *V.* Tingĕrĕ vĭŏlas ~-ĭnĕ. *Cl.* **Crcl.** Ferrugĭnĕŭs cŏlŏr. **3.** *A dye of a deep purple, made chiefly in Iberia, of Pontus.* ~-ĭnĕ clarŭs ĭberā. *V. See* FERRUGINEUS. **4.** Fig. *Envy. H.* [¶ Ærugo.] *See* Æ.

FERRUM, i. *n.* **1.** *Iron* (the metal). Ferrum exercebant &c. (Cyclopes.) *V.* ~ dum mollĭāt ignis. *H.* **Ep.** Durum, sŏlĭdum, rĭgĭdum, vāllĭdum, grāvĭ. **Crcl.** Ferri rĭgŏr, pondĕrā, robŭr, robŏrā, vis. **2.** *Things made of iron:* 1. *A sword.* ~ in me convertĭtĕ ~. *V. See* ENSIS. 2. *A knife.* ~-o rescindĕrĕ (ulcĕris os). *V. See* CULTER. 3. *An axe* or *hatchet.* Lucos ~-o tĕmĕrassĕ. *O.*

See SECURIS. **4.** *A bolt, arrow.* ~ armarĕ vĕneno. *V. See* SAGITTA. **5.** *A plough-share.* ~-o scindĕrĕ æquŏr. *V.* proscindĕrĕ campum. *O. See* ARATRUM. **6.** *A chain,* or *chains.* Libĕrā a ~-o crurā. *O. See* CATENA. **7.** *Curling-irons.* ~-o torquerĕ cāpillos. *O.* [¶ Cālāmistrum.] **8.** *Scissors.* ~-o rĕsĕcarĕ cāpillos. *O. See* FORFEX. **3.** Fig. *War, military power.* Sævĭt āmor ~-ĭ. *V.* Lātĭo ~-o purpŭrā servĭt. *L.* [¶ Ensĭs.] *See* BELLUM, IMPERIUM.

FERTĬLIS, ĕ. **1.** *Fruitful.* Fertĭlĭor sēgĕs est ālĭenis sempĕr ĭn arvis. *O.* ~ arbos. *V.* [¶ Fecundŭs, fĕrax, frugĭfĕr, ābundans, ŭbĕr, lætŭs, divĕs, ŏpimŭs, prodĭgŭs, lŏcŭples, felix, luxŭrĭans.] **Crcl.** Frugum (cĕrĕrĭs) fĕrax, fertĭlĭs. Frugĭbŭs ŭbĕr, fecundŭs, fertĭlĭs, fĕrax. Tellus frugum ditissĭmā *or* prospĕrā; frugĭbŭs felix; frumentis optĭmā; pŏtens ŭbĕrĕ glebæ; pārens frugum. Fertĭlĭs ŭbĕrĕ campŭs. Divĭtĭs ŭbĕr āgri. ~Agĕr messĭbŭs ŏnĕratŭs, vestitŭs, exŭbĕrans, proventu sulcos ŏnĕrans, p. horrĕā vincens. ~Agĕr frumentis utĭlĭs. Pĕr se (nullo poscentĕ) omnĭā (divĭtĭas, messes, ālĭmentā) dans, fĕrens, suggĕrens. **2.** Gen. *Fertile, productive.* Lit. and fig. ~ ĕiŏquŭm. *Cl.* pectŭs. *O.* Bacchŭs Phœbo sŭo. *Pp. See* FECUNDUS. **3.** *Making fertile.* ~ æstiva āqua (Nilŭs). *Tib.* dĕā. *O.* [¶ Fecundŭs, felix.]

FERTĬLĬTAS, ātis. *f.* **1.** *Fruitfulness, abundance.* Hoscĕ mĭhi fructus, hunc fertĭlĭtatĭs hŏnorem. *O.* [¶ Copĭā, ubertas, ābundantĭā, ŭbĕr, fĕrācĭtas.] *See* COPIA, FERTILIS. **2.** *Used of the woman. O.*

FĔRŬLA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A herb* or *shrub so called having a long stalk* (fennel-giant). Silenus fĕrŭla tŭtŭbantes ebrĭŭs artus Sustĭnĕt. *O.* **2.** *A sort of horsewhip,* or *cane so used. O.* **3.** *Ferule* or *cane used upon children.* Et nos ergo mānum fĕrŭlæ subduxĭmŭs. *J.*

FĔRUS, ā, um. **1.** *Savage, wild, untamed, uncivilized.* Primā fĕros hābĭtus hŏmĭnĭ detraxĭt. *O.* ~-i Gĕtæ. *O.* jŭvĕnes. *Sen.* [¶ Fĕrox, asper, āgrestĭs, indŏmĭtŭs.] **2.** *Cruel.* ~ Jupĭtĕr. *V.* cor. *O.* dilŭvĭes. *H.* [¶ Crudelis, sævŭs, immitis, &c.] *See* SÆVUS.

FĔRUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A wild animal: stag, wild boar.* Pectebatquĕ fĕrum (de cervo). *V.* Ut vidit fĕrum (lĕonem) impunĕ lædi. *Ph.* **2.** *Any animal* (the ox. *O.*, the horse. *V.*), *but* us. *not domestic.* ~In fĕri alvum. *V.* (*of the monster Trojan horse.*)

FERVĔO, es, bŭi (*from the old verb* Fervo, is). **1.** *To grow hot, burn.* Incĭpĭt et sicco fervĕrĕ terrā Cānĕ. *Pp.* [¶ Fervesco, ardĕo, cālĕo, urŏr, accendŏr.] **2.** *To boil.* Fervĕt ollā. *Pers.* ~-ĕt ĕt exsultāt undā (ignĭbŭs subjectis). *O.* [¶ Æstŭo, exæstŭo, bullĭo, ebullĭo.] **Phr.** Lātĭces æstu exsultant. Tĕpĕfactŭs humŏr (lĭquŏr) æstŭāt. Undarum cŭmŭlŭs āheno (accenso, exusto) exundāt. Undā se non cāpĭt. **3.** *To surge, boil, foam up* (of the sea); gen. *to be in a state of agitation.* Omnĭā vento nimbisquĕ vĭdebĭs ~. *V.* [¶ Æstŭo, āgĭtŏr, mŏvĕŏr, turbŏr.] Fig. **4.** *To be alive with work, on the busy stir.* ~-ĕt ŏpĕrĕ semĭtā; ŏpŭs. *V.* ~-ent fŏrā litĭbŭs. *M.* **5.** *To glow, burn* (in a good or bad sense). ~-ĕt tŭmĭda āb ira. *O.* āvarĭtĭa; mĭsĕro cŭpidĭnē. *H.* leti āmorĕ. *Sil.* (*with inf.*) sceptrum cāpessĕrĕ. *Cl.* [¶ Flāgro, ardĕo.] *See* IRASCOR.

FERVESCO, ĭs. *To grow hot. Lr. Sen.* [¶ Ardesco, cālesco, incālesco.] *See* FERVEO.

FERVĬDUS, ā, um. **1.** *Hot, burning, boiling.* Et cŭmŭlant altos fervĭdā mustā lā us. *O.* ~ axis. *V.* [¶ Fervens, ardens, ignĕŭs, cālĭdŭs.] **2.** *Surging, tossing.* Vādā ~-ā. *V.* [¶ Æstŭans, æstŭosŭs, āgĭtatŭs.] **3.** Fig. *Hot, eager, sanguine.* ~ pĕdem pĕdē urgĕt; spe. *V.* ingĕnĭo. *O.*

[† Fervens, călĭdŭs, călens, ardens, flăgrans, accensŭs, incensŭs, succensŭs.]

Fervŏr, ŏris. *m. Great heat.* Lit. and fig. Mĕdĭlĭs fervorĭbŭs acrĭŏr instăt. *V.* Tanto fervorĕ rŭentes. *V.* [† Ardŏr, æstŭs, călŏr.] *See* Calor, Æstas.

Fescenninŭs, ă, um. 1. *Fescennine; of Fescennia, an ancient city of Etruria.* Hi Fescenninas ăcĭes, Æquosquĕ Fălĭscos. *V.* 2. Fescennini versus, or abs. *Fescennine verses, a sort of licentious satire, of early origin among the Romans, and continued under the emperors on different occasions. C. D.* Fescenninā pĕr hunc inventā lĭcentĭā morem. *H. See* Convitium.

Fessŭs, ă, um. 1. *Weary, fatigued.* [† Defessŭs, fătigatŭs, lassŭs. fractŭs, deflĭcĭens, exhaustŭs, languens, languescens, languĭdŭs, debĭlĭtatŭs, debĭlĭs, effetŭs.] 2. *Overpowered, overcome.* Somno ∾. *Tib.* [† Pressŭs, grăvĭs.] 3. *Weak, exhausted from illness.* Adjŭvŏr nulla ∾ mĕdentĭs ŏpĕ. *O. See* Æger. 4. *Fig.* ∾-æ undæ (errorĭbŭs). *O.* naves. *V.* ∾ dĭes. *St.* ∾-æ res (*an adverse, depressed state of things*). *V. See* Infortunium.

Festino, as. 1. Intr. *To make haste, hurry.* Haud mŏrā, festinant jussi: răpĭdisquĕ fĕruntŭr Passĭbŭs. *V.* Essĕdā festinant, pilentā, pĕtorrĭtā, naves. *H.* [† Prŏpĕro, cĕlĕro, accĕlĕro, apprŏpĕro, maturo, curro, præcĭpĭto, provŏlo, accurro, advŏlo; *sts.* prosĭlĭo, vŏlo.] Crol. Mŏras pello, projĭcĭo, rumpo, abrumpo, tollo, præcĭpĭto. Răpĭdis passĭbŭs fĕrŏr, vŏlo, advŏlo, avŏlo. Grādum cĕlĕro, accĕlĕro. Cursus cĕlĕro. Fūgam festino. Festino gressu vinco. ˘Itĕr răpĭo. Cĕlĕrem grādum concĭto. Me prorĭpĭo, aufĕro, prorŭo. Me mŏrā nullā tĕnĕt. Nullam mŏram făcĭo. Phr. *Haste, make haste.* Festina. Matura fūgam. Rumpĕ mŏras. Absistĕ mŏrari. Pellĕ mŏras omnes. Vadĕ ăgĕ, præcĭpĭta mŏram. Sŭbĭto cursu delabĕrĕ. Pĕdĕ tendĕ. Cursum addĕ. Addĕ grādum. Apprŏpĕra. Rĕmŏve mŏram. *See* Celer, Curro, Brevi. 2. Tr. *To hasten, cause to be done with speed,* or *do with speed.* ∾ jussā; fūgam. *V.* gestaminā. *St.* [† Prŏpĕro, deprŏpĕro, maturo, cĕlĕro, accĕlĕro, urgĕo, prĕmo, insto.]

Festinŭs, ă, um. *Making haste, quick, rapid.* Vestĕ tēgens, tĭbĭ quam noctes festinā dĭesquĕ Urgebam. *V.* ∾ canĭtĭes. *Cl.* ignis. *St.* [† Prŏpĕrŭs, prŏpĕrans, răpĭdŭs, cĕlĕr.] *See* Celer.

Festive, *adv.* 1. *Hospitably, handsomely, festally. Pl.* [† Comĭtĕr.] 2. *Pleasantly, wittily.* Festive credis te, Callĭŏdorĕ, jŏcari. *M.* [† Făcete, lĕpĭdĕ, urbane.]

Festivŭs, ă, um. 1. *Festive, full of gaiety and pleasure. Pl.* [† Festŭs, hĭlărĭs, jucundŭs, gratŭs.] 2. *Gentle and amiable.* Făcĭlĭs ĕt ∾. *Ter.* [† Jucundŭs, comĭs, făcĭlĭs.] 3. *Gay, agreeable, entertaining.* [† Lĕpĭdŭs, urbanŭs.]

Festucā, æ. *f.* 1. Us. *The wand used in freeing a slave.* Non in festuca, lictor quam jactāt Ineptŭs. *Pers. See* Vindicta. 2. *A stalk* or *straw. Col. See* Palea.

Festum, i. *n. A feast.* Ep. Annŭum, solennĕ. lætum, plum. Crol. Dĭes festŭs *or* festā. Lux festā. Lux sācrā. Solennĭā sācrā. Annŭā solennĭā, sācrā. Dĭes dĕo sācĕr. Dĭes anno rĕdĕuntĕ festŭs. Immunes ŏpĕrum dĭes.

Festŭs, ă, um. 1. *Festal.* Velarĕ ∾-a frondĕ. *V.* ∾ tempŭs. *H.* ∾-æ cālendæ. *Tib.* 2. *Keeping a feast, holiday-making.* ∾ turbā. *O.* pagŭs vācāt In pratis. *H.* 3. Convitĭā ∾. *See* Convitium.

Fetūrā, æ. *f. Propagation* (speaking of animals): *the offspring of the animal.* Sunt, fetūrā mĭnor, tĕpĭdis In ŏvĭlĭbŭs agni. *O.* ∾-æ hăbĭlĭs (ætas). *V.*

Fetŭs, ă, um. 1. *Pregnant.* (*This use of the word is uncommon; graves, it will be observed, is united with it in the line.*) Non insuetā grāves tentabunt pabŭlā fetas. *V.* 2. Us. *Having brought forth, been delivered of.* (Fetæ) implebunt mulctrālĭā vaccæ. *V.* ∾ lĕænā; ursā. *O.* vulpes. *H.* ūgrĭs. *L.* Turbamquĕ cāsæ qua fetā jăcebāt Uxŏr. *J.* Latonæ fetā nĕpotem Edĭdĭt (Cynthĭā). *St.* [† Enixā.] 3. (Used of things inanimate.) *Full, filled full.* Lit. and fig. ∾ austris lŏcā; armis (machĭnā). *V.* ăgĕr. *O.* Ira fetŭs. *Sil.* [† Plenŭs, grăvĭdŭs.]

Fetŭs, us. *m.* 1. *The offspring, young of animals.* ˘Ovĭum tĕnĕros depellĕrĕ fetus. *V.* [† Partŭs, proles, sŏbŏles, progĕnĭes, pignŏrā; *sts.* cătŭli, pulli, nidi.] 2. *A child. O. See* Filius, Progenies. 3. *The produce of the earth;* gen. *produce.* Mutatis rĕqulescunt fetĭbŭs arvā. Arbŏrĕi ∾ (*pl.*). Largo vinĕā ∾-u. *V.* Musarum ∾ (*pl.*). *Cat. See* Fructus, Germen.

Fibĕr, fĭbri. *m. A beaver.* Enātāt intento prædæ fĭbĕr avĭŭs hostĕ. *Sil. See* Castor.

Fibrā. *Sen. and us.* Fibrā, æ. *f.* 1. *A fibre,* us. *of the lungs; the entrails, especially of victims.* Pulmonĭs ănhelī Fibrā lātĕt. *L.* Nūmĕrare in pectŏrĕ fibras. *O.* [† Extā, viscĕrā.] 2. *Filament of a root.* ˘Et ămaris intŭlā fibris. *V.*

Fibŭlā, æ. *f. A clasp, buckle.* Subnectit fibūlā vestem. *V.* Ep. Aurĕā, argentĕā, curvā, ăducā, mordax, tĕnax.

Ficĕdŭlā, *and* Ficedŭlā, æ. *f. The beccafico* or *fig-pecker.* Mergĕrĕ ficĕdŭlas dĭdĭcit nĕbŭlonĕ pārentĕ. *J.*

Fictĭlis, ĕ. 1. *Made of earth, earthen.* Fictĭlĭs, et nullo vĭŏlatus Jupĭtĕr auro. *J.* ∾-ĭā pocŭlā. *Tib.* ∾ urnā. *Pp.* Crol. Fictā lūto. 2. Fictĭlĭā, ĭum. *n. pl.* (sc. pocula, vasa.) *Earthenware vessels of any kind.* ∾-ĭbŭs cœnarĕ pŏdĕt. *J.* [† Figlinā.] *See* Samius. 3. *Sts. in sing.* Tuscum ∾-ĕ mutāt. *Pers.*

Fictŏr, ŏris. *m.* 1. *One that makes* or *forms any thing* (carver, sculptor, &c.). *See* Auctor. 2. (With fandi.) *A coiner of words, cheat.* Fandi fictŏr ˘Ulysses. *V.*

Fictŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Fingo. 1. *Fashioned, dressed, formed with care.* ∾-i unguento căpĭlli. *M.* [† Compŏsĭtŭs, ornatŭs.] 2. *Feigned, imagined.* ∾-ă vŏluptatĭs causa. *H.* 3. *False, deceitful.* ∾-o pectŏrĕ fatŭr. *V.* ∾ astutusquĕ. *H.* gemĭtus. *O. See* Dolosus, Mendax. 4. Fictum, i. *n.* used subst. *That which is false, a lie, a fiction.* ∾ praviquĕ tĕnax. *V.* [† Mendacĭum, commentum.] Crol. Res fictā. *See* Mendacium.

Ficulnĕŭs, *and* Ficulnŭs, ă, um. *Of a fig-tree.* Olim truncŭs ĕram ficulnŭs, Inutĭlĕ lignum. *H.*

Ficŭs, i, *and* Ficus, us. *f.* 1. *A fig.* Sūamquĕ pullā ficŭs ornāt arbŏrem. *H.* Cum duplĭcĕ ficu. *O.* Ficus (*pl.*). *M.* Ficos. *Lucil.* [† Mollĭs, tĕnĕrā, dulcĭs, suavĭs, vĭrĭdĭs, lactens, pinguis.] 2. *A fig-tree.* Baccis cærŭlā ficŭs. *O.*

Fidelĭā, æ. *f. An earthen vessel.* Respondet vĭrĭdi non coctā fĭdelĭā limo. *Pers.*

Fidelis, ĕ. 1. *Trusty, sure.* Squama lorĭcā fĭdelĭs ĕt auro. *V.* ˘Ocŭlis ∾-ĭbŭs. *H.* Sermones ∾-es. *Cat.* Nunquam est ∾ cum pŏtentĭ sŏcĭĕtas. *Ph.* [† Tutŭs, certŭs, *or* verŭs.] 2. *Faithful, constant.* Uno In Septĭmĭo ∾ Acme. *Cat.* ∾-ĭā desiderĭā. *H.* [† Fidŭs, constans.] Crol. Fĭde notŭs, clarŭs, insignĭs, inclytŭs, illustrĭs, conspĭcŭŭs, spectatŭs. Hŏmo fĭdeli mentĕ. Vĭr constanti (Thesea) fĭde. Cujŭs prŏbātā (spectātā, inconcussā) fĭdes. *See* Amicus.

Fidelitĕr. 1. *Faithfully, so as to retain certainly.* Non rĕtĭnent pātŭlæ commissā fĭdelĭtĕr aures. *H.* Dĭdĭcissā ∾. *O.* 2. *With fidelity.* Ser-

virĕ ∾. *Pp.* [¶ Constantĕr.] **3.** *With attached and friendly feelings.* Mŏnŭī bĕnĕ multā ∾. *O.* (ˇAmicum) consŭlŭī ∾. *Pl.* [¶ ˇAmice.]

Fidena, *or* **Fidenæ,** æ. *f. and us.* **Fidenæ,** arum. *f. pl. An ancient city of Latium so called. C. D.* Hi tĭbĭ Nomentum, et Găbĭos, urbemquĕ Fidenam. *V.* Vivat Fidenis, ĕt ăgĕllo cedo păterno. *J.* (*The first syllable usually, and better, long.*)

Fidens, tis. *part. See* Fido. **1.** *Trusting in* or *to.* Fidentemquĕ fŭga Parthum versăque sĕ. ittis. *V.* [¶ Fistŭs, confistŭs, frettŭs.] **2.** *Confident, assured; bold, brave.* ∾ fer pectŭs In hostem; ănĭmi. *V.* [¶ Audax, confidens, intrĕpĭdŭs, fortis, securŭs.] *See* Fortis.

Fides, ĕi. *f.* **1.** *Good faith, honour, sincerity.* Culpari mĕtŭit fĭdes. *H.* **2.** Bŏna fĭde. *In all truth, without disguise* or *reserve.* **Crel.** Sĭnĕ fraudĕ. Non *or* haud dŏlo. **3.** Gen. *Trustworthiness, probity.* Nullā ∾ plĕtăsquĕ vĭris qui castrā sĕquuntŭr. *L. See* Probitas. **4.** *Faithfulness in fulfilling an engagement* or *in friendship.* En hæc promissā ∾ est! *V.* Constanti jŭvĕnem fĭde. *H.* Hæcnĕ mĕritā ∾. *Pp.* Pacti ∾. *Sen.* [¶ Fidelĭtas.] **Ep.** Sanctā, plā, incorruptā, purā, invĭŏlātā, inconcussā, immotā, stăbĭlĭs, tĕnax, longā. **5.** *Fact and fulfilment* (as opposed to the mere promise); *the real thing* (not the thing in words). Votā ∾ sĕquĭtŭr. *O.* Credĕ, brĕvĭquĕ ∾ ăděrĭt. *O.* [¶ Effectŭs, res.] **6.** *Pledged, sworn faith; word of honour.* Accĭpĕ daquĕ fĭdem. *O.* [¶ Sacramentum, juramentum.] **Crel.** Fides jurata, promissā, acceptā, dătā, pactā, pollĭcĭtā. *See* Jurandum. **7.** *Confidence.* ˇUbĭ primā ∾ pĕlăgo. *V. See* Fiducia. **8.** *Faith, belief, credit.* Credo ĕquĭdem, nec vanā ∾. *V.* Magnā ∾ ăvĭum est. *O.* Fatā mŏnentem privarĕ ∾-e. *St.* [¶ *Sts.* ˇOpinĭo.]

Fidicen, ĭnis. *m. A player on the lute* or *lyre.* Romanæ fĭdĭcen lyræ. *H.* Pindărĭcæ ∾ lyræ. *O. See* Citharœdus.

Fidis, is. *f.* (*not* Fides). us. Fides, ium. *pl. A string* or *strings of a musical instrument; a lute, lyre,* &c. Sumĕ fĭdem et phărĕtram. *O.* ∾-ĭbŭs cănoris. *V. See* Cithara, Lyra.

Fido, is, sŭs sum. **1.** *To trust, rely upon, put confidence in.* Heu, nĭhĭl invitis fas quemquam fĭdĕrĕ divis! *V.* ∾ pĕdĭbŭs. *V.* ŏpĕ ĕquina. *O.* [¶ Confido, credo, concredo.] **Crel.** Fĭdem hăbĕo, ĭdĭhĭbĕo, addo. Me hăbĕt fiducĭā. *See* Fides, Spero. **2.** *To venture, dare. V. See* Audeo.

Fiducia, æ. *f.* **1.** *Confidence, assurance, confident hope.* Tantănĕ vos gĕnĕris tĕnŭit fiducĭā vestri? *V.* Humanis quæ sit ∾ rebŭs. *V.* [¶ Fides, confidentĭā: *sts.* spes.] **Ep.** Firmā, immotā, inconcussā; vanā, tĕmĕrarĭā, fallax, funestā. **Crel.** Securā mens, cordā. *See* Spes, Securus. **2.** *Confidence, boldness.* Non cessĭt ∾ Turno. *V.* ∾ rerum Rŭtŭlos hăbĕt. *V. See* Audacia.

Fidus, ă, um. **1.** *Faithful.* Fortunatā dŏmus, mŏdo sit tĭbĭ fidŭs ămĭcŭs. *Pp.* ∾ custos *V.* ∾-issĭmā conjux. *O.* [¶ Fidelis.] *See* F. **2.** *Certain, to be relied upon.* ∾-ă responsā. *V.* [¶ Fidelis, certŭs, tutŭs.] *See* Taciturnus.

Figo, is, xi, xum. **1.** *To fix, nail, fasten.* Lit. and fig. Vĕrŭbusquĕ trĭmentĭā figunt (tergŏ rā). *V.* ∾ ădămantĭnos clavos. *H.* ŏcŭlos In virginĕ. *O.* [¶ Infigo, defigo, præfigo.] **2.** *To hang up*; sp. *arms.* ∾ donā; postĭbŭs adversis (clĭpĕum); armā Troĭā. *V.* [¶ Suspendo, affigo.] **3.** *To plant.* ∾ ramos hŭmo. *O.* [¶ Defigo, infigo, defŏdĭo.] **Crel.** Altĭŭs, pĕnĭtŭs defigo. Terræ, terra defigo. *See* Planto. **4.** *To pierce, wound.* ∾ damas; ærĭpĭdem cervam. *V.* vulnĕrā. *M.* [¶ Configo, defigo, transfigo, confŏdĭo, &c.] *See* Confodio. **5.** *Fig.* ∾ dictā (sc. In ănĭmo). *V.* intra te nostras quĕrĕlas; măcŭlam rebŭs. *J.* [¶ Defigo.]

Figulus, i. *m. A potter.* Sĭcănĭæ fĭgŭlo sum gĕnĭtorĕ sătŭs. *Aus.* Urbs a fĭgŭlĭs munĭtā. *J.* **Crel.** Argillæ fictŏr. Testarum ŏpĭfex.

Figura, æ. *f.* **1.** *Form, shape, figure.* Lit. and fig. Lymphā fĭgŭras Datquĕ căputquĕ nŏvas. *O.* Signatŭr cerā ∾-is. Lăpĭdis traxissĕ ∾-am. Pĕrĕundi millĕ ∾-æ. *O.* [¶ Formā, spĕcĭes, imago, făcĭes, sĭmŭlacrum.] **2.** *The human form, face, countenance.* Spectasquĕ tŭum stŭpĕfactā ∾-am. *O.* [¶ Vultŭs, os, făcĭes; *sts.* corpŭs, vistŭs, adspectŭs.] **3.** *Shades of the dead, spectres.* Quales fama est vŏlĭtarĕ ∾-as. *V. See* Simulacrum. **4.** *Traced characters. Cl.* [¶ Nŏtā.]

Figuro, as. *To fashion, form.* Os tĕnĕrum pŭĕri balbumquĕ pŏĕtā fĭgurăt. *H.* [¶ Formo, fingo, compono.]

Filia, æ. *f. A daughter.* Lit. and fig. Et pulchræ fĭlĭā Ledæ. *O.* Silvæ fĭlĭā nobĭlis (pinŭs). *H.* [¶ Natā, fĭlĭŏlā, proles, sŏbŏles.] **Ep.** Carā, dilectā, dulcis, tĕnĕrā, tĕnellā; pulchrā, formosā, pŭdicā, castā. *See* Filius, Virgo.

Filiola, æ. *f.* Filiŏlus, i. *m. A little son* or *daughter* (a caressing word). Quod tĭbĭ fĭlĭŏlus vel fĭlĭā nascĭtŭr ex me. *J.*

Filius, ii. *voc.* fili. *m. A son.* Est gĕnĭtor Peleus, est Pyrrhus fĭlĭŭs illi. *O.* [¶ Fĭlĭŏlus, natŭs, pŭĕr, proles, sŏbŏles, lĭbĕri, &c.] *See* Proles. **Ep.** Carŭs, dilectŭs, tĕnĕr; formosŭs, pulchĕr; ingĕnŭŭs; optatŭs, unĭcŭs. **Crel.** Mascŭlā *or* vĭrĭlis proles. Sŏcĭi tŏri pignŏrā. **Phr.** Spes pārentĭs. Sĕnectæ *or* sĕnĭi rĕquies, dulcĕ lĕvamĕn.

Filix, ĭcis. *f. A fern.* Fĭlĭcumquĕ mănĭplis Sternĕre hŭmum. *V.*

Filum, i. *n.* **1.** *A thread.* Purpŭrĕasquĕ nŏtas filis intexŭĭt albis. *O.* Rĕgĕrĕ filo vestigĭā. *V.* [¶ Stamĕn; *sts.* linum.] **Ep.** Tĕnŭē, subtilē, lĕvē, grăcĭlē, textilē. **Crel.** Fili stamĕn, stamĭnā. *See* Neo. **2.** *The thread of the Parcæ.* Dum sŏrorum Fĭlā trĭum pătĭuntŭr atrā. *H.* [¶ Stamĕn.] *See* Parcæ. **3.** *The string of a musical instrument.* Consŏnā fĭlā lyræ. *O.* [¶ Chordæ, fĭdes.] *See* Cithara. **4.** Fig. *Thread, texture of a work.* Tĕnŭi deductā pŏĕmătā ∾-o. *H.*

Fimbria, æ. *f. A fringe, border.* [¶ Limbŭs, orā, instĭtā, lăcĭnĭā, cirrŭs.]

Fimus, i. *m. Dung, manure, filth.* Ne sătŭrarĕ fĭmo pingui pŭdĕat sŏlā. *V.* [¶ Cœnum, lŭtum, stercŭs.] *See* Stercus.

Findo, is, fĭdi, fissum. *To cleave.* Lit. and fig. Partes ŭbĭ se vĭā findĭt In ambas. *V.* ∾ arvā æstu. *V.* vomĕrĕ terras; lĭquĭdum acrā tăllarĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ Diffindo, scindo, proscindo, sĕco, dividĕo, sĕpăro.] *See* Seco. **Phr.** Cŭnĕis fĭssĭlĕ lignum scindo. *See* Scindo, Separo.

Fingo, is, inxi, ictum. **1.** *To fashion, form, make.* Lŭtĕum sub trăbĕ fingĭt ŏpŭs. *O.* Dædălā ∾ tecā. *V.* [¶ Fĭgĭo, confĭgĭo, strŭo, pono, compono, effĭcĭo, formo.] **2.** *To make* (of a work of the mind). Versus ∾. *H.* **3.** *To set in order* (sp. of the hair), *to dress, trim.* ∾ pŏsĭtas cŏmas. *O.* Fingi cura mŭlĭĕrum. *Ph.* ∾ pŭtando (vitem). *V.* [¶ Compono, excŏlo, orno; *sts.* como.] **4.** *To stroke, fondle.* ∾ corpŏrā lingua. *V.* mănus ægras mănĭbŭs ămĭcis. *O.* Fig. **5.** *To shape, form* (of the mind). *instruct.* ∾ vocĕ păterna ăd rectum; ĕquum irĕ vĭam. *H.* [¶ Instrŭo, formo, informo.] **6.** *To make, render.* ∾ se dignum dĕo. *V.* [¶ Effĭcĭo, reddo.] **7.** *To conceive, devise, prepare.* ∾ fŭgam; fallacĭam. *Pl.* **8.** *To feign.* ∾ mĕtus; se pāvĭdum. *V.* jŏcum tristi mentĕ; causas. *Tib.* [¶ Simŭlo.] **9.** *To suppose, fancy.* Lăcrĭmas ∾-ă vĭdĕrĕ

mĕas. *O.* Tecum ∾-ĕ trĭumphos. *Pp.* [¶ Cogĭto; *for the imp.* fac, ponĕ.]

FINIO, is, ivi *or* ĭi, itum. 1. *To bound, limit.* Sardĭbŭs hinc, illinc parvis finitŭr Hypepis (Tmolŭs). *O.* ∾-ĭt ăquas ripă. *O.* [¶ Claudo, concludo, termĭno.] 2. *To put an end to, finish, complete.* ∾ dŏlores. *H.* mĕtum; doctos cantus. *O.* [¶ Absolvo, perfĭcio, confĭcio, exĭgo, pĕrăgo, implĕo, complĕo, explĕo; *sts* exsĕquŏr.] **Crol.** Finem do, făcio, impono, stătŭo, constĭtŭo, fĕro, præscribo. Mŏdum stătŭo, pono, figo. ˘Ad finem perduco. Extremam mănum impono, addo, ădhĭbĕo, affĕro, admŏvĕo. Finis ădest. Ventum ăd sŭpremum est.

FINIS, is. *m. f.* 1. *A boundary, limit.* Labĕrĕ finĕ tŭo (de amnĕ). *O.* *See* FINES. 2. Us. *End, term.* [¶ Exĭtŭs, termĭnŭs, metă, limĕs.] **Ep.** Sŭpremŭs, extremŭs, ultĭmŭs, optatŭs, quæsĭtŭs, speratŭs. *See* TERMINUS. 3. *End, object.* ∾-em certum voto pĕtĕrĕ. *H.* contingĕrĕ. *O.* [¶ Metă, limĕs.] 4. Pl. *Boundaries, limits, frontiers.* Lit. and fig. Linquĕrĕ pătrĭæ ∾-es. *V.* Sunt certi denĭquĕ fines (recti). *H.* [¶ Confinĭă, termĭni, limĭtes.] **Crol.** Finĭtĭmi ăgri, campi, pŏpŭli. Vicină *or* contermĭnă tellus.

FINITĬMUS, ă, um. *Neighbouring, adjoining.* Hic ĕgŏ finĭtĭmis quamvis circumsŏnĕr armis. *O.* [¶ Vicinŭs, prŏpinquŭs, contermĭnŭs, proxĭmŭs.]

FIO, is, factŭs sum. *pass. of* Facio. *To be done, made, become, happen.* Omnĭă jam fient, fĭĕri quæ posŭ nĕgabam. *O.* Mĕllŏr fis, accedentĕ sĕnecta. *H.* [¶ Efficĭŏr, evado, existo, evĕnio.]

FIRMAMĔN, ĭnis. *and* FIRMAMENTUM, i. *n.* *A stay, support.* Porrĭgĭtur radix, longi firmamĭnă trunci. *O.* Lapsæ dŏmus ∾. *Sen.* [¶ Cŏlŭmĕn, fulcimĕn.]

FIRMO, as. 1. *To strengthen; make firm, strong.* Truncă mănum pinus rĕgĭt, et vestigĭă firmăt. *V.* Vires industrĭă ∾-ăt. *V.* [¶ Confirmo, stăbĭlio, robŏro, vĕgĕto.] *See* ROBORO. 2. *To fortify.* ∾ ădĭtus urbis. *V.* *See* MUNIO. Fig. 3. *To give assurance, confidence.* ∾ omĭnĕ ănĭmum. *V.* lăbantes pătres consĭlio. *H.* [¶ Confirmo, erĭgo, extollo.] 4. *To confirm, ratify.* ∾ omĭnă; fœdĕrĕ dictis. *V.* [¶ Confirmo, sancio.]

FIRMUS, ă, um. 1. *Firm, strong, solid.* Firmă căvavĭt Robŏrĕ. *V.* ∾ cărină *O.* Secto corpŏrĕ firmĭŏr (Hydrĕ). *H.* [¶ Vălĭdŭs, sŏlĭdŭs, fixŭs, stăbĭlis, infrăgĭlis; *sts.* immotŭs, immobĭlis, inabruptŭs.] Fig. 2. *Firm, constant.* ∾ pectŭs. *V.* ∾ defendĭs rectum &c. *H.* [¶ Constans, vălĭdŭs, fortis, intrĕpĭdŭs, immotŭs.] *See* CONSTANS. 3. *Sound* (of wine). ∾-issĭmă vină. *V.* 4. *Sts. with inf.* Fundus pascĕrĕ ∾. *H.*

FISCELLA, *and* FISCĬNA, æ. *f.* *A little basket.* Et grăcĭli fiscellam texĭt hibisco. *V.* Rŭbĕa texatur fiscĭnă virga. *V.* [¶ Călăthŭs, cistă, &c.] *See* CALATHUS.

FISCĬNA. *See* FISCELLA.

FISCUS, i. *m.* 1. *A basket for holding money.* *J.* 2. Fig. *The privy purse;* sts. *public treasury.* Res fisci est. *J.*

FISSILIS, ĕ. *That which can be cleft.* Nam primi cŭnĕis scindebant fissĭlĕ lignum. *V.*

FISTŬLA, æ. *f.* 1. *A water-pipe.* Non ălĭter quam quum vĭtiato fistŭlă plumbo Scindĭtŭr. *O.* *See* CANALIS. 2. *A shepherd's pipe.* [¶ ˘Arundo, cannă, ăvenă, călămŭs, cicută.] **Ep.** Rustĭcă, ăgrestis, silvestris; argută, cănorĕ, blandă, grată, dulcis, suavis, garrŭlă, stridens; grăcĭlis, tĕnŭis, căvă. **Phr.** 1. *The Pan-pipe.* Fistŭlæ—septenis cannis dispar;—septenis ăcrundĭnibŭs compactă;—dispărĭbŭs ăvenis paulatim surgens;—obliquâ canna garrŭlă;—silvestri dĕo sacrâ;—*cera* junctă;—cui sempĕr ăcrundĭnis ordo *decrescit;*—*c. s.* Inæquales ăvenæ;—c. călămŭs usquĕ mĭnŏr cera jungĭtŭr. Septenă cannă. **Phr.** 2. *To play on the Pan-pipe.* Călămis lăbellum tĕrĕrĕ. ˘Avenis, plĭcĕ junctis *or* structis, cantarĕ (silvestrem musam fundĕrĕ *or* mĕdĭtari). Călămos hiantes pĕrcurrĕrĕ. 3. *A reed for writing, a pen.* *Pers.* [¶ ˘Arundo, călămŭs.]

FIXUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* FIGO. 1. *Fixed, infixed, fastened to, in,* or *upon.* 2. Fig. *Fixed, settled, sure.* ˘Animo ∾-um immotumquĕ. *V.* [¶ Immotŭs, stăbĭlis, certŭs.]

FLABELLUM, i. *n.* *A fan.* *Ter.; any thing shaped as a fan.* Et mŏdŏ pavonis caudæ flabellă sŭperbi. *Pp.* **Crol.** Motă purpŭrĕ. Pavonum (rŏsĕæ) alæ.

FLABRA, orum. *n. pl.* *A puff* or *breeze of wind* (no sing.). Ergo non hĭĕmes illam, non flabrĕ, nĕque imbres. *V.*

FLABRUM. *See* FLABRA.

FLACCIDUS, ă, um. *Flaccid, faded, drooping.* Flaccĭdĭore ĕdĭam quanto jam turbĭnĕ fertŭr. *Lr.* *See* MARCIDUS.

FLAGELLO, as. *To scourge, lash.* Lit. and fig. Mollesquĕ flăgellant Collă cŏmæ. *M.* *See* FLAGELLUM (Phr.), VERBERO.

FLAGELLUM, i. *n.* 1. *The shoot of a branch.* Nevĕ flăgellă Summă pĕtĕ. *V.* 2. *A whip, scourge.* Insŏnŭitquĕ flăgello. *V.* [¶ Flăgrum, lorum, virgă, scŭtĭcă, verbĕr *or* verbĕrĕ.] **Ep.** Durum, grăvĕ, dirum, crudelĕ, sævum, rĭgĭdum, tristĕ, immitĕ; tortum, stridens, crĕpĭtans. **Phr.** *To flog, scourge.* Flăgello (flăgris, virgis, verbĕrĕ, verbĕrĭbŭs, loris) cædo (concido, tundo, ăgĭto, excĭto, stĭmŭlo, urgĕo, quătĭo, tango, lăcĕro, sĕco, scindo, torrĕo). *To be scourged, flogged, &c.* Tergo plectŏr. Tergă flăgello, flăgris &c. cædŏr &c. Flăgrâ pătĭŏr. Corpŭs pĕr flăgrâ scindŏr. *Flogged, scourged.* Flăgellis rŭbens (sectŭs, cæsŭs). *Flogged to death.* Cæ-ŭs ăd mortem. 3. *The scourge of conscience.* Torrĕt qm flăgellis (mens conscĭă). *Lr.* Occultum quătĭente ănĭmo tortorĕ flăgellum. *J.*

FLAGITIOSUS, ă, um. *Shameful, infamous;* sp. *as abandoned person.* *Cic.* (Flagĭtium.) *See* TURPIS, INFAMIS.

FLAGITIUM, ĭi. *n.* *A disgraceful, infamous deed; infamy.* Posses in tanto vivĕrĕ flagĭtio! *Pp.* Pejusquĕ leto ∾ timĕt. *H.* [¶ Infamĭă, opprŏbrium, dedĕcŭs.]

FLAGITO, as. 1. *To demand importunately.* Quæ sint ĕă numĭnă divum, Flagĭtăt. *V.* [¶ Effăgĭto.] *See* PETO, PRECOR. 2. Sp. *To demand what is due, to dun.* *Pl.*

FLĂGRANS, tis. *part.* *See* FLAGRO. 1. *Burning, on fire.* (Used also act. *See* FLAGRO.) Crinemquĕ flăgrantem Excŭtĭĕrĕ. *V.* ∾-es gĕnas. *V.* trăbes ignĕ. *Sen.* [¶ Ardens, accensŭs, incensŭs, flammatŭs, &c.] *See* ARDENS. 2. Fig. *Burning with strong feeling, ardent, spirited.* ∾ sidĕrĕo clypĕo; tŭmultŭs. *V.* dulcedĭnĕ laudis. *Sil.* Flăgrantes ĕquos. *St.* [¶ Fervĭdŭs, acĕr.]

FLĂGRO, as. us. FLAGRO, as. 1. Intr. *To burn, be on fire.* Flagrabant sancti scĕlĕratis ignĭbŭs ignes. *O.* [¶ Ardĕo, accendŏr, incendŏr, urŏr, &c.] *See* ARDEO, INCENDIUM. *Fig.* 2. ∾-ant lumĭnă nymphis. *O.* ∾-ăt jŭventus. *Pp.* [¶ Ardĕo, călĕo.] 4. Sts. tr. *To love ardently.* Flăgrans ămŏr Herŭlis Hebeu. *Pp.* [*The first syllable is seldom found short, except in* flagrans.]

FLĂGRUM. *Pl. or* FLAGRUM, i. *n.* *A whip, scourge.* Lit. and fig. Ad sŭă qui dŏmĭtos deduxit flagrâ Quĭrites (sc. Cæsăr). *J.* *See* FLAGELLUM.

Flamĕn, ĭnis. I. n. *A blast of wind, breeze, blowing.* Sed me flamĭnĭbus venti majorĭs Iturum. *O.* Bĕrĕcyntĭæ flamĭnĭ tibiæ. *H.* *See* Flatus. II. m. *A priest so called appointed to some particular god:* Dialis *of Jupiter*, Martialis *of Mars*, Quirinalis *of Romulus.* Flamĕn ăd hæc, prisco morĕ, Dialis ĕrăt. *O.*

Flaminica, æ. *f. The wife of a flamen.* Ipse ĕgŏ flamĭnĭcam poscentem febrŭ̄ vidi. *O.*

Flaminius, ĭi. m. 1. *The name of several Roman generals, of whom Q. Flaminius, who was killed at the Thrasimene lake, is the most famous.* Sint tĭbĭ Flamĭnĭus Thrăsymenăquĕ littŏrĕ testes. *O.* 2. ~-ĭus, ă, um. *Flaminian.* Flamĭnĭă vĭă, or aba. *The Flaminian way, made by Flaminius from Rome to Ariminum.* Flamĭnĭæ Claudĭă junctă vĭæ. *O.* Quorum Flamĭnĭa tĕgĭtur cĭnis *J.*

Flamma, æ. *f.* 1. *A flame, fire.* Flammarum longos a tergo albescĕrĕ tractus. *V.* [¶ Ignis, vulcanus; *sts.* æstus, călŏr, văpŏr.] Ep. Fervĭdă, torrĭdă, ardens; crĕpĭtans, stridŭlă; fulgens, clarĕ, rŭtĭlans, cŏruscă, trĕmŭlă, &c. *See* Ignis. 2. Pl. *Stars.* ~-æ vŏlantes. *Lr.* pŏlo fixæ. *O.* *See* Astrum. Fig. 3. *Used of ardent desire, fiery look*, &c. ~ gŭlæ. *O.* dĕcŏris. *Sil.* Stant lumĭnă ~-a (de ŏcŭlis). *V.* 4. Freq. *The passion of love.* Est mollis ~ mĕdullas. Toto percepĭt pectŏrĕ ~-am. *V.* Virgĭnĕo conceptas pectŏrĕ ~-as. *O.* [¶ Ignis, ardŏr, æstŭs.] *See* Amor.

Flammĕum, *and dim.* Flammĕŏlum, i. *n. A veil of an orange-red* or *flame-colour worn by brides.* Lutĕă demissos velarunt flammĕă vultus. *L.* Sĕdĕt illĭ pārato Flammĕŏlo. *J.*

Flammĕus, ă, um. 1. *Flamy, of fire.* Inquĕ cŏma flammĕŭs arŭit āpex. *O.* [¶ Ignĕŭs.] 2. *Flaming, fiery, burning.* Lit. and fig. ~ Mulcĭbĕr. *St.* ~-ă lumĭnă. *V.* vestigĭă cervæ. *Cat.* [¶ Flammatŭs, flammans, flammĭfĕr, ignĕŭs, ignitŭs, ignĭfĕr, ignĭvŏmŭs, accensŭs, incensŭs, ardens, flăgrans, călĭdŭs, călens, candens.] Orel. Ignĕ, igni, flamma rŭbens, ardens, cŏruscŭs. 3. *Flame-coloured. V. Fl.* [¶ Flammĕŏlŭs, flammatŭs.]

Flammifĕr, *and* Flammigĕr, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Carrying, casting flame.* Flammĭfĕram pleno reddĕrĕ ventrĕ făcem. *O.* ~ Erinnys. *Sen.* Flammigĕr Titan. *L.* *See* Flammeus.

Flammo, as. 1. Tr. *To inflame, set on fire.* Lit. and fig. Sol prōpĭus flammalăt āquas. *V. Fl.* ~-ato cordĕ. *V.* *See* Inflammo, Accendo. 2. Intr. Flammantĭă lumĭnă torquens. *V.* Flammantem făcem. *V. Fl.*

Flatus, us. m. 1. *A blowing.* Nondum spissă nĭmis complerĕ sĕdĭlĭă flatu (de tibĭă). *H.* 2. Sp. *A blowing, a blast of the wind.* Hibernis parcebant flatĭbŭs euri. *V.* [¶ Flamĕn, flabrŭ, spirĭtŭs, aura, ănĭmă.] *See* Ventus. 3. *The breath, breathing.* ~ sĕquentum. *V.* [¶ Spirĭtŭs, ănhelĭtŭs.] 4. Fig. *Pride, haughtiness. V. O.* *See* Superbia.

Flavĕo, es, *and* Flavesco, ĭs. *To be yellow, to grow yellow.* Seu flavent: plăcŭit crŏcĕis Aurŏrăcăpillis. *O.* Lȳdæ flaventĭbŭs arvis. *V.* Flaventes cŏmæ. *V.* F. ceræ. *O.* Flavescĕt campŭs ĭrista. *V.* Orel. Flavum cŏlorem trăho, duco, indŭo, conclĭdo.

Flavicŏmus, ă, um. *Having yellow, flaxen*, or *golden hair.* Tunc et flavĭcŏmis rădĭantĭă tergŏrĕ villis. *Cl.* *See* Flavus.

Flavus, ă, um. 1. *Yellow.* Flavăquĕ de vĭrĭdi stillabant ilĭcĕ mellă. *V.* ~ Tĭbĕrĭs. *H.* [¶ Flavens, flavescens, aurĕŭs, crŏcĕŭs, lutĕŭs.] 2. *Fair, flaxen* (of the hair). Cui ~-am rĕlĭgas cŏmam? *H.* ~ Apollo. *O.* Phr. *Auburn, golden hair.* Flaventĭă tempŏrĕ. Crŏcĕi căpilli. Crŏcĕæ cŏmæ. Cŏmæ auro sĭmĭles (aurĕæ, flaventes). Cŏmă gratŭ̄r auro. Fulvă cæsărĭes.

Flebilis, ĕ. 1. *To be wept over* or *for, lamentable.* Multis illĕ bŏnis flebĭlĭs occĭdĭt, Nulli flebĭlĭor quam tĭbĭ, Virgĭli. *H.* [¶ Flendŭs, lăcrĭmabĭlis, deflendŭs, lugendŭs, lamentabĭlis; lugŭbris, funestŭs, mĭsĕrabĭlis, tristis.] 2. *Weeping, full of tears and sorrow.* ~ spargĕbăt ĭmbrĕ sĭnus. *O.*

Flebĭlĭtĕr, *and* Flebĭlĕ. *n. as adv. Sadly, mournfully.* Responsant flebĭlĕ ripæ. *O.* ~ Itys flebĭlĭter gĕmens. *H.* [¶ Mœstum, lugŭbrĕ.]

Flecto, is, xi, xum. 1. *To bend.* Arcus Flectĕrĕ quæ sŏlĕăt. Flectĭtŭr ăb arbŏrĕ ramŭs. *O.* [¶ Inflecto, curvo, torquĕo.] 2. *To turn, turn to another direction, direct in turning.* ~-It ĕquos; vĭam velis; huc gĕmĭnas ăcĭes. *V.* [¶ Deflecto, verto, converto, torquĕo, detorquĕo, tendo, intendo, rĕgo, dirĭgo.] *Fig.* 3. Cerĕŭs ĭn vĭtĭum flecti. *H.* ~ ŏcŭlos ăd &c. *J.* ănĭmos ăd &c. *O.* sese ăd fœdĕrĕ. *V.* 4. *To move, incline* (bend the heart), *persuade.* ~ sŭpĕros. Flecti prĕcĭbŭs. *V.* F. blandĭtĭis. *O.* [¶ Placo, exoro, mŏvĕo, mitĭgo, vinco, mollĭo, &c.] *See* Placo. 5. Intr. *Turning on a road, turning out of a road.* Lævo flectentes limitĕ. *V.* Mĕdĭis ~-ăt ăb undis. *V. Fl.* *See* Deflecto.

Flĕo, es, evi, etum. 1. Intr. *To weep, shed tears.* Si vis me flerĕ, dŏlendum est &c. *H.* [¶ Lăcrĭmŏr, lugĕo.] *See* Lacrimor. 2. Tr. *To weep, bewail.* Flĕtĕ mĕos casus. *O.* ~ ămorem testudĭnĕ. *H.* amissum Anchisen. *V.* [¶ Lugĕo, deflĕo, suspiro, gĕmo, ingĕmo, &c.] *See* Lamentor. 3. *Used of things inanimate.* Ubĕrĭbŭs flent omnĭă guttis. *Lr.* Flevĭt ĭn templis ŏbŭr. *Sen.* *See* Stillo.

Fletus, us. m. 1. *Tears, weeping.* Largo fletu sĭmŭl orā rigăbăt. *V.* [¶ Lăcrĭmæ.] *See* L. 2. *Deep sighs and tears, lamentings.* Talesquĕ mĭserrĭmă fletus Fertquĕ rĕfertquĕ sŏrŏr. *V.* [¶ Gĕmĭtŭs, lamentum, questŭs, luctŭs.] *See* Gemitus.

Flexanimus, ă, um. *Heart-moving, touching.* Quæ tĭbĭ flexănĭmo mentem perfundăt ămorĕ. *Cat.*

Flexibilis, *and* Flexĭlis. 1. *Flexible, supple.* Torquĕt ĕquorum Flexĭbĭles rictus. *O.* Curvabit flexĭlĕ cornŭ. *O.* [¶ Lentŭs, făcĭlis.] 2. Fig. *Curring, curling, curly* (of hair). ~ circŭlŭs auri. *V.* cŏmă. *V. Fl.* [¶ Flexŭs, lentŭs, curvŭs, intortŭs.]

Flexipes, ĕdis. *m. f. Crook-footed.* Vos quŏque flexĭpĕdes hĕdĕræ. *O.*

Flexura, æ *f. A binding, curvature.* Assĭmĭli lătĕris flexura prædĭtă nostri. *Lr.* ~ rŏtæ. *Sen.* [¶ Curvatura, flexŭs.]

Flexus, ă, um. *part.* *See* Flecto. *Bent.* Lit. and fig. Magna vi flexă dŏmatur In burim. *V.* Flexos vĭrĭbŭs arcus. *V.* Flexus ăd mitĭŭs iras. *O.* ~ ănĭmum. *V. Fl.* [¶ Inflexŭs, curvŭs, curvatŭs, flexĭbĭlis, flexĭlis, lentŭs.]

Flexus, us. m. 1. *A turning, winding, coiling.* Maxĭmŭs hic flexu sĭnŭoso elabĭtur Anguis. *V.* Flexĭbŭs errăt Mincĭus. Ossă păti flexus. *V.* [¶ Curvatura, flexura, gyrŭs, orbes.] 2. Pl. *Windings, winding ways.* Notis flexĭbŭs præcurrĭt. *Ph.* [¶ Circŭ̄lŭs, gyrŭs.]

Flictus, us. m. *The shock of two bodies.* [¶ Conflictŭs, afflictŭs.]

Flo, as. 1. Intr. *To blow.* Inflexo tibĭă cornu Flabĭt. *O.* Flabăt ădhuc curŭs. *O.* [¶ Spiro, adspiro.] *See* Ventus. 2. Tr. ~ prœlĭă tŭba. *M.* Tibĭă flatŭr. *O.*

Flora, æ. *f. Flora, the goddess of flowers, and wife of Zephyrus.* Chlorĭs ĕram, quæ Florăvŏcŏr. *O.* [¶ Chlorĭs.] Orel. Zĕphyri con-

jux, uxŏr. ˘Odorē gratīā Florē. *See* FLOS, VER.

FLORALIA, ĭum *or* ĭorum. *n. pl. The festival of Flora. M. See* FLORA.

FLORALIS, ĕ. *Of* or *pertaining to Flora.* Exĭt ĕt in Maias festum Floralē cālendas. *O.*

FLORENS, tis. 1. *That which is in flower.* Florentes fĕrūlas et grandīā lilīā quassans. *V. See* FLOREUS. Fig. 2. *That which is in the flower of life.* Ambo florentes ætatĭbŭs. *V.* ~ jŭventā. *H.* [† Pubens, vīrīdis.] *See* JUVENIS. 3. *Bright, shining beautifully.* ~-es ærē cătervas. *V.* ignē smăragdos. *St. See* NITIDUS. 4. *Flourishing, living happily.* ~ stūdĭis ignobĭlis oti. *V.*

FLORĔO, es. 1. *To blossom, be in flower.* Vernāt hūmus floretque, et mollīā pabŭlā surgunt. *O.* Coplā thymbræ florēāt. *V.* [† Floresco.] Crcl. Flores indŭo, fundo, spargo, fĕro, submitto, ĕdŭco. Florĭbŭs indŭŏr, pubĕo, vestĭŏr, ŏpĕrĭŏr, dĕcŏrŏr, ornŏr, vārĭŏr, distinguŏr; florĭbŭs me vestĭo, me indŭo. ˘In florem me indŭo. *S.* 2. Fig. *To flourish, be prosperous, in repute.* Nos quŏquē florūīmus; sed flos fŭīt illē cāducŭs. *O.* ~ vīris. *V.* legĭbŭs (*of a country or city*). *Ph.* ~-ent verlā. *H. See* VIGEO.

FLORESCO, is. *To flower, blossom.* Florescunt tempŏrē certo Arbustā. *Lr. See* FLOREO.

FLORĔUS, *and* **FLORĬDUS**, ă, um. 1. *Flowery, made of flowers.* Seu vĕtŭs in trĭvĭo florīdā sertā lăpis (hăbĕt). *O.* 2. *In flower, full of flowers.* Pĕr florēā rurā. *V.* Florīdā Hybla. *O.* [† Florens, florĭfĕr.] Crcl. Florē *or* florĭbŭs vīrens, pubens, cŏmans, vestitŭs, dĕcorŭs, distinctŭs, nĭtens.

FLORIDUS. *See* FLOREUS.

FLORIFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing flowers.* Florĭfĕris ŭt ăpes in saltĭbŭs omnīā libant. *Lr.* Verē florĭfĕro. *Sen. See* FLORILEGUS, FLOREUS.

FLORILĔGUS, ă, um. *Flower-gathering,* or *honey-gathering from flowers.* Florĭlĕgæ nascuntŭr ăpes. *O.*

FLOS, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A flower, blossom of a plant.* Ut flos in septis secretus nascĭtŭr hortis. *Cat.* Florē sēmel læso pĕrĕunt vĭcĭæquē făbærquē. Crŏcĕis halantes florĭbŭs horti. *V.* [† Floscŭlŭs.] Ep. Vernŭs, vernans, æstivŭs, candīdŭs, nĭvĕŭs; rŏsĕŭs, purpŭrĕŭs, crŏcĕŭs; pictŭs, vārĭŭs, nĭtens, nĭtīdŭs, āmœnŭs, dĕcorŭs, gratŭs, lætŭs, blandŭs, mollĭs, tĕnĕr, nŏvŭs, nascens, rĕcens; dulcĭs, suavĭs, ŏlens, ŏdorŭs, rĕdŏlens, frāgrans; ŏdorem late fundens. ˘In gramĭnē ridens. Crcl. Omnĭs coplā narĭum. Pratorum, hortorum dĕcŭs. Verĭs ŏpes. *See* FLOREO. Fig. 2. *The flower, prime of life.* ~ jŭventæ. *V.* ætatĭs. *Lr.* Crcl. Ævum florens. Anni florentes. *See* JUVENTUS. 3. *The flower* (the choicest) *of all.* Tum flos Hespĕrĭæ, Lātī jam solā jŭventus. *L.*

FLOSCŬLUS, i. *m. dim. of* Flos. *J.*

FLUCTISŎNUS, ă, um. *Resounding with the waves.* Insŭlā fluctĭsŏno circumvallatā prŏfundo. *Sil.*

FLUCTIVAGUS, ă, um. *Wandering over the waves.* Fluctĭvăgos nautas scrutatoresquē prŏfundi. *St.* [† Undĭvăgus.]

FLUCTŬO, as, *and* **FLUCTUŎR**, arĭs. *d.* 1. *To toss about* (of the sea). Impulsum rostris sŏnŭit mārē, fluctŭāt undā. *L.* [† Æstŭo, fervĕo, ăgĭtŏr, commŏvĕŏr.] *See* ÆSTUO. Fig. 2. *Of the mind.* ~ irarum æstu. *V.* mālis. *Cat. See* CURA. 3. *To be on the wave* (as the waters of the sea). Fluctŭāt ærē rĕnidenti tellus. *V.* ~-āt ignĭbŭs ĕt ventis aer. *Lr.* zĕphyro sĕgĕs *S.n.* [† Undo.] 4. *To fluctuate, waver.* ~-āt ardŏr āmantum. *Lr.* ănĭmo nunc huc, nunc illuc. *V.* [† Flŭĭto.] Crcl. Incertŭs, dŭbĭŭs sum, hærĕo.]

FLUCTUS, us. *m.* 1. *A billow, wave.* Et vastos volvunt ad littŏrā fluctus. *V.* [† *Sts.* Æstŭs.] Ep. Æquŏrĕŭs, salsŭs, undans, spumĕŭs, tūmens, tūmĭdŭs, rāpĭdŭs, vālĭdŭs, prŏcellosŭs, immanis, mĭnax, sævŭs, vesanŭs, insanŭs, fūrens. Crcl. Undā tūmens. Moles ăquarum. Præruptŭs ăquæ mons. ˘Aquarum montes, cūmŭlŭs. Ingens pontŭs. Undarum glŏbŭs. 2. *The sea, the waters of the sea.* Nunc me ~ hăbĕt. *V. See* MARE, FLUVIUS, AQUA. 3. Fig. *Storms, troubles.* ~ (*pl.*) rerum. *H.* irarum. *V.* curarum. *St.* [† Æstŭs.]

FLUENS, tis. *part. See* FLUO. 1. *Flowing.* Ludĭte: sŭnt anni morē flŭentis ăquæ. *O. See* FLUO. 2. *Dripping, streaming with* (from which there streams). Artus sānĭe tăboquē ~-es. *V.* Mādīdā ĭn vestē ~. *V.* Sudorē ~-ĭā brachĭā. *O.* [† Sudans, manans, humĭdŭs, mādens.] 3. *Flowing* (of garments). Sīnus collectā ~-es. *V.* Tūnĭcis ~-ĭbŭs. *O.* [† Fluxŭs, flŭĭtans, undans, laxŭs.] 4. *Used of branches of trees, hanging down* or *over.* Ramos compescĕ ~-es. *V.* Cedentes ŏnĕri ramos silvamquē ~-em. *M.* [† Pendens, depressŭs, cādens.] 5. *Used of flowing hair.* Cŏmæ pĕr lævīā collā ~-es. *Pp.* and *V.* 6. *Of words, fluent, coming with ease and in fulness.* Cantus ~. *Sil. See* FLUMEN. 7. *Flowing with* or *in, yielding* or *having in abundance.* Multo ~-es baccho (vites). *V.* Luxu ~. *Cl. See* FERTILIS, ABUNDANS.

FLUENTUM, i. *n.* us. **FLUENTA**, orum. *pl. A stream of water, a river.* Undē pātĕr Tĭbĕrinūs ĕt unde ˘Anĭenā flŭentā. *V.* Xanthi flŭentā. *V. See* FLUVIUS.

FLUIDUS, ă, um. 1. *Fluid, liquid.* Lumĭnis effossi flŭĭdum lāvīt indē lĭquorem. *V.* ~-o cālorē corpŏrā tabescunt. *O.* [† Flŭens, lĭquĭdŭs.] 2. *Loose, hanging loose.* ~-i āmictus. *St.* lăcerti pendent. *O.* [† Flŭens, fluxŭs.]

FLUITANS, tis. 1. *Floating, straying on the water.* Amisso flŭĭtantem errarē măgistro (navem). *V.* [† Nātans.] 2. *Floating,* (of garments, &c.) *waving about.* ~ āmictŭs. *Cat.* ~-ĭā lorā. *O. See* FLUENS. 3. Fig. *Wavering, unstable, uncertain.* Cæca ~-ĭā sortē. *H.* ~ incerto errorē. *Lr.* bellum. *St.* fĭdes. *Cl.* [† Incertŭs, dŭbĭŭs, suspensŭs, pendŭlŭs, jactatŭs.]

FLUITO, as. *freq. of* Fluo. 1. *To flow, stream.* Per rictus aurum flŭĭtarē vĭderes. *O.* 2. Us. *To be wafted by the waves, to float.* ~ in summo lĭquorē. *Lr.* [† Fluctŭo, nāto, no, fĕrŏr.] 3. Fig. *To waver, be uncertain.* Neu flŭĭtem dŭbĭæ spe pendŭlŭs horæ. *H.* [† Fluctŭo.] *See* DUBITO.

FLUMEN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *A stream of water.* Aut rāpĭdus montano flumĭnē torrens. *V.* Flumĭnē languīdo Cocytŭs errans. *H.* 2. *A river.* [† Flŭvĭŭs, amnĭs, flŭentā (orum).] *See* FLUVIUS. 3. *A stream, gush of tears, blood,* &c. Cālĭdum de pectŏrē ~. *V.* Humectāt flumĭnē vultum. *V.* ~ āgĭt (de sudorē). *V.* [† Fluctŭs, rivŭs, imbĕr.] 4. Fig. *Stream of people. Sil.*

FLUMINĔUS, ă, um. *River,* adj. Nec sŭā flumĭnĕa corpŏrā mergīt ăqua. *O.* ~ alnŭs. *Sil.* [† Flŭvĭālis.] *See* F.

FLUO, is, uxi, uxum. 1. *To flow.* Intĕr ŏpimā vīrum leni flŭĭt agmĭnē Tibrĭs. *V.* Auro fluxīt (Italīā). *V.* Lăcrĭmæ fluxerē pĕr orā *O.* [† Mano, profluo, decurro, labŏr, delabŏr, fĕrŏr, volvŏr, ĕo; *sts.* effluo, deflŭo, influo, rŭo, prorumpo.] Crcl. ˘Aquas volvo, ăgo. ˘In arvā fĕrŏr. Cursus ăgo. Vārĭis cursĭbŭs fluo, vāgŏr. Sīnŭosis flexĭbŭs erro. Campum pĕto. Cultā rigo, humecto, irroro. 2. *Used of the wind. Lr.; of fire. Sil.* 3. *To flow, hang loose* (used of garments). Flŭĭt effuso tŏgā laxā sinu. *Tib. See* FLUENS. 4. *To fall off, fall down.* Flŭĭt ād

terram cervix. *V.* Flŭunt de mānĭbŭs lorā rĕmissā; spontē maturā pomā. *V.* armā. *St.* căpĭti rōsæ. *Sen.* *See* CADO. Fig. 5. *Used of that which is in continuous course.* Incerto flŭĕrent mortalĭā casu. *Cl.* Flŭĭt carmĕn vena paupĕrĭorĕ. *O.* clades In pătrĭam. *H.* 6. *To flow away, pass away* (of time). *H.* [† Elabŏr.] 7. *To flow, to waste, waste away.* Ex illo ~ spes Dānăum. *V.* 8. *To be affluent in, have in abundance.* ~ luxŭrĭa. *Tib.* fŭcetĭis. *Pl.* [† Diffluo, affluo, ăbundo.] *See* FLUENS.

FLŬVĬĀLIS, ĕ. *River*, adj. Et ripis flŭvĭālĭs ăcundo. *V.* ~-is ănăs. *O.* [† Flumĭnĕŭs, flŭvĭatĭlĭs; *sts.* ăquatĭcŭs, amnĭcŏlā.]

FLŬVĬUS, ĭi. *m.* 1. *A river.* In frĕtā dum flŭvĭī current. *V.* [† Flumĕn, amnis, flŭentā (orum); *sts.* torrens, rivŭs.] Ep. Vāgŭs, errans, sĭnŭosŭs; altŭs, prŏfundŭs; nĭtĭdŭs, limpĭdŭs, purŭs, lĭquĭdŭs; āmœnŭs, herbosŭs, rĭgŭŭs, irrĭgŭŭs; frĭgĭdŭs, gĕlĭdŭs; declivis, præceps, lubrĭcŭs, pronŭs, labens, decurrens, torrens, cĭtŭs, concĭtŭs, rāpĭdŭs, vŏlentŭs, mĭnax, trux, rāpax, undans, exundans, effusŭs, tūmĭdŭs, tūmens; sŏnorŭs, frăgosŭs, raucŭs; spumĕŭs, spumans, spumĭfĕr, turbĭdŭs; plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, lenis, pĭgĕr. Tramĭtĕ sĭnŭoso currens. Cursĭbŭs obliquis flŭens. ˘In mārĕ decurrens. Murmŭrĕ rauco labens. Rupē devexa vŏlutŭs. Sĭnŭosis flexĭbŭs errans. Turbĭdŭs hibernis ăquis. **Crol.** Flumĭnis undæ *or* alvĕŭs. ˘Aquarum cursŭs *or* lapsŭs. Rāpĭdi flumĭnum *or* flŭvĭorum lapsus. Montanŭs torrens. Declivi flumĕn cursu. 2. *Water.* ~-os præbĕrĕ rŭentes (căpris). *V.* *See* AQUA.

FLUXŬS, ă, um. 1. = Flŭĭdŭs. 2. *Loose, wide, hanging about.* Fluxā vĭrorum velamentā. *L.* ~-i ămictus. *L.* [† Flŭens, flŭĭdŭs, flŭĭtans, laxŭs.] 3. *Unstable, unsteady.* ~-æ res Phrȳgiæ. *V.* [† Cāducŭs, mobĭlis, instăbĭlis, pĕrĭturus, mutabĭlis, vărĭabĭlis.]

FOCALĬ, *or* FAUCALĬ, is. *n.* (*from* Fauce.) *A sort of bandage for the neck* (for the sick). Ponas insignĭā morbi, Fascĭŏlas, cŭbĭtal, focalĭā &c. *H.*

FŎCŬLUS, i. *m. dim. of* Focus. *A little hearth; small portable altar.* Jam lăvāt, et bucca fŏcŭlum excĭtāt. *J.*

FŎCUS, i. *m.* 1. *A hearth, fire-place;* hence, *house.* Lignā sŭper fŏco Large rĕponens. *H.* Hăbĭtātum quinquĕ fŏcis (ăgellum). *H.* [† Cāminŭs, fŏcŭlus; *ext.* ignis.] *See* CAMINUS. 2. *The altar fire-pan or dish.* Munĕrā libo fŏcis. *V.* Turā dārĕ fŏcis. *Tib.* ˘In antiquos fŏcos. *O.* 3. Sts. *Funeral pile. V.* *See* ROGUS. 4. *Fire, flame.* Exhĭbŭit vivos carbăsŭs albā fŏcos. *Pp.* Pĕr trĭā partitos dăbāt orā fŏcos. *Pp.* (Caelĭs.) *See* IGNIS.

FŎDĬCO, as. *To pierce, bore; to jog in order to remind.* Mercemur servum qui dictet nomĭnā, lævum Qui fŏdĭcet lătŭs. *H.*

FŎDĬNA, æ. *f. A mine. Plin.* (Fŏdĭo.) **Crol.** Mĕtalli (æris, auri, argenti) venā *or* venæ (rivŭs, semĕn). Prĕtĭosā viscĕrā terræ. Aurĭfĕræ fossæ. Abdĭtā terris lamĭnā *or* lamnā. Durā sĭlĭcum mĕtallā. **Ep.** Aurĭfĕrā, &c., divĕs, gĕnĕrosā, prodĭgā, felix, bĕnignā. Argenti (æris) rivos (mĕtallā) venis ostendens. Auro plurĭmā flŭens. ˘Inexhaustis mĕtallis gĕnĕrosā. Mĕtalli grăvĭdā. **Phr.** *Of the miner.* Imis terræ viscĕrĭbŭs, lucĕ rĕlicta, mergĭtŭr. Abdĭtā terræ ăvarŭs scrutatŭr. Argenti venam lătentem ferro erŭĭt. ˘In viscĕrā terræ pallĭdŭs (auri scrutatŏr) descendĭt. *See* AURIFER.

FŎDIO, is, fodi, fossum. 1. *To dig* (the ground). Durā lăcertosi fŏdĭebant arvā cŏlŏni. *O.* Foderĕ cŭbĭlā talpæ. *O.* [† Defŏdĭo, effŏdĭo, cāvo, erŭo, rĕcludo, proscindo; *sts.* verso.] *See* ARO. 2. With oculi, &c. *To dig out, pluck out the eyes. O.* [† Effŏdĭo.] *See* CÆCO. 3. *To prick, goad, stab.* Lit. and fig. ~ ĕqui armos calcarĭbŭs. *V.* pectŭs In iras; mentem invĭdĭæ stĭmŭlo. *Sil.* guttŭrā cultro. *O.* jŭgŭlum ensĕ. *M.* [† Fŏdĭco, pungo, prĕmo; stĭmŭlo; confŏdĭo.] *See* S. *and* C.

FŒDO, as. 1. *To make foul, spoil, defile.* Vultusquĕ sĕniles Fœdāt hŭmi fustŭs. *V.* ~ sanguĭnĕ silvas. *O.* [† Inquĭno, măcŭlo, pollŭo, &c.] *See* POLLUO. 2. *To disfigure by wounds, rend* or *lay open, lay waste.* ~ orā ungulbŭs; Argŏlĭcas lātĕbras ferro. *V.* *See* LACERO. 3. Fig. *To dishonour, insult, shock.* ~ glorĭam majorum. *Pl.* pătrĭos vultus (funĕrĕ nati). *V.*

I. FŒDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Foul, filthy, shocking to the sight.* ~-ă corpŏrā vĭis jăcent. *O.* sĭmŭlacrā fumo. ~ cĭcatrix. *H.* ventrĭs prolŭvĭes. *V.* [† Turpis, deformis, obscenŭs, ătĕr, sordĭdŭs.] 2. Fig. *Filthy, base, shocking to the moral sense.* Nil dictu fœdum &c. *J.* [† Turpis, sordĭdŭs; impurŭs, spurcŭs.]

II. FŒDŬS, ĕris. *n.* 1. *An alliance.* Oblato gaudens componi fœdĕrĕ bellum. *V.* [† Pactum, concordĭā, ămicĭtĭā; *sts.* dextrā *or* dextræ.] **Ep.** ˘Amicum, sŏcium, concors, communĕ, sācrum, firmum, stăbĭlĭ, æternum, perpĕtŭum, pĕrennĕ, mansurum; fictum, dŏlosum, mendax, fallax. **Crol.** Fœdĕrĭs lex *or* leges. Fĭdes pacti *or* fœdĕrĭs. Fœdŭs ămicĭtĭæ. Pacis fœdŭs, fœdĕrā, pignŭs. **Phr.** 1. *To conclude a treaty, make an alliance.* Fœdŭs *or* fœdĕrā jungo (Ĭnĕo, compono, fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, pango, formo, concĭpio, plăcĭscŏr). ˘In fœdĕrā me mitto. ˘In *or* ād fœdŭs vĕnĭo. Pacem jungo (concĭlĭo, compono, sancio, fœdĕrĕ jungo, &c.). Fœdĕrĕ dextram *or* dextras jungo, conjungo, sŏcio. Dextram *or* dextras In fœdĕrā jungo. Dextræ conjungo dextram. Fœdĕrĕ mentes constringo *or* ănĭmos sŏcio. Leges ĕt fœdĕrā jungo. Fœdĕrĕ pacto *or* icto. ˘In ămicĭtĭam cŏĕo. *See* SOCIUS. **Phr.** 2. *To break a treaty, violate an alliance.* Fœdŭs *or* fœdĕrā vĭŏlo (frango, solvo, rumpo, tĕmĕro, confundo, excŭtĭo, lædo, turbo, pollŭo, dĭrĭmo, rescindo). Pacti fĭdem vĭŏlo, sperno, &c. Sŏcĭorum dextras fallo. Compŏsĭtam pacem disjĭcio. Fœdŭs ănĭmo excĭdĭt. *See* PERJURUS. 3. *Used of any union, marriage, friendship,* &c. Lecti fœdĕrā. Fœdŭs ămicĭtĭæ. *O.* *See* CONJUGIUM, AMICITIA. 3. *Laws;* us. *the laws and constitution of nature.* Has leges æternāquĕ fœdĕrā impŏsŭit naturā. *V.* Quo fœdĕrĕ Naturæ fĭāt. *Lr.* Parcarum fœdĕrĕ cautum est. Naturæ pollŭĕ ~. *O.* [† Lex.]

FŒMINA. *See* FEMINA.

FŒNĔRĀTŎR, oris. *m.* *A usurer.* Hæc ŭbĭ lŏcutus fœnĕrātŏr Alfĭus. *H.* [† ˘Avĭdŭs, ăvarŭs, ĭniquŭs.]

FŒNĔRO, as, *and* FŒNĔRŎR, aris. *To lend money on usury;* hence, sts. *to lend, give the use of.* Hæc sāpĭt, hæc omnes fœnĕrāt unā Dĕos. *M.* **Crol.** Do fœnŏri *or* In usuram. Fœnŏrĕ lŏco *or* commŏdo. Fœnŭs *or* usuram exercĕo. Usura lŭcrum quæro *or* capto. *See* FŒNUS.

FŒNILĬ, is. *n.* *A hay-loft.* Nec tota claudes fœnilĭā bruma. *V.*

FŒNISĔCA, æ. *m.* *A mower.* Fœnĭsĕcæ crasso vĭtĭarunt ungulnĕ pultes. *Pers.*

FŒNUM, i. *n.* *Hay. Pp.* **Ep.** Vernum, vĭridĕ, ŏdorum.

FŒNUS, ŏris *or* ĕris. *n.* *The interest of money.* 1. *The interest of money lent, usury.* Dives pŏsĭtis in fœnŏrĕ nummis. *H.* Res fœnŏrĕ crescĭt. *H.* *See* USURA. 2. *The interest of money borrowed.* ˘Avĭdum In tempŏrĕ ~. *L.* Sŏlutŭs omni fœnŏrĕ. *H.* Fœnŏrĕ lĭbĕr. *M.* Fig. 3. *Of the*

return made in fruits by the earth. Hordĕăque ingenti fœnŏrĕ reddĭt ăgĕr. *O.* 4. Gen. *Gain, profit. Pp. See* LUCRUM.

FŒTĔO, es. *To stink;* us. *of the breath. M.* [† Putĕo.] **Crel.** Mălĕ, grăvĕ *or* grăvĭtĕr ŏlĕo. *See* ODOR.

FŒTĬDŬS, ă, um. *Stinking, corrupt.* Jejunĭtatis plenŭs, ăălĭma fœtĭda. *Pl.* ∾-i pisces. *Pl.* [† Putĭdŭs, tetĕr, grăvĭs, mălĕ ŏlens, pestĭfĕr, corruptŭs.]

FŏLĬUM, ĭi. *n. A leaf.* At si luxŭrĭa fŏlĭorum exubĕrăt umbrā. *V.* [† Frons (dĭs).] *See* F.

FOLLIS, is. *m.* 1. *A pair of bellows.* Follĕ prĕmis ventos. *Pers.* Taurinis follĭbŭs auras Accĭpĭunt reddunturque. *V.* **Ep.** Taurinŭs, tŭmĭdŭs, inflatŭs, turgens, turgĭdŭs, căvŭs, ventosŭs. **Crel.** Ventosæ pellĕs. 2. *A ball of inflated leather.* ∾-ĕ dĕcet pŭĕros ludĕrĕ, ∾-ĕ sĕnes. *M.* 3. *A bag of leather* or *skin;* hence, *a purse. J. See* CRUMENA.

FOMENTUM, i. *n. A fomentation, remedy,* &c. Lit. and fig. Fomentisquĕ jŭvas vulnĕrā nostrā tŭis. *O.* Curarum ∾. *H.* [† Leniměn, lĕvaměn, mĕdellā.]

FOMES, ĭtis. *m. Fuel.* Arĭdā circum Nutrimentā dĕdit, răpŭitque in fomĭtĕ flammam. *V.* Excĭtarĕ flammas admoto fomĭtĕ. *L.*

FONS, fontis. *m.* 1. *A source of water, fountain.* Desĭlĭt e saxo quĕrŭlis fons garrŭlŭs undis. *O.* [† Lymphā, lătex, undā, ăquā, rivŭlŭs.] **Ep.** Săcĕr; errans, văgŭs, fŭglens, fŭgax; pĕrennis, vivŭs, jugis; garrŭlŭs, quĕrŭlŭs, sŏnans, sŭsurrans; limpĭdŭs, clarŭs, argentĕŭs, illimis, nĭtĭdŭs, purŭs, perlucĭdŭs, cristallĭnŭs, vĭtrĕŭs; præceps, sălĭens, cĭtŭs, răpĭdŭs; rĭgŭŭs, irrĭgŭŭs; fecundŭs, ămœnŭs, dulcis, gratŭs; gramĭnĕŭs, herbosŭs, ŏpacŭs, umbrosŭs; gĕlĭdŭs, frigĭdŭs. **Crel.** Fontis ăquā *or* ăquæ. Rivŭs ăquæ. Fontani lătĭces. ˘Aquæ căpŭt. Venā manantis ăquæ. Undā fontani gurgĭtis. **Phr.** *The gush* or *streaming of the water from its source.* Saxo (lŏquaces, fŭgaces) lymphæ desĭlĭunt (exundant). Saxo lymphā manăt (obliquo rivo trĕpĭdăt, trĕpĭdarĕ lăborăt). 2. *Water.* Mănĭbŭs dant fontes. Restinguĕrĕ ∾-ibŭs ignes. *V. See* AQUA. Fig. 3. *Used of the powers and resources of the mind.* Exundans ingĕnĭi fons. *J.* 4. *Source, principle, origin.* ∾ cladis; scribendi recte (săpĕrĕ). *H.* [† ˘Origo, principĭum, causā.]

FONTANŬS, ă, um. *Of a fountain* or *spring.* Bis căpŭt intonsum fontana spargĭtŭr unda. *O.*

FONTICŬLUS, i. *m. dim. of* Fons. *H.*

FŎR (*obs. in the first pers.*). faris, fatŭs sum. *defect. To speak.* Sic fatur lăcrĭmans classique immittit hăbenas. *V.* Fatŭs ĕrăt; fabŏr; farĕ; fandi; fatu. *V.* Fari. *L.* Fabĭtŭr. *Cic.*

FŎRABĬLIS, ĕ. *That may be pierced, vulnerable.* Contemptor ferri, nulloquĕ fŏrabĭlis ictu. *O.* [† Pervĭŭs.]

FŎRAMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *A hole, aperture.* Et tĕnŭes stridentĕ fŏramĭnĕ longe Ejăculatŭr ăquas (fistŭlā). *O.* Simplex fŏramĭnĕ pauco (tibĭā). *H.* [† Mĕatŭs; *sts.* hiatŭs, rimā.] 2. *Pores.* Pĕr rarā fŏramĭnā terræ. *Lr.* [† Mĕatus.]

FŎRAS. *adv. Out of doors, forth* (implying motion). Missā fŏras ĭtĕrum limen transirĕ mĕmento. *O.* Fĕr cĭnĕres, ˘Amărylli, ∾. *V.* **Crel.** Extra dŏmum (ædem, liměn, fŏres).

FORCEPS, ĭpis. *m. f. A pair of tongs, pincers.* (Sing. or pl.) Versantquĕ tĕnaci forcĭpĕ ferrum. *V.* **Ep.** Curvā, tĕnax. *See* FORFEX.

FŎRĔ, fŏrem, &c. *See* SUM. Hinc fŏrĕ ductores. *V.*

FŎRENSIS, ĕ. 1. *Of* or *pertaining to the forum, the place of public meeting.* Innati trĭvĭis ac pænĕ fŏrenses. *H.* 2. Us. *Forensic, having to do with law and law-courts.* Quid vălĕas, ignoret, martĕ fŏrensi. *O.*

FŎRES, ĭum. *f. pl.* 1. *The gate of a house, door of a room.* Difficiles moto cardĭnĕ pandĕ fŏres. *O.* [† Janŭā, postes, valvæ, liměn.] *See* JANUA. 2. *Sts. sing.* Limĭnā gĕmĭnæ fŏris. *O.* Exclusŭs fŏrĕ &c. *H.*

FORFEX, icis. *f. A pair of scissors. M.*

FŎRI, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *The gangways, hatches, deck of a ship.* Implessemquĕ fŏros flammis. *V.* 2. *The cells in the honey-comb; the comb. V.* [*Found in sing.* (*Enn.*), *which anc. was* Forum.]

FŎRICÆ, arum. *f. pl. Public privies.* Conducunt fŏrĭcas. *J.*

FŎRIS. *adv. Out of doors, abroad* (motion not implied). Ne bĭbĕris dilutā; fŏris est promŭs, ĕt atrum. *H.* [† Extra, extĕrĭŭs.] *See* FORAS.

FŎRIS, is. *f. subst. See* FORES.

FORMA, æ. *f.* 1. *Shape, figure.* Curvi formam accĭpĭt ulmŭs ăratri. *V.* [† Figurā, spĕcies, imago, făcies, effĭgies.] 2. *The bodily appearance of any animal* or *person; the person* or *animal itself, as taken in by the eye.* Ignoti nŏvā formā vĭri. *V.* Formæquĕ dĕorum. *O.* ∾-æ ŭlŭlarĕ lŭporum. *V.* fĕrarum. *Sil.* [† Spĕcies, făcies, figurā, simŭlacrum.] 3. *Beauty.* Concordĭā formæ atquĕ pŭdicĭtiæ. *J. See* PULCHRITUDO. 4. Fig. *Species, kind. V.* [† Spĕcies, figurā, făcies, gĕnŭs.]

FORMICA, æ. *f. An ant.* Exemplo est magni formicā lăborĭs. *H.* **Ep.** Provĭdā, prudens, săgax, cautā, callĭdā; frugĭlĕgā, granifĕrā; impigrā, vĭgĭl, sedŭlā; ăvarā, parcā; parvā, parvŭlā. **Crel.** Quæsiti tĕnax. Hĭĕmis præsagā (mĕmŏr, non incautā, haud ignarā). Pătĭens lăborum; stŭdĭosā lăborĭs.

FORMIDABILIS, ĕ. *Formidable.* Nullæ in frontĕ mĭnæ, nec formidabĭlĕ luměn. *O.* [† Mĕtŭendŭs, horrendŭs.]

FORMIDO, as. *To dread.* Tu quŏquĕ formida nimĭum sublimĭā sempĕr. *O.* Nautis ∾-atŭs ˘Apollo. *V. See* TIMEO.

FORMIDO, ĭnis. *f.* 1. *Fear, dread.* Ille hæc depŏsĭta tandem formidĭnĕ fatur. *V.* [† Tĭmŏr, păvŏr, mĕtŭs, horrŏr.] *See* TIMOR. 2. *That which strikes with fear.* Lucŭs caligans nĭgra ∾-inĕ. *V.* Cistæ plenæ tăcĭta ∾-inĕ. *V. Fl.* ∾ furum ăvĭumquĕ. *H.* [† Horrŏr.] 3. *A foil* or *set set with feathers of different colours to scare birds* or *wild beasts in hunting.* ∾ punĭcĕæ pennæ. *V.* Terrerĕ vărĭa ∾-inĕ cervos. *O.*

FORMIDŎLOSUS, ă, um. 1. *Timid. Ter. See* TIMIDUS. 2. Us. *Terrible.* Formidŏlosæ dum lătent silvis fĕræ. *H.* [† Mĕtŭendŭs, formidabĭlis.] *See* METUENDUS.

FORMO, as. 1. *To frame, fashion, shape.* ∾ classem. *V.* căpillos. *Pp.* [† Fingo, condo, strŭo, compono, ædĭfĭco, pono, &c.] *See* FUNDO (as), FINGO. 2. Fig. *To form by instruction, train, educate.* ∾ dictis. *O.* ăd stŭdĭum ăgrestem. *V.* pectŭs præceptis. *H.* [† Informo, instrŭo, instĭtŭo, fingo, excŏlo, erŭdĭo.]

FORMOSUS, ă, um. 1. *Beautiful* (of personal appearance). Formosi pĕcŏris custos, formosĭŏr ipsĕ. *V.* ∾ mŭlĭĕr. *H.* [† Pulchĕr, dĕcŏrŭs, &c.] *See* PULCHER. 2. Gen. *Beautiful.* ∾ dies; tempŭs. *O.* annŭs. *V.* [† Pulchĕr, nĭtens, ridens, candĭdŭs.]

FORMŬLA, æ. *f. dim. of* Forma. 1. Freq. *A law-term; formula* (set form) *of proceeding in law.* ∾ jurandi jurĭs; pacti. *O.* 2. Gen. *Rule, principle.* Hæc pŏpŭlos, hæc magnos formŭlā legĭs (tĕnĕt). *H.* [† Regŭlā, normā.]

FORNAX, acis. *f. and dim.* FORNACŬLA, æ. *f. J. A forge, oven.* Vulnĭfĭcusquĕ chălybs vasta fornacĕ lĭquescĭt. *V.* Rĕcŏquunt pătrĭos ∾-ibŭs en-

sea. *V.* [† Fornacālĭ, cămĭnŭs; *sts.* furnŭs.] **Ep.** Vastĭ, prŏfundĭ, căpax, căvĭ, ardens, ignĕĭ, fervens, fervĭdĭ, candens, atrĭ, nĭgrĭ.

Fornix, ĭcis. *m. A vault, arch.* Aut amnis ripis aut alti fornĭcĭ saxi. *V.* [† Arcŭs, cămĕrĭ, testudo; *sts.* thŏlŭs, curvaturĭ.] **Ep.** Cāvŭs, curvŭs, inflexŭs, pendens.

Fors, *abl.* fortē (*seldom in the gen.*). *f.* **1.** *Chance, good* or *bad luck. H.* [† Sors, casŭs, fortunĭ.] *See* **Fortuna.** **2.** Fors, *and* Fortē, *abl. used adv. By chance, mayhap.* Si fors victorĭ Turno cessĕrĭt. *V.* Fortē fŭit crater. *O.* [† Fortuna, casu; forsăn.]

Forsăn, Forsĭtăn, Fortassē (*V.*), **Fortassis,** *and sts.* **Forsĭt** (*H.*). *Perhaps.* [† Fors.]

Fortē. *adv. See* **Fors.**

Fortĭs, ĕ. **1.** *Strong, robust.* ~ cŏloni; tauri. *V.* [† Vălĭdŭs, robustŭs.] *See* **Robustus.** **2.** *Strong, stout.* Fortĭ fĭlĭ. *O.* vincŭlĭ. *Sen.* [† Firmŭs, sŏlĭdŭs, vălĭdŭs.] **3.** *Used of the wind. O.* [† Vălĭdŭs.] **4.** *Used of size.* ~-Ibŭs armentis. *O.* [† Grandĭs, magnŭs, ingens.] **5.** *Used of wine.* ~ Fălernum. *H.* [† Acrĭ, sĕverum.] **6.** *Powerful, efficacious.* ~-es herbæ; ~-ĭ mĕdĭcamĭnĭ. *O.* [† Pŏtens, vălens.] **7.** *Brave, resolute.* [† Strenŭŭs, ănĭmosŭs, audax, fidens, magnănĭmŭs, invictŭs, impăvĭdŭs, firmŭs, constans, fĕrox.] **Crol.** Non timĭdŭs. ˘Anĭmi præstans *or* egrĕgĭŭs. Ingens ănĭmis. Fortē pectŭs. Fortĭ bello pectŏrĕ. Fortissimĭ cordĭ. Mānu fortĭs. Martē fĕrox. Fortĭs ăd armā *or* ĭn armis. Virtutē præstans (egrĕgĭŭs, pŏtens, haud ullĭ sĕcundŭs). Virtutĭs haud expers, non ēgens. Expers terrorĭs. ˘Ad fatā non segnis. Implĭgĕr ăd letum. Promptŭs ăd vulnĕrā. **8.** *Used of things inanimate.* ~ consĭlĭum; castusquē crŭŏr (de Lucretĭa). *O.*

Fortĭtĕr. *adv.* **1.** *Sturdily, firmly.* Fortĭtĕr occŭpa Portum. *H.* Non ~ hærēt āsellŏ. *O.* [† Vălĭdē, firmĭtĕr.] **2.** *With power, force, violence.* ~ ardent ignes. *O.* [† Acrĭtĕr.] **3.** *Bravely, resolutely.* [† ˘Anĭmosē, audactĕr, constantĕr, acrĭtĕr, gĕnĕrosē; *sts.* plăcĭdē, pătĭentĕr.] **Crol.** Mentē æqua (plăcĭda, forti, invicta, tranquilla). Forti, invicto, constanti, pătĭenti ănĭmo, cordē, pectŏrē.

Fortĭtudo, ĭnis. *f. Courage.* Pāres dum non sint vestræ fortĭtudĭnĭ. *Ph.* [† Virtus, ănĭmŭs, robŭr; *sts.* constantĭā, audacĭā, fiducĭā.] **Ep.** Firmā, rĭdĭdā, invictā, vălĭdā, indŏmĭtā, inconcussā, vivĭdā, bellĭcā, ingens. **Crol.** Fortē pectŭs *or* cŏr. Fortĭs ănĭmā. Fortĭ *or* fortissimā cordā, pectŏrē. Fortĭs mānŭs (dextĕrā, ănĭmā). Fortes ausus *or* fortĭā ausā. Fortĭā factā *or* actā. Audacĭā fortĭŏr. Vivĭdā virtus. Virtus belli dŏmiquē spectatā. *See* **Fortis.**

Fortĭtŭs, **Fortŭĭtŭs,** ă, um; *and* adv. **Fortŭĭto.** *J.* **Fortŭĭtu.** *Pl. Fortuitous, casual;* (adv.) *by chance.* Nec fortŭĭtum spernĕrĕ cespĭtem. *H.* Æqua, et fortŭĭto ductæ quātĕr aggĕrĕ pinnæ. *St.* Non quāsī fortŭĭtum nec ventorum rābĭē, sed. *J.*

Fortuna, æ. *f.* **1.** *The Goddess Fortune. C. D.* Nos fācĭmus, Fortunā, dĕam cœloquē lŏcamŭs. *J.* ~ sævo lætā nĕgotĭo. *H.* [† Fors, sors, fatum; *ext.* Jupĭtĕr, dĕŭs, dĭi.] **Ep.** Lĕvis, mobĭlis, vărĭā, mutabĭlis, anceps, dŭbĭā, infidā, vŏlubĭlis, incertā, fallax, fŭgax, frăgĭlis, vāgā, inconstans, instăbĭlis; sŭperbā, pŏtens.] **Crol.** Dĕā cæcā. Fortunæ numĕn (alĕā, injurĭā). **2.** *Fortune* (events of life, good or bad). Fortunam Prĭāmi cantabo &c. *H.* Quæ ~ vĭris &c. *V.* [† Sors, fatum, casŭs.] *See* **Sors, Fatum.** **3.** *Adverse fortune.* Quæ te ~ fātigāt. *V.* **Ep.** Adversā, ănĭmicā, ĭnĭquā, invĭdā, imprŏbā, mălĭgnā, durā, sævā, immitis, grăvis, aspĕrā, mălĭ, ferrĕā, tristis, mĭsĕrā. *See* **Infortunium.** **4.** *Prosperous fortune.* Dum ~ fŭlt. *V.* **Ep.** Bĕnignā, sĕcundā, ridens, faustā, ănĭmā, bŏnā, fāvens, felix, mitis, fācĭlis, prospĕrā. *See* **Felicitas.** **5.** *Success.* Da ferro fortunam. [† Successŭs.] **6.** *Lot in life.* (Sing. and sts. pl.) Intra fortunam quisquē mānerĕ sŭam. *O.* ~-is (dicentis) absŏnā dictā. *H.* ārā rĕpertā mĕis. *O.*

Fortunatus, ă, um. **1.** *Fortunate.* O fortunatos nĭmĭum, sŭā si bŏnā norint! *V. See* **Felix.** **2.** Fortunatæ insŭlæ. *Islands so called in the Atlantic, where the ancients supposed Elysium to be.* Pĕtamŭs arvā, divĭtes ĕt insŭlas. *Hor. See* **Elysium.**

Fortuno, as. *To make happy* or *prosperous. H.* [† Prospĕro, sĕcundo.]

Fŏrŭli, orum. *m. pl. Book-cases, shelves.* Hic libros dăbĭt, et fŏrŭlos, mĕdĭamquē Minervam. *J.*

Fŏrum, i. *n.* **1.** *The public, open space in a town for general meetings,* &c.; *the market-place.* In mĕdĭo plaustrā fŭcĭē fŏro. *O.* [† Arĕā, plăteā; *sts.* măcellum.] **2.** Sp. *The place where justice was administered, and causes pleaded; the forum.* Et fŏrā martē sŭo litĭgiosā vācent. *O.* ~ litĭbŭs orbum. *H.* [† *Sts.* Rostrā, jus, jurā.] **Ep.** Sanctum, sĕverum, raucum, clamosum. *See* **Causidicus, Tribunal.**

Fossā, æ. *f.* **1.** *A ditch, trench.* Quam multa mādĭdæ celantŭr ārundĭnĕ fossæ. *O.* [† Lăcunā, scrobs, sulcŭs.] **Phr.** *To mark out the boundary-lines of a new city with the plough.* Mœnĭā fossa (ārātro, sulco, ferro) designo *or* signo. **2.** *Foss, fosse and rampart.* Sŭbĭta circumdĕdĭt agmĭnā fossa. *L. See* **Vallum.**

Fossŏr, ōris. *m.* **1.** *A digger, delver, agricultural labourer. V. See* **Arator.** **2.** *A miner, pioneer. St.*

Fŏvĕa, æ. *f.* **1.** *A hole dug in the earth.* Donĕc hūmo tĕgĕrĕ (cādavĕrā) ac fŏvĕis abscondĕrĕ discunt. *V.* **2.** *A pitfall for beasts;* and fig. *any snare.* Cæco fŏvĕæ deceptŭs hĭatu (lŭo). *St.*

Fŏvĕo, es, fovi, fotum. **1.** *To warm, keep warm, nurse, hatch.* Lit. and fig. Hærēt, ĕt interdum grĕmĭo fŏvĕt inscĭā Dido. *V.* ~ corpŭs ĭn unda. *O.* hĭĕmem luxu. *V.* Matris plumis ovā fŏvendā dăbāt. *O.* [† Cālĕfăcĭo, calfăcĭo, tĕpĕfăcĭo.] Fig. **2.** *To keep to closely.* Castrā ~. ~-ĕt hūmum (cŏlŭlĕr). *V.* [† Tĕnĕo, servo.] **3.** *To keep up, keep alive.* ~ famam Inanem; cūpidĭnĕ bellā. *V.* spem munĕrĭbŭs. *M.* ănĭmo votā. *O.* [† ˘Alo; *sts.* nutrĭo, pasco.] **4.** *To make much of, protect, favour.* ~ pŏetas. *O.* Romanos rerum dŏmĭnos. *V.* [† Tŭĕŏr, protĕgo, cŏlo, fāvĕo.]

Fractus, ă, um. *part. See* **Frango.** **1.** *Broken.* [† Infractŭs, perfractŭs, ruptŭs, diruptŭs, perruptŭs, divulsŭs, discissŭs, disjectŭs, divisŭs, lăcĕr, elisŭs, contusŭs, dissĭlĭens.] Fig. **2.** *Exhausted, worn out, subdued.* ~ bello. *V.* membrā lăborĕ. *H.* dictis fŭŏr. *Sil.* virtus. *H.* [† Fessŭs, defessŭs, deflĕxus, fātiscens, effetŭs, victŭs, languens.] **3.** *Broken* (of sound). ~-æ voces ăd littŏrā. ~-i sŏnĭtus tŭbarum. *V.* **4.** *Broken* (of agreements, alliances). ~-ă fœdĕrā. *Sil.* [† Ruptŭs.] **5.** Fractæ res. *V. Adversity. See* **Infortunium.**

Frænum. *See* **Frenum.**

Fragā, orum. *n. pl. Strawberries.* ˘Et hūmi nascentĭā fragā. *V.* **Ep.** Silvestrĭā, montanā, rŭbentĭā, rĕdŏlentĭā, dulcĭā, mollĭā.

Frăgilis, ĕ. **1.** *Fragile, brittle.* Jam frăgĭles pŏtĕram a terra contingĕrĕ ramos. *V.* [† Insŏlĭdŭs, tĕnĕr.] **2.** *Making a cracking, snapping sound.* ~-es lauros (incendō). *V.* chartarum sŏnĭtus. *Lr.* Pollĭcĭbŭs ~-es mānus incŭpŭĕrĕ. *Pp.* [† Crĕpĭtans.] **3.** Fig. *Fragile, feeble, perishable.* Anni ~-es. Bŏnum ~. *O.* [† Cā-

ductŭs, infirmŭs, debĭlĭs, languens, brĕvĭs, fŭgax.]

Fragmĕn, ĭnĭs. *n. and* **Fragmentum**, i. *n. A broken piece, fragment, splinter.* Atquĕ ingenti fragmĭnĕ montĭs. *V.* ∾-ĭnā conjĭcĭens silvarum. *Lr.* Ramĕā fragmentā. *V.* **Ep.** Parvum, exĭgŭum, tĕnŭē.

Fragor, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A breaking. Lr.* 2. Us. *A startling, roaring noise.* Cœlum tŏnāt omnĕ frāgorē. *V.* [† Sŏnŭs, sŏnĭtŭs, murmŭr, stridŏr, strĕpĭtŭs.] *See* Sonitus.

Fragosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Resounding, roaring.* Mĕdĭoquĕ frāgosŭs Dat sŏnĭtum saxis (torrens). *V.* [† Sŏnorŭs, sŏnans, stridens, raucŭs.] 2. = Confrāgosus. *Rugged, savage, broken about.* ∾ silvā. *O.* mons. *Grat.* [† Aspĕr, præruptŭs.]

Fragrans, tĭs. *Sweet-smelling.* Rĕdŏlentquĕ thȳmo fragrantĭā mellā. *V. See* Odorus.

Fragro, as. *To breathe out an odour of any kind.* Ne grāvĭs hesterno fragres, Fescennĭā, vino. ∾-āt testā. *M.* ăcerbŭs ŏdŏr. *V. Fl.* (*First syllable not found short.*) *See* Oleo, Odor.

Frāmĕa, æ. *f. A kind of lance used by the ancient Germans.* Et Martis frāmĕam, et Cirrhæi spicŭlā vatĭs. *J.*

Frango, ĭs, fregi, fractum. 1. *To break.* [† Rumpo, infringo, confringo, perfringo, rĕfringo, perrumpo, dirumpo, comminŭo, elido, contundo, discindo, dissolvo, disjĭcĭo.] **Crel.** Vi (virĭbŭs, ictĭbŭs, mānu) frango. 2. Sp. *To crumble, grind.* Quodcunquĕ est cĕrĕrĭs sŏlĭdæ, machĭnā frangāt. *O.* [† Mŏlo, pinso.] Fig. 3. *To break, destroy.* ∾ commŏdā. *Cat.* [† Sterno, everto.] 4. *To break ties, laws,* &c. ∾ jurā pŭdicĭtĭæ. *Pp.* mandatā. *H.* [† Rumpo, rescindo, everto.] 5. *To break the heart, spirit,* &c.; *subdue, destroy.* Ingĕnĭum fregerĕ mĕum (mālā). *O.* Frangĭt sublimĭā pectŏrā (vinum). *O.* Frangĭmŭr, heu! fatis. *V.* [† Infringo, vinco, debĭlĭto, corrumpo, lābĕfacto, sterno.] 6. *To make soft and smooth.* Lit. and fig. ∾ bŏvĭs exŭvĭas ŏlivo. *V. Fl.* pectŏrā (bellis duratā) carmĭnĕ. *St.* Pĭĕtas maternāquĕ nomĭnā ănĭmum ∾-unt. *O.* [† Mollĭo, emollĭo, flecto, mitĭgo.] *See* Fractus.

Frangŏr. *pass.* 1. *To be broken.* [† Rumpŏr, dirumpŏr, comminŭŏr, dissŏlĭo, fātisco.] 2. *To be moved, persuaded.* Non frangĭtŭr illā. *Tib.* [† Flectŏr, placŏr, vincŏr.]

Fratĕr, fratrĭs. *m.* 1. *A brother.* Nunquam ĕgŏ te, vita fratĕr ămabĭlĭŏr. *Cat.* [† Germanŭs; *sts.* fratercŭlŭs.] **Ep.** Carŭs, dilectŭs, dulcĭs, concors, unănĭmis *or* unănĭmŭs.] **Crel.** Germanā prŏpago (sŏbŏles, proles). Fraterno *or* germano sanguĭnĕ junctŭs. **Phr.** Par nobĭlĕ fratrum. 2. Fratĕr pătrŭelĭs, *or abs.* Fratŏr. *Cousin-german; title of affection. J. H.* Si non vĭr esses mĭhĭ, fratĕr ĕras. *O.*

Fraterculus, i. *m. dim. of* Frater. *J.*

Fraternus, ă, um. 1. *Fraternal, brotherly.* Fraternæquĕ fĭdem pacis pĕtĭtquĕ dĕditquĕ. *O.* [† Germanŭs.] 2. Ext. *Akin; used also of animals. V.* [† Cognatŭs.]

Fraudatŏr, orĭs. *m. A cheat, impostor.* Et fraudatŏr ĕs, et nĕgotĭatŏr. *M.*

Fraudo, as. *To withhold what is due* or *has been promised; to defraud, deprive unfairly.* Quem regno Hespĕrĭæ fraudo et fatalĭbŭs arvis. *V.* ∾ pŭĕros somno; artus ănĭma. *O.* bellum sanguĭnĕ. *L.* [† Defraudo, privo, ădĭmo, spŏlĭo, &c.] *See* Privo.

Fraudulentus, ă, um. *Fraudulent, deceitful.* Cum pŏpŭlo et dŭcĕ fraudŭlento. *H. See* Dolosus.

Fraus, fraudĭs. *f.* 1. *Guile, artifice, fraud.* Judĭcĕ me, fraus est concessā, rĕpellĕrĕ fraudem. *O.* [† Dŏlŭs, astŭs, artes, &c.] *See* Dolus. 2. *A fault, crime.* Priscæ vestigĭā fraudĭs. *V.* 3. *Plots, snares, dangers.* Fraudemquĕ ĕt ŏpertā tŭmescĕrĕ bellā. *V.* Pontum mĕdĭasquĕ fraudes pallĭāt. *H. See* Insidiæ, Periculum. 4. *An error.* Nĕc tĭbĭ sāt fraudi, quŏd, &c. *Lr.* and *Ter. See* Error.

Fraxĭnĕus, *and sts.* **Fraxĭnus**, ă, um. *Of ash, ashen.* Fraxĭnĕæquĕ trăbes &c. *V.* ∾ hastā. Fraxĭnā virgā. *O.*

Fraxĭnus, i. *f.* 1. *An ash-tree.* Fraxĭnŭs in silvis pulcherrĭmā, pinŭs ĭn hortis. *V.* 2. *A javelin* (of ash-wood). Stridŭlā ∾. *Cl. See* Hasta.

Frĕmĕbundus, ă, um. *See* Fremens. Curru frĕmĕbundŭs ăb alto Desĭlĭt. *O.*

Frĕmens, tĭs. *Uttering sounds of rage, impatience,* &c. (differing according to the cause); *raging, impatient.* Illā frĕmentes Ad jūgā cogĭt equos. *V.* ∾ bello (ĭtālĭā). *V.* Lŭpos circum stăbŭlā frĕmentes. *O.* [† Frĕmĕbundŭs; *sts.* frendens.] **Crel.** ˘Acerbā, dirā, immanĕ frĕmens. Frĕmens ănĭmis.

Frĕmĭtus, us. *m.* 1. *Sounds of rage, impatience, excitement of men* or *animals.* Adventusquĕ vĭrum, frĕmĭtusque ardescĭt ĕquorum. *V.* [† Frĕmŏr.] 2. *Of pleasure and approbation.* ∾-u vĭrum stŭdĭisquĕ fāventum nĕmŭs consŏnāt. *V.* [† Frĕmŏr, fāvŏr, murmŭr.] **Ep.** Fāvens, sĕcundŭs, lætŭs. *See* Plaudo. 3. Gen. *Clamour,* or *any loud noise.* ∾ mārinŭs. *V.* tŭbæ. *Sen.* cœli. *St.* [† Murmŭr, frāgŏr, sŏnĭtŭs, &c.] *See* Sonitus.

Frĕmo, ĭs, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. Intr. *To utter sounds of impatience, rage,* &c. *See* Fremens. Frĕmĭt æquŏrĕ toto Insultans sŏnĭpes. *V.* ∾ orĕ crĭcento (de Fŭrorē). *V.* magno clamorē. *O.* [† Infrĕmo, frendĕo *or* frendo.] 2. *Used of the murmurs of an assembled body.* ∾ lætĭtĭā; assensu vārio. *V.* murmŭrĕ mixto. *L.* [† Murmŭro.] *See* Plaudo. 3. Gen. *To make a noise, to resound.* ∾-unt ripæ undis; venti. *V.* torrentes. *Cl.* ăgri ŭlŭlatĭbŭs. *O.* [† Infrĕmo, murmŭro, strĕpo, stridĕo, sŏno.] **Crel.** Frĕmĭtum do. Frĕmĭtu rĕsŏno (consŏno, complŏŏr). *See* Sono. 4. Tr. *To cry out, cry out for.* ∾-ĭt armā jŭventus. *V.* ∾ ĕādem uno orĕ. *V.* bellā orĕ. *St.* [† Clamo, clĭŏ.]

Frĕmŏr, orĭs. *m.* = Fremitus. *V. See* F.

Frenatŏr, orĭs. *m. One who guides with a rein; a guider, manager.* Ignĭpĕdum frenatŏr ĕquorum. *St.* ∾ ingentĭs conti. *V. Fl.* [† Mŏdĕrātŏr.]

Frendĕo, es, *and* **Frendo**, ĭs. *To gnash the teeth. St.* [† Infrendĕo.] **Crel.** Dentĭbŭs frendĕo *or* infrendĕo. Dentes ĭn dentĭ fātigo. *See* Frendens.

Freno, as. 1. *To bridle.* Mollĭā purpŭrĕis frenabas orā căpistris. *O.* ∾ drăconea. *O.* **Crel.** Frenā (frenos, frenum) injĭcĭo (conjĭcĭo, do, addo). Frenis *or* hābenis flecto (prĕmo, rĕgo, dŏmo, impĕdĭo, compesco, mŏdĕrŏr, cŏhĭbĕo). Frenis orā *or* collā prĕmo (flecto, tempĕro, contĭnĕo, cŏercĕo, torquĕo). Frenis orā do. ˘Ad frenā cŏgo. Lūpatis servirĕ dŏcĕo. Lūpatis (frenis) orā tempĕro. Currŭs freno mŏrŏr. Frenā prĕmunt (ĕquos). Frenā mānu prĕmo. Frenā lūporum contorquĕo. Mānĭbŭs hābenas mollŏr (rĕgo, mŏdĕrŏr). ˘Ad frenā duco. Lorā tĕnĕo. *See* Frenum. Fig. 2. *To curb, check.* ∾ cursus ăquarum. *V.* cordĕ dŏlores; ăvĭdas spes. *Sil.* [† Cŏhĭbĕo, cŏercĕo, comprĭmo, compesco, &c.] *See* Cohibeo. 3. *To govern, rule.* ∾ gentes justĭtĭa. *V.* Æmŏnĭam Pĕlĭas ∾-ābāt. *V. Fl.* [† Mŏdĕrŏr, rĕgo, flecto, &c.] *See* Moderor.

Frenum, i. *n.; pl.* **Freni**, orum. *m. or* **Frenā**, orum. *n.* 1. *A bridle, rein, bit.* Flectĭtĭs aut freno collā fŭgacĭs ĕqui. *O.* Stăbŭlo ∾-os audirĕ sŏnantes. *V.* [† Lūpatā, hābenæ, lorā, rĕtĭna-

cilĭ, lŭpi (orum), căpistrum.] **Ep.** Laxum, effusum, rĕmissum, lentum, flŭens; arctum, durum, rĭgĭdum, vălĭdum; humens, spumans. **Crol.** Frenorum hăbenæ. Mŏdĕrămĕn ĕquorum. **Phr.** 1. *To take the bit, yield to it, obey the rein.* Frenum accĭpĭo *or* rĕcĭpĭo. Freno assuesco. Lŭpatis (hăbenis, frenis) parĕo. Frenā fĕro *or* pătĭŏr. **Phr.** 2. *Of one breaking in a horse.* Dŏcĕt (cogit) ĕquum—verbĕrā (frenā, frenos, &c.) invitum ferrĕ (păti);—duris lŭpatis &c. ănĭmosum (aspĕrum) pārerĕ;—frenis parentem currĕrĕ. ˘Equi ŏrā duris lŭpatis contundĭt. **Phr.** 3. *To champ the bit.* Frenā *or* frenos—mando (mordĕo, rĕmordĕo, vexo;—ŏrē mordĕo;—dentē tĕro. 2. *Fig.* ~ victŏrĭa. *V.* pŭdŏrĭs. *Pp.* ~ (*pl.*) impĕrĭ. *O.* [Angl. "The reins of government." "I will put my bridle in thy lips." 2 *Kings* xix. 28. [† Hăbenæ.]

Frĕquens, tis. 1. *Frequented, full of people.* Tutā frĕquensquĕ via est. *O.* [† Cĕlĕbĕr.] *See* C. 2. *Abounding in, full of.* ~ silvā trăbĭbŭs. *O.* herbis campŭs. *V.* palmæ (*gen.*). *St. See* Abundans. 3. *Numerous, many a,* &c. Instarĕ telis ~-ĭbŭs. *V.* ~ convivā. *O.* [† Crebĕr, densŭs, multŭs, plurĭmŭs, nūmĕrosŭs, spissŭs.] 4. *Constant* = *constantly* (in the sense of very frequently occurring). Exercĕt ~ tellurem. *V.* Lĕgŏr ~. *M.* [† Assĭdŭŭs; *or* (*as adv.*) frĕquentĕr, assĭdŭe.]

Frĕquentĕr. *adv. Frequently, often.* Missi cĕcĭdĕrĕ frĕquentĭŭs ignes. *O.* [† Crebro, sæpĕ, assĭdŭe, vulgo; *or adj.* frĕquens.] *See* Sæpe.

Frĕquentĭa, æ. *f. A crowd, multitude, great quantity.* Gĕtĭcæquĕ frĕquentĭā gentis. *O.* [† Turbā, nūmĕrŭs, vis.] *See* Turba.

Frĕquento, as. 1. *To visit in crowds, throng.* Matrum me turbā frĕquentāt. Templā ~-ari. *O.* [† Cĕlĕbro.] **Crol.** Frĕquens invĭso (ădĕo, pĕto, viso). 2. *To reside in, live habitually in; haunt.* ~ arvā. *V.* nostras dŏmos. *O. See* Habito. 3. *To say again and again, repeat often.* Hymen clamant, hȳmĕnæ ~-ant. *O.* [† ˘Ĭtĕro, ingĕmĭno.] 4. *To court, pay great attention to. St.* [† Cŏlo, cĕlĕbro.]

Frĕtum, i. *n.* 1. *A strait, frith, arm of the sea.* Sestŏn ˘Abydena sepărāt urbĕ frĕtum. *O.* [† Fauces.] **Ep.** Augustum, arctum. 2. Gen. *The sea.* ˘In frĕtā flŭvĭi currunt. *V. See* Mare.

Frĕtŭs, ă, um. 1. *Carrying; relying on.* Illa frĕtŭs ăgĭt ventos (virga). *V.* ~ jŭventa; Threĭcĭis fĭdĭbŭs. *V.* [† Nixŭs, confisŭs, fultŭs, fĕrox; *sts.* instructŭs, prædĭtŭs.] 2. With inf. *Confident* (of being able to do something); *confidently venturing.* Pontum erumpĕrĕ ~-æ (naves). ~ anteirĕ cănendo Aŏnĭdŭs. *St.* [† Confisŭs.]

Frĭco, as, kŭi, ictum *and sts.* icatum. *To rub.* Hinc ŏlĕo, corpusquĕ frĭco molliquĕ pălæstra. *M.* ~ arbŏrĕ costas. *V.* [† Destringo, scăbo; *sts.* ungo, lĭno.]

Frictŭs, ă, um. *part. of* Frico *and* Frigo. 1. (From frico.) *Rubbed.* Si prurit frictŭs ŏcellĭ Angŭlŭs. *J.* [† *Sts.* Fricatŭs.] 2. (From frigo.) *Cooked, baked, parched.* Fricti cicĕris emptŏr. *H.* ~ nŭces. *Pl.*

Frigĕo, es. 1. *To be cold. Ter.* [† Frigesco, algĕo.] **Crol.** Frigŏrĕ torpĕo (rĭgĕo, prĕmŏr, contrăhŏr, corrĭpĭŏr, tangŏr, percŭtĭŏr, adstringŏr, pallĕo). Frigŭs sentio *or* pătĭŏr. Frigŭs membrā (corpŭs, artus) hăbĕt (lædĭt, urĭt, ădurĭt). Frigŭs duco *or* colligo. Frigŏrĭbŭs prĕmŏr. Frigŭs—artus pĕrambŭlāt;—ād ossā permanāt;—in artus pĕnĕtrabĭlĭ intrāt;—me ădurĭt (lædĭt, mordĕt). 2. Fig. *To languish, lose power, spirit,* &c. ~-ent vires (*of the old*). *V. See* Languco.

Frigĕro, as. *To refresh with coolness. Cat. See* Refrigero.

Frigesco, is. 1. *To become* or *grow cold. Lr. See* Frigeo. 2. Fig. *Used of the feelings, and of favour withdrawn.* ~ luctu. *V. Fl.* Majorum ŭbĭ limĭnā ~-unt. *Pers. See* Frigus.

Frigĭdŭlŭs, ă, um. *dim. of* Frigidus. *Somewhat cold, chilly.* Frigĭdŭlos udo singultus orĕ clientem. *Cat.*

Frigĭdŭs, ă, um. 1. *Cold.* Frigĭdŭs in pratis cantando rumpĭtŭr anguis. *V.* ~ Istĕr. *O.* [† Frigens, gĕlĭdŭs, algens, algĭdŭs.] **Crol.** Frigŏrĕ constrictŭs (rĭgens, torpens, seguis, pĭgĕr, tactŭs, percussŭs, rugosŭs). Căloris ĕgens. *See* Frigeo, Frigus, Gelatus. 2. *Dying, dead. V. See* Mortuus. 3. *Cool.* ~-ă rurā. *H.* ~ Tempe. *V.* [† Gĕlĭdŭs.] Fig. 4. *Cold, insensible.* Frigĭdĭŏr glăcĭe. *O. See* Durus. 5. *Freezing* (the blood). ~ rumŏr. *H.* horrŏr. *V.* 6. *Powerless.* ~-ă solatĭā. *O.* ~ bello dextĕrā. *V.* [† Frigens, languens, inera, effetŭs, debĭlis.]

Frigo, is, xi, ctum *or* xum. *To bake* or *fry vegetables.* Inflantes corpŏrā frigĕ făbas. *O. See* Frictus.

Frigŭs, ŏris. *n.* 1. *Cold.* Bŏrĕæ pĕnĕtrabĭlĭ frigŭs ădurāt. *V.* Ah! te ne frigŏrā lædant. *V.* **Ep.** Arctoum, bŏrĕalĕ, hȳpĕrbŏrĕum, hĭĕmalĕ, brumalĕ, gĕlĭdum, glăcĭalĕ, rĭgĭdum, acrĕ, ăcutum, immitĕ, durum, pĕnĕtrabĭlĭ, iniquum, mălignum, contractum, immŏdĭcum. Crol. Frigŏrĭs aspĕrĭtas, vis. 2. *Frost.* Frigŏrĕ constĭtĭt Istĕr. *O.* [† Gĕlu.] *See* G. 3. *Winter.* Non frigŏrĕ defĭt (lac). *V. See* Hiems. 4. *The cold of death. See* Mors. 5. *The cold of fear. See* Horror. 6. *The shiver of fever.* Condŏlŭit tentatum ~-ŏrĕ corpŭs. *St. See* Febris. 7. *Coolness, freshness.* Captarĕ ~ ŏpacum. Umbras ĕt frigŏrā. *V.* ~ āmabĭlĭ. *H.* [† Umbrā, umbraculā.] **Ep.** Gratum, āmœnum, jucundum, vernum. *See* Umbraculum.

Frĭtillŭs, i. *m. A dice-box.* Nec timĕt Œdĭlem moto spectarĕ frĭtillo. *M.* and *J.*

Frivŏlŭs, ă, um. 1. *Trifling, worthless. Ph. See* Vanus. 2. Subst. pl. n. *Effects of no value.* Jam frivŏlā transfert Ucălĕgon. *J.*

Frondatŏr, ŏris. *m. A pruner of trees.* Falcĕ dăta, frondatŏr ĕrat, vitisquĕ pŭtatŏr. *O.* [† Pŭtatŏr.]

Frondĕo, es. *To have* or *put forth leaves.* Dicas adductum prŏpĭus fronderĕ Tārentum. *H.* [† Frondesco; *sts.* luxŭrĭo.] **Crol.** Frondē (frondĭbŭs, fŏlĭis) indŭŏr (tĕgŏr, vestĭŏr, ŏpĕrĭŏr, vĭrĕo, pubesco). Frondes fundo (diffundo, spargo, explĭco, gĕro, mitto, porrigo). Ramis frondentĭbŭs tĕgŏr. **Phr.** Arbos (silvā)—comas tollĭt *or* explĭcāt;—frondĭs hŏnores gĕrĭt;—In pătŭlas cŏmas luxŭrĭāt;—luxŭrĭa fŏlĭorum exŭbĕrāt.

Frondesco, is. *To put forth leaves.* Sĭmĭlĭ frondescĭt virgā mĕtallo. *V. See* Frondeo.

Frondĕŭs, Frondosŭs, *and* **Frondifĕr,** ă, um. *Leafy, of leaves, covered with leaves,* &c. ˘Aquas dulces et frondĕā sempĕr Tectā pĕtunt. *V.* Æstas frondosā. *V.* Frondifĕrasquĕ dŏmos ăvĭum. *Lr.* [† Frondens, umbrosŭs, pătŭlŭs, densŭs.] **Crol.** Frondē (frondĭbŭs, fŏlĭis) cŏmans (ŏpertŭs, ŏpacŭs, tectŭs, indutŭs, vĭrens, luxŭrĭans, densŭs, lætŭs). Cŏmis luxŭrĭans.

Frondifĕr, Frondosŭs. *See* Frondeus.

I. **Frons,** dis. *f.* 1. *A leaf of a tree; the foliage of a tree.* Exstructosquĕ tŏros obtentu frondĭs inumbrant. *V.* Seras pŏsŭit quum vinĕā frondes. *V.* [† Fŏlĭā; *sts.* cŏmā; *ext.* rami.] **Ep.** Densā, umbrosā, pătŭlā, ŏpacā, cŏmans; vĭrĭdans, vĭrĭdis, vĭrens, glaucā; mobĭlis, trĕmŭlā, cŏruscā; cāducā, decĭdŭā; lætā, vernā, mollis. **Crol.** Arbŏrĕæ cŏmæ. Frondis hŏnos *or* hŏnores. Arbŏrĭs *or* silvarum hŏnŏr (hŏnos, dĕcŭs). Nĕmŏrum cŏmæ. Arbŏrĭs umbræ. Frondentĭā hospĭtĭā.

See UMBRACULUM. **2.** *A garland of leaves and flowers. V. O. See* CORONA.

II. FRONS, ontĭs. *f.* **1.** *The forehead, brow.* Taurinæ cornŭă frontĭs. *O.* Contractæ serĭă frontĭs. *H.* [† *Sts.* Căpŭt.] **2.** *The face, countenance.* ~ lætă pārum. Spem frontē sērenāt. *V.* [† Vultŭs, os, făcĭes.] **Ep.** Lætă, rĕmissă, blandă, sērenă; torvă, sĕvērā, contractă, tĕtrĭcă, nubĭlă, grăvĭs, obductă, tristĭs. *See* VULTUS, SUPERCILIUM. **3.** *Used as the seat of modesty.* ~-ĭs collectă mŏdestĭă. *St.* tĕnĕræ cŭpĭdŭs vĭderi. *M.* ~ pĕrlit. *Pers.* Ejectum de frontē pŭdorem. *J. See* PUDOR. **4.** *The front, fore-part of any thing.* Junctis ~-ĭbŭs (naves). *V.* ~-ē sub adversa &c. *V.* Millĕ pĕdes In ~-ē &c. *H.* **5.** *The frontispiece* or *title-page of a book. Tib. O. See* CORNU, UMBILICUS. **6.** *The outward appearance, first sight.* Decĭpĭt ~ primā multos. *Ph.* [† Spĕcĭes.]

FRUCTŬOSUS, ă, um. *Fruitful, producing fruit.* Lit. and fig. Saturnalĭă fructŭosforă. *M. See* POMIFER.

FRUCTUS, us. *m.* **1.** *Fruit, the produce of fields and trees.* Terrăquē de fructu, quam sĭt ămarā, dŏcĕt. *O.* [† Pomă, fetus; *sts.* fruges.] **Ep.** Annŭŭs, maturŭs, tĕnĕr, dulcĭs, suavĭs, gratŭs; crudŭs, ăcerbŭs; lætŭs, ubĕr. **Crcl.** Arbŏrĕi fetus. Arbŏrĭs ŏpes. Donă auctumni. **2.** *That which is produced by man* or *animals; offspring of the womb.* ~Apĭbŭs fructum restĭtŭo sŭum. *Ph.* [† Fetŭs, ŏpŭs.] **3.** *Revenue, income. See* REDITUS. **4.** Fig. *Fruit, advantage, benefit.* Plus haurirĕ mălĭ, quam ex re decerpĕrĕ fructus. *H.* ~ ămicĭtĭæ. *J.* Vitai fructus. *Lr.* [† Commŏdum, lŭcrum, utĭlĭtas, quæstŭs.]

FRUENDUS, ă, um. *anc. To be enjoyed. O. Lr.*

FRUGALIOR, ŭs, orĭs. *compar. of the obs.* Frugalis. (*In the pos.* Frugi *is used.*) *Temperate, frugal.* Ventrē nĭhil nŏvi frugalĭŭs. *J.* [† Frugi, sobrĭŭs, parcŭs, abstĭnens, tempĕrans, mŏdĕrātŭs.] **Crcl.** Parvo *or* exĭgŭo assuetŭs (contentŭs, bĕatŭs). Gens victu făcĭlĭs *or* cĭbi parcă. Tĕnŭi victu contentŭs.

FRUGALITAS, atĭs. *f. Frugality, temperance. Cic.* (Frugalĭtĕr.) [† Abstĭnentĭă, tempĕrantĭă; *sts.* sobrĭĕtas.] **Crcl.** Victŭs, parcŭs, tĕnŭĭs, frugi. Cĭbŭs tĕnŭĭs *or* mŏdicŭs. Mensă parcă *or* neglectă. Dāpes exĭgŭæ (mŏdĭcæ, Inemptæ). Vivĕrĕ exĭgŭo. Vivĕrĕ parvo.

FRUGALITER. *Frugally.* Quum me hortaretur parce, frugalĭtĕr, atquē Vivĕrem ŭti contentŭs. *H.* [† Parce.]

FRUGES, um. *f. pl.* **1.** *The fruits of the earth, corn,* &c. Et mĕdĭo tostas æstu tĕrĭt arĕā fruges. *V.* [† Sĕgĕs, messĭs, Cĕres, frumentum.] **Crcl.** Frugĭfĕri fetus. Cĕrĕrĭs fruges. Cĕrĕrĭs *or* Cĕrĕalĭă donă. Frugum munŭs, munĕrā. *See* SEGES, FERTILIS. **2.** *Sing.* Frugĭs (*gen.*), frugi, frugem, frugē (*from the obs.* Frux). ~ In annum coplă. Horna frugē. *H.* **3.** Frugi. *dat.* (as adj. undecl.) *Frugal, temperate, managing. H. J. See* FRUGALIOR.

FRUGĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. **1.** *Productive, fertile* (us. of land). Qualis frugĭfĕro quercus sublimĭs In agro. *L.* ~-æ messes. *O. See* FERTILIS. **2.** *Making productive.* ~ numĕn. *O.* [† Fecundŭs.]

FRUGILĔGUS, ă, um. *Grain-gathering.* Hic nos frugĭlĕgas adspexĭmŭs ordĭnē longo Formicas. *O.*

FRUMENTUM, i. *n. Grain of any kind* Si sŭpĕrant fetus pārĭter, frumentā sĕquentŭr. *V.* [† Fruges, far, tritĭcum, sĕgĕs, messĭs, cĕres.] **Ep.** Lactens, crescens, tĕnĕrum; grăvĕ, grandĕ.

FRUOR, ĕrĭs, ĭtŭs sum (*rare*), i. *To enjoy.* Nec frŭĭtŭr somno, vĭgĭlantĭbŭs excĭtă curis. *O.* [† Utŏr, perfrŭŏr, pŏtĭŏr; *sts.* tĕnĕo, possĭdĕo, hăbĕo, obtĭnĕo; gaudĕo, delectŏr.] *See* FRUENDUS.

FRUSTRA. *adv. In vain.* Ingentem altĕrĭus frustra spectabĭs ăcervum. *V.* ~ lŏqui conatŭr. *O.* [† Nequidquam, incassum, Inanē, Inanlĭtĕr.] **Crcl.** Vano conamĭnē. Molimĭnē casso. ~Inani conatu (conamĭnē, nisu, stŭdĭo). Sīnē effectu. **Phr.** Quĭd jŭvăt? Quĭd prodest? Quorsum, Quo, *or* Quĭd . . . ? ~Opĕram perdo *or* incassum do. Curas Inanes sumo *or* impendo. Nugas ăgo. Non profecturŭs făcĭo. Frustra lăboro.

FRUSTRŎR, arĭs. **1.** *To deceive* or *disappoint* (frustrate) *expectation.* Inceptus clamor frustratŭr hĭantes. *V.* Nunquam ~-ată vŏcatus mĕos (hastă). *V.* **2.** *Found also pass.* (*from acc.* Frustro.) ~-atæ brĕvĭtatē mănus. *St.* and *L. See* DECIPIO.

FRUSTUM, i. *n. A bit, morsel* (us. of eatables). Pars in frustă sĕcant, vĕrŭbusquē trĕmentĭă figunt. *V.* Lardi frustă. *H.* Nudum, ĕt frustă rŏgantem. *J.* **Ep.** Parvum, tĕnŭĭ, exĭlĕ, mĭnutum, parvŭlum, exĭgŭum.

FRŬTECTUM, *or* FRŬTETUM (*Aus.*), *and* FRŬTĬCETUM, i. *n. A shrubbery, copse.* Cĕlĕr alto lătĭtantem frŭtĭceto excĭpĕre āprum. *H.*

FRŬTEX, ĭcĭs. *m. A shrub, bushy plant, young plant; branch of a plant,* &c. Nec parvi frŭtĭcis iram mĕtŭĭrĕ Tŏnantĭs. *Cl.* Contexĭt illum frŭtĭcē. *Ph.* [† Virgultum, germĕn, arbustum.] *See* V. G. A.

FRŬTĬCOSUS, ă, um. *Full of shoots* or *sprigs, bushy.* Illic frŭtĭcosă lĕgebant Vimĭnā. *O.* ~ littŏrā. *O.* [† Frŭtĭcans.]

FUCO, as. **1.** *To dye.* Albă nĕque Assȳrĭo fucatur lanā vĕneno. *V.* [† Tingo, inficio, mĕdĭcŏr, cŏloro.] **Crcl.** Fuco tingo (pingo, lĭno, illĭno, oblĭno, cŏloro, obduco, mĕdĭcŏr). Fucum illĭno (adspergo, induco). **Phr.** *Dyed wool.* Lanā fuco mĕdĭcatā. Vellĕrā fucum potantĭă. *See* FUCUS (1., 2), TINGO. **2.** *To rouge.* Immŏdĭre formam fucatā nŏcentem. *L.* **Phr.** Circumlĭtā fuco. Pictā rŭborĕ gĕnas. Fuco rŭbens. *See* FUCUS (I., 3).

I. FUCUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A plant producing a purple* or *red dye.* Spiramentā lĭnunt, fucoque et florĭbŭs oras Explent. *V.* **2.** *A red dye; any dye.* Tinctā tĕgit rŏsĕo conchyli purpŭrā ~-o. *Cat.* Purpŭrĕo vaccinĭă ~-o. *O.* Cærŭlĕis. *Pp.* [† Mĕdĭcamĕn, vĕnenum, cŏlŏr.] **3.** *Paint, any matter for painting the face.* [† Mĭnĭum, pigmentum; *ext.* cerussă.] **Phr.** *To paint the face.* Fuco os (orā, gĕnas, vultum) pingo (tingo, mĕdĭcŏr, corrumpo). Pigmentis orā excĕlo *or* ădorno. *Of one painting his face.* Făcĭem mĕdĭcamĭnē celăt. Lătĕt creta oblĭtŭs. Succo gĕnas ornăt. Orā compŏsĭtis vĕnenis lĭnĭt. Cŏlorem artē quærĭt. Cui cŏlŏr vero mĕlĭŏr est. **4.** Fig. *Any disguise* or *made-up appearance. O. H.*

II. FUCUS, i. *m. A drone-bee.* Immunisquē sĕdens ălĭena ad pabŭlă fucŭs. *V.* **Ep.** ~Iners, segnĭs, pĭgĕr, ignavŭs. *See* VESPA.

FŬGA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Flight.* Et nudant nunc tergā fŭga. *V.* [† Occultă, secretă, tectă, sollĭcĭtă, păvĭdă, timĭdă, fœdă, turpĭs, Inhŏnestă, præceps, răpĭdă, lĕvĭs, cĕlĕrĭs, cĭtă.] *See* FUGIO. **2.** Sp. *The running away of a slave. H. See* FUGITIVUS. **3.** *Any swift course* or *motion, speed.* ~-a prævertĭtŭr Eurum. *V.* ~ tempŏrum. *H. See* CURSUS. **4.** *Departure. V. See* DISCESSUS. **5.** *Escape, avoidance.* ~In vĭtĭum ducĭt culpæ ~ &c. *H.* ~ pĕricli. *V.* [† Effŭgĭum.] **6.** *Exile. O.* and *H. See* EXSILIUM.

FŬGAX, acĭs. *Ready to flee, fleeing away.* Lit. and fig. Ventosa in lingua pĕdĭbusquē fŭgacĭbŭs istis. *V.* ~ vĭr. *H.* Lymphā ~. *H.* (*With gen.*)

~ ambĭtĭonīs. *O.* Fŭgăces labuntŭr anni. *H.* [† Fŭgĭens, răpĭdŭs; fluxŭs, brĕvĭs.]

Fŭgĭens, tĭs. *part. See* Fŭgio. **1.** Intr. *Fleeing.* Fŭgĭentĭbŭs ingĕrĭt hastas. *V.* [† Fŭgax, cedens.] **Crel.** Fŭga trĕpĭdŭs; f. fĭdens. **2.** *Receding, withdrawing itself.* Ĭtăllæ fŭgĭentĭs oræ. *V.* [† ˘Ablens, rĕcedens.] **3.** *Gliding, running away.* ~ pĕr gramĭnĭ rivŭs. *V.* [† Currens, labens.] **4.** *Passing away, vanishing away.* ˘Anĭmă ~. *V.* [† ˘Ablens, labens.] **5.** *Transient, perishable.* Fŭgĭentĭ captăt. *H.* Fŭgĭentĭ donă. *St.* [† Fŭgax, fluxŭs, cĭdŭcŭs, pĕrĭturŭs.] **6.** Tr. *Fleeing, avoiding.* ~ (˘Aristæŭs) Penelă Tempe. *V.* paupĕrĭem. *H.*

Fŭgio, ĭs, fugi (fŭgĭtum?). **1.** Intr. *To flee, to take flight.* Insĕquĕris, fŭgio: fŭgis, insĕquŏr: hæc mĭhĭ mens est. *M.* Terră trĕmit, fugerĕ fĕræ, et mortalĭă cordă. *V.* [† Fŭgĭto, auffŭgio, effŭgio, cedo, rĕcedo; *sts.* defŭgio, diffŭgio.] **Crel.** Me prorĭpio *or* erĭpio. Fŭgam căpio (corrĭpio, răpio, erĭpio, ăgo, ăgĭto, cĕlĕro, accĕlĕro, præcĭpĭto, maturo, mollŏr, tento, pĕto, pĕro, tĕnĕo, quæro, orno *or* ădorno [*make provision for*], mĕrĭto). Intendo ăd fŭgam. Fŭga ăbĕo; me prorĭpio *or* me concĭto; f. arvă pĕto *or* carpo; *sts.* f. æquŏră sĕco, verro. Orĭ fŭgæ verto. Tergă do. Tergă fŭga do *or* nudo. Tergă fŭgæ do *or* præbĕo. ˘In fŭgam tergă do. Pĕdĭbŭs fĭdo (confĭdo, me credo). Fŭga sălutem quæro. Membră fŭgæ mando. *See* Festino, Curro, *or* Navigo. **2.** *To run away* (of slaves). Non furtum fecĭ, non fugi. *H. See* Fuga, Fŭgitivus. **3.** *To escape, pass away, pass rapidly away.* ~-ĭt vită sŭb umbras; irrĕpărabĭlĕ tempŭs. *V.* [† ˘Abĕo, decedo, elabŏr, labŏr, curro, vŏlo, avŏlo, prætĕrĕo.] **4.** Tr. *To quit, leave* (one's country, &c., as an exile). ~ pătrĭæ fines; pătrĭam. *V.* Sălămĭnă pătremquĕ (de Teucro). *H.* [† Linquo, ăbĕo, discedo.] *See* Exsulo. **5.** *To forsake.* Menĕ fŭgĭs? *V. See* Desero. **6.** *To decline, refuse.* ~ pocŭlă. *O.* [† Rĕcuso, detrecto, abnŭo.] **7.** *To avoid, escape.* Enses quos fugi. *V.* [† Vito.] *See* V. **8.** With inf. *To beware of, take care not.* ~-ĕ te crediĕrĕ turbæ. *Tib.* longe cĕdĕdĕrĕ. *Lr.* quærĕrĕ. *H. See* Ne. **9.** Hoc me fŭgĭt *That escapes me; I am not aware of it, don't know it. V.* [† Prætĕrĭt, lătĕt.] *See* Ignoro. **10.** *Pass. and unip.* Paupertas fŭgĭtŭr. *Lr.* ˘In bellum fŭgĭtŭr. *L.*

Fŭgĭtivŭs, ă, um. **1.** *A fugitive.* Tyndărĭs infestis fŭgĭtivă rĕposcĭtŭr armis. *O.* [† Fŭgax, fŭgĭens.] **2.** Freq. *A run-away slave; run-away,* gen. *M. J.* [† Hĕrĭfŭgă.] **3.** Fig. *That which flees fast away.* ~-ă gaudĭă. *M.* [† Fŭgax, fluxŭs.]

Fŭgo, as. *To put to flight, drive away.* Trans pontum fŭgăt, et terris immittĭt ăpricis. *V.* ~ flammas. *O.* somnos. *Tib.* [† Pello, depello, rĕpello, ăbĭgo, ăgo.] **Crel.** ˘In fŭgam do *or* conjĭcio. Fŭga verto *or* converto. Fŭgam immitto (fĕro, do, făcio). Fŭgĕrĕ cogo. *See* Pello, Arceo.

Fulcimĕn, ĭnĭs. *n. A prop, support.* Terră pĭlæ sĭmĭlis, nullo fulcimĭnĕ nixă. *O.* [† Fulmentum, cŏlūmĕn, firmamĕn.]

Fulcio, is, lsi, ltum. *To support, hold up.* Lit. and fig. Atlantis duri, cœlum qui vertĭcĕ fulcĭt. *V.* Sidĕrĕ fulsĭt ˘Atlas. *O.* Magni fulcirĕ rŭinam. *L.* [† Sustĭnĕo, sustento, fĕro, suffulcio.] *See* Sustineo.

Fulcrum, i. *n. A bedstead, stand of a couch;* hence, *bed, couch.* (Lucent &c.) aurĕă fulcrĕ tŏris. *V.* Cynthĭă namquĕ mĕo visa est incumbĕrĕ fulcro. *Pp. See* Lectus.

Fulgens, tis. *part. See* Fulgeo. *Bright, shining.* ~-es aurĕ crĕtervas. *V.* [† Fulgĭdŭs, splendĭdŭs, splendens, cŏruscans, cŏruscŭs, rŭtĭlans, rŭtĭlŭs, lucĭdŭs, mĭcans, nĭtens, nĭtĭdŭs, ardens, rădĭans, flăgrans.] **Crel.** Fulgorĕ *or* splendorĕ cŏruscans, (rŭtĭlans, mĭcans, ardens, dĕcorŭs, conspĭcŭŭs).

Fulgĕo, es, lsi (*inf. sts.* -ĕrĕ, *fr. the obs.* fulgo). *To shine, be bright, glitter, flash.* Nox ĕrăt, et cœlo fulgebat lună sĕrĕno. *H.* Fulsere ignes &c. *V.* Fulgĕrĕ cernĭs in armis. *V.* [† Effulgĕo, rĕfulgĕo, splendĕo, splendesco, resplendĕo, nĭtĕo, mĭco, cŏrusco, lucĕo, collucĕo, elucĕo, rĕlucĕo, ardĕo, rădĭo; *sts.* fulgŭro, scintillo, irĭădĭo.] **Crel.** Fulgorem (splendorem, lucem) mitto (emitto, vĭbro, jăcio, spargo, do). Fulgorĕ splendĕo. Splendorĕ fulgĕo *or* rĕfulgĕo. Fulgorĕ cŏrusco (nĭtĕo, rĕlucĕo, ardĕo, mĭco, ardesco). Lux (flammă) emĭcăt *or* absistĭt (ăb). Nĭtorem mitto. Lumĭnă reddo *or* fundo. **Phr.** Flammă fundĭtŭr ăb &c. Vŏmĭt ignes (umbo aurĕŭs). Gemmæ, solĕ lăcessitæ, reddunt lumĭnă. Armă incendĭt fulgŏr. Ærĕ, solĕ rĕpercusso, rĕnĭdent. Ærati clypĕi sŭb nubĭlă rĕpercussam lucem jactant. *See* Fulgens.

Fulgĭdŭs, ă, um. *Shining, bright. Lr.* ˘Acies ornatu fulgĭdă Martis. *Cl. See* Fulgens.

Fulgŏr, ŏris. *m.* **1.** *Brightness, splendour.* Lit. and fig. Cui nec fulgŏr ădhuc, necdum sŭă formă rĕcessĭt. *V.* [† Splendŏr, nĭtŏr, lux; *sts.* flammă, ignis, lumĕn, jŭbăr, rădĭi.] **Ep.** Vivŭs, purŭs, nĭtens, nĭtĭdŭs, clarŭs, flammĕŭs, ignĕŭs, cŏruscans, splendĭdŭs, rădĭans, ardens, rŭtĭlŭs, trĕmŭlŭs. **2.** *Lightning.* Vibratŭs ăb æthĕrĕ ~. *V. See* Fulgur. **3.** *Fig.* ~ famæ. *O.* [† Nĭtŏr, splendŏr.]

Fulgŭr, ŭris. *n.* **1.** *Flashing light; flash, ray of light.* Solis pervolgant fulgŭrĕ cœlum. *Lr.* Flammai fulgŭrĕ. *Lr.* Clypĕo mĭcantĭă fulgŭrĕ mittunt. *V.* Gallĕæ ~. *Cl. See* Fulgor, Lumen. **2.** Sp. *Lightning.* Ætnæo ~ ăb ignĕ. *O.* Fulgŭrăque ĕt tŏnĭtrus. *V. Fl.* [† Fulgŏr, ignes, flammæ, fax.] **Ep.** Sŭblĭtum, rĕpentinum; răpĭdum; clarum, cŏruscans, rădĭans, ardens, ignĭtum, flammĕum; mĭnax, horrĭfĭcum. **Phr.** *It lightens.* Ignes, abruptis nubĭbŭs (căvis elisi nubĭbŭs, abrupti nubĭbŭs), ingĕmĭnant (exsĭlĭunt, nunc hinc, nunc illinc concursant). Æther, sŭblĭta făcĕ (missis *or* crebris ignĭbŭs) abrumpĭtŭr (rupto pŏlo mĭcăt). Ignĕă rimă nimbos lumĭnĕ percurrĭt. Fulgŏr ăb æthĕrĕ vĭbratŭs trĕmiscĭt. Fulgŭrĕ abrŭptă flammas pĕr nubĭlă spargunt. **3.** *A thunderbolt.* Cĕcĭdĕrunt fulgŭrĕ. *V.* Fulgŭrĭs ictum evasi. *J. See* Fulmen.

Fulgŭro, as. *To shine, flash like lightning.* Vĕtĭtoquĕ dŏmus jam fulgŭăt auro. *St.* ˘Ocŭlis ~-ăt ignis. *Sil. See* Fulgeo, Fulgur.

Fŭlĭca, æ, *and* Fŭlix, ĭcis. *f. A coot.* Nunc cĕlĕbres mergis fŭlĭcisquĕ pălustrĭbŭs undas. *O.*

Fuligo, ĭnis. *f. Soot, soil of age.* Assĭdŭa postes fuligĭnĕ nigri. *V.* **Ep.** Atră, nĭgră, fœdă.

Fŭlix. *See* Fulica.

Fulmĕn, ĭnis. *n.* **1.** *A thunderbolt.* Fulmĕn ĕrat, toto Gĕnĭtor quæ plurĭmă cœlo Dejĭcĭt in terras. *V.* [† Tŏnĭtrŭ; *sts.* telum, fulgŭr.] **Ep.** Trĭfĭdum, trĭsulcum; cŏruscum, rŭtĭlum, flammans, flammĕum, ignĕum, ignĭfĕrum; missilĕ, tortum, intortum, vĭbratum; horrĭsŏnum, trĕmendum, mĕtŭendum, terrĭbĭlĕ, obliquum. **Crel.** Fulmĭnis ictŭs (vis, ignes, alæ). Cœlestis fulmĭnis ignis. Cœli flammă *or* flammæ. Jŏvis ignis (ignis tergĕmĭnŭs). Fulmĭnĕŭs *or* trĭsulcŭs ignis. Fax fulmĭnĕă, trĭsulcă. Trĭfĭdă flammă. Jŏvis telum, telă, ignĕă telă. Trĭsulcum, flăgrans telum. Cyclopĭă telă. Trĭfĭdi ardores. Fulmĭnĕŭs ictŭs, ignis. **Phr.** *To hurl the thunder; send forth the lightning.* Fulmĕn *or* fulmĭnă torquĕo (intorquĕo, contorquĕo. mitto, jăcŭlŏr, mollŏr, jacto, quătĭo, dejĭcio, vĭbro). Răpĭdum ignem e nubĭ-

GIGNO. 9. *To put to flight. V.* [† Dissĭpo.] 10. *To lay prostrate.* ∾ rĕsŭpinum. *O.* ∾ corpŏrĕ hūmi. *V. See* STERNO. 11. ∾ me, *or* Fundŏr. *To lie stretched.* Jŭvĕnes ∾-untŭr In alga. *V. Fl. See* RECUBO.

FUNDUS, i. *m.* 1. *The bottom of any thing.* Atque imo Nereus clĕt æquŏrĕ fundo. *V.* Res vertĕrĕ fundo. *V. See* IMUS. 2. *Land, a farm, landed estate.* Fălerni millĕ ∾-i jŭgĕrŭ. *H.* Latis otĭ ∾-is. *V. See* AGER, PRÆDIUM.

FUNĔBRIS, *or* FUNEBRIS, ĕ. *Funeral, funereal; mournful, dismal.* Jŭbet cŭpressus funĕbres. *H.* Funĕbrĕ bellum. *H.* Ite hinc difficiles, funebrĭ lignŭ, tăbellæ. *O.* [† Funĕrĕŭs, lugŭbris, flebĭlis, feralis, tristis.]

FUNĔRĔUS, ă, um. *Funeral, funereal.* Funĕrĕas inferrĕ fŭces. *V.* [† Funĕbris, fĕralis, funestus.]

FUNESTO, as. *To bring evil to, bring a ban of evil upon.* Tali mentĕ, dĕæ, funestet sequĕ sŭosquĕ. *Cat.* and *J.*

FUNESTUS, ă, um. 1. *Funereal.* Est vĭă declivis, funesta nubilă taxo. *O. See* FUNEREUS. 2. *Fatal, deadly.* ∾-æ tædæ. *V.* ∾ morsŭs. *O.* [† Fatalis, letalis, exitiosŭs, exitialis, exitiabilis, fatifĕr, mortifĕr, letifĕr, grăvis.] 3. *Ill-omened.* ∾ vŏlŭcris. *Pp. See* SINISTER.

FUNGOR, ĕris, functŭs sum. 1. *To discharge, bring to an end, fulfil.* ∾ munĕrĕ. *V.* officiis. *H.* dăpibŭs; lăcrimis. *O.* [† Defungŏr, exsĕquŏr, præsto, efficio, exercĕo, ŏbĕo, perficio.] 2. *Anc. with acc.* ∾-i munŭs. *Pl.* and *Lr. See* FUNCTUS.

FUNGUS, i. *m.* 1. *A sort of mushroom, less valued than the* boletus. *O. H. See* B. Ep. Pratensis, plăvialis, anceps. 2. *Spurt* or *thief in the wick of a lamp,* &c. Pŭtres concrescĕrĕ fungos. *V.*

FUNIS, is. *m.* 1. *A rope.* Adductăquĕ funĭbŭs arbŏr Corrŭit. *O.* Qui jam contento, jam laxo funĕ lăborăt. *H.* [† Restis, vincŭlum, vinclum; *sts.* lorum.] Ep. Stuppĕŭs, tortŭs, contortŭs, tensŭs, contentŭs; sŏlutŭs, laxŭs. Crol. Tortum linum. Vincŭlă lini. Vincŭlă linĕă *or* stuppĕă. 2. *A cable of a ship.* ˘Ab littŏrĕ rumpĭtĕ funem. *V.* [† Rŭdens, rĕtĭnacŭlă, vincŭlă, cannăbis.] *See* RUDENS.

FUNUS, ĕris. *n.* 1. *A violent death.* Fraterni mature funĕris ultŏr. *O. See* NEX. 2. Freq. in pl. *Carnage. V. H.* [† Cædes, strages.] *See* CÆDES. 3. *A funeral, funeral rites.* ∾ egrĕgie factum. *H.* Instauramŭs Pŏlŷdoro funŭs. *V.* Funĕrĕ mĕă. *O.* [† Exsĕquiæ, justă, &c.] *See* EXSEQUIÆ. 4. *A dead body.* ∾ lăcĕrum tellus băbĕt. *V. See* CADAVER.

FUR, uris. *m. A thief; used of slaves especially.* Callidŭs effracta nummos fur aufĕrĕt arca. *M.* Audent quum tallĕ fures. *V.* [† Lătro, prædo; *sts.* raptŏr, prædatŏr, ăbactŏr, spŏliatŏr, furax.] Ep. Nocturnŭs, occultŭs, tăcitŭs, cautŭs, văgŭs, callidŭs, astutŭs, ăvarŭs, improbŭs; sollicitŭs, trĕpidŭs. Crol. ˘Ad omnĕ furtum assuetŭs; rapto vivĕrĕ ingĕnĭosŭs.

FURAX, acis. *Thievish, given to thieving. M.* [† Răpax.] *See* FUR.

FURCA, æ. *f.* 1. *A fork, a prop fork-shaped.* Exăcŭunt ălĭi vallos furcasquĕ bicornes. *V.* ∾-as sŭbĭerĕ cŏlumnæ. *O.* 2. *A sort of gallows for slaves. See* PATIBULUM. 3. Furcæ Caudinæ. *See* CAUDINUS.

FURCIFĔR, ĕri. *m. A hang-dog, rascal.* Quorsum hæc tam putĭdă tendant Furcifĕr? Ad te, inquam &c. *H.*

FURENS, tis. *part. See* FURO. 1. *Out of his mind, raving.* Totaquĕ vāgatŭr Urbĕ fŭrens. *V. See* FURIOSUS. 2. Sp. *Violently in love. See* AMANS. 3. *Under the excitement of inspiration, inspired.* Sponsæ præceptă fŭrentis. *V. See* AFFLATUS. 4. *Furious, raging.* ∾-es austri. ∾ amnis. *V.* [† Insanŭs, răbidŭs, iratŭs.] *See* IRATUS.

FURIA, æ. *f. A Fury. H. See* FURIÆ.

FURIÆ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *The Furies. C. D.* Pendentem scŏpŭlo, Fŭriarumque ŏrā trĕmentem. *V.* [† Diræ, Eumĕnĭdes, ˘Erinnyes; *sts.* Eumĕnis, Alecto, Mĕgærā, Tisĭphŏne, ˘Erinnys.] Ep. Infernæ, Stŷglæ, Tartărĕæ; horrendæ, atræ, mĕtŭendæ, immites, sĕvæ, crudeles, sævæ, torvæ, trŭces, minaces, ultrices; angŭicŏmæ. Angues crinĭbŭs implexæ: făces attollentes. Crol. Sŏrores–infernæ, Tartărĕæ, Stŷglæ, diræ, vipĕrĕæ. Noctĕ sătæ *or* gĕnĭtæ. Stŷglæ dĕæ. Noctis ălumnæ. Ultrices scĕlĕrum dĕæ. Infernæ pestes. Fŭriarum–cŏhors, turbă, agmĭnă (*ep.* sævă, dirā, implă). Junonis ˘Avernæ (Ditis, Stŷgii tŷranni) fămŭlæ. 2. *Frenzy, madness.* Concepit ∾-as evictă dŏlorĕ. *V.* ∾-is direptŭs æquorum (Hippŏlŷtŭs). *O.* Dulces ∾-æ. *St. See* FUROR. 3. *Fury, rage.* ∾-is accensŭs; mens effĕrŭ. *V.* [† Fŭrŏr, răbies, irā.] *See* IRA.

FURIALIS, ĕ. *Frantic, furious, enfuriate.* Pro tam fŭriallĭbŭs ausis. *O.* ∾-ĕ mălum (serpentis). *V.* căpŭt (Cerbĕri). *H.* [† Fŭrens, fŭriosŭs.]

FURIALITER. *Like one raving, frantic.* Non tămĕn exactum quĭd ăgat: fŭrialitĕr odit. *O.* [† Fŭriale, fŭribundum.]

FURIATUS, ă, um. *Maddened, enfuriated.* Non tŭlit hanc spĕclem fŭriata mentĕ Cŏrœbŭs. *V. See* FURIOSUS.

FURIBUNDUS, ă, um. *Frantic, furious.* Passis fŭribundă căpillis ausis. *O.* ∾-ĕ mălum (serpentis). *V. See* FURIOSUS.

FURIO, as. *To madden. H.* [† Lympho.] *See* L.

FURIOSUS, ă, um. *Beside himself, frantic, furious.* Nempĕ tŭo, fŭriosĕ. Mĕo, sed non fŭriosŭs. *H.* ∾ ămŏr. *O.* ∾-ă votă. *O.* [† Fŭrens, fŭriatŭs, fŭribundŭs, lymphatŭs, amens, demens, insanŭs, vesanŭs, delirŭs.] Crol. Fŭrorĕ *or* fŭriis–accensŭs, incensŭs, stimŭlatŭs, impulsŭs, cæcŭs, percitŭs, concitŭs, abreptŭs. ˘Animi vāgŭs. Fŭrenti răbie stimŭlatŭs. *See* AMENS, FUROR.

FURNUS, i. *m. An oven for baking. O. J.*

FURO, is (fŭrŭi, *seldom found*). 1. *To rave, be mad.* Immensam sĭnĕ morĕ fŭrit lymphatā pĕr urbem. *V.* Hunc tu si sanum credis, ˘Avitĕ, fŭris. *M. See* INSANIO, AMENS. 2. *To be in prophetic frenzy, inspired. H. See* AFFLOR, VATICINOR. 3. *To rage, be furious.* ∾ contra telā. *V.* [† Perfŭro, sævio, desævio.] *See* IRASCOR. 4. *Used of things inanimate.* ∾-it vulcanŭs; æstŭs ārenis. *V.* ardŏr ĕdendi. *O.* In templā (fulmĭn). *L.* [† Sævio, bacchŏr.] 5. *Used of love. See* FURENS, FUROR. 6. *Sts. with acc. of cognate sense.* ∾ fŭrorem. *V.* cædis ŏpŭs (*of Mars*). *St.*

I. FURŎR, aris. 1. *To rob, commit a robbery.* An quo, furatum vĕnias, vestigas lŏcā? *Pl.* [† Răpio, tollo, subduco, subtrăho, aufĕro, expilo, compilo, prædŏr, subripio.] *See* PRÆDOR. 2. *To steal privily, subtract secretly.* ∾ fessos ŏcŭlos lăbori. *V.* spĕclem ˘Iacchi. *Pp.* (*assume privily.*) [† Subduco, subtrăho, &c.] *See* SUBDUCO.

II. FURŎR, oris. *m.* 1. *Madness, insensate folly.* Quis fŭrŏr istĕ nŏvus? quo nunc, quo tendĭtis? inquit. *V.* Amenti cæcā ∾-ĕ. *Cat.* [† Insanĭă, vesanĭă, dementĭă, amentĭă, delirĭă (orum).] Ep. Cæcŭs, præceps, amens, demens, insanŭs, vesanŭs, mălĕsanŭs, delirŭs, vecors, indŏmĭtŭs, vāgŭs, vĭŏlentŭs, dirŭs, sævŭs, immanis, effrenatŭs, răbidŭs. Crol. Fŭrŏris–ictŭs, stimŭli, impĕtŭs. Mens fŭriatā. Lymphatæ mentis (mentis effrenæ) impĕtus *or* vĭŏlentiā. *See* AMENS, INSANIO. 2. *Prophetic furor. V.* Concĭpĭtĕ mentĕ vatĭcinos ∾-es. *O. See* AFFLOR. 3. *Violent love. V. See* AMOR. 4. *Any violent desire.* Lŭcri ∾. *Sen. See* CUPIDO. 5. *Fury, rage.* ∾ irāquĕ

mentem præcĭpĭtant. *V.* [† Fūrĭæ, răbĭes, irā.] *See* IRA. **6.** *Used of things inanimate.* ∾ prŏcellæ. *St.* cœli æquĭnoctĭalĭs. *Cat.*

FURTIM. *By stealth, privily. V.* [† Clam, furto, arcano, &c.] *See* CLAM.

FURTIVE. *adv.* = Furtim. (Furtivŭs.)

FURTIVŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Pilfered, stolen.* Ut vinosă glŏmos furtivæ Pyrrhĭă lanæ (portăt). ∾-is nudată cŏlorĭbŭs (cornicŭlă). *H.* **2.** *Furtive, secret.* ∾ ămŏr. *V.* ∾-æ cŭpidĭnis artes. *O. See* ARCANUS.

FURTUM, i. *n.* **1.** *Any thing kept out of sight,* or *clandestinely, privily done.* Furto lætatŭs inani. *V.* (*of evil concealed.*) Furtă fŭgæ pĕr æquŏr. *L.* **2.** Sp. *Intrigues, secret amours.* ∾-ă vĕnĕris sŭæ tăcerĕ; deprensi măriti. *O. See* ADULTERIUM. **3.** *Stratagem in war.* ∾-ă păro belli. *V.* Haud ∾-o mĕllĭŏr, sĕd fortĭbŭs armis. *V.* **4.** Furto. *abl.* (*as adv.*) = Furtim. *See* F. **5.** *Robbery, theft. V.* [† Raptum, răpinā, prædā, lătrocĭnĭum.] **Ep.** Nocturnum, tăcĭtum, occultum, Iniquum, nĕfandum, turpĕ.

FURVŬS, ă, um. *Dark; murky, gloomy.* Ex ˘Achĕrontĕ sŭo furvis pĕpĕrissĕ sub antris. *V.* ∾-æ regnă Prŏserpĭnæ. *H. See* NIGER.

FUSCĬNĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A three-pronged instrument.* Fuscĭnă dentĕ mĭnax. *M.* **2.** *Neptune's trident.* Cærŭlĕo ∾ sumptă dĕo. *Pp. See* TRIDENS.

FUSCO, as. *To blacken, darken.* Lit. and fig. ∾ dĭem; dentes. *O.* Fuscantĕ lanugĭnĕ malas. *L.* [† Obscuro, ŏpaco; *fig. see* POLLUO.]

FUSCŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Blackish, dusky, dark.* Nox rŭît, et fuscis tellurem amplectĭtŭr alis. *V.* ∾-ă nubĭlă. *O.* [† Subnĭgĕr, nĭgĕr, atĕr, &c.] **2.** Sp. used of the skin. *Swarthy, dark.* ∾-ă vŏcetŭr nĭgrĭŏr. *O.* ∾ ˘Amyntas. *V.* ∾-i cŏmĭtes, quos Indĭă torrĕt. *Tib. See* NIGER.

FUSĬLIS, ĕ. *Fusible, fusile; in a molten* or *liquid state.* Fusĭlĕ per rictus aurum flŭĭtarĕ vĭderes. *O. See* FUTILIS.

FUSTIS, is. *m. A staff, club.* Quos (pŭĕros) tu nĭsĭ fustĕ cŏerces. Lumbos &c. fustĕ dŏlăt. *H. See* BACULUS.

I. FUSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* FUNDO. **1.** *Poured out, shed.* Plurĭmă fuso Sanguĭnĕ Terrā mădĕt. *V.* Vinum sŭpĕr æquŏrā fusum. *O.* [† Prŏfusŭs, flŭens, manans.] **2.** Sts. *Watered, sprinkled.* ∾ largo nectărĕ. *M.* **3.** *Put to flight. V.* **4.** *Stretched out, lying.* ∾ pĕr herbam. *V. See* RECUBANS. **5.** *Thrown to the ground, laid prostrate. Sil.* [† Stratŭs, dejectŭs.] **6.** *Spread, flowing* (speaking of the hair, the dress, &c.) ∾ barbă. *V.* ∾-æ pĕr collă cŏronæ. *O.* ∾ ăd pĕdes (pallă). *Tib.* [† Diffusŭs, flŭens.] **7.** *Widely-extended.* ∾-i campi. *V.* Fusĭŏr terrā. *L.* [† Effusŭs, pătens.] **8.** Fig. *Spent, lavished.* Incassum ∾-i lăbores. *V.* [† Effusŭs, exhaustŭs.]

II. FUSŬS, i. *m. A spindle.* Dum fusis mollĭă pensă Devolvunt. *V.* [† *Ext.* Cŏlŭs.] **Ep.** Pŭellarĭs, virgĭnĕŭs, mŭlĭĕbrĭs, femĭnĕŭs, vŏlubĭlĭs, tortŭs, tĕrĕs, grăvĭdŭs. *See* NEO.

FUTILIS, ĕ. **1.** *Vain, useless, worthless* (of persons and of things). Consĭlĭis hăbĭtus non futĭlis auctŏr. *V.* ∾ ictŭs jăcŭli. *Sil.* [† Vanŭs, Inanis, Inutĭlis.] **2.** *Brittle, fragile, frail.* Mŭcro, glăcĭes ceu futĭlis, ictu dissĭlŭĭt. *V.*

FŬTURUM, i. *n. and* FŬTURĂ, orum. *pl. The future.* Sin duram mĕrŭes hĭĕmem, parcesquĕ fŭturo. *V.* [† Venturum, venturā, eventurā.] **Crcl.** Fŭtŭrum (venturum) tempŭs *or* ævum. Fŭtŭrā (venturā)-ætas, sæculă, -æclă. Fŭtŭrā sors. Fŭtŭri casus. Venturā fatā. Postĕrā *or* serā sæculă. Tempŏrĭs fŭtŭri (venturi) exĭtŭs *or* ætas. Ævi fŭtŭri eventurā. Quæ mox venturā trăhentŭr. Quæ crastĭnā ætas volvĕt. Quŏd sĕquens horā fĕrĕt. *See* POSTERITAS.

FŬTURŬS, ă, um. **1.** *That which is destined to be, must be, will be.* Tam prŏcŭl, absenti curā fŭtŭrŭs, ăbi. *O.* **2.** *Future, to come.* [† Venturŭs, postĕrŭs.]

G.

GĂBĬI, orum. *m. pl. A Volscian city.* Et Găbĭos urbemquĕ Fĭdenam. *V.*

GĂBINŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Of Gabii.* Princĭpĭbus cæsis ex urbĕ Găbina. *O.* **2.** Găbinŭs cinctŭs. *A cincture first in use among the people of Gabii, and formed by throwing back the toga over the left shoulder, and bringing it round to the breast under the right arm. It was peculiar to the Roman priests.* Ipsĕ Quĭrinali trăbĕa cinctuquĕ Găbino. *V.*

GĂBRĬEL, GABRĬEL, *and* GABRIEL. *m. undecl. or* elis. *The Archangel Gabriel. Eccl.*

GADES, ĭum. *f. pl. A town on the western coast of Spain, founded by the Phœnicians, now Cadiz. An island of the same name, now the Isle of Leon.* Parvăquĕ regnă pŭtăt Tyrĭis cum Gadĭbŭs Indos. *L.* Solisvĕ cŭbĭlĭă Gades. *St.* [† Tartessŭs.]

GADITANŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Of Gades.* Cantĭcă qui Nili, qui Gaditanā sŭsurrăt. *M.* **2.** Gaditanum *or* Hercŭlĕum frĕtum. *The Straits of Gibraltar.*

GÆSĂ, orum. *n. pl. A javelin used by the ancient Gauls; a javelin.* Alpinā cŏruscant Gæsā mānu. *V.*

GÆTULĬA, æ. *f. A country of Libya.* Quidquid monstrĭfĕris gignit Gætulĭă campis. *Cl.*

GÆTULŬS, i. *m. A Gætulian;* and adj. *Gætulian.* Semperquĕ pāratŭs Inculto Gætulŭs ĕquo. *L.* Hinc Gætulæ urbes &c. *V.*

GAIŬS. *See* CAIUS.

GĂLÆSŬS. *See* GALESUS.

GĂLĂTĂ, æ. *m.* GĂLĂTÆ, arum. *pl. A Galatian; Galatians, inhabitants of Galatia, otherwise Gallo-Græci.* Vivant Gălătæquĕ Sŷriquĕ. *L.*

GĂLĂTĒĂ, æ. *f. A nymph beloved by Polypheme. C. D.* Candĭdĭŏr fŏllo nĭvĕi Gălătĕă ligustri. *O.*

GĂLĂTIĂ, æ. *f.* (Γαλάτεια *and* Γαλατία.) *Galatia, a district of Asia Minor, so called from a colony of Gauls who settled there; known also as Gallia Minor.* Hunc Gălătiă vĭgens ausa est incessĕrĕ bello. *St.*

GALBĂNĔŬS, ă, um. *Of galbanum.* Hinc jam galbănĕos suadebo incendĕre ŏdores. *V.*

GALBĂNUM, i. *n. Galbanum, the juice* or *gum of a Syrian plant.* Hic ĕbŭlum stridet, pĕrĕgrinăquĕ galbănā sudant. *L.*

GĂLĒĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A helmet.* Et conum insignis gălĕæ, crĭstasquĕ cŏmantes. *V.* [† Cassis, cassĭdă.] **Ep.** Cŏruscă, dĕcorā, ærĕă, fulgens, rādĭans, rŭtĭlă; horrĭdă, horrĭfĭcă, mĭnans, terrĭbĭlis; cŏmans, cristatā, crinitā; cāvā, rĭgens, tutā, hăbĭlis. Cristis dĕcorā, crista ĕquina hirsutā, auro cŏruscā, cristis terrĭbĭlis, cristis cŏruscis subnixā, nĭvĕis pennis trĕmŭlā. **Crcl.** Æs cāvum. Gălĕæ-tĕgĭmĕn, tegmĕn, tegmĭnā. Tegmĭnā căpĭtum. Cassĭdis ærā. **Phr.** *Of one putting on his helmet,* or *helmeted.* Gălĕam indŭĭt. Gălĕa căpŭt prĕmĭt. Cāvo ærĕ c. protĕgĭt. Ōrā (crines) cassĭdĕ inducĭt *or* tegĭt. Căpŭt ærĕ fulgens. Crista purpŭrĕŭs. Auro cŏruscŭs. Crista ĕquina hirsutŭs. Cui căpŭti cassĭs trĕmĭt. **2.** *A helmet, visor-down.* Gălĕă clausă. *St.*

GĂLĒĂTŬS, ă, um. *Helmeted;* hence, *armed. J. Aus.*

GĂLERŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *A skin-cap* or *hat, helmet-like, anciently worn by priests.* **2.** *A skin-cap in use by country-people.* Fulvi lŭpi de pellĕ ∾. *V.*

3. *A perruke, periwig.* Crinem abscondentē ~-o. *J.* [† Cālerĭcālum, cāllendrum.]

GĀLĒCŬS, i. *m. A river near Tarentum.* Quo nĭgĕr humectat flaventīā cultā Gālesŭs. *V.*

GALILĀA. *and* GALILĒA, æ. *f. Galilee, a division of the Holy Land. Eccl.*

GALLA, æ. *f. A gall-nut, oak-apple.* Proděrĭt et tunsum gallæ admiscerē sāporem. *V.*

GALLÆ, arum. *f.* = Galli (I.). *Cat.*

GALLÆCIA, GALLÆCŬS. *See* CALLÆCIA, &c.

I. GALLI, orum. *m. pl. Priests of Cybele, so called from the river Gallus, in Phrygia, the waters of which enfuriated them.* Sanguĭnēi pŏpŭlis ŭlŭlarunt tristīā Galli. *L.* [† Gallæ, Cŏrȳbantēs.] *See* CORYBANTES.

II. GALLI, orum. *The Gauls. See* GALLUS (IV.).

GALLIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Ancient Gaul.* Te non pāventis funĕrā Gallīæ. *H.* Ep. Bellĭcā, ănĭmosā, indŏmĭtā, fĕrox, audax; fĕrax, pinguĭs, fecundā, ŏpimā, ŏpŭlentā, divēs, pŏtens, sŭperbā, clarā, nobĭlis. Crel. Gallĭcā terrā (hŭmŭs, rurā). 2. ~ tŏgātā. *Cisalpine Gaul, now Lombardy.* Gallĭā Romanæ nomĭnē dictā tŏgæ. *M.*

GALLICANĒUS. ă, um = Gallicus. Ridentem cātŭli orē Gallĭcano. *Cat.*

GALLICŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *pertaining to Gaul, Gallic.* Quum tanto Phrȳgĭa Gallĭcā distēt hŭmŏ. *O.* [† Gallŭs, Gallĭcanŭs.] 2. *Of* or *pertaining to the priests of Cybele,* or *river Gallus. Pp.* ~ turmā. *O.*

GALLINĀ, æ. *f. A hen.* Ne gallinā mălum responset durā pālato. *H.* Crel. Femĭnā galli. Cristāti mĕriti conjux.

GALLINACĔUS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to poultry;* hence, *with* pullus *or* gallus, *a cock.* Conclusi ĭtidem ūti pulli gallinacĕi. *Pl.*

I. GALLŬS, i. *m. A river of Phrygia. See* GALLI (I.).

II. GALLŬS, i. 1. *A priest of Cybele. See* GALLI (I.). 2. Gen. *A eunuch. O. See* EUNUCHUS.

III. GALLŬS, i. *m. A cock.* Sub galli cantum consultŏr ūbī ostĭā pulsāt. *H.* Ep. Vĭgĭl matutīnŭs; bellĭgĕr, martĭŭs, sŭperbŭs, fĕrox, ănĭmosus, cănorŭs. Crel. Gallŭs gallinacĕŭs. Lucĭs (Auroræ) prænuntĭŭs ălĕs, *or* nuntĭā ăvĭs. Vĭgĭl ălĕs. ~Avĭs cristatā. Excŭbĭtŏr ălĕs. Cristātā lucĭs ăvĭs. Cristatŭs ălĕs. Phr. *Of the early crowing of the cock.* Cantu (vĭgĭli orē, clara vocē, cristati orĭs cantĭbŭs) dĭem *or* Auroram prædicĭt (vŏcāt, evŏcāt, provŏcāt).

IV. GALLŬS, i. *m.* GALLI, orum. *pl.* 1. *A Gaul, the Gauls.* Sternet Pœnos Gallumquē rĕbellem. *V.* Galli per dumos ăděrant &c. *V.* [† Celtæ.] Ep. Bellĭgĕri, audaces, indŏmĭti, acres, impăvĭdi, fortes, trŭces, mĕtŭendi. 2. *The French.* [† Franci, Francĭgĕnæ.] 3. ~, ă, um = Gallicus. *See* G.

V. GALLŬS, i. *m. Cornelius Gallus, a poet, the friend of Virgil. V.*

GANĒŌ, onis. *m. A debauchee.* Sed lăudem sĭlĭquas occultus ganĕō, pultes, *J.* [† Discinctŭs, nequam.]

GANGARĬDÆ, darum *and* dum. *m. pl. The people of the Ganges.* Pugnam Gangarĭdum fāclam victorisque armā Quĭrini. *V.*

GANGES, is *or* is. *m. The river Ganges.* Nec pulcher Ganges, atque auro turbĭdŭs Hermŭs. *V.* Sic jārĕt ad Gangen, Indis &c. *St.* Qua tingĭtur Indĭā Gange. *O.*

GANGETĬCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to the Ganges.* Et quas sentĭt ~Arabs, et quas Gangetĭcā tellus. *L.* [† Indŭs, Indĭcŭs.]

GANGETĬS, ĭdis. *f. Of* or *relating to the Ganges.* Talis ĕrat dŏmĭta Bacchus Gangetĭdē terra. *O.*

GANNĬO, is. *To yelp.* Lit. and fig. Secretam gannĭt ĭn aurem. *Pers.* Quod nunc gannĭt ĕt oblŏquĭtur. *Cat.*

GANNITŬS, us. *m. A yelping, whining,* &c. Lit. and fig. Gannitu vocĭs ădulant. *Lr.* (de cănĭbŭs.) ~-ĭbŭs imprŏbis lăcessĕrē. *M.*

GĀNȲMEDES, is. *m. Son of Tros, king of Phrygia, taken up to heaven by an eagle, and made the cup-bearer of the gods. C. D.* Et gĕnŭs invisum, et rapti Gănȳmedis hŏnores. *V.* [† Illĭdes.] Ep. Dardănĭŭs, Illĭăcŭs, Phrȳgĭŭs, Phryx, dĕcorŭs, pulchĕr, formosŭs, flavŭs, candĭdŭs. Crel. Pŭĕr–Phryx, Phrȳgĭŭs. Idæŭs, Trojanŭs, Illĭăcŭs, Sangărĭŭs. Pŭĕr regĭŭs Idæ. Pŭĕr–dilectŭs Jōvi; raptŭs Jōvi; cœlo raptŭs; stans ăd cȳăthum Jōvis. Phr. Pŭĕr,—quem Jōvis armĭ-ĕr sublimem ăb Ida răpŭĭt;—quem præpēs āquĭlā pĕdĭbŭs uncis illæsum răpŭĭt (pĕr auras ætherĕas suppŏsĭtŭs portavĭt).

GĀNȲMEDEŬS. ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Ganymede.* Et Gănȳmedeo lucĕāt undā chŏro. *M.*

GĀRAMAS, antis. *m.* GĀRĀMANTĒS, um. *pl. A people of Mauritania.* Mixti Gărāmantē pĕrusto. *L.* Gărāmantās ĕt Indos &c. *V. See* APER.

GĀRAMANTĬS, ĭdis. *f. Of* or *relating to the Garamantes.* Rapta Gărāmantĭdē nympha. *V.* ~-ĭdās attĭgĭt undas. *L.*

GARGANŬS, i. *m. A mountain of Apulia; used also adj.* Quercetā Gargani lăborant. *H.* ~-ă căcumĭnā. *Sil.*

GARGĂRICŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Mount Gargarus.* Dindȳmā Gargărĭco respondent cantĭcā luco. *Aus.*

GARGĂRŬS, i. *m. and more freq.* GARGĂRĂ, orum. *n. pl. One of the summits of Mount Ida, renowned for its fertility; a town of the same name at the foot of the mountain.* Ipsā sŭas mirantur Gargărā messes. *V.*

GARRĬO, is. tr. and intr. *To prate, babble.* Mĕllĭusquē ranæ garrĭant Rāvennates. *M.* ~ ănĭles fabellas. *H.* [† Crĕpo, effutĭo, lŏquŏr, narro.]

GARRŬLĬTAS, ātis. *f. Garrulity, chattering, prating.* Raucăquē garrŭlĭtas, stŭdĭŭmque immanē lŏquendi. *O.* [† Lŏquacĭtas; *sts.* linguā.] Ep. Nĭmĭā, effusā, importunā, mŏlestā, ŏdĭosā, invisā, grāvĭs.] Crel. Linguā lŏquax *or* garrŭlā. Garrŭlĭtas linguæ. *See* GARRULUS.

GARRŬLŬS, ă, um. 1. *Garrulous, chattering, noisy.* Garrŭlā quam tignis nidum suspendāt hĭrundo. *V.* ~ rivŭs. *O.* sistrā. *M.* [† Lŏquax, crĕpans, stridŭlŭs, stridens.] 2. *A blab, babbler, tell-tale.* Percontatorem fŭgĭto, nam garrŭlŭs idem est. *H.* [† Lŏquax, lŏquacŭlŭs, verbosŭs, multĭlŏquŭs.] Crel. Fortĭs garrŭlĭtatē.

GĀRUM, i. *n. A costly fish-sauce, made at one time from the* garus, *but afterwards from the* scomber. Accĭpē fæcosum, munĕrā carā, gārum. *M.*

GĀRUMNĀ, æ. *m. The river Garonne.* Testĭs ~Arar, Rhŏdănusquē cĕler, magnusquē Gārumnā. *Tib.*

GAUDĒO, es, gavisŭs sum. 1. *To rejoice, be glad.* Excĭpĭunt plausu sŏcĭos, gaudentquē tŭentes. *V.* [† Lætŏr, exsulto, gestĭo, ŏvo.] Crel. Gaudĭā-concĭpĭo, căpĭo, ăgĭto, carpo, percĭpĭo. Lætĭtĭa-perfundŏr, exsulto, frŭŏr, frĕmo, gestĭo. Toto pectŏrē lætŏr. Lætĭtĭam (gaudĭā) vultu-prodo, testŏr, declaro. Lætos vultus indŭo *or* sumo. Lætas voces ăd sidĕrā jacto. Plausu gaudĭā cĕlĕbro. Lætum ănĭmum ăd sidĕrā tollo. Pectŭs gaudĭā pertentant. 2. *To take pleasure in, delight in.* ~ carmĭnē. *H.* rerum ĭmagĭnē. *V.* [† Delectŏr, oblectŏr, căpĭŏr, ducŏr, trăhŏr, āmo, prŏbo, dilĭgo.] Crel. Res me-jŭvāt, oblectāt, delectāt. Res mĭhĭ-plăcĕt, arridĕt, cordi est, gratā *or* jucundā est. 3. *Used with inf.* ~-ĕt funem

mānu contingĕrĕ. *V.* [† Gestĭo, lætŏr, ăvĕo, ardĕo.] **Crcl.** Me jŭvăt, *or abs.* jŭvăt. ˘Amŏr est. Gratum (jucundum, dulcĕ) est.

Gaudĭum, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *Joy.* Exsultatque, et vix ănĭmo sŭă gaudĭă differt. *O.* Vitæ ∾-ĭă. *V.* [† Lætĭtĭă; *sts.* vŏluptas.] **Ep.** Solennĕ, festivum, blandum, dulcĕ, effusum, brĕvĕ, fallax, falsum, ĭnanĕ. **2.** *To give joy.* Gaudĭă–do, fĕro, affĕro. Lætĭtĭă–implĕo, perfundo, afflĭcĭo. *See* Delecto. **3.** *A term of affection* (more freq. in pl.). Qui te, mĕă gaudĭă &c. *St.* [† Vŏluptas, ămŏr.]

Gausăpa, æ. *f.* (?), **Gausăpes,** ĭs. *m. and* **Gausăpĕ,** ĭs. *n. and* gausăpum (*in pl.*). *A rough, shaggy cloth for coverlets of different kinds.* Gausăpĕ purpŭrĕo mensam pertersĭt *H.* Gausăpă si sumpsĭt &c. *O.* Bălănatum gausăpĕ (= barbam). *Pers.* **Phr.** Nobĭlĭus villosă tĕgant tĭbĭ lintĕă citrum.

Gaza, æ. *f.* (A Persian word.) *The treasures of a prince;* hence, *treasures, riches.* Dignĕ Mĭdæ Crœsiquĕ bŏnis, et Persĭdĕ gaza. *St.* Trŏĭă ∾ pĕr undas. *V.* Nunc ˘Arăbum invĭdes ∾-is. *H.* [† Divĭtĭæ, ŏpes, thesauri.] *See* Divitiæ.

Gĕbennæ, *and sts.* **Gebennæ,** arum. *f. pl. Mountains of Gallia Narbonensis, now the Cevennes.* Intĕrĭusquĕ prĕmunt ˘Aquĭtanĭcă rurâ Gĕbennæ. *Aus.* Ninguĭdă Pyrenes et pinĕă Gebennarum (confinĭă). *Aus.*

Gĕhenna, æ. *f. The valley so called near Jerusalem; used metaph. for hell. Eccl. See* Inferi.

Gela (*V.* = ἡ Γέλᾱ), **Gelæ** (*Sil.*). *f. A town of Sicily, on the river* Gĕlas, æ [ὁ Γέλας. Cf. *Wagn. on Æn.* 3, 702]. Immanisquĕ Gĕla, flŭvĭi cognomĭnĕ dictă. *V.* ˘Ab amnĕ trăhens nomen Gĕlă. *Sil.*

Gĕlăsinŭs, i. *m. A dimple in smiling,* &c. Nec grata est făcĭes cui gĕlăsinŭs ăbest. *M.*

Gĕlatŭs, ă, um. *Cold as ice, iced, frozen to ice.* Lit. and fig. Centum me tĕtĭgerĕ mānus ăquĭlonĕ gĕlatæ. *M.* Et ficus Lĭbyčă gĕlată testa. *M.* ∾ vultŭs. *St.* ∾-o cordĕ attŏnĭtŭs. *L.* [† Gĕlĭdŭs, frigĭdŭs, frigens, algĭdŭs.] **Crcl.** Gĕlu (frigŏrĕ, glăcĭe) concretŭs (rĭgens, rĭgĭdŭs, vinctŭs, contractŭs). **Phr.** 1. *Of lands frozen over,* or *under snow.* Terrâ (tellus, glebâ, hŭmŭs) aggĕrĭbŭs nĭvĕis (ingenti nĭvĕ, alto gĕlu, canenti gĕlu, glăcĭalĭbŭs prŭinis, prŭina) informĭs (vinctă, ustă *or* ŏbustă) late rĭgĕt (jăcĕt, canĕt). Pratâ rĭgent. Terram &c. gĕlĭdis rorĭbŭs prŭinâ tĕgĭt. Montes nivali compĕdĕ brumâ vincĭt. 2. *Of rivers freezing,* &c. Brumâ &c. (rĭgens, tristĭs)—cursus ăquarum (currentes ăquas, flŭvĭos ĕuntes, flŭvĭales lătĭces, flumĭnă) glăcĭe (glăcĭali frigŏrĕ, ĭn glăcĭem, frigŏrĕ ăcuto, gĕlu, ventis durantĭbŭs) frenăt (rĕfrenăt, congelăt, astringĭt, vincĭt, nectĭt, jungĭt). Amnĭs (undă, flumĕn) frigŏrĕ (glăcĭe, gĕlu astricto *or* ăcuto) duratŭs cŏĭt (concrescĭt, consistĭt, constĭtŭit). Amnĭs sŏlĭdis lymphis (glăcĭe rĕtĭnentĕ) hærĕt, *or* tectis ăquis ĭn mārĕ serpĭt. *See* Gelor.

Gĕlĭdŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Frosty, frozen, cold.* Lit. and fig. Verĕ nŏvo, gĕlĭdus canis quum montĭbŭs humŏr Liquĭtŭr. *V.* ∾-um bŏrĕan egĕlĭdumquĕ nŏtum. *O.* ∾ (tardantĕ sĕnecta) sanguĭs; trĕmŏr. *V.* [† Gĕlatŭs, egĕlĭdŭs, frigĭdŭs, algĭdŭs.] *See* Frigidus, Gelatus. **2.** *Cool, fresh.* ∾-i fontes. ∾-is In vallĭbŭs Hæmi. *V.* [† Frigĭdŭs.] **3.** Gĕlĭdă, æ. *f.* (sc. aqua.) *Cold water. H.*

Gĕlo, as. *To freeze.* tr. Lit. and fig. Gĕlăt orâ păvŏr. *St.* [† Congĕlo, glăcĭo, duro, induro, adstringo.] **Crcl.** Gĕlu (frigŏrĕ)–adstringo, constringo, induro. *See* Gelatus.

Gĕlŏr. *pass. To freeze.* intr. Lit. and fig. Rarăquĕ longævis nĭvĭbus crystallă gĕlari. *St.* Păvĭdo ∾ pectŏrĕ. *J.* [† Duresco, durŏr, indurescо, adstringŏr, rĭgesco, rĭgĕo, congĕlo.] **Crcl.** Gĕlu (frigŏrĕ, glăcĭe)–adstringŏr, constringŏr, vincĭŏr, lĭgŏr, rĭgĕo, concresco, indurŏr, horrĕo. *See* Gelatus.

Gĕlonĭ, ĭs. *m.* **Gĕloni,** orum. *pl. A Scythian people.* Carasquĕ, săgittĭfĕrosquĕ Gĕlonos. *V.* *See* Scythæ.

Gĕlu. *n. undecl.* (*seldom found but in the abl. See* Genu *for note on the quantity of the last syllable.*) **1.** *Frost, ice, great cold.* Primo brumâ gĕlu siccisque ăquĭlonĭbŭs horrens. *V.* Gĕluquĕ Flumĭnă constĭtĕrĭnt ăcuto. *H.* [† Glăcĭes, frigŭs; *est.* nix, prŭinâ, brumâ, hĭems.] **Ep.** Glăcĭalĕ, hibernum, hĭĕmalĕ, nĭvalĕ, canum, canens, adstrictum, concretum, horrens, rĭgens, ĭners, pĭgrum. *See* Nix, Hiems. **2.** Fig. *The chill and frost of age, fear,* &c. ∾ (*abl.*) tardâ sĕnectus. *V.* torpĕt sanguĭs. *Sen.* *See* Senectus, Horror.

Gĕmellĭ, orum. *m. pl. Twins.* Partus enixâ gĕmellos. *O.* [† Gĕmĭni.] **Crcl.** Gĕmĭnă *or* gĕmellă proles. Gĕmĭni nati *or* fratres. *See* Gemellus.

Gĕmellĭpăra, æ. *f. The mother of twins; epithet of Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana.* Curvâ gĕmellĭpăræ spicŭlâ ferrĕ dĕæ. *O.* **Phr.** Prolem enixâ (uno eodemquĕ partu fĕrens) gĕmellam.

Gĕmellŭs, ă, um. **1.** *A twin.* Gĕmellĕ Castŏr, et gĕmellĕ Castŏrĭs. *Cat.* Proles ∾. *O.* *See* Gemelli *and* Geminus. **2.** Fig. *Perfectly resembling each other, exactly matched.* Par fratrum pravorum ămorĕ ∾-um. *H.* Pinus ∾-as. *M.*

Gĕmĭnatŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Gemino. *Doubled, redoubled.* Hunc plausŭs hĭantem Corrĭpŭit, gĕmĭnatŭs ŏnĭm. *V.* Ebrĭĕtas ∾-ă cŭpĭdĭnĕ regnăt. *O.* [† Ingĕmĭnatŭs, frĕquens, densŭs.]

Gĕmĭni, orum. *m. pl.* **1.** *Twin-brothers.* Gĕmĭnos huic uberă circum Ludĕrĕ pendentes pŏĕros. *V.* *See* Gemelli. **2.** *The* Gemini (Castor and Pollux), *one of the signs of the zodiac.* **Crcl.** Œbălĭdæ gĕmĭni. Tyndărĭdæ (Œbălĭi, cycnĭgĕnĭ) fratres. Ledæă siderâ. Ledæ sŏbŏles. Gĕmĭnă Ledæ siderâ. Sidŭs gĕmĭnum. Lampăs Tyndărĭdum. *See* Castor.

Gĕmĭno, as. **1.** *To double, redouble.* Jamquĕ dĕcem vitæ frater gĕmĭnavĕrăt annos. *O.* Lăbŏr ∾-ĕrăt æstum. *O.* [† Ingĕmĭno, congĕmĭno, dŭplĭco, ĭtĕro, rĕpĕto, rĕnŏvo; *sts.* augĕo.] **2.** *To couple.* tr. Lit. and fig. Non ŭt serpentes ăvĭbŭs ∾-entŭr. *H.*

Gĕmĭnŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Double.* Gĕmĭnumquĕ tĕnens Discordĭă ferrum. *St.* [† Dŭplex; *sts.* anceps.] **2.** *Two in number.* Huc ∾-as, huc flectĕ ăcĭes. *V.* ∾-os ˘Atridas; trĭpŏdas. *V.* Mārĭs ∾-i distĭnĕt isthmŭs ăquas. *O.* [† Bini, dŭŏ; *sts.* ŭterquĕ, ambo.] **3.** *Uniting two natures in one.* ∾ Chiron. *O.* **4.** *Twin.* Lit. and fig. ∾ germanŭs sŭŭs; sŏrŏr. *Pl.* cŭpido laudĭs (ambobŭs). *Sil.* [† Gĕmellŭs.] *See* Gemelli, Par.

Gĕmisco, ĭs. *To begin to sigh.* Si buxos inflarĕ velim, ferălĕ gĕmĭscunt. *Cl.*

Gĕmĭtŭs, us. *m.* **1.** *A groan* or *sigh.* Vităquĕ cum gĕmĭtu fŭgĭt indignatâ sŭb umbras. *V.* **2.** *Continued sobbing and lamentation.* Lamentis gĕmĭtuquĕ, ĕt femĭnĕo ŭlŭlatu. *V.* [† Planctŭs, plangŏr, lamentum, ŭlŭlatŭs, questŭs, quĕrelă, suspirĭă, clamŏr.] **Ep.** Femĭnĕŭs, quĕrŭlŭs, crebĕr, longŭs, ăcerbŭs, ămarŭs, grăvĭs, ægĕr, mœstŭs, tristĭs, mĭsĕrandŭs, flebĭlĭs, lăcrĭmabĭlĭs, assĭdŭŭs. *See* Gemo. **3.** Fig. *A deep, hoarse,* or *bellowing sound.* Dat tellus ∾-um. *V.* ∾ pĕlăgi. Liquĕfactâ saxâ sŭb auras cum ∾-u glŏmĕrant. *V.* [† Frĕmĭtŭs, sŏnĭtŭs, frăgŏr, murmŭr, sŏnŭs.] *See* Sonitus.

Gemma, æ. *f.* 1. *A precious stone, a gem.* Lit. and fig. Multas in digĭtis, plures in carmĭně gemmas Invĕnĭes. *M.* Et gemmis caudam stellantĭbŭs implĕt. *O.* [¶ Lăpĭdŭs, lăpis.] **Ep.** Indĭ, Indĭcĭ, ŏcŭ; prĕtĭosŭ, carŭ, nobĭlis, divĕs, rarŭ; nĭtens, fulgens, ardens, mĭcans, rădĭans, sidĕrĕă, cŏruscans, ignĕă, purŭ, lucĭdŭ, perlucĭdŭ. **Crol.** Lăpĭdes clari. Cari lăpilli. Gemmarum prĕtĭum. G. ponderĕ. ˘Eoŭs (Indŭs) lăpis *or* lăpillŭs. **Phr.** *Of gems, &c., worn on the person.* Gemmă-collo splendĕt;—pectŭs vărĭăt;—tempŏrĕ ambĭt;—artĭculos prĕmĭt. Gemmas-collo circumdo, do digĭtis. Gemmis digĭtos incendo. Gemmis aures ŏnĕro; g. cŏmam substringo (collum circŭmĕo, pectŭs vărio). *See* Annulus, Inauris, Monile. 2. Freq. *A pearl.* Gemmarum quidquĭd undis nascĭtŭr. *Tib.* Rŭbris ~ sŭb sequŏrĭbŭs. *Pp.* ˘Erythræis erŭtă ~ vădis. *M.* [¶ Unio, baccă, margărită.] *See* Unio. 3. *Used of a cup* or *any thing adorned with precious stones.* ~-a bĭbĕrĕ. *V.* E ~-a bĭbĕrĕ. *Pp.* 4. *The stone in the bezel of a ring; seal of the ring. O.* 5. *A pawn at chess,* &c. *M.* 6. *Eye, bud of a tree. V.* [¶ ˘Ocŭlŭs.] *See* Latrunculus.

Gemmans, tis. 1. *Producing gems* or *precious stones.* Gemmantĭă littorĕ. *O.* 2. *Set with precious stones.* ~-ĭă sceptrĕ. *O.* balnĕă. *St. See* Gemmatus. 3. *Sparkling like gems.* ~-es rorĕ pĕr herbas. *Lr.* 4. *Budding.*

Gemmatus, ă, um. *Set with precious stones.* ~-ă mŏnĭlĭă collo. *O.* [¶ Gemmans, gemmĕtus, gemmĭfĕr.] **Crel.** Gemmis-ornatŭs, tectŭs, distinctŭs, ŏnĕratŭs, ŏnustŭs, grăvis, aspĕr, mĭcans, rădĭans, clarŭs;—nĭtĭdŭs, conspĭcŭŭs, insignis. **Phr.** Lăpĭdum ignĕ distinctŭs.

Gemmĕus, ă, um = Gemmatus. *O.*

Gemmifĕr, ĕră, ĕrum. *That which produces* or *is set with precious stones.* Et frĕtă gemmĭfĕri ŭndĕrĕ classĕ mărĭs. *Pp.* ~-æ cŏronæ. *V. Fl. See* Gemmatus.

Gĕmo, is, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. Intr. *To groan, moan, sigh.* Et gĕmŭit; gĕmĭtus verbă pĕrentis ĕrant. *O.* Nĕc ~ cessabĭt turtŭr. *V.* (*its cooing.*) [¶ Ingĕmo, gĕmisco, suspiro, flĕo, deflĕo, lamentŏr, lugĕo, quĕrŏr.] **Crel.** Multă *or* ăcerbă gĕmo. Gĕmĭtus do (edo, fundo, cĭĕo, tollo, mitto, imo de pectŏrĕ duco, alto de cordĕ edo). *See* Lamentor. 2. Tr. *To groan over, deplore.* ~ plagas victorĭă. *V.* laudată. *O.* funĕrĕ. *St.* [¶ Dŏlĕo, quĕrŏr, deploro, suspiro; ingĕmo, indŏlĕo.] *See* Deflĕo. 3. Fig. *To utter a deep, hoarse sound.* ~-It impŏnĭtis incudĭbŭs Ætnă; pulsu pĕdum terrĕ. *V. See* Sono, Strepo.

Gĕnabum, i. *n. and* **Gĕnabŭs**, i. *f. A city of ancient Gaul, now Orleans.* Inclĭtă Cæsărĕis Gĕnăbus dissolvĭtŭr alis. *L.*

Gĕnæ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *The eye-lid, eye-lids. Enn. See* Palpebra. 2. *The eye-balls, eyes.* Cornicum immĕrĭtas erŭit unguĕ gĕnas. *Pp.* Exustæquĕ tŭæ mox, Pŏlŷphemĕ, gĕnæ. *O. See* Oculus. 3. Us. *Cheeks.* Nec lăcrĭmis cărŭerĕ gĕnæ. *V.* [¶ Malæ; *ext.* os, vultŭs.] **Ep.** Dĕcoræ, pubentes, purpŭrĕæ, ingĕnŭæ; rugosæ, turpes.

Gĕnĕr, ĕri. *m. A son-in-law.* Tequĕ sĭbi gĕnĕrum Tethys ĕmăt omnĭbŭs undis. *V.*

Gĕnĕratim. *By* or *according to kinds, species, classes. Lr.* Gĕnĕratim discĭtĕ cultus. *V.*

Gĕnĕratŏr, ŏris. *m. A begetter, producer.* Magnănĭmum quondam gĕnĕratŏr ĕquorum. *V.* [¶ Sătŏr, părens.]

Gĕnĕro, as. *To beget, engender, produce;* pass. *to be born, descended from.* Semĭnă limŭs hăbet vĭrĭdes gĕnĕrantĭă ranas. *O.* Gĕnĕrandi glorĭă mellis. *V.* Troja gĕnĕratŭs ˘Acestes. *V.* [¶ (*for* Generatus) Sătŭs, edĭtŭs, natŭs.] *See* Gigno.

Gĕnĕrosŭs, ă, um. 1. *One of noble extraction.* O qui nomĭnĭbus quum sis gĕnĕrosŭs ăvitis. *O. See* Nobilis. 2. *Brave, noble-hearted,* ~ miles. *O.* impĕtŭs (ăpri). *Ph.* [¶ Fortis, ănĭmosŭs, strenŭŭs.] *See* Fortis. 3. *Excellent; of the first class and character of its kind* (of things inanimate). ~-i palmĭtĕ colles. *O.* Emĕrŭi ~-os vestis hŏnores. *Pp.* ~-ă nŏvas Iunĭantĭă ceras (prună). *O.* ~-um ĕt lenĕ (vinum). *H.* 4. *Fertile, abounding in.* Insŭlă ~-ă mĕtallis. *V.*

Gĕnĕsis, is. *f.* 1. *Creation, birth.* 2. *A man's natal star.* Notă măthemătĭcis gĕnĕsis tŭă. *J.*

Gĕnĭalis, ĕ. *Genial, jovial, festal.* Lucent gĕnĭalĭbŭs altis Aurĕă fulcrĕ tŏris. *V.* ~ hiems. *V.* [¶ Festŭs, lætŭs, festivŭs, hĭlaris.]

Gĕnĭalĭtĕr. *Festally, with good cheer.* Hospĭtis adventu festum gĕnĭalĭtĕr egit. *O.* [¶ Festive.]

Gĕnista, *or* **Gĕnestă**, æ. *f. The broom-plant.* Quid majorâ sĕquar? sălĭces hŭmĭlesquĕ gĕnistæ. *V.* [¶ Spartum.] **Ep.** Lentă, vĭrĭdis.

Gĕnĭtabĭlis, ĕ. *Generative.* Et rĕsĕrătă vĭget gĕnĭtabĭlis aurĕ făvoni. *Lr. See* Genitalis.

Gĕnĭtalis, ĕ. 1. *That which serves to engender, produce.* Verĕ tŭment terræ, et gĕnĭtalĭă semĭnă poscunt. *V.* Quattŭŏr æternus gĕnĭtalĭă corpŏrĕ mundŭs Contĭnĕt. *O.* 2. Gĕnĭtales dĭi. *The twelve* Dĭ Majores. *Enn. Aus.* 3. *A name of Diana, as presiding over child-birth. H.* 4. *Natal, of* or *relating to birth;* hence, *used of a man's native country; of marriage.* ~ tempŭs. *O.* ~-ĭă fœdĕrĕ Cadmi. *St. See* Natalis, Patria.

Gĕnĭtivŭs, ă, um. 1. *Natural, that is born in* or *with us, innate.* Formă prĭor rĕdĭit, gĕnĭtivăquĕ rursŭs Imago. *O.* 2. Gĕnĭtivum nomĕn. *The* gens- or *clan-name. O.*

Gĕnĭtŏr, ŏris. *m.* 1. *A father.* Dubĭo gĕnĭtorĕ crĕatŭs. *O.* [¶ Pătĕr, părens, sătŏr.] 2. *A designation given ordinarily to the* Dĭ Majores *only.* Æquŏrĭă prospĭcĭens ~ (de Neptuno). *V.* Omnĭpŏtens ~ (Jupĭtĕr). Tŭo ~ cum flumĭnĕ sancto (de Tibri). *V.* Phœbi ~-Is ăd aras. *V. Fl. See* Pater. 3. *Fig.* ~ usŭs. *H.* fraudum. *Sil.* Rhŏdăni (Lĕmannŭs). *Aus.*

Gĕnĭtrix (*not* **Gĕnĭtrix**), *or better* **Gĕnĕtrix**, icis. *f.* 1. *A mother.* Æneăăum gĕnĕtrix, hŏmĭnum divumquĕ vŏluptas. *Lr.* Nunc captivă rŏgat: gĕnĕtrici corpŭs Inemptum Reddĭtĕ. *O.* [¶ Matĕr, părens, crĕatrix.] *See* Mater. *Fig.* 2. Nox somni gĕnĕtrix. *Sil.* 3. *A designation given to the greater goddesses, especially to Cybele.* Hanc ~ făcĭem mĭsĕrătă rĕfecĭt (de Cybĕle). Itĕ dĕæ pĕlăgi, ~ jŭbĕt. *V.* Sămĭa ~ quæ delectatŭr ărena. *J.* (Juno). *See* Mater.

Gĕnĭtŭs, ă, um. *part.* (*of the obs.* Geno, *and serving to* Gigno.) *Begotten, engendered.* Dis gĕnĭte, et gĕnĭturĕ dĕos. *V.* [¶ Gĕnĕratŭs, sătŭs, natŭs.] *See* Filius.

Gĕnĭus, ĭi. *m.* 1. *The Genius,* or *tutelary deity, that was supposed to attend every person from his birth to his grave.* Scit Gĕnĭus, natalĕ cŏmes qui tempĕrăt astrum. *H.* **Ep.** ˘Amĭcŭs, bŏnŭs, bĕnignŭs, făvens, dux, cŏmĕs, fidŭs; mălŭs, infelix, sævŭs, mălignŭs. 2. Gĕnĭŏ indulgĕo; defraudo Gĕnĭum. *To indulge the natural inclination for pleasure,* &c.; *to mortify it.* Indulge Gĕnĭo; carpamus dulcĭă. *Pers.* Vino dĭurno ~-um placarĕ. *H.* Sŭum defrudans Gĕnĭum, comparsit mĭsĕr. *Ter.* [¶ ˘Anĭmo obsĕquŏr (= G. indulgĕo).] 2. *The protecting Genius of any place.* Pĕr Gĕnĭum lŏci (prĕcatŭr). *V.* Sălve, urbĭs Gĕnĭŭs &c. *Aus.* 3. Sts. *The gift of genius, great mental powers,* &c. *J. M.*

Gens, tis. *f.* 1. *A race, species.* Gens humană rŭit per vĕtĭtum nĕfas. *H.* ~ mortallum. *H.* humĭdă ponti. *V.* [¶ Gĕnŭs.] *See* G. 2. *A family.* Gentĕ sŭb Hectŏrĕa. *V.* Unŭs de Făbĭa

gentĕ &c. *O.* Infĭma de gentĕ. *H.* [¶ Gĕnŭs, stirps, sanguĭs.] **3.** *A nation.* Una cum gentĕ &c. bellā gĕro. *V.* [¶ Natĭo, pŏpŭlŭs.] *See* POPULUS. **4.** Pl. *The people of the world, the world.* Ignem fraudĕ mala ∾-ĭbŭs intŭlĭt. *H.* [¶ Terræ, orbĭs, hŏmĭnes.]

GENTILIS, ĕ. **1.** *Of the same* gens (family, clan) or *nation.* Nec non gentilĭā tympănā secum. *J.* [¶ Pătrĭūs.] **2.** *Of the same stock* or *species* (of plants). Indŭĭt arbos Ignotas frondes et non gentilĭā pomā. *Calp.*

GĔNU, *acc.* gĕnu, *abl.* gĕnu. *n.* [*There is great difference of opinion as to the quantity of the final* u *in the nom. and acc. of* cornu, gelu, genu, *even among the old grammarians. Diomedes* (1, 285) *asserts that* cornu, gelu, genu *have the final syllable short* (*in nom. and acc.*); *but Priscian* (7, 771) *opposes this doctrine, and quotes one passage from Ov., and another from Virg., which do not prove the point in question. The* u *is of course long in the abl.* (*where* u = ue); *and the singular is hardly found in the poets, except in that case.*] GĔNŬĀ *or* GENUĀ, gĕnŭum, ĭbŭs (*and not* genubus). *The knee.* Impressoquĕ gĕnu nitens. *V.* Oppŏsĭtoquĕ ∾ curvavit flexilĕ cornu. *O.* Tardātā sāgitta Interdum gĕnŭā impēdĭunt. Tardā trĕmenti Genuā (= genvā) lābant. *V.* [¶ Pŏplĕs.] **Ep.** Firmum, sŏlĭdum; trĕmens, tĭtŭbans, lābans, ægrum. **Phr.** 1. *To bend the knee; kneeling.* Gĕnŭā *or* genvā flecto (inflecto, inclino, pono, submitto). ˘In gĕnŭā procumbo. Flexo gĕnu procumbo. Flexā gĕnŭā submitto. Gĕnu (ūtroquĕ gĕnu) nixŭs (pressŭs, hŭmi pressŭs, prolapsŭs, flexŭs). Gĕnu prono *or* pŏsĭto. Pŏplĭtĕ curvo (submisso, flexo). Gĕnĭbŭs pronŭs. **Phr.** 2. *To kneel in worship; to throw oneself at the feet, embrace the knees of another supplicantly.* Gĕnŭā *or* pŏplĭtem flecto, pono. Gĕnĭbŭs advolvŏr (provolvŏr, accĭdo). Gĕnĭbŭs supplex advolvŏr. Pronis gĕnĭbŭs cādo (procumbo, vŏluto). ˘Ad gĕnŭā accĭdo *or* me projĭcĭo. Allabŏr gĕnĭbŭs. Procumbo pŏsĭto gĕnu. Gĕnŭā attingo (prenso, amplectŏr). Antē pĕdes jăcĕo *or* volvŏr. Pĕdes complectŏr. *See* ADORO, PRECOR.

GĔNŬALIA, ĭum. *n. pl. Garters.* Pŏplĭtĭbus sŭbērant picto gĕnŭalĭā limbo. *O.*

GĔNŬINUS, ă, um. *Used subst. m.* (sc. dens.) *A jaw-tooth.* Quæ gĕnŭinum ăgĭtent, non admittentĭā morsum. *J.* *See* DENS.

GĔNUS, ĕris. *n.* **1.** *Race, species.* Si gĕnŭs humanum et mortalĭā temnĭtis armā. *V.* ∾ irritabĭlĕ vatum. *H.* [¶ Gens, prŏpago; *sts.* naturā, sæclā.] **2.** *Lineage, family.* ∾ alto a sanguĭnĕ divum. ∾-ĕris fiducĭā. *V.* [¶ Gens, stirps, ortŭs, ŏrigo, sanguĭs, proles.] **Ep.** Antiquum, regalĕ, clarum, illustrĕ, noblĭ; hŭmĭlĕ, ignotum, obscurum. *See* PROLES. **3.** *Noble birth.* ˘Et gĕnŭs, ĕt virtus &c. *H.* *See* NOBILITAS.

GEOMĔTRĀ, *and* GEOMĔTRES; *or* GĒŌMĔTRĀ, *and* GEŌMĔTRES, æ. *m.* *A geometer, geometrician.* Grammătĭcus, rhetor, geometres, pictŏr, ăliptes. *J.*

GERMANĀ, æ. *f.* *A sister.* *V.* *See* SOROR.

GERMANI, orum. *m. pl.* *The people of ancient Germany.* Germanorumquĕ pālludes. *Cl.* [¶ Teutŏnēs, ˘Ālĕmanni, Sĭcambri, Sŭevi *or* Suevi.] **Ep.** Flavi, cærŭlĕi; bellaces, bellĭgĕri, trŭces, fĕroces, fortes, fĕri; indŏmĭti, rĕbelles. **Crcl.** Gens Germanā. Orē Teutŏnĭcæ cives. Accŏlā Rheni. Qui Danŭbĭum bĭbunt.

GERMANIA, æ. *f.* *Ancient Germany.* Aut ˘Arārim Parthus bĭbĕt, aut Germanĭā Tigrim. *V.* *See* GERMANI.

GERMANĬCUS, ă, um. **1.** *German.* Jŭvĕnem Germanĭcā signā fĕrentem. [¶ Germanŭs.] **2.** Subst. m. *A title given to Tiberius' adopted son for his victories over the Germans* (Cæsar Germanicus).

I. GERMANUS, i. *m.* *A brother.* Sed regnā Tŷri germanŭs hābebāt. *V.* *See* FRATER.

II. GERMANUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A German.* *See* GERMANI. **2.** ∾-ŭs, ă, um. *German.* ∾-is inflĭcĭt herbis. *O.* [¶ Germanĭcŭs, Teutŏnĭcŭs.]

GERMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* **1.** *A bud, sprout, shoot.* ˘Allĭenā ex arbŏrē germĕn Includunt. *V.* Nostræ stŭpēant tŭā germĭnā pinus. *St.* [¶ Surcŭlŭs, frŭtex, palmĕs.] *See* VIRGULTUM. **2.** *Produce, fruit; germ of animal life.* Auctumni maturet ∾-inā Virgo. ∾-inā carā mārĭs (*pearls, &c.*). *Cl.* Impleratque ŭtĕrum gĕnĕroso germĭnĕ. *O.* [¶ Fetŭs (us), semĕn.] **3.** Fig. *Used of any cause* or *principle.* *Lr.* *See* PRINCIPIUM.

GERMINO, aa. *To germinate, sprout, bud.* Germĭnāt et nunquam fallentis termĕs ŏlivæ. *H.* ∾-āt hortŭs. *M.* [¶ Frŭtĭco, pullŭlo, pubesco, ădŏlesco.] **Crcl.** Germĭnā *or* frŭtĭces-fundo, emitto, trudo, prŏfundo, effundo, spargo, explĭco, pārĭo. Germĭnĕ pubesco (pullŭlo, frondĕo). Germĭnĭbŭs *or* ramis-vīrĕo, vīresco, luxŭrĭo, exubĕro.

GĔRO, ĭs, gessi, gestum. **1.** *To carry, bear.* Quidve hæc gĕrĭtis tela irrĭtā dextris? *V.* [¶ Fĕro, gesto, porto.] *See* PORTO. **2.** *To bear about in one's person.* ∾ centum frontē ŏcŭlos, centum cervicē. *O.* tempŏrā quercu umbratā; vulnĕrā. *V.* **3.** *To produce.* ∾ arbŏres (de montē); vĭŏlam nullo sĕrentē. *O.* malos vālentes (de plātāno). *V.* *See* GIGNO. Fig. **4.** *Used for 'to have.'* ∾ ănĭmum curamquē vīrilem (antē annos). *V.* aspĕrā cordā. *M.* mores. *O.* nomenquē dĕcusquē. *V.* [¶ Gesto, hābĕo, fĕro, obtĭnĕo.] **5.** *To carry on, to do;* pass. *to be done, take place.* Nec tecum tallĭā gessi. *V.* Hoc ∾-ŭr zĕphŷris primum impellentĭbŭs undas. *V.* *See* FACIO.

GĔRŬLUS, i. *m.* *A porter, carrier.* Festinat cāllĭdus mulis gĕrŭlisquē redemptŏr. *H.* [¶ Bajŭlŭs.]

GERYŎN, ŏnis, *and* GERYŎNES, æ. *m.* *A king of Iberia, fabled to have three bodies and three heads. Hercules slew him, and carried away his flocks and herds.* Tergĕmĭni nĕcĕ Gerŷŏnis spŏlĭisquē sŭperbŭs. *V.* Prodĭgĭumquē trĭplex, armenti divēs ˘Iberi, Gerŷŏnes. *O.*

GESTAMĔN, ĭnis. *m.* **1.** *Any thing carried* or *worn; an ornament, dress,* &c. Clŷpĕum magni gestamĕn ˘Abantis. Prĭāmi ∾ (de sceptro). *V.* Regum ∾-inā (vestes). *St.* **2.** *Any thing serving to carry, convey,* &c. Vĕhĭtur ∾-inē conti. *V. Fl.*

GESTIO, is. **1.** *To desire ardently; to be on the quick with desire.* Quanto hāurire ănĭmus Musarum e fontĭbŭ' gestĭt. *Lucil.* Gestĭunt pugni mĭlĭ. *Pl.* [¶ Cŭpĭo, percŭpĭo, ardĕo, prurĭo.] **2.** *To be wild with joy, exult.* [¶ Gaudĕo, exsulto.] *See* GAUDEO. **3.** *With inf.* ∾-ĭt collude̅rĕ cum pārĭbŭs. *H.* [¶ Ardĕo, ăvĕo, cŭpĭo, flāgro.]

GESTO, as. *To carry, bear.* Tŷrĭis mos est gestarē phăretram. *V.* *See* FERO. **2.** Fig. *To bear about one, in one's person; to wear, to have.* ∾ pectŏrā. *V.* livĭdā armis brachĭā. *H.* **3.** Gestŏr. *pass.* *To go in a carriage* or *litter, to ride.* ∾ sella; bĭjŭgis ĕquis. *M.* In portĭcu. *J.*

GESTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* GERO. **1.** *Done.* *J.* **2.** Gestā. *n. pl.,* *or* Res gestæ. *Great deeds, exploits.* Res gestas Augusti scribĕrē. *H.* ∾-is æquandā pĕrĭculā rebŭs. *J.* Punĭcā gestā. Densĭŏr ∾-orum sĕrĭes. *Cl.* [¶ Actā, factā.] **3.** Bĕnē *or* mālē gestā; res bĕnē *or* mālē gestæ. *Good* or *bad success.* Læti bĕnē ∾-is rebŭs. *V.* *See* SUCCESSUS.

Gestŭs, us. *m. Gesture, carriage.* Exīgŭo signet gestu quodcunquē lŏquetŭr. *O.* Motus hŏmĭnum gestusquē. *Lr.* [† Motŭs; *sts.* nutŭs.] **Ep.** Dĕcorŭs, dĕcens, ingĕnŭŭs; sŏlutŭs, lascivŭs, pĕtŭlans.

Gesum. *See* Gesa.

Gĕta, *and more freq.* **Gĕtes**, æ. *m.* **Gĕtæ**, arum. *pl. One of the people*, or *the people, called the Getæ, a Scythian nation inhabiting the banks of the Danube; used also adj.* Quum fŭgĭt in Rhŏdŏpen, atque in desertā Gĕtarum. *V.* Truxquē Gĕtes armis &c. Bellā mŏventē Gĕta. *O. See* Scythæ.

Gĕtice. *adv. As the Getæ.* Jam dĭdĭci Gĕtĭce Sarmātĭcequē lŏqui. *O.*

Gĕtĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of the Getæ.* Hoc tĭbĭ de Gĕtĭco littŏrē mittĭt ŏpŭs. *O. See* Scythicus.

Getulŭs. *See* Gætulus.

Gigantēs, um. *m. pl.* 1. *The giants, sons of Titan and Terra. C. D.* Cĕcĭni plectro grāvĭorē gigantās. *O.* [† Terrĭgĕnæ, angŭĭpĕdes; *ext.* Titanēs.] **Ep.** Audaces, sŭperbi; horrendi, immanes, vasti; sævi, mĭtŭendi, fĕri, serpentĭpĕdes, angŭĭpĕdes. ˘Ad Stygā ignē (vindĭcē) dāti. Jŏvis ignē dŏmĭti. **Crol.** Titanĭā pubes *or* proles. Gigantum cŏhors (mānŭs, turbā). Terrĭgĕnæ fratres. Gĕnŭs antiquum Terræ. Terræ ālumni. Fĕri Terræ partus. Tellŭris jŭvĕnes. Monstrā horrendā *or* immanīā. Fratres cœlum rescindĕrē (sŭpĕris regnis Jŏvem detrudĕrē, in Jŏvis dŏmum irē, cœlestĭā regnā affectarē) conjurati (aggressi, ausi). *See* Titanes. 2. Sing. Gigas, antis. *m. A giant.* Promĭnĕt arcē gigas, atque uni missĭlis illi &c. *St.*

Gigantĕus, ă, um. *Gigantic.* Quumquē gigantei mĕmŏrantur prœlĭā belli. *O.*

Gigno, is, gĕnŭi, gĕnĭtum. 1. *To beget, engender, bring into the world* (of men and animals). Qui tanti talem gĕnŭerē pārentes? *V.* Gignis ˘Aloidas &c. *O.* [† Gĕnĕro, crĕo, progĕnĕro, procrĕo, produco, progigno; *ext.* educo, edŭco, ălo, tollo, extollo; (*for the female only*) pārĭo, edo, partŭrio, enitŏr; *sts.* depono.] **Crol.** Partum *or* prolem—do, edo, emitto. ˘In lucem (luci, sŭb lumĭnis auras) edo, *or* partu edo. Do (fĕro) partu prolem. Vitalem ālĭcui auram trado. *See* Parturio. 2. *To produce* (of the soil). Gĕnŭĭt de cespĭtē florem. *O.* [† Pārĭo, partŭrio, gĕnĕro, produco, edo, do, fundo, fĕro, gĕro, educo, edŭco, effĕro; *sts.* suggĕro, suffĭcio.] 3. Fig. *To cause, create.* [† Pārĭo, produco, edo, affĕro, effĭcio.]

Gingivæ, æ. *f. The gum of the teeth.* Frangendus mĭsĕro gingiva panis inermi. *J.*

Glabĕr, glābrā *and* glabrā, glābrum. *Smooth, bare, without hair* or *wool*, &c. Orē tĕner, latus pectŏrē, crurē glābĕr. *M.* ˘Oves ~-æ. *Pl.* [† Lævis, depĭlatŭs, vulsŭs.]

Glacĭalis, ĕ. *Icy, freezing.* Lit. and fig. Et glăcĭalis hiems &c. *V. See* Frigidus.

Glacies, ei. *f.* 1. *Ice.* Candŭĭt, et ventis glăcies adstrictā pĕpendĭt. *O.* Cærŭlĕa glăcie concretæ atque imbrĭbŭs atris. *V.* [† Gĕlu; *ext.* frigŭs, brumā, hiems, prŭinā, nix.] **Ep.** Arctoā, Rĭphæā, hŷperbŏrēā, frigĭdā, nivalis, durā, rigens, rigĭdā, concretā, adstrictā, aspĕrā, iners, frāgĭlis. **Crol.** Undā gĕlu concretā (adstrictā, constrictā, vinctā, grāvis, rigens). Undā—glăcie concretā *or* rigens;—glăcĭali compēdē *or* prŭinis vinctā. Undarum vinculā *or* duramēn. Concretæ in flumĭnē crustæ. *See* Gelatus, Gelu. 2. *Sts. pl.* Solŭs hŷperbŏrēas glăcies &c. lustrabāt. *V.*

Glacio, as. *To freeze.* tr.; *compel by frost.* Pŏsĭtus ut glăciet nives Puro numĭnē Jupĭtēr. *H. See* Gelo, Gelatus.

Gladiātŏr, ōris. *m.* 1. *A gladiator.* Lustravitquē fŭga mĕdĭam glăděiatŏr ārenam. *J.* [† Pŭgil, lānistā.] *See* Athleta. 2. Pl. *Combats of gladiators.* Das glăděiatōres &c. *M.* [† Munŭs.]

Gladĭŭs, ĭi. *m. A sword.* Pars glăděios stringunt mānĭbŭs. *V.* [† Ensis, ferrum, mŭcro, &c.] *See* Ensis.

Glandĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing masts* or *acorns.* Glandĭfĕras inter curabant corpŏrā quercus. *Lr.*

Glans, dis. *f.* 1. *An acorn.* Et quæ decĭdĕrant pātŭla Jŏvis arbŏrē glandes. *V.* Curvatā ~-ibŭs ilex. *O.* Quernā glans. *O.* **Ep.** Chaŏnĭā. Dodonĭā, iligně, quernā, silvestris, āgrestis. **Crol.** Æscŭlĕā *or* quernā baccā. Quercus (ilĭcis) fetŭs *or* fructŭs. Chaŏnĭæ fruges. Chaŏnĭis victŭs. 2. *A leaden ball used with the sling.* Glandes liventis plumbi spargĭt. *V.* **Ep.** Plumbĕā, missĭlis, vŏlatĭlis, vŏlŭcris. *See* Funda.

Glarĕa, æ. *f. Gravel, coarse sand.* Nam jejunā quĭdem clivosi glarĕā ruris. *V.*

Glaucŭs, ă, um. *Greenish, sea-green, light blue.* [*The colour is said to be best understood as* albor viridi mixtus.] Glauca canentiā frondē sālictā. ~ ārundo. *V.* [† Cærŭlĕŭs, cærŭlŭs, vĭridis.]

Glēba, æ. *f.* 1. *A clod* or *lump of earth.* Liquĭtŭr, et zĕphyro putris se glēbā rĕsolvĭt. *V.* **Ep.** Durā, iners, siccā; mādĭdā, humens; versā, fractā; fecundā, fertĭlis. *See* Ager. 2. Ext. *A bit, lump of any thing.* ~ turis. *Lr.* [† Glŏbŭs, glŏbŭlŭs.]

Glebŭla, æ. *f. dim. of* Gleba. *A little field. J.*

Glis, gliris. *m. A dormouse.* Somnicŭlosos illē porrĭgit glires. *M.*

Glisco, is. 1. *To grow, increase, spread.* Lit. and fig. Accenso gliscit vŏlĭcrĭs Turno. *V.* ˘In dies ~-it fŭrŏr. *Lr.* [† Cresco, augesco, augĕŏr.] *See* Cresco. 2. *To exult.* ~ vĭdens. *St.* 3. *To burn with desire.* ~ regnarē. *St.* [† Ardĕo.]

Glŏbosŭs, a, um. *Round, spherical.* Scĭlĭcĕt essē glŏbo-ā tāmen, quum squalĭdā constent. *Lr. See* Rotundus.

Glŏbŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A round body, globe, ball.* Lucentemquē glŏbum lunæ, Titanĭāque astrā. *V.* [† Orbis, circŭlŭs; *sts.* sphærā.] **Ep.** Rŏtundŭs, tĕrĕs. 2. *A rounded mass, volume* (such as of smoke, fire, &c.). Flammarum ~-i. *V.* [† *Sts.* Nubes, nĕbŭlā.] 3. *Troops in a round mass; any body of troops.* Hunc sīnē me turbarē ~-um. *V.*

Glŏmĕramēn, inis. *n. A round body, heap, ball, clew.* Dissĭmĭles igĭtur formæ glŏmĕramēn in unum Convĕnĭunt. *Lr.* [† Glŏbŭs, orbis, glŏmŭs.]

Glŏmĕro, as. 1. *To make* or *form into a ball*, or *round.* Sivē rŭdem primos lanam glŏmĕrabāt in orbes. *O.* Spĕrĭem ~ in orbis. *O.* 2. *To gather into one mass, heap together.* Lit. and fig. ~ tempestatem. *V.* ~-antŭr āves. *V.* sæcŭlā. *Cl.* [† Agglŏmĕro, conglŏmĕro, cogo, colligo (is), contrāho, densĕo.] *See* Accumulo. 3. ~ gressus. *To gallop, go at full speed.* Gressus ~ sŭperbos. *V.*

Glŏmŭs, i. *m. and* **Glŏmŭs**, ĕris. *n. A clew.* Ut vinosā glŏmos furtivæ Pyrrhā lanæ. *H.* [† Glŏbŭs, glŏmĕramēn.]

Gloria, æ. *f.* 1. *Glory.* Si nulla accendit tantarum gloriā rerum. *V.* [† Laus, dĕcŭs, famā, nomĕn, hŏnŏr.] **Ep.** Nobĭlis, cĕlĕbris, ingens, clarā, summā, magnā, sŭperstes, vivax, pĕrennis, immortalis, optatā; ventosā, vanā, inanis, brĕvis, frāgĭlis, lĕvis. **Crol.** Laudis āmŏr. Inclŷtā famā. Nomĕn immortalē. *See* Celeber, Fama, Immortalis. 2. *The glory, ornament, boast.* Pæstani ~ ruris. *M.* [† Hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos, dĕcŭs, gratĭā.]

GLORIŎR, arĭs. *To glory, boast.* Jupĭtĕr altĕr ăvus, sŏcĕro quŏquĕ glorĭŏr illo. *O.* Nec glorĭantĭs sustĭnĕt fratrĭs jŏcos. *Ph.* *See* SUPERBIO.

GLORIOSUS, ă, um. 1. *Glorious, renowned.* Est glorĭosus sane convictus dĕum. *Ph.* [¶ Hŏnestŭs, dĕcorŭs, pulchĕr.] 2. *Proud, vain-glorious, arrogant. M. Pl.* [¶ Sŭpĕrbŭs, fĕrox.]

GLUTĔN, Inĭs, *and* GLUTINUM, i. *n. Glue, gum, every thing of a viscous kind.* Collectumque hæc ipsa ad munĕrā glutĕn. *V.* *See* VISCUM.

GLUTIO, is. *To swallow.* Quales tunc ĕpŭlas ipsum glutissĕ pŭtemŭs. *J.* *See* SORBEO.

GNARUS, ă, um. *Knowing, practised, expert.* Ausŏnĭos gnaros belli, vĕtĕresquĕ lăborum. *Sil.* [¶ Doctŭs, prudens, scĭens, pĕrĭtŭs.]

GNATUS, i. *m.* *See* NATUS.

GNAVĬTĔR, *or* NAVĬTĔR. *Actively, perseveringly.* Consĭlĭumquĕ mŏrantŭr ăgendi gnavĭtĕr id quŏd. *H.*

GNAVUS, *or* NAVUS, ă, um. *Diligent, active.* ˘Agĭlem gnavumquĕ rĕmissi (oderunt). *H.* [¶ Implĭgĕr, strĕnŭŭs, sedŭlŭs, ăgĭlĭs, dĭlĭgens, industrĭŭs, assĭdŭŭs, promptŭs, festinŭs, cĕlĕr. **Crcl.** Non segnĭs. Quietĭs impătĭens *or* non pătĭens. Desĭdĭam (segnĭtĭem)–fŭgĭens, exosŭs, pĕrosŭs. Indefessŭs ăgendo. Assĭdŭo incumbens ŏpĕri.

GNOSIACUS, *or* GNOSSIACUS; *and* GNOSIUS, *or* GNOSSIUS, ă, um; *and fem.* GNOSIAS, *or* GNOSSIAS, ădis; *and* GNOSIS, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Gnosian, Cretan* (from Gnossus, a city of Crete). Proxĭmā Gnossĭăco tam quondam Phæstĭā regnā. *O.* Gnossĭādesquĕ Cydonĭādesquĕ jŭvencæ. *O.* 2. *The fem.* Gnosĭās *and* Gnosis. *Used subst. for Ariadne.* Bacchi Gnossĭās uxŏr ĕrĭs. *O.* Gnossĭdā Bacchŭs āmavĭt. *O.* [¶ Gnossĭā.] *See* ARIADNA.

GOBIŎ, onis. *m. and* GOBIUS, ĭi. *m. A gudgeon.* Quum sit tĭbĭ gobĭŏ tantum In lŏcŭlis. *J.* Prinĭcĭpium cœnæ gobĭŭs essĕ sŏlĕt. *M.*

GŎLIAS, æ. *m. Goliath, the Philistine giant. Eccl.*

GORGŎNĒS, um. *f. pl.* 1. *The Gorgons. C. D.* Non hic Centauros, non Gorgŏnās Harpyiasquĕ. *M.* [¶ Phorcĭdēs, Phorcinĭdēs.] **Crcl.** Phorci ternā prŏpago. Angŭifĕræ Phorci natæ. 2. *Sing.* Gorgon *or* Gorgo, ŏnis. *f. One of the Gorgons;* sp. *Medusa; the head of Medusa on the shield of Minerva.* Tanquam pocŭlā Gorgon porrĭgăt. *M.* Gorgŏnē rĭgŭerunt visa. *O.* Effulgens Gorgŏnē sæva (Pallās). *V.* *See* MEDUSA.

GORGŎNĒUS, ă, um. *Of the Gorgons, of Medusa.* Gorgŏnĕas tĕtĭgissĕ dŏmos, *O.* [¶ Mĕdusæŭs.]

GORTYNA, æ, *and* GORTYNE, es. *f. Sen. A city of Crete. C. D.* Eois quamvis certet Gortynā sāgittis. *Sil.*

GORTYNIACUS, *and us.* GORTYNIUS, ă, um; *and fem.* GORTYNIS, Idis. *L. Of Gortyna, Cretan.* Nec Gortynĭăco cālāmus lĕvis exĭt āb arcu. *O.* Stăbŭla ād Gortynĭā. *V.* *See* CRESSIUS.

GOTHI, *and* GŎTHI, orum. *m. pl. The Goths.* Huc possem victos indĕ rĕferrĕ Gŏthos. *Aus.*

GŎTHINI, GŎTHYNI, GŎTHUNI, *or* GRŬTHUNGI, orum. *m. pl. A mixed people of Goths and Huns.* Ausi Danŭbĭum quondam tranarĕ Gŏthuni. *Cl.*

GRABATUS, i. *m. A small, poor couch* or *bed.* Mundi nec spondā grăbati. *M.* *See* LECTUS.

GRACCHUS, i. *m. The name of an illustrious Roman family, the most noted members of which were the two Gracchi, Tiberius and Caius. C. D.* Quis tŭlĕrit Gracchos de sedĭtĭonĕ lŏquentes? *J.*

GRACCULUS, *or* GRACULUS, i. *m. A jackdaw.* Milvĭŭs et plŭvĭæ gracĕŭlŭs auctŏr ăquæ. *O.*

GRACILIS, ĕ. 1. *Slender, slight-shaped, thin.* In grăcĭli măcĭes crimĕn hăbĕrĕ pŏtest. *O.* ~ umbrā. *O.* [¶ Exĭlis, tĕnŭis; *sts.* măcĕr.] 2. *Small, little, light.* ~ lĭbellŭs. *M.* flŭvĭŭs. *Sen.* [¶ Parvŭs, tĕnŭis, angustŭs.]

GRADATIM. *By degrees.* (Grādŭs.) **Crcl.** Pĕr grādus. *See* SENSIM.

GRADIŎR, ĕris, gressŭs sum. *To step, walk; go.* Ipse uno grādĭtur cŏmĭtatŭs ˘Achatĕ. *V.* Grādĭensquĕ dĕas sŭpĕremĭnĕt omnes. *V.* ~ pĕr adversi cornŭā Tauri. *O.* [¶ Ingrĕdĭŏr, ambŭlo, incedo, ĕo, vado, tendo.] **Crcl.** Grādum *or* Gressum fĕro (flecto, tendo, mollĭŏr). *See* Eo, INCEDO.

GRADIVUS, *and* GRADIVUS, i. *m. A name of Mars.* Et gĕnŭs a magno ducentem fortĕ Grādivo. *O.* Gradivumquĕ pătrem &c. *V.* *See* MARS.

GRADUS, us. *m.* 1. *A step, pace.* Lit. and fig. Sed rĕvŏcarĕ grādum sŭpĕrasque evadĕre ād auras. *V.* Femĭnĕo corpŏrā ferrĕ ~-u. *O.* Notĭtĭam, primosquĕ ~-us vicinĭā fecĭt. Tŏtĭdem ~-us distamŭs āb illo. *O.* [¶ Gressŭs, passŭs, incessŭs, ingressŭs; *sts.* pes, vestigĭā.] **Ep.** Cĕlĕr, cĭtŭs, cĭtatŭs, răpĭdŭs, prŏpĕrŭs, ănhĕlŭs; ĭners, lentŭs, segnĭs, tardŭs, fessŭs; lăbans; tŭtŭbans, trĕmŭlŭs, incertŭs; sublimis, sŭpĕrbŭs. **Phr.** 1. *To go; to go fast.* Grādum făcio (fĕro, infĕro, flecto, tendo); g. corrĭpio, &c. *See* Eo, FESTINO. **Phr.** 2. *To go at the same time with others, to walk together.* Grādum confĕro. **Phr.** 3. *Not to move a foot; not to give way an inch.* ˘In grādu sto. 2. *The step of a ladder* (us. pl.); hence, *grade, degree.* Lit. and fig. ~-ĭbŭs sublimĭā longis (templā). *O.* surgebant limĭnā. *V.* ~-us ætatĭs scandĕrĕ. *Lr.* Quem mortĭs tĭmŭĭt ~-um? *H.* [¶ Scalæ.] **Crcl.** Scalarum grādus.

GRÆCI, orum. *m. pl. The Greeks.* [¶ Graii, Grajŭgĕnæ, ˘Achivi, Argivi, Dănăi, Pĕlasgi, ˘Inăchĭi, Inăchĭdæ.] **Ep.** Audaces, fortes; docti, ingĕnĭosi, facundi, săgaces; mendaces, vani. **Crcl.** Graiorum *or* Graium gens. Gens Dănăum. Graiā (Argivā, Pĕlasgā) pŭbes (jŭventus, gens).

GRÆCIA, æ. *f. Greece.* [¶ Hellās, ˘Achaiā, ˘Achaĭs.] **Crcl.** ˘Achivā, Dorĭcā, ˘Achaĭcā terrā, tellus, plāgā. Graiorum *or* Grajŭgĕnum rĕgio. Argivi *or* Argŏlĭci campi. *See* GRÆCI.

GRÆCŬLUS, i. *m., and fem.* GRÆCŬLA, æ. *A Greek* (used contemptuously). Græcŭlŭs esŭriens in cœlum, jussĕrĭs, ibĭt. *J.* *See* GRÆCI.

GRÆCUS, ă, um. 1. *Of Greece, Grecian.* [¶ Graiŭs, Argŏlĭcŭs, Pĕlasgŭs, Argivŭs, Dorĭcŭs, ˘Achæŭs, ˘Achaĭcŭs.] 2. *Used subst. H.* *See* GRÆCI.

GRAII, orum, *and* GRAJŬGĔNÆ, narum *or* num. *m. pl.* 1. *The Greeks.* Fas mĭhĭ Graiorum sacratā rĕsolvĕrĕ jurā. *V.* Graium murŭs, ˘Achilles. *O.* Grajŭgĕnarum. *Lr.* Grajŭgĕnumquĕ dŏmos &c. *V.* *See* GRÆCI. 2. Graiŭs, ă, um. *adj.* ~ cărinā. *O.* *See* GRÆCUS.

GRAMĔN, Inĭs. *n. Grass, a grass-field, herbage.* Tĕnŭis fŭgĭens per gramĭnā rivŭs. *V.* Carpĕrĕ ~ (de ĕquo). *V.* [¶ Herbā.] **Ep.** Mollĕ, rĭgŭum, vĭrĭdĕ, &c. *See* HERBA.

GRAMINĔUS, ă, um. *Grassy; covered with grass, herbage.* Gramĭnĕo ripæ rĭpĭgavĭt āb aggĕrĕ classem. *V.* [¶ Herbosŭs, herbĭdŭs.]

GRAMMĂTICA, æ, *and* GRAMMĂTICE, es. *f. Grammar.* Intrŏtŭlerĕ tămen grammătĭcæ stŭdĭum. *Aus.* **Crcl.** Ars grammătĭcā.

GRAMMĂTICALIS, ĕ, *and* GRAMMĂTICUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *relating to grammar.* Grammătĭcas ambirĕ trĭbus. *H.* ~ ars. *Aus.* 2. Grammătĭcŭs, i. *m. A grammarian, one learned in letters.* ~-i certant, ĕt ădhuc &c. *H.* [¶ *Sts.* Docti (orum).]

GRANARIA, orum. *n. pl. A granary* (granarium *not used*). Cur tŭā plus laudes cŭmĕris granarĭā nostris? *H.* *See* HORREUM.

Grandævŭs, ă, um. *Of a great age. V. See* Senex.

Grandesco, is. *To grow, grow great and tall* (sp. of the vegetable kingdom). Spontē sēges grandescērēt arvis. *Cl.* Nostro grandescunt auctā labōrē. *Lr. See* Cresco.

Grandilŏquŭs, ă, um. *Cic. Grandiloquent. See* Magniloquus.

Grandis, ĕ. 1. *Tall, high* (sp. of the vegetable kingdom). Lilĭā graudīā quassans. *V.* [† ˘Adultus.] 2. *Grown up, of full age and stature;* freq. *of advanced age, aged.* Jam grandĭŏr ævo (gĕnĭtŏr). *O.* Grandĭŏr ætas. *O.* Natu grandĭŏr. *Ter. See* Senex. 3. *Large in size, very large.* De stĭpŭla ∾ ăcervŭs. *O.* ∾-ĭā ossā; saxā. *V.* [† Magnŭs, vastŭs, ingens, immensŭs.] 4. *Grand, noble, lofty, sublime.* ∾ nomĕn. *O.* ∾-es cŏthurni. *H. See* Sublimis.

Grando, inĭs. *f. Hail.* Tectis crĕpĭtans sālĭt horrĭdā grando. *V.* Ep. Hibernā, frigĭdā, gĕlĭdā, glăcĭālĭs, concretā; spissā, densā, effusā, crĕpĭtans, canā; dirā, sævā, inĭmicā. Crol. Grandĭnis-imbĕr, ictŭs, iræ, verberā, prŏcellā. Concreti grandĭnĕ nimbi. Concreti frigŏrĕ imbres. Nubes concretā nŏto. Phr. *It hails.* Grando rŭit (cādĭt, decĭdĭt, plŭit, præcĭpĭtāt, fundĭtŭr). Grando terram (hūmum, āgros, tectā, culmĭnā) verberāt (percŭtĭt, pulsāt, fĕrĭt, quātĭt). Nimbŭs &c. commixta grandĭnĕ (sālĭenti *or* lāpĭdosa grandĭnĕ grāvĭs) præcĭpĭtāt (rŭit, cādĭt, desŭpēr infundĭtŭr). Nimbŭs (imbĕr lāpĭdosæ grandĭnis) culmĭnĭbŭs crĕpĭtāt. N. a tecti culmĭnĕ rĕsālĭt. Grando gĕlĭda Arcto crebrā exsālĭt. Jupĭtĕr sæva grandĭnĕ frĕmĭt. Tellus, prŏcella grandĭnis crĕpĭtantē pulsā, (verberatā, contusā) sŏnāt. Canent omnīā multa grandĭnĕ. *See* Pluit.

Granicŭs, i. *m. A river of lesser Phrygia, where Alexander defeated the Persians.* Fertŭr ˘Alexĭrhŏe Granico natā bicorni. *O.*

Granifĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing grains.* Granifĕrumque agmen subjectis spargĕre in arvis (de formicis). *O.*

Granum, i. *n. A grain of corn, a seed of any kind.* Punicā sub lento cortĭcē granā rŭbent. *O.*

Graphium, ĭi. *n. An iron pen* or *style.* Quid dĭgĭtos ŏpŭs est grăphĭo lassarē tĕnendo? *O. See* Stilus.

Grassātŏr, ōris. *m. A highwayman.* Sŭbĭtus grassātŏr āgĭt rem. *J. See* Latro.

Grassŏr, āris. Fig. 1. *To force a way upon* or *into, to assault.* Nec ferro grassatur sæpĭŭs ullum Humanæ mentis vĭtĭum. *J.* Jullĭŭs intĕrĭit Cæsar, grassantē sĕnatu. *Aus.* [† Irrŭo, irrumpo, glisco, impĕto, ĭdlŏrŏr, invado.] 2. *To make way with a person by flattery,* &c. ∾ mendaci spĕcĭe āmorĭs. *O.* obsĕquĭo. *H.* 2. Anc. *To rob with violence. Manil. See* Grassator.

Grates. *f. pl. Thanks.* Persolvant grates dignas, ĕt deblĭā solvant Præmĭā. *V.* ∾ āgĭt indĕ pārentī. *O. See* Gratia.

I. **Gratia**, æ. *f.* 1. *Grace, beauty.* Sed tāmĕn et parvæ nonnullā est gratīā musæ. *M.* ∾ formæ. *O.* [† Lĕpŏr, dĕcŏr, vĕnustas.] *See* Pulchritudo. 2. *A good office, service.* Ingratum ∾ tardā pārĭt. *Aus.* Nĕc nullā est Inārati ∾ rurĭs. *V.* [† Officium, donum, munŭs.] *See* O. D. M. 3. *Acknowledgment of a kindness done, thanks.* ∾ tanti facti. *V.* debetŭr mĕrĭtis. *O.* [† Grates.] Ep. Plā, mĕmŏr, longā, æternā, mĕrĭtā, dignā, plenā, pĕrennis, vivax. Phr. Gratīam (gratīas, grates) hăbĕo (āgo, rĕfĕro, persolvo, reddo, pendo, rĕpendo, dico). Mĕmŏri de pectŏrĕ grates promo. *See* Gratus. 4. *A good understanding, friendship, affection.* Si quā mānĕt ˘Amatæ ∾. *V.* ∾ fratrum. *O.* mālĕ sartā. *H.* [† ˘Amŏr, stŭdĭum, concordĭā.] *See* Amicitia. 5. *Favour.* ∾ regum. *H.* [† Fāvŏr.] 6. Gratīa (*abl.*). *For the sake of, on account of.* [† Caŭsa.] *See* Ob.

II. **Gratia**, æ. *f.* **Gratiæ**, arum. *pl. A Grace; the Graces. C. D.* Gratīā cum nymphis gĕmĭnisque sŏrorĭbŭs &c. *H.* Junctæque nymphis Gratīæ dĕcentes. *H.* [† Chārĭtes.] Ep. Nudæ, dĕcentes, formosæ, junctæ, pŭdicæ. Crol. Chārĭtum chŏrŭs. Sŏrores Idālĭæ. Vĕnĕrĭs cŏmĭtes.

Gratificatŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Gratificor. *Cic. Having done something agreeable to another, having gratified.* Sura interceptis tĭbĭ gratīfĭcātā flŭentis. *Aus.* Crol. Munĕrĕ *or* donis obstringo. Officĭis devincĭo.

Gratiosŭs, ă, um. *In favour, welcome. Cic.*

Gratis. *adv.* (*from* gratiis.) *As a favour, gratis.* Et cāvē ne gratis hic tĭbĭ constēt āmŏr. *O.* Nec fācĭs hoc ∾; accĭpĭs ut tăcĕas. *M.* [† Gratŭĭto.] Crol. Nulla mercēdĕ.

Gratŏr, āris. *To congratulate.* Inveni, germanā, vlam, gratarĕ sŏrori. *V.* ∾-atŭr rĕdŭces. *V. See* Gratulor.

Gratŭitŭs, *and* **Gratŭitŭs**, ă, um. *Pl. Given freely.* Largis gratŭĭtum cādit rāpinis. *St.* (*So* Fortŭĭtŭs *and* Fortŭitŭs.)

Gratŭlatŏr, ōris. *m. One who congratulates.* Jam parcĕ lasso, Romā, gratŭlatori. *M.*

Gratŭlŏr, āris. *To congratulate, to wish one joy.* Gratŭlŏr. Æchālĭam tĭtŭlis accedĕrĕ vestris. *O.* [† Gratŏr, congratŭlŏr, plaudo, prŏbo.]

Gratŭs, ă, um. 1. *Pleasant, agreeable.* Gratā sŭpervĕnĭet, quæ non sperabĭtŭr, horā. *H.* [† Jūcundŭs, plăcens, acceptŭs, dulcis, āmicŭs, āmatŭs.] 2. Gratum est = Plăcĕt. Sic gratum Jŏvi. *H. See* P. 3. *Grateful.* Hæc pātrĭam grati rĕfĕrĕmŭs ād urbem. *V.* [† Mĕmŏr.] Crol. Non (haud) ingratŭs *or* immĕmŏr. Gratīā facti mecum stāt. *See* Gratia, Ingratus.

Grăvatim, *and* **Grăvate**. *Pl. Hardly, with reluctance.* Qui nimĭa grăvĭtatē cādunt plerumquē grăvatim. *Lr.*

Grăvatŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Gravo. 1. *Burdened, weighed down.* Mādĭdā cum vestē grăvatum. *V.* ˘Ocŭli mortē ∾-i. *O.* [† ˘Onĕrātŭs, grăvis, pressŭs, oppressŭs.] 2. *From* Grăvŏr. *dep. Bearing with reluctance, considering as a burden.* Pegăsus terrenum ĕquĭtem ∾. *H.*

Grăvedo, inĭs. *f. Heaviness of head.* Hic me grăvedo frigĭda, et frĕquens tussis Quassavĭt. *Cat.* [† Grăvĭtas.]

Grăveŏlens, tis (*trisyll.*). *Smelling offensively.* Ad fauces grăveŏlentis ˘Averni. *V. See* Fœtidus.

Grăvesco, is. 1. *To grow heavy, become burdened.* Fetu nĕmŭs omnē grăvescĭt. *V.* [† Grăvŏr, ŏnĕrŏr; *ext.* luxŭrĭo.] 2. Fig. *To grow worse and worse.* Ærumnā ∾-ĭt. *Lr. See* Ingravesco.

Grăvidŭs, ă, um. 1. *Laden, heavy, full.* Tĭbĭ pampĭnĕo grăvĭdus auctumno Florĕt āgĕr. *V.* Mīlĭtĭbŭs ∾ ĕquŭs. *O.* ˘Agĕr ∾-is ăristis canebāt. *O.* [† Grăvis, fetŭs, ŏnustŭs, ŏnĕrātŭs, plenŭs, rĕfertŭs.] 2. Grăvĭdā (mŭlĭĕr, &c.). *A woman with child; female with young.* ∾ conjux &c. *O.* Nunc ∾-um pĕcŭs est. *O.* [† Grăvis, grăvĭŏr; *sts.* prægnans, fetā.] Crol. Distentā ŭtĕrum. Grăvis (grăvĭdā, tūmens) materno (dulci, justo, pleno, maturo) pondĕrĕ. Maternum ŏnŭs (ventrem materno pondĕrĕ grăvem) fĕrens. Materno ŏnĕrĕ membrā grăvans. 3. *Fig.* ∾ impĕrĭis (Itālĭā). *V.* curis. *V. Fl.* arcanis (ānŭs). *Sil.*

Grăvis, ĕ. 1. *Heavy, weighty.* Nam grăvis imbĕlles attĕrĭt hastā mānus. *O.* [† ˘Onĕrosŭs, pondĕrosŭs.] Crol. Non lĕvis; pondŭs hăbens.

2. *Loaded.* ∾ ævĭ dextrā. *V.* Ferrĕ (cŏlum) ∾-em lana. *O.* [¶ ˘Onĕrātŭs, ŏnustŭs, grăvātŭs, pressŭs.] 3. Grăvĭs. *f. A woman with child; a female with young.* Martĕ ∾ (Illā). *V.* ∾ sus fĕrā. *M. See* GRAVIDA. Fig. 4. *Weighed down, moving with difficulty* (of the body); freq. *under the weight of years.* Morbo ∾. *V.* Grăvĭŏr de vulnĕrĕ. *V. Fl.* ∾ annis milĕs. *H.* [¶ Grăvātŭs, tardŭs, languens, debĭlis, segnis, effetŭs.] *See* SENEX. 5. *Heavy* (of a fall). Casu ∾-orĕ. *H.* Rŭinā ∾. *O.* 6. *Powerful, formidable* (of a foe). ∾ victŏr. *V.* ∾-es Persæ. *H.* [¶ Mĕtŭendŭs, acĕr.] 7. *Heavy* (of the air). ∾ æstas. *V.* æstŭs. *H.* [¶ Plumbĕŭs.] 8. *Deep, loud, great* (of sound). Sŏnŭs grăvĭŏr. *V.* ∾ frăgŏr. *O.* 9. *Hurtful.* ∾ cantantĭbŭs umbrā. *V.* virŭs. *H.* [¶ Noxĭŭs, incommŏdŭs.] 10. *Smelling offensively.* ∾ hircŭs. *H.* Inspirantquĕ ∾-es ănĭmas. *O.* hellĕbŏri ∾-es. *V. See* FŒTIDUS. 11. *Sad, afflicting, grievous.* ∾ curā; nuntĭŭs. *V.* O passi grăvĭorā! *V.* [¶ ˘Acerbŭs, durŭs, mŏlestŭs, tristis, aspĕr.] 12. *Great, very great.* ∾ ămŏr. *H.* culpā. *O.* [¶ Magnŭs, ingens.] 13. *Severe, rigid.* ∾-es pœnæ. *O.* Indĕ ∾ judex, indĕ sĕverus ĕquĕs. *O. See* SEVERUS. 14. *Grave* (of weight of character). ∾ plĕtatĕ (vĭr). *V.* qs morum. *Cl.* sĕnatŭs. *O.* 15. *Important.* ∾-ā inceptā. *H.* ∾ causā. *Lucil.*

GRĂVĬTAS, ātis. *f.* 1. *Heaviness, weight.* Sŏlĭtaquĕ jŭgum grăvĭtatĕ cărebāt. *O.* Grăvĭtatĕ sŭa ferri &c. *Lr.* [¶ ˘Onŭs, pondŭs.] 2. *Gravity of character and bearing.* ∾ jucundā fastu rĕmoto. *Cl.* Sceptri ∾-atĕ rĕlicta. *O.* Plenŭs ∾-atĕ sĕrena (vultŭs). *L.* Salva ∾-atĕ jŏcum tentavĭt. *H.* [¶ Majestas; *sts.* pondŭs, dĕcŏr; *in a bad sense,* tetrĭcĭtas, sŭpercĭlĭum.] Ep. Vĕrendā, sĕvĕrā, austerā, tristis. Crcl. Vultŭs grăvis. Frons majestatĕ vĕrendā. Vultus grăvĭtas. Mitĕ sŭpercĭlĭum. *See* SUPERCILIUM. 3. *Weight, importance.* ∾ auctorĭs. *O.* [¶ Pondŭs; *sts.* momentum.]

GRĂVĬTĔR. 1. *Heavily.* Ipsĕ grăvis grăvĭterque ad terram ponderĕ vasto Concĭdit. *V.* [¶ Durĕ, durĭtĕr.] Crcl. Cum pondĕrĕ. Magno cum pondĕrĕ. 2. *With difficulty.* ∾ gĕmĭtus ducĕrĕ. *V.* [¶ Ægrĕ.] 3. *Reluctantly, with ill-will.* [¶ Ægrĕ, grăvatĕ, indignĕ.] Crcl. Haud *or* non æquo ănĭmo. 4. *Grievously, very greatly* or *deeply.* [¶ Vĕhĕmentĕr, acrĭtĕr, multum.] 5. *Deeply* or *loudly* (of sound). ∾ mugĭt tŭbā. *Lr.* sŏnāt ungŭlā. *V.* 6. ∾ ŏlĕo, spiro. *To have a strong, disagreeable smell.* ∾ spirantĭs copĭā thymbræ. *V.* [¶ Grăvĕ, mālĕ.] *See* FŒTIDUS.

GRĂVO, as. 1. *To load, overload, weigh down.* Lit. and fig. Sunt pomā grăvantĭā ramos. *O.* Nec me lăbŏr istĕ grăvabĭt. *V.* [¶ ˘Onĕro, prĕmo, &c.] *See* ONERO. 2. *To aggravate, add to the evil of.* Parcĕ ∾ fortunam mĕam. *O.*

GRĂVŎR, ārĭs. *pass.* 1. *To be weighed down.* Plŭvĭa quum fortĕ grăvantŭr. *V.* Lit. and fig. Făcĭes pallorĕ grăvatŭr. *L.* [¶ Prĕmŏr, cādo, succumbo.] *See* GRAVATUS. 2. Us. dep. *To bear with reluctance, scarcely bear; to dislike.* Romanos odere omnes dŏmĭnosquĕ grăvantŭr. *L.* ∾ vocĕ quŏd mentĕ das. *V.* Nullum ferrĕ ∾-ārĭs ŏnŭs. *O.* [¶ Indignŏr, dŏlĕo.] Crcl. Ægre (grăvĭtĕr, indignĕ) fĕro. Ægre pătĭŏr.

GRĔGALIS, ĕ. *Of the same flock* or *herd.* Permutat vĭtrĕis grĕgalĕ sulfŭr. *St.*

GRĔGARIUS (milĕs). *A common soldier.*

GRĔGATIM. *In troops.* Tŏtĭdem, tŏtĭdemquĕ grĕgatim. *St.* [¶ Cătervatim, turmatim.]

GRĔMIUM, ii. *n. The lap, the bosom* (and used of the earth, sea, &c.). Ut quum te grĕmio accĭpĭet lætissĭmā Dido. *V.* Grĕmĭis abducĕrĕ pactas. *V.* Anchisæ grĕmio tellus complectĭtur ossā. *V.* Tethyŏs invasit grĕmĭum. *Cl.* [¶ Sinŭs; *sts.* pectŭs.] *See* SINUS.

GRESSUS, us. *m. A pace, step.* Pressoquĕ lĕgit vestigĭā gressu. *O.* Tendĕrĕ ∾-um ād limĭnā. *V. See* GRADUS.

GREX, grĕgis. *m.* 1. *A flock, herd* (less freq. of the greater beasts). De grĕgĕ non ausim quidquam deponĕrĕ tecum. *V.* De grĕgĕ jŭvencos. Vĭr grĕgis ipsĕ căpĕr. *V.* ˘Ut ĭn grĕgĕ taurŭs. *H.* [¶ Pĕcŭs, pĕcŭdĕ, pĕcŭdes; *sts.* pĕcŭarĭā; armentum.] Ep. Cornĭgĕr, lanĭgĕr, vāgŭs, errans, hirsutŭs, hirtŭs, pĕtŭlans, pĕtulcŭs, lascivŭs, pinguis, ŏpimŭs, fecundŭs. Crcl. Pĕcŭdum grex *or* gĕnŭs. 2. Gen. *A company, number, flock* (of birds), *assembly.* Scribĕ tŭi ∾-ĭs hunc. ∾ ăvĭum. *H.* Turbā fraterni gregis. *Sen.* [¶ Turbā, agmĕn, cœtŭs, &c.] *See* TURBA.

GRUNNIO, is. *To grunt like a hog. J.* [¶ Degrunnio.]

GRUS, *and* GRŪIS, ĭs. *f. A crane.* Tunc grŭibus pĕdĭcas et retĭā tendĕrĕ cervis. *V.* Ep. Bistŏnĭā, Strymŏnĭā, Threĭcĭā, hibernā, advenā, pĕrĕgrinā. Crcl. Pĕlāmedĭs āves. Threĭcĭā vŏlŭcris. Thracum vŏlŭcrum sŏnorā nubes (raucā agmĭnā). Grex Strymŏnĭā. Rhŏdŏpes hibernā āvĭs. ˘Aves—Pygmæo sanguinĕ gaudentes:—Threĭcĭas hiĕmes Nilo mutantes. [*Cl.* and *M.* describe, as follows, their flight in the shape of the letter Δ, whence they were called Palamedis aves:—Ordĭnĭbus vārĭis per nubĭlā texĭtur alēs Littĕrā, pennarumquĕ nŏtis inscribĭtur aer. *Cl.* Quod (Δ) penna scribentĕ gries ad siderā tollunt. *M.*]

GRYNEUS, i. *m. A name of Apollo.* Sed nunc Itălĭam magnam Gryneŭs ˘Apollo. *V.*

GRYPS, ypis. *m., and us. pl. A griffin, a fabulous bird,* &c. *C. D.* Jungentur jam grypes ĕquis. *V.*

GŬBERNACŬLUM, *and* GŬBERNACLUM, i. *n.* 1. *The helm* or *rudder of a ship.* Cumquĕ gŭbernaclo lĭquĭdas projecĭt ĭn undas. *V.* [¶ Clavŭs, temo, rĕgĭmĕn, mŏdĕrāmĕn; *sts.* hăbenæ.] Ep. Nautĭcum, firmum, fidum. Crcl. Curvæ puppis mŏdĕrāmĭnā. Phr. *To steer.* Gŭbernaclum *or* clavum flecto (mŏdĕrŏr, rĕgo, torquĕo, contorquĕo). 2. Fig. and us. pl. *The act of governing. See* CLAVUS, IMPERIUM.

GŬBERNATŎR, ōrĭs. *m. A pilot.* Ipsĕ gŭbernator puppi pĭlĭnurŭs ăb alta. *V.* [¶ Navĭā, măgistĕr, mŏdĕrātŏr, rectŏr; *sts.* nauclerŭs, aurigā.] Ep. Solers, provĭdus, vĭgĭl, sollĭcĭtŭs. Crcl. Navĭmăgistĕr, dux, custos, rectŏr. Phr. Gŭbernatŏr (rectŏr),—dextra mŏdĕrantĕ navem &c. flectĭt, (frenāt, tempĕrāt);—clavo immobĭlĭs hærĕt:—huc illuc ăgĭlem convertĭt clavum;—fluctus effindĭt.

GŬBERNO, as. 1. *To steer.* Ipsĕ gŭbernabit rĕsĭdens in puppĕ Cŭpido. *O.* Crcl. Sum gŭbernatŏr *or* rectŏr. 2. *To guide, drive* (horse or carriage). Virgā gŭbernāt ĕquum. *M.* 3. Gen. *To direct, control, govern.* Rarā quĭdem virtus quam non fortunā gŭbernĕt. *O.* ∾ vitam rātionĕ. *Lr.* [¶ Rĕgo, dirĭgo, mŏdĕrŏr, tracto, gĕro, duco.] *See* IMPERO.

GŬLA, æ. *f.* 1. *The gullet, throat.* Gŭlæquĕ credens colli longĭtudĭnem. *Ph.* [¶ Fauces, guttŭr.] 2. Ext. *The mouth* (as the place of eating). ˘Oculis plurĭmā, paucā gŭlæ. *M.* [¶ Os, pălatum.] 3. Us. *Gluttony.* Implacatæ flammā ∾-æ. *O.* ∾ totos sibĭ ponĭt āpros. *J.* [¶ Inglŭvies, ventĕr.] Ep. ˘Inexplĕtā, insātĭabĭlis, āvĭdā, vŏrax, hiāns, prŏfundā, răbĭdā, imprŏbā, turpis. Crcl. Imprŏbā ventris inglŭvies. Ventris— vŏrago, gurgĕs, spĕcŭs, Inexplĕtus ardŏr. Mālĕ moratŭs ventĕr. *See* GULOSUS, FAMES.

Gŭlŏsŭs, ă, um. *A glutton, gluttonous.* Non est, Tucca, sātis quŏd es gŭlosŭs. *M.* [? Hellĭŏ, gŭlă.] **Crcl.** Escarum–vŏrago, gurgĕs, bărăthrum, tempestas. Ventri (gŭlæ) dedĭtŭs, indulgens. Gŭlæ parens. Ventĕr āvarŭs. Gŭlă Harpyiis dignă. *See* DECOQUO.

Gurgĭs, ĭtĭs. *m.* 1. *A whirlpool, gulf.* Ter gurgĭtĕ vastos Sorbĕt ĭn abruptum fluctus. *V.* [? Vŏrago, bărăthrum, hĭatŭs, vortex.] **Ep.** Præcepa, altŭs, prŏfundŭs, imŭs, cæcŭs, nĭgĕr, horrendŭs, raucŭs, spumĕŭs. **Crcl.** Gurgĭtis–æstŭs, orbĭs, vortex. Vasta vŏragĭnĕ gurgĕs. 2. *Any deep place in water.* Limoso ĭn gurgĭtĕ ranæ. *O.* Quæ gurgĭtis hujŭs imă tĕnes (Cyrene). *V. See* FLUVIUS, MARE, PALUS.

Gŭsto, as. *To taste.* Lit. and fig. Pabŭlă gustassent Trojæ &c. *V.* ~ lŭcellum. *H.* vitæ ămorem. *Lr.* [? Degusto, libo, delibo; *and fig.* expĕrĭŏr, tento, percĭpĭo, frŭŏr.]

Gustŭs, us. *m. Taste, flavour.* Nam nĕquĕ gustŭs Iners. *Aus.* [? Săpŏr, gustatŭs.] *See* SAPOR.

Guttă, æ. *f.* 1. *A drop of any liquid.* Lit. and fig. Guttă căvat lăpĭdem &c. *O.* Atro sanguĭnĕ guttæ. *V.* ~ dulcedĭnis in cŏr &c. *Lr.* consĭlĭ. *Pl.* [? Guttŭlă, stillă; *sts.* ros.] **Ep.** Lĭquens, lĭquĭdă, flŭens, rĭgŭă, stillans, manans. 2. *A tear. See* LACRIMA. 3. *A sweat-drop. O. See* SUDOR. 4. *A stain-drop; a stain, speck.* Vĭrĭari corpŏrā cærŭlĕis ~-is. *O.* Pārĭbŭs ~-is ĭtă corpŏrā. *V.* [? Măcŭlă.]

Guttatim. *Drop by drop.* Vĭde, hinc mĕæ, inquam, lăcrĭmæ guttatim cădunt. *Enn.*

Guttatŭs, ă, um. *Speckled, spotted. M.* [? Măcŭlosŭs.]

Guttŭr, ŭrĭs. *n.* 1. *The throat.* Illĕ fāme răbĭda trŭă guttŭrā pandens. *V.* Sŭb guttŭrĕ vulnŭs. *V.* [? Fauces, os; *sts.* jŭgŭlum, gŭlă.] *See* FAUCES. 2. *The voice; a guttural voice* or *note.* ˘Ovantes guttŭrĕ corvi. *V.* [? Os, vox, cantŭs.]

Guttŭs, i. *m. A narrow-necked vessel for wine; and oil. H. J.*

Gyăros, i. *f. and* Gyări, orum. *f. pl. One of the Cyclades, to which Roman criminals were sent.* Aude ălĭquid brĕvĭbus Gyăris et carcĕrĕ dignum. *J.* Mȳcŏno Gyăroquĕ rĕvelli. *St.*

Gygĕs, æ. *m. One of the giants.* Nec, si rĕsurgat centĭmănus Gyges. *H.*

Gymnas, ădis. *f. The exercise of boxing* or *wrestling.* Gymnăs, ĕt insontes jŭvĕnum sĭnĕ cæstĭbus iræ. *St. See* LUCTA.

Gymnasĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A place of exercise for wrestlers,* &c. Gymnăsĭis ăderit, stŭdĭoque ignavĭ pălæstræ. *L.* [? Pălæstrā.] 2. *A school, college of philosophy,* &c. [? Schŏlă; *sts.* collegĭum.]

Gynæcĕum, i. *n.* (γυναικεῖον.) *The womens' apartment. Pl.*

Gypsātŭs, ă, um. *Plastered with gypsum, whitened. O.* [? Cretatŭs.] *See* C.

Gypsum, i. *n. Gypsum, a kind of plaster; a statue made of gypsum.* Plena omnĭă gypso Chrysippi invĕnies. *J.*

Gyrŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A circle made by moving, wheeling, running, driving, flying round.* Lit. and fig. Frenă Pĕlethronĭi Lăpĭthæ, gyrosquĕ dĕdĕrĕ Impŏsĭti dorso. *V.* ˘In ~-os irĕ cŏactŭs ĕquŭs. *O.* ~-os ducĭt pĕr sĕră milĭtŭs. *O.* ăgĭtăt piscis. *Sen.* Intĕrĭorĕ dĭem ~-o trăhĭt (brumă). *H.* (˘Opŭs) In mĭnores ~-os contrăhĭt. *St.* [? Orbĭs, cirĕŭlus, circŭlĭtŭs, flexŭs.] **Ep.** Flexŭs, obliquŭs, curvŭs, inflexŭs, sinuatŭs. 2. *The coil of a serpent.* Septem ingens ~-os, septenă vŏlumĭnă traxĭt. *V.* Collectus ~-o &c. *St.* [? Flexŭs, orbĭs, vŏlumĕn, spirā.]

H.

Hăbenă, æ. *f. and us.* HABENÆ, arum. *pl.* 1. *Bridle, reins.* Emĭcăt in currum, et mănĭbus molĭtur hăbenas. *V.* Effusis ~-is cornĭpĕdem rĕgĕrĕ. *Sil.* Largŭs ~-æ ĕquĕs (ibăt). *L.* [? Lorum, rĕtĭnăculum; *ext.* frenum, căpistrum.] **Ep.** Vălĭdă, arctă, firmă, pressă, adductă, strictă, tentă; lentă, laxă, effusă, flŭens. **Phr.** 1. *To take the reins, to drive.* Hăbenas (lorā, rĕtĭnăculā) rĕgo (mŏdĕrŏr, mollŏr). Lorā mănu tĕnĕo. 2. *To give the horse his head, let him go.* Hăbenas &c. laxo, effundo, immitto, permitto, laxas do. 3. *To keep a tight rein,* or *tighten rein.* Hăbenas &c. contrăho, adduco, tendo, prĕmo. *See* FRENO, FRENUM. 2. *A thong of leather applied to different uses:* 1. *The thong of a sling. V. See* FUNDA. 2. *Of a javelin. L.* 3. *The lash of a whip. O.* [? Scŭtĭcă, lorum.] 4. *The string of a helmet. V. Fl. See* LORUM. 3. Pl. fig. *The sails of a ship.* Classi immittĭt ~-as. *V. See* VELUM, AURIGA. 4. *The reins of government.* Rĕlinquĕrĕ rerum ~-as. *V.* Accĭpĕrĕ pŏpŭli ~-as. *O.* Hăbenas prĕmĕrĕ (*of a rigid government*). *V.* H. dărĕ laxas (*of the contrary*). *V.* [? Rĕgĭmĕn, mŏdĕrămĕn.] *See* IMPERIUM. **Phr.** 1. *To let any passion* or *power rage unchecked.* Immittĕrĕ *or* effundĕrĕ hăbenas (sc. ignĭs, irarum [*V.*], flŭvĭorum [*V. Fl.*], &c.). 2. *To rage unchecked.* Immissis fŭrĕrĕ hăbenis (de ignĕ). *V. See* FRENUM.

Hăbĕo, es. 1. *To have, to be in possession of.* Nil tĭbĭ quod demus, majŭs hăbemŭs, ăit. *O.* ˘Anĭmallĭă somnŭs hăbebăt. *V.* [? Possĭdĕo, tĕnĕo.] **Crcl.** Est mĭhĭ, nobis. Pĕnes me est. Mĭhĭ ĭn promptu est, *or* præsto est. Non cărĕo. 2. *To be master of.* ~-et muros hostis; nos ˘Amaryllĭs. *V.* [? Tĕnĕo, pŏtĭŏr.] 3. *To hold, esteem.* Omnes uno ordĭnĕ ~. *V.* Hăbĕarĕ insuavis. *H.* Hăbĭtæ Graiis oracŭlă quercus. *V.* [? Duco, făcio, pendo, æstĭmo.] 4. *To wear a dress,* &c. Tegmĕn ~-ent căpĭti. *V.* Vestis bŏnă quærĭt ~-eri. *O.* 5. Intr. *To have, possess goods, be rich.* ~-endi ămŏr. *V.* cură. *Ph.*

Hăbĭlis, ĕ. 1. *Proper, suitable.* Pinguĭbŭs hæ terris hăbĭles, lĕvĭorĭbus illæ. *V. See* APTUS. 2. *Fitting well.* ~-em suspendĕrăt arcum. *V.* ~ lătĕri clȳpĕŭs. *V.* [? Aptŭs, dĕcens, accommŏdŭs.] 3. *Light and active in movement.* ~ lĕvĭtatĕ sŭa est. *O.* membris vĭgŏr. *V.*

Hăbĭtabĭlis, ĕ. *Habitable; inhabited. St.* Non est hăbĭtabĭlĭs æstu. *O.*

Hăbĭtātŏr, orĭs. *m. and* HABĬTATRIX, icĭs. *f. An inhabitant.* Nĕmŏrisque hăbĭtātŏr ămœni. *M.* [? Incŏlă.]

Hăbĭto, as. *To live in, dwell in, reside in.* Nullĭ certă dŏmus, lucis hăbĭtamŭs ŏpacis. Centum urbes ~-ant. *V.* [? Cŏlo, incŏlo, tĕnĕo, hăbĕo, frĕquento, mănĕo, mŏrŏr, resĭdĕo, commŏrŏr; *sts.* sto, consĭdĕo, consido, insido.] **Crcl.** Sedem –pŏsŭi, legi, hăbĕo. Mĭhĭ dŏmŭs *or* sedes est.

Hăbĭtŭs, us. *m.* 1. *External carriage, air.* Virgĭnis os hăbĭtumquĕ gĕrens. *V.* [? Vultŭs, os, formă, spĕcies, făcies, visŭs, adspectŭs.] *See* VULTUS. 2. *Dress, attire.* Dardănĭos ~-us vidĭt. *V.* [? Cultŭs, ornatŭs.] *See* VESTIS. 3. *Habitual character and condition.* Cultus ~-quĕ lŏcorum. *V.*

Hactĕnŭs. *adv.* 1. *Thus far, hitherto.* Hactĕnŭs arvorum cultus et sidĕrā cœli (cĕcĭni). *V.* Hac cĕlĕbrătă tĕnus certamĭnă. *V.* Hac sævissĕ tĕnŭs . . . sufficĭăt. *St.* [? ˘Adhuc. Usque ădhuc. Huc usquĕ.] 2. Ellip. *Enough; no more, no more of that now.* ~, almă chĕlys: tempŭs nunc

&c. *St.* historĭæ: nunc ăd &c. *Pp.* **3.** Sts. *But only; then*, or *thus far, only.* Alĕs ˘Ityn, Sappho desertos cantăt ămores, Hactēnŭs, ut cetĕrā noctĕ sĭlent. *O.* [† Tantum, duntaxăt.]

HÆDŬS. *See* HŒDUS.

HÆMŬS, i. *m. A mountain of Thrace, where Orpheus was torn in pieces by the Bacchanals.* O qui me gĕlĭdis in vallĭbŭs Hæmi Sistăt! *V.* **Ep.** Œăgrĭŭs, Thracĭŭs, gĕlĭdŭs, nĭvosŭs.

HÆRENS, tis. *part. See* HÆREO. *Staying, kept, detained, adhering.* ∾-es littŏrĕ naves. *V.* ∾-ĭă lillĭă virgis. *O.* [† Stans, mŏrans, immobĭlis, immotŭs; *sts.* junctŭs, ădhærens.]

HÆRĔO, es, hæsi, hæsum. **1.** *To cling, stick to* or *against, keep close to, remain fast* or *fixed.* Lit. and fig. Implĭcĭtquĕ pĕdes, atque unguĭbŭs hæsĭt ŏbuncis. *V.* ∾-ĕt custos (ci). ∾-ent infixi pectŏrĕ vultus. *V.* Propŏsĭto ∾. *H.* [† ˘Adhærĕo, cŏhærĕo, hæresco, hæsĭto, mănĕo; *sts.* jungŏr, pendĕo, copŭlŏr.] **2.** *To stop, go no farther, hesitate.* Obtutu ∾-et defixŭs In uno. Vox faucĭbŭs hæsĭt. *V.* Fortunā Cæsărĭs hæsĭt. *L.* [† Hæsĭto, dŭbĭto, mănĕo, consisto, subsisto, rĕsisto; *sts.* stŭpĕo.]

HÆRĔSĬS, is *or* ĕos. *f.* (αἵρεσις.) *A heresy* (any opinion on a religious question contrary to the doctrine originally received and taught on the subject by the Holy Catholic Church). *Eccl.* **Ep.** Implĭă, audax, effrænă, sŭperbă, tĕmĕrarĭă. **Crol.** Hærĕtĭcŭs errŏr. Hærĕtĭcum dogmă. Hærĕtĭcă labes. Implĭă nŏvĭtas.

HÆRĔTĬCŬS, ă, um (αἱρετικός). *Heretical;* and subst. *a heretic.* [† Nŏvatŏr.]

HÆSĬTO, as. *To stay, stop.* Sub terris ĭgĭtur trĕmŭlum jŭbăr hæsĭtăt ignis. *Lr.*

HĂLÆSŬS, i. *m. A mountain and river in Sicily.* Et quæ Sicănĭ flores legistĭs Hălæsi. *Col.*

HALEC, HALLEC, *or* ALLEC, ecis. *n. and* HALLEX, ecis. *f. A pickle made of a small fish, perhaps the anchovy;* or *the fish itself in pickle.* ˘Ego fæcem primŭs ĕt hallec Inveni. *H.* [† Hallecŭlă.] *See* GARUM.

HĂLESŬS. *See* HALÆSUS.

HĂLIÆĔTŬS, i. *m. The osprey* or *sea-eagle.* Fulvis hălĭæĕtŭs alis. *O.*

HALĬTŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *An exhalation, vapour.* Quique halĭtŭs exĭt Orĕ nĭger Stŷgĭo. *O.* ∾ atris faucĭbŭs erumpens. *V. See* VAPOR, ODOR. **2.** *A breath, breathing.* Extremŭs si quĭs sŭpĕr ∾ errăt. *V. See* SPIRITUS.

HALO, as. **1.** Intr. *To breathe, breathe odorously out.* Turĕ călent aræ, sertisquĕ rĕcentĭbŭs halant. *V.* De gĕlĭdis halabant vallĭbŭs (auræ). *O.* Halantes florĭbŭs horti. *O.* [† Spiro, rĕdŏlĕo, ŏlĕo.] *See* OLEO. **2.** *Tr.* ∾ nectar narĭbŭs. *Lr.*

HĂLŸS, ŷs. *m. A river of Asia Minor.* Qua Cræso fatalĭs Hălŷs. *L.*

HĂMA, æ, *and* HĂMŬLĂ, æ. *f. A water-bucket.* Dispŏsĭtis prædivĕs hămis. *J.* Aut hăbĭlem lymphis hămŭlam. *Col.*

HĂMĂDRŸAS, ădis. *f.* HĂMĂDRŸĂDES, um. *pl. A Hamadryad; Hamadryads,* or *wood-nymphs.* Intĕr Hămadrŷădas jăcŭlatricemquĕ Dianam. *O. See* DRYAS.

HAMATŬS, ă, um. *Hooked, bearded, barbed.* Lit. and fig. Post cădĭt hamatis confixă săgittis. *O.* ∾-is præcordĭă sentĭbŭs implĕt. *O. See* ACUTUS.

HAMŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *A fishing-hook.* Nunc piscem ducĭtĭs hamo. *O.* [† *Ext.* ˘Arundo, lineă.] **Ep.** Uncŭs, ăduncŭs, curvŭs, rĕcurvŭs; ferrĕŭs, ærĕŭs; tĕnax, fallax, subdŏlŭs, insĭdĭosŭs, perfĭdŭs. **Crol.** Hamată lineă. Æs hamatum (ăduncum, rĕcurvum, dŏlosum). Ærĭ uncă *or* rĕcurvă. *See* PISCOR. **2.** Gen. *Any thing of hook-shape* or *use.* Curvos dĕdĭt unguĭbŭs ∾-os (de accĭpĭtrĕ). *O.* Ferrum curvo tĕnŭs abdĭdĭt hamo (*up to the hilt*). *O.* **3.** *Used of the rings in coats of mail.* Lorică consertă ∾-is. *V.*

HANNĬBĂL, *or* ANNĬBĂL. *See* A.

HANNO, *or* ANNO, onis. *m. A Carthaginian opposed to Annibal.* (A Carthaginian proper name.) Ductorem infestans ŏdĭis gentilĭbŭs Hannon. *Sil.*

HĂRĂ, æ. *f. A pig-sty.* Hostĭăque e plena rustică porcŭs hăra. *Tib.*

HĂRĬŎLŎR, aris. *To predict, divine;* sts. *to talk deliriously. Pl.* (Hărĭŏlŭs.) [† Augŭrŏr, conjĭcĭo, vatĭcĭnŏr, *or* insanĭo.]

HĂRĬŎLŬS, i. *m. A diviner, soothsayer, quack.* Ad consŭlendos currit mœrens hărĭŏlos. *Ph.* [† Hăruspex, conjectŏr.] *See* AUGUR.

HARMŎDĬŬS, ĭi. *m.* (Ἁρμόδιος.) *A famous Athenian. C. D.*

HARMŎNĬĂ, æ. *f.* (ἁρμονία.) **1.** *Harmony, concord.* Harmŏnĭam Graii quam dicunt. *Lr.* [† Concordĭă.] **2.** Sts. *Melodious music, melody. See* CONCORDIA.

HARPĂLŸCE, es. *f. A queen of the Amazons.* Harpălŷce, vŏlŭcremquĕ fŭga prævertĭtŭr eurum. *V.*

HARPE, es. *f. A falchion, scimitar, a curved sword in use in the East; Mercury and Perseus are represented as armed with it.* Vertĭt In hunc harpen mădĕfactam cædĕ Mĕdusæ. *O.* Cyllenĭdi sustŭlĭt harpen. *L.* **Ep.** Falcată, curvă.

HARPŎCRĂTES, is. *m. Cat.* (Ἁρποκράτης.) *The god of silence among the Egyptians. C. D.*

HARPYIÆ, arum. *f. pl.* (*trisyll.*) **1.** *The Harpies, winged monsters with the faces of women and bodies of vultures. C. D.* Et pătrĭo Harpyias insontes pellĕrĕ regno. *V.* ∾-is gŭlă dignă răpacĭbŭs. *H.* **Ep.** Fœdæ, immundæ, turpes, obscenæ, ăvĭdæ, răpaces; diræ, horrendæ. **Crol.** Virginĕ, Stymphalĭdes vŏlŭcres. Diræ obscenæquĕ vŏlŭcres. Tartărĕæ vŏlŭcres. **2.** Sing. *A harpy.* Harpyiă Cĕlæno. *V.*

HĂRUSPEX, *or* ˘ARUSPEX, icis. *m.* **1.** *An haruspex, a diviner who foretold the future by inspecting the entrails of victims.* Quæ simŭl adspexit Tyrrhenæ gentis hăruspex. *O.* [† Augŭr, vates, conjectŏr.] **Crol.** Tusci vĭri. Rĕclusis viscĕrĭbŭs (pĕcŭdum fibris) Inhĭans. Qui pĕcŭdum viscĕrĭ (extă spirantĭă) consŭlĭt. *See* AUGUR. **2.** Gen. *One who predicts. Pp.*

HĂRUSPĬCĬUM, ĭi. *n. The science of the haruspex.* Conjŭgĭo, et discat Persĭcum hăruspĭcium. *Cat. See* AUGURIUM.

HASDRŬBĂL, *or* ASDRŬBĂL. *See* A.

HASTĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A lance, a javelin.* [† Hastilĕ, jăcŭlum, cuspis, spicŭlum, telum, ferrum, missĭlĕ, cornŭs, fraxĭnŭs.] **Ep.** Martĭă, bellĭcă; fraxĭnĕă, ferrătă, ăcută, grăvis, contortă. intortă, vălĭdă, sævă, infestă, trĕmendă, vulnĭfĭcă. *See* JACULOR, SAGITTA. **2.** *A spear, a pike.* Stant longis adnixi ∾-is. *V.* ∾ Mĭnervæ. *J.* [† Lancĕă, pilum.]

HASTATŬS, ă, um. *Armed with a spear. St.* **Crol.** Hasta-armatŭs, cŏruscans, mĕtŭendŭs.

HASTILĔ, is. *n.* **1.** *A shoot, twig, slender branch.* Majore hastilĭă nisu Aggrĕdĭŏr. *V.* [† Surculŭs.] **2.** *The shaft of a spear* or *javelin.* Præfixo ∾-ĭă ferro. *V.* Adducto contortum ∾ lăcerto. *V. See* HASTA.

HAUD. **1.** *Not.* Haud ignotă lŏquŏr. *V.* [† Non, &c.] *See* N. **2.** Haudquaquam. *Not at all, by no means.* [† Nequaquam, mĭnĭme.]

HAURĬO, is, hausi, haustum, *and sts.* hausum. **1.** *To draw forth* or *out, draw.* Summoque hausit de gurgĭtĕ lymphas. *V.* Accedĕrĕ fontes, atque haurirĕ. *Lr.* [† Trăho, duco.] **Crol.** E fontĕ undas pĕto. **2.** *To drink, empty in drinking.* ∾ spumantem pătĕram. *V.* arenti orĕ (po-

cŭlă). *O.* [† Bĭbo, poto, exhaurĭo.] *See* BIBO. Fig. **3.** *To draw in, take in* (with the affections, mind, &c.), *imbibe, conceive.* ~ ămorem. *L.* [† Accĭpio, trăho, duco.] **Crcl.** ˘Amorem (longum) bĭbo. **4.** *To draw in, take in* (with the eyes, with the ears). ~ ŏcŭlis ignem; strĕpĭtum; cœlum (*looking upwards*); hæc ănĭmo. *V.* Lucem pĕcŭdes hauserĕ. *V.* [† Accĭpio, percĭpio.] *See* VIDEO, AUDIO. **5.** *To swallow up, consume.* ~ pătrĭas ŏpes. *M.* ˘Inĭmicŭs ĕt hausĕrĭt ignis. [† Absorbĕo, devŏro, absumo, consumo.] **6.** *To drain out;* hence, *to pour out, away.* Sanguĭnĕ, quem civiles hauserunt dextræ. *L.* Vĕtĕrem ~-ĭtĕ crŭorem. *O.* [† Extrăho, egĕro, fundo, effundo.] **7.** *To lay open* (by a great wound). ~ lătŭs ăpertum glădĭo. *V.* fĕmŭr rostro ăduncŏ. *O.* latĕra ĕquorum (cornĭbŭs). *Lr.* Jŭgŭlŭs haustŭs (Cæsărĭs). *J. See* CONFODIO. **8.** *To draw out all the strength, exhaust.* ~-It pĕvŏr cordă. *V.* ignis durum pectŭs (de ămorĕ). *L.* [† Confĭcio, quătĭo, percello.] **9.** *To complete, go through completely.* ~ mĕdĭum orbem (de solĕ). *V.* Itĕr vastum. *St.* supplĭcĭă. *V. See* FINIO.

HAUSTŎR, ōris. *m. A drinker.* Ultĭmŭs haustŏr ăquæ. *L.*

HAUSTŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *A drawing up of water, especially with the mouth; a draught.* Sæpĕ sĕd exĭgŭis haustĭbŭs indĕ bĭbi. *O.* ~-u sparsŭs ăquarum. *V.* Decurrĭt ăd mĕos ~-us lĭquŏr. *Ph.* **Ep.** ˘Avĭdŭs, plenŭs, dulcis. **2.** ~ ætherĭi. *Heavenly inhalations, imbibings of a divine spirit* or *power.* Partem divinæ mentis, ĕt haustŭs ætherĭos (ăpĭbŭs essĕ). *V. See* SPIRITUS.

HAUSURŬS, ă, um. *part. from sup.* Hausum, *for* Haustum. Supplĭcĭa hausurum scŏpŭlis. *V. See* HAURIO (9).

HEBDŎMAS, ădis, *and* HEBDŎMADA, æ. *f.* (ἑβδομάς.) *The number seven; seven days, a week. Eccl.*

HEBE, es. *f. The goddess of youth, and cup-bearer in heaven, before Ganymede. C. D.* Hoc illi dĕdĕrat Junonĭă munĕris Hebe. *O.* [† Jŭventas, Jŭventă.] **Ep.** Pulchrĕ, formosĕ, cœlestis, sidĕrĕă. **Crcl.** Junonĭă virgo. Hercŭlis uxŏr. Divă Jŭventæ.

HĒBĚO, es, *and* HĒBESCO, is. *Lr. To be blunt, dull, languid; to become,* &c. Sanguĭs hĕbet; frigentque effetæ in corpŏrĕ vires. *V.* Sensŭs ~-ĕt. *O.* ~-ent iræ. *St.* [† Hĕbĕtŏr, torpĕo, fătisco, deficio, consido.]

HĒBĚS, ĕtis. **1.** *Blunt, dulled.* Jamquĕ hĕbĕs et crasso non asper sanguĭnĕ mucro. *L.* ~ glădĭŭs. *O.* [† Hĕbescens, hĕbĕtatŭs, obtusŭs, rĕtusŭs.] Fig. **2.** *Dull, feeble, spiritless.* ~ ictŭs; cŏlŏr. *O. See* DEBILIS. **3.** *Dull, stupid.* ~ cŏr. *Lr.* [† Obtusŭs.] *See* STULTUS.

HĒBĚTO, as. *To make dull* or *blunt.* Lit. and fig. Vipĕrĕumque herbis hĕbĕtare et carmĭnĕ dentem. *Sil.* ~-ăt mortales visus (nubes). *V.* sidĕrĕ (almă dies); pectŏrĕ Lethe. *O.* [† Obtundo, rĕtundo, debĭlĭto, frango, obscuro.]

HĒBRAI, orum. *m. pl. and* HĒBRAĬ, ă, um. *adj. The Hebrews* or *Jews; Hebrew.* Tură, Pălæstĭni almŭl Hebræiquĕ lĭquores. *St.*

HEBRŬS, i. *m. A river of Thrace.* Gurgĭtĕ quum mĕdĭo portans Œagrĭŭs Hebrŭs. *O.*

HĒCATĂEŬS, *and* HĒCATEIŬS, ă, um; *and fem.* HĒCATĂEĬS, ĭdŏs (Ἑκάταιος *and* Ἑκατήϊος.). *Of Hecate, of Diana.* Itălă terră fŏcis Hĕcătæus excŏlĭt ĭdus. *St.* Hĕcătelĭă carmĭnă miscĕt. *O.* Hĕcăteĭdŏs herbæ. *O.*

HĒCATE, es. *f. Hecate, daughter of Jupiter and Latona, Goddess of Night; known as Proserpine in the infernal regions, Diana upon earth, Luna in the heavens. C. D.* Tergĕmĭnamque Hĕcăten, trĭă virgĭnis orĭă Dĭanæ. *V.* [† Prŏserpĭnă, Trĭvĭă.] **Crcl.** Dĕă *or* divă trĭformis. Dĕă cœloque ˘Erĕboque pŏtens. *See* PROSERPINA, DIANA.

HĒCATOMBE, es. *f. A hecatomb, a sacrifice of a hundred cattle or other victims.* Exsistunt qui promittant hĕcătomben. *J.* **Phr.** Centenă taurorum collă.

HECTŎR, ŏris. *m. Hector, son of Priam and Hecuba, the great defender of Troy.* Ter circum Ilĭăcos raptavĕrăt Hectŏrămuros. *V.* [† Priămĭdes.] **Ep.** Trolĭus, Phrygĭus, acĕr, armĭpŏtens, fortis, sævŭs, magnŭs. **Crcl.** Prĭămĭdŭs *or* Trolĭus heros. **Phr.** Trojæ defensŏr *or* cŏlūmĕn. Dănăum terrŏr. Lux (spes fidissimă) Dardănĭæ. Phrygĭbŭs murŭs *or* præsĭdĭum.

HECTŎRĔUS, ă, um. *Of Hector, relating to Hector; Trojan.* Corpusque exsanguĕ sĕpulchro Reddĭdĭt Hectŏrĕum. *V.* Hectŏrĕos amnes, Xanthum, &c. *V.*

HĒCŬBĂ, æ, *and* HĒCŬBE, es. *f. Hecuba, the wife of Priam,* &c. *C. D.* Vidi Hĕcŭbam, centumquĕ nŭrus &c. *V.* ˘In mĕdĭis Hĕcŭbe &c. *O.* [† Cissĕis, Dŭmantĭs.] **Crcl.** Prĭămĭă conjux, &c. Hectŏris matĕr.

HĔDĔRA, *or* ˘EDĔRA, æ. *f. Ivy, a plant sacred to Bacchus, garlands of which were worn by the votaries of Bacchus, and poets.* Pastores hĕdĕra crescentem ornatĕ pŏetam. *V.* Vultus hĕdĕrarum frondĭbŭs abdĭt. *O.* **Crcl.** Præmĭă doctarum frontĭum. **Ep.** ˘Apollĭnĕă, frondens, frondosă, cŏmans, vĭrens, vĭridis; ambĭtiosă, serpens, nexĭlis, intortă.

HĔDĔRIGĔR, ĕră, ĕrum. *Ivy-bearing. Cat.*

HĔDĔROSUS, ă, um. *Ivy-mantled, covered with ivy.* Lucŭs ĕrat felix, hĕdĕroso consĭtŭs antro. *Pp.*

HEI. *Ah! alas!* us. *with* mihi. Hei! quis monstravĕrĭt hostem &c. *St.* Hei mihĭ, quŏd dŏmĭnam &c. *O.* [† Heu, eheu.]

HĔLĔNA, æ, *and* HĔLĔNE, es. *f. The famous daughter of Jupiter and Leda, and wife of Menelaus. C. D.* Ledæamque Hĕlĕnam Trojanas vexĭt ăd arces. *V.* Intĕr quos Hĕlĕne &c. *Pp.* [† Tyndărĭs, Œbălĭs.] **Ep.** Ledæă, Spartană, Thĕrapnæă, Œbălĭă; pulchrĕ, formosĕ, dĕcorĕ; perfĭdă, infidă, ădultĕrĕ. **Crcl.** Ledæ-filĭă, proles, gĕnŭs. Leda sătă. Bis raptă pellex. Părĭdis ădultĕrĕ conjux. Trojæ ˘Achivisquĕ lŭes. Communis Europæ atquĕ ˘Asiæ (Trojæ et pătrĭæ) ˘Erinnys. Causă belli ăd Pergămă.

HELIĂDĒS, um. *f. pl.* **1.** *Daughters of Apollo and Clymene, who were changed into alders* or *poplars while weeping the fate of their brother Phaeton, and their tears into amber. C. D.* Nec mĭnŭs Hellĭades fletus ĕt ĭnanĭă morti &c. *O.* [† Phăĕthontĭdes, Clymĕnĕĭdes.] **Crcl.** Clymĕnĕĭă proles. **2.** ~-um arbŏres. *Poplar* or *alder-trees.* ~-um nĕmŭs. *O.* rami. *M.* and *St.* **3.** ~-um lăcrĭmæ. *Amber* or *amber-drops.* ~-um lăcrĭmosă germĭnă *St. See* ELECTRUM.

HĒLĪCE, es. *f. The great bear.* Hĕlĭcen Graiă cărină nŏtĕt. *O. See* URSA.

HĒLĪCON, onis. *m. Mount Helicon, in Bœotia, sacred to Apollo and the Muses.* Prætĕr ăquas Hĕlĭcon, et sertă lyrasquĕ dĕorum. *M.* Pandĭtĕ nunc Hĕlĭconă, dĕæ &c. *V.* **Crcl.** Hĕlĭconĭŭs mons *or* collis. Hĕlĭconĭă rupes. *See* PARNASSUS.

HĒLĪCONĬADES, *and* HĒLĪCONĬDES, um. *f. pl.; and sing.* HĒLĪCONIS, ĭdis. *f. St. A name of the Muses.* Adde Hĕlĭconĭăduin cŏmĭtes &c. *Lr. See* MUSA.

HĒLĪCONĬUS, ă, um. *Of Helicon.* Transmittunt sæclis Hĕlĭconĭă mellă futŭris. *Cl.* Collis ~-i cultŏr. *Cat.*

HELLAS, ădis. *f. Greece. See* GRÆCIA.

HELLE, es. *f. Daughter of Athamas and Nephele;*

fled on the golden ram, with her brother Phryxus, from her step-mother Ino, and was drowned in the straits called from her the Hellespont. C. D. Et pĕlăgo uomen Nĕphĕlelĭ̆as abstŭlĭt Helle. *L.* Helles ˘Athămantĭdŏs urbes. *Pp.* [¶ Nĕphĕlelĭs, Nĕphĕlelĭ̆as, ˘Athămantĭs.] **Crol.** Virgo Nĕphĕlelĭs *or* Nĕphĕlelĭ̆a; Phryxi sŏrŏr. *See* HELLESPONTUS, PHRYXUS, VELLUS.

HELLĔBŎRUM, *or* **ELLĔBŎRUM,** i. *n. and* **HELLĔBŎRŬS,** i. *m. The herb hellebore, growing in abundance in the island of Anticyra, and used in cases of insanity.* Danda est hellĕbŏri multo pars maxĭma ăvaris. *H.* ∾-osquĕ grăves. *V.* **Ep.** Grăvĕ, frigĭdum, purgans pectŏrĕ. **Phr.** *An incurable madman.* Trĭbŭs Antĭcȳris insanabĭlĭs (căpŭt insanabĭlĕ).

HELLESPONTĬ̆ACŬS, *and* **HELLESPONTĬŬS,** ă, um. *Of* or *relating to the Hellespont.* Hellespontĭ̆aci servet tutelă Prĭapi. *V.* Hellespontĭ̆ (orĭ̆). *Cat.*

HELLESPONTŬS, i. *m. The Hellespont.* Longŭs In angustum qua claudĭtŭr Hellespontŭs. *O.* **Crol.** Hellespontĭ̆cum mărĕ. Hellespontĭ̆cæ ăquæ. Hellespontĭ̆ă (˘Abydenă, Phryxeæ sŏrorĭs) ăquă. Æquŏr Phryxeum. Hellespontĭ̆cum prŏfundum. Pontŭs Helles. Virgĭnĭs mălĕ vectæ frĕtă. F. intĕr oppŏsĭtas turres currentĭ̆ă. Phryxi infelix semĭtă.

HELLŬO, *or* **HELŬO,** onĭs. *m. A glutton, greedy fellow; a prodigal, squanderer. See* GULOSUS.

HELLŬŌR, *or* **HELŬŌR,** arĭs. *To eat gluttonously; to squander. Cat. See* DECOQUO.

HĔLORUM, i. *n. and* **HĔLORŬS,** i. *m. A river of Sicily.* Exsŭpĕro præpinguĕ sŏlum stagnantĭs Hĕlori. *V.*

HĔLŎS, i. *m. A town of Elis.* Quos Hĕlŏs et Ptĕlĕon. *St.*

HELOTES, um. *m. pl.* (Εἵλωτες *and* Εἱλῶται.) *The public slaves of the Lacedæmonians. C. Nep.*

HELVETĬA, æ. *f. and* **HELVETII,** orum. *m. pl. A country and people of ancient Gaul, now Switzerland,* &c. *Cæs.* (*The word is not found in verse; but Strabo has* Ἑλουήττιοι; *and hence the second syllable will be best considered long.*)

HEMINĂ, æ. *f. A measure of capacity = half a sextarius.* Fregĕrĭt heminas Arreti ædilis Ĭniquas. *Pers.* [¶ Cŏtȳlă.]

HENDĔCĂSYLLĂBŬS, i. *m. A hendecasyllable verse.* ˘Adeste, hendĕcăsyllăbi, quŏt estis. *Cat.* [¶ Phălæcĭ̆us.] **Phr.** Undenis pĕdĭbusquĕ syllăbisquĕ. *See* PHALÆCIUS.

HENNĂ, HENNÆŬS. *See* ENNA.

HĔRĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *The lady* or *mistress of a family; mistress* (owner). *Ter.*; sts. *mistress* (in love). Æquăquĕ formosæ pensă rĕpendĭs hĕræ. *O.* [¶ Dŏmĭnă.] *See* D. 2. Gen. *Sovereign-mistress, sovereign-lady.* Noctĭs hĕram Ditemquĕ cĭens. *V. Fl.*

HERACLEŬS, ă, um (Ἡράκλειος). *Of* or *relating to Hercules.* Hæc ĕgo non ăgĭtem? sed quid măgĭs Heracleas (fabŭlas)? *J.*

HERACLITŬS, i. *m.* (Ἡράκλειτος.) *The weeping philosopher of Ephesus.* Heraclitŭs Inĭt quorum dux prælĭă primŭs. *Lr.*

HERBĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Grass, herbage.* Fertĭlĭs occultas invĕnĭt herbă vĭas. *O.* Offĭcĭant lætis ne frugĭbŭs herbæ. *V.* [¶ Graměn, cespĕs.] **Ep.** Vĭrens, vĭrĭdĭs, vĭrĭdans, pubens, vernans, florens, florĭdă, fertĭlĭs, fecundă, lætă, mollĭs, tĕnĕră, nŏvă, rĕcens; roscĭdă, irrĭgŭă, humĭdă, udă, ridens, ămœnă, grată, pictă; ŏpacă. **Crol.** Gramĭnĭs *or* cespĭtĭs herbă (herbæ). Vivax cespĭtĭ graměn. Tŏrŭs gramĭnĕŭs *or* vĭrĭdans. Gramĭnĕæ frondes. Gramĭnĕă hŭmŭs. 2. *Eatable herbs.* Jam cĭbŭs ∾ plăcĕt. *O.* ∾-is vivĭs ĕt urtica. *H. See* OLUS. 3. *Medicinal herbs.* Scirĕ pŏtestates ∾-arum usumquĕ mĕdendi. *V.* Nossĕ sălutĭfĕras ∾-as. *Cl.* **Ep.** Phœbeă, Pæŏnĭă, pŏtens, sălŭbrĭs, mĕdĭcă. 4. *Magic herbs.* ∾ (*pl.*) mesem ăd lunam. *V.* Hostilĭtĕr uskĭ virĭbŭs ∾-arum. *O.* **Ep.** Circæă, Hĕcătĕĭs, măgĭcă, cantatĭ. *See* MAGICUS.

HERBIDŬS, ă, um, *and* **HERBĬFĔR,** ĕrĕ, ĕrum, *and* **HERBOSŬS,** ă, um. *Grassy, full of grass, covered with herbage.* Majores herbĭdă taurŏs Non hăbĭt Epirŭs. Ripas, herbĭfĕr Acĭ, tŭas. *O.* Herboso flumĭnĕ. *V.* Herboso pascŭă. *O.* **Crol.** Herba (herbis)–ŏpertŭs, frĕquens, vestitŭs, fertĭlĭs, divĕs, ăbundans, ubĕr, vĭrens.

HERCLĔ, HERCŬLĔ, *and sts.* **HERCŬLES.** *Ph.* (*so* **MEHERCŬLĔ, MEHERCLĔ,** *and* **MEHERCŬLES;** but all common-talk words.) *A sort of oath:* "*By Hercules,*" "*I swear.*" Non sum mœchŭs, ăis; nĕque ĕgo, hercŭlĕ, fur, ŭbĭ vasă &c. *H.* [¶ Pŏl, næ, prŏfecto.]

HERCŬLANĔŬS, *and* **HERCŬLANŬS,** ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Hercules.* Mĭhĭ detraxi partem Hercŭlanĕam. *Pl.* (*the tenth part, which portion of the spoils was usually offered to Hercules.*)

HERCŬLES, ĭs. *m.* 1. *The famous son of Jupiter and Alcmena. C. D.* Hercŭlĭs Antoren cŏmĭtem, qui missŭs ăb Argis. *V.* [¶ Alcides, Amphĭtrȳonĭ̆ădes, Tirynthĭŭs.] **Ep.** Tirynthĭŭs, clavĭgĕr, invictŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, victŏr, trĕmendŭs, fortĭs. **Crol.** Clavĭgĕr, Tirynthĭŭs heros. Alcmenæ sŏbŏles. Alcmena natŭs *or* gĕnĭtŭs. Jŏvĕ natŭs. 2. Hercŭlĭs cŏlumnæ (metæ, stĭtŭæ). *The pillars of Hercules: two mountains so called by the Straits of Gibraltar, Calpe in Europe, and Abyla in Africa.* [¶ Hercŭlanæ cŏlumnæ.] *See* C.

HERCŬLĔŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *relating to Hercules.* Addĭt ĕt Hercŭlĕos arcus hastamquĕ Mĭnervæ. *J.* ∾ lăbŏr. *H.* [¶ Hercŭlanŭs, Hercŭlanĕŭs.] 2. ∾ frĕtum. *The Straits of Gibraltar. See* GADITANUS. 3. ∾ cŏlumnæ *or* metæ. *See* HERCULES (2).

HERCYNĬA, æ. *f. The Hercynian forest, in Germany, now the Black Forest.* Promĭnĕt Hercȳnĭæ confinis Rhætĭ̆ă silvæ. *Cl.*

HĔRĔ, *and* **HĔRI.** *Yesterday.* Hic hĕrĕ Phryxeæ vellĕrĕ pressĭt ŏvĭs. *O.* Dicĕt: ŭbi est hŏdĭe, quæ Lȳrĕ fulsĭt hĕri. *O.* **Crol.** Hesterna lucĕ *or* dĭe.

HEREDITAS, atĭs. *f. An inheritance.* Heredĭtatis tĭbĭ trĕcentă venisĕ. *M.*

HERES, edĭs. *m. and sts. f.* 1. *An heir, heiress.* Displĭcĕt heredi mandati cură sĕpulchri. *O.* **Ep.** Sollĭcĭtŭs, ăvĭdŭs, cŭpĭdŭs, Inhĭans. **Phr.** Heredem–făcĭo, rĕlinquo, scribo, instĭtŭo, ex testamento *or* testamento făcĭo. Heres-sum, rĕlinquŏr, scribŏr. 2. Fig. *An inheritor of a name, quality,* &c. ∾ ăvĭti nomĭnĭs; crimĭnĭs; laudĭs. *O.* [¶ Successŏr.]

HĔRILĬS, ĕ. *Of a master* or *mistress of a family; used of any of the family of the* herus. Vernă mĭnistĕrĭis ad nutus aptŭs hĕrĭles. *H.* ∾ mensă. *V.* fĭlĭŭs (Angl. '*my young master*'). *Ter.*

HERMĂPHRŎDITUS, i. *m. Son of Mercury and Venus. C. D.* Hermăphrŏdĭtŭs ăit: nato dătĭ munĕrĕ vestro. *O.* Nomĭnĭs ut mixti, sic corpŏrĭs Hermăphrŏdĭtŭs. *Aus.* [¶ Andrŏgȳnŭs.]

HERMES, æ. *m.* **HERMÆ,** arum. *pl. A name of Mercury; busts of Mercury.* Truncoquĕ ălmillĭmŭs Hermæ. *J.*

HERMĬONE, es. *f. The daughter of Menelaus and Helen. C. D.* Ledæam Hermĭŏnen Lăcĕdæmŏnĭosquĕ hȳmĕnæos. *V.*

HERMŬS, i. *m. A river of Lydia, running into the Pactolus.* Auro turbĭdŭs Hermŭs. *V.* **Ep.** Lydĭŭs, Lydŭs; flavŭs, divĕs, aurĭfĕr, mĕtallĭfĕr. Turbato auro sordĭdŭs. *See* AURIFER.

HERNĬCI, orum. *m. pl.* **HERNĬCUM,** i. *subst. n. St.*

and HERNĬCŬS, ă, um. *adj. A people and country of Latium.* O pŭĕri, Marsus dicebăt ĕt Hernĭcŭs olim. *J.* ~-ă saxă. *V.* terrā. *O.*

HERO, ūs. *f.* (Ἡρώ.) *A beautiful girl of Sestos, beloved by Leander of Abydos. C. D.* Sæpĕ, pĕtens Hero, jŭvĕnis tranavĕrăt undas. *O.* [¶ Sestĭăs.] **Crol.** Sestă pŭellă.

HERODES, is. *m. Herod, king of Judæa.* Herodis venerĕ dĭcs; uncatquĕ fĕnestra &c. *Pers.*

HERŎDŎTUS, i. *m.* (Ἡρόδοτος.) *Herodotus, the historian.* Histŏrĭam callens Livĭi ĕt Herŏdŏti. *Aus.*

HEROĬCUS, ă, um = Herous. *See* HEROUS.

HEROINE, es, *and* HEROIS, idis. *f. A heroine.* Illă sĭt Inăchĭis at blandĭŏr heroinis. *Pp.* Vĕtĕres heroĭdăs æquarĕ. Mores illis heroĭsin (= heroĭdĭbŭs) æquos. *O.*

HEROS, ōis. *m. A hero, demi-god, a man of great renown.* Heros Æsŏnĭus pŏlĭtur, spŏlĭoquĕ sŭperbŭs. *O.* Permixtos herŏăs, ĕt ipsĕ vĭdebĭtŭr illis. *V.* Quem vĭrum aut herŏă lyra (cĕlĕbrabis)? *H.* **Ep.** Magnŭs, ingens, magnănĭmŭs, clarŭs, inclȳtŭs, illustrĭs, semĭdĕŭs. **Crol.** Dĕorum *or* dĕum- sanguĭs, gĕnŭs, progĕnĭes. Sătă dĕorum sanguĭnĕ. Semĭdĕum gĕnŭs.

HEROUS, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to a hero, heroic. St.;* us. (and abs.) *an heroic* or *hexameter verse* or *metre.* Pontĭcŭs heroo, Bassus quŏquĕ clarŭs iambo. *O.* ~ pĕs. *O.* [¶ Heroĭcŭs, hexămĕtĕr.] **Phr.** *To write epic* or *heroic poetry.* Grăvĭă (arma, reges, dŭces, bellă, &c.) grăvi nŭmĕro scribĕrĕ (dicĕrĕ, sŏnarĕ). Forti pĕdĕ (plectro grăvĭorĕ) cănĕrĕ. Mæŏnĭo carmĭnĕ (Mæŏnĭi allĭis carmĭnĕ) consurgĕrĕ. ~Opŭs heroi carmĭnis tangĕrĕ. Aŏnĭos cantus seno pĕdĕ ducĕrĕ. Chĕlyn heroă ăd robŏrĭă tollĕrĕ. Sublimĭă carmĭnă (carmĭnă flumĭnĕ majorĕ currentĭă) componĕrĕ, tentarĕ.

HERUS, i. *m.* 1. *The master of a family; master, owner.* Nec victorĭs hĕri tĕtĭgit captivă cŭbilĕ. *V.* Arvo pascăt hĕrum (fundŭs). *H.* [¶ Dŏmĭnŭs; *sts.* possessŏr.] 2. *A husband. Cat.* 3. Gen. *Sovereign-lord,* &c. Hostĭă cœlestes pacĭfĭcassĕt hĕros. *Cat. See* DOMINUS.

HESIŎDUS, i. *m. A famous Greek poet of Ascra, in Bœotia.* Hesĭŏdus nŭmĕrat divos divumquĕ pārentes. *Manil.* **Crol.** Ascræŭs-pŏetă, vates, sĕnex. Præceptŏr ărandi.

HESIŎNE, es. *f. The daughter of Laomedon, sister of Priam, and wife of Telamon. C. D.* Hesĭŏnen Tĕlămon, Briseĭdă cepĭt ~Achilles. *O.*

HESPĔRIA, æ. *f. Hesperia, regions of the west.* 1. *Italy, relative to Greece.* Est lŏcŭs, Hespĕrĭam Graii cognomĭnĕ dicunt. *V. See* ITALIA. 2. *Spain, relative to Italy.* Hespĕrĭa sospes ăb ultĭmă. *H. See* HISPANIA.

HESPĔRIDES, um. *f. pl. The daughters of Hesperus, to whom the garden with the golden apples belonged, guarded by a dragon.* Tum cănĭt Hespĕrĭdum miratam mală pŭellam. *V.*

HESPĔRIUS, ă, um, *and fem.* HESPĔRIS, idis. *Of Hesperia, western; of* or *relating to Italy* or *Spain. See* HESPERIA. Littŭs In Hespĕrĭum. *V.* ~-i bŏves. *M.* ~Ad ortum Solis ăb Hespĕrĭo cŭbili. *H.* Hespĕrĭdum flŭvĭŭs regnatŏr ăquarum (*the Tiber*). *V.* [¶ Occĭdŭŭs, ~ĭtăŭs *or* Hispanŭs.]

HESPĔRUS, *or* HESPĔRŎS, i. *m. Hesperus, son of Aurora and Atlas. C. D. The evening star, known also as Vesper; and also called Lucifer, when a morning star.* Fig. *The evening.* Itĕ dŏmum sătŭræ, vĕnĭt Hespĕrŭs, itĕ, căpellæ. *V.* [¶ Vespĕr, Noctĭfĕr.] **Crol.** Noctis nuntĭŭs *or* index. *See* VESPER, LUCIFER.

HESTERNUS, ă, um. *Yesterday's,* or (adj.) *yesterday* (*e.g.* yesterday-evening, &c.; but *yester* (*gestern,* Ger.) is the true old English of *hesternus;* so, *yester*-day, *yester*-night, *yester*-morn, *yester*-eve or evening. *Ben Jonson,* &c.). ~ lacchŭs. *V.* ferculă. *H.* nox. *O.* lux. *M.*

HĔTRURIA, HĔTRUSCI. *See* ETRURIA, &c.

HEU! *Alas!* (used alone, or with nom. and acc.) Heu durus fati tĕnŏr? *St.* Heu stirpem invisam! *V.* [¶ Hei, cheu.] **Crol.** Hei mihĭ! Heu me!

HEUS! (Used in calling to a person.) *Holloa! Ho, there!* Ac prĭŏr: heus, inquit, jŭvĕnes, monstratĕ mĕarum. *V.* Heus tu, Quidam ălt. *H.* [¶ Eiă.]

HEXĂMĔTĔR, *or* HEXĂMĔTRUS, i. *m. Hexameter,* or *of six feet; an heroic* or *hexameter verse; an iambic hexameter* or *trimeter.* Hexămĕtris ĕpĭgrammă făcis. *M.* [¶ Heroĭcŭs, heroŭs.] **Crol.** Seni pĕdes. (*For the iambic hexameter, see* SENARIUS.)

HIANS, tis. 1. *Open; blown* (of flowers). Terræ venas adstringĭt hĭantes. *V.* Hĭantĭă lillă. *O. See* HIULCUS. 2. *Open-mouthed, gaping with wonderment;* hence (fig.) *amazed.* Corvum deludĕt hĭantem. *H.* Hĭantem plausŭs corrĭpŭĭt. *V.* Inducĕrĕ emptorem hĭantem. *H.* [¶ Attŏnĭtŭs.]

HIATUS, us. *m.* 1. *An opening, chasm; gulf, abyss.* Ne &c. latoquĕ sŏlum rĕtĕgatŭr hĭatu. *O.* Traxĭt ~ ăquam. *Pp.* [¶ Gurgĕs, vŏrago, bărăthrum, os.] **Ep.** Pătens, prŏfundŭs, imŭs, altŭs, vastŭs, ingens. *See* DEHISCO, VORAGO. 2. *Opening of the mouth; a yawn, gape.* Quinquaginta ~-ĭbŭs Hydrā (*of fifty heads*). *V.* Ternis ~-ĭbŭs orā solvĭt. *O.* [¶ Os, fauces, guttŭr, rictus; *sts.* gŭlă.] **Crol.** Orĭs hĭatŭs.

HIBERNACŬLA, orum. *n. pl. Winter-quarters.* Non hibernacŭlă segnes &c. *Cl.* [¶ Hibernă.]

HIBERNIA, æ. *f. Ireland. See* IERNE.

HIBERNO, as. *To winter, pass the winter; be still and inactive.* Intĕpĕt hibernatquĕ mĕum mărĕ. *Pers.* [¶ Hiĕmo.]

HIBERNUS, ă, um. 1. *Of winter, wintry.* ~Uvĭdŭs hiberna venit de glandĕ Mĕnalcas. *V.* [¶ Hiĕmalis.] *See* H. 2. *Stormy.* Ac vĕlŭt ~-o deprensus navĭă ponto. *St. See* PROCELLOSUS. 3. Hibernă, orum. *n. pl. Winter-quarters; the time passed in rest and inaction.* Ternăquĕ transĭĕrĭnt Rŭtŭlis hibernă sŭbactis. *V.* [¶ Hibernacŭlă.]

HIBISCUM, i. *n. The marsh-* or *tree-mallow.* Grăcĭli fiscellam texĭt hĭbisco. Grĕgem compellĕrĕ ~-o. *V.* **Ep.** Grăcĭlis, vĭridis.

I. HIC, *or* HIC, hæc, hoc. 1. *This.* Hic vĭr hĭc est, tĭbĭ quem promitti sæpĭŭs audis. *V.* Hic finis Prĭămi fatorum, hic exĭtŭs illum &c. *V.* [¶ ~Is, istĕ, illĕ.] 2. *Such as, like.* Ne flŭĕrĭs hic tu. Non his jŭventus ortă pārentĭbŭs. *H. See* TALIS. 3. Hic . . . hic. *One . . . another,* &c. *V.*

II. HIC. 1. *Here; sts.* = illic *in narration.* Est hic, est ănĭmus vitæ contemptŏr. *V.* Hic illĭŭs armă, hic currus fŭĭt. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* ~Ibĭ, illic, istic.] 2. *Here, upon this, at this* or *that moment.* Hic regina grăvem gemmis auroquĕ pŏposĭt (pătĕram). *V.* [¶ Tum, tunc.]

I. HICCINĔ, hæccĭnĕ, hoccĭnĕ. *This,* &c., *with interrogation. Hæccĭnĕ parvă mĕum funŭs ărenă tĕgĕt? Pp.* II. Adv. *Here, with interrogation.* Hiccĭnĕ nos hăbĭtarĕ censes? *Pl.*

HIĔMALIS, ĕ. *Of winter, wintry.* Ŭbĕrĭus sŏlĭto nimbis hĭĕmalĭbŭs auctŭs (annis). *O.* [¶ Hibernŭs, brumalis; *sts.* glăcĭalis, gĕlĭdŭs, frigĭdŭs.]

HIĔMO, as. 1. *To pass the winter. H.* [¶ Hibernо.] 2. *To be stormy.* Hĭĕmăt mărĕ. *H.*

HIEMS, ĕmis. *f.* 1. *Winter.* Et glăcĭalis hĭems &c. *V.* [¶ Brumă, frigŭs, dĕcembĕr; *est.* glăcies, gĕlu, nix, prŭinā.] **Ep.** Arctoă, brumalis, frigĭdă, gĕlĭdă, rigĭdă, rigens; ăquosă, nĭmbosă, plŭvĭă, imbrĭfĕrā; deformis, informis, sĕnilis;

horrĭdă, aspĕră, sævă, durā, immitĭs, acrĭs, īniquă, intractabĭlĭs, fĕrā, mălignă, impŏbă, pĭgrā, segnĭs, īners, tristĭs. **Crcl.** Hibernum (hīēmalĕ, brumalĕ)–tempŭs, frigŭs, sidŭs. Hīēmĭs–tempŭs, vis, aspĕrĭtas, rĭgŏr. Brumæ–frigŭs, frigŏrā. Sidĕrā brumæ. Brumales horæ. Frigĭdā–tempŏrā, sidĕrā. Hiberni menses. Brumalĕ gĕlu. Tempŏrā brumæ. Frigĭdŭs annŭs. **Phr.** 1. Brumā–horrĭdā cano (pĭgro) gĕlu;—horrens rigĭdis (siccis) ăquilonĭbŭs;—hirsutā canos căpillos;—ădŏpertā gĕlu. **Phr.** 2. *In winter.* Frigŏrē (frigŏrĭbŭs, frigŏrĭbŭs mĕdĭis, mĕdĭa bruma). Hiberno *or* brumali–tempŏre, frigŏrē, sidĕrē. Pĕr frigŏrā. Pĕr frigŏrā brumæ. Dum sævĭt *or* deæsvĭt hīems. Tempŏrē, quo brumā,–ăquarum cursus glăcĭo frenăt;—arvā durato gĕlu stringĭt;—saxā frigŏrē rumpĭt;—congestis horrēt prŭinis;—tristĭā orā profert. Tempŏrē, quo –hīems hīemi contĭnŭatŭr;—omnĭs ăgĕr rĭgĕt;—terrā marmŏrĕo gĕlu candĭdā jăcĕt. *See* FRIGUS. 2. *A storm, tempest.* Emissam ∾-em sensit Neptunŭs. *V. See* PROCELLA. 3. *Used of waves, hail, rain, and raging flames.* ˘Achilleis ∾-es affrangĕrĕ bustis (nempe fluctus). *St.* Flammĕā diri montĭs ∾ (de Vĕsevo). *St.* Ignĕā ∾ (de ĕodem). *V. Fl.* Ferrĕā nimbis certăt ∾. *St.* Fig. 4. ∾ rerum. *Cl.* ămorĭs. *O.* 5. *Used for a year.* Quartā ∾. *O. See* ANNUS.

HIĔRO, onĭs. *m. The name of several kings of Syracuse.* Præfŭĕrat terris Hĭĕro. *Sil.*

HIĔROSŎLŸMĂ, orum. *n. pl. and* HIĔRŬSĂLEM, *or* JERŬSĂLEM. *undecl. Jerusalem. Eccl.* [† Sion, Sŏlŷmi; *sts.* Sŏlŷmă.] **Ep.** Palmĭfĕrā, sanctā, vĕnĕrandā, săcrā, inclĭtā, nobĭlĭs. **Crcl.** Sŏlŷmorum urbs *or* arx. Arx Sionĭs. Urbs Davĭdĭcā.

HILARIS, ĕ. *Blithe, joyful.* Oderunt hĭlārem tristes, tristemquĕ jŏcosi. *H.* [† Lætŭs, ŏvans, ălăcĕr, gaudens, făcetŭs, lĕpĭdŭs, jŏcosŭs.] *See* LÆTUS.

HILARĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Gaiety, joyfulness.* Nĭmĭăquĕ nautas hĭlārĭtate extollĭrĕ. *Ph.* [† Lætĭtĭā, gaudĭum.] *See* GAUDIUM.

HILARO, as. 1. *To cheer, rejoice.* tr. Hos ŭbĭ facundo tŭă vox hĭlāravĕrĭt orĕ. *O.* [† Exhĭlāro, rĕcrĕo, oblecto.] 2. *To give animation to any thing* (*e. g.* to scenery, &c.). Festăquĕ pallentes hĭlārent altarĭā lucos. *St.*

HILUM, i. *n. A nothing* (as it were), *a whit; at all* (us. with a negative). Est libella, ălĭqua si ex parti claudĭcăt hilum. *Lr.* Nĕc defĭt ponděrĭs hilum. *Lr.* Nĕquĕ profĭcĭt hilum. *Cic.* [† Nihĭl, nequaquam.] *See* NIHILUM.

HIMĔRĂ, æ. *m. A town and river of Sicily.* Qua mergĭtŭr Himĕrā ponto. *Sil.* Himĕrăque et Didȳmen. *O.*

HINC. *adv. Hence, from this place.* At nos hinc ibĭmŭs Afros. *V.* 2. Hinc ĕt hinc, Hinc . . . hinc *or* indĕ, &c. *On this side, and on that; on this side . . . on that.* Hinc atque hinc vastæ rupes. *V.* Hinc mŏvĕt Euphrates, illinc Germanĭā bellum. *V.* Hinc ămŏr, hinc timŏr est. *O.* 3. *Thence, from that place.* Hinc fŏrĕ ductores. *V.* [† Illinc, indĕ.] 4. *Hence, by these means. See* SIC. 5. *Then, afterwards. See* DEINDE. 6. *Hence, from this cause.* Hinc primā mĕli labes. *V.* [† Indĕ, Idĕo.] 7. *Hence, commencing now;* or *from this time forth.* Hinc cănĕrĕ incĭpĭam. **Crcl.** Ex hoc. Ex illo tempŏrĕ.

HINNIO, is. *To neigh. Lr.* **Crcl.** Hĭnnitum *or* hinnitus–edo, fundo, tollo. Hinnitu *or* hinnitĭbŭs auras (æthĕrā, campos)–implĕo, pulso, &c.

HINNITŬS, us. *m. A neigh, neighing.* Pellŏn hinnitu fŭgĭens implevĭt ăcuto. *V.* Implent hinnitĭbŭs aures. *O.* [† Frĕmĭtŭs.]

HINNŬLĔUS, i. *m. A fawn.* Vitas hinnŭlĕo me sĭmĭlis, Chlŏe. *H.*

HIO, as. 1. Intr. *To gape open, chink; open its petals, be in blow* (of a flower). Nec flos ullŭs hĭat pratis. *Pp.* [† Hisco, dĕhisco, ăpĕrĭŏr, findŏr, scindŏr.] **Crcl.** Rimam ăgo *or* duco. Rimis fătisco. *See* DEHISCO. 2. *To open the mouth, gape.* Gaudĕt hĭans immanĕ (lĕo). *V.* **Crcl.** Diduco rictum. *See* HIATUS. Fig. 3. *To gape with wonderment. See* HIANS. 4. Sts. tr. *To spout out.* Lit. and fig. ∾ ex orĕ crŭores. *V. Fl.* carmĕn tăcĭta lȳra. *Pp.*

HIPPŎCRĂTES, is. *m. A celebrated physician of the island of Cos.* Cinctă mări tellus quænam crĕāt Hippŏcrătem? Cos. *Aus.*

HIPPŎCRENE, es. *f. A fountain of Bœotia, sacred to the Muses.* Dicĭtĕ, quæ fontes ˘Agănippĭdŭs Hippocrenes. *O.* Hippŏcrene. *Aus.* [† ˘Agănippe.] **Ep.** Hĕlĭconĭs, Hĕlĭconĭā, Aŏnĭā, āmœnā, doctā. **Crcl.** Fons–Hippŏcrenæŭs, ˘Agănippæŭs, Hȳantĭŭs, Hȳantĕŭs, Pegăsĕŭs, Hĕlĭconĭŭs, Permessŭs, căballinŭs. Pegăsĭs *or* Permessĭā undā. Aŏnĭi lătĭces. Aŏnĭā ăquā. Doctŭs amnis. Undā pĕdĭs ictĭbŭs (ĕquina ungŭla, Gorgŏnĕo ĕquo, Mĕdusæo præpētĕ) factā *or* ruptā.

HIPPŎDĂME, es. *V. and* HIPPŎDĂMIA, æ. *f.* (Ἱπποδάμη *and* Ἱπποδάμεια.) 1. *Daughter of Œnomaus, won in marriage by Pelops' overcoming her father in a chariot-race.* Vectā pĕregrinis Hippŏdămĭā rŏtis. *O.* 2. *A name of Briseis. See* B.

HIPPŎDRŎMŎS, i. *m.* (ἱππόδρομος.) *A hippodrome, race-course.* Pulvĕrĕumquĕ fŭgax hippodrŏmŏn ungŭlā plaudĭt. *M. See* CIRCUS.

HIPPŎLŸTE, es. *f.* 1. *A queen of the Amazons.* Felix Hippŏlŷte, nuda tŭlĭt armā păpilla. *Pp.* 11. *Wife of Acastus, king of Magnesia.* Magnesam Hippŏlŷten dum fŭgĭt abstĭnens (Peleus). *H. See* PELEUS.

HIPPŎLŸTŬS, i. *m. The son of Hippolyte and Theseus, loved by Phædra, his step-mother, and falsely accused by her,* &c. *C. D.* Hic lātĭt Hippŏlŷtus loris discerptŭs ĕquorum. *O.* [† Thesides.] **Ep.** Castŭs, pŭdĭcŭs, insons, mĭsĕr; fĕrŭs, ăgrestĭs, sĕvĕrŭs, venatŏr. **Crcl.** Theseĭŭs heros. Vir ˘Amazŏnĭŭs. ˘Amazŏnĕ natŭs. Nĕpos Æthræ. Phædræ privignŭs. *See* VIRBIUS.

HIPPŎMĂNĔS, is. *n. A viscous substance on the forehead of a colt newly foaled, and used in love-charms;* or *a humour engendered in mares, and used for the same purpose.* Hippŏmănes, carmenquĕ lŏquăr, coctumquĕ vĕnenum. *J.* Hippŏmănes quŏd dicunt pastores. *V.*

HIPPŎMĔNES, æ. *m. The husband of Atalanta, whom he won by conquering her in a foot-race. C. D.* Hippŏmĕne, prŏpĕra, nunc virĭbŭs utĕrĕ totis. *O.* **Crcl.** Proles Neptunĭā. Mĕgărĕĭŭs herŏs. Aŏnĭŭs jŭvĕnis.

HIPPŎTĂDES, æ. *m. A name of Æolus.* Clausĕrăt Hippŏtădes æterno carcĕrĕ ventos. *O. See* ÆOLUS.

HIRCINŬS, ă, um. *Of a goat, of goat-skin.* Conclusas hircinis follĭbŭs auras. *H.*

HIRCOSŬS, ă, um. *Goatish.* Hic ălĭquis de gente hircosa centŭrĭonum. *Pers.*

HIRCŬLUS, i. *m. dim. of* Hircus.

HIRCUS, i. *m. A he-goat.* Et ductus cornu stabit săcĕr hircŭs ăd aram. *V.* [† Hircŭlŭs, căpĕr.] *See* CAPER.

HIRSUTŬS, *and* HIRTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Hairy, shaggy.* Hirsutumquĕ sŭpercĭlĭum, promissăquĕ barbā. *V.* Hīems, canos ∾-ă căpillos. *O.* Rĭgĭdis stĕtĭt hirtā căpillis. *O.* [† Hispĭdŭs, villosŭs, setosŭs, pĭlosŭs.] 2. *Bristly, prickly.* ∾-i vepres; frondes. *V.* Hirtā dumis saxā. *St.* [† Horrens, horrĭdŭs, aspĕr, ăcutŭs.] Fig. 3. *Rude, wild.* Sumpsĕrĭt annales, nĭhĭl est hirsutĭŭs illis. *O.*

Ingĕnĭum hirtum. *H.* [† Aspĕr, rūdĭs, incultūs, rusticūs, incomptūs.] 4. *Harsh, rugged* (of sound). [† Aspĕr, hispĭdūs, durūs.]

Hirudo, ĭnis. *f. A leech.* Non missurā cūtem, nĭsĭ plenā crūoris, hīrudo. *H.* [† Sanguisugā.] Ep. Pālustris, ăvĭdā, mordax, tĕnax.

Hirundo, ĭnis. *f. A swallow.* Aut argutā lăcus circumvŏlĭtavit hīrundo. *V.* [† Procne.] *See* P.

Hisco, is. 1. *To chink, gape.* Hiscĕrĕ nempē tĭbi terrā rŏgandā fŏrēt. *O.* [† Dĕhisco, pătĕo, ăpĕrĭŏr, &c.] *See* Dehisco. 2. Sp. *To open the mouth to speak.* Nĕc Tēlĕmonĭādes hiscĕrĕ quidquam ausĭt. *O.*

Hispania, æ. *f.* Hispani, orum. *m. pl. The country and people of Spain.* Latis audax Hispanĭā terris. *Tib.* [† ˘Iberĭā, Hespĕrĭā.] *See* Iberia.

Hispanus, ă, um. *adj. Spanish, of* or *pertaining to Spain.* Illā vēl Hispano lectā sĭt uvā jūgo. *O.* [† Hispanĭcūs, Hispanĭensis, ˘Iber, ˘Iberūs.]

Hispidus, ă, um. 1. *Shaggy, bristly.* Hispĭdā mento Frons hŏmĭnem præfert. *V.* ∾ matĕr (de căpella). *M. See* Hirsutus. 2. *Rough, rugged.* ∾ ăgri. *H.* (= squallĭdi imbrĭbūs?) [† Horrens, aspĕr, rĭgens.] 3. *Hard to pronounce. See* Hirsutus.

Historia, æ. *f.* 1. *History.* Crispus Romana primūs in hĭstŏrĭa. *M.* [† Annales; *sts.* fasti, mŏnūmentā.] Ep. Antiquā, priscā, vētūs, mĕmŏr, dūbĭā, anceps, verā, verax, cĕlĕbris, nobĭlis, măgistrā. Crel. Vētĕrum-scriptā, mŏnūmentā. Hĭstŏrĭæ-famā, fĭdes, sĕrĭes, mŏnūmentā. Ætatis mŏnūmentā vētustæ. Victuræ chartæ. Prisci tempŏris *or* ævi-factā, actā. Fĭdes hĭstŏrĭcā. 2. *A tale, anecdote. H.* [† Fabellā.]

Historicus, i. *m. and us. adj. An historian.* Quis dūbĭt hĭstŏrĭco quantum dārĕt actā lĕgenti? *J.* Ep. Verūs, verax, grāvis; dūbĭus, incertūs, lĕvis. Crel. Hĭstŏrĭarum scriptŏr. Condĭtŏr hĭstŏrĭæ.

Histrio, onis. *m. An actor.* Quando hĭstrĭonem cogis mendicarĭ. *Pl.* [† Mimūs, ludĭo, ludĭūs, actŏr, cŏmœdūs.] Ep. Făcētūs, rĭdĭcūlūs, festivūs, urbanūs.

Hiulco, as. *To cause to gape* or *chink.* Quum grāvis exustos æstūs hĭulcăt ăgros. *Cat. See* Findo.

Hiulcus, ă, um. *Gaping, in chinks.* Hoc, ŭbi hĭulcā sĭti findit Cănis æstĭfĕr arvā. *V.* [† Hians, hiscens, dĕhiscens, fătiscens, pătens, ăpertūs, fissūs, rimosūs.]

Hoc. *n. and abl. of* Hic. Hoc ŏrāt, almā pārens &c. *V.* 1. Hoc noctis. *At this time* (of night). *Pl.* 2. As adv. *On this account, therefore. H.* [† ˘Eo, Idĕo.] 3. *Used with compar., and English by 'the' with 'more.'* [† ˘Eo.]

Hodie. *adv. To-day.* Qui non est hŏdĭe, cras mĭnūs aptūs ĕrit. *O.* [† Nunc.] Crel. Hoc dĭe. Hŏdĭerna lucĕ. Hŏdĭerno lumĭnĕ.

Hodiernus, ă, um. *To-day's, to-day, used adj.* Sic vēnĭas hŏdĭernĕ, tĭbi dem turis hŏnores. *Tib.* ∾ summā. (*the whole of to-day.*) *H.*

Hœdinus, ă, um. *Of a kid.* Hœdĭna tĭbĭ pellĕ contĕgenti &c. *M.*

Hœdulus, i. *m. dim. of* Hœdus. *J. See* H.

Hœdus, i. *m.* 1. *A kid.* Ut cănĭbus cătŭlos sĭmĭles, sic matrĭbūs hœdos. *V.* [† Hœdūlūs.] Ep. Tĕnĕr, tĕnellūs, văgĭens, mollis, pĕtūlans, pĕtŭlcūs. Crel. Căpellæ (hispĭdæ matris) fetūs. Lascivi grĕgis sŏbŏles. 2. *The sign Capricorn.* Vēnĭens plŭvĭalĭbūs Hœdis (imbĕr). *V.* ˘Orĭentis Hœdi (impĕtus). *H.*

Holocaustum, i. *n.* (ὁλόκαυστον.) *A burnt-offering, holocaust. Eccl.*

Holophernes, is. *m. Nabuchodonosor's general, killed by Judith. Eccl.*

Homericus, ă, um, *and* Homeric, ă, um (Ὁμήριος). *H.* [*Bentley.*] *Of* or *relating to Homer, Homeric.* Quantum Gradivūs Hŏmĕrĭcūs audis. *J.*

Homerus, i. *m. The poet Homer. C. D.* Quo versu scribi possint, monstravit Hŏmĕrūs. *H.* [† Mæŏnĭdes.] Ep. Mæŏnĭūs, Smyrnæūs; vētūs, priscūs, magnūs, grandis, sublimis, divinūs, nobĭlis, immortalis. Crel. Vates-Mæŏnĭūs, Smyrnæūs. Mæŏnĭūs sĕnex. Maximūs vates. Condĭtŏr Ilĭādis. Vatum pārens. Hĕlĭconis princeps.

Homicida, æ. *m. f. A murderer, man-slayer.* Si fur displĭcĕat Verri, hŏmĭcidā Mĭloni. *J.* ∾ Hectŏr. *H.* [† Sicarĭūs, interfectŏr.]

Homo, *or* [*sold.*] Homo, ĭnis. *m. Man, the creature man; a man.* Et quŏtā pars hŏmŏ sit terrai totĭūs unūs. *Lr.* Unde hŏmĭnes nati, durum gĕnūs. *V.* Primum Graiūs hŏmo mortales tendĕrĕ contra. Est ŏcŭlos ausūs. *Lr.* [† Mortalis; *sts.* terrĭgĕnā, vīr.] Ep. Acĕr, solers, industrĭūs, ingĕnĭosūs, prudens, săgax; durūs, pătĭens, mĭsĕr, ærumnosūs, infelix, ĭnops, infirmūs. Mentis altæ căpax. Divino semĭnĕ factūs. Cœlesti ductūs ŏrĭglnĕ. Crel. Humanā *or* hŏmĭnum gens. Hŏmĭnum (humanum, mortalē) gĕnūs. Iăpĕti gĕnūs. Terrĕā proles. ˘Anĭmal cætĕris sanctiūs. ˘A. In cætĕrā dŏmĭnans. Mortalē vulgūs. Vis humanā. Humanæ mentes. Mortalĭā-cordā, pectŏrā. Mens hŏmĭnum. Hŏmĭnum corpŏrā. Pulvis ĕt umbrā. [† Vīr.]

Homuncio, onis. *m. J. dims. of* Homo. Crel. Pūsillūs (hŏmŏ). Hŏmĭnis corpuscūlum.

Honestas, atis. *f. A good name, good and becoming conduct, probity. Cic.* (Hŏnestūs.) [† Hŏnestum, dĕcŏr, virtus.] *See* Probitas.

Honeste. *adv. Decorously, becomingly.* Ne non procumbăt hŏneste, Resplĭcĭt. *O.* [† Dĕcore, apte, convĕnĭentĕr, pulchre.]

Honesto, as. *To grace, adorn, to make honorable* or *respectable.* Quem vultus hŏnestăt, Dedĕcŏrant mores. *Cl.* [† Orno, dĕcŏro, hŏnoro.]

Honestus, ă, um. 1. *Held in honour, distinguished by honours.* Hŏnestos Fascĭbūs et sellis. *H.* [† Hŏnoratūs, hŏnorūs.] 2. *Fine, handsome.* Sĭmŭl os terris ostendĕt ∾-um Pliăs. *V.* Căput ecĕ pŭer detectūs ∾-um. *V.* Forma ∾. *Ter. See* Pulcher. 3. *Honorable, praiseworthy.* ∾ dĭes; mors. *Pp.* nomĕn. *H.* Orā rĭgantŭr ∾-is imbrĭbūs. *St.* [† Dĕcorūs, pulchĕr, laudandūs.] 4. *Virtuous, of good character.* Quæ se tĭmŭĭt committĕrĕ ∾-o. *O.* [† Bŏnūs, prŏbūs.] 5. Sp. *Chaste, moral.* ∾ sŏrŏr. *H.* vitā flagĭtio văcans. *Sen. See* Castus. 6. *Seeming-good, plausible, specious.* Quærĕrĕ causas ∾-as ăbĕundi. *Lr.* 7. Hŏnestum, i. *n. as subst. Honesty, virtue.* Rĭgĭdi servatŏr ∾-i. *L.* [† Hŏnestas, dĕcorum, dĕcŏr, virtus.] *See* Probitas.

Honor, *or* Honos, oris. *m.* 1. *Honour, consideration, repute, fame.* Sic hŏnŏr et nomen divinis vatĭbūs atquĕ &c. *H.* Gentis hŏnos: hærent &c. *V.* Haud æquĭdem tali me dignŏr hŏnorĕ. *V.* [† Dĕcūs, laus, cultūs, rĕvĕrentĭā, famā, nomĕn, glorĭā.] Ep. Egrĕgĭūs, exĭmĭūs, æternūs, immortalis, ingens, mĕrĭtūs, debĭtūs. *See* Gloria. 2. *The consideration and respect of affection.* ˘Amatæ hŏnos tangĭt ănĭmum. *V.* [† Rĕvĕrentĭā, respectūs, cultūs.] 3. *Esteem, value for any thing.* Auro venĭt hŏnos. *Pp.* Quæ nunc sunt in ∾-ĕ vŏcabŭlā. *H.* [† Laus, prĕtĭum.] 4. Pl. *Honours, dignities.* Sæpē dăt ∾-es indignis (pŏpŭlūs). *H.* Dăt censūs ∾-es. *O.* [† Dignĭtas, munĕrā.] Ep. Magnūs, ingens, splendĭdūs, conspĭcūūs, insignis, solennis. vanūs, cādu-

cŭs, instăbĭlĭs, incertŭs, ambĭtĭosŭs, invĭdĭosŭs. **Crcl.** Hŏnorum-tĭtŭli, dĕcŭs.] **5.** *Worship paid to the gods by prayer* or *sacrifice.* Templis indicĭt ∾-em. *V.* Aris mactavĭt ∾-es. *V. See* ADORO, SACRIFICO. **6.** *Funeral honours.* Mortĭs ∾-ĕ cărentes. Cŏmĭtamŭr sŭpremo ∾-ĕ. *V. See* EXSEQUIÆ. **7.** *Grace, beauty.* Silvis ăquĭlo decussĭt ∾-em. Lætos ŏcŭlis affĭarăt ∾-es. *V.* Formæ ∾. *Sil.* [¶ Dĕcŏr, dĕcŭs, &c.] *See* PULCHRITUDO. **8.** *Reward.* Pugnæ proponĭt hŏnorem. *V. See* PRÆMIUM.

HŎNORĂTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* HONORO. *Honoured, held in honour.* ∾ dĭes. *V.* vĭr. *O.* [¶ Cultŭs, laudatŭs, hŏnestŭs, insignĭs, exĭmĭŭs, illustrĭs, conspĭcŭŭs.]

HŎNORĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. *Conferring, causing honour.* Si quĭd hŏnorĭfĭcum pagĭnā blandā sŏnăt. *M.* [¶ Hŏnestŭs.]

HŎNORO, as. *To honour, respect, reverence,* &c. Sacrĭfĭcat, tŭmŭlumque sŭi gĕnĭtorĭs hŏnorăt. *O.* [¶ Cŏlo, dĕcŏro, orno.]

HŎNORŬS, ă, um. *Honorable, conferring honour.* Lætŭs ŏvat nunc laudĕ vĭrum, nunc vatĭs hŏnoro Carmĭnĕ. *V. Fl.* ∾ famā. *St.* [¶ Hŏnestŭs, dĕcorŭs, pulchĕr.] **Crcl.** Non ĭnhŏnestŭs. Non indĕcŏr *or* indĕcorŭs.

HORA, æ. *f.* **1.** *An hour.* Inde ŭbĭ quartā sĭtim cœli collegĕrĭt horā. *V.* Horā quŏta est? *H.* **Crcl.** Horæ-spătĭum, momentum, punctum, mŏrā, tempŭs. **2.** Us. *Time. H.* [¶ Tempŭs.] *See* T. **3.** *A season.* Vărĭis mundum tempĕrăt ∾-is. *H. See* TEMPESTAS. **4.** Pl. *The Hours, goddesses presiding over the seasons, opening the gates of heaven,* &c. *C. D.* Jungĕre ĕquos Titan velocĭbŭs impĕrăt Horis. *O.*

HŎRATII, orum. *m. pl. and* HŎRATĬŬS, ă, um. *The three Horatii, who fought with the three Curiatii; of* or *belonging to the Horatii.* Hŏratĭorum qua vĭret săcer campŭs. *M.* Cŭrĭos fratres ĕt Hŏratĭā pilā. *Pp.*

HŎRATĬŬS, ĭ. *m.* I. *Horatius Cocles. See* COCLES. II. *Q. Horatius Flaccus, the celebrated Roman poet.* Dŏcĭlĭs mŏdorum Vatĭs Hŏrati. *H.* [¶ Flaccŭs.] **Ep.** Vĕnŭsinŭs, lyrĭcĕn, nŭmĕrosŭs, acĕr, mordax. **Crcl.** Romanæ fĭdĭcĕn lyræ. Cĕlĕbrā *or* Ausŏnĭā lyrā. Vĕnŭsinā plectrā. *See* FLACCUS.

HORDĔUM, i. *n. Barley.* Et frăgĭli jam stringĕrĕt hordĕā culmo. Mandavĭmŭs hordĕā sulcis. *V.* Neglĭgunt vilĕ hordĕum. *Ph.* (*It is generally found in the sing. in prose.*)

HŎRIZON, ontĭs. *m. The horizon.* Atque, a fĭnĕ trăhens tĭtŭlum, mĕmŏratŭr Hŏrizon. *Manil.* **Crcl.** Finitŏr circŭlŭs.

HORNŬS, ă, um. *Of this year, of this year's growth.* Illā dĭes hornis cædem denuntĭăt agnis. *Pp.* Pălĕa porrectŭs In horna. *H.*

HOROSCŎPŬS, i. *m. The star presiding at a man's birth; a horoscope; a man's natal hour.* Gĕmĭnos, horoscŏpĕ, varo Producis Gĕnĭo. *Pers.* Quem bĕnĕ partitis mĕmŏrant horoscŏpŏn astris. *Manil.*

HORRENDŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Dreadful, horrible.* ∾ clamŏr; monstrum. *V.* vox. *V. Fl.* [¶ Horrĭbĭlĭs, horrĭfĭcŭs, horrĭfĕr, horrĭdŭs, trĕmendŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, terrĭbĭlĭs, formidabĭlĭs, formidandŭs.] **2.** *Hideous.* Concĭlĭum ∾ (sc. Cyclopum). *V.* [¶ Fœdŭs, deformĭs, turpĭs; *sts.* tetĕr, atĕr.] **3.** *Awful, striking with a religious awe.* ∾-um rellĭgĭonĕ pārentum (tectum). ∾ Sĭbyllā. *V.* [¶ Vĕrendŭs.] **4.** Horrendum. *n. as adv.* ∾ intŏnăt armis; stridens. *V.*

HORRENS, tĭs. **1.** *Shaggy, bristly.* Horrentisquĕ lĕonĭs Exŭvĭas. *V.* Rĭgĭdis horrentĭā setis Tergā. *O.* [¶ Horrĭdŭs, &c.] *See* H. **2.** Gen. *Bristling.* Lit. and fig. ∾ pilis (agmĕn). *H.*

cautĭbŭs (Caucăsŭs). *V.* classĭbŭs frĕtum. *Sen.* **3.** *Awe-inspiring;* sp. *sombre, gloomy.* ∾ umbrā nĕmŏrĭs. *V. See* HORRENDUS. **4.** Sts. *Shivering.* ∾-i tŭnĭcam non redděrĕ servo. *J.* [¶ Algens, frigens, horrĭdŭlŭs.]

HORRĔO, es, ŭi. **1.** Intr. *To be thick-set with hair, be shaggy, to bristle.* [In this sense of *horreo* and the cognate words the notion of frightful or fearful is probably more or less involved.] Horrebant densis aspĕrā crurā pĭlis. *O.* ∾-ent collā cŏlŭbris. *V.* ∾-ĕt In ăgris cardŭŭs. *V.* [¶ Horresco, rĭgĕo.] **Crcl.** Horrĭdŭs (aspĕr, hirtŭs, hispĭdŭs) sum. **2.** *To have a desolate, wretched look.* ∾-ent absinthĭā pĕr văcŭos campos. *O.* Tempestas ∾-ĕt. *O.* **3.** *To be hideous, frightful.* Ast ăllæ turpes ∾-ent. *V.* ∾-ebant verbā mĭnis. *O.* **4.** *To be cold, shiver with cold. Pp. O.* [¶ Horresco, frigĕo, algĕo.] **5.** *To tremble, shudder with fear.* Membrā tĭmorĕ horrŭĕrant. *O.* [¶ Horresco, trĕmo, pāvĕo, &c.] *See* TREMO. **6.** Tr. *To dread; to shrink from.* ∾-ebĭs ĭberos. *V.* ∾-ent admotas vulnĕrā crudā mānus. *O. See* TIMEO *or* ODI.

HORRESCO, escĭs, rŭi (*from* Horreo). **1.** *To bristle, be on the ruffle.* (*See* HORREO, 1.) Campiquĕ nātantes Lenĭbŭs horrescunt flabris. *V.* ∾ setis. *O.* **2.** *To become dark, fearful, threatening.* ∾-ĭt nimbis tempestas. *Sil.* **3.** *To be agitated, shake, shudder.* ∾-unt cordā. ∾-o rĕfĕrens. *V.* **4.** Tr. *To fear, dread.* ∾ morsus fŭturos. *V.*

HORRĔUM, i. *n. A barn, granary. V.* [¶ Granarĭā.] **Ep.** Cĕrĕālĕ, tritĭcĕum, căpax, amplum, vastum, immensum, plenum, rĕfertum.

HORRĬBĬLĬS, ĕ. **1.** *Horrible, terrifying.* Nunc ĕtĭam horrĭbĭli visu portentā sĕquuntŭr. *V. See* HORRENDUS. **2.** Sts. *Rugged, rough in manners and appearance, homely.* ∾ Sābinæ. *M.* [¶ Horrĭdŭs, incultŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs.]

HORRĬDŬLŬS, ă, um. *Shivering.* Tonsos, horrĭdŭlos, rŭdes, pŭsillos (pŭĕros). *M. See* HORRENS.

HORRĬDŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Shaggy, thick-set, bristling.* (*See* HORREO, 1.) Glăcĭe rĭgĕt horrĭdā barbā. Hastillĭbŭs ∾ myrtŭs. *V.* ∾ cæsărĭes. *O.* [¶ Horrens, rĭgens, rĭgĭdŭs, aspĕr, hirsutŭs, hirtŭs, hispĭdŭs, impexŭs.] **2.** *Ill, negligently dressed; dirty in person.* Căpillĭŭs passŭs, pes nudŭs, ipsa horrĭdā. *Ter.* Pŭtatŏr ∾. *M. See* SQUALIDUS. **3.** *Hideous.* ∾ măcĭes. *V.* [¶ Horrens, deformĭs.] *See* TURPIS. **4.** *Horrid, terrible.* ∾ orĕ crŭento (Fŭrŏr). ∾-ă dictā. *V. See* HORRENDUS. **5.** *Shivering with cold. O. See* HORRENS. **6.** Fig. *Rigid, severe, impracticable; armed at all points.* Horrĭdĭŏr ruscis. *V.* Te neglĭgĕt ∾. *H.* ∾ virtus, armatumquĕ fĭde pectŭs. *Sil.* [¶ Aspĕr, sĕvĕrŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs.]

HORRĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum, *and* HORRĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. *Terrifying.* Ægĭdāque horrĭfĕram, turbatæ Pallādis armā. *V.* ∾ æstus. *Lr.* (de Tartārō). Horrĭfĭcis juxta tŏnăt Ætnā rŭinis. *V. See* HORRENDUS.

HORRĬFĬCO, as. **1.** *To ruffle, to crisp.* Flatu plăcĭdum mārĕ matutino Horrĭfĭcans zĕphyrŭs. *Cat.* [¶ Aspĕro.] **2.** *To make terrible.* ∾ gălĕas rictu. *Sil.* **3.** *To terrify.* Vatum prædictā ∾-ant. *V. See* TERREO.

HORRĬFĬCŬS. *See* HORRIFER.

HORRĬSŎNŬS, ă, um. *Making a fearful sound.* Horrĭsŏno stridentes cardĭnĕ portæ. *V.*

HORRŎR, orĭs. *m.* **1.** *A bristling, standing on end.* Nulloque horrorĕ cŏmarum Excussæ laurus. *L.* **2.** *A quaking, shuddering, agitation.* Trĕmŭlo ramos horrore mŏveri. *O.* [*Horror* is used of any sight, sound, time, place, &c., that affects the mind with unusual dread, awe, dreary,

shrinking feelings, *e.g.*] **3.** *Used of the fearful din of war.* Armorum ingrŭĭt ∾. *V. See* FREMITUS. **4.** *Of extreme cold; of a world under frost and snow.* Borĕæ fĕrŭs ∾. *V. Fl.* Naturæ frigĭdŭs ∾. *Lr.* **5.** *Of deep, gloomy darkness.* ∾ tergŭ mārĭs inflĭcĭt. *L.* Cærŭlŭs ∾ &c. *V. Fl.* ∾ extremŭs lumĭnĭ corrĭpĭt. *V. Fl. See* INHORREO. **6.** *Of what is fearful to look upon.* Arbŏrĭbŭs sŭŭs ∾ inest. *L.* **7.** *The shudder, shiver of fear.* Frigĭdŭs ∾ membrā quātĭt. Arrectæ ∾-ē cōmæ. *V.* [† Trĕmōr, pāvōr, terrōr.] *See* TREMO. **8.** *Religious dread.* Numĭnis ingens ∾. *V. Fl.* **9.** *That which is the object of dread.* Scipiādes, Carthagĭnis ∾. *Lr.* [† Terrōr, mĕtŭs.]

HORTAMĔN, ĭnĭs. HORTAMENTUM, i. *n. Sil. and* HORTATŬS, us. *m. Exhortation, encouragement.* Non est hortamĭnĭ-ĕ longo Nunc, ălĭt, utendum. *O.* Hortatu comprŏbāt actā sŭo. *O.* [† Impulsŭs, mōnĭtŭs, stĭmŭli.] **Crcl.** Hortantīā dictā.

HORTATŎR, orĭs. *m.* HORTATRIX, icĭs. *f. An adviser, encourager.* ∾ scĕlĕrum (Æŏlĭdes). *V.* pugnæ. *O.* Hortatrix ănĭmosi glorĭā lētĭ. *St.* [† Auctŏr, impulsŏr, suasŏr.] *See* IMPULSOR.

HORTATŬS. us. *m. See* HORTAMEN.

HORTENSIŬS, ĭi. *m. A celebrated Roman orator. O.*

HORTŎR, ārĭs. *To exhort, recommend, encourage.* Hortamur fari, quo sanguĭnĕ cretŭs. *V.* Cŭpĭo non persuadĕrĕ quŏd hortŏr. *O.* [† Exhortŏr, ādhortŏr, excĭto, concĭto, incĭto, suscĭto, accendo, ăcŭo, exăcŭo, impello, stĭmŭlo, exstĭmŭlo, instigo, inflammo, suadĕo, mōnĕo, admōnĕo.] **Crcl.** Hortatu (hortamĭnĕ, hortatĭbŭs)-instigo, ăcŭo, accendo, stĭmŭlo, excĭto, implĕo. Dictis ănĭmos-addo, tollo, suffĭcĭo. Verbis virtutem (ănĭmum) accendo. Vires stĭmŭlĭs-incĭto, suscĭto, exăcŭo. Cordā (ănĭmos) hortando fŏvĕo. Vocĭbŭs instigo. Virtutem vocĕ rĕvŏco. **Phr.** *Forms of speech for stirring to action, encouraging, &c.* Ĕia ăgĕ *or* ăgĭtĕ. Nunc ăgĕ. Ergŏ ăgĕ. Pergĕ mŏdo. Mactĕ *or* mactĭ-ănĭmo, virtutĕ, nōva virtutĕ. Rĕvŏcate ănĭmos. Mœstum timorem mittĭtĕ. Ne cedĕ mālis. Audentĭŏr ito. Nunc ănĭmis (firmo pectŏrĕ) ŏpŭs. Nunc promĭtĕ virēs. *See* AGE, MACTE.

HORTŬLUS, i. *m. A little garden.* Hortŭlŭs hic, pŭtĕusquĕ brĕvis. *J.*

HORTUS, i. *m. A garden.* [† Hortŭlŭs; *sts.* septum, vĭrētum.] **Ep.** Septŭs, clausŭs; grattŭs, lætŭs, jucundŭs, cultŭs, rīgŭŭs, irrīgŭŭs, fecundŭs, fĕrax, fertĭlis, pinguis, pomĭfĕr, florens, frondens, vĭrĭdis, vĭrens; halans, ŏdoratŭs, frāgrans; suaves auras exspirans. Herbis (florĭbŭs) ŏdoratis (vărĭis, nĭtĭdis) fertĭlis (cultŭsĭmŭs, gemmans). **Crcl.** Horti, hortorum-septum, septā.

HOSPĔS, ĭtĭs. *m., and fem.* HOSPĬTĂ, æ. *O.* **1.** *A foreigner; a stranger, guest.* Thessălĭcamque ădĭt hospĕs ˘Achillĭs hŭmum. *O.* Jupĭtĕr, hospĭtĭbus nam te dārĕ jurā lŏquuntŭr. *V.* Vespertinus ∾. *H.* [† Advĕnā, pĕrĕgrinŭs.] **Ep.** Vāgŭs, fessŭs, supplex, ignotŭs, nudŭs, ĕgens, Inopa. **2.** *He who hospitably entertains the stranger; the host of the guest.* Non hospĕs āb hospĭtĕ tutŭs. *O.* **3.** *Used adj. St. Cl.*

HOSPĬTALĬS, ĕ. *Relating to a stranger* or *guest; hospitable, friendly.* Umbram hospitalem consŏclare āmant (arbŏres). *H.* [† Hospĭtŭs.]

HOSPĬTALĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Hospitality.* Tam comi pātĕt hospĭtalĭtātĕ (dŏmŭs). *M. See* HOSPITIUM.

HOSPĬTĬUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *Hospitality, the act of entertaining hospitably; the bond between those in the relation of* hospites. Si jungi hospĭtio prŏpĕrat, sŏclusquĕ vŏcari. *V.* Pĕr pātrĭs ∾. *V.* Solvĕrĕ ∾-is ănĭmum. *H.* **Ep.** Dulcĕ, gratum, bĕnignum, plum, utilĕ, optatum. **Crcl.** Hospĭtii-jus, jurā, fĭdes. Hospĭtis-officium, munŭs, sācrā. **Phr.** 1. *To entertain hospitably.* Hospĭtĭum-do, præbĕo, præsto. Hospĭtio (tectis, dŏmo)-accĭpio, excĭpio, rĕcĭpio, admitto, suscĭpio. Hospĭtio indulgĕo. Dŏmo *or* mensa sŏcĭo. Hospĭtā tectā-pando, do, præbĕo. Hospĭtio dŏmŭs (*or* hospĭtĭum dŏmus) pātĕt. Tectoquĕ ănĭmoquĕ rĕcĭpio. **Phr.** 2. *To receive hospitality.* Hospĭtio utŏr. Hospĭtium-ādĕo, sŭbĕo. Tectis hospĕs-succedo, mŏrŏr. Tectā sŭbĕo. Sŏcia urbĕ (dŏmo) frŭŏr. Do (jungo) hospĭtio dextram. **2.** *Any place for the reception of strangers, where they are entertained, lodged,* &c. (hôtel). ∾-is Romam vix hābŭissĕ lŏcum. *O.* tĕnĕat frondentĭbŭs arbos. *V.* ∾-o prŏhĭbemŭr ārenæ. *V.* mŏdĭco me accepĭt ˘Arĭcĭā. *H.* [† Devertĭcŭlum, sedes.] **Crcl.** Hospĭtā-tectā, dŏmŭs, sedes.

HOSPĬTŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Foreign, strange.* Nec plăcĭdos portus hospĭtā navis hābĕt. *O.* ∾-ā æquŏrā. *V.* [† Hospĕs, pĕrĕgrinŭs, externŭs.] **2.** *One who hospitably treats another, hospitable; and used subst.* ∾-ā tectā. *O.* Quum trāhĕrĕt pĕr frĕtā Hĕlĕnam ∾-am (Pārĭs). *H.* [† Hospĭtalis.]

HOSTIA, æ. *f. A victim.* Hostĭbŭs e victis hostĭā nomĕn hābĕt. *O.* [† Victĭmā.] *See* VICTIMA, SACRIFICO.

HOSTICŬS, ă, um. *Hostile, of the enemy.* Nec hostĭcŭs aufĕrĕt ensis. *H.* ∾ flammā. *O. See* HOSTILIS.

HOSTILIS, ĕ. *Of the enemy, hostile.* Inclusus muris, hostilique aggĕrĕ septŭs. *V.* [† Hostĭcŭs, infensŭs, inimicŭs, adversŭs, infestŭs, oppŏsĭtŭs.]

HOSTILITĔR. *Hostilely, like an enemy. O.* [† Crudelĭtĕr, sæve.]

HOSTIS, is. *m.* **1.** *An enemy in war.* Hostis hābet muros &c. *V.* **Ep.** Adversŭs, infensŭs, infestŭs, ātrox, sævŭs, barbărŭs, immitis, crudelis, fĕrŭs, trux, trŭcŭlentŭs, vŏlentŭs, crŭentŭs, durŭs, dirŭs, Iniquŭs; sŭperbŭs, fĕrox, bellĭgĕr, audax, interrĭtŭs, fidens; amens, insanŭs, vesanŭs, imprudens, vĭgĭl, sollĭcĭtŭs, cautŭs, perfĭdŭs; mĕtŭendŭs, timendŭs. **Crcl.** Hostilĕ *or* oppŏsĭtum agmĕn. Hostilis (hostĭcā) turbā. ˘Inimicā-mānŭs, turbā. Armā-contrarĭā, adversā, hostilĭā. Hostiles iræ. Hostilis fŭrŏr. *See* PUGNO, BELLUM. **2.** Gen. *An enemy.* Libĕr in adversos ∾-es stringatŭr Iambŭs. *O. See* INIMICUS.

HUC. **1.** *Hither.* Huc ădĕs, o formosĕ pŭĕr &c. *V.* [† Illuc, illo.] **2.** Huc illuc, Huc ĕt huc, Huc ĕt illuc, &c. *Hither and thither, this way and that.* Huc ĕāt atque illuc. *O.* ˘Et ŏrā vertāt huc ĕt huc. *H.*

HUCCINĔ? *Is it to this point, thus far?* Huccinĕ rerum Venĭmŭs? *Pers.*

HUMANE. *adv.* **1.** *Agreeably to human nature.* (Humanŭs.) *H.* [† Humanĭtŭs.] **2.** *With courtesy, kindness. M.* [† Humanĭtĕr, clementĕr, lenĭtĕr, comĭtĕr, bĕnigne.]

HUMANĬTAS, ātĭs. *f.* **1.** *Human nature, humanity;* ext. *kindness, courtesy.* Humanĭtati qui se non accommŏdāt. *Ph.* [† Humanā naturā; bŏnĭtas, bĕnignĭtas, comĭtas.] *See* BONITAS.

HUMANĬTŬS, *and* HUMANĬTĔR. *adv. After the manner of men. Enn. Ter. See* HUMANE.

HUMANŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Human, of* or *pertaining to man.* Aut humanā pālam cŏquāt extā nĕfarĭŭs Atreus. *H.* Non hæc humanis ŏpĭbus, non artĕ māgistra Provĕnĭunt. *V.* [† Mortalis, hŏmĭnum, hŏmĭnis.] **2.** *Natural in man.* Humanum est. *Ter.* **3.** *Kind, good, humane. M. See* BENIGNUS.

HUMECTO, as. *To moisten, water.* Qua nĭgĕr humectat flaventĭă cultă Gălæsŭs. ∾ orĕ guttis. *V.* [† Rĭgo, irrĭgo, irroro, &c.] *See* RIGO.

HUMĔO, es. HUMESCO, ĭs. *To be wet* or *moist; to become,* &c. Lăcrĭmis humĕt ărenă mĕis. *O.* Humescunt spumis flatuquĕ sĕquentum. *V. See* MADEO.

HŬMĔRŬS, i. *m.* HŬMĔRI, orum. *pl. A shoulder, the shoulders.* Axem hŭmĕro torquet stellis ardentĭbŭs aptum. *V.* Vĕhĕre hŭmĕro. *H.* ∾-os exsertŭs ŭterquĕ. *St.* [† Cervix, tergum, dorsum, collum, collă; *sts.* scăpŭlæ.] **Ep.** Vălĭdi, lati, robusti; læves, nĭvĕi, candentes, ĕburni.

HUMESCO. *See* HUMEO.

HŬMI. *See* HUMUS.

HUMĬDŬS, ă, um. *Wet, moist.* Et jam nox humĭdă cœlo Præcĭpĭtăt. *V.* ∾ austĕr. *V.* ∾-ă lumĭnă. *O.* [† Humens, mădĭdŭs, mădens, udŭs, uvĭdŭs; *sts.* stillans, flŭens, rorans.]

HŬMĬLIS, ĕ. 1. *Low, little raised from the ground.* Punĭcĕis hŭmĭlis quantum sălĭuncă rŏsetis. *V.* Hŭmĭlis vŏlăt æquŏră juxta. *V.* [† Depressŭs, demissŭs, jăcens.] Fig. 2. *Low, mean.* ∾-i de stirpĕ crĕatŭs. *O.* [† Infĭmŭs; *ext.* obscurŭs, contemptŭs, vĭlis.] 3. *Lowly, humble, suppliant.* Illĕ ∾ supplexque &c. *V.* [† Submissŭs, demissŭs, jăcens, supplex.]

HŬMO, as. 1. *To bury, inter a body.* Sŏcĭis dărĕ tempŭs hŭmandis. *V.* [† Tŭmŭlo, sĕpĕlĭo, &c.] *See* SEPELIO. 2. Sts. *To bury, cover with earth.* Aut hŭmĕt ignotæ cŭmŭlus vallatŭs ărenæ. *Pp.* [† Tĕgo, contĕgo.]

HUMŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *Any thing liquid.* Pellebatquĕ sĭtim simplĭcis humŏr ăquæ. *V.* [† Lĭquŏr.] 2. Freq. *Water.* Circumflŭŭs ∾. *O.* [† ˘Aquă, lĭquŏr.] 3. *Moisture.* Ne desĕrăt ∾ ărenam. *V.* ∾-ĕ os cărĕt. *O.* [† Uligo.] 4. *Vapour.* Tĕnŭatŭs ĭn auras ∾ ăbĭt. *O.* 5. *The watery particles of the body.* Tĕpĕfactŭs ĭn ossĭbŭs ∾. *V.* 6. *Tears.* ∾ ĭn gĕnas labĭtŭr. *H.* 7. ∾ bacchi, &c. *Wine.* Non bacchi Massĭcŭs ∾. *V.* 8. ∾ lactĕŭs. *Milk. O.*

HŬMŬS, i. *f.* 1. *The earth, the ground.* Spargĭte hŭmum fŏlĭis, inducĭtĕ fontĭbŭs umbras. *V.* [† Terră, tellus, sŏlum; *sts.* ăgĕr, campŭs, ărenă.] 2. Hŭmi. *As adv. On the ground.* [† Terra, tellurĕ; *sts.* ărena, gramĭnĕ, littŏrĕ.] 3. *Country.* Cadmŭs In Aŏnĭa constĭtĭt exsŭl hŭmo. *O.* [† Terră, tellus, rĕgĭo, &c.] *See* REGIO.

HUNNŬS, i. *m.* HUNNI, orum. *pl. The Huns, a people of Sarmatia, who afterwards settled in Pannonia. Cl.*

HYĂCINTHĬNŬS, a, um. 1. *Hyacinthine, of the hyacinth.* Starĕ flos Hyăcinthĭnŭs. *Cat.* 2. *Of the colour of the hyacinth.* Cui ∾-ă lænă est. *Pers.*

HYĂCINTHŎS, *and* HYĂCINTHŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A beautiful youth, beloved by Apollo, and changed into the flower bearing his name. C. D.* Nec gĕnŭissĕ pŭdet Sparten Hyăcinthŏn, hŏnorquĕ. *O.* [† ˘Amyclides, Œbălĭdes.] **Crol.** Phœbi culpă dŏlorquĕ. 2. *The flower hyacinth.* Et ferrugĭnĕos ∾-os. *V.* **Crol.** Flos-Hyăcinthĭnŭs, Œbălĭdes, ˘Amyclæŭs. Flos-flebĭlĭbŭs mœrens fĭguris;—Phœbi gĕmĭtus scrĭptus fŏlĭis;—ai ai fŏlĭis inscriptŭs. 3. *The jacinth, a precious stone. Cl.*

HYĂDĔS, um. *f. pl.* 1. *The Hyades, daughters of Atlas, and forming the constellation so called. C. D.* Navĭtă quas Hyădas Graiŭs ăb imbrĕ vŏcăt. *O.* Plŭvĭasque Hyădas. *V.* [† ˘Atlantĭdes, Pleĭădes *or* Pliădes.] *See* PLEIADES. 2. *Sing.* Nimbosă Hyăs. *Cl.*

HYÆNĂ, æ. *f. A hyena.* Nunc essĕ mărem miramŭr hyænam. *O.*

HYĂLŬS, i. *m. Glass; a green colour like that of glass.* Carpebant hyăli sŭtŭro fucată cŏlorĕ (vellĕrĕ). *V.* Hyălo vĭrentem (pĕplum). *Ass.*

HYANTEŬS, *and* HYANTĬŬS, ă, um. *Bœotian; of* or *relating to the Muses.* Exsŭl Hyanteos invenit rĕgnă pĕr agros. *St.* Compellăt Hyantĭŭs orĕ (jŭvĕnĭs). *O.* Hyantĭæ sŏrores. *St. See* BŒOTIUS.

I. HYAS, ădis. *One of the Hyades. See* H.

II. HYAS, antis *or* æ. *m. Son of Atlas, and brother of the Hyades. C. D.* Matĕr Hyan ĕt Hyan mœstæ flevĕrĕ sŏrores. *O.*

HYBERNŬS. *See* HIBERNUS.

HYBLĂ, æ. *f. Mount Hybla, in Sicily, famous for its honey.* Thymo mĭhĭ dulcĭŏr Hyblæ. *V.* **Ep.** Sĭcŭlă, florens, rĕdŏlens, mellĭflŭă.

HYBLÆŬS, ă, um. *Of Mount Hybla. V.*

HYBRĬDA, æ. *m. f. and* HYBRĬS, ĭdis. *m. f.* 1. *An animal of which one parent was of the wild species, the other of the tame;* sp. *offspring of a wild boar and tame sow. M.* 2. *The child of parents, one of whom was a foreigner,* or *one a slave. H.*

HYDASPES, æ *or* ĭs. *m. A river of India.* Aut Medŭs Hydaspes. *V.* **Ep.** Indŭs, fabŭlosŭs.

HYDRĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A water-serpent.* Impŏbă Nilĭăcis quid făcĭt hydră fĕris? *M. See* HYDRUS. 2. Us. *The Lernæan Hydra. C. D.* Quinquginta atris immanĭs hĭatĭbŭs Hydră. *V.* [† ˘Echidnă.] **Ep.** Lernæă, sævă, atrĕ, impŏbă, fŭrĭalĭs, răbĭdă; rĕnascens, rĕdĭvivă, rĕpărabĭlis. **Crol.** Lernæ-bellŭă, monstrĕ. Lernæă fĕrĕ. Lernæŭs-anguis, drăco, serpens. Cŏlubrĭfĕrum monstrum. Rĕdĭvivă mortĭbŭs Hydrĕ. *See* ANGUIS.

HYDRĬA, æ. *f. An urn, water-pot. See* AQUALIS.

HYDROPĬCŬS, i. *m. A dropsical person.* Si nolis sanus, curres hydropĭcŭs; et ne &c. *H.* **Ep.** Tŭmĭdŭs, inflatŭs, turgĭdŭs, pallĭdŭs, pallens, sĭtiens.

HYDROPS, opis. *m. The dropsy.* Crescĭt indulgens sĭbĭ dirŭs hydrops. *H.* **Crol.** ˘Aquă intercus. ˘Aquosŭs languŏr. **Phr.** *Of a dropsical person.* Pellem ăqua suffusŭs. Lŭtĕa pellĕ tŭmens. ˘Aqua plenŭs. Cui ăquosŭs humŏr ĭn venis dŏmĭnatŭr.

HYDRŬS, i. *m. A water-serpent.* Vipĕrĕo gĕnĕri et grăvĭter spirantĭbŭs hydria. *V.* [† Hydrĕ, chĕlydrŭs.] *See* SERPENS.

HYLAS, æ. *m. A beautiful youth, companion of Hercules, carried away by Mysian nymphs. C. D.* Aut multum quæsitŭs Hylas, urnamquĕ sĕcutŭs. *J.* Littŭs Hyla, Hylă, omnĕ sŏnarĕt. *V.*

HYMEN (ĕnis?), *and sts.* HYMEN, *and* HYMĔNÆŬS, i. *m.* 1. *The God of Marriage. C. D.* Vulgŭs Hymen Hymĕnæĕ vŏcant; fŭgit illĕ vŏcantes. *O.* Hymen o Hymĕnæĕ. Hymen ădĕs o Hymĕnæĕ! *Cat.* **Ep.** Castŭs, hŏnestŭs, festŭs; gĕnĭălĭs. Sertis tempŏră vinctŭs. **Crol.** Conjŭgii præsĕs. Cui connubĭă (vinclă jŭgalĭ) curæ. 2. *Marriage.* ∾-os pactos exercĕrĕ; justos păti. *V. See* CONJUGIUM.

HYMĔNÆŬS, *and* HYMĔNEĬŬS, ă, um (ὑμέναιος *and* ὑμεναῖος). *Hymeneal, relating to marriage. O.*

HYMETTĬŬS, ă, um. *Of Mount Hymettus.* ˘Ut Hymettĭă solĕ Cerĕ rĕmollescĭt. *O.*

HYMETTŬS, i. *m. Mount Hymettus.* Vertĭcĕ de summo semper florentĭs Hymettĭ. *O.* **Ep.** Attĭcŭs. Cecrŏpĭŭs, florens, vĭrĭdĭs, ŏlens, rĕdŏlens, mellĭflŭŭs.

HYMNŬS, i. *m. A hymn, a song of praise. Eccl.* **Ep.** Săcĕr, sanctŭs, plŭs, rellĭgĭosŭs, festŭs, gĕnĭalĭs. *See* CANTUS.

HYPĂNĬS, ĭs. *m. A river of Scythia.* Scÿthĭcis Hypănis de montĭbŭs ortŭs. *O.*

ĭŭs, ă, um. *Northern, far northern.* ...ĕrbŭrĭo septem subjectĭ Trĭoni. *V. See* ...

, ŏnis. *m. Son of Titan and Terra, and the Sun;* ua. *the sun.* Jamquĕ dŭas lucis ...ÿpĕrĭŏnĕ menso. *O. See* SOL.

...is, ĭdis. *f. Aurora, daughter of the Sun.* ...ÿpĕrĭŏnĭs astris &c. *O.*

...ĭŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to the sun.* Hÿpĕrĭŏnĭa lux septĭmĭ lampădĕ sur- ... *See* SOLARIS.

...ESTRĂ, æ, and HYPERMNESTRE, es. *f.* ... *one of the daughters of Danaus who ...r husband's life. C. D.* Andrŏmĕdeque, ...mnestre sĭnĕ fraudĕ mărĭtæ. *Pp. See* ...ES.

...TUM, i. *n. A chamber warmed from ... stove.* Et tĕnŭem volvunt hÿpŏcaustă ... *St.*

...E, es. *f. Daughter of Thoas, and queen ...os, who spared her husband when the ...f Lemnos put their male relations to ... C. D.* Dicĕrĭs Hypsĭpÿles præpŏsŭissĕ Sic mĕrĭtam Hypsĭpÿlen ĭtĕrant. *St.* ...ĭŭs, Thŏantĭŭs, Thŏantĭs.] Crol. Nată ...

, æ. *f. A province of Asia.* Vastis Hyr- ...ris. *L.*

, ă, um. 1. *Hyrcanian.* Hyrcanæque ...t uberă tigres. *V.* 2. ∾ mărĕ. *The Cas- ... See* CASPIUS.

, i. *n. and* HYSSOPUS, i. *f.* (ὕσσωπος.) ...*hyssop. Col.*

...ĭcĭs. *f. A porcupine.* Venĭt, et hirsuta ... hystrĭcĭ barbă. *Calp.*

I.

...i. *m.* 1. *A name of Bacchus.* Popăllŭs ...ratissĭmă, vitĭs ˘Iaccho. *V. See* BAC- ...I. *Wine.* Hesternŭs ∾. *V. See* VINUM. JACOB. *m. indecl. The Patriarch Ja- ...*

. *m.* 1. *An iambic foot,* ˘˘. Syllăbă ...ĭvi subjectă, vŏcatŭr Iambŭs. *H.* Ep. ...ĭŭs, præpĕs. Crol. Pes–cĭtŭs, concĭtŭs. ...es, *satirical verses.* Libĕr ĭn adversos ...ittatŭr Iambŭs. *O.* Phr. *Of a writer of ...ambics.* Fervŏr (răbĭes)–pŏetam mit- ...tem ĭn cĕlĕres ∾-os;—p. armăt ∾-o. ...ringĭt ultorem ∾-um;—sævĭt Iambeo ... Ep. Mordax, vindex, ultŏr, ăcerbŭs, ...rŭs.

...i, orum. *n. pl. Violet-coloured gar- ...lorclnă famosæ donas ĕt Ianthĭnă mœ- ...*

...DES, æ. *m. The son of Iapetus.* Iăpĕtĭŏ- ...las fŭĭt &c. *O.*

...i. *m. Son of Cœlus and Terra, and ...f Prometheus.* Cœumque Iăpĕtumquĕ ... Audax ∾-i gĕnŭs. *H.*

...æ. *f. Iapygia, a part of Apulia* or ... Linquĭt ˘Iapÿgĭam &c. *O.*

...ĭus. *m.* 1. *Son of Dædalus, who gave ... to Iapygia.* Thurinosquĕ sĭnus, Tĕmĕ- ...ĭt ˘Iapÿgĭs arvă. *O.* 2. *A wind blow- ...g Iapygia upon Greece W.N.W.* Un- ...ÿgĕ ferri. *V.* 3. *Used adj. See* APPU- ...

...d ˘IARBAS, æ. *m. A king of Maurita- ...! suitor of Dido.* Aut captam ducat ... ˘Iarbas. *V.* Maurŭs ˘Iarbă. *O.*

...ĭa. *m. Jason, the celebrated Argonaut.* ...nem, nĭsĭ crudelem, non tangăt ˘Iasŏ- ...nĭs ætas? *O.* [? Æsŏnĭdes.] Crol. Æsŏnĕ na- ...tŭs. Dux–Æsŏnĭŭs, Thessălŭs. *See* ARGONAU- ...TÆ, MEDEA, VELLUS.

˘IASŎNĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Jason.* Jam ĭbĭ ˘Iasŏnĭa nota est Medĕă cărĭna. *Pp.* ∾ re- ...mex. *O.*

˘IASPIS, ĭdis. *f. A jasper, precious stone.* Et prĕ- ...tĭum magnis fecĭt Iaspĭdĭbŭs. *M.* Stellatŭs ∾-ĕ fulva (ensis). *V.* Ep. ˘Eoă, Iudĭcă, vĭrĭdis, fla- ...vă, clară, &c.] *See* GEMMA.

˘IBER, erĭs. *m. Of Iberia, in Spain* (or in Asia. *V. Fl.*); *Iberian, Spanish.* Si tĭbĭ durŭs ˘Iber, aut si tĭbĭ tergă dĕdissĕt &c. *L.*

˘IBERIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Iberia, a district of Spain, near the Ebro; Spain.* Quis fĕræ Bellum curĕt ˘Iberiæ? *H.* [? Hespĕrĭă, Hispanĭă.] 2. *A region of Armenia, now Georgia. V. Fl.*

˘IBERIACUS, ă, um, *and* ˘IBERICUS, ă, um. *Iberian, Spanish.* Omĕn ˘Iberĭăcis victa Carthagĭnĕ terris. *Sil.* ˘Iberĭcis pĕrustă funĭbŭs lăttŭs. *H. See* IBERUS.

I. ˘IBERUS, i. *m. The river Ebro, in Spain; in Georgia.* Qui præstat terris, aufert tĭbĭ nomĕn ˘Iberŭs. *L.*

II. ˘IBERUS, i. *m.* ˘IBERI, orum. *pl.* 1. *An Iberian; Iberians, a people dwelling along the Ebro, in Spain;* ext. *the Spaniards.* Aut impacatos a tergo horrebĭs ˘Iberos. *V.* [? ˘Iber, Hispanŭs.] 2. *An inhabitant of Georgia,* &c. *V. Fl.* 3. ∾-ŭs, ă, um. *Used adj. in reference to either country. V.* [? ˘Iberĭcŭs, Hispanŭs, Hespĕrĭŭs; *sts.* occĭdŭŭs.]

˘IBI, *or* ˘IBI. *adv. There* (motion not implied). Aut ĭbĭ flavă sĕres mutato sidĕrĕ farrĕ. *V.* Ter conatŭs ĭbi collo dărĕ brachĭă circum. *V.* [? Illic; *sts.* hic.]

˘IBIDEM. *adv. In the same place* (motion not implied). Ter fluctŭs Ibidem Torquĕt ăgens circum. *V.*

IBIS, ĭdis *and* is. *f. The ibis, a sacred bird among the Egyptians.* Piscĕ Vĕnus lăttŭit, Cyllenĭŭs ibĭdis alis. *O.*

ICARIOTIS, *and* ICARIS, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *The daughter of Icarus, Penelope.* Quæquĕ tĕrunt fastus, Icăriotĭ, tŭos. *Pp.* 2. Used adj. *Penelope's; of* or *relating to P.* Nil Icăriotĭdĕ tela. *O.*

ICARIA, æ. *f. A small island in the Ægean Sea.* Icăriæ scŏpŭlos ˘Ephĕsumquĕ rĕlinquens. *L.*

I. ICARUS, ĭi. *m. The father of Penelope.* Me pătĕr Icărĭus &c. *O.*

II. ICARUS, ă, um. 1. *Icarian; as relating to Icarius* or *Icarus, translated, with Erigone, his daughter, and his dog, as constellations to the heavens.* Et mĭcĕt Icărĭi stellă prŏtervă cănis. *O. See* CANICULA. 2. *Icarian; as relating to Icarus, son of Dædalus.* Icărŭs Icărĭis nomĭnă fecĭt ăquis. *O.* 3. Icărĭum. *n.* (sc. mare.) *The Icarian Sea.* Iŏnĭumquĕ răpax ∾-quĕ lĕgĭt. *O.*

ICARUS, i. *m. Icarus, son of Dædalus. C. D.* Icărŭs immensas nomĭnĕ signĕt ăquas. *O.* Ep. Alatŭs, allĕgĕr, audax, incautŭs, tĕmĕrarĭŭs, demens, infelix, naufrăgŭs. Pennis ceratis (Dædălĭis)–frĕtŭs, nitens. Ponto nomĭnă dăturŭs. Crol. Dædălĭŭs pŭĕr. *See* DÆDALUS.

ICHNEUMON, *and sts.* ˘ICHNEUMON, ŏnis. *m. The sacred Egyptian rat, which destroys the eggs of the crocodile.* Delectat Mărĭum si pernĭcĭŏstŭs Ichneumon. *M.*

ICO, is, ici, ictum. *anc.* 1. *To strike, stab.* Emĭcăt in partem sanguis, unde icĭmŭr ictu. *Lr.* Infestum telis icĕrĕ muscă căpŭt. *Cat.* (*sting.*) *See* ICTUS, PERCUTIO. 2. ∾ fœdŭs. *To make an alliance. See* FŒDUS.

ICTUS, ă, um. *part. See* ICO. 1. *Struck.* Lit. and fig. ∾ Jŏvĭs ignĭbŭs. *O.* ∾ ferro (pinŭs); desiderĭis (pŏpŭlŭs). *H.* tŭmultu regĭă. *St.* ∾-o că-

pĭti fervŏr accessit. *H.* **2.** *Used of alliance made.* ∾ fœdŭs &c. *V. See* SAUCIUS.

ICTŬS, us. *m. A blow, stroke, touch.* Lit. and fig. Corpŏrā serpentum băcŭli vŏlăvērăt ictu. *O.* Trēmĭt ictĭbŭs puppĭs. *V.* Pollĭcĭs ∾ (*of the harpist*). *H.* ˘Acerbo saucĭŭs ictu (*of grief*). *O.* Senos ictus (*of the beat of time in music*, &c.). *H.* Phœbeos ictus (*rays of the sun*). *O.* [† Verbĕr, plagă; *sts.* impulsŭs, vulnŭs.] **Ep.** Ingens, vastŭs, grăvĭs, vălĭdŭs, vĕhēmens, durŭs, vĭŏlentŭs; creber, frĕquens, rĕpĕtitŭs. *See* PERCUTIO.

IDĂ, æ, *and* IDE, es. *f.* **1.** *Mount Ida, in Phrygia; so called from a nymph of Crete, who gave her name to the mount.* Immĭnĕt Idă sŭper prŏfŭgis gratissĭmă Teucris. *V.* ˘Amicam fontĭbŭs Iden. *O.* **Crcl.** Mons–Idæŭs, Ilĭăcŭs. Montes Idæi. Idæum (Phrȳgĭum) nĕmŭs. Nĕmŭs Cȳbĕles. **2.** *Mount Ida, in Crete. V.*

IDÆŬS, ă, um. *Of Mount Ida*, &c. Mons Idæŭs ŭbi, ĕt gentis cunabŭlă nostræ. *V.* Navĭbŭs Idæis (*of the wood of Mount Ida*). *H.*

IDĂLIA, æ. *f.* = Idalium. } *See* IDALIUM.
IDĂLIE, es. *f. Venus. O.*
IDĂLIS, is. *f. Of Idalia. L.*

IDĂLIUM, ĭi. *n. Idalia, a grove and city in Cyprus, at the foot of Mount Idalus, sacred to Venus.* Aut sŭpēr Idălĭum secreta sedĕ rĕcondam. *V.*

IDĂLIŬS, ă, um. *Idalian; referring to Idalia*, or *Mount Idalus. V.*

IDCIRCO. *Therefore, on that account. V.* Idcirco cærŭlă formă bŏna est. *Pp.* Idcirconĕ văgĕr? *H.* [† ˘Idĕo, &c.] *See* I.

IDĔM, ĕădem, ĭdem; *abl.* ŏodem *and* eodem (*dissyll.*); *pl.* iĭdem *and* idem; *dat.* iĭsdem *and* isdem. **1.** *The same.* In fŭrĭas ignemquĕ rŭunt: ămŏr omnĭbŭs idem. *V.* Nil prodest, quod non lædĕrĕ possĭt Idem. *O.* Uno eodemquĕ tŭlit partu. *V.* Chorda qui sempĕr oberrăt ĕadem. *H.* Sedĭbŭs hærĕt ĭn isdem. *V.* [† Sĭmĭlĭs, par; *sts.* unŭs.] **Crcl.** Unŭs idemque, unŭs atquĕ (*or* ĕt) idem. Non ălĭŭs. **2.** Sts. with dat. *The same as.* Invitum qui servăt, ĭdem făcĭt occidenti. *H.*

˘IDENTĬDEM, *or* ˘IDENDĬDEM. *Ever and anon, at intervals.* Qui sĕdens adversŭs, Identĭdem te Spectăt ĕt audĭt. *Cat. See* SÆPE.

˘IDĔO. *On that account, therefore.* Nec cellis Idĕo contendĕ Fălernis. *V.* [† Idcirco, quare, proptĕrĕa, quaproptĕr, indĕ, hinc.] **Crcl.** ˘Ea–causa, gratĭa. ˘Ob hoc *or* Id.

IDOLUM, *or* IDOLŎN, i. *n.* **1.** *An image, form* or *idea of a thing as presented to the eyes* or *mind.* Idola atque ătŏmos vincĕre ˘Epĭcuri vŏlam. *Lucil.* **2.** *An idol. Eccl.* (but us. in eccl. writers *Idŏlum.*) **Crcl.** Vană, falsă nomĭnă. ˘Inanĭă signă. Vană sĭmŭlacră. ˘Inanes effĭgĭes –divum, dĕorum, dĕum.

IDŎMĔNEUS, ĕi *or* ei, ĕŏs *and* eŏs. *m. One of the chiefs in the Trojan war, and king of Crete.* Nec mĭnŭs Idŏmĕneus, pătrĭaquĕ crĕatŭs ĕadem. *O.* Idŏmĕnĕă dŭcem. *V.*

˘IDONĔŬS, ă, um. *Meet, sufficient, serviceable.* Si făcĭs ut pătrĭæ sĭt Idonĕŭs, utĭlis agris. *J.* Decepĭt ∾ auctŏr. *O.* [† Aptŭs, commŏdŭs, opportunŭs, convĕnĭens, congrŭŭs.]

˘IDUMÆUS, ă, um. *Of Idumæa.* Primŭs ˘Idumæas rĕfĕram tĭbĭ, Mantŭă, palmas. *V.*

˘IDUME, es. *f. A city and country of Phœnicia, famous for its palm-trees.* Arbusto palmarum divĕs ˘Idume. *L.* Palmĭfĕrā ∾. *Sil.*

IDUS, ŭum, Ibŭs. *f. pl. The ides, one of the divisions of the Roman month.* Octonis rĕfĕrentes idĭbŭs ærā. *H.*

IDYLLĬUM, *or* EDYLLĬUM, ĭi. *n.* (εἰδύλλιον.) *An idyll, a pastoral poem. See* BUCOLICUS.

IERĔMĬAS, *or* HIERĔMĬAS (*the* ie *as one syll. Juve.* iii. 289), *and* IEREMIAS = JEREMIAS, æ. *m. The Prophet Jeremiah. Eccl.*

IĔRĪCHO. *See* JERICHO.

˘IERNE, es, *and* JUVERNĂ, æ. *f. Ancient names of Ireland.* Scotorum cŭmŭlos flevit glăcĭalis ˘Iernc. *Cl.* Littŏrā Juvernæ promovĭmŭs. *J.* [† Hĭbernĭă.]

˘IESUS, *and* IESUS, = JESUS, u. *m.* (Ἰησοῦς.) *Jesus Christ. Eccl.* (used sts. as a dissyllable, beginning with a vowel; *e.g.* Regem cognovĭmŭs Iesum. *Prud.*)

˘IGITŬR. *adv. Then, therefore.* Alternis Ĭgĭtŭr contendĕrĕ versĭbŭs ambo. *V.* [† Ergo.] *See* E.

IGNARŬS, ă, um. **1.** *One who knows not, is in ignorance.* Heu vatum ignaræ mentes! quid votă fŭrentem &c. *V.* [† Insciŭs, nesciŭs, rŭdis, indoctŭs; *sts.* cæcŭs.] **2.** *Unaware, unconscious.* Aut quisnam ∾-um nostris dĕŭs appŭlĭt oris? *V.* [† Imprudens.] **3.** *Having no experience of, existing without.* Curarum ∾. *Sil.* [† Expers.] **4.** = Ignotŭs. *Unknown.* Proles ignarā pārenti. *O.* (*So* Regĭo hostĭbŭs ignarā. *Sall.*; *Tac. also.*)

IGNAVE. *adv. Carelessly, lazily, without spirit.* Summas carpentem ignavĭŭs herbas. *V.* ∾ dicĕrĕ. *H.* [† Segnĭtĕr, lente.]

IGNAVĬA, æ. *f. Listlessness, want of spirit, cowardice.* Quæ tanta ănĭmis ignavĭă venĭt? *V.* [† Segnĭtĭes, Inertĭă, &c.] *See* IGNAVUS, PIGRITIA.

IGNAVŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Inactive, idle.* Ignavum fucos pĕcŭs a præsepĭbŭs arcent. *V.* [† Segnis, pĭgĕr, Iners, desĭdĭosŭs.] *See* PIGER. **2.** *Cowardly, without spirit.* ∾ adversum lŭpos (cănis). *H.* Ænĕădæ. *V.* ∾-is prĕcĭbŭs rĕpugnăt fortună. *O.* [† Imbellis, timĭdŭs, Inaudax, Iners, degĕnĕr, vecors.] **Crcl.** Virtutĭs expers. Virtutĕ văcŭŭs. ˘Ad fată segnĭs. Pārum fortĭs. Mălĕ fortis. **3.** *Used of things inanimate.* ∾-ă stagnă jăcentŭs ăquæ. *L.* nĕmŏrā multos pĕr annos. *V.* ∾ mŏrā. *O.* **4.** *Causing inactivity, listlessness*, &c. Hiems ∾-ă cŏlono. *V.* ∾ æstus; frigŭs. *O.*

IGNESCO, is. **1.** *To catch fire, burn.* Lumen căpĕre, atque ignescĕrĕ sentĭt (astrum). *O.* [† Flammesco, accendŏr, incendŏr, inflammŏr, &c.] *See* ARDEO. *Fig.* **2.** Fŭrĭis ignescĭt ŏpertis. *V. Fl.* Ignescunt iræ. *V.* [† Ardĕo, flăgro, accendŏr, &c.] **3.** *With inf.* Incurrĕrĕ muris ∾-unt ănĭmi. *Sil.*

IGNĔŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Of fire, fiery.* Quŏtĭes astra ignĕă surgunt. *V. See* FLAMMEUS. **2.** *Of elemental fire* (naturally). ∾ convexi vis ăcĭs. *O.* est ollis vĭgŏr. *V.* Fig. **3.** *Burning.* Fŭrŏr ∾ (de ămorĕ). *O.* ∾ sĭtis venis. *V.* æstas. *H.* virtus. *L.* Ignĕŭs ĭn pugnas. *Sil.* [† Călens, călĭdŭs, torrĭdŭs; ardens, fervĭdŭs.] **4.** *Brilliant.* ∾-ă gemmis cingŭlă. *St.* purpŭrā. *V. Fl.* ∾ cŏlŏr. *V. See* FULGIDUS. **5.** *Rapid* (as fire). Vŏlăt ∾ æquŏrĕ Tarcho. *V.* Lĕvĭbŭs gens ∾ plantis. *Sil.*

IGNICŬLŬS, i. *m. A little fire, little flame; a spark.* Lit. and fig. Nec dŏlĕt, ignĭcŭlum brumæ si tempŏrĕ poscas. *J.*

IGNĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing fire, fiery.* Lit. and fig. Indĕ măre, inde aer, inde æther ignĭfĕr ipsĕ. *Lr. See* FLAMMEUS.

IGNĬFLŬŬS, ă, um. *Fire-flowing.* Ignĭflŭĭsquĕ gĕrunt Lĭpăre fumosă căvernis. *Cl.* ∾-i flatus. *Cl.*

IGNĬGĔNĂ, æ. *m. Fire-born, a surname of Bacchus.* Ignĭgĕnamquĕ, sătumque Ĭtĕrum. *O.*

IGNĬPES, ĕdis. *m. Fire-footed.* Ignĭpĕdum vires expertŭs ĕquorum. *O.*

IGNĬPŎTENS, tis. *Fire-potent, surname of Vulcan.* Haud sĕcŭs Ignĭpŏtens &c. *V.*

Ignĭs, is. *abl.* ĕ *or* i. *m.* 1. *Fire.* Nunc torrete igni fruges, nunc frangĭtĕ saxo. Commixtis igně tĕnebris. *V.* [† Flammă, vulcanŭs, văpŏr; *sts.* fŏcŭs.] **Ep.** Fervens, torrens, torridŭs, æstĭfĕr, cālĭdŭs; crĕpĭtans, stridŭlŭs; fūrens, āvĭdŭs, ĕdax; lucĭdŭs, splendĭdŭs, cŏruscŭs, rūtĭlŭs, acĕr, rāpĭdŭs, vāgŭs, vŏlŭcĕr; fumosŭs, trĕmŭlŭs, lĭquĭdŭs. **Crcl.** Ignis *or* igněus ardŏr. Igněă vis. Igněŭs fervŏr. Flammĕŭs *or* fervĭdŭs ardŏr. Văpŏr–flammæ, flammĕŭs. Flammæ *or* flammarum ardŏr. **Phr.** *To strike a light, make a fire*, &c. Ignem (flammam)–accendo, ellĭcĭo, cŭdo, făcĭo. Flammæ semĭnă In sĭlĭcis venis abstrusă quæro. Ignem sĭlĭcis venis abstrusum excudo. Ignem stricta de cautĕ cĭĕo. *To make the fire.* Ignem &c. cĭtum *or* excussum fŏlĭis (sulfŭrĕ, fomĭtĕ) accĭpĭo (rĕcĭpĭo, pasco, ălo). Ignes *or* flammas aura (fomĭtĕ, [*ep.* ămico, sicco, admoto] ventis) suscĭto (exsuscĭto, irrito, excĭto). *To heap on fuel.* Fŏco, igni, &c. lignă (*ep.* grandĭă, concisă, vĕtustă) advolvo (do, ingĕro, constrŭo, exstrŭo, sŭpĕr fŏco rĕpono). 2. *A fire burning and destroying.* [† Flammă, incendĭă.] *See* Incendium. 3. *A torch.* ˘Odorato luxĕrăt igně căsă. *Pp. See* Fax. 4. *The fire of a funeral pile; a funeral pile.* Nĭgrorum mĕmŏr ignĭum. *H.* Ignes atri. *L. See* Rogus. 5. *A flash of lightning.* Crebris mĭcăt ignĭbŭs æther. *V.* Igni cŏrusco nubĭlă dividens. *H. See* Fulgur. Fig. 6. *Used of the stars, and of their light and heat.* Lună intĕr ignes mĭnores. *H.* Indi sŭb sidĕrĕis ignĭbŭs pŏsĭti. *O.* Ignes auroræ. *O.* [† Astrum, lux, lumĕn *or* ardŏr, æstŭs, fervŏr, cālŏr.] 7. *Of flashes of reflected light; of the sparkling of a precious stone. Cl.* Umbo vŏmĭt aurĕŭs ~-es. *V.* ˘Ocŭlos ~-ĕ mĭcantes. *O.* [† Fulgŏr, fulgŭr, rādĭi, scintillă, nĭtŏr, &c.] *See* Fulgor. 8. *The flame of love; love.* ˘Amāryllĭdis ~-es (cănĕrĕ). *O.* Cæco ~-i carpĭtŭr. *V.* [† Ardŏr, flammă, &c.] *See* Amor. 9. *The person loved.* Mĕŭs ~ ˘Amyntas. *V.* 10. *Used of passionate emotion, anger*, &c. Exarsere ~-es ănĭmo *V.* Irarum concĭpĭt ~-es. *V. Fl. See* Ira.

Ignobĭlis, ĕ. 1. *Unknown, not known to fame.* Solĭs ŭbi in silvis ˘Itălis ignobĭlis ævum Exĭgit. *V.* Studĭis florentem ~ oti. *V.* [† Inglorĭŭs, obscurŭs, lātens, celatŭs, incĕlĕbrĭs.] 2. *Of low birth.* ~ vulgŭs. *V.* [† Inflmŭs, hŭmĭlis, abjectŭs, villŭs, obscurŭs.] **Crcl.** Sĭnĕ–gentĕ, nomĭnĕ. Plebeia de stirpĕ. Plebeio sanguĭnĕ; p. sanguĭnĕ cretŭs. Nullis majorĭbŭs ortŭs. Sanguĭs pārentum paupĕrum. Nĕc lŏco, nĕc gentĕ clarŭs. Hŭmĭli de plebĕ. Ignota *or* plebĕia de stirpĕ. Obscuro pŏsĭtŭs lŏco. Cui sĭnĕ lucĕ gĕnŭs. Quem nullă vĕtĕrum pārentum nomĭnă commendant.

Ignobĭlĭtas, ātis. *f. Low birth, obscurity.* Res obscurā quĭdem est, ignobĭlĭtatĕ vĭrorum. *O. See* Ignobilis.

Ignominia, æ. *f. Dishonour, ignominy.* Multă gĕmens ignomĭnĭam, plagasquĕ sŭperbi Victorĭa. *V.* [† Dedĕcŭs, prŏbrum.] *See* Infamia.

Ignomĭnĭosŭs, ă, um. *Disgraceful.* Aut immundă crĕpent ignomĭnĭosăque verbă. *H. See* Turpis.

Ignorans, tis. 1. *Not knowing* (a person), *not acquainted with him.* Quas, ipsum ignorans, legĕrat Demetrĭŭs. *Pk.* 2. Gen. *Ignorant, without knowing it.* Fovĭt ĕa vulnŭs lympha ~. *V.* [† Inscĭŭs, ignarŭs, imprudens.]

Ignorantia, æ. *f. Ignorance.* (Ignoro.) *O.* **Ep.** Cæcă, obscurā, grāvis, mĭsĕrā.

Ignoro, as. *Not to know, not to be acquainted with.* Naldĕs ignorant; ignorăt ĕt Inăchŭs ipsĕ. *O.* Neve ignoratĕ Lātinos. *V.* [† Nescĭŏ.] *See* N.

Ignoscendŭs, ă, um. *Pardonable.* Dementĭă cepĭt ămantem, Ignoscendă quĭdem. *V.* **Crcl.** Vĕnĭa dignŭs.

Ignosco, is, ovi, otum. *To pardon.* ~ ămori. *O.* sĕnectæ. *V.* [† Parco, indulgĕo, condono; *sts.* dono.] **Crcl.** Vĕnĭam–do, concedo, trĭbŭo. Culpam–rĕmitto, condono. Excusatum hăbĕo. Vĕnĭam culpæ non abnŭo. Absolvo culpæ. *See* Parco.

Ignotŭs, ă, um. 1. *Unknown.* Quod lātĕt, ignotum est; ignoti nullă cŭpido. *O.* ~-i montes. Nŏvă formă ~-i vĭri. *V.* [† Incognĭtŭs, incompertŭs, arcanŭs, abdĭtŭs, lātens; *sts.* ignarŭs.] **Crcl.** Non notŭs. 2. *Unknown to fame.* *See* Ignobilis. 3. *Not known* or *seen before, new, uncommon.* ~ cœli făcĭes. *L.* ~-a molĕ lĕo. *M.* [† Nŏvŭs, insŏlĭtŭs.] 4. *Unknown, far off.* ~-is In oris. *O. See* Longinquus.

Ilex, ĭcis. *f. The ever-green* or *holm-oak.* Curvătăquĕ glandĭbŭs ilex. *O.* Illĭcĭbusquĕ frĕquens. *O.*

I. **Ilia**, æ. *f. Ilia* or *Rhea Silvia, daughter of Numitor, and mother of Romulus and Remus. C. D.* Martĕ grāvis, gĕmĭnam partu dăbĭt Ilĭă prolem. *V.* [† Rhea.]

II. **Ilia**, um, ĭbŭs. *n. pl.* 1. *The flanks, loins.* Pecĕt ăd extremum ridendŭs, ĕt illĭă ducăt (ĕquŭs). *H.* ~ longo singultu tendunt. *V.* rĕlĭgarĕ baltĕo. *Sen.* [† Lātŭs, lātĕă.] 2. *The bowels, entrails.* O durā messorum illĭă! *H.* [† Viscĕrā.]

Iliacŭs, ă, um. *Of Ilium, of Troy; Trojan.* Illăcos intra muros peccatŭr ĕt extra. *H.* ~-i cĭnĕres. *V.* [† Illŭs.] *See* Trojanus.

Iliăs, ădis. *f.* 1. *A Trojan woman.* Illăs ipsă quĭd est, nĭsi turpis ădultĕrā? *O.* Crinĭbŭs Illăde passis. *V.* [† Troăs.] II. *The Iliad of Homer.* Nescĭŏ quid majus nascĭtŭr Illăde. *Pp.* **Phr.** Illăcum carmĕn. Mæŏnĭæ chartæ. Mæŏnĭi lĭbelli. *See* Homerus.

Ilicĕt (*from* ire licet). 1. *It's over; you may go; dismiss.* [A word used to dismiss the people when any public business was over, such as a judgement delivered, a funeral, &c.] 2. Us. *Instantly, forthwith.* ~ ignis ăd fastigĭă tecti volvĭtŭr. *V.* obrŭĭmŭr nŭmĕro. *V. See* Protinus.

Ilicetum, i. *n. A plantation of holm-oaks.* Vicini struĕ cultŭs illĭcetĭ. *M.* [† Quercetum.]

Ilicĕŭs, *and* **Ilignĕus**, ă, um. *Of the holm* or *ever-green-oak.* Ornique, illĭcĕăquĕ trăbes. mĕtŭendăquĕ succo. *St.* Currentem ilignis potarĕ cănălĭbŭs undam. *V.*

Iliŏs. *See* Ilium.

Ilissŭs, *or* **Ilissŏs** (˘Ilissŭs. *Sen.*), i. *m. A river of Attica.* Ilissus multa purgavit lumĭnă lympha. *St.*

Ilithyia, æ. *f. Diana* or *Juno Lucina, the goddess of women in travail.* Præpŏsĭtam tŭmĭdis pārĭentĭbŭs Ilithyiam. *O. See* Lucina.

Ilium, *or* **Iliŏn**, ĭi. *n. and* **Iliŏs**, ĭi. *f. Ilium, Troy; so called from Ilus, one of its kings.* Illum, ĕt omnis hŭmo fumat Neptunĭă Trojă. *V.* Illŏn, et Tĕnĕdos &c. *O.* Postquam altă crĕmata est Illŏs. *O. See* Troja.

Iliŭs, ă, um. *Trojan.* Illŭs ĕrat, dum res stĕtĭt Illĭă regno. *V.* ~ tellus. *V. See* Iliacus.

Illabĕfactŭs, ă, um. *Unshaken, unimpaired.* Quæ semper mănĕant illăbĕfactă prĭĕcŏr. O. [† Inconcussŭs, firmŭs.]

Illabŏr, ĕris, psŭs sum. 1. *To fall upon.* Si fractŭs illabatŭr orbis. *H.* [† Incĭdŏ, rŭo.] 2. *To fall down, to fall down dead.* Conjŭgis ~ lăcrĭmis. *L.* [† Cădo, mŏrĭŏr.] 3. *To enter into, pass easily into.* ~ mĕdĭæ urbi. *V.* [† Sŭbĕo, succedo.] *See* Intro. 4. Fig. *To descend, penetrate into.* ˘Anĭmis ~. *V.* [† Sŭbĕo, insĭnŭo, pĕnĕtro.]

ILLAC. *adv. On that side, that way.* Et nunc hac jŭvĕni, nunc circumfundĭtŭr illac. *O.*

ILLĂCRĬMABĬLIS, ĕ. 1. *Inexorable, not to be moved by tears.* ˘Amicĕ, places illăcrĭmabĭlem Plutonă tauris. *H.* *See* DURUS. 2. *Unwept.* Omnes ∾-es urgentŭr. *H.*

ILLĂCRĬMO, as, *and* ILLĂCRĬMŎR, ăris. *To weep over, to weep.* Lit. and fig. Sic ălt illăcrĭmans. *V.* ∾-ăt templis ĕbŭr. *V.* *With dat.* (Mălĭ) quĭbŭs possint ∾ fĕræ. *O.* *See* LACRIMO, SUDO.

ILLÆSŬS, ă, um. *Uninjured, unhurt. O.* [† Inviŏlatŭs, incŏlŭmis, intĕgĕr; *sts.* innoxĭŭs.] Crol. Sĭnĕ vulnĕrĕ.

ILLÆTABĬLIS, ĕ. *Cheerless, joyless, gloomy.* Me portŭs ĕt illætabĭlĭs orā Accĭpĭt. *V.* ∾ murmŭr. *V.* [† Injucundŭs, inămabĭlis, grăvis, mŏlestŭs, tristis.]

ILLIQUĔO, as. *To ensnare.* Lit. and fig. Sævos illăquĕant dŭces (munĕrĕ). *H.* *See* AUCUPOR.

ILLATRO, as. *To bark against.* Illatrat jejunis faucĭbŭs Orthrŭs. *Sil.*

ILLAUDABĬLIS, ĕ. *Unworthy of praise* or *notice.* Jŭvăt illaudabĭlĕ carmĕn Fundĕrĕ. *St.*

ILLAUDATŬS, ă, um. *Unpraised. St.;* hence, *blameable, detestable.* Aut illaudati nescit Busirĭdis aras. *V.*

ILLAUTŬS. *See* ILLOTUS.

ILLĔ, ă, ŭd; *gen.* illĭŭs *and* illiŭs. 1. *He, she; that.* 2. *Used sometimes redundantly.* Nunc dextra ingĕmĭnans ictus, nunc illĕ sĭnistra. *V.* 3. *Used with the other two persons.* Illĕ ĕgŏ liber. *O.* Illĕ ĭgĭtur tantorum victŏr, ˘Achillĕ, vincĕrĭs. *O.* 4. Ex illo (sc. tempore). *From that time.* Ex illo flŭĕrĕ. *V.* [† Indĕ.]

ILLĔCĔBRA, æ. *f. Pl., and us.* ILLĔCĔBRÆ, arum. *pl. Attractions, charms.* Illĕcĕbris ĕrăt et grata nŏvĭtatĕ mŏrandŭs. *H. V.* [† Blandĭtiæ, irritamentum, lenocĭnium, stĭmŭlŭs.] Ep. Blandæ, dulces, gratæ, fallaces, dŏlosæ, vanæ, inanes.

ILLECTŬS, ă, um. *part.* (*from* in *priv. and* lego.) *Unread.* Illectumquĕ remittĕt. *O.*

ILLĔPĬDE. *adv. Inelegantly.* Non quĭă crasse Compŏsĭtum illĕpĭdevĕ pŭtetŭr. *H.*

ILLĔPĬDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Without grace* or *elegance, unpolished, rude.* Ni sint illĕpĭdæ atque Inelĕgantes. *Cat.* [† ˘Inurbanŭs, insulsŭs.] 2. *Ungentle in mind and manners. Att. apud Cic.*

ILLIBATŬS, ă, um. *Untouched, untasted; pure, spotless.* Da fœdĕrā prisci illibatā tŏri. *L.* [† Intĕmĕratŭs, &c.] *See* PURUS.

ILLIBĔRALIS, ĕ. *Unbecoming the gentleman, disreputable.* Tam illibĕralĕ făcĭnŭs esse ortum! *Ter.* [† Indignŭs.]

ILLIBĔRALITĔR. *In a disreputable, low manner. Ter.* *See* ILLIBERALIS.

ILLIC. 1. *There.* Illic offĭcĭant lætis ne frugĭbŭs herbæ. *V.* [† ˘Ibĭ; *sts.* hic.] 2. *Then, in that case.* *See* TUNC.

ILLICIO, is, exi, ectum. Us. fig. *To allure, inveigle, entice. Lr.* [† Allĭcĭo, pellĭcĭo, duco, attrăho.]

ILLICITŬS, ă, um. *Forbidden, illicit.* Illĭcĭtosquĕ tŏros &c. *L.* Irĕ pĕr ∾-um. *St.* [† Vĕtĭtŭs.] *See* V.

ILLICO. *adv.* (*from* in loco.) 1. *There, in that very place. Pl.* 2. Us. of time. *Instantly, straightway.* *See* PROTINUS.

ILLIDO, is, si, sum. *To drive against, dash, strike against,* tr. Illiditquĕ vădis, atque aggĕrĕ cingĭt ărenæ. *V.* ∾ in orā (cæstus). *V.* dentem frăgĭli. *H.* [† Allido, collido, impingo, tĕro; *ext.* frango.] *See* FRANGO.

ILLIGO, as. *To bind, fasten.* Summă pĕdum prŏpĕre plantarĭbŭs illĭgăt alis. *St.* Tauris ∾ jŭgă. *H.* [† Innecto, ligo, &c.] *See* VINCIO.

ILLIMIS, ĕ. *Limpid, clear.* Fons ĕrăt illimis, nĭtĭdis argentŭs undis. *O.* *See* LIMPIDUS.

ILLINC. 1. *Thence.* Hinc mŏvĕt Euphrates, illinc Germanĭă bellum. *V.* [† Indĕ, istinc; *sts.* hinc.] 2. Hinc illinc. *See* HINC.

ILLINO, is, levi, lĭtum. 1. *To anoint, to spread any substance* (used for such purpose) *upon another.* Contĕrĕret, tĕnĕris illĭnĕretquĕ gĕnis. *O.* ∾ collyrĭă ŏcŭlis. *H.* [† Lĭno, imbŭo, &c.] *See* LINO. 2. Fig. *Used of snow upon the fields, and writing on paper.* ∾ qd chartis; nĭves ăgris (de bruma). *O.*

ILLISŬS, us. *m. A shock, a dash against.* Illisu scŏpŭlus trĕmĭt omnis ăquarum. *Sil.*

ILLĬTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* ILLINO. *Spread on, laid on.* Quem non offendat toto fæx illĭtă vultu. *O.* Aurum vestĭbŭs ∾-um. *H.* [† Imbutŭs, lĭtŭs, unctŭs.] *See* UNCTUS.

ILLIUS, *and* ILLIŬS. *See* ILLE.

ILLOTŬS (ILLAUTŬS. *Pl.*), ă, um. *Unwashed, unclean.* Et Tyrĭas dărĕ circum illotă tŏrălĭă vestes. *H.* Sudŏr ∾. *V.* [† Sordĭdŭs, immundŭs, squallĭdŭs.]

ILLUC. *Thither.* Illuc, unde ăbĭi, rĕdĕo. *H.* [† ˘Eo; *sts.* huc, illo.]

ILLUCĔO, es, xi, *and* ILLUCESCO, is. *To shine upon, dawn upon.* Non ăllos prima crescentĭs ŏrĭgĭnĕ mundi Illuxissĕ dĭes. *V.* *See* LUCEO.

ILLUDO, is, si, sum. 1. *To play, sport with; divert oneself with.* Imă vĭdebatur talis illudĕrĕ pallă. *Tib.* ∾-o chartis. *H.* *See* LUDO. 2. *To jeer, mock, make sport of.* ∾ capto; virtutem verbis. *V.* nostras artes. *O.* [† Irridĕo, insulto, ludo.] *See* DERIDEO. 3. *To injure, destroy* (mischievously, wantonly). ∾-unt tĕnĕræ frondi (căprĕæ). *V.* ∾ vitam fĭlĭæ. *Ter.* *See* LÆDO.

ILLUMINO, as. *To illuminate, throw light upon.* Ruptoque vĭas illumĭnăt igni. *St.* *See* ILLUSTRO.

ILLUNIS, ĕ. *Moonless.* Illunem nacti per ruŭ tăcentĭă noctem. *Sil.*

ILLUSTRIS, ĕ. 1. *Bright, full of light.* Concŭtĭens illustrĕ căpŭt (Sol). *O.* [† Clarŭs, lucĭdŭs.] 2. *Illustrious, renowned.* ∾-es ănĭmæ. ∾ fama factisquĕ. *V.* [† Clarŭs, cĕlĕbĕr, inclŭtŭs, noblĭis, &c.] *See* CELEBER.

ILLUSTRO, as. 1. *To give light to, to shine upon.* Qua sol hăbĭtabĭles Illustrăt oras. *H.* [† Collustro, illumĭno.] Crol. Lumĕn-do, prælĕo, fĕro, injĭcĭo, reddo. Do lucem. Lumĭnĕ-rĕplĕo, perfundo, sĕreno. Lucĕ (lumĭnĕ, ignĕ, făcĕ, funallĭbŭs) noctem *or* tĕnĕbras-pello, vinco, fŭgo. *See* MANE. 2. Fig. *To make known, make illustrious.* Quem prĭŭs ∾-em chartis? *H.* Extremos ŏbĭtus ˘Apollo ∾-ăt. *St.* [† Dĕcŏro, nobĭlĭto, insignio.]

ILLUSŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* ILLUDO. 1. *Deceived, mocked. H. O.* 2. *Embroidered.* ∾-as auro vestes. *V.* [† Pictŭs.]

ILLŬVIES, ei. *f. Dirtiness, filth.* Lit. and fig. Morbo illŭvĭĕquĕ pĕrĕsă. *V.* [† Squalŏr, sordes, pædŏr.] *See* SQUALOR, SORDES.

ILLYRIA, æ. *f. and* ILLYRIS, ĭdis. *f. O. A country situated on the Adriatic, now Dalmatia.* An tĭbĭ sum gĕnĭda villŏr Illyrĭa? *Pp.* [† Illyrĭs.]

ILLYRICUS, ă, um; ILLYRIUS, ă, um, *and fem.* ILLYRIS, ĭdis. *Illyrian, of Illyria.* Contĭgĭt Illyrĭcos prŏfŭga cum conjŭge portus. *O.* Illyrĭs orā. *O.*

ILOTES. *See* ELOTES.

ILUS, i. *m.* 1. *Son of Tros, and king of Troy.* Ilŭs ădhuc ˘Aslæ divĕs hăbebăt ŏpes. *O.* 2. *A surname of Ascanius. V.* *See* ASCANIUS.

Ilva, æ. *f.* *The isle of Elba.* Ast Ilvā trēcentos. *V.*

˘Imago, ĭnis. *f.* 1. *Shape, form, appearance, likeness.* Pōsita fallācis imaginē tauri. *O.* ∾ de spēculō in spēculum tradītur. *Lr.* Plurimā mortis ∾. *V.* [† Formā, spēcies, figurā, effigies, simūlacrum, simūlamēn.] 2. *An image, picture, statue.* Stāperē in utrīusque imaginibūs. *H.* *See* Statua, Tabula. 3. *A spectre, vision.* Nocturnis fallit ∾-ibūs. *Tib.* Mānus effugit ∾. *V.* [† Simūlacrum, formā.] *See* Somnium. Fig. 4. *An idea, thought, recollection.* ∾ pugnæ majoris; pātriæ pietatis. *V.* illīus noctis. *O.* 5. *A portrait* (of person or character) *by description, a description.* Hæc a te non multum abludit ∾. *H.* 6. *An echo* (the reflection of the sound). Vocis ∾ offensā resultāt. *V.* *See* Echo.

Imbecillus, ă, um (Imbecillis, *dif.*). *Weak, feeble.* Tractari mollīūs ætas imbecillā vōlēt. *H.* [† Infirmūs, debilis, &c.] *See* Debilis.

Imbellis, ĕ. 1. *Feeble, effeminate; of a timid, gentle nature; given to ease and peace.* Tres sūmūs imbelles nūmĕro, sīnĕ virīūs. *V.* ∾ cĭthārā. ∾-es cŏlumbæ. *H.* Lyræo ∾-em diem donarĕ. *Sil.* [† Debilis, mollis, fractūs, ĭners, ignavūs, segnis, pigĕr.] *See* Debilis, Piger. 2. *Of an unwarlike* (hence) *cowardly spirit.* ∾ Indūs. *V.* Dōlon. *O.* *See* Ignavus.

Imber, bris; *abl.* ĕ *or* i. 1. *Rain.* Non mīnūs ex imbri soles īt āpertā sĕrenā. *V.* Tūnicæ lăcrĭmis, sicūt āb imbrĕ, grāves. *O.* [† Plūvĭā.] *See* P. 2. *Water* (showered). Figāt hūmo plantas, ĕt ămicos irrigĕt imbres. *V.* *See* Aqua. 3. *A shower of tears.* Spargebat tĕpĭdo ∾-ĕ sĭnus. *O.* *See* Lacrima. 4. *Used of different liquids falling in showers,* &c., *like rain.* ∾ sanguinĕūs. *St.* nectārĭs. *Cl.* (*So* Jupĭtĕr 'Dānăæ prĕtĭosīs fluxīt imbĕr.') [† Ros, liquōr.] 5. *Of a shower of stones, darts.* ∾ ferrĕūs flt. *Enn.* ferrĕūs ingrūīt. *V.* saxĕūs. *Sil.* [† Grando; *sts.* hiems.]

Imberbis, ĕ, um (Imberbis, *dif.*). *Beardless.* ∾ jŭvēnis tandem custodĕ rĕmoto. *H.* *See* Lanugo, Juvenis.

Imbibo, bĭs, i. 1. *To drink in, imbibe.* (Bĭbo.) Lit. and fig. ∾ artes pāternas. *Aus.* [† Bĭbo, adbĭbo, haurio.] *See* Combibo. 2. *To entertain a notion, wish* (with inf.). Qui pĕtĕre a pŏpŭlo fāces &c. imbĭbĭt. *Lr.* (*so Cic.*)

Imbrifer, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bringing rain, rainy.* Venturam admittat imbrĭfĕr arcūs āquam. *Tib.* ∾ ver. *V.* *See* Pluvialis.

Imbuo, ĭs, i, utum. 1. *To imbue; to steep* or *moisten, so as to give colour, smell, taste,* &c. ∾-ĭt armā sanguĭs; aram agnūs. *V.* oscŭlā quinta partĕ sŭi nectārĭs (Vĕnūs). *H.* bellum sanguĭnĕ (Allecto). *V.* [† Tingo, perfundo, mādĕfăcio, lĭno, rĭgo.] Fig. 2. *To penetrate, sink into, infect.* Hæc ănĭmos ærugo &c. quum sĕmĕl imbŏbĕrĭt. *H.* 3. *To imbue the mind* (inform it, fill it) *with knowledge.* *See* Imbutus, Instituo. 4. *To be the first to use a thing, to make a first essay upon any thing; to impress upon it, as it were, the first marks of having been used; to 'season' it.* Infelix ∾-ĭt auctŏr ŏpŭs (Pĕrillūs). *O.* Princeps imbŭĭt tūum ŏpŭs. *Pp.* ∾ vomĕrĕ terras (Cĕrĕrĭs ignaras). *V. Fl.* ∾ cursu rūdem Amphitriten (*navigate it first*). *Cat.* ∾-ĭs exemplum primæ tu, Romŭlĕ, palmæ (*first set the example*). *Pp.* 5. *Sts. with the acc. of the thing* (as = imbĭbo). Carmĕn ∾-unt aures. *M.*

Imbutus, ă, um. 1. *Imbued, impregnated.* Lit. and fig. Quo sĕmĕl est imbŭtā rĕcens, servabĭt ŏdorem Testā dĭu. *H.* ∾-ă telā vĕneno. *O.* ∾-ūs formidĭnĕ. *H.* sævis ămorĭbūs. *St.* *See* Unctus. 2. *Having a tinge* or *smack of.* ∾ littĕrūlis græcis (*a smatterer in Greek*). *H.*

˘Imitabilis, ĕ. *Imitable.* Non ĭmĭtabĭlĭ fulmĕn. *V.*

˘Imitamen, ĭnis. *f.* *An imitation, act of imitating.* Priscique ĭmĭtamĭnā facti. *O.* Somnĭā quæ veras æquent ĭmĭtamĭnĕ formas. *O.* [† ˘Imago.]

˘Imitator, oris. *m.* *An imitator, counterfeiter.* Brutūs ĕrat stulti sāpĭens ĭmĭtatŏr, ūt essĕt. *O.* O Imitatores, servum pĕcūs! *H.* [† Æmŭlūs.]

˘Imitatrix, icis. *f.* *She that imitates.* Psittăcūs, eois ĭmĭtatrix alĕs āb oris. *O.* [† Æmŭlā.]

˘Imitor, aris. *To imitate.* Exprĭmĕt, et mollĕs ĭmĭtabĭtur ærĕ căpillos. *H.* ∾ Panā cănendo. *V.* [† Æmŭlŏr, effingo, exprĭmo, sĭmĭlo, assĭmĭlo; *sts.* sectŏr, assĕquŏr, æquo, reddo.] Crel. ˘Imitando— effingo, exprĭmo, sĕquŏr. ˘Imitamĭnĕ æquo. Vestigiā- sĕquŏr, lĕgo. Exemplā sĕquŏr.

Immaculatus, ă, um. *Spotless.* (Măcŭlā). *L.* *See* Purus.

Immadeo, es, ŭi, *and* Immadesco, ĭs. *To be* or *become wet, moist.* Credĭbĭlĭ est, lăcrĭmis immādŭĭssĕ gĕnas. *O.* *See* Madeo.

Immane. *n. as adv.* 1. *Fearfully, tremendously; out of all usual measure.* Torrentes immanĕ frĕmunt. *Cl.* ∾ ănĭmis frĕmenti; hians. *V.* [† Valde, multum, horrendum, immanĭtĕr, immanĕ quantum.] 2. Immanĕ quantum (sc. immane est, quantum) = immanĕ. Vino ĕt lŭcernis Medūs ăcinăces Immanĕ quantum discrĕpăt. *H.* *See* Incredibilis.

Immanis, ĕ. 1. *Of an extraordinary size, immense.* Quo molem hanc immanis ĕqui stātŭerĕ? *V.* ∾-ĭ templā. *V.* cūmŭlūs āquarum. *O.* aurum mĕro văcŭant. *St.* [† Ingens, magnūs, vastūs, immensūs, sublimis, grandis.] Fig. 2. *Extraordinary,* gen. ∾-ĭ Cæsăris actā condĕrĕ. ∾ stūdĭum lŏquendi. *O.* irā. *V.* ∾-es gĕmĭtus. *Ph.* 3. *Fearful, dreadful.* ∾-es Rhætī. ∾ janĭtŏr aulæ. *H.* bārāthrum. *V.* [† Horrendūs.] 4. *Cruel, savage.* Pygmālĭon scĕlĕre antĕ ălĭos immanĭŏr omnes. *O.* ∾-ĭbūs oris. *V.* *See* Sævus.

Immanitas, atis. *f.* 1. *Extraordinary size.* Non Graiā vis, non barbāra ulla immanĭtas. *Vet. Poet. apud Cic.* 2. *Cruelty, fierceness.* ∾ fĕrarum. *Sen.* *See* Sævitia.

Immansuetus, ă, um. *Uncivilized, wild, savage.* Ingĕnĭum est immansuetumquĕ fĕrumquĕ. *O.* ∾ dŏmūs. *St.* *See* Ferus.

Immature. *adv.* *Before the time.* (Maturūs.) Crel. Antĕ dĭem.

Immaturus, ă, um. 1. *Unripe. Pers.* (Maturūs.) [† Crudūs, ăcerbūs, immitis.] 2. Us. fig. *Of unripe, unfitting age; untimely, premature.* Filĭūs ∾ ŏbĭssĕt. *H.* Mors ∾. *Lr.* &c. [† Præmaturūs, crudūs, ăcerbūs; *sts.* præceps.]

Immedicabilis, ĕ. *Incurable.* Telum immĕdĭcabĭlĭ torsĭt. *V.* ∾ mālum (cancĕr). *O.* [† Insanabĭlis.] Phr. Nulla artĕ mĕdĭcabĭlis. Non mĕdĭcabĭlis arti.

Immemor, ŏris. *m. f.* 1. *Forgetful, unmindful.* Immĕmŏr herbarum quos est mirātā jŭvencā. *V.* ∾-es dĕcŏris &c. *V.* [† Oblitūs.] Crel. Non mĕmŏr. Non jam mĕmŏr. *See* Obliviscor. 2. *Causing forgetfulness.* ∾ gurgĕs (Lethes); amnis. *Sil.* and *Sen.* 3. *Forgetful of kindness.* *See* Ingratus.

Immemorabilis, ĕ. *Inexpressible.* Immĕmŏrabĭlĭ per spātĭum transcurrĕrĕ possĕ. *Lr.*

Immemoratus, ă, um. *Unrecorded, not related before.* Jŭvāt immĕmŏrātā fĕrentem &c. *H.*

Immensus, ă, um. 1. *Immense.* Jăcŭitquĕ pĕr antrum Immensūs. *V.* ∾-is orbĭbūs angues. *V.* ∾-æ vīæ. *O.* [† Ingens, vastūs, immanis; *sts.* longūs, infinitūs.] Fig. 2. Gen. *Used of what is excessive.* ∾ clamŏr. *V.* ∾-ă cupido. *V.* ∾ calcăr (glorĭā hăbĕt); sĭtis. *O.* 3. ˘In immensum, and abs. *Immensely.* Ardĕt in ∾-um Ætne.

Crevĕrăt ∾-um. *O.* **4.** Sts. as subst. n. *Boundless space, immensity. Lr.* Pĕr ∾ actŭs. *O.*

IMMĔRENS, tĭs. *Not deserving as guilty, innocent.* Quĭd immĕrentes hospĭtes vexas, cănis? *H.* ˘Iambis immĕrentĭbŭs. *Cat. See* IMMERITUS.

IMMERGO, Ĭs, si, sum. **1.** *To immerse, plunge, drown.* Spumosa immersĕrăt unda. *V.* [¶ Mergo, submergo, demergo, obrŭo.] **2.** *To dip, bathe.* Immersitquĕ mānus &c. *O. See* MERGO.

IMMĔRĬTO. *adv. Unjustly.* Haud ĕquĭdem immĕrĭto Cūmanæ carmĭnĕ vatĭs Cautum. *L.* [¶ Injuste, injuria, non jurĕ.]

IMMĔRĬTUS, ă, um. **1.** *Not deserving as guilty, innocent.* Prĭămique evertĕrĕ gentem Immĕrĭtam visum sŭpĕris. *V.* [¶ Immĕrens, indignŭs, insons.] *See* INNOCENS. **2.** *Undeserved.* ∾ ŏpes. *M.* quĕrelæ. *V. Fl.* ∾-a ŏpĕ. *O.* [¶ Indignŭs.]

IMMERSABĬLIS, ĕ. *That cannot be plunged* or *sunk.* Adversis rerum immersabĭlĭs undis. *H.*

IMMERSO, as. *See* IMMERGO.

IMMĬNENS, tĭs. **1.** *Hanging over.* Immĭnens villæ tŭă pinŭs esto. ∾-es imbres. *H.* [¶ Impendens, incumbens.] **2.** *Impending, intent upon attacking, threatening to attack.* Lătĭo ∾-es (Parthi). *H.* ∾ leti spŏlĭis. *St.* [¶ Impendens, instans.] **3.** *Close at hand, near to, coming.* ∾ brumă. *M.* [¶ Impendens, instans, prŏplŏr, proxĭmŭs, vicinŭs, pĕrattŭs.] *See* IMMINEO.

IMMĬNĔO, es (*no perf.*) **1.** *To hang over, command.* Popŭlŭs antro Immĭnĕt, et lentæ &c. *V.* ∾-ĕt collis urbi. *V.* his aer. *O.* [¶ Impendĕo, incumbo; *sts.* procŭbo.] **2.** *To be ready to fall upon, attack; to threaten an attack.* Immĭnĕt hostĭs muris. *V.* tergo fŭgaci. *O.* vīro conjux. *Sen.* [¶ Insto, ingrŭo, urgĕo.] **3.** *To be intent upon, to be intent upon accomplishing something.* ∾ exĭtĭo cjs. *O.* Fletus nostros spernĭt, ac morti ∾-ĕt. *Sen.* [¶ Insto, persĕquŏr.]

IMMĬNŬO, Ĭs, i, utum. *To diminish, weaken.* Lit. and fig. Immĭnŭo subter vires. *Lr. See* MINUO.

IMMISCĔO, es, ŭi, ixtum *or* istum. *To mix with, intermix.* Sin măcŭlæ inclĭnent rŭtĭlo immiscerĭĕr igni. *V.* ∾ mānus mānĭbŭs; se nocti. *V. See* MISCEO.

IMMĬSĔRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Unpitied.* Si non pĕriret immĭsĕrabĭlĭs. *H.*

IMMISSUS, ă, um. *part. See* IMMITTO. **1.** *Sent, urged, loosed against.* Hos non immissis cănĭbŭs, non &c. (ăgĭtant.) *V.* **2.** *Let in, shot* or *driven in.* ∾ lumĕn. *V.* lancĕă costis. *O.* **3.** *Let loose.* Fŭrĭt ∾-is vulcanŭs hăbenis. *V.* [¶ Laxŭs, flŭens.] **4.** *Long, hanging down, hanging loose.* ∾ barbă. *V.* căpilli. *O.* [¶ Promissŭs, longŭs.]

IMMITIS, ĕ. **1.** *Not soft, not ripe.* Tollĕ cŭpidinem Immitĭs uvæ. *H. See* IMMATURUS. **2.** *Cruel.* Nidis ∾-ĭbŭs escam. *V.* Auderĕ immitĭă. ∾-ĭŏr hydro. *O. See* SÆVUS.

IMMITTO, Ĭs, isi, issum. **1.** *To send, drive against, throw against* or *in; send hostilely.* Tyrrhenusquĕ frĕtis immittĭtŭr æstŭs ˘Avernis. *V.* ∾ corpŭs ĭn undas. *O.* jŭvĕnem sŭperbum Lătĭo. *V. Fl.* [¶ Injĭcĭo, impello, mitto, inférro.] **2.** *To insert, introduce.* Filis ∾ aurum. *O. See* INSERO (I). **3.** *To let loose.* ∾ hăbenas classi. *V. See* LAXO. **4.** *To leave to grow, let grow at will.* Barbam ∾. *Lucil.* **5.** Fig. *Used of feelings,* &c., *introduced into the heart.* ∾ vires. *V. Fl.* fŭgam. *V.* ămorem. *Sen.*

IMMO. *See* IMO.

IMMOBĬLIS, ĕ. **1.** *Immovable.* Obtutu tĕnĕt ŏrā, sŏloque immobĭlĭs hærĕt. *V.* Căpĭtoli ∾-ĕ saxum. *V.* [¶ Immotŭs, inconcussŭs, firmŭs, stăbĭlĭs, hærens, fixŭs.] **Crcl.** Molĕ sŭa stans. Fixŭs ĕt hærens. Immotŭs lŏco. Sŭo ponderĕ tutŭs. **2.** Fig. *Steadfast, inflexible.* Lăcrĭmis ∾. *V.* Immobĭlĭor scŏpŭlis. *O.* [¶ Immotŭs, constans, firmŭs, inconcussŭs, fixŭs, certŭs.] *See* CONSTANS.

IMMŎDĔRATŬS, ă, um. Fig. **1.** *Ungovernable, unruly, intemperate.* Res immŏdĕrătă cŭpido est. *O.* [¶ Immŏdĭcŭs, infrenĭs, effrenĭs.] **2.** *Excessive.* ∾ frigŏrā. *See* IMMODICUS.

IMMŎDĬCE. *adv. Immoderately, excessively.* Immŏdĭce formam fucatā nŏcentem. *L.* [¶ Immanĕ, multum.]

IMMŎDĬCUS, ă, um. **1.** *Going beyond bounds, immoderate, excessive.* Atrĭăque immŏdĭcis arctăt Imaglnĭbŭs. *M.* ∾ ardŏr; fastŭs. *O.* [¶ Immanis, ingens, multŭs, nĭmĭŭs.] **Crcl.** Non mŏdĭcŭs. **2.** *Unrestrained.* Legĭbŭs ∾-i (Gracchi). *L.* ∾ dictis. *V. Fl.* iræ. *St.* [¶ Immŏdĕrătŭs, nĭmĭŭs, præceps.]

IMMŎDŬLATUS, ă, um. *Inharmonious.* Non quivis vĭdĕt immŏdŭlătă pŏemătă judex. *H.*

IMMŎLO, as. **1.** *To offer in sacrifice.* Immŏlăt ex illis taurum tĭbĭ Jupĭtĕr unum. *O.* [¶ Macto, cædo.] *See* SACRIFICO. **2.** *To put to death.* Pallas te hoc vulnĕrĕ, Pallas ∾-ăt. *V. See* OCCIDO.

IMMŎRIŎR, ĕrĭs, ortŭŭs sum. **1.** *To die in* or *upon.* Euxinis immŏrĭĕmŭr ăquis. *O.* ∾ sŏrori. *O. See* MORIOR. Fig. **2.** *Used of wind dying away.* Aurā ∾-ĭtŭr velis. *St.* [¶ Defĭcĭo, cĕdo, cesso.] **3.** *Used of the waste of life in the intense pursuit of any object.* ∾-ĭtŭr stŭdĭis. *H. See* TABESCO.

IMMORTALIS, ĕ. **1.** *Immortal, not subject to death.* Mortalinĕ mānu factæ, immortalĕ cārinæ Jus hăbĕant? *V.* Dĕŭs ∾ hăberi &c. *H.* [¶ Æternŭs.] **Crcl.** Mortĕ cārens. Mortĭs- expers, nescĭŭs, exsors. Mŏri nescĭŭs. Funĕrĭs expers. Immunĭs fati. Fato majŏr. Sĭnĕ mortĕ. Immunĭs- mortĭs, mortĕ, *or* a mortĕ. Intĕrĭtu cārens. Expers sĕpulchri. Immortali natura præditŭs. **Phr.** Cui mortĭs ădemptă est condĭtĭo. Qui mortĭs condĭtĭonĕ văcăt. Qui, edŏmĭta tellurĕ, sŭperstĕs mānĕt. Cui æternum est (sĭnĕ mortis legĭbŭs) ævum. Qui sŭpĕr astrā pĕrennis fertŭr. *See* ÆTERNUS, APOTHEOSIS. **2.** *Immortal in name, renown,* &c. [¶ Æternŭs, pĕrennis, victurŭs, perpĕtŭŭs, Inexstinctŭs, mansurŭs, indelebĭlis.] **Crcl.** Æterno nomĭnĕ victurŭs; cĭnĕri sŭo sŭperstĕs; mĕlĭori (multa) sŭi partĕ sŭperstĕs. Nullis delebĭlĭs annis. Cujŭs hŏnos (nomĕn, laus, &c.)– sempĕr mānebĭt; —pĕr sæcŭlā æternum vĭgĕt; —fato cārĕt; —mortem rĕpellĭt; —extento ævo vivĕt; —mŏri non novit; —sĭnĕ mortĕ stăt; —ăb ævo nunquam excĭdit. Quem famā &c.– sŭb astrā fert; —mŏri vĕtăt; —omnes ĭn annos accepĭt; —ĭn sæcŭlā mittĕt. Cujŭs famam &c. nullā dĭes (vĕtustas) delerĕ pŏtest, *or* mĕmŏri ævo exĭmĕt. Cujŭs multā (mĕlĭŏr) pars ăvĭdos rŏgos (Lĭbĭtinam, ingrătā Lethes flumĭnā) fŭgĭĕt (effŭgĭĕt, vĭtabĭt). *See* CELEBER, GLORIA. **3.** *Lasting ever, imperishable, endless* (of things in this life). ∾-ĕ jĕcŭr tondens. *V.* ŏdĭum spirans. *St.* fălernum. *M.* [¶ Perennis, perpĕtŭŭs, jugis, &c.] *See* PERENNIS. **4.** *Blest as the gods.* Immortalis ĕro, si &c. *Pp.*

IMMORTALĬTAS, atĭs. *f. Immortality.* Mortalĕ corpus sumpsĭt immortalĭtas. *Prud.* **Crcl.** Immortalĕ- jus, fas. Vitā- immortalis, æternā, pĕrennis, perpĕtŭā. Vitā immunis leti. Æternum (perpĕtŭum, immortalĕ)– tempŭs, ævum. Perpĕtŭŭs ævi tractŭs. Æternā ĭn sæcŭlā vitā.

IMMOTUS, ă, um. **1.** *Unmoved, undisturbed.* Sæpĕ sŭb immotis præsepĭbŭs aut mălă tactu. *V.* Sub Jŏvĕ duravĭt multis immotă dĭebŭs. *O. See* IMMOBILIS. **2.** Fig. *Unchanged, unalter-*

able. Mens ∾-ă mănĕt. *V.* ˘Anĭmo ∾-um mănĕt. *V.*

Immugĭo, ĭs. *To resound, bellow in* or *upon.* Mœstoque immugĭt regĭă luctu. *V.* Curvis immugĭt Ætnă căvernis. *V.*

Immulgĕo, ēs, si. *To milk into.* Tĕnĕris immulgens uberă labris. *V. See* Mulgeo.

Immundŭs, ă, um. 1. *Unclean, foul.* Immundo perfundis littŏră cœno. *H.* Deformarĕ canĭtĭem ∾-o pulvĕrĕ. *V.* [† Sordĭdŭs, fœdŭs, turpĭs, squallĭdŭs, impurŭs, spurcŭs, obscenŭs.] 2. Fig. *Impure.* ∾-ă verbă. *H.*

Immunis, ĕ. 1. *Having no duty to discharge, nothing to do.* Immunisquĕ sĕdens ălĭĕna ad pabŭlă fucŭs. *V.* 2. Us. with gen. or abl. *Free from, exempt from, unoccupied with.* ∾ tanti belli urbs. *V.* ăratri (ăgĕr); cædĭs mănus. *O.* mĕtu. *Sen.* [† Expers, libĕr, sŏlutŭs, văcŭŭs, văcans.] 3. *Without a gift.* Immunis plăcĕo ălĭcui. *H.*

Immunitŭs, ă, um. *Unfortified.* Dum dĕŭs Eurotan immunitamquĕ frĕquentăt Sparten. *O.*

Immurmŭro, as. *To murmur in, upon,* or *against.* Increpŏr a cunctis, totumque immurmŭrăt agmĕn. *O.* Silvis ∾-ăt austĕr. *V. See* Murmuro.

Immutabĭlis, ĕ. 1. *Immutable. Lr.* [† Constans.] Crol. Sempĕr idem. Mutari nescĭŭs. 2. Fig. *Unalterable. St. See* Immobilis.

Immutĭ (*perf. of the obs.* Immuteo, *now used with* Immutesco). *To be silent, become silent.* Ruptis immutĭlĭt orĕ quĕrelis. *St. See* Silĕo.

Immuto, as. *To change.* Immutatquĕ mĕam, vidĕor sensissĕ, fĭguram. *O. See* Muto.

Ĭno, *or* **Immo.** 1. *Yea* (or nay) *more; even.* Frustra? imo magno cum prĕtĭo atquĕ mălo. *Cat.* Non hăbĕt ergo ălĭud? non hăbĕt imŏ sŭum. *M.* [† Quin.] Crol. Quin ĕtĭam. Quam, *or* ut, *or* quin pŏtĭŭs! 2. *Yes indeed, yea, verily.* Nullăne hăbes vĭtĭa? imo ălĭă. *H.* 3. *Used with age, or abs., in entering upon a conversation,* or *proceeding afresh. Come then,* &c.; *well then,* &c. Imo ăge, ĕt a prima die &c. *V.* Imo ĭtă sĭt Cĕphălŭs &c. *O.*

Impacatŭs, ă, um. *Never at peace, implacable.* Aut impacatos a tergo horrebĭs ˘Iberos. *V.* ∾-is ŏdĭis. *Cl.* [† Implăcĭdŭs.]

Impallesco, ĭs. *To grow pale at* or *upon. Pers. See* Palleo.

Impar, ăris; *abl.* ĕ *or* i. 1. *Unequal, not equal, inferior.* Aut asper crabro impărĭbus se immiscŭĭt armis. *V.* Fortună ∾ ănĭmo. *O.* [† ˘Inæqualis, inférĭŏr, dissĭmĭlis.] Crol. Non par, Non *or* haud æquŭs. 2. *Uneven, odd.* Ludĕrĕ par ∾. *H.* Nŭmĕrŭs ∾. *V.* 3. Fig. *Unequal, unlike, variable.* ∾ sĭbĭ. *H.* [† ˘Inæqualis, distĭmĭlis, vărĭŭs.] *See* Compar.

Impăritĕr. *Unequally.* Versĭbŭs ∾ junctis &c. *H.*

Impastŭs, ă, um. *Fasting, famished. V. See* Famelicus.

Impatĭens, tis. 1. *Unable to bear.* Mollis, ĕt impătĭens antĕ lăborĭs ĕram. *O.* ∾ frigŏrĭs. *O.* vulnĕrĭs. *V.* [† *Sts.* Impar.] Crol. Nondum, non jam, nunquam pătĭens. Pătĭ *or* ferrĕ- nescĭŭs, indŏcilis. 2. *Impatient.* ∾ ănĭmŭs. *O.* [† Præceps.]

Impăvĭdŭs, ă, um. *Fearless.* Impăvĭdus frangit telum. *V. See* Intrepidus.

Impĕdimentum, i. *n.* 1. *An impediment, obstacle. Ter. See* Mora, Obex. 2. Pl. *Baggage.* [† Sarcĭnŭlæ.]

Impĕdĭo, ĭs. 1. *To entangle the feet; tangle, entangle.* Lit. and fig. Impĕdĭunt tĕnĕros vincŭlă nullă pĕdes. *O.* ∾ cornŭă sertis. *V.* căpŭt myrto. *H.* orbĭbŭs orbes. *V.* [† Necto, innecto, implĭco, vincĭo.] *See* Vincio. 2. *To impede, obstruct.* Fremis ∾-antŭr æqui. Singultu mĕdĭos ∾-entĕ sŏnos. *O.* [† Præpĕdĭo, cŏhĭbĕo, cŏercĕo, obstrŭo, intrico.] *See* Cohibeo, Prohibeo. 3. *With inf.* ∾ castris pubem educĕrĕ. *V.*

Impellŏ, ĭs, ŭli, ulsum. 1. *To push on, move forward, set in motion.* Zĕphyris primum impellentĭbŭs undas. *O.* ∾ remos; turrim. *V.* [† ˘Ago, urgĕo, prĕmo, incĭto, mŏvĕo, commŏvĕo, promŏvĕo.] 2. *To drive against, towards, into.* ∾ ferrum flammamquĕ in pĕnates. *O.* ferrum căpŭlo tĕnŭis. *Sil.* [† Immitto, ingĕro, mitto, injĭcĭo.] 3. *To strike, shake.* ∾ aures mugitĭbŭs. *O.* ∾-ĭt maternas aures luctŭs ˘Aristæi. *V.* ∾-ĭtŭr ilex. *L.* [† Excĭto, verbĕro, percŭtĭo, fĕrĭo, quătĭo.] 4. Fig. *To move, influence, stir to action; sts. with inf.* ∾ ănĭmum lăbantem; Argŏlĭcas fœdarĕ latĕbras; cingi telis. *V.* [† Mŏvĕo, percello; induco, adduco, compello, ăgo.]

Impendo, ĭs, i, sum. 1. *To lay out* or *spend for some thing* or *use. J.* [† Consumo, insumo.] 2. Fig. *To employ, spend* (of time, labour, &c.). ∾ vitam vero. *J.* vitam famæ. *St.* curas omnes. *V.* [† Insumo, consumo, confĕro, collŏco, addo, do.]

Impĕnĕtrabĭlis, ĕ. *Impenetrable.* Lit. and fig. Nec tămĕn illĕ mĕis, rŏŏr, impĕnĕtrabĭlĭs armis. *St.* Mens ∾ iræ. *Sil.* [† Impervĭŭs, Inaccessŭs, invĭŭs.]

Impensă, æ. *f. Expense, cost, sacrifice.* ∾ crŭŏrĭs. *O.* Tantorum ∾-æ ŏpĕrum. *V.* [† Impendĭum, impensum, sumptŭs, jactură.]

Impense. *adv.* 1. *Much, very much. Ter. See* Multum. 2. *Comp.* Impensĭŭs. *Yet much more, considerably more. V. O.*

Impensŏ (sc. pretio). *At a great price. H. See* Impensa.

Impensŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Impendo. 1. *Spent, employed.* Ætas ∾-ă lăbori. *L.* 2. *Great, very great.* Vĭri ∾-ă lĭbido. *Lr.* Impensĭŏr cură. *O. See* Impense.

Impĕrătŏr, ōris. *m.* 1. *A chief, commander.* ˘Eonĕ nomĭnĕ, impĕrătŏr unĭcĕ. *Cat. See* Dux. 2. *An emperor.* Tunc quum prandĭă misĭt impĕrătŏr. *M.* (Dŏmĭtĭanŭs.) [† Princeps.] Crol. Impĕrĭi- rectŏr, arbĭtĕr. Rerum- custos, dŏmĭnŭs, pŏtens. Orbis moderatŏr. Mundi- rectŏr, præsĕs. Terrarum- dŏmĭnŭs, regnatŏr. *See* Rex.

Impĕratum, i. *n. A command. Sen. See* Jussum.

Imperceptŭs, ă, um. *Unperceived. O. See* Arcanus.

Impercussŭs, ă, um. *Not struck. O.*

Imperdĭtŭs, ă, um. *Not slain* or *destroyed.* Graiis imperdĭtă corpŏrĕ, Teucri. *V.*

Imperfectŭs, ă, um. *Unfinished, incomplete. V.*

Imperfossŭs, ă, um. *Unpierced. O.*

Impĕrĭosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Invested with full power, dominant, powerful.* Quisnam igĭtur liber? săpĭens, sĭbĭque impĕrĭosŭs. *H.* ∾ Proserpĭnă; æquŏr. *H.* virgă. *O.* [† Pŏtens.] 2. *Imperious.* Nĭmĭs ∾ est. *Pl. See* Superbus.

Impĕritĭa, æ. *f. See* Inscitia.

Impĕrĭto, as. *To have the command over.* Quis nĕmŏri impĕrĭtĕt, quem totă armentă sĕquantŭr. *V.* Lĕgĭonĭbŭs ∾. *H. See* Impero.

Impĕritŭs, ă, um. *Ignorant. Ter. See* Rudis.

Impĕrĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Authority, power.* Consŭlĭs impĕrĭum hic primus sævasquĕ sĕcures Accĭpiĕt. *V.* [† Jus, munŭs, pŏtestas.] 2. *Dominion, sovereignty.* ∾ pĕlăgi; sĭnĕ finĕ. *V.* [† Dĭtĭo, pŏtestas, regnum, jus, pŏtentĭă, mŏdĕrămĕn; *sts.* dŏmĭnatŭs, sŏlĭum, sceptrum, dĭădemă, jŭgum, hăbenæ, res (*pl.*).] Ep. ˘Amicum, mitĕ, lenĕ, bĕnignum, felix, pŏtens, sŭperbum, durum, immitĕ, Iniquum, grăvĕ, mŏlestum, vŏlentum. Crol. Impĕrĭi *or* regni- jus, jurĕ, pŏtestas, majestas, pondŭs, ŏnŭs, moles, dĕcŭs, hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos. Summă *or* regĭă pŏtestas.

Sceptri dĕcŭs. 3. *Empire, kingdom.* Proferĕt ~ sŭpĕr Indos. ~ terris (æquabit). *V.* [† Regnum, fines, limites.] **Crol.** Impĕrĭ– fines, limites. *See* REGNUM. 4. *A command, order. V. See* JUSSUM.

IMPERMISSŬS, ă, um. *Forbidden. H. See* VETITUS.

IMPĔRO, as. 1. *To give a command, to order.* Terræque advertĕrĕ proras Impĕrăt. *V.* 2. *To have sovereign power over, to rule.* ~ urbi. *L.* arvis. *V.* Impĕrăt, nisi pārĕt, ănĭmŭs. *H.* [† Impĕrĭto, regno, dŏmĭnŏr, rĕgo, mŏdĕrŏr, tempĕro, flecto, freno, compesco, cŏhĭbĕo, præsum.] **Crol.** Impĕrĭum– tĕnĕo, exercĕo, hăbĕo, rĕgo. Regnum *or* regnă– hăbĕo, tĕnĕo. Impĕrĭo, impĕrĭis– rĕgo, prĕmo, mŏdĕrŏr, freno, tĕnĕo. Impĕrĭo *or* sceptro pŏtĭŏr. Mĭhĭ parĕt *or* parent. Me sŭb dŏmĭno est *or* sunt. Impĕrĭum *or* regnum mĭhĭ est. Impĕrĭi hăbenas (frenă, clavum)– mŏdĕrŏr, flecto, rĕgo, tracto, tĕnĕo. Pŏpŭlos– dĭtĭonĕ tĕnĕo, sŭb leges mitto, jurĭs mĕi hăbĕo. ~In pŏpŭlum jus hăbĕo. Pŏpŭlĭs, jurā *or* leges– impono, do, stătŭo. Leges pono. Pŏpŭlos servĭtĭo prĕmo. Jus hăbĕo (de *or* in).

IMPERTERRITŬS, ă, um. *Undaunted. V. See* INTERRITUS.

IMPERTIO, *or* IMPARTIO, is, *and* IMPERTIŎR, irĭs. *To impart, bestow. H.* [† Largĭŏr, do, trĭbŭo.]

IMPERTURBATŬS, ă, um. *Undisturbed, calm. O.*

IMPERVĬŬS, ă, um. *Impassable, affording no passage.* ~ amnis. *O.* tellus. *V. Fl. See* INVIUS.

IMPĔTĔ. *See* IMPETUS.

IMPĔTO, is. *To charge, attack.* ~ cedentem. *St.* os hasta. *Sil.* telum rĕceptum. *L.* [† Invado, aggrĕdĭŏr, pĕto.]

IMPĔTRABĬLIS, ĕ. *That may be obtained.* Junoni votum făcĭte impetrabĭlĕ, dixi. *Pp.*

IMPĔTRO, *and* IMPETRO, as. *To obtain.* Impĕtrăt et pacem, et lŏcŭpletem frugĭbŭs annum. *H.* Unum impetrassent te rĕvŏcantĕ dĭem. *Pp. See* OBTINEO.

IMPĔTŬS, us; *abl.* impĕtu *or* impĕtĕ. *m.* 1. *Impetuosity, violence.* Sic illam fert impĕtŭs ipsĕ vŏlantem. *V.* Răpĭt ~-ŭs (Thesĕă). *St.* Impĕtĕ nunc vasto (fertŭr). *O.* [† Vis, vĭŏlentĭă, motŭs; *sts.* cursŭs, lapsŭs, fŭgă.] **Ep.** Cĕlĕr, cĭtŭs, răpĭdus, lĕvis, acĕr, vivĭdŭs, vĭŏlentŭs, præceps. 2. *An attack, charge.* Non auspĭcatos contŭdĭt impĕtŭs (hostĭs). *H.* [† Incursus.] **Ep.** Hostilis, mĭnax, sævŭs, terrĭbĭlis, mĕtŭendŭs.] 3. *A strong passion, impulse.* Quŏd nunc rătĭo est, ~ antĕ fŭĭt. ~ illĕ săcĕr &c. *O.* [† Motŭs, călŏr.] 4. ~ est. *To be strongly inclined, moved to do something.* Impĕtŭs fŭĭt ĭn tĕnĕras irĕ gĕnas. *O. See* MENS.

IMPEXŬS, ă, um. 1. *Uncombed, in disorder. V.* [† Incultŭs, horrĭdŭs.] *See* CAPILLUS. 2. Fig. *Uncouth, rude.*

IMPĬĔTAS, atis. *f.* 1. *Impiety.* Sŏclasque sŏrores Implĕtatĭs hăbĕt. *O.* **Crol.** Implă mens. Implŭs– ausŭs, errŏr. **Ep.** Săcrĭlĕgă, tĕmĕrarĭă, audax, insană, effrenis, pĕtŭlana, vecors. 2. *Unnatural feeling and conduct; violation of the natural duties.* Implĕtatĕ plă est. *O.*

IMPĬGĔR, ĭgră, ĭgrum. *Active, alert, diligent.* Impĭgĕr extremos currit mercatŏr ăd Indos. *H.* ~ hausĭt pătĕram. *V.* ăd letum. *L.* [† Gnavŭs, acĕr, promptŭs, strenŭŭs, &c.] *See* GNAVUS.

IMPINGO, is, egi, actum. *To drive, dash,* or *throw against.* Lit. and fig. ~ agmĭnă muris. *V.* Quo se cæcŭs impegĭt fŭrŏr? *Sen.* [† Illido, impello, incŭtĭo, *or* injĭcĭo, mitto, objĭcĭo.]

IMPĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Impious.* ~ Tydides. *V.* ~-am Ajacis rătem. *H.* **Crol.** Dĕorum (dĕum, divum, sŭpĕrum) contemptŏr. 2. *Lost to natural and dutiful affections; cruel.* ~ Mars. *V.* frātĕr; Medĕă. *O. See* SÆVUS. 3. *Criminal, wicked. V. See* SCELERATUS.

IMPLACABĬLIS, ĕ. *Implacable.* Non implacabĭlis irā. *O.* [† ~Inexorabĭlis, durŭs, fĕrŭs.] *See* DURUS.

IMPLACATŬS, ă, um. *Unsatisfied, unappeased.* Lævum implacată Chărybdis Obsīdĕt (lătŭs). *V.* ~ gŭlă. *O.*

IMPLĂCĬDŬS, ă, um. *Restless, unpeaceful, fierce.* Drusus Gĕnaunos, implăcĭdum gĕnŭs &c. *H.* Furĭs ĕt implăcĭdas dirŭĭt irā fŏres. *Pp. See* INQUIETUS.

IMPLĔO, es, evi, etum. 1. *To fill.* Lit. and fig. Implentur fossæ &c. *V.* ~ mĕro (pătĕram). *V.* lŏcum clamorĕ. *V.* convivĭă dictis. *O.* [† Complĕo, explĕo, rĕplĕo, cŭmŭlo.] 2. *To satiate, glut.* Lit. and fig. Implentŭr vĕtĕris bacchi. *V.* Se cædĭbŭs ~. *Sil.* Impleriquĕ nĕquĭt (visu). *V. Fl. See* SATIO. 3. *To complete* (of time). ~ felicĭtĕr annos. *O.* [† Complĕo, absolvo, pĕrăgo, confĭcĭo.] *See* FINIO. 4. *To fulfil a charge, duty. Cl.* [† Præsto, exsĕquŏr, fungŏr.]

IMPLEXŬS, ă, um. *part.* (*from the old* Implecto.) *Entwined, entwisted.* Cærŭlĕos implexæ crinĭbŭs angues (Eumĕnĭdes). *V.* [† Implĭcatŭs.]

IMPLICATŬS, ă, um, *and* IMPLICĬTŬS. *part. See* IMPLICO. *Entwined, entwisted.* Canĭdĭă brĕvibŭs implĭcătă vipĕris. *H. See* IMPLICITUS.

IMPLICĬTŬS, ă, um. *part.* (*from the old verb* Implicisco, *and used with* Implico.) 1. *Involved, entangled, hampered.* Pinguis ĕt implĭcĭtas virgă tĕnerĕt ăves. *M.* ~ lăquĕis. *O.* [† Implĭcătus, impĕditŭs, implexŭs, irretitŭs, rĕtentŭs.] 2. Sp. *Embraced and embracing.* ~-i răpĭt occĭlă nati. *V. Fl.* [† Amplexŭs.] Fig. 3. *Involved, embarrassed.* ~ litĭbŭs. *H.* terrorĕ. *L.* ~-as errorĕ vĭas. *L.* 4. *Seized by disease.*

IMPLICO, as, ŭi *and sts.* avi, atum *or* ĭtum. 1. *To enfold, entwist.* Corpŏrĕ natorum serpens amplexŭs ŭterquĕ Implĭcăt, et ŭlsĕros &c. *V.* ~ se dextræ (*to clasp the hand*); auro crinem. *V.* [† Innecto, impĕdĭo, vinclo, involvo, lĭgo, rĕlĭgo, &c.] *See* CIRCUMDO, VINCIO. 2. Sp. *Of an embrace: to throw* or *fold* (the arms or himself) *round.* ~ materno brachĭă collo. *O.* collo se. *Tib. See* IMPLICITUS, AMPLECTOR. 3. Sp. *Of a pellmell engagement.* Totas implĭcăĕre inter se ăcies. *V. See* MISCEO. Fig. 4. *To involve* (circle within circle), *intersect, confuse.* ~ incertos orbes. *V.* cæco errorĕ vĭas. *L.* [† Impĕdĭo, involvo.] 5. *To work in, mingle in.* ~ ignem ossĭbŭs. *V.* 6. *To involve, embarrass, hamper.* ~ (pŏpŭlum) bello. *V.* [† Impĕdĭo.]

IMPLORO, as. *To implore, invoke.* Hujŭs ŏpem magnis imploraverĕ pĕriclis. *O.* ~-ăt cælestes ăquas. *H. See* INVOCO, PRECOR.

IMPLUMIS, ĕ. 1. *Unfledged, callow.* ~Ut assĭdens implumĭbus pullis ăvis. *H.* 2. *Without wings. O.; unplumed* (of a helmet). *Sil.*

IMPLŬO, is, i. tr. and intr. *To rain upon, to water* or *sprinkle with rain.* Summasque adspergĭnĕ silvas Implŭĭt. *O.*

IMPOLLUTŬS, ă, um. *Unstained.* ~ fĭdes. *Sil.*

IMPONO, is, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum *or* ostum. 1. *To place upon, set upon;* (fig.) *to apply.* Vidit, turĭcrĕmis quum dona imponĕrĕt aris. *V.* ~ coronas pupplĭbŭs. *V.* Pellŏn ~Olympo; cognomĕn mĭhĭ; vŏcabŭlă rebŭs. *H.* [† Sŭperpono, sŭpĕrimpono, sŭpĕraddo, addo, adstrŭo, aggĕro, cŭmŭlo, strŭo, ŏnĕro, infĕro; *fig.* do, addo, trĭbŭo.] 2. ~ mănum. *To put the hand to any thing.* Lit. and fig. ~ pensis lanĭfĭcam mănum. *Tib.* călăthis mănum; isdem stŭdĭis mănum. *O. See* TANGO. 3. ~ extremam *or* sŭpremam mănum. *To put an end to* (any thing—the last hand to

it). ∾ extremam mānum bello. *V.* sūpremam bellis mānum. *O.* *See* FINIO. **4.** *To place at the head, set over as lord.* ∾ vīrum toti mundo. *L.* dōmīnum pōtentem (pātrīæ). *V.* [† Præficio, præpono.] **5.** *To put* or *cast into.* ∾ setas ignibūs sācris. *V.* In ignem. *Ter.* [† Infēro, injicio.] **6.** *To deposit, lay in.* ∾ sōclo sēpulcro (membrā). *O.* [† Infēro, depono, rēpono.] **7.** *To impose a duty, business.* [† Defēro, committo.] **8.** *To impose upon, cheat* (with dat.). ∾ barbato regi. *J.* Impōsŭit mihī caupo. *M.* *See* DECIPIO.

IMPORTO, as. **1.** *To introduce, import.* **2.** Us. *To cause, occasion* (draw or bring in, upon). ∾ ōdīum lībellis. *H.* luctum sibī. *Ph.* *See* INFERO.

IMPORTUNŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Dangerous, disastrous, ill-omened.* Bellum importunum cum gentē dēorum (gĕrīmŭs). *V.* ∾-æ vōlūcres. *V.* ∾ Cāphareus. *O.* [† Infaustŭs, funestŭs, infestŭs.] **2.** *Grievous, harassing.* ∾ paupĕries. *H.* [† Grāvis, mŏlestŭs.] **3.** *Troublesome, importunate* (of persons). *H.* [† Grāvis, mŏlestŭs, ōdīosŭs, invisŭs.]

IMPŌS, ŏtĭs (*with* sūi, ānīmi, &c.). *Not master of himself.* Quŏd ullā conjux perfīda atque impos sūi. *Sen.* [† Impōtens, amens.]

IMPŌSĬTŬS, *and* IMPOSTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* IMPONO.

IMPŌTENS, entĭs. **1.** *Powerless.* ˘Inulta cessērāt impōtens Tellurĕ. *H.* [† Debīlis; *sts.* victŭs.] **2.** *Not master of.* ∾ consilii. *Sen.* [† Impōs.] **3.** Us. *Not master of himself; violent, furious.* ∾ quidlibet sperarĕ; āquilo. *H.* āmōr. Fĕr ∾-tā frātā. *Cat.* [† Insanŭs, demens, fūrens, vīolentŭs.]

IMPŌTENTIĀ, æ. *f.* **1.** *Weakness.* (Impōtens.) *Ter.* **2.** *Violence, want of control.* *H.*

IMPRANSŬS, ă, um. *Not having eaten, fasting.* *H.* [† Inceenatŭs, jejunŭs.]

IMPRĔCŎR, ārĭs. *To imprecate, curse, call down evil upon.* Littŏrā littŏrĭbus contrarĭā, fluctĭbūs undas Imprĕcŏr &c. *V.* Crēl. Dirā prĕcŏr. Mālā omnīā posco. Diris– devŏvĕo, incesso, āgo, ŏnĕro. Mālā multā prĕcŏr. Cāpĭti dirā cāno. Pœnas posco. Hostili prĕcĕ detestŏr. *See* VÆ.

IMPRIMIS, INPRIMIS, *or* IN PRIMIS. *adv.* **1.** *Above all, especially, principally.* Imprimis vĕnĕrarĕ dĕos &c. *V.* *See* PRÆCIPUE. **2.** *First, first of all.* *See* PRIMUM.

IMPRIMO, ĭs, essi, essum. **1.** *To press.* Non lĕvĭŏr cippus nunc imprĭmĭt ossā. *Pers.* *See* PREMO. **2.** *To impress, press upon, set a mark upon.* ∾ nūmĕros ăcervis. *V.* hostilē ăratrum muris; nōtam lābris dentē. *H.* [† Signo, figo, infigo; *sts.* Inuro.]

IMPRŎBĬTAS, ātĭs. *f.* *Want of probity, depravity, wickedness.* Gaudĕt, ĕt imprŏbĭtas munĕrĭs instār hābĕt. *O.* *See* SCELUS, NEQUITIA.

IMPRŎBO, as. *To disapprove, condemn.* Imprŏbāt has pastŏr. *O.* Pĕr imprŏbāturum Jōvem. *H.* [† Damno, culpo, argūo.] *See* CULPO.

IMPRŎBŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Improbus. Fingĕ tāmen te Imprŏbŭlum. *J.*

IMPRŎBŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Bad, of a bad quality.* Oret clāinas panis imprŏbi buccas. *M.* Flos ∾. *St.* ∾-æ mercēs. *Pl.* [† Mālŭs, pravŭs.] **2.** *Bad, dishonest, unprincipled.* [† Mālŭs, nĕfārĭŭs, perversŭs.] **3.** *Bad, malicious, cruel.* ∾ illĕ pŭer (Cūpido). *V.* Lāvit ∾-ă ōrā crūŏr (de lēonē). *V.* *See* SÆVUS. **4.** *Knavish, crafty.* *O. V.* **5.** *Indecent, shameless, profligate.* ∾ cīnædūs. *Cat.* ∾-ă carmĭnā. *O.* Turbā lĭcens, Naĭdes ∾-æ. *Sen.* [† Pĕtŭlans, lascivŭs, nequam, obscenŭs.] Fig. **6.** *Huge in size and otherwise; more than commonly great.* Mons ∾. *V.* Hōmĭnem sūpĕr ∾ exīt (*greatly exceeding the common stature.*) *St.* ∾ lābŏr. *V.* somnŭs. *M.* Hence—**7.** *Insatiable, raging with hunger.* ∾ inglŭvĭem piscĭbūs (explēt). *V.* ∾-ă ventrĭs rābĭes. ∾ ansĕr. *V.* ∾-a faucē (lūpŭs). *Ph.* *See* FAMELICUS.

IMPRŎPĔRATŬS, ă, um, *and* IMPRŎPĔRŬS, ă, um. *Sil.* *Not hastened, without haste.* Vestigiā Turnŭs Imprŏpĕrātā rĕfert. *V.* *See* LENTUS.

IMPROVĬDŬS, ă, um. *Without foresight, inconsiderate; not foreseeing* (with gen.). Sūbĭti casus ∾. *J.* Objĭcĭtur mālis, atque improvĭdā pectŏrā turbāt. *V.* [† Incautŭs, &c.] *See* I.

IMPROVISŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Unforeseen, unexpected.* Pĕlāgoquē rĕmenso Improvisi ādĕrunt. *V.* [† ˘Inōpinŭs, Inōpinātŭs, Inexspectātŭs, insperātŭs, rĕpentinŭs, rĕpens, sūbĭtŭs, nōvŭs.] Crēl. Non *or* haud exspectātŭs. **2.** Improviso. De improviso *or* Ex improviso. *Ter.* *Pl.* *Unexpectedly.* Scalæ improviso, sūbĭtusquē apparŭĭt ignis. *V.* *O.* [† Insperato, sūbĭto, antē exspectātum.] Crēl. Mihī non (haud, nĕc) ōpinanti.

IMPRUDENS, tĭs. **1.** *Not knowing, ignorant, unaware.* Dum frons tĕnĕrā, impĭ prudēnsquē lābōrum. *V.* ∾ hunc jācŭlo fixĭt; se cūpĭt (de Narcisso). *O.* [† Insciŭs, nesciŭs, ignarŭs, rŭdĭs.] **2.** *Unarmed, taken by surprise.* Nunquam ∾-ĭbūs imbĕr obfūĭt. *V.* *See* INCAUTUS. **3.** *Off guard, not looking out.* *See* INCAUTUS.

IMPRUDENTIĀ, æ. *f.* *Want of knowledge.* *V.* (*Ciris.*) (Imprudens.) *See* IGNORANTIA.

IMPUBES, ĭs, *and* IMPUBIS, ĕ; *gen.* ĭs *or* ĕrĭs. *m. f.* *Not yet at the age of puberty.* Nam pŭĕr impubes, ĕt ādhuc non utĭlis armis. *O.* ∾-ĭbūs annis. *O.* ∾-es mālæ. *V.* *See* ADOLESCENS.

IMPŬDENS, tĭs. **1.** *Impudent, barefaced.* Illi impŭdenti pennas erĭpĭunt āvi. *P.* [† Audax, invĕrecundŭs.] Crēl. Pŭdorĭs– expers, immĕmŏr, oblitŭs. Pŭdorĭ– pōsĭto, abjecto, exuto. Pŭdorē, pŭdorem exutŭs. Qui pŭdorem pōsŭĭt (mentē expŭlĭt). Qui nil pŭdorĭs hābĕt. Cui nullŭs pŭdŏr. Frontē cārens. Phr. Os hōmĭnis! **2.** *Shameless, immodest* (especially of a woman). ∾ liqui pātrĭos pĕnates. *H.* [† Invĕrecundŭs, impŭdicŭs, prŏcax, prŏtervŭs.] Phr. Cui pŭdorĭs cūrā omnis ābĭit. Cui contemptā jācent pŭdorĭs frenā. *See* Crēl. *above.*

IMPŬDENTĔR. *Without shame, immodestly.* *M.* *Ter.* [† Prŏcacĭtĕr, prŏterve, audactĕr.]

IMPŬDENTIĀ, æ. *f.* *Impudence, effrontery.* *Ph.* [† Audacĭā, prŏtervĭā.] *See* IMPUDENS.

IMPŬDICŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Shameless, impudent.* *Pl.* **2.** *Unchaste, immodest.* Nāc impŭdĭcā Colchĭs intŭlit pĕdem. *H.* [† Impŭdens, lascivŭs, impurŭs, obscenŭs, imprŏbŭs, nequam, prŏtervŭs, turpis, ignomĭnĭosŭs.] *See* IMPUDENS.

IMPUGNO, as. **1.** *To attack.* *Ph.* [† Aggrĕdĭŏr, impĕto, lăcesso.] **2.** *To attack a work.* *H.* *See* CARPO.

IMPULSŬS, us. *m.* *An impulse given* or *received.* Lit. and fig. Impŭlĭt: impulsu quo maximŭs insōnāt æther. *V.* Dimotis ∾-u pectŏrĭs undis. *O.* [† Pulsŭs; *fig.* instinctŭs.] *See* P.

IMPUNĔ. *adv.* **1.** *With impunity.* Non impunĕ tāmen scĕlŭs hoc sĭnĭt essĕ Lȳæŭs. *O.* **2.** *Without injury* or *loss.* *V.*

IMPUNITAS, ātĭs. *f.* *Impunity.* *Cic.* *See* IMPUNE. Phr. Impunĕ lābĕo. Impunĕ mihī est. Impunitŭs discēdo. Impunĕ fĕrĭo. Impunĕ– sīno, hābĕo. Impunitum– sīno, fĕro, rĕlinquo, dimitto. Res impunitā est.

IMPUNITŬS, ă, um. *Unpunished.* Tergo plectŏr ēnim: qui tu impunitŏr illa? *H.* [† ˘Inultŭs.]

IMPURŬS, ă, um. *Impure, foul; obscene; infamous.* Sed quæ se impuro dedăt ādulterĭo. *Cat.* ∾-æ condĭtŏr histŏrĭæ. *O.* [† Turpis, spurcŭs,

fœdŭs, sordĭdŭs, immundŭs, obscenŭs.] *See* SORDIDUS, IMPUDICUS.

IMPŬTĀTŬS, ă, um. *Unpruned.* ˘Et impŭtātā florĕt usquĕ vinĕā. *H. See* INTONSUS.

IMPŬTO, as. 1. *To reckon in the account.* Fructŭs ămicĭtiæ magnæ cĭbŭs: impŭtāt hunc rex. *J.* (Soles) nobis pĕrĕunt, ĕt impŭtantŭr. *M. See* NUMERO. 2. *To impute, attribute.* ∾ mortem sĕnĭorĭbŭs annis. *O.* [† Trĭbŭo, attrĭbŭo, adscribo, conférō (ĭn).] 3. *To take credit for, make a claim for, make a boast of it.* ∾-ĕt ipsĕ dĕus nectar mĭhĭ, flĕt ăcetum. *M.* [† Jacto.]

IMŬS, ă, um. 1. *The lowest, inmost, deepest; the bottom.* Sed grăvĭter gĕmĭtus imo de pectŏrĕ ducens. *V.* Tellurĕ sŭb ima. *V.* Imo tollĕrĕ de grādu. *H.* [† Infĭmŭs, prŏfundŭs, altŭs, depressŭs, hŭmĭlĭs, demissŭs.] 2. Used of the voice. *A low voice, a low tone.* [† Depressā.] Fig. 3. *The last, the least* (in order). Sŭpĕris dĕorum gratŭs ĕt imis. *H.* [† Hŭmĭlĭs, ultĭmŭs, inférĭŏr.] 4. *The last* (in time). [† Extremŭs, ultĭmŭs, sŭpremŭs.] 5. Imum, imā. *as subst. The bottom.* Ex imo vertĕrĕ ārenas. *O.* Imā pĕtĭt. *V. See* FUNDUS. 6. Imum. *The last part, the end.* Servetŭr ăd imum &c. Mĕdĭo ne discrĕpĕt imum. *H.*

˘IN. *prep.* 1. With abl.: *In, within* (no motion supposed). Matrĭs ĭn alvo. *O.* 2. *In and under.* Vitam amittĭt ĭn undis. *H.* [† Sŭb.] 3. *Upon.* ˘In nĭvĕis ĕquis irĕ. *O.* [† Supĕr.] 4. *Throughout.* Cantari toto ĭn orbĕ. *O.* [† Pĕr.] 5. *In the midst of, amidst.* Mĕdĭis ĭn millĭbŭs. *V.* [† Intĕr.] 6. *Towards, in the case of.* Tallĭs ĭn hostĕ fŭĭt Prĭămo (˘Achilles). *V.* Fecĭt ĭn capta Lyrnassĭdĕ (˘Achilles). *O.* Æquŭs ĭn hostĕ fŭĭt. *Pp.* [† ˘In (*with acc.*), erga.] 7. With the acc. *Into, within* (motion and direction supposed), *unto.* Dĕorum ĭn templā rĕcepti. *H.* [† *Sts.* ˘Ad *or* intra.] 8. *Towards, in respect of.* Notŭs ănĭmi pāterni ĭn fratres. *H.* Comĭs ĭn uxorem. *H.* [† Erga.] 9. *Against.* Armā mŏverĕ ĭn magnos dĕos. *O.* [† Contra, adversŭs, erga.] 10. *Into.* ˘In frustā sĕcarĕ. *V.* Carmĕn ĭn actus deducĕrĕ. *H.* 11. *For, for the purpose of.* ˘In pœnas non sātĭs unŭs ĕrĭs. *O.* Natis ĭn usum lætĭtiæ scỹphis. *H.* ˘In classem cādĭt nĕmŭs. *L.* 12. *Over.* ˘In dŏmĭnam jus est. *O.* [† De.] 13. *Towards, on the side of.* Longŭs ĭn occasum (ăgĕr). *V.* [† Versŭs, ăd.] 14. *Towards, at the approach of.* Adspirant auræ ĭn noctem. *V.* 15. *During.* ˘In omnĕ ævum nobĭlĭs. *H.* [† Pĕr, *or abl. without prep.*] 16. *According to, after the manner.* ˘In morem Sālĭum. *H.* [† Sĕcundum, ex, de.]

˘INABRUPTŬS, ă, um. *Unbroken. St.*

˘INACCESSŬS, ă, um. *Inaccessible. V.* [† Invĭŭs, impervĭŭs, &c.] *See* INVIUS.

˘INĂCESCO, ĭs. *To grow sour.* Lit. and fig. Hæc tĭbĭ per totos ĭnăcescant omnĭā sensus. *O. See* ACESCO.

INĂCHĬX, æ. *f. Argolis.* Est lŏcŭs Inăchĭæ, dixerunt Tartārā gentes. *St.*

INĂCHĬDES, æ. *m.* 1. *Son* or *descendant of Inachus: Epaphus, Perseus.* Inăchĭdes ferrum curvo tĕnŭs abdĭdĭt hamo. *O.* 2. Pl. *The Argives. St.*

INĂCHĬĬS, ĭdĭs. *f. and* INĂCHĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *relating to Inachus, Io,* or *Argos.* Non Inăchĭĭs Acrĭsĭone. *V. Cat.* Inăchĭĭs sese rĕférebāt ăb Argis. *V.* 2. *Used* (Inachis) *for Io. O. See* Io. 3. Inăchĭdēs, um. *pl. The Argives.*

INĂCHUS, i. *m.* 1. *The first king of Argos.* Divesne, prisco natŭs ăb Inăcho. *H.* Crcl. Pătĕr Isĭdĭs. 2. *A river of Argos of the same name. O.* 3. *Used also adj. St.*

˘INADSPECTŬS, ă, um. *Unseen. St. See* INVISUS.

˘INADSUETŬS. *See* INASSUETUS.

˘INĂDUSTŬS, ă, um. *Unburnt.* Jungĭs ĕt ærĭpĕdes Inădusto corpŏrĕ tauros. *O.*

˘INÆQUALĬS, ĕ. 1. *Unequal, of different size,* &c. Quam mālĕ Inæquales vĕnĭant ăd ăratrā jŭvenci. *O.* [† Impar, Inæquatŭs.] Crcl. Non æquŭs, non par. 2. *Inconstant, variable.* ∾-es prŏcellæ. *H.* auctumni. *O.*

˘INÆQUATŬS, ă, um. *Not duly balanced* or *equally distributed. Tib.*

˘INÆSTŬO, as. *To boil, rage. H. See* ÆSTUO.

˘INĂMABĬLĬS, ĕ. *That cannot be loved, revolting, hateful.* Non cādĭt in mores fĕrĭtas Inămabĭlĭs istos. *O.* Pĭlus ∾. *V.* [† Injucundŭs, Inămœnŭs, invisŭs, mŏlestŭs, illætabĭlĭs.]

˘INAMBĬTĬOSŬS, ă, um. *Simple, void of pretence.* Secretos montes ĕt Inambĭtĭosā cŏlĕbāt Rurā. *O.*

˘INAMBŬLO, as. *To walk up and down, take a walk.* Durĭŭs incedit, fāc Inambŭlĕt; omnĕ pĭpillæ &c. *O. See* AMBULO.

˘INĂMŒNŬS, ă, um. *Sad, gloomy, void of all that pleases.* Persĕphŏnen ădĭit, Inămœnăquĕ regnā tĕnentem. *O.* [† Injucundŭs, invisŭs, ingratŭs, Inămabĭlĭs, horrĭdŭs.]

˘INANĂ, ĭs. *n.* 1. *The void of nature.* Namquĕ cănebāt ūti magnum pĕr Inanĕ cŏactā Semĭnā. *V.* [† Văcŭum.] 2. ˘Inanĕ, *and more freq.* ˘Inanĭā. *The space of air.* Longum pĕr Inanĕ sĕcŭtŭs. Cĕleri raptus pĕr Inanĭā vento. *V. See* AER.

˘INANIS, ĕ. 1. *Void, empty.* Lit. and fig. Perquĕ dŏmos Ditis văcŭas ĕt Inanĭā regnā. *V.* Gālĕā ∾. *V.* ˘Anĭmi pectŭs Inanĕ fŭĭt. *O.* ˘Inanĭā verbā. *V.* (sĭnĕ mentĕ.) [† Văcŭŭs; *sts.* cāvŭs.] 2. *Empty-handed.* Janĭtŏr ad dantes vĭgĭlet: si pulsĕt Inanis, Surdŭs. *Pp.* 3. *Bodiless, unsubstantial.* ∾-ĭā nubĭlā. ˘Alĭæ panduntŭr ∾-es suspensæ ăd ventos. *V.* ∾ Imago. *O.* 4. *Dead.* Corpŭs ∾ (de mortŭo). Pulvĭs Inanis ĕram. *O. See* MORTUUS. 5. *Vain, ineffectual.* ∾-es dŏli; ∾ spes. *V.* ŏpĕrā. *H.* [† Vanŭs, irrĭtŭs, cassŭs, futĭlĭs, văcŭŭs.] 6. *Of little weight* or *account* (of persons). *Lr.* [† Lĕvĭs, futĭlĭs.] 7. *Idle, vacant, unimportant* (of time). Tempŭs ∾. *V.*

˘INANITAS. *See* INANIA.

˘INANITĔR. *In vain.* Mĕdĭcas exercĕt Inanĭtĕr artes. *O. See* FRUSTRA.

˘INĂPERTŬS, ă, um. *Not exposed.* Fraudique Inăpertā sĕnectus. *Stl.* [† Clausŭs.]

˘INĂRATŬS, ă, um. *Untilled.* Fruges tellus Inărātā fĕrebāt. *O.* [† Incultŭs.]

˘INARDĔO, es, si, *and* ˘INARDESCO, ĭs. 1. *To take fire, burn.* Quum cærŭlā nubes Solĭs Inardescit rādĭis. *V.* 2. *Fig.* Spĕcĭe præsentĭs (jŭvĕnis) Inarsĭt. *O.*

INĂRĬME, es. *f.* (εἰν Ἀρίμοις.) *An island of the Tuscan Sea, near Campania, called also Ænaria and Pithecusa, under which Typhœus was fabled to lie; Ischia.* Durumquĕ cŭbilĕ Inărĭme Jŏvis impĕrĭis impositā Tỹphœo. *V.* Hæc vĭdĕt Inărĭmen, illi &c. *St.* [† Ænărĭā, Pĭthĕcusā.]

˘INASSUETŬS, ă, um. *Unaccustomed. O.* [† Insuetŭs.]

˘INATTĔNŬATŬS, ă, um. *Undiminished.* Sĕd ĭnattĕnŭātā mănebāt &c. (fāmes). *O. See* INTEGER.

˘INAUDAX, acĭs. *Cowardly, wanting in courage. H. See* IGNAVUS.

˘INAUGŬRO, as. *To inaugurate, instal in office by augury.* Qualĭs ĕrĭt terris, quem Tibrĭs Inaugŭrāt, annŭs. *Cl. See* CONSECRO.

˘INAURĀTŬS, ă, um. *Covered with gold, gilt.* Movĭt Inauratæ pollĭcĕ filā lỹræ. *O.*

˘INAURĬS, ĭs. *f.* 1. *An ear-ring. Pl.* [† Baccā;

ext. lăpis, lăpillŭs.] **Phr.** *Of one wearing earrings.* Aurē lĕves baccæ pendent. Lăpis In aurē lucēt. Căva aurē elapsŭs lăpis pendēt. Aures nĭvĕo lăpĭdē (caris lăpillis, baccis candentĭbŭs) deducĭt *or* ŏnĕrăt. Aurĭbŭs vĭrĭdes baccas suspendĭt. *See* GEMMA, UNIO.

~INAURO, as. *To gild, cover with gold.* **Crol.** Auro– tĕgo, obduco, dĕcŏro.

~INAUSPICATŬS, ă, um. *Inauspicious, undertaken without any* (or under bad) *auspices.* ~Inauspicatos contŭdĭt impĕtus. *H. See* INFAUSTUS.

~INAUSŬS, ă, um. *Unattempted, undared. V.* [† Intentatŭs.]

INCÆDŬUS, ă, um. *Uncut* (speaking of a wood). Multos incædŭă silvă pĕr annos. *O.* **Crol.** Non *or* nulla sĕcuri vĭŏlatŭs. Intactŭs sĕcuri. Longo ævo non vĭŏlatŭs. *See* INTONSUS.

INCALĔO, es, ui, *and* INCALESCO, ĭs. *To become warm, hot, heated.* Lit. and fig. Mœnĭă vicinis incălĭĕrĕ rŏgĭs. *O.* Incălĭitquĕ dĕo. *O.* Incălĭere ănĭmi. *O. See* CALEO.

INCALFACIO, ĭs. *To make warm, to heat.* Ictăquĕ conjectos incalfăcĭt hostĭă cultros. *O. See* CALFACIO.

INCANDESCO, ĭs, dŭi (*from* Incandeo). 1. *To take fire, become very hot.* Vŏlăt illŭd, ĕt incandescĭt ĕundo (plumbum). Incandŭĭt ignĭbŭs ară. *O. See* IGNESCO. 2. *Fig.* Auctumni æstu. *V.* [† Ignesco, fervĕo, flăgro.]

INCANESCO, ĭs, nŭi (*from* Incaneo). *To become white.* Spumis incanŭĭt undă. *Cat.* Incanŭĭt albo florĕ pĭri (ornŭs). *V. See* ALBESCO.

INCANTAMENTUM, i. *n. An incantation.* [† Cantĭs, carmĕn.] *See* MAGICUS.

INCANTATŬS, ă, um. *Enchanted, under incantation. H.* **Crol.** Carmĭnĕ tactŭs.

INCANŬS, ă, um. *White.* Agnosco crines incanăquĕ mentă. *V. See* CANUS.

INCASSUM, *or* IN CASSUM. *adv. In vain. See* CASSUS, FRUSTRA.

INCASTIGATŬS, ă, um. *Unreprimanded. H.*

INCAUTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Incautious, unwary.* Et furtis incautum decĭpĭt hostem. *O.* ~ vulgŭs. *V.* [† Improvĭdŭs, imprudens, nĕc ŏpinŭs, nĕc ŏpinans, inŏpinans, impăratŭs, inconsultŭs.] **Crol.** Nil talĕ tĭmens; *sts.* pŭtans. Pārum cautŭs. 2. *Heedless of, unprepared for what is about to happen. H.* [† Improvĭdŭs, nescĭŭs, ignarŭs, cæcŭs.] 3. Sts. *Unguarded against, unforeseen; that could not be foreseen.* Sub ictu ~-o fĕra. *Sil.* Pĕr ~-as tĕnebras. *L.* ~ scĕlŭs. *Lr. See* IMPROVISUS.

INCEDO, ĭs, essi, essum. 1. *To go, move forward.* Cressu gaudens incedĭt ~Iuli. *V.* [† Grădĭŏr, ambŭlo, ĕo, ingrĕdĭŏr, vado.] *See* EO. 2. Sp. *To move with an air of dignity and consequence.* ~ divum regĭnă. *V.* Sŭperbŭs ~-is. *H.* 3. *To come towards, advance.* [† Vĕnĭo, progrĕdĭŏr.] 4. *To go by vessel.* ~ sŭpĕr Hellesponti frĕtum. *L.* [† ~Eo, curro.] *See* NAVIGO.

INCENDIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A fire, conflagration.* Dispersa immittit silvis incendĭă pastŏr. *V.* Jactas incendĭă dextra. *O.* [† Ignĭs, vulcanŭs, flammă.] **Ep.** Vulcanĭum, răpĭdum, sævum, tristĕ, fŭrens, vāgum, clarum, cŏruscum, rŭtĭlum; fumĭfĕrum, fumans, fumosum. **Crol.** Vulcanĭăpestĭs, ăcĭes, tempestas. Ignĕă tempestas. Ignĭs *or* flammarum turbĭdŭs ardŏr. **Phr.** 1. *Of a house or town on fire.* Totă dŏmŭs– In ignes considĭt; —Vulcano sŭpĕrantĕ rŭinam dăt;—hŭmo fumăt;—ignĭbŭs collucĕt;—Inĭmicis ignĭbŭs ăăĭt:—flammis jăcĕt;—făvilla mersă jăcĕt. Cĕlĕres flammæ (flammæ ĕt incendĭă, fl. fŭrentes) ~ mœnĭă cingunt;—In ædĭbŭs dŏmĭnantŭr;—vĭrĭbŭs indŏmĭtis bacchantŭr;—pĕr liminŭă volvantŭr:—cunctă In cinĕrem vertunt. Flammarum vortex– turrim tĕnĕt;—intĕr tăbŭlată fŭrĭt;—ăd cœlum undăt. 2. Gen. *Of fire raging furiously.* Ignĭs (flammæ, vulcanŭs) immissis hăbenis fŭrĭt. *See* ARDEO, IGNIS, URO. Fig. 3. *Used of the raging of war.* ~-ă belli. *V.* 4. *Used of the flames of love.* ~Allæ Sătÿris incendĭă mitĭă præbent. *O. See* AMOR.

INCENDO, ĭs, i, sum. 1. *To light, set fire to.* Frăgĭles incendĕ bĭtumĭnĕ lauros. *V.* [† Accendo, uro, exuro, inflammo, &c.] 2. *To set fire to a house.* **Phr.** ~In tectă *or* In dŏmum (*or dat.*) Inĭmicum ignem (ăvĭdas făces)– fĕro, jăcĭo. Pĭcem (ceras, ălĭmentă flammæ vărĭă,) tecto &c. suppono *or* submitto; *then*, suppŏsĭtă *or* suppostă accendo. *See* URO, INCENDIUM. Fig. 3. *To give a brilliant, fiery light* or *colour to.* Squamam (anguĭs) ~-ebăt fulgŏr. *V.* ~ dĭgĭtos gemmis. *St.* Quŏd sol incendĕrĕt auro. *O.* 4. *To inflame with love. V.* [† Inflammo.] 5. *To animate, rouse, provoke, incense.* ~ ănĭmum dictis; mequĕ qm quĕrelis. *V.* [† Accendo, ăcŭo, stĭmŭlo, &c.] *See* ACCENDO. 6. *To put into agitation and commotion.* ~ clamorĭbŭs urbem. *V.* clamorĕ nĕmŭs. *St.* [† Turbo, quăto, cĭĕo.]

INCENSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* INCENDO. *Lit. set on fire, burning,* &c. Lit. and fig. ~ urbs; lychnŭs. *V.* [† Ardens, flăgrans, &c.] *See* FLAMMEUS, IRATUS.

INCEPTUM, i. *n.* 1. *A beginning. H. See* INITIUM. 2. *An enterprise, undertaking. O.* [† Cœptum, orsă, exorsă, ausŭs *or* ausus.]

INCERO, as. *To cover, smear with wax.* Fas est gĕnŭa incerarĕ dĕorum. *J.*

INCERTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Uncertain, in doubt.* Incerti quo fată fĕrant. *V.* [† Dŭbĭŭs, anceps, dŭbĭtans, suspensŭs.] *See* DUBIUS. 2. *With the gen.* ~ sălutĭs. *O.* vĭæ. *Sen.* 3. *Loose, of place; not firmly set, not fast.* Collĭgĕre incertos crines. *O.* ~-as ăquas. *O.* ~-ă non bĕnĕ fixŭs acu (*of the hair*). *M.* [† Văgŭs, errans, instăbĭlĭs.] 4. *Not to be depended upon.* ~-o dictas orĕ (blandĭtĭas. *O.* 5. *Light, inconstant.* Incertĭŏr aura. *O. See* LEVIS. 6. *Of doubtful existence* or *power.* Dedĭtă sacris ~-i dĕi (*of the Jews*). *L.* Jurĕ sŭb ~-o mundi. *L.* [† Dŭbĭŭs, ambĭgŭŭs, anceps, dŭbĭtatŭs, &c.] *See* DUBIUS. 7. *Of doubtful event, dangerous.* ~ pĕrĭcŭlă. *V.* [† Dŭbĭŭs, mălĕfĭdŭs, mălĕ tutŭs.]

INCESSO, ĭs, i *or* ivi. 1. (With the dat.) *To come in upon, assail, seize.* Regĭbŭs incessit magno discordĭă motu. *V.* Mĕtŭs hĭs incessĕrăt. *Lr.* 2. (With acc.) *To attack.* ~ muros. *V.* bello. *St.* [† Lăcesso, provŏco.] *See* AGGREDIOR. 3. *To assail with words.* ~ reges dictis. *O.* Incessĕ nunc, ĕt cunctă flagĭtĭă ingĕrĕ. *Sen.* [† Impĕto, lăcesso, insectŏr.] *See* CONVITIOR.

INCESSŬS, us. *m. Carriage, gait, bearing.* Et vera incessu pătŭit dĕă. *V.* [† Grădŭs, gressŭs; *ext.* hăbĭtŭs.]

INCESTO, as. 1. *To pollute, defile.* Totamque incestat funĕrĕ classem (de cădavĕrĕ). *V.* 2. *To dishonour, violate. See* VITIO. 3. Sp. *To defile by incest.* ~ thălămos &c. *V.* grĕmĭum &c. *St.*

INCESTUM, i. *n. and* INCESTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *Defilement, adultery.* Undĕ vĭr incestum scirĕ cŏactŭs ĕrat. *O. See* ADULTERIUM. 2. Sp. *Incest.* **Crol.** Incestŭs tŏrŭs *or* concŭbĭtŭs. Incesti thălămi *or* tŏri. Illĭcĭti tŏri. Incestum nĕfas. Vĕtĭtŭs hÿmĕnæŭs. Inconcessi hÿmĕnæi. Nĕfandŭs ămŏr *or* fŭrŏr. Obscenŭs lectŭs. **Phr.** *To be guilty of incest.* Vĕtĭtos hÿmĕnæos invadĕrĕ. Naturæ fœdŭs vĕtĭto concŭbĭtu pollŭĕrĕ.

INCESTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Defiled by a crime, criminal.* Sæpĕ Dĭcespĭtĕr Neglectŭs incesto addĭdĭt intĕ-

ĭnŏ̆ŭs, ă, um. *Troublesome, disagreeable.* ĭ̆ te parvo bĕĕt, aut incommŏdŭs angăt. [† Mŏlĕstŭs, grăvĭs, ŏdĭosŭs.]

ĭnsĭtŭs, ă, um. *Ill put together, without , without cadence.* Det motus incompŏsĭ- carmĭnă dicăt. *V.* ~-o pĕdĕ (currunt ver- *f.* [† Incondĭtŭs.]

ĭ̆ŭs, ă, um. *Undressed* (of the hair). Lit. . ~ dĕcŏr. *Sen.* [† Neglectŭs.]

ĭ̆ŭs, ă, um. *Forbidden.* Inconcessosque ĭ̆os. *V.* ~ vŏluptas. *O. See* Vetitus.

ĭnŭs, ă, um. *Unrefined, uncouth, inele- f.* [† Incultŭs, rŭdĭs.]

ĭ̆ŭs, ă, um. *Firm, unshaken. L.* [† Fir- ĭbĭ̆factŭs, stăbĭlĭs, immotŭs.]

ĭ̆ŭs, ă, um. 1. *Artless, unstudied; formed lated by no rule* or *principle.* Hæc incon- ĭ̆ĭs Montĭbŭs et silvis stŭdĭo jactabăt *V.* [† Incompŏsĭtŭs.] II. Sts. *Unstored, d. L.*

ĭ̆ĭlĭs, ĕ. *Inconsolable.* Inconsolabĭlĭ Mentĕ gĕrĭt. *O.*

ĭ̆ns, tĭs. *Light, inconstant. See* Incon- ĭ̆ĭa, Levis.

ĭ̆ntĭa, æ. *f.* 1. *Changeableness of na- stability, inconstancy.* Perfĭdă nubĭfĕri ĭ̆constantĭă verĭs. *L.* ~ par hiberno ven- rerum hŏmĭnes versăt. *O.* [† Mobĭlĭ- ĭ̆. lĕvĭtas.] 2. *Fickleness of disposition.* ĭ. *Tib.* [† Mobĭlĭtas, lĕvĭtas.] Phr. *Of le-minded man.* Mentem *or* consĭlĭum ĭ̆n horas. ˘Amată pernix rĕlinquĭt. ˘Eă- ĭ mens nunquam perstăt. Huic veră rĕ- ĭ̆tată lŏco) sententĭă cedĭt.

ĭ̆tŭs, ă, um. 1. *Without advice given.* ĭ̆lti ăbĭ̆unt, sedemque ŏdĕrĕ Sĭbyllæ. *V.* ĭ̆ng *without advice, without thought* or ĭ̆. Pătĭăr ~ băberi. *H.* Turbă ~. *L.*

ĭ̆ptŭs, ă, um. *Unconsumed; everlasting.* ĭ̆turĭs; jŭventas. *O. See* Perpetuus.

ĭ̆ens, tĭs. *One of unchecked passions, li- , incontinent.* Incontĭnentĭs nec Tĭtyĭ *V.* [† Impŭdĭcŭs, lascivŭs.]

ĭ̆o, oxi, octum. *To boil in* or *with.* Hu- rato radices incŏquĕ baccho. *V. See* Co- ĭ̆ccoctus, Uro.

ĭ̆ctŭs, ă, um. *Not corrected. O.* Crol. ĭ̆ haud– correctŭs, emendatŭs.

ĭ̆ptŭs, ă, um. *Uncorrupted, incorruptible.* ĭ̆ptă Fĭdes &c. *H.* Custos incorruptissĭ- *f.* [† Intĕmĕratŭs, invĭŏlatŭs, intĕgĕr, ĭ̆ŭs.]

ĭ̆sco, *or* Increbresco, ĭs, bŭi. *To in- grow more and more, be heard more and* Littŏrĕ misceri, et nĕmŏrum increbre- ĭ̆urmŭr. *V.* Late Lătĭo ~ nomĕn. *V.* [† ĭ̆sco, cresco, augĕŏr, *or* vulgŏr.]

ĭ̆ĭlĭs, ĕ. *Incredible.* Hic incredĭbĭlĭs re- ĭ̆ma occŭpăt aures. *V.* Crol. Fĭde majŏr ĭ̆a. Fĭdem excedens *or* sŭpĕrans. Fĭdem ĭ̆bĭturŭs. Credĭbĭlĭ majŏr. Quĭs credăt? ĭ̆ăăt crediĕrĕ?

ĭ̆lŭs, ă, um. *Incredulous.* Quodcunque ĭ̆ mĭhĭ sic incredŭlŭs odi. *H.*

ĭ̆ntum, i. *n.* 1. *An increase.* Ocĕănus ĭ̆ĭs incrementis Jussŭs ăděst. *L.* [† Aug- ĭ̆ĭctŭs, augmentum.] 2. *That from which ing grows; a root, principle.* Vipĕrĕos pŏpŭli ~-ă fŭturi. *O.* 3. *An offspring.* ĭ̆m Jŏvĭs incrementum. *V. See* Pro-

ĭ̆o, as. *freq. of* Increpo. 1. *To strike.* ~ ĭ̆ dextra. *St.* 2. *To cry* or *call out to any* ĭ̆nce, *to chide, censure.* Tum Bĭtĭæ dĕdĭt ĭ̆tans (pătĕram) [here it is, *challenging him;* ĭ̆a, provocans, &c.]. *V.* Æstatem ~-ans ĭ̆

scram. *V.* Spĕcŭlo rugas ~-antĕ tĭbĭ. *Pp.* 3. *With dat.* ~ tĭbĭ. *Pp.*

Increpo, as, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. Intr. *To make a noise.* Pollĭcĭbus frăgĭles increpŭerĕ mănus. *Pp.* ~ clypĕo. *V.* verbĕrĭs ictu. *O.* [† Crĕpo, sŏno, strĕpo, insŏno.] 2. Tr. *To sound forth, send forth a sound.* Tŭbă sŏnĭtum ærĕ cănoro ~-ŭĭt. *V.* ~-ŭĭerĕ classĭcă signum. *Sil.* [† Crĕpo, do, reddo.] 3. *To fill with sound. See* Persono. 4. *To strike, so as to cause to sound.* ~ mănus; lyram dĭgĭtis. *O.* ~-ŭĭt undă lătŭs (cărinæ). *O.* Phœbŭs me lyra. *H.* [† Fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, tango, impello.] 5. *To speak often of, sing of.* ~-ăt absumptum ˘Ityn. *Pp.* [† Crĕpo, vŏco, cano, ĭtĕro.] Fig. 6. *To reach, affect, disturb.* Sæbellă carmĭnă pectŭs ~-ant. *H.* 7. *To goad* (lit. and fig.), *rouse.* ~ bŏves stĭmŭlo. *Tib.* ănĭmos dic- tis. *V.* [† Impello, hortŏr, ăcŭo, accendo.] 8. *To rebuke, censure, blame.* ~-ŏr a cunctis. *O.* ~-ăt mŏras. *O.* [† Increpĭto, objurgo, castigo, carpo, argŭo.]

Increscо, is, evi. 1. *To grow upon.* ~ gĕnis barbam passŭs est. *L.* cŭti squamas sentĭt. *O.* [† Innascŏr.] 2. *To grow, rise in growth.* Jăcŭlis increvĭt ăcutis (telorum sĕgĕs). *V. See* Cresco.

Incrusto, as. *To coat over. H.*

Incŭbo, as, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To lie down, to recline upon.* Pellĭbŭs incŭbŭĭt stratis. *V.* ~ tŏro. *V.* purpŭra atquĕ auro. *Sen. See* Incumbo. 2. Sp. *To throw himself on the body of a dead* or *dying person.* ~-ăt amissæ. *St.* ~-ŭĭt Magno. *L.* Fig. 3. *To brood over.* ~ defosso auro. *V.* dŏlori. *O.* [† Fŏvĕo.] 4. *To recline against, lean upon.* Hŭmĕro ~-ăt hastă. *O.* 5. *To be spread over.* ~-ăt urbi (cœlum). *V. Fl. See* Immineo. 6. *To hang heavily upon, weigh upon.* ~-ăt nox atră ponto. *V.* mĕtŭs amens. *L.* terris fĕbrĭum cŏ- hors. *H.* menti fŭrŏr. *Sen.* [† Incumbo, prĕmo, invado.]

Inculpatŭs, ă, um. *Irreproachable. O. See* Innocens.

Incultŭs, ă, um. 1. *Uncultivated.* Qui tĕnĕant, nam incultă vĭdet, hŏmĭnesnĕ fĕrænĕ. *V.* [† ˘Inăratŭs.] Phr. *Of an uncultivated country.* Arvă &c. –sentă deformi sĭtu;—rastris intactă; —ăratri nescĭă;—nullo consĭtă cultu;—nĭhĭl junctis bubŭs debentĭă;—nullis vomĕrĭbŭs sau- cĭă;—nullo cultorĕ squalentĭă;—cultorĕ văcan- tĭă. Tellus Cĕrĕrĭs impăttĭens. 2. *Undressed, uncared for, neglected.* ~-i căpilli. *O.* [† In- comptŭs, inconcinnŭs, inornatŭs, sordĭdŭs, squa- lĭdŭs, neglectŭs.] 3. Fig. *Uncultivated, unpo- lished, uncivilized.* ~-i versus. *H.* Læstrygŏnĕs. *Tib.* ~ ingĕnĭum. *H. See* Rudis, Ferus.

Incumbo, is, ŭbŭi, ŭbĭtum. 1. *To recline upon.* Incŭbŭĭtquĕ tŏro, dixitquĕ nŏvissĭmă verbă. *V.* [† Incŭbo; *sts.* jăcĕo, sternŏr.] 2. *To lean upon, be supported by.* Lit. and fig. Incumbunt tectă cŏlumnis. *M.* ~ băcŭlo. *O.* ăratris. *V.* ăllĕnæ famæ. *J.* [† Innitŏr, nitŏr, prĕmo.] Fig. 3. *To hang over, lean over.* ~ ăd amnem (de rupĕ). *V.* Laurŭs incumbens aræ. *V. See* Immineo. 4. *To fall heavily.* Ejecto ~-ĭt cernŭŭs armo (ĕquŭs). *V.* Incŭbŭĭerĕ trăbes. *V. Fl.* Pergămum incŭbŭĭt sĭbĭ. *Sen. See* Procumbo. 5. ~ in glădĭum. *To fall upon his sword. Ph. Sen.* Crol. Ferro impresso letalĕ pectŭs indŭo. Memĕt mucronĕ in- dŭo. 6. *To fall upon, rush upon.* ~ versis tur- mis. *V. Fl.* clamorĕ magno. *V.* [† Irrŭo, rŭo, præcĭpĭto, incurro.] 7. *To set to work at, work diligently at* (with dat. or inf.). ~ remis; sar- cirĕ rŭinas. *V.* [† Stŭdĕo, invĭgĭlo, curo, in- tendo.]

Incunabŭlă, orum. *n. pl. Swaddling-clothes, a cradle.* Lit. and fig. Certe ĕgo non pătĭar, Jŏvĭs incunabŭlă, Creten. *O. See* Cunæ.

INCURIA, æ. *f. Want of care, heedlessness.* Quas aut incuriâ fudit. *H.*

INCURRO, is, ri, rsum. 1. *To run at* or *upon, to assault.* Cervâ, nĕc armentis ~ fortibŭs ursi. *O.* [† Incurso, irrŭo, irrumpo, ferŏr, &c.] *See* IRRUO. 2. *Freq. of combatants.* ~ In hostes. *M.* muris. *Sil.* densis armis. *V.* 3. *To fall upon, meet with. See* INCIDO.

INCURSO, as. *freq. of* Incurro. 1. Intr. *To run at* or *upon, to assault. St. See* INCURRO. 2. *With dat.* ~ rupibŭs; ramis. *O.* 3. Tr. *With acc.* ~ tectâ tŭmultu. *St.*

INCURSŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A shock, encounter.* ~ nimbosi turbĭnis. *O.* [† Impĕtŭs, vis.] 2. *An attack, incursion.* ~ lŭporum. *V.*

INCURVATUS, ă, um. *Bent, curved. O.* [† Dŭplĭcatŭs.] *See* INCURVUS.

INCURVO, as. *To bend, curve.* Lit. and fig. ~ virĭbŭs arcus. *V.* gurgĭtĕ remos. *Cat. See* CURVO, FLECTO.

INCURVUS, ă, um. 1. *Bent, curved.* ~ ăratrum. *V.* cărinâ. *O. See* CURVUS. 2. *Bent by age. Ter.*

INCUS, udis. *f. An anvil.* Lit. and fig. Gĕmĭt impŏsĭtis incudĭbŭs Ætnâ. *V.* Incudi reddĕrĕ versus. *H.* Ep. Ferrĕâ, durâ, grăvĭs, sŏnans.

INCUSO, as. *To accuse, blame, complain of.* Magnaque incusat vocĕ Lătinum. *V.* [† Culpo, argŭo, damno, objurgo, increpo, &c.] *See* CULPO.

INCUSTODITUS, ă, um. *Unguarded.* Incustoditum captăt ŏvilĕ lŭpŭs. *O.*

INCUSUS, ă, um. *Indented by hammer-work, wrought upon the anvil; wrought.* Lăpĭdemquĕ rĕvertens Incusum, aut atræ massam plĭcĭs urbĕ rĕportăt. *V.* Incusâ pingui auro donâ. *Pers.*

INCŬTIO, is, ussi, ussum. 1. *To strike, inflict a blow; to strike* (drive) *against.* tr. Noc cŏlăphum incŭtĭmus lambenti crustŭlâ servo. *J.* ~ verbĕrĭ. *Sen.* [† Infligo, impingo.] 2. *To strike the chords of the lyre.* [† Pulso, impello.] 3. Fig. *To strike* or *put* (power, fear, &c.) *into.* ~ vim ventis. *V.* ~-It umbrâ mĕtum. *O.* ~ mĭnas. *O.* desiderĭum. *H.* [† Immitto, injĭcio, infĕro, affĕro, importo.]

INDAGATOR, oris. *m. A tracker. Pl.* (Indago.) Lit. and fig.

I. INDAGO, as. *To track, search out with care.* Eo si pacto possĕt indagarĭ. *Pl.*

II. INDAGO (*obs.*), *abl.* INDAGINĔ. *f. The line of nets set round a wood by hunters; perhaps of the men themselves; a line of troops.* Saltus indagĭnĕ cingunt. *V.* and *O.* Silvas vasta indagĭnĕ claudĭt. *L. See* RETE, VENOR.

INDĔ. 1. *Thence* (of place). Divellĭmŭr indĕ &c. *V.* [† Illinc; *sts.* hinc.] 2. Hinc . . . indĕ, *and* indĕ . . . indĕ. *From this side, and from that. See* HINC. 3. *Thence* (of cause). Indĕ flŭunt lăcrĭmæ. *V.* [† Hinc, Idĕo, idcirco.] Crcl. Ex hoc. ~Ob id.] 4. *Then, after that, thence* (of time). Indĕ tŏro pătĕr Æneas sic orsŭs ăb alto. *V. See* DEINDE.

INDEBITUS, ă, um. *Not due.* Da, non indebĭtâ posco. *V.* [† Indignŭs, immĕrĭtŭs. Crcl. Non debĭtŭs, non justŭs.

INDĔCENS, tis. *m. and* INDĔCENTĔR. *adv. Unseemly.* ~Octŭloquĕ ludos spectăt indĕcens uno. *M. See* TURPIS *and* TURPITER.

INDĔCŎRIS, ĕ, *and* INDĔCORUS, ă, um. *Without honour, inglorious, disgraceful.* Non ĕrĭmus regno indĕcŏres, nec vestrâ fĕrĕtŭr &c. *V.* Non indĕcoro pulvĕrĕ sordĭdos. *H.* [† ~Inhŏnestŭs, Inhŏnorŭs, inglorĭŭs, turpis, deformis.]

INDEFESSUS, ă, um. *Unwearied.* Dextra răpĭt indefessâ bĭpennem. *V.* Crcl. Lăborĕ invictŭs.

INDEFLETUS, ă, um. *Unwept.* Qui lăcrĭment, desunt, indefletæquĕ văgantŭr. *O.* [† Infletŭs, indeploratŭs.]

INDELEBĬLIS, ĕ. *Indelible, everlasting.* Nomenque ĕrĭt indelebĭlĕ nostrum. *O. See* IMMORTALIS.

INDELIBATUS, ă, um. *Untouched, from which nothing has been taken.* Indelibatas cunctâ sequuntŭr ŏpes. *O.* [† Illibatŭs, intactŭs, intĕgĕr.]

INDEPLORATUS, ă, um. *Undeplored.* Indeploratum barbărâ terrâ tĕgĭt. *O. See* INFLETUS.

INDEPRENSUS, ă, um. *Undiscovered, unnoticed.* ~ errŏr. *V.* ~-ă vestigĭâ. *St.* [† Invisŭs, cæcŭs, lătens.]

INDESERTUS, ă, um. *Unforsaken.* Indesertâ mĕo pectŏrĕ regnâ gĕrĕ. *O.*

INDESTRICTUS, ă, um. *Untouched, unwounded. O.*

INDETONSUS, ă, um. *Unshorn, with flowing locks.* Addĭtŭr his Nysæus, indetonsusquĕ Thŷoneus. *O.* [† Intonsŭs.]

INDEVITATUS, ă, um. *Not avoided; unavoidable.* Indevitato trajecit pectŏrĕ telo. *O. See* INEVITABILIS.

INDEX, ĭcis. *m. f.* 1. *One that informs.* An quŏd In armâ prĭor nulloquĕ sŭb indĭcĕ veni? *O.* ~ mălorum (Musâ). *O.* [† Auctŏr.] Ep. Verŭs, tutŭs, fallax, mendax, mălĕfidŭs. 2. *Any thing that acts as a sign, mark, index.* Auctoris sŭi annŭlŭs ~. *O. See* INDICIUM. 3. *The title of a book, frontispiece. M.; an inscription upon a painting* or *statue. Tib.* [† Titŭlŭs, ĕpĭgrammâ.] 4. *m. The forefinger* (*digitus* expressed or understood). Indĭcĕ monstrarĕ dĭgĭto. *H.* 5. *A touchstone. O.*

INDI, orum. *m. pl. The Indians;* hence, freq. *The Æthiopians, Arabians, Persians. V.* &c. Ep. ~Eoi, longinqui, extremi, rĕmoti; fusci, nĭgri, cŏlorati, tosti, usti, ădusti, sĭtĭentes. Crcl. Indi pŏpŭli. Indĭcâ gens. ~Eoæ gentes. ~Eoi orbis cultores.

INDIA, æ. *f. The country so called.* Indĭâ mittĭt ĕbŭr. *V.* Ep. Extremâ, rĕmotâ, ultĭmâ, dislŭâ; divĕs, ŏpŭlentâ, aurifĕrâ, gemmifĕrâ, tostâ, ădustâ. Crcl. Indâ, Indĭcâ, Hŷdaspĕâ, Gangetĭcâ, Gangetis -terrâ, tellus, orâ, plăgâ, rĕgio. ~Eoi tractus. ~Eoŭs orbis. Ultĭmâ terrâ.

INDICIUM, ii. *n.* 1. *A charge, deposition against.* Insontem infando indĭcio, quŏd bellâ vĕtabăt. *V. See* INDICO (I.). 2. *An indication, evidence.* Mores ~ nobĭlĭtatis hăbent. *O.* [† Signum, argumentum, spĕcĭmĕn.] Ep. Verum, ăpertum, fidum, mănifestum; dŭbĭum, incertum, fallax, obscurum, anceps. 3. *A sign, mark. H.* [† Signum, nŏtâ.] 4. *A trace.* ~-ă vĭarum. *V. See* VESTIGIUM.

I. INDICO, as. *To point out, show.* Indĭcĕt ut nomen littĕrâ factâ tŭum. *Tib.* [† Ostendo, detĕgo, signĭfĭco, ăpĕrio, pătĕfăcio.] Crcl. Indĭcĭum (signum, signâ) -făcio, do, edo. Res indĭcio *or* indĭcĭum est. *See* DETEGO.

II. INDICO, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To make known, declare, announce.* Divum templis indĭcĭt hŏnorem. ~ Itĕr. *V.* pŏpŭlis bellum. *O.* Chŏros indixit tibĭâ. *V.* [† Denuntio, declaro.] 2. *To enjoin, appoint. See* IMPONO.

INDICTUS, ă, um. *part. of* Indico. 1. *Announced* ~-æ dapes. *O.* [† Dictŭs.] 2. *Appointed.* Munus ~-um vĭris. *Sen.* 3. (*From* in *priv.* and dictus.) *Unsaid, unrecorded.* ~-um orĕ ălio. *H.* ~ carmĭnĭbŭs. *V.* [† Immĕmŏratŭs.]

INDICUS, ă, um. *Indian.* Non aurum aut ĕbŭr Indĭcum. *H.* [† Indŭs.] 2. ~ mărĕ, ăquâ, &c. *Indian Sea. O.* [† ~Erythræum, ĕoum.]

INDIGĒNA, æ. *m. f. A native of the country, indigenous.* Indĭgĕnæ Sidonĭdâ nomĭnĕ dicunt. [† Incŏlâ.]

INDIGĒO, es, ŭi. *To want, need, stand in need.* Quin tu ălĭquid saltem pŏtĭus, quorum indĭgĕs usŭs (pŏras)? *V.* [† ~Egĕo, rĕquiro; *sts.* cărĕo.] Crcl. ~Opŭs hăbĕo. ~Opŭs est mĭhĭ.

INDIGĒS, ĕtis. *m.* INDIGĒTES, um. *m. pl. A d*

fied hero or heroes (used of men deified after death, and thus become the tutelary deities of the country). Indĭgĕtem Æneam scis ipsâ, et scirĕ fatĕrĭs, . . . Deberi cœlo. *V.* Di pătrĭi indĭgĕtes! *V.* [† Pătrĭi.]

Indignātus, ă, um. *Confused, disorderly.* Rŭdĭs indiges-ăquĕ moles. *O.* ∾-ă cŏmas. *Cl.* [† Confusŭs, incondĭtŭs.]

Indignans, tis. *Incensed, enraged, chafing at.* Longam indignantĭ pacem (cordă). *Sil.* *See* Iratus, Impatiens.

Indignatiō, onis. *f. Indignation, scorn.* "Ut ŏrā vertăt huc ĕt huc ĕuntĭum Liberrĭma indignatiō! *H.* Fĭcĭt indignatiō versum. *J.* *See* Ira.

Indignātus, ă, um. *Chafing, spurning with disdain, raging.* Pontem ∾ "Araxes. *V.* [† Indignans, impătĭens.] *See* Iratus.

Indigne. *adv. Unworthily, shamefully; cruelly.* Indigne fratĕr ădemptĭ mĭhĭ! *Cat.* [† Mălĕ, fœde; crudelĭtĕr.] **Crol.** Indignis mŏdis.

Indignŏr, ăris. *To be indignant at, be angry.* Et casum insontis mecum indignabăr ămici. *V.* Indignŏr, quandoquĕ dormităt Hŏmerŭs. *H.* [† Irascŏr, succensĕo.] **Crol.** Indigne, ægre, grăvĭtĕr fĕro.] *See* Irascor.

Indignŭs, ă, um. 1. *Undeserving.* Qui stultŭs hŏnores Sæpĕ dăt indignis. *H.* [† Immĕrĭtŭs, immĕrens.] 2. *Unworthy, little worthy.* ∾-ŭs ăvorum. *V.* Cĕvĕ faxis te quidquam indignum. *H.* ∾-ă rĕferri (fabŭlă). *O.* **Crol.** Non *or* haud dignŭs. 3. *Disgraceful, base.* ∾ făcĭnŭs. *Ter.* ∾-os ădĭtŭrĕ lăbores. *V. Fl.* *See* Turpis. 4. *That which one has not deserved, harsh, cruel.* Quæ causă ∾-ă turbavĭt vultus? *V.* ∾-a mortĕ pĕremptum. *V.*

Indigŭs, ă, um. *Needy, in want.* "Opisque haud indĭgă nostræ. *V.* *See* Egens.

Indiscrētus, ă, um. *Not to be distinguished* or *known apart.* Sĭmillĭmă proles, Indiscrētă sŭis, gratusquĕ pārentĭbŭs error. *V.*

Indo, is, idi, itum. 1. *To put within* or *on, to insert; to force, pour in.* Dum dĭgĭtos amentis indĕrĕ tento. *O.* ∾ servis compĕdes. *Pl.* [† Insĕro, immitto; *sts.* infundo.] 2. *To give, add* (*i.e.* put on or to). ∾ nomĕn. *Pl.* [† Addo, impono.]

Indŏcilis, ĕ. 1. *Indocile, not to be taught* or *civilized, unruly.* Is gĕnŭs indŏcĭle ac dispersum montĭbŭs altis. *V.* [† Rŭdĭs, ăgrestis, fĕrŭs, aspĕr.] 2. *Untaught, not knowing how.* ∾-es lugerĕ. *Sen.* [† Ignarŭs, rŭdĭs.] 3. *Impracticable, unmanageable, not to be brought* or *induced* (to do). ∾ terrā cĕrĕri; pacĭs. *Sil.* privatā lŏqui. *L.* tĕneri (ĕquŭs). *St.* [† Ignarŭs, nescĭŭs, indoctŭs, impătĭens.] **Crol.** Non *or* haud -dŏcilis, făcĭlis. 4. *Homely, simple, artless* (untaught by art). ∾-i guttŭrĕ vernăt ăvis; nŭmĕro (*i.e.* cantu) versăt ŏnŭs. *O.* [† Rŭdĭs.] 5. *Unsought.* ∾-es currit lymphā vias. *Pp.* ("at its own sweet will.")

Indoctus, ă, um. 1. *Ignorant, unlearned.* [† Impĕrĭtŭs, rŭdĭs, ignarŭs.] **Crol.** Doctrinæ *or* Pallādĭs expers. Nullis artĭbŭs imbutŭs. Nullas pĕr artes excultŭs. 2. *One who has not learnt* (to do some particular thing), *is unskilled, unknowing* (in it). ∾ jūgā ferrĕ; pīlæ, disci, trŏchi. *H.* [† Rŭdĭs, nescĭŭs, indŏcĭlis, &c.] 3. *Homely, simple, artless, skill-less.* ∾-a rĕférens carmĭnā fistŭla. *Sen.* Cănit ∾-um (*adv.*). *H.* [† Rŭdĭs, indŏcĭlis.] *See* Doctus.

Indŏles, is. *f. The natural character and capabilities.* Quid pĭĭs Æneas tanto dăbĭt indŏlĕ dignum? *V.* [† Ingĕnĭum, natŭrā, mores, mens, ănĭmŭs.] **Ep.** Bŏnā, egregĭā, gĕnĕrosā, præstans. *Sen.* Ingenium.

Indŏlesco, is, lŭi (*from obs.* Indoleo). *To grieve about, to grieve.* Indŏlŭit quod non mĕlĭorā pĕtissĕt. *O.* ∾-ŭĭt facto; ĭd ipsum (Juno). *O.* *See* Doleo.

Indŏmitus, ă, um. 1. *Untamed* (of animals), *untameable, not broken in.* Lĕpŏrem sectatŭs, ĕquovĕ Lassŭs ăb indŏmĭto. *H.* [† Indŏcĭlis, aspĕr, invictŭs, insŭpĕrabĭlis.] **Crol.** Non antĕ dŏmabĭlis. Nulla dŏmabĭlis artĕ. Rĕgi -nescĭŭs, impătĭens, indŏcĭlis. Qui parerĕ *or* rĕgi nĕgăt. Qui frenos non pătĭtŭr. 2. Fig. Gen. *Ungovernable, uncontrolled, unsubdued.* ∾-æ iræ; (incendĭi) vires. *V.* ∾ censŭs (*unbounded*). *J.* ămŏr. *O.* mors. *H.* [† Aspĕr, effrenĭs, effusŭs, ingens, vĕhĕmens.]

Indormio, is. *To sleep upon. H.* *See* Dormio.

Indotatus, ă, um. 1. *Without a dowry, unportioned.* Indotatā mĭhi sŏrŏr est, pauperĕŭlā matĕr. *H.* **Crol.** Sĭnĕ dotĕ. Dotĕ cassŭs. 2. *Without the proper honours.* Dantŭr In rŏgos indotatā corpŏrā. *O.*

Indŭbito, as. *To entertain a doubt of, mistrust.* Virĭbŭs indŭbĭtarĕ tŭis. *V.* *See* Diffido.

Induciæ, arum. *f. pl. A truce, suspension of arms; any truce.* Induciæ te matĕr exĭgŭas rŏgăt. *Sen.*

Induco, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To conduct into, introduce.* Deindĕ sātis flŭvĭum inducit rivosquĕ sĕquentes. *V.* ∾ messorem arvis. *V.* exceptos tectis. *Sil.* [† Introduco, immitto.] Fig. 2. *To introduce.* ∾ nŏvos mores. *St.* [† Infĕro, invĕho.] 3. *To bring on* or *draw over* (as a covering). ∾ tĕnĕbras terris; nubĭlā. *O.* cæstus mănĭbŭs. *V.* [† Obduco.] 4. *To cover.* ∾ fontes umbra. *V.* postes plĕ. *Pl.* hŭmĕros ămictu. Induci tŭnĭca artus. *St.* [† Tĕgo, obtĕgo; *sts.* indŭo.] *See* Vestio. 5. ∾ ănĭmum (*and* In ănĭmum). *To induce, persuade oneself. H.* Nam qui huic assentari ănĭmum induxĕrĭs. *Ter.* [† Adjĭcĭo, applĭco, appello (is). 6. *To bring to a point* or *determination; to persuade. Ter.* [† Impello, adduco, persuadĕo.] 7. *To draw in* (take in, or lead into errour). "Ut inducăr, offers blandos vultus. *Tib.* *See* Decipio.

Inductus, ă, um. 1. *Led, drawn into* or *upon.* Presĭt ĕt inductis membrā pāternā rŏtis. *O.* (*Ib.*) 2. Us. *Covering over* or *covered over.* ∾-o candĭdā barbā gĕlu. Fūgant ∾-as flamĭnā nubes. ∾ terrā; aurum cornĭbŭs. *O.* 3. Fig. *Induced, persuaded. V.*

Indulgens, tis. *Indulging* or *indulgent; easy.* ∾ sĭbĭ hydrops. *H.* ănĭmo. *O.* [† Făcĭlis.]

Indulgentia, æ. *f.* 1. *Softness.* ∾ cœli. *V.* [† Clementĭā.] 2. Fig. *Kindness, indulgence.* Căpĭt ∾ mentes. *O.* [† Clementĭā, lenĭtas.] *See* Bonitas.

Indulgĕo, es, si, *sts.* tum. 1. Intr. *To show kindness to, favour.* Tu, cujŭs ĕt annis Et gĕnĕri fata indulgent. *V.* Licĕt hæc ∾-ĕăt ausis. *O.* *See* Faveo. 2. *To be tender, to pardon.* Hactĕnŭs indulsissĕ vācăt. *V.* *See* Ignosco. 3. ∾ ănĭmo, ănĭmis, Gĕnio. *To do as one pleases, humour the inclination, follow pleasure,* &c. ∾-ent ănĭmis, ĕt, quid utĭlĕ, nullā curā est. *O.* **Crol.** Morem gĕro. *See* Animus, Genius. 4. *To give oneself up to, be given to, indulge in.* ∾ lăbori; chŏrĕis. *V.* lăcrĭmis. *V. Fl.* thĕatris. *O.* [† Inservio, incumbo.] **Crol.** Me do *or* trado. 5. Tr. *To grant* (gen. largely, or in a spirit of favour and indulgence). Si cunctos Ilĭĭcon ∾-ĕăt amnes. ∾ jŭvĕni cŭrulĕ ĕbŭr; thălămos. *St.* mŏras ămori. *V. Fl.* ventri non omnĭ lĕgumĕn. *J.* [† Do, permitto, concedo, largĭŏr.]

Indŭo, is, i, utum. 1. *To put* (a garment) *on a person; to dress, cover* (another) *with a garment* (garment *acc.*, person *dat.*). Et vestes humĕris indŭĭt ipsā mĕis. *O.* Harum unam jŭvĕni . . . ∾-it. *V.* [† Induco, circumdo.] *See* Vestio.

2. ∾ vestem (sc. mihi), *or* me vestĕ. *To clothe oneself, put on one's own garments.* Lit. and fig. ∾ pallam. *V.* lugŭbrĭă. *O.* [† Indŭŏr, inducŏr, &c.] *See* VESTIOR. 3. With armă, &c. *To arm* (another, or oneself). ∾-ĭt armă tĭbĭ gĕnĭtŏr. *O.* Quĭs justŭs ∾-ĭt armă. *L. See* ARMO. 4. With various acc., according to the subject. *To take,* or *give others, a new form* or *appearance.* Lit. and fig. ∾ hŏmĭnum fĭgŭras. *O.* pŭĕri vultus; (hŏmĭnes) In vultus ac tergă fĕrarum. *V.* vultus măgĭs sĕvĕros. *M.* iras. *Sil.* [† Sumo, căpĭo.] 5. ∾ qm. *To think* or *act in the spirit of another.* Indŭĕ mentĕ pătrem. *Cl.* [† Gĕro, ăgo.] 6. Fig. *To cast upon, produce, effect* (in others). ∾ cunctis pĂvorem. *Sil.* [† Injĭcĭo, addo, immitto, incŭtĭo.] [*Impropr.* of *trees.* ∾ se pomis, ∾ se In florem. *V.*]

INDŬŎR. *pass.* 1. *To be put upon* (as a dress). Indŭĭturque hŭmĕris cum lato purpŭrĕ clavo. *O.* [† Circumdŏr, injĭcĭŏr.] 2. *To put on* (as dress); *to take* or *put on* (as arms). ∾-ĭtŭr atras vestes. *O.* clypĕi insignĕ dĕcorum. *V. See* INDUO, ARMOR. 3. Fig. *To be given, added.* ∾-ĭtŭr ferro splendŏr. *Sil.*

INDURESCO, ĭs, ŭi (*from obs.* Indureo). 1. *To grow hard;* and fig. *hardy.* Totos indurŭĭt artus. *L.* Indurŭĭt usu (corpŭs). *O.* [† Indurŏr, duresco, rĭgesco.] 2. *To freeze.* Stirĭă indurŭĭt barbis. *V. See* GELOR.

INDURO, as. *To harden, make hard* (sts. by frost). Congĕlăt, et pătŭlos, ŭt ĕrant, indurăt hĭatus. *O.* [† Duro, adstringo, prĕmo; *sts.* gĕlo, congĕlo.]

INDŬS, i. *m.* I. *The river Indus. L.* II. 1. *An Indian. Cl. See* INDI. 2. Us. adj. *Indian.*

INDUSTRIA, æ. *f. Industry, activity, carefulness.* Sed non ullă măgis vires industrĭă firmăt. *V.* [† Cură, dilĭgentĭă, lăbŏr, solertĭă, ars, sedŭlĭtas.] Ep. Acrĭs, strenŭă, vĭgĭl, solers, săgax, callĭdă. *See* SEDULITAS, LABOR.

INDUSTRIŬS, ă, um. *Active, careful. J.* [† Acĕr, strenŭŭs, gnavŭs, promptŭs, solers.] *See* GNAVUS.

INDUTIÆ. *See* INDUCIÆ.

INDUTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* INDUO. 1. *Clothed, covered.* Qui rĕdĭt exŭvĭas indutŭs ˘Achillĭs. *V.* [† Tectŭs, vestitŭs, ŏpertŭs.] 2. *That which is put on.* ∾-æ vestes. *V.* [† Sumptŭs.]

˘INEBRIO, as. *To make drunk.* Lit. and fig. Et mĭsĕram vinosŭs Inebrĭĕt aurem. *J.* (*bewilders it, or pours his drunkenness into it.*) Crcl. Vino mergo, *or* obrŭo; multis cŭlullis urgĕo. *See* EBRIUS.

˘INEBRIŎR. *pass. To be drunk.* Crcl. Vino (baccho, lÿæo) -implĕŏr, obrŭŏr, solvŏr, nato; mentem In pocŭlă mergo. *See* EBRIUS.

˘INĔDIA, æ. *f. Want of food, starvation.* Quid multa? Inĕdĭa sunt consumpti cum sŭis. *Ph. See* FAMES.

˘INEDITŬS, ă, um. *Unpublished.* Essent et jŭvĕnes, quorum quŏd Inedĭtă cura est. *O.*

˘INELĔGANS, tĭs. *Without grace, without elegance.* Ni sint illĕpĭdæ atque Inelĕgantes. *Cat.*

˘INELUCTABĬLIS, ĕ. *Not to be struggled against, inevitable.* Venit summă dĭes ĕt Incluctabĭlĕ tempŭs. *V.* [† Insŭpĕrabĭlĭs.]

˘INEMPTŬS, ă, um. *Unbought.* Dăpĭbus mensas ŏnĕrabăt Inemptis. *V.* [† *Sts.* Sŭŭs, prŏprĭŭs.] Crcl. Non *or* haud emptŭs.

˘INENARRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Not to be told* or *described.* Vis dărĕ majŭs ădhuc ĕt Inenarrabilĕ munŭs? *M.*

˘INĔO, is, ivi *or* ĭi, ĭtum. 1. *To enter into.* Nomĭnĕ divorum thălămos Inirĕ pŭdicos. *O.* ∾ lucĭdas sedes &c. *H.* [† Ingrĕdĭŏr, intro, sŭbĕo.] *See* INTRO. 2. *To rush upon, attack.* Nec Tĭtŷon vŏlŭcres Inĕunt ˘Achĕrontĕ jăcentem. *Lr.* [† Impĕto, invado, aggrĕdĭŏr.] 3. *To enter upon, undertake.* ∾ consĭlĭum; vĭam (*begin a journey*). *O.* [† Suscĭpĭo, aggrĕdĭŏr, căpĭo.] 4. ∾ bellum, prœlĭă, pugnam, &c. *See* PUGNO. 5. ∾ gratĭam. *See* GRATIA. 6. ∾ somnum. *See* DORMIO. 7. ∾ fœdŭs. *See* FŒDUS. 8. ∾ munŭs, &c. *V. To undertake an office* or *duty.* [† Suscĭpĭo, præsto, implĕo.] 9. *Pass.* Nĕmŭs nullis Inĭtŭr ĕquis. *O.* RĂtĭo Inĕundă est mĭhĭ. *Ter.*

˘INEPTE. *adv. Foolishly. H.* [† Stulte.]

˘INEPTIÆ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *Fooleries, follies.* Nec tu quid făcĭas Ineptĭarum. *Cat.* [† Stultĭtĭă.] *See* S. 2. *Trifles; trifling, light compositions. Cat.* [† Nugæ.]

˘INEPTŬS, ă, um. *Foolish, weak, absurd.* Jurasset cŭpĭde quidquĭd Ineptŭs ămŏr. *Tib.* Sĭnĕ vivăt ∾. *H.* ∾-æ chartæ. *H.* [† Stultŭs, stŏlĭdŭs, insulsŭs, &c.] *See* STULTUS.

˘INERMIS, ĕ, *and* ˘INERMŬS, ă, um. 1. *Unarmed.* Cædĕre ĕt armata vulgŭs Inermĕ mănu. *O.* Pectŭs ∾-um. *V.* [† Nudŭs; *sts.* exarmatŭs.] Crcl. Armis -nudŭs, exutŭs, spŏlĭatŭs. Nullis armis -tectŭs, protectŭs, defensŭs. Teli *or* telo vĭdŭŭs. Cui nullă tegmĭnĕ membris. Qui telo pătĕt omnĭs. 2. Fig. *Harmless, inoffensive; peaceful.* Musæ carmĕn ∾-ĕ mĕæ. *O.* (*Ib.*) [† Imbellis, debĭlĭs, infirmŭs.]

˘INERRO, as. *To wander in* or *on. Tib. See* ERRO.

˘INERS, tĭs. 1. *Without skill* or *knowledge.* Ut pĕrhĭbetŭr Iners, ars in quo non ĕrĭt ullă. *Lucl.* Tam ∾, tam nulli consĭlĭ sum. *Ter.* 2. Us. *Inactive, indolent, idle. V.* &c.; *causing inactivity,* &c. ∾ frigŭs. *O.* brumă. *H.* [† Desĭdĭă, segnis, ignavŭs, &c.] *See* IGNAVUS, PIGER. 3. *Used of things inanimate.* CĂlămos ∾-es. *V.* ∾-ĭbŭs horis. *H.* 4. *Motionless, still, stagnant.* ˘Ocŭlos stŭpŏr urgĕt ∾-es. *V.* ∾ truncŭs jăcŭi. *O.* terră. *H.* humŏr. *V.* Styx. *O.* lucŭs. *Sil. See* IMMOBILIS, STAGNANS. 5. *Insipid, tasteless.* Carnem vitantĭs ∾-em. *H.* Versus ∾-es. *H. See* INSULSUS. 6. *Inert, spiritless, cowardly.* Pĕcŏra intĕr ∾-ĭă tĭgrim. Teucrum ∾-ĭă cordă. *V. See* IGNAVUS.

˘INERTIA, æ. *f. Inactivity, idleness.* Strenŭă nos exercĕt Inertĭă. *H.* [† Desĭdĭă, segnĭtĭes, &c.] *See* PIGRITIA, OTIUM.

˘INEVITABĬLIS, ĕ. *Not to be avoided, inevitable.* Addĭdĭt et tŏnĭtrus, et Inevitabĭlĕ fulmĕn. *O.* Crcl. Non -evitabĭlĭs, fŭgĭendŭs, vitandŭs, declinandŭs.

˘INEXCUSABĬLIS, ĕ. *Inexcusable.* At te ne rĕtrăhas, ĕt Inexcusabĭlĭs abstes. *H.* Crcl. Non excusabĭlĭs *or* excusandŭs. Vĕnĭa non (haud *or* nulla) dignŭs. Vĕnĭa indignŭs.

˘INEXHAUSTŬS, ă, um. *Unexhausted, inexhaustible.* Insŭla Inexhaustis chălÿbum gĕnĕrosă mĕtallis. *V.*

˘INEXORABĬLIS, ĕ. *Inexorable.* Impĭgĕr, iracundŭs, Inexorabĭlĭs, acĕr (˘Achilles). *H.* ∾ fatum &c. *V.* [† Durŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, immitĭs.] Crcl. Non exorabĭlĭs, non exoratŭs. Indŏcĭlĭs flecti. *See* DURUS, SÆVUS.

˘INEXPERTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Not having made the trial. H.* [† Insuctŭs.] 2. Pass. *Untried. V.* [† Intentatŭs, insuetŭs, insŏlĭtŭs, Inausŭs.]

˘INEXPLETŬS, ă, um. 1. *Unsatisfied, insatiable. O.* [† Insătĭatŭs, insăturatŭs, Inexsăturabĭlĭs.] 2. *Adj. n. as adv.* ∾-um lăcrĭmans. *V.* [† Insăturabĭlĭtĕr.]

˘INEXPUGNABĬLIS, ĕ. *Impregnable.* Non agrest tămen, nĕc Inexpugnabĭlĕ ămori Pectŭs habens. *O. See* INVICTUS.

˘INEXSĂTŬRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Insatiable, implacable.* Junonis grăvis ira ĕt Inexsătŭrabĭlĕ pectŭs. *V. See* INEXPLETUS.

˘Inexspectatŭs, ă, um. *Unexpected. O. See* Improvisus.

˘Inexstinctŭs, ă, um. *Unextinguished, inextinguishable. O.* [† Irrestinctŭs, accensŭs.] *See* Accensus, Perennis.

˘Inextricabĭlis, ĕ. 1. *Inextricable, whence one cannot extricate oneself.* Hic lăbŏr illĕ dŏmus ĕt inextricabĭlĭs errŏr. *V.* [† Irrĕmĕăbĭlis.] 2. Fig. *Inexplicable.* Quĭd tam inextricabĭlĕ? *Sen.* (de Sphingĕ.) [† Implĭcĭtŭs, implexŭs.]

Infabrĭcatŭs, ă, um. *Unhewn, unwrought.* Fĕrunt remos et robŏrā silvis Infăbrĭcātā fŭgæ stŭdĭo. *V.* [† Rŭdis.]

Infactŭs. *See* Inficetus.

Infamatŭs, ă, um. *Of evil fame.* Infamatæquĕ rĕlinquunt Tectā dĕæ. *O. See* Infamis.

Infamia, æ. *f.* 1. *Ill fame, ill repute, disgrace.* Falsŭs hŏnos jŭvāt, et mendax infamĭā terrĕt. *H.* ~ tempŏrĭs. *O.* [† Dedĕcŭs, prŏbrum, opprŏbrĭum, ignominĭā; *sts.* labes, măcŭlā, nŏtā.] Crol. Famā mălā *or* sĭnistrā. Famæ –labes, damnā, jacturā, dispendĭā. Infamĭs –nŏtā, labes, măcŭlā. *See* Dedecus. 2. *Used of a notoriously bad person.* Cacŭs ˘Aventinæ tĭmŏr atque ~ silvæ. O nostri ~ sæcli! *O.* (so Angl. "the shame and disgrace" of a place.)

Infamis, ĕ. 1. *Disgraced, notorious, infamous.* Cæso gĕnĭtore infamĭs ˘Agyrtes. *O.* ~ āmŏr. *Pp.* [† Famosŭs, turpis, inhŏnestŭs, prŏbrosŭs.] Crol. Dedĕcŏrĕ (opprŏbrio, infami nŏta) adspersŭs. Tactŭs turpi măcŭla. Fœda labĕ nŏtatŭs. 2. *Notoriously dangerous.* ~-es scŏpŭlos ˘Acrŏcĕraunĭā. *H.* 3. ~ dĭgĭtŭs. *The middle finger. See* Digitus.

Infamo, as. *To defame, slander.* Desĭnĕ mitem ănĭmum vano infamarĕ tĭmorĕ. *O. See* Dedecoro.

Infandŭs, ă, um. *Unspeakable; fearful, shocking to tell.* Infandum, reginā, jŭbes rĕnŏvarĕ dŏlorem. *V.* ~-æ pœnæ. *M.* Passurŭs ~-ă. *L.* [† Tăcendŭs, horrendŭs, fœdŭs, nĕfandŭs, indignŭs, sævŭs, crudelis. Crol. Non dicendŭs, non fandĭs.

Infans, tis. *m. f. n.* 1. *Without speech, dumb; not yet speaking.* Infans namquĕ pŭdor prŏhĭbebat plurā prŏfari. *H.* Guttŭrăque imbŭĕrant infantĭā lactĕ cănino. *O.* ~-i vagĭt ŭt orĕ pŭĕr. *O. See* Mutus. 2. Subst. m. f. *An infant, little child.* [† Pŭĕr, parvŭlŭs, pŭellŭs, fĭlĭŏlŭs, *or* parvŭlā, fĭlĭŏlā.] Ep. Debĭlis, nudŭs, indĭgŭs, ămi jăcens. Crol. Pŭĕr –infans, parvŭlŭs, lactens. Phr. Dulcĕ sĭnus ŏnŭs. Jăcens sĭnĕ vĭrĭbŭs. ˘In limĭnĕ vitæ. E matrĭs grĕmĭo tĕnĕras mănus porrigens. ˘Ad pătrem semhĭantĕ lăbello dulcĕ ridens.

Infantia, æ. *f.* 1. *Inability to speak. Lr.* 2. *Infancy. Aus. See* Puerĭtia.

Infaustŭs, ă, um. *Unhappy, disastrous.* Quosquĕ sĕcans infaustum interlŭit Allĭā nomĕn. *V.* ~ omĕn. *V.* grādŭs. *O.* [† Infelix, lævŭs, sĭnistĕr, mălŭs, tristis, mĭsĕr, Inauspĭcatŭs; *sts.* importunŭs, obscenŭs.] Crol. Non dextĕr. Non –mĕtŭs, nostĕr, tŭtŭs, sŭtŭs.

Infectŭs, ă, um (*from* in *priv. and* facio). 1. *That which is not,* or *has not been, made* or *done; undone.* Facta atque infectā cănebăt. *V.* ~-um vŏlĕt esĕ, quŏd suasĕrĭt. *H.* 2. *Unwrought.* Ponderā facti infectiquĕ auri. *V. See* Rudis. 3. *Unfinished.* ~-os linquens hymĕnæos. *V.* ~-o cursu. *Pp.* ~-ă pensā. *O.* [† Imperfectŭs.]

Infectŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Inficio. 1. *Dyed.* ~-os demens imĭtarĕ Brĭtannos. *Pp. See* Tinctus. 2. *Tanned.* Sole ~-ă Sabinā. *St.* 3. *Wetted, steeped, stained* (us. in a bad sense); *fouled, defiled.* Infectæ sanguĭnĕ mănus. *Pp.* ~-ă cĕrĕbro (armā). *V.* ~ măpalĭā tabo. *Cl.* [† Imbutŭs, mădens, unctŭs, pollutŭs.] *See* Nactus. 4. *Tainted, infected.* ~-o cœlo. *Cl.* 5. *That infects* or *is infected.* ~-um elŭtŭr scĕlĭs. *V.*

Infecundŭs, ă, um. *Barren.* Infecundā quĭdem, sed læta et fortĭā surgunt. *V.* Nĕc fortĭbŭs ~-ă vĭris. *St. See* Sterilis.

Infelicitas, atis. *f. Unhappiness. Ter.* (Felicĭtas.) *See* Infortunium.

Infelicĭtĕr. *Unhappily. Ter.* (Felicĭtĕr.)

Infelix, icis. 1. *Unhappy, unfortunate.* Tantum infelicem nĭmĭum dilexĭt ămicum. *V.* [† Mĭsĕr, ærumnosŭs, infortunatŭs.] Crol. Non felix. Fatis Iniquis *or* ăcerbis (fortuna Iniqua *or* adversa) –vexatŭs, ăgĭtatŭs, jactatŭs, actŭs, pressŭs, læsŭs. Mălis –circumventŭs, circumdătŭs, pressŭs, oppressŭs, mersŭs, obrŭtŭs. Vărĭis casĭbŭs actŭs. Dĭis (dis iratis) natŭs. Infausto sidĕrĕ natŭs. Dis invisŭs. Casĭbŭs exhaustŭs. Omnĭum ĕgenŭs. Fatis fractŭs *or* jactatŭs. ˘Opes fractŭs. Fortunæ telis (f. ictu) confixŭs *or* vulnĕrātŭs. Mălorum sĕrĭe victŭs. Aspĕrā multā (pejorĭs fortunæ omnĭā) passŭs. Fortunæ fluctĭbŭs mersŭs. Casu ăcerbo oppressŭs. Ludo fatorum, *or* rebŭs adversis, exercĭtŭs. Mălā omnĭā perpessŭs. Omnĭbŭs ærumnis affectŭs. Dis adversis, *or* fato sĭnistro, oppressŭs. Phr. Qui fundĭtŭs occĭdĭt. Cui nullum rĕgressum fortunā hăbĕt, *or* nullam sălutem spondĕt. Cui nascenti stellā nullā commŏdā fŭĭt. Cui mĭsĕro nĭhĭl restăt. Cujŭs fortunā mĭserrĭmā est. Quem turbā mălorum circumstăt. Quem tristĭs fortunā urgĕt. Cujŭs pĕr adversas prŏcellas fortunā ăgĭtŭr. Cujŭs res succŭbŭerĕ. Qui adversis astris ætatem ducĭt. *See* Infortunium. 2. *Miserable, wretched.* Victum infelicem, baccas &c. *V.* [† Mĭsĕrabĭlis, mĭsĕr.] 3. *Calamitous, making miserable.* Exsĭlĭum ~. *V.* [† Mĭsĕr, ăcerbŭs, durŭs, aspĕr, ămarŭs, crudelis.] 4. *Unfit, unadapted.* Frugĭbŭs ~ (tellus). *V.* Crol. Non –aptŭs, opportunŭs, Idonĕŭs, commŏdŭs. 5. *Barren.* ~ fŏlĭis ămaris ŏlĕastĕr; lŏlĭum. *V. See* Sterilis. 6. *Disastrous, ill-omened.* Monstrum ~. *V. See* Infaustus.

Infensŭs, ă, um. 1. *Enraged, hostile.* Dardănĭdæ infensi pœnas &c. *V.* [† Iratŭs, infestŭs.] 2. *Used of things inanimate.* ~-ă telā. ~ ignis. *V.* [† Infestŭs, Inĭmicŭs; *sts.* hostilis, hostĭcŭs.]

Infĕri, ĕrorum *and* ĕrum. *m. pl.* (sc. loci.) *Hell, the infernal regions.* Et sedes rĕsĕrabĭlis Infĕrorum. *St.* Infĕrum manes. *Sen.* [† Inferni, infernā, Orcŭs, ˘Avernŭs, ˘Avernā, Tartărŭs, Tartărā, chăŏs, bărăthrum; *ext.* Cocytŭs, Styx, ˘Erĕbŭs, ˘Achĕron, Lethe, Phlĕgĕthon, umbræ, manes.] Crol. Infernæ (Tartărĕæ, Stygiæ, Tænărĭæ) –sedes, dŏmus, umbræ, tĕnĕbræ, fauces. Infernā sedes. Stygĭi *or* Tartărĕi –lăcus, sĭnus, rĕcessus. ˘Averni stagnā. Tartărĕum –bărăthrum, antrum, spĕcŭs. Tartărĕŭs –gurgĕs, carcĕr. ˘Erĕbi amnes. Orbĭs infernŭs. Implā *or* pallĭdā rĕgĭo. Ditis (Plutonĭā) aulā. D. Inămabĭlĕ regnum *or* pallĭdā regnā. Plutonis aulā *or* dŏmŭs. Plutonĭā regnā. Regnā inferni Jŏvis. Tertĭā regnā dĕi. Plutoni subdĭtā regnā. Orci tĕnĕbræ *or* limĭnā tetrā. Imum Ditis regnum. Tristes *or* pallentes dŏmus. Sĭnĕ lucĕ sedes. Umbrarum –dŏmŭs, lŏcŭs, carcĕr. Mortis limĭnā. ˘Erĕbi imæ sedes (immanes hĭatus, prŏfundā vŏrago, cæcā *or* prŏfundā nox, pallentes umbræ). Regnā –lumĭnĕ vĭdŭātā, lucĕ cărentĭā. Æternæ caligĭnis umbræ. Lŏcā –plenā terrorum, invĭā vivis. Fŭrĭarum *or* Eumĕnĭdum sedes. Possessā manĭbŭs arvā. Ditis văcŭæ dŏmus (inanĭā regnā, mutā sĭlentĭā, ŏpacā lŏcā, altā ostĭā). Nigri dĕi

fĕrā (cæcā) regīā. Imi mundi regīā. Sūpĕris aversā regnā. Furvæ Prŏserpīnæ regnā. Mortīs formidabīlē regnum. Imi tyranni tectā. Sīlentum ănĭmarum nĭgrantes dŏmus. Sīlens perpĕtŭa noctē dŏmŭs. Lŏcā noctē sīlentīā. Orci vastā sīlentīā. Inferorum chāŏs ingens. Noctīs æternæ chāŏs. Tænărĭæ fauces. Tænărĭæ portæ irrĕmeabĭlē limĕn. *See* ACHERON, ELYSIUM.

INFĔRIÆ, arum. *f. pl. Sacrifices in honour of the dead.* Absenti fĕrāt inferĭas, dĕcŏretquē sĕpulcro. *V.* **Phr.** Inferĭas -do, mitto, fĕro, rĕfĕro. *See* EXSEQUIÆ.

INFĔRIŎR, ŭs; *gen.* orĭs. *compar. of* Inferus. 1. *Lower in place.* Si quĭd ĕt inferĭus, quam Stȳgā, mundŭs hābēt. *O.* 2. Fig. *Inferior in rank* or *worth.* Non inferĭorā sĕcutŭs. *V.* [† Mĭnŏr.]

INFĔRIŬS. *adv. Lower; below, beneath.* Inferĭusquē sūis fraternos currĕrē lunā Admiratŭr ĕquos. *O.*

INFERNŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of that which is below,* or *low down; lying* or *situated below; low* or *lower down.* Inferni sūpĕriquē mărĭs. *L. See* INFERUS. 2. *Of* or *relating to the infernal regions, infernal.* Inferna sedē rĕceptūs. *O.* Juno ~. *V.* [† Inferŭs, Stȳgĭus, Tartărĕŭs, ˘Avernalis, Lethæŭs, Tænărĭŭs, Cocytĭus, ˘Achĕrontĕŭs, ˘Achĕrontĭcŭs; *sts.* prŏfundŭs, imŭs, altŭs.] 3. Inferni, orum. *m. pl. and* Infernā, orum. *n. pl. Sen.* (sc. loci *or* loca.) *Hell.* Sunt ăpud infernos &c. *Pp. See* INFERI.

INFĔRO, fers, tŭli, illatum. 1. *To bring* or *carry into* or *unto; to introduce.* (Fĕro.) Ignem fraudē māla gentĭbŭs intŭlĭt. *H.* [† Fĕro, induco, defĕro, invĕho, devĕho, importo, traduco.] 2. ~ me, gressum, gressus, pĕdem, *and pass.* Infĕrŏr. *To go,* &c. *See* EO. 3. ~ armā, bellum. *To attack. See* AGGREDIOR. 4. ~ mānus, vim. *To lay violent hands upon, violate.* Vis est illatā sŏrori. *O.* 5. *To present, to offer.* Anchisæ ~ hŏnores. *V.* [† Offĕro; *sts.* libo.] 6. *To present against, oppose.* ~ sūā pectŏrā adversis telis. *O.* [† Objĭcĭo, offĕro.] 7. *To cause in a person, bring to* or *upon him.* ~ terrorem Jŏvi. *H.* [† Importo, affĕro, injĭcĭo, incŭtĭo, immitto.]

INFĔRŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of that which is below,* or *low down; situated below; low* or *lower down.* Limen sūpĕrum inferumquē salve. *Pl.* [† Infernŭs, inferĭŏr, imŭs, hŭmĭlĭs, jăcens.] *See* INFERIOR, INFIMUS. 2. *Of* or *relating to the infernal regions.* Inferā sub terra Stȳgĭo labentīā luco. *O. See* INFERNUS.

INFERVĔO, es, bŭi. *To boil in anything; or abs. H.*

INFESTO, as. *To make dangerous, infest.* Quas Scylla infestet, quasvē Chărybdĭs ăquas. *O. See* VEXO.

INFESTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Hostile.* Infesto Părĭs est creptŭs ˘Atridæ. *O.* [† Infensŭs, hostĭs, Inĭmicŭs.] 2. *Used of things inanimate.* ~ -o vulnĕrē Pyrrhŭs insequĭtŭr. *V.* ~ -is discerpĕrē dictis. *Cat.* [† Infensŭs, hostīlis, Inĭmicŭs, ăcerbŭs, mŏlestŭs, sævŭs.] 3. *Infested.* ~ -ā terrā cŏlŭbris. *O.*

INFICETIÆ, arum. *f. pl. Coarse, clownish talk, and without point.* Pleni rurĭs ĕt inficetĭarum. *Cat.*

INFICETŬS, ă, um. *Coarse, without grace* or *wit.* O sæclum insĭpiens ĕt inficetum! *Cat.* [† Insulsŭs.]

INFICIAS, INFICIŎR, &c. *See* INFITIAS, &c.

INFICIO, ĭs, ēci, ectum. 1. Prop. *To put into;* hence, *mix.* Hoc (*abl.*) fusum labris splendentĭbŭs amnem Inficĭt. *V.* (*mixes the water with it.*) 2. *To tinge, colour.* Inficĭtŭr orē rŭbentē gĕnas. *Tib.* ~ curvamĭnē cœlum (de arcu). *O. See* TINGO. 3. *To stain, pollute, soil.* Lit. and fig. ~ æquŏr sanguĭnē. *H.* sanguĭnē cultros. *V.* Vŏlumĭnā fumi infecerē dĭem. *O.* [† Tingo, imbŭo, vĭtĭo, pollŭo.] *See* INFECTUS, POLLUO. 4. Fig. *To pollute, mix with poison.* ~ pectŭ; pabŭlā tabo. *V.* [† Corrumpo.]

INFIDĔLIS, ĕ, *and* INFIDŬS, ă, um. *Not to be relied upon, faithless, treacherous.* Nŏvisquē rebŭs infidĕlis Allŏbrox. *H.* Non infidĕles arbĭtræ. *H.* ~ -um remis impellĕrē marmŏr. *V.* [† Perfidŭs, fallax, dŏlosŭs, mălē fidŭs.] *See* PERFIDUS, DOLOSUS.

INFIGO, ĭs, xi, xum. *To fix, fasten in* or *on.* Adversaque infigĭtŭr arbŏrē mali. *V.* Cornŭŭquē obnixi infigunt &c. *V.* [† Figo, defigo, impingo.]

INFĪMŬS, ă, um. *superl. of* Infer *or* Inferus. *The lowest.* Clarum Tyndărĭdæ sidŭs ăb infĭmis Quassas erĭpĭunt æquŏrĭbus rătes. *H.* [† Imŭs, ultĭmŭs.]

INFINDO, ĭs, fĭdi fissum. *To cut* (in something), *make by cutting, to cleave.* ~ sulcos telluri. *V.* sălum. *V. Fl. See* FINDO, FODIO.

INFINITŬS, ă, um. *Infinite, boundless.* Ex infinito contractum tempŏrē bellum. *Lr.* [† Immensŭs, immŏdĕratŭs.] **Crel.** Sīnē finē. Finē cārens. *See* PERENNIS, ÆTERNUS.

INFIRMŬS, ă, um. 1. *Feeble, ill. O.* [† Debĭlis, languens, invălĭdŭs, ægĕr.] *See* DEBILIS, ÆGER. 2. *Weak* (of the mind). Sum paulo infirmĭŏr. *H.*

INFĪT (*third pers. of the obs.* Infio). *He begins; he begins to speak.* ˘Ĭtā turbĭdŭs infĭt. *V.* Fari his vocĭbŭs infĭt. *L.* [† Incĭpĭt, cœpĭt, inchŏāt.]

INFĪTĬANDŬS, ă, um. *To be denied, disavowed.* Sŏphocleo non infĭtĭandē cŏthurno. *M.*

INFĪTĬAS ĭo, ĭs. *To deny, disavow. Pl. See* INFITIOR.

INFĪTĬATŎR, orĭs. *m. One who denies.* In jus, o fallax atque infĭtĭatŏr, ĕamŭs. *M.*

INFĪTĬŎR, arĭs. *To deny, disavow, refuse.* Prĭŏtum rex infĭtĭatŭr, ĕt addĭt. *O.* Alternum regni infĭtĭatŭs hŏnorem. *St.* [† Nĕgo, abnŭo, rĕcuso, dedignŏr.] **Crel.** Infĭtĭas ĭo. *See* NEGO, RECUSO.

INFLAMMO, as. 1. *To set on fire. Lr. See* INCENDIUM, URO. 2. Fig. *To inflame.* ~ ănĭmum ămorē. *V.* pugnæ ămorem. *Cl. See* ACCENDO; *and for* Inflammor, *see* ARDEO.

INFLATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* INFLO. 1. *Inflated.* Cĕcĭnit jussos inflatā rĕceptus Bucĭlĭnā. *O.* 2. *Blown up, bloated.* ~ hesterno Iaccho. *V. See* TURGENS. Fig. 3. *Haughty* (blown up with pride). *J. See* SUPERBUS. 4. *Inflated, turgid* (of style). *Pp.* [† Tŭmĭdŭs.]

INFLECTO, ĭs, xi, xum. 1. *To bend, turn.* ~ collā. *Pp.* [† Flecto, curvo, incurvo.] Fig. 2. *To modulate* (the voice). Voces ~ cantu. *Tib.* 3. *To bend, prevail over.* ~ sensus. *V.* pătrem lăcrĭmis. *St. See* PLACO.

INFLETŬS, ă, um. *Unwept.* Nos ănĭmæ viles, inhŭmatā inflettăquē turbā. *V.* [† Indefletŭs.]

INFLICTŬS, ă, um. *Struck, dashed against.* Jamque inflictā vădis (navĭs). *V.*

INFLIGO, ĭs, xi, ctum. *To strike* or *dash against* — tr. Ingentem mănĭbus tollit craterā dŭabŭs, Infligitquē vĭro. *O.* [† Impingo, immitto, incŭtĭo.] *See* INFLICTUS.

INFLO, as. 1. *To blow into.* Tu cĕlĕmos inflarĭlĕves &c. *V.* [† Inspiro.] 2. *To puff out, inflate.* Buccas ~. *H.* [† Tŭmĕfăcĭo.] 3. Fig. *To puff out with pride. H.*

INFLŎR. *pass. To be puffed out, to swell out.* Tŭmĭdoquē inflatur carbăsŭs austro. *V.* [† Turgĕ~, tŭmĕo, &c.] *See* TURGEO.

INFLŬO, ĭs, uxi, uxum. *To flow* or *run into* (of a river); *also fig.* In mārē purpŭrĕum vĭŏlentĭŏr inflŭĭt amnis. *V.* [† Illabŏr, effundŏr.]

INFŎDIO, ĭs, odi, ossum. 1. *To dig in, bury in the ground.* Unguĭbŭs infŏdĭunt fruges. *V.* ~ cor-

pŏrā terræ. *V.* [† Fŏdĭo, defŏdĭo, obrŭo, condo.] 2. Gen. *To force, drive in.* ∾ ærā ossĭbŭs. *Sil.* [† Impingo.]

INFECUNDUS. *See* INFECUNDUS.

INFORMATŬS, ă, um = Formatŭs. *V.*

INFORMIS, ĕ. *Shapeless, unsightly, shocking to the sight.* Nec sum ădĕo informis, nuper me in littŏrē vidi. *V.* ∾ cădavĕr. *V.* ∾-es hĭrmes. *H.* [† Deformis, turpis.]

INFORMO, as. 1. *To shape, make to a form, fashion.* ∾ clypĕum. *V.* effĭgiem Lātĭam. *Sil.* [† Fingo, effingo, &c.] *See* FINGO. 2. Fig. *To instruct. See* DOCEO.

INFORTUNĬUM, ĭi. *n. A misfortune, calamity.* Tunc tŭā me infortunĭā lædent. *H.* [† Ærumnæ, adversā (orum), mălum, mălā, casŭs, casus, lăbŏr, lăbores, călămĭtas, mĭsĕrĭā, infelicĭtas; *sta.* exĭtĭum, prŏcellā, tempestas, clades.] Crol. Fortunā –adversā, inĭmicā, aspĕrā, Iniquā, immitis, durā, mălā, sævā, &c. Fatum –sævum, grăvē, durum, ăcerbum, infandum, importunum. Fatā –tristĭā, aspĕrā, invĭdā, Iniquā, ăcerbā, crudelĭā, contrarĭā, mĭsĕrā. Res –adversæ, duræ, afflictæ, ăcerbæ, arctæ, lapsæ, fractæ, ĕgenæ, fessæ, ardŭæ. Res durā. Casŭs –adversŭs, ăcerbŭs, durŭs, infandŭs, Iniquŭs. Casus –tristes, Iniqui, ăcerbi. Sors –mĭsĕrā, aspĕrā, pessĭmā, Iniquā, pessĭmā rerum. Tempŭs –durum, adversum. Tempŏrē –durā, tristĭā, nubĭlā, nubĭlā mălis. Fati –injurĭā, inclementĭā, incommŏdā. Parcā durā *or* nubĭlā. Parcæ immites. Mălā vitā. Mălā tempŏrĭs. Duri tempŏrē fati. Sĕrĭes mălorum. Fortunæ făcies invĭdĭosā. For. vultŭs ăcerbæ. Tristem fortunæ vĭcem. Inclinatā rerum. *See* INFELIX.

INFRA. 1. Prep. *Below, under* (of situation). In montem succedĕrē silvas Cogebant, infraquĕ ălĭum concedĕrē cultis. *Lr.* 2. *Below, under* (of rank). Infra Lucili censum ingĕnĭumquĕ. *H. &c.* 3. Adv. *Below, beneath.* An mārē quod supra, mĕmŏrem, quodque allŭit infra? *V.* 4. Sts. *Under the earth, in the infernal regions.* Non tŭgĕs est infra, non vinĕā cultā. *Tib.*

INFRACTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* INFRINGO. *Broken.* Lit. and fig. Infracta luctatŭr ărundĭnĕ telum Eripĕrē. *V.* ∾ irā. *O.* famā cedăt lŏco. *V.* nutricis lŏquelā (*broken, baby prattle*). *Lr.* ∾-i adverso martē. *V. See* FRACTUS.

INFRAGILIS, ĕ. *That cannot be broken.* Lit. and fig. Si vox infrăgĭlis, pectus mihi firmŭs ærē. *O.*

INFRĒMO, ĭs = Frĕmo. *V.*

INFRENATŬS, ă, um = Infrenĭs. *Sil.*

INFRENIS, ĕ, *and* INFRENŬS, ă, um. 1. *Unbridled, without bridle* or *bridles.* Illum infrenis ĕqui lapsu tellurē jăcentem. *V.* Nūmĭdæ ∾-i cingunt. *V.* Crol. Freni *or* frenorum nescĭŭs. Ora nescĭā frenī. Freno non rĕmŏrantē. Nullo mŏrantē loro. 2. Fig. *Unchecked, unruly. See* EFFRENUS.

INFRENO, as. *To harness the horses to a carriage* ("to put to"), *to bridle.* Lit. and fig. Infrenant ălĭi currus. *V. See* FRENO.

INFRENŬS. *See* INFRENIS.

INFRĒQUENS, tis. 1. *Rarely coming,* or *seldom doing a thing.* Parcus dĕorum cultŏr ĕt infrĕquens. *H.* [† Rarŭs, insuetŭs.] 2. *Little frequented; scanty in numbers.*

INFRINGO, is, egi, actum. 1. *To break, break in pieces.* ∾ lilĭā. *O.* lumbŏs ĕt lăttŭs. *H. See* FRANGO. Fig. 2. *To weaken, lessen.* ∾ fortĭā factā. *O.* vires. *Pp* linguam. *Lr.* [† Frango, mĭnŭo, immĭnŭo, attĕnŭo, debĭlĭto.] 3. *To soften, appease.* ∾ dĕos prĕcatu. *St. See* PLACO.

INFRONS, *or* INFRONDIS, is. *Without foliage. O.*

INFŬLA, æ. *f.* 1. *A sacred head-dress of wool, worn by priests and suppliants, and with which the victims were dressed. The vitta was the riband by which it was tied on the head, the ends of which were left to hang down.* Lanĕā dum nīvĕa circumdătŭr infŭlā vitta (de victima). "Apollĭnis ∾. *V.* Ambĭăt ut fulvas ∾ longā cŏmas. *O.* 2. *Ribands with which the temples were hung on festive occasions. L.*

INFUNDO, is, udi, usum. *To pour into* or *upon.* Lit. and fig. ∾ rores hŭmĕris; nimbum desŭpĕr. *V.* (*Fig.*) ∾ ănĭmas terræ. *O.* rebŭs lumĕn. *Sen.* mŏnĭtus pŭĕris. *Pers.* [† Fundo, immitto, instillo, ingĕro, circumfundo, sŭperfundo, injĭcio, spargo, inspergo.]

INFUSCO, as. *To blacken, darken.* ∾ sānĭe ĭrenam; măcŭlis pullis vellĕrā. *V. See* INFUCO.

INFUSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* INFUNDO. 1. *Poured into* or *upon.* Infuso lympharum rorē sŭperne. *Lr.* 2. ∾ collo. *Throwing oneself on the neck in an embrace; embracing.* Colloque ∾ ămantis. *O.* [† Circumfusŭs, implĭcĭtŭs.]

INGĔMĬNO, as. 1. Tr. *To redouble, double.* Nunc dextra ingĕmĭnans ictus, nunc illĕ sĭnistra. *V.* ∾ ōpes. *O.* [† Gĕmĭno, congĕmĭno, ĭtĕro, dŭplĭco.] 2. *To repeat again and again;* hence, *re-echo.* Cĭĕusam ∾-ans ĭtĕrumque ĭtĕrumquĕ vŏcavi. *V.* Me mĭsĕrum! ∾-ăt. *O.* Vox ingĕmĭnatā rĕmugĭt. *V.* [† Gĕmĭno, ĭtĕro, rĕpĕto, intĕgro.] 3. Intr. *To increase twofold; grow more and more,* or *greater and greater.* ∾-ant austri; curæ; plausu Tyrii. *V.*

INGĔMISCO, is. *Sen., and* INGĔMO, is, ŭi. 1. *To groan* or *sigh at, to groan over,* &c. Ingĕmĭt, et dŭplĭces &c. Num fletu ingĕmŭĭt nostro? *V.* ∾-ŭĭt sŏlum. *O.* [† Gĕmo, indŏlĕo, &c.] *See* GEMO, DEFLEO. 2. *With acc.* ∾ intĕrĭtum. *V.* jăcentem. *St.*

INGĔNĔRO, as. 1. *To implant* (of a natural gift). Duræquĕ mŏdos virtutis, ĕt iras Ingĕnĕrāt (dĕŭs). *St.* [† Addo, insĕro, indo.] 2. *To generate, create. Cat. See* GENERO.

INGĔNIOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Proper for, fit by nature.* Ad sĕgĕtes ingĕnĭosŭs ăgĕr. *O.* Cŏlenti ∾-ă terrā. *O. See* APTUS. 2. *Having genius, talent.* Inter Saurŏmātas ∾ ĕro. *O. See* INGENIUM. 3. *Ingenious, clever, adroit.* ∾ ăd omnĕ furtum. Res est ingĕnĭosā, dārē. *O.* [† Subtilis, solers, săgax, callĭdŭs.] Crol. Ingĕnii dextĕrĭtatĕ vălens. *See* SOLERS.

INGĔNĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Nature, natural quality* or *qualities.* Non sātis ingĕnĭo tutā fuissĕ lŏci. *O.* ∾ (*pl.*) arvorum. *V.* ∾-o portus urbs invĭā. *Sil.* [† Naturā, indŏles.] 2. *Man's natural character and disposition.* ∾ immansuetumquĕ fĕrumquĕ. *O.* candĭdum paupĕrĭs. *H.* [† Naturā, ănĭmŭs, mens, pectŭs, cŏr.] 3. *Cleverness, address, sagacity, instinct.* Grandĕ dŏlorĭs ∾ est. *O.* Convivatorĭs, ŭti dŭcis, ∾. *H.* Divinĭtŭs illis ∾ &c. *V.* [† Solertĭā, prudentĭā, ăcumĕn.] Ep. Subtilĕ, acrĕ, săgax, prudens, solers, ăcutum. Crol. Ingĕnii –ăcĭes, ăcumĕn. Mentis ăcumĕn. 4. *Genius* (in composition). Graiis ingĕnĭum &c. *H.* [† Mens, ănĭmŭs, spirĭtŭs.] Ep. Divinum, căpax, divĕs, fĕrax, fecundum, fertilĕ, ubĕr, ubĕrĭŭs, præstans, exĭmĭum, fervens. Crol. Ingĕnii –vis, bŏnā, dotes, vĭgŏr, flumĕn. Mens divinĭŏr. Bĕnignā ingĕnii venā.

INGENS, tis. *Great* (every way). 1. *In height and stature.* ∾ ăcervŭs. *V.* pinŭs. *H.* [† Altŭs, celsŭs, procerŭs, &c.] *See* CELSUS, PROCERUS. 2. *In bulk and size generally.* Monstrum immanĕ, informĕ, ∾. *V.* ∾-ĭā corpŏrā fundĭt hŭmi. ∾-i fragmĭnĕ montis. *V.* [† Magnŭs, immanis, procerŭs, &c.] 3. *In length and breadth.* Pĕr spātĭum Tĭtyon porrexĕrāt ∾. *O.* ∾ æquŏr. *H.* exĭtŭs Istri. *V. Fl.* [† Magnŭs, immensŭs, vastŭs, latŭs, pătens.] Fig. 4. *In weight, heavy.*

[† Magnŭs, grăvĭs, immanĭs.] 5. *Mighty in sound.* ∾ vox. *V.* murmŭr. ∾-ĭă verbă. *O.* [† Magnŭs, horrendŭs.] 6. *Great in degree, quantity, number,* &c.; *important.* ∾ bellum; lætĭtĭă. *V.* dedĕcŭs. *O.* ∾-es curæ. *V.* iræ. *O.* ∾-ă donă. *O.* 7. *Great in moral power; in talent.* ∾ virtus atquĕ ănĭmŭs. *H.* elŏquĭo. *St.* ferrĕ mălă. *Sil.* [† Magnŭs.] 8. *Great in fame. See* CELEBER. 9. *Powerful.* ∾ factis Trojă. *V.* Ilĭon. *O.* [† Altŭs, pŏtens.]

INGĔNŬUS, ă, um. 1. *Natural.* Herbă, nĕque ingĕnŭum vĭŏlarent marmŏrĕ tofum. *J.* Undĕ mărĕ, ∾-i fontes &c. *Lr.* [† Nativŭs, naturalĭs.] Fig. 2. *In a natural, healthy state.* Vires ∾-æ, sălubrĕ corpŭs. *M. See* INTEGER. 3. *Free-born.* Hăberĕ ∾-os pārentes. ∾-o ămorĕ (*the loved one*) peccarĕ. *H.* [† Lĭbĕralĭs, lĭbĕr.] 4. *One who has the sentiments of a person of gentle birth, of the gentleman. H.* 5. *Ingenuous, unassuming, modest.* ∾ pŭdŏr. *Pp.* vultŭs. *J.* [† Candĭdŭs, vĕrecundŭs, mŏdestŭs, castŭs, hŏnestŭs.] 6. *Ingenuous, frank, open. H.* [† Simplex, sincerŭs, candĭdŭs.]

INGĔRO, ĭs, essi, estum. 1. *To place, heap in* or *upon* (lit. and fig.); *to strike blow upon blow* (of a sword, &c.), *to pour in* (darts, &c.) *upon.* Fŭgientĭbŭs ingĕrĭt hastas In tergŭs. *V.* ∾ fulmĭnĕum vĭris ensem. *V. Fl.* pugnos In ventrem. *Ter.* extă fŏco. *O.* convitĭă. *H.* supplicĭă; scĕlŭs scĕlĕri. *O.* [† Infĕro, injĭcĭo, immitto, incŭtĭo; impono, aggĕro, accŭmŭlo; rĕpĕto, ĭtĕro.] 2. ∾ me. *Sil.* = infero me. *See* INFERO (2).

INGESTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* INGERO. *Cust, heaped upon.* Saucĭŭs ingesta contŭmŭlavĭt hŭmo. *O.* (*Ib.*) Cĭnĕres ∾-ă sĕpulchri (Marcĭă). *L.*

INGLŎMĔRO, as = Glomero. Inglŏmĕrat noctem &c. *St.*

INGLORIŬS, ă, um. *Unknown to fame, inglorious.* Flumĭnă ămem silvasque inglorĭŭs. O! ŭbi campi &c. *V.* Parma ∾ alba. *V.* [† Indĕcŏr, Inhŏnorŭs.] *See* IGNOBILIS.

INGLUVIES, ei. *f. The gullet, gorge, swallow; gluttony, voracity.* Lit. and fig. Piscĭbŭs atram Imprŏbŭs inglŭvĭem ranisquĕ lŏquacĭbŭs explĕt (anguĭs). *V.* [† Ventĕr, gŭlă.]

INGRATIIS, *and* INGRATIS. *adv. In spite of, against the will.* Dissolvitquĕ; cădant ingratis illă nĕcesse est Semĭnă. *Lr. See* INVITUS, GRATIUS.

INGRATŬS, ă, um. 1. *Disagreeable, unacceptable.* Sed quĭd ĕgo hæc autem nequidquam ingrată rĕvolvo? *V.* [† Invisŭs, Inămatŭs, Inămœnŭs, illætabĭlĭs, grăvĭs, mŏlestŭs, injucundŭs, insuavĭs.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud plăcĭtŭs. Non acceptŭs. 2. *Ungrateful. O.* [† Immĕmŏr.] **Crcl.** Non gratŭs, mălĕ gratŭs. Mĕrĭti (mĕrĭtorum, offĭcĭi) immĕmŏr *or* oblitŭs. Ingratŭs *or* immĕmŏr ănĭmŭs. Ingrată mens. Ingratum –pectŭs, cŏr, căpŭt. Munĕrĭs accepti immĕmŏr. *See* GRATUS. 3. *Barren, unfruitful.* ∾-ă pĕriclă. *V.* ∾ lăbŏr. *V.* ∾-æ ămicĭtĭæ. *M.* [† Stĕrĭlĭs, Inutĭlĭs.]

INGRĂVESCO, ĭs. *To become heavier and heavier; to become pregnant.* Suscĭpĭunt ălĭæ pondus măgĭs, inquĕ grăvescunt. *Lr. See* GRAVESCO.

INGRĂVO, as. 1. *To make heavy, to load, to weigh down.* Languerĕ cœpĭt annis ingrăvantĭbŭs. *Ph.* ∾ puppem utrinquĕ. *St. See* GRAVO. 2. Fig. *To aggravate, make worse.* Casus ingrăvăt illă mĕos. *O.* [† ˘Acerbo.]

INGRĔDIŎR, ĕrĭs, essŭs sum. 1. *To walk* or *step in* or *upon; to walk, go.* Ingrĕdĭtur lato lato spectabĭlĭs auro. *O.* ∾ sŏlo. *V.* [† Incedo, ĕo, ambŭlo.] *See* EO. 2. *To go into, enter.* ∾ tectă tyranni. *O.* vitæ ĭtĕr. *J. See* INTRO. 3. *To enter upon, begin.* ∾ res laudĭs ĕt artĭs. *V.* cursŭs. *V. Fl.* [† Incĭpĭo, Inĕo, aggrĕdĭŏr.] 4. *To begin to speak.* Sic contra est ingressă Vĕnŭs. *V.* [† Incĭpĭo, inflĭt.]

INGRESSŬS, us. *m.* 1. *An ingress, entrance, entering. See* ADITUS. 2. *A beginning. V. See* INITIUM.

INGRŬO, ĭs, i. 1. *To hang over.* Bis vitĭbŭs ingrŭĭt umbră. *V. See* IMMINEO. 2. *To threaten, be ready to fall, burst upon.* ∾-ĭt armorum horrŏr; bellum. *V. See* IMMINEO. 3. *To fall, burst upon.* ∾-ĭt Æneas ˘Itălis; ferrĕŭs imbĕr. *V.* [† Irrumpo, irrŭo, rŭo, insto, urgĕo.]

INGUĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. The groin.* Tum lævum perfŏrăt inguĕn. *V.* [† Pubĭs.]

INGUSTATŬS, ă, um. *Untasted. H.* [† Intactŭs, intĕgĕr.]

˘INHĂBĬTO, as. *See* HABITO.

˘INHÆRĔO, es. *To stick in, be fixed in, adhere to.* Lit. and fig. Dextramque amplexŭs Inhærĭt. *V.* ∾ collĭbŭs (*of a tree*). *H.* stŭdĭis communĭbŭs; vultĭbŭs ejs. *O.*

˘INHĬANS, tĭs. 1. *Open-mouthed, open-jawed.* Tĕnŭĭtque Inhĭans trĭă Cerbĕrŭs ŏră. *V. See* HIANS. 2. *Greedy, covetous. Sen. See* AVIDUS. 3. *Gaping with wonderment.* Attŏnĭtis ∾ ănĭmis. *V.* [† Attŏnĭtŭs.]

˘INHĬBĔO, es, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To keep back, restrain.* Parcĭtĕ jam, Rŭtŭli; et vos, tela Inhĭbetĕ, Latini. *V.* ∾ cursus ĕquorum. *O.* mentem a prŏbro. *Cat.* [† Cŏhĭbĕo, cŏercĕo, rĕprĭmo, &c.] *See* COHIBEO, PROHIBEO. 2. ∾ remis. *To back water* (in rowing). Postquam Inhĭbent remis puppes, et rostră rĕcedunt. *L.*

˘INHĬO, as. 1. *To have mouth* or *jaws wide open.* Orăquĕ siccă fĕrunt răbĭdorum Inhĭasse lŭporum. *St. See* HIO. Fig. 2. *To covet greedily.* ∾ prædæ. *V. Fl. See* CUPIO. 3. *To wonder at, gape in wonder at.* ∾ postes. *V. See* STUPEO.

˘INHŎNESTO, as. *To dishonour. O.* (˘Inhŏnestŭs.)

˘INHŎNESTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Without honour.* Exĭŭs hic nobis non Inhŏnestŭs ĕrĭt. *Pp. See* INHONORUS. 2. *Not of good birth. H. See* IGNOBILIS. 3. *Unseemly, shocking, hideous.* Truncas ∾-o vulnĕrĕ nares. *V.* [† Turpĭs, deformis.] 4. *Dishonorable, disgraceful.* ∾-um ĕt Inutĭlĕ factu. *H. See* TURPIS.

˘INHŎNORATŬS, ă, um. *Unhonoured.* (˘Inhŏnorŭs.) *O.*

˘INHŎNORŬS, ă, um. 1. *Without honour, unrenowned.* Sĕrĭes Inhŏnorĕ pārentum. *St.* [† Inglorĭŭs, ignobĭlĭs, Inhŏnestŭs, obscurŭs, indĕcŏrĭs, hŭmĭlĭs, abjectŭs; sĭnĕ nomĭnĕ.] *See* IGNOBILIS. 3. *Disgraceful, unsightly, dismal.* ∾-æ munĕrĕ lucĭs. *St.* Heu! rebŭs făcĭes ∾-ă sĭnistris! *Sil. See* TURPIS.

˘INHORRĔO, es, ŭi, *and* ˘INHORRESCO, ĭs. 1. *To stand on end, to grow rough, bristling.* Spicĕă jam campis quum messĭs Inhorrŭĭt, et quum &c. *V.* ∾-ŭĭt armos (ăpĕr). *V.* [† Horrĕo, rĭgĕo, rĭgesco.] *See* HORRIDUS. 2. *To grow sombre and awful; to have a look of awe, terror.* ∾-ŭĭt undă tĕnebris. *V. See* HORREO, HORROR. 3. *To shake with sound.* ∾-ŭĭt æther tŭba. *V. Fl.* pennis ăgĭtatŭs æther. *O. See* SONO. 4. *To shudder* (of the mind). Mens tantis ∾-ĭt mălis. *Sen. See* HORREO.

˘INHOSPĬTALIS, ĕ, *and* ˘INHOSPĬTUS, ă, um. *Inhospitable, unfit to live in, wild, savage.* ˘Inhospĭtalem et Caucăsum. *H.* Et Nŭmĭdæ infreni cingunt, ĕt Inhospĭtă Syrtis. *V.* ∾-ă tesquă. *H.* [† Invĭŭs, Inaccessŭs, desertŭs, incultŭs, solŭs.]

˘INHUMANŬS, ă, um. 1. *Harsh, churlish, ill-bred.* Surge, ĕt Inhumanæ sĕnĭum deponĕ cămenæ. *H.* ∾ invĭdĭă. *M.* 2. *Cruel, inhuman. O. See* SÆVUS.

˘INHŬMATŬS, ă, um (*from* in *priv. and* humatus). *Unburied.* ˘Inops Inhŭmatăquĕ turbă. *V.*

[† Insĕpultŭs, intŭmŭlatŭs, projectŭs, nudŭs.] **Crcl.** Tŭmŭlo *or* sĕpulchro cārens. Tŭmŭli *or* sĕpulchri hŏnorĕ (mortĭs hŏnorĕ) cārens. Sĭnĕ hŏnorĕ sĕpulchri. Ossā cārentĭā bustis.

ˇINIMICITIÆ, arum. *f. pl., anc. sing.* *Enmity.* Irā trŭces Inĭmicĭtĭas et funĕbrĕ bellum (gĕnŭīt). *H.* [† Sĭmultas, ŏdĭum, ŏdĭā, discordĭā, dissĭdĭum.] **Ep.** Grāves, diræ, crudeles, mālæ. *See* DISCORDIA, ODIUM.

ˇINIMICO, as. *To set in enmity, in hostile opposition.* Et mĭsĕras Inĭmicāt urbes. *H.*

ˇINIMICUS, ă, um. **1.** *Unfriendly, adverse, hostile.* Gens Inĭmicā mĭhi, Tyrrhenum navīgāt æquŏr. *V.* Acclĭpĕrĕ ~-um imbrem. *V.* ~-os admŏvĕt ignes. *O.* [† Adversŭs, oppŏsĭtŭs, infensŭs, infestŭs, contrarĭŭs, infaustŭs.] **2.** Subst. m. and f. *An enemy. V. O.*

ˇINIQUUS, ă, um. **1.** *Not level, uneven* (of the ground). Non per jŭgā montĭs Ĭniqui rĕ cŏmĕs. *O.* [† ˇInæqualis.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud æquŏs. Fig. **2.** *Unequal, not matched in power,* &c. Pugnā ~. *V.* ~-i passus. *V. Fl.* [† Impar.] **3.** *Unjust in weight* or *measure.* ~ hemĭnā. *Pers.* mŏdĭŭs. *J.* **4.** Gen. *Too small.* Spātĭum ~. *V.* [† Angustŭs, arctŭs.] **5.** *Too great, too much.* ~-o pondĕrĕ rastri. *V.* ~-i mĕri nubĕ. *V. Fl.* [† Injustŭs, ingens, immanis, nĭmĭŭs.] **6.** *Unfavorable, adverse, dangerous, hostile.* Fatis Junonĭs ~-æ. *V.* Ventis ~-is. *O.* ~ frugĭbŭs. *H.* [† Infestŭs, infaustŭs, adversŭs, Inĭmicŭs, damnosŭs, iratŭs.] **7.** *Calamitous, unhappy.* ~ sors. *V. See* INFELIX. **8.** *Discomposed, disturbed* (of the mind). Nĕc ~-a mentĕ fĕrendā (paupertas). *O.* **9.** *Unjust, unfair;* hence, *bad, vicious.* ~ judex. *O.* lex. *H.* ~-æ mentĭs āsĕllŭs. *H. See* INJUSTUS.

ˇINITIUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *A beginning, commencement. Ph.* [*For verse, see* **2.**] [† Principĭum, ingressŭs; *sts.* primordĭā, ŏrigo.] **2.** Pl. *Initiatory rites, or instruments,* &c., *used at them.* Týpănum, tŭbam, Cýbebe, tŭā, Matĕr, Inĭtĭā. *Cat.*

INJECTUS, us. *m.* *The act of throwing on* or *in. Lr. St.*

INJICIO, ĭs, eci, ectum. **1.** *To throw on* or *in.* Promĕ, quŏd injĭcĭas hŭmĕris victorĭbŭs ostrum. *O.* ~ brachĭā collo. *O.* ăd fastigĭā tædas. *V. Fl.* [† Jăcio, mitto, immitto, infĕro.] **2.** Fig. *To send* or *put into the heart, to inspire.* ~ curam querendi; stĭmŭlis iras. *H.* [† Immitto, infĕro, incŭtĭo.]

INJUCUNDUS, ă, um. *Unpleasant* (*Cic.*). *See* INGRATUS.

INJURATUS, ă, um. *Unsworn. Pl.* Juravi lingua, mentem injuratam gĕro (*Cic.* ex Euripide).

INJURIA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Injustice, that which is unjust.* Hoc quŏquĕ quod jus est, sit scriptum injurĭā nostrum. *O.* [† Injustum, Iniquum.] **Ep.** Mălĭ, grăvĭs, ingens, turpis. **2.** *A wrong, injury.* Căpĭtis ~-ā cari. *V. See* DAMNUM. **3.** *An offence, affront, insult.* Spretæ ~ formæ. *V.* ~ pœnis solvĭtŭr. *O. See* CONTUMELIA. **4.** Injurĭa, abl. as adv. *Unjustly, wrongfully. Ter. See* INJUSTE, IMMERITO.

INJURIOSUS, ă, um. *Injurious, acting unjustly.* Injurĭoso ne pĕdĕ prorŭas Stantem cŏlumnam. ~-i venti. *H.* [† ˇIniquŭs.] *See* DAMNOSUS.

INJUSSUS, ă, um. *Unbidden, unasked, of one's own act and will.* Ut nunquam inducant ănĭmum cantarĕ, rŏgati; Injussi, nunquam desistant. *H.* ~-ā vĭrescunt gramĭnā. *V.* ~-æ vĕnĭunt căpellæ. *H. See* SPONTE.

INJUSTE. *adv.* **1.** *At an unfair price. H.* [† ˇIniquĕ.] **2.** *Unjustly. O.* [† ˇIniquĕ, injurĭa.] **Crcl.** Jurĕ sĭnĕ ullo.

INJUSTITIA, æ. *f.* *Injustice. Pl.* (Justĭtĭā.) [† Injurĭā.] *See* INJUSTUS.

INJUSTUS, ă, um. **1.** *That which is more than is just and equal.* Injustis collatum virĭbŭs hostem. *St.* [† ˇIniquŭs, impar, nĭmĭŭs.] **2.** *One that is unjust; unjust, unfair.* [† ˇIniquŭs.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud -justŭs, æquŭs. **Phr.** 1. *An unjust person.* Æqui (jurĭs, justĭtĭæ, recti) contempŭŏr. Fraudĭs ămans. Jurĭs expers. **Phr.** 2. *Of a state of violence and injustice.* Fas versum est, atquĕ nĕfas. Cedit virĭbŭs æquum. Jus sŭb ensĕ jăcĕt. Justĭtĭam omnes fŭgant. Quisquĕ -fines jurĭs transcendĭt;—jurā nĕgāt sĭbĭ natā;—fas atquĕ nĕfas miscĕt. Non mĕtŭunt hŏmĭnes leges. Nĭhĭl non armis arrŏgant. Armā sĭbĭ jurĭs lŏcum vindĭcant. Jus est in armis. Vis cŏlĭtŭr. Ipsas pĕr leges vis sævĭt. Leges timŏr oppŭmĭt. *See* SCELERATUS. **3.** *Extremely severe, overbearing, merciless.* ~-ā nŏvercā. *V.* ~-i formā mārĭs. *O.* [† ˇIniquŭs, mălŭs, durŭs, infestŭs, sævŭs.] *See* INIQUUS, INJUSTITIA.

INNABILIS, ĕ. *Not to be swum in.* Sic ĕrāt instăbĭlis tellus, innabĭlĭs undā. *O.*

INNASCOR, ĕrĭs, i. *To be born in* or *upon. H. See* NASCOR.

INNATO, *and* INNO, as. **1.** Intr. *To swim, float, swim* or *float into* or *to, in* or *upon.* Adspĭcĭs ut summa cortex lĕvĭs innātāt unda. *O.* Innātāt undā frĕto dulcĭs. *O.* Pĕlăgo credas innarĕ Cyclădăs. *V.* [† Sŭpernāto, nāto, flŭĭto, fluctŭo.] **2.** Tr. *To cross by swimming, to cross.* Flŭvĭum vinclis innaret Clœlĭā ruptis. *V.* Undam lĕvĭs innātāt alnŭs. *V.* [† Trano, trajĭcio.]

INNATUS, ă, um. *part. See* INNASCOR. **1.** *Born in* or *upon.* Ne vĕlŭt innati trĭvĭis &c. *H.* ~-ā rupĭbŭs robŏrā. *O. See* NATUS. **2.** *Innate.* ~ ămŏr hăbendi. *V.* lĭbido. *O.* [† Nativŭs, insĭtŭs, ingĕnĭtŭs, ingĕnĕratŭs, ingĕnŭŭs, naturalis.] *See* INGENITUS.

INNECTO, ĭs, exŭi, exum. *To bind with, fasten to, entwine.* Lit. and fig. ~ tempŏrā sertis. *O.* collā auro; palmas armis; (*fig.*) causas mŏrandi (*weave*). *V.* [† Necto, connecto, illĭgo, &c.] *See* VINCIO.

INNITOR, ĕrĭs, xŭs sum. *To lean upon.* Fractæque innitĭtŭr hastæ. *Sil.* ~ ārenæ; băculo. *O.* [† Nitŏr, incumbo.]

INNIXUS, ă, um. *Leaning upon.* ~ sceptro. *O.* ~-ā vastis cŏlumnis (templā). *O.* [† Innitens, nixŭs, incumbens, prĕmens, fultŭs.]

INNO, as. *See* INNATO.

INNOCENS, tĭs. **1.** *Harmless.* Hic innŏcentis pocŭlā lesbĭi (vini). *H.* [† Innŏcŭŭs, innoxĭŭs.] **2.** *Innocent, blameless, virtuous.* [† Innŏcŭŭs, innoxĭŭs, insons, intĕgĕr; *sts.* prŏbŭs, sanctŭs, castŭs, hŏnestŭs, pĭŭs, purŭs.] **Crcl.** Crimĭnĭs (culpæ, fraudĭs) expers *or* immunis. Qui culpa cărĕt. Văcŭŭs noxa. Crimĭnĭs insons. Cui insons ănĭmŭs (innŏcŭi mores, ănĭmŭs rectŭs, mens conscĭā recti). Culpæ insclŭs. Sĭnĕ crimĭnĕ. Vitæ intĕgĕr. Scĕlĕrĭs purŭs. Lăbĕ nulla respersŭs. Nullĭŭs culpæ sĭbĭ conscĭŭs. Vita *or* fĭde inculpatŭs. Nullĭŭs noxæ (crimĭnis) rĕŭs *or* sĭbĭ conscĭŭs. Ignarŭs nŏcendi. Sĭnĕ fraudĕ dŏloquĕ. ˇAb omni labĕ immunis *or* intactŭs. Cui casti mores. Cui cordā -nulli culpæ obnoxĭā, *or* a culpa absunt, *or* nulli sunt culpæ pervĭā. Qui nil sĭbĭ conscĭt, *or* nulli culpa pallescĭt.

INNOCENTIA, æ. *f.* *Innocence, purity. Cic.* (Innŏcens.) *See* PROBITAS, CASTITAS.

INNOCUUS, ă, um. **1.** *Harmless, innocent.* Spargĭmŭr innŏcŭæ succis mĕllĭorĭbŭs herbæ. *O.* Ludĭmŭs ~-is verbis. *M.* [† Innŏcens, innoxĭŭs.] **2.** *Inoffensive, gentle.* ˇAnĭmal sĭnĕ fraudĕ dŏloquĕ, ~-um, simplex. *O.* [† Mitĭs, mansuetŭs.] **3.** Gen. *Virtuous. See* INNOCENS. **4.** Sts. *Uninjured.* Sederĕ cārinæ ~-æ. *V. See* INCOLUMIS.

INNOTESCO, ĭs, ŭi. *To become noted* or *known.* Fallĭmŭr? an nostris innotŭĭt illā lĭbellis? *O.* [† Cĕlĕbrŏr, clarĕo, inclarĕo.]

INNOXIŬS, ă, um. 1. *Harmless* (not hurting). ~ verbā; flammā. *V. See* INNOCENS. 2. *Harmless* (not hurt). ~ serpentum morsu. *L. See* INCOLUMIS.

INNŬBĂ, æ. *f. Unmarried* (of the woman); *and fig.* Inŭbā permānĕo; sed jam felicĭŏr ætas. *O.* ~ laurŭs (respectu ăd Daphnen). *O. See* INNUPTA.

INNUBILŬS, ă, um, *and* INNUBIS, ĕ. *Sen. Cloudless.* Semperque innubĭlŭs æther. *Lr.* [† Purŭs, sĕrenŭs.] **Crcl.** Sĭnĕ nubĕ. Discussis *or* fŭgatis nubĭbŭs.

INNUBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. *To marry* (of the woman). Ne thălāmis Auram pătĭare innubĕrĕ nostris. *O. See* NUBO.

INNŬMĔRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Innumerable.* Innŭmĕrabĭlĭs Annorum sĕrĭes. *H. See* INNUMERUS.

INNŬMĔRABĬLITĔR. *Innumerably.* Innŭmĕrabĭlĭtĕr privas mutatŭr ĭn horas. *Lr.*

INNŬMĔRŬS, ă, um. *Innumerable.* Hunc circum innŭmĕræ gentes pŏpŭlique vŏlabant. *V.* Cinctŭs ăb ~-o hostĕ. *O.* [† Innŭmĕrabĭlis, plurĭmŭs, frĕquens, multŭs.] **Crcl.** Numĕro infinitŭs. Nŭmĕro cārens. Cui copĭā nŭmĕro majŏr. Nŭmĕrum excedens. **Phr.** *Of what is countless, innumerable.* Quæ qui nŭmĕrarĕ vĕlĭt, vĕlĭt idem dicĕrĕ (nossĕ, discĕrĕ), -quam multā fŏlĭā auctumno lapsā cādant;—qu. m. ăvĭum millĭā se ĭn silvis condant;—quam multæ mārĭs ārenæ Zĕphyro turbentŭr;—quŏt ăd littŏrā fluctus vĕnĭant. Tŏt, quŏt -messis hābĕt ăristas;—silvā frondes gĕrĭt;—littŭs ārenas hābĕt;—parvā corpŏrā pulvis. Tŏt, -quŏt sidĕrā ĭn æthĕrĕ lucent;—quŏt frŭtĭces silvæ hābent;—quŏt ārenas hābĕt Tĭbrĭs;—quŏt gramĭnā Martis Campŭs hābĕt. Cĭtĭŭs enŭmĕres -vĕrĕ flores;—æstu (sĕgĕtis) ăristas;—pomā auctumno;—frigŏrĭbŭs nĭves;—ocĕāni fluctus;—pĕr littŏrā conchas. Cĭtĭŭs nŭmĕrabis -quŏt āpes Cecrŏpĭo montĕ vāgentŭr;—quam multis thȳmis Hyblā florĕāt;—quŏt austĕr -frondes arbŏrĭbŭs decŭtĭāt (imbres nubĭbŭs collĭgāt, fluctus frangāt, ārenas torquĕāt). Cĭtĭŭs certŭs ĕrĭs, -quŏt āves ĭn aĕrā pennis nitantŭr;—quŏt pisces æquŏrĕ nātent.

INNŬO, ĭs, i. *To nod, beckon, make a sign. J.*

INNUPTĂ, æ. *f. part. See* INNUBO. *Unmarried* (of the woman); *sts. as subst.* Pŭĕri innuptæquĕ pŭellæ. *V.* Cernĭŭs, innuptæ, jŭvĕnes. *Cat.* [† Inŭbā, virgo.] *See* VIRGO.

INO, us; *acc.* Ino. *f. Ino, daughter of Cadmus. C. D.* Sit Medĕā fĕrox invictāquĕ, flebĭlis Ino. *H.* [† Cadmeis, Leucŏthĕā, Matutā.] **Crcl.** ˘Athāmantĭā conjux. Sĕmĕles sŏrŏr. Bacchi matertĕrā *or* nutrix.

˘INOBLITŬS, ă, um. *Not forgetful.* Sempĕr ĭnoblita rĕpĕtam tŭā munĕrā mentĕ. *O. See* MEMOR.

˘INOBRŬTŬS, ă, um. *Not drowned.* Deucălĭoneas effugĭt ĭnobrŭtŭs undas. *O.*

˘INOBSERVATŬS, ă, um. *Not observed. O. See* INVISUS.

˘INOCCĬDŬŬS, ă, um. *That rests not, that sets not.* Axis ĭnoccĭdŭŭs gĕmĭna clarissĭmŭs Arcto. *L.* ~-is visĭbŭs (*of Argus*). *St.* **Crcl.** Tingi æquŏrĕ mĕtŭens.

˘INŎDORŬS, ă, um. *Without smell* or *odour.* Urnæ Ossa ĭnŏdora dābit. *Pers.* [† ˘Inŏlens.] **Crcl.** Sĭnĕ ŏdorĕ. ˘Odorĕ cārens.

˘INOFFENSŬS, ă, um. *That strikes against nothing* (no obstacle); *is struck against by nothing; goes on without hindrance;* hence, *smooth.* Sed mārĕ ĭnoffensum crescenti allablĭtŭr æstu. *V.* ~-æ vitæ metā. ~-os pĕdes dirĭgĕrĕ. *O.* ~-a currĕt vĭa (ārundo). *M.* [† Illæsŭs.]

˘INŎLENS, tis = ˘Inŏdorŭs. *Lr.*

˘INŎLESCO, ĭs, lŭi. *To grow with, in,* or *upon.* Udoquĕ dŏcent Inŏlescĕrĕ libro (germĕn). *V.*

˘INOMINATŬS, ă, um. *Ill-omened.* ˘Inomĭnatā perprĭmat cŭbilĭā. *H.*

˘INŎPIĂ, æ. *f. Poverty.* Mālus quum sutŏr Inŏpia deperdĭtŭs. *Ph. See* PAUPERTAS.

˘INŎPINATŬS, *and* ˘INŎPINŬS, ă, um. *Unexpected, unforeseen.* Atque Inŏpinata detur circumdārĕ fraudĕ. *Sil.* Vix primos Inŏpinā quĭes laxavĕrāt artus. *V.* [† Improvisŭs, &c.] *See* I.

˘INOPS, ŏpis. *In want, destitute; poor, forlorn.* Lumĭnā viderunt Inŏpem somniquĕ cĭbiquĕ. *O.* Pacis ~. *O.* Versus ~-es rerum. *H.* ~ sĕnectā. Res ~-es. *V.* [† Cārens, indĭgŭs, ĕgens, &c.] *See* EGENS, PAUPER.

˘INORNATŬS, ă, um. 1. *Unadorned, undressed, neglected.* Jussāt Inornatos hūmĕris pendĕrĕ cĭpillos. *O.* [† Incultŭs, neglectŭs, horrĭdŭs.] 2. Fig. *Unpraised, unrecorded. H.* [† Indictŭs, immĕmŏratŭs.]

INOŬS, ă, um. *Of Ino.* Glauco et Pălĭŏpæ ĕt Inoo Mĕlĭcertæ. *V.*

INPRIMIS. *See* IMPRIMIS.

INQUAM, ĭs, it. *defect. Say I, says he,* &c. [† Aio, dico.]

INQUIES, etis. *m. f.* = Inquĭetŭs.

INQUIETŬS, ă, um. 1. *Restless, ever-moving.* Dux inquĭeti turbĭdŭs Adrĭæ (austĕr). *H.* Quam fluctu tĕnŭi, sĕd inquĭeto. *M.* [† Irrĕquietŭs, implăcĭdŭs, ăgĭtatŭs, motŭs, turbatŭs.] 2. Fig. *Restless, unquiet* (of the mind). ˘Et inquietis assĭdes præcordĭis. *H.* ~-æ curæ. *M. See* SOLLICITUS.

INQUĬNO, as. 1. *To stain, spot, soil.* Inquĭnĕt armā sĭtŭs. *O.* ~ sanguĭnĕ. *Ph.* [† Pollŭo, măcŭlo, fœdo, infĭcio.] 2. Fig. *To stain, pollute.* ~ egrĕgĭos mores (de sŭpĕrbĭa). *Cl.* nuptias. *H.* [† Pollŭo, corrumpo, tĕmĕro, &c.] *See* POLLUO.

INQUIRO, ĭs, isivi, situm. 1. *To search after, investigate.* Evĕnĭt, inquirant vĭtĭa ut tŭā rursŭs ĕt illi. *H.* ~ quĭd sit fŭrĕrĕ. *H.* In fatā Cæsăris. *L. See* QUÆRO. 2. *To inquire* (of a diviner). Fillŭs antĕ dĭem pătrĭos inquirĭt in annos. *O.*

INQUISITŎR, ŏris. *m. A spy and informer.* Inquisitores ăgĕrent cum remĭgĕ nudo. *J.*

INSĂLUTATŬS, ă, um. *Without a farewell; without a saluting* or *parting word.* Inquĕ sălutatum linquo. *V.*

INSANABĬLIS, ĕ. *Incurable.* Si trĭbŭs Anticȳris căpŭt insanabĭlĕ nunquam. *H. See* IMMEDICABILIS.

INSANE. *adv., and* INSANUM. *n. as adv.* 1. *Insanely, foolishly.* In silvam non lignā fĕras insanĭŭs ac si. *H.* [† Stultĕ, insăpĭentĕr.] 2. *Exceedingly, beyond bounds. Pl.*

INSANIĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Madness, folly, infatuation.* Imo in cordĕ pŭdor, mixtoque insanĭā luctu. *V.* Ludĭt ămabĭlis ~. *H.* [† Amentĭā, dementĭā, fŭrŏr, delirĭum.] *See* AMENTIA. 2. *Extravagant passion of any kind, rage.* ~ lucri. *M.* belli. *V.* [† Fŭrŏr, ămŏr, răbies.] *See* CUPIDO.

INSANIENS, tis. *Insensate; raging.* Insanientis dum săpĭentiæ Consultŭs erro. *H.* ~ Bosphŏrŭs. *H. See* INSANUS.

INSANIO, is. *To be mad, beside himself, frantic.* An tu rerĭs cum occisa insanisĕ pārentĕ. *H.* Cunctum ~ dŏcebo. *H.* [† Fŭro, desĭpio, lymphŏr, bacchŏr, deliro.] *See* AMENS.

INSANŬS, ă, um. 1. *Mad, beside himself, frantic.* Adfŭĭt insano jŭvĕnis Phocæŭs ˘Orestæ. *O.* [† Amens, demens, fŭrens, &c.] *See* AMENS.

l *of things inanimate.* ~-i fluctus; ven- ~-i martĭs ămorē. *V.* ~-ă Căpræ sidē- jugĭă. *O.* ~-um fōrum. *V.* and *Pp.* 3. d. ~-am vatem adsăpĭcĭes. *V. See* AFFLA- l. *Insensate, madman-like. See* STULTUS. *oderate, out of reason.* ~ ămŏr; labŏr. *V.* ŏdĭcĭus, ingens.] *See* INSANE. 6. *Mak- t.* Amnĭs ĭt insanā, nomĭnē Gallŭs, ăqua. . fāmes. *L.*

ILIS, ĕ, *and* INSĂTIĂTUS, ă, um. *Insa- siate.* Mox acquirendi dŏcēt insătĭa- tam. *J.* ˘Et ēnim insătĭatŭs ēundi Ar- [? ˘Inexpletŭs, insătūrabĭlĭs, Inexsătū- ăvĭdŭs.]

ILITER. *So as never to be satisfied.* In- ĭtĕr defletbĭmŭs. *Lr.* [? ˘Inexpletum.]

. *See* INSCULPO.

, m. *f. Ignorance, inexperience.* Seu re- scĭtĭă vexăt. *H.* [? Ignorantĭă.]

ă, um. 1. *Not knowing.* ~ acti. *O. See* US. 2. *Not acquainted with by experi- encing no practical knowledge of.* ~ her- culpæ. *V.* ~-ă somni lumĭnă. *V. Fl. See* A. 3. *Unaware.* Haud ~ accĭpĭt ensem. ı fōvēam decĭdĭt. *Pk. See* IMPRUDENS.

, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To write in* or *upon, to , set a mark on.* Ipsĕ sŭos gĕmĭtus fōlĭis ĭt, ĕt ai ai Flos hăbĕt. *O.* ~ nomĕn In ĭŭs. [? Scribo, incido, nōto.] 2. *To trace, to mark.* Versa pulvĭs ~-ĭtŭr ha- [? Signo, nōto, imprĭmo, exăro.] Fig. ndicate.* Sŭă quemquē dĕorum ~-ĭt fă- *See* OSTENDO. 4. *To assign, set down, as cause, author of a thing,* &c. ~ dĕos *O.* Mĕă dextĕrā leto ~-endă tŭo est. *O.* ĭo, attrĭbĭo.]

IO, onĭs. *f. An inscription. See* EPI- IA.

ĭŭs, ă, um. *part. See* INSCRIBO. *Written scribed; marked* (as slaves). Flores ~-i . regum. *V.* Ai ai flos hăbĕt ~-um. *O.* gnatŭlĭă. *J.*

, ĭs. *To cut out* or *carve in, to engrave.* fĭă ferratis postĭbŭs. *O.* summam pătrĭmo- . *H. See* SCALPO.

, arĭs. 1. *To pursue closely. Pl.* [? Per-] Fig. 2. *To assail with words, re- H.* [? Objurgo, incrĕpo.] 3. *To work nd again* (of land). ~ terram assĭdŭis *V.*

es, *and* INSĔNESCO, ĭs. *To grow old* in or amongst). Credĭbĭle est nostris nsĕ mălis. *O.*

.IS, ĕ. *Imperceptible.* Ex insensĭlĭbus ne ensĭlĭ gigni. *Lr.*

ŭs, ă, um. *Unburied.* (Sĕpultŭs.) *H.* IUMATUS.

, ĕrĭs, cutŭs sum. 1. *To pursue, follow ffer.* Insĕquĭtur, trĕpĭdĭquē pĕdem pĕdĕ urgĕt. *V.* [? Sĕquŏr, persĕquŏr, insto, gĭto.] Fig. 2. *To pursue, harass, perse- vĭros tŏt actos casĭbŭs. V.* crimĕn. *O. ttack* (by deed or word). ~ orā prŏtervis a. *V.* sævis qm dictis. *V. Fl.* 4. *To work* ~ arvā jacto semĭnĕ. *V.* [? Insectŏr, ŏr, urgĕo, lăcesso, insto, fătigo.] *See* OR. 5. *To follow, succeed.* Insĕquĭtŭr vĭrum &c. *V.* [? Sĕquŏr, succedo, ex- 6. *To follow on, proceed, continue to* avellĕrĕ vimĕn ~-ŏr. *V.* [? Pergo, in-

, ĭs, ĕrŭi, ertum. 1. *To put in, to insert.* ıs mĕdĭum rĭdĭis subtemĕn ăcutis. *O.* hartis sŭis. *M.* [? Inserto, immitto, in- nsĕcĭo, immĭscĕo, ădhĭbĕo.] 2. *To put* , *number with.* ~ qm lyrĭcis vatĭbŭs. *H.*

Æăcĭdis nomĭnă ăllĭenæ gentĭs. *O.* [? Annŭmĕro, addo, adscribo.]

II. INSĔRO, ĭs, sevi, sĭtum. *To ingraft, bud.* Nec mŏdŭs insĕrĕre atque ŏcŭlos imponĕrĕ simplex. *V.* ~ pĭros. *V.* Crol. Ramos (ŏcŭlos, gem- mas, germĭnă) insĕro (impono, cortĭcĕ conclu- do). Phr. *Of a grafted tree.* Arbŏr insĭtă *or* fissă -frondes nŏvas (ignotas) *or* pomă nŏvă (non sŭă, non gentĭlĭă) fert (indŭĭt, mirātŭr); —externo florĕ (cŏmis pĕrĕgrinis *or* ădoptatis) dĕcŏrată (ŏpacă) stăt;—ădoptivas ŏpes accĭpĭt; —ă. ŏ. grăvĭdo cortĭcĕ ăllĭt;—ădoptatis cŏmis (frugĭbŭs) curvatŭr (ŏnĕratŭr);—ăb hospĭtĕ gemma pinguescĭt. Ramum ramŭs ădoptăt.

INSERPO, ĭs. *To steal, creep into* or *over. St. Cl. See* SERPO.

INSERTO, as. *freq. of* Insero (I.). *V. See* I.

INSERVIO, is. *To attend upon carefully; to be de- voted to.* ~ ĕquo. *Sil.* hŏnori. *H.* [? Curo, in- vĭgĭlo, stŭdĕo.]

INSIBILO, as. *To whistle* or *hiss in* or *upon.* ˘Ubi trux insibĭlăt eurŭs. *O.*

INSĬDĔO, es, edi, essum. 1. Intr. *To sit upon.* Effingoquē mănus, insĭdĕoquē tŏro. *O.* [? In- sido.] *See* SEDEO. 2. *To post oneself, settle in* or *on, occupy.* Lit. and fig. ~ jŭgis ˘Etruscis; silvis. *V.* ~-ēt vāpŏr Appŭlĭæ. *H.* torpŏr pĕr artus. *Sen.* [? Insido, considio, occŭpo.] 3. Tr. Summas arces Pallăs insedĭt. *V.* ~ silvarum anfractus armĭs. *Sil.* Insedĭt ˘Apollo pectŏrā. *V. Fl.*

INSĬDIÆ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *Crafty devices, deceits, treachery.* Nullæ hic insĭdiæ tales, absistē mŏ- veri. *V.* [? Dŏli, fraus, fraudes.] Ep. Occul- tæ, dŏlosæ, fallaces, cæcæ, tăcĭtæ; ĭniquæ, mă- lignæ, nĕfandæ. *See* INSIDIOR, DOLUS. 2. *An ambush, ambuscade.* ~-as armăquē tectă pārant. *O.* [? Dŏli, furtum.] Ep. Nocturnæ, hostiles. Crol. Furtă belli. Bellĭcă fraus. Armorum dŏli.

INSĬDIĂTŎR, orĭs. *m. One who lies in ambush* or *lays snares.* Lit. and fig. Insĭdĭatorem præroso fugĕrĭt hamo. *H.*

INSĬDIŎR, arĭs. *To lie in ambush, lie in wait, plot against.* Tutĭŏr est virtus: insĭdĭeunŭr āpris. *M.* Hostĭbŭs insĭdĭor fossas munimĭnĕ cingo. *O.* [? Excĭpĭo.] Crol. Insĭdĭas -pāro, strŭo, pono, mollĭŏr, făcio, tendo, mĕdĭtŏr, lŏco, collŏco, compăro, instrŭo, compono, porto. Insĭdĭis -am- bĭo, circumdo, pĕto, excĭpio, decĭpio, circum- vĕnio. Dŏlos -necto, tendo, mĕdĭtŏr. (Vallem) insĭdĭis claudo. *See* DECIPIO, DOLUS.

INSĬDIOSUS, ă, um. *Insidious, treacherous, steal- thily hurtful.* Nunc quŏquē formosis insĭdĭosă mănent (thĕatrā). *O.* ~ quĭes. *St. See* DOLO- SUS.

INSIDO, ĭs, edi. 1. *To sit down, to settle* or *rest upon.* Florĭbŭs insidunt vărĭis, et candĭdă circum &c. *V.* [? Insĭdĕo.] *See* I.

INSIGNĂ, is. *n. A mark* or *badge, ensign, orna- ment.* Dănăumque insignĭă nobis Aptemŭs. *V.* Clypĕique ~ dĕcorum. *V.* ~-ĭă morbi. *H.* Vittæ tĕnŭes, insignĕ pŭdorĭs. *O.* [? Dĕcŭs, orna- mentum, ornatŭs, signum, hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos.] *See* ORNATUS.

INSIGNIO, is. *To make conspicuous, decorate.* Clypĕum sublatĭs cornĭbŭs Io Auro insignibăt. *V.* [? Dĕcŏro, orno.] *See* DECORO.

INSIGNIS, ĕ. 1. *Conspicuous, distinguished.* Ostro- quē insignĭs ĕt auro. *V.* Magnis ~-ĭă dentĭbŭs orā. *O.* [? Conspĭcŭŭs, conspĭcĭendŭs, clarŭs, exĭmĭŭs, egrĕgĭŭs, præstans, ornatŭs.] 2. *Illu- trious, renowned. O.* [? Cĕlĕbĕr, clarŭs, præ- clarŭs, illustrĭs, inclytŭs, noblĭs.] *See* CELE- BER.

INSILIA, ĭum. *n. pl. The treadle of a loom* (dbf.). Insĭlĭa, ac fusi, rādĭi scapiquē sŏnantes. *Lr.*

INSĬLĬO, is, sĭlŭi, *and sit.* sĭlĭi, sultum. 1. *To leap into* or *upon* (with dat.). Insĭlĭt huc, mirumquĕ fŭit pŏtŭissĕ: vŏlabăt. *O.* ∾ puppi. *O.* vădis. *St.* [† Sălĭo, emĭco, irrŭo.] Crcl. Saltu -ingrĕdĭŏr, ascendo, vĕnĭo. 2. *With acc.* ∾ Ætnam. *H.* puppim. *L.*

INSĬMŬLO, as. *To accuse.* Crimĭnĭbus falsis insĭmŭlassĕ vĭrum. *O.* ∾ mălĭtĭæ. *Ter.* [† Argŭo, accuso, &c.] *See* CULPO.

INSINCERŬS, ă, um. *Not sound, spoiled, corrupt;* fig. *unprincipled.* Insincerŭs ăpes tŭlĕrĭt crŭŏr. *V.* [† Corruptŭs, pravŭs.]

INSĬNŬŌ, as. 1. *To get* or *worm a way for, to insinuate.* Vix possit per septă dŏmorum Insĭnŭarĕ sŭum rădĭis ardentibŭs æstum. *Lr.* (de solĕ.) Făcĭles ∾-antŭr ŏpes. *Pp.* [† Immitto, insĕro, indo, infundo, inspiro.] 2. Intr. *To make way into, steal into.* Pĕr pectŏră cunctis ∾-at păvŏr. *V.* Aspĕrā ŏdorĕ pĕr nares ∾-ant. *Lr.* [† Insĭnŭŏr, pĕnĕtro, sŭbĕo, intro, infundŏr, permĕo.] 3. With acc. *To penetrate.* ∾ lătebras. *Lr.*

INSĬPĬENS, tĭs. *Silly, witless.* O sæclum insĭpĭens ĕt infĭcetum! *Cat.* *See* STULTUS.

INSISTO, is, stĭti. 1. Intr. *To stand firm, stand still, rest upon.* Răpĭdisquĕ rŏtis insistĕrĕ victŏr. *V.* ∾ prŏpĭoris margĭnĕ ripæ. Instĭtĭĕrăt dĭgĭtis primos suspensŭs in artus. *O.* [† Consisto, innitŏr, nitŏr.] Fig. 2. *To be intent upon, dwell upon.* ∾ vĭtĭis ămicæ. *O.* magnis rebŭs. *St.* Sic ădĕo ∾-it, secumquĕ cordĕ vŏlutăt. *V.* 3. Tr. *To set* or *plant* (the step), *tread, tread upon.* ∾ vestigĭā certă vĭai. *Lr.* limĕn; primis vestigĭā plantis (*of a child*); vĭam dŏmandi. *V.* Cĭnĕres ∾-ĕt victŏr. *H.* *See* CALCO *or* PERSEQUOR.

INSĬTIO, onis. *f. The act of engrafting.* Venĕrĭt insĭtĭo, fac ramum ramŭs ădoptĕt. *O.* *See* INSERO (II.).

INSĬTIVŬS, ă, um. *Engrafted.* Ut gaudĕt insĭtivă decerpens pĭrā! *H.* [† Insĭtŭs.]

INSĬTŎR, oris. *m. An engrafter.* Insĭtŏr hic solvit pomosa votă cŏrona. *Pp.* *See* INSERO (II.).

INSĬTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* INSERO (II.). 1. *Engrafted.* Lit. and fig. Æternis famæ mŏnŭmentis insĭtă florent. *Lr.* 2. Freq. *Implanted by nature, natural.* Mortalĭbŭs ∾ horrŏr. Lignis (non) ∾ ignis. *Lr.* Doctrinā vim promŏvĕt ∾-am. *H.* *See* INNATUS.

INSOLABĬLĬTĔR. *Inconsolably.* Rapto de fratrĕ dŏlentis Insolabĭlĭtĕr. *H.*

INSŎLENS, tĭs. 1. (Of a person) *Not used to;* (of a thing) *unusual.* Nigris æquŏrā ventis Emirabĭtŭr insŏlens. *H.* Ægrĭtudo ∾. *Pac.* [† Insuetŭs, insŏlĭtŭs.] 2. *Haughty, arrogant.* ∾ exercĭtŭs; ˘Achilles; ludŭs (fortunæ). *H.* *See* SUPERBUS.

INSŎLENTĔR. *Uncommonly, excessively.* *Cat.*

INSŎLENTIA, æ. *f. Arrogance, insolence.* *H.* *See* SUPERBIA.

INSŎLĬTUS, ă, um. 1. *Unaccustomed, not used* (to a thing). Insŏlĭta cepi tempŏrĭs armā mănu. *O.* [† Insuetŭs, insŏlens, inassuetŭs.] 2. *Unusual, extraordinary.* ∾-is trĕmŭerunt motĭbŭs Alpes. *V.* Elŏquĭum ∾. *H.* [† Insuetŭs, inexpertŭs, intentatŭs, nŏvŭs, inauditŭs, inusĭtatus.] Crcl. Non *or* haud sŏlĭtŭs. Non *or* haud usĭtatŭs. Pæne exemplo cărens. Vix ævo cognĭtŭs. Præter sŏlĭtum.

INSOMNIS, ĕ. 1. *That sleeps not, sleepless.* Lit. and fig. Pomăque ăb insomni mălĕ custodĭtă drăconĕ. *O.* ∾ curā. *L.* [† Vĭgĭlans, vĭgĭl, pervĭgĭl, insopitŭs, exsomnis, pernox.] Crcl. Somni -īnops, expers, immĕmŏr, ignarŭs, insclŭs, nesclŭs. *See* VIGILO, DORMIO. 2. *Used of the night passed without sleep.* Ducĕrĕ noctem ∾-em. *V.*

INSOMNIUM, ĭi. *n. and us.* INSOMNIA, orum. *pl. Visions of the night, dreams.* Quæ me suspensam insomnĭā terrent? *V.* *See* SOMNIUM.

INSŎNO, as, ŭi. 1. Intr. *To sound, sound loudly, resound.* Insŏnŭerĕ cāvæ gĕmĭtumquĕ dĕdĕrĕ cāvernæ. *V.* Insŏnŭĭt contento nervŭs ăb arcu. *O.* [† Sŏno, rĕsŏno, strĕpo, &c.] *See* SONO. 2. Sp. *Used of instruments.* Cālāmis agrestĭbŭs ∾-ăt illĕ. *O.* Insŏnŭerĕ tŭbæ. *L.* [† Sŏno, cāno.] 3. Tr. Te nobĭlĕ carmĕn insŏnantem. *St.*

INSONS, tĭs. 1. *Innocent, guiltless; good.* Fraterni sanguĭnis insons. *O.* *See* INNOCENS. 2. *Used of things inanimate.* ∾ cāsæ. *O.* [† Innŏcŭŭs, immĕrĭtŭs.] 3. *Harmless* (doing no hurt). Te vidĭt ∾ Cerbĕrŭs. *H.*

INSOPITŬS, ă, um. *Unlulled.* Lit. and fig. Insopitumquĕ draconem. *O.* *See* INSOMNIS.

INSPERANS, tĭs. *Not hoping, not expecting.* *Cat.* (Spero.)

INSPERATŬS, ă, um. *Unexpected, unhoped for.* *V.* (Spero.) *See* IMPROVISUS.

INSPERGO, is. *To scatter* or *sprinkle upon.* *H.* *See* SPARGO.

INSPĬCIO, is, exi, ectum. 1. *To look at, look into.* Carmĭnis Eubŏĭci fatalĭā verbă sācerdos Inspĭcĭt. *O.* Inspĭcĕ quĭd portem. *O.* [† Inspecto, specto, intŭĕŏr, considĕro, &c.] *See* SPECTO. 2. Fig. *To weigh, examine, test.* Tempŏrĕ sic duro est inspĭcĭendā fĭdes. *O.* ∾ sententiam. *Pl.* [† Examĭno, exploro.]

INSPICO, as. *To sharpen to a point.* Ferroquĕ fŭces inspicăt ăcuto. *V.*

INSPIRO, as. 1. *To breathe upon* or *into.* Nullis inspirat sălo ventŭs. *Sen.* Conchæ sŏnanti ∾. *O.* *See* SPIRO, INFLO. 2. *To give, infuse* (something) *by the breath* or *bite.* ∾ vĕnenum morsibŭs; vipĕrĕam ănĭmam. *V.* [† Afflo, immitto, insĭnŭo.] 3. Sp. *Used of inspiration given.* ∾ magnam mentem ănĭmumquĕ. *V.* *See* AFFLO.

INSPŎLIATŬS, ă, um. *Unstripped* (for spoil). Corpŭs ĕt armā Inspŏlĭatā fĕram tŭmŭlo. *V.*

INSTĂBĬLIS, ĕ. 1. *Unsteady, unsettled.* Ut cymbæ instăbĭles vento jactantĕ săburram. *V.* Sic ĕrăt ∾ tellus. *O.* [† Mobĭlis, văgŭs, errans, non stăbĭlis.] Fig. 2. *Not firmly established.* ∾ regnum. *Sen.* [† Incertŭs.] 3. *Fickle, light.* ∾-es ănĭmi. *V.* [† Mobĭlis, lĕvis, mutabĭlis.]

INSTANS, tĭs. *part.* *See* INSTO. *Intent upon, pressing on, pursuing, threatening.* Instans ŏpĕri regnisquĕ fŭturis. *V.* ∾-es Teucri. ∾-ibŭs fatis. *V.* Vultŭs ∾-is tyranni. *H.* *See* IMMINENS, MINANS.

INSTĂR. *subst. n.* (*found only in the nom. and acc.*). 1. *Likeness.* Quantum instăr in ipso est! *V.* Scĕlŭs hoc mĕrĭti pondŭs ĕt instăr hăbĕt. *O.* *See* SPECIES. 2. Instăr. *adverbially* [*not* ăd instăr *in good writers*]. *After the likeness* or *fashion, like* [*especially with ref. to* size, amount]. ∾ montis équŭs; turbĭnis. *V.* magni numĭnis. *O.* [† ˘Ut, ritu, morĕ; *sts.* lŏco.] *See* TANQUAM.

INSTAURO, as. *To renew, repeat, celebrate anew* (of sacrifices, games renewed or repeated at stated times); hence, gen. *to re-commence, renew.* ∾ dĭem donis. *V.* Pŏlŷdoro funŭs; inceptos gĕnĭtori hŏnores; chŏros; ĕpŭlas. *V.* prælĭā. *L.* [† Rĕnŏvo, rĕpĕto, rĕpăro; *ext.* păro, cĕlĕbro.]

INSTERNO, is. 1. *To lay* or *extend over.* ∾ tăbŭlatā fŏris. *V.* *Fl.* pontes altos. *V.* pulpĭtā tignis (*dat.*). *H.* *See* STERNO. 2. *To cover over.* ∾-ŏr pellĕ lĕonis. *V.* terra ăvita. *St.* *See* VERSTIO.

INSTIGO, as. *To urge on, animate, spur on.* Vărĭis instigat vocĭbŭs alas. *V.* ∾ sĕquentem stŭdĭis. *V.*

hortatĭbŭs agmĭn. *O.* [† Excĭto, hortŏr, ăctĭo, &c.] *See* ACCENDO, HORTOR.

INSTILLO, as. 1. Intr. *To fall drop by drop.* Guttæ, quæ saxa assĭdŭe instillant Caucăsi. *Cic.* 2. Us. tr. *To pour drop by drop.* Lit. and fig. ~ vinā. *O.* præceptā. *H.* *See* INFUNDO.

INSTIMŬLO, as. *To spur on, excite.* Instĭmŭlat fictis insĭdĭosā sŏnis. *O.* *See* STIMULO, IRRITO.

INSTINCTŬS, ă, um. *Incited, inspired. L.* *See* AFFLATUS.

INSTINCTŬS, us. *m.* *Inspiration. St.* [† Impulsŭs, consĭlĭum, mŏnĭtŭs.]

INSTĬTA, æ. *f.* 1. *The fringe, border,* or *selvedge of a garment.* Quæquĕ tĕgit mĕdĭos instĭtā longā pĕdes. *O.* [† Fimbrĭā.] 2. *A band* or *riband. St.* [† Tænĭā.]

INSTĬTŎR, ōris. *m.* *A factor, hawker, retail-dealer* (in foreign imports especially). ˘Āmatā nautis multum ĕt instĭtŏrĭbŭs. *H.* *See* MERCATOR.

INSTITUO, is, ŭi, utum. 1. *To found, construct, prepare.* Sŏlĭdo de marmŏre templum Instĭtŭam. *V.* ~ dăpes. *V.* [† Stātŭo, pono, constĭtŭo, strŭo, constrŭo, instrŭo, păro.] 2. *To make, form.* Amphŏrā cœpit ~-i. *H.* [† Fingo, formo.] Fig. 3. *To institute, appoint, regulate.* ~ sācros ludos; hastatos dĕcem. *O.* sāpĭentĕr vitam. *Ter.* [† Stātŭo, constĭtŭo, ordĭno, decerno.] 4. *To commence, undertake.* ~ vitæ lăbores. *H.* [† Incĭpio, inchŏo, aggrĕdĭŏr, suscĭpio, lnĕo.] 5. *To inform, instruct.* Ferro mortales vertĕrĕ terram ~-it (Cĕrĕs). *V.* ~-it rŭdes mŭlĭĕr prŏpinquos. *J.* *See* DOCEO.

INSTĬTUTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* INSTITUO. *Appointed, prepared, commenced.* Rumpăt et serpens Itĕr instĭtutum. *H.* Amphŏræ fumum bĭbĕre ~-æ consŭlĕ Planco. *H.* [† Cœptŭs, inceptŭs, susceptŭs.]

INSTO, as, Iti. 1. *To hang over, incline towards.* Instăt ăquæ saxum. *V.* [† Insisto, impendĕo, immĭnĕo.] Fig. 2. *To threaten.* *See* INSTANS. 3. *To lean upon.* [† Innitŏr, incumbo.] 4. *To pursue, press closely.* ~-ăt vi pătrĭa Pyrrhŭs; cursu ĕs latratĭbŭs cănis. *V.* [† Insisto, urgĕo, prĕmo, persĕquŏr, sĕquŏr.] 5. *To approach, be close at hand.* Dilatā tempŏrā tædæ ~-ĭtĕrant. *O.* [† Prŏpinquo.] 6. *To press, be urgent.* Quod ~-ăt, ăgamŭs. *V.* 7. *To be intent upon.* ~ majorĭbŭs (rebŭs). *O.* [† Insisto, văco, incumbo.] 8. Sts. with acc. *To press forward.* Marti currumquĕ rŏtasquĕ instabant. *V.*

INSTRATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* INSTERNO. *Strewed, covered.* Instratos ostro alĭpĕdes. *V.* ~-ă cŭbĭlĭā frondĕ. *Lr.* [† Stratŭs, tectŭs, ŏpertŭs.]

INSTRĔPO, is = Strĕpo. *V.*

INSTRUMENTUM, i. *n.* 1. *Apparel, dress, fitting out, equipment of any kind, furniture, moveables* (sing. and pl.). ˘Anilĭā demĭt Instrumentā sĭbi (*dress*). *O.* [† Sŭpellex, ornatŭs, mundŭs.] 2. *An implement, a tool; or pl.* Abjecto ~-o artis, clausasquĕ tăberna. *H.* Bŏves, jumentā, ĕt ~ rustĭcum. *Ph.* [† Armā.] 3. Fig. *Instrument, means.* ~-ā nĕcis, ferrumque ignesquĕ pĕrantur. *O.*

INSTRUO, is, uxi, uctum. 1. *To raise, erect.* ~ sĕpulcrā. *O.* mensas. *V.* ĕpŭlis mensas. *O.* [† Strŭo, pono, collŏco, stātŭo.] 2. *To dispose in order.* Cursus instruxĭt ĕquorum. *V.* [† Ordĭno, dispono.] Fig. 3. *To plan, meditate.* Insĭdĭas mĭhĭ instrŭentem. *Cat.* [† Strŭo, instĭtŭo, păro, mollĭŏr.] 4. *To provide, furnish, adorn; to arm* (and fig.). Cultĭbŭs Alcĭden ~-ĭt illā sŭis. *O.* ~ sŏcĭos armis. *V.* mānum clava; se ira. *O.* *See* ORNO, ARMO. 5. *To form by instruction, instruct.* ~ ăd vĭtĭum mores; Atrĭden artē mēa. *O.* [† Instĭtŭo, dŏcĕo, erŭdĭo, imbŭo.] *See* DOCEO.

INSUAVIS, ĕ. *Unamiable. H.*

INSUDO, as. *To sweat, to sweat upon. H.* *See* SUDO.

INSUESCO, is, evi. 1. Intr. *To be accustomed to, to be in the habit of. Lr.* *See* ASSUESCO. 2. Tr. *To accustom.* Insuevit pătĕr optĭmŭs hoc me. *H.* [† Assuefăcĭo.]

INSUETŬS, ă, um (*from* in *priv. and* suetus). 1. *Unaccustomed.* Arcādĭās insuetos ăcĭes inferrĕ pĕdestres. *V.* [† Insŏlens, inassuetŭs, inconsuetŭs, inexpertŭs, rŭdĭs, nescĭŭs, ignarŭs.] 2. *Unusual, new.* ~-um pĕr Iter. ~-ă pabŭlā. *V.* [† Insŏlĭtŭs, &c.] *See* I.

INSŬLA, æ. *f.* *An island.* Est in secessu longo lŏcus: insŭlā portum Efficĭt. *V.* Ep. Circumflŭā. Crol. Tellus ăquis (æquŏrĕ, ponto, mări) -cinctā, succinctā, clausā, circumdātā, circumflŭā, circumvallatā.

INSULSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Saltless, tasteless, insipid.* [† Fātŭus, insĭpĭdŭs, iners.] Crol. Gustu ignavŭs. 2. Us. *Without wit* or *talent, dull.* Qui te ex insulso salsum feci ŏpĕra mĕa. *Pl.* ~-ă mālĕ ĕt mŏlestā vivĭs. *Cat.* [† Fātŭus, insĭpĭdŭs, stultŭs, *or* mŏlestŭs.] *See* STULTUS.

INSULTO, as. 1. *To leap, spring upon* or *against.* ~ sŏlo; hostĭbŭs cæsis; florĭbŭs (de hœdis). *V.* Pārĭdĭs busto (de armento). *H.* fluctĭbŭs (de cărinis). *O.* *See* CALCO. 2. *To kick* (with *calcibus*). 3. *Sts. with acc.* ~ fores calcĭbŭs. *Ter.* 4. *To dance.* Nĕmŏra avĭā matres ~-ant thĭāsis. *V.* *See* INSULTANS, SALTO. 5. Fig. *To insult.* ~ casĭbŭs nostris. *O.* mālis. *St.* [† Irrĭdĕo, illudo.]

INSUM (*obs.*), Inĕs, Inest; Inĕram. *To be in* or *upon.* Minotaurŭs Inest &c. *V.* [† Adsum, versŏr, occurro.]

INSUMO, is, umpsi, umptum (*or* umsi, umtum). 1. *To take, take up, assume.* Dignas insumĭtĕ mentes Cœptĭbŭs. *St.* Mĕdĭum cāvā nubĭlā montĭs Insumpserĕ lātŭs. *St.* *See* SUMO. 2. *To expend, employ. H.* [† Impendo, consumo, utŏr.]

INSŬO, is. *To sew to* or *into. O.* *See* SUO.

INSŬPĔR. 1. Adv. *Upon, above, over.* Et montes insŭpĕr altos Impŏsŭĭt. *V.* [† Sŭpĕr, sŭpra.] 2. *Moreover, besides.* Hæc ~ addĭdĭt. *V.* [† Sŭpĕr, prætĕrĕa, ultra, ultĕrĭŭs, ădhuc.] 3. Sts. *From above.* ˘Eam grāvĭs ~ ictŭs ampŭtāt. *L.* [† Desŭpĕr.] 4. Sts. prep. *Over and above, in addition.* Insŭpĕr his, campi quŏd &c. *V.* *See* SUPER.

INSŬPĔRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Not to be overcome.* Gĕnŭs insŭpĕrabĭlĕ bello. *V.* ~ fatum. *O.* *See* INVICTUS.

INSURGO, is, rexi, rectum. 1. *To rise upon,* or *to rise up.* Lit. and fig. Nunc nunc insurgĭtĕ remis. *V.* ~-unt tĕnĕbræ campis. *V.* frĕmĭtŭs. *V.* *Fl.* *See* SURGO. 2. *To rise up against, to attack.* Sŭis ~ regnis. *O.* [† Consurgo (in, *with acc.*).] *See* AGGREDIOR.

INSUTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* INSUO. *Sewn to, worked in by the needle. V.* Insutum vestĭbŭs aurum. *O.*

INTABESCO, is, bŭi. 1. *To melt.* ˘Ut intabescĕrĕ flavæ Ignĕ lĕvi ceræ (sŏlent). *O.* *See* LIQUESCO. 2. *To corrupt, rot.* Intabŭissent pupŭlæ. *H.* 3. Fig. *To pine, wither away.* ~-ĭt vĭdendo. *O.* *See* TABESCO.

INTACTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Untouched, on which the hand has never been laid, entire.* Rastro ~-ă, nĕc ullis Saucĭā vomĕrĭbŭs (tellus). *O.* ~-i thesauri. *H.* Căpŭt ~-um buxo. *J.* Crol. Non tactŭs. *See* INTEGER. 2. *Safe and sound; sp. unconquered.* ~ juventus. *V.* bello prĭorĕ. *L.* Brĭtannŭs. *H.* ~-um Pallantā rĕmittam. *L.* [† Intĕgĕr, incŏlŭmis, illæsŭs, *or* invictŭs, indŏmĭtŭs.] 4. *That which has never borne the yoke.* ~-a cervicĭ jŭvencæ. Grĕgĕ de ~-o &c. *V.* 5. f.

Chaste; a virgin. Cui pătĕr ∾-am dederăt. *V.* ∾ Pallas. *H.* [† Intĕgrā, castā.] *See* VIRGO. Fig. 6. *Unviolated.* ∾ fides. *St.* [† Intĕgĕr, intĕmĕrātŭs, invĭŏlātŭs.] 7. *Never entered.* Silvas saltusquĕ ∾-os. *V. See* INACCESSUS. 8. *Unattempted.* ∾-i carmĭnĭs auctŏr. Linquĕrĕ qd ∾-um. *H.* [† Intentatŭs, Inausŭs.]

INTAMĬNATUS, ă, um. *Unsullied.* Intamĭnatis fulgĕt hŏnorĭbŭs (virtus). *H. See* PURUS.

INTĔGĔR, ĕgrā, ĕgrum. 1. *Entire, whence nothing has been taken.* Tunsā pĕr integram solventur viscĕrā pellem. *V.* Dicĭmŭs intĕgro Sicci manĕ dĭc. *H.* [† Intactŭs, illibatŭs, indelibatŭs, Inattĕnŭatŭs; *sts.* inconsumptŭs, ingustatŭs.] 2. *Entire, the whole.* ∾-um ĕdax dŏmĭnŭs consumĕrĕt. *H. See* TOTUS. 3. *Sound, in good condition.* ∾ lintĕā. *H.* vasā. *Lr.* [† Illæsŭs, incŏlūmĭs.] 4. *Of full age and vital powers;* (fig.) *of healthy mind.* ∾ ævi. *V.* artŭs. *St.* mentĭs. *H.* ∾-a cum mentĕ. *H.* [† Vālens, vālĭdŭs, robustŭs, firmŭs; (*for the mind, see* SANUS).] Fig. 5. *Untouched;* hence, *pure, unsullied.* ∾-i fontes. *H.* ∾ cŏlŏr. *H. See* PURUS. 6. *Chaste.* ∾-æ tentatŏr Dianæ. *H.* [† Intactŭs, castŭs.] *See* VIRGO. 7. *Upright, virtuous.* ∾ arbĭtĕr. *J.* vitæ. Incesto addĭdĭt ∾-um. *H.* [† Castŭs, pĭŭs, innŏcŭŭs.] *See* INNOCENS. 8. ˘Ab intĕgro (de intĕgro. *Ter.*). as adv. *Anew.* Magnŭs ăb integro sæclorum nascĭtŭr ordo. *V. See* ITERUM.

INTĔGO, Is. *To cover.* (Tĕgo.) *Pp.*

INTĔGRĬTAS, atĭs. *f. The unimpaired, unsullied condition of any thing;* hence, *chastity, innocence, uprightness.* Integrĭtatis qui sinceræ conscĭŭs. *Ph. See* INNOCENTIA, CASTITAS.

INTĔGRO, *and* INTEGRO, as. *To renew, restore, repeat.* Omnĭā debĕt ĕnim cĭbŭs integrarĕ nŏvando. *Lr.* ∾ mĭsĕrabĭlĕ carmĕn. *V.* Phœben (lunam). *St.* [† Rĕnŏvo, instauro, rĕfĭcĭo, rĕpāro; *sts.* Itĕro, rĕpĕto, gĕmĭno.]

INTELLĬGENTIA, æ. *f. Intelligence, wisdom.* Eam cālāmĭtatem vestra intellĭgentĭā Sedabĭt. *Ter.*

INTELLĬGO, Is, lexi, lectum. 1. *To comprehend, understand.* Barbārŭs hic ĕgo sum, quĭā non intellĭgŏr illis. *O.* Intellecturæ aures. *O.* [† Cāpio, percĭpio, assĕquŏr.] **Crcl.** ˘Anĭmo, mentĕ percĭpio.] 2. *To perceive.* Illā quĭdem primo nullos intellĭgĭt ignes. *O. See* ANIMADVERTO.

INTĔMĔRANDUS, ă, um. *Not to be profaned.* An Martĭā templā Intĕmĕrandā mĭnŭs? *V. Fl. See* SANCTUS.

INTĔMĔRATUS, ă, um. *Pure, undefiled.* Virgĭnĭtatis āmorem Intĕmĕrātā cŏlĭt. *V.* ∾-ā munĕrā libo. *V. See* PURUS, VIRGO.

INTEMPESTIVE. *adv. Unseasonably.* Intempestive qui fŏvĕt, illĕ nŏcĕt. *O.*

INTEMPESTIVUS, ă, um. *Ill-timed, unseasonable.* Intempestivis ex imbrĭbŭs humĭdā tellus. *Lr.* ∾ tĭmores. *O.* [† Præpostĕrŭs; *sts.* incommŏdŭs.] **Crcl.** Antĕ dĭem *or* horam.

INTEMPESTA NOX. 1. *Midnight, the dead of the night.* Et lunam in nimbo nox intempestā tĕnebăt. *V.* Nox ∾ sĭlĕt. *V.* 2. Intempestŭs, ă, um. Sts. *Unwholesome.* Intempestmquĕ Grāviscæ. *V.* 3. *Stormy. St.*

INTENDO, Is, di, tum. *To stretch.* Arcum intendĕbăt ˘Apollo. *V.* [† Tendo.] *See* T. 2. *To direct the attention of eye, ear,* &c. ∾ aures ăd factā. *O.* [† Adverto, applĭco, admŏvĕo, &c.] Fig. 3. *To direct the mind, and the things of the mind.* ˘Anĭmum fatis ∾-ĭt ˘Arachnes. *O.* ∾ ănĭmum stŭdĭis ĕt rebŭs hŏnestis. *H.* In sĕnem fallacĭam. *Ter.* [† Tendo, ădhĭbĕo, adverto, applĭco, adjĭcĭo, admŏvĕo, dirĭgo.] 4. *To direct a missile against.* ∾ sāgittam. *V. See* INJICIO. 5. *To draw tight, tie.* ∾ stuppĕā vincŭlā collo; brachĭā tergo. *V.* [† Innecto, illĭgo.] 6. *To use, stretch to the utmost.* Cornu rĕcurvo ∾-ĭt vocem. *V.* ∾ voces altis puppĭbŭs. *V. Fl.* [† Augĕo.]

INTENSUS. *See* INTENTUS.

INTENTATUS, ă, um (*from* in *priv. and* tentatus). 1. *Untouched, untried.* Lit. and fig. Mĭsĕri quĭbŭs ∾-ā nĭtes. *H.* Nil ∾-um nostri liquerĕ pŏetæ. *H.* ∾-ā jūgo (vaccā). *Sen.* [† Inexpertŭs; *sts.* Inausŭs.]

INTENTO, as. *To direct* or *present against* (as in menace), *to threaten.* Magno clamorĕ prŏtervas Intentarĕ mānus. *O.* ∾ sĭnistra angues. *V.* ∾-ant omnĭā mortem. *V.* [† Intendo, injĭcĭo, objĭcĭo, offĕro, mĭnŏr.]

INTENTUS, ă, um. *part. See* INTENDO. 1. *Stretched.* ∾-ā brachĭā remis. *V.* [† Tentŭs *or* tensŭs, contentŭs.] Fig. 2. *Intense; stretched, forced to the utmost.* Nĭmĭs ∾-i causā lăborĭs ăbest. *O.* ∾-æ vires. *V. Fl.* 3. *Intent upon, giving fixed attention to.* ∾-i orā tĕnebant. *V.* Luctĭbŭs stĭs ∾. *O.* [† Attentŭs, arrectŭs, fixŭs, defixŭs.]

INTĔPĔO, es, *and* INTĔPESCO, Is. *To be warm, grow warm.* Lit. and fig. Et lăcŭs æstivis intĕpĕt Umbĕr ăquis. *Pp.* Rādĭis intĕpŭĕrĕ cŏmæ. *O.* ∾-ŭit mucro. *V. See* TEPESCO, ARDESCO.

INTER. 1. *Between, among, in the midst of.* Intĕr ŏdoratum lauri nĕmŭs. *V.* Spemquĕ mĕtumque ∾ dŭbĭi. *V.* Quos ∾ Augustŭs rĕcumbens. Litem ∾ Peliden ĕt ∾ ˘Atriden. *H.* [† Pĕr; *sts.* In.] **Crcl.** ˘In mĕdĭo. Pĕr mĕdĭos (mĕdĭas, *or* mĕdĭā). 2. ∾ se *or* sese. *Vieing with one another,* or *one after another.* ∾ se certant (venti—ornum erŭĕrĕ). Illi ∾ sese magna vi brachĭā tollunt. *V. See* VICISSIM *or* INVICEM. 3. *During.* Cānĭt ∾ ŏpŭs. *Tib.* ∾ ăgendum. *V.* [† Pĕr, In.] 4. *Within the space of.* [† Intra.]

INTERCEDO, Is, cessi, cessum. *To come between, take place; exist between; intervene as an obstacle.* Tăcebit dum intercedet fămĭlĭarĭtas. *Ter.* [† Incĭdo, intercĭdo, intervĕnio, sŭpervĕnio, adsum; intersum; obsto.]

INTERCEPTUS, ă, um. *part. See* INTERCIPIO. *Taken out from the midst* or *from between parts;* hence, *intercepted, subtracted, stolen;* and fig. *rescued.* Tergā căput tangunt; colla interceptā vĭdentŭr. *O.* ∾-ā fraudĕ sestertĭā. *J.* ∾ nĕci. *O.*

I. INTERCĬDO, Is, i (*from* Cādo). 1. *To happen, to come to pass. H. See* SUPERVENIO. 2. *To fall, be lost, perish.* Nomĕn longis ∾-ĭt annis. *O.* Quamvis ∾-ĭt altĕr (natŭs). *O. See* ABOLES, MORIOR.

II. INTERCIDO, Is (*from* Cædo). *To cut through* or *between. See* INTERCISUS.

INTERCĬNO, Is. *To sing between.* Neu quid mĕdĭos intercĭnăt actus (chŏrŭs). *H.*

INTERCIPIO, Is, epi, eptum. 1. *To take* or *catch any thing on its passage, and so prevent its arriving at its destination.* Quam (hastam) mĕdĭus Rhœteus intercĭpĭt, optĭmĕ Teuthra &c. *V.* [† Excĭpio.] 2. *To surprise, take by surprise.* Urbem ∾. *O.* [† Opprimo.] 3. *To destroy by intercepting from accomplishment.* Exaudi, nec res intercĭpĭ nostras. *O.* ∾ spem anni. *O.* [† Interfĭcio, crŭo, everto, aufĕro.]

INTERCISUS, ă, um. *part. See* INTERCIDO. *Cut through* or *between;* hence, *cut off.* Lit. and fig. Non fŭgĕret diras lux intercisā Mȳcenas. *St.* ∾ tūmultŭs. *St.*

INTERCLUDO, Is, si, sum. *To shut up, obstruct, hinder.* Sæpe illos aspĕrā ponti Interclusit hĭems. *V.* ∾ prospectu visus. *St. See* CLAUDO, PROHIBEO.

INTERCUS, ŭtĭs. 1. *That which is under the skin.* 2. ˘Aquā intercŭs. *Dropsy.*

Interdico, is, xi, ctum. *To forbid, prohibit.* (Dico.) *O.* [† Prōhĭbĕo, vĕto, intercludo.]

Interdum. *Sometimes.* [† Nonnunquam, quandoquĕ, ălĭquando; *sts.* olim, quondam, sæpĕ.]

Intĕrĕa. 1. *In the meantime.* Sed fŭgĭt intĕrĕa, fŭgĭt irrĕpārabĭlĭ tempŭs. *V.* [† Intĕrim, tum.] **Crel.** Hæc intĕr. (*See* Antea *on the quantity of the last syllable.*) 2. *Sometimes. Sil. See* Interdum.

Intĕrĕo, is, ivi *and us.* ĭ, itum. 1. *To perish, die.* Intĕrĭt et curvis frustra defensă lătebris (vipĕrĕ). ~-unt sĕgĕtes. *V.* rŭbi. *O.* [† Pĕrĕo, &c.] *See* P. 2. Fig. *To cease, pass away.* ~-ĭt irĕ mŏra. *O.* verborum vĕtŭs ætas. *H. See* Cado.

Intĕrerro, as. *To wander in* or *among. H.*

Interfaris (Interfŏr, *obs.*), atŭs sum. *To speak in the midst of, to cast in words.* Mĕdĭo sic interfātă dŏlore est. *V.*

Interficio, is, eci, ectum. 1. *To destroy.* Fer stăbŭlis inĭmicum ignem, atque interfĭcĕ messes. *V.* [† Pĕrĭmo, dirŭo, ăbŏlĕo, erŭo, everto.] 2. *To kill, put to death. See* Occido.

Interflŭus, ă, um. *Flowing between. St.*

Intĕrfŏr (*obs.*). *See* Interfaris.

Interfusus, ă, um. *part.* (*from* Interfundo). 1. *Spread upon* or *between.* Interfusă nĭtentes Vites æquŏrĕ Cyclădas. *H.* ~ gĕnas măcŭlis. *V.* [† Sparsŭs, perfusŭs.] 2. *Flowing between.* ~ Styx. *V.* [† Interflŭŭs.]

Intĕrim. *In the meantime.* Labuntŭr altis intĕrim ripis æquæ. *H. See* Interea.

Intĕrĭmo, is, emi, emptum. 1. *To destroy.* Aĕrĭs intĕrĭmant sensum, diductăquĕ solvant. *Lr.* [† Supprĭmo, interfĭcĭo, perdo.] 2. *To kill.* ~ uxorem lăquĕo; matrem vĕneno. *H. See* Occido.

Intĕriŏr, ŭs; *gen.* orĭs. 1. *Interior, that which is within.* At dŏmŭs intĕrĭor regali splendĭdă luxu. *V.* [† Internŭs.] 2. *That which is far within, at the further end, at the bottom.* Fŭlĕrum intĕrĭorĕ nŏta (*at the further end of the cellar*). *H.* ~ mĕdullă. *Cat.* [† Rĕmotŭs, intĭmŭs, imŭs.] 3. *The one on the left in Roman races, on the goal-side; and fig.* Nunc stringam metas ~-orĕ rŏta. *O.* Radĭt ĭtĕr lævum ~. *V.* Brumă dĭem trăhĭt ~-orĕ gyro. *H.* 4. *The one on the inside in walking,* &c., *to the wall. O.* (The one outside is *comes exterior.*)

Intĕritus, us. *m. Death, destruction.* Sed mŏrĕre: intĕrĭtu gaudĕăt illă tŭo. *Pp. See* Mors, Exitium.

Intĕritus. *adv. Within, in the inside; in the heart* or *mind.* Intĕrĭusquĕ rĕcondăt. *V.* Mĕmŏr ~ nostri. *St.* [† Intŭs.]

Interjăcĕo, es. *To be situated between.* Quidquĭd ĕt Asopon vĕtĕresque interjăcĕt Argos. *St.*

Interjĭcio, is. *To cast* or *place between.* Lit. and fig. Tequĕ interjecto mundi pars altĕrĕ solĕ. *Tib.* [† Interpono, intersĕro.]

Interjungo, is. *To unyoke.* Lassos ~ ĕquos. ~ quærĭs ăd Bŏvillas. *M. See* Disjungo.

Interlabŏr, ĕrĭs. *To flow* or *glide between.* Intĕr ĕnim labentŭr ăquæ. *V.* Pĕr has stellis interlabentĭbŭs umbras. *St.* [† Interflŭo.] *See* Labor.

Interlĕgo, is. *To cull here and there.* Carpendæ mănĭbus frondes, interquĕ lĕgendæ. *V.*

Interlucĕo, es. *To shine between* or *among;* hence, *to show light between,* or *here and there;* hence, *not to be close set.* Interlucetquĕ cŏronă Non tam spissă vĭris. *V. See* Intermitto.

Interlunium, ii. *n. The change of the moon; the interval of its not appearing.* Thracĭo bacchantĕ măgis sŭb inter-lunĭă venti. *H.*

Interluo, is. *To flow between, wash.* Augusto interlŭĭt æstu (urbes). *V. See* Alluo.

Intermĭco, as. *To shine amongst, about; to show light at intervals.* Rŭtĭlum squamis intermĭcăt aurum. *Cl.* Spĕcŭlis mŏrĭens ~-ăt ignis. *St.* [† Interlucĕo.]

Intermĭnatus, ă, um. *part. See* Interminor. *Forbidden under threats.* Interminato quum sĕmel fixæ cĭbo Intabŭissent pupŭlæ. *H.*

Intermĭnŏr, ăris. *To forbid under threats. Pl. See* Interminatus.

Intermiscĕo, es. *To intermingle.* ~ undam. *V.* verbă (verbis). *H.* Mănĭplis intermixtŭs. *St. See* Misceo.

Intermitto, is. *To break off, discontinue.* Intermittuntquĕ lăborem. *O. See* Interrumpo, Desino.

Intermortŭus, ă, um. *part. of* Intermorior. *Almost dead.* Cundŏr In hoc ævo res intermortŭă pænĕ. *O.*

Internecto, is. *To bind* or *join together, twist, net.* ~ crinem auro (de fŭbŭla). *V.* plagas. *St. See* Necto.

Internodium, ii. *n. The space between two knots* or *joints.* Mollĭă nervosus făcĭt internodĭă poplĕs. *O.* ~-ă crurum. *O.*

Internosco, is. *To distinguish. H.* [† Dignosco, discerno, distinguo.]

Internus, ă, um. *Interior, internal. O.*

Interpello, as. 1. *To interrupt a person speaking,* or *when engaged. H.* [† Interrumpo.] 2. *To prevent.* Quantum ~-ĕt Inani ventrĕ dĭem durarĕ. *H.*

Interplĭco, as. *To interlace. St. See* Implico.

Interpono, is, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum. *To place between, intermix.* ~ gaudĭă curis. *O.* ăquam. *M.* [† Interjĭcĭo, intersĕro, induco; *sts.* misceo, ădhĭbĕo, adjĭcĭo.]

Interprĕs, ĕtis. *m. f.* 1. *An interpreter.* Hŏmĭnum divumquĕ interprĕs ~Asylas. *V.* ~Anĭmi ~ (linguă). *Lr.* 2. *A translator. H.*

Interprĕtŏr, ăris. *To interpret, explain.* Cui pĕnĭtus magnoquĕ interprĕtŏr omĭnĕ quercum? *St.* [† Explĭco, explano, expono, enodo.]

Intrrĭtus, ă, um. 1. *Undaunted, fearless.* Brachĭăquĕ ad sŭpĕras interrĭtŭs extŭlĭt auras. *V.* [† Imperterrĭtŭs, impăvĭdŭs, intrĕpĭdŭs, audax, securŭs, plăcĭdŭs.] **Crel.** Non terrĭtŭs. Timorĭs (terrorĭs, mĕtus) –expers, ignarŭs, nescĭŭs. Mĕtu immunis. Libĕr mĕtŭendi. Formidĭnĕ nulla. Non (nĭhĭl *or* nil) mĕtŭens. *See* Fortis, Audax. 2. *With gen.* Mens interrĭtă leti. *O.*

Interrŏgŏ, as. *To ask.* Bĕnĕ hăbet; nil plus interrŏgŏ; sed quĭd &c. *J.* [† Quæro, sciscĭtŏr, scitŏr, inquiro, percontŏr, posco, postŭlo, rŏgo, rŏgĭto, rĕquiro.] **Crel.** Causas –quæro, posco, &c.

Interrumpo, is, upi, uptum. *To interrupt.* Singultuquĕ plas interrumpentĕ quĕrelas. *O.* Pendent ŏpĕrĭ interruptă. *V.* Interruptŭs ăquis (amnis). *L.* [† Abrumpo, intercĭpĭo, turbo, interfari.]

I. **Intersĕro**, is, sevi, eĭtum. *To sow* or *plant between.* Adjunget cĕlăbris, sĕgĕtemquĕ intersĕrĕt uvis. *Manil.* Omnĭă, quæ pomis intersĭtă dulcĭbŭs, ornant. *Lr.*

II. **Intersĕro**, is. sĕrŭi, sertum, &c. *To interpose, intermix.* Mĕdĭis ~ oscŭlă verbis. *O.* Mănĭbus nĕcŏpinum ictum. *St.*

Interstinguo, is. *To extinguish. Lr. See* Exstinguo.

Interstrĕpo, is. *To make a cry* or *sound in the midst of.* Argutos interstrĕpĕre anĕr ŏlores. *V.* ~-ĭt mĕdĭis undis (Nereus). *Cl. See* Strepo.

Intersum, intĕrĕs, interfŭi. 1. *To be amongst,* in *the midst. See* Interjaceo. 2. *To be present at* or *among.* Lætŭs interis pŏpŭlo Qul-

rini. *H.* [† Adsum.] **Crol.** Sum præsens. Non absum. **3.** *To differ. H. See* DIFFERO. **4.** Intĕrest. *unip. There is a difference; it is of importance.* Intĕrĕrĭt multum, Davusnĕ lŏquatŭr, ăn &c. *H.* Plurĭmum intĕrĕrĭt quĭbŭs hunc tu morĭbŭs instĭtŭas. *J.* [† Refert, prodest.]

INTERTEXTŬS, ă, um. *part. of* Intertexo. *Entwined. O. See* INTEXTUS.

INTERVALLUM, i. *n. An interval, space, distance. V.* [† Spătĭum.] *See* S.

INTERVĔNĬO, is. **1.** *To come upon, come unexpectedly upon, interrupt.* Prædatŏr intervenit, partem postŭlans. *Ph.* [† Intercedo, sŭpervĕnĭo, adsum.] **2.** *To prevent.* Verbo omni planctŭs ~-ĭt. *O.* [† Obsisto, obsum.]

INTERVIRĔO, es. *To be green betwixt.* Lætisquĕ mĭnax intervĭrĕt herbis. *St.*

INTERVŎLO, as. *To fly between.* Mĕdĭas intervŏlăt urbes. *V. Fl.*

INTERVŎMO, is. *To pour forth amongst.* Quod dulces inter salsas intervŏmĭt undas. *Lr.* (æquŏr.)

INTESTABĬLIS, ĕ. *Execrable, cursed.* ˘Is intestabĭlĭs et săcĕr esto. *H. See* EXSECRABILIS.

INTESTATŬS, ă, um. *Not having made a will.* Hinc sŭbĭtæ mortes atque intestatā sĕnectus. *J.*

INTESTINĂ, orum. *n. pl. The intestines.* Intestinā cănes, cetĕrā membrā lŭpi (vŏrant). *Cat.*

INTESTINŬS, ă, um. *Internal, inward. Lr.* [† Intĕrĭŏr, intĭmŭs, internŭs; *sts.* dŏmestĭcŭs.] *See* INTESTINA.

INTEXO, is, ŭi, tum. *To inweave, entwine.* Lit. and fig. ~ vitĭbŭs ulmos; secta abiĕtĕ costas. *V.* purpŭrĕas nŏtas filis albis. *O.* chartis factā. *Tib.* [† Texo, implĭco, innecto, intersĕro.]

INTIMŬS, ă, um. *Inmost, farthest, deepest.* Intĭmā morĕ sŭo sese in cunabŭlā condent. *V.* ~-ă ossā. *O.* ~-o risŭs ăb angŭlo. *H.* [† Intĕrĭŏr, imŭs.]

INTINCTŬS, ă, um. *Dipped in.* Tingĭt, ĕt intinctas gĕmĭnis accendĭt ĭn aris (făces). *O. See* TINGO.

INTŎLĔRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Not to be borne.* Intŏlĕrabĭlĭus nĭhĭl est quam femĭnā divēs. *J.* [† Intŏlĕrandŭs, grăvis, mŏlestŭs.]

INTŎNO, as, ŭi, ĭtum, *and anc.* avi, atum. **1.** Intr. *To thunder;* us. *fig.* Intŏnŭerĕ pŏli, et crebris mĭcăt ignĭbŭs æther. *V.* ~-ăt frăgŏr ingens; eurŭs Ægæo. *V. Fl. See* TONO, SONO. **2.** *Used of the voice.* ~-ăt orĕ. *V.* **3.** Tr. *To utter with a loud sound, thunder forth.* ~ mĭnas. *O.* tŭmultus Encĕlădi (*celebrate loudly*). *Pp.*

INTONSŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Unshorn.* Intonsamquĕ blĭdentem Attŭlĭt. *V.* **2.** *Whose hair is uncut.* ~ Cynthĭŭs. *H.* [† Indetonsŭs.] *See* CAPILLATUS. **3.** *Unshaven, beardless.* ~-ă orā. *V. See* IMBERBUS. **4.** *Unlopped* or *clipped.* ~-i montes. *V.* ~-ă căcumĭnā cœlo attollunt (quercus). *V.* [† Intactŭs.] **Crol.** Falcĕ *or* ferro non vĭŏlatŭs. Falcĕ intactŭs. Falcĭs –nescĭŭs, ignarŭs, expers. Nunquam vĭŏlatŭs. Longo ăb ævo an. v. *See* PUTO.

INTORQUĔO, es, si, tum. *To hurl against* or *on. V. See* JACULOR.

INTORTŬS, ă, um. *part.* (*from* Intorqueo.) **1.** *Twisted.* ~ funes. *V.* [† Tortŭs.] **2.** *Crooked, out of a right line.* Lit. and fig. ~ mores. *Pers.* [† Curvŭs.] **3.** *Hurled.* ~-o telo figĕrĕ. *V. See* JACULOR.

INTRA. *prep.* **1.** *Within.* Intra tectā vŏcăt. *V.* [† ˘In.] **2.** *Within* (a certain distance). Lit. and fig. ~ teli jactum progressŭs. *V.* fortunam. *Pp.* spem vĕnĭæ. *H.* **3.** *Within* (of time), *during.* ~ mŏræ brĕvĕ tempŭs. *O.* [† Pĕr, intĕr.]

INTRACTABĬLIS, ĕ. **1.** *Intractable, obstinate, stubborn.* Gĕnŭs intractabĭlĭ bello. *O.* [† Indŏmĭtŭs, aspĕr, rĭgĭdŭs, fĕrox, durŭs, immitĭs, fĕrŭs.] **2.** *Hard, rigorous.* ~ brumā. *V.*

INTRACTATŬS, ă, um. *Untried, unhandled. V.* [† ˘Inexpertŭs.]

INTRĔMISCO, is, *and* INTRĔMO, is, ŭi. *To tremble.* Intrĕmŭit malus, pĕnĭtusque exterrĭtā pennis &c. *V.* Intrĕmĕrĕ omnem Trinăcrĭam. *V.* pĕdes aspĭcĭs. *O. See* TREMO.

INTRĔPIDŬS, ă, um. *Dauntless, intrepid.* Pertŭlĭt intrĕpĭdos ad fatā nŏvissĭmā vultus. *O.* [† Impăvĭdŭs, interrĭtŭs, &c.] *See* INTERRITUS.

INTRINSĔCŬS. *Within, in the inside.* Sudabant ĕtĭam fauces intrinsĕcŭs atro Sanguĭnĕ. *Lr.* [† Intŭs.]

INTRO, as. tr. and intr. **1.** *To enter.* Iblĭs Itălĭam, portusque intrarĕ lĭcebĭt. *V.* ~ mărĭā. *V.* Romanam urbem. *O.* ĭn hortos. *O.* [† Ingrĕdĭŏr, succedo, sŭbĕo, intrŏĕo, introgrĕdĭŏr, ĭnĕo, pĕnĕtro; *sts.* introducŏr, intromittŏr, immittŏr.] **Crol.** Intro vĕnĭo. Pĕdem infĕro. Vestigĭā *or* gressus –intra tectā *or* limĭnā fĕro. Fŏrĭbŭs me infĕro. **2.** *With dat.* ~ turrĭbŭs. *St.* mĕdĭis monĭbŭs. *V. Fl.* cœlo. *Sil.* **3.** Sta. *To attack* ('go in to him'). Hostem audax ănĭmis ~-ăt. *St. See* AGGREDIOR. **4.** Fig. *To enter the mind, penetrate* (the inner man). ~-avĭt mentes suspectis hŏnorum. *O.* ~-ăt sŭbĭtŭs vatem dĕŭs. *Sil.* [† Sŭbĕo, pĕnĕtro, occŭpo.]

INTRODUCO, is. *To convey into, introduce.* Sic ĭnĭmas introduxerunt sensĭbŭs auctas. *Lr.* [† Intromitto, admitto, induco.]

INTROGRĔDĬŎR, ĕris. *To enter, go within.* Postquam introgressi, et coram dătā coplā fandi. *V. See* INTRO.

INTRŎĬTŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *The act of entering in, entrance.* Sensĭbŭs, intrŏĭtuquĕ sŭo perrumpĕrĕ corpŭs. *Lr.* Janĭtŏr egressus intrŏĭtusquĕ vĭdĕt. *O. See* INGRESSUS. **2.** *Entry, way of approach.* Cujŭs ĭn intrŏĭtu gĕmĭnas hăbĭtasĕ sŏrores. *O.* [† ˘Adĭtŭs, limĕn.]

INTRORSUM, *and* INTRORSŬS. *adv. Within, in the inside.* Introrsum trăhĕrĕ. *Lr.* Devŏrarĕ lăcrĭmas introrsŭs ŏbortas. *O. See* INTUS.

INTŬBUS, *or* INTYBUS, i. *m.; pl.* INTYBI, orum, *and* INTYBA, orum. *n. A species of chicory* or *succory; endive.* ˘Amaris intŭbā fibris. *V.* [† Cichŏreum.]

INTUĔŎR, erĭs, ĭtŭs sum. *To look upon.* Quĭd, ut nŏvercā me intŭerĭs, aut ŭti. *H.* [† Intŭŏr, specto, cerno, adspĭcĭo, &c.] *See* SPECTO.

INTŬMĔO, es, *and* INTŬMESCO, is. **1.** *To swell, be puffed up.* Nĕque intŭmescĭt altā vipĕris hĭmŭs. *H.* Vidi virgĭnĕas ~-ŭissĕ gĕnas. *O. See* TUMEO. **2.** Fig. *To swell with pride* (*see* SUPERBIO) or *anger* (*see* IRASCOR).

INTŬMŬLATŬS, ă, um. *Unburied.* Occurramquĕ ŏcŭlis intŭmŭlatā tŭis. *O. See* INHUMATUS.

INTŬŎR, ĕris. *anc.* = Intueor. *St. Sen.*

INTŬS. *Within* (motion not implied), *in the inside.* Intŭs ăquæ dulces &c. *V.* [† Intĕrĭŏr, intrinsĕcŭs, introrsum *or* introrsŭs, intra.]

˘INŬLA, æ. *f. The herb elecampane.* Atque ăcĭdas mavult ĭnŭlas. *H.*

˘INULTŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Unavenged.* Nunquam hŏdĭe mŏrĭemŭr ĭnulti. *V.* **Crol.** Non ultŭs, haud ultŭs. **2.** *With impunity.* Cătŭlos fĕræ celent ĭnultæ. *H.* [† Impunitŭs; *adv.* impunĕ.]

˘INUMBRO, as. *To cast a shade upon* or *over, to shade.* Exstructosquĕ tŏros obtentu frondis inumbrant. *V. See* UMBRO.

˘INUNDO, as. **1.** Tr. *To cover with water,* &c., *inundate.* Non crŭor largus plas ˘Inundăt arvis. *Sen. See* MADEFACIO. **2.** Intr. *To overflow.* Lit. and fig. ~-ant sanguĭnĕ fossæ; densi Troĕs. *V.* [† Exundo, effundŏr; *sts.* nătŏ.]

˘INUNGO, is. *To anoint.* Non tămĕn idcirco con-

ppŭs ĭnungi. *H.* ˘Ocŭlis lippŭs ĭnunc-
ss UNGO.
ĭs, ĭ, um. *Rude, coarse-minded and*
unnered. Scimŭs ĭnurbanum lĕpĭdo sec-
ecto. *H.* [¶ Rustĭcŭs, illĕpĭdŭs.]
ssi, stum. 1. *To burn* (tr.), *consume*
g. Vulnĕrē sanguĭs ĭnustŭs, Terrĭbĭlem
ōnum dēdĭt. *O. See* URO. 2. *To brand*
nd. Lit. and fig. Nōtas ĕt nomĭnā gen-
ıt. *V.* ˘Inustā flāgellā. *Cat.* [¶ Imprĭ-
ibo.] 3. ~ mācŭlam, labem. *See* DE-
4. *To burn in* (of encaustic painting).
ıgo cŏlorĭbŭs ustis. *See* ENCAUSTUS.
o impress deeply. Hæc curā cĭnĕri vivĭt
ĭo. *O.*
ūs, ĭ, um. *Unusual, strange.* ˘Inusĭta-
ā, quŏd pŏpŭli horrēant. *Sen. See* IN-

prep. St. See USQUE, ADUSQUE.
ĭ. 1. *Useless, unserviceable.* Circum-
idquam hūmĕris, ĕt ĭnutĭlē ferrum
V. Exsudāt ~ humŏr. *V.* [¶ Irrĭtŭs,
anĭs, cassŭs, futĭlis.] **Crel.** Non pro-
r profŭturŭs. Effectu cārens. ˘In va-
ms. 2. Sts. *Hurtful. O. See* NOXIUS.
ıs, atĭs. *f. Uselessness.* Proptĕr ĭnutĭ-
ĭbĕti mucronē rĕtusum (aurum). *Lr.*
ı. 1. *One of the deities of ancient Italy,*
the Pan of the Greeks. 2. Castrum
s CASTRUM.
, si, sum. 1. *To enter, get upon* or *into*
ıg or force implied), *attack, invade.*
urbem somno vinoquē jăcentem. *V.*
ıum natæ; turmas. *V.* nostros căpĭl-
[¶ Aggrĕdĭŏr, impĕto, occŭpo, lăcesso,
, irrumpo, &c.] *See* AGGREDIOR. 2.
suddenly hold of. ~-unt clypĕos. *L.*
corrĭpĭo.] Fig. 3. *To seize, get hold*
ĭcŭlos ĭn ipsos (dŏlŏr). *Lr.* me trĕmŏr.
ırrĭpĭo.] 4. *To commence, attempt, un-*
~ ălĭquid magnum; vĭam. *V.* [¶ Ag-
nascĭpĭo, Ĭnĕo, mollĭŏr, tento, ingrĕdĭŏr.]
tem. *V.* prœlĭum, &c. *M. To attack,*
ĭa. [¶ Lăcesso, committo.] 7. *Anc.*
Mĕtŭs his invasĕrāt acēr. *Lr.*
ı, *and* INVĂLESCO, ĭs. *To be strong, be*
˘Et ĕrunt, et crescent, inquē vălĕ-
[¶ Convălĕo.]
, ĭ, um. 1. *Feeble.* Invălĭdasquē tĭbi
heu! non tūā, palmas. *V.* [¶ Debĭlis,
tĭnĕr, &c.] *See* DEBILIS. 2. *Sick, in-*
alth. O. See ÆGROTUS.
exi, ectum. 1. *To carry, convey, bring*
o Invĕhŏr. *pass.* (*with* rātē, currū,
To sail, ride, come by sea, on horse.
Iuvĕhĭtur cĕlĕri barbărŭs hostĭs ĕquo.
uro ~-ĭtŭr magno. *V.* ~ mālum littŏri
strum); vĭtā. *Sen.* [¶ Vĕho, fĕro,
2. Invĕhŏr. Sts. *To inveigh against.*
invectŭs verbis. *O.*
, eni, entum. 1. *To find, meet with.*
vĕnĭet scabra rubīgĭnē pilā. *V.* Inveni
qui &c. *O.* [¶ Rĕpĕrĭo *or* reppĕrĭo,
anciscŏr, vĭdĕo, incĭdo (In), occurro
ĭs VIDEO. Fig. 2. *To discover what*
hidden, to catch, detect. Ter. [¶ Detĕ-
ĭendo *or* deprendo.] 3. *To find out,*
vies. ~ vĭam. *V.* Nĕc ~-ĭt quĭd fŭgĭat-
ĭ. *O.* [¶ Rĕpĕrĭo, excogĭto, assĕquŏr,
ĕŏr; *ext.* scĭo.] 4. *To get, acquire.*
ore ~-ĕrĭt (*pick up*). *Ter.* ˘Opes in-
ıguĭnē. *O.* Ipsā mānu mortem ~-am.
ĭro, compăro, quæro, &c. *See* INVEN-
UIRO.
pass. 1. *To be found, discovered.* In-
flumĭnā monstrāt. *V.* [¶ Rĕpĕrĭŏr,
detĕgŏr, objĭcĭŏr, occurro.] *See* APPAREO. 2.
To be invented. Tum lăquēis captarē fĕras in-
ventum. Inventæ artes. *V.*

INVENTOR, oris. *m., and* INVENTRIX, icis. *f.*
An author, deviser, inventor. ~ scĕlĕrum ˘Ulys-
ses. *V.* curvæ fĭdis. *O.* [¶ Rĕpertŏr, auctŏr, ar-
tĭfex, ŏpĭfex.]

INVENTUM, i. *n. An invention, discovery.* Arcă-
dĭi ~-ā măgistri. *V.* ~ mĕdĭcinā mĕum est. *O.*
[¶ Commentum.]

INVĔNUSTUS, ă, um. *Ungraceful, without grace of*
mind or *manners, unpleasing.* Non sane illĕpĭ-
dum nĕc invĕnustum est (de mūlĭĕrē). *Cat.*
Insulæ admŏdum, atquē invĕnustæ. *Pl.* [¶ Il-
lĕpĭdŭs, turpis.]

INVĔRECUNDUS, ă, um. *Shameless, immodest.*
Sĭmul cālentis invĕrecundus dĕūs. *H. See* IM-
PUDENS.

INVERGO, ĭs. *To incline* (a cup, &c.) *in pouring,*
pour out (upon). Frontique invergit vinā săcĕr-
dos. *V.* ~ carchesiā lactis. *O.* [¶ Fundo, in-
fundo.]

INVERSUS, ă, um. 1. *Reversed, turned inside out.*
~ vomĕr. *H.* Pellĭbŭs ~-is. *J.* 2. Fig. *Per-*
verted, depraved. O curĭa, ~-iquē mores! *H.*
See PERVERSUS.

INVERTO, ĭs, i, sum. 1. *To invert, turn over* (in-
side out), *into,* or *upon.* Campum fractis inver-
tĕrē glebis. *V.* ~ Allifanis vinarĭā totā. *H. See*
VERTO. 2. Fig. *To pervert, put to a perverse*
use. Virtutes ipsas ~. *H.* [¶ Perverto.]

INVESTIGO, as. *To search for* or *after, search out*
with care; hence, *to find by careful search.* In-
vestigare in qua sit rĕgĭonē lŏcatum. *Lr. See*
QUÆRO, INVENIO.

INVESTIO, is. *Sen. See* VESTIO.

INVĔTĔRASCO, ĭs. *To gather strength by time.* Ul-
cŭs ĕnim vivescĭt, ĕt invĕtĕrascĭt ălendo. *Lr.*
[¶ Invălĕo.]

INVĔTĬTUS, ă, um. *Not forbidden* or *hindered.*
Invĕtĭtum saltus pĕnĕtrat pĕcŭs. *Sil.* [¶ Libĕr.]

INVICEM. *adv.* (in *and* vicem,) *and* IN VICES.
By turns, in turn, one after the other. Inquē
vĭces ponit, pŏsĭtamquē rĕsuscĭtāt iram. *O.* Nos
cantabĭmŭs invĭcem. *H.* Inquē vĭcem narrabĭ-
mŭs. *St.* [¶ Vĭcissim, pĕr vĭces, vĭcĭbŭs factis
or alternis, mutŭo, mutŭā.] **Crel.** Intĕr se *or*
sese.

INVICTUS, ă, um. 1. *Unconquered, unconquerable*
(in war). Dis quanquam gĕnĭti atque invicti
virĭbŭs essent. *V.* ~ Romano martē Brĭtannŭs.
Tib. Virtus ~-ā. *O.* [¶ Indŏmĭtŭs, insŭpĕrabĭ-
lis, Inexpugnabĭlis, Ineluctabĭlis.] **Crel.** Non
sŭpĕrabĭlis *or* exsŭpĕrabĭlis. Vinci –nescĭus, ig-
narŭs. Nondum dŏmĭtŭs. Non antē dŏmabĭlis.
Nulla vi –dŏmabĭlis, sŭpĕrabĭlis. Nullo Martē
sŭpĕrabĭlis. Căpŭt bello invictum. Dextĕrā bel-
lo insŭpĕrabĭlis. 2. *Impenetrable.* ~-o clausā
ădāmantē (pectŏrā). *O.* ~-um ād vulnĕrā cor-
pŭs. *O.* [¶ Firmŭs, durŭs.] Fig. 3. *Of uncon-*
querable spirit. ~ Medēā. *H.* [¶ Fĕrox, sŭper-
bŭs.] 4. *Not overcome by toil,* &c.; *hardy.*
Cursu ~ ˘Echion. *O.* Durŭs ĕt ~ (vindemĭa-
tŏr). *H.* [¶ Indefessŭs, durŭs.]

INVIDENDUS, ă, um. *That which is an object of*
envy, enviable. Cārēt invĭdenda Sobrĭŭs aula. *H.*
[¶ Invĭdĭosŭs.]

INVĬDĔO, es, idi, isum. 1. Intr. *To envy, look*
upon with envy. Concedit laudem, et pārĭbus
non invĭdĕt armis. *V.* Prælato invidĭt hŏnori. *V.*
[¶ Æmŭlŏr, livesco, livĕo.] **Crel.** Invĭdĭa *or* li-
vorē –conflĭcĭŏr, vexŏr, crŭcĭŏr, rumpŏr, tŭmĕo,
tabesco, ăgĭtŏr, cŏquŏr, carpŏr, lăboro. Livĭdŭs
ŏdi. Invĭdĭā (livŏr) pectŏrā (præcordĭā) –hăbĕt,
occŭpăt, carpĭt, exĕdĭt, rodĭt, depascĭtŭr, vexăt,
crŭcĭăt, torquĕt, absumĭt, stĭmŭlis ăgĭtăt. Invĭ-

dĭa cordă tŭment. ˘Alĭenis bŏnis *or* rebŭs lætis –indŏlĕo, mœrĕo, ægresco, livesco, marcesco. Obliquis *or* ægris ŏcŭlis –adspĭcĭo, vĭdĕo. *See* INVIDIA. 2. Tr. *To be unwilling to give, or that another should have, and to refuse in consequence; to grudge a thing.* Libĕr ∾-ĕt collĭbŭs uvas. *V.* Ascăn̆ĭonĕ pătĕr Romanas ∾-ĕt arces? Invidisse dĕos, ŭt . . . Căl̆ydonă vĭderem! *V.* [† Denĕgo, rĕcuso, prŏhĭbĕo, vĕto, nolo, aufĕro.] Crcl. Non –concedo, do, permitto. Invĭdĭă est (*with inf.*) *See* INVIDENDUS.

INVĬDIĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Envy, jealousy.* Solŭs hĭc invĭdĭæ fines virtutĕ rĕlĭquĭt. *Cl.* [† Livŏr.] Ep. Ægrĭă, pallĭdă, exsanguĭs, livens, obliquă, languĭdă, tristĭs, mordax, ĭniquă, insomnĭs, tetră, fœdă, mĕtŭendă, acrĭs, perfĭdă. Laudi obstrĕpens. Nĭhil unquam crescĕrĕ pătĭens. Magnĭquĕ bŏnĭquĕ impătĭens. Morsu *or* dentĕ mĕtŭendă. Crcl. Invĭdĭæ *or* livorĭs –răbĭes, pestĭs, tabes, virŭs, vĕnenum, dens, telă. Invĭdă linguă. Nĭgrĭ fellĕ pectŏrĕ. 2. *Odium, public ill-will.* ∾-am, si quă est, auctŏr hăberĕ pŏtest. *O.* ∾-a regnatĕ mĕa. *L.* [† ˘Odĭum.]

INVĬDIOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Envious, jealous.* Tempŭs ĕdax rerum, tuquĕ, invĭdĭosă vĕtustas. *O.* *See* INVIDUS. 2. *Envied, an object of envy.* Nĕc caris ĕrăt ∾ ārenis (Pactolŭs). *O.* Nostræ spes ∾-ă jŭventæ. *Pp.* 3. *Making odious, exciting hatred against a person; odious, revolting.* Sparsis stĕtĭt ∾-ă căpillis (Cĕrĕs). *O.* Antĕ ipsas, quo mors fŏrĕt ∾-lŏr, aras. *O.* [† Indignŭs, fœdŭs.]

INVĬDUS, i. *m.* 1. *An envious man.* Invĭdŭs altĕrĭŭs rebus macrescĭt ŏpimis. *H.* [† Invĭdĭosŭs, livĭdŭs, livens, æmŭlŭs.] Crcl. Invĭdĭa *or* livorĕ –infectŭs, stĭmŭlatŭs, crŭcĭatŭs, ægĕr. *See* INVIDEO. 2. Invĭdŭs, ă, um. *Envious.* Dentĕ mĭnus mordĕŏr ∾-o. *H.* 3. *Ill-willed, unfriendly.* Cœptis ∾-ă nostris. *O.* ∾-ă brumă. *M.* Quem nŏtŭs ∾-o flatu (distĭnĕt). *H.* [† Infaustŭs, infestŭs, mălignŭs, adversŭs, sævŭs.]

INVĬGĬLO, as. 1. *To be without sleep over* or *on account of* (any thing); *to be awake.* Nec căpĭat somnos, invigĭletquĕ mălis. *O.* ∾-ant ănĭmo curæ. *St.* *See* VIGILO. 2. Fig. *To be intent on any thing.* ∾ victu. *V.* venatu. *O.* *See* INCUMBO.

INVĬŎLABĬLIS, ĕ. 1. *Not to be hurt, that cannot be hurt.* Vĕlŭt invĭŏlabĭlĕ telis Servabant sacrumquĕ căpŭt. *Sil.* 2. Fig. *Not to be violated, inviolable.* Pacĭs invĭŏlabĭlĕ pignŭs. *V.* [† Săcĕr, vĕrendŭs.]

INVĬŎLĂTŬS, ă, um. *Uninjured, unharmed.* Et Scythĭcum invĭŏlatŭs amnem (visam). *H.* ∾-ă fĕris (membrĕ). *St.* mĕro (mens). *Sil.* [† Illæsŭs, intactŭs, intĕgĕr.]

INVISO, ĭs. 1. *To go* or *come to see, to visit.* Ac Delon maternam invisĭt ˘Apollo. *V.* [† Viso, ădĕo, convĕnĭo, lustro, perlustro.] 2. Sts. *To see.* Sĭmŭl ac nostros invisent lumĭnă colles. *Cat.*

INVISŬS, ă, um (*from* in *priv. and* visus). 1. *Unseen, hidden.* Abdĭdĕrat sese, atque aris invisĕ sĕdĕbăt. *V.* [† ˘Inadspectŭs, inobservatŭs, occultŭs, lătens, abdĭtŭs.] Crcl. Non visŭs. Nulli visŭs. *See* ABDITUS. 2. *Part. from* Invideo. *Hated, hateful.* ∾-am abrumpĕrĕ lucem. *V.* ∾-ă nĕgotĭă. *H.* [† ˘Odĭosŭs, mŏlestŭs, grăvĭs, importunŭs, detestatŭs.]

INVITO, as. 1. *To invite* (to dinner, &c.). Invitas ăd ănrum; ponis mĭhĭ, Gallĭcĕ, porcum. *M.* [† Vŏco.] 2. Gen. *To invite, induce, entice.* ∾ ănĭmos prĕtĭis. *V.* ∾-ant florĭbŭs horti. *V.* omnĭă culpam. ∾-ăt somnos (undă). *O.* [† Vŏco, provŏco, instigo, trăho, allĭcĭo, illĭcĭo, pellĭcĭo, sollĭcĭto, hortŏr, suadĕo, impello.]

INVITŬS, ă, um. *Reluctant, unwilling.* Lit. and fig. Invitus, reginā, tŭo de littŏrĕ cessi. *V.* ∾-a Junonĕ mĭnistrăt. *O.* ∾-os currĕrĕ cogĕ pĕdes. *O.* Verbă non invită sĕquentŭr. *H.* [† Cŏactŭs, nolens, rĕpugnans, rĕluctans, obstans.] Crcl. Non –spontĕ, ultro, lĭbens. Non sŭă vi.

INVIŬS, ă, um. 1. *That to which* or *through which there is no way;* hence, *inaccessible, impassable.* Longă prŏcul longis vĭă dividĭt invĭă terris. *V.* ∾-ă lustrā; regna vivis. *V.* [† Impervĭŭs, inaccessŭs, impănĕtrabĭlĭs, inăpertŭs, inhospĭtŭs, difficĭlĭs.] Crcl. Non –pervĭŭs, pĕnĕtrabĭlĭs, ădĕundŭs. Phr. Lŏcă ădĭtu cărentĭă. Urbs pŏsĭtu lŏci vix ădĕundă. Vĭă –pĕdĭs humani impătĭens;—nullo trită pĕdĕ;—vestigĭă pătĭ difficĭlĭs. 2. *Impenetrable.* ∾ Sarmăticis săgittis. *M.* [† Impervĭŭs, impănĕtrabĭlis.]

INVŎCO, as. *To invoke, appeal to for aid.* Quos ignorăt ădhuc, invŏcăt illă dĕos. *O.* [† Vŏco, appello, imploro, posco, exposco, rogo, testŏr, obtestŏr, &c.] *See* PRECOR.

INVŎLĬTO, as. *To flutter, flit about* or *on;* hence, *wave about.* Et, quæ nunc hŭmĕris invŏlĭtant, cŏmæ. *H.* *See* VOLITO.

INVOLVO, ĭs, i, ŏlutum. *To involve* (roll up in), *wrap.* Lit. and fig. Lutĕă sed nĭvĕum involvat membranā lĭbellum. *Tib.* ∾ se fărina. *Pk.* umbra terramquĕ pŏlumquĕ; flammis nĕmŭs; (*fig.*) obscuris verā. *V.* me mĕa virtutĕ. *H.* bello lĭtĭam. *Sil.* [† Implĭco, cingo, circumdo, ambio, abscondo, abdo, tĕgo, comprendo.]

I. ˘IO. *interj.* 1. *The cry of the Bacchanalians; of joy* (us. from a crowd, and at triumphs). Milĕs Io magna vocĕ trĭumphĕ cănĕt. *Tib.* 2. *An ejaculation of emotion* or *of call to.* Urŏr Io! &c. *Tib.* Ecquĭs, Io silvæ &c. *O.* Clamăt, ˘Io matres audite &c. *V.*

II. IO, us. *f.* *Io, the daughter of Inachus, loved by Jupiter.* *C. D.* Perfĭdŭs Ixion, Io vāga, tristĭs ˘Orestes. *H.* Servat custos Junonĭŭs Io. *O.* [*Ovid has the first syllable short* (*Her.* 14, 103). Quæ tĭbĭ causă fŭgæ? quĭd, ˘Io, frĕ.ă longă pĕrerras.]

˘IOANNES, *or* ˘IOHANNES. *Prud.*, JOANNES. *Prud.*, *and* JŎANNES, ĭs. *m.* *Fort.* (Ἰωάννης.) *St. John the Baptist,* or *the Apostle St. John, the son of Zebedee.* *Eccl.* [† Baptistă, Zachărĭæ sŏbŏles.

IOB. *m.* *indecl.*, ˘IOBŬS, *or* JOBŬS. *Holy Job of Scripture.* *Eccl.*

˘IŎCASTĂ, æ. *f.* *Jocasta, wife of Laius, and mother of Œdipus.* *C. D.* Et gĕnĭtrix ˘Iŏcastă mĭhĭ. *St.* *See* ŒDIPUS.

˘IOLCĬĂCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Iolcos.* Victŏr ˘Iolcĭăcos tĕtĭgit cum conjŭgĕ portus. *O.*

˘IOLCŎS, i. *f.* *A town of Thessaly, where Jason was born.* Thessălŭs Æmŏnĭam vomer proscindĭt ˘Iolcŏn. *L.*

˘IŎLE, es. *f.* *The daughter of Eurytus, whom Hercules carried off, after killing her father.* *C. D.* Amphĭtryŏnĭădĕn ˘Iŏles ardorĕ tĕnĕri. *O.*

˘IONĂ, æ. *f.* = ˘IONĬĂ. Et quŏt ˘Ionă tŭlit, vĕtŭs et quŏt ˘Achaĭă formas. *Pp.*

˘IONĔS, um. *m.* *pl.* *The Ionians.* Proxĭmă Bithynos; solem quæ condĭt, ˘Ionăs. *Cl.*

˘IONĬĂS, ădis. *f.* = ˘IONĬS. Intĕr ˘Ionĭădas căl̆athum tĕnŭissĕ pŭellas. *O.*

˘IONĬĂ, æ. *f.* *Ionia, a maritime province of Asia Minor.* Nec Lătĭum norat quam mittĭt ˘Ionĭă dives. *O.*

˘IONĬCŬS, ă, um. *Ionian, of Ionia.* Motus dŏceri gaudĕt ˘Ionĭcos. *H.*

˘IONIS, ĭdis. *f.*, *and* ˘IONĬĂS, ădis. *f.* *An Ionian woman.* ˘Ionĭdesvĕ, vel Mȳcenæ nŭrus. *Sen.*

IŎNĬŬS, *and perhaps* ˘IONĬŬS, ă, um. *Ionian, of Ionia.* Nosse quŏt Iŏnĭi vĕnĭant ad littŏrā fluctus. *V.* 2. Iŏnĭum. *n.* (sc. mare). *The Ionian*

Sea, that which lies between Italy, Sicily, and Greece. Insŭlæ Iŏnĭo in magno. *V.* [† Iŏnĭŭs sĭnŭs.] *See* HELLESPONTUS.

IORDANES. *See* JORDANES.

ˇIOSEPH, *and* JOSEPH. *m. indecl., and* JŎSEPHŬS. i. m. *Joseph. Eccl.*

IPHIĀNASSĂ, æ. *f. A name of Iphigenia.* Iphiānassæ turparunt sanguĭnĕ fœde Ductores Dānāum. *Lr.*

IPHIGĒNĬA, æ. *f. Iphigenia, daughter of Agamemnon and Clytemnestra. C. D.* Pro qua mactata est Iphigēniā mŏrā. *Pp.* Nescĭo quam dicunt Iphigēniān ĭtĕr. *O.* [† Iphiānassă, Mȳcenĭs.] **Crel.** Pĕlŏpēĭă virgo.

IPSĔ, ă, um; *gen.* Ipsĭŭs *and* Ipsiŭs. **1.** *Himself, herself;* pl. *themselves.* Ipsĭŭs in vultu vărĭos errarĕ cŏlores. Ad clĭnĕres ipsiŭs ĕt ŏrā pārentĭs &c. *V.* **2.** *I myself.* ˇEt ipsum luderĕ quæ vellem &c. (*me, myself.*) *V.* [† Ipsĕ ĕgō. Ipsĕ ĕgōmet. **3.** *You yourself.* Ipsĕ vĕni. *O.* [† Tu ipsĕ. Tutĕmĕt. Tutĕ ipsĕ.]

IRĂ, æ. *f. Anger.* Sic Hĕcŭbæ postquam cum luctu miscŭĭt īram. *O.* Tantæne ănĭmis cœlestĭbŭs iræ? *V.* [† Fūrŏr, bĭlis, răbies, dŏlŏr, stŏmăchŭs; *sts.* iracundĭă, vĭŏlentĭă, ănĭmŭs *or* ănĭmi.] **Ep.** Fūrens, præceps, răbĭdă, vĭŏlentă, indŏmĭtă, ingens, effĕrŏ, tŭmĭdă, audax, crudelis, sævă, fulmĭnĕă, horrĭdă, ardens, fervens, accensă, horrĭbĭlis, immanis, acrĭs, ătrox, imprŏbă, implă, immitis, cæcă, grăvĭs, fĕră, fĕrox, trux, tristis. **Crel.** Iræ -cālŏr, fax, stĭmŭli, vis, impĕtŭs, ardŏr. Irarum -răbies, æstŭs, fluctŭs, mĭnæ. Cæcŭs mentis fūrŏr. Commoti pectŏrĭs æstŭs. Vesanos ănĭmi tŭmores. ˇAnĭmŭs -cālens, flammatŭs. **Phr.** 1. *To cause anger.* *See* IRRITO. **Phr.** 2. *To allay anger.* Iram *or* iras -cŏhĭbĕo, rĕprĭmo, comprĭmo, freno, contundo, compesco, exstinguo, frango, vinco, sedo, lenĭo, tempĕro, mollĭo. *See* PLACO. **Phr.** 3. *To get angry.* *See* IRASCOR. **Phr.** 4. *To cease to be angry.* Iram *or* iras -pono, depono, vinco, cŏhĭbĕo, compesco, cŏercĕo, freno, rĕprĭmo, supprĭmo, tempĕro, rĕmitto, solvo, lĕvo. Iræ -mŏdĕrŏr, impĕro. ˇAnĭmos vinco. ˇAnĭmum ăb æstu collĭgo. Irā -mitescĭt, cādĭt, concedĭt, fŭgĭt, flectĭtŭr, constĭtĭt, deflāgrāt, defervescĭt. Cordă tŭmĭdă ex ira rĕsīdunt. Irā -mŏra intĕrĭt:—mŏra vires absumĭt;—ĭt mollĭŏr;—fĭt mansuetĭŏr. *See* PLACOR. **2.** *Resentment.* Mĕmŏrem Junonis ŏb iram. *V.* Iras servarĕ repostas. *Sil.* [† Dŏlŏr.] **Crel.** Irā mĕmŏr. Iræ rĕpostæ *or* mĕmŏres. Æternum sub cordĕ vulnŭs. ˇInexăstŭrabĭlĭ ŏdĭum. **3.** Fig. ∾ flāgellĭ. *V. Fl.* grandĭnis. *O.* mārĭs. Dārĕ ∾-as mucronĭbŭs. *Sil.* [† Fūrŏr, răbies; *sts.* impĕtŭs, æstŭs, vis.]

IRACUNDĬA, æ. *f. An angry nature, anger.* (Iracundŭs.) *Pl.* *See* IRA.

IRACUNDŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Irascible, fierce, passionate by nature, wrathful.* Iracundăque mens flăcĭle effervescĭt in ira. *Lr.* ∾-i lĕones. *O.* ∾ ˇAchillea. *H.* [† Stŏmăchosŭs, cālĭdŭs.] **Crel.** ˇIn iram *or* iras -præceps, promptŭs. Iræ -immŏdĭcŭs, impātĭens. Irasci promptŭs *or* cĕlĕr. **2.** Fig. *Used of things inanimate.* ∾ classis. *H.* ∾-ă vox. *O.* fulmĭnă. *H.*

IRASCŎR, ĕrĭs, ratŭs sum. *To be angry* or *enraged.* Nec cuiquam irasci prŏpĭusve accedĕrĕ virtus. *V.* [† Indignŏr, succensĕo, exardĕo, fūro, sævĭo, ardĕo, stŏmăchŏr, excandesco.] **Crel.** Irā -æstŭo, exæstŭo, flāgro, ardĕo, exardĕo, fervĕo, accendŏr, incendŏr, incandesco, ăgŏr, ăgĭtŏr, impellŏr, abrĭpĭŏr, răpĭŏr, tŭmĕo, stĭmŭlŏr, fluctŭo. Irā *or* fūrŏr mentem (ănĭmum) -ăgĭt, præcĭpĭtăt, instigăt, urĭt, intŭs fluctŭăt. Iræ mĭhĭ surgunt. Iras -concĭpĭo, fŏvĕo, sub pectŏrĕ volvo, vŏluto. Iram collĭgo. Iræ indulgĕo. ˇIn iras -exardĕo, ardesco, surgo, consurgo, succendo, convertŏr. Ira mens -æstŭăt, exæstŭăt, tŭmĕt. Mens irarum æstu fluctŭăt. Răbĭe -tŭmĕo, infreundĕo. ˇAnĭmis sævĭo. Fūrĭis ăgŏr. Cæco fūrorĕ insanĭo. Mentĕ fūrores concĭpĭo. Ardĕt fūrorĕ pectŭs. Iræ -ardent, excandescunt, ignescunt. Irā -sævĭt, cālĕt. **Phr.** 1. *Of one in a state of anger.* Ignes iræ ănĭmo exardent. Iras (irarum ignes) concĭpĭt. Orā ira tŭment. Irā ex ŏcŭlis emĭcăt. Stant in ŏcŭlis iræ. Irā gĕnis scintillăt. ˇAnĭmŭs ira -tŭmĕt, fervĕt. **Phr.** 2. *Of one growing more and more enraged.* Sævæ iræ altĭŭs surgunt. Accenso pectŏrĕ gliscĭt vĭŏlentĭă. Iræ -ănĭmo increscunt;—accensæ sævĭunt;—stĭmŭlis majorĭbŭs sævĭunt. **Phr.** 3. *Of one furious with passion.* Fūrŏr -mentem præcĭpĭtăt;—menti incŭbăt. Ultro implacabĭlĭs bacchatŭr. Totam iram collĭgĭt. Irā immensum -tŭmĕt, fervĕt. ˇOcŭlos immani ira inflĭcĭt. Omnes irarum hăbenas effundĭt. *See* IRATUS.

IRATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* IRASCOR. **1.** *Angry, enraged.* Iratus Grais quantum nŏcŭĭssĕt ˇAchilles. *H.* [† Fūrens, indignans, indignatŭs, accensŭs, incensŭs, răbĭdŭs, fūrĭosŭs, flammatŭs, irritatŭs, commotŭs; *sts.* iracundŭs.] **Crel.** Ira -percĭtŭs, concĭtŭs, turbĭdŭs, commotŭs, actŭs, ardens, flagrans, fervĭdŭs, accensŭs, incensŭs, fĕrox, fūrens, aspĕr, horrĭdŭs, sævŭs, terrĭbĭlis, impulsŭs. Fūrorĕ -accensŭs, actŭs, cæcŭs, torvŭs. Fūrĭis -accensŭs, incensŭs, ăgĭtatŭs, effĕrŭs, fervens. Fūrens ănĭmis. Iræ non pătĭens. Effusŭs in iras. Irarum turbĭdŭs æstu. Sæva bilĕ tŭmens. Răbĭe stĭmŭlatŭs. ˇIn iram accensŭs. Acri dŏlorĕ -fixŭs, incensŭs. **2.** *Used of things inanimate.* ∾ mārĕ. *H.* altĭŭs. *Pp.* [† Indignatŭs, indignans.]

IRIS, is *or* ĭdis. *f.* **1.** *Iris, the messenger of Juno. C. D.* Irim de cœlo misit Saturnĭă Juno. Irĭ, dĕcus cœli. *V.* [† Thaumantĭs, Thaumantĭdes.] **Crel.** Junonis nuntĭă. Junonĭă virgo. Thaumantĭă proles. Virgo Thaumantĕă. **2.** *The rainbow.* Concĭpĭt Irĭs ăquas &c. *O.* [† Arcŭs.] **Ep.** Aĕrĭă, æthĕrĭă, pictă, cŏlorătă, verăcŏlŏr, dĕcoră; plŭvĭă, ăquosă, udă, nimbosă, imbrĭfĕră. **Crel.** Vărĭos indŭtă cŏlores. Vărĭis cŏlorĭbŭs *or* vărĭo cŏlorĕ -distinctă, dĕcŏrătă. Nubĭlă vărĭo cinctu *or* gyro circumdans. Nubĭbŭs *or* nimbis -cinctă, succinctă. **Phr.** Irĭs -arcum sub nubĭbŭs fŭga sĕcăt;—cœlum arquato curvamĭnĕ signăt;—casuras ăquas verăcŏlŏr răpĭt;—pĕr pictos arcus in terram delabĭtŭr;—millĕ cŏlorum velamĭnĕ indŭĭtŭr. Arcŭs -millĕ vărĭos adverso solĕ cŏlores trăhĭt;—plŭvĭas ăquas purpŭrĕus bĭbĭt;—ancĭpĭtes cŏlores vărĭo splendorĕ emittĭt;—aĕrĕ imperfecto gyro complectĭtŭr.

IRRĂDIO, as. *To strike with its rays, throw light upon.* Lit. and fig. Tĕrĕtes hoc undĭquĕ gemmæ Irrădĭant. *St.* ∾ Graiorum obscuras artes Romanis florĭbŭs. *Cl.* *See* ILLUMINO.

IRRĔLĬGATŬS, ă, um. *Unbound, unmoored.* Nudă pĕdem, crŏcĕas irrĕlĭgătă cŏmas. *O.* ∾ rătĭs. *See* SOLUTUS.

IRRĔMĔĂBĬLIS, ĕ. *From which there is no return, not to be repassed.* Evaditquĕ cĕler ripam irrĕmĕabĭlĭs undæ. *V.* ∾ errŏr. *V.*

IRRĔPĂRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Irrecoverable, irreparable.* Sed fŭgĭt intĕrĕa, fŭgĭt irrĕpărabĭlĭ tempŭs. *V.* **Crel.** Non rĕpărabĭlis. Nulla rĕpărabĭlis artĕ.

IRRĔPERTŬS, ă, um. *Undiscovered.* Aurum irrĕpertum, et sic mĕllĭus sĭtum. *H.*

IRREPO, is, psi, ptum. *To creep into, steal into* or *upon.* Lentoque irrepunt agmĭnĕ pœnæ. *St.* [† Irrepto, inserpo, insĭnŭo *or* insĭnŭŏr.] *See* REPO.

IRRĔPRĔHENSŬS, ă, um. *Without reproach.* Et tandem prŏbĭtas irrĕprĕhensă fŭĭt. *O.*

IRREPTO, as. *freq. of* Irrepo. *St.*

IRRĒQUĪĒTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Untranquil, restless.* Sors mĕă principĭbĭs irrēquĭētă fŭît. *O.* ∾ Chărybdĭs. *O.* [† Inquĭētŭs, indefessŭs.] 2. *Never ceasing.* Bellă ∾-ă gĕrĭs. *O.* [† Continŭŭs, assĭdŭŭs.]

IRRĒSECTŬS, ă, um. *Uncut.* Hic irrēsectum sævă dentē livĭdo Canĭdŭ rodens pollĭcem. *H.*

IRRĒSŌLUTŬS, ă, um. *Not loosed* or *slackened.* Vincŭlă sempĕr hăbens irrēsōlută mănĕt. *O.*

IRRESTINCTŬS, ă, um (*from* in *and* restinctus). *Unextinguished. Sil.* [† ˘Inexstinctŭs.]

IRRETĬO, is, ivi *or* ĭi, itum. *To catch in a net, ensnare, entangle.* Lit. and fig. Hæc me irretivĭt vestē fŭrĭali inscĭum. *Vet. Poet.* (*apud Cic. Tusc.*) [† Illăquĕo, implĭco, impēdĭo, intrico, involvo.]

IRRĒTORTŬS, ă, um. *Not turned back* or *aside.* Quisquĭs ingentes ŏcŭlo irrētorto Spectăt ăcervos. *H.* [† Rectŭs, fixŭs.]

IRRĒVŎCABĬLIS, ĕ, *and* IRRĒVŎCANDŬS, ă, um. *Irrevocable.* Et sēmĕl emissum vŏlăt irrēvŏcabĭlĭ verbum. *H.* Irrēvŏcandŭs ĕăt, sectis vitalĭbŭs, errŏr. *Cl.* Crol. Non *or* nunquam rēvŏcabĭlĭs.

IRRĒVŎCATŬS, ă, um. *Unrecalled, unstayed.* Irrēvŏcatŭs ăb acri Cædē lŭpus perstăt. *O.*

IRRIDĔO, es, isi, isum. intr. and tr. *To laugh at, mock, laugh to scorn.* Spernĭt ĕt irridet, factisque immitĭbŭs addit &c. *O.* ∾ plĭ votă. *O.* vatem. *V.* [† Deridĕo, ridĕo, illudo, ludĭfĭcŏr, jŏcŏr, insulto; *sts.* incrĕpo, increpĭto.] Crol. Risu *or* căchinno –excĭpĭo, lăcesso, obstrĕpo. ˘In risum verto. Sălĭbŭs *or* jŏcis excĭpĭo. Prŏtervis vocĭbŭs illudo. ˘Adunco naso suspendo. *See* RIDEO.

IRRĬGO, as. 1. *To water* (supply with water), *irrigate* (with acc.). Radicis fibras labentĭbŭs irrĭgăt undis. *O.* *See* RIGO. 2. *To pour* or *sprinkle out.* ∾ ămicos imbres. *V.* *See* FUNDO (II.). Fig. 3. *Used of sleep and light.* Fessos sŏpŏr ∾-ăt artus (*fulls freshening on*). *V.* Pĕr membrā sŏporem ∾-ăt (*gently pours*). *V.* Sol ∾-ăt cœlum candorĕ rĕcenti (*permeates with light*). *Lr.* 4. *To moisten.* ∾-ăt terram crŭŏr. *Sen.* *See* MADEFACIO.

IRRĬGŬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Irrigating, watering, gently flowing* or *falling in* or *on.* Lit. and fig. Tunc bĭbĭt irrĭgŭas fertĭlĭs hortŭs ăquas. *Tib.* Irrĭgŭumquĕ bĭbant vĭŏlarĭă fontem. *V.* [† Rĭgŭŭs.] *See* R. 2. *Well supplied with water,* &c. Lit. and fig. Irrĭgŭo nĭhĭl est elutĭŭs horto. *H.* ∾-um mĕro corpŭs. *H.* [† Rĭgŭŭs, mădĭdŭs, udŭs, &c.] *See* MADENS.

IRRISŎR, orĭs. *m. A scoffer, mocker.* Dicebam tĭbĭ venturos, irrisŏr, ămores. *Pp.* [† Derisŏr.]

IRRITABĬLIS, ĕ. *Irritable.* Gĕnŭs irritabĭlĭ vatum. *H.* [† Iracundŭs.] *See* I.

IRRITAMĔN, ĭnĭs, *and* IRRITAMENTUM, i. *n. An incentive, stimulant.* Adjecissĕt ŏpes, ănĭmi irritamĕn ăvari. ˘Opes, irritamentă mălorum. *O.* [† Stĭmulŭs, invitamentum, illĕcĕbræ.]

IRRITO, as. 1. *To irritate, provoke, enrage.* Hostemque irrităt ăd iram. *O.* Tŭas ∾-ăt iras. *St.* ∾ vĭrum telis. *V.* [† Provŏco, stĭmŭlo, lăcesso.] Crol. Iram *or* iras –mŏvĕo, commŏvĕo, excĭto, concĭto, ăcŭo, incendo, accendo, suscĭto, arrĭgo, concĭo. Fŭrorem ăcŭo. ˘Ad iram –excĭto, provŏco, impello, exstĭmŭlo. ˘In iram converto. Phr. ˘Anĭmum dictis incendo. Stĭmŭlos frĕmenti adjĭcĭo. Iras aggĕro. Iras stĭmŭlis injĭcĭo. 2. Fig. *To stir, quicken, disturb.* ∾ amnes (*of the waters of a flood*). *H.* ∾ ănĭmos (*of words spoken*). *H.* Musă ingĕnĭum ∾-ăt. *Pp.* ∾ vĭtĭa vĕtando. *O.* *See* ACCENDO, STIMULO.

IRRĬTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Vain, useless.* Telă mănu mĭsĕrĭ jactabant irrĭtă Teucri. *V.* Lăbŏr ∾. *O.* [† ˘Inanĭs, inutĭlĭs, vanŭs, cassŭs, stĕrĭlĭs.] 2. *Unsuccessful.* Vărĭis assultĭbŭs irrĭtŭs urgĕt. *V.*

IRRŎGO, as. *To impose, enjoin, inflict.* Rĕgŭlă peccatis quæ pœnas irrŏgăt æquas. *H.* [† Impono, infligo.]

IRRORO, as. *To cover with dew, bedew, sprinkle.* Aut quum solĕ nŏvo terras irrorăt ˘Eŏŭs. *V.* Irroravĭt ăquis crinem. *O.* [† Roro, &c.] *See* RIGO.

IRRUGO, as. *To wrinkle, make wrinkled.* Undantemquĕ sĭnum nodis irrugăt ˘Iberia. *St.* *See* CORRUGO.

IRRUMPO, is, rupi, ruptum. 1. With acc. or abs. *To break* or *burst upon* or *into by force; to rush on* or *into.* Lit. and fig. Qui cursu portas primi irruperĕ pătentes. *V.* Irrupĭt ănĭmos (famă). *L.* ∾ mentem (de Phœbo inspirantĕ). *St.* ∾-unt curæ. *O.* *See* IRRUO. 2. *With dat.* Irrupit trĕpĭdis hostĭs. *Sil.* ∾-unt thălămo. *V.*

IRRŬO, is, i. *To rush in* or *on. V.* [† Rŭo, irrumpo, incurro, incurso, præcĭpĭto, insĭlĭo, prosĭlĭo, fĕrŏr, invado, aggrĕdĭŏr, impĕto, lăcesso, ădŏrĭŏr, ingrŭo.] Crol. Me –fĕro, infĕro, injĭcĭo, do. *See* PRÆCIPITO, AGGREDIOR.

IRRUPTŬS, ă, um (*from* in *priv. and* ruptŭs). *Unbroken, not to be broken. H.* *See* FIRMUS.

˘IS, ĕă, id. 1. *He, she, it, that.* Et primum Antĭphătes, Is ĕnim se primŭs ăgebăt. *V.* [† Hic, istĕ, illĕ.] 2. *Such.* Ii tĭbĭ nos ĕrĭmŭs. *Pp.* *See* TALIS.

˘ISĂAC. *m. undecl. The Patriarch Isaac. Eccl.* ˘Isăac fuissĕ parvŭlum pătri unĭcum. *Prud.*

ISĂCĬDÆ, arum *and* dum. *m. pl. The descendants of Isaac, the Hebrews. Eccl.*

˘ISÆŬS, i. *m. A great orator, master of Demosthenes.* Promptŭs, ĕt Isæo torrentĭŏr. *J.*

˘ISAIAS. *See* ESAIAS.

ISĬACŬS, ă, um. *Of Isis,* or *relating to Isis.* Isĭăcos antĕ sĕdĕrĕ fŏcos. *O.*

ISĬS, is, *and* Idĭs or Idŏs. *f. Isis, one of the Egyptian deities. C. D.* Et mŏdo, quæ causas prebĕăt, Isĭs ĕrĭt. *O.* Isĭdĭs. *J.* Isĭ. *St.* [† *Sts.* Io, Inăchĭs.] Ep. Nillĭăcă, Phărĭă, Memphitis, Ægyptĭă, linĭgĕrĭă. Crol. Nillĭăcă *or* Phărĭă jŭvencă. Vaccă Memphitis. Linĭgĕrĭă jŭvencă.

ISMĂRĬŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Mount Ismarus, in Thrace.* Ismărĭæ cĕlĕbrant rĕpĕtĭtă trĭennĭă Bacchæ. *O.*

ISMĂRA, orum. *n. pl. and* ISMĂRŬS, i. *m. Mount Ismarus, in Thrace.* Jŭvăt Ismărĭ Baccho, Consĕrĕre &c. *V.* Rhŏdŏpe miratŭr ĕt Ismărŭs Orphea. *V.*

ISMENĬŬS, ă, um, *and fem.* ISMENĬS, Idĭs. *Ismenian, relating to the river Ismenus* or *to Thebes.* Hospĕs ăb Aŏnĭis Therses Ismenĭŭs oria. *O.* Sanctasquĕ cŏlunt Ismenĭdes aras. *O.*

ISMENŬS, *or* ISMENŎS, i. *m. Ismenus, a river near Thebes.* Horrŭît ingenti vĕnĭentem Ismenŏ ăcervo. *St.*

˘ISŎCRĂTES, is. *m. A celebrated Athenian orator.* Et vitam insignem laudamŭs ˘Isocrătis artĕ. *Rufin.*

ISRAEL. *undecl. and* ISRAEL, ellis. *m. The name of the Patriarch Jacob and his descendants. Eccl.*

ISRAELITÆ, *and improperly* ISRĂĒLITÆ, arum. *m. pl. The people of Israel. Eccl.*

ISTĔ, ă, ŭd; *gen.* istĭŭs *and* istiŭs. 1. *This, that; he, she* (freq. implying contempt). Istĭŭs ingĕnĭum corpŏrĭs essĕ nĕgant. *St.* Istius pŭĕri Brutŭs ămatŏr ĕrăt. *M.* [† ˘Is, illĕ, hĭc; *sts.* talis.] 2. *Used with praise implied.* Qui (istum hŏnorem) vita bĕnĕ credăt ĕmi. *V.* [† Illĕ.]

ISTĔR, tri. *m. The Ister* or *the Danube.* Stat vĕtŭs urbs, ripæ vicină bĭnomĭnĭs Istri. *O.* [† Da-

Ep. Ingens, fĕrox, rāpĭdūs, septem-

See Istic.

um. *n. pl. The Isthmian games, held* . *C. D.* Isthmĭā defuncto cĕlĕbrātā , notum. *Aus.* Crel. Sacrā Pālæmō-

, *and* Isthmĭcus, ă, um. *Isthmian, Corinth or the Isthmus.* Ærāque ăb auro pŏtĭorā fāvillis. *St.* Lābŏr *H.* [† Pālæmōnĭūs.] *See* Corin-

· Isthmŏs, i. *m.* 1. *An isthmus;* us. *of Corinth.* Gĕmĭnum grācĭlis mārĕ hmŏ. *L.* Bimāri clauduntūr ăb Isth- ĭp. Angustūs, arctūs, grācĭlis, exilis, ārĭs, circumflŭūs. Crel. Gĕmĭni mā- Terrā (tellus) gĕmĭno ponto (binis) circumdātā *or* cinctā. Phr. Isth- ri littŏrē (brĕvi spātĭo) binā æquōrā ms) findĭt (divĭdĭt, distĭnĕt, rĕpellĭt). hmum) binā æquōrā fluctĭbūs oppug- a terrā dūabūs āquis pulsatūr. *See* us. 2. Dbf. *A strait.* Prōpontĭca sthmŏ āqua. *Pp.*

Here, there, in that place (no motion). e, mĕtŭendē, jăces. *V.* [† Hic, il-

Thence (motion). Qui vĕnĭunt istinc † Indē, illinc.]

Istuc. *adv. Thither* (motion). Dum isto. *O.* Tāmēn istuc mens ănĭmus- . *H.* [† ˘Eo, illuc.]

s Istic.

, *after such and such a way.* Ut binæ ĭes, ĭtā corpŏrā gentis. *V.* [† Sic, ta- rel. Non ălĭtĕr, haud ălĭtĕr. Non sĕ- sĕcŭs. *See* Sic. 2. *Used in the ex- f a wish,* &c. ∾ me rĕfĕrat tĭbĭ Jupi- ĭm felix &c. *Pp. See* Sic. 3. *So* (= *re adj. of quantity, distance,* &c. Non distăt. *O.* Ex dictis non ĭtā multā [† ădĕo, multum, valde.] 4. *So, to rus.* ˘Ĭtā turbĭnĕ nĭgro &c. *V.* Non ĭtā quŏnĭbūs undæ. *Pp.* [† Sic, ădĕo, um.] 5. Atque ĭtā. *And then, upon* ne ĭtā . . . artus mollĭt āquis. *O.* Mugi- ĭlĭt auras; Atque ĭtā . . . procŭbŭĭt. *O. or* ˘Ităn'? *Is it thus? Sen.* [† Sic- ă *or* ădĕon'?]

sts. Italī, orum. *m. pl. The Italians.* ĭes ˘Ĭtălum, aut quas non oravĕrĭs ur- [† Hespĕrĭi, Ausŏnĭdæ, Ausŏnĭi, Lā- , Œnotri, Romani, Romŭlĭdæ.] Crel. lĭā. ˘Ĭtăli pŏpŭli. Gĕnŭs ˘Ĭtălum. Sa- . *See* Italia, Romani.

d us. Italia, æ. *f. Italy.* Ĭtălĭam pri- clamăt ˘Achates. *V.* Rarŭs ăb Ĭtălĭa The first syllable in Italus is found and short. *See* I. In the forms ex- hree syllables, the first is found long Italia, Italicus, Italides (*pl.*). ver, it is long in *arsis* only, it is better r the first syllable *short.*] [† Hespĕrĭā, Œnotrĭā; *sts.* Lātĭum, Romā.] Ep. Sū- tens, nobĭlis, bellĭcā, Martĭā, victrix, ŭlentā, fĕrax, fecundā. Crel. ˘Ĭtălĭā, Ausŏnĭā, Œnotrĭā, Hespĕrĭā, Lātĭā errā. ˘Ĭtăli (Lātĭi, Ausŏnĭi) –fines, ĭæ *or* Ausŏnĭæ tellus. ˘Ĭtălĭā regnā. ĭā, plāgā, rēgĭo. Ĭtălĭcæ oræ. Saturnĭā pā. *See* Roma.

, um. *Of* or *relating to Italy.* Graiā ĭis auctor pŏsŭĭssĕt ĭn oris Mœnĭā. *O.* us.

d Italus, ă, um, *and* Italis, ĭdis. *f.*

Italian. Oblitus fatorum, ˘Ĭtălasnē cāpessĕrĕt oras. *V.* Quĭbūs Ĭtălĭā jam tum Florŭĕrĭt terra almā vĭris. *V.* Ĭtălĭdes, quas ipsā dĕcus &c. *V. St. M.* [† Ĭtălĭcus, Ausŏnĭus, Ausŏnĭs (*f.*); *ext.* Lātĭūs, Lātĭnūs, Romanūs; *or* Ĭtălĭcā (*f.*), &c.. *for* ˘Ĭtălĭs.]

˘Itanĕ. *See* Ita.

˘Ităque. *Therefore; and so.* Nunc ĭtăque et versus et cetĕrā ĭudĭcĭā pono. *H.* [† Ergo, ĭgĭtūr, &c.] *See* Ergo.

˘Item. *adv.* 1. *Likewise, also.* Cetĕra ĭtem nĕquĕunt stultis hærentīā. *H.* [† Æque, pārĭtĕr.] 2. *Moreover, too, as well.* Contemplatŏr ĭtem, quum nux se &c. *V.* [† ˘Ĭtĭdem, insŭpĕr, præ- tĕrĕa, rursŭs, imo, quin, ădhuc.]

˘Itĕr, ĭtĭnĕris (*from obs. nom.* Itiner). *n.* 1. *A journey, passage.* Nos ĭtĕr ignavi divisĭmŭs. *H.* Virtus nĕgata tentăt ∾ vĭa. *V.* Hac ∾ Elysĭum nobis. *V.* [† Vĭā, cursŭs.] Ep. Longum, brĕvĕ, cæptum, inceptum, tutum, jucundum, mŏlestum. Phr. ˘Ĭtĕr –cāpĭo, făcĭo, ingrĕdĭŏr, cor- rĭpĭo, metĭŏr, tĕro, instauro, tendo, tĕnĕo, carpo, effĭcĭo, ăgo, intendo, pĕrăgo, pergo. *See* Eo. 2. *A road, way.* Lit. and fig. ∾ declivĕ sĕnec- tæ; fecĭt scĕlĕri; vocis. *O.* angustum (for- micæ). *V.* [† Vĭā, callis, trames, &c.] *See* Via.

˘Itĕro, as. 1. *To repeat, do over again, renew.* Mane ŭbĭ bis fŭĕrĭt, Phœbusque ĭtĕravĕrĭt ortus. *O.* ˘Ĭtĕrabĭmŭs æquōr (*put to sea again*). *H.* Fortunā tristi clade ĭtĕrabĭtūr. ∾-ātā murĭcĕ lanā. *H.* janŭā (*re-opened*). *O.* signā rŏtæ. *Pp.* [† Gĕmĭno, ingĕmĭno, intĕgro, rĕpĕto; *sts.* rĕdin- tĕgro, dūplĭco.] 2. *To repeat, say over again* or *after.* ∾ qd vocĭbūs. *O.* voces. *H.* [† Rĕpĕto, gĕmĭno, ingĕmĭno, rĕfĕro.]

˘Itĕrum. *adv.* 1. *Again.* Ire ĭtĕrum ĭn lăcrĭmas, Itĕrum tentarĕ prĕcando. *V.* [† Rursŭs, rursum, ădhuc, denŭo; *sts.* bis.] 2. ˘Ĭtĕrumque ĭtĕrum- quĕ. *V.*, *and* ˘Itĕrum atque Itĕrum. *V. Often.* Crel. Bis ĭtĕrumquĕ; terquĕ quăterquĕ, &c. *See* Sæpe.

Ithăcā, æ, *and* ˘Ithăce, es. *f. The island Ithaca, the country of Ulysses.* Sum pătrĭa ex ˘Ĭthă- ca, cŏmes infelĭcis ˘Ulixi. *V.* ˘Ĭthăcevĕ, Sămē- vĕ. *O.*

˘Ithăcensis, ĕ, *and* ˘Ithăcesĭŭs, ă, um. *St. Of* or *relating to Ithaca.* Remĭgĭum vĭtĭosum ˘Ĭthăcensis ˘Ŭlyssei. *H. See* Ithacus.

˘Ithăcŭs, ă, um. 1. *Ithacan, relating to Ithaca* or *Ulysses.* Æŏlĭos ˘Ĭthacis inclusĭmŭs utrĭbūs euros. *O.* [† ˘Ĭthăcesĭŭs: *sts.* ˘Ĭthăcensis.] 2. Subst. m. *Ulysses.* Hoc ˘Ĭthăcus vĕlĭt, ĕt &c. *V. See* Ulysses.

˘Itĭdem. *adv. Likewise, in the same way.* Omnĭā nos ĭtĭdem depascĭmŭr aurĕā dictā. *Lr.* [† Sic, ĭtā, pārĭtĕr.] *See* Sic.

Itŭr, ˘Itum est (*from* Eo).

˘Ituræi, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *A people of Cœlo-Syria, and famous bowmen. C. D.* 2. ˘Ituræŭs, ă, um. *Ituræan.* Cornŭs, ˘Ituræos taxi curvantūr ĭn arcus. *V.*

˘Iturŭs, ă, um. *part. fut. See* Eo.

˘Itys, ȳos. *m. Son of Tereus and Progne. C. D. See* Tereus. Magnā sĕd antiqui causā dŏlorĭs, ˘Ĭtȳs. Prosĭlĭit, ˘Ĭtȳosquĕ cāpŭt &c. *O.* ˘Ityn flebĭlĭtĕr gĕmens. *H.*

˘Iulĕŭs, ă, um. 1. *Julian; Roman.* Gentis ˘Iu- læ nomĭnā sanctā fĕro. *O.* 2. *Of* or *relating to July. O. See* Julius. 3. *Of* or *relating to Cæsar, Augustus,* or *any Roman emperor.* Cujŭs ˘Iuleæ cāpĭti nascantūr ŏlivæ (*of Domitian*). *M.*

˘Iulŭs, i. *m. Iulus* or *Ascanius, son of Æneas,* &c. At pŭĕr Ascānĭus, cui nunc cognomĕn ˘Iulo Addĭtūr. *V. See* Ascanius.

IXION, ŏnĭs. *m. Ixion, king of the Lapithæ in Thessaly, and father of Pirithous. C. D.* Volvĭtŭr Ixion, et se sēquĭturquē fŭgĭtquē. *O.*

IXIŎNĬDES, æ. *m. Son of Ixion, Pirithous; the Centaurs.* Hic Ixiŏnĭden, illē Mĕnœtĭāden. *Pp.* Illic semĭfĕros Ixiŏnĭdas centauros. *L.*

IXIŎNĬUS, ă, um (*better than* IXIŎNĔUS). *Of or relating to Ixion. V.*

J.

JACENS, tĭs. 1. *Lying down, reclining.* Silenum pŭĕri somno viderē jăcentem. *V.* [† Rĕcŭbans, stratŭs, &c.] *See* RECUBANS. 2. *Lying, situated.* ˘Allo sŭb solē ∾. *V.* [† Sĭtŭs, pō-ĭtŭs.] 3. *Lying low down, beneath. O.* [† Hŭmĭlĭs, imŭs, demissŭs, depressŭs.] 4. *Downward cast.* Vultus attollē ∾-es. *O.* [† Demissŭs, dejectŭs.] 5. *Hanging loose.* ∾ vestĭs. *O.* cŏmā. ∾-ĭā lorā. *Sen.* [† Laxŭs, flŭens.] 6. *Lying level.* Ponti ∾-ĭs sŏlum. *V. Fl.* Stagnā ∾-ĭā. *Sil.* [† Stratŭs, planŭs.] 7. Fig. *Dejected, depressed, humble.* Mens ∾. *O.* Solari jăcentem. *O.* [† Afflictŭs.] *See* JACEO.

JACĔO, es, ŭi (ĭtum. *obs. whence* Jăcĭturŭs). 1. *To lie down, recline.* Mecum, inter sălĭces, lenta sub vitĭ jăcerēt. *V.* Una jăcŭerē sŭb umbra. *O.* ˘Ad quartam ∾. *H.* [† Cŭbo, rĕcŭbo, rĕcumbo, prŏcumbo, sternŏr, prosternŏr, extendŏr, quĭesco, rĕquĭesco, rĕsĭdĕo; *sts.* discumbo, decumbo, incumbo, incŭbo.] Crol. Membrā, artus, corpŭs –sterno, pono, extendo, submitto, projĭcĭo. Hŭmo corpŭs *or* corpŏrā–pono, depono. Corpŭs hŭmi sterno. Căpŭt hŭmo pono. Sŏlo jăcĕo. Hŭmo quĭesco. Hŭmi rĕsĭdĕo. Lăttŭs ārena depono. Terram *or* lectum prēmo. Căpŭt fessum (defessā membrā, lăttŭs, artus) vĭridĭ ĭn herba (tĕnĕra ārena, sŏlĭto tŏro) submitto (compono, lĕvo). Phr. 1. *Of men asleep.* Corpŏrā pĕr herbam fusā jăcent. Strato sŭpēr ostro discumbĭtŭr. Herbis (fŏlĭis, stratis) incumbunt. Artus pĕr gramĭnā projĭcĭunt (deponunt, fundunt). Phr. 2. *Of a huge body asleep.* Immanĭā tergā (membrā) –hŭmi fundĭt;—hŭmi fusŭs rĕsolvĭt. Hŭmi ingens fundĭtŭr *or* extendĭtŭr. *See* CUBO, RECUBANS. 2. *To lie dead.* [† Cĕcĭdi, sternŏr.] Crol. Stratŭs *or* fusŭs jăcĕo. *See* PEREO. 3. *To lie* (be on the ground). Sertā căpĭti delapsā jăcent. *V.* 4. *To be situated.* ∾ extra sidĕrā tellus. *V.* [† Sum pŏsĭtŭs *or* sĭtŭs.] 5. *To hang loose.* Crines pĕr collā ∾-ebant. *O.* [† Flŭo.] *See* JACENS (5). 6. *To lie low down.* Quæquē jăcent valles. *O.* 7. *To be level.* Servatum bello (ventorum) jăcŭēt mārē. *L.* [† Sternŏr.] Fig. 8. *To be depressed, humbled, fallen.* Mĕā numĭnā fessā ∾-ent. *V.* [† Affligŏr, sternŏr.] *See* JACENS (7). 9. *To be beneath* or *without notice, slighted, despised.* Cetĕrā turbā (tutā) jăcĕt. *O.* Paupĕr ŭbiquē jăcĕt. *O.*

JACIO, Is, jeci, jactum. 1. *To throw, send, throw out and about.* ∾ flores. *V.* de corpŏrē ŏdorem. *Lr.* [† Mitto, emitto, fundo, effundo, spargo.] 2. *To throw upon, towards, against* (of missiles gen.). [† Injĭcĭo, immitto, mitto, &c.] *See* JACULOR. 3. *To cast downwards.* ∾ ponto (pilam). *V.* [† Dejĭcĭo, &c.] *See* D. 4. Sp. *To lay foundations.* Muros ∾ &c. *V.* [† Pono, lŏco, stātŭo, &c.] *See* FUNDO (I.). 5. Sts. *To throw away.* ˘In flumĕn qd ∾. *H.* Scutā ∾. *Pl.* [† Abjĭcĭo, projĭcĭo.] 6. ∾ me. *To rush, spring.* ∾ sese pĕr ignem præcĭpĭti saltu. *V.* se e culmĭnĕ turrĭs. *O.* se ĭn ăgros (de tauro). *L.* [† Me mitto, immitto, do.] *See* PRÆCIPITO. Fig. 7. *To place, set, rest* (as on a foundation). ∾ sălutem (in hoc). *V.* [† Pono.] 8. *To send out sounds, utter words.* Mutæ ∾ verbā fāvillæ. *Pp.* [† Jacto, fundo, mitto, edo.]

JACĬTURUS, ă, um. *part. See* JACEO. Aut vĕtĭto nudus jăcĭturē sēpulchro. *St.*

JACTANS, tĭs. *part. See* JACTO. Used also adj. 1. *Boasting, vain-glorious.* ∾-lŏr Ancŭs. *V. See* SUPERBUS. 2. *Sts. in a good sense.* ∾-lŏr æthĕrā pulsĕt (Romā). *St.*

JACTATŎR, orĭs. *m. A boaster, self-praiser.* Prŏprĭi jactatŏr hŏnorĭs. *Cl.*

JACTATŬS, us. *m. A movement, shaking, tossing.* Excussit pennas, quarum jactatĭbŭs omnĭs Afflata est tellus. *O. See* MOTUS.

JACTO, as. *freq. of* Jacio. 1. *To throw.* ∾ lăpĭdes ĭn orbem; telā mānu. *V.* fulmĭnā. *O.* prŏprĭo de corpŏrē lucem. *Lr. See* JACIO, JACULOR. 2. *To toss, toss up and down* (swing); *and fig.* ∾ qm ĭn alto (de vento). *H.* ∾-amār gurgĭtē vasto. *V.* A fĭcĭo ∾ manus. ∾ pectŏrē curas. *V.* [† ˘Agĭto, ăgo, mŏvĕo, impello, volvo.] 3. Sts. *To throw away.* [† Abjĭcĭo, abjĭcĭo, projĭcĭo.] 4. *To utter words, speak.* ∾ voces ād sidĕrā; tallā; hæc silvis *V.* convitĭā lingua. *Pp.* [† Jăcĭo, mitto, edo, fundo.] *See* DICO. 5. *To speak often of, mention in high terms* (toss from tongue to tongue). Tota ∾-arĭs ĭn urbē. *O.* ∾-amŭs te bĕātum. *H.* [† Mĕmŏro, rĕfĕro, laudo.] 6. *To boast of.* ∾ miracŭlā dictis. *Lr.* virtutem. *O.* [† Jactĭto, prædĭco, effĕro, laudo.] 7. ∾ me. *To glory.* Lucus quo plus se jactĕt ˘Apollo. *V.* [† Sŭpĕrbĭo, glorĭŏr.] *See* SUPERBIO.

JACTURĂ, æ. *f. The loss of a thing.* Hæc quŏquē virgĭnĕum movit jacturā dŏlorem. *O.* ∾ sēpulcri. *V. See* DAMNUM.

JACTŬS, us. *m. The action of casting* or *throwing; a cast.* Et de femĭnĕo rĕpārata est femĭnā jactu. *O.* Pulvĕris ∾. Intra teli ∾-um. *V.* [† Conjectŭs.]

JACŬLABĬLIS, ĕ. *That can be thrown or darted.* Viderunt ŏcŭli telum jăcŭlabĭlē nostri. *O.* ∾ pondŭs. *St.* [† Missĭlĭs.]

JACŬLATŎR, orĭs. *m.* JACŬLATRIX, icĭs. *f. A javelin-thrower.* Encĕlādus jăcŭlatŏr audax. *H.* Pallādā nonnē vĭdes, jăcŭlatricemquē Dianam? *O.* Crol. Jăcŭlo *or* jăcŭlis –bŏnŭs, insignis, certŭs, audax.

JACŬLŎR, arĭs. 1. *To throw, hurl, dart.* Quantus jăcŭlatur Monŷchŭs ornos. *J.* ∾ saxā lăcerto. *O.* flammas. *Sen.* [† Jăcĭo, jacto, conjĭcĭo, injĭcĭo, mitto, emitto, immitto, torquĕo, intorquĕo, contorquĕo, dirĭgo, spargo, excŭtĭo, ăgo, vĭbro, fundo, effundo.] Crol. Jăcŭlum (telum, hastam, spicŭlā, ferrum) mānu *or* dextra –lĭbro, vĭbro, mitto, torquĕo. Phr. Bellatŏr jăcŭlum &c. contortum (trĕmens) summis virĭbŭs innixŭs (*or* B. jăcŭlum, &c., intorquens, concŭtĭens) ĭn auras emittĭt, &c. Milĕs hasta emĭnŭs fĕrĭt. M. h. e. conjecta fĕrĭt. Æthĕrā telis hostes ŏbumbrant. *See* SAGITTA. 2. *To throw, dart,* &c., *and strike.* ∾ ignē lucos ĕt arces; ādā misso disco; qm ferro ăcuto. *O.* [† Fĕrĭo, verbĕro, vulnĕro, figo.] 3. Fig. *To aim at* (dart our intentions at). Quid brĕvi ævo ∾-amār multā? *H.*

JACŬLUM, i. *n.* 1. *A javelin, dart.* Horrĭdŭs in jăcŭlis et pellē Libystĭdis ursæ. *V.* Missā ∾-orum turbā. *O.* [† Telum, spicŭlum, sāgittā, missilē, hastā.] *See* SAGITTA, JACULOR. 2. *A casting-net. O.* [† Fundā.]

JACŬLUS, i. *m. A species of serpent which darts from trees.* Et natrix vŏlātŏr ăquæ, jăcŭliquē vŏlucres. *L.*

JAM. *adv.* 1. *Already, and now.* Et jam famā

vŏlans, tanti prænuntiĭ luctus. *V.* Jam prŏpĕ lux ădĕrăt. *O.* [† Jamjam; *sts.* hinc, jamquĕ.] **Crel.** Et jam, hinc jam. **2.** *Shortly, very shortly.* Fœdĕrā jam vĭŏlandā dăbas. *Tib.* [† Mox, brĕvi.] *See* BREVI. **3.** Non jam. *No longer.* Non jam matĕr ălit tellus. *V.* [† Non amplĭŭs.] **4.** Jam . . . jam. *Now . . . now; at one time . . . at another.* Jam vino quærens, jam somno fallĕrĕ curam. *H.* [† Nunc, mŏdo.] **5.** Jamjam. *Even now, already.* ~ nullĭ mŏra est. *V.* suspirĭ librăt pectŏrĕ. *St.* **6.** Jamjamquĕ, *or* Jam jamquĕ. *All but* (does); *on the very point* (of doing something). Jamjamquĕ mānu tĕnĕt. *V.* Jamjamquĕ cādenti assimĭlĭs. *V.* [† Mox, prŏpĕ, fĕre.] **7.** Jam nunc. *From this time forth.* Et votis jam nunc assuescĕ vŏcari. *V.* [† Hinc jam.] **8.** Jam olim. *Long ago, long since.* Ac jam olim seras pŏsŭit quum vinĕā frondes. *V.* *See* DUDUM. **9.** Jam tum. *Even then, at that time back.* Quĭbŭs Itălā jam tum florŭĕrit terra vīris. *V.* **10.** Jamdĭu, Jampridem, Jamdudum, *&c.* *See* DIU, PRIDEM, DUDUM.

JANALIS, ĕ. *Of Janus.* Virgăquĕ Janalis de spina sumĭtŭr alba. *O.*

JANĬCŬLUM, i. *n.* *One of the seven hills of Rome.* Nuncŭpăt hæc ætas, Janĭcŭlumquĕ vŏcăt. *O.*

JANĬTŎR, ōris. *m.* **1.** *A door-keeper, porter.* Et sĕdĕo duras janĭtŏr antĕ fŏres. *O.* **Ep.** Vĭgĭl, pervĭgĭl, assĭdŭŭs, insomnĭs, fidŭs, fĭdelĭs. **Crel.** Portæ custos. ~Ad limĭnā custos. **2.** ~ Orci, or abs. *Cerberus.* Janĭtŏr aulæ, Cerbĕrŭs. *H.* *See* CERBERUS.

JANŬA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A gate, door.* Janŭā frangatur, latret cānis. *H.* [† Fŏres, limĕn, postes, valvæ, ostĭum; *sts.* portā, ădĭtŭs, ingressŭs, vestĭbŭlum.] **Ep.** Ferrĕā, ærĕā, ăhenā, lignĕā, ăcernā, robustā, durā, firmā, vălĭdā, sublimĭs, sŭperbā; pātens, ăpertā; clausā, difficĭlĭs, surdā, rĭgĭdā, asperā. **Crel.** Tecti limĕn. Limĭnā portæ. Ærĕ fŏres clausæ. Fig. **2.** *The pass* or *entrance to a country.* *See* PORTA. **3.** ~ leti. *The way to death, death.* Dătā ~ leti. *St.* Pătĕt isti ~ leto. *V.*

JANUARĬUS, ĭi. *m.* *January.* *See* JANUS.

JANUS, i. *m.* **1.** *An ancient king of Italy, deified after his death. He presided over the year. C. D. He had two faces, and his temple was open in war, and shut in peace.* Tum săcĕr ancĭpĭti mirandŭs imaginĕ Jănŭs. *O.* [† Clusĭŭs, Pătulcĭŭs, Matutinŭs.] **Ep.** Bĭceps, bĭfrons, bĭformĭs, pĭnnĭtŭs, anceps, antiquŭs. **Crel.** Janŭs pătĕr. Matutinŭs pătĕr. Bĭceps -dĕus, numĕn. Jani bĭfrontĭs imago. Cœli janĭtŏr. **2.** *Janus, as presiding over the year; used for the month January, so called from him.* Primus Romanas ordĭrĭs, Janĕ, kălendas. *Aus.* Pŏtĕras non cedĭrĕ Jano. *M.* (ăd Dĕcembrem.) [† Janŭarĭŭs.] **Crel.** Jani mensĭs. Fastorum -gĕnĭtŏr, pārens. Annorum ăctŏr. Binā sĭmŭl tempŏrā spectans. Labentĭs anni ŏrigo. Tempŏrā dŭcens. A quo nomĕn mensĭs hăbĕt.

JASON (*obs.*). *See* IASON.

JASPIS (*obs.*). *See* IASPIS.

JĔCUR, ŏris. *n.* **1.** *The liver.* Ficis pastum jĕcŭr ănserĭs albi. *H.* Immortalĕ jĕcur tondens. *V.* **2.** *Used for the seat of the affections and passions, &c.; heart, soul. H. Sen.* [† ~Anĭmŭs, cŏr, pectŭs.]

JEJUNIUM, ĭi. *n.* *A fast, abstinence from food; sts. diet.* Longā dŏmant illos Inōpi jejunĭā victu. *O.* Manĕ dĭe quo tu indicis jejunĭā. *H.* **Ep.** Longum, durum, mŏlestum, misĕrum, tristā. **Phr.** 1. *To fast.* Jejunĭā -servo, cŏlo, tĕnĕo. Cĭbis, esca -abstĭnĕo, me fraudo, orā abstĭnĕo. Dăpes, cĭbum, escam mĭhĭ nĕgo. Fāmem -tŏlĕro, fĕro, perfĕro. **Phr.** 2. *To break a fast.* Jejunĭā -solvo, placo, sedo, &c. *See* EDO.

JEJUNŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Fasting, hungry.* Jejunus raro stŏmăchus vulgarĭā temnĭt. *H.* ~-ă fāmes. *O.* [† Impastŭs, esŭrĭens, fāmellĭcŭs.] **Crel.** ~Inops cĭbi. Expers potus ĕt cĭbi. Văcŭŭs unda cĭboquĕ. Jejunis dentĭbŭs acĕr. *See* FAMELICUS. **2.** *Dry, kept from moisture.* ~ glarĕā clivosi rurĭs. *V.* ară crŭorĭs. *Cat.* *See* SICCUS. **3.** Sts. *Thirsty.* Jejunæ nĕgarĕ ăquam. *Pp.* **4.** *Scanty.* Summăquĕ jejuna sānĭe infuscatŭr ărenā. *V.* [† Tĕnŭĭs, exĭgŭŭs.]

JENTACŬLUM, i. *n.* *Breakfast.* Vendit pŭĕris jentacŭlā pistŏr. *M.*

JERĔMĬAS. *See* IEREMIAS.

JĔRĬCHO. *acc.* on. *f.* *The Jericho of Holy Land. Eccl.*

JERŬSALEM. *See* HIERUSALEM.

JESUS. *See* IESUS.

JŎCŎR, ārĭs. **1.** *To sport, be merry.* Quŏtĭes vŏlŭit fortunā jŏcari. *J.* [† Ludo.] **2.** *To joke, jest, banter.* [† Ridĕo, irridĕo, deridĕo, cāvillŏr, ludo, alludo, illudo.]

JŎCOSE. *adv.* *Jocosely, in fun.* *H.* (Jŏcosŭs.)

JŎCOSŬS, ă, um. *Full of fun and merriment, sportive.* Si mĕā matĕrĭæ respondet musā jŏcosæ. *O.* ~ lyrā. *H.* [† Lĕpĭdŭs, festivŭs, fācetŭs, argutŭs, urbanŭs, jŏcans; *sts.* ridĭcŭlŭs, scurrā.]

JŎCŬLARIS, ĕ, *and* **JŎCŬLARĬŬS,** ă, um. *Ter. Entertaining, laughable.* Nec sic, ut qui jŏcŭlarĭā, ridens Percurram. *H.* [† Ridĭcŭlŭs, ridendŭs, ludĭcrŭs.]

JŎCUS, i. *m.*; *pl.* **JŎCI.** *m. and* **JŎCA.** *n.* **1.** *A joke, a jest; banter, pleasantry.* Incŏlŭmi grăvĭtatĕ jŏcum tentavĭt, ĕo quŏd. ~In răblĕm verti cœpĭt ~. *H.* Millĕ fācesĕ jŏcos &c. *O.* Tum jŏcā, tum sermo, tum &c. *Lr.* [† Ludŭs, lusŭs, risŭs, sāles, ludĭcrum, cāvillŭs, scommā.] **Ep.** Lĕpĭdŭs, festivŭs, hĭlārĭs, lætŭs, ridĭcŭlŭs, argutŭs, gratŭs, sŏlutŭs, effusŭs, insanŭs. *See* SALES. **2.** *The person bantered, laughed at.* Neu sis ~. *H.* [† Ludĭbrĭum, derisŭs, *or dat.* ludĭbrĭo, derisŭi.] *See* DERISUS.

JORDANES, *or* **JORDANĬS,** ĭs. *m.* *Prud.* *The river Jordan. Eccl.*

JOSEPH. *See* IOSEPH.

I. JUBA, æ. *f.* **1.** *The mane of a horse* or *other beast.* Luduntquĕ jūbæ per collā, pĕr armos. *V.* [† ~Equinā, cŏmans, flŭens, undans, longā, effusā, sparsā, flavā, rŭtĭlā, hirsutā, impexā, mĭnax.] **Crel.** Jūbæ *or* jūbarum luxŭrĭes. Căpĭtis jūbæ. Cŏmantĭā collā. **2.** *Helmet-plume.* *V.* [† Cristā.] **3.** *The crest, comb in animals.* ~-æ sanguĭnĕæ exsŭpĕrant undas (de serpentĭbŭs). *V.* [† Cristā.]

II. JUBA, æ. *m.* *A king of Mauritania.* Nec Jūbæ tellus gĕnĕrat, lĕonum &c. *H.*

JŬBAR, ăris. *n.* **1.** *The light of the morning star; light.* Lucifĕr æquŏrĕis nĭtĭdum jŭbăr exsĕrĭt undis. *O.* Jŭbărĕ exorto (solĕ). *V.* [† Lux, lumĕn, dies.] *See* LUX. **2.** *Light, splendour.* ~ trĕmŭlum spargĭt (aurum). *O.* talĕ mĭcăt (de auro). *St.* [† Fulgŏr, splendŏr, nĭtŏr.] *See* FULGOR. **3.** *Used of the countenance, radiant with expression.* ~ purpŭrĕum ăb orĕ fundens. *M.*

JŬBATŬS, ă, um. (Jŭbā.) *Having a mane;* or *crest. Sil. Pl.* (of animals.) [† Cristatŭs.]

JŬBĔO, es, jussi, jussum. **1.** *To order.* Si Troas fĭĕri jŭbĕas, Teucrosquĕ vŏcari. *V.* [† Edĭco, impĕro, præcĭpĭo, mando, præscribo, vŏlo.] **Crel.** Do -jussā, mandatā. **2.** *With acc.* Quo bellā jŭbentĕ. *L.* Jussisses Eurysthĕā. *M.* Armatis jŭbĕt sĭlentĭā. *St.* **3.** Sts. with dat. *To have command over.* Hispanis Gallisquĕ ~. *Cl.* **4.** *To*

lid (in salutation); *invite, encourage* (κελεύω). Fuscum salverĕ jŭbemŭs. *H.*

Jucundŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Pleasant.* Quod te per cœli jucundum lumĕn, ĕt auras. *V.* [† Gratŭs, dulcis, ămœnŭs, blandŭs, suavis, lætŭs, plăcens; *sts.* acceptŭs.] **2.** *Prosperous.* Res ∾-æ. *H.* [† Lætŭs.] **3.** *Amiable, of agreeable manners.* ∾ ămicŭs. *H.* ăcerbŭs ĕs idem. *M.* [† Dulcis, suavis, comis, făcilis.]

Judă, æ. *m. Judah, one of the sons of Jacob. Prud.*

Judæă, æ. *f. Judæa; Palestine.* Incerti Judæă dĕi. *L.* **Crcl.** Rurā Pălestinæ. Judæi tractŭs regni.

Judæi, orum. *m. pl. The Jews.* Quallăcunquĕ vŏles, Judæi somnĭā vendunt. *J.* Cultăquĕ Judæo septimă sacrā vīro. *O.* [† Israelitæ, Hĕbræi; Iskărĭdæ, Abrămĭdæ.] **Crcl.** Gens Hebræorum. Judæă (Judăicā, Hebræă) -gens, prŏpago. Judæ germĕn. Gĕnŭs a Juda ortum. G. a Juda nomĕn ducens.

Judæŭs, ă, um. *M., and* **Judăicŭs**, ă, um. *J. Of Judæa, Jewish.* [† Judăicŭs, Hebræŭs.]

Judas, æ. *m.* (Ἰούδας.) *Judas Iscariot. Eccl.*

Judex, ĭcis. *m.* **1.** *A judge.* Judĭcis officium est, ut res, ĭtă tempŏrā rerum Quærĕrĕ. *O.* [† Arbĭtĕr, quæsitŏr, cognitŏr.] **Ep.** Æquŭs, justŭs, intĕgĕr, incorruptŭs, sanctŭs, sĕvĕrŭs, grăvis, rĭgĭdŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, sævŭs, immitis; prudens, subtilis. Jurĭs ĕt legum cultŏr. Legum interprĕs. Rĕorum vindex. **Phr.** Qui -vitas ĕt crimĭnă discĭt;—litĭbŭs finem addĭt;—lites componĭt; —verum lăt̆ĕbris mersum educĭt;—incorrupta fĭde jurā reddĭt;—fŏrum orĕ rĕgĭt. **2.** *One who exercises his judgment, gives his opinion in any matter.* Subtilis vĕtĕrum ∾. *H.* Judĭcis argutum ăcumĕn. *H.* [† *Sts.* Censŏr.]

Judĭcium, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *A trial at law.* **2.** *A judgement, sentence given.* Judĭcium Părĭdis, spretæque injurĭā formæ. *V.* Damnatŭs ĭnani ∾-o. *J.* [† Sententiā, arbĭtrium.] **Ep.** Æquum, justum, grăvĕ, prudens, sĕvĕrum. *See* **Judex, Judico.** **3.** *A court of justice; the bench* or *body of judges.* ∾ trĕpĭdum cinxerĕ cŏronā (glădĭi). *L.* **4.** *A judgement, opinion.* ∾-is ossā vĕrendā mĕis. *O.* [† Sententiā, ŏpinio.] **5.** *Judgement, faculty of judging, taste.* ∾ subtilĕ vĭdendis artĭbŭs. *H.* ∾-o candĭdĭorĕ. *O.* măgis acri. *Lr.* [† Mens, ăcumĕn; *sts.* cŏr.] **Ep.** Acrĕ, argutum, subtilĕ, săgax.

Judĭco, as. **1.** Intr. *To judge* (of the office of judge). Et judĭcantem vidĭmŭs Æăcum. *H.* **Crcl.** Jus -exercĕo, dico. Judex sĕdĕo. Lites -compono, dĭrĭmo, concĭlio. Judĭcium -stătŭo, decerno. Causarum arbĭtĕr sĕdĕo. Causas cognosco. Judĭcio expendo. *See* **Judex.** **2.** Tr. and intr. *To judge, pass a judgement* or *opinion, think.* ∾ Jŏvĕ æquo. *H.* hæc mălĕ. *Ter.* congrŭā mundo. *Cl.* Iratŭs cădăt, ĕt ∾-ĕt ignis. *J.* (de fulmĭnĕ.) [† Dijudĭco, stătŭo, censĕo, decerno, sentio, arbĭtrŏr; *sts.* æstĭmo, expendo.] *See* Puto.

Jŭgalis, ĕ. *poss. adj. to* Jugum. **1.** Jŭgales ĕqui, *and abs.* Jŭgales. *Horses yoked together, put to; carriage-horses.* Absenti Æneæ currum gĕmĭnosquĕ jŭgales. *V.* Emĕrĭtos vertunt ad pascŭā notā jŭgales. *Cl.* [† Jŭgā.] **Crcl.** Juncti ĕqui. Junctorum currŭs ĕquorum. *See* Bijugus. **2.** *Used of the marriage tie.* Vinclo ∾-i sŏciarĕ. *V.* Tædas cĕlĕbrarĕ ∾-es. *Cat.* ∾-ă donā. *O. See* Conjugalis.

Jŭgĕrum, i. *n.; pl.* **Jŭgĕra**, um, ĭbŭs. *n. A measure of length, an acre.* Puræ rivŭs ăquæ, silvăquĕ jŭgĕrum Paucorum. *H. See* Ager.

Jŭgis, ĕ. *Ever welling out; never failing, perpetual.* Hortŭs ŭbi, et tecto vicinus jugis ăquæ fons. *H.* ∾ thesaurŭs. *Pl.* [† Pĕrennis, assĭdŭus, perpĕtŭus, continŭus, &c.] *See* Perennis.

Jŭgo, as. **1.** *To yoke, put under the yoke.* **Crcl.** Collă jŭgo -submitto, subdo, suppono. Jŭgum ferrĕ cogo. Sub jŭgă -cogo, vŏco, duco, mitto. ˘Aratro *or* plaustro adjungo. **2.** Sp. *To marry, unite in marriage.* Cui pătĕr intactam primis jŭgarăt omĭnĭbŭs. *V.* Thĕtĭdi jŭgandum Pelĕă sensĭt. *Cat. See* Conjugium.

Jŭgosŭs, ă, um. *Mountainous.* Quis prŏbĕt in silvis Cĕrĕrem regnarĕ jŭgosis? *O. See* Montosus.

Jŭgŭlo, as. *To cut the throat; kill, slay.* Aut illo jŭgŭlet, quem non bĕnĕ tradĭdĭt, ensĕ. *O.* Orā ∾-ătā prŏcorum. *V. Fl.* **Crcl.** Ensĕ (glădio, mucronĕ, ferro) jŭgŭlo. Jŭgŭlum -rĕcludo, ăpĕrio, fŏdio, perfŏdio, confŏdio, rĕsolvo, haurio, præcido; ensĕ rĕcludo, &c. Jŭgŭlo glădĭum (mucronem, ferrum) -tingo, admŏvĕo, condo, infĕro, mergo. Glădĭum ĭn jŭgŭlum demitto. (*For* Jugulor.) Jŭgŭlo ensem accĭpio. Jŭgŭlo letum pătĭŏr. *See* Occido.

Jŭgŭlŭs, i. *m. The neck, throat.* Hic dăbĭt hic pacem jŭgŭlus, finemquĕ lăborum. *L.* Da ∾-um cultris, hostĭā &c. *O.* Sacrum ∾-is demittĕ crŭorem. *V.* [† Jŭgŭlum, fauces, guttŭr, collum.] *See* Jugulo.

Jŭgum, i. *n.* **1.** *A yoke for oxen.* Post vĕnĭt assueto mollis ăd arvă jŭgo. *O.* Jŭgă solvĕt ăntŏr. *V.* **Ep.** Rĭgĭdum, durum, grăvĕ, pandum, incurvum, curvum. **Crcl.** Jŭgi -ŏnŭs, pondŭs. **Phr.** 1. *To be yoked, under the yoke; to bear the yoke.* Jŭgum -fĕro, sŭbĕo, pătĭŏr. Jŭgum collo *or* cervicĕ -fĕro, trăho. Sub jŭgă -ĕo, vĕnio. **Phr.** 2. *To yoke, put to the yoke. See* Jugo. **Phr.** 3. *To throw off the yoke.* Jŭgum -excŭtio, detrecto, jacto. Jŭgo collă -erĭpio, subtrăho. Jŭgum *or* jŭgă -solvo, demo, detrăho. **2.** *A yoke of oxen.* Vix jŭgă movissent quinquĕ bĭs illŭd ŏnŭs. *O.* **3.** *A yoke* (or collar) *for horses.* Frenă jŭgo concordĭā ferrĕ. *V.* **4.** Sts. pl. *The horses drawing.* Immissis aurigæ lorā concusserĕ ∾-is. *V.* [† Jŭgales.] **5.** *A yoke* or *frame of two uprights, formed by a cross beam at the top.* (It was under such a yoke the conquered in battle were made to pass.) *Aus.* **6.** *The beam of a pair of scales. Manil. See* Scapus. **7.** *The beam of a loom. O.* **8.** *The rower's bench. V.* **9.** Pl. *A ridge of hills; headland* or *table-land of a mountain* or *mountainous district.* Hoc sŭpĕratĕ jŭgum, et &c. *V.* Dum ∾-ă montis ăpĕr (ămabĭt). *V.* Immensis tŭmĕt Idæ ∾-is. *O. See* Mons. Fig. **10.** *Used* abs. *of afflictions and grievances.* Ferrĕ jŭgum dŏlŏris (*of adversity*). *H.* Ferre incommŏdă vitæ, nec jactarĕ jŭgum. *J.* **11.** *The yoke of slavery or national subjection.* (Erĭpĕ) collă ∾-o liber. *V.* Cantăbrum indoctum ∾-ă ferrĕ nostrā. *H.* [† Servitium, impĕrium.]

Jŭgurthă, æ. *m. Jugurtha, king of Numidia. C.* Ductŭs ĕrat per quas antĕ Jŭgurthă vĭas. *Pp.*

Jŭgurthinŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Jugurtha.* Illĕ Jŭgurthino clarus Cimbroquĕ trĭumpho. *O.*

Julĭus, ĭi. *m. and* **Julĭa**, æ. *f. The name of a famous Roman family.* Jullŭs a magno dedŭctum nomĕn ˘Iulo. *V. See* Cæsar.

Julĭus, ă, um. **1.** *Julian; relating to Cæsar, his ancestors,* or *descendants.* Undĕ dŏmus Teucros Jullā tangĭt ăvos. *O.* ∾-ă templā. *O.* ∾ undā. *V.* sidŭs. *H.* [† ˘Iulĕus, Cæsărĕŭs.] **2.** Jullŭs. *h. m.* (sc. mensis.) *The month July, so called, instead of Quintilis, in honour of Julius Cæsar; used also adj. M.* [† Quintilis.]

Jumentum, i. *n. A beast of burden.* Ætolis ŏnĕrātā plăgis jumentā, cănesquĕ. *H.*

Juncĕŭs, ă, um. *Of bullrushes.* Textăquĕ, compŏsĭta juncĕă vinclă rŏsa. *O. See* Juncus.

Juncosŭs, ă, um. *Abounding in bullrushes, rushy.* Juncosăquĕ littŏră Bœbes. *O.*

Junctura, æ. *f. A joining, junction, joint.* Dĭgĭtosquĕ lĭgat junctŭrâ rŭbentes. *O.* Qua juncturas tăbŭlatâ dăbant. *V.* Lătĕrum ~-æ. *V.* [† Commissurâ, vincŭlum *or* vinclum, nexŭs.]

Junctŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Jungo. 1. *Joined.* Junctæquĕ nymphis Gratiæ dĕcentes. *H.* ~-i impĕrĭtĕr versus. *H.* Juncti amplexĭbŭs. *L.* [† Conjunctŭs, connexŭs, sŏcĭatŭs, consŏcĭatŭs, copŭlatŭs, applĭcatŭs *or* applĭcĭtŭs.] 2. *Used of horses put to,* or *of a carriage and horses.* ~-os ĕquos conscendebăt. ~ currŭs. *V.* [† Jŭgatŭs.] 3. *Closed.* ~-as fĕnestras. *H.* [† Clausŭs.] 4. Fig. *United by blood; by friendship.* ~ materno a sanguĭnĕ. *O.* ~-i ămici. *H.* [† Conjunctŭs, devinctŭs, ămicŭs, intĭmŭs.]

Juncŭs, i. *m. A bullrush.* Nĕc ăcuta cuspĭdĕ juncos. *O.* Ep. Pălustĕr, flŭvĭalis, mollis, tĕnŭis, grăcĭlis, tĕnĕr.

Jungo, ĭs, junxi, junctum. 1. *To join, unite.* Mortŭă quin ĕtĭam jungebat corpŏrâ vivis. ~ dextras hospĭtĭo. *V.* [† Conjungo, copŭlo, committo, necto, annecto, connecto, addo, admŏvĕo, applĭco, adjĭcĭo, miscĕo; *sts.* allĭgo, lĭgo.] 2. *To harness together.* ~ quattŭŏr ĕquos. *V.* [† Jŭgo.] 3. *To close.* ~ ostĭă. *J.* vulnĕrâ. *St. See* Claudo. 4. *To continue on by addition.* ~ cyăthos. *St.* fines ăgrorum (*add cup to cup, field to field*). *L.* [† Contĭnŭo.] 5. *To unite* (persons) *by marriage, alliance, friendship; to make the union itself.* ~ connubĭo (*as 3-syll.*) stăbĭli. *V.* tædas. *St.* ~ te . . . Lătino regi. *V.* ămores. *Tib.* pacem æterno fœdĕrĕ. *V.* [† Conjungo, compono; *sts.* sancĭo, fĕrĭo.] 6. Sts. Intr. *To join.* Ne castris jungant (*effect a junction with*). *V.*

Junĭŏr. *See* Juvenis.

Junĭpĕrŭs, i. *f. The juniper-tree.* Junĭpĕri grăvis umbrâ, nŏcent et frugĭbŭs umbræ. *V.*

Junĭŭs, ĭi. *m.* 1. *The name of a Roman family; Junius Brutus,* &c. 2. *The month of June* (sc. mensis). Junĭŭs est jŭvĕnum, qui fŭit antĕ sĕnum. *O.* [Used also adj.]

Junix, ĭcis. *f. A heifer.* Tot tĭbĭ quum in flamma junicum omentâ lĭquescant. *Pers. See* Vacca.

Juno, onis. *f.* 1. *The sister and wife of Jupiter, and queen of the gods. C. D.* Vi sŭpĕrum, sævæ mĕmŏrem Junonis ŏb iram. *V.* [† Saturnĭă; *sts.* Lucinâ, Mŏnetâ.] *See* L. M. Ep. Regĭă, pŏtens, sŭpĕrbâ, sævâ, iniquâ, immitis. Crel. Saturnĭă Juno. Jŏvis -conjux, uxŏr. Jŏvis ĕt sŏrŏr ĕt conjux. Germanâ Tŏnantis. Saturni *or* Saturnĭă proles. Consors Jŏvis. Cœlĭcŏlum regĭnâ. Uxŏr sŏrorquĕ Jŏvis. Dĕarum princeps. 2. ~ infernâ, infĕrâ. *Proserpine.* Junoni infernæ săcĕr. *V. See* Proserpina.

Junonĭŭs, ă, um. *Juno's,* or *relating to Juno.* Vĕrŏor quo se Junonĭă vertant Hospĭtĭă. *V.* ~ virgo. *St.*

Jupĭtĕr, Jŏvis. *m.* 1. *Jupiter, son of Saturn, father of gods and men. C. D.* Jupĭtĕr, hospĭtĭbus nam te dărĕ jurâ lŏquuntŭr. *V.* Ab Jŏvĕ principium, Musæ; Jŏvis omnĭă plenâ. *V.* [† Saturnĭŭs, Tŏnans, Dĭespĭtĕr, Pătĕr, Gĕnĭtŏr, Dĕăs, Numĕn.] Ep. Summŭs, magnŭs, pŏtens, omnipŏtens, optĭmŭs, maxĭmŭs. Fulmĭnĕ terrens. Tarpeia de rupĕ tŏnans. Cunctă sŭpercĭlĭo mŏvens. Æternâ exercens impĕrĭă. Crel. Pătĕr omnipŏtens. Dĕorum (dĕum, divum, cœlĭcŏlum, sŭpĕrum) -rex, pătĕr, sătŏr, rectŏr, dux. ~Olympi -rectŏr, rex, regnatŏr, mŏdĕratŏr. Rexquĕ pătĕrquĕ dĕum. Hŏmĭnum ĕt dĕorŭm (divum atquĕ hŏmĭnum) -pătĕr, sătŏr, rex. Cœli dŏmĭnŭs, divumquĕ pătĕr. Dictæŭs rex. Æthĕrĭŭs *or* Tarpeiŭs pătĕr. Servatŏr ŏlympi. Rerum æternâ pŏtestas. *See* Deus. 2. Jŏvis stellă. *The planet Jupiter. Pp.* 3. *The air, weather.* Mĕtŭendŭs ~ uvis. *V.* Mănerĕ sŭb Jŏvĕ frigĭdo. *H.* Vernŭs ~. *J. See* Æther. 4. ~ æquŏrĕŭs. *Neptune. See* Neptunus. 5. ~ Stŷgĭŭs, Tartărĕŭs, Elŷsĭŭs, nĭgĕr, &c. *Pluto.* Săcrâ Jŏvi Stŷgĭo (perfĭcĕrĕ). *V. See* Pluto.

Juratŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Juro. 1. *Sworn to, confirmed by an oath.* Hostes nempĕ mĕos scĕlĕri juratâ nĕfando Sacramentâ tĕnent. *L.* ~-um Jŏvi fœdŭs. *Sil.* 2. *Appealed to, invoked by oath.* ~-ă numĭnâ. *O.* 3. *Having taken oath, under oath.* ~ pĕr ~Osirim dicăt (*H.*); dicĕrĕ posses. *O.* 4. *Banded together by oath. O.* [† Conjuratŭs.]

Jurĕ. *See* Jus.

Jurĕconsultŭs = Jurisconsultŭs.

Jurgĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Contentions at law, a lawsuit, law-quibbling.* Nullă fŏro răbĭes, aut strictæ jurgĭă legis. *St. See* Lis. 2. Gen. *Quarrel, strife.* ~-ă vino stĭmŭlatâ. *O.* irĭtâ jactas. *V.* [† Rixă, lis, certamĕn, discordĭă.] *See* Rixa, Convitium.

Jurgo, as, *and* Jurgŏr, aris. *d. H. To quarrel.* [† Rixŏr, altercŏr, litĭgo, contendo, certo.] *See* Rixor, Convitior.

Jurĭdĭcŭs, i. *m. A judge.* Flentes Eurŷdĭcen jurĭdĭci sĕdent. *Sen. See* Judex.

Jurisconsultŭs, *or* Jurĕconsultŭs, i. *m. A counsel learned in the law. Aus.* Consultus jurĭs ĕt actŏr. *H.* [† Jurispĕrĭtŭs.] Phr. Jurĭs -prudens, interprĕs. Consultissĭmŭs æqui. Jurĕ mădens.

Juro, as. 1. Intr. *To swear, to take an oath.* Non ĕgŏ juravi; legi jurantĭă verbâ. *O.* [† Jurando fĭdem do. Săcramentum *or* jusjurandum -do, dico. Jurando *or* dictis -affirmo, confirmo.] 2. Tr. *To swear by, call to witness upon oath.* ~ numĕn (Dĕorum). *V.* dĕos. *O.* Captivis ĕtĭam jurabĕrĕ Thebis (*you shall be appealed to in oaths*). *St.* [† Adjuro, testŏr, attestŏr.] Crel. Pĕr dĕos, pĕr numĭnâ juro. Dĕos testes ădhĭbĕo. Phr. *Various forms of oath-taking.* Juro -terram, mărĕ, sidĕrâ. Juro -pĕr sidĕrâ; —pĕr căpŭt hoc; —pĕr fatâ (Ænææ); —pĕr dextram tŭam; —pĕr săcrâ tŭâ. Testŏr -sidĕrâ; —cœlum ĕt conscĭă sidĕrâ; —non vĭŏlabĭlĕ (Dĕorum) numĕn; —tŭum dulcĕ căpŭt; —pĕr sidĕrâ; —pĕr sŭperos; —pĕr cœli lumĕn. Adjuro Stŷgĭi căpŭt fontis. Ne vivam nĭsi &c. Dispĕrĕam, si tu &c. *See* Væ. 3. *To band with others under an oath, to conspire.* Lit. and fig. Non ĕgŏ cum Dănăis . . . juravi. *V.* ~In me somnŭs, ventusquĕ fĭdesquĕ jurarunt. *V.* [† Conjuro, conspiro.]

I. **Jus**, juris. *n.* 1. *Right, justice.* Cavĭmŭs, et dŏmĭni jus omnĕ rĕmĭsĭmŭs ægro. *M.* Calcati jurĭs vestigĭă. *Cl.* [† Justum, justĭtĭă, æquum, æquĭtas.] Ep. Sanctum, săcrum, legĭtĭmum, invĭŏlatum, rĭgĭdum, vĕrendum. 2. *A court of justice;* (*with* irĕ, vŏcarĕ, &c.) *to go to law, to sue at law.* ~In jus ĕamŭs. *M.* ~In jus vŏco te. *Pl.* Pupillum ăd jurâ vŏcantem. *J. See* Forum. 3. *Written law, the body of laws.* Jus anceps novi. *H.* Jurĭs nodi ĕt legum ænigmătâ. *J.* Jurâ legesquĕ. *V.* [† Lex.] Crel. Legum jurâ. Jurĭs -leges, decretâ. 4. *Authority, power.* ~ inevitabĭlĕ mortis; ĕt mŏdĕramĕn ĕquorum. *O.* [† Impĕrĭum, pŏtestas, lĭcentĭă, făcultas, vis.] 5. Jurĕ. *abl. as adv. By good right, justly. O. See* Merito.

II. **Jus**, juris. *Broth, sauce.* Semesos pisces tĕpĭdumquĕ lĭgurrĭĕrit jus. *H.* [† Pinguĕ, unctum, dulcĕ, tĕpĭdum.]

JUSJURANDUM, jurisjurandi. *n. An oath.* Fidem allĭgavit jurĕjurando sŭam. *Sen.* Et fraudem juŭ̆ tŭeri Jurando. *J.* Jurandi formŭlă jurĭs. *O.* [† Săcramentum; *sts.* jurandum.]

JUSSUM, i. *n. and* JUSSŬS, us. *m. An order, command.* Orā dĕi jussu non unquam credĭtă Teucris. *V.* Jussă făcessunt. *V.* [† Impĕrĭum, mandatum, præceptum.]

JUSSŬS, us. *m. See* JUSSUM.

JUSTĂ, orum. *n. pl. The last rites* or *duties.* Hanc, quĭă justă fĕrunt, dixerĕ fĕrālĭă lucem. *O.* [† Deblĭă.] *See* EXSEQUIÆ.

JUSTE. *Justly.* Justĭŭs illĭ tĭmĕt. *O.* [† Jurĕ.] *See* MERITO.

JUSTĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. *Acting justly. Cat.*

JUSTĬTĬA, æ. *f.* 1. *Justice, equity.* Justĭtĭaquĕ dĕdit gentes frenarĕ sŭperbas. *V.* [† Æquum, jus, justum, rectum, fĭdes.] Ep. Æquă, pĭă, săcrĭă, sĕvĕrā, rĭgĭdă, invĭŏlātă. Phr. Jurĭs –ămŏr, cură. Justi (æqui, recti) –cură, rĕvĕrentĭă. ˘Anĭmŭs æqui –tĕnax, servantissĭmŭs. 2. *Justice personified.* [† Astræă, Virgo, Thĕmĭs.] Ep. Sanctă, castă, priscă, antiquă. *See* INJUSTITIA, JUSTUS.

JUSTĬTĬUM, ĭi. *n. A total cessation from business in the courts of justice;* gen. *rest,* or *suspension of business.* Clausăquĕ justĭtĭo tristi fŏrā. *J.* Feralĕ pĕr urbem ~. *J.* Templi frŭuntŭr justĭtĭo (vates). *L.*

JUSTUM, i. *n. That which is just, the principle of justice. H.* [† Æquum, jus.]

JUSTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Just; one who loves that which is just and right.* Justissĭmŭs unŭs Qui fŭit in Teucris. *V.* [† Æquŭs, pĭŭs, sanctŭs, castŭs.] Crol. Justĭtĭæ (justi, æqui) –ămans, custos, cultŏr, tĕnax, servatŏr, observantissĭmŭs. Legum servatŏr ĕt æqui. 2. *Equitable, rightful, legitimate.* ~ In hostem dŏlŏr. *V.* quĕrelā. *O.* [† Æquŭs, legĭtĭmŭs, dignŭs, mĕrĭtŭs.] 3. *Exact, proper; that which ought to be in number, weight, measure,* &c. ~-i pĕdes (de versu). *Tib.* anni. ~ pondŭs. *O.* tempŭs pugnæ. *V.* [† Æquŭs, aptŭs, īdonĕŭs, totŭs, intĕgĕr.] 4. *Used of troops in line.* ~-os qualis in hostes vĕnīt. *L.* 5. *Duly observed.* ~ funŭs. *Aus. See* JUSTA. 6. *Kindly disposed.* Adspĭcĭunt ŏcŭlis sŭpĕri mortalĭă ~-is. *V.* [† Æquŭs, &c.] *See* BENIGNUS, INJUSTUS.

JUVĂT. *unip. See* JUVO.

JUVĔNALIS, Is. *m. The poet Juvenal.* Cum Jŭvĕnalĕ mĕo &c. *M. See also* JUVENILIS.

JUVENCĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A heifer.* Intacta cervicĕ jŭvencas. *V.* [† Junix, bucŭlă, vĭtŭlă, &c.] *See* VACCA. 2. *A damsel.* Graiă jŭvencă vĕnīt. *O.*

JUVENCŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A bullock.* Tempŏrĕ difficĭles vĕnĭunt ăd ăratrā jŭvenci. *O.* [† Taurŭs, bos.] *See* BOS. 2. Sts. *An ox-hide.* Clŷpĕum vestissĕ jŭvenco. *St.* [† Taurŭs.] *See* CORIUM. 3. *A young man.* Te sŭis matres mĕtŭunt jŭvencis. *H. See* JUVENCA.

JUVĔNESCO, Is. 1. *To grow up, grow on to full growth.* Qui largis jŭvĕnescĭt herbis (vĭtŭlŭs). *H.* [† ˘Adŏlesco.] 2. *To become young again.* Lit. and fig. Pŷlĭŭs ~ possĕt. *O.* ~ glăděĭos saxo cogunt. *St.*

JUVĔNILIS, *and* JUVĔNALIS, ĕ. *Juvenile, youthful.* Et mĭhĭ quæ fŭĕrĭnt jŭvĕnali in corpŏrĕ vires. *V.* Jŭvĕnilĕ intonsis căpillis (căpŭt). *O.* [† *Sts.* Intĕgĕr, vĕgĕtŭs.]

JUVĔNILĬTĔR, *and* JUVĔNALĬTĔR. *Like a young man.* Ingĕnĭo nĭmĭum jŭvĕnilĭtĕr usŭs. *O.* [† Jŭvĕnilĕ.]

JUVĔNIS, Is. *m.* 1. *A young man.* Imberbus jŭvĕnis, tandem custodĕ rĕmoto. *H.* [† ˘Adŏlescens, ĕphebŭs, puběr; *sts.* pŭĕr.] Ep. ˘Adultŭs, audax, fervĭdŭs, fortĭs, ănĭmosŭs, præceps, ardens, sublimis, indŏcilis, klăcĕr. Crol. Jŭventa (jŭventæ primævo florĕ, prima *or* florentĕ jŭventa, ævi *or* ætatis florĕ, ævo vĭridi) fĭdens. Primis (pubescentĭbŭs, florentĭbŭs) annis fervĭdŭs (audax, vĭgens, lætŭs, spectabĭlis). Purpŭrĕo jŭventæ florĕ (prima lanuginĕ) signatŭs. Orā nŏva signans jŭventa. Mobĭlis ætatĕ. ˘Anĭmi făcĭlis. Cui mĕllŏr (intĕgĕr ævi) sanguis. Cui vernăt sanguis. Cui primi tempŏris ætas florĕt. Cui stant robŏrĕ vires. *See* JUVENTA. 2. *Used adj.* ~-es anni. *O.* jŏci. *Pers.* 3. *Comp.* Junĭŏr. Toto est junĭŏr anno. *H.*

JUVĔNŎR, aris. *To play the youth. H.* (Jŭvĕnis.)

JUVENTĂ, æ. *f. Youth, the age of youth.* Et membrā dĕcorā jŭventæ. *V.* [† Jŭventas *or* jŭventus; *sts.* lanugo.] Ep. Primā, primævā, tĕnĕrā, mollis, vernans, vĭridis, florens, lætā, jucundā, blandā; fervĭdā, ignĭā, audax, gĕnĕrosā, impăvĭdā; pĕtŭlans, indŏcĭlis, indŏmĭtā, effrenā, cæcā, præceps, incautā, mobĭlis, sublimis, lascivā. Crol. Jŭvĕnilis –ætas, ardŏr, călŏr, vigŏr, fervŏr. Anni –jŭvĕniles, florentes, primi, tĕnĕri, jŭvĕnes. Ævi –flos, ver. Ætatis brĕvĕ ver. Ævum –vĭridĕ, florens. Jŭvĕnilĕ dĕcŭs. Fortĭŏr *or* robustĭŏr ætas. Mĕllĭs ævum. Jŭventæ –tempŭs, tempŏrā, spătĭum. Flos vĭrentis ævi. Jŭventæ –dĕcŭs, călŏr, lumĕn, lux. Tĕnĕræ ætatis dĕcŏr intĕgĕr. Ævi hŏnŏr. *See* JUVENIS, LANUGO.

JUVENTAS, ātis. *f.* 1. *The Goddess of Youth.* Et pārum comis sĭnĕ te Jŭventas. *H.* [† Jŭventā, Hebe.] 2. *The age of youth.* Fŭgit rĕtro Lævis jŭventas ĕt dĕcŏr. *H. See* JUVENTA.

JUVENTUS, ūtis. *f. A body of young men, youth.* Parvoque assuetā jŭventus. *V.* Trojanā ~ circumfusā rŭĭt. *V.* [† Jŭvĕnes, pubes.] Crol. Jŭvĕnum –mănŭs, agmĕn, turbā, cŏhors, cĭtĕrā, grex. *See* JUVENTA.

JUVERNĂ. *See* IERNE.

JUVO, as, juvi, jutum. 1. *To aid, succour.* Evăĭŭit, nĕque ĕum juvere in vulnĕrā cantus. *V.* ~ ŏpĭbŭs; auxĭlĭo. *V.* officĭis. *Cat.* [† Adjŭvo, auxĭlĭŏr, &c.] *See* AUXILIOR. 2. *To profit, be of service.* [† Prosum.] 3. *To delight, amuse.* Non omnes arbustā jŭvant. *V.* [† Delecto, oblecto, rĕcrĕo, plăcĕo, &c.] *See* DELECTO. 4. Jŭvăt. *unip. It is a pleasure,* &c. Hæc olim mĕmĭnisse jŭvabĭt. *V. See* GAUDEO.

JUXTA. *prep.* 1. *Near to, close by.* Et juxta gĕnĭtorem adstat Lavinĭă virgo. *V.* Vicinā Cĕraunĭ juxta. *V.* [† Prŏpĕ, ăd, proptĕr, sĕcundum.] Adv. *Nigh, near to.* Juxta vĕterrĭmā laurŭs. [† Prŏpĕ.] Crol. Haud *or* non prŏcŭl.

L.

LĂBANS, tis. 1. *Tottering, ready to fall.* Qua summā lăbantes Juncturas tăbŭlatā dăbant. *V.* [† Văcillans, nutans, lăbĕfactŭs, căducŭs, quassŭs, rŭinosŭs, rŭlturŭs, pronŭs, sŏlutŭs.] 2. Fig. *Unsteady, wavering.* Vulgi lăbantĭă cordā. *V.* ˘Anĭmŭs ~. *V.* [† Incertŭs, inconstans.]

LĂBĂRUM, i. *n. The Roman imperial standard, introduced by Constantine, having on it a crown, a cross, and the monogram of the name of Christ. Eccl.* Christus purpŭrĕum gemmanti textŭs in auro Signabat lăbărum. *Prud.*

LĂBASCO, Is. 1. *To totter, be ready to fall.* Vincĭtŭr in longo spătĭo tămen, atquĕ lăbascĭt. *Lr.* [† Nuto, văcillo.] 2. Fig. *To waver, give way. Ter. Pl.* [† Vincŏr, flectŏr.]

LĂBDĂCĬDES, æ. *m. A son* or *descendant of Labdacus;* hence, *Polynices;* pl. *the Thebans. St.*

Sed nec lorā rēgit, nec verbĕrā pallĭdūs addĭt Labdăcĭdes. *St.*

Labdacĭus, ă, um. *Of* or *descended from Labdacus.* Labdăcĭos vero Pălŏpisque a stirpē nĕpotes. *St.* Labdăcĭumque dūcem (~Ētĕŏcles). *St.*

Labdacus, i. *m. King of Thebes, and grandfather of Œdipus.* Umbræ Crĕontĭs, et pĕnates Labdăci. *Sen.*

Labĕfacio, is, eci, actum. *To cause to totter, to shake.* Lit. and fig. Idque ŭbi vi multa partem lăbĕfecĭt ĭn omnem. *O.* [† Lăbĕfacto, quătĭo, concŭtĭo, convello, quasso, rumpo, comminŭo, disturbo.] *See* Labefactus.

Labĕfacto, as. *freq. of* Labefacio. Non illam raræ lăbĕfactes munĕrē vestĭs. *Cat.*

Labĕfactus, ă, um. *part. See* Labefacio. 1. *Shaken, broken up.* Et lăbĕfactā mŏvens robustus jugĕrā fossŏr. *V. See* Labans, Ruptus. 2. Fig. *Shaken.* ~ ănĭmum ămorē. *V.* rellĭgio. *Cl.*

Labellum, i. *n. dim. of* Labium. 1. *A lip.* Nec te pœnĭtĕat călĭmo trivisse lăbellum. *V.* 2. *A term of affection.* Mĕŭs ŏcellŭs, mĕum lăbellum. *Pl.*

Labens, tis. *part. See* Labor. 1. *Falling, dropping down.* Fŏlĭa haud ullis labentĭā ventis. *V.* ~-es ŏcelli (somno). *O. See* Cadens. 2. *Flowing.* ~-ă flumĭnā. *V.* [† Flŭens.] 3. *Moving in space* (of the heavenly sidĕrā cœlo. *V.* 4. Fig. *Of time.* ~-es anni. *V. See* Labor.

Labes, is. *f.* 1. *A fall, overthrow.* Expugnātā dăbunt labem putresquĕ rŭinas. *Lr.* [† Rŭinā, exĭtĭum, pernicies.] 2. *A contagious disease. Sil.*; (used of a person) *a pest, scourge, disgrace. Pl. See* Pestis. 3. *A stain, blot.* Lit. and fig. Victĭmā ~-ē cārens. *O.* Candŏr ăb insŏlĭta ~-ē nŏtandūs. *O.* ~-em rĕmittunt atramentā. *H.* ~ ădultĕrĭi. *O.* famæ mĕæ. *Pp.* [† Măcŭlā, nŏtā; *sts.* nævŭs.] *See* (*fig.*) Infamia. [Labi. *ane. abl.* Nec nŏvĭtatē cĭbi, nec labi corpŏrĭs ulla. *Lr.*]

Labia, orum. *n. pl., and anc.* Labiæ, arum. *Pl.* (Labia, æ, *and* Labium, *are also found.*) *The lips.* Inter singultus lăbĭisquĕ trĕmentibŭs Annā. *Sil. See* Labrum.

Labium. *See* Labia.

Labo, as (*so perf.*). 1. *To totter, to be ready to fall.* Postquam exploratum sātis est lŏcā nullā lăbarē. *O.* Lăbāt arĭstē (*as 3-syll.*) jantā. Lăbant pĭnnā. *V.* [† Lăbasco, nuto, văcillo, cădo, succĭdo.] Fig. 2. *To be shaken, to give way.* ~-ant cŭbāi; cordā vĭrorum. *V.* 3. *To hesitate.* Lăbāt ĭn dŭbio pectŭs; spes mixtā mĕtu. *O. See* Dubito.

I. Labor, ĕris, lapsus sum. 1. *To fall.* Præcĭpĭtes cœlo labi (stellas), noctisquĕ pĕr umbram *&c. V.* [† Cădo, concĭdo, &c.] *See* Cado. 2. *To fall dead.* ~ vulnĕrē. *V.* fatis. *V. Fl.* [† Cădo, concĭdo.] *See* Morior. 3. *To come down, descend.* ~ pŏlo; pennis. *V.* [† Delabŏr, defĕrŏr, descendo.] 4. *To flow down*; gen. *to flow on.* Labuntŭr gĕnis lăcrĭmæ. *V.* ~-ĭtŭr ex ŏcŭlis guttā; frigĭdūs Eurotas. *O.* [† Cădo, flŭo.] 5. *To glide onwards* (used of ships, the stars, *&c.*). Lăbĭtŭr vădis ăbĭes. *V.* serpens. ~ rātē pĕr æquŏrā. *O.* [† Decurro, ĕo, fĕrŏr.] Fig. 6. *To fall into, sink into, get into gradually*, or, as it were, *imperceptibly*; and abs. *to mistake, fall into error.* ~ in vĭtĭum. *H.* In somnum. *O.* in gaudĭā. *V. Fl.* pravo fāvorē. *Ph.* [† Prolabŏr, decĭdo.] 7. *To flow, slip away* (of time). Lăbĭtŭr occulte ætas. *O.* [† Elabŏr, flŭo, ăbĕo, prætĕrĕo.] 8. *To escape, pass quite away.* ~-ĭtŭr vultus pectŏrē. *V.* Labuntŭr ŏpes. *Tib.* [† Excĭdo, effŭo.] 9. *To advance insensibly, stealthily.* Frigŭs pĕr ungues lăbĭtŭr. *O. See* Insinuo, Labens, Lapsus.

II. Labor, oris. *m.* 1. *Labour, toil, fatigue.* Rĕdĭt agrĭcŏlis lăbŏr actŭs ĭn orbem. *V.* [† ~Opĕrā, ŏpŭs; *sts.* sudŏr.] Ep. Acĕr, impĭgĕr, vĭgĭl, sedŭlŭs, assĭdŭŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs, improbŭs, durŭs, indefessŭs, irrequietŭs, ingens, grăvĭs, nĭmĭŭs, mŏlestŭs, longŭs, utĭlis. Crcl. ~Opĕrum lăbores. Tædĭā lăborum. Lăborĭs ŏnŭs. *See* Laboro. 2. *An enterprise, attempt.* Nostro succurrĭt lăbori. *V.* [† Inceptum, ausum, conatŭs, orsā.] 3. *A work done* or *doing.* Cœptos aufertĕ lăbores. *V.* Poctŭlā vĕtĕrum ~. *V. Fl.* [† ~Opŭs, ars.] *See* Opus. 4. *Care, business.* ~Is sŭpĕris ~ est. *V.* [† Curā.] 5. *A misfortune, disaster; bodily pain.* Quæ rĕgio nostri non plenā ~-ĭs? *V.* ~ sŭpremŭs Trojæ; Illĭci ~-es. *V.* [† Ærumnā, casŭs, incommŏdā (*see* Infortunium); *sts.* dŏlŏr, mălum, morbŭs.] *See* Laboro. 6. Lăbores solĭs, lunæ. *Solar, lunar eclipses.* Defectus solĭs lunæquĕ lăbores. Solĭs lăbores. *V.*

Laboratus, ă, um. *part. See* Laboro. 1. *That on which labour has been bestowed; wrought, made.* Curvā lăboratas antlĭā tollĭt ăquas. *M.* ~ cĕres; artē vestĭs. *V.* [† Factŭs, confectŭs.] 2. *Harassed.* ~ vitā. *St.* ævum. *V. Fl.* [† Lăborĭosŭs.]

Laboriper, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Laborious, undergoing labours.* Namquĕ lăborĭfĕri quum jam natalis ădessĕt Hercŭlis. *O.* ~ cælum Praxĭtĕlis. *St.* [† Gnavŭs, impĭgĕr.]

Laboriose. *adv. With labour* or *fatigue.* Mălĕ est mehercŭlē, et lăborĭose. *Cat.*

Laboriosus, ă, um. 1. *Enduring labours, hardships*, &c. Lăborĭosi milĭtĕs ~Ulyssēi. *H.* [† Gnavŭs, impĭgĕr, *or* ærumnosŭs.] 2. *Causing labour, toilsome.* (Secessus) jucundos mĭhĭ nĕc lăborĭosos. *M.* 3. *That to which labour has been given.* Explĭcarē chartis, doctis ĕt lăborĭosis. *Cat.* [† Lăboratŭs, ŏpĕrosŭs.] 4. *Difficult, painful.* Incedit grādu ~-o. *M.* [† ~Opĕrosŭs, difficĭlis.]

Laboro, as. 1. Intr. *To labour, be at pains and trouble.* Vanā lăborantis si fallat votā cŏloni. *O.* [† ~Opĕrŏr.] Crcl. Lăborem –expĕrĭŏr, fĕro, perfĕro, sŭbĕo, pătĭŏr, perpĕtĭŏr, tŏlĕro, pertŏlĕro, exercĕo. Lăborē –defungŏr, perfungŏr. Lăbori –incumbo, indulgĕo, văco, me do, haud parco. Me lăbŏr exercĕt. 2. With inf. *To labour at any thing, do it with difficulty.* Brĕvĭs essē ~. *H.* ~-ăt lymphā obliquo rivo trĕpĭdarē. *H.* [† Tendo, contendo, nitŏr, conŏr, &c.] *See* Conor. 3. *To labour under fatigue; to labour under suffering of any kind.* ~Atlas ipsē ~-ăt. *O.* ~ cura. *O.* e dŏlorē. *Ter.* ăb ăvarĭtĭa aut ambĭtĭonē; ăquĭlonĭbŭs (de quercetis). *H.* [† Defĭcio, succumbo; ægroto, dŏlĕo, angŏr, vexŏr, pătĭŏr; curo, trĕpĭdo.] 4. ~ ūtĕro. *H. To suffer the pains of childbirth.* 5. *To be under eclipse* (used of the moon). ~ defectu. *Cl.* ~-anti succurrĕrē lunæ. *J.* and *Pp. See* Eclipsis. 6. Tr. *To execute any work, work at it.* ~ qd perfecte. *H.* castrensĭā pensā. *Pp.* letum nobis. *Sil.* [† ~Ago, făcĭo, confĭcio, păro.]

Labra. *us.* Labra, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *The lips.* Impressit mĕmŏrem dentē lăbris nŏtam. *H.* Necdum illis labra admovi, sed condĭtā servo. *V.* [† Lăbĭā, lăbellā (*pl.*), os.] Ep. Purpŭrĕā, rŏsĕā, mollĭā, tĕnĕrā, blandā. 2. *An open vessel* or *basin; a vat, bath.* ~-ă ăhenā (*of water*). *V.* Vindemĭā plenis labris. *V.* ~-ă Dĭanæ. *O.*

Labrum, i. *n.* 1. *A lip.* Unco sæpē lăbro călămos percurrĭt hĭantes. *Lr.* 2. *The edge* or *rim of a cup, of a pit, &c.* Mœnĭā ĭn vallĭ formam circumdătā ~-o. *Aus.* [† Orā.] *See* Labra.

Labrusca, æ. *f.* 1. *The wild vine.* Silvestris ra-

ris sparsit labruscă răcemis. *V.* **2.** Labruscum, i. *n. The fruit of the wild vine. V.* (*Culex.*)

LABŬRINTHĔUS, *and* LABŬRINTHĬCUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to a labyrinth.* Ne lăbŭrintheis e flexĭbŭs egrĕdĭentem. *Cat.*

LABŬRINTHUS, i. *m. A labyrinth;* sp. *that made by Dædalus in Crete.* Ut quondam Creta fertur Lăbŭrinthŭs in alta &c. *V.* **Ep.** Dædălĕŭs, ambĭgŭŭs, dŭbĭŭs, multĭplex, difficĭlis, cæcŭs, fallax, irrĕmĕabĭlis, inextricabĭlis. **Crol.** Tecti inobservabĭlis *or* inextricabĭlis errŏr. Fallaces vĭæ. Tecti ambages. Multĭplex dŏmŭs.

LAC, lactis. *n.* **1.** *Milk.* Lac mihĭ non æstatĕ nŏvum, non frigŏrĕ defĭt. *V.* [† *Sts.* Succus.] **Ep.** Nĭvĕum, candens, nŏvum, spumans, dulcĕ, pinguĕ, pressum. **Crol.** Lactis *or* lactĕŭs –humŏr, lĭquŏr. Lactis –munĕrā *or* succŭs. Pressi coplā lactis. **Phr.** 1. *A draft* (cup) *of milk.* Lactĕā pocŭlā. 2. *Ass's milk.* ˘Asĭnæ succi. Nĭvĕŭs ex āsellæ ubĕrĕ succŭs. 3. *Weaned.* Lactĕ depulsŭs. **2.** *The milk* or *white juice of plants. O. See* LACTES.

LĂCÆNĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A Lacedæmonian* or *Spartan* (woman). Non tĭbĭ Tyndărĭdĕ fŭcĭes invisă Lăcænæ. *V.* Morĕ Lăcænæ. *H.* **2.** Sp. *Helen. V.; Clytemnestra. V. Fl.* [† Lăconis.]

LĂCĔDÆMON, ŏnis. *f. Lacedæmon, the celebrated city of the Peloponnesus.* Phrygĭus pĕnĕtrat Lăcĕdæmŏnă pastŏr. *V.* [† Spartă, Sparte.]

LĂCĔDÆMONĬCUS, ă, um. *Lacedæmonian.* Navĭgăt Iŏnĭum Lăcĕdæmŏnĭumquĕ Tărentum. *O.* [† Spartanŭs.] *See* S.

LĂCĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. **1.** *Torn, mangled.* Delphŏbum vidi lăcĕrum crudelĭtĕr orā. *V.* ~ cæsis membris. *Lr.* [† Lăcĕratŭs, dilăcĕratŭs, discissŭs, scissŭs, discerptŭs, lănĭatŭs, dilănĭatŭs, mŭtĭlŭs.] **2.** Sts. *Tearing, mangling.* Artus lăcĕro divellĕrĕ morsu. *O.*

LĂCERNĂ, æ. *f. A cloak worn over the Roman toga.* Turpis, ŏdoratum căpŭt obscurantĕ lăcerna. *H. See* PENULA.

LĂCERNATUS, ă, um. *Wearing the lacerna. J.* (Lăcernă.)

LĂCĔRO, as. **1.** *To tear, to cut* or *rend to pieces.* Debŭĕrat, sed tunc quum lăcĕravĭt ˘Itŷn. *M.* ~ gĕnas. *O.* cornŭă monstri ferro. *H.* loricam mănu. *V.* [† Dilăcĕro, frango, rumpo, commĭnŭo, discerpo, scindo, abscindo, conscindo, vellĕ, divellĕ, divĭdo, lănĭo, dilănĭo, dissĕco, sĕco, mŭtĭlo, fœdo.] **Crol.** Ferro (unguĭbŭs, dentĭbŭs, dentĕ, orĕ) –lănĭo, carpo, discerpo, vellĕ, răpĭo, dirĭpĭo, &c.] *See* PLANGO. *Fig.* **2.** ~ urbes. *L.* rem sŭam. *Pl.* [† Distrăho, dissipo, absumo, consumo, perdo.] **3.** *To pull to pieces, abuse.* ~ carmĭnā. *O.* [† Carpo, detrăho.] **4.** *To rend with suffering.* ~ pectŏrā mŏra; fāme. *O.* [† Vexo, ango, torquĕo.]

LĂCERTĂ, æ. *f. A lizard.* Parvaquĕ mĭnor mensurā lăcerta est. *O. See* LACERTUS (II.).

LĂCERTOSUS, ă, um. *Muscular, strong.* Durā lăcertosi fŏdĭebant arvă cŏloni. *O. See* ROBUSTUS.

I. LĂCERTUS, i. *m.* **1.** *The muscular part of the arm; the arm;* us. *a strong arm.* Brachĭăque et nudos mĕdĭa plus partĕ lăcertos. *O.* [† Brachĭum.] **Ep.** Vălĭdŭs, robustŭs, tŏrosŭs, fortis. Fig. **2.** *Power, valour.* Vestris disjectā ~-is Illŏs. *O.* [† Dextrā, mănŭs.] **3.** Gen. *The arm either of man* or *woman.* Amplecti formosis ~-is. *O.* Rĕtĭnerĕ tĕnĕris ~-is. *Tib.*

II. LĂCERTUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A lizard.* Nunc ĕtĭam occultant vĭrĭdes spinetā lăcertos. *V.* [† Lăcertă.] **Ep.** Vĭrĭdis, pictŭs, măculosŭs, versĭcŏlŏr.] **2.** *A sea-fish. M.*

LĂCESSO, is, ivi, itum. **1.** *To attack, assail.* Effĭcĭam, posthac ne quemquam vocĕ lăcessas. *V.* [† Provŏco, aggrĕdĭŏr, impĕto, pĕto, &c.] *See* AGGREDIOR. **2.** *To irritate, provoke.* Vĭrum vocĕ ~-ĭt. *V.* [† Irrito, &c.] *See* I. **3.** *To rouse up, excite.* ~ bellā; pugnam; ferrum. *V.* [† Mŏvĕo, excĭto, cĭĕo, tento, sollĭcĭto.] **4.** *To try, make an attempt upon.* ~ pĕlăgŭs cărina. *H.* [† Tento, sollĭcĭto.] **5.** *To strike again and again.* ~ pectŏrā plausā mănĭbŭs; ventos ictĭbŭs. *V.* ipsa frontĕ fŏres (de ĕquo). *O.* Titanā lumĭnĕ (de clypĕo). *Cl.* visum. *Lr.* [† Fĕrio, percŭtio, &c.] *Fig.* **6.** ~ sidĕrā clamorĕ. *Sil.* **7.** *To invoke again and again.* ~ Musam. *M.* nihĭl sŭpra Dĕos. *H.* **8.** Sts. *To challenge to an amicable contest, to invite.* Æsŏnĭden magno craterĕ ~-ĭt. *V. Fl.* [† Provŏco, invito.]

LĂCHĔSIS, is. *f. One of the three Parcæ.* O duram Lăchĕsin, quæ tam grăvĕ sidŭs hăbenti. *O. See* PARCÆ.

LĂCO, *and* LĂCON, onis. *m. Lacedæmonian, Spartan.* Nunc Pyllus, nunc orĕ Lăcon, hostesquĕ prŏpinquos Adjurăt. *St.* (Flumĕn) et regnatā pĕtam Lăconi Rurā Phălanto. *H.* [† Lăcĕdæmŏnĭŭs, Spartanŭs, &c.] *See* SPARTANUS. **2.** Lăconĕs. Sts. *Castor and Pollux; the twins. M. See* CASTOR. **3.** Lăcon, *and* Lăconis, ĭdis. *f.* (sc. canis.) *A species of dog, for which Laconia was famous. O.* **Ep.** Prævălĭdŭs, fulvŭs.

LĂCONĬCUS, ă, um. *Laconian, Lacedæmonian.* Nec Lăconĭcas mihĭ Trăhunt hŏnestæ purpŭras clĭentæ. *H.* [† Spartanŭs.]

LĂCONIS, idis. *f. Laconian.* f.; *a bitch of the Laconian breed.* Sed matrĕ Lăconĭdĕ nati. *O.*

LĂCRĬMĂ, æ. *f.* (LACRIMA. *H., but unus.*) **1.** *A tear.* Debĭta spargĕs lăcrĭma făvillam. *H.* Licĕt illi plurĭmā manĕt Lacrĭmā. *H. See* LACRIMÆ. **2.** Fig. *A gum-drop, juice of plants,* &c. Narcissi ~. *V.* **Crol.** De cortĭcĕ glutĕn.

LĂCRĬMABĬLIS, ĕ (LACRIMABĬLIS. *unus.*). *Worthy of tears, lamentable.* Vixquĕ tĕnet lăcrĭmas, quĭā nil lăcrĭmabĭlĕ cernĭt. *O.* ~ bellum. *V.* [† Lăcrĭmandŭs, lăcrĭmosŭs, flebĭlis, defiendŭs, flendŭs, mĭsĕrandŭs, mĭsĕrabĭlis.]

LĂCRĬMÆ (LACRIMÆ. *unus. See* LACRIMA), arum. *f. pl.* **1.** *Tears, weeping.* Et lăcrĭmas cernens in singŭlā verbā cădentes. *O.* Sunt ~ rerum. *V.* Lăcrĭmis urgerĕ sĕpulchrum. *Pp.* [† Fletŭs, fletus, lăcrĭmŭlæ, guttæ, imbĕr, ros, flumĕn; *ext.* luctŭs, ploratŭs, gĕmĭtŭs, &c.] *See* LAMENTUM. **Ep.** Udæ, humentes, fluentes, effusæ, manantes, cădentes, ŏbortæ, gĕnis effussæ, pĕr ŏrā vŏlutæ, largæ, uberes; tĕpĭdæ, tĕpentes; ăcerbæ, ămaræ, mœstæ, tristes; plæ, inanes. **Crol.** Lăcrĭmarum –imbĕr, rivŭs, flumĕn, flumĭnā, ros. Tĕpĭdŭs–imbĕr, ros. *See* LACRIMO. **2.** Lăcrĭmæ jussæ *or* falsæ. *Forced tears. M.* [† Falsæ lăcrĭmŭlæ.] **Phr.** 1. *To cause tears.* Lăcrĭmas –cĭĭcĭo, excŭtĭo, exprĭmo, cĭĕo, mŏvĕo. Lăcrĭmarĕ *or* fletĕ cogo. ˘In lăcrĭmas cogo. Lumĭnā in lăcrĭmas solvo. Fletum lumĭnĭbŭs duco. **Phr.** 2. *To repress tears, to stop weeping.* Lăcrĭmas, fletus –sisto, cŏhĭbĕo, inhĭbĕo, prĕmo, pono, supprĭmo, comprĭmo, contĭnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, tĕnĕo, compesco, sedo, pellĕo, suspendo, abstergĕo, tergĕo, sicco, congĕlo, tempĕro. Gĕnas (orā, ŏcŭlos, lumĭnā) –sicco, tergĕo. Lăcrĭmis *or* fletĭbŭs –parco, mŏdum pono. Tempĕro a lăcrĭmis. ˘Ocellos compesco. **Phr.** 3. *Weep not.* ˘Omittĕ fletus. Fletus sistĕ. Lăcrĭmas cădentes –rĕprĭmĕ, sicca. L. ăbhinc aufĕr. Desistas lăcrĭmarĕ. Prŏhĭbĕ manarĕ gĕnas. Parcĕ gĕnas lăcrĭmis rigarĕ. **3.** Fig. *Exudations of plants,* &c.; *gum-drops.* Lăcrĭmis tĕpentĭbŭs humĕt (arbŏr). *O.*

LĂCRĬMANS, tis. *part. See* LACRIMO. *Weeping, in tears.* (Lăcrĭmo.) [† Illăcrĭmans, flens, lugens, deflens, lăcrĭmosŭs.] **Crol.** Cum –lăcrĭmis, fletĭbŭs, fletu. Multum *or* multā lăcrĭmans.

Lăcrĭmantĭbŭs –ŏcŭlis, **lumĭnĭbŭs.** **Lăcrĭmis** *or* **fletu** –mădens, rorans, **humĭdŭs,** effusŭs, perfusŭs. **Lăcrĭmis** ŏbortis. Fletu grăvĭs. **Mădĭdis** gĕnis. Imbrĕ pĕr gĕnas cădentĕ. **Lăcrĭmis** ŏcŭlos suffusŭs. Rorĕ tĕpĭdo lumĭnă suffusŭs. ˘Inexpletum lăcrĭmans. Non sĭnĕ multis lăcrĭmis. *See* LACRIMO.

LACRĬMO (LACRĬMO. *unus.*), as. 1. *To weep, shed tears.* Quo non ars pĕnĕtrat? discunt lăcrĭmarĕ dĕcentĕr. *O.* [? Illăcrĭmo, lugĕo, ploro, flĕo, deflĕo, lăcrĭmŏr (*d.*); *ext.* gĕmo, suspiro, dŏlĕo, lamentŏr, plango.] **Crcl.** **Lăcrĭmas** *or* fletus–fundo, effundo, prŏfundo, do, demitto, emitto. Lăcrĭmis indulgĕo. **Lăcrĭmis** (fletu, fletĭbŭs) –implĕŏr, ungŏr, tingŏr, orā tingŏr. Orā *or* gĕnæ lăcrĭmis (tristi imbrĕ) mădent; orā (vultum, gĕnas) –implĕo, rigo, spargo, suffundo, humecto, tingo. **Lăcrĭmæ** –manant, flŭunt, cădunt, ŭnt, prosĭlĭunt, volvuntŭr, sparguntŭr, labuntŭr, pĕr orā (gĕnas, lumĭnă) cădunt. **Lăcrĭmis** (fletu) lumĭnă manant. **Lumĭnĭbŭs** (ŏcŭlis) –manant lăcrĭmæ, manăt imbĕr, guttă flŭĭt. Guttă gĕnas –humectăt, rigăt. Imbĕr orā rigăt. ˘In lăcrĭmas ĕo. ˘In fletum –solvŏr, erumpo, lumĭnă solvuntŭr *or* solvo. **Phr.** 1. Fletus (lăcrĭmæ ŏbortæ) gĕnis labuntŭr (gĕnas irrigant). Guttă (imbĕr mœstæ ĭquæ) ex ŏcŭlis (pĕr gĕnas, e vultu) ĭn sĭnum (ĭn tĕpĭdos sĭnus) labĭtŭr (cădit, decĭdĭt). Lumĭnă fletĭbŭs tŭment. Orā fletu nătant. **Phr.** 2. *Of one in tears.* Spargĭt (humectăt) orā (gĕnas, vultum, sĭnum, *or pl.*) lăcrĭmis rorantĭbŭs *or* ŏbortis (tĕpĭdo imbrĕ, largo flumĭnĕ, largis imbrĭbŭs, grandĭbŭs guttis). Corrumpĭt (fœdăt) ŏcŭlos (lŏquaces) lăcrĭmis. Implĕt sĭnum lăcrĭmis ŏbortis. **Phr.** 3. *To squeeze out a tear.* **Lăcrĭmam** expŭtĕrĕ. *Pl.* **Phr.** 4. *Weeping for joy.* Gaudĭă –fletu manant;—lăcrĭmas hăbent;—mentĭs păvĭdæ lăcrĭmas hăbent;—flŭunt mădĭdis gĕnis. **Phr.** 5. *Smiles and tears.* **Lăcrĭmoei** risus. *See* LACRIMÆ, LACRIMANS, LAMENTOR. 2. **Fig.** *To exude, drip, fall like tears, be wet.* **Lăcrĭmatæ** cortĭcĕ myrrhæ. *O.*

LĂCRĬMOSŬS, ă, um (LACRĬMOSŬS. *unus.*) 1. *That which weeps* or *drops moisture.* **Lăcrĭmosăquĕ** vino Lumĭnă. *O.* Hellădum ramos **lăcrĭmosăquĕ** germĭnă. *St.* ∾ electrum. *V.* (*Ciris.*) 2. *Causing tears in the eyes.* ∾ fumŭs. *O.* [? Flebĭlĭs.] 3. *Calling forth tears, lamentable.* ∾-ă jussă. *O.* ∾ bellum. *H.* [? Lăcrĭmabĭlĭs, flebĭlĭs, deflendĭs.]

LĂCRĬMŬLĂ, æ. *f. dim. of* Lacrima. Frustrantur falsis gaudĭă lacrĭmŭlis. *Cat.* Falsă ∾. *Ter.*

LACTANS, tis. 1. *Having milk.* Uberăque ebĭbĕrant ăvĭdi lactantĭă nati. *O.* [? Lactĕŭs.] 2. *Made with milk,* or (better) *giving a thin milk.* ∾-es metæ. *M.*

LACTENS, tis. 1. *That which sucks,* ∾ agnă; vĭtŭlus. *O.* [? Lactĕŭs.] **Crcl.** Lambens matrĭs ubĕrā. Sub (matrĭs) ubĕrĕ. Ubĕrĭbŭs junctus. *See* UBER. **Fig.** 2. *Infantine, young.* ∾-es annĭ. *Aus.* Tĕnĕr ĕt ∾ (annŭs). *O.* [? Tĕnĕr.] 3. Used of plants, &c. *Milky.* Frumentă ĭn vĭridĭ stĭpŭla lactentĭă. *V.* ∾ ficus. *O.* [? Lactĕŭs.] 4. *Like milk.* ∾-ĭă viscĕrā. *O. See* LACTEOLUS, LACTEUS.

LACTĔŎLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Lacteus. 1. *Like milk.* Carnem lactĕŏli viscĕrĭs indĭcăt. *Aus. See* LACTEUS. 2. Used of the complexion. *White as milk;* hence, *fair, beautiful.* ∾ puellæ. *Cat.* [? Candĭdŭs.]

LACTEUS, ĭbŭs. *f. pl. The intestines; the gut of fish.* Laxis lactĭbŭs (*of a hungry person*). *Pl.* Pulmonĕ ĕt lactĭbŭs unctis. *Pers.* [? Intestină.]

LACTĔUS, ă, um. 1. *Of milk.* Lactĕă Massăgĕtes qui pocŭlă sanguĭnĕ miscĕt. *Sen.* ∾ humŏr. *O.* 2. *Sucking, young.* ∾ porcŭs. *M.* [? Lactens.] 3. *Full of milk.* ∾-ă ubĕrā vaccæ. *V.* [? Lactans.] 4. ∾ vĭă. *The milky way.* Lactĕă nomĕn hăbĕt (vĭă). *O.* ∾ plăgă sĕrĕnati cœli. *St.* orbis. *Manil.* 5. Fig. *White as milk.* ∾-ă collă. *V.* ∾ gemmă. *M.* [? Lactĕŏlŭs, &c.] *See* CANDIDUS.

LACTĬCŎLŎR, ŏris. *m. f. Of the colour of milk. Aus.*

LACTĬTO, as. *To give milk.* Cur sĭt ăger stĕrĭlis, cur uxor lactĭtĕt, edam. *M.*

LACTO, as. *To suck the teat. Aus.* **Crcl.** Ubĕrā –duco, sugo, lambo, trăho, bĭbo, haurĭo.

LACTUCĂ, æ. *f. A lettuce.* Claudĕrĕ quæ cœnas lactucă sŏlĕbăt ăvorum. *M.* [? Lactucŭlă.]

LĂCUNĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A pool, a body of stagnant water.* Undĕ căvæ tĕpĭdo sudant humorĕ lăcunæ. *V.* [? Căvă, udă, plenă, limosă, Inundans, fœdă.] 2. *A dimple in the cheek.* Sint parvæ utrinquĕ lăcunæ. *O.*

LĂCUNĂR, ăris. *n. A carved ceiling.* Mĕa rĕnĭdĕt in dŏmo lăcunăr. *H. See* LAQUEAR.

LĂCUNO, as. *To ornament like a carved* or *fretted ceiling.* Summă lăcunabant alterno murĭcĕ conchæ. *O.*

LĂCŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A lake, marshy pool.* Limosoquĕ lăcu per noctem obscurŭs ĭn ulva. *V.* [? Stagnum, pălŭs.] *See* S. P. 2. *A natural reservoir* or *head of water.* ∾ (*pl.*) vivi. *V.* Plĕrĭi. *Tib. See* FONS. 3. *A stone basin, public reservoir.* Gestĭĕt a furno rĕdĕuntes scirĕ lăcuquĕ. *H.* 4. *Vat to receive the wine from the press.* ˘In căvos lĕrant tertĭă mustă lăcus. *O.* Pleno mustă lăcu. *Tib.* 5. *A smith's cooling trough.* Tingunt stridentĭă sĕrā lăcu. *V.* Lamĭnă tinctă gĕlĭdo lăcu. *O.*

LÆDO, is, læsi, læsum. 1. *To wound, to hurt* (give pain to). Lit. and fig. Et lædunt nudos prată nŏvellă pĕdes. *O.* Vincŭlă pectŭs lædentĭă. *O.* [? Vulnĕro, vĭŏlo, saucĭo, offendo; *sts.* sĕco *or* uro.] 2. *To injure, hurt.* ∾ herbas morsu. *O.* ferrum rubigĭnĕ; ăristas cursu. *V.* [? Vĭŏlo, pollŭo.] 3. *To be disagreeable, to annoy, distress.* Lædĭt vĭă. *V.* pulvĭs; cauponă. *H.* lăbŏr. *Tib.* [? Grăvo.] **Crcl.** Sum –grăvĭs, incommŏdŭs, mŏlestŭs. *See* DISPLICEO. 4. *To violate a promise, break faith,* &c. ∾ ămores. *O. Tib.* [? Vĭŏlo, prodo, pollŭo.] 5. *To assail, offend.* ∾ versu. *H.* crimĭnĕ sŭpĕros. *L.* lingua dĕos. *Tib.* [? Offendo, impĕto, lăcesso, carpo.] 6. *Sts.* = Allido. ∾ naves vĭrosquĕ ăd saxă. *Lr. See* LÆSUS.

LÆLAPS, ăpis. *m. The name of the dog given by Minos to Procris,* &c.; gen. *a dog's name.* Et trux cum Lælăpĕ Theron. *O.*

LÆNĂ, æ. *f. A cloak, a surtout. V.* **Ep.** Ardens Tyrĭo murĭcĕ, hyăcinthĭnă. *See* PENULA.

LAERTES, *and* LAERTĂ, æ. *m. Sen. Laertes, the father of Ulysses.* Laertesquĕ sĕnex, Telĕmăchusquĕ pŭĕr. *O.*

LAERTĬADES, æ. *m. The son of Laertes, Ulysses.* Vim Laertĭădæ, brĕvĭtatem vincĭs ˘Atridæ. *O.*

LAERTĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Laertes.* Scŏpŭlos ˘Ithăcæ, Laertĭă regnă. *V.* ∾ heros. *O.*

LÆSTRYGON, onis. *m., and* LÆSTRYGŎNES, um. *m. pl. A Læstrygonian; the Læstrygonians, a Sicilian tribe, originally dwelling near Formiæ, in Latium.* Indĕ Lămi vĕtĕrem Læstrygŏnis, inquĭt, ĭn urbem &c. *O.* Læstrygŏnăs atquĕ Cyclopas. *J.* **Ep.** Immanes, sævi, fĕri, crŭenti.

LÆSTRYGŎNĬUS, ă, um. *Læstrygonian.* Nec Læstrygŏnĭa bacchŭs ĭn amphŏra. *H.*

LÆSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* LÆDO. 1. *Wounded.* ∾ piscis ăb hamo; cŏr vulnĕrĕ. *O.* [? Saucĭŭs.] *See* S. 2. *Fig.* ∾-um rubigĭnĕ ingĕnĭum. *O.* fœdŭs. *V.* ∾-æ res. *V.*

Lætabĭlĭs, ĕ. *Joyful.* Accĭpĭam, cunctisquĕ mĕum lætabĭlĕ factum. *O. See* Gratus.

Lætĭfĭco, as. *To make joyful.* Non illum glorĭâ pulsi Lætĭfĭcat Magni. *L.* [† Hĭlăro, exhĭlăro.] *See* Delecto.

Lætĭfĭcŭs, ă, um. 1. *That which makes joyful.* Lætĭfĭcos nĕquĕat fetus submittĕrĕ tellus. *Lr.* 2. *That which indicates joy.* ∾-i plausus. *St. See* Lætus.

Lætĭtĭa, æ. *f.* 1. *Joy.* Adsit lætĭtĭæ Bacchus dătŏr, et bŏnă Juno. *V.* [† Gaudĭum, gaudĭă.] *See* Gaudium. 2. Pl. *Lr.* and *Cut.*

Lætŏr, arĭs. *To rejoice.* Adspĭcĕ venturo lætantŭr ŭt omnĭă sæclo. *V.* [† Gaudĕo, exsulto.] *See* Gaudeo.

Lætŭs, ă, um. 1. *Cheerful, joyful* (of persons). Nescĭŏ qua præter sŏlĭtum dulcedĭnĕ lætæ. *V.* Successu lætĭŏr ictus. *O.* [† Gaudens, hĭlărĭs, ălăcĕr, ŏvans, exsultans, lætatŭs, contentŭs, rĕnidens, gavisŭs.] Crol. ˘Anĭmis exsultans. Lætĭtĭæ plenŭs. ˘Anĭmo gaudentĕ. *See* Gaudeo. 2. *Rejoicing in, fond of.* ∾ĕquino sanguĭnĕ. *H.* sævis. *Sil.* 3. *Doing* (any thing) *voluntarily, with goodwill.* ∾ dĕli. *V.* donatâ possum rĕpŏnĕrĕ. *H.* [† Lĭbens; *adv.* spontĕ.] 4. *Pleasing, delightful.* Afflarĕ ∾-os ŏcŭlis hŏnores. *V.* Virtus haud ∾-ă tyranno. *V. Fl.* [† Jucundŭs, gratŭs, ămœnŭs, plăcĭtŭs.] 5. *Happy, joyful* (of things). Miscentŭr tristĭă ∾-is. *O.* [† Faustŭs, felix, sĕcundŭs.] 6. *Fertile.* ∾ sĕgĕtes. *V.* Lætissĭmă farrĕ. *V. See* Fertilis. 7. *Abundant.* ∾ flumĭnă (lactis). *V.* Lætissĭmŭs umbræ (lucŭs). *V. See* Abundans. 8. *Well-fed, sleek and well-looking.* ∾ armentă campis. *V.* [† Nĭtĭdŭs.]

Lævă, æ. *f.* (sc. manus.) 1. *The left hand.* Illŏnĕă pĕtit dextra, lævaquĕ Sĕrestum. *V.* [† Sĭnistrĕ.] 2. *The left side.* Lævam pĕtĕ. *O.* 3. A læva, *or* Læva. *On the left.* A læva rĕlictæ (Sămŏs Naxosquĕ). *O.*

Lævĕ. *Awkwardly, ill.* Pŭĕr hĭc non lævo jussă Phĭlippi Accĭpĭebăt. *H.*

Lævĭs, *better* Levĭs, ĕ. 1. *Smooth, even, polished.* Lit. and fig. Lævĭă persŏnŭerĕ saxă. *H.* ∾ jăcŭlum. ∾-ĭă pocŭlă. *V.* Sectantem ∾-ĭă nervi defĭcĭunt. *H.* [† Planŭs, lævatŭs, pŏlĭtŭs; *ext.* nĭtĭdŭs.] *See* Politus. 2. *Slippery.* ∾ sangŭis. *V.* [† Lubrĭcŭs.] 3. *Beardless, bald.* Pŭĕr dĭu ∾. *M.* ∾ ˘Agyieu. *H. See* Calvus *or* Glaber. 4. *Fair, beautiful.* ∾ pectŭs. *V.* ∾-ĭă collă. *O.* [† Nĭtĭdŭs; *ext.* candĭdŭs, dĕcorŭs.] 5. *Effeminate.* Quum vir sit lævĭŏr ipsa (femĭna). *O.* ∾ Trossŭlŭs. *Pers.* [† Mollĭs.]

Lævo, as. 1. *To smooth, polish.* Lit. and fig. Lævato lucĭdă ferro Spicŭlă. *V.* ∾ tĕrĕtes mensas mănu; trăbes. *St.* ĕt raderĕ tignă. *Lr.* aspĕrĕ sano cultu. *H.* [† Pŏlĭo.] *See* P. 2. *To remove hairs from the face, &c. M. See* Glaber.

Lævŏr, orĭs. *m. Smoothness.* Lævŏr lævorĕ crĕatŭr. *Lr.* [† Lævĕ (*from* Lævĭs. *n. as subst.*).]

Lævŭs, ă, um. 1. *Left.* Radĭt ĭter lævum intĕrĭŏr. *V.* [† Sĭnistĕr.] Fig. 2. *Gauche, awkward, foolish.* O ĕgŏ ∾! *H.* ∾ mens. *V. See* Stolidus. 3. *Favorable.* Intŏnŭĭt lævum. *V. See* Faustus. 4. *Of bad omen, sinister.* ∾-o contristăt lumĭnĕ cœlum. *V.* ∾-ă fată dĕum. *V.* ∾ picŭs. *H. See* Infaustus. 5. *Unseasonable.* ∾ tempŭs. *H.*

Lăganum, i. *n. A sort of pastry.* Ad porri et cĭcĕrĭs rĕfĕrĕ, lăgănĭquĕ cătinum. *H.*

Lăgena, æ. *f. A bottle, flagon.* Et signo læso non insanirĕ lăgenæ. *H. See* Amphora.

Lăgeŏs. *f. A sort of vine.* Tĕnŭisquĕ lăgeŏs. *V.*

Laïades, æ. *m. The son of Laius, Œdipus.* Carmĭnă Laïădes non intellectŭ prĭorum Solvĕrăt ingĕnĭis. *O. See* Œdipus.

Laïs, ĭdis. *f. The celebrated courtezan of Corinth;* gen. *a courtezan. M.* Non ĭtă complebant ˘Ephyræ Laïdŏ ædes. *Pp.*

Laïŭs, ĭi. *m. King of Thebes, son of Labdacus, father of Œdipus.* Tŭŭs, o mitissĭmĕ Lai, Hospĭs. *St.*

Lallo, as. *To sing as a nurse to a child.* Iratus mammæ lallarĕ rĕcusas. *Pers.*

Lamă, æ. *f. A bog, slough.* Virĭbŭs uteris per clivos, flumĭnă, lamas. *H.* ∾ lŭtosæ. *Enn.*

Lambo, is. 1. *To lick.* Sibŭlă lambebant linguis vibrantĭbŭs orĭ. *V.* [† Allambo, lingo.] 2. *Used fig. of the touch of fire, and of gliding water.* ∾ cŏmas tactu; sidĕrĕ. *V.* summum tectum (de flamma). *H.* lŏcă (de Hydaspĕ). *H.* gramĭnĕ mobĭlĭbus rivis. *Cl.* [† Allambo, attingo, tango, delibo, degusto, allŭo.] 3. Gen. *To glide round* or *over.* ∾-unt Imagines hĕdĕræ. *Pers.*

Lamentabĭlĭs, ĕ. 1. *Plaintive.* Lamentabĭlĕ carmĕn. *St.* 2. *To be lamented.* Trojanas ŭt ŏpes et lamentabĭlĕ regnum Erŭĕrint Dănăi. *V.* [† Flebĭlĭs.]

Lamentatĭo, onis. *f. Weeping and wailing.* In limĭne ipso mœstă lamentatĭo. *Sen. See* Lamentum.

Lamentatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Lamentor. Used also pass. *Full of lamentation; bewaild.* ∾-ă Dindŷmă rĕsultant. *St.* fată pĕr urbem. *Sil.*

Lamentŏr, arĭs. *To wail, lament.* Quum lamentamur non apparerĕ lăbores. *H.* [† Delamentŏr, quĕrŏr, conquĕrŏr, dŏlĕo, indŏlĕo, gĕmo, ingĕmo, congĕmo, flĕo, deflĕo, lugĕo, ploro, comploro, deploro, lăcrĭmo, suspiro, plango, ejŭlŏr.] Crol. Multă -quĕrŏr, gĕmo. ˘Acerbă gĕmo. Lamentă (quĕrelas, questus) -fundo, effundo, prŏfundo, do, edo, promo, expromo, profĕro, jacto, mitto, tollo, exercĕo, e *or* de pectŏrĕ duco (trăho, fundo), orĕ (vocĕ) do *or* tollo. Lamentis (quĕrelis, questĭbŭs, gĕmĭtu, fletu) lŏcă (auras, aĕrĕ, cœlum) -implĕo, rĕplĕo, complĕo, clĕo, pulso, persŏno, turbo. Lamentis, &c. tectă *or* auræ -rĕsŏnant, sŏnant, ŭlŭlant, frĕmunt. Lamentă, &c. In aĕrĕ (ĭn auras) effundo. Questu pectŏrĕ (pectŏrĕ questus) rumpo. Questus ăd astrĕ (ăd sidĕrĕ) tollo. Mœstas voces pectŏrĕ fundo. Longos fletus clĕo. ˘In fletum *or* lamentă erumpo. ˘In luctus ĕo. Lamentis -indulgĕo, me dedo. Pĕr omnes ĭt mœstă gĕmĭtŭs. Longas ĭn fletum voces duco. Campis gĕmĭtus ăgĭt. Ædes plangorĭbŭs femĭnĕis ŭlŭlant. *See* Gemo, Lacrimo, Plango, Queror.

Lamentum, i. *n. and* us. Lamentă, orum. *pl. Wailing, lamentation.* Lamentis, gĕmĭtuquĕ, et femĭnĕo ŭlŭlatu. *V.* Nautĭcă ∾-ă. *Cl.* [† Gĕmĭtŭs, planctŭs, plangŏr, fletŭs, questŭs, quĕrelă, luctŭs, ploratŭs, suspirĭă, ŭlŭlatŭs, clamŏr, quĕrĭmonĭă, lăcrĭmæ, ejŭlatŭs.] Ep. Femĭnĕă, quĕrŭlă, crebrĕ, longă, assĭdŭă, grandĭă, mœstă, ægrĕ, ăcerbă, ămarĕ, mĭsĕrandă, flebĭlĭă, tristă, lugŭbrĭă, mĭsĕrĕ. Crol. Quĕrŭli *or* flebĭles sŏni. Quĕrŭlæ *or* mœstæ voces. Quĕrŭlŭs dŏlŏr. *See* Lamentor.

Lămĭă, æ. *f. A witch, a vampire.* (The Lamia was fabled to eat up little children.) Neu pransæ Lămĭæ vivum pŭĕrum extrăhăt alvo. *H.*

Lamĭnă, *and* Lamnă, æ. *f.* 1. *A thin plate of iron* or *brass.* Extrema percussæ partĕ cŏlumnæ, Lamĭnă dissĭlŭĭt. *O.* ∾ serræ. *V.* [† Lămellă.] Ep. Ferrĕă, aĕrĕă, tĕnŭĭs, lĕvĭs, flexĭlĭs. 2. Sts. abs. *A saw.* Pinus grăcĭli dissolvĕrĕ lamna. *V. Fl. See* Serra. 3. *A red-hot plate of iron for torture.* ∾ candens. *H.* 4. *A vein* or *leaf of gold* or *silver.* Lamnă terris abdĭtă. *H.* Lĕvĭs argenti lamĭnă. *O.* [† Bractĕă.] 5. *The shell of the*

nut, while yet tender. ∾ ĭdhuc tĕnĕro est ĭn lactĕ. *O.*

Lampās, ădis. *f.* 1. *A torch, flambeau.* Ardentem conjecit lampādĭ Turnŭs. *V.* Lampādĭs ignĭfĕras &c. *Lr.* [† Fax, tædă, ignis, &c.] *See* Fax. 2. Sta. *A lamp.* Præcinctæ lampādes auro. *O.* Ærĕā ∾. *J. See* Lucerna. Fig. 3. *The light of the stars. L.* 4. Sp. *The light of the sun, the sun.* Phœbeæ lampādĭs instăr. *V.* Nonā ∾. *Lr.* 5. *A glare of light. St. See* Fulgor.

Lampsăcĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Lampsacus* or *Priapus. See* L. ∾-æ pŭellæ. ∾ versŭs. *M.*

Lampsăcŭs, i. *f. A town of Asia Minor, on the Hellespont, sacred to Priapus.* Et te rurĭcŏla, Lampsăcē, tutā dĕo. *O.*

Lana, æ. *f.* 1. *Wool.* Antĕ pĕdes cālăthi lanăque mollĭs ĕrant. *O.* Tūmĕāt culcĭtā lanis. *M.* [† Vellŭs.] Ep. Mollĭs, tĕnŭis; albā, candĭdā, nĭvĕā; tinctā, fucatā, mĕdĭcatā. Crcl. Lanæ -vellĕrā, stamĭnā. Nĭvĕum lanæ munŭs. *See* Lanificium. 2. *A soft cottony substance produced by certain trees; woolly threads of plants.* Nēmŏrā Æthĭŏpum molli canentīā lana. *V.* Nilĭăcum ŏlŭs, lanasquē sĕquacea. *M.* 3. *The down of birds.* ∾ intĕrlŏr cȳcni. *M.* 4. *The down upon quinces. M. See* Lanugo. 5. Vellĕrā lanæ. *Small fleecy clouds.* Tenuīā lanæ pĕr cœlum vellĕrā. *V.*

Lanatŭs, ă, um. *Covered with wool;* used subst. *a sheep.* Cædĕrĕ ∾-as torvumquē jŭvencum. *J.*

Lancĕă, æ. *f. A lance, javelin. V.* [† Hastă, hastilĕ.] *See* Hasta.

Lancĭno, as. *To tear to pieces, mangle;* and fig. *to squander.* Pāternā primum lancĭnatā sunt bŏnā. *Cat.* [† Distrăho, lăcĕro.]

Lanĕŭs, ă, um. 1. *Woollen.* Lanĕā dum nĭvĕa circumdăt ăr infŭlā vitta. *V.* [† Lanatŭs.] 2. *Woolly, soft as wool.* ∾ lātuscŭlum. *Cat.* lūpŭs. *M.*

Languĕo, es, gŭi. 1. *To languish, droop, be weak.* Quasso languent in corpŏrĕ vires. *O.* ∾-ĕt nimbosum jŭbăr. *St.* ămŏr. *O.* æquŏr. *M.* In ferrum rŭbĭles. *L.* ∾-ent offĭcĭā. *Lr.* [† Elanguĕo, languesco, defĭcĭo, torpĕo, marcĕo, rĕlanguĕo, frangŏr, exhaurĭŏr, debĭlĭtŏr, lassŏr, succĭdo; *ds.* rĕlentisco.] Crcl. Languŏr corpŭs (membrā, artus) -prĕmĭt, hăbĕt, occŭpăt, debĭlĭtăt, tĕnĕt, invasĭt. Corpŭs languorē jăcĕt. Vires -amittō, perdo. *See* Debilis. 2. *To be ill.* ∾ morbo. *V. or abs. Tib. See* Ægroto.

Languescō, is. *To grow faint, languid, ill.* Lit. and fig. Nec mĕā consuēto languescent corpŏrĕ lecto. *O.* ∾-ĭt mŏrĭens (flos). *V.* Bacchŭs ĭn amphŏrā (*becomes mild or mellow*). *H. See* Languidus.

Languĭdŭlŭs, ă, um. *dim. of* Languidus. Languĭdŭlosquē pāret tecum conjungĕrĕ somnos. *Cat.*

Languĭdŭs, ă, um. *Languid, wearied out.* Languĭdŭs in cŭbĭtum sese convivā rĕponĕt. *H.* Collo trăhentes languĭdo (bŏves). *H.* [† Languens, debĭlis, invălĭdŭs, fractŭs, &c.] *See* Fessus, Debilis. 2. *Sick, ill. J. M. See* Æger. Fig. 3. *Reduced in strength, listless, powerless;* hence (of wine), *mild, mellow.* Semĭnā lætĭtiæ ∾-lorā. *O.* ∾ cunctā mĕtu. *L.* vinā. *H.* 4. *Producing languor and inactivity. O.* ∾ quĭes. *V.*

Languŏr, oris. *m.* 1. *Weariness, depression, languor.* In lasso corpŏrĕ languŏr ĕrāt. *O.* Multis ∾-ĭbus pĕresŭs. *Cat.* [† Debĭlĭtas, infirmĭtas, torpŏr.] Ep. Segnis, ĭners, grăvis.] 2. *Sickness, illness.* ∾ fictŭs. *O.* ăquosŭs albo corpŏrĕ. *H. See* Morbus. Fig. 3. *The calm of the sea. Sen. See* Quies. 4. *Sloth, idleness.* [† Torpŏr, vĕternum, segnĭtĭes, ignavĭā.]

Lanĭatŭs, us. *m. A tearing into pieces.* Dispersā fœdĕ membrā lănĭatu effĕro. *Sen.*

Lanĭcium. *See* Lanitium.

Lanĭfĕr. *See* Laniger.

Lanĭfĭcā. *See* Lanificus.

Lanĭfĭcĭum, ĭi. *n. The working of wool* (as by spinning, weaving, &c.). Crcl. Ars lanĭfĭcā. Artes lanĭfĭcæ. Lanĭtĭi curā. Pallădis (Mĭnervæ) -ars, stŭdĭum. Phr. 1. *To spin wool.* Lanam -făcĭo, duco, excŏlo, tracto, mollĭo, glŏmĕro. Phr. 2. *Of the wool-spinner.* Rŭdem lanam (*or pl.*) glŏmĕrāt *or* ĭn orbes glŏmĕrāt; *then,* dŭcĭt (trăhĭt, solvĭt, trăhendo mollĭt, lĕvi filo tĕnŭāt); dĭgĭtis ŏpŭs sŭbĭgĭt; plenos cŏlos exŏnĕrāt; rĕpĕtĭtā vellĕrā longo tractu mollĭt; stamĭnā pollĭcē versāt; prægnantem tĕnŭi stamĭnē fusum torquĕt; *then,* cālăthis pĕractā vellĕrā rĕfert. *See* Neo.

Lanĭfĭcŭs, ă, um. 1. *Wool-working.* Lanĭfĭcam pensis impŏsŭissē mănum. *Tib.* 2. Used subst. f. *A worker in wool, wool-spinner.* Crcl. Lanæ dedĭtā. Doctā artĭs lanĭfĭcæ. Lanæ, *or* quæ lanam mollĭāt, aptā. *See* Lanificium. 3. Lanĭfĭcæ pŭellæ *or* sŏrores. *M. The Fates. See* Parcæ.

Lanĭgĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. 1. *Woolly, bearing wool; used also of cotton, silk,* &c. Frondĕā lanĭgĕrā carpentes vellĕrā silvæ (Sĕrĕs). *Cl.* ∾-i grĕges. *V.* [† Lanatŭs.] Crcl. Lana *or* vellĕrē -tectŭs, ŏpertŭs, vestitŭs. 2. Used subst. *A sheep; a lamb. O. Ph.*

Lanĭo, as. *To mangle, tear in pieces.* Lit. and fig. Discissos nudis lănĭabant dentĭbŭs artus. *V.* ∾ orā unguĭbŭs; carmĭnā lingua. *O.* ∾-ātā rŏsĕas cŏmas; classĭs. *O. See* Lacero, Lacer.

Lanista, æ. *m. A master* or *trainer of gladiators.* Jŭvĕnesquē lănistæ. *J.*

Lanĭtĭum, ĭi. *n. Wool* (the culture or produce). Si tĭbĭ lanĭtĭum curæ. *V.*

Lanĭŭs, ĭi. *m. A butcher.* Omnĭā crudelis lănĭus per complĭtā portăt. *M.*

Lanugo, ĭnis. *f.* 1. *Downy hair on the youth's face; soft first beard.* Tu quŏquē, flaventem prima lanugĭnē malas. *V.* Ep. Primā, nŏvā, nascens, tĕnĕrā, mollĭs, dŭbĭā, flavā. Crcl. Primā *or* nŏvā barbā. Primæ lanugĭnis ætas. Lanugĭnis umbrā. Sparsæ lanugĭnē malæ. Phr. *Of the young man at this time of life.* Cui primā jŭventā -malas (orā) molli (dŭbĭa, prima, ridenti, tĕnĕra) lanugĭnē vestĭt (signăt, tĕgĭt, spargĭt, fuscăt); —gĕnas florē vestĭt. Cui vernant lanugĭnē malæ. Cujŭs pĕr orā lanugo serpĭt (irrepĭt). *See* Juvenis. 2. *Down on fruits,* &c. Canā lanugĭnē malā. *V.* [† Lanā.] 3. *Young and tender grass.* Herbā multa ĕt molli lanugĭnē ăbundans. *Lr.*

Lanx, cis. *f.* 1. *A dish, a platter* (us. of metal). Quam de cælata sumĕrĕ lancē jŭvăt (pomum). *O.* [† Pătĭnā, cătinŭs, pāropsis, scŭtŭlā.] Ep. Cāvā, rŏtundā, grandĭs, căpax, ærĕā, aurĕā, cælatā. 2. Freq. *A dish* or *pan used at sacrifices.* Lancĭbŭs et pandis fumantīā reddĭmŭs extā. *V.* Turā grandi dătā lancē. *O.* 3. *A scale of the balance.* Jupĭtĕr ipsē dŭas æquato examĭnē lances sustĭnĕt. *V.* [† Librā, trŭtĭnā, bĭlanx.] *See* Trutina.

Laŏcŏon, ontis. *m. A priest of Neptune at Troy. C. D.* Laŏcŏon ardens summa decurrĭt ăb arcĕ. *V.*

Laŏdămĭa, æ. *f. Daughter of Acastus, and wife of Protesilaus. C. D.* Protĕsĭlaeam Laŏdămĭā dŏmum. *Cat.*

Laŏmĕdon, ontis. *m. A king of Troy, son of Ilus, and father of Priam. C. D.* Quum cādĕrent magni Laŏmĕdontis ŏpes. *Pp.* Ep. Perjurŭs, infidŭs.

LAŎMĔDONTEŬS, *and* LAŎMĔDONTĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Laomedon; Trojan.* Laŏmĕdontĕæ lŭĭmus perjurĭă Trojæ. *V.* Laŏmĕdontĭă pubes. *V. See* TROJANUS.

LAŎMĔDONTĬADES, æ. *m.* 1. *A son* or *descendant of Laomedon.* Laŏmĕdontĭăden Prĭămum. *V.* 2. Pl. *Trojans.* Laŏmĕdontĭădæ, bellumnĕ &c. *V.*

LAPĂTHUS, i. *f. A kind of sorrel.* Et lăpăthi grăvĭs herbă, sĕd albo non sĭnĕ Coo. *H.*

LAPIDĔUS. ă, um. *Of stone, made of stones. Pl.* and *Enn.* (Lăpĭs, ĭdĭs.) Lit. and fig. *See* SAXEUS, DURUS, &c.

LAPIDO, as. *To throw stones, to stone to death.* Timon Pallădĭis olim lăpĭdatŭs ˘Athenis. *Aus.* Crol. Lăpĭdĭbŭs (lăpĭdĕ, saxis) –pĕto, appĕto, lăcesso, prosĕquŏr, insectŏr, percŭtĭo, obrŭo, opprĭmo. Lăpĭdes–impingo, mitto, jacto. Lăpĭdum molĕ obrŭo. Saxis cædo. Lăpĭdum jactu incesso. ˘In qm saxă congĕro. *See* LAPIDOSUS.

LAPIDOSUS, ă, um. 1. *Stony, full of stones.* Lit. and fig. Frondĕ tĕgi silvas, lăpĭdosos surgĕrĕ montes. *O.* ~ rivŭs. *O.* ~-ă cornă. *V.* ~ panis. *H.* pŏdagră. *Pers.* 2. *Used of hail-stones.* ~-i grandĭnis ictus. *Cl. See* LAPIDO.

LAPILLUS, i. *m.* 1. *A little stone, a pebble.* Invitat somnos crĕpĭtantĭbŭs undă lăpillis. *O.* [? Calcŭlŭs.] 2. Lăpillo dĭem signo, &c. *See* CALCULUS. 3. *A precious stone. H.* [? Lăpis, gemmă, &c.] Ep. Vĭrĭdis, nĭvĕŭs, ˘Erythræŭs. *See* GEMMA, UNIO.

LAPIS, ĭdis. *m.* 1. *A stone.* Deucălĭon văcŭum lăpĭdes jactavĭt in orbem. *V.* [? Saxum, silex; *sts.* mŏlaris.] Ep. Aspĕr, scabĕr, ăděsŭs, durŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, grăvis, rŭdis; tĕrĕs, lævis. 2. *A landmark.* Qui rĕgĕret certis finĭbŭs arvă, lăpis. *Tib.* [? Terminŭs, limĕs.] 3. *A mile-stone.* Sextŭs ăb urbĕ ~. *O.* ˘Ad ~-em quartum. *M.* Phr. *Three miles in the country.* Rus marmŏrĕ tertĭo nŏtatum. 4. *A tomb-stone.* Urgĕăt ossă ~. *See* SEPULCRUM. 5. Sts. *Marble.* Pĕrĭŭs ~. *V. See* MARMOR. 6. *A precious stone.* ~ aurĕ elapsŭs. *O.* aurĕ cădĭt. *M.* [? Lăpillŭs.] *See* GEMMA, UNIO. 7. *White and black pebbles for marking lucky and unlucky days.* ~-ĭdĕ candĭdĭorĕ dies nŏtăt. *Cat.* [? Lăpillŭs.] *See* CALCULUS.

LAPITHÆ, arum. *m. pl.* 1. *The Lapithæ, a people of Thessaly, who fought with the Centaurs at the marriage of Pirithous.* Mars perdĕrĕ gentem Immanem Lăpĭthum vălŭit. *V.* Lăpĭtharum ĕpŭlæ. *St.* Ep. Pĕlethrŏnĭi, Æmŏnĭi, semĭfĕri, fĕri, trŭces, immanes. 2. *Sing.* Lăpĭthă *and* Lăpĭthes. *V. Fl.* Illisĭt fronti Lăpĭthæ Cĕlĕdontis. *O.*

LAPITHÆUS, *and* LAPITHEIUS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to the Lapithæ.* O salve, dixit, Lăpĭthææ glorĭă gentis. Lăpĭthelă prœlĭă. *O.*

LAPPĂ, æ. *f. A burr. O. V.* Ep. Tĕnax.

LAPSO, as. *freq. of* Labor. *To totter, to slip, to fall.* In multo lapsantem sanguĭnĕ nati. *V. See* LABO.

LAPSUS, ă, um. *part. See* LABOR. 1. *Fallen.* De cœlo lapsă pĕr umbras (stellă). *V.* Pĕdĕ ~ ăgaso. *H.* [? Cădens, delapsŭs, decĭdŭŭs, căducŭs.] 2. *Using a gliding, sliding motion.* ~ pĕr demissum funem. *V.* pĕr Tĭbĕrim (cărină). *M.* ăd imă ossă dŏlŏr. *V.* tăcĭto pĕdĕ vĕtustas. *O.* [? Delapsŭs, descendens, serpens, irrepens, insĭnŭatŭs.] Fig. 3. *Fallen from a prosperous to an adverse state.* Succurrĕrĕ ~-is. *O.* ~-æ res. *V.* [? Jăcens, prostratŭs, afflictŭs.] 4. *Fallen from right to wrong; from faith pledged,* &c. Num verbo ~ in uno? ~ fĭdes. *O.*

LAPSUS, us. *m.* 1. *A fall.* Infrenĭs ĕqui lapsu tellurĕ jăcentem. *V.* [? Casŭs; *sts.* rŭină.] 2. *The flight of a bird to the ground.* ~-u de montĭbŭs adsunt (Harpyiæ). *V.* ~ ăvĭum. *St. See* VOLATUS. 3. *A gliding, sliding motion the serpent.* ~-u drăcones effŭglunt. *V.* lapsŭs.] 4. *Used of the course of t rivers, time,* &c.; and gen. *of any unifo tinuous, unchecked motion.* ~-u volvunt *V.* pergunt flumĭnă. *L.* Rerum ~. *Cl.* sus. 5. Lapsus rŏtarum. *V.* = Laben

LAQUĂRIA, ĭum. *n. pl.* 1. *A carved c ceiling.* Dependent lychni lăquărĭbŭs [? Lăcunăr.] Ep. Altă, celsă, căvă; aurĕă, fulgentĭă, nĭtentĭă, nĭtĭdă, s Crol. Lăquĕătă tectă. Trăbes auro nĭtĭd altis tectis splendĭdum. Lăquĕarĭă cr tallo fulvă. 2. Dbf. *Sing.* Lăquĕăr, Lăq *V.* (*Cul.*)

LAQUĂTUS, ă, um. I. (*from* Lăquĕăr.) *an ornamental ceiling.* Curas lăquĕati Tectă vŏlantes. *H.* II. (*from* Lăquĕ *ted, nooseed.*

LAQUEO, as (*from* Lăquĕŭs). I. *To ens snares, set a snare* or *noose, catch with* &c. Extentis lăquĕarĕ prŏfundum retĭb ~ pĕr senos circum usquĕ sĭnus. *Grat* LAQUEO. II. (*from* Lăquĕăr.) *To wo namental ceiling.* In vărĭas cœlum lĭ formas (sidĕrĕ). *Man.*

LAQUĔUS, i. *m.* 1. *A noose, snare* (for g lăquĕis captarĕ fĕras, et fallĕrĕ visco. *V.* cŭlum, retĕ.] 2. *A nooseed rope* (ha *hanging. O. See* STRANGULO. 3. F disponĕrĕ. *O.* ˘Ad ~-os cautŭs essĕ. INSIDIÆ, DOLUS.

LAR, Lăris. *m.; pl.* LARES, ĭum *or* um. *particular guardian god* or *gods of a public place.* Sed pătrĭi servatĕ Lăres ĕt idem. *Tib.* Pergămĕumquĕ Lărem. *V. guardian household god* or *gods.* Anti tură reddĕrĕ. *Tib.* Vĭgĭlant nostra In res. *O.* [? Pĕnates.] Fig. 3. *The hearth.* Circum rĕnidentes ~-es. *H.* [? 4. Sing. *A dwelling, house, home;* he *nest.* Sŭb terris foderĕ ~-em. *V.* (C nostro junctă ~-i. *O.* ˘Avĭs tectă L părăt. *O.* Alcyŏnes fetumquĕ lăremqu *V. Fl.* [? Pĕnates, dŏmŭs.]

LARDUM, i. *n. Lard.* Pingŭă cur illis g lardă călendis. *O.*

LARES. *See* LAR.

LARGE, *and* LARGĬTĔR. *In great quant great extent.* Large diffuso lumĭnĕ ridĕt *Lr.* Lignă sŭpĕr fŏco large rĕpŏnĕrĕ. *H.* undis aufĕrĕt. *Lr.* ~ istinc ætas abstŭ [? ˘Abunde, late, multum, &c.] *See* M

LARGĬFĬCUS, ă, um. *Lr. Bountiful.*

LARGĬFLUUS, ă, um. *Flowing with full* Largĭflŭum fontem scăterĕ &c. *Lr.*

LARGĬŎR, irĭs. *To give bountifully.* Quid giri, quid sit donarĕ, dŏcebo. *M.* ~ somno. *Pp.* [? Do, trĭbŭo, dono, ir præbĕo.] *See* DONO, LARGITUS.

LARGĬTAS, atis. *f. Liberality.* Aut largĭta aut parsĭmonĭa. *Ter.*

LARGĬTĔR. *See* LARGE.

LARGITŎR, orĭs. *m. A bountiful, profu* Tunc, inquit, largitŏr ŏpum, qui menti &c. *St.* ~ lăticĭs. *Sil.* [? Dătŏr.]

LARGITUS, ă, um. *part. See* LARGIOR. *ing freely given.* Totas largitŭs hăben acĕr ĕquo. *Sil.* 2. Pass. *Granted, give* largită tŭis sint mută sĭlentĭă votis. *Tib.* tŭs, trĭbutŭs.]

LARGUS, ă, um. 1. *Large in extent* or *great, copious.* ~ sanguĭs; fletŭs. *V.* n æther. *V.* ignis. *H.* fons ăquæ. *L.* [dans, multŭs, plurĭmŭs, amplŭs, b 2. *Possessing in abundance, rich.* ~ ŏpu

DIVES. 3. *Giving largely, freely; prodigal of.* ~ effusa hăbena; răpinæ. *Sil.* ănimæ. *L.* spes donarĕ. *H.* [† Liberalis, &c.] *See* L.

LARISSA, æ. *f. A city of Thessaly, the country of Achilles.* Atque olim Larissă pŏtens &c. *L.*

LARISSÆUS, ă, um. *Of Larissa;* ext. *of Thessaly, Thessalian.* Nec Larissæŭs ~Achilles. *V.*

LARIUS, ĭi. *m.* (Used also adj.) *A lake so called, now Lago di Como.* Te, Lari maxĭmĕ, teque. *V.* Comi mœnĭă, Larĭumque littŭs. *Cat.*

LARIX, ĭcis. *f. The larch-tree.* Et lărĭces, fumoque grăvem serpentĭbŭs urunt. *L.*

LARS, *or* LAR, Lartis. *m. A military title among the Tuscans;* ext. *a barbarous chief. Aus.*

LARVA, æ. *f.* 1. *A mask.* [† Personă.] *See* P. 2. *A spectre, ghost, phantom* (us. pl.). Insequăr et vultus ossĕă larvă tŭos. *O.* (*Ib.*) *See* LEMURES. 3. Larvarum plenŭs. *Spectre-haunted, mad. Pl. See* LARVATUS.

LASCIVIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Sportiveness, gaiety of spirit.* Floribŭs et fŏllis lascivĭă lætă mŏnelăt (căput rĕdĭmirĕ). *Lr.* [† *Sts.* Lusŭs, ludĭus.] Ep. Lætă, hĭlăris, effusă, sŏlută. 2. Sts. In a bad sense. *Lasciviousness.* ~ nostră jŭvabăt. *O. See* LIBIDO.

LASCIVIO, is. *To be wanton with joy and fun, skip about, frolic.* Lit. and fig. Lascivitquĕ fŭga, lactantiăque ubĕră quærĭt (agnŭs). *O.* Lascivĭt ăpex (gălĕæ) insŏlĭtis sertis. *Cl.* [† Exsulto, ludo.] *See* GAUDEO.

LASCIVUS, ă, um. 1. *Leaping, skipping, full of wanton joy.* Tĕnĕro lascivĭŏr hœdo. *O.* ~ căpellă. *V.* [† Exsultans, errans, văgŭs, ludens, ludĭbundŭs, pĕtŭlans, prŏcax, prŏtervŭs.] 2. *Frolicsome, wanton, uncontrolled.* Ludentem lascivă, sĕverum serĭă dictu (dĕcent). *H.* Fig. 3. ~ bĕlĕrĕ. *H.* lembŭs. *Cl.* ăcŭs. *M.* 4. In a bad sense. *Wanton.* ~ paglĭnă. *M.* ~-i ămores. *H.* [† Impurŭs, obscenŭs, lĭbidĭnosŭs, imprŏbŭs, &c.] *See* IMPUDICUS.

LASERPICIFĔR, ĕră, ĕrum. *Producing the juice called laser.* Laserpicifĕris jăcet Cyrenis. *Cat. See* LASERPITIUM.

LASERPITIUM, ĭi. *n. A plant from which the juice laser distils; the laserwort.* Hoc anno multum fŭturum sirpe et laserpitĭum. *Pl.*

LASSO, as. 1. *To weary, fatigue.* Lit. and fig. Jam sălĭs invălĭdos călămo lassavĭmŭs artŭs. *O.* ~ brachĭă plagis. *Pp.* qm supplĭcĭbŭs lĭbellis. *M.* [† Delasso, fătigo, frango, conflĭcĭo.] 2. Pass. *To tire, get* or *grow tired.* ~ in molli ărena. *O.* Robŏră torquens lassatŭr (ventŭs). *L.* [† Fătigŏr, deflĭcĭo, fătisco, cădo.]

LASSULUS, ă, um. *dim. of* LASSUS. *Cat.*

LASSUS, ă, um. 1. *Weary, fatigued.* ~ stŭdĭo venandi; æstu. *O.* ĕquo ăb indŏmĭto. *H.* [† Lassătŭs, fessŭs, defessŭs, fătigatŭs, fractŭs, &c.] *See* FESSUS. Fig. 2. ~ aures verbis. *H.* hŭmŭs fructĭbŭs. *O.* 3. *Inclining downwards.* Lasso collo pĕpăvĕrĕ. *V.* Inclinăt ăd æquŏrĕ lassum montem (Cĭthæron). *St.* [† Inclinatŭs, declivis.] 4. *Languishing, ill. O. See* LANGUIDUS, ÆGER. 5. Lassæ res. *Adversity. O.*

LATE. *adv.* 1. *Widely, to a great extent.* Exĭt, ĕt obducto late tĕnĕt omnĭă limo. *V.* ~ splendĕrĕ (de panno). *H.* possĭdĕrĕ. *O.* 2. Fig. *Far and wide.* ~ gentĭs primordĭă (rĕfĕr). *O.* ŏpĭbŭs uti. *H.* sibĭ indulgerĕ. *J.*

LATEBRA, *or* LATEBRÆ, æ. *f., and us.* LATĔBRÆ, arum. *pl.* 1. *A hiding-place, place of retreat.* Tum, lătĕbras ănimæ, pectus mucronĕ rĕsolvĭt (*secret seat of life*). *V.* Curvas præbĕrĕ lătebras. *V.* Tută lătebrâ Lesbŏs ĕrĭt. *L.* Lătĕbram pĕtĭt. *O.* [† Rĕcessŭs, căvernă, spĕcŭs; *sts.* sĭnŭs, umbrâ.] *See* ANTRUM. 2. *An eclipse.* Lunæquĕ lătebras. *Lr.* 3. Fig. *A secret, mystery, veil.* ~-æ scĕlĕrum. *L.* ~-as vĭtĭis nox dăbĭt. *O.* [† Tĕnĕbræ, rĕcessŭs, arcanum.]

LATĔBROSUS, ă, um. 1. *Full of hiding-places.* Cui dŏmŭs et dulces lătĕbroso in pumĭcĕ nĭdi. *V.* [† Obscurŭs, abdĭtŭs, rĕductŭs.] *See* ARCANUS. 2. *Lurking, hidden.* ~ serpens. *Sen. See* ABDITUS.

LATENTER. *Secretly.* Si res est anceps istă, lătentĕr ăma. *O. See* FURTIM.

LATEO, es, ŭi. 1. *To be hidden,* or *lie hid.* Aut ălĭquis lătĕt errŏr: ĕquo ne credĭtĕ, Teucri. *V.* ~ post carectă. *V.* [† Lătesco, lătĭto, delĭtesco, abdŏr, abscondŏr, condŏr, occultŏr, tĕgŏr, celŏr.] Crol. Me –abdo, condo, occulto, abscondo, &c. Clam *or* occulte lătĕo. Sum –occultŭs, invisŭs, inadspectŭs. Tĕnĕbras *or* lătĕbras quæro. Lătĕbris (tĕnĕbris, umbris) me –abdo, condo, occulto, do, committo. ~In lătĕbris ăgo. ~Ocŭlos fŭgĭo. Lătĕbris defendŏr. Lucem –fŭgĭo, vito. Inclusŭs occultŏr. Invisŭs sĕdĕo. Obscurŭs delĭtesco. Conspectum *or* lucem fŭgĭo. Abdĭtŭs *or* secretŭs lătĕo. 2. *To live in retirement.* Qui bĕnĕ lătŭĭt, bĕnĕ vixĭt. *O.* 3. *To escape the notice of a person* (us. with acc. of person; found with dat.). Non lătŭĕrĕ dŏli fratrem Junonis. *V.* Nil illum lătĕt. *O.* ~ mĭhĭ. *L.* Hosti Romă lătĕt. *Sil.* [† Fŭgĭo, fallo, prætĕrĕo.]

LATER, ĕris. *m. A brick* or *tile.* Nec lătĕrĕ cocto, quo Sĕmĭrămis longam Băbylŏnă cinxĭt. *M.* [† Lăterculus; *sts.* tegŭlă.]

LATERALIS, ĕ. *Lateral, on the side.* Tum lătĕralĭ' dŏlor, certissĭmŭ' nuntĭŭ' mortis. *Lucil.*

LATERAMEN, ĭnis. *n. An earthen vessel.* Collaxat, rarequĕ făcit lătĕramĭnă vasi. *Lr.*

LATERCULUS, i. *m. dim. of* Lătĕr. *A cake like a little brick. Pl.*

LATERNA, æ. *f. A lantern.* Dux laternă vĭæ, clausis fĕrŏr nurĕă flammis. *M. See* LUCERNA.

LATESCO, is = Lătĕo. Hic ĕquus a căpĭte et longa cervicĕ lătescĭt (*Cic. Arat.*). *See* LATEO.

LATEX, ĭcis. *m. Spring water; any liquid.* Securos lătĭces et longa oblivĭă potant. *V.* ~ Lyæŭs. *V.* mărinŭs. *O.* absinthi. *Lr.* Pallădĭ lătĭces (*olive oil*). *O.* Lătĭcum fŭgumquĕ cŭpido. *Lr.* [† Lĭquŏr, humŏr.] *See* AQUA, FONS, VINUM, &c.

LATIALIS, ĕ. 1. *Of* or *relating to Latium.* Accepissĕ Nŭmam pŏpŭli Lătĭălis hăbenas. *O. See* LATIUS. 2. *One of the surnames of Jupiter. L.*

LATIBULUM, i. *n. A hiding-place.* Cervus nĕmŏrosis excĭtatus lătĭbŭlis. *Ph.* and *Cat. See* LATEBRA.

LATINE. *adv. In Latin.* Quum posces, poscĕ lătine. *J.* ~ dictă. *O.* [† Lătĭălĭtĕr.] Crol. Romana vocĕ. Lătina lingua. Lătino sermonĕ.

LATINI, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *The Latins, the inhabitants of Latium.* Omnĭă contra Telă Lătinorum. *V.* [† Ausŏnĭi, Ausŏnĭdæ, Œnotri. Lătină gens.] 2. *The Romans. See* ROMANI. 3. Lătină, æ. *f. A woman of Latium. V.* [† Lătĭă, Ausŏnĭă, Ausŏnĭs.] 4. Lătinŭs, ă, um. *adj.* ~ gĕnŭs. *V. See* LATIUS. 5. Lătĭnă vĭă. *The way leading out of Rome by the* Portă Lătina. *J.*

LATINUS, i. *m. King of Latium, father of Lavinia, whom Æneas married. C. D.* Stŭpĕt ipsĕ Lătinŭs. *V.* Crol. Fauni –fĭlĭŭs, gĕnŭs. Fauno gĕnĭtŭs.

LATITO, as. *To lurk, lie hid.* Fumĭdă jamdudum lătĭtant per tectă sŏrores. *O. See* LATEO.

LATIUM, ĭi. *n. A district of Italy, between Etruria and Campania, in which Rome was situated;* ext. *Italy.* Dictă quŏque est Lătĭum terrâ lătentĕ dĕo. *O.* [† Lătĭi (Lătini) –ăgri, fines. Lătĭă (Lătină) arvâ.] *See* ITALIA.

LĂTĬŌS, ă, um. *Latian, Latin, of Latium*, &c. Exsŭl ăb Arcăděs, Lătĭos Evandĕr ĭn agros Venĕrat. *O.* ∾ lingŭă. *O.* [¶ Lătĭnŭs, Ausŏnĭŭs; *sts.* Laurens, Laurentĭnŭs, Laurentĭŭs. Œnotrĭŭs; *ext.* ˘Itălŭs, Romanŭs.]

LATMĬCUS, ă, um. *Of Mount Latmus, in Caria, on which Diana put Endymion to sleep. C. D.* In Vĕnĕrem Anchises, in Lunam Latmĭŭs heros. *O.*

LATŎĬDES, æ. *m.* 1. *Son of Latona, Apollo.* Latŏĭden votis Itĕrumque ĭtĕrumquĕ cănamŭs. *St.* *See* APOLLO. 2. Pl. *Apollo and Diana. Aus.*

LATOĬS, ĭdis. *f. Daughter of Latona, Diana.* Tĭmĭŏ sævæ Latoĭdŏs iram. *O.* [¶ Latonĭă.]

LATOĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Latona.* Nec stirps Latoĭă vestro &c. *O.* [¶ Latoĭus.]

LATŎMIÆ, *and* LAUTŬMIÆ, arum. *f. pl. A quarry, used as a prison for slaves.* Inde ibis porro in latŏmĭas lăpĭdarĭas. *Pl.*

LATONĂ, æ. *f. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana. C. D.* Latonæ tăcĭtum pertentant gaudĭă pectŭs. *V.* [¶ Titanĭs, Titanĭă.] Crel. Fĭlĭă Cœi. Cœo gĕnĭtă. ˘Apollĭnis *or* Dianæ –matĕr, gĕnĭtrix.

LATONĬĂ, æ. *f. Daughter of Latona, Diana.* Astrorum dĕcŭs, et nĕmŏrum Latonĭă custos. *V.* [¶ Latoĭs.] *See* DIANA.

LATONĬGĒNĂ, æ. *m. f. Offspring of Latona, Apollo and Diana.* Et dătĕ Latonæ Latonĭgĕnisquĕ dŭobŭs. *O.*

LATONĬCUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Latona.* Latonĭă Delŏs. *V.* [¶ Latoĭŭs, Latoŭs.]

LATOŬS, ă, um = Latoĭŭs. Used subst. m. *Apollo.* Latoŭs ărundĭnĕ victum Affecit pœna. *O.* and *H.*

LATRATŎR, ōris. *m. A barker;* hence, *a dog.* Omnĭgĕnumquĕ dĕum monstra, et latratŏr ˘Anubĭs. *V.* Latratoresquĕ mŏlossi. *M.*

LATRATŬS, us. *m. A barking.* Venator cursu cănĭs et latratĭbŭs instăt. *V.* Latratu signă dĕdĕrunt. *O.* [¶ *Ext.* Clamŏr, ŭlŭlatŭs.]

LATRINĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A bath. Lucil.* 2. Us. *A water-closet.* Immundis quæcunquĕ vŏmit latrină clŏacis. *Col.* *See* CLOACA.

I. LATRO, as. 1. *To bark, to bark at.* Tr. and intr. Hȳlax in limĭnĕ latrăt. *V.* ∾ cervinam pellem. *H.* illum. *St.* Scĭt cui latretŭr. *O.* [¶ Allatro (*dat.*).] *See* LATRANS. Crel. Latratum (latratus) –edo, mitto, tollo. Latratu (latratĭbŭs) –insto, ăgo, terrĕo, turbo. Auras (ætherĕ, campos) latratĭbŭs –implĕo, cĭĕo, terrĕo, persŏno. Latratus ĭn auras tollo. Æther latratĭbŭs –rĕsŏnăt, insŏnăt. Latratŭs ĭn auras sævĭt. Phr. Nocturni cănes lŭlănt. Dŏmŭs mŏlossis cănĭbŭs persŏnăt. Fig. 2. *To bawl out, shout.* ∾ verbă cănĭnă. *O.* (*Ib.*) *See* CLAMO. 3. *To abuse violently. H. See* CONVITIOR. 4. *To resound, roar* (often of the sound of waters). Circum latrantĭbŭs undis. *V.* Hinc latrat Gætulă Thĕtĭs. *Cl.* 5. *To give cry to, make known by cries.* Magnas latrantĭă pectŏră curas. *St.* 6. *To demand loudly, cry out for.* Nil ălĭŭd sĭbĭ naturam latrarĕ &c. *Lr.* Latrantem stŏmăchum. *H.* [*Not* lătro *till very late. Avien.*]

II. LATRO, *and* LATRO, onis. *m.* 1. *A robber, a highwayman.* Ut jŭgŭlent hŏmĭnes, surgunt de noctĕ lătrones. *H.* Tutŭs ăb infestis latronĭbŭs. *H.* [¶ Fur, grassatŏr, prædo.] *See* FUR. 2. Anc. *A mercenary, as a body-guard; mercenary soldier. Enn. Pl.* 3. Sts. *A hunter on the wait.* Fixum lătronis frangĭt tĕlum (lĕo). *V.* 4. *A pawn at chess;* or *draughtsman.* *See* LATRUNCULUS.

LĂTROCĬNIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Military service, military expedition.* Sivĕ, lătrocĭnĭ sŭb Imagĭnĕ, calcŭlŭs ibĭt. *O.* 2. *Violent, open robbery, piracy,* &c. Quum dicas essĕ pĭrates rĕs Furtă lătrocĭnĭis. *H.* [¶ Prædă, răpină.] *See* PRÆDA.

LĂTROCĬNŎR, ārĭs. *To serve as a soldier; to rob openly and violently.* (Lătrocĭnĭum.) *See* LATRO, PRÆDOR.

LĂTRUNCŬLUS, i. *m. dim. of* Latro. (Lătro.) 1. *A highwayman. Cic.* 2. *A pawn at chess; a chessman, draughtsman. Sen.* [¶ Lătro, bellatŏr, calcŭlŭs, gemmă; *ext.* ăbăcŭs, alvĕŏlŭs.] Crel. Milĕs –gemmĕŭs, bĭcŏlŏr, discŏlŏr, vĭtrĕŭs. Vĭtrĕŭs –lătro, hostis. Phr. 1. *To play at chess* or *draughts.* Lătronum bellă (prœlĭă) luderĕ. Bellă vĭtrĕo millĭĕ gĕrĕrĕ &c. Gemma luderĕ. Discŏlŏr (discordans, *or* gĕmĭno hostĕ discŏlŏr) calcŭlŭs adstăt (exĭt), *or* pĕrĭt. Calcŭlŭs sŭb lătrocĭnĭi Imagĭnĕ exĭt. Candĭdŭs ĕt rŭbens sĭmŭl decertant. Æquali ăcĭe russĕŭs albus concurrĭt. 2. *The draught-* or *chess-board.* Tessĕră bisseno puncto. Tăbŭlă.

I. LATUS, ĕris. *n.* 1. *The flank, side in men and animals.* Lătĕrique accommŏdăt ensem. *V.* [¶ Costæ.] Ep. Mollĕ, tĕnĕrum; fortĕ, vălĭdum; invălĭdum, fessum, ăuhelum. 2. *Used of things inanimate.* ∾ proræ; montis. *V.* navis. *H.* 3. Lătŭs –tĕgo, claudo, tŭĕŏr. Lătĕri hærĕo. Sum lătĕrĭs custos. *To accompany, escort. H. M. J.* 4. Lătŭs do, præbĕo. *To lay oneself open to attack* (phr. from fencing). *Tib.* 5. Lătŭs tĕgo. *To shield oneself from attack.* Lătĕrĕ tecto abecedĕ (*safely*). *Ter.* 6. Artĭfĭces lătĕrĭs. *Dancing-masters. O.* 7. *A particular country* or *region.* ∾ mundi; Bŏrĕæ finĭtĭmum. *H.* *See* REGIO.

II. LATUS, ă, um. 1. *Broad, of wide extent.* Et latos vastant cultorĭbŭs agros. *V.* ∾-o ferro venabŭlă; orĕ fĕnestră. *V.* [¶ Amplŭs, pătŭlŭs, pătens, spătĭosŭs, ingens, magnŭs, vastŭs, diffusŭs, effusŭs, immanis.] 2. Latŭs clavŭs. *See* CLAVUS.

LĂTUSCŬLUM, i. *n. dim. of* Latus, *a side.* Quæcunquĕ lătuscŭlă sunt spĕcŭlorum. *Lr.* and *Cat.*

LAUDABĬLIS, ĕ. *Praiseworthy.* Natura fĭĕret laudabĭlĕ carmĕn ăn artĕ. *H.* [¶ Laudandŭs, mĕmŏrabĭlis, egrĕgĭŭs.] Crel. Laudĕ –fĕrendŭs, cănendŭs, dignŭs. Laudis plenŭs. Laudari dignŭs. Cui debĭtă laus, *or* laus est.

LAUDATŎR, ōris. *m.*, *and* LAUDATRIX, icis. *f. O. A praiser.* Derisor vero plus laudatorĕ mŏvetŭr. *H.* [¶ Laudans.] Crel. Munĭfĭcŭs laudis.

LAUDO, as. 1. *To praise.* [¶ Cĕlĕbro, prædĭco, effĕro, extollo, jacto; *sts.* căno, dico, mĕmŏro.] Crel. Laudĕ *or* laudĭbŭs –effĕro, cŭmŭlo, tollo, extollo, orno, dĕcŏro, affĭcĭo, ŏnĕro, implĕo, prosĕquŏr, commendo, cĕlĕbro. Laudes –do, adhibĕo. ˘In (ăd, sŭb) astră –fĕro, tollo. ˘Ad sidĕrĕ (In cœlum) tollo. Laudĭbŭs ăd cœlum effĕro, *or* cœlo æquo. Laudĭbŭs ŏnĕro. Laudes –dico, compono. Do munĕrĕ laudum. Laudĕ cĕlĕbro. Cĕlĕbro præconĭă laudum. Laudĭbŭs In longum ævum demitto. *See* CARMEN. 2. *To quote.* Jŏvem testem laudo. *Pl.* [¶ Appello, cĭto.] 3. *Pass.* Crel. Laudes *or* laudes –obtĭnĕo, fĕro, consequŏr, compăro, hălĕo. ˘ laudĕ sum. Res mĭhĭ –laudi est, laudi dăt laudem affert *or* pĕrĭt.

LAURĔĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A wreath of laurel.* Laurĕa nandŭs ˘Apollĭnari. *H.* 2. Sts. *The laurel-tree.* *H.* Ep. Spissă ramis. *See* LAURUS.

LAURENS, tis. *m. f. n.* 1. *Of Laurentum.* Lic at Laurentem attingĕrĕ Tibrim. *V.* [¶ Laurentĭnŭs, Laurentĭŭs.] 2. Laurentes, um. *m. pl.* *The inhabitants of Laurentum. V.* 3. Ext. *Romans. Romans. Sil.*

LAURENTALĬA, ĭum. *n. pl. A feast in honour of Acca Laurentia. O.*

LAURENTĬA, *or* LARENTĬA, æ. *f. The wife of Faustulus, and foster-mother of Romulus and*

Remus. Te, tantæ nutrix, Laurentĭă, gentĭs. *O.*

Laurentinŭs (*L.*), *and* **Laurentĭŭs** (*V.*), ă, um = Laurens.

Laurĕŭs, ă, um. *Of laurel; laurel*, adj. *O.*

Lauricŏmŭs, ă, um. *Garlanded* or *covered with laurel.* Lauricŏmos ut si per montes flammâ vāgetŭr. *Lr.*

Lauriffĕr, *and* **Laurigĕr**, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Carrying laurel, laurel-wreathed.* Lauriferos nullo cŏmĭtetŭr vulnĕrĕ currus. *L.* ~ Phœbŭs. *O.*

Laurŭs, i *or* us. *f. The laurel-tree, sacred to Apollo. C. D.* Itĕ triumphales circum mĕă tempŏrĕ lauri. *O.* Sŭb lauru mĕa. *H.* [¶ Laurĕă.] **Ep.** Aŏnĭă, ˘Apollĭnĕă, Phœbĕă, Delĭă, Delphĭcă, Parnassĭă, Parnassĭs, săcrâ, cŏmans, frondens, vĭrens, vĭridĭs, ŏdorâ, fatĭdĭcă, victrix, castă, innŭbă. **Crel.** Lauri frondes. Arbŏr -Phœbi, Phœbĕă, Parnassĭă, Parnassĭs. Phœbi -frons, frondes. Germĕn ˘Apollĭnĕum. Lauri -perpĕtŭum dĕcŭs, perpĕtŭi hŏnores.

Laus, laudĭs. *f.* 1. Us. pl. *Praise in words, commendation.* Quĭbus cœlo te laudĭbŭs æquem? *V.* Laudum cŭpido. *V.* Laudes dicĕrĕ. *O.* [¶ Præconĭum *or* præconĭă.] **Ep.** Egrĕgĭă, insignĭs, pulchrâ, dĕcorâ. 2. *Renown, glory.* Vitam pro laudĕ păcisci. *V.* Cŭpidĭnĕ laudĭs călerĕ. *V.* [¶ Glorĭă, dĕcŭs, famâ, &c.] *See* Gloria. 3. *Praiseworthy deeds.* Sunt sŭă præmĭă laudi. *V.* Laudĕ cŏronam mĕreri. Pro laudĭbŭs (istis) dignâ præmĭă solvĕrĕ. *V.* **Crel.** Egrĕgĭo (præclare) -gestă, factă.

Laute. *adv. Splendidly, magnificently. H. Pl.* [¶ Magnĭfĭce.]

Lautumiæ. *See* Lautomiæ.

Lautŭs, *or* **Lotŭs**, ă, um. *part. See* Lavo. 1. **Lotŭs.** *Washed.* Lotis manĕ sĕnex mănĭbus currebăt. *H.* ~ In unda. *St.* [¶ Perlotŭs, ablutŭs, elutŭs, tersŭs, purgatŭs, mundŭs.] 2. *Bathed, made wet. See* Madens. 3. Lautŭs. Us. as adj. *Tasteful, rich, sumptuous.* Lautum atquĕ bĕatum. *J.* Lautorum pŭĕros. *J.* ˘Epŭlæ lautĭores. *St.* [¶ Elĕgans, cultŭs, excultŭs, ornatŭs, splendĭdŭs, magnĭfĭcŭs, divĕs, ŏpŭlentŭs; *sts.* unctŭs.]

Lavacrum, i. *n.* 1. *A bath.* ˘Avĭdus splenderĕ lăvacrĭa. *Cl. See* Balneum. 2. Fig. *Baptism. Eccl. See* Baptisma.

Lăverna, æ. *f. The goddess of thieves and rascals.* Pulchrâ Lăvernâ: Da mĭhĭ fallĕrĕ, da sanctum justumquĕ vĭdĕrĭ. *H.*

Lavinĭa, *and* **Lavinia**, æ. *f. Lavinia, daughter of Latinus, and wife of Æneas. C. D.* Exŭlĭbusnĕ dăbitur ducendâ Lăvinĭă Teucris? *V.* Quem tĭbĭ longævo serum Lavinĭă conjux. *V.*

Lăvinĭum, **Lavĭnĭum**, **Lavinium**, *and* **Lăvinum**, i. *n. Lavinium, a city of Latium, founded by Æneas.* Promissâ Lăvini Mœnĭă. *V.* Et pŏpŭlus Laurens Lavĭnĭumquĕ mĕum. *O.* Lavini, Tĭbĕrinăque ăd ostĭă venit. *O.* Sedes prælatâ Lăvino. *J.*

Lavinĭŭs, *and* **Lavinŭs**, ă, um. *Of Lavinium.* Nec prolem Ausŏnĭam, et Lavinĭă respĭcĭt arvă. *V.* Itălĭam fato prŏfŭgus Lavinăquĕ venĭt Littŏrâ. *V.* and *Pp.*

Lăvo, as *and* Is, lavi, lautum *or* lotum, lăvaturŭs. 1. *To wash.* tr. Orăquĕ suscepta manĕ lăventŭr ăqua. *O.* ˘Aquas săcrâ lăvaturas pĕtebăt. *O.* [¶ Ablŭo, ellŭo, abstergĕo *or* abstergo, tergĕo, mundo, purgo.] **Crel.** ˘Aqua (ăquis) -lăvo, ellŭo, prollŭo, purgo, mundo, tingo, &c. Adspergĭnĕ lăvo. 2. Lăvo. intr. (*M.*), *and* **Lăvŏr.** *To bathe.* Lăvĭtŭr pătrĭos ăd amnes. *V. Fl.* Thermis lăvatŭr. *M. See* Balneum. 3. *To dip, wet, sprinkle.* ~-ĭt æquŏrĕ currum; vino făvillam; orâ crŭorĕ. *V.* ~-ĕt armâ cĕrebro. *V. Fl.* [¶ Ablŭo, tingo, adspergo, mergo, perfundo, rĭgo, spargo, &c.] *See* Madefacio, Mergo. 4. *To wash in flowing by. M.* (of the Eurotas.) [¶ Allŭo, rĭgo, præterflŭo.] 5. Fig. *To dissolve, wash away.* ~ mălâ vino. *H.* [¶ Ellŭo, dilŭo, mergo.]

Laxe. *adv. Loosely, unrestrictedly, at ease.* ~ jăcŭissĕ căpillos; ponĕrĕ membrâ tŏro. *O.* flŭĭtarĕ (vincŭlâ). *L.*

Laxo, as. 1. *To widen, open.* Et vĭă vix tandem voci laxatâ dŏlore est. ~ ălnus (de arvis). *V.* [¶ Solvo, rĕlaxo, ăpĕrĭo, pando, diduco, rĕsĕro.] 2. *To loosen, slacken, relax.* ~ rŭdentes. *V.* [¶ Rĕlaxo, rĕmitto.] 3. *Used fig.* ~ curas somno; iras. *V.* solĕ prŭinas. *St.* serĭă vĕrĕcunda mensa. *Pers.* 4. *To give ease and rest to, to refresh.* Laxatŭs nectărĕ. *M.* ~ artus. *V.* [¶ Rĕlaxo, rĕcrĕo.] 5. *To unveil.* ~ fatâ lătentĭă. *St.* [¶ ˘Apĕrĭo.] *See* Detego. 6. *To lengthen out.* ~ ferrum ăd usus innŭmĕros. *St.* (*fig.*) ~ tempŭs fŭgæ. *Sen.* [¶ Extendo, &c.] 7. *To unload, lighten.* ~ hŭmĕros phărĕtra. *Sen.* [¶ Lĕvo.]

Laxŭs, ă, um. 1. *Loose, not drawn close* or *tight.* Laxæ hăbenæ. Laxi de vimĭnĕ circli. *V.* ~ ălnŭs; funĭs. *H.* [¶ Laxatŭs, rĕmissŭs, sŏlutŭs, rĕlaxatŭs, flŭens.] 2. *Open, having apertures.* Janŭă ~ ferenti. *O.* ~-æ compages (*pl.*). *V. See* Apertus. 3. *Ample, large in quantity.* ~ ŏpes. *M.*

Lĕa, *and* **Lĕæna**, æ. *f. A lioness.* Ipsĕ fŭit Lĭbŷcæ prædâ crŭentâ lĕæ. *O.* Fulva cervicĕ lĕænâ. *V. See* Leo.

Leandĕr. *M.*, *or* **Leandrŭs**, i. *m. Leander, the lover of Hero.* (*See* Hero.) Si tĭbĭ talĕ frĕtum quondam, Leandrĕ, fŭissĕt. *O.* **Crel.** ˘Abydenŭs jŭvĕnĭs.

Leandrĭŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Leander. Sil.*

Lĕbes, etĭs. *m. A cauldron* or *metal kettle.* Tertĭă donâ făcit gĕmĭnos ex ærĕ lĕbetăs. *V.* ˘Opĕroso ex ærĕ lĕbetăs. *O. See* Olla.

Lectica, æ. *f. A litter, sedan.* Lecticam dŏmĭnæ dissĭmŭlantĕr ădi. *O.* Clausa ~ fĕnestra. *J.* [¶ Lecticŭlă, sellă, hexăphŏrum.]

Lecticŭla, æ. *f. dim. of* Lectica. Dat tĭbĭ securos vilis lecticŭlâ somnos. *M.*

Lectŏr, ŏris. *m. A reader.* Jurĕ tĭbi grates, candĭdĕ lectŏr, ăgo. *O.* [¶ Lĕgens.]

Lectŭlus, i. *m. dim. of* Lectus. Nec consuetĕ mĕum, lectŭlĕ, corpŭs hăbes. *O.*

Lectŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A bed.* Umbrâ crŭentâ Rĕmi visa est adsistĕrĕ lecto. *O.* Descendĕrĕ lecto. *Tib.* [¶ Lectŭlŭs, tŏrŭs, thălămŭs, cŭbilĕ, stratum, fulcrum, spondâ; *sts.* grăbatŭs.] **Ep.** ˘Eburnĕŭs, ĕburnŭs, mollĭs, plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, ignavŭs, Iners. **Crel.** Mollĭă lecti stratâ. Strati lecti cŭbilĭă. Thălămi tŏrŭs. Stramĭnâ tŏri. 2. Lectum pĕto. *To go to bed. See* Cubo, Jaceo. 3. Lecto surgo. *To get up* (from bed). *See* Surgo. 4. *The nuptial bed.* Lit. and fig. [¶ Thălămŭs. Lectŭs jŭgalis.] *See* Conjugium. 5. *A couch at meals. H.* [¶ Lectŭlŭs, tŏrŭs.] 6. *A bed on which the dead were formally laid out; a bier.* Flebĭs ĕt arsuro pŏsĭtum me, Delĭă, lecto. *Tib.*

Ledă, æ, *and* **Lede**, es. *f. Leda, the wife of Tyndarus, mother of Pollux and Helen, Castor and Clytemnestra. C. D.* Dat tĭbĭ Lædă Jŏvem, cycno deceptâ, părentem. *O.* Qualis ĕrat Ledo &c. *O.* **Ep.** Formosâ, pulchrâ, credŭlâ, deceptâ.

Ledæus, *and* **Ledeĭŭs**, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *relating to Leda.* Ledæamque Hĕlĕnam Trojanas vexĭt ăd arces. *V.* Ledæo pullŭs in ovo. *M.* 2. *To Castor and Pollux.* Ledæă siderĭă. *L.* 3. *To Sparta.* ~ gurgĕs. *St.* Xanthippŭs. *Sil.*

Legatum, i. *n. A legacy.* Legatum omnĕ căpis, necnon et dulcĕ căducum. *J. See* Hereditas.

Legatŭs, i. *m. An ambassador.* Hunc ŭbi legati rĕdĭcĕrĕ nĕgatā fĕrentes. *O.* [† Oratŏr.]

Legĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Giving* or *making laws.* Optavit Minos sĭmĭles sibi legĭfĕr annos. *O.* [† Legis *or* legum latŏr.] **Phr.** *To make laws; to govern by laws.* Leges -fĕro, do, indico, dico, stātĭo, pono, impono, constĭtŭo, sancĭo, figo, condo, scisco. Legĭbŭs -freno, compesco, mŏdĕrŏr, cŏhĭbĕo, tempĕro. Legĕ cŏercĕo. *Of a legislator.* Jurā ĕt leges vĭris dăt. Mores vĭris poulĭt. Legĭbŭs urbem fundăt. Leges incidĭt ligno. Jurā constĭtŭĭt. ˇAnĭmos ăd civĭlĭā vertĭt jurā. Leges fert auctŏr.

Legio, onis. *f.* **1.** *The Roman legion.* Quod mĭhi pareret lĕgio Romanā tribuno. *H.* **2.** Gen. *A battalion, troop of armed men.* ∾ cŏmĭtatŭr ăgrestis. *V.* [† Cătervā, cŏhors, ăcies, mănĭplŭs, &c.] *See* Exercitus.

Legitime. *adv. Legally.* Non, nĭsi legĭtĭme, vult nubĕrĕ. *J.*

Legitimŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Appointed by law, according to appointed laws and rules.* Legĭtĭmo cernes cœli lustrantĭā cursu (signā). *Cic.* (*Arat.*) ∾ sŏnŭs (*in metre*). *H.* ∾-ă verbā (*prescribed by law*). *M.* [† Justŭs, rātŭs, fixŭs, certŭs, solennis, ingĕnŭus.] **2.** *Legitimate, lawful.* Legĭtĭmo fœdĕrĕ junctŭs ămŏr. *O.* ∾ conjux. *O.* [† Justŭs.] **3.** *Permitted. O.* [† Lĭcĭtŭs, concessŭs.]

I. **Lego**, as. **1.** *To depute, send as ambassador.* Ipsā sŭum Zĕphyritis ĕo fămŭlum legarăt. *Cat.* [† Mitto.] **2.** *To entrust with the conduct of any matter. Pl.* [† Committo, mando.] **3.** *To leave by will. H. M. See* Heres.

II. **Lĕgo**, is, legi, lectum. **1.** *To pick, gather, collect.* Pabŭlā parvā lĕgens nidisquĕ lŏquacĭbŭs escam. *V.* ∾ hallĭtum orĕ; ficum. *O.* fractos in gurgĭtĕ remos. *H.* [† Collĭgo, carpo; *sts.* decerpo.] *See* Carpo. **2.** *To pick out, select.* ∾ corpŏrā matrum; præstantes virtutĕ. *V.* tempŭs. *O. See* Eligo. **3.** *To read. O.* [† Perlĕgo, volvo, evolvo.] **Crol.** ˇOcŭlis -lustro, perlustro, percurro.] **4.** *To observe well, study with the eye.* Adversos ∾, ĕt vĕnĭentum vultus discĕrĕ. *V.* ∾ tortos orbes (vĭri vestigati); vestigiā rĕtro observatā. *V.* [† Observo.] **5.** *To fold up, wind up, furl.* ∾ velā. *V.* filā. *O.*; *and fig. of the Parcæ.* ∾ extremā (Lauso) filā. *V.* [† Contrăho, collĭgo.] **6.** ∾ oram, littŭs, &c. *To coast along.* tr.; *pass close over* or *by.* ∾ frĕtā; vādā. *V.* oram æquŏrĭs. *H.* Căprĕas. *O.* [† Rado, prætervĕhŏr, prælabŏr.] *See* Navigo. **7.** *To take, carry off clandestinely;* hence (fig.), *to catch furtively by ear* or *eye.* ∾ omnĭā viscatis mănĭbŭs. *Lucil.* sŏcĕros ĕt abducĕrĕ pactas. *V.* sācrā divum. *H.* sermonem lŏquentum. *Pl.* [† Furŏr, sublĕgo.]

Legumen, inis. *n. Pulse;* sp. *beans.* Lætum sĭlĭqua quassantĕ lĕgumĕn. *V.* Indulgerĕ ventri non omnĕ lĕgumĕn. *J.* [† Lens, lentis. *f.*] *See* Faba.

Lĕlĕgēs, um. *m. pl. A Pelasgian tribe in Asia Minor and Greece.* Hic Lĕlĕgas, Carasquĕ, sāgittĭfĕrosquĕ Gĕlonos. *V.*

Lĕmannŭs, i. *m. The Lake of Geneva.* Desĕrŭcĕrĕ cāvo tentorĭā fixā Lĕmanno. *L.*

Lembŭs, i. *m. A skiff, wherry.* Adverso vix flumĭnĕ lembum Remĭgĭis sŭbĭgĭt. *V. See* Cymba.

Lemma, ătis. *n. The argument* or *title of a chapter* or *poem. M.*; hence, *a poem* or *epigram.* Consumpta est uno si lemmătĕ paginā, transis. *M.*

Lemniăcŭs, ă, um = Lemnĭŭs.

Lemnias, ădis. *f. A woman of Lemnos;* sp. *Hypsipyle.* Lemnĭăsi (*for* Lemnĭădĭbŭs) glădĭos in mĕā fatā dăbo. *O.* Lemnĭās orsā rĕfert. *St.*

Lemnĭcŏlā, æ. *m. f. An inhabitant of Lemnos;* sp. *Vulcan.* Sĭnĕ matrĕ crĕātam Lemnĭcŏlæ stirpem. *O.*

Lemnĭŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *from Lemnos, Lemnian; used also subst.* ∾ saxā. *O.* classis. *St.* [† Lemnĭăcŭs; *and subst.* Lemnĭās. *f.*] **2.** *Vulcan. O. V.*

Lemnŏs, *or* **Lemnŭs**, i. *f. An island in the Ægean, sacred to Vulcan. C. D.* **Crol.** Hypsĭpylĕā tellus. Lemnĭā -tellus, terrā.

Lĕmŭres, um. *m. pl. The spirits of the departed, spectres.* Mox ĕtiam Lĕmŭres ănĭmas dixissĕ sĭlentum. *O.* [† Larvæ, umbræ, sĭmŭlacrā, manes.] *See* Spectrum.

Lĕmŭria, ĭorum *and* ĭum. *n. pl. Feasts in honour of the Lemures, called also Remuria, from Remus, their founder.* Ritŭs ĕrit vĕtĕris nocturnā Lĕmŭriā sacri. *O.*

Lena, æ. *f. A procuress.* Lit. and fig. Venĭt in exĭtĭum callĭdā lenā mĕum. *Tib.* Pro făcĭe, multis vox sŭā lenā fŭit (*alluring*). *O. See* Leno.

Lenæŭs, i. *m. One of the names of Bacchus; used also adj.* Huc, pătĕr o Lenæĕ, vĕni. *V.* Lenæi hŏnores; lăĭĭces. *V.*

Leniměn, ĭnis. *n. An alleviation, a means of alleviating.* Hoc quŏquĕ lenimen, quo solo flexĭt ămantem. *O.* ∾ sĕnectæ. *O.* lăborum (testudo). *H.* [† Lenimentum, lĕvamĕn, fomentum, solatĭum.]

Lenio, is. **1.** *To soften, soothe.* Tentaretquĕ fĕros rĕquĭe lenirĕ dŏlores. *O.* ∾ curas somno; tĭmorem. *V.* ănĭmos. *H.* [† Mulcĕo, mitigo, fŏvĕo; *sts.* mĭnŭo.] **2.** *To appease.* ∾ rŏgando sŭpĕros. *O. See* Placo.

Lenis, ĕ. **1.** *Gentle, soft* or *mild to the sense.* Leni flŭĭt agmĭnĕ Tibris. *V.* Lenĭŏr aurā. ∾ Amphrysŭs; vŏlatŭs; tĕpŏr; somnŭs; littĕrā. *O.* mĕrum; tormentum ingĕnio. *H.* [† Mitis, clemens, mollis, plăcĭdŭs, quietŭs, blandŭs.] **2.** *Mild, gentle, &c., in disposition.* Lenĭŏr et mĕlĭŏr accedentĕ sĕnecta. *H.* ∾ victŏr in hostĕ. *O.* [† Bŏnŭs, mitis, făcĭlis, clemens, plăcĭdŭs, humanŭs.]

Lenitas, atis. *f. Gentleness, lenity.* ˇIneptā lenitas Pătris et făcĭlĭtas prava. *Ter. See* Bonitas.

Lenĭtĕr, *and* **Lenĕ**. *n. as adv.* **1.** *Gently, quietly* (of the outward manner). Illĕ pĕr excŭbias custodum lenĭtĕr irĕ. *O.* Lenĭŭs et mŏdĭco strĕpĭtu decurrĕrĕ vidi (torrentem). *O.* Lenĕ -fluens Nilus. *L.* sŏnans ăquā. *O.* vĭrens amnis. *St.* [† Mollĭtĕr, clementĕr, plăcĭdĕ.] **2.** *Gently, peaceably, patiently* (of the inward feeling). [† Plăcĭdĕ, bĕnigne; *sts.* æquo ănĭmo.]

Leno, onis. *f. A procurer, pander.* Devŏvĕt impĕrĭum tămĕn hæc lenonis ăvari. *O.* **Ep.** Perfidŭs, callĭdŭs, turpis, imprŏbŭs.]

Lenocinium, ĭi. *n. The trade of the procurer. Pl.*; and fig. *personal allurement of any kind.* Hinc lenocĭnĭum formæ cultusquĕ rĕpertŭs Corpŏris. *Manil.*

Lens, tis. *f. Pulse.* Nec Pelusĭăcæ curam asper— nabĕrĕ lentis. *V.* [† Lentĭcŭlā.] *See* Legumen.

Lente. *adv. Slowly, without effort.* Pompeium vincĕrĕ lente Indignum est. *L.* ∾ grădĭens ăsellus. *O.* [† Tarde, segnĭtĕr, rĕmissĕ, ignave.] **Crol.** Non cĕlĕri pĕdĕ. Desĭdĕ passu. Lento *or* tardo -grădu, gressu, passu.

Lentesco, is. **1.** *To become flexible, supple, soft.* Et plĭcis in morem ad dĭgĭtos lentescĭt hăbendo (*becomes gluey*). *V.* **2.** Fig. *To abate, become calm.* Lentescunt tempŏrĕ curæ. *O.* [† Lenĭŏr, mollĭŏr, mitĭgŏr.]

Lentiscifĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing mastich-trees.*

Hinc cālĭdi fontes lentiscĭfĕrumquĕ tĕnentŭr Liternum. *O.*

Lentiscum, i. *n.* **Lentiscŭs**, i. *f.* **1.** *The mastich-tree.* Lentiscum mĕllĭus; sed si tĭbi frondĕă cuspĭs. *M.* Lentiscus trĭplĭci sŏlĭta grandescĕrĕ fetu. *Cic.* (*Div.*) **2.** *A tooth-pick of the wood.* Föditquĕ tonsis orā laxā lentiscis. *M.*

Lento, as. **1.** *To bend, make flexible.* Trinăcrĭa lentandus remŭs ĭn unda. *V.* *See* Flecto. **2.** Fig. *To protract.* ∾ bellā. *Sil.* [† Trăho, duco.]

Lentŭlŭs, i. *m.* *The name of a noble Roman family.* *C. D.* Lentŭlŭs hac pœna cărŭlt. *J.*

Lentŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Supple, pliant, ductile.* Ac vĕlŭti lentis Cyclopum fulmĭnă massis Quum prŏpĕrant. *V.* ∾ vimĕn. *V.* flăgellum. *Ph.* ∾-ă verbĕrā. *V.* Lentissĭmā brachĭā. *H.* Lentĭŏr sălĭcis virgis. *O.* [† Flexĭlis, flexĭbĭlis.] **2.** *Viscous, sticky.* ∾ glutēn. *V.* Pĭcē lentĭŭs. *V.* [† Spissŭs, viscosŭs.] **3.** *Inert, dull, still, without life and energy.* In lento luctantŭr marmŏrĕ tonsæ. *V.* ∾-i carbones. ∾-æ mŏræ. ∾-ă gĕlu (tellus). *O.* [† Tardŭs, pĭgĕr, ĭners, segnĭs, languĭdŭs, ignavŭs, rĕmissŭs.] *See* Piger. **4.** *At ease, at leisure.* Tu, Titȳrĕ, ∾ ĭn umbra. *V.* [† Securŭs, plăcĭdŭs, tranquillŭs, &c.] **5.** *Unmoved, even-minded.* ∾ tŭli mĭnas. *Sen.* [† Quiĕtŭs, plăcĭdŭs, immotŭs, æquŭs, fortĭs.] **6.** *Indifferent, insensible.* ∾-o pectŏrĕ ferrĕ mălā. *Tib.* [† Immotŭs, frigĭdŭs, durŭs.] **7.** *Long, lengthened out.* ∾-as millĭtĭas. *Tib.* *See* Longus. **8.** *Long, for a long time.* *O.* *See* Diuturnus.

Lĕo, onis. *m.* (Lĕō. *St.*) **1.** *A lion.* Tum demum mŏvĕt armā lĕo, gaudetquĕ cŏmantes. *V.* Vastā lĕonĭbŭs irā. *O.* Ut lĕō qui campis longe custodĕ fŭgato. *St.* **Ep.** Afĕr, Gætulŭs, Libȳcŭs, hirsutŭs, jŭbatŭs, trux, torvŭs, vĭŏlentŭs, răbĭdŭs, mĭnax, fĕrŭs, immanis, aspĕr, horrĭdŭs, fĕrox, audax, fortĭs, ănĭmosŭs, gĕnĕrosŭs. **Crol.** Silvarum rex. Nĕmŏrum rex ĕt dŏmĭnŭs. **2.** *The constellation so called.* *O.* **Ep.** Herculĕŭs, vesanŭs. **Crol.** Clĕŏnæum sidŭs. *See* Canicula. **3.** Sts. *A lion's skin.* Aptans hŭmĕris căpĭtiquĕ lĕonem. *V. Fl.*

Leonidas, æ. *m.* (Λεωνίδας.) *The celebrated Lacedæmonian.* *C. D.*

Lĕpĭdē. *adv.* *In a pleasant, agreeable way; with wit, grace, elegance.* Jŏcose et lĕpĭdē vŏverĕ divis. *Cat.* ∾ nĭtĭdequĕ cœnarĕ; făcĕrĕ. *Pl.* [† Recte, pulchre, bĕnĕ.]

Lĕpĭdŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Pleasing, agreeable, charming.* Gallŭs hăbet fratres, quorum est lĕpĭdissĭmă conjux Altĕrĭus. lĕpĭdus filĭus altĕrĭŭs. *Cat.* [† Festivŭs, vĕnustŭs, jucundŭs.] **2.** *Witty, pleasant; graceful and refined in conversation.* ∾ dictum. *H.* (*opp. to* Inurbanum.) [† Facetŭs, urbanŭs, argutŭs.]

Lĕpŏr, *or* **Lĕpos**, ŏris. *m.* *Grace, agreeableness;* esp. *charm and grace of language, wit.* Mĕdĭo de fontĕ lĕporum Surgit ămari ăliquĭd. *L.* Musæo contĭnguens cuncĭā lĕporĕ. *Lr.* Tŭo lĕporĕ incensŭs. *Cat.* [† Gratĭā, vĕnustas, dĕcŏr, dĕcŭs, vŏluptas, dulcedo, *or* urbanĭtas.] *See* Decor.

Lĕpŭs, ŏris. *m.* *A hare.* Nunc lĕpŏrem pronum cătŭlo sectarĕ săgaci. *O.* **Ep.** Tĭmĭdŭs, păvĭdŭs, fŭgax, răpĭdŭs, cĕlĕr, auritŭs. *See* Venor.

Lerna, æ, *and* **Lerne**, es. *f.* *A marsh near Argos, where Hercules killed the Hydra.* *C. D.* Et Lernam trĕmĕfecĕrĭt arcu. *V.* **Crol.** Lernæā pălus.

Lernæus, ă, um. *Of Lerna.* Mixtus Lernæi tabĕ vĕneni. *O.*

Lesbĭas, ădŏs, *and* **Lesbĭs**, ĭdŏs. *f.* **1.** *A woman of Lesbos.* Nec me Lesbĭādum tetĕrā turbā jŭvāt. *O.* Lesbĭdes æquŏrĕæ, nupturæ, nuptăquĕ proles. *O.* [† Lesbĭā.] **2.** Sp. *Sappho.* Lesbĭs ămatā Phœbo. *O.* **3.** *Used adj.* Lesbĭdā lȳram. *O.*

Lesbĭcus, *and* **Lesbŏcus**, ă, um, *and* **Lesbiacus**. *Aus.* **1.** *Of* or *relating to Lesbos; to Sappho* or *Alcæus.* Lesbĭā vinā. *H.* vates. *O.* Lesbŏum tendĕrĕ barbĭtŏn. *H.* **2.** Lesbĭum. *n.* (sc. vinum.) *Lesbian wine.* Non innŏcentis pocŭlā lesbĭi. *H.*

Lesbŏs, i. *f.* *An island in the Ægean.* *V.* Tutā lātebrā Lesbŏs ĕrĭt. *L.* Quam Methymnæo carpit de palmĭtĕ Lesbŏs. *V.*

Lesbŏcus. *See* Lesbius.

Letalis, ĕ. *Deadly, mortal.* Spiramenta ănĭmæ letali vulnĕrĕ rupĭt. *O.* ∾ ărundo. *V.* [† Letĭfĕr, fatĭfĕr, mortĭfĕr, exĭtĭalis.]

Letatus, ă, um. *part. from* Leto. *Killed.* Ut nĕmŭs intravit, letatăquĕ corpŏrā vidĭt. *O.* *See* Occisus.

Lethæus, ă. um. **1.** *Of Lethe.* Corpŏrā debentur; Lethæi ad flumĭnis undam. *V.* **2.** Fig. *Producing oblivion.* Lethæā pāpāverā. ∾ somnŭs. *V.* ămŏr. *O.* [† Oblivĭosŭs, immĕmŏr.]

Lethalis. *See* Letalis.

Lethargicus, ă, um. *Lethargic, subject to lethargy.* Ut lethargĭcŭs hic quum fit pŭgil, et mĕdĭcum urgĕt. *H.*

Lethargus, i. *m.* *A lethargy.* Aŭdĕ quŏd in nigras lethargi mergĭtŭr umbras. *Lr.*

Lethe, es. *f.* *A river of the infernal regions; those who drank its waters forgot the past.* Da mĭhĭ, si quĭd ea est, hĕbĕtantem pertŏrā Lethen. *O.* **Ep.** Stȳgĭā, Tartārĕā, sŏporĭfĕrā, immĕmŏr, securā; oblivĭā venis trāhens. **Crol.** Lethæŭs -amnis, gurgĕs, lăcŭs. Lethæā -ăquā, undā. Lethæum -flumĕn, stagnum. Lethæā stagnā. Amnis immĕmŏr. Lethææ ripæ oblivĭā. Lethæi flumĭnis securi lātĭces. Sŏporĭfĕræ Lethes pocŭlā. *See* Inferi.

Lethum. *See* Letum.

Letifĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Deadly, causing death.* Letĭfĕris cālĭdi spirarunt flatĭbŭs austri. *O.* ∾ annŭs. *V.* *See* Letalis.

Letĭficus, ă, um. *Deadly, death-dealing.* Letĭfĭca dŭbĭos explorant aspĭdĕ partus. *L.*

Leto, as (*dbf.*). *To kill.* Quiquĕ Lȳcurgiden letavĭt ĕt arbŏrĕ natum. *O.* (*Ib.*) *See* Occido, Letatus.

Letum, i. *n.* **1.** *Death;* us. *not natural death.* *See* Mors. Qui nati coram me cernĕrĕ letum Fecisti. *V.* Millĕ mŏdis leti. *St.* *See* Nex. **2.** Sts. *Ruin, destruction,* gen. Teucrum res crĭpĕ leto. *V.* *See* Exitium.

Leucadĭcus, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to Leucadia, an island in the Ionian Sea, near Acarnania.* Neu sim Leucādĭæ mortŭā crimĕn ăquæ. *O.* **2.** *A name of Apollo, worshipped in Leucadia.* Actæum pŏpŭli Leucādĭumquĕ vŏcant. *O.*

Leucas, ădis. *f.* *The capital of the island of Leucadia.* Leucādā contĭnŭam vĕtĕres hăbŭĕrĕ cŏloni. *O.* [† Leucādĭā, Leucates.]

Leucates, æ. *m.* *A promontory of Leucadia.* Leucatæ nimbosā căcumĭnā montis. *V.* Totum Leucaten. *V.*

Leucŏĭŏn, ĭi. *n.* *The white violet* or *snow-flake.* Candĭdā leucŏĭa, et flavantĭā lumĭnā calthæ. *Col.*

Leucŏthĕa, æ, *and* **Leucŏthĕe**, es. *f.* *The name of Ino after her change into a sea-goddess; afterwards confounded with the old Italic Matuta.* Leucŏthĕe Graiis, Matutā vŏcabĕrĕ nostris. *O.*

Lĕvamĕn, ĭnis. *n.* *An alleviation, means of relief.* Quis mĭhĭ desertæ mitĕ lĕvamĕn ĕrit? *O.* [† Lĕvamentum, leniměn, &c.] *See* Lenimen.

Lĕvipes, ĕdis. *Swift of foot.* Subterquĕ pĕdes Orionĭ' jăcet lĕvĭpes lĕpŭs. *Cic.* (*Arat.*)

I. Lĕvĭs, ĕ. 1. *Light, of little weight.* Ferrĕt hĭems culmumquĕ lĕvem, stĭpŭlamquĕ vŏlantem. *V.* **Crcl.** Nullo ponderĕ. Sĭnĕ ponderĕ. Grăvĭtatĕ cărens. Expers grăvĭtatĭs. Nĭl grăvĭtatĭs *or* ponderĭs hăbens. 2. *Light, of rapid motion.* ∾-es cervi; rŏtæ. *V.* *See* Celer. Fig. 3. *Light, inconstant.* Bacchĕ ∾. *O.* Tu lĕvĭor cortĭcĕ. *H.* [† Inconstans, mobĭlis, mutabĭlis, instăbĭlis.] **Crcl.** ˘Anĭmo-lĕvi, incerto, instăbĭli. Cui mens mutabĭlis. C. mobĭlĕ pectŭs. Sĭbĭ non constans. **Phr.** Lĕvĭŏr fŏlĭis. Verna aura incertĭŏr. ˘In horas mutatŭr. *See* Inconstantia. 4. *Light, weak, empty.* Parvă lĕves căpĭunt ănĭmos. *O.* [† Futĭlis.] 5. *Light, slight, little, inconsiderable.* Nĕquĕ ĕnim lĕvĕ nomĕn ˘Amatæ. *V.* ∾ sŭsurrŭs (undæ). *V.* causă. *Pp.* lumĕn. *V. Fl.* Quærĕ mŏdos lĕvĭorĕ plectro. *H.* [† Parvŭs, exĭgŭus, tĕnŭis.] 6. *Vain, false.* Sit prĕcŏr illă lĕvis. *Tib.* *See* Fallax.

II. Levis, ĕ. *Smooth, even.* *See* Lævis.

Lĕvĭsomnus, ă, um. *Sleeping lightly.* At lĕvĭsomnă cănum fido cum pectŏrĕ tergă. *Lr.*

Lĕvĭtas, atis. *f.* 1. *Lightness in weight.* Proxĭmŭs est acer illi lĕvĭtatĕ lŏcoquĕ. *O.* 2. *Lightness, agility of motion.* Vŏlŭcri lĕvĭtatĕ fĕruntŭr. *Lr.* *See* Celeritas. 3. *Locomotiveness.* Termĭnĕ, lĕvĭtas tĭbĭ lĭbĕrā non est. *O.* [† Mobĭlĭtas.] 4. Fig. *Fickleness, inconstancy.* *O.* [† Mobĭlĭtas, inconstantĭă.] **Crcl.** Mobĭlĕ pectŭs. *See* Inconstantia.

Lĕvĭtĕr. 1. *Lightly, as to weight.* Ovăquĕ non acri lĕvĭter versată făvilla. *H.* [† Mollĭtĕr.] 2. *Lightly, little.* ∾ dŏlerĕ. *O.* curarĕ. *H.* [† Pĕrum, paulum.] 3. *Lightly, without thought* or *care.* ∾ dicas, Hæc quŏquĕ nostrā fŭit. Ne ∾ credas &c. *Lr.* *See* Temere.

Lĕvo, as. 1. *To lift, lift up, raise.* Lit. and fig. Ter sese attollens cŭbĭtoque innixă lĕvavĭt. *V.* ∾ naves scŏpŭlo. *V.* castrā. *L.* ∾-ăt cycnum aurā. *H.* Lĕvantĭbŭs alte intŭmŭĭt rebŭs. *Cl.* [† Tollo, attollo, sublĕvo, erĭgo.] *See* Erigo. 2. *To lift off, to lighten, relieve* (of any load or pressure). Arctă lĕvari vinclă Prĭămŭs jŭbet. *V.* ∾ qm faacĕ; obsĭdĭonĕ. *V.* [† Exŏnĕro, rĕlĕvo; detrăho, ădĭmo.] 3. *To alleviate, soothe, beguile.* ∾ vĭam sermonĕ; æstus ripa vĭrĭdantĕ. *V.* tristes ănĭmi curas. *Cat.* [† Rĕlĕvo, lenĭo, mulcĕo, jŭvo, solŏr, rĕcrĕo.] 4. *To rest.* tr. ∾ membrā tŏro. *Tib.* [† Rĕlĕvo, depono.] 5. *To assuage, appease.* ∾ sĭtim de fontĕ; frondĕ cespĭtĭbusquĕ fămem. *O.* [† Sedo, placo.] 6. *To diminish, weaken.* Multă lĕvant promissă fĭdem. *H.* [† Elĕvo, mĭnŭo, detrăho.]

Lex, legis. *f.* 1. *Law; one of the established laws of a country.* Fixit leges prĕtĭo atquĕ rĕfixĭt. *V.* ∾ ăllĭgăt omnes. *O.* ∾-es incidĕrĕ ligno. *H.* [† Jus, jurā; *sts.* edictum, decretum, plăcĭtum, scitum, mos.] **Ep.** Sanctă, vĕrendă, vĕnĕrandă, æquă, justă, sĕverā, rĭgĭdă. **Crcl.** Legum-jurā, jussā, decretā, præscriptā. Jurĭs decretā. Legum-mŏdĕramĕn, hăbenæ. 2. Pl. *Power, authority.* Omnĭă sŭb leges sŭas mors vŏcăt. *O.* [† Jus, impĕrĭum.] 3. *Rule* or *precept laid down.* Ultra ∾-em tendĕrĕ ŏpŭs. *H.* ∾ ŏpĕris. *H.* [† Regŭlă, normă, præceptum.] 4. *Constituted order and plan.* Qua sidĕrā legĕ mĕarent. *O.* [† Ordo.] 5. *Condition, terms.* Pacĭs dicĕrĕ leges. *V.* ˘Ea legĕ atquĕ omĭnĕ ŭt &c. *Ter.* [† Condĭtĭo.] 6. *Natural character and condition.* Ex legĕ lŏci. *O.* [† Condĭtĭo, naturā, indŏles.] 7. Sĭnĕ legĕ. *At will, unheeded, unchecked.* Sparsi sĭnĕ legĕ căpilli. *O.* Sĭnĕ legĕ rŭunt (ĕqui). *O.*

Libamĕn, ĭnis, *and* Libamentum, i. *n.* *St.* *That which is poured forth in offering to the gods; a libation, offering.* Pingui cŭmŭlat libamĭnĕ flammam. *V.* *Fl.* Ignĭbŭs imponĭt, libamĭnă primă (*of hair cut off*). *V.* *See* Libo.

Libănus, i. *m.* *Mount Lebanon, in Syria.* Florum spirăt ŏdor, Lĭbăni ceu montis hŏnortus. *Aus.*

Libella, æ. *f.* *dim. of* Libra. 1. *A silver coin, of which there were ten in a denarius.* Una libella liber possum fiĕri. *Pl.* 2. *An artisan's level.* ˘Et ∾, ălĭqua si ex parti claudĭcăt hilum. *Lr.*

Libellio, onis. *m.* *A small bookseller.* De capea mĭsĕri lĭbellĭonis. *St.*

Libellus, i. *m.* 1. *A little book, writing, work.* Parvus, sed cura grandĕ, lĭbellŭs, ŏpŭs. *O.* *See* Liber. 2. *A petition, memorial; list of complaints* or *charges in writing.* *J. M.; law-summons.* *Pl.* 3. *A book-shop.* *Cat.* *M.*

Libens, *anc.* Lubens, tis. 1. *Acting with good will, voluntarily.* Junoni cănĕ votă lĭbens. *V.* [† Vŏlens; *adv.* lĭbentĕr, spontĕ, ultro.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud invitŭs. Lĭbenti ănĭmo. 2. *Joyful.* Omnes hĭlăros, lŭbentes, lætĭfĭcantes făcĭam. *Pl.* and *Ter.* *See* Lætus.

Libentĕr, *anc.* Lubentĕr. *Voluntarily, with good will.* Inquĕ vĭcem illorum pătĭar delictă lĭbentĕr. *H.* [† Spontĕ, ultro.]

I. Liber, libri, *and perhaps* lĭbrī. *m.* 1. *The inner rind of the tree, under the bark;* hence, *the bark.* Quum mŏrĭens alta lĭbĕr arĕt ĭn ulmo. *V.* Mollĭă cinguntur tĕnŭi præcordĭă libro. *O.* [† Libellŭs, cortex.] 2. *A book, writing, work.* Sĭnĕ me lĭbĕr ibis ĭn urbem. *O.* Si nulla libri partĕ lĕgarĕ mĕi. *O.* [The vowel is not found short before the *br* in any case; but *Cat.* has *Librarius.* *See* L.] [† Libellŭs, chartă *or* chartæ, codex, vŏlumĕn, ŏpŭs, scriptum, codĭcilli.] *See* Scribo.

II. Liber, ĕrā, ĕrum. 1. *Free.* An quisquam est ălĭus liber, nĭsi ducĕrĕ vitam Cui lĭcĕt? *Pers.* ∾ ĕquŭs. *V.* **Crcl.** Sŭi jurĭs. Libertatĕ-frŭens, gaudens. Servĭtio lĭbĕr. Vinclis-sŏlutŭs, exŭtŭs. 2. *Free by birth* or *condition.* Liber ĕt ingĕnŭŭs. *H.* [† Ingĕnŭŭs.] 3. *Freed* or *free from any thing, without it.* ∾ curarum; nubĭbŭs æther. *L.* lăborum. *H.* [† Sŏlutŭs, immunis, liberatŭs.] 4. *Free, unconfined, unrestrained.* ∾-ă vestigĭă; indignatio. *H.* Cœlo lĭbĕrĭorĕ frŭi. *O.* 5. *Of* or *pertaining to a freeman.* Rĕtortă tergo brachĭă libĕro. *H.* ∾ mors. *H.* 6. *Free of check* or *rule, licentious.* ∾-ă vinā. *H.* ∾ linguă. *Pl.* [† Prŏcax, pĕtŭlans, lĭcens, effrenis.]

III. Liber, ĕri. *m.* *A son.* *See* Liberi.

IV. Liber, ĕri. *m.* 1. *One of the names of Bacchus.* Fer, bŏnĕ Liber, ŏpem. *O.* *See* Bacchus. 2. *Wine.* *H.* *See* Vinum.

Libĕrā, æ. *f.* *A name of Ariadne, as the wife of* (*Liber*) *Bacchus.* Nam tĭbĭ mutatæ Libĕrā nomĕn ĕrĭt. *O.*

Libĕralis, ĕ. 1. *Of* or *belonging to the condition of a freeman* (gentleman); *befitting a freeman.* Forma expĕtunda, liberalem mŭlĭĕrem. *Pl.* ∾ ingĕnĭum; făcĭes. *Ter.* [† Ingĕnŭŭs, libĕr.] 2. *Liberal, generous.* O Quintĭane, liberalis est paupĕr. *M.* [† Munĭfĭcŭs, largŭs, prŏfusŭs, bĕnignŭs; *sts.* prolixŭs.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud-ăvarŭs, parcŭs. **Phr.** Velox ăd munĕrā. *See* Liberalitas. 3. *Used of wine.* Quæris quam vĕtŭs atquĕ liberalĕ. *M.* *See* Generosus.

Libĕralitas, atis. *f.* 1. *The character and disposition of a freeman* (gentleman). Pŭdore et liberalĭtatĕ libĕros Rĕtĭnerĕ. *Ter.* 2. Us. *Liberality.* Sĭnistrā ∾. *Cat.* [† Munĭfĭcentĭă, bĕnignĭtas; *sts.* indulgentĭă.] **Crcl.** Munĭfĭcā naturā. Munĭfĭci mores. Prodigă cunctis dextĕrā *or* dextrā. Nunquam pĭgrā gratĭă.

Libĕralĭtĕr. *As becomes the freeman* (gentle-

man); *nobly; in a frank, good spirit.* Proptĕrĕa quod servibus liberālĭtĕr. *Ter.* [† Ingĕnŭe.]

Libĕrĕ. *adv. Freely.* Nolo irascaris, libĕre si dixĕro. *Ph.* Omnĭă libĕrĭŭs fĕrebăt (tellus). *V.* [† *Sts.* Ingĕnŭe.] **Phr.** Magna cum libertatĕ.

Libĕri, rorum *and* rum. *m. pl. Children* (not as to age, but their relation to others). Per libĕros te, si vŏcatâ partŭbŭs &c. *H. See* Proles.

Libĕro, as. 1. *To deliver, set at liberty.* Nox clausas libĕrăt umbras. *Pp.* [† Exĭmo, solvo, vindĭco.] **Crel.** Vinclis -exĭmo, erĭpĭo, exŭo. Vincŭlă -solvo, rumpo, exŭo, detrăho, lĕvo, excŭtĭo. Servĭtio rĕdĭmo. Servĭtĭi jŭgum -aufĕro, detrăho. 2. Gen. *To deliver, release.* ~ ensem vagina. *V.* misĕrum mĕtu. *Ter.* [† Exĭmo, vindĭco, expĕdĭo, exsolvo; ădĭmo, detrăho, demo, aufĕro, amŏvĕo.]

Libĕrŏr. *pass. To be set at liberty, delivered.* [† Solvŏr.] **Crel.** Liber -fio, evado. Servĭtio -libĕrŏr, exĭmŏr, exĕo. Vincŭlă rumpo. Vinclis solvŏr.

Libertas, ătis. *f.* 1. *Freedom.* In ferrum pulchra pro libertatĕ rŭebant. *V.* **Ep.** Dulcis, grată, carĕ, felix, optată. **Crel.** Libĕrĕ -conditĭo, vită. 2. *Freedom of speech.* Nŏtarĕ magna cum libertatĕ. *H.* Dărĕ libertatem fandi. *V.* 3. Gen. *Freedom of action, free leave, free course.* ~ frĕtŭ tollĕre. *V. Fl.* Tunc dătŭ ~ ŏdĭis. *L.* [† Licentĭă, vĕnĭă, făcultas; *sts.* campŭs.]

Libertinŭs, i. *m., and* Libertina, æ. *f.* (Used also adj. *M.*) *One that has obtained his* or *her freedom.* Nunc ad me rĕdĕo, libertino pătrĕ natum. *H.* [In the time of Appius Claudius, *Libertinus* was the son of a freed-man, and the grandson only was *Ingenuus.* Under the Emperors, *Ingenuus* was applied also to the sons. *Riddle.*]

Libertŭs, i. *m., and* Libertă, æ. *f. H. A freed-man and freed-woman.* Fillŭs, aut ĕtĭam hæc libertŭs ŭt ebĭbăt heres. *H.*

Libĕt, *anc.* Lŭbĕt, libŭit *or* libĭtum est, libĕrĕ. *unip. It pleases, is agreeable* (with dat. of person; or abs.). Undĕ libet, vĕnĭăt; quoquĕ libebĭt, ĕăt. *O.* Neu tibĭ lŭbĕăt ăbirĕ fŏras. *Cat.* Si libĭtum tibĭ ĕrĭt &c. *Pp.* [† Jŭvăt, plăcĕt.] *See* Volo (II.).

Libethrĭdes, um. *f. pl. A name of the Muses, from Libethra, a fountain in Thessaly.* Musæ, nostĕr ămor, Libethrĭdes, aut mihĭ carmĕn. *V.*

Libidinŏr, aris. *To indulge in lust.* Post hæc omnĭă, quum libidinatŭr. *M.*

Libidinosus, ă, um. *Wanton, lustful.* Libidĭnosŭs immŏlabĭtur căpĕr. *H.* ~ versus. *M.* [† Lascivŭs, sălax, impurŭs, prŏtervŭs.] *See* Impudicus.

Libido, *or* Lŭbido, inis. *f.* 1. *Will, desire, pleasure, strong inclination.* Quacunquĕ libido est, Incedo solŭs. *H.* [† Arbĭtrium, vŏluntas, cŭpido.] 2. *Violent, intemperate desire.* Pugnandi pravă ~. *O.* [† Cŭpido, impĕtŭs, răbies, fŭrŏr.] *See* Cupido. 3. *Unruly, sensual lust and appetite.* [† Luxŭries, luxŭrĭă, lascivĭă.] **Ep.** Lascivă, impură, improbă, pĕtŭlans, prŏcax, fœdă, turpis, blandă, insană, fŭrens. **Crel.** Libidĭnis æstŭs, ardŏr, stĭmŭli, ignes. Obscenŭs (lascivŭs) ardŏr. Lascivă licentĭă. *See* Amor, Voluptas.

Libitina, æ. *f.* 1. *The goddess of funerals;* ext. *death. C. D.* Auctumnusquĕ grăvis, Libĭtinæ quæstŭs ăcerbæ. *H.* 2. *A bier* or *bed on which the dead were formally laid out.* Strŭitŭr ~ arsura pāpyro. *M.*

Libo, as. 1. *To pour out in honour of the gods, make sacrificial libations.* Hoc pătĕr Æneas auro libalăt ăd aras. *V.* ~ lenæum hŏnorem. *V.* Pĕtĕrĕ undas libandas e fontĭbŭs. *O.* 2. Gen. *To offer in sacrifice.* ~ primĭtias frugum Cĕrĕri; vinâ Lyæo; Pallăděos lătices Mĭnervæ; tură dis de parva ăcerra. *O.* Libatum ponĭtŭr dĕo pomum. *Tib.* [† Offĕro.] *See* Sacrifico. *Fig.* 3. ~ lăcrĭmas (ănĭco ădempto). *O.* carmĕn aris (de tĭbĭa). *Pp.* 4. *To pour out.* ~ rorem in tempŏrâ nati. *V. Fl. See* Fundo (II.). 5. *To taste.* ~ vinâ. *O.* amnem (*of cattle*); flumĭnâ summâ (*of bees*). *V.* Libatos orĕ cĭbos. *O.* [† Gusto, degusto, prægusto.] 6. *To touch gently, take off* or *away lightly; to take away somewhat.* ~ oscŭlă. *V.* summam ărenam cĕlĕri pĕdĕ. *O.* Terrâ tibĭ libatŭr, ĕt auctă rĕcrescĭt. *Lr.* Ne quĭd cras libĕt ăb orĕ dĭes. *Pp.* Virgĭnĭtas ăvĭbŭs libată. *O.* [† Adĭmo, detrăho, tollo.]

Libra (*and not* Libra), æ. *f.* 1. *The Roman pound of twelve ounces.* Cui sătis unâ Farris librâ fŏrĕt. *H.* 2. *A pair of scales. O.* [† Lanx, trŭtĭnă, &c.] *See* Trutina. 3. *A sign of the zodiac so called. V. See* Æquinoctium.

Librarius, ii. *m.* (*from* Liber.) I. *A copier of books, secretary,* &c. Ut scriptor si pecĕăt Idem librarĭŭs usquĕ. *H.* Nam si luxĕrĭt, ad librarĭorum. *Cat.* [† Scrĭbă.] II. Librarĭŭs (*from* Libra). *One that weighs out.* Libraria, æ. *f. A female that weighed out to the slaves the wool to be spun.* Et quæ finxerunt librarĭŭs, archimăgiri. *J.*

Libro, as. 1. *To poise, keep in equilibrium.* Lit. and fig. Corpus gĕmĭnas libravĭt in alas. *O.* [† Sustĭnĕo, suspendo, *or* æquo.] Fig. 2. *To weigh, examine.* ~ mĕtus. *St.* [† Pondĕro, expendo, examĭno.] 3. *To level, poise, brandish;* ext. *to hurl.* ~ cæstus mĕdĭă intĕr cornŭă dextra. *V.* telum ăb aurĕ. *V.* bĭpennem. *L.* huc ĕt illuc mănum. *Sen.* [† Mŏvĕo, ăgĭto, vĭbro, torquĕo, intorquĕo.] *See* Jaculor.

Libs. Ibis. *m. South-west wind* (from Africa). Vellvŏliquĕ măris constrator leucŏnŏtos Libs. *Aus.*

Libum, i. *n. A kind of cake; cake offered in sacrifice.* Fingebat trĕmŭla rustĭcă libâ mănu. *O.* Libâ dĕo fiunt. *O.*

Liburna, *and* Liburnĭca, æ. *f.* (sc. navis). *A fast-sailing vessel first used by the Liburnians.* Ibis Liburnis intĕr altâ navĭum (propugnacŭlă). *H.*

Liburni, orum. *m. pl. The inhabitants of Liburnia, now Croatia.* Regnâ Liburnorum, et fontem sŭpĕrarĕ Tĭmavi. *V.*

Libya, æ, *and* Lybia, æ. *f. Libya, the northern part of Africa.* Nec Libyæ mittit, nec tibi Phasis ăves. *M.* Libyæ desertâ pĕragro. *V. See* Africa.

Libycus, ă, um. 1. *Libyan.* Te propter Libycæ gentes, Nŏmădumquĕ tyranni. *V.* [† Libys; *sts.* Nŭmĭdă, Nŭmĭdĭcŭs, Cinyphĭŭs, Massylĭŭs, Afrĭcŭs, Afĕr.] 2. Libycum. *n.* (sc. mare.) *The sea near Africa.* Carpăthium Libycumquĕ sĕcant. *V.*

Libys, ÿŏs. *m.* 1. *Of* or *belonging to Libya, African.* Hinc Libys, hinc Mĕrŏe, siccăquĕ terrâ sŭbest. *O.* ~ mons. *St.* ĕquŭs. *M.* [† Libycŭs, &c.] *See* L. 2. Subst. *Antæus. M.*

Libyssa, æ. *and* Libystis, idis. *f. Of* or *belonging to Libya, African.* Quam magnæ nŭmĕrus Libyssæ ărenæ. *Cat.* Pellĕ Libystĭdis ursæ. *V.* [† Libycă.]

Libystinus, ă, um. *Libyan, African.* Num te lĕænâ montĭbus Libystinis? *Cat.*

Libystis. *See* Libyssa.

Licens, tis. 1. *Free, making free, uncontrolled.* Gressu tĭmĕt irĕ licenti. *M.* Turbâ licentĭŏr. *Cl.* [† Liber, effusŭs, audax, effrenis.] 2. *Wanton,*

licentious. Ludo lĭcenti fĭt mŏdŭs. *St.* ∾-es cornĭpĕdes. *St.* [† Prŏtervŭs, pĕtŭlans.]

LĬCENTĔR. *adv. Without rule* or *law, uncontrolled.* Te sŭpĕr ætherĭas errarĕ lĭcentĭŭs auras. *V.* Scribĕrĕ lĭcentĕr. *H.* [† Immŏdĭce, sŏlute, audactĕr.] **Crcl.** Sĭnĕ -legĕ, morĕ.

LĬCENTĬĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *Licence, leave.* ˘Agĕ, si quo ăbire est ănĭmŭs, est lĭcentĭă? *Ph.* [† Libertas, vĕnĭă, făcultas.] **2.** *Uncontrolled licence of acting.* Lit. and fig. Frenum solvĭt ∾. *Ph.* Injicĕrĕ frenă evăganti ∾-æ. *H.* ∾ ponti. *O.* ferri. *L.* **Ep.** Sŏlută, effrenă, effusă, vesană. **3.** *Licentiousness of manners* or *words.* Fescennină ∾. *H.*

LĬCĔO, es. *To be put up for sale, to be valued* (at a certain price). Parvo quum prĕtĭo dĭu lĭcerĕt (de pŭella). *M.* Unĭŭs assĭs, Non unquam prĕtĭo pluris lĭcŭissĕ. *H.* [† Consto, æstĭmŏr, vendŏr.]

LĬCĔŌR, erĭs. *To bid money for.* Et centum Græcos curto centussĕ lĭcetŭr. *Pers.* [† Æstĭmo, lĭcĭtŏr.]

LĬCĔT, ŭĭt *or* ĭtum est. I. *It is allowed, granted, permitted.* Quod lĭcĕt, ingratum est; quod non lĭcĕt, acrĭŭs urĭt. *O.* Me exirĕ lĭcebăt. Lĭcĕăt subducĕrĕ classem. *V.* [† Dătŭr, permittĭtŭr, concedĭtŭr.] **Crcl.** Fas est, est lĭcentĭă, făcultas. Dătŭr -făcultas, vĕnĭă, pŏtestas. Nĭhĭl *or* nil -vĕtăt, prŏhĭbĕt. Quĭs *or* quĭd -vĕtăt, prŏhĭbĕt? II. Lĭcĕt, *and sts.* Lĭcebĭt. Used as conj. *Supposing that, granting that, although.* Castă lĭcĕt pătrŭi servĕt limĕn. *V.* Detrăhăt auctori multum fortună lĭcebĭt. *O.* Sis divĕs lĭcebĭt. *H.* and *M.* [† Quamvis, &c.] *See* Q.

LĬCHAS, æ. *m. The slave of Deianira, who brought Hercules the poisoned robe. C. D.* Portasset Nessi perfĭdă donă Lĭchas. *M.*

LĬCHEN, enĭs. *m. A species of ringworm.* Nec tristĕ mentum, sordĭdivĕ lichenĕs. *M.*

LĬCIĂ, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *The thrum, the ends of the old web, to which those of the new piece are fastened.* Et lĭcĭă telæ Addĕrĕ. *V.* **2.** Gen. *Threads, thread.* Ternă tĭbĭ hæc lĭcĭă circumdo. *V.* Cantată lĭgat cum fusco lĭcĭă rhombo (*in allusion to the use of threads in enchantments*). *O.* **3.** *Net for the head of females.* [† Retĭcŭlum.]

LĬCĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. of* Licet. *Permitted.* Ædĭlĭbŭs, et lĭcĭto tandem sermonĕ frŭuntŭr. *V.* [† Concessŭs, permissŭs, dătŭs, legĭtĭmŭs.]

LĬCĬUM. *See* LĬCIA.

LĬCTŎR, orĭs. *m. A public officer so called. C. D.*

LĬGAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. A band, tie.* Quæ quum Sidŏnĭæ nocturnă lĭgamĭnă mitræ Solvĕrĭt. *Pp. See* VINCULUM.

LĬGĔR, ĕrĭs. *m. A river of Gaul, now the Loire.* Carnuti et flavi cærŭlă lymphă Lĭgĕr. *Tib.*

LĬGNĔŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Wooden, of wood.* Ligneă contŭlĕrat vĕtĕrum simŭlacrĕ dĕorum. *O.* [† Arbŏrĕŭs, robŏrĕŭs.] **2.** Fig. *Meagre, dry and bony.* Nervosă ĕt ∾-ă, dorcăs. *Lr.* Cum conjŭgĕ ligneă pārentĭs. *Cat.*

LĬGNUM, i. *n. Wood.* [† Matĕrĭă *or* matĕrĭes, stipĕs, robŭr, arbŏr; *sts.* silvă, sŭdes, truncŭs, trabs.] **Ep.** Durum, sectĭlĕ, fissĭlĕ, robŏrĕum, arĭdum. **Crcl.** Ligneă matĕrĭes.

I. LĬGO, as. **1.** *To bind, fasten.* Corrĭpĭunt, spirisquĕ lĭgant ingentĭbŭs; et jam &c. *V.* ∾ guttŭrĕ lăquĕo. *O* mulam. *H.* [† Allĭgo, rĕlĭgo, vinclo, &c.] *See* VINCIO. **2.** *Fig.* ∾ dissŏcĭată lŏcis pacĕ. *O.* conjŭgĭă. *Sen. See* JUNGO.

II. LĬGO, onĭs. *m. A hoe.* Nec dŭbĭtem longis purgarĕ lĭgonĭbŭs arvă. *O.* **Ep.** Incurvŭs, ăduncŭs, durŭs, grăvĭs, ferrĕŭs, nĭtens. *See* ARATRUM.

LĬGŬLĂ, *and sts.* LINGŬLĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A thong* or *string to tie* (us. of shoes). Quamvis me lĭgŭlam dicant ĕqŭĭtesquĕ pĕtresquĕ, Dicŏr ăb indoctis lingŭlă grammătĭcis. *M.* **2.** *A ladle. M.*

LĬGŬR. *L., and* LIGŬS, ŭrĭs. *m.* LIGŬRES, um. *pl.* **1.** *A Ligurian; the Ligurians, a people of Liguria, in Cisalpine Gaul.* Vanĕ Lĭgus, frustraque ănĭmis elatĕ sŭperbis. *V.* Te, Lĭgŭrum ductor fortissĭmĕ. *V.* **2.** Used adj. *Ligurian.* ∾ sĕcurĭs. *Cat.*

LĬGŬRINŬS, ă, um = Lĭgustĭcŭs. *Grat.*

LĬGURIO, is. *To lick up, eat with greediness.* Semesos pisces tĕpĭdumquĕ lĭgurĭĕrit jus. *H.* [† Ablĭgurĭo, hellŭŏr, absorbĕo, &c.] *See* DECOQUO.

LĬGUSTĬCŬS, ă, um. *Ligurian.* Nam si procŭbŭit, qui saxă Lĭgustĭcă portăt, Axĭs. *J.* [† Lĭgŭrinŭs.]

LĬGUSTRUM, i. *n. Privet, plant* or *flower.* Albă lĭgustră cădunt, vaccinĭă nigrĕ lĕgŭntŭr. *V.*

LILIUM, ĭi. *n. A lily;* sp. *the white lily.* Florentes fĕrŭlas et grandĭă lilĭă quassans. *V.* Brĕvĕ ∾. *H.* **Ep.** Album, candens, argentĕum, florens, mollĕ; frăgrans, ŏdorum, rĕdŏlens.

LĬLYBÆUM, i. *n. A promontory of Sicily.* Mollĭbŭs expŏsĭtum zĕphyrĭs Lĭlybæŏn, ăt Arctŏn. *O.*

LĬLYBÆŬS, *and* LĬLYBEĬŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Lilybeum.* Et vădă durĕ lĕgo saxis Lĭlybeĭă cæcis. *V.* Lĭlybæo littŏrĕ solvĭt. *L.*

LIMĂ, æ. *f. A file.* Lit. and fig. Defŭĭt et scriptis ultĭmă limă mĕis. *O.* Limæ lăbŏr (i. e. *of emendation*). *H.* **Ep.** (*Of* Limă *lit.*) Aspĕrĕ, ŏdax, dentătă, mordax. *See* LIMO.

LIMAX, acĭs. *m. A snail.* Implĭcĭtus conchæ limax, hirsutăquĕ campo. *Col.* **Ep.** Repens, tardŭs, segnĭs.

LIMBŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *The fringe* or *border of a garment.* Sidŏnĭam picto chlămŷdem circumdătă limbo. *V.* Mæŏnĭo fertur circumflŭă limbo (chlămŷs). *St.* [† Fimbrĭă; *sts.* instĭtă, ŏrĭă.] **Ep.** Aurĕŭs, pictŭs, imŭs, summŭs. **Phr.** *Of a bordered garment.* (Vestĭs) crŏcĕo ăcantho circumtexta; quam circum purpŭrĕ Mæandro dŭplĭci currĭt. **2.** *A band, riband.* Frontem limbo velătă. *Cl.* [† Vittă.]

LIMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* **1.** *The threshold of a door.* ˘Amatquĕ Janŭă limĕn. *H.* **2.** Gen. *A door, entrance. V.* [† Janŭă, fŏres, postes, &c.] *See* JANUA. **3.** *A house.* Aulas ĕt limĭnă regum. *V.* Dŏmos ĕt dulcĭă limĭnă. *V.* [† Dŏmŭs, ædes.] **4.** *The starting-point of a course.* Corrĭpĭunt spătĭă audito (signo), limenquĕ rĕlinquunt. *V.* [† Carcĕres.] **5.** Fig. *Threshold, commencement.* ∾ vitæ. *Sen.* leti. *Lr.*

LIMĔS, ĭtĭs. *m.* **1.** *A way, line of way.* Fallaci celat limĭtĕ sempĕr ăquas. *Pp.* ∾ sectŭs In obliquum (*of the sun's path in the heavens*). *O.* Ducĕrĕ qui lato limĭtĕ. *V.* [† ˘Itĕr, vĭă, &c.] **2.** *A line, furrow.* Attrĭtŭs ∾ ăquarum. *O.* Flammifĕrum trăhens limĭtĕ crinem (*of a comet*, &c.). *O.* [† Tractŭs, sulcŭs.] **3.** *Boundary-line;* or *stone.* ∾ ăgro pŏsĭtŭs. *V.* Partiri limĭtĕ campum. *V.* [† Terminŭs.] *See* T. **4.** Fig. *Term, end. St. See* FINIS.

LIMO, as (*from* Lima). **1.** *To rub, file, polish off, smooth, dress.* Quæ tĭbĭ tam tĕnŭi cura limantŭr, ŭt omnes &c. *O.* [† Tĕro, attĕro, contĕro, pŏlio, expŏlio, perpŏlio; *sts.* cŏlo, excŏlo.] **Crcl.** Lima -utŏr, tĕro, &c.] Fig. **2.** *To revise, correct, finish off* (of a work). *O.* [† Pŏlio, perpŏlio, corrĭgo, emendo.] **Phr.** *A work revised and corrected.* Lima (ămĭci, rĕcenti) rasŭs lĭbĕr; *or* lĭbĕr multa crŭcĭatŭs lima. *See* EMENDO. **3.** *To take off, take away* (detract from). ∾ commŏdă (cjs) obliquo ŏcŭlo. *H.* [† Detrăho, detĕro, aufĕro.]

LIMOSŬS, ă, um. *Muddy, miry.* Limosoquĕ lăcu per noctem obscurŭs In ulva. *V.* ∾-ă flumĭnă. *V.*

[† Cœnosŭs, lūtosŭs, lūtŭlentŭs.] **Crel.** Limo -sordĭdŭs, turpis. **Phr.** Limo turbatŭs.

Limpĭdŭs, ă, um. *Limpid, clear.* Erumpit pĕr ăgros vastis fons limpĭdŭs antris. *O.* [† Purŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, clarŭs, illimis, lucĭdŭs, pellucĭdŭs, vĭtrĕŭs, cristallinŭs, argentĕŭs, liquĭdŭs. **Crel.** Nĭtĭdis undis argentĕŭs. Puro gurgĭtĕ perspicŭŭs.

I. **Limŭs**, ă, um. *Oblique, awry;* (fig.) *envious, covetous.* Altĕrā, nam mĕmĭni, limis subrisĭt ŏcellis. *O.* ˘Ego limis adspĭcio. *Ter.* (*oculis* sæpe subauditur.) [† Transversŭs.]

II. **Limŭs**, i. *m.* 1. *Slime, mire.* Exĭit, ět obducto late tĕnět omnĭă limo (amnis). *V.* [† Cœnum, lūtum.] 2. *Dirt* or *deposit of any kind.* *H.* Lit. and fig. Vĕtĕri crateræ limŭs inhærsĭt. ∾ mălorum. *O.* [† Fæx.]

Linĕa, æ. *f.* 1. *A line, string, rope.* Omnis hăbet sŭă donă dies, nec linĕă divĕs Cessăt (*of pearls*). *M.* [† Funis, funĭcŭlŭs.] 2. *A string* or *line of feathers used in taking game. Sen. See* Formido. 3. *A fishing-line.* Trĕmŭla linĕa trăhĭt piscem. *M.* [† Linum, ărundo.] *See* Piscor. 4. *A line of ancestors, genealogical line.* Clară gentis linĕă. *St. See* Stemma. 5. *A lineament* or *feature drawn.* Linĕă quæ ˘Apellem fătĕătur. *St.* Doctæ ceræ ∾. *St.* 6. *One of the lines on the dial.* Quinta dum linĕă tangĭtur umbra. *Pers.* 7. *One of the lines marking out places at the theatre,* &c. *O.*

Linĕŭs, ă, um. *Of flax, of string; of linen.* Non vălĭăt, nodos ac vinctŭlă linĕă rupĭt. *V.* Linĕă tergă (de scuto). *V.*

Lingo, is, xi. *To lick.* Crĕpĭdas lingĕrĕ carbătĭnas. *Cat.* [† Lambo.]

Lingua, æ. *f.* 1. *The tongue; the words* or *sounds uttered by the tongue.* Sibĭlă lambebant linguis vibrantĭbŭs ora. *V.* Vŏlŭcrum linguæ. *V.* Post effert ănĭmi motus interprĕtĕ lingua. *H.* [† Vox, os, voces, verbă, dictă, sŏnŭs.] 2. *The language of a country.* Vărĭæ ∾-is (gentes). *V.* Ediscĕrĕ ∾-as. *O.* Doctĕ sermones ŭtrĭusquĕ ∾-æ. *H.* [† Sermo.] 3. *Faculty of speech;* hence, *eloquence in speaking.* Commercĭă linguæ (*conversation*). *O.* ∾ venalis. *L.* ∾-a mĕllĭŏr. *V.* [† Sermo, colloquium; facundĭă.] *See* F. 4. *An abusive, slanderous tongue.* ∾-æ telă subirĕ. *O.* Ep. Imprŏbă, mordax, mălă, pĕtŭlans. 5. *A tongue of land.* Producĕrĕ in æquŏrĕ ∾-am. *L.* Excurrit in æquŏrĕ trĭbŭs ∾-is (terrĕ). *O.*

Linigĕr, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Clothed in linen;* sp. *used of Isis and her priests.* Nunc dĕă linigĕra cŏlĭtur cĕlĕberrĭmă turba. *O.*

Linio, is = Lino. Nevĕ tŭæ Medæ linĭantur cædĕ sĭgittæ. *Pp.*

Lino, is, levi (*from the obs.* Leo), lĭtum. 1. *To cover over with some soft substance, to smear, anoint.* Omnĭă vipĕrĕo spicŭlă fellĕ linunt. *O.* Carmĭnă linendă cĕdro. *H.* [† Lĭnĭo, oblĭno, illĭno, ungo, tingo.] *See* Ungo. 2. Sp. *To bedaub, befoul.* ∾ orā lūto. *O.* [† Inficio, collĭno, fœdo.] 3. *To seal up, bung* or *stop up.* ∾ spiramentă cera. *V.* vinum testa condĭtum. *H.* [† Obduco; *sts.* obsigno.] 4. Gen. *To cover over.* Auro tectă ∾-untŭr. *O.* Lĭnĭt bractĕă vivă Hespĕrĭum pĕrŭs. *M.* [† Obduco, tĕgo.] 5. *To blot out, efface* (any thing written). Plurĭmă . . . dignă lĭni. *O.* [† Dĕlĕo.] 6. ∾ lăbrā = Os sublĭno. *To make a dupe of a person. M.*

Linquo, is, liqui. 1. *To leave, depart from, forsake.* Linquĕrĕ pollutum hospĭtĭum, et dărĕ classibŭs austros. *V.* ∾ dulcĭă arvă; pĕrentem Anchisen. *V.* [† Rĕlinquo, desĕro, &c.] *See* Relinquo. 2. ∾ vitam, &c. *To die.* ∾ vitam. *Sil.* dulces ănĭmas. *V. See* Morior. 3. *To leave, resign.* ∾ sŏclos ignotæ terræ. *V.* rĕgĭmĕn măgistro. *Sen.* [† Permitto, trado.] 4. *To leave undone, omit to do,* or *cease to do.* ∾ nil intentatum; sĕvĕrā. *H.* [† ˘Omitto, prætermitto.]

Linquŏr. *pass.* 1. *To be forsaken, abandoned,* &c. 2. Unip. *It remains, it rests, power* or *permission is left.* Vix cernĕtĕ linquĭtŭr undas. *Sil.* Linquĭtŭr, ŭt &c. *Lr.* 3. Linquŏr ănĭmo, *and abs.* Linquŏr. *To faint away.* Linquŏr, ět ancillis exclĭnendă cădo. *O.* **Crel.** ˘Anĭmŭs me -linquit *or* liquit, rĕlinquit. ˘Anĭmo defĭcio. ˘Anĭmo mălĕ est. ˘Anĭmŭs defĭt. Sĭnĕ sensu. Membrā quăttĭuntŭr *or* lăbant.

Lintĕr, trĭs. *m. and us. f.* 1. *A small boat, skiff.* Exĭgŭŭs pulsa per vădă lintĕr ăqua. *Tib.* Cŏronatæ lintres. *O.* [† Cymbă, &c.] *See* C. 2. *A trough, tub.* Servarĕ uvas in lintrĭbŭs. *Tib.* Cĭvăt arbŏrĕ lintres (ăratŏr). *V.*

Lintĕum, i. *n.* 1. *Linen.* Non tam sæpĕ tĕret lintĕă fullo tĭbĭ. *M.* 2. *A linen cloth, towel,* &c. Villosă lintĕă. *M.* Lintĕum căpĕ, atquĕ extergĕ tĭbĭ mănus. *Pl. See* Mantile. 3. *The sail of a ship.* Dărĕ lintĕă rĕtro. *V.* [† Carbăsă, velă.] *See* Velum.

Linum, i. *n.* 1. *Flax* (the plant). Urĭt ĕnim campum lini sĕgĕs, urĭt ăvenă. *V.* 2. *Linen, any linen cloth.* ∾-o velati. *V.* tectă sĕdĕăt. *Tib.* Ep. Nillăcum, album, candens, mollĕ, tĕnŭĕ, textĭlĕ. 3. *A string, cord, rope,* &c. Torto subducĕrĕ carbăsă lino. *O. See* Funis. 4. *A fishing-line* or *net.* Mŏdĕrabăr ăcrundĭnĕ ∾. *O.* Nodosă lină. *O.* Pĕlăgo trăhĭt humĭdă lină. *V.* [† Linĕă *or* retĕ.]

Linus, i. *m. Son of Apollo and Terpsichore. C. D.* Orphei Callĭŏpĕ, Lĭno formosŭs ˘Apollo. *V.*

Lipăra, æ, *and* Lipăre, es. *f. One of the Æolian islands, now Lipari.* Insŭlă Sicănĭum juxta lăcŭs Æŏlĭamquĕ Erĭgĭtŭr Lĭpăren. *V. See* Æolia.

Lippŭs, ă. um. *Pl. Blear-eyed;* and subst. *A blear-eyed man.* Lit. and fig. ˘Oculis lippŭs inunctis. *H.* Lippă ficus. *M.* Vappă ět lippŭs. *Pers.*

Liquĕfăcio, *and sts.* Liquefăcio, is, feci, factum. *To melt, to fuse.* Omentum in flamma pinguĕ liquefăcĭens. *Cat.* [† Liquo, solvo, rĕsolvo, dissolvo, mollio, laxo, rĕlaxo.] **Crel.** Igni *or* ignĕ (rădĭis, solĕ) liquĭdum -făcio, cogo tabescĕrĕ, laxo, rĕlaxo, exsolvo.

Liquĕfactŭs, *and sts.* Liquefactŭs, ă, um. 1. *Fused, melted.* Cogĭt hiems, ĕădemquĕ călor liquĕfactă rĕmittĭt. *V.* Ossă liquefactis fumarunt fervĭdă membris. *Sil.* ∾-ă saxă erĭgĭt (Ætnă). *V.* cŏagŭlă. *O.* [† Liquatŭs, liquens, liquĭdŭs, sŏlutŭs, rĕsŏlutŭs, mollitŭs, tabescens.] *See* Liquesco. 2. *Wasting, rotting away.* ∾-ă bŏum viscĕrā. *V.* ∾-æ tabĕ mĕdullæ. *O.* [† Tabescens, pŭtris, corruptŭs.] 3. Fig. *Of words sung to music.* Piĕrĭa liquĕfactă lyra (carmĭnă). *Sil.*

Liquĕfio, *and sts.* Liquefio, is. *To become fluid, melt away, waste away.* Congestăquĕ flammæ Tură liquefiunt. *O.* Sic mĕă perpĕtŭis liquĕfiunt pectŏrā curis. *O. See* Liquesco.

Liquens, *and more freq.* Liquens. *Liquid.* Educunt fetus, aut quum liquentĭă mellă stipant. *V.* Porrĭciam in fluctus, et vină liquentĭă fundam. *V.* ∾-es campi (mărĭs). ∾-ĭă flumĭnă. *V. See* Liquidus.

Liquesco, is. 1. *To melt, become fluid.* Vulnĭfĭcusquĕ chălybs vasta fornacĕ liquescĭt. *V.* Cerā ∾-it. *V.* ∾-unt tură. *H.* Tu ŭt ∾-as &c. *Pl.* [† Liquŏr (ĕrĭs), liquŏr (arĭs), liquĕfio, solvŏr, dissolvŏr, rĕsolvŏr, laxŏr, rĕlaxŏr, mollĭŏr, rĕmollĭŏr, rĕmollesco.] **Crel.** Me -solvo, rĕsolvo.

˘In ăquas –solvŏr, ăbĕo. **Phr.** Ferri matĕrĭcs ignĕ subvertĭtŭr. Aurĕă saxă exsudant prĕtĭum. Liquĭtŭr sauclĭă solĕ glăcĭes. Vincuntŭr tĕpentĕ solĕ nĭves. *See* LIQUEFACIO. **2.** *To waste, rot away.* Lit. and fig. Dilapsă lĭquescunt (cădavĕrĕ). *O.* ∾-ĭt mens morĕ ăquæ; fortună. *O.* [¶ Tabesco, corrumpŏr, pŭtresco; (*fig.*) tabesco.]

LĬQUĔT. *unip. It is plain, clear. O.* [¶ Pătĕt, apparĕt, parĕt, constăt.] **Crol.** Compertum (clarum, mănifestum) est. Pălam est.

LĬQUĬDE. *adv.* = Lĭquĭdo.

LĬQUĬDO. *adv. Clearly, plainly.* Scis tămĕn, et lĭquĭdo juratus dicĕrĕ possis. *O.* [¶ Clare, ăpertĕ, mănifeste.]

LĬQUĬDUS, ă, um, *and anc.* LIQUIDUS. **1.** *Liquid, fluid.* Cumquĕ gŭbernaclo lĭquĭdas projecĭt ĭn undas. *V.* Crassăquĕ convĕnĭunt lĭquĭdis, et liquĭdă crassis. *Lr.* ∾ cĕrĕbrum. *O.* cŏlores. *H.* [¶ Flŭĭdŭs, lĭquens; *sts.* lĭquatŭs, lĭquĕfactŭs, sŏlutŭs, rĕsŏlutŭs, humĭdŭs.] **2.** *Used* fig. *of sleep.* ∾-i pŏtentĭă somni. *V. Fl.* **3.** *Clear, pure.* Lit. and fig. ∾-is immisi fontĭbŭs. *V.* Phrygiæ ∾-issĭmŭs amnis. *O.* ∾ fĭdes. *O.* ∾ ĕt purā vŏluptas. *Lr.* mens. *Cat. See* LIMPIDUS, PURUS. **4.** *Serene.* Lit. and fig. ∾ ætas; nox. *V.* ∾-issĭmā cœli tempestas. *Lr.* ˘Anĭmo lĭquĭdo ĕt tranquillo es. *Pl. See* SERENUS, TRANQUILLUS. **5.** *Liquid, clear* (of the voice). Cui ∾-am pătĕr vocem dĕdĭt. *H.* ∾-æ voces (corvi). *V.* [¶ Purŭs, clarŭs; mollĭs, flŭens, făcĭlĭs.] **6.** Lĭquĭdum, i. *n.* used subst. *Any liquid; water. H. O. See* AQUA. **7.** Lĭquĭdum. *n.* used adv. = Lĭquĭdo. ∾ cantăt ăvĭs. *O.*

LĬQUO, as. **1.** *To melt* (tr.), *to fuse.* Eroptăquĕ telă lĭquavĭt (fulmĕn). *L. See* LIQUEFACIO. **2.** *To wear away, reduce.* ∾ sĭlĭcem rivo sălĭentĕ. *Manil.* [¶ Solvo, dissolvo, macĕro, dilŭo.] **3.** *To pass through a strainer, to clarify.* ∾ vinā. *H.* [¶ Colo, percolo.]

I. LĬQUŎR, ŏrĭs. **1.** *To become liquid; to melt, run, drop in moisture.* Verĕ nŏvo, gĕlĭdus canis quum montĭbŭs humŏr Liquĭtŭr. *V.* ∾-untŭr sanguĭnĕ guttæ. *V.* vulnĕrĕ malæ. *V. Fl. See* LIQUESCO, FLUO. **2.** Fig. *To break up, dissolve, go to ruin.* ˘In partem pejorem ∾-ĭtŭr ætas. *Lr.* Res lĭquĭtŭr, labĭtŭr. *Pl.* [¶ Tabesco, dissolvŏr, absumŏr.]

II. LĬQUŎR, orĭs. *m., and* LIQUŎR, &c. *anc.* **1.** *Any thing liquid, as water.* Pressĭt, ŭt hauriet gĕlĭdos potŭrā lĭquores. *O.* A te decurrĭt ad mŏos haustus lĭquŏr. *Ph.* Pondŭs ŭti saxis, cŏlŏr ignĭbŭ', liquŏr ăquai. *Lr.* (sc. naturā lĭquĭdā.) [¶ Humŏr, lătex, ăquă.] *See* AQUA. **2.** *Tears.* ∾ ŏcŭlorum. *Sen.* **3.** *The sea.* Mĕdĭus ∾ secernĭt Europen ăb Afro. *H.* **4.** *Humour, matter. V. See* SANIES. **5.** *Milk,* &c. *O.* Lactĭs lĭquores. *Lr. See* SERUM, LAC. **6.** *The juice of the grape, wine.* Dĕdĭt uvă lĭquores. *Tib.* De pătĕra fundens lĭquorem. *H. See* UVA, VINUM.

LIRĬS, ĭs. *m. A river of Campania, now the Garigliano.* Cærŭlĕus nos Lirĭs ămat, quem silvă Măricæ. *M.*

LIS, litĭs. *f.* **1.** *A contested point, question disputed* or *under dispute;* sp. *a law-suit.* Grammătĭci certant, ĕt ădhuc sub judĭcĕ lis est. *H.* Non ĕgŏ causĭdĭcus nĕc ămaris litĭbŭs aptŭs. *O.* [¶ Dissĭdĭum, certamĕn, jurgĭum *or* jurgĭă, discordĭă, rixă.] **Ep.** Ambĭgŭă, anceps, dŭbĭă, difficĭlĭs, tristĭs, sollĭcĭtă, insană, longă; fŏrensĭs (*of a law-suit only*). **Phr.** *To terminate a dispute; decide a law-suit.* Litem, lites –compono, discerno, dĭrĭmo, sĕco, rĕsolvo, dijudĭco. **2.** *A dispute, quarrel.* Litĭum ĕt rixæ cŭpĭdos. *H. See* RIXA. **3.** *Personal contest.* Morsus litĭbŭs alternis dăti. *Pp.* [¶ Certamĕn, prœlĭă.]

LĬTAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. A sacrifice.* Audite, o sontes, extremă lĭtamĭnă divum. *St.*

LITĔRĂ, LITŬS. *See* LITTERA, &c.

LĬTĬCĔN, ĭnĭs. *m. A trumpeter.* Desĭdes Baiæ, lĭtĭcenvĕ notŭs Hectŏrĭs armis. *St.*

LITĬGĬOSUS, ă, um. **1.** *Litigious, pettifogging, quarrelsome.* Aurĭbŭs atque ŏcŭlis mentem, nĭsĭ litĭgĭosŭs. *H.* **2.** *Used of places where law-suits go on.* Fŏrā litĭgĭosā. *O.* **3.** *Giving cause* or *opportunity for law-suits.* ∾ ăgĕr. *O.*

LITIGO, as. *To be at law, go to law.* Ah! mĭsĕr et demens! viginti litĭgăt annis. *M.* ∾ de ălĭqua re. *Pl.* cum ălĭquo. *Ter.* [¶ Contendo, certo, discepto, rixŏr, jurgo *or* jurgŏr, altercŏr.] **Crol.** Lites –exercĕo, sĕquŏr. Litĕ contendo. Litĭbŭs implĭcŏr. Bello *or* martĕ fŏrensi contendo. *See* RIXA.

LITO, as. **1.** Intr. *To offer an acceptable and favorable sacrifice.* Sanguĭnĕ quærendi rĕdĭtus, ănĭmaquĕ lĭtandum Argŏlĭca. *V.* Omnĭs ară ăd Jŏvem rĕdŭcem lĭtăt. *M.* **2.** Tr. *To offer in sacrifice.* ∾ extă ŏvĭs. *Pp.* săcră forda bŏvĕ. *O.* [¶ Săcrĭfĭco, macto, offĕro.] *See* SACRIFICO.

LITTĔRĂ, *or* LITĔRĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A letter* (written character). Quod deductă mĕro littĕrā fĕcĭt, ămo. *O.* [¶ Littĕrŭlă, nŏtæ.] **2.** Littĕrā, *and* Littĕræ, arum. *pl. A letter, epistle.* Essĕ sălutatum te vult mĕă littĕrā primum. *O.* Fac pĕrĭcĭum ĭn littĕrĭs. *Ter.* [¶ ˘Epistŏlă, &c.] *See* E. **3.** Littĕræ, arum. *The belles lettres, literature.* Littĕrarum stŭdĭo dedĭtŭs. *Ph.* Lătinæ littĕræ. *Ph.* [¶ Littĕrŭlæ, stŭdĭă, doctrinā, Mĭnervā, discĭplinæ.] **Crol.** Artes –hŏnestæ, bŏnæ, ingĕnŭæ. Pĭĕrĭdum –stŭdĭum, stŭdĭă. Doctrinæ stŭdĭă. Musarum ŏpŭs. *See* STUDIUM.

LITTĔRĂTŎR, ŏrĭs. *m. A literary man.* Munus dat tĭbĭ Sullă littĕrătŏr. *Cat.* [The more modern word was *Litteratus* for this meaning.]

LITTĔRĂTUS, ă, um. **1.** *Marked with letters* or *characters. Pl.* **2.** *Branded* (as a slave). Si hic littĕratus me sĭnăt. *Pl.* [¶ Inscriptŭs.] *See* I. **3.** *Learned.* ∾ Græcĭă. *Ph. See* DOCTUS, LITTERATOR.

LITTĔRŬLÆ, arum. *f. pl. dim. of* Litteræ. **1.** *Letters, characters;* hence, *inscription.* Plurĭmæ littĕrŭlis signată sĕpulcrā lŏquuntŭr. *Prud. See* EPIGRAMMA. **2.** *Slight* or *superficial learning* (knowledge of letters). ∾-is Græcis imbutŭs. *H.* Me littĕrŭlas dŏcŭĕrĕ pārentes. *M.*

LITTŎRĂLIS, ĕ. *Belonging to the sea-shore.* Nĕquĭ ullă votă littŏrălĭbus dĭis Sĭbi essĕ factă. *Cat.*

LITTŎRĔUS, ă, um. **1.** *Belonging to the sea-shore.* Littŏrĕum tractu squamæ crĕpĭtantĭs ărena. Sulcăt. *O.* ∾-æ ăves. *V.* **2.** *Situated on the shore.* ∾-æ altarĭă Cupræ. *Sil.*

LITTUS, *or* LITUS, ŏrĭs. *n.* **1.** *The sea-shore, coast.* Littŏrā littŏrĭbus contrarĭă, fluctĭbŭs undas. *V.* [¶ Orā, actā (æ); *art.* ărenā.] **Ep.** Æquŏrĕus ARV, curvum, sĭnŭosum, ărenosum, spumans, humĭdum, spumosum, sŏnans; ămicum, fidum, tutum. **Crol.** Littŏrĭs oræ. Littŏrĕă ărenā. **2.** Ext. *The bank* or *strand of a river.* Vĭrĭdi ĭn ∾-ŏrĕ conspĭcĭtŭr sus. *V.* Trăsĭmeni littŏrā. *Sil.* [¶ Ripā.] *See* R.

LITURĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A spot, a blot.* Quum corpus nullā lĭturā nŏtĕt. *M.* E lăcrĭmis factā lĭturā. *Pp.* [¶ Măcŭlă, labes.] **2.** *A blotting out of writing, an erasure. O. M. See* EMENDO.

I. LITUS, ă, um. *part. from* Lino. *Touched, so as to colour* or *spot; smeared, spotted.* Pārĭbus lĭtā corpŏrā guttis. *V.* ∾-æ fellĕ săgittæ. *O.* [¶ Illĭtŭs, oblĭtŭs, inspersŭs, tinctŭs; *sts.* măcŭlosŭs.]

II. LITUS, ŏrĭs. *n. See* LITTUS.

LITUUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A staff, bent at the top, used by the augurs.* Ipsĕ Quĭrinali lĭtŭo parvaquĕ sĕdĕ-

bāt Succinctus trăbēa. *V.* 2. *A trumpet* (so bent). *V. L. See* TUBA.

LIVĔO, es, *and* LIVESCO, ĭs. 1. *To be* or *become of a black-blue* or *lead colour*; or *of a dark, dirty yellow*; or *black and blue from blows.* In pēdĭbus primum dĭgĭtos livescĕre ĕt ungues. *Lr.* Glandes liventīs plumbi spargĕrĕ. *V.* Liventĭbūs uvā rācemis. *Pp.* ~-ent rubiginĕ dentes; crurā compēdĭbūs. *O.* [† Nigresco.] Crol. Livĭdūs -sum, fio. 2. Fig. *To be envious.* Nimium ~-es, ĕt nostris lĭbellis detrāhis. *M.* Nēc ĕnim livescĕrĕ fas est dĕos. *Cl.* [† Invĭdĕo.] *See* I.

LIVIDŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Lividus. *Envious.* Omnīā tunc, quĭbūs invĭdĕas, si livĭdŭlus sis. *J.*

LIVĬDUS, ă, um. 1. *Of a black-blue* or *lead colour; of a dark yellow.* Jam tĭbĭ livĭdos Distinguĕt auctumnus rācemos. *H.* ~ vādā *V.* [† Livĭdūlūs, nigrans, nigrescens, nigĕr, ātĕr, *or* flavūs, flavens.] 2. Sp. *Black and blue from blows, livid.* Orāquē sunt dĭgĭtis livĭdā factā mēis. *O.* ~ brachĭā (armis). *H.* 3. Fig. *Envious.* Omnĭbūs invĭdĕas livĭdĕ. *M.* ~-æ oblivĭones. *H.* [† Invĭdūs.] *See* I.

LIVIUS, ĭi. *m. A Roman name;* sp. *Titus Livius, the celebrated Roman historian.* Pellĭbūs exīgūis arctatur Livĭūs ingens. *M. See* PATAVINUS.

LIVŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A lead colour*, or *dark yellow; a livid colour; spots of such colour produced by contusion*, &c. Uvāquē compacta livorem ducĭt ĭb uva. *J.* ~ ăbĕāt de corpŏrĕ. *O.* [† *Sts.* Labes, mācŭlæ, nŏtā.] Crol. Livĭdūs cŏlŏr. Livĭdā nŏtā. 2. Fig. *Envy.* Pascĭtŭr In vivis ~, post fātā quiescĭt. *O.* [† Invĭdĭā.] *See* I.

LIXA, *m. m. A victualler in a camp, a sutler. L.*

LŎCARIUS, ĭi. *m. One who lets places in a theatre.* Hermes, divĭtiæ lŏcarĭorum. *M.*

LŎCELLUS, i. *m. dim. of* Loculus. Si quĭd ādhuc sūpĕrest in nostri fœcĕ lŏcelli. *M.*

LŎCO, as. 1. *To place, to put.* Lit. and fig. Conservus vili portandā lŏcabāt In arca. *H.* ~ vīros grammĭnĕo sĕdĭli; sācra In sedĕ; regni In partĕ. *V.* In clara lucĕ. *Lr.* [† Collŏco, pono, stātŭo, constĭtŭo.] 2. *To lay foundations, found.* ~ urbem Pātāvi; sedes Teucrorum; altā thēatris fundamentā. *V. See* FUNDO (I.). 3. *To give in marriage. Pl. Ter.* [† Collŏco.] *See* CONJUGIUM. 4. *To let out, hire out; to contract* or *bargain* (for a thing to be done); or (*with* me, operam, &c.) *to contract to do, to let out upon hire, to provide upon payment.* ~-āt Cæsonĭā Rhenos. *Pers.* ~ sēcandā marmŏrā. *H.* vocem. *J.* iras ĕt verbā. *Sen.* [† Conduco, vendo.] 5. Sts. *To lend money* (place it out at interest). Lŏcare argenti nemĭni nummum quēo. *Pl.*

LŎCRI, orum. I. *The Locri Epicnemidii, a people of Bœotia.* II. *The L. Ozolæ, of Ætolia.* III. *The L. Epizephyrii, of Lower Italy, a colony of the Greek Locrians.* Hic et Narȳcĭi pŏsŭerunt mœnĭā Locri. *V.*

LŎCŬLUS, i. *m. dim. of* Locus. 1. Us. in pl. *A casket for keeping money, trinkets, any valuables;* hence, *purse.* Gramĭnā contĭnŭo lŏcŭlis deprompsĭt ĕburnis. *O.* Gemmāquē . . . lŏcŭlis quæ custodĭtŭr ĕburnis. *J.* Nummum In lŏcŭlos demittĭrĕ. *H. See* SCRINIUM, CRUMENA. 2. *A small case for books* or *papers;* or *box with counters.* Lævo suspensi lŏcŭlos tăbŭlamquē lăcerto. *H.*

LŎCŬPLES, *and sts.* LŎCUPLES, ētis. 1. Adj. *Rich;* subst. m. *a rich man.* Orbūs ĕs, et lŏcŭples, et Bruto consŭlē natūs. *M.* ˘Equĭti sūperbo, noblĭi, lŏcupleti. *M. See* DIVES. 2. *Abundant.* ~ frugĭbūs annūs. *H.* [† Divĕs, ăbundans, coplosūs.]

LŎCŬPLETO, as. *To enrich.* Quem lŏcŭpletavit conjux Hispanā lātentem. *Aus.* [† Dito.]

LŎCUS, i. *m.; pl.* LŎCI. *m., and* LŎCA, orum. *n.* 1. *A spot, place, site.* Desertosquē vĭdĕrĕ lŏcos, littusquē rĕlictum. *V.* Jam lŏcā vulnĕrĭbus desunt. *O.* [† *Sts.* Spātĭum, intervallum, sedes.] 2. *A particular place, position.* Tutā ipso lŏco. *Ph.* Servato lŏco rerum. *L.* [† Sĭtŭs.] 3. *A region, country.* Lŏcā sentā sĭtu. *V.* [† Rĕgio, terrā, oræ.] Crol. Rĕgio lŏci. Rĕgio lŏcorum. Fig. 4. *Situation, condition.* Quo res summā ~-o? Quo sĭt fortunā ~-o. *V.* [† Stātŭs.] 5. *Rank, grade in life.* Summūs ~ artē pĕtitūs. *J.* [† Grādŭs, condĭtio, fortunā.] 6. *Place* or *time left, means given.* Si quis ādhuc prĕcĭbūs ~. *V.* Fallĕrĕ quas nunquam mĭsĕro ~. *V. Fl.* [† Ansā, fācultas.] 7. *Occasion, opportunity.* Consĭlĭum resquē lŏcusquē dābunt. *O.* [† Tempŭs, occasio.] 8. *A particular place* or *passage in a work.* Lŏcā rĕcĭtatā. *H.* ~ rĕprĕhensūs. *Ter.*

LŎCUTIO, onis. *f. Peculiar language* or *mode of address.* Fescenninā lŏcutio. *Cat.*

LODIX, icis. *f. A coverlet, blanket.* Lodices mittet docti tĭbĭ terrā Cātulli. *M.*

LOLIGO, inis. *f.* 1. *The cuttle-fish.* Et nigrum nĭvĕo portans in corpŏrĕ virūs Loligo, duriquē sŭes &c. *O. See* SEPIA. 2. Fig. *Black, envious spirit.* Nigræ succūs loligĭnis. *H.*

LŎLIUM, ĭi. *n. Darnel.* Infelix lŏlĭum et stĕrĭles dŏmĭnantŭr āvenæ. *V.* Ep. Stĕrĭlĭ, ĭnutĭlĭ, invisum, ingratum.

LONGÆVUS, ă, um. 1. *Aged, old.* Signāquē ferrĕ jūbent, rĕtĭnet longævūs hāruspex. *V.* ~ pons. *St.* vĕtustas. *M.* [† Annosūs, vĕtūs, antiquūs, &c.] *See* VETUS. 2. *Used subst. O. See* SENEX, ANUS.

LONGE. *adv.* 1. *Far, far off, at* or *to a distance from.* Julĭā qua ponto longe sŏnāt undā rĕfuso. *V.* Arcerĕ longe Lātĭo. *V.* [† *Sts.* Prŏcŭl.] 2. Longe sum. *To be far from, out of the way of aiding.* Longe illi dĕā matĕr ĕrĭt. *V.* ~ tĭbĭ regnum dotalĕ Crĕusæ. *O.* 3. *From far.* Longīūs ex altoquē sĭnum trāhĭt. *V.* [† Prŏcŭl, emĭnūs.] 4. *A long time.* Si longīūs absis. *H. See* DIU. 5. *Much, greatly.* Errāt longe. *Ter.* [† Valde, multum.] 6. *Used with comp.* or *superl. adj.* ~ bĕātĭŏr. *O.* mĕlĭŏr. *V.* pulcherrĭmūs. *H.* [† Multo.]

LONGINQUITAS, ātis. *f. Length of duration.* Longinquĭtas ætatis obstĕt. *Ter.*

LONGINQUUS, ă, um. 1. *Remote, afar off.* Longinquo rĕfĕram lapsūs āb orbĕ pĕdem. *O.* ~ os ād Indos. *Pp.* [† Rĕmotūs, dissĭtūs, rĕpostūs, &c.] *See* DISSITUS. 2. *Coming from afar.* ~ tellā. *L.* Hence—3. *Foreign, strange.* ~ piscis. *O.* [† Pĕrĕgrinūs.] 4. *Lasting long.* ~ vĕtustas. *V.* [† Longūs, dĭūturnūs.] 5. *Long, slow, tedious.* ~-um istūc āmanti est. *Pl.* [† Longūs, tardūs.] 6. Longinquum, n. as adv. *At great length.* ~-um lŏqui. *Pl. See* DIU.

LONGITĔR. *Far.* Non, ŭt ōpinŏr, ĕa ab leto jam longĭtĕr errāt. *Lr. See* LONGE.

LONGITUDO. inis. *f. Length in extent; length in duration. Ter.* Gūlæquē credens colli longĭtudĭnem. *Ph.*

LONGUS, ă, um. 1. *Long* (in extent). Flammarum longos a tergo albescĕrĕ tractus. *V.* ~ In occasum (ăgĕr). *V.* [† Oblongūs, productūs, prolixūs, excurrens, pātens; *ext.* immensūs.] 2. *Long* (in duration). Lux longĭŏr anno. *V.* Longo post tempŏrĕ venīt. *V.* [† Longinquūs, dĭūturnūs.] *See* DIUTURNUS. 3. ˘In longum. *In length; to a great length.* Nostros In ~-um

ducĭs ămores. *V.* 4. Ex longo. *Long back; for a long time.* Collectă ex longo răbĭes. *V.* [† Jamdĭu, jamdudum, jampridem.] 5. Pĕr longum. *During a long time.* Per ~-um celată fămes. *Sil.* [† Dĭu.] 6. Longum, *and sts.* Longă. *n.* as adv. *Long, a long time.* ~ frŭi munĕrĭbŭs. *M.* lætari. *V.* Longă tŭendo. *St. See* DIU.

LŎQUACĬTĔR. *Loquaciously, with a multitude of words.* Scribetur tĭbĭ formă lŏquacĭtĕr, et sĭtŭs agri. *H.* [† Verbose, fusĭŭs.]

LŎQUACŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Loquax. *A chatterer.* At flagrans, ŏdĭosă, lŏquacŭlă, lampădĭum fĭt. *Lr.*

LŎQUAX, acis. 1. *Full of words, a great prater.* Lit. and fig. Et de me pŏtĕrat quillĭbĕt essĕ lŏquax. *Pp.* ~-aces ranæ. *V.* lymphæ. *H.* [† Garrŭlŭs.] *See* G. 2. *Sts. in a good sense.* ~ testudo. *H.* [† Facundŭs, fecundŭs.] 3. *Expressive,* (as it were) *speaking.* ~ vultŭs. *O.* [† Lŏquens, argutŭs.]

LŎQUELA, æ. *f. Language, words, conversation.* Græcăquĕ quod Gĕtĭco mixtă lŏquelă sŏno. *O.* Suaves ex orĕ lŏquelas. *Lr.* Verbosa gaudĕt lŏquela (Vĕnŭs). *Cat.* [† Sermo, vox, sŏnŭs.] *See* VOX.

LŎQUŎR, ĕrĭs, lŏcutŭs *or* lŏquutŭs sum. 1. *To speak.* Omnes uno sĭmŭl orĕ lŏquuntŭr. *V.* [† Elŏquŏr, dico; ăĭt, effatŭr, prŏfatŭr; *sts.* infĭt, inclpĭt, orsŭs est, inchŏăt, cœpĭt.] Crcl. Verbă -mitto, făcĭo, dico, fundo, effundo, do, edo, promo, profĕro, depromo, expromo. Vocem (voces, dictă, lŏquelas) -edo, do, mitto, cĭĕo, fundo, effundo. Pectŏrĕ (orĕ) dictă (voces, sŏnos) -edo, reddo, trăho, rĕfĕro. Oră vocĭbŭs (in verbă) -rĕsolvo, solvo. Verbă *or* sermonem sĕro. Verbum făcĭo. Sermonem exercĕo. Phr. Sic (ĕă verbă) lŏcutŭs est (orĕ lŏcutŭs est, *or* effatŭs est). Sic mĕmŏrăt. Dictis ĭtă fatŭr. Tales voces (talĭă, hanc vocem) ăd æthĕră fundĭt (pectŏrĕ rumpĭt *or* rĕfert, jactăt mĕmŏrans). Sĭlentĭă vocĕ *or* sermonĕ rumpĭt. Oră sŏno rĕsolvĭt. Vox orĕ excĭdĭt. Talĭbŭs mŏdis verbă solvĭt. His vocĭbŭs utĭtŭr. Illĕ prĭŏr hæc. 2. Lŏquŏr ăd qm *or* cum qo. *To speak to* or *with any one.* [† Allŏquŏr, compello, affari.] *See* COLLOQUOR. 3. With acc. *To say, tell, relate.* ~ haud ignotă; audită. *V.* multă. *H.* verā. *O.* [† Dĭco, ăĭt, mĕmŏro, rĕfĕro, fundo, expromo, narro.] *See* NARRO. 4. *To speak of* or *about; to mean in speaking.* Quas mŭllĕres, Quos tu părăsitos lŏquĕrĭs? *Pl.* [† Dico, narro, innŭo.] 5. Sts. *To predict.* Vŏlŭcres mĕă fată lŏquentŭr. *St. See* PRÆDICO.

LORICA, æ. *f. A breast-plate, cuirass.* Loricæquĕ mŏras et pectus perfŏrăt ingens. *V.* [† Thorax.] Crcl. Loricæ squamæ. Ep. Grăvĭs, ærată, ærĕă, ăhenă, dură, rĭgĭdă, impervĭă, fĭdelĭs; fulgĭdă, fulgens, splendens, rŭtĭlans; hamis consertă; auro trĭlix; auro (albo ŏrĭchalco) squalens. Ferro permixtoquĕ auro textĭlĭs. *See* THORAX.

LORICATUS, ă, um. *Covered with a breast-plate.* Tu loricato squamosus pectŏrĕ. *Aus.* (de salmonĕ. *fig.*) Crcl. Lorica -indutŭs, tectŭs, munitŭs, defensŭs.

LORĬPES, ĕdĭs. *m. f. Bandy-legged.* Lorĭpĕdem rectus deridĕăt, Æthĭŏpem albŭs. *J.*

LORUM, i. *n.* 1. *A thong* or *strap.* Bullă sŭper frontem parvis argentĕă loris Vinctă (de cervo. *O.* [† Vincŭlum, vinclum, &c.] *See* VINCULUM. 2. *A leash. Sen. L.* [† Hăbenă.] 3. *A lash, whip.* ~-is uri. *H.* ŏpĕrĭerĕ. *Ter.* cirrată pellĭs. *M.* [† Hăbenă, flăgellum, flăgrum, scŭtĭcă, fĕrŭlă.] 4. *A rein. V. See* HABENA. 5. *The girdle of Venus. M. See* CESTUS (II.). 6. *The poor child's leathern bulla* (or the strap by which it hung). *J.*

LOTŎPHĂGI, orum. *m. pl. A people living near the Syrtes. C. D.* Illo Lotŏphăgos, illo Sirenăs in antro. *O. See* LOTOS.

LOTOS, i. *f.* 1. *A tree on the north coast of Africa, whose fruit was said to cause those who ate it to forget their country.* Nec plus lotŏs ăquas, litĭŏrĕ myrtŭs ămăt. *M.* Ep. ˘Aquatĭcă; dulci bacca nĭmĭs hospĭtă. 2. *A flute* (as made of the wood of the lotus). Cĭthăræ, lotiquĕ, lyræquĕ. *O.* Ep. ˘Adunca; Phrygĭă. [It is found *m.* in *Martial.*]

LOTUS, ă, um. *See* LAUTUS.

LŬBENS, LUBENTĔR, LŬBĔT, LŬBIDO. *See* LIBENS, LIBENTER, &c.

LUBRĬCO, as. *To make slippery.* Qui Lăcĕdæmŏnĭcum pytismătĭ lubrĭcăt orbem. *J.*

LUBRĬCUS, ă, um. 1. *Slippery, smooth.* Lubrĭcă convolvit sublato pectŏrĕ tergă. *V.* Lubrĭcă clivo semĭtă. *Sil.* [† Lævĭs; *sts.* tritŭs.] Fig. 2. *Slipping away, slipping out of hand* or *hold.* Pătrĭas tentasti lubrĭcŭs artes. *V.* ~ umbrā; annŭs. *O.* Lubrĭcŭs æstu. *V. Fl.* [† Fŭgax, fallax.] 3. *Dangerous, unsafe* (as ice is unsafe to stand upon). Vultus nĭmĭum lubrĭcŭs adspĭci. *H.* [† Anceps, dŭbĭŭs.] *See* PERICULOSUS.

LUCĂ *or* LUCAS BOS, *gen.* lucæ bovĭs. *m. f. An elephant.* (The Romans saw elephants first in Lucania.) Ut nunc sæpĕ bŏves lucæ, ferro mălĕ mactæ. *Lr. See* ELEPHAS *and* LUCANUS.

LUCANIA, æ. *f. A district of Lower Italy.* Seu quod Lucanĭă bellum Incŭtĕret vŏlentĭă. *H.*

I. LUCANUS, ă, um. 1. *Of Lucania, Lucanian.* Lucanŭs ăn Appŭlŭs, anceps. *H.* 2. ~ taurus, bos = Lucas bos. *See* L. *Lucil.* II. Subst. *m. A Roman poet.* Quum te terris, Lucanĕ, dĕdissĕt. *M.*

LŬCELLUM, i. *n. dim. of* Lucrum. *A little gain.* Quid pure tranquillĕt, hŏnos an dulcĕ lŭcellum. *H.*

LUCĔO, es, luxi. 1. *To be light, to send forth light; to shine.* Lit. and fig. Ut mĭlĭ perpĕtŭo lucĕăt ignĕ fŏcŭs. *Tib.* ~-ent aurĕă fulcrā. *V.* ~-ĕt ĕbŭr. *V.* sponsă tyranni. *St.* [† Collucĕo, illucĕo, lucesco, illucesco, fulgĕo, splendĕo, &c.] Phr. Lucem (lumĕn, lumĭnă) -do, reddo, spargo, dispergo, fundo, effundo, mitto, emitto, jăcĭo, jacto. Lucĕ cŏrusco. Rădĭos spargo. Rădĭis -cŏrusco, ardĕo. *See* FULGEO, LUMEN. 2. Lucĕt *unip. It is light, it dawns, day breaks.* Prius quam lucĕt, adsunt. *Pl.* Si luxĕrĭt, ăd lĭbrarĭorum &c. *Cat.* [† Lucescĭt.] Phr. Dies est *See* MANE. 3. Sts. *To shine through.* [† Translucĕo.]

LŬCĔRES, um. *m. pl. One of the three tribes into which Romulus divided the people. C. D.* Hinc Tĭtĭes, Ramnesquĕ vĭri, Lŭcĕresquĕ cŏloni. *Pr.* Quosquĕ vŏcant Ramnes, Lucerĭbusquĕ dĭcĭt. *O.*

LŬCERNĂ, æ. *f. A lamp.* Accessit fervor căpĭti nŭmĕrusquĕ lŭcernis. *H.* [† Testă, lychnŭs; *sts.* lampăs; *ext.* funălĕ, lumĕn, flammă.] Crcl. Flammă vĭgĭl. Ignes nocturni. *See* LAMPAS, FAX.

LUCESCO, ĭs. *To shine, begin to shine.* Jamquĕ nŏvum terræ stŭpĕant lucescĕrĕ solem. *V. See* LUCEO.

LUCĬDUS, ă, um. 1. *Clear, bright.* Nam nĕque ĕrant astrorum ignes, nec lucĭdŭs æthra Ætherĭa pŏlŭs. *V.* ~-ĭŏr glăcĭe. *O.* [† Lucens, clarŭs, nĭtens, nĭtĭdŭs, &c.] *See* FULGIDUS. 2. Fig. *Clear.* ~ ordo. *H.* [† Clarŭs.] 3. Lucĭdum, *n. as adv.* ~-um fulgentes ŏcŭlĭ. *H.*

LUCĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. 1. *Bearing* or *carrying a light* or *lights.* Lucĭfĕris pŭĕris, candĭdĕ, Bac-

chĕ, tĭis. *O.* 2. *Bringing* or *bearing light, giving light.* Lucĭfĕri equi (*of the moon*). *O.* Lucĭfĕræ mānus (Lucinæ). *O. See* LUCIDUS.

LUCĬFĔR, ĕri. *m.* 1. *The planet Venus,* or *the morning star; the break of day.* Jamquĕ jŭgis summæ surgebat Lucĭfĕr Idæ. *V.* ∾ ˘Eois æquis exĭt. *O.* [† Phosphŏrŭs, ˘Eōŭs; *ext.* auroră, dies, lux.] Crel. Lucĭfĕri-stellă, sidŭs, astrum, rŏtă. *See* MANE. 2. Fig. *Day, a day.* Venturum paucis me ∾-is. *Pp.*

LUCĬFŬGUS, ă, um. *That shuns the light.* Lucĭfŭgis congestă cŭbilĭă blattis. *V.*

LUCILIUS, ĭi. *m. A satiric Roman poet.* Audemus sălĭras, Lucillĭŭs essĕ lăboras. *M.* Crel. Auruncæ ălumnŭs.

LUCINA, æ. *f.* 1. *A name of Luna* or *Diana.* Tu nobis lucem, Lucină, dĕdisti. *O. See* DIANA. 2. *A name given by some to Juno, by others to Diana, as the goddess of childbirth.* Grăvĭdis fĭcĭlis ∾ pŭellis. *O.* Sivĕ tu ∾ prŏbas vŏcari (de Diana). *H.* Tu Lucină dŏlentĭbŭs Juno dictă pĕrpĕris. *Cat.* Juno ∾, fĕr ŏpem. *Ter.* [† Ilithyiă, Gĕnĭtalis.]

LŬCRĒTIA, æ. *f. The wife of Collatinus.* Indĕ cĭto passu pĕtĭtur Lucretĭă: nebăt. *O.* Ep. Castă, pŭdică, ănĭmosă, fortis, gĕnĕrosă.

LŬCRĒTIUS, ĭi. *m. A celebrated Roman poet.* Carmĭnă sublimis tunc sunt pĕrĭtură Lŭcreti. *O.* [The first syllable is not found long.]

LŬCRINUS, *and* LUCRINUS, i. *m.* (sc. lacus.) 1. *A lake on the coast of Campania.* Quid mĕmŏrem portus, Lucrinoque addĭtă claustră? *V.* Lascivi stagnă Lŭcrini. *M.* 2. *Used adj.* ∾ æquă. *Pp.* Vĕnŭs. *St.* ostrĕă. *M.*

LŬCRŎR, *and* LUCRŎR, arĭs. *To gain, make profit; to gain, get.* Luxŭrĭæquĕ pārent cædem, mortesquĕ lăcrentŭr. *Manil.* Ejus qui dŏmĭta nomĕn ăb Afrĭca Lucratus rĕdĭit. *H.* Crel. Lŭcri făcio. Lŭcrum *or* quæstum făcio. Lŭcro appono. ˘In lŭcro mihĭ est.

LŬCROSUS, ă, um. *Advantageous, profitable.* Cur mihĭ sit damno, tibĭ sit lucrosă vŏluptas? *O.* [† Commŏdŭs, utĭlis.]

LŬCRUM, *or* LUCRUM, i. *n.*, *and* LŬCRĂ, orum. *pl.* 1. *Gain, profit.* Iră sŭbit, deformĕ mălum, lucriquĕ cŭpido. *O.* Quam vilĕ lŭcrum. *St.* Lucră pĕtens &c. *Tib.* [† Quæstŭs.] Ep. Ingens, magnum, dulcĕ, optatum; fœdum, turpĕ, pŭdendum. 2. Fig. *Profit, advantage. M.* Lŭcră mŏræ. *St.* [† Commŏdum, emŏlŭmentum, quæstŭs.] Phr. 1. *Love of gain, avarice.* Lŭcri (pallidă) tabes. Lŭcri fŭrŏr. Contagiă lŭcri; *or abs.* lŭcrum. ˘Ob lŭcrum demersă exĭtio (dŏmŭs). *See* AVARITIA. 2. *To turn to profit, make gain from.* Lŭcri -făcio, do. Lŭcri fio. 3. *To be matter of gain, advantage.* Lŭcro sum, *or* in lŭcro sum. 4. *To put to account as gain.* Lŭcro appono. ˘In lŭcro depŭto.

LUCTAMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *A wrestling, encountering.* Primus fulmĭnĕum lento luctamĭnĕ Pœnum Compressit Făbĭŭs. *Cl. See* CERTAMEN. 2. *A struggle, effort.* Remo ŭt ∾ ăbessĕt. *V. See* NISUS.

LUCTANS, tis. *part. from* Luctor. 1. *Struggling, contending.* Luctantes ventos &c. *V.* [† Certans, pugnans, discors, infensŭs, oppŏsĭtŭs.] 2. *Striving against, reluctant.* ∾-ă lumĭnă somnŭs compŏsŭĭt. *Sil.* oscŭlă. *O.* [† Rĕluctans, obluctans, invitŭs, nolens.]

LUCTATŎR, oris. *m. A wrestler.* Ut jăcĕt Aŏnĭo luctatŏr ăb hospĭtĕ fusŭs. *O.* (*Ib.*) [† ˘Athletă, pălæstrită.]

LUCTĬFĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Mournful, bringing sorrow and mourning.* Luctĭfĕr annŭs. *V. Fl. See* INFAUSTUS, FUNESTUS.

LUCTĬFĬCUS, ă, um. *Causing mourning* or *sorrow, mournful.* Luctĭfĭcam Allecto dirarum ab sedĕ sŏrorum. V. ∾ Titan. *L.* austĕr. *Sen.* clangŏr. *St. See* FUNESTUS.

LUCTĬSŎNUS, ă, um. *Sounding mournfully.* Et gĕmĭtu, et lăcrĭmis, et luctĭsŏno mugitu. *O.*

LUCTŎR, arĭs. 1. *To wrestle.* Contendunt ludo, et fulva luctantŭr ărena. *V. See* PALÆSTRA. 2. *To fight, contend.* Intĕr se ∾-antŭr cornĭbŭs hœdi. *V.* [† Certo, decerto, contendo, colluctŏr.] *Fig.* 3. ∾ pĕlăgo. *Sil.* vĭrĭdi robŏrĕ (de igni). *L.* 4. *To struggle, strive.* ∾ mugirĕ (de jŭvencis). *Sil.* ărundĭnĕ infracta telum erĭpĕrĕ. *V. See* CONOR.

LUCTŬOSUS, ă, um. *Causing mourning, mournful.* Medŭs infestŭs sĭbĭ luctŭosis Dissĭdĕt armis. *H.* Hespĕrĭæ mălă ∾-æ. *H. See* MISER, FUNESTUS.

LUCTUS, us. *m.* 1. *Grief, affliction, trouble.* Datque ănĭmum in luctus, et luctĭbŭs adjĭcĭt iram. *O.* ∾-u accensŭs. ∾-us incendĕrĕ. *V.* maternos lĕvarĕ. *O.* [† Dŏlŏr, mœrŏr, desiderĭum, cură, angŏr, ægrĭtudo.] Ep. Ægĕr, ăcerbŭs, ămarŭs, tristis, mœstŭs, flebĭlis, misĕr, longŭs, ĭners, ignavŭs, mŭlĭĕbris. *See* DOLOR, CURA. 2. *Wailing, lamentation.* ∾ maternas aures impŭlĭt. *V.* nulli cognĭtŭs ævo. *L.* [† Fletŭs, gĕmĭtŭs, questŭs, lamentă, &c.] *See* LAMENTUM, LACRIMOR. 3. *Mourning for the dead; used of mourning garments, funeral rites.* Non est convĕnĭens ∾-ĭbŭs (purpŭrĕ). *O.* Pĕr cŏlĭcervatos ∾-us pĕrĕăt dŏmŭs. *O. See* FUNUS.

LUCŬBRO, as. *and tr. To work at night,* or *by candle-light.* Hæc dat nocturnis nox lucubrată Cămœnis. *M.* [† Elucŭbro, vĭgĭlo.]

LUCŬLENTUS, ă, um. 1. *Clear, bright, brilliant, beautiful.* Nec dictat mihĭ lucŭlentŭs Attŷs. *M.* [† Clarŭs, splendĭdŭs, pulchĕr, dĕcorŭs.] 2. *Happy, fortunate.* Dies ∾. *Pl.* [† Pulchĕr, felix, faustŭs.]

LUCULLUS, i. *m. A Roman general, celebrated for his victories over Mithridates, and his riches.* Chlămydes Lucullŭs, ŭt aiunt, Si posset, centum scenæ præberĕ rŏgatŭs. *H.*

LŬCŬMO, *and sync.* LUCMO, onis. *The title of the Etruscan chiefs. C. D.* Primă gălĕritus pŏsŭit prætorĭă Lucmo. *Pp.* Antĭcĭpesquĕ tŭo Sămĭi Lŭcŭmonis ăcumĕn. *Aus.* (*here used probably of Pythagoras.*)

LŬCŬMONES, ĭi. *m. Etruscan.* Tempŏrĕ quo sŏcĭis venit Lŭcŭmonĭŭs armis. *Pp.*

LUCUS, i. *m.* 1. *A wood* or *grove sacred to the deity whose temple it surrounded.* Lucŭs in urbĕ fŭit mĕdĭa. *V.* Ep. Săcĕr, sanctŭs, vĕrendŭs. Crel. Săcrum, sanctum, nĕmŭs. Luci -majestas, rellĭgio, horrŏr. 2. Gen. *A wood, forest. See* SILVA.

LUDIA, æ. *f. A dancing-woman.* Quæ ludĭă sumpsĕrĭt unquam Hos hăbĭtus? *J.*

LUDIBRIUM, *and* LUDIBRIUM, ĭi. *n. Sport, jest, laughing-stock.* Ludĭbrĭum pĕlăgi vento jactatŭr ĕt unda. *Cl.* Ne turbată vŏlent răpĭdis ludibrĭă ventis. *V.* [† Ludŭs, jŏcŭs.]

LUDICER, *or* LUDICRUS, ă, um. 1. *Serving for sport, sportive.* Vălĕat res ludĭcrĕ, si me &c. *H. See also* 2. [† Jŏcosŭs, festivŭs, jŏcŭlaris, lusorĭŭs.] 2. Sp. *Of* or *belonging to public games, plays,* &c. Nĕque ĕnim lĕvia aut ludicrĕ pĕtuntŭr Præmĭă. *V.* 3. Ludĭcrum, i. *n. A public game, stage, play, &c.* Ludĭcrĕ quĭd, plausus &c.? *H.* 4. *Any pleasure, game, amusement.* Versus et cetĕrĕ ∾-ă. *H.* [† Gaudĭum, vŏluptas, ludŭs, oblectamĕn.]

LUDIFICO, as, *and* LUDIFICOR, arĭs. *dep. To make game* or *sport of any body, to play upon, take in.* Ut pŭĕrorum ætas improvĭdă ludĭfĭce-

tŭr. *Lr.* ˘Avĭdum pugnæ . . . flexo pĕr devĭă ĕquo ludĭfĭcatŭs. *Sil.*

LUDIŬS, ĭi. *m. A dancer, actor.* Ludĭŭs æquatæm ter pĕdĕ pulsăt hŭmum. *O.* [† Saltatŏr.]

LUDO, ĭs, lusi, lusum. 1. *To play* (used of ordinary amusements, or exercise in the public games). Luderĕ qui nescit, campestrĭbŭs abstĭnĕt armis. *H.* [† Colludo.] **Crol.** Ludo -vāco, indulgĕo; tempŭs -trăho, duco, insumo, transĭgo, fallo. Ludo tempŭs do. Ludo dĭem *or* noctem duco. Nocti ludum æquo. ˘In lucem ludum -produco, protrăho, fĕro. Otĭă pĕr vărĭos lusus exercĕo. 2. *To sport, frisk, wanton about.* ∾ pendentes pŭĕros circum uberĕ. *V.* ∾-unt pĕr undas (delphinĕs). *V.* ∾-ĭt pĕcŭs campo. *H.* [† Exsulto, lascivĭo.] 3. *To play at certain games, to amuse oneself with poetry, music,* &c. (tr. with acc., or intr. with abl.) ∾ par impar; (*fig.*) ludum insŏlentem. *H.* quæ vellem cālămo ăgresti; carmĭnă pastorum. *V.* festă convitĭă. *M.* Ludĭtŭr alĕă pernox. *J.* ∾ nūmĕro mŏdŏ hoc, mŏdŏ illo. *Cat.* versĭbŭs incomptis. *V.* 4. *To play upon, delude, deceive.* ∾ vana spe ănantem; qm falsis ĭmagĭnĭbŭs. *V.* [† Deludo, fallo, &c.] *See* DECIPIO.

LUDŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A game, a play.* Ludŭs ĕnim gĕnŭit trĕpĭdum certamĕn ĕt ĭras. *H.* [† Festivŭs, festŭs, gratŭs, jucundŭs, jŏcosŭs, lætŭs, hĭlărĭs, blandŭs; anceps, dŭbĭŭs, fallax, vĕtĭtŭs.] 2. *A game of chance.* *See* ALEA. 3. Pl. *Games, public diversions.* ∾-os săcros instĭtŭĕrĕ. *O.* commissos tŭbă cănĭt. *V.* [† Spectacŭlă, ludĭcrum.] **Ep.** Solennes, festi, săcri. **Phr.** Ludis dĭem cĕlĕbro. Solennĭă ludis exsŏquŏr. 4. *Play, amusement, diversion.* Texunt fŭgas ŏt prœlĭă ludo. Ludo belli sĭmŭlacrā clĕbant. *V.* [† Lusŭs.] 5. *Fun, nonsense; pleasant, sportive talk.* Amoto quæramus serĭă ludo. *H.* [† Jŏcŭs, nugæ.] 6. *A school of any kind. H. M.* *See* SCHOLA.

LUELĂ, æ. *f. Expiation, punishment.* Est insignĭbŭs insignis scĕlĕrisquĕ lŭelă Carcĕr. *Lr.*

LUES, ĭs. *f.* 1. *A contagious disease, contagion.* Arbŏrĭbusquĕ sătisquĕ lŭes, et letĭfĕr annŭs. *V.* [† Pestĭs, contages, contagĭă.] *See* P. C. C. 2. Gen. *Scourge, destruction.* Nostri gĕnĕrĭs exĭtĭum ĕt lŭes. *Sen.* [Used of a conflagration. *Sil.*; of the Harpies. *V. Fl.*] [† Pestĭs, exĭtĭum.]

LUGDUNENSIS, ĕ. *Of Lugdunum, now Lyons.* Aut Lugdunensem rhetor dicturŭs ăd aram. *J.*

LUGĔO, es, luxi (luctum, *obs.*). 1. *To weep, mourn* (tr. and intr.). Dardănŭs, et versis lugeret Græcĭă fatis. *V.* Fratrem lugebăt ădemptum. *O.* [† Flĕo, lăcrĭmo, deflĕo, ploro, &c.] *See* LACRIMO, LAMENTOR, DEFLEO, PULVIS. **Phr.** Luctĭbŭs indulgĕo. Luctu -squalĕo, tabesco. ˘In luctum solvŏr *or* me solvo. ˘In luctus ănĭmum do. 2. *Pass. unip.* Lugetŭr, *There is mourning. Cat.*

LUGŬBRIS, *and* LUGUBRIS, ĕ. 1. *Mournful, sad, lamentable.* Trojæ rĕnascens alĭtĕ lugŭbri (Fortunā). *H.* Quum lĭquĭdam tollunt lugubri vocĕ quĕrelam. *Lr.* (de cycnis.) [† Flebĭlĭs, tristĭs, mœstŭs, funĕbrĭs, luctĭfĭcŭs, infaustŭs.] 2. *Mourning,* adj. (of the dress.) ∾ vestĭs. *Ter.* pallă. *Sen.* [† Atĕr, pullŭs.] 3. Lugŭbrĭă, ĭum. *n. pl. Mourning garments.* Nunquam ∾ sumpsi. *Pp.* *See* ATRATUS. 4. *Overwhelmed with grief.* ∾ ĕt amens. ∾-ĭă pectŏrā. *O.* ∾-es vultus. *Sen.* [† Tristĭs, mœstŭs.] 5. Lugŭbrĕ. *n. as adv.* Cŏmetæ ∾ rŭbent. *V.* Sŏnĭtŭs ∾ mĭnax. *Sil.*

LUMBŬS, i. *m., and us.* LUMBI, orum. *pl. The loins.* Cerĕă quæ pătŭlo lucet ĭncĭdŭlă lumbo. *M.* Ossă sŭb incurvis exstabant aridă lumbis. *O.* [† Renes, dorsum.]

LUMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* 1. *Light, clear day-light* que aurorā nŏvo spargebat lumĭnĕ t [† Lux, dĭes, &c.] *See* LUX. 2. *Artific* ∾ tædæ. *V.* 3. *A lamp, torch* (light o exĭgŭum pensă trăhĕrĕ. *O.* Quærĕrĕ ∾. LUCERNA, FAX. 4. *Brightness; dazz flected light;* (fig.) *beaming beauty.* ˘O lumĭnĕ. *O.* ∾ clŷpĕi. *Cl.* purpŭrĕum jŭ [† Fulgŏr, nĭtŏr, &c.] *See* FULGOR. 5 *the time of a day.* Lumĭnĕ quarto. *V.* S 6. *An eye;* us. in pl. *the eyes.* Dicentem torvo spectăt. *O.* Flammæ lumĭnĭbŭs Componĕrĕ lumĭnă dextra. *V. Fl.* *See* 7. Sts. *Apertures, crevices* (through wh comes). Tĕnŭes sŭbĭerĕ lătentĭă cera nă. *V. Fl.* [† Rimă.] 8. *Life.* Lumĭn to ănĭmam fudĭt. *Lr.* Nĕc ∾ ădemptum VITA. 9. Sts. *A term of endearment.* tam, me tŭă lumĭnă dicĭs. *M.* *See* LUX

LUNĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *The moon, Diana* or *Phe* ĕrăt, et cœlo fulgebat lunā sĕreno. *H.* be, Cynthĭă, Dĭanā, Delĭă.] **Ep.** N noctĭvăgă, sĭlens, tăcĭtă, clarā, lucĭdā, argentĕă, văgă; fratrĭs rādĭis obnoxĭă; fratrĭs ĭmĭtans. **Crol.** Lunæ -globŭs, o nŭă, lumĕn, rādĭi, currŭs, bigæ, făcles *or* lunarĕ -sidŭs, jŭbăr. Solĭs *or* Phœ Noctĭs dĕă. Dĕă noctĭvăgă. Astrorum dĕcŭs. Noctĭum -sidŭs, dĕă. Nĕmŏrum custos. Noctĭs mŏdĕratrix. Lucĭfĕrā cĭdum cœli (noctĭs) dĕcŭs. Lunarĭs luc **Phr.** 1. *Of the phases of the moon.* (L nectus;—rĕpăratŭs hŏnos;—(menstrŭĭ mentā;—damnă. Menstrŭă lunæ co dĕcĭes rĕdĕunt. 2. *Of the new moon.* L nŭă rĕpărăt (rĕsumĭt, rĕnŏvăt);—In nŏv crescĭt *or* se curvăt;—orbem rĕpărăt *or* —rĕvertentes ignes jam primum collĭg nu dŭbĭtandă rĕfulgĕt;—nondum nŏvă r cornŭă. 3. *Of the full moon.* Lunā fundĭt;—plenissĭmă fulgĕt;—cŏactis co plenum rĕdĭt;—cŏeuntĕ cornu ignes j mĭcăt orbĕ pleno;—orbem *or* cornŭă complĕt *or* implĕt;—orbem junctis implĕt;—plenum orbem rĕtexŭĭt;—t rĕcrevĭt. Cornŭă (lunæ) -pleno sĭmŭl ĕunt;—se lumĭnĕ complent. 4. *Of the moon.* Lunā -decrescĭt, sĕnescĭt;—orb trăhĭt (cogĭt);—pergĭt intĕrirĕ;—vera rĕcurrĭt. 5. *An eclipse of the moon.* L fectŭs *or* lăbŏr. *See* ECLIPSIS. 2. *Use period of a month.* Septĭmā jam plenæ d orbĭtā lunæ. *Pp.* Lunā quăter binos or egĕrăt. *M.* *See* MENSIS. 3. *An orna form of a crescent, worn by the patrici tors on their shoes. J.* [† Lunŭlă.] *See* TUS.

LUNARĬS, ĕ. *Of the moon.* Sparsi lunares currus. *O.*

LUNATŬS, ă, um. *Bent in the form of moon.* Femĭnĕa exsultant lunatis agm tis. *V.* [† Curvŭs.]

LUNO, as. *To bend in the form of a ha* Lunavitquĕ gĕnu sĭnŭosum fortĭtĕr ar *See* CURVO.

LŬO, ĭs, i. 1. *To wash.* Iŏnĭo lŭĭtur curv fundo. *Sil.* [† Allŭo.] *See* A. Fig. 2. *away, cleanse, efface.* ∾ qm errorĕ. *V.* Elŭo.] 3. Us. *To atone for, expiate.* missă; perjurĭă. *V.* [† Solvo, persol do.]

LŬPĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A she-wolf.* Adjicis, et tradĭs ŏvĭlĕ lŭpæ. *O.* *See* LUPUS. 2. *lot. J.* *See* MERETRIX.

LŬPANĂR, arĭs. *n.* *A brothel.* Intravit vĕtĕri centonĕ lŭpanăr. *J.* [† Fornix,

prostĭbŭlum, cellæ, cellĭ, cellŭlæ; *sts.* lŭtĕbræ, clŏacæ.] **Ep.** Fœdum, immundum, obscenum, turpe, spurcum.

Lŭpatĭ, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *A bit* (as being furnished with iron prickles, *i. e. wolf's teeth*). Aspĕr ĕquus duris contundĭtŭr orĕ lŭpatis. *O.* [¶ Lŭpi.] **2.** ~-ŭs, ă, um. *adj.* Lŭpatis frenis. *H.*

Lŭpercal, alis. *n. A grotto under the Palatine Mount, sacred to Pan.* Et gĕlĭdis monstrat sub rupĕ Lŭpercĭ. *V.*

Lŭpercalĭa, ium *or* iorum. *n. pl. The feast of the Lycæan Pan.*

Lŭpercŭs, i. *m., and us.* **Lŭpercĭ**, orum. *pl. A priest* or *priests of Pan, so called from Lupercus, the Roman name of the Lycæan Pan.* Arcădĭo dictos a montĕ Lŭpercos. *O.*

I. **Lŭpinŭs**, ă, um. *Of a wolf.* Et gălĕa hirsuta comptâ lŭpinâ jŭba. *Pp.*

II. **Lŭpinŭs**, i. *m. A lupine, a kind of pulse.* Aut tĕnŭis vĭcĭæ fetus, tristisquĕ lŭpini. *V.*

Lŭpŭs, i. *m.* **1.** *A wolf.* Torvâ lĕænâ lŭpum sĕquĭtur, lŭpŭs ipsĕ căpellam. *V.* **Ep.** Nocturnŭs, insĭdĭātŏr, raptŏr, prædātŏr, răpax, acĕr, aspĕr, improbŭs, sævŭs, fĕrŭs, immitis, rabĭdŭs, trux, crĭbentŭs, jejunŭs, impastŭs, audax. **Phr.** Pĕcŏrum, ŏvĭum –hostis, pestis, clades. ~Ovĭum prædo. Stăbŭlis pĕcŏriquĕ lŭcus. Pĕcŏrĭs expugnātŏr. Gĕnŭs exĭtĭālĕ lŭporum. **2.** Us. pl. *A species of bridle-bit.* Et plăcĭdo tutos accĭpĭt orĕ lŭpos. *O.*

Lŭrco, onis. *m. A glutton.* Vivĭtĕ lurcones, cŏmĕdones, vivĭtĕ ventres. *Lucil.* [¶ Gŭlosŭs, bellŭo.]

Lŭridŭs, ă, um. *Sallow, ghastly.* Lurĭdâ terrĭbĭles miscent ăcŏnĭtâ nŏvercæ. *O.* *See* Pallidus.

Lŭrŏr, oris. *m. A ghastly paleness, a livid colour.* Quĭ lŭrorĭs de corpŏre ŏrum Semĭnâ multâ flŭunt. *Lr.* *See* Pallor.

Luscĭnĭa, æ. *f., and* **Luscĭnĭŭs**, ii. *m. Ph. A nightingale.* Luscĭnĭæ tŭmŭlum sĭ Thĕlĕsĭnâ dĕdĭt. *M.* [¶ Philŏmelâ.] *See* P.

Luscŭs, ă, um. **1.** *One-eyed.* Quum Gætulâ dŭcem portaret bellŭâ luscum. *J.* [¶ Cŏcles.] **Crol.** Cui lumĕn ădemptum. **2.** *Having sightless orbs of eyes.* Stătŭa ~. *J.*

Lusĭtani, orum. *m. pl. The inhabitants of Lusitania, now Portugal.* Hos Vĭrĭathŭs ăgit, Lusitanumquĕ rĕmotis. *Sil.*

Lusŏr, oris. *m.* **1.** *A player* (at games), *one who amuses himself.* Sic, ne perdĭdĭerit, non cessat perdĕrĕ lusŏr. *O.* ~ dum florŭĭt ætas. *M.* **2.** *A writer of amatory* or *any light poetry.* Tĕnĕrorum ~ ămorum. *O.*

Lustralis, ĕ. *Serving to purification* or *expiation.* Sparsĭt ăqua castos lustrali Graiâ săcerdos. *O.* Lustralĕ căput. *Sen.* [¶ Lustrĭfĭcŭs, purgans.]

Lustramĕn, ĭnis. *n. A means of purifying.* Armâ simul vestesquĕ vĭrum, lustramĭnâ ponto Ponĕ jăcĭt. *V. Fl.* [¶ Piăculum, plamĕn.]

Lustrifĭcŭs, ă, um. *Purifying, expiatory.* Atque ĭtâ lustrĭfĭco cantu vŏcĕt. Itĕ pĕrempti. *V. Fl.* [¶ Lustralis.]

Lustro, as. **1.** *To go round, in order to purify a place.* Quum solennĭâ votâ Reddemus nymphis, et quum lustrabĭmŭs agros. *V.* ~ fruges ĕt ăgros. *Tib.* *See* Ambarvalia. **2.** Gen. *To go through acts of purification* or *expiation; to sprinkle for the same purpose.* Terquĕ sĕnem flamma, tĕr ăqua, ter sulfŭrĕ lustrăt. *O.* ~ qm măgĭco ritu. *O.* tædis. *Tib.* Lustrari Jŏvi. *V.* [¶ Pĭo, explo, purgo.] **3.** *To go round, go through, go the round of.* ~ Phœbea lampădĕ terras (*of the sun*); navĭbŭs æquŏr. *V.* mœnĭâ ĕquo. *O.* [¶ Perlustro, percurro, ŏbĕo, pĕrăgro, pĕrerro.] **4.** *To look through* or *over, examine, survey.* ~ singŭlâ templo; totum corpŭs lumĭnĕ; quæ sĭt circum coplâ. *V.* ălĭquot dŏmos. *Ph.* [¶ Perlustro, ădĕo, inviso, circumspĭcĭo, specto, examĭno.]

Lustrum, i. *n.* **1.** *An expiatory sacrifice after the review of an army,* or *census taken of the people.* Ambiri, et festo purgantes mœnĭâ lustro. *L.* **2.** Hence, *A period of five years* (the census taking place every five years). Lustris bĭs quinquĕ pĕractis. *O.* Lustris labentĭbŭs. *V.* [¶ Quinquennium, ŏlympĭas.] **3.** Sts. *Course, revolution.* Post dĕcĭmâ Phœbi lustrâ. *Sen.* [¶ Orbis, cursŭs.] **4.** Pl. *The haunts* or *retreats of wild beasts in a forest; forest-recesses.* Saltus ac lustrâ fĕrarum. *V.* Montes atque invĭâ lustrâ. *V.* *See* Spelæum, Silva.

Lusŭs, us. *m. Play, sport; a play, a game.* Sunt apti lusĭbŭs anni. *O.* Solennĕ Trojci lusus săcrum. *Sen.* ~ ĕrat connubĭâ fallĕrĕ. *M.* *See* Ludus.

Lutĕŏlŭs, ă, um. *dim. of* Luteus. *Yellowish.* Mollĭâ lutĕŏla pingens vaccinĭâ caltha. *V.*

Lutĕtĭa, æ. *f.* (*Julian.* Λευκοτεκία, *Strab.* Λευκοτοκία); *latterly* **Lŭtetĭa**. *A town of Gaul on the Seine, now Paris.* **Crol.** Urbs Părisĭăcâ. Arces Părisĭăcæ. *See* Parisii.

Lŭtĕus, ă, um (*from* Lutum). **1.** *Of mud, muddy.* Et lŭtĕum celsa sub trăbĕ fixĭt ŏpŭs. *O.* Rheni lŭtĕum căput. *H.* *See* Lutulentus. **2.** *Of clay.* Hispanæ lŭtĕum rŏtæ tŏreumâ *M.* **3.** *Covered with something resembling* lŭtum. Lŭtĕum ceromătĕ corpŭs. *M.* [¶ Illĭtŭs, lŭtatŭs, obsĭtŭs.]

II. **Lŭtĕŭs**, ă, um (*from* Lutum). *Of an orange-yellow colour.* Aurora in rŏsĕis fulgebat lutĕâ bigis. *V.* ~ sulfŭrâ. *O.* [¶ Lutĕŏlŭs, crŏcĕŭs.]

Lŭto, as. *To smear* or *cover with earth* (mud, clay, &c.). Lit. and fig. ~ ceromătĕ căpillos. *M.* Crassis lŭtatŭs ămomis. *Pers.*

Lŭtosŭs, ă, um. *Muddy.* *See* Lutulentus.

Lŭtŭlentŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Covered with mud, muddy.* Aut lŭtŭlentŭs ăgis brumali tempŏrĕ cursus. *O.* [¶ Lŭtosŭs, lŭtĕŭs, cœnosŭs, limosŭs; *ext.* immundŭs, sordĭdŭs, spurcŭs.] **Crol.** Lŭto *or* cœno –adspersŭs, perfusŭs, fœdŭs, fœdatŭs, turpis, sordĭdŭs, mădens, grăvis. **Phr.** Membrâ udo fĭmo turpĭâ. Pinguĭâ lŭto cruri. Imbrĕ ĕt lŭto adspersŭs (*muddy water*). ~Aquâ limo turbatâ (*a muddy river*). Cœno ĕt pulvĕrĕ crassŭs. **2.** *Used fig.* Quum flŭĕret lŭtŭlentŭs (*of a poet*). *H.*

I. **Lŭtum**, i. *n.* **1.** *Mud, mire.* Vixisset cănis immundus, vĕl ămicâ lŭto sus. *H.* [¶ Cœnum, limŭs; *sts.* clŭvies, sordes.] **Ep.** Udum, crassum, pinguĕ, tĕnax, turpĕ, obscenum. **2.** In lŭto sum, hærĕo. *prov.* *To be puzzled what to do, be in a "handsome fix;" to "stick i'th' mud."* Hŏmŏ in mĕdĭo lŭto est. *Pl.* Tali ŭt in lŭto hærĕam. *Pl.* ~In ŏodem lŭto hæsĭtas. *Ter.* **3.** *Potter's earth, clay.* Lit. and fig. Componĕrĕ pocŭlâ de făcĭli lŭto. *Tib.* Fingĕrĕ cymbĭâ Săguntino lŭto. *M.* Mĕllĭorĕ lŭto finxit præcordĭâ Titan. *J.* Udum ĕt mollĕ ~ ĕs. *Pers.* *See* Fictile, Samius.

II. **Lŭtum**, i. *n. A herb* (thought to be woad) *used for dyeing yellow.* Jam crŏcĕo mutabit vellĕrâ luto. *V.*

Lux, lucis. *f.* **1.** *Light, day-light, day.* Restĭtĭt Æneas, clamaque in lucĕ rĕfŭlsĭt. *V.* [¶ Lumĕn, dies, jŭbăr; *sts.* fax, lampăs.] **Ep.** Phœbeâ, cœlestis, ætherĭâ, almâ, nĭtĭdâ, purâ, sĕrenâ, clarâ, fulgens, ignĕâ, flammĕâ, rădĭans, rŭtĭlans, splendĭdâ. **Crol.** Lucis *or* lumĭnis –nĭtŏr, jŭbăr, rădii, splendŏr, dĕcŏr. Lumĭnis ignes. Diurni

ignes. Lucĭdă dĭei telă. Cŏruscum lucĭs jŭbăr. *See* SOL. 2. *Brightness, brilliancy.* Vĭrĭdi cum lucĕ smăragdi. *Lr.* Lucĕ cŏruscŭs ĭhena. *V.* ∾ ferri. *St.* [† Lumĕn, nĭtŏr, fulgŏr, &c.] *See* FULGOR. 3. *A day, the time of a day.* ∾ tertĭă. *O.* crastĭnă; ultĭmă (sŭprēmă, extremă). *V. See* DIES. 4. *Life.* Corpŏrĭ lucĕ cărentum. *V.* Ponĕrĕ lucem (= mŏri). *Sil. See* VITA. 5. Sts. *Eye, eye-sight.* ∾ effossă. *St.* ăděmptă. *O. See* OCULUS. Fig. 6. *Glory, honour.* O lux Dardănĭæ (Hectŏr)! *V.* [† Lumĕn, splendŏr, dĕcŭs.] 7. *A term of endearment.* Lux mĕă. *M. Pp. See* LUMEN.

LUXŬRĬA, æ, *and* LUXŬRIES, ei. *f.* 1. *Abundance;* freq. *excessive abundance.* At si luxŭrĭa fŏlĭorum exuběrăt umbrā. *V.* Luxŭrĭem sĕgĕtum tĕnĕra depascĭt ĭn herba. *V.* [† Copĭă.] 2. *Fine condition, fruitfulness, increase* (applied to animals). Fama luxŭrĭaquĕ grĕgĭs gaudĕt. *M.* 3. *Luxury.* ∾-es parvo nunquam contentă păratu. *L.* ∾-am lŭcris ĕmĭmus, luxuquĕ răpinas. *Mun. See* LUXUS. 4. *A licentious, dissolute state of morals. M.* [† Lĭbido.]

LUXŬRIO, as, *and* LUXŬRIŎR, arĭs. *dep.* 1. *To be abundant in, to have to abundance.* Luxŭrĭatquĕ tŏris ănĭmosum pectŭs. *V.* ∾-ăt sanguĭnĕ hŭmŭs. *O.* [† Abundo.] *See* A. 2. *To revel in the abundance of any thing.* ∾ dellĭcĭis nŏvis. *O.* assĭdŭa ăqua (de ăgro). *O.* [† Luxŭrĭŏr, diffluo, exuběro, ăbundo.] 3. *To grow luxuriantly; to be in fine, flourishing condition.* ∾-ăt sĕgĕs ĭn pingui hŭmo. *O.* Membrā ∾-ant (de Æsonĕ). *O.* 4. *To frisk wantonly about* (from luxuriance of animal life). Pĕcŭs ludĭt ĕt luxŭrĭăt ĭn pratis. *O.* 5. *To wanton in pride of spirit* or *in high spirits.* ∾-ant ănĭmi rebus sĕcundis; jŭvĕnĭlĭbŭs annis. *O.*

LUXŬRIŎR, arĭs. *dep.* = Luxŭrĭo.

LUXŬRĬOSUS, ă, um. 1. *Luxuriant, rank in growth.* Divĭtĭis pĕrĕat luxŭrĭosă sŭis (sĕgĕs). *O.* [† Luxŭrĭans.] 2. *Luxurious; indulging in luxurious and expensive habits.* Hausisti pătrĭas ∾ ŏpes. *M.* ∾ ămŏr. *O.* [† Prodĭgŭs, effusŭs.]

LUXŬS, us. *m.* 1. *Abundance in excess. See* LUXURIA. 2. Sp. *A highly fed state of body* (*V. G.* 3, 135). Hence—3. *Luxurious ease and inactivity.* Hĭĕmem luxu fŏvĕrĕ. *V.* [Often in Sallust and Tacitus in this sense.] [† Ignavĭă, segnĭtĭes, mollĭtĭes.] 4. *Luxury, lavish pomp and state.* Dŏmŭs regali ∾-u instrŭĭtur. *V.* ∾ quŏt vertĕrĭt urbes. *Sil.* [† Luxŭrĭă, luxŭrĭes, fastŭs, ŏpŭlentĭă, păratŭs; *sts.* delicĭæ, vŏluptas. Impendĭă ăvĭdæ vitæ.] Ep. Insanŭs, effusŭs, multŭs, cæcŭs, reglĭĭcŭs, prodĭgŭs; mollĭs, segnĭs, ĭners, ignavŭs; mălŭs, turpĭs, fœdŭs; hŏnesti dissuasŏr; pŏpŭlatŏr ŏpum; parvo păratu nunquam contentŭs. Regni ŏpĭbŭs rĕdemptŭs. *See* DIVITIÆ.

LYÆUS, i. *m. A name of Bacchus;* hence, *wine; used also adj.* Cornĭgĕr incrĕpŭit thyrso grăvĭorĕ Lyæŭs. *O.* Lătĭcemquĕ Lyæum. *V. See* BACCHUS, VINUM.

LYCÆUS, i. *m. A mountain of Arcadia, sacred to Pan; used also adj.* Mænălŭs et gĕlĭdi fleverunt saxă Lycæi. *V.* Faunŭs ∾. *O.* Panos de morĕ ∾-i. *V.*

LYCAMBÆUS, ă, um. *Of Lycambes.* Si quă Lycambæo sanguĭnĕ telă mădent. *M. See* LYCAMBES.

LYCAMBES, æ. *m. Lycambes, a Theban, the victim of Archilochus' iambics. C. D.* Qualis Lycambæ spretŭs infido gĕnĕr. *H.*

LYCAON, ŏnis. *m.* 1. *Lycaon, king of Arcadia, father of Callisto, changed by Jupiter into a wolf. C. D.* Irridet primo plĭă votă Lycaon. *O.* 2. *The grandson of Lycaon, and son of Callisto;* (as a constellation) *Arctophylax.*

LYCAONIS, ĭdis. *f. The daughter of Lycaon, Callisto.* Cui dĕă: virgĭnĕos, perjurā Lycaŏnĭ, cœtŭs Desĕrĕ. *O.*

LYCAONIUS, ă, um. I. *Of Lycaon.* Fœdă Lycaŏnĭæ rĕfĕrens convivĭă mensæ. *O.* II. *Of Lycaonia.* Lycaŏnĭumque ˘Ericeten. *V.*

LYCEUM, i. *n. A gymnasium at Athens; the school of Aristotle.* Gaudĕt ˘Aristŏtĕlis ănĭ te vidissĕ Lyceum. *H.*

LYCEUS. *See* LYCIUS.

LYCHNUS, i. *m. A burning light, lamp.* Dependent lychni lăquĕărĭbŭs aureis. *V.* [† Lŭcernă, lampăs, lumĕn.] *See* LAMPAS.

LYCIA, æ. *f. A district of Asia Minor.* Hibernam Lycĭam Xanthiquĕ flŭentă. *V.*

LYCISCA, æ. *f. A species of dog, a cross between the dog and the wolf.* Multum latrantĕ lycisca. *V.*

LYCIUS, ă, um, *and* LYCIUS, *or* LYCEUS. *St.* (Λύκειος.) *Of Lycia, Lycian.* Spicŭlă torquebat Lycĭo Gortynĭă cornu. *V.*

LYCŎMEDES, is. *m. The king of Scyros, at whose court Achilles was concealed in female attire. C. D.* Imbelli nuper Lycŏmedis ĭn aula. *St.*

LYCURGUS, i. *m.* 1. *A king of Thrace, who destroyed all the vineyards in his kingdom, and was struck with madness by Bacchus.* Pentheă tu, vĕnĕrandĕ, bĭpennĭfĕrumquĕ Lycurgum. *O.* 2. *The famous legislator of Sparta.*

LYDIA, æ. *f. A district of Asia Minor.* In te pamplĭnĕos proferret Lydĭă thyrsos. *Cl.* [† Mæŏnĭă.]

LYDIUS, ă, um, *and* LYDI, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *Of Lydia, Lydian; the Lydians.* Cinget Bassărĭcas Lydĭă mitră cŏmas. *Pp.* [† Lydŭs, Mæŏnĭŭs.] 2. *Etruscan, from the Lydian colony settled in Etruria.* ∾ Tibrĭs. *V.* Stagnă Lydĭă (sc. Trănĭmenŭs). *Sil.* [† ˘Etruscŭs, Tuscŭs.]

LYDUS, ă. *m. f.* 1. *A Lydian.* m. f. Lydă pŭellă. *O.* Lydă nŭrŭs. *V. Fl.* [† Lydĭŭs.] 2. *Etruscan.* Lydorumquĕ mănum, collectos armăt ăgrestes (*of Æneas collecting troops out of Etruria*). *V.* 3. ∾-ŭs, ă, um. *Used adj.* Lydos ĭn ăgros. *O.* Lydæ pondĕrā gazæ. *Sil. See* LYDIUS.

LYMPHA, æ. *f. Water.* Processit, summoque hausit de gurgĭtĕ lymphas. *V. See* AQUA.

LYMPHATUS, ă, um. *Distracted, frenzied.* Fŭrit lymphată pĕr urbem. *V.* ∾ urbs horrorĭbŭs. *St.* ∾-o mĕtu trĕpĭdarĕ. *L. See* AMENS.

LYMPHO, as. *To drive distracted, drive wild.* Rupta quies, Dĕŭs ancĭpĭtem lymphavĕrăt urbem. *V. Fl.* Sŭpĕris ănĭmum lymphanŭbŭs. *V. Fl.* [† Turbo, exsterno.] Crel. In fŭrĭas *or* ĭn fŭrorem -ĭgo, impello, concĭto, compello, răpĭo. Fŭrorĕ -concĭto, accendo. Fŭrorem -injĭcĭo, immitto. Sanos sensus averto. *See* AMENS.

LYNCEUS, ĕi, ei, *or* ĕŏs. *m. One of the Argonauts, famous for his powers of vision. C. D.* Non possis ŏcŭlis quantum contendĕrĕ Lynceus. *H.*

LYNCEUS, ă, um. *Of Lynceus.* Pectŏrā trajectus Lynceo Castŏr ăb ensĕ. *O.*

LYNCIDES, æ. *m. A son* or *descendant of Lynceus.* Narrat Lyncides moresque hăbĭtusquĕ vĭrorum. *O.*

LYNX, cis. *f. A lynx, an animal of the panther tribe, and sacred to Bacchus.* Collă prĕmis lyncum; Bacchæ Sătyriquĕ sĕquuntŭr. *O.* Ep. Măculosă, vărĭă, tĭmĭdă, fŭgax, lĕvis, ĕlŭă.

LYRA, æ. *f.* 1. *A lyre, lute.* Et mŏvĕt auratæ pollĭcĕ fĭlă lyræ. *O.* [† Cĭthărĭă, testudo, &c.] *See* CITHARA. 2. *Lyric poetry. See* LYRICUS. 3. *Poetry in general.* [† Carmĕn.] 4. *The constellation Lyra.* [† Fĭdĭs, Chĕlys.]

LYRICUS, ă, um. 1. *Of the lyre, lyric.* 2. Lyrĭcum carmĕn. *Lyric poetry.* [† Lyrā, cĭthărĭă.

Lȳrĭci -mŏdi, sŏni, versus. Lȳrĭcă musă. Lȳræ pŏtens musă.] *See* LYRA. 3. Lȳrĭcŭs vates, pŏetă, *or abs.* Lȳrĭcŭs. *A lyric poet.* [† Lȳræ (Romanæ, Pindărĭcæ) fĭdĭcĕn *or* pŏtens. Doctŭs ludĕrĕ (cănĕrĕ, quĕri) fĭdĭbŭs. Doctŭs filă lȳræ mŏverĕ.]

LYRNESSIS, ĭdis. *f., and* LYRNESSĬCUS, ă, um. *O. Of Lyrnessus;* hence, *Briseis.* Fertŭr ĕt abducta Lyrnessĭdĭ tristis ~Achilles. *O.*

LYRNESSŎS, *or* LYRNESSŬS, i. *f. A town of the Troad.* Impŏnĭtă celso parvă Lyrnessŏs jŭgo. *Sen.*

LYSIPPŬS, i. *m. The celebrated sculptor.* Glorĭă Lysippo est, ănĭmosă effingĕrĕ signă. *Pp.*

M.

MACĔDO (MACĔDON. *L.*), ŏnis. *m. A Macedonian;* sp. *Philip; Alexander* (the famous kings of M.). Diffĭdĭt urbĭum Portas vir Măcĕdo. *H.* [† Pellæŭs, Æmăthĭŭs, Æmŏnĭŭs; *pl.* Măcĕtæ.] [Măcedo is found (*Gr.* Μακηδών, as well as Μακεδών) in *Eccl.* and *L. Latin.*] *See* MACEDONICUS.

MACĔDŎNIA, æ. *f.* (Μακεδονία.) *The northern province of Greece.* Advĕnĭo ex Sĕlĕucĭa, Măcĕdŏnĭa, ~Asia atque ~Arăbia. *Pl.* [† Emăthĭă, Æmŏnĭă.] **Crcl.** Terrā Phĭlippo regnatā.

MACĔDŎNICUS, MACĔDŎNĬCUS, *and* MACEDŎNĬCUS (Μακηδόνιος), ă, um; *and* MACĔDŎNIENSIS, ĕ. *Pl.* (Μακεδονικός, Μακεδόνιος.) *Macedonian.* Qui clȳpĕo, glădĭoquĕ, Măcĕdŏnĭnquĕ sărissa. *O.* [† Măcĕdo, Emăthĭŭs, Æmŏnĭŭs, Pellæŭs.]

MACĔLLUM, i. *n.* (*and* MACĔLLŬS, i. *m. M.*) *A meat or provision market.* Immane est vĭtĭum dărĕ millĭă ternă măcĕllo. *H.*

MACĔR, măcĕrĕ, măcrum. *Lean.* Eheu! quam pingui măcĕr est mĭhĭ taurŭs ĭn arvo! *V.* Palmă nĕgătă măcrum (făcĭt). *H.* [† Măcĭlentŭs, arĭdŭs; *sts.* lignĕŭs; grăcĭlis (*slender by nature*, not *unusually or unnaturally lean*).] **Crcl.** Măcĭe -confectŭs, tĕnŭĭs, tĕnŭătŭs, exesŭs, languĭdŭs, deformis, turpis; exiles ĭn artus tĕnŭătŭs; cūtĕ sola tectŭs. Cui laxă cūtĭs corpŏrĕ trĕmĭt. **Phr.** Horrĭdă (turpis, siccă, jejună) măcĭes -artus (cūtem) adduxĕrăt *or* adducĭt;—dĕcentes malas (vultum, orā, tabentes artus) deformăt (occŭpăt, tĕnĕt);—lăcertos exedĭt. Vix ossĭbŭs hærent (agni). Concĭdĭt qs măcĭe. Fugerunt gĕnæ. *See* MACIES, MACRESCO.

MACĔRIA, æ. *f. A stone wall without cement.* Non mirum, vĕtŭs est macĕrĭă, lătĕres si vĕtĕres rŭunt. *Pl.* [† Murŭs.] *See* M.

MACĔRO, as. 1. *To make soft* or *supple* (*Pl.*); fig. *to weaken, to cause to waste away.* Macĕrăt invĭdĭa, ante ŏcŭlos illum essĕ pŏtentem. *Lr. See* EXEDO. 2. In pass. *To grow thin and weak, to waste away.* Lentis macĕrĕr ignĭbŭs. *H.* [† Exĕdŏr, tabesco, &c.] *See* TABEO.

MACĔTÆ, tarum, *and sync.* tum. *m. pl. Macedonians.* Graiorum Măcĕtumquĕ nŏvas acquirĭtĕ vires. *L.* [† Măcĕdo, Măcĕdŏnes.]

MACHAON, ŏnis. *m. Son of Æsculapius, and physician to the Greeks at Troy.* Pelidesquĕ Nĕoptŏlĕmus, primusquĕ Măchaon. *V. See* MEDICUS.

MACHAŎNICUS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Machaon; to the physician.* Illĕ Măchaŏnĭa vix ŏpĕ sanŭs ĕrĭt. *O. See* MEDICUS (a).

MACHINA, æ. *f.* 1. *A work, construction.* Sustentatā rŭet moles et machĭnā mundi. *Lr.* ~ muri. *V. Fl.* [† ~Opŭs.] 2. *A machine* or *engine for moving heavy weights, or putting them in motion; an engine of war.* Trăhunt siccas ~-æ cărinas. *H.* ~ nunc lăpĭdes, nunc tiguum torquĕt. *H.* ĭn muros făbrĭcatā: belli. *V.* [† (*As applied to war*) Ballistă, ărĭes, tormentum.] Ep. (*Gen.*) Nŏvă, solers, ingĕnĭosă, doctă, utĭlis; (*as applied to war*) bellĭcă, mĭnax, marĭă; muros concŭtĭens (subvertens, rumpens); muris mĕtŭĕndă. 3. Anc. *Any expedient* or *means; a stratagem, wile. Lr. Pl.* [† Ars, dŏlŭs, technæ.] *See* ARS, DOLUS.

MACHINATŎR, ŏris. *m., and* MACHĬNATRIX, icis. *f. Sen. A maker of machines;* hence, fig. *a contriver, cunning deviser.* O machĭnator fraudis, o scĕlĕrum artĭfex! *Sen.* [† Făbrĭcatŏr, &c.] *See* F.

MACHINŎR, aris. *To contrive, devise, design.* Nam tĭbĭ prætĕrĕa quod machĭnĕr invĕnĭamquĕ. *Lr.* [† Invĕnĭo, commĭnĭscŏr, molĭŏr, strŭo.]

MACIES, ei. *f. Leanness.* Adducitquĕ cūtem măcies, ĕt ĭn ŭĕrā succŭs. *O.* [† Tabes.] Ep. Infelix, mĭsĕrā, jejunā, arĭdā, pallĭdā, pallens, tristis, fœdā, deformis, horrĭdā, turpis, livĭdā. **Crcl.** Artus -exiles, tĕnŭati, măcĭe adducti. Nudā os-ă. Ossā sola cūtĕ tectā. *See* MACER.

MACILENTŬS, ă, um. *Lean. Pl.* (Măcies.) *See* MACER.

MĂCRESCO, is. *To grow thin and lean.* Lit. and fig. Invĭdŭs altĕrĭus macrescit rebŭs ŏpimis. *H.* [† Macĕrŏr, tabesco, sĕnesco, exĕdŏr, consumŏr.] **Crcl.** Măcies -artus *or* membrā occŭpăt, corpŭs tĕnŭăt, orā tĕnĕt, malas occŭpăt, cūtem adducĭt, vultum deformăt, ossā rĕnudăt, membrā -pĕrĕdĭt, consumĭt, extĕnŭăt. *See* MACER.

MACTABILIS, ĕ. *Deadly.* Tum fĭt ŏdor vini plagæ mactabĭlis instăr. *Lr.*

MACTATŎR, oris. *m. A killer, slayer.* Pergĕ, mactator sĕnum. *Sen.*

MACTATŬS, us. *m. A killing, a sacrificing.* Hostĭă concĭdĭĕrĕt mactatu mœstă pārentis. *Lr.*

MACTĂ. *voc. sing. m., and* MACTĔ *voc. pl.* (*from* Mactus, *sync. from* mage auctus.) *Well done, go on and prosper!* Macte esto tædis, o hȳmĕnæĕ, tŭis. *O.* Mactĕ nŏva virtutĕ pŭĕr. *V.* Mactĕ plo gĕnĭtu. *St.* [*Macti virtute este. Lir.*] [† Eugĕ, ăgĕ *or* ăgĭtĕ.] **Crcl.** Mactĕ ănĭmi *or* ănĭmis. Mactĕ esto. *See* AGE.

MACTO, as. 1. *To slay in sacrifice.* Aut si quam mactavĕrăt antĕ săcerdos. *V.* ~ mĕrĭtos aris hŏnores. *V.* [† Immŏlo, săcrĭfĭco, cædo, &c.] *See* SACRIFICO. 2. Gen. *To kill, to destroy, ruin. V. Sil. See* OCCIDO, PERDO. 3. Prim. *To present a person with any thing, good* or *bad.* (*Macto* = măgis *or* măgĕ aucto.) Divĭtĭem sŏlĕmŭs mactarĕ infortunĭo. *Pl.* Dotatæ mactant ĕt mălo ĕt damno vĭros. *Pl.* [† Afflĭcĭo.]

MACULA, æ. *f.* 1. *A spot, speck.* Rejĭcĕ, ne măcŭlis infuscet vellĕrĭă pullis. *V.* ~-as læsis de vestĭbŭs aufert. *O.* [† Nŏtă, labes: *sts.* guttă, nævŭs.] Ep. Sordĭdă, fœdă, atră, turpis. Fig. 2. *A moral stain, a blemish of character.* Laudĭbŭs ~-am imprĭmam. *Sen.* [† Labes.] *See* DEDECUS. 3. *A fault, incorrectness in composition. H.* [† Mendum.] 4. *A mesh in a net.* Retĭă ~-is distinctă. *O.*

MACULO, as. 1. *To tint, colour, spot with a different* or *different colours.* Quam si Lydă nŭrus telas măcŭlavĕrĭt ostro. *V. Fl. See* TINGO. 2. Us. *To stain, soil.* ~ terram tabo. *V.* ferrum sanguĭnĕ. *O.* [† Inflĭcĭo, tingo, adspergo, illĭno, pollŭo, &c.] *See* POLLUO. **Crcl.** Măcŭlis -adspergo, inflĭcĭo. Labem *or* măcŭlas -injĭcĭo, inspergo. Fig. 3. *To defile, disgrace.* ~ nomĕn crimĭnĕ. *V.* [† Pollŭo, inquĭno, contamĭno, fœdo, dedĕcŏro, &c.] *See* DEDECORO. 4. *To spoil, to mar, injure.* Mĕŭs pernarum præmĭă vitæ măcŭlăt. *Lr.* [† Vĭtĭo, corrumpo.]

MACŬLOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Full of spots.* Atquĕ nŏ-

tis longam măcŭlosus grandĭbŭs alvum. *V.* ∾ lynx. *V.* [? Măcŭlatŭs, vărĭŭs, vărĭatŭs, guttatŭs.] **Crcl.** Măcŭlis –adspersŭs, illĭtŭs, lĭtŭs, pictŭs; tinctŭs, vărĭatŭs, vărĭŭs, interfusŭs, insignĭs, sordĭdŭs, suffectŭs, plenŭs. Guttis lĭtŭs. Plurĭbŭs nŏtis vărĭatŭs. **2.** *Spotted, stained.* ∾-æ sanguĭnĕ ārenæ. *O.* [? Infectŭs, imbutŭs, inspersŭs, tinctŭs, pollutŭs.] **3.** Fig. *Under moral stain and disgrace.* ∾ nĕfas. *H.* vitā. *Aus.* [? Pollutŭs, sordĭdŭs, turpis, infamis.]

Mădĕfăcio, ĭs, feci, factum. *To make wet.* Fusŭs hŭmum, vĭrĭdesquĕ sŭper mădĕfecĕrăt herbas (sanguĭs). *V.* Terramquĕ sŭo mădĕfecĭt ŏdorĕ. *O.* [? Humecto, irrĭgo, rĭgo, perfundo, irroro, tingo, ablŭo, imbŭo, inficio, ungo, lĭno, illĭno, dilŭo, ĭnundo; *sts.* măcŭlo, pollŭo.] **Crcl.** ˘Aqua –spargo, tingo, rĭgo, &c.

Mădĕfio, is, actŭs sum. *To be wet, made wet, made soft with wet.* Altā Pŏlyxĕnĭa mădĕfient cædĕ sĕpulcrā. *Cat.* Mădĕfactŭs tempŏrā nardo. *Tib.* [? Mădesco.]

Mădĕo, es. **1.** *To be wet, to be moist.* Sæpĕ Phrŷgum mădŭit, dŏmĭni nunc cædĕ mădeblt (ensis). *O.* Nati mădŭerĕ paterno sanguĭnĕ. *L.* Lethæo rorĕ mădens (ramŭs). *V.* [? Immădĕo, mădesco, mădĕfio, humectŏr, humĕo, uvesco, irrĭgŏr, rĭgŏr, perfundŏr, imbŭŏr, tingŏr, spargŏr, adspergŏr, ungŏr, lĭnŏr, illĭnŏr, inflcĭŏr; *sts.* sudo, mano, flŭo, ĭnundo, nāto, *or* măcŭlŏr, pollŭŏr.] **Crcl.** Sum –mădĭdŭs, humĭdŭs, uvĭdŭs, &c. ˘Aqua *or* adspergĭnĕ –mădĕo, spargŏr, adspergŏr, perfundŏr, &c. **2.** *To sweat.* ∾ mĕtu. *Pl.* [Compare *Juv.: Sudant præcordia culpa.*] **3.** ∾ vino, and abs. *To be full of wine, to be drunk.* ∾ mĕro; festa lucĕ. *Tib.* Tardescĭt linguā, ∾-ĕt mens. *Lr. See* Ebrius. Fig. **4.** *To be filled with, flow with.* ∾-ent baccho pocŭlā. *Tib.* dellĭcĭis ferculā. *M.* **5.** *To be imbued; dyed deep in.* ∾-ent Cecrŏpĭa vocĕ pectŏrā. *M.* ∾-ĕt qs Socrătĭcis sermŏnĭbŭs. *H.* **Crcl.** Imbutŭs sum. **6.** *To become soft by boiling.* ∾-ent semĭnā igni prŏpĕrātā. *V.* [? Cŏquŏr.] *See* Madidus.

Mădesco, ĭs. *To get moist* or *wet.* Nubĭbŭs assĭdŭis plŭvĭoquĕ mădescĭt ăb austro. *O.* Imbrĭbŭs orā mădescunt. *Cl. See* Mado.

Mădĭdŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Wet, moist.* Jam sĕnĭor, mădĭdaquĕ flŭens in vestĕ Mĕnœtes. *V.* Mădĭdis nŏtŭs alis. *O.* [? Mădens, mădĕfactŭs, humens, humĭdŭs, udŭs, uvĭdŭs, tinctŭs, perfusŭs, imbutŭs, irrĭgŭs, rĭgatŭs, rorans, sparsŭs, adspersŭs, respersŭs, unctŭs, lĭtŭs, illĭtŭs, oblĭtŭs, flŭens, flŭĭdŭs, insiccatŭs, dilutŭs; *sts.* infectŭs, pollutŭs, fœdatŭs.] *See* Mado. **2.** Sp. *Dipped, dyed.* ∾ cocco vestis. *M. See* Tinctus. **3.** *Having well drunk, drunken.* ∾ fălerno. *M.* Făcĭam ŭt ∾ sĭt sobrĭŭs. *Pl. See* Mado, Ebrius. **4.** *Well done* (by cooking), *soft.* ∾-um thynni sumĕn. ∾ cĭcĕr. *M.* [? Coctŭs.] **5.** *Filled full with any thing.* Lit. and fig. Uvā prĕmĭt ∾-os lăcus. *M.* ∾ Minervæ artĭbŭs; lĭbellŭs jŏcis. *M.* [? Mădens, plenŭs; *sts.* ebrĭŭs; (*applied to the mind*) imbutŭs.] **6.** *Unsubstantial, washy, oozing away.* ˘Ităn' est mădĭda mĕmŏrĭa? *Lucil.* [? Fluxŭs.]

Mæander, **Mæandrŭs**, *or* **Mæandrŏs**, i. *m.* **1.** *A river of Phrygia, noted for its winding course.* Non sĕcŭs ac lĭquĭdus Phrŷgĭis Mæandrŏs ĭn arvis. *O.* Ludit Mæanděr ĭn undis. *O.* **Ep.** Sinŭosŭs, ambĭgŭŭs, incertŭs, inflexŭs, vāgŭs.] **2.** Fig. *Twining embroidery of garments; any turning* or *winding.* Purpŭrā mæandro dŭplĭci Mĕlĭbœā cŭcurrĭt. *V.* [? Sinŭs, gyrŭs, flexŭs.]

Mæandrĭŭs, ă, um. *Of the Mæander;* or *of Mæander, from whom the river had its name; like the Mæander.* ∾ jŭvĕnis. *O.* Phrŷgio fallax Mæandrĭā campo errāt (undā). *Pp.*

Mæcenas, ătis. *m.* **1.** *A Roman knight, high in favour with Augustus, and the friend of Virgil and Horace.* Mæcenas ĕquĕs Etrusco de sanguĭnĕ natŭs. *Pp.* **2.** *Any patron of literature,* &c. Sint Mæcenates, non deerunt (2-*syll.*), Flaccĕ, Mārones. *M.*

Mænădes, um. *f. See* Mænas.

Mænăla, orum. *n. pl., and* **Mænălŭs**, *or* **Mænălos**, i. *m. O. A mountain,* or *ridge of mountains, of Arcadia, sacred to Pan.* Intĕrĕa mixtis lustrabo Mænălā nymphis. *V.*

Mænălis, ĭdis. *f. Of* or *belonging to Mænala, Mænalian.* Cumquĕ sŭo Bŏrĕa Mænălis Ursā vĭdĕt. *O.* ∾ orā. *O.* [? Mænălĭā.]

Mænălĭŭs, ă, um. *Of Mænalu, Mænalian;* hence, *Arcadian.* Inclĭpĕ Mænălĭos mecum, mĕā tibĭā, versus. *V.* ∾ dĕus. *O.*

Mænălŭs. *See* Mænala.

Mænas, ădis. *f.*, us. **Mænădes**, um. *pl. A Bacchanal,* or *female follower of Bacchus.* Threĭcĭas passis Mænădās irĕ cŏmis. *O.* Concŭtĭens Thyrso atque armata Mænădĕ Calpen. *Sil. See* Bacchæ.

Mæonia, æ. *f.* **1.** *Mæonia, a district of Lydia.* Patrĭā Mæŏnĭa est, hŭmĭlĭ de plebĕ pārentes. *O. See* Lydia. **2.** *Etruria. V.* [The people of E. were Lydian by descent.]

Mæŏnĭdæ, darum *and* dum. *m. Lydians;* ext. *Etruscans.* Eventumquĕ sĕcuti Mæŏnĭdæ incurrunt. *V.*

Mæŏnĭdes, æ. *m.* **1.** *Of Mæonia, Mæonian.* Mæŏnĭden, ăllæque ălĭis natalĭbŭs urbes. *St.* [? Mæŏnĭŭs, Lydŭs.] **2.** Sp. *Homer, as the poet of Mæonia. O. See* Homerus.

Mæŏnis, ĭdis. *f. A woman of Mæonia;* hence, *Arachne, Omphale,* &c.. Mæŏnĭs Assŷrĭum femĭnā tinxĭt ĕbŭr. *O.*

Mæŏnĭŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Of Mæonia, Mæonian;* hence, *Etruscan.* Mæŏnĭos ˘Ītălo scĕlĕravit sanguĭnĕ fluctus. *Sil.* ∾ ˘Arachne. *O.* [? Lydŭs, Lydĭŭs; ˘Etruscŭs.] *See* Mæonia. **2.** *Homeric; epic.* ∾ carmĕn. *H.* pĕs. *O. See* Herois, Mæonides.

Mæotĭcŭs, *and* **Mæotĭŭs**, ă, um, *and* **Mæotis**, ĭdis. *f.* **1.** *Of or relating to the people* or *country of the Palus Mæotis;* ext. *Scythian.* Ut Mæotĭcā nix mĭnĭo si certĕt ˘Ĭbero. *Pp.* Scŷthĭæ gentes Mæotĭāque undā. *V.* Mæotĭdĕ sævĭŏr ara. *J.* Mæotis orā. *O.* **2.** Mæotis Pălus, undā, &c., and abs. *The Palus Mæotis, now the sea of Azoph.* Quaquĕ frĕtum torrens Mæotĭdĭŏs egĕrĭt undas. *L.* [? Mæotĭā undā *or* æquŏrā.] [The first syllable is found short in *O. Trist.* iii. xii. 2: Longĭŏr antiquis viā Mæotis hiems.]

Māgā, æ. *f. A sorceress, witch.* Adjutrixquĕ vĕnis, cantusque artesquĕ māgarum. *O.* [? Sagā, vĕneflcā, incantatrix, ănŭs; *sts.* Thessălā, Thessălis.] **Ep.** Thessălā, dirā, mĭnax, vanā, mendax, turpis. **Crcl.** Thessălā ănŭs. Thessălĭcis armatā vĕnenis. Māgĭca artĕ (māgĭcis artĭbŭs, māgĭco mĭnistĕrio, Ææo cantu) pŏtens. Circæ artis pĕritā. *See* Magicus, Magus.

Magalia, orum. *m. pl. The huts of the nomad people of Africa.* Miratur molem Æneas, magalĭā quondam. *V. See* Mapalia.

Māgē. *anc.* = Māgis. Et quanto circum māgē sunt inclusā thĕātri. *Lr.* Ādspĭcĕ num māgē sit nostrum pĕnĕtrabĭlĕ telum. *V.* [This is the only instance in *V.* The word is not found in *H.* or *O.*]

Magicus, ă, um. **1.** *Magic, pertaining to the arts of sorcery.* Somnĭā, terrores māgĭcos, miracŭlā, sagas. *H.* [? Māgŭs, Circæŭs, Ææŭs, Medĕŭs, Thessălŭs, Thessălĭcŭs, Marsŭs; *sts.* Stŷgĭŭs.]

2. Măgĭcæ artes, sācrā, &c. *Magic rites, enchantments, &c.* Măgĭcas acceinĕr artes. *V.* [† Cantūs, carmĕn, carmĭnā, incantamentum, vĕneflcĭum; *sts.* herbæ.] Crcl. Ars măgĭcā. Măgĭcum carmĕn. Măgĭcæ -vires, fraudes. Măgĭci cantus. Măgĭcūs *or* vĕneflcūs cantūs. Măgĭcā linguā. Măgĭci -sŏni, sūsurri. Măgĭcūs stridŏr. Măgĭcā -auxĭlĭā, mĕdĭcamĭnā, vĕnenā, pocūlā. Măgĭcum mĭnistĕrĭum. Măgĭcūs dŏlūs. Măgĭcā fraus. Ars -Colchĭcā, Medeā, Ærā, Circæā, Thessālĭcā. Artes -Medeæ, Circææ, &c. Măgĭcūs ritūs. Măgæ artes. Măgĭcæ linguæ pŏtentĭā. Ars vĕneflcĭi. Cantus herbæquĕ pŏtentes. Cantus măgarum ĕt artes. Ars Stȳgĭā. Noxĭā (vĕneflcā, non innoxĭā) verbā. Herbarum -virtus, vires, pŏtestas. Ponto lectā vĕnenā. Herbæ -Circææ, Hĕcātēlĭdēs, Medēĭdēs, măgĭcæ, cantatæ, incantatæ, funestæ, mālæ. Pabūlā succis horrendis. Pocūlā -incantatā, tristi gramĭnĕ tinctā. Vox Thessālā. Nŏcens radix. Lætalĭā *or* funestā germĭnā. **Phr.** Măgūs *or* Măgā -Ææā carmĭnā ĕt măgas artes novĭt;—herbis noxĭā vincĭt;—novĭt tĕnŭes figuras carmĭnĕ excirĕ;—sĕpulcrales fāvillas măgĭco murmŭrĕ incantāt;—pabūlā cantata vocĕ mĕtĭt;—miscĕt vĕnenā (v. Marsā) cum măgĭcis sŏnis;—miscĕt herbas ĕt noxĭā (*or* non innoxĭā) verbā;—carmĕn măgĭco orĕ nŏvĭes demurmŭrāt. 3. Măgĭcæ linguæ. *Hieroglyphics.* Sculptāquĕ servabant măgĭcas ănĭmalĭā linguas. *Luc.*

MĂGIS. *adv.* 1. *More.* Nec măgĭs incepto vultum sermonĕ mŏvetŭr. *V.* [† Plus, amplĭŭs, măgĕ; *sts.* acrĭŭs, vĕhĕmentĭŭs, vĭŏlentĭŭs.] 2. *Used with pos. adj. for comp.* Lucĕ măgis dilectā. *V.* Măgĭs aptā. *H.* Fidā măgĭs. *M.* 3. Măgĭs atquĕ măgĭs, Măgis măgĭs, &c. *More and more.* Măgĭs atquĕ măgis gauderĕ laudĭbŭs. *V.* Măgis măgis aĕrā carpunt. *V.* Măgis măgĭs increbrescunt (undæ). *Cat.* 4. Tanto măgĭs, &c. *So much the more.* Tanto măgĭs contendĕ vinclā. Hoc măgĭs inceptos instaurāt hŏnores. *V.* 5. Tam măgĭs . . . quam măgĭs. *anc. for* Tanto *and* quanto magis. *V.* 6. *Rather.* Non ĕquĭdem invĭdĕo, mirŏr măgĭs. *V.* [† Pŏtĭŭs.]

MĂGISTĔR, tri. *m.* 1. *A master, teacher.* Sæpĕ tŭi judex, sæpĕ măgistĕr ĕram. *O.* [† Doctŏr, præceptŏr.] Ep. Doctŭs, pĕritŭs; ămicŭs, bĕnignŭs, blandŭs, mitĭs, bŏnŭs; durŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, sĕvĕrŭs, aspĕr, ăcerbŭs; clamosŭs, impīgĕr, sedŭlŭs.] 2. ~ ludi. *The master of a school of any kind.* *See* LUDUS. 3. ~ ĕquĭtum. *The commander of a body of troops.* Scutati omnes, Volscentĕ măgistro. *V.* 4. *The commander of the horse under the Dictator. J.* 5. *A pilot.* Ipsĕ gŭbernaclo rectŏr sŭbĭt, ipsĕ ~. *V.* *See* GUBERNATOR. 6. *A groom.* ~ fingĭt ĕquum. *H.* *See* AURIGA, AGASO. 7. *A shepherd, herdsman; one who has the charge of any animals.* Exĭtĭum pĕcŏri pĕcŏrisquĕ măgistro. *V.* *See* PASTOR. Lapso dat tergā ~-o (ĕlĕphantŭs). *Sil.* Lēones cum ~-is. *Lr.* 8. ~ cœnarum. *The president of a feast. M.* [† Cœnæ pātĕr. Mensæ rex.] 9. *The head, leader, author of any thing.* Lit. and fig. ˘In ~-um scĕlĕrā rĕdĕunt sŭā. *Sen.* ~ artĭs (ventĕr). *Pers.* ăd ĕam rem. *Ter.* [† Auctŏr, hortatŏr, impulsŏr.] 10. *Used adj.* Omni nunc artĕ măgistra. *V.* and *O.* *But see* MAGISTRA.

MĂGISTĔRĬUM, ĭi. *n.* *The office and acts of a* Magister. Quum mĕā ridebunt vanā măgistĕrĭā. *Tib.* [† Mŏdĕramĕn, præceptum, ductŭs.]

MĂGISTRĂ, æ. *f.* *An instructress.* Consŭlĕ, quĕis ætas longā măgistrā fŭit. *O.* *See* MAGISTER (10).

MĂGISTRATŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A magistrate.* Jurā măgistratusquĕ lĕgunt, sanctumquĕ sĕnatum. *V.* [† Præsĕs, princeps, rectŏr, judex.] Ep. Grāvĭs, sĕvĕrŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, æquŭs, justŭs, prudens, săpĭens, vĭgĭl, sedŭlŭs, pŏtens.] 2. *The office of a magistrate.* [† Dignĭtas, munŭs.]

MAGNĂNĬMUS, ă, um. *Magnanimous.* Magnănĭmum Æneam, nĕquĕ me sententĭā vertĭt. *V.* [† ˘Anĭmosŭs, fortĭs, gĕnĕrosŭs.] *See* FORTIS.

MAGNES, etĭs. *m.* 1. *That which is of* or *from Magnesia;* subst. *a Magnesian.* Attollit tondentes gramĭnā Magnes Campŭs ĕquos. *V.* *Fl.* *See* MAGNETES. 2. *A magnet* or *loadstone.* Quem magnetā vŏcant pătrĭo de nomĭnĕ Graii (i. e. *from Magnesia, in Lydia*). *Lr.* Pŏtĕrĭt ~ non ducĕrĕ ferrum. *Pp.* Crcl. Magnetĭcūs lăpis. Magnesĭā cautes. Nigri saxi miracūlā.

MAGNESĬUS, ă, um, *and* MAGNETICUS, ă, um. *Cl.* *That which is of* or *from Magnesia.* Impellant ŭt ĕam Magnesi semĭnā saxi. *Lr.* *See* MAGNETES.

MAGNESSĂ, æ. *f.*, *and* MAGNETIS, ĭdĭs. *f.* *Of* or *from Magnesia.* f. Magnessam Hippŏlȳten dum fŭgĭt abstĭnens. *H.* Magnetĭdā Argo. *O.* *See* MAGNETES.

MAGNETĒS, um. *m. pl.* *The inhabitants of Magnesia, a province of Macedonia, near Thessaly;* or *of Magnesia, a town of Lydia, where the loadstone was found.* Et Magnetēs ĕquis, Mĭnȳæ gens cognĭtā remis. *L.*

MAGNĬFĬCE. *adv.* 1. *Magnificently* (in speech), *boastfully.* Magnā lŏquor; sed magnĭfĭce mĭhĭ magnā lŏcuto. *Tib.* 2. *Magnificently* (in treatment), *splendidly.* *Ter.* [† Splendĭdĕ, laute, egrĕgĭe.] 3. *Magnificently* (in carriage), *haughtily.* *Pl.* [† Sŭperbe.]

MAGNĬFĬCUS, ă, um. 1. *Magnificent, splendid.* I nunc, magnĭfĭcos victor molirĕ trĭumphos. *O.* ~ ædes. *O.* [† Splendĭdŭs, sŭperbŭs, lautŭs.] 2. *Glorious, honourable.* *O.* [† Pulchĕr, dĕcŏrŭs, laudandŭs.] *See* GLORIOSUS. 3. *Proud, boastful.* *Sen.* *See* SUPERBUS.

MAGNĬLŎQUUS, ă, um. 1. *Sublime, lofty in style and expression.* Fors et magnĭlŏquo non posthăbŭissĕt Hŏmero. *St.* [† Sublimĭs, grandĭlŏquŭs, grandĭs; magni orĭs.] 2. Us. *Magniloquent, boastful.* *O.*

MAGNITUDO, ĭnĭs. *f.* 1. *Bulk* or *size of body.* Sed vincis forma, vincis magnĭtudĭnĕ. *Ph.* [† Moles, corpŭs.] 2. *Fig.* ~ princĭpum. *Ph.*

MAGNO (sc. prĕtio). *At a great price, dearly.* Hoc ˘Ithăcus vĕlĭt, et magno mercentŭr ˘Atridæ. *V.* [† Carc.]

MAGNŎPĔRĔ. *adv.* (*from* magno *and* opere). *Very much, very greatly.* Magnŏpĕre a vera lapsi rătĭŏnĕ vĭdentŭr. *Lr.* [† Multum, valde.]

MAGNŬS, ă, um. *Great* (every way). 1. *Great in height, high.* ~ mons. *O.* moles. *V.* *See* CELSUS. 2. *Great in bulk, large.* ~-um magno conamĭnĕ mĭsĭt (mŏlarem). *O.* crassa farragĭnĕ corpŭs. *V.* [† Vastŭs, ingens, immanĭs, grandĭs, amplŭs, &c.] *See* PROCERUS. 3. *Great in extent* (width and breadth). ~ mānŭs. *V.* circŭs. *O.* Maxĭmŭs Danŭbĭŭs. *O.* [† Vastŭs, ingens, latŭs, immensŭs, pătens, amplŭs.] Fig. 4. *Great, powerful.* ~-ă numĭnā. *V.* ~ reges. *H.* ămici. *J.* [† Ingens, pŏtens, amplŭs, summŭs, egrĕgĭŭs, præstans, nobĭlĭs.] 5. *Great, noble, illustrious.* ~ Hŏmerŭs. *O.* nomĕn. *M.* [† Ingens, insignĭs, nobĭlĭs, inclȳtŭs, &c.] *See* CELEBER. 6. *Great in degree* or *amount, important.* ~ irarum æstŭs; laudum ămŏr; lăcŏr. *V.* fāvŏr; pŭdŏr. *O.* ~-æ res. *H.* [† Maxĭmŭs, ingens, grāvĭs.] Crcl. Non *or* haud -parvŭs, lĕvĭs, mĕdĭocrĭs, tĕnŭĭs. 7. *Great in character and estimation.* ~-i hŏnores. *V.* [† Summŭs, amplŭs; altŭs, sublimĭs, ingens.] 8. *Grand, proud.* *V.* *See* SUPERBUS. 9. Magna vocĕ. *Aloud; with a loud voice.* [† Alta, ingenti, summa.] *See* MAJOR, MAXIMUS.

Magnŭs, i. *m. A surname of Pompey.* Quid Magno fŭĕrat majŭs? *O.*

Măgŭs, i. *m. A sorcerer, enchanter.* Quiquĕ măgos, tellus, pollentĭbŭs instrŭĭs herbis. *O.* [? Vĕnefĭcŭs, incantatŏr.] **Crcl.** Măgĭcæ artĭs pĕritŭs. Măgĭca artĕ pŏtens. *See* Magicus.

Măgŭs, ă, um. *Magical.* Quæ măgă terrĭbĭlĭ subsĕcăt artĕ mănŭs. *O. See* Magicus.

Maia, *or* **Maja**, æ. *f. Daughter of Atlas and Pleione, mother of Mercury, and one of the Pleiades.* Hæc ălĭt, et Maia gĕnĭtum demittĭt ăb alto. *V.* Maiăn, ĕt Electran, Taÿgĕtemquĕ Jŏvi. *O.* [? ˘Atlantĭs, ˘Atlantĭăs.]

Maiŭs, *or* **Majŭs**, i. *m.* (mensis, *expressed or understood.*) *The month of May; used also adj.* Hinc sŭă majores trĭbŭerĕ vŏcabŭlă Maio. *O.* Maiæ venerĕ cālendæ. *O.*

Majestas, ătis. *f. Majesty, dignity.* Majestas ĕt āmor: sceptri grăvĭtatĕ rĕlicta. *O.* [? Grăvĭtas, dĕcŏr, dĕcŭs, dignĭtas.] **Ep.** Regĭă, augustă, vĕrendă, vĕnĕrandă, grăvĭs.

Majŏr, ŭs; *gen.* ŏris. *compar. of* Magnus. *See* Magnus. **1.** *Elder.* Tu major; tĭbĭ me est æquum parerĕ, Mĕnalca. *V.* **2.** Majores, um. *m. pl. Ancestors.* [? Pătres, ăvi, ătăvi.]

Majuscŭlŭs, ă, um. *Rather bigger, rather older.* Non major: Thais, quam ĕgŏ sum, majuscŭla est. *Ter.*

Malæ, æ. *f. See* Malæ.

Malăbăthrum. *See* Malobathrum.

Malæ, arum. *f. pl.* **1.** *The jaws, the cheeks.* Ambesas sŭblĭgat malis absumĕrĕ mensas. *V.* ∾-æ crĕpĭtant sŭb vulnĕrĕ. *V.* Signarĕ malas lanugĭnĕ. *O.* [? Gĕnæ, maxillæ; *ext.* dens, os.] **2.** *Sts. sing.* Unguĭbŭs, horrĭbĭliquĕ mala (lĕonis). *H.*

Malĕ. *adv.* **1.** *Badly, ill, insufficiently, not as it ought to be;* sts. = vix, non. Jam sĭbĭ tum curvis mălĕ tempĕrăt undă cărinis. *V.* ∾ tornati versus. *H.* Vălĭdŭs ∾ fillŭs. *H.* Pomă ∾ custodită. *O.* Errantes mălĕ ferrĕ pĕdes. *Tib.* [? Prave, vĭtĭose, perverse, improbe, perpĕram, mendose; *sts.* vix, non.] **Crcl.** Haud *or* non bĕnĕ. Haud prŏbe. **2.** *Unseasonably. V.* [? Intempestive.] **3.** *In a grievous, lamentable degree* or *manner.* ∾ tussirĕ. *H.* mĕtŭĕrĕ. *Ter.* dispar. *H.* prodĭtŭs frĭtillo. *M.* rĕlictŭs cĭnĭs ignĕ de magno. *Sen.* **4.** *Unhappily, miserably.* ∾ cessĕrăt illi. *O.* [? Mĭsĕre.] **5.** *With ill-feeling.* Non tămĕn Ænean, quamvis mălĕ cogĭtăt, odĭt. *O.* **6.** *Ill, improperly, wickedly.* ∾ quæsitas ŏpes; partă. *O.* [? Scĕlĕrate.] **7.** ∾ hăbĕo. *To ill-use, afflict, torment.* Quos ∾ hăbĕt callĭdŭs pŭĕr. *Tib.* [? Crŭcĭo, vexo.] **8.** ∾ fĕro. *To bear ill, scarcely bear. O.* [? Ægre, grăvĭtĕr, indigne.]

Malea, *and* **Malĕa**, æ. *f. The southern promontory of Laconia.* Nec tĭmĕam vestros, curvă Mălĕă, sĭnus. *O.* ˘Iŏnĭoquĕ mări Mălĕæquĕ sĕquacĭbŭs undis. *V.*

Malĕdicens, tis. *part. from* Maledico. *One who speaks evil of others.* [? Mălĕdĭcŭs (*not* -ĭcus), obtrectatŏr.] **Crcl.** Lingua -prŏcax, pĕtŭlans, perfĭdă. Linguæ ĭn absentes jactatŏr. *See* Invidus, Satira.

Malĕdico, *or* **Malĕ dico**, ĭs. **1.** *To speak evil of.* Nec se magnănĭmo sentit mălĕdicĕre ˘Achillĭ. *O.* [? Objurgo, carpo, increpo, lædo, lăcĕro, increpĭto.] **Crcl.** Mălĕ lŏquŏr. Linguæ mălĕ sum. Lingua *or* versu lædo. *See* Maledicens. **2.** *To abuse, revile.* Lesbĭă mi sempĕr dicĭt mălĕ. *Cat.* Potores mălĕdicunt libĕrĭŭs. *H.* [? Convitĭŏr.] **Crcl.** Mălĕdictă, opprŏbrĭă -fundo *or* dico. Mălĕdictis -ōnĕro, incesso, proscindo. Mălă ingĕro. *See* Convitior.

Malĕdictum, i. *n. Injurious, abusive language.* Vocĭs ĕt insanæ tot mălĕdictă tŭæ. *Pp.* [? Prŏbrum, opprŏbrĭum, convitĭă, mălă.] **Crcl.** Mălă dictă. *See* Convitium.

Malĕfactum, i. *n. An evil deed.* Sed mĕtŭs in vita pœnarum pro mălĕfactis. *Lr.* Bĕnĕfactă mălĕ lŏcătă mălĕfactă arbĭtrŏr. *Enn.* (apud *Cic.*)

Malĕficium, ĭi. *n. A bad, malicious action.* Sŏlent mendaces lŭĕrĕ pœnas mălĕfĭci. *Ph.* [? Improbĭtas, mălum, noxă, damnum.]

Malĕficŭs, ă, um. *Working evil, malicious.* Dŏlis ĕt astu mălĕfĭcæ mentis jăcent. *Sen.* [? Mălŭs, improbŭs, noxĭŭs.]

Malĕfidŭs, ă, um. *Little* or *not to be depended upon.* Nunc tautum sĭnŭs, et stătĭo mălĕfidă cărinis. *V.* [? Infidŭs, suspectŭs, dŭbĭŭs.] **Crcl.** Non fidŭs. Pārum *or* non sătĭs -fidŭs, tutŭs.

Malĕsuadŭs, ă, um. *One who advises evil.* Et Mĕtŭs, et mălĕsuadă Fāmes, ac turpis ˘Egestas. *V.*

Malĕus, *or* **Malĕŭs**, ă, um. (Μάλεος.) *Of* or *belonging to the promontory Malea.*

Malĕvŏlens, tis, *and* **Malĕvŏlŭs**, ă, um. (Mălĕ vŏlo.) *Ill-disposed towards any body, malevolent.* Nam quod rumores distulerunt mălĕvŏli. *Ter.* [? ˘Inĭmicŭs, infensŭs, infestŭs.]

Malĕvŏlentĭa, æ. *f. Ill-will, malice.* (Mălĕ vŏlo.) *Pl.*

Maliăcŭs, ă, um, *and* **Malĭŭs**, ă, um. Us. **Maliăcŭs Sinŭs.** *The bay opposite Eubœa, now Golfe de Volo, so called, probably, from a town, Malia.* Fĕrĭt amnĕ cĭtato Mallăcas Sperchiŏs ăquas. *L.* Lymphăque ĭn Œtæis Mallĭ Thermŏpylis. *Cat.* [? Mallŭs.]

Malifĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Producing apples.* Et quos malifĕræ despectant mœnĭa ˘Abellæ. *V.*

Mălignĕ. **1.** *Ill, but little, niggardly, grudgingly.* Sŏnat vĭtĭum percussă, mălignĕ Respondet vĭridi non coctă fĭdellĭ limo. *Pers.* Non mĭhĭ tam fŭĭt ∾. *Cat.* Laudarĕ ∾. *H.* [? Pārum, mălĕ, ăvare.] **2.** *Maliciously.* Bĕnĕfactă ∾ detrectarĕ. *O.* [? Oblique.]

Mălignŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Scanty, sparing, niggardly.* Qualĕ pĕr incertam lunam sub lucĕ mălĭgna. *V.* Tĕpĕt ignĕ mălĭgno fŏcŭs. *M.* Victŭs mălĭgnŭs. *Sil.* [? Tĕnŭĭs, debĭlĭs, parvŭs.] **2.** *Narrow.* ∾-i ădĭtus. *V.* ∾-æ fauces. *St. See* Angustus. **3.** *Miserly, close.* Justŭs, injustus; mălĭgnus, largŭs. *Pl.* [? Parcŭs, tĕnax, ăvarŭs.] **4.** *Ill-willed, envious, malicious; hostile.* Non fŭĭt ingĕnĭo famă mălĭgnă mĕo. *O.* ˘Ocŭlis ∾-is spectarĕ qd. *V.* ∾-um vulgŭs. *H.* Votis ∾-um opponĭt pĕdem (Fortună). *O.* ∾ littŭs. *L.* [? Invĭdŭs, mălŭs, infestŭs, noxĭŭs, &c.] *See* Invidus, Improbus.

Malĭtĭa, æ. *f. Wickedness, viciousness, malice.* Fraude et scĕlesta sic evertit mălĭtĭa. *Ph.* [? Injurĭă, improbĭtas.]

Malĭŭs, ă, um = Mallăcŭs. Lymphăque ĭn Œtæis Mallĭ Thermŏpylis. *Cat. See* Maliacus.

Mallĕātŏr, ōris. *m. One who shapes any thing with the hammer.* Illinc bălucis malleātŏr Hispanæ. *M.*

Mallĕŭs, i. *A hammer, mallet.* Tempŏrĕ discussit claro căvă mallĕŭs ictu. *O.* [? Mallĕŏlŭs.] **Ep.** Grăvĭs, durŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, ferrĕŭs.

Malo, mavis, malŭi, mallĕ. *To like better, to prefer.* Dum vitam Phărĭo mavult deberĕ clĭenti. *L.* Malŭĭt, et mutas &c. Aut tecum malit contendĕrĕ bello. *V.* [? Antĕfĕro, antĕpono.] **Crcl.** Sătĭŭs -hăbĕo, duco. Mĭhĭ -sătĭŭs est, vĭdetŭr, măgis plăcĕt. Opto pŏtĭŭs.

Malŏbăthrum, *or* **Malăbăthrum**, i. *n. An aromatic Syrian plant.* Cŏronatus nĭtentes Malŏbăthro Sÿrĭo căpillos. *H.*

I. **Malum**, i. *n.* **1.** *An evil, affliction, misfortune* (personal). Aut dĕŭs illĕ mălis hŏmĭnum man-

suescĕrĕ discăt. *V.* Assuetŭs ∾-o. Non ignarĭ ∾-i. *V.* Forti ∾-ă cordĕ ferrĕ. *O.* [† Dŏlŏr, lăbŏr, ærumnă, incommŏdum, &c.] *See* INFORTUNIUM. **Crol.** Mălorum -sĕrĭes, turbă, agmĕn, cŭmŭlŭs, moles. Măli -vis, labes. Gĕnŭs omnĕ măli. **2.** *Loss, hurt. Pl. See* DAMNUM. **3.** *A public, general evil.* Famă, ∾ &c. *V.* [† Pernĭcĭes, pestĭs, exĭtĭum.] **4.** *A disease.* Plus vălĕt artĕ mălum. *O.* **5.** *A defect, fault; vice.* Quum tŭă pervĭdĕas ŏcŭlis mălă lippŭs lnunctis. *H.* Vĕtĕrum mălorum supplĭcĭa expendunt. *V. See* VITIUM, SCELUS.

II. MALUM, i. *n. An apple.* In pătŭlis rĕdŏlentĭă mală cănistris. *O. See* POMUM.

I. MALUS, ă, um. **1.** *Bad, of bad quality.* Et mălă radices altĭŭs arbŏr ăgĭt. *O.* ∾ ăgĕr. *V.* ŏ-lŏr. *H.* [† Pravŭs, vĭtĭosŭs.] **Crol.** Non bŏnŭs. **2.** *Bad, unfit, incapable.* Millĭæ pĭgĕr ac ∾. *H.* ∾ pŏetă. *M.* [† Rŭdĭs, ignarŭs, impĕrĭtŭs.] **3.** *Bad* (morally), *guilty.* Nemŏ ∾ felix. *J.* ∾-ă gaudĭă mentĭs. *V.* [† Imprŏbŭs, pravŭs, perversŭs, nequam, nŏcens, scĕlĕratŭs, &c.] *See* SCELERATUS. **4.** *Dangerous, hurtful, destructive.* ∾-ă tactu vipĕră. *V.* ∾ errŏr! ∾-ă gramĭnă pastŭs. *V.* [† Noxĭŭs, funestŭs, damnosŭs, exĭtĭalĭs, &c.] *See* FUNESTUS. **5.** *Ill-omened.* ∾ ăvĭs. *H.* omĕn. *O. See* INFAUSTUS. **6.** Mălă verbă. *Slander, abuse.* De me verbă fŭerĕ mălă. *Pp. See* CONVITIOR, OBJURGO. **7.** *Ugly.* ∾ mŭlĭĕr. *Pl.* pes; formă. *O.* [† Deformĭs, turpĭs.]

II. MALUS, i. *f. An apple-tree.* Et stĕrĭles plăt̆ăni malos gesserĕ vălentes. *V.*

III. MALUS, i. *m. The mast of a ship.* Et malus cĕlĕri saucĭŭs Afrĭco. *H.* [† Arbŏr, pinŭs.] **Ep.** Altŭs, sublimĭs, procerŭs, celsŭs, ingens, velĭfĕr. **Crol.** Mali -arbŏr, robŏrĕ.

MALVA, æ. *f. A mallow.* Utĕrĕ lactucis, et mollĭbŭs utĕrĕ malvis. *H.*

MAMILLA, æ. *f. dim. of* Mamma. Et nunquam visis triginta clară mămillis. *J.*

MAMMA, æ. *f.* **1.** *The breast of a female, the teat* (in animals). Lætă măgis pressis manabunt flumĭnă mammis. *V.* Aurĕă subnectens auræ cingŭlă mammæ. *V.* [† Uber, &c.] *See* UBER. **2.** *A nurse, mother, one that suckles.* Iratus mammæ lallarĕ rĕcusăt. *Pers.*

MAMMOSA, æ. *adj. f., and* MAMMĔATA, æ. *adj. f. Pl. Having large breasts.* At gĕmĭna et mammosă Cĕres est ipsa ăb ˘Iaccho. *Lr.*

MANABILIS, ĕ. *Flowing, in a fluid state.* Nec căpĕre humorem. nĕc ĭtem manabĭlĕ frigŭs. *Lr.*

MANCIPIUM, *or* MANCŬPIUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *The right of possession, property.* Vităquĕ mancŭpĭo nulli dătur, omnĭbŭs usu. *Lr.* **Phr.** Mancĭpio -accĭpio, do, posco.] **2.** *A slave.* Lit. and fig. Se fŏrĕ mancĭpĭum tempŭs In omnĕ tŭum. *O. See* SERVUS.

MANCIPO, *or* MANCŬPO, as. *To make over the possession* (of any thing); *to transfer the property in any thing.* Quædam, si credis consultis mancĭpăt usŭs. *H.*

MANCUS, ă, um. *Maimed, defective in limb.* Lit. and fig. In quem mancă rŭit semper fortună. *H.* Officĭis ∾. *H.* [† Curtŭs, defĭcĭens.]

MANDATUM, i. *n. A command, commission, order.* Ipse hæc ferrĕ jŭbet cĕlĕres mandată pĕr auras. *V.* [† Præceptum, jussum, jussŭs, impĕrĭum, &c.] *See* JUSSUM.

I. MANDO, as. **1.** *To entrust, deliver to the charge of any one.* Infelix Prămus furtim mandarăt ălendum. *V.* ∾ carmĭnă fŏlĭis; hordĕă sulcis. *V.* qm malis. *Lr.* [† Committo, trado, credo, impono *or* depono.] *See* COMMITTO. **2.** *To assign.* ∾ fŏrum siccis. *H.* sĕnĭles partes jŭvĕni. *H.* [† Assigno, destĭno.] **3.** *To recommend, commission, direct.* ∾ ălĭquă sŭis. *O.* talĭă, non suadĕrĕ. *J.* Nĕc mĕdĕărĕ mĭhĭ, mando. *O.* [† Jŭbĕo, impĕro, præscribo, &c.] *See* JUBEO.

II. MANDO, ĭs, di, sum. **1.** *To champ, bite, eat.* Stat sŏnĭpes, ac frenă fĕrox spumantĭă mandĭt. *V.* ∾ membră flŭentĭă tabo. *V.* vulnĕrĕ sævo dentĕ. *O.* [† Manduco; *ext.* ĕdo.] **Crol.** Dentĭbŭs *or* dentĕ conflĭcĭo. Morsu frango. Dentĭbŭs mando (as). Malis absumo. *See* ˘EDO. **2.** ∾ hŭmum. *To bite the dust.* ∾ crŭentam hŭmum. *V.* compressă æquŏră. *V. Fl. See* MORDEO.

MANDRA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A fold, pen, stable.* ∾ mulorum. *M.* Stantĭs convitĭă ∾-æ. *J.* **2.** *The square of a chess-table,* &c. *M.*

MANĔ. *n. undecl.* **1.** *Morning, the time of the morning;* sts. *day.* Carpamus, dum manĕ nŏvum, dum gramĭnă canent. *V.* Noctes vĭgĭlabăt ăd ipsum manĕ. *H.* Manĕ ĕrăt. *O.* [† Aurorăă, lux, sol, dĭes, lumĕn, jŭbăr, Lucĭfĕr.] **Crol.** Matutinum tempŭs. Matutinæ horæ. Sol ŏrĭens. ˘Orĭentĭă lumĭnă solĭs. Solĭs (Lucĭfĕri) jŭbăr. Auroræ ortŭs. **2.** Manĕ. as adv. *In the morning.* Quæ manĕ, ĕt quæ surgentĭbŭs astris. *V.* **Crol.** Manĕ -nŏvo, primo. Lucĕ -nŏva, prima. Lumĭnĕ primo. Solĕ -nŏvo, rĕcens orto. Rĕdĕuntĕ dĭe. Vĕnĭentĕ *or* ŏrĭentĕ solĕ. Matutino tempŏrĕ. Noctĕ -consumpta, fŭgĭentĕ. Claro jam manĕ. Jŭbarĕ exorto. Aurora -surgentĕ, rĕdĕuntĕ, rŭbentĕ, rĕfĕrentĕ dĭem. Solĭs ăd ortus. Primi sŭb lumĭnă solĭs. Primo cum lumĭnĕ solĭs. Phœbo pellentĕ -tĕnĕbras, umbras, noctem. Cădentĭbŭs astris. Sidĕrĭbŭs dŭbĭis. Pulsis manĕ tĕnĕbris. Tĕnĕbris rĕmotis. Cum -dĭo, lucĕ. **Phr.** 1. (*Ep.* Primă, roscĭdă, vĭgĭl) Aurorăă -nŏvo lumĭnĕ terras spargĕbăt; —mortalĭbŭs almam lucem extŭlĕrăt; —ætherăă rĕdŭci Phœbo pĕrăt: —lucĭfĕros ĕquos jungĕt; —(*ep.* gĕlĭdas, humentes) umbras, *or* trĕpĭdas nubes discŭtĭt (terris excegĕrăt, pŏlo dimovĕrăt, solvĕrăt): —stellis (tĕnĕbris) fŭgatis fulgĕt (rŭbescebăt); —purpŭrĕas fŏres (plenă rŏsarum atrĭă) ortu pătĕfăcĕrăt; —In rŏsĕis ĕquis (bigis) lutĕă vĕnit (surgebăt); —Lucĭfĕrum rŏsĕis ĕquis portăt. Ortă dĭes -primos montes lumĭnĕ spargĭt; —primo ˘Eoo surgĭt. Jam Phœbŭs -ăb ˘Eois undis purfŏr exĭt: —căpŭt ăb æquŏrĕis ĕquis tollĭt. Solĭs ĕqui -se gurgĭtĕ tollunt: —clatis narĭbŭs lucem efflant. Lucĭfĕr -Idæ summæ jŭgis surgebăt; —Auroræ prævĭŭs dĭem ducebăt: —matutinis horis roscĭdŭs surgĭt. Jam mărĕ rŭbescebăt rĕdĭis. Jam lucĭs cŏlorem cœlum ducebăt. *See* AURORA, SOL. **Phr.** 2. *Morning and evening.* ˘Et vĕnĭentĕ dĭe, ĕt dĭe decedentĕ. ˘Et Vespĕro surgentĕ, ĕt răpĭdum solem fŭgĭentĕ. ˘Et manĕ ĕt surgentĭbŭs astris. ˘Et quum sol altum pĕtĭt ætherăă, ĕt quum currum æquŏrĕ præcĭpĭtem lăvĭt. *From morning to evening.* Usquĕ a Lucĭfĕro donĕc lux occĭdăt.

MANĔO, es, mansi, mansum. **1.** *To remain, stay, abide* (as a place of abode). In qua nec Bŏrĕas ipsĕ mănerĕ vĕlĭt. *M.* [† Versŏr, mŏrŏr, commŏrŏr, hăbĭto, incŏlo.] **2.** *To remain, last, continue; to abide by, persist in.* Prĭămi arx alĭă mănerĕs. *V.* ∾ promissis. *V.* fĭdelem. *O.* [† Permănĕo, rĕmănĕo, persto, persisto, duro, sto, rĕsisto, resto, hærĕo, perĕvĕro.] **3.** *To wait.* Sæpĕ, 'Mănĕ,' dixĭt, quum jam prŏpĕrarĕt. *O.* [† Exspecto.] **4.** Tr. *To await; to be reserved for* (with acc.; sts. dat.). ∾-ĕt ĕă cură nĕpotes; omnes ună nox. *V.* exĭtŭs urbem. *O.* mors sŭă quemquĕ. *Pp.* Hæc matri gĕnĕrĭquĕ ∾-ebunt. *V.* Munĕrĕ vobis certă ∾-ent, pŭĕri. *V.*

MANES, ĭum. *m. pl.* **1.** *The souls of the departed.* Si pŏtŭĭt manes arcessĕrĕ conjŭgĭs Orpheus. *V.* [† Umbræ, ănĭmæ; *sts.* gĕnĭi, larvæ, spectrăă, lĕmŭres.] **Ep.** Lethæi, Stŷgĭi, sĭlentes, infernĭ,

pallentes, &c. *See* UMBRÆ. **2.** *The infernal regions.* ˘Ad imos ∾-es desidĭmŭs. *V.* *See* INFERI. **3.** Sts. *Punishment in the lower world.* Quisquĕ sŭos pătĭmŭr ∾-es. *V.* **4.** Sts. *The remains, ashes of the dead.* Accĭpĭat ∾-es parvŭlā testā mĕos. *Pp.* Nĕc pătrĭs Anchisæ cĭnĕrem ∾-esvĕ rĕvellĭ. *V.* [† Cĭnĭs.] *See* CADAVER.

MANGO, onĭs. *m.* *A slave-merchant.* Sed Mĭtÿlenæi rŏsĕus mangonĭs ĕphebŭs. *M.*

MĂNĬCA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A sleeve.* Et tŭnĭcæ mănĭcas ĕt hăbent rĕdĭmicŭlā mitræ. *V.* **2.** *A kind of gauntlet.* Baltĕŭs ĕt mănĭcæ. *J.* **3.** *A handcuff*; ext. *chains.* Mănĭcas atquĕ vinclā lĕvari jŭbĕt. *V.* *See* VINCULUM. **4.** Sts. *A grappling-iron.* *L.* *See* MANUS.

MĂNĬFESTO. *adv.*, *and comp.* MĂNĬFESTĬŌS. *Clearly, evidently.* Mănĭfestĭŭs ipsi, Quam Turno regi, aut regi apparerĕ Lătino. *V.* [† ˘Apertĕ, clarĕ.] **Crcl.** Haud dŭbĭē.

MĂNĬFESTO, as. *To show clearly, to make visible.* Insĭdĭas prodet, mănĭfestabitquĕ jăcentem. *O.* Ramŭs ∾-ăt legatum. *St.* [† ˘Apĕrĭo, detĕgo, declaro, &c.] *See* DETEGO.

MĂNĬFESTŬS, ă, um. *Manifest, clear, evident.* Obrŭĕre istā sŏlet mănĭfestos pœnā nŏcentes. *O.* ∾-o ĭn lumĭnĕ. *V.* [† ˘Apertŭs, clarŭs, perspĭcŭŭs, notŭs, certŭs, cognĭtŭs.] **Crcl.** Non dŭbĭŭs. Non dŭbĭtandŭs.

MĂNĬPŬLARĬS, and *sync.* MĂNĬPLARĬS, ĕ. *Of the same troop or company.* Indĕ mănĭplarĭs nomĭnā milĕs hăbĕt. *O.*

MĂNĬPŬLUS, *and sync.* MĂNĬPLUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A handful, a bundle* (of hay, &c.). Pertĭcā suspensos portabat longā mănĭplos. *O.* [† Fascĭcŭlŭs, mergĕs.] **2.** *A maniple* or *company of soldiers.* Disjectiquĕ dŭces, desolatiquĕ mănĭpli. *V.* [† Cŏhors, agmĕn, cătervā, &c.] *See* EXERCITUS.

MANNŬS, i. *m.*, *and dim.* MANNŬLUS, i. *m.* *M.* *A horse; a colt.* *O.* [† Mannŭlŭs, ĕquŭs, căballŭs.] *See* EQUUS.

MANO, as. **1.** *To flow, to run.* Sanguĭnĕæ manant de vulnĕrĕ guttæ. *O.* Sudŏr ∾-abăt. *H.* [† Flŭo, deflŭo, stillo.] *See* FLUO. **2.** *With abl.* or *acc.* Tŏro manantĕ lăcrĭmis. *O.* ∾ pŏĕtĭcā mellā. *H.* *Fig.* **3.** Sŏnĭtus ∾-ant pĕr auras. *Lr.* ∾-ăt orĕ rŭbŏr. *Cat.* De sanguĭnĕ ˘Ibero ∾ (*to descend from in blood*). *Grat.*

MANSUEFĂCIO, ĭs. *To tame.* [† Dŏmo, dŏmĭto, mollĭo.] **Crcl.** Mansuetum –reddo, efficĭo. Servirĕ *or* parcrĕ cogo. Sŭb jŭgā mitto. Cordā dŏmo. Frenum injĭcĭo. *See* MANSUESCO.

MANSUESCO, is, evi. **1.** *To cease to be wild; to soften, grow manageable from cultivation* (of plants, soils, &c.). Fructusquĕ fĕros mansuescĕrĕ terra Cernebant. *Lr.* Tellus ∾-ĭt ărando. *V.* [† Mitesco.] **2.** *To grow tame* (of animals). Mansuevĕrĕ fĕræ, ĕt vultus &c. *L.* [† Mitesco, dŏmŏr, mollĭŏr, mitĭgŏr, flectŏr; *ext.* servĭo, parĕo.] **Crcl.** Fĕrĭtatem (sævĭtĭam, răbĭem) –exŭo, depono, pono. Fĕrĭtas –mansuescĭt, exŭĭtŭr, depŏsĭtā *or* mollĭtā est, non mănĕt. Răbĭes *or* irā –flectĭtŭr, mitescĭt. Iræ flectuntŭr. **Phr.** *Of an animal tamed.* Fĕrā –măgistro, răbĭem desuetā, părĕt;—collā mănĭbŭs mulcendā præbĕt;—pŏsĭto fŭrorĕ (sævĭtĭa pŏsĭta) impĕrĭum mansuetā pătĭtŭr. Cui fractā irā compescĭtŭr. Exutā fĕram (*e.g.* cervā). *See* JUGUM, FRENUM. **3.** *To soften, become kind and gentle; to become civilized* (of men). Nescĭā prĕcĭbŭs ∾ (cordā). *V.* **Crcl.** Pono fĕrocĭā cordā. Dedisco ănĭmo răbĭem (fŭrorem, sævĭtĭam). Offĭcĭis &c. mollĭŏr.

MANSUETŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* MANSUESCO. Used also adj. **1.** *Tamed, tame.* [† Mitĭs.] **2.** Gen. *Gentle, kind, friendly.* Numĭnĭs ∾-lŏr irā. *O.* [† Mitĭs, lenĭs, plăcĭdŭs, clemens, indulgens, bŏnŭs, bĕnignŭs, humanŭs, &c.] *See* BENIGNUS.

MANTELĬ, *or* MANTILĬ, ĭs. *n.* *A towel, napkin.* Tonsisquĕ fĕrunt mantellĭā villis. *V.* [† Mappā.]

MANTĬCA, æ. *f.* *A wallet, saddle-bag.* Sed præcedenti spectatur mantĭcā tergo. *Pers.*

MANTŬA, æ. *f.* *A town of Italy, situated on the Po; and birth-place of Virgil.* Mantŭā Virgĭlio gaudet, Veronā Cătullo. *O.*

MANTŬANUS, ă, um. *Of Mantua;* hence, *of Virgil.* Tentāt audaci fĭdē Mantŭanæ Gaudĭā famæ. *St.*

MANŬBRĬUM, ĭi. *n.* *A hilt, handle.* Matĕrĭa: quin ipsā mănubrĭā cultellorum. *J.*

MANUMITTO, *or* MANU MITTO, *and* MANU EMITTO, ĭs. *To set a slave free.* *Pl.* *Ter.* [† Libĕro, vindĭco.] **Crcl.** ˘In libertatem vindĭco. Liber essĕ jŭbĕo.

MANŬS, us. *f.* **1.** *A hand.* Quid tĭbĭ cum călăthis? clÿpĕo mănŭs aptā fĕrendo est. *O.* ˘Adhĭbĕrĕ mĕdĭcas mănus. *V.* Mănu qd lĕgĕrĕ. Mănĭbus qd dărĕ. Mănŭum mŏnĭmentā mĕarum. *V.* [† Dextrā, dextĕrā, palmā; *sts.* lævā, sĭnistrā, pugnŭs; *ext.* dĭgĭti, ungues, pollex.] **Ep.** Mollĭs, tĕnĕrā, candĭdā, nĭvĕā, rŏsĕā, formosā, pulchrā, dĕcorā; vălĭdā, fortĭs, pŏtens; debĭlĭs, ĭnermis, invălĭdā; solers, doctā, artĭfex. **2.** Mănus –dedo, do. *To surrender, yield as conquered.* *See* CEDO. **3.** Mănu. *By the sword; by the gallant use of the sword.* ∾-u ˘Erymantā sternĕrĕ; letum pŏrĕrĕ; mĕrŭissĕ. *V.* [† Dextrā *or* Dextĕrā.] *See* ARMA, ENSIS, FORTITUDO. **4.** *The hand, the talent of the artist.* ∾-us artĭfĭcum miratŭr; vĕtĕrum. *St.* [† Ars.] **5.** *A grappling-iron.* Ferrĕā mănŭs. *L.* [† Corvŭs, mănĭcā.] **6.** Sts. *The trunk of an elephant.* *Sil.* *See* PROBOSCIS. **7.** *A band, troop.* ∾ ardens jŭvĕnum. *V.* stŭdĭorum fidā mĕorum. *M.* [† Agmĕn, cătervā, turbā, &c.]

MĂPALIA, um. *n. pl.* **1.** *Huts of the nomad African tribes.* Persĕquăr, et raris hăbĭtātā măpalĭā tectis. *V.* [† Magallĭā.] **2.** Sts. *Any hut* or *cabin.* *See* CASA. **3.** *Sing.* *V. Fl.* E sparso concitā măpali (mănŭs). *V. Fl.*

MAPPA, æ. *f.* *A small table-napkin.* *H.* [† Mantelĕ, gausăpĕ.] **Ep.** Albā, candens, cretatā.

MARATHON, onĭs. *f.* *The famous plain of Marathon, where Miltiades conquered the Persians.* Mirata est Mărăthon Cretæi sanguĭnĕ tauri. *O.*

MARATHONĬCUS, ă, um (Μαραθώνιος), *and* MĂRĂTHONĬS, ĭdis. *f.* (Mărăthon.) *Of Marathon, Marathonian;* ext. *Athenian.* ∾ hostis. *Sil.* virgo. *St.* Mărăthonĭs silvā. *St.*

MARATHRUM, *or* MARATHRUM, i. *n.* *Fennel.* Profŭĭt et mărăthrum bĕnĕŏlentĭbŭs addĕrĕ myrrhis. *O.* [† Fœnĭcŭlum.]

MARCELLUS, i. *m.* Sp. *M. Claudius Marcellus, the conqueror of Annibal.* **Ep.** Insignis spŏlĭis ŏpimis. Sĭcŭlis arvis illustrĭs. Fulmĭnĕi Pœni victŏr.

MARCĔO, es, *and* MARCESCO, ĭs. **1.** *To be withered, to wither.* Marcentes cŭpĭo quassarĕ cŏronas. *Cl.* ∾-ĕt silvā cŏmis. *St.* Uvā marcens. *M.* [† Flaccesco, pŭtresco.] Fig. **2.** *To be* or *grow weak, feeble, languid.* Marcentā guttŭrā cultro fodĭt. *O.* ∾-ĕt annis corpus. *Lr.* orĕ ĕt pectŏrĕ. *St.* Ne tŭā marcescant pĕr ĭnertes otĭā somnos. *O.* [† Languĕo, frangŏr, &c.] *See* LANGUEO. **3.** *To be overcome with wine.* Nĭmĭo marcescĭrĕ vino. *O.* Marcentem potorem. *H.* *See* MARCENS.

MARCĬDUS, ă, um. **1.** *Withering, withered, decaying.* Marcĭdā demittant sŭbĭto căpŭt illā grăvatum (lillā). *O.* [† Flaccĭdŭs, vĭrĕtŭs, pŭtrescens, pŭtrĭdŭs, pŭtrĭs.] **2.** *Dark, dreary,*

lifeless. Stagnă ~ Lethe. *Cl.* [† Nĭgĕr, squallĭdŭs, squalens.] Fig. 3. *Enervated, languishing.* ~-ă luxu otĭă. *Cl.* [† Languĭdŭs, fessŭs, fractŭs, debĭlĭs, segnĭs.] 4. *Overcome with drink.* Grădu ~ ebrĭo. *Sen.* *See* EBRIUS. 4. *Old* (of wine). Illi ~-ă viuă porrĭgentŭr. *St.* [So *languĭdă* vină.]

MARCŎR, ŏris. *m. A withered* or *faded state;* fig. *languor, sloth.* Cernĭtĭs expŏsĭtas turpi marcorĕ cŏhortes. *St.* *See* LANGUOR.

MARCŬLUS, i. *m. A hammer.* Ærarĭorum marcŭli dĭe toto. *M.* [† Mallĕŭs.]

MARĔ, ĭs. *n.* (*abl.* mări, *and* mărĕ. *Lr. O.*) 1. *The sea.* Omnĭă vel mĕdĭum fiant mărĕ, vivĭtĕ silvæ. *V.* [† Æquŏr, æquŏră, frĕtum, frĕtă, pĕlăgŭs, pontŭs, cærŭlă, prŏfundum, altum, sălum, marmŏr, marmŏră, vădă, ocĕănŭs, Neptunŭs, Amphitrite, Nereŭs, Tethys, Thĕtĭs, fluctus, undæ, ăquæ, gurgĕs, bărăthrum.] Ep. Magnum, vastum, immensum, ingens, pătens, altum, prŏfundum; lĭquĭdum, glaucum, cærŭlĕum; incertum, dŭbĭum, infidum, ĭniquum, velĭvŏlum. Crcl. (Vastum) mărĭs æquŏr. Ponti -frĕtă, æquŏră. Ponti (mărĭs, æquŏrĭs, pĕlăgi) -undă, fluctus, undæ, ăquæ. Pĕlăgi vădă. Arvă Neptunĭă. Vastŭs gurgĕs. Stagnă prŏfundi. Campi lĭquentes *or* nătantes. Maxĭmă Nerei stagnă. Neptuni (Nerei, ocĕăni, prŏfundi) -gurgĕs, regnum, regnă. Mărĭs tractus. Marmŏrĭă ponti. Tethyŏs undæ. Lĭquĭdæ Neptuni undæ. Vădă salsă. Campŭs ăquarum. Moles lĭquĭdă. Ponti plăgă cærŭlă. Sălĭs æquŏr. Æquŏrĕŭs tractŭs. Vădă cærŭlă. Altă pĕlăgi. Salsi fluctus. Mărină undă. Mărinæ ăquæ. Circumflŭŭs humŏr. Vastum mărĭs æquŏr. 2. *A calm sea.* [† Marmŏr.] Ep. Plăcĭdum, pacatum, quĭctum, tranquillum, compŏsĭtum, sĕrenum, tutum, languens, ĭners. Crcl. Pax mărĭs. Ponti *or* mărĭs tranquillă (plăcĭdă) făcĭes. Sălĭs plăcĭdi vultŭs. Fluctus quĭeti. Vĭă tută mărĭs. Pĕlăgi quĭes. Immotis mărĕ fluctĭbŭs. Undæ lenĭtĕr stratæ. Phr. Plăcĭdum ventis stăt mărĕ. Æquŏrĕ tută sĭlent. Sævă æquŏrĕ quĭerunt. Pĕlăgi frăgŏr cĕcĭdĭt. Æquŏr ăquis sternĭtŭr. Subsidunt undæ. Mărĭs irĕ rĕsedĭt. Zĕphyri pŏsŭcerĕ. Auræ ventosi murmŭrĭs cĕcĭderunt. Flatŭs omnĭs rĕsedĭt. Pontŭs plăcĭdă æquŏrĕ prĕmĭt. Æquŏr omnĕ stratum sĭlĕt. Tonsæ ĭn lenta unda luctantŭr. Considĭt mărĕ. Nubĭlă nusquam. Nusquam undarum mĭnæ. Jam pŏsĭto bŏrĕa. Servatum bello jăcĕt mărĕ. Sĭnĕ murmŭrĕ pontŭs jăcĕt. Jăcĕt planum mărĕ. Austri jam pacem tĕnent. Detŭmŭlt ănĭmŭs mărĭs. Austĕr clementĭŏr velă vŏcăt. 3. *A rough sea.* *See* PROCELLA. 4. Mărĕ rĕcĭprŏcum. *Used of the ebb and flow of the sea.* *See* RECIPROCUS.

MARĔOTĬCUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Mareotæ, a people so called from a lake and town* (Marea) *in Lower Egypt;* hence, *Egyptian.* Sparsit Tyrrhenæ Mărĕotĭcă vină Mĭnervæ. *St.* Mentemquĕ lymphatam mărĕotĭco (sc. vino). *H.* ~ lăbŏr (*of the Pyramids*). *M.*

MARĔOTĬS PALUS, *or abs.; gen.* ĭdĭs. *f. The lake of Marea, in Lower Egypt; used also adj.* Corpŭs ˘Alexandri pigra Mărĕotĭdĕ mergam. *L.* ~ puppis. *St.* vitĭs. *V.* [† Pelusĭăcă pălus.]

MARGARITA, æ. *f.,* *and anc.* MARGARITUM, i. *n. A pearl.* Dum quærĭt cæcam, margăritam reppĕrĭt. *Ph.*

MARGO, ĭnĭs. *m. and f.* 1. *A border of any kind.* Imŭs ĭn extremo margĭnĕ fundŭs hăbĕt. *O.* ~ pŭtĕi. *Ph.* fundi; impĕrĭi; dĕcoræ cŏmæ. *O.* nĕmŏris. *Cl.* [† Orĕ, crĕpido.] 2. Sp. *The border, edge of a river. O.* [† Orĕ, ripă, littŭs.] 3. *The margin of a book. O.* 4. Sts. *The vestibule, entrance of a building.* ~ templi. *St.* *See* LIMEN.

MARINUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to the sea, marine.* Frĕmĭtuque assurgens Benacĕ mărino. *V.* Casus ~-i. *V.* [† Mărĭtĭmŭs, æquŏrĕŭs, Nerĕĭŭs, Neptunĭŭs.] 2. ~ ăquă, &c. *Sea-water, salt-water.* (Nĕc fontes) lătĭcĭs nĭsĭ pænĕ mărini. *O.* [† Pĕlăgi lătĭces. ˘Aquă Nerĕĭă. Salsi fluctus.] 3. ~ ros. *See* ROS.

MARITA, æ. *f. A married woman, wife.* Hinc castas dŭcĕ se jŭbĕt essĕ mărĭtas. *O.* [† Nuptă, uxŏr, conjux.] *See* UXOR.

MARITALIS, ĕ. *Belonging to a husband* or *wife,* or *both; conjugal.* Luscă mărĭtali Gallĭcă vestĕ mănŭs. *O.* *See* MARITUS (ă).

MARITO, as. 1. *To give in marriage.* Lit. and fig. Altus mărĭtat popŭlos. *H.* [† Jungo, adjungo, conjungo, applĭco.] Crcl. Umbram hospĭtalem consŏcĭo. *See* CONJUGIUM. 2. Gen. *To unite.* *See* JUNGO. 3. *To make pregnant, render fruitful.* Glebas fecundo rorĕ mărĭtăt (Zĕphyrŭs). *Cl.* [† Fecundo.]

MARITUS, ă, um. *Conjugal, belonging to marriage.* Exĭgĭt hoc sŏcĭalĭs ămor fœdusquĕ mărĭtum. *O.* ~ fĭdes. *Pp.* tŏrŭs. *O.* [† Mărĭtalĭs, conjŭgĭalĭs, jŭgalĭs, &c.] *See* CONJUGIALIS.

MARITUS, i. *m.* 1. *A married man, a husband; used also of animals. V. H.* Spectant sŭbĕuntem fată mărĭti. *J.* [† Conjux, vĭr, sponsŭs.] *See* CONJUX. 2. *A wooer.* Nulli flexerĕ mărĭti. *V.* [† Prŏcŭs.]

MARĬUS, ĭi *and* i. *m. The famous Roman, the rival of Sylla. C. D.* In cœno Mărĭus jăcŭit cannaquĕ pălustri. *O.* Cimbrorumquĕ mĭnas, et bĕnĕfactă Mări. *Pp.* [† Arpinas.] Ep. Clarŭs Cimbro *or* Jŭgurthino trĭumpho. Tŏtĭes consŭl. Tŏtĭes exsŭl. Maxĭmŭs bellorum auctŏr.

MARMŎR, ŏris. *n.* 1. *Marble.* Prætĕrĕa fŭĭt in tectis de marmŏrĕ templum. *V.* Ep. Pŭrŭm, Phrŷgĭum, Lĭbŷcum, nĭtĭdum, nĭtens, lævĕ, candens, album, prĕtĭosum, durum, rĭgĭdum, gĕlĭdum, pictum, măcŭlatum. Crcl. Pŭrŭs lăpĭs. Phrŷgĭum saxum. Lĭbŷcŭs sĭlex. 2. *A mile-stone* (sc. of marble). Lit. and fig. Octavum ~ ăb urbĕ. *M.* ˘Ad extremæ marmŏr vĭæ hŭmată. *Pp.* [† Lăpĭs.] 3. *A marble tomb, statue, pillar, board,* or *tablet.* *See* SEPULCRUM, STATUA, TABULA. 4. *A calm sea.* Remis impellĕrĕ marmŏr. *V.* *See* MARE.

MARMŎRĔUS, ă, um. 1. *Of,* or *made of, marble.* Nunc te marmŏrĕum pro tempŏrĕ fecĭmŭs. *V.* ~ ară. *O.* 2. *Like marble in fairness and beauty,* or *whiteness and hardness.* ~ cervix. *V.* Littŏrĕ ~-is signandă pĕdĭbŭs. *O.* ~ gĕlu. *O.* *See* CANDIDUS, LÆVIS.

MARŎ, onis. *m. The surname of Virgil.* Grandĕ cŏthurnati ponĕ Mărŏnĭs ŏpŭs. *M.* *See* VIRGILIUS.

MARONIANUS, ă, um. *Of Virgil, Virgilian.* Ante annos Cŭlĭcis Mărŏnĭani. *St.* [† Mărŏneŭs, Virgĭlĭanŭs.]

MARPESIUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Mount Marpesus, in the island of Paros.* Quam si durâ sĭlex aut stet Marpesĭă cautes. *V.*

MARRA, æ. *f. A sort of pick-axe* or *hoe. J.*

MARRŬBIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Horehound.* Profŭĭt et plantis lătĭces infundĕrĕ ămaros Marrŭbĭi. *Col.* II. *A town of Latium, the capital of the Marsi.*

MARS, Martĭs. *m.* 1. *The God of War.* Hic Mars omnĭpŏtens ănĭmum vĭresquĕ Lătĭnis Addĭdĭt. *V.* [† Mavors, Grădivŭs; *ert.* Bellonă.] Ep. Threĭcĭŭs, armĭgĕr, bellĭpŏtens, armĭpŏtens, invictŭs, indŏmĭtŭs; durŭs, aspĕr, rĭgĭdŭs, fĕrox, fĕrŭs, imprŏbŭs, dirŭs, immitĭs,

torvŭs, trux, trŭcŭlentŭs, impĭŭs, sævŭs, ātrox, crŭentŭs, sanguĭnĕŭs; vĭŏlentŭs, insanŭs, præceps, fŭrens; funestŭs, tristĭs, infaustŭs. **Crcl.** Dĕŭs–bellĭpŏtens, bellatŏr. Bellorum *or* armorum arbĭtĕr. Grādivŭs –rex, pătĕr. Threĭcĭŭs –dux, dĕŭs. Qui Gĕtĭcis arvis præsĭdĕt. Qui trŭces belli motus cĭĕt. **2.** *War, a battle, fighting.* ∾-em cantu accendĕrĕ. *V.* Sĭnĕ ∾-ĕ căpi. *O. See* BELLUM, PUGNA. **3.** Martĕ sŭo. *By his own prowess, his own arm.* Martĕ sŭo captam Briseĭdā victŏr āmabāt. *O.*

MARSĬ, orum. *m. pl. The Marsi, a people of Latium, practised sorcerers, and dealers with serpents.* Hæc gĕnŭs acrĕ vīrum, Marsos pubemquĕ Sābellam. *V.* **2.** ∾-ŭs, ă, um. *adj. Of the Marsi, Marsian.* ∾ dŭcĭlum; nænĭā. *H.* Finduntŭr ∾-is cantĭbŭs (angues). *O.* [*So* Marsŭ' colubras *disrumpit. Lucil.*] ∾-is quæsitæ ĭn montĭbŭs herbæ (*magical herbs*). *V.* [¶ Marsĭcŭs.]

MARSŸAS, *and* MARSŸĂ, æ. *m. A satyr of Phrygia, flayed alive by Apollo for his presumption in challenging him to a contest on the flute; a river called by his name.* Occurrat fronte obducta, ceu Marsyă victŭs. *J.* Marsyă nomĕn hăbet, Phrygiæ lĭquĭdissĭmŭs amnĭs. *O.*

MARTIALĬS, ĕ. I. *Of* or *belonging to Mars; martial.* Nec Martĭales hœdŭlæ lŭpos (mĕtŭunt). *H.* [¶ Martĭŭs.] II. Subst. *The famous Roman poet.* Toto notŭs ĭn orbĕ Martĭalis. *M.*

MARTICŎLA, æ. *m. f. A worshipper of Mars.* Strymŏnă venisti Martĭcŏlamquĕ Gĕten. *O.*

MARTIGĔNA, æ. *m. f. A child of Mars.* In qua Martĭgĕnæ non sunt sĭnĕ crimĭnĕ nati. *O.*

MARTĬŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to Mars, Mars'.* ∾ proles; Romă. *O.* [¶ Martĭalĭs.] **2.** *Sacred to Mars.* ∾ lŭpŭs. *V.* **3.** Campŭs Martĭŭs. *The plain so called, between Rome and the Tiber.* Gramĭnă Martĭi Campi. *H. See* CAMPUS. **4.** Us. *Of* or *belonging to war, warlike, martial.* ∾ ærĭs cănŏr. *V.* Thebæ. ∾-ă bellă. *O.* [¶ Bellĭcŭs, bellax, bellĭcosŭs.] **5.** Martĭŭs. *abs.* (sc. mensis), *and* Martĭŭs, ă, um. *The month of Mars = March; of* or *belonging to March.* ∾ āgĭt mĕă festă. *O.* ∾-æ călendæ. *H.*

MARTŸR, ŷrĭs (μάρτυρ). *Eccl. A martyr.* Quam, millĕ cŏactam Martŷrĭbus, reginā Fides ănĭmarāt ĭn hostem. *Prud.*

MAS, mărĭs. *m.* **1.** *A male.* Cum mărĕ trux ărĭes cornu decertāt, āt idem &c. *O.* **2.** Măres. *pl. Men.* Săcrā ∾-ĭbŭs non ădĕundā. *Tib.* [¶ Vĭri.] **3.** *Used adj.* ∾-em vĭtellum. *H.* ∾-es ŏlĕas. *O.* ănĭmos. *H.* [¶ Mascŭlŭs.]

MASCŬLŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Male.* Mascŭlŭs, et totum femĭnă conjŭgĭum. *Pp.* ∾-ă turā. *V.* [¶ Mas, mascŭlĭnŭs.] **2.** *Manly, brave.* ∾ proles. *H.* bĭlis. *Pers.* [¶ Mas, vălĭdŭs, fortĭs.]

MASINISSA, æ. *m. A king of the Numidians.* Postĕrā lux mĕllĭŏr: sūpĕrat Māsĭnissā Sŷphacem. *O.*

MASSA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A mass, lump.* Pondŭs ĭners quondam durāquĕ massā fŭĭt. *O.* ∾ plĭcis. *V.* [¶ Moles, pondŭs.] **Ep.** Grāvĭs, vălĭdā, durā. **2.** *Ore in the lump.* Lentis fulmĭnā massis prŏpĕrant (Cyclopĕs). *V.* Chălŷbeis ∾ lātebāt. *O.* **3.** ∾ lactis cŏacti. *O.* l. allĭgati. *M. Cheese. See* CASEUS.

MASSAGETA, *and* MASSAGĔTES, æ. *m.* MASSAGETÆ, arum. *pl. One of the Scythian people; the Scythian people, so called.* Massăgĕtes quo fugĭt ĕquo, vŏlŭĕresquĕ Gĕloni. *L.* Massăgĕtas non allĭgāt Istĕr. *L. See* SCYTHA.

MASSICŬS, i. *m.* (sc. mons). **1.** *A mountain of Campania, famous for its wines.* Massĭcŭs uvĭferis addebat nomĭnā glebis. *Sil.* **2.** Massĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to* Mons Massicus. Felicĭā baccho Massĭcā (sc. cultā). *V.* Pocŭlā vĕtĕris ∾-i (sc. vini). *H.* ∾-ă bacchi munĕrā. *V.* ∾ bacchi humŏr. *V. See* FALERNUS.

MASSILIA, æ. *f. A great commercial town in Gallia Narbonensis, now Marseilles.* Massĭlĭam bellis testatur fatā tŭlissĕ. *L.* **Ep.** Antiquā, priscā, Graiā, Phocæā; doctā, clarā, nobĭlis.

MASSILIENSĬS, ĕ. *adj., and* MASSILIENSES, ium. *m. pl. Of* or *belonging to Massilia; the people of Massilia.* Istros, Hispanos, Massĭlĭenses, Illŭros. *Pl.*

MASSYLI, *and* MASSYLII, orum. *m. pl.* **1.** *A people of Numidia.* Massyliquĕ rĭunt ĕquĭtes. *V.* Sĭmŭl et Massylŭs, ĕt una Lycĭŭs. *V. Fl.* **2.** *Used adj. sing. and pl.* Massylĭā gens. *L.* signā. *Sil.* Massylum jŭgum. *M.*

MATĔR, matrĭs. *f.* **1.** *A mother;* hence, sts. *one that suckles, a nurse.* Inque ŏcŭlis fĕrĭnus barbarā matĕr hăbĕt. *O.* Huic (lŭpæ) ubĕrā circum Ludĕrĕ pendentes pŭĕros, et lambĕrĕ matrem. *V.* [¶ Pārens, gĕnĭtrix, crĕatrix.] **Ep.** Almā, bĕnignā, blandā, plā, tĕnĕrā, dilectā, āmatā, carā; anxĭā, sollĭcĭtā, vĭgĭl, sedŭlā, stŭdĭosā. **Phr.** Lucinæ lăbores expertā. Prolem enixā. Fetĭbŭs auctā. Maternum nomĕn ădeptā. **2.** Pl. *Women, ladies.* Pilentis ∾ ĭn mollĭbŭs. *V.* ∾-es Ausŏnĭæ. *O.* Ogŷgĭæ. *St.* [¶ Matronā.] **3.** *Used of animals.* Cum matrĭbŭs agni. *V.* Cum matrĕ jŭvencŭs. *V.* **4.** *Used of the earth* (Mother Earth) *generally, and of each man's native country in particular.* ∾ ălit tellus. *V.* Matri dĕdit oscŭlā terræ (Brutŭs). *O.* Antiquam ∾-em cognatāquĕ littŏrā pĕtĕrĕ. *O.* **5.** ∾ –dĕum. divum, Magnā, Phrygĭā, Bĕrĕcyntĭā, Idæā, Cŷbĕlĕā, &c., *or abs.* Matĕr. *M. Cybele. O. V.* &c. [¶ Gĕnĭtrix.] *See* CYBELE. **6.** Fig. *Mother.* ∾ regumquĕ dŭcumquĕ (Romā). *Cl.* justi prŏlĕ ĕt æqui (utĭlĭtas). *H.*

MATERCŬLA, æ. *f. dim. of* Mater. Dum pŭĕris omnis pătĕr et matercŭlā pallĕt. *H.*

MATĔRIA, æ, *and* MATĔRIES, ei. *f.* **1.** *The matter of which any thing is composed.* Quippe ŭbi matĕrĭes omnis cŭmŭlatā jăcerĕt. *Lr.* ∾-am sūpĕralāt ŏpŭs. *O.* **Ep.** Grāvis, rŭdis, ĭners. **2.** Sp. *Wood for building.* Jăcĕt omnis ād undam ∾-es (*for building vessels*). *V.* Fig. **3.** *Subject-matter of a writer's work.* ∾ æquā virĭbŭs (scribentis). *H.* jŏcosā. *O.* [¶ Argumentum; *sts.* ŏpŭs.] **4.** *Occasion, opportunity.* ∾-am damno præbŭĭt sŭo. *O.* [¶ Ansā, occasio.]

MATERNŬS, ă, um. *Maternal, mother's.* Devolvunt, ĭtĕrum maternas impŭlĭt aures. *V.* Maternā vulnĕrā leni. *O.* Rebŭs ∾-is atquĕ pāternis. *H.* [¶ Matrĭs.]

MATERTĔRA, æ. *f. A mother's sister, an aunt.* Essĕ vĕlis, prolisquĕ mĕæ matertĕrā dici. *O.*

MATHEMATICŬS, i. *m. A mathematician; diviner, astrologer.* Nemŏ măthemătĭcus gĕnĭum indemnatŭs hăbebĭt. *J.*

MATRĬCIDA (*and poet. lic.* MATRICIDA), æ. *m. f. A matricide.* Matricidā Nĕro prŏprĭi vim pĕr tŭlĭt ensĭs. *Aus.*

I. MATRŎNA, æ. *f. A river in Gaul, now the Marne.* Matrŏnā non Gallos Belgasque intĕrsĭtā fines. *Aus.*

II. MATRONA, æ. *f. A matron, a married woman, a lady.* Si tŏrŭs in prĕtĭo est, dicor matrona Tŏnantis. *O.* ∾-arum castā delibo oscŭlā. *P.* [¶ Matĕr; *sts.* conjux, uxŏr, nuptā.]

MATRONALIS, ĕ. *Matronly, befitting the matron* or *lady.* Et matronales erŭbĭnĕrĕ gĕnæ. *O.*

MATTA, æ. *f. A mat.* In plaustro scirpĕā matta fŭĭt. *O.* [¶ Tĕgĕs.]

MATTĔA, *and* MATTŸA, æ. *f. A delicate* or *dainty dish.* Cœnā tĭbi, sed tĕ mattŷā solā jŭvāt. *M.*

[*others*, Mattŷĭ, *neut. pl.*] ~ primă lĕpŭs. *M.*

Maturē, *adv. In time; in good time, speedily; before the time, too soon.* Sic tĭbĭ fraterni mature sanguĭnis ultŏr. *O.* Fiĕt. ˘At mature. Fiĕt. *Ter.* (ubi *Donatus:* '*Mature*, cito et ante tempus.') Pārarĕ cœnam jussŭs est ~-lĭus. *Ph.* Jussa ~-lĭus hora. *O.*

Maturesco, ĭs, rŭi. 1. *To ripen, grow ripe.* Pomă quŏd hiberna maturescentĭă capsa. *M.* Pleno maturŭĭt anno (lucŭs). *O.* [† Miteseo, cŏquŏr.] 2. Fig. Used of man. *To attain to maturity.* Nubĭlĭbŭs maturŭĭt annis. *O.* *See* Adolesco.

Maturo, as. 1. *To ripen, make ripe.* Annŭs ĭn apricis maturat collĭbŭs uvas. *Tib.* [† Cŏquo, concŏquo.] 2. *To do leisurely, with care; to take time over a thing.* Multă, fŏrent quæ mox cœlo prŏpĕrandă sĕreno, Maturarĕ dătŭr. *V.* 3. *To hasten, accelerate.* ~ fŭgam. *V.* Bellĕrŏphonti nĕcem. *H.* ~-ato vespĕrĕ. *L.* [† Prŏpĕro, festino, urgĕo.] 4. Intr. *To make haste, come speedily.* Dic cum lŷra maturĕt. *H.* ~ făcĭtĕ qd. *Ter.* *See* Festino.

Maturŭs, ă, um. 1. *Ripe* (of the fruits of the earth). Aut custos grĕgis, aut maturæ vinitŏr uvæ. *V.* ~-ă pomă. *V.* ~-is messis ăristis. *O.* [† Coctŭs, concoctŭs; *sts.* tostŭs, æstu tostŭs.] 2. *Ripe in years, of age* (of man). ~ vĭro (fĭlĭă). *V.* virgo. *H.* ætas. *V.* ăd armă. *Sil.* [† Tempestivŭs, aptŭs.] 3. *Fit, ripe* (of time). Sĕram ~-o tempŏrĕ vites. *Tib.* [† Aptŭs.] 4. *That which has accomplished its appointed time*, or *has come to its completion.* ~-i pignŏrĕ ventrĭs. *M.* Matura lucĕ dĭes. *V.* [† Tempestivŭs; *sts.* plenŭs, perfectŭs.] 5. *Of advanced age.* Ævi ~ ˘Acestes. *V.* Rĕmŭlus ~-lŏr annis. *O.* *See* Senex. 6. *With* ănĭmŭs, &c. *Of ripe mind.* ˘Anĭmi ~ ˘Alethes. *V.* ˘Anĭmo ~ ĕt ævo. *O.* [† Prudens.] 7. *Early, before the time.* ~-ă dĭes cĕlĕrem prŏpĕrăt mortem. *Tib.* In ~-ă fată rŭentes. *L.* ~-lŏr vis (mortĭs). *H.* [† Prŏpĕratŭs, festinatŭs, cĭtŭs.]

Matutā, æ. *f. A name of Aurora.* Leucŏthĕe Graiis, Matută vŏcabĕrĕ nostris. *O.*

Matutinŭs, ă, um. 1. *Morning* (adj.), *of the morning.* In matutinis lampădă tollĭt ĕquis. *O.* ~ frigŏrĭ. *H.* *See* Mane. 2. *Eastern, of the east.* Rădĭis jŭgă subdĭtă matutinis. *O.* *See* Oriens. 3. *Rising early; coming early.* Æneas æ ~ ăgebăt. *V.* [† Vĭgĭl.]

Mauri, orum. *m. pl. The Moors, a people of Africa.* Et Mauri cĕlĕres, et Mauro obscurĭŏr Indŭs. *J.* Crel. Gens –Maurĭ, Mauruslĭ. *See* Afer.

Maurŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Mauritania; to the Mauri*, or *Moors.* Attŏnĭti Mauras pertĭmŭĕrĕ mănus. *O.* ~ undă. *H.* Silvæ fĭlĭă ~-æ. *M.* *See* Maurusiacus.

Maurusiacus, *and* **Maurusĭŭs**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Mauritania; to the Mauri*, or *Moors.* Et Maurusĭăci pondĕrĭ rarĕ cĭtri. *M.* Maurusĭă pictis Gens ĕpŭlătă tŏrĭis. *V.* [† Maurŭs.]

Mausolēum, i. *n.* 1. *A mausoleum*, or *grand sepulchre, so called from the magnificent sepulchre built in honour of Mausolus, king of Caria, by his wife Artemisia.* Jam vicină jŭbent nos vivĕrĕ mausolĕă. *M.* *See* Mausolus, Sepulcrum, Pyramis. 2. *Used adj.* ~-i fortună sĕpulcri. *Pp.*

Mavŏlo, Mavĕlim, Mavellem, &c., *anc. for* Malo, Malim, &c. *Ter.* and *Pl.*

Mavors, tĭs. *m.* 1. *Mars.* Convĕnĭunt pŏpŭli sacrum Mavortĭs ĭn arvum. *O.* *See* Mars. 2. *War. Aus.* 3. *The month of March. Aus.* 4. *Tuesday* (*Fr.* Mardi). *Aus.*

Mavortĭŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Mars.* Romŭlŭs excĭpĭet gentem, et Mavortĭă condĕt Mœnĭă. *V.* *See* Martius. 2. *Martial, warlike.* ~ factă. *Sil.* proles (de Thebanis). *O.* ˘Amazon. *V. Fl.* [† Martĭŭs, bellĭcŭs, bellax.]

Maxillæ, arum. *f. pl. The jaw-bones.* Tu quum maxillis bălănatum gaussăpĕ pectas. *Pers.* *See* Malæ.

Maximē. *adv.* 1. *Very greatly, particularly, in the greatest degree.* Regi tŭenda est maxĭme regum sălus. *Sen.* [† Multum, valde, præsertim, inprimis.] 2. In comic writers. *I will so; it shall be so; most certainly. Ter. Pl.* [† ˘Ĭtă.]

Maximŭs, ă, um. *superl. of* Magnus. *Very great, the greatest.* Maxĭmŭs ille armis, maxĭmŭs illĕ tŏga. *O.* ~ corpŏrĕ. *O.* rĕvĕrentĭă. *J.* *See* Magnus.

Mazā, æ. *f. Bread* or *meal mixed with milk.* Lactĕ nŏvam pubem făcĭlĭquĕ tŭebĕrĕ maza. *Grat.*

Mazŏnŏmŭs, i. *m. A large dish.* Mazŏnŏmo pŭĕri magno discerptă fĕrentes Membră grŭĭs. *H.*

Mĕatŭs, us. *m.* 1. *The action of passing from one place to another; a going, a course.* In quas quemquĕ dĕdĭit partes natură mĕatum. *Lr.* ~ lunæ. *Lr.* cœli. *V.* anni. *Cl.* [† Lapŭs, cursŭs, ĭtĕr.] 2. *A place on* or *by which persons* or *things pass; a passage, road.* Bĭfĭdo mĕatu divisŭs (Rhenŭs). *Cl.* ~ aĕrĭs; signorum. *L.* [† Transĭtŭs, ĭtĕr, vĭă.]

Medēa, æ. *f. Medea, daughter of Æetes, king of Colchis, and wife of Jason. C. D.* Implĭ desertum fŭgĭens Medĕă pārentem. *O.* [† Æetĭs, Æetĭăs, Æetine, Colchĭs, Phasĭăs.] Ep. Implĭ, sævă, invictă, fĕră, diră, fŭrens, imprŏbă, măgă, vĕnĕfĭcă. Crel. Phasĭăs, Phasĭăcă conjux. *See* Magicus.

Medēis, ĭdis. *f. Of Medea, Medean, magical.* Non făcĭent, ut vincăt ămor, Medeĭdĕs herbæ. *O.*

Mĕdēlā, æ. *f. A remedy.* Lit. and fig. Nostri mĕdelă, Nĕpotĭănĕ, pectŏrĭs. *Aus.* [† Mĕdĭcină.] *See* M.

Mĕdĕŏr, erĭs (*no prop. perf.: use* Mĕdĭcatŭs sum). 1. *To heal, cure.* Nec mĕdĕărĕ mĭhi sanesque hæc vulnĕrĕ mando. *O.* [† Mĕdĭcŏr, mĕdĭco, curo, sano.] Crel. Mĕdĭcinam (mĕdĭcamĕn, mĕdĭcas mănus) –affĕro, ădhĭbĕo, admŏvĕo, applĭco. Mĕdĭcam ŏpem –fĕro, admŏvĕo. Mĕdĭcamĭnă (herbas, Pæŏnĭas herbas) affĕro. Morbum *or* morbos –pello, depello, expello, lĕvo, lenĭo, sŭpĕro. Morbum curo *or* artĕ lĕvo. Mĕdĭcas artes exercĕo. Morbum (dŏlorem, mălum) mĕdĭcando (mĕdendo, mĕdĭcamĭnĕ, mĕdĭcatĭbŭs, mĕdĭcina) –aufĕro, sano, pello, mulcĕo, lĕvo. Mĕdĭcinam –păro, strŭo. Morbo *or* mălo occurro. Corpŭs *or* corpŏrĕ morbis –lĕvo, rĕlĕvo, exĭmo. Artĕ Phœbea *or* ˘Apollĭnĕa –utŏr, mălum lĕvo, morbum pello, corpŏrĕ febres deduco. *See* Medicus. 2. *Fig.* Fĕr ŏpem, nostroquĕ mĕdĕrĕ lăbori. *O.* Ægrescĭt mĕdendo (vĭŏlentĭă). *V.* ˘Anĭmo mĕdĕri. *Sen.* [† Sano, averto, pello, depello, occurro.] [The verb takes the accusative, but more commonly the dative.]

Medi, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *The Medes, Persians;* ext. *Parthians.* Sed nĕquĕ Medorum silvæ, ditissĭmă regnă. *V.* 2. ~-ŭs, ă, um. *adj.* ~ ăcinăces. *H.* ~-æ săgittæ. *Pp.* [† Medĭcŭs.]

Media, æ. *f. Media, a country of Asia.* Medĭă fert tristes succos tardumquĕ săporem. *V.*

Mĕdĭastinŭs, i. *m. A slave of the lowest order.* Tu mĕdĭastinus tăcĭta prĕcĕ rurĭă pĕtebas. *H.*

Medĭcā, æ. *f.* (sc. herba.) *A kind of clover.* Verĕ făbis sătĭo; tunc te quŏquĕ, medĭcă, putres Accĭpĭent sulci. *V.*

MĔDĬCABĬLIS, ĕ. 1. *That can be healed* or *cured.* Hei mihĭ, quod nullis ămŏr est mĕdĭcabĭlĭs herbis! *O.* [¶ Sanabĭlis.] 2. Sta. *That which can heal* or *cure.* ∾ carmĕn. *V. Fl. See* SALUBER.

MĔDĬCAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* 1. *A medicinal remedy; medicine* (prepared or natural). Illā Măchaŏnĭos sŭpĕrant mĕdĭcamĭnā succos. *O.* [¶ Mĕdĭcamentum, mĕdĭcinā, mĕdĭcatŭs, rĕmĕdĭum, succŭs, pocŭlum, pharmăcum.] Ep. Utĭlĕ, sălubrĕ, sălutarĕ, sălutĭfĕrum, pŏtens, præsens, vălĭdum, promptum, optatum, dulcĕ; ăcerbum, ămarum. Crcl. Mĕdĭcæ *or* Pæŏnĭæ herbæ. Herbarum –succŭs, vis, pŏtestas, vires. Herbā pŏtens ăd ŏpem. Radix mĕdendi utĭlis. Pæŏnĭi succi pocŭlā. Vis mĕdĭcæ ŏpis. Auxĭlĭantĭā morbis gramĭnā. Succi sălubres. 2. *An enchanted potion* or *preparation. O.* [¶ Vĕnenum.] 3. *A poisonous mixture. O. See* VENENUM. 4. *Dye for the hair.* Tingentes crŏcĕo mĕdĭcamĭnĕ crinem. *L.* 5. *A wash* or *cosmetic.* ∾-ĭnā formæ. *O. See* FUCUS. 6. Fig. *A remedy for any thing.* [¶ Mĕdĭcinā, auxĭlĭum, præsĭdĭum, leniměn, fomentum, ops (*obs. in nom.*).

MĔDĬCATUS, us. *m.* = Mĕdĭcamĕn. Quæquĕ fĕros pŏpŭli doctis mĕdĭcatĭbŭs ignes (effugĭt). *O.*

MĔDĬCINA, æ. *f.* 1. *The medicinal art.* Inventum mĕdĭcinā mĕum est, ŏpĭferquĕ per orbem Dicŏr. *O.* Crcl. Ars mĕdĭcā *or* mĕdendi. A. –Phœbeā, ˘Apollĭnĕā, Pæŏnĭā, Măchaŏnĭā. Artes –mĕdĭcæ, ˘Apollĭnĕæ, ˘Apollĭnis. Usŭs mĕdendi. Mĕdĭcā ops (*obs. in nom.*). Pæŏnĭā curā. Pæŏnĭæ solertĭā curæ. Mĕdĭci auxĭlĭum. 2. *A medicine, remedy.* Nostri ∾ fŭrorĭs. *O.* Morbo ∾-am fŭcĕrĕ. *Pl. See* MEDICAMEN. Fig. 3. *A remedy for any evil.* Curæ ∾. *O.* 4. Sta. *An enchanted* or *poisonous preparation. See* MEDICAMEN.

MĔDĬCO, as. 1. *To rub with,* or *soak in, a preparation; to medicate.* Semĭnā vidi ĕquĭdem multos mĕdĭcarĕ sĕrentes. *V.* ∾-ati fruges. *V.* ∾-atum nectărĕ Cȳtherĭăco Ceston. *M.* [¶ Lĭno, illĭno, oblĭno, ungo.] 2. *To dye.* ∾ căpillos. *O.* vellĕrā. *O.* lanam. *H. See* TINGO. 3. *To poison.* ∾ telā vĕneno. *Sil.* 4. *To remedy, cure.* ∾ răbĭdos fŭrores. *Calp.* vulnĕrĭs æstus. *Sil. See* MEDICOR.

MĔDĬCŎR, arĭs. *To treat medicinally; to heal, cure.* Lit. and fig. Dardănĭæ mĕdĭcari cuspĭdis ictum. *V.* ∾ sĕnĭbŭs ănhelis. *V.* Istum ∾-abŏr mĕtum. *Pl.* Possim ∾ mihĭ. *Ter.* [¶ Mĕdĕŏr.]

I. **MĔDĬCUS**, i. *m.* 1. *A physician.* Non est in mĕdĭco semper, rĕlĕvetŭr ŭt ægĕr. *O.* [¶ Mĕdens; *sts.* chĭrurgŭs; Măchaon, Pæon, Chiron, Mĕlampus, Hippŏcrātes.] Ep. Doctŭs, pĕritŭs, solers, prudens, sĕdŭlŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs, fidŭs, fĭdelĭs, nobĭlis. Crcl. Mĕdĭcinæ, *or* artĭs mĕdĭcæ, pĕritŭs. Artem Pæŏnĭam (˘Apollĭnĕam, Phœbeam) doctŭs. Mĕdĭca *or* ˘Apollĭnĕa artĕ pŏtens. Măchaŏnĭa In artĕ, *or* In artĕ mĕdendi –clarŭs, pĕritŭs. Artĭs ˘Apollĭnĕæ gnarŭs. Doctŭs –vitæ succos sălubres miscerĕ;—febres Phœbea artĕ pellĕrĕ;—mălum ˘Apollĭnĕa artĕ lĕvarĕ;—vivos dŏlores mulcerĕ. Prædĭtŭs –vitas hŏmĭnum artĕ porrĭgĕrĕ;—fatis mŏras amplĭfĭcarĕ. Non ultĭmŭs mĕdendi artĕ. Cui herbarum subjectā est pŏtentĭā. 2. *Used adj.* ∾ mănŭs. *V.* ars. *O.* [¶ ˘Apollĭnĕŭs, Phœbeŭs, Pæŏnĭŭs, Măchaŏnĭŭs, mĕdĭcinalis, ŏpĭfĕr, sălutĭfĕr.]

II. **MEDĬCUS**, ă, um. *Median, Persian.* Mundŭs, ˘Achæmĕnĭis decurrant Medĭcā Susis Agmĭnā. *L.* ∾ rurā. *L.* [¶ Medŭs.]

MĔDĬOCRIS, ĕ (*and not* MĔDĬŎCRIS, &c.). *Of middling quality* or *ability; ordinary.* Sunt bŏnā, sunt quædam mĕdĭocrĭā, sunt mălā plurā. *M.* ∾ actŏr causarum; curā. *H.*

MĔDĬOCRĬTAS, ātis. *f. The medium* or *mean* (between two extremes); *moderation.* Aurĕam quisquis mĕdĭocrĭtatem Dilĭgĭt. *H.* [¶ Mŏdŭs.]

MĔDĬOCRĬTĔR. *With moderation, moderately; in an ordinary manner* or *degree; little.* Ne pĕvŏr et rerum mĕdĭocrĭtĕr utĭlĭum spea. *H.* ∾ vestitŭs. *Ter.* Damnum fecissĕ haud ∾. *Pl.* [¶ Mŏdĭce; *sts.* pārum.]

MĔDĬTAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. A project, a devising.* Lenti mĕdĭtamĭnā belli. *Sil. See* CONSILIUM.

MĔDĬTATUS, ă, um. *part. See* MEDITOR. 1. Tr. *Having meditated, devised.* Inăchĭæ Juno pestem mĕdĭtatā jŭvencæ. *V.* [¶ Mĕdĭtans, volvens, versans, ăgĭtans.] 2. Pass. *Meditated, thought upon, intended.* ∾-ă verbā; tentamentā. *O.* ∾ quĕrelā. *Lr.*

MĔDĬTERRANĔUM (mārĕ). *n. The Mediterranean Sea.* [¶ Internum –mārĕ, æquŏr. Gurgĕs Hespĕrĭŭs.]

MĔDĬTŎR, arĭs. 1. *To meditate, turn over in thought, project.* Nec jam furtivum Dido mĕdĭtatŭr ămorem. *V.* Nescĭŏ quĭd ∾-ans nugarum. *H.* [¶ Cogĭto, verso, volvo, ăgĭto, mollĭŏr, rĕpŭto, pāro.] 2. *To compose, make verses;* ext. *to sing.* ∾ musam tĕnŭi ăvena. *V.* versus cănoros. *H.* Phœbo mĕdĭtantĕ, Eurotas audĭit. *V. See* CANO, CARMEN.

MĔDĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *The middle of any thing, the centre.* Jam mĕdĭum tĕnŭerĕ rătes. *V.* Primo ne mĕdĭum, mĕdĭo ne discrĕpĕt imum. *H.* [¶ Intĕr ŭtrumquĕ.] 2. ˘In mĕdĭo. *Publicly, openly, in public, before and for all.* Nĕc causā In mĕdĭo pătĕt. *Sen.* ˘In mĕdĭo omnĭbŭs pŏsĭtā (palmā). *Ter.* 3. ˘In mĕdĭum. *For the common good, for the benefit of all, for all;* sts. *into public notice, to light.* ˘In mĕdĭum consŭlĕrĕ; quærĕrĕ. *V.* peccatā dĭu celatā dĕdĭssĕ. *Lr.* [¶ ˘In communĕ; *sts.* In lucem.] *See* PALAM. 4. E mĕdĭo. *Of* or *out of what is common and usual amongst us and about us;* sts. *from amongst us, from the midst of us.* Verbā e mĕdĭo, consuetāquĕ. *O.* E mĕdĭo excessĭt. *Ter.* pellĭtŭr săpientĭā. *Enn.*

MĔDĬUS, ă, um. 1. *That which is in the middle,* or *midway between.* Considit scŏpŭlo mĕdĭus, nŭmĕrumquĕ rĕcensĕt. *V.* ˘In sŏlĭo ∾ consedit. *O.* ∾ jŭvĕnum ibāt. *O.* Ferrĕ se pĕr mĕdĭos. Mĕdĭā intĕr millĭā. *V.* ∾ lĭquŏr (*the Mediterranean*). *H.* Ætatis ∾-æ vĭr. *Ph.* [¶ Pĕr, intĕr, In.] Crcl. ˘In mĕdĭo. 2. *Used of the middle of the body.* Bis ∾-um amplexi. Pĕr ∾-um jŭvĕnem. *V.* ∾-um qm tĕnerĕ. *L.* 3. Gen. *The midst of,* &c. ∾-is frigŏrĭbŭs; ăquĭlonĭbŭs. *V.* Pĕr ∾-as cædes. *H.* 4. ∾ dies. *Mid-day, noon; the south.* ˘In ∾-os dies dormirĕ. *H.* ˘Ad ∾-um diem conversā (stăbŭlā). *See* MERIDIES. 5. *Intermediate.* ∾-is sex lucĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ Interpŏsĭtŭs.] 6. *Equally partaking of,* or *engaged in, two different things; inclined either way.* Idem pacis mĕdĭusquĕ belli. *H.* 7. *A mediator.* Paci ∾-um se offerrĕ. *V.* Pacator ∾-quĕ Sȳphax. *Sil.* 8. *That which thwarts* or *opposes, crosses a project midway.* Ne qua ∾ occurrĕrĕ dŏlo possĭt. *V.*

MĔDULLA, æ. *f.* (*dim.* Mĕdullŭlā. *Cat.*) 1. *The marrow of bones.* Ossā vĭdes regum, văcŭis exsuctā mĕdullis. *J.* Exsuctā ∾. *H.* 2. *The very heart of life and feeling* (pl. in this sense). Est mollis flammā ∾-as. *V.* Certŭs ĕt prŏpĭŭs ∾-is. *H.* Imis infixā ∾-is. *O.* [¶ Præcordĭā, cŏr, pectŭs.]

MEDŬS, ă, um. *See* MEDI.

MĔDUSA, æ. *f.* 1. *Medusa, one of the Gorgons.*

C. D. Squalebant late Phorcynĭdŏs arvā Mĕdūsæ. *L.* [? Phorcys, Phorcynis, Gorgon *or* Gorgo.] **Ep.** Angulcŏmā, saxĭfĭcā, sævā, horrendā, horribĭlĭs. **Phr.** Phorci natā. Mĕdūsæum monstrum. **2.** *The head of Medusa on the ægis of Minerva.* **Crel.** Saxĭfĭcæ orā (vultus, spirā) Mĕdūsæ. Saxĭfĭci M. vultus. Gorgŏnĕum căpŭt. Angulcŏmā (sævissimā, visu s.) monstri effĭgies *or* orā. *See* GORGONES.

MĔDŪRÆUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Medusa.* Ternā Mĕdūsæi vincirem guttŭrā monstri. *O.* [? Gorgŏnĕŭs.]

MĔJÆRA, æ. *f. One of the Furies.* Quas et Tartărĕum nox intempestā Mĕgæram. *V. See* FURIÆ.

MĔGALENSIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to Cybele*, or *the festival called Megalesia, in honour of Cybele.* Constaturā fŭit Mĕgălensis purpŭrā centum Millĭbŏs. *M.*

MĔGALESIA, orum. *n. pl. A festival in honour of Cybele.* Instĭtĕram quare primi Mĕgălesiā ludi. *O.* **Crel.** Mĕgălenses ludi.

MĔGALESIĂCUS, ă, um = Mĕgălensis. Intĕrĕa Mĕgălesiăcæ spectacŭlā mappæ. *J.* ~ matĕr (*Cybele*). *Aus.*

MĔGARA, orum. *n. pl. Megara, the chief town of Megaris, near the isthmus of Corinth; also a town in Sicily.* An vĕnĭat Mĕgăris, noxĭŭs omnis ĕrĭt. *O.*

MĔGARĔUS, *and* **MĔGARĔIUS**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Megara, to either of the towns so called;* or *to Megareus, the father of Hippomenes.* Liquĕrăt Ortŷgien, Mĕgărĕăquĕ, Pantăgienquĕ. *O.* Mĕgărĕā præcepe Arvā răpĭt passu. *St.* Mĕgărĕĭus heros. *O.*

MĔGARĬCUS, ă, um. *Of Megara* (as above). Pantăgiæ, Mĕgărosquĕ sĭnus. *V.*

MEIO (2-*syll.*), *or* **MEJO**, is, minxi (*from anc. v.* Mingo), minctum *or* mictum, meiĕrĕ. *To make water.* Ditĭŏr, aut formæ mĕllĭoris meiăt ĕodem. *H.* Minxĕrĭt ĭn pătrĭos cĭnĕres. *H.*

MĔL, mellis. *n.* **1.** *Honey.* Quis mĕl ˘Aristæo quis Baccho vinā Fălerno? *O.* Mellā tĕnacĭā fŭgĕrĕ. *V.* [? Făvŭs; *ext.* alvearĭā.] **Ep.** Hyblæum, Sicŭlum, Hȳmettĭum, Cecrŏpĭum, Attĭcum; flavum, flavens, aurĕum; ŏdoratum, fragrans, rĕdŏlens, nectărĕum, dulcĕ, suavĕ, gratum, purum, lĭquens, lĭquĭdum, tĕnax, pingŭĕ. **Crel.** Mellis –donā, præmĭā, munĕrā, munĭs, ŏpŭs, lĭquŏr, dulcis *or* flavŭs l., săpŏr, săpores. Nectăr ăpum. Nectăr Hyblæum. Hyblæ̆is lĭquŏr. Dulcis ăpum lăbŏr. **Phr.** *To make honey.* Mĕl (mellā) –confĭcio, fingo, pono, fĕro, stipo, cogo; nectărĕ cellas distendo; mellĭ̆ Cecrŏpĭ̆ sudăt făvŭs. **2.** Fig. *Any thing sweet and agreeable;* sp. *used of an attractive, persuasive style in speaking* or *writing.* Nestŏrĕi gratĭā mellis. Manarĕ pŏĕtĭcā mellā. *H.*

MĔLĂGER, *and* **MĔLĂGRUS**, *or* **MĔLĂGROS**, i. m. *Son of Œneus, king of Calydon, famous for killing the Calydonian boar. C. D.* Insĭdĭis atque absens flamma Mĕlăgrŭs ăb illa. *O.* [? Œnides, Thestĭdes.]

MĔLĂGRĔUS, *and* **MĔLĂGRĬUS**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Meleager.* Et Mĕlăgream măcŭlatus sanguĭnĕ Nessi (Călydonā). *L.* Mĕlăgrĭā Pleuron. *St.*

MELES, is. *f. A marten*, or perhaps *badger.* Venator capta melĕ sŭperbŭs ădest. *M.* Lucĭfŭgæ cristas inducĕrĕ mellis. *Grat.*

MĔLETUS, ă, um. *Of Homer* (from Meles, a river of Ionia). Possĕ Mĕleteas nec mallem vincĕrĕ chartas. *Tib.*

MĔLIBŒUS, ă, um. *Of* or *from Melibœa, a town of Thessaly;* hence, *Thessalian.* Purpŭrā mæandro dŭplĭci Mĕlĭbœā cŭcurrĭt. *V.*

MĔLICERTA, æ. *m. The son of Ino, a sea-god, the same as Palæmon. C. D.* Tequĕ fĕrens parvum nudis, Mĕlĭcertā, lăcertis. *O.* Inoo Mĕlĭcertæ. *V.* [? Pălæmon.]

MĔLICUS, ă, um. *Musical, melodious.* Orgănĭci mĕlĭcos pĕpĕrerĕ sŏnores. *Lr.*

MĔLILOTOS, i. *f. The herb melilot.* Pars thȳmā, pars căsĭam, pars mĕllĭotŏn ămant. *O.*

MĔLIMELA, arum. *n. pl. Honey-apples, a kind of sweet apple.* Post hoc me dŏcŭit mĕlĭmelā rŭberĕ, minorem. *H.*

MĔLIŎR, us; *gen.* oris. *compar. of* Bonus. *Better.* Oblitos famæ mĕllĭoris ămantes. *V.* Jăcŭlo ~. Jam ~ (Juno). *V.* [? Præstantĭŏr, pŏtĭŏr, clementĭŏr, mitĭŏr.] *See* BONUS.

MĔLISPHYLLUM, i. *n. The herb balm.* Tritā mĕlisphyllæ, et cerinthæ ignobĭlĭ gramĕn. *V.*

MĔLĬTA, æ, *and* **MĔLĬTE**, es. *f. The island of Malta.* Fertĭlis est Mĕlĭte stĕrĭli vicinā Cŏsyræ. *O.*

MĔLĬTENSIS, ĕ, *and* **MĔLĬTESIUS**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Malta.* Et vivum lăpĭdem, et circa Mĕlĭtensĭā nectunt Curălĭā. *Grat.* (Alii leg. *Melitenia.*)

MĔLIUS. **1.** *Better.* adv. Planĭŭs ac mĕlĭus Chrysippo et Crantŏrĕ dicĭt. *H.* [? Aptĭŭs, rectĭŭs, doctĭŭs, &c.] *See* BENE. **2.** *More.* Soles ~ nĭtent. *H.* Non ~ vălĕo. *O.* [? Măgis.] **3.** *Rather, sooner.* Perdĕrĕ quŏd ~ possis. *O.* [? Pŏtĭŭs.]

MELLĔUS, ă, um. **1.** *Honeyed, of honey.* Nec lĭbā crusti mellĕi. *Aus.* **2.** Fig. *Sweet as honey.* [? Mellitŭs, dulcis.]

MELLĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Producing honey.* Mellĭfĕrarum ăpĭum sĭnĕ membris corpŏrā nasci. *O.*

MELLĬFĬCO, as. *To make honey.* Sic vos non vobis mellĭfĭcatĭs, ăpes. (*Attributed to Virgil.*)

MELLĬFLUENS, tis, *and* **MELLĬFLUUS**, ă, um. *Flowing with honey.* Lit. and fig. Mellĭflŭentem Nestŏrā. *Aus.*

MELLITUS, ă, um. **1.** *Honeyed, sweetened* or *made with honey.* Pane ĕgĕo jam mellitis pŏtĭorĕ plăcentis. *H.* [? Mellĕŭs.] **2.** Fig. *Sweet as honey.* Nam mellitŭs ĕrat, sŭsăquĕ norăt (de passĕrĕ). *Cat.* [? Dulcis, suavis.]

MĔLOS. *acc.* ŏs. *n.; m. Cat. Acc. sing.* mĕlum. *Pacuv.; pl.* mĕle (*contr. fr.* melea). *A song, melody; lyrical composition.* Regĭnā longum, Callĭŏpe, mĕlŏs. *H.* Sĭmonĭdes, qui scripsĭt egrĕgĭum mĕlŏs. *Ph.* ˘Et cycnĕā mĕle, Phœbĕăquĕ dædălā chordis. *Lr. See* CANTUS.

MELPŎMĔNE, es. *f. Melpomene, the Tragic Muse.* Cantus, Melpŏmĕne, cui lĭquĭdam pătĕr. *H.*

MEMBRA, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *Limbs.* Et crines flavos, et membrā dĕcorā jŭventæ. *V.* ~ grŭis. *H.* ăpĭum. *O.* [? Artus.] **Ep.** Dĕcorā, candĭdā, nĭvĕā, tĕnĕrā, mollĭā; vĕgĕtā, robustā, vălĭdā, tŏrosā. **Crel.** Membrorum artus. **2.** *Fig.* ~ rătĭs; convictus mĕi (de ămicis). *O.*

MEMBRANA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A membrane* or *thin skin covering the members of the body.* Dumquĕ pĕtunt tĕnĕbras, parvos membranā pĕr artus Porrĭgĭtŭr. *O.* [? Pellĭcŭlā, pellis; *sts.* cŭtis.] **2.** *The skin of the serpent.* Squamĕā ~ chĕlydri. *O.* Lĭbyci ~ cĕrastæ. *L.* [? Exŭvĭæ.] **3.** *Parchment.* Membranis intus pŏsĭtis delerĕ lĭcĕbĭt. *H.* Lutĕā ~ lĭbellum involvĭt. *Tib.* [? Chartā.] *See* C. **4.** *Any envelope.* Lit. and fig. Summi ~ cŏlŏris. *Lr.* [? Sŭperfĭcies; *sts.* cŭtis.]

MEMBRATIM. *Limb by limb.* Et membratim vitalem deperdĕrĕ sensum. *Lr.*

MEMBRUM, i. *n. See* MEMBRA.

MĔMĬNI, issĕ. *To remember.* Cantando pŏĕrum mĕmĭni me conderĕ soles. *V.* Rĕgĕrĕ pŏpŭlos mĕmento. Nūmĕros mĕmĭni. Mĕmĭni nĭlorum. *V.* [? Rĕcordŏr, rĕmĭniscŏr.] **Crel.** Sum –mĕmŏr, non *or* haud immemŏr. Mĕmŏr –vivo, mănĕo. ˘Anĭmo, pectŏrĕ, mentĕ –hăbĕo, tĕnĕo,

servo. Mĕmŏri sŭb pectŏrĕ servo. Fixum ănĭmo servo. Mĕmŏri ănĭmo –do, mando. Mentĕ rĕpono. Sŭb cordĕ –rĕpono, rĕcondo. Res ănĭmo hærĕt (ĭnhærĕt, ădest, sĕdĕt, infixă mănĕt, imis est infixă mĕdullis, non ănĭmo excĭdĭt, non me fugĭt [*perf.*]). Non oblivĭă ănĭmo *or* ănĭmum sŭblerunt *or* sŭblerĕ. ˘Anĭmo rĕmĭniscŏr. Condĭtă mentĕ tĕnĕo. Mentĕ tota mĕmŏr tĕnĕo. Dictă mĕmŏr tollo. **Phr.** Qd alta mentĕ rĕpostum mănĕt, *or* hærĕt pectŏrĕ infixum. Qd (mĭhĭ *or* ĭn mentem) sŭbĭt (vĕnĭt ĭn mentem, ănĭmo rĕcursăt). Nullă vĕnĭt imměmŏr horă. Nullă ætas oblitĕrăt. Hæc mĕmŏri condĭtă mentĕ vĭgent. *See* MEMOR.

MEMNON, ŏnis. *m. Son of Tithon and Aurora. C. D.* Eoas ăcĭes, et nigri Memnŏnis armă. *V.*

MEMNŎNĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Memnon; eastern; swarthy, black.* Memnŏnĭo cycnos essĕ cŏlorĕ pŭtem. *O.* ~ Susă (*pl.*). *L.*

MĔMŎR, ŏris. *m. f. n.* 1. *Mindful.* Lit. and fig. Quiquĕ sŭi mĕmŏres ălĭos fecerĕ mĕrendo. *V.* ~ linguă. *O.* cădŭs. *H.* ~-es lăcrĭmæ. *Tib.* [¶ ˘Inoblitŭs.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud imměmŏr. Non oblitŭs. Haud imměmŏr unquam. 2. *Mindful of kindness; of injury* (i. e. entertaining resentment). *See* GRATUS, IRA. 3. *That which recalls any thing to the memory,* or *preserves the recollection of it.* ~ nostri quĕrelæ (sĕpulcro insculptă); nŏtă lăbris dentĕ impressă. *H.* versŭs. *O.* ~-es fasti. *H.* tăbellæ. *O.*

MĔMŎRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Memorable.* Vipĕrĕi rĕférens spŏlĭum mĕmŏrabĭlĕ monstri. *O.* ~ nomĕn. *V.* [¶ Mĕmŏrandŭs.]

MĔMŎRANDŬS, ă, um. 1. *To be told, spoken of.* Nec mĕmŏrandă tămen vobis mĕă factă, Pĕlasgi, Essĕ rĕor: vidistis ĕnim. *O.* 2. *Worthy to be recorded, memorable.* ~ pastŏr ăb Amphryso. ~-ă inventă. *V.* [¶ Mĕmŏrabĭlis.]

MĔMŎRATŎR, ŏris. *m.*, *and* **MĔMŎRATRIX**, icis. *f. One who relates, records.* Nec non illĕ tŭi casus mĕmŏratŏr Hŏmĕrŭs. *Pp.* Mĕmŏratrix tibĭă pugnæ. *V. Fl.*

MĔMŎRATŬS, ă, um. *That which is spoken of, which is honorably spoken of, celebrated.* Nobĭlis et fama multis mĕmŏratŭs ĭn oris. *V.* Omnĭbŭs nondum ~-atis. *O.* [¶ Cĕlĕbratŭs, laudatŭs, cĕlĕbĕr, nobĭlis.]

MĔMŎRIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Memory, remembrance, recollection.* Tămen contemptŭs abs te, hæc hăbŭi in mĕmŏrĭa. *Ter.* **Crcl.** Mĕmŏr –mens, ănĭmŭs, pectŭs, cŏr. *See* MEMINI. 2. Sts. *Memorial,* or *historical record.* Qd dignum ~-æ. Tradĕrĕ ~-æ. *Ph. See* POSTERITAS.

MĔMŎRO, as. *To make mention of, to relate, to celebrate.* Et mĕmĭnistis ĕnim, divæ, et mĕmŏrarĕ pŏtestis. *V.* ~ causas. *V.* Longo ~-emŭr ĭn ævo. *O.* [¶ Commĕmŏro, narro, rĕférŏ, cĕlĕbro, laudo; *sts.* dico.] *See* NARRO, CANO, DICO.

MEMPHĬS, is. *f. The capital of Central Egypt.* Et tŏtĭes nostro, Memphĭ, crŭentă mălo. *Pp.* Memphin, palmĭférămquĕ Phărŏn. *O.* **Crcl.** Memphitis –urbs, ŏrā, tellus, terrā. Memphitĭcă tellus.

MEMPHITES, æ. *adj. m.*, **MEMPHITĬCŬS**, ă, um, *and* **MEMPHITĬS**, ĭdis. *f. Of* or *belonging to Memphis; Egyptian.* Barbărā Memphiten plangĕrĕ doctă bŏvem. *Tib.* Nilĭgĕnæ Memphitĭcă sacrā jŭvencæ. *O.* ~ tellus. *M.* Memphitis vaccă. *O.* terrā. *J.*

MĔNANDĔR, **MĔNANDRŬS**, *or* **MĔNANDRŎS**, i. *m. A celebrated comic poet of Athens.* Mĕnander fecĭt Andrĭam et Pĕrinthĭam. *Ter.* Librorumquĕ tŭos, doctă Mĕnandrĕ, sāles. *Pp.*

MĔNANDREŬS, ă, um. *Of Menander.* Turbă Mĕnandreæ fŭĕrat nec Thaĭdŏs olim Tantă. *Pp.*

MENDA, æ. *f. A blemish* (speaking of the body). In toto nusquam corpŏrĕ mendă fŭit. *O.* [¶ Nævŭs, vĭtĭum; *sts.* mălum.]

MENDACĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A lie.* Imperceptă plă mendacĭă fraudĕ lătebant. *O.* [¶ Commentum; *sts.* perfĭdĭă, perjurĭă.] **Ep.** Vanum, inanĕ, dŏlosum, fallax, callĭdum; turpĕ, pŭdendum. **Crcl.** Fictŭs, simŭlatŭs sermo. Vertă –fictă, subdŏlă, fallacĭă, vană. Vanæ *or* fictæ voces. Vană linguă. Vanæ linguæ mendacĭă. Dŏlo confictă m. *See* MENDAX. 2. Pl. *Fictions, legends, fables.* ~ vĕtĕrum vatum. *O.*

MENDAX, acis. 1. *Lying, false, deceitful* (of persons). Finxit, vanum ĕtĭam mendacemquĕ impŏbă fingĕt. *V.* Parthis mendacĭŏr. *H.* [¶ Fallax, vanŭs, falsŭs, perfĭdŭs, simŭlatŭs, dŭplex, bĭlinguis; *sts.* falsĭlŏquŭs, falsĭdĭcŭs, simŭlatŏr, perjurŭs.] **Crcl.** Non –verŭs, verax. Fandi fictŏr. Mentiri *or* fallĕrĕ doctŭs. Haud sincerŭs. Os *or* linguă –mendax, fallax. Os infidum. Vĭr –ficto pectŏrĕ, mendaci orĕ. Simŭlatum –cŏr, pectŭs. Simŭlato pectŏrĕ fallax. *See* MENTIOR, PERFIDUS. 2. *Used of things inanimate.* Mendacem linis impŏsŭissĕ nŏtam. *O.* ~ spĕcŭlum. *O.* fundŭs. *H. See* DOLOSUS.

MENDICO, as. Tr. and intr. *To beg* (as a beggar); *to beg a thing.* Arcanam Judæă trĕmens mendicăt ĭn aurem. *J.* Mĭnĭme hŏnestum est, mendicantem vivĕrĕ. *Pl.* ~-ato pascĭtŭr cĭbo. *O.* **Crcl.** Stipem (ærā, parvæ stipis ærā) rŏgo. Cĭbum *or* c. exĭgŭum (victum, ălimentă) –rŏgo, pĕto, orĕ trĕmentĕ rŏgo &c.

MENDICŬS, i. *m.* (*and adj. M.*) *A beggar.* Mendici, mimi, bălătrones, hoc gĕnŭs omnĕ. *H.*

MENDOSE. *Incorrectly, faultily.* Mendose collĭgis, inquĭt. *Pers.* [¶ Mălĕ.]

MENDOSŬS, ă, um. *Faulty, having faults.* Non ĕgo mendosos ausim defendĕrĕ mores. *O.* ~ făcĭes; vĭtĭis mĕdĭocrĭbŭs natură. *H.* [¶ Vĭtĭosŭs.]

MENDUM, i. *n.* 1. *A fault in writing.* Ipsĕ mĭhi plăcŭit mendis in tallĭbŭs errŏr. *O.* [¶ Errŏr, erratum.] 2. *A blemish of person.* Rarā tămen mendo (*alii,* menda) făcĭes cărĕt: occŭlĕ mendas. *O.*

MĔNĔLAŬS, *or* **MĔNĔLAŎS**, i. *m. One of the Atridæ, brother of Agamemnon, and husband of Helen.* Nunc, Pāri, tu sāpĭens, et tu, Mĕnĕlăe, fŭisti. *Pp.* Tu fŏrĕ tam lentum credis Mĕnĕlaŏn ĭn ira? *O.* [¶ ˘Atrides, Tantălĭdes.] **Crcl.** ˘Atrides mĭnŏr. Fratĕr majorĭs ˘Atridæ. Hĕlĕnæ –mărĭtŭs, conjux.

MENS, tis. *f.* 1. *The mind, as the principle that is instinct with life, volition,* &c. Esse ăpĭbus partem divinæ mentis, ĕt haustus Ætherĭos. *V.* Totos infusă pĕr artus Mens ăgĭtat molem. *V.* [¶ ˘Anĭmŭs.] 2. *The mind, as the intellectual and thinking principle.* Ingĕnĭum cui sĭt, cui mens divinĭŏr. *H.* Si ~ non lævă fŭissĕt. *V.* ~ tămĕn ŭt rĕdĭĭt. *O.* [¶ ˘Anĭmŭs, ingĕnĭum, rătĭo; *sts.* judĭcĭum.] 3. *The mind = the heart, as the seat of the passions, feelings,* &c. Addĕrĕ ardorem ~-ĭbŭs. *V.* ~-em qd stringĭt. Audirĕ ~-ĭbŭs æquis. Demittĕrĕ ~-es (*their courage*). *V.* [¶ ˘Anĭmŭs, pectŭs, cŏr.] 4. *The mind = the character and general disposition.* Aurĕă ~, vox suadă tĭbi. *Aus.* Mălă ~. *Ter.* [¶ ˘Anĭmŭs, indŏles, ingĕnĭum, sensus.] 5. *The mind in its different faculties;* e. g. *memory, will, intention.* Nĕc vĕnĭt ĭn mentem &c. *V. See* MEMORIA. ~ immotă mănĕt; omnĭbŭs ună. *V.* Nostram nunc acĭpĕ ~-em. *V.* [¶ ˘Anĭmŭs, sententĭă, vŏluntas, propŏsĭtum, consĭlĭum.] 6. *Sense, meaning.* Sĭnĕ mentĕ sŏnŭs. *V.* [¶ Sensŭs.] 7. Mens ănĭmi = mens. *anc. Intelligence.* Non pŏtŭs est dulces Musarum expro-

mĕrĕ fetus Mens ănĭmi. *Cat.* and *Lr.* 8. Mens ănĭmusquĕ. *Mind and soul, all the inner being and powers of man.* Magnam cui mentem ănĭmumquĕ Delĭŭs inspirat vates. *V.* Istuc mens ănĭmusquĕ fert. *H.* 9. *A divinity* (the Goddess of Reason) *that had a temple at Rome.* Mens quŏquĕ numĕn hăbĕt. *O.*

Mensa, æ. *f.* 1. *A table.* Ep. ˘Acernă, fagĭnă, fagĭnĕa, cĭtrĕă, pictă, nĭtĭdă. 2. *An altar-table.* Extă funĕrĕæ ~-æ. *L.* ~-æ Dĕorum. *V.* 3. *Banker's table* or *counter. H. See* Trapezita. Fig. 4. *Table = meal.* Dignarĕ qm ~-a. *V.* Dăpes ~-æ brĕvĭs. Gratas intĕr ~-as symphonĭă. *H.* Una ~-a cŏmĕdunt pătrĭmonĭă. *J.* [¶ Cœnă, ĕpŭlæ, prandĭă, convivĭă.] Ep. Laută, ŏpimă, pinguĭs, unctă, ŏnĕrătă, ŏnustă, splendĭdă; simplex, brĕvĭs, frugi; hĭlărĭs, lætă, festivă. *See* Convivor *or* Frugalitas. 5. ~ sĕcundă (*sts.* altĕră), *or pl.* = *Dessert.* ~-æ sĕcundæ donă. *V.*

Mensis, is. *m. A month.* A dextra lævaquĕ dĭes, et mensis ĕt annŭs. *O.* [¶ *Sts.* Călendæ.] Crol. Menstrŭŭs –cursŭs, orbĭs. Menstrŭum –tempŭs, spătĭum. Menstrŭă tempŏrĕ. Lunæ –cursŭs, currĭcălum. Mŏrĕ menstrŭă. Phr. *To express different numbers of months:*—1. *Of one passed.* Quum lunæ cornŭă pleno cŏissent orbĕ. Tĕr dena lucĕ pĕracta. 2. *Passing.* Altĕr ăgebatŭr mensis; *or* lună bĭs plenos addebăt cursus. *Before the end.* Antĕ bĭs exactum lunæ orbem; *or* a. b. ex. or. quam lună (Cynthĭă) condĕrĕt. 3. *Passing.* Tertĭă lunæ cornŭă se lumĭnĕ complent. *Passed.* Cynthĭă tĕr lăttŭlĭt, tĕr orbĕ toto rĕcrevĭt. 4. *Passed.* Lună quătĕr junctis cornĭbŭs orbem implevĕrăt. L. plenum orbem quătĕr rĕtexŭĕrăt. 5. *Was beginning* or *passing.* Quintă lună (*or* quinto motu l.) rĕsumebăt sŭă cornŭă. *Passed.* Quinquĕ cĕvam complerant lumĭnă lunam. 6. *Was beginning* or *passing.* Sextă rĕsurgebăt Cynthĭă; *or* s. lunæ rĕsurgebant cornŭă. 7. *Passing.* Septĭmă jam plenæ lunæ orbĭtă deducĭtŭr. 8. *Passed.* Bĭs quătĕr Phœbe orbem cornĭbŭs implerăt. 9. *Beginning.* Nonă (*or* orbĕ nono) lunæ (lunarĭă) cornŭă rĕsurgebant. Jam nŏvĭes ĕrăt ortă Phœbi ŏŏrŏr. *Passed.* Jam nonum orbem Cynthĭă rĕpleverăt. 10. *Passed.* Lună nŏvum orbem dĕcĭes implerăt. *Passing.* Denă lună lucĭfĕros ăgebăt ĕquos (currus). Bĭs quinos orbes plena frontĕ Cynthĭă rĕsumebăt. 11. *Passed.* Undenos orbes lună complevĕrăt. 12. *Passed.* Bĭs senis mensĭbŭs pĕractis. *See* Annus. [*Mensum* is found, used for *Mensium*, gen. pl., by *O.* and *Aus.*]

Mensŏr, ōris. *m. A measurer.* Cautŭs hŭmum longo signavit limĭtĕ mensŏr. *O.*

Menstrŭŭs, ă, um. *Monthly, returning* or *taking place every month.* Tu cursu, dĕă, menstrŭo Metĭens lŭĕr annŭum. *Cat.* ~-ă tură. *Tib.* [¶ Menstrŭălis. *Pl.*]

Mensura, æ. *f.* 1. *A measure* (the instrument). Et de mensura jus dicĕrĕ, vasă mĭnorĕ Frangĕrĕ. *J.* 2. *Measure, dimension.* ~ robŏrĭs ulnas quătĕr implebăt. *O.* Brĕvĭŏr ~ căpillis. *O.* [¶ Mŏdŭs.] 3. Fig. *Just proportion* or *apportion,* or *appreciation.* ~ mălorum par rebŭs lætis; sŭi noscendă est. *J.* invĭdĭæ *Cl.* jurĭs (vis). *L.*

Mensŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Metior. 1. *Having measured, taken the measure* or *value of.* Lit. and fig. ~ magno tellurem pondĕrĕ. *Sl.* se ĕt Romam, Pompeio supplĭcĕ; quĭd fătă pĕrarent. *L.* 2. *Having passed over* or *through* (time or space). ~ dŭas lucis partes (Hypĕrion). *O.* tŏt avŭă. *V. Fl.*

Menta, *or* **Mentha**, æ. *f. Mint.* Femĭnĕos artus ĭn ŏlentes vertĕrĕ menthas. *O.*

Mentĭŏ, ōnis. *f. Mention.* Mentĭŏ si quă De Căpĭtolini furtis injectă Pĕtilli. *H.* Nec mentĭŏ fiĕt Damnorum. *J.* [¶ Sermo.]

Mentĭŏr, īrĭs. 1. *To lie, to say falsely.* Illĕ fĭdem jussis dĕdĭt, et: Si mentĭăr, inquĭt. *O.* At non illĕ, sătum quo te mentirĭs, ˘Achilles. *V.* [¶ Commĭniscŏr, fingo.] Crol. Mendaclĭ –jacto, fundo, profĕro, dico, lŏquŏr, fingo. Falsă –dico, lŏquŏr, mĕmŏro, narro. Non veră lŏquŏr. Fictă verbă lŏquŏr. Ficto pectŏrĕ l. Orĕ falso *or* sĭmŭlato lŏquŏr. Vărĭis verbis –declĭno, fallo, ludo. Vană lŏquŏr. Multă sĭmŭlans lŏquŏr. Sĭmŭlata mentĕ l. Multă mendax audĕo. Vană verbă (fictas voces) jăcĭo. *See* Mendax, Decipio. 2. *To imitate, counterfeit, assume a false appearance.* ~ cŏlores vărĭos (de lana). *V.* jŭvĕnem tinctis căpillis. *M.* răpĭtĭs dŏlores. *O.* Mentită telă (*pretending to be what they were not*). *V.* [¶ ˘Imĭtŏr, sĭmŭlo, fingo.] *See* Falsus. 3. Sts. *To fail in doing what is attempted* or *expected; to miss.* Jussum ~ nesclĭŭs ictum. *Cl.* [¶ Fallo.]

Mentum, i. *n.* 1. *The chin.* Stravĭt hŭmi Pĕlĭtes disjecto in pectŏrĕ mento. *O. See* Genæ, Os. 2. *Sts. used of animals.* Crurum tĕnŭs a ~-o pălĕarĭă pendent. *V.* 3. *The beard.* Crines incanăquĕ ~-ă (regis Romani). *V.* Incană ~-ă hirci. *V. See* Barba.

Mĕo, as. 1. *To go, pass; to move systematically.* Durĕ mĕant cĕlĕri tergă pĕr amnis ĕquo. *O.* Qua legĕ sidĕrĕ mĕarent. *V.* Mĕăt In pectŭs venasquĕ călŏr. *Sen.* [¶ ˘Eo, curro, labŏr, pĕnĕtro, vĕnĭo.] 2. *Fig.* Ordĭnĕ votă mĕant. *Cl.* [¶ ˘Eo, succedo.]

Mĕphitis, is. *f. A noxious exhalation.* Sarvamque exhalăt ŏpăcă mĕphitim. *V.* Guttŭrĕ sulfŭrĕas exhalantĕ ~-es. *Pers.* [¶ Fœtŏr, putŏr.] *See* Odor.

Mĕracŭs, ă, um. *Pure, unmixed.* Ah pĕrĕăt quicunquĕ mĕracas reppĕrit uvas! *Pp.* ~ hellĕbŏrŭs. *H.* Antĭcyras sorberĕ ~-as. *Pers. See* Merus.

Mercabĭlis, ĕ. *That which is to be bought.* Certo cuivis mercabĭlĭs ærĕ. *O. See* Venalis.

Mercatŏr, ōris. *m. A merchant.* Impĭgĕr extremos currit mercatŏr ăd Indos. *H.* [¶ Mercans, vendĭtŏr, instĭtŏr, emptŏr, nĕgotĭatŏr.] Ep. Sollĭcĭtŭs, cautŭs, provĭdŭs, impĭgĕr, vĭgĭl, vāgŭs; divĕs, ăvarŭs, callĭdŭs, dŏlosŭs; merces pĕr æquŏrăă vecturŭs. Divĭtĭas pĕrandi ăvĭdŭs. Mercis ˘Eoæ mutatŏr. Phr. Mercatŏr –æquŏr mutandis mercĭbŭs ărăt;—ignotis terris compendĭă rĕpĕtĭt;—rătem (nautĭcam pinum) externa mercĕ prĕmĭt;—mutăt merces;—laudăt venales m.

Mercatura, æ. *f. Commercial traffic; the goods trafficked in. Pl.* Aversus mercaturis, delirŭs ĕt amens. *H.* [¶ Mercatŭs, commercĭum.]

Mercatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Mercor. 1. *Having bought.* Mercatiquĕ sŏlum. *V.* 2. Pass. *Bought.* ~ cultŭs; pax. *Pp.* [¶ Emptŭs, cŏemptŭs.]

Mercatŭs, us. *Traffic; buying and selling. Pl. See* Mercatura.

Mercenarĭŭs, ĭi. *m.* 1. *One that receives pay* or *wages; a hired servant.* Thesauro invento qui mercenarĭŭs agrum. *H.* Crol. Mercedĕ *or* prĕtĭo conductŭs. 2. *Used adj.* Lăbŏr ĕt ~-ă vinclă (i. e. *a salaried office*). *H.*

I. **Merces**, edĭs. *f.* 1. *Pay, hire, wages for work done.* Thrax ĕrĭt, aut ŏllĭtorĭs ăget mercedĕ căballum. *H.* ~-edĕ dĭurna conductum. *H.* dulcis lăbŏr. *O.* [¶ Prĕtĭum.] 2. Gen. *Recompence, reward.* Virtus sĭbĭ pulcherrĭmă merces. *Sil.* [¶ Prĕtĭum, præmĭum; *sts.* munŭs.] *See* Præmium. 3. *Penalty, punishment.* Scĕ-

lĕrĭs ∾. *L.* Magna mercedĕ errorem plĕrĕ. *Sil.* *See* PŒNA. **4.** *The interest of money.* Quinas căpĭtĭ mercedes exsĕcăt. *H.* *See* USURA. **5.** *Profit, produce* (from money, land, &c.). Quantă merces, quantă impendĭă sŭpra! *Grat.* [† Fructŭs, lŭcrum.] **6.** Pro qua mercedĕ. *For which* or *what; in return for which*, &c. *V.* (Græce, οὗ χάριν, ἀντ' οὗ.)

II. MERCES, ĭum. *See* MERX.

MERCŎR, arĭs. **1.** *To trade, traffic.* **Crol.** Merces muto. Mercaturam exercĕo. **2.** Us. *To buy.* Hoc magno mercentŭr ˘Atridæ. *V.* ∾ munĕrĭbŭs ămorem. *Pp.* [† ˘Emo, rĕdĭmo.] *See* MERCATUS (a).

MERCŬRĬALĬS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging* or *sacred to Mercury;* e. g. *as the god of gain, eloquence, inventor of the lyre*, &c. Undĕ frĕquentĭă Mercŭrĭali Impŏsŭerĕ mĭhi cognomen complĭă. *H.* ∾ sălivă (*greediness of gain*). *Pers.* Mercŭrĭalĭum custos vĭrorum (i. e. *of poets, men of wit*, &c.). *H.*

MERCŬRIUS, ĭi. *m.* **1.** *Mercury, son of Jupiter and Maia. C. D.* Vobis Mercŭrĭus pătĕr est, quem candĭdă Maiă &c. *V.* [† Majŭgĕnă, Cyllenĭŭs, ˘Atlantĭădes, caducifĕr, alĭpes.] **Ep.** Arcădĭŭs, Cyllenĭŭs, alĭgĕr, alĭpes, pennĭgĕr, vŏlŭcĕr, præpĕs; doctŭs, facundŭs; solers, astutŭs, callĭdŭs. **Crol.** Maia–gĕnĭtŭs, sătŭs, natŭs. Maia sătŭs alĭgĕr. Maiæ filĭŭs. Cyllenĭă proles. Cyllenĭŭs ales. Plēĭŏnes *or* ˘Atlantĭs nĕpos. Mænălĭŭs alĭgĕr. Dĕŭs caducifĕr. **Phr.** Cyllenes dĕcŭs ĕt cœli. Facundŭs Jŏvĭs mĭnistĕr. Interprĕs divum. Cĭthăræ –inventŏr, rĕpertŏr. Lȳræ pārens. Fraudĭs (furum) măgistĕr. Furĭbŭs –ămicŭs, făvens. Callĭdŭs furto condĕrĕ. Alato pĕdĕ ĭtĕr carpens. **2.** *The planet so called.* **Crol.** Mercŭrĭi stellă. Cyllenĭŭs ignĭs.

MERDĂ, æ. *f.* *Dung.* Mentĭŏr at si quid; merdis căpŭt inquĭnĕr albis Corvorum. *H.* *See* STERCUS.

MĔRENS, tĭs. *part.* *See* MEREO. *Deserving* (in a good or bad sense). Scĕlŭs expendissĕ mĕrentem Laŏcŏontă fĕrunt. *V.* Decretă mĕrenti laurĕă. *O.* *See* MERITUS.

MĔRĔO, es, ŭi, ĭtum. **1.** *To earn, gain by desert; deserve.* Hic mĕrĕt ærā lĭber Sŏsĭis. *H.* ∾ căprum carmĭnĭbŭs. *V.* laudem. *H.* vĭtĭo perdĕrĕ cunctă. *O.* [† Mĕrĕŏr, commĕrĕo, emĕrĕo, promĕrĕŏr, lŭcrŏr, rĕfĕro, păro, compăro.] **Crol.** Sum –dignŭs, non *or* haud indignŭs. **2.** ∾ bĕnĕ, and abs. *To oblige a person, put him under obligation to you* (by services done him). Si bĕnĕ quĭd de te mĕrŭi. *V.* Făcĕrĕ ăllĭos sŭi mĕmŏres mĕrendo. *V.* [So ∾ *mălĕ*, in the contrary sense.] *See* MEREOR. **3.** ∾ ærā, and abs. *To serve in the army.* ∾ ærā in castris. *O.* ĕquo. *O.* ærĕ parvo. *L.* *See* MILITO. **4.** ∾ noxam, crimĕn, &c. *To commit, be guilty of any fault, crime*, &c. Mundĭtiæ crimĭnă nullă mĕrent. *O.* Scĕlŭs Călȳdonă mĕrentem (*guilty of*). *V.* *See* COMMEREO.

MĔRĔŎR, erĭs, ĭtŭs sum. = Mĕrĕo. ∾ plĕtatĕ. *V.* ŏdĭum. *O.* nardo vinā. *H.* *See* MEREO.

MĔRĔTRICĬŬS, ă, um. *Meretricious.* Turbă quĭdem cur hos cĕlĕbrent mĕrĕtricĭă ludos. *O.*

MĔRĔTRICŬLĂ, æ. *f.*, *dim. of* Meretrix. Te conjux ălĭenă căpit mĕrĕtricŭlă Davum. *H.*

MĔRĔTRIX, *and sts.* MĔRETRIX, icĭs. *f.* *A harlot.* Arsĭt Inops frater, victus mĕrĕtricĭs ămorĕ. *O.* Ut matronă mĕretrici dispar ĕrĭt, atquĕ. *H.* [† Mĕrĕtricŭlă, scortum, scortillum, lŭpă, prostĭbŭlum.] **Ep.** Infamĭs, famosă, turpĭs, impurā, obscenă, pĕtŭlans, lascivă, effrenă, inhŏnestă; blandă, perfĭdă, fallax, infidă, astută; ăvarā.

MERGĒS, ĭtĭs. *m.* *A sheaf of corn.* Aut fetu nĕmŏrum aut cĕrĕălis mergĭtĕ culmi. *V.* *See* MANIPULUS.

MERGO, gĭs, si, sum. **1.** *To plunge, immerse* or *bathe in water.* Fertquĕ rătes pronas, mĕdĭoquĕ sŭb æquŏrĕ mergĭt. *O.* Nĕc me dĕŭs æquŏrĕ mersĭt. *V.* [† Immergo, merso, immerso, demergo, lăvo, ablŭo, tingo, submergo, obrŭo.] **Crol.** Æquŏrĕ (sŭb æquŏrĕ, æquŏrĭbŭs) mergo. ˘In ăquas (in undas, in mărĕ, in æquŏr) –præcĭpĭto, immitto, mitto, spargo, projĭcĭo, do præcĭpĭtem. Pĕlăgo præcĭpĭto. Præcĭpĭtem in mărĕ deturbo. ˘Aquis obrŭo. **2.** Gen. *To plunge* (or force) *one thing down into* or *to another.* ∾ qm ăd Stȳgă. *Sen.* ferrum viscĕrĭbŭs. *Cl.* mănum in orā. *M.* qd căpacĭs alvi spĕcu. *Pk.* [† Immergo, immitto, infŏdĭo, ingĕro.] **3.** *To hide, sink one thing out of sight in another; to cover.* Mersĭt vultus sŭos in cortĭcĕ. *O.* Orā rĕtro flectĕrĕ, vultumquĕ ∾. *Sen.* [† Condo, &c.] *See* ABDO. **4.** *To lose sight of.* ∾ templă Dĭanæ. *V. Fl.* *See* ABSCONDO. **5.** *Fig.* ∾ qm mălis; funĕrĕ ăcerbo. *V.* pŏpŭlos pŏtentes (*of wars*). *L.* lumĭnă somno. *V. Fl.* [† Obrŭo, opprĭmo, pessumdo, perdo, &c.] *See* MERSUS.

MERGŎR, *pass.*, *or* MERGO ME. **1.** *To plunge into water; to bathe, to drown oneself.* Mersĕrĭt in nĭtĭdos se Clĕŏpatrā lăcus. *M.* Nudă mergŏr ăquis. *O.* ∾-ĭtŭr ocĕăno (Bŏotes). *Cat.* [† Immergŏr, lăvŏr, lăvo.] **Crol.** Me –immergo, ablŭo, lăvo. Corpŭs *or* corpŏrā –ăqua (undis, amnĕ, flŭvĭo, flumĭnĕ, æquŏrĕ, pĕlăgo) mergo *or* immergo;—in æquŏr (undas, fluctus, &c.) mitto *or* immitto. Me præcĭpĭtem *or* præceps mergo. Me in undas –projĭcĭo, mitto, toto corpŏrĕ mitto. Corpŭs sŭb æquŏrĕ *or* sŭb æquŏrĭ mergo. Me do flŭvĭo. ˘In amnem descendo. ˘In undas –desilĭo *or* corpŏrĕ desilĭo. Præceps in undas deferŏr. Jactu me in u. do. Corpŏrĭ vortĭcĕ mergo. Artus *or* membrā ablŭo. Flumĭnĕ perfundŏr. Artus lĭquĭdo rorĕ perfundŏr. Lympha perlŭŏr. Membrā mĕă gĕlĭdis undis rĕfrigĕro. Corpŭs sŭperfusis ăquis tingo. *See* BALNEUM, NATO. **2.** *To be dipped, plunged under the water, drowned.* [† Immergŏr, obrŭŏr, haurĭŏr.] **Crol.** Mersŭs sŭb æquŏrĕ lătĕo. Ponto (mĕdĭo sŭb æquŏrĕ) immergŏr. Mĕdĭis in undis effusŭs pĕrĕo. ˘Aquis –prĕmŏr, opprĭmŏr, obrŭŏr, exstinguŏr. Me pontŭs hăbĕt. Vultus mĕos (orā) undă obrŭĭt. *See* MERSUS, NAUFRAGUS.

MERGŬS, i. *m.* *A diver* (sea-bird). Rĕvŏlant ex æquŏrĕ mergi. *V.*

MĔRIDĬANŬS, ă, um. *Of mid-day, noon.* Horā lassos Interjungĭt ĕquos mĕridĭănā. *M.*

MĔRIDIES, ei. *m.* **1.** *Mid-day, noon.* Inter tĕpentes post mĕridĭem buxos. *M.* Inclinarĕ ∾-em sentis. *H.* **Crol.** Mĕdĭŭs –dies, sol. Mĕdĭŭs solĭs cursŭs. Sol altissĭmŭs. Sol –mĕdĭo orbĕ, in axĕ mĕdĭa. **Phr.** 1. *It was* or *is mid-day.* Sol (ignĕŭs, ardŭŭs) –mĕdĭos æstus accendĕrĕt:—mĕdĭum (cœli) orbem hausĕrĕt (conscendĕrĕt, ætherĕo cursu trajecĕrĕt);—mĕdĭo ˘Olympo fervĕt;—mĕdĭum dĭem constitŭĭt:—mĕdĭam cœli arcem tĕrĭt;—idem nunc ŭtraquĕ terra distăt. Sol mĕdĭŭs tĕnŭes umbras contrăhĭt. Ex æquo (*or* pări spătĭo) vespĕr ĕt ortŭs distant. Jam brĕvĭs se contĭnĕt (brĕvĭŏr compellĭtŭr) umbrā. *At mid-day.* Solĕ mĕdĭas vias (mĕdĭum dĭem) tĕnentĕ. ˘In mĕdĭum surgentĕ dĭe (*close upon noon*). **2.** *The south.* **Crol.** Plăgă –australĭs, torrĭdă. Sollĭs æstivi plăgă. **Phr.** 2. *Looking to the south.* ˘Ad mĕdĭum dĭem conversă (stăbŭlă). *See* ZONA.

MĔRIDIO, as, *and* MĔRIDIŎR, arĭs. *To sleep, lie down at noon.* Jube ad te vĕnĭam mĕridĭatum *Cat.*

I. **Mĕrĭto**, *adv. Justly, deservedly, in good right and reason.* Sed fŭgĕrem mĕrĭto naufrăgŭs omnĭ frĕtum. *O.* Famæ ∾ pars maxĭmā nostræ. *V.* [? Jurĕ, digne, juste; *sts.* bĕnĕ, apte, dĕcĕntĕr, convĕnĭentĕr.] **Crol.** Ex mĕrĭto, ŏb mĕrĭtum. Jurĕ ac mĕrĭto. Haud *or* non immĕrĭto. Non *or* haud –mălĕ, injuria.

II. **Mĕrĭto**, as. *To serve in the army.* Sĭcŭlas longe mĕrĭtarĕ pĕr oras Impŏsĭtum. *Sil. See* Merco.

Mĕrĭtorĭŭs, ă, um. *That which brings in money;* hence, *is let out for money;* sp. *pl. n. chambers let out.* Nam quæ mĕrĭtorĭă somnum Admittunt? *J.*

Mĕrĭtum, i. *n.* 1. *That which is merited, justly due.* Quæcunque ex mĕrĭto spes vĕnĭt, æquâ vĕnĭt. *O.* [? Jus.] 2. *Merit, worth, good qualities.* Ajacĭs ∾. *O.* Nĕc ∾-o vĕnĭa est. *Grat.* [? Doo, vis, virtus, laus.] 3. *Service done, benefit conferred.* Hanc imple ∾-is. *O.* Tanti ∾-i non immĕmŏr. *V.* [? Bĕnĕfactum, bĕnĕfĭcĭum.]

Mĕrĭtŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Mereo *and* Mereor. 1. Pass. *Deserved, justly due.* Qui mĕrĭtam nobis mĭnŭat, non fĭnĭăt iram. *O.* ∾-os aris mactavĭt hŏnores. *V.* [? Proměrĭtŭs, dignŭs, debĭtŭs, justŭs.] **Crol.** Non *or* haud immĕrĭtŭs. Non indignŭs. 2. Act. *Deserving well.* Inviso ∾ torquetŭr ăb auro. *O.* ∾-as cĕlĕbrarĕ pŭellas. *O.* [? Mĕrens.]

Mĕrŏē, es. *f. An island and town on the Nile, in Æthiopia.* Cepheam Mĕrŏen regŭăquĕ fuscă cănăt. *Pp.*

Mĕrops, ŏpis. *m. The bee-eater* (a bird). Pingŭlĭbŭs a stăbŭlis, mĕrŏpesque ălĭæquĕ vŏlucres. *V.*

Merso, as. *To dip, immerse.* Lit. and fig. Balantumquĕ grĕgem flŭvĭo mersarĕ sălubri. *V.* ∾-ŏr civilĭbŭs undis. *H.* fortunæ fluctĭbŭs. *Cat.* Rerum coplĭă ∾-ăt (*overwhelms*). *Lr.*

Mersŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Mergo. 1. *Plunged* or *sunk in, drowned.* [? Immersŭs, demersŭs, obrŭtŭs.] 2. Gen. *Plunged* or *thrust in.* ∾-is in corpŏrĕ rostris. *O.* (Cănis) errores fĕræ mersa narĕ lĕgĭt. *Sil.* 3. Fig. *Hidden, buried* (fig.). Pandĭrĕ res caligĭnĕ ∾-as. *V.* ∾ in cordĕ dŏlŏr. *St. See* Mergo, Mergor.

Mĕrŭla, æ. *f. A blackbird; a fish.* Si vĕlŭti mĕrŭlis intentus decĭdĭt auceps. *H.* Auratis murænă nŏtis, mĕrŭlæquĕ vĭrentes. *O.*

Mĕrum, i. *n.* (sc. vinum.) (Pure, genuine) *Wine.* Implevitquĕ mĕro pătĕram. *V. See* Vinum.

Mĕrŭs, ă, um. 1. *Mere, only, nothing but.* Gaudetquĕ mĕris abstemĭŭs undis. *O.* ∾ spes. *Ter.* ∾-ă mendacĭă. *Pl.* Vinetă crĕpăt mĕrĕ (*of nothing but*). Sermo ∾. *H.* (*Festus:* 'Merum antiqui dicebant *solum.*') *See* Solus. 2. *Unmixed, pure.* Aurum atquĕ argentum ∾-um. *Pl.* ∾ libertas. *H.* [? Purŭs, sincerŭs.] 3. Us. *Speaking of wine.* Quam si ∾-ă vinâ bĭbissĕt. *O. See* Merum. 4. Sts. *Bare.* ∾ pes. *J. See* Nudus.

Merx, cis. *f.;* **Merces**, ĭum. *pl. Merchandise, goods for sale of any kind.* Ut præco ad merces turbam qui cogĭt ĕmendas. *H.* Empta nunc ĕgŏ mercĕ prŏbŏr. *O.* ∾-ĭbŭs hic ˘Itălĭs mutăt (pĭpĕr). *Pers.* Ep. Externæ, pĕrĕgrinæ, advectæ, ĕcæ; ŏpŭlentæ, carnĕ, prĕtĭosæ, divĭtes.

Messală, or **Messallă**, æ. *m. A surname of the Valerian family, many of which were illustrious.* Maternos Cottas cui Messalasquĕ păternos. *O.*

Messană, æ. *f. A city of Sicily, on the straits.* Hunc Nŭmĭdæ fŭcĭunt, illum Messană sŭperbum. *O.* [? Zancle.] **Crol.** Zanclæ oræ. Messanĭă –littŏrĭă, arvă, mœnĭă.

Messanĭŭs, ă, um. *Of Messina.* Littŏrĕ in Itălĭco, Messanĭă littŏrĭă contra. *O.*

Messene, es, *f. A city of the Peloponnesus.* Messenequĕ fĕrox, Patræque, hŭmĭlesquĕ Clĕonæ. *O.*

Messenĭŭs, ă, um. *Of Messene, Messenian.* Illĕ tŭus gĕnĭtor Messenĭă mœnĭă quondam Stravĭt. *O.*

Messis, is. *f.* 1. *Harvest; standing corn.* Largăquĕ provenit cessatis messis in arvis. *O.* ∾-ĭbŭs ŏnĕrati ăgri. *O.* Campis cum messis inhorrŭĭt. *V.* [? Sĕgĕs, cĕres, fruges, ăristæ, spicæ, sătă, frumentum.] Ep. Cĕrĕalis, spicĕă, tritĭcĕă; amplă, divĕs, fecundă, fertĭlis, fĕrax, largă, lætă, plenă, grăvĭdă; matură, cană, aurĕă, flavă, flavescens, exspectată, ŏpimă. **Crol.** Cĕrĕalĭă –donă, munĕrĕ. Cĕrĕris –munĕrĕ, munŭs, fruges. Tritĭcĕi fetus. Terræ *or* tellŭris –ŏpes, fetus, munĕrĕ. Sĕgĕtis culmi. Sĕgĕtis –munŭs, proventŭs, ăcervi, coplĭă. ˘Agri messĭbŭs –ŏnĕrati, vestiti, flaventes. Arvă messĭbŭs *or* frumentis ŏnĕrată, &c. Phr. *Corn ripe in the field.* Campŭs –molli ărista (maturis *or* grăvĭdis ăristis) flavĕt (flavescĭt, albescĭt, canĕt);—grăvĭdis ăristis procumbĭt. *Not yet high.* Culmis vix altam in sĕgĕtem surgentibŭs. 2. *Corn harvested.* Plenæ pĕrĕgrina messĕ cărinæ. *L.* [? Frumentum, fruges, grană.] 3. *Used for harvest-time* or *summer-time.* Antĕ fŏcum, si frigŭs ĕrit; si messis, in umbra. *V. See* Æstas.

Messŏr, ōris. *m. A reaper* or *mower.* Răpĭdo fessis messorĭbŭs æstu. *V.* Ep. Durŭs, sudans; vĭgĭl, matutinŭs, impĭgĕr, indefessŭs. *See* Meto.

Metă, æ. *f.* 1. *Any thing in the shape of a cone.* Adfŭĭt huic turbæ metas ĭmĭtată cŭpressŭs. *O.* Lactantes ∾-æ. ∾ lactis (*cheese cone-shaped*). *M.* 2. Us. *A goal, terminus of a course.* Lit. and fig. (From the pyramidal pillar at each terminus of the Circus at Rome, round which the charioteers turned seven times.) Jamquĕ prŏpinquabant scŏpŭlo, metamquĕ tĕnebant. *V.* Admissa ∾ tĕrenda rŏta. *O.* Septĭmă rŏtă ∾-am tĕrĭt. *Pp.* Optatam cursu contingĕrĕ ∾-am (*of distinction*). *H.* [? Limĕs, finis, terminŭs.] 3. Fig. *Limit, term, end of any kind.* ∾-as rerum ponĕrĕ. *V.* Pŷlĭas ævi transcendĕrĕ ∾-as. *St.* ∾ lăborĭbŭs. *Sil. See* Finis.

Mĕtallĭfĕr, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Producing metals.* Partă mĕtallĭfĕris longo discrimĭnĕ terris. *Sil.* **Crol.** Mĕtalli –fĕrax, divĕs, fecundŭs. Metallis –gĕnĕrosŭs, grăvĭdŭs. *See* Fodina.

Mĕtallum, i. *n.* 1. *Metal.* Hæc ĕădem argenti rivos ærisquĕ mĕtallă. *V.* Sĭmĭli frondescit virgă ∾-o (i. e. *gold*). *V.* ∾-i grăvĭdă (˘Amăthus). *O.* Ep. Ĕrăvĕ, sŏlĭdum, durum, rĭgĭdum, inexhaustum; condĭtum, abdĭtum; crŭtum; prĕtĭosum. **Crol.** Mĕtalli –massă, pondŭs, ponderă, vis, congĕries. 2. Sts. *Marble. St.* 3. *A mine.* ˘Ab aurĭfĕris exirĕ ∾-is (de Pactolo). *L.* Sĭlĭcum lassată ∾-is (jŭventus). *L. See* Fodina.

Metatŏr, ōris. *m. One who measures out, sets out the boundaries of any thing.* Audax Hespĕrĭos vĕnĭam metatŏr in agros. *L.*

Mĕtaurŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A river of Italy, near which Cl. Nero defeated Asdrubal.* Despĭcĭturquĕ văgus prærupta vallĕ Mĕtaurŭs. *Cl.* 2. *Used adj.* Testis Mĕtaurum flumĕn, ĕt Asdrŭbăl &c. *H. See* Rhenus (II.).

Mĕtellŭs, i. *m. The name of an illustrious family at Rome.* Te, Cæsar, magnisquĕ vĕlint miscerĕ Mĕtellis. *L.*

Methymnă, æ. *f. A town of Lesbos, famous for its wines, and the birth-place of Arion.* Gargărĕ quot sĕgĕtes, quŏt hăbet Methymnă răcemos. *O.*

Methymnæŭs, ă, um, *and* **Methymnĭăs**, ădis. *f. Of Methymna.* Quam Methymnæo carpit de palmĭtĕ Lesbŏs. *V.* Nec me Pyrrhĭădes Methymnĭădesvĕ pŭellæ. *O.*

Metĭŏr, īris, mensŭs sum. **1.** *To measure, mete.* Divĕs, Ut metiretur nummos. *H.* [† Demetĭŏr, metŏr.] **2.** *To mete out, distribute by measure.* ∾ cæcŭbum. *H. See* Distribuo. Fig. **3.** *To measure with the eye.* ∾ æquŏrĕ prospectu. *O.* lātŭs ŏcŭlo. *H.* [† Percurro, lustro.] **4.** *To traverse, pass over a space* (as it were to measure thus the length of it). ∾ æquŏr bĭpĕdum curru. *V.* Ægæas āquas cārina. *O.* stĕrīles dĭu ārenas. *L.* sācram vĭam. *H.* Illĕ ĕgŏ sum longum qui metĭŏr annum. *O.* [† Metŏr, percurro, lustro, &c.] *See* Percurro. **5.** *To measure, estimate, take the value of; make trial of.* ∾ sŭā ponderĕ. *M.* sŭā regnā viresquĕ fāteri. *L.* se sŭo mŏdŭlo. *H.* hŏnores; se pātrĭa īn hasta. *St.* [† Pondero, expendo, æstĭmo; *sts.* expĕrĭŏr.] *See* E. **6.** *To plan, design.* ∾ cordĕ raptus fŭturos. *Cl.* [† Mĕdĭtŏr, volvo, &c.]

Mĕto, is (*rare*, messŭi), messum. **1.** *To mow, reap, get a crop in.* Farrā tāmen vĕtĕres jăcĭebant, farrā mĕtebant. *O.* [† Demĕto.] **Crol.** Messem (ăristas, fruges, farrā, frumentā) –demĕto, rĕsĕco, succido, tondĕo, decerpo, collĭgo, carpo, prosterno. Falcĕ mĕto. Arvā mĕto. Terram (arvā, frugĭbŭs, ăristis) sterno. Arvis messem abduco. **Phr.** *Fields under reaping.* Flavā cĕres –mĕdĭo æstu succidĭtŭr;—cālĭdi sidĕrĭs æstu s. Agrĭcŏlā falcem maturis ăristis supponĭt. Terrā (annŭā t.) flavas cŏmas deponĭt. Jam falcĕ decŭbŭit cĕres. **2.** Gen. *To cultivate. Sil. See* Colo. **3.** *To cut down* or *off.* ∾ purpŭrĕos flores. *V.* lilĭā summā virga. *O.* barbam (*to shave*). *J. See* Seco. **4.** *To pluck, gather. Tib.* [† Lĕgo, collĭgo, carpo.] **5.** *To mow down* = *to kill, destroy* (lay even with the ground). ∾ proxĭmā quæquĕ glādĭo. *V.* āgmĭnā. *Sil.* grandĭā cum parvis (*of Orcus*). *H.* Farrā ∾-ebāt āpĕr. *O.* [† Demĕto, sterno, dejĭcĭo, pŏpŭlŏr.]

Metŏr, aris (*and* Meto, as. *V. Culex*). **1.** *To mark out by boundary lines, measure a space out.* Si pinguĭs āgros metabĕrĕ campi. *V.* [† Termino, defīnĭo.] **2.** *With* castrā. *To measure out the ground for a camp. See* Castra. **3.** *To measure, measure out. O.* [† Metĭŏr.] *See* M. **4.** *To traverse, go over* or *through.* ∾ āgros. *Sil. See* Metior. **5.** *Pass. of* Meto. *Sen.*

Mĕtretā, æ. *f. A vessel for wine, oil,* &c., *containing a* μετρητής, *the principal Greek liquid measure* = *nine gallons;* hence, *any vessel for such purposes.* Plurĭmŭs Hispanas mittet tĭbĭ nautā mĕtretas. *M.* [† Cādŭs, amphŏrā.]

Mĕtrum, *or* Metrum, i. *n. The measure of a verse, a metre.* Quam qui compŏsĭtos mĕtro Tĭbulli. *M.* Paulino Ausŏnĭŭs: metrum sic suasĭt ŭt esses. *Aus.*

Mĕtŭo, is, ŭi, utum (*p. p. part.* mĕtutŭs. *Lr.*). **1.** *To fear, be afraid.* Aut, si quid mĕtŭam, mĕtŭam de conjŭgĕ solo. *O.* [† Timĕo, vĕrĕŏr, &c.] *See* Timeo. **2.** *To fear, hesitate, not be willing.* Pro qua non mĕtŭam mŏri. *H.* [† Dŭbĭto, rĕfŭgĭo.]

Mĕtŭs, us. *m.* **1.** *Fear.* Præcĭpites mĕtŭs acĕr āgĭt, quocunquĕ rŭdentes. *V.* Subjĭcĕrĕ mĕtus omnes pĕdĭbŭs. *V.* [† Timŏr, &c.] *See* T. **2.** *Superstitious* or *religious fear.* Mĕtu servatā (cŭpressŭs). *V.* [† Formido.]

Mĕŭs, ă, um. **1.** *My, mine.* Clamarem 'Mĕŭs est,' injĭcĕremquĕ mānus. *O.* [† *Sts.* Nostĕr.] **2.** *Friendly, favorable* (to me). Audĭāt aversa non mĕŭs aurĕ dĕŭs. *Tib.* [† Fāvens, &c.] *See* Suus, Tuus. **3.** *Voc.* Mi, *or* Mĕŭs. *My,* and freq. *my dear.* Projĭcĕ telā mānu, sanguis mĕŭs. *V.* Vos o sŭpĕri, mĕŭs ordĭnĕ sanguis. *St.* [*Meus* est a *Meus*, ut *Deus; Mi* ab antiquo *Mius.*]

Mi. I. *Voc. of* Meus. *See* M. II. *Dat for* Mihi. O virgo, nŏvā mi fācĭes īnŏpinātāvĕ surgĭt. *V.* Quĭd mi suades? *H.* Pocŭlā mi cĕcĭderĕ. *Pp. See* Ego.

Mica, æ. *f. A crumb, a grain.* Nullāquĕ mica sālis nĕc āmari fellĭs īn illis. *M.* ∾ turis. *O.* Ex auri ∾-is consistĕrĕ. *Lr.*

Mico, as, ŭi. **1.** *To move quickly and tremulously, throb, beat, palpitate.* Mĭcāt aurĭbŭs, et trĕmĭt artus. *V.* Linguis mĭcāt orĕ trĭsulcis. Semānĭmes ∾-ant dĭgĭti. *V.* Cordĕ mĭcantĕ. *O. Tib.* Crurā mĭcantĭā. *O.* Omnĭā māri ferventĕ vĭdĕas ∾. *Lucil.* [† Cŏrusco, āgĭtŏr, mŏvĕŏr; *sts.* subsĭlĭo, subsulto.] **2.** *To glitter, sparkle, flash.* ∾-āt ignĭbŭs æther. *V.* Ignĕ ∾-ant ŏcŭli. *V.* Mĭcŭerunt nubĭlā flamma. *O.* [† Cŏrusco, fulgĕo, &c.] *See* Fulgeo.

Midas, *or* Midā, æ. *m. Midas, king of Phrygia, whose touch turned every thing into gold. C. D.* Barbārĭcoquĕ Mĭdan, ădĕrat nam fortĕ cānenti. *O.* Ditabat rŭtĭlo quidquid Mĭdā tangĕrĕt auro. *Cl.* **Ep.** Divĕs ĕt Inops idem. Infelix voti. Nŏvo mĭlo attŏnĭtŭs. **Crol.** Rex –Mæŏnĭŭs, Mygdŏnĭŭs. Bĕrĕcyntĭŭs heros. **Phr.** Cui copā nullā fāmem lĕvāt. Cui dāpes rīgent. Cui fulvam īn glăcĭem lātĭces congĕlant. Cui sālĭa arĭdā guttŭr urĭt.

Migro, *and* Migro, as. *To change one's abode, remove, pass from one place to another.* Lit. and fig. In vārĭas dŏcŏo migrarĕ fĭguras (sc. ānĭmam). *O.* Vĕtĕres ∾-ātĕ cŏloni. *V.* Ex urbĕ tu rus hăbĭtatum mĭgres. *Ter.* ∾ īn marmŏrĕum cŏlorem. *Lr.* āb aurĕ ād &c. (de vŏluptatĕ). *H.* [† Emĭgro, commĭgro, discedo, abscedo, ăbĕo, excedo, exĕo.] *See* Abeo.

Milĕs, ĭtis. *m. A soldier.* Myrmĭdŏnum Dŏlŏpumve, aut duri milĕs ˘Ulyssei. *V.* [† Bellātŏr; *pl.* armati, armĭgĕri, bellĭgĕri, pugnantes; *sts.* agmĕn, cŏhors, *or* sātellĭtes.] **Ep.** Bellĭgĕr, Martĭŭs, durŭs, robustŭs, vālĭdŭs, acĕr, strenŭŭs, fortĭs, audax, intrĕpĭdŭs; fĕrox, ăcerbŭs, fĕrŭs, crudelis, immitis, trux, crŭentŭs, barbārŭs. **Crol.** Martĭs milĕs. Martĭā *or* bellĭcā turbā. Lectæ robŏrā publĭs. Bello lectā jŭventus. Mavortĭā pubes. Bellatorum *or* pugnantum ăcies. Martĭs castrā *or* signā sequens. *See* Bellator, Pugnax, Exercitus.

Milesĭŭs, ă, um, *and* Miletĭs, ĭdis. *adj. f. Of Miletus.* Quamvis Milesĭā magno Vellĕrā mutentŭr. *V.* A quĭbŭs advĕnĭat Miletĭdā sospĭs ād urbem. *O.*

Miletŭs, i. *f. The capital of Ionia, famous for its wool.* Nec Miletŭs ĕrat vellĕrĕ dignā tŭo. *M.*

Milĭtarĭs, ĕ. **1.** *Military, of war.* Interquĕ signā turpĕ milĭtarĭā. *H.* [† Bellĭcŭs, martĭŭs, castrensis.] **2.** *Warlike.* ∾ Daunĭā. *H. See* Pugnax, Bellator.

Milĭtĭa, æ. *f. Military service, warfare; any single expedition* or *campaign.* Lit. and fig. Milĭtĭæ quanquam pigĕr et mālŭs. utĭlĭs urbi. *H.* ∾-am sŭb māgistro tŏlĕrarĕ. *V.* Vellem haud correptā fŭissĕt ∾-a tali. *V.* Optarĕ lentas ∾-as. *O. Tib.* Hæc mĕā ∾ est. *O.* [† Bellum, armā, castrā.] **Crol.** Milĭtĭæ –præmĭā, munĕrā, officĭum, ŏpŭs, lăbŏr, tempŏrā. Belli *or* Martĭs –ŏpŭs, lăbŏr. Ars bellĭcā. *See* Bellum.

Milĭto, as. *To serve as a soldier.* Lit. and fig. Castris milĭtĕt illĕ tŭis. *O.* ∾-āt īn silvis cātŭlŭs. *H.* tĭbĭ æther. *Cl.* [† Bello, mĕrĕo.] **Crol.** Armā (bellā, castrā) sequŏr. Armā fĕro. Martĭs ŏpŭs gĕro. Stĭpendĭā (æra) mĕrĕo. ˘In bello *or* īn castris mĕrĕo. Milĭtĭæ lăborem –fĕro, sŭbĕo, tŏlĕro. Milĭtĭæ ŏpŭs tractō. ˘In *or* sŭb armis sudo. ˘Acĭes ĕt fĕrā bellā sequŏr.

Milĭum, ĭi. *n. Millet.* Accĭpĭunt sulci, et mĭlio vĕnĭt annŭā curā. *V.*

Millĕ. *sing. n. indecl.* **1.** *A thousand.* Millĕ mĕæ

Sicŭlis errant in montĭbŭs agnæ. *V.* Bis millĕ ĕquos. *H.* **Crcl.** Bis quingenti, æ, ă. **2.** *Any great number.* ∾ mŏdĭs. *H.* Primŭs de ∾. *O.* ∾ pĕricŭlă. *J.* [¶ Sexcenti, æ, ă.] **3.** *Pl.* Millĭă, ĭum. *n. Thousands.* Millĭă quŏt venerĕ Mȳcenis. *V.* Multis cum millĭbŭs ibăt. *V.* **4.** *A Roman mile* (sc. passuum, *a thousand paces*). Millĭă qui nŏvĭes distăt ăb urbĕ dĕcem. *O.*

Millesĭmŭs, ă, um. *The thousandth.* Inter millĕ rĕtes tŭă sit millesĭmă pupplis. *O.* Conjux ∾. *L.*

Millies. *adv. A thousand times.* Quamvis candĭdă millies pŭellă ˘Euntem rĕvŏcăt. *Cat.* Plus millĭes audivi. *Ter.*

I. **Milo,** *or* **Milon,** onis. *m. The celebrated athlete of Crotona. C. D.* Robŏrĕ, fletquĕ Mĭlo sĕnĭor quum spectăt Inanes &c. *O.* II. *T. Annius Milo, the friend of Cicero. C. D.* Pompeiană rĕum cinxerunt signă Mĭlonem. *L.*

Miltiades, is. *m. The famous Athenian who gained the victory of Marathon.*

Milvĭŭs, *or* **Milŭŭs,** *and* **Milvŭs,** i. *m.* **1.** *A kite.* Ut vŏlŭcris visis răpĭdissĭmă milvĭŭs extis. *O.* Quĭă non rete accĭpĭtri tendĭtur, nĕquĕ milŭo. *Ter.* Milvŭs ĭn astră vŏlăt. *M.* *See* Accipiter. **2.** *A species of flying-fish. O. H.*

Mima, æ. *f. A mimic actress* or *dancer.* Qui pătrĭum mimæ donat fundumquĕ lăremquĕ. *H.* [¶ Saltatrix.]

Mĭmallŏnĭs, *and* **Mimallŏnĭdes,** um. *f. pl. Bacchanals.* Semĭnĕcesquĕ lŭpos scissosquĕ Mĭmallŏnĕs ursos. *St.* Eccĕ Mĭmallŏnĭdes sparsis in tergă căpillis. *O.* *See* Bacchæ.

Mĭmallŏnĭŭs, ă, um. *Bacchanalian.* Torvă Mĭmallŏnĭs implerunt cornŭă bombis. *Pers.*

Mimĭce. *Like an actor, with mimic gesture.* Turpe incedĕrĕ mimĭce et mŏleste. *Cat.*

Mimŭs, i. *m.* **1.** *A mimic actor in farces and ballets.* Et plaudas ălĭquam mimo saltantĕ pŭellam. *O.* [¶ Gestĭcŭlătŏr, histrĭo, planĭpes.] *See* Histrio. **2.** *A farcical piece. O.*

Mina, æ. *f. An Attic weight of fifteen English ounces; also a coin equal to about four pounds of our money.* Hĕri mĭnas pro ambobus viginti dĕdi. *Ter.* [¶ *Sts.* Mna.]

Minacĭtĕr. *Pl.* (Mĭnax, acis), *and* **Minantĕr.** *In a threatening manner.* Multăquĕ submissĕ, multă mĭnantĕr ăgunt. *O.*

Minæ, arum. *f. pl. Threats.* Lit. and fig. Tollentemquĕ mĭnas, et sibĭlă collă tŭmentem. *V.* Quas gĕrĭt orĕ mĭnas! quanto prĕmĭt omnĭă fastu! *St.* ∾ frigŏris. *O.* pĕlăgiquĕ cœliquĕ; murorum. *V.* ∾-as ponĕrĕ (de mŭri). *Pp.* incutĕrĕ; intŏnarĕ. *O.* ∾-is horrent verbă. *O.* **Ep.** Grăves, tristes, ăcerbæ, ătroces, diræ, crudeles, horrendæ, insanæ, terrĭbĭles. **Crcl.** Verbă *or* dictă –mĭnantĭă, mĭnacĭă, mĭnĭtantĭă, aspĕrĭă, plenă mĭnarum. Vox –mĭnans, mĭnax. Verborum fulmĭnă. Mĭnaces ănĭmi. Mĭnax spirĭtŭs. *See* Ira.

Minantĕr. *See* Minacĭter.

Mĭnax, acis. *Threatening; striking with alarm; menacing danger,* &c. Lit. and fig. Pœnă mĕtusque ăbĕrant, nec verbă mĭnacĭă fixo Ærĕ lĕgebantŭr. *O.* ∾ flŭvĭŭs; scŏpŭlŭs. *V.* æquŏr. *O.* murmŭr. *H.* [¶ Mĭnans, mĭnĭtans, mĭnatŭs, torvŭs, aspĕr, horrendŭs, trux, terrĭbĭlis, sævŭs, ătrox; *sts.* vultu mĭnaci torvŭs; mĭnas vultu, orĕ gĕrens.]

Mincĭŭs, ĭi. *m. A river near Mantua, Virgil's native place, now the Mincio.* Mincĭŭs, equĕ săcra rĕsŏnant examĭnă quercu. *V.*

Minĕo, es. *prim. of* Immineo. Inclinată mĭnent ĭn ĕamdem prodĭit partem. *Lr.* *See* Immineo.

Minervă, æ. *f.* **1.** *Minerva, the same as the Goddess Pallas of the Greeks, said to have sprung out of the head of Jupiter in full armour. C. D.* Pars stŭpĕt innuptæ donum exĭtĭalĕ Mĭnervæ. *V.* [¶ Pallăs, Tritonĭă, Tritonis.] **Ep.** Cecrŏpĭă, virgo, innuptă, innŭbă, castă, pŭdică, intactă; doctă, facundă; bellĭcă, bellatrix, armĭpŏtens, bellĭpŏtens, armĭsŏnă, ănĭmosă, fĕrox, gĕnĕrosă, terrĭbĭlis, aspĕrĭă, torvă, pugnax. **Crcl.** Tritonĭă virgo. Tritonĭă Pallăs. Actæă virgo. Jŏvis –sŏbŏles, proles. Nată Tŏnantis. Dĕă *or* virgo bellĭcă. Bellorum dĕă. Bellorum regĭnă vĭrago. Divă bellatrix. Dĕă belli –præsĕs, pŏtens. Virago bello mĕtŭendă. Dĕă doctă. Dĕă carmĭnis (ŏlivæ, ŏlĭæ) inventrix. **2.** *Used for knowledge, judgement, wisdom, as the gifts of Minerva, the Goddess of Wisdom.* Tu nĭhĭl invita facies dicesvĕ Mĭnerva. *H.* (i. e. *unless favoured by M. with a sound judgement, sufficient knowledge,* &c.) [¶ Invito (*or* averso) –numĭnĕ, Dĕo, *sts.* ˘Apollĭnĕ.] *Hence*—Cŏlĭrĕ Mĭnervam (*to seek after knowledge*). *J.* Pingui *or* crassa Mĭnerva (hŏmo—*one of rude, untutored knowledge*). *H.* **3.** *Used* sp. *for knowledge in the female arts of needlework, spinning, weaving,* &c., *as being gifts of M., and for the arts themselves.* ˘Opĕrum haud ignarĕ Mĭnervæ. *V.* Vitam tŏlĕrarĕ tĕnŭi ∾-a. *V.* Coæ textŭrâ ∾-æ. *Pp.*

Minimĕ. *Not at all, least of all.* Quod mĭnĭme reris, Graia pandetŭr ăb urbĕ. *V.* [¶ Nequaquam, non, nihĭl *or* nil. **Crcl.** Nullo mŏdo.

Minimŭs, ă, um. *superl. of* Parvus. **1.** *Very little, the least.* Sive ŏpŭs est velis, mĭnĭmam bĕnĕ currĭt ăd auram. *O.* ∾-um fŭrorĭs hăbĕrĕ; lĭquorĭs tĕnerĕ. *O.* **2.** *The youngest.* ∾ de stirpĕ vĭrili. *O.* **3.** *The humblest; of the lowest rank.* ∾-a de plebĕ Quĭritem. *O.* [¶ Hŭmillĭmŭs.] **4.** N. used adv. *Very little, not at all.* Quam ∾-um credŭlă postĕro. *H.*

Mĭnistĕr, tri. *m., and* **Mĭnistra,** æ. *f.* **1.** *A servant, attendant.* Centum ălĭæ, tŏtĭdemquĕ pāres ætatĕ mĭnistri. Pacisquĕ bŏnas belliquĕ ∾-as. *V.* [¶ Fămŭlŭs, servŭs; *or* fămŭlă, servă.] *See* Famulus. **2.** *An officiating minister in sacred things, a priest.* Flentĭbŭs ante aram stĕtĭt Iphĭgĕnĭă mĭnistris. *O.* *See* Sacerdos. Fig. **3.** *That which serves any purpose,* or *acts instrumentally to any end.* ∾ pacis. *O.* fulmĭnis (*the eagle*). *H.* Sŏcĭos scĕlĕrum atquĕ ∾-os. *Lr.* **4.** *Used adj.* Prætentarĕ ĭtĕr băculo ∾-o. *O.* Lumĭnă propŏsĭti factă ∾-ă. Scĕlĕrĭs ∾-æ mănus. *O.* [¶ Fămŭlŭs, fămŭlans.]

Mĭnistĕrĭum, ĭi. *n. Ministry, means; an office* or *service.* Mequĕ mĭnistĕrĭo scĕlĕrisquĕ artisquĕ rĕmovĭt. *O.* Tristĕ mĭnistĕrĭum. *V.* [¶ Officĭum, munŭs, munĭă; *sts.* ŏpĕrĭă, partes.]

Mĭnistro, as. **1.** *To attend upon, serve.* Adspĭce ŭti cœlo mŏdŏ sol, mŏdŏ lunâ mĭnistrĕt. *Pp.* Præcincti pŭĕri ∾-ant. *H.* [¶ Fămŭlŏr.] **2.** *Sp.* ∾ velis. *To mind the sails, work a ship. V.* ∾ hăbenis. *To drive. St.* **3.** *To supply.* ∾ vires ănĭmumquĕ; armâ. *V.* ŏpes. *O.* verbâ (de vino). *H.* [¶ Præbĕo, suffĭcĭo, suppĕdĭto, do, suggĕro.] **4.** *To perform.* ∾ jussâ. *O.* res gĕstĭde tĭmĭdequĕ. *H.* [¶ Exĕcŭŏr, făcesso, gĕro.]

Mĭnĭtŏr, aris. *freq. of* Minor. Sæpĭŭs hanc ob rem mĭnĭtatur terrâ rŭinas. *Lr.* *See* Minor (I.).

Mĭnĭum, ĭi. *n. Vermilion.* Sanguĭnĕis ĕbŭli baccis mĭnĭoquĕ rŭbentem. *V.* [¶ Rŭbens, rŭbĕum, purpŭrĕum, nĭtens, rŭtĭlum.]

Minois, idis. *f. The daughter of Minos;* us. *Ariadne; Pasiphae. Aus.* Sic cĕcĭnit pro te doctus, Minoĭ, Cătullŭs. *Tib.* Minoĭdă Theseus abstŭlĭt. *O.* *See* Ariadna.

Minoĭŭs, *and* **Minoŭs,** ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to,* or *of the blood of Minos; Cretan.* Dædălĭŭs,

ut fama est, fŭgĭens Minoĭā regnā. *V.* Minoo natā Thŏantē fĕrŏr. Minoĭā virgo. *O.*

I. MĪNŎR, arĭs. **1.** *To threaten.* Lit. and fig. Scorpĭūs exibit, caudaquē mĭnabĭtŭr unca. *O.* Lauso ~-atŭr. *V.* ~-antŭr ĭn cœlum scŏpŭli. Illā usquē mĭnatŭr (*of a falling tree*). *V.* Fĕrirē quŏd mĭnatŭr (de arcu). *H.* [† Mĭnĭtŏr; *sts.* commĭnŏr.] **Crcl.** *Lit.* Mĭnas –intento, jacto, incŭtĭo, addo, adjĭcĭo, exercĕo, tollo. Mĭnis –insto, incrĕpo, urgĕo, terrĕo, terrĭto. Multā mĭnŏr. Mĕtŭendā *or* grăvĭā mĭnŏr. Mĭnas orē *or* vultu gĕro. Mĭnis verbā horrent. Mĭnaci vocē (trŭcĭbŭs verbis, orē mĭnaci, mĭnantē) terrĕo. ˘Ab orē mĭnas –spargo, spiro. Orē mĭnas intŏno. Orā mĭnis aspĕro. **2.** *To predict what is fearful, to portend.* Bellum hæc armentā ~-antŭr. *V.* Multā ~-antŭr ăquæ. *O.* [† Portendo, omĭnŏr, denuntĭo, nuntĭo, &c.] *See* PRÆDICO. **3.** *To promise great things, profess largely.* ~ multā ĕt præclārā. *H. Ph.* [† Promitto, nuntĭo.]

II. MĪNŎR, ŭs; *gen.* orĭs. *compar. of* Parvus. **1.** *Less in degree* or *size.* Nec mĭnŏr est virtus, quam quærĕrē, partā tŭeri. *O.* Mĭnorā sĭdĕrā. *H.* [† *Sts.* Lĕvĭŏr.] **2.** *Inferior in power* or *quality.* Versus grăvĭtatē ~-es. *H.* ~ ĭn certamĭnē. *H.* [† Inferĭŏr.] **3.** ~ natu, or abs. *Younger.* ~ Atrides. *O.* Turni ~ germanā. *V.* Castigatŏr mĭnorum. *H.* [† Junĭŏr, ætatē mĭnŏr.] *See* MAJOR. **4.** Pl. used subst. *Descendants, posterity. V.* [† Nĕpotes.] *See* POSTERI.

MĪNOS, ōis. *m.* (Μίνως, ῶος.) *Son of Jupiter and Europa, king of Crete, and one of the judges of hell.* Magnănĭmum ad Minoā vĕnit sedesquē sŭperbas. *Cat.* Quæsitŏr Minos urnam mŏvēt. *V.* Cum Minoē mĕo. *O.* **Ep.** Legĭfĕr, æquŭs, justŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, sĕverŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs. **Crcl.** Gortynĭŭs (˘Agenŏrĕŭs, Dictæŭs, Gnossĭŭs, Gnossĭăcŭs) –heros, dux, rex, arbĭtĕr, judex. Cretensĭs rex. Umbrarum judex. Arbĭtĕr orci. **Phr.** Minos (*acting as judge in hell*) –sĭlentum concĭlĭum vŏcăt;—ĭn alto sŏlĭo sĕdĕt conspĭcŭŭs;—prætentăt crimĭnā quæsitŏr;—vitas ĕt crimĭnā discĭt;—justis dĭrĭmĭt sontes;—jurā sĭlentĭbŭs umbris reddĭt;—trĕpĭdis rĕis judĭcĭā sortitŭr;—rĕos dura urna versăt arbĭtĕr. Minos regem crŭentum tempĕrăt;—jurā mĕlĭorā monĕt.

MINOTAURŬS, i. *m. The Minotaur. C. D.* Minotaurŭs īnest, vĕnĕris mŏnŭmentā nĕfandæ. *V.* **Ep.** Cressĭŭs, Cretensĭs, Dictæŭs, Gortynĭŭs; informĭs, turpĭs, horrendŭs; sævŭs, dirŭs, immitĭs. **Crcl.** Cretæ taurŭs. Minoŭs *or* Minoĭŭs taurŭs. Minoum monstrum. Taurŭs bĭformĭs. Proles bĭformĭs. Semifĕrum monstrum. Bos semĭvīr. Mixtum tauri vĭriquē gĕnŭs. Mixtā (*or* gĕmĭnā) jŭvĕnĭs tauriquē formā.

MINOŬS, ă, um. *See* MINOIUS.

MINŬCIŬS, *or* MINŬTIŬS, ii. *m. The name of a noble Roman family.* Si factis nondum, Mĭnŭci, te cautā prŏbarē Ērŭdĭt fortunā. *Sil.* (M. Minucius Rufus, the master of the horse to the Dictator Fabius, is here intended.)

MINŬO, is, i, utum. **1.** *To cut* or *break into small pieces; to bruise,* &c., *into pieces.* Lignā sĕnex mĭnŭit, concisăquē constrŭĭt alto. *O.* ~ ramalĭā arĭdā. *O.* portarum objectus. *St.* mullum ĭn singŭlā pulmentā. *H.* qm ĭn pila. *O.* [† Commĭnŭo, frango, &c.] *See* FRANGO. **2.** *To make less, diminish.* ~ tædĭā vitæ; lăborem stŭdĭo. *O. curas. H.* [† Demĭnŭo, immĭnŭo, attĕnŭo, detrăho, ~ dĭmo, demo, tollo, pello, ăbĭgo, rescindo, decerpo, auffĕro.] **3.** *To weaken.* ~-it Tithonum [illegible] ngā sĕnectus. *H.* ~-unt ingĕnĭum longi lăborē[illegible]. *O.* [† Frango, debĭlĭto, exhaurĭo, carpo.] – **4.** *To appease, calm down.* ~ īram. *Ter.* [† Fl[illegible]cto, placo, mitĭgo.]

MĪNŬS. [illegible] *adv.* **1.** *Less.* Qui non est hŏdĭe, cras mĭnŭs aptŭs ĕrĭt. *O.* Plus dăpĭs, rixæ mĭnŭs. *H.* Vīā ~ lædĕt ĭuntes. *V.* **Crcl.** Non tam (tantum, ădĕo); *sts.* lĕvĭŭs, detĕrĭŭs, &c. **2.** Non *or* haud mĭnŭs ac. *Not otherwise than,* = *just as.* Haud mĭnŭs ac jussi făcĭunt. *V.* [† Non *or* haud secĭŭs (*or* sĕcŭs) ac.] **3.** *Little,* = *not,* or *not sufficiently.* (Vestam) mĭnŭs audĭentem carmĭnā. *H.* Quŏd intellexi mĭnŭs. *Ter.* [† Pārum, mălĕ, non, mĭnĭme.] **4.** Sts. with abl. *Less by* = *except* (so and so). Me mĭnŭs uno. *O.* Orā Dĭanæ æquā fĕrunt, terrorē mĭnŭs. *St.* [† Excepto, excepta, &c.] **5.** Si *or* sin mĭnŭs. *If not, otherwise. O.* [† ˘Alĭtĕr.]

MĪNUTĀL, ālis. *n. A hash* (meat or vegetable). Hesternum sŏlĭtus mĕdĭo servarē mĭnutāl. *J.*

MĪNUTATIM. *By pieces, in small pieces;* fig. *by little and little.* Ossā mĭnutatim morbo collapsā trăhebăt. *V.* ~ dulces dĭdĭcerē quĕrelas. *Lr.* [† Partĭcŭlatim.] *See* PAULATIM.

MĪNUTE, *and* MĪNUTIM. *In small pieces* or *parts.* Frondesquē vĭderi Dispertito, atque in terris lătĭtarē mĭnute. *Lr.*

MĪNUTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* MINUO. But us. *adj.* **1.** *Small, little, minute.* Pŭĕri mĭhĭ turbā mĭnutā Venĕrăt. *Pp.* ~-æ corpŏrĭs partes. ~ aer. *Lr.* [† Exĭgŭŭs, parvŭŭs, tĕnŭĭs, exĭlĭs, subtilĭs, mĭnĭmŭs.] **2.** *Humble, low.* ~ plebes. *Ph.*

MĪNŸÆ, arum. *m. pl. The Argonauts. C. D.* Jamquē frĕtum Mĭnÿæ Pĭgăsæa puppē sĕcabant. *O. See* ARGONAUTÆ.

MIRABĬLĬS, ĕ. **1.** *To be wondered at, admired; fit for wonder, for admiration.* Cunctăquē miratur quĭbŭs est mirabĭlĭs ipsē. *O.* [† Mirandŭs.] **2.** *Wonderful, strange, marvellous.* ~-ē dictu. *V. See* MIRUS. **3.** Mirabĭlē quantum. *In an astonishing manner, to an astonishing degree.* ~-ē quantum gauderē. *Sil. See* IMMANIS.

MIRACŬLUM, i. *n. A wonder, marvel; strange, amazing thing.* Omnĭā transformat sese in miracŭlā rerum. *V.* [† Portentum, prodĭgĭum, signum, monstrum.] **Ep.** Nŏvum, sŭbĭtum, insuetum, insŏlĭtum, īnauditum. **Crcl.** Miracŭlā rerum. Mirabĭlē –visu, dictu. Mirabĭlē monstrum. Miracŭlā monstri. Res –nŏvā, mirandā, mirā rĕlatu.

MIRATŎR, orĭs. *m.;* MIRATRIX, icĭs. *f. One who admires, wonders at any thing.* Sive es mirator rerum, miraberē nostras. *O.* ~ formæ. *Pp.* Cātonĭs. *L.* Miratrix turbā. *J.* Miratrix sŭi (vĕtustas). *L.* [† Admiratŏr, mirans.]

MIRE, *and* MIRĬFĬCE. *Wonderfully, marvellously; in a most extraordinary way.* Tenŭis ĕnim mens est et mire mobĭlĭs ipsā. *Lr.* Mirĭfĭce est a te nactŭs ŭtrumquē mălum. *Cat.* [† Mirabĭlĭtĕr. Miro mŏdo. Mŏdis miris (mirĭfĭcis).]

MIRĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. *Marvellous, astonishing, extraordinary.* Non quĭā mirĭfĭca est, sed quod non publĭcā certe. *O. See* MIRUS.

MIRMILLO, onĭs. *m. A gladiator armed cap-à-pie, usually opposed to the retiarius.* Deděcŭs urbĭs hăbes; nec mirmillonĭs ĭn armis. *J.*

MIRŎR, arĭs. *To be astonished, wonder, look with wonder at.* Miratur, făcĭlĕsque ŏcŭlos fert omnĭā circum. *V.* ~ nŏvas frondes (*fig.* de arborē); trăhi vento nubem. *V.* factum Dĭanæ. *O.* [† Stŭpĕo, obstŭpĕo, admirŏr, demirŏr, suspĭcĭo, hĭo, ĭnhĭo.] **Crcl.** Attŏnĭtŭs stŭpĕo. Visu obstŭpĕo. Arrectam mentem (stŭpĕfactā cordā) –gero *or* hăbĕo. Nĕquĕo explerē cordā tŭendo.

MIRŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Wonderful, strange, surprising.* Obstŭpŭi, miroque incensum pectŭs ămorē. *V.* ~-os audirē trăgœdos. *H.* ~-a artē scalpsĭt ĕbŭr. *O.* [† Mirandŭs, mirabĭlĭs, admirandŭs, admirabĭlĭs, mirĭfĭcŭs, rarŭs, nŏvŭs, insŏlĭtŭs, īnauditŭs, stŭpendŭs; *sts.* magnŭs, immanis,

ingens.] **Crol.** Non vulgarĭs. **2.** Mirum. *Used interj.* Rŭĭturăquĕ sempĕr stat, mirum, moles. *L.* **3.** Mĭris mŏdis. *In a strange, extraordinary way* or *degree.* Sĭmŭlacrā mŏdis pallentĭā ~-is. *V.* ~-is mŏdis odissĕ qm. *Ter.*

Miscellanĕa, orum. *n. pl.* Sp. *Public exhibitions, where the games,* &c., *are of various kinds; the poor food of gladiators, made of all sorts of food together.* Sic vĕnĭunt ad miscellanĕā ludii. *J.*

Miscĕo, es, scŭi, stum *or* xtum. **1.** *To mix, to mingle.* Lit. and fig. Cumquĕ mĕis lăcrĭmis miscŭĭt usquĕ sŭas. *O.* ~ mellĭ fălerno. *H.* herbas ĕt noxĭā verbā. *V.* otĭā duris venatĭbŭs; verbā lăcrĭmis. *O.* [† Admiscĕo, immiscĕo, commiscĕo, tempĕro, sŏcĭo, consŏcĭo, jungo, conjungo, copŭlo, adjungo, insĕro, addo, adjĭcio, infundo.] **2.** Ext. *To pour out wine* (though unmixed with water). Dardănĭo nondum ~-entĕ mĭnistro pocŭlā. *M.* and *J.* [† Fundo (is).] **3.** ~ mănŭs, prœlĭā, &c. *To engage in fight.* ~ prœlĭā. *V.* mănus. *Pp.* **4.** *To cause trouble, throw into confusion.* ~ cœlum terramquĕ (de ventis); mœnĭā diverso luctu. *V.* [† Permiscĕo, turbo, confundo.] *See* Turbo. **5.** ~ mārĕ cœlo, &c. *Prov. To make a great tumult and disturbance.* ~ cœlum terris ĕt mārĕ cœlo. *J. See* Mare. **6.** ~ se. *To mingle with a number of persons; to join their company.* ~ se vĭris. *V.*

Miscĕŏr. *pass.* **1.** *To be united, fused* (of many) *into one; to coalesce.* ~-entŭr pŏpŭli; ĭn unum fors ĕt virtus. *V.* [† Admiscĕŏr, jungŏr, consŏcĭŏr, copŭlŏr, cŏălesco, cŏĕo, convĕnĭo, conspiro.] **2.** Sta. *To assemble, crowd together.* Circa regem densæ miscentŭr (ăpes). *V.* [† Congrĕgŏr, convĕnĭo.]

Miscellŭs, ă, um. *dim. of* Miser. *Wretched little, poor little; miserable.* O factum mălĕ, O mĭsellĕ passĕr. *Cat.* Vinā mĭsellŭs exspŭĭt. *J.*

Mĭsĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. **1.** *Miserable, unfortunate.* Sum mĭsĕr: hæc brĕvĭs est nostrorum summā mălorum. *O.* [† Infelix, æruminosŭs, &c.] *See* Infelix. **2.** *Calamitous, lamentable.* Quæque ipsĕ mĭserrimā vidi. *V.* ~-rĭmā cædes. *V. See* Miserabilis. **3.** *Miserable* (miserably bad, &c.). ~ carmĕn. *V.* [† Mălŭs.] **4.** *Unhappy, grievous* (because producing unhappiness, &c.); or *painful from excess and violence.* ~ ămŏr. *V.* ambĭtĭo. *H.* ~-æ ŏpes. *O.* [† Nĭmĭŭs, ingens.] *See* Miserr.

Mĭsĕrabĭlis, ĕ. **1.** *Pitiable, deplorable.* Sisquĕ mĭhi semper, nec sis mĭsĕrabĭlis ulli. *O.* ~ vulgus; carmĕn (Phĭlŏmelæ). *V.* gĕnus leti. *O.* [† Mĭsĕrandŭs, deflendŭs, flebĭlis, mœstŭs, tristis, infelix, infaustŭs, mĭsĕr.] **2.** N. used adv. ~-ĕ cæsis hostĭbŭs. *V.* [† Flebĭlĭtĕr, flebĭlĕ, mĭsĕrabĭlĭtĕr, mĭsĕre.]

Mĭsĕrandŭs, ă, um. *To be pitied, deplorable.* Vel Prĭămo mĭsĕrandā mănŭs. *V.* ~ lŭes. *V.* funŭs. *L. See* Miserabilis.

Mĭsĕre. **1.** *Miserably; wretchedly* (badly). Pars cădĭt hamatis mĭsĕre confixā sagittis. *O.* ~ scriptum. *Pl.* [† Mĭsĕrabĭlĕ; mĭsĕris mŏdis.] **2.** *Violently, excessively* (*i. e.* painfully from such excess, &c.). ~ cŭpĭs ăbirĕ; discedĕrĕ quærens. *H.* ˘Is ămorĕ ~ hanc depĕrĭt. *Pl.* [† Vĕhĕmentĕr, ardentĕr, valde, cŭpĭde.]

Mĭsĕrĕŏr, erĭs, ĕrĭtŭs *or* ertŭs sum. *To have pity.* Ipsĕ mănu mortem invĕnĭam; mĭsĕrebĭtŭr hostis. *V.* ~ ănĭmi non dignā ferentis. *V. See* Miseror, Miseret.

Mĭsĕresco, ĭs. *To have pity.* His lăcrĭmis vitam dămus, et mĭsĕrescĭmŭs ultro. *V.* Mĭsĕrescĭtĕ regis. *V. See* Miseror.

Mĭsĕrĕt (me). *impp. To have pity.* Nec te mĭsĕret natiquĕ tŭiquĕ. *V.* Si te lapsorum mĭsĕrĕt. *V. See* Miseror.

Mĭsĕrĭa, æ. *f. Misery, misfortune.* Persĕquĭtŭr illum duri fati mĭsĕrĭā. *Ph. See* Infortunium.

Mĭsĕrĭcordĭa, æ. *f. Pity, compassion.* Hinc illæ lăcrĭmæ, hæc ilĭa est mĭsĕrĭcordĭā. *Ter.* [† Plĕtas, clementĭā.] *See* Clementia.

Mĭsĕrĭcors, ordĭs. *m. f. n. Compassionate.* Sĭnuquĕ fovĭt, contra se ipsĕ mĭsĕrĭcors. *Ph.* [† Clemens, plĭŭs, mitis.] *See* Clemens.

Mĭsĕrĭtĕr = Mĭsĕre. Pătrĭam allŏcuta est vocĕ mœsta mĭsĕrĭtĕr. *Cat.*

Mĭsĕrŏr, arĭs. *To have pity.* Contusos ănĭmos et res mĭsĕrabĕrĕ fractas. *V.* [† Mĭsĕrĕŏr, mĭsĕresco, mĭsĕrĕt (me), dŏlĕo, indŏlĕo, mŏvĕŏr, tangŏr, resplcio.] **Crol.** Me æquum (făcĭlem, clementem, plum, bĕnignum) præbĕo *or* ostendo. **Phr.** Sunt lăcrĭmæ rerum. Flectĭbŭs mŏvetŭr. ˘Inŏpem mĭsĕrans dŏlĕt. Mortalĭā mentem tangunt.

Missĭlis, ĕ. **1.** *That which can be thrown, cast,* &c. Missĭlĭbus telis emĭnŭs ictŭs, ămo. *O.* ~ hastā. *O.* pondŭs disci. *Pp.* [† Jăcŭlabĭlis.] **2.** Used subst. n. (sc. telum.) *Any missile weapon.* ~-ĭbŭs longe lăcessunt. *V.* Multa crinitum missĭlĕ flamma. *St. See* Telum.

Missus, us. *m. A despatching, sending forth;* (or speaking of any missile) *a shooting, a shot.* Regis missu vĕnĭt. *V.* Vix absunt nobis missus bis millĕ săgittæ. *Lr.*

Mistura, æ. *f.* (*or* Mixtura.) *A mixture, a mingling.* Multăquĕ de rerum mistura dicĕrĕ callent. *Lr.*

Mĭtella, æ. *f., dim. of* Mitra. Copā Sȳriscā căput Graia rĕdĭmitā mĭtella. *V.* (*Copa.*)

Mitesco, ĭs. **1.** *To ripen* (of fruits). Nec grandiri possĕ frugum fetum, nec mitescĕrĕ. *Pac.* [† Maturesco.] **2.** Gen. *To grow* or *become soft.* Sunt quæ (herbæ) mitescĕrĕ flamma molliriquĕ quĕant. *O.* **3.** *To become calm, grow mild, gentle,* &c. ~-unt frigŏrā zĕphȳris. *H.* frĕtā. *O.* Factā quĭbŭs flecti ĕt ~ possis. *O. See* Mansuesco, Placor.

Mithras, *and* **Mithras,** æ. *m. A Persian deity; the sun* (according to the Greeks and Romans). *C. D.* Et vāgā volventem testatur sidĕrā Mithram. *Cl.* [† ˘Abraxas, Sol, Invictŭs.] **Ep.** Persĭcŭs, Medĭcŭs, Medŭs, ĕŏŭs, Memphitĭcŭs; nĭtĭdŭs, jŭvĕnis; arcanŭs, secretŭs. **Crol.** Spelæi dĕŭs incŏlā.

Mithrĭdates, ĭs. *m. The famous king of Pontus.* Profecit poto Mĭthrĭdates sæpĕ vĕneno. *M.*

Mithrĭdatĕus (*and* **Mithrĭdatĭcus.** *M.*), ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Mithridates.* Cinȳphĭumquĕ Jŭbam, Mĭthrĭdateisquĕ tŭmentem Nomĭnĭbus Pontum. *O.*

Mitĭgo, as. **1.** *To make soft* or *tender to the touch;* sp. *to make ripe.* Mitĭgĕt auctumnus quod maturavĕrĭt æstas. *Ass.* Porrecto lĕonĕ saxā ~ (*by putting down a lion's skin*). *M.* [† Mollĭo; *sts.* maturo.] **2.** *To soften* (improve) *by cultivation.* ~ ăgrum silvestrem flammis ferroquĕ. *H.* [† Dŏmo.] **3.** *To assuage, relieve.* Torpentes artus ~. *Sil.* [† Fŏvĕo, rĕcrĕo.] **4.** Ūs. *To appease, calm down, make gentler.* ~ iram. *V.* sævas iras. *O.* [† Mollĭo, lenĭo, flecto, placo, &c.] *See* Mansuefacio, Placo.

Mitis, ĕ. **1.** *Mild to the taste, mellow;* sp. *ripe.* Cui tu lactĕ făvos et miti dilŭĭ baccho. *V.* ~ vindemĭā. ~-ĭā pomā. *V.* [† Dulcis, suavis, lenis, maturŭs.] **2.** *Calm, tranquil.* ~ in morem plăcĭdæ pălŭdis. *V.* ˘Atax. *L.* Mitĭus stagno pĕlăgŭs. *Sen. See* Tranquillus. **3.** *Touching lightly, gently.* ~ flammā involvĭt cŏmas. *Sil.* [† Mollis, lenis.] Fig. **4.** *Mild, gentle, kind and good* (of persons, &c.). ~-ĕs Cæsăris iræ. *O.* ~ săpĭentĭā Læli. *H.* Cordā cultu ~-ĭā. *V. Fl.*

[† Făcĭlĭs, lenĭs, mansuetŭs, plăcĭdŭs, bŏnŭs, &c.] **Crcl.** Aspĕrĭtatĕ cărens. Cui mens fellĕ nullo (mellĕ multo) mădĕt. *See* BENIGNUS. **5.** *Mild, light, easy to be borne* (of things). ~ exsĭlĭum. *O.* servĭtĭum. *Pp.* [† Lenĭs, lĕvĭs.]

MITRĂ (MITRĂ. *L. L.*), æ. *f. An Eastern head-dress, worn at Rome only by women and effeminate men.* Ille ĕtĭam picta rĕdĭmitus tempŏrĕ mitra. *O.* [† Mĭtellă.] **Ep.** Mæŏnĭă, Lydĭă, Lŷdă, Phrŷgĭă, barbărĕ; dĕcorĕ, pictă.

MITRATŬS, ă, um. *Wearing the mitra.* Mitratisquĕ sŏnant Lydĭă plectrĕ chŏris. *Pp.*

MITTO, ĭs, misi, missum. **1.** *To send, despatch a person on a mission to somebody.* Eurŷpŷlum scitatum oracŭlă Phœbi Mittĭmŭs. *V.* Me visendæ mittĕ sŏrori. *O.* [† Allego, lego; *sts.* præmitto.] **Crcl.** Irĕ jŭbĕo. **2.** *To send a person to some place.* Pĕr amplum Elŷsĭum ~-ĭmŭr. ˘Allĭas sŭb Tartărĭă ~-ĭt. Huc me ĭn armă pătĕr misĭt. *V.* **3.** *To send any thing to another by way of gift,* &c. ~ aurĕă mală. *V.* qd Gĕtĭcis ăb oris. *O. See* DONO. **4.** *To send from one place to another, in the way of trade.* Indĭă ~-ĭt ĕbŭr. *V.* ~ hordĕă rătĭbŭs. *O.* [† Devĕho, defĕro.] **5.** *To send any thing* (occasion or cause it) *to another.* Mentem Æneæ gĕnĭtrix ~-ĭt. *V.* ~ funĕră Teucris; exĭtĭum ăpĭbŭs. *V.* **6.** *To let go, send away.* Non missurĕ cŭtem (hĭrudo). *H.* Mittĕ me. *Ter.* [† Dimitto.] **7.** ~ mănu. *See* MANUMITTO. **8.** *To send off,* i. e. *cause to go;* (speaking of horses, &c.) *to start on a course, drive, urge.* ~ ănĭmas ĭn ăpertă pĕrĭcŭlă. *V.* cŏmĭtes rŭĭnæ. *L.* me ĭn vastum scribendi æquŏr. *Pp.* ĕquos æquo carcĕrĕ. *O.* ĕquum mĕdĭos pĕr ignes. *H.* [† Immitto, ăgo, impello.] **9.** *To throw down, downwards; to cast from high.* ~ corpŏrĕ ăd terram saltu. *V.* [† Dejĭcĭo, præcĭpĭto, deturbo, &c.] *See* DEJICIO. **10.** *To cast, throw,* ~ semĕn ĭn ignotam hŭmum. *O.* munĕră igni. *V. Fl.* [† Jăcĭo, &c.] *See* J. **11.** *To cast, hurl* (darts, &c.). ~ hastam ĭn ŏrā. *O.* fulmĭnă terris. *H.* clŷpĕo mĭcantĭă fulgŭrĕ. *V.* [† Jăcŭlŏr, &c.] *See* J. **12.** *To cast, throw* (something to some one). ~ panem cănĭ. *Ph.* nos cănĭbŭs ĕdendos. *O.* [† Projĭcĭo, objĭcĭo.] **13.** ~ me. *To throw oneself headlong to* or *from.* ~ se saxo ăb alto. *O.* ăb alto æthĕrĕ. *V.* corpŭs ĭn accensos rŏgos. *O. See* PRÆCIPITO. **14.** *To put aside, drive away.* ~ tĭmorem. *V.* lĕves spes et certamĭnă divĭtĭarum; curas. *H.* [† ˘Omitto, pello, depello, abjĭcĭo, pono, depono.] **15.** Mittĕ, with inf. *Cease to.* ~ prĕcari. *O.* lŏqui cetĕrĕ. *H.* [† ˘Omittĕ, parcĕ, fŭgĕ.] *See* DESINO. **16.** *To pass over without mentum.* Mitto ĕă, quæ &c. *V.* [† ˘Omitto, prætermitto.] **17.** *To send out, emit, utter.* ~ vocem. *Lr.* sibĭlă (de serpentĕ). *O.* [† Emitto, reddo, fundo, edo.] **18.** *To offer for sacrifice.* ~ inférĭas Orphei; solennĭă tŭmŭlo; munĕră cĭnĕri. *V.* [† Fĕro, reddo.] **19.** ~ sŭb jŭgă, &c. *To subject, conquer. V. See* VINCO, IMPERO. **20.** ~ me sŭb *or* ĭn fœdĕră. *To make alliance.* Se gentes ĭn fœdĕră mittant. *V. See* FŒDUS.

MITŬLŬS, *or* MITŸLŬS, i. *m. A muscle, limpet.* Mitŭlŭs et viles pellent obstantĭă conchæ. *H.*

MITŸLENE, es. *f. The chief city of Lesbos.* Laudabunt ălĭi claram Rhŏdŏn aut Mitŷlenen. *H.*

MITŸLŬS. *See* MITULUS.

MIXTIM, *or* MISTIM. *Mixedly, promiscuously. Lr.*

MIXTURĂ, *or* MISTURĂ, æ. *f. A mixture, a mingling.* Multăquĕ de rerum mixtura dicĕrĕ callent. *Lr.*

MNEMŎSŸNE, es, *and* MNEMŎSŸNĂ, æ. *f. The Goddess of Memory, and mother of the Muses.* In quo tŏnanti sanctă Mnemŏsŷne Jŏvi. *Ph.*

MNEMŎSŸNŎN, *or* MNEMŎSŸNUM, i. *n. A souvenir, a memorial.* Verum est mnemŏsŷnon mĕi sŏdalĭs. *Cat.*

MOBĬLĬS, ĕ. **1.** *Moveable, moving easily.* Roscĭdă mobĭlĭbus lambebant gramĭnă rivis. *Cl.* ~ aggĕr (ĕlĕphanti). *Sil.* lignum. *H.* [† Lĕvĭs.] **2.** *Nimble, fleet.* ~ devŏlăt ĭn terram. *Lr.* pĕdĭbŭs. *Pl.* cursŭs ætatĭs. *Sen.* ventŭs. *O.* [† Cĕlĕr, răpĭdŭs, vŏlŭbĭlĭs, &c.] *See* CELER. **3.** *Changeable, inconstant, fickle.* ~ humŏr cœli; ætas. *V.* ~-ĭum turbă Quĭrĭtĭum. *H.* [† Lĕvĭs, inconstans, vărĭŭs, &c.; aura incertĭŏr.] *See* LEVIS.

MOBĬLĬTAS, ătĭs. *f. Moveableness, lightness of motion.* Lit. and fig. Mobĭlĭtatĕ vĭget, viresque acquirĭt ĕundo. *V.* ~ fulmĭnis. *Lr.* [† Lĕvĭtas, mottŭs, impĕtŭs.] *See* (*fig.*) INCONSTANTIA.

MOBĬLĬTĔR (*and comp.* MOBĬLĬŬS. *Lr.*). *Easily, lightly* (of motion). Quæ quum mobĭlĭter summa lĕvĭtatĕ fĕruntŭr. *Lr.* [† Lĕvĭtĕr.]

MOBĬLĬTO, as. *To put in motion.* Inde aer, inde omnĭă mobĭlĭtantŭr. *Lr. See* MOVEO.

MŎDĔRABĬLIS, ĕ. *That which can be ruled, controlled,* &c. Nox, ĕt ămor, vinumquĕ nĭhil mŏdĕrabĭlĭ suadent. *O.*

MŎDĔRANTĔR = Mŏdĕrate. *Lr.*

MŎDĔRAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. The act of managing, directing, guiding.* Lit. and fig. Inquĕ dĭem alĭpĕdum jus et mŏdĕramĕn ĕquorum. *O.* Căpĕrĕ rerum mŏdĕramĕn; c. mŏdĕramĭnă. *O.* [† Rĕgĭmĕn, ductŭs; clavŭs, hăbenæ.] *See* IMPERIUM.

MŎDĔRATE, *sts.* MŎDĔRATIM. *With moderation, moderately, by degrees.* Sed te, quæcunque est, mŏdĕrate injurĭă turbĕt. *O.* ~-ĭŭs utĕrĕ dono; opta. *O.* Mŏdĕratim crescĕrĕ. *Lr.* [† Mŏdĭce, mŏdeste, paulum.]

MŎDĔRATŎR, ŏrĭs. *m. One that directs, governs, guides,* &c.; sp. *used of drivers of horses, pilots, ploughers, anglers,* &c. Vincĭtŭr ars vento, nec jam mŏdĕratŏr hăbenis Utĭtŭr (*of the pilot*). *O.* ~ ĕquorum; ărundĭnĭs. *O.* ăratri. *Lr.* jŭventæ. *M.* pectĭnis unci. *Cl.* [† Rectŏr, gŭbernatŏr, dux, præsĕs: *sts.* măgistĕr, aurigă.]

MŎDĔRATRIX, icĭs. *f. One that directs,* &c. *f. See above.* Centeni mŏdĕratrix judĭcis hastă. *St.* ~ Cynthĭă noctis. *St.* [† Dux, gŭbernatrix, præsĕs.]

MŎDĔRATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* MODEROR. Used also adj. **1.** *Under self-government; moderate, temperate.* Nĕque ĕnim mŏdĕratŏr altĕr. *O.* [† Mŏdestŭs, mŏdĭcŭs.] **2.** *Checked, kept under; of moderate degree.* ~ venti. *O.* ~-ĭŏr eurŭs. *L.* [† Mŏdestŭs, mŏdĭcŭs, plăcĭdŭs, lenĭs.]

MŎDĔRŎR, arĭs. **1.** *To control, check, moderate.* Majus tormentum: qui non mŏdĕrabĭtŭr iræ. *H.* ~ ămori. *O.* [† Freno, compesco, continĕo, comprĭmo, cŏhĭbĕo, cŏercĕo, tempĕro, impĕro.] **Phr.** Pono frenă mŏdumquĕ iræ. *See* COHIBEO. **2.** *To rule, direct, guide* (applied to horses, &c.). Di mŏdĕrantes cunctă. *O.* ~ drăcones frenis. *O.* [† Rĕgo, gŭberno.] **3.** *Used of the player on a musical instrument.* ~ fĭdem. *H.* [† Tempĕro, impello.]

MŎDESTE. **1.** *With moderation.* Quaquĕ mŏdeste Munĭrĭco essĕ lĭcĕt. *O.* [† Mŏdĕrate, mŏdĭce, parce.] **2.** *Modestly, meekly, humbly.* Esses formosă mĭnŭs: pĕtĕrerĕ ~. *O.* Submittĕrĕ ~ fortunæ sŭæ vexillă. *St.* ~-ĭŭs irĕ. *O.* cum matrĕ lŏqui. *Sen.* [† Vĕrecunde, pŭdice, pŭdentĕr.]

MŎDESTIA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Moderation; a temperate, forbearing behaviour.* Reddĭdĭt intactam, mĭnŭitquĕ mŏdestĭă crimĕn. *O.* Et quæ debetur pars tŭæ mŏdestĭæ. *Ph.* [† Mŏdŭs, tempĕran-

tĭā, abstĭnentĭā.] 2. *Modesty* (in bearing and feeling). ∾ castigatæ frontĭs. *St.* Ep. Blandā, dĕcorā, plăcĭdā, hŏnestā, ingĕnŭā, virgĭnalĭs. Crcl. Vultŭs–mŏdestŭs, vĕrecundŭs. Mŏdestum os. Mŏdestā vultus. Vĕrecundā făcĭes. Casti vultus. Tĕnĕrā frons. *See* MODESTUS.

MŎDESTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Modest, unassuming* (in bearing and feeling). Nec pŭdĕat coram verbā mŏdestā lŏqui. *O.* ∾ ŏcŭli. *O.* occŭpăt obscuri spĕcĭem. *H.* ∾-ă votā. *L.* [¶ Mŏdĭcŭs, mŏdĕratŭs, vĕrecundŭs, pŭdens, pŭdĭbundŭs, pŭdĭcŭs.] Crcl. Plenŭs pŭdorĭs. ˘Ocŭlos dejectŭs. Frontĕ tĕnĕra. 2. *Moderate, not in excess.* Nutrirĕ nummos ∾-o quincuncĕ. *Pers.* [¶ Mŏdĭcŭs.] 3. *Calm, quiet.* Stagnā ∾-ā jăcent. *St.* [¶ Plăcĭdŭs, tranquillŭs.]

MŎDICE. 1. *Moderately.* Mŏdĭce et mŏdeste mĕlĭu' st vitam vivĕrĕ. *Pl.* ∾ flŭĕrĕ. *Lr.* [¶ Mŏdĕrate.] 2. *Modestly.* [¶ Mŏdeste.] 3. *In a moderate degree; a little.* Nĕquĕ ĕnim ∾ terrebăr. *O.* Subrisi ∾. *M.* [¶ Mŏdĭcum, mŏdeste, parce, paulum, mĕdĭocrĭtĕr, lĕvĭtĕr, pārum.] *See* PARUM.

MŎDĬCŬS, ă, um. 1. *Observing due measure and proportion; unassuming; ordinary.* Unus, qui mŏdĭcam dicĕrĕt, Hectŏr ĕrāt (de Andrŏmăchæ stātura). *O.* ∾-o grādu irĕ. *Pl.* ∾ civĭs. *L.* [¶ Mŏdestŭs, mŏdĕratŭs; *sts.* justŭs.] 2. *Moderate in desires.* Voti ∾. *Sil.* [¶ Mŏdestŭs.] 3. *Moderate in size and degree; small, not much.* Utăr ex ∾-o ăcervo. ∾ pătellā. *H.* frigŭs. *O.* [¶ Mĕdĭocrĭs, parvŭs, exĭgŭŭs, tĕnŭĭs, curtŭs; non ĭtā magnŭs.] 4. N. used subst. *A small quantity, a little.* ∾-um ŏlivi consumĕrĕ. *M.* ∾-o contentŭs. *J.* [¶ Pārum, paulum.]

MŎDĬUS, ĭi. *m. A Roman measure, rather more than an English peck.* Nam de millĕ făbæ mŏdĭis quum surripĭs unum. *H.*

MŎDŎ. *adv.* 1. *Just now, but now, but lately.* Irŭs ĕt est sŭbĭto, qui mŏdŏ Crœsŭs ĕrāt. *O.* [¶ Nupĕr, rĕcens, jam.] 2. Mŏdŏ . . . mŏdŏ. *Now* (one thing) . . . *now* (another). Perquĕ vĭces mŏdŏ 'Persĕphŏnĕ,' mŏdŏ 'fĭlĭā' clamăt. *O.* [The *modo* in the first clause is sts. understood; sts. answered by *nunc*, instead of *modo*, in the second; *e. g.:*] Nam *mŏdŏ* ducebam ducentĭā retĭā pisces, *Nunc* in molĕ sĕdens, &c. *O.* Sæpĕ nŏtatŭs Cum trĭbŭs anellis, *mŏdŏ* læva nudŭs ĭnani. *H.* [¶ Nunc . . . nunc.] 3. *Only.* Căpĭes: tu mŏdŏ tendĕ plăgas. *O.* [¶ Tantum, tantummŏdŏ.] 4. ∾ non. *Nearly, all but.* Mŏdŏ non gĕnŭs omnĕ pĕrosos. *V.* [¶ Tantum non.] *See* PÆNE. 5. = Dummodo. *Provided that.* ∾ vitā sŭperĭt. *V.* sĭt tŭbĭ fidŭs ămicŭs. *Pp.* *See* DUMMODO.

MŎDŬLĂTŎR, ōris. *m. A musician.* Optĭmŭs est mŏdŭlātŏr, ŭt Alfenus văfĕr omni &c. *H.* *See* CANTOR.

MŎDŬLĂTŬS, ă, um. 1. Part. act. *See* MODULOR. [¶ Mŏdŭlans, cănens.] 2. Part. pass. *Adjusted to a certain time* or *measure, modulated, musically played* or *sung.* Lesbĭo mŏdŭlātŭs civi (barbărŏ). *H.* ∾-ă dŏlorĕ verbā. *O.* [¶ Cantatŭs, dictŭs, *or* pulsatŭs, pulsŭs.]

MŎDŬLĂTŬS, us. *m. Music.* Cănoro saxā mŏdŭlatu trăhens. *Sen.* [¶ Cănŏr.]

MŎDŬLŎR, ārĭs. *To modulate, to sing, to play on an instrument.* Carmĭnā descripsi, et mŏdŭlans alternā nŏtavi. *V.* ∾ carmĭnā vocē. *O.* carmĭnā ăvena. *V.* [¶ Cāno, &c.] *See* C.

MŎDŬLUS, i. *m. A measure, means of measuring,* or *standard by which,* &c. Ponderĭbus mŏdŭlisquĕ suĭis rātĭo utĭtŭr. *H.* Metiri se sŭo ∾-o ac pĕdĕ. *H.* [¶ Mensurā.]

MŎDUS, i. *m.* 1. *A mode, method; a way, manner.* Et quo quemquĕ mŏdo fŭgĭasquĕ fĕrasquĕ lăborem. *V.* Pallerĕ ∾-is miris. *V.* Tentarĕ millĕ ∾-is. *H.* [¶ Rātĭo, vĭā.] 2. Mŏdo, ˘In mŏdum (*with gen.*). *After the manner of, like unto, as.* Fulmĭnis actā ∾-o. *V.* ˘Apis morĕ ∾-oquĕ. *H.* Surgĕrĕ ĭn ∾-um tŭmŭli. *O.* [¶ Morĕ, mŏdoquĕ; tanquam.] 3. *Measure, dimension.* ∾ ăgri non ĭtā magnŭs. *H.* [¶ Mensurā, mŏdŭlŭs.] Fig. 4. *A right* or *due measure, moderation, moderate condition.* Est ∾ ĭn rebŭs &c. *H.* ∾-um servarĕ. *V.* tĕnŭĭssĕ. *O.* Illis irā ∾-um sŭpra est. *V.* Privati fugissĕ ∾-um. *Cl.* [¶ Limĕs, termĭnŭs, mŏdŭlŭs, mŏdestĭā.] 5. *A term, end.* Jamquĕ mĕro ludoquĕ ∾. *V. Fl.* Exĭtĭs pŏsĭtŭrā ∾-um. *V.* *See* FINIS. 6. ∾ Dorĭŭs, Lydŭs, Phrygĭŭs. *The Dorian, Lydian, Phrygian strain in music.* *See* DORIUS, &c. 7. Mŏdi, orum. *m. pl. Any kind of measured musical sound; used of instrumental music; and of any verse.* Dant pĕr collā ∾-os cănoros (cycni). *V.* Luderĕ carmĭnā Nillăcis ∾-is. *O.* Tentarĕ regum gratĭam Piĕrĭis ∾-is. *H.* ∾-i vārĭi concordant. *O.* discordes. *St.* [¶ Nūmĕri, cantŭs, carmĕn, &c.] *See* CANTUS.

MŒCHĂ, æ. *f. An adulteress; a harlot. H.* *See* ADULTERA, MERETRIX.

MŒCHŎR, ārĭs. *To commit adultery. H.* *See* ADULTERIUM.

MŒCHUS, i. *m. An adulterer, fornicator. H.*

MŒNĬA, ĭum. *n. pl.* 1. *The walls of towns.* O fortunati quorum jam mœnĭā surgunt! *V.* [¶ Muri; *sts.* aggĕr, munimentā, munimĭnā, propugnacŭlā; aggĕrā murorum.] Ep. Altā, edĭtā, ardŭā, celsā, sublimĭā, magnā, ingentĭā, sŭperbā, pinnatā, ĭnaccessā, tutā, fidā. Crcl. Murorum –aggĕr, moles, muniměn, mĭnæ, fastigĭā. Urbĭs mœnĭā. Phr. *To build the walls of a town.* Mœnĭā *or* murum –duco, educo, attollo, condo, lŏco, pono, strŭo, constĭtŭo, mollĭŏr. Oppĭdā mœnĭbŭs *or* muris –amplectŏr, cingo, circumdo, vallo, munĭo, trĭplĭci muro circumdo. Muros aggĕrĕ tutos servo. 2. Hence—*The town itself. V.* *See* URBS. 3. *Fig.* ∾ cœli. *O.* mundi. *Lr.* victā fratri mĕo (de Alpĭbŭs). *Sil.*

MŒRĔO, es (*no perf.*). 1. Intr. *To grieve, to be sad.* Mœrĕāt hæc gĕnĕro, mœrĕāt illā vĭro. *Tib.* [¶ Dŏlĕo, indŏlĕo, &c.] Crcl. Mœstŭs (tristŭs, afflictŭs) sum. *See* DOLEO. 2. Tr. *To lament over, bemoan.* ∾ translatos ălĭo ămores. *H.* ĕuntem. *V. Fl.*

MŒRŎR, orĭs. *m. Grief, affliction.* Aut ăd hŭmum mœrorĕ grăvi deducĭt ĕt angĭt. *H.* [¶ Mœstĭtĭā, dŏlŏr, angŏr, luctŭs, tristĭtĭā, &c.] *See* DOLOR.

MŒSTUS, ă, um. 1. *Sad, sorrowful.* In somnis ecce ante ŏcŭlos mœstissĭmŭs Hectŏr. *V.* ∾-is præsĭdĭum rĕis. *H.* [¶ Mœrens, afflictŭs, dŏlens, tristĭs; *sts.* ægĕr.] Crcl. Dŏlorĕ *or* mœrorĕ –oppressŭs, confectŭs, ægĕr, perclĭtŭs. Acri dŏlorĕ –fixŭs, accensŭs. Sŭbĭto d. turbatŭs (mentem turbatŭs). Curis ægĕr. Fŭrĭis dŏlorĭs ăgĭtatŭs. Pectŏrā adstrictā dŏlorĕ. *See* DOLEO. 2. *Expressive of sadness.* ∾-æ voces. *V.* gĕnæ. *O.* [¶ Tristis, flebĭlis, funĕbrĭs.] 3. Sp. *Used of the dress, rites,* &c., *of mourning for the dead.* ∾ vestis. *Pp.* ∾-æ aræ. *V.* [¶ Funĕbrĭs, funĕrĕŭs, atĕr.]

MŎLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A mill-stone.* Et quæ pumĭcĕas versăt ăsellā mŏlas. *O.* 2. *A sacrificial cake of meal and salt.* Spargĕrĕ căpŭt ∾-a salsa. *H.* Spargĕrĕ ∾-am. *V.* Crcl. Salsæ fruges. Salsā farrā. Far plum, ĕt sălĭens micā (*or* cum sălĭentĕ mica).

MŎLĂRĬS, ĭs. *m.* (sc. lapis.) 1. *A stone suitable for a mill-stone; any very large stone.* Dextraquĕ mŏlarem Sustŭlĭt, et magnum magno conamĭnĕ misĭt. *O.* Effundĭt vastos ballistā

∾-es. *L.* [† Lăpĭs, saxum.] **2.** ∾ (sc. dens). *A cheek-tooth, a grinder. J. See* DENS.

MOLES, ĭs. *f.* **1.** *A mass, a vast heap of matter; any thing constructed of great size* or *height.* Molemque et montes insŭpĕr altos Impŏsŭĭt. *V.* ∾ mundi; immanĭs æqui. *V.* surgentĭs prŏfundi. *Sil.* ∾ (*pl.*) murorum. *V.* ∾ nubĭbŭs ardŭis prŏpinquă. *H.* [† Massă, pondŭs; *sts.* machĭnă, ăcervŭs, cŭmŭlŭs.] **Ep.** Grăvĭs, magnă, vastă, ingens, immanĭs, altă. **Crcl.** Mollĭs ŏnŭs. Massæ pondŭs. **2.** *Matter.* (Chăŏs) rŭdĭs indigestăquĕ ∾. *O.* Mens ăgĭtăt ∾-em. *V. See* MATERIA. **3.** *A mass sunk into the water, as a foundation for upper constructions; an embankment, pier.* Saxĕă pilă magnis ∾-ĭbŭs constructă. *V.* Multa ∾-ĕ dŏcendŭs prato parcĕrĕ (rivŭs). *H.* [† Aggĕr.] **Phr.** *To form dams* or *breakwaters.* Mollĭbŭs (dejectis rupĭbŭs, cæmentis) undas (æquŏr) obstrŭo. **4.** *Massy size, stature,* &c. Vasta se ∾-ĕ mŏventem. *V.* [† Pondŭs, corpŭs.] *See* MAGNITUDO. **5.** *A dense, massy body* or *band.* Densa ∾-ĕ fĕruntŭr. *V.* Arctă ∾ vĭrum. *V. Fl.* [† Turbă, agmĕn, nŭmĕrŭs.] Fig. **6.** *Mass, weight.* Vis consĭli expers ∾-ĕ rŭĭt sŭa. *H.* **7.** *Great labour, difficulty.* Tantæ ∾-ĭs ĕrăt &c. *V.* [† Lăbŏr, ŏpŭs, pondŭs.] **8.** Sts. *Weight, dignity, importance.* ∾-ĕ dĕi (turbari). *V. Fl.*

MŎLESTE. **1.** *Disagreeably, so as to displease and trouble.* Turpe inceděrĕ, mimĭce et mŏleste. *Cat.* **2.** ∾ fĕro, &c. *To be displeased at, to take ill. Aus.* [† Ægre, grăvĭtĕr.]

MŎLESTĬA, æ. *f. Vexation, uneasiness, annoyance.* (Mŏlestŭs.) *Ter.* [† Cură, sollĭcĭtudo, nĕgotĭum, incommŏdum.]

MŎLESTUS, ă, um. **1.** *Troublesome, causing trouble, annoying.* Clazŏmĕnis, ĕtĭam lites cum regĕ mŏlestas. *H.* ∾ sermonĕ. *H.* hăberi. *O.* Dŏmĭnæ ∾-ă est (cură tŭă). *O.* [† Grăvĭs, importunŭs, ŏdĭosŭs, incommŏdŭs, invisŭs, ingratŭs, injucundŭs.] **2.** Sts. *Forced, affected.* Effŭgĭant ceræ verbă mŏlestă tŭæ. *O.* **3.** Mŏlestă tŭnĭcă. *A vest made of combustible materials for those sentenced to be burnt alive. J. M.*

MOLIMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* **1.** *An effort, great exertion.* Annosam pinum magno molimĭnĕ tentăt. *O. See* CONATUS. **2.** Fig. *The means prepared, exertions made to an end* (such as are considerable). Magnă quĭdem rerum molimĭnă vidĭt ĭn illis. *O.* Ipsum scĕlĕrĭs molimĕn. *O.* [† Moles, păratŭs.]

MOLIŎR, īrĭs. **1.** *To pile up, heap on; to raise, build.* Ergo ăvĭdus muros optatæ mollĭŏr urbis. *V.* ˘Aquĭlonĭs stridŏr molitŭr nĭvcs. *Vet. Poet. ap. Cic.* ∾ arcem; classem. *V.* [† Aggĕro (as *or* Is), ăcervo, strŭo, cxstrŭo, &c.] *See* AGGERO, FUNDO (as). **2.** *To set in motion, to stir* or *raise with difficulty.* ∾ terram ăratro. *V.* arvă ferro. *Lr.* saxum prĕhensum. *V. Fl.* bĭpennem ĭn vites. *V.* **3.** Ext. *To hurl.* ∾ fulmĭnă dextra. *V. See* JACULOR. Fig. **4.** *To prepare to execute something difficult, to project, attempt, plan.* ∾ trĭumphos. *O.* dŏlos ŏpertos; natum morti subducĕrĕ. *V. Fl.* nil ĭnepte. *H.* [† Păro, volvo, ăgĭto, verso, aggrĕdĭŏr, tento, suscĭpĭo, mĕdĭtŏr, strŭo, cogĭto.] **5.** ∾ ĭtĕr, vĭam, gressum, fŭgam, &c. *To go, move on one's way, make one's way,* &c. ∾ dătum ĭtĕr; vĭam clŷpĕi pĕr oras. *V.* huc sĕniles grădus. *Sen.* gressus ăb Ætna. *Cl.*

MOLITŎR, orĭs. *m. A maker, builder.* Primæquĕ rătis molitŏr ˘Iason. *O.* [† Făbrĭcatŏr, auctŏr.]

MOLLESCO, ĭs. **1.** *To become soft.* Tentatum ∾-ĭt ĕbur. *O.* [† Mollĭŏr, rĕmollesco; *sts.* lĭquesco, lĭquĕfio, tabesco, solvŏr.] **Crcl.** Mollĭs *or* tĕnĕr fio. Mollĭtĭem-duco, trăho. Rĭgorem *or* durĭtĭem -pono, depono, exŭo. Fig. **2.** *To grow effeminate, unmanly. O.* [† Enervŏr, frangŏr, solvŏr.] **Crcl.** Mollĭs *or* tĕnĕr fio. **3.** *To grow gentle, become civilized.* Pectŏrĕ ∾-unt, aspĕrĭtasquĕ fŭgĭt. *O.* [† Mitesco, mansuesco, &c.] *See* MANSUESCO.

MOLLICELLUS, ă, um = Mollĭcŭlŭs. *Cat.*

MOLLICŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Mollis. Quod sint mollĭcŭli parum pŭdicum. *Cat.*

MOLLIO, is. **1.** *To soften, to make pliant, supple.* Usquĕ lăborantes dum ferrum mollĭăt ignis. *H.* ∾ lanam trăhendo; ceram pollĭcĕ. *O.* [† Emollĭo; *sts.* solvo.] **Crcl.** Mollem *or* tĕnĕrum -făcĭo, effĭcĭo, reddo. Rĭgorem *or* durĭtĭem -ădĭmo, demo, tollo.] Fig. **2.** *To soften* (improve) *by cultivation* (of wild fruits, &c.); *to make gentle, appease, allay.* ∾ fructus fĕros cŏlendo; ănĭmos. *V.* fŭrentem ira. *O.* implĭă Thracum pectŏrĕ. *H.* [† Lenĭo, mitĭgo, &c.] *See* MANSUEFACIO, PLACO. **3.** *To lessen, lighten, relieve.* ∾ grăvĕ ŏpŭs nŭmĕro; pœnam. *O.* [† Lĕvo, lenĭo, mĭnŭo.]

MOLLIS, ĕ. **1.** *Soft to the touch.* ∾ lană. *V.* Fusis ∾-ĭă pensă devolvunt. *V.* ∾ cĕrĕbrum. Quĭd mollĭŭs unda? *O.* [† Tĕnĕr; *sts.* mollĭcŭlŭs.] **2.** *Supple, flexible.* ∾-ĭă membrā rĕponĭt (ĕquŭs); collă rĕflectunt. *V.* [† Flexĭlis, flexĭbĭlis, făcĭlis, lentŭs.] **3.** *Easy, soft in motion.* Pilentis ĭn ∾-ĭbŭs. *V.* ∾ fĕretrum. *V.* **4.** *Tender, delicate.* ∾ lăctŭs. *O.* [† Tĕnĕr.] **5.** *Easy, gentle* (of the incline of a hill). ∾-i clivo jŭgum demittĕrĕ. *V.* tramĭtĕ declĭvis ripă. *O.* **6.** *Light, gentle* (of touch). *O.* [† Lĕvis.] **7.** *Mellow, soft to the taste.* Mollissĭmă vină. *V.* [† Mitis.] **8.** *Gentle, calm, mild.* Ibăt mollĭŏr undis (Euphrates). *V.* ∾ frĕtum. *O.* æstas. *V.* ∾-es zĕphŷri. *O.* [† Lenis, mitis, plăcĭdŭs, &c.] *See* TRANQUILLUS. Fig. **9.** *Soft-hearted, weak, effeminate.* ∾-es ăd bellă mănus. *O.* cŏlumbæ. *H.* ∾ pĕcŭs. *V.* Tărentum; ĭnertĭă. *H.* [† Tĕnĕr, imbellis, infirmŭs, ĭners, debĭlis, fractŭs.] **10.** Sp. *Used of eunuchs. Cl. Sen.* **11.** *Licentious, immodest, obscene. O. See* IMPUDICUS. **12.** *Easily inclining to, given to, yielding.* ∾ ĭn obsĕquĭum; lăcrĭmis. Cor ∾-ĕ ăd nostras prĕces. *O.* [† Făcĭlis, tractabĭlis.] **13.** *Sensitive, of delicate feelings.* ∾-es aurĭcŭlæ. *H.* [† Tĕnĕr.] **14.** *Mild, gentle, easy to be entreated.* Haud ∾-ĭă jussă. *V.* ˘Egŏ, illis ∾-ĭor &c. *H.* [† Mitis, lenis, clemens, mansuetŭs, făcĭlis, &c.] *See* BENIGNUS. **15.** *Smooth, easy* (of style of writing). ∾-e atquĕ făcetum Virgĭlĭo annŭĕrunt Cămenæ. *H.* **16.** *Easy, peaceful, pleasant.* ∾-ĕ sĭt omnĕ ævum. *O.* ∾-i umbræ succedĕrĕ. *V.* ∾-es somni. *V.* anni. *M. See* JUCUNDUS, FELIX. **17.** Mollĭă tempŏrā, &c. *A favorable time, season,* &c. ∾-issĭmă fandi tempŏrā. *V.* Votis ∾-ĭŏr horā. *O.* Vĭri ∾-es ădĭtus. *V.* **18.** Mollis vultŭs, &c. *A countenance blushing easily.* ∾-i fiăt ĭn orĕ pŭdŏr. *O.* [So *tenera frons;* opposed to *os durum.*]

MOLLITĔR. **1.** *Softly, gently, delicately.* Tethys mĭsĕrătā cădentem Mollĭtĕr excepĭt. *O.* ∾ incedĭt. *O.* ossā quĭescunt. *V.* Æră mollĭŭs excudĕrĕ. *V.* [† Mollĕ, plăcĭdē.] Fig. **2.** *With kindness.* ∾-ĭŭs ĕt matrum de morĕ lŏqui. *V.* ∾ excĭpĕrĕ qm. *O.* [† Lenĭtĕr, clementĕr, bĕnigne.] **3.** *Pleasantly.* ∾ fallĕrĕ lăborem. *H.* [† Jucunde, grate, suavĭtĕr.]

MOLLITIES, ei. *f.* (MOLLITIA, æ. *Pl.*) *Softness; kindness; effeminacy, voluptuous living.* Heu! ŭbĭ mollĭtĭes pectŏrĭs istā tĭbĭ? *O.* ∾ ănĭmi. *Ter.* vocis. *Cl.* [† Lenĭtas; luxŭs, luxŭrĭă, luxŭrĭes, delĭcĭæ, lnertĭă.]

MŎLO, ĭs, ŭi, ĭtum. *To grind* (in a mill). tr. and intr. Lit. and fig. Si te inde exemĕrim, ĕgŏ pro

te mŏlam. *Ter.* [¶ Emŏlo, permŏlo, frango, tĕro, contĕro, attĕro.] **Crcl.** Mŏla *or* saxo –frango, tĕro, contĕro, contundo, sŭbigo, dŏmo, perdŏmo, commĭnŭo. Fracturo sĭlĭci subdo. **Phr.** 1. *To turn the stone.* Mŏlam (orbem, saxum) assĭdŭis ĭgnĭs rŏto *or* concĭto. 2. *The corn ground.* Tritā Cĕres (C. frendentĭbŭs saxis edĭtā) rāpĭdo āb ictu decurrĭt.

Mŏlossŭs, ă, um. *Of Molossia, a district of Epirus;* sp. (sc. canis) *a species of hound.* Veloces Spartæ cătŭlos acremquĕ Mŏlossum. *V.*

Momentum, i. *n.* 1. *That which sets a thing in motion.* Si sĭnĕ momento rerum partisquĕ ruĭna Casurum est căpŭt hoc. *L.* Fig. 2. *Influence, impulse, determining weight* or *consideration.* Sic ănĭmŭs . . . nutăt &c. momentăquĕ sumĭt ŭtroquĕ. *O.* ~ rerum (Curĭo). *L.* Non sŭmŭs ponderā rerum ĕt ~-ă. *L.* [¶ Pondŭs, vis.] 3. *Additional weight* or *power, strength in aid. L.* Præbĕt ~-ă sălŭti. *O.* [¶ Adjumentum, auxĭlĭum.] 4. *A moment, instant of time. O.* **Crcl.** Tempŏrĭs–momentum, punctum. Tempŭs–brĕvĕ, exĭgŭum, angustum. Brĕvĕ spătĭum. Parvā (parvŭlā) mŏrā. Tempŭs haud longum.

Mŏnaulŏs, *or* **Mŏnaulŭs**, i. *m. A flute consisting of one pipe, a single flute.* Sæpĕ dŭas pārĭter, sæpĕ mŏnaulŏn hăbĕt. *M.*

Mŏnedŭla, æ. *f. A jackdaw.* Nigrā pĕdes, nigris velatā mŏnedŭlā pennis. *O.*

Mŏnĕo, es. 1. *To warn, caution; to inform, instruct.* Hæc sunt quæ nostra lĭcĕat te vocĕ mŏneri. *V.* [¶ Admŏnĕo, commŏnĕo, monstro, indĭco, dŏcĕo, præcĭpĭo, hortŏr, suadĕo, nuntĭo.] 2. *To admonish, to remind.* Mŏnĭtŭs multumquĕ mŏnendŭs. *H.* [¶ Rĕpreĥendo, castigo, increpo.] 3. *To forewarn, predict.* Quum multā horrendā mŏnerĕt (Hĕlĕnŭs). *V.* Aris verā mŏnentĭbŭs. *St. See* Prædico.

I. **Mŏnĕta**, æ. *f. Coined money, coinage.* Lit. and fig. Victăquĕ concedit priscā mŏnetā nŏvæ. *O.* Communi mŏneta carmĕn fĕrirĕ. *J.* [¶ Nummŭs, nŏmismā.] *See* Pecunia.

II. **Mŏnĕta**, æ. *f. A surname of Juno. C. D.* Qua fert sublimes altā Mŏnetā grādus. *O.*

Mŏnĭlĭa, ĭs. *n. A necklace; a neck ornament for animals.* Fillŭs, et pœnæ causā mŏnĭlĭ fŭit. *O.* Pendebant tĕrĕti gemmatā mŏnĭlĭā collo (de cervo). *O.* [¶ Torques, torquĭs, circŭlŭs.] **Ep.** Auratum, aurĕum, baccatum, gemmĕum, dĕcorum, prĕtĭosum, mĭcans, nĭtens, nobĭlĭ, suspensum. **Crcl.** Baccatŭs (gemmatŭs, aurĕŭs, auri) circŭlŭs. Obtorti pĕr collum auri circŭlŭs. Tortĭlĭ *or* textĭlĭ colli dĕcŭs. Gemmis contextā torques. **Phr.** 1. *Of the necklace, as seen on the neck.* Aurĕā (lunatā, suspensā, demissā) mŏnĭlĭā collum (*or pl.*) ornant (incendunt). Mŏnĭlĭā &c. pectŏrĭbŭs demissā pendent. Flexĭlĭs auri circŭlŭs (mŏnĭlĭ dĕcens, lăpĭs) collā ornāt (ĭt summo pectŏrĕ). Ignĕā gemmā collo cŏruscāt *or* splendĕt. **Phr.** 2. *To put on a necklace.* Longā mŏnĭlĭā collo do *or* circumdo. Pectŭs ~Eois lăpillis vārĭo.

Mŏnĭtŏr, ŏrĭs. *m.* 1. *One who gives advice, warning,* &c. Hæc ĕgŏ si, mŏnĭtor, mŏnĭtus prĭŭs ipsĕ fŭissem. *O.* [¶ Mŏnens, admŏnĭtŏr, suasŏr, auctŏr, &c.] *See* Impulsor. 2. *One who admonishes, takes to task.* ~-ĭbŭs aspĕr. *H.* [¶ Censŏr, castigatŏr.]

Mŏnĭtum, i. *n., and* **Mŏnĭtŭs**, us. *m.* 1. *An admonition, warning.* Dixĕrāt: illĕ Jŏvis mŏnĭtis intentā tĕnebăt Lumĭnā. *V.* [¶ Hortatŭs, hortamĕn, mandatum, instinctŭs, impulsŭs, consĭlĭum, præceptum; *sts.* vŏluntas, numĕn.] 2. *A forewarning, prediction.* Matrĭs Carmentĭs ~-ā. *V.* Fatorum ~-us (*pl.*) &c. *St. See* Oraculum.

Mŏnĭtŭs, us. *See* Monitum.

Mons, tĭs. *m.* 1. *A high hill, a mountain.* Millĕ mĕæ Sĭcŭlis errant in montĭbŭs agnæ. *V.* [¶ Moles, arx, arces, culmĕn, vertex, căcumĕn, fastigĭā, rupes, saxum, scŏpŭlŭs, jŭgum, jŭgā, collĭs, tŭmŭlŭs, ardŭā (*n. pl.*).] **Ep.** Ardŭŭs, excelsŭs, aĕrĭŭs, altŭs, edĭtŭs; præruptŭs, avĭŭs, inaccessŭs, aspĕr, rĭgĭdŭs, saxosŭs, scŏpŭlosŭs; nĕmŏrosŭs, frondens, frondosŭs, intonsŭs, vĭrĭdĭs, ŏpacŭs, umbrĭfĕr, nimbosŭs; astris contermĭnŭs. **Crcl.** Montĭs–vertex, culmĕn, culmĭnā, căpŭt, ăpex, căcumĕn, fastigĭā, sŭpercĭlĭum, dorsum, lătŭs. Montĭs ardŭā. Ardŭā terrarum. Montanā căcumĭnā. Montĭs culmĭnā. Montes frondoso vertĭcĕ. Saxā mĭnantĭā cœlo. Montĭs sublimĕ căcumĕn. M. vicinā cœlo căcumĭnā. **Phr.** 1. *Of a very high mountain.* ~In astrā (ĭn aĕrā, ĭn auras, ĭn nubes, ād astrā) surgĭt (se tollĭt, vertĭcĕ fertŭr *or* ăbĭt). Siderā &c. vertĭcĕ –tangĭt, pulsăt, pĕtĭt. Tollĭt căpŭt ād astrā. Nubĭbŭs căpŭt insertăt. Căpŭt intĕr nubes condĭt. Ardŭo surgĭt jŭgo. 2. *Of a chain of hills.* Tellus ardŭā celsos colles contĭnŭăt. *Fig.* 2. Præruptŭs āquæ mons. *V.* ~-es auri pollĭcerĕ. *Ter.* magnos promittĕrĕ. *Pers.* [¶ Moles, cŭmŭlŭs, ăcervŭs.] 3. *A huge mass* or *block of stone,* &c. Fertŭr ĭn abruptum magno mons impŭlsŭs actu. *V.* ~-ĭbŭs Graiis effultā (atrĭā). *St. See* Saxum, Marmor.

Monstratŏr, ŏrĭs. *m. One who shows, points out, makes known.* Uncĭquĕ pŭer monstratŏr ārātri. *V.* Sācri ~ ĭnĭqui. *O.*

Monstrĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *That brings forth monsters.* Implā monstrĭfĕris surgunt jam prœlĭā campis. *V. Fl.*

Monstrĭfĭcŭs, ă, um. *Marvellous, monstrous.* Omnĭbŭs artes Monstrĭfĭcæ. *V. Fl.*

Monstro, as. 1. *To show, point out.* Tectā rāpit, silvas, inventăquĕ flumĭnā monstrăt. *V.* ~ ĭtĕr; qd indĭcĕ dĭgĭto. *H.* [¶ Ostendo, indĭco, commonstro, &c.] *See* Ostendo. 2. *To lay open, discover. See* Detego. 3. *To show how, teach, make known.* ~ ĭnŭlas incŏquĕrĕ. *H.* pĕr excŭbĭas lenĭtĕr irĕ. *O.* [¶ Dŏcĕo.] 4. *To recommend, direct.* ~Abŏlerĕ vĭri mŏnŭmentā sācerdos ~-ăt. *V.* [¶ Præcĭpĭo, mŏnĕo, jŭbĕo.] 5. Sts. *To bid, to urge.* Conferrĕ mānum pŭdŏr, irăquĕ ~-ăt. *V. See* Stimulo.

Monstrosŭs, ă, um. *Prodigious, monstrous.* Monstrosique hŏmĭnum partus nŭmĕroquĕ mŏdoquĕ. *L.* [¶ Portentosŭs, prodĭgĭosŭs; *sts.* dissors *or* discors.]

Monstrum, i. *n.* 1. *Any thing out of the usual course of nature; any thing prodigious, portentous.* Monstrā dĕum rĕlĭĕro. *V.* Quidquĭd ~-o portendĭtŭr illo. *O.* [¶ Prodĭgĭum, ostentum, &c.] *See* Prodigium. 2. *A monster* (of animals). [¶ Portentum; *sts.* bellŭā.] **Ep.** Immanĕ, ingens, dirum, fatalĕ, tristĕ, exĭtĭalĕ, horrendum, turpĕ, informĕ.] 3. *Used of persons of fearful, dangerous qualities,* &c. Thălămos ascendĕrĕ ~-i (sc. Medeæ). *V. Fl.* Fatalĕ ~ (sc. Clĕŏpatrā). *H.* 4. *Used of the marvellous and prodigious in sayings and doings.* ~-ă ĕt portentā lŏqui. *Lr.*

Montanŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to a mountain.* Incĭdĭt, aut rāpĭdus montano flumĭnĕ torrens. *V.* ~-ā căcumĭnā. *O.* 2. *Living in the mountains.* ~ lŭpŭs; ~-ā numĭnā (Panes). *O.* [¶ Montĭcŏlā.] 3. *Mountainous.* ~ Dalmătĭā. *O.*

Montĭcŏla, æ. *m. f. One that dwells in the mountains.* Fauniquĕ, Sătyrique et montĭcŏlæ Silvani. *O.* [¶ Montanŭs, montĭvăgŭs.]

Montĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing a mountain* (*i. e.* lying under it). Et montĭfĕrum Titanā pāti. *Sen.*

Montĭvăgŭs, ă, um. *Wandering upon the mountains.* Montĭvăgo gĕnĕri possit præbĕrĕ fĕrarum. *Lr.* ∾-i Panĕs. *Sen.* [¶ Montanŭs, montĭcŏlă.]

Montosŭs, ă, um. *Mountainous.* Et te montosæ misere in prœlĭă Musæ. *V.* [¶ Montanŭs, scŏpŭlosŭs, saxosŭs, clivosŭs; *sts.* præruptŭs, abruptŭs.] **Crcl.** Montĭbŭs (scŏpŭlis, saxis) -crebĕr, frĕquens, ardŭŭs, scăbĕr.

Mŏnŭmentum, *or* **Mŏnimentum**, i. *n.* **1.** *Any thing serving as a monument, memorial, token.* Ferrĕ sŭi dĕdĕrat mŏnŭmentum et pignŭs ămorĭs. *V.* Măndŭum ∾-ă mĕarum. *V.* Sævĭtiæ ∾-ă. *O.* [¶ Pignŭs, indĭcĭum, signum, nŏtă; *sts.* exemplum, rellĭquiæ, mnemŏsŷnŏn.] **2.** *A memorial-building, a monument.* Lit. and fig. ∾ ærĕ pĕrennĭŭs. *H.* **3.** Sp. *A sepulchral monument. O. See* **Sepulcrum.** **4.** Pl. *Historical records.* Vĕtĕrum volvens ∾-ă vĭrorum. *V.* [¶ Annales, fasti.] *See* **Historia.**

Mŏra, æ. *f.* **1.** *Delay.* Troją cădet, sĕd ĕrit nostri mŏrĕ longă lăborĭs. *O.* Quæ seris ∾ noctĭbŭs obstĕt. *V.* Quæ tantæ tĕnŭĕrĕ ∾-æ? *V.* [¶ Cunctatĭo, segnĭtĭes.] **Ep.** Tardă, lentă, segnis, longă, Iners, ignavă.] **Crcl.** Mŏræ -spĕtĭum, tempŭs, dispendĭă. **2.** Haud mŏrĕ. *At once, instantly.* [¶ Nec mŏrĕ, nullă mŏra est, sĭnĕ mŏra, nulla mŏra, brĕvi.] *See* B. **3.** *Length of time,* or *long time, protracted time.* ∾ dăt vires; concŏquĭt uvas. *O.* Majores In lucĕ mŏræ. *L.* [¶ Tempŭs.] *See* T. **4.** *That which delays* or *hinders* (of things). ∾-æ loricæ. *V.* portarum. *St. See* **Obex.** **5.** *Used of persons.* Pugnæ nodumquĕ mŏramquĕ (˘Abantem). *V.*

Moratŭs, ă, um (*from* Mores). **1.** Us. with bĕnĕ *or* mălĕ. *Of such and such manners and habits.* Lit. and fig. Placarĕ vŏracĭs, Et mălĕ morati pŏtĕris jejunĭă ventrĭs. *O.* Queis ∾ morĭbŭs. *Ter.* **2.** Bĕnĕ moratum ŏpŭs, &c. *A composition in which the manners and characters are well drawn, in keeping,* &c. ∾-ă recte fabŭlă. *H.*

Morbĭdŭs, ă, um. *Causing disease, unhealthy.* Morbĭdă vis hŏmĭnum gĕnĕri pĕcŭdumquĕ cătervis. *Lr.* ∾ aer.

Morbosŭs, ă, um. *Diseased.* Morbosi părĭter, gĕmelli ŭtriquĕ. *Cat.*

Morbŭs, i. *m. A disease, illness.* Lit. and fig. Pallĭdăque exsangui squalebant corpŏrĕ morbo. *O.* Ponĕrĕ insignĭă ∾-i. *H.* Mentĭs ∾-o călerĕ. *H.* [¶ Languŏr; *sts.* mălum, dŏlŏr, fĕbrĭs.] **Ep.** Acĕr, ăcerbŭs, vĭŏlentŭs, longŭs, languĭdŭs, insomnĭs, mŏlestŭs, grăvĭs, pallĭdŭs, exsanguĭs, dirŭs, crudelĭs, insanabĭlĭs, immĕdĭcabĭlĭs, letĭfĕr. **Crcl.** Morbi -vis, dŏlŏr, crŭcĭatŭs, sævĭtĭă; *sts.* lŭes, contagĭă. **Phr.** *Of the effect of disease,* &c., *upon the body.* Morbŭs corpŭs *or* corpŏrĕ debĭlĭtăt (extĕnŭăt, torquĕt, crŭcĭăt, discrŭcĭăt). Morbŭs -măcĭe corpŭs exĕdĭt;—vires debĭlĭtăt (decerpĭt, frangĭt). *See* Ægroto, Febris, Pestis.

Mordacĭtĕr, *and comp.* **Mordacĭŭs.** *Bitingly, severely.* Lima mordacĭŭs uti. *O.*

Mordax, acĭs. **1.** *That which bites.* ∾ cănĭs. *Pl.* **2.** *That which stings, cuts, rasps.* ∾ urtĭcă; pumex. *O.* ∾-aci ferro ictă (pinŭs). *O. See* **Acutus.** **3.** *Sharp to the taste, pungent.* Lit. and fig. ∾-aci ăceto lotŭs. *Pers.* ∾ fĕl. *O.* Livĭdŭs ĕt ∾. *H.* ∾ carmĕn. *O.* invĭdĭă. *Ph.* [¶ ˘Amarŭs, ăcerbŭs, acĕr, aspĕr.] **Phr.** *Biting, satirical writings.* Chartæ sălĕ prurĭentĕ tinctæ. *See* **Satira.** **4.** *Corroding* (gnawing away). ∾-es sollĭcĭtudĭnes. *H.* [¶ ˘Edax.]

Mordĕo, es, mŏmordi, morsum. **1.** *To bite with teeth, fangs,* &c. Mordebitquĕ tŭos sordĭdă prædă cănes. *O.* Dipsăs calcată mŏmordĭt. *L.* [¶ *Sts* Admordĕo.] **Crcl.** Morsus -infĕro, exercĕo Dentes -figo, infigo, prĕmo In. Morsu (dentĕ, dentĭbŭs) -occŭpo, arrĭpio, pĕto, appĕto, prenso, lăcesso, lædo, depascŏr, lănio, lăcĕro, dilăcĕro, discerpo, vello, divello, discindo, libo. Morsus verto In. **2.** ∾ frenum. *To champ the bit. M.* [¶ Mando.] **3.** ∾ terram, &c. *To bite the dust* (of a man falling to the ground, wounded or slain); *to hold fast by the earth, soil,* &c. (of a tree, anchor, &c.). Procŭbŭit mŏrĭens, ĕt hŭmum sĕmĕl orĕ mŏmordĭt. *V.* **Crcl.** *Of the man.* Hŭmum crŭentam (arvă hostĭlĭă) mando, *or* morsu appĕto. *Of the anchor in the act of casting.* Morsu *or* dentĕ tĕnaci terram &c. appĕtĭt. *When cast.* Naves m. *or* d. t. fundăt. **4.** *To clasp, hold tight together* (as with teeth). ∾-ĕt lătĕrum juncturas fibŭlă. *V.* summam vestem fibŭlă. *O.* laxum sĭnum gemmă. *Cl.* [¶ Rĕtĭnĕo, adstringo, constringo, lĭgo, necto.] **5.** *To gnaw, chew, eat.* ∾ sordes farrĭs cănini. *J.* cæpĕ. *Pers. See* ˘Edo. **6.** *To bite* (as a file), *to rasp, eat* (rub, wear) *away.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ĕt rurĕ ăqua (Lirĭs). *H.* lĭbrum limă (censorĭs). *M.* [¶ Abrado, stringo.] **8.** *To hurt, injure.* Lit. and fig. Nunc frigŏrĕ ∾-ent (Angl. *frost-bitten*). *H.* ˘Oleamquĕ mŏmordĕrĭt æstŭs. *H.* ∾-ĕŏr dentĕ invĭdo; opprŏbrĭis falsis. *H.* [¶ Lædo, uro, nŏcĕo; *fig.* lædo, carpo.] **9.** Fig. *To pain, vex, prey upon.* ∾-ĕt cură mĕdullas. *O.* Luctus lăcrĭmæquĕ ∾-ent. *Sen.* [¶ Carpo,ango, affligo, crŭcĭo, dŏlĕt (qd ci).]

Mordĭcŭs. *adv. With the teeth; as* (tightly, sharply as) *with the teeth.* Unguĭbŭs et pullam divellĕrĕ mordĭcŭs agnam. *H.* Măndum arrĭpŭit mordĭcŭs. *Pl.* **Crcl.** Tĕnaci -morsu, dentĕ.

Mŏretum, i. *n. A sort of salad.* Non pŭdĕt herbosum, dixi, pŏsŭissĕ mŏretum. *O.*

Mŏrĭbundŭs, ă, um. *About to die, sure to die, dying.* Excussus curru mŏrĭbundus volvĭtŭr agris. *V.* [¶ Semănĭmĭs *or* semănĭmŭs, mŏrĭens, exspirans; *sts.* languens.] **Crcl.** Morti (leto, fato) -prŏpinquŭs, prŏplŏr, proxĭmŭs, vicinŭs. Jam mortĕ sŭb ipsa. Jam mŏrĭens. Nĕc vivŭs, nĕc mortŭŭs. Extrema jam In mortĕ. Mortĕ sŭb ægra. Mortĕ fŭtura -pallens, languĭdŭs. ˘Anĭmam sŭb mortĕ vicina trăhens. Linquens vitam. ˘Anĭma fŭgĭentĕ. ˘Ocŭlis sŭb mortĕ nătantĭbŭs. ˘O. jam m. grăvatis. ˘O. In mortĕ jăcentĭbŭs. **Phr.** *Of one dying.* Mortĕ jam instanti tĕnetŭr. Morti luctatŭr. Jam extremas horas ducĭt. Summă leti vitæquĕ confinĭă tĕnĕt. Illi Parcæ extremă filă lĕgunt. *See* **Morior.**

Morĭgĕrŏr, arĭs. (Morĭgĕrŭs.) *To subserve, comply with the will and wishes of another. Ter.* [¶ Indulgĕo.] **Crcl.** Morem gĕro.

Morĭgĕrŭs, ă, um. *Acting in a spirit of compliance* or *subservience to another.* Morĭgĕra ad fruges augendas atque ănĭmantes (de luna). *Lr.* ∾ uxŏr. *Aus.* [¶ Indulgens, obsĕquĭosŭs.]

Morĭŏ, onĭs. *m. A fool, a buffoon.* Morĭŏ dictŭs ĕrat; viginti millĭbŭs emi. *M.*

Mŏrĭŏr, mŏrĭrĭs, mortŭŭs sum. **1.** *To die* (us. of a natural death). Nil nostri mĭsĕrerĕ, mŏri me denĭquĕ cogĭs. *V.* [¶ Emŏrĭŏr, ŏbĕo, intĕrĕo, occĭdo, cădo, exspiro.] **Crcl.** Mortem -ŏbĕo, sŭbĕo, exsĕquŏr. Morti -occumbo, succumbo. ˘Anĭmam -reddo, exhalo, efflo, exspiro, linquo, rĕlinquo, pono, amitto. Vita -exĕo, decedo, mĭgro. Vitam -pono, In auras exhalo. Vitam *or* ævi spătĭum fĭnĭo. Lumĕn vitalĕ desĕro. Lumĭnă vitæ *or* lucem linquo *or* rĕlinquo. Vitales auras linquo. Mortĭs ĭtĕr ădĕo. Mortĕ ŏcŭlos *or* lumĭnă claudo. ˘Ad manes -ĕo, descendo, concedo. Vită fŭgĭt *or* fugĭt. ˘Anĭmă In ventos rĕcessit. ˘In auras spirĭtŭs ăbĭt. Spirĭtus artus desĕrĭt. Decedunt corpŏrĕ sensus. Vită corpŭs rĕliquĭt.

Sūpĕrisăboris concedo. Horā sūprēmā venĭt (*pf.*). **Fatis concedo.** Stamĭnā jam rumpĭt Lăchĕsis. **Infernas** dŏmos (Stȳgias undas, manes) ădĕo. ~**Ad Stȳgias** undas –ĕo, fĕrŏr, demittŏr, descendo. **Sūpremum** ĭtĕr carpo. Sūb umbras ĕo. Sūb umbras vītā fŭgĭt. Nox mĭhĭ ĕt umbrā mortĭs sŭbĭt. **Dĭem** (fatā sūpremā) ŏbĕo. Spirĭtum do. **Phr.** Solvuntŭr membrā frigŏrē. Noctem ĭn æternam ŏcŭli clauduntŭr. Corpŭs ĭnanē ănĭmæ jăcĭt. C. letalē frigŭs hăbĕt. Mors artus ănĭmā seduxĭt. *See* MORS, MORTUUS, MORIBUNDUS. **2.** *To die* (of a violent death). *V.* [¶ Pĕrĕo, &c.] *See* P. **3.** *To die by one's own hand. See* MORS. **4.** *Used of things inanimate.* ~-ĭtŭr æstivo candorē (ărundo). *Cl.* glorĭā. *O.* [¶ Pĕrĕo, cādo, exstinguŏr, &c.] *See* PEREO.

MORMYR, yrĭs. *f. A sort of sea-fish.* Et rarus fābĕr, et pictæ mormyrēs, ĕt aurī. *O.*

MŎRŎR, ārĭs. **1.** *To delay, linger, loiter.* Aulĭdē te fama est vento rĕtĭnentē mŏrari. *O.* Causas innectē mŏrandi. *V.* [¶ Demŏrŏr, immŏrŏr, cunctŏr, cesso, hærĕo, mănĕo, subsisto, consisto, permănĕo.] **Crcl.** Mŏras –necto, innecto, mollĭŏr, sĕro, insĕro, interpono. Mŏrā (*or pl.*) me –tĕnĕt, rĕtĭnĕt. **2.** *To hesitate, to keep back from, to scruple.* Nĕc ~-ŏr procŭbŭissē antē pĕdes tŭos. *O.* [¶ Tardo, dŭbĭto, rĕfŭgĭo.] **3.** *To stay, still stay, abide, dwell.* Rŏsā quo lŏcorum serā ~-etŭr. *H.* ~ urbē mĕa. *O.* Nĕc ĭn una sedē majestas ĕt ămŏr ~-antŭr. *O.* [¶ Versŏr, mănĕo, &c.] *See* HABITO. Fig. **4.** *To stay upon, dwell upon an idea,* &c. ~ ĭn connubĭo (*or as* 3-*syll.*) Turni natæquē. *V.* [¶ Immŏrŏr, hærĕo, ĭnhærĕo, insisto, persto.] **5.** Tr. *To retard, delay, prevent, be an obstacle to.* ~ jussā. *V.* votā; Hectŏrĭs armā. *O.* quæ pĕtĭtĭs. *V. Fl.* [¶ Demŏrŏr, rĕmŏrŏr, tardo, rĕtardo, impēdĭo, tĕnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, sisto, ĭnhĭbĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, diffĕro, rĕmitto.] **Crcl.** Mŏram *or* mŏras –addo, affĕro, infĕro. Pĕr me mŏrā est. *See* COHIBEO, TARDO. **6.** *To retain, prolong.* Qua artē lucem mŏrĕr? *V.* [¶ Produco, profĕro.] **7.** *To detain, engage the attention, heart,* &c. ~ qm blandis vocĭbŭs. *V.* illĕcĕbris ĕt grata nŏvĭtatē. *H.* [¶ Detĭnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, vincĭo.] **8.** Nĭhĭl *or* Nil mŏrŏr. *Not to care for, be indifferent to.* Nĭhĭl mŏrŏr vinā illĭŭs ŏræ. *H.* Nil mŏrŏr offĭcĭum, quŏd &c. *H.* [¶ Nil curo. Pārum *or* mĭnĭmum curo. Parvi –făcĭo, pendo.]

MOROSŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Morose, difficult to please.* Nec tĭbĭ morosi vĕnĭant fastidĭā morbi. *O.* Diffĭcĭlĭem ĕt ~-um. *H.* ~ canĭtĭes. *H.* [¶ Difficĭlĭis, tĕtrĭcŭs.] **2.** *Disagreeable, troublesome.* ~ purigo. *M.* [¶ Mŏlestŭs, grăvĭs, incommŏdŭs.]

MORPHEUS, ĕŏs, ei, *or* ei. *m. The God of Sleep.* Adjĭcĭt his vocem Morpheus: quam conjŭgĭs illā. *O. See* SOMNUS.

MORS, tis. *f.* **1.** *The Goddess Death, the daughter of Erebus and Night.* Omnĭā sub leges Mors vŏcāt atrā sŭas. *O.* [¶ Lĭbĭtinā.] **Ep.** Nĭgrā, atrā, pallĭdā; sævā, crudelis, indŏmĭtā, immitis, ĭnexorabĭlis, durā, rĭgĭdā, răpax, invĭdā, terrĭbĭlis, mĭnax, horrendā. **Phr.** Flecti *or* mŏveri –indŏcĭlis, nesciā. Mĭsĕreri, mansuescĕrē nesciā. **2.** *Death, the end of life.* [¶ ~Obĭtŭs, letum, funŭs, fatum, intĕrĭtŭs, exĭtŭs; *sts.* manes, cĭnis, sĕpulcrum.] **Ep.** Atrā, nĭgrā, frigĭdā, gĕlĭdā, grăvis, importunā; lentā, tardā, serā; plăcĭdā; lugendā, flebĭlis, āmarā, tristis, ægrā; ultĭmā, sūprēmā; justā. **Crcl.** Mortĭs –tempŭs, lex, inclementĭā, jus. Leti –vĭā, janŭā, vis, frigŭs. Fatā nŏvissĭmā. Lex ultĭmā. Dies –fatalis, funestā, atrā, sūprēmā, summā. Extremŭs *or* sūpremŭs dies. Sūprēmā funĕrā. Funĕrĭs horā. Vitæ *or* ævi –finis, terminŭs. Horā –sūprēmā, ultĭmā, nŏvissĭmā. Nox –æternā, pĕrennis. Durā quies. Vitæ metā nŏvissĭmā. Somnŭs –ferrĕŭs, æternŭs, Lethæŭs. Perpĕtŭŭs sŏpŏr. Fati sors aspĕrā. Fatalis Parcarum lex. Extremum vitæ spātĭum. Mortis *or* ævi metæ. Pĕrĕundi terminŭs. Extremum ĭtĕr. Sors ultĭmā. *See* MORIOR, MORTUUS. **3.** *A violent death. See* NEX, CÆDES. **4.** *A premature death.* [¶ Præmaturi cĭnĕres; funŭs ăcerbum.] **Ep.** Immaturā, ăcerbā, prŏpĕrātā, festinatā, cĕlĕris, cītā, ĭnŏpinā. **Phr.** 1. *Of one who dies a premature death.* Funĕrē ăcerbo (non maturo) raptŭs (mersŭs). Sæva Parcarum mānu interceptŭs. Cui mĕdĭos annos Parcæ abrumpunt. Quem cĕlĕri casu atrā dies abstŭlĭt. Cādit (mŏrĭtŭr) antē dĭem. Præmŏrĭtŭr. Funĕrē ăcerbŭs ŏbĭt. Quem maturĭŏr leti vis răpĭt. **Phr.** 2. *Of one dying in infancy,* or *in early youth.* ~Ab ŭbĕrē raptŭs. Quem ăb ŭbĕrē raptum atrā dies abstŭlĭt. Primis (ævi florentis, lætis ĕt pubescentĭbŭs) annis exstinctŭs (raptŭs, ereptŭs). ~In primæ jŭventæ florē raptŭs occĭdĭt. **5.** *A voluntary, patriotic death.* **Phr.** *To brave death as the patriot, soldier,* &c. Mortem (funŭs, fatum, fatā) ădĕo. ~In fatā –rŭo, prŏpĕro. Morti me *or* căpŭt –offĕro, objĭcĭo. Căpŭt pĕrĭclis objĭcĭo *or* objecto. Pĕr vulnĕrā mortem pĕto. Pulchram m. p. v. prŏpĕro. Me mĕdĭos ĭn hostes mŏrĭtŭrŭs infĕro. ~In ferrum pro libertatē rŭo. **6.** *Death by suicide.* **Phr.** *To commit suicide.* Mĭhĭ mortem *or* letum consciscо. Vitam *or* lucem abrumpo. Vitam (ănĭmam, dĭem) projĭcĭo. Lucem fŭgĭo. Mortem (fatum, fatā) –arcesso, mānu (ferro, ensē) arcesso. Fatā *or* fatā mĕa –abrumpo, præcĭpĭto. Ipsē mānu mortem invĕnĭo. Mĭhĭ letum mānu pārĭo. Vitam pĕrosŭs ănĭmam projĭcĭo. Ipsē mĕa usŭs mānu concĭdo. Ipsē mĭhĭ delibĕrāta mortē lucem abrumpo. Ferro extremā sequŏr. Fatā vĕnĭentĭā ultro pĕto. Mortis vicinæ horas mĭhĭ admŏvĕo. Lucis invisæ mŏras abrumpo. Fatum prŏprĭa mānu sollĭcĭto. **7.** *End, destruction. See* EXITIUM. **8.** Pl. *Various modes* or *kinds of death.* Tŏtĭdem vĭdentŭr ~-es irrumpĕrē. *O.* Ignotis ~-ĭbŭs pĕrirē. *H.* **9.** Ext. 1. *That which causes death, a deadly weapon.* L. 2. *A dead body.* Nĕc cādunt mortes (*i. e.* sāgittæ). *L.* 2. *A dead body.* Nĕc sĭt ĭn Attălĭco ~ mĕā nixā tŏro. *Pp. See* FUNUS. 3. *Blood from a mortal wound.* Ensem multa mortē rĕcepĭt. *V.*

MORSUM, i. *n. A piece bitten off.* Lanĕăque arĭdŭlis hærebant morsā lăbellis. *Cat.*

MORSŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *A bite, a biting.* Morsĭbŭs affixæ vălĭdis atque unguĭbŭs uncis. *Lr.* Increpŭit malis, morsuque elusŭs ĭnani est. *V.* [¶ Dens, dentes.] **Ep.** ~Avĭdŭs, immanis, dirŭs, crŭentŭs, fĕrŭs, tĕnax, ĭtĕratŭs, rĕpĕtitŭs. **2.** *The act of eating.* Nĕc tu ~-us (*pl.*) mensarum horrescĕ. *V.* Fig. **3.** *Any thing that grasps, clasps together, keeps tight hold.* ~ uncŭs ancŏræ. *V.* robŏris (*the closing again after being cleft*). *V.* fĭbŭlæ. *Sil.* **4.** *A biting, pungent taste in any thing.* ~ ăceti. *M.* **5.** *That which corrodes* (as rust). ~ rubigĭnis. *L.* **6.** *The bite of envy. H.* **7.** *Gnawing cares; pains of grief, remorse,* &c.; us. *pl.* ~-us curarum; exsilĭi. *O.* tristes ănĭmi. *M. See* DOLOR, CONSCIENTIA.

MORTALIS, ĕ. **1.** *Mortal, subject to death.* Hunc ĕtĭam vitæ mortalis hŏnorem. *V.* ~-es ănĭmæ. *H.* [¶ Pĕrĭturŭs, căducŭs.] **Crcl.** Morti obnoxĭŭs. **2.** *Of man, such as belongs to* or *becomes a mortal.* Mortalin' dĕcŭit vĭŏlari vulnĕrē divum? *V.* Actā ~-ē. *O.* Nil ~-ē lŏquŏr. *H.* [¶ Humanŭs, hŏmĭnum.] **3.** Mortales, ĭum. *m. pl. Men, mankind.* Priscā gens ~-ĭum. *H. See* HOMO. **4.** Mortalĭā, ĭum. *n. pl. The affairs,*

concerns of men. Mentem ∾-ĭă tangunt. *V.* [¶ Humană.]

Mortalĭtas, ātĭs. *f. The nature of man.* Nec plus concmur quam sĭnit mortalĭtas. *Ph.* **Crcl.** Hjmană *or* mortalĭs –natuă, condĭtĭo.

Mortarĭum, ĭi. *n. A mortar.* Et quæ jam vĕtĕres sanant mortarĭă cæcos. *J.* [¶ Pilă.]

Mortĭfĕr, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Mortal, causing death.* Tinctăquĕ mortĭfĕra tabĕ săgittă mădĕt. *O.* ∾ bellum. *V. See* Letalis.

Mortŭus, ă, um. *part. from* Morior. Used adj. **1.** *Dead.* Mortŭă quin ĕtĭam jungebat corpŏră vivis. *V.* [¶ Defunctŭs, functŭs, exănĭmĭs, exănĭmatŭs, exstinctŭs, jăcens, frigens, frigĭdŭs, gĕlĭdŭs; *sts.* raptŭs, ereptŭs, præreptŭs, cĭnĭs.] **Crcl.** Vita –functŭs, defunctŭs, privatŭs. Mortĕ functŭs. Lumĭnĕ cassŭs. Morti dedĭtŭs. Mortĕ –consumptŭs, sŏlutŭs, prostratŭs. Mortĕ *or* leto sopitŭs. Mortĕ ŏblĭta. Post mortem. ˘In ipsa mortĕ. Sŭb noctĕ rĕpostŭs. Funĕrĕ condĭtŭs. Stŷgĭas ăd undas (ăd infernas ăquas) missŭs *or* raptŭs. Lethæa rătĕ irĕ cŏactŭs. Permenso lucĭs lumĭnĕ defunctŭs. Quem perpĕtŭŭs sŏpŏr urgĕt. Jam tĕnŭem ĭn umbram mutatŭs. Cujŭs sŭpremos cĭnĕres urnă condĭdĭt. Cui lux est ădemptă. Qui cœlesti lucĕ exstinctŭs cărĕt. Cui jam almă lux rĕcessĭt. *See* Morior. **2.** *Dead by a violent death.* [¶ Occisŭs, pĕremptŭs, interfectŭs, cæsŭs, stratŭs, prostratŭs, &c.]

Morum, i. *n. A mulberry.* Sanguĭnĕis frontem moris et tempŏrā pingĭt. *V.* **Ep.** Nigrum, atrum, rŭbens, sanguĭnĕum.

Morŭs, i. *f. A mulberry-tree.* Ardŭă morŭs ĕrat, gĕlĭdo contermĭnă fonti. *O.*

Mos, morĭs. *m.* **1.** *A custom, a habit.* Virgĭnĭbus Tўrĭis mos est gestarĕ phăretram. *V.* Dŏlŏr mĕŭs ĭn morem venĭt. *O.* [¶ Usŭs, assuetudo, consuetudo.] **Ep.** Priscŭs, vĕtŭs, vĕtustŭs, antiquŭs, solennĭs, pătrĭŭs. **2.** *A law.* Pacĭs imponĕrĕ ∾-em. *V.* [¶ Lex.] **3.** *Usual character, bearing,* &c. Vărĭum cœlĭ prædiscĕrĕ ∾-em. *V.* [¶ Natură, ingĕnĭum, indoles.] **4.** Ex *or* De morĕ; *abs.* morĕ; ĭn morem. *As usual, as was* or *is customary.* Jurā pŏpŭlis ∾-ĕ dărĕ. *V.* Funĕrĕas făces de ∾-ĕ răpĕrĕ. *V.* Săcris ex ∾-ĕ lĭtatis. *V.* ˘In ∾-em cŏmă pressă. *V.* [¶ Sŏlĭto.] **Crcl.** Morĕ sŭo. Sŏlĭto de morĕ. Quo morĕ sŏlĕt. **5.** Morĕ. *After the manner of, as.* ∾-ĕ lŭpi clausas circŭmĕuntĭs ŏves. *O.* Turbĭnĭs ∾-ĕ fŭrens. *V. See* Tanquam. **6.** Sĭnĕ morĕ; sŭpra morem *and* nullo morĕ. *In an extraordinary way* or *degree; out of all law and rule.* Tempestas sĭnĕ morĕ fŭrĭt. *V.* Nullo morĕ răpĭt. *St.* Sŭpra morem densă (terrā). *V.* **7.** Morem gĕro. *To comply with, give up to.* Gĕrăt illĕ sŭo ∾-em fŭrĭosŭs ămori. *O.* ˘Anĭmo ∾-em gessĕro. *Ter.* [¶ Morĭgĕrŏr, obsĕquŏr.]

Mores, morum. *m. pl.* Exsŭpĕras morum nobĭlĭtatĕ gĕnŭs. *O.* **1.** *Usages, customs.* Mores ritusquĕ săcrorum Adjĭcĭam. *V.* [¶ Ritus.] **2.** *Laws.* ∾-es vĭris ponĕrĕ. *V.* [¶ Leges, jurā.] **3.** Freq. *Manners.* ∾ pĕrĕgrini. *J.* [¶ Vitā; vitæ rătĭo.] **Ep.** Tĕnĕri, ingĕnŭi, hŏnesti, prŏbi, recti, æqui, puri, pŭdici, antiqui, rĭgĭdi, tĕtrĭci, sĕvĕri, mites, plăcĭdi; pravi, corrupti, sĭnistri, inversi, perversi, mălī. **4.** *Moral, virtuous principles, habits.* ∾-ibŭs cœlum pătŭĭt. *Pp. See* Probitas, Virtus.

Mŏsellă, æ. *m. f. The Moselle, a river of Belgium.* Largus tranquillo prælabĭtŭr amnĕ Mŏsellă. *Aus.*

Moses, *and* **Moŭses,** ĭs *or* ĕŏs. *m.* (*and* Mŏyses. *Prud.*) (Μωσῆς, Μωϋσῆς, *and* Μωσεύς.) *Moses, the great Hebrew leader and legislator.* Tradĭdĭt arcano quodcunquĕ vŏlumĭnĕ Moses. *J.* Mosĕă, qui legum pŏtŭĭt &c. *Juv.* [¶ Amrămĭdes.] **Ep.** Săcĕr, pŏtens, vĕnĕrandŭs; legĭfĕr. **Crcl.** Hebræorum (gentĭs Hebrææ *or* Judææ) –dux, legĭfĕr, rĕceptŏr.

Moto, as. *freq. of* Moveo. Tum rĭgĭdas motarĕ căcumĭnă quercus. *V.* ∾ lăcertos. *O. See* Moveo.

Motŏr, orĭs. *m. One who puts in motion.* Cunarum fŭĕras motor, Chărĭdemĕ, mĕarum. *M.*

Motŭs, us. *m.* **1.** *Movement, agitation.* Sæpĕ pĕr assĭdŭos languent mĕă brachĭă motus. *O.* ∾-u stŭpĕfactŭs ăquarum. *V.* [¶ Pulsŭs, impulsŭs, impĕtŭs, jactatŭs, actŭs.] **Ep.** Cĭtŭs, concĭtŭs, răpĭdŭs, præceps, crebĕr, grăvĭs, assĭdŭŭs; magnŭs, ingens, vĭŏlentŭs, trĕmŭlŭs; lentŭs, tardŭs, segnĭs, făcĭlĭs. **2.** *A rocking motion; an earthquake.* Quo ∾-u terrā trĕmĭt. *V.* Trĕmŭĕrunt ∾-ĭbŭs Alpes. *V. See* Tremor. **3.** Pl. *Steps, movements of the dancer.* Dărĕ ∾-us incompŏsĭtos. *V.* ∾ (*pl.*) ˘Ionĭci. *H. See* Salto. **4.** *The tumultuous movement and agitation of a crowd.* *V.* [¶ Tŭmultŭs, turbæ.] **5.** *An insurrection, a seditious movement.* ∾ (*pl.*) discordes. *St.* trŭces. *L.* ∾ civĭcŭs. *H.* [¶ Tŭmultŭs, sedĭtĭo.] *See* Seditio. **6.** *Mental emotions, passions, sentiments.* Efferrĕ ănĭmi ∾-us interprĕtĭ lingua. *H.* Vărĭo miscentŭr pectŏrā ∾-u. *V.* ∾-us irarum. *L.* [¶ Sensŭs, affectŭs; *sts.* impĕtŭs, instinctŭs.]

Mŏvĕo, es, movi, motum. Flectĕrĕ sĭ nĕquĕo sŭpĕros, ˘Achĕrontă mŏvebo. *V.* **1.** *To move, set in motion.* Movĭt ˘Amŏr gemmatas alas. *O.* [¶ Commŏvĕo, ăgĭto, ăgo, impello, moto, quătĭo, quasso, concŭtĭo, cĭĕo.] Fig. **2.** *To excite, call forth, create, cause.* ∾ ŏdĭă verbis; armă. *V.* stŏmăcho fastidĭă. *H.* [¶ Excĭto, suscĭto, provŏco, impello, cĭĕo, lăcesso.] **3.** ∾ cantus. *V.* carmĭnă orĕ. *O. To sing. See* Cano. **4.** ∾ săcră. *V. Fl. To perform sacred rites, offer sacrifice. See* Sacrifico. **5.** *To undertake, commence.* Majŭs ŏpus mŏvĕo. *V.* [¶ Susclpio, aggrĕdĭŏr.] **6.** *To project, meditate.* ∾ multă ănĭmo. *V.* omnĕ nĕfas ănĭmo. *H.* [¶ Volvo, verso, ăgĭto, mollĭŏr.] **7.** *To move to pity; to prevail with, persuade,* &c. ∾ qm flĕtĭbŭs; ănĭmum. *V.* ădămantă lăcrĭmis. *O.* [¶ Permŏvĕo, tango, flecto, dŏmo, sŭbĭgo, vinco; *sts.* allĭcĭo.] *See* Placo. **8.** *To move to anger,* &c. *O. See* Irrito.

Mox. *adv. Presently, soon, soon after.* [¶ Brĕvi, cĭtŏ, mŏdŏ, &c.] **Crcl.** Paulo post. Haud multo post. *See* Brevi.

Muccĭdŭs, *or* **Mucĭdŭs,** ă, um. *Mucous, slobbery.* (Mucŭs.) *Pl.*

Muccŭs, *or* **Mucŭs,** i. *m. Mucous matter.* Muccusque et mălă pitŭĭtă nasi. *Cat.*

Mucĭdŭs, ă, um. I. *Mouldy, musty.* Mucĭdă cærŭlĕi panis consumĕrĕ frustă. *J.* ∾-ă vinā. *M.* [¶ Pŭtrĭs, vĭtĭatŭs, corruptŭs.] II. = Muccĭdŭs.

Mucĭŭs, ĭi. *m. The name of a Roman family;* sp. *Mucius Scævola. C. D.* Urĕrĕ quam pŏtŭĭt contempto Mucĭŭs ignĕ, Hanc spectarĕ mănum Porsĕnă non pŏtŭĭt. *M.*

Mucro, onĭs. *m.* **1.** *The sharp point of any thing;* us. *the point of a sword.* Stat ferri ăcĭes ∾-onĕ cŏrusco, Strictă &c. *V.* Hăbĭles ∾-ibŭs ensĕs. *Sil.* Cotĭbŭs aspĕr ∾. *L.* [¶ ˘Acumĕn; ăcĭes, cuspĭs.] **2.** *A sword.* Jŭgŭlum ∾-onĕ rĕsolvĭt. *O. See* Ensis. **3.** Sts. *The edge of the sword,* &c. ∾-onem admittĕrĕ cultri (*of the razor*). *J.* [¶ ˘Acĭes.] **4.** Fig. *Point,* i. e. *extremity, end.* *Lr.*

Mucŭs. *See* Muccus.

Mugil, *and* **Mugillis,** ĭs. *m. A mullet.* At mugil cauda pendentem verbĕrăt hamum. *O.* Quosdam mœchos et mugillĭs intrăt. *J.*

Mugĭo, is. **1.** *To low, bellow* (of cattle). Mugĭit,

et Caci spem custodità rĕfĕllĭt. *V.* [† Immugĭo.] **Crcl.** Mugitum (mugitus, bŏatus) -edo, mitto, emitto, do, clĭo. Mugitu *or* mugitĭbŭs ăgros (auras, æthĕrĕ) -implĕo, complĕo, impello, persŏno. Silvæ (nĕmŏrĕ, lŏcĕ) mugitu *or* mugitĭbŭs -sŏnant, rĕsŏnant. 2. Fig. *To rebellow, peal, resound.* ∾-It sŭb pĕdĭbŭs sŏlum; tŭbæ pĕr æthĕrĕ clangŏr. *V.* ˘Olympŭs. *Sil.* [† Immugĭo, bŏo, rĕbŏo, sŏno, &c.] *See* SONO.

MUGITŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A lowing, bellowing.* Mugitusquĕ bŏum, dulcesquĕ sŭb arbŏrĕ somni. *V.* Sŏnant silvæ ∾-ĭbŭs. *O.* [† Bŏatŭs; *est.* clamŏr, vox, sŏnŭs.] Ep. Ingens, crebĕr, magnŭs, raucŭs, horrendŭs, terrĭbĭlĭs. 2. *Fig.* ∾ portæ ăhenæ. *Sil.*

MULA, æ. *f. A mule.* Mundæ nĭtĕt ungŭlâ mulæ. *J. See* MULUS.

MULCĬO, es, si, sum. 1. *To stroke, touch lovingly, pet, fondle.* Mulcere alternos, et corpŏrâ fingĕrĕ lingua. *V.* ∾ pendŭlâ pălĕarĭâ dextra. *O.* ∾-ent auræ (florem). *Cat.* rŏsas. *Pp.* Zĕphyri flores. *O.* [† Permulcĕo, ădulŏr, blandĭŏr.] Fig. 2. *To appease, allay, calm, soothe.* ∾ iras; fluctus; mœrentîâ pectŏrâ. *V.* plectro lăbores. *Sil.* [† Permulcĕo, demulcĕo, rĕmulcĕo, lenĭo, delinĭo, mitĭgo, mollĭo, flecto, rĕcrĕo, oblecto, delecto, allĭcĭo, căplo.] *See* PLACO, OBLECTO. 3. *To apply soothing remedies to wounds.* ∾ vulnĕrâ vărĭa ŏpĕ. *O.* [† Fŏvĕo.]

MULCĬBĔR, Ibĕri (*or* ĕrĭs), *and sync.* Ibri. *m.* 1. *A name of Vulcan.* Mulcĭbĕris capti Marsquĕ Vĕnusquĕ dŏlis. *O.* Jŏvisquĕ numen Mulcĭbri adscivit mănu. *Cic.* (*Tusc.*) *See* VULCANUS. 2. *Fire. O. See* IGNIS.

MULCTA, *or* MULTA, æ. *f. A fine, mulct;* gen. *a punishment.* Quam justam a divis exposcam prodĭtâ mulctam? *Cat.* ∾-am sŭbĭerĕ nŏcentes. *O. See* PŒNA.

MULCTO, *or* MULTO, as. *To fine; to punish.* Factâ vĭrum mulctantes vindĭcĕ pœna. *Cat.* ∾-atâ mortĕ Cămillâ. *V.* [† Damno, punĭo, plecto.]

MULCTRA, æ. *f. A milk-pail.* Quam măgĭs exhausto spumavĕrĭt ubĕrĕ mulctrâ. *V.* Bis vĕnĭt ăd ∾-am (*comes twice in the day to be milked*). *V.* [† Mulctrum, mulctrarĭum, sinum.]

MULCTRARĬUM, ĭi. *n.* (*others,* MULCTRALĔ, ĭs. *n.*) = Mulctrâ. Morĕ pătrum uĭvĕa implebunt mulctrarĭâ vaccæ. *V.*

MULCTRUM, i. *n.* = Mulctrâ. Illic injussæ vĕnĭunt ad mulctrâ căpellæ. *H.*

MULGĔO, es, si (mulxi. *Lr.*), ctum. *To milk.* Quod surgentĕ dĭe mulsere horisquĕ dĭurnis. *V.* **Crcl.** Ubĕrâ -prĕmo, duco, presso, exhaurĭo, sicco, palmis prĕmo, &c. Lac pressis mammis -ellĭcĭo, exprĭmo. **Phr.** Manant lætâ flumĭnâ pressis mammis. Mulctrâ tŭmĭdis spumant păpillis.

MULIĔBRĬS, *and* MULIEBRIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to woman;* (fig.) *effeminate, feeble.* Advenit qui vestrâ, dĭes, mŭlĭebrĭbŭs armis. *V.* Seponit mœchæ vestem, mundum mŭlĭĕbrem. *Ph.* ∾ fĭcĭnŭs. *Pl.* and *O.* ănĭmŭs. *Enn.* [† Femĭnĕŭs; imbellĭs, debĭlĭs.]

MULIĔBRĬTĔR. *Like a woman.* Nec mŭlĭebrĭtĕr Expavĭt ensem. *H.* **Crcl.** Femĭnĕo *or* mŭlĭĕbri -morĕ, ritu.

MULIER, ĕrĭs. *f.* 1. *A woman.* Desĭnăt in piscem mŭlĭer formosâ sŭperne. *H.* [† Femĭnâ.] *See* F. 2. *A wife. O. H. See* UXOR.

MULIERCŬLA, æ. *f., dim. of* Mulier. *Used for* mulier *in disparagement.* Nunc glorĭantis quamlĭbet mŭlĭercŭlam (mollĭtĭe vincĕrĕ). *H.*

MULINŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to mules, mulish.* Declamatoris mulino cordĕ Văgelli. *J.*

MULIŎ, onis. *m. A muleteer.* Nam mĭhĭ commota jamdudum mullĭŏ virga Innŭĭt. *J.*

MULLŬS, i. *m. A barbel.* Et squălŭs, et tĕnŭi suffusus sanguĭnĕ mullŭs. *O.* [† Mugĭl.]

MULSUM, i. *n.* (sc. vinum.) *Mead; wine mixed with honey. H.* Ep. Lene, mitĕ, dulcĕ.

MULTA, æ. *See* MULCTA.

MULTANGŬLUS, ă, um. *Having many angles* or *corners.* Multâ rŏtundâ, mŏdis multis multangŭlâ quædam. *Lr.*

MULTESĬMUS, ă, um. *One out of very many.* Quam sit parvŭlâ pars, et quam multesĭmâ constĕt. *Lr.*

MULTICAVUS, ă, um. *Hollow in many places.* Pumĭcĕ multĭcăvo nec lævĭbŭs atrĭâ tŏtis Structâ sŭbĭit. *O.*

MULTIFIDUS, ă, um. *Cleft into many parts.* An tŭâ multĭfĭdum nŭmĕravit lanâ Timavum? *M.* ∾-æ fĭdes. *O.*

MULTIFŎRIS, ĕ, *and* MULTIFŎRUS, ă, um. *Having many holes* or *apertures.* Longâquĕ multĭfŏri delectat tibĭâ buxi. *O.*

MULTIGĔNĔR, ĕrĭs. *Pl., and* MULTIGĔNUS, ă, um. *Manifold, of many kinds.* Percĭpe, multĭgĕnis quam sint vărĭatâ fĭguris. *Lr. See* VARIUS.

MULTILŎQUUS, ă, um. *Speaking much, talkative.* Multĭlŏquos odi: turbâ rĕcĕdĕ lŏquax. *O. See* GARRULUS.

MULTĬMŎDIS, *or* MULTĬMŎDUS (*anc. for* Multis modis). *In many ways* or *manners.* Multĭmŏdis ĭgĭtur pravas turpesquĕ vĭdemŭs. *Lr.*

MULTĬMŎDUS, ă, um. *Manifold, diverse.* Tum motus matĕrĭai Multĭmŏdi quam sint. *Lr.* [† Multŭs, vărĭŭs.]

MULTIPLEX, ĭcis (MULTIPLEX. *Lr.*). *Manifold, much and various; of many windings, much involved.* Hæc tum multĭplĭci pŏpŭlos sermonĕ rĕplebăt. *V.* ∾-ĭci dŏmo, cæcisque includĕrĕ tectis. *O.* ∾ lŏci spătĭum transcurrĕre. *Lr.* [† Vărĭŭs, diversŭs, multŭs.]

MULTĬPLĬCABĬLIS, ĕ. *Of multiplied folds.* Hĭc intĕremit tortu multĭplĭcabĭli Drăconem. *Cic.* (*Tusc.*)

MULTĬPLĬCO, as. *To multiply.* Flumĭnâ collectis multĭplĭcantŭr ăquis. *O.* ∾ mălâ longa dĭe. *O.* sŏnos (*of the echo*); ăcies. *St. See* AUGEO.

MULTISŎNORUS, *and* MULTISŎNUS, ă, um. *Sounding loudly.* Easĕdâ concordes multĭsŏnorâ trăhunt. *Cl.* Excĭpĕ multĭsŏno puppem Mărĕotĭdâ sistro. *St. See* SONANS.

MULTĬVĂGUS, ă, um. *Wandering about much.* Ignĕâ multĭvăgo transmittis sidĕrâ lapsu. *St.* ∾ grădŭs famæ. *St. See* VAGUS.

MULTĬVŎLUS, ă, um. *Fickle, many-minded.* Quanquam præcĭpŭe multĭvŏla est mŭlĭĕr. *Cat.*

MULTO, as. *See* MULCTO.

MULTO. *adv.* 1. *Much* (with *comp.* and *superl.* adj. &c.). Et lĕpŏrum avulsos, ut multo suavĭŭs, armos. *H.* ∾ grăvĭorâ tŭlisti. *O.* Lux ∾ gratissĭmâ. *H.* [† Longe.] 2. *Used of time* (with *ante, post,* &c.). ∾ antĕ provisâ. *V.* [† Dĭu.]

MULTUM. *n. of* Multŭs, ă, um, used subst. 1. *A large quantity, a great deal of any thing.* ∾ crŭŏrĭs infuderĕ mări. *L.* 2. Used adv. *Much, a great deal, very.* ∾ luderĕ In tăbellis. *Cat.* miseri. *O.* latrantĕ Lycisca. *V.* sĭmĭlis mĕtŭenti. *H.* [† Multâ, valde, large, largĭtĕr, ăbunde, plurĭmum; *sts.* crebro.] **Crcl.** Haud mĕdĭocrĭtĕr. Non lĕvĭtĕr. Non pârum. Larga mănu.

MULTUS, ă, um. 1. *Many a, many, much, considerable* (in extent, degree, value). Quamvis multâ mĕis exiret victĭmâ septis. *V.* ∾ virtus vĭri; gentĭs hŏnos. *V.* merces; sudŏr. *O.* frăgŏr. *Lr.* herbâ. *H.* usŭs. *Cat.* [† ˘Abundans, plurĭmŭs, frĕquens, ingens, nŭmĕrosŭs, innŭmĕrŭs, multĭplex, crebĕr, amplŭs, magnŭs, densŭs.] 2. *Pl.* Multi, æ, ă. *Many, numerous* (of things or persons); and as subst. *many persons.*

~-is cŏmĭtantĭlĭbŭs ibăt. *V.* ~-orum ossĭbŭs albos. *V.* [¶ Plures, plurĭmi, innŭmĕri, frĕquentes; turbă, cătervă, agmĕn, mănŭs.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud pauci. Non unŭs. Nŭmĕrosă mănŭs. *See* TURBA. **3.** Sts. *The multitude* (as opposed to the few; *οἱ πολλοί*). Prŏbis prŏbatŭs pŏtĭŭs quam multis. *Att.* (apud *Non.*) [¶ ˘Allĭ, turbă, vulgŭs.] **4.** Multa noctĕ. *Very late in the night.* Se multa noctĕ fĕrebăt. *V.* **5.** Multă. *pl. n. Used adv.* (as Multum.) ~-ă gĕmens ignomĭnĭam. *V.* rĕluctantem. Haud ~-ă mŏratŭs. *V. See* MULTUM.

MULŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *A mule.* Festinat călĭdus mulis gĕrŭlisquĕ rĕdemptŏr. *H.* [¶ Mulă.] **Ep.** Cĕlĕr, cĭtŭs, indŏcĭlĭs, sternax. **2.** Fig. *A stupid, mulish fellow. Cat.*

MUNDĬTIA, æ, *and* MUNDĬTIES, ei. *f.*; us. MUNDĬTIÆ, arum. *pl.* **1.** *Cleanliness, personal neatness.* Cui flavam rĕlĭgas cŏmam, Simplex mundĭtĭis? *H.* Tales ~-æ dĕcent pŭellas. *M.* [¶ Cultŭs, nĭtŏr.] **2.** Fig. *Polished, refined manners.* Grăvĕ virŭs ~-æ pĕpŭlerĕ. *H.* [¶ Cultŭs.]

I. MUNDŬS, ă, um. *Clean, neat.* Pauper, sed mundæ sedŭlĭtatĭs ănus. *O* ~-ă verbă. *O.* ~ sŭpellex. *H.* [¶ Tersŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, cultŭs, lautŭs, purŭs.] **Noun** sordĭdŭs. Sĭnĕ labĕ. Labĕ *or* sordĭbŭs cărens. Nullis sordĭbŭs –horrens, squalens. *See* LAUTUS.

II. MUNDŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *The world, the universe, the creation.* Quattŭŏr æternus gĕnĭtalĭă corpŏră mundŭs Contĭnĕt. *O.* [¶ Orbĭs, res.] **Ep.** Convexŭs, immensŭs, infinitŭs, vastŭs, ingens, maxĭmŭs, æternŭs. **Crcl.** Mundi –orbĭs, glŏbŭs, moles, machĭnă, ŏpŭs. ˘Et mărĕ, ĕt terræ, ĕt totŭs orbĭs. ˘Et mărĕ, ĕt terræ, ĕt cœlum prŏfundum. Terræquĕ, tractusquĕ mărĭs, cœlumquĕ omnĭă tĕgens. **2.** Sts. *The heavens.* Adspĭcĕ convexo nutantem pondĕrĕ mundum. *V.* ~-i magnum et versatĭlĕ templum. *Lr.* Nox æthĕrĭum emensă ~-um. *Tib. See* CŒLUM. **3.** *The nations of the world, all people.* ~-o sŭbacto. *L.* Mĭseri spes irrĭtă ~-i. *L.* [¶ Orbĭs, gentes, pŏpŭli.] **4.** ~ mŭlĭĕbrĭs. *The various ornaments and articles of the female toilette.* Seponit mœchæ vestem, mundum mŭlĭĕbrem. *Ph. See* SUPELLEX.

MUNĔRŎR, arĭs. *To present* or *reward with something.* Qua munĕretur te, Prĭape, et te, pătĕr. *H. See* DONO.

MUNIA, orum. *n. pl. Public duties* or *functions; any duties.* Cetĕră qui vitæ servaret munĭă recte. *H.* [¶ Munŭs, offĭcium, partes.] *See* OFFICIUM.

MUNĬCEPS, ĭpĭs. *m.* **1.** *A citizen of a municipal town; an inhabitant, a fellow-citizen.* Munĭcĭpem pătrĭæ causĭdĭcumquĕ mĕæ. *Aus.* [¶ Civĭs.] **2.** Adj. m. f. *Used of things inanimate.* ~-em sŭam mĭsĭt Sĭbyllă (sc. testam Cumanam). *M.* ~-es Jŏvĭs lăgenæ. *J.*

MUNĬCIPALIS, ĕ. *Municipal, of* or *from a municipal town.* Munĭcĭpalĭs ĕques gălĕatum ponĭt ŭbiquĕ Præsĭdĭum. *J.*

MUNĬFĬCO, as. *To present with.* Munĭfĭcat tăcĭta mortales mută sălutĕ. *Lr.*

MUNĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. *Munificent, generous.* Te, dĕă, munĭfĭcam gentes ŭbĭcunquĕ lŏquuntŭr. *O.* ~ laudĭs. *Cl. See* LIBERALIS.

MUNIMĔN, ĭnĭs, *and* MUNIMENTUM, i. *n. Any thing that protects, defends; a fortification.* Hostĭbŭs insŭlĭor, fossas munimĭnĕ cingo. *O.* ~ ăd imbres. *V.* Pingues ălĭquandŏ lăcernas, ~-ă tŏgæ. *J.* [¶ Præsĭdĭum, tutelă, munimentum, &c.] *See* PROPUGNACULUM.

MUNIO, is. **1.** *To defend, secure; to make strong, fortify.* Transfĕrĕt, et Longam multa vi munĭĕt Albam. *V.* ~ făvos. *V.* lătŭs. *O.* Dănăen nocturnis ăb ădultĕrĭis. *H.* [¶ Defendo, protĕgo, tĕgo, sĕpĭo, vallo, firmo.] **Crcl.** Munimĭnĕ –instrŭo, defendo, firmo. Munimĭnĕ (vallo, muris, mœnĭbŭs, aggĕrĕ, aggĕrĭbŭs) –cingo, claudo, circumdo, ambĭo.] *See* PROPUGNACULUM. **2.** ~ vĭam. *To pave a way.* Lit. and fig. Tibĭ ~-i vĭam. *Pl.* Cui (*the band of Trojans destined to settle in Italy*) . . . libĕrum munivĭt ĭtĕr (Æneas). *H. See* MUNITOR.

MUNITŎR, orĭs. *m. One who fortifies a town.* Me, fĭdĕ conspĭcŭus, Trojæ munitŏr ămavĭt. *O.*

MUNITŬS, ă, um. *Fortified, defended by works; paved, made* (of a road). Lit. and fig. Tendĭt ăd incurvo munitos aggĕrĕ portus. *O.* Qua ~-um aggĕr monstrăt ĭtĕr. *Sil.* ~ contra pŏtentes. *Ph.* nullo timorĕ pŭellă. *Pp.* ămicis. *O.*

MUNŬS, ĕrĭs. *n.* **1.** *A present, gift.* Indeclinatæ munŭs ămicĭtĭæ. *O.* ~-ĭbŭs cŭmŭlarĕ. *V.* [¶ Donum, munuscŭlum.] *See* DONUM. **2.** Munŭs tŭum, *or* Munĕrĭs tŭi est. *It is due to you; I have to thank you for it.* Si quĭd ădhuc ĕgŏ sum, munĕrĭs omnĕ tŭi est. *O.* Totum hoc munĕrĭs est tŭi &c. *H.* [¶ Tĭbĭ debĕo.] **3.** *An offering to the gods.* Munĕrĕ functŭs ăd aras constĭtĭt. *O.* Ferrĕ munĕră templis. *V.* **4.** Munĕră sŭprema, extremă, &c. *The last offices, duties* (as paid to the dead). Dĕcŏrarĕ ănĭmas sŭpremis ~-ĭbŭs. *V.* Donarĕ qm sŭpremo mortĭs ~-ĕrĕ. *Cat.* Intĕr extremă vĭrorum munĕră. *V. Fl. See* EXSEQUIÆ. **5.** *Any office* or *post, and the duties of such office.* ˘Obirĕ munĕră *V.* Suscĭpĕrĕ jŭvĕnĭlĭă munĕră martĭs. *O.* [¶ Offĭcĭum, munĭă, partes.] *See* OFFICIUM. **6.** *Used of exhibitions given to the people; buildings made over to them at the public expense,* or *that of individuals.* Pars spectati ~-ĭs ipsĕ fŭlĭt. *O.* Vĕtĕrum ~-ă clară dŭcum (spectacŭlă). *M.* Aut ŭbi ~-ĭbus nati sŭă ~-ă matĕr Addĭdĭt externo marmŏrĕ divĕs ŏpŭs. *O.*

MUNUSCŬLUM, i. *n. A little present.* At tĭbĭ primă, pŭer, nullo munuscŭlă cultu. *V.*

MUNŸCHIA, æ. *f., and* MUNŸCHIUS, ă, um. *A port of Athens; of* or *belonging to M.*; hence, *Athenian.* Munŷchĭosquĕ vŏlans agros gratamquĕ Mĭnervæ &c. *O.*

MURÆNA, æ. *f. A lamprey.* Affertur squillas inter murænă nătantes. *H.*

MURALIS, ĕ. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to a wall; mural.* Aut vasti muralĭă ponderĭ saxi. *L.* ~ tormentum. *V.* **2.** ~ cŏronă. *A mural crown. See* CORONA.

MUREX, ĭcĭs. *m.* **1.** *A shell-fish used at table, and from which a purple dye was extracted.* Murĭcĕ Baiano mĕlĭor Lucrină pĕlorĭs. *H.* [¶ Conchylĭum.] **2.** Ext. *Purple* (subst.). Pictă fulgenti ~-ĕ vestĭs. *V.* ~-ĭbŭs Tyrĭis ĭtĕrătă lană. *H.* [¶ Purpŭrĭă, ostrum, &c.] *See* PURPURA. **3.** *A shell.* Hŭmĕros innato ~-ĕ tectŭs (de Tritonĕ). *O.* Vivo squalentĭă ~-ĕ tergă (de Tritonĕ). *Cl.* [¶ Testă.] **4.** Sts. *A conch* or *shell-horn; used also for keeping liquids.* Intorto ~-ĕ phocas contrăhĭt. *V. Fl.* and *O.* [¶ Conchă.] **5.** *A pointed rock* or *stone.* ˘In ăcuto obnixi ~-ĕ remi crĕpŭcĕrĕ. *V.* ~-ĕ ăcuto dissĭlĭens. *Sil.*

MŬRIA, æ. *f. Pickle.* Quod pingui miscerĕ mĕro mŭrĭaquĕ dĕcĕbĭt. *H. See* GARUM.

MURMŬR, ŭrĭs. *n.* **1.** *A murmur, noise, sound.* Adspĭcĕ, ventosi cĕcĭdĕrunt murmŭrĭs auræ. *V.* ~ cœli. *V.* buxi. *O.* Fĕrĕ murmŭrĕ ponti. *O.* [¶ Sŏnŭs, sŏnĭtŭs, frăgŏr, &c.] *See* SONITUS. **2.** *Indistinct words, confused voices and murmurings* or *mutterings.* ~-ă compressĭt vocĕ mănuquĕ. *O.* famæ contemnĕrĕ. *Pp.* ~ serpĭt pĕr agmĭnă. *V.* [¶ Sŭsurrŭs.] *See* MURMURO.

Murmŭro, as. 1. *To murmur, make a murmuring noise; to sound.* Spumĕā semĭfĕro sub pectŏrĕ murmŭrăt undā. *V.* Fŭglentĕ dulcis ∾-āt rivo sŏnŭs. *Sen.* [† Immurmŭro, sŏno, sūsurro, frĕmo, &c.] *See* Sono. 2. *To mumble, mutter, grumble.* Linguā ∾-āt exānĭmis. *O.* Servi ∾-ant. *Pl.* [† Sūsurro, immurmŭro, commurmŭro, demurmŭro, musso, musĭto, muttĭo.] **Crcl.** Clauso orĕ commurmŭro. Qd orĕ demurmŭro. **Murmŭrā** clausā do.

Murrha, æ. *f.* 1. *A sort of crystal, of which certain costly vessels were made.* Măcŭlosæ pocālā murrhæ. *M.* Auro murrhaquĕ bĭbĕrĕ. *L.* 2. Sts. for Myrrha. *Myrrh.* *See* Myrrha.

Murrhĭnus, ă, um. *Made of the crystal* Murrha. Murrhĭnque in Parthis pocŭlā coctā fŏcis. *Pp.* [† Murrhĭnŭs.] *See also* Myrrheus.

Murrhĭnŭs, ă, um = Murrhĭnus. 1. *Made of* Murrha. *See* Myrrheus. 2. Murrhĭnā. *n. pl. Vessels of this crystal.* Surrentinā bĭbis? nec murrhĭnā pictā, nĕc aurum Sumĕ. *M.* and *J. See also* Myrrhinus.

Murus, i. *m.* 1. *A city-wall; a wall of defence.* Dividĭmus muros, et mœnĭā pandĭmŭs urbis. *V.* [† Mœnĭā, &c.] *See* M. 2. Gen. *A wall, house-wall, line of enclosure.* [† Pārĭes.] 3. Fig. *A bulwark, defence.* ∾ Graium (˘Achilles). *O.* āhenĕus (*a good conscience*). *H.* [† Præsĭdĭum, muniměn.]

Mus, muris. *m.* *A rat, a mouse.* Rustĭcŭs urbanum murem mus paupĕrĕ fertŭr &c. *H.* [† Sorex.] **Ep.** Exīgŭus, parvŭs, parvŭlŭs, tĕnŭis, brĕvis; fŭgax, timĭdus, ĕdax.

Musæ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *The Muses, goddesses of learning, especially of poetry and music. C. D.* A Jŏvĕ princĭpium, Musæ; Jŏvis omnĭā plenā. *V.* [† Cāmenæ, Piĕrĭdes, Aŏnĭdes, Castālĭdes, Hĕlĭconĭādes, Parnassĭdes, ˘Agānippĭdes, Pegāsĭdes, Thespĭādes, Pimplēĭdes, Libethrĭdes, Mæŏnĭdes.] **Ep.** Aŏnĭæ, Castālĭæ, Hĕlĭconĭādes, Piĕrĭæ, sācræ, castæ, pŭdicæ; blandæ, facundæ, discrtæ, doctæ, argutæ, dulces. **Crcl.** Castālĭæ -sŏrores, ălumnæ, pŭellæ, dĕæ, divæ, nymphæ. Piĕrĭdes pŭellæ. Nŏvem -sŏrores, pŭellæ. Phœbi cŏmĭtes. Doctæ sŏrores. Phœbi cŏhors. Musarum (Cāmenarum, Castālĭdum) -turbā, chŏrŭs, cātervā, grex. Hĕlĭconis (Pindi, Piĕrĭi montis) -ălumnæ, dŏmĭnæ, reginæ, numĭnā. Piĕrĭŭs (Phœbi, ˘Apollĭnis) chŏrŭs. Bœotĭā numĭnā Musæ. Vatum numĭnā. Doctæ virgĭnes. Nŏvem sŏrorum grex. Hĕlĭconĭā turbā. Aŏnĭ montis turbā nŏvenā. Dĕæ Parnassi jŭgā or Hĕlĭconā cŏlentes. *See* Parnassus. **Phr.** *To cultivate the arts and sciences.* Sācrā Musarum cŏlo. Musis āmicŭs (dedĭtŭs) sum. 2. Sing. *The Muse, as the inspiring deity of writers;* sp. *of writers of poetry.* Dignum laudĕ vīrum Musā vĕtat mŏri. *H.* [† Cāmenā.] 3. *The Muse, as personifying poetry in its several styles.* ∾ lyræ solers (*lyric poetry*); sēveræ trāgœdiæ (*tragedy*); Archĭlŏchi (*iambic verse*). *H.* Tēĭā (*Anacreontic*). *O.* silvestris (*bucolic.*) *Lr.* pĕdestris (*a low style, bordering on prose*). *H.* Sicĕlĭdes Musæ. *V.* 4. *A song, a poem, poetry.* ˘Agrestem ∾-am ārundĭnĕ mĕdĭtari. *V.* ∾ prŏtervā mĕa est. *O.* mĕā dis cordi est. *H.* *See* Carmen. 5. Musis aversis, Musa nulla, *without inspiration, without poetical genius.* Aversis ∾-is tangĕrĕ carmĭnā. *O.* ∾-is ĕt ˘Apollĭnĕ nullo. *H.* 6. *Any art or science.* Nĕc ∾-æ dedĭtŭs ulli. *H.*

Musca, æ. *f.* *A fly.* **Ep.** Lĕvis, exilis, grāĕlĭis, parvā, exīgŭā, tĕnŭis; improbā, mŏlestā; turpis, fœdā; stridŭlā, stridens.

Muscĭpŭlum, i. *n.* *A rat-* or *mouse-trap.* Qui sæpĕ lăquĕos et muscĭpŭlā effugĕrāt. *Ph.*

Muscosus, ă, um. *Mossy.* Muscosi fontes, et somno mollĭŏr herbā. *V.* **Crcl.** Musco -tectŭs, ŏpertŭs, vīrens.

Muscŭlus, i. *m.* 1. *Dim. of* Mus. 2. *A muscle of the body.* Fĕmŏrum quŏquĕ muscŭlŭs omnis Liquĭtur. *L. See* Nervus. 3. *A kind of shell-fish. Pl.*

Muscus, i. *m.* *Moss.* ∾-o stagnā vīrentĭā. *V.* tellus humĭdā. *O.* circumlĭtā saxā. *H.* **Ep.** Tĕnĕr, mollis; humĭdŭs, udŭs.

Musĕus, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to the Muses;* hence, *poetical*, &c. Et quāsī Museo dulci contingĕrĕ mellĕ. *Lr.* [† Aŏnĭŭs.] *See* A.

Mussĭto, as. *freq. of* Musso. *Ter. See* M.

Musso, as. 1. *To mutter, murmur.* Flent mœsti mussantquĕ pātres. *V.* [† Mussĭto, muttĭo, murmŭro.] *See* Murmuro. 2. Sts. *To buzz, hum.* ∾-ant limĭnā circum (āpes). *V.* [† Sūsurro.] 3. Ext. *To hesitate, keep back from open speaking.* ∾-āt rex ipsĕ Lātinŭs. *V.* Dicĕrĕ ∾-ant. *V.* [† Hærĕo, dŭbĭto, sīlĕo, tăcĕo.]

Mustacĕum, i. *n.*, *and* **Mustacĕus**, i. *m.* *A kind of wedding-cake.* Causā nĕc est quare cœnam et mustacĕā perdas. *J.*

Mustĕla, æ. *f.* *A weasel.* Cui mustelā prŏcul: si vis, āīt, effŭgĕre istinc. *H.*

Mustĕus, ă, um. *Sweet, as new wine; new, fresh.* Mustĕŭs est: prŏpĕra, caros nec differ āmicos. *M.*

Mustum, i. *n.* (sc. vinum.) 1. *Must, a new sweet wine.* Inquĕ cāvos lĕrant tertĭā mustā lăcus. *O.* 2. Fig. *Vintage, autumn.* Tercentum ∾-ā vīdĕrĕ. *O.*

Mutabĭlis, ĕ. *Changeable, variable, inconstant.* Multā dĭes, vārĭusquĕ lăbor mutabĭlis ævi. *V.* Vārĭum ĕt ∾-ĕ (femĭnā). *V.* [† Mobĭlis, vārĭŭs, lĕvis, &c.] *See* Levis.

Mutatŏr, oris. *m.* 1. *A changer.* Cŏmĭtumquĕ cĕler mutatŏr ĕquorum Mœsŭs. *V. Fl.* ∾-es dŏmorum (Saurŏmātæ). *St.* 2. *An exchanger, barterer.* Mercis ∾ ĕœæ. *L. See* Mercator.

Mūtilo, as. *To mutilate, maim, lop, cut off.* Utquĕ sālirĕ sŏlet mūtĭlatæ caudā cŏlubræ. *O.* ∾-i rami. *O.*

Mūtilŭs, ă, um. *Mutilated, maimed;* sp. *used of cattle that have lost* or *are without horns.* Turpĕ pĕcus mūtĭlum; turpe est sīnĕ gramĭnĕ campŭs. *O.* [† Truncatŭs, truncŭs, mūtĭlatŭs.]

Mūtina, æ. *f.* *Mutina, now Modena, a town of Italy.* Nam quŏtĭes Mūtĭnam, aut civĭlā bustā Philippos. *Pp.*

Mūtinensis, ĕ. *Of Mutina, now Modena.* (Mūtĭnā.) *O.*

Mutĭo, *or* **Muttĭo**, is. *To mumble, mutter, murmur. Pers. Ter.* [† Musso, murmŭro, &c.] *See* Murmuro.

Muto, as. 1. *To move from one position* or *place to another.* Illā tāmen se Non hăbĭtu mutatvĕ lŏco. *H.* ∾ fessum lātŭs. *V.* [† Mŏvĕo, āgo, transfĕro, fĕro.] 2. With merces. *To barter, trade as a merchant; to pay one thing for another.* Nautĭcā pinŭs ∾-āt merces. *V.* ∾ merces surgentĕ a solĕ. *H.* uvam furtiva strĭgĭli. *H. See* Mercor. 3. *To change, alter, vary.* Terrā ∾-āt vĭces. *H.* ∾ vocem. *V.* nomĕn. *O.* [† Immuto, commuto, verto, converto, nŏvo, rĕnŏvo, vārĭo.] 4. *To transform, metamorphose.* ∾ sŏcĭos ˘Ulyssis carmĭnĭbŭs (*of Circe*). *V.* vīros In deformĕ ănĭmāl. *O.* [† Verto, converto, transformo, nŏvo.] **Crcl.** Fīguram (spĕcĭem, formam, corpŭs, os, artus) -muto, verto. **Phr.** Sūa ex făcĭe In ălĭenos vultus verto. ˘In ălĭenos vultus indŭo. ˘In nŏvā monstrā verto. Vĕnenis qm versum āvem (cănem, &c.) făcĭo. *See* Mutor (3). Fig. 5. *To effect a change in the mind, the feelings*, &c. Quæ mentem insanĭā ∾-āt? *V.*

Cœlum, non ănĭmum ∾-ant. *H.* [¶ Verto, converto; *sts.* flecto, inflecto.] **6.** *To exchange place* or *thing, leave one thing for another.* ∾ glandem ărista; clỹpĕos. *V.* Lŭcretĭlem Lỹcco. *H.* exsĭlĭo urbem. *O.* [¶ Commuto.] **7.** *Used intr. by Lr.* Nĕc cessant hæc intĕr se ∾ &c. *Lr.*

Mutŏr. *pass.* **1.** *To be moved away,* or *out of its place; to move* (intr.) *out of one place to another.* Inquĕ lŏcum Scỹthĭco văcŭum mutabŏr ăb arcu. *O.* Hinc ĕgŏ dum mutĕr. *O. See* Discedo. **2.** *To be changed.* ∾-ari e nĭgro ĭn album. *O.* făcĭem ăd sĕrenam (*of the weather*). *Ph.* [¶ Vertŏr, convertŏr, ăbĕo.] **Crcl.** Dissĭmĭlĭs (ălĭŭs, altĕr) fio. Non idem mănĕo. **Phr.** Non cŏlŏr (hăbĭtus, gressus, &c.) idem mănĕt, qui antĕ fŭĭt. Non spĕcĭes ĕădem mănĕt, quæ a. f. **3.** *To be metamorphosed.* Crŭŏr ĭn florem mutabĭtŭr. *O.* ∾ allĭtĕ. *O.* album ĭn allĭtem. *H.* [¶ Vertŏr, convertŏr, transformŏr, transfĕrŏr, ăbĕo, transĕo, fio.] **Crcl.** Nŏvam formam (spĕcĭem, fĭguram) -indŭo, sumo, sŭbĕo, căpĭo, membris induco. ˘In nŏvam spĕcĭem (nŏvum vultum) -mutŏr, vertŏr, transfĕrŏr, transformŏr, transĕo, ăbĕo. Fĭguram -vărĭo, muto, nŏvo, exŭo, perdo. Orā (fĭguram, vultum) muto cum (*or abl. without prep.*). Corpŭs mutŏr. Făcĭem ĕt orā m. Forma oris vertŏr ĭn &c. Formam (făcĭem) me verto ĭn &c. Quam vĕlim, fĭguram assĭmŭlo *or* sumo. **Phr.** *Of one changed into a bird.* Allĭtĭs ĭn fĭguram collectŭs. *Into a boar, tiger,* &c. Fĭt sŭbĭto sus horrĭdŭs; atrā tĭgrĭs &c. *In the act of becoming a beast of some kind.* ˘In villos vestes ăbĕunt; ĭn crurā ăb. lăcerti. *Into a variety of strange forms, one after the other.* ˘In spĕcĭes nŏvas (ĭn omnĭā rerum miracŭlā) translatŭs. Formas ĭn omnes vărĭatŭs. **4.** Fig. *Of change of mind.* ∾ ĭn horas. *H.* ∾-atŭr cum princĭpĕ vulgŭs. *Cl. See* Inconstantia.

Muttĭo. *See* Mutio.

Mutŭŏr, arĭs. *To borrow.* Sed consumĭs ĕt usquĕ mutŭarĭs. *M.* **Crcl.** Mutŭum -accĭpĭo, sumo, căpĭo, exoro.

Mutŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Dumb by nature.* Ipse ăgĕr, ipsi amnes et muta armentā quĕruntŭr. *St.* [¶ Ĕlinguĭs, infans.] **Crcl.** Lŏqui nescĭŭs. Vocĕ cărens. Expers lŏquelæ. Cui -os mutum, nullā vox. Fig. **2.** *Silent, uttering no sound.* ∾-ă dŏlorĕ lỹrā. *O.* ∾-um mĕtu (pĕcŭs). *V.* [¶ Sĭlens, &c.] *See* S. **3.** *Silent, where no sound is heard, tranquil.* ∾-ă sĭlentĭā noctĭs. *O.* ∾-is tăcĭtum littŏribus mārĕ. *Sen.* [¶ Sĭlens, plăcĭdŭs, tranquillŭs.] **4.** *Passing in silence, attracting no notice.* ∾-um ævum volvens inglorĭŭs. *Sil.* ∾-as artes ăgĭtare inglorĭŭs. *V.* [¶ Obscurŭs, lătens.]

Mutŭŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Mutual, reciprocal.* Mutŭăque inter se læti convivĭā curant. *V.* ∾-ă dictā rĕfert. Æquabăt ∾-ă funĕrā Mavors. *V.* [¶ Alternŭs; *sts.* par, rĕcĭprŏcŭs.] **2.** Mutŭŭs ămŏr. *See* Amor. **3.** Mutŭum făcĕrĕ, rĕposcĕrĕ, &c. *Pl. To return like for like.* **4.** Mutŭă. *n. pl.* as adv. *Mutually, reciprocally, in return.* ∾ intĕr se rami stirpesquĕ tĕnentŭr; intĕr se mortales vivunt. *Lr.* flent (altĕr ĭn altĕrŭs sĭnu). *Pp.* Pĕdĭbŭs pĕr mutŭă nexis. *V.* [¶ Mutŭo, pĕr mutŭă, alternum, alternis, invĭcem; *adj.* mutŭŭs, alternans, alternŭs.] **5.** *Borrowed,* or *lent.* ∾ septem sestertĭā promittĕrĕ. *H.* sestertĭā quinquĕ pĕtĕrĕ. *M.* **6.** Mutŭum argentum, or abs. *A loan of money.* Argentum invĕnirĕ mutŭum. *Pl.* Exorarĕ m. *Pl.* (*us.* sumĕrĕ m.)

Mȳcăle, es. *f. A promontory and town of Ionia.* Dindȳmăque, et Mȳcăle, natusque ad sacrā Cĭtharon. *O.*

Mȳcenæ, arum. *f. pl.; sts.* Mȳcene, es. *f. A town of Argolis, and seat of Agamemnon's kingdom.* Erŭĕt ille Argos, ˘Agămemnŏnĭasquĕ Mȳcenas. *V.* Ante ˘Agămemnŏnĭam ditissĭmā tectā Mȳcenem. *Sil.* [Mȳcenā, æ. *f.* is also found in late writers. See also *V. Æ.* v. 52; but the reading is dbf.]

Mȳcenæŭs, ă, um, *and* **Mȳcenĭs,** ĭdĭs (used sp. of Iphigenia). *Of Mycenæ.* Ipsĕ Mȳcenæus magnorum ductŏr ˘Achivum. *V.* Suppŏsĭta fertur mutassĕ Mȳcenĭdā cerva. *O.*

Mygdŏnĭŭs, ă, um, *and* **Mygdŏnĭs,** ĭdĭs. *f. Of Mygdonia, Mygdonian;* hence, *Phrygian.* Aut pinguis Phrȳgiæ Mygdŏnĭas ŏpes. *H.* Mygdŏnĭdesquĕ nŭrus. *O.* Mygdŏnĭā matĕr (Cȳbĕle). *V. Fl.*

Mȳrĭcā, æ. *f. The* (plant) *tamarisk.* Non omnes arbustā jŭvant hŭmĭlesquĕ mȳricæ. *V.* Frăgĭlesquĕ ∾-æ. *O.*

Myrmĭdŏnēs, um. *m. pl. A people of Thessaly, under the command of Achilles at Troy.* Myrmĭdŏnum Dŏlŏpumve, aut duri milĕs ˘Ulyssei. *V.*

Mȳron, onĭs. *m. A celebrated sculptor.* Atque aram circum stĕtĕrant armentā Mȳronĭs, Quattŭŏr artĭfĭces, vivĭdā signā, bŏves. *Pp.* Vaccā, Mȳronĭs ŏpŭs. *O.*

Myrrhā, æ. *f.* **1.** *The daughter of Cinyras, and mother of Adonis, changed into a myrrh-tree. C. D.* Arbŏrĭs in frondes condĭtā Myrrhā nŏvæ. *Pp.* **2.** Myrrhā (*anc.* Murrhā), æ. *f. The myrrh-tree, an Arabian shrub, yielding an odoriferous gum; the scent itself.* Lăcrĭmatas cortĭcĕ ∾-as. *O.* ∾-a mādentes crines. *V.* ˘Orontea crines perfundĕrĕ. *Pp.* Murrham ŏlĕt. *Pl.* **Ep.** Assȳrĭā, ˘Eoā, ˘Orontcā, Sābæā; ŏdorā, ŏdoratā, fragrans; stillans, pinguĭs, flavā. **Crcl.** Myrrhæ -lăcrĭmæ, guttæ. Myrrhĕā (Cĭnȳreĭā) guttā, *or pl.* Cĭnȳrææ lăcrĭmæ. **3.** *A sort of crystal. See* Murrha.

Myrrhatŭs, ă, um = Myrrhĕŭs. *Sil.*

Myrrhĕŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Of myrrh; anointed, perfumed,* &c., *with myrrh.* Myrrhĕum nodo cŏhĭbentĕ crĭnem. *H.* [¶ Murrhatŭs, Myrrhĭnŭs.] **Crcl.** Myrrha -mādens, imbutŭs, perlĭtŭs. **2.** *Of* (made of, &c.) *the crystal* Murrha. *See* Myrrheus.

Myrrhĭnŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Of myrrh.* ˘Arăbĭus murrhĭnusque omnes ŏdor complebăt. *Pl.* **2.** Murrhĭnā, æ. *f.* (sc. potio.) *Wine flavoured with myrrh. Pl.* **3.** Myrrhĭnā, orum. *n. pl. See* Murrhina.

Myrtetum, i. *n. A myrtle-grove.* Littŏrā myrtetis lætissĭmā. *V.*

Myrtĕŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Of myrtle; myrtle,* adj. Myrtĕā silvā sŭbest, bĭcŏlorĭbŭs obsĭtā baccis. *O.* **2.** Sts. *Of the colour of myrtle;* or *myrtle-crowned.* Stillabat Sȳrĭo myrtĕā rorĕ cŏmā. *Tib.*

Myrtŏŭs, ă, um. *Myrtoan; a portion of the Ægean Sea so called. C. D.* Qui nŏvā Myrtoæ nomĭnā fecĭt ăquæ. *O.*

Myrtum, i. *n. A myrtle-berry.* Et lauri baccas, ŏlĕamquĕ, crŭentăquĕ myrtā. *V.*

Myrtŭs, i *and* us. *f.* **1.** *The myrtle-tree, sacred to Venus.* Simplĭci myrto nĭhĭl allăbores. *H.* Quales Eurotæ progignunt flumĭnā myrtus. *Cat.* **Ep.** Cȳprĭā, Cȳthĕrĕā, Cȳthĕreĭs, Idālĭā, Păphĭā; ŏdorā, fragrans, vĭrĭdĭs, pallĭdā, pullā, nĭgrā, bĭcŏlŏr, tĕnĕrā. **Crcl.** Cȳprĭā *or* Cȳprĭdis arbŏr. Vĕnĕri (Dĭonææ matri) -sācrā, gratā. **2.** *A spear, pastoral staff* or *crook, made of myrtle.* Pastoralĭs præfixa cuspĭdĕ myrtŭs. *V.*

Mysĭa, æ. *f. A district of Asia Minor.* Nullo tantum se Mysĭā cultu Jactăt. *V.*

Mysi, orum. *m. pl.* **1.** *The people of Mysia.* In

quem sŭperbŭs ordĭnarăt agmĭnă Mysorum. *H.* **2. Mysŭs,** ă, um. *Mysian, of Mysia. O.* [¶ Mysĭŭs.]

Mystā, *and* **Mystes,** æ. *m. One initiated into sacred mysteries.* Tempŭs hăbent mystæ sidĕrā visă cĭbi. *O. See* Sacerdos.

Mysterĭum, ĭi. *n., and* us. **Mysterĭa,** orum. *pl. A mystery, a secret religious rite; or pl.* Condĭtă si non sint Vĕnĕris mysterĭă cistis. *O.* **Crcl.** Săcră -mystĭcă, arcană.

Mystĭcŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Mystical, having to do with sacred mysteries.* Arbŭtĕæ crates et mystĭcă vannŭs ˘Iacchi. *V.* Tædĭfĕræ ∾-ă sacrā dĕæ. *O.* **2.** *Mysterious.* Tectăquĕ sunt sŏlĭda ∾-ă furtă fĭde. *O. See* Arcanus.

Myxŭs, i. *m. The socket of a lamp. M.*

N.

Năbăthæŭs, ă, um (*and* Năbăthæŭs). *Of* or *belonging to Nabathæa;* hence, *Arabic, Eastern.* Eurŭs ăd auroram Năbăthæăquĕ regnă rĕcessĭt. *O.*

Nablĭa, orum. *n. pl.* (*Hebr.* Nebal.) *A stringed instrument, a psaltery.* Disce ĕtĭam dŭplĭci gĕnĭălĭă nablĭă palma Verrĕrĕ. *O.*

Nactŭs, ă, um. *part. of* Nanciscor. **1.** *Having found, come upon, caught.* ∾ hoc littŭs, ădhæsi. *O.* aurigam sŭb ipsis ĕquis. *V.* **2.** *Having got, acquired.* ∾ fĭdem. *O.*

Næ. *adv.* (*vai.*) *Yes indeed, in good truth, assuredly. Pl. Ter.* [¶ Sane, certe, prŏfecto.]

Nænĭa, æ. *f.* **1.** *A dirge.* Absint Inani funĕrĕ nænĭæ. *H.* [¶ Quĕrelă.] **Ep.** Mœstă, tristĭs, ferallĭs, funĕbrĭs, lugŭbrĭs. **Crcl.** Funĕrĕum *or* ferallĕ carmĕn. Lugŭbres *or* funĕbres -cantus, questus. **2.** *Any saw* or *common sing-song saying.* ∾ quæ regnum tarde vĕnĭentĭbŭs offert. *H.* pŏpŭli. *Cat.* **3.** *A magic song, sorcerer's incantation.* Mixtăquĕ cum măgĭcis ∾ Marsă sŏnis. *O.* **4.** *Trifles, idle rhymes, old songs. Ph. See* Nugæ.

Nævŭs, i. *m. A spot, blemish on the person.* ∾ ĭn egrĕgĭo corpŏrĕ. *O.* Egrĕgĭo inspersos corpŏrĕ ∾-os. *H.* [¶ Măcŭlă, mendă.]

Naĭădes, *and* **Naĭdes,** um. *f. pl.* **1.** *The Naiads, nymphs of fountains and rivers.* Naĭdĕs, indigno quum Gallŭs ămorĕ pĕtirĕt. *V.* Ægle, Naĭădum pulcherrĭmă. *V.* **Ep.** Udæ, æquŏrĕæ, glaucæ, dĕcoræ, formosæ, sŏrores. **Crcl.** Naĭădum -chŏrŭs, turbă, cŏhors. Flŭvĭorum -dĕæ, nymphæ. Humentes *or* cærŭlĕæ nymphæ. Flŭvĭallĭă *or* fontană numĭnă. ˘Agrestĭă flŭvĭorum numĭnă. **2.** *Sing.* Naĭăs, *and* Naĭs. *A naiad.* Naĭăs ună fŭit &c. *O.* Candĭdă Naĭs. *V.*

Naĭs. *See* Naiades.

Nam. **1.** *For.* [¶ Namquĕ, ĕnim, ĕtĕnim, quippĕ, nempĕ, sĭquĭdem, nimirum.] **Crcl.** Quippĕ ĕtĕnim. **2.** *Used as a simple expletive in interrogations.* Nam quis te, jŭvĕnum &c.? Nam quĭd ăgo? *V.* (So in Gr. τίς γάρ; πῶς γάρ;) *See* Quisnam.

Namquĕ. *For.* Est mĭhĭ namquĕ dŏmi pătĕr &c. Namquĕ cănebăt ŭti &c. *V. See* Nam.

Nanciscŏr, ĕrĭs, nactŭs sum. **1.** *To find, meet with, light upon.* Idem ĕgŏ quum fratres cœlo sum nactŭs ăperto. *O.* Undĕ annŭlum istum nactŭs? *Ter.* [¶ Invĕnĭo, rĕpĕrĭo.] **2.** *To get, acquire, obtain.* ∾ nomĕn pŏetæ. *H.* nomĭnă de virgĭnĕ mersa. *O.* ex nuptĭis tŭis nil mălĭ. *Ter.* [¶ Obtĭnĕo, acquiro, compăro, conséquŏr.]

Nanŭs, i. *m. A dwarf.* Nanŭs ĕt ipsĕ sŭos brĕvĭter contractŭs ĭn artus. *Pp.* [¶ Pumĭlĭo.]

Năpææ, arum. *f. pl. Nymphs of the woods and valleys.* Tendĕ, pĕtens pacem, et făcĭles vĕnĕrarĕ Năpæas. *V. See* Dryas (I.).

Narbonensis Gallĭa. *The province of Gaul of which Narbo was the capital.* Te Narbonensis Gallĭă præpŏsŭĭt. *Aus.*

Narcissŭs, i. *m.* **1.** *Narcissus, the son of Cephisus, changed into a flower so called. O.* [¶ Cephisĭŭs.] **2.** *The flower so called.* Pro mollĭ vĭŏla, pro purpŭrĕo narcisso. *V.* **Ep.** Aurĕŭs, crŏcĕŭs, flavŭs.

Nardŭs, i. *f., and sts.* **Nardum,** i. *n. The plant nard,* us. *spikenard; the unguent derived from it.* Cŏmă lĭquĭda nĭtĭdissĭmă ∾-o. *O.* ∾-o (Assȳrĭa) potamŭs unctĭ. *H.* puro destillent tempŏrĭ. *Tib.* **Ep.** ˘Achæmĕnĭă, Assȳrĭă, &c. *See* Unguentum.

Narĭs, ĭs. *f.* **1.** *A nostril.* **Nares,** ĭum. *pl. The nostrils, the nose; the sense of smell;* hence, *a smell, smells.* Inquĕ căva nullus stĕt tĭbĭ narĕ pĭlŭs. *O.* Pătŭlis ∾-ĭbŭs auras captarĕ. *V.* Omnis coplă narĭum. *H.* [¶ Nasŭs.] **Ep.** Pătŭlă, ăpertă, căvă; uncă, ăduncă. **Crcl.** Spiramĭna narĭs. **2.** *Nose, scent* (in dogs). Cănes -narĭbŭs acres. *O.* narĕ săgaci. *L.* Solertĭă narĭs (de cănĭbŭs). *Grat.* Fig. **3.** Narĭs emunctæ. *H. Ph.* N. ŏbesæ. *H. Of nice perception, refined judgment; of dull perception,* &c. **4.** Nares ăcutæ, uncæ; *sts.* nares *abs. Used for contempt, ridicule.* Mĭnŭs ăptŭs ăcutis horum ∾-ĭbŭs. *H.* Nĭmĭs uncis ∾-ĭbŭs indulgerĕ. *Pers.* ∾-ĭbŭs uti (*to ridicule*). *H. See* Nasus.

Narrabĭlis, ĕ. *That can be related.* Linguă sĭlĕ: non est ultra narrabĭlĕ quidquam. *O.* [¶ Mĕmŏrabĭlis.]

Narratĭo, onis. *f., and* **Narratŭs,** us. *m. A narration, relation.* Sæpe invĕniri, hæc exsĕrĭt narratĭo. *Ph.* Narratĭbŭs horă tempestivă. *O.*

Narro, as. **1.** *To relate, tell, report.* Hic ĕtĭam inventum Prĭămo narrabĭs ˘Achillem. *V.* Hæc mĭhĭ narrasti. *O.* Tu mĭhĭ narraras. *O.* [¶ Enarro, rĕnarro, mĕmŏro, commĕmŏro, rĕfĕro, expono, dico, pando, ăpĕrĭo, evolvo, explĭco, edissĕro, elŏquŏr, rĕcensĕo, expĕdĭo, rĕtexo; *sts.* exsĕquŏr, sĕquŏr.] **Crcl.** Dicendo (verbis, dictis) -pando, expĕdĭo, persĕquŏr, expono, evolvo. Ordĭnĕ pando. **2.** *To talk.* Navlĭă de ventis, de tauris ∾-ăt ăratŏr. *Pp. See* Loquor.

Narthecĭum, ĭi. *n. A scent-chest, a medicine-chest.* Artĭs ĕbur mĕdĭcæ narthecĭă cernĭs hăberĕ. *M.*

Nascens, tis. **1.** *Being born, at the time of birth, coming into existence.* Quemquĕ sĭbi tĕnŭes nascentem arcessĕrĕ vitas. *V.* Prima ∾-is ŏrĭgĭnĕ mundi. *V.* [¶ ˘Orĭens, ortŭs, crĕatŭs, gĕnĭtŭs, surgens, incĭpĭens; *sts.* primŭs.] **2.** Fig. ∾-ĕ luna. *H.*

Nascŏr, ĕrĭs, natŭs sum. **1.** *To be born, to come into the world.* Nascetur pulchra Trojanŭs ŏrĭgĭnĕ Cæsăr. *V.* ∾ de stirpĕ dĕi. *O.* [¶ ˘Orĭŏr, gignŏr, crĕŏr, gĕnĕrŏr; *sts.* enascŏr.] **Crcl.** Vitam -accĭpĭo, ingrĕdĭŏr. ˘Ad lumĭnă vitæ surgo. ˘Ad lumĭnis auras *or* cœli sŭb auras -emittŏr, educŏr. ˘In lumĭnis auras exŏrĭŏr. Edŏr ĭn lucem. Lucem *or* vitales auras -haurĭo, carpo. Vitalĕ lumĕn adspĭcĭo. Lumĭnă sollĭs viso. Vitæ limĕn ĭnĕo. ˘In aĕrĭs auras profĕrŏr. E materna alvo -prodĕo, exĕo, excedo. Gĕnĭtrĭcĭs alvum rĕlinquo. **2.** *Used of animals. O. H.* **3.** *Of vegetables.* ∾-untŭr duræ cŏrȳli; pingues ŏlĭvæ. *V.* [¶ Vĕnĭo, surgo, cresco, provĕnĭo.] **4.** Fig. *Of the beginning, rise, and first appearance of natural objects, human events,* &c. Nascĕrĕ Lucĭfĕr (*rise*). *V.* Nĭgerrĭmŭs austĕr ∾-ĭtŭr. Majŏr rerum ordo ∾-ĭtŭr. *V.* [¶ Surgo, apparĕo, exsisto, vĕnĭo, adsum.]

Nasica, æ. *m. A surname of the Scipio family.*

Nasica accepit; templi non præstĭtĭt auctŏr. *O.*

NASŌ, *and sts.* NASO, onĭs. *m. A Roman surname;* sp. *P. Ovidius Naso, the poet.* Multŭs hŏmo es, Naso; nam tecum multŭs hŏmo est, qui &c. *Cat.* Ingĕnĭo pĕrĭi Nasō pŏetā mĕo. *O.* Nasō Tŏmis &c. *St. See* OVIDIUS.

NASSĂ, æ. *f. A wicker eel-pot,* or *weel for fish.* Texens de vimĭnĕ nassam. *Sil. See* RETE.

NASTURTĬUM, ĭi. *n. A species of cress.* Cæcis nasturtĭă dirā cŏlubris. *Col.*

NASŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *The nose;* hence, *the sense of smell.* Non măgĭs essĕ vĕlim, quam pravo vivĕrĕ naso. *H.* Non quĭă ~ illis nullŭs ĕrăt. *H.* Nasorum pestĭs. *Cat.* [¶ Narĭs, nares.] *See* NARIS. **2.** *The distended nose, expressive of rage.* Irā cădăt naso &c. *Pers.* (Nĕc) fumantem nasum vivi tentavĕrĭs ursi. *M.* (Cf. *Theocr.* Καὶ οἱ ἀεὶ δριμεῖα χολὰ ποτὶ ῥὶν κάθηται.) Fig. **3.** *A nice perception, taste, judgement.* Non cuicunquĕ dătum est hăbērĕ ~-um. *M.* ~ Attĭcŭs. *Sen.* [¶ Nares, ăcumĕn.] **4.** Nasŭs ăduncŭs *was expressive of ridicule, sarcasm, contempt,* &c. [Angl. *to turn up the nose at any thing.*] Hence—~-o (qm) suspendĕrĕ ădunco (*to jeer or rally any one*). *H.* [But—*Excusso* ~-o qm suspendĕrĕ. *Pers.* = *to use dissembled raillery;* excussus *opp. to* aduncus.] [¶ Sannā.] *See* NARIS (4). **5.** *A handle, ear, spout,* &c., *of a vessel.* Siccabis cāllĭcem nasorum quattŭŏr. *J.*

NASUTŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Having a large nose.* Depygis, nasutā, brĕvi lātĕre ac pĕdĕ longo est. *H.* **2.** *Having a good nose;* fig. *of acute perception, witty, sarcastic.* Nil nasutĭŭs hac mălignĭusquĕ. *M. See* NASUS, DERISOR.

NATĂ, æ. *f. A daughter.* Nĕ pĕtĕ connŭbĭis natam sŏclarĕ Lātinis. *V. See* FILIA.

NATALĬS, ĕ. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to one's birth, natal, native.* Nescĭŏ qua natalĕ sŏlum dulcedĭnĕ captos Ducĭt. *O.* [¶ Pātrĭŭs.] **2.** *With or without* dĭes, lux. *A birth-day.* Pŭĕro ~ dĭes. *Ter.* Lux quŏquĕ ~ turpĕ fŭit. *O.* Mĕŭs est ~. *V.* ~ Hercŭlĭs. *O.* ~-es, ˘Ovĭdi, tŭos ăpriles. *M.* **Crcl.** Lux *or* dĭes gĕnĭtalĭs. Natalĭtĭŭs dĭes. Gĕnĭtalĕ tempŭs. Qua qs ex lucĕ vitæ annos ordĭnăt. Qui dĭes vitales ci auras primum tradidĭt. **3.** Sts. in pl. *Birth, extraction.* Felix qui tantis ănĭmum natalĭbŭs æquas. *L. See* GENUS.

NATALĬTĬŬS, *or* NATALĬCĬŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to one's birth,* or *the day of one's birth.* Et natalĭtĭum cognatis ponĕrĕ lardum. *J.* ~ dĭes. ~-æ dăpes. *M. See* NATALIS.

NĂTANS, tĭs. *part. See* NATO. **1.** *Swimming.* [¶ Nans.] **2.** *Floating.* Malos tonsasquĕ nătantes. *Lr.* **3.** ˘Ocŭli nătantes. *Eyes gradually yielding to sleep* or *death.* Condĭt ~-tĭă lumĭnă somnŭs. *V.* ˘Ocŭlos ĭn mortĕ ~-es. *L.* ˘Ocŭlis sŭb noctĕ ~-ĭbŭs. *O.* **4.** ~-antes campi. *Lr.* fluctus. *Enn. The sea.* [Virgil uses *campi nătantes* of waving fields of corn. *G.* iii. 198.] **5.** *Used subst. of fishes.* Gĕnŭs omnĕ ~-um. *V.*

NĂTATŎR, ŏrĭs. *m. A swimmer.* Pugnăt ĭn adversas irĕ nătatŏr ăquas. *O.*

NĂTATŬS, us. *m. The act of swimming.* Sæpĕ mări, pulchroquĕ sĕcat Gălătĕă nătatu Flumĕn. *Cl.*

NĂTES, ĭum. *f. pl.* **1.** *The buttocks.* Nudasquĕ nātes ac tergā rĕliquĭt. *Cl.* [¶ Clunes.] **2.** *Sts. sing. H.*

NATĬO, onĭs. *f.* (NATĬŎ. *J.*) **1.** *A race, species* (of men); *a nation.* Est ardĕlĭonum quædam Romæ natĭo. *Ph.* Narrantem lŏcā, factā, natĭonĕs. *Cat.* [¶ Gens, gĕnŭs, pŏpŭlŭs.] **2.** Freq. in a bad sense. *A set of persons, a club, clique.* ~ comœdā est. *J.* Schŏlastĭcorum natĭo (*Catal. Virg.*). **3.** Pl. *The Gentiles. Eccl. See* GENTES.

NATIVŬS, ă, um. *Native, natural, not made by art.* Littŏrā nativos per se dent pictā lăpillos. *Pp.* ~ lĕvĭbŭs tofis arcŭs. *O. See* NATURALIS.

NĂTO, as. Intr. and tr. **1.** *To swim, traverse by swimming.* Quotquĕ nātent pisces æquŏrĕ, certŭs ĕrĭs. *O.* ~ frĕtā turbatā prŏcellis. *V.* [¶ No; *sts.* inno, innăto.] **Crcl.** ˘Aquas (undas, flumĕn, flŭvĭos, fluctus, æquŏr, æquŏrā) –năto, inno, innăto, trano, trajĭcĭo, sĕco, transmitto. ˘Aquas *or* fluctus mănĭbŭs (lăcertis, pectŏrĕ) –pulso, sulco, findo, percŭtĭo, verbĕro, fĕrĭo, frango. ˘Aquas nătatu –plaudo, sŭpĕro. Flŭvĭum nătatu –transmitto, sĕco, scindo, nando frango. ˘In undis, pĕr undas –fĕrŏr, labŏr, ludo. Sĕcundo flumĭnĕ–fĕrŏr, labŏr. Sŭb undis remĭgo. Æquŏrĕum ĭtĕr nando carpo. Brachĭă –jacto, dimotis ăquis (lĭquĭdo mări) j. Membrā nătatu jacto. Summo gurgĭtĕ –no, năto. ˘In summas ăquas (altŭs) erĭgŏr. Dŭbĭa ăqua –pendĕo, corpŭs pendĕt, corpŭs *or* corpŏrā jacto. Hŭmĕro dimotas undas sŭpĕremĭnĕo. **Phr.** *Of one tired with swimming.* Lassatā dĭu brachĭă jactăt. Æquŏrĕis undis lassas mănus ducĭt. Brachĭă pĕr assĭdŭos motus languent. Lăcerti hŭmĕro sŭb ŭtroquĕ fātigati pendent. Vix pĕr ăquas fessŭs trăhĭtŭr. **2.** *To be tossed upon the waters; to float on them.* ~ dĭes noctesquĕ. ~-ăt unctā cărĭnā. *V.* [¶ Jactŏr, fluctŭo.] Fig. **3.** *To spread out, extend itself over.* intr. ~-ăt campo lĭbĕrĭorĕ (Tĭbĕrĭnŭs). *O.* mĕdĭo prŏfundo (umbrā). *St.* **4.** *To swim with* (be full of), *to be inundated.* ~-ant sănĭc limĭnā; plenis fossis rurā. *V.* arvā sanguĭnĕ. *L.* [¶ Mano, fluo, Inundo, mădĕo, stagno, &c.] **5.** *To move* or *glide about a surface, to move to and fro.* ~-ăt ignĭs nĭvĕo ĭn orĕ. *St.* ~-ant antĕ ŏcŭlos tĕnĕbræ. *O.* **6.** *To be loose, to fit loosely* (to have room to move about). Nĕc pes ĭn laxa pellĕ ~-ĕt. *O.* **7.** *Used of the eyes of sleepy* or *intoxicated persons.* Vinis ŏcŭlique ănĭmiquĕ ~-abant. *O. See* NATANS. **8.** *To oscillate.* Instăbĭlis ~-ăt alterno depressĭŏr orbĕ. *Tib.* **9.** *To fluctuate, waver, doubt. H.* Sŭbĭtis bŏnis mens ægrā ~-abăt. *Sil. See* FLUCTUO.

NĂTŎR. *pass. To be swum over* or *through; to be lived in by a swimming race of beings.* Quŏt piscĭbŭs undā nătatŭr. *O.* Săcris piscĭbŭs hæ ~-antŭr undæ. *M.* [¶ Trajĭcĭŏr, transmittŏr, tranŏr, sulcŏr.]

NATRIX, ĭcĭs. *m. f. A water-serpent.* Et natrix vĭŏlatŏr ăquæ. *L.*

NATU. *abl. of obs.* Natus, us. *By birth, in age.* Hic una e multis, quæ maxĭmā natu. *V.* Quæ natu maxĭmā virgo. *O.*

NATURĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *Nature;* i. e. *the constituted laws and order of things created.* Contĭnŭo has leges æternăquĕ fœdĕrā certis Impŏsŭit naturā lŏcis. *V.* Oppŏsŭit ~ Alpemquĕ nĭvemquĕ. *J.* [¶ Dĕŭs.] **Ep.** Omnĭpărens, pŏtens, fĕrax, dĭvĕs, fecundā, largā, bĕnignā, provĭdā. **Crcl.** Rerum naturā. Rerum pārens. Rerum naturā crĕātrix. Omnĭpărens gĕnĭtrix. Naturæ –fœdŭs, fœdĕrā. **2.** *Human nature.* **Crcl.** Naturæ –vis, jus, jurā, lex, leges. **3.** *The natural disposition and character.* ~-am expellas furca, tămĕn usquĕ rĕcurrĕt. *H.* ~-æ ăpĭum. *V.* [¶ Ingĕnĭum, indŏles, mores, ănĭmŭs.] *See* INDOLES. **4.** *A peculiar quality* or *property.* Sŏlo ~ sŭbest. *V.* [¶ Ingĕnĭum, vis, virtus.] **5.** *Species, kind.* Vărĭa est ~ mălorum. *J.* [¶ Spĕcĭes, gĕnŭs.]

NATURALIS, ĕ. *Natural, that which is from nature* (*i. e.* not by art, not acquired); hence, *real, not artificial.* Omnĭă quæ naturali rătĭonĕ gĕruntŭr. *Lr.* ~-ĕ munŭs dĕcorĭs. *O.* ~-i pāvorĕ depŏsĭto. *O.* [¶ Nativŭs, innatŭs, insĭtŭs,

ingĕnĭtŭs, ingĕnĕrātŭs, indĭtŭs.] Crcl. Non fictŭs, non fucatŭs, non sĭmŭlātŭs.

Natŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Nascor. *Born.* Magnānĭmi heroes, nati mĕllĭorĭbŭs annis. *V.* ~ ĕs e scŏpŭlis. *O.* [† Ortŭs, sātŭs, gĕnĭtŭs, gĕnĕrātŭs, cretŭs, edĭtŭs, prognātŭs, progĕnĭtŭs, eductŭs.]

Natŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A son.* Dēdĭt oscŭlā nato. *O. See* Filius. 2. *Children, descendants.* ~-i ~-orum, ĕt qui nascentŭr ăb illis. *V. See* Proles, Posteri. 3. *The young of animals.* ˘In ~os consument ubĕrā (vaccæ). *V.* [† Cătŭli *or* pulli.]

Naufragĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Shipwreck.* Lit. and fig. Sed quŏ̄ nauf̄rāgĭis magnis multisquē cŏortis. *Lr.* Naufrāgĭi tăbŭlas qui pĕtĭerē mĕi. *O.* Ep. Tristē, ăcerbum, funestum, flebĭlē, infelix, infaustum, mĭsĕrabĭlē, mĭsĕrandum. Phr. 1. *To suffer shipwreck.* Naufrāgĭum pătĭŏr. Fluctĭbŭs (undis, æquŏrē, gurgĭtē) -jactŏr, obrŭŏr, mergŏr, submergŏr, nāto. Navis fractā (sŏlutā, lăcĕratā, lăcĕrā, convulsā, quassatā, illisā, eversā, mersā, naufrāgā) est. Navis -frangĭtŭr, dēhiscĭt, solvĭtŭr, obrŭĭtŭr, desidĭt, defĭcĭt. Rătis (puppis, &c.) inflictā vādis (illisā scŏpŭlis, mersā) pĕrĭt. Phr. 2. *A shipwreck.* Rătis &c. sævo æquŏlonē fractā, (tristĭbŭs prŏcellis dispersā) pēlāgi ludĭbrĭum jactatŭr (ventis ĕt undis j.). Moles æquarum desŭpĕr irrŭĭt; pondĕrē pārĭtĕr ĕt ictu rātem In imā mergĭt. Nautæ, mersa rātē naufrāgi, pĕr undas (immensas u.) acti jactantŭr. ˘Allĭ -fluctĭbŭs prēmuntŭr obrŭti;—semĭnĕces vastā prŏfundā sŭbĕunt;—mĭsĕri æquŏrā rĕvŏmentes flŭĭtant. ˘Allĭ, fractis (disruptis) trābĭbŭs (fluctĭbŭs mersi, ponto obrŭti) ād votum tandem enātant. ˘Et transtrā, ĕt mali, ĕt lăcĕro velo āplustrĭā, pĕr undas fĕruntŭr. Submersā ponto corpŏrā, puppis lăcĕræ fragmĭnā (disruptā *or* dissŏlutā f.) In littŏrē ejectā jăcent. *See* Mergor, Procella. 2. *A person wrecked*, or *part of a wreck.* Mollĭā ~-is littŏrā. *O.* ~ spargens ŏpĕrĭt frĕtā (Eurŭs). *Sil.* Invadĕrē ~-ā. *Sil.*

Naufrāgŭs, ă, um. 1. *That which causes shipwreck.* Et vos Nissei, naufrāgā monstrā, cānes. *O.* ~ mārē. *H.* tempestas. *V. Fl. See* Navifragus. 2. *That which is shipwrecked.* Lit. and fig. ~ actŭs āquis. *O.* ~-ā corpŏrā. *V.* [† Nātans.] Crcl. Naufrāgĭum passŭs. Ponto (fluctĭbŭs, gurgĭtē) -jactatŭs, actŭs, mersŭs, obrŭtŭs. *See* Naufragium.

Naulum, i. *n. Freight, fare for sea carriage. J.*

Naumachĭa, æ. *f. A* (mock) *sea-fight; the representation of one.* Hanc norint unam sæcŭlā naumăchĭam. *M.*

Naupactŏŭs, ă, um. *Of Naupactus, a town of Ætolia, now Lepanto.* Amphĭlāraides Naupactoo ˘Achĕloo. *O.*

Nauplĭādes, æ. *m. Son of Nauplias*, i. e. *Palamedes. C. D.* Tĭmĭdi commentā rĕtexĭt Nauplĭādes ănĭmi. *O.*

Nausĕa, æ. *f.* (ναυσία.) *Sea-sickness; sickness, inclination to be sick.* Lit. and fig. Nec sĕmĕl est stŏmăcho nausĕā factā mŏo. *O. See* (*fig.*) Fastidium.

Nausĕo, as. 1. *To be sea-sick, to feel sick; to be actually sick.* Conducto navĭgĭo æque Nausĕāt ac lŏcŭples. *H. See* Vomo. 2. Fig. *To be disgusted.* Si qui stulti nausĕant. *Ph.*

Nautā, æ. *m. A sailor, seaman.* [† Remex, navĭtā.] Ep. Fluctĭvāgŭs, vāgŭs, audax, impăvĭdŭs; pĕrĭtŭs, provĭdŭs, vĭgĭl; ăvarŭs. Crcl. Nautĭcā pubes. Navĭtā sulcatŏr ponti. *See* Navigo.

Nautĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to ships* or *sailors, nautical.* Nautĭcŭs exŏrĭtur vārĭo certamĭnē clamŏr. *V.* ~ pinŭs. *V.* pubes. *Aus.*

Navalĭ, Is. *n.*; **Navalĭa**, um. *pl. A station for ships, a dock, a harbour.* Haud ălĭter quam si siccum navalē tĕnerĕt. *O.* Dirĭpĕrē rātes ~-ĭbŭs. *V.*

Navalĭs, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to ships, naval.* Nilum, ac navali surgentes ærē cŏlumnas. *V.* ~ bellum. *L.* tŭbā. *M.*

Navĭcŭlā, æ. *f.*, *dim. of* Navis. *Cic. See* Cymba.

Navĭfrāgŭs, ă, um = Naufrāgŭs. Vidi ĕgŏ navĭfrāgum qui risĕrāt, æquŏrē mergi. *O.* Caulonisquē arces et navĭfrāgum Scȳlăcæum. *V.* ~ frĕtum. *O.* [† Naufrāgŭs; *sts.* infamĭs.]

Navĭgātĭo, onis. *f. A navigation, voyage.* Horrebat mālā navĭgātĭonĭs. *Sil.* [† *Sts.* Navĭgĭum, navĭs; *ext.* ĭtĕr, vĭā, cursŭs, lapsŭs.] Crcl. ˘Itĕr lĭquĭdum. Æquŏrĕā vĭā. *See* Navigo.

Navĭgĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing ships, navigable.* Quæ mārē navĭgĕrum, quæ terras frugĭfĕrentes. *Lr.* [† Vellvŏlŭs.]

Navĭgĭŭm, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A ship.* Aut ŭbĭ navĭgĭis vĭŏlentĭŏr incĭdĭt eurŭs. *V. See* Navis. 2. Sts. *Navigation, sailing.* ~-i rātĭo tum cæcā jăcebāt. *Lr.*

Navĭgo, as. 1. Intr. *To sail* (of men or vessels). Navĭgĕt, ac mĕdĭis hĭĕmet mercatŏr In undis. *H.* ~ Antĭcȳram (*to sail to*). *H.* ~-āt fuso Brĭtannŭs ocĕāno. *L.* mĕdĭis pinŭs In undis. *O.* Crcl. Navĭgo æquŏr. ˘In undis navĭgo. Vento navĭgo. Velā făcĭo. Æquŏrē curro. Æquŏr -ăro, trano. Æquŏr navĭbŭs *or* rātĭbŭs -ăro, trano, sulco, trajĭcĭo, sĕco, scindo, proscindo, decurro, metlŏr, permetlŏr, conscendo, curro, fĕrĭo, pĕnĕtro, pervăgŏr, lustro. Pontum scindo. Pĕr cærŭlā (æquŏrā, mārē, undas) -fĕrŏr, vĕhŏr, ĕo, vŏlo, curro, labŏr. Pĕr altum -ĕo, vĭam tendo. Mārĭ *or* pēlāgo -me credo, ănĭmam committo. Mārē -cārĭna findo, rostris impello. Vĭas mārĭs tento. Puppē vĭam *or* ĭtĕr -făcĭo, tento. Fluctus æquŏlonē sĕco. Rātem vādis (flatĭbŭs, eurĭs) -credo, committo, do. Terras rĕpostas (pĕrĕgrinas oras) pēlāgo -tento, quæro, pĕto. Tethyn rātĭbŭs tento. Neptunā arvā (campos sālĭs) -findo, ærē rŭo, sĕco. Ventis *or* auris -ĕo, fĕrŏr, vĕnĭo, accedo, ăgŏr, cursum tĕnĕo. Velā sālo duco. Æquŏrĕos cursus -tendo, tento. Æquŏrā cursu transvĕhŏr. Velā (carbăsā, lintĕā) tendo ād. *See* Remigo, Vela do. 2. Tr. *To navigate* (sail over or through a sea); us. *of persons.* ~ Tyrrhenum æquŏr. *V.* æquŏr Iŏnĭum. *O.* [† Æquŏr &c. -sulco, ăro, trano, trajĭcĭo, impello, percurro, metlŏr, lustro, sĕco, scindo, tĕnĕo.] 3. Sts. *To swim.* Jam certe ~-āt, inquam (de Lĕandro). *O. See* Nato.

Navĭs, Is. *f.* 1. *A ship, vessel.* Actā pĕr æquŏrĕas hospĭtā navĭs āquas. *O.* [† Rātĭs, puppis, cārĭnā, navĭgĭum, alnŭs, pinŭs, ăbĭes; *sts.* bĭremĭs, trĭremĭs, classĭs, cymbā, lembŭs, lĭburnā, arbŏr *or* arbos, currŭs.] Ep. Pontĭvāgā, fluctĭvāgā, æquŏrĕā, vellvŏlā, ærātā, cāvā, curvā, pictā; vāgā, cĕlĕrĭs, cĭtā, lĕvĭs, vŏlŭcrĭs, rāpĭdā. Crcl. Vŏlĭtans currŭs. Lignĕā mœnĭā. Nautĭcā pinŭs. Trabs cāvā. Alnŭs cāvātā. Pinĕā -tectā, dŏmŭs, moles. Navis frāgĭlē lignum. Ingenti molē puppis. *See* Navigo. 2. Navem -sulvo; —appello. *To set sail; to land. See* Vela do, Appello (Is).

Navĭtā, æ. *m.* = Nautā. *A sailor, mariner.* Atque omnis navĭtā ponto Humĭdā velā lĕgĭt. *V. See* Nauta.

Navo, as. *To do vigorously; effect carefully, strenuously.* Pŏtĭus mĭhĭ dextĕrā ferro Navĕt ŏpŭs. *V. Fl.* [† Curo, mĭnistro.]

Naxŏs, *or* **Naxŭs**, i. *f. An island in the Ægean, one of the Cyclades, where Theseus abandoned Ariadne.* Bacchatamquē jūgis Naxon vĭrĭdemquē Dŏnusam. *V.*

I. Nĕ. 1. *An enclitic particle of interrogation.* Tantæne ănĭmis cœlestĭbŭs iræ? *V.* Usque ăděo-

ně mŏri mĭsĕrum est? *V.* [¶ ˘An, annĕ, num.] [N.B. It may be omitted. Credĭtĭs avectos hostes? *V.* Sts. *en* is used, where desire or fear connected with the question is felt. En ĕrĭt unquam illĕ dĭes? En ĕrĭt, ŭt lĭcĕăt &c.? *V.*] **2.** Nĕ (*or* ŭtrum) *is used in the first member of a double interrogation, direct or indirect, and is answered by* an *or* ne *in the second; sts. it is omitted in the first.* Intĕrĕrĭt multum, Davusnĕ lŏquatŭr, ăn Pythĭăs. *H.* Monstrumnĕ dĕusnĕ illĕ sĭt, ignorans. *O.* Incertŭs scamnum făcĕrĕtnĕ Prĭapum (*poet. for* Prĭăpumnĕ făcĕrĕt). *H.* Majorā, mĭnorănĕ fama? *H. See* AN. **3.** *Sts. it is used in addition to an interrogative adj. or adv.* ˘Uternĕ fidĕt sĭbĭ certŭs? *H.* Illā rŏgarĕ, quantănĕ? *H.* **4.** *It is often apocopated, as in* ĕgŏn', vĭdĕn', audĭn', *for* ĕgŏnĕ, vĭdesnĕ, audisnĕ. Tanton' me crimĭnĕ dignum duxisti? *V.*

II. NE. **1.** *Not* (do not), *a particle of prohibition.* Ne, pŭĕri, ne tanta ănĭmis assuescĭtĕ bellā. *V.* Ne fŭgĭte hospĭtĭum, neve ignoratĕ Lătinos. *V.* [¶ Noli, căvĕ, parcĕ, parcas, ŏmittĕ, rĕmittĕ.] **2.** *Lest, that not.* (*Neu* or *neve* is used in the second member of a double sentence, with *ne* in the first.) Aut si, ne plŭvĭam nox collĭgăt antĕ, vĕremŭr. *V.* Ne longum făciam. *H.* Tu făcĭs ŭt spŏlĭum ne sim, neu nudĕr ăb illis. *O.* **Crcl.** Ut non, ut ne. **3.** Ne . . . quĭdem. *See* QUIDEM.

NĂPŎLĬS, ĭs. *f. Naples.* Eubŏĭcam rĕfĕrens fecundā Nĕapŏlĭs arcem. *O.* [¶ Parthĕnŏpe.]

NĔBRĬS, ĭdĭs. *f. A fawn-skin worn by Bacchanals.* Nebrĭdĭs et frăgĭles thyrsos portarĕ pŭtastĭs. *St.* Intextŭs nebrĭdā gemmis Lĭbĕr. *Cl.* [¶ *Sts.* Pellĭs.]

NĔBŬLĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A mist, fog, vapour.* Et multo nĕbŭlæ circum dĕā fudĭt ămictu. *V.* Flumĭnā exhalant nĕbŭlas. *O.* [¶ Văpŏr, nubes, &c.] *See* NUBES. **2.** *A cloud of dust; smoke from a fire, candle, &c.; vaporous emanation of any kind.* ∾-am pulvĕrĭs exhalarĕ (de terra). *Lr.* pinguem vŏmĕrĕ (de lŭcernis). *Pers.* liventem vĕneni ăb orĕ. *Sil.* ∾-as exĭgĭt ignis. *O.* Fig. **3.** *Any light* or *frothy matter;* or *very fine stuff.* (Vinā florent) ∾-æ dolĭā summā tĕgunt. *O.* ∾-a pegmā pĕrunctum (sc. bractĕa). *M.* [☞ Compare: *Vellera mollibat nebulas æquantia tractu. O.*] **4.** *A veil, a cloud of errour, ignorance,* &c. ∾ errorĭs. *J.* Quāsĭ pĕr ∾-am scirĕ. *Pl.*

NĔBŬLŎNĬS, ŏnĭs. *m. A worthless, good-for-nothing fellow.* Sponsi Penĕlŏpæ, nĕbŭlones, Alcĭnŏĭquĕ. *H.*

NĔBŬLŎSŬS, ă, um. *Misty, foggy, cloudy.* Lit. and fig. Qua nĕbŭlosā căvo rorat Mevanĭā campo. *Pp.* [¶ Nubĭlŭs, &c.] *See* OBSCURUS.

NĔC. *conj.* **1.** *Nor, neither, and not.* Parvĕ, nĕc invĭdĕo, sĭnĕ me, lĭbĕr, ibĭs ĭn urbem. *O.* [¶ Nĕquĕ; *sts.* non, aut, ĕt, quĕ, atquĕ.] **Crcl.** ˘Et non. **2.** Nĕc . . . nĕc (in a double sentence. *Neither . . . nor.* Nĕc spes libertatĭs, nĕc curā pĕculi. *V.* [¶ Nĕquĕ . . . nĕc (neque *us. taking the lead*); nĕquĕ . . . nĕquĕ; non . . . non; nĕc (nĕquĕ) . . . aut; nĕc . . . ĕt (atquĕ, quĕ). See examples below; and note, where there are three members, &c., the second and intermediate may be rendered by *aut, atque, et,* &c., as if in conjunction with the first *nec;* and then *nec* begin the third, &c.] Nĕquĕ servĭtĭo me exirĕ lĭcĕbăt, nĕc spes &c. *V.* Nĕquĕ tibĭas Euterpe &c., nĕc Pŏlŷhymnĭā &c. *H.* Nĕquĕ tam Lăcĕdæmon, nĕc tam Larissæ &c. *H.* Non rastros pătĭĕtŭr hŭmus, non vinĕā falcem. *V.* *Nĕc* ullā rĕquĭes, tempŭs *aut* ullum dătŭr. *Sen.* *Nĕc* solos ˘Atridas &c. solisquĕ lĭcĕt . . . Mȳcenis &c. *V.* *Nĕc* Ganges, *atquĕ* Hermŭs. *V.* *Nĕquĕ* stăbŭlis gaudĕt pĕcŭs, *aut* ăratŏr igni, *nĕc* pratā albĭcant prŭinis. *H.* **3.** Ĕccnon. *See* NON. **4.** *Not even.* Hoc admississĕt nĕc Cătĭlinā nĕfas. *M.* **Crcl.** Non ipsĕ, nĕc ipsĕ, non ĕtĭam, ne . . . quĭdem.

NĔCDUM. *Not yet, nor yet, and not yet.* Necdum ĕtĭam causæ ĭrarum sævĭquĕ dŏlores Excĭdĕrant ănĭmo. *V.* Quæ Varro, necdum perfectā, cănebăt. *V.* **Crcl.** ˘Et nondum. Non ădhuc, nĕquĕ ădhuc.

NĔCESSARĬŬS, ă, um. *Necessary.* Hoc quŏd est, id nĕcessarĭum est perpĕti. *Pl.*

NĔCESSĔ. *n. from the anc. adj.* Necessis, *and* **NĔCESSUM.** *n. from the anc. adj.* Necessus. **1.** *Necessary.* Si fortĕ nĕcesse est, Indĭcĭis monstrarĕ rĕcentĭbŭs abdĭtā rerum. *H.* Tonsorem căpĭti non est ădhĭbĕrĕ nĕcessum. *M.* **2.** Nĕcessĕ *or* Nĕcessum est, with subj. of verb. *It must be that,* &c.; *such and such a thing must,* &c. Hanc pĕlăgo præterlabarĕ ∾-ĕ est. *V.* Undĕ ănĭmi constĕt naturā ∾-um est. *Lr.* *See* OPORTET.

NĔCESSĬTAS, atĭs. *f.* **1.** *Necessity personified, Fate, Destiny.* Te sempĕr anteit sævā Nĕcessĭtas. *H.* *See* FATUM. **2.** *Necessity, irresistible obligation. Ter.* **3.** *Relationship.* Făcĭt pārentes bŏnĭtas, non ∾. *Ph.* *See* CONSANGUINITAS. **4.** *Need.* *See* EGESTAS.

NĔCNĔ. *Or not.* Sitquĕ mĕmor nostri, necnĕ, rĕfertĕ mĭhĭ. *O.*

NĔCNON. *See* NON.

NĔCO, as, nĕcavi, atum; *sts.* ŭi, ctum. *To kill, slay, to destroy life.* Lit. and fig. Complexu in mĭsĕro longa sic mortĕ nĕcabăt. *V.* Orĕ nĕcaturas accĭpĭemŭs ăquas. *O.* Hos pestĭs nĕcŭĭt. *Enn.* ∾ rectam indŏlem. *Sen.* [¶ Eněco, occido, &c. Do nĕci. Dimitto n.] *See* OCCIDO, NECATUS.

NĔCŎPINANS, *better than* NĔC ŎPINANS, tĭs, *and* **NĔCŎPINŬS,** ă, um. **1.** *Not expecting* (such and such a thing), *little thinking it.* Et nĕcŏpinanti mors ad căpŭt obstĭtĭt antĕ. *Lr.* Occulta nĕcŏpinum perdĕ săgitta. *O.* Calcabam nĕcopinŭs ŏpes. *St.* [¶ Imprudens, incautŭs.] **2.** Nĕcŏpinŭs. *Unforeseen, unlooked for.* Nĕcŏpina perdĕrĕ mortĕ. *O.* *See* IMPROVISUS.

NECTĂR, ărĭs. *n.* **1.** *Nectar, the drink of the gods; used also as a divine unguent.* Nectārc ŏdorato sparsit corpusquĕ lŏcumquĕ. *O.* ∾ lætŭs bĭbebăt. *St.* **Ep.** Cœlestĕ, divinum, immortalĕ, dulcĕ, suavĕ, săcrum. **Crcl.** Immortalĕ mĕrum. Nectārĭs (nectārĕā, cœlestĭā) pocŭlā. Nectārĕŭs lĭquŏr. Nectārĭs *or* nectārĕi haustus (*pl.*). **2.** Fig. *Used of any thing sweet and delicious:* **1.** *Wine.* Funděrĕ vinā nŏvum ∾. *V.* Mādĭdæ Baccheo nectārĕ (cellæ). *St.* *See* VINUM. **2.** *Honey.* Lĭquĭdo distendunt nectārĕ cellas. *V.* *See* MEL. **3.** *A delicious smell.* ∾ qui narĭbŭs halant (flores). *Lr.* **4.** *The sound of a sweet voice.* ∾ mellitæ vocĭs. *Aus.*

NECTĂRĔŬS, ă, um. *Of nectar;* hence, *heavenly, divine;* fig. *sweet, delicious.* Attĭcā nectārĕum turbatis mellā Fălernum. *M.* ∾ ăquæ (*dew*). *O.* *See* DULCIS.

NECTO, ĭs, nexŭi, nexum. **1.** *To tie, tie* or *fasten together; to make by tying* or *weaving,* &c., *together.* Et nodum informem leti trăhĕ nectĭt ăb alta. *O.* Nectĕ trĭbus nodis ternos, ˘Amăryllĭ, cŏlores. *V.* ∾ vincŭlā. *V.* flores; cŏronam Lămæ. *H.* [¶ Vincĭo, lĭgo; innecto, connecto, nexo, implĭco, &c.] *See* VINCIO. Fig. **2.** *To put together, devise, plan, cause; to join together, connect.* ∾ causas Inanes. *V.* mŏras. *Sen.* jurgĭā cum &c. *O.* fraudem. *Sil.* nĕfas ĕt fœdĕrā. *V. Fl.* Medo cătenas. *H.* verbā nūmĕris. *O.* tallā (*to say*). *St.* [☞ *Hence,* ∾ sermonem.] armis armā nŏvā. *Pp.* [¶ Innecto, jungo, strŭo.] **3.**

Sts. Nexi. *perf.* Nostro nexisti retĭā lecto. *Pp.* Tum retĭā nexīt. *Lucil.*

Necŭbĭ. *for* Ne alicubi. *Lest any where.* Necŭbĭ suppressus pĕrĕat gĕnĕr. *L.*

Nedum. *Much less.* Vix sæculā longā dĕcorum Sic mĕrŭissĕ vĭris, nedum brĕvĕ dedĕcŭs ævi. *L.*

Nĕfandŭs, ă, um. 1. *Not fit to be spoken of; accursed, abominable.* Aræ enecasquĕ nĕfandi. *V.* Exturbarĕ ănĭmas cædĕ ∾-a. *O.* [† Infandŭs, nĕfarĭŭs, implŭs, scĕlĕratŭs, horrendŭs.] *See* Scelĕratus, Sævus. 2. Used subst. n. Speratĕ dĕos mĕmŏres fandi atquĕ nĕfandi. *V.*

Nĕfarĭŭs, ă, um. *Impious, wicked.* Aut humanā pālam cŏquăt extā nĕfarĭŭs Atreus. *H.* *See* Nefandus.

Nĕfas. *n. undecl.* 1. *That which is unlawful, wicked; wickedness.* Ausi omnes immanĕ nĕfas, ausoquĕ pŏtiti. *V.* Tantumquĕ ∾ pătrĭo excĭdĭt orĕ. *V.* [† Scĕlŭs, &c.] *See* S. 2. *A wicked, impious person.* Exstiuxissĕ nĕfas tămĕn &c. (sc. Hĕlĕnam). *V.* *See* Scelus. 3. *Any thing monstrous, shocking;* hence used interjectionally, *monstrous! shocking!* Heu nĕfas! *H.* Visă, nĕfas, longis comprendĕrĕ crinĭbŭs ignem. *V.* Sĕquĭturquĕ, nĕfas, Ægyptĭā conjux. *V.* [† Monstrum.] 4. Nĕfas est, *or* Nĕfas. *A thing forbidden; that which cannot, must not be.* Corpŏrā vivā nĕfas Stȳgĭa vectarĕ cărĭna. *V.* **Crcl.** Non fas. Non *or* haud –lĭcĕt, dătŭr, concedĭtŭr.

Nĕfastŭs, ă, um. 1. (A day) *on which no court was held.* Illĕ (dĭes) nĕfastŭs ĕrĭt per quem trĭā verbā sĭlentŭr, Fastŭs ĕrĭt per quem legĕ lĭcebĭt ăgi. *O.* 2. *An unhappy day, day of misfortune. H.* [† Dĭes atĕr.] 3. *Impious, wicked. H.* *See* Nefandus. 4. *Ill-omened, fatal.* ∾-i lŏci. ∾ ˘Achĕron. *St.* *See* Infaustus.

Nĕgĭto, as. *freq. of* Nego. *To deny often* or *strongly.* Ne flĕri nĕglĭtes quæ dicam possĕ, rĕtroquĕ. *Lr.*

Neglectŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Negligo. Used also adj. 1. *Neglected, uncared for.* ∾-i hortĭ. *H.* ∾ cŏmā. *O.* [† Incultŭs, ĭnornatŭs, incomptŭs.] 2. *Neglected, slighted, despised.* ∾ dĕis. *L.* E cunctis ∾-issĭmā natis. *St.* [† Despectŭs, contemptŭs, desertŭs.]

Neglĭgens, tĭs. *part.* *See* Negligo. Used adj. *Negligent, careless.* Per quam non lĭcĕt essĕ neglĭgentem. *Cat.* Tollis lintĕā neglĭgentĭorum. *Cat.* [† ˘Iners, pĭgĕr, ignavŭs.]

Neglĭgentĕr. *Negligently, carelessly.* Jamdudum quāsĭ neglĭgentĕr audis. *M.* [† Tĕmĕrĕ.]

Neglĭgentĭa, æ. *f.* *Negligence, carelessness.* Quorum æmŭlari exoptat neglĭgentĭam. *Ter.* [† Incurĭā, ignavĭā.]

Neglĭgo, ĭs, exi, ectum. 1. *To neglect, to pay no attention to, to slight.* Neglĭgĭs absentis, testor, mandatā mĕrĭti. *O.* ∾ prĕces surda aurĕ. *Pp.* *See* Contemno. 2. *To make light of, to heed little.* ∾-ĭs fraudem committĕrĕ immĕrĭtis nŏcĭturam? *H.* Neglĭgens, nequa pŏpŭlus lăborĕt. *H.* **Crcl.** Non *or* pārum curo.

Nĕgo, as. 1. *To deny, to say not.* Ipsĕ fătebatur, sed reddĕrĕ posĕ nĕgabăt. *V.* ˘Egŏ te nunquam ∾-abo promĕrĭtam. *V.* Castā ∾-ŏr. *O.* [† Abnĕgo, denĕgo, pernĕgo, inflĭtĭŏr, abnŭo, rĕnŭo.] **Crcl.** Aio non. 2. *To refuse.* ∾-ăt victum sĕgĕs ægrā. *V.* offĭcĭum ægrā mānŭs. *O.* ∾-ant cŏli mersā arvā. *Cl.* *See* Recuso.

Nĕgotĭātŏr, ōrĭs. *m.* *A man engaged in business,* sp. *in trade of any kind; a man of business* (for another). Et fraudatŏr ĕs, et nĕgotĭātŏr. *M.* ˘Agrippæ ∾. *M.*

Nĕgotĭŏr, ārĭs. *To traffic, do business as a trader* or *tradesman.* Non est sportŭlā quæ nĕgotĭātŭr. *M.* *See* Mercor.

Nĕgotĭosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Full of business. Pl.* *See* Occupatus. 2. *Embarrassing, difficult.* Nĕgotĭosis rebŭs urbĭs lærenti. *M.* [† ˘Opĕrosŭs, difficĭlĭs.]

Nĕgotĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Business, a matter* or *matters, duties,* &c., *to be done.* Quum tot sustĭnĕas et tantā nĕgotĭā solŭs. *H.* Bĕatŭs illĕ qui prŏcŭl ∾-ĭs. *H.* [† Res, curā, lăbŏr, ŏpĕrā, ŏptŭs, munŭs, provincĭā.] **Ep.** Sollĭcĭtum, anxĭum, ŏpĕrosum, grăvĕ, mŏlestum. 2. *Mercantile business, transactions in trade,* &c. Cĭbȳratĭcā ∾-ā. Bithynā ∾-ā. *H.* *See* Merx. 3. *Difficulty, trouble, vexation.* ∾ dārĕ; exhĭbĕrĕ. *Pl.* incŭtĕrĕ. *H.* parĕrĕ. *Aus.* [*to give* or *cause trouble, annoyance,* &c.] [† Mŏlestĭā, curā.] *See* Exhibeo.

Nĕmĕa, æ, *and* **Nĕmĕe,** es. *f.* (Νεμέα, Νεμέη.) *A town and forest in Argolis, where games were celebrated in honour of Hercules, who killed the Nemean lion there.* Prodĭgĭa, et vastum Nĕmĕæ sub rupĕ lĕonem. *V.* Intĕrĕa gĕlĭdam Nĕmĕen &c. *St.*

Nĕmĕæŭs, ă, um. *Of Nemea; of the lion of Nemea.* Horrĭdā sed fervent Nĕmĕæi pectŏrā monstri. *M.* ∾ pestĭs; vellŭs; tegmĕn. *St.* Phr. Nĕmĕes ălumnŭs.

Nĕmĕsĭs, ĭs. *f.* *The goddess of retributive vengeance. C. D.* Ne pœnas Nĕmĕsis rĕposcat a te. *Cat.* Est dĕā quam Nĕmĕsin dicunt &c. *St.* [† Pœnā.] *See* Furiæ.

Nemo (Nemŏ. *M.*), *gen. rare,* Nemĭnĭs. *m.* 1. *Nobody, no one.* Dĭlĭgĭtur nemo, nĭsĭ cui fortunā sĕcunda est. *O.* Nemĭnĭs ingĕnĭo quemquam confidĕrĕ ŏportĕt. *Lucil.* [† Nullŭs.] **Crcl.** Non ullŭs. Non quisquam. Non ullŭs. ? Nĕc quisquam; ne quĭs, neu quĭs. 2. Nemo non. *Every body, all the world.* Hac rātĭonĕ pŏtest nemo non essĕ dĭsertŭs. *M.* *See* Omnes. 3. = Nullŭs. ∾ divum. *V.* hercle quisquam. *Ter.*

Nĕmŏralĭs, ĕ. *Of a grove* or *wood.* Hic ĕgŏ dum spātĭor, tectus nĕmŏralĭbŭs umbris. *O.* [† Silvestrĭs.]

Nĕmŏrensĭs, ĕ. *Of a grove* or *wood;* sp. *of a wood sacred to Diana, near Aricia;* hence, *ep. of Diana.* Albanusquĕ lăcus sŏcĭi Nĕmŏrensis ăb unda. *Pp.*

Nĕmŏrĭcultrix, icĭs. *f.* *Dwelling in the woods. f.* Sus nĕmŏrĭcultrix fetum ăd imam pŏstŭĕrăt. *Ph.* [† Silvĭcultrix, nĕmŏrĭvăgā.] *See* N.

Nĕmŏrĭvăgŭs, ă, um. *Wandering in the woods.* ˘Ubĭ cervā silvĭcultrix, ŭbi ăper nĕmŏrĭvăgŭs. *Cat.*

Nĕmŏrosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Covered with woods or groves, woody.* Est lŏcŭs in mĕdĭæ nĕmŏrosis vallĭbŭs Idæ. *O.* ∾ Zăcynthŏ. *V.* [† Silvosŭs, umbrosŭs, ŏpacŭs.] **Crcl.** Silvis –plenŭs, rĕfertŭs, frĕquens, rĕdĭmĭtŭs, cinctŭs. Crebris consĭtŭs arbŏrĭbŭs. 2. *Bushy, thick with branches,* &c. ∾-ā brachĭā taxi. *Sil.* [† ˘Opacŭs, umbrosŭs.]

Nempĕ. *adv.* 1. *Namely, to wit; in truth;* used interrogatively, *then? do you mean, then?* Nempĕ dăt, et quodcunquĕ lĭbet, fortunā, răpĭtquĕ. *O.* Nempĕ tŭo, fŭrĭosĕ (sanguĭnĕ). Mĕo, sed non fŭrĭosŭs. *H.* Nempĕ hæc assĭdŭe? *Pers.* [† Scĭlĭcĕt, nimirum, vĭdelĭcĕt, quippĕ, ĕnim, sane ergo.]

Nĕmŭs, ŏrĭs. *n.* *A grove, wood.* Desŭpĕr, horrentique atrum nĕmŭs immĭnĕt umbra. *V.* [† Silvā, saltŭs, lucŭs.] **Crcl.** Nĕmŏrĭs secretā. *See* Silva.

Nenŭ, *anc.* = Non. Nenŭ quĕunt răpĭdi contra constarĕ lĕones. *Lr.*

Nĕo, es, nevi. 1. *To spin.* Et tŭnĭcam, molli

Ithaca, and also a small island near it. Dulĭchĭumque, Sāmeque et Neĭtŏs ardŭă saxis. *V.*

Nĕro, onis. *m.* (Nĕrō. *Aus.*) *A name of the Claudian family, of whom the most noted were* —1. *C. Claudius Nero, who conquered Asdrubal.* Quid debēas, o Romā, Nĕronĭbŭs, Testis Mĕtaurum flumĕn. *H.* 2. *The Emperor Claudius.* Tĕr septenis gĕmĭnos Nĕrō Clāudĭŭs addĭt. *Aus. See* Claudius. 3. *The Emperor Nero.* Quĭd Nĕronĕ pejŭs? *M.*

Nĕronĕus, *and* Nĕronianus, ă, um. *Of Nero.* Parvā, Nĕronea nec qui mŏdō lotŭs ĭn unda. *St.* Thermæ Nĕronianæ. *M.*

Nervosus, ă, um. *Full of nerves* or *sinews;* hence, *strong.* Mollĭă nervosus făcĭt internodĭă poplĭs. *O.* Nervosă ĕt ligneă, dorcăs. *Lr. See* Robustus.

Nervŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A sinew, tendon; a nerve.* Rupti vulnĕrĕ nervi Defĭcĭunt, motumquĕ nĕgant. *O.* Ep. Vălĭdŭs, firmŭs, fortĭs, robustŭs. Crcl. Nervorum –vis, robŭr, nexŭs, compages. Fig. 2. *Energy, effort.* Totis incumbĕrĕ ~-is. *O.* Dignă res est ŭbĭ nervos intendas tŭos. *Ter.* 3. *Force, power.* Sīnĕ ~-is (scriptum). *H.* [¶ Vis.] 4. *The string of a musical instrument.* Subjungĕrĕ carmĭnă ~-is. *O.* Sŏcĭarĕ carmĭnă ~-is. *H. See* Chorda. 5. *A bow-string.* ~-o aptarĕ sāgittas. *V. See* Arcus. 6. Sts. *Leather.* Subtextă tegmĭnă ~-is. *Sil. See* Corium.

Nescĭŏ, is. 1. *Not to know, to be ignorant of.* Nescĭŏ quĭd certō mens mĕă majŭs āgĭt. *O.* Nescissĕ futurā. *O.* Nesciverĕ hĭĕmem. *V.* [¶ Ignoro.] Crcl. Sum –nescĭŭs, inscĭŭs, ignarŭs, rŭdĭs. Me fūgĭt (fallĭt, lātĕt, prætĕrĭt). Mĭhĭ obscurum est. Non mĭhĭ compertum est. Ignotum *or* ignoratum hăbĕo. Non –callĕo, tĕnĕo. 2. *Not to observe* or *recognize, to overlook.* Sūă quisquĕ pĕrĭcŭlă nescĭt. *O.* Crcl. Non –agnosco, sentĭo. 3. *To be unable, unwilling* [☞ Englished by "*will not,*" "*cannot,*" *with the verb;* sts. "*does not*"]. ~-ĭt vox missă rĕverti. *H.* Starĕ lŏco nescĭt (*of the horse*). *V.* ~-ĭt ĭn antrā rĕverti. *St.* Præda ~-ĭt latrarĕ rĕperta (cănis). *L.* [¶ Nĕquĕo *or* nolo; *sts.* non.] 4. Sts. *pass.* Nĕc te nesciri pătĭtŭr mĕă pagĭnā. *O.* [¶ Ignorŏr, lātĕo.] 5. Nescĭŏ-quĭs, nescĭŏ-quĭd. *Somebody* or *other, something* or *other,* &c. Nescĭŏ quĭs ŏcŭlŭs fascĭnăt agnos. *V.* Nescĭŏ quĭd majŭs mens āgĭt.

Nescĭŭs, ă, um. 1. *Not knowing, ignorant, unknowing.* Nescĭă gratetur consoleturnĕ pārentem. *O.* ~ mens hŏmĭnum fati &c. *V.* [¶ Ignarŭs, nescĭens, rŭdĭs, ignorans; *sts.* dŭbĭŭs, ambīgŭŭs, anceps.] 2. *Unused; that which does not, cannot, will not* (do something). ~-ă cordă humanis prĕcĭbus mansuescĕrĕ. *V.* lumĭnă succumbĕrĕ somno. *O.* [¶ Ignarŭs, indŏcĭlĭs, rŭdĭs.]

Nessĕus, ă, um. *Of Nessus.* Illĭtă Nesseo misi tĭbĭ textă vĕneno. *O.*

Nessus, i. *m. The Centaur Nessus. C. D.* Portasset Nessi perfĭdă donă Lĭchas. *M. See* Deianira, Hercules, Centaurus.

Nestŏr, ŏris. *m. Son of Neleus, king of Pylus. C. D.* Qui lĭcĕt elŏquĭo fidum quŏquĕ Nestŏrĕ vincăt. *O.* Pȳlĭo Nestŏrĕ majŏr ĕro. *O.* Ep. Grandævŭs, longævŭs; facundŭs, dĭsertŭs, prudens. Tĕr ævo functŭs. Trĭplĭci sĕnecta insignĭs. Consĭlĭo ĕt elŏquĭo clarŭs. Mellitæ vocĭs nectārĕ pōtens &c. Crcl. Nelĕĭă proles. Nelĕĭŭs *or* Pȳlĭŭs –rex, dux, rectŏr, heros, sĕnex.

Nestŏrĕŭs, ă, um (Nestŏrĭŭs. *Sen.*). *Of Nestor.* Finem Nestŏrĕæ, prĕcŏr, egrĕdĭarĕ sĕnectæ. *St.*

Neu. *See* Neve.

Neutĕr, trā, trum; *gen.* trĭŭs; *dat.* tri. *Neither of two, neither the one nor the other.* Expertem frustra belli et neutra armā sĕcutum. *O.* ~-i est fiducĭă cœpto. *St.* ˘In ~-am partem cultŭs mĭsĕr. *H.*

Nevĕ, *and by apoc.* Neu. *And not, and that not;* nevĕ . . . neu, *or* neu . . . nevĕ (indifferently), *neither . . . nor.* Neu prōpĭus taxum sīnĕ, nevĕ rŭbentes Urĕ fŏco cancros. *V.* Neu rĕgĭo fŏrĕt ullă sŭis ănĭmalĭbŭs orbă. *O.* Nevĕ fŏret terris securĭŏr ardŭŭs æther. *O.* Nevĕ mĭnor, neu sit quinto productĭŏr actu Fabŭlă. *H.* Neu sĭbĭ, nevĕ mĭhi quæ nŏcĭturā fŏrent. *Pp.*

Nex, ĕcis. *f. A violent death.* Demiserĕ nĕci, nunc cassum lumĭnĕ lugent. *V.* Nĕcĕ cognĭtŭs Hectŏr. *O.* [¶ Mors, letum, funŭs.] Ep. Crudelĭs, infandă, indignă, tristĭs, sævă, mĭsĕrandă. *See* Perdo, Cædes.

Nexilis, ĕ. *That can be twined, knit, tied in* or *together; made by twining, plaiting, knitting,* &c. Nexĭlĭs antĕ fŭit vestis quam textĭlĕ tegmĕn. *Lr.* ~-ĭbŭs plāgis silvas amblĭt. *O.* ~-es hĕdĕræ. *O.*

Nexo, as. *freq. of* Necto. Nexantem nodos, seque in sŭă membrā plĭcantem. *V.*

Nexŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Necto. *Entwined; fastened together.* Pĕdĭbus per mutŭă ~-is. *V.* Mănĭbus ~-is ex ordĭnĕ. *O.* ~-æ Phĭlȳra cŏronæ. *H.* ~-æ ærĕ trăbes. *V.* [¶ Nexĭlis, vinctŭs, lĭgatŭs, junctŭs.]

Nexŭs, us. *m. A knot, a clasp, a spiral fold* (of a serpent). Illĭ vŏlubĭlĭbus squamosos nexĭbŭs orbes Torquĕt. *O.* Ambirĕ băcŭlum nexĭbŭs (de serpentĕ). *O.* Duros laxantem Ægæŏnă nexus. *St.* [¶ Nodŭs, vinculum.]

Ni = Nisi. *Unless; if . . . not.* Ni tĕnĕant cursus, certum est dărĕ lintĕă retro. *V. See* Nisi.

Nicæa, *or* Nicea, æ. *f. A town of Bithynia.* Nicææque āgĕr ŭbĕr æstŭosæ. *Cat.*

Niceterium, ĭi. *n. The tokens of victory,* or *the prizes given.* Et ceromātĭco fert niceterĭă collo. *J.*

Nicto, as. 1. *To wink with the eyes.* Nĕque illa ullĭ hŏmĭnĭ nutet, nictĕt, annŭăt. *Pl.* [¶ Innŭo.] 2. Fig. *Used of the up and down motion of wings; the twinkling, sparkling of light,* &c. Impellens aĕrā nictantĭbŭs pennis. *Cat.* Nictantĭă fulgŭrā flammæ. *Lr.*

Nictŭs, us. *m. A wink of the eyes.* Nictu quŏquĕ signă rĕmittĭs. *O.* [Another reading is *nutu.*]

Nidĭfico, as. *To make a nest.* Sic vos non vobis nidĭfĭcatĭs, ăves (*attributed to Virg.*). Crcl. Nidum *or* nidos –ædĭfĭco, pono, lŏco, strŭo, constrŭo, fingo, făcio, munĭo, apto, suspendo. ˘In ramo *or* arbŏrĕ dŏmum (lārem, cŭbĭlĭă, cunas) –pono, pāro. Nidum tignis suspendo. Phr. ˘In ramo, *or pl.* (sŭb trăbĕ, s. celsa trăbĕ, *or pl.* [*for the swallow,*] ĭn alto căcumĭnĕ, ĭn sepĭbŭs) nidos (tectă, t. lāremquĕ, dŏmum, cunas, c. ĕt parvă tectă, lŭtĕum ŏpŭs [*for the swallow*]) –pārăt, făcĭt, fingĭt, ponĭt, suspendĭt.

Nidĭficŭs, ă, um. *Nest-making, inducing nests to be made.* Quodcunquĕ tellus verĕ nidĭfĭco crĕăt. *Sen.*

Nidŏr, ŏris. *m.* 1. *The smell of any thing roasted, burnt,* &c. Pascĕrĭs et nigræ solo nidorĕ cŭlĭnæ. *M.* ~-em ambustă dĕdĭt (barbă). *V.* Galbănĕŭs ~. *V.* 2. Sts. *Any smell.* Sic ăllĭs ăllĭŭs nidŏr dătŭs &c. *Lr. See* Odor.

Nidŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A nest.* Cui dŏmŭs et dulces lātĕbroso in pumĭcĕ nidi. *V.* [¶ Dŏmŭs, tectă, parvă tectă, cŭbĭlĭă, cunæ, pĕnates, lar, lāres.] Ep. Lūtĕŭs, pendens, pendŭlŭs; celsŭs, altŭs; cāvŭs; tĕpĭdŭs; grăcĭlĭs. Crcl. Ramosă hospĭtĭă. Lūtĕum ŏpŭs. Frondosi lāres. Suspensă ramis cŭbĭlĭă. *See* Nidifico. 2. Pl. *Nestlings.*

Orĕ fĕrens ∾-is escam. *V.* ∾-i quĕrŭli. *Sen.* [† Pulli.] Fig. **3.** *A man's house and home; a place of abode in a high situation*, or *a high situation for an abode.* Tu ∾-um servas. *H.* Celæ ∾ ˘Achĕrontĭæ. *H.* **4.** *A nest of shelves*, or *each particular shelf* or *division in a bookcase* (Angl. *pigeon-holes?*). De primo dăbĭt altĕrovĕ nido rasum pumĭcĕ &c. (sc. librum.) *M.*

NIGĔR, nĭgrā, nĭgrum, *us.* nigrā, nigrum. **1.** *Black.* Et Lȳcum nigris ŏcŭlis nĭgroquĕ Crinĕ dĕcorum. *H.* Si nĭgĕr, aut ingens, aut non ĕrĭt ordĭnĕ natŭs Dens &c. *O.* Pĭcĕ ∾-lŏr atra. *O.* [† Atĕr, nĭgrans, pullŭs, furvŭs, tetĕr, fuscŭs, noctĭcŏlŏr.] **Crcl.** Nĭgro (atro, Memnŏnĭo) cŏlorĕ –tinctŭs, imbutŭs, illĭtŭs, oblĭtŭs, infectŭs. Ferrugĭnĕ *or* fuligĭnĕ –tinctŭs, nĭgĕr. Cādentĕ moro nĭgrĭŏr. Noctĕ nĭgrĭŏr. **2.** *Black* (in skin and complexion), *swarthy.* Quamvis illĕ ∾, quamvis tu candĭdŭs esses. *V.* ∾-i Memnŏnĭs orā. *V.* ∾ Merĭŏnes. *H.* [† Fuscŭs, atĕr, cŏloratŭs, decŏlŏr, ustŭs, ădustŭs, pĕrustŭs, exustŭs, pĭcĕŭs, incoctŭs, Æthĭops, Memnŏnĭŭs.] **Crcl.** Solĕ –ustŭs, ădustŭs, pĕrustŭs. ˘Adusto *or* incocto corpŏrĕ. Indo *or* Æthĭopi concŏlŏr. Nocti (noctis alis) concŏlŏr. Tinctŭs cŏlorĕ noctis. Nillăco orĕ nĭgĕr. Mauro obscurĭŏr. **3.** *Dark, black with darkness.* Densis nĭgerrĭmŭs austris (imbĕr). *V.* ∾ nox. *O.* [† Obscurŭs.] *See* O. Fig. **4.** *Dark, dismal, awful.* Nĭgri fĕrā regĭā Ditis. *O.* *See* HORRENDUS. **5.** *Used sp. with reference to death.* ∾ horā. *Tib.* illĕ dĭes. *Pp.* ∾ orum mĕmŏr ignĭum. *H.* [† Atĕr.] **6.** *Bad, thoroughly bad; evil, wicked.* Absentem qui rodĭt ămicum &c. . . . hic ∾ est. *H.* ∾ ĕdaxquĕ livŏr. *Sen.* [† Atĕr, tetĕr, livĭdŭs, mălŭs, &c.] *See* IMPROBUS. **7.** *Unfortunate, ill-omened.* Hunccĭnĕ solem surrexĕ mĭhĭ tam nĭgrum! *H.* ∾ ăvis funestum omĕn concĭnĭt. *Pp.* *See* INFAUSTUS. **8.** *Sorrowing, in mourning.* ∾ dŏmus questu. *St.* *See* MŒSTUS. **9.** Used subst. n. *The colour 'Black.'* Signatĭs nĭgro. *O.* **Crcl.** Cŏlŏr Memnŏnĭŭs.

NĬGRANS, tis. *part.* *See* NIGRO. *Black.* Nigranti pĭcĕa trăbĭbusque obscurŭs ăcernis. *V.* Quum sæpĕ nĭgrantem Ægĭdā concŭtĕret dextra. *V.* *See* NIGER, OBSCURUS.

NĬGRESCO, *us.* NIGRESCO, ĭs. **1.** *To grow black; to become, be black.* Horrendum dictu, lătices nigrescĕrĕ sacros. *V.* **Crcl.** Nĭgro *or* atro cŏlorĕ –tingŏr, infĭcĭŏr. Nĭgrum cŏlorem –duco, trăho, collĭgo (ĭs), concĭpĭo, căpesso. **2.** *To become dark with clouds.* Cœlum ∾-It ăb austris. *O.* [† ˘Inhorresco, obscurŏr.]

NĬGRO, as. **1.** Intr. *To be black.* Aut ĕă quæ nigrant, nigro de semĭnĕ natā. *Lr.* *See* NIGRANS, NIGRESCO. **2.** Tr. *To make black.* ∾ lăcertos planctu. *St.*

NĬGRŎR, ōris. *m.* *Blackness, darkness.* Omnĭā suffundens mortis nigrorĕ, nĕque ullam &c. *Lr.* ∾ noctis. *Lucil.* [† Nĭgredo, nĭgrum.] *See* TENEBRÆ.

NIHIL, *and sync.* NIL. *n. undecl.* **1.** *Nothing.* Simplĭci myrto nĭhĭl allăbores. *H.* Te sīnĕ nil altum mens inchŏāt. *V.* [† Nĭhĭlum; *sts.* nullum.] **Crcl.** Non quidquam. Nullā res. **2.** *Not at all.* Nil telā nĕc ignes obstĭtĕrint &c. *St.* [† Mĭnĭme, nequaquam.] **3.** ∾ est quŏd *or* cur. *There is no reason why.* Nĭhĭl est quŏd dictā rĕtractent. *V.* **4.** ∾ non. *Every thing* (without exception). ∾ non arrŏgĕt armis. *H.* [† Omnĭā.] **5.** ∾ nisi. *Nothing but, wholly and completely.* Nil nĭsi săpĭentĭa ĕs. *Ter.* [† Tantum.] *See* T.

NIHILOMINUS, *or* NIHILO MINUS. *Not less, nevertheless.* Esse hŏmĭnis partem nĭhĭlo mĭnŭs ac mănŭs ac pes. *Lr. Cat.* Huic excusatum me vĕlim nĭhĭlomĭnŭs. *Ph.* [† Nĭhĭlo secĭŭs. Non secĭŭs. Non mĭnŭs.]

NIHILO SECIUS = Nĭhĭlo mĭnŭs. Hæc nĭhĭlo mĭhi essĕ vĭdentur secĭus quam somnĭā. *Pl.*

NIHILUM, i. *n.* **1.** *Nothing, not at all.* Qui nĭhĭlum tĭbĭ dicebas jam possĕ nŏcerĕ. *Pp.* ∾ distabĭt, stultĭtĭānĕ errĕt, ăn ira. *H.* *See* NIHIL. **2.** ∾-i făcĭo, pendo, &c. *To take no account, have no value* or *esteem for. Pl.* **3.** *Nothing, non-entity.* ˘Ad ∾ rĕvorti. De ∾-o rĕnatā vĭgescĕrĕ coplā rerum. *Lr.*

NIL. *See* NIHIL.

NILIACUS, *and* NILOTICUS, ă, um, *and* NILOTIS, Idis. *f.* *Of the Nile; Egyptian.* Et mŏdo Nillăcis carmĭnā lusā mŏdis. *O.* ∾ fontes. Nilotĭcā tellus. *M. L.* Nilotis tūnĭcā Mauri. *M.* ăcus. *L.* [† Phărĭŭs, Memphitĭcŭs, Ægyptĭŭs.]

NILOTES, æ. *m.* *One from the Nile, an Ægyptian.* Nilotes tibicĕn ĕrat, crŏtălistrĭā Phyllis. *Pp.*

NILOTICUS. *See* NILIACUS.

NILUS, i. *m.* *The river Nile.* Accŏlĭt effuso stagnantem flumĭnĕ Nilum. *V.* **Ep.** Septemplex, septemgĕmĭnŭs, septemflŭŭs, Memphitĭcŭs, Phărĭŭs, effusŭs, exundans, undans; pinguis, utĭlis, fecundŭs, fertĭlis, fĕrax. Ægyptum nĭgra ārena fecundans; devexŭs a cŏloratis Indis. Diverā (*adv.*) rŭens. **Crcl.** Phărĭŭs flŭvĭŭs. Phărĭum flumĕn. Septeno gurgĭtĕ Nilŭs. Septem *or* septenā ostĭā Nili. Flumĭnā Lagi. **Phr.** 1. *Of its seven mouths.* Septem digestŭs ĭn cornŭā. Pĕr s. portus ĭn æquŏr emissŭs. S. ĭn orā discurrĭt. Qua –mārĕ gurgĭtĕ septeno submŏvĕt;—septemgĕmĭnŭs æquŏrā cŏlorāt. 2. *Of its remote and* (supposed) *hidden sources.* Haud pĕnĕtrabĭlĭ Nili căpŭt. ˘In extremum orbem fugĭt perterrĭtŭs. Occŭlŭĭt căpŭt p. ˘Adhuc lātĕt p.

NIMBIFER, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bringing clouds* or *rain, stormy.* Ad Stygā nimbĭfĕro vindĭcis ignĕ dătos. *O.* [Another reading is *nubifero.*]

NIMBOSUS, ă, um. *Cloudy, rainy, stormy.* Quum sŭbĭto assurgens fluctu nimbosŭs ˘Orion. *V.* *See* PLUVIUS, PROCELLOSUS.

NIMBUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A thick, dark cloud.* Ipsĕ pāter mĕdĭa nimborum in noctĕ &c. *V.* ∾-i dĭem involvunt; æthĕrā cingunt. *V.* *See* NUBES. **2.** *Stormy rain, a storm.* Densi funduntur āb æthĕrĕ ∾-i. *O.* ∾-orum ĭn pātrĭam. *V.* *See* PLUVIA, PROCELLA. **3.** *A luminous cloud* or *halo.* Insedĭt ∾-o effulgens (Pallas). *V.* ∾-o succinctā pĕr auras. *V.* **4.** *A cloud of dust; of smoke.* Atrā ĭn nimbo făvillā. *V.* ∾ ārenæ tollĭtŭr. *V.* [† Nubes, glŏbŭs.] Fig. **5.** *A shower of darts, arrows,* &c. ∾ telorum. *L.* Exundant sævo ∾-o fastigĭā (missĭlĭum). *St.* **6.** *A troop of soldiers.* ∾ pĕdĭtum. *V.* ĕquĭtum. *Cl.* **7.** *A shower of any thing falling in a quantity.* Cĭlĭces nimbis hic mĕdŭerĕ sŭis (sc. sparsĭonĕ crŏci). *M.* Decussa plŭit arbŏrĕ nimbŭs (*of fruit*). *Cl.* Purpŭrĕo dŭcem perfundĕrĕ nimbo (sc. florĭbŭs). *Cl.* [† Imbĕr, ros.] **8.** *A vessel used for sprinkling perfumes. M.*

NIMIRUM. *adv.* **1.** *No doubt, assuredly, obviously.* Et pātĕr Anchisĕs: Nimirum hæc illā Chărybdis. *V.* [† Scilĭcĕt, nempĕ, quippĕ, sane.] **2.** *Used ironically, forsooth,* &c. Uni ∾ tĭbĭ rectĕ sempĕr ĕrunt res. *H.* [† Scilĭcĕt, vĭdelĭcĕt.]

NIMIS, *and* NIMIUM. *Too much, too.* Se nĭmĭs ulciscens, exstĭtĭt indĕ nŏcens. *O.* Nĭmĭs acĕr. *H.* lucis hăbĕrĕ. *O.* Tantum infelicem nĭmĭum dilexĭt ămicum. *V.* O nĭmĭum nĭmĭumque oblitĕ tŭorum! *O.* [† Immŏdĭcĕ, immŏdĕrātĕ.] **Crcl.** Extra, sŭpra, prætĕr mŏdum. Plus –æquo, justo, nĭmĭo. Usquĕ sŭperquĕ quam sātis.

Nĭmĭŭs, ă, um. 1. *Too much, too great*, &c. &c., *excessive*. Sensĭt ĕnim nĭmĭs cæde atquĕ cŭpidĭnĕ ferri. *V.* ~ sol; imbĕr. *O.* [¶ Immŏdĭcŭs, immŏdĕrātŭs, majŏr.] **Crol.** Æquo *or* justo –majŏr, plenĭŏr, &c. Mŏdum excedens. Qui mŏdum sŭpra est. Nĭmĭs magnŭs. 2. *One that is immoderate in any thing.* ~ mĕro Hylæŭs. *H.* *With gen.* ~ impĕrĭi. *Sil.*

Ninguis, is. *f.*, *anc. Snow.* Exstructas ningues rādĭis tabescĕrĕ cogĭt. *Lr.* *See* Nix.

Ninguĭt, *or* Ningit. *unip.*, *and anc.* Ningo, is. *It snows; to snow.* Lit. and fig. Intĕrĕa toto non secĭŭs aërĕ ninguĭt. *V.* (*others*, ningĭt.) Ninguunt rŏsarum florĭbŭs. *Lr.*

Nĭnĭva, *and* Nĭnĭve, es. *f.* (*and* Nĭnĭvitæ, arum. *m.* *The inhabitants.*) *The capital of Assyria. Eccl.* [¶ Nĭnŏs.] [The quantity of *Ninus* is equally uncertain.]

Ninŭs, *or* Ninos, *and* Ninŭs, i. *m.* 1. *The son of Belus, and first king of the Assyrians.* Convĕnĭant ad bustă Nĭni, lātĕantquĕ sŭb umbra. *O.* Dellĭcĭas Nini vos rĕdŏletĕ, nŭrus. *M.* 2. Fem. *The city Nineveh.* Et felix, sic famā Nĭnos, ventosā Dămascŭs. *L.* *See* Niniva.

Niŏbē, æ, *and* Niŏbe, es. *f.* *Niobe, daughter of Tantalus, and wife of Amphion. C. D.* De Nĭŏbe sĭlĭcem, de virginĕ fecĭmŭs ursam. *O.* Et Nĭŏbæ lăcrĭmas supprĭmăt ipsĕ lăpĭs. *Pp.* [¶ Tantălĭs.] **Ep.** Fecundă, sŭperbă, audax, tŭmens, amens; mĭsĕrā, infelix; factă saxĕă. Saxo pĕr corpŭs ŏborto. S. rĭgens ŏborto. Caris (miris, defiendis, flebĭlĭbŭs, nŏvis) rŭĭnis circumfusă. **Crol.** Pĕlŏpis sŏrŏr. Amphiŏnis –uxŏr, conjux. Pārens *or* gĕnĭtrix Sĭpŭlĕă. Æmŭlă Latonæ. Sĭpŭlĕă –rupes, cautes. Sĭlex Sĭpŭlĕăis.

Niŏbæŭs, ă, um. *Of Niobe. H.* (Nĭŏbe.)

Niphates, æ. *m.* *A mountain and river of Armenia.* Addam urbes ˘Asiæ dŏmĭtas, pulsumquĕ Nĭphaten. *V.* *See* Euphrates.

Nireus, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m.* *A king of Samos, the handsomest of the Greeks at Troy.* Nirĕă non fĭcĭes, non vis exemĭt ˘Achillem. *Pp.*

Nisæŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Nisus.* Et vos, Nisæi, naufrăgā monstrā, cănes (*speaking of Scylla, the daughter of Phorcus, here confounded with the d. of Nisus*). *O.*

Nisēis, ĭdis. *f.* *Scylla, daughter of Nisus* (sts. confounded with the daughter of Phorcus, as here by *O.*). Prætĕrĭta cautus Nisēĭdĕ navĭtā gaudĕt. *O.*

Nisēĭŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Niseis.* *See* N. Vix sanæ virgo Nisēĭă compŏs Mentis ĕrăt (*Scylla, daughter of Nisus*). *O.*

Nisi, *and* Ni. 1. *Unless, if not.* Quod nĭsi ĕt assĭdŭis terram insectabĕrĕ rastris. *V.* Te, bŏves olim nĭsi reddĭdissĕ. *H.* [¶ Ni.] **Crol.** Si non. Nĭsĭ, si. 2. Nĭsi, si = nĭsi. Nĭsi si mănifestă nĕgemŭs. *O.* and *J.* 3. *Except, save only.* Nihĭl hic nĭsi carmĭnă desunt. *V.* Antĕ, nĭsi in damis usŭs. *O.* [¶ Prætĕr, præterquam.]

Nisŭs, i. *m.* *Nisus, king of Megara, father of Scylla, changed into a sparrow-hawk, and his daughter into a bird of prey called Ciris. She is often confounded with Scylla, the daughter of Phorcus, changed into a sea-monster. C. D.* Insequĭtur Nisus: qua se fert Nisŭs ăd auras. *V.*

Nisŭs, *and* Nixŭs, us. *m.* 1. *An effort.* Tertĭă sed postquam majore hastĭlĭă nisu Aggrĕdĭŏr. *V.* Insŏlĭtos dŏcŭerĕ nisus. *H.* [¶ Conamĕn, conatŭs, luctamĕn, vis.] *See* Conatus. 2. *The travail of child-birth.* Fetus nixĭbŭs edunt. *V.* ˘In mĕdĭo nixu. *O.* *See* Partus. [The more anc. form was *nixus*, in this meaning more usual.]

Nitedŭlă, æ. *f.* *A kind of mouse.* Fortĕ pĕr angustam tĕnŭis nitedŭlă rimam &c. *H.*

Nitelă, *or* Nitellă, æ. *f.* *A squirrel.* Rheniquĕ nodos, aurĕamquĕ nitellam. *M.* [¶ Sciurŭs.]

I. **Nitens**, tis. *part.* *See* Niteo. Used adj. *Shining, bright.* Tristĭŏr, et lăcrĭmis ŏcŭlos suffusă nĭtentes. *V.* Tyrĭo nĭtentĭŏr ostro (flos). *O.* *See* Nitidus.

II. **Nitens**, tis. *part.* *See* Nitor. *Bearing upon, resting* or *leaning upon; making effort, striving.* Pressĭt hŭmi nitens, trĕpĭdusquĕ rĕpentĕ rĕfugĭt. *V.* ~ sŭb pondĕrĕ axis. *V.*

Nitĕo, es. 1. *To be bright, brilliant, to glitter.* Lit. and fig. Et nĭtĕt inducto candĭdă barbă gĕlu. *O.* ~-ent millĕ cŏlores; ærā usu. *O.* ˘Ubĭ plurā ~-ent in carmĭnĕ. *H.* [¶ Splendĕo, fulgĕo, &c.] *See* Fulgeo. 2. *To shine.* Soles mĕlĭus ~-ent. *H.* ~-ĕt diffuso lumĭnĕ cœlum. *Lr.* *See* Luceo. 3. *Used of personal beauty.* Mĭsĕri quĭbŭs intentatā ~-es! *H.* ~-ĕt ante ăllas regĭnā. *St.* 4. *Used of a healthy, sleek condition of body.* ~-ens taurŭs. *V.* Undĕ sic ~-es. *Ph.* O pŭĕri, nĭtĕĭstis. *H.* 5. *Used of an opulent establishment.* ~-ĕt magnis ŏpĭbŭs dŏmŭs altā. *Tib.* res magnā. *H.*

Nitesco, is. *To begin to glisten, glitter, shine.* Lit. and fig. Nudatosque hŭmĕros ŏlĕo perfusă nĭtescĭt. *V.* *See* Niteo.

Nitĭde. *Brightly; with magnificence. Pl.* (Nĭtĭdŭs.) [¶ Laute, splendĭdĕ.]

Nitĭdŭs, ă, um. 1. *Glittering, brilliant.* Intĕgĕr est nĭtĭdis mĕllĭus glăddĭator in armis. *O.* ˘Arĭes ~-issĭmŭs auro. *O.* [¶ Nĭtens, fulgens, splendens, &c.] *See* Fulgidus. 2. *Luminous, full of light.* ~ căpŭt (sollis). *V.* æther. *V. Fl.* *See* Lucidus. 3. *Polished* (and so bright). ~ ĕbŭr. *O.* [¶ Lævis, pŏlitŭs.] 4. *Shining.* Cŏmā ~-issĭmā nardo. *O.* ~ pălæstrā. *M.* [¶ Lævis, unctŭs.] 5. *Transparent; clear, pure.* ~-is undis argentĕŭs (fons). *O.* sensĭbŭs haurirĕ. *Cl.* [¶ Limpĭdŭs, purŭs, &c.] *See* Limpidus. 6. *Clean and bright in look, in proper condition* (of a house and its belongings). ~-æ ŭt ædes sint. *Pl.* [¶ Mundŭs, lautŭs.] 7. *Shining with youth, beauty*, &c. ~ jŭventa. *V.* ~-æ virgĭnes. *H.* *See* Pulcher. 8. *Shining and sleek with health and good keeping.* Me pinguem ĕt ~-um vises. *H.* ~-i ĕqui in præsepĭbŭs. *O.* ~ vaccā. *O.* *See* Pinguis. 9. *Rich, flourishing* (of men and things); *polished, refined.* ~-is fundatā pĕcunĭā villis. *H.* ~-æ fruges. *Lr.* Ex ~-o fĭt rustĭcŭs. *H.* [¶ Lautŭs, splendĭdŭs, divĕs; ŏpĭmŭs, &c.] *See* Fertilis.

I. **Nitŏr**, ĕris, sŭs *and* xŭs sum. 1. *To make efforts, exert oneself, strive.* Pro se quisquĕ vĭri summa nĭtuntŭr ŏpum vi. *V.* ~ in vĕtĭtum; in aërā pennis. *O.* [¶ Annitŏr, connitŏr, enitŏr, conŏr, contendo, lăboro, mollĭŏr.] *See* Conor. 2. *To lean upon* or *against; to rest upon, press upon* or *against.* Jŭvĕnis qui ~-ĭtŭr hasta. *V.* Arbŏrĕ nixŭs ĕram. *O.* ~ cŏthurno. *H.* [¶ Innitŏr, incumbo, fulcĭŏr, sustĭnĕŏr; prĕmo.] 3. *Fig.* ~ virtutĕ, non sanguĭnĕ. *Cl.*

II. **Nitŏr**, oris. *m.* 1. *A glistening, glittering; brightness.* Et nĭtŏr in tăcĭta lucĕ dĭurnŭs ĕrăt. *O.* ~ ferri. *St.* [¶ Fulgŏr, splendŏr, &c.] *See* Fulgor, Lumen. 2. *The lustre of beauty.* Glŷcĕræ ~. *H.* 3. Fig. *The lustre of power, noble birth, wealth, eloquence*, &c. Rerum grăvĭtasquĕ nĭtorquĕ. *O.* ~ gĕnĕris; elŏquĭi. *O.*

Nĭtratŭs, ă, um. *Mixed with nitre.* Nitrata vĭridis brassĭcă fiăt ăqua. *M.*

Nĭtrum, i. *n.* *Nitre.* Et nitro prĭŭs et nigra perfundĕre ămurca. *V.*

Nivalis, ĕ. 1. *That has* or *brings snow* or *ice*,

icy. Ergo omni stŭdĭo glăcĭem ventosquĕ nĭvales Avertes. *V.* ∾-i rĕlegatŭs sŭb axĕ. *O.* Miscerĕ ∾-ĭbŭs undis. *M.* Hebrŭs nĭvali compĕdĕ vinctŭs. *H.* [¶ Nĭvosŭs, glăcĭalĭs, gĕlatŭs, &c.] *See* ARCTOUS, GELATUS. 2. *White as snow.* Candorĕ nĭvali (ĕqui). *V.*

NĬVĔŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of snow, covered with snow.* Sed jăcĕt aggĕrĭbus nĭvĕis informĭs, ĕt alto Terrā gĕlu. *V.* ∾-i montĭs căcumĕn. *Cat.* *See* NIVOSUS. 2. *White as snow.* ∾-i lactĭs ăbundans. *V.* Rumpĕrĕ vincŭlă ∾-o dentĕ. *O.* *See* CANDIDUS. 3. Fig. *Happy, joyful.* O ∾-am lucem. *Tib.*

NĬVOSŬS, ă, um. *Covered with snow.* Scythĭæ lătŭs illĕ nĭvosæ Omnĕ tĕnĕt. *O.* [¶ Nĭvalĭs, nĭvĕŭs, glăcĭalĭs, gĕlatŭs, gĕlĭdŭs.] **Crcl.** NĬVĔ -tectŭs, ŏpertŭs, candens, candĭdŭs. *See* GELATUS.

NIX, nĭvĭs. *f.* *Snow.* Perquĕ nĭves ălĭum, perque horrĭdă castrā sĕcuta est. *V.* [¶ Prŭinā; *anc.* ninguĭs.] **Ep.** Bistŏnĭă, hŷperbŏrĕă, Riphæă, Sithŏnĭă, Scythĭcă, Threĭcĭă; albă, canā, candens, candĭdă; brumalĭs, glăcĭalĭs, hĭĕmalĭs, frigĭdă, gĕlĭdă; căducă; aspĕrā, rĭgĭdă; sŏlută, rĕsŏlută, lĭquescens, mollĭtă. **Crcl.** NĬVĬS *or* nĭvĕŭs humŏr. Gĕlĭdŭs humŏr. NĬVĔĂ vellĕrā. Riphææ prŭinæ. Concretŭs imbĕr. Nix acri concretā prŭina. **Phr.** *Of a country covered with snow.* Terrā aggĕrĭbŭs nĭvĕis (alto gĕlu) informĭs jăcĕt. Montes stant alta nĭvĕ candĭdi. Rurā decussa nĭvĕ sternuntŭr. Campŭs omnĭs canis ăgris tollĭtŭr. Arvā sŭb nĭvĭbŭs dellĭtŭerĕ. Lăborantes silvæ vix ŏnŭs sustĭnent. Stant bŏum corpŏrā nĭvĭbŭs circumfusā. *See* GELU, GELATUS.

NIXŎR, arĭs. *To strive; to lean, rest upon.* Adverso nixantem truderĕ montĕ Saxum. *Lr.* Fundamentā, quĭbus nixatur vitā sălusquĕ. *Lr.* *See* NITOR.

NIXŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* NITOR. 1. *Leaning upon, bearing upon with effort, supported by.* ∾ nullo fulcimĭnĕ; arbŏrĕ. *O.* ∾-æ gĕnu gentes. *Sen.* ∾ pŏsĭto sŭpĕr abjectum pĕdĕ. *V.* [¶ Innixŭs, incumbens; prĕmens.] 2. Fig. *Depending upon, relying upon.* ∾ In hoc uno nomĭnĕ. *Lr.* propenso făvorĕ. *O.* Quo (Dĕo) Romanā pŏtentĭā ∾-ă est. *O.* [¶ Innixŭs, fultŭs.]

NIXŬS, us. *m.* *See* NISUS.

NO, nas = Nāto. *To swim,* &c. Lit. and fig. *See* NATO. Tu vĭrĭbŭs utŏrĕ nando. *O.* Nāt -lintrĭs āqua. *Tib.* lŭpŭs intĕr ŏves. *O.* Nassĕ pĕr undas pinus dicuntŭr. *Cat.* Navĭt classi pĕr ˘Athon (jŭventus barbărā). *Cat.* Narĕ pĕr æstatem lĭquĭdam (*of bees*). *V.* Nant ŏcŭli. *Lr.*

NŎX, æ. *m.* *See* NOE. *Eccl.*

NOBĬLĬS, ĕ. 1. *Well known.* Nobĭlĭs est Cănăce fratrĭs ămorĕ sŭi. *O.* Nĕquĕ his unquam ∾ fŭi. *Pl.* [¶ Notŭs.] 2. *Illustrious, celebrated, renowned.* ∾ ærĕ Cŏrinthŭs. *O.* In omnĕ ævum virgo. *H.* *See* CELEBER. 3. *Of noble birth, noble.* ∾-ĭor claræ sanguĭnĕ matrĭs ĕrāt. *O.* ∾-ĭum magnā atrĭă. *J.* [¶ Gĕnĕrosŭs.] **Crcl.** Haud ignobĭlĭs. Nobĭlĭtatĕ -pŏtens, clarŭs. Ortu -gĕnĕrosŭs, nobĭlĭs. Gĕnĕrosi sanguĭnĭs. Illustri *or* claro -gĕnĕrĕ, sanguĭnĕ. Gĕnĕrĕ (gĕnŭs, stirpĕ) clarŭs. Bŏno gĕnĕrĕ. Summo *or* bŏno gĕnĕrĕ prognatŭs. De summo lŏco. Sŭb nomĭnĕ magno. Illustri *or* gĕnĕroso sanguĭnĕ (claris pārentĭbŭs) -ortŭs, gĕnĭtŭs, natŭs, cretŭs, sātŭs. Præclara stirpĕ crĕatŭs. Præcloro nomĭnĕ insignĭs. Antiquo stemmatĕ felix. Nomĕn (gĕnŭs) antiqua āb ŏrĭgĭnĕ ducens *or* trăhens. ˘Avis, ătăvisquĕ pŏtens. Nomĭnĭbŭs *or* tĭtŭlis ăvitis gĕnĕrosŭs. Haud stirpis ĕgenŭs. Haud hŭmĭli sanguĭnĕ cretŭs. Cui gĕnŭs a prŏăvis ingens. Cui nobĭlĭtas ĕt gĕnĕrosā nomĭnā. Cui priscā (amplā, clarā) de sanguĭnĕ prisco nobĭlĭtas. Cui clarum a claro sanguĭnĕ nomĕn. *See* NOBILITAS. 4. *High-bred* (of animals). ∾-ĭum ĕquarum grĕges. *O.* ∾ quocunquĕ de gramĭnĕ (ĕquŭs). *J.* [¶ Gĕnĕrosŭs.]

NOBĬLĬTAS, atĭs. *f.* 1. *Renown.* Elŏquĭo tantum nobĭlĭtatĭs ĭnest. *O.* *See* FAMA. 2. *Nobility, noble birth.* Si te nobĭlĭtas gĕnĕrosāquĕ nomĭnā tangunt. *O.* [¶ Stemmātā, gĕnŭs, prŏăvi, tĭtŭli, nomĕn.] **Ep.** Antiquā, vĕtŭs, priscā, ăvitā; clarā, illustrĭs, insignĭs, amplā. **Crcl.** Clari natales. Gĕnĕrosum nomĕn. Gĕnĕrosā nomĭnā. Gĕnĕrĭs *or* nomĭnĭs -famā, glorĭā, splendŏr, dĕcŭs, nĭtŏr. Illustrĭs *or* clarā ŏrigo. Nobĭlĭ stemmā. Nobĭlĭtatĭs hŏnos. Gĕnĕrĭs *or* stirpis (*ep.* prisci) hŏnores. ˘Aviti sanguĭnĭs nobĭlĭtas. E sanguĭnĕ prisco amplā nobĭlĭtas. Regĭā nomĭnā. *See* NOBILIS. 3. *The nobility, order of nobles in a nation.* Nobĭlĭtas cum plebĕ pĕrĭt. *L.* 4. Fig. *Nobleness of character.* Exsŭpĕras morum ∾-atĕ gĕnŭs. *O.* **Crcl.** Gĕnĕrosŭs ănĭmŭs. Sensus -gĕnĕrosi, alti, grandes. Mens sublimĭs. *See* GENEROSUS.

NOBĬLĬTO, as. *To make known* (famous or infamous). *Ter.*; pass. *to be made famous, illustrious; to be ennobled.* Præterquĕ Lăcĭnĭă templā Nobĭlĭtatā dĕæ. *O.* Pocŭlā Mentŏrĕa nobĭlĭtatā mănu. *M.* *See* INSIGNIO.

NOBIS. *dat. and abl. of* NOS. O Mĕlĭbœĕ, Dĕŭs nobis hæc otĭā fecĭt. *V.*

NŎCENS, tĭs. 1. *Hurtful.* Difficĭlĭ est; plĕcæ tantum taxiquĕ nŏcentes. *V.* [¶ Noxĭŭs, &c.] *See* N. 2. *Guilty.* Quid rĕfĕram cŏmĭtumquĕ nĕfas servosquĕ nŏcentes? *O.* [¶ Noxĭŭs, sons, impĭŭs, mălŭs; *sts.* rĕŭs.] **Crcl.** Occulti facti conscĭŭs. Culpæ proxĭmŭs. Crimĭnĕ nexŭs. ˘Anĭmŭs culpa plenŭs. *See* SCELERATUS.

NŎCĔO, es, cŭi. *To hurt, injure.* Noctĕ nŏcent potæ, sĭnĕ noxa lucĕ bĭbuntŭr. *O.* [¶ Offĭcĭo, obsum; lædo.] **Crcl.** Sum damno. Sum -noxĭŭs, infestŭs, grăvĭs. Damnum *or* jacturam -afferō, importo. Fraudi sum.

NŎCIVŬS, ă, um. *Injurious, hurtful.* Et sĭbĭ nŏcivum concĭtant pĕrĭcŭlum. *Ph.* *See* NOXIUS.

NOCTĬ, *and* NOCTU. *abl. as adv.* *By night, in the night.* Noctĕ nŏcent potæ, sĭnĕ noxa lucĕ bĭbuntŭr. *O.* Dum noctu stertŭs. *H.* **Crcl.** Pĕr noctem. Noctĕ -sera, mĕdĭa. Nocturno tempŏrĕ. Pĕr umbras. Pĕr noctĭs -umbras, tĕnĕbras, sĭlentĭā. Obscura noctĕ pĕr umbram. Cæca caligĭnĕ noctĭs. Nox ĕrāt. Lucentĭbŭs astris. Subducta lucĕ. Noctĕ sĭlentĕ. Quum nox terras -tĕnĕt, ŏpĕrĭt, condĭt, tĕgĭt;—tĕnĕbris (umbris, caligĭnĕ) involvĭt *or* obrŭĭt. Quum nox cœlum *or* pŏlum tĕnĕt. **Phr.** 1. *Night-time.* Tempŏrĕ, quo nox -terram fuscis alis amplectĭtŭr;—ponto atrā incŭbāt;—căva circumvŏlāt umbra;—terris umbram infudĭt (induxĭt);—humentĭbŭs umbris terras ŏpĕrĭt;—umbra cœlum condĭt;—orbem obscurum făcĭt;—terras terribĭli caligĭnĕ tĕgĭt;—cœlum astris spargĭt;—terras cæco ămictu condĭt;—t. atro sĭnu condĭt. Tempŏrĕ, quo sol -sŭb alta tellurĕ est;—ocĕano sŭbest. Tempŭs ĕrāt, quo -lunā nocturnos ĕquos altā rĕgĭt; —ămictŏr horā clarā sidĕrā exhĭbĕt;—lŏcā cunctā noctĕ tĕguntŭr;—l. c. noctĭs rorĕ mādent;—cŏlŏr unŭs rebŭs ĭnest;—cunctā sĭlent; —omnĭā obtenta noctĕ (tĕnĕbris) tĕguntŭr. **Phr.** 2. *By night and by day.* Noctĕ dĭequĕ. ˘Et noctĕ, ĕt dĭe. Noctĕ ĕt lucĕ. Noctes atquĕ dĭes. Noctesquĕ dĭesquĕ. ˘Et noctĭbŭs et dĭebŭs. Noctu dĭuquĕ (*old abl.*). *Aus.* Seu lux sĭt, sivĕ noctĭs tempŏrā. Solĕ lātentĕ, solĕ alto. Nullā nox sĭnĕ &c., nullā dies. **Phr.** 3. *To do any thing constantly,* '*by night and by day.*' Nocturna mānu qd făcĕrĕ, făcĕrĕ dĭurna.

NOCTĬCŎLŎR, orĭs. *m. f. n.* *Of the colour of night.*

Quæquĕ plat divum perjurĭă, noctĭcŏlor Styx. *Aus.*

NOCTĬFĔR, ĕri. *m. The evening star, as bringing night with it.* Nimirum ostendit Noctĭfĕr ignes. *Cat. See* VESPER.

NOCTĬLUCA, æ. *f. The moon, as shining by night.* Ritĕ crescentem făcĕ noctĭlucam. *H.*

NOCTĬVĂGUS, ă, um. *That wanders by night.* Noctĭvăgæquĕ făces cœli, flammæquĕ vŏlantes. *Lr.* ~ currŭs (lunæ). *V.* [¶ Nocturnŭs.]

NOCTU. *anc. abl. of* Nox. Qua Galli furtim noctu summa arcĭs ădorti. *Enn. See* NOX *and* NOCTE.

NOCTUA, æ. *f. An owl.* Nequidquam seros exercet noctŭă cantus. *V. See* BUBO.

NOCTURNUS, ă, um. 1. *Of the night, nocturnal.* Pascunturque ignes nocturni, et lumĭnă fundunt. *V.* ~-i atquĕ dĭurni strĕpĭtus. *H.* 2. *By night, doing any thing during the night.* ~ grĕgĭbŭs ŏbambŭlăt (lŭpŭs); vŏcat clamorĕ Cĭtharon. *V.* ˘Aventes mœnĭă ~-i subrepĕrĕ. *H. See* MATUTINUS.

NOCŬUS, ă, um. *Hurtful.* Lubrĭcŭs, et spina nŏcŭus non gobĭŭs ulla. *O. See* NOXIUS.

NODO, as. 1. *To knot, bind* or *tie in a knot.* Cui phărĕtra ex auro, crines nodantŭr ĭn aurum. *V.* ~ cŏmas ădĕmantĕ. *Cl.* ~-atŭs collum ăb lăquĕo. *O. See* VINCIO. 2. Fig. *Used of whirling waters.* Sorbĕt nodato gurglĭŭ vortex. *St.* [¶ Contorquĕo.]

NODOSUS, a, um. 1. *Knotty, full of knots.* Sistĭte ŏpus præsens, nodosăquĕ tollĭtĕ linĕ. *O.* ~ stipes. *O.* ĭrundo. *Pers.* Crol. Nodis -implexŭs, aspĕr. 2. *Used of the gout* (from its 'chalk-stones'). ~ chĕrăgrĕ. *H.* pŏdăgrĕ. *O.* 3. Fig. *Involved, intricate, difficult.* ~-ă sortĭs verbă. *Sen.*

NODUS, i. *m.* 1. *A knot.* Lit. and fig. Nectĕ trĭbus nodis ternos, ˘Amăryllĭ, cŏlores. *V.* Complexŭs ĭn nodum (*throwing his arms around him*). *V.* [¶ Nexŭs, vinculum, vinclum.] *See* VINCULUM. 2. ~ ăhenŭs. *The link of a chain* or *fetter; a chain.* Lit. and fig. Vinctŭs ăhenis ~-is. *V.* ~-i rellĭgĭonum. *Lr.* Imponĕrĕ nodos, (*terms, securities*). *O.* [¶ Cătenă, vinclum.] 3. *A knot of hair. See* CAPILLUS. 4. *A noose.* ~ informĭs leti. *O.* [¶ Lăquĕŭs, vinculum, &c.] *See* STRANGULO. 5. *The coil of a serpent.* Tŭmĭdum ~-is aggestis corpŭs plĭcăt. *Sen.* [¶ Spirĭă, orbĭs, vŏluměn.] 6. *A girdle.* ~-o sĭnus fluentes collĭgĕrĕ. *V.* Segnes ~-um solvĕrĕ Gratiæ. *H.* [¶ Zonă, &c.] 7. *A leather strop* or *thong.* Lĕvi torquetŭr lancĕă nodo. *Sil.* [¶ Hăbenă.] 8. *Vertebral* or *joint-bone. L.* [¶ Spină.] 9. *A knot* or *knob of a tree. V.* 10. *A difficulty to understand, disentangle, &c., an obstacle to overcome* (of things and persons). ~ dignŭs vindĭce (*in the catastrophe of a play*). *H.* ~-i jurĭs, ĕt legum ænigmătă. *J.* Pugnæ nodumquĕ mŏramquĕ (˘Abantem). *V.*

NOE, *us., but found also* NOĔ, *and* NŎE. *m. undecl. Eccl. The patriarch Noah.* Quanquam quo Noe prŏăvus conscendĕrăt Enoch. *Alcim.* [¶ Nŏă, æ.] *See* DILUVIUM.

NOLENS, tis. *part. See* NOLO. *Unwilling.* [¶ Invitŭs.]

NOLO, non vis, nolŭi, nollĕ. 1. *Not to be willing, to be unwilling, not to wish.* Nolŭmŭs assĭdŭis ănĭmum tabescĕrĕ curis. *O.* Quum sŭă, quod nolim, numĭnă læsă vĭdĕt. *O.* (Quŏd nolim, *interjectionally* = μὴ γένοιτο.) [¶ Rĕcuso, detrecto, nĕgo, abnĕgo, rĕpugno, obsto, abnŭo, aversŏr, rĕfŭgio.] Crol. Non plăcĕt. 2. Noli, nolito. *Do not* (used in dissuading, advising against). Vendĕrĕ quum possis captivum, occidĕrĕ noli. *H.* Nolito ducĕrĕ (qm ăd te). *H.* [¶ Ne.]

NŎMĂDES, um. *m. pl.* 1. *The Nomads, a wandering Numidian tribe.* Te propter Lĭbycæ gentes Nŏmădumquĕ tyrranni. *V.* 2. Nŏmăs, ădis. *m.* and *f. sing.* Gărămasquĕ, Nŏmasquĕ. *Sil.* ~ versută. *Pp.* Nŏmăs (sc. terra). *Numidia. M.*

NOMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *A name, title, designation.* Non mĭhĭ jus civis, nec mĭhĭ nomĕn ăbest. *O.* Te crudelem nomĭnĕ dicĭt. *V.* Nĕc pomis sŭă nomĭnă servăt. *V.* 2. *Security for the payment of money lent* (the name, *i. e.*, given of a responsible person). *H.* 3. *A personal name;* or pl. *used for the persons themselves.* ~-ĭnă vană Cătones. *L.* Pŏpŭlarĭă ~-ĭnă Drusos. *L.* Fortissĭmă quæquĕ nomĭnă ferro ŏblĭt. *Sil.* Quis dĭbĭtĕt sĕqui tantă nomĭnă? *O.* Hence—4. *A race, family.* ˘Anĭmas ĭturas nostrum ĭn nomĕn. *V.* Corvinosquĕ Torquatăquĕ nomĭnă. *L.* [¶ Gĕnŭs, gens, stirps.] 5. *Reputation, renown, glory.* Gĕrĕrĕ nomĕn. *V.* Nullum est mĕmŏrabĭlĕ ~ femĭnĕa ĭn pœna. *V.* ~ ingens. *O.* [¶ Famă, dĕcŭs, gloriă, laus.] *See* FAMA, CELEBER, IMMORTALIS. 6. *The title of a book.* Tĭtŭlŭs ~-quĕ lĭbelli. *O.* 7. *A word naming any thing.* Signatum præsentĕ nŏtą procudĕrĕ ~. *H.* Proferrĕ nŏvă rerum ~-ĭnă. Dŏmĭnantĭă ~-ĭnă. *H.* [¶ Verbum, vŏcabŭlum, vox.] 8. *But a name, an empty word.* ~ ămicĭtĭa est, ~ Inanĕ fĭdes. *O.* 9. *A motive, reason, cause, pretext.* (Illum) ĭn diversă trăhunt dŭo nomĭnă. *O.* Instant offĭcĭo ~-ĭnă bină tŭo. *O.* [¶ Causă.]

NOMENCŬLATOR, *and sync.* NOMENCLATOR, ŏris. *m. A slave who gave his master the names of persons as they passed by.* Nomencŭlator mugĭlem cĭtat notum. *M.*

NOMĬNĬTO, as. *freq. of* Nomino. Suscĭpĕrĕ hunc motum, quem sensum nomĭnĭtamŭs. *Lr.*

NOMĬNO, as. 1. *To name, call by a name* or *designation.* Nĕc exsŭl Edicti verbis nomĭnŏr ipsĕ tŭi. *O.* [¶ Dico, vŏco, appello, nuncŭpo.] Crol. Nomĕn -do, ăddo, impono, pono, trĭbŭo, făclo. Nomĭnĕ -dico, vŏco, nuncŭpo, signo. 2. *To call by the personal name.* Te lŏquŏr absentem, te vox mĕă nomĭnăt unum. *O.* Quis ~-ăt me? *Pl.* [¶ Vŏco, dico, appello, clĕo.] Crol. Nomĭnĕ -dico, vŏco, appello, clamo. Nomĕn -clamo, vŏco.

NOMĬNOR. *pass. To be called.* Quĭă ~-ĕr Hercŭlĭs uxŏr. *O.* [¶ Vŏcŏr, dicŏr, nuncŭpŏr.] Crol. Nomĕn -hăbĕo, tĕnĕo, fĕro, duco, accĭpio, sumo, căpio, trăho, nancĭscŏr, percĭpio. Nomĕn mĭhĭ est. Nomĕn mĭhĭ -dĭtŭr, addĭtŭr, imponĭtŭr. Nomĕn mănĕt. Nomĭnĕ dicŏr.

NŎMISMA, *rather than* NUMISMA, ătis. *n. A coin, a piece of money.* Rettŭlĭt acceptos, regalĕ nŏmismă, Phĭlippos. *H.* [¶ Mŏnetă, nummŭs (*often printed* numŭs), &c.] *See* PECUNIA.

NON. 1. *Not.* De grĕgĕ non ausim quidquam deponĕrĕ tecum. *V.* [¶ Haud, haudquaquam, nequaquam, mĭnĭme, nĭhĭl, nil, mălĕ, pārum, nunquam, nusquam, sĕcŭs.] 2. *Used before adj.* (in some cases, instead of the negative prefixes; in others, conveying the expression of the direct opp. of the adjective, but perhaps less bluntly.) Mĭsĕrerĕ ănĭmi non dignă (= indignă) fĕrentĭs. *V.* Non fandă (= infandă) plăcŭlă. *L.* Non longa (= brĕvĭs, *or* non ĭtă longă) est făbŭlă. *H.* Verbă non invită (= lĭbentĭŭs) sĕquentŭr. *H.* 3. Nĕc non, *or* necnon. *And . . . too, and also; and. V. See* ETIAM. 4. *Used in questions* = nonne. *V. O.* [¶ Nonnĕ, annon.] 5. Sts. = ne (prohibitory). Non sint sĭnĕ legĕ căpilli. *O.* [¶ Ne.]

NONACRINUS, ă, um, *and* NONACRIUS, ă, um. *Arcadian* (from Mount Nonacris, in Arcadia). Quid fŭit aspĕrĭus Nonacrina ˘Atălanta? *O.* Et matri et vatĭ paret Nonacrĭŭs heros. *O.*

Nonæ, arum. *f. pl. The Nones, the fifth* or *seventh day of the Roman month.* Cum tĭbi Nonæ rĕdĕunt Dĕcembres. *H.*

Nonaginta, *latterly* **Nonagintā**. *undecl. Ninety.* **Nonagesĭmŭs**, *Ninetieth.* Nonagintā dĭes sānĕ te, carissĭmĕ, traxi. *Aus.* **Crcl.** Nŏvĭes deni. Dĕcĭes nŏveni.

Nondum. *Not yet, not as yet. V. O.* **Crcl.** Nondum ĕtĭam. Non ădhuc. Non hactĕnŭs. Nĕque ădhuc.

Nonnĕ. *Not* (in a direct interrogation, and expecting an affirmative answer)? *do you not? was it not? did they not?* &c. Nonnĕ vĭdes, quum præcĭpĭti certamĭnĕ campum &c.? *V.* Nonnĕ fŭĭt sātĭŭs? *V.* Nonnĕ tŭæ cĕcĭderĕ mānus? *Pp.* [¶ Annon, non; *sts.* ăn.]

Nonnihil. *n. Something, somewhat.* Hoc quŏquĕ nonnĭhĭl est quod propinabĭs ĭn istis. *M.* [¶ ˘Alĭquĭd.]

Nonnullŭs, ă, um. *Some; some at least, somewhat of,* &c. Et nonnullŭs hŏnos credĭtŭr essĕ tĭbĭ. *M.* [¶ ˘Alĭquĭs; nonnĭhĭl *or* ălĭquĭd (*with the gen.*).]

Nonnunquam. *Sometimes.* Et, quŭsĭ læsă prĭor, nonnunquam irascĕrĕ læso. *O.* [¶ Interdum, ălĭquando.]

Nonŭs, ă, um. 1. *The ninth.* Post, ŭbĭ nonă sŭos aurora ostendĕrĭt ortŭs. *V.* **Crcl.** Tĕr trinŭs. 2. Nonă. *f. sing.* (sc. hora.) *The ninth hour* (three o'clock). Post nonam vĕnĭes. *H.*

Normā, æ. *f. A rule.* Lit. and fig. Intonsi Cātonĭs Auspĭcĭis, vĕtĕrumquĕ normā. *H.* [¶ Regŭlă, lex.]

Nos. *gen.* nostri *and* nostrum; *dat. and abl.* nobis. 1. *We, of us,* &c. Nos, ănĭmæ viles, ĭnhŭmata inflettăquĕ turbā. *V.* 2. *I, of me,* &c. Nil nostri mĭsĕrerĕ; mŏri me denĭquĕ cogĭs. *V. See* Ego.

Noscĭto, as. *freq. of* Nosco. *To know, to recognize.* Noscĭtetŭr ăb omnĭbŭs. *Cat.* [¶ Agnosco.]

Nosco, ĭs, novi, notum. 1. *To be acquainted with, to know.* Nullăquĕ mortales, præter sŭă, littŏrā norant. *O.* Nossĕ quŏt Iŏnĭi vĕnĭant ad littŏrā fluctus. *V.* [¶ Cognosco, scĭŏ; *sts.* callĕo.] *See* Scio. 2. *To recognize.* ∾ crinis regĭs Romani. *V.* dĕum pĕr signā sŭă. *O.* [¶ Agnosco.] 3. Sts. *To catch, distinguish, hear.* Cetĕrā (verbā) percussi vĕtŭerunt noscĕrĕ remi. *Sil. See* Audio. 4. Pass. *To be known, recognized.* Nĕc noscĭtŭr ulli. *O.* ∾ vocĕ. *O.* Mĭsĕro nĭnĭum noscendā pārenti. *St.* [¶ Agnoscŏr, innotesco.]

Nostĕr, trā, trum. 1. *Our.* 2. *Mine; of me.* Consĕquŏr ex illis casus oblivĭā nostri. *O.* ˘Odĭo nostro flāgrant tŭă pectŏrā. *O. See* Meus. 3. *Of our family* or *country; ours* (our countrymen, friends). Nostĕr ĕrĭs. *V.* Festino ăd nostros. *J.* [¶ Nostras.] 4. *Favorable* (to us). Haud numĭnĕ ∾-o. *V.* Horā ∾. *Sil. See* Favens. 5. *Dear, my dear.* Sÿrĕ nostĕr, salve. *Ter.*

Nostras, atĭs. *m. f. n. Of our country.* Sed quo nostrates, ˘Aquĭtanĭcā nomĭnā, multos. *Aus.*

Nŏtā, æ. *f.* 1. *Any sign, mark,* &c., *by which a thing may be known.* Nondum de pectŏrĕ cædĭs Excessĕrĕ nŏtæ. *O.* [¶ Signum, indĭcĭum, vestigĭum, insignĕ.] 2. *A stain, spot, blemish.* Tractatā ∾-am rĕmittunt atramentā. *H.* Imprĭmĕrĕ dentĕ lăbris ∾-am. Qua ∾-am duxĭt, nĭvĕus vĭderi. *H.* [¶ Labes, măcŭlă.] 3. *A letter* (character), *written* or *engraved.* Scriptas exārĕt ∾-as. *O.* Mandarĕ ∾-as fŏlĭis. *V.* ∾-is publĭcis marmŏrā incisā. *H.* [¶ Littĕrā.] **Phr.** 1. *Short-hand characters.* Nŏtæ brĕves *or* præpĕtes. **Phr.** 2. *A short-hand writer.* Cui littĕrā verbum est. Verbā nŏtis brĕvĭbŭs comprendĕrĕ (voces pĕr compendĭā excĭpĕrĕ) pĕrĭtŭs. Nŏtarum præpĕtum mĭnistĕr. *See* Notarius. 4. *A mark on a wine-cask, indicating the age and quality of the wine. H.* 5. *The stamp on coin. H.* 6. *A brand by hot iron;* fig. *any brand* or *mark of disgrace.* ˘Inurĕrĕ ∾-as ĕt nomĭnā gentĭs (ĭn vĭtŭlos). *V.* Hanc fĕrāt ∾-am virtus? *Sen.* Sustĭnerĕ tristem nŏtam. *Ph. See* Stigma. Fig. 7. *An intimation, signal,* &c. (given by a nod, &c. &c.) ∾-as pĕr nutus accĭpĭrĕ; mārĭto reddĕrĕ. *O.* [¶ Signum, nutŭs.] 8. *A mark of distinction.* Illĕ Nŭmantina traxĭt ăb urbĕ nŏtam. *O.* [¶ Insignĕ.] 9. *A characterizing feature* (mental or bodily). ∾-as hŏmĭnum discernĕrĕ. *Ph.* [¶ Măcŭlă.] *See* Dedecus.

Nŏtabĭlis, ĕ. *Remarkable, distinguished.* Candorĕ nŏtabĭlĭs ipso. *O.* [¶ Insignis.]

Nŏtarĭus, ĭ. *m. A writer; a short-hand writer,* or *writer in cipher.* Nec calcŭlatŏr, aut nŏtarĭus velox. *M. See* Nota (3, **Phr.** 1, 2).

Notesco, ĭs, notŭi. 1. *To become known, come to the knowledge of people generally.* Ut vero cūnĕis notŭĭt res omnĭbŭs. *Ph.* [¶ Innotesco, noscŏr, vulgŏr, āpĕrĭŏr.] **Crcl.** Notum *or* pālam fĭt. ˘In notĭtĭam vĕnĭt. 2. *To become known, famous,* &c. Nostri ∾-ĕt famā sĕpulcri. *Pp.* ∾-āt mortŭŭs măgĭs atquĕ măgĭs. *Cat.* [¶ Claresco, inclaresco.]

Nŏthŭs, i. *m.* 1. *One born of a concubine* or *slave; illegitimate.* Thebana de matrĕ nŏthum Sarpedŏnĭs alti. *V.* [¶ Insĭtivŭs; *ext.* spŭrĭŭs.] **Crcl.** Furto conceptŭs. Suppŏsĭtā de matrĕ. 2. Fig. Nŏthŭs, ă, um. *Not genuine, not inherently* or *naturally belonging, but adopted, assumed.* ∾-o lŏcā lumĭnĕ lustrans (lunā). *Lr.* dictā lumĭnĕ lunā. *Cat.*

Notĭfĭco, as. *To make known.* Atquĕ mŏdum culpæ notĭfĭcārĕ mĕæ. *O.* (*Pont.* i. 2, 12; but the verse is '*merito suspectus.*')

Notĭtĭa, æ, *and* **Notĭtĭes**, ei. *f. Knowledge* (of men and things). Nullăquĕ non ætas vŏlŭĭt conferrĕ fŭtŭris Notĭtĭam. *L.* ∾-am vicinĭā fecĭt. *O.* Notĭtĭes hŏmĭnum divis undĕ insĭtā primum. *Lr.* [¶ Cognĭtĭo.]

Nŏto, as. 1. *To mark, note by a mark; to make a mark, stain, spot,* &c. Et rĭgĭdo tĕnĕras ungŭĭ nŏtatĕ gĕnas. *O.* Nullā lĭtŭrā nŏtāt corpŭs. *M.* [¶ Signo, insignĭo, distinguo; *sts.* designo *or* măcŭlo.] 2. *To mark* (paper, &c.) *with letters* (or trace letters on, &c.); i. e. *to write.* Scribĭt &c., ĕt nŏtāt, ĕt delĕt. *O.* Cerā ∾-ātā mānu. *O.* 'Œnone' falcĕ nŏtātā tŭa. *O. See* Scribo. 3. *To note, observe.* ∾ sidĕrā labentĭā cœlo. *V.* mores. *H.* [¶ Observo, &c.] *See* O. 4. *To engrave in the memory.* ∾ dictā mĕmŏri pectŏrĕ. *O.* auditā mentĕ. *O. See* Memini. 5. *To censure, to note for reproof and condemnation.* ∾ vĭtĭorum quæquĕ. ˘Amŏr dignŭs nŏtari. *H.* Hæc nŏtāt injustos, supplĭcĭbusquĕ fāvĕt. *Tib.*

I. **Notŭs**, ă, um. *part. See* Nosco. Used also adj. 1. *Known; that of which any one has knowledge, with which he is acquainted.* Et tandem læti notæ advertuntŭr ārenæ. *V.* [¶ Cognĭtŭs.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud -ignotŭs, ignoratŭs. 2. *Publicly and generally known.* ∾ carmĕn. *H.* fabŭlā. *O.* [¶ Cognĭtŭs, vulgatŭs.] 3. *Known, bared, laid open.* Vitā mĕā ∾ tĭbĭ est. *O.* [¶ Cognĭtŭs, detectŭs, pātĕfactŭs, āpertŭs.] 4. *Known* (from frequent using), *usual, customary.* ∾-um tŏrum sŏcĭosquĕ pĕnates. *O.* ∾-as pāludes desĕrĭt (ardĕā). *V.* [¶ Suetŭs, sŏlĭtŭs.] 5. *Known, famous, celebrated.* ∾ Allĭā damnis sŭis. *O.* ∾-issĭmā fama insŭlā. *V.* ∾ ănĭmi pāterni (ĭn fratres). *H.* [¶ Clarŭs, insignĭs, &c.] **Phr.** Sŭpĕr ætherā fama notŭs. Quo nemŏ toto orbĕ notĭŏr. *See* Celeber.

II. **Nŏtŭs**, *and* **Nŏtŏs**, i. *m.* *The south wind.* Tres nŏtŭs abreptas in saxă lātentĭă torquēt. *V.* Sŭb nŏtŏn ĕt bŏrĕan. *L.* *See* AUSTER.

Nŏvacŭlă, æ. *f.* *A razor, knife,* or *other such edge-tool.* Quid si me tonsor, quum strictă nŏvacŭlă supra est? *M.* Stringĭtŭr ĭn densa nĕc cæcă ~ turba. *M.*

Nŏvalĕ, ĭs. *n.*, *and* **Nŏvalĭs**, ĭs. *f.* (sc. arvum *and* terra.) *Fallow-land.* Impĭŭs hæc tam cultă nŏvallĭă milĕs hăbebĭt! *V.* Alternis idem tonsas cessarĕ nŏvales. *V.* *See* AGER.

Nŏvatŏr, ōrĭs. *m.*, *and* **Nŏvatrix**, icĭs. *f.* *A renewer, restorer.* Rerumquĕ nŏvatrix, Ex ĭllĭs ĭllĭas rĕpārat natură fĭguras. *O.* Stirpĭs nŏvatŏr. *Aus.*

Nŏvatŭs, us. *m.* *A renewal, change.* Tot spĕcĭes, tantosque ortus, vārĭosquĕ nŏvatus Ună dĭes āpĕrĭt. *Aus.*

Nŏvellŭs, ă, um. *Young, new, tender.* Atquĕ mălă vites incidĕrĕ falcĕ nŏvellas. *V.* ~ agnă. *O.* turbă. *Tib.* [? Nŏvŭs, rĕcens, tĕnĕr; *sts.* jŭvĕnĭs.]

Nŏvem. *undecl.* *Nine.* At Phœbus, cŏmĭtesquĕ nŏvem, vitisquĕ rĕpertŏr. *O.* Dĭes ĕpŭlată nŏvem. *V.* [? Nŏveni (æ, ă).] **Crel.** Tĕr terni.

Nŏvembĕr, brĭs; *abl.* bri. *m.* (sc. mensis.) *The month November.* Hic post nŏvembres, immĭnentĕ jam bruma. *M.*

Nŏvemdĭalĭs, *or* **Nŏvendĭalĭs**, ĕ. *That takes place on the ninth day; ninth-day* (adj.). Nŏvendĭales dissĭpārĕ pulvĕres (*on the ninth day after interment*). *H.*

Nŏveni, æ, ă. 1. *Nine* (distrib.); *nine.* Tertiă fors annis dŏmŭit rĕpĕtĭtă nŏvenis. *O.* Tergă ~-ă bŏum (telo rumpĕrĕ). *V.* *See* NOVEM. 2. *Found sing.* Quăttĭunt ~-a lampădĕ &c. *St.*

Nŏvercă, æ. *f.* *A step-mother.* Est mĭhĭ namquĕ dŏmi pătĕr, est injustă nŏvercă. *V.* **Ep.** ˘Iniquă, mălă, diră, crudelĭs, immitĭs, sævă.

Nŏvercalis, ĕ. *Of* or *like a step-mother.* Atquĕ nŏvercali sedes prælată Lăvino. *J.*

Nŏvicĭŭs. *See* NOVITIUS.

Nŏvies. *adv.* *Nine times.* Allĭgăt, et nŏvĭes Styx interfusă cŏercĕt. *V.*

Nŏvissĭmŭs, ă, um. *The last, latest of all.* Lucĭfĕr, et cœli stātĭonĕ nŏvissĭmŭs exĭt. *O.* Dicĕrĕ nŏvissĭmă verbă. *V.* [? Ultĭmŭs, &c.] *See* U.

Nŏvĭtas, tĭs. *f.* 1. *Novelty; a new condition* or *infant-state of things.* Res dura et regni nŏvĭtas me talĭă cogunt. *V.* Grata ~-atĕ mŏrandŭs. *H.* 2. *Inexperience.* Adjută est ~ numĭnĕ nostrĕ dĕi. *O.*

Nŏvitĭŭs, *or* **Nŏvicĭŭs**, ă, um. *New to a thing, novice-like, inexperienced.* Jam sĕdĕt in ripa, tetrumquĕ nŏvitĭŭs horrĕt Porthmĕă. *J.* *See* RUDIS.

Nŏvo, as. 1. *To invent, to introduce something new.* Ignotum hoc ĭllĭs ipsĕ nŏvavĭt ŏpŭs. *O.* 2. *To restore, renew, repair.* Lit. and fig. ~ transtrĕ; mĕrĭtos hŏnores. *V.* grĕgem fetura. *St.* vulnĕrĕ; fessă membrĕ. *O.* [? Rĕnŏvo, instauro, rĕfĭcĭo, rĕpāro; *sts.* supplĕo.] 3. *To change, alter altogether.* ~ nomĕn; făcĭem. *O.* sese in piscem. *Man.* fĭdem (de mutata fortuna). *V.* [? Muto, &c.] *See* M.

Nŏvŭs, ă, um. 1. *New, fresh, recent.* Verĕ nŏvo, gĕlĭdus canis quum montĭbŭs humŏr Liquĭtŭr. *V.* Dum manĕ ~-um. *V.* ~-is annalĭbŭs atquĕ rĕcenti hĭstŏria. *J.* [? Rĕcens.] 2. *New, additional to what was before.* Versarĕ ~ artes, nŏvă pectŏrĕ consĭlĭă. *V.* [? ˘Allŭs, altĕr.] 3. *New, as returning new, re-appearing new.* ~ annŭs frigŏrĭbŭs incĭpĭt. *O.* pŏsĭtis exŭvĭis (anguis). *V.* [? Nŏvatŭs, rĕnascens.] 4. *New, strange, extraordinary* (in any sense); *strange, unknown* (of persons). ~ formă vĭri ignoti. *V.* ~-ă monstrĭ. *H.* carmĭnă (*admirable*). *V.* [? Insŏlĭtŭs, insuetŭs, inaudĭtŭs; ignotŭs.] 5. *New to any thing, inexperienced.* ~ milĕs. *O.* dŏlorĭ. *Sil.* [? Nŏvitĭŭs.] 6. Nŏvissĭmŭs = ultĭmŭs. *See* NOVISSIMUS.

Nox, noctis. *f.* 1. *The Goddess Night.* Et Nox atră pŏlum bigis subvectă tĕnebăt. *V.* 2. *Night, the time of night,* &c. [? Tĕnĕbræ, caligo, umbrĭ *or* umbræ.] **Ep.** Atră, nĭgrĭ, nĭgrans, caligans, plĭcĭă, densă, prŏfundă, cæcă, obscurĭ, tĕnĕbrosă, umbrosă; arcană, secretă, sĭlens, tăcĭtă, mută, plăcĭdă, tranquillă, intempestă, multă; sĕrenă, purĭ; languldă, ignavă, segnis, sŏporĭ; humens, humĭdă, udă; roscĭdă, frigĭdă, gĕlĭdă; horrĭdă, terrĭfĭcă; longă. Horis actă. **Crel.** Noctis *or* nocturnum tempŭs. Noctis *or* nocturnă tempŏrĭ. Noctis -spātĭum, vĭces, umbræ, tĕnĕbræ, caligo, sĭlentĭă, horæ. Somni -tempŭs, tempŏrĭ. Subducto solĕ tĕnĕbræ. *See* NOCTE, VESPERE. **Phr.** 1. *Midnight.* Jam nox mĕdĭă est. Jam mĕdĭum est noctis. Nox intempestă. Alta noctĕ pŏli. Mĕdĭæ noctis tempŭs *or* tempŏrĭ. Mĕdĭæ noctis sidĕrĭ. Noctĕ sŭpĕr mĕdĭa. Mĕdĭo noctis currĭculo. Nox -mĕdĭos cursus torquĕt (tĕnĕt); —orbem mĕdĭum sŭbĭt; —mĕdĭam cœli metam contĭgĕrĭt. Jam Titan mĕdĭum dĭem sŭb tellurĕ nostra ducĭt. Jam ănĭmallĭă cunctă mĕdĭam noctis (noctĕ) quĭetem carpebant. **Phr.** 2. *To pass the night.* Noctem (*ep.* insomnem, somno văcŭam) ludo (vino, sermonĕ, &c.) trăho (duco, produco). Noctem pĕrăgo, fallo. N. ŏpĕri &c. addo. 3. *A night, used as 'a day,' for twenty-four hours' space.* Septĭmă nox ăgĭtŭr &c. *O.* *See* DIES. 4. *Any darkness.* Nox telis consertă sŭpĕr campos pĕpendĭt. *L.* ~ nimborum. *V.* vĕtĕrĭs cupressus. *V.* *Fl.* Noctem hĭĕmemquĕ fĕrens (imbĕr). *V.* Descendĕrĕ nocti (ăd inferos). *Sil.* [? Caligo, tĕnĕbræ, &c.; *sts.* prŏcellă.] *See* TENEBRÆ, INFERI. 5. *Used for sleep; for blindness.* ~-em pectŏrĕ ŏcŭlisvĕ accĭpĕrĕ. *V.* Abrupere ŏcŭli ~-em. *St.* Sŭb ~-ĕ sĕnectam trăhĕrĕ. *O.* 6. ~ æternă, *or* nox. *Death.* Omnes ună mănet nox. *H.* ˘In æternam ~-em lumĭnă clauduntŭr. *V.* Æterna ~-ĕ prĕmendŭs. *O.* *See* MORS. 7. Fig. *Of mental, moral darkness; obscurity of meaning,* &c. ~ ingens scĕlĕrum. *L.* ănĭmi. Versus ăllĭquantum ~-is hăbebunt. *O.* [? Caligo, tĕnĕbræ, nubes.]

Noxă, æ. *f.* 1. *Hurt, harm, injury.* Noctĕ nŏcent potæ, sĭnĕ noxa lucĕ bĭbuntŭr. *O.* ~ rĕpulsæ mĕis. *O.* [? Mălum, damnum.] 2. *Fault, offence.* ~ Ajacĭs ˘Oilei. *V.* [? Culpă, delictum.] 3. *Punishment.* ~-æ tĭbĭ hostis dedĭtŭs. *O.* [? Pœnă.]

Noxĭŭs, ă, um. 1. *Hurtful, pernicious.* An vĕnĭet Mĕgăris, noxĭŭs omnis ĕrĭt (bulbŭs). *O.* ~ linguă. *M.* [? Nŏcens, nŏcŭŭs, nŏcivŭs, nŏcĭturŭs, damnosŭs, pernĭcĭosŭs, incommŏdŭs, grăvis, infestŭs, ĭnĭmicŭs, exĭtĭosŭs, exĭtĭabĭlis, funestŭs, importunŭs, fatalis, sĭnistĕr, mĕtŭendŭs, tristis.] **Crel.** Non innoxiŭs. 2. *Guilty.* ~-ă cordă vĭdent (fŭrĭas). *O.* *See* NOCENS.

Nubes, is. *f.* 1. *A cloud.* Scindit se nubes, ĕt ĭn aĕrĭ purgăt āpertum. *V.* Ingĕmĭnant abruptis nubĭbŭs imbres. *V.* [? Nĕbŭlă, nimbŭs, nubĭlă (*n. pl.*); *sts.* aer, caligo, tĕnĕbræ, nox, turbo.] **Ep.** Aĕrĭă, altă, ardŭă; lĕvis, vŏlans, vŏlŭcrĭs, văgă, pendens, pendŭlă, cærŭlă, squallĭdă; atră, nĭgrĭ, nĭgrans, plĭcĭă, densă, obscurĭ, cæcă, ŏpacă, umbrosă, tĕnĕbrosă; humĭdă, udă, nimbosă, imbrĭfĕrĭ, plŭvĭă, grăvis, grăvĭdă, hibernă. **Crel.** Nubis -caligo, tĕnĕbræ. Collectæ ex alto nubes. Cærŭlĕŭs -humŏr, imbĕr, ĭn aĕrĭ vāpŏr. **Phr.** Nubes -cœlum (dĭem) ex ŏcŭlis erĭpĭunt;

—fœdam tempestatem glŏmĕrant;—cingunt æthĕrĭ;—involvunt dĭem;—toto cœlo glŏmĕrantŭr. *See* TENEBRÆ, PLUVIA, PROCELLA. **2.** *The air, the sky.* Figĕrĕ sub ~-ĕ cŏlumbam. *V.* ˘In ~-es tolli. *Sil. See* AER. **3.** *A cloud of dust, smoke, incense,* &c. [† Glŏbŭs, turbo.] **4.** *A cloud of darts, arrows,* &c. Prĕmĕrĕ tota phărĕtræ nubĕ. *V. Fl.* [† Imbĕr, grando.] **5.** *A dense mass* (troop, flock, &c.). ~ vŏlŭcrum raucarum. *V.* Lăconum. *Sil.* [† Cătervă, turbă, &c.] **6.** *A shade, shadow.* Intonsæ sub ~-ĕ cŏmæ. *St. See* UMBRA. Fig. **7.** *The cloud* or *darkness of death; the gloom of sadness* or *misfortune; the darkness of sleep,* &c. ~ĕ mortĭs grăvĭs; omni pectŏrĕ detersŭs. *St.* tristi vitĕ văcăt. *O.* măli percussŭs. *V. Fl.* discussa sŏporĭs. *St.* ~ frontĭs ŏpacæ (*blindness*). *St.* **8.** *The fumes of wine. V. Fl.* **9.** *Used of a gloomy, frowning brow.* Demĕ ~-em sŭpercĭlĭo. *H.* ~ frontĭs. *Sil. See* SUPERCILIUM. **10.** ~ belli. *The storm of war.* Sustĭnĕt ~-em belli, dum detŏnĕt. *V.* (πολέμοιο νέφος. *Pind.*) **11.** *A cloak, a veil, silence, secrecy.* Objĭcĕrĕ ~-em fraudĭbŭs. *H.* [† Umbră, nox, lătĕbræ.]

NUBĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bringing clouds* or *rain.* Et dărĕ nubĭfĕris lĭnĕā velā nŏtis. *O.* [† Nimbosŭs, nĕbŭlosŭs, &c.] *See* PLUVIUS.

NUBIGĔNĂ, æ. *m. f. Begotten of a cloud, cloud-born;* pl. *the Centaurs.* Ceu duo nubĭgĕnæ quum vertĭcĕ montĭs ăb alto. *V.*

NUBĬLA, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *Clouds.* Dum sicca tellurĕ lĭcet, dum nubĭlă pendent. *V.* ~-ă disjĭcĕrĕ. *O.* detergĕrĕ (de nŏto). *H. See* NUBES. Fig. **2.** ~ mentĭs. *St.* **3.** *Found sing.* Dŏmŭs tristi nubĭlo allĕns. *Sen.*

NUBĬLIS, ĕ. *Marriageable* (of the woman). Jam matură vīro, jam plenis nubĭlĭs annis. *V.* Maturescĕrĕ ~-ĭbŭs annis. *O.* **Crcl.** Conjŭgĭo (thălămo, thălămis) –aptŭs, idonĕŭs, maturŭs, tempestivŭs, hăbĭlis. Aptă vīro. Matură tŏris. Vicină tŏro.

NUBĬLŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Cloudy, thick, dark with clouds.* Jungĕrĕ pallentes nubĭlŭs annŭs ĕquos. *Tib.* [† Nĕbŭlosŭs, nimbosŭs.] **Crcl.** Nubĭbŭs (nĕbŭlis, nimbis) –densŭs, grăvis, condĭtŭs, obductŭs, ŏpertŭs, obscurŭs, spissŭs.] **2.** *Bringing clouds; stormy.* ~ Austĕr. *O.* Orion. *Cl.* [† Nubĭfĕr.] **3.** *Dark, gloomy.* ~-ă multa silva antrĕ. *O.* ~ vĭă funesto saxo. *O.* [† Obscurŭs, tĕnĕbrosŭs, &c.] *See* OBSCURUS. Fig. **4.** *Overcast, troublous* (of times, circumstances, &c.). Tempŏrĕ si fŭĕrĭnt nubĭlă, sollĭs ĕrĭs. *O.* **5.** Of persons. *Troubled, confused, perplexed* (overcast in countenance). ~ ira. *St.* toto vultu. *O.* ~-am mentem hăbĕrĕ. *Pl.*

NUBĬVĂGŬS, ă, um. *Wandering among the clouds.* Hic pro nubĭvăgo gratus plă templă mĕatu. *Sil.*

NUBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. **1.** *To marry* (only of the woman). Si quă vŏles apte nubĕrĕ, nubĕ pări. *O.* Est ălĭquĭd, nupsissĕ Jŏvi. *O.* **Crcl.** Vīro *or* cum vīro jungŏr. Vīro *or* mărito –tradŏr, conjungŏr. Vīrili jŭgo submittŏr *or* me submitto. Vīrum *or* mărĭtum in tŏri fœdŭs accĭpĭo. Connubĭo jungŏr. Jŭgales tædas (jŭgalĭă vincŭlă *or* vinclă) ĭnĕo *or* sŭbĕo. Tædas attingo. Lecti fœdĕrĕ sŏcĭo. Me vinclo jŭgali ci sŏcĭo. *See* CONJUGIUM. **2.** *Used of a man marrying an imperious wife.* Uxori nubĕrĕ nolo mĕæ. *M.* **3.** Fig. *Of one tree trained to another. Man. See* NUBENS.

NŬCĒTUM, i. *n. A nut-grove.* Quidquid nobĭlĕ Pontĭcis nŭcetis. *St.*

NŬCLĔŬS, *and* NUCLĔŬS, i. *m. The stone* or *kernel of any stone-fruit.* Mellă dări nŭclĕosquĕ jŭbet, dulcesquĕ plăcentas. *M.*

NUDO, as. **1.** *To strip, take the clothes off.* Corpŏrăque agresti nudat prædurā pălæstra. *V.* [† Exŭo, denudo.] **Crcl.** Vestes (vestem,ămictum, velamĕu) –exŭo, depono, pono, rĕjĭcĭo, derĭpĭo, tollo, excŭtĭo, detrăho. **2.** Gen. *To bare, make bare, to lay open.* ~ glădĭos. *O.* interrupto gurgĭtĕ pontum. *Tib.* tergă fŭga; viscĕrā. *V.* silvas (de bruma). *Sen.* **3.** *To strip, spoil.* ~ jăcentem armis. *O. See* SPOLIO. **4.** Fig. *To make known, reveal, expose.* ~ crudeles aras, trajectaque pectŏrā. *V.* ingĕnĭum res adversæ sŏlent. *H.* ămorem ălĭcui. *Tib.* [† ˘Apĕrĭo, detĕgo, &c.] *See* DETEGO.

NUDŬLŬS, ă, um. *dim. of* Nudus. Pallĭdŭlă, rĭgĭdă, nudŭlă (ănimă). *Adrian.*

NUDŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Naked, bare of clothes.* Nudŭs ĭn ignota, Pălĭnurĕ, jăcebĭs ărena. *V.* ~ pĕdem. ~-os effusă căpillos. *O.* [† Nudatŭs, exutŭs, spŏlĭatŭs.] **Crcl.** Vestĭs *or* tegmĭnĭs expers. Vestĕ –cărens, nudatŭs, spŏlĭatŭs. Nudŭs membrā. Pŏsĭto velamĭnĕ nudŭs. Pŏsĭta vestĕ. Exutŭs (libĕr) ămictu. Exutŭs *or* detectŭs (căpŭt, pĕdem, &c.). Vestĕ nĭhĭl tectŭs. **2.** *With the outer garments off.* ~ ăra, sĕrĕ ~. *V.* (= *the γυμνός of Hesiod.*) **3.** *Unarmed. M. See* INERMIS. **4.** Gen. *Bare, without cover, exposed.* Vĭdŭa ĭn ~-o arvo vitĭs. *Cat.* Sedĭt hŭmo ~-a. *O.* ~-i ĭn littŏrĕ pisces. *V.* Sĭlĭcĕ ĭn ~-a. ~-o sub æthĕrĭs axĕ. *V.* [† Nudatŭs, ĭnŏpertŭs, detectŭs, ăpertŭs.] **5.** *Unsheathed.* ~-o concurrĕrĕ ferro. *O.* [† Nudatŭs, strictŭs, &c.] *See* VAGINA. **6.** *Stripped, deprived, without.* ~ ăgris; nummis. *H.* ~-um remĭgĭo lăttŭs. *H.* ~ arbŏrĭs (Othrŷs). *O.* [† Nudatŭs, spŏlĭatŭs, cărens, &c.] *See* CARENS. **7.** *Destitute, poor.* ~ ĭnopsquĕ. *H.* sĕnectă prĕmĭt. *O. See* PAUPER. **8.** *Mere, pure, only.* Mălă nullă fĕram, nĭsi ~-am Cæsărĭs iram. *O.* ~ ăpĕr, sĕd ĕt hic mĭnĭmŭs. *M.* verĭtas. *H.* [† Simplex.]

NUGÆ, arum. *f. pl.* **1.** *Trifles, nothings.* Nescĭŏ quid mĕdĭtans nugarum, et totŭs ĭn illis. *H.* **Ep.** Lĕves, ĭnanes, vanæ, jŏcosæ, hĭlăres. **2.** *Used of the lighter, more trifling pieces of composition. M.* [† Jŏci, lusus, nequĭtĭæ.] **3.** *Follies, naughtinesses of conduct.* [† Nequĭtĭæ.] *See* LIBIDO.

NUGATŎR, orĭs. *m. A trifler, babbler,* &c. (Nugæ.) Si incrĕpŭit, cessas nugatŏr. *Pers.* [† Cessatŏr *or* mendax, vanĭlŏquŭs.]

NUGŎR, arĭs. *To trifle, to be occupied with things of no moment; to play the fool.* Ut primum pŏsĭtis nugari Græclă bellis Cœpĭt. *H.* [† Otĭŏr, lascivĭo.]

NULLŬS, ă, um; *gen.* nullĭŭs; *dat.* nulli. **1.** *No, none.* Nullĭŭs addictus jurare in verbă măgistri. *H. See also* **2** (*H.*). ~-ă fĭdes regni sŏcĭis. *L.* **Crcl.** Non ullŭs. Non –quisquam, ălĭquĭs. Ne quĭs. **2.** Used subst. m. f. *Nobody, no person;* n. *nothing.* Hoc visum nulli, non ipsi effătă sŏrori. *V.* Præter laudem, nullĭŭs ăvaris. *H.* [† Nemŏ, nĭhĭl.] *See* N. N. **3.** *Lost, undone, reduced to nothing.* Nullă est Alcŷŏne, nullă est, ălĭt. *O.* Toto corpŏrĕ nullŭs ĕgŏ. *Pp.*

NUM. *interrog. expecting a negative answer. Do? does? is? was?* &c. Num fŭrĭs? *H.* Num lăcrĭmas dĕdĭt? *V.* [† Nunquĭd, ăn, &c.] *See* AN.

NŬMA, æ. *m. Numa Pompilius, second king of Rome.* Tunc ĕrăt intonsi reglă magnă Nŭmæ. *O.* [† Pompĭlĭŭs.] **Ep.** Æquŭs, plŭs, legĭfĕr, plăcĭdŭs.

NŬMANTIA, æ. *f. A town of Spain, taken by the younger Scipio. C. D.* Nolis longă fĕræ bellă Nŭmantiæ. *H.* **Crcl.** Urbs Nŭmantină.

NŬMANTINUS, ă, um. *Of Numantia.* Illĕ Nŭmantina traxit ăb urbĕ nŏtam. *O.*

Numĕn, ĭnĭs. *n.* 1. *Divine will* or *power*. Non hæc sĭnĕ numĭnĕ divum Evĕnĭunt. *V.* Quæ sint ĕă numĭnă divum (flagĭtăt). *V.* Mĕo sĭnĕ ~-ĭnĕ (*i. e.* nutu). *V.* [† Vŏluntas, nutŭs; pŏtestas, vis.] **Crcl.** Divină -vŏluntas, vis. 2. *A divinity, deity.* ˘Agrestum ~-ĭnă, Fauni. *V.* Si quĭd plĭ ~-ĭnă possunt. *V. See* Deus.

Numĕrabĭlis, ĕ. *That can be numbered.* Quo sane pŏpŭlus nŭmĕrabĭlĭs, utpŏtĕ parvŭs. *H.*

Numĕro, as. 1. *To number, reckon.* Stat fortună dŏmus, ĕt ăvi nŭmĕrantŭr ăvorum. *V.* ~ pĕcŭs. *V.* [† Dinŭmĕro, compŭto, suppŭto, censĕo, percensĕo, rĕcensĕo, enŭmĕro.] **Crcl.** Numĕrum -făcio, rĕfĕro. Numĕro -compreudo, nŏto. 2. *To pay money* (count it out). ~ dotem. *O.* [† Do.] 3. *To count = to have.* Multos ~-abĭs ămicos. *O.* [† Possĭdĕo, hăbĕo.] 4. *To account, value.* ~ glorĭam Lernæ. *H.* Antĕ omnes bello ~-andŭs. *Sil.* [† Censĕo, annŭmĕro, æstĭmo.]

Numĕrosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Numerous.* Magna ădĕo cŏmĭtum nŭmĕrosăquĕ pubes. *V. Fl.* ~-ă turrĭs tăbŭlată. *J.* [† Multŭs.] 2. *Tuneful, moving to time, measured.* ~-ŭs Hŏrătĭŭs. *O.* ~-os gressus ponĕrĕ. Plăcerĕ gestu, ~-ăquĕ brachĭă ducĕrĕ. *O.*

Numĕrŭs, i. *m.* 1. *Number.* Te mărĭs, et terræ, nŭmĕroquĕ cărentĭs ărenæ Mensorem &c. *H.* ~ impar. *V.* 2. *A number, body, mass of persons.* Nos ~ sŭmŭs &c. *H.* Dŭŏ de ~-o nostro. *V.* [† Turbă, vis, agmĕn.] 3. *Rank, class.* ~ bĕatorum. *H.* [† Ordo.] 4. Us. pl. *Calculations;* sp. *astronomical.* Băbŷlonĭos ~-os tentarĕ. *H.* ~-is sĕquentĭbŭs astrā. *St.* Quĭs ~ tĕnĕbras solis &c. vidĕăt? *Cl.* 5. *Dice.* ~-os ŏburnos mănu jactarĕ. *O. See* Talus. 6. *The parts* or *proportions constituting a whole.* Imperfectă, sŭisquĕ nŭmĕris truncă (ănĭmalĭă). *O.* Pĕr sŭos nŭmĕros infans componĭtŭr. *O.* 7. *Proper order and arrangement of parts.* Lit. and fig. Digĕrĕrĕ ĭn nŭmĕrum. *V.* Nil extra ~-um mŏdumquĕ fecissĕ. *H.* 8. *Measured time.* Ludĕrĕ ĭn ~-um. Tollĕrĕ brachĭă ĭn ~-um. *V.* 9. Us. pl. *Metrical verse.* Nectĕrĕ verbă ~-is. *O.* [† Mĕtrum, carmĕn.] 10. Pl. *An air, a tune.* ~-os mĕmĭni, si verbă tĕnerem. *V.* Flebĭlĭbŭs ~-is cantăt ŏlŏr. *O.* [† Mŏdi.] *See* Cantus.

Numĭdă, æ. *m.*, but us. **Numĭdæ**, darum *and sync.* dum. *m. pl.* 1. *A Numidian; the Numidians, a people of Africa.* Me vĕl externos Nŭmĭdarum ĭn agros. *H.* [† Nŏmĭdĕs.] 2. *Used adj. sing. and pl.* ~-æ dentĭs ŏpŭs (*of ivory*). ~-æ lĕones. *O.*

Numĭdĭcŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of Numidia.* 2. ~ ăvĭs, vŏlŭcrĭs, gallină, or abs. *Probably the guinea-hen, a favorite dish of the Romans.* Et pictă perdix, Nŭmĭdĭcæquĕ guttatæ. *M.* [† Afrĭă -ăvĭs, vŏlŭcrĭs. Lĭbŷcă ăvĭs &c.

Numismă. *See* Nomisma.

Numĭtŏr, ōris. *m. A king of Alba, grandfather of Romulus and Remus.* Ĭlĭă cum Lauso de Nŭmĭtorĕ sătĭ. *O.*

Nummatŭs, ă, um. *Rich in money.* At bĕnĕ nummatum dĕcŏrat Suadelă Vĕnusquĕ. *H. See* Dives.

Nummŭlarĭŭs, ĭi. *m. A money-changer.* Nĕronĭana nummŭlarĭŭs massa. *M.* [† Argentarĭŭs.]

Nummŭs, *or* **Numŭs**, i; *gen. pl.* Nummorum *and freq.* Nummum. *m.* 1. *A gold* or *silver coin.* Gestĭt ĕnim ĭn lŏculos nummum demittĕrĕ. *H.* Si non essĕ dŏmi, quos dĕs, causabĕrĕ nummos. *O.* [† Nŏmismă, mŏnetă, sestertĭŭs, denarĭŭs, aurĕŭs, aurĕŏlŭs.] 2. Gen. *Money, riches.* Crescĭt ămŏr ~-i &c. *O.* Virtus post ~-os. *H. See* Pecunia, Divitiæ.

Numquam, **Numquĭd**, &c. *See* Nunquam, &c.

Nunc. 1. *Now.* Nunc ăgĕ, naturas ăpĭbus quas Jupĭtĕr ipsĕ &c. *V.* Nunc nunc insurgĭtĕ remis. *V.* [† Jam; *sts.* hinc.] **Crcl.** Jam nunc. Jam jam. Hoc *or* præsenti tempŏrĕ. ˘In præsens; *or* præsens ĭn tempŭs. 2. Nunc ĕtĭam, *or* ˘Etĭamnunc. *See* Etiamnum. 3. When repeated. *At one time . . . at another.* Nunc ăd fontes, nunc ăd mărĕ versŭs. *O.* Nunc hos, nunc illos ădĭtŭs. *V.* [† Mŏdŏ, jam.] 4. Used of a time *past*, or of a time *future*, as at the moment *present* to the thoughts. *At this time, at the time we speak of.* Quæ nunc oraclă tĕnebăt. *O.* Quĭs nunc te ădibĭt? *Cat.* [† Tunc.] 4. Used also as a particle of transition. *Now, but now, so then. Pp.*

Nuncŭpo, as. *To name, call by some name.* Quem turbă Quĭrini Nuncŭpăt indĭgĕtem &c. *O.* Quo (nomĭnĕ) pars optĭmă nuncŭpatŭr anni. *M. See* Voco.

Nunquam. 1. *Never.* [† Non.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud unquam. Nullo *or* non ullo tempŏrĕ. Nullo -ævo, ĭn ævo. **Phr.** *In which* never *is poetically expressed.* Nullă dĭes -pacem rumpĕt;—me dissĭmĭlem argŭĕrĭt. *Antĕ* cervi ĭn æthĕrĕ pascentŭr (*or* antĕ -frĕtă destĭtŭent pisces;—Parthŭs ˘Ararim bĭbĕt;—Germanĭă b. Tĭgrim;—dĭes ăb occasu nascetŭr;—annŭs inversas vĭces duxĕrĭt;—Phœbŭs Scŷthas tĕpĭda rŏta inflĭclĕt;—ignĭs undæ, lux almă tĕnĕbris, nocti dĭes, frĕtă sidĕrĭbŭs jungentŭr), *quam* &c. Vŏlŭcres *prĭŭs* verĕ tăcĕant (*or* æstatĕ p. cicadæ t.), *quam* &c. Arĭdŭs *prĭŭs* sicco mări piscis ĕrĭt (*or* Istĕr *prĭŭs* ĭn căpŭt ĭtĕr vertĕt; sol *pr.* currus ăgĕt ăd ˘Eoas ăquas), *quam* &c. *See* Semper. 2. *Certainly not, by no means.* (Used emphatically for *non.*) ~ omnes hŏdie mŏrĭemŭr ĭnulti; hŏdie effŭgĭes. *V.*

Nunquĭd, *or* **Numquĭd.** *n. as adv.* = Num. *See* N. Nunquĭd ĕt hoc, fallax Nisĕ, nĕgarĕ pŏtĕs? *M.*

Nunquĭs, **Numquĭs** *or* **Num quĭs**, quă, quĭd. *interrog. pronoun. Does,* &c., *any one* (m. f.)? *any thing?* Nunquĭs ĕnim nostrum miratur, si quĭs ĭn artus? *Lr.* Concŭtĕ, numquă tĭbi vĭtĭorum insevĕrĭt olim Natură. *H.*

Nuntĭo, *or* **Nuncĭo**, as. *To announce, bring word.* Namquĕ tĭbi rĕdŭces sŏcĭos classemquĕ rĕlatam Nuntĭo, ĕt in tutum &c. *V.* [† Denuntĭo, rĕnuntĭo, rĕfĕro, rĕporto, fĕro, mŏnĕo, signĭfĭco, indĭco, narro, defĕro.] **Crcl.** Nuntĭŭs -adsum, vĕnĭo. N. actă fĕro (rĕfĕro). Mandată fĕro, &c. Qm certum făcio. Rem ordĭnĕ pando. *See* Nuntius.

Nuntĭum, ĭi. *n. A message.* Gĕmĭnas dĕorum ăd aures nŏvă nuntĭă rĕfĕrens. *Cat.* (*but dbf.*)

Nuntĭŭs, *or* **Nuncĭŭs**, ĭi. *m.*, *and* **Nuncĭa**, æ. *f.* 1. *A messenger.* Cui Pyrrhus: Rĕfĕres ergo hæc, et nuntĭŭs ibis. *V.* Irĭ, mĕæ fidissĭmă nuncĭă vocĭs. *O.* Ep. Cĕlĕr, cĭtŭs; certŭs, fidŭs, fĭdelĭs; infidŭs, mendax; felix, lætŭs; infelix, tristĭs. **Crcl.** Sermonum mĭnistĕr. Qui dictă *or* mandată -fert, defert, rĕfert, portăt, rĕportăt. 2. *News.* ~ armorum rumorquĕ sĭnistĕr. *L.* [† Rumŏr, famă.] Lætŭs, faustŭs, felix, optatŭs, infaustŭs, tristĭs, infelix, funestŭs; incertŭs, infidŭs. **Phr.** *News comes; information arrives.* Certĭŏr auctŏr advŏlăt. Allatum est. Nuntĭŭs ci -perfertŭr, verŭs venĭt. N. qm (*or* cjs) aures implĕt. N. cjs au. vulnĕrăt (*of bad news*). *Suddenly spreads.* Nuntĭŭs pĕr &c. rŭit. 3. *To bring news. See* Nuntio. 4. *Adj.* ~-ŭs, ă, um. Venturæ ~-ă sortĭs (extă). *Tib.* ~ littĕrĭă. ~-ă verbă. *O.*

Nupĭer. *adv. Lately, recently.* Et ducit remos illic

ŭbĭ nupĕr ărarăt. *O.* [¶ Mŏdŏ, rĕcens.] **Crcl.** Haud *or* non pridem. Non ĭtă pridem. Nĕc dudum.

NUPTĂ, æ. *f. A bride, a wife.* Sed postquam Colchis arsit nŏvă nuptă vĕnenis. *O.* Convĕnĭunt nuptæ dictam Junonĭs ĭn ædem. *O. See* UXOR.

NUPTĬÆ, arum. *f. pl. A marriage, wedding.* Conjurătă tŭas rumpĕrĕ nuptĭas. *H.* [¶ Hȳmĕnæŭs, conjŭgĭum, &c.] **Crcl.** Sŏcĭalĭă săcrā. *See* CONJUGIUM.

NUPTĬALĬS, ĕ. *Of marriage, nuptial.* Ună de multis făcĕ nuptĭali Dignă. *H.* [¶ Conjŭgĭalĭs, &c.] *See* C.

NUPTŬRĬO, is. *To wish to marry.* Audes dŭcentas nuptŭrirĕ post mortes. *M.*

NUPTŬS, us. *m. Marriage* (of the woman). Illă quĭdem nuptumquĕ prĭŏr tædasquĕ mărito Passa ăllo. *St.*

NŪRŬS, us. *f.* 1. *A daughter-in-law.* Vidi Hĕcŭbam centumquĕ nūrus, Prĭămumquĕ pĕr aras. *V.* 2. *Any young woman.* ∾-ĭbŭs gestandă Lătĭnis. *O.*

NUSQUAM. 1. *Nowhere.* Ceu cetĕrā nusquam Bellă fŏrent. *V.* **Crcl.** Nullo lŏco. 2. Nusquam gentĭum = nusquam. *See* GENS. 3. ∾ sum. *To be dead* (nowhere among the living). *H. M.*

NUTAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. A nodding* or *waving.* Albentes nĭvĕæ trĕmŭlo nutamĭnĕ pennæ. *Sil.*

NUTO, as. 1. *To nod* (give sign by nodding); *to nod in sleep.* Nec mŏrā falcato nutantem vulnĕrăt ensĕ. *O.* Căpĭtĕ nutăt. *Pl.* [¶ (*For nodding in sign*) Nicto, innŭo.] 2. Us. *To nod, totter, shake as ready to fall.* Concusso vertĭcĕ nutăt (ornŭs). *V.* Sensĭt ∾ rŭinam. *L.* [¶ Mŏvĕŏr, ăgĭtŏr, inclinŏr, lăbo, lăbasco, tĭtŭbo, văcillo, pendĕo.] 3. Fig. *To lean, incline; to waver, falter.* Pondĕrā belli hac ∾ vĭdĕt. *St.* ˘Anĭmŭs ∾-ăt huc lĕvĭs atquĕ illuc. *O.* [¶ Fluctŭo, văcillo, tĭtŭbo.]

NUTRICŬLĂ, æ. *f., dim. of* Nutrix. Quid vŏvĕat dulci nutricŭlă majŭs ălumno? *H. See* NUTRIX.

NUTRIMĔN, ĭnĭs, *and* NUTRIMENTUM, i. *n. Nourishment, food.* Naturæquĕ sŭum nutrimen derĭt ĕdaci. *O.* Atque arĭdă circum Nutrimentă dĕdĭt. *V. See* ALIMENTUM.

NUTRĬO, is. 1. *To nourish, to rear.* Nutrĭĕrat Lȳcĭa, pārĭbusque ornavĕrăt armis. *V.* Nutribat, tĕnĕris immulgens ŭbĕrā labris. *V.* [¶ ˘Alo, pasco, &c.] *See* ALO. 2. *To feed fire.* ∾ ignes fŏlĭis ĕt cortĭcĕ sicco. *O.* 3. *To grow, to produce* (of the land). Terrā sălutares herbas, ĕădemquĕ nŏcentes ∾-ĭt. *O.* 4. Fig. Pax Cĕrĕrem ∾-ĭt. *O.* ∾ ămorem. *O.* fŭrorem. *Sil.* dulcĕ mălum blandĭendo. *Sen.* nummos. *Pers.* [¶ ˘Alo, fŏvĕo.]

NUTRĬŎR (*rare*). *dep.* = Nutrĭo. Et plăcĭtam Paci nutritŏr ŏlivam. *V.*

NUTRITŎR, orĭs. *m. One who rears.* An Tartessĭăcus stăbŭli nutritŏr ˘Iberi. *M.* Vŏlŭcrum ∾ ĕquorum. *St.* [¶ Altŏr.]

NUTRIX, icĭs. *f.* 1. *A nurse.* Indĕ lŭpæ fulvo nutricis tegmĭnĕ lætŭs. *V.* [¶ Altrix, nutricŭlă; *sts.* mammă.] **Ep.** Blandă, dulcĭs, vĭgĭl, sollĭcĭtă, anxĭă, insomnĭs, carā, fidā. *See* UBER. 2. *Used of a country in reference to the animals found in it.* Jŭbæ tellus, lĕonum arĭdă nutrix. *H.* 3. Fig. ∾ belli discordĭă. *Cl.* curarum nox. *O.* 4. Pl. *The paps of the breast; the bosom.* Nutricum tĕnŭs exstantes e gurgĭtĕ cano. *Cat. See* MAMMA.

NUTŬS. us. *m.* 1. *A nod of the head; an approving, assenting sign so given.* Me specta, nutusquĕ mĕos vultumquĕ lŏquacem. *O.* Annŭĭt, ĕt ∾-u trĕmĕfecĭt ŏlympum. *V.* [¶ Signă, nŏtæ.] **Crcl.** Căpĭtĭs motus. Motum căpŭt. Signum vultus. **Phr.** *To speak, converse by signs, &c.* Nutu signisquĕ lŏquŏr. Gestu, *or* pĕr gestum, signĭfĭco. Nutu (ŏcŭlis, sŭpercĭlĭo, vĭbrantĕ s.) signă -do, mitto, lŏquŏr. Nutus linguæ commercĭă exercent. Non ŏcŭli tăcent. Nutus lŏquaces conférunt. Nutu mănĭbusquĕ lŏquax. 2. *Will, decision;* pl. *commands.* ∾-u Junonĭs ĕunt res. *V.* ˘Ad nutus hĕriles aptŭs. *H.* [¶ Vŏluntas, arbĭtrĭum; *sts.* numĕn.] 3. Sts. *The inclining, the tottering to a fall.* ∾-u cădens exterrŭĭt Idam. *V. Fl.* [¶ Nutamĕn.]

NUX, nŭcĭs. *f.* 1. *A nut-tree.* Annos Dissĭmŭlet vĭrĭdi cortĭcĕ tinctă nŭcĭs. *Tib.* 2. *A nut* (the fruit); *used of any fruit with a hard shell.* Nux ĕrăt escă tĭbĭ. *O.* Quas tŭlĭt pinŭs nŭces. *O.* [¶ Nŭcŭlă, nux juglans (*a walnut*), n. ăvellană (*a hazel-nut*), n. castănĕă *or* Pontĭcă (*a chestnut*).] **Ep.** Matură, siccă, arĭdă, dulcĭs; cassă, Inanĭs, vĭtĭosă. 3. Nŭces rĕlinquĕrĕ. *Pers. To leave the sports of children* (who had a favorite game with nuts); *to cease to be a child.* (It was significant of this, that the bridegroom, on his wedding-day, threw nuts to the children). Sătĭs dĭu lusisti nŭcĭbŭs. *Cat.* Spargĕ, mărĭtĕ, nŭces. *V.* Da nŭces pŭĕris. *Cat.* 4. ∾ cassă. Cortex nŭcĭs. *A rotten nut;* hence, *a thing of no value. A nut-shell.*

NYCTĔLĬŬS, ĭi. *m. A name of Bacchus, whose orgies were celebrated in the night-time.* Nyctĕlĭŭmquĕ pătrem. *O.*

I. NYMPHĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A bride, a newly married woman.* Grată fĕrunt nymphæ pro salvis donă mărĭtis. *O. See* UXOR. 2. *A young woman, a girl. Tib.* Œbălĕ nymphă. *O. See* PUELLA.

II. NYMPHĂ, æ, *and* NYMPHE, es. *f. O.* NYMPHÆ, arum. *pl.* 1. *A nymph, nymphs, inferior deities presiding over mountains, waters, woods, &c.* Nymphă, Nŭmæ conjux, ad tŭă factă vĕni. *O.* Făcĭles nymphæ riserĕ. *V.* **Ep.** Formosæ, dĕcoræ, vĕnustæ, intactæ, castæ, sŏrores. **Crcl.** Nympharum -chŏrŭs, agmĕn, grex. *See* DRYAS (I.), NEREIDES, OREADES. 2. Sts. *Used of the Muses.* Nymphæ, nostĕr ămor, Libethrĭdes. *V.*

NYSĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A mountain and town in India, sacred to Bacchus.* Liber, ăgens celso Nysæ de vertĭcĕ tigres. *V.* 2. *One of the summits of Parnassus. J.*

NYSÆŬS, *and* NYSEĬŬS, ă, um. *Of Nysa; of Bacchus.* Indĭcă Nysæis armă fŭgătă chŏris. *Pp.* Et jŭgă totă văcant Brŏmĭo Nyscĭă, quare &c. *L.*

NYSEĬS, ĭdĭs. *f., and* NYSĬAS, ădis. *f. Of* or *belonging to Nysa,* f. Indĕ dătum nymphæ Nyscĭdes antris Occŭlŭerĕ sŭis. *O.* Nysĭădes nymphæ pŭĕrum, quærentĕ nŏverca &c. *O.*

NYSEĬŬS. *See* NYSÆUS.

NYSEUS, ĕŏs *or* ĕi. *m. A name of Bacchus.* Addĭtŭr his Nyseus indetonsusquĕ Thȳoneus. *O.*

NYSĬGĒNĂ, æ. *m. f. Born at Nysa,* or *on Mount Nysa.* Cum thĭăso Sătȳrorum et Nysĭgĕnis Silenis. *Cat.*

O.

O. 1. *Interjection of appellation and invocation; expressive also of joy, grief, admiration,* &c. &c. O pătĕr, o hŏmĭnum divumque æternă pŏtestas! *V.* O ŭtĭnam, tunc quum Lăcĕdæmŏnă classĕ pĕtĕăt. *O.* 2. O si! *Would that!* Quanquam o! si sŏlĭtæ quicquam virtutĭs ĭnessĕt. *V.* [¶ ˘Utĭnam.] 3. Sts. ˘O *before a short vowel.*

Te Cŏrȳdon, ŏ ˘Alexi: trăhit sŭă quemquĕ vŏluptas. *V.* (more Græcorum.)

Oarĭon, onis. *m.* = Orion. Proxĭmŭs Hydrŏchŏi fulgĕrĕt Oärĭon. *Cat.*

˘Ob. 1. *Before, in front of.* Expĕrĭŏr ŏb ŏcŭlos caligĭnem obstĭtĭssĕ. *Pl.* Lanam ŏb ŏcŭlum hăbebăt. *Pl.* [¶ Antĕ.] 2. *On account of, for the sake of.* Dictŭs ŏb hoc lenirĕ tĭgres. *H.* ˘Ob noxam Ajacĭs. *V.* [¶ Proptĕr, causa, ergo, gratĭa.] 3. Sts. *Towards.* ˘Ob os ălĭcujŭs orā sŭă obvertĕrĕ; ŏb Romam lĕgĭones ducĕrĕ. *Enn.* *See* Ad. 4. *For, in lieu of, in return for.* ˘Agĕr est pignŏri ŏb dĕcem mĭnas. *Ter.* Arrhăbonem ŏb mŭlĭĕrem accĭpĕrĕ. *Pl.* [¶ Pro.]

˘Obambŭlo, as. 1. *To walk about, around.* Mugĭt, ět in tĕnĕris formosŭs ŏbambŭlăt herbis. *O.* Grĕgĭbŭs ŏbambŭlăt (lŭpŭs). *V.* 2. *With acc.* ∾ Ætnam. *O.* [¶ ˘Obĕo, circŭmĕo.]

˘Obardĕo, es. *To shine in front of.* Clȳpĕi mĕtŭendŭs ŏbarsĭt Lucĕ Drȳas. *St.*

˘Obarmo, as. *To arm.* ∾ dextras ˘Amazŏnĭa sĕcuri. *H.* *See* Armo.

Obba, æ. *f.* *A bowl* or *jar.* *Pers.*

Obbrutesco, ĭs. *To lose one's reason* or *senses.* An, contractă sŭis e partĭbŭs obbrutescăt. *Lr.*

Obc. *See* Occ.

Obdo, ĭs, ĭdi. *To put one thing before* or *against another; to shut.* Lit. and fig. Nullĭquĕ mălo lătŭs obdĭt ăpertum. *H.* ∾ fŏres. *O.* pessŭlum ostĭo. *Ter.* *See* Claudo.

Obduco, ĭs, xi, ctum. 1. Us. *To place* or *draw one thing before, against,* or *over another;* hence, *to cover one thing with another; used of* the person *that covers, and of* the thing *that covers.* Limosoquĕ pălus obducat pascŭă juncо. *V.* ∾-unt sĕgĕtem densis sentĭbŭs herbæ. *V.* pectŏrā fractis clȳpĕis. *St.* [¶ Tĕgo, obtĕgo, &c.] *See* Tego. Hence—2. *To shut* (set door, bar, &c., against). *See* Obductus, Claudo. 3. *To darken.* ∾ lucem tĕnĕbris (*cover with darkness*). *V.* ˘Ocŭlos vastæ obduxerĕ tĕnebræ (*darkness covered*). *L.* *See* Obscuro. 5. Sts. *To absorb, drink up.* Obduxĭt sanguĭnem tŭmŭlus. *Sen.*

Obductŭs, ă, um. 1. *Drawn* (or brought) *over, against,* or *before,* or *close* (to any thing); hence, *covering it.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ă tŭenti hĕbĕtăt visus (nubes). *V.* ∾-o cortĭcĕ lătĕt. *O.* ∾-is tĕnĕbris. *Pp.* [¶ Objectŭs, oppŏsĭtŭs, obdĭtŭs; *sts.* (*to,* or *close to*) appŏsĭtŭs, admotŭs.] 2. *Used of bars, doors,* &c. (as drawn, put to, against what is outside); *and of houses, places,* &c., *shut, closed* (as having the bar, door, &c., drawn, put to, against or across them). ∾ sĕrā. *Pp.* ∾-æ fŏres. *Sen.* ∾-ă rĕsĕrăt pĕnĕtralĭă Phœbi. *L.* [¶ Clausŭs, occlusŭs, obdĭtŭs.] 3. *Used of what is kept secret and concealed.* Lit. and fig. ∾ dŏlŏr. *V.* ∾-i luctus. *O.* [¶ Tectŭs, obdĭtŭs, lătens, &c.] *See* Arcanus. 4. *Used of an overcast, wrinkled, frowning brow.* *H. J.* [¶ Contractŭs, adductŭs.]

Obduresco, ĭs, rŭi. *To grow hard.* Gorgŏnĭs at sătĭus fŭĭt obdurescĕrĕ vultu. *Pp.* [¶ Duresco, rĭgesco, indurŏr.]

Obduro, as. intr. *To endure, to keep stout-hearted.* Sĕd obstĭnata mentĕ perfĕr, obdura. *Cat.* and *O.* Persta atquĕ obdura. *H.* [¶ Duro, induresco.]

˘Obedĭo, is. *To obey.* ˘Emĕre ŏportet, quem tĭbi ŏbedirĕ vĕlis. *Pl.* *See* Pareo.

˘Obĕliscŭs, i. *m.* *An obelisk, a kind of elongated pyramid.* Hæc ŏpĕrit primi fastigĭă celsa ŏbĕlisci. *Aus.*

˘Obĕo, is. 1. *To go towards* or *against, to go* or *be in the way of, to obstruct.* Donec vis ŏblĭt, quæ res diverbĕrĕt ictu. *Lr.* Collapsum poplĭtĕ cæso Enăis ŏblĭt. *Sil.* [¶ Incurro, occurro, intervĕnio, objĭcĭŏr.] 2. *To go round, go over, traverse.* Tantum tellurĭs ∾. *V.* Vix finĭbŭs immensis ŏbĕundă, tĕnĕt. *O.* [¶ Circŭmĕo, lustro, perlustro, percurro, pĕrerro, metĭŏr, emetĭŏr, ŏbambŭlo, ŏberro, pervăgŏr.] 3. ∾ ŏcŭlis. *To cast the eye over, survey,* &c. ˘Oblĭt trŭci prŏcŭl omnĭă visu. *V.* [¶ Lustro, perlustro, metĭŏr, metŏr.] 4. *To go round, run around, encompass.* ∾-ĭt clȳpĕum pellĭs circumdătă tauri. *V.* chlămȳdem limbŭs. *O.* Campŭs ŏbĭtŭr ăqua. *O.* ˘Oblĕuntĭă terras (mărĭă). *V.* *See* Circumdo. 5. *To cover.* ∾-ĭt orā pallŏr. *O.* orbes purpŭrĕos somnŭs. *V. Fl.* [¶ Tĕgo.] 6. *To go to face, to encounter.* Lĭtĭo pugnas insignĭs ŏbĭbăt ĕt hasta. *V.* Tŏt belli vulnĕrā solŭs ŏbis. *L.* [¶ ˘Adĕo, sŭbĕo.] 7. *To go find* (a person), *go to a place.* ˘Achĕruntem ŏbĭbo. *Enn.* ˘Oblĕundŭs Marsȳă. *H.* [¶ ˘Adĕo, viso.] 8. ∾ mortem. *To die.* Tecum vivĕrĕ ămem, tecum ŏbĕam lĭbens. *H.* Mortĕ ŏblĭta, quales famă est &c. *V.* Magnŭs civĭs ŏblĭt, ĕt &c. *J.* *See* Morior. 9. *To undertake, set about doing; to do, perform.* Bellăquĕ pro magno Cæsărĕ Cæsăr ŏblĭt. ∾ mĭnistĕrĭă; pugnas. *V. Fl.* audită impĕrĭă. *St.* [¶ Exĕsĕquŏr, pĕrăgo, perfĭcĭo.] 10. Intr. *To set* (of the heavenly bodies). ˘Oblĕunt (astrā) noctesquĕ dĭesquĕ. *St.*

˘Oberro, as. 1. *To wander, move up and down before.* *Sen.* [¶ ˘Obambŭlo, obversŏr.] 2. *To wander around, hover over, rove about.* Lit. and fig. Quantum non milvŭs ∾-ĕt. *Pers.* ∾-ăt intra tectă tĭmŏr. *Cl.* *See* Obeo. 3. *To blunder.* ∾ sempĕr chorda ĕadem. *H.* *See* Erro.

˘Obesŭs, ă, um. 1. Us. *Fat, full-fed.* Hic scărŭs, æquŏrĕis qui venĭt ŏbesŭs ăb undis. *M.* Argutum căpŭt, brĕvĭs alvŭs, ŏbesăquĕ tergă (*of the horse*). *V.* [¶ Pinguis, crassŭs.] *See* Pinguis. 2. *Swollen, thick, stopped up.* Lit. and fig. Faucĭbŭs angĭt ∾-is. *V.* Jŭvĕnĭs narĭs ∾-æ. *H.* ∾-æ aures. *Calp.* ∾ mens. *Aus.* [¶ Pinguis.]

˘Obex, ĭcis, *and us.* objĭcis (*fr. the anc. nom.* Objex). *m. and sts. f.* 1. *An obstacle,* sp. *such as serve to bar out, shut out.* Robŏrā portis, Et fidos certant ŏbĭces arcessĕrĕ silva. *Sil.* Claudĕrĕ mărĭs objĭcĕ (de ponto). *V.* Tĕgĕre se objĭcĕ saxi. Postes objĭcĕ duri. *V.* [¶ Rĕpagŭlŭm, claustrŭm.] Ep. Firmŭs, vălĭdŭs, fortis, fidŭs, tutŭs. Phr. Clausæ portæ munimĭnă. 2. *A mole, pier, embankment.* *O. V.* [¶ Moles.]

˘Obhærĕo, es, si. *To stick fast, adhere.* Denĭque, ŭbi in mĕdĭo nobis ĕquŭs acĕr ŏbhæsĭt Flumĭnĕ. *Lr.* *See* Hæreo.

˘Obĭcio, ĭs = Objĭcĭo. Cur obĭcis Magno tŭmŭlum? *L.* and *Cl.* (*So* abicio, adicio, &c.)

˘Obĭtĕr. *adv.* *By the way, in going.* Lit. and fig. Atque ŏblĭter lĕgĕt, aut scribet, vel dormĭĕt intŭs. *J.* Verbĕrăt, atquĕ ∾ făcĭem lĭnĭt. *J.* [¶ Cursim.]

˘Obĭtŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Obeo. *Met, encountered, undergone* (us. of death). Morte ŏblĭta (*after death*) quales fama est vŏllĭtarĕ fĭgŭras. *V.*

˘Obĭtŭs, us. *m.* 1. Anc. *The coming before one, the approach of a person.* *Ter.* [¶ Occursŭs, adventŭs.] 2. *The setting of the heavenly bodies.* Nec frustra signorum ŏbĭtus spĕcŭlamŭr ĕt ortus. *V.* *See* Occasus. 3. *Death.* Antĕ ŏblĭtum nemŏ debĕt. *O.* Post ∾-um dŭcum. *V.* *See* Mors.

Objăcĕo, es. 1. *To lie over against* or *near any thing.* Quaque objăcĕt alto Isthmŏs. *St.* 2. Fig. *To be exposed to.* Impĕrĭă sic excelsă fortunæ objăcent. *Sen.*

Objecto, as. *freq.* *of* Objicio. *See* O. ∾ căpŭt pĕriclis. *V.* huic clȳpĕum. *St.* mŏras. *O.*

Objectŭs, us. *m.* *A putting* or *placing against,*

in the way of, or *opposite to*. Insŭlă portum Efficĭt objectu lătĕrum. *V.* Dărĕ objectum parmai (æ). *Lr.*

Objĭcĭo, ĭs, eci, ectum. 1. *To throw* or *put any thing before* or *against; to oppose, set opposite.* Lit. and fig. Objĭcĭunt ĕquĭtes sese ad devortĭă notă. *V.* ∾ clỹpĕos ăd telă. *V.* cæcum orbem rădĭis. *Lr.* noctem peccatis; nubem fraudĭbŭs. *H.* [† Objecto, oppono, interpono.] 2. *To throw in the way of. to set before, offer, present; to inject, impart, bring upon* (a person), *to occasion.* ∾ mellĕ sŏporatam offam (Cerbĕro). *V.* ˘Ocŭlis ∾-ĭtŭr (monstrum). ∾ răbĭem cănĭbus (*of Allecto*). *V.* sollĭcĭtudĭnem ci; ăcerbă funĕră pŏpŭlo. *Pl.* [† Offĕro, affĕro, injĭcĭo, immitto, importo, infĕro.] 3. *To expose.* ∾ qm hosti. *V.* căpŭt telo. *Sil.* [† Objecto, expono, projĭcĭo, do, trado.] 4. *To object, cast in one's teeth, to reproach* or *upbraid with, to lay to one's charge.* ∾ exsĭlĭum mĭhĭ; mĭhĭ dignă pŭdorĕ. *O.* ∾-ĭtŭr dŏmĭnæ contĕmĕrassĕ tŏrum. *O.* [† Objecto, exprŏbro, culpo, &c.] *See* Culpo.

Objurgatĭo, onĭs. *f.* (Objurgatĭŏ. *Aus.*) *A reproving, a reprimand.* Ellĭcĕretquĕ tŭam blanda objurgatĭŏ vŏcem. *Aus.* [† Castigatĭo.] **Crcl.** Dictă *or* verbă -sĕvĕrā, ămarā, aspĕrā, durā, grăvĭă, mŏlestă. Voces sĕvĕræ, &c.

Objurgo, as. 1. *To reprove, blame, chide.* Gellĭŭs audĭĕrat pătrŭum objurgarĕ sŏlerĕ. *Cat.* ∾ cănem. *Ph.* [† Increpo, increpĭto, rĕprehendo, castigo, argŭo, incuso.] **Crcl.** Verbis (vocĭbŭs sĕvĕris *or* ămaris) -castigo, insectŏr, urgĕo, rĕprehendo, corrĭpĭo. *See* Culpo. 2. *To chastise.* Sŏlĕa ∾-abĕrĕ. *Pers. See* Punio.

Oblatro, as. *To bark at.* Lit. and fig. Infĭmā dum vulgi fŏvĕt, oblatratquĕ sĕnatum. *Sil.*

Oblectamĕn, ĭnĭs. *n. That which diverts, delights.* Nec desunt vărĭæ circum oblectamĭnă vitæ. *St.* Porrĭgĕrĕ oblectamĭnă nato, flores. *O.* [† Oblectamentum, oblectatĭo, ludŭs, vŏluptas, gaudĭum.] *See* Voluptas.

Oblecto, as. *To divert, delight.* Oblectat pŏpŭlum (fabŭlă). *H.* ∾-ant dulci me carmĭnĕ Musæ. *Cat.* Rurā ∾-ant ănĭmum. *O.* [† Delecto, rĕcrĕo, &c.] *See* Delecto.

Oblĭgatŭs, ă, um. 1. *Bound, tied.* Optat Prŏmetheus oblĭgatŭs alĭti. *H. See* Vinctus. 2. *Vowed, due under the obligation of a vow made to that end*, &c. ∾ Jŏvi dăpes. *H.* [† Votŭs, debĭtŭs.]

Oblĭgo, as. 1. *To bind, tie.* Et sanas lĭnĭt oblĭgatquĕ plantas. *M. See* Vincio. 2. Fig. *To bind, put under an engagement* or *obligation to do any thing.* ∾ verbă sŭă hĭstŏrĭca fĭde. *O.* [† Devincĭo, obstringo, constringo.] 3. *To oblige, force.* ∾-ŏr ŭt tangam littŏrā Ponti. *O.* ∾-ăt illĕ Dĕos. *See* Cogo.

Oblĭgurĭo, is = Lĭgurĭo. Mox dum altĕrĭŭs oblĭgurĭas bŏnă. *Enn.*

Oblimo, as (*fr.* Limus). 1. *To overlay, cover with mud.* Et tŭŭs, Æneu, Pænĕ gĕner crassis oblimăt ˘Echinădăs undis. *L.* 2. *To render dull, besot, muddle.* Humanas ∾-ăt copĭă mentes. *Cl.* 3. *To waste, squander.* Rem pătrĭs ∾, mălum est ŭbĭcunquĕ. *H.*

Oblĭno, ĭs, levi, lĭtum. 1. *To besmear, overlay with some matter; to bespatter, befoul.* Cædĕ lĕænă bŏum spumantes oblĭtă rictus. *O.* Quĭd tu istuc curas, ŭbĭ ĕgŏ oblĭmăr atquĕ vŏlutĕr? *Lucil.* [† Ungo, inungo; *sts.* injĭcĭo.] *See* Lino. 2. *To blot out, put out by smearing over.* Oblĭtŭs a dŏmĭnæ cædĕ lĭbellŭs ĕrĭt. *O.* Lecturo pars oblĭtă decrĭt. *Pp.* [† Delĕo.] *See* D. 3. *To plaster up, stop up by smearing matter.* ∾ dŏlĭă; amphŏram. *Cat.* rimam. *M.* [† Obturo.] 4. Fig. *To cover with abuse, blacken.* ∾ qm versĭbŭs atris. *H.*

Oblique. *Obliquely.* Oblique inflexus trĭbŭs orbĭbŭs unŭs. *Cic.* (*Arat.*) **Crcl.** ˘In *or* pĕr obliquum. ˘Ab obliquo. *See* Obliquus (5).

Obliquo, as. *To turn* or *bend sideways* or *obliquely, to slant* (tr.); *to turn aside.* Obliquatquĕ sĭnus in ventum, ac tallĭă fătŭr. *V.* ∾ ŏcŭlos contra rădĭosquĕ dĭemquĕ. *O.* ĕquos. *St.* ∾-ent flumĭnă fontes. *L.* [† Flecto, inflecto, torquĕo.] **Crcl.** ˘In obliquum -duco. ăgo, flecto, incurvo, sĭnŭo.

Obliquus, ă, um. Gen. *That which is not in a straight, perpendicular line.* 1. *Bent, crooked, winding.* Turpĭtĕr obliquo claudĭcăt illĕ pĕdĕ (Vulcanŭs). *O.* Cursĭbŭs ∾is flŭĕrĕ (*of a river*). *O.* ∾-o lăborăt trĕpĭdarĕ rivo (lymphă). *H.* [† Sĭnŭosŭs, flexŭs, curvatŭs, tortŭs, &c.] *See* Curvus. 2. *Leaning* or *falling sideways, upset.* Jam lĕvĭs obliqua subsidĭt ˘Aquarĭŭs urna. *O.* [† Inversŭs.] 3. *Sidelong, sideways, acting in a cross, slanting direction.* Quattŭŏr ∾-a lucĕ fĕnestræ. *V.* ∾-o dentĕ tĭmendŭs ăpĕr. *O.* ∾ ictŭs. *H.* 4. Sp. *Looking aslant, athwart, sideways*; fig. *jealous, envious.* Illĕ dĕam ∾-o fŭgĭentem lumĭnĕ cernens. *O.* ∾-o ŏcŭlo mĕă commŏdă cernĭt. *H.* [† Transversŭs, limŭs.] **Crcl.** Transversă tŭens. 5. ˘In obliquum. *O.* Pĕr obliquum. *H.* ˘Ab obliquo. *O. Obliquely.* [† Oblique.] Fig. 6. *Oblique, covert, indirect* (consisting of hints, allusions, &c.). ∾-i carmĭnĭs astus. *St.* ∾ garrŭlĭtas. *M.* 7. ∾ sanguĭs. *L.* gĕnŭs. *St. Indirect descent, illegitimate birth.* ∾-um a patrĕ gĕnŭs. *St.*

Oblittĕro, *or* (*better*) **Oblitĕro**, as. *To efface.* Hæc vĭgĕant mandatā, nĕc ulla oblitĕrĕt ætas. *Cat.* [† ˘Abŏlĕo, delĕo.]

Oblitŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Obliviscor. 1. *Forgetting, having forgotten.* Lenibant curas et corda oblitā lăborum. *V.* Succos oblitā prĭores (pomā). *V.* [† Immĕmŏr.] **Crcl.** Haud *or* non mĕmŏr. Non jam mĕmŏr. 2. Sts. *Forgotten.* Nunc oblitā mĭhĭ carmĭnă. *V.*

Oblivĭă, orum. *n. pl. Forgetfulness, oblivion.* Securos lătĭces et longa oblivĭă potant. *V.* ∾ sollĭcĭtæ vitæ ducĕrĕ. *H.* casus nostri consĕqui. *O.* [† Oblivĭo.] **Ep.** Longă, ingratā, ĭnertĭă. **Crcl.** Lethæă vis. Oblivĭă mentĭs. Mens *or* ănĭmŭs immĕmŏr. *See* Obliviscor.

Oblivĭo, onĭs. *f.* (Oblivĭŏ. *J. L.*) 1. *Forgetfulness.* Inde ănĭmi caligo, et magna oblivĭŏ rerum. *J.* ∾ mentes cepĭt. *L.* Mollĭs ĭnertĭă diffundĭt ∾-onem sensĭbŭs. *H. See* Oblivia. 2. Sts. *pl.* Lĭvĭdæ ∾-ones. *H.*

Oblivĭosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Forgetful. Pl.* 2. *Causing forgetfulness.* Oblivĭoso lævĭă massĭco Cĭborĭa exple. *H.* [† 1. Immĕmŏr. 2. Lethæŭs.]

Obliviscŏr, ĕrĭs, blitŭs sum. *To forget.* Quisquĭs ĕs, amissos hinc jam obliviscĕrĕ Graios. *V.* Oblitus pŏtĕro non tamĕn essĕ tŭi. *O.* [† Dedisco.] **Crcl.** Non mĕmĭnĭ, non rĕcordŏr. Me fugĭt. Sum immĕmŏr. Non jam sum mĕmŏr. ˘Anĭmo (pectŏrĕ, mentĕ) -excĭdĭt, decĭdĭt, efflŭĭt, labĭtŭr. Qd mĭhĭ -rĕcessit, excĭdĭt. Ex ănĭmo elapsum est. ˘Anĭmo pello. Ex ănĭmo expello. Prŏcŭl ăb ănĭmo fŭgo. Ex ănĭmo -delĕo, sĭno excedĕrĕ, deflŭĕrĕ, efflŭĕrĕ, exirĕ. Oblito pectŏrĕ -depono, demitto. Oblivĭa -vĕnĭunt. sŭbĕunt, ănĭmo sŭbĕunt, me căpĭunt (cepĕrĕ, tĕnent). **Phr.** 1. *All utterly forgotten.* Omnĭă ingratæ menti credĭtă pĕrĭerunt. Lethæă oblivĭă mentem mĕam sŭbĕunt. Cunctă Lethæis undis mersă fĕruntŭr. Sensŭs ăbest mĭhĭ, ŭt si Lethes pocŭlă bĭbĕrem. 2. *Never to be forgotten.* Non me Lethææ ripæ oblivĭă immĕmŏrem făcient.

Oblivĭum. *See* Oblivia.

Oblŏquŏr, ĕris, cutŭs *or* quutŭs sum. 1. *To interrupt, contradict in speaking; speak in answer,* or *speak. Pl.* [† Obstrĕpo, interpello.] *See* Loquor. 2. *Used of musical sounds.* ∾-ĭtŭr nūmĕris septem discrimĭnā vocum (*accompanies his verses with a lute of seven strings*). *V.* Non ăvĭs ∾-ĭtŭr. *O. See* Cano. 3. *To inveigh against, reproach.* Gannĭt ĕt ∾-ĭtŭr. *Cat.* [† Obstrĕpo, obtundo.]

Obluctŏr, arĭs. 1. *To strive, struggle against.* Aggrĕdĭor, gĕnĭbusque adversæ obluctŏr ārenæ. *V.* Soli obluctandum Făbĭo. *Sil.* [† Luctŏr, pugno.] 2. *To resist.* Summŏverĕ ∾-antĭă saxă. *Sc. See* Resisto.

Obmurmŭro, as. *To murmur against.* Vanā prĕcor, prĕcĭbusquĕ mĕis obmurmŭrăt ipsĕ Pontŭs. *O. See* Obstrepo.

Obmutesco, ĭs, tŭi. *To become dumb, to be silent.* Trōădĕs exclamant: obmutŭĭt illă dŏlorĕ. *O.* [† Sĭlĕo, &c.] *See* S.

Obnitŏr, ĕris, nixŭs *or* nisŭs sum. *To push, bear against, struggle against; to make efforts.* Nec nos obniti contra, nec tendĕrĕ tantum. *V.* Obnitĭĕr undæ (de navĭbŭs). *Lr.* ∾ trunco arbŏrĭs (de tauro). *V.* Obnixŭs latis hŭmĕris. *V.* Obnisi lăcĕrant cāvă nubĭlă venti. *St.* [† Luctŏr, obluctŏr, rĕsisto, &c.] *See* Resisto.

Obnoxĭŭs, ă, um. 1. *Guilty of, lying under the guilt of* (with dat. of crime). Turpi mens est obnoxĭă facto. *Tib.* Communi ∾ culpæ. *O. See* Nocens. 2. *Submissive, subject to, dependent upon, beholden to.* Fratrĭs rādĭis ∾ lunā. *V.* Non ulli curæ ∾-ă (arvă). *V.* Numĭnā ∾-ă fatis. *M.* Submissæquĕ mănus, flăcĭesquĕ ∾-ă (*that of a submissive suppliant*) mansĭt. *O.* Flăcĭes ∾-ă nullis gemmis (*beholden to, dependent upon*). *Pp.* Servĭtus ∾. *Ph.* [† Submissŭs, subjectŭs, obsĕquens.] 3. *Exposed to.* Cautes ∾ ventis. *Tib.* Terrā ∾ nulli bello. *O.* [† Expŏsĭtŭs, objectŭs.]

Obnubo, ĭs, psi. *To veil; to cover.* Arsurasquĕ cŏmas obnubĭt ămictu. *V.* ∾ orā cŏmis. *St.* convexā vārĭo mĕatu (de ăvĭbŭs). *Cl. See* Velo.

ˇObŏlŭs, i. *m.* (ὀβολός.) *An obole, a Greek coin* = *one-sixth of a drachma. Ter.*

ˇObŏrĭŏr, irĭs, ortŭs sum. *To arise, to come into sight. Pl.* (ˇOrĭŏr.) *See* Orior.

ˇObortŭs, ă, um. *part. of* Oborior. *Rising over* or *upon, rising up, appearing suddenly* or *at once.* Suntque ŏcŭlis tĕnĕbræ per tantum lumĕn ŏbortæ. *O.* ∾ saxum. *O.* ∾-i rādĭi sollis. *Lr.* ∾-ă sidĕrā. *St.* ∾-æ lăcrĭmæ. *V.* ∾ guttā. *O.* [† Ortŭs, natŭs.] *See also* Fluens.

Obrepo, ĭs. *To creep up, towards; to steal on imperceptibly.* Lit. and fig. Et possim mĕdĭa quamvis obrepĕrĕ noctĕ. *Tib.* ∾-ens somnŭs. *O.* ∾-ĭt sĕnectus. *J.* [† Obrepto.] Crcl. Tăcĭte *or* sensim –adrepo, irrepo.

Obrepto, as. *freq. of* Obrepo. *Pl.*

Obrettio, is. *To catch, entangle in a net.* Tenuĭă filā (ăranĕi) Obvĭă sentimus, quando obretimŭs ĕuntes. *Lr. See* Irretio.

Obrĭgesco, ĭs, gŭi. *To grow stiff, become congealed.* Lactĕŭs et mistis obrĭgŭissĕ lĭquŏr. *Tib.* Obrĭgescĭt frigŏrĕ. *Lucil.*

Obrŭo, ĭs, ui, utum. *To cover with any thing; to cover all over;* hence—1. *To bury in the ground* (cover with earth). Obrŭĕ versata Cĕrĕsălĭă semĭnā terra. *O.* ∾ corpŭs jŭvenci tellurĕ. *O.* [† Defŏdĭo, infŏdĭo, fŏdĭo, rĕcondo, condo, depono, tĕgo, contĕgo, prĕmo, &c.] *See* Abdo, Tego, Sepelio. 2. *To sink* (cover with water). ∾ submersas puppes. *V.* Vultus mŏos ∾-ĭt undā. *O.* [† Tĕgo, ŏpĕrĭo, mergo, submergo.] *See* Mergo, Naufragium. 3. Gen. *To overwhelm, overpower, overthrow.* Lit. and fig. ∾ qm telis. *V.* Hastis ∾-ĭtŭr. *L.* ∾ fratrem armis. *St.* ∾-ĭt audentem rerum grăvĭtas &c. *O.* [† Prĕmo, opprĭmo.] Hence—4. *To crush, shatter.* ∾ collā saxo. *V. Fl.* orā cæstu. *St.* [† Elido, confĭcĭo.] *Fig.* 5. Nox ∾-ĭt terram umbris. *Lr.* ∾-ĭt qm sŏpŏr. *L.* ∾ flăcĭnŭs tĕnĕbris. *Sen.* [† Condo, tĕgo, &c.] 6. *To outdo, eclipse.* Nymphas Vĕnŭs addĭtă ∾-ĭt. *St.* ∾-ĭt tŭbā Martĭă Idæam buxum. *V. Fl.* 7. Used intr. by *Lr.* = rŭo. *To fall.* Spātĭo ne fessā vĕtusto (dŏmŭs) obrŭăt. *Lr.*

Obrŭtŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Obruo. 1. *Covered over, buried under, overwhelmed.* Herbăquĕ, quæ lătŭit Cĕrĕsălĭbŭs obrŭtă sulcis. *O.* ∾ ăquis. *O.* telis. *V.* [† ˇOpertŭs, condĭtŭs, pressŭs, oppressŭs, mersŭs, sĕpultŭs, &c.] 2. *Fig.* ∾ virtus paupertatĕ. *Cl.*

Obscenŭs, ă, um. 1. *Ill-omened, fatal.* Obscenæquĕ cănes, importunæquĕ vŏlucres. *V.* ∾-ă pĕcunĭă pĕrĕgrinos mores intŭlĭt. *J.* [† Infaustŭs, sĭnistĕr, &c.] *See* Infaustus. 2. *Obscene, impure.* ∾ ădultĕrĭum. *O.* sermo. *H.* ămŏr. *L.* [† Incestŭs, impurŭs, &c.] *See* Impudicus. 3. *Foul, filthy.* Cădĭt milĕs In haustus ∾-os. *L.* ∾ alvŭs. *Sil.* [† Immundŭs, &c.] *See* I. 4. *Frightful, ugly.* Frontem ∾-am rugis ārăt. *V.*

Obscuro, as. 1. *To darken, make dark.* Lit. and fig. Flammĕŭs ut răpĭdi solis nĭtŏr obscuretŭr. *Cat.* ∾ æthĕrā pennis. *V.* [† ˇInumbro, ŏbumbro, umbro, obnubĭlo, ŏpaco, subtexo, condo, tĕgo, contĕgo, velo; *sts.* occæco.] Crcl. Tĕnĕbris –condo, tĕgo, occulto, obduco, prĕmo. Lucem *or* solem –submŏvĕo, subduco. Dĭem subtexo. Cœlo *or* ŏlympo dĭem subtexo. Ex ŏcŭlis dĭem erĭpĭo. Noctĕ (tĕnĕbris, caligĭnĕ, umbra) –tĕgo, condo, involvo, abscondo. Noctĕ cœlum *or* pŏlum subtexo. Tĕnĕbras ingĕmĭno. Nubĕ dĭem infĭcĭo. Lumĕn prĕmo. Ferrugĭnĕ tĕgo. 2. *To veil, conceal.* Căpŭt ∾-antĕ lăcerna. *H.* [† Contĕgo, obvolvo, &c.] *See* Velo. 3. *To keep in obscurity, cause to be unknown.* ∾-ăt nomĭnā paupertas. *Enn.* sŭam famam pĕr sĭlentĭă. *L.* [† Condo, celo, prĕmo.] 4. *To cast into obscurity, eclipse.* Ne vĕtĕres ∾-ent nŏvă factă trĭumphos &c. *O.* [† Obrŭo, prĕmo.]

Obscurŭs, ă, um. 1. *Dark* (from clouds, or absence of light). Quum căpŭt obscura nĭtĭdum ferrugĭnĕ texĭt (sol). *V.* ∾-a noctĕ. *V.* ∾-æ tăbernæ. *H.* [† Tĕnĕbrosŭs, ŏpacŭs, obscuratŭs, plĭcĕŭs, nĭgĕr, nĭgrans, atĕr, nubĭlŭs, nĕbŭlosŭs, umbrosŭs, spissŭs, densŭs, horrens, nimbosŭs.] Crcl. Tĕnĕbris *or* caligĭnĕ–obscurŭs, spissŭs, densŭs, obductŭs, tectŭs, ŏpertŭs. Noctĕ *or* caligĭnĕ mersŭs. Nĕbŭlis obscurŭs. Nubĭbŭs –densŭs, condĭtŭs, grăvĭs. Lumĭnĕ (lucĕ, solĕ) –cārens, vĭdŭatŭs. Nox –sĭnĕ sidĕrĕ, nulli flammæ pervĭă. Lucis (Phœbi) insclŭs. *See* Tenebræ. 2. *Hidden, invisible.* ∾ In ulva (lăcus). *V.* luco ŏpaco (Smintheus). *O.* umbris arbŏrum. *M.* Spargĕrĕ vulnĕrā ∾-a funda. *V. Fl.* Vĕnenarā ŏdĭo ∾-o. *H.* [† Abdĭtŭs, tectŭs, lātens, &c.] *See* Latens. 3. *Dark* (in colour), *black.* Mauro ∾-ĭŏr Indŭs. *J.* ∾-i dentes. *J. See* Niger. Fig. 4. *Obscure, unknown. V.* [† Ignotŭs, ignoratŭs.] *See* Ignobilis. 5. *Obscure* (in meaning). ∾-is verā involvens. *V.* ∾-æ sortis ambages. *O.* Brĕvĭs essĕ lăboro, ∾ fio. *H.* Haud ∾-ă mittĕt signā Bŏotes. *V.* [† Cæcŭs, perplexŭs, implexŭs, ambĭgŭŭs, abstrusŭs.] Phr. *Obscure answers, sayings,* &c. Ambĭgŭă perplexa vocĕ verbā. *Sen.* 6. Used as subst. n. Visă sŭb obscurum noctis. *V.*

Obsăcro (*and perhaps* Obsecro), as. *To entreat.*

in the way of, or *opposite to*. Insŭlă portum Efficĭt objectu lătĕrum. *V.* Dărĕ objectum parmai (æ). *Lr.*

Objĭcĭo, ĭs, eci, ectum. **1.** *To throw* or *put any thing before* or *against; to oppose, set opposite.* Lit. and fig. Objĭcĭunt æquĭtes sese ad devortĭă notă. *V.* ~ clỹpĕos ăd telă. *V.* cæcum orbem rădĭis. *Lr.* noctem peccatis; nubem fraudĭbŭs. *H.* [¶ Objecto, oppono, interpono.] **2.** *To throw in the way of, to set before, offer, present; to inject, impart, bring upon* (a person), *to occasion.* ~ mellĕ sŏporatam offam (Cerbĕro). *V.* ˘Ocŭlis ~-ĭtŭr (monstrum). ~ răbĭem cănĭbus (*of Allecto*). *V.* sollĭcĭtudĭnem ci; ăcerbă funĕră pŏpŭlo. *Pl.* [¶ Offĕro, affĕro, injĭcĭo, immitto, importo, infĕro.] **3.** *To expose.* ~ qm hosti. *V.* căpŭt telo. *Sil.* [¶ Objecto, expono, projĭcĭo, do, trado.] **4.** *To object, cast in one's teeth, to reproach* or *upbraid with, to lay to one's charge.* ~ exsĭlĭum mĭhĭ; mĭhĭ dignă pŭdorĕ. *O.* ~-ĭtŭr dŏmĭnæ contĕmĕrassĕ tŏrum. *O.* [¶ Objecto, exprŏbro, culpo, &c.] *See* Culpo.

Objurgatĭo, onĭs. *f.* (Objurgatĭŏ. *Aus.*) *A reproving, a reprimand.* Ellĭcĕretquĕ tŭam blanda objurgatĭŏ vŏcem. *Aus.* [¶ Castigatĭo.] **Crcl.** Dictă *or* verbă –sĕvĕrā, ămarā, aspĕrā, durā, grăvĭă, mŏlestă. Voces sĕvĕræ, &c.

Objurgo, as. **1.** *To reprove, blame, chide.* Gellĭŭs audĭĕrat pătrŭum objurgarĕ sŏlerĕ. *Cat.* ~ cănem. *Ph.* [¶ Increpo, increpĭto, rĕprehendo, castigo, argŭo, incuso.] **Crcl.** Verbis (vocĭbŭs sĕvĕris *or* ămaris) –castigo, insectŏr, urgĕo, rĕprehendo, corrĭpĭo. *See* Culpo. **2.** *To chastise.* Sŏlĕa ~-abĕrĕ. *Pers. See* Punio.

Oblatro, as. *To bark at.* Lit. and fig. Infĭmă dum vulgi fŏvĕt, oblatratquĕ sĕnatum. *Sil.*

Oblectamĕn, ĭnĭs. *n. That which diverts, delights.* Nec desunt vĕrĭæ circum oblectamĭnă vitæ. *St.* Porrĭgĕrĕ oblectamĭnă nato, flores. *O.* [¶ Oblectamentum, oblectatĭo, ludŭs, vŏluptas, gaudĭum.] *See* Voluptas.

Oblecto, as. *To divert, delight.* Oblectat pŏpŭlum (fabŭlă). *H.* ~-ant dulci me carmĭnĕ Musæ. *Cat.* Rurā ~-ant ănĭmum. *O.* [¶ Delecto, rĕcrĕo, &c.] *See* Delecto.

Oblĭgatŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Bound, tied.* Optat Prŏmetheus oblĭgatŭs altĭ. *H. See* Vinctus. **2.** *Vowed, due under the obligation of a vow made to that end*, &c. ~ Jŏvi dăpes. *H.* [¶ Votŭs, debĭtŭs.]

Obligo, as. **1.** *To bind, tie.* Et sanas lĭnĭt oblĭgatquĕ plantas. *M. See* Vincio. **2.** Fig. *To bind, put under an engagement* or *obligation to do any thing.* ~ verbă sŭă hĭstŏrĭca fĭde. *O.* [¶ Devincĭo, obstringo, constringo.] **3.** *To oblige, force.* ~-ŏr ŭt tangam littŏrā Ponti. *O.* ~-ăt illĕ Dĕos. *See* Cogo.

Obligurĭo, is = Lĭgurĭo. Mox dum altĕrĭŭs oblĭgurĭas bŏnă. *Enn.*

Oblimo, as (*fr.* Limus). **1.** *To overlay, cover with mud.* Et tŭŭs, Æneu, Pænĕ gĕner crassis oblimăt ˘Echinădăs undis. *L.* **2.** *To render dull, besot, muddle.* Humanas ~-ăt coplă mentes. *Cl.* **3.** *To waste, squander.* Rem pătrĭs ~, mălum est ŭbĭcunquĕ. *H.*

Oblino, ĭs, levi, lĭtum. **1.** *To besmear, overlay with some matter; to bespatter, befoul.* Cædĕ lĕæna bŏum spumantes oblĭtă rictus. *O.* Quĭd tu istuc curas, ŭbĭ ĕgŏ oblĭmăr atquĕ vŏlutĕr? *Lucil.* [¶ Ungo, inungo; *sts.* injĭcĭo.] *See* Lino. **2.** *To blot out, put out by smearing over.* Oblĭtŭs a dŏmĭnæ cædĕ lĭbellŭs ĕrĭt. *O.* Lecturo pars oblĭtă decrĭt. *Pp.* [¶ Delĕo.] *See* D. **3.** *To plaster up, stop up by smearing matter.* ~ dŏlĭă; amphŏram. *Cat.* rimam. *M.* [¶ Obturo.] **4.** Fig. *To cover with abuse, blacken.* ~ qm versĭbŭs atris. *H.*

Oblique. *Obliquely.* Oblique inflexus trĭbŭs orbĭbŭs unŭs. *Cic.* (*Arat.*) **Crcl.** ˘In *or* pĕr obliquum. ˘Ab obliquo. *See* Obliquus (5).

Obliquo, as. *To turn* or *bend sideways* or *obliquely, to slant* (tr.); *to turn aside.* Obliquatquĕ sĭnus in ventum, ac tallĭă fătŭr. *V.* ~ ŏcŭlos contra rădĭosquĕ dĭemquĕ. *O.* ĕquos. *St.* ~-ent flumĭnă fontes. *L.* [¶ Flecto, inflecto, torquĕo.] **Crcl.** ˘In obliquum –duco. ăgo, flecto, incurvo, sĭnŭo.

Obliquus, ă, um. Gen. *That which is not in a straight, perpendicular line.* **1.** *Bent, crooked, winding.* Turpĭtĕr obliquo claudĭcăt illĕ pĕdĕ (Vulcanŭs). *O.* Cursĭbŭs ~is flŭŏrĕ (*of a river*). *O.* ~-o lăborăt trĕpĭdarĕ rivo (lymphă). *H.* [¶ Sĭnŭosŭs, flexŭs, curvatŭs, tortŭs, &c.] *See* Curvus. **2.** *Leaning* or *falling sideways, upset.* Jam lĕvĭs obliqua subsidĭt ˘Aquarĭŭs urna. *O.* [¶ Inversŭs.] **3.** *Sidelong, sideways, acting in a cross, slanting direction.* Quattŭŏr ~-a lucĕ fĕnestræ. *V.* ~-o dentĕ tĭmendŭs ăpĕr. *O.* ~ ictŭs. *H.* **4.** Sp. *Looking aslant, athwart, sideways*; fig. *jealous, envious.* Illĕ dĕam ~-o fŭgĭentem lumĭnĕ cernens. *O.* ~-o ŏcŭlo mĕă commŏdă cernĭt. *H.* [¶ Transversŭs, limŭs.] **Crcl.** Transversă tŭens. **5.** ˘In obliquum. *O.* Pĕr obliquum. *H.* ˘Ab obliquo. *O. Obliquely.* [¶ Oblique.] Fig. **6.** *Oblique, covert, indirect* (consisting of hints, allusions, &c.). ~-i carmĭnĭs astus. *St.* ~ garrŭlĭtas. *M.* **7.** ~ sanguĭs. *L.* gĕnŭs. *St. Indirect descent, illegitimate birth.* ~-um a patrĕ gĕnŭs. *St.*

Oblittĕro, *or* (*better*) **Oblitĕro**, as. *To efface.* Hæc vĭgĕant mandatā, nĕc ulla oblitĕrĕt ætas. *Cat.* [¶ ˘Abŏlĕo, delĕo.]

Oblitŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Obliviscor. **1.** *Forgetting, having forgotten.* Lenibant curas et corda oblitā lăborum. *V.* Succos oblitā prĭores (pomā). *V.* [¶ Immĕmŏr.] **Crcl.** Haud *or* non mĕmŏr. Non jam mĕmŏr. **2.** Sts. *Forgotten.* Nunc oblitā mĭhĭ carmĭnă. *V.*

Oblivĭă, orum. *n. pl. Forgetfulness, oblivion.* Securos lătĭces et longa oblivĭă potant. *V.* ~ sollĭcĭtæ vitæ ducĕrĕ. *H.* casus nostri consĕqui. *O.* [¶ Oblivĭo.] **Ep.** Longā, ingratā, ĭnertĭă. **Crcl.** Lethæă vis. Oblivĭă mentĭs. Mens *or* ănĭmŭs immĕmŏr. *See* Obliviscor.

Oblivĭo, onĭs. *f.* (Oblivĭŏ. *J. L.*) **1.** *Forgetfulness.* Inde ănĭmi caligo, et magna oblivĭŏ rerum. *J.* ~ mentes cepĭt. *L.* Mollĭs ĭnertĭă diffundĭt ~-onem sensĭbŭs. *H. See* Oblivia. **2.** Sts. *pl.* Lĭvĭdæ ~-ones. *H.*

Oblivĭosŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Forgetful. Pl.* **2.** *Causing forgetfulness.* Oblivĭoso lævĭă massĭco ˘Iborĭa exple. *H.* [¶ 1. Immĕmŏr. 2. Lethæŭs.]

Obliviscŏr, ĕrĭs, blitŭs sum. *To forget.* Quisquĭs ĕs, amissos hinc jam obliviscĕrĕ Graios. *V.* Oblitus pŏtĕro non tamĕn essĕ tŭi. *O.* [¶ Dedisco.] **Crcl.** Non mĕmĭni, non rĕcordŏr. Me fugĭt. Sum immĕmŏr. Non jam sum mĕmŏr. ˘Anĭmo (pectŏrĕ, mentĕ) –excĭdĭt, decĭdĭt, efflŭĭt, labĭtŭr. Qd mĭhĭ –rĕcessit, excĭdĭt. Ex ănĭmo elapsum est. ˘Anĭmo pello. Ex ănĭmo expello. Prŏcŭl ăb ănĭmo fŭgo. Ex ănĭmo –delĕo, sĭno excedĕrĕ, deflŭĕrĕ, efflŭĕrĕ, exirĕ. Oblito pectŏrĕ –depono, demitto. Oblivĭa –vĕnĭunt, sŭbĕunt, ănĭmo sŭbĕunt, me căpĭunt (ceperĕ, tĕnent). **Phr.** 1. *All utterly forgotten.* Omnĭă ingratæ menti credĭtă pĕrĭerunt. Lethæă oblivĭă mentem mĕam sŭbĕunt. Cunctă Lethæis undis mersă fĕruntŭr. Sensŭs ăbest mĭhĭ, ŭt si Lethes pocŭlă bĭbĕrem. 2. *Never to be forgotten.* Non me Lethææ ripæ oblivĭă immĕmŏrem făcient.

Oblivĭum. *See* Oblivia.

Oblŏquŏr, ĕris, cutŭs *or* quutŭs sum. **1.** *To interrupt, contradict in speaking; speak in answer,* or *speak. Pl.* [† Obstrĕpo, interpello.] *See* Loquor. **2.** *Used of musical sounds.* ~-ĭtŭr nūmĕris septem discrimĭnā vocum (*accompanies his verses with a lute of seven strings*). *V.* Non ăvĭs ~-ĭtŭr. *O. See* Cano. **3.** *To inveigh against, reproach.* Gannĭt ĕt ~-ĭtŭr. *Cat.* [† Obstrĕpo, obtundo.]

Obluctŏr, arĭs. **1.** *To strive, struggle against.* Aggrĕdĭor, gĕnĭbusque alteræ obluctŏr ăremæ. *V.* Soli obluctandum Făbĭo. *Sil.* [† Luctŏr, pugno.] **2.** *To resist.* Summŏverĕ ~-antĭă saxă. *St. See* Resisto.

Obmurmŭro, as. *To murmur against.* Vanā prĕcor, prĕcĭbusquē mĕis obmurmŭrăt ipsē Pontŭs. *O. See* Obstrepo.

Obmutesco, ĭs, tŭi. *To become dumb, to be silent.* Trŏădĕ exclamant: obmutŭĭt illā dŏlorē. *O.* [† Sĭlĕo, &c.] *See* S.

Obnĭtŏr, ĕris, nixŭs *or* nisŭs sum. *To push, bear against, struggle against; to make efforts.* Nec nos obniti contra, nec tendĕrĕ tantum. *V.* Obnitĭtĕr undæ (de navĭbŭs). *Lr.* ~ trunco arbŏrĭs (de tauro). *V.* Obnixŭs latis hŭmĕris. *V.* Obnisi lăcĕrant cāvā nubĭlā venti. *St.* [† Luctŏr, obluctŏr, rĕsisto, &c.] *See* Resisto.

Obnoxĭŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Guilty of, lying under the guilt of* (with dat. of crime). Turpi mens est obnoxĭă facto. *Tib.* Communi ~ culpæ. *O. See* Nocens. **2.** *Submissive, subject to, dependent upon, beholden to.* Fratrĭs rădĭis ~ lunā. *V.* Non ulli curæ ~-ă (arvā). *V.* Numĭnā ~-ă fatis. *M.* Submissæquē mānus, făcĭesquē ~-ă (*that of a submissive suppliant*) mansĭt. *O.* Făcĭes ~-ă nullis gemmis (*beholden to, dependent upon*). *Pp.* Servĭtus ~. *Ph.* [† Submissŭs, subjectŭs, obsĕquens.] **3.** *Exposed to.* Cautes ~ ventis. *Tib.* Terrā ~ nulli bello. *O.* [† Expŏsĭtŭs, objectŭs.]

Obnubo, ĭs, psi. *To veil; to cover.* Arsurasquē cŏmas obnubĭt ămictu. *V.* ~ orā cŏmis. *St.* convexā vārĭo mĕatu (de ăvĭbŭs). *Cl. See* Velo.

Obŏlŭs, i. *m.* (ὀβολός.) *An obole, a Greek coin* = *one-sixth of a drachma. Ter.*

Obŏrĭŏr, ĭris, ortŭs sum. *To arise, to come into sight. Pl.* (Orĭŏr.) *See* Orior.

Obortŭs, ă, um. *part. of* Oborior. *Rising over* or *upon, rising up, appearing suddenly* or *at once.* Suntque ŏcŭlis tĕnĕbræ per tantum lumĕn ŏbortæ. *O.* ~ saxum. *O.* ~-ĭ rădĭi solĭs. *Lr.* ~-ă sidĕrā. *St.* ~-æ lăcrĭmæ. *V.* ~ guttā. *O.* [† Ortŭs, natŭs.] *See also* Fluens.

Obrepo, ĭs. *To creep up, towards; to steal on imperceptibly.* Lit. and fig. Et possim mĕdĭa quamvis obrepĕrĕ noctē. *Tib.* ~-ens somnŭs. *O.* ~-ĭt sĕnectus. *J.* [† Obrepto.] Crol. Tăcĭte *or* sensim –adrepo, irrepo.

Obrepto, as. *freq. of* Obrepo. *Pl.*

Obretio, ĭs. *To catch, entangle in a net.* Tenuĭă filā (ăraneī) Obvĭă sentimus, quando obretimŭs ĕuntes. *Lr. See* Irretio.

Obrĭgesco, ĭs, gŭi. *To grow stiff, become congealed.* Lactĕŭs et mistis obrĭgŭisē lĭquŏr. *Tib.* Obrĭgescĭt frigŏrĕ. *Lucil.*

Obrŭo, ĭs, ui, utum. *To cover with any thing; to cover all over;* hence—**1.** *To bury in the ground* (cover with earth). Obrŭĭ versata Cĕrĕalĭă semĭnā terra. *O.* ~ corpŭs jŭvenci tellurĕ. *O.* [† Defŏdĭo, infŏdĭo, fŏdĭo, rĕcondo, condo, depono, tĕgo, contĕgo, prĕmo, &c.] *See* Abdo, Tego, Sepelio. **2.** *To sink* (cover with water). ~ submersas puppes. *V.* Vultus mĕos ~-ĭt undā. *O.* [† Tĕgo, ŏpĕrĭo, mergo, submergo.] *See* Mergo, Naufragium. **3.** Gen. *To overwhelm, overpower, overthrow.* Lit. and fig. ~ qm telis. *V.* Hastis ~-ĭtŭr. *L.* ~ fratrem armis. *St.* ~-ĭt audentem rerum grăvĭtas &c. *O.* [† Prĕmo, opprĭmo.] Hence—**4.** *To crush, shatter.* ~ collā saxo. *V. Fl.* orā cæstu. *St.* [† Elido, conflĭcĭo.] *Fig.* **5.** Nox ~-ĭt terram umbris. *Lr.* ~-ĭt qm sŏpŏr. *L.* ~ făcĭnŭs tĕnĕbris. *Sen.* [† Condo, tĕgo, &c.] **6.** *To outdo, eclipse.* Nymphas Vĕnŭs addĭtā ~-ĭt. *St.* ~-ĭt tŭbā Martĭā Idæam buxum. *V. Fl.* **7.** Used intr. by *Lr.* = rŭo. *To fall.* Spātĭo ne fessā vĕtusto (dŏmŭs) obrŭăt. *Lr.*

Obrŭtŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Obruo. **1.** *Covered over, buried under, overwhelmed.* Herbăquē, quæ lătŭĭt Cĕrĕalĭbŭs obrŭtā sulcis. *O.* ~ ăquis. *O.* telis. *V.* [† Opertŭs, condĭtŭs, pressŭs, oppressŭs, mersŭs, sĕpultŭs, &c.] **2.** *Fig.* ~ virtus paupertatē. *Cl.*

Obscenŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Ill-omened, fatal.* Obscenæquē cănes, importunæquē vŏlucres. *V.* ~-ă pĕcunĭă pĕrĕgrinā mores intŭlĭt. *J.* [† Infaustŭs, sĭnistĕr, &c.] *See* Infaustus. **2.** *Obscene, impure.* ~ ădultĕrĭum. *O.* sermo. *H.* ămŏr. *L.* [† Incestŭs, impurŭs, &c.] *See* Impudicus. **3.** *Foul, filthy.* Cădĭt milĕs In haustus ~-os. *L.* ~ alvŭs. *Sil.* [† Immundŭs, &c.] *See* I. **4.** *Frightful, ugly.* Frontem ~-am rugis ărăt. *V.*

Obscuro, as. **1.** *To darken, make dark.* Lit. and fig. Flammĕŭs ut răpĭdi solis nĭtŏr obscuretŭr. *Cat.* ~ æthĕrā pennis. *V.* [† Inumbro, ŏbumbro, umbro, obnubĭlo, ŏpaco, subtexo, condo, tĕgo, contĕgo, velo; *sts.* occæco.] Crol. Tĕnĕbris –condo, tĕgo, occulto, obduco, prĕmo. Lucem *or* solem –submŏvĕo, subduco. Dĭem subtexo. Cœlo *or* ŏlympo dĭem subtexo. Ex ŏcŭlis dĭem erĭpĭo. Noctē (tĕnĕbris, caligĭnē, umbra) –tĕgo, condo, involvo, abscondo. Noctē cœlum *or* pŏlum subtexo. Tĕnĕbras ingĕmĭno. Nubē dĭem infĭcĭo. Lumĕn prĕmo. Ferrugĭnē tĕgo. **2.** *To veil, conceal.* Căpŭt ~-antē lăcerna. *H.* [† Contĕgo, obvolvo, &c.] *See* Velo. **3.** *To keep in obscurity, cause to be unknown.* ~-ăt nomĭnā paupertas. *Enn.* sŭam famam pĕr sĭlentĭă. *L.* [† Condo, celo, prĕmo.] **4.** *To cast into obscurity, eclipse.* Ne vĕtĕres ~-ent nŏvā factā trĭumphos &c. *O.* [† Obrŭo, prĕmo.]

Obscurŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Dark* (from clouds, or absence of light). Quum căpŭt obscura nĭtĭdum ferrugĭnē texĭt (sol). *V.* ~-a noctē. *V.* ~-æ tăbernæ. *H.* [† Tĕnĕbrosŭs, ŏpacŭs, obscuratŭs, pĭcĕŭs, nĭgĕr, nĭgrans, atĕr, nubĭlŭs, nĕbŭlosŭs, umbrosŭs, spissŭs, densŭs, horrens, nimbosŭs.] Crol. Tĕnĕbris *or* caligĭnē–obscurŭs, spissŭs, densŭs, obductŭs, tectŭs, ŏpertŭs. Noctē *or* caligĭnē mersŭs. Nĕbŭlis obscurŭs. Nubĭbŭs –densŭs, condĭtŭs, grăvĭs. Lumĭnē (lucē, solē) –cărens, vĭdŭatŭs. Nox –sĭnē sidĕrē, nulli flammæ pervĭă. Lucis (Phœbi) inscŭs. *See* Tenebræ. **2.** *Hidden, invisible.* ~ In ulva (lăcus). *V.* luco ŏpaco (Smintheus). *O.* umbris arbŏrum. *M.* Spargĕrĕ vulnĕrā ~-a funda. *V. Fl.* Vĕnenarē ŏdĭo ~-o. *H.* [† Abdĭtŭs, tectŭs, lătens, &c.] *See* Latens. **3.** *Dark* (in colour), *black.* Mauro ~-ŏr Indŭs. *J.* ~-ĭ dentes. *J. See* Niger. Fig. **4.** *Obscure, unknown. V.* [† Ignotŭs, ignorātŭs.] *See* Ignobilis. **5.** *Obscure* (in meaning). ~-is verā involvens. *V.* ~-æ sortĭs ambages. *O.* Brĕvĭs essē lăboro, ~ fio. *H.* Haud ~-ă mittĕt signā Bŏotes. *V.* [† Cæcŭs, perplexŭs, implexŭs, ambĭgŭŭs, abstrusŭs.] Phr. *Obscure answers, sayings,* &c. Ambĭgŭā perplexa vocē verbā. *Sen.* **6.** Used as subst. n. Visā sŭb obscurum noctis. *V.*

Obsecro (*and perhaps* Obsecro), as. *To entreat.*

Obsĕcro et obtestor, vitæ me reddĕ prĭori. *H.* [¶ Obtestŏr, &c.] *See* PRECOR.

OBSĔQUENS, tĭs. *part. See* OBSEQUOR. Used also adj. *Obedient, complying, yielding, indulgent.* Crede obsĕquenti parcĭus: lĕvĭs est dĕă. *Sen.* ∾-em se spēi præberĕ. *Sen.* [¶ Obnoxĭŭs, parens, subjectŭs, submissŭs, officĭosŭs, morĭgĕrŭs, indulgens, fămŭlans, făvens.]

OBSĔQUIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Obedience, compliance; subservience, complaisance.* Obsĕquĭo vincas aptĭŭs illă tŭo. *O.* ∾ ămicos, verĭtas ŏdĭum parĭt. *Ter.* Pronŭs in ∾ plus æquo. *H.* [¶ Făcĭlĭtas, indulgentĭă, comĭtas.] Ep. Blandum, mitĕ, urbanum, comĕ, offĭcĭosum. Crcl. Pronă -mens, vŏluntas. 2. *Used of things inanimate.* ∾-o ramŭs flectĭtŭr; transantŭr ăquæ. *O.*

OBSĔQUŎR, ĕris, ĕcutŭs sum. *To obey, to follow the will of another complyingly, obsequiously.* Obsĕquĭtur quocunquĕ jŭbet lĕvĭs aurā. *H.* ∾ impĕrĭo. *J.* Vince ∾-endo pŏtĭŭs immitem vĭrum. *Sen.* [¶ Parĕo, obtempĕro, cedo, ŏbedĭo, indulgĕo, fămŭlŏr, inservĭo, fŏvĕo.] Crcl. Morem gĕro. *See* PAREO.

I. **OBSĔRO,** as. 1. *To shut by bolts* or *locks, to shut up.* Obsĕrăt herbosos lurĭdă portă rŏgos. *Pp.* [¶ Claudo, occludo, præcludo, munĭo, obstrŭo.] Crcl. Sĕra *or* objĭcĕ claudo. Posti (postĭbŭs, fŏrĭbŭs) sĕram -obdo, appono, insĕro. Appŏsĭta (objecta, inserta sĕra) claudo. Claustris cŏhĭbĕo. Rĕpagŭlă -addo, admŏvĕo. Phr. Portæ ferro (arctis compagĭbŭs, objĭcĕ firmo) clauduntŭr. Ærei vectes (æternă ferri robŏrā) portas claudunt. Janŭă dura sĕra claudĭtŭr. Claustră ferrĕa sĕra tŭentŭr. Postes objĭcĕ emunĭunt. 2. Fig. Lĭcĕt obsĕres pălatum. *Cat.*

II. **OBSĔRO,** ĭs, sevi, sĭtum. *To sow, plant* (rare, except in pass. part.). Lit. and fig. Istic ŏportĕt obsĕri mores mălos. *Pl. See* OBSITUS.

OBSERVANS, tĭs. *part. See* OBSERVO. 1. *One that observes, notices.* Quos durŭs ăratŏr Observans, &c. *V.* 2. Used adj. *One that is carefully observant of respect, obedience,* &c., *where due.* Haud divum observantĭŏr altĕr. *Grat.* ∾-ĭŏr æqui. *Cl.* [¶ Servans, tĕnax.]

OBSERVO, as. 1. *To observe.* Observans quo signă fĕrant, quo tendĕrĕ pergant. *V.* [¶ Servo, exploro, spĕcŭlŏr, nŏto, adverto, contemplŏr, tŭĕŏr, circumspĭcĭo.] Crcl. ˘Ocŭlis -lustro, perlustro. 2. *To keep, guard.* ∾ armentă grĕgesquĕ. *O.* Diras ∾-ăt fŏres (cănĭs Stygĭŭs). *Sen.* [¶ Custodĭo.] 3. *To respect, honour.* Regem non sic Ægyptŭs ĕt ingens Lydĭă ∾-ant. *V.* Săcris ∾-andisquĕ dĭebŭs. *J.* [¶ Cŏlo, vĕnĕrŏr, respĭcĭo.] *See* OBSERVANS.

OBSĔS, ĭdis. *m. f. A hostage; any pledge, security.* Me tămĕn accepta pŏtĕrat deponĕrĕ bellum Obsĭdĕ. *O.* Mihĭ conjŭgĭi sponsŏr ĕt obsĕs. *O.* [¶ Præs, văs, sponsŏr, pignŭs.]

OBSESSŎR, oris. *m. One that sits at* or *near, who besets, besieges.* Lit. and fig. Hic mihĭ causă mŏræ vivarum obsessŏr ăquarum. *O.* ∾ fŏri. *Pl.*

OBSĬDĔO, es, edi, essum. 1. Intr. *To keep at* or *before, be in the way, block up the way.* Nunc vero dŏmi Certum obsĭdere est usquĕ donec rĕdĭĕrĭt. *Ter.* Conjux ∾-ĕt in limĭnĕ. *V. Fl.* Servi ne ∾-ant, lĭbĕris ŭt sĭt lŏcŭs. *Pl. See* SEDEO, OBSTO. 2. Us. Tr. *To occupy, have possession of.* Lævum (lătŭs) Chărybdĭs ∾-ĕt. *V.* ∾-ĭt limĭnă bubo. *Sil.* ădĭtum ˘Erinnys. *O.* [¶ Occŭpo, tĕnĕo, obtĭnĕo.] 3. Sp. *To occupy a military position.* ∾ campos mĭlĭtĕ; angustă vĭarum telis. *V.* 4. *To besiege a town.* Muros ∾-ĕt hostĭs. *V.* [¶ Obsido, oppugno; *sts.* prĕmo.] Crcl. Obsĭdĭonĕ *or* obsĭdĭo -prĕmo, cingo, circumdo, tĕnĕo, includo. Obsessam urbem tĕnĕo. Muros *or* mœnĭă obsĭdĭonĕ -claudo, includo, armis circumsŏno, signis cingo, cŏrona includo. Urbem vallo (aggĕrĕ, fossis, castris, signis, mĭlĭtĕ) cingo. Muris agmĭnă admŏvĕo. Muris immĭnĕo. Muros circum aggrĕdĭŏr. Portis insto. Urbem expugnarĕ -certo, nitŏr. U. obsĭdĭonĕ valloquĕ tĕnĕo. Antĕ urbem castris consido. 5. Fig. ∾ ănĭmos. Obsessum glăcĭăli frigŏrĕ pectus. *O.* [¶ Invado, occŭpo.]

OBSĬDIO, onis. *f. The act of besieging, a siege.* Fecĕrăt obsĭdĭo jam dĭŭturnă fămem. *O.* Longæ obsĭdĭonis ĕgestas. *J.* [¶ Obsĭdĭum; *sts.* cŏronă.] Ep. Hostilis, durā, mŏlestă, ăcerbă, longă, anxĭă. *See* OBSIDEO.

OBSĬDIUM, ĭi. *n.* = Obsĭdĭo. Quum sævo obsĭdĭo magnum Titană prĕmebăt. *Enn.*

OBSIDO, is, sedi. *To beset, take possession of, occupy militarily, besiege, set a post against.* Obsidĭtquĕ vĭas ŏcŭlorum (aer). *Lr.* ∾ immensos fines. *Tib.* fauces mĭlĭtĕ; portas vĭgĭlum excŭbĭis. *V. See* OBSIDEO.

OBSIGNO, as. 1. *To seal up, set a seal to.* ˘Age, oblĭga, obsigna cĭto. *Pl.* ˘In lĭbello obsignato. *Pl.* [¶ Signo, consigno, imprĭmo.] Crcl. Sĭgillum -appono, imprĭmo. Ceraū (figuris) signo. Gemma signo. Phr. *The impression made by the seal.* Impressæ ceræ ĭmago. 2. Fig. *To impress upon the mind. Lr.*

OBSISTO, is, stĭti. 1. *To put oneself before* or *against, to stop before.* ˘In ădĭtu obsisto. *O.* [¶ Consisto, sto, mănĕo.] 2. *To stop the way, resist, oppose.* ∾ vălĭdis remis (de fluctĭbŭs); Phœbo (de plăttăno). *O. See* OBSTO.

OBSĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* OBSERO (II.). 1. *Planted with, overgrown with.* Amnis ărundĭnĭbus limosas obsĭtĕ ripas. *O.* [¶ Sătŭs, sentŭs.] 2. *Covered over, thick-set with.* ∾-ă frondĭbŭs. *H.* Tergŏ sŭpĕr ∾-ă conchis. *O.* ∾ purpŭrā funĕrĕa lana. *L.* setis. *V.* [¶ Tectŭs, &c.] 3. *Laden, oppressed, densely charged.* ∾-ă tĕnĕbris lŏcă. *Enn.* ∾ ævo. *V.* aer infernæ dŏmus pallorĕ. *L.* nubĕ densa. *Sen.* [¶ Squallĭdŭs, &c.] *See* S.

OBSŎLETŬS, ă, um. *Worn out from age; that has passed out of use* or *notice.* O nec păternis obsŏletă sordĭbŭs. *H.* Sordes ∾-i tecti. *H. See* VETUS, SQUALIDUS.

OBSONIUM, *or* **OPSONIUM,** ĭi. *n. Any thing eaten with bread, as meat, vegetables; dishes of fish.* Omnĭă conductis cŏĕmens obsonĭă nummis. *H.* [¶ Fercŭlum, dăpes, cĭbi, victŭs, &c.] *See* CŒNA.

OBSORBĔO, es. *To swallow greedily.* Ridĭcŭlus totas simŭl obsorbĕrĕ plăcentas. *H.* (Alii, *absorbere, exsorbere.*)

OBSTĔTRIX, *and seldom* **OBSTETRIX,** icis. *f. A midwife.* Crŭorĕ rubros obstĕtrix pannos lăvĭt. *H.*

OBSTĬNATŬS, ă, um. *Determined, persevering, obstinate.* Sĕd obstĭnata mentĕ perfĕr, obdura. *Cat.* ∾-æ aures. *H.* [¶ Constans, firmŭs, duratŭs; pervĭcax, pertĭnax, indŏcĭlis.]

OBSTIPŬS, ă, um. 1. *On the bend, inclining.* Omnĭă mendose flĕri atque obstipă nĕcessum est. *Lr.* Montĭbŭs ∾-is obstantĭbŭs. *Enn.* [¶ Inclinatŭs, obliquŭs.] 2. Us. *On one side* (speaking of the head). Stes căpĭte ∾-o. *H.* ∾-um căpŭt, ĕt cervicĕ rĕflexum. *Cic.* (*Arat.*)

OBSTO, as, stĭti. 1. *To stand in front of, in face of, in the way of; to bar the way of.* Funduntŭr mixti, summisque a postĭbŭs obstant. *St.* Obstĭtĭt intranti miratrix turbă pĕrumpĕr. *J.* [¶ Obsisto.] Fig. 2. *To act as an obstacle to, to stay, hinder.* ∾ bŏnis communĭbŭs. *V.* ∾-ăt mŏrā tardis noctĭbŭs. *V.* plĕtas crudelĭbŭs ausis. *O.* [¶

Obsisto, obsum, impĕdĭo, věto, mŏrŏr.] 3. *To resist.* Spesně, obstatură Pĕlasgis Hæc vexillă pătĕr? *St.* *See* RESISTO. 4. *To stand in contrast* (as the opposite to, or different from, some other). Aut ăllŏ quovis, qui contra pugnĕt ĕt obstĕt (de cŏlorĕ). *L.* 5. *Used unip. in pass.* Obstariqué ănĭmæ vŏlenti exirĕ. *O.*

OBSTRĔPITO, as. *freq. of* Obstrepo. Obstrĕpĭtant lamentă chŏris. *Cl.*

OBSTRĔPO, Is, ŭi. 1. *To make a noise by* or *near.* Multăquĕ nativis obstrĕpĭt arbŏr ăquis. *Pp.* *See* SONO. 2. Us. *To make a very loud noise, to roar* (at or near). Tympănă raucis ~-ŭerĕ sŏnis. *O.* Si non ~-ĕretŭr ăquis. *O.*

OBSTRINGO, Is, nxi, ictum. 1. *To fasten, tie, bind.* Utquĕ dĕdit vinclis, vălĭdoque obstrinxĭt ăratro. *V. Fl.* Obstrictis ăllis, prætĕr ˘Iapȳgă. *H.* *See* VINCIO. 2. Fig. *To bind, engage* (by moral or religious tie). Jurĕ Jurando ~-am ambo. *H.* [† Oblĭgo, devincĭo.]

OBSTRUO, Is, uxi, uctum. *To block up* or *out, to close up.* Lit. and fig. Obstrŭĕret summam si quis tĭbĭ, Mulcĭbĕr, Ætnam. *L.* ~ molĭbŭs undas. *L.* aures. *V.* [† Claudo, &c.] *See* CLAUDO.

OBSTŬPĔFĂCIO, Is, eci, actum. *To stupify with astonishment.* Et cultu tĭmĭdas obstŭpĕfecĭt ănus. *O.* *See* STUPEFACIO.

OBSTŬPĔO, es, ŭi, *and* OBSTŬPESCO, Is. *To be stupified with astonishment.* Obstŭpŭit primo adspectu Sidonĭă Dido. *V.* *See* STUPEO.

OBSUM, ŏbĕs, obfŭi, ŏbessĕ. *To act as an obstacle to, to hinder, to be hurtful to.* Essĕ sătam prodest? ăn ŏbest quŏquĕ glorĭă multis? *O.* Obsunt auctorĭbŭs artes. *O.* [† Obsto, nŏcĕo, &c.]

OBSŬO, Is. *To sew up.* Et spirĭtŭs orĭs Multă rĕluctanti obsŭĭtŭr. *V.*

OBTĔGO, Is, exi, ectum. 1. *To cover up, cover all about.* Tunc sĭmŭlans sese vestimentis rustĭcŭs Porcellum obtĕgĕrĕ. *Ph.* Arbŏrĭbŭs obtectă rĕcessĭt (dŏmŭs). *V.* *See* TEGO. 2. Fig. ~ errată. *Pl.* *See* CELO.

OBTEMPĔRO, as. *To obey.* Quæquĕ sŭi mŏnĭtis obtempĕrăt Indă măgistri Bellŭă. *O.* [† Obeĕquŏr, parĕo, &c.] *See* PAREO.

OBTENDO, Is, di, tum *or* sum. 1. *To stretch, extend before, to present before.* Proquĕ vīro nĕbŭlam et ventos obtendĕre Inanes. *V.* Infestoquĕ vŏlans obtendĭtŭr Idæ. *St.* [† Objĭcĭo, oppono, prætendo.] 2. By hypall. *To cover, veil.* ~ lucem pulvĕrĕ. *Sil.* limĭnă silvis. *St.* *See* TEGO. 3. Fig. *To use as a pretext, put forth as a pretence.* Causă armis, libertatĭs ămŏr, ~-ĭtŭr. *L.* *See* PRÆTENDO.

OBTENTŬS, us. *m.* *A stretching* or *spreading before* or *over.* Exstructosquĕ tŏros obtentu frondĭs Inumbrant. *V.* [† Tegmĕn.]

OBTĔRO, Is, trivi, tritum. 1. *To smash, crush.* Căpŭt obtĕrĭt osăquĕ saxo. *L.* Pabŭlă terræ Quæ currens obtrivĭt ĕquĕs. *L.* Obtritum pondĕrĕ terræ. *Lr.* ~ qd duro pĕdĕ. *Ph.* [† Protĕro, tĕro, conculco, elido.] Fig. 2. *To trample under foot.* Res humanas vis abdĭtă quæsdam ~-ĭt. *Lr.* Rellĭgĭo pĕdĭbŭs subjecă ~-ĭtăr. *Lr.* *See* CALCO. 3. *To crush by conquest, destroy utterly.* ~ Romanum hostem. *L.* [† Attĕro, frango, &c.] *See* STERNO. 4. *To press heavily upon.* Ereptum nostris ex ŏcŭlis ~-ĭt (tellus). *Cat.* *See* OBTRITUS.

OBTESTŎR, arĭs. 1. *To entreat vehemently.* Obsĕcro ĕt obtestor, vitæ me reddĕ prĭori. *H.* (Illŭd te) pro Lătĭo ~, pro majestatĕ tŭorum. *V.* [† Oro, obsĕcro, rŏgo, quæso, &c.] *See* PRECOR. 2. *To call to witness.* *See* TESTOR.

OBTEXO, Is. *To weave over* or *before, to cover.* Omnĕ frĕtum longa velorum obtexĭtŭr umbra. *St.* ~ cœlum umbra. *V.* *See* TEXO.

OBTĬCĔO, es. *To be silent.* Nec prĭŭs obtĭcŭĭt quam guttŭrĕ condĭdĭt arbos. *O.* Virgo lăcrĭmans obtĭcĕt. *Ter.* (Most common in the perf.) *See* SILEO.

OBTINĔO, es. 1. *To hold, occupy, be in possession of, have.* Qui non solă nŏvem dispensis jugĕrĕ membris Obtĭnĕăt. *Lr.* ~ lŏcum luctus. *O.* Sæpĕ errŏr scĕlĕrĭs obtĭnŭĭt lŏcum. *Sen.* [† Tĕnĕo, hăbĕo, possĭdĕo, occŭpo.] 2. *To get, acquire.* [† Impĕtro, conseĕquŏr, ădĭpiscŏr, exoro; pervĕnĭo (ăd).] *See* ACQUIRO.

OBTINGĬT, *perf.* OBTIGĬT. *It happens, happened, has fallen out,* &c. Lŭpis ĕt agnis quantă sortito obtĭgĭt (discordĭă). *H.* [† Evĕnĭt, advĕnĭt, obvĕnĭt; contingĭt *or* accĭdĭt.]

OBTORQUĔO, es. *To twist, wrest.* Flexĭlĭs obtorti per collum circŭlŭs auri. *V.* ~ proram In undas. *St.* *See* TORQUEO.

OBTRECTO, as. *To detract from.* Hunc obtrectarĕ si vŏlet mălignĭtas. *Ph.* ~-antĕ sŭorum invĭdĭă. *Sil.* [† Carpo, detrăho, mălĕdico, rĕprehendo, călumnĭŏr, insectŏr.]

OBTRUDO, *anc.* OBSTRUDO, Is, i, sum. *To thrust forcibly upon* or *against.* ˘Eă quŏnĭam nemĭni obtrudi pŏtest, Itŭr ad me. *Ter.*

OBTRUNCO, as. *To slay, kill with the sword,* &c. (lit. to cut the head off.) Excĭpĭt incautum, pătrĭasque obtruncăt ăd aras. *V.* ~ ferro (cervos). *V.* *See* DECOLLO, OCCIDO.

OBTUNDO, Is, ŭdi, usum. 1. *To make blunt, to dull the edge of any thing sharp.* ~ glădĭos. *Cl.* Dens vomĕrĭs obtusi. *V.* [† Hĕbĕto.] 2. *To dazzle* (dull the edge of the sight); *to deafen* (dull the edge of the hearing); *and so of the senses and feelings,* &c., *generally.* ˘Acĭes circumfuso ~-ĭtŭr auro. *Cl.* ˘Acĭes stellis obtusă vĭdetŭr. *V.* Obtusæ aures. *St.* Obtusă pectŏrĕ gĕrĕrĕ. *V.* ~ sŏnĭtŭs vocis. *Lr.* 3. *To batter;* fig. *to bore, annoy.* Sum obtusŭs pugnis pessŭme. *Pl.* Ne me ~-as de hac re sæpĭŭs. *Ter.*

OBTURO, as. *To stop up, close up.* Lit. and fig. Obturem pătŭlas impunĕ lĕgentĭbŭs aures. *H.* ˘Ut ămorem ~-ĕt ĕdendi. *Lr.* [† Obstrŭo, præcludo, claudo.]

OBTUTŬS, us. *m.* *An intent look* or *looking at;* and fig. *mental contemplation.* Dum stŭpĕt, obtutuque hæret defixŭs In uno. *V.* Ora defixă ~-u tĕnĕt. *V.* Sempĕr In obtutu mentem vĕtăt essĕ mălorum. *O.* [† Visŭs, adspectŭs.] *See* CONTEMPLATUS, SPECTO.

˘OBUMBRO, as. 1. *To overshadow, to darken.* Palmăquĕ vestĭbŭlum aut ingens ŏlĕastĕr ŏbumbrĕt. *V.* ~ æthĕrĕ telis. *V.* [† ˘Inumbro, umbro, obscuro, &c.] *See* OBSCURO. Fig. 2. *To defend, protect.* Reginæ nomĕn (Turnum) ~-ăt. *V.* *See* PROTEGO. 3. *To conceal.* Errorĭs sŭb ĭmagĭnĕ crimĕn ~. *O.* [† Tĕgo, celo, dissĭmŭlo.]

˘OBUNCŬS, ă, um. *Hooked.* Rostroque immanis vultŭr ŏbunco. *V.* *See* UNCUS.

˘OBUSTŬS, ă, um. *part. from the obs.* Oburo. *Burnt at the end; used too of the effect of frost.* Stipĭtĭbus ferrum, sŭdĭbusque ĭmĭtantŭr ŏbustis. *V.* ~ torrĭs. *V.* glebă gĕlu. *O.* [† Præustŭs.]

OBVERSŎR, arĭs. *To come before, be present at* or *to.* Illĭŭs et nomen dulce obversatŭr ăd aures. *Lr.* [† Succurro, sŭbĕo, occurro.]

OBVERTO, Is, ti, sum. 1. *To turn* tr. *towards* or *against.* ~ proras pĕlăgo. *V.* se ăd qm. *O.* [† Oppono, objĭcĭo.] 2. Pass. *Used in mid. sense.* Cærŭlĕas quŏtĭes obvertŏr In undas. *O.* Mons In austros obversŭs. *O.*

OBVIAM (*from* ob *and* viam). *as adv.* *On the*

way or *path of any one, so as to meet him; to meet.* Ibo huic obvĭam. *Pl.* Hic fĭt mi obvĭam. *Ter.* [¶ Contra, adversum, adversŭs.] *See* OBVIUS.

OBVĬUS, ă, um. 1. *In the way, meeting, so as to meet.* Cui mater mĕdĭa sese tŭlĭt obvĭă silva. *V.* ∾-ă mĭhĭ turbă venĕrăt. *Pp.* turbă effundĭtŭr. *Cl.* [¶ Occurrens.] **Phr.** Obvĭŭs *or* obvĭam -ĕo, procedo, accedo, prodĕo, vĕnĭo, occurro, sum, fio, obsisto. Obvĭŭs me -fĕro, offĕro; obvĭŭs gressus &c. fĕro. Vĕnĭenti, rĕdŭci occurro. 2. *Going* or *coming against* (hostilely). Infestis obvĭă signis (signă). *L.* ∾ armato. *V.* [¶ Oppŏsĭtŭs, adversŭs.] 3. *Exposed to.* ∾ (cautes) ventorum fŭrĭis. *V.* răpĭdis fatis fertŭr (gens hŏmĭnum). *Sen.* [¶ Obnoxĭŭs, expŏsĭtŭs, subjectŭs.] 4. *That which offers itself, comes unsought.* Ultro fĕrebant ∾-ă ubĕră (ŏves). *Tib.* Quidquĭd ∾-um venĕrĭt, lŏquamŭr (*whatever occurs*). *M.*

OBVOLVO, ĭs. *To wrap up, envelope, hide.* ∾ vĭtĭum verbis dĕcoris. *H.* *See* TEGO.

OCCALLESCO, ĭs, lŭi. *To become hard.* Osquĕ mĕum sensi pando occallescĕrĕ rostro. *O.* *See* INDURESCO.

OCCASĬŎ, onis. *f.* *An opportunity, favorable time.* Accĭpĕ quamprimum: brĕvĭs est occasĭŏ lucri. *M.* Quantŭlăcunque ădĕo est occasĭŏ, suffĭcĭt iræ. *J.* Occasĭonĕ dăta. *Ph.* Răpĕrĕ occasĭonem de dĭe. *H.* [¶ Ansă.] **Ep.** Optătă, commŏdă, ĭdonĕă, opportună, aptă; cĭtă, răpĭdă, fŭgax, brĕvĭs. **Crcl.** Dextrum *or* opportunum tempŭs. Tempŏrĕ -aptă, ĭdonĕă, commŏdă.

OCCASŬS, us. *m.* 1. *Fall, ruin.* Hoc ĕquĭdem occasum Trojæ tristesquĕ rŭinas Solabăr. *V.* *See* RUINA. 2. *The setting* or *time of setting of any of the heavenly bodies.* Pascĕrĕ solĭs ăd occasum. *V.* ∾ Maiæ. *V.* Solĭs occasum servarĕ. *V.* ∾-ĭbŭs intrarĕ ocĕănum. *St.* *See* VESPERE. 3. *The west.* Irĕ ăd occasum ăb ortu. *O.* ˘Ab ∾-u vĕnĭens (imbĕr). *V.* *See* OCCIDENS.

OCCĬDENS, tĭs. *m.* *The west, where the sun sets.* Fŭisti ĭn ultĭma occĭdentĭs insŭla. *Cat.* **Crcl.** Occĭdŭæ *or* Hespĕrĭæ -oræ, plăgæ, partes, undæ. Hespĕrĭŭs *or* occĭdŭŭs -orbĭs, axĭs, sĭnŭs, limĕs, cardo. Hespĕrĭă *or* occĭdŭă -rĕgĭo, terră, tellus, plăgă. Hespĕrĭum littŭs. Tartessĭă littŏră. Solĭs cŭbilĕ. Extremi *or* occĭdŭi orbĭs sĭnŭs. Rĕgĭo (oră, littŏră) ĕois regnis -adversă, oppŏsĭtă, contrarĭă. **Phr.** 1. *In the west; the countries of the west.* Ocĕăni finem (solem cădentem) juxta. Sŭb occasu pŏsĭtæ gentes. Qua -littŏră occĭdŭo solĕ tĕpescunt;—occĭdŭi solĭs cŭbilĭă rŭbent;—ănhelantes solĭs ĕquos ocĕănŭs ablŭĭt;—Phœbŭs rŏsĕos ĕquos occĭdŭis undis tingĭt;—pronŭs (ĭn undas ăbĭturŭs) Titan inclinato temonĕ fluctus pĕtĭt;—T. &c. jŭgă gemmĕă purpŭrĕis ĕquis demĭt. 2. *All the west.* Quodcunquĕ occasu rŭbescĭt. 3. *To look to the west.* Vergĕrĕ ăd solem cădentem. 4. *From the east to the west,* &c. A vespĕrĕ ăd ortus solĭs. Solĭs ăb occasu, solĭs ăd ortus. Solĭs ăb ortu, solĭs ăd occasus. ˘Ad ortum solĭs, ăb Hespĕrĭo cŭbili. ˘Ab euro ăd zĕphyrum. ˘Ab ortu ădusquĕ ŏbĭtum solĭs. ˘Ab occĭdŭis ărenis. ˘Eoă usquĕ ăd littŏră. *From the east to the west* (of Africa). ˘Ab occĭdŭis Mauris usquĕ ăd Părætŏnĭas Syrtes. 5. *To rule from east to west.* Cui ŏrĭens occĭdŭusquĕ dĭes parĕt.

I. OCCĬDO, ĭs, ĭdi, asum (*from* Cado). 1. *To fall down. Pl.;* and fig. *to fall to ruin, perish, die.* Occĭdĭt ună dŏmŭs. *O.* ∾-ĭt antĕ annos sŭos. *O.* dextra ipsă sŭa. *V.* *See* CADO, MORIOR, PEREO. 2. *To be undone.* ∾-ĭmŭs, nĕc spes est ullă sălutĭs. *O.* [¶ Pĕrĭi, dispĕrĭi.] **Crcl.** Actum est. Nullŭs *or* nullă sum. Absumptŭs sum. *See* ACTUM EST. 3. *Used of things inanimate.* ∾-ĭt fallax herbă vĕneni. *V.* mortĕ sĕgĕs. *V.* *Fl.* spes omnĭs. *H.* [¶ Pĕrĕo, intĕrĕo, &c.] 4. *To set* (of the heavenly bodies). ∾-ĭt adverso astro Cănis. *V.* Soles ∾ ĕt rĕdirĕ possunt. *Cat.* [¶ Cădo.]

II. OCCIDO, ĭs, idi, isum (*from* Cædo). 1. *To strike to the ground, beat violently.* *Ter.* *See* PERCUTIO. 2. Us. *To kill* (cut down). Vendĕrĕ quum possis captivum, occidĕrĕ noli. *H.* [¶ Nĕco, enĕco, interfĭcĭo, pĕrĭmo, intĕrĭmo, cædo, trŭcido, jŭgŭlo, obtrunco, macto, exstinguo, perdo, fĕrĭo, confŏdĭo, sterno, dejĭcĭo, opprĭmo.] **Crcl.** Vitam -tollo, aufĕro, erĭpĭo, ădĭmo, abrumpo. Nĕci *or* morti -do, trado, demitto, mitto, dedo. Leto (orco, umbris) -mitto, demitto. Vita *or* lumĭnĕ -privo, spŏlĭo, exŭo. Letum infĕro. Leto -tollo, absumo, exstinguo, sterno. Mortĕ -perdo, pĕrĭmo, nĕco. Nĕcem păro. ˘Anĭmam -ădĭmo, expello, exturbo, aufĕro, răpĭo, exscindo, exstinguo. ˘Anĭmas ferro exĭgo. Dĭem ădĭmo. ˘Anĭma privo. Vitam -intĕrĭmo, ĭn auras dispergo. Letum pĕrăgo. Sŭb orcum (sŭb Tartără, ăd umbras, ăd manes) -mitto, demitto, ădĭgo, detrudo. Ictu -occŭpo, sterno, dejĭcĭo. Ensĕ *or* ferro -confŏdĭo, transverbĕro, mĕto, sterno, absumo, sŭpĕro, abrumpo, hŭmi fundo, ănĭmam abrumpo. Cædĕ mănum -tingo, commăcŭlo, imbŭo. Sanguĭnĕ mănus perfundo. *See* CÆDES, ENSIS, JUGULO, STRANGULO, VULNERO. 3. Fig. *To kill with vexation, plague to death.* ∾ lĕgendo; sæpĕ rŏgando. *H.* fallacĭis. *Ter.* [¶ Enĕco.]

OCCĬDŬUS, ă, um. 1. *Setting, going down; western, towards the west.* Vespĕr, ĕt occĭdŭo quæ littŏră solĕ tĕpescunt. *O.* ∾-o ducĭs ăb orbĕ grĕges. *Cl.* *See* OCCIDENS *or* VESPER. 2. Fig. *Declining.* ˘Itĕr declivĕ ∾-æ sĕnectæ. *O.* *See* CADUCUS.

OCCĬPIO, ĭs, epi, eptum. *To begin.* Tum demum pŭĕris ævo florentĕ jŭventas Occĭpĭt, et molli vestit lanugĭnĕ malas. *Lr.* *See* INCIPIO.

OCCĬPŬT, ĭtĭs. *n.* *The back of the head.* Quos vivĕrĕ fas est Occĭpĭti cæco &c. *Pers.*

OCCLUDO, ĭs, usi, usum. *To shut up and out.* Omnĭbŭs occlusis intŭs ădultĕr ĕrăt. *O.* *See* CLAUDO.

OCCO, as. *To harrow.* Quum sĕgĕtes occat, tĭbĭ mox frumentă dăturas. *H.* **Crcl.** Glebas -frango, commĭnŭo, rastris frango.

OCCŬBO, as, ŭi. *To lie in a place;* us. *to lie buried* or *dead.* ∾ crudelĭbŭs umbris; urbĕ păterna; tŭmŭlo. *V.* arvis. *St.* [¶ Occumbo, cădo.] *See* CADO, PEREO.

OCCŬLO, ĭs, ŭlŭi, ultum. *To hide.* Spargĕ fŭmo pingui, et multa mĕmŏr occŭlĕ terra. *V.* ∾ qd antris. *O.* culpam pĕrentum. *St.* *See* OCCULTO.

OCCULTE. *Secretly, without being seen* or *noticed.* ∾ qd spectarĕ. *St.* mĕdĭcans. *V.* decrescĭt vomĕr ĭn arvis. *Lr.* [¶ Furtim, clam, lătentĕr.]

OCCULTO, as. 1. *To conceal, hide.* ∾-ant spinetă lăcertos. *V.* ∾ tauros saxo ŏpaco. *V.* [¶ Occŭlo, abdo, abscondo, &c.] *See* ABDO. 2. Fig. ∾ culpam. *St.* [¶ Celo, dissĭmŭlo, &c.]

OCCULTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* OCCULO. Used also adj. *Concealed, secret, unnoticed.* Crescĭt ∾-o vĕlŭt arbŏr ævo Famă Marcelli. *H.* ∾ dŏlŏr. *O.* *See* ARCANUS.

OCCUMBO, ĭs, ŭbŭi. *To fall down, fall, die, be slain.* Tydide, mene Ĭlĭăcis occumbĕrĕ campis? *V.* ∾-es pĕrĭtĕr. *V.* ∾ certæ morti *V.* nĕci. *O.* [¶ Occŭbo, cădo, sternŏr, &c.] *See* PEREO.

OCCŬPATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* OCCUPO. Used also

adj. *Occupied, busy.* ∾ ĭn otĭo. *Ph.* and *M.* **Crcl.** Rebŭs distractŭs.

Occŭpo, as. **1.** *To lay hold of, possess himself of, seize upon; occupy, fill, keep in possession of.* Occŭpăt Æneas ădĭtum, custodē sēpulto. *V.* Sŏpŏr ∾-ăt artus. *V.* ∾-ăt herbā desertos dĕos. *Pp.* ∾ Tyrrhenum omnē cæmentis; portum. *H.* ∾-ăt communĭā solŭs. *O.* aures famā. *V.* [† Invado, corrĭpĭo, aggrĕdĭŏr, căpĭo, usurpo, tĕnĕo, prĕhendo; *sts.* impléo.] Hence—**2.** ∾ qm ferro &c.; amplexu. *To smite; to embrace.* ∾ os fragmĭnĕ montĭs. *V.* ferro. *M.* amplexu. *O.* [† Fĕrĭo.] **3.** *To occupy, busy.* ∾ ănĭmum ĭn funambŭlo. *Ter.* se ăd nĕgotĭum. *Pl.* [† Distĭnĕo.] *See* Occupatus. **4.** *To anticipate, to be beforehand with, to do* (or say) *sooner than another,* or *before expected* (= φθάνειν). Occŭpa, mater, prĕces. *Sen.* Vulteium manĕ Phĭlippŭs ∾-ăt. *H.* Interdum (oscŭlā) răpĕrĕ ∾-ăt. *H.* Nunquĭd vis? ∾-o. *H.* [† Præverto, præsumo, antĕcăpĭo.] **5.** *To catch, to overtake.* ∾ egressas rătes. *O.*

Occurro, ĭs, i, sum. **1.** *To meet, go to meet, present oneself on the way. H.* [† Obversŏr, incĭdo (ĭn).] *See* Obvius. **2.** *To go against, to attack.* ∾ telis. *O.* **Crcl.** Me –oppono, objĭcĭo, offĕro. *See* Resisto. **3.** *To lie opposite.* Qua Cĭthæron ∾-ĭt cœlo. *St.* [† Objăcĕo.] **4.** *To interrupt a speaker. V. Fl.* Fig. **5.** *To oppose, counteract, hinder.* Ne qua scirĕ dŏlos, mĕdĭusvĕ ∾ possĭt. *V.* **6.** *To anticipate, prevent.* ∾ vĕnĭenti morbo. *Pers.* [† Præverto.] **7.** *To meet the eye, be visible.* Nĕc ullā occurrĭt terrā. *V.* **8.** *To occur to the mind, suggest itself.* Tŭā tristĭs imago ∾-ens. *V.* ∾-unt ănĭmo millĕ pĕrĕundi fĭguræ. *O.* [† Obvertŏr, objĭcĭŏr, succurro, adsum.]

Occurso, as. *freq. of* Occurro. Occursarĕ căpro, cornu fĕrĭt illĕ, căveto. *V.*

Occursŭs, us. *m. A meeting, encounter.* Stipĭtĭs occursu fracta ac disjectā fŭissĕt (rŏtā). *O.* ∾ ursiquĕ lĕæquĕ. *O.* dŏmĭnæ. *St.*

Ocĕănītĭs, ĭdis. *f. A daughter of Oceanus; a sea-nymph.* Et Bĕrŏe sŏrŏr, Ocĕănitĭdĕs ambæ. *V. See* Nereides.

Ocĕănŭs, i. *m.* **1.** *Oceanus, the husband of Tethys,* &c. *C. D.* Non gĕnĭtor nympharum ablŭĭt Ocĕănŭs. *Cat.* ∾ pătĕr rerum. *V.* [† Tethyŏs –conjux, măritŭs.] **2.** *The ocean;* sp. *the Atlantic Ocean.* ∾-i lăvĭt æquŏrĕ currum (sol). *V.* Obstrĕpĭt ∾ Brĭtannis. *H. See* Mare.

ˇOcellŭs, i. *m., dim. of* Oculus. Us. pl. **1.** *Dear, lovely eyes* (lover's language). Cynthĭā primā sŭis misĕrum me cepĭt ŏcellis. *Pp.* Mĕæ pŭellæ ∾-i. *Cat.* Pĕr sŭos ŏcellos juravĭt. *Tib. See* Oculus. **2.** Freq. = ŏcŭlŭs. Nostros nox claudĕt ŏcellos. *Pp.* and *O.* Fig. **3.** *That which is specially lovely, charming; the best, choicest of any thing.* Pæninsŭlarum, Sirmĭo, insŭlarumquĕ ˇOcellĕ. *Cat.* **4.** *A term of endearment.* Mĕŭs ∾. *Pl.*

Ocĭmum, i. *n. The herb basil.* Et me prŏcuravi ocĭmoque ĕt urtica. *Cat.*

Ocĭŏr, ŭs, *gen.* orĭs (**Ocissĭmŭs** ă, um. *Pl.*); *no pos.* **1.** *Faster, quicker, swifter.* Emĭcăt et ventis et fulmĭnĭs ocĭŏr alis. *V. See* Celer. **2.** Ocĭŭs. *n. used adv.* (Ocissĭme. *Ter.*) *Quickly, very quickly.* ∾ advertunt proras. *V.* omnes surgĭmŭs. *O.* [† Cĭtĭŭs, lĕvĭŭs, velocĭŭs.] **3.** Serĭŭs, ocĭŭs. *Sooner or later. H.*

ˇOcrĕa (*and perhaps* **Ocrĕa**), æ. *f. A greave, a kind of boot.* Tum læves ŏcrĕas electro auroquĕ rĕcocto. *V.* ∾-as lento ducunt argento. *V.* **Ep.** Fulgens, lævĭs, fulgĭdā, hăbĭlĭs.

ˇOcrĕātŭs, ă, um. *Wearing* ocreæ. In nĭvĕ Lucana dormis ŏcrĕātŭs. *H.*

Octavĭŭs, ĭi. *m. The name of a Roman gens, the most celebrated individual of which was the Emperor Augustus.* Lusĭmŭs, Octavi, grăcĭli mŏdŭlantĕ cămena. *V.* (*Culex.*) *See* Augustus.

Octavŭs, ă, um. **1.** *The eighth.* Septĭmŭs octavo prŏplor jam fugĕrĭt annŭs. *H.* ∾ horā. *H.* marmŏr ăb urbĕ. *M.* **2.** Octavā, æ. *f.* (sc. hora.) *The eighth hour of the day.* Exsŭl ăb ∾-a Mărĭŭs bĭbĭt. *J.*

Octĭies. *Eight times.* Uno nascĕrĭs octĭes ĭn anno. *M.* **Crcl.** Bĭs quātĕr.

Octĭpes, ĕdĭs. *m. f. n. Having eight feet.* Octĭpĕdis frustra quæruntur brachĭā Cancri. *O.*

Octo. *undecl.* Fiĕt ĕritquĕ tŭus nummorum millĭbŭs octo. *H.* Pĕdes protentŭs ĭn octo. *V.* [† Octoni, æ, ă.] **Crcl.** Bĭs quattŭŏr.

Octobĕr, brĭs, *abl.* bri. *m.* (sc. mensis.) *October; used also adj.* Tritĭcĕo October fœnŏrĕ dĭtăt ăgros. *Aus.* Cessent, ĕt idus dormĭant ĭn octobres. *M.*

Octogesĭmŭs, ă, um. *The eightieth.* Sic multas hĭĕmes atque octogesĭmā vidĭt Solstĭtĭā. *J.*

Octoni, æ, ă. *Eighth* (distrib.). Ibant octonis rĕfĕrentes idĭbŭs ærā. *H.* ∾-is intĕgĕr annis. *H. See* Octo.

Octussĭs, ĭs. *m. A sum of eight asses.* Quanti emptæ? Parvo. Quanti ergo? Octussĭbŭs. Eheu! *H.*

ˇOcŭlŭs, i. *m., and us.* **ˇOcŭli**, orum. *pl.* **1.** *An eye, eyes; the sight.* Quosquĕ lĕgat versus ŏcŭlo prŏpĕrantĕ vĭator. *O.* Ardentes ŏcŭlos intorsit lumĭnĕ glauco. *V.* Subjĭcĕrĕ qd ŏcŭlis fĭdelĭbŭs. *H.* Ferre ∾-os circum omnĭā. *V.* [† Lumĭnā, visŭs, ăcies; *sts.* ŏcelli, orbes, adspectŭs, obtutŭs.] **Ep.** Blandi, mites, plăcĭdi; ăcuti, arguti, subtiles; cærŭlĕi, nĭgri; clari, mĭcantes, rădĭantes, ardentes, igniti; casti, pŭdici, vĕrecundi, mŏdesti; trŭces, mĭnaces, torvi, fĕri, ătroces, terrĭbĭles; văgantes, văgi, errantes; vĭgiles, insomnes; arrecti, intenti, fixi, defixi. **Crcl.** ˇOcŭlorum –orbes, ăcies, lux, jŭbăr. Lumĭnĭs orbes. *See* Adspicio, Specto. **2.** *A term of endearment. Pl. See* Ocellus. **3.** *A bud, eye of a plant.* Nĕc mŏdŭs inserĕrĕ atquĕ ∾-os imponĕrĕ simplex. *V.* [† Gemmā, germĕn.]

Ocŭŏr, Ocŭŭs. *See* Ocior, &c.

Odā, æ, *and* **Ode**, es. *f.* (ᾠδή.) *A song.* (Late Latin.)

Odi, isti, issĕ. *perf. used as pres.* **1.** *To hate.* Persĭcos odi, pŭĕr, appăratus. *H.* Fas odissĕ vĭros. *V.* [† Detestŏr, aversŏr, ăbhorrĕo; *sts.* fastidĭo, respŭo, aspernŏr, sperno, despĭcĭo, fŭgĭo, rĕfŭgĭo, ăbomĭnŏr, exsĕcrŏr, horrĕo, horresco, pĕrhorresco.] **Crcl.** ˇOdĭo –insequŏr, prosequŏr, persequŏr, urgĕo. ˇOdĭo –hăbĕo, mĭhĭ est. Exercerĕ ŏdĭā. Exercerĕ qm ŏdĭis. Mĭhĭ –non plăcĕt, sordĕt, est ingratum, invisum, ŏdĭosum, invĭdĭosum, grăvĕ. **2.** With inf. *To be averse to do,* &c.; *to shrink from doing.* ∾ peccarĕ; curarĕ. *H.* [† Fŭgĭo, căvĕo.]

ˇOdĭosŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Annoying, in the way, troublesome, disagreeable.* Nĕve ălĭquis verbis ŏdĭosas affĕrăt aures. *O.* Mălŭs, non ŏdĭosŭs ĕrĭs. *M.* [† Mŏlestŭs, importunŭs, incommŏdŭs, grăvĭs. **2.** *Odious, detestable.* ˇOdĭoso concĭtā vento (æquŏrā). *O.* [† Invisŭs, invĭdĭosŭs, exosŭs, detestandŭs, detestatŭs.] *See* Invisus.

ˇOdĭum, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *Hatred.* Sæpĕ tăcens ŏdĭi semĭnā vultŭs hăbĕt. *O.* Versarĕ dŏmos ∾-is. *V.* [† Sĭmultas, invĭdĭā; *sts.* ĭrā, fŭrŏr, răbies.] **Ep.** ˇInĭmicum, aspĕrum, ăcerbum, imprŏbum, immitĕ, ĭniquum, durum, atrox, insanum, implacabĭlĕ, implacatum, ĭnexplabĭlĕ, inexorabĭlĕ, căpĭtalĕ, æternum; cæcum, lătens, occultum; funestum, nĕfandum. **Crcl.** ˇInĭmicŭs *or* infer-

sŭs ănĭmŭs. ˘Inĭmĭcă mens. Aversă vŏluntas. ˘Inĭmĭcum pectŭs. 2. *Annoyance; distaste, dislike.* Assĭdŭas quĕrelæ ŏdĭum pĕpĕrerĕ. *Pp.* Hence—3. *Importunate, tiresome, vexatious conduct, producing annoyance,* &c. Effĭcĕrĕ tundendo, atquĕ ŏdĭo. *Ter.* Enĕcarĕ ŏdĭo. *Pl.* [† Mŏlestŭs.]

˘ODŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *Any kind of smell.* Corpŏrĕ, si tantum notas ŏdŏr attŭlĭt auras. *V.* Contingĕrĕ nares ∾-ĕ. *V.* Servarĕ ∾-em. *H.* ∾-em miscerĕ; spirarĕ; diffundĕrĕ; jactarĕ. *V.* Vĭtĭarĕ auras ∾-ĭbŭs. *O.* [† Halĭtŭs, aura, spiramĕn; *uts.* nidŏr (*of strong smells*), ănĭmă.] 2. *A pleasant smell.* [† Noctăr.] Ep. Suavĭs, dulcĭs, jucundŭs, ambrŏsĭŭs, frăgrans. *See* OLEO. 3. *An unpleasant smell.* [† Mĕphĭtĭs, fœtŏr, pŭtrŏr.] Ep. Ingratŭs, injucundŭs, grăvĭs, tetĕr, fœtĭdŭs. 4. *Perfumes* (us. pl.). Perfusŭs lĭquĭdis ∾-ĭbŭs. *H.* Vendĕrĕ tus ĕt ŏdores. *H.* ∾-ĕ sparsŭs Assŷrĭo. *Sen.* *See* UNGUENTUM.

˘ODORATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* ODORO. Used also -adj. 1. *Sweet-smelling, fragrant.* Quid tĭbi ŏdorato rĕfĕram sudantĭă ligno Balsămă. *V.* ∾ cĕdrŭs. *V.* Spargĕrĕ nectărĕ ∾-o. *O.* *See* ODORUS. 2. Sp. *Perfumed.* Sparsum ∾-is hŭmĕrum căpillis. *H.* [† Unctŭs.] 3. *Sending out a strong* or *bad smell.* ∾-i lĕsones. *L.* *See* OLIDUS.

˘ODORATŬS, us. *m.* *The sense of smelling.* [† Olfactŭs, nares.]

˘ODORĬFĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. 1. *Odoriferous, sweet-scented.* Ambrŏsiæ succos ĕt ŏdorĭfĕram pănăceam. *V.* 2. *Producing what is sweet-smelling.* Gentĭs ∾-æ. *O.*

˘ODORO, as. *To fill with smell; to perfume.* Parte ăb ŭtraquĕ sŏnant, ĕt ŏdorant aërĕ fumis (tură). *O.* [† ˘Odorem -spargo, fundo, mitto. ˘Odorĕ -perfundo, imbŭo, implĕo.]

˘ODORŎR, aris. *To smell at* or *out; to perceive by smelling.* (˘Odoro.) Lit. and fig. ∾ pallam. *Pl.* projectum cĭbum. *H.* [† Olfăcĭo, olfacto, sŭbŏdorŏr.] Crol. ˘Odorem -haurĭo, duco, trăho, percĭpĭo; narĕ *or* narĭbŭs haurĭo, &c. ˘Odŏr ăd nares -vĕnĭt, pervĕnĭt, accedĭt, fertŭr, affertŭr, nares contingĭt.

˘ODORŬS, ă, um. 1. *Odorous, emitting scent* or *odour* (us. of a pleasant kind). Naĭdĕs hoc pomis ĕt ŏdoro florĕ rĕplĕtum Sacrarunt. *O.* ∾ Florĕ. *M.* ∾-o vulnĕrĕ pinŭs scindĭtŭr. *St.* Nar vĭŏlatŭs ∾-o sulfŭrĕ. *Cl.* [† ˘Odoratŭs, ŏdorĭfĕr, frăgrans, rĕdŏlens, ŏlens.] Crol. Bĕnĕ ŏlens, suavĕ ŏlens, suavĭtĕr halans; *or* mălĕ ŏlens, grăvĕ ŏlens, grăvĭtĕr ŏlens. 2. *Quick-scented* (of dogs). ∾-ă cănum vis. *V.* Crol. Narĕ *or* narĭbŭs săgax.

˘ODRŸSÆ, arum, *and* ODRŸSII, orum. *m. pl.; and* ODRŸSIŬS, ă, um (poss. adj.). *A people of Thrace; Thracian.* Da căput Odrŷsĭis; truncum mĕrĕantŭr ˘Achivi. *V. Fl.* ∾-ŭs rex. *O.* vates. *St.* *See* THRACES.

˘ODYSSEA, æ. *f.* *The Odyssey of Homer.* Aut quĭd ˘Odyssea est, nĭsĭ femĭnă proptĕr ămorem &c. *O.*

ŒĂGRIŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Œager, a king of Thrace; to his son Orpheus;* gen. *Thracian.* Gurgĭtĕ quum mĕdĭo portans Œagrĭŭs Hebrŭs. *V.* ∾-os pulsarĕ pectĭnĕ nervos. *Sil.*

ŒBĂLIA, æ. *f.* (*Ebalia* or *Laconia*; hence, *Tarentum, colonized by the Spartans.* Namquĕ sŭb Œbălĭæ mĕmĭni me turrĭbŭs altis. *V.* *See* TARENTUM.

ŒBĂLIDES, æ. *m.* 1. *Son of Œbalus, Hyacinthus.* Labĕrĭs, Œbălĭde, prima fraudatĕ jŭventa. *O.* *See* HYACINTHUS. 2. *A Spartan; used* pl. *of Castor and Pollux.* Effŭgĕrĕ Œbălĭdæ cursu pŏtŭerĕ sĕquentes. *O.* *See* CASTOR.

ŒBĂLIS, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Of* or *belonging to Œbalus; Spartan.* Applĭcŏr in terras, Œbălĭ nymphă, tŭas. *O.* Purpŭrĕ ∾. *St.* 2. *Sabine.* Œbălĭdes matres non lĕvĕ munŭs hăbent. *O.*

ŒBĂLIŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Œbalus; Spartan.* Solvĕrĕt Œbălĭo classem de littŏrĕ pastŏr. *St.* ∾ pellex. *O.* *See* SPARTANUS. 2. *Of Hyacinthus.* ∾-o de sanguĭnĕ natŭs. *O.* 3. *Sabine; Tarentine.* ∾ Tĭtŭs (Tătĭŭs). *O.* ∾-i nĕpotes. *Sil.*

ŒCHĂLIA, æ. *f.* *A town of Eubœa, supposed to be the same as Chalcis.* *C. D.* Victŏr ăb Œchălĭa, Cenæo sacrâ pĕrabăt Votâ Jŏvi. *O.*

ŒDĬPŎDES, æ. *m.* *Œdipus.* Œdĭpŏdes matrem, natam duxissĕ Thŷestes Cantantŭr. *Cl.* *See* ŒDIPUS.

ŒDĬPŎDIŎNĬDES, æ. *m.* *Son of Œdipus.* Œdĭpŏdiŏnĭdes furtim desertă pĕrerrăt. *St.*

ŒDĬPŎDIŎNĬŬS. ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Œdipus.* Œdĭpŏdiŏnĭæ quid sunt, nĭsĭ nomĭnă, Thebæ? *O.*

ŒDĬPUS, ŏdĭs, *and* ŒDIPŬS, i. *m.* (Οἰδίπους, οδος.) *Œdipus, son of Laius and Jocasta, king of Thebes.* *C. D.* Œdĭpŏdas făcĭto. Telĕgŏnosquĕ vŏces. *O.* Deprendĭt, ac se scĕlĕrŏ convictum Œdĭpŭs. *Sen.* [† Œdĭpŏdes, Laĭădes.] Ep. Impĭŭs, incestŭs, mĭsĕr, infelix, ærumnosŭs, cæcŭs, exsŭl.

ŒNEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m.*, *and* ŒNEIŬS, *or* ŒNEŬS, ă, um (poss. adj.) *King of Calydon, father of Meleager and Tydeus.* *C. D.* An felix Œneus nato victorĕ frŭctŭr? *O.* Œnĕă namquĕ fĕrunt &c. *O.* Vĕnĭenti Œneĭŭs heros Impĭgĕr objecta proturbat pectŏrĕ parma. *St.* Œneos spretă pĕr agros Miĭt ăprum. *O.*

ŒNIDES, æ. *m.* *Son* or *descendant of Œneus; Meleager, Tydeus* (sons); *Diomede* (grandson). Impulsă pĕr agmĭnă præceps Evŏlăt Œnides. *St.* *See* MELEAGER, TYDEUS, DIOMEDES.

ŒNONE, es. *f.* *A Phrygian nymph, beloved by Paris.* *C. D.* Pegăsĭs Œnone, Phrŷgĭis cĕlĕbĕrrĭmă silvis. *O.*

ŒNŎPHŎRUM, i. *n.* *A wine-vessel.* Œnŏphŏrum sĭtĭens, plena quod tendĭtŭr urna. *J.*

ŒNŎPIA, æ. *f.*, *and* ŒNŎPIŬS, ă, um (poss. adj.). *O.* *Ancient name of Ægina.* Œnŏpiam vĕtĕres appellavĕrĕ; sĕd ipsĕ. *O.* *See* ÆGINA.

ŒNOTRĬŬS, ă, um, *and* (ENOTRŬS, ă, um. *V.* *Italian, from the Pelasgian Œnotrus.* Hinc ˘Itălæ gentes omnisque Œnotrĭă tellus. *V.*

ŒSTRŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A gad-fly.* *See* ASILUS. 2. Fig. *Frenzy* or *enthusiasm* (of poets and diviners). Ut fanatĭcŭs œstro Percussus, Bellonă, tŭo. *J.* Pĭĕrĭo fortĭŏr ∾-o cănam. *St.* Do to pectŏrĕ concĭtatŭs œstro. *St.* [† Fŭrŏr, delirĭă.] Ep. Aŏnĭŭs, Phœbeŭs, ˘Apollĭnĕŭs, divinŭs, săcĕr. Crol. Pĭĕrĭŭs -cĕlŏr, fŭrŏr. *See* AFFLOR.

ŒSŸPUM, i. *n.* *Oily matter adhering to the wool of sheep; greasy wool.* Et flŭĕre in tĕpĭdos œsŷpă lăpsă sĭnus. *O.*

ŒTA, æ, *and* ŒTE, es. *f.* *Mount Œta, in Thessaly.* An tŭŭs in mĕdĭa conjux lăcĕrabĭtŭr Œta? *O.* Arbŏrĭbŭs cæsis, quas ardŭă gessĕrăt Œte. *O.*

ŒTÆUS, ă, um. *Of Mount Œta;* hence, *Thessalian; used also of Hercules* (*O.* and *Ph.*). *who burnt himself to death there.* Sensĭt In Œtæis gaudĭă primâ jŭgis. *Pp.* ∾-æ Thermŏpŷlæ. *Cat.*

˘OFELLA, æ. *f.*, *dim. of* Offa. *A small steak* or *cut of meat.* Parvâ tĭbi curva craticŭlă sudĕt ŏfellæ. *M.* Exĭgŭæ frustis imbutŭs ŏfellæ. *J.*

OFFA, æ. *f.* 1. *A mouthful, a morsel.* Lit. and fig. Mellĕ sŏporatam et mĕdĭcatis frugĭbŭs offam Objĭcĭt. *V.* Quantas robusti carmĭnis offas Ingĕ-

rĭa. *Pers.* [† ˘Ofellă, offŭlă, frustum.] **2.** Fig. *A sore swelling. J.*

OFFENDO, ĭs, i, sum. **1.** Intr. *To strike against any thing, run foul of it.* Frăgĭlĭ quærens illidĕrĕ dentem, Offendet sŏlĭdo. *H.* ˘In quĭbŭs ăquis ~-It naufrăgă navĭs. *O.* ~-It puppis ĭn scŏpŭlis. *O.* Offendĕrĕ ăd fortunam. *Ph.* [† Offenso, impingo, impingŏr, illido, percŭtĭo.] **2.** Tr. *To hit* or *strike against.* ~ qm pĕdĕ. *Pl.* Pĕs offensŭs. *O.* ~-ă rĕsultăt vocis ĭmago. *V.* (*So* ~ scutum. *Liv.* lăpĭdem. *App.*) **3.** *To meet, fall in with, catch* (hit upon). *Ter. Pl.* [† Invĕnĭo, rĕpĕrĭo; incĭdo *or* incurro (In).] **4.** Fig. *To offend, affront, displease.* Pœnă est, ipsum offendissĕ. *O.* ~ ămicum ĭn nugis. *H.* ~-i măcŭlis. *H.* subrĭpi munĕrĕ. *Ph.* [† Lædo.]

OFFENSĂ, æ. *f. Injury received, wrong done; offence, fault.* Inquĕ tŭum gĕnĭtorem ŏdĭum offensasquĕ făteri. *O.* Vindĭcarĕ ~-as ensĕ. *O.* [† Offensĭo, injurĭă.]

OFFENSO, as. *freq. of* Offendo. *Lr.*

OFFENSŬS, us. *m. A shock, encounter.* Nec fŏrĕt offensus natus, nec plaga crĕstă. *Lr.* Pŏr offensus ramorum. *St.* [† Occursŭs, illisŭs.]

OFFĔRO, fers, obtŭli, oblatum, offerrĕ. **1.** *To bring before, present, offer, give.* Mŏdestis ĕlĭam offerrĕ quod non pĕtĭĕrĭnt. *Ph.* Cujŭs ŭt oblată est præsentĭă. *O.* Regnum recte făcĭentĭbŭs offert. *H.* [† Do, præbĕo; *sts.* porrĭgo, defĕro, trado, exhĭbĕo, propono, promitto.] **2.** = affĕro. *To bring, to cause,* &c. Monoldĭ luctum obtŭlĕrăt (Theseus). *Cat.* **3.** = infĕro. *To do to any body, inflict,* &c. ~ injurĭam imměrenti. *Ter.* **4.** *To expose.* ~ se pĕrĭclĭs. *V.* **5.** *To oppose* (present in opposition) *one thing to another.* Strictam ăcĭem vĕnĭentĭbŭs offert. *V.*

OFFĬCĬNĂ, æ. *f. A workshop.* Călet vĕnenis offĭcĭnă Colchĭcis. *H.* ~-æ Cyclopum. *H.*

OFFĬCĬO, ĭs, feci, fectum. *To act against, hinder, be hurtful to.* Illic, offĭcĭant lætis ne frugĭbŭs herbæ. *V.* [† Obsum, impĕdĭo, nŏcĕo, &c.] *See* IMPEDIO, NOCEO.

OFFĬCĬOSŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Deferential, obsequious, courteous.* Pro me, lĭbĕr, ĭrĕ jŭbĕrĭs Ad Prŏcŭli nĭtĭdos offĭcĭosĕ lăres. *M.* Irĕ pĕr alternas offĭcĭosă vĭces (ĕpistŏlă). *O.* [† Comĭs, urbanŭs, obsĕquĭosŭs.] **2.** *Busy in attentions, eager to serve; officious.* ~ sedŭlĭtas. *H.* Lumĭnă ĭn lăcrĭmas ~-ă mĕas. *O.* [† Sedŭlŭs, bĕnignŭs, promptŭs, fămŭlans.] Crcl. ˘In offĭcĭum -pronŭs, propensŭs, promptŭs, păratŭs. Offĭcĭi stŭdĭosŭs.

OFFĬCĬUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *A duty; office; any duty, obligation.* Defŭĭt offĭcĭo Pĕrĭdis præsentĭă tristi. *O.* Offĭcĭo præfŭĭt illĕ mĕo (tribuni). *O.* Hŏc gĕnŭs ~-i dulcĕ dŭŏbŭs ĕrat. *O.* [† Munŭs, mĭnistĕrĭum, munĭă, partes, vĭces.] Ep. Pĭum, gratum, dulcĕ, jucundum; durum, mŏlestum, grăvĕ. **2.** ~ sŭpremum. *The last offices. See* EXSEQUIÆ. **3.** *A good office, kindness done. O. See* BENEFICIUM.

OFFULGĔO, es. *To shine upon* or *against.* Lux ŏcŭlis offulsĭt. *V.* Dextrum offulsit conatĭbŭs omĕn. *Sil.*

OFFUNDO, ĭs. *To spread before* or *around.* Lit. and fig. Auceps ~-ĭt cĭbum. *Pl.* ~-æ tĕnebræ. ~ lux. *V. Fl.* Terrorĕ offuso, perturbatis sensĭbŭs. *Ph.*

OGŸGĬDES, æ. *m. Son* or *descendant of Ogyges, founder of Thebes;* hence, *Theban.* Densi glŏmĕrantŭr ĭn unum Ogŷgĭdæ. *St.*

OGŸGĬŬS, ă, um. *Of Ogyges;* hence, *Theban.* Qualis ăb Ogŷgio concĭtă Bacchă dĕo. *O.*

OH, *and* ˘OHE, *or* OHE. *A particle of exclamation;* sts. *expressive of joy, grief,* &c. *Oh! ah!* Ohe jam sătĭs est, ŏhe lĭbellĭ! *M.* Quĭbŭs et dicas cŭtĭ perdĭtŭs, ohe! *Pers. See* EIA, HEU.

˘OILEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m. King of the Locrians, and father of Ajax.* Unĭŭs ob noxam et fŭrĭas Ajacĭs ˘Oilei. *V.* Non ĕă Tydides, non audĭt ˘Oilĕŏs Ajax. *O.*

˘OILIDES, æ. *m. Son of Oileus, Ajax.* Victŏr ˘Oilide, răpĕ nunc et dilĭgĕ vatem. *Pp.*

˘OLĔĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *An olive-tree.* Sed truncis ŏlĕæ mĕlĭus propagĭnĕ vites Respondent. *V.* [† ˘Olivă.] Ep. Attĭcă, Cecrŏpĭă, Pallădĭă, Sĭcyŏnĭă, vĭrens, vĭrĭdis, canens, pallens, pallĭdă, frondens, vivax; pacĭfĕrĕ, pacalis, felix. Crcl. Pallădĭs -arbŏr, rami. Arbŏr Pallădĭă. ˘Olĕæ *or* ŏlivæ -rami, frondes. Mĭnervæ frons. Radix ŏlĕăgĭnă. Pacĭs arbŏr. **2.** *An olive-branch, borne by suppliants,* &c. Pacĭfĕræquĕ mănu ramum prætendĭt ŏlivæ. *V.* [† Arbŏr supplĭcĭs ŏlivæ. Rami, supplĭcĭs gestamĭnă. Frondes pacĭfĕræ Mĭnervæ. **3.** *An olive.* ~-am crŭentăquĕ myrtă. *V.* ~-as destringĕrĕ. *O. See* OLIVA.

˘OLĔĂGĬNŬS, ă, um. *Of the olive-tree; olive,* adj. Trudĭtŭr e sicco radix ŏlĕăgĭnă trunco. *V.* [† ˘Olĕăgĭnĕŭs.]

˘OLĔASTĔR, tri. *m. A wild olive-tree.* Indĭcĭo est tractu surgens ŏlĕastĕr ŏdem. *V.* Baccis ~ ămaris. *O.* Crcl. Silvestrĭs ŏlivă.

˘OLENS, tis. *part. from* Oleo. Used also adj. **1.** *Sweet-smelling.* Allĭă serpyllumque herbas contundĭt ŏlentes. *V.* ~-ĭă pascŭă. *O. See* ODORUS. **2.** *Rank-smelling.* ~-ĭs măriti uxores. *H.* ~-ĭă orĭ Medi. *V. See* OLIDUS.

˘OLĔO, es. **1.** *To emit a smell;* us. *to emit a pleasant smell.* Non ˘Arăbo noster rorĕ căpillŭs ŏlĕt. *O.* Cur nardo flammæ non ŏlŭĕrĕ mĕæ? *Pp.* [† Halo, spiro, rĕdŏlĕo, fragro.] Crcl. ˘Odorem *or* hallĭtum -mitto, emitto, fundo, effundo, diffundo, spiro, exspiro, exhalo, jacto, spargo. ˘Odorĕ *or* ŏdorĭbŭs -perfundo, implĕo, rĕplĕo, spargo. Suavĕ *or* suavĭtĕr -ŏlĕo, rĕdŏlĕo. Gratum *or* suavem ŏdorem mitto. Grato *or* dulci ŏdorĕ -fragro, halo, spiro. Dulcem auram mitto. Phr. *Of the sweet smell of flowers, perfumes,* &c. Horti halant florĭbŭs; h. halantes florĭbŭs invitant. Aurĕ dulcĭs compŏsĭtis crinĭbŭs (florĭbŭs, sertis rĕcentĭbŭs) spirăt. Templă sertis halant. *See* FLOS, TUS, UNGUENTUM, &c. **2.** *To smell disagreeably.* Pastillos Rufillŭs ŏlet, Gorgonĭŭs hircum. *H.* [† Fœtĕo, putĕo.] Crcl. Mălĕ (grăvĕ, grăvĭtĕr) ŏlĕo. Mălo *or* grăvi ŏdorĕ -spiro, halo, sævĭ inflĭcĭo, vĭtĭo. Grăvem (tetrum, dirum) ŏdorem -mitto, spargo, &c. Sævam mĕphitim exhalo. ˘Odŏr grăvĭs est. Volvĭtŭr atĕr ŏdŏr.

I. ˘OLETUM, i. *n. An olive-yard. Cat.*

II. ˘OLETUM, i. *n. Dirt, animal excrement.* Hic, inquis, vĕtŏ quisquam faxĭt ŏletum. *Pers.*

˘OLEUM, i. *n.* **1.** *Oil.* Nunc, ŭbĭ perfusa est ŏlĭĕo labentĕ jŭventus. *O.* [† ˘Olivum, Pallăs.] Ep. Pallădĭum, lĭquĭdum, lentum, pinguĕ. Crcl. ˘Olĕi *or* ŏlivi -humŏr, lĭquŏr. Pallădĭŭs lĭquŏr. Pallădĭs pinguis lĭquŏr. Pallădĭi succi. Pallădĭs *or* ŏlivæ -succŭs, donum, munŭs. **2.** Fig. *Hard work, diligent study* (us. by night or lamp-light). Pĕtĭt hic plus tempŏrĭs atque ŏlĕi plus. *J.* ˘Ĕt ŏlĕum ĕt ŏpĕram perdĭdi. *Pl.*

OLFĂCIO, ĭs, feci, factum. **1.** *To smell, take a smell of.* Olfăcĕre hæc malo pocŭlă quam bĭbĕrĕ. *M.* [† ˘Odorŏr.] *See* O. **2.** Fig. *To get scent of a thing, smell it out. Ter.* [† ˘Odorŏr, sŭbŏdorŏr.] *See* SUSPICOR.

OLFACTŬS, us. *m. The sense of smell.* Dissĭmĭlem olfactum narĭs ĕt orĭs hăbĕt. *Aus.* [† ˘Odoratŭs, nares.]

˘OLĬDŬS, ă, um. *Smelling disagreeably, stinking.* Sed nĭmĭs arctă prĕmunt ŏllĭæ convivĭă capræ. *H.* ~ vulpes. *M.* [† ˘Olens, mălĕŏl-

grăvĕŏlens, fœtĭdŭs, grăvĭs; *sts.* ŏdoratŭs.] *See* OLENS.

OLIM. 1. *Formerly.* Has olim exŭvĭas mĭhĭ perfĭdŭs illĕ rĕlĭquĭt. *V.* [¶ Quondam.] *See* Q. 2. *For a long time now.* Audĭo quĭd ~ mŏnĕātĭs. *J.* Pătĭŏr hoc ~ jŭgum. *Sen.* [¶ Dudum, &c.] *See* D. 3. *At some future time, hereafter.* Hæc ~ mĕmĭnĭssĕ jŭvabĭt. *V.* [¶ Quondam.] **Crcl.** Futuro –tempŏrĕ, ævo. *See* FUTURUM. 4. *At times, now and then.* ˘Ut pŭĕris ~ dant crustŭlă blandi doctores. *H.* Submersum tundĭtŭr ~ fluctĭbŭs. *V.* [¶ Interdum, &c.] *See* I.

˘OLĬTŎR, ŏris. *m. A market-gardener.* Thrax ĕrĭt, aut ŏlĭtorĭs ăget mercedĕ căballum. *H.* [¶ Hortŭlanŭs.] **Ep.** Rustĭcŭs, vĭgĭl, impĭgĕr, sedŭlŭs, matutinŭs.

˘OLIVA, æ. *f.* 1. *An olive-tree.* Baccăquĕ cum ramis semper frondentĭs ŏlivæ. *V.* *See* OLEA. 2. *An olive.* Grăvĭdis ŏnĕrătŭr ~-is. *O.* [¶ ˘Olĕă, baccă.] **Ep.** Pinguĭs, mitĭs, dulcĭs, Sĭcyŏnĭă, Pallădĭă. **Crcl.** Baccă Mĭnervæ. Sĭcyŏnĭă baccă.

˘OLIVETUM, i. *n. An olive-yard, a plantation of olives.* Spargent ŏlivetis ŏdorem. *H.* **Phr.** Mons (ăgĕr &c.) qui canĕt ŏliva.

˘OLIVĬFĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *That bears olives.* Primŭs ŏlivĭfĕris Romam deductŭs ăb arvis. *O.*

˘OLIVUM, i. *n. Olive-oil.* Nec căsĭa lĭquĭdi corrumpĭtŭr usŭs ŏlivi. *V.* Splendescĕrĕ succo pinguĭs ~-i. *O.* Ungŏr ~-o. *H.* *See* OLEUM.

OLLA, æ. *f. An earthen pot* or *jar.* Ne plenă turpi matrĭs ollă resina. *M.* [¶ ˘Ahenum.] **Ep.** Ærĕă, ăhenă, ăhenĕă; fictĭlĭs, frăgĭlis.

OLLARĬS, ĕ. *Kept in a pot* or *jar.* Illic ĕt uvæ collŏcantŭr ollares. *M.*

OLLI, *and* OLLIS, *anc.* = illi, *and* illis. Flammĕŭs est plerumquĕ cŏlos et splendĭdŭs ollis. *Lr.* Olli subridens &c. *V.* Olli certamĭnĕ summo procumbunt. *V.*

˘OLŎR, ŏris. *m. A swan.* Dignă, sĕd argutos inter strĕpĕre ansĕr ŏlores. *V.* *See* CYCNUS.

˘OLORĬFĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Swan-bearing.* Cycnŭs ŏlorĭfĕri venĭt ăb amnĕ Pădi. *Cl.*

˘OLORINŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to a swan.* Cujŭs ŏlorinæ surgunt de vertĭcĕ pennæ. *V.* [¶ Cycneus, Cycnelĭus.]

˘OLŬS, ĕris. *n. Any kitchen vegetable, pot-herb,* &c. Nec mŏdĭca cœnarĕ tĭmes ŏlŭs omnĕ pătella. *H.* [¶ ˘Oluscŭlum.] **Ep.** Vĭrĭdĕ, vĭrens, vĭrĭdans, ăgrestĕ; mollĕ, durum.

˘OLUSCŬLUM, i. *n., dim. of* Olus. Tinctă sătis pingui ponentŭr ŏluscŭlă lardo. *H.*

I. ˘OLYMPIA, æ. *f.* (Ὀλυμπία.) *Olympia, in Elis, where the Olympic games were held.* (II. ˘Olympĭă.)

II. ˘OLYMPIA, orum. *n. pl. The Olympic games.* *C. D.* Vicĭt ˘Olympĭă, nunc sĕnĭo confectu' quĭescĭt. *Enn.* (*apud Cic.*) Magnă cŏronari ˘Olympĭă. *H.* **Crcl.** Alphei –certamĭnă, præmĭă. ˘Olympĭăcă *or* ˘Olympĭă palmă.

˘OLYMPIĂCŬS, ˘OLYMPICUS, *and* ˘OLYMPĬŬS, ă, um. *Olympic, Olympian, of Olympia.* Seu quĭs ˘Olympĭăcæ miratus præmĭă palmæ. *V.* Pulvĕrem ˘Olympĭcum collegissĕ jŭvăt. *H.* Sertum cŏronæ præfĕrens ˘Olympĭæ. *Aus.* [¶ Eleŭs, Pisæŭs, Alpheŭs.]

˘OLYMPIAS, ădis. *f. An olympiad, a space of five years.* In Scythĭa nobis quinquennĭs ŏlympĭăs acta est. *O.* Tĕr senas vidĭt ŏlympĭădăs. *M.* [¶ Lustrum, quinquennĭum.] *See* LUSTRUM.

˘OLYMPUS, i. *m.* 1. *Mount Olympus, in Thessaly.* Ossăquĕ cum Pindo, majorque ambobŭs ˘Olympŭs. *O.* 2. *Used for the heavens,* or *heaven.* Dŏmŭs omnĭpŏtentĭs ~-i. *V.* ˘Anĭmos æquabĭt ~-o. *V.* Stellĭgĕr ~. *Sen.* *See* CŒLUM.

˘OMASUM, i. *n.* 1. *The fat intestines of oxen, tripe.* Pătĭnas cœnabăt ŏmasi. *H.* [¶ Intestină.] 2. *The belly, paunch.* Pingui tentŭs ~-o. *H.* [¶ Abdomĕn, ventĕr.]

OMĔN, ĭnis. *n. A* (good or bad) *sign, prognostic, omen.* Scrăquĕ terrĭfĭci cĕcĭnerunt omĭnă vates. *V.* I, sĕcundo omĭnĕ. *H.* [¶ Augŭrĭum, auspĭcĭum, præsagĭă, monstrum, portentum; *sts.* ăvĭs, alĕs, oracŭlă.] **Ep.** Bŏnum, lætum, faustum, sĕcundum; infaustum, infelix, dirum, terrĭfĭcum, horrĭfĭcum; vĕnĕrandum, vĕrendum. **Crcl.** Divorum (divum, sŭpĕrum, divini) mŏnĭtus. Divum *or* divină mŏnĭtă. Vatum –præsagĭă, prædictă. *See* AUGURIUM.

OMENTUM, i. *n. The caul.* Omentum in flamma pinguĕ lĭquefăcĭens. *Cat.*

OMĬNATŬS, ă, um. (Well or ill) *omened.* Mălĕ omĭnatis Parcĭtĕ verbis. *H.*

OMĬNO, as (OMĬNŎR, aris. *d. Sen.*) *To presage, indicate* or *forewarn by omen.* Nec mĭhĭ Cassĭŏpĕ sŏlĭto visură cărinam Omĭnăt. *Pp.* [¶ Portendo, augŭrŏr, &c.] *See* PORTENDO.

˘OMITTO, is, isi, issum. 1. *To lay aside, give up, desist from.* Hoc primum rĕpĕtas ŏpŭs, hoc postremŭs ŏmittas. *H.* ~ plerā ĭn præsens tempŭs. *H.* tristĭtĭem. *Ter.* [¶ Mitto, prætermitto, dimitto, prætĕrĕo, abjĭcĭo, depono, rĕlinquo, linquo, sŭpersĕdĕo, sperno, neglĭgo, pello.] 2. *Sts.* = demitto. *See* D. 3. *To cease, leave off.* ˘Omittĕ mirari (ŏpes Romæ). *H.* *See* DESINO.

OMNĬFĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Producing all things.* Sustŭlĭt omnĭfĕros collo tĕnŭs arĭdă vultus Terrā. *O.* [¶ Omnĭpărens.]

OMNĬGĔNĂ, æ. *m. f., and* OMNĬGĔNŬS, ă, um. *Of all kinds, of every sort.* E quĭbŭs omnĭgĕnos gignunt vărĭantquĕ cŏlores. *Lr.* Omnĭgĕnumquĕ Dĕum monstrā. *V.*

OMNĬMŎDIS. *adv. In every way* or *manner.* Non tămĕn omnĭmŏdis connecti possĕ pŭtandum est. *Lr.* *See* MULTIMODIS.

OMNINO. *Altogether, wholly.* Non ĕquĭdem omnino capta aut desertă vĭdĕrĕr. *V.* [¶ Prorsŭs, pĕnĭtŭs, plane, fundĭtŭs, ŭtĭquĕ.] **Crcl.** Ex toto.

OMNĬPĂRENS, tis. *Producing all things.* Pascĕrĕ naturam per terras omnĭpărentes. *Lr.* ~ terrā. *V.*

OMNĬPŎTENS, tis. 1. *Almighty.* Fortuna omnĭpŏtens ĕt ĭneluctabĭlĕ fatum. *V.* 2. *Used subst. for Jupiter.* Audĭĭt Omnĭpŏtens &c. *V.* *See* DEUS.

OMNIS, ĕ. 1. *All, every.* Et nunc omnĭs ăger, nunc omnis partŭrĭt arbos. *V.* Omnĭbŭs ĭn terris quæ sunt &c. *J.* [¶ Cunctŭs, quisquĕ.] **Crcl.** Nullŭs non. 2. *Omnes. m. pl. All persons, every person, all the world.* [¶ Quisquĕ, unusquisquĕ, cuncti, unĭversi.] **Crcl.** Nullŭs *or* nemŏ non. 3. Omnĭă. *n. pl., and* Omnĕ. *n. All things, every thing;* sts. *the whole of things created. Lr.* Omnĭă magnă lŏquens. *H.* Qui nobis omnĭă solŭs ĕrăt. *O.* [¶ Cunctă, omnĕ; *sts.* quidvis, quidlĭbĕt, singŭlă.] **Crcl.** Nĭhĭl *or* nil non. 4. = quilĭbĕt. *Any whatever, all manner of.* Quum bĭbĭt, omnĕ dĕcet. *Pp.* Cœnarĕ ŏlŭs omnĕ. *H.* 5. = singŭli. ~-ĕ tĭbĭ bellum gentes dĕdĭt ~-ĭbŭs annis. *L.* 6. = totŭs. ~ ĭn hoc sum. *H.* ~-ĕ visum considĕrĕ ĭn ignes Ilĭum. *V.* 7. *Speaking of time.* Estĕ sălutati tempŭs ĭn omnĕ mĭhĭ. *O.*

OMNĬTĔNS, tis. *Seeing all things.* Contŭlĭt inter se motus, quĭbŭs omnĭtĕntes Accensi sensus. *Lr.* Gĕnĭtŏr ~ (*the sun; from the Greek* παντόπτης). *V. Fl.*

OMNĬVŎLŬS, ă, um. *Willing, desiring every thing.* Noscens omnĭvŏli plurĭmă furtă Jŏvis. *Cat.*

OMPHĂLE, es, *and anc.* OMPHĂLĂ, æ. *f. Queen of*

Lydia, whom Hercules loved, &c. *C. D.* Omphăle ĕt in tantum formæ processĭt hŏnorem. *Pp.* **Crcl.** Lydă pŭellă. Hercŭlĭs formosă herā.

˘**Onăger**, *and* ˘**Onăgrus**, ăgri. *m. A wild ass.* Sæpe ē:lam cursu tĭmĭdos ăgĭtabĭs ŏnagros. *V.* Pulchĕr ădest ŏnăger, mitti &c. *M.*

˘**Onĕrarĭus**, ă, um. *Employed in conveying goods.* Atque istunc e navi exĕuntem ŏnĕrarĭa Vĭdemŭs. *Pl.* [Used abs. in *Cic.* for a merchant-vessel; with jumentā, *Liv.* = beasts of burden.]

˘**Onĕro**, as. 1. *To lade, load.* Vilĭbŭs aut ŏnĕrat pomis, lăpĭdemquĕ rĕvertens &c. *V.* ~ mensas dăpĭbŭs. *V.* qm cătenis. *H.* Cervix ~-ātŭr ăratro. *O.* [¶ Grăvo, prægrăvo, degrăvo, prĕmo, opprĭmo, deprĭmo; *sts.* urgĕo, fătigo, incurvo.] **Crcl.** ˘Onŭs *or* pondŭs –impono, injĭcĭo. ˘Onĕrĕ (ponderĕ, molĕ) –prĕmo, grăvo, &c. Hence— 2. *To cover one thing with another* (where weight is at all implied). ~ membrā sĕpulcro; ossā aggĕrĕ terræ. *V.* hŭmĕrum pallĭo. *Ter.* [¶ Tĕgo, obtĕgo, condo, obrŭo, &c.] Hence also—3. *To arm* (the body with weapons). Membrā mānusquĕ ambas jăcŭlis ŏnĕravĭt ăcutis. *V.* Fig. 4. ~ lætĭtĭa, promissis, votis, &c. *To fill with joy; with promise after promise*, &c. ~ lætĭtĭa sĕnem. *Pl.* pectŏrā largis promissis. *Sil.* æthĕrā votis. *V.* [¶ Cŭmŭlo, implĕo, &c.] 5. *To overload, overwhelm with any thing; to overwhelm with accusing, abusive words*, &c. ~ qm mălis. *V.* fămŭlam pensis Iniquis. *Pp.* qm injurĭis. *Ter.* dictis. *V.* [¶ Prĕmo, affĭcĭo, confĭcĭo; verbis p. a. c.] *See* Convitior. 6. *To weigh down with importunity, to weary out.* Verbis lassas ŏnĕrantĭbŭs aures. *H.* [¶ Grăvo.] 7. By hyp. used of the articles which the freight or load consists of. *To put so and so as freight or goods in*, &c. ~ vinā cādis; donā cĕrĕrĭs cānistris. *V.*

˘**Onĕrosŭs**, ă, um. 1. *Heavy, of great weight.* Eurŷălum tĕnĕbræ ramorum, ŏnĕrosăquĕ prædā Impĕdĭunt. *V.* Tanto est ~-ĭŏr ignĕ (aer). *O.* [¶ Grăvĭs, prægrăvĭs, ŏnĕrans, ponderosŭs.] **Crcl.** Magni ponderĭs. Magno *or* ingenti ponderĕ. 2. Fig. ~ sors. *O.*

˘**Onŭs**, ĕrĭs. *n.* 1. *A weight, load, burden.* Loricam clŷpĕiquĕ ingens ŏnŭs impĕdĭt hasta. *V.* Aut ŏnĕra accĭpĭunt vĕnĭentum &c. *V.* [¶ Pondŭs; *sts.* moles, sarcĭnā.] **Ep.** Ingens, grăvĕ, prægrăvĕ, grăvĭŭs, grandĕ, mŏlestum, Iniquum, insuetum. **Crcl.** Moles ŏnĕrosā. 2. *The mother's burden. O.* [¶ Pondŭs, ventĕr, sarcĭnā.] **Crcl.** Ventrĭs –ŏnŭs, pondŭs, ponderĭ. 3. Fig. *A burden, a care, any thing difficult* or *disagreeable.* Non hŏnŏr est, sĕd ~. *O.* Suscĭpĭrĕ ~ urbĭs. *O.* ~ tristĭtĭæ. *O.* Mens ~ rĕponĭt. *Cat.* [¶ Pondŭs.]

˘**Onustŭs**, ă, um. *Loaded.* Hunc tu olim cœlo, spŏlĭis ŏrĭentĭs ŏnustum, Accĭpies. *V.* ~-ă baccis. *H.* [¶ ˘Onĕratŭs, grăvatŭs, grăvĭs, pressŭs; *sts.* curvatŭs, depressŭs, fătiscens.] **Crcl.** Ponderĕ –pressŭs, oppressŭs, curvatŭs, victŭs. Sŭb pondĕrĕ –lăbans, tĭtŭbans, fătiscens, defĭcĭens.

˘**Onyx**, *rarely* ychis. *m.* 1. *The onyx, a kind of marble* or *alabaster.* Calcatusquĕ tŭo sub pĕdĕ lucĕt ŏnyx. *M.* [¶ ˘Alăbastrum.] **Ep.** Albens, candĭdŭs, candens, lubrĭcŭs, nĭtĭdŭs. 2. *A box*, &c., *made of alabaster. H.*

˘**Opaco**, as. *To darken, shade.* Nunc altæ frondes et rami matrĭs ŏpacant. *V.* Lucŭs ~-ăt hŭmum. *St.* [¶ ˘Obumbro, contĕgo, obscuro, vestĭo, &c.]

˘**Opacus**, ă, um. 1. *Shady, thick with shade, dark.* Defensi tĕnĕbris et dono noctĭs ŏpacæ. *V.* Rurĭs ~-i umbræ. *V.* ~ matĕr (*the earth*). ~-ă Tartărā. *O.* [¶ Umbrosŭs, obscurŭs, densŭs, spissŭs, nĭgĕr, &c.] *See* Obscurus, Umbrosus, Abditus. 2. Sts. *Sightless, blind.* ~-i Tirĕsĭæ vultus. *St.* 3. Fig. Captarĕ frigŭs ~-um (*the cool shade*). *V.* ~ vitā. *Sil.* quĭes. *St.*

˘**Opella**, æ. *f., dim. of* Opera. Hæc si pernosces, parva perfunctŭs ŏpella. *Lr.* ~ fŏrensis. *H.*

˘**Opĕra**, æ. *f.* 1. *Work, pains, care.* ˘Odĭumquĕ lĭbellis Sedŭlŭs importes ŏpĕra vĕhĕmentĕ mĭnistĕr. *H.* ~-am perdĕrĕ. *H.* consumĕrĕ. *Ter.* [¶ Lăbŏr, ŏpŭs, curā, stŭdĭum; *sts.* ōlĕum.] *See* Labor. 2. ˘Opĕram *or* ŏpĕras –do, affĕro, præbĕo, commŏdo, &c. *To aid, assist. Pl. See* Auxilior. 3. ˘Opĕram do. *To attend to, bestow pains upon, be engaged in as matter of business.* Ludis assĭdŭas ŏpĕras dĕdĕrunt. *Lr.* ~-am bellis dărĕ &c. *O. See* Curo, Attendo. 4. Est ŏpĕræ prĕtĭum; est ŏpĕræ, *sts.* ŏpĕrā. *It is worth while.* Est ŏpĕræ prĕtĭum pernoscĕrĕ &c. *H.* Grandĕ ŏpĕræ prĕtĭum est, ŭt &c. *J.* Nullā mŏra est ŏpĕræ. *O. See* Oportet. 5. *Charge, post, duty assigned.* ~-æ milĭs sĕcundæ. *L.* [¶ Munŭs, partes.] 6. *Fact, reality. Pl.* [¶ Res, factum, usŭs.] 7. *A day-labourer.* Accedes ŏpĕrā nonā ăgro Săbino. *H.* [¶ ˘Opĕrarĭus.]

˘**Opĕrarĭus**, ĭi. *m. A day-labourer.* Lanĭfĭcæ ăgellos, pĕcŏrā, villam, ŏpĕrarĭos. *Ph.* [¶ ˘Opĕrā.]

˘**Opĕrĭo**, is, ĕrŭi, ertum. 1. *To shut.* Tantum ŏpĕrirĕ sŏles, aut ăpĕrirĕ dŏmum (de janŭa). *Cat. See* Claudo. 2. Us. *To cover.* Nox ~-ĭt terras (umbris). *V.* Hinnŭlĕi pellĭs ~-ibăt (*for* -lebăt) ămantes. *Pp.* [¶ Tĕgo, contĕgo, involvo, velo, &c.] *See* Tego.

˘**Opĕrŏr**, aris. 1. *To work, to be occupied* or *busied;* with dat. *to bestow pains upon, give oneself to.* In cŭtĕ curanda plus æquo ŏpĕratā jŭventus. *H.* ~ ornandis căpillis; stŭdĭis Mĭnervæ. *O.* [¶ Lăboro, incumbo, făcĭo, effĭcĭo, &c.] 2. *To celebrate a feast; offer sacrifice* (Gr. ῥέζειν, ἱρᾶσθαι). ~ festā matutinis lŭcernis. *J.* Lætis ~-ātŭs In herbis. *V.* Justis ~ Divis. *H.* [¶ Făcĭo.] *See* Sacrifico.

˘**Opĕrose**. *With great pains, laboriously.* Vinā quŏquĕ in magnis ŏpĕrose condĭtā cellis. *O. See* Ægre.

˘**Opĕrosŭs**, ă, um. 1. *Laborious, that costs pains and trouble.* Fallĕrĕ credentem non est ŏpĕrosā pŭellam Glorĭā. *O.* ~-ă carmĭnā. *H.* Divĭtĭæ ~-ĭores. *H.* [¶ Difficĭlĭs, lăboratŭs, lăborĭosŭs, ardŭŭs; *sts.* sollĭcĭtŭs.] 2. *Hard-working, painstaking.* ~ cŏlonos. *O.* [¶ Lăborĭosŭs, stŭdĭosŭs, gnavŭs.] 3. *Effectual, powerful.* ~-æ herbæ. *O.* [¶ Effĭcax, præsens.]

˘**Opertŭs**, ă, um. *part. See* Operio. 1. *Shut.* Di quŏquĕ templorum fŏrĭbus celentŭr ŏpertis. *O.* [¶ Clausŭs.] 2. Us. *Covered.* Pĕr ~-os arbŏrĕ montes. *O.* ~-o căpĭtĕ. *H.* Telluris ~-ă sŭbirĕ. *V.* [¶ Tectŭs, contectŭs, vestitŭs, &c.] 3. Fig. *Hidden, concealed.* Fraudes ĕt ~-ă bellā. *V.* ~-ă rĕcludĕrĕ. *H. See* Arcanus.

˘**Opes**, um. *f. pl.* 1. *Resources, means.* Lit. and fig. Non hæc humanis ŏpĭbŭs, non artĕ măgistra Provĕnĭunt. *V.* Sĕd ŏpes acquirĭt ĕundo (amnĭs). *O.* [¶ Ops (*obs. in nom.*), vis.] 2. *Forces, troops.* ˘Opĭbŭs jŭvabo. *V.* Mŏvĕrĕ barbărĭcas ŏpes. *V. Fl. See* Copiæ. 3. *Physical power.* Summa nituntŭr ŏpum vi. *Enn. See* Vis. 4. *Power and resources of a nation*, &c. ˘Opes fractæ Teucrum. *V. See* Potentia. 5. *Help, assistance.* Solari fessos ~-ĭbus ămicis. *V.* Implorarĭt ŏpes hŏmĭnis (cervŭs). *H.* [¶ Auxĭlĭum, subsĭdĭum.] 6. *Riches.* Intĕr ŏpes ĭnopes. *H. See* Divitiæ.

˘**Ophites**, æ. *m.* (ὀφίτης λίθος.) *A kind of marble, spotted like a serpent.* Quam parvis tinctus măculis Thebanŭs ŏphites. *L.*

ˇOPĬCŬS, ă, um. *Uncivilized, ignorant, rude, brutal.* Et divina ŏpĭci rodebant carmĭnă mures. *J.*

ˇOPĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Rendering aid.* Quum dĕŭs in somnis ŏpĭfer consistĕrĕ visŭs. *O.* [¶ Auxĭlĭatŏr, adjutŏr, &c.]

ˇOPĬFEX, ĭcĭs. *m. A workman, an artisan.* Gĕmĭnas ŏpĭfex libravĭt ĭn alas Ipsĕ sŭum corpŭs. *O.* *See* ARTIFEX.

ˇOPIMŬS, ă, um. 1. *Copious, abundant, fertile, rich,* &c. Exstrŭĭmusquĕ tŏros, dăpĭbusquĕ ĕpŭlamŭr ŏpimis. *V.* Arvă ∾-ă. *V.* Res ∾-æ (*prosperity*). *H.* [¶ ˇAbundans, fertĭlĭs, divĕs, lautŭs, ŏpŭlentŭs, largŭs; *sts.* multŭs.] 2. *Sleek, well-fed.* Collă ∾-orum bŏum. *O.* [¶ Pinguĭs, &c.] *See* P. 3. ˇOpimă spŏlĭă, and sts. abs. *The arms taken by the general of an army from the general of the enemy, after he had encountered and killed him.* Insignis spŏlĭis Marcellŭs ∾-is. *V.* 4. ˇOpimŭs trĭumphŭs. *The triumph granted for* spolia opima *obtained;* hence, *any very glorious triumph.* Quos ŏpimŭs fallĕrĕ ĕt effŭgĕrĕ est trĭumphŭs. *H.*

ˇOPINANS, tĭs. *See* NECOPINANS.

ˇOPINATŬS, us. *m. Opinion, conjecture.* Proptĕr ŏpinatus ănĭmi, quos addĭmŭs ipsi. *Lr.*

ˇOPINIO, onĭs. *f.* (ˇOPINIŎ. *Aus.*) *Opinion, judgement, notion.* ˇOpinĭone altĕrĭus ne quid pondĕrent. *Ph.* [¶ Judĭcĭum, sententĭă, mens, ănĭmŭs, consĭlĭum, suspicĭo.]

ˇOPINŎR, arĭs. *To think, be of opinion.* Hybrĭdă quo pacto sit Persĭŭs ultŭs, ŏpinŏr. *H.* *See* PUTO.

ˇOPINŬS. *See* NEC OPINUS.

ˇOPŎBALSĂMUM, i. *n. The juice* or *gum of the balsam tree.* Candĭdă felices spirent ŏpŏbalsămă virgæ. *St.* *See* BALSAMUM.

ˇOPORTĔT, ŭĭt, erĕ. *unip. It must be, it is needful* or *reasonable, it behoves, it is right.* Pascĕrĕ ŏportĕt ŏves, deductum dicĕrĕ carmĕn. *V.* Ventĭs, ŭt ŏportŭĭt, actŭs ĭniquis. *O.* Vălĕăt possessŏr ∾-ĕt. *H.* [¶ Convĕnĭt, dĕcĕt; *sts.* debĕo.] Crcl. ˇOpŭs est, nĕcessĕ, par, æquum est.

OPPANDO, ĭs, di = Pando. *To spread, spread out.* Illă vĕl ad flatus Hĕlĭces oppandĕ sĕrenæ. *Grat.*

OPPĔRĬŎR, irĭs, ertŭs sum. *To wait, wait for* (any body or thing), *await.* Nec tardum oppĕrĭor, nec præcedentĭbŭs insto. *H.* Hostem magnănĭmum ∾-ens. *V.* ∾ horam. *Ter.* *See* EXSPECTO.

OPPĔTO, ĭs, tivi *or* tĭi, titum. 1. *To go to meet, to meet; to incur, undergo.* Plerumquĕ pœnas oppĕtit sŭpĕrbiæ. *Ph.* ∾ pestem. *Ter.* [¶ ˇObĕo, sŭbĕo, incurro, pătĭŏr, fĕro.] 2. ∾ mortem. *Cat.*, and abs. *To die.* Sĭt sătĭs telis impunĕ Nŭmanum ∾-ĭssĕ tŭis. *V.* Queis antĕ orā pătrum . . . contĭgĭt ∾. *V.* *See* MORIOR, PEREO.

OPPĬDŬLUM, i. *n., dim. of* Oppidum. Mansuri oppĭdŭlo, quod versu dicĕrĕ non est. *H.*

OPPĬDUM, i. *n. A town, walled town.* Oppĭdă cœperunt munire, et ponĕrĕ leges. *H.* Crcl. Exstructis oppĭdă muris. *See* URBS, CASTELLUM.

OPPIGNĔRO, as. *To pledge.* Oppignĕravit Claudĭi mŏdo ad mensam. *M.* *See* PIGNERO.

OPPILO, as. *To stop up.* Fluctĭbŭs adversis oppilare ostĭă contra. *Lr.* *See* OBSTRUO.

OPPLĔO, es. *To fill up.* Cunctă cŏlorĭbŭs egrĕgĭis ĕt ŏdorĭbŭs opplĕt. *Lr.* *See* IMPLEO, COMPLEO.

OPPONO, ĭs, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum. 1. *To set, lay, put before; to present, offer.* Lĭcĕt antestari? ĕgŏ vero Oppono aurĭcŭlam. *H.* [¶ Offĕro, præbĕo.] 2. Us. *To put, set,* &c., *against, opposite to.* ∾ mănus antĕ ŏcŭlos; mănum fronti. *O.* [¶ Objĭcĭo, objecto; *sts.* obtĕgo.] 3. *To set in opposition, oppose.* ∾ fortĭă pectŏrĕ adversis rebŭs. *H.* Oppŏsŭerĕ ăcĭem. *V.* 4. *To set against in comparison.* ∾ plures Græcĭæ. *Ph.* 5. *To expose.* ∾ stăbŭlă hiberno soli. *V.* [¶ Expono, obverto.] 6. ∾ pignŏri. *To deposit in pledge. Pl.* [¶ Depono.]

OPPORTUNE. *Opportunely, àpropos.* (Opportunŭs.) *Ter.* [¶ Commŏdĕ *or* commŏdŭm, tempestive, tempŏrĕ, optĭme.] Crcl. ˇIn tempŏrĕ. ˇIn ipso tempŏrĕ, pĕr tempŭs, tempŏrĕ opportunequĕ.

OPPORTUNĬTAS, ătĭs. *f. A favorable occasion; a seasonable, propitious moment.* Spectată cui non fŭĕrĭt opportunĭtas. *Aus.* [¶ Commŏdĭtas, occasĭo, tempŭs.] *See* OCCASIO.

OPPORTUNŬS, ă, um. *Convenient, well-placed; suitable, profitable, favorable.* Opportună sŭa blanditur popŭlŭs umbra. *O.* ∾ dŏmŭs nidis; sĕgĕs pĕcŏri. *V.* ∾-ă ĕt ĭdonĕă flammis. *Lr.* [¶ Commŏdŭs, accommŏdŭs, aptŭs, ĭdonĕŭs, utĭlis, faustŭs; *sts.* hospĭtŭs.]

OPPŎSĬTŬS, ă, um, *and* OPPŎSTŬS. *Lr., part.* *See* OPPONO. 1. *Set against* or *opposite to; set in opposition against, opposed to.* Oppŏsĭtanquĕ pĕtens contra Zanclĕă saxă Rhegĭŏn. *O.* ∾-i bellis arcerĕ Căycos. *L.* [¶ Objectŭs, obstans, objăcens, adversŭs, obvĭŭs, contrarĭŭs.] 2. *Deposited in pledge.* Lancĭbŭs ∾-is. *J.*

OPPRESSŬS, us. *m. A pressure.* Nam quĭd ĭn oppressu vălĭdo durabĭt ŏorum? *Lr.*

OPPRĬMO, ĭs, essi, essum. 1. *To press down, destroy by pressing upon, crushing,* &c. Opprĭmĭ, dum nŏvă sunt, sŭbĭti mălă semĭnă morbi. *O.* ∾ ănĭmam (*de fluctĭbŭs*). *O.* viscĕrā læva mănu. *L.* [¶ Prĕmo, comprĭmo, obrŭo, suffoco, &c.] *See* PREMO, STRANGULO. 2. ∾ os, &c. *To silence; to be silent.* ∾ orā lŏquentĭs. *O.* Os opprĭmĭ. *Pl.* [¶ Prĕmo, comprĭmo, supprĭmo.] *See* SILEO. 3. *To take by surprise, come upon unexpectedly.* ∾-ĭt qm sŭbĭto vespertinŭs hospĕs. *H.* qm nox. *Ter.* Ne te ∾-ĕrĕt imprudentem. *Pl.* [¶ Occŭpo, præverto.] 4. *To attack suddenly and by surprise.* *See* INVADO. 5. *To oppress, weigh down* (with evil, &c.). Ne se penurĭă victus ∾-ĕrĕt. *H.* [¶ Conflĭcĭo, obrŭo.] 6. *To kill.* ∾ unum omnĭbŭs est ănĭmŭs. *O.* jăcŭlo lĕonem. *V. Fl.* [¶ Occido, &c.] *See* O.

OPPRŎBRĬUM, *and* OPPROBRIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A reproach.* Sic ĕgŏ majoris fŭgĭens opprobrĭă culpæ. *H.* Mordĕŏr oppröbrĭis falsis. *H.* [¶ Exprŏbratĭo, crimĕn.] 2. *A taunt, abusive language.* Fundĕrĕ oppröbrĭă rustĭcă. *H.* *See* CONVITIUM. 3. *A disgrace, shame.* Non fŭĭt ∾-o cĕlĕbrassĕ Lȳcorĭdă Gallo. *O.* ∾ pagi. *H.* [¶ Deděcŭs, prŏbrum, labes, infamĭă.] *See* DEDECUS. 4. *A disgrace* (speaking of a person). Crevĕrăt ∾ gĕnĕrĭs. *O.* [¶ Deděcŭs.]

OPPUGNO, as. 1. *To attack;* (of a town) *to besiege.* Illĕ vĕlut celsam oppugnat, qui molĭbŭs urbem. *V.* ∾ cărinam. *O.* rătes contra săgittis. *Pp.* [¶ Invado, aggrĕdĭŏr, impĕto, lăcesso, &c.] *See* AGGREDIOR, OBSIDEO. 2. Fig. ∾ mentem ămantum artĭbŭs. *O.*

I. OPS, ˇOpĭs. *f., acc.* ˇOpim. *O.* *The Goddess Earth, as mother of the fruits of the field,* &c.; *sister and wife of Saturn; the same as Cybele.* Ex ˇOpĕ Junonem mĕmŏrant Cĕrĕremquĕ crĕatas. *O.* Idææ currus illĕ sĕquatŭr ˇOpĭs. *Tib.* *See* CYBELE.

II. OPS (*obs. in nom.*), ˇOPĬS, ŏpem, ŏpĕ. *f.* 1. *Power, means, resources.* Grates persolvĕrĕ dignas Non ŏpĭs est nostræ. *V.* [¶ Vis, făcultas.] 2. Sts. *National* or *regal power, might, state.* Adstante ŏpĕ barbărĭca. *Vel. Poet. apud Cic.* [¶ Res, impĕrĭum.] 3. *Forces, troops.* Hinc ŏpĕ barbărĭca vanisque Antonĭŭs armis. *V.* [¶ ˇOpes, vires.] 4. *Succour, assistance.* ˇOpem

dĕi ĭn votā vŏcārĕ. *V.* Non indīgā ~-ĭs nostræ. *V.* [† Auxĭlĭum, &c.] *See* A. *and* OPES.

OPSONĬUM. *See* OBSONIUM.

OPTABĬLIS, ĕ, *and* OPTANDŬS, ă, um. *Desirable.* Quæ mĭhĭ solā nŏcet; vĕnĭt Ecce optabĭlĕ tempŭs. *O.* [† Exoptabĭlis, cŭpiendŭs.]

OPTATO. *adv. To one's wish.* Ac vĕlŭt optato ventis æstatē cŏortis. *V.*

OPTATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* OPTO. Used also adj. 1. *Desired.* Quid dătŭr a Divis felici optatŭs hora? *Cat.* Optata pŏtĭuntur Troĕs ārena. *V.* [† Gratŭs, jucundŭs, dulcis, exspectatŭs; *sts.* cŭpitŭs.] 2. Used subst. n. *A wish, desire.* Annŭĭt optatis. *O. See* VOTUM.

OPTĬMATES, um *and* ĭum. *m. and sts. f. pl. The chief persons, the class of nobles in a state.* Matronæ ŏpŭlentæ optĭmates. *Enn.* (*apud Cic.*) *See* PROCERES.

OPTĬME (*anc.* OPTŬME). 1. *Excellently; quite, thoroughly well.* (Optĭmŭs.) Optŭme inquam factum. *Ter.* Optĭme regni mĕi fatum novi. *Sen.* [† Perbĕnĕ, plane, prorsŭs, omnino.] 2. *Seasonably, opportunely.* Optŭme mĭhĭ te offers. *Ter. See* OPPORTUNE.

OPTĬMŬS (*anc.* OPTŬMŬS), ă, um. *superl. of* Bonus. *The best, excellent.* Optĭmā primā fĕre mānĭbus rāpĭuntŭr āvaris. *H.* ~ dextĕrā bello. *V.* Pātĕr ~ (Æneas). *V.* Furum ~ balnĕarĭorum. *Cat.*

OPTIVŬS, ă, um. *Chosen, desired.* Fit Mimnermŭs, ĕt optivo cognomĭnĕ crescĭt. *H.*

OPTO, as. 1. *To choose.* ~ lŏcum regno; lŏcum tecto; externos dŭces. *V.* [† Ellĭgo, &c.] *See* E. 2. *To wish, desire.* Optavi, pĕtĕres cœlestĭā sidĕrā tarde. *O.* [† Exopto, cŭpĭo, &c.] *See* CUPIO.

ˇOPŬLENTĬA, æ. *f.* 1. *Wealth, opulence.* Divĭtĭs audita est cui non ŏpŭlentĭā Crœsi? *O.* ~ Trojæ. *V. See* DIVITIÆ. 2. Fig. ~ linguæ. *Cl.*

ˇOPŬLENTO, as. *To enrich.* Lit. and fig. Arvo pascāt hĕrum, an baccis ŏpŭlentĕt ŏlivæ. *H. See* DITO.

ˇOPŬLENTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Wealthy, opulent.* Condebat, donis ŏpŭlentum et numĭnĕ divæ (templum). *V.* ~-lŏr thesauris ˇArăbum. *H.* [† ˇOpŭlens, divĕs, &c.] *See* DIVES. 2. *Splendid, sumptuous. Pl. See* LAUTUS.

ˇOPŬS, ĕris. *n.* 1. *Work, labour, toil; a particular work, a business.* Sed rĕvŏcārĕ gŭdum sŭpĕrasque evadĕre ād auras, Hoc ŏpŭs, hic lăbŏr est. Instans ŏpĕri, rebusquĕ fŭturis. Pendent ŏpĕrā interruptā. ~ grāvĕ Martĭs. *V.* hastæ. *O.* [† Lăbŏr, ŏpĕrā; *sts.* curā, stŭdĭum.] Ep. Ingens, magnum, difficĭlĭ, ardŭum, durum, grāvĕ, mŏlestum; insignĕ, mĕmŏrabĭlĕ, nobĭlĕ, clarum. Crcl. ˇOpĕrum lăbores. 2. *A work of art, of the mind,* &c. ~ Alcĭmĕdontĭs. *V.* [† Lăbŏr, ars, artes ('clypĕŭs, Dĭdŭmaŏnĭs *artes.*' *V.*); *sts.* mānŭs.] *See* LIBER.

ˇOPŬS EST. *unip.* 1. *There is need of;* (with inf.) *there is need, need is.* Nunc ănĭmis ŏpŭs, Æneā, nunc pectŏrĕ firmo. *V.* Quĭd dĭgĭtos ~ est grăphio lassarĕ tĕnendo? *O.* [† ˇEgĕo, indĭgĕo, nĕcessĕ est.] 2. Used as adj. undecl. *Needful, necessary.* Paucā vĭdemŭs essĕ ŏpŭs ād &c. *Lr.* Matĕrĭes ŏpŭs est. *Lr.*

ˇOPUSCŬLUM, i. *n., dim. of* Opus. *A little work.* Scirĕ vĕlis, mĕā cur ingratŭs ŏpuscŭlā lectŏr Laudĕt. *H.*

ORĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *An edge, margin, border.* Prĭŭs oras pocŭlā circum Continguunt mellis dulci flavoquĕ lĭquorĕ. *Lr.* ~-as fuco ĕt florĭbŭs explent (ăpes). *V.* ~ clypĕi; loricæ. *V.* [† *Sts.* Margo.] 2. *The border of a garment. See* LIMBUS. 3. *A coast, sea-coast.* ~-am æquŏrĭs lĕgĕrĕ; littŏrĭs. *V. See* LITTUS. 4. *A region, country, climate.* Me dĕum gĕnĭtrix his detĭnĕt oris. *V.* Rex gĕlĭdæ oræ. *H.* Cœlestes oræ (*heaven*). *O.* ~-æ lumĭnĭs (*the regions of light, light*). *Lr.* and *V.* belli (*the seat of war*). *V.* [† Littŭs, terrā, tellus, fines, plăgā, rĕgĭo, lŏcŭs, sedes.] *See* AURA.

ORACŬLUM, *and sync.* ORACLUM. *V.*, i. *n. An oracle; the place where oracles were uttered.* Suspensi Eurypylum scitatum oracŭlā Phœbi Mittĭmŭs. *V.* Oracŭlā Fauni Fatĭdĭci gĕnĭtorĭs ădĭt. *V.* [† Oraclum, sortes, responsā, dictā, dictĭo, carmĕn, carmĭnā.] Ep. Divinum, cœlestĕ, sanctum, săcrum, vĕrendum, præsagum, prænuntĭum, fatĭdĭcum; verum, certum; obscurum, ambĭgŭum, incertum, fallax, vanum; felix, faustum, lætum; mălignum, tristĕ, infelix, infaustum. Crcl. Dĕorum (dĕum, divorum) –responsā, jussā, mŏnĭtā, mŏnĭtus, effatā, dictā, sortes. Cœlestes mŏnĭtus. Fatorum arcanā. Oracŭlā vatum. Dĕorum –templā, antrā, luci, ădytā; *sp.* Phœbi cortinā. Ex ădyto sortes. *See* AUGURIUM, VATICINOR. Phr. *To consult an oracle.* Oracŭlā –scitŏr, posco, ădĕo, pĕto, quærо, consŭlo. Oracŭlā vĕnĭo quæsitum. O. supplex consŭlo. Auxĭlĭum pĕr săcras sortes quærо. ˇAd Clārĭum dĕum ĕo.

ORANS, tĭs. *part. See* ORO. 1. *One who speaks.* 2. *Suppliant.* Ad vatem vates orantĭā brachĭā tendĭt. *O. See* SUPPLEX.

ORATIO, onis. *f. Speech, discourse; eloquence.* Plĕtatĕ fratres Curtĭos lĭcet vincas, Oratĭonĕ Regŭlos. *M.* [† Sermo, verbā, dictā; facundĭā.] *See* F.

ORATŎR, oris. *m.* 1. *An orator, speaker.* Orator vĕhĕmens, an Curtĭŭs, et Măthŏ, buccæ. *J. See* FACUNDUS. 2. *One sent to speak as deputy* or *ambassador.* Mittŏr ĕt Illăcas audax oratŏr ād arces. *O.* [† Legatŭs.] *See* L. 3. *A speaker at the bar, an advocate. See* CAUSIDICUS. 4. *A speaker for another, an intercessor.* Plăcĭdas ~ missŭs ād aures. *O.* [† Prĕcatŏr, supplex.]

ORATRIX, icis. *f. A female suppliant.* (Oratŏr.) *Pl.*

ORBATŎR, oris. *m. One that deprives another of children* or *parents.* Exĭtĭum Trojæ, nostrique orbatŏr ˇAchilles. *O.*

ORBĬS, is. *m.* 1. *Any thing circular, of circular form.* Non ăgĭt in rectum, sĕd ĭn orbem curvăt ĕumdem. *O.* ~ fatalis crusti. *V.* [† Circŭlŭs.] Hence—2. (1) *A ring. O. See* ANNULUS. (2) *A wheel.* Ferrati ~-es. *V. See* ROTA. (3) *A ball* or *roll.* Lanĕŭs ~. *Pp. See* GLOMUS. (4) *A curl, coil of the hair. M. J.* [† Annŭlŭs.] *See* CAPILLUS. (5) *A quoit. O. See* DISCUS. (6) *A round table. M.* (7) *A round looking-glass. M. See* SPECULUM. (8) *The scale of a balance. Tib. See* LANX. (9) *A round shield. V. See* CLYPEUS. (10) *A troop of soldiers formed in a circle. Sil.* (11) *The orb of the eye; the eye itself.* ˇOcŭlorum orbes. *V.* Gĕmĭno lumĕn ăb orbĕ vĕnĭt. *O. See* OCULUS. (12) *The coil of a serpent.* [† Gyrŭs, spirā, vŏlumĕn.] 3. *The orb of the sun and other heavenly bodies. V. O.* 4. *The vault of heaven.* Ætherĭi orbes. *V.* [† Convexā.] *See* CŒLUM. 5. ~ mundi, terrarum, and abs. *V. The created world; the circle of the earth, the whole earth.* Sectŭs orbĭs tŭā nomĭnā ducĕt. *H.* 6. *Country, region, climate.* Europæ atquĕ ˇAsiæ ~. *V.* Pĕrĕgrinum visĕrĕ ~-em. *O.* ˇEoŭs ~. *O.* [† Tractŭs, rĕgĭo, &c.] *See* REGIO. Fig. 7. *The figure described by any circular, wheeling motion.* Exĭgŭo flexos mirŏr ĭn orbĕ pĕdes. *O.* ˇEquĭtarĕ centum ĭn ~-em. *O.* [† Gyrŭs, circŭlŭs.] *See* GYRUS. 8. *The figure described by the heavenly bodies; by the revolution of the year.* Annŭŭs ~ completŭr. *V.* [† Circŭlŭs.] 9. *A circle.* Rĕdĭt agrĭcŏlis lăbŏr

actŭs ĭn orbem. *V.* ∾-em pĕrăgĕrĕ (*to go round a circle*). *J.*

Orbĭta, æ. *f.* **1.** *The track of a wheel, a wheel.* Castălĭam molli devertĭtŭr orbĭtă clivo. *V.* **Crcl.** Rŏtæ *or* rŏtarum –signă, vestigĭă.] *See* Rota. **2.** Fig. *Any trace* or *mark left.* Vĕtĕrĭs ∾ culpæ. *J. See* Vestigium.

Orbĭtas, atĭs. *f. A state of bereavement from the loss of children* or *parents.* Orbĭtas omni fŭgĭendă nisu. *St.*

Orbo, as. *To deprive* (us.) *of parents* or *children.* Orbatŭrā pătres ălĭquando fulmĭnā ponas. *O.* [¶ Vĭdŭo.]

Orbŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Childless, that has lost its young; fatherless,* &c. Tunc orba tigrĭdĕ pejŏr. *J.* Pŭĕrĭquĕ pārentĭbŭs orbi. *V.* [¶ Orbatŭs.] **2.** *Widowed* (of husband or wife). ∾-um luxti desertă cŭbilĕ. *Cat.* Natis orbă atquĕ vĭro. *O. See* Viduus. **3.** Gen. *Devoid, destitute of, left without.* ∾-um fŏrum litĭbŭs. *H.* mārĕ portŭbŭs. *O.* ∾-ă funĕrā rŏgis. *St.* [¶ ˘Egens, expers, &c.] *See* Egens. **4.** *With gen.* ∾ pĕdum. *Lr.* Memnŏnĭs mĕi vĕnĭo; lumĭnĭs. *O.*

Orca, æ. *f.* **1.** *An earthen jar* or *pot.* Non ălĭa quam qua Byzantĭă putŭlt orcă. *H.* **2.** *A dice-box.* Angustæ collo non fallĭĕr orcæ. *Pers. See* Fritillus.

Orcădes, um. *f. pl. The Orkney Isles.* Orcădăs, ac mĭnĭma contentos noctĕ Brĭtannos. *J.*

Orchas, ădis. *f. A species of olive.* Orchădes, et rădĭi, ĕt āmara pausĭă bacca. *V.*

Orchestra, æ. *f. The orchestra, a part of the theatre appropriated by the Greeks to the chorus; by the Romans, to the senators.* Sĭmĭlemquĕ vĭdebĭs Orchestram et pŏpŭlum. *J.*

Orcinianus, *and* **Orcinus**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Orcus, to the infernal regions,* i. e. *to death.* Orcinĭana qui fĕruntŭr in spondă. *M.*

Orcus, i. *m. The god of the infernal regions, the Pluto of the Latins.* Quintam fŭgĕ: pallĭdŭs Orcŭs Eumĕnĭdesquĕ sātæ. *V. See* Pluto. **2.** *Hell, the infernal regions.* Quæ mānent culpas ŏtĭam sŭb orco. *H. See* Inferi. **3.** *Death.* Mĕtĭt ∾ grandĭă cum parvis. *H. See* Mors.

Ordĭno, as. *To range* or *set in order; draw out in order.* (Ex hac) Lucĕ Mæcenas mĕŭs afflŭentes Ordĭnăt annos. *H.* ∾ publĭcas res; agmĭnă ĭn qm. *H.* [¶ Compono, dispono, digĕro, instrŭo.] **Crcl.** Ordĭnĕ *or* ĭn ordĭnĕ –pono, lŏco, stătŭo, constĭtŭo. Ritĕ lŏco.

Ordĭŏr, irĭs, orsŭs sum. *To commence;* sp. *to commence speaking, writing.* Celsăquĕ Romanis decerptă Pălatĭă tauris Ordĭăr. *Pp.* Ordĭŏr a cultu. *O.* Tum sic orsă lŏqui vates. *V.* [¶ Incĭpĭo, exordĭŏr.]

Ordo, ĭnĭs. *m.* **1.** *Order, regular arrangement.* Illă mānent immotă lŏcis, nĕque ăb ordĭnĕ cedunt. *V.* [¶ Lŏcŭs.] **Ep.** Aptŭs, compŏsĭtŭs, digestŭs, certŭs. **2.** Ordĭnĕ, ĭn *or* ex ordĭnĕ. *In order, in regular succession.* ∾-ĭnĕ bĭbĕrĕ; pisces rĕcenserĕ. *O.* rem pandĕrĕ. *V.* ˘In ∾-ĭnĕ res rĕferrĕ. ˘In ∾-ĭnĕ pugnată bellă. *V.* Totŭs ex ordĭnĕ mensĭs (*day after day*). *V.* [¶ Vĭcissim *or* singŭli.] **3.** Sĭnĕ ordĭnĕ, nullo ordĭnĕ. *Without rule* or *order, at will.* Sparsi sĭnĕ ordĭnĕ flores. *O.* Ordĭnĕ nullo oscŭlă dispensarĕ. *O.* [¶ Tĕmĕrĕ.] **4.** *Any succession of things* (or men) *in line and order.* (1) *Succession of portions of time.* Sæclorum nascĭtŭr ordo. *V.* (2) *A row of trees.* Ponĕ ∾-ĭnĕ vites. *V.* Indulge ∾-ĭbŭs. *V. See* Versus. (3) *A file of people. V.* (4) *A rank* or *line of soldiers. St.* (5) *A row of oars.* Terno consurgunt ∾-ĭnĕ remi. *V.* (6) *A line of seats at a theatre. J.* [¶ Grădŭs.] **5.** *Class* or *order.* Lit. and fig. Vĕtŭs ordĭnĭs (sc. ĕquestrĭs) heres. *O.* Si omnes uno ordĭnĕ hăbetĭs ˘Achivos. *V.* [¶ Grădŭs.] **6.** Fig. *Appointed sequence of events,* &c. ∾ fatorum. *V.* ˘Is vertĭtŭr ∾. *V.* [¶ Sĕrĭes.]

˘**Oreas**, ădis. *f.;* ˘**Oreades**, um. *pl. A nymph* or *nymphs of the mountains.* Talĭbŭs agrestem compellăt ˘Orĕădă dictis. *O.* Hinc atquĕ hinc glŏmĕrantŭr ˘Orcădes &c. *V.* **Crcl.** Montanæ *or* montĭcŏlæ –nymphæ, virgĭnes. Montanā numĭnă. *See* Nympha.

˘**Orestes**, æ, *voc.* ă. *m., and* **Orestes**, ĭs, &c. *M. Orestes, son of Agamemnon. C. D.* Conjŭgĭis, et scĕlĕrum fŭrĭis ăgĭtatĭs ˘Orestes. *V.* Curā mĕi ˘Orestæ. *O.* Fŭrĭæ, tristĭs ˘Orestă, tŭæ. *O.* [¶ ˘Agămemnŏnĭdes, Tantălĭdes.] **Ep.** Pĕlŏpeŭs, ˘Agămemnŏnĭŭs, ultŏr, vindex, pĭŭs, mĭsĕr, infelix, tristĭs; crudelĭs, sævŭs, impĭŭs; demens, fŭrĭosŭs, insanŭs, mentĭs ĕgens. **Crcl.** ˘Agămemnŏnĕ natŭs. ˘Agămemnŏnĭs proles. Pylădæ –cŏmĕs, ămicŭs. *See* Amicitia.

˘**Orestes**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Orestes.* Sacrăque ˘Orestæ gĕmĭtu quasituquĕ Dĭanæ. *O.* ∾ fĭdes. *Cl.*

˘**Orexis**, ĭs. *f.* (ὄρεξις.) *Appetite, longing.* Ducĭtŭr antĕ cĭbum, răbĭdam facturŭs ŏrexim. *J. See* Fames.

Organicus, ă, um. **1.** *Musical.* Harmŏnĭai Nomĕn, ăb orgănĭco saltu delatum Hĕlĭconis. *Lr.* [¶ Musĭcŭs.] **2.** Used subst. *A musician. Lr.*

Organon, *or* **Organum**, i. *n.* (ὄργανον.) *A musical instrument.* Vocem vendentis prætorĭbŭs; orgănā sempĕr In mănĭbŭs. *J.*

Orgia, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *The orgies* or *festal rites of Bacchus. C. D.* Inter sacrā dĕum nocturnique orgĭă Bacchi. *V.* [¶ Bacchanalĭă, Dĭŏnysĭă, trĭĕterĭcă, trĭĕterĭs.] **Ep.** Baccheă, Bacchĭcă, Thebanā, insanā, fŭrĭosā. **Crcl.** Bacchi –festă, săcrā, chŏri. Nocturni Bacchi orgĭă. Cŏrymbĭfĕri B. orgĭă. Bacchĭă săcrā. Orgĭă *or* solennĭă Cadmi. **2.** Gen. *Religious rites and mysteries. Pp.* [¶ Săcrā, mysterĭă, arcanā.]

˘**Orichalcum**, i. *n. Mountain-brass* (a kind of brass so called, made from a natural copper ore). Ipsĕ dĕhinc auro squalentem alboque ŏrĭchalco Circumdat loricam hŭmĕris. *V. See* Æs.

˘**Oriens**, tis. **1.** *Rising; appearing for the first time,* or *re-appearing;* us. *of the heavenly bodies.* Sextă rĕsurgebant ŏrĭentis cornŭă lunæ. *O.* ∾ Hœdŭs. *H.* cădens Phœbŭs. *O.* ∾-tĭă tempŏrā. *H.* [¶ Nascens, surgens, nŏvŭs, rĕcens, incĭpĭens.] **2.** ˘Orĭens (sc. sol) = dies. Septĭmŭs hinc ∾ cum se demisĕrĭt undis. *O.* **3.** *The East, the countries of the East.* Lăpĭdes ∾-ĕ pĕtĭtos. *O.* Spŏllis ∾-is ŏnustum. *V.* [¶ Aurorā, curŭs.] **Crcl.** ˘Eoŭs –orbĭs, axĭs, limĕs, sol. ˘Eoæ –partes, oræ, plăgæ. ˘Eoă –tellŭs, terrā, rĕgĭo. Nălăthræă *or* ĕoă –littŏrā, regnā. ˘Eoum littŭs. ˘Eoi tractus *or* fines. Rŭbrum mārĕ *or* littŭs. Solĭs ortŭs. Auroræ fines *or* pŏpŭli. **Phr.** *From the east.* ˘Ab ignĕ Phœbi surgentĭs. *To the east.* ˘In ortus Phœbeos. *From east to west. See* Occidens (**Phr.** 4).

˘**Origo**, ĭnĭs. *f.* (˘Origŏ. *St.*) **1.** *Origin, spring, source;* hence, *the founder of a race.* Ignĕŭs est ollis vĭgŏr et cœlestĭs ŏrigo. *V.* Rerum gĕnĭtalis ŏrigo. *Lr.* ∾ Romanæ stirpis. *V.* mundi mĕlĭorĭs. *O.* [¶ Ortŭs, princĭpĭum, exordĭum.] **Ep.** Primā, vĕtŭs, antiquā. **2.** *Birth, descent.* Trojanŭs ∾-ĭnĕ Cæsăr. *V.* Clarŭs ∾-ĭnĕ. *O.* [¶ Sanguĭs, gĕnŭs, stirps, ortŭs, natales, sĕmĕn, gens, dŏmŭs.] *See* Nobilis. **3.** *A cause.* ∾ nostræ cladĭs. *O.* [¶ Causā, fons, căpŭt.] *See* Causa. **4.** *The source* or *head of a river.* Fontĭum qui celăt ∾-ĭnes, Nilŭs. *H. See* Fons.

Orion, *and* ˘**Orion**, ŏnis *or* onis. *m. A famous hunter, changed into a constellation.* Armatumquĕ auro circumspĭcĭt Orionă. *V.* Quum sŭbĭto

assurgens fluctu nimbosŭs ˘Orion. *V.* Strictumque Oriŏnĭs ensem. *O.* Trĕpĭdis impingĭt ˘Oriŏnă nautis. *St.* **Ep.** Ensĭfĕr, nimbosŭs, ăquosŭs, nubĭlŭs, plŭvĭŭs, insanŭs. **Crcl.** ˘Oriŏnĭs -astrum, sidŭs, stellă. **Phr.** Ferro (ensĕ) armatŭs *or* mĭnax.

˘ORIŎR, ĕrĭs, ortŭs sum. **1.** *To spring, to be born, to arise.* Concĭpĭunt, ĕt ăb his ŏrĭuntur cunctă dŭobŭs. *O.* ∾-ŭr sŭbĭtum monstrum. *V.* [¶ Exŏrĭŏr, nascŏr, surgo, procedo, prodĕo, vĕnĭo, apparĕo.] *See* NASCOR. **2.** *To rise* (speaking of the heavenly bodies). ˘Ut quæque (stellarum) ŏrĭtŭr &c. *O.* Postĕrĭă lux ∾-ŭr. *H.* [¶ Surgo, prodĕo.] **Crcl.** Exĕo ăquis. Jŭbăr æquŏrĕ tollo. Orbem emergo.

˘ORĬUNDŬS, ă, um. *Born* or *descended from.* Denĭquĕ cœlesti sŭmŭs omnes stirpe ŏrĭundi. *Lr.* *See* ORTUS.

ORNAMENTUM, i. *n. Furniture, dressings, ornaments.* Lit. and fig. Dŏmum, ornamentă cum vĕnustis hortŭlis. *Ph.* Urcĕŏli sex ∾ ăbăci. *J.* Ambĭtĭosă rĕcidĕt ∾-ă. *H.* *See* ORNATUS (us).

ORNATRIX, icĭs. *f. A lady's-maid.* Tută sĭt ornatrix: odi quæ saucĭăt ŏrĕ. *O.*

ORNATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* ORNO. **1.** *Prepared, made* or *set ready. Pl.* **2.** *Adorned.* Florĭbŭs, atque ăpĭo crines ornatŭs ămaro. *V.* [¶ Cultŭs, excultŭs, exornatŭs, percultŭs, dĕcŏratŭs, dĕcorŭs, nĭtens, nĭtĭdŭs, insignĭs, pulchĕr, insignitŭs, conspĭcŭus, fulgens, spĕcĭosŭs, conspectŭs.]

ORNATŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *Apparatus, appointments, that which constitutes the setting-out, embellishment of any thing* (feasts, &c.). Ornatus dives, parvŭlă cœnă fŭit. *M.* *See* PARATUS, SUPELLEX. **2.** *Ornaments, adornings,* &c. *for the person.* Ornatus Argivæ Hĕlĕnæ. *V.* [¶ Ornamentum, cultŭs, dĕcŏr, dĕcŏramĕn, dĕcŭs, hŏnŏr, hŏnos, insignĕ.] **Ep.** Regĭŭs, festŭs, hŏnestŭs, dĕcorŭs, exĭmĭŭs, insignĭs, nobĭlĭs, conspĭcŭŭs, divĕs, prĕtĭosŭs, nĭtens, nĭtĭdŭs, splendĭdŭs, magnĭfĭcŭs, sŭperbŭs, mŭlĭĕbrĭs.] **3.** *Dress, attire; sts. entire toilette.* ˘Agros abjĭclĕt, ŭt ornatum pĕrĕt (mœchă). *Ph.* [¶ Cultŭs, mundŭs, sŭpellex.]

ORNO, as. **1.** *To prepare, to make provision for.* ∾ fŭgam. *Ter.* nuptĭas. *Pl.* [¶ Pĕro, instrŭo, &c.] *See* PARO. **2.** *To adorn, honour.* ∾ hĕdĕra pŏetam. *V.* ∾-abant mŏnĭlĭă collum. *O.* ∾ qm donis hŏnestis. *H.* [¶ Exorno, dĕcŏro, hŏnesto, instrŭo, distinguo, insignĭo, cŏlo, excŏlo, como.]

ORNŬS, i. *f. A mountain-ash.* Aut summis rĕfĕrens annosam montĭbŭs ornum. *V.*

ORO, as. **1.** *To speak, say.* Nec dictis orarĕ prĭus quam linguă crĕata est. *Lr.* **2.** *To plead.* ∾ causas. *V.* *See* CAUSIDICUS. **3.** *To beg, pray, entreat for.* Multă dĕos orans. *V.* Finem ∾ mălorum. *O.* [¶ Prĕcŏr, obtestŏr, rŏgo, &c.] *See* PRECOR.

˘ORONTES, ĭs. *m. A river of Syria.* Arsĭt ĕt Euphrates Băbŭlonĭŭs, arsĭt ˘Orontes. *O.*

˘ORONTEŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Orontes; Syrian.* Aut quĭd ˘Orontea crinem perfundĕrĕ myrrha? *Pp.*

ORPHEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei, *acc.* ĕă. *Orpheus, son of Apollo and Calliope. C. D.* Si pŏtŭit manes arcessĕrĕ conjŭgĭs Orpheus. *V.* Artus Strymŏnĭæ matres Orphĕŏs essĕ rătæ. *O.* Inferĭas Orphei Lethæă păpavĕră mittes. *V.* Orphĕăque in mĕdĭo pŏsŭit &c. *V.* Threĭcio blandĭŭs Orphĕo. *H.* **Ep.** Thracĭŭs, Threĭcĭŭs, Odrÿsĭŭs, Rhŏdŏpeĭŭs, Œăgrĭŭs, Ismārĭŭs, Bistŏnĭŭs; cănorŭs, vocalis, blandŭs, doctŭs. **Crcl.** Vates *or* săcerdos) Thracĭŭs (Threĭcĭŭs, Thrax, Bistŏnĭŭs, Odrÿsĭŭs, Rhŏdŏpeĭŭs). Callĭŏpæ gĕnŭs. **Phr.** *Of Orpheus.* Silvis (ĕt amnĭbŭs) cŏmĭtatŭs. Pŏtens detĭnŭĭssĕ flumĭnă. Gĕnĭtŭs vocali Cămœna. Mŏvens saxă fĕrasquĕ cĭthăra.

ORPHEŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Orpheus.* Venĭt ăb Orpheo cultor Rhŏdŏpeĭŭs Hæmo. *M.*

ORSĂ, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *An enterprise, undertaking, designs; a poetical undertaking* or *work.* Ludăr, ĕt, in mĕlĭus tŭă, qui pŏtĕs, orsă rĕflectas. *V.* ∾-ă Aŏnĭis vincirĕ mŏdis. *St.* **2.** *A speech beginning, a speech.* ∾-ă vĭcissim orĕ rĕfert. *V.* *See* VERBUM.

ORSŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* ORDIOR. *Having commenced* (sp. to speak). Majorem orsă fŭrorem. *V.* Talĭbŭs orsă mŏdis. *O.* *See* ORDIOR.

ORSŬS, us. *m.* = Orsă. *An attempt, a work undertaken.* Atque, ŭt ăranĕŏli tĕnŭem formavĭmŭs orsum. *V.* (*Culex.*)

ORTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* ORIOR. **1.** *Born, descended, sprung.* ∾ antiqua a stirpĕ. *V.* nullis majorĭbŭs. *H.* Nil ortum talĕ fătentes. *H.* [¶ Natŭs, sătŭs, gĕnĭtŭs, &c.] *See* NATUS. **2.** *Risen* (of the heavenly bodies). ∾-ă dĭes. *V.* Solĕ rĕcens ∾-o. *V.*

ORTŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *Birth, origin.* Materno gĕnĕrosĭŏr ∾-u. *O.* ˘Ab Elĭdĕ ducĭmŭs ∾-um. *O.* [¶ ˘Origo, &c.] *See* O. **2.** *The rising of the sun* or *stars. V. O.* *See* MANE. Hence—**3.** *The East. O.* *See* ORIENS.

ORTŸGIA, æ, *and* ORTŸGĬE, es. *f. O.* *An ancient name of the island of Delos.* Linquĭmŭs Ortÿgĭæ portus, pĕlăgoquĕ vŏlamŭs. *V.* *See* DELOS.

ORTŸGIŬS, ă, um. *Delian* (*see* ORTYGIA); hence, *used of Apollo* or *Diana.* Ortÿgĭam stŭdĭis ipsaquĕ cŏlebăt Virgĭnĭtatĕ dĕam (*Diana*). *O.* ∾-æ bŏves (*stolen from Apollo by Mercury*). *O.* *See* DELIUS.

˘ORYX, ÿgĭs. *m.* *A kind of wild goat* or *gazelle.* Sævŭs ŏryx constat quot mĭhĭ mortĕ cănum? *M.*

˘ORYZA, æ. *f.* *Rice.* Sic cessas? ăgĕdum, sume hoc ptĭsănarĭum ŏryzæ. *H.*

I. OS, orĭs. *n.* **1.** *The mouth.* Diffugerĕ, fŏrasquĕ pĕr os est edĭtŭs aer. *Lr.* [¶ *Sts.* Dentes, malæ, buccă.] **Ep.** Purpŭrĕum, rŏsĕum, rŭbens, tĕnĕrum, dĕcorum, pulchrum. **2.** *The mouth, as the organ of speech.* Oră sŏno discordĭă signant. *V.* [¶ Linguă, vox, sŏnŭs, sermo, verbă, lŏquelă.] **3.** *The mouth* = *the palate, the taste.* Os hĕbĕs est, pŏsĭtæquĕ mŏvent fastidĭă mensæ. *O.* **4.** *The mouth* or *jaws of animals. V.* [¶ Fauces, dentes, malæ, rictŭs, gŭlă, guttŭr.] **Ep.** ˘Avĭdum, răbĭdum, hĭans, immanĕ, pătŭlum, spumans. **5.** *Any opening, orifice,* &c. Lato dĕdĭt orĕ fĕnestram. *V.* ∾ summum ulcĕrĭs. *V.* saccŭli. *J.* **6.** *The mouth of a river.* Septem discurrĭt ĭn oră (Nilŭs). *V.* *See* OSTIUM. **7.** *The source.* Bĭbĕrĕ Nilum ex ipso orĕ. *M.* *See* FONS. **8.** *The face.* Os hŏmĭni sublimĕ dĕdĭt. *O.* *See* VULTUS. **9.** *Face, impudence.* Nĕc plus cordĭs tĭbĭ, sĕd măgis orĭs ĭnest. *O.* Os hŏmĭnĭs! *M.* Os durum. *Ter.* *See* FRONS. **10.** *Sts. used for the head.* Cervicĭbŭs oră rĕpŏnunt. *St.* Tonderĕ os tŭum. *Cat.* **11.** *The beak of a ship.* Oră navĭum rostrătă. *H.* [¶ Rostrum.]

II. OS, ossĭs. *n.* **1.** *A bone.* Grandĭăque effossis mirabĭtŭr ossa sĕpulcris. *V.* Ferrum ex ossĕ rĕvulsum est. *O.* **Ep.** Durum, firmum, vălĭdum, arĭdum, siccum, album. **Crcl.** Ossĕă compages *or* moles. **2.** Pl. *Mortal remains; ashes of the dead.* Mollĭtĕr ossă quĭescant. *V.* [¶ Cĭnĭs, rellĭquĭæ; *sts.* tŭmŭlŭs.] **3.** *The whole being* or *constitution of a person.* Traxĭt pĕr ossă fŭrorem (Dido). *V.* jŭvĕni dŏlŏr ossĭbŭs exarsĭt. *V.* [¶ Mĕdullæ, præcordĭă.]

OSCĔN, ĭnĭs. *m.* *Any bird from whose singing,* &c., *omens were taken; used also adj.* Oscĭnem cor-

vum prĕcĕ suscĭtabo. *H.* Tres quorum ætates sŭpĕrat Phœbelĭus oscĕn. *Aus.* *See* AUGURIUM.

OSCILLUM, i. *n.* *A little image offered in expiation* or *deprecation to Bacchus*, &c. Oscilla ex alta suspendunt mollĭā quercu. *V.*

OSCĬTATĬO, onis. *f.* 1. *A gaping, yawning.* Et longas trăhĭs oscĭtatĭones. *M.* 2. Fig. *Listlessness, idle dreams and do-nothings.* Bruti sĕnĭs ∾-ones. *St.*

OSCĬTO, as. 1. *To gape, yawn.* Oscĭtăt hesternum dissutis undlquĕ malis. *Pers.* ˘Aves oscĭtantes. *Cat.* 2. Fig. *To open.* intr. *Enn.* (de florĕ). [? Hĭo.]

OSCŬLATĬO, onis. *f.* *A kissing.* Sit nostræ sĕgĕs oscŭlatĭonis. *Cat.*

OSCŬLŎR, aris. *To kiss.* Si quă rĕlictă jăcent, oscŭlŏr armă tŭă. *Pp.* [? Basĭo, suavĭŏr, amplectŏr.] **Crcl.** Oscŭlă -do, libo, delibo, figo, affigo, lĕgo, carpo, fĕro, admŏvĕo, sumo, porrĭgo, applĭco, jungo, pĕto, decerpo, răpĭo, erĭpĭo; dispenso, divĭdo (*of more than one kissed*). Basĭă do. Admotis lăbellis tango. **Phr.** *Children kissing their father.* Pendent nati circum oscŭlă. *Kissing tears away.* Lăcrĭmas pĕr oscŭlă sicckt. *To kiss the hand.* Admota ăd orā mănu, oscŭlă dărĕ. *To add kiss to kiss in haste.* Oscŭlă prŏpĕrătă congĕrĕrĕ. *See* AMPLECTOR.

OSCŬLUM, i. *n.*, *dim.* *of* Os. 1. *A little, pretty mouth.* Siderĭbus sĭmĭles ŏcŭlos; vĭdĕt oscŭlă, quæ non Est vidissĕ sătĭs &c. *O.* 2. Us. *A kiss.* Dum oscŭlă dulcĭă figĕt. *V.* Pŭdicæ conjŭgĭs ∾. *H.* [? Basĭum, amplexŭs, suavĭum, suavĭŏlum.] **Ep.** Dulcĕ, blandum, ămicum, mollĕ, suavĕ, carum, gratum; castum, fidum, fĭdelĕ, hŏnestum, pŭdicum. **Crcl.** Oscŭlă orĕ (lăbris, lăbellis) junctă (porrectă, impressă, mixtă). *See* OSCULOR.

˘**OSIRIS**, is *and* Idis. *m.* *Son of Jupiter and Niobe, tutelary deity of Egypt and the Nile.* Sic tŭă sacrā plĭus sempĕr ˘Osirĭs ămĕt. *O.* Pĕr sanctum dicăt ˘Osirim. *H.* [? Apĭs, Sĕrapĭs.] *See* APIS (II.). **Ep.** Memphitĭcŭs, Phărĭŭs, cornĭgĕr, frugĭfĕr.

OSSA, æ. *f.* *Mount Ossa, in Thessaly. C. D.* Ardŭă devexum Pellĭon Ossă tŭlĭt. *O.* Non ut fĕrăt Ossăn ˘Olympŭs. *O.*

OSSÆUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Ossa.* ∾ ursă. *O.* ∾-i bĭmembres (*Centaurs*). *St.*

OSSĔUS, ă, um. *Made of bone; bony, nothing but bone.* Ipsă mănubrĭă cultellorum Ossĕă. *J.* Mănŭs ossĕă Mauri. *J.* Ossĕă larvă (*a skeleton*). *O.* (*Ib.*)

OSSIFRAGA, æ. *f.* *An osprey* or *sea-eagle.* Accĭpĭtres, atque ossĭfrăgæ, mergiquĕ mărini. *Lr.*

OSTENDO, is, di, sum *and* tum. 1. *To show, to make to be seen.* Hos tĭbĭ, qui sŭpĕrant, ostendo mœstă căpillos. *O.* ∾-ĭt ortus aurorā. *V.* [? Monstro, ostento, pando, detĕgo, rĕtĕgo, indĭco, mănĭfesto, expono, ăpĕrĭo, rĕvelo, effĕro, argŭo, pătĕfăcĭo, signĭfĭco, declaro, demonstro, commonstro.] **Crcl.** ˘In lucem trăho. Lătĕbris educo. ˘In mĕdĭum do *or* effĕro. 2. *To expose, bare, lay open, exhibit.* ∾ glebas ăquĭlonĭ. *V.* lucos Phœbo. *St.* captos hostes civĭbŭs. *H.* [? Expono, objĭcĭo, exhĭbĕo.] 3. *To discover, evince, manifest. Pl.* **Crcl.** Indĭcĭum do. Signă pătĕfăcĭo. *See* DETEGO. 4. *To teach, make known.* ∾ Iambos Lătĭo; rem pŏtĕrunt Socrătĭcæ chartæ. *H.* *See* DOCEO.

OSTENTO, as. 1. *To show.* ∾ făcĭem; desŭpĕr campos nĭtentes. *V.* *See* OSTENDO. 2. = porrĭgo. *Pl.* *See* P. 3. *To do* or *say any thing ostentatiously, boastfully.* Hæc sĭmŭl ∾-ans (sc. jactans, lŏquens). *St.* [? Jacto, jactĭto, prædĭco, vendĭto, glorĭŏr.] *See* SUPERBIO.

OSTENTUM, i. *n.* *A prodigy, portentous appearance.* Victŭs ĕt ostentis quæ plurĭmă vidĕrăt, exĭt. *O.* *See* PRODIGIUM.

OSTĬUM, ii. *n.* 1. *A door, gate, entrance.* Quo lati ducunt ăditus centum, ostĭă centum. *V.* Concrĕpŭĭt a Glȳcĕrĭo ostĭum. *Ter.* [? ˘Adĭtŭs, fŏres, &c.] *See* FORES. 2. *The entrance* or *mouth of a harbour.* Pleno sŭbĭt ∾-ă velo. *V.* *See* PORTUS. 3. *The mouth of a river.* Tĭbĕrĭnă ∾-ă. *V.* Flŭens septenă pĕr ∾-ă Nilŭs. *O.* [? Os.]

OSTRĔOSŬS, ă, um. *Abounding in oysters.* Hellespontĭă, cetĕris ostrĕosĭŏr oris. *Cat.*

OSTRĔUM, i. *n.*, *us. in pl.*, *and* OSTRĔA, æ. *f.* (rare.) *Pl.* *An oyster.* Ostrĕăque in conchis tută fŭerĕ sŭis. *O.* [*H.* uses *ostrĕă*, *nom. sing.*, as a spondee (*ostreā*) per crasin; as, Græce, ὄστρεα, ὄστρα.] **Ep.** Baiană, Hellespontĭă, mollĭs.

OSTRĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Producing oysters.* Ostrĭfĕri fauces tentantŭr ˘Abydi. *V.* [? Ostrĕosŭs.]

OSTRINŬS, ă, um. *Purple*, adj. Et Tȳrŭs ostrinos præbet Cadmĕă cŏlores. *Pp.* *See* PURPUREUS.

OSTRŎGŎTHI, orum. *m. pl.* *The Ostrogoths. C. D.* Est ŏpŭs: Ostrŏgŏthis cŏllĭtur mixtisquĕ Grŭthungis Phryx ăgĕr. *Cl.* *See* GOTHI.

OSTRUM, i. *n.* 1. *A purple dye, derived from a shell-fish; purple.* Ut gemma bĭbăt, et Sarrano dormĭăt ostro. *V.* [? Murex, purpŭrā.] *See* PURPURA. 2. Sts. pl. Pœnis si purpŭrā fulgĕăt ostris. *Pp.*

˘**OTHO**, onis. *m.* *A Roman cognomen, borne, among others, by L. Roscius Otho* (a tribune of the people, by whom the law was passed that assigned the knights separate seats in the theatre), *and by M. Salvius Otho, the Emperor. C. D.* Sic lĭbĭtum vano, qui nos distinxĭt, ˘Othoni. *J.* Gestamĕn ˘Othonis (spĕcŭlum). *J.*

˘**OTHRYS**, ȳs *or* ȳŏs. *m.* *Mount Othrys, in Thessaly.* Parnassusquĕ bĭceps, ĕt ˘Eryx, et Cynthŭs, et Othrȳs. *O.*

OTĬŎR, aris. *To live at ease, to enjoy leisure.* Ventrĕ dĭem durarĕ, dŏmestĭcŭs otĭŏr: hæc est &c. *H.* [? Văco, ferĭŏr, quĭesco; *sts.* nugŏr.] **Crcl.** Nĭhĭl *or* nil ăgo. Otĭă -duco, pĕrăgo, cŏlo, sĕquŏr, sectŏr, ăgo, tĕro. ˘In otĭă solvŏr. Otĭă vitæ sĕquŏr. Vitam pĕr otĭă duco *or* traduco. Dilatis rebŭs nĕgotĭă averto. Rĕquĭem mĭhĭ do *or* dono. *See* OTIOSUS.

OTĬOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *At leisure, without business to do, having nothing to do.* Festŭs in pratis văcăt otĭoso Cum bŏvĕ pagŭs. *H.* ∾-ă credĭdĭt Nĕăpŏlĭs. *H.* Turbam non lĭăbĕt otĭosĭorem. *M.* [? Văcŭŭs, desĕe, rĕsĕs, desĭdĭosŭs, lentŭs, ferĭatŭs.] **Crcl.** ˘Opĕrum immunis *or* sŏlutŭs. Curis -liber, văcŭŭs, sŏlutŭs. Otĭă ducens. Otĭum sĕquens. Tota mentĕ rĕmissŭs. 2. *At rest, tranquil.* ˘Anĭmo ∾-o essĕ. *Ter.* and *Pl.* *See* TRANQUILLUS. 3. *Idle.* *See* PIGER.

OTĬUM, ii. *n.* 1. *Leisure, time free from cares and business.* O Mĕlĭbœĕ, dĕus nobis hæc otĭă fecĭt. *V.* ˘Ubĭ quid dătŭr oti. *H.* [? Quĭes, ferĭæ.] **Ep.** Securum, quĭetum, plăcĭdum, tutum, dulcĕ, ămœnum, longum. *See* QUIES. 2. *A state of inactivity and idleness; idleness.* Non ĕgŏ segnĭs ĕram discincтăque ĭn otĭă natŭs. *O.* [? ˘Inertĭă, desĭdĭă, ignavĭă, languŏr, torpŏr, segnĭtĭes, vĕternum, sĭtŭs.] **Ep.** Mollĕ, lentum, ĭners, segnĕ, pĭgrum, ignavum, discinctum, turpĕ, fœdum. **Crcl.** Vită segnĭs; ignavă quĭes. Otĭă (desĭdĭs) vitæ. *See* PIGRITIA. 3. *Peace.* Otĭă pătrĭæ rumpĕrĕ. *V.* *See* PAX.

˘**OVANS**, tis. *Transported with joy, exulting.* Successu cædĭs ŏvantem. *O.* [? Lætŭs, exsultans, sŭperbŭs, elatŭs, &c.] *See* LÆTUS, SUPERBUS.

ˇOVATŬS, us. *m. Shouts of triumph.* Hinc barbărĭci glŏmĕrantŭr ŏvatus, Hinc gĕmĭtus. *V. Fl.*

ˇOVIDĬUS, ĭi. *m. The poet Ovid.* [† Nasŏ.] **Crcl.** Pelignŭs vates. Pelignæ gentĭs glorĭă. Nasŏ pŏetă. Lusŏr ămorum. Naïŭs āquosis Pelignis. Vates Lătinorum dĭerum.

ˇOVILĔ, ĭs. *n.* **1.** *A fold for sheep* or *goats.* Incustoditum capăt ŏvilĕ lŭpŭs. *O.* Tĕpĭdis In ŏvilĭbŭs hœdi. *O.* and *Tib.* [† Caulă, stăbŭlum, septă (orum).] **Ep.** Clausum, tutum, plenum, ŏpimum. **2.** *An enclosed place in the Campus Martius, where the people voted at their Comitia.* ˇOvilĕ. *J.* ˇOvillă. *L.*

ˇOVĬS, ĭs. *f.* **1.** *A sheep.* Pan curăt ŏves ŏvĭumquĕ măgistros. *V.* [† Agnă, balans, bĭdens, pĕcus (ŭdĭs); *sts.* grex, pĕcŭs (ŏrĭs).] **Ep.** Lanĭgĕră, balans, pĕtulcă, tĕnĕrĕ, tĕnellă, mollĭs, blandă, plăcĭdă, simplex, mansuetă, mitĭs, păvĭdă, timĭdă, imbellĭs, debĭlĭs. **Crcl.** Lanĭgĕrum pĕcŭs. Lanĭgĕri grĕges. Lanĭgĕræ pĕcŭdes. Balantum grex. Balans pĕcŭs. **2.** Sts. *The fleece of the sheep.* Tyrĭo murĭcĕ tingĭt ŏvem. *Tib.* *See* LANA.

ˇOVO, as. *To triumph, exult.* Lit. and fig. Quo nunc Turnŭs ŏvat spŏlĭo, gaudetquĕ pŏtĭtŭs. *V.* ∾-ăt laudĕ vīrum. *V. Fl.* collĭs Evandrĭŭs (antĕ ăllĭas arces). *St.* [† Gaudĕo, lætŏr, exsulto, trĭumpho, &c.] *See* GAUDEO, SUPERBIO.

OVUM, i. *n. An egg.* Proptĕr hŭmum vŏlĭtat, ponitque in sepĭbŭs ovă. *O.* Reddunt ovă cŏlumbæ. *J.* **Ep.** Rĕcens, nŏvum, rŏtundum, tĕrĕs.

OXŸGĂRUM, i. *n. A sauce made of certain fish and vinegar.* Inter lactucas oxÿgărumquĕ lĭbĕr. *M.*

P.

PABŬLŎR, arĭs. *To go forth to get food in any way;* sp. *to go foraging. Pl.* **Crcl.** Pabŭlă lĕgo, collĭgo, quæro, păro, curo, convĕho, subvĕho.

PABŬLUM, i. *n.* **1.** *Pasturage, pasture, fodder.* Pabŭlă gustassent Trojæ, Xanthumquĕ bĭbissent. *V.* Virgĕă ∾-ă. *V.* ∾-ă canescunt. *O.* *See* PASCUA. **2.** *Food* or *fuel of any kind.* Pĕr pingŭlă ∾-ă (fĕruntŭr ignes). *Sil.* ∾-ă hŏmĭnes ĕquis fecĭt. *O.* [† Nutrimentum, ălĭmentum, &c.] *See* ALIMENTUM. **3.** Fig. *Whatever keeps alive, strengthens, and increases any thing* (acts, *i. e.*, as fuel to it). ∾-ă morbo dărĕ. *O.* vĭtĭăs hŏmĭnum præbĕrĕ. *Pp.* ămorĭs. *Lr.* [† ˇAlĭmentum.]

PACALĬS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to peace.* Tură, săcerdotes, pacalĭbŭs addĭtĕ flammis. *O.* [† Pacĭfĕr.]

PACATŎR, orĭs. *m. A peace-maker.* Quem tali allŏquĭtur Nĕmĕæ pacatŏr hŏnorĕ. *Sil.*

PACATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PACO. Used also adj. **1.** *Brought into a state of peace; peaceful, of peace.* Pacatumquĕ rĕget pătrĭis virtutĭbŭs orbem. *V.* ∾-æ ramŭs ŏlivæ. *O.* ∾-o vultu. *O.* [† Plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, tranquillŭs, compŏsĭtŭs.] **2.** Comp. n. = *adv.* Sŭbĕunt ossă pacatĭŭs arvum. *O.*

PĂCHYNŬS, i. *m. f.*, *and* PĂCHYNUM, i. *n. Plin. The southern promontory of Sicily, now Capo di Passaro.* Præstat Trinăcrĭi metas lustrarĕ Păchyni. *V.* Obverĕă Păchynŭs ăd austros. *O.*

PACĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *That brings peace.* Pacĭfĕræquĕ mănu ramum prætendĭt ŏlivæ. *V.*

PACĬFĬCO, as. **1.** *To make peace.* *See* PAX. **2.** *To appease.* Hostĭă cœlestes pacĭfĭcassĕt hĕros. *Cat.* *See* PLACO. **3.** *To charm.* ∾ aures Piĕrĭis mŏdis. *Cl.* [† Mulcĕo.]

PACĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. *Pacific, fond of peace, peaceful.* Perpĕtŭam pacem pacĭfĭcumquĕ dŭcem. *O.* ∾ Janŭs. *M.* sermo. *L.* [† Pacalĭs.] **Crcl.** Pacĭs -ămans, ămatŏr, stŭdĭosŭs, auctŏr, dătŏr, custos.

PĂCISCŎR, ĕrĭs, pactŭs sum. **1.** *To covenant, to covenant to give, to bargain for.* Ut mĕă sit, servată mĕa virtutĕ, păciscŏr. *O.* ∾ prĕtĭum. *O.* votis. *H.* vitam (letum *in another passage*) pro laudĕ. *V.* ævum pro laudĕ. *St.* [† Convĕnĭo, pango; *sts.* muto, ĕmo.] **2.** *To promise.* *O.* [† Promitto, spondĕo.]

PACO, as. **1.** *To bring into a state of peace; tranquillize.* Qui virtutĕ sŭa bĭmārem pacavĕrăt Isthmŏn. *O.* ∾ ănĭmi æstus. *Cl.* [† Pacĭfĭco, compono, &c.] *See* PLACO. **2.** *To bring into a state of cultivation.* ∾ incultas silvas vomĕrĕ. *H.* [† Mitĭgo.]

PACTOLŬS, i. *m. A river of Lydia, that deposited gold-dust with its sands.* Exercentquĕ vĭri, Pactolusque irrĭgăt auro. *V.* Pactolonquĕ pĕtĭt. *O.* **Ep.** Lydĭŭs, aurĭfĕr, aurĭfŭŭs, mĕtallĭfĕr. **Crcl.** Lydĭŭs amnĭs. Mæŏnĭum vădum *or* flumĕn. Aurĕă Pactoli stagnă. Vicinŭs Sardĭbŭs. *See* AURIFER.

PACTUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A bargain, covenant, agreement.* Rĕcĭtetur formŭlă pacti. *O.* ∾-ă lĭgăt &c. *Pp.* [† Fœdŭs, conventum, condĭtĭo, lex.] **2.** Abl. Pacto = rătĭonĕ. *In such and such a manner.* Quo pacto dĕcĕăt majorĭbŭs uti. *H.* [† Mŏdo, rătĭonĕ, vĭa.]

I. PACTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PACISCOR. **1.** *Having bargained, covenanted, agreed.* Egi, Sextĕ, tŭam, pactus dŭŏ millĭă, causam. *M.* ∾ fĭĕri gĕnĕr. *O.* **2.** Used pass. *Agreed upon, promised.* ∾-o pro mœnĭbŭs auro. *O.* [† Promissŭs.] **3.** Pactă, æ. *f. Promised in marriage; given in marriage.* ∾-æ conjŭgĭs ostro. *V.* Thălămis abducĕrĕ ∾-as. *V.* [† Sponsă.]

II. PACTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PANGO. *Fixed in, driven into.* Littŏrĭbus nostris ancŏrĕ pactă fŭĭt. *O.*

PACŬVĬUS, ĭi. *m. A Latin dramatic poet.* Pacŭvĭus docti famam sĕnĭs, Attĭŭs alti (aufert). *H.*

PĂDŬS, i. *m. The Po, a river of Italy.* Frigĭdŭs Eurotas popŭlĭferquĕ Pădŭs. *O.* [† Erĭdănŭs.]

PÆAN, anĭs, *acc.* ană. *m.* **1.** *One of the names of Apollo.* Et Pæană vŏca; nĭtĭdaquĕ incingĕrĕ lauro. *O.* *See* APOLLO. **2.** *A hymn to Apollo; any hymn* or *song of joy, victory*, &c. Dicĭtĕ Io Pæan. *O.* Chŏro ∾-ă cănentes. *V.* ∾-ă pătrĭum Gĕloni congĕmĭnant. *V. Fl.* Hercŭlĕum cănunt. *St.*

PÆDĂGOGŬS, i. *m. An attendant upon children to and from school; a teacher, tutor.* Crinitæ, Lĭnĕ, pædăgogĕ turbæ. *M.*

PÆDŎR, orĭs. *m. Filth, nastiness.* Horrĭdă pædore, et pannis cŏŏpertă pĕrirĕ. *Lr.* [† Squalŏr, illŭvĭes, sordes, sĭtŭs.] *See* SQUALOR.

PÆNĔ. *Almost.* Pænĕ mĭhi pŭĕro cognĭtĕ pænĕ pŭĕr. *O.* [† Fĕre, fermĕ, &c.] *See* FERE.

PÆNINSŬLĂ, æ. *f. A peninsula.* Pæninsŭlarum, Sirmĭo, insŭlarumquĕ ˇOcellĕ. *Cat.*

PÆNŬLĂ, *or* PENŬLĂ, æ. *f. A thick cloak, surtout.* Pænŭlă solstĭtĭo, campestrĕ nĭvalĭbŭs horis. *H.*

PÆNŬLATŬS, ă, um. *Wearing the* pænula. Quŏd alphă dixi, Codrĕ, pænŭlatorum. *M.*

PÆSTANŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pæstum.* Calthăquĕ Pæstanas vincĕt ŏdorĕ rŏsas. *O.*

PÆSTUM, i. *n. A town of Lucania, famous for its roses, which used to blow twice a year.* Bĭfĕrĭquĕ rŏsarĭă Pæsti. *V.* **Ep.** Bĭfĕrum, tĕpĭdum, ŏdŏratum.

PÆTŬS, ă, um. *Having a cast in the eye.* Si pæta, est Vĕnĕri sĭmĭlĭs. *O.*

Paganĭcŭs, ă, um. 1. = Paganŭs. *See* P. 2. Paganĭcă, æ. *f.* (sc. pila.) *A ball stuffed with feathers.* Hæc quæ difficĭli turget paganĭcă pluma. *M.*

Paganŭs, ă, um. 1. *Belonging to a village, rural.* Et dătă paganis annŭă libă fŏcis. *O.* 2. Used subst. *A countryman;* hence (eccl.), *a pagan, a heathen.* [? Gentilis.] **Crcl.** Pago dedĭtŭs.

Pagasæ, æ. *f., and us.* **Pagasæ**, arum. *pl. A seaport of Thessaly, in which the ship Argo was built.* Namquĕ fĕrunt olim Păgăsæ navalibŭs Argo. *Pp.*

Pagasæŭs, *and* **Pagasĭŭs**, ă, um. (Παγασαῖος *and* Παγασήϊος.) *Of* or *belonging to Pagasa.* Jamquĕ frĕtum Mĭnÿæ Păgăsæa classĕ sĕcabant. *O.* ∾ ˘Iason. *O.* Păgăsĭă puppis. *V. Fl.*

Pagĭnă, æ. *f. A page;* ext. *a book, a writing.* Quam sĭbi quæ Vari præscripsit pagĭnă nomĕn. *V.* Nĕc pătĭtŭr mĕă ∾ te nesciri. *O. See* Charta.

Pagŭs, i. *m. A village, a rural district.* Pagŭs ăgat festum; pagum lustratĕ, cŏloni. *O.* [? Vicŭs.] **Ep.** Parvŭs, tĕnŭis, ignotŭs, obscurŭs.]

Pală, æ. *f. A spade, a shovel.* Tum mihĭ ferrato versetur robŏrĕ palæ &c. *Col.*

Palæmon, ŏnis. *m. The son of Athamas and Ino, changed into a sea-god. C. D.* Quem nos Portunum, sŭă linguă Pălæmŏnă dixĭt. *O.* [? ˘Athămantĭădes, Mĕlĭcertă, Portunŭs.] **Ep.** Inoĭs, Thebanŭs, naufrăgŭs. **Crcl.** Inoă prŏpago.

Palæstini, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *The inhabitants of Palestine.* Stagnă Pălæstini credunt cŏlŭissĕ &c. *O.* 2. ∾-ŭs, ă, um. Tură, Pălæstini sĭmŭl Hebræiquĕ lĭquores. *St.* ∾ ăquă; Sÿrŭs. *O.*

Palæstră, æ. *f.* 1. *The art and act of wrestling.* Corpŏrăque agresti nudat prædurâ pălæstra. *V.* ˘Opŭs nĭtĭdæ pălæstræ. *O.* [? Luctă, gymnăs, pălæ.] **Ep.** ˘Olympĭcă, ˘Olympĭăcă; vălĭdă, aspĕrâ, durâ, fortis; jŭvĕnilis, solennis, cĕlĕbris; nĭtĭdâ, unctâ, lĭquĭdâ, pinguis, nudâ. **Crcl.** Pălæstræ -certamĕn, certamĭnâ, donâ, mos, ŏpŭs. **Phr.** *Two wrestling.* Pectŏrâ pectŏrĭbŭs luctantĭă conferunt, *or* arcto nexu c. 2. *Any place for wrestling, and other athletic exercises.* Exercent membrâ ĭn gramĭnĕis ∾-is. *V.* [? Gymnăsium.]

Palæstrită, æ. *m. A wrestler.* Quinquĕ pălæstritæ lĭcĕt hæc plantarĭă vellant. *Pers. See* Athleta.

Palam. 1. *Publicly, openly.* Ipsă pălam fari omnipŏtens Saturnĭă jussit. *V.* [? ˘Aperte, coram.] **Crcl.** ˘In conspectu. ˘In ŏcŭlis. Antĕ ŏrâ. ˘In os. Sŭb ŏrâ. Coram pŏpŭlo. Antĕ omnes. Lucĕ pălam. ˘In ăperta lucĕ. 2. Sts. *prep.* = coram. Mequĕ pălam de me mălă verbâ lŏquuntŭr. *O.* Te pălam. *H.*

Palămedes, is. *m.* 1. *Son of Nauplius, king of Eubœa, one of the chiefs at Troy, and the inventor of weights and measures* &c. *C. D.* Vellĕt ĭt infelix Pălămedes essĕ rĕlictŭs. *O.* [? Naupliădes.] 2. Pălămedis ăves. *Cranes; so called from the figure in which they fly, and which is said to have suggested to Palamedes the form of the letter* Φ: *hence,* Pălămedis ăvis = *the letter* Φ. *M.*

Palatinŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Mount Palatine.* Sceptrâ Pălatini, sedemquĕ pĕtit Evandri. *V.* ∾-i colles. *O.* ∾ ˘Apollo. *H.* [The first syllable is found long in *M.* and other writers, or written *Pallatinus.*] [? Pallantĕŭs; *sts.* Evandrĭŭs, Parrhăsĭŭs.]

Palatium (Palatĭum, *or* **Pallatĭum**. *M. and later writers*), ĭi. *n., and* **Palatia**, orum. *pl.* 1. *The Palatine Hill, and the adjacent part of the city.* Constĭtĭt in summi nĕmŏroso collĕ Pălati. *O.* Quæ Romanâ Pălatĭă servas. *V.* 2. *The palace of the Cæsars, as situated on Mount Palatine;* hence, *any palace.* Quæ sŭb Phœbo dŭcĭbusquĕ Pălatĭă fulgent. *O.* Magni ∾-ă cœli (de regia cœli). *O.* Pallatĭă aurĕă. *Aus.* nŏvă. *St.* [? Cæsărĕă dŏmŭs.] *See also* Palatinus, Regia.

Palatum, i. *n. The palate;* hence, *the taste.* Nigrâ sŭbest udo tantum cui linguă pălato. *V.* Poscentes vărio multum diversâ pălato. *H. See* Gustus.

Pale, es. *f.* (πάλη.) *Wrestling.* Et lĭquĭdam nodarĕ pălen, et spargĕrĕ cæstus. *St. See* Palæstra.

Palea, æ. *f. Straw.* Surgentem ad zĕphyrum pălĕæ jactantŭr ĭnanes. *V.* [? Culmŭs, stĭpŭlă.] *See* Culmus.

Palear, aris. *n.* Us. pl. *The dewlap of oxen.* Et crurum tĕnŭis a mento pălĕarĭă pendent. *V.*

Pales, is. *f. The goddess of pasturage and cattle, the shepherds' goddess.* Pastorum dŏmĭnæ grandĭă libă Păli. *O.* Spargĕrĕ lactĕ plăcĭdam Pălem. *Tib.* Tĕpĭdo lactĕ prĕcari Pălem. *O.* **Crcl.** Pastorum -dĕă, divă, dŏmĭnă. *See* Pan.

Palilia, *or* **Parilia**, ĭum *or* ĭorum. *n. pl.* 1. *The festival of Pales.* Urbis ĕrat festus; dixerĕ Pălilĭă patres. *O.* 2. Pălilis, ĭ. *Of* or *belonging to Pales,* or *the festival of Pales.* Flammă ∾ (*a fire of straw made at the festival*). *O.*

Palimpsestŭs, i. *f.* (παλίμψηστος.) *A palimpsest* (a piece of parchment from which the writing has been erased, that it may be written on again). Perscriptâ, nec sic ut fĭt in pălimpsesto. *Cat.*

Palĭurŭs, i. *m. A thorny shrub.* Cardŭŭs et spinis surgit pălĭurŭs ăcutis. *V.*

Palla, æ. *f.* 1. *A cloak,* or *kind of large shawl, worn by the Roman ladies.* Et tĕgĭt auratos pallă sŭperbâ pĕdes. *O.* [? Instĭtă, stŏlă.] 2. *A large mantle worn by men; by actors* (the tragic pall). Personæ pallæquĕ rĕpertŏr hŏnestæ Æschylŭs. *H.* Indŭĕrăt pallam (de ˘Ariŏnĕ). *O.* (So *V.* of Orpheus, *longa cum veste; Tib.* of Bacchus.) *See* Pallium.

Palladium, ĭi. *n. A statue of Minerva, to the preservation of which the safety of Troy was supposed to be attached.* Avellĕrĕ templo Pallădium, cæsis summæ custodibŭs arcis. *V.* [? Pallăs.] **Crcl.** Pallădis (Mĭnervæ) -sĭmŭlacrum, signum, effĭgies. Pallădĭă effĭgies.

Palladius, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *relating to Minerva.* Pallădĭasque Inĕo non cognoscendŭs ˘Athenas. *O.* ∾ silvă ŏlivæ. *O.* 2. *Used of any work ingeniously and skilfully executed.* ∾-æ artis ŏpŭs. *M.* mănus effinxerĕ. *St.*

Pallanteum, i. *n.* (Παλλάντειον.) 1. *A town founded by Evander on Mount Palatine.* Pallantis prŏăvi de nomĭnĕ Pallanteum. *V.* 2. Pallantĕŭs, ă, um. Mœnĭă Pallantĕă. *V.* [? Pălatinŭs.]

Pallantias, ădis, *and* **Pallantis**, ĭdis. *f. A name of Aurora. C. D.* Tradendum Phœbo Pallantĭăs infĭcĭt orbem. *O.* Sexto Pallantĭdŏs ortu. *O. See* Aurora.

Pallantĭŭs, ă, um. *Grandson of Pallas, Evander.* Pallantĭŭs heros. *O.*

I. **Pallas**, ădis. *f.* 1. *Pallas* or *Minerva. C. D.* Bellĭcă Pallăs ădest, et protĕgĭt ægĭdĕ fratrem. *O.* Pallădă Cecrŏpĭdæ, Minoĭă Cretă Dĭanam (cŏlunt). *O. See* Minerva. 2. *The olive-tree, the olive.* Dat quŏquĕ baccĭfĕram pallădă rarŭs ăgĕr. *O. See* Olea. 3. *Oil.* ˘Ut infusa pallădĕ flammă sŏlĕt. *O. See* Oleum. 4. Invita Pallădĕ. *See* Minerva.

II. **Pallas**, antis. *m. An ancestor of Evander* (*V. Æ.* 8, 51); *a son of Evander.* Pallas, Evandĕr ĭn ipsis &c. *V.*

Pallens, tis (*part. See* **Palleo**. Used also adj.),

and PALLĬDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Pale.* Orā mŏdis pallentīā miris. *V.* Interfusā gĕnas, et pallĭdā mortĕ fŭtura. *V.* [† Albŭs; *sts.* pallĭdŭlŭs, exsanguis, cerĕŭs.] Crcl. Pallenti orē *or* forma. Pallorē –deformis, vīrens. Buxo (cera, Pārĭo marmŏrē *or* saxo) pallĭdĭŏr. Orā gĕrens buxo (cera, marmŏrē, nīvē, &c.) pallĭdĭorā. *See* PALLEO. 2. *Used freq. of death, and the infernal regions.* ∾-es umbras ˘Erēbi. *V.* ∾-ĭā regnā. *Sil.* Pallĭdā mors. *H.* 3. *Of a pale colour; pale blue, livid.* ∾-es vĭŏlæ. *V.* ∾-ĭā sulfŭrā. *M.* Pallĭdā mitrā sĭtu. *Pp.* [† Albŭs, livĭdŭs, livens; *sts.* lurĭdŭs.] 4. *Pale, not bright* (*of* light). ∾-es Sol jungĭt ĕquos (*of an eclipse*). *Tib.* Phœbe ∾-ens. *Cl.* 5. *Of a pale green.* Hĕdĕrā ∾-ens. *V.* ∾-es rumĭnāt herbas. *V.* 6. *That which makes pale.* ∾-es curæ. *M.* ∾-ĭā philtrā. *O.* Pallĭdā vinā. *Pp.* ăcŏnitā. *L.* [† Exsanguis.]

PALLĔO, es, ŭi, *and* PALLESCO, ĭs. 1. *To be pale, become* or *turn pale* (of persons). Pallŭĭt, et sŭbĭto sānē sanguĭnē pallĭdā sedĭt. *O.* ∾ sĕnecta. *Tib.* Pallescĕrē tardis curis. *Pp.* nulla culpa. *H.* [† Expallĕo, expallesco.] Crcl. Pallĭdŭs *or* pallens fio. Pallŏr orā –occŭpāt, ŏbĭt, infĭcĭt, turpāt. Ori pallŏr īnest. Pallŏr ĭn orē sĕdĕt. Orē cŏlŏr fŭgĭt *or* fugĭt. Mihĭ cŏlŏr excĭdĭt. Toto orē pallesco *or* expallesco. Cŏlorem perdo. Cŏlŏr orā rĕlĭquĭt. Pallorē gĕnas suffundŏr. Pallorem duco. Pallorē grāvŏr. Phr. 1. *Of a pale person.* Cŏlŏr est sānē sanguĭnē. Nullŭs est ĭn toto orē cŏlŏr. Mācĭes pallentes artus occŭpāt. Informĭs (exsanguis, funĕrĕŭs) cŏlŏr pallĭdā membrā infĭcĭt. Pallŏr gĕnas possĭdĕt. 2. *Of a person turning pale.* Cŏlŏr ĭn attŏnĭto orē pallŭĭt. Cālĭdŭs sanguis e corpŏrē fŭgĭt. Pallŏr trĕmentes gĕnas circŭĭt. Sŭbĭtŭs pallŏr orā infĭcĭt (ŏbĭt). *See* PALLENS. 2. *To lose colour, blanch, grow tarnished, dull,* &c. (of things.) ∾-ĕt –saxum auro;—vĭtĭo cœli sĕgĕs;—nostris vĕnenis aurorā;—turdŭs Picena ŏliva. Pallescunt frondes (hĭĕmē). *O.* Pallescĭt flammā vĕneno. *V. Fl.* 3. Tr. *To fear.* ∾ pontum mĕdĭasquē fraudes. *H. See* TIMEO.

PALLĬDŬLUS, ă, um. *Rather pale.* Pallĭdŭlum manans ablŭĭt undā pĕdem. *Cat.*

PALLĬDUS, ă, um. *See* PALLENS.

PALLIŎLĀTUS, ă, um. *Wearing a* palliolum. Quæ pallĭŏlātā vāgatŭr. *M.*

PALLIŎLUM, i. *n., dim. of* Pallium. *A little mantle, a hood.* Pallĭŏlum nĭtĭdis impŏsŭissē cŏmis. *O.*

PALLIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A full outer robe; a Greek mantle.* Lapsā nĕc a cŭbĭto subducĕrē pallĭā nescĭt. *M.* [† Pallĭŏlum, tŏgā.] 2. Sts. *A woman's mantle.* Decĭdĕrint hŭmĕro pallĭā lapsā mĕo. *O.* [† Pallā.] 3. *A coverlet of a bed.* ˘In toto non sidĕrē pallĭā lecto. *Pp. See* STRAGULA.

PALLŎR, ŏris. *m.* 1. *Paleness.* Pallŏr ĭn attŏnĭtæ virgĭnis orē sĕdĕt. *O.* Ep. Albŭs, buxĕŭs, exsanguis, lucĭdŭs; frigĭdŭs, gĕlĭdŭs, languĭdŭs, horrĭdŭs, deformis, tristis. Crcl. Cŏlŏr –pallĭdŭs, pallens, albŭs, exsanguis. Sānē sanguĭnē cŏlŏr (os, orā, vultŭs). *See* PALLEO. 2. *Used of the dead, of the regions of the dead,* &c. ∾ hĭemsquē tĕnent lŏcā. *O.* Terrĭbĭlis Stȳgio ∾-ē (făcĭes). *L.* 3. *Fear, affright.* Tĭbĭ ∾-i versŭs ĕrĭt. *Pp.* Quantŭs pro conjŭgē ∾! *St. See* TIMOR. 4. *A pale* or *lurid light* or *colour in things.* ∾ solĭs. *L.* Auroræ. *St.* ∾-em rami ducunt. *O.* 5. *Mouldiness. Lucil.* [† Marcŏr, sĭtŭs.]

PALLŬLĀ, æ. *f., dim. of* Palla. *Pl.*

PALMA, æ. *f.* 1. *A palm-tree.* Ilĭcĭs in ramis trĕmŭlæquē cācumĭnē palmæ. *O.* Ep. ˘Idumæā. 2. *The fruit of the palm, a date.* Mixtā est rugosis carĭcā palmis. *O.* 3. *A palm-branch, a token of victory;* hence, *victory.* Victrices intexunt limĭnā ∾-æ. *O.* ∾ ˘Olympĭā, ă. *V.* Donarē carmĭnā palma. *O.* Ep. ˘Olympĭcā, ˘Olympĭăcā, Eleā, victrix, nobĭlis, insignis, egrĕgĭā, lætā, vīrĭdis, vīrens. [† *Sts.* Laurŭs, laurĕā, cŏronā, victorĭā.] Crcl. Palmæ –dĕcŭs, insignē, insignĭā, munĕrā, præmĭā, hŏnŏr, hŏnores. Victorum præmĭā. 4. *The victor who received the palm-branch.* Tertĭā ∾ Dĭores. *V.* ∾-æ ĕquarum (*racehorses winners in the race*). *V.* 5. *A palm-broom. H. See* SCOPÆ. 6. *The palm of the hand; the hand.* Tendens ăd sidĕrā ∾-as. *V. See* MANUS. 7. *The blade of the oar.* Verrentes æquŏrā ăbĭegnis palmis. *Cat.* [† Palmŭlā.] *See* REMUS.

PALMATUS, ă, um. *Bearing the figure of a palm-tree;* hence, palmatā tŏgā (and abs.), *the toga embroidered with palm-leaves, worn by a triumphant general.* Palmatæ dŭcem reddĕ tŏgæ. *M.*

PALMĔS, ĭtis. *m.* 1. *The shoot of a vine;* sts. *of other plants. L.* Et nŏvā de grāvĭdo palmĭtĕ gemmā tŭmĕt. *O.* [† Sarmentum, flăgellum.] Ep. Pampĭnĕŭs, uvĭfĕr, racemĭfĕr, frondosus, vīrĭdis. 2. *A vine.* Nĕmŏrosus palmĭtĕ Gaurŭs. *St. See* VINEA.

PALMETUM, i. *n. A palm-grove.* Ungi Præfĕrăt Herodis palmetis pinguĭbŭs altĕr. *H.*

PALMIFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum, *and* PALMOSUS, ă, um. *Producing palm-trees; abounding in palm-trees.* Palmĭfĕros ˘Arăbas Panchaĕquē rurā rĕlinquĭt. *O.* Palmosā Sĕlinus. *V.* Crcl. Palmis (palmarum) fĕrax *or* ăbundans.

PALMŬLA, æ. *f., dim. of* Palma. Us. *The blade of an oar, an oar.* Lævas stringăt sānē palmŭlā cautes. *V.* [† Palmā.] *See* REMUS.

PALŎR, ārĭs. *To wander about, stray here and there.* Lit. and fig. Idquē dĭu, dum tergā dăbant palantĭā Teucri. *V.* Vīam palantes quærĕrē vītæ. *Lr.* Palantes ănĭmos. *O. See* ERRO.

PALPEBRA, æ. *f.* Us. pl. *The eye-lid.* Brachĭā, palpebræquē cādunt, pŏplĭtesquē rĕcumbunt. *Lr. See* OCULUS.

PALPITO, as. *To throb, beat quick, palpitate.* Palpĭtăt, et mŏrĭens dŏmĭnæ vestigĭā quærĭt. *O.* Exsectā linguā ∾-ăt. *L.* [† Trĕmo, mĭco, singulto, sălĭo, trĕpĭdo, subsĭlĭo.]

PALPO, as, *and* PALPŎR, ārĭs. *To pat* or *stroke caressingly;* fig. *to coax, wheedle, flatter.* Pectŏrā præbet Virgĭnĕa palpandā mānu. *O.* ∾ qm munĕrē. *J.* Cui si palperē &c. *H.* [† Plaudo, ădulŏr, blandĭŏr, lacto.] Crcl. Mānu –palpo, plaudo. Tactu pĕrerro. *See* BLANDIOR.

PALPO, onĭs. *m. A coaxer, wheedler. Pers.*

PALUDATUS, ă, um. *Wearing a military cloak.* Jurĕ pāludatæ jam currĭā mĭlĭtăt aulæ. *Cl.* ∾-i dŭces. *J.*

PALUDOSUS, ă, um. *Marshy, living in marshes.* Equē pāludosa siccis hŭmŭs arĕt ārenis. *O.* ∾-i Sĭcambri. *Pp. See* PALUSTRIS.

PALUMBES, ĭs. *f. A wood-pigeon, a ring-dove.* Aĕrĭæ quo congesserē pālumbes. *V.* [† Pālumbŭs, cŏlumbā, cŏlumbŭlŭs.] Ep. Raucā, sĕrĭā.

PALUMBUS, i. *m.* = pālumbes. Gĕmĭt hinc pālumbŭs, indē cerĕus turtŭr. *M.*

I. PALUS, i. *m. A stake, a post, a vine-prop.* Hic dŏcŭit tĕnĕram palis adjungĕrē vitem. *Tib.* ∾-o suspendĕrē ăratrum. *O.* [† Stipĕs, sŭdes.] *See* STIPES.

II. PALUS, udĭs. *f.* (*H.* has improperly pălŭs, *A. P.* 65.) 1. *A marsh.* Limosoquē pālus dŭcat pascŭā junco. *V.* Ut lĕvĭs in mādĭda cannā pāludē trĕmĭt. *O.* [† Lăcŭs, stagnum.] Ep. Altā, prŏfundā, latā, spātĭosā, vastā; immotā, stagnans, plăcĭdā, quietā, segnis, torpens, pīgrā,

ĭners, lentŭ, limosŭ, fœdŭ, sordĭdŭ, cœnosŭ, obscenŭ. **Crcl.** ˘Aquă (undă) –stagnans, stans, torpens, ĭners, pĭgrŭ, &c. Stagnă pălud̆ĭs. S. tăcentĭs ăquæ. Humŏr ăquæ –ĭners, pĭgĕr, &c. Undæ pălustres (torpentes). ˘Aquæ mergis fŭlĭcisquĕ cĕlĕbres. Limosŭs gurgĕs. *See* STAGNUM. **2.** Sp. *The Styx.* ~ tarda ĭnămabĭlĭs unda. *V.* Dis jurandă. *O. See* STYX. **3.** Sts. *A marsh-reed* or *rush.* De bĭbŭla sartă pălud̆ĭ tĕgĕs. *M. See* ARUNDO.

PĂLUSTĔR, trĭs, trĕ. **1.** *Marsh* (adj.), *marshy*, &c. Nec vescas sălĭcum frondes ulvamquĕ pălustrem. *V.* Lŏcă fetă ~-ĭbŭs undis. *O.* [† Pălud̆osŭs, stagnans.] **2.** *Frequenting marshes*, &c. Fŭlĭcæ pălustres. *O.* [† Pălustrĭcŏlă.]

PAMPHYLIA, æ. *f. A province of Asia Minor.* Hunc quŏquĕ perquĕ nŏvem tĭmŭit Pamphylĭă messes. *St.*

PAMPĬNĔŬS, ă, um. *Of vine-leaves* or *a vine-branch, of vines; made of, covered with, vine-leaves*, &c. Nec qui pampĭnĕis victor jŭgă flectĭt hăbenis. *V.* ~ hastă. *O.*

PAMPĬNŬS, i. *m. f. A tendril, shoot*, or *foliage of a vine.* Heu! mălĕ tum mites defendet pampĭnŭs uvas. *V.* Ornatŭs vĭrĭdi tempŏrĕ ~-o. *H.* Malum circumflŭă vestĭt ~. *Cl.* **Ep.** Tĕnĕr, vĭrĭdĭs, frondosŭs, ŏpacŭs. *See* FRONS (I.), PALMES, VITIS.

PAN, Panŏs. *m.* **1.** *The god of forests, shepherds*, &c. Pan ŏvĭum custos, tŭă si tĭbĭ Mænălă curæ. *V.* ˘Imĭtabĕrĕ Pană cănendo. *V.* **Ep.** Arcădĭus, Lȳcæŭs, Mænălĭŭs, montĭvăgŭs, ăgrestĭs, rustĭcŭs; hirtŭs, căprĭpes, semĭcăpĕr, cornĭgĕr; prŏcax, prŏtervŭs, pĕtŭlans. **Crcl.** Dĕŭs –Arcădĭæ, Arcădĭŭs, Lȳcæŭs, Tĕgĕæŭs, pĕcŏrum, silvarum. ˘Ovĭum (pĕcŏrum, armenti) custos. Cultŏr nĕmŏrum. Silvestrĭs dĕŭs. **Phr.** Qui primŭs călămos cera conjungĕrĕ instĭtŭĭt. Călămos non passŭs ĭnertes. Cui pĕcŭs ĕt silvæ plăcent. *See* FAUNUS, FISTULA. **2.** Panĕs. *pl. Rural deities, Fauns, Satyrs*, &c. *O.* **Crcl.** Montană numĭnă. Docti călămo hĭantĕ cănĕrĕ. Cornŭă pinu præcincti. *See* FAUNI.

PANACEA, æ, *and* PANAX, ăcĭs. *f. Heal-all, a plant said to cure all diseases.* Ambrŏsĭæ succos ĕt ŏdorĭfĕram pănăceam. *V.* Nunc mĕdĭca pănăcem lăcrĭma. *Col.*

PANARĬUM, i. *n.*, *and dim.* PANARĬŎLUM, i. *n. A bread-basket.* Cum panarĭŏlis trĭbus rĕdisti. *M.* Hi panarĭă candĭdasquĕ mappas Subvectant. *St.*

PANAX. *See* PANACEA.

PANCHAEUS, PANCHAICUS, *and* PANCHAĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Panchaia.* Panchæis ăddŏlescunt ignĭbŭs æræ. *V.* Tură fĕrat floresque ălĭos Panchaĭcă tellus. *O.* Panchaĭă cinnămă. *Cl. See* ARABS.

PANCHAIA, æ. *f. Panchaia, a fabulous island in the Red Sea, said to abound in myrrh, frankincense*, &c. Totăquĕ thurĭfĕris Panchaĭă pinguĭs ărenis. *V.*

PANCRĂTIUM, ĭi. *n. A contest of wrestling and boxing.* Et pătĭtur duro vulnĕră pancrătĭo. *Pp.*

PANDION, ŏnĭs. *m. A king of Athens, father of Progne and Philomela.* Nunc sĕqulĭtur nudo gĕnĭtas Pandiŏnĕ ferro. *O. See* PHILOMELA, PROCNE.

PANDIŎNIŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pandion*; hence, *Athenian.* Quid Pandiŏnĭæ restant, nĭsĭ nomĕn, ˘Athenæ? *O.* ~-æ arces. *L.*

PANDO, ĭs, i, pansum *and* passum. **1.** *To spread, spread out.* Non tĕpĭdum ad solem pennas in littŏrĕ pandunt. *V.* ~ velorum alas. *V.* Proxĭmă ~-untŭr littŏrĕ. *V. Fl.* [† Extendo, &c.] *See* E. **2.** *To open, throw open.* ~-ĭtŭr dŏmŭs ŏlympi. *V.* ~ mœnĭă urbĭs; guttŭrĕ. *V.* [† ˘Apĕrĭo, pătĕfăcĭo, rĕsĕro, &c.] *See* APERIO. **3.** *To lay open, display, unfold.* Tempŏrĕ verĭs se ~-unt. *Lr.* Cum cauda omnĭs Hydrĕ ~-ĭtŭr. *Cic.* (*Arat.*) Hĕdĕræ ~-unt vestĭgĭă. *V. See* OSTENDO. Fig. **4.** *To unveil, declare, make known.* ~ res caligĭnĕ mersas. *V.* rĕquirenti nomĕn. *O. See* DETEGO. **5.** *To relate, tell* (open out a matter). ~ rem ordĭnĕ. *V. See* NARRO, DICO.

PANDŬS, ă, um. *Bent, crooked.* Pandas rătĭbus pŏsŭerĕ cărinas. *V.* ~ ăscellŭs. *O.* ramŭs. *V.* ansă. *M.* [† Curvŭs, &c.] *See* C.

PANGO, ĭs, panxi *and* pĕpĭgi, pactum. **1.** *To fix, infix, plant* or *set* (with any thing). Ipsĕ sĕram vites, pangamquĕ ex ordĭnĕ colles. *Pp. See* FIGO, SERO. **2.** *To write, compose verses*, &c. (lit. to fix them in the wax tablet.) ~ pŏemătă. *H.* cărmĭnă. *Lr.* victuras chartas. *M.* [† Compono, condo, scribo, &c.] *See* CARMEN. Hence —**3.** *To sing of, to celebrate.* Hic vostrum panxĭt factă pătrum. *Enn.* (*apud Cic.*) *See* CANO. **4.** Perf. only. *To contract, bargain for, agree for* or *upon.* Te Vĕnŭs nostro lecto pĕpĭgĭt. *O.* Armillas tanti pĕpĭgissĕ. *O.* Tecum hæc pĕpĭgĭt tĭbĭ fœdĕrĕ. *V.* Bis senos dĭes pĕpĭgerĕ. *V.* [† Păciscŏr, promitto, constĭtŭo.] *See* FŒDUS.

PANIS, ĭs. *m.* **1.** *Bread.* Suppŏsĭtum clĭnĕri panem fŏcŭs ipsĕ pănăbăt. *O.* [† Cĕres; *sts.* fărină.] **Crcl.** Donă lăboratæ cĕrĕrĭs. Tostæ fruges. Tostă farrĕ. Cĕres mollĭtă mănu; ignĕ tostă. Sŏlĭdă fărină. **Phr.** *To hand bread round.* Cĕrĕrem cănistris expĕdirĕ. **2.** *Bread of a good quality.* **Ep.** Tritĭcĕŭs, nĭvĕŭs, dulcĭs, tĕnĕr; pulcherrĭmŭs; molli sĭlĭgĭnĕ factŭs. **3.** *Bread of an inferior quality.* **Ep.** Cĭbarĭŭs, sĕcundŭs, villŭs, furfŭrĕŭs, impŭrĕŭs, ătĕr, nĭgĕr, nĭgra fărina. **Crcl.** Sordes farrĭs cănini. Frustă mucĭdæ fărinæ. **Phr.** *A mouthful of bad bread.* Cănĭnă panĭs buccă. *The crust of bread.* Crustă panĭs. *The crumb.* Mollĭă panĭs. **4.** *Any mass like a loaf.* Panes vĭrĭdantĭs ăphrŏnĭtri (*or* aphrŏnitri. *St.* ~ ærĭs. *Plin.*

PANNĬCŬLUS, i. *m.*, *dim. of* Pannus. Quarum Delĭcĭas et pannĭcŭlus bombycĭnŭs urĭt. *J.*

PANNŎNIA, æ. *f. Pannonia* (a part of modern Hungary and Austria). Aut jŭgă Pannŏnĭæ, mutatoresquĕ dŏmorum Saurŏmătas. *St.*

PANNŎNĬCUS, ă, um. PANNŎNIS, ĭdĭs. *f. Of* or *belonging to Pannonia.* Pannŏnĭcas nobis nunquam dĕdĭt Umbrĭă cattas. *M.* Pannŏnĭs haud ălĭter post ictum sævĭŏr ursă. *L.*

PANNŎNII, orum. *m. pl.* (*Tac.*,) *and* PANNŎNĬUS, i. *m. The inhabitants of Pannonia*, &c. Pannŏnĭusquĕ fĕrox. *St.* Fallax Pannŏnĭŭs. *Tib.*

PANNOSUS, ă, um. *Ragged.* Lit. and fig. Pannosam fæcem mŏrĭentis sorbĕt ăceti. *Pers.* ~ ædilĭs. *J. See* PANNUS.

PANNŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *A small piece of cloth.* Membrăquĕ vincirent tinctis ferrugĭnĕ pannis. *O.* Velătă albo panno (Fĭdes). *H.* [† Pannĭcŭlŭs.] *See* VESTIS. **2.** *A ray; a patch.* Lit. and fig. Unŭs ĕt altĕr assŭĭtur pannŭs. *H.*

PĂNOMPHAEUS, i. *m.* (πανομφαῖος.) *An epithet of Jupiter, as author of oracles*, &c. Ară pănomphæo vĕtŭs est sacrată Tŏnanti. *O.*

PĂNŎPE, es, *and* PĂNŎPEA, æ. *f. A sea-nymph.* Nerĕĭdum Phorcĭquĕ chŏrus, Pănŏpeăquĕ virgo. *V.*

PANTHERA, æ. *f. A panther.* Pictarumquĕ jăcent fĕrăă corpŏrăă pantherarum. *O.* [† Pardŭs.] **Ep.** Măculosă, pictă, cĕlĕrĭs, cĭtă, fĕrăă, fĕrox.

PAPAVĔR, ĕrĭs. *n. A poppy.* Lilĭă purpŭrĕis mixtă păpavĕrĭbŭs. *Pp.* **Ep.** Sŏporĭfĕrum. Lethæo somno perfusum.

PAPAVĔRĔUS, ă, um. *Poppy*, adj. Illĕ păpavĕrĕas subsĕcăt unguĕ cŏmas (*poppy-flowers*). *O.*

PĂPHĬŪS, ă, um. 1. *Of Paphos* (a city in Cyprus, sacred to Venus), *Paphian; of Venus.* Respondent, sŏlĭdo Păphiæ de robŏrĕ myrtus. *V.* ∾-æ cŏlumbæ. *M.* Hence—2. Păphĭe, es. *f.* (Παφίη.) *Venus.* Hunc multo Păphĭe sătĭŭrabăt ămomo. *St.*

PĂPHŎS, *or* PĂPHŬS, i. *f. A city in Cyprus, sacred to Venus.* Est ˘Amăthus, est celsă mĭhi Păphŏs, atquĕ Cȳtherĕ. *V.* Păphŏn æquŏrĕ cinctam. *O.*

PAPĬLIO, onis. *m. A butterfly.* Ferali mutant cum papĭlĭonĕ fĭguram. *O.* Ep. Lĕvis, alĭgĕr, alatŭs, vŏlĭtans, văgŭs; pictŭs, veralcŏlŏr, vărĭŭs, aurĕŭs.

PĂPILLA, æ. *f. The nipple of the breast, the breast; a teat.* Hastă sŭb exsertam donec perlată păpillam. *V.* Nutrĭt ĭnhumanæ durĕ păpillă lŭpæ. *Pp.* *See* MAMMA.

PAPPAS, æ. *m. A foster-father.* Tĭmĭdus prægustet pocŭlă pappas. *J.*

PAPPO, as. *To eat pap-food.* Et sĭmĭlis regum pŭĕris, papparĕ mĭnutum Poeclis. *Pers.*

PAPPŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A grandfather. Aus.* 2. *Thistle-down.* Nec plumas ăvĭum papposquĕ vŏlantes Sentimŭs. *Lr.*

PĂPŬLA, æ. *f. A pustule, a pimple.* Ardentes păpŭlæ atque immundŭs ŏlentĭă sudŏr. *V.* [¶ I'ăpillă.]

PĂPYRĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Producing the papyrus.* Perquĕ păpyrĭfĕri septemflŭĭ flumĭnă Nili. *O.*

PĂPYRŬS, i. *f.* 1. *The Egyptian plant* or *reed so called.* Conseĭrĭtur bĭbŭlă Memphitis cymbă păpyro. *L.* Ep. Ægyptĭă, Nilotĭcă, Nilotĭs, pălustrĭs. 2. *Used for making funeral piles.* Strŭĭtŭr Lĭbĭtină ∾-o. *M.* 3. *Paper* (made of the inner bark of the plant). Perdĭtĕ Nillĭcas Musæ, mĕă damnă, ∾-os. *M.* [¶ Biblŭs, lĭbĕr.] Crcl. Cortex Mărĕotĭcă. *See* CHARTA. 4. *A sort of canvas* or *cordage* (made of the outer bark, serving for coarse garments, sandals, sails, &c.). Succinctŭs pătrĭa ∾-o. *J.* (*Herod.* ὑποδήματα βύβλινα.)

PAR, pă̆rĭs. *adj.* (*abl. us.* pă̆ri; *but* pă̆rĕ, *O. F.* 4.) 1. *Equal, like.* Esset par ætas ĕt ĭdem si robŭr ăb annis. *V.* Ergo inter sese pă̆rĭbus concurrĕrĕ telis. *V.* Par somnĭo fabŭlă. *Sen.* [¶ Pă̆rĭlis, æqualis, idem, sĭmĭlis, compar, unŭs, consĭmĭlis.] Crcl. Non (*or* haud) -impar, inferĭŏr, detĕrĭŏr. *See* SIMILIS. 2. *Of equal rank and condition.* Si quă vŏles apte nubĕrĕ, nubĕ pă̆ri. *O.* Nĕc ferrĕ pŏtest Cæsarvĕ prĭorem, Pompeiusvĕ pă̆rem. *L.* 3. *Equal to, sufficient in power.* Dextĕrĕ nondum par ŏnĕri. *V. Fl.* [¶ Căpax, aptŭs, ĭdonĕŭs, suffĭcĭens.] Crcl. Non (*or* haud) impar. 4. Par est. *It is just, right, proper.* Ĭbĭ nos accredĕrĕ par est. *H.* [¶ Æquum est.] 5. Used also subst. m. f. *A mate, m.* or *f.; used of a married couple.* Cum pă̆rĕ quæquĕ sŭo cŏĕunt vŏlŭcresquĕ fĕræquĕ. *O.* Accumbĭt cum pă̆rĕ quisquĕ sŭo. *O.* 6. Used subst. n. *A pair, a match* (speaking of combatants). Parquĕ cŏlumbarum, demptusquĕ căcumĭnĕ nidŭs. *O.* Glădĭatorum dă̆rĕ pă̆rĭă. *H.*

PĂRABĬLIS, ĕ. *Easily procured.* Non ĕgŏ, namquĕ pă̆rabĭlem ămo Vĕnĕrem, făcĭlemquĕ. *H.* [¶ Obvĭŭs, făcĭlis.]

PĂRADĬSŬS, i. *m.* (Παράδεισος.) *Eccl.* 1. *The terrestrial Paradise, where God placed Adam and Eve.* Pro thălămo pă̆rădisŭs ĕrat, mundusquĕ dăbatŭr In dotem. *Alc.* Ep. ˘Amœnŭs, lætŭs, bĕatŭs, felix, &c.] *See* ELYSIUM. 2. *The heavenly Paradise. See* IMMORTALITAS.

PĂRASĬTŬS, i. *m., and* PĂRASĬTA, æ. *f. A parasite.* Quantus sit Dossennŭs ĕdacĭbŭs in pă̆răsitis. *H.* Custodes, lectică, cĭnĭflones, pă̆răsitæ. *H.* Ep. ˘Edax, gŭlosŭs, assĭdŭŭs, mŏlestŭs, ŏdĭosŭs, importunŭs. Crcl. Assĭdŭŭs convivă.

PĂRATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PARO. Used also adj. 1. *Prepared, in a state of preparation, ready.* Sidŏnĭas ostentăt ŏpes urbemquĕ pă̆ratam. *V.* ˘Ad vim ∾. *O.* [¶ Accinctŭs, dispŏsĭtŭs, compŏsĭtŭs, instructŭs, ornatŭs, promptŭs.] 2. *Disposed, inclined, fitted to* or *for.* Hæc dă̆rĕ consĭlĭum, pugnarĕ ∾-ĭŏr illă. *O.* [¶ Aptŭs, promptŭs, pronŭs, compŏsĭtŭs.] 3. *Prepared for in determination, ready to meet, &c.* ˘Acies ferro mortiquĕ ∾-æ. *O.* ˘In ŭtrumquĕ ∾ . . . seu &c. . . . seu &c. *V.* [¶ Devotŭs.] 4. *Procured, purchased.* Lăpĭdes ŏrĭentĕ ∾-i. *O.* Prĕtĭo ∾-ă, vincĭtŭr prĕtĭo fĭdes. *Sen.* [¶ Emptŭs, quæsĭtŭs, partŭs.]

PĂRATŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A preparing, fitting out, preparation.* Est ŏpŭs exĭgŭum, vastisquĕ pă̆ratĭbŭs impar. *O.* [¶ Appăratŭs.] 2. *Rich setting-out* or *embellishment of any thing* (feasts, &c.); *rich attire.* Mensæ ∾-u regĭfĭco. *V. Fl.* Tȳrĭos indŭĭ ∾us. *O.* [¶ Appăratŭs, cultŭs, ornatŭs, luxŭs.]

PARCÆ, æ. *f.;* PARCÆ, arum. *pl. One of the Fates; the three Fates. C. D.* Durĕ jŭbet gĕlĭdo Parcă sŭb axĕ mŏri. *O.* Concordes stăbĭlĭ fatorum numĭnĕ Parcæ. *V.* [¶ Clotho, Lăchĕsis, ˘Atrŏpŏs; *ext.* fatum, fătă, mors, Lĭbĭtină.] Ep. Duræ, diræ, crudeles, sævæ, trŭces, rĭgĭdæ, tristes, sĕvĕræ, ĭniquæ, immites, ăvĭdæ, ĭnexorabĭles. Nentes fatallĭă stamĭnă. Ultĭmă fătă volventes. Ducentes stamĭnă. Fŭtŭrăcănentes. Crcl. Sŏrores -Stȳgiæ, nĭgræ, certæ, trĭplĭces, fatĭdĭcæ, duræ, tristes. Trĭplĭces dĕæ. Parcarum -filă, stamĭnă, pensă. Fati dŏmĭnæ sŏrores. Sŏrorum trĭum -filă, stamĭnă, decretă. Parcarum cŏlĭ *or* cŏlus. Phr. 1. Parcæ (duræ sŏrores) -fătă mortallĭă dispensant;—omnĭă sŭb jurĕ sŭo tĕnent;—sĕrĭem fatorum pollĭcĕ ducunt;—rĕtum ŏpŭs trĭplĭci pollĭcĕ nent;—pensă pĕrăgunt (ducunt);—nunquam rĕtro sŭă filă rĕvolvunt;—sæclă longă ferratis pensis evolvunt. Phr. 2. Parcæ (*when propitious*) hĭlăres (stamĭnĭs albi lanĭfĭcæ) mĕllĭorăpensă mănu bĕnigna ducunt. *See* FATUM.

PARCE. 1. *Economically.* Divĭtiæ grandes hŏmĭni sunt, vivĕrĕ parce. *Lr.* [¶ Frugallĭtĕr, ăvare, perparce, exĭgŭe, simplĭcĭtĕr.] 2. *Temperately.* O princeps, parce virĭbŭs usĕ tŭis. *O.* [¶ Mŏdĕrate, mŏdeste, mŏdĭce.] 3. *Sparingly, slightly.* ∾ perstrinxĭt corpŭs. *Sil.* Haud ∾ miratŭs æquum. *Sil.* *See* PARUM. 4. Comp. *Less, less often, &c.* ∾-ĭŭs quătĭunt fĕnestras. *H.* istă vĭris objĭcĭendă mĕmento. *V.* [¶ Mĭnŭs *or* rarĭŭs.]

PARCENS, tis. *part. See* PARCO. Used also adj. *Sparing, niggardly.* Parcentes ĕgŏ dextĕras Odi. *H.* *See* PARCUS, AVARUS.

PARCO, is, pĕperci (*rarely* parsi, *anc.*), parcĭtum *and* parsum. 1. *To spare, use moderately, be saving of; with dat.* Nil prĕtĭo parsit, filĭo dum parcĕrĕt. *Pl.* Sin duram mĕtŭes hĭĕmem, parcesquĕ fŭtŭro. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Mŏdĕrŏr *or* sepono.] Crcl. Mŏdĭce, mŏdĕrate, mŏdĕratĭŭs utŏr. 2. *With acc.* anc. Argenti atquĕ auri tălentă parcĕ tŭis. *V.* Fig. 3. *To be careful of, considerate for.* ∾ famæ. *O.* 4. *To be careful of using, forbear to use.* ∾ ŏcŭlis. *Pp.* lumĭnĭbŭs. *Tib.* ∾ hibernis flatĭbŭs (de Euris); voci irsquĕ. *V.* 5. With inf. *To be careful of doing, forbear to do* (a dehortatory formula, '*do not,*' '*pray, do not*'). Parcĕ plas scĕlĕrarĕ mănus. *V.* Parcĭtĕ, ŏves, nĭmĭum procedĕrĕ. *V.* Parcĕ nŏcerĕ. *Tib.* *See* NE. 6. *To abstain from any thing, keep from.* Parcĕ mĕtŭ, Cȳthĕrĕ. *V.* ∾ verbĕrĭbŭs. *St.* *See* ABSTINEO. 7. *To spare, to pardon.* ∾ subjectis. *V.* [¶ Ignosco, indulgĕo, condono.] Crcl. Vĕnĭam -do, concedo, trĭbŭo, indulgĕo. Vĕnĭam do -rŏganti, suppĭlĭci, prĕcĭbŭs, votis. Offensam (nox-

iras) rĕmitto. Pœnæ exĭmo. Pœnam prætermitto. Culpam condono *or* dono. *See* IGNOSCO.

PARCŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Thrifty, frugal.* Tanquam parcŭs hŏmo et rerum tutelă sŭarum. *H.* Non ~ ăceti. *H.* [† Abstĭnens, frugi.] **Crcl.** Parvo contentŭs *or* bĕatŭs. Non prodĭgŭs. *See* FRUGALIOR. **2.** *Niggardly, miserly. H. See* AVARUS. Fig. **3.** *Sparingly doing any thing.* Plĕtatĭs ăbundans, pœnæ ~. *Cl.* Primŭ ăcies non ~-ă fŭgæ. *Sil.* **4.** *Scanty, little, small, slight.* ~-o sălĕ continguunt. *V.* Pœnæ mĕrĭto ~-lŏr irâ. *O.* ~ moles. *M.* vulnŭs. *Sil.* [† Parvŭs, exĭgŭŭs, tĕnŭĭs, lĕvĭs, mălignŭs.]

PARDŬS, i. *m. A pard, panther.* Grande ĕbŭr, et magno sublimis pardŭs hĭatu. *J. See* PANTHERA.

PAREAS, æ. *m. A kind of serpent.* Et contentŭs Iter cauda sulcarĕ pareas. *L.*

PARENS, tĭs. *m. f.* **1.** *A parent.* Nec dulces natos exoptatumquĕ pārentem. *V.* [† Sanguĭnis *or* gĕnĕris auctŏr.] *See* PATER *or* MATER. **2.** Sts. *Ancestor* (in any degree. Comp. *Æn.* 9, 3, and 10, 619). Vĕtĕrum dĕcŏra altă pārentum. *V. See* AVUS. **3.** *An author, inventor, founder.* ~ curvæ lȳræ. *H.* murorum. *Sil.* rerum. *L.* [† Auctŏr, &c.] *See* A. **4.** Sts. *Used for Jupiter. H.* **5.** Pārens –Magnă, Idæă, &c. *Cybele.* Almă pārens Idæă dĕum. *V. See* DEUS.

PARENTALIS, ĕ. **1.** *Of parents, parental.* Famă, pārentales, si vos mĕă contiglĭt, umbræ. *O.* **2.** Pārentales dies, *or* Pārentalĭă. *Solemnities annually observed in memory of parents lost.* Bellă, pārentales desĕrŭerĕ dies. *O.*

PARENTO, as. *To celebrate solemn funeral obsequies* (by sacrifice) *in honour of deceased parents* or *relations.* Et quocunquĕ tămen mĭsĕri venerĕ, pārentant. *Lr.* Memnŏnĭs umbris Annŭă solenni cædĕ pārentăt ăvis. *O.* Crcl. Inferĭas rĕfĕro. Justă –solvo, persolvo.

PAREO, es. **1.** *To appear, be visible.* Hæc (fĕnestrĕ) vĭdĕt Inārĭmen, illi Prŏchȳta aspĕrā parĕt. *St.* [† Apparĕo, vĭdĕŏr, cernŏr, &c.] *See* APPAREO. **2.** *To obey.* Duris parerĕ lŭpatis (de ĕquo). *V.* Parebĭt Romană jŭventus. *H.* [† ˘Obedĭo, obtempĕro, obsĕquŏr, cedo; *sts.* sĕquŏr, ausculto, audĭo.] **Crcl.** Morem gĕro. Jussă (mandată, præceptă) –făcesso, exsĕquŏr, perfĭcĭo. Jussis (dictis, impĕrĭo) parĕo. Præceptă audĭo *or* sĕquŏr. Jussă făcĭo. Non sĕcŭs ac jussŭs făcĭo. Non jussă rĕcuso. Jussă *or* impĕrĭum pătĭŏr. ˘Anĭmum submitto. Qua ducunt jussă (qua vŏcăt fortună) sĕquŏr. **3.** *Used of things inanimate.* ~-ent arvă cŏlono. *V.* frĕtă ventis. *Tib.* virtus, famă &c. divĭtĭis. *H.* ~ promissis. *O.*

PARIES, ĕtis, *dat. pl.* pārĭĕtĭbŭs *or* parjĕtĭbŭs. *m. A wall; a wall of wattle-work.* Hærent parjĕtĭbus scalæ, postesquĕ sŭb ipsos. *V.* ~ lento vimĭnĕ textŭs ĕrăt. *O.* [† Murŭs, macĕrĭă *or* macĕrĭes.]

PARILIS, ĕ. *Equal, like.* Concharumquĕ gĕnus pārĭli rătĭonĕ vĭdemŭs. *Lr.* ~-i ætatĕ Philemon. *O.* [† Par, sĭmĭlis, &c.] *See* P. S.

PARIO, is, pĕpĕri, partum. **1.** *To bring forth* (as a mother). At vestræ tĕnĕras matres pĕpĕrerĕ pŭellas. *O. See* PARTURIO, GIGNO. **2.** Gen. *To produce.* ~-it Hyblă fāvos. *O.* Lignă pŭtrĕfactă vermĭculos ~-unt. *Lr. See* PRODUCO. **3.** Fig. *To cause, occasion, effect, procure.* ~ sĭbĭ letum mănu; nobis hanc pătrĭam sanguĭnĕ sŭo. *V.* inferĭas hosti. *O.* glorĭam dextra. *Sil.* mĕro somnum. *Tib.* Pĕpĕrĭt nobis injurĭă curas. *Pp.* [† Produco, infĕro, affĕro, edo, do, gigno, suffĭcĭo, crĕo, importo.]

PARIS, Idis, *acc.* Idem, In, *or* im. *m.*; Pārĭ, *voc. O. Son of Priam, king of Troy. C. D.* Solus, qui Pārĭdem sŏlĭtus contendĕrĕ contrā. *V.* Absolvit Phrȳgĭum vestrā rāpinā Pārin. *M.* [† ˘Alexandĕr, Prĭămĭdes.] **Ep.** Phrȳgĭus, Idæŭs, Dardănĭŭs, Ilĭăcŭs, formosŭs, pulchĕr, mollĭs; incestŭs, ădultĕr, perfĭdŭs, infidŭs; fatalis. **Crcl.** Phrȳgĭus (Idæŭs, Laŏmĕdonteŭs, Laŏmĕdontĭŭs) pastŏr (judex, arbĭtĕr, hospĕs, raptŏr). Pastŏr perfĭdŭs. Idæ judex. Fatalis *or* incestŭs judex. Hĕlĕnæ *or* Lăcænæ hospĕs. Formæ judex. Interfectŏr ˘Achillĭs.

PARITER. **1.** *In like manner, equally.* Nec, nĭsĭ quæ pătĭar, mĕtŭam, pārĭterquĕ fĕremŭs. *O.* [† Æqualĭtĕr, æque.] **Crcl.** Non sĕcŭs *or* mĭnŭs. Non *or* haud ălĭtĕr. **2.** *At the same time, together.* Evandrŭs ~, ~ Trojană jŭventus. *V.* Vitam ~ regnumquĕ rĕliquĭt. *O.* [† Sĭmŭl.] *See* S. **3.** *Step with step.* ~ ăd littŏrā tendunt. *V.* nymphas incedĕrĕ vidĭt. *O.* **4.** With dat. *As well as, alike with, together with.* ~ mărito ĕpŭlatā. *St.* fāvillis durescĭt glăcies. *Cl.* Quibŭs (scriptis) ~ tŏt pĕrĭerĕ bŏnă. *Pp. See* SIMUL, CUM.

PARIUS, ă, um. *Parian, of Paros.* Hærĕt ŭt e Pārĭo formatum marmŏrĕ signum. *O.*

PARMA, æ. *f. A kind of short round buckler; any buckler.* Rejĭcĭunt parmas, ĕt ĕquos ad mœnĭă vertunt. *V.* [† Parmŭlă.] *See* CLYPEUS.

PARMŬLA, æ. *f., dim. of* Parma. Et cĕlĕrem fŭgam Sensi, rĕlicta non bĕnĕ parmŭla. *H.*

PARNASSECŬS. *See* PARNASSIUS.

PARNASSIS, *or* PARNASIS, Idis. *f. Of Parnassus,* Illĕ căput flavum lauro Parnassĭdĕ vinctŭs. *O.* [† Parnassĭă; *ext.* Hĕlĭconis, Castălis.]

PARNASSIŬS, *or* PARNASIŬS, *and sts.* PARNASSECŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to Parnassus;* hence, *of* or *relating to Apollo* or *the Muses;* used also subst., *the Muse.* ~ rupes; laurŭs. *V.* chĕlȳs. *Cl.* Ignarum, dŏcĕas, Parnassĭă, vatem. *Cl.* [† Hĕlĭconĭŭs, Castălĭŭs, Phœbeŭs, ˘Apollĭnĕŭs, Pĭĕrĭŭs, Permessĭŭs, Aŏnĭŭs, ˘Agănippĕŭs, Hȳantĭŭs.] **2.** *Of* or *relating to Delphi, Delphian, prophetic.* ~ Thĕmis. ~-ă templă. *O.* ~ vox. *V. Fl.*

PARNASUS, *or* PARNASUS, i. *m. Mount Parnassus, in Phocis. C. D.* Nomĭnĕ Parnassus, sŭpĕratquĕ căcumĭnĕ rupes. *O.* [† Pindŭs, Hĕlĭcon; Castălis, ˘Agănippe.] **Ep.** ˘Apollĭnĕŭs, Phœbeŭs, săcĕr, cănorŭs, doctŭs; ăĕrĭŭs, ardŭŭs, sublimis; bĭceps, bĭfidŭs, bĭcornis. **Crcl.** Parnassĭă *or* Parnassis rupes. Parnassĭă *or* Parnassĕă jŭgă. Parnassĭŭs (Aŏnĭŭs) mons *or* vertex. Mons –Pĭĕrĭŭs, Hȳanteŭs. Mons sŏrorum *or* Aŏnĭdum. Mons (vertex) Musis *or* Phœbo săcĕr. Gĕmĭnă Parnassi arx. Parnassi cornŭă. Lŏcă Musis cultă *or* hăbĭtatā.

PARO, as. **1.** *To prepare, to get* (something) *ready.* His commotā, fŭgam Dido sŏcĭosquĕ pārabăt. *V.* ~ mœnĭă. *V.* bellă; vim. *O.* [† Appăro, compăro, præpăro, instrŭo, instĭtŭo, orno, ădorno, ordĭno, accingo, dispono, mollĭŏr, ăgĭto.] **2.** Intr. Us. with inf. *To prepare oneself.* ~ parerĕ impĕrĭis. *V.* ablŭĕrĕ lassatā membrā. *O.* ˘Anĭmo vĭrĭli ŭt sis, pāra. *Ter.* [† Appăro, accingŏr, cogĭto, mĕdĭtŏr.] **3.** *To get, procure, provide.* ~ ancillas; aurum. *H.* ornatum. *Ph.* divĭtĭas; sĭbĭ solatĭă. *O.* [† Compăro, ĕmo, pārĭo, gigno, &c.] *See* ACQUIRO, EMO.

PARŎCHUS, i. *m. A purveyor, host* (for public or private guests). Vertĕrĕ pallŏr tum pārŏchi făcĭem, nil sic mĕtŭentĭs ŭt acres Potores. *H.*

PAROPSIS, Idis. *f. A dish, platter.* Jugĕrā, quam multa magnaquĕ pārŏpsĭdĕ cœnăt. *J. See* LANX.

PARŎS, i. *f. One of the Cyclades, celebrated for its marble.* Et Pārŏs, et Clārĭo Delŏs ămatā dĕo. *O.*

PARRA, æ. *f. The jay, a bird of bad omen.* Impĭos parræ rĕcĭnentĭs omĕn. *H.*

PARRHĀSĬS, ĭdĭs. *f. Arcadian; used subst.* = *Callisto.* Quæquĕ mĭcat gĕlĭdo Parrhāsĭs Ursā pŏlo. *O.* ~ erŭbŭĭt. *O.*

PARRHĀSĬUS, ă, um. 1. *Of Parrhasia, a town of Arcadia;* hence, *Arcadian.* Parrhāsĭo dictum Panos de morĕ Lȳcæi. *V. See* ARCADIUS. Hence also—2. *Of Mount Palatine* (the seat of the Arcadian Evander). ~ dŏmŭs. *M. See* PALATINUS.

PARRĬCIDA, æ. *m. f. A parricide.* Telĕgŏni jŭgā parrĭcidæ. *H.* [¶ Pătrĭcidā.] **Crcl.** Pătrĭs (matrĭs) interfectŏr *or* occisŏr.

PARS, tĭs. *f.* 1. *A part, a portion.* Partĭbŭs æquabat justis, aut sortĕ trāhebāt. *V.* Pars ălĭī ĭn vites. *O.* ~ dĭei; morbi. *H.* [¶ Portĭo; *sts.* partĭcŭlă, ălĭquĭd, nonnĭhĭl.] 2. Pars . . . pars (= ălĭī . . . ălĭī; hi . . . illi). *Some . . . others,* &c. *V.* 3. Partĕ. *abl. Partly.* Partĕ . . . partĕ. *Here . . . there; in one part . . . in another.* Quæ, candĭdā partĕ, partĕ rŭbent (pomā). *O.* [¶ Partim, hinc . . . illinc.] 4. ˘In partem vŏco, &c.; ĭn partem vĕnĭo. *See* PARTICIPO. 5. Pro sŭa partĕ = vĭrĭtim. *See* V. 6. *Side, quarter, direction* (as to where, whence, whither). Lit. and fig. Bŏrĕæ de partĕ fulmĭnarĕ. *V.* Immissi diversis ~-ĭbŭs ignes. *V.* [¶ Rĕgĭo, lŏcŭs, tractŭs.] 7. ˘Ab omni partĕ. *Entirely, perfectly.* Omni a partĕ plăcebam. *O.* ˘Ab omni partĕ bĕatŭs. *H. See* OMNINO. 8. *One of two parties in any cause; a party, side* (us. pl.). Nostræ tĭmĕo parti. *Ter.* Partĭs rŭĭnā. *L.* [¶ Partes.] 9. Pl. Partes, ĭum. *A part, character* (as in acting); *a part* or *duty to be performed.* Ne fortĕ sĕnĭles Mandentur jŭvĕni partes. *H.* ~-es rōgantŭs āgo. *O.* ˘Ad partes solers ancillā. *O.* Vĕnirĕ ăd uxorĭs partes. *O.* [¶ Munŭs, munŭs, offĭcĭum.] 10. *A side, party.* ~-es turbā -sĕcutā tŭas. *O.* [¶ Causā, signā, castrā, factĭo.]

PARTHĒNĬUS, ĭi. *m. A mountain in Arcadia;* used also adj. *Arcadian.* Parthĕnĭos cănĭbŭs circumdārĕ saltus. *V.* ~ uĕmŭs. *O.*

PARTHĒNŎPÆUS, i. *m. One of the seven chiefs at Thebes. C. D.* Parthĕnŏpæus, ĕt Adrasti pallentĭs Imago. *V.* **Crcl.** Jŭvĕnĭs Tēgĕæŭs.

PARTHĒNŎPE, es. *f. The ancient name of Neapolis, now Naples.* Illo Virgĭlĭum me tempŏrĕ dulcĭs ălebāt Parthĕnŏpe &c. *V. See* NEAPOLIS.

PARTHĒNŎPĒĬUS, ă, um. *Of Parthenope* or *Naples.* Et Parthĕnŏpēĭā dextra Mœnĭā dexĭrŭĭt. *O.*

PARTHIA, æ. *f. The country of the Parthians. M. L.*

PARTHĬCUS, ă, um. *Parthian.* Parthĭcā Romanos solverunt bellā fūrores. *L.* [¶ Parthŭs.]

PARTHŬS, i. *m., and* PARTHI, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *A Parthian, Parthians, a Scythian people. C. D.* Primā lĕves ĭnĕunt si quando prœlĭā Parthi. *V.* Fidentem fŭga Parthum. *V.* [¶ Medŭs, Persā; Medi, Persæ.] **Ep.** Lĕves, cĕlĕres, fŭgaces, săgittĭfĕri, fĕroces, pugnaces, indŏmĭti. 2. *Used adj.* Partha signā rĕtentā mānu. *O.* ~-æ săgittæ. *O.* [¶ Parthĭcŭs.]

PARTICEPS, cĭpis. *m. f. n. A partaker, sharer.* Quare partĭcĭpem leti quŏquĕ convĕnĭt essĕ. *Lr.* ~ ŏpĕrum; tŏri. *O.* [¶ Consors, sŏcĭŭs, partĭcĭpans; *sts.* conscĭŭs.] **Crcl.** Non expers, non exsors.

PARTICIPO, as (in very early and very late poets). 1. *To share any thing* (acc.) *out to another, to make another* (acc.) *partaker of, take into share.* Quod mălā non cuiquam, non bŏnā partĭcĭpo. *Aus.* ~ qm consĭlĭi sŭi. *Pl.* [¶ Communĭco, impertĭŏr, trado, divĭdo.] **Crcl.** Partĭcĭpem (sŏcĭum, consortem) făcio. ˘In partem vŏco. Partem făcio. Partem ălĭīs pono. ˘In partē lŏco. *See* COMMUNICO. 2. Pass. ˘Uti dentes quŏquĕ sensu partĭcĭpentŭr. *Lr.* 3. Anc. Intr. *To share with any body, partake of. Enn. ap. Cic.* [¶ Partĭŏr.] **Crcl.** Partem fĕro *or* hăbĕo. ˘In partem vĕnio.

PARTICŬLA, æ. *f. A small part, a particle.* Fertur Prŏmĕtheus addĕrĕ princĭpi Limo cŏactŭs partĭcŭlam undĭquĕ (*from other animals*) Desectam. *H.* ~ divinæ auræ. *H.*

PARTĬCŬLATIM. *Part by part, by pieces.* Lumĭnā qui linquunt mŏrĭbundi partĭcŭlatim. *Lr.* [¶ Mĭnutatim.]

PARTIM. *In part, partly.* Corpŏrā partim Multā vĭrum terræ infŏdĭunt, avectăquĕ partim. *V.* [¶ Pars, ălĭī . . . ălĭī.]

PARTIO, is, *anc.* = Partĭŏr. Æthĕrĭs oras Parĭĭt, ĕt in partes non æquas divĭdĭt orbem. *Lr.*

PARTIŎR, irĭs. 1. *To divide, distribute.* Lit. and fig. Hinc portum pĕtĭt, et sŏcĭos partitŭr ĭn omnes (cervorum corpŏrā). *V.* ~ ĭn ambos carĭtatem. *Pā.* Quicum ~ curas. *V.* [¶ Divĭdo, distrĭbŭo. Æquo qd partĭbŭs justis.] 2. *To divide* (cut) *in twain* or *parts.* Illum ăcĭes curvæ sĕcāt undĭquĕ falcĭs, Partiturquĕ rŏtis. *V. Fl.*

PARTŬRIO, is, ivi *or* ĭi. 1. *To be in travail; to bring forth.* Dicĭtĭ, tu voto partŭrĭentĭs ădes. *O.* Partŭrĭunt montes, nascetur ridĭcŭlus mus. *H.* Quos (fetus) horrĭdā partŭrĭt (Germanĭā). *H.* [¶ Pārio, edo, gigno, gĕnĕro, progĕnĕro, enitŏr, connitŏr, crĕo, procrĕo, progigno, produco, depono.] **Crcl.** ˘Ūtĕro lăboro. Partŭs ădest. Partum (fetum) -edo, educo, emitto, ūtĕro educo. Partum (partus) do *or* solvo. Partu -edo, crĕo, do, enitŏr. Pĕr partus do. Partu prolem do (sŭb lumĭnĭs auras edo). Maturum partum -emitto ĭn lucem;—ĭn lumĭnĭs auras edo *or* emitto. Matrĭs ŏnŭs (naturæ ŏnŭs, maturi ventrĭs pignŏrā) emitto (depono). Fetum completo tempŏrĕ (justi tempŏrĕ partus completo) edo. Matrĭs ŏnŭs Lucinā solvĭt. *See* GIGNO. 2. Gen. *To put forth, to produce.* ~-ĭt arbos. *V.* imbres nŏtĭs. *H.* mĭnas irā. *O.* [¶ Gigno, produco, pārio, &c.] *See* PRODUCO.

PARTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PARIO. 1. *Born, brought forth.* ˘Alĭus Lātĭo jam partŭs ˘Achilles. *V. See* NATUS. 2. *Got, obtained.* ~-ă bellando glorĭā. *O.* [¶ Pāratŭs, acquisitŭs, quæsitŭs, inventŭs, collectŭs, compāratŭs.]

PARTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A bringing forth, a birth.* Tum partu terrā nĕfando Cœumque lăpĕtumquĕ crĕāt. *V.* Quas &c. uno eodemquĕ ~-u tŭlĭt (nox). *V.* Cœlestŭ̄ sĕmĭnā ~-u edĭdĕrāt (Ilĭā). *O.* [¶ Pŭerpĕrĭum.] **Ep.** ˘Acerbŭs, crudŭs, immaturŭs, durŭs, grăvĭs, tristĭs; maturŭs, felix, faustŭs. 2. *The offspring brought forth.* Sævlĕt ĭn ~-us mĕos (nŏvercā). *O.* ~-us gĕmellos enixā. *O. See* PROLES.

PĂRUM. *adv. Little.* Sed frons lætā pārum, et dejecto lumĭnā vultu. *V.* ~ splendorĭs hăbĕrĕ. *H.* Non nŏcŭissĕ, ~ est. *O.* [¶ Paulum, mŏdĭcum, exĭgŭum, lĕvĭtĕr, paulŭlum; *sts.* non, mĭnŭs, mĭnĭme.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud multum. Non ĭtā, non ădĕo.

PĂRUMPĔR. *adv. For a short time, a little while; during a short time.* Pulsusquĕ pārumpĕr Cordĕ dŏlŏr. *V.* [¶ ˘Alĭquantum, ălĭquandĭu; paulispĕr.]

PARVŬLUS, *anc.* PARVŎLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Parvus. 1. *Very little; very young, infantine.* Si quis mĭhĭ parvŭlus aula Ludĕrĕt Æneas. *V.* Torquatŭs parvŭlus. *Cat.* [¶ Pŭsillus, &c.] *See* PARVUS. 2. *Inconsiderable, trifling.* Dăbĭtŭr mŏrā ~-ă. *J.* Parvŭlā causā. *Lr.*

PARVUS, ă, um (parvissĭmŭs, *anc. superl. Lr.*). 1. *Little, little of stature;* sp. *a little one* (of children). Victosquĕ dĕos parvumquĕ nĕpotem Ipsĕ trāhĭt. *V.* ~-osquĕ sĕnesquĕ. *St.* [¶ Parvŭlus, exĭgŭus, brĕvĭs, mĭnĭmŭs, mĭnutŭs, tĕnĕr, tĕnellŭs, pŭsillŭs, puslo.] *See* PUER. 2. *Little*

(in quantity, degree, or importance, &c.). ∾-ă componĕrĕ magnis. *V.* ∾ glorĭă. *V.* ∾-ă donă. *O.* ∾ crĭŏr venĭt ĭn orā. *L.* [¶ Parvŭlŭs, mĭnĭmŭs, lĕvĭs, tĕnŭĭs, exĭgŭŭs, mŏdĭcŭs.] 3. *Short* (of time). ˘In ∾-o tempŏrĕ. *Lr.* ∾ nox. *L. See* BREVIS. 4. *Little, mean, humble in rank*, &c. ∾-is ănĭmis majŭs (ŏnŭs). *H.* ∾-i prŏpĕremŭs ĕt ampli. *H. See* HUMILIS, PAUPER. 5. Used subst. n. *A little.* ∾-o assuetā jŭventus. *V.* ∾-um sanguĭnis effundĕrĕ. *L.* [¶ Exĭgŭum, mŏdĭcum.] 6. Parvo (sc. pretio). *At a small price, cheaply.* Lit. and fig. Quanti emptŭs? Parvo. *H.* [¶ Asăis; haud *or* non magno; sĕrĕ brĕvi.]

PASCO, ĭs, pavi, pastum. 1. Tr. *To feed* (support by food). Dictæo cœli regem paverĕ sŭb antro. *V.* Pascens herboso flumĭnĕ cycnos (campŭs). *V.* Humano viscĕrĕ pavĭt ĕquos. *O.* [¶ ˘Alo, nutrĭo, &c.] *See* ALO. 2. Sp. *To pasture, lead to pasture, tend at pasture.* Pascĭtĕ bŏves, pŭĕri. *V.* ˘Oves pavĭt ˘Ādonĭs. *V.* [¶ Servo, custodĭo, ăgo, ăgĭto, compello.] Crol. ˘Ad pastum -duco, ăgo, educo. ˘In pascŭă mitto *or* rĕvŏco. ˘Ad pascŭă -duco, ăgo, cogo. ˘In pascŭă (In saltus) mitto. Stăbŭlis -educo, expello, mŏvĕo. Herbas (pabŭlă) præbĕo *or* suppĕdĭto. Armentă (grĕgĕs) observo (herbas *or* campos permitto sequi). *See* PASTUS (us). Fig. 3. *To keep up, supply, support; to feed, feast* (gratify) *any feeling*, &c. ∾-ĭt hŏnos plurĭmŭs aras. *V. Fl.* ănĭmum pictura inani. *V.* spes ămantem. *O.* ∾ ŏcŭlos. *Ter.* 4. *To let the hair* or *beard grow.* ∾ sācrum tĭbĭ crinem. *V.* săpientem barbam. *H.* [¶ ˘Alo.] *See* CAPILLATUS. 5. Intr. *To feed, to graze.* Pascentes servarĕ hœdos. *V.* [¶ Pascŏr, pabŭlŏr.] Crol. Herbam (gramĕn, gramĭnă) -depasco, carpo, tondĕo, attondĕo, detondĕo. Pabŭlă (pascŭă, gramĭnă) -carpo, decerpo, pĕto, rĕpĕto, mando, morsu tondĕo, orĕ lĕgo, dentĭbŭs libo. Virgultă (dumetă, campum, prată) -tondĕo *or* carpo, morsu concedo. Gramĭnis herbam attingo. ˘In montĭbŭs (pĕr campos, pĕr herbas) -erro, văgŏr, pasco, pascŏr.

PASCŎR, pastŭs sum. *d.* Used intr. and tr. 1. *To graze, browse, feed upon.* Pĕr campos pascuntŭr ĕqui. *V.* ∾-untŭr silvas. *V.* Mălă gramĭnă pastŭs. *V.* ∾ montano gramĭnĕ; thȳmo; rorĕ. *V. See* PASCO. Fig. 2. *To feed upon, derive nutriment and support from; to move over as if browsing.* Circum tempŏrā ∾-i (de flamma). *V.* Ocĕăno ∾-i Phœbum credĭmŭs. *L.* ˘Anĭmŭs ∾-ĭtŭr otĭo. *O.* [¶ ˘Alŏr, nutrĭŏr.] *See* ˘EDO. 3. *To feast the mind upon, enjoy.* ∾ cladĭbŭs nostris. *O.* [¶ Frŭŏr.]

PASCŬUM, i. *n., and us.* PASCŬĂ, orum. *pl. A pasture, pasture lands.* Quid nĭsi ăraturis pascŭă bubŭs ĕrant? *O.* [¶ Pabŭlă, pastŭs, prată, herbă, gramĕn, virgultă, dumetă.] Ep. Gramĭnĕă, herbĭdă, herbosă, vĭrentĭă, vĭrĭdantĭă; ămœnă, lætă, ŏpimă, pinguĭă; humĭdă, humentĭă, roscĭdă. Crol. Pingues campi. Vĭrĭdissĭmă gramĭnĕ ripă. *See* PASCO.

PASCŬUS, ă, um. *Fit for pasture.* Pandĕre ăgros pingues, et pascŭă redděrĕ rurā. *Lr.*

PASĬPHAE, es. *f. Daughter of the Sun; wife of Minos, king of Crete; and mother of the Minotaur. C. D.* Pasĭphăen nĭvĕi solatŭr ămorĕ jŭvenci. *V.* Ep. Minoĭă, Minoă, ădultĕrā, incestă, infamĭs, turpĭs. Crol. Minoĭs, Minoă, Minoĭă conjux *or* uxŏr.

PASSĔR, ĕrĭs. *m. A sparrow.* Passer, delĭcĭæ mĕæ pŭellæ. *Cat.* Arguto passĕrĕ vernăt ăgĕr. *M.* [¶ Passercŭlus.] Ep. Lĕvĭs, parvŭs, aĕrĭŭs, lascivŭs, prŏtervŭs.

PASSERCŬLUS, i. *m., dim. of* Passer. *Pl.* [Used as a fondling term.]

PASSIM. *adv.* 1. *Here and there, in all directions.* Stratā jăcent passim sŭā quæquĕ sŭb arbŏrĕ pomā. *V.* Tota passim rĕgĭonĕ văgantŭr. *V.* [¶ ˘Ubiquĕ, quocunquĕ.] Crol. Hic illic, hinc illinc, huc illuc. Sĭnĕ legĕ. Sĭnĕ ordĭnĕ. 2. *Any how, as chance would have it.* ∾ sempĕr ămarunt (vĕtĕres). *Tib.* [¶ Tĕmĕrĕ.] Crol. Discrimĭnĕ nullo.

PASSUM, i. *n. Raisin-wine. See* PASSUS (I., 4).

I. PASSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PANDO. 1. *Extended, stretched out.* ∾-is de littŏrĕ palmis. *V.* pennis victorĭă. *O.* [¶ Expansŭs, extensŭs, ăpertŭs, pătens.] 2. *Dishevelled* (of the hair). Crinĭbŭs Illăides ∾-is. *V.* [¶ Sparsŭs, sŏlutŭs, effusŭs.] *See* CAPILLUS. 3. *Spread out to dry; dried* (of grapes). ∾-os de vitĕ răcemos. *V.* 4. Used subst. n. *Wine made of* uva passa; *raisin-wine.* ∾-o pĭthĭă utĭlĭŏr. *V.* 5. Fig. *Of what is dried and withered.* Rugosi ∾-iquĕ sĕnes. *Lucil.*

II. PASSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PATIOR. *Having undergone, suffered.*

III. PASSŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A pace, step.* Sĕquĭturquĕ pătrem non passĭbŭs æquis. *V.* Incessit passu de vulnĕrĕ tardo. *O.* [¶ Grăděs, gressŭs, pes, ingressŭs; *sts.* cursŭs.] 2. Sts. *The mark of a footstep.* *O.* [¶ Vestigĭă.] 3. *A measure of length* = (according to our measurement) *a double pace, and a thousand of which* = *a Roman mile.* Dŭŏ sunt, quæ nos distinguunt millĭă passum (*for* passuum). *M.*

PASTILLŬS, i. *m. A pastile.* Pastillum Rufillŭs ŏlet, Gorgonĭŭs hircum. *H.*

PASTŎR, orĭs, *m. A herdsman;* sp. *a shepherd.* Pastŏr ĭnæquali mŏdŭlatŭr ărundĭnĕ carmĕn. *O.* Incautis pastorĭbŭs excĭdĭt ignis. *V.* [¶ Pascens, armentarĭŭs, bŭbulcŭs, opĭlĭo.] Ep. Rustĭcŭs, ăgrestĭs, văgŭs, errans, vĭgĭl, matutinŭs, sedŭlŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs; ĭnops, mĭsĕr, ĕgenŭs, paupĕr, squallĭdŭs. Crol. Grĕgis (pĕcŏrĭs, ŏvĭum) -custos, măgistĕr, dux. *See* PASCO.

PASTORALIS, ĕ, *and* PASTORIUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to a shepherd*, &c., *pastoral.* Et pastoralem præfixa cuspĭdĕ myrtum. *V.* Quo te pastorĭă pellis Texĭt. *O.*

PASTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PASCO. 1. Tr. *Having fed upon.* ∾ carĭcĕ ăcuta; mălă gramĭnă. *V.* [¶ Sătĭatŭs, sătŭratŭs, sătŭs, rĕplĕtŭs, plenŭs.] 2. Pass. *Fed upon* (eaten). ∾-o vescĭtŭr antĕ cĭbo. *O.*

PASTŬS, us. *m. A pasture, pasture* or *pasturing.* Aut ille ĭn pastus armentăquĕ tendĭt ĕquarum (ĕquŭs). *V.* Nĕc rĕdĭt ĭn ∾-us (taurŭs). *L.* [¶ Pascŭă.] *See* P. Phr. 1. *To lead out to pasture.* ˘Ad pastum -ăgo, duco, &c. *See* PASCO. Phr. 2. *To bring home from pasture.* E pastu rĕduco. ˘Ad tectă rĕduco &c. ˘In stăbŭlă cogo. Phr. 3. *To return from pasture.* E pastu -rĕdĕo, decedo. Stăbŭlum *or* stăbŭli tectă -pĕto, rĕpĕto.

PĂTARĂEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Patara, a town of Lycia, sacred to Apollo. C. D.* Et Clărŏs, et Tĕnĕdos, Pătărăăquĕ rĕgĭă servĭt. *O.*

PĂTĂREUS, ĕŏs *or* ĕi. *m. A name of Apollo, from Patara, in Lycia, sacred to him. C. D.* Delĭŭs et Pătăreus ˘Apollo. *H.*

PĂTĂVINUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Patavium, now Padua.* Vellĕrā quum sumant Pătăvinæ multă trĭlices. *M.* [¶ Eugănĕŭs, Antenŏrĕŭs.] 2. *Used of Titus Livius, the famous historian, as born at Patavium.* *See* LIVIUS.

PĂTĂVIUM, ĭi *and* i. *n. A town of Italy, the birthplace of Livy, now Padua.* Hic tămĕn ille urbem Pătăvi sedesquĕ lŏcavĭt. *V.*

PĂTĔFĂCIO, ĭs, feci, factum. 1. *To open, lay* or *set open.* Et presso sulcum pătĕfecĭt ăratro. *O.*

Pătĕfecĭt purpŭrĕas fŏres (Aurorā). *O.* [† ˘Apĕrĭo, pando, &c.] *See* APERIO. **2.** *To make visible, bring out into light and right.* Postĕrā lux rādĭis totum pătĕfecĕrāt orbem. *O.* [† Detĕgo, illumĭno, illustro.] [The second syllable is found long in *Lr.* (iv. 346,) and in *Enn. apud Is. Or.* 18, 36. See also in *patefio.*] **3.** Pass. Pătĕfio, is, factŭs sum. *To be opened* or *open; plainly to appear, to be clearly seen.* Lit. and fig. Quum confluxerunt, pătĕfĭt quodcunquĕ crĕsātŭr. *Lr.* Causā pătefiet quæ ferri pellĭcĭat vim. *Lr.* ∾-unt noctĕ fĕnestræ. *Pp. See* PATEO.

PĂTELLĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A sort of charger used at sacrifices.* Fert missa Vestæ missā pătellā clĭbos. *O.* [† Lanx.] **2.** Gen. *A dish* or *platter of any kind.* Cœnarĕ ŏlŭs omnĕ mŏdĭca pătella. *H.* Latā ∾ rhombum gĕrĭt. *M.* [† Lanx, pătĭnā, cătĭllŭs, pāropsis.] Ep. ˘Opimā, unctā, ŏnustā, pinguis; mŏdĭcā, exĭgŭā; latā.

PĂTENS, tis. *part. See* PATEO. Used also adj. **1.** *Open, laid* or *set open.* Qui primi portas cursu irruperĕ pătentes. *V.* [† ˘Apertŭs, rĕsĕrātŭs, pătĕfactŭs, rĕclusŭs.] **2.** *Open, unconfined, extending on all sides.* ˘In pătenti prensŭs Ægæo. *H.* [† ˘Apertŭs, vastŭs, effusŭs, latŭs.] **3.** Fig. *Open, manifest.* Nĭmĭum pătens (ămŏr). *O. See* MANIFESTUS.

PĂTĔO, es. **1.** *To be* or *stand open; to open.* intr. Noctes atquĕ dĭes pătĕt atri janŭā Dĭtis. *V.* Concussæ pătŭerĕ fŏres. *O.* [† Pătesco, pătĕfio, āpĕrĭŏr, pandŏr, rĕsĕrŏr, rĕcludŏr; *sts.* hĭo, dĕhisco.] **2.** *To be discovered, laid bare, made manifest.* Verā incessu pătŭĭt dĕā. *V.* Iræ pătŭerĕ dĕum. *L.* Illatis ignĭbŭs actā ∾-ent. *O. See* PATESCO.

PĂTĔR, pătris *and* patris. *m.* **1.** *A father.* Natum ante orā pătris, patremque obtruncăt ād aras. *V.* [† Gĕnĭtŏr, sātŏr, pārens, crĕātŏr.] Ep. Vĕrendŭs, cŏlendŭs, vĕnĕrandŭs, pĭŭs, āmans, mĭtis, făcĭlis; carŭs, dilectŭs; rĭgĭdŭs, sĕvĕrŭs. Crol. Sanguĭnis *or* gĕnĕris auctŏr. **2.** *A title applied reverentially to gods, heroes, and aged persons; and also to founders, originators, &c.* Huc, pătĕr o Lenæ, vĕni. *V.* ∾ Æneas; Tĭbĕrĭnŭs; Apenninŭs. *V. See* MATER, AUCTOR. **3.** Sp. *Jupiter* [abs., or with omnĭpŏtens, magnŭs, summŭs, dĕum, divum]. *See* JUPITER. **4.** Pl. Pătres. *Ancestors.* Relĭgĭonĕ pătrum multos servatā pĕr annos. *V.* Claris pătrĭbŭs orti. *H.* [† ˘Avi, majores.] **5.** *Senators.* Selectā pectŏrā, Pătres dixĭt (Romŭlŭs). *O.* [† Conscripti, sĕnatŭs.]

PĂTĔRĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A vessel used for libations in sacrifices.* Vinăquĕ fundebat pătĕrā, ănĭmamquĕ vŏcabăt. *V.* **2.** *A goblet at banquets.* Implevĭt mĕro ∾-am. *V. See* POCULUM.

PĂTERFĂMĬLĬAS, *or* PĂTER FĂMĬLĬAS. *The father of a family, head of a house.* Pătĕrfămĭlĭas sævum hăbebat filium. *Ph.* and *M.*

PĂTERNŬS, ă, um. *Of a father, like a father, paternal.* Est hŏnŏr et tŭmŭlis ănĭmas placarĕ pătĕrnas. *O.* Sedes ∾-æ. *V.* [† Pătrĭŭs, pătris *or* pătrum.]

PĂTESCO, is. **1.** *To open, lie* or *spread open.* Apparet dŏmŭs intŭs, ĕt atrĭā longā pătescunt. *V.* Portŭs ∾-it jam prŏplŏr. *V. See* PATEO. **2.** *To become manifest, be evident, to come to light.* Dănăum inăldĭæ ∾-unt. *V.* Rătĭo ∾-it. *Lr.* [† Pătĕfio, pătĕo, detĕgŏr, āpĕrĭŏr, pandŏr, rĕcludŏr, apparĕo, ostendŏr, monstrŏr, prodŏr, vĭdĕŏr, parĕo; *sts.* vulgŏr *or* lĭquĕt.] Crol. Me –ostendo, prodo, mănifesto. Mănifestum (clarum, āpertum) est. Pălam est *or* fit. ˘In mĕdĭo pătĕt. ˘In lucem *or* mĕdĭum dătŭr.

PĂTIENS, tis. *part. See* PATIOR. **1.** *Suffering.* Ipse olim pătĭentem vulnĕrā millĕ (vidi). *O.* **2.** *Not objecting, content.* ∾ vŏcari Cæsărĭs ultŏr. *H.* **3.** Used adj. with gen. *Patient under, content to bear; hardy, enduring.* ∾ ŏpĕrum jŭventus. *V.* contemptus. *O.* Dens ∾-is ăratri. *O.* Saxo ∾-lŏr Sĭcano. *Pp.* [† Expĕrĭens, durŭs, constans.] Crol. Pătĭ făcĭlis (promptŭs, dŏcĭlis). Lăborĕ (mălis) infractŭs *or* invictŭs.

PĂTIENTĔR. *Patiently.* Nec tămĕn illā lĕgi pŏtĕrunt pătĭentĕr āb ullo. *O.* ∾ qd ferrĕ. *O.* ŏlŭs prandĕrĕ. *H.* [† Constantĕr, fortĭtĕr, plăcĭdē.] Crol. Æquo ănĭmo. *See* CONSTANTER.

PĂTIENTIĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *The act of enduring, suffering.* Contŭdĭt expĕnĭum pătĭentĭā longā mălorum. *O.* [† Expĕrĭentĭā.] **2.** *Patience under suffering.* Multā dĭuquĕ tŭli: vĭtĭis ∾ victā est. *O. See* CONSTANTIA.

PĂTĬNĂ, æ. *f. A dish.* Servum, pătĭnam qui tollĕrĕ jussŭs. *H.* [† Cătinŭs, cătillŭs, pāropsis, lanx.]

PĂTIŎR, tĕris, passŭs sum, pati. **1.** *To suffer, to undergo, have to bear* (with acc.). Non rastros pătĭetur hŭmus, non vinĕā falcem. *V.* ∾ sŭperbā fastidĭā. *V.* numĭnis iram. *O.* ∾-ĭtur cultus ăgĕr. *O.* [† Perpĕtĭŏr, fĕro, perfĕro, sŭbĕo, tŏlĕro, sustĭnĕo, expĕrĭŏr; *sts.* suffĕro, exsĕquŏr.] Crol. Æquo (forti, infracto, plăcĭdo, tranquillo) ănĭmo *or* æqua mentĕ fĕro *or* pătĭŏr. Pătĭentĕr fĕro *or* tŏlĕro. **2.** *To permit, allow. See* PERMITTO. **3.** Abs. *To bear, endure, suffer.* Intĕr desertā fĕrarum mallĕ păti. *V.* Pătĭendi usum collĭgĕrĕ. *O.* [† Duro.]

PĂTRĬĂ, *seldom* PATRIĂ, æ. *f. One's country.* Nos pătrĭæ fines et dulcĭā linquĭmŭs arvā. *V.* Lucem reddĕ tŭæ, dux bŏnĕ, patrĭæ. *H.* [The only instance in *H.*] [† *Sts.* Terrā, tellus, urbs.] Ep. Almā, dulcis, carā, dilectā; antiquā, vĕtŭs. Crol. Pătrĭā –tellus, terrā, sedes, urbs. Arvā pătrĭā *or* natalĭā. Natalĕ sŏlum. Pătrĭi fines *or* campi. Pătrĭæ –rurā, sŏlum, tectā. Pătrĭum littŭs. Pătrĭi –muri, lăres, pĕnates, fŏci. Pătrĭā limĭnā. Pătrĭæ sedis limĭnā. Pătrĭi sŏli mœnĭā. Terrā altrix.

PĂTRĬCIŬS, *and us.* PATRICIUS, ă, um. *Patrician;* used also subst. m. pl. *the patricians.* Patrĭcio Crĕmĕræ măcŭlavit sanguĭnĕ ripas. *Sil.* ∾-os omnes ŏpĭbŭs provŏcarĕ. *J.*

PĂTRĬMONĬUM, *and sts.* PATRĬMONIUM, ĭi. *n. A patrimony, inheritance descending from father to son.* Hic sŭmŭl accepit pătrĭmoni millĕ tălentā. *H.* Nĭsi unctā devŏrarĕ patrĭmonĭā. *Cat.* [† Censŭs, ŏpes, divĭtiæ, &c.] Crol. Pătrĭæ ŏpes *or* fortunæ. Census pătĕrni. Bŏnā pătrĭā *or* pătĕrnā. *See* DIVITIÆ.

PĂTRĬŬS, *and seldom* PATRIŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Of a father, like a father, paternal.* Æneas, nĕque ĕnim pătrĭus consistĕrĕ mentem Passŭs ămŏr. *V.* Tu patrĭā nobis Suppĕdĭtas præceptā. *Lr.* (The only instance in *Lr.*) [† Pătĕrnŭs, āvĭtŭs, pătris *or* pătrum, majorum.] **2.** *Having to do with one's birth and blood, natural.* ∾ pāvŏr genti. *Sil.* Sævirĕ Dāhis pătrĭum (est). *V. Fl. See* NATIVUS. **3.** *Of* or *belonging to one's country, native.* ∾-as vento pĕtĭere Mȳcenas. *V.* ∾ sermo. *H. See* PATRIA.

PĂTRO, as. *To do, perform, carry out.* Quod făcĕre intendunt, nĕque ādhuc conātā pătrantŭr. *Lr.* ∾-is bellis. *Cl.* [† Făcio, ăgo; committo.]

PĂTROCĬNĬUM, ĭi. *n. Defence at law of an accused person;* gen. *patronage, protection.* Causā pătrocĭnĭo, non bŏnā, pejŏr ĕrĭt. *O.* [† Tutelā, præsĭdĭum.]

PĂTRŎCLŬS, *us.* PATROCLUS, i. *m. Son of Menœtius, king of the Locrians, killed by Hector, and*

avenged by Achilles. Viděrăt informem multa Patroclŏn ĭrena. *Pp.* (Patrocles, ĭs. *m. Cic. Tusc.* 2, 16.) [† Actŏrĭdes, Mĕnœtĭădes.]

Pătronŭs, *and* **Pătronŭs,** i. *m., and* **Pătrona,** æ. *f.* **1.** *A protector, patron, patroness.* Cujus fortunæ, quo sit pătrē, quovē pătrono. *H.* Quŏd, o pătronă virgo, Plus uno mănĕat pĕrennē sæclo. *Cat.* [† Tutŏr, defensŏr, custos, tutelă, præsĭdĭum.] **2.** Pătronŭs. *An advocate* (in law). Qui mŏdŏ ~, jam cūpĭt esse clĭens. *O.* [† Causĭdĭcŭs, &c.] *See* C.

Pătrŭelis, ĭs. *m. f.* **1.** *A cousin on the father's side.* Moliriquē sŭis letum pătrŭelĭbŭs ausæ. *O.* **2.** Used adj. *Of a cousin.* ~-lĭă regnă tĕnendo. *O.* Donis ~-lĭbŭs orbi (*Ajax of the arms of Achilles*). *O.*

Pătrŭus (*and* **Patrŭus.** *V. Catal.* 5, 40), i. *m.* **1.** *A paternal uncle.* Castă licet pătrŭi servet Proserpĭnă limĕn. *V.* [† ˘Avunculus (*a maternal uncle*).] Fig. **2.** *One who censures, rebukes. H.* and *Pers.* **3.** Used adj. *Of* or *belonging to an uncle.* ~ ensis. *O.* linguă. *H.*

Pătŭlus, ă, um. **1.** *Open, wide open, spread out.* Et pătŭlis ĭnlĭt tectum sublimē fĕnestris. *O.* Captarē auras ~-is narĭbŭs. *V.* ~ fagŭs. *V.* [† Pătens, ăpertŭs, hĭans, latŭs, diffusŭs, effusŭs.] **2.** Fig. *Used of ears greedy of news. H.*

Pauci, æ, ă. **1.** *Few, a few.* ˘In paucis căsis. *O.* ˘Paucis dĭebŭs. *Cat.* [† Paucŭli, ălĭquŏt, ălĭqui, nonnŭlli, perpauci, rari.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud multi. Non nŭmĕrosi. **2.** Pl. m. abs. *Few people* or *persons. V.* **3.** Sts. *The few, as distinguished from the oi πολλοί.* Paucorum hŏmĭnum (Mæcenas). *H.* ~-is mallē ac săpĭentĭbŭs essē prŏbatum. *Lucil. See* Multi. **4.** Pl. n. (sc. verba.) *A few words.* Pro re ~-ă lŏquăr. *V.* ~-is, advertē, dŏcebo. *V.* [† Brĕvĭtĕr.]

Paucŭli, æ, ă. *dim. Very few.* Quŏd impĕrabit, făcĭto; lŏquĭtor paucŭlă. *Ter. See* Pauci.

Paucŭs, ă, um. *A few.* Simplex fŏramĭnē ~-o (tibĭă). *H. See* Pauci.

Paulatim. *By little and little, gradually.* Paulatim lenta consumĭtĭs omnĭă mortē. *O.* ~ rĕdĭt ĭn sensus. *Lr.* [† Sensim; pĕdĕtentim; *sts.* mĭnutatim.] **Crcl.** Pĕr grādus.

Paulispĕr, *or* **Paullispĕr.** *adv. For a little while.* Ipse ĕgŏ paulisper pro te tŭă muněra Inibo. *V.* Rĕvŏcarē ănĭmum ~ ăb ira. *O.* [† ˘Alĭquantum, ălĭquandĭu, părumpĕr. **Crcl.** ˘Alĭquŏd tempŭs. ˘Alĭquĭd *or* părum tempŏrĭs.

Paulŭlus, *or* **Paullŭlus,** ă, um. *dim. of* Paulus. Paulŭlă ne nigras horrescăt ˘Erotĭŏn umbras. *M.* and *Ter.*

Paulŭs, *or* **Paullŭs,** ă, um. **1.** *Little, small, trifling.* Paulo momento huc illuc impellĭtŭr. *Ter.* **2.** Used subst. n. *A little, a small quantity.* ~ tĭmĭdis abstŭlĕrăt; silvæ. *H.* [† ˘Alĭquantum, părum, ălĭquĭd, nonnĭhĭl.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud multum. **3.** Paulum. n. *Used adv.* ~ cedĭt ˘Agenŏrĭdes. *O.* hæsĭt. *V.* [† Părum, ălĭquantum, lĕvĭtĕr.] **4.** *Used with comp.* = paulo; *and with* ante. *Cic.* Haud paulum mortali majŏr Imago. *Sil.* and *St.* Paulum prælabĭtŭr antē. *Cic.* (*Arat.*) **5.** Paulo. n. abl. *Used adv. before comp., and with* ante, post, prius. Paulo majorā cănamŭs. *V.* ~ audacĭŏr. *O.* Durā post paulo fŭgĭes prœlĭă. *H.* (Paulo is also sts. found without the comp. ~ tŏlĕrabĭlĭs. *Ter.* Aut nĭhĭl, aut paulo cui nunc concedĕrē dignă. *Cat.*)

Paupĕr, ĕris. *m. f. n.* **1.** *Poor, indigent;* used also subst. *a poor person.* Paupĕr ĭn armă păter primis huc misĭt ăb annis. *V.* ~ dŏmŭs; tŭgŭrĭum. *V.* regnum. *St.* Curĭă ~-lĭbŭs clausă est. *O.* [† ˘Inops, ĕgens, ĕgenŭs, indĭgŭs, mĭsĕr, paupercŭlŭs, indĭgens, mendicŭs.] **Crcl.** Nudŭs ŏpum. Æris Inops. ˘Inops rerum. Attritis rebŭs ĕgenŭs. Haud ŏpŭlentŭs. Paupertatē *or* paupĕrĭo pressŭs. Qui vitam Inŏpem –degĭt, ăgĭt, cŏlĭt. Quem paupertas (ĕgestas) –urgĕt, prĕmĭt, dŏmăt. Iro paupĕrĭŏr. Cui sunt exĭgŭi census. Cui curtă est sŭpellex. Cui parvă est dŏmi fortună. ~ In ærē sŭo; argenti ĕt auri. **2.** *Poor as to produce,* &c. Carmĕn vena paupĕrĭorē flŭĭt. *O.* [† Stĕrĭlis, jejunŭs.] **Crcl.** Non uber, non divĕs.

Paupercŭlus, ă, um. *dim. of* Pauper. Indotată mĭhi sŏrŏr est, paupercŭlă matĕr. *H.*

Paupĕries, ei. *f. Poverty.* Nunc et paupĕrĭem et duros perferrē lăbores. *V. See* Paupertas.

Paupĕro, as. *To make poor.* Contemptum cassa nŭcē paupĕrĕt: hæc mĕă cura est. *H.* [† Nudo, spŏlĭo, exŭo.]

Paupertas, ătis. *f. Poverty.* Et nĕquē divĭtĭis nec paupertatē nŏtandă. *O.* [† Paupĕrĭes, ĕgestas, penurĭă, Inŏpĭă.] **Ep.** Indĭgă, Inops, arctă, contractă, angustă, mĭsĕrā, infelix, aspĕrā, durā, sævā, importunā, infestā, impröbā, hŭmĭlĭs, incultā, sordĭdā, immundā, turpis, fœdā, tristis, invĭdā, prŏbā. **Crcl.** Res –angustā, parvā, &c. Res –angustæ, ĕgenæ, &c. Tĕnŭis fortunā. Parvŭs (exĭgŭŭs) censŭs. Sordĭdā parvæ fortunā dŏmus. *See* Pauper.

Pausă, æ. *f. A cessation, pause, stop.* Frigĭdā cum sĕmĕl est vitai pausă sĕcutā. *Lr.* ~ ardŏrĭs vĭŏlenti. *Lr.* ~-am fecerē frĕmendi. *Enn.* [† Quies, finis.]

Pavĕfactŭs, ă, um. *Frightened.* Ast ĕgŏ vicino pavĕfactā sŭb æquŏrē mergŏr. *O. See* Territus.

Pavens, tis. **1.** *Frightened, terrified.* Collĭgĭt amentes ĕt ădhuc terroĭē pāventes. *O.* Trĕmĭt, vĕlŭt agnă pāvens. *O. See* Territus. **2.** *Astounded.* Rerum nŏvĭtatē pāventem. *V.* [† Attŏnĭtŭs, stŭpĕfactŭs.]

Pavĕo, es, pavi. **1.** *To be struck with fear, to be under alarm.* Sollĭcĭtæ mentes speqnē mĕtuquē pāvent. *O.* Attŏnĭtum monstris vulgŭs ~-ĕt. *O. See* Terreor. **2.** Tr. *To dread, be afraid of.* ~ Parthum; lŭpos (de agna). *H.* ~-ĕt lædĕrē. *O. See* Timeo.

Pavesco, is = Pavĕo. Ne, natē, dĕum tu lætā pāvescē Prodĭgĭă. *Sil.*

Pavide, *and* **Pavĭdum.** n. used adv. *Timidly, fearfully.* In regnum nasci: pāvĭde num gessĭmŭs armā? *L.* Pāvĭdum blanditā . . . dixĭt. *O. See* Timide.

Pavĭdŭs, ă, um. *Frightened, fearful.* Tum pāvĭdæ tectis matres ingentĭbŭs errant. *V.* ~ lĕpŭs. *H. See* Territus, Timidus.

Pavimentum, i. *n. A pavement, floor.* Verrē pāvimentum, nĭtĭdas ostendē cŏlumnas. *J.* Tingĕrē mĕro ~-um. *H.* [† Stratum, sŏlum.] **Ep.** Nĭtĭdum, nĭtens, marmŏrĕum, vārĭum. **Crcl.** Stratum sŏlum. Marmŏrĕum sŏlum. *See* Emblema.

Pavĭto, as. *freq. of* Paveo. *To be greatly afraid, to tremble; to dread* (with acc.). Prosĕquĭtur pāvĭtans, et ficto pectŏrē fatŭr. *V.* Quæ pŭĕri pāvĭtant. *Lr.* Pāvĭtantē gressu. *Sen. See* Tremo.

Pavo, onis. *m. A peacock.* Ingrĕdĭtur lĭquĭdum pavonĭbŭs aĕrā pictis. *O.* **Ep.** Junonĭŭs, gemmatŭs, sidĕrĕŭs, pictŭs, nĭtĭdŭs. **Crcl.** Junonis *or* Junonĭŭs alēs. Junonĭă āvis *or* vŏlŭcris. ˘Avis gemmata cauda. Alĕs exĭmĭŭs. **Phr.** *Of the peacock spreading out its tail.* Alēs Junonĭŭs –caudam pictis plumis gemmēum (c. pennis gemmantem) explĭcăt *or* producĭt; —gemmantes alas (pennas) explĭcăt; —millē ŏcŭlos, millē caudæ (pennarum) gemmas explĭcăt; —laudatas pennas (pennarum ŏpes) ostentăt.

Pavŏr, oris. *m.* **1.** *Fear, affright.* Isquē mĕtu

văcŭus, naturaliquĕ păvorĕ Depŏsĭto. *O.* [¶ Tĭmŏr, mĕtŭs, &c.] *See* TIMOR. **2.** *Agitation, emotion of any agitating kind.* Successu nĭmĭo, lætoquĕ ∾-ĕ proditŭs. *Sil.* ∾ pulsans exsultantĭă cordă haurĭt. *V.* **3.** *Superstitious dread.* Prisco ∾-ĕ numĕn hăbĕt (arbŏr). *Sil.* [¶ Formido, horrŏr.]

PAX, acĭs. *f.* **1.** *Peace* (the opposite of war). Nullă dĭes pacem hanc ˘Ītălis nec fœdĕrā rumpĕt. *V.* [¶ Concordĭă, fœdŭs, ămicĭtĭă.] **Ep.** Concors, ămică, plăcĭdă, quĭetă, secură, tranquillă, tută, almă, fecundă, aurĕă, candĭdă, sĕrena, lætă, festă; mitĭs, ămœnă, blandă, dulcĭs, compŏsĭtă, optată; longă, firmă, stăbĭlĭs, fĭdelĭs, æternă, perpĕtŭă, mansurā. **Crcl.** Pacĭs *or* ămicĭtĭæ -fœdŭs, fœdĕrā, pignŭs, fĭdes. **Phr.** 1. *To be in a state of peace.* Pacĕ frŭŏr *or* pŏtĭŏr. Pacem -exercĕo, tŭĕŏr, ăgo, ăgĭto, tĕnĕo, servo. Mundŭs pacem hăbĕt. Tellus pacĕ quĭescebăt. Otĭă securæ gentes pĕrăgebant. Cunctă plenă pacĭs (sĭnĕ insĭdĭis) ērant. Nullam timebant fraudem. Rex plăcĭdas ĭn pacĕ urbes rĕgebăt. Sæcŭlă pŏsĭtis bellis mitescunt. Hŏmĭnum gĕnŭs pŏsĭtis armis sĭbĭ consŭlĭt. **Phr.** 2. *To make peace, return to peace from war.* Pacem -făcĭo, compono, concĭlĭo, jungo, confĭcĭo, confirmo, pango, do, offĕro, stătŭo, constĭtŭo. Armă -pono, rĕpono, depono. Bello desisto (finem impono). Bellum *or* bellă -finĭo, absolvo, pĕrăgo, depono. ˘Ab armis discedo *or* secedo. Bello discedo. Martĕ pĕracto *or* cessantĕ. Bellum rĕsedĭt. Armă quĭescunt. Fœdŭs -ĭnĕo, fĕrĭo, compono. Bellum fœdĕrĕ compono. Bellă sĕra claudo. Extremam mănum bello impono. Belli portæ clauduntŭr. Mănŭs ultĭmă bello impŏsĭtă est. Pacĕ sisti bellum plăcĕt. Bellonă depŏsĭtis armis quĭescĭt. Primŭs post bellă sŏpŏr gentes hăbĕt. Pax pĕr orbem missă Jani limĭnă compescĭt. Ætas secură Janum dŭellis clausĭt. *See* FŒDUS. **Phr.** 3. *To break out into war from a state of peace.* Pacem -rumpo, turbo, vĭŏlo, disturbo. Bellă nŏvo *or* instauro. Armă -păro, sumo, rĕsumo. Pacem excŭtĭo. Fœdĕrā pacĭs vĭŏlo. Compŏsĭtam pacem disjĭcĭo. Crimĭnă belli sĕro. *See* BELLUM. **Phr.** 4. *To seek for peace, suppliantly and formally.* Pacem -pĕto, posco, exposco, rŏgo, oro. Ramis velatĭ Pallădĭs (ŏlĕæ) vĕnĭam (pacem) rŏgant. Ramos pacĭfĕræ ŏlivæ mănĭbŭs prætendunt. **2.** *A state of calm and quiet.* Pax reddĭtă silvis. *Sil.* Dum flumĭnă pacem (hăbĕant). *O.* **3.** *Pardon, grace, favour.* ∾-em pĕr aras exquĭrunt; divum exorăt. *V.* divum votis ădĭt. *Lr.* [¶ Vĕnĭă.] **4.** *Leave, permission.* Pacĕ lŏquăr Vĕnĕrĭs. *O.* Sĭnĕ pacĕ tŭa atquĕ invito numĭnĕ. *V.* [¶ Vĕnĭă, vŏluntas; *sts.* numĕn.] **5.** *The Goddess Peace.* Pax almă, vĕni, spicamquĕ tĕneto. *Tib.* **Ep.** ˘Olĕa (ŏliva) rĕdĭmită cŏmas. Spicis cinctă. **6.** Sts. Pl. Paces bŏnæ ventiquĕ sĕcundi (*happy times of peace*). *H.* and *Lr.*

PECCATUM, i. *n.* *A fault, offence, crime.* Noctem peccatis et fraudĭbŭs objĭcĭs nubem. *H.* Peccatum est, hăbŭisse ŏcŭlos. *O.* [¶ Delictum, commissum, culpă, &c.] *See* CULPA.

PECCO, as. **1.** *To do wrong, commit a fault* or *sin.* Oderunt peccarĕ bŏni virtutĭs ămorĕ. *H.* ∾-avi cĭtra scĕlus. *O.* [¶ Delinquo, erro.] **Crcl.** Culpam (crimĕn, *sts.* scĕlŭs) -admitto, committo. Crimĕn (nĕfas) -audĕo, pătro, suscĭpĭo, edo. Me crimĭnĕ (scĕlĕrĕ) -măcŭlo, implĭco. ˘In me culpam admitto. ˘In fas nĕfasquĕ (pĕr vĕtĭtum nĕfas) rŭo. Culpæ succumbo. *See* SCELUS, INJUSTUS. **2.** Fig. *To get* or *go wrong in any way, to fail, fall short,* &c. Unŭs peccavĕrăt cŏmarum annŭlŭs (de toto orbĕ). *M.* ∾ ăd extremum (de ĕquo). *H.*

PĔCŎROSŬS, ă, um. *Rich in cattle.* Cui fetură grĕgem pĕcŏroso verĕ nŏvavĭt. *St.*

PECTĔN, ĭnĭs. *m.* **1.** *A comb.* Sæpĕ Cŷtorĭăco deducit pectĭnĕ crines. *O.* **Ep.** Buxĕŭs, ĕburnŭs, ĕburnĕŭs, dentatŭs, densŭs, sectŭs, multĭfĭdŭs. **Crcl.** Buxŭs dentată. Dens ĕburnŭs. Crinales dentes. Crinalĕ ĕbŭr. *See* PECTO. **2.** *A weaver's shuttle; a carder's comb.* ∾-ĭnĕ telas percurrĕrĕ. *V.* rarum ŏpŭs densarĕ. *O.* Mŏdĕrator ∾-ĭnĭs unci. *Cl.* **Ep.** Mæŏnĭŭs, Lydĭŭs; argutŭs; ăduncŭs. **3.** *An instrument* (such as a quill of ivory) *for striking the strings of a lyre.* ∾-ĭnĕ pulsăt ĕburno. *V.* Mŏdŭlatŭs ∾-ĭnĕ nervos. *Cl.* [¶ Plectrum.] **4.** Ext. *A lyre. V. Fl.* (*see* CITHARA); *a song.* Cănĭmŭs alterno ∾-ĭnĕ nonas. *O.* *See* CARMEN. **5.** *A rake, harrow,* &c. ∾-ĭnĕ verrĕrĕ hŭmum. *O.* *See* RASTRUM. **6.** Fig. *Any thing comb-like in figure.* (1) *A clasping of the hands, as in prayer.* Dĭgĭtis intĕr se ∾-ĭnĕ junctis. *O.* (2) *A side of oars.* Mixtis obliquo ∾-ĭnĕ remis. *L.* (3) *A figure in a dance.* Nunc obvĭă versæ ∾-ĭne ˘Amazŏnĭo. *St.* *See* CATENA.

PECTĬTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PECTO. *Hoed, well-worked, dressed,* &c. (of the ground.) Verum ŭbĭ jam puro discrimĭnĕ pectĭtă tellus. *Col.*

PECTO, ĭs, pexi, pexŭi, *or* pectivi, pexum *or* pectĭtum. **1.** *To comb.* Cui dum pectendos tradit Gălăteă căpillos. *O.* ∾ fĕrum (de cervo); collă cŏmantĭă. *V.* cæsărĭem. *H.* [¶ Como, depecto, orno, compono.] **Crcl.** Crines (căpillos, cŏmam) -compono, dispono, deduco, discrimĭno, digĕro, cŏlo, fingo. Crines &c. pectĭnĕ (buxo, secto dentĕ) como. C. pectĭnĕ -compono, fingo. Cŏmam pectĭnĕ lævem făcĭo. Cŏmas pectŏr. **Phr.** 1. *Of ordinary combing and adjusting the hair.* Crines impexos (implĭcĭtos, flexos) -ordĭnĕ digĕrĭt:—certo ordĭnĕ dŏmăt. Căpillis legem reddĭt. Cŏmas denso pectĭt dentĕ. **Phr.** 2. *Of dressing it with care and art.* Cŏmas &c. (*cp.* pŏsĭtas, ădornatas) bĭs ĭtĕrumquĕ (artĕ mănuquĕ) fingĭt (vărĭăt, pŏsĭtu vărĭăt). Nĭtĭdum căpŭt artĕ cŏmĭt. Multĭfĭdum discrimĕn ĕburno dentĕ (morsu dentĭs nŭmĕrosi) ducĭt. *See* DISCRIMEN. **2.** *To hoe, rake, dress,* &c. (the ground). ∾ ferro bĭcorni (tellurem). *Col.*

PECTŬS, ŏrĭs. *n.* **1.** *The chest, breast, bosom.* Transăděgit costas, et candĭdă pectŏră rumpĭt. *V.* [¶ Sĭnŭs.] **Ep.** Candĭdum, ĕburnum, ĕburnĕum, nĭvĕum, lactĕum, dĕcorum, tĕnĕrum. Fig. **2.** *The heart, soul, conscience.* ∾-ŏră mŏmordĭt ămŏr. *O.* Tu non corpŭs ĕras sĭnĕ ∾-ŏrĕ. *H.* Gestarĕ ĭn ∾-ŏrĕ testem. *J.* [¶ Cŏr, ănĭmŭs, mens, præcordĭă.] *See* ANIMUS. **3.** *Courage.* Quum tam certă tŭlistĭs ∾-ŏrĕ. *V.* Tŭă ∾-ŏrĕ nato suggĕrĕ. *V. Fl.* [¶ ˘Anĭmŭs.] *See* FORTITUDO. **4.** *Affection.* Te ∾-ŏrĕ toto accĭpĭo. *V.* [¶ ˘Amŏr, stŭdĭum, affectŭs; *sts.* viscĕrā.] **5.** *The mind, understanding.* Gestarĕ obtusă ∾-ŏrā. *V.* Căpĕrĕ qd docto ∾-ŏrĕ. *O.* Haurirĕ qd ŏcŭlis ∾-ŏrĭs. *O.* [¶ Mens, ănĭmŭs, cŏr, ingĕnĭum.] *See* MENS. **6.** *The memory.* ∾-ŏrĕ labĭtŭr vultŭs; excŭtĭtŭr Juno. *V.* *See* MEMINI, OBLIVISCOR.

PĔCŬARĬŬS, ă, um. *Belonging to cattle;* hence, Pĕcŭarĭă, orum. *n. pl.* *Herds of cattle.* Mitto in vĕnĕrem pĕcŭarĭă primŭs. *V.*

PĔCULĬUM, ĭi. *n.* *One's own private property; a slave's savings* or *earnings.* Sic tĭbĭ sempĕr hŏnos, sic curtă pĕculĭă crescent. *O.* Nĕc spes libertatĭs, nĕc cură ∾-i. *V.* **Ep.** Parvum, tĕnŭĕ, exĭgŭum, curtum.

PĔCUNĬA, æ. *f.* *Money* (coin); fig. *riches.* Crescentem sŏquĭtur cură pĕcunĭam. *H.* Mercari

Unus Pellæo jŭvĕni non sufficĭt orbĭs. *J.* Pellæi gens fortunatā Cănopi. *V.*

Pellax, acis. *Cunning, deceitful.* Invĭdĭa postquam pellacis ˘Ulyssei. *V. See* Dolosus.

Pellex, icis. *f. A concubine.* Nomĭnĕ depŏsĭto pellĭcis, uxŏr ĕrĭt. *O.* [† ˘Amicā, subnŭbā.]

Pellicio, is, exi, ectum. *To entice, seduce.* Subdŏlā pellĭcĕre in fraudem ridentibŭs undis. *Lr.* [† Allĭcio, prollĭcio, delinio, induco, duco, prolecto, trăho, attrăho, impello, incĭto, ăgo, răpio.]

Pellicŭla, æ. *f., dim. of* Pellis. *A skin* or *hide;* hence, *body, person, self.* Pellĭcŭlam (*his dear self*) curarĕ jŭbe (=genio indulgere). *H.* Pellĭcŭlam vĕtĕrem rĕtĭnes (*your old self, no change*). *Pers.*

Pellis, is. *f.* 1. *A skin, hide.* Anguĭbŭs exŭĭtur tĕnŭi cum pellĕ vĕtustas. *O.* [† Pellĭcŭlā, cŭtis, cŭticŭlā; *sts.* tegmĕn, velamĕn, exŭvĭæ.] Phr. *To take the skin off the body, to flay an animal.* Excŏrio. Pellem *or* cŭtem –detrăho, derĭpio, erĭpio. Pellem ossibŭs detrăho. Cŏrio exŭo. Ossā pellĕ –exŭo, nudo, spŏlio. Dorsum despŏlio. Tergŏrā derĭpio. Viscĕrā nudo. Artus *or* ossā detĕgo. Cŭtem summos pĕr artus derĭpio. 2. *Tanned skin, leather; and any thing made of leather.* Laxā ∾ (*a loose shoe*). *O. See* Corium. 3. *Parchment. M. See* Membrana. 4. ∾ aurĕā, &c. *The golden fleece. Cat. See* Vellus. 5. Fig. *Used of any thing worn for appearance' sake,* or *as a cloak,* &c. Detrăhĕrĕ pellem, qua quisquĕ nĭtidŭs pĕr orā cedăt. *H.* Spĕciosŭs ∾-ĕ dĕcora (introrsum turpis). *H.*

Pellitus, ă, um. *Clad in skins.* Pellitos hăbŭit, rustĭcā cordā, pătres. *Pp.*

Pello, is, pĕpŭli, pulsum. 1. *To strike, beat.* Gaudĕt invisam pĕpŭlissĕ fossŏr Ter pĕdĕ terram. *H.* Tunĕ has pĕpŭlisti fŏres? *Ter.* [† Impello, pulso, percŭtio, fĕrio, quăti o, excĭto,] 2. *To impel, urge. Pl.* [† Impello, ăgo, &c.] 3. *To drive* or *chase away.* Lit. and fig. Harpyias ∾ regno. *V.* ∾-ĭtŭr Annā dŏmo. *O.* ∾ noctem; fāmem glandĕ; mŏram; crimĭnā. *O.* curas; sĭtim. *H.* [† Depello, rĕpello, expello, ejĭcio, detrudo, &c.] *See* Arceo, Ejicio, Exsilium.

Pellucens (**Perlucens**). *part., see* Pellucĕo; *and* Pellucĭdus (Perlucĭdus), ă, um. *Transparent, that can be seen through, pellucid.* Quallis in aĕrĭi pellucens vertĭcĕ montis Rivŭs. *Cat.* Factā mĭnu, puraquĕ māgis pellucĭdā gemma. *O.* ∾ purpŭrĕa panna. *Tib.* [† Persplcŭdus, translucĭdus, pellucĭdŭlus, clarus, limpĭdus, nĭtĭdus.] *See* Limpidus.

Pellucĕo, *or* **Perlucĕo**, es, uxi. *To be transparent, pellucid; to let the light through.* Lit. and fig. Sustĭnŭerĕ tāmen se pellucentibŭs undis. *O.* Cretĭcĕ, pelluces. *J.* [† Translucĕo, lucĕo, nĭtĕo.] Crcl. Sum –pellucĭdus, perspicŭus, limpĭdus.

Pellucĭdŭlus, ă, um. *dim. of* Pellucidus. Aut pellucĭdŭli delĭcĭis lăpĭdis. *Cat.*

Pellucĭdus. *See* Pellucens.

Pĕlŏpeias, ădis; **Pĕlŏpeis**, ĭdis. *f. Of Pelops. f.;* hence, *of Argolis, of Greece. f.* Argosque, et Sparte, Pĕlŏpeiādesquĕ Mȳcenæ. *O.* Tum læva Creten, dextra Pĕlŏpeidās undas. *O.* [† Pĕlŏpeā, Pĕlŏpeiā.]

Pĕlŏpeus, *and* **Pĕlŏpeius**, ă, um. *Of Pelops;* hence, *of Argolis, of Greece.* Ultro ˘Asiam magno Pĕlŏpea ad mœnĭā bello. *V.* Pĕlŏpeĭis Atreus. *O.*

Pĕlŏponnesus, i. *f.* (Πελοπόννησος.) *The Peloponnesus, now the Morea.* In Pĕlŏponneso, quas exĭtŭs hic ănĭmai. *Lr.* [† Pĕlŏpis insŭlā.] Ep. Plăt ăni fŏlio simĭlis *or* compar.

Pĕlops, ŏpis. *m. Pelops, son of Tantalus, father of Atreus, Thyestes,* &c. *C. D.* Tu quŏque hăbes prŏăvum Pĕlŏpem Pĕlŏpisquĕ pārentem. *O.* [† Tantălĭdes.] Ep. Dardănĭus, Phrȳgĭus, truncatus; hŭmĕro ŏburno insignis. Crcl. Hippŏdămiæ *or* Hippŏdămes mărĭtŭs. Implĭ Tantăli progĕnies. *See* Hippodamia, Œnomaus, Tantalus.

Pĕlorias, ădis. *f.* = Pĕlorus. Jamquĕ Pĕlorĭādem, Lĭlȳbeāquĕ, jamquĕ Păchynŏn. *O.*

Pĕlorias, ĭdis. *f. adj. Of* or *belonging to Pelorus;* hence, subst. f. *a large muscle* or *shell-fish found at the promontory Pelorus.* Murĭcĕ Baiano mĕlĭor Lucrinā pĕlorĭs. *H.*

Pĕlorus, i. *m. A promontory, the north-eastern point of Sicily.* Ventŭs, ĕt angusti rarescunt claustrā Pĕlori. *V.* [† Pĕlorĭās.]

Peltă, æ. *f. A small shield* or *target of a half-moon shape.* Ducĭt ˘Amazŏnĭdum lunatis agmĭnā peltis. *V.* Ep. Thermodontĭăcā. *See* Clypeus.

Peltatus, ă, um, *and* **Peltĭfer**, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Armed with the* pelta. Peltatam Scȳthĭco discinxĭt ˘Amazŏnā nodo. *M.* Non cum peltĭferis, ălĭt, hæc tĭbĭ pugnā pŭellis. *St.*

Pelusium, ii. *n.* (Πηλούσιον.) *A town and port of Egypt, famous for its flax and lentils;* hence, Pelusius, *and* Pelusiăcus, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pelusium.* Nec Pelusiăcæ curam aspernabĕrĕ lentis. *V.* Cui tŭnica ex hŭmĕris lintĕo Pelusio. *Ph.* Nili Pelusĭā orā. *L.*

Pelvis, is. *f. A basin.* Ut sint contentæ pătŭlas effundĕrĕ pelves. J. [† Cătinŭs.] *See* Ahenum.

Pĕnates, um. *m. pl.* 1. *Household gods.* Hos tĭbĭ sacrā sŭos commendat Trojā Pĕnates. *V.* Pĕr divos oratŭs Pĕnates. *H.* [† Lăres.] Crcl. Dĭi (di, divi) –Pĕnates, Indĭgĕtes, pătrĭi. *See* Lares. 2. *A dwelling-house, a home.* Nostris succedĕ ∾-ĭbŭs hospes. *V.* Libȳcos pŏpŭlarĕ ∾-es. *V.* Certos noverĕ pĕnates (de ăpĭbŭs). *O.* [† Lar, dŏmŭs, &c.] *See* Domus.

Pĕnatiger, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Carrying with him his household gods.* Hæc Hĕlĕnum cĕcĭnissĕ pĕnatĭgĕro Æneæ. *O.*

Pendens, tis. *part. See* Pendeo. 1. *Hanging down from above, pendent; bending down over.* Pronŭs pendens in verbĕrĕ (*of the charioteer*). *V.* Vivo pendentĭā saxo (antrā). *O.* [† Pendŭlus, dependens, suspensus, pensĭlis.] 2. *Hanging* (of one hung or stretched on a cross). ∾ in crŭcĕ votā făcĭt. *O.* [† Suspensus.] 3. *Hanging, drooping, flabby.* ∾-es gĕnas. *J.* flŭĭdos lăcertos. *O.* 4. Fig. *Hanging upon, depending.* De te ∾-ĭs, te suspĭcĭentis āmici. *H.* Dequĕ tŭis ∾-ĭā Pergămā fatis. *Sil.* [† Pendŭlus, suspensus.] *See* Pendeo.

Pendĕo, es, pĕpendi. 1. *To hang* (from, down, &c.) Dumosa penderĕ prŏcul de rupĕ vĭdebo. *V.* ∾ summo in fluctu; summo clȳpĕi umbonĕ (de telo). *V.* ∾-ent circum oscŭlā nati. *V.* ∾-ĕt de vĭri collo. *O.* [† Dependĕo, suspendŏr.] Crcl. Sum –pendens, pendŭlus, suspensus.] 2. *To hang* (of one hung or crucified). A trĭbŭ sublimi tristĕ pĕpendĭt ŏnus. *O. See* Pendens, Crucifigo, Strangulo. 3. *To hang* (of garments). *V. O.* [† Dependĕo, fluo.] 4. *To be hung up* (of votive offerings). Captivi pendent currus curvæquĕ sĕcures. *V.* [† Affigŏr.] 5. *To overhang, hang over, impend.* Nubĭlā ∾-ent. *V.* Destrictŭs ensis sŭpĕr cervĭcĕ ∾-ĕt. *H. See* Immineo. Fig. 6. *To hang upon any body's words, keep fixed watch upon any thing.* ∾ narrantis ăb orĕ. *V.* ăb astro (*of a pilot*). *V. Fl.* 7. *To hang* or *be in doubt, suspense,* &c.; *hang about in delay.* Dum nostro in limĭnĕ ∾-es. *V.* ∾-ent mortales păvĭdis mentĭbŭs. *Lr.* mortalĭā cordĕ

præsenti pĕcunĭa. *Pl.* [† Mŏnetă; *est.* argentum, aurum, nummŭs; *fig.* *See* DIVITIÆ.]

PĔCUNĬOSŬS, ă, um. *Lucrative, making rich.* Artes discĕrĕ vult pĕcunĭosas. *M.* [† Quæstŭosŭs.]

I. **PĔCUS,** ŏrĭs. *n.* 1. *Animals, cattle* (collectively) *considered as appropriate to the use of man.* Nec non et pĕcŏri est idem delectŭs ĕquino. *V.* Fucos ignavum pĕcŭs. *V.* Protĕi pĕcŭs (phocæ). *H.* Setĭgĕrum ∾. *O.* [† ˘Anĭmăl; *sts.* pĕcus (ŭdĭs).] 2. Ŭs. *Flocks and herds.* Felix quondam ∾ (căpellæ). *V.* Pĕcŏră intĕr īnertĭă tĭgrĭs. *V.* Lanĭgĕrum ∾. *O.* [† Grex *or* armentum.] *See* G. A. 3. Sts. *Used of men, in depreciation.* Mutum ĕt turpĕ pĕcŭs (*mankind in their savage state*). *H.* O īmĭtatores, servum ∾! *H.* Dindȳmenæ dŏmĭnæ văgă pĕcŏră. *Cat.* 4. *Used of a single head.* *O. Ib.* ∾ Magnæ Pārentĭs (*the lion*). *Ib.* 459. *See* PECUS (II.).

II. **PĔCUS,** ŭdĭs. *f.* 1. *A single head of cattle; sp. a head of smaller cattle; land animals only.* Nec mŏdŏ pŏlĭtum pĕcŭdĭs Indĭcæ dentem (*the elephant*). *M.* Squamĭgĕrum pĕcŭdes. *Lr.* ∾ Hellĕs (*a ram*). *O.* Nĭgram Hȳĕmĭ pĕcŭdem. *V.* Armentă, ĕt pĕcŭdes. *Lr.* Et gĕnŭs æquŏrĕum, pĕcŭdes, pictæquĕ vŏlucres. *V.* [† Armentum, ŏvĭs, grex.] 2. Sts. *Used collectively, as* pĕcŭs, ŏrĭs. ˘Id gĕnŭs pĕcŭdĭs (de ĕquis). *Col.* [† Pĕcŭs (ŏrĭs), ănĭmăl.]

PĔDĂS, ĭtis. *m.* 1. *One who goes on foot, a pedestrian.* Spemquĕ sĕquens vanam, silva pĕdĕs errăt ĭn alta. *O.* [† Pĕdestĕr.] 2. *A foot-soldier.* Ipsĕ ĕquĕs, ipsĕ ∾ fŭi. *O.* Nimbŭs pĕdĭtum. *V.* *See* PEDITATUS.

PĔDESTĔR, strĭs, strĕ. 1. *Going on foot, pedestrian.* Abnŭĭt ĭn lĭquĭdis irĕ pĕdestĕr ăquis. *M.* [† Pĕdĕs.] 2. *Foot,* adj., *on foot* (used of soldiers, battles, &c.). ˘Acĭes inferrĕ ∾-ea. *V.* Pugnæ accingĕ ∾-i. *V.* 3. *In prose, prosaic.* ∾ sermo; musă. *H.* [† Sŏlutŭs.]

PĔDĔTENTIM. *Step by step, gradually.* Lit. and fig. Præcĭpĕre, haud quaquam est pĕdĕtentim progrĕdĭentĭs. *Lr.* *See* PAULATIM.

PĔDĬCĂ, æ. *f.* *A foot-snare, a springe.* Retĭă cum pĕdĭcis, lăquĕosque, artesquĕ dŏlosa. *O.* [† Lăquĕŭs, &c.] *See* L.

PĔDĬSĔQUŬS, i. *m.*, *and* **PĔDĬSĔQUA,** æ. *f.* *Ter.* *An attendant slave, as footman, page, &c.* Vestem, unĭones, pĕdĭsĕquos, et cetĕrā. *Ph.*

PĔDO, onĭs. *m.* *Pedo Albinovanus, a Latin epic poet, a friend of Ovid.* Si rŏgĕt hæc ălĭquis cur sint narrătă Pĕdoni. *O.* [† Albĭnŏvanŭs.]

PĔDUM, i. *n.* *A shepherd's crook.* At tu sumĕ pĕdum, quod me quum sæpĕ rŏgarĕt. *V.* Ep. Pastoralĕ, incurvum, rĕcurvum, durum. Crcl. Pastoralĕ sceptrum. Truncŭs ŏlivæ.

PEGĂSĔŬS, *and* **PEGĂSEĬUS,** ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pegasus.* Cantarĕ credas Pegăseĭum nectăr. *Pers.* Non si Pegăseo fĕrar vŏlatu. *Cat.*

PEGĂSIS, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Of Pegasus* (ep. of the fountain Hippocrene, or the Muses). Hoc ĕgŏ Pegăsĭdas deduxi primŭs ăd undas. *O.* 2. Sts. *Used of any fountain-nymph.* Pegăsis Œnone Phrȳgĭis cĕlĕberrĭmă silvis. *O.* 3. Pl. *The Muses.* *O.* *See* MUSÆ.

PEGĂSŬS, i. *m.* *The winged horse of the Muses.* *C. D.* Ante ălĭos quantum Pegăsŭs ibăt ĕquos. *O.* Ep. Gorgŏnĕŭs, Mĕdusæŭs, Bellĕrŏphontĕŭs; ăĕrĭŭs, alatŭs, alĭgĕr, alĕs, vŏlans, vŏlŭcĕr, lĕvĭs, cĕlĕr, cĭtŭs, præpes; prævertens auras motĭbŭs. Crcl. ˘Equŭs –Bellĕrŏphontĕŭs, Mĕdusæŭs, alĭgĕr, alatŭs, vŏlans. Mĕdusæ alată prŏpago. Proles a. Gorgŏnĭs. *See* HIPPOCRENE, PARNASSUS.

PEGMĂ, ătis. *n.* *A scaffolding of wood; a wooden stage.* Et pegma, et pŭĕros inde ad velarĭă raptos. *J.*

PEJĔRATŬS, ă, um. *Broken by perjury.* Ullă si juris tĭbĭ pejĕrati. *H.*

PEJĔRO, as. *To swear falsely;* tr. *to invoke to a false oath.* Pejĕrăt hiberni tempŏrĭs essĕ mŏras. *Pp.* ∾ pĕr consŭlatum. *Cat.* ∾-ăt Stȳgĭas undas. *L.* [† Perjuro.] *See* MENTIOR.

PEJŎR, ŭs. *compar. of* Malus. 1. *Worse* (in vice). Ætas pārentum, pejŏr ăvis, tŭlĭt &c. *H.* [† Nequĭŏr, vĭtĭosĭŏr, imprŏbĭŏr, detĕrĭŏr.] 2. *Worse* (to suffer). ∾-ă passi. *H.* [† Grăvĭŏr, ăcerbĭŏr.] 3. *Worse* (inferior in birth, condition). ∾-ĭbŭs ortŭs. *H.* *See* IGNOBILIS.

PĔLĂGŬS, i. *n.* *The sea, the main sea.* Altă pĕtens, pĕlăgoque ălĭus trăhĭt humĭdă lĭnă. *V.* *See* MARE.

PĔLASGI, gorum *and* gum. *m. pl.* 1. *An ancient people of Greece, colonies from whom settled in Italy.* Silvano fama est vĕtĕres sacrassĕ Pĕlasgos. *V.* 2. Gen. *Greeks.* Fessum cædĕ Pĕlasgum. *V.* *See* GRAII. 3. Used adj. *Grecian.* Dŏlis instructŭs ĕt artĕ Pĕlasga. *V.*

PĔLASGĬAS, ădis, *and* **PĔLASGĬS,** ĭdis. *f.* *Grecian.* Famă Pĕlasgĭădas sŭbĭto pervenĭt ăd urbes. *O.* Pĕlasgĭdă Sappho. *O.* [† Pĕlasgă, Graiă, ˘Achaĭs.]

PĔLASGŬS, ă, um. *See* PELASGI.

PELEĬŬS, ă, um. *Of Peleus.* Jamque ˘Ithăcum corde æquantem Pelelĭă factă. *Sil.*

PELEUS, ĕos, ĕi *or* ei. *m.* *The father of Achilles, son of Æacus, and husband of Thetis.* *C. D.* Quam Tĕlămon, Peleus, et proles tertĭă, Phocŭs. *O.* Pelĕŏs ĕt Prĭămi annos transĭt. *M.* Vincebat Pelĕă Chiron. *St.*

PELIACŬS, ă, um. *Of Mount Pelion.* Pellăco quondam prognatæ vertĭcĕ pinus. *Cat.*

I. **PELIAS,** ădis. *f.* 1. *Of Mount Pelion.* Phryxeam pĕtĭit Pellĭăs arbŏr ŏvem. *O.* 2. ∾ hastă, or absol. *The spear of Achilles* (the special gift of his father Peleus, to whom it was presented by Pallas). *C. D.* Transĕăt Hectŏrĕum Pellĭăs hastă lătŭs. Pellĭăs essĕ pŏtest imbellĭbŭs aptă lăcertis? *O.* Crcl. Lărissæă hastă. Pellĭăcă cuspĭs.

II. **PELIAS,** ădis. *f.*; **PELIADĔS,** um. *pl.* *The daughters of Pelias.* Hic cædĕ patris Pĕllădum infecit mănus. *Ph.* Crcl. Natæ Pĕlĭæ. Satæ Pĕlĭæ. Virgĭnes Pĕlĭæ crĕatæ.

III. **PELIAS,** *and* **PELIA,** æ. *m.* *A king of Thessaly, and uncle of Jason, put to death, through the artifice of Medea, by his own daughters.* *C. D.* Æmŏnĭam primis Pĕlĭas frenabăt ăb armis. *V.* *Fl.*

PELIDES, æ. *m.* *Achilles, son of Peleus.* Pelides ŭtĭnam vitassĕt ˘Apollĭnis arcus! *O.* ∾-æ poscĕrĕ currus. *V.* *See* ACHILLES.

PELIGNI, orum. *m. pl.* *A people of south Italy.* Hoc ĕgŏ compŏsŭi, Pelignis natŭs ăquosis. *O.* 2. Pelignŭs, ă, um. *Pelignian.* ∾-æ glorĭă gentĭs ĕgŏ. *O.* ∾-ă frigŏrā; ănŭs (*a sorceress*). *H.*

PELIŎN, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Mount Pelion, in Thessaly.* Pellŏn Æmŏnĭæ mons est obversŭs ĭn austros. *O.* [*Sil.* has: Ossăquĕ cum Pĕlĭo, cumque Hæmo cessĕrĭt Othrȳs, where Pelio = Peljo.] 2. *Found with adj. m.* Quas altŭs ∾ herbas (tŭlĭt). *O.* ∾ altĭŏr Ossa. *O.* [*Mons* may be understood, or Pellĭŏs, ĭi. *m.*, be the reading, as in *Plin.* we have Ilios and Ilion.]

PELIŎS, ĭi. *m.* *See* PELION.

PELLACĬA, æ. *f.* *Cunning; deceitful allurement.* Verum ŭbĭ nullă fŭgam rĕpĕrit pellacĭă, victŭs Ad sese rĕdĭt (de Proteo). *V.* Plăcĭdi ∾ ponti. *Lr.* *See* DOLUS.

PELLÆŬS, ă, um. *Of Pella, a town and port of Macedonia;* hence, *Macedonian;* also, *of Alexandria, in Egypt, because founded by the Macedonian Alexander;* and hence also, *Egyptian.*

Unus Pellæo jŭvĕni non suffĭcĭt orbĭs. *J.* Pellæi gens fortunatā Cănopi. *V.*

Pellax, acĭs. *Cunning, deceitful.* Invĭdĭa postquam pellacĭs ˘Ulyssei. *V.* *See* Dolosus.

Pellex, ĭcĭs. *f. A concubine.* Nomĭnĕ depŏsĭto pellĭcĭs, uxŏr ĕrĭt. *O.* [† ˘Amică, subnŭbă.]

Pellĭcio, ĭs, exi, ectum. *To entice, seduce.* Subdŏlă pellĭcĕre ĭn fraudem rĭdentĭbŭs undis. *Lr.* [† Allĭcĭo, prollĭcĭo, delinĭo, induco, duco, prolecto, trăho, attrăho, impello, incĭto, ăgo, răpĭo.]

Pellĭcŭlă, æ. *f., dim. of* Pellis. *A skin* or *hide;* hence, *body, person, self.* Pellĭcŭlam (*his dear self*) curarĕ jŭbe (=genio indulgere). *H.* Pellĭcŭlam vĕtĕrem rĕtĭnes (*your old self, no change*). *Pers.*

Pellis, ĭs. *f.* 1. *A skin, hide.* Anguĭbŭs exŭĭtur tĕnŭi cum pellĕ vĕtustas. *O.* [† Pellĭcŭlă, cŭtis, cŭtĭcŭlă; *sts.* tegmĕn, velamĕn, exŭvĭæ.] Phr. *To take the skin off the body, to flay an animal.* Excŏrĭo. Pellem *or* cŭtem –detrăho, derĭpĭo, erĭpĭo. Pellem ossĭbŭs detrăho. Cŏrĭo exŭo. Ossă pellĕ –exŭo, nudo, spŏlĭo. Dorsum despŏlĭo. Tergŏră derĭpĭo. Viscĕră nudo. Artus *or* ossă detĕgo. Cŭtem summos pĕr artus derĭpĭo. 2. *Tanned skin, leather; and any thing made of leather.* Laxă ~ (*a loose shoe*). *O.* *See* Corium. 3. *Parchment. M.* *See* Membrana. 4. ~ aurĕă, &c. *The golden fleece. Cat.* *See* Vellus. 5. Fig. *Used of any thing worn for appearance' sake,* or *as a cloak,* &c. Detrăhĕrĕ pellem, qua quisquĕ nĭtĭdŭs pĕr orĭ cedăt. *H.* Spĕcĭosŭs ~-ĕ dĕcora (introrsum turpĭs). *H.*

Pellitus, ă, um. *Clad in skins.* Pellitos hăbŭit, rustĭcă cordă, pătres. *Pp.*

Pello, ĭs, pĕpŭli, pulsum. 1. *To strike, beat.* Gaudĕt invĭsam pĕpŭlissĕ fossŏr Ter pĕdĕ terram. *H.* Tunĕ has pĕpŭlisti fŏres? *Ter.* [† Impello, pulso, percŭtĭo, fĕrĭo, quătĭo, excĭto,] 2. *To impel, urge. Pl.* [† Impello, ăgo, &c.] 3. *To drive* or *chase away.* Lit. and fig. Harpyias ~ regno. *V.* ~-ĭtŭr Annă dŏmo. *O.* ~ noctem; fămem glandĕ; mŏram; crimĭnă. *O.* curas; sĭtim. *H.* [† Depello, rĕpello, expello, ejĭcĭo, detrudo, &c.] *See* Arceo, Ejicio, Exsilium.

Pellucens (**Perlucens**). *part., see* Pellucĕo; *and* Pellucĭdŭs (Perlucĭdŭs), ă, um. *Transparent, that can be seen through, pellucid.* Qualĭs ĭn aĕrĭi pellucens vertĭcĕ montĭs Rivŭs. *Cat.* Factă m'nu, puraquĕ măgis pellucĭdă gemma. *O.* ~ purpŭrĕa panna. *Tib.* [† Perspĭcŭŭs, translucĭdŭs, pellucĭdŭlŭs, clarŭs, limpĭdŭs, nĭtĭdŭs.] *See* Limpidus.

Pellucĕo, *or* **Perlucĕo**, es, uxi. *To be transparent, pellucid; to let the light through.* Lit. and fig. Sustĭnŭerĕ tămen se pellucentĭbŭs undis. *O.* Cretĭcĕ, pelluces. *J.* [† Translucĕo, lucĕo, nĭtĕo.] Crcl. Sum –pellucĭdŭs, perspĭcŭŭs, limpĭdŭs.

Pellucĭdŭlus, ă, um. *dim. of* Pellucidus. Aut pellucĭdŭli dellĭcĭis lăpĭdĭs. *Cat.*

Pellucĭdŭs. *See* Pellucens.

Pĕlŏpeĭas, ădis; **Pĕlŏpeis**, ĭdis. *f. Of Pelops. f.;* hence, *of Argolis, of Greece. f.* Argosque, et Sparte, Pĕlŏpeĭadesquĕ Mȳcenæ. *O.* Tum læva Creten, dextra Pĕlŏpeĭdăs undas. *O.* [† Pĕlŏpeă, Pĕlŏpeĭă.]

Pĕlŏpeŭs, *and* **Pĕlŏpeĭŭs**, ă, um. *Of Pelops;* hence, *of Argolis, of Greece.* Ultro ˘Asĭam magno Pĕlŏpea ad mœnĭă bello. *V.* Pĕlŏpeĭŭs Atreus. *O.*

Pĕlŏponnesŭs, i. *f.* (Πελοπόννησος.) *The Peloponnesus, now the Morea.* In Pĕlŏponneso, quas exĭtŭs hic ănĭmai. *Lr.* [† Pĕlŏpĭs insŭlă.] Ep. Plăţăni fŏllo slmĭnĭs *or* compar.

Pĕlops, ŏpĭs. *m. Pelops, son of Tantalus, father of Atreus, Thyestes,* &c. *C. D.* Tu quŏque hăbes prŏăvum Pĕlŏpem Pĕlŏpisquĕ pārentem. *O.* [† Tantălĭdes.] Ep. Dardănĭŭs, Phrȳgĭŭs, truncatŭs; hŭmĕro ŏburno insignĭs. Crcl. Hippŏdămiæ *or* Hippŏdămes măritŭs. Implĭă Tantăli progĕnĭes. *See* Hippodamia, Œnomaus, Tantalus.

Pĕlorĭas, ădis. *f.* = Pĕlorŭs. Jamquĕ Pĕlorĭădem, Lĭlȳbĕăquĕ, jamquĕ Păchynŏn. *O.*

Pĕlorĭs, ĭdis. *f. adj. Of* or *belonging to Pelorus;* hence, subst. f. *a large muscle* or *shell-fish found at the promontory Pelorus.* Murĭcĕ Baiano mĕlĭor Lucrinā pĕlorĭs. *H.*

Pĕlorŭs, i. *m. A promontory, the north-eastern point of Sicily.* Ventŭs, ĕt angusti rarescunt claustrā Pĕlori. *V.* [† Pĕlorĭŭs.]

Peltă, æ. *f. A small shield* or *target of a half-moon shape.* Ducĭt ˘Amazŏnĭdum lunatis agmĭnā peltis. *V.* Ep. Thermodontĭăcă. *See* Clypeus.

Peltatus, ă, um, *and* **Peltĭfĕr**, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Armed with the* pelta. Peltatam Scȳthĭco discinxĭt ˘Amazŏnā nodo. *M.* Non cum peltĭfĕris, ăĭt, hæc tĭbĭ pugnā pŭellis. *St.*

Pelusĭum, ĭi. *n.* (Πηλούσιον.) *A town and port of Egypt, famous for its flax and lentils;* hence, Pelusĭŭs, *and* Pelusĭăcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pelusium.* Nec Pelusĭăcæ curam aspernabĕrĕ lentĭs. *V.* Cui tĭnĭca ex hŭmĕris lintĭo Pelusĭo. *Ph.* Nĭli Pelusĭă orā. *L.*

Pelvis, ĭs. *f. A basin.* Ut sint contentæ pătŭlas effundĕrĕ pelves. J. [† Cătinŭs.] *See* Ahenum.

Pĕnates, um. *m. pl.* 1. *Household gods.* Hos tĭbĭ sacrā sĭos commendat Trojā Pĕnates. *V.* Pĕr divos oratŭs Pĕnates. *H.* [† Lăres.] Crcl. Dĭi (di, divi) –Pĕnates, Indĭgĕtes, pătrĭi. *See* Lares. 2. *A dwelling-house, a home.* Nostris succedĕ ~-ĭbŭs hospĕs. *V.* Lĭbȳcos pŏpŭlarĕ ~-es. *V.* Certos noverĕ pĕnates (de ăpĭbŭs). *O.* [† Lar, dŏmŭs, &c.] *See* Domus.

Pĕnatĭger, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Carrying with him his household gods.* Hæc Hĕlĕnum cĕcĭnissĕ pĕnatĭgĕro Æneæ. *O.*

Pendens, tĭs. *part. See* Pendeo. 1. *Hanging down from above, pendent; bending down over.* Pronŭs pendens ĭn verbĕrĕ (*of the charioteer*). *V.* Vivo pendentĭă saxo (antrā). *O.* [† Pendŭlŭs, dependens, suspensŭs, pensĭlĭs.] 2. *Hanging* (of one hung or stretched on a cross). ~ ĭn crŭcĕ votā făcĭt. *O.* [† Suspensŭs.] 3. *Hanging, drooping, flabby.* ~-es gĕnas. *J.* flŭĭdos lăcertos. *O.* 4. Fig. *Hanging upon, depending.* De te ~-ĭs, te suspĭcĭentĭs ămici. *H.* Dequĕ tŭis ~-ĭă Pergămā fatis. *Sil.* [† Pendŭlŭs, suspensŭs.] *See* Pendeo.

Pendĕo, es, pĕpendi. 1. *To hang* (from, down, &c.) Dumosa pendĕrĕ prŏcul de rupĕ vĭdebo. *V.* ~ summo ĭn fluctu; summo clȳpĕi umbonĕ (de telo). *V.* ~-ent circum oscŭlā nati. *V.* ~-ĕt de vĭri collo. *O.* [† Dependĕo, suspendŏr.] Crcl. Sum –pendens, pendŭlŭs, suspensŭs.] 2. *To hang* (of one hung or crucified). A trăbĕ sublimĭ tristĕ pĕpendĭt ŏnŭs. *O.* *See* Pendens, Crucifigo, Strangulo. 3. *To hang* (of garments). *V. O.* [† Dependĕo, flŭo.] 4. *To be hung up* (of votive offerings). Captivi pendent currus curvæquĕ sĕcures. *V.* [† Affigŏr.] 5. *To overhang, hang over, impend.* Nubĭlā ~-ent. *V.* Destrictŭs ensĭs sŭpĕr cervĭcĕ ~-ĕt. *H.* *See* Immineo. Fig. 6. *To hang upon any body's words, keep fixed watch upon any thing.* ~ narrantĭs ăb orĕ. *V.* ăb astro (*of a pilot*). *V. Fl.* 7. *To hang* or *be in doubt, suspense,* &c.; *hang about in delay.* Dum nostro ĭn lĭmĭnĕ ~-es. *V.* ~-ent mortales păvĭdis mentĭbŭs. *Lr.* mortalĭă cordă mĕ-

tu. *V. Fl.* ∾-ĕt fortunā dūcum. *L.* [† Hærĕo, hæsĭto.] **Crcl.** Sum -pendūlūs, suspensūs, dūbĭūs, anceps, incertūs. **8.** *To depend upon, rest upon.* Pendĕt ĕt a vestra nostrā sālutē sālus. *O.* [† Hærĕo, conjungŏr.] **9.** *To be suspended, cease to be carried on* (of a work doing). ∾-ent ŏpĕrā interruptā. *V.* [† Cesso.]

Pendo, ĭs, pĕpendi, pensum. **1.** *To weigh.* Lit. and fig. Quis conferrĕ dūces mĕmĭnit? quis pendĕrĕ causas? *L.* [† Expendo, pondĕro, examĭno, perpendo.] *See* Pondero. **2.** *To value, esteem, consider.* Numĭnā magni ∾-ebantūr. *Lr.* Non magni ∾-ĭs. *H.* [† Fāciŏ, duco, æstĭmo.] **3.** *To pay;* sp. *to pay the penalty of wrong done* (suffer punishment). Pœni stipendĭā ∾-ent. *Enn.* ∾ desĭērant Thesea laudē trĭbutum. *O.* pœnas Cecrŏpĭdæ jussi. *V.* grates. *St.* [† Solvo, exsolvo, persolvo, &c.] *See* Solvo, Pœna. **4.** Intr. *To weigh, have weight. Lr.*

Pendūlūs, ă, um. **1.** *Hanging, hanging down.* Lassabant vĭdŭus pendūlā telā mānus. *O.* ∾-ă pālĕarĭā. *O. See* Pendens. **2.** *Hung.* ∾-um zona elidĕrĕ collum. *H. See* Pendeo. **3.** *Hanging over the head.* ∾ rupes tĭbĭ immĭnĕat. *Cl. See* Imminens. **4.** *Steeply situated.* ∾ Setĭā. *M.* **5.** Fig. *Held in suspense.* Dūbĭæ spe ∾ horæ. *H.* [† Pendens, &c.] *See* Dubius.

Penĕ. *adv. See* Pæne.

Penēĭs, ĭdis. *f. Of* or *belonging to the river Peneus. f.* Spectans Penēĭdās undas. *O.*

Penēĭūs, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to the Peneus.* Pastŏr ˘Aristæus fūgĭens Penēĭā Tempe. *V.* **2.** Used subst. f. = *Daphne, daughter of Peneus. O.*

Penēlŏpe, es, *and* **Penēlŏpa,** æ. *f. Penelope, the wife of Ulysses. C. D.* Hanc tūā Penēlŏpe lento tĭbĭ mittĭt, ˘Ulyssē. *O.* Et qui Penēlŏpæ rescribĕrĕ jussĭt ˘Ulyssem. *O.* [† Icārĭs, Icārĭotis.] **Ep.** Castā, pūdicā, fidā, fidēlis, vĭdūā. **Crcl.** Castā ˘Ulyssis conjux. Matĕr Telĕmăchi.

Penēlŏpeūs, ă, um. *Of Penelope.* Nomĕn Inextinctum Penēlŏpeā fĭdes. *O.* ∾ Telĕmăchūs. *Cat.*

Pēnēs. *prep. In the power of.* Me pēnēs est unum vasti custodĭā mundi. *O.* [† ˘In.]

Pēnētrabĭlis, ĕ. **1.** *Able to penetrate, penetrating.* Adspĭcĕ num mālē sit nostrum pēnētrabĭlĕ telum. *V.* ∾ ārundo. *Sil.* Bŏrĕæ frigŭs. *V.* **2.** *Penetrable; penetrated.* Corpŭs ∾-ĕ nullo telo. *O.* Clŷpĕi ∾-ĕ textum. *St.* [† Pervĭūs, &c.] *See* P.

Pēnētralē, *and perhaps* **Pēnetralē,** is. *n.;* **Pēnētralĭa,** um. *pl.* **1.** *The interior, inner and most retired part of a dwelling.* Quum tāmēn in nostrum fūĕris pēnētralē rĕceptūs. *O.* Hæc sunt pēnētralĭā magni Amūĭs. *O.* Vĕtĕrum ∾-ĭā regum. *V.* [† Rĕcessūs, lātĕbræ, intĕrĭorā.] **Crcl.** Tectum pēnētralē. Dŏmūs intĕrĭŏr. Intĕrĭorā dŏmus. *See* Recessus. **2.** *The sanctuary of a temple.* Summum ∾-ē Tōnantīs. *M.* ∾-ĭā Vestæ. *O.* [† ˘Adȳtum.] **3.** Fig. *Of the recesses of the heart, mind,* &c. ˘Anĭmi ∾-ĭbūs imis (fixum). *St.*

Pēnētralis, *and sts.* **Pēnetralis,** ĕ. **1.** *Interior, retired; that which is in the innermost part in the sanctuary.* Æternumque ādȳtis effert pēnētralĭbūs ignem. *V.* Tectis ∾-ĭbūs extūlĭt ovā. *V.* ∾-es fŏci. *Cat.* [† Intĕrĭŏr, imūs, intĭmūs, rĕmotūs.] **2.** *Penetrating, piercing.* ∾ frigŭs. *Lr.* Fulmĭnĕūs multo ∾-ĭŏr ignis. *Lr. See* Penetrabilis.

Pēnētratūs, ă, um. *part. See* Penetro. **1.** *Penetrated.* Possunt, nec porro pēnĭtus pēnētratā rĕtexi. *Lr.* Pēnētratā tĭbĭ (limĭnā). *St.* [† ˘Adĭtūs.] **2.** Sts. *Penetrating, piercing.* Quæ pēnētratā quēunt sensum progignĕre ăcerbum. *Lr.*

Pēnētro, *and sts.* **Pēnetro,** as. Intr. and tr. *To penetrate, pierce, pass through to.* Ab Jŏvĕ mersā sŭo, Stȳgĭas pēnētrabĭt ăd undas. *O.* Vox obtundĭtŭr, atque aures confusā pēnetrāt. *Lr.* ∾-āt vox ăd aures; ĭn æthĕrā nidŏr. *O.* Illȳrĭcos ∾ sīnus. *V.* [† Permĕo, pervado, sūbĕo, irrepo, illabŏr, insĭnŭo, pervēnĭo, ădĕo.] **Crcl.** Me insĭnŭo.

I. **Peneus,** *or* **Peneōs,** i. *m. The Peneus, a river of Thessaly. C. D.* Confestim Penēŏs ădest: vĭrĭdantĭā Tempe &c. *Cat.* Te quŏquē promissam Xantho, Penē, Crēusam. *O.*

II. **Peneūs,** ă, um. *Of the Peneus.* Nec non Peneæ, nec non Sperchēĭdes undæ. *O.*

Peninsūla. *See* Pæninsula.

Pēnīte. *obs.* = Pēnĭtūs. Flammā sed pēnīte mālis. *Cat.*

Pēnĭtūs, *adv.* **1.** *Far within, to the depths within.* Umbrosæ pēnĭtus pātŭerĕ cāvernæ. *V.* Ferrum ∾ actum rĕcĭpĕrĕ. *Sen.* Causas ∾ lātentes tentarĕ. *V.* [† Alte, fundĭtūs; *sts.* radicĭtūs.] **Crcl.** ˘Ad imā. ˘In imum. **2.** *Completely, entirely, thoroughly.* ∾ toto divisos orbĕ Brĭtannos. *V.* excidi vĭtĭum iræ. *H.* [† Omnino, fundĭtūs, prorsūs, &c.] *See* Omnino.

Penna, æ. *f.* **1.** *A feather, a wing;* hence, *a flying, a flight.* Remĭgĭum vŏlŭcrum, disponĭt ĭn ordĭnĕ pennas. *O.* ∾-is ablatā rĕfugĭt. *V.* Vĕnirĕ ∾-a defĭcĭentē (*flagging wing*). *O.* Nunc penna veras, nunc dātis orĕ nōtas (*of birds and the auguries derived from their flight and singing*). *O.* [† Alā; vŏlatūs.] *See* Ala, Volo. **2.** *The feather of an arrow; an arrow.* Pĕr jūgŭlum ∾-is tēnŭs actā sāgittā. *O.* ∾-a tempŏrā trajectūs ŏlŏr. *O. See* Sagitta. **3.** *A pen.* Carmĭnā præcĭpĭti ∾-a scribĕrĕ. *O. See* Stilus. **4.** Sts. *An insect's wing.* ∾-is cŏruscant (ăpes). *V.* **5.** Fig. Decisis hŭmĭlĭs ∾-is (Angl. *with clipped wings*). *H.*

Pennatūs, ă, um, *and* **Pennĭgĕr,** ĕrā, ĕrum. *Winged.* Intĕrĕa pāvĭdam vŏlĭtans pennatā pĕr urbem Famā. *V.* Pennĭgĕris phārĕtram implevissē sāgittis. *Sil.* [† Alatūs, &c.] *See* A.

Pennĭpes, ĕdis. *m. f. With winged feet.* Non Ladas si ĕgŏ, pennĭpesvē Perseus. *Cat.*

Pennĭpŏtens, tis. *Winged;* abs. *a bird.* Augescunt vires et corpŏrā pennĭpŏtentum. *Lr.*

Pensilis, ĕ. *Hanging.* Tum pensĭlis uvā sĕcundas, Et nux ornabāt mensas. *H.* Vĕhetŭr ∾-ĭbūs plumis. *J. See* Pendens.

Penso, as. **1.** *To weigh.* Lit. and fig. Romani pensantŭr ĕadem Scriptores trŭtĭna. *H.* [† Pendo, pondĕro, &c.] *See* Pondero, Examino. **2.** *To compensate for, make up for, atone for; to poise, set off,* or *replace one thing with another; to buy back, redeem.* ∾ nĕcĕ pŭdorem; mĕrĭtis tĭtŭlum. *O.* scĕlĕrĕ scĕlŭs. *Sen.* causas; vitam auro. *Sil.* [† Compenso, rĕpendo, æquo, rĕdĭmo, supplĕo, solvo.] **3.** Pensarĕ ĭtĕr. *To shorten the way, go a shorter way.* Illĕ quĭdem ∾-abāt ĭtĕr. *L. See* Compendium.

Pensum, i. *n.* **1.** *A portion of wood,* &c., *weighed out for the female slave's day's task; a task* or *work given.* Excussi mānĭbus rādĭi, rĕvŏlutāquē pensā. *V.* Exercĕrĕ fāmŭlas longo ∾-o. *V.* Trāhĕrĕ dātā ∾-ā (de fāmŭlis). *O.* [† ˘Opŭs, lābŏr.] *See* Lanificium. **2.** *Used of the thread of life,* &c., *spun by the Parcæ. Cl. St.* [† Fusŭs, staměn, filum, cŏlŭs.] **3.** *A task, a duty. Pers.* [† Munŭs.]

Penthēsĭlea, æ. *f. Queen of the Amazons, killed by Achilles at the siege of Troy.* Penthēsĭleā fūrens, mĕdĭisque in millĭbūs ardēt. *V. See* Amazon.

I. **Pentheus,** ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei, *acc.* ĕā *or* ĕum. *m. A king of Thebes, torn in pieces by his mother*

Agave, and other Bacchanals, for having treated the worship of Bacchus with contempt. Ad matrem fŭgĭet Pentheus, ad Mænădĭăs Orpheus. *M.* Pĕnthĕŏs umbrā. *O.* Stellis hŏnorem tectăquĕ Penthĕi. *H.* [† ˘Echiŏnĭdes.] **Crcl.** ˘Echiŏnĕ natŭs *or* cretŭs.

II. PENTHEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pentheus.* Quidquĕ fŭror vălĕat, Penthea cædĕ, sătisquĕ &c. *O.*

PENŬLA, &c. *See* PÆNULA.

PENURIA, æ. *f. Want, penury.* Exĭgŭam in cĕrĕrem penurĭa ădegĭt ĕdendi. *V.* [† ˘Egestas, ĭnŏpĭă, &c.] *See* EGESTAS, PAUPERIES.

PĒNŬS, i *or* us. *m. f.*; PĒNUM, i. *n. Food, victuals.* ('Omne quo vescuntur homines.' *Cic.*) Quĭbŭs ordĭnĕ longo Curĭ pēnum strŭĕrĕ &c. *V.* Portĕt frumentā pēnusquĕ. *H.* Prŏcurator pĕni. *Pl.* ∾ annŭŭs. *Pl.* Cui non longā pēnŭs. *Aus.* [† Victŭs, cĭbŭs, cĭbarĭă, ălĭmentā.]

PĒPLUM, i. *n.*, *and* PĒPLŬS, i. *m.* 1. *An embroidered robe, with which the statue of Minerva was clothed at Athens; also assigned to Venus.* Crinĭbŭs Ilĭădes passis, peplumquĕ fĕrebant. *V.* ∾-um flŭentem allĕvăt (Cȳthĕrē). *Cl.* 2. *A flowing robe of the same kind used by the rich.* Hȳăloquĕ vĭrentem Pandĕ pēplum &c. *Aus.*

PĒR. *prep.* 1. *Through, over, along, among, between.* Transtrā pĕr, et remos, et pictas abiĕtĕ puppes. *V.* Fusi pĕr sēdilĭă nautæ. Vĭă sectā pĕr ambas. *V.* Irĕ pĕr ignes. *O.* [† Intĕr, ĭn.] **Crcl.** Pĕr–mĕdĭum, mĕdĭos, mĕdĭă. ˘In mĕdĭum *or* mĕdĭam. 2. *Through, during.* Pĕr noctem rĕsŏnarĕ. *V.* 3. *Through, by the means of.* Pĕr me sospes. *O.* Pĕr te tĭbĭ sătĭs consŭlĭs. *H.* **Crcl.** ˘Ōpĕ (ŏpĕra, præsĭdĭo) cjs. 4. *Through, on account of.* Nĕquĕ pĕr ætatem pŏtŭĕrăt. *Ter.* Pĕr mĕtum mussari. *Pl. See* OB. 5. *By* (marking the part by which). Irĕ præcĭpĭtem pĕr căputquĕ pĕdĕsquĕ. *Cat.* 6. *By* (appealing to *by*, or vowing *by*). [Note. *Per* in this sense is often separated from its case.] Pĕr ĕgŏ has lăcrĭmas te oro. *V.* Pĕr ĕgŏ hæc primordĭă belli. *St.* Pĕr sidĕrā; pĕr sŭpĕros (juro). *V.* Pĕr Cæsărĕum căpŭt. *O.*

PERA, æ. *f. A wallet, bag.* Dormĭăt, et tĕtrĭco cum căně perā rŏgăt. *M.* [† Perŭlā, saccŭlŭs.]

PĒRĂCUTUS, ă, um. *Very sharp.* Pĕrăcuta falcĕ sĕcarĕt. *M. See* PRÆACUTUS.

PĒRÆQUE. *Quite equally, without any distinction.* Illā pĕræque Præ se formosis invĭdĭosā dĕa est. *Pp. See* ÆQUE.

PĒRĂGO, is, egi, actum. *To carry through, pursue to the end*; hence—1. ∾ rĕum. *To prosecute, pursue a criminal to condemnation.* Et pĕrăgor pŏpŭli publĭcŭs orĕ rĕŭs. *O.* Possĕ tŭo pĕrăgi vix putĕt orĕ rĕos. *O. See* AGO. 2. *To go* or *pass through, traverse.* Lit. and fig. ∾ frĕtā cærŭlā remo; dŭŏdenā signā (de solĕ). *O.* Itĕr inceptum. *V.* totā membrā (de dŏlorĕ). *V. Fl.* [† Percurro, confĭcĭo, metĭŏr, &c.] *See* PERCURRO. 3. *To pierce through, transfix.* Theseus lătŭs ensĕ pĕregĭt. *O. See* CONFODIO. 4. *To pass, spend, go through* (of time, &c.). ∾ ævum; noctem. *O.* ætatem. *H.* [† Dego, duco, exĭgo.] 5. *To finish, bring to a close.* ∾ regnum. *O.* cursum. *V.* [† Confĭcĭo, absolvo, finĭo, &c.] *See* FINIO. 6. *To perform, execute.* ∾ mandatā. *O.* officĭum. *J.* Accĭpĕ quæ ∾-endā prĭĭs. *V.* [† ˘Ago, făcĭo, exsĕquŏr, &c.] *See* FACIO. 7. *To put an end to* (kill). Externa pĕrăgi dextra. *Sil.* Quam sexta pĕreăĭt hĭĕmĕ (lex fatorum). *M.* [† Confĭcĭo, aufĕro.] 8. ∾ hŭmum. *To till, work the ground.* Illĕ sŭam ∾-ebăt hŭmum, sivĕ usŭs ăratri &c. *O.*

PĒRĂGRO, *and* PĒRAGRO, as. *To travel over, through.* Lit. and fig. Avĭă Pĭĕrĭdum pĕrăgro lŏcā, nullĭŭs antĕ. *Lr.* Atque omne immensum pĕrăgravit mentĕ ănĭmoquĕ. *Lr.* Ipse ignotŭs, ĕgens, Lĭbȳæ desertā pĕragro. *V.* (The word occurs four times in *V.*, and with the second syllable always long.) [† Pĕrerro, percurro, lustro, perlustro, ŏbĕo, ădĕo.]

PĒRAMBŬLO, as. *To walk through, go through* or *over.* Lit. and fig. Tutus bos ĕtĕnim rurā pĕrambŭlăt. *H.* Frigŭs pĕrambŭlăt artus. *O.*

PĒRĂRO, as. 1. *To plough through, make furrows through.* Contŭdĭt, et rugis pĕrăravĭt ănĭlĭbŭs orā. *O.* ∾ pontum. *Sen.* [† ˘Aro, exăro, sulco, &c.] 2. *To write* (as furrowing the wax-tablet with the style). Blandis ∾-atŭr littĕrā verbis. *O. See* SCRIBO.

PERBĪBO, is. *To drink up; drink thoroughly in.* Lit. and fig. Terrā Concepit lăcrĭmas, ac venis perbĭbĭt imis. *O. See* BIBO, COMBIBO.

PERBRĔVIS, ĕ. *Very short.* Est dătā, quæ tempus perbrĕvĕ nuptā fŭĭt. *O.*

PERCALĔFACTUS, ă, um. *part. from* Percalefio. *Thoroughly heated.* ˘Ut omnĭă, motu Percălĕfactā, vĭdes ardescĕrĕ. *Lr.*

PERCALĔO, es, *and* PERCALESCO, is. *To be thoroughly hot.* Vĕtŭs humŏr ăb ignĕ Percălŭĭt solĭs. *O. See* CALEO.

PERCELLO, is, cŭli, culsum. 1. *To strike with great force, strike to the ground.* Percŭlĭt, et fulva mŏrĭbundum extendĭt ărena. *V.* Dextrā Drȳantĭs percŭlĭt adversos. *O.* [† Fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, affligo, dejĭcĭo, sterno, prosterno.] 2. Fig. Percŭlĭt –urbem vox; qm horrŏr, lŭces. *V. Fl.* Perculsŭs lætĭtĭa, mĕtu. *V. See* PERCULSUS.

PERCENSĔO, es. 1. *To go through in order to number up; to survey through.* Totum percensŭĭt orbem. *O.* [† Nŭmĕro, dinŭmĕro; percurro.] *See* P. 2. *To go through one by one*; gen. *to traverse, pass through.* Quæ (signā) longo fratĕr ∾-ĕăt anno. *O.* [† Percurro, pĕrăgro.] *See* PERCUBRO.

PERCĬĔO, es, *and* PERCĬO, is. *To stir, put in motion, rouse.* Oclĭŭs ergo ănĭmus quam res se percĭĕt ullā. *Lr.* Edictum percĭet aures. Irai fax subdĭtā percĭt. *Lr. See* PERCITUS, CIEO.

PERCINGO. *See* PRÆCINGO.

PERCĬPIO, is, epi, eptum. 1. *To take, take* or *seize hold of.* Lit. and fig. Aĕrā percĭpĭat călĭdis fervorĭbŭs ardŏr. *Lr.* ∾-ĭt membra hŏmĭnis (fĕbrĭs). *Lr.* mĭhĭ horrŏr membrā. *Pl.* [† Căpĭo, comprendo, invado, sŭbĕo, occŭpo.] 2. *To take in, receive.* ∾ auras. *O.* pectŏrĕ flammam. *V. See* ACCIPIO. 3. *To get, gather* (of fruits, &c.). ∾ fructum vertentĭs anni. *Pp.* [† Căpĭo, collĭgo, carpo, decerpo.] 4. *To taste, enjoy.* ∾ gaudĭă. *O. See* FRUOR. 5. *To feel.* ∾ totis ossĭbŭs æstum. *O. See* SENTIO. 6. Fig. Of the mind. *To comprehend, conceive, understand,* &c. ∾ cĭto dictā. *H.* voces mentĕ. *O.* Percĭpĕ, quĭd dŭbĭtem. *V.* [† Intellĭgo, assĕquŏr, comprendo, concĭpĭo, accĭpĭo, cognosco, disco, sentĭo, audĭo, scĭo.] *See* INTELLIGO.

PERCĬTUS, ă, um. *part. See* PERCIEO. 1. *Set in motion, stirred.* Spontĕ sŭa vŏlĭtent æterno percĭtā motu. *Lr.* ∾ plagis. *Lr.* [† Motŭs, impulsŭs.] 2. *Roused by some strong feeling; greatly provoked.* ∾ ira. *Lr.* incredĭbĭlĭ re. *Ter. See* IRATUS.

PERCOLO, as. *To filter, strain.* Humor dulcĕt, ŭbi per terras crebrĭŭs idem Percolatŭr. *Lr.* [† Colo, sacco, transmitto, lĭquo.]

PERCONTATŎR, oris. *m. One who asks questions, an inquisitive person.* Percontatorem fŭgĭto, nam garrŭlŭs idem est. *H.*

PERCONTŎR (PERCUNCTŎR, *from* per, cuncta),

arĭs. 1. *To make inquiries, ask questions.* Perconterĕ lĭcet, sæpe est expertă pŭellă. *Prop.* ~ te mĕum ævum. *H.* hanc paucis vŏlo. *Pl. See* INTERROGO. 2. ~ qm. *To ask about a person.* ~ qm ex ăllĭis. *Pl.*

PERCŎQUO, ĭs, coxi, coctum. (Cŏquo.) 1. *To boil* or *cook* (thoroughly). *Pl.* [† Cŏquo.] 2. *To make very hot, burn, scorch.* Terram percoxĕrăt igni. *Lr.* ~ humorem. *Lr.* Sæclă vĭrum percoctă cŏlorĕ (*of the Moors*). *Lr. See* CALEFACIO. 3. *To ripen.* Mŏrŭ ~-ĭt uvas. *O.*

PERCULSUS, ă, um. *part. See* PERCELLO. *Struck; us. much moved* (of the mind). Magno laudum ~ ămorĕ. *V.* ~-a mentĕ dŭrĕ lăcrĭmas. *V.* [† Mŏtŭs, permotŭs, commotŭs.]

PERCURRO, ĭs, curri, cursum. 1. *To run through,* or *without stopping.* Per terras răpidus percurrĕrĕ turbo. *Lr.* ~ ăd fŏrum. *Ter. See* CURRO. 2. Us. *To run,* i. e. *pass, through* or *over; traverse.* Ignĕă rimă percurrĭt lumĭnĕ nimbos. *V.* ~ sĕgĕtis stantes ăristas; pollĭcĕ chordas. *O.* pectĭnĕ telas. *V.* [† Permĕo, pĕrerro, lustro, collustro, perlustro, trajĭcio, perlabŏr, pervăgŏr, metlŏr, emetlŏr; *sts.* pervŏlo.] 3. *To run over with the eye, skim over.* ~ veloci ŏcŭlo. *H.* [† Pervăgo.] 4. *To pass over in thought, mentally.* ~ ănĭmo pŏlum. *H.* 5. *To run over* (a number of things) *by name; to make passing mention of.* ~ omnĭă pœnarum nomĭnă. *V.* [† Percensĕo.]

PERCUSSUS, us. *m. The act of striking, a blow.* Percussu crebro saxă cĕvantŭr ăquæ. *O.* [† Ictŭs.]

PERCUSTI. *sync. for* Percussisti.

PERCŬTIO, ĭs, ussi, ussum. 1. *To strike, smite.* Percŭtĭturque căput converso verbĕrĕ virgæ. Pellĭbŭs exsectus ~-endă (tergă). *O.* Jantŭă ~-endă mănu. *Tib.* [† Quăttĭo, tundo; *sts.* jăcŭlŏr, vulnĕro, sauciŏ.] 2. ~ lyram. *To strike* (play on) *the lyre. V. Fl. See* CITHARA. 3. *To strike the mind, produce emotion.* Percussĭt -spes magnă mĕum cŏr. *Lr.* me Larissæ campŭs. *H.* [† Percello, impello, pulso, affĭcio, tango, excĭto.]

PERDELIRUS, ă, um. *Very silly and senseless.* Quod făcĭt hic idem; perdelirum essĕ vĭdetŭr. *Lr.*

PERDISCO, ĭs, dĭdĭci. *To learn thoroughly.* Tum mĭhĭ naturæ lĭbĕat perdiscĕrĕ mores. *Pp. See* DISCO.

PERDĬTE. *Desperately.* Nec pŏttŭi, nec, si possem, tam perdĭte ămarem. *Cat.* [† Ardentĕr, vehĕmentĕr.]

PERDĬTUS, ă, um. *part. See* PERDO. Used also adj. 1. *Lost. Pl.* [† Amissŭs.] 2. *Lost, undone, ruined.* Perdĭtă, ne perdam tĭmĕo, nŏcĕamvĕ nŏcenti. *O.* Quanto perdĭtŏr quisquĕ est, tanto &c. *H.* Si perdĭtŭs pŏtest quĭd essĕ. *Cat.* [† Pessumdătŭs.] 3. *Exhausted, worked out.* Reflĭcĭt cŏlos ĕt ~-ă pensă. *St.* [† Exhaustŭs.] 4. *Lost, desperate* (of love and the lover). *V.* ~ ĭn quadam &c. *Pp.* ~ĭn mĭsĕro hoc nostro perdĭto ămorĕ. *Cat.*

PERDIX, ĭcis. *m. f. A partridge.* Acclpĕ perdices quattŭŏr atquĕ dĕcem. *Anthol.*

PERDO, ĭs, dĭdi, dĭtum. 1. *To destroy, ruin.* Quem stŭă perdĭdĕrit musă, rĕpertŭs ĕgŏ. Perdendum mortalĕ gĕnŭs. *O.* [† Pessumdo, destrŭo, exstinguo, &c.] *See* EXSTINGUO. 2. *To squander money away. Ter. See* DECOQUO. 3. ~ tempŭs. *To throw away, lose time. O.* 4. *To ruin the morals, reputation, &c. Ter. See* CORRUMPO. 5. *To lose, suffer a loss.* Ne perdĭdĕrĭt, non cessăt perdĕrĕ lusŏr. *O.* ~ vires. *O.* zonam. *H.* vitam. *M.* [† Deperdo, disperdo, amitto.] **Crol.** Jacturam făcio. *See* AMITTO.

PERDŎCĬO, es. *To teach thoroughly.* Et te Pĭĕrĭdes perdŏcŭerĕ dĕæ. *O. See* DOCEO.

PERDOCTUS, ă, um. *Very learned, very skilful* (in any art, &c.). Pulsumquĕ sĭnistræ Da gĕnĭtor perdoctĕ lyræ. *St.*

PERDŎMO, as. *To conquer, subdue* (thoroughly). Unum non pŏttŭi perdŏmŭissĕ vĭrum. *O.* Perdŏmĭtis Fălĭscis. *O. See* DOMO.

PERDUCO, ĭs, xi, ctum. 1. *To bring, lead, lead through, conduct to the end.* Lit. and fig. Perducant ălĭquæ stăbŭla ad Gortynĭă vaccæ. *V.* Eu quo discordĭă cives perduxĭt! *V.* ~ carmĕn ăd iratum ~Achillem. *O.* [† Duco, adduco, trăho, pertrăho, ăgo.] 2. *To carry on* or *through, extend from one extreme point to the other* (of a work done). A summis perduxĭt ăd æthĕrĭă castris Cæsăr ŏpŭs. *L.* [† Duco, fĕro.] 3. *To continue, carry through to the last.* Tota ~ vita fœdŭs ămicĭtiæ. *Cat. See* SERVO. 4. *To induce, persuade to some step. H.* [† Adduco, induco, impello.] 5. *To do over* (one thing with another), *to wash, anoint; cover with any thing.* ~ nati corpus ambrŏsĭæ ŏdorĕ. *V.* săcras fĭcĭes ovato auro. *Pers.* [† Perfundo, lĭno, ungo, &c.] *See* UNGO.

PERDURO, as. *To last, hold out, continue.* Sufficĭt, et longum prŏbĭtas perdurăt ĭn ævum. *O. See* DURO.

PĔRĔDO, ĕdis, edi, esum. *To eat up, eat away; to consume.* Lit. and fig. Nec pĕredĭt Impŏsĭtam călĕr ignis Ætnam. *H.* ~-ĭt secreta tabĕ ămŏr. *V.* saxă molli ăqua dĭes. *Tib.* [† ~Edo, exĕdo.] *See* E. *and* PERESUS.

PĔRĔGRĔ. *adv. Abroad.* Lit. and fig. Ne solus rusvĕ pĕregrĕve Exirem. *H.* Dum ~ est ănĭmŭs. *H.*

PĔRĔGRINUS, *and* PĔREGRINUS, ă, um. 1. *Foreign, of* or *from foreign countries.* Nondum essă stŭs, pĕrĕgrinum ut visĕrĕt orbem. *O.* Signă pĕregrinis ŭbĭ sunt alternă cŏlumnis. *O.* Ducĕrĕ ~-um cœlum. *O.* ~-æ divĭtiæ. *O.* [† Externŭs, longinquŭs, rĕmotŭs.] 2. *Going to* or *coming from foreign countries; a stranger.* Vertĕrĕ ăd littŏră ~-am puppim. *H.* Vĕnĭas ~ ĭn urbem. *O.* [† Hospĕs, advĕnă, externŭs.]

PĔREMPTOR, orĭs. *m. A slayer.* Ecquis pĕremptŏr inclȳti regis fŭĭt? *Sen.* [† Interfectŏr, percussŏr.]

PĔRENNIS, ĕ. *That lasts for ever, perpetual.* Carmĭnă quam trĭbŭent, famă pĕrennis ĕrit. *O.* Mŏnŭmentum ærĕ pĕrennĭŭs. *H.* [† Perpĕtŭŭs, mansurŭs, assĭdŭŭs, jugis, infinitŭs, stăbĭlis, immortalis, contĭnŭŭs, Inexstinctŭs, interminŭs; *sts.* perpĕs.] **Crol.** Non pĕrĭturŭs. Non mortalis. Nunquam casurŭs. Finĕ cărens. Expers finis. Sĭnĕ finĕ. Finis insclŭs. Nullo pĕrĭturŭs ævo. Immunis fati. Ævis omnĭbŭs mansurŭs. **Phr.** *Endless, everlasting.* Cui fătă nĕc tempŏrĕ, nĕc metas rerum ponunt. *See* IMMORTALIS.

PĔRENNO, as. *To last for ever.* Defŭĭt ars vobis, artĕ pĕrennăt ămŏr. *O.*

PĔRĔO, is, ĭi *or* ivi, itum, irĕ. 1. *To pass* or *run through;* hence, *to disappear.* ~Et lnanĕ lymphæ Dolĭum fundo pĕrĕuntis imo. *H.* Ecqua indĕ parvă pĕrĭisset sŏrŏr. *Ter.* [† ~Abĕo.] 2. Us. *To perish, to die* (us. a violent death). ~ pĕr multă vulnĕrĕ; alterna mănu; jurĕ. *O.* [† Dispĕrĕo, cădo, occĭdo, mŏrĭŏr, intĕrĕo, occumbo, occŭbo, cædŏr, occidŏr, pĕrĭmŏr, mactŏr, confĭcĭŏr, absumŏr, sternŏr; *sts.* jŭgŭlŏr, confŏdĭŏr.] **Crol.** Letum *or* mortem –oppĕto, pătĭŏr, perpĕtĭŏr. Mortĕ cădo. Nĕci occumbo. ~Anĭmam do *or* pono. Mortĕ *or* leto –cădo, jăcĕo, mulctŏr, volvŏr, sternŏr, pĕrĭmŏr. Exănĭmis volvŏr. Pĕr vĭm mŏrĭŏr. Easĕ jăcĕo. Ferro pĕrĭmŏr. Vul-

nĕrĕ -cădo, sternŏr. **Phr.** *Of a violent death.* Crŭorem cum ănĭma ĭn auras effundĭt. Vitam părĭtĕr cum sanguĭnĕ fundĭt. Volvĭtŭr, căllĭdum de pectŏrĕ flumĕn vŏmens. Corrŭĭt ĭn vulnŭs, ĕt hŭmum orĕ mordĕt. Mŏrĭens terram orĕ crŭento pĕtĭt. **3.** *Used of things inanimate.* ~-ĭt rubiginĕ telum. *H.* cŏlŏr orĭs; lăbŏr irrĭtŭs anni; venă ăquæ; perfidĭă tecum. *O.* frons de rebŭs. *Pers.* [† Intĕrĕo, cădo, excĭdo, intercĭdo, mŏrĭŏr, ăbŏlĕŏr, exstinguŏr, ăbĕo, flŭo, vanesco, pessumdŏr, labŏr, elabŏr.] **4.** *To die of love.* ~ indigno ămorĕ. *V.* ˘Ut vidi, ŭt pĕrĭi ! *V.* Fertŭr pĕrĭssĕ Lăcæna (Părĭs). *Pp. See* AMO.

PĔRERRO, as. *To wander* or *pass through* or *over.* Lit. and fig. Magnă pĕrerrato stătŭes quæ denĭquĕ ponto. *V.* Arvă ~-antŭr undis. *O.* ~ nunc hos, nunc illos ădĭtus; omnem lŏcum artĕ; qm lumĭnĭbŭs tăcĭtis. *V.* [† Percurro, ŏbĕo, &c.] *See* PERCURRO.

PĔRESŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PEREDO. *Eaten away, consumed.* Nec tonderĕ quĭdem morbo illŭvĭquĕ pĕresă. *V.* Vesco sălĕ saxă ~-ă. *Lr.* Multis languorĭbŭs ~. *Cat.* [† ˘Adesŭs, exesŭs, consumptŭs.]

PERFĂCĬLIS, ĕ. *Very easy.* Perfăcĭle est ănĭmi rătĭone exsolvĕrĕ nobis. *Lr.* [† Fĭcillĭmŭs.]

PERFECTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PERFICIO. Used also adj. **1.** *Furnished, completed.* Perfectis, quos terræ debŭĭt, annis. *O.* [† Exactŭs, finitŭs, completŭs.] **2.** *Perfect.* Qualĕ non perfectĭŭs Mĕæ lăborarint mănus. *H.* Non sum ~ ĭn hac artĕ. *O.* ~-issĭmŭs horum est. *J.* [† Exĭmŭs, doctissĭmŭs, primŭs.]

PERFĔRO, fers, tŭli, latum. **1.** *To carry* or *bring to a particular place* or *end.* Nec fraus te incŏlŭmem fallaci perfĕrĕt Auno. *V.* Totum non pertŭlĭt ictum (lăpĭs). Nato manes ~ sŭb imos (gaudĭă). *V.* [† Fĕro.] **2.** ~ me. *To betake oneself, to go. V. See* EO. **3.** *To preserve to the last.* ~ intrĕpĭdos vultus. *O.* Vires non pertŭlĭt (hastă). *V. See* SERVO. **4.** *To bear* or *suffer to the end.* ~ pĕlagi lăborem. *V.* Perfĕr ĕt obdura. *O. See* PATIOR. **5.** *To bring word, report.* Incensas naves perfert Eumelŭs. *V. See* NUNTIO.

PERFICIO, ĭs, eci, ectum. **1.** *To perform, accomplish, complete.* Est vĕtŭs atquĕ prŏbus, centum qui perfĭcĭt annos. *H.* ~ ritĕ inceptă. *V.* stamĭnă. *O.* jussă. *V. Fl.* [† Absolvo, pĕrăgo, exĭgo, confĭcio, exsĕquŏr, effĭcio, &c.] *See* FINIO. **2.** *To make perfect by teaching.* Phillyrĭdes cĭthăra perfecĭt ˘Achillem. *O.* [† Erŭdĭo, dŏcĕo, pŏlĭo, perpŏlĭo.]

PERFIDIĂ, æ. *f. Perfidy; false, faithless conduct.* Perfĭdĭæ cŭmŭlum, falsis perjurĭă verbis. *O.* [† Fraus, fallacĭă, mendacĭă, perjurĭă.] **Crol.** Vană (lĕvĭs, fluxă) fĭdes. Infidă promissă. Perfĭdă *or* perjurĭă -dictă, verbă. Linguæ perjurĭă. *See* MENDACIUM, DOLUS.

PERFIDŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Faithless, perfidious* (of persons). Has olim exŭvĭas mĭhĭ perfĭdŭs illĕ rĕliquĭt. *V.* ~-ă verbă. *O.* [† Infidŭs, măllĕfidŭs, fallax, falsŭs, mendax, vanŭs, perjurŭs, dŏlosŭs; *sts.* perfĭdĭosŭs.] **Crol.** ˘In perjurĭă natŭs. Vĭr fluxa fĭde. Cui nomĕn ĭnanĕ fĭdes. Cujŭs verbă fĭde cărent. **Phr.** *Of a perjured, faithless person.* Fĭdem juratŭs fallĭt. Nĭhĭl curăt perjurĭă. Destĭtŭĭt juratam fĭdem. Quicquĭd jurăt, ventŭs răpĭt (ĭn vento *or* ĭn răpĭda ăqua scribĭtŭr). Multă affingĭt mendax. Nil mĕtŭĭt jurarĕ. *See* MENDAX, MENTIOR. **2.** Fig. *Deceitful, treacherous* (of things). ~ inconstantĭă verĭs. *L.* ~-ă frĕtă. *Sen. See* DOLOSUS.

PERFINIO, is. *To finish completely.* Dimĭdĭam partem, nec res perfinĭĕt ullă. *Lr.*

PERFIXŬS, ă, um. *part. from obs.* Perfigo. *Pierced through.* ~ telis păvorĭs; desiderio. *Lr.*

PERFLO, as. *To blow through* or *over any thing* (acc.); *to blow any thing about, to blow a sound.* ~-ant altissĭmă venti. *O.* terras turbĭnĕ. *V.* Venti nubĭlă perflant. *Lr.* ~ murmŭrĕ ventosa concha. *L.*

PERFLUCTŬO, as. *To stream over* (cover as with waves). Exŏs ĕt exsanguis tŭmĭdos perfluctŭăt artus. *Lr.*

PERFLŬO, ĭs. **1.** *To flow through.* Sŭbĭto per colum vină vĭdemŭs Perflŭĕrĕ. *Lr.* Fig. **2.** *To escape, be lost, waste away* (*i.e.* run out, and flow away). Commŏdă perfluxerĕ, atquĕ intĕrĭerĕ (quăsĭ pertusum ĭn vas congestă). *Lr.* [† Excĭdo, pĕrĕo.] **3.** *To let secrets out* (to be leaky). Plenŭs rimarum sum, hac atquĕ illac perflŭo. *Ter.*

PERFŎDIO, ĭs, odi, ossum, ŏdĕrĕ. *To dig through, break through* or *up with farming tools; to pierce through.* Tu grăvĭbus rastris cunctantĭă perfŏdĕ tergă. *Col.* ~ jŭgŭlum ensĕ; illĭă planta (*with the spur*). *Sil.* Thoracă bĭs sex lŏcis perfossum. *V. See* CONFODIO.

PERFŎRO, as. **1.** *To pierce.* Loricæquĕ mŏras et pectus perfŏrăt ingens. *V.* Lyncĕă ~-ăt hasta. *O.* [† Fŏro, pertundo, tĕrĕbro, perfŏdĭo, ăpĕrĭo, căvo.] *See* CONFODIO. **2.** Fig. Dĭes rădĭis culmĭnă ~-ăt. *St.*

PERFRĬCO, as. *To rub all over, to rub.* Lit. and fig. Nec dentes coram perfrĭcŭĭssĕ prŏbem. *O.* ~ frontem. *M. See* FRICO.

PERFRIGĔO, es, xi. *To be very cold.* (Frigĕo.) *M. See* F.

PERFRINGO, ĭs, egi, actum. *To break up, break to pieces, break.* Tempŏrĕ perfregit fulvo protectă căpillo. *O.* ~ pinguĭă collă bĭpenni. *V. Fl.* portas vi. *L.* Perfractă ossă clava trĭnodi. *O.* P. pectŏrĕ quadrŭpĕdantum. *V. See* FRANGO, EVERTO.

PERFRŬĔR, ĕrĭs, ctŭs sum. *To enjoy thoroughly; to reap the fruits of.* Te tĕnĕt, amplexu perfrŭĭturquĕ tŭo. *O.* ~-ŏr infelix libĕrĭorĕ mălo. *O. See* FRUOR.

PERFŬGĬUM, ĭi. *n. A refuge, an asylum.* Præsĭdĭum reges ipsi sĭbĭ perfŭgĭumquĕ. *Lr.* [† Confŭgĭum, portŭs, ară, spes.] **Crol.** Tută sedes, tutŭs lŏcŭs.

PERFUNCTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Perfungŏr. *Having done with, having brought to an end; having effected, accomplished.* Sit perfunctă mĕis tempŭs ĭn omnĕ mălis. *O.* ˘Eptŭlis ~-ă rĕdĭbĭt. *O.* ~ ŏpella. *L.* gĕmĭna cædĕ. *Sen.*

PERFUNDO, ĭs, udi, usum. **1.** *To overspread any thing with any liquid;* hence, *to bathe, wash, moisten, sprinkle, bedew* (with), &c. ~ sanguĭnĕ flammas. *V.* te lăcrĭmis. *O.* Vestam ardentem nectărĕ. *V.* Artus perfudĭt sudŏr. *V.* Sanguĭnĕ ~-ĭtŭr ensĭs. *O.* [† Spargo, rĭgo, imbŭo, tingo, &c.] *See* RIGO. **2.** Fig. *Used of any thing spread over* or *pervading another.* ~ omnĭă lucĕ; cunctă văporĕ. *Lr.* lumĭnĕ colles. *L.* pĕdes ămictu. *M.* mentem ămorĕ. *Cat.* Collă ~-unt cŏmæ. *Sen. See* TEGO *or* IMPLEO.

PERFŬRO, ĭs. *To rage furiously, to continue raging.* Perfŭrĭt, ac multam in mĕdĭo sĭnĕ nomĭnĕ plebem &c. *V.* [† Præfŭro.] *See* FURO.

PERGĂMA, orum. *n. pl.* (PERGĂMŬS, i. *f.* [*Hom.* ἡ Πέργαμος.] PERGĂMUM, i. *n. Sen.*) **1.** *The citadel of Troy; Troy.* Et rĕcĭdivă mănu pŏsŭissem Pergămă victis. *V. See* TROJA. **2.** *Any citadel.* Jam Phryx condebăt Lavinĭă Pergămă victŏr. *Sil.*

PERGĂMĔŬS, ă, um. *Trojan;* hence, *Roman.* Cură dĭem, bis Pergămĕis ereptĕ rŭĭnis (Anchises). *V.* Sanguĭnĕ ~-o Trĕbĭă (flŭăt). *Sil.*

Pergo, gis, rrexi. 1. *To go on, proceed* (of things as well as persons). Pergĕ mŏdo, atque hinc te reginæ ad limĭnā perfĕr. *V.* ∾ ăd littŏrā. *Sil.* Itĕr (*cognate acc.*). *H.* Cĕlĕri ∾-unt fulmĭnā lapsu. *Lr.* [† ˘Eo, vădo, &c.] *See* Eo. 2. Fig. *To go on, continue* (in any act begun). Si prima rĕpĕtens ăb ŏrigĭnĕ ∾-am. *V.* Sĭlerĕ ∾-it. *Sen.* [† Persisto, persto, persĕvero.] **Crcl.** Non -cesso, intermitto, defĭcio. 3. Pergĕ = ăgĕ. Pergĭtĕ, Piĕrĭdes. *V.*

Pergratus, ă, um. *Very agreeable. Cic.* Forsăn ĕt indĕ tĭbi vĕnĭet pergrătā vŏluptas. *O.* [† Gratisālmŭs.]

Pergŭla, æ. *f. A balcony, gallery; a small upper chamber.* Horrŭĭt algenti pergŭlā curtā fŏco. *Pp.*

Pĕrhibĕo, es. 1. Us. *To say, tell, relate.* Si mŏdŏ, quem pĕrhĭbes, pătĕr est Thymbræus ˘Apollo. *V.* Nam ∾-ent, olim crudeli pestĕ cŏactam. *Cat.* [† Dico, mĕmŏro, narro.] *See* Narro. 2. Pass. *To be said to be, to pass for.* Tellus, quæ ∾-etŭr ămarā. *V.* [† Dicŏr, hăbĕŏr, ducŏr, audĭo.]

Pĕrhilum. *Very little.* Summā măgis mĕdĭis, mĕdĭa imis, imā pĕrhilum. *Lr. See* Hilum.

Pĕrhorrĕo, es, *and* **Pĕrhorresco**, is. 1. Intr. and tr. *To shudder with fear; to dread any thing greatly.* Clamorĕ pĕrhorrŭĭt Ætnā. *O.* ∾ casus nostros. *O.* (*with inf.*) conspĭcŭom tollĕrĕ vertĭcem. *H.* 2. *Used of the agitation* or *ruffling of the sea.* Totumque pĕrhorrŭĭt æquŏr. *See* Horreo.

Pĕriandĕr, *or* **Pĕriandrŭs**, i. *m.* (Περίανδρος.) *One of the wise men of Greece.* ˘Ephyra crĕatŭs huc Pĕrĭander prodĕo. *Aus.*

Pĕricles, is *or* i. *m.* (Περικλῆς.) *The celebrated Athenian.* Magni pupillĕ Pĕricli. *Pers.*

Pĕriclĭtŏr, aris. 1. *To be in danger, to run a risk.* Pĕriclĭtatur căpĭtĕ Sotādes nostro. *M.* **Crcl.** ˘In pĕriclum vĕnio. ˘In discrimĭnĕ *or* pĕriclo versŏr. ˘In ancĭpĭti sum *or* sto. ˘In ancĭpĭti lŏco sum. Prŏpĭorĕ pĕriclo prĕmŏr *or* urgĕŏr. Pĕriclis exercĕŏr *or* jactŏr. ˘In pĕriclis vertŏr. Undĭquĕ pĕriclā *or* pĕricŭlā surgunt. Pĕricŭlā me circumstant. Pĕriclum mĭhĭ fortunā intentāt. Sŭb pĕricŭlā mittŏr. Vitam In trĕpĭdis rebŭs ăgo. 2. Sts. *To make a trial of, to test.* ∾-atŭs ănĭmum sum tŭum. *Pl.* [† Expĕrĭŏr, exploro.]

Pĕriculum. *See* Periculum.

Pĕricŭlosus, ă, um. *Dangerous.* Pĕricŭlosæ plenum ŏpŭs ălĕæ. *H.* Exemplo nĭmĭum pĕricŭloso. *M.* **Crcl.** Non tutŭs.

Pĕricŭlum, *and* **Pĕriclum**, i. *n. Peril, danger.* Quis te, natĕ dĕa, per tantā pĕricŭlā casŭs Insĕquĭtŭr? *V.* Căpŭt objectarĕ pĕriclis. *V.* [† Discrimĕn, casus, dŭbĭā.] **Ep.** Anceps, dŭbĭum, certum, ăpertum, præsens, Inevitabĭlĕ, ingens, exĭtĭalĕ, flebĭlĕ, tristĕ, timendum, mĕtŭendum, horrendum. **Crcl.** Discrimĭnā rerum. Dŭbĭi *or* vărĭi casus. Dŭbĭā sors. Anceps fortunā. Res trĕpĭdæ. **Phr.** *To be in danger. See* Periclitor. *To encounter dangers.* Discrimĕn (discrimĭnā, pĕricŭlā) -ădĕo, sŭbĕo. Căpŭt pĕriclis objĭcio *or* objecto. Pĕricŭlā tento. ˘In pĕricŭlā me *or* ănĭmam mitto. Fortunam mĕam pĕr summā pĕricŭlā exercĕo.

Pĕrimo, is, emi, emptum. 1. *To destroy.* Aut sŭbĭti pĕrĭmunt imbres gĕlĭdæquĕ prŭinæ (sătā). *Lr. See* Exstinguo. 2. *To kill, slay.* Irrĭtā dicentem . . . sacrĭlĕgæ ∾-unt. *O.* Pĕremptŭs crudeli mortĕ. *V.* civili martĕ. *O. See* Occido.

Pĕrindĕ. 1. *Equally, just in the same way.* Sed măgis inversum, flĕriquĕ pĕrindĕ vĭdemŭs. *Lr.* [† Æque, părĭtĕr, sic.] 2. ∾ ac, atquĕ, quăsi, ŭt, &c. *Just as, just as if. Ter. Pl.*

Pĕriscĕlis, idis. *f. An ornament for the leg* or *ancle.* Sæpĕ pĕriscĕlĭdem raptam sĭbi flentis; ŭti mox &c. *H.*

Pĕriturus, ă, um. *Doomed* (certain, about) *to die, perish,* or *pass away.* Non res Romanæ pĕrĭturăquĕ regnā; nĕque illĕ &c. *V.* ∾ ăbis. *V.* **Crcl.** Morti devotŭs. *See* Moribundus.

Pĕritus, ă, um. *Skilled, well versed in any thing.* Montĭbŭs hæc vestris; soli cantarĕ pĕriti Arcādes. *V.* [† Doctŭs, prudens, callĭdŭs, gnarŭs.] *See* Doctus.

Perjuratus, ă, um. *Sworn by falsely.* Et perjuratos in mĕā damnā dĕos. *O.* [† Pejĕrātŭs.]

Perjurium, ii. *n. Perjury, a false* or *broken oath.* Laŏmĕdontæ lŭĭmus perjurĭā Trojæ. *V. See* Mendacium.

Perjuro, as. *To swear falsely, faithlessly.* Nec, si quem falles, tu perjurarĕ tĭmeto. *O.* [† Pejĕro, mentĭŏr.] **Crcl.** Perjurĭā vendo. Falsā juro. Nĭhĭl perjurĭā curo. Numĭnā falso cĭto. Dĕos fallo. Juro ĕt fallo. Juratŭs fallo. **Phr.** Divum numĭnĕ ăd fallendos hŏmĭnes ăbutŏr. *See* Mentior.

Perjurus, ă, um. *Perjured, false.* Talĭbŭs insĭdĭis perjurique artĕ Sĭnonis. *V.* ∾-ă pectŏrā. *O.* [† Perfĭdŭs, mendax, fallax, &c.] *See* Perjuro, Perfidus.

Perlabŏr, ĕris, psŭs sum. 1. *To pass lightly across; to glide* (pass lightly) *through* or *over.* Per nostras ăcies perlabĭtŭr omnis (de aĕrĕ). *Lr.* ∾ summas undas lĕvĭbŭs rŏtis. *V.* æquŏrā cĕlĕri cursu. *Sil.* [† Percurro, permĕo, &c.] 2. *To come as far as, to reach.* ˘Ad nos famæ ∾-ĭtŭr aurā. *V. See* Pervenio.

Perlātĕo, es. *To lie hid to the last.* Inquĕ sŭa turri perlātŭissĕt ănŭs. *O.*

Perlĕgo, is, egi, ectum. 1. With or without oculis. *To go through, examine, run over with the eyes.* Perlĕgĭt dispŏsĭtas gĕnĕrosā pĕr atrĭā ceras. *O.* ∾ omnia ŏcŭlis. *V.* ănĭmis ŏcŭlĭsquĕ. *St.* 2. Us. *To read through.* ∾-is? ăn conjux prŏhĭbĕt &c. *O. See* Lego.

Perlibro, as. *To poise, hurl.* Jăcŭlum a tergo perlibrăt ăd ossā. *Sil.*

Perluo, is, ŭi, utum. *To wash, to bathe,* tr. Sed mŏdŏ fontĕ sŭo, formosos perlŭĭt artus. *O.* Gĕlĭda quum perlŭŏr unda (*when I bathe in*). *H.* [† Ablŭo, lăvo, ungo, &c.] *See* A. L. U.

Perlustro, ās. 1. *To go through* or *over.* Perlustrăt flexĭbŭs Arctos (Anguis). *Sil. See* Percurro. 2. *To pass over in review* (mentally or ocularly); *to survey; to consider.* Quæ dum ∾-ăt, crebroquĕ ŏbĭt omnĭā visu. *Sil.* [† Perlĕgo, ŏbĕo, permetĭŏr.] 3. Sts. *To purify.* Solenni prĕcĕ ∾-a mĕā dictā. *St.*

Permādĕo, es, ŭi. *To be wet through.* Spargĕrĕ, ĕt effuso permādŭissĕ crŏco. *M. See* Madeo.

Permagnus, ă, um. *Very great.* Persĭŭs hic permagnā nĕgotĭā divĕs hăbebăt. *H.* [† Maxĭmŭs.]

Permănĕo, es, si. *To remain to the last.* Innŭlā permănĕo, sed jam felicĭŏr ætas. *O.* Multos stātŭs hic permansĭt In annos. *O.* [† Persto, persisto, &c.] *See* Maneo.

Permano, as. *To run through* (as a fluid), *diffuse itself through.* Permanare ănĭmam nobis per membrā sŏlĕrĕ. *Lr.* [† Perfluo.] *See* Permeo, Mano.

Permaturesco, is, rŭi. *To become quite ripe.* Nam cŏlŏr in pomo est, ŭbi permaturŭĭt, atĕr. *O.*

Permensus, ă, um. *part. from* Permetior. 1. *Having measured out, having gone the length of, traversed.* Nos tŭmĭdum sub te permensi classĭbŭs æquŏr. *V.* 2. Pass. *That which has been traversed* or *passed through,* &c. ∾-o tempŏrĕ lucis. *Tib.*

Permĕo, as. 1. *To go, pass over* or *through.* (Dum littĕrā) Tot mārĭa ac terras permĕāt, annūs ābĭt. *O.* [¶ Pervado, percurro, perlabŏr, permetĭŏr, perlustro, ŏbĕo, pĕrambŭlo, pĕrerro.] 2. *To pierce.* Quŏd . . . permĕēt hastā. *Sil. See* Conpodio.

Permĕrĕo, es = mĕrĕo. *To serve out the soldier's time.* Solĕ sŭb omni Perměrŭit juratā mānŭs. *St.*

Permiscĕo, es, scŭi, ixtum *or* istum. 1. *To mingle, to mix confusedly together.* Lit. and fig. Gĕnĕriquĕ crŭorem Sanguĭnĕ cum sŏcĕri permiscŭīt implŭs ensĭs. *O.* ∾ cœlum pĕlāgo; tristĭā lætis. *Sil.* 2. *To throw into confusion* or *disorder.* ∾ dŏmum omnem monstro. *V. See* Turbo.

Permissŭs, ā, um. *part. See* Permitto. Used subst. n. *Permission, leave.* Utŏr ∾. *H.* [¶ Vĕnĭā, făcultas, copĭā.]

Permitto, ĭs, isi, issum. 1. *To send* or *cast from one point to another;* pass. *to reach, extend.* Est ālĭo ut possit permitti longĭŭs altĕr (de ŏdorĕ). *Lr.* Saxum ∾-ĭt ĭn hostem. *O.* ∾ visus. *Sil.* [¶ Mitto, immitto, jăcĭo, conjĭcĭo, &c.] 2. *To let go, leave loose* (of a horse's reins). Permittĕre hābenas ĕquo. *Tib.* [¶ Laxo, do.] *See* Habena. 3. *To give up, leave to* (or in the power of). Lit. and fig. ∾ rŏgum flammæ. *V.* agmĭnā vitæ. *L.* divis cetĕrā. *H.* [¶ Rĕlinquo.] 4. *To confide. See* Committo. 5. *To grant, allow of.* ∾ nĕrā hābendum. *O.* (āquĭlæ) regnum ĭn āves vāgas. *H.* innŏcŭos lusus. *M.* [¶ Concedo, do, trĭbŭo, trado, indulgĕo.] 6. *To give leave, permission.* ∾ ludĕrĕ. *V.* ∾-ĭs dicĕrĕ verā. *O.* [¶ Concedo, annŭo, sĭno, pātĭŏr, vŏlo.] Crol. Non vĕto (prŏhĭbĕo, obsto). Vĕnĭam *or* libertatem -do, trĭbŭo, concedo.

Permŏvĕo, es, ovi, otum. *To move thoroughly, stir up greatly.* Lit. and fig. Tŭmĭdas quum permŏvĕt undas. *L.* ∾ aures prĕcĭbŭs. *Cl.* Permotŭs lăcrĭmis. *St.*

Permulcĕo, es, lsi, lsum. 1. *To stroke gently, to caress, fondle.* Lit. and fig. Candĭdā permulcens lĭquĭdis vestigĭā lymphis. *Cat.* ∾ qm mānu; frenatā collā drăconum. *O.* Cŏrollis permulsā dŏmŭs rĭsĭt ŏdorĕ. *Cat.* [¶ Mulcĕo, blandĭŏr, &c.] *See* Blandior. 2. *To touch gently.* (Aram) flatu ∾-ĕt spirĭtŭs austri (*breathes over*). *Cic. Arat.* ∾ lumĭnā virga. *O.* 3. *To appease, soothe.* ∾ cordā fŭrentum. *Sil. See* Placo.

Permulti, æ, ā. *Very many;* sts. n. pl. used adv. *very much.* ˘In făcĭem permultā jŏcatŭs. *H.* ∾-ā rŏgatŭs fecĭt. *H.* [¶ Plurĭmi; plurĭmā.]

Permutatĭŏ, onĭs. *f. A change, exchange.* Alcestim, et sĭmĭlis sĭ permutatĭŏ detŭr. *J.*

Permuto, as. *To change, exchange.* Cur vallĕ permutem Sābina Divĭtĭas ŏpĕrosĭores. *H.* Gălĕam ∾-āt ˘Alethes. *V. See* Muto.

Perna, æ. *f.* 1. Us. of animals, sp. of swine. *A gammon* (the hind-quarter). Quidquam, prætĕr ŏlus, fumosæ cum pĕdĕ pernæ. *H.* [¶ Pĕtăso (*the fore quarter*), pĕtăsuncŭlŭs.] 2. Sts. Of men. *The hip, with leg and foot. Enn.* [¶ Fĕmĕn (*rid.*), fĕmŭr.]

Pernĕgo, as. *To deny utterly, to persist in denying.* Sic ĕtĭam de me pernĕgāt illā vīro. *Tib.* Nĕgārĕ jussi, pernĕgārĕ non jussi. *M. See* Nego.

Pernĕo, es, evi, etum. *To spin out, finish spinning.* Quum mĭhĭ supremos Lăchĕsis pernevĕrĭt annos. *M.*

Pernicĭalis, ĕ. *Pernicious.* Quod nunquam sĭnĕ pernicĭalĭ Discĭdĭo pŏtĭs est sejungi. *Lr.*

Pernicies, ei. *f. Mischief, injury, loss, ruin.* Exemplo trăhenti Pernicĭem vĕnĭens ĭn ævum. *H.* [¶ Clades, exĭtĭum, rŭinā, damnum, mălum.] *See* Exitium.

Pernicĭosŭs, ā, um. *Pernicious, injurious.* Numĭnā cultori pernicĭosā sŭo. *O.* [¶ Funestŭs, exĭtĭalĭs, exĭtĭabĭlĭs, damnosŭs, noxĭŭs, &c.] *See* Noxius.

Pernicĭtĕr. *Swiftly, quickly.* Sic certe: Vidĕn, ut pernicĭtĕr exsŭlŭerĕ? *Cat.* Rŭunt pernicĭŭs hasta. *Cl. See* Cito.

Pernix, icĭs. *Fleet, swift.* Progĕnŭit, pĕdĭbus cĕlĕrem et pernicĭbŭs alis. *V.* Mauro pernicĭŏr Astŭr. *Sil.* ∾ chŏrĕā. *Lr. See* Celer.

Pernocto, as. *To pass the night.* Intĕrĕa, pro me, pernoctĕt ĕpistŏlā tecum. *O.* [¶ Noctem -ăgo, duco. Noctĕ (noctu, pĕr noctem) mŏrŏr *or* mānĕo.]

Pernosco, ĭs, ovi, otum. *To know well, thoroughly.* Est ŏpĕræ prĕtĭum dŭplĭcis pernoscĕrĕ jurĭs Naturam. *H.* [¶ Callĕo.] *See* Nosco.

Pernox, octĭs. *m. f. n. Lasting all night.* Addĭt ĕt exceptas luna pernoctĕ prŭinas. *O.* ∾ alĕā ludĭtŭr. *J.* ŭlŭlavĭt ˘Eleusin. *St.* [¶ Nocturnŭs.]

Pernŭmĕro, as. *To reckon through.* Quæ nec pernŭmĕrārĕ curĭosi Possint. *Cat. See* Numero.

Pero, onĭs. *m. A gaiter* or *kind of shoe made of raw hide.* Vestigĭā nudā sĭnistri Instĭtŭerĕ pĕdis, crudus tĕgĭt altĕrā pero. *V.* Alto pĕr glăcĭem peronĕ tĕgi. *J.* Ep. Rustĭcŭs, āgrestĭs, villĭs.

Pĕrŏlĕo, es, ŭi. *To smell strongly, to have a very bad smell.* Rancĭdā quo pĕrŏlent projectā cādavĕrā ritu. *Lr. See* Oleo.

Peronatŭs, ā, um. *One wearing the* pero. Navim si poscat sĭbĭ peronatŭs ārātŏr. *Pers.*

Pĕroro, as. *To plead a cause; to conclude a speech* or *cause formally.* Lit. and fig. ˘Uterquĕ causam quum pĕrorassent stŭam. *Ph.* Causā pĕroratā est. *Pp.* Făcĭes incestā pĕrorāt. *L.*

Pĕrosŭs, ā, um. *part. from* Perodi. *Hating.* Illĕ, pĕrosŭs ŏpes, silvasque et rurā cŏlĕbāt. *O.* [¶ Exosŭs, aversatŭs, ăbhorrens, detestatŭs.] Crol. ˘Odĭo ardens.

Perparvŭs, ā, um. *Very small, very little.* Ergo ănĭmam totam perparvis essĕ nĕcesse est Semĭnĭbus nexam. *Lr.* ∾-um interdum quiddam mutarĕ vĭdetŭr. *Lr.*

Perpauci, æ, ā. *Very few.* Finxerunt ănĭmi, raro ac perpaucā lŏquentem. *H. See* Pauci.

Perpendo, ĭs, di, sum. *To weigh carefully, to consider well.* Judĭcĭo perpende, et sĭ tĭbĭ verā vĭdentŭr &c. *Lr.* [¶ Expendo, examĭno.]

Perpenso. as. *freq. of the above. Grat.*

Perpĕram. *adv. Wrongly, badly.* Multā multis sæpĕ susait perpĕram. *Pl.* [¶ Mălĕ.] *See* M.

Perpĕs, ĕtĭs. *m. f. n. Uninterrupted, continuous, entire.* Noctem in stramentis pernoctarĕ perpĕtem. *Pl. See* Perennis *or* Totus.

Perpĕtĭŏr, ĕrĭs, pessŭs sum. 1. *To endure patiently* or *to the end* (with acc.). Ultĭmā perpĕtĭor, mĕdĭos projectŭs ĭn hostes. *O.* Audax omnĭā perpĕti. *H.* [¶ Perfĕro, pertŏlĕro, &c.] *See* Patior. 2. *With inf.* ∾ mĕmŏrārĕ. *O.* 3. *Abs.* Nĕquĕ pāti, nĕquĕ perpĕti pŏtest. *Enn.* Nĕc venæ ∾-untŭr. *Lr.* 4. Perpessu. *sup. To be suffered.* O multā dictu grăvĭā, perpessu aspĕrā! *Vet. Poet. apud Cic.*

Perpĕtŭo (**Perpĕtŭum**. *St.*). *For ever, always.* Heu! quam perpĕtŭo debŭĭt illā tĕgi! *O.* ∾ vĭrens buxŭs. *O. See* Semper.

Perpĕtŭŭs, ā, um. 1. *Continuing constantly on, continuous, without break; entire, in one unbroken whole.* Perpĕtŭis quondam lātŭerĕ pāludĭbŭs agri. *L.* Incĭdĕrĕ ∾-os dentes (de serra). *O.* Ædes ∾-æ rŭunt. *Pl.* Deducĕrĕ ∾-um ād mĕā tempŏrā carmĕn. *O.* ∾-is considĕrĕ mensis. ∾-i tergo bŏvĭs. *V. See* Continuus, Integer, Totus. 2. *Lasting, never-ending, per-*

tual. ~-æ nĭvea. *O.* ~ formido. *V.* Quintĭlĭum ~ sŏpŏr urgĕt. *H.* [? Pĕrennĭs, æternŭs, &c.] *See* PERENNIS. 3. Sta. *Immortal. M. See* IMMORTALIS.

PERPLACĔO, es. *To please very much.* (Plăcĕo.) *Pl.*

PERPLEXŬS, ă, um. 1. *Intricate, involved.* Quavĕ sĕquar? rursus perplexum ĭtĕr omnĕ rĕvolvens. *V.* [? Implĭcĭtŭs, invŏlutŭs; incertŭs.] 2. Fig. *Involved in obscurity, difficult to make out, enigmatic.* Ambĭgŭă vocĕ verbă ~-a jăcĭs. *Sen.* [? Implĭcĭtŭs, obscurŭs, &c.] *See* OBSCURUS.

PERPLĬCATŬS, ă, um. *part. from obs.* Perplico. *Twisted together, entangled.* Aut măgis hamatis inter se perquĕ plĭcatis. *Lr.*

PERPOTO, as. *To drink; to drink a long time.* Labrorum tĕnŭs, intĕrĕa perpotĕt ămarum Absinthĭ lăticem. *Lr.* [? Ebĭbo.] *See* BIBO.

PERPRIMO, ĭs. *To press heavily.* ˘Inomĭnată perprĭmat cŭbĭlĭă. *H.*

PERQUAM. *Very.* Tempestas perquam sŭbĭto fit turbĭdă fœdĕ. *Lr. See* VALDE.

PERQUIRO, ĭs. *To seek diligently.* Quum pătĕr ignarus nato perquirĕrĕ raptam Impĕrăt. *O. See* QUÆRO.

PERRARO. *adv. Very seldom.* In văcŭum vĕnĭas: perraro hæc alĕă fallĭt. *H. See* RARO.

PERREPO, ĭs. 1. Intr. = repo. *To creep, crawl.* Scrupĕă desertæ perrepunt ad căvă rupĭs. *V.* (*Culex.*) *See* REPO. 2. *With acc.* (after the prep.) ~ tellurem gĕnĭbŭs. *Tib.*

PERRIDICŬLŬS, ă, um. *Very ridiculous.* Res perridĭcŭla est: vis dărĕ, nec dărĕ vis. *M.*

PERRUMPO, ĭs, rupi, ruptum. 1. *To break through; to break a way through.* Lit. and fig. Limĭnă perrumpit, postesque a cardĭnĕ vellĭt. *V.* ~ lătĕrum cratem. *O.* servĭtĭum. *Sen.* fastidĭă. *H.* [? Rumpo, frango, &c.] *See* FRANGO. 2. *To penetrate by force into, to reach* (a place) *by great exertion.* Perruplt ˘Achĕrontă Hercŭlĕŭs ĭăbŏr. *H.* 3. Intr. Nostras ~ in arces. *Sil. See* IRRUMPO.

PERSĂ, æ. *m.*; PERSÆ, arum. *pl. A Persian; Persians;* ext. *Parthians.* Persarum stătŭit Băbylŏnă Sĕmirămĭs urbem. *Pp.* [? Medŭs; *sts.* Parthŭs.] Ep. ˘Eŏŭs, phărĕtratŭs, săgittĭfĕr; ˘Achæmĕnĭŭs; grăvĭs, infidŭs.

PERSÆPĔ. *Very often.* Qui persæpĕ căva testudĭnĕ flevĭt ămorem. *H.* [? Sæpĭŭs.] *See* SÆPE.

PERSCINDO, ĭs, scĭdi, scissum. *To cleave, split, to rend to pieces.* Ergo fervĭdŭs hic nubem quum perscĭdĭt atram. *Lr.* Perscissă pĕtŭlantĭbŭs curis (carbasŭs). *Lr.* ~ vestem; gĕnas. *Tib. See* SCINDO.

PERSCRIBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. *To write at length, to write.* Quæ tĭbĭ sĭ mĕmŏri coner perscribĕrĕ versu. *O. See* SCRIBO.

PERSCRUTŎR, arĭs. *To search carefully, examine thoroughly.* Nec perscrutari primordĭă singŭlă quæquĕ. *Lr. See* SCRUTOR.

PERSECTŎR, arĭs. *freq. of* Persequor. *Lr.*

PERSEĬŬS, ă, um. *See* PERSEUS.

PERSENTIO, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To feel deeply.* Et magno persentit pectŏrĕ curas. *V. See* SENTIO. 2. *To perceive clearly.* Quam sĭmŭl ac tali persensit pestĕ tĕneri. *V. See* INTELLIGO.

PERSENTISCO, ĭs. *anc.* = persentio. *Lr.*

PERSĔPHŎNE, es. *f.* 1. *Proserpine.* At nĕquĕ Persĕphŏne digna est prædonĕ mărito. *O. See* PROSERPINA. 2. *Death.* Persĕphŏne nostras pulsăt ăcerbă fŏres. *O.*

PERSĔQUŎR, ĕrĭs, sĕcutŭs sum. (Sĕquŏr.) 1. *To follow all the way, to the end.* Quoquo hinc asportabĭtur terrarum, certum est persĕqui. *Ter.* ~ vlam. *Ter. See* SEQUOR. 2. *To follow after* (with some intent), *to press upon, to pursue.* Lit. and fig. ~ fĕras. *O.* primă agmĭnă Turni. *V.* qm ŏdĭo. *Sen.* [? Insĕquŏr, insectŏr, urgĕo, insto, prĕmo, exercĕo, cursu ăgo.] *See* INSEQUOR. 3. *To work at unceasingly.* ~ vitem curvo Saturni dentĕ. *V.* (☞ insectari terram rastris. *V.*) 4. *To follow after, search after.* ~ otĭum. *H.* [? Sĕquŏr, quæro.] 5. = exĕsĕquŏr. *To carry out, perform. Ter. See* E. 6. *To go through, speak of one thing after the other, enumerate.* ~ mĭsĕrarum votă sŏrorum. *O.* singŭlă. *M.* [? Percensĕo, percurro.]

PERSEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m. The son of Jupiter and Danae. C. D.* At mĭhĭ quas Perseus et cum Jŏvĕ Liber ămarunt. *O.* Persĕŏs effĭgĭem mœstam &c. *St.* Jam nunc pĕr auras Persĕi talarĭbŭs. *Aus.* Plăcĭŭt Cephĕă Perseo. *O.* [? ˘Abantĭădes, Inăchĭdes, Acrĭsĭonĭădes.] Ep. Inăchĭŭs, aurĭgĕnă, alĭgĕr, alatŭs, alĕs, cĕlĕr, præpes, ăĕrĭŭs. Crel. Jŏvĕ natŭs. Dănăĕă proles. Dănăĕĭŭs (alĭgĕr) heros. Dănăes -fĭlĭŭs, fĭlĭŭs aurĭgĕnă. Mĕdusæ victŏr.

PERSEUS, *and* PERSEĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Perseus.* Sectăquĕ Persea Phorcŷdŏs ŏrā mănu. *Pp.* Persĕă regnă sĕcutŭs. *O.*

PERSĔVERO, as. *To persevere, persist.* Post manes tŭmŭlumquĕ persĕverĕt. *M.* [? Persto, persisto.]

PERSIĂ, æ. *f. Pl., and us.* PERSĬS. *See* P.

PERSICŬS, ă, um. *Persian.* Persĭcos odi, pŭĕr, appăratus. *H.*

PERSĬDĕo, es, edi = persĕdĕo. *To remain set* or *settled.* Castă dŏmi persedĕrăt uxŏr. *Pp. See* PERMANEO.

PERSIDO, ĭs. *To sink* or *settle down.* Aut ĭn ăquas cădĭt, aut fruges persidĭt ĭn ipsas. *Lr.* Quo pacto persedĕrĭt humŏr ăquai. *Lr. See* CONSIDO.

PERSIMILIS, ĕ. *Very like.* (Sĭmĭlĭs.) *H.* [? Sĭmillĭmŭs.]

PERSIS, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Persia.* Persĭdăque, et rădĭĭs jŭgă subdĭtă matutinis. *O.* Phărĕtratæ vicinĭă Persĭdĭs. *V.* [? Persĭă.] 2. *Persian.* Persĭdăs Cecrŏpĭasquĕ rătes. *O.* Persĭdĕ gaza. *St.* [? Persĭcă.]

PERSŎLĬDO, as. *To make solid, to harden.* Quos (imbres) aspĕr hĭatu Persŏlĭdat Borĕas. *St.*

PERSŎLVO, PERSŎLŬI, &c., *for* Persolvo, &c. Postŭmĭo Lenas persŏlŭerĕ mĭhĭ. *O.* Nunc quŏquĕ te salvo persŏlŭendă mĭhĭ. *O.*

PERSOLVO, ĭs, olvi, ŏlutum. *See* PERSOLVO. 1. *To pay to the full, to pay, discharge* (used of money due, vows, thanks, any thing due). Præmĭă persolvunt, Mamŭrĭumquĕ vŏcant. *O.* ~ prĕtĭum ci. *Ter.* votă. *O.* hŏnorem; grates. *V.* justă pătri. *Sen. See* SOLVO. Hence—2. ~ pœnas. *To be punished* (pay the penalty of a wrong done). ~ sanguĭnĕ pœnas. *V. See* PŒNA.

PERSONĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A mask.* Quid sĭbĭ personæ, quid stŏlă longă vŏlunt? *O.* [? Larvă.] Ep. Horrendă, deformĭs, terrĭbĭlĭs; vană, mendax. Crel. Personæ hĭatŭs; ŏrā cortĭcĭbŭs căvatis (*or sing.*). Lignum căvatum. Fig. 2. *Any sham appearance, pretence,* &c. ~ erĭpĭtŭr mănĕt res. *Lr.* [? Spĕcĭes, fucŭs, pellĭs.] Phr. *To unmask a person.* Detrăhĕrĕ (erĭpĕrĕ) ~-am ci. 3. *A figure dressed up. Lr.* [? Fĭgură.] 4. *A character in a play* (one of the 'dramatis personæ'); *a character* or *part assumed for a time.* Reddĕrĕ ~-æ convĕnĭentĭă cuiquĕ. *H.* ~-æ, quam tŭĕarĕ, mĕmŏr. *O.* [? Actŏr, *or* indŏles, *or* partes.] 5. *A person, individual.* Parcĕrĕ ~-is, dicĕrĕ de vĭtĭis. *M.*

PERSONATŬS, ă, um. 1. *Represented on the stage, as one of the* personæ *of a play.* (Personă.) Quo personatus pacto pătĕr. *H.* 2. Fig. *Wearing a mask.* ~-i fastus. *M.* [? Fucatŭs, mentitŭs, sĭmŭlatŭs.]

Persŏno, as, ŭi. 1. Intr. *To resound all over* or *throughout.* Quantŭs ăb æthĕrĭo persŏnăt axĕ frăgŏr. *O.* Dŏmŭs persŏnŭĭt cănĭbŭs. *H.* [† Sŏno, &c.] *See* S. 2. Tr. *To make to sound* or *resound; to fill with sound.* ~ æquŏrā concha; regnā latratu trĭfauci. *V.* pulpĭtā socco. *Cl.* aurem. *H.* [† Fĕrĭo, impello, cĭĕo.]

Persŏnŭs, ă, um. *Full of sound, making much sound.* Aspĭdē cinctā cŏmas, ĕt ŏvanti persŏnā sistro. *V. Fl. See* Sonans.

Perspectŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Perspicio. 1. *Looked carefully into* or *through.* 2. Fig. *Thoroughly tried and proved.* Perspecta exĭgĭt hoc unĭca ămicĭtĭā. *Cat.* [† Spectatŭs, prŏbatŭs.]

Perspĭcĭo, ĭs, pexi, pectum. *To look into, examine with attention, consider carefully, so as to become thoroughly acquainted with.* Perspĭcĭt, et plăcĭtas partim radicĕ rĕvellĭt (herbas). *O.* ~ res gestas fundĭtŭs. *Lr.* omnĭā vĭgĭli cura. *O.* qm, ăn ămicĭtĭa dignŭs sĭt. *H.* [† Introspĭcĭo, inspĭcĭo, examĭno, pernosco.]

Perspĭcŭŭs, ă, um. *Clear, transparent.* Prodat perspĭcŭus ne dŭŏ vinā cālix. *M.* ~ lĭquŏr est. *O.* ~-æ lucĕ fŏres. *St.* [† Pellucens, pellucĭdŭs, clarŭs, &c.] *See* Pellucens.

Persto, as, stĭti. *To remain stedfast* or *constant; to persist, continue.* Tallĭā perstabat mĕmŏrans, fixusquĕ mănebāt. *V.* ~ condĕrĕ semĕn hŭmo. *O.* ~-āt mens ĕādem mĭhĭ. *V.* solā cŏmes fŭgæ; ĭn orĕ pŭdŏr; hĭems. *O.* [† Persisto, permănĕo, hærĕo, duro.]

Perstrĕpo, ĭs, ŭi. *To resound; to make much noise* (of persons). Rumŏr ĭn arcana jamdudum perstrĕpĭt aula. *St.* ˘Abĕunt lăvatum, ~-unt. *Ter.* [† Persŏno; strĕpo.] *See* S.

Perstringo, *or* Præstringo, ĭs, inxi, ictum. 1. *To tie, tie fast, bind.* ~ vites. *Cat.* Præstringĕrĕ -fauces lăquĕo. *O.* tempŏrā sertis. *Stat.* Hence—Fig. 2. *To catch hold of, seize, affect the mind.* ~-ĭt mentes (languŏr); ipsum (horrŏr). *V. Fl. See* Stringo. 3. ~ ŏcŭlos. *To catch, dazzle the eyes.* ~ ŏcŭlorum ăcĭem splendorĕ. *Lucil.* lumĭnā obliqua flamma. *L.* jŭvĕnem multo lumĭnĕ. *St.* lumĭnā sanguĭnĕo crinĕ. *Sil.* 4. ~ aures. *To catch, strike the ear.* Murmŭrĕ cornŭum ~-ĭs aures. *H.* 5. *To come upon, graze;* hence, *lightly wound.* Magni fĕmŭr perstrinxĭt ˘Achillĭs. *V.* 6. *To blunt.* ~ ăcĭem glădĭorum. *Pl.* [† Hĕbĕto.]

Persuadĕo, es, si, sum. *To persuade.* Nec mĭhĭ tam prudens quisquam persuadĕāt auctŏr. *H.* Quod mălĕ persuades, ūtĭnam bĕnĕ cogĕrĕ posses! *O.* ~-entĭā verbā. *O.* [† Impello, induco, excĭto, pervĭnco, vĭnco; *sts.* suadĕo.] Crol. Fĭdem făcĭo.

Persubtilis, ĕ. *Very subtle.* Princĭpĭo esse aio persubtĭlem, atquĕ mĭnutis &c. (de ănĭmo). *Lr.*

Persulco, as. *To furrow all over.* Rugisquĕ sĕveras Persulcatā gĕnas. *Cl.*

Persulto, as. 1. *To leap, frisk about.* Tum lĕvĭbus persultāt ĕquis. *Sil. See* Salio. 2. Tr. Pĕcŭdes ~-ant pabŭlā. *Lr.*

Pertæsum est. *unip. perf. of anc. verb* Pertædet. *To be tired of any thing, to have lost all inclination for it.* Si non pertæsum thălāmi tædæquĕ fŭissĕt. *V.*

Pertendo, ĭs. *To persevere, persist in a thing.* Quod si pertendens ănĭmo, vestitā cŭbarĭs. *Pp.* [† Persto.]

Pertento, as. *To affect, stir with some feeling,* &c. Latonæ tăcĭtum pertentant gaudĭā pectŭs. *V.* ~-āt ĕquorum corpŏrā trĕmŏr. *V.* cordā flammis ămŏr. *St. See* Moveo, Tento.

Pertergĕo, es, si, sum. *To wipe clean;* fig. *to brush over, pass lightly over.* Gausăpĕ purpŭrĕo mensam perterăĭt. *H.* Quăsĭ ~-ĕt pupillas, atquĕ ĭtā transĭt. *Lr.* (de ăĕrĕ. *Præterget* and *pertingit* are read.) *See* Tergeo.

Perterrĕo, es. *To put in great fear.* At non cædĕ vĭri tanti perterrĭtā Lausŭs (sĭnĭt agmĭnā). *See* Terreo.

Pertexo, ĭs, ŭi, tum. 1. *To weave through to the end;* hence fig. *to finish.* 2. Us. *To speak fully of any thing.* Jam rĕpĕtam cœptum pertexĕrĕ dictis. *Lr.*

Pertĭcā, æ. *f.* 1. *A long pole.* Pertĭcā suspensos portabat longā mănĭplos. *O.* [† Stipĕs, băcŭlŭs.] *See* Stipes. 2. *A measuring-rod.* Abstŭlĭt excultas pertĭcā tristĭs ŏpes. *Pp.*

Pertĭmesco, ĭs, mŭi. *To be in great fear; to fear something greatly* (with acc.). Pertĭmŭi; cultus non ĕrăt illĕ tŭŭs. *O.* Longas pertĭmŭissĕ vĭas. *M. See* Timeo.

Pertĭnacĭā, æ. *f. Ter.* (Pertĭnax, acis.) *Pertinacity* (in a good or bad sense). Crol. Pervĭcax ănĭmŭs *or* mens. Immotā (ĕādem, obstĭnatā) mens. Tĕnax *or* immotā sententĭā. ˘Anĭmŭs propŏsĭti tĕnax. Obfirmatā vŏluntas. Mens nescĭā flecti.

Pertĭnax, acis. 1. *Holding, clinging firmly; very tenacious.* Pignusquĕ dereptum lăcertis, Aut dĭgĭto mălĕ pertĭnaci (*keeping bad hold*). *H.* Tĕnaxnĕ pătĕr? . . . Imo ĕdĕpol pertĭnax. *Pl.* 2. *Persisting;* hence (in a bad sense), *obstinate;* (in a good sense) *firm, persevering.* Ludum insŏlentem ludĕrĕ pertĭnax (*persisting in playing,* &c. ☞ *with inf.*). *H.* ~ nĭmĭum fŭrŏr. *Sen.* plĭĕtas. *M.* [† Obstĭnatŭs, pervĭcax, tĕnax; constans.]

Pertĭnĕo, es, ŭi. 1. *To belong to, appertain to, concern, regard any body* or *thing.* Ad vestros si quid non pertĭnĕt usus. *O.* Hoc pertĭnerĕ vere ăd illos dixĕrim. *Ph.* [† Specto, attĭnĕo, tango, convĕnĭo.] 2. Used unip. Pertĭnĕt, pertĭnŭĭt. *It belongs, concerns,* &c. Pertĭnĕt ad făcĭem răbĭdos compescĕrĕ mores. Quorsum ~-ŭĭt stiparĕ Plătonā Mĕnandro? *H.* [† Spectăt, attĭnĕt, convĕnĭt, tangĭt.]

Pertŏlĕro, as. *To bear* or *suffer to the end.* Ex infinito quæ tempŏrĕ pertŏlĕrassent Omnĭā tormenta ætatĭs. *Lr.* [† Perfĕro, perpĕtĭŏr.]

Pertorquĕo, es. *To distort very much.* ~ orā săporĕ. *Lr.*

Pertracto, as. *To handle, feel with the hands;* hence fig. *to examine.* Factā rĕcensebat pertractans vulnĕrā visu. *Sil.* [† Contrecto.]

Pertristis, ĕ. *Very sad.* Sæpe ĕtĭam pertristĕ cănit de pectŏrĕ carmĕn. *Cic. Div.*

Pertundo, ĭs, tŭdi, tusum. *To beat through, force a hole through.* Et tĕrĕbrare ĕtĭam, ac pertundĕrĕ, perquĕ fŏrarĕ. *Lr.* Nonnĕ vĭdes guttas . . . ~ saxā? *Lr.* Lătŭ' pertŭdĭt hastā. *Enn. See* Perforo, Pertusus.

Perturbo, as. *To disturb.* Lit. and fig. Perturbatŭr ĕnĭm totum jam corpŭs, ĕt omnes &c. *Lr.* Perturbatis sensĭbŭs. *Ph. See* Turbo.

Pertusŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Pertundo. 1. *Having a hole* or *holes made in it.* Et non omnĭā, pertusum congestā quăsi in vas. *Lr.* ~ lænā. *J.* [† Perfŏratŭs, fŏratŭs, ăpertŭs, rĕclusŭs, căvatŭs.] 2. *Pierced, speaking of a road made.* Jŭgum pertusā ăd complĭtā figĭt. *Pers. See* Pertundo.

Pĕrungo, gis, xi, ctum. *To besmear, bedaub.* Orā nĕc immunda totā pĕrungĕ mănu. *O.* ~-i fæcĭbŭs orā. *H. See* Ungo.

Pĕruro, ĭs, ussi, ustum. 1. *To burn through and through, burn up.* Lit. and fig. Semĭnā fecundæ sĕgĕtis calcatā pĕrussĭt. *L.* ~-ĭmŭr æstu ămorĭs. *O.* Mentem ~-ĭt glorĭā. *V. Fl.* [† Exuro, incendo, &c.] *See* Uro. 2. *To chafe, inflame,*

make sore. Gălĕæ fragmentă ∾-unt tempŏrĭ. *L.* *See* PERUSTUS.

PĔRUSTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PERURO. 1. *Burnt up.* Spargebant lăcrĭmis ossă pĕrustă sŭis. *O.* *See* INCENSUS. 2. *Sun-burnt.* Mixti Gărăman-tĕ ∾-o. *L.* Lĭbyco solĕ ∾-ă cŏmă. *Pp.* *See* USTUS, NIGER. 3. *Frozen through, frost-bitten.* Terră ∾-ă gĕlu. *O.* 4. *Inflamed by chafing.* Collă ∾-ă (bŏum). *O.* ∾ lătŭs funĭbŭs. *H.* [† Tritŭs, detritŭs.]

PERVADO, ĭs. *To go* or *come to, to reach.* Summum ætatis pervadĕrĕ florem. *Lr.* *See* ATTINGO.

PERVAGŎR, ărĭs. *To wander about.* Jam pervăgatĭs ipsĕ se fugit fŭrŏr. *Sen.* *See* ERRO, PERCURRO.

PERVAGŬS, ă, um. *Wandering.* Dicĕrĕ, tam vasto pervăgŭs orbĕ pŭĕr. *O.* *See* VAGUS.

PERVĔHO, ĭs, exi, ectum. (Vĕho.) *To carry, bear, convey through* or *by;* pass. *to go* or *pass, by carriage, ship,* &c., *over* or *through* (with acc.). Jam consul vŏlŭcri pervectus littŏrĭ classĕ. *Sil.* (Pervehi oceanum. *Tac.*) [† Vĕho, defĕro; *sts.* prætervĕho.]

PERVELLO, ĭs, elli, ulsum. *To pull* or *pluck at any thing sharply.* Lit. and fig. Pervellĭt aurem vero (porcello) quem celavĕrăt. *Ph.* Quallĭ lassum ∾-unt stŏmăchum. *H.* *See* VELLO.

PERVĔNIO, is, veni, ventum. 1. Intr. *To come to, arrive at.* Pervĕnĭt in summum pŏsĭti prŏpĕ littŏrĭ montĭs. *O.* ∾ ăd ævi dăti metas. *V.* ∾-ĭt ăd aures nomĕn. *V.* [† Advĕnio, devĕnio, vĕnio, accedo, attingo, contingo, tango, tĕnĕo, sŭbĕo, perducŏr, pervado.] 2. Tr. ∾ aures nostras. *O.* robŭr jŭventæ. *Cl.* 3. Perventum est. *unip. pass.* Pătriæ perventum ăd limĭnă sedĭs. *V.*

PERVERSE, *anc.* PERVORSE. *adv.* *Untowardly, crookedly, perversely.* Amplexi quŏd hăbent pervorse primă vĭai. *Lr.* *See* MALE.

PERVERSŬS, *anc.* PERVORSŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PERVERTO. Used also adj. 1. *Turned the wrong way, distorted, awry; perverted, wrongly directed,* &c. Turbĭdă ∾-as indŭĭt illă cŏmas. *O.* Distorquerĕ orĭ ∾-o căchinno. *O.* Omnĭă pervorsa præpostĕrĕ sunt rătĭonĕ. *Lr.* [† Contortŭs, distortŭs, pravŭs, præpostĕrŭs.] 2. *Perverse, froward, bad.* ∾ Mĕnalcas. *V.* ∾-ă votă sĕcundăt. *St.* *See* IMPROBUS. 3. *Ill-disposed, adverse.* ∾ numĕn. *V.* [† Aversŭs, infestŭs, &c.]

PERVERTO, *anc.* PERVORTO, ĭs, i, sum. 1. *To overturn, overthrow; destroy.* Aulas pervortunt, ignem restinguunt ăqua. *Pl.* Crœsŭs, Hălyn sŭpĕrans, magnam pervortĕt ŏpum vim. *Cic. Div.* [† Inverto, subverto, everto.] 2. Fig. *See* EVERTO.

PERVĬCAX, acĭs. *Headstrong, stubborn, obstinate.* Heu pervĭcacĭs ad pĕdes ˘Achillĕi. *H.* ∾-es Thyăděs. *H.* *See* PERTINAX.

PERVĬDĔO, es, idi, isum. *To look at all over* or *throughout; to see clearly.* Ipsĕ sĕd hoc vidit, qui pervĭdĕt omnĭă, Cæsăr. *O.* ∾-ĕt omnĭă sol; cunctă ŏcŭlis sŭis mens. *O.* [† Perspĭcio.]

PERVĬGĬL, ĭlis. *On the watch throughout the night; always on the watch.* Antĕ mĕos ŏcŭlos pervĭgĭl anguĭs ĕrĭt. *O.* *See* VIGIL.

PERVIGĬLO, as. 1. *To watch through; to watch* or *be awake all night.* Nam vĭgĭlărĕ lĕve est, pervĭgĭlărĕ grăvĕ. *M.* ∾ seros hiberni ăd lumĭnĭs ignes. *V.* *See* VIGILO. 2. *To pass the night* or *day in watching,* or *without going to bed.* Nox est ∾-ătă ĭn multo mĕro. *O.* ∾ longos dĭes. *Tib.*

PERVINCO, ĭs. 1. *To overcome quite.* Nonnĕ fŭit lĕvĭus dŏmĭnæ pervincĕrĕ mores. *Pp.* *See* VINCO. 2. *To prevail upon.* [† Adduco, persuadĕo.] 3. *To gain a point, to effect an object.* Ună sălus hæc est; hoc est tĭbĭ ∾-endum. *Cat.* 4. *To prove a point, show it to conviction.* ∾ qd dictis. *Lr.* *See* PROBO.

PERVĬUS, ă, um. 1. *That may be passed through, open for passage through* or *over, pervious.* Lit. and fig. Intĕrĕa nautæ quŏnĭam frĕtă pervĭă non sunt. *O.* ∾ æther. *O.* usŭs tectorum intĕr se. *V.* cunctis hastis. *L.* [† Pĕnĕtrabĭlis, ăpertŭs, pătens.] Crcl. Non *or* haud impervĭŭs. Non -clausŭs, præclusŭs. 2. Sts. act. *Opening, making a passage.* Qua flatŭs ăgĭt, qua ∾ ensĭs. *Sil.*

PERVŎLĬTO, as. *freq. of* Pervolo. *To fly through, round,* or *about.* Per disseptă dŏmorum saxĕă voces Pervŏlĭtant. *Lr.* Omnĭă ∾ late lŏcă. *V.*

I. PERVŎLO, as. *To fly through, round,* or *about.* Lit. and fig. Rumŏr, ŭt est velox, ăgĭtatis pervŏlăt alis. *O.* ∾-ăt dŏmĭni ædes (hirundo). *V.* sĕrĭum altŭs ĭtĕr. *O.* Flamĭnĭam axĕ cĭtato. *J.* [† Pervŏlĭto, circumvŏlĭto, percurro, sĕco, &c.] *See* VOLO (I.).

II. PERVŎLO, vis, vŏlŭi, vellĕ. *To wish greatly.* Atque ănĭmi tactus liber, quo pervĕlĭt irĕ. *Lr.* *See* VOLO (II.).

PERVŎLŬO. *See* PERVOLVO.

PERVOLVO, *and* PERVŎLŬO, ĭs, i, ŏlutum. *To roll forwards* or *along; to roll out throughly;* hence, *to open a MS. roll; to read a work.* Provolvam, teque ĭbidem pervolvam in lŭto. *Ter.* Smyrnam incană dĭu sæcŭlă pervŏlŭent. *Cat.* *See* PROVOLVO.

PERVULGO, *anc.* PERVOLGO, as. 1. *To publish, make generally known.* ∾ dĕum numĭnă pĕr gentes. *Lr.* [† Vulgo, spargo, &c.] 2. *To pass over, traverse, rove over.* Tempŏrĕ quo solis pervolgant lumĭnă cœlum. *Lr.* [† Pĕrerro, pervăgŏr, &c.]

PES, ĕdĭs. *m.* 1. *A foot.* Pes ĕtĭam, et cămŭris hirtæ sub cornĭbŭs aures. *V.* Insĕquĭtur, trĕpĭdiquĕ pĕdem pĕdĕ fervĭdŭs instăt. *V.* [† Plantă; *sts.* vestigĭă.] Ep. Tĕnĕr, nĭvĕŭs, mollĭs; ăgĭlĭs, cĭtŭs, răpĭdŭs, lĕvĭs, vŏlŭcĕr, fŭgax; lentŭs, tardŭs; fĭrmŭs; tĭtŭbans, incertŭs. 2. *The act of running, of running away, flight.* Fidĭtĕ ne pĕdĭbŭs. *V.* [† Cursŭs, fŭgă.] 3. Pĕdĭbŭs. *On foot, by land* (opposed to classĕ, &c., '*by sea*'). Seu ∾ Parthos sĕquĭmŭr, seu classĕ Brĭtannos. *Pp.* Fig. 4. *Used by personification of what is moving* or *in action.* 1. *Of water.* Pĕdĕ -lymphă desĭlĭt crĕpantĕ. *H.* -lĭquĭdo undă labĭtŭr. *V.* (*Culex.*) Rĕtrăhĭt pĕdem Tĭbĕrĭnŭs ăb alto. *V.* 2. *Of a passionate feeling.* Nescĭt rŭens irâ pĕdem rĕferrĕ. *Pp.* 5. *The foot of a bed, table,* &c. Mensæ pes tertĭŭs impar. *O.* Candĭdo pĕdĕ lecti. *Cat.* 6. *A rope with which sails were turned to the wind, and hauled in* or *veered out.* [Hence, pedibus æquis, *before the wind;* pede uno, *with a side-wind;* pedem facere, *to sail by the wind, with a side-wind.* *R.*] Una omnes fecerĕ pĕdem. *V.* Pĕdĕ labĭtŭr æquo. *O.* 7. *The foot of a verse.* Musă pĕr undenos emŏdŭlandă pĕdes. *O.* ∾-ĭbŭs claudĕrĕ verbă. *H.* [† Mĕtrum, carmĕn.] 8. *A measure of length.* Lit. and fig. Pĕdes temo protentŭs In octo. *V.* Metiri se sŭo mŏdŭlo ac pĕdĕ. *H.*

PESSĬMŬS, ă, um. *superl. of* Malus. *Very bad, the worst* (of men or things). Pars autem pessĭmă rerum est. *O.* Non ĕgŏ te vidi, pessĭmĕ, &c. *V.*

PESSŬLUS, i. *m.* *A bolt* or *bar to a door.* Occludĕ sis fŏres ambobus pessŭlis. *Pl.* [† Vectĭs, clavĭs.]

PESSUM. 1. *Down, down to the bottom.* Et multæ per mărĕ pessum Subsedĕrĕ (urbes). *Lr.* Sidentĭă pessum Corpŏrĕ cæsă tĕnent. *L.* *See* MERGOR. 2. ∾ prĕmo, &c. *To force, press, sink to the bottom.* ˘Egŏ istum . . . ∾ prĕmam. *Pl.* *See* PESSUMDO.

PESSUMDO, PESSUNDO, *or* PESSUM DO, as. *To*

send, force to the bottom, throw down; to ruin, destroy. Non mĭhĭ, quærenti pessumdărĕ cunctă, pĕtitum Cæsărĕum căpŭt est. *O.* Quam celsă căcumĭnă pessum Tellus victă dĕdĭt! *L.* Pessumdĕdisti me blandimentis tŭis. *Pl.* [† Perdo, tollo, everto, exstinguo, dejĭcĭo.]

PESTĬFĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Pestilential, deadly.* Ruptoque ingens ˘Achĕrontĕ vŏrago Pestĭfĕras ăpĕrit fauces. *V.* ∾-um ăb anguĕ vulnŭs. *O.* [† Pestĭlens, corruptŭs, vĭtĭatŭs, fœtĭdŭs.]

PESTĬLENS, tĭs = pestĭfĕr. Nec pestĭlentem sentĭĕt Afrĭcum Fecundă vitĭs. *H.*

PESTĬLENTĬA, æ. *f.* (PESTĬLĬTAS. *Lr.*) *A pestilence, that which is pestilent.* Lit. and fig. Rĕgĕlarĕ nec te pestĭlentĭa possĭt. *M.* Plenam vĕneni et pestĭlentĭæ legĭt (sc. oratĭonem). *Cat.* *See* PESTIS.

PESTĬS, ĭs. *f.* 1. *A pest, bane, evil, curse* (any person or thing that causes or brings misfortune, ruin, evil, &c.). Nec sævĭŏr ullă Pestĭs, ĕt irâ Afrĭcum Stŷglĭs sese extŭlĭt undis (de Harpyis). *V.* ∾ ăcerbă bŏum (cŏlŭbĕr). ∾-es vărĭæ illudunt (*mice, moles,* &c.). Pestem evadĕrĕ belli. Servatæ a pestĕ cărinæ (*from fire*). Tali ∾-ĕ tĕneri (*love*). *V.* [† Clades, labes, pernĭcĭes, mălum, damnum, exĭtĭum.] Hence also —2. ∾ nasorum. *Cat.* = fœtŏr. *See* F. 3. *A plague* or *pestilence.* ∾ dŏmĭnatur ĭn mœnĭbus urbĭs. *O.* [† Lŭes, contagĭă, labes, tabes, pestĭlentĭă.] Ep. Dirâ, sævâ, ăcerbâ, tristĭs, crudelĭs, infestâ, ĭnĭmĭcâ, importunâ, mălignâ, funestâ, exĭtĭosâ, exĭtĭalĭs, letĭfĕrâ, mortĭfĕrâ, vĭŏlentâ, ăvĭdâ, mĭsĕrandâ; ardens, ignĕă, fervĭdâ; fœdâ, tabĭdâ, tetrâ, atrâ; intĭmâ. Vĭŏlentâ sævo vĕneno. Actâ mĕdullis. Serpens pĕr viscĕrâ. Toto pectŏrĕ descendens. Auras vĭtĭans. Vĭtĭum exhalans. Sparsurâ grăvem pŏpŭlis lŭem. Crcl. Letĭfĕr *or* morbĭfĕr æstŭs. Letalĭs flammâ. Contagĭă morbi. C. (flŭĭdæ) pestĭs. Vĭtĭatŭs *or* corruptŭs aer. Pollutum cœlum. Cœli morbŭs.

PĔTASO, onĭs. *m.* *A gammon of bacon* (the forequarter). Nam mĭhĭ cum vĕtŭlo sit pĕtăsonĕ nĭhĭl. *M.* [† Pernâ, pĕtăsuncŭlŭs.] *See* PERNA.

PĔTĂSUNCŬLŬS, i. *m.*, *dim. of* Petaso. Quod vocis prĕtĭum? siccus pĕtăsuncŭlŭs et vas &c. *J.*

PĔTAURUM, i. *n.* *The rope-dancer's apparatus.* An măgis oblectant ănĭmum jactatâ pĕtauro Corpŏrâ. *J.*

PĔTISSO, *or* PĔTESSO, ĭs (*inchoat. of* Peto). *To desire, strive after.* Corpŏrĕ quum rĕlĭquo pugnam cædesquĕ pĕtissĭt. *Lr.* Mentĕque divina cœlum terrasquĕ pĕtissĭt. *Cic.*

PĔTITŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *One who seeks* or *searches for.* Clarŭs Hŷanteæ Stellâ pĕtitŏr ăquæ. *M.* 2. Sp. *A candidate.* Lit. and fig. Descendit in Campum pĕtitŏr. *H.* Famæ pĕtitŏr. *L.* [† Candĭdatŭs, candĭdŭs.]

PĔTO, ĭs, ivi, ĭi *or* i, itum. 1. *To go towards, to make for a particular point* or *place.* Trojâ pĕr undosum pĕtĕretur classĭbŭs æquŏr. *V.* Imâ ∾-unt nĕbŭlæ. *O.* Flammâ pĕtit (pĕtiit) altum. *O.* Sceptrâ Pălatini, sedemquĕ pĕtĭt Evandri (pĕtiit). *V.* [† ˘Eo, tendo, ădĕo.] 2. *To go to visit, consult,* &c., *any one.* Te supplex ∾-em. *V.* Templâ pĕtiti dĕi. *O.* [† ˘Adĕo, inviso, viso.] 3. *To go against hostilely, to attack in any way, thrust at, throw at,* &c. ∾ excĭdĭis urbem; cornu. *V.* ŏcŭlos atque orâ făcĭbŭs. *O.* A pŏpŭlo saxis pĕtŏr. *O.* [† Impĕto, aggrĕdĭŏr, lăcesso, cædo, &c.] *See* AGGREDIOR, PERCUTIO. Hence fig.—4. *To aim at in meaning, point to, refer to; to concern.* Trojanos hæc monstrâ pĕtunt. *V.* [† Specto, pertĭnĕo.] 5. *To seek for, try to get, strive after.* ∾ somnum; mortem pĕr vulnĕrâ; regnâ pĕr undas. *V.* lucrâ pĕr frĕtâ. *Tib.* cĭbum. *Ter.* [† ˘Adĕo, quæro, capto; pĕro; duco, trăho, sumo.] 6. *To ask, request, beg, entreat.* Nĭmĭs est quŏd, ămicĕ, pĕtĭs. *O.* ∾ responsum. *V.* munŭs; fĭdem pacĭs. *O.* (*with inf.*) arcum ferrĕ. *St.* [† Posco, postŭlo, rŏgo, &c.] *See* POSCO, INTERROGO.

PĔTORĬTUM, *or* PĔTORRĬTUM, i. *n.* *An open four-wheeled carriage, such as were used in Gaul.* Essĕdâ festinant, pilentâ, pĕtorĭtâ, naves. *H.* *See* RHEDA.

PĔTŬLANS, tĭs, *and* PĔTULCŬS, ă, um. (*fr.* Pĕto.) 1. Prim. *Butting, attacking with the head* or *horn.* Extensum pĕtŭlans quătĭt hostĭă funem. *J.* Nĕque ŏves hœdiquĕ pĕtulci Florĭbŭs insultent. *V.* ("*Petulantes* et *Petulci* appellantur qui protervo impetu et crebro petunt, lædendi alterius causa." *Festus.*) Hence—2. Gen. *Attacking, repeatedly attacking.* Interdum perscisă fŭrit ∾-ĭbŭs auris (de carbăso). *Lr.* ∾-ti pectŏrâ rostro fodĭt. *O.* 3. *Petulant, saucy, wanton, mischievous.* Pĕtŭlans pŭdenti (vĭderi). *O.* Lignum sŭpra turbâ pĕtŭlans insĭlĭt. *Ph.* [† Audax, impŭdens, prŏcax, prŏtervŭs.]

PĔTŬLANTĔR. *Pertly, wantonly.* Verbis pĕtŭlantĭŭs uti. *O.* [† Prŏterve, prŏcacĭtĕr, lascive, lĭcentĕr.]

PĔTŬLANTĬA, æ. *f.* *Petulance, impudence, wantonness.* Te non ullă mĕæ læsit pĕtŭlantĭă linguæ. *Pp.* [† Prŏtervĭă, audacĭă, imprŏbĭtas, lascivĭă.]

PĔTULCŬS. *See* PETULANS.

PEXATŬS, ă, um. *Clad in new clothes* (nap not worn off). Pexatus pulchre, rides mĕă, Zŏĭlĕ, tritâ. *M.*

PEXŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PECTO. *Combed;* also = pexatŭs. Rides si fortĕ sŭbucŭlâ pexæ Tritâ sŭbest tŭnĭcæ. *H.*

PHÆACĬA, æ. *f.* *An island in the Ionian Sea, now Corcyra.* Me tĕnĕt ignotis ægrum Phæacĭă terris. *Tib.* *See* CORCYRA.

PHÆACĬS, ĭdĭs. *f.* *The Phæacid, a poem of Tuticanus'.* Dignam Mæŏnĭis Phæacĭdâ condĕrĕ chartis. *O.*

PHÆACĬŬS, *and* PHÆACŬS, ă, um. *Phæacian* or *Corcyræan.* Nec mĕâ Phæacas æquant pomarĭă silvas. *Pp.* Phæacĭă tellus. *Tib.*

PHÆAX, acĭs. *m.*; PHÆACES, um. *m.* *A Phæacian; Phæacians, the ancient inhabitants of Corcyra.* *C. D.* Proxĭmâ Phæacum felicĭbŭs obsĭtâ pomis Rurâ. *O.* Pingŭĭs Phæaxquĕ (*as sleek as a Phæacian*). *H.*

PHÆDRA, æ. *f.* *The wife of Theseus, who fell in love with Hippolytus.* *C. D.* His Phædram Procrinquĕ lŏcis, mœstamque ˘Erĭphylen. *V.* [† Pasĭphăĕ.] Ep. Gnossĭă, Minoĭă, Minoĭs; perfĭdâ, mendax, incestâ, infamĭs. *See* HIPPOLYTUS.

PHĂĔTHON, ontĭs. *m.* 1. *A son of the Sun and Clymene.* *C. D.* Hic sĭtŭs est Phăĕthon, currus aurigâ pĕterni. *O.* Ep. Clŷmĕnĕĭŭs, Hŷpĕriŏnĭŭs, tĕmĕrarĭŭs, audax, insanŭs, amens, infelix. Crcl. Clŷmĕnes *or* Clŷmĕnĕĭŭs pŭĕr. Clŷmĕnĕĭă proles. Phœbo (Solĕ) natŭs *or* sătŭs. 2. *A surname of the Sun.* Auroram Phăĕthontĭs ĕqui jam lucĕ vĕhebant. *V.*

PHĂĔTHONTEŬS, *and* PHĂĔTHONTĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of Phaethon.* Post Phăĕthonteos vidissĕ dŏlentĭŭs ignes. *O.* ∾-ĭă fabŭlâ. *St.* ∾-ĭŭs amnĭs. *Sil.* 2. *Of the sun.* Orâ ăd Phăĕthontĭă. *Sil.* *See* SOLARIS. 3. *Of the poplar-tree.* Phăĕthontea ĭn umbra. *M.* *See next word.*

PHĂĔTHONTĬADES, *and* PHĂĔTHONTĬDES, um. *f. pl.* *The sisters of Phaethon, who were changed into poplar-trees, and their tears into amber.* Tum Phăĕthontĭădas musco circumdăt ămarus Cortĭcĭs. *V.* [† Hellĭădes.] *See* H.

Phăēthontĭăs, ădis, *and* **Phăēthontĭs**, ĭdis. *f. adj. Of* or *relating to Phaethon* or *his sisters*; hence, *of amber. See above.* Et lăcĕt, et lucet Phăēthontĭdē condĭtă gutta. *M.*

Phălantŭs, i. *m.* 1. *Phalantus, chief of the Lacedæmonian colony, that founded Tarentum.* Et regnată pĕtam Lăconi Rurĕ Phălanto. *H.* Hence—2. Phălanteŭs (*Sil.*), *and* Phălantinŭs, ă, um (*M.*). *Epith. of Tarentum.*

Phălanx, angis. *f. A phalanx, an army.* At Dănăum prŏcĕres ˘Agămemnŏnĭæquĕ phălanges. *V.* [? ˘Acĭes, cŏhors, cătervă, agmĕn.] *See* Exercitus.

Phălarĭcă, æ. *See* Falarica.

Phălăris, ĭdis. *m. The tyrant of Agrigentum.* Et Phălăris tauro vĭŏlenti membrĭ Pĕrilli Torrŭĭt. *O.* Ep. Sĭcŭlŭs, dirŭs, fĕrŭs, immanis.

Phălĕræ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *An ornament for the head and breast of a horse.* Primŭs ĕquum phălĕris insignem victŏr hăbeto. *V.* ∾-is gauderĕt ĕquŭs. *J.* [? ˘Ephippĕă, orum.] 2. Fig. *High-flown words.* ˘Ad pŏpŭlum phălĕras. *Pers.*

Phălĕratŭs, ă, um. (Phălĕræ.) 1. *Wearing* phaleræ. ∾-i ĕqui. *Liv.* 2. Fig. *Fine, high-flown* (of words). Ducĕrĕ qm ∾-is dictis. *Ter.*

Phărăō, *and* **Phărăon**, onis. *m. Pharaoh, the title of the kings of Egypt. Eccl.* Solvit vinclă pĕdum; prŏpĕrat Phărăonis ăd arcem. *Prud.* Crcl. Phărĭŭs rex *or* tyrannŭs.

Phărĕtra, *and* **Phăretra**, æ. *f. A quiver.* Succinctam phărĕtra, et măcŭlosæ tegmĭnĕ lyncis. *V.* Illă phăretram Fert hŭmĕris. *V.* [? Corytŭs.] Crcl. ˘Eburnĕă telorum custos. Ep. Scythĭcă, Lycĭă, Gnossĭă, Cydonĭă, săgittifĕrĕ, căpax, plenă, grăvĭdă, grăvis; hăbĭlis, insignis, dĕcorĕ, nĭtens, aurată, ex auro, pictă, ĕburnĕă; sŏnans, pendens, suspensă; ex hŭmĕro suspensă. Phr. *The quiver hanging.* Ex hŭmĕro pendĕt (pendens rĕsŏnăt); hŭmĕro sŏnăt; tergă pulsăt; ex hŭmĕro (ŭtroquĕ) jăcĕt; hŭmĕro aptatŭr. Telă hŭmĕris sŏnant.

Phărĕtratŭs, ă, um. *Carrying a quiver.* Quaquĕ phăretratæ vicinĭă Persĭdis urgĕt. *V.* ∾ Cămillă. *V.* Crcl. Phărĕtra -succinctŭs, instructŭs, insignis, dĕcorŭs, lætŭs. Phărĕtram -gĕrens, gestans. *See* Pharetra.

Phărĕtrĭgĕr, ĕrĕ, ĕrum = phărĕtratŭs. Cladĕ phăretrĭgĕri subnixas regis ˘Athenas. *Sil.*

Phărĭsæi, orum. *m. pl. Eccl. The Pharisees.* Eccĕ Phărisæi coram rĕpréhendĕrĕ Christum. *Jurc.* (Phărĭsæi. *Sedul.*)

Phărĭŭs, ă, um. *Of Pharos; Egyptian.* Hoc ălĭi signum Phărĭam dixerĕ jŭvencam. *O. See* Ægyptius.

Pharmăcŏpolă, æ. *m. A vender of medicines.* Ambubajarum collegĭă, pharmăcŏpolæ. *H.*

Phărŏs, *or* **Phărŭs**, i. *f.* 1. *A small island near Alexandria, with a light-house on it.* Lumĭnă noctĭvăgæ tollit Phărŏs æmŭlă lunæ. *St.* [? ˘Alexandrĭă.] 2. Hence, *Egypt.* Pĕtĭmus Phărŏn arvăquĕ Lagi. *L.* 3. Hence, *A light-house. Cæs.* and *L. L.* Crcl. Phărĭæ flammæ. Phr. Præsĭdĭum terris indĭcĭumquĕ frĕtis.

Pharsalĭă, æ. *f. A district of Thessaly, in which, near the town Pharsalus, the great battle took place between Cæsar and Pompey.* Non istas hăbŭit pugnæ Pharsalĭă partes. *L.* and *O.*

Pharsalĭcŭs, *and* **Pharsalĭŭs**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pharsalus.* Clară vĭri făcĭes: multi Pharsalĭcă castrĭ. *L.* ∾ annŭs. *L.*

Pharsalŏs, *or* **Pharsalŭs**, i. *f. Pharsalus, a town in Thessaly, celebrated for the battle between Cæsar and Pompey.* Pharsalon cŏĕunt, Pharsalĭă tectă frĕquentant. *Cat.* (Pauci leg. *Pharsaliam.*) Regnum Pharsalŏs ˘Achillis. *L.*

Phărŭs. *See* Pharos.

I. **Phăselŭs**, *or* **Făselŭs**, i. *f. A kind of bean.* Si vero vĭcĭamquĕ sĕres vilemquĕ făselum. *V.* [? Phaseŏlŭs.]

II. **Phăselŭs**, *and* **Phăselŏs**, *f. and sts.* *m.* 1. *A kind of long boat* (bean-shaped), *a pinnace.* Et circum pictis vĕhĭtur stŭă rurĕ phăselis. *V. See* Cymba. 2. *It was made of baked clay in Egypt.* Parvŭlă fictĭlĭbus sŏlĭtum dărĕ velă phăselis. *J.*

Phasĕŏlŭs, i. *m.* = phăselŭs (I.).

Phasĭăcŭs, ă, um. *Of Phasis, Colchian.* Turbăquĕ Phasĭăcam Graiă bĭbistĭs ăquam. *O.* [? Colchŭs, Colchĭcŭs.] *See* C.

Phasĭanŭs, i. *m.*, *and* **Phasĭană -gallină**, ævis. *The pheasant* (said to have come originally from the borders of the Phasis). ˘Et imperiorum Phasĭană Colchorum (gallină). *M.* Crcl. Phasĭs (Phasĭăcă, Colchis, Colchă, Scythĭcă) vŏlŭcrĭs. Phasĭdis -alĕs, vŏlŭcrĭs, ăvis. Phr. Alĕs &c. Phasĭăcis Colchis pĕtită.

Phasĭăs, ădis, *and* **Phasĭs**, ĭdis. *f. adj. Of* or *belonging to Phasis, a river of Colchis;* hence, = *Medea.* Barbărĕ per natos Phasĭăs ultă sŭos. *O.* Phasĭdă puppĕ tŭlĭt. *O.* Phasĭdĕs vŏlŭcres (*pheasants*). *M. See* Medea.

Phasis, is *or* Idis. *m.* 1. *A river of Colchis.* Contĭgĕrant răpĭdas limosi Phasĭdis undas. *O.* Ep. Pontĭcŭs, Colchŭs. Crcl. Colchorum -flŭvĭŭs, amnis, &c. Phasĭdis undă. 2. Phasĭdis -alĕs, ăvis, &c. *A pheasant. See* Phasianus.

Phĕræ, arum. *f. pl. A town of Thessaly, the residence of Admetus. C. D.* Acyrusquĕ, Phĕræque, et clandestinŭs ˘Acarnan. *Grat.*

Phĕræŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pheræ; to Thessaly; to Admetus.* Vaccas pavissĕ Phĕræas Fertŭr (i. e. *Admetus, king of Pheræ*). *O.*

Phĕrĕtĭădes, æ. *m. Son of Pheres, Admetus.* Fată Phĕretĭădæ conjux Păgăsæă rĕdĕmĭt. *O.*

Phiălă, æ. *f. A cup, bowl.* Mittĭs, ĕt hoc phĭălæ nomĕn hăbĕrĕ jubĕs. *M.*

Phidĭăcŭs, ă, um. *Of Phidias.* Bellĭcă Phidĭăca stat dĕă factă mănu. *O.* ∾ Jupĭtĕr. *Pp.* and *M.* (*statue of Jupiter made by Phidias.*)

Phidĭas, æ. *m.* (Φειδίας.) *The celebrated Athenian sculptor.* Lysippi lĕgŏ; Phidĭæ pŭtavi. *M.*

Phĭlippĕŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Philip, king of Macedon.* Ună Phĭlippeo sanguĭnĕ ĭnustă nŏtă (*Cleopatra's relationship to the Macedonian kings*). *Pp.* [? Phĭlippĭcŭs.] 2. Phĭlippei nummi, *and abs.* Phĭlippei. *Gold pieces struck by King Philip. See* Philippus. 3. *Of* or *belonging to the town Philippi.* Armă Phĭlippeos implerunt sanguĭnĕ campos. *Manil.* [? Phĭlippensis.]

Phĭlippi, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *A town of Macedonia, where Brutus and Cassius were conquered.* Romanas ăcĭes ĭtĕrum vidĕrĕ Phĭlippi. *V.* Crcl. Emăthĭæ, Emăthĭi campi. Emăthĭă arvă. 2. *Gold pieces struck by Philip. See* Philippus.

Phĭlippĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to Philip, king of Macedon;* hence, *the name of a coin struck by him; and of the orations of Demosthenes against him; and hence applied to those of Cicero against Antony.* Hem tĭbi argenti tălentum: Phĭlippĭcum est; tĕnĕ tĭbĭ. *Pl.* Quam tĕ, conspĭcŭæ divină phĭlippĭcă famæ (*one of Cicero's Philippics*). *J.*

Phĭlippŭs, i. *m.* 1. *The famous king of Macedon, father of Alexander; the name of several Macedonian kings.* Clari mŏnŭmentă Phĭlippi. *O.* [? ˘Amyntĭădes.] Ep. Clarŭs, inclytŭs, victŏr, fortis; văfĕr, subdŏlŭs, callĭdŭs.] 2. Phĭlippi, *and in comic writers* Phĭlippi *or* Philippi, orum. *m. pl. Pieces of gold so called, struck by Philip.* ☞ The name was afterwards used for other gold coins. Rettŭlĭt acceptos,

regalĕ nŏmismă, phĭlippos. *H. See* PHILIPPEUS.

PHĬLOCTETES, æ. *m. Son of Pœas, armour-bearer of Hercules, who left him his poisoned arrows; he was conspicuous in the history of the siege of Troy. C. D.* Quidvĕ Phĭloctetes ictŭs ăb anguĕ gĕmăt. *O.* [¶ Pœantĭŭs, Pœantĭădes.] **Crcl.** Pœantĭŭs heros. Pœantĭă proles. Pœantĕ -ăntŭs, natŭs. Alcidæ cŏmĕs. Hercŭlĭs heres. Gĕnŭs Pœantĭum.

PHĬLŎMELĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *Daughter of Pandion, sister of Procne, and wife of Tereus, changed into a nightingale. C. D.* Eccĕ vĕnit magno dives Phĭlŏmelă pĕratu. *O.* [¶ Pandiŏnĭs, Daulĭs, Daulĭăs.] **Crcl.** Pandiŏnĕ nată. Daulĭăs pŭellă. **2.** *A nightingale.* Popŭlĕa mœrens phĭlŏmelă sub umbra. *V.* [¶ Luscĭnĭă, Atthĭs (ĕedon, onĭs. *Calp. and Sen.*), Daulĭs, Daulĭăs.] **Ep.** Cecrŏpĭă, Pandiŏnĭă, flebĭlĭs, quĕrŭlă, garrŭlă, argŭtă, cănorăă, vocalĭs; nocturnă. **Crcl.** Daulĭs *or* Daulĭăs alĕs. Flebĭlĭs Atthĭs. Mœrens Attĭcă matĕr. ˘Avĭs (vŏlŭcrĭs)–Pandiŏnĭă, Pandiŏnĭs, Attĭcă, Cecrŏpĭă, Cecrŏpĭs. **Phr.** *Of the singing of the nightingale.* Daulĭăs alĕs &c. sub densis ramorum umbris (Cecrŏpĭs in fŏlĭis, verno ramo, Ismărĭa sub umbra) concĭnĭt (obstrĕpĭt, quĕrĭtur, carmĕn noblĭĕ cantăt, flĕt noctem);—˘Itỹn (˘I. absumptum, ˘Itỹŏs fată) flebĭlĭtĕr gĕmĭt (mœrens deflĕt);—˘Itỹn in vărĭos sŏnos mŏdŭlatur;—natum flebĭlĭtĕr sŏnăt (sŏlĕt noctem flerĕ). *See* PROCNE, TEREUS.

PHĬLŎSŎPHĬA, æ. *f. Philosophy. See* SOPHIA *and* SAPIENTIA (2).

PHĬLŎSŎPHŬS, i. *m.* (φιλόσοφος.) *A philosopher.* ˘Alĕre, aut cănes ad venandum, aut ad phĭlŏsŏphos. *Ter.* [¶ Sŏphŭs, săpĭens.] *See* S.

PHILTRA, orum. *n. pl. A philtre, love-potion.* Philtră nŏcent ănĭmis, vimquĕ fŭrorĭs hăbent. *O.* **Ep.** Thessălĭ, pallentĭă, pŏtentĭă, sævă. **Crcl.** Pŏtentes herbæ. *See* MAGICUS.

PHĬLYRA, æ. *f. A linden-tree; the inner bark, used for garland-bands.* Displĭcent nexæ phĭlyra cŏronæ. *H.*

PHĬLYRÆUS, *and* PHĬLYREĬUS, ă, um. *Of Philyra, the mother of Chiron, changed into a linden-tree. C. D.* Pellŏn umbrosum Phĭlyræăquĕ tectă (*of Chiron*). *O.* Phĭlyreĭŭs heros (*Chiron*). *O.*

PHĬLYRĬDES, *and poet.* PHILLYRĬDES, æ. *m. Son of Philyra, Chiron.* Phillyrĭdes pŭĕrum cĭthăra perfecĭt ˘Achillem. *O.* ∾ Chiron. *V.* **Crcl.** Phĭlyreĭŭs heros. *See* CHIRON.

PHIMUS, i. *m. A dice-box.* Mittĭrĕt in phimum talos. *H. See* FRITILLUS.

PHLĔGĔTHON, ontĭs. *m. A river of fire in the infernal regions.* Quæ răpĭdus flammis ambit torrentĭbŭs amnĭs Tartărĕus Phlĕgĕthon. *V.* **Ep.** Infernus, Tartărĕŭs, ignĕŭs, ardens, flammĕŭs, fumĭdŭs, torrens, atĕr. Fŭrens undis ardentĭbŭs. Nŏcentes ignĕo vădo cingens. **Crcl.** Phlĕgĕthontĕæ (Phlĕgĕthontĭdes) undæ. Phlĕgĕthontĭs (Idĭs) *or* Phlĕgĕthontĭă ăquă. Flumĭnă flammantĭă *or* ardentĭă. Ignĕŭs amnĭs. Ardentes Phlĕgĕthontĭs undæ *or* ăquæ. Amnĭs flăgrantĭbŭs ripis. *See* ACHERON, INFERI.

PHLĔGĔTHONTEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Phlegethon.* Et Phlĕgĕthontĕæ rĕquĭerunt murmŭră ripæ. *Cl. See* INFERNUS.

PHLĔGĔTHONTĬS, Idĭs. *f. adj. Of* or *belonging to Phlegethon, f.* Sparsumquĕ căput Phlĕgĕthontĭdĕ lympha. *O.*

PHLĔGRA, æ. *f.* (Φλέγρη.) *A region and town of Macedonia, afterwards Pallene, where the giants are said to have been slain by the gods with lightning.* Lăpĕti post bellă trŭcis, Phlegræquĕ lăbores. *V. Fl.*

PHLĔGRÆUS, ă, um. (Φλεγραῖος.) *Of Phlegra.* Sparsăquĕ Phlegræis victrĭcĭă fulgŭră campis. *O.*

PHLĔGŸAS, æ. *m.* **1.** *A king of the Lapithæ, father of Ixion. C. D.* Infelix Theseus, Phlĕgÿasquĕ mĭserrĭmŭs Omnes Admŏnĕt. *V.* Hence —**2.** Pl. *The Lapithæ.* Invĭă cum Phlĕgÿis făcĭebat Delphĭcă Phorbas (templă). *O.*

PHOCA, æ. *f. A seal, a sea-calf.* Armenta et turpes pascit sub gurgĭtĕ phocas (Proteus). *V.* **Ep.** Æquŏrĕă, deformĭs, turpĭs, immanis. *See* PROTEUS.

PHOCÆI, orum. *m. pl.* (Φοιϰαῖοι.) *The people of Phocæa (now Fokia), a sea-port and town of Ionia, and the mother town of Massilia, now Marseilles.* Phocæorum Vĕlut prŏfugit exsĕcrată civĭtas. *H.* [¶ Phocæenses.]

PHOCÆUS, a, um. (Φοιϰαῖος.) *Of* or *belonging to Phocæa. See* PHOCÆI, PHOCAICUS.

PHOCAĬCUS, ă, um, *and* PHOCAĬS, Idĭs. *f.* **1.** *Of* or *belonging to Phocæa,* or (hence) *to Massilia, now Marseilles.* Phocăĭco bĭbŭlas tingebat murĭcĕ lanas. *O.* ∾ -is sese rĕférebăt ăb oris (*Scipio*). *Sil.* Phocăĭs jŭventus (*of Massilia, now Marseilles*). *L.* **2.** *Of* or *belonging to Phocis.* ∾ tellus. *O.* Candĭdă Phocăĭca complectĭtur insŭlă lauro (sc. Parnassĭdĕ). *L. See* PHOCEUS.

PHOCEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Phocis.* Quod fŭlt Argŏlĭco jŭvĕnis Phoceŭs ămico. *O.* [¶ Phocensis.]

PHOCĬS, Idĭs. *f.* (Φωϰίς.) **1.** *A province of Greece, between Bœotia and Ætolia.* Sepărăt Aŏnĭos Actæis Phocĭs ăb arvis. *St.* **2.** *Used by mistake for Phocæa, and thus mistaken for the mother country of Massilia, now Marseilles.* Et post translatas exustæ Phocĭdŏs arces. *L.*

PHŒBE, es. *f. Sister of Phœbus, same as Diana and Luna.* Millĕ fĕras Phœbe silvis venată rĕdibăt. *O.* Vento rŭbĕt aurĕă Phœbe. *V. See* DIANA, LUNA.

PHŒBEĬUS, *and* PHŒBEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Phœbus* or *the sun.* Acclpĕ laudatos, jŭvĕnis Phœbelĭĕ, crines. *St.* Argŏllĭci clỹpĕi aut Phœbeæ lampădĭs instăr. *V.* Phœbeiŭs alĕs (*a raven*). *O.* Phœbeæ sortes (*oracular answers*). *O.* [¶ ˘Apollĭnĕŭs; *sts.* solarĭs.]

PHŒBĬGĔNĂ, æ. *m. f. Offspring, son of Phœbus, Æsculapius.* Fulmĭnĕ Phœbĭgĕnam Stỹgĭas detrusĭt ăd undas. *V.*

PHŒBUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A name of Apollo; Apollo.* Quæ Phœbo Pătĕr omnĭpŏtens, mĭhĭ Phœbŭs ˘Apollo Prædixĭt. *V. See* APOLLO. **2.** *The sun.* Clară rĕpercusso rădĭabant lumĭnă phœbo. *O. See* SOL.

PHŒNICE, es. *f. Phœnicia, a country of Syria.* (Phœnicĕs.)

PHŒNICĔS, um. *m. pl.* **1.** *The inhabitants of Phœnicia, founders of Tyre and Sidon,* &c.; *the first navigators, inventors of writing,* &c. *C. D.* Phœnices primi, famæ si credĭtŭr, ausi. *L.* Quærĭtŭr et cœlo Phœnicum inventă sĕreno. *Pp.* [¶ Sidŏnĭi, Tỹrĭi, ˘Agenŏrĭdæ.] **Phr.** Primi tentabant pĕlăgŭs navĭbŭs. P. pĕr æquŏrĕ vecti. P. servabant siderĕ. P. stellis nŭmĕros ĕt nomĭnă dĕderunt. Docti voces fĭguris reddĕrĕ. Pĕriti (fortes, audaces) orbĭs commercĭă cărinis ferrĕ. Qui primi o. c. c. fĕrebant. Qui disjunctas gentes mercem jungĕrĕ (merces mutarĕ) dŏcŭĕrunt. **2.** Hence, sts. *The people of Carthage* (as a Phœnician colony). *Sil.*

PHŒNICOPTĔRUS, i. *m. The flamingo.* Et Scỹthĭcæ vŏlŭcres, et phœnicoptĕrŭs ingens. *J.*

PHŒNISSĂ, æ. *f. adj.* **1.** *Phœnician.* Et Phœnissă Tỹros: quorum nunc insŭlă nulla est. *O.* ∾ exŭl (*Dido*). *O.* [¶ Phœnicĭă.] **2.** *Used subst. for Dido, as of Phœnician origin.* Infelix ănĭmi Phœnissă. *V. See* DIDO.

Phœnix, icis. *m.* **1.** *Son of Agenor, and brother of Cadmus, from whom Phœnicia took its name. C. D.* Et qui longā dĕdit terris cognomĭnā Phœnix. *Sil.* **2.** *Son of Amyntor, who accompanied Achilles to Troy.* [? ˘Amyntŏrĭdes.] **Crcl.** ˘Amyntŏrē cretūs. **3.** *A Phœnician;* pl. *Phœnicians. See* Phœnices. Aurĭfĕris tandem Phœnix depulsūs ăb oris. *Sil.*

Phœnix, icis. *m. A fabulous bird so called. C. D.* Aut cĭnis eoa pŏsĭti phœnicis in ara. *L.* Assŷrĭi phœnicĭ vŏcant. *O.* **Ep.** Phœbeūs, Phœbellūs, Titanĭūs, Sābæūs, Panchæūs, Assŷrĭūs, Indūs, Čoūs, unĭcūs, longævūs, vivax, æternūs, immortalis, rĕpārabĭlis, rĕdīvivūs. **Crcl.** Gangetĭcūs (Titanĭūs, Phărĭūs, Assŷrĭūs) ālēs. Solis ăvis. Vŏlūcris Gangetĭcā. Unĭcā sempĕr ăvis. **Phr.** Phœnix, quŏtĭes dĕcem sæcŭlā vixĭt, –scandĭt ŏdoratos ignes (ævum in ŏdorĭbūs finĭt);—accenso nido se sūpĕr imponĭt;—nido pĕrusto succedĭt; quæsita mortĕ rĕsurgĭt.

Phorcūs, i (**Phorcŷs**, ŷos. *V. Fl.*). *m. A sea-god. C. D.* Tritonesquĕ cĭti, Phorcique exercĭtūs omnis. *V.*

Phŏronis, idis. *f. Io, daughter of Inachus.* Nec sūpĕrum rector mālā tantā Phŏronĭdis ultra Ferrĕ pŏtest. *O. See* Io.

Phosphŏrūs, i. *m. The morning-star = Lucifer.* Phosphŏrē, reddĕ dĭem: quid gaudĭā nostrā mŏrarĭs? *M.* and *St. See* Lucifer.

Phrĕnesis, is. *f.* (φρενῖτις.) *Frenzy, delirium.* Quum fŭrŏr haud dŭbĭūs, quum sit mānifestā phrĕnesis. *J. See* Furor.

Phrixēus, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to Phrixus.* Dumque ăděunt regem, Phrixeāquĕ vellĕrā poscunt. *O.* Hence—**2.** ∾ mārē, &c. = Hellespontĭus. *See* H.

Phrixŭs, *rather than* **Phryxŭs**, i. *m.* (Φρίξος.) **1.** *The son of Athamas, who, with his sister Helle, fled on the golden-fleeced ram to Colchis. O.* **Crcl.** Æŏlĭūs jŭvĕnis. Portĭtŏr Helles delapsæ. *See* Helle, Aries, Vellus. **2.** Phrixi semĭtā = P. mārē, &c. *The Hellespont.* Phrixi qua semĭtā jungi Europamque ˘Asĭamquĕ vĕtāt. *St. See* Hellespontus.

Phrŷgia, æ. *f. A country of Asia Minor.* Dardănūs Idæas Phrŷgiæ pĕnĕtravĭt ăd urbes. *V.*

Phrŷgĭūs, ă, um. **1.** *Phrygian.* Bis denis Phrŷgĭum conscendi navĭbūs æquŏr. *V.* O vere Phrŷgiæ (*women*) nĕque ĕnim Phrŷgēs. *V.* ∾-æ arces; vestes. *O. See* Trojanus. **2.** Phrŷgĭā Matĕr. *V. See* Cybele. **3.** *Of* or *belonging to Cybele,* &c. ∾-i lĕones. *V.* ∾-i sŏnŭs ærĭs. *L.* **4.** ∾ mŏdūs. *A loud music, of a stirring and exciting kind.* Obstrĕpăt ∾-o tibĭā sŏno. *Tib.* [? Barbărūs.]

Phryx, ŷgis. *m., and* **Phrŷgēs**, um. *m. pl.* **1.** *A Phrygian; Phrygians.* Antĕ Phrŷgem Ænean collis ĕt herbā fŭit. *Pp.* Mĕdĭa de gentĕ Phrŷgum. *V.* **2.** Sp. = *Æneas.* Quĭbūs ∾ pĭus usūs ĕrāt. *O. Ganymede. M. Marsyas. St. A Corybant. M. See* Corybantes. **3.** Used adj. ∾ ăgĕr. *Cl. See* Phrygius.

Phthia, æ, *and* **Phthie**, es. *f. A town of Thessaly, the birth-place of Achilles.* Quum dŏmūs Assărăci Phthiam clarasquĕ Mŷcenas. *V.*

Phthiotĭcūs, **Phthiūs**, ă, um, *and* **Phthias**, ădis. *f. adj. Of* or *belonging to Phthia.* Desĕrĭtur Scyros, linquunt Phthiotĭcā Tempe. *Cat.* Phthiūs ˘Achilles. *H.* Non ĕgŏ sum Phthias, magnisve ŏrĭundā Mŷcenis. *O.*

Phthisĭcūs, ă, um. *Consumptive.* (Phthĭsis.) *M.*

Phthĭsis, is. *f. Consumption.* Et phthĭsis, et vŏmĭcæ putres, et dimĭdĭum crus. *J.*

Phthiūs. *See* Phthiotĭcus.

Phŷsĭcūs, ă, um. **1.** *Natural, physical.* [? Naturalis.] Hence—**2.** ∾ philŏsŏphūs, or abs. *A natural philosopher, one who studies physics* (φυσικά). Nec vos, o mĭseri, phŷsĭcorum dogmătā fallant. *Prud.* **3.** Phŷsĭcā, æ, *and* Phŷsĭce, es. *f. The science of physics.* **4.** Phŷsĭcā, orum. *n. pl. Physics, the things of nature; treatises of natural philosophy.* ˘In ∾-is trĭā primā: Dĕus, mundus, dăta formā. *Ass.* [? Naturalia.] **Phr.** *To study physics* (natural philosophy). Causas rerum, *or* causas pĕnĭtus lătentes, cognoscĕrĕ (tentarĕ, inquĭrĕrĕ). Cœlum rătĭonĕ ascendĕrĕ. Căpĕrĕ prŏfundam rerum causis naturam. Vĭdĕrĕ quŏd usquam est. Astrorum mĕatus, quæ sit formā pŏli &c., inquĭrĕrĕ (cognoscĕrĕ).

Piabilis, ĕ. *That may be expiated.*

Piacŭlum, i, *and* **Piamĕn**, ĭnis. *n.* **1.** *An atonement; an atoning, expiating sacrifice.* Duc nigras pĕcŭdes: ĕā primā placŭlā sunto. *V.* Te ∾-ā nullā rĕsolvent. *H.* Febrŭā Romani pātres dixerĕ plamĭnā. *O.* **2.** *Punishment.* ∾-ā pœnæ; exactā cædis. *Sil.* **3.** *That which requires expiation, crime, guilt.* Commissā ∾-ā. *V. See* Culpa, Scelus.

Pica, æ. *f. A magpie.* Picā lŏquax certa dŏmĭnum te vocĕ sālutāt. *M.* **Ep.** Garrŭlā, lŏquax, ĭmĭtatrix. **Crcl.** Piĕris vŏlūcris *or* ăvis.

Picatūs, ă, um. *Pitched, bunged* or *sealed with pitch.* Hæc de vitĭfĕra venissĕ picatā Vienna. *M.*

Picĕa, æ. *f. The pitch-pine.* Nigranti picĕa trăbĭbusque obscurūs ăcernis. *V. See* Pinus.

Picĕatūs, ă, um. *Daubed with pitch, bepitched.* Lit. and fig. Non fŭit Autŏlŷci tam picĕatā mānūs (sc. furtĭfĭcā). *M.*

Picĕūs, ă, um. *Of pitch, black as pitch.* Turbĭnĕ fumantem picĕo et candentĕ favilla. *V.* ∾ lumĕn (tædæ). *V.* ∾-is e nubĭbūs umbrā. *O.* Dentes ∾-iquĕ buxĕiquĕ. *M. See* Niger.

Pictŏr, oris. *m. A painter.* Pictorĭbūs atquĕ pŏetis Quidlĭbĕt audendi semper fŭit æquā pŏtestas. *H.* **Ep.** Doctūs, solers, egrĕgĭūs, insignis, clarūs, præclarūs. **Crcl.** Artis ˘Apellæ gnarūs *or* pĕritūs. Artĕ Parrhăsia pŏtens *or* clarūs. Pingendi artĕ clarissĭmūs. ˘Apellea in artĕ insignis. Zeuxĭdis (˘Apellis) æmŭlūs. Solers qm *or* qd lĭquĭdis cŏlorĭbūs ponĕrĕ.

Pictura, æ. *f.* **1.** *The act of painting, the art of painting.* Ut pictura, pŏcsis: ĕrit quæ, si prŏpius stes &c. *H.* **Crcl.** Ars ˘Apellĕā *or* Parrhăsiā. Pingendi ars. Ars æmŭlā naturæ. **2.** *A picture.* ˘Anĭmum ∾-a pascĭt inani. *V. See* Tabula. **3.** *A piece of embroidered work,* or *of Mosaic.* Textĭles ∾-æ. *Lr. See* Emblema.

Picturatūs, ă, um. **1.** *Variegated* (by natural or artificial colours). Et picturatus mŏrĭturis florĭbūs aggĕr. *St.* ∾-æ vŏlūcres. *Cl.* [? Pictūs.] **2.** *Embroidered.* ∾-æ auri subtemĭnĕ vestes. *V. See* Pictus.

Pictūs, ă, um. *part. See* Pingo. **1.** *Painted* (represented in a picture). Largire lŭŏpi, ne pictūs ŏberrĕt. *Pers.* [? Depictūs, expressūs.] **Crcl.** Cŏlorĭbūs expressūs. **2.** *Painted* (coloured); *inlaid.* ∾-i phăsĕli. *V.* ∾-is armis bellari. *V.* [? Cŏloratūs.] **3.** *Embroidered.* ∾-um velamĕn ăcantho. ∾ ăcu chlămŷdem. *V.* Discrimĭnarĕ vestes ∾-o auro. *L.* [? Picturatūs.] **3.** *Of various colours* (naturally). ∾-æ herbæ florĭbūs. *Lr.* vŏlūcres. *V.* [? Picturatūs, distinctūs.] **4.** *Spotted* (naturally). ∾-i lăcerti. *V.* ∾-o collo pardus. *M.* [? Vărĭūs, măcŭlosūs, &c.] *See* Maculosus.

Picus, i. *m. A wood-pecker, used in augury.* Martĭā picūs ăvis, gĕmĭno pro stipĭtĕ pugnant Et Lŭpā. *O.*

Pie. *Piously, virtuously, dutifully.* Solā vĭrum

non ultĭ̆ plĕ mœstissĭmă matĕr (Procne). *O.* [† Sancte.]

PIĔRĬDĔS, um. *f. pl.* 1. *The Muses, so called from Mount Pierus.* Piĕrĭdas, pŭĕri, doctos ĕt ămatĕ pŏetas. *Tib.* *See* MUSÆ. 2. Sing. *A Muse.* Dulcem quæ strĕpĭtum, Piĕrĭ, tempĕras. *H.*

PIĔRĬCŬS, ă, um. *Pierian, of Mount Pierus, of the Muses;* hence, *Thessalian.* Vatum Piĕrĭis orĭ rĭgantŭr ăquis. *O.* ∾-o notă chŏro. *M.*

PIĔTAS, ătĭs. *f.* 1. *Justice, virtue.* Tum plĕtatĕ grăvem ac mĕrĭtis si fortĕ vĭrum quem Conspexerĕ, sĭlent. *V.* [† Virtus, fas, prŏbĭtas, sanctĭtas, castĭtas.] 2. *Divine justice.* Di, si quă est cœlo plĕtas quæ tallĭ̆ curĕt. *V.* 3. *Natural affection and dutifulness.* Mira ∾-atĕ pārens. *Cat.* ˘Anĭmum (Ascănĭi) pătrĭæ plĕtatĭs ĭmago strinxĭt. *V.* [† Carĭtas, ămŏr, affectŭs.] 4. *Piety.* Tŭă plurĭmă ∾. *V.* [† Rellĭgio.] Ep. Sanctă, săcră, castă, spectată, laudandă.

PĬGENDŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PIGET. *What one ought to be,* or *shall be, sorry for.* Invitŭs ˘Apollo Poscĭtŭr invita verbă pĭgendă lyra. *Pp.*

PIGĔR, pĭgrĕ, pĭgrum, *and us.* pigrĕ, pigrum. 1. *Slow, sluggish, inactive, idle.* Sed pigĕr ad pœnas princeps, ad præmĭă velox. *O.* Ignavæquĕ fāme, et contracto frigŏrĕ pigræ. *V.* ∾ scribendi ferrĕ lăborem. *H.* [† Desĕs, desĭdĭosŭs, ignavŭs, segnĭs, ĭners, lentŭs, languĭdŭs, tardŭs, torpens, vecors, rĕsĕs, otĭosŭs, socors.] Crol. Desĭdĭa –tardŭs, languens, torpens, marcens. Vĕterno –torpens, languĭdŭs. Cui desĭdĭă *or* desĭdĭæ cordi. Qui vitam ignavam ducĭt. 2. *Used of things inanimate.* ∾ bellum; pălus (*stagnant*); sĭtŭs; gratĭă. *O.* ventĕr. *M.* ∾-i campi. *H.* Pĭgerrĭmŭs undæ (˘Arăr). *Sil.* [† Ignavŭs, ĭners, segnĭs, immotŭs, immobĭlĭs, lentŭs, &c.] 3. *That makes slow* or *sluggish,* &c. ∾-ă hibernæ noctĭs frigŏră. ∾ sĕnectă. *Tib.* ŏcŭlos sŏpŏr ŏpĕrĭt. *Cat.*

PIGĔT, ŭlt *or* ĭtum est. *unip. To annoy, trouble, cause sorrow, repentance,* &c. (with acc. of person, and gen. of thing; also with inf.) Ni rĕfŭgis tĕnŭesquĕ pĭget cognoscĕrĕ curas. *V.* Mĕmĭnissĕ pĭgebĭt. *V.* Facti fortassĕ pĭgebĭt. *O.* Pĭgŭĭt dĭem præcĭpĭtassĕ. *L.* Pĭgĭtum parvos lăres sŭbirĕ. *Sil.* [† Tædĕt, pœnĭtĕt, grăvŏr.] *See* PIGENDUS.

PIGNĔRO, as. *To pawn.* Cujŭs ĕt alvĕŏlos et lænam pignĕrăt Atreus. *J.* [† Oppignĕro, oppono.] Crol. Pignŭs *or* pignŏri do.

PIGNĔRŎR, arĭs. *To receive as a pledge.* Quod das mihĭ, pignĕrŏr omĕn. *O.* Crol. Pignŭs accĭpio.

PIGNŬS, ŏrĭs, *anc.* ĕrĭs. *n.* 1. *A stake in a wager, a pledge; a wager.* Depono: tu dic, mecum quo pignŏrĕ certes. *V.* Ep. Pulchrum, prĕtĭosum, magnum, exĭmĭum, amplum. 2. *A hostage.* Me pacĭs pignŭs hăberĕt. *O.* [† Obsĕs.] *See* O. 3. *A pledge* or *token of affection, a remembrance.* ∾ ămorĭs. ∾-ŏrĭ carĭ sŭi. *V.* [† Mŏnŭmentum.] 4. Pignŭs, *and us.* Pignŏrĭ. *Children* (pledges of conjugal love). Communĭă ∾-ŏrĭ, natos. *Pp.* Cum ∾-ĭbŭs dŏmŭs. ∾-ŏrĭ carĭ, nĕpotes. *O.* *See* PROLES. 5. Fig. *A satisfactory proof; sure mark, evidence,* &c. Do ∾-ŏrĭ certă tĭmendo. *O.* ∾-ŏrĭ mentĭs ĭn vultu hăbĕt. *O.* *See* INDICIUM.

PIGRE. *adv. Slowly.* Pigrĭŭs immotis hæserĕ păludĭbŭs undæ. *L.* [† Cunctantĕr, segnĭtĕr, lente, gĕlĭde, &c.]

PIGRĬTIA, *us.* PIGRĬTĬA, æ, *and* PĬGRĬTĬES, ei. *f. Laziness.* Argŭĭmur lentæ crimĭnĕ pigrĭtĭæ. *M.* [† Desĭdĭă, ĭnertĭă, ignavĭă, segnĭtĭes, vĕternum, languŏr, torpŏr, otĭum, sŏcordĭă.] Crol. Blandum desĭdĭæ vĕnenum. Ep. Desĕs, ĭners, ignavă, imbellĭs, languens, languĭdă, mollĭs, segnĭs, torpens, marcens, marcĭdă, turpĭs, mălă. Phr. *To be idly, lazily disposed.* Desĭdĭæ cordi sunt. Desĭdĭam sĕquŏr. *See* OTIOR.

PĬGRO, as, *and* PĬGRŎR, arĭs. *d. To be slow* or *backward to do a thing.* Quod nisĭ pigraris, paulumvĕ rĕcessĕrĭs ab re. *Lr.*

PĬGRŎR, orĭs. *m.* = Pĭgrĭtĭă. Languŏr ĕt obrepsit, pigror, torporquĕ quietĭs. *Lucil.*

I. PILA, æ. *f.* 1. *A ball for play.* Sunt illis cĕlĕresquĕ pĭlæ, jăcŭlumquĕ, trŏchiquĕ. *O.* Ep. Tĕrĕs, rŏtundă, vŏlubĭlĭs, lĕvĭs, cĭtă, vŏlans, lusorĭă, crĕpans. [† Paganĭcă, follĭs.] *See* P. F. Phr. *To play at ball.* Ludĕrĕ pĭla; (*to catch it*) excĭpĕrĕ; (*strike it back*) rĕpercŭtĕrĕ; (*when in the air*) vŏlantem gĕmĭnarĕ; (*recover it on the fall*) cădentem rĕvŏcarĕ; (*return it dexterously*) fŭgientem non sperato gestu reddĕrĕ; (*kick it back*) f. cĕlĕri planta reddĕrĕ; (*miss catching it*) pĭlă fallĭt veloci pĕr brachĭă lapsu (*or* e mănĭbŭs lapsă fŭgĭt). 2. *A globe, sphere.* Mănĭbŭs dura frigŭs hăberĕ pĭla. *Pp.* Nescĭŭs ærata signă mŏverĕ pĭla. *Pp.* 3. *A large ball in colours used to irritate the bulls in bull-fights.* *M.* 4. *Ballot-ball.* *Pp.* [☞ Used of any thing made into a ball.]

II. PILA, æ. *f.* 1. *A dam* or *pier.* Qualĭs ĭn Eubŏĭco Baiarum littŏrĕ quondam Saxĕă pilă cădĭt &c. *V.* [† Moles.] *See* M. 2. *A pillar, column. H. M.* *See* COLUMNA. 3. *A pounding-mortar.* ˘Ut ˘Anaxarchŭs, pila mĭnŭarĭs ĭn alta &c. *O.* (*Ib.*) [† Mortarĭum.]

PILANŬS, i. *m.* *A soldier who fought with the* pilum (called also triarius). Et tŏtĭdem princeps, tŏtĭdem pilanŭs hăbebăt Corpŏrĕ. *O.* [† Trĭarĭŭs.]

I. PILATŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Pilo, as. *Plundered.* II. *From* Pĭlo, as. *Deprived of hair; from whom* or *whence the hair has been plucked.* *M.* III. *From* Pilum. 1. *Armed with the* pilum. Procedit lĕgio Ausŏnĭdum, pilatăquĕ plenis Agmĭnă se fundunt portis. *V.* 2. *Set close, pressed together.* Indĕ lŏci lĭquĭdas pilatasquĕ ætherĭs oras Contemplo. *Enn.* (*apud Serv. Æ.* 12, 121.) IV. Pilatŭs, i. *m.* *Pontius Pilate.* *Eccl.* Tallĭbŭs exceptum Pilatus vocĭbŭs ursit. *Juvc.*

PILĔATŬS, ă, um. *Wearing a hat.* (Pilĕŭs.) Ad Parthos prŏcŭl irĕ pilĕatos. *M.*

PILENTUM, i. *n.* *A kind of easy carriage, chiefly used by the Roman ladies.* Castæ ducebant sacrā pĕr urbem Pilentis matres in mollĭbŭs. *V.* *See* RHEDA.

PILĔŎLUM, i. *n.,* *and* PILĔŎLŬS, i. *m.,* *dim. of* Pileum. *A small hat, a cap.* Ut cum pilĕŏlo sŏlĕas convivă tribulis (portes). *H.*

PILĔUM, lĭ. *n.,* *and* PILĔŬS, i. *m. Pl.* *A hat of felt, of half-oval shape, worn by men; it was a mark of freedom.* Hæc mĕrĭă libertas, hoc nobis pilĕă donant. *Pers.* [† Pilĕŏlum *or* pilĕŏlŭs.]

I. PILO, as. *To pluck out hairs.* Summœnĭanæ qua pĭlantŭr uxores. *M.* [† Vello.]

II. PILO, as. *To rob, plunder.* (Compilo.) *See* COMPILO.

PĬLOSŬS, ă, um. *Hairy.* Non dico pŭĕris, sĕd his pĭlosis. *Cat.* [† Villosŭs, hirsutŭs, hispĭdŭs; *sts.* setosŭs.] Crol. Pĭlis –ŏpertŭs, aspĕr, horrens. Phr. Cui duræ pĕr brachĭă setæ. Cui crurĕ (membrĕ) pĭlo (duris pĭlis) aspĕrĕ (neglectă, squallĭdă).

PILUM, i. *n.* *A large and heavy Roman javelin.* Signă, pāres æquĭlas, et pilă mĭnantĭă pĭlis. *L.* Horrentĭă ∾-is agmĭnă. *H.* [† Telum, hastilĕ, hastă.] *See* HASTA.

I. PILŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A company of the* Triarii. (Hence, Primus pilus, *afterw.* Primĭpĭlus, *the*

chief centurion or *first captain of the* Triarii.) 2. *Used by M. for* Primus pilus. Gratā Pūdens mĕrĭtī tŭlĕrĭt quum præmĭā pili. *M.*

II. *A hair.* Nevĕ fōrent duris aspĕrā crurā pĭlis. *O.* ~-i caudæ ĕquinæ. *H. See* PILOSUS.

PIMPLEA, æ, *and* PIMPLEIS, ĭdis. *f. adj. Of or belonging to the mount and spring Pimpla, which was sacred to the Muses;* used also subst. *the Muse; Pimpla.* Nectĕ mĕo Lāmĭæ cōronam, Pimpleī (*or* Pimplea) dulcis. *H.* Non urbanā mĕa tantum Pimpleĭdē gaudent Otĭā. *M. See* MUSÆ.

PIMPLEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pimpla; to the Muses.* Cujus Pimpleo lyrā clarĭōr exĭt ăb antro. *M.*

PINDĂRĬCUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pindar.* Qualis Pindărĭco spirĭtŭs orĕ sŏnāt. *O.*

PINDĂRUS, i. *m. The poet Pindar.* Fervĕt, immensusquĕ rŭit prŏfundo Pindărŭs orĕ. *H.* Ep. Thebanŭs, Dircæŭs, lyrĭcŭs, facundŭs, fĭdĭcĕn, Aŏnĭŭs, ~Apollĭnĕŭs. Crol. Dircæŭs cycnŭs.

PINDUS, i. *m. Mount Pindus, sacred to the Muses. V. See* PARNASSUS, HELICON.

PINETUM, i. *n. A pine-grove.* Protĭnŭs innŭmĕræ cædunt pinetā sĕcures. *O.*

PINĔUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to pines and pine-wood.* Pinĕā silvā mihi multos dilectā pĕr annos. *V.* ~ ardōr (*fire of pine-wood*). *V.* ~-ă textā; compages (*pine-built vessels*). *O.*

PINGO, ĭs, xi, pictum. 1. *To paint, draw; to cover with painting.* Vĕtŭit ne quis se, prætĕr ~Apellem, Pingĕrĕt, aut ăllŭs Lysippo ducĕrĕt ærā. *H.* ~ castrā mĕro (*on the table*). *Tib.* Pārĭes nullo crimĭnĕ pictŭs ĕrāt. *Pp.* [† Depingo, ădumbro, effingo.] Crol. Cŏlorĭbŭs *or* pictis tăbŭlis –effingo, ădumbro, imĭtōr. ~Anĭmo ad ~Apellĕis cŏlorĭbŭs. Tectā fĭgurīs vārĭo. *See* PICTOR. 2. *To colour, give to any thing a natural* or *artificial colour.* ~ frontem moris. *V.* malas jŭvĕnīlĕ dĕcŭs compĭt. *O.* pallorĭbŭs omnĭā. *Lr.* [† Cŏloro, tingo, infĭcĭo, induco.] 3. *To beautify, to vary by intermixture of colour; to stud, inlay.* Pingĕrĕ tellurĭs grĕmĭum (de conchis); vĭridantes herbas florĭbŭs. *Lr.* vaccinĭā lutĕŏla caltha. *V.* stellis æther. *Sen.* [† Distinguo, vārĭo, discrimĭno; *ext.* orno.] 4. *To embroider.* ~ ăcu. *O.* Picti reges (*in embroidered garments*). *M.* Crol. ~Acu pingo *or* scribo. *See* PICTUS.

PINGUESCO, ĭs. 1. *To grow fat.* Congestoque ăvĭdum pinguescĕrĕ corpŏrĕ corpŭs. *O.* [† Sāgĭnŏr.] Crol. Pinguĭs (pingulŏr, ŏbesŭs) fio. 2. *To become fruitful.* ~-unt Hæmi campi. *V.*

PINGUIS, ĕ. 1. *Fat, rich, unctuous.* ~ ŏlivum; casĕŭs; mĕrum. *H.* bĭtumĕn. *V. Fl.* [† Crassŭs, spissŭs.] 2. *Used of man and animals.* ~ hostĭā. *V.* Pinguissĭmŭs hœdŭlŭs. *J.* Me pinguem ĕt nĭtĭdum vises. *H.* [† ~Obesŭs, crassŭs, ŏpimŭs; *sts.* perpastŭs, ŏpimatŭs, sāginatŭs.] Crol. Corpŏrĕ pinguĭs *or* pingui. 3. Used subst. n. *Fat.* Denso distendĕrĕ pingui, Quem legerĕ, dŭcem. *V.* Fibris increvĭt ŏpimum pinguĕ. *Pers. See* PINGUEDO. 4. *Used of fruitful land,* &c. ~ Campanĭā. *Pp.* ~-lŏr Romano sanguĭnĕ campŭs. *H.* ~ vomĕrĕ sulcŭs. *L.* hortŭs. *V.* annŭs. *V. Fl.* [† ~Opimŭs, spissŭs; fertĭlis, divĕs.] 5. *Used of ripe, juicy fruit.* ~-ĭbŭs ficis. *H.* 6. *That which fertilizes; that which fattens.* Rĕflŭĕrĕ campos ~-i flumĭnĕ (de Nilo). *V.* Sātŭrārĕ fĭmo ~-i. *V.* Lĕvarĕ membrā ~-i quĭetĕ. *O.* [† Fecundŭs.] 7. *Rich in contents, quality,* &c. (us. in goodness of such kind as pleases the senses.) Incusā ~-i auro donā. *Pers.* Turā ~-es fŭcĭentĭā flammas. *O.* ~ ăd astrā fumŭs ŏdores fĕrāt. *L.* [† Spissŭs, densŭs.] 8. *Coarse, heavy* (of cloths). *J.* [† Crassŭs.] 9. *Oiled, daubed with any greasy, sticky substance.* ~ cŏmā; virgā (*limed twig*). *M.* ~-ĭā lūto crurā. *J.* [† Unctŭs, illĭtŭs, &c.] *See* UNCTUS. 10. *Thick-headed, pudding-headed; stupid.* ~ ingĕnĭum. *O.* pŏpŭlŭs. *V.* (*Cat.*) [† Crassŭs, ŏbesŭs, tardŭs, hĕbĕs, obtusŭs, rŭdĭs.] 11. Pingui Mĭnerva. *See* MINERVA.

PINĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Producing pines.* Actŭs ăper, multos Vĕsŭlus quem pinĭfĕr annos Defendĭt. *V.*

PINĬGĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. 1. *Wearing a pine-crown.* Pinĭgĕrum Fauni Mænălĭs orā căpŭt (cŏlĭt). *O.* 2. = pinĭfĕr. ~-i Sĭmŏentĭs ăd amnem. *St.*

PINNA, æ. *f.* 1. *A feather* (of the larger kind). *Enn. See* PENNA. 2. Pl. us. *Battlements, pinnacles.* ~-is atquĕ aggĕrĕ cingĭt. *V.* Trĕmŭlis tăbŭlatā mĭnantĭā ~-is. *L.*

PINNĬGĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum = pennĭgĕr. *Winged.* Pinnĭgĕri sævit calcarĭbŭs ictŭs ămorĭs. *Lr. See* ALATUS. 2. *Finned.* ~ piscĭs. *O.*

PINNĬRĂPUS, i. *m.* (*from* pinna *and* rapio). *The gladiator pitted against the Samnite* (of another class of gladiators), *and whose helmet with wings* (pinnæ) *he attacked with his* retĕ. Pinnĭrăpi cultos jŭvĕnes jŭvĕnesquĕ lănistæ. *J.*

PINSO, ĭs, si *and* sŭi, sum, sĭtum, *and* pistum. 1. *To stamp, beat, bruise.* ~ terram gĕnŭĭbŭs. *Enn.* qm flăgro (*to beat soundly, to thrash*). *Pl.* [† Prĕmo, tundo, fĕrĭo.] 2. *To peck at.* O Janĕ, a tergo quem nullā cĭconĭā pinsĭt (*that cannot be mocked,* i. e., *by imitating a stork's beak with the hands. R.*). *Pers.*

PINUS, i *and* us. *f.* 1. *A pine-tree, sacred to Cybele, to Diana, and Pan.* Fraxĭnŭs in silvis, pulcherrĭmā pinŭs ĭn hortis. *V.* ~-os lŏquentes. Actas ăd sĭdĕrā ~-us. *V.* Ep. Pontĭcā, Cybĕlĕĭā, Idæā, altā, procerā, ăcutā, vĭrens, pinguĭs, ŏdorā. Arcădĭo ămicā dĕo. Gratā dĕum Matri. 2. *Different things made of pine-wood.* 1. *A ship.* ~ nautĭcā. *V.* 2. *An oar.* Quæ mergunt æquŏrĕ ~-us (rātes). *L.* 3. *A dart.* Corpŏrā ~-u fĕrĭt. *St.* 4. *A wreath of pine-leaves.* ~-u præcinctŭs ăcuta (Faunŭs). *O.* 5. *A torch.* Mānum ~-u flăgranti implĕt. *V.*

PIO, as. 1. *To expiate, cleanse from guilt, atone for.* Effĭgĭem stātŭĕrĕ, nĕfas quæ tristĕ plarĕt. *V.* ~ culpam nĭlsĕrorum mortĕ. *V.* [† Expĭo, lustro, purgo; *ext.* delĕo.] 2. *To appease, propitiate; avert what is ill-omened.* ~ tellurem porco, Silvanum lactĕ. *H.* turĕ aras. *Pp.* fulmĕn; ĭmagĭnem noctĭs. *O.* [† Placo, &c.] *See* P. 3. *To redeem, to compensate for;* hence, *to do away, efface.* Quarum sunt multis damnā plandā mŏdis. *O.*

PIPĔR, ĕris. *n. Pepper.* Primŭs ĕt invĕnĭor pĭpĕr album cum sālĕ nigro. *H.* Ep. ~Eoum, pĕrĕgrinum, ŏdorum, acrĕ, mordax.

PIPĬLO, as. *freq. of* Pipio. *To chirp.* Ad solam dŏmĭnam usquĕ pipĭlabāt. *Cat.*

PIRÆEUS, ĕŏs; PIRÆŬS, i. *m., and* PIRÆUM, i. *n.* 1. *The chief port of Athens.* Munĭchĭa et trĕpĭdis stăbĭlem Pirăĕā nautis. *V.* Piræi căpĭent me littŏrā portus. *Pp.* Pirăăquĕ tutā rĕcessu linquĭt. *O.* 2. Piræŭs, ă, um. Pirăăquĕ littŏrā tangĭt. *O.*

PIRATA, æ. *m. A pirate.* Omnĕ frĕtum mĕtŭens pĕlāgi pirātā rĕlĭquĭt. *L.*

PIRATĬCUS, ă, um. *Pirate.* adj. Et victis cedat piratĭcā laurĕā Gallis. *L.* ~ puppĭs. *Cl.*

PIRĬTHŎUS, i. *m. Son of Ixion, the friend of Theseus. C. D.* Et cum Pirĭthŏo felix concordĭā Theseus. *O.* Crol. Ixiŏnĕ natŭs. Ixiŏnĭs proles.

PIRUM, i. *n. A pear* (the fruit). Non pĭrā, quæ lenta pendent rĕlĭgatā gĕnista. *M.*

PYRUS, i. *f. A pear-tree.* Insĕrĕ, Daphnĭ, pĭros: carpent tŭā pomā nĕpotes. *V.*

PISA, æ. *f., and sts.* PISÆ, arum. *pl.* 1. *A city of Elis, near Olympia, where the Olympic games were held.* Aut Alphĕā rŏtis prælabi fluminā Pisæ. *V.* 2. Pl. *A city of Etruria, founded by a colony from Elis.* [☞ Alphea ăb ŏrigĭnĕ Pisæ Urbs Etruscā sŏlo. *V.*] Hinc Tyrrhenā vādo frangentes æquŏrā Pisæ. *L.*

PISÆUS, ă, um. (Πισαῖος.) *Of Pisa, of Olympia, Olympic.* Proselŭit Pisæo carcĕrĕ præceps. *Sil.* ~ jŭventus. *St.* ~-a legĕ currĕrĕ. *St.* ~-æ ramŭs ŏlivæ. *J.* [† ˘Olympĭcŭs, &c.] *See* O.

PISCATŎR, orĭs. *m. A fisherman.* Milĕs ĭrat glādĭo, piscatŏr ārundĭnĕ sumpta. *O.* Ep. Æquŏrĕŭs, fluctĭvāgŭs, paupĕr, sedŭlŭs, vīgĭl, cautŭs, insĭdĭans. Crol. Æquŏrĕŭs pŏpŭlatŏr. Mŏdĕratŏr ārundĭnis. Piscĭbŭs insĭdĭans. Qui sustĭnĕt hamos. Qui linā mādentā ducĭt. *See* PISCOR.

PISCINA, æ. *f.* 1. *A fish-pond.* Piscinā rhombum pascĭt et lŭpos vernas. *M.* 2. *A large reservoir of water, a swimming-bath at the public baths.* *M.*

PISCIS, is. *m. A fish.* Dum jăgā montis āper, flŭvĭos dum piscis āmabĭt. *V.* [† Piscĭcŭlŭs.] Ep. Squamĕūs, squamĭgĕr, āquosŭs, fluctĭvāgŭs, æquŏrĕŭs, flŭvĭalis, lŭbrĭcŭs, fŭgax, tĭmĭdŭs, sālĭens, lascivŭs. Crol. Gens ~-squamĭgĕrā, æquŏrĕā, humĭdā ponti. Gĕnŭs *or* pĕcŭs æquŏrĕum. Mutā ~-turbā, agmĭnā. Gĕnŭs omnē nātantum. Mārĭs proles. Cærŭlæ cātervæ. Lubrĭcā pisces agmĭnā. Squamosum pĕctus. Squamosā agmĭnā. Squamĭgĕrum agmĕn. Vāgā turbā nātantum. Æquŏrĕæ rāpinæ. *See* PISCOR.

PISCŎR, arĭs. *To fish.* Quo ducit gŭlā, piscemur, venemūr, ŭt olim. *H.* Crol. ˘Ārundĭnĕ (cālāmo, virga, hamo, lino, esca, retĭbŭs) pisces ~capto, fallo, decĭpĭo, duco. Hamum *or* ærā cĭbo (cĭbis fallacĭbŭs) ~celo, abdo. Pisces ~duco, trāho. ˘In retĭā trudo *or* cālāmo prædŏr. Piscĭbŭs insĭdĭŏr *or* insĭdĭas tendo. Phr. 1. *Of the angler and angling.* Pisces cālāmo prædatūr. Hamos fallaces instrŭĭt; h. (ærā rĕcurvā) cĭbis (escis) sūpremis *or* parvis abdĭt; prædam seta suspendĭt; linum ārundĭnĕ mŏdĕratūr; piscem esca evŏcāt; trĕmŭlum piscem sentĭt; cālāmo (c. trĕmentē) sālĭentem prædam (*or pl.*) ducĭt; captum piscem trĕmŭla linĕa trāhĭt; p. sālĭentem tr. seta ducĭt; pendentem escis ĭn undis captāt; lino (*ep.* tĕrĕti) pāvĭdum piscem subducĭt. Phr. 2. *Of the net-fisher*, &c. Sĭnŭosā lini vŏlumĭnā undis disponĭt. Retĭā pisces ducentĭā ducĭt. R. cāvā contento funĕ trāhĭt. Æquŏr plācĭdum (inductis) retĭbŭs verrĭt *or* everrĭt. Amnes vāgos (inductis) r. colāt. Pisces captivos lino ād littŏrā sĭnŭato ducĭt. Phr. 3. *He lays the haul out on the beach.* Captivos pisces (diversas fĕrarum fācĭes) littŏrĕ (littŏrĕis ārenis) exponĭt (ordĭnĕ rĕcensēt). Pŏpŭlos captos littŏrĭbŭs sŭis exponĭt. *See* PISCATOR.

PISCOSUS, *and* PISCŬLENTUS, ă, um. *Pl. Full of fish.* Arcādā, piscosæ cui circum flumĭnā Lernæ. *V.* Crol. Piscĭbŭs ābundans *or* frĕquens.

PISTILLUM, i. *n., and* PISTILLUS, i. *m. A pestle.* Cultrum, sēcurim, pistillum aut mortarĭum. *Pl.*

PISTŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A miller.* [† Mŏlĭtŏr.] Phr. Cĕrĕālĭā saxā torquens. 2. Us. *A baker* or *pastry-cook.* Vendĭt pŭĕris jentaculā ~. *M.*

PISTRINUM, i. *n. A flour-mill, a bake-house.* Et non pistrino tradĭtūr atque āsĭno. *Cat.* [† Mŏlā.]

PISTRIS, *or* PRISTIS, is, *and* PISTRIX, *or* PRISTIX, icis. *f. A large fish, as whale, shark, &c.* Pistrĭs ādest, mĭsĕræque ĭnhĭat jam proximā prædæ. *V. Fl.* Immani corpŏrĕ pistrix. *V.* [† Balænā, &c.] *See* B.

PITTĂCUS, i. *m. One of the seven wise men of Greece.* Si quis ˘Aristŏtĕlem āmĭrĕm, vel Pittăcŏn emĭt. *J.*

PITUITA, *and syner.* PITUITĂ, æ. *f. Phlegm, rheum.* Præcĭpŭe sanus, nisi quum pituitā mŏlesta est. *H.* Mucusque et mālā pitŭitā nasi. *Cat.*

PIUS, ă, um. 1. *Just, virtuous.* Exĕāt aula Qui vŏlĭt esse plus: virtus et summā pŏtestas Non cŏēsunt. *L.* ~-æ mānus. *V.* ~-um ac pŭdicum ingĕnĭum. *Ter.* [† Æquŭs, justŭs, sanctŭs, castŭs, prŏbŭs, purŭs.] 2. Pĭi, orum. *The just dwelling in the Elysian fields.* Piorum concĭlĭā Elysĭumquē cŏlo. *V. See* ELYSIUM. 3. *One full of affection to his relatives and friends, country, &c.; dutiful, loyal.* Facte ~ ĕt scĕlĕratūs ĕodem. *O.* Nisūs āmorē pĭo (Eurÿālĭ). *V.* [† ˘Amans.] 4. *Pious, religious.* Quĭquē pĭi vates, et Phœbo dignā lŏcuti. *V.* [† Rellĭgiosŭs.] Crol. Dĕorum (dĕum, Dĕi, numĭnis) cultŏr. Numĕn cŏlens. Dĕorum tĭmĭdŭs *or* observans. Plĕtatis ~āmans, observans, custos, tĕnax. Plĕtatē insignis *or* egrĕgĭus. 5. *Sacred, holy.* Farrē pĭo vĕnĕratūr. *V.* Pĭā turā. *O.* [† Rellĭgiosŭs, sanctŭs, sācĕr.] 6. *Good, kind, benevolent, friendly.* *H.* and *Cl.* [† Bŏnŭs, bĕnignŭs, mitis, clemens, āmicŭs, &c.] *See* BENIGNUS.

PIX, icis. *f. Pitch.* Cortĭcem adstrictum pĭcē dimŏvebĭt. *H.* Ep. Idæā, Narÿcĭā, atrā, nĭgrā, crassā, pinguis, lentā, tĕnax.

PLACABĬLIS, ĕ. *Placable.* O quŏtĭes dixi: Placabĭlis irā dĕorum est. *O.* [† Exorabĭlis, clemens, mitis.] Crol. Vĕnĭæ pāratŭs. Placari (flecti) ~pātĭens, dŏcĭlis.

PLACAMĔN, ĭnis. *n. A means of appeasing; an atoning sacrifice.* Duc prædicta sācris duro placamĭnā Dĭti. *Sil.* [† Placamentum, plamĕn.]

PLACATUS, ă, um. 1. *Appeased, propitiated.* Placatam Eurÿdicen vītŭlā vĕnĕrabĕrē cæsa. *V.* [† Lenitŭs, victŭs, lenĭŏr, mitĭŏr, mĕlĭŏr.] *See* PLACOR. 2. Fig. *Made calm, placid, serene.* ~-ā venti dant mārĭā. *V.* ~-um diffuso lumĭnĕ cœlum. *Lr. See* TRANQUILLUS.

PLĂCENS, tis. *part. See* PLACEO. Used adj. *Pleasing, delightful.* Linquendā tellus, et dŏmŭs, et plăcens Uxŏr. *H.* [† Jucundŭs, dulcis, cartus.]

PLĂCENTA, æ. *f. A cake.* Pane ĕgĕo, jam mellitis mĕlĭorē plăcentis. *H.*

PLĂCEO, es, itum. 1. *To please.* Nullā plăcerē dĭu nec vivĕrē carmĭnā possunt. *H.* Mĕæ plăcŭerunt otĭā menti. *O.* [† Arridĕo, prŏbŏr, delecto, oblecto, jŭvo.] Crol. Sum ~acceptŭs, gratŭs, jucundŭs, dulcis. Antē omnĭā plăcĕo *or* dulcis sum. ˘Anĭmum dulcedĭnĕ affĭcĭo. 2. Plăcĕt, ŭĭt *or* ĭtum est. Used imper. *To please, seem good, be resolved upon.* Non ĭtā dis plăcŭĭt. *O.* Sic plăcĭtum. *V.* [† Lĭbĕt *or* lŭbĕt, jŭvăt, sĕdĕt, stăt.] Crol. ˘Anĭmo sĕdĕt. Est *or* fert ănĭmŭs. Fert ĭtā cordē vŏluntas. ˘Ĭtā vĭdetūr. *See* CUPIO, VOLO (II.).

PLĂCIDE. *Without noise, gently, calmly, quietly.* Defunctum plăcĭdē vivĕrē tempŭs ĕrāt. *O.* Amplexūs ~ tŭmŭlum (anguis). *V.* [† Lenĭtĕr, lenē, quĭete, tranquille, otĭose.]

PLĂCIDUS, ă, um. 1. *Placid, calm, tranquil.* Sedĭbŭs ut saltem plăcĭdis in mortē quĭescam. *V.* ~ quies; orā tuto portu. *V.* amnis; urbs. *O.* [† Quĭetŭs, tranquillŭs, &c.] *See* TRANQUILLUS. 2. *Of mild, meek disposition.* Non ŭt ~-is cŏēsant immitĭā. *H.* ~ făcĭlisquē pārens. *O.* [† Lenis, mitis, clemens, &c.] *See* LENIS.

3. *Kindly, favorably disposed.* Dĭ, ∾-i servatĕ pĭos. *V.* ∾-æ vĭri aures. *V.* *See* FAVENS.

PLĂCĬTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PLACEO. Used act. and as adj. *Liked, pleasing, pleasant.* Est virtus, plăcĭtis abstĭnŭĭssĕ bŏnis. *O.* ∾-onĕ ĕtĭam pugnabĭs ămori? *V.* [† Jucundŭs, gratŭs.]

PLACO, as. 1. *To appease, soften, conciliate.* Sanguĭnĕ placastis ventos et virgĭnĕ cæsa. *V.* Munĕrĭ ∾-ant hŏmĭnesquĕ dĕosquĕ. *O.* ∾ judĭcĭs iram. *Tib.* [† Flecto, lenĭo, mitĭgo, permulcĕo, mulcĕo, exoro, mŏvĕo, permŏvĕo, mollĭo, sedo, tempĕro, compono, delenĭo, compesco, comprĭmo, mŏdĕrŏr, tango, vinco, sŭpĕro, sŭbĭgo, pacĭfĭco, mĭnŭo, frango, dŏmo.] Crcl. Iram *or* iras -flecto, mitĭgo, mulcĕo, frango, vinco, tempĕro, &c. Iratum ănĭmum -sedo, mollĭo, lenĭo, mitĭgo. ˘Anĭmum ăb ira rĕvŏco. ˘Anĭmos mollĭo. Jŭbĕo mansuescĕrĕ cordă. Cordă placo. Nĕgantem mollĭo. Orando qm flecto. Plăcĭdum reddo. Iram supplĭcĭbŭs votis sŭpĕro. Aures mollĭo. Mollĭă cordă do. Duram mentem flecto. Fĕrum pectŭs prĕcĭbŭs mollĭo. 2. *To offer in sacrifice, in order to appease.* Trĭcenis tauris ∾ Plutonă. *H.* *See* SACRIFICO. 3. Fig. *To calm, quiet, smooth down.* ∾ tŭmĭdă æquŏră. *V.* ventrĭs jejunĭă. *O.* sĭtim. *M.* sĕvĕrĭtatem frontĭs. *Ph.* 4. Pass. *To be appeased, softened, conciliated,* &c. Carmĭnĕ ∾-ŭr sŭpĕri. *H.* [† Lenĭŏr, mollĭŏr, mitĭgŏr, flectŏr, &c., mansuesco, mitesco.] Crcl. ˘Anĭmum -placo, mitĭgo, flecto. ˘Anĭmŭs (prĕcĭbŭs &c.) flectĭtŭr *or* placatŭr. Iram, iras -pono, rĕmitto, depono. Rĕcedo ăb ira. Irĕ -mansuetĭŏr fĭt, cĕdĭt, rĕcedĭt. Jam mĕllĭŏr sum. Phr. Cordă tŭmĭdă ex ira rĕsĭdunt. Non est implacabĭlĭs irĕ. Flexæ ăd mitĭŭs iræ. Prĕcĭbŭs numĭnă rĕmollescunt. Jam făvent aspĕrĕ numĭnă. Plăcĭdo Dĕo irĕ mitĭŏr vĕnĭt. Vires sŭas irĕ fregĭt. *See* IRA, PRECES, MANSUESCO, PLAGATUS.

I. PLAGA, æ. *f.* *A region, clime.* Et si quem, extentă plăgarum Quattŭŏr in mĕdĭo, dĭrĭmit plăgă solĭs ĭniqui. *V.* ˘Eoæ plăgă terræ. *Sen.* [† Tractŭs, rĕgĭo.]

II. PLAGA, æ. *f.*, *us.* PLAGÆ, arum. *pl.* *A net; nets, toils.* Lit. and fig. Inquĕ plăgam nullo cervŭs ăgentĕ cădĭt. *O.* Retĭă rarĕ, plăgæ. *V.* Extricată densis ∾-is (cervă). *H.* Impĕdirĕ se ĭn ∾-as. *Pl.* *See* RETE.

III. PLAGA, æ. *f.* *A blow, a wound.* Lit. and fig. Jamque assurgentis dextra, plagamque fĕrentĭs &c. (Æneæ). *V.* Dant ănĭmos ∾-æ. *V.* [† Ictŭs, vulnŭs.]

PLAGIARĬUS, ĭi. *m.* *A plagiarist.* Impones plăgĭarĭo pŭdorem. *M.*

PLAGOSUS, ă, um. *Fond of beating, flogging,* &c. Mĕmĭnĭ quæ plagosum mĭhĭ parvo Orbĭlĭum dictarĕ. *H.*

PLANCTUS, us. *m.* 1. *A beating* (so as to produce noise), *a blow.* Exprĭmĭt, et planctus illisæ cautĭbŭs undæ. *L.* [† Ictŭs.] 2. Us. *The beating of the breast, &c., in sorrow and despair.* Exĭgĭt fămŭlarum brachĭă ăd planctus. *L.* Concŭtĭĕrĕ ∾-u pectŏrĕ. *St.* [† Plangŏr.] *See* PLANGO, LAMENTUM. Hence—3. *Lamentation, wailing.* *L.* *See* LAMENTUM.

PLANE. *Plainly, undoubtedly; altogether.* Communi sensu plane cărĕt, inquĭmŭs. Eheu! *H.* [† Omnino, &c.] *See* O.

PLANETA, æ. *m.* *A planet.* Annŭs hăbet, tŏtĭdem errantes fecerĕ plănetæ. *Aus.* Crcl. Errans astrum. Văgum sidŭs. Văgi ignes. Palantes pŏlo stellæ. Noctĭs văgă lumĭnă. Sidĕrĕ văgos ducentĭă gyros. Stellă văgos exercens rĕcursus.

PLANGO, ĭs, xi, ctum. 1. *To strike, beat.* Nec mărĕ, nec fluctus plangentes saxă crĕarunt. *Lr.* Plangens mŏrĭbundo verbĕrĕ terram. *O.* *See* VERBERO. 2. Us. *To strike, beat the breast,* &c., *in grief* or *despair.* Flevi, rupiquĕ sĭnus, ĕt pectŏrĕ planxi. *O.* Crcl. Planctu *or* plangorĕ -verbĕro, percŭtĭo, fĕrĭo. Planctĭbŭs incesso. Plangorem do. Pectŭs *or* pectŏrĕ -tundo, contundo, cædo, pulso, percŭtĭo, fĕrĭo, verbĕro. Pectŭs *or* pectŏrĕ palmis (mănĭbŭs, mănu, ŭtraquĕ mănu) -plango, cædo, &c. Pectŭs (vultum, orĕ, gĕnas, sĭnus, sĭnum, brachĭă, lăcertos) -lăcĕro, carpo, nŏto, unguĕ (*or pl.*) nŏto (ăro, sĕco, fœdo). Crebro ictu contundo. Planctus sŏnant. Pectŏrĕ adductis palmis sŏnant. Sŏnĭtum plangorĭs reddo. Phr. *Of one beating the person,* &c., *in token of strong emotion, of grief,* &c. Pectŭs (*or* pectŏrĕ) -crinĕ sŏluto lăcĕrăt;—terquĕ quăterquĕ mănu percŭtĭt;—mănĭbŭs crŭentum (*or pl.*) signăt;—crebris verbĕrĭbŭs concŭtĭt;—pugnis cædĭt (contundĭt). Gĕnas (orĕ) unguĕ (*or pl.*) sĕcăt. G. (malas) mădentes scindĭt. Orĕ aspĕrĕ făcĭt dĭgĭtis. Mănus ĭn orĕ immites fĭgĭt. Căpillos (crines) unguĕ rumpĭt, *or* unguĭbŭs rĕvellĭt. Vestem &c. a pectŏrĕ derĭpĭt (deducĭt, scindĭt). Lăcertos (indignos &c.) -palmis (mănĭbŭs) percŭtĭt, *or* plangorĕ (claro p.) cædĭt;—fŭrĭbundă plangĭt. *See* LACRIMO, LAMENTUM. 3. Intr. *Striking oneself in grief, despair,* &c.; *wailing, grieving.* Planxerĕ Drÿădes: plangentĭbŭs adsŏnăt echo. *O.* 4. Pass. in middle sense. ∾-ĭtŭr ăvĭs (*beats itself with its wings, flaps them*). *O.* ∾-untŭr matres (*bewail*). *O.* 5. *To resound* (with the noise of beating winds or waves). Nunc nĕmŏrĕ vento, nunc littŏrĕ ∾-unt. *V.* *See* RESONO. 6. Tr. *To deplore, lament.* ∾ qm pleno thĕatro. *L.* Memphiten bŏvem. *Tib.* *See* DEPLEO.

PLANGOR, ŏrĭs. *m.* *A beating* or *striking* (with noise) *in despair,* &c. Percŭtĭt indignos claro plangorĕ lăcertos. *O.* Ædes ∾-ĭbŭs femĭnĕis ŭlŭlant. *V.* [† Planctŭs.] *See* PLANGO, LAMENTUM.

PLANIPES, ĕdĭs. *m.* *An actor of a low class.* Planĭpĕdes audit Făbĭos. *J.*

PLANĬTIES, ei. *f.* 1. *A plain, flat surface.* Planĭtĭem ad spĕcŭli vĕnĭens quum offendĭt ĭmago. *Lr.* [† Æquŏr, arĕă, planum.] 2. *Plain, level country.* ∾ ignotă, tutiquĕ rĕceptus. *V.* [† Campŭs, æquŏr.] Crcl. Campŭs -planŭs, pătens, ăpertŭs, effusŭs, late pătens. ˘Apertă lŏcorum. Tractus ăperti. Tellus pĕr campos pătentes effusă. Arĕă campi planissĭmă. *See* CAMPUS.

PLANTA, æ. *f.* 1. *A young shoot, a set* or *slip.* Figĕrĕ hŭmo plantas. *V.* Fĕraces plantæ immittuntŭr. *V.* [† Stirps, surcŭlŭs, radix, plantarĭă.] 2. *A plant.* ∾-am deponĕrĕ ĭn hortis. *O.* [† Herbă, germĕn.] 3. *The sole of the foot.* Ne tĕnĕras ∾-as glăcĭes sĕcĕt. *V.* Crcl. Plantă pĕdĭs. *See* PES.

PLANTARIA, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *Young plants, shoots,* &c. Exspectant, et vivă sŭa plantarĭă terra. *V.* Lætŭs ∾-ĭbŭs horti. *J.* *See* PLANTA. 2. *A nursery-ground.* *See* SEMINARIUM.

PLANTARIS, ĕ. 1. *Of the foot.* Summă pĕdum prŏpĕrĕ plantarĭbŭs illĭgăt alis. *St.* 2. Used subst. n. pl. *Winged feet.* Aĕrĭi ∾-ĭă Persĕŏs. *V. Fl.*

PLANTO, as. *To plant.* Cappărĭs, et tristes Inŭlæ, fĕrŭlæquĕ fĕraces Plantantŭr. *Col.* [† Sĕro.] *See* S.

PLANUS, ă, um. 1. *Plain, level.* Et partim plano scătĕrĕ atque erumpĕrĕ campo. *Lr.* Planissĭmă campi arĕă. *O.* [† Æquŭs, æqualĭs, jăcens.] 2. *Plain, manifest.* Planum făcĕrĕ atquĕ prŏbarĕ. *Lr.* *See* MANIFESTUS. 3. Used subst. n. *A level surface; flat, open land.* Collĭbŭs, ăn ∾-o ponĕrĕ vĭtes. *V.* *See* PLANITIES.

Plasmă, ătis. *n.* (πλάσμα.) *Eccl.* 1. *Any thing that has been moulded into a shape*, &c.; *a piece of workmanship, a, creation, creature.* Hujus plasmă sŭmŭs (*we are His workmanship*). *Fort.* [† Crĕăturĕ.] 2. *A fiction, invention, a make-up.* Si quĭ fĭdes falsis unquam est ădhĭbendă pŏetis, Nec plasmă sempĕr illĭnunt. *Aus.* [† Mendacĭum, commentum, fucŭs.] 3. *A soft, artful modulation of the voice.* [Others understand it of a mixture to clear the voice.] Lĭquĭdo quum plasmătĕ guttŭr Collŭĕrĭs. *Pers.*

Plătănon, onis. *m.* *A grove of plane-trees.* Exornant fictæ quæ plătănonă fĕræ. *M.*

Plătănŭs, i. *f.* *A plane-tree.* Nobĭlĭor pomis. plătăno conspectĭŏr alta. *O.* **Ep.** Altă, ardŭă, proceră, frondens, ŏpacă, cŏmans.

Plătĕa, *and latterly* **Plătea**, æ. *f.* (πλατεῖα.) *A street in a town.* Puræ sint plătĕæ, nĭhĭl ut mĕdĭtantĭbŭs obstĕt. *H.* Et latas nomen servarĕ plăteas. *Aus.* **Ep.** Lată, vastă, ăpertă, pătens, amplă, căpax, ingens; frĕquens, cĕlĕbrĭs.

Plăto, onis. *m.* *The celebrated philosopher.* Quorsum pertĭnŭit stiparĕ Plătonă Mĕnandro? *H.* **Ep.** Ăttĭcŭs, Cecrŏpĭŭs, facundŭs, divinŭs.

Plaudo, is, si, sum. 1. Tr. *To beat* or *strike so as to produce sound; to pat with the hand.* ∾ pectŏrĕ mănu. *O.* clypĕum pectŏrĕ. *St.* Pars pĕdĭbŭs ∾-unt chŏrĕas (*beat time*). *V.* Corpŏrĕ virgĭnĕa mănu plaudendă præbĕt. *O.* Plauserunt limĭnă cycni. *St.* *See* **Verbero**, **Plausus.** 2. Intr. *To make a clapping noise, to clap.* ∾-ĭt crĕpĭtantĕ rostro cĭconĭă. *O.* Alis ∾-entem cŏlumbam. *V.* 3. *To clap the hands, to applaud.* Rarĕ cŏronato plauserĕ thĕatrĕ Mĕnandro. *M.* Plaudĭtŭr, ĕt palmă dătŭr. *O.* [† Applaudo, circumplaudo.] **Crcl.** Plausum *or* plausus do. Mănĭbŭs plaudo *or* plausum do. Plausus -tollo, attollo, gĕmĭno, ingĕmĭno. Plausu (plausĭbŭs) -excĭpio, prosequŏr, prŏbo, făvĕo. Collisis mănĭbŭs plaudo. Făvorem plausĭbŭs -edo, prodo, ostendo, testŏr. **Phr.** 1. *Of a place ringing with clapping of hands and applause.* Omnĭă (vĭæ, spectacŭlă, omnĭ nĕmŭs) ingenti plausu (frĕmĭtu sĕcundo, stŭdĭis făventum) sŏnŭerunt (frĕmebant, consŏnant, rĕsŏnant). **Phr.** 2. *Every body clapped.* Collisæ mănus plauserunt. Concurrĭt dextĕrĭă læva. *The whole theatre rose in applause.* ˘In plausus consurrectum est. *See* **Favor.**

Plausŏr, oris. *m.* *One who claps, applauds.* Si plausorĭs ĕges aulæă mănentĭs. *H.*

Plaustrum, i. *n.* 1. *A waggon, cart.* Contenta cervicĕ trăhunt stridentĭă plaustrĕ. *V.* Quorum plaustrĕ vāgas ritĕ trăhunt dŏmos. *H.* [† Plostellum, sarracum, currŭs, axis.] **Ep.** Robŏrĕum, robustum, vălĭdum; lentum, grăvĕ, tardum; volvens; raucum, stridens, gĕmens, stridŭlum. 2. *The constellation called sometimes Charles' wain; the Greater Bear.* *See* **Bootes, Arctos.**

Plausŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* **Plaudo.** *Struck, clapped together;* sp. *patted with the hand.* Everbĕrarĕ qd plausis alis. *O.* Tellus pĕdĕ plausă sŏrorum. *V. Fl.* ∾-ă cĕvis mănĭbŭs (pectŏrĕ ĕquorum). *V.*

Plausŭs, us. *m.* 1. *A striking together with noise.* Plausumque exterrĭtă pennis Dat tecto ingentem. *V.* Plosu cĕvă concŭtĭt ungŭlă terram. *Enn.* [† Applausŭs, &c.] *See* **Verber.** 2. *Clapping of the hands, applause.* ∾-u vŏlăt frĕmĭtuquĕ sĕcundo. *V.* [† Făvŏr, clamŏr, frĕmĭtŭs, murmŭr.] **Ep.** Pŏpŭlarĭs, magnŭs, ingens, festŭs, gĕmĭnatŭs, frĕquens, lætŭs, faustŭs, hĭlărĭs, sĕcundŭs, ălăcĕr. **Crcl.** Făventum -plausŭs, frĕmĭtŭs, stŭdĭă. *See* **Plaudo, Favor.**

Plebecŭla, æ. *f.* *The lower class of the people.* *the populace.* Aut ursum aut pŭgĭles: his nam plebecŭlă gaudĕt. *H.* [† Pŏpellŭs.] *See* **Plebs.**

Plebeiŭs, *or* **Plebejŭs**, ă, um. *Of the common people, plebeian.* Plebeii parvæ funĕrĭs exsequĭæ. *Pp.* [† Ignobĭlĭs, infĭmŭs, vulgarĭs.] *See* **Ignobilis.**

Plebes, *and* **Plebs**, ebis. *f.* *The people, the lower orders; a multitude, mass of persons.* Plebs plă, cumquĕ plă lætetur plebĕ Sĕnatus. *O.* Clamorĕ rŭunt Neptunĭă plebes. *St.* Multam sĭnĕ nomĭnĕ plebem. *V.* [† Vulgŭs, turbă, plebecŭlă, pŏpellŭs, pŏpŭlŭs, multi, hŭmĭles.] **Ep.** Hŭmĭlis, imă, infĭmă, villis, ignobĭlis, tĕnŭis; inculta, rŭdis, indocta, stultă, insană, cæcă, stŏlĭdă, imprŏvĭdă; audax, mobĭlis, vărĭă, mutabĭlis, lĕvis, præceps. *See* **Ignobilis.**

Plebiscitum, i. *n.* *A decree of the people.* Vis ĕrăt: hinc leges et plebiscită cŏactă. *L.* **Crcl.** Scitum pŏpŭli.

Plebs. *See* **Plebes.**

Plectŏr, ĕris. *To be punished, to suffer* (punishment, &c.). Quidquid delirant reges, plectuntŭr ˘Achivi. *H.* ∾ incauto ăb ingĕnĭo. *O.* tergo. *H.* [† Verbĕrŏr, cædŏr, mulctŏr, lædŏr, punĭŏr, castigŏr.]

Plectrum, i. *n.* 1. *A kind of ivory quill for striking the strings of a lyre*, &c. Sustĭnĕt a læva (fĭdem); tĕnŭit mănŭs altĕrĭă plectrum. *O.* Mŏdŭlari fĭdem ∾-o ĕburno. *Tib.* Mŏdi lĕvĭorĕ ∾-o (*lighter strains*). *H.* Pindărĭcis ∾-is contendĕrĕ. *St.* [† Pectĕn, ĕbŭr.] *See* **Cithara, Carmen.** 2. *Used of a ship's rudder.* Non ∾-o rătis . . . parcĭtŭr. *Sil.*

Pleias, *or* **Pliias**, *and* **Pleyas**, ădis. *f.*; **Pliădes**, *and* **Pleyades.** *pl.* (Πλειάδες *and* Πληϊάδες.) 1. *A Pleiad; the Pleiads* (a constellation so called). *C. D.* Pliăs, ĕt ocĕăni spretos pĕdĕ reppŭlĭt amnes. *V.* Quattŭŏr auctumnos Pleĭăs ortă făcĭt. *O.* Pleĭădas, Hyădas, claramquĕ Lycaŏnis Arctŏn. *V.* [† Vergĭlĭæ, ˘Atlantĭdes.] **Ep.** ˘Atlanteæ, vernæ, nimbosæ, udæ, ăquosæ, imbrĭfĕræ, plŭvĭæ, infaustæ, prŏcellosæ, tristes. **Crcl.** ˘Atlantis natæ *or* progĕnies. ˘Atlanteæ sŏrores. Pleĭădum -grex, chŏrŭs, sidŭs, signum, signă, mĭnæ. Stellæ rătĭbŭs tĭmendæ. Septem stellis rădĭantĭă sidĕrĭă. 2. *Found short in the first syll. in St.* Hæc pĕr ĕt Ægæas hĭĕmes, Pliădumquĕ nĭvosum Sidŭs. *St.*

Pleïone, es. *f.* *Wife of Atlas, and mother of the Pleiades.* Hinc sătă Pleïŏne cum cœlĭfĕro Atlantĕ. *O.*

Plene. *Fully, completely; richly.* Ut fortunatam plene præstantĭă vitam. *H.* Sŏnarĕ plenĭŭs plectro. Plenĭŭs æquo laudarĕ. *H.* [† Plane, omnino.]

Plenŭs, ă, um. 1. *Full, filled full.* Lit. and fig. Aut portum tĕnĕt, aut pleno sŭbĭt ostĭă velo. *V.* Mănĭbŭs ∾-is. ∾-os sanguĭnĕ rivos. *V.* [† Impletŭs, rĕpletŭs, rĕfertŭs, confertŭs, cŭmŭlatŭs, frĕquens, ăbundans, rĕdundans.] 2. F. sts. = grăvĭdă. Telluri plenæ victĭmă plenă (grăvĭdă) dătŭr. *O.* [† Grăvĭdă.] 3. *Full in person, corpulent.* *O.* [† Crassŭs, pinguis.] 4. *Full, satisfied.* *O.* [† Sătŭr.] *See* S. 5. *Well-furnished, plentiful, abundant.* ∾-as ˘Arăbum dŏmos. *H.* ∾-æ pocŭlă mensæ. *V.* [† ˘Abundans, lautŭs, divĕs, rĕfertŭs.] 6. *Laden.* ∾-i armis quădrŭpĕdes. *St.* ∾ vitis crescentĭbŭs uvis. *O.* ∾-æ crurĭă thŷmo (ăpes). [† ˘Onustŭs, &c.] 7. *Full, complete* (in number, years, due proportions, &c.). ∾ lună (*see* L.). ∾-is nubĭlis annis. *V.* ∾-a necdum Medeă jŭventa. *V. Fl.* ∾-o maturŭĭt anno. *O.* [† Impletŭs, perfectŭs, pĕractŭs, justŭs.] 8. *The whole* (of any thing). ∾-a est percŭtĭendă mănu (janŭă). *Tib.* Nitendum ver-

tĭcĕ ~-o est. *O.* Plŭvĭam vŏcăt ~-a vocĕ (cornix). *V.* [¶ Totŭs.] 9. Fig. ~-a tĭmorĭs omnĭă; pŭdorĭs lumĭnă; frigŏrĭs dŏmŭs. *O.* ~ mŏnĭtis. *Sil.* Dĕo (= afflatus Deo). *L. See* A.

Pleriquĕ, æquĕ, ăquĕ. *The most, the greatest part;* sp. *most men, the greater part of mankind.* Plerăquĕ differăt, et præsens in tempŭs ŏmittăt. *H.* ˘Ut pleriquĕ sŏlent. *H.* **Crel.** Magnă (majŏr, maxĭmă, bŏnă, mĕlĭŏr) pars. Pænĕ omnes, fĕre omnes.

Plerumquĕ. *adv. For the most part, usually.* Luxŭriant ănĭmi rebus plerumquĕ sĕcundis. *O.* [¶ Fĕre, vulgo, sæpĭŭs.] **Crel.** ˘Ut sŏlĕt *or* sŏlent. De morĕ.

Plexŭs, ă, um (*part. from* Plecto, xi, *found only in* plexus). *Plaited, intertwined.* Tum căput atque hŭmĕros plexis rĕdĭmirĕ cŏronis. *Lr.* ~-is rĕdĭmită cŏronis. *V.* [¶ Implexŭs, nexŭs, implĭcatŭs.]

Pliadĕs, Pliias, &c. *See* Pleias.

Plĭco, as, atum *and* ĭtum. *To fold, fold* or *coil up.* Nexantem nodos, seque in sŭă membră plĭcantem. *V.* [¶ Complĭco, flecto, inflecto, collĭgo, contrăho, intorquĕo, convolvo.] **Crel.** Nexus *or* nodos –duco, flecto, inflecto, intorquĕo, necto, implĭco. ˘In gyrum torquĕo. ˘In spiram collĭgo.

Plorabĭlĭs, ĕ. *Deplorable.* Phyllĭdĭs, Hypsĭpylas, vatum et plorabĭlĕ si quĭd, Elĭquăt. *Pers.* [¶ Flebĭlĭs, &c.] *See* F.

Ploratŏr, ōris. *m. A mourner.* Si quis plorator collo tĭbĭ vernŭlă pendĕt. *M.*

Ploratŭs, us. *m. A weeping, a wailing.* Ploratus, mortis cŏmĭtes et funĕrĭs atri. *Lr. See* Lacrimæ, Lamentum.

Plorŏ, as. 1. Intr. *To weep, to wail.* Quoquĕ vŏlunt plorant tempŏrĕ, quoquĕ mŏdo. *O.* ~ ci (*before any one*). *Tib.* [¶ Lăcrĭmo, flĕo, &c.] *See* Lacrimo, Deflĕo. 2. Tr. ~ sŭă funĕrĕ. *St.* raptum jŭvĕnem. *H.* [¶ Deploro, &c., luguĕo.] *See* L. 3. *To grieve, regret* (sts. with inf.). Ploraverĕ sŭis non responderĕ făvorem Speratum mĕrĭtis. *H.* Plorares objĭcĕrĕ me ăquĭlonĭbŭs. *H. See* Fleo.

Plostellum, i. *n., dim. of* Plaustrum. *A little waggon.* Ædĭfĭcarĕ căsas, plostello adjungĕrĕ mures. *H.*

Plumă, æ. *f.* 1. *A feather, down-feather.* Aut summa tĕnŭes ĭn ăquas colludĕrĕ plumas. *V.* Ep. Mollĭs, tĕnĕrĕ, lĕvis. 2. *A feather-bed, cushion,* &c., or *bed of down.* Dormĭăt in pluma nec mĕlĭorĕ Vĕnŭs. *M.* Nĕquĕ ~-æ, nĕc stragŭlă pictă sŏporem &c. *Tib.* 3. Gen. *Feathers, plumage.* ˘In ~-is delĭtŭissĕ Jŏvem. *O. See* Penna. 4. *A scale* or *plate in armour* (lying feather-wise). Quam pellĭs ăhenis ĭn ~-am squamis tĕgebăt. *V.* Qua ~-is tĕgĭt inguĭnă thorax. *St.*

Plumatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Plumo. 1. *Covered with feathers. See* Plumosus. 2. *Embroidered in the style of feather-work.* Pars auro ~-ă nĭtĕt &c. *L.*

Plumbĕŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of lead, leaden.* Plumbĕă quum tortæ sparguntur ponderĕ fundæ. *Pp.* Fig. 2. *Poor, of no value.* ~-ă carmĭnă. *Aus.* mală; vină. *M.* Fig. 3. *Heavy, oppressive.* ~ austĕr. *H.* [¶ Grăvis.] 4. *Heavy, stupid.* Caudex, stipĕs, ăsĭnus, plumbĕŭs (*a lump of lead*). *Ter. See* Stolidus.

Plumbum, i. *n.* 1. *Lead.* Et sĭmŭl arzenti pondus, plumbĭquĕ pŏtestas. *Lr.* Ep. Grăvĕ, pallens, album, livens, lentum. 2. *Anything made of lead.* 1. *A leaden bullet* (used with the sling, &c.). ~-um fundă jăcĭt. *O.* 2. *The lead weight of the* cæstus. Intendĕrĕ brachĭă duro ~-o. *V.* 3. *A leaden pipe.* Transcurris flumĭnă plumbo. *St. See* (1) Funda, Glans, (2) Cæstus, (3) Fistula.

Plumĕŭs, ă, um. *Made of feathers, downy;* fig. *light as down.* Plumĕŭs, unĭcŏlor, pullo velamĭnĕ tectŭs (tŏrŭs). *O.* ~-ă pectŏrĕ cædunt (striges). *St.* Plumĕă ponderĕ laxi follĭs. *M. See* Plumosus, Plumatus.

Plumĭfer, ĕdis. *Feather-footed.* Adde huc plumĭpĕdes vŏlatĭlesquĕ. *Cat.*

Plumosŭs, ă, um. *Covered with down* or *feathers.* Faunus plumoso sum dĕcŭs aucŭpĭo. *Pp.* [¶ Plumatŭs, plumĭgĕr, pennatŭs.] **Crel.** Pluma *or* plumis –tectŭs, ŏpertus, vestitŭs.

Plŭo, is, ĭi. 1. *To rain, to pour rain, fall in rain;* fig. *to fall as rain.* Non intermissis ut plŭăt imbĕr ăquis. *O.* Căpeuă grandi portă ~-ĭt gutta. *M.* Nec de concussa tantum plŭĭt ilĭcĕ glandis. Stridentĭă fundæ saxă plŭunt. *St.* [¶ Deplŭo; flŭo.] *See* Cado. 2. Us. Plŭĭt, ebăt, it, ĕt. *impers. It rains,* &c. Dum plŭĭt ĭn terris. *Lr.* and *V.* Phr. Imbĕr *or* plŭvĭă –cădĭt, decĭdĭt, rŭĭt, fundĭtŭr. Imbres (nimbi) –rŭunt, cădunt, præcĭpĭtant, manant. Cœlo demittĭtŭr (descendĭt) imbĕr. Erumpunt (rumpuntŭr, funduntŭr, cădunt) e nubĭbŭs imbres. Densissĭmŭs imbĕr ingĕmĭnăt. Cœlum rŭĭt imbrĭbŭs. Jupĭtĕr imbrĭbŭs arvă (ăgros, campos) rĭgăt. Æther plŭvĭas ĭn undas solvĭtŭr. S. ĭn imbrem nubes. Nimbŭs toto rŭĭt æthĕrĕ. Densi funduntŭr (præcĭpĭtes cădunt) nimbi. Effusis imbrĭbŭs tempestas fŭrĭt. Præcĭpĭtantŭr ăquæ. Imbĕr se nubĭbŭs rumpĭt. Jupĭtĕr læto imbrĕ plurĭmŭs descendĭt. Effusis ăquis imbĕr decĭdĭt. Totum descendĭt cœlum. *See* Imber.

Plures, ă, ĭum, ĭbŭs. 1. *More* (in number), *several, many, a large number.* Pan primus călĭmos cera conjungĕrĕ plures Instĭtŭĭt. *V.* Oscŭlă plurĭă vĭro mandatăquĕ plurĭă dĕdissem. *O. See* Multi. 2. M. abs. *More* or *many persons.* Cras ĕrĭmŭs plures. *O.* 3. N. abs. *More* (sc. verba). Desĭnĕ plurĭă, pŭĕr. *V.* ~-ĭbŭs orarĕ. *V.* accusarĕ. *O.*

Plurĭmŭs, ă, um. *superl. of* Plus. 1. *More than commonly great in size, quantity, number, degree,* &c.; *very great, large; numerous, abundant; very much, very many.* Hic fŏcŭs, et tædæ pingues, et plurĭmŭs ignĭs. *V.* Pĕr noctem plurĭmă volvens. ~ urbi immĭnĕt (collĭs). *V.* lăbŏr. *H.* clĭens. *M.* Fonti qua ~-ŭs exĭt. *O.* ~ cervix; silvă; lectă locă est. *O.* lună nĭtĕt. *M.* [¶ Multŭs, multi, permulti, plures, frĕquens; *sts.* magnŭs, ingens, amplŭs, ăbundans, largŭs.] *See* Multi. 2. With gen. *Abounding in.* Plurĭmŭs ludentĭs pĕr collă jŭbæ. *Sil.* 3. Plurĭmi (sc. pretii). *Most highly, at a very high price,* &c. 4. N. used adv. Non prosunt; pŏtĭŭs ~-um ŏbcessĕ sŏlent. *O.* ~ intĕrĕrĭt. *J.* [¶ Multum, maxĭme, valde.]

Plus, plurĭs. *anc. subst. n. used oft. adv.* 1. *More;* sts. *too much* (more than right). Plus ĕrăt in glăcĭŏ quam curvo laudĭs ăratro. *O.* ~ tĭbĭ nŏcŭĭt Vĕnŭs (quam Juno). *V.* Quo se ~ jactĕt ˘Apollo (lucŭs). *V.* [¶ Măgis, măgĕ, amplŭs.] 2. Plus quam, and plus (abs.). *More than.* Bellă ~ quam civĭlĭă. *L.* ~ septĭmă ducĭtur æstas. *V.* ~ millĭes audivi. *Ter.* 3. With abl. *More than.* Plus æquo ŏpĕrătă jŭventus. *H.* Justa ~ partĕ rĕlinquĭt. *V.* Mĕdĭa ~ noctĕ. *O.* ~ poscentĕ fĕrant. *H.* 4. Plurĭs. *n.* (sc. pretii.) *At a higher price, more highly, of more value.* Măgis illă jŭvant quæ plurĭs ĕmuntŭr. *J.* Sic tĭbĭ plurĭs ĕrĭt. *M.* [¶ Majorĭs, carĭŭs.]

Pluscŭlŭs, ă, um. *A very little more; n. used subst.* or *adv.* Pluscŭlum hăbent in se rătĭonis, plusque ŏpĕrai. *Lr.* ~ sŭpellex. *Ter.* mŏrĕ. *Vet.*

Poet. apud Gell. [† Plus, majŭs, majŏr, plures.]

PLŬTĔUS, i. *m.* 1. *A roof* or *penthouse variously constructed, under which besiegers worked.* Tunc ădŏpertā lĕvi procedit vinĕā terra, Sub cujus plŭtĕis et tecta frontē lātentes *&c. L.* 2. *A book-shelf.* Et jŭbēt archētypos plŭtĕum servarĕ Clēanthas. *J.* 3. *A large pannel at the head of beds, couches,* &c. ∾-i fulcrā sĭnistrā. *Pp. See* LECTUS.

PLUTO, *or* PLUTON, onis. *m. Brother of Jupiter and Neptune, and God of Hell.* Odīt ēt ipsĕ pāter Pluton, oderē sŏrorēs. *V.* Places illăcrĭmabĭlem Plutonā tauris. *H.* [† Dis, Orcŭs, Clymēnŭs. *O.*] **Ep.** Saturnĭŭs, infernŭs, Stygĭŭs, Tartărĕŭs; atĕr, pallens, nĭgĕr, tetĕr, torvŭs, horrĭdŭs, āvarŭs; dirŭs, sævŭs, crudelis, fĕrŭs, immitis, ferrĕŭs, sĕvĕrŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, rĭgĭdŭs. **Crcl.** Rex Stygĭŭs (Stygis, Tartărĕŭs, nĭgĕr). Rex orci. ˘Erĕbi dux *or* rectŏr. Tartărĕŭs –Jupĭtĕr, tyrannŭs. Elysĭŭs (nĭgĕr) Jupĭtĕr. Rex –silentum, noctis, trĕmendŭs. Imŭs tyrannŭs. Stygĭŭs fratĕr Jŏvis. Cĕrĕris gĕnĕr. Dŏmĭnatŏr *or* regnatŏr ˘Averni. Umbrarum pŏtens *or* arbĭtĕr (dŏmĭnŭs, silens d.). Tăcĭtæ Stygis dŏmĭnŭs. Fuscæ dĕŭs aulæ. Infernŭs pārens. Regni possessŏr Inertis. Mortis arbĭtĕr. Rex tertiæ sortis. Noctis æternæ regnatŏr. ˘Ināmœnā regnā tĕnens. Sortitŭs tristē prŏfundi impĕrium. Nigri pŏli sceptrā gĕrens. *See* PROSERPINA, INFERI.

PLUTONICUS, ă, um. *Of Pluto.* Et dŏmŭs exilis Plutonĭā. *H.*

PLUTUS, i. *m. The god of riches.* Vĕnientē Pluto, qui Fortunæ est fillŭs. *Ph.*

PLŬVIA, æ. *f. Rain.* Tum cornix plena plŭvĭam vŏcāt impŭbā vocē. *V.* Grāves ∾-as austĕr concĭtāt. *O.* Nubĭlā rarescunt ∾-is. *St.* [† Imbĕr, nimbŭs; *sts.* nubes, nubĭlā.] **Ep.** Brumalis, hibernā, hĭĕmalis; nĭgrans, atrā, nimbosā, undans, effusā, largā, crebrā, densā, præceps, frigĭdā, horrĭsŏnā, crĕpĭtans, sŏnans. **Crcl.** Plŭvĭŭs –imbĕr, humŏr. Plŭvĭăquā. Plŭvĭæ (cœlestes) ăquæ. Undæ plŭvĭales. Plŭvĭŭs (mādĭdŭs) Jupĭtĕr. Cœlestis humŏr. *See* PLUO.

PLŬVIALIS, ĕ, *and* PLŬVIUS, ă, um. *Rainy, of rain.* Vere mādent udo terræ, ac plŭvĭalĭbŭs austris. *V.* ∾ arcŭs (*rain-bow*). *H.* [† Imbrifĕr, mādens, mādĭdŭs.] **Crcl.** Nimbis grăvatŭs.

POCŬLUM, i. *n.* 1. *A cup.* Cingĭtē frondē cŏmas, et pocŭlā porgĭtē dextris. *V.* [† Crater, craterā, scyphŭs, călix, cyăthŭs, pătĕrā; *sts.* carchesĭum, cymbĭum; (*a gold-cup full*) plenum aurum. *V.*; (*a very large gold-cup*) aurum immanē. *St.*] **Ep.** Aurĕum, argentĕum, cælatum, gemmĕum, gemmatum, prĕtĭosum, nĭtens, nĭtĭdum, rŭtĭlum, lucĭdum, mĭcans, căpax, grandē. 2. *A draught, a drink.* Vĕnient ăd ∾-ā damæ. *V.* ∾-ā sunt lĭquĭdi fontes. *V.* Lactis ∾-ā mixtā mĕro. *Tib.* Insĭdĭosā ∾-ā. *O.* ˘Amoris ∾ (*charmed drinks*). *H.* [† Potŭs, potĭo.]

PŎDAGRA, *and* PŎDAGRĂ, æ. *f. Gout in the feet.* Litĭgāt, et pŏdāgra Dĭŏdorus, Flaccē, lăborāt. *M.* Tollĕrē nodosam nescit mĕdĭcinā pŏdagram. *O.* **Ep.** Nodosā, lăpĭdosā, dirā, sævā, mŏlestā, tardā, īners, ignavā. **Phr.** *Of a gouty person.* Quem pŏdāgrā (*ep.* tardā, turpis) impĕdīt (sĕcāt). Qui pŏdāgra lăborāt. Cui fœdum p. corpŭs. Cui cŏlŏr sulfŭrĕŭs ēt carnĭfĭces pĕdes.

PŎDIUM, ii. *n. A raised gallery in theatres,* &c., *where persons of distinction sat.* Omnĭbŭs ad pŏdĭum spectantĭbŭs &c. *J.*

PŒANTIADES, æ. *m. Son of Pœas* = *Philoctetes.* Nec Pœantĭādem quŏd hăbet Vulcanĭā Lemnŏs. *O.*

PŒANTIUS, ă, um. *Of Pœas.* ∾-ă proles. *O.* Used also subst. m. = *Philoctetes.*

POEMA, ătis. *n. A poem.* Sic ănĭmis natum inventumquē pŏemā jŭvandis. *H.* Mĕā sunt pŏpŭlo saltatā pŏemātā sæpē. *O.* [† Carmĕn.] *See* C.

PŒNA, æ. *f. Punishment.* Post mĭhi non sĭmĭli pœna commissā lŭetis. *V.* [† Supplĭcium, crŭciatŭs, tormentum, plamĕn, placŭlum.] **Ep.** Durā, grăvis, ăcerbā, crudelis, immitis, sævā, mĭsĕrā, mĭsĕrabĭlis, tristis; ĭniquā, implā; ultrix, vindex, mĕritā, debĭtā; scĕlĕrum vindex; crimĭnis ultrix. **Phr.** 1. *To inflict punishment.* Pœnas –sumo, exĭgo, &c. *See* PUNIO. **Phr.** 2. *To be punished, to suffer punishment,* &c. Pœnas –do, lŭo, &c. *See* PUNIOR.

PŒNĪTENDŬS, ă, um. *That ought to be repented of; to be repented of.* Vel pœnītendi sanguĭnis quæram fĭdem. *Sen.* [☞ Sub haud *pœnitendo* magistro. *Liv.*]

PŒNĪTENTIA, æ. *f. Repentance.* Fĕre dant pœnas turpi pœnītentĭa. *Ph.* [† Mĕtănœā (μετανοία). *Aus.*] **Crcl.** Crimĭnis admissi dŏlŏr *or* morsŭs. *See* CONSCIENTIA.

PŒNĪTĔT, ŭit, erĕ. *unip.* [With acc. of person, and gen. of thing, or inf.] 1. *To be displeased; be ashamed of, discontented* or *dissatisfied with* (any thing). Nec te pœnītĕat călămo trivisse lăbellum. *V.* Hac ĕgŏ sum pătrĭa, pătrĭæ nĕc ∾-ĕt, ortŭs. *O.* Pœnītŭīt vidisse. *St.* [† Pĭgĕt, dedignŏr, grăvŏr; (res) sordĕt, displĭcĕt.] 2. *To be sorry for, repent of.* Jŭvĕnem facti ∾-ŭisse pătĕt. *O.* Scĕlĕrum si bĕnĕ ∾-ĕt. *H.* [† Pĭgĕt, dŏlĕo, torquĕŏr.] **Crcl.** (Res) me torquĕt (crŭciāt, rĕmordĕt). *See* CONSCIENTIA. 3. Anc. Pœnītĕo, es, &c. Me hæc condĭtĭo nunc non pœnītĕt (*causes repentance,* &c., *in me*). *Pl.* ˘Ad pœnītendum āgi. *Ph.*

PŒNUS, i. *m.,* *and* PŒNI, orum. *pl.* 1. *A Carthaginian; the Carthaginians.* Jactati undis et turbĭnĕ Pœni. *V.* Juratăquē fœdĕrā Pœno. *Sil.* [† Carthagĭnĭenses, Punĭci, Sidŏnĭi, Tyrĭi, Phœnicĕs.] **Ep.** Fallaces, dŏlosi, infidi; audaces, fortes, duri. **Crcl.** Carthagĭnē nati. Tyrĭi cŏloni. Gens Punĭcā. Carthagĭnis implā proles. 2. Pœnŭs, ă, um. *Carthaginian,* adj. *V.* [† Punĭcŭs, Tyrĭŭs, Sidŏnĭŭs, &c.]

PŒNUS, ă, um. *See above.*

POESIS, is *or* ĕos. *f. Poetry.* Ut picturā pŏesis: ĕrit quæ, si prŏpĭus stes. *H. See* POETICUS.

POETA, æ. *m. A poet.* Quid pĕtĭtur sacris, nĭsi tantum famā, pŏetis? *O.* [† Vates.] **Ep.** ˘Apollĭnĕŭs, Phœbeŭs, Piĕrĭŭs; săcĕr, divinŭs, dulcis, doctŭs; clarŭs, nobĭlis, egrĕgĭŭs, exĭmĭŭs, illustris. **Crcl.** Phœbi săcerdos. Musarum *or* Piĕrĭdum cŏmĕs. **Phr.** Musis dĭcatŭs. Musarum cŏmĕs. M. ingenti āmorē perculsŭs. Numĭnē Phœbi afflatŭs *or* ăgĭtatŭs. Phœbo dignā lŏcutŭs. Dignŭs Aŏnĭo chŏro. ˘Apollĭnĕa clarŭs ĭn artē. Castălĭdum sŏrorum dĕcŭs. Aŏnĭdum curā. Cui carmĭnā (cĭthărā) curæ *or* cordi. Cui făcĭles sunt ĭn carmĭnā Musæ. Cui dulces antē omnĭā Musæ. Quem dulcis āmŏr pĕr Parnassi ardŭā răpĭt. Qui Musarum săcrā cŏlĭt. Qui Hĕlĭconā cŏlĭt. Cui mens est divinĭtŏr. Cui os magnā sŏnaturum. Cui totum Hĕlĭconā dĕŭs dĕdĭt. Qui Piĕrĭa vĭa ĭn sidĕrā tendĭt. Cui pocŭlā fontis Castălĭi plenā Phœbŭs mĭnistrāt. Cui carmĕn nūmĕros ăd aptos vĕnĭt. *See* CARMEN, &c.

POETICUS, ă, um. *Poetical.* Fidis ĕnim manarĕ pŏetĭcā mellā. *H.* [† ˘Apollĭnĕŭs, Phœbeŭs, Piĕrĭŭs, Parnassĭŭs, Castălĭŭs.]

POETRIX, æ. *f. A poetess.* Gratā lyram pŏsŭit tĭbi, Phœbē, pŏetrix Sappho. *O.*

POLENTA, æ. *f. Pearl-barley.* Dulcē dĕdit, tosta quod coxĕrāt antē pŏlenta. *O.*

POLIO, is. 1. *To polish, to make smooth.* Nec f

gĭli gĕmĭnæ pŏlĭantur pumĭcĕ frontes. *O.* Armĭ squamis serpentum auroquĕ pŏlibant (*for* pŏlĭebant. *V.* ∾ horrentĭă membrĭ pumĭcĭbŭs. *Manil.* [† Expŏlĭo, perpŏlĭo, rado, abrado, lævo, complano, æquo, exæquo; *sts.* lævĭgo.] **2.** Fig. *To revise, give a finishing touch to a work.* ∾ carmĭnă cura. *O.* [† Expŏlĭo, excŏlo, orno, exorno, emendo.] *See* EMENDO, POLITUS.

PŎLĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* POLIO. Used also adj. **1.** *Polished, shining from polishing.* Indo quod dentĕ pŏlĭtum. *Cat.* ∾ morsu pumĭcis arĭdi (de libro). *M.* [† Lævatŭs, lævĭs, rasŭs, rasĭlĭs, nĭtĭdŭs, nĭtens.] Fig. **2.** *Polite.* Quamvis doctrinā ∾-os constĭtŭăt. *Lr.* **3.** *Tastefully decorated, refined, elegant.* Dŏmum ∾-am, delĭcatos hortŭlos. *Ph.* [† Ornatŭs, excultŭs, cultŭs, elĕgans, lautŭs.]

POLLENS, tis. *part. from* Polleo. Used also adj. **1.** *Powerfully furnished; of prevailing, superior power.* Sunt ĭgĭtur sŏlĭda pollentĭă simplĭcĭtatĕ. *Lr.* ˘Equo ∾ longequĕ vŏlantĕ săgitta. *O.* [† Vălens, exĭmĭŭs, &c.] **2.** *Powerful in effect, potent.* Quæ măgos ∾-ĭbŭs instrŭĭt herbis. *O.* Vox ∾-lŏr herbis excantarĕ dĕos. *L. See* POTENS.

POLLĔO, es. *To be powerful, exercise power.* Et pĕtĕ, qua pollĕs, ut sit tĭbĭ formă pĕrennis. *Pp.* [† Vălĕo, possum.]

POLLEX, ĭcis. *m.* **1.** *The thumb;* hence also, *finger, nail.* Qualem virgĭnĕo demessum pollĭcĕ florem. *V.* Præstentat pollĭcĕ chordas. *O.* Duris lædĕrĕ ∾-ĭbŭs. *Pp.* [† Dĭgĭtŭs, dĭgĭti, unguis.] **2.** Sts. *The hand.* Scindens ∾-ĭcĕ crinem. *O.* **3.** *The great toe, a toe. M.*

POLLĬCĔŎR, ĕris, ĭtŭs sum. *To promise.* Quæ tĭbĭ pollĭcĕor rĕdŭci rebusquĕ sĕcundis. *V.* Pollĭcĭta est nobis nuptă sŏrorquĕ Jŏvis (regnă). *O.* [† Promitto, &c.] *See* P.

POLLĬCĬTUM, i. *n. A promise.* Pollĭcĭtis dives quilĭbĕt essĕ pŏtest. *O.* [† Promissum.]

POLLINCTŎR, ŏris. *m. One who prepared the dead for interment.* Jam scrŏbĕ, jam lecto, jam pollinctorĕ pĕrato. *M.*

POLLŬO, ĭs, i, utum. **1.** *To soil, defile, contaminate, pollute.* Desĕrĕ, nec castas pollŭĕ, dixĭt, ăquas. *O.* ∾ orā crŭorĕ; pontĭfĭcalĕ căpŭt. *O.* orĕ dăpes. *V.* [† Fœdo, măcŭlo, commăcŭlo, inquĭno, cŏinquĭno, contamĭno, tĕmĕro, contĕmĕro, corrumpo, deformo, turpo, deturpo, vĭŏlo, infĭcĭo, incesto; *sts.* adspergo, illĭno, oblĭno, imbŭo, ungo.] Crol. Măcŭlis –adspergo, inquĭno, tĕmĕro, infĭcĭo, infusco. Labem (măcŭlam) –injĭcĭo, infĕro, inspergo, imprĭmo, figo. **2.** Fig. *To violate, injure, defile, profane.* ∾ naturæ fœdŭs; afflatu sŭo urbesquĕ dŏmosquĕ. *O.* furto Jŏvem (de Caco). *Pp.* auro formam. *Tib.* Pollŭtă dŏlis fœdĕrā. *Sil.* [† Vĭŏlo, tĕmĕro, corrumpo, lædo, &c.]

POLLUX, ucis. *m. Son of Leda, and brother of Castor.* Non ĕgŏ si mĕdĭus Polluce et Castŏrĕ ponăr. *O.* [† Tyndărĭdes.] *See* CASTOR.

PŎLUS, i. *m.* **1.** *The pole of the world.* Tristĭŏr ista Terrā sŭb ambobus non jăcĕt ullā pŏlis. *O.* [† Axis, vertex; *sts.* Arctŏs.] Crol. Cœli cardo. Pŏli axis. Limĕs ŭterquĕ pŏli. *See* ZONA, ARCTOS. **2.** *The heavens.* ∾ dum sidĕrā pascĕt. *V.* Nox ∾-um tĕnebăt. *O. See* CŒLUM.

PŎLŸHYMNIX, æ. *f. One of the Muses. C. D.* Quod nec Melpŏmĕne, quod nec Pŏlŷhymnĭă possĭt. *M. See* MUSÆ.

PŎLŸNICES, is. *m. Son of Œdipus, and brother of Eteocles. C. D.* Parcĭŏr ad cives Pŏlŷnicĭs inhorrŭĭt ensis. *St.* [† Œdĭpŏdiŏnĭdes.] *See* ETEOCLES.

PŎLŸPHEMŬS, i, *acc.* ŏn. *m. A Cyclops living near Mount Ætna.* Nam qualis quantusquĕ căvo Pŏlŷphemŭs ĭn antro. *V.* Pascentem Sĭcŭlas aut Pŏlŷphemŏn ŏves. *M.* Ep. Ætnæŭs, Sĭcŭlŭs, deformis, turpis, torvŭs, mĭnax, trux, horrendŭs, &c. *See* CYCLOPS. Crol. Ætnæŭs Cyclops. Pastŏr Ætnæ.

POLŸPŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *A polypus, a zoophyte so called, of several feet* or *claws;* fig. *a rapacious fellow. Pl.* Utquĕ sŭb æquŏrĭbus deprensum polypŭs hostem Contĭnĕt. *O.* **2.** *A tumour in the nose. H.*

POLYXĔNA, æ. *f. A daughter of Priam, sacrificed on Achilles' tomb.* Placĕt ˘Achilleos mactatā Pŏlyxĕnā manes. *O.* Crol. Prĭămi fĭlĭă. Prĭămeĭă virgo. Pĕrĭdis sŏrŏr.

POLYXĔNIŬS, ă, um. *Of Polyxena.* Altā Pŏlyxĕnĭa mādĕfĭent cædĕ sĕpulcrā. *Cat.*

POMARIUM, ii. *n. An orchard.* Est ălĭquid, plenis pomarĭă carpĕrĕ ramis. *O.* [† Pometum.] Crol. Pomifĕr hortŭs. *See* POMIFER.

POMARIŬS, ii. *m. A fruiterer.* Edicit, piscatŏr ŭti, pomarĭŭs, auceps. *H.*

POMIFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing, producing fruit.* Quum mĭhĭ pomifĕris conjux fŏrĕt ortā Fălĭscis. *O.* ∾ ˘Anĭo. *Pp.* auctumnŭs. *H.* [† Pomosŭs.] Crol. Pomis (fructĭbŭs) –frĕquens, ubĕr, fecundŭs, divĕs, ăbundans, rĕpletŭs, grăvĭdŭs, grăvis, fetŭs, ŏnĕratŭs, uberrĭmŭs. Pomorum fĕrax. Pomă fĕrens. (˘Agĕr) pomă (fructus) –ĕdŭcans, præbens. Phr. *Of a heavy crop of fruit.* Pomă –ramos ponderĕ sŭo deducunt (prĕmunt);—r. grăvant. Cedunt ŏnĕri rami. R. curvantŭr pomorum ponderĕ. Qualĭă (pomă) Phæacum auctumnŭs hăbebăt.

POMŒRIUM, ii. *n. A vacant space left both on the inside and outside of city-walls.* Longā pĕr extremos pomœrĭă cingĕrĕ fines. *L.*

POMONA, æ. *f. The goddess of fruit, fruit-trees,* &c. Regĕ sŭb hoc Pomonā fŭĭt. *O. See* AUCTUMNUS.

POMOSŬS, ă, um. *Full of fruits.* Pomosisquĕ rŭber custos ponatŭr ĭn hortis. *Tib. See* POMIFER.

POMPA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A crowd of persons following* or *accompanying any thing.* Et vāgā nunc certa discurrunt undĭquĕ pompæ. *Tib. See* TURBA. **2.** Us. *A formal public procession, religious* or *other.* Aurĕā pompā vĕnĭt. *O.* Cŏmĕs ĭn pompæ Apĭs ĭăt. *O.* ∾-am exsĕqui (*to attend in*). *V.* ducĕrĕ (*to conduct*); irĕ (*to follow*). *O.* Ep. Magnā, ingens, frĕquens, cĕlĕbrĭs, aurĕā, longā, annŭā, solennis, festā, dignā. **3.** *A funeral procession.* ∾ ferallis. *L.* funĕris. *O.* ∾-æ nĭgræ solennĭă. *St. See* EXSEQUIÆ. **4.** *Pomp, show, parade. M.*

POMPEIŬS, *or* POMPEJŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *The name of a Roman* gens, *the most celebrated member of which was Pompey the Great, the rival of Cæsar. C. D.* Scilĭcĕt extremi Pompeium emptiquĕ clĭentes. *L.* Ep. Magnŭs. **2.** *Used for Pompey's portico. M. See* POMPEIUS (a, um).

POMPEIŬS, *or* POMPEJŬS, ă, um, *and* POMPEJANŬS, ă, um. *L.* **1.** *Of* or *belonging to a Pompey.* Et mŏdŏ Pompeia Bosphŏrā captā mānu. *Pp.* Dŏmŭs Pompeiă pĕtatŭr. *O.* [† Pompeianŭs.] **2.** Pompeiŭs portĭcŭs. *Pp. Pompey's portico.* [† ∾-ă umbrā. *Pp.*] *See* POMPEIUS (i. *m.* 2). **3.** *Of Pompeii.* Pompeiă pălus vicinā sălinis. *Col. See* POMPEIANUS.

POMPILIŬS, ii. *m.* **1.** *The surname of Numa, second king of Rome.* Pompĭlius menses sensit ăbessĕ dŭos. *O.* Pompĭli regnum. *H. See* NUMA. **2.** Used adj. Vos o ∾ sanguis. *H.*

POMUM, i. *n.* **1.** *The fruit of a tree, fruit.* Cui penderĕ sŭa pătrĕrĭs ĭn arbŏrĕ pomā. *V.* ∾ de-

cerpĕrĕ. *O.* [† Fructŭs; *sts.* fruges, fetus (*pl.*).] **Ep.** Maturum, dulcĕ, mitĕ, gratum; tĕnĕrum, nŏvum, nascens, pendŭlum, pendens, æstivum; divĕs, lætum, ubĕr, uberrĭmum, felix. **Crol.** Arbŏrĕi fetus. Arbŏrĭs *or* ramorum ŏpes. Auctumni pondŭs. Fetus arbŏrĕ dempti. Pomorum pondŭs *or* ŏnŭs. Pendentes arbŏrĕ fructus. Pomā ramis pendentĭā. Pomā ramos –curvantĭā, deducentĭā, prĕmentĭā, ponderĕ grăvantĭā. *See* POMIFER. **Phr.** *To gather fruit.* Pomā *or* fructus –carpo, decerpo, lĕgo, collĭgo; ramo decerpo, arbŏrĕ demo, mānu vello *or* avello. **2.** *An apple.* Quæ (pomā) candĭdā pertĕ, partĕ rŭbent. *O. See* MALUM. **3.** ∾ aurĕum *or* Punĭcum. *See* HESPERIS. **4.** Sts. = pomŭs. Pomā truncos senserĕ vălentes. *V.* (and *Plin.*)

POMŬS, i. *f. A fruit-tree; an apple-tree.* Tum victus ăblerĕ fĕri, tunc consĭtā pomŭs. *Tib. See* MALUS.

PONDĔRO, as. *To weigh.* Lit. and fig. Sempĕr ămatorum ponderăt illā sĭnus. *O.* [† Pendo, expendo, libro, examĭno.] **Crol.** ˘In trŭtĭna suspendo; *fig.* examĭno, expendo, perpendo, æstĭmo.

PONDĔROSŬS, ă, um. *Heavy.* ˘Ubĭ ponderosas, crassas căpĭat compĕdes. *Pl.* [† Grăvĭs.]

PONDŬS, ĕris. *n.* **1.** *Weight, a weight, load, mass.* Adsplcĕ convexo nutantem ponderĕ mundum. *V.* ∾-ĭbŭs librată sŭis (tellus). *O.* ∾ divĭtĭs auri. *Tib.* Nodosæ ∾-ĕrā clavæ. *Sil.* [† Grăvĭtas, ŏnŭs, sarcĭnā, moles.] **Ep.** Lĕvĕ, justum; grăvĕ, nĭmĭum, magnum, ingens, ĭniquum. **Crol.** Mollĭs pondŭs. Moles ŏnĕrosā. **2.** *Used of the child in the womb. Pp.* [† ˘Onŭs, sarcĭnā.] Fig. **3.** *Used of the mind, its conclusions and decisions.* Mentĭs mĕæ quo ponderĕ vergant. *L.* Quo pondŭs ănĭmi vergăt (*which way my mind leans*). *Sen.* **4.** *The burden of cares, evils, &c.* ∾-ĕrā curarum projecĭt. *L.* ămarā sĕnectæ. *O.* ∾ rerum. *M.* [† ˘Onŭs.] **5.** *Weight, authority, influence.* ˘An hăbent somnĭā ∾? *O.* Lăcrĭmæ ∾-ĕrā vocĭs hăbent. *H.* ∾ hăbent. *Pp.* [† Momentum, vis, auctorĭtas.] **6.** *Firmness, stability.* Nullā femĭnā ∾ dĭu hăbĕt. *Pp.* **7.** *Gravity.* Hĭlărĭs, tămĕn cum ∾-ĕrĕ, virtus. *St.* ∾ tristĭ vĕtĕrĭs sŭpercĭli. *Sen.* [† Grăvĭtas.]

PONĔ. *Behind.* Ponĕ sŭbit conjux; ferĭmur pĕr ŏpacă lŏcorum. *V.* Ponĕ sĕquens. *V.* [† Post.] **Crol.** A tergo. Post tergum *or* tergā.

PONO, ĭs, pŏsŭi, pŏsĭtum. **1.** *To set, put, place, lay.* Lit. and fig. Et sălĕ tabentes artus in littŏrĕ ponunt. *V.* ∾ pĕdes ĭn imo marginĕ; ĭn seplbŭs ovā. *O.* Ĭn lŏcŭpletĕ dŏmo vestigiā. *H.* metas *or* tempŏrā rerum; mores vĭris; spem ĭn armis. *V.* nomĕn hŏnestum errori. *H.* mŏdum exĭtĭis. *O.* [† Lŏco, collŏco, stătŭo, constĭtŭo, depono, rĕpono, figo; *fig.* depono, impono, rĕpono, figo, do.] **2.** *To lay the foundations of a building, &c.; to build.* ∾ fāvis fundamĭnā; templum de marmŏrĕ. *V.* jussam urbem. *O.* [† Lŏco, exstrŭo, &c.] *See* FUNDO (I.) **3.** *To plant. V. H.* [† Sĕro, planto.] **4.** *To draw, portray; to execute a work of art.* ∾ hŏmĭnem (*or* dĕum) lĭquĭdis cŏlorĭbŭs; totum ŏpŭs (*of a worker in brass*); Vĕnĕrem (de ˘Apellĕ). *H.* [† Fingo.] **5.** *To set near or upon.* Pŏsŭĭt ăd tempŏrā canos. *O.* [† Appono, admŏvĕo, applĭco, &c.] **6.** *To put on table, serve up.* ∾ porcum. *M.* ŏluscŭlā. *H.* [† Appono.] **7.** *To propose.* ∾ præmĭā. *V.* [† Propono.] **8.** *To lay aside, put aside or away; to have done with, leave off.* Nymphæ velamĭnā ∾-unt. *O.* ∾ versus ĕt cetĕrā ludĭcrā. *H.* cordĕ mĕtum. *V.* ămorem. *O.* prælĭā. *Sil.* mŏras. *H.* [† Depono, exŭo, rĕlĭnquo, pello, ŏmĭtto, mitto, &c.] **9.** *To lay, wager.* ∾ pocŭlā fagĭnā. *V.* [† Depono.] **10.** *To put money out to interest.* ∾ călendis (pĕcunĭam). *H.* [† Collŏco.] **11.** *To set, dispose, arrange.* ˘In ponendis căpillis perfectā. *O.* [† Dispono, compono.] **12.** *To dispose of, use, employ* (of time, &c.). *O.* [† Insumo, &c.] **13.** *To calm, allay.* ∾ frĕtā. *H.* [† Prĕmo, placo.] **14.** Intr. *To subside, calm down, cease.* Tum zĕphyri pŏsŭĕrĕ. *V.* Fĕrā ∾-It hĭema. *St.* [† Cesso, desĭno, cĕdo.] **15.** Ponĕ. *imper. Suppose, grant. Ter.* [† Fĭc, fingĕ.]

PONS, tĭs. *m.* **1.** *A bridge.* Saxĕŭs ingenti quem pons amplectĭtŭr arcu. *L.* ∾ robŏrĕŭs. *O.* ∾-em vellĕrĕ. *V.* [† Pontĭcŭlŭs.] **Ep.** Lignĕŭs, robŏrĕŭs; saxĕŭs, altŭs, celsŭs, sublimĭs; fĭrmŭs, vălĭdŭs, tutŭs. **Crol.** Pontĭs –arcŭs, fornix, moles, curvamĕn. **Phr.** *To build a bridge.* Amnem pontĕ jungo. Flumĭnā pontĕ cŏercĕo. Pontĭbŭs instratis littŏrā conjungo. **2.** *A ship-plank used for embarking* or *disembarking.* Sŏcĭos de puppĭbŭs ∾-ĭbŭs exponĭt. *V.* **3.** *The floor of a tower; a bridge-way on the walls of a town, leading from one tower to another; a sort of flying-bridge used at sieges.* Turrĭs ĕrăt ∾-ĭbŭs altis. *V.* Subdĭdĕrăt rŏtas, ∾-esque instravĕrăt altos. *V.* [† Tăbŭlatā.] **4.** *A raised plank-way, on which the people passed to give their votes at the comitia.* *O.*

PONTĬCULŬS, i. *m. A little bridge. Cat.*

PONTĬCUS, ă, um. *Of Pontus.* Adsplcĭat vultus Pontĭcă terrā mĕos. *O.*

PONTĬFEX, ĭcis. *m.* **1.** *A pontiff* or *chief priest.* Pontĭfĭcum mĕllorĕ cœnis. *H. See* SACERDOS. **2.** Eccl. = *Bishop.* [† Præsŭl.] *See* EPISCOPUS.

PONTĬFĬCALĬS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to a pontifex, pontifical.* Numĭnĕ pollŭĕrant pontĭfĭcalĕ căpŭt. *O.*

I. PONTŬS, i. *m. The sea;* hence, *a large wave* (a sea, as it were, in itself). Multā tămen latus tristĭā pontŭs hăbĕt. *O.* ∾ mărĭs. ∾-i frĕtā. *V. See* MARE.

II. PONTŬS, i. *m. A district of Asia, lying on the Black Sea.* Has herbas atque hæc Ponto mĭhĭ lectā vĕnenā. *V.*

PŎPA, æ. *m. The priest who slew the victim.* Succinctiquĕ călent ad nŏvā lucrā pŏpæ. *Pp.*

PŎPĂNUM, i. *n. A sacrificial cake.* Scillĭcĕt et tĕnŭi pŏpăno corruptŭs ˘Osĭrĭs. *J.*

PŎPELLŬS, i. *m. The populace, the very lowest of the people.* Villā vendentem tŭnĭcato scrutā pŏpello. *H. See* PLEBECULA.

PŎPĬNA, æ. *f. A tavern, a cook's shop.* Quæcunque immundis fervent allatā pŏpinis. *H. See* CAUPONA.

PŎPINO, onis. *m. One that frequents eating-houses, &c.; a glutton.* Imbecillŭs, ĭners, sim quĭdvis, addĕ pŏpino. *H.*

PŎPLĬTES, *and us.* POPLĬTES, ĭtis. *m. The ham;* ext. *the knee.* Ingens ad terram dŭplĭcato poplĭtĕ Turnŭs (incĭdĭt). *V.* Brachĭā, palpebræquĕ cădunt, pŏplĭtesquĕ rĕcumbunt. *Lr. See* GENU.

POPPYSMA, ătis. *n. A noise made by smacking the tongue and lips together,* or *by clapping the hands, in caress* or *approbation.* Præbebat vati crebrum poppysmā rŏganti. *J.*

PŎPŬLABĬLIS, ĕ. *That can be laid waste.* Quodcunquĕ fŭĭt pŏpŭlabĭlĭ flammæ. *O.*

PŎPŬLARIS, ĕ. **1.** *Of* or *concerning the people.* Jam nĭmĭum gaudens pŏpŭlarĭbŭs auris. *V.* ∾-es strĕpĭtus. *H.* Sappho pŭĕllis de ∾-ĭbŭs. *H.* [† Civĭs; *sts.* pŏpŭlŭs.] **2.** Gen. *Of the same country,* &c. Ramumquĕ tĕnens ∾-is ŏlivæ. *O.* Tĭbĭ ∾, ˘Achillĕ. *O.* [† Pătrĭŭs.] **3.** *Popular.* ∾-ĭā nomĭnā Drusos. *L.*

PŎPŬLARĬTAS, ătis. *f. Popularity.* Et gratu-

pŏpŭlarĭtatĕ Magnum. *St.* Crol. Pŏpŭlarĭs aurā *or* fāvŏr. Publĭcŭs ămŏr. *See* FAVOR.

PŎPŬLARĬTĔR. *To please the people; as the people like.* Quemlĭbĕt occidunt pŏpŭlarĭtĕr. *J.*

PŎPŬLATŎR, ōrĭs. *m.;* **PŎPŬLATRIX,** īcĭs. *f. One that lays waste.* Hoc ŭbĭ cognovit Trojæ pŏpŭlatŏr ˘Atrides. *O.* Aut pŏpŭlatrices infestaverĕ cătervæ. *Cl.* [¶ Vastatŏr, pestĭs, exĭtĭum, clades.]

PŎPŬLATŬS, us. *m. A laying waste, ravaging.* Ardent Hespĕrĭi sævis pŏpŭlatĭbŭs agri. *L.* Squalent ∾-ĭbŭs ăgri. *Cl.*

POPŬLĔŬS, ă, um. *Of the poplar-tree.* Et quum popŭlĕas ventŭlăt aurā cŏmas. *O.* ∾-a sŭb umbra. *V.* [¶ Populnŭs. *Plaut.*]

POPŬLĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing poplars.* Popŭlĭfer Sperchĭus, ĕt irrĕquĭetŭs ˘Ænipeus. *O.*

PŎPŬLO, as, *and* **PŎPŬLŎR,** ārĭs. 1. *To desolate, plunder, ravage.* Hinc olim ignaros luctus pŏpŭlavĭt ˘Achivos. *O.* ∾ ferro pĕnates; littŏrā vestrā vi; farrĭs ăcervum. *V.* Formam ∾-atŭr ætas. *O.* ∾-ari arvā ferro ĕt igni. *L.* Fines mus ∾-atŭr. *M.* [¶ Depŏpŭlo, depŏpŭlŏr, desolo, vasto, devasto, dirĭpĭo, prædŏr, corrumpo, destrŭo; *sts.* consumo, absumo.] Crol. ˘Agros funestos reddo. 2. Participle pass. Fĕris pŏpŭlandas tradĕrĕ terras. *O. See* POPULATUS.

I. **PŎPŬLŬS,** i. *m.* 1. *The population of a place* or *country; a number of people together.* Cumquĕ sŭis totas pŏpŭlis incendĭā gentes In cĭnĕrem vertunt. *O.* (Rātĭs) pŏpŭlo pĕrĭtŭrā rĕcepto. *L.* [¶ Turbā; *sts.* incŏlā, cives.] 2. *A people, a nation. V.* [¶ Gens, natĭo; *sts.* terrā, tellus, gĕnŭs.] 3. *The people* (as a class in a nation). Dăt ∾, dăt ĕquĕs, dăt sĕnatŭs. *M.* [¶ Turbā, vulgŭs; *sts.* plebs, multi.]

II. **POPŬLŬS,** i. *f. A poplar-tree.* Popŭlŭs in flŭvĭis, ăbĭes in montĭbŭs altis. *V.* Ep. Flŭvĭalis, albā, glaucā, vĭrens, vĭrĭdis, frondens; altā, celsā, ardŭā, procerā. Crol. Arbŏr –Hercŭlĕā, Alcidæ gratā *or* gratisālmā. Arbŏr Phāĕthontĭăs *or* Phāĕthontĭs (ĭdis). Phāĕthontĭs sŏrŏr.

PORCĂ, æ. *f. A sow-pig, a sow.* Cæsa jungebant fœdĕrā porca. *V.* [¶ Scrofā, sus. *f.*] Ep. ˘Avĭdā.

PORCELLŬS, i. *m.* = porcŭlŭs.

PORCŬLŬS, i. *m., dim. of* Porcus. *A little pig, a sucking-pig. Pl.* [¶ Porcellŭs.]

PORCŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A hog, a porker. O.* [¶ Sus, porcellŭs, porcŭlŭs.] *See* SUS. 2. Fig. *One as fat as a pig.* Aut porcŭs Umbĕr, aut ŏbesŭs Etruscŭs. *Cat.*

PORGO, ĭs, rxi. *for* Porrigo. Pocŭlā porgĭtĕ dextris. *V.* Mutasquĕ vŏlucres Porxĭt. *St.*

-**PORRECTŬS,** ă, um. *part. See* PORRIGO. Used also adj. 1. *Stretched out at length, extended* (of space). ∾-ă littŏrā. *O.* ∾-um (hostem) extendĭt ārena. *V.* ∾ sĕnex (*stretched out on a bier, dead*). *Cat.* Sĕrĭes ∾-ă vĭarum. *St.* ∾-ă majestas (impĕrĭi) ăd ortum solĭs. *H.* ∾ centum ĭn ulnas (serpens). *Sil.* [¶ Extensŭs *or* extentŭs, protentŭs, prolatŭs, longŭs.] 2. *Lengthened out* (of time and pronunciation). ∾ mŏrā. *O. See* PRODUCTUS. 3. *Handed, offered.* ∾ munĕrā. *O.* pocŭlā. *H.* [¶ Oblatŭs.] 4. *Used of a smoothed brow. Pl.* [¶ Explĭcĭtŭs.]

PORRĬCĬO, ĭs. *To throw the* exta *of the victim offered into the sea* (as part of the rite); hence, *to offer in sacrifice.* Extăquĕ salsos Porrĭcĭam in fluctus. *V.* (i. e. *porro juciam,* or rather *iciam,* obs., as in *Abicio, Adicio, Reicio.*)

I. **PORRIGO,** ĭnĭs. *f. The scurf of the head.* (Ungĕrĕ si căpŭt) Cœpĕrĭs impexa fœdum porrigĭnĕ, Quare &c. *H.*

II. **PORRĬGO,** ĭs, exi, ectum. *See* PORGO. 1. *To stretch, extend, lengthen out.* Lit. and fig. Ipsĕ prĕcor serpens in longum porrĭgăr alvum. *O.* ∾-*It brachĭā longo* margĭnĕ terrarum (Amphitrite). *O.* Pĕr nŏvem jugĕrā corpŭs ∾-ĭtŭr. *V.* ∾ brumales horas; iram. *O.* [¶ Tendo, extendo, protendo, profĕro, produco, prolato.] 2. *To lay flat,* or *stretch dead, on the ground.* ∾ vulnĕrĕ pardum. *M.* [¶ Extendo, sterno, &c.] 3. *To hold out, offer, give; hold out to view.* ∾ ci uvas; oscŭlā lymphis. *O.* sŭb noctem ignes. *Pp.* [¶ Tendo, protendo, offĕro, præbĕo; *sts.* ostendo.]

PORRO (PORRŎ. *J.*). 1. Of place. *Forward, far forward, far onward.* Insĭlĭs Æneas quæ sint ĕā flumĭnā porro. *V.* [¶ Antĕ, longe antĕ, longe.] 2. Of time. *Hereafter, afterward, thenceforth, in process of time.* Albani dŏcŭerĕ sŭos; hinc ∾ Romā accepĭt &c. *V.* Flĕt ădhuc, ĕt ∾ flebĭt. *Grat.* [¶ Deindĕ, prætĕrĕa, posthac, ultra, ădhuc, dĭu.] 3. *Further, moreover.* Accĭpĕ ∾ quĭd dŭbĭtem. *V.* [¶ Quin, quinĕtĭam, sŭpĕr.] 4. *Now, now indeed.* Multos porrŏ vĭdes, quos &c. *J.* [¶ Scilĭcĕt, quippĕ, prŏfecto.]

PORRUM, i. *n.;* **PORRI,** orum. *m. pl. A leek.* Seu piscĕs, seu porrum et cæpĕ trŭcidas. *H.* Sectĭlĕ porrum. *M.* Viles Cappăděcæ grăvesquĕ porri. *M.* Ep. Sectivum, sectĭlĕ, grăvĕ, ŏlens, grăvĕŏlens, grăvĭtĕr rĕdŏlens.

PORSĔNĂ, *and* **PORSENNĂ,** æ. *m. A king of Etruria, who endeavoured to restore Tarquinius Superbus.* Nec non Tarquĭnĭum ejectum Porsennā jŭbĕbăt. *V.* Hanc spectarĕ mănum Porsĕnā non pŏtŭĭt. *Mart.* Mĭnacĭs aut ˘Etruscā Porsĕnæ mănŭs. *H. See* SCÆVOLA.

PORTĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A great gate, city-gate.* Hic portas frangĭt, ăt illĕ fŏres. *O.* Clausis mœnĭā ∾-is. *O.* ∾-arum vĭgĭles. *V.* [¶ Claustrā, limĕn, valvæ.] Ep. Æratā, ærĕā, ăhenā, ferrĕā, ferratā, durā, fĭrmā, vălĭdā, robustā; altā, ingens, sublimis, clausā, stridens. Crol. Portæ –robŏrā, rĕpagŭlā. Clausæ portæ munimĭnā. 2. Sts. *Any gate* or *door. O. V.* [¶ Janŭā, postes, fŏres.] *See* FORES. Phr. *To burst gates* or *doors open.* Portas (postes, limĭnā) –rumpo, perrumpo, vello, frango, confringo, diffindo. Claustrā mănu rumpunt. ˘Adĭtus rumpunt. Portas mănu impellĭt. Ferratos (æratos) postes verso cardĭnĕ rumpĭt. Postes a cardĭnĕ vellĭt. Ariĕtăt (= arjĕtăt) ĭn portas. 3. *Any means of ingress* or *egress.* (Venti) qua dătā ∾ rŭunt. *V.* [¶ ˘Adĭtŭs *or* exĭtŭs.] 4. Sp. *A narrow pass* or *defile into a country* (Gr. πύλαι). ∾-æ limĭnā Caspĭăcæ. *St.* [¶ Claustrā, limĭnā.] 5. *A strait.* ∾-a mārĕ se fundĭt ăb illa. *Man. See* FRETUM. 6. ∾-æ somni. *The gates by which dreams were said to pass from the lower to the upper world.* Sunt gĕmĭnæ Somni ∾-æ. *V. See* CORNEUS, EBURNEUS. 7. Fig. = vĭā. Quĭbŭs e ∾-is occurri cuiquĕ lĭcerĕt. *Lr.*

PORTENDO, ĭs, i, entum. *To portend.* Quidquĭd, ăit, sŭpĕri, monstro portendĭtŭr isto. *O.* [¶ Præmonstro, omĭnŏr, prædico, præsagĭo, augŭro, monstro, ostendo, denuntĭo, nuntĭo, signĭfĭco; *sts.* căno.]

PORTENTĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Producing portentous* or *wonderful effects.* Hunc dĕā prævĭtĭat portentĭfĕrisquĕ vĕnenis. *O.*

PORTENTOSŬS, ă, um. *Monstrous, portentous.* Et portentosos Cercopum ludĭt ĭn ortus. *Man. See* MONSTROSUS.

PORTENTUM, i. *n.* 1. *A prodigy, portent.* Sed vărĭis portentā dĕum terrorĭbŭs obstant. *V.* [¶ Prodĭgĭum, ostentum, omĕn, monstrum.] 2. *A monster* (monstrous creature). Notăquĕ fatali ∾-ă lăborĕ sŭbegĭt. *H. See* MONSTRUM. 3. *A monstrous, incredible thing.* Monstrā ĕt ∾-ă lŏqui. *Lr.*

PORTHMEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m. A ferryman;* sp. *Charon.* Tetrumquĕ nŏvitĭŭs horrĕt Porthmĕā. *J. See* PORTITOR.

Portĭcŭs, us. *f. A portico.* Te mŏdŏ Campŭs hăbet, densa mŏdŏ portĭcŭs umbra. *O.* [¶ Xystŭs, ambŭlatĭo.] **Ep.** Amplă, spăţiosă, ingens, longă, sublimis, altă, sŭperbă, dĕcoră, marmŏrĕă, pictă, umbrosă; nixă (fultă, altă) cŏlumnis; aulæis nobĭlis. **Phr.** Pompeia ĭn umbra (sŭb umbra) (i. e. *of Pompey's portico*) lentŭs (cultŭs) spăţiatŭr.

Portĭŏ, onis. *f. A part, a portion.* Sed frŭĕris: divina hăbĭtat si portĭŏ manes. *Aus.* Brĕvisĭmă vitæ Portĭŏ. *J.* [¶ Pars, partĭcŭlă.]

Portĭtŏr, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A carrier*; us. *a carrier over water, a ferryman*; sp. *Charon, ferryman of the Styx.* Portĭtŏr has horrendŭs ăquas et limĭnă servăt. *V.* ~ Orci. *V.* Lethæi amnis. *St.* [¶ Porthmeus.] *See* Charon. 2. Fig. ~ Ursæ (*Bootes, the waggoner*).

Porto, as. 1. *To carry.* Quem secum pătrĭos aiunt portarĕ Pĕnates. *V.* Quem portăt ĕquŭs. *V.* ~-abant săcrā cănistris. *O.* [¶ Fĕro, gĕro, gesto, vĕho, vecto, bajŭlo, devĕho, ŏnĕrŏr; *ext.* tĕnĕo, sustĭnĕo, tollo.] **Crel.** Hŭmĕro (hŭmĕris, tergo, cervicĕ) -porto, fĕro, tollo. **Phr.** *Of one carrying* or *bearing a load on his shoulders*, &c. Fert ŏnŭs cervicĭbŭs. ˘Onĕri cervicem supponĭt. Congestă robŏrĕ duris hŭmĕris (ŏnusto hŭmĕro) fert. *Of one taking up and carrying*, &c. Pārentem hŭmĕris sŭbĭt. ˘Onŭs sŭbĭt (ŏnĕri succedĭt, se supponĭt). ˘Onŭs dorso sŭbĭt. Pondŭs căpĭti committĭt. 2. *To bring, convey.* Me fluctus ăd tŭă littŏrā ~-ant. *O.* [¶ DeFĕro, fĕro, perfĕro, duco, dirĭgo.] 3. Fig. ~ mandatā pătri. *V.* prĕces Graiis. *V. Fl.* tĭmores. *Pp.* sălutem. *O.* [¶ Fĕro, affĕro, apporto, importo, invĕho.]

Portŭs, us. *m.* 1. *A port, harbour.* Portŭs ăb accessu ventorum immotŭs ĕt ingens. *V.* [¶ Ostĭă, stătĭo; *ext.* littŭs, orā, terrā.] **Ep.** Curvŭs, rĕcurvŭs, sĭnŭosŭs; căpax, ăpertŭs, vastŭs, ingens; plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, tutŭs, optatŭs, cĕlĕbĕr. Excĭpĭens pacatas undas. Objectu lătĕrum tutŭs. Curvatŭs ĭn arcum; falcatŭs curvos ĭn arcus. Submotŭs tuto rĕcessu. **Crel.** Brachĭă portus. Cornŭă portum ducentĭă. Stătĭo nautis gratissĭmă *or* tutissĭmă. Stătĭo cărinis -fidă, tută. Lŏcă cărinis grată. Optati portus littŏrā. **Phr.** 1. *To land at any port.* Portum *or* portus tango, &c. *See* Appello (II.). **Phr.** 2. *To sail out of port.* Portum linquo, &c. *See* Vela do. 2. Sts. *The mouth of a river.* Pĕr septem portus ĭn mārĕ exĭt. *O.* [¶ Ostĭă.] 3. Fig. *The haven of one's hopes, desires*, &c.; *a refuge, security*, &c. Nostræ ~ ĕt arā fŭgæ. *O.* Rĕquĭes ~-usquĕ sĕnectæ. *St.* [¶ Finĭs, perfŭgĭum, &c.] *See* F. P.

Posco, ĭs, pŏposci. 1. *To demand with urgency, to exact.* Ibăt ŏvans, divumquĕ sĭbi poscebăt hŏnorem. *V.* Fatis poscentĭbŭs. *V.* [¶ Deposco, exposco, pĕto, postŭlo, expostŭlo, rĕquiro, vŏlo, exĭgo; *sts.* jŭbĕo.] 2. Sp. *To call out to combat, challenge.* ~ In prœlĭă Turnum. *V.* In certamĭnă. *V.* [¶ Vŏco, provŏco.] 3. Gen. *To call for* or *upon.* ~ Alcĭden gĕmĭtu. *Sen.* ˘Egŏ ~-ŏr ŏlympo. *V.* [¶ Vŏco, inclamo.] 4. *To ask a price for any thing. Pl.* [¶ Indĭco.] 5. *To demand for punishment.* ~-Imŭr, o sŏcĭi. *Sil.* Quem ~-ăt ˘Apollo. *V.* 6. ~ pœnas. *To exact punishment*, &c. Pœnas cum sanguĭnĕ ~-unt. *V.* [¶ Rĕpĕto, exposco.] *See* Pœna. 7. *To require as proper, necessary*, &c. Non hoc tempŭs istă spectacŭlă ~-ĭt. *V.* Rerum quæ ~-ĕrĕt ordo. *V.* [¶ Rĕquiro, exĭgo, vŏlo, &c.] *See* Opus est. 8. *To entreat, to beg.* Supplex tŭă numĭnă ~-o. *V.* Pacem te ~-Imŭs. *V.* [¶ Pĕto, postŭlo, rŏgo, oro, prĕcŏr, flagĭto, efflagĭto, exposco, deposco, quæro.] 9. *To ask for information, to request to be told.* ~ causas vĕnĭendi. *V.* qm crimĭnă vitæ. *O.* [¶ Quæro, inquiro, rŏgo, &c.] *See* Interrogo. 10. Pass. with acc. ~-ŏr Pĕlĭlĭă; mĕum Lælăpa (*they demand of me*). ˘Apollo ~-ĭtŭr verbă. *Pp.*

Pŏsĭtŏr, orĭs. *m. A builder, founder.* Mœnĭă constĭtŭis pŏsĭtorĭs hăbentĭă nomĕn. *O.* Templorum ~. *O.* [¶ Conditŏr, fundatŏr.]

Pŏsĭtūrā, æ. *f. Position.* Qualis ĕt hic docti sit pŏsĭturā dĕi. *Pp.* [¶ Pŏsĭtŭs.]

Pŏsĭtŭs, ă, um. *part., and* **Pŏstŭs**. *Lr. Sil. See* Pono. 1. *Put, placed, situated.* Sic pŏsĭtæ quŏnĭam suaves miscetĭs ŏdores. *V.* Limĕs ăgro ~. *V.* [¶ Sĭtŭs, lŏcatŭs, postŭs.] 2. *Put out at interest. H.* 3. *Placed on the ground, laid, fallen* (of snow), *laid* (asleep). Supplĭcĭtĕr ~-o gĕnu. *O.* ~-a sŭb nĭvĕ terrā lătĕt. *O.* Somno ~. *V.* [¶ Jăcens, stratŭs.] 4. Sp. *Laid out, dead, buried.* ~-um affati corpŭs. *V.* ~-is justă fĕrunturĭ ăvis. *O.* [¶ Mortŭŭs, jăcens, sĕpultŭs, &c.] 5. *Set out, arranged*, &c. ~-æ mensæ. *O.* 6. *Set*; sp. *used of the sun.* ~-o cum solĕ. *St.* Fig. 7. *Having subsided, ceased.* ~-o bŏrĕa. *L.* 8. *Put off, put away, laid aside.* ~-is e corpŏrĕ pennis. *O.* ~-a grăvĭtatĕ. *O.* ˘Et sumpta, ĕt ~-a pacĕ. *Pp.* [¶ Depŏsĭtŭs, missŭs, abjectŭs, rĕlictŭs, &c.]

Pŏsĭtŭs, us. *m. Position.* Urbs, dŭbĭum, pŏsĭtu mĕllĭus defensă mănuvĕ. *O.* [¶ Pŏsĭturā.]

Possessŏr, orĭs. *m. A possessor.* ~ ăgelli. *V.* pĕlăgi. *Sil.* regni ĭnertĭs. *Sil.* [¶ Dŏmĭnŭs.]

Possĭdĕo, es, edi, essum. *To possess, have in possession; to occupy, have as one's own.* Et văcŭum zĕphyri possĭdĕt aurā nĕmŭs. *Pp.* Non ~-ĕt ăĕrā Minos. *O.* [¶ Tĕnĕo, hăbĕo, obtĭnĕo, pŏtĭŏr, frŭŏr, occŭpo.]

Possum, pŏtĕs, pŏtŭi, possĕ. *To be able, to have power* (with or without inf.). Natĕ dĕa, pŏtĕs hoc sub casu ducĕrĕ somnos? *V.* Non omnĭă possŭmŭs omnes. Possunt quĭă possĕ vĭdentŭr. *V.* [¶ Quĕo, vălĕo, evălĕo; *sts.* lĭcĕt, fas.] **Crel.** Pŏtĭs sum. Mĭhĭ -lĭcĕt, fas, dătŭr, concedĭtŭr. Est ŏpĭs mĕæ. Mĭhĭ est -făcultas, via, pŏtestas. Mĭhĭ dătŭr -făcultas, v., p. *See* Licet.

Post. 1. Prep. *Behind.* Tu post carectă lătebas. *V.* ~ tergă. *V.* altarĭă irĕ. *O.* 2. *After.* ~ mŏram. *O.* Septĭmă ~ dĕcĭmam felix. *V.* 3. Post ĭd. *Pl., or* ĕă. *After that, afterwards* (unusual). Post ĕă, mirabăr cui &c. *O. See* Postea, Posthæc, Posthac. 4. Adv. *After, afterwards.* ~ mĭhĭ commisă lŭctŭs. *V.* Longo ~ tempŏrĕ. ~ tanto vĭdĕăt. *V.* 5. Post deindĕ, *and* indĕ. *anc.* Spăţio post deindĕ rĕlicto Tertĭŭs Eurŭălus. *V.* Indĕ pĕdes &c. mŏri, post indĕ pĕr artus. *Lr.*

Postĕa. *Afterwards. Ter.* (N.B. The final *a* is always long in these words: *postea, postilla, praterea, interea, antea. See* Antea.) *See* Deinde, Post.

Postĕri, Postĕrĭŏr. *See* Posterus.

Postĕrĭtas, atĭs. *f. Posterity, descendants.* Carmĕn ĭn orĕ frequens postĕrĭtatis ĕrĭs. *O.* [¶ Postĕri, nĕpotes, venturi, mĭnores, postgĕnĭti.] **Ep.** Serā, venturā, sĕcuturā, æternā, mĕmŏr, longā. **Crel.** Postmŏdŏ venturi. Venturi nĕpotes. Nati natorum. Postĕrā (venturā, fŭturā, sĕquens, sŭperstĕs) -ætas, prŏpago, gens. Ævum sĕquens. Sæculā postĕriquĕ. *See* Futurum, Immortalis.

Postĕrŭs, ĕrā, ĕrum; Postĕrĭŏr, ŭs. *comp.*; Postremŭs, ă, um. *superl.* 1. *Coming after* or *next, subsequent, succeeding.* Postĕrā depŭlĕrat stellas aurorā mĭcantes. *O.* Præsens ĕt postĕrā ætas. *H.* ~-a crescam laudĕ. *H.* [¶ Sĕquens, venturŭs.] 2. Postĕri, orum. *m. pl. Posterity,*

descendants. Credĭtĕ, postĕri! *H.* *See* POSTERITAS. 3. Postĕrĭŏr, ŭs. *Last* (of two), *behind another in order of place* or *time;* fig. *secondary.* Verbum, prĭŭs ordĭnĕ, ∾-ŭs făcĭas. *H.* Omnes res ∾-es pono. *Pl.* [¶ Sĕcundŭs.] 4. *Used of the hinder part of any thing.* Pars prĭŏr apparĕt, ∾-orā lătent. *O.* 5. Postremŭs. *Last* (in order of place, time, and fig. consideration). Hoc primŭs rĕpĕtas ŏpŭs, hoc postremŭs ŏmittas. *H.* Nĕc curā cănum fŭĕrĭt ∾-ā. *V.* 6. Postremum. n. used adv. *For the last time, lastly, at last.* *H.* [¶ Extremum, sŭpremum; denĭquĕ.]

POSTGĔNĬTI, orum. *m. pl. Descendants.* Clarus postgĕnĭtis. *H.* *See* POSTERITAS.

POSTHĂBĔO, es, ŭi, ĭtum. *To set* or *put after, to postpone; to treat* or *esteem as of less value.* Posthăbŭi tămĕn illorum mĕā serĭā ludo. *V.* ∾-a Sămo. *V.* [¶ Postpono.]

POSTHAC. *Hereafter, in future.* Non ĕgŏ vos posthac, vĭrĭdi projectŭs ĭn antro &c. *V.* [¶ Deincepe, deindĕ; post, posthinc, olim.]

POSTHINC. *Afterwards, hereupon.* Posthinc ad naves grăděĭtur, sŏcĭosquĕ rĕvĭsĭt. *V.*

POSTHŬMŬS. *See* POSTUMUS.

POSTICUM, i. *n. A back-door.* Atrĭā servantem postico fallĕ clĭentem. *H.* Crol. Postes a tergo rĕlicti.

POSTICŬS, ă, um. *That is behind, to the back of any thing* or *person.* Posticæ occurrĭtĕ sannæ. *Pers.* ∾ pars sĕdĭum. *Pl.*

POSTILLA. *adv.* = postĕa (*not common*). Nec sĭbĭ postilla mĕtŭebat tallĭā verbā. *Cat.*

POSTĬS, ĭs. *m.*, *and* POSTES, ĭum. *pl. A door-post; a door, gate.* Neptuni sacro clypĕum de postĕ rĕvulsum. *V.* Excŭtĭ postĕ sĕram. *O.* Clauso se postĕ rĕcepĭt. *St.* Postes auro spŏlĭisquĕ sŭperbi. *V.* [¶ Fŏres *or* portā.] *See* F. P.

POSTMŎDŎ. *adv. Soon after, presently.* Insĕquĕre, ĕt voti postmŏdŏ compŏs ĕrĭs. *O.* [¶ Mox, deindĕ.]

POSTPONO, ĭs, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum. *To consider* or *treat any person* or *thing as less in value than another.* Vosque est postponĕrĕ natis Ausā sŭis. *O.* [¶ Posthăbĕo.]

POSTQUAM. *After that, as soon as.* Postquam primŭs ămor deceptam mortĕ fĕfellĭt. *V.* [¶ Quum, ŭbĭ, ŭt, sĭmŭl.] Crol. Sĭmŭl ac *or* atquĕ. Post ŭbĭ.

POSTREMŬS, ă, um. *See* POSTERUS.

POSTRIDIE. *adv. The next day.* ˘Idem facturum mĕllĭus se postridĭe. *Ph.* Crol. Lucĕ (dĭe) sĕquentĕ *or* sĕquenti. Lucĕ postĕra. Postĕro dĭe. Phr. 1. *The next morning.* Quum postĕrā dĭes (Aurorā, lux, &c.) -primo ˘Eoo surgebăt;—prima terras lampădĕ lustrabăt;—stellas (mĭcantes) depŭlĕrăt;—noctem depŭlĕrăt. 2. *To-morrow morning.* Quum primum crastĭnā lux (crastĭnŭs sol) -se terris reddĕt *or* reddĭdĕrĭt;—primos ortus extŭlĕrĭt;—rădĭis orbem rĕtexĕrĭt. Quum postĕrā Aurorā ăpertis thălămis rŭbebĭt. *See* CRAS.

POSTŬLO, as. *To exact, demand, require.* Quum dĕdĭmus somno, corpus quas postŭlăt, horas. *O.* ∾-ăt hic ănĭmam. *O.* Quæ ∾-ăt usŭs. *H.* [¶ Exĭgo, pĕto.] *See* POSCO.

POSTŬMŬS, ă, um. *superl. from* Post. *The latest, the last.* Silvĭŭs, Albanum nomen, tŭā postŭmā proles. *V.* (*Not* '*posthumous,*' but *last, youngest.*) [¶ Ultĭmŭs, nŏvissĭmŭs.]

PŎTĔ. *See* POTIS.

PŎTENS, tĭs. *part. See* POSSUM. Used also adj. 1. *Potent, powerful.* Fatā pĕr Æneæ juro dextramquĕ pŏtentem. *V.* ∾ ăvis ătăvisquĕ. *V.* Tanto ∾-ĭŏr. *O.* [¶ Vălens, pollens, vălĭdŭs.] Phr. *Cui summā rerum pŏtestas. See* IMPERO, REX. 2. *Used subst.* m. *The great, the powerful of the earth; the principal and leading persons in a state.* Plebi miscerĕ ∾-es. *L.* [¶ Prŏcĕres, &c.] 3. *Potent in effect.* Herbā ∾ ăd ŏpem. *O.* [¶ Præsens, efficax.] 4. With gen. *Having power over any thing, master of, ruler of.* ∾ nimborum tempestatumquĕ. *V.* frugum (Divā). *O.* lyræ (Musā). *H.* [¶ Dŏmĭnŭs *or* dŏmĭnā, arbĭtĕr.] Hence—5. ∾ sŭi *or* mentĭs. *One in self-possession, in his sound senses;* ∾ sŭi = also, *master of himself, and at his own disposal.* Sanŭs mentĭsquĕ ∾. *O.* ∾ sŭi lætŭsquĕ. *H.* [¶ Compŏs; arbĭtrĭo sŭo degens.] 6. *Having attained* or *accomplished; in possession of.* ∾ voti. *O.* incepti; munĕrĭs. *V. Fl.* pacĭs. *Pl.* [¶ Compŏs, pŏtĭtŭs.] 7. *Of weight, important.* Causā ∾. *O.* [¶ Grăvĭs.]

PŎTENTĔR. *In proportion to one's powers.* Cui lectā pŏtentĕr ĕrĭt res. *H.*

PŎTENTĬA, æ. *f.* 1. *Power* (of rule, sway, &c.). Ludĭt ĭn humanis divinā pŏtentĭā rebŭs. *O.* Cui rerum fŭit promissā ∾. *O.* Natĕ, mĕā magnā ∾. *V.* *See* POTESTAS. 2. *Potency, efficacy.* Herbarum ∾. *O.* [¶ Vis, virtus.]

PŎTESSĔ (*from* pote *and* esse). *Lr. Cic. Arat. and* POTESSEM. *Lucil.*, PŎTESSIM. *Lucil.*, *or* PŎTISSIM. *Cat.*, &c., *anc. for* Possĕ, Possim, &c. (The use of these anc. forms is ordinarily inadmissible.)

PŎTESTAS, atĭs. *f.* 1. *A power, a great quantity.* Et sĭmŭl argenti pondus, plumbiquĕ pŏtestas. *Lr.* [¶ Vis.] 2. *Power, means, opportunity, leave* (of acting). ∾ (navem) dextrā affectarĕ. *V.* flerĕ. *L.* [¶ Pŏtentĭā, coplĭā, făcultas, vis.] 3. *Efficacy, virtue.* Scirĕ ∾-es herbarum. *V.* [¶ Pŏtentĭā, vis, virtus.] 4. *Power; power of sway* or *of office.* Cui tantā concessā ∾? *V.* Hŏmĭnum divumquĕ æternā ∾. *V.* Omnĭs ∾ impăti̇ens consortĭs ĕrĭt. *L.* [¶ Pŏtentĭā, impĕrĭum; *sts.* hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos, dignĭtas, munŭs.] Ep. Amplā, immensā, magnā, summā. Crol. Rerum culmĕn. *See* IMPERIUM.

PŎTESTŬR. *anc. and obs. pass. form from* Possum = pŏtest. Quod tămĕn expleri nulla rătĭonĕ pŏtestŭr. *Lr.*

POTIO, onĭs. *f.* (POTIŎ. *J.*) 1. *The act of drinking;* us. *a drink, a draught; any thing to drink.* [¶ Potŭs, pocŭlum, haustŭs.] 2. Sp. *A medicated potion.* *H.*

PŎTĬŎR, ĭtŭs sum, iri (*more us.* PŎTĬTŬR, PŎTĬMŬR, *and* PŎTĔRĔTŬR, PŎTĔRĔMŬR, *as if of the third conj.*). 1. *To get possession of, be in possession of, to be master of; to have, to enjoy; to benefit by the possession of.* Si vero căpĕre Itălĭam sceptrisquĕ pŏtiri. *V.* Fĕrox sŏlĭo sceptroquĕ pŏtĭtŭr. *O.* Auro Vi pŏtĭtŭr &c. *V.* Dŏmo pŏtĭtŭr nataquĕ Lătini. *O.* Tequĕ tŭis armis, nos te pŏtĕrĕmŭr, ˘Achillĕ. *O.* (*Serv. ad Æ.* 3, 56, rejects *potiris* for 2 p. p. s. Perhaps potĕris, as orĕris from orior.) [¶ Obtĭnĕo, hăbĕo, tĕnĕo, frŭŏr, invado, occŭpo, căpĭo, răpĭo.] Crol. Mĭhĭ arrŏgo *or* vindĭco. Jurĭs mĕi făcĭo. 2. Found with acc. Sceptrā pŏtĭtŭs. *Lr.* *See* FRUOR. 3. ∾ rerum. *To have sovereign power.* ˘Ad summas ŏpes emergĕrĕ, rerumquĕ pŏtiri. *Lr.*

PŎTĬS. *m. f.*; PŎTĔ. *n.*; PŎTĬŎR, ŭs. *comp.*; PŎTISSĬMŬS, ă, um. *superl.* 1. *Able.* Nec tendĕrĕ contra, Illĕ quĭdem hoc cŭpĭens, pŏtĭs est per telā vĭrosquĕ. *V.* *See* POSSUM. 2. Pŏtĕ. *n. Possible.* Si quidquam dici pŏtĕ. *Cat.* Nec devitari letum pŏtĕ quin ŏbĕamŭs. *Lr.* Qua pŏtĕ, quisque In ĕa contĕrĕăt artĕ dĭem. *Pp.* 3. Pŏtĭŏr, ŭs. *Superior, better, preferable.* ∾ pătrĕ. *Cic.* sententĭā. *V.* [¶ Majŏr, mĕlĭŏr, antĕférendŭs.] 4. Pŏtissĭmŭs, ă, um. *The best, chief, principal.* Inter se quæ primā pŏtissĭmăque insĭnuentŭr.

Lr. Tŭă cură pŏtissĭmă Gallŭs. *St.* [† Præcĭpŭŭs, &c.] *See* P.

Pŏtĭŭs. *Rather, better.* Sis tămĕn hoc pŏtĭŭs quam quod prĭŭs essĕ sŏlebas. *O.* [† Mĕlĭŭs, sătĭŭs, măgĭs.]

Poto, as, avi *and* potŭs sum, atum, *and sync.* potum. 1. *To drink.* Et lac concretum cum sanguĭnĕ potăt ĕquino. *V.* Potum vĕnĭunt jŭvenci. *V.* [† Bĭbo, perpoto, haurĭo, &c.] *See* Bibo. 2. *To drink wine. H. See* Vinum. 3. Fig. *To imbibe, absorb.* Potantĭă vellĕrĕ fucum. *H.* ~ sudorem (de vestĕ). *Lr.* [† Bĭbo, combĭbo.] *See* Potus, Potum, Poturus.

Potŏr, orĭs. *m., and* Potrix, icĭs. *f. Pk. A drinker, one given to drink.* Janŭă nocturnis potorum saucĭă rixis. *Pp.* Rhŏdăni ~. *H.* [† Potatŏr, bĭbax, bĭbosŭs.]

Potum. *sup. for* Potatum. Potum -duco, vĕnĭo, ăgo, &c. *To take to water,* or *come to water,* &c. Pascĕ căpellas, Et potum pastas ăgĕ. *V.* ~ vĕnĭunt jŭvenci. *V.* [† ˘Ad pocŭlă vĕnĭo, &c. Poturas (ŏves &c.) ăgo, &c., irĕ jŭbĕo. ˘Ad fontem grĕges compello.]

Poturŭs, ă, um. *part., sync. for* Potaturus, *from* Poto. Gĕlĭdos potură lĭquores. *O.*

Potŭs, ă, um. *part., sync. for* Potatus, *from* Poto. 1. *Drunk, that has been drunk* (of the water, &c.). Quo plus sunt potæ, plus sĭtĭuntŭr ăquæ. *O.* [† Haustŭs, epotŭs; *sts.* potatŭs.] 2. *That has been drinking, drunk* (of the drinker). Pompă: sĕnem potum potă trăhebăt ănŭs. *O.* [† Mădĭdŭs, mădens, ebrĭŭs.] Crel. Largo nectărĕ fusŭs. *See* Ebrius.

Potŭs, us. *m. A drinking, draught.* Qui potus dŭbĭum est sistăt ălatnĕ sĭtim. *O.* [† Potĭo, pocŭlum, haustŭs, lĭquŏr.]

Præ. 1. *Before, in front.* Ipsĕ sĭnu præ se portans. *V.* I præ: sĕquŏr. *Ter.* [† Antĕ.] 2. Præ me fĕro, &c. *To bear before one* (so as to attract attention), *exhibit,* &c.; *make a parade of.* Præ se declarant gaudĭă vultu. *Cat.* Præ se jactant responsă dĕorum. *V.* 3. *In comparison of.* Ausŭs ˘Apŏllĭnĕos præ se contemnĕrĕ cantus. *O.* 4. *Through, because of.* Præ invĭdĭa Nereĭdĕs incrĕpĭtarent. *Pp.* Vivĕrĕ non quĭt præ măcĭe. *Lr.* [† Proptĕr, &c.] *See* P.

Præacutŭs, ă, um. *Very sharp.* Quos ŭbĭ viderunt præăcutæ cuspĭdĭs hastas—(torquerĕ pārantes). *O.*

Præbĕo, es, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To offer, to afford, give.* Dulcem ferrĕ cĭbum, et curvas præberĕ lăterbras. *V.* ~ collă jŭgo. *O.* tectum. *H.* solatĭă; causam frugĭbŭs. *O.* ~-ĕt terră lăbores. *V.* somno sĭlentĭă (nox). *O.* [† Exhĭbĕo, do, præsto, offĕro, porrĭgo, mĭnistro, suppĕdĭto, suffĭcĭo, trĭbŭo, dono, impertĭo.] 2. ~ me. *To show oneself as such and such.* Non ĭtă se præbĕt sĕcundam (fortună). *O.* [† Ostendo, offĕro, præsto, gĕro, hăbĕo.]

Præcanŭs, ă, um. *Grey-headed before the time.* Corpŏrĭs exĭgŭi, præcanum, solĭbŭs aptum. *H.*

Præcedo, ĭs, essi, essum. 1. Intr. *To go before, to precede.* Nec tardum oppĕrĭor, nec præcedentĭbŭs insto. *H.* Famă lŏquax præcessĭt ăd aures. *O.* [† Prægrĕdĭŏr, antĕcedo, antecĕo, præsĕo, præverto, præcurro, prævĕnĭo; *sts.* antĕvŏlo.] Crel. Prævĭŭs -ĕo, antecĕo, incedo, curro. Antĕ -incedo, grădĭŏr, ambŭlo. Cursu præverto, &c. Phr. Post tergă cŏmĭtes rĕlinquĭt. Primŭs ăbĭt. Antĕ omnes longe emĭcăt. 2. Tr. Fig. *To surpass, excel.* ~ tĭtŭlos priscæ famæ. *St.* [† Præcello, præverto, sŭpĕro, vinco, præsto.] *See* Supero.

Præcĕlĕr, ĕrĭs, ĕrĕ. *Very swift.* Sollĭcĭtat tunc amplă vĭros ad præmĭă cursu Præcĕlĕres. *St. See* Celer.

Præcĕlĕro, as. 1. Intr. *To make great haste.* Qua callĕ lătenti Præcĕlĕrant. *St.* 2. Tr. *To get up to by making haste, to overtake.* Præcĕlĕrantquĕ dŭcem. *St.*

Præcello, ĭs. *To excel, to surpass.* Debent nimirum præcellĕrĕ nobĭlĭtatĕ. *Lr. See* Præcedo.

Præcelsŭs, ă, um. *Very high.* Lit. and fig. ~ rupes. *V.* fortună. *St.* [† Altissĭmŭs.] *See* Celsus.

Præceps, ĭpĭtis. 1. *Headlong.* Præceps sĕrĭi spĕcŭla de montis ĭn undas Deferĕrĭr. *V.* ~-ĭtem traxi. *V.* se tecto dĕdĭt. *H.* ˘Ab ĕquo ~ decĭdĭt. *O.* [† Præcĭpĭtatŭs, pronŭs, cădens, missŭs, labens, căducŭs, decĭdŭŭs.] Fig. 2. *Rapid, with headlong rapidity.* ~-ĭtes mĕtŭs ăgĭt. *V.* Non fŭgĭs hinc ~? *V. See* Celer. 3. *Used of things descending swiftly; rushing along* or *carried along precipitately.* ~-ĭtem currum æquŏrĕ lăvĭt (sol). *V.* ~ amnis; ventŭs. *O.* 4. *Impetuous, precipitate.* ~ ănĭmi Tmărŭs. *V.* 5. *Precipitous;* used also subst. = *a precipice.* ~-ĭtes fossæ. *O.* ~ ĭtĕr. *O.* Turrim ĭn præcĭpĭti stantem. *V. See* Præruptus. Hence fig.—6. *Dangerous, critical;* used also subst. = *a precipice of danger; a critical moment, critical circumstances.* In tam præcĭpĭti tempŏrĕ ferrĕt ŏpem. *O.* Lĕvarĕ ægrum ex præcĭpĭti. *H.* Omne ĭn præcĭpĭti vĭtĭum stĕtĭt. *J.* Sŭbĭti præceps jŭvĕnilĕ pĕricli. *St.*

Præceptŏr, orĭs. *m. A teacher, master.* Di præceptorem sancti vŏlŭĕrĕ pārentis Essĕ lŏco. *J.* ~ ămorĭs. *O.* [† Măgistĕr, &c.] *See* M.

Præceptum, i. *n.* 1. *A precept, lesson.* Mox ĕtĭam pectus præceptis formăt ămicis. *H.* Vitæ ~-ă bĕatæ. *H.* [† Mandatum, lex.] 2. *Advice, direction, command.* ~-ă Dĕum sĕcuti; făcessĕrĕ. *V.* [† Mandatum, jussum, jussŭs, mŏnĭtŭs, &c.]

Præcerpo, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To gather before the time.* Quis tĭbĭ permisit nostras præcerpĕrĕ messes? *O.* 2. *To pluck off in front; to pluck, gather.* Nĭvĕam ~ frondem. *St. See* Seco, Carpo.

Præcido, ĭs, di, sum. 1. *To cut off in front, to cut off.* Ni sŭbĭto mĕdĭum cĕlĕri præcĭdĕrĭt ictu. *Lr. See* Seco. 2. *To cut short, bring soon to an end.* Maturato ~-ĭt vespĕrĕ lucem (umbrĕ). *L.* [† Rescindo, tollo, ădĭmo, aufĕro.] *See* Præcisus.

Præcingo, ĭs, xi, ctum. 1. *To gird, gird round, encircle.* Fulvo cervix præcingĭtŭr auro. *O.* Præcincti florĕ căpilli. *O.* ~ littŏrĕ muro. *Sil.* [† Cingo, &c.] *See* Circumdo. 2. *Used of the wear of the upper robe* (that was girded round the waist). Dĕt tŭnĭcam lŏcŭples: ĕgŏ te ~ possum (*I can give you the upper robe*). *M.* Altĭŭs ac nos præcincti (*girded better for speed,* i.e. *nimbler*). *H. See* Vestio. 3. *Armed.* ~-ĭtŭr ensĕ vĭatŏr. *O. See* Accingo.

Præcĭno, ĭs, nŭi, centum. 1. Intr. *To sing before, sing first;* sp. *of magic incantations.* Carmĭnĕ quum măgĭco præcĭnŭissĕt ănŭs. *Tib. See* Præcantatrix. 2. Tr. *To predict.* Lucos præcĭnŭissĕ fŭgam. *Tib. See* Prædico.

Præcĭpĭo, ĭs, epi, eptum. 1. *To seize, get hold of first* or *beforehand; to pre-occupy, anticipate.* Cĕlĕres neu præcĭpĭ Parcas. *V.* ˘Odŏr făcĭlĕ insĭnŭatŭr ĭn cĕrĕbrum, nĭsi ăquam antĕ præcepĭmŭs. *Lr.* ~ ĭtĕr. *L.* ˘Ad possessă præceptăquĕ gaudĭă vĕnirĕ (serĭŭs). *O.* Si lac ~-ĕrĭt æstŭs. *V.* ~ cĕlĕres Parcas. *St.* fŭgam ejs (de mortĕ). *O.* [† Prævĕnĭo, præverto, occŭpo; *sts.* opprĭmo.] 2. *To anticipate, form an idea of beforehand, forecast.* ~ spe hostem; omnĭă atquĕ ănĭmo pārarĕ. *V.* 3. *To order, prescribe.* ~ nŭmĕrumquĕ mŏdumquĕ cărinis. *V.* [† Præscribo, mando, edico, impĕro.] 4. *To teach, give instruction.*

~ nandi artem. *O.* [† Dŏcĕo, erŭdĭo, monstro.] *See* DOCEO. **5.** With inf. Sunt qui ~-ant herbas sumĕrĕ. *O. See* JUBEO.

PRÆCĬPĬTANTĔR. *In all haste.* Currĭt ăgens mannos ad villam præcĭpĭtantĕr. *Lr.*

PRÆCĬPĬTO, as. **1.** *To throw down headlong, to precipitate;* fig. *to destroy.* Aut pĕlăgo Dănăum insĭdĭas suspectăquĕ donă Præcĭpĭtarĕ jŭbent &c. *V.* Saxis ~-andă dări. *O.* ~ spem mĕam festinando. *O.* [† Dejĭcĭo, deturbo, exturbo, detrudo, excŭtĭo, mitto.] **Crol.** Præcĭpĭtem –ăgo, ădĭgo, impello, mitto, projĭcĭo, deturbo, excŭtĭo. ˘In præceps ăgo, &c. Ex alto –dejĭcĭo, detrudo. **2.** Intr. Præcĭpĭto = præcĭpĭto me, *and pass. as middle,* PRÆCIPITOR. *To fall headlong, to cast oneself down headlong.* Grandĭnĕ nimbi ĭn vădă ~-ant. *V.* Nox cœlo ~-ăt. *V.* Pondĕrĕ . . . ex sŭpĕro ~-ant. *Lr.* ˘In ăquas *or* ăquis ~-atŭr (astrum *or* stellă), *O.* [† Cădo, decĭdo, labŏr, rŭo, &c.] **Crol.** Me jăcĭo. Me do præcĭpĭtem. Me præceps *or* præcĭpĭtem mitto. Præceps –cădo, corrŭo, ăgŏr, volvŏr, rŭo, &c. Præceps (ĭn præceps) –cădo, fĕrŏr, &c. **Phr.** Corpŏrĕ saltu jăcĭebant. Se jactu dĕdĕrunt ĭn &c. Præceps se toto corpŏrĕ misĭt ăd &c. P. saltu sese dĕdĭt ĭn &c. Præcĭpĭti se jăcŭlatŭs est pondĕrĕ. *See* CADO. Fig. **3.** *To hurry, urge along, carry one away.* Fŭrŏr irăquĕ mentem ~-ant. *V.* [† Urgĕo, impello.] **4.** *To hurry on, hasten, hurry forward,* tr. ~ sĕnĭs dĭem; publĭcă factă. *L.* consultă vĭri. *Sil.* [† Festino, prŏpĕro, urgĕo, corrĭpĭo.] **5.** ~ –mŏras, tempŭs, &c. *To cut short delay. V. See* FESTINO. **6.** Intr. *To hurry off, depart with all speed.* Non fŭgĭs hinc præceps, dum ~ pŏtestas? *V.* **7.** With inf. Sŏcĭis dărĕ tempŭs humandis ~-ant curæ. *V.*

PRÆCĬPŬE. *Principally, especially.* Præcĭpŭe dum frons tĕnĕra imprudensquĕ lăborum. *V.* ~ plăcerĕ. *O.* [† Præsertim, imprimis, cumprimis, maxĭme.] **Crol.** Antĕ omnes *or* omnĭă.

PRÆCĬPŬUS, ă, um. *Especial, foremost, eminent; greatest, first-rate.* Ipsis præcĭpŭos ductorĭbŭs addĭt hŏnores. *V.* ~-um accĭpĭt Ænean. *V.* frigŭs. ~-æ artĭs ŏpŭs. *O.* [† Maxĭmŭs, egrĕgĭŭs, exĭmĭŭs, insignĭs, præstans, primŭs, pŏtissĭmŭs; *sts.* optĭmŭs.]

PRÆCISUS, ă, um. *part. See* PRÆCIDO. **1.** *Cut off in front.* Trinăcrĭa Itălĭa tantum præcisă rĕcessĭt. *Man. See* SECTUS. **2.** *Steep, precipitous.* ~-is undĭquĕ saxis. *V. See* PRÆRUPTUS.

PRÆCLARUS, ă, um. **1.** *Very bright, brilliant.* Præclarum cœli restinguĕrĕ solem. *Lr.* ~ hăspĭs. *J.* [† Clarŭs, lucĭdŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, &c.] **2.** *Illustrious, famous.* ~ urbs; stirps; bello gens. *V.* [† Clarŭs, egrĕgĭŭs, exĭmĭŭs, præstans, conspĭcŭŭs, nobĭlis, pulchĕr, &c.] *See* CELEBER. **3.** *Magnificent, costly.* ~ funŭs. *O.* [† Divĕs, lŏcŭples, lautŭs, &c.]

PRÆCLUDO, ĭs, usi, usum. *To shut before* or *in the face of* (= against), *to shut up, to block up.* ~ clausu portus. *L.* omnĭă hospĭtĭs effŭgĭo. *O.* Vocĭs usŭs ~-ĭtŭr. *O.* [† Claudo, occludo, obstrŭo, impĕdĭo, prŏhĭbĕo, cŏercĕo, &c.] *See* CLAUDO.

PRÆCO, onĭs. *m. A common or public crier.* Victorem magna præconis vocĕ Clŏanthum Declarăt. *V.*

PRÆCOGNĬTUS, ă, um. *Previously known.* Quam bĕnĕ matĕrĭes stĕtĕrit præcognĭtă rerum. *Manil.*

PRÆCOMPŎSĬTUS, ă, um. *part. from obs.* Præcompono. *Set, arranged beforehand.* Cum præcompŏsĭto nuntĭŭs orĕ vĕnĭt. *O. See* COMPOSITUS.

PRÆCONĬUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *The office of the public crier. Pl.;* hence gen. *a proclaiming, publishing, open telling.* ~-ă casus pĕrăgĕrĕ; vŏlŭcrĭs famæ. *O.* **2.** Us. pl. *Praise published to the world; a celebration in praise.* ~-ă vitæ dărĕ. *L.* rerum pĕrăgĕrĕ. *O.* ˘Ad tantæ laudĭs ~-ă sătĭs essĕ. *Tib. See* LAUS.

PRÆCONSUMO, ĭs. *To spend* or *waste beforehand.* Atquĕ sŭas ĭbĭ præconsumĕrĕ vires. *O.*

PRÆCONTRECTO, as. *To handle beforehand. O.* Lit. and fig.

PRÆCORDĬA, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *The heart, the breast.* Tum clypĕo gĕnĭbusquĕ prĕmens præcordĭă duris. *O.* [† Viscĕră, cŏr, pectŭs, pulmo.] **2.** Fig. *The heart.* Rĕdĭt ĭn ~-ĭă virtus. *V.* ~-ĭă ăpĕrirĕ (de vino). *H.* mutarĕ. *Pp.* tangĕrĕ. *O. See* ANIMUS.

PRÆCORRUMPO, ĭs. *To corrupt beforehand. O.*

PRÆCOX, ŏcĭs; PRÆCŎQUĬS, ĕ, *and* PRÆCŎQUUS, ă, um. **1.** *Ripe before the time.* Insĭtă præcŏcĭbus subrepĕrĕ Persĭcă prunis. *Calp.* (Alii, *procoquibus.*) ~ ficŭs. *Col.* Sementĕ sera, sivĕ multum præcŏqua. *Aus.* [† Præmaturŭs.] **2.** Fig. *Precocious, premature.* Letum præcŏquĭs fati ferrĕ. *Sen.* ~ pugnă. *Enn.* fŭgă. *Lucil.* mŏdestĭă. *St.* [† Præmaturŭs, prŏpĕratŭs, festinatŭs.]

PRÆCULTUS, ă, um. *Much ornamented.* Sacro præcultă sŭpervĕnĭt auro. *St.*

PRÆCURRO, ĭs, curri *and* cŭcurri, rsum. **1.** Intr. *To run before, to go before quickly. Pl.* [† Præcedo, prægrĕdĭŏr, &c.] *See* PRÆCEDO. **2.** Tr. *To get before, to be in advance of, to prevent, outstrip.* ~ pătrĭam rŭentem (fato). *Sen.* fată. *Sil.* [† Præcedo, præverto, prævĕnĭo, occŭpo.] **3.** *To surpass, excel.* ~ reges vita (bĕata). *H.* [† Præcello, &c.] *See* SUPERO.

PRÆCŬTĬO, ĭs. *To shake, wave before.* Accensas præcŭtĭt antĕ făces. *Pp.*

PRÆDĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *Spoil, booty taken in war.* Prædam asservabant: huc undĭquĕ Troĭă gazăă &c. *V.* ~-a spŏlĭisquĕ pŏtiri. *V.* [† Spŏlĭă, exŭvĭæ.] **Ep.** Bellĭcă, hostilĭs, ŏpimă, ŏpŭlentă, divĕs, raptă, crŭentă, sperată, optată. *See* SPOLIUM. **2.** *Any kind of booty. V.* [† Răpină, raptum.] *See* PRÆDOR. **3.** *Game taken in hunting* or *fishing; a 'find' of any kind,* &c. Lit. and fig. ~ bĕnignă lĕpŭs. *O.* ~-am ostendĭt (de pectĭnĕ). *Ph.* Mĕă ~, pŭellæ. *O.* **4.** *The prey of carnivorous animals.* Cănĭbŭs dătă ~ . . . allĭbŭsquĕ (Eurŭălŭs). *V.* Cervŭs ~ cănum est. *O.* [† Pabŭlum.] **5.** *Gain made* (in business, &c.). Non Vĕnĕrem, sĕd ~-am sæcŭlă laudant. *Tib. See* LUCRUM.

PRÆDATOR, orĭs. *m., and* PRÆDATRIX, icĭs. *f. St.* **1.** *A robber, plunderer; used also of birds, beasts,* &c. Prædatorĭs ĕqui sĕquĭtur vestigĭă tigrĭs. *St.* ~ nĕfandŭs. *St.* pĕdĭbŭs ŏbuncis. *O.* [† Raptŏr, prædo, fur.] **2.** *A hunter.* ˘Abas ~ ăprorum. *O.* **3.** *Greedy of gain. Tib.*

PRÆDELASSO, as. *To tire out beforehand.* Frangĭt, ĕt incursus quæ prædelassăt ăquarum. *O.*

I. PRÆDĬCO, as. **1.** *To say plainly, to say before any body; to make publicly known.* Hoc te amplĭus bĭbĭssĕ prædĭcet ĭoti. *Cat.* [† Dico, mĕmŏro, rĕfĕro, pronuntĭo, &c.] *See* DICO *and* DICO. Hence—**2.** *To talk much of, to boast of. Ter.* [† Laudo, jacto, vendĭto.] **3.** Eccl. *To preach.* Antistes prædĭcăt undĕ Dĕum (trĭbunăl). *Prud.*

II. PRÆDĬCO, ĭs, ixi, ictum. **1.** *To say first of all, as of most importance; to advise, enjoin.* Unum illud tĭbĭ, natĕ dĕa, proque omnĭbŭs unum Prædicam, et rĕpĕtens ĭtĕrumque ĭtĕrumquĕ mŏnĕo. *V. See* MONEO. **2.** Us. *To foretel, predict, say beforehand.* Mĕmĭni ~ quercus. *V.* ~ luctus (ci). *V.* dŭcĕ dĕo. *O.* [† Præcĭno, căno, prænuntĭo, augŭrŏr, vatĭcĭnŏr, præmŏnĕo, præmonstro, præsagĭo, omĭnŏr, nuntĭo, denuntĭo, mŏnĕo, monstro, portendo, prodo, ăpĕrĭo,

pando, rĕsĕro; *sts.* præfari.] **Crel.** Fŭtŭrĕ *or* venturĕ –cĕno, mŏnĕo, ăpĕrĭo, expĕdĭo, pando, nuntĭo, denuntĭo, &c. Fatĭ præmŏnĕo. Casus fŭturos ăpĕrĭo. Do signĕ *or* præsagĭĭ. Fatis fŭturis orĕ ăpĕrĭo. Omĭnĕ cĕno. Horrendĭ mŏnĕo. Divino sŏno vatĭcĭnŏr. *See* AUGURIUM.

PRÆDICTUM, i. *n. A prediction. V. See* ORACULUM.

PRÆDISCO, ĭs, ĭdĭci. *To learn, to know beforehand.* Vărĭum cœli ~ morem. *V.*

PRÆDĬTUS, ă, um. 1. *Furnished, provided with.* Cernis quo prædĭtĕ cultu Œdĭpŏdæ magni vĕnĭo nŭrŭs. *St.* [¶ Instructŭs, ornatŭs.] 2. *Endued with.* Divino ~-ĕ sensu. *Lr.* ~ ingĕnĭo. *Ter.* [¶ Ornatŭs, auctŭs, præstans, pollens.]

PRÆDIUM, ĭi. *n. A farm, an estate in land.* Cănŭsĭ dŭŏ prædĭĭ divĕs &c. *H.* ˘Ītăla tellurĕ dăturŭs (Cæsăr). *H.* [¶ Fundŭs, ăgri, jugĕrĭ, prædĭŏlum.]

PRÆDIVĔS, ĭtĭs. *Very rich.* Jam vero in tectis, prædivĭtĭs urbĕ Lătini. *V.* [¶ Ditissĭmŭs.] *See* DIVES.

PRÆDO, onĭs. *m.* 1. *A robber, plunderer.* Lit. and fig. Incĭdĭt acrem Prædonum in turbam. *H.* ~ vŏlŭcrum (acclpĭtĕr). *M.* [¶ Lătro, prædatŏr, fur, grassatŏr, raptŏr; răpax.] *See* FUR. 2. Sp. *Of the abductor and ravisher.* Abducta virgĭnĕ ~. *V.* [¶ Raptŏr.]

PRÆDŎR, arĭs. 1. *To pillage, plunder, make booty.* Virgĭnĕas præder sĭ Cecrŏpĭs arces. *V. Fl.* [¶ Deprædŏr, furŏr, răpĭo, erĭpĭo, dirĭpĭo, abrĭpĭo, compilo, expilo, spŏlĭo, invado, pŏpŭlo, pŏpŭlŏr, depŏpŭlo.] **Crel.** Prædas –ăgo, ăblgo, răpĭo, aufĕro, averto, verto, comporto, convĕho, convecto, lĕgo, abstrăho. Vi prædas quæro. Insŭlĭis excĭpĭo. Furtum făcĭo *or* admitto. Furto subduco. Rapto vivo. **Phr.** ˘Opes tollĭt, quascunquĕ pŏtest. Convectarĕ jŭvăt prædas. Raptas prædas ăd littŏrĕ vertĭt. Rĕclusis stăbŭlis armentĭ răpĭt. Dăt stantem urbem ĭn prædas. *See* SPOLIUM, FUR. 2. *To prey, seize as prey* (speaking of animals). ~ lŭpos jussĭt. *V.* ŏves. *O.* 3. *To catch fish.* Pisces cĕlĭmo ~. *Pp.* ~-antĭŭs hamis lăcus exhaurirĕ. *Sil.* [¶ Căpĭo.] Fig. 4. *To take secretly away, carry off by stealth, as it were.* Singŭlĭ de nobis anni ~-antŭr ĕuntes. *H.* Prædatĭ est femĭnĭ sensus mĕos. *Pp.* [¶ Furŏr, subduco, aufĕro.] 5. *To consume, feed upon.* Flammĭ ~-atŭr dăpes. *Sen.* [¶ Pŏpŭlo, absumo.]

PRÆDUCO, ĭs, xi, ctum. *To draw before* or *in front of.* Aut fossas instant præducĕrĕ muris. *Sil.* ~ nubĭlĭ menti. *St.* n. Phœbo. *L. See* OBDUCO.

PRÆDULCĬS, ĕ. *Very sweet, very pleasant.* ~ dĕcŭs. *V.* [¶ Dulcissĭmŭs.] *See* DULCIS.

PRÆDURŬS, ă, um. *Very hard.* Corpŏrĭque agresti nudat prædurĭ pălæstra. *V.* ~ vĭrĭbŭs. *V.* lăbŏr. *V. Fl. See* DURUS.

PRÆĔO, is, irĕ. *To go before, to precede.* Lit. and fig. Jamquĕ nŏvi prĕĕsunt fasces, nŏvĭ purpŭrĭ fulgĕt. *O.* Nec tota tămĕn illĕ prĭor prĕĕsŭntĕ cărina. *V.* [¶ Præcedo, præcurro, &c.] *See* PRÆCEDO. [*St.* has the first syllable long in *Th.* 6, 519.]

PRÆFARĬS, ari. *from obs.* Præfor. 1. *To say first* or *beforehand, to premise.* Planctuque et longis præfata tŭlŭlatĭbŭs infĭt. *St.* [¶ Prælŏquŏr.] 2. *To invoke beforehand.* Præfatŭs divos, sŏlĭo sic infĭt ăb alto. *V.* 3. *To announce.* ~ pacem ostensa ŏliva. *St. See* NUNTIO. 4. *To predict. Cat. See* PRÆDICO.

PRÆFATIŎ, onĭs. *f. A preface.* Perfrixissĕ tŭas questa est præfatĭŏ voces. *M.*

PRÆFECTURĂ, æ. *f. The office of president, superintendent,* &c. Præfectŭrĕ dŏmus Sĭcŭla non mitĭŏr aula. *J.*

PRÆFECTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PRÆFICIO. 1. *Set over, presiding over.* Conscĭĭ sit Juno, sacris præfectĭ măritis. *O.* [¶ Præpŏsĭtŭs.] 2. Used subst. *m. A superintendent,* &c. [¶ Præsĕs; *sts.* rectŏr, princeps, præsŭl.] 3. Sp. *A civil and also military officer among the Romans.*

PRÆFĔRO, fers, tŭli, latum, ferrĕ. 1. *To bear, carry before* or *in front.* Munĕrĭ præfĕrĭmus, nomen pătrĭamquĕ dŏcemŭs. *V.* ~ mănŭbŭs vittas. *V.* infaustas făces. *O.* [¶ Præporto.] *See* PORTO. 2. *To indicate, show; to profess, announce.* ~ flebĭles nŏtas. *Sen.* ămorem. *O.* Frons hŏmĭnem præfert. *V.* [¶ Ostendo, indĭco, præbĕo, &c.] **Crel.** Præ me fĕro. 3. Sts. *To offer, to bring.* ~ ŏpem. *St.* [¶ Affĕro, confĕro.] 4. *To prefer, give preference to.* Ungi ~ Herodĭs palmetis. *H.* ~-ăr Ascræo Mæŏnĭoquĕ sĕni. *O. See* PRÆPONO.

PRÆFESTINO, as. *To make great* or *too much haste; to hasten,* tr. Ictu Præfestinato munŭs ĭnanĕ pĕtăt. *O.*

PRÆFICIO, ĭs, feci, fectum. *To set over, appoint to preside over.* Sed me quum lucis Hecate præfecĭt ˘Avernis. *V.* [¶ Præpono.] **Crel.** Impĕrĭum –do, trĭbŭo, permitto. Curam mando. Rĕgendum trado *or* committo. Impĕrĭo –subjĭcĭo, trado, permitto. Regnum ĭn &c. permitto.

PRÆFIGO, ĭs, xi, xum. 1. *To fix* or *fasten before, to prefix.* Lit. and fig. Pacem orarĕ mănu, præfigĕrĕ puppĭbŭs armă. *V.* ~ căpĭtĭ ĭn hastis. *V.* (By hypall.) ~ orĕ ferratis căpistris. *V. See* FIGO. 2. *To transfix, pierce.* ~ lătŭs veru. *Tib. See* FIGO.

PRÆFLŬO, ĭs. *To flow before* or *by.* Sed quæ Tibŭr ăquæ fertĭlĭ præflŭunt. *H.* [¶ Præterflŭo, præterlabŏr, prælabŏr, prænăto, allŭo, lambo, prælambo, allambo; *sts.* stringo, mordĕo.]

PRÆFOCO, as. *To choke.* Præfocent ănĭmæ Gnossĭĭ mellĭ vĭam. *O. See* SUFFOCO.

PRÆFŎDĬO, ĭs. 1. *To dig before* or *in front of.* Præfŏdĭunt ălĭi portas &c. *V. See* FODIO. 2. *To dig in previously* (bury). Quŏd jam ~-ĕrat aurum. *O.*

PRÆFŎR (*obs.*). *See* PRÆFARIS.

PRÆFORMO, as. *To form beforehand, to predispose.* Præformat dictis, fingitquĕ mŏnendo. *Sil.*

PRÆFRACTŬS, ă, um. *part. of* Præfringo. *Broken off before* or *above,* or *at the end.* Pinum præfractum misĭt ĭn hostem. *O.* ~-ă lignă. *Lr. See* FRANGO.

PRÆFRIGĬDŬS, ă, um. *Very cold.* Et tĕpĭdus bŏrĕas, et sit præfrigĭdŭs austĕr. *O.* [¶ Egĕlĭdŭs.] *See* FRIGIDUS.

PRÆFULGĔO, es. *To shine forth* or *very brightly.* Pellĭs præfulgens dentĭbŭs aureis. *V.* Nĭtŏr smăragdi collo ~-ĕt. *Ph. See* FULGEO.

PRÆFULGŬRO, as. 1. *To flash* or *lighten forth.* Multoquĕ lătus præfulgŭrăt auro. *St. See* FULGURAT. 2. Tr. *To flash through* (something) *with light.* ~ vĭas ensĕ. *V. Fl.*

PRÆFŬRO, ĭs. *To rage greatly. St.* (Fŭro.) [¶ Perfŭro.] *See* FURO.

PRÆGĔLĬDŬS, ă, um. *Very cold, very cool and fresh.* Quos in prægĕlĭdis duratos Hernĭcă rivis Mittebant. *Sil.*

PRÆGESTĬO, is. *To desire greatly, long for.* Qui, dum ălĭquid cŭplens ănĭmus prægestĭt ăpisci. *Cat.* Ludĕrĕ cum vĭtŭlis ~-ens. *H. See* ARDEO.

PRÆGNANS, tĭs. 1. *Pregnant.* Cissĕĭs prægnans ignes enixă jŭgales. *V.* [¶ Grăvĭdă, grăvĭs; *sts.* părĭens, partŭrĭens, fetă.] *See* PARTURIO. 2. Fig. *Of any thing large, full, and swollen.* Tĕnŭi prægnanti stamĭnĕ fusum. *J.* ~ cŭcurbĭtă. *Col.* [¶ Grăvĭdŭs, fetŭs, plenŭs, turgĭdŭs, rŏtundŭs.]

PRÆGRANDĬS, ĕ. *Very great. Pers.*

Prægrăvĭdŭs, ă, um, *and* **Prægrăvis**, ĕ. *Very heavy.* Molis prægrăvĭdæ castigat pulvĕrĕ lapsus. *St.* Prægrăvĕ, compressa faucĕ, pĕpendĭt ŏnŭs. *O.* *See* Gravis.

Prægrăvo, as. 1. *To weigh heavily on, weigh down.* Corpŭs ŏnustum Hesternis vĭtĭis ănĭmum quŏquĕ prægrăvăt una. *H.* *See* Gravo. 2. *To depress, bear* or *keep down.* ∾ artes Infra se pŏsĭtas. *H.* [? Prĕmo.]

Prægrĕdĭŏr, ĕrĭs, essŭs sum. *To go before, to precede.* Lit. and fig. Vĭrum sĕqueris? Prægrĕdi castæ sŏlent. *Sen.* Prægressă diem (famă). *St.* Jŭvĕnis prægressŭs ăvos. *St.* *See* Præcedo.

Prægusto, as. 1. *To taste first,* or *the first.* *O.* ∾ poctŭlă. *J.* extă. *Ph.* [? Prælibo.] 2. *To take* (drink) *beforehand.* ∾ Pontĭcă mĕdĭcamĭnă victi regis (*antidotes against poisons*). *J.*

Prælabŏr, ĕrĭs, lapsŭs sum. 1. *To flow before* or *by.* Quam juxta Lethes tăcĭtus prælabĭtŭr amnis. *L.* [? Præfluo, &c.] *See* P. 2. *To pass close by* (in sailing, driving, &c.—with acc.). ∾ rŏtis flumĭnă Pisæ. *V.* littŏră ĕt tŭmŭlos Ili. *V. Fl.*

Prælambo, ĭs. 1. *To lick* or *taste first.* Fungĭtŭr offĭcĭis, prælambens omnĕ quŏd affert. *H.* 2. *To flow close by, touch, wash in its course.* Liquŏr ărenas ∾ ĭt. *Sil.* *See* Lambo, Præfluo.

Prælargŭs, ă, um. *Very large and full.* Grande ălĭquid, quod pulmo ănĭmæ prælargŭs ănhelĕt. *Pers.*

Prælatŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Præfero. *Preferred.* O pătrĭæ prælatĕ mĕæ, prælatĕ pārenti. *O.*

Prælĕgo, ĭs, egi, ectum. *To read out* (as a teacher to pupils). Nec quos prælĕgăt in schŏla măgistĕr. *M.* *See* Lego.

Prælibo, as. *To taste first, beforehand.* Lit. and fig. Carĕ pŭer, sŭpĕris qui prælibarĕ vĕrendum Nectăr &c. *St.* Vultus ac pectŏrĕ ∾-ăt visu. *St.* [? Prægusto.] *See* Libo.

Prælongŭs, ă, um. *Very long.* *Lr.*

Prælucĕo, es, xi. 1. *To give light before* or *in front.* Præluxerĕ făces, velarunt flammĕă vultus. *M.* 2. With dat. *To give light to.* Sæpĕ nătanti præluxi. *St.* *See* Illustro. 3. Fig. *To outshine.* ∾ Baiis. *H.* [? Prænĭtĕo, præcello, &c.]

Præludo. *See* Proludo.

Prælum, *or* **Prelum**, i. *n.* *A wine-* or *oil-press.* Colăquĕ prælorum fumosis derĭpĕ tectis. *V.* ∾-is elisă Fălernis (vină). *Pp.* Ep. Stridens, spumans, udum, uvĭdum, flŭens, manans.

Prælustrĭs, ĕ. *Very bright.* *O.*

Præmaturŭs, ă, um. *Not yet ripe; untimely, premature.* Ad præmaturas sĕgĕtum jejună răpinas. *L.* ∾-i cĭnĕres. *J.* *See* Immaturus.

Præmĕdĭcatŭs, ă, um. *Protected by antidotes already taken.* Issĕt ănhelatos non præmĕdĭcatŭs In ignes Æsŏnĭdes. *O.*

Præmĕdĭtŏr, arĭs. *To premeditate, to think of* or *plan beforehand.* Effŭgĕre illorumque errorem præmĕdĭtamŭr. *Lr.*

Præmĕtŭo, ĭs. Tr. and intr. *To fear beforehand* or *greatly.* At mens sĭbĭ conscĭă recti, Præmĕtŭens, ădhĭbet stĭmŭlos. *Lr.* Deserti conjŭgĭs iras ∾-ens. *V.* ∾-ens dŏli. *Ph.* *See* Timeo.

Præmitto, ĭs, isi, issum. *To send on before, send forward.* Răpĭdum ad naves præmittĭt ˘Achaten. *V.*

Præmium, ii. *n.* 1. *Any gain got; booty, game killed,* &c. Rapta vestĕ præmĭă ferrĕ. *Tib.* ∾-ă călămo *or* cănĕ pĕtĕrĕ. *Pp.* Omnĭă vitai ∾-ă perfructus. *Lr.* [? Commŏdum, prædă, fructŭs; *sts.* spŏlĭă.] 2. *A recompense, return, reward.* ∾-ă non indebĭtă posco. *V.* quantă bŏnos [illegible]ant. *O.* [? Merces, munŭs, donum, prĕtĭum.] Ep. Mĕrĭtum, debĭtum, ingens, amplum, divĕs, ŏpŭlentum, largum, exĭmĭum, magnifĭcum, præclarum, multum, insignĕ, grandĕ, summum, promissum, æquum. Crcl. Lĭbŏris *or* lăborum –merces, præmĭă, fructŭs, hŏnos. Mĕrĭti (facti) præmĭă. ˘Opĕris merces. 3. *A prize in contests.* ˘Olympĭăcæ ∾-ă palmæ. *V.* [? Munŭs, donum.] Crcl. Præmĭă palmæ. Victricis (mĕrĭtæ) præmĭă palmæ. Phr. 1. *To gain a prize, to receive a recompense* or *reward.* Mercedem (præmĭă) –fĕro, rĕfĕro, consĕquŏr, căpio, accĭpio, hăbĕo, duco. Præmĭă mĭhĭ sunt *or* adsunt. Phr. 2. *To bestow a prize,* &c. Præmĭă –do, præsto, solvo, persolvo, reddo. Munĕrĕ dono. *See* Dono. Phr. 3. *To propose a prize,* &c. Præmĭă –pono, propono, stătŭo, pāro.

Præmŏnĕo, es. *To forewarn, predict.* Fatăquĕ vocales præmŏnŭissĕ bŏves. *Tib.* *See* Prædico.

Præmŏnĭtŭs, us. *m.* *A forewarning.* Non vincĕrĕ fată Præmŏnĭtus pŏtŭĕrĕ dĕum. *O.* *See* Monitum.

Præmonstro, as. *To show beforehand.* Currenti spătĭum præmonstra, callĭdă Musă. *Lr.* [? Monstro, dŏcĕo.]

Præmordĕo, es. 1. *To bite off from the fore-part.* Hærentem guttŭrĕ linguam Præmordens. *L.* *See* Mordeo. 2. Fig. *To take a part first* (nibble off). Quodcunque est . . . Discĭpŭli custos præmordĕt. *J.*

Præmŏrĭŏr, ĕrĭs, ortŭŭs sum. *To die prematurely, to die first.* Aut ĕgŏ præmŏrĭar, primoque exstinguăr In ævo. *O.* *See* Morior.

Præmortŭŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Præmorior. Used also adj. *Prematurely dead; dead first, already.* Jăcŭĕrĕ vĕlut præmortŭă membră. *O.* *See* Mortuus.

Prænăto, as. 1. *To swim before* or *in front of.* Gĕmĭnoque huic corpŏrĕ Triton Prænătĕt. *St.* *See* Nato. 2. *To flow by* or *near.* Dŏmos qui prænătăt (amnis). *V.* *See* Præfluo.

Prænestĕ, is. *n.*, *and* **Prænestis**, is. *f.* *Pp.* *A town of Latium.* Quique altum Prænestĕ vĭri (cŏlunt). *V.*

Prænestinŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Præneste.* Nec Prænestinæ fundator defŭĭt arcis. *V.*

Prænĭtĕo, es. *To outshine.* Cur tĭbĭ juniŏr Læsa prænĭtĕat fĭde? *H.*

Prænomĕn, ĭnis. *n.* *The name before the family name, to distinguish individuals.* Gaudent prænomĭnĕ molles Aurĭcŭlæ. *H.*

Prænosco, ĭs, ovi, otum. *To know beforehand.* Jamquĕ pārens Lătĭus, cujus prænoscĕrĕ mentem Fas mĭhĭ &c. *St.* ∾ promissum cœlum. *O.* omĭnă. *Sil.* [? Præscisco, præsentĭo.]

Prænubĭlŭs, ă, um. *Very cloudy, very dark.* Stat vĕtŭs et densa prænubĭlŭs arbŏrĕ lucŭs. *O.* *See* Obscurus.

Prænuntĭŭs, ă, um. *Any person* or *thing that announces beforehand.* Et jam Famă vŏlat tanti prænuntĭă luctus. *V.* Cladĭs ∾-ă verbă. *O.* Lucis ∾ alĕs. *O.* *See* Nuntius.

Præopto, *or* **Præopto** (*dissyll.*), as. *To prefer.* Omnĭbŭs his dulcem Thesei præoptarĭt ămorem. *Cat.* *See* Præpono.

Præpando, ĭs. *To open* or *spread before, to lay open before;* fig. *to reveal, make known.* Parnassĭă rupes Hinc atque hinc pătŭla præpandit cornŭă frontĕ. *V.* (*Culex.*) ∾ lumĭnă menti. *Lr.* hiberni tempŏrĭs ortus. *Cic.* (*Arat.*)

Præpăro, as. *To get ready beforehand.* Sulcos et vinetă crĕpat mĕrĕ, præpărăt ulmos. *H.* Bĕnĕ ∾-atum pectŭs. *H.* *See* Paro.

Præpĕdio, is. *To hinder, impede.* Et sŭbĭtus dextræ præpĕdĭt orsă trĕmŏr. *O.* Singultu mĕdĭos ∾-entĕ sŏnos. *O.* *See* Impedio.

Præpendĕo, es. *To hang down before* or *in front.* Quum tŭă præpendent demissæ in pectŭă sertæ. *Pp.*

Præpĕs, ĕtis. *adj.* 1. *Swift of flight.* Præpĕtĭbus pennis ausus se credĕrĕ cœlo. *V.* 2. *Winged.* Telă præpĕtĭs dĕi. *O.* [† Pennatŭs, &c.] *See* Alatus. 3. Used subst. *A bird.* Præpĕs ăduncă Jŏvis. *O. See* Ales. 4. *Used of any rapid motion. Sen. Aus.* ∾-i cursu evŏlarĕ. *Sen. See* Celer.

Præpinguis, ĕ. *Very fat, very fertile.* Præpinguis, tĕrĕs, ovĭpăra congestĭŏr alvo. *Aus.* ∾ sŏlum. *V.*

Præpondĕro, as. *To weigh the most, preponderate.* Lit. and fig. Quærĕrĕ quo tanti præpondĕrĕt alĕă fati. *L.*

Præpono, is, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum *and* ostum. 1. *To place before* or *in front, to put first.* Versus, in prima frontĕ lĭbelli Si præponendos essĕ pŭtabis, hăbe. *O.* ∾ ŏlivam fronti; ultĭmă primis. *H.* [† Prælŏco.] Crel. Antĕ pono *or* stăţŭo. 2. *To put at the head, set over.* ∾ qm exercĭtŭbŭs. *J.* [† Præfĭcio.] 3. *To prefer.* ∾ hŏmĭnes urbemquĕ silvis. *H.* [† Præfĕro, antĕfĕro, antĕpono, malo.] Crel. Pŏtĭŭs duco. Sătĭŭs duco *or* hăbĕo. Plurĭs -făcio, æstĭmo, pendo. Majorĭs pendo. Mihĭ sătĭŭs est.

Præporto, as. *To carry in front* or *before.* Lit. and fig. Telăquĕ præportant, vŏlenti signă fŭrorĭs. *Lr.* Frons ∾-ăt pectŏrĭs iras. *Cat.* [† Præfĕro.]

Præpostĕrŭs, ă, um. *That which is order-reversed, first last, and last first; directly contrary to what should be.* Membrorum ut nunquam exsistat præpostĕrŭs ordo. *Lr.* Omnĭă naturæ ∾-ă legĭbŭs ibunt. *O.* [† Perversŭs, inversŭs, pravŭs.]

Præpŏtens, tis. *Very powerful. Sen.* (Pŏtens.)

Præprŏpĕrantĕr, *and* **Præprŏpĕre.** *Very hastily.* Innŭmĕro nŭmĕro, certarĕquĕ præprŏpĕrantĕr. *Lr.*

Præprŏpĕrŭs, ă, um. *Very hasty, too hasty.* Hastam præprŏpĕro nisu jăcĭt, illă pĕr oras &c. *Sil.* [† Festinŭs, cĕlĕr, &c.]

Præputĭum, ĭi. *n. A foreskin.* Mox et præputĭă ponunt. *J.*

Præquæstŭs, ă, um. *part. of obs.* Præquĕrŏr. *To complain before* or *greatly.* Multăquĕ præquestus: Tanges tămĕn æthĕrĕ, dixĭt. *O.*

Prærădio, as. *To shine forth* or *out,* or *to outshine.* Prærădĭat signis signă mĭnorĕ sŭis. *O.* [† Prælucĕo.] *See* P.

Prærăpĭdŭs, ă, um. *Very rapid.* Fugisse hostilĭă cervi Prærăpĭda pŏtŭerĕ fŭga. *Sil. See* Celer.

Prærĭpio, is, pŭi, eptum. 1. *To seize, try to seize* or *get hold of, first, before others,* or *before the time.* Littŏrĕ præripĕre, et vĕnĭentes pellĕrĕ terra. *V.* Sĭhĭ quisquĕ vĭam ∾-ĭt. *Sil.* ∾ oscŭlă. *Lr.* letum. *Sil.* [† Præcĭpio, occŭpo.] 2. *To take away by force.* ∾ armă Mĭnervæ. *O.* Conjŭgĕ prærepta. *V. See* Rapio.

Prærodo, is. *To gnaw, nibble at.* (Rodo.) Insĭdiatorem præroso fugĕrĭt hamo. *H. See* Rodo.

Prærumpo, is. *To break off, break asunder.* ∾ rĕtĭnacŭlă classis. *O. See* Rumpo.

Præruptŭs, ă, um. *part. See* **Prærumpo.** 1. *Rugged, abrupt, precipitous.* ∾-is oppĭdă saxis. *V.* ∾ ăquæ mons. *V.* ∾-i nĕmŏrĭs dorso. *H.* [† Abruptŭs, præceps; *ext.* ardŭŭs, difficĭlĭis, avĭŭs, invĭŭs.] *See* Avius. 2. Used subst. n. ∾-um lŏci. *Sil.* [† Abruptum, abruptă.]

Præsagio, is. 1. *To have a presentiment* or *a foreboding, to presage.* Venturam mĕlĭus præsagit navĭtă noctem. *Pp.* [† Præsentio, præviděo, augŭro, &c.] *See* Prævideo. 2. *To indicate beforehand. Lr.* [† Præmonstro.]

Præsagium, ĭi. *n. A presage, prognostic.* Irrĭtă verorum non sunt præsagiă vatum. *O.* [† Augurium, omĕn, &c.] *See* A. O.

Præsagŭs, ă, um. 1. *Perceiving beforehand, presaging.* Agnovit longe gĕmĭtum præsagă mălĭ mens. *V.* ∾-ă futuri Alcĭŏne. *O.* [† Præscĭŭs, divinŭs.] 2. *Foreboding, foretelling.* ∾-ă verbă. *O.* ∾-i fulmĭnis ignes. *V.* [† Præmuntĭŭs.]

Præscisco, is. *To know, be informed of, beforehand.* Trĕpĭdantĭă bello Cordă lĭcet longe præsciscĕrĕ, namquĕ mŏrantes &c. *V.* [† Præneseo, præsagio, &c.] *See* Prævideo.

Præscĭŭs, ă, um. *Foreknowing, presaging.* Præscĭă longe Horrescunt corda agrĭcŏlis. *V.* ∾ venturi. *V.* [† Præsagŭs, divinŭs.] Crel. Futuri *or* venturi præscĭŭs.

Præscribo, is, psi, ptum. 1. *To write before, prefix in writing.* Vari præscripsit pagĭnă nomĕn. *V.* 2. *To prescribe, enjoin.* Quid făciam, ∾-ĭs. *H.* [† Præcĭpio, jŭbĕo, præmŏnĕo, ostendo.] 3. *To appoint, fix.* Præscripti gyri. *Pp.* Intra præscriptum ăqualtarĕ. *H.* [† Stătŭo, definio, præstĭtŭo.] 4. *To dictate.* ∾ carmĭnă (de Phœbo). *Tib.* [† Dicto.]

Præsĕco, as, ŭi, sectum. *To cut off, cut off from before.* Certa debŭĕrat præsĕcŭĭssĕ mănu. *O.* Præsecto Gorgŏnă collo. *St. See* Seco.

Præsens, tis. 1. *Present, before the eyes at the moment.* Præsentemquĕ vĭris intentant omnĭă mortem. *V.* ∾-ĭă orĭ. *V.* [† Adstans; *sts.* instans.] Phr. Adsum. Coram adsum. Adsum qui feci &c. 2. *Present, as one of the party in a matter. O.* [† Spectatŏr, testis, arbĭtĕr, adsistens, prŏpĭŏr, spectans.] 3. *Ready, prepared to act* (as we use *presence of mind*). ∾ ănĭmŭs in corpŏrĕ. *V.* Sis ănĭmo ∾-i. *Ter.* [† Promptŭs, pĕrăţŭs.] 4. *Effectual, efficacious.* Quo non præsentĭŭs ullum auxĭlĭum. *V.* [† Efficax, pŏtens, utĭlis.] 5. *Friendly, favorable, propitious.* ∾ succurrĕ nostro lăbori. *V.* ∾-es Divi. *V. See* Favens. 6. With inf. *Abls.* Præsens vĕl imo tollĕrĕ de grădu &c. *H.* [† Pŏtens.]

Præsentia, æ. *f. Presence.* Plăcĭtæ præsentĭă formæ. *O.* ∾ Turni. *V.*

Præsentio, is, ensi, ensum. *To have a presentiment* or *foreboding.* ∾ mălum ănĭmo; conjŭgis adventum. *O.* dŏlos. *V.* [† Præsagio, præviděo, præsciscо, augŭro, prænosco, divino.]

Præsepĕ, is. *n.* (Præsepis, *or* **Præsepes**, is. *f., and* **Præsepia**, æ. *f., are other forms.*) 1. *Any fold* or *enclosed places for animals;* hence, *a stable.* Setigĕriquĕ sŭes atque in præsepĭbŭs ursi. *V.* Tĕr centum in præsepĭbŭs altis (ăqui). *V.* [† Stăbŭlum.] *See* S. 2. *A rack* or *manger.* Plenum ăd præsepĕ jŭvenci. *O.* 3. *Any closed places used to live in;* e. g. *a hive of bees.* Ignavum fucos pĕcŭs a præsepĭbŭs arcent (ăpes). *V. See* Domus.

Præsepio, is. *To guard, fence in front.* ∾ arcem. *Sil.*

Præsertim. *Especially. V.* [† Præcĭpŭe, &c.] *See* P.

Præsĕs, ĭdis. *m. f. One who presides; a head, ruler, guide.* Præses belli Tritonĭă virgo. *V.* Quo præsĭdĕ rerum (Augusto). *O.* [† Princeps, custos, tutŏr, dux.] Crel. Qui *or* quæ præsĭdĕt.

Præsĭdĕo, es, edi. *To sit in charge at* or *before, preside over, protect.* Præsĭdĕo fŏrĭbus cœli cum mitĭbŭs Horis. *O.* ∾-ĕt armis (Mars). *O.* Arcĭbŭs altis Apollo ∾-ĕt. *V.* [† Præsum, dŏmĭnŏr, tŭĕŏr, tutŏr, custodio, protĕgo.] Crel. Sum -præsĕs, tutŏr, tutelă, &c.

Præsidium, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A post of soldiers, men on guard.* Gălĭŏtum ponĭt ŭbiquĕ Præsĭdĭum &c. *J.*

[¶ Custodĭă.] 2. Fig. *A defence, protection.* O ĕt ~ ĕt dulcĕ dĕcus mĕum! *H.* ~ fŏri. *O.* Ausŏnĭæ. *V.* [¶ Tutelă, auxĭlĭum, subsĭdĭum, arx.]

Præsignĭs, ĕ. *Specially remarkable, very conspicuous.* Vittis præsignis ĕt auro (victimă). *O.* *See* Insignis.

Præsŏno, as, tŭi. *To sound before.* Hinc ŭbi præsŏnŭit solenni tibĭă cantu. *O.* *See* Sono.

Præspergo, ĭs. *To sprinkle or strew before.* Florĭă . . . præspergens antĕ vĭai Cunctă cŏlorĭbŭs egrĕgĭis. *Lr.*

Præstans, tis. *part.* *See* Præsto. Used also adj. 1. *Excellent, surpassing.* Sunt mĭhĭ bis septem præstanti corpŏrĕ nymphæ. *V.* ~-issĭmă forma (victĭmă). *O.* [¶ Insignĭs, egrĕgĭus, exĭmĭus, excellens, præcellens, pollens, conspĭcŭus.] 2. With gen. ~ ănĭmi juvĕnis. *V.* armorum. *St.* 3. With inf. ~ ærĕ clĕrĕ vĭros. *V.*

Præsterno, ĭs. *To lay or strew before or beforehand.* Elŷsios ănĭmæ præsternĕrĕ flores. *St.* *See* Sterno.

Præstĭs, ĭtis. *m.* = præsēs. *A patron, protector, guardian.* Præstĭtĭbus Maiæ Lĭrĭbus videre Cĭlendæ Aram constĭtŭi. *O.*

I. **Præsto**. *undecl.* (usu. joined with essĕ.) *At hand, ready at hand, here, present.* Tibi nullă fŭit clementĭă præsto. *Cat.* Qui fŭĕrant autem præsto, contagĭbŭs ibant. *Lr.* Lŏcŭs est ~. *Lr.* [¶ Adsum, adsto, suppĕto, succurro.] Crol. Sum –coram, præsens, in mănu, ăd mănum, in promptu.

II. **Præsto**, as, ĭti, *sts.* ĭtum. 1. *To stand before or in front of.* Dum primæ præstant ăcies. *L.* Crol. Sto antĕ. 2. With dat. *To excel, surpass.* Feminĭis telă vĭrĭlĭă ~-ant. *O.* [¶ Excello, præcello, sŭpĕro, &c.] *See* Supero. 3. Sts. with acc. Te nĕc ˘Apollĭnĕus Ladon, nĕc &c. præstĭtĕrint. *St.* 4. Præstăt. *imp. It is better.* ~-ăt componĕrĕ fluctus. *V.* Crol. Est –ăttĭs, mĕlĭŭs, pŏtĭŭs, utĭlĭŭs. Măgis convĕnit *or* prodest. 5. *To cause, effect; perform* (a part, duty, &c.). Præsta, ne quis possĭt dicĕrĕ &c. *O.* ~ ămici offĭcĭum. *O.* adsuetam vĭcem. *Ph.* [¶ Făcio, perfĭcio, effĭcio, exsequŏr, exhĭbĕo, ăgo, &c.] 6. ~ fĭdem. *To fulfil a promise.* *O.* [¶ Exhĭbĕo, implĕo.] 7. *To give, afford, bestow.* ~ otĭă gentĭbŭs. *O.* hospĭtĭum. *Ph.* nomĕn terris; căpŭt rŭinæ. *L.* ~-abăt portĭcŭs umbras. *M.* [¶ Præbĕo, do, &c.] *See* Præbeo. 8. ~ me. *To evince, prove, render oneself.* ~ se incŏlŭmem. *Lr.* invictum. *O.* [¶ Exhĭbĕo, ostendo, effĭcio.]

Præstringo, ĭs, nxi, strictum. 1. *To bind in front; to bind fast.* ~ tempŏrĕ vittis. *St.* *See* Stringo. 2. *To touch the surface, to graze, to grate.* ~ fĕmŭr ˘Achatæ. *V.* Multaquĕ transversis ~-ĭtŭr ungŭlă campis. *St.* [¶ Stringo, tango, libo, delibo, rădo.] 3. Dbf. *To dazzle.* *See* Perstringo.

Præstrŭo, ĭs. 1. *To build before, in order to build on it.* Fig. 2. *To prepare.* Et tăcĭtas vindictæ præstrŭĭt iras. *Cl.* ~ agmĭnă Marti. *Cl.* 3. Us. *To build before, so as to block up, to obstruct.* ~ ădĭtum objĭcĕ fracti montis. *O.* Præstructă frontĕ nŏvo (portă). *O.* (*stopped up.*) [¶ Obstrŭo, &c.]

Præsudo, as. 1. *To sweat previously or very much.* Dum matutinis præsudat solĭbŭs aer. *Cl.* 2. Fig. *To exercise oneself beforehand.* *St.*

Præsŭl, ŭlis. *m.* 1. *The chief of the Salii, priests of Mars.* *Lucil.* 2. Gen. *A superintendent, president.* *Aus.* [¶ Præsēs, dux, ductŏr.] 3. Eccl. *A bishop.* Præsŭl, hŏnorĭs ăpex, gĕnĕris fĭdĕquĕ căcumĕn. *Fort.* [¶ Pontĭfex, ĕpiscŏpŭs.]

Præsum, prĕdes, præfŭi, præĕssĕ. *To be at the head of, preside over; to have the charge of, to protect.* Stant quŏquĕ pro nobis, et præsunt mœnĭbŭs urbis. *O.* [¶ Præsĭdĕo, &c.] *See* P.

Præsumo, ĭs, umpsi, umptum. 1. *To take beforehand.* Nevĕ dŏmi præsumĕ cĭbum, et dealbĕ citra &c. *O.* [¶ Præcĭpio.] 2. Fig. *To anticipate.* ~ bellum spe. *V.*

Præsŭo, ĭs. *To sew before* or *in front;* hence, *to cover in front.* Quæ (hastă) fŏlĭis præsută, nŏtam ălnĕ vulnĕrĕ fecĭt. *O.*

Prætĕgo, ĭs. *To cover in front, to cover.* Spretă lătet silvis, pŭdĭbundăquĕ frondĭbŭs ŏrĭ Prætĕgĭt, et solis ex illo &c. (others read *protegit.*) *O.* ~-ĭt ærĕ căpŭt. *Pp.* *See* Tego.

Prætendo, ĭs, i, tum. 1. *To stretch* or *put* (one thing) *before* (another). ~ sĕgĕti sepem; morti muros. *V.* vestem tŭmĭdis ŏcellis. *O.* Prætentăquĕ Syrtĭbŭs arvă (*lying opposite to*). *V.* [¶ Prætento, obtendo, objecto, objĭcio, oppono.] 2. *To carry* or *hold out before one.* ~ fumos mănu; mănu ramum. *V.* [¶ Præfĕro, præporto.] 3. Fig. *To put forth* or *use as a cloak, excuse, obstacle,* &c. ~ mŏras bello. *L.* culpæ splendĭdă verbă. *O.* *See* Prætexo.

Prætento, as. 1. *To extend out* or *forth, hold out in front* or *before.* Lit. and fig. Dextrâ mŏvet jăcŭlum, prætentăt pallĭă lævâ. *Cl.* ~ tonsas in marmŏrĕ summo. *V.* *Fl.* ănĭmi sententĭam ambĭgŭis dictis. *O.* *See* Prætendo. 2. *To try beforehand, make a previous essay in a matter, to feel one's way.* Lit. and fig. ~ pollĭcĕ chordas; mănu silvas. *O.* pĕdĭbŭs ĭtĕr. *Tib.* fĭdem. *St.* [¶ Tento, exploro, &c.]

Prætĕpĕo, es. *To be warm before.* Si tŭis in quavis prætĕpĭlĭssĕt ămŏr. *O.*

Prætĕr. 1. *Before, near, along before.* Prætĕr ŭtrumquĕ lătus, præterque et lumĕn ĕt aures (telă vŏlant). *O.* Prætĕr ŏcŭlos transcurrĕrĕ regis. *O.* [¶ Juxta, prŏpĕ, ăd, antĕ, ŏb, pro, coram.] 2. *Except.* Omnĭă di făcĭĕrent essent commună nobis, Prætĕr ăvos! *O.* Nil ~ sălĭces crassăquĕ cannă fŭĭt. *O.* [¶ Nisĭ, excepto *or* excepta, &c.] 3. *Beyond, further than.* ~ vădĭă fervĭdă vexĭt. *V.* [¶ Ultra, trans.] 4. *Beyond, more than.* Prætĕr sŏlĭtum lætæ. *V.* Argŏnautas prætĕr omnes mirătă est dŭcem (Medeă). *H.* [¶ Sŭpĕr, sŭpra.]

Prætĕrago, ĭs. *To drive beyond.* Deversorĭă notă Prætĕrăgendŭs ĕquŭs. *H.*

Prætĕrea. 1. *Besides, moreover.* Respĭcĕ prætĕrĕa, post vos quicunquĕ sĕdebĭt. *O.* [¶ Insŭpĕr, sŭpĕr, rursŭs.] Phr. Accedĭt sodem. Huc adjĭcĕ. 2. *Any more, henceforth, afterwards.* [¶ Posthac, deindĕ, dein, &c.] *See* Deinde. [See Postea for the quantity of the last syllable.]

Prætĕrĕo, is, ivi *or* ĭi, ĭtum. 1. Tr. *To pass before, near, by.* Decrescentĭă ripas Flumĭnă prætĕrĕunt. *H.* [¶ Prætergrĕdĭŏr, præterlabŏr, transĕo; *sts.* prætervĕhŏr.] 2. Intr. *To pass away, flow away.* ~-ĭt undă; horă. *O.* æstas. *V.* [¶ Fŭgio, ăbĕo, transĕo, labŏr, elabŏr, fluo.] 3. Tr. *To pass, get before* (another); fig. *to surpass.* Jam ~-ĭt illos (cursu). *V.* ~ annos ănĭmo; ălĭos virtutĕ. *O.* [¶ Præcedo; *fig.* sŭpĕro.] *See* P. S. 4. *To pass by, omit, neglect.* *O.* [¶ ˘Omitto, negligo.] 5. *To pass without notice, to be silent about.* Prætĕrĕam rĕfĕrammĕ tŭum dedĕcŭs? *O.* [¶ ˘Omitto, prætermitto, rĕlinquo, sĭlĕo.]

Præterferŏr, latŭs sum, ferri. *To be carried* or *to pass beyond.* Hanc ădipiscuntur, circum præterquĕ fĕruntŭr. *Lr.* Præterlată pĕrĭt (de vocĕ). *Lr.* [¶ Prætĕrĕo.]

Præterfluo, ĭs. *To flow past* or *by* or *away.* *Cic.* Lit. and fig. *See* Præfluo.

Prætĕrĭtus, ă, um. *part.* *See* Præterĕo.

1. *Past.* O mĭhĭ prætĕrĭtos rĕfĕrat si Juppĭtĕr annos! *V.* ∾ culpă. *O.* [† Elapsŭs, exactŭs, transactŭs, anteactŭs, actŭs; *sts.* vĕtŭs, priscŭs.] 2. *Dead.* ∾-os ămarĕ vĭros. *Pp.* 3. *Passed by unnoticed, overlooked.* ∾-ŭs Cĕrĕri nullŭs lŏcŭs. *O.*

PRÆTERLABŎR, ĕrĭs, lapsŭs sum. 1. *To pass along* or *by a place*; sp. *to sail by.* Et tămĕn hanc pĕlăgo præterlabarĕ nĕcesse est. *V.* [† Prætervĕhŏr, prævĕlŏr.] 2. *To glide by, to flow by.* ∾ tŭmŭlum rĕcentem. *V.* [† Præfluo, &c.] *See* P.

PRÆTERMĔO, as. *To pass beyond* or *by. Lr. See* PRÆTEREO.

PRÆTERMITTO, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To cause to pass,* or *let pass, beyond; to send over* or *by.* An făcĭlĭ te prætermisĕrĭt unda Lucani răbĭda orā mārĭs? *St.* 2. *To pass in silence, not to notice. See* PRÆTEREO. 3. *To let any thing pass* (permit it to take place); *to show indulgence, forgive,* &c. Do, prætermitto. *Ter.* ∾-ĕt te humanis concedĕrĕ rebŭs. *Lr.* [† Permitto, sĭno, indulgĕo, condono.]

PRÆTERQUAM, *or* PRÆTĔR QUAM. *Except.* Præterquam curas attĕnŭarĕ mĕas (pŏtest). *O. See* PRÆTER.

PRÆTERRADO, ĭs. *To grate* or *scrape in passing.* Præterradĭt ĕnim vox fauces sæpĕ, făcĭtquĕ &c. *Lr.*

PRÆTERVĔHŎR, ĕrĭs, ectŭs sum. *To be carried by,* or *to pass by carried* (*i. e.* in ship, carriage, &c.). Vivo prætervĕhŏr ostĭă saxo Pantăglæ. *V.* Littŏrĭ præterrectŭs rectis ăquis. *St.* (☞ acc. to prep. in verb.) [† Transvĕhŏr, prætĕrĕo, sŭpĕro, prævĕlŏr.]

PRÆTERVŎLO, as. 1. *To fly past* or *beyond.* Quem rŭtĭla fulgens pluma prætervŏlăt Alĕs. *Cic. Arat.* Mĕdĭas ∾-ăt auras (hastă). *Sil.* 2. Fig. *To pass beyond* or *over.* ∾ lăcum puppĕ. *Cl. See* TRAJICIO.

PRÆTEXO, ĭs, ŭi, extum. 1. *To weave before* or *in front; to cover by what is woven;* hence, *to cover.* Purpŭrā sæpĕ tŭos fulgens prætexĭt ămictus. *O.* ∾ cŏmis frondes. *V. Fl.* ărundĭnĕ ripas (de Mincĭo). *V.* vĭŏlis fontem. *Cl.* plĕŏa ferrugĭnĕ cœlum. *Tib.* Littŏrā ∾-unt puppes. *V.* [† Tĕgo, induco, obduco, obtendo, &c.] *See* TEGO. 2. Fig. *To veil, conceal by excuse, pretext,* &c. ∾ funĕrā nŏvis săcris; nomĭnĕ culpam. *V.* fraudem blando risu. *Cl.* [† Prætendo, tĕgo, celo; *sts.* caueŏr.]

PRÆTEXTA, æ. *f.* (sc. tŏgă.) 1. *A white toga, bordered with purple, worn by the free-born of both sexes up to the age of seventeen.* Mox ŭbi jam făcĭbus cessit prætextă mārĭtis. *Pp.* Crol. Tŏgă-prætextă, purā, candĭdă, candĭdĭŏr, lĭbĕrā. Prætextum velamĕn. Pŭĕrilĕ ostrum. Purpŭrĕi ămictus. Amictus stirpĭs hŏnorĕ dăti. 2. *The toga worn by the consuls and superior magistrates.* Prætextam, fasces aspĭcĭamquĕ tŭos. *O.* 3. Prætextă (sc. fabula). *Tragedy* (so called because magistrates and great persons were introduced into it). Dŏcerĕ prætextas. *H.* [† Prætextatā.]

PRÆTEXTATUS, ă, um. 1. *Wearing the* prætexta; hence, *used for noble, dignified; youthful.* ∾ ădultĕr. *J.* ămicĭtĭă (*from infancy*). *M.* [† Prætextŭs.] 2. Sts. *Unchaste, obscene.* ∾-i mores. *J. See* IMPUDICUS.

PRÆTEXTUS, ă, um. *part. See* PRÆTEXO. 1. *Adorned in front; covered in front, covered,* &c. Lit. and fig. ∾-ă littŏrā velis. ∾ dŏmŭs quercu; templum nomĭnĕ. *O.* [† Tectŭs, obtectŭs, velatŭs, ŏpertŭs; *sts.* ornatŭs, &c.] 2. *Of* or *belonging to the* Toga prætexta. Corpŏrā ∾-o spŏlĭant velamĭnĕ. *Sil.* ∾ sĕnatŭs. *Pp.* pubes. *Aus.* [† Prætextatŭs.] 3. ∾ fabŭlā. *See* PRÆTEXTA.

PRÆTIMĔO, es. *To fear beforehand.* Et frustra imměrĭtum prætĭmŭĭssĕ vĕlĭt. *Tib.*

PRÆTINCTUS, ă, um. *part. from obs.* Prætinguo. *Previously dipped, washed, imbued.* Semĭnā mollĭt hŭmus vălĭdo prætincta věneno. *O.*

PRÆTŎR, ŏrĭs. *m. A Roman magistrate so called.* Verbăque hŏnoratus lĭbĕrā prætŏr hăbĕt. *O.*

PRÆTORĬCIUS, *and* PRÆTORĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to a prætor* or *general, prætorian.* De prætorĭcĭa fŏlĭum mĭhĭ, Paulĕ, cŏrona Mittĭs. *M.* Bruti prætorĭă puppĭs. *L.*

PRÆTORĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *The general's tent.* Lit. and fig. Et circa regem atque ipea ad prætorĭă densæ Miscentŭr (ăpes). *V.* [† Castrā.] 2. *A palace; any magnificent villa* or *country-seat.* Sĕdĕt ăd ∾-ă regĭs. *J.* Hortos, prætorĭă, mensas. *J.* [† Aulă; villă.]

PRÆTORĬUS, ă, um. *See* PRÆTORICIUS.

PRÆTRĔPĬDANS, tis, *and* PRÆTRĔPĬDŬS, ă, um. *Trembling, panting much, agitated much.* Jam mens prætrĕpĭdans ăvet văgari. *Cat.* Lætari prætrĕpĭdum cŏr. *Pers.*

PRÆTŬMĬDŬS, ă, um. *Much puffed up* or *swollen.* Effĕrā prætŭmĭdo quătĭabat cordă fŭrorĕ. *Cl.*

PRÆTURĂ, æ. *f. The dignity* or *office of a prætor.*

PRÆUSTUS, ă, um. *Burnt at the end.* Stipĭtĭbus duris ăgĭtur sŭdĭbusvĕ prăĕustis. *V. See* SUDES.

PRÆVĂLĔO, es. *To be of superior might* or *ability in any matter.* Jăcŭloquĕ pŏtens, qui prævălĕt arcu. *St.*

PRÆVĂLĬDUS, ă, um. *Very strong.* Neu se prævălĭdam primis ostendăt ăristis (de terra). *V.* ∾-æ mănus (Hercŭlĭs). *O. See* VALIDUS.

PRÆVALLO, as. *To fortify before.* Lit. and fig. *Cl.*

PRÆVĔHŎR, ĕrĭs, ectŭs sum. *To be carried by, to pass by carried.* Indĕ plăgas Phœbi, damnum non passŭs ăquarum Prævĕhĕrĭs. *L.* Prævectŭs ĕquo (nuntĭŭs). *V.* Prævectŭs littŏrā classĕ. *Sil.* (☞ acc. to prep. in verb.) [† Prætervĕhŏr, prætĕrĕo.]

PRÆVELO, as. *To veil* or *cover before* or *in front.* Flammĕă sollĭcĭtum prævelaturā pŭdorem. *Cl.* ∾ frondē sĕcures. *Cl.*

PRÆVĔNIO, is. 1. *To come first* or *sooner.* Candĭdā Lucĭfĕro prævĕnĭentĕ dĭes. *O.* Præquĕ dĭem vĕnĭens. *V.* 2. *To anticipate, prevent* (with acc.); used also pass. *to be anticipated* or *prevented.* Quod non præventum mortĕ fŭissĕ, dŏlĕt. *O.*

PRÆVERBO, ĭs. *To sweep before, to sweep.* Præverrunt latas vestĕ jăcentĕ vĭas. *O.*

PRÆVERTO, *anc.* PRÆVORTO, ĭs, ti, sum. 1. *To outstrip, get before;* fig. *to get the better of.* ∾ cĕlĕrĭs vestigĭă cervæ. *Cat.* cursu pĕdum ventos. *V.* [† Prævertŏr, præcurro, antĕŏ, &c.] *See* PRÆCEDO, SUPERO. 2. *To preoccupy, preclude, forestall.* ∾ ămorĕ ănĭmos. *V.* tristĭă leto. *L.* [† Occŭpo, prærĭpio.] 3. Sts. *To anticipate, so as to prevent.* [† Prævĕnio.] 4. *To give oneself to,* or *do, first and in preference. Pl. See* PRÆVERTOR.

PRÆVERTŎR, ĕrĭs = præverto. 1. *To outstrip.* Vŏlŭcremquĕ fŭga prævertĭtŭr Hebrum. *V.* 2. *To give oneself to any particular thing* (turn to it in attention, or do it) *first and in preference.* Illuc prævertamŭr, ămatorem quŏd ămicæ &c. *H.*

PRÆVĔTĬTUS, ă, um. *Forbidden beforehand.* Prævĕtĭtum namque et căpĭtal prævertĕrĕ martem Spontĕ vĭris. *Sil.*

PRÆVĬDĔO, es, idi, isum. Cunctăquĕ mens ŏcŭlis prævĭdĕt illă sŭis. *O.* 1. *To see before one* or *beforehand, from afar,* &c. Jam, quas prævidĕrĕt urbes, Navĭă condebăt. *V. Fl.* ∾ ictum vĕ-

nĭentem. *V.* [† Prospĭcĭo.] **2.** *To foresee. O.* [† Præsentĭo, præsagĭo, prænosco, prospĭcĭo, præscĭo, præscisco, augŭro, augŭrŏr.]

Prævĭtĭo, as. *To corrupt* or *infect beforehand.* Hunc dĕă prævĭtĭăt (gurgĭtem). *O.*

Prævĭus, ă, um. *Going before.* Nunc præcedentem sĕquĭtur, nunc prævĭŭs antelĭt (2-*syll.*). *O.* ∾ Auroræ. *Cic. Arat.* [† Præcedens, prægressŭs, antĕvŏlans.]

Pragmătĭcŭs, i. *m.* (πραγματικός.) *A lawyer, advocate.* Indĕ cădunt partes ex fœdĕrĕ pragmătĭcorum. *J.*

Prandĕo, es, di, sum. (Part. Pransus is used tr. *See* P.) *To dine, dine on* (used of the forenoon-meal). Luscĭnĭas sŏllĭti impenso pranderĭ cŏemptas. *H.* ∾ ŏlŭs. *H. See* Cœno, ˘Edo, Convivor.

Prandĭum, ĭi. *n. The light meal taken by the Romans in the forenoon, a sort of early dinner; a repast* or *meal.* Præstabit pŭĕris prandĭă millĕ tŭis. *M. See* Cœna, Convivium.

Pransŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Prandeo. *Having eaten the forenoon-meal, having dined.* ∾ non ăvĭde. *H.* [† Sătŭr.] **Crol.** ˘Epŭlis functŭs.

Prāsĭnŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Leek-green.* De nostra prāsĭna est synthĕsis emptă tŏga. *M.* **2.** Used subst. (sc. aurigă.) *A charioteer at races in leek-green colours. M.*

Prātensis, ĕ. *Of* or *from a meadow.* Pratensĭbŭs optĭmă fungis Natura est. *H.*

Prātum, i. *n. A meadow; the grass of a meadow.* Riparumquĕ tŏros et prată rĕcentĭă rivis. *V.* **Ep.** Humĭdum, udum, irrĭgŭum, lætum, āmœnum, ridens, gramĭnĕum, herbĭdum, mollĕ, vĭrens, vĭrĭdans, vĭrĭdĕ, vernans, florens, florĕum, florĭdum, pictum, gemmans. **Crol.** Herbosŭs *or* gramĭnĕŭs campŭs. Herbĭdă (florĭdă) –ruă, tellus. Vĭrĭdantĭă jugĕrā prati. Arvă vĭrĭdantĭă. Vĭrentes (vestiti gramĭnĕ) campi. Gramĭnă campi. **Phr.** Prată –nŏvis cŏlorĭbŭs rŭbentĭă; —vĭrĭdanti cŏlorĕ florĭdă;—gemmato gramĭnĕ vĭrentĭă. Herbæ innŭmĕris florĭbŭs distinctæ. Vivă prati vŏluptas. Campŭs (campi arĕă) quem gramĭnis herbæ vĭrĭdem făcĭunt.

Prave. *Badly, amiss, wrongly.* Cur nescirĕ, pŭdens prave, quam discĕrĕ malo? *H.* ∾ sectŭs unguis. *H.* factum. *Ter.* judĭcarĕ. *Ph.* [† Mălĕ, perpĕram, perverse.]

Pravŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Out of a right line, crooked, misshapen, deformed.* Denĭque, ŭt in făbrĭca, si prava est regŭlă primă &c. *Lr.* ∾-o vivĕrĕ naso. *H.* ∾-am extortamquĕ pŭellam. *J.* [† Distortŭs, perversŭs.] **2.** Fig. *That which departs from what is right in any way* (from good sense, good feeling, truth, good morals, &c.). ∾ făvŏr. *Ph.* bellŭă, quæ ruptis reddĭt se cătenis. *H.* Ficti ∾-iquĕ tĕnax. *V.* Turpĭbŭs ĕt ∾-is. *J.* [† Stultŭs; mălŭs, imprŏbŭs, &c.]

Praxĭtĕles, ĭs. *m. The celebrated sculptor of Greece.* Praxĭtĕlem vărĭus vindĭcăt urbĕ lăpis. *Pp.*

Prĕcarĭŭs, ă, um. *Obtained by entreaty; precarious.* Arma ălĭenă mŏves, quem formă prĕcarĭă celăt. *O.*

Prĕcatŏr, ōris. *m. One that prays* (for others as well as himself). Vŏlŭcrumquĕ prĕcatŏr Ibŷcŭs. *St. See* Supplex.

Prĕcatŭs, us. *m. A prayer.* Sed nec pĕrĭissĕ prĕcatus Tantăquĕ donă vĕlĭt. *St.* and *Aus.*

Prĕcĕ. *f.* (prĕci *and* prĕcem. *f. Ter.*), *us.* **Prĕces,** um. *pl.* **1.** *A prayer; prayers.* Junonis magnæ primum prĕcĕ numĕn ădora. *V.* Adjectŭrā prĕces ŏrăt his Latonă rĕlatis. *O.* [† Vŏtă.] **Ep.** Solennes, plæ, castæ, supplĭces, blandæ, molles, hŭmĭles, timĭdæ; assĭdŭæ, ĭtĕratæ, frĕquentes, crebræ, sollĭcĭtæ; pŏtentes, inanes, vanæ. **Crol.** *Verbă* –prĕcantĭă, prĕcantĭs *or* prĕcantum. Supplex votum, vŏtă rŏgantĭs *or* prĕcantum. Vox rŏgans *or* supplex. **Phr. 1.** *To hear prayers made, and grant them.* Prĕces (vŏtă) –audĭo, exaudĭo, accĭpĭo, excĭpĭo, suscĭpĭo, admitto. Verbă prĕcantĭs *or* prĕcantum –audĭo, exaudĭo. Prĕcĕ *or* prĕcĭbŭs –mŏvĕŏr, flectŏr, inflectŏr, placŏr, vincŏr, frangŏr, mollĭŏr, succumbo. Prĕcĭbŭs (votis) –annŭo, făvĕo, adsum. Prĕces supplĭcĭs –audĭo, exaudĭo. Oranti (prĕcanti, rŏganti) –annŭo. făvĕo, aures bĕnignas *or* făcĭles præbĕo. Aurĕ attenta (făcĭlĭ, plăcĭdă) prĕces excĭpĭo. Do me făcĭlem votis. Sum făcĭlĭs rŏganti. Pĕtenti non aversŏr. Prĕces non sperno (despĭcĭo, respŭo). Prĕces rātæ. Prĕcantes vĕnĭa prosĕquŏr *or* haud aspernŏr. Vŏtă rātă făcĭo. Prĕcĭbŭs ănĭmos flecto. Prĕces ănĭmum (pectŭs, præcordĭă) tangunt. Supplĭcĭbŭs votis sŭpĕro. Prĕcĭbŭs sententĭă flectĭtŭr. Vultum prĕcanti non averto. Non surdum me prĕces (vŏtă) hăbent. Non sĭno prĕces irĕ incassum *or* vanas. Prĕcĭbŭs nullă est rĕpulsă. Lenito pectŏrĕ prĕces exaudĭo. Intenta aurĕ prĕcĭbŭs me præbĕo. *See* Faveo, Placor. **Phr. 2.** *To refuse to hear them.* Vŏtă *or* prĕces sperno (despĭcĭo, aversŏr, contemno, respŭo, rĕpello, destĭtŭo, negligo, non accĭpĭo, non suscĭpĭo, non audĭo). Prĕcĭbŭs rĕpugno. Prĕcĭbŭs (prĕcanti, votis) aurem nĕgo (claudo, occludo), surdas aures præbĕo. Prĕcĭbŭs –non mŏvĕŏr, flectŏr, mollĭŏr. Prĕces non me mŏvent *or* flectunt. Vŏtă insusceptă rĕlinquo. Surda aurĕ avertŏr. Aurĭbŭs duris sperno. Vŏtă mĭhĭ excĭdunt. Prĕces surda aurĕ negligo. *See* Durus. **2.** Sts. *Imprecations.* Mittĕrĕ Thyĕstæas prĕces. *H.* Detestari qm hostili prĕcĕ. *O. See* Diræ.

Prĕcĭæ *or* **Prātĭæ vites.** *f. pl. A sort of vine and of grape.* Purpŭrĕæ prĕcĭæquĕ, et quo te nomĭnĕ dicam &c. *V.*

Prĕcŏr, ārĭs. **1.** *To pray, to offer prayers.* Vos, o Callĭŏpe, prĕcŏr, adspiratĕ cănenti. *V.* Largă prĕcantura fundĭtĕ vină mănu. *O.* [† Oro, rŏgo, obsĕcro, obtestŏr, invŏco, imploro, postŭlo, supplĭco, quæso, deprĕcŏr, posco, exposco, flagĭto, efflagĭto.] **Crol.** Supplex prĕcŏr *or* pĕto. Vocĕ prĕcŏr. Prĕces fundo (admŏvĕo, ădhĭbĕo, adjĭcĭo, addo, concĭpĭo, exordĭŏr, ăgo, immiscĕo). Prĕces *or* vŏtă fĕro. Votis *or* in vŏtă vŏco. Prĕcĭbŭs (prĕcĕ, votis) posco (rŏgo, exposco, prosĕquŏr, tento, sollĭcĭto, imploro, ădoro, vĕnĕrŏr). Verbă prĕcantĭă dico *or* fundo. Vŏtă făcĭo. Vocĕ *or* prĕcĭbŭs (votis prĕcĭbusquĕ) vŏco. Auxĭlĭo vŏco. ˘Ad prĕces decurro. ˘In prĕces omnes descendo. ˘In hŭmĭles prĕces demittŏr. Tento qm prĕcando. Supplĭcĕ vocĕ (mănĭbŭs sŭpinis, flexo pŏplĭtĕ) prĕcŏr (oro, obtestŏr). Supplĭcĭbŭs votis vĕnĕrŏr. Antĕ pĕdes volvŏr (advolvŏr, prosternŏr, cădo). ˘Ad cœlum *or* ăd sidĕrā palmas (palmas cum vocĕ) tendo. ˘In prĕcĕ totŭs sum. ˘Anĭmo ĕt vocĕ prĕcŏr. Supplĭcĕ vocĕ utŏr. Æthĕrā votis ŏnĕro. Prĕcĕ numĕn ădoro *or* vĕnĕrŏr. Sollĭcĭta prĕcĕ ambĭo. *See* Adoro, Genu. **2.** *To pray for, beg for any thing.* Sæpĕ ∾-ŏr mortem, mortem quŏquĕ deprĕcŏr idem. *O.* ∾ ălĭmentă. *O. See* Posco. **3.** ∾ dirā. *To imprecate curses,* &c. *Tib. See* Imprecor.

Prĕhendo, *and sync.* **Prendo,** is, di, sum (*part.* **Prĕhensŭs** *and* **Prensŭs**). **1.** *To catch hold of, take hold of; to get possession of, seize upon.* Lit. and fig. Jam vero cœpitquĕ lŏqui, dextramquĕ prĕhendĭt. *O.* ∾ oras fŭgĭentĭs Itălĭæ; arcem. *V.* qd ŏcŭlorum lumĭnĕ. *Lr.* Raptatŭr cŏmis prĕhensis. *O.* Prensă mănu magna (corpŏrā). *V.* [† Comprĕhendo *or* comprendo, prenso, căpĭo, corrĭpĭo, arrĭpĭo, assĕquŏr.] **2.** *To catch, surprise, come upon unexpectedly.* ˘In pă-

tenti prensŭs Ægæo. *H.* ˘In furto prĕhensŭs. *Pl.* [† Deprĕhĕndo, deprendo.]

PRELUM. *See* PRÆLUM.

PRĔMO, ĭs, pressi, pressum. **1.** *To press, press upon* or *down, press with a load.* Pinguĭs ĕt ingratæ prĕmĕretur casĕŭs urbi. *V.* ∾ tergā gĕnu. *O.* mercē rātem. *Tib.* Trăbes ∾-unt cŏlumnas. *H.* [† Presso, comprĭmo, ŏnĕro, grăvo, incumbo.] **2.** Sp. *To tread upon, to lie* or *bear upon generally.* ∾ anguem. *V.* cŭbilā de vivo saxo; tŏrum; tergā ĕqui; hŭmum (de cæso). *O.* [† Comprĭmo, incumbo; *sts.* calco, &c.] *See* CALCO. **3.** *To press, to hold tight.* ∾ hăbenas. *V.* frenā mānu. *O.* ferrum (dextra). *Sil.* ăd pectŏrā natos. *V. See* STRINGO, ARCTO. **4.** *To press* or *keep close to.* ∾ littŭs. *H.* **5.** *To press tight, so as to stop up, to choke.* ∾ ŏcŭlos. *V.* fauces (ci). *O.* lăquĕo collum. *H.* Presso tĕr guttŭrĕ. *V. See* STRANGULO. **6.** *To press by tying, binding,* &c. ∾ frondē crinem; canĭtĭem gālĕa. *V.* mitra căpillos. *O.* [† Stringo, cingo, vincĭo.] **7.** *To press* or *force into.* ∾ hastam sub mentum. *V.* dentes ĭn vitĕ. *O.* ensem ĭn corpŏrĕ. *St.* Presso vomĕrĕ. *V.* [† Infigo, immitto, &c.] **8.** *To set, plant.* ∾ virgultā pĕr ăgros. *V.* [† Planto, sĕro.] *See* SERO. **9.** *To press out, hollow out.* ∾ sulcum cărina. *V. See* FODIO. **10.** *To press* or *squeeze out.* ∾ succos mĕdulla. *L.* ∾-ens volvĭt ignem sub narĭbŭs. *V.* [† Ellĭcio, &c.] **11.** *To press down, lower.* ∾-ŭr devexŭs ĭn austros (mundŭs). *V.* ∾ currum (*to drive too low*). *O.* [† Deprĭmo.] **12.** *To press within a certain space, to enclose.* Hinc claudĭmŭr amni, hinc Rŭtŭlŭs ∾-ĭt. *V.* ˘Opes arcā ∾-ĭt. *M.* ∾ urbem obsĭdĭonĕ. *V. See* CLAUDO. **13.** *To press fast upon, pursue closely.* ∾ ĭn retĭā cervum; hostem. *V.* [† Urgĕo, insto, ăgo, ăgĭto, persĕquŏr, insĕquŏr.] **14.** *To prune* (keep down the luxuriance of the tree). ∾ falcĕ umbram; verbenas. *V. See* PUTO. **15.** *To repress, check, stop.* ∾ vocem; gĕmĭtum; vestigĭā. *V.* [† Comprĭmo, supprĭmo, rĕprĭmo, sisto, tĕnĕo, contĭnĕo.] **16.** *To cover, hide.* ∾ lumĕn (de luna). *V.* lŭcrum tĕnĕbris (de hŭmo). *O. See* ABDO. **17.** Sts. *To produce a likeness of any thing, to figure it out* (= exprĭmo). *V. Fl. St.* Fig. **18.** *To oppress, overwhelm; to press heavily and with injury upon.* ∾-ĭt ŏcŭlos (*or* jăcentem) quies. *V.* ∾ Mȳcenas servĭtio. *V.* matĕrĭa ingĕnĭum. *O.* Perpĕtŭs ∾-unt hĭemes. *L.* [† Urgĕo, grăvo, obrŭo, opprĭmo, ŏnĕro, incumbo, vexo, afflĭcio.] **19.** Sp. Used with crimĭnĭbŭs, verbis, &c. *To accuse a person, press him with many* or *heavy charges; to press closely with questions, arguments,* &c. *O.* Sts. (opp. to absolvĕrĕ.) *To condemn. L.* **20.** *To hide, conceal* (keep down or under). ∾ curam sub cordē; cordē dŏlorem. Prĕmi noctē. Pressā est glorĭā facti. *V.* **21.** *To outdo, surpass.* Ne priscā vĕtustas sæcŭlā nostrā ∾-ăt (pŭdicĭtĭæ laudē). *O.* Latonā Virgo nymphas ∾-ĭt. *St.* [† Deprĭmo, vinco, sŭpĕro.] **22.** *To lower in estimation, disparage.* Extollĕrĕ vires (Œnĕīdum), contra ∾ armā Latini. *V.* [† Deprĭmo, ellĕvo.]

PRENSO, as. *freq. of* Prendo. *See* P. Prensant fastigĭā dextris. *V.*

PRESBȲTĔR, ĕri. *m. A priest* or *presbyter, one of the second of the three orders in the Christian ministry, bishops, priests, and deacons. Eccl.* Qui quondam schismā Nŏvati Presbȳtĕr attĭgĕrāt. *Prud.*

PRESSO, as. *freq. of* Premo. Et nŏvā pressantes inquĭnĕt uvā pĕdes. *Pp.* ∾ ubĕrā palmis. *V.*

PRESSURA, æ. *f. Pressure; the juice pressed.* Usquē sŏlet pārĭter totis se effundĕrĕ signis Corȳcĭi pressurā crŏci. *L.*

PRESTER, erĭs. *m.* (πρηστήρ.) **1.** *A kind of fiery whirlwind.* Presteras Graii quos ab re nomĭnĭtarunt. *Lr.* **2.** *A species of venomous serpent. L.*

PRĔTĬOSUS, ă, um. **1.** *Of high price, valuable.* Ingĕnĭum quondam fŭĕrat prĕtĭosŭs auro. *O.* [† Carŭs; *ext.* præstans, bŏnŭs.] Crĕl. Magni prĕtĭi. Quŏd ĭn prĕtĭo (ĭn magno prĕtĭo) est. Res dignā pĕti. **2.** *Costly, dear.* ∾-æ vestes. *O.* ∾-ă ŏdĭā ĕt constantĭā magno. *O.* [† Carŭs; *ext.* magnĭfĭcŭs, sŭpĕrbŭs, divĕs.] **3.** *Costly, rich.* ∾ Sidon murĭcĕ. *L. See* DIVES. **4.** *Giving a high price.* Dedĕcŏrum ∾ emptŏr. *H.* [† Largŭs, prodĭgŭs.]

PRĔTĬUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *Price, value.* Judĭcio prĕtĭum res hăbĕt istā tŭo. *O.* Essĕ ĭn prĕtĭo; ĭn sŭo prĕtĭo (*to have a value; have its proper value*). *O.* **2.** Prĕtĭo. *At a price, for money.* Fixĭt leges ∾-o. *V.* ∾-o pārātā, ∾-o vincĭtŭr fĭdes. *Sen.* **3.** *Expense. J.* [† Sumptŭs, impensā.] **4.** *A payment, reward, prize.* Palmæ ∾ victorĭbŭs. *V.* ∾ sĭbĭ, Pelidæ currus, poscĕrĕ. *O.* [† Præmĭum, merces.] *See* PRÆMIUM. **5.** *Cost, penalty.* ∾ est mŏri. *H.* Scĕlĕrĭs ∾ (crux). *J.* [† Præmĭum, merces, pœnā.] **6.** *Money, riches; profit, gain.* Converso ĭn ∾ dĕo (sc. Jŏvĕ). *H.* Omnĭā Romæ cum ∾-o. *J.* ∾-o căpĭuntŭr ăvaræ. *Tib.* [† Aurum, argentum, pĕcunĭā; lŭcrum.] *See* DIVITIÆ.

PRIAMEĬS, ĭdis. *f. Daughter of Priam.* Prĭămeĭdā viděrāt ipsam. *O.*

PRIAMEĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Priam.* O felix una ante ălĭas Prĭămeĭā virgo! *V.*

PRIAMIDES, æ. *m. Son of Priam.* Prĭămĭdes multis Hĕlĕnus cŏmĭtantĭbŭs affert. *V.*

PRIAMUS, i. *m. The famous king of Troy. C. D.* Forsĭtăn et, Prĭămi fŭĕrint quæ fatā, rĕquiras. *V.* [† Laŏmĕdontĭādes.]

PRIAPUS, i. *m. The god presiding over gardens.* Hellespontĭāci servet tutelā Prĭapi. *V.* Ep. Rurĭcŏlā, frugĭfĕr, custos; prŏtervŭs, turpis, lascivŭs, obscenŭs, sălax. Crĕl. Dĕŭs Hellespontĭācŭs *or* Lampsăcĭŭs. Hortorum –dĕŭs, custos, præsēs. Pĕcŏrĭs pătĕr. Rurĭs custos. Custos vitĭs ĕt horti. Ruběr custos. C. falcĕ sălĭgna armatŭs. Falcĭfĕr sĕnex. Dĕŭs rurĭcŏlā. Dĕŭs sălax. Bacchi fĭlĭus *or* proles. Furum ăvĭumquē formido.

PRIDEM (*us. compounded,* JAMPRIDEM *or* JAM PRIDEM). *Long ago, long since; for a long time now* (c. pres. indic. = our perf. with *have*). Jam pridem cœli nobis te regĭā, Cæsăr, Invĭdĕt. *V.* Ceu pridem debĭtā fatis. *L.* Non ĭtā pridem (*but lately, not so long ago*). *H.* [† Dudum.] *See* D.

PRIMÆVUS, ă, um. *In the flower of life.* Fidens primævo corpŏrĕ Lausŭs. *V.* [† Jŭvĕnĭlis, jŭvĕnis.]

PRIMIGĔNUS, ă, um. *The first in time, first born.* Post mundi tempus gĕnĭtalē, dĭemquē Primĭgĕnum mārĭs et terræ. *Lr.*

PRIMĬPILUS, i. *m. The chief centurion,* or *first captain of the Triarii.* Pugnāt ăd exemplum primi, mĭnŏr ordĭnĕ, pili. *O.* [† Pilum.]

PRIMĬTIÆ, arum. *f. pl.* **1.** *The firstlings, first-fruits.* Primĭtĭas frugum Cĕrĕri, stŭ vinā Lȳæo. *O.* Crĕl. Primā donā *or* munĕrĕ. **2.** Fig. *The first taste, first essay, beginning,* &c.; *the first of any thing.* ∾-æ jŭvĕnis mĭsĕræ. *V.* armorum (*first attempt at fighting*). *St.* de regē sŭperbo (*first spoils*). *V.* [† Exordĭā, exorsā, primordĭā.]

PRIMĬTUS. (PRIMĬTŬ'. *Cat.*) *At first, for the first time.* Tum quĭbŭs ætatis frĕtā primĭtŭs insānĭantŭr. *Lr.*

PRIMO. *First, first of all.* Et tĭmŭit primo ne Jupĭtĕr essĕt ĭn illa. *O.* [† Princĭpio.] *See* PRIMUM.

Primŏr (*obs.*), *gen.* **Primorĭs.** *adj.* 1. *The first; first, earliest* (of time). Haud me dissĭmĭlem, Alcide, primorĭbŭs annis Agnosces, invictĕ, tŭis. *Sil.* Excisam ∾-i martĕ Sāguntum. *Sil.* ∾-ĭbŭs ex ēlēmentis. *Lr.* 2. Subst. m. pl. *The nobles, chief men.* ∾-es pŏpŭli arrĭpŭĭt. *H.* [† Prŏcĕres, primi.] 3. *That which is foremost, most in advance.* Nasi ∾-is ăcumĕn. *Lr.* ˘In lābris ∾-ĭbŭs (*on the tip of the lips*). *Pl.* [† Primŭs.]

Primordĭum, ĭi. *n.*, *us.* **Primordĭx,** orum. *pl.* 1. *A first beginning, origin, rise.* Et prŏfŭgum Æneam, altæ primordĭa Romæ. *O.* ∾-ĭă belli. *St.* [† Princĭpĭum, exordĭă, ŏrigo, &c.] *See* Initium. 2. *The primal elements of things. Lr.* [† Princĭpĭă, primă, semĭnă, corpŏră, corpuscŭlă, ēlēmentă, partĭcŭlæ.] Ep. Primă, concordĭă, discordĭă, pugnantĭă. Crol. Rerum -primordĭă, semĭnă, corpŏră. Gĕnĭtalĭă corpŏră. ˘Ēlēmentă primă. Fecundĭă semĭnă rerum.

Primorĭs. *See* Primor.

Primum. *adv.* 1. *For the first time, first.* Vos celsis nunc primum a navĭbŭs ĭtis! *V.* 2. *In the first place.* Omnĭum ∾ diversæ statĕ. *Pl.*

Primŭs, ă, um. 1. *First* (in time). Pinguĕ sōlum primis extemplo in mensĭbŭs anni. *V.* ∾ īnirĕ mānu &c. *Sil.* [† Prĭŏr, princeps; *sts.* primŏr.] 2. *Ancient, most ancient;* used also subst. m. pl. *the ancients, our ancestors.* Majorum ∾. *J.* ∾-i cūnēis scindebant lignum. *V.* [† Priscŭs, antiqui, vĕtĕres.] 3. Subst. pl. n. *Elementary particles.* E ∾-is factă mĭnutis. *Lr.* His exordĭă ∾-is omnĭă. *V. See* Primordium. 4. *First* (in rank); used also subst. m. pl. ∾-i Pœnorum. *V.* ∾-is urbis plăcŭissĕ. *H.* Ductores delecti, primă vĭrorum. *Lr.* [= primi, *after the Greek, τὰ πρῶτα τῶν ἀνδρῶν.*] [† Optĭmŭs, primarĭŭs, princeps; *pl.* primores, prŏcĕres.] 5. *First* (in quality); *excellent.* ∾-os sĭbĭ poscĕrĕ hŏnores. *V.* [† Egrĕgĭŭs, exĭmĭŭs, præstans, insignis.] 6. *That which is most forward, foremost;* or *placed most at the extremity of any thing.* ∾-ă hŏmĭnis făcies. ∾ pes (*forefoot*). ∾-as attollens gurgĭtĕ palmas (*the ends of the hands*). *V.* [† Primŏr, antĕrĭŏr.] 7. *That which is beginning; rising* (of heavenly bodies). ∾ Aurorā. *V.* ∾-o auctumni frigŏrĕ. *V.* solĕ. *J.* [† Incĭpiens, ŏrĭens, nascens.] 8. *Used* (in concordance with its subst.) *adverbially.* Vix ∾-os quĭes laxavĕrăt artus. *V.* Cui primă fudĭt ĕquum tellus. *V.*

Princeps, ĭpĭs. *adj.* 1. *The first in time* or *order.* Matri Qui dŏdĕrĭt princeps oscŭlă, victŏr ĕrĭt. *O.* Princĭpi limo (*the earth out of which man was formed*). *H.* [† Primŭs.] *See* P. 2. Used subst. *The prince* or *sovereign in a country.* Hic ămes dici pătĕr, atquĕ princeps. *H. See* Rex. 3. Pl. *The principal persons in a state.* [† Primi, primores, prŏcĕres.] 4. *The chief officers in an army. See* Dux.

Princĭpĭalis, ĕ. *That which is from the beginning, original.* Haud sīnĕ princĭpĭali ălĭquo lævorĕ crĕata est. *Lr.*

Princĭpĭo. *adv. See* Principium.

Princĭpĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A beginning, origin.* Ab Jŏvĕ princĭpĭum gĕnĕris; Jŏvĕ Dardănă pubes &c. *V.* ∾ lucis; moris. *O.* pugnæ. *V.* [† Primordĭum, Inĭtĭum, ŏrigo, fons, căpŭt; *sts.* princeps, auctŏr.] *See* Initium. 2. Princĭpĭo. *First of all.* ∾-o delubrā ădĕunt. *V.* [† Primo.] Crol. Antĕ omnĭă. 3. *A first principle, element, atom;* us. *pl.* ∾-ă aurarum. *Man* Concĭlĭatŭs princĭpĭum (= princĭpĭorum). *Lr. See* Primordia.

Prĭŏr, ŭs, orĭs. 1. *First of two.* Tuquĕ prĭor, tu parcĕ, gĕnus qui ducis ŏlympo. *V.* 2. *Former, foregone;* m. pl. *predecessors, ancestors.* Ævi exemplă prĭorĭs. *O.* Morĕ prĭorum. *O.* [† Priscŭs.] *See* Avus. 3. *Better, superior.* Hæc ălĭ, ăn illă, ∾. *O.* Florĕ ∾ rōsæ. *H.* [† Mĕlĭŏr, præstantĭŏr.] 4. *First in importance.* Pugnæ prŏpinquæ curā. *V. Fl.*

Priscŭs, ă, um. 1. *Ancient, of the olden time.* ∾-i Lātini. ∾-æ vestigĭă fraudis. *V.* ∾-o morĕ. *O.* [† Vĕtŭs, antiquŭs, vĕtustŭs, &c.] *See* Vetus. 2. Prisci. m. pl. *The ancients. O. See* Vetus. 3. *Of primitive purity and goodness,* &c. Heu ∾ fĭdes! *V.* 4. *Of primitive strictness,* &c. ∾-i præceptă pārentis. *Cat.* 5. *Former, first.* ∾ Vĕnŭs. *H.* nomĕn. *O.* [† Pristĭnŭs, prĭŏr.]

Pristĭnŭs, ă, um. 1. *Former, first, original.* In nĕmŭs umbrĭfĕrum, conjux ŭbĭ pristĭnŭs illi. *V.* Mens ∾. *O.* [† Prĭŏr, priscŭs.] 2. Sts. *Old, ancient.* ∾ ætas. *Cl.* Mores ∾-i. *Pl.* [† Antiquŭs, priscŭs.]

Pristĭs, Pristrix. *See* Pistris.

Prĭŭs. *adv.* 1. *First, before, formerly; long ago.* Otĭum et reges prĭŭs, et bĕātas Perdĭdĭt urbes. *Cat.* Non ∾ adspĭcĭes, ŭbĭ &c.? *V.* [† Antĕ, antĕa, quondam, olim.] 2. *First, rather.* Tellus ∾ imā dĕhiscăt. *V.* [† Cĭtĭŭs, pŏtĭŭs, mālis.]

Prĭusquam, *or* **Prĭŭs . . . quam.** *conj. Before that.* At prĭŭs ignotum ferro quam scindĭmŭs æquŏr. *V.* Ferro compescĕ prĭusquam &c. *V.* [† Antĕquam.] Crol. Antĕ . . . quam. Quam prĭŭs. Quum nondum.

I. **Privatŭs,** ă, um. *part. See* Privo. 1. *Deprived of.* Altĕr ŏb huic sĭmĭlem privatus lumĭnĕ culpam. *O.* [† Spŏlĭatŭs, nudatŭs, orbatŭs, orbŭs.] *See* Egens. 2. Sts. *Without, free from.* ∾ dŏlorĕ; pĕrĭclis; dŏmĭnis sŭperbis. *Lr.* [† Expers, exemptŭs, libĕr.]

II. Adj. 1. *Private, the individual's own.* ∾-æ ŏpes. ∾ censŭs. *H.* [† Privŭs, prŏpĭŭs.] 2. Used subst. m. *A private person* (as distinguished from those in office, &c.). Gĕnĕrum ∾ āmabĭt (Cæsăr). *L.* Phr. ∾-æ vitæ cŭpĭdŭs.

Privignŭs, i. *m.*, *and* **Privignă,** æ. *f. O. A stepson; a step-daughter.* Quod dŭbĭus Mars est, per te, privignĕ Cŭpido, est. *O.*

Privo, as. 1. *To deprive of.* Sed fatā mŏnentem Privaverĕ fĭde. *St.* [† Spŏlĭo, nudo, orbo, excludo, excŭtĭo, fraudo; erĭpĭo, aufĕro, ădĭmo, tollo.] 2. Sts. *To free from.* ∾ formidĭnĕ. *H.* [† Solvo, expĕdĭo; demo, aufĕro.]

Privŭs, ă, um. 1. *Peculiar to each, individual.* Nec repentis ĭtum cujusviscunque ănĭmantis Sentimus, nec privā pĕdum vestigĭă quæquĕ. *Lr.* [† Singŭlaris, singŭli.] 2. *That which is exclusively a man's own.* Parrhăsius priva vindĭcăt artĕ lŏcum. *Pp.* ∾ trĭremis. *H.* Turdŭs, sive ălĭŭd ∾-um dăbĭtŭr tĭbĭ. *H.* [† Privatŭs, prŏprĭŭs, &c.] *See* Proprius.

I. **Pro.** 1. *Before, in front of;* hence fig. *in defence of.* Pro turrĭbŭs adstant. *V.* [† Antĕ; *fig.* ŏb, proptĕr.] 2. *For, for the sake of, in regard of.* Pro re paucā lŏquăr. *V.* Pro conjŭgĕ movĭmŭs armā. *O.* 3. *For, like as, the same as.* Hunc . . . hăbŭi, ămavi pro mĕo. *Ter.* [† Tanquam, ŭt, instăr.] 4. *For, in the place of.* Pro Ascănio vĕnirĕ. Pro vĭro nĕbŭlam obtendĕrĕ. *V.* [† Loco, vĭcĕ (*with gen.*).] 5. *In exchange for.* Vitam pro laudĕ păcisci. *V.* [† Cum.] 6. *In return for, on account* or *in requital of, as the price of.* Reddĕrĕ pro carmĭnĕ donā. *V.* Dărĕ pœnas pro virgĭnĕo căpillo (de Scylla). *V.* Pro talĭbŭs ausis. *V.* [† ˘Ob, proptĕr.] 7. *After, according to, in proportion to.* Te marmŏrĕum pro tempŏrĕ fĕcĭmŭs. *V.* Pro se quisquĕ vĭri nituntŭr. *V.* [† Ex, ăd, sĕcundum.] 8. Pro ŭt. *See* Prout.

II. PRO. *interj. See* PROH.

PRŎĂVĬTUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to*, or *inherited from*, *ancestors*. Pugnantem pro se, prŏăvităquĕ regnā tŭentem. *O.*

PRŎĂVUS, i. *m. A great-grandfather;* pl. *ancestors.* Usque a prŏăvis vĕtŭs ordĭnis heres. *O. See* AVUS.

PRŎBATŎR, ŏris. *m. An approver.* Artĭbŭs exceptis, sæpĕ prŏbatŏr ĕras. *O.*

PRŎBATUS, ă, um. *part. See* PROBO. Used also adj. 1. *Proved.* Crimenquĕ pătet sĭne testĕ prŏbatum. *O.* 2. *Approved of.* Quarum judĭcio si quā prŏbatā, prŏbā est. *O.* 3. *Tested, proved to be good,* &c. ∾ argentum. *Pl.* [† Spectatŭs, expertŭs.]

PRŎBE. 1. *Well, admirably. Ter. Pl.* (Prŏbŭs.) [† Bĕnĕ, recte, pulchre, egrĕgĭe.] 2. *Thoroughly, perfectly.* Suffenŭs istĕ, Varro, quem prŏbe nosti. *Cat.* [† Plane, prorsŭs, fundĭtŭs.]

PRŎBĬTAS, ātis. *f.* 1. *Probity, uprightness.* Scilicĕt adversis prŏbĭtas exercĭtā rebŭs. *O.* [† Pĭĕtas, virtus, simplĭcĭtas, &c.] *See* PROBUS, VIRTUS. 2. *Modesty, chastity.* Quantā tŭā est ∾ quantā præstantĭā formæ. *M.* Dulci ∾-ĕ rŭbentem. *St. See* CASTITAS.

PRŎBO, as. 1. *To approve.* Idquĕ pĭo sĕdĕt Æneæ, prŏbăt auctŏr ˘Acestes. *V.* [† Approbo, comprŏbo, laudo; *sts.* assentĭŏr.] 2. *To prove, test.* Exĭtŭs actā ∾-āt. *O.* [† Exploro.] 3. *To prove, show, demonstrate.* ∾-āt invictas summā tĕnerĕ dĕas. *O.* Pătrĭo mĕtu pătĕr essĕ prŏbŏr. *O.* [† Monstro, ostendo, argŭo, indĭco, convinco.] 4. *To make* or *prove to be good,* &c. Aurĭbŭs puris ∾ scriptā mĕā. *Pp. See* APPROBO. 5. *To estimate, value.* ∾ ămicĭtĭas utĭlĭtatĕ. *O.* [† Æstĭmo.]

PRŎBROSUS, ă, um. *Disgraceful.* O magnā Carthago, prŏbrosis Altĭŏr Itălĭæ rŭinis! *H.* [† Pŭdendŭs, Inhŏnestŭs, turpis.]

PRŎBRUM, *and* PROBRUM, i. *n.* 1. *A disgraceful deed; dishonour, disgrace.* Haud posse a turpi mentem Inhĭbĕrĕ prŏbro. *Cat.* ˘Ocŭlis probrā vĭdendā mĕis. *O.* [† Opprŏbrĭum, dedĕcŭs, &c.] *See* DEDECUS. 2. Prŏbrā -jacto, căno, &c.; Prŏbris lăcesso, &c. *To use abusive language. O.* [† Convitĭā, opprŏbrĭā, mălĕdictā, &c.] *See* CONVITIOR.

PRŎBUS, ă, um. *Good, of good quality;* sp. *morally good, upright, modest,* &c. Vir justus, prŏbŭs, innŏcens tĭmeris. *M.* Quam prŏbā, quam tĭmĭdā est. *O.* ∾ paupĕrĭes. *H.* merx; clavis; argentum. *Pl.* [† Hŏnestŭs, bŏnŭs, pĭŭs, castŭs, sanctŭs, frugi, intĕgĕr, innŏcens, justŭs, æquŭs.] Crcl. Justĭtĭæ cultŏr. Custos (servatŏr) hŏnesti *or* recti. Scĕlĕrĭs purŭs. Vitæ intĕgĕr. Vitæ labĕ cărens. Plĕtatĕ insignis. Fraudis (fraudum) -insclŭs, nescĭŭs, ignarŭs. Expers dŏli. Morĭbŭs exĭmĭis. *See* BONUS, IMPROBUS; INNOCENS, VIRTUS; CASTUS, PROBITAS.

PRŎCACĬTAS, ātis. *f.* 1. *Sauciness, effrontery.* Ludit qui stŏlĭda prŏcacĭtatĕ. *M.* [† Pĕtŭlantĭā, prŏtervĭā, audacĭā.] 2. *Light, wanton manner and talk. M.* [† Nequĭtĭā, imprŏbĭtas, lasciviā.]

PRŎCAX, ācis. 1. *Extravagant in demand, bold, impudent.* Lit. and fig. Pĕnĭtusquĕ prŏcacĭbŭs austris. *V.* Prŏcax libertas civĭtatem miscŭĭt. *Ph.* ∾, răpax. *Pl.* [† Prŏtervŭs, pĕtŭlans, audax.] 2. *Wanton, immodest. O.* ∾ Fescenninā lŏcutĭo. *Cat. See* IMPUDICUS.

PROCEDO, is, cessi, cessum. 1. *To advance, go forth* or *forward.* Lit. and fig. Vidĭt, ĕt æquatis classem procedĕrĕ velis. *V.* ∾ tăcĭto agmĭnĕ. *Sil.* longĭŭs iras. Dies processit. *V.* [† Progrĕdĭŏr, ĕo.] 2. *To go* or *come out from.* ∾ mĕdĭa ăb aula. *O.* castris. *V.* undis. *Cl. See* EXEO. Hence 3. *To come into sight, appear.* ∾-ĭt Cæsărĭs astrum. *V. See* APPAREO. 4. *To be of use, to benefit.* ∾-ĭt qd ci. *O.* gentĭs hŏnos. *V. Fl.* [† Prosum, jŭvăt.]

PRŎCELLA, æ. *f.* 1. *A tempest* (at sea). Effŭgĭt hibernas demissa antennā prŏcellas. *O.* [† Tempestas, hiems, nimbŭs; *sts.* turbo, imbĕr.] Ep. Nimbosā, atrā, obscurā, ŏpacā, pĭcĕā, turbĭdā, hibernā, sŭbĭtā, rĕpentinā, Inŏpinā, mĭnax, sævā, infestā, tristis, immitis, stridens, sŏnorā, effusā, præceps, insanā, fŭrens, horrĭdā, horrendā. Crcl. Vis -prŏcellæ, tempestatis, hiemis. Mārĕ (æquŏr) -commotum, turbatum, indignatum, ăgĭtatum, tŭmĭdum, &c. Æquŏrā -turbĭdā, spumantĭā, &c. Mārĭs (ponti, æquŏrĭs, frĕti) -rabies, irā, fŭrŏr, mĭnæ, æstŭs, pĕricŭlā, licentĭā. Cœli rŭinā. Ponti hiems *or* tempestas. Undā -tŭmens, mĭnax, &c. Ventorum fŭriæ. ˘Aquarum tŭmŏr. Pĕlăgi -frăgŏr, murmŭr, gĕmĭtŭs, sŏnĭtŭs, stridŏr. Fluctus -tŭmentes, spumantes, insani, commoti. Impĕtŭs undæ. ˘Aquarum -moles, mons, montes. Aspĕrā cœli tempestas. Mārĭs fĭcies aspĕrā *or* tristissĭmā. ˘Et pĕlăgi, ĕt cœli tŭmultŭs. Răbies mārisquĕ cœliquĕ. Non tractabĭlĭ cœlum. Hibernæ mĭnæ. Mārĭā (æquŏrā, frĕtā) -ventis concĭtā *or* aspĕrā;—prŏcellis horrĭdā *or* turbatā;—fluctĭbŭs albentĭā;—Neptuni quassā trĭdentĕ. Phr. 1. Magni venti -tollunt mārĕ;—æquŏrā commŏvent;—æ. invĭā fĭcĭunt;—æ. imo cĭent fundo. Frĕtā ponti ăgĭtatā incĭpĭunt tŭmescĕrĕ. Mārĕ -sese tollĭt; —altĭŭs undas erĭgĭt;—ād æthĕrā imo fundo consurgĭt;—tŭmĭdis fluctĭbŭs albescĭt;—In canos fluctus (In f. candenti marmŏrĕ) vertŭtŭr. Imā undā -vortĭcĭbŭs exæstŭāt;—ārenam alte subjectāt. ˘Arenā ex imis vādis erŭtā fervĕt. Æquŏr (mārĕ sollĭcĭtum) -frĕtis spumantĭbŭs (raucis ăquis) fervĕt;—stridorĭbŭs totum miscetŭr. Æquŏrā ventis increscunt. Tempestas -āb immenso cœlo fertŭr;—nĭgrantes glŏbos (turbĭdā nubĭlā) secum torquĕt;—sŭbĭtis horrescĭt nimbis;—toto æquŏrĕ sævĭt. Phr. 2. *Immense waves.* Magnā (vastā) surgunt æquŏrā. Pontŭs -fluctĭbŭs erĭgĭtŭr;—fluctus ād astrā tollĭt;—cœlum æquāt;—nubes ipsas adspergĭnĕ inducĭt (tingĭt). Phr. 3. *Waves dashing against rocks.* Mārĕ -scŏpŭlum frangentem fluctus fĕrĭt;—In montis lātŭs rŭĭt: rŭinam sibĭ fŭrens In rupes pārāt;—In scŏpŭlos totas undas erĭgĭt. Phr. 4. *A fleet in a storm.* Pŏli rupti rĕbŏant, crebrā mĭcant fulmĭnā (*or* Rupto pŏlo ignĕŭs æther mĭcāt), ĕt In classem cœlum implacabĭlĭ rŭĭt. *See* PLUIT, MERGOR, NAUFRAGIUM. 2. *A land-storm. See* VENTUS. 3. Fig. *Used of what is furious and destructive.* Effundĕrĕ irarum ∾-as. *Sil.* Sparsŭs āb Emăthĭa ∾-a (*the battle of Pharsalia*). *L.* Fĕrĭmŭr ∾-a (fatorum). *V.* [† Tempestas, turbo.]

PRŎCELLOSUS, ă, um. 1. *Stormy, storm-tossed.* Antĕ prŏcellosum scŏpŭlis errantĭbŭs æquŏr. *V. Fl.* [† Hibernŭs, ventosŭs, nimbosŭs, commotŭs, turbatŭs, ăgĭtatŭs, &c.] 2. *Stormy, storm-raising.* ∾-i nŏti. *O.* [† Nimbosŭs, turbĭdŭs; *ext.* fŭrens, insanŭs, vĭŏlentŭs, &c.]

PRŎCĔRES, um. *m. pl.* 1. *Nobles, leading men, chiefs.* Delectos pŏpŭli ad prŏcĕres, primumquĕ pārentem &c. *V.* [† Primi, primores, principes, pŏtentes, dŭces, ductores; *sts.* nobĭles, pătrĭcĭi, præcĭpŭi, lecti.] Crcl. Rerum prŏcĕres. Lecti prŏcĕres. Prŏcĕrum -mānŭs, turbā. 2. Found in the sing. Agnosco prŏcĕrem. *J.*

PROCERUS, ă, um. 1. *Long.* Proferrĕ vĭai Proceros passus &c. *Lr.* [† Longŭs, extensŭs.] 2. *High, tall; of great stature, and so great of size generally.* ∾-æ alni. *V.* silvæ. *O.* cŏhortes. *Sil.* lŭpi (sc. pisces). *H.* ∾-ă membrā. *St.* [† Al-

tūs, celsūs, sublimīs, ardūūs, magnūs, ingens, grandīs, vastūs, immanīs, amplūs, immensūs; *sts.* improbūs.] **Crol.** Magna (vasta, gigantea) molē. Ingenti corpŏrē. Vasti corpŏrīs. Corpŏrīs ăbundans. Hūmĕris exstans altis. Insurgens hūmĕris hŏmīnem sūpēr. Hūmĕris hŏmīnem sūpēr improbūs.

PROCESSŬS, us. *m.* 1. *Progress, course.* Lit. and fig. Sin in processu cœpit crudescĕrĕ morbūs. *V.* 2. *Good progress, success.* Sic tūā ~-us (*pl.*) hăbĕāt fortunā. *O. See* SUCCESSUS.

PROCĬDO, īs, i. *To fall.* Procĭdit late, pŏsŭitquĕ collum in Pulvĕrē Teucro. *H. See* CADO.

PROCĬDŬS, ă, um. *Falling.* Corpŏrā procĭdūs sūpēr externosquĕ sŭosquĕ. *St. See* CADENS.

PROCINCTŬS, us. *m. The state of soldiers on the point of engaging;* hence, *with arms in hand,* or *at the moment of moving on.* Lit. and fig. Quoquĕ măgis nostros vĕnīa dignerĕ lĭbellos, Hæc in procinctu carmĭnā factā lĕges. *O.*

PROCLAMO, as. *To cry aloud, call out.* Quid? non proclames, in corpŏrē judĭcis istā Si vĭdēas? *J.* ~ magna vocē. *V.* [† Clamo, prædĭco.]

PROCLINO, as. *To incline* or *bend any thing forward; to slope it forward towards.* Tum mārē In hæc magnus proclinet littŏrā Nereus. *O.* Partes ~-æ (*sloping and as if falling*). *O. See* INCLINO.

PROCLIVĬS, ĕ, *and anc.* PROCLIVŬS, ă, um. 1. *Sloping, going downwards; steep.* Et proclivŭs ĭtem fiat mĭnŭs impētŭs undæ. *Lr.* Quum te proclivĭŏr urgea. *Cl.* ~-as incĭtāt undas (ventūs). *Cat.* [† Declivĭs, pronūs, præceps.] 2. Used subst. n. Ipsāquĕ Pĭĕrĭos laxant proclivĭā currus. *Cl.* Fig. 3. *Easy. Pl.* [† Pronūs, făcĭlĭs.] 4. *Inclined* or *disposed* (to any thing). ~ quum sĭt mĭsĕrĭcordĭā. *Ph.* Plĭĕtas In te ~-ĭŏr ibāt. *Cl.* ~ ăd lĭbidĭnem. *Ter.* scĕlĕri ĕgestas. *Sil.* [† Propensūs, pronūs.]

PROCLIVĬTĔR (*and* PROCLIVĔ. *n. adj. Lr.*). *Easily, readily.* Quippe stĕnim multo proclivĭŭs exŏrĭentūr. *Lr.*

PROCNE, *or* PROGNE, es. *f.* 1. *The daughter of Pandion, king of Athens, changed into a swallow,* &c. (*See* PHILOMELA.) Nactā lŏcum Procne, sacrorum pignŏrā demĭt. *O.* [† Daullĭās, Daulĭs, Pandiŏnĭs.] **Ep.** Attĭcā, Pandiŏnĭā, Bistŏnĭā, Bistŏnĭs, Threĭcĭā, durā, sævā, implĭā. **Crol.** Pandiŏnē natā. Terēŏs -conjux, uxŏr, mărĭtā. Gĕtĭci uxŏr mărĭti. Threĭcĭā *or* Rhŏdŏpēā conjux. 2. *A swallow. V. O.* [† Hĭrundo.] **Ep.** Garrŭlā, lŏquax, quĕrŭlā, gĕmens, nĭgrā, văgā, pĕrĕgrinā. **Crol.** Daullĭs, Daulĭās, Bistŏnĭs, Pandiŏnĭs, Pandiŏnĭā, Cecrŏpĭs, Cecrŏpĭā -ālĕs, vŏlūcrĭs, ăvĭs. ˘Avĭs nuntĭā *or* prænuntĭā verĭs. Alĕs tectis summis rĕsīdens. ˘Avĭs tignis nidum suspendens. *See* PHILOMELA. 3. Sts. Prŏcne (after the Greek). Cŭpĭdoquĕ rĕvertĭtŭr orĕ Ad mandātā Prŏcnes. *O.*

PROCREO, as. *To beget, to produce.* Vertĭt, ĕt hinc sensus ănĭmantum procrĕāt omnes. *Lr.* De qua procrĕēt, anguīs hăbĕt. *O. See* GIGNO.

PROCRESCO, īs. *To grow.* Ex igni, terra, atque ănĭma procrescĕre, ĕt imbri. *Lr. See* CRESCO.

PRŎCRĬS, īs *and* ĭdĭs. *f. Daughter of Erechtheus, killed accidentally by her husband Cephalus. C. D.* Pectŏrē Procrĭs ĕrat, Procris mĭhĭ sempēr In orē. *O. See* CEPHALUS.

PRŎCRUSTES, æ. *m. A robber of Attica, killed by Theseus.* Vidĭt ĕt immitem Cephesĭās orā Prŏcrusten. *O.*

PROCŬBO, as, ŭi. *To lie along, be at full length.* Procŭbāt horrendum Gĕtĭco Gradivŭs In Hæmo. *Cl.* Saxēā umbrā ~-āt. *V. See* PROCUMBO, IMMINEO.

PROCUDO, īs, di, sum. 1. *To forge, hammer out. Durum* procudĭt ăratŏr Vomĕrĭs obtusi dentem. *V.* ~ enses. *H.* [† Cudo, excudo, extrudo, conflo; *ext.* făbrĭco, cŏquo, rĕcŏquo.] **Crol.** Ignē *or* igni -mollĭo, rĕcŏquo. Fornacē *or* incudē (pŏsĭta incudē) telā (enses) nŏvo *or* rĕcŏquo. 2. Fig. *To make, invent, produce.* ~ nomĕn. *H.* dŏlos. *Pl.* prŏpagando sæclā. *Lr.* ~-ĭtŭr vŏluptas. *Lr.* [† Cudo, făbrĭco, gigno, &c.]

PRŎCŬL. 1. *Far, far off, at a distance.* Lit. and fig. I prŏcŭl hinc, dixit, nec sacros pollŭē fontes. *O.* Tu prŏcŭl eventurā vĭdes. *Tib.* ~ a pătrĭa. *V.* urbē. *O.* nĕgotĭis; ambĭtĭonē. *H.* [† Longe, longĭŭs.] 2. Sts. *Away from* (without implying *far from*). Serta ~ tantum căpĭti delapsā jăcebant. *V.* 3. *From a distance, from far.* Et prŏcŭl e tūmŭlō: "Jŭvĕnes" &c. *V.* [† Longe, emĭnŭs.] 4. Sts. *A long time, a long time hence.* Durabisnĕ ~ &c. *St.*

PROCULCO, as. 1. *To trample on, tread down.* Crescenti sĕgĕtes proculcāt In herbā. *O.* [† Calco, protĕro, &c.] *See* CALCO. 2. Fig. *To treat with contempt.* ~ fasces sævasquĕ sĕcūres. *Lr. See* CONTEMNO.

PROCUMBO, īs, ŭbŭi, ŭbĭtum. 1. *To bend forward.* Olli certamĭnĕ duro Procumbunt &c. (de remigantĭbŭs). *V.* ~ grăvĭdis ăristis de culmo. *V.* gratos ăd amnes. *V. Fl.* [† Incumbo, inclinŏr, propendĕo.] 2. *To fall forward, to fall down.* Lit. and fig. ~-ĭt hūmi bos. *V.* ~-unt sŏlo mœnĭā. *O.* Res procŭbŭerĭ mĕæ. *O.* [† Cādo, &c.] *See* C. 3. *To lie down to rest. V. O.* [† Decumbo, rĕcumbo, cŭbo, &c.] 4. *To fall at a person's feet,* &c. ~ antē pĕdes ejus; flexo gĕnu. *O.* templis. *Tib. See* GENU. 5. Sts. *To fall upon, attack.* ~ In armos. *M.*

PRŎCURATŎR, oris. *m. An agent, a manager.* Indē prŏcurator nĭmĭum quŏquĕ multā prŏcurāt. *O.* Procuratorem vultu qui præfĕrāt ipso. *M.*

PRŎCURO, as. 1. *To take care of.* Læti bănĕ gestis corpŏrā rebūs Procuratĕ, vĭri. *V.* Ipsē prŏcuravi ne possent &c. *Tib. See* CURO. 2. *To avert by sacrifice.* ~-avi ne possent nŏcerē somnĭā. *Tib.* His făcĭto mĕā telā ~-es. *O.* [† Pĭo, expĭo.]

PROCURRO, īs, ri, sum. 1. *To run forward, run out in front;* (sp. of soldiers to the attack) *to move rapidly onward.* Lit. and fig. Et conferrĕ mānum et procurrĕrĕ longĭŭs audent. *V.* ~ In jus. *H.* In frĕtā. *O.* alterno gurglĭē (de ponto). *V. See* CURRO. 2. *To extend, project.* Terrā scŏpŭlis ~-ĭt In æquŏr. *O.* Saxis In ~-entĭbŭs hæsĭt. *V.* [† Excurro, exsto, promĭnĕo.]

PROCURSŬS, us. *m. A running forth, an advancing to attack, a sally.* Procursu răpĭdo, conjectis emĭnŭs hastis, Invadunt martem. *V.* Sternĭt ~-ĭbŭs herbas. *St.* [† Cursŭs, impĕtŭs.]

PROCURVO, as. *To curve* or *bend forward.* Celsum procurvāt ˘Agyllēā Tydeus. *St.*

PROCURVŬS, ă, um. *Crooked, curved; winding.* Exŏrĭtur procurva ingens per littŏrā flectūs. *V.* ~ falx. *V. See* CURVUS.

PRŎCŬS, i. *m. A suitor, wooer.* Multorum frustra votis optātā prŏcorum. *O.* Phr. Prŏcŭs (qm) pĕtĭt (cŭpĭt, votis optāt, ăd sanctā lecti jurā pĕtĭt).

PRŎCUSTES. *See* PROCRUSTES.

PRODĔO, is, ivi. 1. *To go* or *come forth.* Cultūs, ĕt ornatis vārĭe prodissē căpillis Obfŭīt. *O.* Obvĭā ~-ĕram rĕdŭci tĭbĭ. *O.* [† Procedo, progrĕdĭŏr.] *See* EO. 2. *To go out.* ~ ăb antro; fŏrĭbŭs. *O. See* EXEO. 3. *To appear for the first time, come to light.* Nŏvæ ~-ĕunt comœdĭæ. *Pl.* Nŏcens ferrum ferroquĕ nŏcentĭŭs aurum ~-ĭĕrant. *O. See* APPAREO, NASCOR. 4. *To jut out, project.* ~-ĭt rupes In æquŏr. *V.* ~-ibant immŏdĭco tubĕrĕ tali. *O.* [† Promĭ-

nĕo, exsto.] 5. *To spring forth, rise up* (above). ~-ĭt ĭn summum sŏlum (herbă). *O.* *See* SURGO.

PRODĬGĬALIS, ĕ, *and* PRODĬGĬOSUS, ă, um. 1. *Full of the monstrous, prodigious, marvellous,* &c. Diræque ĕtĭam fugerĕ vŏlucres PRODĬGĬALĒ nĕmŭs. *St.* PRODĬGĬOSĂ lŏquŏr mĭracŭlă. *O.* Orĕ prodĭgĭosă Tartărĕi cănĭs. *M.* [¶ Monstrosŭs, portentosŭs.] 2. N. used adv. ~-ĕ cănens. *St.* rŭbens (cŏmetes). *Cl.*

PRODĬGĬALĬTĔR. *In a strange, unnatural, marvellous manner.* Qui vărĭarĕ cŭpit rem prodĭgĭalĭtĕr unam. *H.*

PRODĬGĬOSUS. *See* PRODIGIALIS.

PRODĬGĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A prodigy, a portent.* Prodĭgĭis acti cœlestĭbŭs, ossă plăbunt. *V.* [¶ Monstrum, portentum, signum, miracŭlă.] 2. *A monster.* ~ trĭplex (de Gerȳŏnĕ). *O.* *See* MONSTRUM.

PRODĬGO, ĭs, egi, actum. *To squander.* Belloquĕ pătrătă Prodĭgĕre in bellum făcĭlĭs. *Sil.* [¶ Effundo, prŏfundo, &c.] *See* DECOQUO.

PRODĬGUS, ă, um. 1. *Prodigal, wasteful.* Prodĭgă non sentit pĕrĕuntem femĭnă censum. *J.* ~ æris. *H.* [¶ Effusŭs, prŏfusŭs, luxŭrĭosŭs, discinctŭs, laxŭs; *sts.* nĕpos, perdĭtŭs.] Crol. Non parcŭs. *See* LUXUS. Fig. 2. *Lavish, profuse* (in giving, parting with any thing). ~ sanguĭnĭs atque ănĭmæ. *O.* ănĭmæ magnæ. *H.* vitæ (virtus). *St.* Crol. Non ăvarŭs. 3. *Rich, abounding in any thing, fruitful.* ~ tellus. *O.* herbæ lŏcŭs. *H.* lăticum tellus. *Sil.* [¶ Largŭs, ăbundans.]

PRODĬTIO, onĭs. *f.* *Betrayal, treachery.* Glorĭă, quem falsa sub prodĭtĭonĕ Pĕlasgi. *V.* [¶ Perfĭdĭă, dŏlŭs, fraus.]

PRODĬTŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *One that reveals, discovers, betrays a matter.* Et vĕnĭam culpæ prodĭtŏr ipsĕ mĕæ. *O.* ~ Tantălŭs. *O.* pŭellæ risŭs ăb angŭlo. *H.* [¶ Index.] 2. *A perfidious person, a traitor.* *O.* Ep. Infidus, perfĭdŭs, fallax, mendax, implŭs. *See* FALLAX, PERFIDIA.

PRODĬTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PRODO. 1. *Brought to light, made public, made manifest.* Emĭnĕt indĭcĭo prodĭtă flammă sŭo. *O.* ~ vox. *V. Fl.* extra corpŭs ănĭmă. *Lr.* 2. *Produced, born.* ~ paucis horis (pŭĕr). *O.* [¶ Edĭtŭs, &c.] *See* NATUS. 3. *Betrayed, delivered to the enemy, abandoned.* ~-ă somno (tentorĭă). *V.* ~ clypĕi transfixo ærĕ. *Sil.* 4. Sts. *Projecting* (put forth or forward). Inclinată mĭnent ĭn ĕamdem prodĭtă partem. *Lr.*

PRODO, ĭs, dĭdi, dĭtum. 1. *To bring to light, produce, draw out; to show, disclose, betray.* Ante ălĭqua, tanquam partum, quod prodĭtŭr extra. *Lr.* ~ mĕdĭcamĭnă condĭtă cistis. *V. Fl.* suspirĭă pectorĕ; crimĕn vultu. *O.* Tŭă te bŏnă ~-unt. *O.* [¶ ˘Apĕrio, pando, ostendo, detĕgo, exsĕro, educo, produco, profĕro, &c.] *See* DETEGO. 2. *To give notice of, to portend.* Prodentĭă ventos (murmŭrĕ). *V.* *See* PORTENDO. 3. *To hand down, transmit.* ~ ritum. *O.* *See* TRADO. 4. *To deliver up.* ~ qm ăd mortem. *V.* [¶ Trado, projĭcĭo, dedo.] 5. *To betray, deceive, fail.* ~ conjŭgĭum antiquum. *V.* regnă pĕrentĭs. *O.* ~-ĭt currus fŭgă segnĭs ĕquorum. *V.* Œnŏmăi axem (Myrtĭlŭs). *Cl.* Frigentem ĭn martĕ sĕnectam ~-ebant ictus. *Sil.* [¶ Fallo, decĭpio, desĕro, rĕlinquo, destĭtŭo.] 6. *To propagate.* ~ gĕnŭs a sanguĭnĕ Teucri. *V.* *See* PROPAGO (I.).

PRODŎCĬO, es. *To teach publicly.* Virtus post nummos: hæc Janus summŭs ăb imo Prodŏcĕt. *H.*

PRODUCO, ĭs, uxi, uctum. 1. *To lead* or *bring forth* or *out.* Vĕlŭt ălĕs, ăb alto Quæ tĕnĕram prolem producĭt ĭn ăĕrĕ nido. *O.* Quum gĕmĭnos ~-ĕrĕt Arrĭă natos. *Pp.* [¶ Promŏvĕo, profĕro, educo.] 2. *To bring* or *conduct to a place; to conduct a funeral, procession,* &c. ~ vĭrum. *O.* longum funŭs ăd tŭmŭlum. *L.* ~-unt te ăd sŭă flumĭnă nymphæ. *V. Fl.* [¶ Deduco, cŏmĭtŏr, sĕquŏr.] 3. *To beget, give birth to, produce.* Quallĭă ~-ĭt corpŏră tellus. *V.* Divă, ~-as sŏbŏlem (*multiply the births of children*). *H.* ~-ĭt ˘Achilles (te). *J.* [¶ Gigno, părio, gĕnĕro, &c.] *See* GIGNO. 4. *To bring up, educate.* Lævo mŏnĭtu pŭĕros ~-ĭt ăvaros. *J.* *See* EDUCO (I.). 5. *To promote, advance.* Sŭos ~-ĭt ălumnos (fortună). *J.* *See* PROMOVEO. 6. *To draw before any thing.* ~ scamnum lecto. *O.* nubĭlă menti. *St.* 7. *To bring through to the end, to an end proposed.* ~ cœnam jucunde. *H.* Tempŭs semĕn ĭn ăristas ~-ĭt. *O.* ~ (ignes) ăd flammas ănĭma. *O.* 8. *To prolong, protract.* ~ noctem vino. *M.* vitam. *H.* [¶ Protrăho, profĕro, diffĕro, trăho, prorŏgo, extendo, prolato.] 9. *To project, to send out lengthwise.* ~-ĭt linguam ĭn æquŏrĭă (Hespĕrĭă). *L.* [¶ Protendo, profĕro, extendo.] 10. *To make longer.* ~ antiquas pelles dentĭbŭs. *M.* sŭpercĭlĭum obliqua ăcu. *J.* [¶ Extendo, &c.] *See* E. 11. *To make long* (as to syllabic quantity). *O.* [¶ Protrăho.] Crol. Productam *or* longam effĭcĭo.

PRODUCTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PRODUCO; and comp. as adj. Nevĕ mĭnor, neu sit quinto productĭŏr actu Fabŭlă. *H.*

PRŒLIUM, *or* PRÆLIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A combat, a battle;* pl. *war.* Lit. and fig. Quum cănĕrem reges et prœlĭă, Cynthĭŭs aurem &c. *V.* Ventorum ~-ă. *V.* ~-ă mecum gĕrĕrĕ. *O.* [¶ Certamĕn, pugnă.] *See* PUGNA, BELLUM. 2. *Used of the combats of animals.* ~-ă miscent tauri; dant cervi. *V.*

PRŎFANO, as. *To profane.* Scĭlĭcĕt omnĕ săcrum mors importună prŏfanăt. *O.* ~ festum. *O.* Prŏfanatæ terræ. *St.* [¶ Vĭŏlo, pollŭo, tĕmĕro.] Crol. Făcĭo prŏfanum.

PRŎFANUS, ă, um. 1. *Profane, not sacred; profaned* (of things). Mixtăque ĕrat flammæ flammă prŏfană plæ. *O.* Miscerĕ săcrĭă ~-is. *H.* [¶ Prŏfanatŭs, implŭs.] 2. *Uninitiated* (into certain sacred mysteries); *not of any sacred order* (of persons). Prŏcŭl estĕ ~-i. *V.* ~-um vulgŭs. *H.* 3. *Impious, wicked.* ~ Phorbas. *O.* [¶ Impĭŭs, scĕlĕratŭs, nĕfandŭs, &c.] 4. *Of evil omen.* ~ bubo. *O.* *See* INFAUSTUS.

PRŎFARĬS, atŭr, ari. 1. *To say, speak.* Tum brĕvĭter Dido, vultum demissă, prŏfatŭr. *V.* *See* LOQUOR. 2. Sts. *To foretel.* Quæ Pythĭă prŏfatŭr. *O.*

PRŎFATUS, us. *m.* *A speaking, address.* Effreno nubes æquarĕ prŏfatu. *St.*

PRŎFECTO. *adv.* *No doubt, in good truth.* Et frater felix et fortunată prŏfectо Si quă tĭbi sŏrŏr est. *O.* [¶ Sane, certo, næ, omnino, plane.]

I. PRŎFECTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PROFICISCOR. 1. *Having set out, gone, come.* Essĕ vĕlit Tȳrĭis urbem Trojaquĕ prŏfectis. *V.* ˘Ad bellă ~. *O.* 2. *Sprung, descended from.* Gĕnŭs a Pallantĕ ~-um. *O.* [¶ Ortŭs, ŏrĭundŭs.]

II. PROFECTUS, us. *m.* *Success, advantage.* Verbăquĕ profectu dissĭmŭlată cărent. *O.* [¶ Effectŭs, utĭlĭtas.]

PROFĔRO, fers, tŭli, latum. 1. *To bring forth* or *out, to put forth, to cause to come forth* or *appear.* Quid prĕmăt obscurum lunæ, quid profĕrăt orbem. *H.* Primŭs qui protŭlĭt enses (*brought into use*). *Tib.* ~ frondes. *V. Fl.* [¶ Effĕro, educo, promo, exsĕro; *sts.* gigno.] Fig. 2. *To make known, to invent, produce,* &c. ~ ĭn lucem vŏcabŭlă. *H.* cultum ŏpŭs docto pectŏrĕ. *M.* [¶ Edo, promo, expromo, effĕro, produco, ostendo

or gigno.] 3. *To utter, pronounce.* ∾ quĕrelas. *L.* libĕrā verbā ănĭmi. *J.* [¶ Edo, dico, elŏquŏr, &c.] *See* DICO. 4. *To extend, advance.* Sŭpĕr Indos ∾ impĕrĭum. *V.* [¶ Extendo, protendo, prolato, &c.] *See* EXTENDO. 5. *To put off, defer.* ∾ fātā pārentĭs. *V.* [¶ Produco, differo, rĕmitto, prorŏgo, &c.]

PRŎFESSUS, ă, um. *part. See* PROFITEOR. 1. Act. *Making* or *having made professions, promises, avowals,* &c. Sed vitatĕ vīros cultum formamquĕ prŏfessos. *O.* ∾ grandĭā; ămicum. *H.* 2. Pass. *Avowed, confessed,* &c. Solăquĕ deformem culpā prŏfessā făcĭt. *O.*

PRŎFESTUS (dĭes), i. *m. Not kept as a holiday; a work-day.* Nosque et prŏfestis lucĭbŭs, et săcris. *H. See* PROFANUS.

PROFĬCIENS, tĭs. *part. See* PROFICIO. *Of service, useful.* Vĭrĭā mĭser frustra nil profĭcientĭā perdo. *O. See* UTILIS.

PROFĬCIO, ĭs, feci, fectum. *To make progress, succeed, profit; to be useful* or *serviceable.* Si non profĭcĭunt artes, vĕnĭemŭs ăd armā. *O.* Nil artĭbŭs illis profeci. *V.* Non profecturas tendebāt ăd æthĕrā palmas. *O.* [¶ Prosum, procedo, succedo; *sts.* promŏvĕo, effĭcio.] *See* PROFICIENS.

PRŎFĬCISCŎR, ĕrĭs, fectŭs sum. *To set out, depart, go.* Illĕ sŏni terrorĕ pāvens: "Prŏfĭcĭscĕrĕ," dixĭt. *O.* ∾ ăd doctas ˘Athenas. *Pp.* [¶ ˘Abĕo, discedo, exĕo, vado, mĭgro, tendo; *sts.* fŭgio.] Crcl. Vĭam *or* ĭtĕr –tento, corrĭpio, carpo, tendo, ingrĕdĭŏr, invado, mollĭŏr. Me –ăgo, conferо in. ˘Itĕr inclĭpio. ˘Itĕr făcio a. Gressus dirĭgo. Fĕro pĕdem. Pătrĭam (pătrĭas oras) –linquo, rĕlinquo. Pătrĭa excedo. Pĕrĕgrinas (longinquas, rĕmotas, ignotas) terras –inviso, viso, ădĕo, pĕto, quæro. Longinquas ĭn oras ăbĕo *or* tendo. Fŭga ăbĕo. *See* EO, EXSULO, VELA DO.

PRŎFĬTĔŎR, erĭs, fessŭs sum. 1. *To declare publicly; to profess, confess, avow, display.* Dum dĕā furtivos tĭmĭde prŏfĭtetŭr ămores. *O.* ∾ verum; artes ămorĭs; dŭcem primis ĭn armis. *O.* [¶ Ostendo, detĕgo, declaro, fātĕŏr, confĭtĕŏr, argŭo, &c.] *See* DETEGO. 2. *To engage, to promise.* ∾ Idem se facturum. *Ph. See* PROMITTO.

PROFLATŬS, us. *m. A breathing forth, a snoring.* Proflatu terrebāt ĕquos &c. *St. See* RONCHUS.

PROFLIGO, as. *To throw* or *dash to the ground, to overthrow.* Profliganda ăcies (multo mĕro &c.) quam non perfregĕrĭt ensĭs. *Sil.* [¶ Affligo, sterno, dejĭcio, fundo.]

PROFLO, as. 1. *To breathe forth, to blow forth by the breathing.* Immani proflavit turbĭnĕ flammas. *Sil.* ∾ pectŏrĕ sanguĭnĕos rivos. *St.* [¶ Efflo, spiro, &c.] *See* SPIRO. 2. ∾ somnum. *To snore.* ∾-abāt somnum toto pectŏrĕ. *V. See* PROFLATUS (us).

PROFLUŌ, ĭs, xi, xum. *To flow, flow forth.* In mĕdĭum seu stabĭt ĭners, seu profluĭt humŏr. *V. See* FLUO.

PROFLUVĬUM, ĭi. *n. A flowing* or *flowing forth.* Profluvĭum porro qui tetri sanguĭnĭs acrĕ exĭĕrāt. *Lr.* [¶ Fluŏr.]

PRŎFŬGUS, ă, um. 1. *Fugitive, fleeing.* Lit. and fig. Congressum, prŏfŭgum, captum vox nuntĭāt unā. *Cl.* ∾ pŭdŏr. *O.* [¶ Fŭgĭens, fŭgĭtivŭs.] 2. Sp. *Exiled;* used subst. *an exile.* Fato ∾ (Æneas). *V.* ∾ classĭs. *O.* ∾-o affĕr ŏpem. *O.* [¶ Exsŭl, extorrĭs, &c.] *See* EXSUL. 3. Sts. *Wandering, unsettled.* ∾-i Scythæ. *H.* [¶ Errans, văgŭs.]

PRŎFUNDO, ĭs, fudi, fusum. (Profundo is also found. *Cat. Cl.*) 1. *To pour forth, pour forth abundantly.* Lit. and fig. Vix ĕā, quum lăcrĭmas ŏcŭlis Juturnā prŏfudĭt. *V.* ∾ lumĕn; cālorem. *Lr.* Urbĕ prŏfusi Œnidæ. *V. Fl.* [¶ Fundo, effundo, &c.] *See* FUNDO. Fig. 2. *To bring forth, give birth to. Lr.* [¶ Părĭo, gigno, &c.] 3. *To utter a sound, word,* &c. ∾ omnĭā verĭdĭco ex orĕ. *Lr.* voces mæsto pectŏrĕ. *Cat.* Sermo clamorĕ prŏfusŭs. *Lr.* [¶ Profĕro, edo, &c.] 4. *To throw away, spend freely* or *lavishly.* Largitŏr ŏpum, qui mentĕ prŏfusa. *St.* ∾ verbā ventis. *Lr.* 5. *To stretch at full length.* Somnŭs membrā prŏfudĭt. *Lr.* Molli cervicĕ prŏfusæ ĭn terram (vŏlŭcres). *Lr.* [¶ Fundo, sterno, &c.]

PRŎFUNDUM, i. *n. See* PROFUNDUS (4).

PRŎFUNDUS, ă, um. 1. *Deep, hollow.* Non qui prŏfundum Danŭbĭum bĭbunt. *H.* ∾-is vallĭbŭs effŭglens (amnĭs). *St.* [¶ Altŭs, căvŭs.] 2. *That which lies deep* or *in a depth.* ˘Achĕrontĕ ∾-o. *Lr.* Manes ∾-i. *V.* ∾-o Jŏvi (sc. Plutoni). *St.* [¶ Imŭs.] 3. *Used of the depths of the concave heavens.* Cœlum ∾. *V.* [¶ Altŭs, sublimĭs, căvŭs.] 4. Subst. n. *Any depth of waters;* us. *the sea.* ∾-um mārĭs. *O.* Stagnā Tusci ∾-i (de Trāsĭmeno). *Sil.* ∾-o velā dārĕ. *V. See* MARE. 5. Sts. *The vault of heaven.* Alto cœli ∾-o. *Manil.* 6. Fig. *Deep, profound; vast in quantity, power, means,* &c. ∾-o orĕ Pindārŭs. *H.* cālŭerĕ mĕro. *St.* [¶ Altŭs.]

PROGĔNĔRO, as. *To beget, produce.* Nĕc imbellem fĕroces Progĕnĕrant ăquĭlæ cŏlumbam. *H. See* GIGNO.

PROGĔNIES, ei. *f.* 1. *A race, family.* Jam nŏvā progĕnĭes cœlo demittĭtŭr alto. *V.* Ferrĕā ∾. *V.* [¶ Proles, stirps, gĕnŭs, sŏbŏles, prŏpago.] 2. *A child, offspring, descendant.* Lit. and fig. Nos, tŭā ∾. *V.* ∾ mĕā (carmĭnā). *O. See* PROLES. 3. *The young of animals.* ∾-em parvam nidosquĕ rĕvisĕrĕ. *V.*

PROGĔNĬTŎR, orĭs. *m. A grandfather, an ancestor.* Et forti gĕnĭtorĕ, et progĕnĭtorĕ Tŏnantĕ. *O.* [¶ ˘Avŭs.]

PROGIGNO, ĭs, gĕnŭi, gĕnĭtum. *To beget, to bring forth.* Lit. and fig. Ĕncĕlādoquĕ sŏrorem Progĕnŭĭt pĕdĭbus cĕlĕrem &c. *V.* Sævæ progĕnŭĕrĕ fĕræ. *O.* ∾-unt flumĭnā myrtos. *Cat.* ∾ rerum motus. *Lr. See* GIGNO.

PROGNATŬS, ă, um. *Born of, sprung from.* Pellĭco quondam prognatæ vertĭcĕ pinus. *Cat.* Davo ∾ pătrĕ. *Pl. See* NATUS.

PROGNE. *See* PROCNE.

PROGRĔDĬŎR, ĕrĭs, essŭs sum. *To go forth, out,* or *before.* Progrĕdĭor portu, classes et littŏrā linquens. *V.* ∾-ĭtŭr magna stipantĕ cāterva. *V.* [¶ Procedo, prodĕo.]

PROH, *or* PRO. *interj. O! oh! alas!* (expressive us. of grief, anger, &c.) Flaventes abscissā cōmas: Proh Jupĭtĕr! ibĭt. *V.* Proh cæcŭs ĕt amens Ambĭtĭonĕ fŭrŏr! *L.* [¶ O, heu, ah.]

PRŎHĪBĔO, es, ŭi, ĭtum. (PROIBĔO, *as dissyl. Lr.*) 1. *To keep back* or *off, to restrain, avert.* Instăbĭles ănĭmos ludo prŏhĭbebĭs ĭnani. *V.* ∾ qm hospĭtio ārenæ; ignes a navĭbŭs; mĭnas. *V.* [¶ Arcĕo, ĭnhĭbĕo, rĕpello, amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, submŏvĕo, averto, impĕdio, obsto, obsisto, obsum, defendo, &c.] *See* ARCEO. 2. *To hinder, prevent* (from doing). Nunquam ∾-ebŏr ădirĕ. *O.* [¶ Vĕto, nolo, obsto, obsisto, impĕdio.] Crcl. Non –pătĭŏr, sĭno.

PRŎĬN, PRŎINDĔ, *and* PROIN, PROINDĔ (*as dissyl.*). 1. *Now therefore, well then.* Prŏin, vĭatŏr, hunc dĕum vĕrcberĭs. *Cat.* Proin se quæquĕ pārent, nec quo &c. *O.* Proindĕ tŏna elŏquĭo, sŏlĭtum tĭbi. *V.* [¶ Ergo, Igĭtŭr, quare.] 2. Prŏinde –ac, quāsi, &c. *Just as, just as if. Lr.*

PROJECTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PROJICIO. 1. *Thrown* or *set before* or *forward.* Orăquĕ projecta squalent arentĭā lingua. *L.* ∾ cĭbŭs. *H.* pes. *V.* [¶ Prolatŭs, promissŭs.] 2. Sp. *Cast up* or *out by the waves.* ∾-a alga villŏr. *V.* 3. *Projecting.*

~-ă saxă PĂchyni. *V.* [† Promĭnens, procurrens, protentŭs, &c.] 4. *Thrown away;* fig. *abandoned, given up.* ~-o tegmĭnĕ. *V.* lucĭs ămorĕ. *Sil.* 5. *Stretched out at length.* ~ ĭn antro. *V.* cespĭtĕ. *St.* [† Rĕcŭbans, jăcens, fusŭs, &c.] *See* RECUBANS.

PROJECTŬS, us. *m. A projecting, stretching out.* Quamlĭbĕt immani projectu corpŏrĭs exstĕt. *Lr.*

PROJĬCIO, ĭs, jeci, jectum. 1. *To throw forth, forward, out, down.* Lit. and fig. Qui servos projĭcĕre aurum In mĕdĭa jussit Lĭbya. *H.* ~ cymblĭ plenă. *Pp.* ĭn mĕdĭum cæstus. *V.* verbă. *H.* cŏmas auris errarĕ. *Cl.* [† Jăcio, &c.] *See* J. 2. *To throw away.* Lit. and fig. ~ frontĕ cŏronas. *O.* telă mănu; ănĭmam. *V.* [† Rejĭcio, abjĭcio, mitto, dimitto, &c.] 3. *To cast out* (expose) *a child. Pl. See* EXPOSITUS. 4. *To throw* or *stretch out at full length.* ~ artus strato. *V. Fl.* sese sŭpĕr ămicum. *V.* [† Sterno, prosterno.] 5. *To drive away.* ~ qm ăb urbĕ. *O.* [† Expello, ejĭcio, &c.] *See* PROJECTUS.

PROLABŎR, ĕrĭs, i. 1. *To fall* or *glide forward, to fall.* Ipsĕ fĕram rĕtĭnet, prolabĭtŭr indĕ Augultĕnens. *Cic. Arat.* Prolapsă vĭdentem Pergămă. *V.* [† Labŏr, delabŏr, cădo, rŭo.] *See* CADO. 2. Sp. *To come forth from the womb, to be born.* ~ matrĭs ăb alvo. *O.* (*Ib.*)

PROLATO, as. *To extend, prolong.* Effŭgĭumquĕ fŭgæ prolatet coplă sempĕr. *Lr.* ~ dĭem. *Sil. See* EXTENDO.

PROLATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PROFERO. 1. *Put forward* or *forth, advanced, brought forth, exposed to view.* Non deest prolato jejunus vendĭtŏr auro. *L.* [† Productŭs, depromptŭs, exsertŭs, monstratŭs, &c.] Fig. 2. *Carried, hurried away.* ~ ăb ira. *L.* [† Abreptŭs.] 3. *Carried towards, raised up to.* ~-æ ăd sidĕrĕ moles. *Cl.* [† Elatŭs, eductŭs, ductŭs, edĭtŭs, &c.]

PROLECTO, as. *dim. of* Prolicio. *To allure.* Prædă pŭellares ănĭmos prolectăt ĭnanĭs. *O.*

PROLES, ĭs. *f.* 1. *A race, family.* Hic gĕnŭs antiquum, Teucri pulcherrĭmă proles. *V.* [† Progĕnĭes, stirps, gĕnŭs, sŏbŏles, prŏpago.] 2. *Children,* or *a child.* Pulchra ~-ĕ pĂrentem. Gĕmĭnam partu dăbĭt ~-em. Neptunĭă ~ (Messapŭs). *V.* [† Progĕnĭes, sŏbŏles, prŏpago, filĭŭs *or* filĭă, filĭŏlŭs *or* filĭŏlă, gĕnŭs, sanguĭs, pignŭs, pignŏră, pŭĕr, partŭs, lĭbĕri; *sts.* fetŭs.] **Crcl.** Thălămi –fructus, pignŏrĕ. *See* FILIUS, FILIA. 3. *The children of the soil, the people of any particular country.* ~ Arcăd̆ĭæ; Ausŏnĭă. *V.* [† Gens.] 4. *The young of animals; any particular species of animals.* ~ ĕquorum. *Lr.* mărĭs immensi. *V. See* PULLUS, CATULUS. 5. *The young shoots of a tree,* or *the fruit.* ~ tardæ nascentĭs ŏlivæ. *V. See* SURCULUS.

PROLĬCIO, ĭs (*no perf.*). *To allure, entice on.* Sed sensim tarda prolĭcĭendă mŏra. *O. See* PELLICIO.

PROLIXŬS, ă, um. 1. *Long, hanging far down.* Squallĭdă prolixis qui tĕgĭt ŏrĕ cŏmis. *O.* [† Longŭs, promissŭs, productŭs, prolatŭs.] 2. *Coming from far* (long in coming). ~ ictŭs. *Lr.*

PRŎLŎGŬS, i. *m. A prologue.* Nullum invĕnirĕ prŏlŏgum pŏtŭisset nŏvŭs. *Ter.*

PROLŎQUŎR, ĕrĭs, cutŭs sum, qui. *To speak out, freely.* Prolŏquăr, atque ŭtĭnam pĂtrĭæ sim vanŭs hăruspex. *Pp. See* DICO.

PROLUDO, *or* PRÆLUDO, ĭs, si, sum. *To make a prelude; to practise, make trial beforehand.* Lit. and fig. Ictĭbŭs et sparsa ad pugnam proludĭt ărena. *V.* Jurgĭă proludunt. *J.* **Crcl.** Me exercĕo. Vires –tento, prætento, exploro.

PROLUO, ĭs, i, utum. 1. *To wash* or *wet profusely, to soak.* Gracchusquĕ cădens tĭbĭ prolŭĭt ensem. *Sil.* ~-ĭt atĕr (torrens) pectŏrĕ. *St.* ~ mănus ĭn rorĕ. *O.* se pleno auro. *V.* præcordĭă mulso. *H. See* MADEFACIO. 2. *To wash away* (carry away). ~-ĭt vortĭcĕ silvas Erĭdănŭs. *V. See* VOLVO.

PROLŬVIES, ei. *f.* 1. *A flow of waters, a flood.* Lubrĭcă, prolŭvĭe larga lăvĕre humĭdă saxă. *Lr. See* DILUVIUM. 2. ~ alvi. *A flow, flux.* Fœdissĭmă ventrĭs ~. *V.*

PROMĔRĔO, es, ŭi, ĭtum, *and* PROMĔRĔŎR, erĭs, ĭtŭs sum. *To deserve* (well or ill). Sempĕr ĕt affectus promĕrŭerĕ bŏnos. *Pp.* Si quam promĕrŭi pœnam &c. *O. See* MEREO.

PROMĔRĬTUM, i. *n. Desert from services rendered.* Nec bĕnĕ promĕrĭtis căpĭtur, nec tangĭtŭr ira. *Lr. See* MERITUM.

PROMĔRĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PROMEREO, &c. *One who has deserved well of another by services rendered.* Tam bĕnĕ promĕrĭto commŏdă millĕ prĕcŏr. *O.* ~ plurĭmă. *V. See* MERITUS.

PRŎMETHEŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Prometheus, Prometheun.* Fictă Prŏmetheo dicĕrĭs essĕ lŭto. *M.*

PRŎMETHEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei, ĕă. *m. Prometheus, the son of Iapetus. C. D.* Caucăsĕasquĕ rĕfert vŏlŭcres, furtumquĕ Prŏmethei. *V.* Diriquĕ Prŏmethĕŏs artes. *St.* [† Ĭăpĕtiŏnĭdes.] **Ep.** Callĭdŭs, subdŏlŭs, dŏlosŭs, audax; prudens, cautŭs, provĭdŭs; mĭsĕr, infelix, vinctŭs. **Crcl.** Ĭăpĕti –proles, sŏbŏles, fĭlĭŭs, gĕnŭs. Ĭăpĕto natŭs *or* sătŭs. **Phr.** Æthĕrĕis miscens terrenă. ˘In Scythĭca rupĕ rĕlĭgatŭs. Sævis cătenis rupĕ rĕlĭgatŭs. Pascens assĭdŭam ăvem pectŏrĕ.

PROMINĔO, es, ŭi. 1. *To project, be prominent.* Promĭnĕt ĭn pontum cŭnĕatŭs ăcumĭnĕ longo Collĭs. *O.* ~-ĕt rostrum. *O. See* PROCURRO. 2. *To stand up above, be above.* Quum promĭnerĕt orĕ quantum exstant ăqua &c. *H. See* SUPEREMINEO. 3. *To hang over.* ~-ĕt cŏmă ĭn vultus. *O.*

PROMISSŎR, orĭs. *m. A promiser, a great promiser.* Quid dignum tanto fĕrĕt hic promissŏr hĭatu? *H.*

PROMISSUM, i. *n. A promise.* Munĕrĕ promissis ubĕrĭorĕ sŭis. *O.* Ludĕrĕ qm ~-o Inani. *O.* [† Pollĭcĭtum.] **Ep.** ˘Amicum, gratum, jucundum, magnĭfĭcum, magnum, anceps, dŭbĭum, incertum; certum, tutum, fidum, intĕmĕratum. **Crcl.** Promissă *or* dătă fĭdes. Res promissă. Fœdĕrĕ linguæ. **Phr.** 1. *To keep a promise.* Promissis mănĕo *or* sto. Fĭdem *or* promissă –servo, præsto. Promissă –implĕo, do, reddo, perfĭcio, pĕrăgo, solvo, exsolvo. Pactam fĭdem reddo. Dictis *or* pollĭcĭtis addo fĭdem. Fidem non fallo *or* non vĭŏlo. Pactă servo. Promissă fĭdem exhĭbĕnt. **Phr.** 2. *Not to keep a promise. See* PERJURUS.

PROMISSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PROMITTO. *Long, left to hang down in front* or *long.* ~ barbă. *V.* [† Prolixŭs, longŭs.]

PROMITTO, ĭs, isi, issum. 1. *To send* or *let go forward* or *forth.* Quacunquĕ dătur promittĕrĕ visus. *Sil.* (Ducĭt) promissă cănum vis. *Lr.* [† Profĕro, produco.] *See* PROMISSUS. 2. *To let grow long, to extend in length. See* EXTENDO. 3. Us. *To promise.* Aut făcĕrĕ ingĕnŭæ est, aut non promissă (= promisisse) pŭdicæ. *Cat.* ~ qd optanti. *V.* [† Pollĭcĕŏr, spondĕo; *sts.* pollĭcĭtŏr, prŏfĭtĕŏr, assĕro, juro, affirmo.] **Crcl.** Fĭdem –do, obligo, obstringo. Promissum *or* promissă do. Dextram *or* fĭdem do. Jŭbĕo sperarĕ. 4. With inf. *To promise* (to do something). ~-o occurrĕrĕ turmæ. *V.* [† Spondĕo, prŏfĭtĕŏr.] 5. *To promise to the gods, to vow.* ~ nĭgras pĕcŭdes Diti. *Tib.* [† Vovĕo.] 6. *To forebode, to portend.* ~-unt omĭnă pœnas. *V. Fl.* [† Nun-

tĭo, portendo, &c.] 7. *To promise in a threatening spirit.* Me promisi ultorem. *V.* [¶ Spondĕo, mĭnŏr.]

Promo, ĭs, mpsi, mptum. 1. *To bring out, draw out, produce, show.* Lætiquĕ căvo se robŏrĕ promunt. *V.* ∾ telă e phăretra. *O.* intŭs dignă gĕrĭ ĭn scenam. *H.* sŭă sidĕrĕ Chiron. *O.* [¶ Depromo, expromo, educo, extrăho, effĕro, profĕro, produco, protrăho, ellĭcĭo, expĕdĭo, edo, ostendo, exsĕro.] 2. *To publish* (as an author). *M.* [¶ Edo, profĕro, vulgo.] Fig. 3. *To draw forth to light, make known; to display.* ∾ obscurā. *H.* vires. *V.* [¶ Profĕro, produco, exsĕro, explĭco.] 4. *To explain, to relate.* ∾ clĭenti jurā. *H.* percontanti omnĭă. *Pl.* [¶ Explĭco, expono, edo, &c.] *See* Dico (II.).

Promontorium (-rium *monos.*), *rather than* **Promontŏrium**, ĭi. *n. A promontory.* Indĕ lĕgit Căprĕas promontoriumquĕ Mĭnervæ. *O.* **Crcl.** Projectā *or* procurrentĭă saxā. Procurrentes scŏpŭli. Rupes vastum ĭn æquŏr procurrens &c. **Phr.** Ventorum fŭrĭis obvĭum. Vento expostum. ˘In abruptæ rupĭs scŏpŭlos currens.

Promŏvĕo, es, ovi, otum. 1. Tr. *To move forth, forward,* or *along.* Ingentem remis Centaurum promŏvĕt: illĕ &c. *V.* [¶ Mŏvĕo, impello, ăgo.] 2. *To place* or *put forth* or *out;* fig. ∾ pĕdem trĭclinĭo. *Ph.* arcanā lŏco. *H.* [¶ Effĕro, profĕro, educo, produco.] 3. *To enlarge, increase, extend.* ∾ impĕrĭum. *O.* vires ĭn orbem (de Roma). *O.* ∾-ĕt vim insĭtam (doctrinā). *H.* [¶ Provĕho, extendo, prŏpago, augĕo, addo.] 4. *To put off, defer.* ∾ nuptĭas ci. *Ter.* [¶ Profĕro, &c.] *See* Differo. 5. Intr. *To make progress, to advance. Ter.* [¶ Profĭcĭo.]

Prompte. *Readily, willingly, easily.* Promptŭs expĕdĭam quŏt ămavĕrĭt Hippĭă mœchos. *J.* Haud ∾ dicam. *Pers.* [¶ Lĭbentĕr, cĭtŏ, făcĭlĕ.]

Promptŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Promo. Us. as adj. 1. *Drawn out.* Neu ∾-æ mŏdŭs amphŏræ. *H.* 2. *Plain, obvious, apparent.* ˘In frontē promptum qd gĕrĕrĕ. *Enn.* [¶ ˘Apertŭs, pătens.] 3. *Ready, at hand* (of things). ∾-as hăberĕ sagittas. *O.* [¶ Păratŭs.] 4. *Ready* (of persons), *quite prepared and disposed for.* ∾-um ăd vulnĕrā pectŭs. *L.* Prompti ăd bellā Quĭrites. *O.* [¶ Păratŭs, ălăcĕr, strenŭŭs, expĕdĭtŭs, pronŭs, proclĭvĭs, propensŭs.] 5. *Quick and ready.* ∾ ĕt Isæo torrentĭŏr. *J. See* Celer. 6. *Easy.* Nĕc dicĕrĕ ∾-um. *O.* (*With inf.*) ∾ nossĕ vĕnenum gustu. *L.* irasci. *Aus.*

Promptŭs, us. *m., obs. except in abl. sing.* ˘In promptu. *At hand, easy, before you; plain, obvious.* Et măgĭs in promptu primaque in frontē lŏcatā. *Lr.* ˘In promptu scrinĭă Brutŭs hăbĕt. *O.* Plurā quam quæ ĭn promptu mĭhĭ sĭt (dicĕrĕ). *O.* [¶ ˘Ad mănum, ĭn mănu, præsto, *or* promptum, făcĭlĕ, pronum.]

Promŭs, i. *m. A butler, steward.* Ne bĭbĕris dilutā; fŏris est promŭs, ĕt atrum &c. *H.* [¶ Cellarĭŭs, condŭs.]

Pronecto, ĭs. *To knit* or *weave on.* Vidi quam sĕrĭem mŏrantĭs ævi Pronectant tĭbĭ candĭdæ sŏrores. *St.*

Prŏnĕpos, otis. *m. A great-grandson.* Est Neptunŭs ăvus, prŏnĕpos ĕgŏ regĭs ăquarum. *O.*

Prŏneptis, is. *f. A great granddaughter.* Pătrŭelis nullā, prŏneptĭs Nullā mănĕt. *Pers.*

Pronŭba, æ. *f.* 1. *She that directs a wedding on the part of the bride; one that presides at a marriage.* Devĕnĭunt, prima et Tellus, et pronŭbā Juno. *V.* ∾ Tisĭphŏne (*at an unhappy marriage*). *O.* Bellonā (*when the bride is obtained in war*). *V.* **Phr.** *Of the* Pronŭbā. Nuptam mănu ducĭt. Tŏros ĕt săcrā pārāt. Nuptam collŏcăt. 2. Used adj. ∾ nox; flammā. *Cl.*

Pronŭrŭs, us. *f. A grandson's wife.* Pronŭrŭs et magni Laŏmĕdontĭs ĕro. *O.*

Pronŭs, ă, um. 1. *Leaning* or *bending forward.* Namque ut pronā jŭgo lævum incumbebăt ăd amnem. *V.* ∾-i ĭn verbĕrā pendent. *V.* [¶ Pendens, inclinatŭs, propendens.] 2. *Going* or *inclining downward; that which is on a descent.* ∾-os currus mĕdĭo craterĕ rĕcepĭt. *O.* ∾-o amni răpĭt alvĕŭs. ∾-a fertŭr ăqua (*down the stream*). *V.* Pĕr ∾-ă vŏlŭti. *Sil.* [¶ Præceps, declivĭs, &c.] *See* Declivis. 3. *Setting* or *about to set* (of the heavenly bodies). ∾ Titan. *O.* Sidĕrā ∾-ă. *Pp.* [¶ Cădens.] 4. *Falling downwards, falling headlong.* Rŭinam ∾ trăhĭt. *V.* ∾ măgistĕr volvĭtŭr ĭn căpŭt. ∾-um sternĕ sŏlo. *V.* [¶ Præceps, cădens, excussŭs, vŏlutŭs, &c.] Fig. 5. *Inclined, disposed to any thing.* ∾ ăd omnē nĕfas. *L.* ĭn obsĕquĭum. *H.* rŭendi ĭn ferrum mens. *L.* [¶ Proclivĭs, propensŭs.] 6. *Well-disposed, favorable.* ∾-ă bŏnis Cæsărĭs numĭnā. *Sl.* ∾-as aures accŏmŏdarĕ. *H.* ∾ sententiā *V. Fl. See* Favens. 7. *Easy.* ∾ vĭă; palmā. *O.* Sĭt ∾-um vicissĕ dŏmi. *St. See* Facilis.

Prŏœmĭum, ĭi. *n. An introduction, beginning.* Mĭsĕræ cognoscĕ prŏœmĭă rixæ. *J.*

I. **Prŏpago**, *and* **Propago**, as. 1. *To propagate* (a race). Effĭcĭs ut cŭpĭdæ gĕnĕratim sæclā prŏpagent. *Lr.* Propagarĕ gĕnus possit, vitamquĕ tŭĕri. *Lr.* [¶ Produco, multĭplĭco, crĕo, gigno, &c.] 2. Gen. *To increase, extend. Cl.* [¶ Profĕro, extendo, &c.] *See* Extendo.

II. **Propago**, Inis. *f.* 1. *A set, a layer* (of plants, vines, &c.); *a shoot* or *small branch.* Silvarumque ăllæ pressos propagĭnis arcus Exspectant. *V.* ˘Adulta vitĭum propagĭnĕ mărĭtăt popŭlos. *H.* [¶ Surculŭs, virgultum, &c.] 2. Prŏpago. *A race, an offspring, children, a child; the young of animals.* Alĭpĕdis de stirpĕ dĕi versutā prŏpago. *O.* Romanā prŏpago. *V.* Cătŭlorum blandā prŏpago. *Lr. See* Proles. [Note the difference of quantity in the two meanings of the word.]

Prŏpĕ. *prep.* (*See also* Propior *and* Propius.) 1. *Near.* Est ingens gĕlĭdum lucus prŏpĕ Cærĕtĭs amnem. *V.* [¶ ˘Ad, juxta, proptĕr, sĕcundum.] **Crcl.** Non prŏcŭl a. 2. Adv. *Near at hand, not far off* (of place). Prŏpĕ lumĭnā ferrĕ. *Tib.* sŏnăt vox. *Pl.* [¶ Juxta.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud -prŏcŭl, longe. 3. *Near at hand* (of time). ∾ tempŭs ădest. *O.* libertas. *L.* [¶ Brĕvi, mox, jam.] 4. *Nearly, almost.* ∾ lucĕ pĕracta. *O.* funĕratŭs ictu. *H.* Stulti ∾ omnes. *H. See* Fere.

Propello, ĭs, pŭli, pulsum. 1. *To drive forth, forward,* or *out.* Propellit Bŏrĕas, æstŭs ĕt undā rĕfert (navem). *O.* ∾ remĭgĕ Phasĭn. *Pp.* [¶ Impello, ăgo, jacto, mŏvĕo, promŏvĕo, prŏvĕho.] 2. *To push* or *throw down.* ∾ mănu mensam. *Pp.* labentem. *V. Fl.* [¶ Dejĭcĭo, sterno, prosterno.] 3. *To repel, beat off.* ∾ corpŭs e scŏpŭlo. *O.* suavĭă dextra. *Pp.* [¶ Propulso, arcĕo, rĕpello, &c.] *See* Arceo. 4. *To excite, urge on.* ∾ agmĭnā vocĕ. *Sil.* [¶ Compello, excĭto, &c.] 5. *To hurl.* ∾ hastam. *Sil. See* Jaculor.

Propendĕo, es. *To hang downwards.* Totis propendens virĭbŭs hærĕt. *V. Fl.*

Propensŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Propendeo. 1. *Hanging downwards.* [¶ Pronŭs, grăvĭs.] 2. Fig. *Inclined* or *disposed to any thing, favorably disposed.* Propensos ăd votā dĕos. *O.* ∾-um făvorem vocĕ pĕtĕrĕ. *O.* [¶ Pronŭs, proclivĭs.]

Prŏpĕrans, tis. *part. See* Propero. Used also adj. 1. *Making haste; rapid.* Quosquĕ lĕgat versus ŏcŭlo prŏpĕrantĕ vĭatŏr. *O.* Sŏllĭto ∾-ĭŏr.

Cl. ∾-antē rŭina summā cādunt. *L.* [¶ Prŏpĕrŭs, cĕlĕr, &c.] *See* CELER. **2.** Sp. *Speeding to fortune.* Quĭs pŭdŏr est inquam ∾-is āvari. *J.* [*So* Festinans. *H.*]

PRŎPĔRANTĔR, *and comp.* PRŎPĔRANTĬŬS. *adv. Hastily, rapidly.* Hanc quondam Cȳthĕrēā dĭem prŏpĕrantĭŭs irĕ Jussīt. *O. See* PROPERE.

PRŎPĔRATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PROPERO. **1.** *Hastened; made, prepared with haste.* Et quamvis igni exīgŭo prŏpĕrātā mādĕrent. *V.* ∾-ā mānĭbŭs prætextā Mĭnervæ. *St.* [¶ Festinatŭs.] **2.** *Hastened* (so as to come or be done before its time). ∾ glorĭā rerum. *O.* [¶ Præcox.]

PRŎPĔRE. *Hastily, quickly.* Sed mānŭs e castris prŏpĕre cŏēt omnis In unum. *V.* Signā mŏvet ∾. *L.* [¶ Prŏpĕrantĕr, cĭtŏ, &c.] *See* CITO.

PRŎPĔRO, as. **1.** Tr. *To get ready quickly, to hasten on* or *forward.* Multā, fŏrent quæ mox cœlo prŏpĕrandā sĕreno. *V.* ∾ armā; mortem pĕr vulnĕrā. *V.* [¶ Festino, &c.] *See* F. **2.** Intr. *To make haste, to hasten.* ∾ anni spem credĕrĕ terræ. *V.* Metam ∾-amŭs ăd unam. *O. See* FESTINO.

PRŎPERTĬŬS, Ii. *m. A celebrated Roman poet.* Aptĭŏr his Gallus, blandiquĕ Prŏpertĭŭs oris. *O.* **Ep.** Umbĕr, dulcis, blandŭs, tĕnĕr, mollis. **Crcl.** Romanŭs Callĭmăchŭs.

PRŎPĔRŬS, ă, um. *Quick, with speed.* Circumstant prŏpĕri aurigæ, mānĭbusquĕ lăcessunt. *V.* Vĕnĭt Tĕlāmon ∾. *O.* [¶ Prŏpĕrans, cĭtŭs, cĕlĕr, &c.] *See* CELER.

PROPEXŬS, ă, um. *part. from the obs.* Propecto. *Combed down in front.* Illĕ mānu mulcens propexam ad pectŏrā barbam. *O.* ∾ In pectŏrĕ barbā. *V.* mento canĭtĭes. *St.*

PRŎPHETĀ, *and* PRŎPHETES, æ. *m. Eccl. A prophet.* Verĭdĭcis ætas prædictā prŏphetis. *Aus.* [¶ Vates.] **Ep.** Sanctŭs, sācĕr, divinŭs, præscĭŭs, præsagŭs, prænuntĭŭs, instinctŭs. **Crcl.** Dĕi interprĕs. **Phr.** Cui dŏmĭnŭs dăt nossĕ fŭturā. *See* VATES.

PRŎPHETALIS, ĕ, *and* PRŎPHETĬCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the prophets, prophetic. Eccl.* Vocĕ prŏphetali sanctus cui protĭnŭs infĭt. *Fort.* Tandem rĕtectis vocĭbus prŏphetĭcis. *Prud.*

PRŎPHETO, as. *To prophesy. Eccl.* Nobĭlis Elĭsābeth, de qua cānĭt altā prŏphetans. *Fort. See* PRÆDICO.

PRŎPINO (PROPINO. *M.*), as. **1.** *To drink to any one* (and then offering the wine to him). Nemŏ prŏpinabit, Callĭŏdorĕ, tĭbi. *M.* Hac propinavit Bĭtĭæ pulcherrĭmā Dido. *M.* **2.** Tr. *To give to drink;* fig. *to offer, give over to others.* ∾ cālĭcem ci. *M.* Hunc cŏmĕdendum ĕt deridendum vobis ∾. *Ter.*

PRŎPINQUO, as. **1.** Intr. *To come near to.* Jamquĕ prŏpinquabant castris, muroquĕ sŭbibant. *V.* [¶ Accedo, advento, insto, adsto, adsum, appropinquo.] **Crcl.** Prŏpĭŏr fio. Prŏpĭŭs -accedo, vĕnĭo, progrĕdĭŏr, succedo, consisto. Prŏpĭorā tĕnĕo. Res -est prŏpē, fĭt prŏpinquā *or* prŏpĭŏr, non jam prŏcŭl est. **2.** Tr. *To bring near.* ∾-ant mortem armā. *Sil.* [¶ Prŏpĕro, festino, cĕlĕro, maturo.]

PRŎPINQUŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Neighbouring, near.* Finĭtĭmi prŏcĕres cŏēunt, urbesquĕ prŏpinquæ. *O.* Moles ∾ nubĭbŭs. *H.* [¶ Vicinŭs, finĭtĭmŭs, affinis, proxĭmŭs, prŏpĭŏr.] **Crcl.** Stans -spātĭo prŏpĭorĕ *or* spātĭis propĭorĭbŭs. **2.** *Close at hand.* Languerĕ mortĕ ∾-a. *Lr.* [¶ Vicinŭs, prŏpĭŏr, proxĭmŭs, accedens, urgens, fŭturŭs.] **3.** *Near in blood, nearly related.* Cognatas urbes olim pŏpŭlosquĕ prŏpinquos. *V.* Consanguĭnĭtatĕ ∾. *V. See* CONSANGUINEUS.

PRŎPIŎR, ŭs, oris. *compar. from* Prope. **1.** *Nearer* (of place or time). Aut quos ocĕāno prŏpĭor gĕrĭt Indĭā lucos. *V.* Portŭs pātescĭt jam prŏpĭŏr. *V.* Mĕā quem spātĭis ∾-ĭbŭs ætas insequĭtŭr. *V.* [¶ Vicinĭŏr, prŏpinquĭŏr.] **2.** *Nearer of kin.* Grādu ∾ sanguĭnis. *O.* **3.** *More like* (approaching nearer in likeness). Făcĭem tauro ∾. *V.* Vero ∾-ĭŭs. *O.* **4.** *Nearer to the heart, nearer to the man in importance,* &c. ∾ rerum curā. *O.* delectatĭo. *Ter.*

PRŎPITĬŬS, ă, um (*obs.* Prŏpis, ĕ). *Propitious.* Et si prŏpĭtĭos attāmen lentos dĕos. *Sen. Pl. Ter. See* FAVENS.

PRŎPĬUS. *adv.* **1.** *Nearer* (of place). Lit. and fig. Quo prŏpĭus nunc es, flamma prŏpĭorĕ cālesco. *O.* ∾ res adspĭcĕ nostras. *V.* **2.** *Nearer* (of time); *at a less distance;* hence, *sooner.* Longĭŭs aut ∾ mors sŭā quemquĕ mānĕt. *Pp.*

PROPONO, ĭs, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum. **1.** *To put forward* or *forth, so as to be seen; to expose to sight.* Lit. and fig. Scŏpŭlo proponĭt ĭn alto Pallentesquĕ mānus &c. *O.* ∾ (scriptā) cŏlumna. *Pp.* ∾-i cerĕŭs. *H.* ∾ flammas; vulnĕrā (ci). *Sen.* [¶ Expono, objĭcĭo, subjĭcĭo, profĕro, ostendo.] **Crcl.** ˘Ocŭlis objĭcĭo *or* subjĭcĭo. Stātĭo antē. *See* OSTENDO. **2.** *To propose, publicly offer.* ∾ pugnæ hŏnorem. *V. See* OFFERO, PROMITTO. **3.** *To propose to oneself, to intend, undertake.* ∾ sĭbi thālāmos tĕmĕrarĕ. *O.* Quŏd mens fĭĕri ∾-ĭt. *Lr.* ∾ termĭnum. *Ph.* [¶ Præscribo, stātĭo, constĭtŭo, &c.] *See* STATUO.

PRŎPONTĬĂCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Propontis.* Hincquĕ Prŏpontĭăcis hærentem Cyzĭcŏn oris. *O.*

PRŎPONTĬS, ĭdis. *f. The Propontis, now the sea of Marmora.* Euxinumquĕ fĕrens, parvo rŭĭt orĕ Prŏpontis. *L.* **Ep.** Longā, arctā. **Crcl.** Fauces Prŏpontĭdŏs.

PROPORRO. *anc.* = porro. Et sĭbi proporro quæ sint primordĭā, quærunt. *Lr.*

PROPŎSĬTUM, i. *n. A design, intention, purpose; a plan of conduct.* Propŏsĭtumquĕ prĕmit, flagratquĕ cŭpidĭnĕ currus. *O.* Tĕnacem ∾-i vĭrum. *H.* [¶ Consĭlĭum, mens, sententĭā, vŏluntas, inceptum, cœptum.] *See* CONSILIUM.

PROPŎSĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PROPONO. **1.** *Set forth in view, proposed publicly as a prize,* &c. Propŏsĭta armā pĕto. *O.* [¶ Objectŭs, præsens.] **2.** *Proposed to oneself, intended.* Non est ∾-a passā pĕrirĕ nĕcĕ. *O.* ∾-um ĭtĕr pĕrāgĕrĕ. *H.* [¶ Plăcĭtŭs, optatŭs; *sts.* electŭs.]

PRŎPRIE. *Especially, properly, with propriety.* Insperanti, hoc est gratum ănĭmo prŏprĭe. *Cat.* Difficĭlĕ est ∾ communĭā dicĕrĕ. *H.* [¶ Singillatim præcĭpŭe.]

PRŎPRIŬS, ă, um. **1.** *That which is the individual's own.* Vi prŏprĭa nituntŭr, ŏpisque haud indĭgā nostræ. *V.* Addĕ prŏprĭas ĭn mĕā verbā prĕces. *O.* [¶ Sŭŭs, *or* mĕŭs, *or* tŭŭs; *sts.* nativŭs, innatŭs, privŭs.] **2.** *Constant, lasting.* ∾-ā hæc si donā fŭissent. *V.* Nilnĕ essĕ ∾-um cuiquam? *Ter.* [¶ Perpĕtŭŭs, mansurŭs, stăbĭlis, firmŭs, &c.]

PROPTĔR. *prep.* **1.** *Near.* Proptĕr ăquæ rivum vĭridi procumbĭt ĭn herba. *V.* [¶ Prŏpē, juxta, ăd.] **2.** Adv. *Near, not far off.* Arā exhalāt proptĕr ŏdores. *Lr.* Cornix ∾ vŏlans. *Ph.* [¶ Prŏpē, juxta.] **3.** Prep. *For* or *because of.* Te proptĕr ĕumdem. *V.* [¶ ˘Ob, &c.] *See* OB.

PROPTĔRĔA. *On that account.* Non tu proptĕrĕa, sed Măthŏ paupĕr ĕrĭt. *M.* (For the quantity of the last syllable, see Postea.) [¶ ˘Idĕo, idcirco, indĕ.] *See* IDEO.

PROPUGNACŬLUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A fortification, bulwark.* It clamor totis per propugnacŭlā muris. *V.* [¶ Muniměn, munimentum, aggĕr, muri, mœnĭā, arx, turres; *ext.* fossæ, fossarum mŏræ, vallum.] **Ep.** Turrĭgĕrum, tutum, vāllĭdu

fidum. *See* TURRIS, VALLUM. **2.** *Towers raised on ships. H.* **3.** *Mounds,* &c., *of defence against the sea. St.*

PROPUGNO, as. **1.** Intr. *To stand forth to fight.* Propugnat nugis armatŭs. *H. See* PUGNO. **2.** Tr. *To defend.* ∾ pectŏrĕ parma. *St.* [† Defendo, protĕgo.]

PROPULSO, as. *freq. of* Propello. *To repel.* Hoc fretus sŏllĭo nos propulsabĭmŭs hostem. *St.* [† Rĕpello, arcĕo, &c.]

PROPULSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PROPELLO.

PROQUAM, *or* PRO QUAM = prout. Nec sătĭs est, proquam largos exæstŭăt æstus. *Lr. See* PRÆQUAM.

PRORA, æ. *f.* **1.** *The prow of a ship.* Velă lĕgunt sŏcĭi, et proras ad littŏrĕ vertunt. *V.* Hence— **2.** *The ship itself.* Barbărĕ ∾ Graium vĕhĭt. *O. See* NAVIS.

PROREPO, ĭs. *To creep forth.* Lit. and fig. Quum prorepserunt primis ănĭmalĭă terris. *H.* Sudanti prorepunt balsămĕ ligno. *Cl. See* REPO.

PRORETA, æ. *Pl., and* PROREUS, ĕŏs. *m.* (πρωρήτης *and* πρωρεύς.) *The sailor who kept watch at the prow.* Ponĕ mĕtum, proreus, et quos contingĕrĕ portus. *O.* **Crcl.** Proræ custos. Proræ tutelă.

PRORĬPIO, ĭs, ŭi, eptum. **1.** *To drag* or *hurry forth.* Ducarquĕ căpillis Imměrĭto, in pronas prorĭpĭarquĕ vĭas. *Tib.* [† Răpĭo, abrĭpĭo, trăho, &c.] **2.** ∾ me, and sts. abs. *To rush* or *hurry forth.* Quo nunc se prorĭpĭt illĕ? *V.* Quo rŭĭs? quo ∾-ĭs, inquĭt? *V.* [† Erumpo, rŭo, prosĭlĭo, prorumpo; *sts.* evado, fŭgĭo.]

PRORŎGO, as. **1.** *To prolong.* Et longum noto scriptori prorŏgăt ævum. *H.* [† Produco, profĕro, protrăho, extendo, prŏpago.] **2.** *To defer.* ∾ horam recte vivendi. *H. See* DIFFERO.

PRORSUM, *and* PRORSŬS. *adv. Wholly and entirely, altogether, without exception.* ˘Ĭtă sunt prædones: prorsum parcunt nemĭni. *Pl.* Prorsus jucundĕ cœnam produxĭmŭs illam. *H.* [† Omnino, plane, pĕnĭtŭs.]

PRORUMPO, ĭs, upi. **1.** Intr. *To rush, break,* or *burst forth.* Hæc ălĭt, et mĕdĭus densos prorumpĭt ĭn hostes. *V.* ∾-ĭt ĭn mărĕ (amnĭs). *V.* ăllĭo ăb axĕ tempestas. *Cl.* [† Irrumpo, erumpo, rŭo, irrŭo, prosĭlĭo, *or* exsĭlĭo, exĕo, evado.] **Crcl.** Me prorĭpĭo. **2.** Tr. *To send out, shoot forth, with violence.* ∾ nubem ăd æthĕrĕ. *V.* [† Prorŭo, emitto, ejecto.] **3.** Pass. = prorumpo. intr. ∾-ĭtŭr ĭn mărĕ venti vis. *Lr. See* PRORUPTUS.

PRORŬO, ĭs, i, ŭtum. **1.** Tr. *To throw violently down, overthrow.* Injurĭoso ne pĕdĕ prorŭas Stantem cŏlumnam. *H.* ∾ victorem. *H. See* EVERTO. **2.** Intr. *To fall violently forward* or *down.* ∾ ĭn căpŭt atquĕ hŭmĕros. *V. Fl. See* CADO.

PRORUPTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PRORUMPO. Used act. *Bursting out,* or *rushing forth.* Artus Perfundit toto proruptus corpŏrĕ sudŏr. *V.* Hiberno proruptŭs ăb arcu (imbĕr). *V. Fl.* [† Rŭens, erumpens, demissŭs, cădens, flŭens, effusŭs, prŏfusŭs.]

PROSCENIUM, ĭi. *n.* (προσκήνιον.) *The stage in a theatre.* Cædĭtŭr, et vĕtĕres ĭnĕunt proscenĭă ludi. *V.* [† Pulpĭtă.]

PROSCINDO, ĭs, ĭdi, issum. **1.** *To cleave through, split in pieces.* Ausŭs ĕt aĕrĭam ferro proscindĕrĕ quercum. *L.* ∾ gurglĭtĕ campos (de Rhŏdăno). *Sil. See* SCINDO. **2.** Sp. with terram, &c. *To plough.* ∾ terram jŭvencis. *V.* ăratris. *Lr. See* ARO. **3.** *Used of the sailing of a ship* (cutting through the waters of the sea). Rostro ventosum proscĭdĭt æquŏr. *Cat. See* NAVIGO. **4.** *Used of flying through the air.* ∾ nŏtos. *Cl.*

See VOLO (I.). **5.** Fig. *To tear in pieces with the tongue.* Desĭnĕ submotum pătrĭa ∾ (de livorĕ). *O.* [† Lăcĕro, carpo.]

PROSCRIBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. *To proscribe, outlaw a person.* Proscripti Regis Rŭpĭli pus atquĕ vĕnenum. *H.*

PROSĔCO, as, ĕcŭi, ectum. *To cut off from before, cut off. See* PROSECTUS, SECO.

PROSECTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Proseco. **1.** *Cut off.* Tum pĭcĕæ mactantŭr ŏvea, prosectăquĕ partim Pectŏrĕ &c. *V. Fl.* **2.** Us. Prosectă, orum. *n. pl.* (sc. extă.) *That portion of the entrails which was burnt in honour of the gods.* Impŏsŭĭt prosectă aris. *O.* Dĕdĕrăt prosectă Tŏnanti. *St.*

PROSĔQUŎR, ĕrĭs, ĕcutŭs sum. **1.** *To accompany for some time, follow far.* Qua lĭcĕt, ad sævas prosĕquŏr usquĕ fŏres. *O.* ∾ exsĕquĭas cjs. *O.* [† Sĕquŏr, &c.] *See* S. Fig. **2.** *To follow, to pursue.* ∾ ŏcŭlis ăbĕuntem. *O.* Inanem umbram. *L.* ∾-ĭtŭr ĕuntes ventŭs. *V.* [† Sĕquŏr; *sts.* servo.] **3.** *To describe, relate.* ∾ pascĭă versu. *V.* [† Narro, expono, dico, &c.] **4.** *To proceed in a speech, speak further.* ∾-ĭtŭr pĭvĭtans &c. *V.* [† Pergo.] *See* DICO. **5.** With abl. *To follow a person in mind* (i. e. to regard him) *with certain feelings; to follow him up with certain acts* (do them to him, &c.). ∾ (Cæsărem) stŭdĭoso pectŏrĕ. *O.* prĕcantes vĕnĭa; qm votis. *V.*

I. PROSĔRO, ĭs, evi, ătum. *To sow, to produce by sowing.* Lit. and fig. Non prosĕrĭt ullam Flavă Cĕres sĕgĕtem. *L.* ∾ artes ex artĭbŭs. *Grat. See* SERO.

II. PROSĔRO, ĭs, ĕrŭi, ertum. *To put* or *thrust out, to stretch forth.* Aggĕrĭbus căpŭt Alpinis et rupĕ nĭvali Prosĕrĭt in Celtas (de Rhŏdăno). *Sil. See* PROFERO.

PRŎSERPĬNA, *and us.* PROSERPĬNA, æ. *f. The daughter of Ceres and Jupiter, and wife of Pluto. C. D.* Quam pænĕ furvæ regnă Prŏserpĭnæ (vidĭmŭs). *H.* (Nullum) Sævă căput Proserpĭnă fugit. *H.* Nec rĕpĕtĭtă sĕqui curet Proserpĭnă matrem. *V.* and *O.* [† Persĕphŏne, Hĕcăte.] **Ep.** Infernă, Lethæă, Stŷglă, Tartărĕă; ˘Erĕbo pŏtens; prŏfundă; ăcerbă, diră, immitĭs, dură, fĕră, torvă, trĭformĭs. **Crcl.** Cĕrĕrĭs -fillă, nată, proles. Ennæă virgo. Ditĭs conjux. Plutonĭă conjux. Nĭgri Jŏvĭs uxŏr. Lethæi tŷranni *or* raptorĭs conjux. Juno -Ennæă, infernă, infĕrĭă, ˘Avernă, Stŷglă, prŏfundă. Infernă *or* prŏfundă Cĕres. Elŷsĭi sponsă tŷranni. Reginā ˘Erĕbi. Orci divă trĭformĭs. Elŷsĭă pŭellă. Tartărĕi reginā bărăthri. ˘Erĕbi -divă, virgo. Noctĭs hĕrĕ. Raptă Stŷgĭo tŷranno pŭellă. *See* PLUTO, INFERI.

PRŎSEUCHA, æ. *f. A house of prayer, a synagogue.* Dic ŭbĭ consistas: in qua te quæro prŏseucha. *J.*

PROSILĬO, is, ŭi (*more rarely,* ivi *and* ĭi). **1.** *To spring out, forth,* or *forward; to hasten forth.* Lit. and fig. Finĭbŭs omnes, Haud mŏrĕ, prosĭlŭerĕ sŭis. *V.* ∾-ŭĭt puppĕ prŏpinqua. *L.* scintillă. *O.* ∾-unt jussæ lăcrĭmæ. *M.* ∾-ĕt frenis natură rĕmotis. *H.* [† Exsĭlĭo, emĭco, prorumpo, rŭo.]

PROSŎCĔR, ĕri. *m. A wife's grandfather.* Curquĕ sĕnex Nereus prosŏcĕr essĕ vĕlĭt. *O.*

PROSPECTO, as. *freq. of* Prospicio. *To look out on, look at from far* or *from high.* Lit. and fig. Turbăquĕ miratur matrum, et prospectăt ĕuntem. *V.* ∾ pontum e puppi. *O.* Alte ∾-ăt ˘Iberos (Pŷrene). *Sil.* Te fată ĕădem ∾-ant (*await*). *V.*

PROSPECTŬS, us. *m. A looking forth far and wide; range of sight; a view, prospect.* Non ănĭmum mŏdo ŭti pascat prospectŭs Inanem. *V.* ∾-um

erĭpĭens ŏcŭlis. *V.* Æquŏrā ~-u metĭŏr. *O.* [† Visŭs.]

PROSPĔR, *or* PROSPĔRŬS, ĕrā, ĕrum. 1. *Propitious, favorable.* Fari āgē, namque omnem cursum mĭhĭ prospĕrā dixĭt Rellĭgio. *V.* Lātĭo ~-ā Bellonā. *O.* Terra ~-Iorē frŭi. *O.* *See* FAVENS. 2. *Prosperous, fortunate.* ~-ā bellā. *O.* [† Faustŭs, felix, sĕcundŭs, lætŭs, &c.] *See* FAUSTUS. 3. Prospĕrā, orum. *n. pl. Prosperity.* ~-ā belli; rerum. *L.* *See* FELICITAS.

PROSPĔRE. *Prosperously, fortunately. Pl.* [† Fauste, felicĭtĕr.]

PROSPĔRĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Cic. Good fortune, prosperity.* *See* FELICITAS.

PROSPĔRO, as. *To make prosperous, give success to,* &c. Pātrumquē Prospĕres decretā sŭper jŭgandis Fœmĭnis. *H.* [† Sĕcundo.]

PROSPĬCIO, ĭs, exi, ectum. 1. *To look upon* or *see from a distance.* Prospĭcĭt errantes; hos tota armentā sĕquuntŭr. *V.* Dardănĭam Sĭcŭlo prospexĭt ăbusquē Păchyno. *V.* [† Prospecto.] **Crol.** Prŏcŭl adspĭcio. ~Ocŭlis metĭŏr. Prospectu mĕo metĭŏr. ~Ocŭlos (visum, ăcĭem) protendo ĭn &c. Prospectum late pĕto. Prospĭcĭens (qd) specto. **Phr.** *As far as eye can reach.* Quantum ŏcŭli ăcĭe possent servarē or observarē. 2. *To command* (in point of sight). Prospĭcĭt Tuscum mārē. *Ph.* [† Prospecto.] 3. *To foresee.* ~ soles ex imbri. *V.* [† Prævĭdĕo.] *See* P. 4. *To be on the look out, on the watch. Ph.* [† Circumspĭcio.] 5. *To take care for, provide in any way for* or *against.* ~ ĭn fŭturi tempŏrĭs ætatem. *O.* tĭbĭ ĕt stultĭtĭæ tŭæ. *Ter.* [† Consŭlo, provĭdĕo, pāro, cāvĕo, invĭgĭlo.]

PROSPĬCŬS, ă, um. *Visible from a distance.* Sic ŭbĭ prospĭcŭæ scandentem limĭnā turrĭs. *St.*

PROSTERNO, ĭs, stravi, stratum. 1. *To throw down on the ground, prostrate to the earth;* hence, *to throw* (the limbs or body) *on the earth for rest.* Corrŭĭt, et multam prostravit pondĕrē silvam. *O.* ~ se ārena; sācros canos pĕdĭbŭs cjs. *L.* sŭpĕr gramĭnē corpŭs. *V.* (*Culex.*) [† Sterno; projĭcio; fundo.] 2. *To overthrow, lay prostrate, as killed* or *conquered.* Lit. and fig. ~ hūmi jŭvēnem armā mŏventem. *O.* Latis ~-ĭtŭr arvis (lĕgĭo). *V. Fl.* ~ ōpes regni. *Sil.* [† Sterno, affligo, everto, dejĭcio, rŭo.] *See* STERNO, EVERTO, PROSTRATUS.

PROSTĬTŬO, ĭs, ŭi, utum. 1. *To expose in public* (for sale or otherwise); hence, *to make public.* Tu tŭā prostĭtŭes famæ peccatā sĭnistræ. *O.* *See* VULGO. 2. Us. *To prostitute for hire.* ~ făcĭem sŭam lŭcro; voces fŏro. *O.* *See* PROSTO.

PROSTO, as, ŭtĭ. 1. *To project.* Sed măgĭs angellis paulum prostantĭbŭs, et quæ &c. *Lr.* 2. *To stand any where in public, in order to sell* (*Pl.*); or *to be exposed for sale.* Scilĭcĕt ut prostes Sŏsĭŏrum pumĭcē mundŭs (de lĭbro). *H.* [† Veněo.] 3. *To be a prostitute; to be prostituted* (made to act or act to base ends for hire). ~ ăd circum (de mĕrĕtricē). *J.* ămicĭtĭæ nomĕn. *O.* [† Prostĭtŭŏr; *sts.* sto.] 4. *To become publicly known.* Ingĕnio ~-ĭtŭr illā mĕo. *O.*

PROSTRATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* PROSTERNO. 1. *Thrown to the ground, prostrate.* Campis prostrātā jăcebant Agmĭnā. *L.* 2. *Lying along on the ground.* ~-i ĭn gramĭnē molli. *Lr.* [† Rĕcŭbans, jăcens, fusŭs, profusŭs.] 3. *Prostrate as a suppliant, worshipper.* ~ antē pĕdes. *O.* ădorāt. *Pp.* [† Antē pĕdes fusŭs *or* profusŭs; supplex.] *See* GENU.

PROSŬBĬGO, ĭs. *To strike, heat* (beforehand, in preparation); *to bring into shape, to prepare by beating.* Et pĕdē prosŭbĭgit terram, et frĭcăt arbŏrē costas (sus). *V.* Fulmĭnā Cyclops ~-ĭt. *V. Fl.* [† Protĕro.]

PROSUM, dĕs, fŭi, desse. 1. *To be of service, be useful.* Aut prodessē vŏlunt aut delectarē pŏetæ. *H.* Corpŏrē prodĕs, non ănĭmo. *O.* [† Jŭvo, proficio.] **Crol.** Sum utĭlis *or* commŏdŭs. 2. Unip. *It is* (was, has been, &c.) *of use,* &c. *V. O.* [† Jŭvāt, conducĭt, expĕdĭt, proficĭt.] **Crol.** Utĭlē est. Non ŏbest. Non nŏcĕt.

PROSŬS, ă, um (*from* Prorsŭs, ă, um [pro-versus. *App.*]. *Straight forward, right on.* *See* P.); and subst. PROSĂ, æ. *f.* Us. *That which is written in prose; prose-writing, prose.* Seu prosis solvĕrĭt orā mŏdis. *Aus.* Prosa ~Asĭæ. *Aus.* [† Sŏlutŭs; (*for* Prosā) sŏlutŭs *or* pĕdestris sermo. Verbā mŏdis sŏlutā.] **Phr.** *To write in prose.* Rem *or* orsā -vocē sŏluta spargo;—sŏlutis mŏdis strŭo;—pĕdestrĭbŭs dico histŏrĭis;—sŏluto pĕdē cāno;—pĕdē liber cāno.

PROTĔGO, ĭs, exi, ectum. 1. *To cover, cover over.* Sistăt, ĕt ingenti ramorum protĕgăt umbra. *V.* [† Tĕgo, contĕgo, ŏpĕrio, &c.] *See* TEGO. Fig. 2. *To protect, defend.* ~ armis ŏpes Ausŏnĭæ. *O.* [† Tĕgo, tŭĕŏr, defendo, tutŏr.] 3. *To ward off.* ~ hĭĕmes. *St.* [† Arcĕo, defendo.]

PROTELUM, i. *n.* (*obs.*) 1. *A long line of beasts drawing;* us. abl. *a continued drawing forth* or *forward.* Hunc jŭgā mulorum protelo ducĕrē centum Non possunt. *Lucil.* (*apud Non.*) 2. Fig. *A line, row, continued succession.* Undĭquē protelo plagarum contĭnŭato. *Lr.* Quāsī protelo stĭmŭlatŭr fulgŭrē fulgŭr. *Lr.*

PROTENDO, ĭs, i, tum. 1. *To hold out, to stretch forth.* Hastasquē rĕductis Protendunt longe dextris et spicŭlā vibrant. *V.* ~ ŏcŭlos; dextram prĕcantem. *V.* [† Tendo, profĕro, produco, porĭgo.] 2. *To extend, lengthen out.* ~ jŭgā (de montē). *Sen.* ăcĭem ĭn pĕlāgi æstus. *Cat.* Pĕdes temo protentŭs ĭn octo. *V.* [† Extendo, profĕro, produco, prŏpago.] *See* EXTENDO.

PROTĔNŬS. *adv.* (*from* Pro *and* tenus.) 1. *Before one; forward, onward, further on, at a distance* (of place). En ipsē căpellas Protĕnŭs ægĕr āgo. *V.* Vocem qua ~ omnē contrēmŭĭt nĕmŭs. *V.* ~ absint jurgĭā. *O.* [† Longe, prŏcŭl.] 2. *Immediately after, hereupon, forthwith* (of time and order). ~ mellis donā exsĕquār; certarē sāgitta invĭtāt Æneas. *V.* ŭt mŏnĕam. *H.* [† Contĭnŭo, deinceps, exindē.] 3. *Without break* or *interval* (of place or time). Quum ~ utrāquē tellus Unā fŏrĕt. *V.* Quem (morem) ~ cŏlŭerē sācrum. *V.* [† Contĭnŭe.] [*Serv.* ad *Æn.* iii. 416: "Modo adverbium loci est, alibi temporis."] *But see* PROTINUS.

PROTĔRO, ĭs, trivi, tritum. 1. *To tread under foot, crush* or *bruise to pieces.* Quacunque ingrĕdĭtur, florentĭā protĕrĭt arvā. *O.* ~ agmĭnā curru. *V.* [† Calco, &c.] *See* C. Fig. 2. *To defeat utterly.* ~ Pœnos martē. *H.* [† Attĕro; *ext.* sterno, &c.] 3. *To follow close upon another* (to tread upon his heels). Ver ~-ĭt æstas. *H.*

PROTERRĔO, es. *To frighten away.* Adverso proterrĕt (Aulesten) ĕquo; rŭĭt illē rĕcedens. *H.* *See* FUGO.

PRŎTERVE. *Wantonly, saucily.* Multā mĭser tĭmĕo, quā feci multā prŏterve. *O.* Dicĕrē ~-ĭŭs æquo. *O.* [† Audactĕr, prŏcacĭtĕr, pĕtŭlantĕr, lascive, licentĕr.]

PRŎTERVĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Sauciness, wantonness, impudence.* Urit gratā prŏtervĭtas. *H.* [† Pĕtŭlantĭā, prŏcacĭtas, audacĭā, lascivĭā, nequĭtĭā.]

PRŎTERVŬS, ă, um. 1. *Saucy, insolent; unruly, troublesome.* Jam tĭbĭ de tĭmĭdis istē prŏtervŭs ĕrĭt. *Pp.* Verbā ~-ā dicĕrē. *O.* Stellā ~-ā Cănĭs (*troublesome from its great heat*). *O.* ~-i venti. *H.* [† Pĕtŭlans, prŏcax, impŭdens, audax, sŭperbŭs, infrenĭs.] 2. *Wanton, immodest.*

∾-i ŏcŭli. *O.* [† Prŏcax, pĕtŭlans, lascivŭs, improbŭs, &c.] *See* IMPUDICUS.

PROTĔSĬLAEŬS, ă, um. *Of Protesilaus.* Protĕsĭlaeam Laŏdămiă fĭdem. *Cat.*

PROTĔSĬLAŬS, i. *m. Son of Iphiclus, and husband of Laodamia, killed by Hector at his first landing.* Solvŏr ăb amplexu, Protĕsĭlaĕ, tŭo. *O.* [† Phyllăcĭdes.]

PROTEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m.* **1.** *A god of the sea, who could transform himself into various shapes. C. D.* Hæc Proteus, et se jactu dĕdĭt æquŏr ĭn altum. *V.* Protĕă quid rĕfĕrum &c. *O.* **Ep.** Cærŭlĕŭs, æquŏrĕŭs; călĭdŭs, dŏlosŭs, văfĕr, ambĭgŭŭs, mutabĭlĭs, vărĭŭs. **Crcl.** Carpăthĭŭs, æquŏrĕŭs –sĕnex, vates. Neptuni pastŏr. **2.** *Used for any changeable person. H.*

PROTINŬS. *adv. Immediately, instantly, straightway.* Protĭnŭs exsĭlĭunt, ănĭmum clamorĕ fătentes. *O.* [† Contĭnŭo, extemplo, confestim, illĭcĕt, rĕpentĕ, sŭbĭto, oclŭs, brĕvi, actutum, cĭtŏ, prŏpĕre, stătim, illĭco, jam, jamjam, mox, quamprimum, pernicĭtĕr, lĕvĭtĕr, mature, maturate, momento.] **Crcl.** Nĕc *or* haud mŏrā. Nullă mŏrā est. Nulla mŏra. Missa m. Parvă mŏrā est. Nĕc mŏrā quin. Exĭgŭo *or* brĕvi tempŏrĕ. ˘In brĕvi spătĭo. Nĕc longum. Nĕc tarde. Nĕc multă mŏrătŭs. Nĕc longum ĭn mĕdĭo tempŭs, quum &c. Vix . . . quum. *See* BREVI, FESTINO; *see also* PROTENUS. [Protenus seems to have more to do with place and order, and protinus with time.]

PROTOLLO, ĭs. **1.** *To stretch forth. Pl. See* PROTENDO. **2.** Fig. *To put off, protract, defer.* ∾ fati fines. *Lr.* mortem mĭhĭ. *Pl.* [† Extendo, profĕro, protrăho, &c.] *See* DIFFERO.

PROTŎNO, as. *To thunder forth.* Nec gĕnŭs undĕ, rŏgat; tali sed protŏnăt ira. *V. Fl.*

PROTŎTŎMUS, ă, um. **1.** *Cut the first* or *earliest.* Sed jam protŏtŏmos tempus decidĕrĕ caules. *Col.* **2.** Used subst. (sc. caules.) ∾-iquĕ rŭdes. *M.* [† Collĭcŭlŭs.] *See* C.

PROTRĂHO, ĭs, axi, actum. **1.** *To draw* or *drag forth, produce in public.* Lit. and fig. Mors tămĕn inclusum protrăhĭt indĕ căpŭt. *Pp.* ∾ qm ĭn mĕdĭos. *V.* verum indĕ. *Lr.* [† Profĕro, produco, prodo, educo, effĕro, crŭo.] **Crcl.** ˘In lucem (ĭn mĕdĭum) –protrăho, profĕro. **2.** *To discover, reveal, betray.* ∾ lătĭtantes ămicos. *O.* [† Detĕgo, prodo, indĭco, &c.] *See* DETEGO. **3.** *To lead forward, urge on.* ∾ ăd gestum pŭĕros. *Lr.* [† Impello, ăgo, adduco.] **4.** *To protract, delay.* ∾ mortem longa fămĕ. *Sen. See* DIFFERO.

PROTRUDO, ĭs, si, sum. *To push* or *thrust forward.* Paulatim moles protrudĭtŭr atquĕ mŏvetŭr. *Lr. See* TRUDO.

PROTURBO, as. **1.** *To drive* or *chase away; put to the rout, and drive away.* Telăquĕ conjĭcĭunt, proturbantque emĭnŭs hostem. *V.* [† Pello, rĕpello, ablĭgo, depello, &c.] **2.** *To send forth, to utter* (with force, violence, &c.). ∾ ănhelatum pectŏrĕ murmŭr. *Sil.* [† Emitto, mitto.] **3.** *To overturn, prostrate.* ∾ pectŏrĕ silvas. *O.* [† Dejĭcĭo, sterno, &c.] **4.** *To disturb, rout up.* (Æŏlum) sŏlĭo ∾-ăt ăb alto. *V. Fl.*

PROŬT (*monos.*), *and* PRŎŬT. *conj. As, accordingly as.* Pasco libatis dăpĭbus, prout cuiquĕ lĭbido est. *H.* Sed tămĕn adspĭcĕres vellem, prŏŭt ipsĕ rŏgabas. *O. See* UT.

PROVĔHO, ĭs, exi, ectum. **1.** *To convey* or *carry onward, away, forward* (us. in speaking of land- or sea-carriage). Dum sŭmŭs in portu, provĕhăt aurā lĕvĭs. *O.* Aer a tergo quăsi ∾-ăt. *Lr.* [† Impello, propello, ăgo, fĕro, auffĕro, promŏvĕo.] Fig. **2.** *To convey; to carry, hurry away* (of strong feelings). Idquĕ mĭnutatim vitam provexĭt ĭn altum. *Lr.* Si me ultĕrĭŭs irā provexĕrĭt. *Pp.* [† Abrĭpĭo, impello, ăgo.] **3.** *To forward, promote, advance.* Vim temperatam di ∾-unt ĭn majŭs. *H.* [† Promŏvĕo.] **4.** Pass. *To proceed, go forth, go onward.* Lit. and fig. [Hence it may be rendered sts. *to drive, ride,* or *sail forth,* according to the context.] Quid ultra Provĕhŏr, et fando surgentes demŏrŏr austros? *V.* ∾-ĭmŭr portu &c. *V.* Quum provectŭs ĕquo. *V.*

PROVĔNIO, is, eni, entum. (Vĕnĭo.) **1.** *To come forth, appear in public, show oneself.* Hinc ĕgŏ proveni lenă cŏmesquĕ Dĕæ. *O.* [† Vĕnio, prodĕo, procedo, exĕo, ŏrĭŏr, profĕrŏr.] **2.** *To grow, spring up, be produced.* Lit. and fig. ∾-it messis ĭn arvis; lană. *O.* Fructu (terræ) ∾-entĕ. *O.* Carmĭnă ∾-unt. *O.* [† Nascŏr, producŏr, ŏrĭŏr, vĕnio.] **3.** *To come to pass, to happen.* Non hæc humanis ŏpĭbŭs ∾-unt. *V.* [† Evĕnio, &c.] *See* E.

PROVENTŬS, us. *m. That which comes forth from* or *is the produce of any thing;* us. *of the fruits of the earth* (but of bees, mice, rabbits. *Plin.*). Lit. and fig. Proventuque ŏnĕret sulcos, atque horrĕă vincăt. *V.* Pomăquĕ proventus tempŏris hujŭs hăbent. *O.* ∾ nŏvorum scĕlĕrum. *L.* [† Rĕdĭtŭs, fruges, pomă, fructŭs, copĭă.]

PROVERBIUM, ii. *n. A proverb.* Hac quŏquĕ de causa si te proverbĭă tangent. *O.* [† Dictum, sententĭă; *sts.* nænĭă.] **Ep.** Vĕtŭs, antiquum, priscum, verum, certum **Crcl.** Sermo tritŭs *or* vulgarĭs.

PROVĬDENTĬA, æ. *f.* (*Cic.*) **1.** *Providence, foresight.* [† Prudentĭă.] **Crcl.** Provĭdă curā. **2.** Eccl. *The Providence of God.* **Crcl.** Omnĭă (mundum, res hŏmĭnum) mŏdĕrans Săpĭentĭă.

PROVĬDĔO, es, vidi, visum. **1.** *To see beforehand; look with care beforehand to a matter, and provide for it.* Quæ si non astu provĭdentur, me aut hĕrum pessumdăbunt. *Ter.* ˘Egŏ mi providĕro. *Pl.* [† Prospĭcĭo, căvĕo, præcăvĕo; *sts.* curo, consŭlo.] Hence—**2.** *To provide, get ready with forethought. See* PROVISUS.

PROVĬDŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Foreseeing.* Obstŭpŭĕre omnes: at veri provĭdŭs augŭr. *O.* [† Præscĭŭs, divinŭs.] **2.** *Provident, prudent, thoughtful.* ∾ curā dĕi. *O.* ˘Ulysses. *H.* [† Prudens, cautŭs.]

PROVINCĬA, æ. *f.* **1.** *The name given by the Romans to any country out of Italy acquired by them, and made tributary.* Reddĭtaque est omnis pŏpŭlo provincĭă nostro. *O.* **2.** *Any particular charge* or *employment. Ter. Pl. See* MUNUS.

PROVISŎR, ŏris. *m. A provider.* Utĭlĭum tardus provisor, prodĭgŭs ærĭs. *H.*

PROVISŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PROVIDEO. **1.** *Foreseen, provided for* or *against.* **2.** *Provided, got ready beforehand.* Quæ multo antĕ mĕmor provisă rĕpones. *O.* ∾-æ frugĭs copĭă. *H.* [† Collectŭs, păratŭs, sepŏsĭtŭs.]

PROVŎCO, as. **1.** *To call forth* or *out.* Lit. and fig. Quod tĕpĭdum vĭgĭli provŏcăt orĕ dĭem. *O.* ∾ ăd se Sĭmonĭdem. *Pl.* [† Evŏco, vŏco, suscĭto, ellĭcĭo, arcesso.] **2.** *To call out, to challenge to a contest.* Lit. and fig. ∾ cursĭbŭs auras (de ĕquo). *V.* me ĭn ălĕam. *Pl.* ŏpĭbŭs omnes Patrĭcĭos. *J.* [† Vŏco, posco. ˘In certamĕn, *or pl.*, (ĭn prœlĭă) qm –posco, vŏco. Posco, cum quo concurram (contendam, &c.).] **3.** *To provoke, irritate.* ∾ incerta umbra (aspĭdas). *L.* [† Irrito, lăcesso.]

PROVŎLO, as. *To fly forth.* Lit. and fig. Provŏlăt in mĕdĭum, et magna, succurrĭtĕ, vocĕ &c. *V.* [† Procurro, rŭo.]

PROVOLVO, ĭs, i, ŭlutum. *To roll forward; to throw to the ground, to throw oneself at any*

body's feet. Hunc lora et jŭgă subtĕr Provolverĕ rŏtæ. *V.* Prostrată vĭam per, proquĕ vŏlută Corpŏrĕ. *Lr. See* VOLVO.

PROVŎMO, ĭs. *To vomit forth* or *out.* Turbĭnĭs immanem vim provŏmĭt atquĕ prŏcellæ. *Lr. See* VOMO.

PROXĔNETĂ, *and* PROXĔNETES, æ. *m.* (προξενήτης.) *A broker, a go-between.* Vatinĭorum proxĕnetă fractorum. *M.*

PROXĬMĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Nearness* (of place; of kin; of resemblance). Mequĕ rĕam nĭmĭæ proxĭmĭtatĭs ăgi. *O.* Nunc quĭă tam mĕăs est non est mĕŭs; ipsăquĕ damno Est mĭhĭ proxĭmĭtas. *O.* Lătĕăt ~-ĕ bŏni (vĭtĭum) (*by its resemblance to what is good*). *O.* [? Vicinĭă, affinĭtas.]

PROXĬMUS, ă, um. 1. *Next, nearest in place.* Proxĭmŭs huic, longo sed proxĭmŭs intervallo. *V.* Proxĭmŭs a dŏmĭna sĕdeto. *O. See* VICINUS. 2. *Next* or *nearest in kin* or *friendship.* ~ sum ĕgŏmĕt mĭhĭ. *Ter.* Cŭpĭam măgĭs illi ~ essĕ. *H. See* COGNATUS, AMICUS. 3. *Used of nearness of resemblance.* Fictă vŏluptatis causa sint proxĭmă veris. *H. See* SIMILIS.

PRUDENS, tĭs. 1. *Aware, knowing what he is about.* Tu, prudens, scĕlŭs ob tĭtŭlos quum admittĭs ĭnanes, Stas ănĭmo? *H.* Non ĕgŏ te lædi ~. *Tib.* [? Scĭens; *sts.* spontĕ.] 2. *Well-taught, experienced, skilful in* (with gen.). ~ artĭs. *O.* ădulandi. *J.* legum. *Enn.* rerum. *H.* [? Scĭens, pĕrĭtŭs, doctŭs, callĭdŭs, callens, gnarŭs, solers.] 3. *Careful, prudent, wise* (in judgement, conduct). *V. O.* [? Provĭdŭs, cautŭs, săpĭens, solers, săgax, circumspectŭs.] **Crcl.** Consĭlĭo -pŏtens, præstans, pollens, prædĭtŭs. ˘Anĭmi *or* ănĭmo maturŭs. Longo usu eductŭs. Consĭlĭi plenŭs. Cui mens -provĭdă, prudens, săgax. Cui rerum majŏr prudentĭă. Cui consĭlĭum majŭs. Cui vis ănĭmi auctĭŏr.

PRUDENTĬA, æ. *f.* 1. *Science, knowledge, skill in an art* or *profession.* Prætĕrĕa, si qua est Hĕlĕno prudentĭă vati. *V.* [? Pĕrĭtĭă, ars, solertĭă.] 2. *Intelligence, comprehension; good judgement in acting, prudence.* Rerum fato ~ majŏr. *V.* Mĭsĕros ~ primă rĕlinquĭt. *O.* [? Săpĭentĭă, consĭlĭum, judĭcĭum.] **Ep.** Matură, săgax, solers, caută, circumspectă, præsclă. **Crcl.** Rerum prudentĭă *or* expĕrĭentĭă. Provĭdă mens *or* cură. Săgax ănĭmŭs *or* cŏr. ˘Anĭmi prudentĭă. Prudens ănĭmi sententĭă. *See* PRUDENS.

PRŬINA, æ. *f.* 1. *Hoar-frost, rime; snow.* Mollĭs ĕrat tellus rorata manĕ prŭina. *O.* Stant circumfusă prŭina Corpŏrĕ magnă bŏum. *V.* [? Gĕlŭ, glăcĭes, nix.] *See* G. G. N. 2. Pl. *Winter.* ˘Ad mĕdĭas prŭinas. *V. See* HIEMS.

PRŬINOSUS, ă, um. *Covered with hoar-frost; frosty, frozen.* Solquĕ prŭinosas rădĭis siccavĕrăt herbas. *O.* ~ nox. *O.* [? Gĕlatŭs, gĕlĭdŭs, glăcĭalis, hibernŭs.]

PRUNA, æ. *f. A live coal.* Subjĭcĭunt vĕrŭbus prunas, et viscĕrĕ torrent. *V.* [? Carbo, ignĭs.] **Ep.** Accensă, ardens, ignĕă, rŭbens.

PRUNUM, i. *n. A plum.* Prunăquĕ non solum nigro liventĭă succo &c. *O.* **Ep.** Canum, cerĕum, rŭbens, dulcĕ, mitĕ.

PRUNUS, i. *f. A plum-tree.* Et prunis lăpĭdosă rŭbescĕrĕ cornă. *V.*

PRURIGO, ĭnĭs. *f. An itching.* Si tĭbĭ morosa prurigĭnĕ vermĭnăt aurĭs. *M.*

PRURIO, is. 1. *To itch.* Si prurit frictŭs ŏcelli Angŭlŭs. *J.* **Crcl.** Pruritu *or* prurigĭnĕ ardĕo. 2. Fig. *To long much for a thing* (have an itching for it). Vĭtŭlŭs ~-ĭt ĭn pugnam. *M. See* ARDEO.

PSALLO, ĭs. *To play on a stringed instrument; to sing to one.* Psallĭmŭs et luctamŭr ˘Achivis doctĭŭs unctis. *H. See* CITHARA, CANO.

PSALMUS, i. *m. A psalm. Eccl.* [? Hymnŭs, canticum.]

PSALTERĬUM, ĭi. *n. A psaltery, a kind of lute* or *harp.* Non argută sŏnant tĕnŭi psalterĭă chorda. *V.* (*Ciris.*) *See* CITHARA.

PSALTRIX, æ. *f. A female player and singer. J. Ter.* [? Cĭthăristrĭă.]

PSĬTHIA, *or* PSŬTHIA (sc. uva, vitis). *f. A species of vine.* Defrŭtă, vel psĭthĭa passos de vitĕ răcemos. *V.* ~ passo utĭlĭŏr. *V.*

PSITTĂCUS, i. *m. A parrot.* Psittăcŭs, eois ĭmĭtatrix alĕs ăb oris. *O.* **Ep.** Pĕrĕgrinŭs, garrŭlŭs, lŏquax, vocalis, pictŭs, versĭcŏlŏr. **Phr.** Humanæ vocis *or* linguæ ĭmĭtatŏr (sĭmŭlatŏr) alĕs *or* ĭmĭtatrix vŏlŭcrĭs. Humanæ vocis lŏquax ĭmago. ˘Avĭs doctă lŏqui. Doctŭs voces reddĕrĕ. Făcĭlĭs verbă monstrată reddĕrĕ. Qui humanas lŏquelas orĕ (voces guttŭrĕ) -depromĭt, rĕfert, ĭmĭtatŭr, sĭmŭlăt.

PSŬTHIA. *See* PSITHIA.

PTĬSĂNA, æ. *f., and* PTĬSĂNARĬUM, ĭi. *n. A decoction of barley* or *rice, a ptisan.* Frumentum, mĭlĭum, ptĭsănamquĕ, făbamquĕ sŏlĕbas Vendĕrĕ. *M.* Sume hoc ptĭsănarĭum ŏryzæ. *H.*

PTŎLĔMÆUS, ă, um. *Ptolemæan;* hence, *Egyptian.* Et Ptŏlĕmæĕ littŏrĕ captă Phări. *Pp.*

PTŎLĔMÆUS, i. *m. One of the generals of Alexander, and first king of Egypt; those that succeeded him were also so called; the later kings called themselves* Ptolemæorum manes. *L.* Sceptrĕ pŭer Ptŏlĕmæŭs hăbet tĭbĭ debĭtă, *Marcellus.* *L.* [? Lagŭs *or* Lagides.] **Crcl.** Rex Phărĭŭs *or* Pellæŭs.

PTŎLĔMAIS, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Ptolemæan,* f.; hence, *Egyptian.* Condĭtŏr hic forsan fŭĕrit Ptŏlĕmaĭdŏs aulæ. *Aus.* 2. *Cleopatra, as daughter of a Ptolemy.* Incestă ~. *L. See* CLEOPATRA. 3. *The name of several towns in Egypt, Phœnicia, and Cyrene.*

PUBENS, tĭs. *part. See* PUBESCO. 1. *Beginning to have a beard; young.* Sunt mĭhĭ pubentes alto de semĭnĕ fratres. *Cl. See* PUBER. 2. *Downy* (of plants). ~-es sĕcant herbas. *V.* [? Pubescens, puber.]

PUBĔO, es. *See* PUBESCO.

PUBĔR, *or* PUBES. *gen.* Puberis. *adj.* 1. *Arrived at the age of puberty; grown up.* Urbĭs ĭn excĭdĭum vir pubĕr ĭn armă vŏcatis, &c. *Anthol.* [? Jŭvĕnĭlis, ădultŭs.] *See* JUVENIS. 2. *Used of plants, as* pubens. ~-ĭbŭs fŏlĭis cŏmans. *V.*

PUBERTAS, ātĭs. *f. The age of puberty.* Pubertatĕ rŭdi non rŭdĭs intĕrlĭt. *Aus. See* JUVENTUS.

PUBES, ĭs. *f.* 1. *The down of puberty. See* LANUGO. 2. *The loins, the waist.* Et pulchro pectŏrĕ virgo Pubĕ tĕnŭs. *V.* [? Inguĕn.] 3. *Young men, a body of young men.* ~ ăgrestĭs. *V.* [? Jŭventus.] *See* J.

PUBESCO, ĭs. 1. *To begin to have a beard; to be at the age of puberty.* Et nunc æquali tecum pubescĕrĕt ævo. *V.* ~-unt malæ. *V. Fl.* [? ˘Adŏlesco.] *See* LANUGO, JUVENIS. 2. *Used of plants,* &c. ~-ĭt vinĕă. *V.* Prată ~-unt florĕ. *O.* [? Pubĕo, cresco, ădŏlesco, luxŭrĭo, exubĕro.] 3. Fig. *To increase, grow in strength, stature,* &c. ~-ĭbŭs rădĭis (de solĕ). *Cl.* Prŏprĭo ~ leto (*of the phœnix*). *Cl.*

PUBLĬCUS, ă, um. 1. *Public, as opposed to private.* Publĭcă privatis secernĕrĕ, sacrĕ prŏfanis. *H.* [? *Sts.* Communis.] 2. *General, common, universal.* ~ cură jŭvĕnum. *H.* făvŏr. *O.* usŭs. *H.* lex. *Pers.* [? Communis.] 3. *Common, ordinary.* Non ~-ă certe (structurĕ carmĭnis). *O.* venă. *J.* [? Vulgaris, plebeiŭs.]

PŬDENDUS, ă, um. *To be ashamed of, dishonor-*

able. At non, Evandrĕ, pŭdendis Vulnĕrĭbus pulsum adspĭcĭes. *V.* Lŭcrā ~-ā. *O.* [? Turpis, prŏbrosŭs, fœdŭs, infamis.]

Pŭdens, tis. *Modest.* Et dĕcŏr, et vultus sĭnĕ rustĭcĭtatĕ pŭdentes. *O.* Mutā, pŭdens est. *Lr.* *See* Pudibundus.

Pŭdentĕr. *Modestly.* Dăbĭturquĕ lĭcentĭā sumptā pŭdentĕr. *H.* *See* Pudice.

Pŭdĕt, ŭit (Pŭdĭtum est. *Pl.*), &c. *unip. To be ashamed.* Non pŭdĕt obsĭdĭone ĭtĕrum Valloquĕ tĕneri? *V.* Ah! ~-ĕt annorum. *O.* Pŭdŭĭt vĭdĕrĕ. *O.* [? Erŭbesco; *sts.* vĕrĕŏr.] **Crcl.** Est pŭdŏr *or* rŭbŏr. Est causā pŭdori. Non sustĭnĕo. Turpĕ pŭtŏ. *See* Erubesco. [*Ter. Pl.* use Pudeo, transitively, for *to make ashamed*, with acc. of pers. So *L.* Semper metuet, quem sæva pudebunt.]

Pŭdĭbundŭs, ă, um. 1. *Modest, shame-faced, ashamed.* Intĕrĕrĭt Sătȳris paulum pŭdĭbundā prŏtervis. *H.* ~-ā orā celăt. *O.* [? Pŭdens, mŏdestŭs, vĕrecundŭs.] *See* Modestus. 2. Sts. *To be ashamed of, dishonorable.* ~-ā sĕnectæ exĭtĭā. *V. Fl.* *See* Turpis.

Pŭdice. 1. *Modestly, chastely.* Conserves pŭĕrum mĭhi pŭdice. *Cat.* [? Caste, pŭdentĕr, vĕrecunde.] 2. Gen. *Virtuously, reputably.* Actum ~ ævum. *O.* (*ad Liv.*) [? Hŏneste, sancte, pĭe, caste.]

Pŭdicĭtĭa, æ. *f. Modesty, chastity.* Lis est cum forma magnā pŭdicĭtĭæ. *O.* [? Pŭdŏr, castĭtas; *sts.* virginĭtas.] **Ep.** Castā, illæsā, invĭŏlatā, intĕmĕrātā, intĕgrā, purā, sanctā, incorruptā, hŏnestā, virginĕā. **Crcl.** Pŭdicĭtĭæ -laus, hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos, dĕcŏr, dĕcŭs, leges. Mores -pŭdici, sancti, casti. Vitā -pŭdicā, castā, sĭnĕ labĕ. Pŭdorĭs jurā *or* dĕcŭs. *See* Castus, Virginitas.

Pŭdicŭs, ă, um. *Modest, chaste; of good report.* Essĕ pŭdicarum te Vestam, Livĭā, matrum. *O.* [? Castŭs, purŭs, vĕrecundŭs, intĕgĕr, &c.] *See* Castus, Honestus.

Pŭdŏr, orĭs. *m.* 1. *Shame, confusion of face.* Erŭbŭi, grĕmĭoquĕ pŭdor dejecĭt ŏcellos. *O.* [? Rŭbŏr.] **Crcl.** Pŭdorĭs rŭbŏr. 2. Est pŭdŏr. *I am ashamed.* Pŭdŏr est promissā prĕcesquĕ (rĕferrĕ). *O.* [? Pŭdĕt.] *See* Erubesco. 3. *Shame, dishonour.* ~-em nostrum vulgarĕ; thălămis rĕmŏverĕ. *O.* *See* Dedecus. 4. *Chastity.* Vĭŏlarĕ ~-em. *V.* [? Pŭdicĭtĭā.] 5. *Modesty.* Lumĭnā plenā ~-ĭs. *O.* [? Mŏdestĭā, rŭbŏr.] **Ep.** Vĕrecundŭs, purpŭrĕŭs, ingĕnŭŭs, mŏdestŭs, hŏnestŭs, tĕnĕr, dĕcorŭs, virginĕŭs, pŭellarĭs. *See* Modestia. 6. *Virtue, honour.* Summum credĕ nĕfas vitam præferrĕ ~-i. *J.* [? Hŏnestas, &c.] *See* Virtus. 7. *Respect for a person's feelings, consideration for.* Mĭsĕrĭcordĭā hujŭs, tum pătrĭs ~. *Ter.* [? Mĕtŭs, respectŭs.]

Pŭellā, æ. *f.* 1. *A girl; a nymph.* Ut corpus, tĕnĕris sic mens infirmā pŭellis. *O.* Dryādesquĕ ~-æ. *V.* [? Virgo, pŭellŭlā, &c.] *See* Virgo. 2. Sts. *A young woman.* Fŭĕram, te discedentĕ, pŭellā (Penĕlŏpe). *O.* [? Femĭnā.] *See* Uxor.

Pŭellarĭs, ĕ. *Of* or *relating to a girl*, &c. Prædā pŭellares ănĭmos prolectăt inanĭs. *O.* [? Virginĕŭs.]

Pŭellŭlā, æ. *f.*, *dim. of* Puella. Rivales sŏcĭi pŭellŭlarum. *Cat.*

Pŭellŭs, i. *m. A little boy. Lr.* *See* Infans.

Pŭĕr, ĕri. *m.* 1. *A child, a boy.* Fallĕ dŏlo, et notos pŭĕri pŭĕr indŭĕ vultus. *V.* [? Ephebŭs, ădŏlescens; *sts.* pŭellŭs; *est.* infans.] **Ep.** Parvŭs, parvŭlŭs, tĕnĕr, mollĭs, imberbis *or* imberbŭs, impubes; candĭdŭs, formosŭs, ingĕnŭŭs, vĕrecundŭs; lĕvĭs, incautŭs, improvĭdŭs. **Crcl.** Pŭĕrorum ætas improvĭdā. Ævi rŭdĭs. Primis *or* tĕnĕris ĭn annis. Primis sub annis. Tĕnĕris ădhuc ĭn annis. Primo ĭn ævo vĭrĭdĭs. Cujus innŏcŭā est ætas. Pura tŏga (sc. prætexta) vĕnĕrabĭlis. Quem ardens purpŭrā vestĭt. *See* Infans, Puerilia. **Phr.** *From childhood.* A pŭĕro. A pŭĕris. Primis ăb annis. A pŭĕrilĭbus annis. De tĕnĕro ungui. 2. *A child, a son.* ~ tŭŭs (*Venus'*). *V.* ~-i Ledæ. *H.* *See* Filius. 3. *A young man.* Octavi vĕnĕrandĕ, mĕis allabĕrĕ cœptis, Sanctĕ pŭĕr. *V.* (*Culex.*) [? Jŭvĕnis.] *See* J. 4. *A boy-in-waiting, a page.* ~ alte cinctŭs. ~-i vernæ. *H.* *See* Servus.

Pŭĕrilis, ĕ. 1. *Child-like, boyish, youthful.* Telā mănu jam tum tĕnĕra pŭĕrĭlĭā torsĭt. *V.* ~-i ĭn orĕ. *O.* [? Tĕnĕr, mollis, jŭvĕnĭlis, jŭvĕnis.] 2. Fig. *Childish, thoughtless, puerile.* Optarĕ votis ~-ĭbŭs. *O.* ~ sententĭā. *Ter.* [? Inconsultŭs, &c.]

Pŭĕrilĭtĕr. 1. *In a child-like manner.* Quæ mŏdŏ decerpens tĕnĕro pŭĕrilĭtĕr ungui. *Pp.* **Crcl.** Pŭĕri *or* pŭĕrorum morĕ *or* de morĕ. 2. Fig. *Childishly, foolishly. Pl.*

Pŭĕritĭa. *Ter., and syn.* **Pŭertĭa,** æ. *f. Childhood*, &c. (used of the boy or girl up to seventeen or eighteen). Actæ non ălĭo regĕ pŭertĭæ. *H.* [? Infantĭā, ădŏlescentĭā, jŭventā.] **Crcl.** Pŭĕriles (primi, tĕnĕri, rŭdes, incauti) anni. Ætas -pŭĕrilis, tĕnĕrā, mollis, primā, improvĭdā. Tempŭs pŭĕrilĕ. Primum ævum. Primā pars ævi. Ætatĭs primum tempŭs. *See* Puer, Juventa.

Pŭerpĕrā, æ. *f.* 1. *A woman in child-bed; a mother.* Laudantur sĭmĭlĭ prolĕ pŭerpĕræ. *H.* [? Enixā, fetā, matĕr.] 2. Used adj. Verbā ~-ā dixĭt. *O.*

Pŭerpĕrĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Travail, child-birth.* Falsum mendaci ventrĕ pŭerpĕrĭum. *Cat.* [? Partŭs.] *See* P. 2. *The offspring born.* Lit. and fig. Quercus fĕrebant crudā ~-ā. *St.* [? Partŭs, proles, &c.] *See* Proles.

Pŭerpĕrŭs. *See* Puerpera.

Pŭertĭa. *See* Pueritia.

Pŭgil, ĭlis. *m. A pugilist.* Tyndărĭdæ fratres, hic ĕquĕs, illĕ pŭgĭl. *O.* [? Luctatŏr, pyctā, ăthletā.]

Pŭgillar, arĭs. *n.* (*Aus.*), *us.* **Pŭgillarĭa,** um. *pl.*, *and* **Pŭgillares,** lum. *m. pl. A writing-tablet* or *tablets.* Et nĕgăt mĭhĭ vostrā reddĭturam Pŭgillarĭā, si păti pŏtestĭs. *Cat.*

Pŭgiŏ, onis. *m. A dagger.* Pugiŏ quem curvis cingit brĕvis orbĭtā venis. *M.* [? Sicā.] *See* Ensis.

Pŭgnā, æ. *f.* 1. *A fight, a battle.* Sempĕr ĕquos atque armā vĭrum pugnasquĕ cănebăt. *V.* [? Certamĕn, prœlium, congressŭs, armā, ăcies, bellum.] **Ep.** Acrĭs, aspĕrā, ătrox, sævā, fĕrā, crudelis, crŭentā, călĭdā, fervens, ingens, magnā; tristis, mĭsĕrā, flebĭlis, lugendā, mĭsĕrandā, funestā; anceps, dŭbĭā, impar, ĭniquā. **Crcl.** Pugnæ certamĕn, *or pl.* Pugnā certamĭnis. Certamĭnā Martis. Militiæ *or* Martis ŏpŭs. *See* Pugno, Bellum. **Phr.** *To cease fighting.* Pugnam -rĕlinquo, desĕro, abrumpo. Armā -pono, depono, rĕpono. Certamĭnĕ (pugna) -discedo, secedo, rĕcedo, desisto. Campo discedo. ~Ab armis -secedo, discedo, rĕcedo, quĭesco. Bellum -finio, absolvo, pĕrăgo. *See* Pax. 2. Sts. *The troops engaged.* Pugnas audĭtā pĕr omnes (vox dĕi). *V. Fl.* *See* Acies. 3. *Any adverse encounter* (of tongues, animals, the elements, &c.). *See* Pugnans.

Pugnans, tis. *part.* *See* Pugno. 1. *Fighting, engaged in battle.* [? Certans, decertans, consertŭs, commissŭs, congressŭs.] **Phr.** *Armies engaged.* Consertæ campis ăcies. 2. = rĕpugnans. *Resisting;* and fig. *reluctant, unwilling.*

3. Fig. *That which is contrary to* or *opposed in principle*, &c. ∾-lĭă secum componĕrĕ. *H.* Mĕlĭorā ∾-lĭăque istis. *H.* [† Pugnax, adversŭs, oppŏsĭtŭs, contrarĭŭs.]

PUGNATŎR, ōrĭs. *m. A fighter, a combatant.* Cui pellis latos hŭmĕros ereptā jŭvenco Pugnatori ŏpĕrĭt, căpŭt &c. *V.* [† Pugnans, bellatŏr, milĕs, armatŭs.]

PUGNAX, ācĭs. 1. *Fond of fighting, warlike.* Essent pugnaces, qui fĕrā bellā cănunt. *O.* ∾ irĕ pĕr hostes. *Pp.* [† Bellatŏr, bellĭgĕr, bellax, bellĭcosŭs, Martĭŭs; *ext.* fortĭs, strenŭŭs.] **Crcl.** ˘Ad armā promptŭs *or* promptĭŏr. Bello (armis) –clarŭs, præclarŭs, magnŭs, egrĕgĭŭs, insignĭs, præstans, utĭlĭs, ingens, aspĕr, fortĭs, terrĭbĭlĭs, fĕrox. Acerrĭmŭs armis. ˘In armis –acĕr, vĭŏlentŭs, sævŭs. Nescĭŭs armis vinci. Armorum ănĭmiquĕ præstans. Pugnæ ăvĭdŭs. Martĭs ămans. Bello *or* Martĕ fĕrox (intractabĭlĭs, spectatŭs). Belli laudĕ prĭŏr. Belli stŭdĭis asperrĭmŭs. Cui bello vivĭdă virtus *or* dextrā. Cui mens pugnæ stŭdĭo dedĭtā. Cui bellā *or* prœlĭā cordi. Cui belli sævā vŏluptas. *In pl.* Bello lectā jŭventus. Fortĭā bello pectŏrā. Quos nullā prœlĭā fătigant. *See* FORTIS. 2. Fig. *Contrary to, opposed in principle.* Ignĭs ăquæ ∾. *O. See* PUGNANS.

PUGNO, as. 1. *To fight, combat.* Et tĕrĕti pugnant mucronĕ vĕruquĕ Săbello. *V.* ∾ pro causa Ĭniqua. *O.* [† Certo, decerto, dimĭco, confligo, concurro, contendo, congrĕdĭŏr, bello *or* bellŏr, cŏĕo, decerno, committŏr; *sts.* cerno.] **Crcl.** Pugnam –committo, ĭnĕo, ŏbĕo, tento, lăcesso, invado. Certamĕn –ĭnĕo, ŏbĕo. Mănus *or* mănum –conferō, consĕro, committo. Dextram consĕro. Pugna (ferro, armis) –concurro, decerno, dimĭco, contendo. Prœlĭā –mŏvĕo, miscĕo, consĕro, do, committo, tento, ŏbĕo. Martem lăcesso *or* fătigo. ˘Ad pugnam ĕo. ˘In pugnam fĕrŏr. ˘Ad pugnam –exĕo, procurro, rŭo. Pugnæ –occurro, me credo, committo. Pugnam ĭnĕo. ˘In adversos (in hostes) tendo. Pugnā committĭtŭr. **Phr.** *To rush to arms.* ˘In ferrum rŭunt. *The armies take the field.* Æquo se campo dant. Clĭpĕatā agmĭnā campis densantŭr. *Begin the attack.* Hastis emĭnŭs projectis (procursu răpĭdo) Martem invadunt. Prœlĭā collatis dextris mŏvent. Pugnam armis mŏvent. Bellum sanguĭnĕ imbŭunt. Primæ pugnæ funĕrā committunt. Primā belli pĕrĭculā tentant. *The armies engage.* Immiscent mănus mănĭbŭs. Martĭs certamĕn (*or pl.*) intĕr se conferunt. Pugnæ certamĭnā mănu conferunt. Totas implĭcant intĕr se ăcĭes. Prœlĭā vi miscent. Collati Martĕ cŏĕunt. Concurrĭtŭr. Pări irarum motu *or* nudo ferro concurrĭtŭr (utrinquĕ concurrĭtŭr, agmĭnā concurrunt). Se vĭro vĭr confert. *Victory long contested.* Victorĭā sollĭcĭtis armis dĭu quærĭtŭr. *General phrases.* ˘Ad prœlĭā ventum est. Pugnā aspĕrā surgĭt. ˘In pugnam totis virĭbŭs ĭtŭr. Pĕr hostes, pĕr telā ĭtŭr. Sævā pectŏrā ĭn oppŏsĭtos fĕrunt. *See* BELLUM, EXERCITUS. 2. Used tr. with cognate acc. ∾ dicendā Musis prœlĭā. *H. See* PUGNA. 3. *To resist, struggle against.* ∾ ămori; pressis hăbenis (de ĕquo). *V.* mŏnĭtis. *Sil.* [† Rĕsisto, obsisto, obluctŏr, &c.] *See* RESISTO. 4. *To be inconsistent with, opposed in principle, nature, &c.* ∾-ăt sententĭā secum. *H.* Frigĭdā ∾-ant căllĭdis. *O.* [† Dissĭdĕo.] 5. *To strive, exert oneself.* ∾ ĭn adversas irĕ ăquas; evincĕrĕ somnos. *O. See* CONOR. 6. Pass. unip., or with cognate subst. Pugnatŭr comĭnŭs armis. *V.* Bellā terra mărĭquĕ pugnatā. *H.*

PUGNŬS, i. *m. A fist.* Unguĭbŭs et pugnis, dein fustĭbŭs, atque ĭta porro Pugnabant armis. *H.* ∾-is fœdarĕ pectŏrā. *V.* ∾-o rumpĕrĕ pectŏrā. *O.* [† Mănŭs.] **Phr.** *To strike with the fists.* Pugnis –contundo, cædo, incurso, &c.

PULCHĔR, chrā, chrum, *or* crā, crum. 1. *Handsome, beautiful* (of the person). Gratĭŏr et pulchro vĕnĭens in corpŏrĕ virtus. *V.* ∾-æ turpesquĕ pŭellæ. *O.* [† Formosŭs, dĕcorŭs, dĕcens, spĕcĭosŭs, bellŭs, vĕnustŭs, perpulchĕr, hŏnestŭs; *sts.* nĭtĭdŭs.] **Crcl.** Forma –conspĭcŭŭs, conspĭcĭendŭs, egrĕgĭŭs, exĭmĭŭs, insignĭs, præstans, pulchĕr, clarŭs, præclarŭs, dotatŭs, pulcherrĭmŭs. Făcĭe spectabĭlĭs. Făcĭe (forma, spĕcĭe) –egrĕgĭa, exĭmĭa, hŏnesta, dĕcentĕ *or* dĕcenti, præstantĕ, sŭpĕrantĕ, bŏna. Pulchro *or* præstanti corpŏrĕ. Corpŏrĭs egrĕgĭi. Cui pulchrā formā (spĕcĭes, orā). Dĕcorĕ felix. Formæ dĕcorĕ (dĕcŏrĕ, munĕrĕ, hŏnorĕ) præstans *or* insignĭs. Qui *or* quæ omnes forma –vincĭt, sŭpĕrăt, &c. **Phr.** *Of the woman.* Forma pulcherrĭmā *or* dotatissĭmā. Dotĕ formæ *or* forma laudatissĭmā. ˘Ocŭlis făcĭes insĭdĭosā. Qua nullā dĕcentĭŏr. Cui formā est nulli sĕcundā. Rarā făcĭe. *Of the man.* Antĕ ăllĭos omnes pulcherrĭmŭs. Jŭvĕnum p. Quo non fŭĭt altĕr pulchrĭŏr. Quo orā gratĭŏr non fŭĭt. Cui dĕcŭs egrĕgĭum orē enĭtĕt. 2. *Beautiful* (of things). ∾ testudo. *V.* rĕcessŭs; hortŭs. *O.* Fig. 3. *Good, excellent.* ∾-ā pŏemātā. *H.* consĭlĭā. *V.* [† Egrĕgĭŭs, præstans, laudabĭlĭs, laudandŭs.] 4. *Dear, precious.* ∾ libertas. ∾-rĭmā præmĭā. *V.* [† Carŭs, prĕtĭosŭs.] 5. *Costly, splendid.* ∾-is funĕrĭbŭs ferri. *O.* [† Clarŭs, præclarŭs, egrĕgĭŭs, conspĭcĭendŭs, splendĭdŭs, magnĭfĭcŭs.] *See* DIVES. 6. *Honorable, glorious; noble.* ∾ mors. *V.* Pulchrĭŭs fŭĕrāt pĕrirĕ. *Pp.* Nasci ∾-a ŏrĭgĭnĕ. *V.* [† Dĕcorŭs, gloriosŭs, hŏnestŭs; *sts.* nobĭlĭs.] 7. *Fortunate, happy.* ∾ dĭes. *H. See* FAUSTUS, FAVENS.

PULCHRE. 1. *Beautifully.* An nŏvā consumptis surgant pallatĭā flammis Pulchrĭŭs. *St.* [† Dĕcore, spĕcĭose, belle, egrĕgĭe, bĕnĕ.] 2. *Well, very well.* ∾ dŏmĭnæ plăcŭerĕ lĭbelli. *O.* vălerĕ. *M.* munitum oppĭdum. *Pl.* nossĕ qd. *Ph.* [† Bĕnĕ, prŏbe, &c.] *See* BENE. 3. *Plainly, thoroughly, completely.* ∾ nĕgarĕ qd. *Ph.* occĭdi. *Pl.* [† Plane, omnino, prorsŭs, &c.] 4. *Prosperously, happily.* ∾ degĕrĕ ævum. *Lr.* [† Bĕnĕ, felicĭtĕr.]

PULCHRĬTUDO, ĭnĭs. *f. Beauty.* Nil ăděrăt adjumenti ad pulchrĭtudĭnem. *Ter.* [† Formā, dĕcŏr, gratĭā, vĕnustas, nĭtŏr.] **Ep.** Dĕcorā, præstans, insignĭs, egrĕgĭā, exĭmĭā; frăgĭlĭs, brĕvĭs, fluxā. **Crcl.** Formæ –dĕcŭs, dĕcŏr, hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos, gratĭā. Făcĭes (formā, spĕcĭes) –exĭmĭā, egrĕgĭā, bŏnā, hŏnestā. Dos ōrĭs. Pulchrum *or* exĭmĭum corpŭs. *See* PULCHER.

PULEIUM, *or* PULEJUM, i. *n. Pennyroyal.* Quădrimā nigri nec cŏronā puleji. *M.*

PULEX, ĭcĭs. *m. A flea; an insect feeding on plants* (*Col.*). Pullĭcĕ, vel si quid pullĭcĕ sordĭdĭŭs. *M.*

PULLATŬS, ă, um. *Dressed in mourning.* Pullati prŏcĕres differt vădĭmonĭā prætŏr. *J. See* ATRATUS.

PULLŬLO, as. 1. *To put forth buds, to sprout.* Pullŭlăt ab radice ăllĭs densissĭmā silvā. *V.* [† Germĭno, frŭtĭco, luxŭrĭo.] 2. Fig. ∾ cŏlubris. *V.* ∾-ăt nummŭs arca. *J.*

I. PULLŬS, ă, um. 1. *Black.* Seu pendent nĭvĕa pulli cervicĕ căpilli. *O. See* NIGER. 2. Sp. *Mourning*, adj. ∾-o velamĭnĕ tectŭs. *O. See* ATRATUS. 3. Used subst. n. ∾-ă dĕcent nĭvĕas. *O.* ∾-o obscurā (carbăsā). *O.*

II. PULLŬS, i. *m.* (*syn. from* Puellus). 1. *The young of any creature.* Contĭnŭo pĕcŏris gĕnĕrosi pullŭs ĭn arvis Altĭŭs ingrĕdĭtŭr (*of*

horse). *V.* Assĭdens implumĭbus ~-is ăvĭs. *H.* Pullos, ovă, cădum tĕmĕti. *H.* (= ~-os gallinacĕos, *chickens. Pl.*) [† Fetus, nidi, nati, proles, progĕnĭes.] **2.** *Used fondly for child* (my chick); and gen. *as a term of endearment. H. Pl.*

PULMENTARĬUM, ĭi. *n.* = pulmentum. Unctă cădunt laxis tunc pulmentarĭă labris. *Pers.* ~-ă quærĕrĕ sudando. *H.* condirĕ. *J.*

PULMENTUM, i. *n. That which is eaten with bread;* hence, *fish, meat, and any such food.* Cœnes ut părĭter pulmentă lăborĭbŭs emptă. *H.* [† Pulmentarĭum; *ext.* fercŭlum, dăpes.]

PULMO, onĭs. *m.* **1.** *The lungs;* hence, *the entrails.* Et fixo ferrum in pulmonĕ tĕpescĭt. *V.* [† *Ext.* Cŏr, præcordĭă, viscĕrā.] **Ep.** Mollĭs, tŭmens, tŭmĭdŭs, spirans, imŭs, tĕpens, tĕpĭdŭs; ăb ăĕrĕ pastŭs.] **Crcl.** ˘Anĭmæ –spiramentă, spiracŭlă, lătĕbræ. Pulmonĭs fibræ *or* mĕatus. **Phr.** *The action of the lungs.* Conceptă flatus spiramĭnă trăhĭt. Auras accĭpĭt reddĭtquĕ (accĭpĭt reddens). Sumptas auras reddĭt. Pĕr vĭces crebro haustu ănhelĭtŭs pellĭtŭr. **2.** *The entrails of victims. J. L. See* EXTA.

PULPĂ, æ. *f. The fleshy part of animal bodies, flesh-meat.* Et pulpam dŭbĭo de pĕtăsonĕ vŏras. *M.* [† Căro.]

PULPĬTUM, i. *n.* **1.** *The stage of a theatre;* hence, *the theatre.* Nec fŭĕrant lĭquĭdo pulpĭtă rubrā crŏco. *O.* Trăhĕrĕ pĕr pulpĭtă vestem. *H.* [† Scenă, thĕatrum.] **2.** *Any raised floor* or *platform,* or *place to speak from. H. J.*

PULS, pultĭs. *f. A kind of gruel; pottage.* Quod mĕă cum vĕtŭlo cŏllŭit puls annŭă libo. *J.*

PULSATŎR, orĭs. *m. One who strikes.* Cĭthăræ pulsatŏr ˘Apollo. *V. Fl.*

PULSO, as. *freq. of* Pello. **1.** *To strike, to beat.* Pinĭfĕrum căpŭt et vento pulsatŭr ĕt imbri. *V.* ~ terras grandĭnĕ; căpŭlo căvă tempŏrā. *O.* ostĭă. *H.* [† Verbĕro, cædo, percŭtĭo, fĕrĭo, &c.] *See* VERBERO. **2.** *To strike* (play upon) *a stringed instrument.* Nunc (cĭthăram) dĭgĭtis, nunc pectĭnĕ ~-ăt ĕburno. *V. See* CITHARA. **3.** *Used of sound.* ~-ăt sidĕrā clamŏr. *Sil.* aures ŭlŭlatŭs. *Cl.* Fig. **4.** *To shake, agitate.* Cordă păvor ~-ans. *V.* Quæ te vecordĭă ~-ăt? *O.* [† ˘Ago, impello, ăgĭto, mŏvĕo, &c.] **5.** = rĕpello. ~ pĕrĭcŭlă. *Cl. See* REPELLO.

PULSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* PELLO. **1.** *Struck, beaten.* Tympănă pulsă mănu. *O.* ~ tempŏrā ramo Cacŭs. *Pp.* **2.** *Driven into exile.* ~ sŏlĭo sceptrisquĕ păternis. *V. See* EXSUL. **3.** Fig. *Driven away.* ~ sĭtĭs flŭvĭo. *St.* cordĕ dŏlŏr. *V.* auro fĭdes. *Pp.*

PULSŬS, us. *m. A striking,* &c.; *blows.* Pulsuquĕ pĕdum trĕmĭt excĭtă tellus. *V.* Lyræ ~. *O.* [† Ictŭs, verbĕr, impulsŭs.]

PULVĔRĔŬS, ă, um. *Of dust, dusty.* Pulvĕrĕumquĕ sŏlum pĕdĕ pulsaverĕ bĭsulco. *O.* ~ nubes. *V. See* PULVERULENTUS.

PULVĔRŬLENTŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Dusty, covered with dust.* Pulvĕrŭlentŭs ĕquis fŭrĭt: omnes armă rĕquirunt. *V.* [† Pulvĕrĕŭs.] **Crcl.** Pulvĕrĕ –respersŭs, perfusŭs, fœdatŭs, turpĭs, squallĭdŭs, squalens, sordĭdŭs, atĕr. **2.** *Dry.* ~ æstas. *V.* Cĕrĕs. *Lr.* Ostĭă ~-ă văcant (Nili). *O.* [† Siccŭs, arĭdŭs.] *See* PULVIS.

PULVILLŬS, i. *m., dim. of* Pulvinus. *A little cushion. H.*

PULVINĂR, arĭs. *n.* **1.** *A pillow, a cushion.* Pulvinar făcĭli compŏsŭissĕ mănu. *O.* [† Cervicăl, culcĭtă, cŭbĭtăl; *sts.* pulvinŭs.] **Ep.** Mollĕ, tĕnĕrum, plumĕum, tŭmens, turgens, turgescens, purpŭrĕum. **2.** Ext. *A bed, marriage-bed.* Conjux sŭă pulvinarĭă servăt. *O. See* LECTUS. **3.** *A couch on which the images of the gods at times were placed.* Ornarĕ ~ dĕorum. *H.*

PULVINŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *A cushion.* Effultŭs ostro serĭcisquĕ pulvinis. *M.* Surgĕrĕ de ~-o ĕquestri. *J.* [† Pulvillŭs, culcĭtă; *sts.* pulvinăr.] **2.** Sts. *A pillow.* Collă nostrā ~-o ferendă dĕdi. *O. See* PULVINAR.

PULVIS, ĕrĭs. *m.* (*rarely f., but* arĭdă pulvĭs. *Pp.; gen.* pulvĭs. *Cat.; pl.* pulvĕrum. *H.*) **1.** *Dust, the dust of the ground; the ground.* Pulvĕrĭs exĭgŭi jactu compressă quiescent. *V.* Summo vestigĭă pulvĕrĕ signent. *V.* [† ˘Arenă; *ext.* sŏlum, terrā, &c.] **Ep.** Lĕvĭs, tĕnŭĭs, vŏlans, crassŭs, ŏpacŭs, atĕr, nĭgĕr, nĭgrans, cæcŭs, obscurŭs, sordĭdŭs, turpĭs, immundŭs. **Crcl.** Pulvĕrĭs –turbo, glŏbŭs, nubes, nĕbŭlă, nubes vŏlans. Pulvĕrĕŭs turbo. Pulvĕrĕă nubes. Turbĭnĕ collectŭs pulvĭs. Commoto pulvĕrĕ nubes. Nimbŭs ărenæ glŏmĕratŭs. Glŏmĕrată nĭgro pulvĕrĕ nubes. Pulvĭs caligĭnĕ cæca; p. c. turbĭdŭs. **Phr.** 1. *Of a great cloud of dust.* Campŭs cæro pulvĕrĕ miscetŭr. Fumantes pulvĕrĕ campi. Pulvĕrĕ cœlum starĕ vĭdes. Cæcă pulvĕrĭs nubes sŭb auras erĭgĭtŭr. Densŭs ărenosa tellurĕ glŏbŭs surgĭt. **Phr.** 2. *A whirlwind and dust.* Turbo –nubem pulvĕrĭs ăgens intorquĕt;—sublatum pulvĕrĕ campum rŏtăt;—candentes ărenas torquĕt. Torquetŭr turbĭnĕ pulvis. **Phr.** 3. [Dust and ashes were thrown upon the head in token of grief; or sts. the mourner rolled in the dust in his agony. Hence—] *Signs of mourning.* Căpillos (crines, cŏmam, cănĭtĭem) pulvĕrĕ *or* ĭn pulvĕrĕ –fœdo, deformo, turpo. Canĭtĭem (vultus) fusŭs hŭmi fœdo. Cŏmam ĭn pulvĕrĕ trăho. Crines pulvĕrĕ collĭno *or* multa ărena deformo. Cĭnĭs orā spargĭt. Crines informi pulvĕrĕ squalent. **2.** *Sand for tracing figures in. Pers.* [† ˘Arenă.] **3.** *Potter's earth.* Călĭces de pulvĕrĕ nati. *M.* [† Lătum, argillă.] **4.** *Dust, powder,* &c. ~ ămomi; carbonĭs. *O.* [† Pulviscŭlŭs.] **5.** *Dryness.* Ne pulvĕrĕ victă fătiscăt (arĕă). *V. See* PULVERULENTUS, ARIDITAS. **6.** Sts. *The ashes of the dead. H. See* CINIS. **7.** *A course* or *arena for contests of any kind.* Magnæ ĭn pulvĕrĕ famæ (ĕquŭs). *O.* [† Campŭs.] Hence—**8.** Fig. *Exertion, labour, toil.* Sĭnĕ pulvĕrĕ famā. *H.*

PUMEX, ĭcĭs. *m.* (*f. Cat.*) **1.** *A pumice-stone.* Cui dŏmŭs et dulces lătĕbroso in pumĭcĕ nidi. *V.* [† Tofŭs.] **Ep.** Căvŭs, multĭcăvŭs, siccŭs, arĭdŭs, frăgĭlĭs, mordax, pendens, lĕvĭs. **2.** *Used as a polishing and smoothing stone.* Lit. and fig. Nĕc pŏlĭantŭr pumĭcĕ frontes. *O.* ~-ĭcĕ crurā tĕrĕrĕ. *O.* mundŭs (libĕr). *H.* exactus versus ĕăt. *Pp. See* PUMICO.

PUMĬCĔŬS, ă, um. *Of pumice-stone.* Et quæ pumĭcĕas versăt ăsellă mŏlas. *O.*

PUMICO, as. *To rub, smooth,* or *polish with the pumice-stone.* Pumĭcĕt, et canas tondĕăt antĕ cŏmas. *Tib.* ~ dentem. *Cat.* **Crcl.** Pumĭcĕ –pŏlĭo, tĕro, attĕro, rado.

PUMILIO (PUMILO *and* PUMILŬS. *St.*), onĭs. *m. f. A dwarf.* Parmă tĭbi scutum pumĭlĭonĭs ĕrĭt. *M.* [† Pumĭlŭs, nanŭs; *sts.* pygmæŭs.] **Crcl.** Hŏmŏ pŭsillŭs. Brĕvi corpŏrĕ.

PUNCTUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A prick;* hence, *a sting.* Punctăquĕ, lasciva quæ tĕrĕbrantŭr ăcu. *M.* ~ vŏlŭcris parvŭlæ. *Ph.* [† Punctŭs.] **2.** *A small puncture* or *hole.* [† Fŏramĕn, fĕnestrā.] **3.** *Any point, spot,* or *dot in writing. Aus.* (from the puncture on the wax by the style.) **4.** *A mathematical point; any point marked for a purpose, such as a point in dice; one serving to weight* or *measure,* &c. Fig. **5.** Punctum tempŏrĭs, *and anc.* Punctum tempŭs. *A moment of time.* Tempŏrĭs in puncto rerum sĭmŭlacrā fĕ-

rantŭr. *Lr.* Puncto dĭei. *Lr.* horæ. *H.* Pătĕfactis tempŏrĕ puncto carcĕrĭbŭs. *Lr.* [† Momentum.] *See* M. 6. *A vote given* (because anc. the votes were marked by points on wax-tablets). Lit. and fig. Omnĕ tŭlit punctum qui miscŭĭt utĭlĕ dulci. *H. See* SUFFRAGIUM.

PUNGO, Is, pŭpŭgi, punctum. 1. *To prick, to sting.* Lit. and fig. At contra pungunt sensum, lăcĕrantquĕ cŏortă. *Lr.* Mĕum illĕ pectŭs ∾-ĭt ăcŭlĕŭs. *Pl.* [† Compungo, fŏro, fŏdĭo; *fig.* vellĭco.] 2. *To pierce, penetrate.* ∾ corpŭs, pĕnĕtrarĕquĕ saxă. *Lr.* 3. Fig. *To torment, harass.* Odi ĕgŏ, quos nunquam ∾-unt suspirĭă somnos. *Pp.* [† Stĭmŭlo, crŭcĭo.]

PUNĬCĔŬS, *anc.* PŒNĬCĔŬS, ă, um. (φοινίκεος.) 1. *Of a purple red* (the dye invented by the Phœnicians). Candĭdă punĭcĕo perfundit membră crŭorĕ. *O. See* PURPUREUS. 2. Sta. *Carthaginian. O.* (*Ib.*) *See* PUNICUS.

PUNĬCŬS, ă, um. 1. *Carthaginian.* Punĭcă regnă vĭdes, Tŷrĭos, ĕt ˘Agenŏrĭs urbem. *V.* [† Pœnŭs, &c.] *See* PŒNI. 2. Punĭcum malum *or* pomum, and abs. *A pomegranate.* Punĭcă sub lento cortĭcĕ grană rŭbent. *O.* ∾-ă mală. *M.* pomă. *O.* 3. = punĭcĕŭs. *O. See* P.

PUNIO, is. *To punish.* Perjuras tunc illĕ sŏlet punirĕ pŭellas. *Pp.* [† Castigo, plecto, mulcto, ulcĭscŏr, vindĭco; ănĭmadverto *or* sævĭo (In); *sts.* punĭŏr, objurgo.] Crcl. Pœnas -sumo, posco, rĕposco, exĭgo, căpĭo, rĕpĕto, pĕto, rĕcĭpĭo, percĭpĭo, exercĕo, sancĭo, decerno, impono, irrŏgo, stătŭo (In). Supplĭcĭo *or* pœna -affĭcĭo, crŭcĭo, torquĕo, prĕmo. Pœnis exercĕo *or* cŏercĕo. Vindĭcĕ pœna mulcto. Supplĭcĭum pĕto. Crimĕn *or* scĕlŭs pœnis -ulcĭscŏr, vindĭco, castigo. Pœnas scĕlĕrum sumo. Pœnas cum sanguĭnĕ posco. ˘Ad pœnas *or* ăd supplĭcĭum rĕposco. Admissă mortĕ punĭo. Pœnam a scĕlesto sanguĭnĕ sumo *or* posco. Sătĭăt pœnă fŭrores.

PUNIŎR, iris. *pass. To be punished.* [† Castigŏr, mulctŏr, plectŏr.] Crcl. Pœnas -do, solvo, exsolvo, persolvo, lŭo, sŭbĕo, pendo, expendo, pătĭŏr, expĕrĭŏr. Supplĭcĭum (*or pl.*) -lŭo, expendo. Supplĭcĭum do. Mortĕ *or* sanguĭnĕ pœnas -do, pendo, persolvo, &c. Scĕlĕrum (crimĭnĭs, facti, mĕrĭti) -pœnas do *or* supplĭcĭă expendo. Pœna *or* supplĭcĭo -affĭcĭŏr, mulctŏr, crŭcĭŏr, torquĕŏr. Pœnis urgĕŏr *or* exercĕŏr. Pœna (mortĕ, căpĭtĕ) scĕlŭs (criminĕ, commissă) lŭo. Exĭtĭo pœnas lŭo. Explĕo sanguĭnĕ pœnas. Pro crimĭnĕ pœnas mortĕ pendo. Supplĭcĭum mĕ mănĕt. Supplĭcĭo culpă rĕcĭdĭtŭr *or* solvĭtŭr. Pœnæ -rĕlinquŏr, rĕservŏr, crŭcĭandŭs r. ˘In pœnam trăhŏr. Mĕrĭtas pœnas -fĕro, lŭo, do. *See* PŒNA.

PUPA, *or* PUPPA, æ. *f.* 1. *A young girl.* Pupam se dicit Gellĭă, quum sĭt ănŭs. *M.* [† Pŭellŭlă.] 2. *A doll.* Vĕnĕri donatæ a virginĕ pupæ. *Pers.*

PUPILLA, æ. *f. The pupil of the eye.* Et quăsĭ perterget pupillas, atque ĭtă transĭt. *Lr.* [† Pupŭlă.]

PUPILLUS, i. *m. A pupil* or *ward, a minor.* Pupilli, quos durâ prĕmit custodĭă matrum. *H.*

PUPPIS, is. *f.* 1. *The stern of a ship.* Prŏsĕquĭtur surgens a puppi ventŭs ĕuntes. *V.* Hence —2. *A ship.* Rĕfĭcĭĕrĕ lăcĕras ∾-es. *O. See* NAVIS.

PUPŬLA, æ. *f.*, *dim. of* Pupa. 1. *A dear little girl* (used as a term of endearment). 2. Us. *The pupil of the eye;* hence, *the eye.* ˘Ocŭlis quŏquĕ pupŭlă duplex Fulmĭnăt. *O.* Cum sĕmel fixæ cĭbo Intabŭĭssent pupŭlæ. *H.* [† Pupillă.] *See* OCULUS.

PUPŬLUS, i. *m.*, *dim. of* Pupus. *Varr. A little boy, favorite boy.* Deprendi mŏdŏ pupŭlum pŭellæ. *Cat.*

PURE. *Purely* (as to soil); *brightly.* Splendentis Pĕrĭo marmŏrĕ purĭŭs. *H.* Vasculă ∾ prŏpĕra atque elŭĕ. *Pl.* [† Clare, nĭtĭdĕ.] 2. *Clearly, cloudlessly.* Lit. and fig. ∾ appareré; tranquillarĕ. *H.* [† Clare.] 3. Fig. *Purely, virtuously, holily.* ∾ săcrâ pĕractâ pŭtăt. *O.* [† Sancte, pĭe, caste.]

PURGAMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *Offscouring of any kind; filth, dirt, dung.* Donĕc ăb Illăcâ plăcĭdus purgamĭnă Vestâ Detŭlĕrit &c. (In mărĕ Tybrĭs). *O.* [† Purgamentum, sordes; fimŭs, stercŭs.] 2. *An expiation, atonement.* ∾ măli; cædis. *O. See* PIAMEN.

PURGO, as. 1. *To cleanse.* Lit. and fig. Omnĭă purgăt ĕdax ignis, vĭtĭumquĕ mĕtallis Excŏquĭt. *O.* ∾ arvă ligonĭbŭs. *O.* cultello ungues. *H.* pectŏrĕ dictis. *Lr.* [† Expurgo, mundo, ablŭo, elŭo, abstergĕo *or* abstergo.] 2. *To purge, cleanse medicinally.* ∾-ŏr bilem. *H.* 3. *To cleanse . . . from; to rid, deliver . . . of.* ∾ dŏmum murĭbŭs. *Ph.* me de istac Thaĭdĕ. *Ter.* [† Libero, exĭmo, solvo.] 4. *To purify.* ∾ ăgros; ăgrestes. *Tib.* [† Pĭo, explo, elŭo.] 5. *To justify, excuse.* Purgari factum me quŏquĕ testĕ sŭum. *O.* [† Excuso, dilŭo.]

PURĬTĔR, *anc.* = pure. Me mĭsĕrum aspĭcĭtĕ, et si vitam purĭtĕr egi. *Cat.*

PURPŬRA, æ. *f.* 1. *Purple, the colour* or *dye.* Funduntur, vĭŏlæ sublucet purpŭrâ nigræ. *V.* Illis Tænărĭos părĭter trĕmĭt ignĕă fuco Purpŭrâ. *V. Fl.* [† Murex, ostrum, conchyllĭum, fucŭs, coccum; *sts.* conchă.] Ep. Tŷrĭă, Assŷrĭă, Phœnissă, Sidŏnĭă, Sarrană, rŭbens, sanguĭnĕă, ardens, fulgens, rŭtĭlă, ignĕă; nobĭlis, insignis, divĕs, prĕtĭosă, sŭperbă. Crcl. Purpŭrĕŭs (Tŷrĭŭs, Assŷrĭŭs) cŏlŏr (fucŭs, succŭs). Purpŭrĕum (Tŷrĭum, Assŷrĭum, Sidŏnĭum) -vĕnenum, ostrum, conchyllĭum; vellŭs, stamĕn. Vestis purpŭrĕă. Purpŭrĕŭs ămictŭs. Tinctă murĭcĕ lanâ. Vestis ostro (murĭcĕ, fuco, cocco) -tinctă, mădĭdă, illĭtă, perfusă, mĕdĭcată, imbută, vĭtĭată, ebrĭă, sătŭrată. Telă ostro *or* murĭcĕ măcŭlatâ. Ostri (murĭcĭs) -nĭtŏr, splendŏr. Vestis Sidŏnĭo ardorĕ fulgens. V. Tŷrĭo murĭcĕ rŭbens. Phr. Vellĕrĭă *or* purpŭrâ -Tŷrĭos rŭbores incoctâ;—Thessălĭco concharum cŏlorĕ (concha Sidŏnĭdĕ, Sidŏnĭo tabo *or* fuco, Sidŏnĭis cădis, murĭcĭbŭs Tŷrĭis (*or sing.*), ˘Agenŏrĕis ăhenis) tinctâ (sătŭratâ, rŭbentĭă). Vellĕrĭă lanæ murĭcĭbŭs Tŷrĭis (Sidŏnĭis cădis *or* ăhenis) ĭtĕratæ. Lanâ Sidŏnĭo ăheno rĕpĕtitâ. *See* PURPURATUS. 2. *The band of purple which bordered the* toga prætexta *of chief magistrates,* &c.; *any purple garment of dignity for kings,* &c. *V. O. See* PRÆTEXTA.

PURPŬRĂTŬS, ă, um. *Dressed in purple.* (Purpŭrâ.) *Cic. Pl.* [† Purpŭrĕŭs.] Crcl. Purpŭra (ostro, murĭcĕ) -tectŭs, fulgens, clarŭs, dĕcorŭs, insignis, ignĕŭs. Conspectŭs ĭn ostro. Phr. *Of one dressed in purple.* Purpŭrarum usu gaudĕt. Fulgĕt sublimis ĭn ostro. Vestes murĭcĕ sătŭratas indutŭs *or* ornatŭs, &c., incedĭt. V. Tŷrĭo subtĕmĭnĕ fulgentes indŭĭt. Quem conchyli purpŭrâ rŏsĕo cŏlorĕ tĕgĭt. Cui regĭŭs ostro hŏnŏr hŭmĕros velăt. Cui Tŷrĭo murĭcĕ lænâ ardĕt. Quem purpŭrâ ardens vestĭt. *See* PURPURA.

PURPŬRĔŬS, ă, um. 1. *Purple,* adj. Aurĕă purpŭrĕam subnectit fibŭlâ vestem. *V.* ∾ căpillŭs. *V.* tŏrŭs. *O.* [† Ostrinŭs, coccĭnĕŭs; *ext.* Tŷrĭŭs, Assŷrĭŭs, Sidŏnĭŭs.] Crcl. Ostro *or* murĭcĕ -tinctŭs, imbutŭs, illĭtŭs, fucatŭs, perfusŭs, sătŭratŭs, mădĭdŭs, fulgens, splendĭdŭs. Tŷrĭo *or* purpŭrĕo cŏlorĕ (fuco, succo) tinctŭs, &c.

See PURPURA. **2.** *Dressed in purple.* Rex ipsĕ rĕsedĭt ∾. *O.* *See* PURPURATUS. **3.** *Of the colour of purple.* ∾ narcissŭs. *V.* mĕrum; dĭes. *O.* [† Punĭcĕŭs, rŭbens, rŏsĕŭs, &c.] *See* RUBER. **4.** *Of a deep purple* or *dark hue.* Mărĕ ∾. *V.* (*from the Greek of Homer:* ἅλα πορφυρόεσσαν, πορφύρεον κῦμα, ὕδασι πορφυρέοισιν.) ∾-i fluctus. *Pp.* *See* ATER. **5.** *Brilliant, radiant, bright and beautiful* (as purpŭrā was). ∾-i ŏlores. *H.* orbes (= ŏculi). *V. Fl.* ∾ lux; ămŏr (Cŭpido). *O.* lumĕn jŭventæ; ver. *V.* Brachĭā ∾-a candĭdĭorā nĭvĕ. *O.* (*ad Liv.*)

PURUS, ă, um. **1.** *Pure, free from extraneous admixture* or *addition of any kind.* Purŭs ăb arbŏrĭbus, spectabĭlĭs undĭquĕ campŭs. *O.* ∾ tăbellā (*unwritten upon*). *O.* hastā (*of wood only*); vestis. *V.* tŏgā (*pure white*, i. e. *no purple* or *other colour*). *Ph.* ∾-æ plăttĕæ (*free of people*). *H.* ∾ nardŭs; favŭs. *Tib.* ∾-issĭmā mellā. *V.* Hence—**2.** *Clean.* ∾-æ ædes. *Pl.* [† Mundŭs, lautŭs, tersŭs, &c.] *See* M. **3.** *Limpid, clear.* ∾-o de fontĕ. *Pp.* ∾-lŏr electro amnis. *V.* [† Limpĭdŭs, clarŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, lĭquĭdŭs, &c.] *See* LIMPIDUS. **4.** *Clear, cloudless, serene* (of the sky, &c.). ∾ nox; lux. *V.* cœlum. *Tib.* sol. *H.* [† Nĭtĭdŭs, sĕrenŭs, clarŭs, &c.] *See* SERENUS. **5.** Used subst. n. Pĕr ∾-um immissŭs. *V.* *See* SUDUM. **6.** *That which is still in its natural, unadorned, simple state.* Lit. and fig. ∾ argentum (*not chased*). *J.* ∾-ă verbā. *H.* **7.** Fig. *Pure, unsullied, innocent, virtuous, chaste.* Contingĕrĕ donarĭā mănĭbŭs ∾-is. *O.* Pectŏrĕ ∾-o. Scĕlĕrĭs ∾. *H.* ∾-æ sanguĭnĭs (hastæ). *St.* ∾ tŏrŭs. *Tib.* [† Intĕmĕrātŭs, invĭŏlātŭs, intactŭs, incorruptŭs, sincerŭs, castŭs, pĭŭs, intĕgĕr, innŏcŭŭs, &c. Sĭnĕ labĕ.] *See* INNOCENS, CASTUS.

PUS, purĭs. *n.* *Diseased and offensive matter.* Lit. and fig. Proscripti Regis Rŭpĭli pus atquĕ vĕnenum. *H.*

PŬSILLUS, ă, um. **1.** *Of very small size.* Terrā mălos hŏmĭnes nunc edŭcăt atquĕ pŭsillos. *J.* [† Perparvŭs, mĭnĭmŭs.] *See* PARVUS. **2.** Fig. *Little, mean, insignificant, contemptible.* Qui bellŭs hŏmŏ est, Cottā, pŭsillŭs hŏmŏ est. *M.* Causā ∾. *O.*

PUSTŬLA, *æ. f.* **1.** *A blister, a pimple.* Lædĕrĕt et tĕnĕras pustŭlā ruptā mănus. *Tib.* [† Ampullā, pāpŭlā, ulcuscŭlum.] **Ep.** Tŭmens, tŭmĭdā, rŭbens, pallens, ignĕā, ardens. **2.** Fig. Nĭvĕum felix ∾ vincĭt ĕbŭr (de argento). *M.*

PŬTAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* *That which is pruned* or *cut off as useless*; hence, *the shell of a nut, any husk,* &c. Et dŭplĭci defensā pŭtamĭnĕ quinquĕgĕnus nux. *Aus.*

PŬTATŎR, ŏrĭs. *m.* *A pruner.* Seras pŭtatŏr horrĭdŭs rĕfert uvas. *M.* Vitis ∾. *O.* [† Frondatŏr.]

PŬTĔAL, ălis. *n.* **1.** *The marble edge of a well* or *fountain;* hence, *a well,* &c. **2.** Pŭtĕal Lĭbonis, or abs. *A fountain at Rome so called, which served as a sort of Exchange.* Qui pŭtĕal Janumquĕ tĭment, cĕlĕresquĕ cālendas. *O.*

PŬTĔALIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to a well.* Multi præcĭpĭtes lymphis pŭtĕalĭbŭs alte Incĭdĕrunt. *Lr.* ∾-ĭbŭs undis. *O.* (*Ib.*)

PUTĔO, es. *To stink.* Nocturno certarĕ mĕro, putĕrĕ diurno. *H.* *See* FŒTEO.

PŬTĔUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A well* (dug). Aut pŭtĕis manarĕ crŭor cessavĭt, ĕt altæ. *V.* **Ep.** Altŭs, prŏfundŭs, cāvŭs, hĭans, jugis, pĕrennis. **2.** *A pit; a trench for plants.* Alte jŭbebĭs ∾-um demitti (*to be sunk*). *V.* *See* SCROBS.

PUTĬDŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Putidus. Altĕrā rĭdĭcŭla est, altĕrā putĭdŭlā. *M.*

PUTĬDUS, ă, um. **1.** *Stinking, rank.* Putĭdŭs est, tŏtĭes si mĭhĭ ponis ăprum. *M.* [† Rancĭdus, fœtĭdŭs, &c.] *See* FŒTIDUS. **2.** *Used of any thing in a state of decay;* hence, *gone, turned, bad, rotten.* *See* PUTRIS. **3.** Fig. *Old, gone by, good for nothing, worthless; disagreeable.* ∾ cĕrĕbrum Pĕrilli. *H.* Quorsum hæc tam ∾-ă tendant? *H.*

PŬTO, as. (Pŭtŏ, in the sense of *thinking, supposing,* &c., with two other verbs, scĭŏ, nescĭŏ, has the *o* short. It is, however, found long in *Cat.* 15, 13.) **1.** *To prune.* Curvo Saturni dentĕ rĕlictam Persĕquĭtur vitem attondens, fingitquĕ pŭtando. *V.* [† Tondĕo, attondĕo, cædo, decido, rĕcido, rĕsĕco, ampŭto, cerpo, purgo, prĕmo.] **Crcl.** Falcĕ prĕmo. Ramos ampŭto. Luxŭriem ramorum *or* fŏllorum compesco. **Phr.** Vĕtĕres *or* Inutĭles ramos (rurĭs ŏpaci umbras, nĭmĭas umbras, cŏmas ĕt brachĭā, nĕmŭs vivasquĕ frondes, vĭrĭdem cŏmam, vites nŏvellas) falcĕ (f. Saturnĭa, ferro) decido (incido, rĕcido, prĕmo, depŭto, ampŭto). Hence—**2.** *To adjust, arrange;* and so, *to settle an account, to count, reckon.* Postquam rem cŏmedĭt, rātĭonem ∾-ăt. *Pl.* Rem ipsam ∾-cmŭs. *Ter.* [† Compŭto, depŭto, dinŭmĕro, exĭgo, nŭmĕro, &c.] *See* NUMERO. **3.** *To estimate, value.* Tanti ∾-ăt connubĭā nostrā. *O.* *See* ÆSTIMO. **4.** *To meditate upon, weigh, take into consideration.* ∾ multā sŭo tristi cum cordĕ. *V.* [† Rĕpŭto, cogĭto, volvo, ăgĭto, &c.] **5.** *To suppose, believe, think, consider* (draw some conclusion from previous calculation). Aut vĭdĕt aut vidissĕ ∾-ăt. *V.* Starĕ ∾-es: ădĕo procedunt corpŏrā tarde. *O.* [† Arbĭtrŏr, ŏpinŏr, existĭmo, credo, judĭco, censĕo, sentĭo, rĕŏr, suspĭcŏr, conjĭcĭo; *sts.* vĭdĕŏr.] **Crcl.** Mĭhĭ vĭdetŭr *or* fingo. ~In ănĭmum induco. Persuasum hăbĕo. Mĭhĭ persuasum est.

PŬTRĔFĂCIO, ĭs. *Pl.*, *and* PŬTRĔFIO, actŭs sum, fĭĕri. *p.* *To rot, become rotten.* Et tămĕn hæc quum sint quăsĭ putrefactā pĕr imbres. *Lr.* Sunt qui, quum clauso pŭtrĕfacta est spinā sĕpulcro. *O.* *See* PUTRESCO, PUTRIS.

PŬTRESCO, ĭs, trŭi. *To putrefy, to rot.* Non ălĭs quam qua Byzantĭā putrŭĭt orcā. *H.* Putrescăt In arca (vestĭs). *H.* [† Tabesco, lĭquesco, corrumpŏr, vĭtĭŏr.] **Crcl.** Pŭtrĭs *or* pŭtrĭdŭs fio. **Phr.** *Of bodies putrefying.* Omnĭā (ossā, membrā) morbo collapsā ĭn se flŭĭdŭs lĭquŏr trăhĭt. Cādavĕrā turpi *or* putri tabo delapsā (lĭquĕfactā, lĭquentĭā). *See* TABES.

PŬTRĬDUS, ă, um. *Putrid, stinking, rotten, old, gone to decay.* Putrĭdā multĭvăgis pŏpŭlatus flatĭbŭs antrā. *Cl.* ∾-ă pectŏrā. *Col.* ∾-æ tramæ. *Pl.* *See* PUTRIS.

PŬTRIS, *and* PUTRIS, ĕ. **1.** *Putrid, decayed, rotten.* Putrĭs ĕt in vacŭa navis rĕquĭescĭt ărena. *Pp.* (*See* **2.**) Examĭnā ∾-i de bŏvĕ. *O.* ∾-i halecĕ nātantes (cæpæ). *M.* [† Pŭtrĭdŭs, putĭdŭs, pŭtrescens, pŭtrĕfactŭs, corruptŭs, lĭquĕfactŭs, tabĭdŭs, tabescens, vĭtĭatŭs, cărĭosŭs, vĕtŭs.] *See* PUTRESCO. **2.** *Loose, broken up, giving way, crumbling* (into dust or from a frozen state). Quadrŭpĕdantĕ pŭtrem sŏnĭtu quătĭt ungŭlā campum. *V.* ∾ Zĕphyro se glebā rĕsolvĭt. *V.* ăb æstu tellus (*oppos. to* lentā gĕlu). *Pp.* solĕ ĕt pulvĕrĕ (tellus). *St.* ∾-es cĭnĕres. *St.* [† Pulvĕrŭlentŭs.] *See* ARIDUS. **3.** Fig. *Withered, decayed; languishing, dying.* Mammæ ∾-es. *H.* ~Anĭmam ∾-em exspirarĕ. *Pp.* Deponĕrĕ ŏcŭlos ∾-es in qm. *H.*

PŬTRŎR, ŏrĭs. *m.* *Rottenness.* Terram Intempestivos quum putror cepĭt ŏb imbres. *Lr.* [† *Sts.* Tabo (*abl.*).]

PYCTĂ, *and* PYCTES, æ. *m.* (πύκτης.) *A pugilist.*

Victori laudem cuidam pyctæ ut scribĕrĕt. *Pl.* *See* ATHLETA.

PYGĂ, *or* PUGĂ, æ. *f.* *The fundament, the buttocks.* Ne nummi pĕrĕant, aut pygæ, aut denĭquĕ fāmă. *H.*

PYGARGŬS, i. *m.* *A kind of wild goat.* Sumĭnĕ cum magno lĕpŭs, atque ăpĕr, et pygargŭs. *J.*

PYGMÆI, orum. *m. pl.*, *and* PYGMÆŬS, ă, um. *The Pygmies, said to be a race of dwarfs in Ethiopia. C. D.* Used also adj. Lit. and fig. Pygmæus parvis currit bellātŏr ĭn armis. *J.* Nec quæ Pygmæo sanguĭnĕ gaudĕt, ăvem. *O.* ∾ virgo. *J.*

PYGMĀLION, onĭs. *m.* I. *A king of Tyre, brother of Dido.* Pygmălĭon, scĕlĕre ante ălĭos immanĭŏr omnes. *V.* II. *The grandson of Agenor, who fell in love with an ivory statue which he had made. O.*

PYGMĀLIONEŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pygmalion; Tyrian, Carthaginian.* Pygmălĭoneam tentarem expromĕrĕ gentem. *Sil.*

PŸLĂDES, æ. *m.* *Pylades, the friend of Orestes. C. D.* Narratur Pŷlăden ipsĕ prŏbassĕ Thŏas. *O.* Ep. Æmŏnĭdes, Phocæŭs, Thessălŭs, fīdelĭs. Crcl. Strŏphĭo natŭs. Fidŭs ˘Orestæ sŏdalĭs *or* ămicŭs. *See* ORESTES, AMICITIA.

PŸLĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Pylos;* hence, *to Nestor.* Æquarunt Pŷlĭos quum tŭă fată dies. *O.* Pŷlĭi ăgri. *O.*

PŸLŎS, *or* PŸLŬS, i. *f.* *A town of Messenia, the birth-place of Nestor.* Nos Pŷlŏn, antiqui Nelĕĭă Nestŏrĭs arvă Mĭsĭmŭs. *O.*

PŸRĂ, æ. *f.* *A funeral pile.* Des tŭă succensæ membrā crĕmandă pŷræ. *O.* [? Rŏgŭs.] *See* R.

PYRĂMIS, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *A pyramid.* Surgĭt, ĕt ipsă sŭas consumit pyrămĭs umbras. *Aus.* [? ˘Obĕliscŭs, conŭs.] 2. Us. pl. *The pyramids of Egypt.* Regalĭquĕ sĭtu Pyrămĭdum altĭŭs. *H.* Ep. Ægyptĭă, Phărĭă, Memphitĭcă; altă, ardŭă, celsă, ăĕrĭă, sublimis, sŭperbă, noblĭis, regĭă. Crcl. Pyrămĭdum –saxă, moles, tŭmŭli, miracŭlă, ŏpŭs. Phărĭi hŏnores. Pyrămĭdum –regĭă miracŭlă;—audacĭă saxă;—sumptus ducti ăd sidĕrā. Pyrămĭdes ausæ cœlum attingĕrĕ. *See* MAUSOLEUM.

PYRENÆŬS (*or* PŸRENÆŬS) MONS; *sts. used substantively*, m. 1. *The Pyrenees.* Et Pyrenæi frondosā căcumĭnā montis. *Sil.* Addĭtŭr impĕrĭis Hispanĭă, Pyrenæum Transĭlĭt. *J.* [? Pŷrene.] *See* MONS. 2. Pyrenæŭs, ă, um, *and* Pŷrenăĭcŭs, ă, um. *Aus.* *Of* or *belonging to the Pyrenees.* ∾-i jŭvenci. *Cl.* Jamquĕ ∾-æ, quas nunquam solvĕrĕ Titan Evălŭit, flexerĕ nĭves. *L.*

PYRENE, *and* PŸRENE, es. *f.* *The Pyrenees.* Alpis Nubĭfĕræ pŏpŭlos, atque aĕrĭăm Pyrenen. *L.* Non sĭnĕ me tĭbĭ partŭs hŏnos: Tarbellā Pŷrĕne Testis. *Tib.* *Aus.*

PŸRETHRUM, i. *n.* *Spanish chamomile* or *pellitory.* Trităque ĭn annoso flavă pŷrethrā mĕro. *O.*

PŸROPŬS, i. *m.* *A mixture of brass and gold.* Clarā mĭcante auro, flammasque ĭmĭtantĕ pŷropo. *O.*

PYRRHŬS, i. *m.* (Πύῤῥος.) I. *The son of Achilles, also called Neoptolemus. C. D.* Pyrrhŭs ˘Achillides, ănĭmosŭs Imagĭnĕ patrĭs. *O.* [? Nĕoptŏlĕmŭs, ˘Achillides, Æăcĭdes.] Crcl. Scyrĭŭs heros *or* jŭvĕnis. II. *The king of Epirus, famous for his war with the Romans.* [? Æăcĭdes.]

PYTHĂGŎRAS, æ. *m.* *The celebrated philosopher of Samos. C. D.* Pythăgŏran ˘Anŷtiquĕ rĕum, doctumquĕ Plătonā. *H.* Ep. Sāmĭŭs, divinŭs, grăvis, săpĭens, doctŭs. Crcl. Sāmĭæ tellurĭs ălumnŭs. Sāmĭŭs –vĭr, sĕnex, sŏphŭs.

PYTHĂGŎREŬS, ă, um. *Of Pythagoras, Pythagorean.* Quo promissă cădant et somnĭă Pythăgŏreā. *H.*

I. PYTHĬA, æ. *f.* *The Pythian, the priestess of Apollo.* Pythĭă, quæ trĭpŏde ex Phœbi lauroquĕ prŏfatŭr. *Lr.* [? Phœbās, Delphĭs.] Crcl. Phœbi (˘Apollĭnis) –săcerdos, antistĭtă. *See* DELPHI.

II. PYTHĬA, orum. *n. pl.* *The Pythian games. C. D.* Pythĭă de dŏmĭtæ serpentis nomĭnĕ dictos (ludos). *O.* Crcl. Phœbi (˘Apollĭnis) –ludi, săcrā, festā.

PYTHĬUS, ĭi. *m.* 1. *A name of Apollo* (abs. or with deus), *in memory of his victory over the serpent Python.* (Deinde dĕŭs ipsc) Pythĭŭs in longa carmĭnā vestĕ sŏnăt. *Pp.* Et qui tĭbĭ, Pythĭĕ &c. *St.* 2. Pythĭŭs, ă, um. ∾-ă antrā. *L.* regnā. *Pp.* [? Delphĭcŭs.]

PYTHO, us. *f.* *The ancient name of Delphi and the country about.* Delŏs ŭbi nunc, Phœbĕ, tŭa est? ŭbĭ Delphĭcă Pytho? *Tib.* *See* DELPHI.

PYTHON, onis. *m.* *The famous serpent slain by Apollo. C. D.* Stravĭmŭs innŭmĕris tŭmĭdum Pythonā săgittis. *O.* Ep. Deucălĭoneŭs, tŭmens, immanis, sævŭs.

PYTISMĂ, ătis. *n.* *That which is spit out, spittle* or *spit.* Qui Lăcĕdæmŏnĭum pytismătĕ lubrĭcăt orbem. *J.* *See* SPUTUM.

PYXIS, ĭdis. *f.* *A small box* (for perfumes, medicines, &c.). Pyxĭdăs invĕnĭes, et centum millĕ cŏlores. *O.*

Q.

I. QUĂ. *f.* *and pl.* *n.* *of* Qui. Tu ne quă pĕrentĭs Jussă tĭme. *V.*

II. QUA. *abl.* *f.* *of* Qui. 1. *Where, in which place.* Quaque est difficĭlis, quaque est vĭă nullă, sĕquuntŭr. *V.* 2. *How, by what means.* Qua făcĕre id possis, nostram nunc accĭpĕ mentem. *V.* *See* QUOMODO. 3. With si = *By any means.* 4. Qua . . . qua. *Both . . . and; partly . . . partly.* [? Hinc . . . illinc.]

QUACUMQUĔ, *or* QUACUNQUĔ. 1. *Wherever, in whatever direction.* Sic Turno, quacunquĕ vĭam sĕcăt, agmĭnā cedunt. *V.* 2. *By* or *in whatever way.* Quacunquĕ nŏvas incidĕrĕ lites. *V.*

QUADAMTĔNUS, *or* QUADANTĔNUS. *Up to a certain point.* Est quadam prodirĕ tĕnus, si non dătŭr ultra. *H.*

QUADRA (*and perhaps* quădrā, and so in the compounds, except quădrigæ and quădrŭpes), æ. *f.* 1. *A small square piece; a small square cake* or *slice of bread*, &c. Fatalis crustī, pătŭlis nec parcĕrĕ quadris. *V.* ∾ plăcentæ. *M.* 2. Gen. *A quarter of any thing.* ∾ casĕi. *M.* 3. Fig. ˘Alĭena ∾-a vivĕrĕ (*to live at another person's table* or *expense*). *J.*

QUADRAGINTA. *indecl.* *Forty.* Triginta jugĕrā prati, Quadraginta arvi; cetĕrā sunt mărĭă. *Cat.* [? Quadrageni, æ, ă.] Crcl. Quăter deni. Bis viceni.

QUADRANS, tis. *m.* 1. *A coin, the fourth part of an as*; '*a farthing.*' Angl. Nam si Piĕrĭa quadrans tĭbĭ nullŭs ĭn arca. *J.* 2. *A weight, a quarter of a pound.* Mittebas libram: quadrantem, Garrĭcĕ, mittis. *M.* 3. Gen. *The fourth part* or *quarter of any thing.*

QUADRATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* QUADRO. *Squared, square.* Dirŭĭt, ædĭfĭcat, mutat quadratā rŏtundis. *H.* ∾-æ turres urbis. *Lr.* ∾ agmĕn (*formed in a square*). *Tib.*

QUADRIFIDŬS, ă, um. *Cleft in four;* fig. *fourfold.* Quadrĭfĭdasquĕ sŭdes, ĕt ăcuto robŏrĕ vallos. *V.* ∾ lăbŏr. *Cl.*

QUĂDRIGÆ, *sts.* QUADRIGÆ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *A team of four horses, a carriage and four.* Ut quum carcĕrĭbus sese effuderĕ quădrigæ. *V.* Quadrigis pĕtĭmus bĕnĕ vivĕrĕ: quod pĕtĭs, hic est. *H.* [† Quadrĭjŭges, quadrĭjŭgi.] Crcl. Quadrĭjŭgŭs currŭs. Quadrĭjŭgi *or* quadrĭjŭges ĕqui *or* currus. *See* CURRUS. 2. *The four horses. V.* 3. Sts. sing. Amphĭăraeæ nil possunt fătă quădrigæ. *Pp.* and *M.*

QUARĬJŬGES, um, *and* QUADRĬJŬGI, orum. *m. pl. O.* 1. *A yoke of four horses, a team of four horses breast and breast.* Quadrĭjŭges ĭn ĕquos, adversăque pectŏră tendĭt. *V. See* QUADRIGÆ. 2. Quadrĭjŭgŭs, ă, um. *Drawn by four horses,* or *four-horse; yoked four together.* ∾-os ăgĭtarĕ currus ăd &c. *V.* ∾-i ĕqui &c. *O.*

QUADRIMŬS, ă, um. *Four years old.* Depromĕ quadrimum Săbina, O Thăllarchē, mĕrum dĭota. *H.*

QUADRINGENTI, æ, ă. *Four hundred.* Quam non sensuro dărĕ quadringentă căballo. *M.* ∾-os fillĭos hăbĕt. *Pl.*

QUADRĬVĬUM, ĭi. *n. A place where four roads meet.* Nunc in quadrĭvĭis ĕt angĭportis. *Cat. See* TRIVIUM.

QUADRO, as. 1. *To make square;* fig. *to complete.* Tertĭă succedant, et quæ pars quadrĕt ăcervum. *H.* 2. Intr. *To square to any thing, to fit, suit, answer.* Arbŏrĭbus pŏsĭtis secto vĭă limĭtĕ quadrĕt. *V. See* CONVENIO.

QUADRŬPĔDANS, tĭs. 1. *Of four feet; four-footed.* Quadrŭpĕdantĕ pŭtrem sŏnĭtu quătĭt ungŭlă campum. *V.* 2. Subst. m. *A horse. V. See* QUADRUPES.

QUĂDRŬPES, *or* QUADRŬPES, ĕdĭs. *m. f.* 1. *Having four feet, four-footed.* Denĭque vi magna quădrŭpes ĕquĕs atque ĕlĕphanti. *Enn.* (*apud Gell.*) Quădrŭpĕdes cursus (sc. cursus ĕquorum). *O.* 2. Subst. m. f. *A four-footed animal;* us. *a horse* or *beast of burden.* Tollit se arrectum quădrŭpes. *V.* Quadrŭpĕdes, et frenă jŭgo concordĭă ferrĕ. *V. See* EQUUS.

QUADRŬPLEX, ĭcĭs. *Quadruple;* hence, *four-fold.* Præter quadrŭplĭces stellas in frontĕ lŏcatas. *Cic. Arat.*

QUÆRĬTO, as. *freq. of* Quæro. Pĕresŭs Essem te mi ănicĕ quærĭtando. *Cat.*

QUÆRO, ĭs, sivi *or* ĭi, situm. 1. *To seek, to search.* Quæsivit cœlo lucem, ingĕmŭĭtquĕ rĕperta. *V.* [† Inquiro, perquiro, rĕquiro, exquiro, scrutŏr, perscrutŏr, vestigo, investigo, indago, circumspĭcĭo, rimŏr.] Crcl. ˘Ocŭlis –quæro, vestigo. Lustrans vestigo. 2. *To seek to get, to get by seeking, to procure.* Quidquĭd quæsĭĕrat, ventri donabăt. *H.* Sanguĭnĕ ∾-endi rĕdĭtus. *V.* [† Păro, compăro, acquiro, &c.] *See* ACQUIRO. 3. With inf. *To seek,* i. e. *desire, endeavour after.* ∾-ens invisam lucem abrumpĕrĕ. *V.* Vestis bŏnă ∾-ĭt hăberi. *O.* [† Curo, stŭdĕo, cŭpĭo, vŏlo.] 4. *To ask, seek to be informed on any point.* ∾ vană. *V.* ăllquŏd verbum; lŏcum. *O.* Quærĭtĭs, Ægisthŭs quare &c. *O.* [† Exquiro, rŏgo, interrŏgo, &c.] *See* INTERROGO.

QUÆSITŎR, orĭs. *m. An examiner; inquisitor, judge in criminal matters.* Quæsitor Minos urnam mŏvĕt; illĕ sĭlentum &c. *V.*

QUÆSITŬS, ă, um. *part. See* QUÆRO. 1. *Sought after, searched for.* Marsis quæsitæ montĭbŭs herbæ. *V.* ∾-æ artes. *V.* 2. Used subst. n. *Gain, gains* (as the result of effort made for it). Attentŭs ∾-is. *H.* ˘In mĕdĭum ∾-ă rĕponunt. *V.* ∾-i tĕnax. *O.* [† Partum, partă.] 3. *A question.* Accĭpĕ ∾-i causam. *O.*

QUÆSO, ŭmŭs. *verb defect. To ask, beg, entreat;* used also almost interjectionally, *let me ask you, pr'ythee, 'pray.'* Arcădĭ, quæso, misĕrescĭtĕ regis. *V.* Talĭă quæso. *V.* Non ardŭă regnis tĭis quæsŭmŭs. *Sil.* [† Oro, prĕcŏr, obtestŏr, rŏgo, &c.] *See* PRECOR. [Quæso only is found in the best writers. Quæsĭt. *Lr.* Quæsĕrĕ. *Pl.* Quæsens. *Enn.*]

QUÆSTIO, onĭs. *f.* 1. *A judicial examination; question by torture. Pl.* 2. *A question for discussion in philosophy, a subject for debate.* Nec quæstĭonis pŏsĭtæ causam intellĭgĭt. *Ph.*

QUÆSTŎR, orĭs. *m. A Roman magistrate, who had to do with the public revenues. C. D.* Quæstŏr ăvus, pătĕr atquĕ mĕus, pătrŭusvĕ fŭisset. *H.*

QUÆSTŬS, us. *m. A lucrative business* or *profession; gain, profit.* Lit. and fig. Auctumnusquĕ grăvis, Lĭbĭtinæ quæstŭs ăcerbæ. *H.* [† Lŭcrum.]

QUALĬBĔT. *adv.* 1. *Any how, any where.* Strictŏ qualĭbĕt onsĕ rŭĭt. *O.* ˘Eat tutusquĕ săcerquĕ ∾. *Tib.* 2. *Every possible way.* Qualĭbĕt esĕ notŭs optas. *Cat.*

QUALĬS, ĕ. 1. *What, of what sort* or *manner.* O qualis făcĭes et quali dignă tăbella! *J.* [† Quis; *sts.* quantŭs.] 2. *Such as, as* (freq. in connexion with talis in the preceding or following sentence). Qualis ĕram, quum primum ăcĭem stravi. *V.* Talis ĕrĭt ∾ fortună pŏetæ. *O.* [† Qui; *sts.* ăc, atquĕ.] 3. Used as a formula of comparison = qualitĕr. *Just as, so as.* Qualis popŭlăa mœrens philŏmelă sub umbra. *V.*

QUALISCUMQUĔ, *or* QUALISCUNQUĔ, ĕcunquĕ. *Of what kind soever.* Commendet dulci qualĭscunquĕ sŏno. *O.* Qualĭs ĕnim cunquĕ est. *O.* [† Quicunquĕ, quilĭbĕt.]

QUALITĔR. 1. *How, after what manner.* Qualĭtĕr o vivam! quam large, quamquĕ bĕăte! *M. See* QUOMODO. 2. *Just as, as.* Qualĭtĕr ĭn thălămos Sĕmirămis issĕ dicĭtŭr. *O.* [† ˘Ut, vĕlŭt, vĕlŭti.] *See* UT.

QUALUM, i. *n.* = qualŭs.

QUALŬS, i. *m. A wicker basket.* Tu spisso vimĭnĕ qualos, Colăquĕ prælorûm fumosis derĭpĕ tectis. *V. See* CALATHUS.

QUAM. *conj.* 1. *As* (answering to tam, expressed or understood, in comparisons); *than* (after comparatives). Tam ficti praviquĕ tĕnax quam nuntĭă veri. *V.* Ni mĕllus dormirĕ pŭtem quam scribĕrĕ versus. *H.* Armă plus quam civilĭă. *L.* [† Ac, atquĕ.] 2. *How, how much* (in exclamations), &c. Quam divĕs pĕcŏrĭs! *V.* O quam sæpĕ &c.! *O.* [† ˘Ut.] 3. *As much as; as . . . as* (*e. g.* as long as, as easily as). ˘Ea noctĕ, quam longă est (= totam noctem). *V.* Quam făcĭlĕ accĭpĭtĕr con-ĕquĭtŭr cŏlumbam. *V.* [† Quantum, ŭt.] 4. With possum. *As far as I can, as much as I am able,* &c. Quam quisquĕ pŏtest, mălă nostră lĕvatĕ. *O. See* POSSUM. 5. Sts. with a positive, may be rendered *Very,* &c., the meaning being (elliptically) *as much so as possible.* ˘Odŏr insĭnŭatŭr quam făcĭlĕ in cĕrĕbrum. *Lr.* Flens, quam fămĭlĭărĭtĕr. *Ter.* Jurabăt quam sancte. *Ter.* [† Valde, multum.] 6. With a superl. *In the greatest possible degree so.* 7. Used for quanto with magis. Quam măgĭs effusæ crudescunt sanguĭnĕ pugnæ. *V. See* MAGIS.

QUAMDĬU, *or* QUANDĬU. *adv.* 1. *As long as.* Lasso cĭlenti: quamdĭu sălutatŏr &c. *M. See* DONEC. 2. *How long; how long a time! Pl.* [† Quamdudum.]

QUAMLĬBĔT. *adv. At pleasure;* hence, *how much soever, ever so.* Quamlĭbĕt immani projectu corpŏrĭs exstĕt. *Lr.* ∾ infirmæ mănus; antĕ egressas naves (*how far soever gone*). *O.*

QUAMPRIMUM, *or* QUAM PRIMUM. *adv. As soon*

as possible. Invisam quærens quamprimum abrumperē lucem. *V.* *See* PROTINUS.

QUAMQUAM. *See* QUANQUAM.

QUAMVIS. 1. *Although.* Quamvis Elȳsĭos miretur Græcĭā campos. *V.* [¶ Quanquam, etsi, licĕt, licebĭt, ŭt; *sts.* si.] 2. *Ever so, never so.* Esto ~ sævŭs ĕt indŏmĭtŭs. *Cat.* [¶ Quantumvis.]

QUANDO. (QUANDŌ. *M. St. Sen.*) 1. *When?* O rus, quando ĕgō te adspĭcĭam? quandoquē lĭcebĭt &c. *H.* 2. *When* (at the time that, &c.). ~ afflatā est dĕi numĭnĕ. *V.* [¶ Quum, ŭbĭ, ŭt, &c.] *See* QUUM. 3. *Since.* ~ paupĕrĭem horres. *H.* [¶ Quandŏquĭdem, quum, quŏnĭam, ŭt.] 4. Si quando. *If at any time, if ever, whenever.* Agrĭcŏlam si ~ contĭnĕt imbĕr. *V.* Nunc mĭhĭ, si ~, fāvetē. *O.*

QUANDOCUMQUĒ, *or* QUANDOCUNQUĒ, *and* QUANDOQUĒ. 1. Conj. *Whensoever, whenever.* Quandocunquē ĭgĭtur nostros nox claudĕt ŏcellos. *Pp.* Quandoquē pŏtentĭŏr Largis munĕrĭbus risĕrĭt æmŭli. *H.* [¶ Quando, &c.] *See* QUUM. 2. Adv. *At some time* or *other.* Quandocunquē mĭhĭ pœnas dăbĭs. *O.* Fœdĭŭs ălĭquĭd quandoquē audebĭs. *J.* [¶ ˘Alĭquando, interdum, olim.]

QUANDŌQUĪDEM. *Since.* Dicĭtē, quandŏquĭdem in molli consedĭmŭs herba. *V.* [¶ Quando, quum, ŭt.]

QUANQUAM. 1. *Although.* Quanquam ănĭmus mĕmĭnisse horrĕt, luctuquē rĕfugĭt. *V.* *See* QUAMVIS. 2. Used parenthetically. *And yet, but yet, however.* Quanquam o! . . . Sĕd sŭpĕrent &c. *V.*

QUANTO. *adr.* 1. *By how much* (often in connexion with tanto; and they may be rendered. when thus together, the more . . . the more). Sed quanto illē măgis formas se vertĕt ĭn omnes, Tanto, natē, măgĭs, &c. *V.* [¶ Quo; *sts.* quam.] 2. *How much!* ~ mĕlĭŏrā! *H.* felicĭŏr! *J.* [¶ ˘Ŭt.]

QUANTŬLUS, ă, um. *How little* (in size or quantity); hence, *how little in importance.* Quantŭlum ĕnim summæ curtabit quisquē dĭerum! *H.* Mors solā fātetŭr Quantŭlā sint hŏmĭnum corpuscŭlā. *J.*

QUANTŬLUSCUNQUĒ, ă, um. *How little soever.* Pars ĕgō sim census quantŭlăcunquē tŭi. *O.*

QUANTUM. *As, as much as, in proportion as.* Et quantum a summis, tantum secessĭt ăb imis Terrā. *O.* [¶ Quam.]

QUANTUMVIS. *As much as you please; although.* Post hæc ilĭē cātus, quantumvis rustĭcŭs. *H.* [¶ Quantumlĭbĕt; quamvis.] *See* Q.

QUANTUS, ă, um. 1. *How great!* Quantas ostentant, adsplĕ, vires! *V.* [¶ Quĭs, quallis.] Crol. Quam magnŭs. 2. *As, as great as, such as* (connected with tantus, expressed or understood). Tantŭs ămŏr nobis, ~ ĭn Æăcĭdē &c. *O.* ~ ˘Athos; ăb occasu vĕnĭens imbĕr. *V.* 3. N. with gen. *How much of* (interjectionally); *whatever there is of, all of.* ~-um pĕlăgi. *L.* perfĭdiæ. *O.* ~ est hŏmĭnum vĕnustĭorum. *Cat.* 4. ˘In quantum. *So much as, so far as, in the degree* or *proportion that.* ˘In ~-um -quæquē sĕcutā est. *O.* sĭtĭs atquē fāmes poscunt. *J.* 5. *Used for length.* ~-ă fŭlt nox. *O.* 6. Pl. *Used for number* (= quot). Curarum millĭā ~-ă dăbĭt! *Pp.* ~-os pŏposci annos. *St.*

QUANTUSCUNQUĒ, ăcunquē, &c. 1. *However great.* 2. N. used adv. *However much,* &c. Quantumcunquē præconĭā nostrā vălebunt. *O.*

QUANTUSLĪBĒT, ălĭbĕt, &c. *However great you please, however.* Quantolĭbĕt ordĭnĕ dignŭs. *O.* Gloriā quantălĭbĕt quĭd ĕrĭt? *J.* [¶ Quantusvis, quantuscunquē.]

QUANTUSVIS, ăvis, &c. = quantuslĭbĕt. *Lr.*

QUAPROPTĒR. 1. *For what reason, why. Ter.* [¶ Quare, cur.] 2. *For which reason, on which account.* Quapropter sĭmŭl inter se rĕtrăhuntŭr, ĕt extra. *Lr.* [¶ Quare, ergo, &c.]

QUAQUAM. *In any direction, any way, any where.* Nĕque omnino quaquam diversā mĕarē. *Lr.*

QUARE. 1. *Wherefore, why.* Et si quis quærat quare pugnarē rĕcuses. *O.* *See* CUR. 2. *Wherefore, for which reason.* ~ ăgĭtē, o jŭvĕnes. *V.* [¶ Quapropter, ergo, &c.] *See* ERGO.

QUARTANĀ, æ. *f.* (sc. febris,) or used adj. with febris. *A quartan ague.* Frigidā si pŭĕrum quartanā rĕlĭquĕrĭt, illo &c. *H.* *See* FEBRIS.

QUARTO, *and* QUARTUM (*as adv.*). *The fourth time.* Ter conatā lŏqui, ter destĭtĭt; ausĭquē quarto. *O.*

QUARTUS, ă, um. 1. *The fourth.* Pilumnusque illi quartus pătĕr. *V.* 2. ˘Ad quartum (sc. lăpĭdem, millĭarĭum). *At the fourth mile-stone, at the fourth mile.* *M.*

QUASI. *As if, as it were; as, just as.* Et quăsĭ sentirent, blando clamorē nĕpotes &c. *V.* ~ naufrăgĭis magnis cŏortis. *Lr.* cum vero numĭnĕ lŏqui. *O.* [¶ Tanquam, vĕlŭt, vĕlŭtĭ, &c.; tanquam, ŭt, vĕlŭt, &c.] *See* TANQUAM. [The last syllable is found long in *Lr.* ii. 291, v. 728.]

QUASILLUM, i. *n.*, *and* QUASILLUS, i. *m.* *A small wicker-basket.* Si tĭbĭ curā tŏga est pŏtĭor, presumquē quăsillo &c. *Tib.* *See* CALATHUS.

QUASSABĪLIS, ĕ. *That can be shaken.* Sed munimĕn hăbet nullo quassabĭlē ferro. *L.*

QUASSO, as. *freq. of* Quatio. *To shake, shake violently, brandish.* ~ căpŭt; pinum. *V.* Quassandā est hastā mănu. *O.*

QUATĒNUS. 1. *As far as, so far as.* Quatēnŭs imā pĕtit, volvens ălĭena, vĭtellŭs. *H.* 2. *Seeing that, since.* ~ non est ĭn conjŭgē felix. *O.* [¶ Quŏnĭam, quando, quum.]

QUATĒR. *undecl.* *Four times.* Substĭtĭt, atque ŭtĕro sŏnĭtum quăter armā dĕderē. *V.*

QUATERNUS, ă, um, *us.* QUATERNI, æ, ă. *Four* (distrib.—four at once; four at a time or together), *four.* Gens illi triplex, pŏpŭli sub gentē quăterni. *V.* Trĭbŭs lectis vĭdēas ~-os cœnarē. *H.* *See* QUATUOR.

QUATIO, is, quassi, assum. 1. *To shake; to brandish.* Mĭhĭ frigidŭs horrŏr Membrā quăttĭt &c. *V.* ~ hastam; alas clangorĭbŭs. *V.* pŏpŭlum risu. *H.* [¶ Quasso, concŭtĭo, mŏvĕo, ăgĭto; *sts.* libro.] 2. *To put in motion* (so exercise by putting in motion); *to drive on* or *away.* ~ cursu ĕquos. *V.* Præ se ~-ĭt Arctŏn (Arctŏphȳlax). *Cic.* *Arat.* [¶ ˘Agĭto, ăgo, impello.] *See* PELLO. 3. *To shake by beating, striking,* &c.; *to batter, shake to pieces.* ~-ĭt campum ungŭlā. *V.* ~ fĕnestras. *H.* tympănā. *Cl.* oppidā bello. *V.* rătes (de æquŏrē). *H.* [¶ Fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, tundo, &c.; concŭtĭo, quasso, &c.] 4. Fig. *To trouble, agitate, harass.* ~ rumorĭbŭs urbes. *Sil.* somnum formidĭnē. *L.* mentem săcerdotum (de Pythĭo); qm mentē sŏlĭda. *H.* [¶ ˘Agĭto, mŏvĕo, commŏvĕo, concŭtĭo, quasso, percello, turbo.]

QUATUŎR, *or* QUATTUŎR. *undecl.* *Four.* Quatŭŏr exĭmĭos præstanti corpŏrē tauros. *V.* [¶ Bĭs dŭŏ; *sts.* quăterni.] [First syll. not found short, except in *Enn. apud Cic.*]

QUATUŎRDĔCIM, *and synær.* QUATTUORDĔCIM (*trisyll.*). *Fourteen.* Grādĭbus prŏpinquis in quattuordĕcim sĕdes. *Aus.* Crol. Bĭs septem *or* septeni (æ, ă). Quatŭŏr ĕt (*or* atquē) dĕcem. Phr. *Fourteen years.* Dŭŏ pĕr septennĭā tempŭs.

QUĒ. *And;* quē . . . quē, *both . . . and.* Aquē sua cæsum matrē quĕruntŭr ˘Itȳn. *O.* Desĭnĕ inequē tŭis incendĕrē tequē quĕrelis. *V.* [¶ ˘Et, atquē, &c.] *See* ET.

QUEIS, *or* **QUIS**. *anc. dat. pl. of* Qui. En queis consevimŭs agros! *V.* [† Quibŭs.]

QUĒO, quis (*verb irreg. and defect.*). **1.** *To be able.* Namque ālĭud quid sit quod jam implorarĕ quĕamŭs! *V.* Nĕc credĕrĕ quivi. *V.* [Quibĭt. *Enn.* (*apud Cic. Leg.*) Quĭt, quissĕ, quīērĭt. *Lr.* ~Opes erĭpĕrĕ quivĭt, virtutem non quĭĭt. *Att.* (*apud Macr.*) Quis. *H.* Quēo, quirem. *Sen.* Quissent. *Aus.*] *See* POSSUM. **2.** Pass. (in connexion with an inf. pass.) Quĕatŭr. *Lr.* Quitŭr. *Cæcil.* (*apud Diom.*) Quĕantŭr. *Pl.* Forma nosci non quĭtā est. *Ter. See* CŒPTUS SUM.

QUERCĒTUM, i. *n. A grove* or *plantation of oaks.* Quercetā Gargani lăborant. *H.* [† Æscŭletum.] **Phr.** Lucŭs annoso robŏrĕ.

QUERCUS, us. *f.* **1.** *An oak.* Concussaquĕ fāmem in silvis solabĕrĕ quercu. *V.* [† Ilex, robŭr, æscŭlŭs.] **Ep.** Chaŏnĭā, Dodonæā; aĕrĭā, ardŭā, procerā, sublimis, altā, ingens; pātŭlā, ŏpacā, densā, umbrosā, frondosā; durā, nodosā, vāllĭdā, rīgĭdā; annosā, vĕtustā, antiquā; glandĭferā. **Crcl.** Jŏvis arbŏr. Arbŏr –Chaŏnĭā, Dodonæā, Dodonĭs, Chaŏnĭs. Arbŏr Jŏvi āmicā *or* sācrā. Quernum *or* ilĭcĕum robŭr. Quercŭs stipēs. Æscŭlŭs (quercŭs) frondĭbŭs altis (antiquo robŏrĕ). **2.** *Used for things made of oak* (a ship, spear, cup, &c.). *See* NAVIS, HASTA, &c.

QUĒRELĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A complaint, lamentation* (us. pl.). Deslnĕ mequĕ tŭis incendĕrĕ tequĕ quĕrelis. *V.* ∽-as compescĕrĕ. *Lr.* sistĕrĕ. *O.* [† Questŭs, quērĭmonĭā, lamentum, &c.] *See* LAMENTUM, GEMITUS. **2.** *Used of the cry of certain animals; of a wailing, plaintive kind.* Ranæ cānunt ∽-am. *V.* ∽-is impleri nĕmŭs (sc. bŏum). *V.* Rēplĕt jūgā ∽-is (cervŭs). *O.* **3.** *The plaintive tones of an instrument.* ∽-as quas fundĭt tibĭā. *Lr.* **4.** *Used of a nurse's lullaby.* Longa somnum suadĕrĕ ∽-a. *St.* [† Nænĭā.] **5.** *Memorial lines on a tombstone.* Scalpĕrĕ sēpulchro ∽-am. *H.* [† Nænĭā, quērĭmonĭā.] **6.** Us. pl. *Complaining and reproachful charges.* ∽-is assurgĕrĕ. *V.* qui increpare. *L.* [† Quērĭmonĭā, convicĭum, convicĭā.] **Crcl.** Tristĭā verbā. Quĕrentĭs lingŭā *or* verbā. Quĕrens lingŭā. Quĕrŭlæ voces.

QUĒRIBUNDUS, ă, um. *Querulous, complaining.* Curæque, insidiæque, atque hinc quērĭbundā sĕnectus. *Sil. See* QUERULUS.

QUĒRIMONIA, æ. *f. A complaint, lamentation.* Versĭbŭs impārĭter junctis quērĭmonĭā primum &c. *H. See* QUERELA.

QUERNUS, ă, um. *Of oak, made of oak* or *of oak-leaves.* Lux ăděrat, querno solvunt a stipitĕ funem. *O.* ∽ glans. *V.* cŏronā. *O.* [† Ilĭcĕus, iligněus, iligněus, robŏrĕus.]

QUEROR, ĕris, questŭs sum. **1.** *To complain, lament.* Et tanquam possit verbā rĕferrĕ, quĕrŏr. *O.* ∽ questus. *St.* [† Conquĕrŏr, lamentŏr, &c.] *See* LAMENTOR. **Phr.** *To cease complaining.* Quĕrelas *or* questus –desĭno, supprĭmo, sisto, mitto, ōmitto, pono, depono, sedo, sepono, finĭo, claudo, comprĭmo. Questĭbŭs parco. Quĕri parco. Quĕrelarum (*after the Greek*) desĭno. **2.** *To bewail.* ∽ amissos fetus. *V.* raptam filĭam. *O. See* DEPLORO. **3.** *To complain of, accuse.* ∽ factā mĕrĭti; irrĭtā donā Dĭtis. *O.* Fortunā quĕrendā est tibĭ. *V.* [† Incuso, lăcesso, increpo, incrĕpĭto.] **Crcl.** Multā quĕrŏr. Quĕrelis –assurgo, incuso, lăcesso, impĕto. *See* CULPO. **4.** *To make a plaintive cry; to sing* or *play a plaintive tune.* ∽, ĕt longas voces in fletum ducĕrĕ (de bubonĕ). *V.* ranco stridorĕ (de simĭis), flebĭlĕ nescĭō quĭd lȳrā. *O.*

QUERŬLUS, ă, um. **1.** *Complaining, making complaint.* Nec quĕrŭlus, turba quamvis elidĕrĕ, essem. *O.* ∽ dŏlŏr. *O.* [† Quĕrens, quĕrĭbundŭs, gĕmĕbundŭs; *sts.* flebĭlis, lăcrĭmosŭs.] **2.** *Given to complaining, querulous.* Difficilis, ∽ (sĕnex). *H.* **3.** *Uttering a plaintive cry* or *note, singing plaintively.* Lit. and fig. ∽-æ cicadæ. *V.* căpellæ. *M.* ∽-as impŭlit aurā fŏres. *O.* [† Flebĭlis, gĕmĕbundŭs, *or* stridŭlŭs, argutŭs, cănorŭs, lŏquax, garrŭlŭs, sŏnans.]

QUESTUS, us. *m.* **1.** *A complaint.* Volvĕrĕ in pectŏrĕ questus. *L.* Cœlum ∽-ibŭs implerĕ. *V. See* QUERELA. **2.** *Complaining and reproachful charges.* ∽-u Jŏvem testatŭr ăcerbo. *V. F. See* CONVITIUM. **3.** *The plaintive notes and cries of animals.* Late lŏcā questibŭs impĕt (philŏmelā). *V.*

I. **QUI**, quæ, quŏd. **1.** *Who, which,* or *what.* Grandĭā sæpē quĭbus mandavĭmŭs hordĕā sulcis. *V.* **2.** Qui, &c. –mĕŭs, mĕā, mĕum est. &c. *Such is my, thy,* &c.; *thanks be to,* &c.; *by virtue of,* &c. Quæ jam pātĭentĭā nostrā est, sperānĭmŭs. *O.* Quæ tŭā nequĭtĭā est. *O.*

II. **QUI**, quæ, quĭd = quis. Sed tāmĕn istĕ dĕus qui sit, da, Titȳrĕ, nobis. *V.*

III. **QUI**. *anc. abl. of* Qui. Used adv. **1.** *How!* Qui fit, Mæcenas, ut nemo, quam sibi sortem &c.? *H.* Qui pŏtĕ? *Pers.* [† Quomŏdŏ.] **2.** = quanti with a verb of price. *Pl.* [† Quanti.]

QUIA. *conj.* (the old n. pl. of Quis.) *Because.* Vĕ, quĭā sum vates, vel quĭā sacrā cāno. *O.* [† Quŏniam, quŏd; *sts.* quum; nam, namquĕ, ĕnim.] **Crcl.** ~Eo quŏd. [The final *a* is long in *Pl.* and *Aus.*]

QUIANAM? *anc. For what reason? why?* Hĕu, quĭānam tanti cinxerunt æthĕrā nimbi? *V.*

QUIANĔ? *Is it because?* Jussā sĕquar? quĭānĕ auxĭlio jŭvāt antĕ lĕvatos? *V.*

QUICUM. *anc.* **1.** *With whom* (m. or f.). Fida antĕ ālĭas quæ solā Cāmillæ, Quicum partiri curas. *V.* Quicum ludĕrĕ, quem sinu tĕnerĕ. *Cat.* [† Cum quo, cum qua.] **2.** = quĭbuscum. *Pl.*

QUICUMQUĔ, *or* **QUICUNQUĔ**, quæcunquĕ, quodcunquĕ. *Whoever, whatever, any whatever.* E: quicunquĕ tŭas accŏlĭt, Hæmĕ, nĭves. *O.* ~Animam quocunque absumĕrĕ leto. *V.* Quæ me cunquĕ vŏcant terræ. *V.* (*and so in separation frequently.*) [† Quilibĕt, quivis, qualiscunquĕ, quisquis.]

QUIDAM, quædam, quoddam *and* quiddam. *A certain one, some one* (person or thing); pl. *some certain, some.* Nam tŭĭt Argŏlĭco gĕnĕrātŭs ~Alemŏnĕ quidam. *O.* Quippe ĕtĭam festis quædam exercĕrĕ dĭebŭs. *V.* [† ~Aliquis, nonnullŭs; *sts.* unŭs.]

QUIDEM. **1.** *Indeed, in good truth.* Infecundā quĭdem, sed læta et fortĭā surgunt. *V.* Certā quĭdem nostrā est (sāgittā). *O.* [† ~Equidem, sane, certe, prŏfecto.] **2.** Ne (*and sts* nĕc) . . . quĭdem. *Not even.* Nec signarĕ quĭdem aut partiri limitĕ campum. *V.* [† Nĕc.] **Crcl.** Nec ĕtĭam.

QUIDNI, *or* **QUID NI**? *Why not! and why not!* Gellĭus est tĕnŭis: quidni? cui tam bŏnā matĕr. *Cat.* [† Cur non.]

QUIES, ētis. *f.* **1.** *Rest, cessation from labour* or *trouble.* Omnibŭs unā quies ŏpĕrum, lăbŏr omnibŭs idem. *V.* Postquam primā quies ĕpŭlis. *V.* [† Rēquies, otĭum, otĭā; *sts.* stātio.] **Ep.** Altā, ūmicā, blandā, gratā, dulcis, jucundā, plăcĭdā, securā, tranquillā, optatā; tăcitā; mollis, desĭdiosā, lners, languens, languĭdā, segnis, pigrā. **Crcl.** Plăcĭdum *or* quĭētum tempŭs. *See* OTIUM. **2.** *Sleep.* Dārĕ quietem pĕr membrā *V.* Mandarĕ corpŭs quĭētī. *Lr. See* SOMNUS. **3.** *A calm state of the weather. V.*, or *sea. St. See* MARE, SERENUM. **4.** = pax. *O. See* PAX. **5.** = mors.

V. See M. **6.** Sts. *The lair, covert, night-haunt of animals. Lr.*

QUIESCO, Is, evi. **1.** *To rest.* Longă quĭescendi tempŏrĭ fatā dăbunt. *O.* [† Rĕquĭesco, otĭŏr.] **Crol.** Quĭetem căpĭo *or* carpo. Quĭeti –indulgĕo, văco, me do. Quĭetĕ frŭŏr. **2.** *To rest in death. V. See* JACEO. **3.** *To rest, remain inactive.* Prato armā ~-unt. *V.* Indoctŭs pīlæ ~-It. *H.* **4.** *To subside, settle into quiet from motion or action.* Flammā ~-It. *V.* Altā quĭerunt æquŏrā. *V.* Irā ~-ebāt. *O.* [† Cesso, desĭno, rĕquĭesco, pono, placŏr.] **Crol.** Pacem hăbĕo. **5.** *To be silent.* Jam ~-ebant voces. *O.* jūgā. *V. Fl. See* SILEO.

QUIESSEM. *sync. for* Quievissem. *Lr.* and *H.*

QUIETŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Quiet, calm, at peace.* Tyrrhenamvĕ fĭdem aut gentes ăgĭtarĕ quĭetas. *V.* ~ aer. *V.* æquŏr. *H.* [† Plăcĭdŭs, tranquillŭs, &c.] *See* TRANQUILLUS. **2.** *Calm* (of mind), *unaffected by any care.* Scilĭcĕt ĕă curā ~-os sollĭcĭtăt (de sŭpĕris)! *V.* [† Plăcĭdŭs, otĭosŭs, securŭs.]

QUILIBĔT, quælĭbĕt, quodlĭbĕt *and* quidlĭbĕt. *Any one* (person or thing) *without distinction, any all.* Quilĭbĕt altĕr ăgat portantes lumĭnā currus. *O.* Quamlĭbĕt accuses. *O.* Do nomĕn quodlĭbĕt illi. *H.* Quidlĭbĕt audendi pŏtestas. *H.*

QUIN. *adv.* **1.** *Why not?* Quin pŏtĭus pacem æternam pactosque hyměnæos Exercemŭs? *V.* [† Quidni.] **Crol.** Cur non. **2.** *But come now, pray, pr'ythee. Ter.* [† Agĕ, ergo, Igĭtŭr.] **3.** *Moreover, nay more.* Quin aspĕtā Juno In mĕllĭŭs consĭlĭā rĕfĕrĕt. *V. See* IMO. **4.** Conj. *But that* (after a verb, sp. of hindrance or doubting, and after a negative). Nĕc flos ullŭs hĭăt, ~ illĕ languĕăt &c. *Pp.* [† *Sts.* Quomĭnŭs.]

QUINCUNX, uncĭs. *m.* **1.** *Five ounces.* Si de quincuncĕ rĕmŏta est Uncĭā. *H.* **2.** *A measure of capacity. M.* **3.** *Five per cent.* (interest). Nutrirĕ nummos ~-ĕ mŏdesto. *Pers.*

QUINDĔCIES. *adv. Fifteen times.* Dicĕrĕ quindĕcĭes pŏtĕram: quid pertĭnĕt ad te? *M.*

QUINDĔCIM. *undecl. Fifteen.* Verum ad millĭā quindĕcim, et dŭcentos. *Cat.* **Crol.** Tĕr quinquĕ. Quinquĕ tĕr. Tĕr quini.

QUINDĔCIMVIRI, orum. *m. pl. A committee of fifteen persons;* sp. *those who had the charge of the Sibylline books.* Quindĕcim Dianā, prĕces vĭrorum Curăt. *H.*

QUINGENI. *Col., and* QUINGENTI, æ. ă. *Five hundred. V.*

QUINI, æ, ă. *Five.* Cædit quinas de morĕ bĭdentes. *V. See* QUINQUE.

QUINQUAGENI, æ, ă. *Fifty.* Bis quinquagenis dŏmŭs est tĭbĭ millĭbŭs emptā. *M.*

QUINQUAGESĬMUS, ă, um. *The fiftieth.* Quinquagesĭmā libā, septĭmamquĕ. *M.*

QUINQUAGINTA (QUINQUAGINTĂ. *M.*). *undecl. Fifty.* Quinquaginta intus fămŭlæ, quĭbŭs ordĭnĕ longo. *V.*

QUINQUATRIA, orum *or* um. *n. pl., and* QUINQUATRUS, ŭum. *f. A festival at Rome of five days in honour of Minerva. C. D.* Nec te decĭplant vĕtĕres quinquatrĭā ceræ. *O.* Et jam quinquatrus jŭbĕor narrarĕ mĭnores. *O.* **Phr.** Nomĭnā a junctis quinquĕ dĭebŭs hăbent.

QUINQUĔ. *Five.* Quinquĕ tĕnent cœlum zonæ: quarum unā cŏruscō &c. *V.* [† Quini, æ, ă.]

QUINQUENNIS, ĕ. *Of five years, five years old.* ~ ŏlympĭās. *O.* ~-es ŏlĕæ. *H.* [† Quinquennalis.]

QUINQUENNIUM, ĭi. *n. A space of five years.* Jamquĕ fĕrĕ tracto dŭŏ per quinquennĭā bello. *O.* [† Olympĭās, lustrum.]

QUINQUĔVIRI, orum. *m. pl.;* QUINQUĔVĬR, ĭri. *m. A board of five persons jointly holding office; one of the board.* Scriba ex quinquĕvĭro corvum deludĕt hĭantem. *H.*

QUINQUIES. *Five times.* Quam dotis mĭhĭ quinquĭes dŭceuā. *M.*

QUINTILIS, *or* QUINCTILIS, Is. *m.* (sc. mensis.) *The month afterwards called Julius* (July). Denĭquĕ quintŭs ăb hoc fŭĕrat quintilis, ĕt indĕ. *O.* [† Julĭŭs.]

QUINTUS, ă, um. *The fifth.* Felices ŏpĕrum: ~-am fŭgĕ. *V.* A Jŏvĕ ~ ĕrĭs. *O.*

QUIPPĔ. *conj.* **1.** *For; for, sooth to say.* Quippĕ sŏlo naturā sŭbest. *V.* ~ vĕtŏr fatis. *V.* [† Nam, &c.] *See* N. **2.** *To wit, to be sure, sure enough.* Ni făcĭăt, mărĭā ac terras &c., ~ fĕrant răpĭdi secum. *V.* Pĕrĭturæ ~, quamvis nemo lædĕrĕt. *Ph.* [† Scilĭcĕt, nempĕ, nimirum, utpŏtĕ.]

QUIRINALIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to Quirinus* (the name under which Romulus was deified); *Quirinal, Roman.* Ipsĕ Quĭrinali trăbĕa cinctuquĕ Găbino Insignis. *V.* Inquĕ Quĭrinali constĭtŭerĕ jŭgo (*the Quirinal hill, one of the seven on which Rome was built*). *O.*

QUIRINUS, i. *m.* (*from* curis, *a Sabine lance.*) **1.** *The man of war, a name under which Romulus was worshipped.* Cauā Fĭdes, et Vestā, Rĕmo cum fratrĕ Quĭrinŭs. *V.* **2.** *A surname of Janus.* Janum ~-um clausĭt *H.* **3.** *Used for Augustus. V.; for Antony. Pp.* **4.** Used adj. *Romulus'; Quirinal,* &c. Ex hŭmĕris ~-is (sc. Romŭli). *Pp.* Collĕ ~-o. *O.*

I. QUIRIS. *f., and* CURIS. *A lance.* Sivĕ quŏd hastā *cŭris* priscis est dictā Săbinis. *O.*

II. QUIRIS (*obs.*), itĭs. *m.;* QUIRITES, um *or* ĭum. *pl.* **1.** *A Roman; Romans* (the citizen, but not the soldier). Una ingens Amĭternā cŏhors, prisciquĕ Quĭrites. *V.* Mĭnĭma de plebĕ Quĭritem. *O.* Mobĭlĭum turbā Quĭritĭum. *H.* [† Romanŭs; *sts.* civis, privatŭs.] **2.** Fig. Regem parvosquĕ Quĭrites (de ăpĭbŭs). *V.*

QUIS, quæ *and* quā, quŏd *and* quĭd. **1.** *Who? what?* Me tămĕn urĭt amor: quis ĕnim mŏdŭs adsĭt ămori? *V.* Quæ quĭbŭs antĕfĕram? *V.* [† Qui, quisnam.] **Crol.** Nam quis. Quis hŏmo. Quæ res. Quĭd rerum. **2.** N. used adv. *How? why? what?* Quid tămĕn huc vĕnĭas &c. *O.* Quĭd lăbĕt? *H.* [† Cur.] **3.** *Any* (us. after si, ne, num, &c.). Si quā hăbĕt te curā. *V.* Si quĭd hăbes. *V.* Seu quis miratŭs. *V. See* NUMQUIS. **4.** Sts. = qualis. *What, of what sort?* Nunc scĭŏ, quĭd sit ămŏr &c. *V.* **5.** = quisquĕ. Făteri quæ quis ăpŭd sŭpĕros . . . distŭlĭt In &c. *V.* (Sic Græce τίς.) [Note. Quis is anc. also f., and so its compounds, quisnam, quisquam, quisque, quisquis, &c.]

QUISNAM, quænam, quodnam *and* quidnam. *Who? which? what?* or *who then?* &c. Nilĕ păter, quanam possum te dicĕrĕ causa? *Tib. See* QUIS.

QUISQUAM, quæquam, quidquam *or* quicquam. *Any one* (person or thing). Nec tĭbĭ tam prudens quisquam persuadĕăt auctŏr. *V.* ~ lŏcŭs. *Lr.* Nĕc quidquam ăcerbĭŭs. *O.* [† Quis, ălĭquis.] *See* QUIS.

QUISQUĔ, quæquĕ, quodquĕ *and* quidquĕ. **1.** *Each, every one.* Edĭdĕrit, quem quisquĕ vĭrum demisĕrĭt Orco. *V.* ~ dĭerum. *H.* Vincamŭs dŏmĭnæ ~ făvorĕ sŭæ. *O.* [† Unusquisquĕ, quivis, quilĭbĕt, omnis, omnĕ, omnes.] **2.** *Used of two only* = ŭterquĕ. Oscŭlā quisquĕ sŭæ matri prŏpĕrātā tŭlĕrunt. *O.*

QUISQUILIÆ, arum. *f. pl. Rubbish, trash, refuse of any kind.* Burras quisquĭlĭasque, Ineptĭasquĕ. *Aus.*

QUISQUIS, quæquæ, quidquĭd *or* quicquĭd. **1.** *Whoever, whatever.* Quisquis ĕs, amissos hinc

jam obliviscĕrĕ Graios. *V.* Quisquĭs ŭbiquĕ, vĭri, dŏcĭles advertĭtĕ mentes. *O.* ∾ hŏnos tŭmŭli. *V.* [¶ Quicunquĕ, quilĭbĕt, quivis.] **2.** Sts. = quisquĕ. ˘In sŭos quidquid rĕvŏcarĕ mĕ̄tus. *Lr.* *See* QUIS.

QUIVIS, quăvis, quodvis *and* quidvis. *Any you please, any whatever.* Utĭlior cuivis quam mĭhĭ curā mĕa est. *O.* Aspĕrĭŏr quovis æquŏrĕ (fratĕr). *O.* [¶ Quilibĕt, quicunquĕ, omnĭs.]

QUIVISCUNQUĔ, quævis cunquĕ, &c. = quivis. *Lr.*

QUO. *adv. of motion.* **1.** *Whither.* Quo cădăt, in dŭbĭo est. *O.* Hŏnorem . . . quo tendĭs. *V.* [¶ Quorsum.] **2.** *Whither?* Quo, quo scĕlesti rŭĭtis? *H.* [¶ Quonam?] **Crcl.** Quo gentĭum? **3.** *To what end* or *use, for what good.* Quo tĭbĭ prĕtĭosas sumĕrĕ vestes? *O.* [¶ Quorsum.] **4.** *Whence, on which account, wherefore.* Quo mĭnŭs est mirum &c. *Lr.* Quo mĭnŭs est illis curæ ĕgestas. *V.* [¶ Undĕ, quare, &c.] **5.** Quo măgis . . . ĕo *or* hoc măgis. *The more . . . the more.* *V.* [¶ Quanto; *sts.* quam.] **6.** Conj. *In order that, that so, by that means.* Simŭlata mentĕ lŏcutum, quo regnum avertĕrĕt. *V.* (Quĭd pĕtĭi) ŭlsĭ quo tĭbĭ uni jungĕrĕr? *O.* [¶ ˘Ut.]

QUOĀD (*monos.*). *As much as, as long as, as far as.* Heredes vŏlŭit: quoad vixit, credĭdĭt ingens. *H.* ∾ mœnĭā mundi. *Lr.* *See* DUM.

QUOCIRCA. *adv. Wherefore.* Quocirca căpĕre antĕ dŏlis et cingĕrĕ flamma Reginam mĕdĭtŏr. *V.* *See* ERGO.

QUOCUNQUĔ. *Whithersoever.* Vĕnĭam quocunquĕ vŏcarĭs. *V.* Quo me cunquĕ răpit tempestas. *H.* [¶ Quovis, quoquo, quolĭbĕt.]

QUŎD. *conj.* (u. of qui.) **1.** *That.* Ne temnĕ quŏd ultro Præfĕrĭmus mănĭbus vittas. *V.* (Credĕrĕ) ∾ brumā rŏsas innoxĭā servĕt. *Cl.* **2.** *In that, because.* Indignantem ∾ solā cărerĕt munĕrĕ. *V.* *See* QUIA. **3.** *Why, on account of which.* Non est ∾ multā lŏquamŭr. *H.* [¶ Cur.] **4.** Sts. *Since* (speaking of time). Dĭu est quŏd victum non dătĭs. *Pl.* [¶ Quum.] **5.** *Although.* ∾ non dŏmŭs est fultā cŏlumnis &c. *Pp.* *See* QUAMVIS. **6.** *Therefore, on that account.* ∾ te pĕr sŭpĕros &c. oro. *V.* [¶ Quare, ergo.] **7.** Quŏd si = sed si. ∾ si mĕā numĭnā non sunt sătis magnā. *V.*

QUOLIBĔT. *Whithersoever I please, any whither.* Et pătĭar? nec me quolĭbĕt irā fĕrāt. *O.* *See* QUOCUNQUĔ.

QUOMĬNŬS, *and* QUO . . . MĬNŬS. **1.** *So that . . . not.* Prŏhĭbentquĕ cŏlores Quomĭnŭs esse uno possit res totā nĭtorĕ. *Lr.* [¶ Ne, quin.] **2.** *In order that . . . not* or *less.* Quoquĕ mĭnŭs factum mirerĕ. *O.*

QUOMŎDŎ, *but* (if in tmesi, *as us.*) QUO . . . MŎDO. **1.** *How, in what manner.* Quoquĕ mŏdŏ potis gauderent intŭlĭ rivis. *V.* Quo solā tĭmorem Ferrĕ mŏdo posses. *O.* [¶ Qua, ŭt, quemadmŏdum.] **Crcl.** Quo pacto. Qua rātionĕ. Qua via. Quĭbŭs mŏdis. **2.** *How!* Mæcenas quomŏdŏ tecum? *H.* Quomŏdŏ? cæcŭs ămāt. *M.* [¶ Qui, ŭt.] **Crcl.** Quo pacto? Quonam mŏdo? Quemnam ăd mŏdum?

QUONAM? *Whither? to what point* or *place?* (and with usque) *how far? how long?* Aut quonam nostri tĭbĭ curā rĕcessĭt? *V.* Quonam hic usquĕ sŏpŏr? *St.* [¶ Quo.]

QUONDAM. **1.** *Formerly.* Itĕ mĕæ, felix quondam pĕcŭs, itĕ căpellæ. *V.* [¶ Olim, antĕ, prĭŭs, antehac.] **Crcl.** Prætĕrĭto *or* anteacto tempŏrĕ. Prĭorĭbŭs annis. **2.** *At some future day, hereafter.* Nec Romŭlā ∾ ullo se tantum tellus jactabĭt ălumno. *V.* [¶ Olim.] **3.** *Sometimes.* ˘Ut ∾ silvis immurmŭrāt austĕr. *V.* [¶ Olim, interdum, &c.] *See* INTERDUM.

QUONIAM. *Since, seeing that.* Quisquĭs Is est, plăcĕat, quŏnĭam plăcĕt antĕ Dianæ. *O.* [¶ Quā, quŏd.] *See* QUIA.

QUOQUAM. *To any place, any whither.* Nec cedĕrĕ quoquam. *Lr.* [¶ ˘Alĭquo.]

I. **QUŎQUĔ.** *Also, too.* Robustus quŏquĕ jam tauris jŭgā solvĕt ăratŏr. *V.* [¶ ˘Et, ĕtiam.] *See* ETIAM.

II. **QUOQUĔ** = ĕt quo. *See* QUO.

QUOQUO. *Whithersoever.* Illam, quidquĭd ăgit, quoquo vestigĭā movĭt. *Tib.* *See* QUOCUNQUĔ.

QUOQUOVERSUM, *and* **QUOQUOVERSŬS.** *adv. In all directions, on all sides.* *Lr.*

QUORSUM, *or* **QUORSŬS.** *Ter. Whitherwards, to what point;* us. fig. *with what view, to what end.* *H.* [¶ Quo.]

QUŎT. *undecl.* **1.** *How many.* Nossĕ quŏt lŏnĭi vĕnĭant ad littŏrā fluctus. *V.* Quotquĕ quĭbusquĕ mŏdis. *O.* **Crcl.** Quam multi, æ, ă. **2.** With tot. *As many as.* Cui ∾ sunt corpŏrĕ plumæ, tŏt ŏcŭli subtĕr. *V.*

QUŎTANNIS. *Every year.* Pocŭlā binā nŏvo spumantĭā lactĕ quŏtannis (stătŭam). *V.* **Crcl.** Quoquĕ anno. Nullo non anno. Quotquŏt ĕunt anni.

QUOTCUNQUĔ. *undecl.* *How many soever.* Nam quotcunquĕ fĕrunt campi (sc. flores). *Cat.*

QUOTIDIANŬS, *or* **QUOTTIDIANUS,** ă, um, *and* **QUŎTIDIANUS,** &c. *M.* *Daily.* Conjŭgĭs in cuipa flagravit quotĭdianā. *Cat.* Cultus sindŏnĕ non quŏtĭdianā. *M.*

QUŎTIDIE. *Daily.* Quŏtidĭe, inquit, spĕcŭlo vŏ uti vŏlo. *Ph.* **Crcl.** Quoquĕ dĭe. Quotquŏt ĕunt dĭes. Nulla non lucĕ.

QUŎTIES. **1.** *How often.* O quŏtĭes et quæ nobis Gălātĕā lŏcuta est? *V.* **Crcl.** Quam sæpĕ. **2.** *As often as.* ∾ nox ŏpĕrĭt terras. *V.* *See* QUUM.

QUOTQUŎT. *undecl.* *As many as.* Non si trĭcenis, quotquŏt ĕunt dĭes &c. *H.* Omnes undĭquĕ, quotquŏt estis, omnes. *Cat.* [¶ Quicunquĕ, &c.]

QUŎTUS, ă, um. **1.** *How many, what* (as to number or numerical order). Scirĕ vĕlim, chartis prĕtĭum quŏtŭs arrŏgĕt annŭs. *H.* Tu quŏtŭs essĕ vĕlis, rescribĕ. *H.* ∾-a hora. *H.* ∾ annŭs ĕāt. *O.* de littŏrĕ puppĭs ĕāt. *M.* [¶ Quŏt.] **2.** Used for quantus or quantulus. ∾-ă pars hŏmŏ sit terrai totĭŭs unŭs. *Lr.* **3.** Quŏtŭs quisquĕ. *How many are there who* (in the sense of very few). Forma quŏtā quæquĕ sŭperbĭt? *O.* *See* QUOTUSCUNQUĔ.

QUŎTUSCUNQUĔ, quŏtăcunquĕ, &c. = quŏtus quisquĕ. Et sĕquĭtur regni pars quŏtăcunquĕ sŭi. *O.*

QUŎUSQUĔ, *or* QUO . . . USQUĔ. *How long.* Quæ finis standi, quo me dĕcĕt usquĕ tĕneri? *V.* Quo te spectablĭmŭs usquĕ? *M.*

QUOVIS. *Whithersoever, any whither.* *Ter.* [¶ Quocunquĕ, quolĭbĕt.]

QUUM, *or* **CUM.** **1.** *When, at what time.* Namquĕ lăborĭfĕri quum jam natallĭs ădessĕt Herculis. *O.* [¶ Quando, postquam, quandoquĕ, quandocunquĕ, ŭt, ŭbĭ, dum; *sts.* quŏtĭes, si.] **Crcl.** Tempŏrĕ quo. Quo tempŏrĕ. Si –quando, fortĕ. **2.** *Although.* *See* QUAMVIS. **3.** *Since, as.* Quum sustĭnĕas tantā nĕgotĭā solŭs. *H.* [¶ Quando, ŭt (*with indic.*).]

R.

RABIDŬS, ă, um. *Raving, raging.* Lit. and fig. Ecce rŭunt vasto răbĭdi clamorĕ bĭmembres. *V.* ∾ lŭpā. ∾-ă guttŭrā (Cerbĕri). *O.* ∾-i mores. *O.* ∾-ă armā. *Sil.* [¶ Răbĭosŭs, fŭrĭosŭs, iratŭs, efferŭs, sævŭs, insanŭs, ăvĭdŭs.] *See* IRATUS, SÆVUS.

Rabies, ei. *f.* 1. *Madness in animals* (us. in dogs). Hinc cănĭbus blandis răbĭes vĕnĭt, et quătĭt ægros &c. *V.* Fig. 2. *Rage, fury, fierceness; cruelty, fierce desire.* Hic fŭrŏr, hic răbies, hic sunt tŭæ crimĭnă, Cæsăr. *L.* ~ ventorum. *O.* cœlique mărisque; belli. *V.* [? Fŭrŏr, insanĭă, vesanĭă, fŭrĭæ, ină, vĭŏlentĭă, sævĭtĭă, cŭpido, impĕtŭs.] **Ep.** Sævă, dirĭă, effĕrĭă, indŏmĭtă, insanĭă, cæcă, &c. *See* Ira, Sævitia. 3. ~ ventris *or* ēlendi. *Raging hunger. V.* **Ep.** Ex longo collectă; impŏbĭă. *See* Fames. 4. *The frenzy of inspiration.* ~-e fĕrĭă cordă tŭment. *V.* [? Fŭrŏr.]

Rabiosus, ă, um. *Mad* (of the dog); *raving, furious.* Hac răbĭosă fŭgit cănis, hac lŭtŭlentă rŭit sus. *H.* ~-ă fŏri jurgĭă. *Sen.* [? Răbĭdŭs.]

Racemifer, ĕrĭ, ĕrum. *Bearing clusters of grapes.* Bacchĕ, răcemĭfĕros hĕdĕra rĕdĭmĭtĕ căpillos. *O.* **Crcl.** Răcemis ŏnustŭs *or* grăvis.

Racemus, i. *m.* 1. *A cluster* or *bunch* (of fruit). Silvestris raris sparsit labruscă răcemis. *V.* 2. Us. *A bunch of grapes.* Tŭmĕt uvă ~-is. *O. See* Uva, Vitis. Hence—3. *Wine.* Mixtŭs nullis, ˜Achĕlŏe, ~-is. *O.*

Radians, tis. *part. See* Radio. Used also adj. *Casting rays of light, radiant with light, brilliant.* Lit. and fig. Solĕ rĕpercussum, aut rădĭantis ĭmagĭnĕ lunæ. *V.* Armă ~-ĭă *V.* ~ jŭventă. *V. Fl.* [? Rădĭantŭs, lucĭdŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, &c.] *See* Fulgidus.

Radiatus, ă, um. *part. See* Radio. Used also adj. 1. *Struck* or *shone upon by rays of light.* Milĕs ŭt adverso Phœbi rădĭatŭs ăb ictu. *L.* 2. Us. = rădians. *Shining with light.* ~-um insignĕ dĭci. *Lr.*

Radicitus. *adv.* 1. *From the roots, by the roots.* Namque illĕ tŭlit radicĭtŭs altas Fagos. *Cat.* ~ abstŭlĭt vivos ungues. *Pp.* [? Radicĕ, radicĭbŭs.] **Crcl.** A stirpĕ *or* radicĭbŭs. ˜Ab imis radicĭbŭs. Usque a radicĭbŭs. *See* Evello. 2. Fig. *Radically, thoroughly, utterly.* ~ evelli mălă. *Lr.* [? Fundĭtŭs, pĕnĭtŭs.]

Radio, as. 1. *To cast rays of light, to shine with light.* Lit. and fig. Argenti bĭfŏres rădĭabant lumĭnĕ valvæ. *O.* ~-ant ŭt sidŭs ŏcellĭ. *O.* ~ pictis ĭn armis. *Sil.* In orĕ. *Cl.* [? Irrădĭo, mĭco, &c.] *See* Fulgeo. 2. Pass. *To be made to shine; to be brilliant.* Gălĕæ gemmis ~-antŭr ĕt auro. *O. See* Radiatus. 3. Sts. tr. ~-ant ŏcŭli jŭbăr. *Cl.*

Radius, ii. *m.* 1. *A wand* or *rod.* Descripsit rădĭo totum qui gentĭbŭs orbem. *V.* 2. *A ray, sunbeam; a reflected ray* or *flash of light;* hence also, *heat.* Fratris ~-is obnoxĭă lună. *V.* Armorum ~-i. *St.* [? Lux, lumĕn, jŭbăr, fulgŏr, ignis, flammă.] **Ep.** Phœbeŭs, sidĕrĕŭs, aurĕŭs, clarŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, ardens, flammans, &c. **Crcl.** Rădĭorum –lux, fulgŏr, splendŏr, verbĕrĕ. *See* Lumen, (*for heat*) Calor. 3. *A thunderbolt.* Tres imbris torti ~-os. *V.* 4. *The spoke of a wheel.* ~-orum argentĕŭs ordo. *O.* 5. *A weaver's shuttle.* ~-o percurrĕrĕ telas. *O.* 6. *A species of olive. V.*

Radix, icis. *f.* 1. *A root.* Radicis fibras labentĭbŭs irrĭgăt undis. *O.* [? Stirps.] **Ep.** Altă, imă, prŏfundă; firmă, vălĭdă, tĕnax; errans, văgă. 2. Sp. *A radish. O.* [? Răphănŭs.] 3. Fig. *The lower part* or *root of any thing* (foot of a hill, &c.). Viva ~-icĕ tĕnĕtŭr (saxum). *O.* Avulsam ~-ĭbŭs sĭlĭcem solvĕrĕ. *V.* ~-es ĭn cŭtem ăgĕrĕ (de pluma). *O.* ~ linguæ. *O.*

Rado, is, si, sum. 1. *To scrape* or *shave* (with a view to take what is scraped off, &c.). Sacrĭlĕgus qui Radăt Inaurati fĕmŭr Hercŭlis. *J.* [? Abrado, erado, derado, detrăho.] 2. *To rasp, plane* (with a view to polish). *Lr. See* Polio. 3. *To sweep* or *brush clear. H. See* Verro. Lit. and fig. 4. *To grate, strike, scrape against in passing.* Lit. and fig. ~-untŭr vomĕrĕ saxă. *Sil.* ~ aurĭcŭlas mordaci vero. *Pers.* 5. *To shave* (the beard, &c.). *M. See* Barba, Rasus. 6. *Used of the action of a river, &c., upon its banks.* Ripas ~-ĭă flumĭnă. *Lr. Tib.* [? Mordĕo, libo, allŭo, &c.] *See* Præfluo. Fig. 7. *To sweep the earth* (of winds, storms, &c.). ˜Aquĭlo ~-ĭt terras. *H.* [? Verro.] 8. *To graze, lightly* (or all but) *touch in passing.* ~ littŏrĭă (de navĕ). *V.* ăquas; ărenas (de remo). *Pp.* Ĭtĕr ĭlquĭdum (*sweeps* or *glides on its airy way*). *V.* [? Libo, lĕgo.]

Ramale, is. *n. A dry branch.* Multĭfĭdasquĕ făces, ramalĭăque arĭdă tecto Detŭlĭt. *O.*

Ramenta, orum. *n.* (seldom sing.) *Scrapings, shavings, filings,* &c. Et ramentă simŭl ferri fŭrĕre intŭs ăhenis. *Lr.* [? Partĭcŭlă, fragmentum.]

Ramus, ă, um. *Of branches* or *boughs.* Sic pŏsĭtum in clauso linquunt, et ramĕă costis Subjĭcĭunt fragmentă. *V.* [? Arbŏrĕŭs.]

Ramosus, ă, um. 1. *Full of boughs* or *branches.* Garrŭlă ramosa prospexĭt ăb illĕ cornix. *O. See* Frondens. Fig. 2. *Used of the stag's horns. V.* [? Arbŏrĕŭs.] 3. *Having numerous branches, shootings out, issues.* ~-am natis o cædĕ cŏlubris (hydrăm). *O.* ~-ă nubĭlă. *Lr.* compĭtă. *Pers.*

Ramulus, i. *m., dim. of* Ramus. Florĭdis vĕlŭt enĭtens Myrtŭs Asĭă ramŭlis. *Cat.*

Ramus, i. *m.* 1. *A branch, a bough.* Jam frăgĭles pŏtĕram a terra contingĕrĕ ramos. *V.* [? Frŭtex, ramŭlŭs; *sts.* palmes, surcŭlŭs.] **Ep.** Nŏvŭs, tĕnĕr, frăgĭlis, vĭrens, vĭrĭdis; cŏmans, frondens, ŏpacŭs, pătŭlŭs; curvŭs, curvatŭs, lentŭs, pendens. **Crcl.** Arbŏris brachĭă. Ramorum umbrĭă. *See* Frondeo, Pomosus, Umbraculum. 2. *A club.* Pulsŭs Mænălĭo ramo Cacŭs. *Pp.* [? Fustis, băculŭs, *or* clavă.] 3. *Wood for the fire.* Flammis imponĕrĕ ~-um. *O. See* Lignum.

Rana, æ. *f. A frog.* Semĭnă limŭs hăbet vĭrĭdes gĕnĕrantĭă ranas. *O.* [? Ranuncŭlŭs, ranŭlă.] **Ep.** Vĭrĭdis, vĭrens, pălustris, sordĭdă, turpis, lŏquax, garrŭlă, raucă, mŏlestă, importună. **Phr.** Stagni incŏlă.

Rancens, tis = rancĭdŭs. Undĕ cădavĕrĕ rancenti nunc viscĕrĕ vermes Exspirant. *Lr.*

Rancidulus, ă, um. *Somewhat rancid.* Lit. and fig. Non tămĕn his ullă unquam obsonĭă fiunt Rancĭdŭlă. *J.* ~-o orĕ lŏqui. *M.*

Rancidus, ă, um. 1. *Rancid, rotten, stinking.* Rancĭdă quo pĕrŏlent projectă cădavĕrĕ ritu. *Lr.* [? Rancĭdŭlŭs, rancens, putĭdŭs, fœtĭdŭs, &c.] *See* Fœtidus. 2. Fig. *Offensive, disgusting. J.* [? Rancĭdŭlŭs, putĭdŭs, putĭdŭlŭs, ŏdĭosŭs, mŏlestŭs, grăvis.]

Rapacitas, atis. *f. Rapacity.* Fur notæ nĭmĭum răpacĭtatis. *M. See* Rapina.

Rapax, acis. 1. *Rapacious, greedy of prey and plunder.* Cervi, lŭporum prædă răpacĭum. *H. See* Fur. 2. *Avaricious. Tib.* [? ˜Avarŭs.] 3. *Greedy generally.* ~ ignis. *O.* Orŭs. *H.* 4. *Seizing and bearing rapidly away.* Flŭvĭos innarĕ ~-es. *V.* ~ ventŭs. *O.* vis. *Lr.*

Raphael, elis. *m. The angel Raphael. Eccl.* Qualĭtĕr aut Răphăel occursum impendĕrĕt almæ. *Fort.*

Raphanus, i. *m. A radish.* Percurrunt răphănique mugĭlesque. *Cat.* [? Radix.]

Rapidus, ă, um. 1. *Seizing rapidly and greedily.* Lit. and fig. Destĭtŭor răpĭdis prædă cĭbusque fĕris. *O.* ~ Sirĭŭs; ignis; fessis æstŭs. *V.* 2. *Ra-*

pid, swift. ∾-a velocĭŭs aura. *O.* Vŏlŭcrĭs ∾-is-ĭmā (mitĭŭs). *O. See* CELER.

RĂPINĂ, æ. *f. Rapine, robbery; the booty; prey taken.* Abstractæquē bŏves abjuratæquē răpinæ. *V.* Æquŏrum ∾-as (pisces). *M.* [¶ Prædā, raptum, furtum.] *See* FURTUM, PRÆDA.

RĂPIO, ĭs, pŭi, raptum. **1.** *To snatch, to seize in haste* or *by force.* Et vălĭdam dextra răpĭt indefessā bĭpennem. *V.* ∾ de vulnĕrē telum. *O.* [¶ Corrĭpio, arrĭpio, căpio, prĕhendo, &c.] *See* CAPIO. **2.** *To carry off* (as a robber). ∾ stăbŭlis armentā. *O.* Răpĕ, congĕre, aufĕr, possĭde. *M.* [¶ Erĭpio, dirĭpio, aufĕro, tollo, extorquĕo, prædŏr, invado, abduco, furŏr, &c.] *See* FUROR (1.), PRÆDOR. **3.** *To carry off a woman. O.* [¶ Abduco.] **4.** *To pillage.* ∾-unt fĕruntquē Pergămā (ἄγουσι καὶ φέρουσι). *V.* [¶ Rapto, dirĭpio.] **5.** *To take away at once* or *rapidly; to take away.* Vires illĕ dăt, illĕ ∾-it. *O.* [¶ Aufĕro, ădĭmo, tollo, erĭpio, subduco, &c.] *See* ADIMO. **6.** *To carry, hurry rapidly along* or *away.* Lit. and fig. ∾ qm prono amni (de alvĕo). *V.* currum pĕr avĭā. *O.* orbes pĕr hŭmum (de serpentĕ). *V.* [¶ Abrĭpio, aufĕro, rapto, prorĭpio, tollo.] **7.** *To transport, convey rapidly from one place to another; carry hither and thither; lead* or *bring in haste.* Lit. and fig. ∾-i rhedis. *H.* ∾ totam ăcĭem ĭn Teucros. *V.* ănĭmum ĭn partes vărĭas. *H.* **8.** ∾ me. *To withdraw, take oneself off rapidly. H.* [¶ Prorĭpio, erĭpio, aufĕro, &c.] *See* FUGIO. **9.** ∾ vĭam, campum, ĭtĕr, &c. *To make haste, hasten over the ground.* ∾ vĭam; campum. *St.* gressus. *L. See* CURRO, FESTINO. **10.** *To catch quick hold of, seize upon* (of fire). *Sil.* [¶ Corrĭpio.] **11.** ∾ ignem, &c. *To catch fire.* ∾-unt sulfŭrā flammam. *O.* [¶ Concĭpio, corrĭpio.] Fig. **12.** *To lay hold of at once, take quickly, seize.* ∾ occasionem dĭc. *H.* cŏlorem. *O.* letum. *L.* **13.** *To seize as prey, captivate* (of love). Nostros ∾-ŭisti ŏcellos. *O.* ∾-it vultus tŭos (Nĕērā). *O.*

RAPTIM. **1.** *By stealth* or *by snatches.* Exĭgŭo gratoquē frŭaris tempŏrĭ raptim. *H.* **2.** Us. *Rapidly, hastily.* ∾ sĕcăt aĕrā pennis. *V.* congĕrĕrĕ oscŭlā. *O. See* CITO.

RAPTO, as. *freq. of* Rapio. **1.** *To drag along by force, to carry off forcibly, hurry away.* Lit. and fig. Ter circum Ilĭăcos raptavĕrāt Hectŏrā muros. *V.* ∾ ĭn crimĭnā divos. *Pp.* ∾-ăt cordā păvŏr. *V. Fl.* **2.** *To pillage.* ∾ arces. *St.*

RAPTOR, ōris. *m.* **1.** *A robber, plunderer.* Lit. and fig. Cacŭs ĕrat, mĕtŭendo raptŏr ăb antro. *Pp.* ∾-es ălĭeni hŏnorĭs. *O.* [¶ Prædatŏr, prædo, fur.] *See* FUR. **2.** Sp. *Used of the carrier-off of a woman. O.* Inferni ∾-is ĕqui. *Cl.* **3.** *Used of an animal* or *bird of prey.* Lŭpi ∾-es. *V.* [¶ Răpax, prædatŏr, prædo.]

RAPTUM, i. *n. Plunder.* Convectarĕ jŭvat prædas, et vivĕrĕ rapto. *V.* Vivĭtŭr ex rapto. *O.* [¶ Răpinā, prædā.]

RAPTUS, ă, um. *part. See* RAPIO. **1.** *Snatched up, seized in haste.* Raptos contentŭs ĭn armis Delĭbassĕ cĭbos. *Cl.* Raptā cĕres. *V. Fl.* **2.** *Lifted, driven off* (as booty); *plundered.* ∾-as prædas. *V.* dŏmos. *St.* **3.** *Carried off forcibly* (of the woman). *O.* **4.** *Snatched away* (from danger, &c.). ∾ pugna. *V.* ∾-os ex hostĕ Pĕnates. *V.* **5.** *Early, too soon taken away* (*i. e.* by death). ˘Ab ubĕrĕ ∾-i. *V.* ∾-i jactŭrā ămici. *O.* [¶ Ereptŭs, præreptŭs, ădemptŭs, &c.] *See* MORTUUS. **6.** *Taken* (stripped) *off* or *away, removed* (quickly or by violence). ∾ de subĕrĕ cortex. *V.* ∾-is aurĭbŭs. *V.* **7.** *Dragged along, hurried violently away.* Lit. and fig. ∾ Hectŏr ĕqui; cæco ămorĕ. *O.*

RAPTUS, us. *m.* **1.** *A carrying off by violence, a pillaging.* Ad sĕgĕtum raptus moturus signā. *L.* [¶ Raptum.] **2.** *A forcible abduction. O.*

RAPŬLUM, i. *n., dim. of* Rapum. Quum rapŭlā plenŭs Atque ăcĭdas mavult Inŭlas. *H.*

RAPUM, i. *n. A turnip.* Hæc tĭbĭ brumali gaudentĭā frigŏrĕ rapā. *M.* [¶ Rapŭlum.]

RAREFĂCIO, ĭs, fēci, factum. **1.** *To rarefy.* Et rarefecit călĭdo miscentĕ văporĕ. *Lr.* **2.** Pass. Nil prodessĕt ĕnim călĭdum denserĭ ignem, Nec rarefĭĕri. *Lr.* [¶ Raresco.]

RARESCO, ĭs. *To become loose,* or *thin,* or *rarefied; to open* (lose compactness), *to widen to the sight, become clear; to become rare, seldom, less and less.* Prætĕrĕa quum rarescunt quŏquē nubĭlā ventis. *St.* ∾-it terrā cĕlorĕ. ∾-unt mœnĭā Romæ. *St.* claustrā angusti Pĕlori. *V.* ∾-it miles (*keeps less compact order*). Sŭbĭto pāvorĕ ∾-entes ăcĭes. *Sil.* Sŏnĭtŭs ∾-it littŏrĕ. *Pp.* [¶ Rarefio, laxŏr, rĕlaxŏr, ăpĕrĭŏr, pandŏr, pătesco; decresco, mĭnŭŏr.] **Crcl.** Me –laxo, rĕlaxo, ăpĕrio, &c.

RARO. *adv. Seldom.* Addĕ, quŏd istĕ tŭus tam raro prælĭā passŭs. *O.* **Crcl.** Non *or* haud sæpē.

RARUS, ă, um. **1.** *Loose* (not dense), *thin, open-set.* Rarā sĭt (terrā), an supra morem sit densā, rĕquiras. *V.* ∾-a tĕgĭt arbŭtŭs umbra. Retā ∾-ā. ∾ ăcĭes. *V.* cribrum. *O.* [¶ Laxŭs.] **Crcl.** Non –spissŭs, densŭs. **2.** *Few in number.* Rārā errant ănĭmalĭā. *V.* [¶ Pauci.] **3.** *Rare* (seldom met with). ∾ ăvĭs. *H.* fratrum gratā. *O.* ∾-ĭmā simplĭcĭtas. *O.* [¶ Infrĕquens, insolĭtŭs, insuetŭs.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud –frĕquens, obvĭŭs, vulgarĭs. **4.** *The rare* or *choicest of its kind; the special few.* ∾-is aurĭbŭs plăcerĕ. *M.* ∾-os intĕr ămicos. *O.* Rarissĭmā conjux. *St.* [¶ Exĭmĭŭs, egrĕgĭŭs, præstans.]

RASILIS, ĕ. **1.** *That can be worked smooth,* &c. Nec tĭlĭæ læves, aut torno rasĭlĕ buxum. *V.* **2.** *Smoothed, polished.* ∾ hastā. *Sil.* călăthŭs; fibŭlā. *O. See* RASUS.

RASTRUM, i. *n.; pl.* RASTRĂ, *and* RASTRI, orum. *m. A hoe, mattock, rake.* Non rastros pătĭetur hŭmus, non vinĕā falcem. *V.* Arvăquē Cyclopum, quid rastrā, quĭd usŭs ăratri, Nesciā. *O.* [¶ Bĭdens; *at.* ligo.] **Ep.** Grăvĕ, durum, rigĭdum, mordax. **Crcl.** Rastri –ŏnŭs, pondŭs, dentes. Rastrorum vulnĕrā.

RASUS, ă, um. *part. See* RADO. **1.** *Smoothed, polished.* Tum læves călămos, et rasæ hastilĭā virgæ. *V.* Liber pumĭcĕ rasŭs. *M.* [¶ Rasilis, pŏlītŭs, lævis, attrĭtŭs, &c.] *See* POLITUS. **2.** *Close-shorn, having little* or *no nap left* (of cloths). Indutŭs galbănā rasā. *J.* Rasā tŏgā. *M.* **3.** *Shaven, shorn.* Vertĭcĕ ∾-o. *J. See* TONDEO. **4.** *Drawn, traced* (scratched in). *O.* **5.** *Grazed, grated* (scraped by). Terrā ∾-ā squamis. *O.*

RĂTIO, onis. *f.* **1.** *The manner, means,* or *plan of doing any thing.* Qua rătĭonĕ quŏd instăt Confĭĕri possĭt. *V.* Rem majorem făcĭĕrĕ ∾-onĕ mala. *H.* [¶ Mŏdŭs, vĭā, ars, artes, pacto (*abl.*).] **2.** *A process, art, science.* Navĭgĭi ∾. *Lr.* [¶ Ars.] **3.** *A doctrine, theory, system.* ∾ cœpit tŭā vocĭfĕrari. *Lr.* [¶ Doctrinā, sententĭā.] **4.** *An account, reckoning.* Lit. and fig. Quantum rătĭonĭbŭs addăt Sportŭlā. *J.* ∾-em pŭtarĕ. ∾ accepti atquē expensi. *Pl.* reddĭtā est vitæ mĕæ. *Sen. See* PUTO. **5.** *Regard, consideration.* ∾ laudis tŭæ hăbendā est. *O.* [¶ Curā, respectŭs.] **6.** *A reason, motive.* ˘Amŏr pătrĭæ, ∾ ĕ vălentĭŏr omni. *O.* Sĭt pro ∾-ē vŏluntas. *J.* [¶ Causā.] **7.** *The faculty of reason, reason, good sense.* [¶ Mens, judĭcĭum, consĭlĭum, prudentĭā.] **Crcl.** Sani sensus. Sanā mens.

RĂTIS, ĭs. *f. A raft* (*Pl.*); us. *a ship.* Nam rătē, quæ cura pugnacis factā Mĭnervæ. *O.* Rătĭum rŭinā. *L.* [¶ Navis, &c.] *See* N.

Rātŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Rĕor (I.). **1.** Act. *Having thought, thinking, supposing.* Nos ăblissĕ rāti, et vento pĕtĭlissĕ Mȳcenas. *V.* Ipsĕ ∾ dignam. *O.* **2.** Pass. *Settled, fixed, unalterably appointed,* &c. Dixĕrāt, idquĕ rātum (pĕr Stȳgā) annŭĭt. *V.* Hæc Turno ∾-ă vitā. *V.* [¶ Fixŭs, certŭs, stăbĭlis, firmŭs.] **3.** *Ratified, made good, accomplished.* Sint ∾-ă dictā Jŏvis. *O.* Effĭcĕrĕ ∾-as prĕces. *O.* Spes jŭbĕt essĕ ∾-as. *H.* [¶ Plenŭs.]

Raucĭsŏnŭs, ă, um. *Hoarse-sounding.* Multi raucĭsŏnis afflabant cornŭā bombis. *Cat.*

Raucŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Hoarse* (of the sound, and that from which it proceeds). Raucis rĕsŏnant arbustā cicadis. *V.* ∾ Codrŭs. *J.* ∾-o de guttŭrĕ fertŭr (vox). *O.* Æris ∾-i cănŏr. *V.* ∾ Adrĭā. *H.* ∾-ă tŏnitrŭā. *St.* [¶ Raucĭsŏnŭs.] **Crcl.** Raucā sŏnans. *See* Sonans. **2.** N. used adv. Sŏnarĕ ∾-um. *O.* raucā. *V.*

Rāvenna, æ. *f. A city of Cisalpine Gaul, now also Ravenna.* Lentā pāludosæ proscindunt stagnā Rāvennæ. *Sil.*

Rāvennas, atis. *m. f. n. Of* or *belonging to Ravenna.* Mĕllĭussĕ ranæ garriant Rāvennates. *M.*

Ravŭs, ă, um. *Tawny, sandy-grey.* Ravā decurrens lūpā Lanŭvino. *H. See* Fulvus.

Rĕatŭs, us. *m. The state of a person accused.* Si dĕt īniquā tĭbi tristem fortunā rĕatum. *M.* [¶ Crimĕn.]

Rĕbellatrix, icis. *f. One that rebels, f.* Tuquĕ, rĕbellatrix, tandem, Germanĭā, magni. *O.*

Rĕbellis, ĕ. *That takes up arms again; rebellious.* Lit. and fig. Nec post, arma ullā rĕbelles Ænĕādæ rĕfĕrent. *V.* ∾ ămŏr. *O.* [¶ Rĕbellans, indŏmĭtŭs, indŏcilis.] **Crcl.** Indŏcilis pacis. Jūgi impătĭens. Qui jūgum *or* jūgā –detrectăt, rĕcusăt, excūtĭt. Indoctŭs jūgum (*or pl.*) ferrĕ. I. bello absistĕrĕ.

Rĕbello, as. *To take up arms again, to revolt, rebel.* Pœnĕ, rĕbellares, et leto consŭlis omnes. *O.* [¶ Descisco, defĭcio.] **Crcl.** Bellum –rĕsumo, rĕnŏvo, nŏvo, instauro. Armā –rĕsumo, ĭterum pāro.

Rĕbŏo, as. **1.** Us. *To resound loudly, to re-echo.* Nec cĭthāris rĕbŏant lăquēata auratăquĕ templā. *Lr.* ∾-ant silvæ ĕt ŏlympŭs. *V.* [¶ Rĕmugio, rĕsulto, rĕsŏno, &c.] *See* Resono. **2.** Sts. *To answer to a cry, howl,* &c. ∾-ăt ursā lūpis. *V. Fl.*

Rĕcalcĭtro, as. *To strike with the heel, to kick up.* Lit. and fig. Cui mālĕ si palperĕ, rĕcalcĭtrāt undĭquĕ tutŭs. *H.*

Rĕcālĕo, es, *and* Rĕcālesco, is. *To become warm again, to become warm.* Lit. and fig. Spes ~ Itālas, rĕcālent nostro Tĭbĕrīnā flŭentā Sanguĭnĕ. *V.* Quid jŭvăt admŏnĭtu tĕpidam rĕcālescĕrĕ mentem. *O.* **Crcl.** Cālorem ĭterum –duco, concĭpio. Cālŏr rĕdĭt.

Rĕcalfăcio, is, feci, factum. *To make warm again.* Lit. and fig. Cālĭdumquĕ prĭoris Cædĕ rĕcalfecit consortis sanguĭnĕ telum. *O.* ∾ mentem. *O. See* Calefacio.

Rĕcandĕo, es, ŭi, *and* Rĕcandesco, is. **1.** *To become white, to become white again.* Percussā rĕcandŭĭt undā. *O.* **2.** *To become warm* or *hot again, to re-kindle to a flame.* Lit. and fig. Flammā rĕcandescet, quæ mŏdŏ nullā fŭit. *O.* Rĕcandŭĭt irā. *O.*

Rĕcanto, as. **1.** *To give back* (echo back) *a sound* (sing back). Nusquam Græcŭlā quod rĕcantāt Echo. *M. See* Recino. **2.** *To recant, recall.* Fias rĕcantatis āmicā Opprŏbrĭis. *H.* **3.** *To disenchant, break a spell* or *charm.* ∾-atæ curæ. *O.*

Rĕcedo, is, essi, essum. **1.** *To go back, retreat, go away, retire.* Lit. and fig. Adverso proterrĕt ĕquo; rŭĭt illĕ rĕcedens. *V.* A stăbŭlis rĕcedĕrĕ. *V.* Terræquĕ urbesquĕ ∾-unt. "In ventos vitā rĕcessĭt. *V.* [¶ Rĕtrocedo, cedo, abscedo, ăbĕo, discedo, rĕfŭgio, rĕfĕrŏr.] **Crcl.** Pĕdem (grādum, gressum) –rĕfĕro, rĕvŏco, rĕflecto. Me (cursum, vestigiā) rĕfĕro. Pĕdem rĕtrăho. Rĕtro pĕdem *or* corpŭs rĕfĕro. Do me rĕtro. Rĕtro –rĕdĕo, rŭo, vertŏr. Pĕdem verto. Rĕtro grādum flecto. Do tergā rĕtrorsŭs versā. *See* Abeo, Fugio. **2.** *To come* or *go out* or *from.* ∾ thălămo. *O.* rebŭs (de ŏdorĭbŭs). *Lr. See* Exeo. **3.** *To be* or *be situated in a retired place.* Dŏmŭs arbŏrĭbŭs obtectā rĕcessĭt. *V.* Quacunquĕ rĕcessĭt reglā. *Cat.* **4.** *To be parted from.* Antĕ rĕcessissĕt căpŭt hoc cervicĕ. *O.* [¶ Avellŏr, divellŏr, sepărŏr.]

Rĕcens, tis. **1.** *New, fresh.* Invitant herbæ gemmantes rorĕ rĕcenti. *L.* Sertis ∾-ibŭs halarĕ. *V.* ∾ lac. *O.* cædes. *V.* [¶ Nŏvŭs.] *See* N. **2.** ∾ ăquā. *O. Water fresh-drawn.* **3.** *Fresh in vigour,* &c. Rĕcentes ĕqui. *O.* [¶ Intĕgĕr.] **4.** Used with a or ab. *Fresh from* (coming fresh from). ∾ a vulnĕrĕ Dido. *V.* **5.** N. used adv. Solĕ ∾ orto. *V.* [¶ Nupĕr.]

Rĕcensĕo, es, ŭi. **1.** *To count up, to reckon.* Fortĕ rĕcensebat nūmĕrum carosquĕ nĕpotes. *V.* [¶ Nūmĕro, rĕcognosco.] **2.** *To go through, traverse.* ∾ signā sŭā (de solĕ). *O. See* Percurro. **3.** *To pass in review* (mentally). ∾ rerum ĕlĕmentā. *St.* **4.** *To recount, relate.* ∾ fortĭā factā. *O. See* Narro.

Rĕcepto, as. *freq. of* Recipio. *To take* or *receive again, to recover.* Plăcĭdo naturā rĕceptāt Cunctā sĭnu. *L.* ∾ hastam; sese (*to retire*). *V.* ănĭmam. *Lr.*

Rĕcĕitŭs, us. *m.* **1.** *A retreat, a retreating.* Cĕcĭnit jussos inflatā rĕceptus (tŭbā.) *O.* **2.** *A place of retreat. V.* [¶ Rĕcessŭs, secessŭs.] **Ep.** Tutŭs, fidŭs.

Rĕcessŭs, us. *m. A recess, retreat; a retired, sequestered place.* Lit. and fig. Hic spelunca fŭit, vasto submotā rĕcessu. *V.* ∾ (*pl.*) spelunca; gurgĭtis. *O.* mentis. *Pers.* [¶ Secessŭs, lătĕbræ, pĕnĕtralĕ.] **Ep.** Vastŭs, longŭs, sĕductŭs. *See* Secessus.

Rĕcĭdivŭs, ă, um. *Coming up* or *rising again* (after having been destroyed); *renewed from its ruins, regenerated.* Et rĕcĭdivā mānu pŏsŭissem Pergāmā victis. *V.*

I. Rĕcĭdo, *but us.* Rĕcĭdo, is, i (*from* Cado). *To fall back, fall again.* Lit. and fig. In quem recĭdimus, quidquid mortalĕ crĕatŭr. *O.* Delusā ne spes ăd quĕrelam recĭdăt. *Ph.* [¶ Rĕlabŏr; *sts.* rĕdĭgŏr, devĕnio.]

II. Rĕcĭdo, is, idi, isum (*from* Cædo). **1.** *To cut off* or *away.* Jam lĭbĕt hirsutam tĭbi falcĕ rĕcĭdĕrĕ barbam. *O.* ∾ vulnŭs ensĕ. *O.* ceras Inanes. *V.* [¶ Cædo, abscido, ampŭto, sĕco, &c.] *See* Seco, Adimo. **2.** Fig. *To retrench.* ∾ ambĭtiosā ornamentā; culpam supplĭcio. *H.*

Rĕcingo, is, xi, ctum. **1.** *To ungird* (loose, undo what was girded). Descendunt, velantquĕ căput, tūnicasquĕ rĕcingunt. *O.* **2.** Pass. (in the middle sense.) *To take off any thing girded on* (garments, &c.). Rĕcingŏr (*I strip*) nudăquĕ mergŏr ăquis. ∾-ītŭr sumptum anguem (*takes off the snake with which she was girded*). *O.* ferrum (*his sword*). *St.* [¶ Solvo, exŭo, pono.]

Rĕcino, is. *To sing repeatedly; to repeat, re-echo.* Implŏs parræ rĕcĭnentis omĕn Ducăt. *H.* ∾-ĕt jŏcosā nomĕn Imago. *H.* [¶ Rĕcanto, rĕfĕro, gĕmĭno, ingĕmĭno.]

Rĕcĭpio, is, cepi, ceptum. **1.** *To take again, take back, to recover.* Rem pŏpŭlus rĕcĭpit; mulctam sŭbĭerĕ nŏcentes. *O.* ∾ multa mortĕ ensem. *V.* [¶ Rĕcepto, rĕsumo, rĕtrăho; *sts.* rĕcŭpĕro.]

2. *To receive a person as his host, protector,* &c. ∾ hospĭtio. *O.* portis: ād sese. *V.* [¶ Rĕcepto, accĭpio, excĭpio.] 3. Gen. *To receive: to take, take in, accept* (give reception to what comes, is given, &c.). ∾ flumĭnĭā de tota terra (de frĕto): frigŭs. *O.* consŭlĭā *St* jussā *V. Fl.* *See* Accĭpio. 4. *To rescue.* ∾ qm mĕlĭo ex hostĕ. *V.* [¶ Erĭpio, servo.] 5. *To admit of, allow of.* ∾-ĭt hoc regnum dŭos. *Sen.* [¶ Căpio, admitto, contĭnĕo.] 6. ∾ pœnas a. *To take vengeance, inflict punishment upon.* Pœnas inĭmĭco a fratrĕ rĕcĭpi. *V.* [¶ Sumo, căpio.] 7. ∾ grādum, &c. *To return, go back upon one's steps.* ∾ ād lumĭnā gressum. *V.* *See* Redeo. 8. ∾ me. *To retire* (take oneself back).

Rĕcĭprŏco, as. *To cause to return the same way, to move to and fro alternately.* Quas auget vĕnĭens, rĕflŭŏsquĕ rĕcĭprŏcāt æstŭs (undas). *Sil.*

Rĕcĭprŏcus, ă, um. (Rĕcĭprŏcus. *Sen.*) 1. *Returning upon itself; moving to and fro, up and down,* &c., *alternately.* Itquĕ rĕlĭtquĕ rătis, lapsoquĕ rĕcĭprŏcā fluctu Descendĭt. *V. Fl.* Sŏpŏr est: rĕcĭprŏcos spirĭtus motus ăgĭt (*of the action of the lungs*). *Sen.* ∾-ă telā (*drawn back and shot forth*). *Att.* (*apud Varr.*) [¶ Alternŭs.] 2. Ūs. of the sea. *Ebbing and flowing.* Fertquĕ rĕfertquĕ frĕtum, sĕquĭturquĕ rĕcĭprŏcā Tethys. *Sil.* [¶ Alternŭs, rĕflŭŏs; bĭvĭo rĕflŭŏs cursu; alterno gurgĭtĕ procurrens (*flowing*).] Crcl. Undā rĕcĭprŏcā. Rĕflŭŏs æstŭs. Rĕflŭum (rĕlabens, abscedens, rĕfusum) mārĕ *or* æquŏr. Undæ –rĕlabentes. rĕflŭentes. Rĕvŏlubĭlĭs undā. Rĕvŏlutā pĕlāgĭ undā. Alterni fluctus. Ponti rĕcursūs. Phr. 1. *Of the ebbing and flowing of the sea.* Terrā ĕt mārĕ littŭs alternis vĭcĭbŭs vindĭcāt. Fluctus alterna vicĕ sempĕr fervent. Moles prŏfundi nunc hue, nunc illuc alterno æstu fertŭr. Pĕr alternos rĕcursus undā labĭtŭr. Pontŭs currĭt in adversum. Phr. 2. *Of the ebbing.* Pontŭs, &c. –rĕtro fŭgĭt răpĭdŭs;—rursŭs in se ipsĕ rĕcedĭt *or* rĕsĭdĕt; —littŭs labenti vādo rĕlĭnquĭt;—æstu rĕvŏlutā saxā rĕsorbĕt:—aufert se rĕfŭgis undis. ˘Arenæ rĕflŭo mārĭ nudantŭr. Littŏrā labenti ponto crescunt. Fluctus răpĭdo lapsu In æquŏrā fŭgĭunt. Fractā æquŏrā rĕcedunt. Æstŭs se undis declivĭbŭs ăgĭt. Phr. 3. *Of the flowing.* Pontŭs &c. –rŭit ād terras;—scŏpŭlos sŭpĕr spumantes undas jăcĭt;—extremam ārenam sĭnu perfundĭt. Mārĭā altā objĭcĭbŭs ruptis tŭmescunt. Fundĭtŭr ingens Oceānŭs.

Rĕcĭtātŏr, ōris, *m.* *One that reads out aloud* or *in public; one that speaks* or *recites from memory.* Indoctum doctumquĕ fŭgat rĕcĭtātŏr ăcerbŭs. *H.*

Rĕcĭto, as. *To read out aloud* or *in public; to recite, repeat,* or *quote from memory.* Sæpĕ sŭos sŏlĭtus rĕcĭtārĕ Prŏpertĭus ignes. *O.* Spectant, qui rĕcĭtārĕ sŏlent (*actors*). *M.*

Rĕclāmo, *sts.* Rĕclamo, as. 1. *To exclaim in opposition, to protest against.* Cui quŏnĭam rătĭo reclamat verā, nĕgatquĕ Credĕrĕ posse ănĭmum. *Lr.* 2. *To cry out* (loudly or repeatedly). "Quærĭ pĕrĕgrinum," vicinā rauca rĕclamāt. *H.* 3. Tr. *To call upon, call again and again.* ∾ dŏminam nomĭnĕ; Hȳlan pĕr avĭā. *V. Fl.* 4. Fig. *To ring again with noise, resound, recho.* ∾-ant æquŏrā (scŏpŭlis illisā). *V.* plangorĭbŭs arvā *St.* *See* Resono.

Rĕclīnis, *and* Rĕclīnis, ĕ. *Leaning back, reclining, lying down.* Inquĕ sinu jŭvĕnes pŏsĭta cervicĕ rĕclĭnis *O.* Hunc ŭbi rĕclinem stratis, et pacĕ frŭentem &c. *V. Fl.* ∾ postĕ. *St.* In gramĭnĕ *M.* [¶ Rĕclinatŭs, acclĭnis, innixŭs, fulcŭs, *or* jăcens, rĕcŭbans, &c.] *See* Rĕcŭbans.

Rĕclīno, and Rĕclĭno, as. 1. *To lean, recline, or lay down* (any thing). Defigunt tellure hastas, et scŭtā rĕclĭnant. *V.* Et lassos qua rĕclĭnavĕrĭt artus Ilĭcĕ. *St.* [¶ Fulcio, depono, sterno, rĕflecto.] 2. Fig. *To relieve, suffer to rest.* Nullum a lăborĕ mĕ rĕclĭnāt otĭum. *H.* *See* Levo. 3. Pass. (in mid. sense.) *To lie down.* ∾-ātŭs in gramĭnĕ. *H.*

Rĕclūdo, *and* Rĕclūdo, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To open, throw open.* Lit. and fig. Morĕ jŭbĕbatur, tristesquĕ rĕclūdĕrĕ portas. *V.* Æratas hosti rĕclūdĕrĕ portas. *O.* [¶ ˘Apĕrio, &c.] *See* A. 2. *To open, cleave* or *cut open.* ∾ tellurem dentĕ uncō. *V.* ensĕ jŭgŭlum. *O.* *See* Confodio. 3. *To bring out what is hidden,* or *unseen,* or *covered; to bare; and* fig. *to reveal, divulge.* ∾ thesaurōs tellurĕ. *V.* ensem; cœlum æstīvā lucĕ: fontes antiquæ artis. *V.* fatā. *H.* [¶ ˘Apĕrio, pātĕfăcio, exsĕro, educo, effĕro, detĕgo, &c.] *See* Ostendo. 4. Sts. *To shut, shut up, shut again. St.*

Rĕcoctŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Recoquo. 1. *Subjected twice* or *more to the action of fire.* Tum læves ŏcrĕas electro auroquĕ rĕcoctō (*double-refined,* i. e. *purest*). *V.* Crcl. Bis coctŭs. 2. Fig. Tibĭ ĕt Fufĭtio, sĕnĭ rĕcoctō. *Cat.* ∾ scrĭbā. *H.* [? A double-distilled rogue. In *Cat.* perhaps the allusion is to Pelias.] [¶ Rĕtorĭdŭs.]

Rĕcognosco, ĭs, ovi, itum. 1. *To recognize.* Et quæ ĭŏcā vidĕrāt antĕ, Cunctā rĕcognoscĭt. *O.* *See* Memini. 2. *To think* or *reckon over, pass before the mind.* ∾ donā pŏpŭlorum. *V.* [¶ Rĕcensĕo, percensĕo.]

Rĕcollĭgo, ĭs, egi, ectum. *To take again,* or *recover, regain.* In florem rĕdĕat, primosquĕ rĕcollĭgāt annos. *O.* ∾-ĭt demissos ignes (*of the moon*). *Sen.* [¶ Rĕsumo, rĕcĭpio.]

Rĕcŏlo, ĭs, ŭi, cultum. 1. *To re-cultivate.* Spargĕrĕ hŭmo partim post tempŏrā nostrā rĕcŭlæ. *O.* 2. *To inhabit again,* or *re-visit.* Nemo libenter rĕcŏlĭt, qui læsĭt, lŏcum. *Ph.* 3. *To honour anew, to honour.* ∾ dĭem festis ŏpĭmis. *Cl.* 4. *To renew, re-establish, restore.* ∾ gentem. *V. Fl.* [¶ Rĕnŏvo, rĕpăro, instauro.] 5. *To recall in thought, to recollect, think upon.* Hæc tŭā, nam ∾-o, quondam &c. *O.* ∾ pectŏrĕ sŭā factā. *Cat.* [¶ Volvo, verso, rĕcordŏr, mĕmĭnĭ, cogĭto.]

Rĕcŏmpŏsĭtŭs, ă, um. *part.* *from* Recompono. *Re-arranged.* Ponĕ rĕcŏmpŏsĭtas in stātĭonĕ cŏmas. *O.*

Rĕcondĭtŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Recondo. 1. *Hidden.* Promĕ rĕcondĭtum, Lydĕ strenŭā. Cæcŭbum. *H.* ∾ imo antro. *O.* *See* Abditus. 2. *Secret, retired.* Lit. and fig. Saltŭum ∾-orum. *Cat.* [¶ Rĕlŭctŭs.] *See* Arcanus.

Rĕcondo, ĭs, ĭdi, ĭtum. 1. *To hide.* Lit. and fig. Quasquĕ rĕcondĭdĕrat, Stȳgĭisque admovĕrāt umbris, Effŏdĭuntŭr ŏpes. *O.* Glādĭos ∾-unt (*sheath*). *V.* Quos famā obscurā ∾-ĭt. *V.* [¶ Condo, abdo, abscondo, &c.] *See* Abdo. 2. *To thrust deep in, out of sight; to bury* (of a sword in the body, or of food taken). ∾ ensem in pŭlmonĕ. *V.* lātĕri glādĭum; qd in alvo. *O.* [¶ Condo, infŏdĭo, mergo, &c.] 3. *To close, close again* (of the eyes). ˘Oculis erexĭt, visaquĕ ∾-ĭdĭt illa (Pyrămŭs). *O.* *See* Claudo. 4. Sts. *To discharge, emit.* ∾ orĕ æquas. *Pp.*

Rĕcondĭo, as. *To re-kindle, to re-vivify by blowing.* Undĕ rĕconflari sensus per membrā rĕpentĕ Possĭt. *Lr.*

Rĕcoquo, ĭs, oxi, octum. *To prepare,* or *prepare again, by means of heat* or *fire* (used of the cooking of meats, of things forged, fused, or brought any way into shape by fire). Cessĭt ămor; rĕcŏquunt pătrĭos fornacĭbŭs enses. *V.* ∾-ĭt fessos ætatĕ pārentes (Medĕā). *V. Fl.*

[† Cŏquo; (*re-forge*) rĕcudo.] *See* PROCUDO.

RĔCORDŎR, arĭs. *To recollect, to call to mind; to reflect upon.* Indē rĕcordati, Teucros a sanguĭnē Teucri Ducĕrē principĭum &c. *V.* ~-ŏr vocem vultumquē Anchisæ. *V.* hæc tăcĭtŭs. *H.* quæ sum passurā. *O. See* MEMINI, COGITO.

RĔCRĔO, as. 1. *To make* or *create again, to reproduce, renew, repair.* Corpŏrā retrĭbŭat rebus, rĕcrĕtetquē flŭentes. *Lr.* ~ lumĕn (de solē). *Lr.* [† Rĕnŏvo, rĕpāro.] *See* RESUSCITO. 2. *To revive, restore to strength; to refresh.* ~ tĕnŭatum corpŭs; arbŏrem æstiva aura. *H.* [† Rĕflĭcĭo, restĭtŭo, rĕlĕvo.] 3. *To refresh* (the mind); *to delight, charm.* ~ qm lĭbello. *H.* [† Jŭvo, mulcĕo, oblecto, delecto.] [The first syllable is probably not found long.]

RĔCRĔPO, as. 1. *To resound.* Lĕvē tympănum rĕmugit, căvā cymbălā rĕcrĕpant. *Cat.* 2. Tr. (dbf.) *To make resound.* Sæpē lăpis rĕcrĕpat Cyllenĭā munĕrā pulsŭs. *V.* (*Ciris.*)

RĔCRESCO, is. *To grow, increase again.* Lunā quăter lătŭit, pleno quătĕr orbē rĕcrevĭt. *O.*

RECTA. *abl. f.* (sc. via.) Used adv. *Straightforward, in a direct line.* Tendĭmŭs hinc recta Bĕnĕventum &c. *H.* Crel. Recta vĭa. Recto tramĭtē *or* limĭtē. Pĕr rectā. Rectos cursus dirĭgo. *Sts.* Recto littŏrē; r. flumĭnē.

RECTE. *Rightly, well.* Ipsē dĕcor recte facti, si præmĭtē desint. *O.* Rectŭs vives, Lĭcĭni, nĕque &c. *H.* [† Bĕnē, prŏbe, pulchre; *sts.* săplentĕr, rătĭonē, *or* jurē, mĕrĭto.] *See* BENE.

RECTOR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *He that governs in chief, a master, sovereign.* ~ divum, Jupĭtĕr. *V.* Dŏlŏpum. *O.* [† Rex, præsĕs, dŏmĭnŭs, gŭbernatŏr, arbĭtĕr.] 2. Sp. *The pilot of a vessel.* Gŭbernaclo ~ sŭbĭt. *V. See* GUBERNATOR. 3. *The driver of a carriage,* &c. *O. See* AURIGA 4. *The tutor of a minor. V.* [† Custos.] 5. *The owner of an estate, the landlord. M.* [† Dŏmĭnŭs, possessŏr.]

RECTUM, i. *n.* [Adj. used subst.] *That which is right, good, virtuous* (the principle of rectitude, goodness, &c.). Quos intra citraquē nĕquit consistĕrē rectum. *H.* Mens conscĭā ~-i. *V.* Cŏlĕrē fĭdem ĕt ~-um. *O.* [† Æquum, jus.] *See* VIRTUS.

RECTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Straight, not crooked* or *winding.* Illā quĭdem recto pugnat se attollĕrē trunco. *O.* Longa trăbē rectŏr (angulis). *O.* ~-o flumĭnē. *V.* [† Directŭs.] 2. = erectŭs. *Standing upright, unbent.* Lit. and fig. Primā ĕt rectā sĕnectus. *J.* Sĕcundis tempŏrĭbŭs dŭbĭisquē ~. *H.* [† Stans, indejectŭs.] 3. *Facing forward, frontwards, front first.* Excĭpĕrē fŭgientes ~-o agmĭnē. *L.* Pĕdĭbŭs vestigĭā ~-is. *V.* Nĕc ~-as ĭn antrā bŏves ducĕrē. *M.* [† Adversŭs.] 4. Of the look. *Direct, straightforward, steady* (not askance or flinching). Nusquam ~ ăcies. *O.* Lŏqui ~-a făcĭe. *J.* [† Fixŭs; *sts.* irrĕtortŭs.] 5. Fig. *Right, just, good, praiseworthy, excellent.* [† Bŏnŭs, prŏbŭs, pulchĕr, præstans, &c.] *See* RECTUM, JUSTUS.

RĔCŬBANS, tĭs. *part. See* RECUBO. *Lying down, lying along.* Titŷrĕ, tu pătŭlæ rĕcŭbans sub tegmĭnē fagi. *V.* [† Rĕcumbens, jăcens, stratŭs, rĕclĭnĭs, rĕclĭnatŭs, fusŭs, rĕsŭpinŭs, projectŭs, cŭbans, prostratŭs, decumbens, extensŭs; *sts.* compŏsĭtŭs.] Crel. Hūmi -jăcens, fusŭs, stratŭs. ~In herba (ĭn umbra, ĭn gramĭnē, pĕr gramĭnā, pĕr herbam) fusŭs. Membrā tŏro fusŭs. Corpŭs *or* membrā hūmi stratŭs. Corpŏrē hūmo fusŭs. Sŏlo (ĭn tellurē) jăcens *or* rĕcŭbans. Sŭb umbra -jăcens, stratŭs. *See* RECUBO.

RĔCŬBO, as, ŭi. *To lie down.* Sub qua nunc rĕcŭbas arbŏrē, virgā fŭit. *O.* [† Rĕcumbo, jăcĕo, sternŏr, decumbo, extendŏr, quĭesco.] Crel. Lătŭs depono (ĭn). Hūmo rĕsŭpinŭs jăcĕo. Artus projĭcĭo. Phr. Proptĕr rivum ăquæ (sŭb ramis arbŏrĭs, optatæ tellurĭs grĕmĭo, ĭn fulvis ărenis, pĕr antrum, tĕnĕra ĭn herba) procumbĭt (rĕcumbĭt, decumbĭt, jăcĕt, &c.). *See* RECUBANS, JACEO, CUBO, DORMIO.

RĔCUMBO, ĭs. 1. *To lie down, to lie.* Intĕr ŏpus tauros, mĕdĭoquē rĕcumbĕrē sulco. *O.* ~ sponda. *O. See* RECUBO. 2. *To sit* (recline) *at table.* ~ mensis. *H.* Quos intĕr Augustus ~-ens. *H. See* ACCUMBO. 3. *To hang down upon, sink* or *lie upon* (from weakness). ~In hūmĕros (hūmĕro. *O.*) cervix ~-ĭt. *V.* [† Inclinŏr, incumbo.]

RĔCURO, as. *To restore to health.* Et me rĕcuravi otĭoque ĕt urtica. *Cat.*

RĔCURRO, ĭs, curri, rsum. 1. *To run back;* fig. *to return, revert.* Inquē sŭos fontes versā rĕcurrĭt ăquā. *O.* ~Ad Mæcenatem mentē rĕcurrĕrē. *H.* [† Rĕcurso, rĕvŏlo, rĕdĕo, &c.] *See* REDEO. 2. *To run. M.* Fig. 3. *To have recourse to.* ~Ad vatĭs fatā ~. *O.* [† Confŭgĭo.] 4. Tr. *To begin again* (with cognate acc.) ~ sæpē cœptum ĭtĕr. *O. See* CURRO.

RĔCURSO, as. *freq. of* Recurro. Fig. *To recur, return to the thoughts.* Multā vĭri virtus ănĭmo multusquē rĕcursăt Gentĭs hŏnos. *V.* Sŭb noctem curā ~-ăt. *V.* [† Rĕdĕo, obversŏr, sŭbĕo.]

RĔCURSŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A running back; the course to and fro of the tide* (flux and reflux). Indē ăllĭos ĭnĕunt cursus ăllĭosquē rĕcursus. *V.* Pĕr alternos unda labentē rĕcursus. *O.* 2. *A means* or *way of return.* Dant fatā ~-um. *O. See* REDITUS.

RĔCURVO, as. *To bend back, to bend; to curve.* Sivē fĕrocĭs ĕqui luctantĭā collā rĕcurvas. *O.* ~-atis ludĭt Mæandĕr ĭn undis (*winding*). *O.* [† Curvo, flecto, &c.] *See* CURVO.

RĔCURVŬS, ă, um. *Bent, bent back, crooked.* Pastoralē cănit signum, cornuquē rĕcurvo. *V.* Æsĭā ~-ă (*fishing-hooks*). *O. See* CURVUS.

RĔCUSANS, tĭs. *part. See* RECUSO. *Unwilling, reluctant.* Jussā rĕcusantes pĕrăgunt lăcrĭmosā mĭnistri. *O.* [† Rĕluctans, invitŭs, nolens.]

RĔCUSO, as. *To refuse.* Lit. and fig. Qui frenā cŏactŭs Sæpē rĕcusati cepĕrĭt impĕrĭi. *O.* ~ uxorem grandi cum dotē; făcĕrē qd. *H.* irē. *V.* [† Abnĕgo, detrecto, nolo, rĕfŭgĭo, rĕnŭo; *sts.* nĕgo.] *See* RECUSANS.

RĔCUSSŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Recutio. *Shaken to and fro.* ~Utĕroquē rĕcusso Insŏnŭerē căvæ &c. *V.* ~-o æquŏrē. *V. Fl.*

RĔCUSSŬS, us. *m. A rebound, recoil* (found only in abl.). Quæ prĭŭs ex longo nŏcŭerunt telā rĕcussu. *L.*

RĔCŬTITŬS, ă, um. *Gulled.* Nec ruptæ rĕcŭtitā collā mulæ. *M.*

RĔDARGŬO, ĭs, ŭi. *To confute, refute; to convict of being wrong, false,* &c. Advenit qui vestrā dĭes mŭltĭcrĭbŭs armis Verbā rĕdargŭĕrĕt. *V.* [† Rĕfello, rĕfuto, detĕgo, ostendo, argŭo.]

REDDO, ĭs, ĭdi, ĭtum. 1. *To give* or *render back, to return, restore.* Ereptum reddi sĭbĭ poscĭt hŏnorem. *V.* Et sātā cum multo fœnŏrē reddĭt ăgēr. *O.* [† Restĭtŭo, rĕfĕro, rĕpono, trado.] 2. *To pay* or *give what is due,* &c. (whether in honour, custom, money, &c.), *where due.* ~ solennĭā votā nymphis; lancĭbŭs extā. *V.* exsĕquĭas dŭci. *O.* menstrŭā turā Lāri. *Tib.* [† Solvo, exsolvo, persolvo, rĕfĕro, fĕro, do.] 3. *To restore the lost, absent,* &c., or *dying to their friends; to restore, recall any thing lost* or *given away.* Redděrĭs heu! quanto fatorum mŭnĕrē nobis! *M.* ~ ănĭmum finitis āmorĭbŭs. *H.* [† Rĕdono, rĕmitto, rĕvŏco.] 4. *To send back*

again, to return. ∾ telă. *St.* [† Rĕmitto.] **5.** *To repeat, recite.* ∾ dictătă; carmĕn. *H.* [† Rĕpĕto.] **6.** *To say* or *utter in answer, to utter, speak.* ∾ responsă; voces. *V.* tallă; verbă nŏvissĭmă. *O.* ∾-ĭdĭt vocem ună bŏum. *O.* [† Rĕfĕro, edo.] *See* RESPONDEO, LOQUOR. **7.** *To send forth, send out a sound* (in return, as it were, to impulse, &c., given). ∾ stridorem verso cardĭnĕ (de janŭa). *O.* ∾-ĭt chordă sŏnum. *H.* spĕcŭs atri vulnĕrĭs undam. *V.* [† Do, mitto, emitto, egĕro, &c.] **8.** ∾ ănĭmam, vitam, lucem, &c. = mŏrĭŏr. *See* M. **9.** *To resemble a person, represent him in features,* &c. Qui te nomĭnĕ ∾-ĕt, Silvĭŭs Æneas. *V.* Orĕ ∾-entĭă formam tŭam. *Sil.* [† Rĕfĕro, exhĭbĕo, exprĭmo.] **10.** *To make, render, cause to be.* ∾ vină mĕllĭorĕ. *H.* qm artĕ insignem. *V.* Albŭlam Tĭbĕrim (*cause it to become in name*). *O.* [† Efficio, făcio, præsto.] **11.** = do. *To give, bestow; to give, assign; to give* (into the hands), &c. ∾ ŏpem. *St.* Reddĭtă est illĭs mobĭlĭtas mĕandi. *Lr.* A quo tĭbĭ littĕră nostră ∾-ĭtŭr. *O.* [† Do, affĕro, trĭbŭo.] *See* DO.

RĔDEMPTŎR, ŏrĭs. *m.* **1.** *A contractor of works.* Huc frequens Cæmentă demittit rĕdemptor. *H.* **2.** *The Redeemer. Eccl. See* CHRISTUS.

RĔDĔO, is, ivi *or* ĭi, ĭtum. **1.** *To return, come* or *go back* (of persons). Titŷrĕ, dum rĕdĕo, brĕvĭs es vĭă, pascĕ căpellas. *V.* Quină rĕdĭbant armentă. Extremos pŭdĕat rĕdĭissĕ. *V.* Contra jussă rĕdĭissĕ. *O.* [† Rĕvertŏr, rĕgrĕdĭŏr, rĕmĕo, rĕmĭgro, reddŏr, rĕfĕrŏr.] **Crcl.** Me –rĕcĭpĭo, reddo, rĕfĕro. Sum rĕdux. Pĕdem (gressum, grădum, vestigĭă) –rĕfĕro, rĕflecto, rĕvŏco, rĕporto. ˘Itĕr rĕpĕto *or* rĕlĕgo. Cursus Itĕro. Me rĕdŭcem reddo *or* rĕfĕro. Lŏcum rĕpĕto *or* rĕviso. ˘Itĕrum (rursŭs) adsum. Rursŭs tendo ăd. Rĕdĭtum fĕro ĭn. **Phr.** Vestigĭă rĕtro observătă sĕquŏr. Cursu &c. rĕmenso adsum. ˘Itĕr omnĕ rĕvolvo. Rĕdŭcem pĕdem littŏri &c. imprĭmo. **2.** *To return, re-appear,* &c. (of things.) ∾-ĕunt Saturnĭă regnă; gramĭnă campis. *V.* ∾-ĭt ăgrĭcŏlis lăbŏr; călŏr ossĭbŭs. *V.* [† Rĕvertŏr, rĕducŏr, rĕnascŏr.] **3.** *To fall back upon, re-act upon.* ˘In măgistrum scĕlĕrĕ rĕdĭerunt sŭă. *Sen.* [† Rĕcĭdo, *us.* recĭdo.] **4.** *To come to, issue in, be reduced to.* Ne tĭbĭ res ăd nĭlum rĕdĕunt. *Lr.* Hæc verbă huc rĕdĕunt. ˘In ĕum res rĕdĭit lŏcum, ŭt, &c. *Ter.* [† Vĕnĭo, devĕnĭo, rĕdĭgŏr.] **5.** *To return* (be received) *as produce, revenue,* &c.; *also of property inherited.* Ex pĕcŏrĕ rĕdĕunt tĕr dŭcenă. *M.* **6.** ∾ ăd me. *To recover oneself* (come back to consciousness); and fig. *to a right mind.* **Crcl.** Mentem *or* ănĭmum –rĕcĭpĭo, rĕcepto, rĕcollĭgo. ˘In sensus paulatim rĕdĕo. Sensus mĕi convălŭerĕ. Rĕdĭt mens. Lux menti reddĭtŭr. Discŭtĭuntŭr ănĭmo umbræ; discŭtĭtŭr ă. nŭbes.

RĔDĔNS, ĕuntĭs. *part. See* REDEO. *Returning.* Ædĕ sŭburbana rĕdĭens. *O.* Rĕdĕuntis cornŭă lunæ. *O.* [† Rĕvertens.] *See* REDUX.

RĔDĬGO, ĭs, ĕgi, actum. **1.** *To bring back, to drive* or *force back.* Fillă parvă dŭas rĕdĭgebat montĕ căpellas. *O.* [† Rĕduco.] *See* R. **2.** *To bring to, reduce to* (with ad or in, &c.). ∾ ăd intĕrĭtum gĕnŭs mortalĕ. *Lr.* mentem ĭn veros tĭmores. *H.* ∾-i (*pass.*) ăd vilem assem (*of a sum of money*). *H.* ăd nŭmĕrum dŭorum. *O.* [† Adduco, ăgo, ădĭgo, pertrăho, compello (ĭs); (*for money, numbers,* &c.) adduco, ăgo; rĕdĕo, rĕcĭdo.] **3.** *To get in, call in, raise, receive* (of money). ∾ idĭbŭs pĕcunĭam. *H.*

RĔDĬMICŬLUM, i. *n. A female ornament for the head* or *neck* (head-band, necklace, &c.). Et *tŭnĭcæ* mănĭcas, ĕt hăbent rĕdĭmicŭlă mitræ. *V.* ∾-ă *pectŏrĕ* pendent; aurĕă solvĕrĕ collo. *O.*

RĔDĬMĬO, is, itum. *To bind* or *wind round, to crown.* Infŭlă cui sacra rĕdĭmibat tempŏrĕ vitta. *V.* ∾ căpillos mitra. *O.* crinem cŏrymbis. *St.* [† Cingo, &c.] *See* CORONO *and* REDIMITUS.

RĔDĬMITŬS, ă, um. *part. See* REDIMIO. **1.** *Bound round* or *crowned.* Bacchĕ răcemifĕros hĕdĕra rĕdĭmitĕ căpillos. *O.* [† Cŏronatŭs, cinctŭs, præcinctŭs, evinctŭs.] **2.** Gen. *Girt, dressed, garlanded.* Silvis ∾-ă lŏcă dĕæ; cŏrollis dŏmus. *Cat.* ∾-um missĭlĕ (de thyrso). *St.*

RĔDĬMO, ĭs, emi, emptum. **1.** *To ransom, redeem a prisoner.* Si tĭbi ăb Atrida prĕtĭo rĕdĭmendă fŭissem. *O.* **2.** Gen. *To redeem, save.* Nĕc tŭă te pugnantem formă ∾-ĭt. *O.* [† Libĕro, exĭmo.] **3.** *To redeem at a certain cost, to buy off;* fig. *to make amends for, to atone for.* ∾ fratrem alterna mortĕ (de Pollucĕ). *V.* perjurĭă sŭă pĕr nostram pœnam. *O.* [† Rĕpendo.] **4.** *To make up for, retrieve* (of time). ∾ mŏras. *St.* [† Sarcĭo, rĕsarcĭo.] **5.** Sts. *To re-purchase. Pl.;* and *to purchase. M. See* EMO, REDEMPTOR.

RĔDĬTŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *A return.* Hi nostri rĕdĭtus, exspectatiquĕ trĭumphi! *V.* Cărerĕ ∾-u. *O.* ∾-us (*pl. acc.*) abscindĕrĕ. *H.* [† Rĕgressŭs, rĕcursŭs.] **Ep.** Optatŭs, serŭs, felix. **2.** *Revenue, income. O.* [† Proventŭs; *sts.* vectĭgăl.]

RĔDĬVIVŬS, ă, um. *Coming to life again, revived.* Æstŭăt, et venis sanguis rĕdĭvivŭs Inundăt. *Cl.* [† Rĕnascens, rĕnatŭs, rĕsurgens.] **Crcl.** ˘Ad vitam (a mortĕ) rĕvŏcatŭs. Sŭpĕris auris reddĭtŭs *or* rĕvŏcatŭs. Surgens a mortĕ. Mortĕ victa rĕsurgens. **Phr.** Infernis ăb umbris rĕvŏcatŭs. Gustata pœnĕ Lethes unda rĕmissŭs.

RĔDŎLĔO, es, ŭi. *To send forth a scent, to smell, to savour of* (with abl. or acc.). Lit. and fig. Fervĕt ŏpus, rĕdŏlentquĕ thŷmo fragrantĭă mellă. *V.* ∾ mensas. *O.* delĭcĭas Nini. *M.*

RĔDONO, as. **1.** *To restore.* Quis te rĕdonavit Quĭritem Dis pătrĭis ˘Ităloquĕ cœlo? *H.* **2.** *To give up, resign in favour of,* &c. Grăves iras ĕt invisum nĕpotem Marti rĕdonabo. *See* REDDO.

RĔDUCO, ĭs, xi, ctum. (REDUCO. *Lr.*) **1.** *To bring* or *lead back, cause to return.* Lit. and fig. Omĭnă ni rĕpĕtant Argis, numenquĕ rĕducant. *V.* Vespĕr vĭtŭlos ăd tectă ∾-ĭt. ∾ solem. *V.* somnum; fĕbrim; spem. *H.* [† Rĕdĭgo, rĕtrăho, rĕvŏco; reddo, rĕfĕro, restĭtŭo, rĕvĕho.] **2.** *To attend* (a person) *back. M.* [† Deduco.] **3.** *To bring back to the recollection. M.* [† Reddo, rĕfĕro.] **4.** *To draw back* (*e.g.* the hand, foot, &c.); sts. *to turn back* or *aside* (*e.g.* the face); fig. *to withdraw oneself in mind, thought,* &c. ∾ ăd pectŏrĕ remos. *O.* plantas. *H.* pŭdĭbundă orĕ. *St.* [† Rĕtrăho, &c.] *See* R. **5.** Sts. *To bring,* or perhaps *to reduce* (to a certain shape, disposition, &c.). ∾ qm ĭn formam. *O.* ănĭmum ăd mĭsĕrĭcordĭam. *Ter.* [† Adduco.] **6.** *To bring forth, produce.* ˘Anĭmalĕ gĕnŭs ĭn lumĭnă vitæ ∾-ĭt Vĕnŭs &c. *Lr. See* REDUCTUS.

RĔDUCTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* REDUCO. (REDUCTUS. *Lr.*) **1.** *Restored, brought back.* Servatam ob navem lætus sŏcĭosquĕ rĕductos. *V.* **2.** *To draw back.* Librarĕ cæstus ∾-a dextra. *V.* Æquŏr ∾-is remis convulsum. *V.* **3.** *Sequestered, retired, running back* or *inland.* ∾-ă vallĭs. *V.* ∾-i sĭnus (mărĭs). *V.* [† Rĕmotŭs, secretŭs, &c.] *See* REDUCO.

RĔDUNCŬS, ă, um. *Hooked, crooked, bent back.* ˘Avis pennis rostroquĕ rĕdunco. *O. See* UNCUS.

RĔDUNDO, as. (RĔDUNDATŬS. *part. dep. O.*) **1.** *To overflow, run over.* Guttŭrĕ fac pleno sumptă rĕdundĕt ăquă. *O.* [† Exundo, ăbun-

do, stagno, sŭperflŭo.] 2. Fig. *To abound with* or *in, to have abundantly.* ∾ elŏquĭo. *Cl.* [† ˘Abundo, affluo, sŭperflŭo.] 3. *To redound, recoil, fall upon.* ˘In me commissi pœnā ∾-ět. *O.* [† Rĕdĕo, rĕlabŏr, pertĭnĕo *or* rĕcĭdo (*us.* recĭdo).] [Found tr. = copiose dicĕrĕ. *St.*]

RĔDUX, ŭcĭs. *m. f.* 1. *Blessing with a safe return* (epithet of the gods). Et sŭā det rĕdŭci vir mĕŭs armā Jŏvi. *O.* Vŏverĕ templā Fortunæ rĕdŭci. *Cl.* 2. Us. *Brought back, returning, having returned.* Tibĭ ∾-es sŏcĭos nuntĭo. *V.* ∾ cărinā. *O.* [† Rĕversŭs, reddĭtŭs, rĕductŭs, rĕdĭens, incŏlŭmĭs, servatŭs.] 3. *Restored, renewed, re-appearing.* ∾-es chŏrĕæ. *M.* ∾-is exordĭā formæ (de Phœnicĕ). *Cl.*

RĔFELLO, ĭs. *To refute, disprove.* Et solus ferro crimen communē rĕfellam. *V.* ∾ dictā. *V.* [† Rĕfuto, confuto, cŏargŭo, rĕdargŭo, explodo, frango.]

RĔFERCĬO, is, rsi, rtum. *To fill cram full.* Congestis ŏpĭbus donisquē rĕfersĭt ŏpimis. *Sil.* Cerā rĕfertā nŏtis. *O.* [† Implĕo, cŭmŭlo.]

RĔFĔRĬO, is. *To strike again* or *back;* hence, *to return a sound* or *image, to reflect.* Oppŏsĭta spĕcŭli rĕfĕrĭtŭr ĭmagĭnē Phœbūs. *O.* [† Rĕpercŭtĭo.]

I. RĔFĔRO, ers, retŭli, rĕlatum (*see* RELATŬS. *Lr.*), rĕferrĕ. 1. *To bring* or *fetch back* (of persons). Indē jŭbetē pĕti, et rĕfĕrentem ornate rĕlatis (de armis ˘Achilleis). *O.* 2. ∾ pĕdem, grādum, &c. *V. O. To draw back, retreat. See* RECEDO. 3. ∾ me, *sts.* pĕdem. *V. To return. See* REDEO. 4. *To convey, carry,* or *bring back.* Lit. and fig. ∾ navem ĭn mārĕ. *H.* Rātem æstus rĕfert. *Sen.* ∾ prætĕrĭtos annos. *V.* Ænean ănĭmo noxquē dĭesquē rĕfert. *O.* [† Rĕporto, rĕvĕho, rĕduco; *fig.* rĕduco, rĕvŏco, reddo.] 5. *To bear away, gain, acquire.* ∾ laudem ět spŏlĭā. *V. See* POTIOR. 6. *To bring back a person to the mind from resemblance to him, to resemble.* ∾ qm orē. *V.* [† Reddo, exprĭmo, exhĭbĕo, sĭmĭlo.] 7. *To bring back, restore a custom,* &c. ∾ morem; cursus; certamĭnā. *V.* 8. *To renew.* ∾ bellā pŏpŭlis. *Sil.* [† Rĕnŏvo, rĕsumo, &c.] 9. *To return from the stomach, throw up, vomit.* ∾ vinā. *O.* [† Vŏmo.] 10. *To relate; tell, say.* ∾ monstrā dĕum. *V.* Horresco ∾-ens. *V.* Dignā rĕlatu. *O.* Retŭlĭt heros essē Jŏvĭs prŏnĕpos. *O. See* NARRO; DICO. 11. *To say in return, answer; echo back.* Talĭā vocē rĕfert. *V.* Illē rĕfert. *O.* Eurĭdĭcen ∾-ebant ripæ. *V. See* RESPONDEO. 12. *To count.* ∾ nūmĕrum (ŏvĭum). *V. See* RECENSEO. 13. *To remember, call to mind, reflect upon.* Rĕfĕr tecum factā pŭellæ. *O.* Si fortē rĕfers. *O.* ∾ qd ăd ănĭmum. *Ph. See* MEMINI, MEDITOR. 14. *To turn, direct,* &c. Lit. and fig. ˘Ad jŭvĕnem retŭlĭt orā. *V. Fl.* ∾ multā ĭn mĕlĭŭs. *V.* [† Verto, converto, rĕduco.] 15. *To return thanks, show gratitude* (with grates, gratiam, &c.). [† Rĕpendo, solvo.] 16. ∾ acceptum. *To acknowledge, own as due, attribute.* Acceptum rĕfĕro versĭbŭs, essē nŏcens. *O.*

II. REFERT, referrĕ. *unip. It concerns, imports, is important.* Nĕque ēnim nūmĕro comprendĕrĕ refert. *V.* Nĕgas referrē quali sĭt &c. *H.* Refert magni. *Lr.* mĕa. *Pl.* [† Intĕrest, attĭnĕt, pertĭnĕt.]

RĔFĬCIO, ĭs, eci, ectum. 1. *To make anew, to repair, restore part.* At lăcĕras ĕtĭam puppes fŭrĭosā rĕfeci. *O.* [† Rĕnŏvo, restĭtŭo, instauro, restauro, rĕpāro.] 2. *To fill up* (a number wanted), *recruit. V.* [† Supplĕo.] 3. *To refresh, recruit in strength, revive. O.* [† Rĕpāro, rĕcrĕo.] 4. *To re-animate.* ∾ ĭn prœlĭā pulsos. *V.* [† Erĭgo.]

RĔFIGO, ĭs, xi, xum. 1. *To unfix, take down* or *off what is fastened* or *is hanging up.* Sub dŭcĕ, Parthorum templis qui signā rĕfixĭt. *H.* ∾ clypĕos. *Sil. See* REFIXUS, VELLO. 2. Fig. *To abolish a law* (take down the tables on which it is written). Figĕrĕ leges atquē ∾. *V.* [† Rescindo, ăbŏlĕo.] *See* FIGO.

RĔFINGO, ĭs, inxi, ictum. *To make, form again.* Sufficĭunt, aulasque et cerēā tectā rĕfingunt. *V.* [† Rĕfĭcio.] *See* R.

RĔFLAGITO, as. *To ask over again,* or *again and again.* Persĕquamŭr ēam, et rĕflagĭtemŭs. *Cat.*

RĔFLECTO, ĭs, exi, exum. 1. *To bend back.* Inquē căput crescit, longosquē rĕflectĭtŭr ungues. *O. See* CURVO. 2. *To turn back, turn again* or *aside.* ∾ collā. *V.* orā lăcĭĭmis vĕnĭentĭbŭs. *O.* [† Rĕtorquĕo, inflecto, flecto.] 3. Sts. ∾ ŏcŭlos = respĭcio. *See* R. 4. ∾ pĕdem, &c. = rĕdĕo. *See* RECEDO, REDEO. Fig. 5. *To turn the mind, the thoughts back;* or *to direct the thoughts, intentions,* &c., *any way.* ∾ ĭn mĕlĭŭs orā; ănĭmum. *V.* 6. = flecto. *To bend to pity,* &c.

RĔFLO, as. Tr. *To blow out* or *back, to exhale; to inflate.* Hic idem quum ducĭtŭr atquē rĕflatŭr (aer). *Lr.* Mŏrĭbundā rĕflantes corpŏrā. *St. See* SPIRO.

RĔFLORESCO, ĭs. *To bloom again.* Lit. and fig. Celsus, ceu prima reflorescentē jŭventa. *Sil.*

RĔFLŬO, ĭs, uxi, uxum. *To flow back, to ebb, to retire, subside* (of waters). Dissultant ripæ, rĕflŭĭtquē exterrĭtŭs amnĭs. *V.* Quum ∾-ĭt campis (Nilŭs). *V.* [† Rĕlabŏr, rĕcurro, rĕcedo.] Crcl. Rĕtro -fĕrŏr, rĕfĕrŏr, fŭgio. Amnis &c. -In sese (In fontes sŭos) rĕdĭt;—In sese rĕflŭo lapsu rĕdĭt;—versā ăquā fonti rĕlabĭtŭr, *or* ăd fontem rĕcurrĭt. Undā rĕlabens pĕdem rĕvŏcăt (rĕtrăhĭt). *See* RECIPROCUS.

RĔFLŬŬS, ă, um. *Flowing back, retiring; ebbing and flowing.* Et, quas ocĕāno rĕflŭum mārĕ lavĭt, ārenas. *O.* [† Rĕflŭens, rĕlabens, rĕcurrens, rĕvŏlutŭs.] *See* RECIPROCUS.

RĔFŎDIO, ĭs, odi, ossum. *To dig up again, to dig up* or *out.* Tellurē rĕfossa, Occultos lătĭces quærunt. *L. See* EFFODIO.

RĔFORMIDO, as. *To dread, shrink from in fear.* Membrā rĕformidant mollem quŏquē saucĭā tactum. *O. See* TIMEO.

RĔFORMO, as. *To restore to the original form* or *shape; to re-make, form anew.* Orē rĕformatus primos ˘Iŏlaŭs ĭn annos. *O.* [† Rĕfingo, rĕfĭcio, reddo, rĕvŏco.]

RĔFŎVĔO, es, ovi, otum. 1. *To nurse into, bring back to warmth.* Pressā rĕfovisti pectŏrā nostrā tŭis. *O.* Corpŭs rĕfŏventquē fŏventquē. *O. See* FOVEO. 2. Fig. *To renew, re-kindle, revive.* ∾ ignes (ămorĭs). *O.* vires. *St.* torpentĭā membrā. *Sil.* [† Rĕfĭcio, rĕpāro.]

RĔFRENO, as. *To check, repress, hinder* (lit. to rein in). Illē rĕfrenăt ăquas, obliquăquē flumĭnā sistĭt. *O.* Indŏmĭtam audĕăt Refrenarē lĭcentĭam. *H.* [† Cŏhĭbĕo, cŏercĕo, freno, &c.] *See* COHIBEO.

RĔFRĬCO, as, cŭi. *To rub, to revive by rubbing.* Lit. and fig. Admŏnĭtu rĕfrĭcatŭr ămor, vulnusquē nŏvatum Scindĭtŭr. *O.*

RĔFRIGĔRO, as. *To make cool again, to cool, to refresh.* Gurgĭtis inclusa sŭā membrā rĕfrigĕrăt unda. *O.* Crcl. Cālorem *or* æstum -frango, lenio, tempĕro, lĕvo, rĕlĕvo, mĭnŭo, mitĭgo, solŏr. Frigŭs duco *or* capto. Nĭmĭos soles frango *or* defendo.

RĔFRIGESCO, ĭs, frixi. (REFRIGESCO. *Lr.*) *To grow cool, to be cool.* Corpŏrē cum toto, post tela eductā, rĕfrixĭt (cŏr). *O.* [† Rĕfrigĕrŏr, defervĕo, defervesco.] *See* FRIGEO.

RĔFRINGO, ĭs, fregi, fractum. (REFRACTŬS. *Lr.*) 1. *To break, break off, break through.* Corrĭpĭt

Æneas extemplo, ăvĭdusquĕ rĕfringĭt Cunctantem (ramum). *V.* *See* **2.** ∾ belli portas. *Enn.* (*apud Hor.*) silvas hŭmĕris. *St.* *See* FRANGO. **2.** *To refract* (of the rays of light). Quæ demersă lĭquorĕ ŏbĕunt refractă vĭdentŭr Omnĭă converti. *Lr.* **3.** *To break the power of, to subdue.* ∾ Teutŏnĭcas ŏpes. *Pp.* pugnaces ˘Achivos. *H.*

RĔFŬGIO, ĭs, fugi. **1.** Intr. *To flee back* or *away; to return in flight* or *speedily.* Saucĭŭs at quădrŭpes nota inter tectă rĕfugĭt. *V.* [† Fŭgio, aufŭgio; rĕcurro, rĕdĕo, &c.] *See* FUGIO. **2.** *To withdraw, recede, disappear.* ∾-It hŭmŭs ex ŏcŭlis. *O.* mĕdĭo orbĕ sol. *V.* [† Fŭgio, abscedo, absisto, rĕcedo, &c.] **3.** *To be situated in a remote* or *retired place.* ∾-It a littŏrĕ templum. *V.* [† Rĕcedo.] **4.** Tr. *To shrink back from, turn away from* (with aversion, fear, &c.). ∾ anguem attollentem iras; fœdă mĭnisterĭă. *V.* [† Fŭgio, vito, &c.] **5.** *To fear to do, to decline doing* (with inf.). *V.* [† Abnŭo, rĕcuso, nolo, &c.] [The first syllable is found long in *Lr.*]

RĔFŬGŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Fleeing away, fleeing back.* Mœnĭă mirentur rĕfŭgi Bābŷlonĭă Parthi. *L.* [† Rĕcedens, fŭgiens, fŭgax.] **2.** Sp. of waters. *Retiring, subsiding,* or *ebbing.* ∾ fluměn. *O.* ∾-i fluctus. *L.* [† Rĕflŭŭs, &c.] *See* R. **3.** Fig. ∾-i a frontĕ căpilli. *L.* ∾-æ vires ět pectŏrĕ exănĭmată. *St.*

RĔFULGĔO, es, lsi. *To shine brilliantly.* Lit. and fig. Sollĭs Inardescit rădĭis, longequĕ rĕfulgĕt (nubĕs). *V.* Famă ∾-ět a docto ăvo. *Pp.* *See* FULGEO.

RĔFUNDO, ĭs, fudi, fusum. **1.** *To pour back; to return water,* &c., *received.* Egĕrĭt hic fluctus, æquorquĕ rĕfundĭt ĭn æquŏr. *O.* [† Rĕgĕro; *sts.* egĕro, ejecto, vŏmo.] **2.** *To cast back, throw back* (of what comes water-wise). ∾ undas (de insŭla). *L.* algam. *V.* [† Rejĭcĭo, rĕpello, &c.]

RĔFUSŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* REFUNDO. **1.** Fig. ∾-ă ĭn conjŭgis grĕmĭum. *L.* **2.** = fusŭs, effusŭs. Fletu sŭpĕr orā ∾-o. *O.* ˘In spătĭum immensum campis. *Sil.*

RĔFUTATŬS, us. *m.* *A refutation.* Ancĭpĭtiquĕ rĕfutatu convincĕrĕ falsum. *Lr.*

RĔFUTO, as. *To refute, disprove, prove worth nothing.* Ad mortem si te, fors dictă rĕfutĕt! Prodĭdĕrim. *V.* [† Rĕfello, rĕdargŭo; *sts.* nĕgo.]

REGALIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to a king, royal.* At dŏmŭs intĕrĭor regali splendĭdă luxu. *V.* ∾ armentum. *O.* [† Regĭŭs, regĭfĭcŭs.]

REGALITĔR. *Like a king, royally.* Excusat, prĕcĭbusquĕ mĭnas regalĭtĕr addĭt. *O.* *See* REGIFICE.

RĔGĔLO, as. *To thaw; to warm* or *make warm again.* Frigŏrā brumæ Candĭdŭs aprica zĕphyrus rĕgĕlavĕrĭăt aura. *Col.* Succĭnă ∾-ată mānu. *M.* [† Tĕpĕfăcĭo, călĕfăcĭo or calfăcĭo.]

RĔGĔMO, ĭs. *To sigh* or *groan in answer, to resound with groans.* Tunc rĕgĕmunt pigriquĕ lăcus, vastæquĕ păludes. *St.* *See* RESONO.

RĔGENS, tĭs. *part.* *See* REGO. Sts. used subst. = rectŏr, rex, dux. Pressŭs grăvĭtatĕ ∾-ĭs (sc. Jŏvĭs). *O.* Compellăt vocĕ ∾-em (sc. dŭcem). *L.* [† Rex, dux; *sts.* aurigă.]

RĔGĔRO, ĭs, essi, estum. **1.** *To carry back; to send* or *throw back; to give in return.* Indĭcĭumquĕ sŭæ vocis tellurĕ rĕgesta Obrŭĭt. *O.* [† Rejĭcĭo, reddo, rĕfundo.] **2.** Fig. *To retort.* ∾ convitĭă. *H.*

REGIA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A palace; the abode of a god* or *of the gods;* or *of any person of note and importance.* Intonsi regĭă magnă Nŭmæ. *O.* ∾ cœli; Caci. *V.* Ditĭs; Sollĭs. *O.* [† Aulă, pălatĭum (*or pl.*).] **Ep.** Antiquă, vĕtŭs; ardŭă, celsă, sublimis, altă; amplă, vastă; divĕs, magnĭfĭcă, sŭperbă, splendĭdă, nobĭlis; pictă, marmŏrĕă; regali luxu splendĭdă; cŏlumnis sublimis; Tænărĭis c. fultă. **Crcl.** Regĭă tectă. Regĭă (regalis) dŏmŭs *or* sedes. Augustum regis tectum *or* hospĭtĭum. Regum –atrĭă, limĭnă, pĕnĕtrallĭă. Augusti tecti fastigĭă. **2.** *Used for the city in which the royal residence is situated.* *V. H.*

REGĬFĬCE. *Royally, in kingly fashion.* Regĭfĭce exstructis cĕlĕbrant convivĭă mensis. *Sil.* [† Regalĭtĕr, regĭe; *ext.* laute, nĭtĭde, magnĭfĭce.] **Crcl.** Regali luxu (păratu, morĕ, ritu).

REGĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. *Royal, kingly.* ˘Epŭlæque ante orā păratæ Regĭfĭco luxu. *V.* [† Regĭŭs, regalis, lautŭs, magnĭfĭcus, ŏpŭlentŭs, splendĭdŭs, divĕs.]

RĔGIGNO, ĭs. *To re-produce.* Quum vĭdĕam membra ac partes consumptă rĕgigni. *Lr.*

RĔGĬMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* **1.** *A ruling and guiding power* or *office.* In quo (ănĭmo) consĭlĭum vitæ rĕgimenquĕ lŏcatum est. *Lr.* [† Mŏdĕrامĕn, ductŭs.] **2.** *A rudder. O.* *See* GUBERNACULUM. **3.** *The sovereign power* (in a state). ∾ tractarĕ crŭentum. *St.* [† Impĕrĭum, sceptrum.]

REGINĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A queen.* Regina ad templum forma pulcherrĭmā Dido. *V.* **Crcl.** Regĭă –conjux, uxŏr, consors. **2.** *A princess* (king's daughter). ∾ Colchorum (Medeă). *O.* **Crcl.** Regĭă virgo. *See* REX. **3.** *That one of a number* (fem.) *that presides over the rest; the one that takes the lead, is pre-eminent among others.* ∾ silvestrĭs chŏri; Alpini vertĭcĭs (cŭpressŭs); longarum vĭarum (Applă). *St.* [† Dŏmĭnatrix, dŏmĭnă, princeps.] **4.** Fig. ∾ pĕcunĭă. *H.*

REGIO, onĭs. *f.* **1.** *A line, direction, way.* Normăquĕ si fallax rectis rĕgionĭbŭs exĭt. *Lr.* ("Si quis tantulum de recta regione deflexerit." *Cic. Verr.*) Excedĕrĕ nota rĕgionĕ vĭarum. *V.* [† Linĕă, vĭă.] **2.** E rĕgionĕ. *Over against, directly opposite, straight before. Lr.* [† Recta antĕ *or* contra.] **3.** *A particular spot, place, locality.* ∾ cordĭs. *Sen.* **4.** *A region, district, country.* Quæ rĕgio ĭn terris &c.? *V.* [† Plăgă, tractŭs, pars, orā, littŭs, terrā, tellus, orbis, fines.] **5.** *A quarter of the heavens; a climate.* ˘Eădem rĕgio Vespĕr ět Ortŭs crunt. *O.* (*Ib.*) [† Pars, plăgă.]

REGĬŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to a king, kingly, royal.* Intextusquĕ pŭer frondosa regĭŭs Ida. *V.* ∾ virgo; res est, succurrĕrĕ lapsis. *O.* [† Regalis; *sts.* regĭfĭcŭs.] *See* REGIFICUS.

RĔGLUTĬNO, as. *To unglue; to loosen.* Quæ nunc tŭis ăb unguĭbus rĕglutĭna, ac rĕmittĕ. *Cat.*

REGNATŎR, orĭs. *m.* **1.** *A ruler, sovereign.* Tot quondam pŏpŭlis terrisquĕ sŭperbum Regnatorem ˘Asiæ. *V.* *See* REX. **2.** Gen. *The principal, the chief; the most distinguished.* ∾ occĭdŭi montĭbŭs (˘Atlas). *V. Fl.* lyrĭcæ cŏhortis (Pindărĭis). *St.* [† Princeps, primŭs.] **3.** = dŏminŭs. Nostri post me ∾ ăgelli. *M.*

REGNO, as. **1.** *To have kingly power, to reign* (of persons). Nec tĭbĭ regnandi vĕnĭat tam dirā cŭpido. *V.* ∾ pĕr urbes. *V.* pŏpŭlorum (*after the Greek*). *H.* [† Impĕro, dŏmĭnŏr, præsum. Prĕmo impĕrio. Pŏpŭli hăbenas rĕgo (molĭŏr). Sceptro pŏtĭŏr. Dĭtĭonĕ tĕnĕo.] *See* IMPERO. **2.** *Used gen. and fig.* ∾-ăt pĕr ramos victŏr (ignĭs). *V.* pĕr ăvĭdas fauces (fāmes). *O.* In arvis humŏr. *Lr.* In totum annum Sirĭŭs. *St.* **3.** Pass. unip. Tĕr centum ∾-abĭtŭr annos. *V.*

REGNUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A kingdom, a country governed by a king.* Vultĭs ět his mecum părĭter considĕrĕ regnis? *V.* [† Impĕrĭum; *sts.* terrā, tellus.] **Ep.** Amplum, vastum, ŏpŭlentum, divĕs. **Crcl.** Regni fines. **2.** *Kingly power and rule; sole,*

despotic power. *V* Damnatus crimĭnĕ ~-i (Manlĭus). *O.* [† Impĕrĭum, dŏmĭnatŭs, sŏlĭum, sceptrum.] *See* IMPERIUM. Fig. 3. *The act and state of reigning* or *ruling* (*e.g.* of the mistress over her lover, of the president at a feast, &c.). Bŏnæ sŭb ~-o Cĭnyræ. *H.* Sortiri ~-ă vini. *H.* 4. *Domain, landed property.* Mĕă ~-ă vĭdens mirabŏr ăristas. *V.* (*See* REGNATOR, 3.)

RĔGO, ĭs, rexi, rectum. 1. *To guide, to regulate, direct.* Lit. and fig. Dædălĕum lino quum dŭcĕ rexĭt ĭtĕr. *Pp.* ~ filo vestigĭă. *V.* mores exemplo. *O.* [† Duco, dirĭgo.] 2. *To aim an arrow,* &c. *L. See* JACULOR. 3. *To steer a ship.* ~ clavum. *V.* dŭbĭam pinum. *O.* [† Mŏdĕrŏr, gŭberno.] 4. With ĕquum, ĕquos, currum, &c. *To drive, ride,* &c. *See* AURIGA. 5. *To rule a people,* &c. Lit. and fig. ~ pŏpŭlos; impĕrĭo pŏpŭlos; ănĭmum. *V.* [† Mŏdĕrŏr, gŭberno, dŏmĭnŏr, impĕro, freno, tempĕro.] *See* IMPERO. 6. *To mark out lands* (by boundary lines). ~ fĭnĭbŭs arvă. *Tib.*

RĔGRESSŬS, us. *m.* *A return.* Lit. and fig. Dicĕrĕ: regressus non dăbăt illă vĭro. *O.* Nĕque hăbet fortună rĕgressum. *V.* [† Rĕdĭtŭs, &c.] *See* R.

REGŬLA, æ. *f.* 1. *A measuring-rule,* Denĭque, ŭt in făbrĭca, si prava est regŭlă primă. *Lr.* 2. Fig. *A rule* or *law.* Regŭlă, peccatis quæ pœnas irrŏgăt æquas. *H.* [† Normă, lex.]

REGŬLŬS, i. *m.* *M. A. Regulus, the famous Roman consul.* *C. D.* Hoc cavĕrat mens provĭdă Regŭli. Crcl. Spes ĕt fiducĭă Romanæ (Hectŏrĕæ, &c.) gentĭs.

RĔGUSTO, as. *To taste again.* Barŏ, rĕgustatum dĭgĭto tĕrĕbrarĕ sălinum. *Pers.*

REICIO, ĭs (*from* Re *and* icio). *sync. for* Rejicio. *To drive back* or *away.* Lit. and fig. Titŷrĕ, pascentes a flumĭnĕ reicĕ căpellas. *V.* Reicĕ sŏcordĭam. *Pl.* (*So* abicio, adicio, obicio, &c.) Reicĭt cănes ĭn vulnŭs hĭantes. *St.*

REJECTO, as. *frequ. of* Rejicio. Icti (montes) rejectant voces ad sidĕrĕ mundi. *Lr. See* REJICIO.

REJICIO, ĭs, jeci, jectum. (Reicio. *V. See* R.) 1. *To throw behind* (throw on to the back). Rĕjĭcĭunt parmas, ĕt ĕquos ad mœnĭă vertunt. *V.* 2. *To throw away, back,* or *down.* ~ ămictum ex hŭmĕris. *V.* de corpŏrĕ vestem; e grĕmĭo (lĭbrum). *O.* [† Pono, depono, mitto; *sts.* exŭo, *or* amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, abjĭcio.] 3. *To beat off, repel.* Hos ~-ĭt ictus, hos căvĕt. *St.* [† Rĕpello, averto, arcĕo, &c.] 4. Fig. *To reject, refuse, refuse with disdain.* ~ donă nŏcentĭum. *H.* pĕtentem. *O.* [† Fastidĭo, respŭo, dedignŏr, sperno, aspernŏr, &c.]

RĔLABŎR, ĕrĭs, psŭs sum. 1. *To fall back, to slip back.* Lit. and fig. Nunc ĭn ˘Aristippi furtim præceptă rĕlabŏr. *H.* [† Rĕcĭdo.] *See* R. 2. *To return on the wing* or *by water* (glide back). Verso velo ~. *O. See* REDEO. 3. *To flow back.* ~ montĭbŭs (de rivis). *H. See* RELABENS, REFLUO. 4. *To slip out of sight again, escape again.* *O.* [† Excĭdo.]

RĔLANGUESCO, ĭs, gŭi. 1. *To grow languid again, to grow languid.* ˘Anĭmoquĕ rĕlangŭĭt ardŏr. *O. See* LANGUEO. 2. *To faint away.* *O. See* LINQUOR.

RĔLATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* REFERO (I.). (RELATŬS. *Lr.*) 1. *Brought back, carried back* or *again.* At si, quum rĕfĕrĕtquĕ dĭem, condetquĕ rĕlatum. *V.* Cĭnĕres tĕr ăd ŏrĕ ~-os pressĭt. *O.* 2. *Related, reported.* Cum vera verbă ~-ă fĭde. *O.*

RĔLAXO, as. 1. *To loosen, relax.* Tŭnĭcarum vinclă rĕlaxăt. *O.* ~ arcus. *Sen. See* LAXO. 2. *To open.* Călŏr cæcă ~-ăt spiramentă. *V.* ~ Oceăni fontes; brachĭă. *Sil. See* APERIO. Fig. 3. *To ease, alleviate.* ~ curas rĕquĭetĕ. *Cic.* [† Laxo, rĕmitto, lĕvo, rĕcrĕo, rĕfĭcio.] 4. *To relax* (the rules of morality).

I. RĔLEGO, as. 1. *To remove to a distance; to send away elsewhere for care,* &c.; *to send away to a place by way of punishment* (a quasi-banishment). Lit. and fig. Atque ĭdĕo tauros prŏcŭl atque in solă rĕlegant Pascŭă. *V.* ~ (Hippŏlŷtum) Egĕrĭæ nĕmŏriquĕ. *V.* Quippĕ rĕlegatŭs non exsŭl dicŏr. *O.* Ambĭtĭonĕ ~-ata. *H.* [† Ablego, rĕmŏvĕo, amŏvĕo, pello, amando.] *See* REMOVEO, EXSUL. 2. Fig. sts. *To ascribe, attribute.* ~ ornandi causas ci. *Tib. See* IMPUTO.

II. RĔLĔGO, ĭs, egi, ectum. 1. *To gather up again.* Janŭă difficilĭs filo est inventă rĕlecto. *O.* [† Rĕcollĭgo.] 2. *To withdraw, draw back.* Dŏcĭlis ~-i (hastă). *V. Fl.* ~ ŏrĕ cœlo (de luna). *St.* 3. *To go* (a road or way) *over again.* ~ rĕtrorsum littŏrĕ. *V.* Hellespontĭăcas ăquas. *O.* [† Rĕpĕto, rĕviso.] *See* REDEO. 4. *To read over again.* *O.; to read.* *M. J. See* LEGO.

RĔLENTESCO, ĭs. *To slacken.* Nevĕ rĕlentescat sæpĕ rĕpulsŭs ămŏr. *O.* [† Languĕo.]

RĔLEVO, as. 1. *To lift back,* or *lift up again.* A terra corpus rĕlĕvarĕ vŏlentem. *O.* [† Lĕvo, allĕvo, sublĕvo, erĭgo, &c.] 2. *To relieve from a burden* or *load.* Lit. and fig. ~ qm longa cătena. *O.* ~-ant vimĭnă dempti făvi. *O.* ~ mentem a cura. *O.* [† Lĕvo, exŏnĕro, mĭnŭo; *fig.* lĕvo, rĕfĭcio, rĕcrĕo; *sts.* mĭnŭo.]

RELIGIO, onĭs. *f.* (RĔLIGIO. *Ph.* See note to Reliquiæ.) 1. *Religion, religious worship.* Hac casti mănĕant in religionĕ nĕpotes. *V.* [† Cultŭs, plĕtas.] Ep. Antiquă, priscă, vĕrendă, plĭă, sanctă. Crcl. Dĕorum *or* divum –religio, cultŭs. Săcĕr cultŭs. Săcrorum –ritŭs, mos. 2. *Religious feeling, awe,* &c. ~ dirĭ lŏci. *V.* [† Mĕtŭs, formido, păvŏr.] 3. *Superstition. Lr. See* SUPERSTITIO. 4. *A divine, oracular answer* (or impulse). *V. See* ORACULUM. 5. *A conscientious obligation. Ph.*; sts. *a point* or *scruple of conscience.* Nullă mĭhĭ ~ est. *H.*

RELIGIOSŬS, ă, um. *Holy, sacred.* Perquĕ dŏmos et religiosă dĕorum Limĭnă. *V.* [† Săcĕr, sanctŭs, &c.]

RĔLIGO, as. 1. *To bind.* Robŏrăquĕ immensis late rĕlĭgarĕ cătenis. *L.* ~ cŏmam. *H.* [† Ligo, &c.] *See* VINCIO. 2. Sp. *To moor a vessel.* ~ ăb aggĕrĕ classem. *V.* littŏrĕ classem. *O.* 3. *To unbind;* sp. *to unmoor, unyoke.* ~ a littŏrĕ funem. *L.* ĭn Cretam funem; jŭgă mănu. *Cat. See* SOLVO.

RĔLINO, ĭs, levi, lĭtum. *To open any thing sealed* or *closed up in any way.* Servatăquĕ mellĭă Thesauris rĕlĭnes. *V.* Phr. Cortĭcem plĭcĕ adstrictum amphŏræ &c. dimŏvĕo. Cădo vinclă solvo.

RĔLINQUO, ĭs, iqui, ictum. 1. *To leave behind.* Et Limyren, Xanthiquĕ rĕliquĕrăt undas. *O.* [† Linquo.] 2. *To pass* (one before) *and leave behind.* [† Prætĕrĕo.] 3. *To leave behind when dying.* [† (*Of things so left* or *given*) Lego.] 4. *To quit, depart from.* ~ Romam. *O.* dulces terras. *V.* Călŏr ossă ~-ĭt. *V.* [† Linquo, desĕro, fŭgio, discedo, ăbĕo, abscedo.] *See* ABEO. 5. *To leave, abandon, forsake.* ˘In mĕdĭis ~-ŏr ăquis. *O.* ~ signă cjs. *O.* [† Desĕro, destĭtŭo, prodo.] *See* DESERO. 6. *To leave* (not take or bring away). ~ spicŭlă (de ăpĭbŭs). *V.* 7. *To leave unfinished, imperfect.* ~ infectă săcră; verbă imperfectă. *O.* [† Linquo, destĭtŭo, ŏmitto, abrumpo.] 8. *To leave to another time, person,* &c. ~ ăllĭs commĕmŏrandă; mĭsĕræ nĭhĭl. *V.*

[† Linquo, servo, rĕservo; *sts.* sepono.] **9.** *To put off, lay aside.* ∾ mortales visus. *V.* [† Pono, depono, exŭo.] **10.** ∾ ănĭmam, vitam, lucem, &c. *V.* = mŏrĭŏr. [The first syllable is found long in a verse of *Cic.* (*apud Serv. ad Ecl.* i. 58.) See note to Reliquiæ.]

Rĕlĭquĭæ, arum. *f.* (*and* Rĕlĭquĭæ. *Ph. Ter.*) **1.** *The remains of any thing.* Lit. and fig. Troas, relĭquĭas Dănăum atque immitĭs ˘Achilli. *V.* Languentĭs ævi dum sunt ălĭquæ rĕlĭquĭæ. *Ph.* [† Rĕlĭquum, rĕsĭduum.] **Crcl.** Pars –rĕlĭquă, rĕsĭdŭă, cetĕrā. **2.** Sp. *The mortal remains of man.* ∾-as ĕt ossă pārentĭs. *V.* [† Cĭnis, cĭnĕres, ossă.] [The *rĕ* in this word, and other compounds of *re*, is properly a short syllable; it owes its lengthened form here to the reduplication of the consonant immediately following; and thus are often found written relliquiæ, relligio, &c.]

Rĕlĭquŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Remaining, the rest.* Sed rĕlĭquos fŭgĭendă pătrum vestigĭă ducunt. *J.* ∾ pălus. *M.* [† Cetĕrŭs, ălĭŭs, sŭperstes, restans, rĕsĭdŭŭs.] **2.** Relĭquŭs. *Pl.* Rĕlĭcŭŭs. *Ph.* Relĭcŭŭs. *Lr. See note above.*

Rĕlucĕo, es, xi. *To shine back, to shine.* Ter flamma ad summum tecti subjectā rĕluxĭt. *V. See* Lucĕo.

Rĕluctŏr, arĭs. *To resist, to struggle against, to be reluctant.* Et spirĭtŭs orĭs Multā rĕluctanti obsŭĭtŭr. *V.* Pæně rĕluctatis ĭtĕrum pugnantĭă rebŭs (ĕlĕmentă). *Cl.* [† Luctŏr, obluctŏr, rĕsisto, obsisto.] *See* Invitus.

Rĕmanĕo, es, ansi, ansum. **1.** *To remain, stay behind.* Parvŭlŭs exusto rĕmănebit stipĭtĕ fumŭs. *V.* Quo fŭgĭs? o rĕmăne. *O. See* Manĕo. **2.** *To remain, to continue to be.* ∾ ĭn duris rebŭs ămicum. *O. See* Persto.

Rĕmano, as. *To flow back.* Percolatŭr ĕnim virus, retroquĕ rĕmanăt Matĕrĭes humorĭs. *Lr. See* Refluo.

Rĕmĕabĭlĭs, ĕ. **1.** *That can return, that returns.* Quĭs ĕnim rĕmĕabĭlĕ saxum Nescĭăt? *St.* **2.** *Whence one can return.* Uni ∾-ĕ bellum. *St.*

Rĕmĕdĭum, ĭi *and* i. *n. A remedy.* Lit. and fig. Nec rātĭŏ rĕmĕdi communis certā dăbatŭr. *Lr.* [† Mĕdĕlă, mĕdĭcĭnă, mĕdĭcamĕn.]

Rĕmĕo, as. *To go* or *come back again, to return.* Si pătrĭos unquam rĕmĕassem victŏr ăd Argos. *V.* Pătrĭas urbes rĕmĕabo (*no prep.*). *V.* and *St.* [† Rĕdĕo, rĕvertŏr.] *See* Redeo.

Rĕmetĭŏr, irĭs, mensŭs sum. **1.** *To re-measure.* Illĕ fĭde summa testæ sŭă vinā rĕmensŭs. *M.* Fig. **2.** *To re-measure a way passed by returning upon it, to traverse again* or *often.* Pĕlăgo rĕmenso. *V.* (Note the pass. use of part.) [† Rĕlĕgo, rĕcurro.] **3.** *To subject again to observation and calculation.* ∾ servatā astrā. *V.* [† Rĕvolvo, rĕcognosco.]

Remex, ĭgĭs. *m. A rower.* Littŏrăque et văcŭos sensit sĭnĕ remĭgĕ portus. *V.* Sĭnĕ remĭgĭs ictu. *O.* [† Navĭtă *or* naută; *sts.* remĭgĭum. *See* R.] **Ep.** Vălĭdŭs, robustŭs, sudans, acĕr, audax, assurgens, incumbens, pronŭs. *See* Remigo.

Remĭgĭum, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *The complement of oars in a vessel.* Aut mārĕ remĭgĭis, aut vomĕrĕ findĭtĕ terras. *O.* Nudum ∾-o lătŭs. *H.* [† Remi.] **Crcl.** Remorum ordo *or* ordĭnes. **2.** *The action of rowing.* Olli ∾-o noctemquĕ dĭemquĕ fătigant. *V.* [† Remi.] **Crcl.** Remorum –auxĭlĭum, pulsŭs, verbĕrā, ictŭs. Agmĕn remorum. Remĭgĭs offĭcĭum. **3.** *The rowers. V.* ∾ vĭtĭosum ˘Ithăcensĭs ˘Ulyssei. *H.* [† Remex, remĭges.] **4.** *Used of wings.* Vŏlăt ∾-o alarum. *V.* ∾ alarum săcrarĕ. *V.* and *O.*

Remĭgo, as. **1.** Intr. *To row.* Nec te, quod class*is centenis* remĭgĕt alis, Terrĕăt. *Pp.* **Crcl.** Remos –duco, impello, mŏvĕo, ăgĭto, lento ĭn unda, incurvo, flecto. Remis –utŏr, enitŏr. Remo, *or pl.* (remĭgĭo, *or pl.*) mārĕ (æquŏrā, pĕlăgŭs, frĕtă, undas, ăquas, fluctus) –fĕrĭo, scindo, findo, sĕco, propello, impello, verbĕro, divĭdo, torquĕo, pulso, sollĭcĭto, fătigo, verro, verto, inverto, frango, fŏdĭo, sulco, divello, convello. Remis incumbo *or* insurgo. Amnem remis sŭpĕro. Cærŭlă remo pĕrăgo. Navem &c. remis, remĭgĕ, &c. –ăgo, sŭbĭgo, mŏvĕo, rĕgo, impello, duco, urgĕo. Puppes *or* classem remĭgĕ impello. Remĭgĭo *or* remĭgĕ navĭs –ĭt, fertŭr, ăgĭtŭr, se mŏvĕt, carpĭt ĭtĕr. Remis (remis ĕ ventis) vĭam carpo. Remis brachĭă –intendo, compono, lăcertos apto. **Phr. 1.** *Of the rowers.* Insurgunt transtris. Æquali ictu (*or* ĭn nŭmĕrum) frĕtă pulsant (fĕrĭunt, scindunt). Undas assurgentes verbĕrant. Remis Nerĕă versant. Remos (lentas tonsas) ăgĭtant *or* flectunt. Remorum ĭn verbĕrĕ perstant. Remos (tonsas) ordĭnĭbŭs gĕmĭnis ăd pectŏrā fĕrunt (rĕducunt, rĕvŏcant). Æquo ĕunt ordĭnĕ remi. **Phr. 2.** *Of the vessel rowed.* Actă jŭvĕnum lăcertis ăquas sulcăt. Remorum verbĕrĭbŭs ăgĭtŭr. Auxĭlĭo remorum littŭs pĕtĭt. Jam remi rĭpĭunt rătem. **Phr. 3.** *Of the sea rowed.* Undă &c. remis convulsă *or* divulsă (remĭgĭo tortă *or* erŭtă) sŏnăt (canĕt, dĕhiscĭt). Verā adductis lăcertis frĕtă spumant. **3.** Found tr. ∾ alnum. *Cl.*

Rĕmĭgro, as. (Rĕmigro. *Pl.*) *To return.* Inquĕ lŏcum quando rĕmĭgrant, fit blandă vŏluptas. *Lr. See* Redeo.

Rĕmĭnĭscŏr, ĕrĭs. *To call to mind, remember.* Adspĭcĭt, et dulces mŏrĭens rĕmĭnĭscĭtŭr Argos. *V.* [† Mĕmĭnĭ, rĕcordŏr.] *See* Memini.

Rĕmissŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Remitto. Used also adj. **1.** *Sent back.* Manesque ˘Achĕrontĕ rĕmissos. *V.* **2.** *Relaxed, slackened, set loose, loose.* Lorā ∾-ă. *O.* Sŏnĭpes cervicĕ ∾-a. *V. Fl.* ∾-o arcu. *H.* ∾ frons (*unwrinkled*). *M.* [† Laxŭs, laxŭs, sŏlutŭs, mollĭs, &c.] Fig. **3.** *Unbent, careless, easy, playful.* Tota mentĕ ∾. *Cl.* ˘Agĭtarĕ ∾-os jŏcos. *O. See* Otiosus, Solutus. **4.** *Remiss, inactive, idle. See* Ignavus. **5.** *Indulgent, gentle, easy-tempered.* [† Plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, mitĭs.] **6.** *Put aside, dismissed.* Ambagĕ ∾-a. *O.*

Rĕmitto, ĭs, isi, issum. **1.** *To send again, send back.* Meque in mĕă regnā rĕmisĭt. *V.* ∾ telum. *O.* Rŭtŭlis responsā. *V.* [† *Sts.* Rursŭs (rursum) mitto.] *See* Mitto. **2.** *To force back, repel.* Sursum rĕvŏmĭt măgĭs atquĕ rĕmittĭt (of the action of water on what is forced into it). *Lr.* [† Rĕpello, rejĭcĭo.] **3.** *To send back* (echo) *a sound. V.* [† Reddo, rĕpĕto, &c.] **4.** *To give in return* or *in answer, to produce in return.* ∾ ăcutum (sŏnum). *H.* Quŏd baccā (pressā) rĕmittĭt. Nŏtam rĕmittunt tractatā atramentā. *H.* [† Do, reddo, produco, edo.] **5.** *To leave off, put away; to pass over, omit.* ∾ inceptā filā. *O.* nullum tempŭs. *Ter.* [† Mitto, pono, ŏmitto.] **6.** Rĕmittĕ *or* Rĕmittas, with inf. *Cease, forbear.* ∾-as quærĕrĕ, quĭd &c. *H.* [† Mittĕ, ŏmittĕ, &c.] *See* Desino. **7.** *To remit, slacken*; hence, *to dissolve* (thaw, melt, &c.). ∾ frenā. *O.* brachĭă. *V.* ∾-ĭt se verĕ hŭmŭs. *Tib.* mellă cĕlŏr. *V.* [† Laxo, rĕlaxo, solvo, rĕsolvo; *sts.* lĭquĕfăcĭo, &c.] **8.** *To remit* (of a fault or its punishment), *to spare, to excuse.* ∾ pœnam *or* vincŭlă servo; aspĕrā verbā confesso rĕo. *O.* sŏllĭtos lăbores. *Grat.* [† Condono, dono, exĭmo, parco, ignosco.] **9.** = permitto. *See* P. Nec res dŭbĭtarĕ rĕmittĭt. *O.*

Rĕmolĭŏr, irĭs. **1.** *To remove by effort.* Sæpĕ rĕmoliri luctatur pondĕrā terræ. *O.* ∾ ferrĕă

claustrā. *St.* *See* MOLIOR. 2. *To re-construct, get together again.* ∾ agmĭnā. *Sil.*

RĔMOLLESCO, ĭs. 1. *To become soft again.* Solĕ rĕmollescit quæ frigŏrĕ constĭtĭt undā. *O.* Cerā ∾-ĭt. *O.* *See* MOLLESCO. 2. Fig. *To relent. O.* *See* PLACOR.

RĔMOLLĬO, is. *To make soft.* Salmăcĭs enervet, tactosquĕ rĕmollĭăt artus. *O.* *See* MOLLIO.

RĔMŎRAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* (dbf.) *That which retards, hinders,* &c. Et crescit răbĭes, rĕmŏramĭnăque ipsā nŏcebant. *O.* (Alii, *moderamina, revocamina.*)

RĔMŎRATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* REMOROR. Used act. and pass. *Stopping, having stopped; stopped.* Sed postquam rĕmŏratā sŭos cognovĭt ămores. *O.* Pomi jactu rĕmŏratā sĕcundi. *O.*

RĔMORDĔO, es. 1. *To bite again.* Et me rĕmorsurum pĕtĭs. *H.* 2. Us. fig. *To sting, goad, vex.* Peccatā rĕmordent. *Lr.* Hæc te curā ∾-ĕt. *V.* [Hence, Angl. '*remorse.*'] *See* MORSUS, CONSCIENTIA.

RĔMŎRŎR, arĭs. 1. Tr. *To delay, to stop, to hold back.* Cur non rĕmŏratŭr ĭturos? *O.* Et fŭgĭunt, freno non rĕmŏrantĕ dĭes. *O.* [† Mŏrŏr, tardo, rĕtĭnĕo, obsto, &c.] *See* MOROR. 2. Intr. *To tarry.* Pergĕ, ne rĕmŏrarĕ. *Cat.* [† Mŏrŏr, mănĕo, &c.] *See* REMORATUS.

RĔMOTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* REMOVEO. Used also adj. *Remote, far off, sequestered.* Lit. and fig. Longa rĕgĭonĕ ∾. *O.* ∾-ĭŭs antrum. *O.* [† Dĭsĭtŭs, semotŭs, &c.] *See* DIVISUS.

RĔMŎVĔO, es, ovi, otum. 1. *To remove, to take* or *send to a distance.* Lit. and fig. Rorantesquĕ cŏmas a frontĕ rĕmovĭt ăd aures. *O.* ∾ vim hinc; sŏporem. *O.* [† Amŏvĕo, submŏvĕo, averto, rĕpello, rejĭcĭo, abduco, arcĕo; *sts.* subduco.] *See* ARCEO, EJICIO. 2. ∾ me. *To withdraw, retire. H.* [† Rĕcedo, secedo.] 3. *To take away, to withdraw. V.* [† Aufĕro, erĭpĭo, subduco, ădĭmo, &c.]

RĔMUGIO, is. 1. *To bellow* or *low in answer.* Quodque unum pŏtĕs, ad mĕā verbā rĕmugis. *O.* *See* MUGIO. 2. *To make a loud noise, to resound; to re-echo.* ∾ antro (*of the Sibyl*). *V.* Vox ingĕmĭnātā ∾-ĭt. *V.* [† Rĕbŏo, rĕsŏno, &c.] *See* RESONO.

RĔMULCĔO, es, lsi, lsum. 1. *To stroke back, to stroke;* hence, *to tame down from a state instinct with fierceness.* Caudamquĕ rĕmulcens Subjecit păvĭtantem ŭtĕro. *V.* [† Mulcĕo, blandĭŏr.] 2. Fig. *To soothe, quiet.* ∾ stĭmŭlātā cordā. *St.* *See* MULCEO.

RĔMUNĔRŎR, arĭs. *To recompense, to make due return for good* or *evil.* At te his supplĭcĭis rĕmunĕrabŏr. *Cat.* Crcl. Prĕtĭum *or* mercedem -solvo, rĕpendo. Gratĭam (vĭcem) -rĕfĕro, rĕpono, reddo, rĕtrĭbŭo. Præmĭā rĕfĕro *or* reddo. Donā rĕpendo, &c. *See* GRATIA.

RĔMURMŬRO, as. *To murmur in return, to resound.* Qua vādā non spirant, nec fractā rĕmurmŭrāt undā. *V.* ∾-āt auræ (pinŭs). *St.* *See* RESONO.

I. RĔMŬS, i. *m.* *The brother of Romulus; and sts. used, as Romulus, to designate the founder of the Roman power and people.* Canā Fĭdes, et Vestā, Rĕmo cum fratrĕ Quĭrinŭs. *V.* Regnāvĕ primā Rĕmi. *Pp.* Magnānĭmos Rĕmi nĕpotes. *Cat.*

II. REMŬS, i. *m.* 1. *An oar.* Agmĭnĕ remorum cĕlĕri ventisquĕ vŏcatis. *V.* [† Palmŭlā, tonsæ, arbŏr, remĭgĭum; *sts.* palmā, remŭlŭs.] Ep. Vălĭdŭs, longŭs, lĕvĭs, cĭtŭs, velox; humens, spumans; lentŭs. Crcl. Remi -palmŭlā, palmā, verbĕrā. *See* REMIGO. 2. Fig. *Used for legs and arms; for the wings of a bird.* ∾-is corpŏrĭs uti; alarum insistĕrĕ. *O.* [† Remĭgĭum.]

RĔNARRO, as. *To relate again, to relate.* Fatā rĕnarrabat divum, cursusquĕ dŏcebāt. *V.* *See* NARRO.

RĔNASCENS, tĭs. *part.* *See* RENASCOR. *Being born again, coming to life again, springing up again.* Sic inconsumptum Tĭtyi semperquĕ rĕnascens (jĕcŭr). *O.* ∾ fortunā. *H.* [† Rĕpărabĭlĭs, rĕdĭvivŭs.]

RĔNASCŎR, ĕrĭs, natŭs sum. *To be born again, to spring up again.* Lit. and fig. Corpŏrĕ de pătrĭo parvum phœnica rĕnasci. *O.* ˘Allo ∾-ĭtŭr orbĕ (de flumĭnĕ). *O.* ∾-ĭtŭr ardŏr. *St.* ∾-untŭr vŏcabŭlā. *H.* [† Rĕgignŏr, rĕcresco, rĕvivisco, rĕvivo, rĕsuscĭtŏr, rĕsurgo, rĕnŏvŏr, rĕpărŏr, rĕvĭrĕo.] *See* REVIVO.

RĔNATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* RENASCOR. 1. *Born again* or *a second time, restored to life.* Nec te Pythăgŏræ fallant arcanā rĕnati. *H.* Gĕnĭtorĕ ∾-o. *St.* *See* REDIVIVUS, REVIVO. 2. Gen. *That which has come back again, has re-appeared, has risen again,* &c. *V. O.* [† Rĕcrĕātŭs, rĕpărātŭs, rĕsurgens, rĕnŏvātŭs, rĕdĭvivŭs, rĕcĭdivŭs.] 3. *Regenerated, born again spiritually. Ecl.*

RĔNĔO, es. *To spin afresh.* At Clȳmĕnus Clothoquĕ dŏlent sŭā filā rĕneri (Virbĭo rĕnato). *O.*

RENES, um. *m. pl.* *The reins, the kidneys.* Quod lătŭs aut renes morbo tentantŭr ăcuto. *H.* [† Lumbi.]

RĔNIDENS, tĭs. *part.* *See* RENIDEO. 1. *Shining, resplendent.* Late fluctŭăt omnis Ærĕ rĕnidenti tellus. *V.* *See* FULGIDUS. 2. *Cheerful, gay* (bright with joy). Orĕ ∾-i. *O.* [† Rĭdens, hĭlăris, gaudens, &c.] *See* LÆTUS.

RĔNIDĔO, es. 1. *To shine, be bright, resplendent.* Ut purā nocturno rĕnidĕt Lunā mări. *H.* ∾-ĕt aurĕum lăcunăr. *H.* [† Rĕnidesco, nĭtĕo, mĭco, &c.] *See* FULGEO. 2. *To be of* (bright) *glad countenance; to look happy; to rejoice,* &c. ∾-ĕt usquĕquaquĕ. *Cat.* (*with inf.*) adjecissĕ prædam torquĭbŭs exĭgŭis. *H.* *See* RENIDENS, RIDEO, GAUDEO.

RĔNIDESCO, ĭs. *To begin to shine, to shine.* Totāquĕ circum Ærĕ rĕnidescit tellus. *Lr.*

RĔNO, as. 1. *To pass again, swimming* or *sailing.* Nullāquĕ per Stȳgĭas umbrā rĕnavĭt ăquas. *O.* (*ad Liv.*) 2. *To swim back* (or to the surface).

RĔNODO, as. 1. *To tie in a knot behind.* Aut tĕrĕtis pŭĕri longam rĕnodantis cŏmam. *H.* *See* NODO. 2. *To unfasten, to loose, set loose.* ∾ phărĕtris. *V. Fl.*

RĔNŎVAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* *A renewing, a change of form.* Formā sĕmel mota est, ĕt ĭn hoc rĕnŏvamĭnĕ mansĭt. *O.*

RĔNŎVO, as. 1. *To renew; to re-commence.* Exsĭlĭum rĕnŏvat tristĕ, rĕcensquĕ făcĭt. *O.* ∾ casus omnes. *V.* [† Intĕgro, rĕpĕto, ĭtĕro, instauro.] 2. Sp. *To renew a grief, re-open a wound. V. O.* 3. *Used of the ground* = ăro. ∾ arvum; ăgrum. *O.* hŭmum. *M.* *See* ARO. 4. *To renew in strength.* ∾ Anchisæ annos. *O.* [† Rĕpăro, rĕfĭcĭo.] 5. *To make up a loss* or *waste.* ∾-ant mārĕ fontes. *Lr.* 6. *To alter, change. Lr.* *See* RENOVAMEN, MUTO.

RĔNŬO, is, *and* RĔNUTO. *freq. Lr.* 1. Intr. *To signify refusal by nodding; to decline, refuse.* Quod pŏtŭi, rĕnŭi, ne non invitā tĕnerĕr. *O.* Sĭmŭlacrā rĕnutant. *Lr.* [† Abnŭo, abnĕgo, rĕcuso, nolo.] 2. Tr. ∾-is quŏd tu, jŭbĕt altĕr. *H.* *See* VETO.

RĔŎR, rerĭs, rātŭs sum. *To think, to be of opinion.* Dis ĕquĭdem auspĭcĭbus rĕŏr et Junonĕ sĕcunda. *V.* Quam tu jam rerĕ prŏpinquam. *V.* [† Pŭtŏ, ŏpinŏr, &c.] *See* PUTO, RATUS.

RĔPAGŬLA, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *Bars* or *bolts for fastening doors.* Raptāquĕ de dextro robustā

rĕpagŭlā postē. *O.* [? Vectĭs, ŏbex.] **2.** *A barrier.* Pĕdĭbŭs rĕpagŭlā pulsant (Solĭs ĕqui). *O.* [? ˘Obex; *sts.* carcĕres.]

Rĕpandŭs, ă, um. *Bent backwards* or *upwards.* Truncoquĕ rĕpandŭs ĭn undas Corpŏrĕ Deālĭŭlt (delphin). *O. See* Pandus.

Rĕpārabĭlis, ĕ. **1.** *That can be repaired, recovered.* Dic, Thēmĭ, qua gĕnĕris damnum rĕpārabĭlĕ nostri Artē sīt. *O.* Nulla ∾ artē (pŭdicĭtĭā læsā). *O.* **2.** = pārabĭlis. ∾ nulla gaza. *V. Fl.* [? Venalis.] **3.** *That which can be produced again.* ∾ echo. *Pers.*

Rĕpāratŏr, ōris. *m. A repairer.* Ipse ĕtĭam immensi rĕpārator maxĭmŭs ævi (Janŭs). *St.*

Rĕpāro, as. **1.** *To procure afresh; to recover, regain;* and sts. (= pāro) *to gain.* Nec rĕpārarĕ nŏvas vires. *L.* ∾ oras lātentes classĕ cĭta. *H.* [? Rĕclpĭo, rĕcŭpĕro.] **2.** *To get* or *procure in return, to exchange, purchase.* Vinā Sȳra ∾-ātā mercē. *H. See* Emo. **3.** *To repair, to make good* (or new) *again.* ∾ nŏvā cornŭā crescendo (de luna). *O.* [? Rĕfĭcio, rĕnŏvo, nŏvo, rĕsarcio, sarcio.] **4.** *To restore in strength, refresh, revive.* ∾ membrā lābori. *O.* [? Rĕfĭcio, rĕcrĕo, rĕlĕvo.] **Crol.** Vires reddo. Vires rĕcentes -addo, affĕro. **5.** *To create anew, bring to life again.* Unā est quæ ∾-ĕt se alēs. *O.* [? Rĕnŏvo, nŏvo.]

Rĕpecto, ĭs. **1.** *To disorder the hair.* Stantesquĕ rĕpectĭt Aurā jŭbas. *St.* **2.** = pecto. *Cl.*

Rĕpello, ĭs, repŭli (sc. reppŭli), pulsum. **1.** *To repel, thrust off, drive away* or *back.* Lit. and fig. Durĭtĭa pellis, vāllĭdos cūtē repŭlĭt ictus. *O.* Ærē rĕpulsum (telum). *V.* ∾ fraudem. *O.* prĕces. *St.* Rĕpulsŭs ămŏr. *O.* [? Pello, propulso, amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, arcĕo, rejĭcio, averto, prŏhĭbĕo.] *See* Arceo. **2.** *To upset.* ∾ mensas clamorē; aras. *O.* [? Proturbo, everto.] **3.** *To reject.* ∾ connubĭā. *V.* [? Rejĭcio, rĕcuso, &c.] **4.** *To thrust aside, move out of the way.* ∾-ĭt ver hĭemem. *O.* [? Trudo.] **5.** = pello. *See* P. *To beat, strike.* Ærā rĕpulsā mānu. *Tib.*

Rĕpendo, ĭs, di, pensum. **1.** *To return* or *give back in weight, in the same weight; to weigh back.* Æquāquĕ famosæ pensā rĕpendĭs hĕræ. *O.* **2.** *To buy back, redeem,* &c. (give the weight in gold for). Auro rĕpensŭs milĕs. *H.* Fig. **3.** *To repay, pay in return.* ∾ magnā. *V.* gratĭam facti. *O.* prĕtĭum vitæ. *Pp.* præmĭā dignā. *St.* servatam vitam hac dotē. *O.* [? Solvo, persolvo, rĕfĕro, rĕtrĭbŭo.] **4.** ∾ pœnas = punĭŏr. *See* P. **5.** *To compensate, weigh* (set) *one thing against another.* ∾ fatis contrarĭā fatā. *V.* Cladem ∾-ĭt unum tutum căpŭt. *Sil.* [? Penso, compenso, rĕpenso, rĕdĭmo.] **6.** Sts. = expendo. *To weigh, examine. Cl.*

I. **Rĕpens,** tis = rĕpentinŭs. *Sudden.* Quo rŭĭtis? quæve istā rĕpens discordĭā surgĭt? *V.* ∾ fulmĭnis ictŭs. *Lr.*

II. **Repens,** tis. *part. See* Repo.

Rĕpentē. *Suddenly.* Aut nĭvē quæ, zĕphyro victā, rĕpentē flŭĭt. *O.* ∾ rĕfŭgĕrē. *V. See* Protinus.

Rĕpentinŭs, ă, um. *Sudden.* Inquĕ rĕpentinos convivĭā versā tŭmultus. *O.* [? Rĕpens, sŭbĭtŭs, &c.] *See* Subitus.

Rĕpercussŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Repercutio. **1.** *Struck back; made to rebound.* Omnē rĕpercussum squalenti missilĕ tergo. *L.* Clȳpei ærē ∾-o. *O.* [? Rĕpulsŭs.] **2.** *Reflected* (of light); *returned* (of sound). Redděrĕ lumĭnā ∾-o Phœbo. *O.*

Rĕpĕrio, is, repĕri (sc. reppĕri), rĕpertum. (Repertŭs. *Lr.*) **1.** *To find, meet with.* Verum ŭbĭ *nullā* vĭam rĕpĕrĭt pellacĭā, victŭs. *V.* ∾ bĭs *sensum* ĕumdem (de lectorē). O. margăritam. *Ph.* [? Invĕnio, nanciscŏr, &c.] *See* Invenio. **2.** *To find any thing to be so and so, to detect, discover.* Fallax haud antē rĕpertŭs. *V.* [? Deprendo, cognosco.] **3.** *To find out, invent, discover.* ∾ serræ usum. *O.* mĕracas uvas. *Pp.* [? Invĕnio, excogĭto, commĭniscŏr.]

Rĕpertŏr, ōris. *m. A finder out, discoverer, inventor.* Hŏmĭnum rerumquĕ rĕpertŏr. *V.* ∾ mĕdĭcæ ŏpis (Phœbŭs). *O.* pallæ hŏnestæ (Æschȳlŭs). *H.* [? Inventŏr, auctŏr.] *See* Auctor.

Rĕpertum, i. *n. A discovery, invention.* Exponunt præclarā rĕpertā. *Lr.* [? Inventum.]

Rĕpĕtitŏr, ōris. *m. One that demands* (or endeavours) *to have something restored.* Sit sŏcĕr exemplo, nuptæ rĕpĕtitŏr ădemptæ. *O.*

Rĕpĕtitŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Repeto. *Repeated,* (in the sense of) *numerous.* Oscŭlā dimissæ quŏtĭes rĕpĕtitā dĕdisti! *O.* [? ˘Itĕratŭs, frequens, crebĕr, multŭs.] *See* Multus.

Rĕpeto, is, ivi *or* ĭi, itum. **1.** *To return back;* fig. *to mount back; to go back for origin.* Intacto rĕpĕtens prima ad vestigĭā gyro. *Grat.* ∾ ăd imā vādā lymphæ. *V.* (*Culex.*) Hinc Dardănŭs ortŭs, Huc rĕpĕtĭt. *V. See* Redeo. **2.** Us. tr. *To return to* (with acc.). ∾ pătrĭam; fratresquĕ vĭrosquĕ. *O.* **3.** *To go for again, to fetch* or *take again; to resume, begin again.* ∾ omĭnā Argis. *V.* navalĭbŭs alnos. *L.* ŏpŭs; ĭtĕr. *O.* munŭs. *H.* [? Rĕsumo; *sts.* rĕtrăho, rĕduco.] **4.** *To call to mind, to recollect.* ∾ ănĭmo exemplā. *V.* Tallĭā (nunc rĕpĕto) gĕnĭtŏr arcanā rĕliquĭt. *V.* [? Rĕvŏco, rĕcordŏr.] **5.** *To demand restoration. O.* [? Rĕposco, rĕquiro.] **6.** *To repeat* (saying or doing). *V. O.* [? ˘Itĕro, ingĕmĭno.]

Rĕpexŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Repecto. *Fresh combed, combed.* Hesternam credas: illā rĕpexā mŏdo est. *O.* Crinem ∾-i (jŭgales). *Cl. See* Pecto.

Rĕplĕo, *and* **Replĕo,** es, evi, etum. **1.** *To fill, fill up, fill again.* Lit. and fig. Et repletŭr ĭtem, văcŭum quod constĭŭt antē. *Lr.* Sed non replenda est curĭā verbis. *V.* Haustum craterā rĕplĕri. *O.* [? Implĕo, complĕo, &c.] *See* Impleo. **2.** *To complete. Lr.* [? Complĕo, absolvo, perfĭcio, confĭcio.] **3.** *To supply. O. See* Supleo.

Rĕplĭctŭs, ă, um. *sync. part. of* Replico. Non ellychnĭā siccā, non rĕplĭctæ Bulborum tŭnĭcæ. *St.*

Repo, is, psi, ptum. **1.** *To creep, crawl.* Nec repentĭs ĭtum cujusviscunque ănĭmantĭs Sentimŭs. *Lr.* [? Repto, serpo, adrepo, proserpo.] **Crol.** Hŭmi (hŭmo, pĕr hŭmum) serpo. Corpŭs hŭmi trăho. Pectŏrĕ *or* corpŏrĕ hŭmum verro. Fig. **2.** *To move on slowly.* Millĭā trĭā repĭmŭs. *H.* ˘Ut nubes paulatim repĭt. *Lr.* **3.** *To steal on, to make way imperceptibly, insinuate itself.* Ignĭs ∾-ĭt pĕr artus. *Lr.* [? Serpo, insĭnŭo.]

Rĕpono, is, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum, *and us.* ostum. *See* Repostus. **1.** *To put back, replace, place afresh;* sts. *to substitute.* Lit. and fig. In sŏlĭdo pŭtĕum demitti, omnemquĕ rĕpones Rursŭs hŭmum. *V.* ∾ ignem aris; qm ĭn sceptrā. *V.* [? Rĕfĕro; *sts.* reddo.] **2.** Sp. *To replace at table.* ∾ vinā mensis. *V.* **3.** *To put to rest, allay, calm.* ∾ pontum; turbatā littŏrā. *V. Fl. See* Pono. Fig. **4.** *To represent* (of a piece or character), *to represent again; to repeat.* ∾ fabŭlam; ˘Achillem. *H.* dictā pāternā. *Pers.* [? Rĕpĕto.] **5.** *To repair.* ∾ ambesā robŏrā. *V.* [? Rĕpāro, rĕfĭcio.] **6.** *To re-produce, bring back again, restore.* ∾ quantum carpent armentā. *V.* pacem terris. *Sil. See* Reddo. **7.** *To reply, return an address* or *attack. J.* **8.** = de-

pono. *See* D. *To lay down, lay aside.* Lit. and fig. ∾ cæstus. *V.* cālăthos. *O.* fulmĭnā. *St.* ŏnŭs (de mentē). *Cat.* sumptas fĭgurās. *O.* **9.** *To lay, to lay down, to rest.* tr.; *to put* or *place.* Lit. and fig. ∾ lignā sŭpēr fŏco; sese ĭn cŭbĭtum (de conviva). *H.* stratis membrā. *V.* nidum antē fŏres. *O.* ĭn qm omnīā. *V. Fl.* [¶ Depono, pono, collŏco, stātŭo, &c.] **10.** *To place apart, in a retired, secure,* or *secret place;* hence, *to hide.* ∾ ănĭmas lætis sedĭbŭs. *H.* [¶ Rĕcondo, condo, &c.] *See* REPOSITUS. **11.** *To lay by* or *up, to lay in store.* Lit. and fig. ∾ qd hĭĕmi; tecto; qd imis sensĭbŭs. *V.* [¶ Rĕcondo, sepono, servo.]

RĔPORTO, as. **1.** *To carry, conduct back; to draw back.* Longe quos sīmŭl a dŏmo prŏfectos Diversos vārĭæ vĭæ rĕportant. *Cat.* ∾ pēdem ex hostē. *V.* [¶ Rĕfĕro, rĕduco.] **2.** *To bring* or *convey when returning.* Lit. and fig. ∾ massam pĭcĭs urbē. *V.* spem dŏmum. *H.* mandatā. *Pp.* Verlā ∾-āt (echo). *O.* [¶ Rĕfĕro, rĕvĕho; *fig.* rĕfĕro.] **3.** *To bring back word, report.* ∾ tristĭā verbā; advenisse vĭros. *V. See* NUNTIO.

RĔPOSCO, ĭs. **1.** *To demand back,* or *again,* or *in return.* Regem ad supplĭcĭum præsenti martē rĕposcunt. *V.* Parthos ∾ signā. *V.* [¶ Rĕpēto.] Fig. **2.** *To demand back, claim in consequence, in return.* Quo mĭgĭs attentas aures ∾-o. *Lr.* ∾ qm ăd pœnam ŏb &c. *V.* amissam virtutem. *O.* [¶ Rĕpēto, exĭgo, postŭlo.] **3.** ∾ pœnas. *Cat.* = punĭo. *See* P.

RĔPŎSĬTUS, us. RĔPOSTUS, ă, um. *part. See* REPONO. **1.** *Re-placed, put back again;* sp. *re-placed at table.* Mensæ nŏctŭrnē rĕpostæ. *V.* **2.** *Set* or *laid down.* Fĕrĕtro ∾-o. Tellurē ∾-i. *V.* **3.** *Laid up in store, kept, reserved;* fig. *hidden.* ∾-um cæcŭbum. *H.* qd alta mentē. *V.* ∾-as iras servarē. *Sil. See* ABDITUS. **4.** *Placed afar off, apart.* Terras tentarē ∾-as. *V. See* DIVISUS.

RĔPOSTŎR, ōris. *m. A re-builder, repairer.* Templorum pŏsĭtor, templorum sanctē rĕpostŏr. *O.*

RĔPOSTUS. *See* REPOSITUS.

RĔPOTĬA, orum. *n. pl. A feast on the day after marriage.* Illē rĕpotĭā, natales, ălĭosvē dĭerum Albatus cēlēbrēt. *H.*

RĔPRÆSENTO, as. *To place before the eyes as if present; to represent.* Virtutemnē rĕpræsentet moresquē Cātonīs. *H.* [¶ Exhĭbĕo, exprĭmo; reddo, rĕfĕro.]

RĔPRĔHENDO, *and sync.* RĔPRENDO, ĭs, i, sum. **1.** *To catch hold of again, to pull* or *hold back, to stop, check.* Elapsum sēmēl Non ipsē posit Jupĭter rĕprēhendĕrē. *Ph.* Quam possit quisquam vestros rĕprēhendĕrē cursus. *Pp.* Elapsăquē verbā rĕprendo. *O.* [¶ Rĕtrăho, rĕvŏco; *sts.* rĕtĭnĕo.] **2.** *To take up again, to resume, recover. Lr.* [¶ Rĕcĭpĭo, rĕsumo, rĕcollĭgo.] **3.** *To reprehend, blame. H.* [¶ Argŭo, carpo, incrĕpĭto, &c.] *See* CULPO.

RĔPRĔHENSŎR, ōris. *m. One who blames* or *censures.* Delicti fies idem rĕprēhensŏr ēt actŏr. *O.* [¶ Censŏr, castigatŏr.]

RĔPRĬMO, ĭs, essi, essum. (REPRĬMO. *Sil.*) *To keep back, check, repress.* Lit. and fig. Obstŭpŭēt, retroquē pēdem cum vocē rĕpressi. *V.* Primum letĭfĕros repressit Sirĭŭs ignes. *Sil.* ∾ ensem, quem dăbāt irā. *St.* gĕmĭtum. *O.* [¶ Contĭnĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, compesco, &c.] *See* COHIBEO.

REPTO, as. *freq. of* Repo. *To creep, to crawl.* Lit. and fig. Reptavit plăcĭdo tractu (angŭis). *Cl.* ∾ intĕr silvas. *H.*

RĔPUGNO, as. **1.** *To offer opposition, to resist; to be reluctant.* Lit. and fig. Defĭcĭt obsessus, soloquē pudorē rĕpugnāt. *St.* ∾ ămarē; fœdo ămori. *O.* [¶ Rĕsisto, &c.] *See* R. **2.** Sts. = pugno. *See* P. **3.** *To be opposed in nature* or *principle, to be repugnant.* Sensus moresquē ∾-ant. *H.* [¶ Discrĕpo, &c.]

RĔPULSĂ, æ. *f. Failure in seeking public honours,* &c.; gen. *a repulse.* Essē mălæ, exĭgŭum censum turpemquē rĕpulsam. *H.* Dŏlorē ∾-æ crescĭt ămŏr. *O.* [¶ *Sts.* Fastidĭā, contemptŭs.] Ep. ˘Iniquā, aspērā, ăcerbā, durā, mŏlestā, grăvĭs, tristĭs.

RĔPULSŬS, us. *m. A beating* or *driving back;* (of sound =) *reverberation;* (of light =) *reflexion* or *refraction.* Rauci ∾-us (*pl.*) umbonum. *Cl.* Crebro ∾-u rejectæ (effĭgies). *Lr. See* SONITUS.

RĔPURGO, as. **1.** *To clean, to clear away; to purify.* Dumquē rĕpurgāt hūmum, collectăquē saxā rĕmittĭt. *O.* ∾-ato fŭgĭebant nubĭlā cœlo. *O.* ∾ quidquĭd ĭn Ænea mortalē fŭĕrāt. *O.*

RĔPŬTO, as. *To weigh a matter over, to consider.* Credis, nec rĕpŭtas, cur millĭā multa ănĭmarum &c. *Lr.* ∾-a tecum ipsē fŭrores. *Sil.* [¶ Mĕdĭtŏr, rĕvŏlvo, cogĭto, &c.]

RĔQUĬES, etis (rĕquĭe = rĕquĭei. *Ans.*), rĕquĭem, rĕquĭe, rĕquĭetē (*Cic. Div.*) [*no dat. sing.* or *pl.*]. *f. Rest after labour, repose; a respite.* Is lŏcŭs urbis ĕrit, rĕquies ĕā certā lăborum. *V.* ∾-em spātĭumquē fŭrori. *V.* ∾-e lenirē lăbores. *See* QUIES.

RĔQUĬESCO, ĭs, evi, etum (rĕquĭescĭt, rĕquĭerant. *Cat.*). **1.** *To rest, take rest.* Et, si quid cessarē pŏtēs, rĕquĭescē sŭb umbra. *V.* ∾-evĭt hūmo. *O. See* QUIESCO. **2.** *To take rest in bed, &c. Pp. See* CUBO, DORMIO. **3.** *To rest in the grave. O. See* SEPELIOR. Fig. **4.** *To be at rest, cease from action* or *being the subject of action of any kind.* ∾-unt arvā. *V.* murmŭrā ripæ. *Cl.* [¶ Quĭesco, cesso, &c.] **5.** *To rest, lean upon.* Cœlum ∾-ĭt ĭn illo. *O.* [¶ Innĭtŏr, incumbo.] **6.** Sts. tr. *To put to rest, to let rest.* ∾-erunt flumĭnā cursus. *V.* ∾ ăvenam sŭam (*his pipe*). *Pp. See* REQUIETUS.

RĔQUĬETŬS, ă, um. *part. See* REQUIESCO (6). *That has been left to rest.* Da rĕquĭem: rĕquĭetĭs āger bĕnē credĭtā reddĭt. *O.*

RĔQUIRO, ĭs, sivi, situm. **1.** *To seek, look after, search for* (us. care and time implied). Lit. and fig. Qua te rĕglonē rĕquiram? *V.* Jŭvĕnemque ŏcŭlisque ănĭmoquē rĕquirĭt. *O.* ∾ causam. *O.* [¶ Investigo, scrutŏr, &c.] *See* QUÆRO. **2.** *To look for in vain, to ask after* (anxiously), *as not present* or *as lost.* ∾ quos quondam vidi. *O.* amissos sŏcĭos. *V. See* DESIDERO. **3.** *To ask for, require to have.* Lenē ∾-o (vinum). *H.* [¶ Posco, postŭlo, vŏlo.] **4.** *To ask to be told,* &c. ∾ nomĕn terræ; quo sĭt consŭlē. *O. See* INTERROGO.

RES, rĕi. *f.* **1.** *A thing* (in the widest sense), *that which exists, any thing in nature.* Et mĭhī res, non me rebus submittĭrē conŏr. *H.* Rerum cognoscĕrē causas. *V.* **2.** *Used of the subject in hand, after our use of the word* thing; e.g. *a thing, any-thing, some-thing, no-thing,* &c. Res ĭneptĭŏr nullā est. *Cat.* Regīā res est lapsis succurrĕrē. *O.* [¶ ˘Allquĭd.] **3.** *A fact, deed, any thing done.* Maxĭmā res effectā, vĭri. *V.* [¶ Factum.] **4.** *Business* (us. pl.); *a single matter of business of any kind. H.* [¶ Nĕgotĭum.] **5.** *Case, cause, personal interest.* Tūā res āgĭtūr. *H.* [¶ Causā; *sts.* commŏdum.] **6.** *Property of any kind. See* DIVITIÆ. **7.** Res –angustā, parvā, tĕnŭĭs, &c. *Poor circumstances, poverty. See* PAUPERIES. **8.** (1) Res sĕcundæ, &c. (2) Res –adversæ, lapsæ, afflictæ, &c. (1) *Prosperity.* (2) *Adversity. See* (1) FELICITAS, (2) INFORTUNIUM. **9.** *Political state, power, empire.* Hic rem Romanam sistēt. *V.* Res ˘Asiæ evertĕrē. *V.* Custodē rerum Cæsārē. *H.* [¶ Imperium, &c.]

regnum.] **10.** Sts. pl. = *All things; the world.* Căput rerum (Romanā urbs). *O.* Rerum dŏmĭnos (dĕos). *O.* *See* ORBIS. **11.** Pl. *Interests, concerns, worldly fortunes.* Res ˘Agămemnŏnĭas sĕcutŭs. *V.* Mĕarum rerum cŏlŭmĕn (Mæcenas). *H.* [? Fortunā.] **12.** ~ gestæ. *Warlike deeds.* [? Gestā (orum).] **13.** *The subject of a work.* *See* ARGUMENTUM. **14.** *The matter in hand, the subject before one.* Pro re paucā lŏquăr. *V.* **15.** *Act and fact, reality; the reality, the real thing.* Nomĕn sīnĕ re. *O.* Omĭnā re cărĕant. *O.* [? Factum, effectŭs.] *See* REVERA. **16.** *Cause, reason, account.* ˘Ob ĕam rem. *Pl.* Hac re. *Lr. Ph.* [? Causā, rātĭo.]

RĒSÆVĬO, is. *To rage again.* Quæquē quĭescebat, ne motā rĕsævĭăt irā. *O.*

RĒSĂLUTO, as. *To salute in return.* Securus nunquam rĕsălutas, despĭcĭs omnes. *M.*

RĒSANESCO, ĭs, nŭi. *To become sound again* (us. in mind). ˘Anĭmiquē rĕsanŭĭt errŏr. *O.*

RESCINDO, ĭs, scĭdi, scissum. **1.** *To cut* or *tear off, to tear away; to open* (by cutting, &c.). Ferro rescindĕrĕ summum Ulcĕrĭs os. *V.* ~ vestem e membris. *Tib.* pĕnĭtŭs teli lătĕbras. *V.* [? Scindo, abscindo, ăpĕrĭo.] Fig. **2.** *To tear open again, to rip open* (old wounds). ~ luctus obductos annis. *O.* (But others, *restringĕrĕ.*) **3.** *To tear down, break to pieces, destroy.* Conjuratos cœlum ~. *V.* [? Dirŭo, destrŭo, everto.] **4.** *To annul, make void, repeal.* ~ jussā Jŏvĭs; actā dĕum. *O.* [? Frango, everto, rumpo, ăbŏlĕo, &c.]

RESCIŎ, is, ivi. *To ascertain, to get to the knowledge of any fact,* &c. Aut si rescĭĕrĭt, sunt, O! sunt, jurgĭā tanti? *O.* [? Scĭŏ, cognosco, audĭo.]

RESCRIBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. **1.** *To write back, write in answer.* Nil mĭhĭ rescribas attămĕn, ipsĕ vĕni. *O.* **2.** *To repay money* (*i.e.* to transfer from one account-book to another). *H.* Prædictos jam nunc rescribĕ dărios. *Aus.*

RĒSĔCO, as, ĕcŭi, ectum. **1.** *To cut off.* Servatoquē dĭu rĕsĕcat de tergŏrē partem. *O.* *See* SECO. **2.** Sp. *Used of the hair and beard.* Sĭt cŏmā, sĭt barbā docta mānu rĕsecta. *O.* *See* TONDEO. **3.** *To mow* or *reap.* *O.* *See* METO. **4.** Fig. *To cut off, to retrench, check, abridge.* ~ spem longam. *H.* [? Excido, tollo, &c.]

RĒSEMĬNO, as. *To sow again, bring forth again.* Una est quæ rĕpăret, sequo ipsa rĕsemĭnĕt, alĕs. *O.*

RĒSĔQUŎR, ĕrĭs, ĕcutŭs sum. *To follow any one* (directly) *in speaking, to answer, respond to.* Lit. and fig. Se quæri gaudens, sic est rĕsĕcutā rŏgantem. *O.* ~ Ænean dulci ămorē. *Sil.* *See* PROSEQUOR.

RĒSĔRO, as. **1.** *To unlock, to set open.* Lit. and fig. Urbem ălĭi rĕsĕrarĕ jŭbent, et pandĕrĕ portas. *V.* ~ annum (de Jano). *O.* [? ˘Apĕrĭo; fig. *sts.* incĭpĭo.] **2.** *To open, disclose to view;* hence fig. *to reveal.* ~ infernas sedes. *V.* oracŭlā. *O.* secretā. *V. Fl.* [? ˘Apĕrĭo, rĕsolvo, &c.; *fig. see* DETEGO.

RĒSERVO, as. *To keep, to lay by, reserve, preserve.* Incŏlŭmem Pallantā mĭhi si fatā rĕservant. *V.* ~ se ăd majorā. *V.* silvam fŏcis. *M.* [? Servo, rĕpono, rĕcondo, sepono, destĭno.] *See* SERVO.

RĒSĒS, ĭdĭs. *adj. That does not stir, inactive.* Insŭlā quæ rĕsĭdes fluctus mitescĕrĕ cogĭt. *Cl.* ~-es ănĭmos desuetăquē cordā. *V.* [? Desĕs, segnĭs, pĭgĕr, &c.] *See* OTIOSUS, PIGER.

RĒSĬDĔO, es, sedi. **1.** *To sit, be sitting, to sit down.* Utquē pĭger pandi tergo rĕsĭdebăt ăsellĭ. *O.* ~ hŭmi. *O.* *See* SEDEO, RESIDO. **2.** *To be situate, to reside, dwell.* ~-ens celsa Alba (Lătĭalĭs Jupĭtĕr). *L.* celsa arbŏrē (corvŭs). *Ph.* **3.** *To remain, abide.* Nevē pŭtes æternā ~ corpŏrā. *Lr.* [? Mănĕo, rĕmănĕo, &c.]

RĒSIDO, ĭs, edi. **1.** *To sit down, take a seat, to settle.* Congressi jungunt dextras, mĕdĭisquē rĕsidunt Ædĭlbŭs. *V.* ~ Sĭcŭlis oris. *V.* ~-unt crurĭbŭs aspĕræ pelles. *H.* [? Sido, mănĕo, rĕmănĕo, hærĕo, &c.] *See* RESIDEO. Fig. **2.** *To settle down again, subside, to retreat and settle down.* Rursŭs ĭn se ipsā ~-unt (mārĭā). *V.* Rĕtro ~ ĭn partem quæ pestē cărĕt. *V.* [? Rĕcedo, rĕcido, rĕlabŏr.] **3.** *To grow calm.* ~-unt cordā ex ira. *V.* Rĕsedĭt omnĭs rĕpentē flatŭs. *V.* bellum. *H.* [? Quĭesco, cădo, placŏr, pono.]

RĒSĬDŬUS, ă, um. *That remains behind, that is left.* Hăbere ut possĭt ălĭquĭd ŏpĕris rĕsĭdŭi. *Ph.* ~ pristĭnæ mentĭs pŭdŏr. *Sen.* [? Rĕlĭquŭs, sŭperstĕs.]

RĒSIGNO, as. **1.** *To unseal, open.* Adducit febres, et testamentā rĕsignăt. *H.* Fig. **2.** *To disclose, reveal.* O vates, vĕnĭentĭā fatā ~-a. *O.* [? ˘Apĕrĭo, pando, &c.] *See* DETEGO. **3.** *To break to pieces, to undo, destroy.* ~ perjurĭā Graiā. *Sil.* (= *resolvere Graiorum jura.* V.) *See* RESOLVO, 6. [? Solvo, rĕsolvo, rumpo, frango.] **4.** *To give back, resign.* ~-o quæ dĕdĭt (fortunā). *H.* *See* REDDO.

RĒSĬLĬO, is, ŭi, sultum. **1.** *To leap* or *spring back, to rebound.* Non sĕcŭs hæc rĕsălĭit quam tecti a culmĭnē grando. *O.* ~ ĭn lăcus (de ranis). *O.* ăb rebŭs (de simŭlacris). *Lr.* [? Rĕsulto, rejĭcĭŏr, rĕpello, rĕflectŏr, rĕfŭgio, rĕcurro, rĕcedo.] Crcl. Rĕtro sălĭo (fĕrŏr, *sts.* excŭtĭŏr). **2.** *To start back from, to flee from.* *Lr.* [? Rĕcedo, ăbĕo, fŭgio, &c.] **3.** *To shrink up, to be contracted* or *contract.* ˘In spătĭum ~ mānus brĕvē vidĕt &c. *O.* [? Contrăhŏr.]

RĒSIMŬS, ă, um. *Bent back* or *upwards; pug-nosed.* Nares a frontē rĕsimas (de simĭis). *O.* *See* SIMUS.

RESINĂ, æ. *f. Resin.* Non pŏtĕs illos Resina, Vĕnĕto sed rĕsĕcarĕ lŭto. *M.* Ep. Pinguĭs, lĭquĭdā.

RESINATŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Resined over.* Despĭcĭas mĕrĭto, quid resinatā jŭventus &c. *J.* **2.** *Flavoured with resin.* ~-ā vinā. *M.*

RĒSĬPISCO, ĭs, ivi *and* ĭi. *To recover from fatigue, to revive; to come to one's senses again.* Lit. and fig. Nunc demum vasto fessi rĕsĭpiscĭmŭs æstu. *Pp.* Crcl. ˘Ad me rĕdĕo. *See* REDEO.

RĒSISTO, ĭs, restĭti. **1.** *To stop, to stand still, to go on no more.* Lit. and fig. Restĭtĭt ad nostras fessā lăborē fŏres. *O.* Restĭtĭt illē grādu. *V. Fl.* ~ mĕdĭa ĭn vocē. *V.* Verbā ~-unt. *O.* [? Sisto, consisto, sto, quĭesco, mŏrŏr.] **2.** *To resist.* *V.* [? Obsisto, rĕnĭtŏr, obnitŏr, adversŏr, rĕpugno, obluctŏr, rĕluctŏr, resto, obsto, luctŏr, pugno.] Crcl. Contra sto (obsisto, sisto, obnitŏr, nitŏr). Hostem (hostĭs *or* hostilem incursum) -sustĭnĕo, rĕtardo, excĭpĭo, sustento. Immobĭlĭs *or* immotŭs -obsisto, rĕsisto.

RĒSŎLUTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* RESOLVO. **1.** *Unbound, let loose, set free.* Lit. and fig. Ferturquē tŏro rĕsŏlutā căpillos. *O.* ~ cătenis. *O.* ~-ā legum frenis irā. *L.* ~ fallaci ămorē. *Tib.* *See* SOLUTUS, LIBER. Fig. **2.** *Dissolved* (of snow, ice, substantial matter passing away). *V. L.* **3.** *Enervated, unstrung, relaxed of strength.* ~-ā ex imis mĕdullis femĭnā; somno brachĭā. *O.* [? Sŏlutŭs, fractŭs, mollĭs, languĭdŭs, &c.] **4.** *Let loose of all restraint.* ~-ā gaudĭā. *Sil.* [? Effusŭs, immŏdĭcŭs.]

RĒSOLVO, ĭs, i, sŏlutum. **1.** *To unbend, untie, loose;* fig. *to unfold, detect, expose.* Et velatē căput, cinctasquē rĕsolvĭtē vestes. *O.* ~ equos. *O.* ambages. *V.* fraudes. *Sil.* *See* SOLVO. **2.** *To set free, deliver;* fig. *to absolve, free from guilt.*

~ luctantem ănĭmam; nexos artus. *V.* Hespĕrĭam. *Sil.* ~-ent te plăcŭlă nullă. *H.* [† Solvo, libĕro, exĭmo, &c.] **3.** *To relax.* ~ curas. *V.* [† Solvo, laxo, exĭmo, rĕmitto.] **4.** *To lengthen out, let out in length.* ~-ens se margĭně ripæ (serpens). *Sil.* Immanĭă tergă ~-ĭt fusŭs hŭmi (Cerbĕrŭs). *V. See* EXPLICO. **5.** *To open.* Fauces hæc In verbă ~-o. *O.* ~ jŭgŭlum mucroně. *O.* fatis orĭ. *V. See* APERIO. **6.** *To break to pieces, break through.* Lit. and fig. ~ muros ariětě. *Sil.* săcrată Graiorum jurĭ. *V. See* FRANGO, RESIGNO (3). **7.** *To dissolve* (fuse, melt, cause to pass entirely away). ~ aurum; res gĕnĭtas. *Lr.* nĭvem. *O. See* LIQUEFACIO. **8.** *To scatter.* Tĕnĕbras ~-ĭt (Lucĭfĕr). *V.* [† Discŭtĭo, fŭgo, &c.] **9.** *To make soft and supple; to emasculate, enervate.* Membrĭ ~ ăd molles chŏros. *Pp.* [† Solvo, frango, enervo, &c.] **10.** *To solve a question, explain a difficulty. H. Lr.*

RĔSŎNABĬLĬS, ĕ. *Resounding.* Nec prĭŏr ipsă lŏqui dĭdĭcit rĕsŏnabĭlĭs Echo. *O.*

RĔSŎNO, as. **1.** *To resound, to re-echo.* Avĭă tum rĕsŏnant ăvĭbus virgultă cănoris. *V.* [† Rĕsulto, rĕmugĭo, rĕclamo, rĕbŏo, rĕmurmŭro.] **Crcl.** Sŏno reddo (rĕfĕro, rĕmitto). **2.** *To sound, send forth a sound.* ~-ant examĭně quercu. *V.* centenis vocĭbŭs orĭ. *Cl. See* SONO. **3.** Tr. *To re-echo, return a sound* (a name, a word, &c.). Littŏră alcÿŏnen (alcÿŏnes cantum) ~-ant. *V.* ~ ˘Amăryllĭdĭ. *V.* [† ˘Itĕro, ingĕmĭno, rĕpĕto, &c.] **4.** *To cause to resound.* ~ lucos assĭdŭo cantu. *V. See* PERSONO.

RĔSŎNŬS, ă, um. *Resounding, re-echoing.* Eheu! Dixĕrăt, hæc rĕsŏnis ĭtĕrabat vocĭbŭs, 'Eheu.' *O.* [† Rĕsŏnans, sŏnorŭs.] *See* SONORUS.

RĔSORBĔO, es, bŭi, ptum. *To swallow* or *suck in again.* Lit. and fig. Quæquĕ vŏmit tŏtĭdem fluctus, tŏtĭdemquĕ rĕsorbĕt. *O.* ~ lăcrĭmas. *St.* [† Devŏro.]

RESPECTO, as. *freq. of* Respicio. **1.** *To look back, look round* or *behind.* Bis rejecti armis, respectant tergă tĕgentes. *V.* **2.** *To look with care* or *regard upon.* Si quĭ plos ~-ant numĭně. *V.* **3.** Sts. = expecto. *To wait. Lr. See* E.

RESPECTŬS, us. *m. Regard, consideration.* Respectuquĕ tămen non pŏsŭissĕ mĕi. *O.* Vĕtĕrĭs ~ ămici. *M.* [† Cură.]

RESPERGO, ĭs, si, sum. *To sprinkle, besprinkle.* Lit. and fig. Respergi nostro, sparsă crŭorĕ vĭri. *O.* ~ Teucros sanguĭně. *V.* lumĭně terras (de Aurora). *Lr.* Respersŭs pulvĕrĕ campŭs. *St. See* SPARGO.

RESPĬCIO, ĭs, exi, ectum. **1.** *To look back, look back upon, to look round behind.* Respĭcĭo, et quæ sit me circum copĭă, lustro. *V.* Eurÿdĭcen sŭam respexĭt. *V.* [† Respecto.] **Crcl.** Rĕtro adspĭcĭo *or* intŭĕŏr. Specto post. ˘Ocŭlos verto *or* converto. ˘Acĭem flecto. **2.** *To regard, observe, look upon.* ~ ăd solem lunasquĕ sĕquentes ordĭně. *V.* ĭn auras. *V. Fl.* sidĕrĭă. *L. See* SPECTO. Fig. **3.** *To take into consideration, to be mindful of, to note attentively.* Communes respicĭ natos. *O.* Nĕc prĭŭs amissam respexi. *V.* [† Attendo, &c.] **4.** *To regard with favour.* ~ humanos lăbores. *V.* [† Respecto, adspĭcĭo, curo, &c.] **Crcl.** Vĭdĕo plăcĭdo lumĭně. Converto plăcĭdos vultus ăd &c. *See* FAVEO.

RESPIRAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. The wind-pipe; the act of fetching breath.* Vitalesquĕ vĭas et respiramĭně clausĭt. *O. See* SPIRAMEN.

RESPIRO, as. **1.** *To blow* (of the wind). Quod, nĭsĭ respirent venti, vis nullă rĕfrenĕt. *Lr. See* SPIRO. **2.** *To breathe, to take breath.* Nĕc ~ pŏtestas. *V.* **Crcl.** Spirĭtum duco *or* trăho. Anras duco (accĭpĭo, reddo). ˘Anĭmam rĕcĭpio. Fig. **3.** *To breathe again, recover* or *be refreshed. V. Fl.* **4.** *To breathe forth* or *emit sound, odour, unwholesome air,* &c. ~ ˘Arăbum germĭně; (*sts. with acc.*) sĕrĭ mălignum. *St.* [† Spiro, halo, &c.]

RESPLENDĔO, es. *To shine brilliantly.* Lit. and fig. Dissĭlĭŭt; fulva resplendent fragmĭna ărena. *V. See* FULGEO.

RESPONDĔO, es, di, sum. **1.** *To answer.* Olli sedato respondit cordĕ Lătinŭs. *V.* ~ paucă. *O.* [† Excĭpio, subjĭcĭo, rĕsĕquŏr, rĕfĕro.] **Crcl.** Responsum (*or pl.*) -do, reddo, rĕfĕro, rĕmitto. Vocem (voces, dictă, verbă) -reddo, rĕfĕro. Contra ordĭŏr *or* fari. Dictis dictă sĕquŏr. Verbă vĭcissim do. Dictis qm rĕsĕquŏr. Rŏgantem his r. Dictă ca vocĕ sĕquŏr. Mutŭă dictă rĕfĕro. **Phr.** Illĕ ăd hæc (hæc contra). Illĕ nĭhĭl. Tum contra. Contra quem talĭă fatŭr. Tum sic excĭpĭt (paucă rĕfert *or* subjĭcit, vĭcissim orĕ rĕfert). Sic contra ingressŭs (orsŭs) est. **2.** *To sing in parts* or *in turn* (one after or in emulation of another). *V.* **Crcl.** Contendĕrĕ alternis *or* a. verslbŭs; certarĕ alterno carmĭně. **3.** *To answer* (of the echo; of a reflected image). ~-ent omnĭă silvæ. *V.* ĭn ăqua sidĕrĭă. *Lr.* [† Reddo, rĕfĕro, &c.] **4.** *To correspond, agree with, be in proportion to.* ~-ent cetĕrĭă dictis matrĭs. *V.* fructus lăbori. *O.* [† Congrŭo, convĕnĭo.] **5.** *To answer, to satisfy hopes, expectations,* &c. ~-ĕt sĕgĕs votis agrĭcŏlæ. *V.* **6.** *To be placed opposite, in face.* Contra ~-ĕt Gnosăă tellus. *V.*

RESPONSO, as. *freq. of* Respondeo. **1.** *To answer* (sound with sound). Ripæquĕ lăcusquĕ Responsant circum. *V.* **2.** *To resist.* ~ cŭpidĭnĭbŭs; fortunæ sŭperbæ. *H.*

RESPONSŎR, orĭs. *m. One who replies;* sp. *a lawyer consulted.* Quo responsore et quo causæ testĕ tĕnentŭr. *H.*

RESPONSUM, i. *n.* **1.** *An answer.* Dixĭt, ĕt extemplo, nĕque ĕnim responsă dăbantŭr Fidă sătĭs. *V.* **2.** *An answer of an oracle.* Hinc (sc. Fauni oraculo) ĭn dŭbĭis responsă pĕtunt. *V. See* ORACULUM.

RESPŬO, is, ŭi. **1.** *To spit out; to discharge itself of.* Respŭĕt invisum justă cădavĕr hŭmŭs. *O.* (*Ib.*) ~ frenos cum sanguĭně (de ŏsuo). *St.* [† Rĕvŏmo, rejĭcĭo, reddo, &c.] *See* VOMO. **2.** *To repel, to beat back.* ~ Iŏnĭas iras rupĭbŭs. *Cl. See* REPELLO. **3.** Fig. *To reject with disdain.* Respŭĭt, atque ŏdĭo verbă mŏnentĭs hăbĕt. *O.* [† Rejĭcĭo, abjĭcĭo, aspernŏr, sperno, fastidĭo, &c.]

RESTAGNO, as. *To overflow.* Quam restagnantis fecit mărĭs undă păludem. *O. See* STAGNO.

RESTINGUO, ĭs, nxi, nctum. *To extinguish, to quench.* Lit. and fig. Excŭtĕre, et sanctos restingŭĕrĕ fontĭbŭs ignes. *V.* ~-ĭtŭr ignis vento. *O.* ~ sĭtim rivo. *V.* pocŭlă fălerni lympha. *H.* [† Exstinguo, comprĭmo; *sts.* frango.] **Crcl.** Ignem (*or pl.*) -sŭpĕro, dŏmo. Flammas ăqua (unda, fontĭbŭs) -restingno, sŭpĕro, dŏmo, nĕco. Flammis ăquam addo. Vulcanum unda obrŭo. *See* EXSTINGUO.

RESTIS, ĭs. *f.* **1.** *A rope, a cord.* Hortŭlŭs hic, pŭtĕusquĕ brĕvis, nec restĕ mŏvendŭs. *J. See* FUNIS. **2.** Sp. *A halter* (for the neck). *See* LAQUEUS.

RESTĬTŬO, ĭs, i, tutum. **1.** *To put* or *place again, to put in its former place.* Ut quo quæquĕ (arbŏr) mŏdo stĕtĕrĭt . . . Restĭtŭant, ăděo in nĕcĭs &c. *V.* [† Rĕpono.] **2.** *To replace, restore, renew, re-establish.* ~ turbatas cŏmas. *O.* rem (Romanam) cunctando. *V.* fessas vires. *V. Fl.* jus antiquum. *O.* [† Rĕpono, rĕfĭcĭo, rĕpăro, rĕnŏvo.] **3.** *To give back, to return, restore.* ~ ăpĭbŭs fructum sŭum. *Ph.* Qm Cæsărĭs impĕ-

rĭo. *O.* virgĭnem sŭĭs. *Ter.* *See* REDDO. **4.** *To bring back, recover.* ∾ qm a mortĭs limĭnĕ. *Cat.* *See* REVOCO.

RESTO, as, stĭti. **1.** *To stand still, stand firm; to withstand, resist.* Restăt, ĕt immĕrĭta sustĭnĕt aurĕ mĭnas. *Pp.* Dum ∾-ăt barbărĭŭs Hectŏr. *Pp.* ∾ adversis. *Sil.* *See* RESISTO. Fig. **2.** *To remain, continue.* *See* MANEO. **3.** *To remain, be left; to exist still, survive.* Hoc solum nomĕn de conjŭgĕ ∾-ăt. *V.* Donā flammis Trojæ restantĭă. *V.* Nĕc spes jam ∾-ăt ˘Iuli. *V.* [¶ Sŭpersum, mănŭo.] Crcl. Sum sŭperstĕs. Rĕlĭquum est. **4.** With inf. ∾-ăt irĕ. *H.* verlŭ rĕferrĕ. *O.*

RESTRINGO, ĭs, inxi, ictum. **1.** *To tie, fasten behind; to tie,* &c. Qui lorā restrictis lăcertis Sensit ĭners. *H.* ∾-unt cŏhĭbentquĕ mănus. *St.* *See* VINCIO. **2.** Fig. sta. *To unfasten, undo, open.* ∾ luctus obductos annis. *O.* (Others, *rescindere.*)

RĔSULTO, as. *freq. of* Resilio. **1.** *To leap back, to rebound.* Gălĕa clypĕoquĕ rĕsultant Irrĭtā (telā). *V.* **2.** *To resound, re-echo.* Pulsati colles clamorĕ ∾-ant. Vocĭs offensā ∾-ăt Imago. *V.* *See* RESONO.

RĔSUMO, ĭs, mpsi, mptum. **1.** *To take again, take up again.* Inquĕ vĭcem sumptas ponit, pŏsĭtasquĕ rĕsumĭt. *O.* [¶ Rĕprendo.] **2.** Fig. *To resume,* &c. ∾ vires. *O.* scĕlĕrum ingĕnĭum. *Cl.* [¶ Rĕcĭplĭo, rĕcollĭgo.]

RĔSŬPINATŬS, ă, um = rĕsŭpinŭs. Et rĕsŭpinati cessantĭă tympănā Galli. *J.*

RĔSŬPINO, as. **1.** *To turn upside down, to turn backward. Ter.* **2.** *To throw down on the ground, overturn.* Nec mŏrā, quum totas rĕsŭpinat Cynthĭă valvas. *Pp.* [¶ 1. Rĕflecto, rĕclino. 2. Dejĭcĭo, sterno, everto, &c.]

RĔSŬPINŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Bent (thrown* or *leaning) back.* Fertŭr ĕquis, curruque hærens rĕsŭpinŭs ĭnani. *V.* [¶ Rĕsŭpinatŭs, sŭpinŭs, rĕclinĭs.] **2.** *Lying on the back.* ∾ in antro. *V.* *See* RECUBANS. **3.** *Thrown to the ground.* ∾-um corpŏrĕ fudi. *O.* [¶ Stratŭs, prostratŭs, dejectŭs, &c.] **4.** *Of haughty carriage, proud.* Tŭlĕrăt gressus ∾-ă pĕr urbem. *O.* *See* SUPERBUS. **5.** *Sloping. St.* *See* SUPINUS.

RĔSURGO, ĭs, rrexi. *To rise again, rise up again, re-appear;* and fig. *to revive.* Nuntĭăt huc ălĭquis dŏmĭnam venissĕ, rĕsurgam. *O.* Fas regnā ∾ Trojæ. *V.* ∾-ebant lunarĭă cornŭă. *O.* ∾-ens ămŏr. *V.* [¶ Rĕpărŏr, rĕflĭcĭŏr, rĕnŏvŏr, instaurŏr.] *See* REVIVO.

RĔSUSCĬTO, as. **1.** *To resuscitate, to cause to revive.* Lit. and fig. Inquĕ vĭcem ponit, pŏsĭtamquĕ rĕsuscĭtăt iram. *O.* [¶ Rĕnŏvo, instauro.] **2.** Eccl. *To bring back to life.* Crcl. ˘Ad vitam –rĕvŏco, rĕduco. ˘Ab infernis umbris –rĕduco, rĕvŏco, extrăho. Vitam *or* ănĭmam –reddo, restĭtŭo. ˘Ad lucem rĕvŏco. Vitæ *or* sŭpĕris auris –reddo, restĭtŭo. ˘Ad *or* in lucem (sŭb lumĭnĭs auras, ăd munĕrā *or* limĭnā vitæ) rĕvŏco. Dĭem ereptum rĕvŏco. ˘Animam in corpŭs (ănĭmas in corpŏrā functā) rĕduco. Defunctā cādavĕrā vitæ restĭtŭo. ˘In vivum cālorem artus rĕvŏco. Vitam post fatā rĕduco. Vitæ exordĭă ci rĕvŏco. Mortĭs ci vincŭlā abrumpo. Infernis qm tĕnĕbris lĭbĕro. *See* REDIVIVUS, REVIVO.

RĔTARDO, as. *To delay, keep back.* Non scŏpŭli, rupesquĕ cāvæ, atque objectā rĕtardant Flumĭnā. *V.* *See* TARDO.

RETĔ, ĭs. *n.* (*abl.* retē *and* reti.) **1.** *A net.* Illĕ lĕvi velox sŭpĕrabat retĭă saltu. *O.* Prĕmĕrĕ ăd retĭă cervum. *V.* [¶ Casses, lăqueī, plăgæ, linā, filā; *sts.* pĕdĭcæ, indago.] **Ep.** Nexlĭă, rarum, cāvum, sĭnŭosum; lātens, abdĭtum, dŏlosum, lātĭtans, occultum, fallax, subdŏlum. Crcl. Plăgarum *or* lăquĕorum –fraus, insĭdĭæ. Phr. 1. *To set nets, nooses here and there; to catch game with them; drive game into them.* ˘In retĭă ăgĭto. Retĭă (plăgas, lăquĕos) –tendo, pono, dispono. Retĭbŭs *or* lăquĕis –claudo, cingo, decĭpĭo. Phr. 2. *To set a series of nets round a wood.* Silvas (saltus) indagĭnĕ –cingo, claudo, ambĭo, circumdo, sepĭo. Phr. 3. Gen. ˘Avĭbŭs (piscĭbŭs, fĕris) dŏlum *or* insĭdĭas –mollĭŏr, strŭo, păro, tendo, mĕdĭtŏr. *See* AUCUPOR, PECOR, VENOR. **2.** Fig. *Snares and deceptions of any kind. Lr. Pp.* [¶ Lăquĕŭs.]

RĔTĔGO, ĭs, exi, ectum. **1.** *To uncover, lay open, bare to the sight.* Extŭlĕrĭt Titan, rĕdĭĭsquĕ rĕtexĕrĭt orbem. *V.* ∾ vultus. *L.* ferro silvas. *St.* [¶ Detĕgo, ăpĕrĭo, pando, pătĕfăcĭo, &c.] **2.** Fig. *To reveal, disclose.* ∾ dŏmus scĕlŭs omnĕ. *V.* Trojanā fatā. *O.* *See* DETEGO.

RĔTENDO, ĭs, i, sum *or* tum. *To unbend, unstring.* Exŭlt hic hŭmĕro phărĕtram, lentosquĕ rĕtendit Arcus. *O.* *See* LAXO.

RĔTENTO, as. I. *Freq. of* Retineo. *To hold back.* Lit. and fig. Lorā, mŏdo admissos artĭ rĕtentĭt ĕquos. *O.* ∾ iras. *V. Fl.* *See* RETINEO. II. *From* Tento. *To attempt again, try again.* ∾ filā lĭnæ; stādĭum fatālĕ. *O.* armā. *L.* [¶ Rĕtracto, rĕsumo.]

RĔTEXO, ĭs, xŭi, xtum. I. *To unweave, unwind;* fig. *to undo in any way.* Non intertextas commentā rĕtexĕrĕ telas. *St.* ∾ ŏpŭs. *O.* Quālĭs plenum orbem ∾-ŭĭt (lunā). *O.* [¶ Dissŏlo; *fig.* dissolvo, destrŭo.] II. **1.** *To weave again* or *anew;* fig. *to renew, go over again,* &c. Eurydĭces, oro, prŏpĕrātā rĕtexĭtĕ filā. *O.* Quinquĕ orbes explent, tŏtĭdemquĕ rĕtexunt. *V.* ∾ lŭtĕ. *Cl.* [¶ Rĕpŏto, rĕnŏvo, ĭtĕro.] **2.** *To relate, repeat* (spin out talk). Tallā longo sermonĕ ∾-unt. *Cl.* [¶ Evolvo, rĕfĕro, dico, &c.]

RĔTĬCĔO, es, ŭi. **1.** *To be silent.* Illā diu rĕtĭcet, pŭdĭbundăquĕ celăt ămictu Orā. *O.* *See* SILEO. **2.** Tr. *Not to speak of.* Linguæ rĕtĭcendā mŏdestæ. *O.* ∾ dŏlores. *Pp.*

RETĬCŬLUM, i. *n.*, *dim. of* Rete. *A small net, an open bag* or *pouch* (used in games, for the hair, for provisions, &c.). Retĭcŭloquĕ pīlæ læves fundantŭr ăperto. *O.* ∾ panĭs. *H.* auratum cŏmis implĕt. *J.*

RĔTINACŬLUM, i. *n.* **1.** Us. pl. *Any thing which acts as a tie, stay,* &c. Lit. and fig. Aut ˘Amĕrĭnā pārant lentæ rĕtĭnacŭlā vĭtĭ. *V.* ∾-ă blandī mŏrarum. *Aus.* *See* VINCULUM. **2.** *Used of a horse's reins.* ∾-ă tendens (aurigā). *V.* *See* HABENA. **3.** *Used of the cables, hawsers,* &c., *of a ship.* Stuppĕā ∾-ă classĭs. *O.* *See* FUNIS.

RĔTĬNĔO, es, tentum. **1.** *To hold back, to restrain.* Nĕc exănĭmes possunt rĕtĭnerĕ măgistri. *V.* ∾ lăcrĭmas. *O.* [¶ Contĭnĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, cŏercĕo, &c.] *See* COHIBEO. **2.** *To detain, delay.* ∾ ŏuntem. *O.* Vento ∾-ĕ mŏrari. *O.* [¶ Tĕnĕo, tardo, morŏr.] *See* MOROR. **3.** *To retain, keep, preserve.* ∾ nativum dĕcŭs. *O.* commissā fĭdelĭtĕr; ămicos. *H.* [¶ Tĕnĕo, servo.] *See* SERVO. **4.** Sts. = tĕnĕo. *See* T. *To have in hand, to hold in possession.* ˘Allĭ făcŭlas, ălĭi ∾ săgittas. *Pp.* Quæ (terrarum millĭă) vārĭæ ∾-ent gentes. *Lr.*

RĔTŎNO, as. *To thunder back, resound loudly.* Făcĕ cunctā mugĭentĭ frĕmĭtu lŏcā rĕtŏnent. *Cat.* *See* RESONO.

RĔTORQUĔO, es, si, tum. **1.** *To turn, twist,* or *bend back.* Illā, dŏlorĕ fĕrox, căpŭt in sāā tergā rĕtorsĭt. *O.* ∾ velā ăb &c. *O.* Rĕtortā tergo (post tergā. *O.*) brachĭă. *H.* [¶ Rĕflecto, flecto, deflecto, averto.] Fig. **2.** *To alter, turn in a different* or *opposite direction.* ∾ mentem. *V.* [¶ Flecto.] **3.** *To force back, repel.* ∾ Rhœtum lĕonĭs unguĭbŭs. *H.* Rĕtortis undis. *H.* [¶ Rĕpello.] *See also* RETORTUS.

Rĕtortŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Retorqueo. 1. *Twisted.* Mollīrĕ collā ornatu rĕtorto (sc. torquē). *Cl. See* Tortus. 2. *Curled, &c.* ~-o crinĕ Maurūs. *M.*

Rĕtracto, as. (The examples give *rĕ* only; but see Retraho.) 1. *To handle again, to take in hand again.* Semānīmesquē mīcant dīgĭti, ferrumquē rĕtractant (i. e. *try to lay hold of*). *V.* Cŏĕuntīā vulnĕrā ~-ando rumpĕrē. *O.* ~ ferrum (*again unsheath it*). *V. See* Resumo. Fig. 2. *To revolve in mind, recall to mind; to go over, discuss in conversation.* ~ fatā Dĕum (sermonē); mecum Dĕæ mĕmŏratā. *O.* [† Rĕvolvo, rĕvŏco, ăgĭto.] *See* Memini. 3. *To draw back, withdraw.* Tr. and intr. ~ dictā. *V.* Quīd, Turnē, rĕtractas? *V.* [† *Tr.* Rĕvŏco.]

Rĕtrăho, ĭs, axi, actum. (Retractŭs. *Lr., but better* Rĕtractŭs.) *To draw back.* Quo fatā trăhunt rĕtrăhuntquē, sĕquamūr. *V.* [† Rĕduco, rĕtracto, rĕcepto, rĕvŏco, abstrăho, averto.] Crcl. Rĕtro -fĕro, rĕfĕro, rĕprīmo.

Rĕtrecto. *See* Retracto.

Rĕtrĭbŭo, ĭs (*better* Rĕtrĭbŭo). *To restore.* Corpŏrā retrĭbŭat rebus, rĕcrĕtcquē flŭentes. *Lr.*

Rĕtro, *and* Retro. *adv.* 1. *Back, backwards.* Abduxerē rĕtro longe căpĭta ardŭa ăb ictu. *V.* Amnīs ĕt Adrĭăcas retro fŭgĭt Aufĭdŭs undas. *V.* ~ dăbăt căpillos aurā. *V.* [† *Sts.* Rĕtrorsum, rĕtrorsŭs.] 2. *On the contrary, the contrary way. Lr.* [† Contra.] 3. Sts. *Used of what is gone by, past* (left *behind* us in time, as it were). *H.* [† Antĕ.]

Rĕtrorsum, *and* Rĕtrorsŭs. *adv. Backwards.* Nunc rĕtrorsum Velā dăre, atque ĭtĕrarē cursus Cogor rĕlictos. *H.* Cedentem impellit retrorsŭs ĭn æquŏrā pontum. *Sil.* Dărē verā rĕtrorsŭs Tergā mĕtu. *V. Fl.* [† Rĕtro, rursŭs.]

Rĕtro verto, ĭs (*and part.* Rĕtroversŭs). *To turn back;* fig. *to reverse, alter.* Ipsē rĕtroversus squalentīā protŭlĭt orā. *O.* Sidĕrā vertĕrē retro. *V.* Sententīā versā rĕtro. *V.*

Rĕtundo, ĭs, rĕtŭdi (retŭdi, *sc.* rettŭdi. *Ph.*), rĕtusum (rĕtunsum. *Pl.*). 1. *To make blunt.* Quid jŭvăt in nudis hamatā rĕtundĕrē telā Ossĭbŭs? *O.* [† Hĕbĕto.] 2. Fig. *To restrain, check, repress.* Omnem prŏfecto retŭdi sŭperbĭam. *Ph.* [† Hĕbĕto, cŏercĕo, rĕprīmo, &c.] *See* Cohibeo.

Rĕtusŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Retundo. Used also adj. *Blunted, blunt.* Lit. and fig. Neu ferro lædĕ rĕtuso Semĭnā. *V.* Telā rĕtusā cădunt. *O.* Belli fervorē rĕtuso. *Sil.* Essĕ rĕtusi cordĭs. *Cl.* [† Obtusŭs, hĕbĕs, hĕbĕtatŭs.]

Rĕŭs, i. *m.*; Rĕā, æ. *f.* 1. *One accused, a criminal.* Quid fiet sonti, cum rĕā laudĭs ăgăr? Pĕrăgŏr pŏpŭli publĭcŭs orē rĕŭs. *O.* [† Accusatŭs.] Ep. Tristĭs, păvĭdŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs, anxĭŭs, pallĭdŭs. [Note. Rĕum ăgo; rĕŭs -ăgŏr, pĕrĭgŏr = *to accuse, to be accused.*] 2. ~ voti. *V. One under the obligation of a vow; having a vow to discharge* or *fulfil.* [† Debĭtŏr, damnatŭs.]

Rĕvălesco, ĭs, elli *and* ulsi, ulsum. 1. *To grow well again, to be convalescent.* Ne tămēn ignoores, ŏpē qua rĕvălescĕrē possim. *O.* [† Convălesco, rĕflŏrĕo.]

Rĕvĕho, ĭs, vexi, vectum. 1. *To convey back* (by sea or land-carriage), *to bring* or *carry back.* Trojanam ex hostĭbŭs urbem Qui rĕvĕhis nobis. *V.* [† Rĕduco, rĕfĕro, rĕporto.] 2. Pass. *To return* (by conveyance). ˘Ithăcam ~-i. *H.* Lătĭus ~-crĭs ăd urbes. *M. See* Redeo.

Rĕvĕllo, ĭs, elli *and* ulsi, ulsum. 1. *To pull* or *tear away, to tear up.* Arrīpĭt ipsum Pendentem, et magna muri cum partĕ rĕvellĭt. *V.* ~ ăgri termĭnos. *H.* chartæ titŭlum de frontā. *O.* [† Avello, vello, detrăho; *sts.* rĕfigo.] *See* Vello. 2. *To break up, pluck up, break to pieces.* ~ ĕlnĕres cja. *V.* curvo dentĕ hūmum. *O.* Saturnĭā templā. *L.* [† Convello, &c.] *See* Frango. 3. *To force away, to seize and carry off.* Lit. and fig. ~ pŭĕrum; tergā ŏvĭs. *O.* vĕtĕres ăvĭas de pulmonē. *Pers.* [† Abstrăho, avello, erĭpĭo, aufĕro, &c.]

Rĕvĕlo, as. *To unveil, to reveal.* Erĭpĭt infantem, mentitāquē sacrā rĕvelāt. *O.* Orē rĕvelato. *O. See* Detego.

Rĕverbĕro, as. 1. *To beat back, drive back.* Atque imis Typhonā rĕverbĕrāt antris. *V. Fl.* 2. *To reflect.* Zonā ~-āt ignes. *V. Fl.* [† Rĕpercŭtĭo.]

Rĕvĕrendŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Reveror. Used also adj. *Reverend, venerable.* Illŭd ŏpus plĕtas, istud rĕvĕrendā vĭrorum Nomĭnā. *Aus. See* Venerandus.

Rĕvĕrentĭa, æ. *f.* 1. *Reverence, respect, scrupulous consideration.* Magnā fŭit quondam căpĭtis rĕvĕrentīā cani. *O.* Maxĭmā debetur pŭĕro rĕvĕrentīā. *J.* [† Vĕnĕratĭo, cultŭs, hŏnŏr *or* bŏnos, respectŭs, observantīā; *sts.* curā.] 2. *Feelings of modesty and moderation; a proper reserve in conduct.* ~ mensæ. *J.* Nullā est poscendi, nullā est ~ dandi. *Pp.* [† Pŭdŏr, mŏdŭs.]

Rĕvĕrĭŏr, erĭs, ĭtŭs sum. *To respect, revere, to stand in awe of.* I nunc, i, mĕrĭti lectum rĕvĕrerē pārentĭs. *O. See* Veneror, Vereor.

Rĕverto, ĭs, ti, sum. *Lr.* us. Rĕvertŏr, erĭs, ersŭs sum. 1. *To return* (to a place); and fig. *to return to an occupation, subject,* &c. Aut fessus sŭb ŏpacā rĕvertĭtŭr antrā. *O.* ~-i ăd Musas. *O.* ăd te ĕt tŭā consulā. *V.* 2. *To retire, to flow back.* Tĭbĕrim rĕverti &c. *H. See* Refluo. 3. *To return* (of periodical changes). Lunā ~-entes collĭgĭt ignes. *V.* 4. *To recoil.* Pœnā rĕversurā est ĭn căpŭt tŭum. *O. See* Recido.

Rĕvincĭo, ĭs, inxi, inctum. *To bind backwards* or *by the back, to bind tightly, to fasten on.* Lit. and fig. Errantem Gȳăro celsa Mȳcŏnoquē rĕvinxĭt (Delŏn). *V.* ~ lătŭs ensē. *Pp.* mentem āmorē. *Cat. See* Vincio, Revinctus.

Rĕvinco, ĭs, ici, ictum. 1. *To re-conquer; to conquer completely.* Ex quo judĭcĭo formā rĕvictā sŭa est. *O.* Cătervæ (vĭrea. *Lr.*) rĕvictæ. *H. See* Vinco. 2. *To refute, disprove.* An confutabunt nares, ŏcŭlivē rĕvincent? *Lr.*

Rĕvinctŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Revincio. 1. *Bound backwards* or *by the back.* Quam dura ad saxā rĕvinctam Vindĭcāt Alcides. *O.* 2. ~ post tergā. *Sil.* ~ post tergā mānus, &c. *V. Having the hands bound behind the back.* Crcl. Flexis post tergā (restrictis) lăcertis. Evinctŭs gĕmĭnas post tergā mānus;—palmas post tergum dātas *or* rĕvŏcatas;—arctis post tergā cătenis. Cui rĕtortā sunt tergo brachĭā. 3. Gen. *Bound, fastened.* Lit. and fig. Zona de postē ~-a. *O.* Cœlo ~-ā terrā. *Lr.* Festa frondē ~-um (templum). *V.* ~-i ĭn pestē. *V. Fl. See* Vinctus.

Rĕvĭrĭŏ, es, *and* Rĕvĭresco, ĭs. 1. *To grow green again.* Reddĭtŭr arbŏrĭbŭs florens rĕvĭrentĭbŭs ætas. *Albinov.* Læsasquē jŭbet rĕvĭrescĕrē silvas. *O.* Fig. 2. *To grow young again.* Rĕvĭrescĕrē possē pārentem. *O.* [† Rĕpārŏr, jŭvĕnesco.] 3. *To flourish again.* ~-ĭt glorĭā Blæsi. *St.* [† Rĕnŏvŏr, rĕflorĕo.]

Rĕviso, ĭs, i. 1. *To re-visit, to see again; to go and see.* Progĕnĭem parvam dulcesquē rĕvisĕrē natos. *V.* ~ pătrĭam Pallenen. *V.* [† ˘Itĕrum, rursŭs viso, inviso, ădĕo.] 2. ~ ăd, &c. anc. *To return to.* Crebrā rĕvisĭt ăd stăbŭlum. *Lr.*

Rĕvīvo, ĭs, ixi, ictum. 1. *To come back to life, to live again.* Sĕcarē membrā non rĕvicturi sĕnĭs. *Sen.* [† Rĕnascŏr; *sts.* rĕsurgo, rĕsuscĭtŏr.] Crcl. ˘Ad vitam -rĕsurgo, rĕvŏcŏr, rĕdĕo. ˘In

vitam rĕdĕo. Vitam rĕsumo. Nŏvŭs ĭn lucem rĕdĕo. Lucem *or* vitam rĕcĭpĭo. ˘Anĭmam *or* vitam rĕsumo. A mortĕ rĕsurgo. Æthĕrĭas sŭb auras rursŭs (reddĭtŭs) vĕnĭo. ˘Ad limĭnă vitæ –rĕdĕo, rĕmĕo, surgo, ăb umbris s. Sŭpĕras ăd auras rĕdĕo. Sŭpĕrā convexā rĕviso. Rĕpĕto primordĭā vitæ. Nŏvam vitam divino munĕrĕ căpĭo. ˘In rĕdĭvivā vitæ lumĭnā surgo. Vitæ lumĭnā devicta mortĕ rĕcĭpĭo. Reddĭtā vitā surgĭt. Copĭā vitæ reddĭtŭr. ˘Anĭmā vivos ĭn artus rĕmĕăt. ˘Ab infernis umbris rĕvŏcŏr. Sĕpulcro, &c., exĕo. *See* REDIVIVUS. **2.** Fig. *To revive.* ˘Ad tŭā verbā rĕvixi. *O.* Exstinctā flammā rĕvixĭt. *O.*

RĔVŎCABĬLĬS, ĕ. *That may be recalled,* or *be made to return.* Lit. and fig. Non est rĕvŏcabĭlĭs istis, Quem sĕmĕl umbrĭfĕra navĭtā lintrĕ tŭlĭt. *O.* (*ad Liv.*) ∾ pŭdŏr. *V. Fl.* telum. *O.*

RĔVŎCAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. A recall.* Accĭpĭo rĕvŏcamĕn, ălt. *O.*

RĔVŎCO, as. **1.** *To recall, to bid come back.* Exclusit: rĕvŏcăt: rĕdĕam? non si obsĕcrĕt. Eccĕ &c. *H.* Cum clamorĕ Gȳas ∾-abăt. *V.* **2.** *To recall, to cause to come back* or *come away from, to withdraw.* Lit. and fig. ∾ Solĭs ĕuntĭs ĕquos. *O.* ductores ăcĭe. *V.* ŏcŭlos mĕos. *O.* pelles ĭn pectŏrĭ. *Cl.* [¶ Rĕtrăhо, rĕduco, āverto, avŏco, abstrăhо, abduco, amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo.] Fig. **3.** *To cause to come back again* or *re-appear; to restore, renew; re-establish.* ∾ vires victu; ănĭmos. *V.* flŭvĭo cŏlorem. *Sil.* cŏmam silvis. *Sen.* leges. *J.* vĕtĕres artes. *H.* [¶ Rĕpăro, rĕfĭcĭo, rĕnŏvo, reddo; *sts.* rĕduco, rĕfĕro.] **4.** *To turn away, turn aside, dissuade, deter.* ∾ ănĭmum ăb ira. *O.* parcĕrĕ sŭæ famæ. *Pp.* [¶ Avŏco, deterrĕo.] **5.** *To recall to memory.* ∾ ĭn pectŏrĭ Cannas. *Sil.* **6.** *To recall to notice; to go back to in relating.* ∾ primæ exordĭā pugnæ. *V.* [¶ Rĕpĕto.] **7.** *To recall from existence, to cause as if it had never been.* Si factā ∾ lĭcerĕt. *O.* **8.** *To bid* or *invite again, in turn. M. Ph.*

RĔVŎLO, as. *To fly back.* Lit. and fig. Quum mĕdĭo cĕlĕres rĕvŏlant ex æquŏrĕ mergi. *V.* ∾-ăt crŭentum (telum). *O. See* VOLO (I.).

RĔVŎLUBĬLĬS, ĕ. *That may be turned* or *rolled back* or *round again; revolving.* Sisȳphĕ, cui tradas rĕvŏlubĭlĕ pondŭs, hăbebĭs. *O.* (*Ib.*) Fatorum stamĕn ∾-ĕ nulli. *Pp.*

RĔVŎLUTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* REVOLVO *and* REVOLVOR. **1.** *Rolled back.* Spissa atque æstu rĕvŏlutā rĕsorbens Saxā. *V.* **2.** *Thrown over, turned over, upset, thrown down.* ∾ jăcŭlĭt ărena. *V.* culminĕ fati. *Cl.* ∾-ă pensā. *V.* **3.** *Having completed a revolution* (of a revolving body); *revolving. V.* **4.** Fig. *Turned back again, rechanged, restored.* ∾ ĭn vĕtĕrem fĭguram. *V.*

RĔVOLVO, ĭs, i, ŏlutum. **1.** *To roll back again.* Lit. and fig. Te sæcŭlā testĕ Cunctā rĕvolvuntŭr. *Cl.* Ventŭs rĕtro æstum rĕvolvĭt. *Sen.* **2.** *To unroll,* or *to wind back.* Scis nullā ∾ Parcas stamĭnā. *St.* Fig. **3.** *To go over again, go through again* (personally). ∾ perplexum ĭtĕr; casus. *V.* nugas. *M.* [¶ Rĕmetĭŏr.] **4.** *To repeat, recount.* ∾ ingratā. *V.* factā pătrĭs. *Cl.* [¶ Evolvo, rĕfĕro, &c.] *See* NARRO. **5.** *To review, turn over in thought,* &c. ∾ vitæ fatā. *L.* visā. *O.* [¶ Volvo, verso, &c.] **6.** Pass. Rĕvolvŏr. *To fall back.* Lit. and fig. Tĕr rĕvŏlutā tŏro est. *V.* (*See* RECIDO.) Quĭd ĭn istā ∾-ŏr? *O.* ∾ ĭn ĕamdem vitam. *Ter.* [¶ Rĕlabŏr, rĕcido, rĕdĕo, &c.]

RĔVŎMO, ĭs. **1.** *To vomit back,* or *throw up* or *forth again.* Vŏrăt hæc raptas rĕvŏmitquĕ cărinas. *O.* ∾ pectŏrĕ fluctus. *V. See* VOMO. **2.** *To beat* or *cast back.* Scŏpŭlis rĕvŏmentĭbŭs æquŏr. *L.*

REX, regĭs. *m.* **1.** *A king, a prince.* An nescis longas regĭbŭs esse mănus? *O.* [¶ Princeps, regnatŏr, rectŏr, rĕgens; *sts.* impĕratŏr, dux, ductŏr, dŏmĭnŭs.] **Ep.** Justĭs, æquis; bĕnignŭs, bŏnŭs, mitĭs, pŏtens, fortĭs. **Crel.** Pŏpŭli –rectŏr, mŏdĕratŏr, dŏmĭnatŏr. Regni princeps *or* præsĕs. Rerum præsĕs *or* pŏtens. Arbĭtĕr impĕrĭi. Regali jurĕ pŏtens. Regnā *or* sceptrā tĕnens. Qui sceptrum *or* sceptrā gĕrĭt (gestăt, torquĕt, mŏdĕratŭr, mănu gestăt, &c.). Qui aula dŏmĭnatŭr. Augusta sŭperbŭs aula. Quem regalĭs purpŭrā tĕgĭt (ornăt, dĕcŏrăt). Qui jurĕ dăt pŏpŭlis. Quem (cujŭs frontem) dĭādemā cŏronăt. Dĭādemătĕ cinctŭs. Sŏllĭo fultŭs. *See* IMPERO. **2.** *The king's son, the prince royal* (of Ascanius). *V.* **Crel.** Regĭŭs pŭĕr *or* jŭvĕnis. **3.** Sts. *A guardian* or *tutor.* Actæ non ăllo rĕpĕ pŭertĭæ. *H.* **4.** Sts. *The king, queen of animals,* &c.; *chief of rivers; best of wines,* &c. ∾ fĕrarum lĕo. *Ph.* ăpĭum (*the queen-bee*); flŭvĭorum (Erĭdănŭs); Phănæŭs (*finest of wines*). *V.*

RHADAMANTHŬS, i. *m. One of the judges of hell. C. D.* Gnossĭŭs hæc Rhădămanthŭs hăbĕt durissimā regnā. *V.* [¶ ˘Agenŏrĭdes.] *See* MINOS.

RHAMNES, *or* **RAMNES.** *m. pl. One of the three centuries of Equites chosen by Romulus.* Rhamnesquĕ vĭri Lŭcĕresquĕ cŏloni. *Pp.*

RHAMNUS, untĭs. *f.* (Ῥαμνοῦς.) *A small town in Attica, celebrated for its statue of Nemesis.* Et tŭmĭdis infestā cŏlit qua numĭnā Rhamnus. *L.*

RHAMNUSĬA, æ, *and* **RHAMNUSĬS,** ĭdĭs. *f.* **RHAMNUSĬA VIRGO.** *Cat. A name of Nemesis, from Rhamnus. See* R. Exlgĕt at dignas ultrix Rhamnusĭā pœnas. *O.* Tĭme Rhamnusĭdĭs iram. *O. See* NEMESIS.

RHEA. *Aus.,* **RHEA, RHEX,** æ. *f.* I. *Another name of Cybele.* Sæpĕ Rhĕa questa est tŏtĭes fecundā, nĕc unquam &c. *O.* II. *Rhea Silvia* or *Ilia, the mother of Romulus and Remus.* Collĭs ˘Aventini silva quem Rheā săcerdos. *V. See* ILIA.

RHEDA, æ. *f. A four-wheeled carriage.* Sed dum totā dŏmus rheda componĭtŭr una. *J.* ∾-a tollo ăllĭquem. *H.* [¶ Carpentum, carrucā, essĕdum, cŏvinŭs, plaustrum, currŭs.] **Ep.** Mollĭs, lĕvis, cĭtā, răpĭdā.

RHEGĬUM, *or* **RHEGĬŎN,** ĭi. *n. A town in the extreme south of Italy, now Reggio.* Liquĕrat et Zanclen, adversăquĕ mœnĭā Rhegi. *O.* Rhegĭŏn ingrĕdĭtŭr. *O.*

RHENŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *The river Rhine.* Alpinas ah! durā nĭves et frigŏrā Rheni. *V.* **2.** Used adj. *See* METAURUS (2). Aut flumĕn Rhenum, aut plŭvĭŭs arcŭs describĭtŭr. *H.* **3.** Rheni, orum. m. pl. *The people bordering on the Rhine. St.*

RHETŎR, ŏrĭs. *m. A rhetorician; an orator.* Quid cum grammătĭcis rhetŏrĭbusquĕ mĭhĭ? *M.*

RHETŎRĬCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to rhetoric* or *a rhetorician.* Ad pugnam qui rhetŏrĭca descendĭt ăb umbra. *J.*

RHINŎCĔROS, otĭs. *m.* **1.** *A rhinoceros.* Sollĭcĭtant păvĭdĕ dum rhinŏcĕrotā măgistri. *M.* **2.** *A vase* or *box made of rhinoceros-horn. J.*

RHŎDANŬS, i. *m. The river Rhone.* Hespĕrĭosque amnes, Rhenum, Rhŏdănumquĕ, Pădumquĕ. *O.* **Ep.** Velox, răpĭdŭs, præcăpĭdŭs; ingens amnĕ præcăpĭdo.

RHŎDĬŬS, ă, um. *f.* **1.** *Rhodian, of* or *belonging to Rhodes.* Hercŭlĭs, o Rhŏdĭæ ductor fortissĭmĕ classĭs. *O.* **2.** Rhŏdĭi, orum. m. pl. *The people of Rhodes.* [¶ Rhŏdĭenses.] **3.** Rhŏdĭā vitĭs. *V. A species of vine.* **4.** Rhŏdĭum ŏpŭs. *M. The Colossus of Rhodes.*

RHŎDŎPE, es. *f. A mountain in Thrace.* Quaquĕ rĕdit mĕdĭum Rhŏdŏpe porrectā sŭb axem. *V.* **Ep.** Threĭcĭā, Arctoā, altā, ardŭā, gĕlĭdā, glăcĭalĭs, nĭvalis.

Rhŏdŏpēĭŭs, *and* **Rhŏdŏpēŭs**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Rhodope;* hence, *Thracian.* Hanc sĭmŭl ac legem Rhŏdŏpēĭŭs accĭpĭt Orpheus. *O.* Æquŏrăque, et campi, Rhŏdŏpēăquē saxă lŏquentŭr. *L.*

Rhŏdŏs (*seldom* **Rhŏdŭs**), i. *f. The island and town so called on the coast of Asia Minor.* Laudabunt ălĭi claram Rhŏdŏn, aut Mĭtȳlenen. *H.* **Crol.** Insŭlă Solĭs.

Rhœtēĭcŭs, *and* **Rhœtēŭs**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Rhœteum, a town and promontory of Troas;* hence, *Trojan. V.; Roman. St.* Tunc ĕgŏmet tŭmŭlum Rhœteo in littŏre Inanem Constĭtŭi. *V.* Rhœtēă littŏrā. *L.*

Rhœtum, i, *and* **Rhœtĭŏn**, ĭi. *n.* (Ῥοίτειον.) *A town and promontory of the Troas, celebrated for the tomb of Ajax.* Et Graio nobĭlĕ busto Rhœtĭŏn, et multum debentes vatĭbŭs umbras. *L.*

Rhombŭs, i. *m.* I. *A reel* or *whirl, such as was used by sorcerers.* Tum cantatā lĭgat cum fusco lĭcĭā rhombo. *O.* Lunam deducĕrĕ Thessălĭco ~-o. *M. See* **Turbo.** II. *A turbot. H.*

Rhomphæa (**Rumpia**, *pure Latin. Gell.* and *V. Fl.*), æ. *f. A javelin used by the Thracians,* &c. Sic Gētĭcas ultrix fĕrĭat rhomphæā cătervas. *Cl.*

Rhonchŭs, *or* **Ronchŭs**, i. *m.* 1. *A snoring.* Nos accŭbamŭs, et sĭlentĭum rhonchis Præstarĕ jussi. *M.* 2. *A jeering sound. M.* [† Sannā.]

Rhȳtĭum, ĭi. *n. A drinking-vessel in the shape of a horn.* In rhȳtĭo pŏtĕras, Phœbē, lăvarē, pĕdes. *M.*

Rica, æ. *f. A woman's hood.* Suppărum, aut submĭnĭum, ricam. *Pl.* [† Ricŭlă, ricinĭum, ricinŭs.]

Rictŭs, us. *m.* 1. *The opening of the mouth; the mouth open* (gaping open or laughing). Sint mŏdĭci rictus, et parvæ utrinquē lăcunæ. *O.* Pĕr rictus aurum flŭĭtarē vĭdetŭr. *O.* Diducĕrĕ ~-um (*to open the mouth*). *J.* D. ~-um risu. *H.* [† Os, hĭatŭs.] **Crol.** Orĭs hĭatŭs *or* rictŭs. *See* **Os, Rideo.** 2. *The jaws of animals.* Lĕænā oblĭtā ~-us cædē. *O.* 3. Rictum. *n.* Mollĭā rictā frĕmunt, duros nudantĭā dentes. *Lr.* [and *Cic.*]

Ridĕo, es, si, sum. 1. Intr. *To laugh, to smile.* Ridĕt ĕt ipsē dĕŭs, limumque inducĕrĕ monstrāt. *O.* [† Rĕnidĕo; *sts.* căchinnŏr *or* subridĕo.] **Crol.** ˘In risum (In risŭs, In căchinnos) –solvŏr, effundŏr, diffundŏr. Risus –edo, tollo. Cum risu (non sīnē multo risu) mirŏr, vĭdeo, &c.). Risu *or* căchinno –concŭtĭŏr, quătĭŏr, corrŭo, emŏrĭŏr, rumpŏr. Os *or* rictum risu –diduco, laxo. ˘In risum ŏs. Risum (căchinnum) –pĕmĭno, ingĕmĭno. Illā risu –quătĭo, commŏvĕo, rumpo, dissolvo. Lăbellā risu laxo. Pulmonem risu ăgĭto. Illā risu contendunt. 2. *To make to laugh. See* **Risus.** 3. With dat. *To smile at* or *on* (dat. of person); fig. *to look with favour on.* Risĭt pătĕr optĭmŭs illi. *V.* ~-ĕt vultu sĕreno Fortunā. *O.* [† Arridĕo, fāvĕo.] 4. *To be in fun, to joke. H.* [† Jŏcŏr.] 5. Tr. *To laugh at, deride, jeer any one.* [† Deridĕo, irridĕo.] *See* **Rideor.** 6. *To laugh at any thing; to laugh at it, and make light of it.* ~ dŏlum. *V.* nomĭnā; perjurĭā ămantum. *O.* Fig. 7. *To look gay and beautiful.* Omnĭā nunc ~-ent. *V.* ~-ĕt cŏlorĭbŭs ăgĕr. *O.* argento dŏmŭs. *H.* ~-ens ăcanthŭs. *V.* [† Rĕnidĕo, rĕnidesco, nĭtĕo, florĕo.] 8. *To please, be pleasing, pleasant.* Dŏmŭs risĭt ŏdorē. *Cat.* Illĭ mĭhĭ prætĕr omnes ~-ĕt (angŭlŭs terrarum). *H.* [† Arridĕo, plăcĕo.] 9. *To be calm, serene.* Quum tempestas ~-ebāt. *Lr.* ~-ĭbŭs undis. *Lr.* 10. Pass. *To be laughed at, jeered at.* Ridĕar, et mĕrĭto pectŭs hăberē nĕgĕr. *O. See* **Deridĕor.**

Ridĭcŭlŭs, ă, um. 1. *Droll, pleasant, causing laughter.* Res est ridĭcŭla et nĭmis jŏcosa. *Cat.* [† Facetŭs, jŏcosŭs, lĕpĭdŭs; *sts.* jŏcŭlaris, urbanŭs.] 2. Used subst. m. *A jester, buffoon. Pl. See* **Scurra.** 3. Used subst. n. = *Pleasantry, nonsense. H.* Ridĭcŭlā mĕā (*my nonsense, jests*). *Pl. See* **Sales.** 4. *Ridiculous, silly. H.* [† Deridendŭs, irridendŭs, ridendŭs.] **Crol.** Risu *or* căchinno dignŭs. 5. *Subject to ridicule.* ~-os hŏmĭnes fĕcĭt (paupertas). *J.*

Rigens, tis. *part. See* **Rigeo.** Used also adj.; *and* **Rigidŭs**, ă, um. 1. *Stiff, hard.* Loricam ex ærē rĭgentem. *V.* Et curvæ rĭgĭdum falces conflantŭr ĭn ensem. *V.* Unguē rĭgentē (*also* rĭgĭdo) gĕnas sĕcarē (nŏtarē). *O.* [† Durŭs, &c.] *See* D. 2. Sp. *Stiff with cold, ice,* &c.; *frozen.* ~-ens de nĭvē (ăquā). *M.* ~-em Danŭbĭum calcarē. *Cl.* ~-as findĕrē ăquas. *O.* Tellurem bŏrĕa ~-am. *V. See* **Gelatus.** 3. *Stiff-upright.* ~-æ quercus. *V.* cŏlumnæ. *O.* ~ mālŭs. *O.* [† Stans, arrectŭs, rectŭs, erectŭs.] 4. Sp. *Used of the hair,* &c., *standing upright, standing on end.* ~-ens cŏmā. *Sen.* Rĭgĭdi căpilli. *O. See* **Hirsutus.** 5. *Harsh, void of feeling, stern,* &c. ˘Anĭmum ~-em (Hippŏlȳti) dŏma. *Sen.* Rĭgĭda mentē nĕgarē ŏpem. *O.* [† Durŭs, trux, aspĕr, tĕtrĭcŭs, sævŭs, &c.] 6. Rĭgĭdŭs. *Strict, unbending in principle, unswerving from right.* Servatŏr ~-i hŏnesti. *L.* Virtutĭs ~ sātellĭtes. *H.* ~-i mores. *O.* ~-æ Sābinæ. *O. See* **Severus.** 7. *Inured to hardships.* ~ fossŏr. *M.* ~-i Sābini. *H.* [† Durŭs, pătĭens.]

Rigĕo, es, ŭi, *and* **Rigesco**, is. 1. *To be* or *become hard, stiff.* Gorgŏnē bis centum rĭgŭerunt corpŏrā visa. *O.* Tergā bŏum plumbo insuto ~-ebant. *V.* ~-ĕt jānŭā robŏrĭbŭs fulcā. *O.* [† Duresco, indurescо, obduresco, indurŏr, &c.] 2. Sp. *To be* or *grow stiff with cold, frost,* &c. ~ ĭn glăcĭemquē nĭvemquē. *Tib.* Glăcĭe ~-ĕt (barbā). *V. See* **Gelor.** 3. *To stand straight, stiff-upright.* Arbos nudā ~-ĕt. *O.* [† Sto.] 4. *Used of garments,* &c., *stiff with metal,* &c. ~-ent mānĭcæ ex auro. *Sil.* vestes auroque ostroquē. *V.* 5. *Used of the hair standing stiff up, on end,* &c. [† Horrĕo, sto.] Fig. 6. *To become rigid, motionless.* ˘Ocŭli ~-ent. *Sen.* Linguā ne ~-ĕāt. *O.* [† Torpĕo, torpesco.] 7. *To be void of feeling, harsh,* &c. Fĕrĭtas ~-ĕt. *M.* [† Indurescо.] 8. *To become strict in mode of life and moral principles. Cl. See also* **Rigens.**

Rigĭde. *Stiffly;* fig. *rigidly, severely.* Ecquĭd ăb hac omnes rĭgĭde submovĭmŭs Artē? *O.* [† Dure, sĕvere.]

Rigĭdŭs, ă, um. *See* **Rigens.**

Rigo, as. 1. *To sprinkle, to wet, bedew.* Imbres qui mărĭa ac terras sparguntquē rĭgantquē. *Lr.* Imbrē rĭgantē gĕnas. *O.* [† Irrĭgo, imbŭo, tingo, mădĕfăcĭo, humecto, irroro, spargo, adspergo, conspergo, respergo, perfundo, fundo, ablŭo, collŭo; *sts.* ungo, lĭno, illĭno.] 2. Pass. *See* **Madefio.** 3. Sp. *To water plants, a field,* &c. ~-antŭr fontē ăquæ. *O.* **Crol.** ˘Aqua (*or pl.*) –spargo, rĭgo, &c. ˘Aquam (rorem, flŭvĭos, fontes) mĭnistro. Plantis mŏdĭcos imbres præbĕo *or* irroro. Hortŭs rorē mādĕt. **Phr.** *Of watering by irrigation.* Hŭmŭs (hortŭs, herbā, &c.) –gaudĕt potis rivis;—irrĭgŭas ăquas bĭbĭt. Undā (rivĭs, &c.) –pĕr rĕsurgentes herbas lablĭtŭr;—arvā arentĭā scātĕbris tempĕrāt. Rivos ăquæ duco (deduco) ĭn &c. Flŭvĭos sātĭs induco. Irrĭgo ăquam ĭn. 4. *To water a country* (of a river). *Tib.* [† Allŭo, præflŭo, &c.] *See* **Præfluo.** 5. Fig. ~ terras lucē. *Lr.* orā –Pĭĕrĭis ăquis. *O.* Philetea ăqua. *Pp.* (*to cause to imbibe the spirit of poetry.* Philetas was an elegiac poet of fame). *See* **Irrigo.**

RĪGŎR, ōris. *m.* 1. *Stiffness, hardness, inflexibility.* Collăbĕfactatus rīgŏr auri solvĭtŭr æstu. *Lr.* Ferri ~. *V.* [? Durĭtĭă, durĭtĭcs.] 2. *Stiffness of the soil from cold and frost*, &c. Primă călorĭs pars, postrēmă rīgorĭs. *Lr. See* FRIGUS. Fig. 3. *Cold uncouthness of manner and appearance.* Tŭŭs istĕ ~ pŏsĭtĭquĕ sĭnĕ artĕ căpillĭ. *O.* 4. *Want of feeling, hardness, sternness. Sen.* [? Fĕlĭtas, aspĕrĭtas, rustĭcĭtas, sævĭtĭă, durĭtĭă.] 5. *Strictness of life and principles. Cl.*

RĪGŬUS, ă, um. 1. *Well watered.* Ipsĕ pŏtes rīgŭis plantam deponĕre ĭn hortis. *O.* [? Irrīgŭŭs, humĭdŭs, udŭs.] 2. *That which waters.* ~-i ĭn vallĭbŭs amnes. *V.* [? Irrīgŭŭs.] **Crcl.** Largitŏr lăticĭs.

RIMA, æ. *f.* 1. *A chink, a leak.* Lit. and fig. Accĭpĭunt ĭnĭmicum imbrem, rimisquĕ fătiscunt. *V.* Fissŭs ĕrat rima (păries). *O.* Fortuna rimam făcĭentĕ. *O.* [? Fissurā, fĕnestrā, hiatŭs, fŏramĕn, os, mĕatŭs.] **Ep.** Tĕnŭĭs, angustă, parvă, hĭans, ăpertă, lătă, pătens. **Phr.** *To spring a leak; crack open* or *apart.* Rimas -ăgo, duco, &c. *See* FATISCO.

RIMŎR, ārĭs. 1. *To break up* (a surface) *by cleaving, to open it up, to dig it up* (sts. with a notion of search). Ergo ægre rastris terram rimantŭr, ĕt ipsis &c. *V.* ~ prată Cāyci (de cycnis); viscĕrā ĕpŭlis (*of the vulture and Tityos*). *V.* [? Findo, fŏdĭo.] 2. Fig. *To seek all over, search with care, scrutinize*, &c. ~ partes qua letalĕ vulnŭs fĕrāt. *V.* pectŏrā pullorum &c. *J.* narĭbŭs auras. *O.* Rĕpertum rimanti (telum). *V.* [? Scrutŏr, perscrutŏr, &c.] *See* QUÆRO.

RIMOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Full of chinks, leaky.* Sutĭlĭs, et multam accepit rimosă păludem (cymbă). *V.* ~-ă vasă. *J.* [? Hĭans, hĭulcus.] 2. Fig. *Of the babbler*, &c. Deponĕrĕ ~-a ĭn aurĕ. *H.* **Crcl.** Plenŭs rimarum; hac ĕt illac perflŭens (*Ter.*).

RINGŎR, ĕrĭs, rictŭs. *To grin like a snarling dog;* fig. *to fume, chafe.* Prætŭlĕrim scriptor delirŭs Inersquĕ vĭderi, Quam săpĕre et ringi. *H.*

RIPA, æ. *f.* 1. *The bank of a river.* Riparum clausas margĭnĕ finĭt ăquas. *O.* [? Orā, margo, aggĕr; *sts.* littŭs.] **Ep.** Flŭvĭalis, flumĭnĕă; frondens, umbrosă, ŏpacă; vĭrens, vĭrĭdis, gramĭnĕă, gramĭnĕ vĭrĭdissĭmă; humens, humĭdă, udă, rīgŭă, irrīgŭă; declivis, pendens. **Crcl.** Ripæ margo (aggĕr, crĕpido). Riparum margo. 2. Sts. *The sea-shore. H. See* LITTUS.

RISŎR, ōris. *m. A laugher; a jeerer.* Verum ĭtă risores, ĭtă commendarĕ dĭcaces Convĕnĭet Sătŷros. *H.*

RISŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A smile, a laughing, laughter.* Incĭpĕ, parvĕ pŭer, risu cognoscĕrĕ matrem. *V.* Tum vĕnĭunt risus &c. *O.* Multo non sĭnĕ risu. *H.* [? *Sts.* Căchinnŭs.] **Ep.** Blandŭs, dulcis, tĕnĕr, mollis, lætŭs, hĭlărĭs, gratŭs, trĕmŭlŭs, effusŭs, sŏlutŭs.] *See* RIDEO. 2. *A mocking laugh. H.* [? Căchinnŭs, sannă.] **Phr.** 1. *To make persons laugh; to make yourself laughed at.* Risum ci -excŭtĭo, mŏvĕo, făcĭo, præbĕo, edo, ellĭcĭo, excĭto; qm ĭn risum irĕ compello; risus quæro *or* capto; do risus ci. **Phr.** 2. *To stop* or *help laughing.* Risum tĕnĕo *or* compesco. 3. *Mockery, ridicule.* Vertĕrĕ qd ĭn risum. *H.* [? Derisŭs, jŏcŭs.] 4. *A subject of ridicule, a laughing-stock. O. See* DERIDEOR.

RITĔ. 1. *With proper ceremony, in due form.* Ergo ritĕ sŭum Baccho dicemŭs hŏnorem. *V.* 2. *According to custom, in the usual way.* Quorum plaustrā vāgas ~ trăhunt dŏmos. *H.* ~ rĕlīgati ĕqui. *V.* [? Morĕ.] **Crcl.** De *or* ex morĕ. ~Ut fĭt. 3. *Rightly, correctly.* Si ~ rĕmetĭŏr astrā. *V.* [? Bĕnĕ, &c.] *See* B.

RITŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A rite, a religious ceremony.* Morem ritusquĕ săcrorum Adjĭcĭam. *V.* ~ piandi. *O.* [? Săcrā, cultŭs.] *See* RELLIGIO. 2. *A custom.* ~ (*pl.*) Cyclopum. *O. See* MOS. 3. *A manner.* Nŏvo ~-u moliri atrĭum. *H. See* MODUS. 4. Us. Ritu. *After the manner, as.* Flumĭnis ~ ferri. *H.* Crebrā nĭvis ritu (telā). *V.* [? Morĕ, mŏdo.] *See* TANQUAM.

RIVALIS, is. *m. A rival.* Nec mĭhĭ rivalis certus subducĕt āmores. *Pp.* [? Æmŭlŭs.]

RIVUS, i. *m.* 1. *A brook.* Adspĭcĕ labentes jucundo murmŭrĕ rivos. *O.* [? Rivŭlŭs, fons; *ext.* undă, lymphă, ăquă, flŭentum.] **Ep.** Fŭglens, fŭgax, sălĭens, pĕrennis, purŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, crĕpĭtans, lŏquax, &c. *See* FONS. **Crcl.** Rivis ăquæ. Rivŭs ăquæ prætĕrĕuntis. Rivi labentis murmŭrā. **Phr.** *Of a running brook.* Lymphă (fŭgax) -pĕr pronum rivum cum murmŭrĕ trĕpĭdăt;—obliquo rivo trĕpĭdarĕ lăborăt. Rivŭs (r. ăquæ) -muscoso e lăpĭdĕ prosĭlĭt;—nasco murmŭrĕ strĕpĭtans currĭt;—ăgĭt ăquas. *See* FONS, FLUVIUS. 2. Sts. = cănalis. *J. See* C. 3. *Used of any streaming fluid.* ~-is -flŭit sudŏr;—fl. æs, auriquĕ mĕtallum;—currunt vinā. *V.* ~-os sangulnis vŏmens. *V.* ~ lăcrimarum. *O.* [? Flumĕn, torrens; *sts.* ros.]

RIXA, æ. *f.* 1. *A dispute, quarrel.* Nec tăă nocturna frangatur janŭă rixa. *O.* [? Lis, jurgĭum, *pl.* jurgĭă, certamĕn, certatĭo, discordĭă.] **Ep.** Aspĕrā, fervĭdă, călĭdă, călena, imprŏbă, fŭrens, insană, vesană, vecors, sævă, fĕrā, crŭentă, sanguĭnĕă. 2. Sts. *A combat.* Lit. and fig. Centaurĕă ~ cum Lăpĭthis. *H. See* PUGNA, CERTAMEN.

RIXŎR, ārĭs. *To quarrel, wrangle.* Alter rixatur de lana sæpĕ căprina. *H.* [? Jurgo *or* jurgŏr, altercŏr, litĭgo, certo, contendo, pugno.] **Crcl.** Rixam -excĭto, concĭto, suscĭto, miscĕo, sĕro. Jurgĭă miscĕo *or* necto cum. Rixă fit cum. ~In jurgĭă erumpo. ~In j. sævis dictis fŭro. Rixas insĕro. Quĕrelis assurgo. Jacto jurgĭă. Linguam ăd jurgĭă solvo. *See* PUGNO, CONVITIOR.

ROBIGO, ĭnis. *f. See* RUBIGO.

ROBŎRĔUS, ă, um. *Of oak.* Mittĕrĕ robŏrĕo scirpĕă pontĕ sŏlĕt. *O.* [? Quernŭs, &c.] *See* Q.

ROBŎRO, as. *To strengthen, to make strong.* Lit. and fig. Et vălĭdas auget vires, et robŏrat ictum. *Lr.* ~-ăt artus (ădultă ætas). *Lr.* Recti cultus pectŏrā ~-ant. *H.* [? Firmo; *sts.* vĕgĕto, augĕo.] **Crcl.** Vim (vires, robŭr) -do, addo, suppĕdĭto, suffĭcĭo, suggĕro, mĭnistro. Vires augĕo. Vigorem addo.

ROBUR, ŏris. *n.* 1. *A species of oak.* Genusquĕ vĭrum truncis et duro robŏrĕ natā. *V.* [? Quercŭs, &c.] 2. *Things made of oak;* e. g. *a spear, a club, a plough* (the wood). *See* HASTA, CLAVA, &c. 3. *Any hard wood.* Antiquo robŏrĕ quercŭs. *V.* Morsŭs ~-is (*of the wild olive*). *V.* Fig. 4. *Strength* (of hardness, solidity). ~ saxi. *Lr.* Ferri ~-ŏrā. *V.* [? Durĭtĭă, rīgŏr.] 5. *Bodily strength; power, vigour.* Sŏlĭdæ sŭo stant robŏrĕ vires. *V.* Collectum ~ viresquĕ rĕceptæ. *V.* Sĭnĕ robŏrĕ flammā. *Sil.* [? Vis, &c.] *See* V. 6. *Strength of mind.* Magnæ subnixŭs robŏrĕ mentis. *M. See* CONSTANTIA.

ROBUSTUS, ă, um. 1. *Made of oak.* Tristĭă robustis luctantur funĕrā plaustris. *H.* Turris ăhenĕă ~-æquĕ fŏres. *H.* ~Ad ~-um caudĭcem. *Pl.* [? Robŏrĕŭs, &c.] 2. Us. *Strong, firm, robust.* ~-o pectŏrĕ. *V.* pollĭcĕ. *O.* Post ver ~-ŏr annŭs. *O.* [? Fortis, firmŭs, vălens, vălĭdus, vĕgĕtŭs; *sts.* lăcertosŭs, nervosŭs.] **Crcl.** Virĭbŭs -præstans, insignis, pŏtens, excellens, acĕr, invictŭs, prædurŭs, fretŭs, fĭdens. Robusto corpŏrĕ. Membris ĕt molĕ vălens.

RODO, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To gnaw.* Sæpĕ căput scā-

bĕret, vivos et rodĕrĕt ungues. *H.* ∾ vitem (*of the goat*). *O.* casses. *Pers.* [¶ Arrodo, corrodo, circumrodo, circumcido.] 2. Ext. *To eat. H. See* EDO. Fig. 3. *Used of rust, age, &c. O. See* EXEDO. 4. *Used of the wearing away of water. Lr.* [¶ Mordĕo, exĕdo, pĕrĕdo, lĭbo, &c.] 5. *To consume by degrees, make less and less. Lr. See* MINUO. 6. *To carp at, disparage.* ∾ absentem ămicum. *H.* cunctă rubiginosis dentĭbŭs. *M.* [¶ Carpo, mordĕo, obtrecto, impĕto, &c.]

RŎGALIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to a funeral pile.* Tenĕ, săcer vates, flammæ răpŭerĕ rŏgales? *O.*

RŎGATŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A petitioner, beggar.* Baianas sĕdĕt ad lăcus rŏgatŏr. *M.* 2. *A proposer of a law. Lucil.* (*apud Non.*)

RŎGATUM, i. *n. A question.* Sic ĕgŏ: sic nostris respondit Divă rŏgatis. *O.*

RŎGĬTO, as. *To ask frequently, put many questions.* Multă sŭper Prĭămo rŏgĭtans, sŭpĕr Hectŏrĕ multă. *V. See* INTERROGO.

RŎGO, as. 1. *To ask a person any thing* (for information). Nec, si fortĕ rŏges, possim tĭbĭ dicĕrĕ quot sint. *O.* [¶ Rŏgĭto, quæro, &c.] *See* INTERROGO. 2. *To ask a favour, to entreat, beg for.* Dum rŏgăt, et prĕcĭbŭs &c. *O.* ∾ ŏpem. *O.* [¶ Prĕcŏr, &c.] *See* P.

RŎGUS, i. *m.* 1. *A funeral pile.* Conscendit fŭrĭbundă rŏgos, ensemquĕ rĕcludĭt. *V.* [¶ Pyrĭ, bustum; *ext.* sĕpulchrum, tŭmŭlŭs.] Ep. Funĕrĕŭs, lugŭbrĭs, feralis, flebĭlis, funĕbris, mœstŭs, tristis, misĕr; altŭs, ardŭŭs, sublimis, erectŭs, ardens, flăgrans, ăvĭdŭs, răpĭdŭs. Crcl. Ignis funestŭs *or* funĕrĕŭs. Sŭpremi ignes. Rŏgales flammæ *or* ignes. Rŏgi flammă (flammæ, ignes, fax). Fax summă diri rŏgi. Pyrĭ erectă secto robŏrĕ (tædis atquĕ secta illĭcĕ). Phr. 1. *To make a funeral pile.* Rŏgum *or* pyram –construŏ, exstrŭo, cŭmŭlo, erĭgo, pono, ædĭfĭco, constĭtŭo. Phr. 2. *To burn upon the funeral pile.* Corpŭs (membrĭ, artus) rŏgo *or* pyræ impono (infĕro, do). Corpŭs crĕmo; c. sŭpremis ignĭbŭs impono. Do membrĭ succensæ pyræ crĕmandă. Rŏgum –accendo, incendo, flammæ permitto. Ignem membris, &c., suppono. Rŏgo flammam (ignes, &c.) subdo. *See* EXEQUIÆ, SEPELIO. 2. *The tomb; death.* Effŭgĭunt ăvĭdos carmĭnă solă rŏgos. *O.* [¶ Sĕpulchrum, funŭs, mors.]

ROMĂ, æ. *f. Rome.* Urbem quam dicunt Romam, Mĕlĭbœĕ, pŭtavi. *V.* [¶ Urbs.] Ep. Mavortĭă, Ausŏnĭă, altă, ardŭă, sŭperbă, pŏtens, p. ŏpĭbŭs, bellĭgĕră, bellatrix, fĕrox; antiquă, vĕtŭs, priscă; clară, inclytă, nobĭlis. Crcl. Urbs Romană *or* Romŭlă. Romanæ *or* Romŭlĕæ arces. Mavortĭă mœnĭă. Altă mœnĭă Romæ. Urbs altă Quĭrini *or* Rĕmi. Urbs –Ausŏnĭă, tŏgătă, dŏmĭnă. Urbs rerum căpŭt. Urbs terrarum *or* orbĭs căpŭt (dŏmĭnă, regină). Impĕrĭi Lătĭalĕ căpŭt. Dŏmŭs altă Rĕmi. D. Æneæ. Magnă Mavortĭs urbs. *Sts.* Saxum Căpĭtoli immobĭlĕ. Căpĭtollum fulgens. Phr. Rerum pulcherrĭmă. Illă inclytă Romă. Urbs septem jŭgis altă. Quæ toti orbi præsĭdĕt. Terrarum gentĭumquĕ dĕă. Căput trĭumphati orbĭs. Impĕrĭi dĕumquĕ lŏcŭs. Cui par est nĭhĭl, cui nĭhĭl sĕcundum. Quæ totum orbem de septem jŭgis (montĭbŭs) circumspĭcĭt *or* despĭcĭt. Quæ orbĕ impĕrĭum, ănĭmum Olympo æquabăt. Cujŭs urbĭs ĭdem est ĕt orbĭs spăttum.

ROMANI, orum. *m. pl.*, *and* ROMANŬS, i. *sing.* 1. *The Romans; a Roman.* Illic res Itălas Romanorumquĕ trĭumphos. *V.* Tu rĕgĕre impĕrĭo pŏpŭlos, Romanĕ, mĕmento. *V.* [¶ Romŭlĭdæ, Quĭrites; *sts.* Ænĕădæ, Dardănĭdæ, Laurentes, Itălĭ, Lătini.] Ep. Audaces, bellĭgĕri, pugnaces, fortes, fĕroces, invicti, indŏmĭti; bello sŭperbi; terræ pĕlăgiquĕ pŏtentes; rerum dŏmĭni. Crcl. Pŏpŭlŭs Romanŭs. Romană *or* Romŭlĕă gens (stirps, prŏpago, pubes). Romŭlă plebs *or* plebes. Quĭrini proles (sŏbŏles, turbă). Plebs Nŭmæ. Martĭă turbă. Tŏgătă gens *or* turbă. Milĕs pŏpŭlŭs. P. late rex. P. qui sceptra dăbăt. Rĕmi turbă (plebs, nĕpotes). 2. Romanŭs, ă, um. *Roman.* [¶ Romŭlĕŭs, Romŭlŭs; *ext.* Ausŏnĭŭs, Lătĭŭs, Lătinŭs, Itălŭs, Mavortĭŭs, Martĭŭs, Laurens, Laurentinŭs, Laurentĭŭs.]

ROMANŬS. *See* ROMANI.

ROMŬLĔŬS, *and* ROMŬLŬS, ă, um. *Of Romulus, of Rome, Roman.* Romŭlĕoquĕ cădit trajectŭs Amulĭŭs ensĕ. *O.* ∾-ĕos ingrĕdĭtŭr colles. *O.* Romŭlă tellus. *V.* virtus. *Sil.* ∾-ă vinclă. *Pp. See* ROMANI.

ROMŬLIDÆ, darum *and* dum. *m. pl.* = Romani. Romŭlĭdis, Tătĭoquĕ sĕni, Cŭrĭbusquĕ sĕvĕris. *V.*

ROMŬLŬS, i. *m.* 1. *Romulus, the founder of Rome.* Romŭlŭs exclĭnet gentem, et Mavortĭă condĕt Mœnĭă. *V.* [¶ Quĭrinŭs, Illĭdes.] Ep. Martĭgĕnă, Mavortĭŭs, acĕr, audax, fortis, bellĭgĕr. Crcl. Martĕ sătŭs. Martĭă proles. Romanæ urbĭs pătĕr (auctŏr, condĭtŏr). *See* RĔMUS. 2. Romŭlŭs, ă, um. *See* ROMULEUS.

RONCHŬS. *See* RHONCHUS.

RORATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* RORO. *Falling in dew,* or *like dew.* Virgăquĕ roratas laurĕă mistĭ ăquas. *O.* ∾ prŭină. [¶ Rorans, stillatŭs, adspersŭs, sparsŭs.]

RORESCO, ĭs. *To dissolve in dew,* or *like to dew.* Rĕsŏlutăquĕ tellus In lĭquĭdas rorescĭt ăquas. *O.*

RORIFĔR, ĕră, ĕrum. *Bringing* or *causing dew.* Hoc ŭbĭ rorifĕris terram nox obrŭĭt umbris. *Lr.*

RORO, as. 1. *To shed dew, shower down dew.* Nunc quŏquĕ dat lăcrĭmas, et toto rorăt In orbĕ (Aurorā). *O.* 2. *To bedew, besprinkle, wet.* ∾ orā gĕnasquĕ lăcrĭmis. *Lr.* saxă crŭorĕ. *Sil. See* RIGO. 3. Intr. *To be wet as if with dew, to drop in dewy drops.* ∾ multa adspergĭnĕ. *O.* ∾-abant sanguĭnĕ vepres. *V.* quercetă fĕvis. *Cl.* ∾-antĭă astră (*with spray*). *V.* fontĭbŭs antrā. *O.* [¶ Stillo, flŭo, mano, &c.]

ROS, rorĭs. *m.* 1. *Dew.* Quum ros in tĕnĕra pĕcŏri gratissĭmŭs herba est. *V.* Ep. Matutinŭs, nocturnŭs, frigĭdŭs, gĕlĭdŭs; humens, humĭdŭs, lĭquĭdŭs, vĭtrĕŭs; gemmans, cădens; dulcis, fecundŭs, cœlestis, aĕrĭŭs. Crcl. Rorĭs *or* Auroræ –lăcrĭmæ, guttæ. Aquă roratā. Rorĭs imbĕr (ăquæ, sparsi succi). Matutinŭs (roscĭdŭs) humŏr. Phr. *Dew on the field.* Agĕr rorĕ canĕt *or* albĕt. Herbæ *or* gramĭnă rorĕ rĕcenti (nocturno) gemmantŭr (tinguntŭr). Matutinæ guttæ In gramĭnĕ lucent. 2. *Water.* Artus lĭquĭdo perfundĕrĕ rorĕ. *O.* ∾ Castălĭæ. *H. See* AQUA. 3. *Tears.* Stillarĕ rorem ex ŏcŭlis. *H.* Vĭŏlarĕ gĕnas ŏborto rorĕ. *Cl. See* LACRIMÆ. 4. *Any liquid.* Spargĭt ∾-es sanguĭnĕos. *V.* Olerĕ Arăbo rorĕ. *O.* Pingui rorĕ tĕneri (succĭno). *M.* 5. ∾ mărinŭs; mărĭs; *sts.* ros. *The plant rosemary.* Cŏronarĕ parvos dĕos mărino rorĕ. *H.* Ros mărĭs, ĕt laurŭs &c. *O.* Apĭbŭs căsĭas roremquĕ mĭnistrăt. *V.* [¶ Cypĕrŏn.]

ROSĂ, æ. *f. A rose.* Primus verĕ rŏsam, atque auctumno carpĕrĕ pomă. *V.* Ep. Cypriă, Cythĕrĕă, Idălĭă, Paphĭă; tĕnĕră, mollis, florens; dulcis, ămœnă, frăgrans, ŏdorā, ŏdoratā, halans, bĕnĕŏlens; rŭbens, punĭcĕă, purpŭrĕă; brĕvis, nĭmĭum brĕvis. Crcl. Flos rŏsæ. Flos Idălĭŭs *or* Vĕnĕrĭs. Flos Vĕnĕri săcĕr *or* gratissĭmŭs. Florum reginā. Pæstani rurĭs glorĭă. *Gone in a day.* Ună dies ăpĕrit, confĭcĭt ună dies. *Aus.*

ROSARIUM, ĭi. *n. A rose-bed* or *garden.* Lœuŭ-

sĕamquē pĕtit, tĕpĭdiquē rŏsarĭā Pæsti. *O.* *See* ROSETUM.

ROSCĬDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Dewy, showering dew.* Roscĭdā lucĭfĕros quum dĕā jungĭt ŏquos. *O.* ∾ Hespĕrĭus. *O.* Irĭs. *V.* [¶ Rorĭfĕr, rorans, humĭdŭs, humens.] 2. *Dewy, wet with dew.* ∾-ă gramĭnā. *Cl.* malā. *V.* [¶ Rĭgŭŭs, irrĭgŭŭs, udŭs, humĭdŭs.] Crcl. Rorē mādens (sātūratŭs, albens).

RŎSETUM, i. *n.* *A rose-bush.* Punĭcĕis hŭmĭlis quantum sāllŭncā rŏsetis (cedĭt). *V.* *See* ROSARIUM.

RŎSĔUS, ă, um. 1. *Of a rose* or *roses; rose*, adj. Et rŏsĕis formosus Durĭā ripis (*planted with roses*). *Cl.* ∾-i flores. *Cl.* 2. Us. *Rosy, rose-coloured.* ∾ cervix. *V.* ∾-o suffusā rŭborē. *O.* *See* RUBENS.

ROSMĀRINŬS. *See* ROS.

ROSTRĂ. *See* ROSTRUM.

ROSTRATŬS, ă, um. 1. *Beaked* (as a ship). Tŏt orā navĭum grāvi Rostratā duci pondĕrē. *H.* 2. ∾ cŏlumnā. *A pillar ornamented with beaks of ships.* Crcl. Cŏlumnā -ærē navali surgens; —rostrā (*or* navalē trŏpæum) gĕrens. Æquŏrĕum dĕcŭs. 3. ∾ cŏronā. *See* CORONA.

ROSTRUM, i. *n.* 1. *The beak of a bird.* Rostroque immanis vultŭr ŏbunco. *V.* [¶ Os.] Ep. Durum, rĭgĭdum; curvum, incurvum, uncum, ăduncum, rĕdunctum. 2. *The snout* or *muzzle of an animal.* Osquē mĕum sensi pando cŏalescĕrē ∾-o (sc. sŭis). *O.* Collĭgĕrē vestigĭā presso ∾-o (*of the dog*). *L.* [¶ Os.] 3. *The beak of a ship.* Æquatis cepissent præmlā ∾-is. *V.* [¶ Æs.] Crcl. Rostrum -trĭsulcum, ærē munitum. Æs trĭdens. Navĭs ærātā. 4. Rostrā, orum. *n. pl.* *The raised place in the Forum, whence speeches were made, and which was adorned with beaks of ships.* Hic stŭpĕt attŏnĭtus ∾-is. *V.*

RŎTĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A wheel* (of any kind). Ni rŏtā, perpĕtŭum quæ circumvertĭtŭr axem. *O.* [¶ Orbĭs, rŏtŭlā.] Ep. Clŭā, vŏlŭcrĭs, lĕvĭs, præceps, vŏlubĭlis, vŏlans, fervens, fervĭdā; gĕmens, stridens; ferratā, ærĕā. Crcl. Rŏtæ orbĭs (axĭs, curvamĕn, gyrŭs). Rŏtarum lapsus *or* strĕpĭtŭs. 2. Ext. *A chariot, carriage.* ∾-is prælabi flumĭnā Pisæ. *V.* Si ∾ defŭĕrĭt, pĕdē carpĕ vĭam. *O.* *See* CURRUS, PLAUSTRUM, RHEDA. 3. *A going round, winding* (of a reel, &c.). Stamĭnĕa rhombi ducĭtŭr illē rŏta. *Pp.* [¶ Turbo.] 4. Fig. *A circuitous course, periodical revolution; alternating motion* (up and down, &c.). Septĭmā quam metam trivĕrĭt antē rŏtā. *Pp.* ∾ vertĭtŭr anni. *Sen.* volvĭtŭr ævi. *Sil.* Hæc ĭn ămorē rŏta est (vincĕrĭs aut vincĭs). *Pp.* [¶ Orbĭs, gyrŭs.]

RŎTATŎR, orĭs. *m.* *One who makes any thing move round in a circle.* Et tu, Bassārĭdum rŏtatŏr Evan. *St.*

RŎTATŬS, us. *m.* *A rotatory motion, a whirling round.* Dĭdĭci quo Pæŏnĕ armā rŏtatu, Quo Măcĕtæ sŭā gæsā cĭtent. *St.* Torquerē Cĕrĕālĭā saxā ∾-u. *Aus.*

RŎTO, as. 1. *To turn round like a wheel, to whirl about, cause to whirl about* or *round.* Bis tervē pĕr auras Morē rŏtat fundæ (Lĕarchum). *O.* ∾ ensem. *V.* căpŭt ensē; se ĭn vulnŭs. *L.* clypĕum. *V. Fl.* [¶ Verto, verso, circŭmăgo, torquĕo, circumvolvo; *sts.* jăcŭlŏr.] Crcl. ˘In orbem (ĭn gyrum) -duco, ăgo. 2. Rŏtans. Sts. used intr. Qua saxā rŏtantĭā impŭlĕrăt torrens. *V.* 3. Fig. *To hurl, toss round; to put to the rout.* ∾ cănes fulmĭnĕo orē. *O.* *See* STERNO.

RŎTUNDO, as. *To make round;* fig. *to make up a round sum.* Millē tălentā rŏtundentŭr; tŏtĭdem altĕrā porro &c. *H.*

RŎTUNDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Round.* Terra: quŏd ut *fiat, formā* rŏtundā făcĭt. *O.* [¶ Glŏbosŭs, tĕrĕs.] 2. Fig. *Used of well-finished and well-toned language.* Graiis dĕdĭt orē ∾-o Musā lŏqui. *H.*

RŬBĔFĂCIO, ĭs. *To make red.* Exĭgŭo rŭbĕfecit sanguĭnē setas. *O.* Rŭbĕfactā sanguĭnē tellus. *O.* Crcl. Rŭborem addo *or* infundo. Rŭborē tingo (pingo, infĭcĭo).

RŬBELLŬS, ă, um. *dim. of* Ruber. 1. *Reddish.* 2. Rŭbellum, i. *n.* (sc. vinum.) *Red wine.* Et Veientani bĭbĭtur fæx crassā rŭbelli. *M.*

RŬBĔO, es, ŭi. 1. *To redden, to be red.* Purpŭrĕis invectā rŏtis Aurorā rŭbebĭt. *V.* ∾ sanguĭnē; Tyrĭo murĭcē. *O.* flăgellis. *J.* flendo (de ŏcŭlis). *Cat.* [¶ Rŭbesco, rŭtĭlo, purpŭro.] Crcl. Rŭborē -tingŏr, pingŏr, infĭcĭŏr, perfundŏr, illĭnŏr, imbŭŏr. Rŭborem -duco, trăho, concĭpio, collĭgo. Phr. Qualē rosā fulgĕt intĕr lĭlĭā. Rŭbent Pæstanis rŏsis æmŭlā (lăbrā). Qualis est rŏsēi ˘Eoi cŏlŏr. Tyrĭos rŭbores incoctum (vellŭs). 2. *To blush.* Crcl. Orā, &c., rŭborē infĭcĭŏr. Gĕnas orē rŭbentē infĭcĭŏr. Orā dant rŭborem. Orā rŭbŏr tingĭt. Rŭborē orā suffundŏr. *See* ERUBESCO.

RŬBĔR, rubrā, rubrum. [The first syllable is not found short before *br.*] 1. *Red.* Cristaquē tĕgit gălĕa aurĕā rubra. *V.* Pulpĭtā rubrā crŏco. *O.* [¶ Rŭbens, rŏsĕŭs, purpŭrĕŭs, punĭcĕŭs, punĭcŭs, rŭbescens, rŭbĭcundŭs, rŭtĭlŭs, sanguĭnĕŭs, crŭentŭs, ignĕŭs; *sts.* rŭbĕfactŭs.] Crcl. Rŭborē -tinctŭs, pictŭs, infectŭs, imbutŭs, perfusŭs. *See* RUBEO. 2. Rubrum *or* Rŭbens -mārē, pĕlăgŭs, æquŏr, &c. *The Red Sea.* [¶ ˘Erythræum mārē (pĕlăgŭs, prŏfundum, frĕtum, &c.). Rŭbĕr (˘Erythræŭs, ˘Eoŭs, Indŭs) pontŭs. Rubræ undæ. Mārē Sābæum. Rubrā Tethys. Purpŭrĕŭs gurgĕs. Æthĭŏpum pĕlăgĭs. Sĭnŭs Ægyptĭŭs. ˘Arăbum sĭnŭs.] *See* ERYTHRÆUS. 3. Rubrum littŭs. Sts. *Used for Arabia, India,* &c. ˘Ab auroræ pŏpŭlis ĕt littŏrē Rubro. *V.*

RŬBESCO, ĭs. *To redden, become red.* Tum pŭtĕr ut terras mundumquē rŭbescĕrē vidĭt. *O.* ∾-ĕbăt rădĭis mārē. *V.* ∾-entes crinĕ cŏmetæ. *Cl.* *See* RUBEO.

RŬBETĂ RANĂ, *and abs.* RŬBETĂ. *f. J.* *A sort of toad.* Illum turgentis ranæ portentā rŭbetæ. *Pp.*

RŬBETUM, i. *n.* *A bramble-thicket.* Cornŭque ĕt in duris nascentĭā morā rŭbetis. *V.* *See* RUBUS.

RŬBĬCO, *or* RŬBĬCON, onĭs. *m. L.* *A small river, dividing Italy from Gallia Cisalpina, famous for the passage over it by Cæsar.* Et Clănĭs, et Rŭbĭco, et Sĕnŏnum de nomĭnĕ Senā. *Sil.* Parvi Rŭbĭconĭs ăd undas. *Sil.*

RŬBĬCUNDŬLUS, ă, um. *dim.* *Rather red.* Tandem illā vĕnit rŭbĭcundŭlā, totum &c. *J.*

RŬBĬCUNDUS, ă, um. *Of a red colour, ruddy.* Illā, vĕlut conjux Umbri rŭbĭcundā mĕriti. *O.* ∾-ă cornā. *H.* cĕres. *V.* *See* RUBER.

RUBIGĬNOSŬS, *or* ROBIGĬNOSŬS, ă, um. *Rusty, rusted;* fig. *envious.* Rubigĭnosis cunctā dentĭbus rodĭt. *M.* Crcl. Rubigĭnē -nĭgĕr, plenŭs, scăbĕr, læsŭs, tectŭs, livens, horrens, exesŭs; *fig.* livĭdŭs. *See* L.

RUBIGO, ĭnĭs. *f.* 1. *Rust.* Excsa invĕnĭet scabra rubigĭnē pilā. *V.* ∾ ferrum rodĭt. *O.* ∾-ĭnĭs morsus. *L.* [¶ Sĭtŭs; *sts.* ferrugo *or* ærugo.] Ep. Atrā, nĭgrā, scăbrā, rĭgĭdā, aspĕrā, mordax, ĕdax, squalĭdā. Phr. *Of the action of rust upon iron,* &c. Rubigo ferrum *or* armā, &c. -infĭcĭt, obducĭt, tĕrĭt, lædĭt, rodĭt, corrumpĭt, fœdăt, inquĭnăt, est, exĕdĭt. Rubigĭnē ferrum -tĕgĭtŭr, tĕrĭtŭr, horrĕt, infestatŭr. Sĭtŭs armā inquĭnăt. 2. *Used of dirt that collects from neglect,* or *of what acts like rust;* e.g. *tartar on the teeth; blight, mildew in corn, mouldiness,* &c. ∾-ĭnĕ dentes livent; scăbrā fauces. *O.* Mālā ∾ cul-

mos est (= ĕdĭt). *V.* herbas torrĕt. *Col.* 3. Fig. *Sloth, inaction, neglect* (sp. in their effects). Longa ∾-Ĭnĕ læsum (ingĕnĭum). *O.* Tangĕrĕ nomĕn ∾-Ĭnĕ (*of time*). *Cut.* Infectŭs ∾-Ĭnĕ rurĭs. *Cl.* [? Sĭtŭs.]

RŬBŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *Redness, a red colour.* Vellĕrā mutentur Tȳrĭos incoctā rŭborea. *V.* ∾ pŏli. *V. Fl.* Ep. Rŏsĕŭs, purpŭrĕŭs, punĭcĕŭs, sanguĭnĕŭs, cŏruscŭs, mĭcans, rŭtĭlŭs, ignĕŭs, flammĕŭs. Crcl. Cŏlŏr –rŏsĕŭs, purpŭrĕŭs, punĭcĕŭs. Punĭcĕi cŏlores. 2. *A blush;* fig. *modesty; confusion of face;* hence, *a cause for feeling confused* or *ashamed.* Vĕrecundo suffundens orā ∾-ĕ. *O.* Ejectŭs de frontĕ ∾. *J.* Nil factā ∾-Ĭs hăbent. *O.* Ep. Ingĕnŭŭs, vĕrecundŭs, pŭdens, virgĭnĕŭs, pŭellarĭs, dĕcorŭs. *See* PUDOR, ERUBESCO.

RUBRICĀ, æ. *f.* 1. *Red chalk, ruddle.* Prœlĭā rubrica picta aut carbonĕ vĕlut si &c. *H.* [? MĭnĭUm, sandix.] 2. *The title of a law* (because written in red); hence, *a law.* Mĕsŭri rubricā vĕtavĭt. *Pers.*

RŬBUM, i. *n. A blackberry.* Et dărĕ punĭcĕis plenā cănistrā rŭbis. *Pp.* [As prunum and pirum is *the fruit*, so rubis here is from rubum, and not rubus.]

RŬBŬS, i. *m. A bramble* or *blackberry-bush.* Horrentesquĕ rŭbos ĕt ămantes ardŭā dumos. *V.* [? Rŭbetum; *ext.* sentes, vĕpres, spinā.] Ep. Aspĕr, durŭs, &c. *See* DUMETUM.

RUCTO, as, *and* RUCTŎR, arĭs. *d.* 1. Intr. *To belch; to have risings in the stomach.* 2. Tr. *To raise from the stomach, throw up, vomit up* or *forth.* Lit. and fig. ∾ glandem. *J.* ăprum. *M.* sublimes versus. *H. See* VOMO.

RUCTŬS, us. *m. A belching, rising of the stomach. M.*

RŬDENS, tĭs. *m. A cable.* Insĕquĭtur clamorquĕ vĭrum, stridorquĕ rŭdentum. *V.* [? Rĕtĭnăculum.] *See* FUNIS.

RŬDIMENTUM, i. *n. A first essay* or *attempt, a beginning.* Turpĕ rŭdimentum, pătrĭæ præponĕrĕ raptam. *O.* Belli prŏpinqui ∾-ă. *V.* [? Tirocĭnĭum, primĭtĭæ, princĭpĭum.]

I. RŬDIS, ĕ. 1. *Rough, rugged; in its natural, rude, and rough state.* Dixĕrăt: illĕ rŭdem nodis et cortĭcĕ crudo Intorquĕt (hastam). *V.* Non exacta sĕtis, rŭdĭbusquĕ sĭmillĭmā signis. *O.* ∾-es trunci (telā). *St.* jăcŭli. *Sil.* [? Aspĕr.] 2. *In its first, natural state, hitherto undisturbed, untouched;* hence, *fresh, new.* ∾ campŭs enĭtŭlĭt vomĕrĕ. *V.* ∾-em amphitriten prima cursu imbŭĭt. *Cat.* ∾ lunā. *Cl.* herbā. *M.* [? Intactŭs; nŏvŭs, rĕcens.] 3. *Raw, unwrought, in its natural, unformed state; undressed, unadorned.* ∾ lanā; indĭgestāquĕ moles (chăos). *O.* ∾-es căpilli. *Sen.* [? Infectŭs, infăbrĭcatŭs; ĭnornatŭs, incultŭs.] Fig. 4. *Uncultivated, unpolished.* ∾ ingĕnĭum. *H.* ∾ artĕ (Ennĭŭs). *O.* [? Incultŭs, incomptŭs.] 5. *Ignorant, unskilful, unscientific.* Rŭdĭs, ĕt artes ĭmĭtari nescĭŭs. *Sil.* [? Indoctŭs, impĕrĭtŭs.] 6. *Dull, unknowing, without wit. Ph.* [? Inscĭtŭs, hĕbĕs, tardŭs.] 7. *Uncivilized. O.* [? Incultŭs, fĕrŭs, aspĕr, barbărŭs.] 8. *Having no experience,* &c. ∾ ăd mălā; ŏpĕrum conjŭgĭquĕ (jŭvencā). *O.* civilĭs belli. *H.* [? Ignarŭs. Inexpertŭs, insclŭs, nesclŭs; *sts.* tiro, nŏvĭcĭŭs.] 9. *Simple, innocent, artless.* ∾ simplĭcĭtas. *O.* pŭdŏr. *St.* [? Simplex, ingĕnŭŭs.] 10. *Unripe, not in its prime* or *perfect state.* Quum ∾ uvā mĕro turgĕt. *M.* [? Tĕnĕr, immaturŭs, vĭrĭdŭs.] 11. *Used of the state of infants and children,* &c. Blandis fĭllā ∾ lăbellis. *M.* ∾ agnā. *M.* vagitŭs. *St.* ∾-es quĕrelæ. *M.* lăcrĭmæ. *Cl.* Rĕgĭmen rŭdi In ævo deposcĕrĕ. *Sil. See* PUERILIS.

II. RŬDIS, is. *f.* 1. *A sort of foil used in practice by gladiators.* Tutăquĕ depŏsĭto poscĭtŭr ensĕ rŭdis. *O.* 2. Us. *The foil presented to gladiators when discharged from service;* hence, *a discharge from any service.* Me quŏquĕ donari jam rŭdĕ tempŭs ĕrăt. *O.* Mĕrŭissĕ ∾-em. *M.* Sĭbĭ dărĕ rŭdem. *J.*

RŬDO, is [*not* RUDO. *Pers. Aus.*] 1. *To bray.* Intempestivo quum rŭdĭt illĕ sŏno. *O.* 2. *Used of the cry of other animals; of the stag and lion. V.; of the bear. Cl.; and of Cacus in his den. O.* 3. *Used of the roar of a vessel against the waves.* Rŭdentem contorsĭt proram. *V.*

RUDŬS, ĕrĭs. *n.;* RUDĔRĂ, um. *pl.* 1. *Fragments of old walls, rubbish. Tac. and L. L.* [? Rŭinæ.] 2. *A sort of rich, loamy soil.* Rudĕrĕ tum pingui, sŏlĭdo vel stercŏre ăselli. *Col.*

RUFŬS, ă, um. *Red* (in all its shades). Romā quĭdem fuscis vestitur, Gallĭā rufis. *M.* [? Rufŭlŭs.] *See* RUBER.

RUGĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A wrinkle.* Jam vĕnĭent rugæ, quæ tĭbĭ corpŭs ărent. *O.* Ep. ˘Anĭlis *or* sĕnĭlis, tristis, turpis, deformis, tĕtrĭcā, aspĕrā, rĭgĭdā. Crcl. Rugā frontĭs. Rugosā frons *or* făcies. Rugosum os. Frontĭs *or* gĕnarum sulci. Phr. *To wrinkle the face,* &c. Rugæ frontem (vultum, os, făcĭem, gĕnas, cūtem) –turpant, fœdant, nŏtant, findunt, ărant, pĕrărant, sulcant. Rugā frontem ărăt (sulcăt, exărăt, &c.). R. scissas gĕnas făcĭt. Laxantŭr gĕnæ rugis. Sĕnectus rugas inducĭt. 2. *A frown; a knit brow* (expressive of austerity or sorrow). Lit. and fig. ∾ vitæ sĕveræ. *Pp.* tristis ăbĭt. *O.* Phr. *To knit the brow.* Vultum trăho. Rugas *or* rugam trăho (cogo, In frontem cogo, &c.). *See* SUPERCILIUM. 3. *A fold* (or wrinkle) *in a garment. O.* [? Sĭnŭs.]

RŬGĬO, is. *To roar as the lion.* Tigrĭdĕs indŏmĭtæ raucant, rŭgĭuntquĕ lĕones (*Auct. Phil.*).

RUGOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Wrinkled, full of wrinkles* (of the face). Quum mĕă rugosa pallebunt orā sĕnecta. *Tib.* Crcl. Rugis –obsĭtŭs, fœdŭs, turpis, sulcatŭs, squallĭdŭs, horrĭdŭs. Passa uva rugosĭŏr (făcies). *See* RUGA. 2. Gen. *Wrinkled.* ∾ cortex. *O.* pĭpĕr. *Pers.*

RŬINĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A fall, downfal; a throwing down* or *falling down* (of buildings). Cetĕrā ne sĭmĭli cădĕrent lăbĕfactā rŭina. *O.* ∾ grandĭnis. *Lr.* cœli (*of a great downfal of rain*). *V.* ∾-æ cœli. *Sil.* [So *ruit arduus æther. V. totum descendere cœlum. O.*] [? Casŭs, lapsŭs, excĭdĭum.] Ep. ˘Inŏpinā, rĕpentinā, sŭbĭtā, præceps, răpidā; grăvis, ingens, vastā, magnā; horrendā, flebĭlis, lugendā, tristis, ăcerbā, crudelis, indignā. Phr. *To fall to pieces, fall in ruins.* Rŭinam –do, trăho, făcio. *See* CADO. [*Sts.* Rŭinam do = rŭo. *To put to the rout. V.*] 2. *The rush, shock of waves.* Quam nĕc Cyănĕæ ∾-æ pŏtŭerĕ frangĕrĕ (de navi Argo). *M.* 3. *Slaughter, carnage.* Fătigarĕ (hostem) ∾-is. *H.* Nox cădentum augĕt ∾-as. *V. Fl.* [? Cædes, strages.] 4. *A person's death. H. See* MORS. 5. *Destruction, ruin.* [? Exĭtĭum, pernĭcies, casŭs, clades.] 6. Pl. *Broken, rent masses; ruins, remains of buildings,* &c. Tŏnăt Ætnā ∾-is. *V.* ∾-æ (fracti orbis). *H.* Trojæ. *O.* [? Rudĕrā (*for buildings*).]

RŬINOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *In a ruinous condition, falling in* (*Cic.*). *See* LABANS. 2. *Fallen in, lying in ruins.* Osā; rŭinosas occŭlĭt herbā dŏmos. *O.* [? Jăcens, eversŭs, dirŭtŭs, &c.]

RŬMEX, ĭcis. *m.* 1. *Sorrel.* Fecundusquĕ rŭmex, malvæque Indŭlæquĕ vĭrebant (*Moret*). 2. *A kind of missile weapon.* Tum spărā, tum rŭmĭces portantŭr. *Lucil.*

RŬMĬNĂ FICUS. *f. The fig-tree under which*

mulus and Remus were suckled. Quæquĕ vŏcatŭr Rumĭnā nunc ficus, Romŭlā ficŭs ĕrāt. *O.*

RUMĬNO, as. *To ruminate, chew the cud.* Lit. and fig. Dum lātĕt, et lente rĕvŏcatas rumĭnāt herbas. *O.* **Crcl.** Pālĕarĭbŭs herbas rĕvŏco. [¶ *Fig.* Rĕtracto.]

RUMŎR, ōris. *m.* **1.** *A report, a rumour; common talk.* Finĭtĭmas in bellā fĕram rumorĭbŭs urbes. *V.* ∾-es sēnum sĕvĕrĭorum. *Cat.* ∾ manāt. *H.* didĭtŭr; sĕrĭtŭr. *V.* pervenĭt ād &c. *O.* [¶ Sermo, fabŭlā, famā, nuntĭŭs, &c.] *See* FAMA. **2.** Rumorē sĕcundo. *Under favour of public opinion; with general approval;* hence gen. *favorably, prosperously.* ˘Ad cœlum ferrē qd ∾-ē sĕcundo. *H.* ˘Itĕr cĕlĕrant ∾-ē sĕcundo. *V.* [*Rumor* here is sts. interpreted to be the noise of the favouring wind, or of the vessel cutting the waves.] **3.** *Public character, reputation.* Flāgrarē ∾-ē mālo. *H.* [¶ Famā.] **4.** *A rippling noise* or *murmuring of water; a murmuring noise of voices,* &c. *Cl.* Subterlabentis tăcĭto rumorē Mŏsellæ. *Aus.* [¶ Murmŭr.]

RUMPIX. *See* RHOMPHÆA.

RUMPO, Is, rupi, ruptum. **1.** *To rend, force apart; to open, to rive open.* Rupĕrāt et duram vomĕr ăduncŭs hŭmum. *O.* ∾ vestes e pectŏrē. *O.* ∾-It hĭatus (dissĭlĭens tellus). *Sil.* ∾ montem ăceto. *J.* mĕdĭa agmĭnā. *V.* [¶ Scindo, discindo, dissolvo, ăpĕrĭo, findo, divello, diduco, rĕvello, &c.] **2.** Sp. *To open by a wound.* ∾-unt pectŏrā. *V.* Præcordĭā ∾-It (săgittā). *O.* [¶ ˘Apĕrĭo, rĕsolvo, &c.] *See* CONFODIO. **3.** *To break.* ∾ vincŭlā. *V.* plumbum (ăquā tendĭt). *H.* arcum. *Ph.* [¶ Frango, &c.] *See* F. **4.** *To burst* (cause to burst) *from tension; from pressure and weight;* fig. *from any strong effort* or *passion.* ∾ tensum jĕcŭr. *J.* Ruperunt horrĕā immensæ messes. *V.* Rupĭt ˘Iarbitan æmŭlā linguā. *H.* [¶ Dirumpo.] *See* GRAVO. **5.** *To strike out, cause to break forth. O.* [¶ Elĭcĭo, extundo.] Fig. **6.** *To force open.* ∾ viam ferro. *V.* cursum In prœlĭā. *Sil.* pectŏrā frĕmĭtu (de lĕonĭbŭs). *Lr.* **7.** *To break up* or *off; to break through, violate.* ∾ āmores. *V.* nuptĭas. *H.* fœdĕrā. *V.* pacem. *Sil.* decretā. *O.* [¶ Frango, rescindo, abrumpo, vĭŏlo; *sts.* turbo.] **8.** *To interrupt, break off, put an end to all of a sudden.* ∾ sācrā. *V.* Itĕr instĭtutum. *H.* [¶ Abrumpo, interrumpo.] **9.** *To split the ear, to split* (of the effect of sound). ∾-It nos ebrĭā tibĭcĭnā. *M.* ∾-unt arbustā quĕrŭlæ cĭcadæ. *V. See* OBTUNDO. **10.** *To send forth* (utter) *with vehemence.* ∾ questus pectŏrē. *V.* vocem carmĭnē. *O.* [¶ Solvo, fundo, effundo, emitto, mitto.] **11.** *To tire out, exhaust of strength.* ∾ lĕpŏrem forti ĕquo. *M.* Quem certamĭnā ∾-unt. *O.* [¶ Frango, debĭlĭto.] **12.** Rumpo mōras. *V.* = festino. *See* F.

RUMPŎR. *pass., and* ME RUMPO. **1.** *To burst* (intr.). Frigĭdŭs in pratis cantando rumpĭtur anguis. *V.* [¶ Dirumpŏr, findŏr, dissĭlĭo.] **Crcl.** Rupto corpŏrē jăcĕo. **2.** Rumpŏr invĭdĭa, and abs. *To burst with spite, envy,* &c. Invĭdĭa ∾-antŭr ŭt illā Codro. *V.* Rumpŏr ĕt invĭdĕo. *O.* **3.** *To burst, break from pressure of any kind. O.* [¶ Fātisco, succumbo, grăvŏr, prĕmŏr.] **4.** *To burst forth, rush suddenly forth.* ∾-untŭr fontĭbŭs amnes. *O.* Se nubĭbŭs imbĕr rupĕrāt. *V.* [¶ Rŭo, erumpo, præcĭpĭto.]

RŬO, Is, ŭtum. **1.** Tr. *To throw down, throw to the ground, lay level, overthrow.* Cedentiquĕ sēquens instat, turbatquē, rŭitquē. *O.* Molem volvuntquē rŭuntquē (Teucri). *V.* ∾ cŭmŭlos ārenæ; omnĭā (de nimbo). *V.* [¶ Prorŭo, corrŭo, sterno, volvo, everto; affligo.] **2.** *To cause to rush down from on high.* ∾ āquam æthĕrē toto. *V. See* DEJICIO. **3.** *To cast out and about, to throw up* or *out.* ∾ ārenam (de permoto mārĭ). *Lr.* spumas sālĭs ærē; mārē a sedĭbŭs imis; atram nubem ād cœlum. *V.* [¶ Erŭo, tollo.] Hence—**4.** *To heap up, accumulate.* ∾ divĭtĭas, ærisquē ăcervos. *H.* and *Lucil.* [¶ Cogo.] **5.** Intr. *To rush, rush forward, hasten, hurry.* Lit. and fig. [¶ Fĕrŏr, ĕo, curro, prŏvŏlo, irrŭo, prŏpĕro.] **Crcl.** Cursu fĕrŏr (rŭo, vŏlo). Impĕtē fĕrŏr. Præcĭpĭti cursu rŭo. **6.** *To rush forth* or *out, hasten forward.* Lit. and fig. ∾-It ocĕāno nox; rĕvŏlutā dĭes. *V.* Undē rŭunt voces. *V.* [¶ Exĕo, prodĕo, erumpo.] **7.** *To come down, go down, fall down* (the sense of rushing, *i. e.* of coming down, &c., suddenly, violently, all at once, is implied); fig. *to fall to decay, perish, pass away.* ∾-It ardŭŭs æther. *V.* sol. *V. Fl.* ∾-unt amnes de montĭbŭs. *V.* tectā sŭo pondĕrē. *O.* ∾-It urbs antiquā; imbrĭfĕrum ver (sc. desīnĭt). *V.* Quæ vālĭdĕrē, rŭunt. *O.*

RUPES, Is. *f.* **1.** *A rock.* Sed non Caucāsēā dŏcĕo de rupē pŭellas. *O.* [¶ Saxum, scŏpŭlŭs, sĭlex, cautes, pĕtrā.] **Ep.** Aĕrĭā, ardŭā, altā, sublimĭs; abruptā, præruptā, aspĕrā, durā, scrupēā, rĭgens, durā, saxosā, scŏpŭlosā; vastā, immanis, ingens, horrendā, horrĭdā; dumosā, frondens, silvosā, nĕmŏrosā, ŏpacā; Inaccessā, invĭā, inhospĭtā; frigĭdā, gĕlĭdā. **Crcl.** Rupĭs *or* saxi moles (vertex, căpŭt, căcumĕn). Præruptā *or* saxĕā moles. Saxis ardŭā cautes. Jūgum saxis præruptum. Nubĭlā pĕnĕtrans sĭlex (ăcutā sĭlex). *Pl.* Saxā ādĭtu cārentĭā. Littŏrā saxis ardŭā. Saxi căpĭtā aspĕrā (præruptā căcumĭnā). Saxā leto ăcutā. Rupes jūgā saxĕā attollens. Montes vertĭcē mĭnĭtantes. Mĭnantes In cœlum scŏpŭli. Turriti scŏpŭli. **2.** Gen. *A mountain.* Sŭb ∾-ē cănĭt frondatŏr. *V.* Parnassā ∾. *V. See* MONS. **3.** Ext. = antrum. *See* A.

RUPTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* RUMPO. Used also in mid. *See* RUMPOR. *Having burst* or *rushed suddenly forth;* or *bursting,* &c. Tŏnĭtru cum ruptā cŏrusco Ignĕā rimā mĭcans percurrit lumĭnĕ nimbos. *V.* Rupto cœlo quondam turbĭnĕ venti. *V.*

RURĬCŎLA, æ. *m. f.* (*and n. O.*) **1.** *That labours in* or *cultivates the fields.* Lanĭgĕrumquē pĕcus, rurĭcŏlæquē bŏves. *O.* ∾-æ ăratri pătĭens. *O.* [¶ Agrĭcŏlā.] **2.** *That lives in the country; belongs to it.* ∾ dĕŭs; Cĕres. *O.* [¶ Rustĭcŭs, ăgrestĭs.] **3.** Subst. m. *A countryman, peasant.* [¶ Agrĭcŏlā, ăgrestĭs, rustĭcŭs.]

RURĬGĔNA, æ. *m. f. Born and living in the country.* Rurĭgĕnæ paverē fĕram &c. *O.*

RURSUM, *and better* RURSŬS. *adv.* **1.** *Back, back again.* Lit. and fig. Rursŭs In armā fĕror, mortemquē mĭserrĭmŭs opto. *V.* Rursŭs In vĕtĕrem rĕvŏlutā figuram. *V. See* RETRO. **2.** Rursum prorsum. *Backwards and forwards.* Cursari rursum prorsum. *Ter.* Rursus prorsus rĕcĭprŏcat fluctus fĕram. *Enn.* **3.** *Again,* i. e. *on the other hand, on the contrary.* [¶ Contra.] **4.** *Again, over again, anew.* Scanduntŭ rursŭs ĕquum. *V.* [¶ ˘Itĕrum.]

RUS, rurĭs. *n.* **1.** *The country, as opposed to the town.* Romæ rus optas, absentem rustĭcŭs urbem. *H.* **Ep.** ˘Amœnum, lætum, blandum, sĭlens. **Crcl.** Rurĭs –delĭcĭæ, otĭā, sĭlentĭā, secessŭs, gaudĭā. **2.** Us. pl. *The meadows, fields, lands, orchards, woods,* &c., *of the country.* Rurā –pascŭā. *Lr.* florĕā; aspĕrā dumis. *V.* obsĭtā pomis. *O.* exercerē bobŭs. *H.* scindĕrē bubŭs. *Sen. See* AGER. **3.** *A country estate, landed property, farm,* &c. Nugari rurē pătĕrno. *H.* [¶ Prædĭum.] **4.** Gen. *A country, territory.* Rurā Phālanto regnatā. *H. See* TERRA. **5.** Fig. *Rustic want of polish and education; country*

manners, customs, &c. Pleni ∾-is ět inficetĭarum. *Cat.* Mănent vestigĭă ∾-is. *H.*

RUSCUM, i. *n.*, *and* RUSCŬS, i. *f. Furze* or *butcher's-broom.* Horrĭdĭor rusco, projecta villŏr alga. *V.*

RUSSŬS, ă, um. *Red, russet-red.* Lutĕă russăquĕ velă. *Lr.*

RUSTĬCĬTAS, ātĭs. *f.* 1. *Coarse, country-manners; rustic want of polish*, &c. Cultŭs ădest, nec nostros mansĭt ĭn annos Rustĭcĭtas. *O.* ∾-ĕ trux. *M.* [¶ Aspĕrĭtas, fĕrĭtas.] Ep. Incultă, rŭdĭs, horrĭdă. Crol. ˘Agrestes *or* inculti mores. Cultŭs aspĕr *or* rŭdĭs. 2. *Rustic, awkward shyness.* ∾, non pŭdŏr illĕ fŭit. *O.*

RUSTĬCŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. See* RUSTICUS. Sed non rustĭcŭlum nĭmis lĭbellum. *M.*

RUSTĬCUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to the country, the fields; rustic.* Rustĭcă paulatim taurŭs ărătrā sŭbĭt. *O.* ∾-ă numĭnă, nymphæ. *O.* [¶ ˘Agrestĭs; *sts.* ruralĭs, rurĭcŏlă.] 2. Subst. m. *A countryman, a peasant; a farmer. V.* [¶ Agrĭcŏlă, ăgrestĭs, cŏlonŭs.] *See* AGRICOLA. Fig. 3. *After country-manner* (in a bad sense); hence, *rustic, homely, without cultivation, coarse.* ∾ musă. *V.* ∾-ă carmĭnă. *O.* nomĭnă riderĕ. *M.* [¶ Incultŭs, rŭdĭs, Inurbanŭs, aspĕr, horrĭdŭs, rustĭcŭlŭs.] Crol. Rustĭcĭtatĕ fĕrŭs *or* rŭdĭs. Plenŭs rurĭs. Hence—4. *Ungentle, of rugged disposition; of coarse, harsh feelings.* [¶ Fĕrŭs, aspĕr, tĕtrĭcŭs, sĕvĕrŭs, rĭgĭdŭs.] 5. *After country-manner* (in a good sense); hence, *simple, artless.* ∾ verĭtas. *M. See* SIMPLEX. 6. *Over-bashful; of rustic, awkward shyness.* ∾-ă sim sane, dum non oblită pŭdorĭs. Fŭgĕ, ∾-ĕ pŭdŏr. *O.*

RUSTUM, i. *n. See* RUSCUM.

RUTĂ, æ. *f. Rue.* Indĕ cŏmas āpĭi vĭrĭdes, rutamquĕ vĭrentem. *V.*

RUTATŬS, ă, um. *Seasoned*, &c., *with rue.* Sectă cŏrŏnabant rutatos ovă lăcertos. *M.*

RŬTĬLO, as. 1. *To be red, of a golden red; to shine with a red colour.* Sed prorupturis rŭtĭlabant æquŏrā flammis. *Sil. See* FLAVESCO *or* RUBEO. 2. *To shine bright, to flash.* Pĕr sudum rŭtĭlarĕ (armă) vĭdent. *V. See* FULGEO.

RŬTĬLUS, ă, um. 1. *Of a golden* or *fiery red.* Sin măcŭlæ incĭpĭent rŭtĭlo immiscerĭĕr igni. *V.* ∾-is squamis clarus. *V.* ∾ crŭŏr. *O. See* FLAVUS *or* RUBER. 2. Used of hair. *Golden-haired. O.* [¶ Flavŭs, rufŭs.] 3. Fig. *Brilliant, flashing* (but the colour implied?). ∾ thorax. *V. Fl. See* FULGEO.

RŬTRUM, i. *n. A spade, mattock.* Nec mŏrā, transĭlĭŭit: rutro cĕlĕr occŭpăt ausum. *O.*

RŬTŬLI, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *An ancient people of Latium.* Quum tămĕn ingentes Rŭtŭlorum linquĕt ăcervos. *V.* 2. Rŭtŭlŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Rutuli, Rutulian. V.* 3. *The inhabitants of Saguntum, founded by a colony from Ardea, the capital of the Rutuli. Sil.*

RŬTŬPINŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Rutupiæ, now Sandwich, in Kent.* Aut vāgă quum Tethys Rŭtŭpinăquĕ littŏrā fervent. *L. J.*

S.

SABÆA, æ. *f.* (sc. terra.) *The country of which Saba was the chief town; Arabia Felix.* Non antĕ devictis Sābææ Reglbŭs, horrĭbĭliquĕ Medo. *H.*

SABÆI, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *The people of Arabia Felix.* Indĭă mittĭt ĕbur, molles sŭă tură Sābæi. *V.* 2. Sābæŭs, ă, um. *Sabæan, Arabian.* ∾-o turĕ cālent aræ. *V. See* ARABUS.

SABBĂTARIŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Sabbath; one that keeps the Sabbath.* Quod jejunĭă Sabbătarĭorum. *M.*

SABBĂTUM, i. *n.*, *us.* SABBĂTĂ, orum. *pl.* (Hebr. *sabbath*, rest; Gr. σάββατον.) *The Sabbath, the Sabbath-day; any Jewish festival.* Nec te pĕrĕgrină mŏrentŭr Sabbătă. *O.* Hŏdĭe tricesĭmă sabbătă. *H.* Crol. Septĭmă sacrā (festă) Judæo Sȳro (Pălæstino vĭro) cultă.

SĂBELLI, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *The more ancient name of the Sabines. Col.* 2. Sābellŭs, ă, um, *and* Sābellĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Sabines.* Et tĕrĕti pugnant mucronĕ, vĕruquĕ Sābello. *V.* Pubes Sābellă. *V.* Dentesquĕ Sābellĭcŭs exăcŭit sus. *V.*

SĂBĬNI, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *The Sabines, an ancient Italian people.* Hanc olim vitam vĕtĕres cŏlŭĕrĕ Sābini. *V.* [¶ Sābelli.] Crol. Sābinā *or* Sābellā gens. 2. Sābinŭs, ă, um. *Sabine. O.* [¶ Sābellŭs, Sābellĭcŭs.] 3. Sābinā herbă. *The herb savin* or *sabine* (used for frankincense). Herbis contentă Sābinis (arā). *O.* 4. Subst. n. (sc. vinum.) *Sabine wine.* Vilĕ Sābinum. *H.*

SĂBURRĂ, æ. *f. Sand used for ballast.* Ut cymbæ instăbĭles, fluctu jactantĕ săburram. *V.*

SĂCÆ, arum. *m. pl.* [SĂCES, æ. *sing. Cl.*] *A Scythian tribe.* Seu Sācas sāgittĭfĕrosquĕ Parthos. *Cat.*

SACCO, as. *To strain through canvas*, &c. *M.* [¶ Colo, percolo, lĭquo.]

SACCŬLUS, i. *m.*, *dim. of* Saccus. *A small bag; a purse.* Plenus saccŭlŭs est ăranĕarum. *Cat.* [¶ Crūmenă, &c.] *See* C.

SACCUS, i. *m.* 1. *A bag.* Vilis sacci mercatŏr ŏlentĭs. *J.* 2. Sp. *A bag of money.* Effundi ∾-os nummorum. *H.* [¶ Saccŭlŭs.] 3. *A bag for straining liquors.* Transmittĕrĕ cæcŭbă ∾-o. *M.*

SĂCELLUM, i. *n. A chapel; a small, uncovered place consecrated to some deity, and open at the top.* Arā mĭhi pŏsĭta est, parvo conjunctă săcello. *O.* [¶ Ædĭcŭlă.]

SĂCĔR, săcrā, săcrum, *and* sacrā, sacrum. 1. *Holy, sacred.* Per jurā săcerrĭmă lecti. *O.* Mars pătĕr, et sacræ fatallĭă limĭnă Vestæ. *Pp.* [¶ Sanctŭs, relĭgĭosŭs, săcratŭs, pĭŭs, augustŭs, vĕrendŭs, vĕnĕrandŭs.] Crol. Relĭgĭonĕ săcĕr *or* vĕrendŭs. 2. *Used of poets; rivers;* sp. *their sources*, &c. &c.; *whatever was considered particularly subject to divine influence*, or *the object of divine care.* Cārent vatĕ săcro. *H.* ˘Ad săcrum căpŭt amnĭs. *V.* Quo ∾-i amnes currĭmŭs. *O.* ∾ vitĭs. *H.* æther. *O.* [¶ Divinŭs.] 3. *Dedicated, consecrated. V.* [¶ Săcratŭs, consĕcratŭs, dĭcatŭs, dictŭs.] 4. *Accursed.* Auri ∾ fāmes. *V.* Intestabĭlĭs ĕt ∾ esto. *H.* [¶ Implĭŭs, dirŭs, exsĕcrabĭlĭs, exsĕcrandŭs, devotŭs.]

SĂCERDOS, tĭs. *m.* 1. *A priest* or *priestess.* Lit. and fig. Quiquĕ săcerdotes casti, dum vită mānebăt. *V.* Reginā ∾. *O.* Musarum ∾. *H.* [¶ Pontĭfex, antistĕs (antistĭtă. *f.*), mĭnistĕr; *sts.* mystes *or* mystă, săcrĭfĭcŭs.] Ep. Sanctŭs, pĭŭs, relĭgĭosŭs, castŭs, vĕrendŭs, vĕnĕrandŭs. Crol. Săcrorum præsĕs *or* antistĕs. Cui cură săcrorum, *or* c. săcrā curæ. Templi săcerdos. Săcris ŏpĕratŭs. 2. Eccl. *A Christian priest.* [¶ Presbȳtĕr, mystes.]

SĂCES, æ. *m. See* SACÆ.

SĂCRAMENTUM, *and* SACRAMENTUM, i. *n.* 1. *A military oath.* Obstringunt ănĭmas pătrĭæ, dictātăquĕ jurant Sacramentā dĭis. *Sil.* 2. Gen. *An oath. H. See* JUSJURANDUM.

SĂCRARĬUM, *and* SACRARĬUM, li. *n.* 1. *A sacristy; a chapel, a shrine.* Et vĕtĭto tĕmĕrat sacrarĭă probro. *O.* ∾ (*pl.*) Cȳbĕles; Vestæ. *M.*

[† Pēnĕtrālĕ, templum, &c.] *See* TEMPLUM. Fig. 2. *A sanctuary, a place of retirement* or *refuge.* ∾-lĭ Dĭtis. *V.* Mentis ∾-lĭ nostræ (*heaven so spoken of by Jupiter*). *St.* [† ˘Adȳtum, pēnĕtrālĕ, pēnĕtrālĭ.] 3. Pl. ext. *Religious ceremonies, worship.* Desertis cessant ∾-lĭ lucis. *Pp. See* SACRUM.

SĂCRĂTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SACRO. Used also adj. = sācĕr. Graiorum sācrātā jurā. *V.* Lucĕ sācrātŏr illa (dĭes). *M.*

SĂCRĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Carrying sacred things.* Est dĕā sacrĭfĕras pæně sĕcūtā rātes. *O.*

SĂCRĬFĬCIUM, ĭi *and* i. *n. A sacrifice.* Sacrĭfĭci gĕnŭs est, sic instĭtŭĕrĕ prĭores. *O.* [† Lĭtamĕn; plācŭlum, plamĕn.] *See* SACRUM, VICTIMA.

SĂCRĬFĬCO, *or* SACRĬFĬCO, as. Tr. and intr. 1. *To sacrifice, to offer in sacrifice.* Admŏnĕt et forti sacrĭfĭcarĕ dĕæ. *O.* [† ˘Opĕrŏr, făcio, libo; *sts.* lĭto.] Crol. Sācrum făcio. Sācrā -făcio, fĕro, rĕfĕro, cĕlĕbro, pĕrāgo, reddo, libo, lĭto. Sācris ŏpĕrŏr. Aris donā (munĕrā, hŏnores) -impono, fĕro. Sācris dĕos (numĕn, numĭnā) -ādoro, vĕnĕrŏr, placo, cŏlo. Dĭis votā -făcio, solvo, persolvo, reddo, fĕro, rĕfĕro, dico. Munĕrĭbŭs *or* donis aras *or* altarĭā cŭmŭlo (orno, ŏnĕro, strŭo). ˘Ad templā (ād aras) munĕrā fĕro. Sācris accedo. Sācrā rītĕ fĕro. Phr. Aras donis ŏnĕrant (munĕrĭbŭs fŏvent). Aris (*ep.* turĭcrēmis) -donā (hŏnorem *or pl.*) fĕrunt (imponunt);— mĕrĭtos hŏnores mactant;—factŭs hŏnos. ˘Ad templā solennĭā donā fĕrunt. Sācrā divis fĕrunt. Plā sācrā pārant. Munĕrā fŏcis libant. Solennes dāpes *or* donā libant. ˘Opĕrantŭr lætis ĭn herbis. *See* ADORO, LIBO, TUS. 2. Sp. *To offer a victim in sacrifice.* ∾ sŭem. *O.* [† Cædo, macto, &c.] *See* VICTIMA.

SĂCRĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. 1. *A sacrificer; that which sacrifices.* Marcĭā, sacrĭfĭco deductum nomĕn ăb Anco. *O.* ∾ sĕcurĭs. *O.* 2. *Of* or *belonging to a sacrifice.* ∾-i ritus. *O.* ∾ vestis. *Sil.* [† Sācĕr.]

SĂCRĬLĔGIUM, ĭi. *n. Sacrilege.* Qui ŏnustus sacrĭlĕgio quum discedĕrĕt. *Ph.*

SĂCRĬLĔGŬS, ă, um. *Sacrilegious, impious, profane; criminal.* Nec nos sacrĭlĕgos templis admovimŭs ignes. *Tib.* ∾ nĕfas. *M.* ∾-æ artes mĕrĕtricum. *O.* [† Prŏfanatŏr, implŭs, nĕfandŭs, scĕlĕratŭs, &c.]

SĂCRO, *and* SACRO, as. 1. *To consecrate, dedicate.* Lit. and fig. Sanguĭnĕ fœdantem, quos ipsĕ sācravĕrāt, ignes. *V.* ∾ aras; qm telis Evandri (*to set apart, reserve for*). *V.* [† Consĕcro, dico, dedico; *fig.* destino, rĕservo.] 2. *To make divine, deify.* *O.* [† Consĕcro.] *See* APOTHEOSIS. 3. Fig. *To hallow, give a holy character to.* *H.*

SĂCRUM, *and* SACRUM, i. *n.*; SĂCRĂ, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *Any thing sacred;* pl. *objects of divine worship.* Jam plūs Æneas sacra, et, sacra altērā, patrem Affĕrĕt. *V.* 2. *A sacrifice of any kind.* ∾ quum fiāt ĭn ara. *O.* Sācrā divis ferrĕ. *V.* [† Sacrĭfĭcium, solennĭā, hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos, hŏnores, libamĕn, libamĭnā; *sts.* plācŭlā, hostĭā, victĭmā, tus, turā, prĕces, votā.] Ep. Divinum, plum, castum, augustum, solennĕ, pinguĕ. Crol. Res sācrā *or* divinā. Divini *or* pĭi ritus. Divinæ res. Pĭi hŏnores. Sācrā munĕrā *or* donā. Turĭs hŏnŏr (hŏnos, hŏnores). Turĕā donā. *See* SACRIFICO. 3. *Any religious rite* or *worship.* Vulgarĕ Cĕrĕrĭs ∾-um. *H.* ∾-ā Dĭanæ suscĭpĭĕrĕ. *Pp.* Junonĭā. *O.* [† Cultŭs, ritus.] 4. *Used of the worship of the Muses* (the study of poetry). Quarum sācrā fĕro &c. (Musarum). *V. See* SACERDOS.

SÆCŬLUM, *and syn.* SÆCLUM, i. *n.* 1. *An age, a century,* or *space of a hundred years.* Illā quidem sæclis vix mŏrĭturā nŏvem. *O.* Sæcŭlo festas rĕfĕrentĕ luces. *H.* [† Ætas.] Ep. Longum, rĕcurrens, rĕvŏlutum, rĕvŏlubilĕ. Crol. Centesĭmā ætas *or* brumā. 2. *An age, the space of one generation of men.* Multā virum volvens durando sæcŭlā vincĭt. *V.* [† Ætas, ævum.] 3. *An age, any long time.* ∾-is effētā sĕnectus. *V.* 4. Pl. *Ages to come.* ˘In famam ĕt ∾-ā mitti. *L.* Æternum pĕr ∾-ā nomĕn. *V. See* IMMORTALIS. 5. *The age, those living at any particular time; successive generations.* ∾-ā mitescent bellis pŏǣltis; æternam tŭmŭerunt noctem. *V.* totis exspectent ripis (sc. ănimæ transmittendæ). *St.* [† Ætas, ævum, tempŭs.] 6. *The golden age, &c. V. See* AUREUS, &c. 7. *A race, species.* ∾-ā mortalĭā; omnĭā fĕrarum. *Lr.* ∾-i nŏvi fĭgŭlŭs (Prŏmĕthĕus). *Ph.* [† Gĕnŭs, gens, prŏpago, &c.]

SÆPĔ (*comp.* SÆPĬŬS, *freq.* = sæpĕ). 1. *Often.* Sæpĕ tĕner nostris ăb ŏvĭlĭbŭs imbŭĕt agnŭs. *V.* [† Sæpĭŭs, persæpĕ, crebro, frĕquentĕr; *sts.* dĕcies, assĭdŭe, continŭo, plerumquĕ, multum, dĭu.] Crol. Haud *or* non raro. Haud *or* non sæmĕl. ˘Ītĕrumquĕ ītĕrumquĕ. ˘Ītĕrum atquĕ ītĕrum. ˘Etiam atquĕ ĕtiam. Plus vĭcĕ simplĭci. Phr. Crebĕr terram pĕdĕ fĕrīt. Crebrā mānŭs errāt &c. Multā sūpĕr qo rŏgĭtarĕ. Oscŭlā rĭpĕtitā dārĕ. Assĭdŭis rastris terram insectari (*to work it very often*). 2. Sts. = interdum. *V. See* I.

SÆPĔ NŬMĔRO, *or* SÆPĔNŬMĔRO = Sæpĕ. At sæpe est nŭmĕro factum, flĕrĭquĕ nĕcesse est. *Lr.*

SÆPES, ĭs. *f. See* SEPES.

SÆPIO. *See* SEPIO.

SÆTA, SÆTĬGER, &c. *See* SETA, &c.

SÆVE. 1. *Fiercely, cruelly.* [† Crudelĭtĕr.] *See* C. 2. *Terribly.* Lumĭnā Gorgŏnĕo sævĭūs ignĭ mĭcant. *O.* [† Mĭnantĕr, mĭnacĭtĕr.]

SÆVIO, ĭs. 1. *To be enraged, chafed by anger.* Dĕĭphŏbus contra; Ne sævi, magnā sācerdos. *V.* ∾-ĭt ănĭmis vulgŭs. *V.* [Sævibăt. *imp. Lr.*] *See* IRASCOR. 2. *To let one's fury loose, to act with rage* or *fury.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ĭt toto Mars orbĕ. *V.* irā ĭn qm; răbĭquĕ fămĕquĕ (lŭpŭs). *O.* frigŏrĕ Ursā. *Cl.* [† Fūro, bacchŏr.] Fig. 3. ∾-ĭt pontŭs. *Lr.* vĕnenum ĭn præcordĭis. *H.* ămŏr ferri. *V.* 4. *Used of incessant* or *furious noise.* ∾-ĭt latratŭs cănum. *V.* hinnitus ĕquorum. *Sil.* 5. Sp. *Used of the howl of the bear.* *V.* ("Agni balant, ursi *sæviunt*, rugiunt leones.")

SÆVĬTĬA, æ, *and* SÆVĬTĬES, ei. *f.* 1. *Anger, rage.* Lit. and fig. Da brĕvĕ sævĭtĭæ spătĭum pĕlăgiquĕ tŭæquĕ. *O.* [† Fūrŏr, fūrĭæ, irā, răbies, &c.] *See* IRA. 2. *Cruelty. J.* [† Barbărĭā, barbărĭes, fĕrĭtas, durĭtā, durĭtĭes, impŭbĭtas, aspĕrĭtas, fĕrocĭā, crudelĭtas, inclementĭā.] Ep. Dirā, ātrox, fĕrā, barbărā, immanis, inexorabĭlis, terrĭbĭlis, aspĕrā, immitis, trux, impŭ, præceps, cæcā, fūrens, fūrĭosā, răbĭdā, crŭentā, torvā, trŭculentā, vŏlĕntā. Crol. Pectŭs crudelĕ *or* sævum. ˘Anĭmŭs sævŭs (fĕrox, immanis). Mens effĕrā. Fĕrā (fĕrocĭā, sævā) pectŏrā *or* cordā. Immanĭā factā. Crudeles ausus. Crŭorĭs sĭtis. Mens cædis *or* crŭorĭs ăvĭdā. Sanguĭnĕā sĭtis. Nescĭā flecti barbărĭes. Mens flecti indŏcilis. Mens flecti indŏcilis. Austerity; a harsh, insensible nature. ∾-am lăsĭdŏs contŭdĭt. *Pp.* Făcĭli ∾-a nĕgarĕ. *H. See* RIGOR.

SÆVUS, ă, um. 1. *Enraged; furious with anger.* Ne mĕā sævŭs Jurgares ad te quŏd ĕpistŏlā nullā vĕnirĕt. *H.* ∾-ā irā mĕā. *Pp.* [† Fūrens, effĕrŭs, răbĭdŭs, iratŭs.] *See* IRATUS. 2. *Cruel* (of man), *fierce, savage* (of animals). ∾ ambo-

bŭs ˘Achilles; nŏvercă. *V.* ∾-lŏr erravĭt campos (lĕnĕ). *V.* [¶ *Of man.* ˘Inhumanŭs, ferrĕŭs, inclemens, barbărŭs. *Of man* or *beast.* Crudelis, dirŭs, durŭs, fĕrŭs, aspĕr, ăcerbŭs, ătrox, immanis, trux, trŭcŭlentŭs, fĕrox, effĕrŭs, imprŏbŭs, mălŭs, sanguĭnĕŭs, crŭentŭs.] **Crcl.** *Of man.* Fĕrĭtatĕ notŭs. Flecti nesclŭs *or* indŏcilis. Cui mens sævă, &c.; cui cordă *or* pectŏrĕ sævă (barbărĕ, crudelĭ, immanĭ, &c.). *Of man* or *beast.* Fĕrĭtatĕ immanis. Crŭoris (sanguĭnis, cædis) -ăvĭdŭs, cŭpĭdŭs. **Phr.** *Of the cruel man.* Cordă gĕrens nesclĭ prĕcĭbŭs mansuescĕrĕ. Quem nullă dies, nullă plĕtas mitĭgăt. Qui nullis fletĭbŭs mŏvetŭr. Qui nullas voces tractabĭlis audĭt. *See* DURUS. Fig. 3. ∾ gĕlu; ˘Orion; dŏlŏr. *V.* ămŏr. *O.* [¶ Fŭrens, insanŭs, bacchans, &c.; *or* aspĕr, durŭs, mălŭs, &c.] 4. *Austere, rigid.* ∾ măgistĕr. *H.* custodĭă. *Tib.* [¶ Sĕvĕrŭs, &c.] *See* S. 5. *Fierce in war, formidable, causing terrour.* Lit. and fig. ∾ jăcĕt Hectŏr; In armis Æneas. *V.* ∾-a falcĕ ăves terrĕt. *Tib.* ∾-ă somnĭă (*of fearful omen*). *Tib.* [¶ Mĕtŭendŭs, ătrox, &c.] *See* FORTIS.

SAGA, æ. *f. A sorceress, witch.* Sagăvĕ punĭcĕa defixit nomĭnă cera. *O.* [¶ Măgă, &c.] *See* M.

SAGACĬTĔR. *With an acute sense of smell.* Namquĕ săgacĭŭs unŭs ŏdorŏr. *H.*

SAGATŬS, ă, um. *Wearing a* sagum. Vis te purpŭrĕum, Marcĕ, săgatŭs ămem? *M.*

SAGAX, acis. 1. *Quick-scent.* Nunc lĕpŏrem pronum cătŭlo sectarĕ săgaci. *O.* [¶ ˘Odorŭs.] **Crcl.** Narĕ (*or pl.*) -săgax, utĭlis. Cui magnă naris fĭdes *or* solertĭă. **Phr.** *Dogs on the scent.* Auras narĕ săgaci demissi captant. Lustrĕ presso rostro quærunt. 2. *Quick-eared.* Cănĭbŭs ∾-lŏr ansĕr. *O.* Fig. 3. *Sagacious, penetrating.* ˘Anĭmo ∾-i cognoscĕrĕ. *Lr.* Curæ ∾-es. *H.* [¶ Acĕr, solers, prudens, callĭdŭs, provĭdŭs, ăcutŭs, perspĭcax.] 4. With gen. ∾ utĭlĭum rerum (sententĭă). *H.* divinarum flammarum. *Sil.*

SAGINA, æ. *f. Food to fatten with; nourishing food of any kind.* Qui dăbăt immundæ venalĭă fartă săginæ. *Pp.* [¶ *Sts.* ˘Adeps.]

SAGINO, as. *To fatten.* Parvă săginati lustrabant complĭtă porci. *Pp.* **Crcl.** Pinguem *or* ŏbesum -effĭcio, reddo, &c.

SAGITTA, æ. *f.* 1. *An arrow.* Non sĕcŭs ac nervis per nubem impulsă săgittă. *V.* [¶ Telum, spicŭlum, ăcundo, missĭlĕ, călămŭs; *ert.* jăculum, cuspis, hastă, hastilĕ, ferrum.] **Ep.** Scŷthĭcă, Cressĭă, Cŷdonĭă, Gortynĭă; ăcută, hamată, alată, pennată, vŏlans, longe vŏlans, longe fallens, vŏlŭcris, cĕlĕris, lĕvis, cĭtă, alĕa, præceps, fŭgĭens, missĭlis; sŏnans, stridens, alis stridens, sævă, crudelis, fatalis, letalis, letifĕrĕ, vĕnenată, immĕdĭcabĭlis; certă, missă. **Crcl.** Ferrum missilĕ (jăculabĭlĕ, vŏlatĭlĕ, vŏlŭcrĕ). Telă săgittæ. Săgittæ -cuspis, ăcumĕn, ictŭs, vulnŭs, vulnĕrĕ. Sibĭlă teli. Illĭtă telă dŏlis. Telă vĕneno -imbută, mĕdĭcată, tinctă, armată. Jăcŭlum ăcuta cuspidĕ armatum. **Phr.** 1. *To shoot an arrow.* Săgittam (telum, călămos) -mitto, emitto, torquĕo, contorquĕo, intorquĕo, impello, jăcio, conjĭcio, dirĭgo, fundo, effundo, intendo, spargo. Arcu săgittam emitto (expello, tendo). Nervo telă *or* spicŭlă -mitto, impello. Nervo săgittas apto. Săgittas artĕ dirĭgo. Spicŭlă curvo cornu dirĭgo. **Phr.** 2. *The act of drawing the bow, and shooting.* (Săgittarĭŭs) săgittam (cĕlĕrem s.) telum, &c. -nervo (n. ĕquino) imponĭt; —intendĭt (obversŭs intendĭt); —sĭnŭato arcu (*or* cornu curvans) impellĭt *or* expellĭt; —brachĭă diversă ducens impellĭt &c.; —in auras contorquĕt. Adductă (horrendum stridens) săgittă effŭgĭt. Lăvis călămŭs ăb arcu exĭt. **Phr.** 3. *Of a flight of arrows.* Vŏlatĭlĕ ferrum spargĭtŭr. Telă cœlum ŏbumbrant. Telă nĭvis ritu vŏlant (fusă vŏlant), &c. ˘It toto cœlo tempestas telorum. Ferrĕŭs imbĕr ingrŭĭt. *See* ARCUS, JACULOR. **Phr.** 4. *To hit with an arrow.* Săgitta *or* telo -percŭtio, fĕrio, figo, configo, trajĭcio, confŏdio. **Phr.** 5. *To be struck, wounded,* &c., *by an arrow.* Săgitta -configŏr, cădo, sternŏr, jăcĕo, pĕrĕo. Telis obrŭŏr *or* succumbo. Săgittă vĭro allabĭtŭr. Hærĕt ărundo lătĕri. ˘It hastă ci pĕr ūtrumquĕ tempŭs. Săgitta confixŭs cădĭt. Săgittă pĕr tergă fŭgĭentis (*or* fŭgĭentĭă) trajĭcĭt (pennis tĕnŭs actă est). 2. *Used of Cupid's arrows,* &c. *O.* [¶ Telă.]

SAGITTARĬŬS, ĭi *and* i. *m. An archer. Cic.; the constellation so called.* Indĕ Săgittari defixum posaldĕt arcum. *Cic. Arat.* [¶ Săgittifĕr, &c.] *See* ARCITENENS.

SAGITTĬFĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. 1. *That carries arrows.* Equĕ săgittifĕra prompsit dŭŏ telă phăretra. *O.* 2. *Armed with arrows* (the bow and arrow). ∾-i Gĕloni. *V.* *See* SAGITTARIUS.

SAGITTĬPŎTENS, tis. *m.* = Săgittarĭŭs. *See* S. Mensĕ, Săgittĭpŏtens solis quum sustĭnĕt orbem. *Cic. Arat.* *See* ARCITENENS.

SAGŬLUM, *and* **SAGUM,** i. *n.* 1. *A military cloak* (adopted from the Gauls and Germans). Virgatis lucent săgŭlis (Galli), tum lactĕă collă &c. *V.* Punĭco Lugubrĕ mutavit săgum. *H.* 2. *The general's military cloak* (usually purple). Sanguĭnĕi pătrĭum săgŭli dĕcŭs. *Sil.* [¶ Păludamentum.] **Crcl.** Velamĕn -insignĕ, fulgens, rŭbens.

SAGUNTUM, i. *n., and* **SAGUNTŬS,** i. *f. Sil. A town of Spain, the siege of which by Hannibal was the commencement of the second Punic war.* Obsessum Pœno gessit quod martĕ Săguntum. *L.*

SAGŬS, ă, um. *Presaging, prophetic.* Nunc sagas affatŭr ăves. *St.* *See* PRÆSAGUS.

SAL, sălis. *m. n.* (SALES. *m. pl.*) 1. *Salt.* Aut parco sălĕ continguunt, hĭĕmiquĕ rĕponunt. *V.* ∾-lĭbŭs vĭtĭatŭr ămaris (rivŭs dulcis). *O.* Ipsă sălem portăt. *M.* [¶ *Sts.* Sălinum.] **Ep.** Æquŏrĕŭs, mărinŭs, acĕr, mordax, *or* æquŏrĕum, &c. **Crcl.** Sălis mică *or* granĕ. Lucĭdă sălis mică. 2. *The salt-sea, the sea.* Spumas ∾-is ærĕ rŭebant. *V.* *See* MARE. 3. *Wit, humour.* Nullă mică sălis in tam magno corpŏrĕ. *Cat.* [¶ ˘Acumĕn, lĕpos, ingĕnium.] 4. Sales. *pl.* *Witty sayings, bons mots,* &c. ∾ tincti lĕporĕ. *M.* Plautini. *H.* non sŏlĭti luserĕ. *L.* [¶ Jŏci *or* jŏcă, dicterĭă; *sts.* argutĭæ, fŭcetĭæ, ridĭcŭlă.] **Ep.** Fŭceti, jŏcosi, lĕpĭdi, festivi, læti, hĭlăres, blandi, jucundi, urbani, hŏnesti, mŏdesti, arguti; prŏcaces, prŏtervi. **Crcl.** Salsi jŏci. Dictă sălĕ -tinctă, adspersă. 5. Sp. Sal *or* Sales. *Satirical raillery,* &c.; *lampoons,* &c. ∾-ĕ multo urbem defrĭcŭĭt (Lucĭlĭŭs); nĭgro (delectari). *H.* mordaci risus quærĕrĕ. *Manil.* ∾-es suffusi fellĕ. *O.* *See* SATIRA.

SALAMANDRA, æ. *f. A salamander, a kind of lizard.* Hoc (căpŭt) sălămandrā nŏtet, vel sævă nŏvacŭlă nudĕt. *M.*

SALĂMĬNĬACŬS, ă, um, *and* **SALĂMĬNĬŬS,** ă, um. *H.* *Of* or *belonging to Salamis.* Et Sălămĭnĭăcis quantum eoisquĕ trŏpæis. *Sil.*

SALĂMIS, inis. *f.* I. *The famous island near Athens, where the Persians were defeated by Themistocles.* Teucer Sălămĭnā pătremquĕ Quum fŭgĕrĕt. *H.* II. *A town of Cyprus founded by Teucer.* Ambĭgŭam tellurĕ nŏva Sălămĭnā fŭturam. *H.*

SALARĬUM, ĭi. *n. Money at one time given to soldiers for salt;* hence, *any pay, salary.* Nĭhil

vitam rĕdĕo. Vitam rĕsumo. Nŏvŭs ĭn lucem rĕdĕo. Lucem *or* vitam rĕcĭpĭo. ˘Anĭmam *or* vitam rĕsumo. A mortĕ rĕsurgo. Æthĕrĭas sŭb auras rursŭs (reddĭtŭs) vĕnĭo. ˘Ad limĭnă vitæ –rĕdĕo, rĕmĕo, surgo, ăb umbris s. Sŭpĕras ăd auras rĕdĕo. Sŭpĕrā convexă rĕvĭso. Rĕpĕto primordĭă vitæ. Nŏvam vitam divino munĕrĕ căpĭo. ˘In rĕdĭvivă vitæ lumĭnă surgo. Vitæ lumĭnă devicta mortĕ rĕcĭpĭo. Reddĭtă vitā surgĭt. Coplā vitæ reddĭtŭr. ˘Anĭmā vivos ĭn artus rĕmĕăt. ˘Ab infernis umbris rĕvŏcŏr. Sĕpulcro, &c., exĕo. *See* REDIVIVUS. **2.** Fig. *To revive.* ˘Ad tŭă verbā rĕvixi. *O.* Exstinctā flammā rĕvixĭt. *O.*

RĔVŎCABĬLIS, ĕ. *That may be recalled,* or *be made to return.* Lit. and fig. Non est rĕvŏcabĭlĭs istis, Quem sĕmĕl umbrĭfĕra navĭtā lintrĕ tŭlĭt. *O.* (*ad Liv.*) ∾ pŭdŏr. *V. Fl.* telum. *O.*

RĔVŎCAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. A recall.* Accĭpĭo rĕvŏcamĕn, ălt. *O.*

RĔVŎCO, as. **1.** *To recall, to bid come back.* Exclusit: rĕvŏcăt: rĕdĕam? non si obsĕcrĕt. Eccĕ &c. *H.* Cum clamorĕ Gȳas ∾-abăt. *V.* **2.** *To recall, to cause to come back* or *come away from, to withdraw.* Lit. and fig. ∾ Solĭs ĕuntĭs ĕquos. *O.* ductores ăcĭe. *V.* ŏcŭlos mĕos. *O.* pelles ĭn pectŏrĕ. *Cl.* [¶ Rĕtrăho, rĕduco, āverto, avŏco, abstrăho, abduco, amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo.] Fig. **3.** *To cause to come back again* or *re-appear; to restore, renew; re-establish.* ∾ vires victu; ănĭmos. *V.* flŭvĭo cŏlorem. *Sil.* cŏmam silvis. *Sen.* leges. *J.* vĕtĕres artes. *H.* [¶ Rĕpăro, rĕfĭcĭo, rĕnŏvo, reddo; *sts.* rĕduco, rĕfĕro.] **4.** *To turn away, turn aside, dissuade, deter.* ∾ ănĭmum ăb ira. *O.* parcĕrĕ sŭæ famæ. *Pp.* [¶ Avŏco, deterrĕo.] **5.** *To recall to memory.* ∾ ĭn pectŏrā Cannas. *Sil.* **6.** *To recall to notice; to go back to in relating.* ∾ primæ exordĭă pugnæ. *V.* [¶ Rĕpĕto.] **7.** *To recall from existence, to cause as if it had never been.* Si factā ∾ lĭcerĕt. *O.* **8.** *To bid* or *invite again, in turn. M. Ph.*

RĔVŎLO, as. *To fly back.* Lit. and fig. Quum mĕdĭo cĕlĕres rĕvŏlant ex æquŏrĕ mergi. *V.* ∾-ăt crŭentum (telum). *O. See* VOLO (I.).

RĔVŎLUBĬLIS, ĕ. *That may be turned* or *rolled back* or *round again; revolving.* Sisȳphĕ, cui tradas rĕvŏlubĭlĕ pondŭs, hăbebĭs. *O.* (*Ib.*) Fatorum stamĕn ∾-ĕ nulli. *Pp.*

RĔVŎLUTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* REVOLVO *and* REVOLVOR. **1.** *Rolled back.* Spissa atque æstu rĕvŏlutā rĕsorbens Saxă. *V.* **2.** *Thrown over, turned over, upset, thrown down.* ∾ jăcŭlĭt ărena. *V.* culmĭnĕ fati. *Cl.* ∾-ă pensă. *V.* **3.** *Having completed a revolution* (of a revolving body); *revolving. V.* **4.** Fig. *Turned back again, rechanged, restored.* ∾ ĭn vĕtĕrem fĭguram. *V.*

RĔVŎLVO, ĭs, i, ŏlutum. **1.** *To roll back again.* Lit. and fig. Te sæcŭlā testĕ Cunctā rĕvŏlvuntŭr. *Cl.* Ventŭs rĕtro æstum rĕvŏlvĭt. *Sen.* **2.** *To unroll,* or *to wind back.* Scis nullā ∾ Parcas stamĭnă. *St.* Fig. **3.** *To go over again, go through again* (personally). ∾ perplexum ĭtĕr; casus. *V.* nugas. *M.* [¶ Rĕmetĭŏr.] **4.** *To repeat, recount.* ∾ ingratā. *V.* factā pătrĭs. *Cl.* [¶ Evolvo, rĕfĕro, &c.] *See* NARRO. **5.** *To review, turn over in thought,* &c. ∾ vitæ fatā. *L.* visā. *O.* [¶ Volvo, verso, &c.] **6.** Pass. Rĕvŏlvŏr. *To fall back.* Lit. and fig. Tĕr rĕvŏlutā tŏro est. *V.* (*See* RECIDO.) Quĭd ĭn istā ∾-ŏr? *O.* ∾ ĭn ĕamdem vitam. *Ter.* [¶ Rĕlabŏr, rĕcĭdo, rĕdĕo, &c.]

RĔVŎMO, ĭs. **1.** *To vomit back,* or *throw up* or *forth again.* Vŏrăt hæc raptas rĕvŏmitquĕ cărinas. *O.* ∾ pectŏrĕ fluctus. *V. See* VOMO. **2.** *To beat* or *cast back.* Scŏpŭlis rĕvŏmentĭbŭs æquŏr. *L.*

REX, regĭs. *m.* **1.** *A king, a prince.* An nescis longas regĭbŭs essĕ mănus? *O.* [¶ Princeps, regnatŏr, rectŏr, rĕgens; *sts.* impĕratŏr, dux, ductŏr, dŏmĭnŭs.] **Ep.** Justŭs, æquŭs; bĕnignŭs, bŏnŭs, mitĭs, pŏtens, fortĭs. **Crol.** Pŏpŭli –rectŏr, mŏdĕratŏr, dŏmĭnatŏr. Regni princeps *or* præsĕs. Rerum præsĕs *or* pŏtens. Arbĭtĕr impĕrĭi. Regali jurĕ pŏtens. Regnā *or* sceptrā tĕnens. Qui sceptrum *or* sceptrā gĕrĭt (gestāt, torquĕt, mŏdĕratŭr, mănu gestāt, &c.). Qui aula dŏmĭnatŭr. Augusta sŭperbŭs aula. Quem regalĭs purpŭrā tĕgĭt (ornāt, dĕcŏrāt). Qui jurā dăt pŏpŭlis. Quem (cujŭs frontem) dĭādemā cŏronāt. Dĭādemātĕ cinctŭs. Sŏllo fultŭs. *See* IMPERO. **2.** *The king's son, the prince royal* (of Ascanius). *V.* **Crol.** Regĭŭs pŭĕr *or* jŭvĕnis. **3.** Sts. *A guardian* or *tutor.* Actæ non ăllo rĕpĕ pŭertĭæ. *H.* **4.** Sts. *The king, queen of animals,* &c.; *chief of rivers; best of wines,* &c. ∾ fĕrarum lĕo. *Ph.* ăpĭum (*the queen-bee*); flŭvĭorum (Erĭdănŭs); Phănæŭs (*finest of wines*). *V.*

RHADĂMANTHŬS, i. *m. One of the judges of hell. C. D.* Gnossĭŭs hæc Rhădămanthŭs hăbĕt durissĭmā regnā. *V.* [¶ ˘Agenŏrĭdes.] *See* MINOS.

RHAMNES, *or* **RAMNES.** *m. pl. One of the three centuries of Equites chosen by Romulus.* Rhamnesquĕ vĭri Lŭcĕresquĕ cŏloni. *Pp.*

RHAMNUS, untĭs. *f.* (Ῥαμνοῦς.) *A small town in Attica, celebrated for its statue of Nemesis.* Et tŭmŭlĭdis infestā cŏlit qua numĭnā Rhamnus. *L.*

RHAMNUSĬA, æ, *and* **RHAMNUSĬS,** ĭdis. *f.* **RHAMNUSIA VIRGO.** *Cat. A name of Nemesis, from Rhamnus. See* R. Exĭgĕt at dignas ultrix Rhamnusĭă pœnas. *O.* Tĭme Rhamnusĭdĭs iram. *O. See* NEMESIS.

RHĔA. *Aus.,* **RHĔA, RHEA,** æ. *f.* **I.** *Another name of Cybele.* Sæpĕ Rhĕa questa est tŏtĭes fecundā, nĕc unquam &c. *O.* **II.** *Rhea Silvia* or *Ilia, the mother of Romulus and Remus.* Collĭs ˘Aventini silva quem Rheă săcerdos. *V. See* ILIA.

RHEDĂ, æ. *f. A four-wheeled carriage.* Sed dum totā dŏmus rheda componĭtŭr una. *J.* ∾-a tollo ălĭquem. *H.* [¶ Carpentum, carrucā, essĕdum, cŏvinŭs, plaustrum, currŭs.] **Ep.** Mollĭs, lĕvis, cĭtā, răpĭdā.

RHEGĬUM, *or* **RHEGĬŎN,** ĭi. *n. A town in the extreme south of Italy, now Reggio.* Liquĕrat et Zanclen, adversăquĕ mœnĭă Rhegi. *O.* Rhegĭŏn ingrĕdĭtŭr. *O.*

RHENŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *The river Rhine.* Alpinas ah! durā nĭves et frigŏrā Rheni. *V.* **2.** Used adj. *See* METAURUS (2). Aut flumĕn Rhenum, aut plŭvĭŭs arcŭs describĭtŭr. *H.* **3.** Rheni, orum. m. pl. *The people bordering on the Rhine. St.*

RHETŎR, ŏrĭs. *m. A rhetorician; an orator.* Quid cum grammătĭcis rhetŏrĭbusquĕ mĭhĭ? *M.*

RHETŎRĬCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to rhetoric* or *a rhetorician.* Ad pugnam qui rhetŏrĭca descendĭt ăb umbra. *J.*

RHINŎCĔROS, otĭs. *m.* **1.** *A rhinoceros.* Sollĭcĭtant păvĭdĕ dum rhinŏcĕrotā măgistri. *M.* **2.** *A vase* or *box made of rhinoceros-horn. J.*

RHŎDĂNŬS, i. *m. The river Rhone.* Hespĕrĭosque amnes, Rhenum, Rhŏdănumquĕ, Pădumquĕ. *O.* **Ep.** Velox, răpĭdŭs, prærăpĭdŭs; ingens amnĕ prærăpĭdo.

RHŎDĬŬS, ă, um. *f.* **1.** *Rhodian, of* or *belonging to Rhodes.* Hercŭlĭs, o Rhŏdĭæ ductor fortissĭmĕ classĭs. *O.* **2.** Rhŏdĭi. orum. m. pl. *The people of Rhodes.* [¶ Rhŏdĭenses.] **3.** Rhŏdĭā vitĭs. *V. A species of vine.* **4.** Rhŏdĭum ŏpŭs. *M. The Colossus of Rhodes.*

RHŎDŎPE, es. *f. A mountain in Thrace.* Quaquĕ rĕdit mĕdĭum Rhŏdŏpe porrectā sŭb axem. *V.* **Ep.** Threĭcĭā, Arctoā, altā, ardŭā, gĕlĭdā, glăcĭalĭs, nĭvalis.

RHŎDŎPĒĬŪS, *and* RHŎDŎPĒŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Rhodope;* hence, *Thracian.* Hanc sĭmŭl ac legem Rhŏdŏpeĭūs accĭpĭt Orpheus. *O.* Æquŏrĭăque, et campi, Rhŏdŏpeăquĕ saxă lŏquentūr. *L.*

RHŎDŎS (*seldom* RHŎDŬS), i. *f. The island and town so called on the coast of Asia Minor.* Laudabunt ălĭi claram Rhŏdŏn, aut Mĭtȳlenen. *H.* **Crol.** Insŭlă Solĭa.

RHŒTEĬŪS, *and* RHŒTEŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Rhœteum, a town and promontory of Troas;* hence, *Trojan. V.; Roman. St.* Tunc ĕgŏmet tŭmŭlum Rhœteo in littŏre inanem Constĭtŭi. *V.* Rhœteĭă littŏrĕ. *L.*

RHŒTEUM, i, *and* RHŒTĬŎN, ĭi. *n.* (Ῥοίτειον.) *A town and promontory of the Troas, celebrated for the tomb of Ajax.* Et Graio nobĭlĕ busto Rhœtĭŏn, et multum debentes vatĭbŭs umbras. *L.*

RHOMBŬS, i. *m.* I. *A reel* or *whirl, such as was used by sorcerers.* Tum cantatā lĭgat cum fusco lĭcĭă rhombo. *O.* Lunam deducĕrĕ Thessălĭco ~-o. *M. See* TURBO. II. *A turbot. H.*

RHOMPHÆA (RUMPIA, *pure Latin. Gell.* and *V. Fl.*), æ. *f. A javelin used by the Thracians,* &c. Sic Gĕŭĭcas ultrix fĕrĭat rhomphæă cătervas. *Cl.*

RHONCHŬS, *or* RONCHŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A snoring.* Nos accŭbamŭs, et sĭlentĭum rhonchis Prætarĕ jussi. *M.* 2. *A jeering sound. M.* [¶ Sannă.]

RHŸTĬUM, ĭi. *n. A drinking-vessel in the shape of a horn.* In rhȳtĭo pŏtĕras, Phœbĕ, lăvarĕ, pĕdes. *M.*

RICĂ, æ. *f. A woman's hood.* Suppărum, aut submĭnĭum, ricam. *Pl.* [¶ Rictŭlă, ricinĭum, ricinŭs.]

RICTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *The opening of the mouth; the mouth open* (gaping open or laughing). Sint mŏdĭci rictus, et parvæ utrinquĕ lăcunæ. *O.* Pĕr rictus aurum flŭĭtarĕ vĭdetŭr. *O.* Diducĕrĕ ~-um (*to open the mouth*). *J.* D. ~-um risu. *H.* [¶ Os, hĭatŭs.] **Crol.** Orĭs hĭatŭs *or* rictŭs. *See* OS, RIDEO. 2. *The jaws of animals.* Lĕsenă oblĭtă ~-us cædĕ. *O.* 3. Rictum. *n.* Mollĭă rictă frĕmunt, duros nudantĭă dentes. *Lr.* [and *Cic.*]

RIDĔO, es, si, sum. 1. Intr. *To laugh, to smile.* Ridĕt ĕt ipsĕ dĕŭs, limumque inducĕrĕ monstrăt. *O.* [¶ Rĕnidĕo; *sts.* căchinnŏr *or* subridĕo.] **Crol.** ˘In risum (In risŭs, In căchinnos) –solvŏr, effundŏr, diffundŏr. Risus –edo, tollo. Cum risu (non sĭnĕ multo risu) mirŏr, vĭdĕo, &c.). Risu *or* căchinno –concŭtĭŏr, quăttĭŏr, corrŭo, emŏrĭŏr, rumpŏr. Os *or* rictum risu –diduco, laxo. ˘In risum ĕo. Risum (căchinnum) –gĕmĭno, ingĕmĭno. Illă risu –quăttĭo, commŏvĕo, rumpo, dissolvo. Lăbellă risu laxo. Pulmonem risu ăgĭto. Illă risu contendunt. 2. *To make to laugh. See* RISUS. 3. With dat. *To smile at* or *on* (dat. of person); fig. *to look with favour on.* Risĭt pătĕr optĭmŭs illi. *V.* ~-ĕt vultu sĕreno Fortună. *O.* [¶ Arridĕo, făvĕo.] 4. *To be in fun, to joke. H.* [¶ Jŏcŏr.] 5. Tr. *To laugh at, deride, jeer any one.* [¶ Deridĕo, irridĕo.] *See* RIDEOR. 6. *To laugh at any thing; to laugh at it, and make light of it.* ~ dŏlum. *V.* nomĭnă; perjurĭă ămantum. *O.* Fig. 7. *To look gay and beautiful.* Omnĭă nunc ~-ent. *V.* ~-ĕt cŏlorĭbŭs ăgĕr. *O.* argento dŏmŭs. *H.* ~-ens ăcanthŭs. *V.* [¶ Rĕnidĕo, rĕnidesco, nĭtĕo, florĕo.] 8. *To please, be pleasing, pleasant.* Dŏmŭs rĭsĭt ŏdorĕ. *Cat.* Illĭ mĭhĭ prætĕr omnes ~-ĕt (angŭlŭs terrarum). *H.* [¶ Arridĕo, plăcĕo.] 9. *To be calm, serene.* Quum tempestas ~-ebăt. *Lr.* ~-ĭbŭs undis. *Lr.* 10. Pass. *To be laughed at, jeered at.* Ridĕar, et mĕrĭto pectŭs hăberĕ nĕgĕr. *O. See* DERIDEOR.

RIDĬCŬLUS, ă, um. 1. *Droll, pleasant, causing laughter.* Res est ridĭcŭla et nĭmis jŏcosa. *Cat.* [¶ Facetŭs, jŏcosŭs, lĕpĭdŭs; *sts.* jŏcŭlaris, urbanŭs.] 2. Used subst. m. *A jester, buffoon. Pl. See* SCURRA. 3. Used subst. n. = *Pleasantry, nonsense. H.* Ridĭcŭlă mĕă (*my nonsense, jests*). *Pl. See* SALES. 4. *Ridiculous, silly. H.* [¶ Deridendŭs, irridendŭs, ridendŭs.] **Crol.** Risu *or* căchinno dignŭs. 5. *Subject to ridicule.* ~-os hŏmĭnes făcĭt (paupertas). *J.*

RIGENS, tis. *part. See* RIGEO. Used also adj.; *and* RIGĬDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Stiff, hard.* Loricam ex ærĕ rĭgentem. *V.* Et curvæ rĭgĭdum falces conflantŭr ĭn ensem. *V.* Unguĕ rĭgentĕ (*also* rĭgĭdo) gĕnas sĕcarĕ (nŏtarĕ). *O.* [¶ Durŭs, &c.] *See* D. 2. Sp. *Stiff with cold, ice,* &c.; *frozen.* ~-ens de nĭvĕ (ăquă). *M.* ~-em Danŭbĭum calcarĕ. *Cl.* ~-as fŭndĕrĕ ăquas. *O.* Tellurem bŏrĕa ~-am. *V. See* GELATUS. 3. *Stiff-upright.* ~-æ quercus. *V.* cŏlumnæ. *O.* ~ mălŭs. *O.* [¶ Stans, arrectŭs, rectŭs, erectŭs.] 4. Sp. *Used of the hair,* &c., *standing upright, standing on end.* ~-ens cŏmă. *Sen.* Rĭgĭdi căpilli. *O. See* HIRSUTUS. 5. *Harsh, void of feeling, stern,* &c. ˘Anĭmum ~-em (Hippŏlȳti) dŏma. *Sen.* Rĭgĭda mentĕ nĕgarĕ ŏpem. *O.* [¶ Durŭs, trux, aspĕr, tĕtrĭcŭs, sævŭs, &c.] 6. Rĭgĭdŭs. *Strict, unbending in principle, unswerving from right.* Servatŏr ~-i hŏnesti. *L.* Virtutĭs ~ sătellĭtes. *H.* ~-i mores. *O.* ~-æ Săbinæ. *O. See* SEVERUS. 7. *Inured to hardships.* ~ fossŏr. *M.* ~-i Săbini. *H.* [¶ Durŭs, pătĭens.]

RIGĔO, es, ŭi, *and* RIGESCO, ĭs. 1. *To be* or *become hard, stiff.* Gorgŏnĕ bis centum rĭgŭerunt corpŏrĕ visa. *O.* Tergă bŏum plumbo insuto ~-ebant. *V.* ~-ĕt janŭă robŏrĭbŭs fultă. *O.* [¶ Duresco, indurescо, obdurescо, indurŏr, &c.] 2. Sp. *To be* or *grow stiff with cold, frost,* &c. ~ In glăcĭemquĕ nĭvemquĕ. *Tib.* Glăcĭe ~-ĕt (barbă). *V. See* GELOR. 3. *To stand straight, stiff-upright.* Arbos nudă ~-ĕt. *O.* [¶ Sto.] 4. *Used of garments,* &c., *stiff with metal,* &c. ~-ent mănĭcæ ex auro. *Sil.* vestes auroque ostroquĕ. *V.* 5. *Used of the hair standing stiff up, on end,* &c. [¶ Horrĕo, sto.] Fig. 6. *To become rigid, motionless.* ˘Ocŭli ~-ent. *Sen.* Linguă ne ~-ĕăt. *O.* [¶ Torpĕo, torpesco.] 7. *To be void of feeling, harsh,* &c. Fĕrĭtas ~-ĕt. *M.* [¶ Indurescо.] 8. *To become strict in mode of life and moral principles. Cl. See also* RIGENS.

RIGĬDE. *Stiffly;* fig. *rigidly, severely.* Ecquĭd ăb hac omnes rĭgĭdĕ submovĭmŭs Artĕ? *O.* [¶ Dure, sĕvere.]

RIGĬDŬS, ă, um. *See* RIGENS.

RIGO, as. 1. *To sprinkle, to wet, bedew.* Imbres qui mărĭa ac terras sparguntquĕ rĭgantquĕ. *Lr.* Imbrĕ rĭgantĕ gĕnas. *O.* [¶ Irrĭgo, imbŭo, tingo, mădĕfăcĭo, humecto, irroro, spargo, adspergo, conspergo, respergo, perfundo, fundo, ablŭo, collŭo; *sts.* ungo, lĭno, illĭno.] 2. Pass. *See* MADEFIO. 3. Sp. *To water plants, a field,* &c. ~-antŭr fontĕ ăquæ. *O.* **Crol.** ˘Aqua (*or pl.*) –spargo, rĭgo, &c. ˘Aquam (rorem, flŭvĭos, fontes) mĭnistro. Plantis mŏdĭcos imbres præbĕo *or* irroro. Hortŭs rorĕ mădĕt. **Phr.** *Of watering by irrigation.* Hŭmŭs (hortŭs, herbă, &c.) –gaudĕt potis rivis;—irrĭgŭas ăquas bĭbĭt. Undă (rivŭs, &c.) –pĕr rĕsurgentes herbas labĭtŭr;—arvă arentĭă scătĕbris tempĕrăt. Rivos ăquæ duco (deduco) ĭn &c. Flŭvĭos sătĭs induco. Irrĭgo ăquam ĭn. 4. *To water a country* (of a river). *Tib.* [¶ Allŭo, præflŭo, &c.] *See* PRÆFLUO. 5. Fig. ~ terras lucĕ. *Lr.* orā –Pĭĕrĭis ăquis. *O.* Phĭletea ăqua. *Pp.* (*to cause to imbibe the spirit of poetry.* Philetas was an elegiac poet of fame). *See* IRRIGO.

Sancŭs, i. *m. A Sabine deity worshipped at Rome* [the same as 'Deus Fidius' and 'Semo,' acc. to Ovid; said also to be Hercules.] Sic Sancum Tātĭi compŏsŭerĕ Cŭres. *Pp.*

Sandalĭum, ĭi. *n.* (*better* **Sandălĭum**. *Ter.*) *A sandal, a slipper.* Argentatā tŭos ĕtĭam sandalĭā talos Vinxerunt. *Albinov.*

Sandăpĭlă, æ. *f. A common coffin.* Inter carnĭfices et fabros sandăpĭlarum. *J.* [¶ Fĕrĕtrum.] **Phr.** Arcā plebeii funĕrĭs; a. vĭlis.

Sandix, *or* **Sandyx**, ycis. *f. A herb which yielded a red dye; a kind of red pigment.* Spontĕ sŭa sandyx pascentes vestĭēt agnos. *V.* Illăquĕ plebeio, vel sit sandycis ămictu. *Pp.* [Sandȳcis. *Grat.*] *See* Coccum, Fucus.

Sane. 1. *Sanely, in reason, with good sense.* Non ĕgŏ sanĭŭs Bacchabŏr Edonis. *H.* ~ săpĭo ĕt sentĭo (*I am in my senses, have my wits about me*). *Pl.* [¶ Sanĭtĕr, săpĭentĕr.] 2. Us. *Truly, indeed, verily, no doubt.* Dixĭt ădhuc ălĭquĭd? Nil ~. *H.* Est glŏrĭosŭs ~ convictŭs dĕum. *Ph.* [¶ Certo, certe, prŏfecto, næ, omnino, prorsŭs, valde.] *See* Certo. 3. *No doubt, to be sure* (ironically). *Ph.* [¶ Scilĭcĕt, vĭdelĭcĕt.] 4. *If it must be so; be it so; admitted.* Æneas sane ignotis jactetŭr ĭn oris. *V.* [¶ Quĭdem.]

Sanguĭnĕŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of blood; bloody.* Sparsăquĕ sanguĭnĕis rŭbŭerunt pabŭlă guttis. *O.* ~ hŭmŭs. *O.* ~-i crines. *St.* [¶ Crŭentŭs.] *See* C. 2. *Of the colour of blood.* Rŭberĕ ~-is baccis. *O. See* Ruber. 3. *Sanguinary. O.* [¶ Crŭentŭs.] **Crcl.** Aspĕr sanguĭnis dulcedĭnĕ.

Sanguĭnŏlentŭs, ă, um. 1. *Bloody, blood-stained.* Illĕ prĕmit duram sanguĭnŏlentŭs hŭmum. *O.* [¶ Sanguĭnĕŭs, crŭentŭs, crŭentatŭs.] *See* Cruentus. 2. *Of the colour of blood.* Cŏlor vere ~. *O.* [¶ Sanguĭnĕŭs, &c.] *See* Ruber.

Sanguĭs (*sts.* Sanguis), ĭnis. *m., and anc.* Sanguĕn, ĭnis. *Lr. St.* 1. *Blood.* Orā tŭment ira, nigrescunt sanguĭnĕ venæ. *O.* Plenĭŏr huic sanguis et crassi guttā vĕneni. *L.* [¶ Tĕpĭdŭs, călens, călĭdŭs, fervens, fervĭdŭs; gĕlĭdŭs, frigĭdŭs.] 2. *Blood shed.* Una eademquĕ vĭa ~ ănĭmusquĕ sĕquuntŭr. *V.* [¶ Crŭŏr.] *See* C. 3. *Used for bodily vigour.* Intĕgĕr ævi ~. *V.* Toto ~-ĭnĕ nixŭs. *St.* [¶ Vires, robŭr, &c.] *See* Vis. 4. *Blood, race.* Trojano a ~-ĭnĕ duci. *V.* ~-ĭnis auctŏr Jupĭtĕr. *O.* Regĭŭs ~. *H.* [¶ Gĕnŭs, ŏrigo, &c.] *See* Genus. 5. Fig. *The juice of vegetable fruits, sap of trees,* &c. Vĭrĭdĭs ~ nĕmŏri decedĭt ĕt herbis. *Man.* Pingues Baccheo sanguĭnĕ colles. *St.* [¶ Succŭs, humŏr.] [The last syll. of the nom. is *us.* short; *always* in *V.*, except in the line quoted (2) above, where 'sanguisque' is sts. read. But it is found long in *Lr.*, in *L.*, and in *Sil.*]

Sănies, em, e. *f.* 1. *Bad* or *corrupted blood, gore.* Et sănĭem conjecto emittĭtĕ ferro. *O.* Summăquĕ jejuna sănĭe infuscatŭr ărenā. *V.* [¶ Crŭŏr, pus, tabo (*abl.*); *sts.* humŏr.] **Ep.** Crŭentā, tetrā, atrā, nĭgrā, fœdā, turpĭs, corruptā, crassā, concretā, flŭĭdā, flŭens, stillans, manans; lurĭdā, pŭtrĭs. **Phr.** *Covered with blood, gory.* Sănĭe *or* tabo -flŭens, manans, stillans, oblĭtŭs, respersŭs, adspersŭs, măculatŭs, infectŭs, squalens. Vulnĕrĕ manans. Atĕr crŭento pulvĕrĕ. Sănĭe taboquĕ flŭentes (artus). Pinguĕ crŭorĕ (sŏlum). Pingui sanguĭnĕ concreti (crines). *See* Cruor, Cruentus. 2. *Venomous matter; venom.* ~-em vŏmunt cŏlŭbræ. *O.* tabĭfĭcam exspirāt serpens. *Sil. See* Venenum.

Sanĭtas, atĭs. *f. Health of body;* and fig. *health of mind.* Pars sanĭtatis, vellĕ sanari, fŭĭt. *Sen.*

Sannā, æ. *f.* 1. *A grimace.* I nunc, et dŭbĭta qua sorbĕāt sĕrā sanna. *J.* 2. *A jeering, scornful grimace.* Irā cădāt naso rugosăquĕ sannā. *Pers.* [¶ Căchinnŭs, risŭs, derisŭs.]

Sano, as. 1. *To heal, to make sound.* Lit. and fig. Tardā Phĭloctetæ sanavit crurā Măchaon. *Pp.* ~ curas rĕcentes. *Pp.* fŭrorem. *O.* [¶ Mĕdĕŏr, mĕdĭcŏr, curo; (qm) rĕfĭcĭo, erĭgo; (mălum) compesco, tempĕro, averto, depello.] *See* Medeor. 2. Pass. *To be cured, healed.* [¶ Convălĕo, rĕfĭcĭŏr.] **Phr.** *To get well; to recover.* Vulnĕrā ăd sanum cŏlĭerĕ. Lĭbĭtinam ægĕr effugi. Dŏlŏr omnĭs fugĭt de corpŏrĕ. Vires in pristĭnā rĕdĭerĕ. Reddŏr mĕis fatorum munĕrĕ. Gustata pænĕ Lethes ăqua rĕmittŏr.

Santŏnĕs, um, *and* **Santŏni**, orum. æ. *pl., and adj.* **Santŏnĭcŭs**, ă, um. *A people of Aquitania* (of the modern Saintonge). Signā mŏvet, gaudetque amoto Santŏnŭs hostĕ. *L.* Ocĕāni littŏrā Santŏnĭci. *Tib.*

Sanŭs, ă, um. 1. *Sound, in good health.* Illĕ Măchaŏnĭa vix ŏpĕ sanŭs ĕrĭt. *O.* [¶ Vălens, sospes, incŏlŭmis, intĕgĕr; *sts.* sălubĕr, salvus.] **Crcl.** Sano (firmo, vălĭdo, vălenti) corpŏrĕ. Firmis vĭrĭbŭs. Morbo lĭbĕr *or* immunis. Firmo corpŏrĕ sanŭs. *See* Valeo. 2. *Sound, pure* (not spoilt, turned, or tainted). Narĕ sāgaci Aĕrā non sanum (sentĭt). *L.* 3. *Sound* (as to mind), *rational, reasonable.* Mens ~ ĭn corpŏrĕ ~-o. *H.* **Crcl.** Sanæ mentis.

Săpā, æ. *f. New wine boiled down.* Lac nĭvĕum potes purpŭrĕamquĕ săpam. *O. See* Defrutum.

Saperdā, æ. *f. A small fish of little value.* En quĭd ăgam? Rŏgĭtas? en saperdam advĕhĕ Ponto. *Pers.*

Săpĭens, tis. 1. *Acquainted with the true value of things; wise* (from acquired knowledge and experience), *judicious.* Illĕ sĕnex dictus săpĭens ăb ˘Apollĭnĕ nullum &c. *O.* Serā ĕt ~-ĭŏr ætas. *O.* Consĭlĭum ~. *O.* [¶ Prudens, sanŭs, &c.] *See* Prudens. 2. Subst. m. *A wise man. H.* [¶ Sŏphŭs, phĭlŏsŏphŭs.] 3. Pl. = phĭlŏsŏphi. **Crcl.** Clĕanthĕā (Zenonĭā, Socrătĭcā) turbā *or* sectā. Socrătĭcŭs grex *or* ordo. Sŏphorum agminā. *See* Sapientia. 4. Sp. *The seven wise men of Greece.* Quos septena fama săpĭentĭā nūmĕrāt. *St.*

Săpĭentĕr. *Wisely.* Per si quid sŭpĕrest, quod sit săpĭentĕr ăgendum. *O.* Săpĭentĭŭs opta. *H.* [¶ Prudentĕr, scite, cordate, docte, consĭlĭo; bĕnĕ ĕt săpĭentĕr; consĭlĭo bŏno.]

Săpĭentĭa, æ. *f.* 1. *Wisdom* (discernment, judgement, prudence, &c.). Quo măgis ignoscat săpĭentĭā vestrā dŏlenti. *O.* [¶ Rătĭo, prudentĭā, consĭlĭum, sensŭs, judĭcĭum.] **Crcl.** Sani sensus. Sanā mens. *See* Prudentia. 2. *Practical wisdom, philosophy.* ~ primā (est) stultĭtĭa cărŭissĕ. *H.* [¶ Sŏphĭā; *sts.* săpĕrĕ.] **Crcl.** Vitæ (bĕatæ v.) ars *or* præceptā. Vitæ sălubrĭā jussā. Socrătĭcĕ -dogmătā, plăcĭtā, doctrinā. **Phr.** 1. *The pursuits of philosophy.* Săpĭentĭā dŏcĕt -rectum;—rerum cognoscĕrĕ causas;—quĭd naturā:—quĭd sŭmŭs;—quidnam victuri gignĭmŭr;—qua rătĭŏnĕ ævum lenĭtĕr qs traducāt. Săpĭentĭā -mentĕ dĕos ădĭt;—visĭbŭs humanis nĕgatā pectŏrĭs ŏcŭlis haurĭt. **Phr.** 2. *To attend the different schools of philosophy.* ˘Anĭmum emendo -studĭis Platonis;—hortis, ˘Epĭcurĕ. tŭis. ˘In silvis ˘Acādemi verum quæro. Socrătĭcis mādĕo sermonĭbŭs. **Phr.** 3. *The doctrine taught there.* Quicquĭd Socrătĭco ăb ordinĕ manavĭt. Quicquĭd Clĕanthĕæ turbæ atrĭā sŏnŭerunt, &c. &c. *See* Physicus.

Săpĭo, ĭs. ŭi (ivi, ĭi, *and* i), ĕrĕ. intr. 1. *To taste, have a taste* or *savour.* Ut săpĭant fātŭr, fabrorum prandĭā, betæ. *M.* Nil damā săpĭt. *J.*

Quæsivĭt quidnam săpĕrĕt (de simĭlĭ carnĕ). *Ph.* **2.** With acc. of that of which the thing tastes or savours. Lit. and fig. Quum săpĭmŭs pătrŭos. *Pers.* (So *Redoleo.*) Fig. **3.** *To have a taste for any thing, to have a certain taste.* ∾ nil parvum. *H.* pŏpŭlarĕ. *M.* **4.** Us. *To have discernment, good sense, to be practically wise.* Scribendi recte, ∾ est ĕt princĭpĭum ĕt fons. *H.* Utetŭr, siquâ pŭellâ ∾-ĭt. *O.* **Crcl.** Sum -pruden-, săgax, solers, callĭdŭs, ingĕnĭosŭs. Consĭlĭo (judĭcĭo, ingĕnĭo, solerti mentĕ) vălĕo, &c. **5.** ∾ qd. *To have knowledge of, understand,* &c., *some particular thing* (acc.). Si quĭd ∾-ĭs. *Pp.* ∾ semĭtam. *Enn.* mĕam rem. *Pl.* ăd qd. *Ter.*

SĂPŎR, orĭs. *m.* **1.** *Taste, flavour.* Non tămĕn exăcŭet torpens săpŏr illĕ pălatum. *O.* Rĕferrĕ ∾-em sălĭs. *V.* [† Gustŭs.] **Ep.** Dulcĭs, gratŭs, blandŭs, jucundŭs, suavĭs, mollĭs; ămarŭs, aspĕr, durŭs, acĕr, ăcĭdŭs, austerŭs, ăcerbŭs, tristĭs, ingratŭs. **2.** *That which has taste* or *flavour.* Adspergĕrĕ ∾-es. *V.* **3.** *The sense of taste. Lr. See* GUSTUS.

SAPPHĬCŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to Sappho.* Ignosco tĭbĭ, Sapphĭca, pŭellâ, Musa doctĭŏr. *Cat.* **2.** ∾ versŭs. *A Sapphic verse. Aus.* [† Æŏlĭcŭs, Lesbĭŭs, Lesbĭăcŭs.]

SAPPHO, us. *acc.* o. *f.* (Σαπφώ.) *The Lesbian poetess. C. D.* An, nĭsĭ legisses auctoris nomĭnâ Sapphus. *O.* Carmĭnâ fingentem Sappho laudavĭt ămatrix. *M.* [† Lesbĭs.] **Ep.** Lesbĭâ, Lesbĭs, Æŏlĭâ, Æŏlĭs, pŏetrĭâ. **Crcl.** Lesbĭâ vates. Æŏlĭâ pŭellâ. Pŭellâ Lesbi. Æŏlĭæ pŭellæ fĭdes. Fastidĭtâ Phăoni.

SARA, æ. *f. The wife of Abraham. Eccl.* Tum Sarâ dotem possĭdens pŭerpĕrâ. *Prud.*

SĂRĂCENI, orum. *m. pl.* (Σαρακηνοί.) *A nomadic tribe in Arabia.* Et Sărăcenorum crebras perpessâ sĕcŭres.

SARCĬNA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A pack, baggage; a bundle, burden.* Essem mĭlĭtĭæ sarcĭnâ fĭdâ tŭæ. *Pp.* ∾ classi tŭæ. *O.* Muli grăvati sarcĭnis ibant dŭŏ. *Ph.* [† Sarcĭnŭlâ, pondŭs, ŏnŭs; *sts.* fascĭs.] **2.** *The mother's burden. O.* [† ˘Onŭs, pondŭs.] **3.** Fig. *Weight, burden* (of care, &c.). ∾ hæc non sĕdĕt aptâ ănĭmo mĕo; publĭcâ rerum. *O. See* PONDUS.

SARCĬNATŎR, orĭs. *m. A repairer, patcher, a tailor.* Pĕtunt fullones, sarcĭnatores pĕtunt. *Pl.* [† Sartŏr.]

SARCĬNATŬS, ă, um. *Loaded with baggage.* Vĭdĕn' hŏmĭnes sarcĭnatos consĕqui? *Pl.*

SARCĬNŬLA, æ. *f., and us.* SARCĬNŬLÆ, arum. *pl., dim. of* Sarcina. *See* S. Aptis sarcĭnŭlis ĕt expĕditis. *Cat.* Collĭgĕ ∾-as. *J.*

SARCĬO, is, rsi, rtum. *To patch, repair.* Lit. and fig. Incumbunt gĕnĕris lapsi sarcirĕ rŭinas. *V.* [† Rĕfĭcĭo, rĕpăro, rĕsarcĭo, penso, rĕpendo.]

SARCŎPHĂGŬS, i. *m. A sarcophagus, a tomb.* Sarcŏphăgo contentŭs ĕrĭt. *J. See* SEPULCHRUM.

SARCŬLUM, i. *n. A rake* or *hoe.* Sarcŭlâ cessabant, versique in pilâ lĭgones. *O.* Findĕrĕ ăgros ∾-o. *H. See* LIGO (II.).

SARDĂNĂPALŬS, i. *m. The effeminate king of Assyria. C. D.* Quam finem vitæ Sardănăpalŭs hăbĭt. *O.* (*Ib.*)

SARDES, ĭum. *f. pl., and sts.* SARDĬS, ĭs. *f. The capital of Lydia.* Vade, ălĭt, ad magnis vicinum Sardĭbŭs amnem. *O.*

SARDI, orum. *m. pl., and adj.* SARDŬS, ă, um. *The inhabitants of Sardinia.* Sardŭs Tigellĭŭs. ∾-o cum mellĕ păpăvĕr. *H. See* SARDOUS.

SARDĬNIA, æ. *f. The island Sardinia.* Ultĭmâ Sardĭnĭam, Cyrnon, trĭfĭdamquĕ rĕtentăt. *Cl.* [† Ichnussâ.] **Ep.** Fĕrax, fecundâ, fertĭlĭs, dĭvĕs; grăvĭs, pestĭfĕrâ; saxoso dorso torrĭdâ. **Crcl.** Sardoâ tellus *or* terrâ.

SARDONĬCŬS, *and* SARDONĬŬS, ă, um = Sardoŭs. *See* S.

SARDŎNYCHATŬS, ă, um. *Adorned with sardonyx stones.* Cujŭs ĕt hinc lucet sardŏnychatâ mănŭs. *M.*

SARDŎNYX, ychĭs. *m. A precious stone so called.* In mănĭbus densi rĕdĭant testudĭnĕ tota Sardŏnychĕs. *J.* Sardŏnychâ (*acc.*). *M. See* ONYX.

SARDOŬS, ă, um. *Sardinian.* Sardoâquĕ regnâ sĭnistris Respĭcĭt a remis. *O.* [† Sardŭs, Sardĭnĭensĭs.]

SĂRISSA, æ. *f. A long* (Macedonian) *pike,* &c. Qui clypĕo, glădĭoquĕ, Măcedŏnĭaquĕ sărissa. *O.*

SARMĂTĂ, *and* SAURŎMĂTĂ (SAURŎMĂTES. *Aus.*), æ. *m.;* SARMĂTÆ, *and* SAURŎMĂTÆ, arum. *pl. A Sarmatian; the Sarmatians* (settled in the present Poland, Russia, Tartary, &c.). Venĭt ĕt epoto Sarmătâ pastŭs ĕquo. *M.* Inter Saurŏmătas essĕ Gĕtasvĕ pŭtes. *O. See* SCYTHA.

SARMĂTĬCUS. (Sarmătĭcŭs.) *Like the Sarmatians. O.*

SARMĂTĬCŬS, ă, um, *and* SARMĂTĬS, ĭdĭs. *f. Sarmatian.* Sors tŏllĭt in Gĕtĭcos Sarmătĭcosquĕ sĭnus. *O.* Sarmătĭs est tellus. *O.*

SARMENTUM, i. *n. A dry branch cut off; any twig* (green or dry) *of a tree, vine,* or *plant.* Devectâ crĕmato Sarmenta, et vallos &c. *V.* Sarmentiquĕ lĕves fronti rĕlĭgarĕ mănĭplos. *Sil.*

SARRACUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A kind of waggon for heavy loads.* Mŏdŏ longâ cŏruscăt Sarraco vĕnĭente ăbĭes. *J. See* PLAUSTRUM. **2.** *The constellation 'Charles' Wain.'* Pĭgri Sarracâ Bŏotæ. *J.*

SARRANŬS, ă, um. *Tyrian* (from Sarra, an ancient name of Tyre); hence, *Carthaginian. Sil.* Ut gemma bĭbăt, et Sarrano dormĭăt ostro. *V.* [† Tyrĭŭs, &c.] *See* T. *and* PŒNI.

SARTAGŎ, ĭnĭs. *f. A frying-pan;* fig. *a noise like that from a frying-pan.* Fiunt urcĕŏli, pelves, sartagŏ, pătellæ. *J.* ∾ lŏquendi. *Pers.*

SARTŎR, orĭs. *m.* I. Fr. Sarcio. *A repairer, patcher; a tailor. See* SARCINATOR. II. Fr. Sarrio. *One who hoes* or *rakes.* Sător sartorquĕ scĕlĕrum, et messor maxŭme. *Pl.*

SĂT (*for* Satis). *adj. indecl. and adv. Enough.* Sat pătrĭæ Prĭămoquĕ dătum. *V.* Non săt ĭdonĕŭs Pugnæ fĕrebarĭs. *H. See* SATIS.

SĂTĂ. *n. pl. See* SATUS.

SĂTAN. *m. indecl., and* SĂTĂNAS, æ. *m. Eccl.* (Σατᾶν *and* Σατανᾶς.) *Satan. See* DÆMON (II.).

SĂTELLĬES, ĭtĭs. *m.* **1.** *A body-guard, a guard.* Illĕ dĕæ custos, illĕ sătellĕs ĕrăt. *O.* Circumfusŭs sătellĕs. *O.* [† Mĭlĕs.] **2.** Fig. *A satellite; a constant attendant* or *companion.* ∾ Orci (Cerbĕrŭs); virtutĭs veræ. *H.* Jŏvĭs (ăquĭlâ). *Cic.* [† Custos, mĭnistĕr, defensŏr.]

SĂTĬAS, atĭs. *f. anc.* = sătĭĕtas. Hæc ănĭmos olim mulcebant atquĕ jŭvabant Cum sătĭatĕ cĭbi. *Lr.*

I. SĂTĬO, as. **1.** *To satiate, to satisfy.* Et sătĭati agni luĕunt, blandequĕ cŏruscant. *Lr. See* SATURO. **2.** Fig. *To satisfy to the full a want* or *strong feeling of any kind; to give in abundance.* ∾ lumĭnâ longo visu. *Sil.* cĭnĕres mĕorum (ultrici pœna). *V.* gaudĭâ longæ vitæ tecum. *Tib.* ignes largis ŏdorĭbŭs. *O.*

II. SĂTĬO, onĭs. *f. A sowing* or *planting.* At spĕcĭmen sătĭonĭs, ĕt insĭtĭonĭs ŏrigo. *Lr.* Verĕ făbis ∾ est. *V.* Optĭmâ vinetis ∾ est. *V.*

SĂTĬRA, æ. *f. Satiric writing; a satiric poem.* Sunt quĭbŭs in sătĭra vĭdĕor nĭmis acĕr, ĕt ultra &c. *H.* [† *Sts.* ˘Iambŭs, Iambi, libĕr Iambŭs.]

Ep. Audax, prŏcax, mordax, livens. **Crcl.** Mordax *or* livens carmĕn. Mordaces nŭmĕri *or* versus. Plenā oppröbrĭis carmĭnā. Versus vĭrĭdi æruginĕ tincti. Carmĭnā –atro vĕneno mādentiā (mortifĕro v. suffusā, Lȳcambæo sanguinĕ tinctā). **Phr.** *To satirize.* Destringo qm mordaci carmĭnĕ. Depingo mores pŏpŭli m. c. Urbem sĕco versĭbŭs. Gĕnŭinum in qm frango (*Pers.*). Ludo blandĭtĭis urentĭbŭs. *See* IAMBUS, MALEDICENS.

SĂTIS. *adj. indecl. and adv.* 1. Adj. *Enough.* Solvĭtĕ me pŭĕri: sātis est pŏtŭissĕ vĭdĕri. *V.* Sātis est quŏd contingĭt &c. *H. With gen.* ~ nĭvis atquē grandĭnis. *H.* [† *Sts.* Multum, plurĭmum; sufficit (= sātis est).] 2. Adv. *Enough, sufficiently; quite sufficiently* (= more than enough). Jam sātis invālĭdos cālĕmo lassavĭmŭs artus. *O.* ~ anxĭā vivas. *Tib.* [† Sāt, ăbunde.] **Crcl.** Sātis sŭperquē. Satquē sŭperquē. Sātis ĕt nĭmĭum. Sātis nĭmĭumquē. *See* SAT, MULTUM.

SĂTISFĂCIO, is, feci, factum, *and pass.* SĂTISFIO, is, fĭĕri. *To satisfy a demand* (of any kind); hence, *to make payment, to apologize, to exculpate* or *vindicate oneself* (to another); *to suffer punishment from an injured person,* &c. (*i. e.* to give satisfaction by an excuse, by payment of money, by suffering punishment, &c.). Qui dicit multā pŭellæ Probrā, sātisfĭĕri postŭlāt illĕ ālbī. *O.* Sæpē ~-It prædæ venatŏr (*by being killed,* &c., *by it*). *M.*

SĂTIŬS. *compar. n. of* Satis. *Better.* Nonnĕ fŭit sātĭus tristes Amāryllĭdis iras (pāti)? *V.* [† Pŏtĭŭs, mĕlĭŭs.]

SĂTŎR, ŏris. *m. A sower, a planter;* hence, *a creator, father.* Lit. and fig. Olli subridens hŏmĭnum sātŏr atquē dĕorum. *V.* ~ turbarum. *Sil.* scĕlĕrum. *Pl.* [† Auctŏr, condĭtŏr, crĕātŏr, &c.] *See* AUCTOR.

SĂTRĂPĂ, *and* SĂTRĂPES, æ. *m. A satrap, a Persian governor.* Ornatas veste atque auro; sātrăpes si slĕt. *Ter.*

SĂTŬR, ŭrā, ŭrum; *gen.* ŭri, ŭræ, ŭri. 1. *Sated with food, full-fed.* Lit. and fig. Ĭtĕ dŏmum sātŭræ, vĕnĭt Hespĕrŭs, ĭtĕ căpellæ. *V.* ~ ambrŏsĭa (Jupĭtĕr). *M.* ansĕris extis. *Pers.* altĭlĭum. *H.* Nĕc unquam sātŭrum indĕ cor fŭturum est. *Cat.* [† Sātŭratŭs, sātĭatŭs, expletŭs, rĕplĕtŭs, plenŭs, fartŭs.] **Crcl.** Cĭbis –expletŭs, victŭs. Cĭbo grăvĭs. Dăplĭbŭs sātŭr factŭs. Pulsā *or* depulsā fāme. *See* SATUROR. 2. Sts. *Fattened for eating.* ~-æ āves. *M. See* PINGUIS. 3. *Well-filled, fertile, abundant.* ~-i Tārenti rurā. ~-ā præsepĭ. *V.* ~ auctumnŭs. *Col. See* PLENUS, FERTILIS. 4. *Deep, rich* (of colour); *deeply dyed* (of the garment). Hȳăli sātŭro fucātā cŏlorĕ (vellĕrā). *V.* ~-æ Tȳrĭo ostro (vestes). *Sen.* [† Sātŭratŭs, ebrĭŭs.]

SĂTŬRĂTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SATURO. *Sated, full-fed, fattened; deep-dyed. See* SATUR.

SĂTŬREIĂ, *or* SĂTŬREJĂ, æ. *f., and* SĂTŬREIUM, i. *n. The herb savory.* Sunt qui præcĭpĭant herbas sātŭreiā nŏcentes Sumĕrĕ. *O.* ~ thȳmi rĕfĕrens thymbræquē săporem. *Col. See* THYMBRA.

SATURNALIĂ, ĭum *and* ĭorum, ĭbŭs. *n. pl. A yearly festival in honour of Saturn.* Istĕ tĭbi făcĭet bŏnā Saturnalĭā porcŭs. *M.* **Crcl.** Saturni festa (sācrā, fĕrĭæ, solennĭā dĭes, *pl.*, tempŏrā, tempŭs). Dĭes, *pl.* (*ep.* uncti, mādĭdi) falcĭfĕri dĕi. Annŭā servorum festā. S. f. tempŏrā. Libertas Dĕcembri.

SATURNIĂ, æ. *f. A name of Juno, as daughter of Saturn.* Id mĕtŭens, vĕtĕrisquē mĕmor Saturnĭā belli. *V. See* JUNO.

SATURNĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Saturn.* Salve, magna pĂrens frugum, Saturnĭā tellus (*Italy*). *V.* Rĕdĕunt Saturnĭā regnā. *V.* 2. ~ versŭs, nŭmĕrŭs. *An ancient Italian metre. H.* 3. *Used of Jupiter, Pluto, and Neptune, as sons of Saturn. V. O.*

SATURNŬS, i. *m.* 1. *The son of Uranus and Ops* or *Cybele, and father of the gods. He was dethroned by Jupiter, and is said to have taken refuge and reigned in Latium. During his reign was the Golden Age.* Primŭs ăb æthĕrĭo venit Saturnŭs ŏlympo. *V.* **Ep.** Antiquŭs, prisĭcŭs, cănŭs, sĕnex; prŏfŭgŭs, exsŭl; falcĭgĕr, falcĭtĕnens. **Crcl.** Saturnŭs pătĕr. Falcĭfĕr sĕnex. Falcĭtĕnens *or* falcĭgĕr dĕŭs. *See* AUREA ÆTAS. 2. *The planet Saturn* (supposed to be of evil influence). *H.* 3. Saturni lux *or* dĭes, ei. *Saturday. Tib.*

SĂTŬRO, as. 1. *To satiate, fill full, feed to the full; to satisfy, content by filling.* Lit. and fig. Non ĕpŭlis sātŭrarĕ fāmem, non fontĭbŭs ullis. *Cl.* ~ vĭdŭum ămorem. *Cat.* [† Exsātŭro, sātĭo, exsātĭo, explĕo, rĕplĕo, pasco; implĕo; *sts.* placo, sedo.] 2. *To saturate with wet; with a dye,* &c. ~ cultā āquis. *M.* căpillum multo ămomo. *St.* telā vĕneno. *L.* vestes murĭcā. *Cl. See* MADEFACIO, TINGO. 3. *To saturate with manure,* &c. ~ sŏlā fĭmo pingui. *V.* jejunā terræ armenti fĭmo. *Col.* 4. *To weary out, to fill to disgust,* &c. *Pl.*

SĂTŬRŎR, ārĭs. *pass.* 1. *To be satisfied with food; to be full, to have fed enough.* Nec cŭlĭso sātŭrantŭr ăpes, nec frondĕ capellæ. *V.* [† Sātŭrŏr, exsātŭrŏr, explĕŏr; *sts.* ălŏr, nutrĭŏr.] **Crcl.** Sātŭr sum *or* fio. Fāmem –sātĭo, sātŭro, explĕo, pello, depello, rĕpello, exĭmo, comprĭmo, sedo, placo, lĕvo, rĕlĕvo, solŏr, dŏmo, propulso, depono, sustento. Cĭbis *or* dăpĭbŭs fāmem pello, &c. Esca me rĕplĕo *or* explĕo. Inglŭvĭem explĕo. Jejunā –placo, curo, pasco, sedo. Venŭs jejunā placo. **Phr.** *Of hunger satisfied.* Postquam fāmes exemptā (ămŏr ĕdendi compressĭs) est. Post compŏsĭtam (placatam) fāmem. Postquam quĭes ĕpŭlis. Fāmem, ĕpŭlis bĭs terquē rĕpostis, placant, &c. Victu vires rĕvŏcant. Bacchi ĕt pinguĭs fĕrinæ implentŭr. Jejunā, &c., cædĕ bŏum finĭunt (solvunt, explent, solantŭr). Jejunā cŭpido expletŭr. *See* EDO. 2. *Fattened.* ~-ātā stagno Lŭcrino (ostrĕā). *M.* Fig. 3. ~-ātā gnati cara fĭgura. *Cat.* (necdum) antiquum dŏlorem. *V.* 4. *Deep-dyed.* ~-ātā Tȳrĭo murĭcĕ pallā. *O. See* SATURO.

SĂTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SERO. 1. *Sown, planted.* Atquē sātas ăllo vĭdi traducĕrē messes. *V.* 2. Sātā, orum. *n. pl. Land sown, crops.* Sātā lætā bŏumquē lăbores dilŭĭt (plŭvĭā). *V.* Dulcē sātis humŏr. *V.* [† Cultā, ăgĕr, sĕgĕs, &c.] 3. *Begotten, born.* ~ sanguĭnĕ divum. *V.* Matrĕ Terra. *O.* [† Crĕātŭs, gĕnĭtŭs, natŭs, &c.]

SĂTYRĂ, æ. *f. See* SATIRA.

SĂTYRŬS, i. *m.*; SĂTYRI, orum. *pl.*; *and* SĂTYRĂ, æ. *f. Lr. A Satyr; the Satyrs.* Ecce lĕves Sătȳri, prævĭā turbā dĕi. *O.* **Ep.** Caprĭpĕdes. *See* FAUNI.

SAUCIO, as. 1. *To wound.* Lit. and fig. Rumpĭt, ĕt indigno saucĭāt unguē gĕnas. *O.* ~ hŭmum vomĕrĕ. *O.* [† Vulnĕro, lædo, &c.] *See* VULNERO. 2. ~ se. *To be the worse for drink. Enn.* (*apud Fulg.*)

SAUCIŬS, ă, um. 1. *Wounded.* Lit. and fig. Quales mugitus, fugit quum saucĭŭs aram Taurŭs. *V.* ~ vomĕrĭbŭs tellus. *O.* Afrĭco malŭs. *H.* cura. *V.* [† Saucĭatŭs, vulnĕratŭs, læsŭs, offensŭs, ictŭs, percussŭs, confossŭs.] **Crcl.** Grăvi vulnĕrĕ saucĭŭs. Vulnĕrĕ –confossŭs, proscissŭs, tardŭs. 2. Sts. = ebrĭŭs. *The worse for drink. M.*

SAURŎMĂTĂ, æ. *m. See* SARMATA.

SAVĬUM. *See* SUAVIUM.

SAXATĬLIS, ĕ. *That dwells among rocks;* used also subst. (sc. piscis, *a rock-fish.*) Tum vĭrĭdis squamis, parvo saxatĭlis orĕ. *O.*

SAXĔUS, ă, um. 1. *Of rock* or *stone.* Ejectiquĕ dŏmo, fŭgĭebant saxĕă tectă. *Lr.* ~ umbrĭ. ~-ă factă pŏsŭĭt sensum mălĭ. *O.* [† Lăpĭdĕŭs.] 2. Sts. *Of marble.* ~ effĭgies. *Cat.*

SAXĬFĔR, ĕrĭă, ĕrum. *Carrying stone* (sp. when used for shot). Saxĭfĕræ surgat quĭbŭs imbĕr hăbenæ. *V. Fl.*

SAXĬFĬCUS, ă, um. *Turning into stone, petrifying.* Rĕmŏve tŭă monstră, tŭosquĕ Saxĭfĭcos vultus. *O.* ~ Mĕdusă. *L.*

SAXO, ŏnĭs. *m.;* SAXŎNES, um. *pl. A Saxon; the Saxons.* Quæ sævis objectă Gĕtis, quæ Saxŏnă frenăt, Vel Scotum lĕgio. *Cl.*

SAXOSUS, ă, um. *Rocky, stony.* Nascuntur stĕrĭles saxosis montĭbŭs orni. *V.* [† *Sts.* Scŏpŭlosŭs; *ext.* scăbĕr, aspĕr, scrupĕŭs, sălĕbrosŭs.] Crcl. Saxis –aspĕr, horrens, rĭgens, crebĕr, frequens.

SAXUM, i. *n.* 1. *A stone.* Jamquĕ fŭces et saxă vŏlant. *V.* Cædĕrĕ pŏpŭlum ~-is. *H.* [† Lăpĭs.] *See* L. 2. Us. *A large stone for building.* Structă rĭgent sŏlĭdo saxo (mœnĭă). *O.* 3. *A millstone.* Frangĕrĕ fruges ~-o. *V.* [† Mŏlă.] 4. *A tomb-stone.* Signant quŏquĕ carmĭnĕ saxum. *V. See* SEPULCHRUM. 5. Us. pl. *A range of stony* or *rocky land; rocks, crags; rocks at sea.* ˜In ăprĭcis ~-is vindemĭă cŏquĭtur. *V.* Pĕtunt ~-ă căpellæ. *V.* Nŏtŭs ĭn ~-ă lătentĭă (naves) torquĕt. *V. See* RUPES, SCOPULUS. 6. *The Tarpeian rock.* Appellant Saxum: pars bŏnă montĭs ĕrăt. *O.* Crcl. Saxum Tarpeium. 7. Sts. *Marble.* ~-o făbrĭcatŭs cănĭs. *O. See* MARMOR.

SCABĔR, scabrĭ, scabrum (*not* scăbrĭ, &c.). 1. *Unsmooth, uneven, rough.* Exesa invĕnĭet scabra rubigĭnĕ pilă. *V. See* ASPER. 2. *In a coarse, rugged, wild state.* ~ mŏlă. *O.* tofŭs. *V.* [† Aspĕr, horrens, horrĭdŭs; *sts.* scrupĕŭs.]

SCABIES, ei. *f.* 1. *The scab, itch, mange;* hence, *any catching, dirty infection.* Lit. and fig. Ut mălă quem scăbĭes aut morbus reglĭs urgĕt. *H.* ˜Oves tentăt ~. *V.* ~ lŭcri. *H.* [† Scabrĭtĭă, scabrĭtĭes (*Col.*); prurĭtŭs.] Ep. Aspĕrĭ, turpis, fœdă, obscenă, immundă; mŏlestă. Phr. Scăbĭes –qm tentăt, occŭpăt, depascĭtur;—ctĭtem rodĭt *or* exĕdĭt. Scăbĭem pătĭŏr. Scăbĭe infestŏr *or* lăboro. 2. *Rust.* ~-e lædĕrĕ ferrum. *V. See* RUBIGO.

SCABIOSUS, ă, um. 1. *Scabby, itchy.* Namque est scăbĭosŭs, ĕt acri Bilĕ tŭmĕt. *Pers.* 2. *Used of damaged corn. Pers.*

SCABO, is (scabi *dbf.*). *To scratch.* Sæpĕ căput scăbĕret, vivos et rodĕrĕt ungues. *H.* [† Frĭco, scalpo.] Crcl. Dĭgĭto *or* unguĕ –scăbo, scalpo, rado.

SCÆVŎLĂ, æ. *m. Mucius Scævola.* Nec non et Scævŏlă trunco Nobĭlĭŏr. *Max.* [† Mucĭŭs.] *See* M.

SCÆVUS, ă, um. (σκαιόν.) *Left, that which is* or *comes on the left;* hence, *ill-omened, unfavorable.* Cănisvĕ scævă, susquĕ lignŏ tŭĭ. *Tib.* (*Priap.*, but dbf.) *See* LÆVUS.

SCALÆ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *A ladder.* Rescindit vallum, et scalas in mœnĭă poscĭt. *V.* Ep. Altæ, erectæ, sublimes. Crcl. Scalarum grādus. 2. *A landing-ladder* (for vessels). Expŏsĭtis ~-is ĕt pontĕ pĕrato (rătĭs stabăt). *V.* 3. *A staircase.* Lăterĕ ĭn ~-is. *H.* 4. *The steps of the ladder, staircase,* &c. *M.* [† Grādus.]

SCALPO, is, psi, ptum. 1. *To scratch, scrape, rub.* ~ dĭgĭto uno căput. *J.* [† Scăbo, frĭco, rado.] Fig. 2. *To tickle.* ~ intĭmă trĕmŭlo versu. *Pers.* [† Frĭco, defrĭco, rado.] 3. *To dig up a little.* Scalpĕrĕ terram unguĭbŭs. *H. See* FODIO. 4. *To engrave.* ~ quĕrelam sĕpulchro. *H.* [† Insculpo, incido.] *See* SCULPO.

SCALPRUM, i. *n. Any tool for cutting* (knife, chisel, &c.). *H.*

SCĂMANDĔR, dri. *m. A river of Troy.* Testĭs ĕrit magnis virtutĭbŭs undă Scămandri. *Cat.*

SCAMNUM, i. *n. A bench, stool, footstool.* Et căvă sub tĕnĕrum scamnă dĕdissĕ pĕdem. *O.* [† Scamnellum.] *See* SEDILE.

SCANDO, is, i, sum. 1. Intr. *To climb, to ascend.* Lit. and fig. ~ in dŏmos sŭpĕras; Tarpeias in arces. *O.* ăd nidum vŏlŭcris (de felĕ). *Ph. See* ASCENDO. 2. Tr. ~ ĕquum (Trojanum). *V.* puppim. *V. Fl.* Căpĭtolĭă curru. *L.* grādus ætatis ădultæ. *Lr.*

SCĂPHA, æ. *f. A sailing-boat, a skiff.* Tunc me blremis præsaldĭo scăphæ. *H. See* CYMBA.

SCĂPHĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A vessel boat-shaped, a basin.* Et ramentă simul ferri fŭrĕre intŭs ăhenis In scăphĭis. *Lr.* 2. *A chamber-pot. M.* [† Lăsănum.]

SCĂPŬLÆ, arum. *f. pl. The shoulder-blades, the shoulders* (of men and animals). Convĕnĭunt tĕnŭes scăpŭlis ănălectrĭdes altis. *O.* [† Hŭmĕri (*of men*); armi (*us. of animals*).]

SCAPUS, i. *m. A weaver's yarn-beam.* Insĭlĭa, ac fusi, et rădĭi, scapiquĕ sŏnantes. *Lr.*

SCĂRĂBEUS, i. *m. A beetle.* Grilli, scărăbei, locustarum coplĭ. *Ph.*

SCĂRUS, i. *m. A sea-fish* [considered a great delicacy by the Romans]. Ut scărŭs, epastas solus qui rumĭnăt herbas. *O.*

SCĂTĔBRÆ, *and* SCĂTEBRÆ, arum. *f. pl. Springing, gushing water.* Saxă cĭet, scătĕbrisque arentĭă tempĕrăt arvă. *V.* [Sing. *Att.* (*apud Non.*)] *See* FONS.

SCĂTĔO, es, *and* SCĂTO, is. 1. *To spring, to gush* or *flow forth* (as water). Largĭflŭum fontem scătĕre, atque erumpĕrĕ flumĕn. *Lr.* ~ vino. *Pl.* [† Flŭo, effluo, exĕo, erumpo.] 2. *To swarm with.* Terrā fĕrarum ~-ĭt. *Lr.* ~ bellŭis (de ponto). *H. See* ABUNDO.

SCAURUS, ă, um. *Club-footed.* Balbutit scaurum pravis fultum mălĕ talis. *H.*

SCĔLĔRATUS, ă, um. 1. Of persons. *Wicked, criminal, infamous, impious.* Facto plŭs et scĕlĕratŭs ŏcdem. *O.* ~ gens. *V.* [† Nĕfarĭŭs, nĕfandŭs, imprŏbŭs, implŭs, flagĭtĭosŭs, ĭniquŭs, mălŭs, scĕlestŭs, perversŭs, nŏcens, sons; *sts.* ătrox, immanis.] Crcl. Scĕlĕris *or* scĕlĕrum –artĭfex, auctŏr, rĕtis, inventŏr, hortatŏr. Æqui contemptŏr *or* impătĭens. Crimĕn (nĕfas) ausŭs *or* ădorsŭs. Audax in sontes ausus. Pronŭs ăd omnĕ nĕfas. Phr. Ausŭs immanĕ nĕfas. Antĕ omnes scĕlĕrĕ immanĭŏr. Rŭĭt pĕr vĕtĭtum nĕfas. Nitĭtŭr in vĕtĭtum. Pĕr fasquĕ nĕfasquĕ rŭens. Cui mens crimĭnĭbŭs frigidă est. Cui nĭhĭl scĕlĕris inausum intentatumvĕ est. *See* INJUSTUS. 2. Of things; sp. of places where crime has been committed or expiated. ~-i ignes. *O.* ~ ămŏr. *O.* insanĭă belli. *V.* sedes. *O.* limĕn. *V.* [☞ *O.* and *V.* of the abode of the wicked in the infernal regions.] [† Nĕfandŭs, infandŭs, implŭs, &c.] 3. *Hurtful, pernicious, disastrous.* ~ frigŭs. *V.* lŭes. *M. See* NOXIUS. 4. Used as a term of abuse from dislike, annoyance, &c. *Rascally, rascal, rogue,* &c. ~-ă pŏemătă. *M.* ~ Proteus. *H. See* MOLESTUS, SCELESTUS.

SCĔLĔRO, as. *To pollute by any wicked deed.* Implĭă non vĕrĭta est divum scĕlĕrarĕ Pĕnates. *Cat.* ~ plas mănus. *V. See* POLLUO.

SCĔLĔROSUS, ă, um. *anc. Full of wickedness and crime.* Relĭgĭo pĕpĕrit scĕlĕrosa atque implĭă factă. *Lr.*

Scĕlestŭs, ă, um. *Wicked, criminal, impious.* Raro antĕcedentem scĕlestum Desĕrŭit pĕdĕ Pœnā claudo. *H.* [Scelestus must not be used in an hexameter or pentameter verse.] *See* Sceleratus.

Scĕlŭs, ĕris. *n.* **1.** *Wickedness, a wicked deed.* Non scĕlŭs invĕnies, quŏd ĕnim scĕlŭs errŏr hăbebăt? *O.* ∾-is vestigiā nostri. *V.* [† Făcĭnŭs, nĕfas, crimĕn, flagĭtĭum, plăcŭlă, commissum, delictum, culpă, peccatum, implĕtas.] **Ep.** Infandum, nĕfandum, nĕfarĭum, implum, improbum, Iniquum, atrum, immanĕ, sævum, crudelĕ, ătrox, fœdum, turpĕ, pŭdendum; cæcum, lătens, abdĭtum, occultum, ăpertum. **Crcl.** Scĕlĕratum *or* nĕfandum factum. Implă *or* nĕfarĭă factă. Sontes ausus. Culpæ crimĕn. Scĕlĕrum –labes, lŭes, deděcŭs, prŏbrum. Vĕtĭtum nĕfas. Scĕlĕratæ vitæ crimĭnă. *See* Culpa, Sceleratus. **2.** *A villain, scoundrel. Ter.* **3.** Sts. used for the punishment of the act. Quŏd ∾ aut Lăpĭthas tantum, aut Cĕlŷdonă mĕrentem? *V.*

Scenă, æ. *f.* (σκηνή.) **1.** *A place overhung* or *enclosed by shadowing trees; an arbour, bower; tent.* Tum silvis scenă cŏruscis Desŭpĕr, horrentique atrum nĕmŭs immĭnĕt umbra. *V.* ('*Scena* dicitur arborum in se incumbentium quasi concamerata densatio, ut subterpositos tegere possit.') *See* Umbraculum. **2.** Us. *A stage, a scene; a theatre.* Proměrĕ qd In ∾-am. *H.* ∾-is ăgĭtatŭs ˘Orestes. *V. See* Theatrum.

Scenĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the theatre, the drama.* Et sola tantum scenĭcŭs artĕ fĕrŏr. *M.* [† Thĕatralis.]

Sceptrĭfĕr, *and* **Sceptrĭgĕr**, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Sceptre-bearing.* Sceptrĭfĕras Servi templă dĕdissĕ mănus. *O.* Sceptrĭgĕro cum regĕ. *Sil. See* Regius.

Sceptrum, i. *n.* **1.** *A royal staff, a baton, a sceptre.* Ut sceptrum hoc . . . Nunquam frondĕ lĕvi fundet virgultă nĕc umbras. *V.* Aurĕă cur dextræ sceptră dĕdĕrĕ mĕæ? *O.* [† Scipĭo; *sts.* rĕgĭmĕn.] **Ep.** Auratum, aurĕum, ĕburnum, dĕcorum, insignĕ, fulgens, cŏruscum, vĕrendum, vĕnĕrandum, pŏtens. **Crcl.** Regĭs insignĕ *or* gestamĕn. Sceptri –dĕcŭs, ĕbŭr, hŏnos, grăvĭtas. Regalĭs dextræ rĕgĭmĕn. *See* Diadema. **2.** Fig. *Kingly power* or *dominion.* ∾-is pŏtĭri. *V.* [† Regnum.]

Schĕdă (Scĭdă. *Cic.*), æ. *f.* (σχίδη.) *A leaf* or *sheet of paper.* Nec summa pŏtĕs in schĕda tĕneri. *M.* [† Pagĭnă, plăgŭlă.]

Schema, ătĭs. *n.* (σχῆμα.) **1.** *Form, figure;* us. *attire, costume.* Cæsărĭs atquĕ Jŏvis confer nunc schemă, jŭvenci &c. *M.* **2.** *A figure of speech.* Nĕc dŭbĭo ∾-ĕ, sĕd ăperte nomĭnăt illam. *M.* [† Figurā.]

Schisma, ătĭs. *m.* (σχίσμα.) *Schism. Eccl.* Invĕnĭo Hippŏlŷtum, qui quondam schismă Nŏvati Presbȳtĕr attĭgĕrăt. *Prud.* [† Scissurā.]

Schœnŏbates, æ. *m. A rope-dancer.* Augur, schœnŏbătes, mĕdĭcus, măgŭs: omnĭă novit. *J. See* Funambulus.

Schŏla, æ. *f.* (σχολή.) *A school.* Quartus dies est, in schŏla pŏetarum. *M.* [† Ludŭs, gymnăsium.]

Sciens, tis. *part. See* Scio. Used also adj. **1.** *Knowing, well-informed.* [† Gnarŭs certĭŏr, mŏnĭtŭs.] **2.** *Acting of set purpose, fully aware,* &c. Parco sciens. *Ph.* [† Prudens, spontĕ.] **3.** *Expert, skilful, experienced in any thing.* ∾ pugnæ; cĭthăræ. *H.* Vĕnĕficæ scientĭoris carmĭnĕ. *H.* [† Doctŭs, pĕritŭs.] *See* Doctus.

Scĭentĭa, æ. *f. Knowledge, science, skill.* Jamjam efficaci do mănus scientiæ. *H.* [† Doctrinā, ars, disciplinā, stŭdĭum; *sts.* scirĕ. Castæ Pallădis artes.] *See* Ars, Studium.

Scilĭcĕt. *conj.* **1.** *For, for undoubtedly, it is true, the fact is.* Ter sunt conati imponĕrĕ Pelĭo Ossam Scilĭcĕt &c. *V.* ∾ In vulgus manant. *O.* [† Nempĕ, vĭdelĭcĕt, nimirum, quippĕ.] *See* Nam. **2.** *Now, so then, ay.* ∾ ĕt tempŭs vĕnĭt, quum &c. *V.* [† Porro, ergo, ĭgĭtŭr.] **3.** *Without doubt, assuredly.* ˘Id Orcum scire ŏportĕ ∾. *Pl.* [† Nimirum, nempĕ, prŏfecto, tu.] **4.** *Yes, certainly* (in answers). Ducendā indutatā est? ∾. *Ter.* [† Næ, ĭtā, maxĭme, plane, &c.] **5.** *Oh! no doubt! forsooth!* (ironically). ∾ Is sŭpĕris lăbŏr est. *V.* [† Vĭdelĭcĕt, nempĕ, &c.]

Scillă, æ. *f. A squill; a sea-onion.* Scillamque hellĕbŏrosquĕ grăves, nigrumquĕ bĭtumĕn. *V. See* Bulbus.

Scindo, is, scĭdi, scissum. **1.** *To part, to cleave apart* or *into parts, cleave open; to tear, mangle.* Nam primi cŭnĕis scindebant fissilĕ lignum. *V.* ∾ terras ăratro; căpillos. *O.* corpŭs (verbĕrĭbŭs). *Sil.* tellurem undis (de mărĭ). *L.* [† Findo, divĭdo, sepăro, diduco, ăpĕrĭo, proscindo, discindo, rumpo, abrumpo, lăcĕro, sĕco: *sts.* vello.] *See* Separo, Seco. **2.** Fig. ∾-ĭtŭr vulgŭs stŭdĭa In contrarĭă. *V.* ∾ verbă fletu (*to interrupt*). *O.*

Scintillă, æ. *f.* **1.** *A spark.* Et primum scintillă scintillam excudĭt ˘Achates. *V.* ∾-am prosilŭĭssĕ fĕrŭnt. *O.* ∾-as dissŭpăt ignĭs. *Lr.* **Ep.** Rŭbens, ignitā, ignĕă, ardens, cŏruscans, micans, vŏlans, tĕnŭis. **Crcl.** Semĭnă flammæ. **2.** Fig. *Of the fire flashing from the eye,* &c. Toto ardentĭs ăb orĕ ∾-æ absistunt. *V.* [† Ignĭs, ignes, flammă, flammæ, fulgŭrā.]

Scintillo, as. *To send out sparks, to sparkle.* Lit. and fig. Scintillare ŏlĕum, et putres concrescĕrĕ fungos. *V.* **Crcl.** Scintillas –mitto, do, jăcĭo, ăgo. Scintillā –prosilĭt, exalĭt, absistĭt.

Scĭŏ, scis, scivi *or* scĭi (scibam = scĭebam. *Cat.*), scitum. **1.** *To know.* Nunc scĭŏ quid sit ămor &c. *V.* Scis ipsa, et scirĕ fătĕrĭs. *V.* Scissĕ sĕd ipsă nĕgăt. *O.* [† Novi, callĕo, cognosco, intellĭgo; *sts.* tĕnĕo.] **Crcl.** Non ignoro. Non nescĭo. Non sum ignarŭs *or* nescĭŭs. Non me –lătĕt, fŭgĭt, prætĕrĭt. Mihĭ –lĭquĕt, compertum est, notum est. **2.** Scirĕ (infin.). Used subst. *Knowledge.* Scirĕ tŭum nihĭl est, nisi te scire hoc sciăt altĕr. *Pers.* **3.** Scires (with infin.). *You would say, you could tell,* &c. Scires audissĕ; rŭbebăt. *O.* Scires a Pallădĕ doctam. *O.*

Scipĭades, æ. *m., and* **Scipĭŏ**, onis. *m.* **1.** *The name of a renowned Roman family of the* gens Cornelia. Claram Scipĭădum tăcĕat Cornelĭă gentem. *Cl.* **2.** Pl. *Used of the two brothers who were opposed to Asdrubal, and were killed in Spain.* Dŭŏ fulmĭnă gentis, Scipĭădæ. *Sil.* **3.** Sp. *P. C. Scipio Africanus Major, the conqueror of Annibal.* Virtus ∾-æ ĕt săpĭentĭă Læli. *H.* **Phr.** Pœnum qui Lătĭis rĕvŏcavĭt ăb arcĭbŭs hostem. [† Afrĭcanŭs.] **4.** Sp. *P. C. Scipio Æmilianus Africanus Minor, who destroyed Numantia and Carthage.* Contĭgŭus poni, Scipĭŏ magnĕ, tĭbĭ (Ennĭŭs). *O.* **5.** Pl. *Used of the two Africani.* Sing. *Of either Africanus.* Gĕmĭnos, dŭŏ fulmĭnă belli, Scipĭădas. *V.* Scipĭădes fulmen belli, Carthagĭnis horrŏr. *Lr.* **Phr.** Nomĕn ăb oppressa Carthagĭnĕ duxĭt. Dŏmĭta ăb Afrĭca nomĕn lŭcratŭs.

I. **Scipĭo**, onis. *m. A staff, a wand.* Frontem tăbernæ scipionĭbus scribam. *Cat. See* Baculus. II. *See* Scipiades.

Scirpĕă, æ. *f. A rush-basket, net,* or *mat.* Sustŭlĭt, in plaustro scirpĕă latā fŭit. *O.* [† Tĕgĕs.]

Scirpĕŭs, ă, um. *Made of rushes.* Scirpĕă pro

dŏmĭno Tĭbĕri jactetŭr ĭmago. *O.* [† Juncĕŭs.]

SCIRPĬCŬLA, *or* SIRPĬCŬLA, æ. *f.* (SIRPĬCŬLUS, i. *m. Cat.*) *dim. A basket of rushes*, or *of wicker-work.* Sirpĭcŭlis mĕdĭo pulvĕrĕ ferrĕ rŏsam. *Pp.*

SCIRPUS, i. *m. A rush, bulrush.* O scirpĕ, scirpĕ, laudo fortunas tŭas. *Pl.* [† Juncŭs.]

SCISCO, ĭs, scivi, scitum. 1. *To seek to learn* or *to know, to inquire. Pl. See* RESCISCO. 2. *To decree.* Et solem concedĕrĕ nocti Sciscant. *Sil.* [† Decerno, &c.] *See* SCITUM.

SCISSUS, ă, um. *part. See* SCINDO. *Parted, cleft in parts, torn.* ∾ campŭs. *St.* ∾-æ cŏmæ. *O.* ∾-ă cŏmam. *V.* ∾-o gurgĭtĕ rivis. *L.* [† Abscissŭs, divisŭs, ăpertŭs, lăcĕratŭs, &c.] *See* LACER.

SCITŎR, arĭs. *To ask, to question.* Tum vero ardemus scitari et quærĕrĕ causas. *V.* Scitatum oracŭlă Phœbi mittĭmŭs. *V. See* INTERROGO.

SCITUM, i. *n. An enactment, a decree.* Scită pătrum et leges, et jurĕ, fĭdemquĕ &c. *Sil.* [† Decretum.] *See* PLEBISCITUM.

SCITUS, ă, um. *part. See* SCISCO. Used act. as adj. 1. *Having knowledge, experienced, skilful.* Membrisquĕ vălens, scitusquĕ vădorum. *O.* ∾ lyræ. *O.* accendĕrĕ cordă laudĭbŭs. *Sil.* [† Sciens, pĕrĭtŭs, doctŭs.] 2. *Shrewd, knowing. Pl.* [† Callĭdŭs, argutŭs.] 3. *Pretty, fine.* ∾ pŭĕr est natŭs Pamphĭlo (*a fine boy*). *Ter.* [† Pulchĕr, clĕgans.]

SCOBIS, *or* SCOBS, ŏbĭs. *f. Saw-dust, shavings, filings*, &c. Semŏdĭo scŏbĭs hæc emendat servŭlŭs unŭs. *J.* [Scobs is not found, but Priscian admits it.]

SCOMBĔR, bri. *m. A mackerel* (?). Et laxas scombris sæpĕ dăbunt tūnĭcas. *Cat.* **Crcl.** Piscĭs ˘Ibĕrŭs.

SCOPÆ, arum. *f. pl. A broom* (of twigs). Vilĭbŭs in scopis, in mappis, in scŏbĕ quantŭs. *H.*

SCŎPŬLOSUS, ă, um. *Rocky, full of crags.* Hinc illinc montes scŏpŭlosæ rupĭs ăperto. *L.* [† Saxosŭs.]

SCŎPŬLUS, i. *m.* 1. *A rocky cliff, rock, crag on the coast* or *in the sea.* Turbĭnĕ corripŭit, scŏpŭloque infixit ăcuto. *V.* Infames scŏpŭlos Acrŏcĕraunĭă. *H.* [† Rupes, saxum, cautes, sĭlex.] **Ep.** Durŭs, aspĕr; ingens, immanĭs, sublimis, sŏnans, undĭsŏnŭs, frăgosŭs, navĭfrăgŭs, humens; ventorum fŭrĭis obvĭŭs; vento expostŭs. **Crcl.** Scŏpŭli *or* scŏpŭlorum -cautes, pĕrĭcŭlă, pĕriclă. **Phr.** 1. *Rock* or *cliff running out into the sea.* Rupes, quæ ĭn æquŏr prodĭt. Terrā scŏpŭlis ĭn æquŏr procurrĭt. **Phr.** 2. *Breakers at sea.* Horrĭdă ĭn mĕdĭo ponto rupes. Dorsum immanĕ mări summo. **Phr.** 3. *High cliff* or *rock.* Rupes ardŭo surgĭt jŭgo. Immanĕ saxum undis mĭnatŭr. Fig. 2. *Used of what is dangerous and destructive.* Omnĭă tabescĕre, ĕt irĕ ăd scŏpŭlum. *Lr.* 3. *Any high rock* or *peak.* Pĕr rupes, scŏpŭlosque, &c., tentăt ĭtĕr. *O. See* RUPES.

SCORPIŎS, *or* SCORPIUS, ĭi. *m.* 1. *A scorpion.* Scorpĭŭs exibit, caudaquĕ mĭnabĭtŭr unca. *O.* **Ep.** Dirŭs, infestŭs, letĭfĕr, vĕnenosŭs; unca cauda vĕnenĭfĕr; caudæ ăcumĭnĕ mĕtŭendŭs. 2. *The constellation so called.* Scorpĭŏn immisit tellus. *O.* [† Nĕpă.] **Crcl.** Nĕpæ astrā *or* signă.

SCORTEUS, ă, um. 1. *Of hides* or *leather, leathern.* Scortĕă non illi fas est inferrĕ săcello. *O.* 2. Used subst. f. (sc. vestis.) *M.*

SCOTI, orum. *m. pl. The Scots.* Scotorum cŭmŭlos flevit glăcĭalis ˘Ierne. *Cl.*

SCOTICUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Scots.* Ne telā tĭmerem Scotĭcă, ne Pictum &c. *Cl.*

SCRIBA, æ. *m. A secretary, clerk.* Musă, rŏgatā rĕfer cŏmĭti scribæque Nĕronis. *H.*

SCRIBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To trace* or *draw lines.* Arvăquĕ sanguĭnĕo scribit rŭtĭlantĭă gyro. *St.* [† Sulco, ăro, exăro, &c.] 2. *To trace* or *draw the outline of a figure;* hence, *to draw, paint, and represent a likeness.* Scripto viventes lumĭnĕ ceræ. *St.* Scriptŭs ĕs æterno nunc primum Jupĭtĕr auro. *M.* [† Effingo, pingo, &c.] Hence also—3. With ăcu. *To embroider* (trace figures, &c.). Vărĭată pĕr artem aulæis scribuntŭr ăcu. *Sil. See* PINGO. 4. *To write* (trace letters). ∾-ĭtŭr Cynthĭă cortĭcĭbŭs. *Pp.* [† Conscribo, inscribo, ăro, pĕrăro, exăro, nŏto, signo; *sts.* scalpo.] **Crcl.** Cĕlămo tăbellas (membranam) exăro *or* pĕrăro. Chartis qd illĭno. Ceras implĕo. Chartam ăro. Chartis carmĭnă, &c., mando. 5. *To engrave letters* (= inscribo). ∾ tŭmŭlo &c. *M.* [† Inscribo, scalpo, incido, &c.] 6. *To write a letter. O. See* EPISTOLA. 7. *To write a book, to compose a work.* ∾ lĭbellos. *O.* ĕpŏs. *M.* sătĭram. *J.* [† Conscribo, perscribo, compono, pango.] **Crcl.** Chartis -intexo, mando, trado, committo, describo. Lĭbris arcanā credo. Chartis illudo. *See* CARMEN. 8. *To sing of, celebrate. H.* [† Cănо, dico, cĕlĕbro, &c.] *See* CELEBRO. 9. *To name in a will. J. H.* 10. *To describe.* ∾ formam ĕt sĭtum ăgri. *H. See* DESCRIBO. 11. *To assign, impose* (as if by enactment). ∾ leges ventis. *Sen.* [† Adscribo, impono.] 12. Fig. *To engrave on the memory* (= inscribo). [† Infigo, defigo, rĕpono.]

SCRINĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A small chest* or *box.* Scrinĭăque ad lecti clausă jăcerĕ pĕdes. *Pp.* [† Capsă, arcă, arcŭlă.] 2. *A wooden case for keeping papers, books*, &c.; hence, *a kind of portfolio.* Cĕlămum, ĕt chartas, ĕt scrinĭă. *H.* Scrinĭă curvă (*the shape of some in use being cylindrical*). *O.*

SCRIPTŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A writer, a clerk.* Ut scriptor si peccăt ĭdem librarĭŭs usquĕ. *H.* [† Librarĭŭs.] 2. *A writer, an author.* [† Auctŏr, condĭtŏr; *sts.* pŏetă, vates.]

SCRIPTŬLA, orum. *n.* (*from* Scribo.) *Twelve crossing lines drawn on a board for a game. O.*

SCRIPTUM, i. *n. A writing, a work.* Scriptā fĕrunt annos, scriptis ˘Agămemnŏnă nosti. *O.* [† ˘Opŭs, lĭbĕr, lĭbellŭs, chartă, vŏlumĕn; *sts.* scriptură, mŏnŭmentum, mŏnŭmentă.] **Crcl.** Scriptŭs lĭbĕr *or* lĭbellŭs. Mansuræ chartæ.

SCRIPTURA, æ. *f.* 1. *A copy in writing.* Scriptură quanti constĕt, et tŏmus villi. *M.* 2. *A writing, a written work. Ter. See* SCRIPTUM. 3. *The style of a writing.* Tĕnŭi oratĭonĕ ĕt scriptura lĕvi. *Ter.* [† Oratĭo, stĭlŭs.] 4. *Holy Writ. Eccl.*

SCRIPŬLUM, *or* SCRUPŬLUM, i. *n. The smallest part of a weight*, i. e. *the twenty-fourth part of an ounce.* Quinquĕ trăhant mărăthi scrupŭlă; myrrhă nŏvem. *O.*

SCRŎBIS, *or* SCROBS (*Prisc.*), ŏbĭs. *m.*, *sts. f.* 1. *A hole, a furrow, a ditch.* Insĕrăt, et scrŏbĭbus mandet mutatā sŭbactis. *V.* [† Fossă, pŭtĕŭs.] 2. *A grave. M.*

SCROFA, æ. *f. A breeding-sow.* Atque ĕădem scrofa Nĭŏbe fecundĭŏr alba. *J.* [† Porcă, sus.]

SCRUPĔUS, *and* SCRUPOSUS, ă, um. *Stony, pebbly, shingly.* Scrupĕă, tutā lăcu nigro nĕmŏrumquĕ tĕnebris (speluncă). *V.* [† Saxosŭs, aspĕr, horrens, scăbĕr; *ext.* invĭŭs, ardŭŭs, difficĭlis.]

SCRUPŬLUS, i. *m. A small pointed stone, a bit of gravel;* fig. *a scruple, doubt, difficulty.* Injĭcĕrĕ ∾-um. *Cl. Ter.*

SCRUPŬLUM, i. *n. See* SCRIPULUM.

SCRUTA, orum. *n. pl. Old clothes, frippery, trum-*

pery. Villĭ vendentem tŭnĭcato scrută pŏpello. *H.*

SCRUTATŎR, ōrĭs. *m.* 1. *One who searches, explores.* Fluctĭvăgos nautas scrutatoresquĕ prŏfundi. *St.* 2. Sp. *A miner.* ∾ Astŭrĭi auri. *L.* *See* FODINA.

SCRUTŎR, ārĭs. 1. *To explore, search carefully into, investigate, ransack.* Lit. and fig. Scrutatŭr ĕt intĭmă vultus Uncă mănŭs. *St.* ∾ viscĕră glăddĭo. *L.* vĭas orĕ (*of the dog*). *Sen.* Itĕr. *Cl.* singŭlă. *Ph.* mentes dĕum In fibris. *O.* [¶ Perscrutŏr, rimŏr, perquiro, exquiro, inquiro, vestigo, investigo, exploro.] *See* QUÆRO. 2. *To search the person. Pl.*

SCULPO, Ĭs, psi, ptum. *To form* or *fashion any thing by cutting, carving, graving* (in wood, stone, metal). Intĕrĕa nĭvĕum mira felicĭtĕr artĕ Sculpĭt ĕbŭr. *O.* [¶ Cælo, cudo, excudo, formo, effingo.] Crcl. Cælo marmŏr (æs, ĕbŭr, aurum) effingo *or* formo. Signă (ănĭmosă s.) effingo. Ærĕ (æ. spirantĭă, æ. vultum ejs sĭmĭlantĭă) cudo *or* excudo. Marmŏrĕ (ĕbŏrĕ, auro) sĭmĭlĭo, &c. Phr. 1. *Of the sculptor.* Solers dĕum (hŏmĭnem) saxo ponĕrĕ. Cui dŏcĭlĭs mănŭs –ceras fingĕrĕ;—aurum *or* ĕbŭr impressis fĭguris ănĭmarĕ. Doctŭs saxă mollĭă flăcĕrĕ. D. molles căpillos ærĕ ĭmĭtari *or* exprĭmĕrĕ. Phr. 2. *Of pieces of sculpture,* &c. (˘Ebŭr) Pŏlÿcleteis căminis jussum spirarĕ. Artĭs Phidĭăcæ tŏreumă (pisces). (Bucŭlă) cœlo gĕnĭtorĭs ærĕă factă (sc. Myronĭs). *See* CÆLO, STATUA.

SCULPTĬLĬS, ĕ. *That may be graved* or *carved.* Et totum Nŭmĭdæ sculptĭlĕ dentĭs ĕbŭr. *O.*

SCULPTŎR, ōrĭs. *m.* *A sculptor, carver, engraver. Plin.* [¶ Cælatŏr.] *See* SCULPO.

SCULPTURĂ, æ. *f.* *A piece of sculpture,* &c. &c. *Quint.* Crcl. Pŏlÿcleti (Praxĭtĕlĭs, Mentŏrĭs) –ars, lăbŏr, ŏpŭs, mănŭs. Ars Phidĭăcă. Phidĭăcæ *or* Mentŏrĕæ artes. *See* SCULPO.

SCURRĂ, æ. *m.* 1. *A wit, a wag, a pleasant fellow. Pl.* [¶ Urbanŭs, dĭcax.] Ep. Urbanŭs, dĭcax, lĕpĭdŭs, făcetŭs, jŏcosŭs. 2. *A public jester. J.* 3. *A dinner-wit;* hence, *a sycophant,* &c. ∾-æ distablt ămicŭs. *H.*

SCURRŎR, ārĭs. *To play the buffoon.* Scurrŏr ĕgo ipsĕ mĭhi, pŏpŭlo tu &c. *H.*

SCUTATŬS, ă, um. *Armed with a* scutum (oblong shield). Tercentum, scutati omnes, Volscentĕ măgistro. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Clÿpĕatŭs.]

SCŬTĬCĂ, æ. *f.* *A thong-lash* or *strap, a lash, whip.* [The lash or strap punished more severely than the *ferula,* less so than the *flagellum. Ne scutica dignum horribili sectere flagello. H.*] Credĭrĭs infelix scŭtĭcæ trĕmĕfactŭs hăbenis. *O.* [¶ Lorum, hăbenă, &c.] *See* FLAGELLUM.

SCŬTŬLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A small plate* or *dish.* Et læves scŭtŭlas căvasquĕ lances. *M.* [¶ Scŭtellă.] 2. *Any lozenge-shaped figure. Plin.* Hence—

SCŬTŬLATŬS, ă, um. *Chequered.* Cærŭlĕa indutus scŭtŭlata, aut galbănă rasă. *J.*

SCUTUM, i. *n.* *A shield.* [The *scutum* was oblong, the *clypeus* round.] Scută vĭrum, et gălĕas, et fortĭă corpŏră volvĭt. *V.* [¶ Clÿpĕŭs, &c.] *See* C.

I. SCYLLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Scylla, daughter of Phorcys, changed into a sea-monster, and giving her name to a rock between Italy and Sicily, opposite Charybdis.* Scyllam, et cærŭlĕis cănĭbus rĕsŏnantĭă saxă. *V.* Dextram Scyllă latus, lævam implacată Chărybdĭs Obsĭdĕt. *V.* Crcl. Scyllæă saxă *or* monstră. Scyllæ impĕtŭs *or* răbĭes. Scyllæă răbĭes. Phr. Virgo Pĕlori Sĭcŭli. Sĭcŭli prŏfundi pŏpŭlatrix. *See* CHARYBDIS. 2. *Monsters of hell of the same form.* Centauri Scyllæquĕ bĭformes. *V.* and *St.*

II. SCYLLĂ, æ. *f.* *The daughter of Nisus, changed into the bird Ciris.* Et pro purpŭrĕo pœnas dat Scyllă căpillo. *V.* [¶ Niseis.] Crcl. Nisĕă virgo. Nisi filĭă. N. regĭă proles. [☞ The two Scyllas are constantly confounded by the poets: *e. g.* by *V. O.* and *Pp. Quid loquar aut Scyllam Nisi, quam fama secuta est, Candida succinctam latrantibus inguina monstris, Dulichias vexasse rates? V. Et vos Niseæ, naufragra monstra, canes. O. Quid mirum in patrios Scyllam sævisse capillos, Candidaque in sævos inguina versa canes? Pp.*]

SCYLLÆUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to either Scylla.* Vos et Scyllæam răbĭem, pĕnĭtusquĕ sŏnantes Accestis scŏpŭlos. *V.* ∾-is claudĭtŭr undis (*the straits,* i. e., *between Italy and Sicily*). *L.* ∾-ă regnă purpŭrĕo regnată sĕni (*the kingdom,* i. e., *of Megara*). *St.*

SCYMNUS, i. *m.* *A whelp;* us. *a lion's whelp.* At cătŭli pantherarum, scymniquĕ lŏonum. *Lr.*

SCYPHUS, i. *m.* *A cup, a goblet.* Et săcĕr implevit dextram scÿphŭs: oclŭs omnes. *V.* Fagĭnĭs ∾. *Tib.* *See* POCULUM.

SCYRĬUS, ă, um, *and* SCYRĬAS, ădis. *f.* 1. *Of* or *belonging to Scyros.* Una omnis Scyrĭă pubes *V.* Nec turbă plarum Scyrĭădum cessăt. *St.* 2. Scyrĭŭs jŭvĕnis = Pyrrhus. *Sen.* 3. Scyrĭăs *or* Scyrĭă virgo, &c. = Deidamia. Scyrĭăs Æmŭnĭo junctă pŭellă vĭro. *O.*

SCYRŎS, *or* SCYRUS, i. *f.* *An island of the Ægean, the king of which was Lycomedes, and where Achilles was concealed.* Quis lŏcŭs Ajaci? Phthiam hæc, Scyronvĕ fĕrantŭr. *O.*

SCŸTALĂ, æ, *and* SCŸTALE, es. *f.* (σκυτάλη.) 1. *A strip of leather* or *parchment rolled round a sort of staff, on which the Lacedæmonians sent their instructions to their generals. They were read by wrapping the parchment round a similar roller* or *staff.* Vel Lăcĕdæmŏnĭam scÿtălen Imĭtarĕ, lĭbelli &c. *Aus.* 2. *A species of serpent.* ∾ sparsis ĕtĭamnunc solĕ prŭinis. *L.*

SCŸTHĂ, æ. *m. L., and* SCŸTHES, æ. *m. H.*; SCŸTHÆ, arum. *pl.* 1. *A Scythian; the Scythians.* Campestres mĕllus Scÿthæ Quorum planstrĭ &c. *H.* [¶ *Est.* Sarmătă, Saurŏmătæ, Massăgĕtæ, Gĕtæ, Săcæ, Gĕloni.] Ep. Errantes, prŏfŭgi, văgi, gĕlĭdi, fĕroces, fĕri, barbări, trŭces, sævi, immites; pugnaces, indŏmĭti. Crcl. Gens Scÿthĭcă. Scÿthĭæ pŏpŭli. 2. Used adj. *M. St.*

SCŸTHĬA, æ. *f.* *Scythia.* Denĭquĕ quid prŏpĕro? Scÿthĭa est quo mittĭmŭr, inquam. *O.* Ep. Gĕlĭdă, frigĭdă, nĭvalis, glăcĭalis; stĕrĭlis, aspĕră, horrendă. Crcl. Scÿthĭcă –tellus, orā.

SCŸTHĬCŬS, ă, um. *Scythian.* Quod sic in Scythĭcis finĭbŭs essĕ quĕrŏr. *O.* [¶ Scÿthă *or* Scÿthes, *m.*, Scÿthis, *f.*]

SCŸTHIS, ĭdis. *f.* *Scythian, f.* Exercere artes Scÿthĭdes mĕmŏrantŭr ĕasdem. *O.*

SECEDO, Is, essi, essum. 1. *To retire, withdraw for retirement.* Sed mŏdŏ quos hăbŭi, văcĭus secedĕre In hortos. *O.* [¶ Rĕcedo, abscedo.] Crcl. Secessum secretum pĕto. ˘In otĭă (*ep.* tută) rĕcedo. Me In secretă rĕmŏvĕo. Me a vulgo In s. r. 2. *To part, separate.* Lit. and fig. Vĕtarĕ ∾ ămantes. *Pp.* Secessĕrĕ trăbes commoto pondĕrĕ. *St.* ∾-unt sensus a corpŏrĕ. *Cat.* [¶ Discedo, &c.] 3. *To be distant* (from); *to be* or *lie far off.* Quantum solĭs secedĭt ăb orbĕ (lunā). *Lr.* Quantum a summis, tantum ∾-It ăb imis (terrā). *O.* Impervĭă famæ ∾-It rĕgĭo. *Cl.* [¶ Disto, &c.]

SECERNO, Is, crevi, cretum. 1. *To set apart.* Jupĭtĕr illă plæ secrevit littŏrā genti. *H.* [¶ Sepono, seligo.] 2. *To sever, separate, make distinct, place at a distance* (from one another). ˘Anĭmo juncti ∾-Imŭr undis. *O.* ∾ cœlum ăb aĕrĕ. *O.* Europen ăb Afro. *H.* [¶ Divĭdo, se-

pāro, &c.] *See* SEPARO. 3. Fig. *To distinguish.* ∾ sācrā prōfanis; justo Iniquum. *H.* menses nōta cadem. *O.* [† Discerno, distinguo.]

SECESSŪS, us. *m. A sequestered place.* Est in secessu longo lōcūs; insūlā portum &c. *V.* [† Rēcessūs; *sts.* secretum, secretā, sīlentiā, umbrā.]

SECIŪS. *See* SECUS.

SECLUDO, īs, si, sum. 1. *To shut up apart, to shut out; to remove to a distance, to hide.* Intūs āle, et sīmīles inter secludē pūellas. *St.* ∾ terram solīs lumīnē (de luna). *Lr.* *See* SEPARO, CLAUDO. 2. *To lay aside, put away.* ∾ curas. *V.* [† Rēmōvēo, pello, pono, &c.]

SECLUM. *See* SÆCLUM.

SECLUSŪS, ā, um. *part. See* SECLUDO. *Sequestered, secluded.* In vallē rēducta Seclusum nēmūs. *V.* [† Rēmotūs, rēductūs, secretūs.]

SĒCO, as, āi, sectum. 1. *To cut.* Pubentesquē sēcant herbas. *V.* ∾ In frustā. *V.* Falcīfēræ sēcūērē mānus (sertā). *O.* [† Rēsēco, cædo, rēcido, ampūto, scindo, abscindo, excido, exsēco, rescindo; *sts.* dissēco, avello, divīdo, carpo, discerpo.] Crel. Ferro -fērīo, discindo, dirumpo, divīdo, aufēro, ampūto. Ferro *or* ensē qd (sc. ulcērīs os) rēcido *or* rescindo. 2. ∾ āgros, arvā. *To plough. V. Fl.* [† Findo, scindo, proscindo, &c.] *See* ARO. 3. With viam, campum, &c. [sc. Gr. τέμνειν ὁδόν.] *To go; to make one's way* (along a path, plain, &c.). ∾ vīam ād naves. *V.* gyro campum. *Sil.* [† Carpo, corrīpio, sēquōr.] *See* EO. [Hence fig. ∾ spem. *Quam quisque secat spem. V.*] 4. With undas, &c.; æthera, &c. *To sail, fly.* [† Findo, scindo.] *See* NAVIGO, VOLO (II.). 5. = discindo, lācēro, &c. *See* D. L. ∾ tēnēras plantas (de glāciē). *V.* crurā (de sentibūs). *O.* tergā verbērē. *Tib.* qm ācuto ungui. *H.* 6. = crūcio. *See* C. Pōdāgrā ∾-āt. *Cat.* and *M.* 7. *To cut off, put an end to.* Lites ∾-antūr judīcā. *H.* Ridīculum plerumquē ∾-āt res (mēlīus acri). *H.* [† Dīrimo.] 8. *To part* (by passing between). Undas ∾-āt isthmōs. *L.* [† Divīdo, sepāro, &c.] 9. *To cross* or *pass across* or *through.* ∾ pōpūlos (de amnē). *V.* Flamīnīam vīam (de sālēbris). *M.* mēdīum agmēn curru; sub nubibūs arcum (i. e. *secando aera facere arcum*). *V.* [† Percurro, transēo.]

SECRETO. *adv. Secretly, apart, aside.* Me quōquē secreto grates sibī magnās āgentem Audissēt. *O.* [† Arcano, &c.] *See* CLAM.

SECRETUM, i. *n.* 1. *A retired spot, a secret place, a covert.* Horrendæquē prōcul secretā Sibyllæ Antrum immanē, pētīt. *V.* Lācrīmas civilibūs armis Secretumquē dāmūs. *L.* [† Secessūs, rēcessūs; *sts.* pēnētrālē, umbrā.] 2. *The being alone* or *retired.* ∾-i longi causa optimā somnūs. *O.* 3. *A secret.* ∾-ā dōmus. *J.* mentīs. *Sen.* [† Arcanum; *sts.* commissum, depōsītum.] Ep. Abdītum, occultum, tācendum, sīlendum, commissum, fīde c. Crel. Mentīs *or* ānīmi secretā.

SECRETŪS, ā, um. *part. See* SECERNO. Used also adj. 1. *Separated from the rest, removed to a distance, secluded.* At prōcūl in sola secretæ Trōādēs acta. *V.* Quæ bello clari ∾-ā (arvā) frēquentant. *V.* ∾ āb omni vocē (lōcūs). *O.* [† Seclusūs, rēmotūs, rēductūs.] 2. *Hidden, secret.* ∾-ā pectōrā dūcis. *M.* ∾-as artes advōcarē. *O.* [† Abdītūs, arcanūs, &c.] *See* A. A. 3. Sts. *Deprived of, wanting.* ∾ cibo; *with gen.* tēporis. *Lr.* [† Exclusūs, privatūs, &c.] *See* EXPERS.

SECTĀ, æ. *f. A mode* or *rule of life, a system,* &c., *of conduct; a sect* or *particular school of opinions.* Hi mores, hæc duri immotā Cātonis Sectā fūit. *L.* Sectam mēam exsēcutæ dūcē me

mihī cōmītes. *Cat.* [† Institūtum, scitā, plācitā, doctrinā; *ext.* turbā, agmēn.]

SECTĪLIS, ē. 1. *That may be cleft* or *cut.* Sectīlē delīciis Indīā mittīt ēbūr. *O.* ∾ porrum. *M.* [† Sectivūs.] 2. *Cut, cleft. Aus.* [† Sectūs.]

SECTIVUS, ā, um = sectīlis. Filāquē sectivi nūmērātā includērē porri. *J.*

I. SECTŌR, ārīs. *freq. of* Sequor. 1. *To follow.* Ipsē suas sectatūr ōves, at fīlīus agnos. *Tib. See* SEQUOR. 2. *To pursue* (sp. game); *to follow eagerly* or *hostilely.* ∾ āpros. *V.* lēpōrem cātūlo sāgaci. *O.* umbras ejs (sc. manes). *Pp.* qm flāgello. *H.* [† Insēquōr, persēquōr, urgēo, insto.] 3. *To strive after eagerly, perseveringly.* Lit. and fig. ∾ undas faucibūs siccis. *Sen.* quo lōcorum serā rōsā mōrētūr; armos fecundæ lēpōrīs. *H.* [† Sēquōr, persēquōr, pēto, capto, appēto, quæro, vendōr, aucūpōr.]

II. SECTŌR, ōris. *m. One who puts up to public sale.* Lit. and fig. Non hastā rēfixas Vendīt ōpes, āvīda sector non vocē cītatūr. *Cl.* ∾ fāvōris ipsē sūi (pōpūlūs). *L.*

SECTUS, ā, um. *part. See* SECO. 1. *Cut, cut down.* Cæsa ābies sectæquē trābes. *O. See* DESECTUS. 2. *Mangled, lacerated.* ∾ flāgellis. *H.* rūbis. *Pp.* ∾-æ unguē gēnæ. *O.* [† Discissūs, lācērātūs, lācēr, sauciūs, &c.] 3. *Cleft, divided off* or *out.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ā complītā in multas vīas. *O.* ∾ mens. *O.* [† Divisūs, &c.] 4. *Cut through, crossed.* Sectīs hūmum rivo (hortūs). *O.* 5. Sectā vīā, &c. *A road made, a road cut across* or *running through, over,* &c. *V.*

SECŪBĪTUS, us. *The sleeping alone* or *apart.* Et bēnē tormentis secūbītuquē cōli. *O.* Crel. Solūs (vīdūūs, vācūūs) -lectūs, tōrūs.

SECŪBO, as, āi, itum. *To sleep alone* or *apart.* Lit. and fig. Et pōsītis juxta secūbūērē tōris. *O.* Miles depōsītis armis ∾-āt (*lives retired*). *Pp.*

SECULUM. *See* SÆCULUM.

I. SĒCUNDO. *adv. In the second place.* (Sēcundūs.) *Ph.* [† Deindē.]

II. SĒCUNDO, as. *To make favorable, to cause to succeed.* Ritē sēcundārent visus, omenquē lēvārent. *V.* Aurā ∾-āt ītēr nautis. *Pp.* [† Fāvēo, adjūvo, prospēro, adsum.] *See* FAVEO.

SĒCUNDUM. *prep.* 1. *Along, near to.* Saltibūs in vācūis pascant, et plenā sēcundum Flumīnā. *V.* [† Proptēr, prōpē, juxta, ād.] 2. *According to. Ter.* [† Pro, ex.]

SĒCUNDŪS, ā, um. 1. *Second* (in numerical order). Martīs ērat primus mensis, Vēnērisquē sēcundūs. *O.* 2. Sēcundā mensā. *The dessert* (at table). Mensis acceptā ∾-is. *V. See* MENSA. 3. *Second* (next in order of honour). Te nunc hābēt istā ∾-um (fistūlā). *V.* Ætolæ famā ∾-ā fēræ. *M.* [† Proxīmūs; altēr āb illo.] 4. *Second* (inferior). ∾ virtutē. *V.* laudē. *M.* [† Infērīōr, minōr.] Fig. 5. *Of second* or *inferior quality.* Vivērē panē ∾-o. *H.* Argentum venæ ∾-æ. *J.* 6. *Favorable.* ∾-i venti. *V.* ∾-æres. *V.* ∾ fortunā. *O.* ∾-ā omīnā. *H. See* FAVENS, FAUSTUS. 7. Used of flowing water, &c. *Down the stream, with the current of the river.* Missūs ∾-o defluīt amni. *V.* [Mārī sēcundo, *with the tide. Liv.*] [† Pronūs.] *See* P.

SĒCURĪFĒR, *and* SĒCURĪGĒR, ērā, ērum. *Bearing an axe.* Antīmāchumque, Hēlīmumquē, sēcurīfērumquē Pyrachmōn. *O.* Sēcurīgēræ pūellæ (*the Amazons*). O.

SĒCURIS, is. *f.* 1. *A hatchet, axe.* Taurūs, ēt incertam excussit cervicē sēcurim. *V.* [† Bīpennis; *ext.* ferrum.] Ep. Anceps, ācutā, ærātā, ferrēā, durā, rigidā, grāvis, vālidā; strictā, adductā, libratā, rēductā; sævā, vulnīfīcā, letīferā, mīnax. Crel. Ferrum bīpennē *or* anceps. Phr. 1. *Of the blow of the axe.* Sēcuri (bīpenni)

–fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, cædo, rumpo. **Phr. 2.** *In battle.* Adversi frontem (fr. mĕdĭam) sĕcuri (s. rĕducta) disjĭcĭt. Pĕr armā vĭro, pĕr ossā sĕcurim congĕmĭnăt. **Phr. 3.** *In sacrifice.* Tauri collĭ săcra sĕcuri rumpĭt. Victĭmă –pontĭfĭcum sĕcures cervicĕ tingĭt;—adducta sĕcuri percussă (collum percussă) cădĭt. **Phr. 4.** *In breaking through barriers.* Limĭnă correpta bĭpenni perrumpĭt. **Phr. 5.** *In cutting down trees.* Vălĭdam bĭpennem ĭn silvam, &c., mollĭŏr. Fraxĭnŭs ferro bĭpenni ictă sŏnăt. Erŭo (ornum, &c.) crebris bĭpennĭbŭs. Silvam sĕcuri vĭŏlo. **2.** *The lictor's axe* (tied up in a bundle of rods, and thus the insignia of consular power); hence, *power, dominion.* Accĭpĕrĕ consŭlĭs impĕrĭum sævasquĕ ∾-es. *V.* Sumĕrĕ aut ponĕrĕ ∾-es. *H. See* FASCES, CONSULATUS.

SECURĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Tranquillity, a sense of security.* Secură vivĕ; mors mĭhi est securĭtas. *Sen.* [† Fiducĭă.] **Crcl.** Securŭs ănĭmŭs. Secură mens.

SECURŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Without fear* or *care, living tranquilly and undisturbed.* Mollĭă securæ pĕrăgebant otĭă gentes. *O.* [† Quĭetŭs, tranquillŭs, plăcĭdŭs.] **Crcl.** Curis –libĕr, văcans, văcŭŭs, sŏlutŭs, ĭnanĭs. Curarum immunis *or* expers. Libĕr mĕtus. Mĕtu văcŭŭs *or* immunis. Anxĭĕtatĕ cărens. **2.** With gen. *Not anxious about, having no fear of, taking no thought of.* ∾-i (Teucri) pĕlăgi atquĕ mĕi (sc. Junonis). *V.* Cunctis timens, ∾ sŭi. *L.* ∾-ă rĕpulsæ (votă). *O.* damni (lĭbido). *Cl.* **3.** *Indifferent to, slighting.* ∾ tanti vulnĕrĭs exĭt. *L.* sceptri. *Sil.* [† Contemptŏr.] **4.** *Reckoning upon, certain of.* ∾ vĕnĭæ. *L.* ămorum germanæ. *V.* **5.** *Calm, tranquil.* Terris ∾-lŏr æther. *O.* ∾-ă gaudĭă. *M. See* TRANQUILLUS. Hence—**6.** Sts. *Careless, heedless. M.* **7.** Sts. *That which makes calm and tranquil.* Potarĕ ∾-os lătĭces ĕt longă oblivĭă. *V.*

SĔCŬS. *adv. Otherwise. Pl.* Us. with a negative, and followed by *ac* or *quam.* **1.** *No otherwise, just so; no otherwise than, just as.* Non sĕcŭs ac lĭquĭdus Phrŷgĭis Mæandrŏs ĭn undis. *O.* Haud sĕcŭs ac jussi făcĭunt. *V.* [† Non *or* haud ălĭtĕr.] *See* UT *and* SECIUS. **2.** Seclŭs. *comp. of* Sĕcŭs. Us. with neg. *No less, none the less.* Intĕrĕa toto non seclŭs ætherĕ ningĭt. *V.* Haud seclŭs exercebăt ĕquos. *V.* [† Nihĭlomĭnŭs, nĕc (haud, &c.) mĭnŭs.] **4.** Anc. prep. with acc. *Near to.* Quæ sĕcŭs mărc essent. *Enn.* (*apud Lact.*) and *Plin.*

SĔCUTŎR, *or* SĔQUUTŎR, orĭs. *m. One of a certain order of gladiators.* Cum Graccho jussus pugnarĕ sĕcutŏr. *J.*

SĔD. **1.** *But, however.* Immotŭs, ĕt ingens Ipsĕ, sĕd horrĭfĭcis juxta tŏnăt Ætnă rŭinis. *V.* Addĕ sĕd et prŏprĭas ad mĕă verbă prĕces. *O.* [† ˘At, ast, verum, sĕdĕnim, vero, autem.] **2.** Sed ĕnim. *See* SEDENIM.

SEDATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SEDO. Used also adj. *Calmed, tranquil, sedate.* Ceu septem surgens sedatis amnĭbŭs altŭs (Ganges). *V.* ∾-o respondĭt cordĕ Lătĭnŭs. *V.* [† Plăcĭtŭs, quĭetŭs, &c.] *See* TRANQUILLUS.

SEDENI = sexdeni.

SĔDĔNIM, *or* SĔD ĔNIM. *But* (with more or less of an elliptic meaning attached to the enim; = ἀλλὰ γάρ of the Greek). Progĕnĭem sĕd ĕnim Trojano a sanguĭnĕ duci Audĭĕrăt &c. *V. See* SED.

SĔDĔO, es, sedi, sessum. **1.** *To sit, be sitting, to sit down.* Destricti pendent; sĕdĕt, æternumquĕ sĕdebĭt (Theseus). *V.* Marmŏrĕo sŭpĕri sederĕ rĕcessu. *O.* [† Consĭdĕo, rĕsĭdĕo.] **Crcl.** Sĕdĭlĕ –prĕmo, corpŏrĕ prĕmo. Membrā sĕdĭli rĕlĕvo. Sedĭbŭs artus flecto. Sedĭbŭs altis sĕdĕo. *Sitting.* Sĕdĭli subnixŭs *or* fultŭs. **2.** *To sit as a judge.* Minos sĕdĕt arbĭtĕr Orci. *Pp.* **3.** *To settle, alight, lodge, perch* (of birds). Sederĕ solo (cŏlumbæ). *V.* ∾-ĭt hŭmo (cornix); thălămi in culmĭnĕ (bubo). *O.* [? *from* sido.] *See* SIDO. **4.** *To be* (posted) *on guard.* Custodĭă ∾-ĕt vestĭbŭlo. *V.* ∾ circum castellă sub armis (Angl. *to sit down before a town*). *V.* [† Assĭdĕo.] **5.** *To remain inactive, to stop, delay.* ∾ portu. *V.* Durā fortunā ălĭtŭr sĕdendo. *Sil.* [† Sto, mănĕo, hærĕo, consisto, mŏrŏr, cesso.] **6.** *To stop moving, become motionless.* Viso sederunt fluminā nutu. *St. See* CONSISTO. Fig. **7.** *To fix itself, settle, abide.* ∾-ĕt pallŏr ĭn orĕ. *O.* nomĕn ĭn orĕ. *St.* ∾-ent frontĕ nĕbŭlæ. *O.* [† Hærĕo, mănĕo, sum, sto.] **8.** *To subside.* ∾-ĭt răbies fĕrĭtasquĕ fămesquĕ (? sido). *St.* **9.** Sĕdĕt *or* ănĭmo sĕdĕt. *It is settled, determined.* ˘Id ∾-ĕt Æneæ. *V.* Si ∾-ĕt &c. *V. Fl.* [† Stăt.] **10.** *To sink down, sink in, sink deep in.* ∾-ĕt cărinā vădo. *O.* Nĕc ∾-ĕt, nĕc surgĭt (de libra). *Tib.* Altā ∾-ent vulnĕrā. *L.* Pĕnĭtŭs ∾-ĭt morbus. *M.* [† Descendo, desido, subsido, demittŏr, *or* pĕnĕtro, infigŏr.] **11.** *To be* or *lie low; to be situated in a low place,* or *on a plain.* Campo Nolā ∾-ĕt. *Sil.* Tergā ∾-ent (de ĕquo). *Calp.* [† Jăcĕo.]

SEDES, ĭs. *f.* **1.** *A seat* (to sit upon). Quamquĕ lăpis sedes, tam lăpĭs ipsă fŭi. *O. See* SEDILE. **2.** *A seat, base, foundation, bottom.* Lit. and fig. Rĕvulsi ∾-ē sŭa (montes). *O.* Altis ∾-ĭbŭs turrim convellĕrĕ. *V.* A ∾-ĭbŭs –totam urbem crĭĕrĕ; –imis totum mărĕ rŭĕrĕ (de ventis). *V.* –cĕvis orbes (*the eyes*) evolvĕrĕ. *L. See* FUNDAMENTUM. Fig. **3.** *State, position, ground,* &c. Rĕdŭcĕrĕ ĭn sedem (*to replace, restore to a good state*). *H.* **4.** *A place* or *spot to stop in* or *be in for a time.* Nĕgarĕ ∾-em pārĭtŭræ. *O.* Secreta ĭn ∾-ē lăterē. *V.* [† Lŏcŭs, stătĭo.] **5.** *A settled home, a habitation.* ∾-em figĕrĕ Cumis. *J.* ∾ āpĭbŭs pārandā. *V.* cŏlumbis (ulmŭs). *H.* [† Dŏmŭs, &c.] *See* D. **6.** *The last home* (the grave). *V. See* SEPULCHRUM.

SĔDILE, ĭs. *n. A seat* (to sit upon). Vivoquĕ sĕdĭlĭă saxo. *V.* [† Sedes, sellă; *sts.* căthĕdrā, scamnum, subsellĭă, sŏlĭum.]

SEDITIO, onĭs. *f. Sedition, insurrection.* Sedĭtio, sævitquĕ ănĭmis ignobĭlĕ vulgŭs. *V.* [† Discordĭă, dissĭdĭum, tŭmultŭs, turbæ, motŭs.] **Ep.** Civĭlis, turbĭdā, præceps, vesanā, insanā, fŭrens, cæcā, sævā, crŭentā, trux, mĭsĕrā. **Crcl.** Vulgi motŭs. Civiles turbæ. Motŭs civĭcŭs. *See* DISCORDIA, CIVILE BELLUM.

SEDO, as. *To appease, calm.* Dumquĕ sĭtim sedarĕ cŭpit, sĭtĭs altĕrā crevĭt. *O.* ∾ jejunĭă; vulnĕrā mentis. *O.* fletus. *Pp.* [† Placo, compesco, finĭo, &c.]

SEDUCO, Is, xi, ctum. **1.** *To draw apart, to take aside.* Hunc tĭmŭit, blandaquĕ mănu seduxit, ĕt illi &c. *O.* Cum seducta talĭă verbā făcĭt. *O.* [† Sevŏco.] **2.** *To sever, separate.* ∾ artus ănĭma (de mortĕ). *V.* ∾-ĭt terras dŭas (undā). *O.* ∾-ĭmŭr imbrĕ. *O.* Seductā nupĕr ăb ætherĕ (tellus). *O. See* SEPARO. **3.** *To turn aside* or *away, to withdraw.* ∾ ŏcellos. *Pp. See* AVERTO, SEDUCTUS.

SEDUCTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SEDUCO. *Removed to a distance, retired, secluded.* Seductas terras ex alto ætherĕ despectăt. *O.* ∾-i rĕcessus. *O.* [† Rĕdŭctŭs, semotŭs, &c.] *See* DISSITUS.

SEDŬLITAS, ātĭs. *f.* **1.** *Diligence, assiduity.* Pauper, sed mundæ sedŭlĭtatĭs, ănŭs. *O.* [† Cură, industrĭă, dilĭgentĭă, stŭdĭum, ŏpĕrā, lăbŏr.] **2.** *Officious, troublesome assiduity. H.*

SEDŬLO. *adv. Assiduously, sedulously.* (Sedŭlŭs.)

Ter. [¶ Navĭtĕr, stŭdĭose, stŭdĭo, attente, accurate, strenŭe, dilĭgentĕr, acrĭtĕr, sollĭcĭte, assĭdŭe; *sts.* gnave.] Crcl. Haud segnĭtĕr. Non segnĭŭs.

SEDŬLŬS, ă, um. 1. *Busy, assiduous, sedulous.* Non ăpĭs indĕ tŭlit collectos sedŭlă flores. *O.* ~ nutrix. *H.* [¶ Attentŭs, stŭdĭosŭs, acĕr, gnavŭs, assĭdŭŭs, vĭgĭl, impĭgĕr, &c.] *See* GNAVUS. 2. *Taking an active part, heartily concerned.* ~ spectatŏr (*opp. to* lentŭs). *H.* [¶ Stŭdĭosŭs, offĭcĭosŭs.] 3. *Over-zealous, officious. H.* [¶ Mălĕ sedŭlŭs.]

SĒGĒS, ĕtis. *f.* 1. *A field sown with corn.* Neu sēgēs eludat messem fallacĭbŭs herbis. *Tib.* Occarĕ sēgētes. *H.* [¶ Arvum, sātă (orum).] *See* A. 2. *Standing corn, a standing crop of corn.* Stăt sēgēs altă sŏlo. ~-ētes impulsæ ăquĭlonĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ Messĭs, fruges, cĕres, &c.] *See* MESSIS, METO. 3. *A standing crop* (not of corn only). Lit. and fig. ~ lĭni; horrescĭt strictis ensĭbŭs. *V.* clypĕātă vĭrorum. *O.* ferri. *Cl.* 4. Sts. = sementĭs. *See* S. Tēgĕrĕ hŭmo lini ~-em. *V.* [☞ Applied in the same sense to trees. *V.*] Fig. 5. *Fruit, profit, gain, good gathered.* Quæ tămĕn indĕ sēgēs? *J.* [¶ Fructŭs, proventŭs.] 6. *A harvest of any thing, an abundant gathering.* ~ nostræ oscŭlatĭonĭs. *Cat.* telorum. *V.* [¶ Coplĭă, vis.]

SEGMENTATŬS, ă, um. *Tessellated, set* or *bordered with small pieces.* Et segmentatis dormisset parvŭlă cunis. *J.*

SEGMENTUM, i. *n.* 1. *A detached portion, a division, segment; a piece.* Sŏllĭdoque in corpŏrĕ partes Segmentis cŏĕunt, sed dissŏcĭantŭr ăristis (de perca). *Aus.* [¶ Segmĕn, partĭcŭlă.] 2. Pl. *Small pieces* or *plates of gold for trimming garments; garments so trimmed. O.*

SEGNĬPES, ĕdis. *Slow-paced.* Tritoquĕ trăhunt ĕpĭrhedĭă collo Segnĭpĕdes digniquĕ &c. (ĕqui.) *J. See* TARDUS.

SEGNIS, ĕ. 1. *Slow, inactive; inert* (of persons). Haud segnis strato surgĭt Pălĭnurŭs, ĕt omnes. *V.* Proptĕr ŏnŭs ~-ea. *H.* ~ ăd arcum ˘Apollo; ăd lætĭtĭam mens. *O.* [¶ Tardŭs, ignavŭs, lentŭs, pĭgĕr, ĭnera.] *See* PIGER. 2. *Slow, stagnant* (of water). *Sen. See* IMMOBILIS. 3. *Lying idle, untilled,* &c. (of lands.) *V.* [¶ ˘Inera, ignavŭs, &c.] *See* OTIOSUS. 4. *Bringing forth nothing, barren.* ~-ĕ sŏlum raras exserĭt herbas. *L.* ~ cardŭŭs. *V. See* STERILIS. Fig. 5. *Of time,* &c., *unemployed.* Rumpĕrĕ ~-ea mŏræ. *V.* Ducĕrĕ ~-ĭă otĭă. *O.* ~ dies. *Sen.* 6. *Not easily moved, insensible.* [¶ Lentŭs, ĭnera, immotŭs, frigĭdŭs.]

SEGNĬTĔR. *Slowly.* Lit. and fig. Dixĕrăt: invĕnĭunt pŏsĭtos jam segnĭtĕr arcus. *St.* Scythĭca non segnĭŭs irĕ sāgitta. *O.* [¶ Ignave, lente, tarde, pĭgre, gĕlĭde.]

SEGNĬTĬĂ, æ, *and* SEGNĬTĬES, ei. *f. Slowness, laziness, indolence.* Nam quæ tam serā mŏratŭr Segnĭtĭes? ăllĭ răpĭunt &c. *V.* [¶ ˘Inertĭă, ignavĭă, desĭdĭă, &c.] *See* PIGRITIA.

SEGRĔGO, as. 1. *To separate from the herd* or *flock.* ˘Ovesquĕ segrĕgatas ostendit prŏcul. *Pk.* 2. Gen. *To separate, place apart, remove to a distance.* Discĭdĭo pŏtĭs est sejungi sequĕ grĕgari. *Lr.* [☞ the tmesis.] ~ semĕt ăb agmĭnĕ fĭdo. *St.* [¶ Sepăro, arcĕo, amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, &c.]

SEJUNGO, ĭs, xi, ctum. *To separate, part; to remove, withdraw.* Septenas noctes sejunctă cŭbarĭs. *Pp.* ~ matrem gĕlĭdis bustis. *St.* [¶ Sepăro, segrĕgo, arcĕo, &c.]

SĔLEUCŬS, i. *m.* *A general of Alexander the Great, who at his death obtained the kingdom of Syria, and was succeeded by others of the same name.* Nam rex Sĕleucus me ŏpĕre oravit maxŭmo. *Pl.*

SĔLIBRĂ, æ. *f.* (= semilibrā.) *Half a pound.* Argenti libram mittebas, factă sĕlibrĕ est. *M.* [☞ the first syllable short, though long in semŏdĭus, semuncĭă.]

SELĬGO, ĭs, egi, ectum. *To choose, cull.* Quidquid ĕris, mĕă sempĕr ĕris; tu selĭgĕ tantum. *O. See* ELIGO.

SELLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A seat, a chair,* &c. *Pl.* [¶ Sedes, sĕdĭlĕ.] 2. *A litter, a sedan-chair.* Ostendens clausam pro conjŭgĕ sellam. *J. See* LECTICA. 3. *A king's seat, a throne.* ~ regni. *V. See* SOLIUM. 4. ~ cŭrulis (*O.*), and abs. *The chair of the superior Roman magistrates.* Hŏnesti fascĭbŭs ĕt sellis. *H. See* CURULIS.

SEMĂDĂPERTŬS, ă, um. *See* SEMIADAPERTUS.

SEMAMBUSTŬS, ă, um. *See* SEMIAMBUSTUS.

SEMANĬMIS, ĕ, *and* SEMANĬMŬS, ă, um. *See* SEMIANIMIS, &c.

SĔMĔL. *adv.* 1. *Once.* Sĕmĕl emissum vŏlăt irrĕvŏcabĭlĕ verbum. *H.* Nĕc vidissĕ ~ sātĭs est. *V.* [¶ Plus vĭcĕ simplĭci.] 2. Ut (quum, si, &c.) sĕmĕl = ut primum. *As soon as. H. Ter.* 3. *Once for all, for ever.* Læsă pŭdicĭtĭa est; depĕrĭt illă sĕmĕl. *O.*

SĔMĔLE, es, *and* SĔMĔLĂ, æ. *f. Pp. Daughter of Cadmus, and mother of Bacchus.* Nec Sĕmĕle Cadmo facta est ăllenă pĕrenti. *O.* Limĕn Sĕmĕles. *O.* [¶ Cadmeĭs.]

SĔMĔLEIŬS, *and* SĔMĔLEŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Semele.* Proles Sĕmĕleĭă, Libĕr. *O.* Cĭnĕres Sĕmĕleăquĕ bustă. *St.*

SEMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *Seed.* Primă Cĕres dŏcŭit turgescĕrĕ semĕn ĭn agris. *O.* Natos sĭnĕ semĭnĕ flores. *V.* Ep. Gĕnĭtălĕ, fertĭlĕ, fecundum, lætum, fĕrax, primum. *See* SERO. 2. *A cutting, a slip, a young tree-plant.* ~-ĭbŭs jactis se sustŭlĭt arbos. *V.* [¶ Virgultum, surcŭlŭs, germĕn.] 3. *Offspring, breed, race* (of men or animals). ~ Lȳci. *Sen.* Lĕonum semĭnă. *V.* Cănĭs Hyrcano de semĭnĕ. *Lr.* [¶ Gĕnŭs, sanguĭs, proles, prŏpago, &c.] *See* PROLES. 4. *Origin.* Trăhĕrĕ semĭnă ăb &c. *Sil.* [¶ Gĕnŭs, ŏrigo.] 5. *Essential, elementary particles, principles.* ~-ĭnă gĕnĕrantĭă ranas (limŭs hăbĕt). *O.* terrarum, ănĭmæquĕ mărisquĕ; flammæ. *V.* [¶ Partĭcŭlæ, &c.] *See* PRIMORDIA. 6. Fig. *Principle, source, cause,* &c. ~-ĭnă nequĭtiæ. *O.* belli. *St.* [¶ ˘Origo, fons, causă, auctŏr, &c.]

SEMENTĬS, ĭs. *f.* 1. *A sowing; sowing-time.* Villĭcĕ, da rĕquĭem terræ, sementĕ pĕracta. *O.* 2. *A rising crop.* Dătŭ tĕnĕris ~-ĭbŭs auctus. *O. See* SEMEN, SEGES.

SEMENTIVŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to sowing.* Nec sementiva est ullă rĕpertă dies. *O.*

SEMESTRĬS, ĕ. *Of,* or *lasting, six months.* Semestri vatum dĭgĭtos circumlĭgăt auro. *J.*

SEMESŬS, ă, um. *Half-eaten.* Semesam prædam et vestigĭă fœdă rĕlinquunt. *V.*

SEMHĬANS. *See* SEMIHIANS.

SEMHŎMO. *See* SEMIHOMO.

SEMIADĂPERTŬS, ă, um [scan as semădăpertŭs]. *Half-open.* Obliquum căpĭat semiădăpertă lătŭs. *O.*

SEMĬAMBUSTŬS, ă, um [scan as semambustŭs]. *Half-burnt.* Semiambustă rŏtat liquĕfactis saxă căvernis. *Sil.*

SEMĬANĬMIS, ĕ, *and* SEMĬANĬMŬS, ă, um [scan as semănĭmis, &c.]. *Half-dead.* Semiănĭmes volvuntŭr ĕqui. Semiănĭmis calcĭbŭs. *V.* [¶ Semĭnex, mŏrĭbundŭs, &c.] *See* M.

SEMĬBOS, ŏvis. *m. f. Half-ox.* Semĭbŏvemquĕ vĭrum, semĭvĭrumquĕ bŏvem (*of the Minotaur*). *O.*

SEMĬCAPRĔR, ĕpri. *m. Half-goat* (used of Pan, the

Fauns, &c.). Semĭcăper cŏlĕris succinctis, Faunĕ, Lŭpercis. *O.*

Semĭcrĕmātŭs, ă, um. *Half-burnt.* Membrā fĕres Stygiæ semĭcrĕmatā rāti. *O.* (*Ib.*) Semĭcrĕmo stipitĕ. *O.* [? Semustŭs.]

Semĭcrudŭs, ă, um. *Half-raw;* hence, *half-digested;* and sts. *having half-digested.* Quid si, quum bĕnĕ manĕ semĭcrudŭs, Illatam tĭbĭ dixĕro sālutem? *St.*

Semĭdĕŭs, i. *m., and* **Semĭdĕa**, æ. *f.* 1. *A demi-god* or *goddess, an inferior divinity;* used adj. *half-divine.* Millĕ vīri cŭpĭunt, et semĭdĕiquĕ dĕiquĕ. *O.* Nymphæ, ∾-umquĕ gĕnŭs. *O.* ∾-æ Dryades. *O.* 2. *Used of the hero-offspring of gods,* or *persons deified after death.* ∾-i reges. *St.* manes. *L.* [? Heros.]

Semĭdoctŭs, ă, um. *Half-learned.* Et semĭdocta villĭci structas mānu. *M.*

Semĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. 1. *Half-man and half-beast.* Spumĕā semĭfĕro sub pectŏrĕ murmŭrāt undā (de Tritonĕ). *V.* ∾-æ hŏmĭnum spĕcies. *Lr.* [? Semivĭr, semĭhŏmŏ (semhŏmŏ).] 2. Sp. *Used of the Centaurs.* Intĕr Semĭfĕros hăbĭtarĕ. *O.* 3. Used subst. m. ∾ ālumno lætŭs ĕrāt (sc. Chiron). *O.* Pectŏrā ∾-i (Caci). *V.* 4. *Wild, savage. Sil.* (of the inhabitants of the Alps.) [? Semĭhŏmŏ (sembŏmŏ).]

Semĭhĭans, tis [scan as sembĭans]. *Half-open.* Dulcĕ ridĕāt ad pātrem Semihĭantĕ lăbello. *Cat.* [? Semiăděpertŭs, semĭhĭulcŭs.]

Semĭhŏmŏ, Inis. *m.* [scan as semhŏmŏ.] 1. *Half-man* (and half-beast). Semihŏmĭnis Caci făcĭes quam dirā tĕnebāt. *V.* ∾-ines Centauri. *O.* 2. *Savage. Sil.* [? Semĭfĕr.] *See* Ferus.

Semĭfultŭs, ă, um. *Half-propped.* Subsellĭoquĕ semĭfultŭs extremo. *M.*

Semĭlăcĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Half-torn.* Semĭlăcerquĕ tŏro tentat consurgĕrĕ. *O.*

Semĭlautŭs, *or* **Semĭlotus**, ă, um. *Half-washed.* Vettĭ, rustĭcĕ, semĭlautā crurā. *Cat.*

Semĭmārinŭs, ă, um. *Half-sea,* adj. Aut răbĭdis cănĭbus succinctas semĭmārinis Corpŏrĭbus Scyllas. *Lr.*

Semĭmās, ăris. *m. f.* 1. *Half-male and half-female, hermaphrodite.* Quo vir descendĕrāt, undas Semĭmārem fecissĕ vidĕt (de Hermăphrŏdito). *O.* 2. *A eunuch.* Ibunt ∾-es (*of the priests of Cybele*). *O.* Viscĕrā ∾-is ŏvis (*a wether sheep*). *O. See* Semivir.

Semĭmortŭus, ă, um. *Half-dead.* Semĭmortŭā lectŭlo jăcebant (membrā). *Cat. See* Semianimis.

Semĭnĕcis, ĕ. *m. f. Half-dead.* Semĭnĕcem saxo liquit lăcĕrumquĕ vĭātŏr. *V. See* Semianimis.

Semĭno, as. *To sow, to engender.* (Viscum) Frondĕ vīrerĕ nŏva, quod non sŭā semĭnāt arbos. *V.* [? Sĕro, gĕnĕro.]

Semĭpŭĕlla, æ. *f. Half-girl* (of a Siren). Tres vŏlŭcres, tres semĭdĕæ, tres semĭpŭellæ. *Aus.*

Semĭpŭtatŭs, ă, um. *Half-pruned.* Semĭputatā tĭbi frondosa vitis in ulmo est. *V.*

Sĕmĭrāmis, is *and* Idis. *f. The famous queen of Assyria, wife of Ninus. C. D.* Persarum stātŭit Bābŭlonā Sĕmĭrāmis urbem. *Pp.*

Sĕmĭrāmĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Semiramis;* and hence, *to Babylon.* Textā Sĕmĭrāmĭo quæ vārĭantŭr ăcu. *M.* ∾-o sanguĭnĕ cretŭs. *O.*

Semĭrasŭs, ă, um. *Half-shaven.* A semĭraso tondĕrĕtŭr ustorĕ. *Cat.*

Semĭrĕductŭs, ă, um. *Half-bent back, half-retiring* (in attitude). Protĕgĭtur læva semĭrĕductā mānu. *O.*

Semĭrĕfectŭs, ă, um. *Half-repaired.* Postŭlāt exīgŭas semĭrĕfectā mŏras (classis). *O.*

Semĭrŭtŭs, ă, um. *Half-destroyed* or *thrown down.* At nunc semĭrŭtis pendent quod mœnĭā tectis. *L.*

Semis, isis. *m. A half;* sp. *half an as.* Rĕdĭt uncĭā, quid fĭt? Semis. ˘An hæc ănĭmos *&c. H.* Saltem semisem, Garrĭcĕ, solvĕ mĭhĭ. *M. See* Semissis.

Semisĕpultŭs, ă, um. *Half-buried.* Semisĕpulta vĭrum curvis fĕrĭuntŭr ăratris Ossā. *O.*

Semĭsomnŭs, ă, um. *Half-asleep.* Tum semĭsomno corde ĕt errore ebrĭo. *Ph.*

Semĭsŭpinŭs, ă, um. *Half* or *partly turned* or *lying on the back,* or *bent backwards.* Purpŭrĭs jăcŭit semisŭpinā tŏro. *O.* Potas ∾ ăquam. *M.*

Semĭtā, æ. *f.* 1. *A narrow way, a path.* Et mŏdŏ quæ fŭĕrāt semĭtā, factā vĭā. *M.* Per occultos calles ∾ ducebat. *V.* [? Tramĕs, callis.] 2. *Any road* or *way.* Lit. and fig. Qua jăcĕt Hercŭlĕis semĭtā littŏrĭbŭs. *Pp.* ∾ tranquillæ vitæ. *J. See* Via. 3. *The wake of a vessel, the furrow of a plough, the line of course marked out by any moving body.* Spumā ∾ fŭgĭentis clavi. *V. Fl.* ∾ discretis intervĭrĕt humĭdā nimbis (de Irĭdĕ); ăratri. *Cl.* stellæ (e.g. *of a comet*). *Sen.*

Semiuncia. *See* Semuncia.

Semĭustŭs, ă, um [scan as semustŭs]. *Half-burnt.* Fama est, Encĕlādi semustum fulminĕ corpŭs *&c. V.* [? Semĭcrĕmatŭs, semĭcrĕmŭs.]

Semivir, īri. *m.* 1. *A eunuch.* Semĭvīro Cybĕlĕ cum grĕgĕ junxĭt ĭtĕr. *M.* [? Eunuchŭs, semĭmās.] *See* Eunuchus. 2. *An hermaphrodite. O. See* Semimas. 3. *Half-man and half-beast.* ∾ corpŏrĕ mixtŭs ĕqui (Chiron). *O. See* Semifer. 4. Fig. *An effeminate person.* Pārs cum ∾-o cŏmĭtatu. *V.* [? Mollis, imbellis, &c.]

Semŏ, onis. *m. An inferior* (probably Etrurian) *deity.* [This deity seems to have been known also by the names of Sancus and Fidius (*O. Fast.* 6, 214), and was by some supposed to be Hercules; by R., who refers to *Liv.* 8, 20, a tutelary deity of corn.] Quærebam, nonas Sanco Fidiōnĕ rĕferrem, An ŭbī, Semo pātĕr. *O.*

Semŏdĭus, ĭi. *m. Half a* modius, or *peck.* Semŏdĭo scŏbis hæc emendat servŭlus unŭs. *J.*

Semŏvĕo, es, ovi, otum. *To set* or *place far off, to remove to a distance.* Semotiquĕ prius tardā nĕcessĭtas Leti corrĭpŭit grādum. *H.* Non ĭdĕo ∾-ĕ nĕquĕ ardŭā tellus. *V. Fl. See* Removeo, Dissitus.

Sempĕr. *Always.* Semper solĕ rŭbens, et torrĭā sempĕr ăb igni. *V.* [? Æternum, usquĕ, assiduĕ, continŭo, perpĕtŭo.] Crol. Nunquam non. Omni tempŏrĕ. Tempŭs in omnĕ. Sinĕ finĕ, nullo finĕ, dempto finĕ. Immortali ævo. Toto ævo. ˘In ævum. ˘In omnĕ ævum. Omnes pĕr annos. Noctes atquĕ dĭes. Nocteque dĭesquĕ. Nĕc mŏrā, nĕc rĕquies. Nullā dătŭr rĕquies. Nullŭs ĕrĭt finis. Nullā finem stātŭent fatā. Phr. '*Always*' *expressed by* '*as long as something of undoubted continuance is done.*' Dum -flŭvĭi in frĕtā current;—sidĕrā cœlo lucebunt: —Phœbŭs se Indo littŏrĕ tollĕt;—umbræ montĭum convexā lustrabunt;—montes robŏrā hăbebunt;—campis ridebunt pratā;—flumĭnā ăquis current;—piscĭs flŭvĭos ămablt;—ăpĕr jŭgā montis lustrablt;—ăpes thymo pascentŭr; —rorĕ cĭcadæ pascentŭr;—verĕ flores vĕnĭent; —hĭĕmes cŏmam silvis rĕcident;—cŏmam silvis æstas rĕvŏcablt. Dum ipsĕ mĕi mĕmŏr. Dum spirĭtŭs mĕos artus rĕgĕt. [☞ Force is given to the expression by the accumulation of similar figures.] *See* Nunquam.

Sempĭternŭs, ă, um. *Ter.* = æternŭs. *See* Æternus.

Semuncia, æ. *f. Half an ounce;* fig. *a trifle, an*

atom. Hærĕăt in stultis brĕvĭs ut semunclĭ recti. *Pers.*

Senarĭus, ĭi. *m. A verse of six feet;* sp. *an iambic verse.* Hanc ĕgŏ pŏlivi versĭbus senarĭis. *Ph.*

Sĕnatŏr, orĭs. *m. A senator.* Pascebatquĕ sŭas antĕ sĕnatŏr ŏves. *O.* [† *Sts.* Pătres, Conscripti, curĭă.] **Crcl.** Maxĭmŭs *or* amplissĭmŭs ordo.

Sĕnatŭs, us. *m. The Senate.* Nunc făcĕre in mĕdĭo facundum verbă sĕnatu. *O.* [† Curĭă, Pătres, sĕnatores, Conscripti.] **Ep.** Sanctŭs, vĕrendŭs, augustŭs. **Crcl.** Pătrum –ordo, cœtŭs, concĭlĭum.

Sĕnĕca, æ. *m. L. Annæus Seneca, a Stoic philosopher, and tutor of Nero. His father, M. A. Seneca, was an orator and tragic writer in the time of Augustus and Tiberius.* Perdĭtŭs, ut dŭbĭtet Sĕnĕcam præferrĕ Nĕroni. *J.*

Sĕnectā, æ. *f. Old age.* Inficĭt et nigras albă sĕnectā cŏmas. *O. See* Senectus.

Sĕnectŭs, utĭs. *f.* 1. *Old age.* Sed mĭhĭ tardă gĕlu sæclisque effetă sĕnectus. *V.* [† Sĕnectă, sĕnĭum, canĭtĭes, cani; *sts.* rugæ.] **Ep.** Longă, longævă, matură, tardă, serā, effetă, trĕmŭlă, frigĭdă, Iners, ignavă, grăvis, languĭdă, gĕlĭdă, ægrā, debĭlis, frăgĭlis, infirmă; tĕtrĭcă, morosă, tristis, quĕrŭlă; albă, canā, rugosā, curvă, incurvă; infelix, mĭsĕrā; vĭrĭdis, crudă; sāgax, provĭdă, prudens; sanctă, vĕnĕrandă, vĕrendă. Leto vicinā, tardā ætu, rebŭs exhaustā, sæclis effetā, canis adspersā, canis căpillis rugosā, viribŭs ægrā, æ. trĕmŭlo grādu, formæ damnosā, vires ædĭmens, băculo innixā *or* incumbens, exhaustā sanguĭnĕ. **Crcl.** Anni –longi, sĕniles, grăves, frăgĭles, fracti, trĕmŭli. Sĕnectæ –tempŏrā, damnā, rugæ, cani, canĭtĭes. Ætas –sĕnilis, serā, serĭŏr, Iners, Inertĭŏr, longĭŏr, detĕrĭŏr, infirmā, canā, grăvis, mălā. Longævi tempŏris ætas. Longā dies. Ævum sĕnilĕ *or* longum. Ævi sĕnĭum. Grandĕ ævum. Ævi glăcies. Albescens căpillŭs. Pars vitæ detĕrĭŏr. Tempŭs Iners sĕnectæ *or* sĕnĭi. Longæ vitæ sæcŭlă. ˘Itĕr sĕnectæ declivĕ. Ævi tempŭs extremum. Nestŏris *or* Prĭămi anni. Serā ět săpĭentĭŏr ætas. **Phr.** 1. *Effects of old age.* Sĕnectus –vires ănĭmi (vĭgorem) debĭlĭtăt *or* mutăt;—rugas inducĭt;—nĭgras cŏmas inficĭt;—ănĭmos lenĭt. Cani nĭgros căpillos lædunt. Tempŏrā cycneas plumas ĭmĭtantŭr. Membrā cum vocĕ trĕmunt. M. vita fŭgientĕ languĭdā defĭcĭunt. Vires In tardo (effeto) corpŏrĕ languent (frigent). Rugā infelix vultus ărăt (formæ vĕnĭt). Sanguis tardantĕ sĕnecta (*or* gĕlĭdŭs) hĕbĕt. Anni frăgĭles sŭbĕunt. Sŭbĭt Inertĭŏr ætas. **Phr.** 2. *Long may you live, to a great age, extreme old age!* Vitā tĭbĭ annosa ět molli sĕnecta contingăt! Fatā tŭā Pyllos dies (Nestŏris annosi sæcŭlā, Pyllam quātĕr sĕnectam) æquent! Egrĕdĭarĕ Nestŏrĕæ sĕnectæ finem. *See* Senesco, Senex. 2. *Age, length of time* (used of things inanimate). *O.* [† Vĕtustas, ætŭs, anni, dies (*sing.*).]

Sĕnĕo, ŭi, erĕ. (Sĕnŭi *in comp. verbs only.*) *To grow old, be old.* Nunc rĕcondĭtā Sĕnet quĭetĕ, sequĕ dedĭcat tĭbĭ. *Cat. See*—

Sĕnesco, ĭs, sĕnŭi (*from* Seneo). 1. *To grow old, to be old.* Tempŏrā labuntur, tăcĭtisquĕ sĕnescĭmŭs annis. *O.* [† Consĕnesco; *sts.* sĕnĕo.] *See* Senectus, Senex. **Crcl.** Sĕnex *or* sĕnĭŏr fio. **Phr.** Jam vergunt anni In sĕnĭum. Dăt tergā felicĭŏr ætas. Pulsi cedunt anni mĕlĭores. Sŭbĭt sĕnectus. Sĕnectus –ægrā vĕnĭt;—serpĭt pĕr membrā;—insperatā (non intellectā) obrepĭt. 2. *To become weak, feeble, languid.* ~-ĭt ĕgĕr contĭnŭa messĕ; ămŏr. *O.* virtus desĭdĭæ vĕneno evictā. *Sil. See* Langueo. 3. *To languish, waste away.* ~ ămorĕ hăbendi. *H. See* Tabesco. 4. *To become old, antiquated, obsolete, and forgotten.* Sĕnŭerunt Jupĭtĕr et Mars. *J. See* Obsolesco.

Sĕnex, ĭs. *m.* 1. *An old man, a man in years.* Primorum mănŭs ad portas jŭvĕnumquĕ sĕnumquĕ. *V.* [† Sĕnĭŏr, vĕtŭlŭs, grandævŭs, longævŭs; *sts.* annosŭs, decrĕpĭtŭs, sĕnescens.] **Ep.** Canens, canŭs, verticĕ canŭs, rugosŭs; fractŭs, fessŭs, debĭlis, infirmŭs, ægĕr, imbellis, invălĭdŭs, trĕmens, trĕmŭlŭs, frigĭdŭs, tardŭs; parcŭs, ăvarŭs; morosŭs, quĕrŭlŭs, difficĭlis. **Crcl.** Annis grăvis *or* grăvĭŏr. Sĕnecta (sĕnĭo, annis, ævo, ætatĕ, sĕnĭlĭbŭs annis) –grăvis, confectŭs, languens, languĭdŭs, fessŭs, tardŭs, debĭlis, fractŭs, obsĭtŭs, Iners. Ævo grandis *or* grandĭŏr. Ævi maturŭs. Maxĭmŭs annis *or* ævo. Annis –maturĭŏr, provectĭŏr, Inutĭlis. Longis ăb annis consumptŭs. Grăvĭtatĕ sĕnili fractŭs. Sĕnĭo Iners. Vir fracto *or* labenti ævo. Annis sĕnĭlĭbŭs fessŭs. Jam leto prŏpĭŏr. Cui pallent orā rugosa sĕnecta. Quem grăvis ætas celatis annis urgĕt. *See* Senectus, Senesco, Senior. 2. *Used of animals; of wine kept, &c.* ~-es cycni. *M.* porci. *J.* ~ cănis. *Ph.* bacchŭs (= vinum). *M. See* Vetus. 3. Pl. *Senators* (= the elders in a state). *Sil.* 4. Used adj. ~-ĭbŭs sæclis. *V.* (*Ciris.*) 5. Anc. f. = ănŭs. *Tib. See* A.

Seni, æ, ă. *pl. Six* (distrib.), *six each;* also = sex. Appĕlti senis, te dŭcĕ, quinquĕ pĕdes. *O.* Reddĕrĕ senos ictus. *H.* Bis seni cycni. *V. See* Sex.

Sĕnilis, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to an old man, like an old man.* Jam prŏplor leto, fessusquĕ sĕnilĭbŭs annis. *O.* ~ hiema. *O.*

Senĭŏ, onis. *m. A six on dice.* Senĭŏ nec nostrum cum cănĕ quassăt ĕbŭr. *M.* Quid dexter senĭŏ ferrĕt. *Pers.*

Sĕnĭŏr. *compar. of* Senex. 1. *Older.* Quiquĕ rĕges orbem cum sĕnĭorĕ sĕnex. *M.* 2. Us. = sĕnex. *V. O.* 3. Sts. = sĕnescens. *V. Getting into years. See* Senesco. 4. *Used of animals; of time; of any thing where age is implied.* ~ equŭs. *V.* cănŭs. *M.* ~-es anni. *O.*

Sĕnĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Old age; the decline and feebleness of old age* (in man). Alter vergentĭbŭs annis In sĕnĭum. *L.* Ægĕr ~-o. *St. See* Senectus. 2. *Age, antiquity* (of things). ~ rĕpellĕrĕ templis. *Sil.* mundi. *St. See* Situs. 3. *Languor, inaction.* ~-o torpescĕrĕ rerum. *Sil.* [† Languŏr, deslĭdĭă.] 4. *Crabbedness* (as of age). Deponĕ ~ ĭnhumanæ Cămenæ. *H.* Tristis ~-o, nĕc vocĕ sĕrenŭs. *Aus. See* Supercilium. 5. *Uneasiness, trouble, sadness.* En pallŏr, sĕnĭumquĕ! *Pers.* [† Mœrŏr, curā.] 6. *Annoyance, vexation. Pl.* [† ˘Odĭum, tædĭum, mŏlestĭă.]

Sĕnŏnes, um. *m. pl. A people of Gallia Lugdunensis, of whom a branch settled in Gallia Cisalpina.* Et Sĕnŏnum fŭrĭas Lătĭæ senescĕ cŏhortes. *St.*

Sensifĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Causing sensation.* Sensifĕr unde ŏrĭtur primum per viscĕrā mŏtŭs. *Lr.*

Sensĭlis, ĕ. *Endowed with sensation, sensible.* Ex insensilĭbŭs ne credas sensilĭ gigni. *Lr.* [† Sensĭbĭlis.]

Sensim. 1. *By little and little, imperceptibly.* Sed sensim tarda prolĭcĭendā mŏra. *O.* [† Paulatim.] *See* P. Hence—2. *Discreetly, with care and moderation.* ~ ět săpĭentĕr ămarĕ. *O.* quĕri, parce gaudĕrĕ. *Ph.*

Sensŭs, us. *m.* 1. *One of the five senses;* pl. *the five senses.* Quid nobis certŭs ipsis Sensĭbŭs essĕ pŏtest &c. *Lr.* **Ep.** Acĕr, ăcŭtŭs, subtilis. 2. *Sensation, feeling, perception.* ~ tempŏris adversi hĕbĕt. ~-um tĭmŏr abstŭlĭt. *O.* 3. *The sentiments, mental feelings,* &c. Inflectĕrĕ ~-us. *V.* ~-us sum fassā mĕos. *O.* [† ˘Anĭmŭs, pec-

Ep. Audax, prŏcax, mordax, livens. **Crol.** Mordax *or* livens carmĕn. Mordaces nūmĕri *or* versus. Plenā opprŏbrĭis carmĭnā. Versus vĭrĭdi æruginĕ tincti. Carmĭnā -atro vĕneno mādentīā (mortĭfĕro v. suffusā, Lȳcambæo sanguĭnĕ tinctā). **Phr.** *To satirize.* Destringo qm mordaci carmĭnĕ. Depingo mores pŏpŭli m. c. Urbem sĕco versĭbŭs. Gĕnŭinum ĭn qm frango (*Pers.*). Ludo blandĭtĭis urentĭbŭs. *See* IAMBUS, MALEDICENS.

SATĬS. *adj. indecl. and adv.* 1. Adj. *Enough.* Solvĭtĕ me pŭĕri: sātĭs est pŏtŭissĕ vĭdĕri. *V.* Sātĭs est quŏd contingĭt &c. *H. With gen.* ~ nĭvĭs atquĕ grandĭnĭs. *H.* [¶ *Sts.* Multum, plurĭmum; sufficĭt (= sātĭs est).] 2. Adv. *Enough, sufficiently; quite sufficiently* (= more than enough). Jam sātĭs invālĭdos cālĕmo lassavĭmŭs artus. *O.* ~ anxĭā vivas. *Tib.* [¶ Sāt, ābunde.] **Crol.** Sātĭs sūperquē. Satquē sūperquē. Sātĭs ĕt nĭmĭum. Sātĭs nĭmĭumquē. *See* SAT, MULTUM.

SATISFACIO, ĭs, feci, factum, *and pass.* SATISFIO, is, fĭĕri. *To satisfy a demand* (of any kind); hence, *to make payment, to apologize, to exculpate* or *vindicate oneself* (to another); *to suffer punishment from an injured person, &c.* (*i. e.* to give satisfaction by an excuse, by payment of money, by suffering punishment, &c.). Qui dicit multā pŭellæ Probrā, sātisfĭĕri postŭlāt illĕ sĭbĭ. *O.* Sæpē ~-ĭt prædæ venātŏr (*by being killed, &c., by it*). *M.*

SATĬUS. *compar. n. of* Satis. *Better.* Nonnē fŭit sātĭus tristes Amāryllĭdĭs iras (pāti)? *V.* [¶ Pŏtĭŭs, mĕlĭŭs.]

SATŎR, ōris. *m. A sower, a planter;* hence, *a creator, father.* Lit. and fig. Ollī subridens hŏmĭnum sātŏr atquĕ dĕorum. *V.* ~ turbarum. *Sil.* scĕlĕrum. *Pl.* [¶ Auctŏr, condĭtŏr, crĕātŏr, &c.] *See* AUCTOR.

SATRĂPĂ, *and* SATRĂPES, æ. *m. A satrap, a Persian governor.* Ornatas veste atque auro; sātrăpes sĭ slĕt. *Ter.*

SATŬR, ŭrā, ŭrum; *gen.* ŭri, ŭræ, ŭri. 1. *Sated with food, full-fed.* Lit. and fig. Itĕ dŏmum sātŭræ, vĕnĭt Hespĕrŭs, itĕ cāpellæ. *V.* ~ ambrŏsĭa (Jupĭtĕr). *M.* ansĕrĭs extis. *Pers.* altĭlĭum. *H.* Nĕc unquam sātŭrum indĕ cor fŭturum est. *Cat.* [¶ Sātŭratŭs, sātĭatŭs, expletŭs, rēpletŭs, plenŭs, fartŭs.] **Crol.** Cĭbis -expletŭs, victŭs. Cĭbo grāvĭs. Dāpĭbŭs sātŭr factŭs. Pulsā *or* depulsā fāme. *See* SATUROR. 2. Sts. *Fattened for eating.* ~-æ āves. *M. See* PINGUIS. 3. *Well-filled, fertile, abundant.* ~-i Tārenti rurā. ~-ā præsēpĭ. *V.* ~ auctumnŭs. *Col. See* PLENUS, FERTILIS. 4. *Deep, rich* (of colour); *deeply dyed* (of the garment). Hȳăli sātŭro fucātā cŏlorē (vellĕrā). *V.* ~-æ Tȳrĭo ostro (vestes). *Sen.* [¶ Sātŭratŭs, ebrĭŭs.]

SATŬRATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SATURO. *Sated, full-fed, fattened; deep-dyed. See* SATUR.

SATŬREIĂ, *or* SATŬREJĂ, æ. *f.,* *and* SATŬREIUM, i. *n. The herb savory.* Sunt qui præcĭpĭant herbas sātŭreiā nŏcentes Sumĕrē. *O.* ~ thȳmi rĕfĕrens thymbræquē sāporem. *Col. See* THYMBRA.

SATURNALIĂ, ĭum *and* ĭorum, ĭbŭs. *n. pl. A yearly festival in honour of Saturn.* Istĕ tĭbi fāciet bŏnā Saturnalĭā porcŭs. *M.* **Crol.** Saturni festa (sācrā, fĕrīæ, solennĭā dĭes, *pl.*, tempŏrā, tempŭs). Dĭes, *pl.* (*ep.* uncti, mādĭdi) falcĭfĕri dĕi. Annŭā servorum festā. S. f. tempŏrā. Libertas Dĕcembri.

SATURNIĂ, æ. *f. A name of Juno, as daughter of Saturn.* Id mĕtŭens, vĕtĕrisquē mĕmor Saturnĭā belli. *V. See* JUNO.

SATURNIŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Saturn.* Salve, magna pārens frugum, Saturnĭā tellus (*Italy*). *V.* Rĕdĕunt Saturnĭā regnā. *V.* 2. ~ versŭs, nūmĕrŭs. *An ancient Italian metre. H.* 3. *Used of Jupiter, Pluto, and Neptune, as sons of Saturn. V. O.*

SATURNŬS, i. *m.* 1. *The son of Uranus and Ops* or *Cybele, and father of the gods. He was dethroned by Jupiter, and is said to have taken refuge and reigned in Latium. During his reign was the Golden Age.* Primŭs ăb æthĕrĭo venit Saturnŭs ŏlympo. *V.* **Ep.** Antiquŭs, priscŭs, cānŭs, sĕnex; prŏfŭgŭs, exsŭl; falcĭgĕr, falcĭtĕnens. **Crol.** Saturnŭs pātĕr. Falcĭfĕr sĕnex. Falcĭtĕnens *or* falcĭgĕr dĕŭs. *See* AUREA ÆTAS. 2. *The planet Saturn* (supposed to be of evil influence). *H.* 3. Saturni lux *or* dĭes, ei. *Saturday. Tib.*

SATŬRO, as. 1. *To satiate, fill full, feed to the full; to satisfy, content by filling.* Lit. and fig. Non ĕpŭlis sātŭrarĕ fāmem, non fontĭbŭs ullis. *Cl.* ~ vĭdŭum āmorem. *Cat.* [¶ Exsātŭro, sātĭo, exsātĭo, explĕo, rēplĕo, pasco; implĕo; *sts.* placo, sedo.] 2. *To saturate with wet; with a dye, &c.* ~ cultā āquis. *M.* cāpillum multo āmomo. *St.* telā vĕneno. *L.* vestes murĭcĕ. *Cl. See* MADEFACIO, TINGO. 3. *To saturate with manure, &c.* ~ sŏlā fĭmo pingui. *V.* jejunā terræ armenti fĭmo. *Col.* 4. *To weary out, to fill to disgust, &c. Pl.*

SATŬRŎR, aris. *pass.* 1. *To be satisfied with food; to be full, to have fed enough.* Nec cȳtĭso sātŭrantŭr āpes, nec frondē capellæ. *V.* [¶ Sātŭrŏr, exsātĭŏr, explēŏr; *sts.* ălŏr, nutrĭŏr.] **Crol.** Sātŭr sum *or* fio. Fāmem -sātĭo, sātŭro, explĕo, pello, depello, rēpello, exĭmo, comprĭmo, sedo, placo, lĕvo, rĕlĕvo, solŏr, dŏmo, propulso, depono, sustento. Cĭbis *or* dāpĭbŭs fāmem pello, &c. Esca me rēplĕo *or* explĕo. Inglŭvĭem explĕo. Jejunā -placo, curo, pasco, sedo. Ventrĭs jejunā placo. **Phr.** *Of hunger satisfied.* Postquam fāmes exemptā (āmŏr ēdendi compressūs) est. Post compŏsĭtam (placatam) fāmem. Postquam quĭes ĕpŭlis. Fāmem, ĕpŭlis blĭs terquē rĕpostis, placant, &c. Victu vires rĕvŏcant. Bacchi ĕt pinguĭs fĕrinæ implentŭr. Jejunā, &c., cædē bŏum finĭunt (solvunt, explent, solantŭr). Jejunā cŭpido expletŭr. *See* EDO. 2. *Fattened.* ~-ātā stagno Lŭcrino (ostrĕā). *M.* Fig. 3. ~-ātā gnati cara fĭgura. *Cat.* (necdum) antiquum dŏlorem. *V.* 4. *Deep-dyed.* ~-ātā Tȳrĭo murĭcĕ pallā. *O. See* SATURO.

SATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SERO. 1. *Sown, planted.* Atquē sātas ălĭo vidi traducĕrē messes. *V.* 2. Sātā, orum. *n. pl. Land sown, crops.* Sātā lætā bŏumquē lăbores dilŭĭt (plŭvĭā). *V.* Dulcē sātis humŏr. *V.* [¶ Cultā, ăgĕr, sēgĕs, &c.] 3. *Begotten, born.* ~ sanguĭnĕ divum. *V.* Matrē Terra. *O.* [¶ Crĕātŭs, gĕnĭtŭs, natŭs, &c.]

SATȲRĂ, æ. *f. See* SATIRA.

SATȲRŬS, i. *m.;* SATȲRI, orum. *pl.; and* SATȲRĂ, æ. *f. Lr. A Satyr; the Satyrs.* Ecce lĕves Sātȳri, prævĭā turbā dĕi. *O.* **Ep.** Caprĭpĕdes. *See* FAUNI.

SAUCIO, as. 1. *To wound.* Lit. and fig. Rumpĭt, ĕt indigno saucĭāt unguē gĕnas. *O.* ~ hŭmum vomĕrē. *O.* [¶ Vulnĕro, lædo, &c.] *See* VULNERO. 2. ~ se. *To be the worse for drink. Enn.* (*apud Fulg.*)

SAUCĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Wounded.* Lit. and fig. Quales mugitus, fugit quum saucĭŭs aram Taurŭs. *V.* ~ vomĕrĭbŭs tellus. *O.* Afrĭco malŭs. *H.* cura. *V.* [¶ Saucĭatŭs, vulnĕratŭs, læsŭs, offensŭs, ictŭs, percussŭs, confossŭs.] **Crol.** Grāvi vulnĕrē saucĭŭs. Vulnĕrē -confossŭs, proscissŭs, tardŭs. 2. Sts. = ebrĭŭs. *The worse for drink. M.*

SAURŌMĀTĀ, æ. *m. See* SARMATA.

SAVĪUM. *See* SUAVIUM.

SAXATĪLIS, ĕ. *That dwells among rocks;* used also subst. (sc. piscis, *a rock-fish.*) Tum vĭrĭdis squamis, parvo saxatĭlĭs orĕ. *O.*

SAXĔŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of rock or stone.* Ejectiquĕ dŏmo, fŭgĭebant saxĕă tectă. *Lr.* ~ umbrĭ. ~-ă factă pŏsŭĭt sensum mĭli. *O.* [† Lăpĭdĕŭs.] 2. Sts. *Of marble.* ~ effĭgies. *Cat.*

SAXĬFĔR, ĕrĭ, ĕrum. *Carrying stone* (sp. when used for shot). Saxĭfĕræ surgat quĭbŭs imbĕr hăbenæ. *V. Fl.*

SAXĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. *Turning into stone, petrifying.* Rĕmŏve tŭă monstrĭ, tŭosquĕ Saxĭfĭcos vultus. *O.* ~ Mĕdusă. *L.*

SAXO, ŏnĭs. *m.;* SAXŎNĔS, um. *pl. A Saxon; the Saxons.* Quæ sævis objectă Gĕtis, quæ Saxŏnă frenăt, Vel Scotum lĕgio. *Cl.*

SAXOSŬS, ă, um. *Rocky, stony.* Nascuntur stĕrĭles saxosis montĭbŭs orni. *V.* [† *Sts.* Scŏpŭlosŭs; *ext.* scăbĕr, aspĕr, scrupĕŭs, sălĕbrosŭs.] Crcl. Saxis -aspĕr, horrens, rĭgens, crebĕr, frĕquens.

SAXUM, i. *n.* 1. *A stone.* Jamquĕ fŭces et saxă vŏlant. *V.* Cæděrĕ pŏpŭlum ~-is. *H.* [† Lăpis.] *See* L. 2. Us. *A large stone for building.* Structă rĭgent sŏlĭdo saxo (mœnĭă). *O.* 3. *A millstone.* Frangĕrĕ fruges ~-o. *V.* [† Mŏlă.] 4. *A tomb-stone.* Signant quŏquĕ carmĭnĕ saxum. *V. See* SEPULCHRUM. 5. Us. pl. *A range of stony* or *rocky land; rocks, crags; rocks at sea.* "In ăpricis ~-is vindemĭă cŏqulĭtur. *V.* Pĕtunt ~-ă căpellæ. *V.* Nŏtŭs In ~-ă lătentĭă (naves) torquĕt. *V. See* RUPES, SCOPULUS. 6. *The Tarpeian rock.* Appellant Saxum: pars bŏnă montĭs ĕrăt. *O.* Crcl. Saxum Tarpeium. 7. Sts. *Marble.* ~-o făbrĭcatŭs cănĭs. *O. See* MARMOR.

SCĂBĔR, scabrĭ, scabrum (*not* scăbrĭ, &c.). 1. *Unsmooth, uneven, rough.* Exesa invĕnĭet scabra rubiginĕ pilă. *V. See* ASPER. 2. *In a coarse, rugged, wild state.* ~ mŏlă. *O.* tofŭs. *V.* [† Aspĕr, horrens, horrĭdŭs; *sts.* scrupĕŭs.]

SCĂBIES, ei. *f.* 1. *The scab, itch, mange;* hence, *any catching, dirty infection.* Lit. and fig. Ut mălă quem scăbies aut morbus regĭŭs urget. *H.* "Oves tentăt ~. *V.* ~ lŭcri. *H.* [† Scabrĭtĭă, scabrĭtĭes (*Col.*); pruritĭă.] Ep. Aspĕrĭ, turpĭs, fœdă, obscenă, immundă; mŏlestă. Phr. Scăbies -qm tentăt, occŭpăt, depasclĭtur;—cŭtem rodĭt *or* exĕdĭt. Scăbĭem pătĭŏr. Scăbie infestŏr *or* lăboro. 2. *Rust.* ~-e lædĕrĕ ferrum. *V. See* RUBIGO.

SCĂBIOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Scabby, itchy.* Namque est scăbĭosŭs, ĕt acri Bilĕ tŭmĕt. *Pers.* 2. *Used of damaged corn. Pers.*

SCĂBO, ĭs (scabi *dbf.*). *To scratch.* Sæpĕ căput scăbĕret, vivos et rodĕrĕt ungues. *H.* [† Frĭco, scalpo.] Crcl. Dĭgĭto *or* unguĕ -scăbo, scalpo, rado.

SCÆVŎLĂ, æ. *m. Mucius Scævola.* Nec non et Scævŏlă trunco Nobĭlĭŏr. *Man.* [† Mucĭus.] *See* M.

SCÆVŬS, ă, um. (σκαιός.) *Left, that which is* or *comes on the left;* hence, *ill-omened, unfavorable.* Cănisvĕ scævă, susquĕ lignŏ tŭbĭ. *Tib.* (*Priap.*, but dbf.) *See* LÆVUS.

SCALÆ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *A ladder.* Rescindit vallum, et scalas in mœnĭă poscĭt. *V.* Ep. Altæ, erectæ, sublimes. Crcl. Scalarum grādus. 2. *A landing-ladder* (for vessels). Expŏsĭtis ~-is ĕt pontĕ pĕrato (rătĭs stabăt). *V.* 3. *A staircase.* Lăterĕ In ~-is. *H.* 4. *The steps of the ladder, staircase,* &c. *M.* [† Grādus.]

SCALPO, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To scratch, scrape, rub.* ~ dĭgĭto uno căput. *J.* [† Scăbo, frĭco, rado.] Fig. 2. *To tickle.* ~ intĭmă trĕmŭlo versu. *Pers.* [† Frĭco, defrĭco, rado.] 3. *To dig up a little.* Scalpĕrĕ terram unguĭbŭs. *H. See* FODIO. 4. *To engrave.* ~ quĕrelam sĕpulchro. *H.* [† Insculpo, incido.] *See* SCULPO.

SCALPRUM, i. *n. Any tool for cutting* (knife, chisel, &c.). *H.*

SCĂMANDĔR, dri. *m. A river of Troy.* Testĭs ĕrit magnis virtutĭbŭs undă Scămandri. *Cat.*

SCAMNUM, i. *n. A bench, stool, footstool.* Et căvă sub tĕnĕrum scamnă dĕdissĕ pĕdem. *O.* [† Scamnellum.] *See* SEDILE.

SCANDO, ĭs, i, sum. 1. Intr. *To climb, to ascend.* Lit. and fig. ~ In dŏmos sŭpĕras; Tarpeias In arces. *O.* ăd nĭdum vŏlŭcrĭs (de felĕ). *Ph. See* ASCENDO. 2. Tr. ~ ĕquum (Trojanum). *V.* puppim. *V. Fl.* Căpĭtolĭă curru. *L.* grādus ætatĭs ădultæ. *Lr.*

SCĂPHĂ, æ. *f. A sailing-boat, a skiff.* Tunc me blremis præsĭdĭo scăphæ. *H. See* CYMBA.

SCĂPHĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A vessel boat-shaped, a basin.* Et ramentă simul ferri fŭrĕre intŭs ăhenis In scăphĭis. *Lr.* 2. *A chamber-pot. M.* [† Lăsănum.]

SCĂPŬLÆ, arum. *f. pl. The shoulder-blades, the shoulders* (of men and animals). Convĕnĭunt tĕnŭes scăpŭlis ănĭlectrĭdes altis. *O.* [† Hŭmĕri (*of men*); armi (*us. of animals*).]

SCAPŬS, i. *m. A weaver's yarn-beam.* Insĭlĭa, ac fusi, et rădĭi, scapiquĕ sŏnantes. *Lr.*

SCĂRĂBĔŬS, i. *m. A beetle.* Grilli, scărăbei, locustarum copĭă. *Ph.*

SCĂRŬS, i. *m. A sea-fish* [considered a great delicacy by the Romans]. Ut scărŭs, epastas solus qui rumĭnăt herbas. *O.*

SCĂTĔBRÆ, *and* SCĂTEBRÆ, arum. *f. pl. Springing, gushing water.* Saxă clĕt, scătĕbrisque arentĭă tempĕrăt arvă. *V.* [Sing. *Att.* (*apud Non.*)] *See* FONS.

SCĂTĔO, es, *and* SCĂTO, ĭs. 1. *To spring, to gush* or *flow forth* (as water). Largĭflŭum fontem scătĕre, atque erumpĕrĕ flumĕn. *Lr.* ~ vino. *Pl.* [† Flŭo, effŭo, exĕo, erumpo.] 2. *To swarm with.* Terră fĕrarum ~-ĭt. *Lr.* ~ bellŭis (de ponto). *H. See* ABUNDO.

SCAURŬS, ă, um. *Club-footed.* Balbutit scaurum pravis fultum mălĕ talis. *H.*

SCĔLĔRĂTŬS, ă, um. 1. Of persons. *Wicked, criminal, infamous, impious.* Facto plŭs et scĕlĕratŭs ĕodem. *O.* ~ gens. *V.* [† Nĕfarĭŭs, nĕfandŭs, imprŏbŭs, implŭs, flagĭtĭosŭs, ĭniquŭs, mălŭs, scĕlestŭs, perversŭs, nŏcens, sons; *sts.* ătrox, immanis.] Crcl. Scĕlĕris *or* scĕlĕrum -artĭfex, auctŏr, rĕŭs, inventŏr, hortatŏr. Æqui contemptŏr *or* impătĭens. Crimĕn (nĕfas) ausŭs *or* ădorsŭs. Audax In sontes ausus. Pronŭs ăd omnĕ nĕfas. Phr. Ausŭs immanĕ nĕfas. Antĕ omnes scĕlĕrĕ immanĭŏr. Rŭĭt pĕr vĕtĭtum nĕfas. Nitĭtŭr In vĕtĭtum. Pĕr fasquĕ nĕfasquĕ rŭens. Cui mens crimĭnĭbŭs frigidă est. Cui nĭhĭl scĕlĕris inausum intentatumvĕ est. *See* INJUSTUS. 2. Of things; sp. of places where crime has been committed or expiated. ~-i ignes. *O.* ~ ămŏr. *O.* insanĭă belli. *V.* sedes. *O.* limĕn. *V.* [☞ *O.* and *V.* of the abode of the wicked in the infernal regions.] [† Nĕfandŭs, infandŭs, implŭs, &c.] 3. *Hurtful, pernicious, disastrous.* ~ frigŭs. *V.* lŭes. *M. See* NOXIUS. 4. Used as a term of abuse from dislike, annoyance, &c. *Rascally, rascal, rogue,* &c. ~-ă pŏemătă. *M.* ~ Proteus. *H. See* MOLESTUS, SCELESTUS.

SCĔLĔRO, as. *To pollute by any wicked deed.* Implĭă non vĕrĭta est divum scĕlĕrarĕ Pĕnates. *Cat.* ~ plus mănus. *V. See* POLLUO.

SCĔLĔROSŬS, ă, um. *anc. Full of wickedness and crime.* Relĭgĭo pĕpĕrit scĕlĕrosa atque implĭă factă. *Lr.*

Scĕlestŭs, ă, um. *Wicked, criminal, impious.* Raro antĕcedentem scĕlestum Desĕrŭit pĕdĕ Pœnâ claudo. *H.* [Scelestus must not be used in an hexameter or pentameter verse.] *See* Scelĕratus.

Scĕlŭs, ĕris. *n.* 1. *Wickedness, a wicked deed.* Non scĕlŭs invĕnies, quŏd ĕnim scĕlŭs errŏr hăbebăt? *O.* ∾-is vestigĭă nostri. *V.* [† Făcĭnŭs, nĕfas, crimĕn, flagĭtĭum, plăcŭlă, commissum, delictum, culpă, peccatum, implĕtas.] **Ep.** Infandum, nĕfandum, nĕfarĭum, implum, impŏrŏbum, Iniquum, atrum, immanĕ, sævum, crudelĕ, ătrox, fœdum, turpĕ, pŭdendum; cæcum, lătens, abdĭtum, occultum, ăpertum. **Crcl.** Scĕlĕratum *or* nĕfandum factum. Implĭ *or* nĕfarĭă factă. Sontes ausus. Culpæ crimĕn. Scĕlĕrum –labes, lŭes, deděcŭs, prŏbrum. Vĕtĭtum nĕfas. Scĕlĕratæ vitæ crimĭnă. *See* Culpa, Scelĕratus. 2. *A villain, scoundrel. Ter.* 3. Sts. used for the punishment of the act. Quŏd ∾ aut Lăpĭthas tantum, aut Călŷdonă mĕrentem? *V.*

Scenă, æ. *f.* (σκηνή.) 1. *A place overhung* or *enclosed by shadowing trees; an arbour, bower; tent.* Tum silvis scenă cŏruscis Desŭpĕr, horrentique atrum nĕmŭs immĭnĕt umbra. *V.* ('*Scena* dicitur arborum in se incumbentium quasi concamerata densatio, ut subterpositos tegere possit.') *See* Umbraculum. 2. Us. *A stage, a scene; a theatre.* Proměrĕ qd ĭn ∾-am. *H.* ∾-is ăgĭtatŭs ˘Orestes. *V. See* Theatrum.

Scenĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the theatre, the drama.* Et sola tantum scenĭcŭs artĕ fĕrŏr. *M.* [† Thĕatralis.]

Sceptrĭfĕr, *and* **Sceptrĭgĕr**, ĕră, ĕrum. *Sceptre-bearing.* Sceptrĭfĕras Servi templă dĕdissĕ mănus. *O.* Sceptrĭgĕro cum regĕ. *Sil. See* Regius.

Sceptrum, i. *n.* 1. *A royal staff, a baton, a sceptre.* Ut sceptrum hoc . . . Nunquam frondĕ lĕvi fundet virgultă nĕc umbras. *V.* Aurĕă cur dextræ sceptrăděděrĕ mĕæ? *O.* [† Scipĭo; *sts.* rĕgĭmĕn.] **Ep.** Auratum, aurĕum, ĕburnum, dĕcorum, insignĕ, fulgens, cŏruscum, vĕrendum, vĕnĕrandum, pŏtens. **Crcl.** Regĭs insignĕ *or* gestamĕn. Sceptri –dĕcŭs, ĕbŭr, hŏnos, grăvĭtas. Regalĭs dextræ rĕgĭmĕn. *See* Diadema. 2. Fig. *Kingly power* or *dominion.* ∾-is pŏtiri. *V.* [† Regnum.]

Schĕdă (Scĭda. *Cic.*), æ. *f.* (σχέδη.) *A leaf* or *sheet of paper.* Nec summa pŏtĕs in schĕda tĕneri. *M.* [† Pagină, plăgŭlă.]

Schemă, ătis. *n.* (σχῆμα.) 1. *Form, figure;* us. *attire, costume.* Cæsărĭs atquĕ Jŏvis confer nunc schemă, jŭvenci &c. *M.* 2. *A figure of speech.* Nĕc dŭbĭo ∾-ĕ, sĕd ăperte nomĭnăt illam. *M.* [† Figură.]

Schismă, ătis. *m.* (σχίσμα.) *Schism. Eccl.* Invĕnio Hippŏlŷtum, qui quondam schismă Nŏvati Presbŷtĕr attĭgĕrăt. *Prud.* [† Scissură.]

Schœnŏbătes, æ. *m. A rope-dancer.* Augur, schœnŏbătes, mĕdĭcus, măgus: omnĭă novit. *J. See* Funambulus.

Schŏlă, æ. *f.* (σχολή.) *A school.* Quartus dies est, in schŏla pŏetarum. *M.* [† Ludŭs, gymnăsium.]

Sciens, tis. *part. See* Scio. Used also adj. 1. *Knowing, well-informed.* [† Gnarŭs certĭŏr, mŏnĭtŭs.] 2. *Acting of set purpose, fully aware,* &c. Parco scĭens. *Ph.* [† Prudens, spontĕ.] 3. *Expert, skilful, experienced in any thing.* ∾ pugnæ; cĭthăræ. *H.* Vĕnefĭcæ scĭentĭoris carmĭnĕ. *H.* [† Doctŭs, pĕritŭs.] *See* Doctus.

Scĭentĭă, æ. *f. Knowledge, science, skill.* Jamjam effĭcaci do mănus scĭentiæ. *H.* [† Doctrină, ars, discĭplină, stŭdĭum; *sts.* scirĕ. Castæ Pallădĭs artes.] *See* Ars, Studium.

Scĭlĭcĕt. *conj.* 1. *For, for undoubtedly, it is true, the fact is.* Ter sunt conati imponĕrĕ Pelĭo Ossam Scĭlĭcĕt &c. *V.* ∾ In vulgus manant. *Cl.* [† Nempĕ, vĭdelĭcĕt, nimirum, quippĕ.] *See* Nam. 2. *Now, so then, ay.* ∾ ĕt tempŭs vĕnĭt, quum &c. *V.* [† Porro, ergo, ĭgĭtŭr.] 3. *Without doubt, assuredly.* ˘Id Orcum scire ŏportĕ ∾. *Pl.* [† Nimirum, nempĕ, prŏfecto, næ.] 4. *Yes, certainly* (in answers). Ducendă indutătă est? ∾. *Ter.* [† Næ, ĭtă, maxĭme, plane, &c.] 5. *Oh! no doubt! forsooth!* (ironically). ∾ Is sŭpĕris lăbŏr est. *V.* [† Vĭdelĭcĕt, nempĕ, &c.]

Scillă, æ. *f. A squill; a sea-onion.* Scillamque hellĕbŏrosque grăves, nigrumquĕ bĭtumĕn. *V. See* Bulbus.

Scindo, is, scĭdi, scissum. 1. *To part, to cleave apart* or *into parts, cleave open; to tear, mangle.* Nam primi cŭnĕis scindebant fissilĕ lignum. *V.* ∾ terras ăratro; căpillos. *O.* corpŭs (verbĕrĭbŭs). *Sil.* tellurem undis (de mări). *L.* [† Findo, divĭdo, sepăro, diduco, ăpĕrĭo, proscindo, discindo, rumpo, abrumpo, lăcĕro, sĕco; *sts.* vello.] *See* Separo, Seco. 2. Fig. ∾-ĭtŭr vulgŭs stŭdĭa ĭn contrarĭă. *V.* ∾ verbă fletu (*to interrupt*). *O.*

Scintillă, æ. *f.* 1. *A spark.* Et primum scĭlĭci scintillam excudĭt ˘Achates. *V.* ∾-am prosĭlŭĭssĕ fĕrŭnt. *O.* ∾-as dissŭpăt ignis. *Lr.* **Ep.** Rŭbens, ignită, ignĕă, ardens, cŏruscans, mĭcans, vŏlans, tĕnŭis. **Crcl.** Semĭnă flammæ. 2. Fig. *Of the fire flashing from the eye,* &c. Toto ardentis ăb orĕ ∾-æ absistunt. *V.* [† Ignis, ignes, flammă, flammæ, fulgŭră.]

Scintillo, as. *To send out sparks, to sparkle.* Lit. and fig. Scintillare ŏlĕum, et putres concrescĕrĕ fungos. *V.* **Crcl.** Scintillas –mitto, do, jăcio, ăgo. Scintillă –prosĭlĭt, exăllĭt, absistĭt.

Scĭŏ, scis, scivi *or* scĭi (scibam = scĭebam. *Cat.*), scitum. 1. *To know.* Nunc scĭŏ quid sit ămŏr &c. *V.* Scis ipsa, et scirĕ fătĕris. *V.* Scissĕ sĕd ipsă nĕgăt. *O.* [† Novi, callĕo, cognosco, intellĭgo; *sts.* tĕnĕo.] **Crcl.** Non ignoro. Non nescio. Non sum ignarŭs *or* nescĭŭs. Non me –lătĕt, fŭgĭt, prætĕrĭt. Mĭhĭ –lĭquĕt, compertum est, notum est. 2. Scirĕ (infin.). Used subst. *Knowledge.* Scirĕ tŭum nĭhĭl est, nĭsi te scire hoc scĭăt altĕr. *Pers.* 3. Scires (with infin.). *You would say, you could tell,* &c. Scires audissĕ; rŭbebăt. *O.* Scires a Pallădĕ doctam. *O.*

Scipĭades, æ. *m., and* **Scipĭŏ**, onis. *m.* 1. *The name of a renowned Roman family of the* gens Cornelia. Claram Scipĭădum tăcĕăt Corneiă gentem. *Cl.* 2. Pl. *Used of the two brothers who were opposed to Asdrubal, and were killed in Spain.* Dŭŏ fulmĭnă gentis, Scipĭădæ. *Sil.* 3. Sp. *P. C. Scipio Africanus Major, the conqueror of Annibal.* Virtus ∾-æ ĕt săpĭentĭă Læli. *H.* **Phr.** Pœnum qui Lătĭis rĕvŏcavĭt ăb arcĭbŭs hostem. [† Afrĭcanŭs.] 4. Sp. *P. C. Scipio Æmilianus Africanus Minor, who destroyed Numantia and Carthage.* Contĭgŭus poni, Scipĭŏ magnĕ, tĭbĭ (Ennĭŭs). *O.* 5. Pl. *Used of the two Africani.* Sing. *Of either Africanus.* Gĕmĭnos, dŭŏ fulmĭnă bellĭ, Scipĭădas. *V.* Scipĭădes fulmen bellĭ, Carthaginis horrŏr. *Lr.* **Phr.** Nomĕn ăb oppressa Carthaginĕ duxit. Dŏmĭta ăb Afrĭca nomĕn lŭcratŭs.

I. **Scipĭo**, onis. *m. A staff, a wand.* Frontem tăbernæ scipĭonĭbus scribam. *Cat. See* Baculus. II. *See* Scipiades.

Scirpĕă, æ. *f. A rush-basket, net,* or *mat.* Sustŭlĭt, in plaustro scirpĕă lată fŭit. *O.* [† Tĕgĕs.]

Scirpĕŭs, ă, um. *Made of rushes.* Scirpĕă pro

dŏmĭno Tĭbĕri jactetŭr ĭmago. *O.* [† Juncĕŭs.]

SCIRPĬCŬLĂ, *or* SIRPĬCŬLĂ, æ. *f.* (SIRPĬCŬLUS, i. *m. Cat.*) *dim. A basket of rushes*, or *of wicker-work.* Sirpĭcŭlis mĕdĭo pulvĕrĕ ferrĕ rŏsam. *Pp.*

SCIRPŬS, i. *m. A rush, bulrush.* O scirpĕ, scirpĕ, laudo fortunas tŭas. *Pl.* [† Juncŭs.]

SCISCO, ĭs, scivi, scitum. 1. *To seek to learn* or *to know, to inquire. Pl. See* RESCISCO. 2. *To decree.* Et solem conceděrĕ nocti Sciscant. *Sil.* [† Decerno, &c.] *See* SCITUM.

SCISSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SCINDO. *Parted, cleft in parts, torn.* ∾ campŭs. *St.* ∾-æ cŏmæ. *O.* ∾-ă cŏmam. *V.* ∾-o gurgĭtĕ rivis. *L.* [† Abscissŭs, divisŭs, ăpertŭs, lăcĕratŭs, &c.] *See* LACER.

SCITŎR, ārĭs. *To ask, to question.* Tum vero ardemus scitari et quærĕrĕ causas. *V.* Scitatum oracŭlă Phœbi mittĭmŭs. *V. See* INTERROGO.

SCITUM, i. *n. An enactment, a decree.* Scită pătrum et leges, et jurĕ, fĭdemquĕ &c. *Sil.* [† Decretum.] *See* PLEBISCITUM.

SCITŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SCISCO. Used act. as adj. 1. *Having knowledge, experienced, skilful.* Membrisquĕ vălens, scitusquĕ vădorum. *O.* ∾ lyræ. *O.* accendĕrĕ cordă laudĭbŭs. *Sil.* [† Sciens, pĕrĭtŭs, doctŭs.] 2. *Shrewd, knowing. Pl.* [† Callĭdŭs, argutŭs.] 3. *Pretty, fine.* ∾ pŭĕr est natŭs Pamphĭlo (*a fine boy*). *Ter.* [† Pulchĕr, clĕgans.]

SCŎBĬS, *or* SCOBS, ŏbĭs. *f. Saw-dust, shavings, filings*, &c. Semŏdĭo scŏbĭs hæc emendat servŭlŭs unŭs. *J.* [Scobs is not found, but Priscian admits it.]

SCOMBĔR, bri. *m. A mackerel* (?). Et laxas scombris sæpĕ dăbunt tŭnĭcas. *Cat.* **Crcl.** Piscĭs ˘Ibĕrŭs.

SCOPÆ, arum. *f. pl. A broom* (of twigs). Vilĭbŭs in scopis, in mappis, in scŏbĕ quantŭs. *H.*

SCŎPŬLOSŬS, ă, um. *Rocky, full of crags.* Hinc illinc montes scŏpŭlosæ rupĭs ăperto. *L.* [† Saxosŭs.]

SCŎPŬLŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A rocky cliff, rock, crag on the coast* or *in the sea.* Turbĭnĕ corripŭit, scŏpŭloque infixĭt ăcuto. *V.* Infames scŏpŭlos Acrŏcĕraunĭă. *H.* [† Rupes, saxum, cautes, sĭlex.] **Ep.** Durŭs, aspĕr; ingens, immanĭs, sublimĭs, sŏnans, undĭsŏnŭs, frăgosŭs, navĭfrăgŭs, humens; ventorum fŭrĭis obvĭŭs; vento expostŭs. **Crcl.** Scŏpŭli *or* scŏpŭlorum -cautes, pĕrĭcŭlă, pĕrĭclă. **Phr.** 1. *Rock* or *cliff running out into the sea.* Rupes, quæ ĭn æquŏr prodĭt. Terrā scŏpŭlis ĭn æquŏr procurrĭt. **Phr.** 2. *Breakers at sea.* Horrĭdă ĭn mĕdĭo ponto rupes. Dorsum immanĕ mĕri summo. **Phr.** 3. *High cliff* or *rock.* Rupes ardŭo surgĭt jŭgo. Immanĕ saxum undis mĭnatŭr. Fig. 2. *Used of what is dangerous and destructive.* Omnĭă tabescĕre, ĕt irĕ ăd scŏpŭlum. *Lr.* 3. *Any high rock* or *peak.* Pĕr rupes, scŏpŭlosque, &c., tentăt ĭtĕr. *O. See* RUPES.

SCORPĬŎS, *or* SCORPĬŬS, ĭi. *m.* 1. *A scorpion.* Scorpĭŭs exibit, caudaquĕ mĭnabĭtŭr unca. *O.* **Ep.** Dirŭs, infestŭs, letĭfĕr, vĕnenosŭs; unca cauda vĕnenĭfĕr; caudæ ăcumĭnĕ mĕtŭendŭs. 2. *The constellation so called.* Scorpĭŏn immisit tellus. *O.* [† Nĕpă.] **Crcl.** Nĕpæ astrā *or* signă.

SCORTĂCŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of hides* or *leather, leathern.* Scortĕă non illi fas est inferrĕ săcello. *O.* 2. Used subst. f. (sc. vestis.) *M.*

SCOTI, orum. *m. pl. The Scots.* Scotorum cŭmŭlos flevit glăcĭalis ˘Ierne. *Cl.*

SCOTĬCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Scots.* Ne telă tĭmerem Scotĭcă, ne Pictum &c. *Cl.*

SCRIBĂ, æ. *m. A secretary, clerk.* Musă, rŏgată rĕfer cŏmĭti scribæque Nĕronis. *H.*

SCRIBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To trace* or *draw lines.* Arvăquĕ sanguĭnĕo scribit rŭtĭlantĭă gyro. *St.* [† Sulco, ăro, exăro, &c.] 2. *To trace* or *draw the outline of a figure;* hence, *to draw, paint, and represent a likeness.* Scripto viventes lumĭnĕ ceræ. *St.* Scriptŭs ĕs æterno nunc primum Jupĭtĕr auro. *M.* [† Effingo, pingo, &c.] Hence also—3. With ăcu. *To embroider* (trace figures, &c.). Vărĭată pĕr artem aulæis scribuntŭr ăcu. *Sil. See* PINGO. 4. *To write* (trace letters). ∾-ĭtŭr Cynthĭă cortĭcĭbŭs. *Pp.* [† Conscribo, inscribo, ăro, pĕrăro, exăro, nŏto, signo; *sts.* scalpo.] **Crcl.** Cĕlămo tăbellas (membranam) exăro *or* pĕrăro. Chartis qd illĭno. Ceras implĕo. Chartam ăro. Chartis carmĭnă, &c., mando. 5. *To engrave letters* (= inscribo). ∾ tŭmŭlo &c. *M.* [† Inscribo, scalpo, incido, &c.] 6. *To write a book, to compose a work.* ∾ lĭbellos. *O.* ĕpŏs. *M.* sătĭram. *J.* [† Conscribo, perscribo, compono, pango.] **Crcl.** Chartis -intexo, mando, trado, committo, describo. Lĭbris arcanā credo. Chartis illudo. *See* CARMEN. 8. *To sing of, celebrate. H.* [† Cănо, dico, cĕlĕbro, &c.] *See* CELEBRO. 9. *To name in a will. J. H.* 10. *To describe.* ∾ formam ĕt sĭtum ăgri. *H. See* DESCRIBO. 11. *To assign, impose* (as if by enactment). ∾ leges ventis. *Sen.* [† Adscribo, impono.] 12. Fig. *To engrave on the memory* (= inscribo). [† Infigo, defigo, rĕpono.]

SCRINĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A small chest* or *box.* Scrinĭăque ad lecti clausă jăcerĕ pĕdes. *Pp.* [† Capsă, arcă, arcŭlă.] 2. *A wooden case for keeping papers, books*, &c.; hence, *a kind of portfolio.* Cĕlămum, ĕt chartas, ĕt scrinĭă. *H.* Scrinĭă curvă (*the shape of some in use being cylindrical*). *O.*

SCRIPTŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A writer, a clerk.* Ut scriptor si peccăt ĭdem librarĭŭs usquĕ. *H.* [† Librarĭŭs.] 2. *A writer, an author.* [† Auctŏr, condĭtŏr; *sts.* pŏetă, vates.]

SCRIPTŬLĂ, orum. *n.* (*from* Scribo.) *Twelve crossing lines drawn on a board for a game. O.*

SCRIPTUM, i. *n. A writing, a work.* Scriptă fĕrunt annos, scriptis ˘Agămemnŏnă nosti. *O.* [† ˘Opŭs, lĭbĕr, lĭbellŭs, chartă, vŏlumĕn; *sts.* scriptură, mŏnŭmentum, mŏnŭmentă.] **Crcl.** Scriptŭs lĭbĕr *or* lĭbellŭs. Mansuræ chartæ.

SCRIPTURĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A copy in writing.* Scriptură quanti constĕt, et tŏmus villĭ. *M.* 2. *A writing, a written work. Ter. See* SCRIPTUM. 3. *The style of a writing.* Tĕnŭi oratĭonĕ ĕt scriptura lĕvi. *Ter.* [† Oratĭo, stĭlŭs.] 4. *Holy Writ. Eccl.*

SCRIPŬLUM, *or* SCRUPŬLUM, i. *n. The smallest part of a weight*, i. e. *the twenty-fourth part of an ounce.* Quinquĕ trăhant mărăthi scrupŭlă; myrrhă nŏvem. *O.*

SCRŎBĬS, *or* SCROBS (*Prisc.*), ŏbĭs. *m.*, *sts. f.* 1. *A hole, a furrow, a ditch.* Insĕrăt, et scrŏbĭbus mandet mutată sŭbactis. *V.* [† Fossă, pŭtĕŭs.] 2. *A grave. M.*

SCROFĂ, æ. *f. A breeding-sow.* Atque ĕădem scrofa Nĭŏbe fecundĭŏr alba. *J.* [† Porcă, sus.]

SCRUPĔŬS, *and* SCRUPOSŬS, ă, um. *Stony, pebbly, shingly.* Scrupĕă, tută lăcu nigro nĕmŏrumquĕ tĕnebris (spelunca). *V.* [† Saxosŭs, aspĕr, horrens, scăbĕr; *ext.* invĭŭs, ardŭŭs, difficĭlis.]

SCRUPŬLŬS, i. *m. A small pointed stone, a bit of gravel;* fig. *a scruple, doubt, difficulty.* Injĭcĕrĕ ∾-um. *Cl. Ter.*

SCRUPŬLUM, i. *n. See* SCRIPULUM.

SCRUTĂ, orum. *n. pl. Old clothes, frippery, trum-*

pery. Villĭ̆ vendentem tŭnĭcato scrută̆ pŏpello. *H.*

SCRUTATŎR, ōrĭs. *m.* 1. *One who searches, explores.* Fluctĭvăgos nautas scrutatoresquĕ prŏfundi. *St.* 2. Sp. *A miner.* ∾ Astŭrĭi auri. *L.* *See* FODINA.

SCRUTŎR, ārĭs. 1. *To explore, search carefully into, investigate, ransack.* Lit. and fig. Scrutatŭr ĕt intĭmă̆ vultus Uncă̆ mănŭs. *St.* ∾ viscĕră̆ glădĭo. *L.* vĭas orĕ (*of the dog*). *Sen.* Itĕr. *Cl.* singŭlă̆. *Ph.* mentes dĕum In fibris. *O.* [¶ Perscrutŏr, rimŏr, perquiro, exquiro, inquiro, vestigo, investigo, exploro.] *See* QUÆRO. 2. *To search the person. Pl.*

SCULPO, Ĭs, psi, ptum. *To form* or *fashion any thing by cutting, carving, graving* (in wood, stone, metal). Intĕrĕă nĭvĕum mira felicĭtĕr artĕ Sculpĭt ĕbŭr. *O.* [¶ Cælo, cudo, excudo, formo, effingo.] Crcl. Cælo marmŏr (æs, ĕbŭr, aurum) effingo *or* formo. Signă̆ (ănĭmosă̆ s.) effingo. Ærĕ̆ (æ. spirantĭă̆, æ. vultum ejs sĭmĭlantĭă̆) cudo *or* excudo. Marmŏrĕ (ĕbŏrĕ, auro) sĭmĭlĭo, &c. Phr. 1. *Of the sculptor.* Solers dĕum (hŏmĭnem) saxo ponĕrĕ. Cui dŏcĭlĭs mănŭs –ceras fingĕrĕ;—aurum *or* ĕbŭr impressis fĭguris ănĭmarĕ. Doctŭs saxă̆ mollĭă̆ făcĕrĕ. D. molles căpillos ærĕ̆ ĭmĭtari *or* expriměrĕ. Phr. 2. *Of pieces of sculpture,* &c. (˘Ebŭr) Pŏlÿcleteis căminis jussum spirarĕ. Artĭs Phidĭăcæ tŏreumă̆ (pisces). (Bucŭlă̆) cœlo gĕnĭtorĭs ærĕ̆ factă̆ (sc. Myronĭs). *See* CÆLO, STATUA.

SCULPTĬLIS, ĕ. *That may be graved* or *carved.* Et totum Nŭmĭdæ sculptĭlĕ dentĭs ĕbŭr. *O.*

SCULPTŎR, ōrĭs. *m. A sculptor, carver, engraver. Plin.* [¶ Cælatŏr.] *See* SCULPO.

SCULPTURĂ, æ. *f. A piece of sculpture,* &c. &c. *Quint.* Crcl. Pŏlÿcleti (Praxĭtĕlĭs, Mentŏrĭs) –ars, lăbŏr, ŏpŭs, mănŭs. Ars Phidĭăcă. Phidĭăcæ *or* Mentŏrĕæ artes. *See* SCULPO.

SCURRĂ, æ. *m.* 1. *A wit, a wag, a pleasant fellow. Pl.* [¶ Urbanŭs, dĭcax.] Ep. Urbanŭs, dĭcax, lĕpĭdŭs, făcetŭs, jŏcosŭs. 2. *A public jester. J.* 3. *A dinner-wit;* hence, *a sycophant,* &c. ∾-æ distablt ămicŭs. *H.*

SCURRŎR, ārĭs. *To play the buffoon.* Scurrŏr ĕgo ipsĕ mĭhi, pŏpŭlo tu &c. *H.*

SCUTATŬS, ă, um. *Armed with a* scutum (oblong shield). Tercentum, scutati omnes, Volscentĕ măgistro. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Clÿpĕatŭs.]

SCŬTĬCĂ, æ. *f. A thong-lash* or *strap, a lash, whip.* [The lash or strap punished more severely than the *ferula,* less so than the *flagellum. Ne scutica dignum horribili sectere flagello. H.*] Credĕrĭs infelix scŭtĭcæ trĕmĕfactŭs hăbenis. *O.* [¶ Lorum, hăbenă, &c.] *See* FLAGELLUM.

SCŬTŬLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A small plate* or *dish.* Et læves scŭtŭlas căvasquĕ lances. *M.* [¶ Scŭtellă̆.] 2. *Any lozenge-shaped figure. Plin.* Hence—

SCŬTŬLATŬS, ă, um. *Chequered.* Cærŭlĕa indutus scŭtŭlata, aut galbănă̆ rasă̆. *J.*

SCUTUM, i. *n. A shield.* [The *scutum* was oblong, the *clypeus* round.] Scută̆ vĭrum, et gălĕas, et fortĭă̆ corpŏrĕ̆ volvĭt. *V.* [¶ Clÿpĕŭs, &c.] *See* C.

I. SCYLLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Scylla, daughter of Phorcys, changed into a sea-monster, and giving her name to a rock between Italy and Sicily, opposite Charybdis.* Scyllam, et cærŭlĕis cănĭbus rĕsŏnantĭă̆ saxă̆. *V.* Dextram Scyllă̆ latus, lævam implicată̆ Chărybdĭs Obsĭdĕt. *V.* Crcl. Scyllæă̆ saxă̆ *or* monstră̆. Scyllæ impĕtŭs *or* răbĭes. Scyllæă̆ răbĭes. Phr. Virgo Pĕlori Sicŭli. Sĭcŭli prŏfundi pŏpŭlatrix. *See* CHARYBDIS. 2. *Monsters of hell of the same form.* Centauri Scyllæquĕ bĭformes. *V.* and *St.*

II. SCYLLA, æ. *f. The daughter of Nisus, changed into the bird Ciris.* Et pro purpŭrĕo pœnas dat Scyllă̆ căpillo. *V.* [¶ Niseis.] Crcl. Nisei virgo. Nisi filĭă̆. N. regĭă̆ proles. [☞ The two Scyllas are constantly confounded by the poets; *e.g.* by *V. O.* and *Pp. Quid loquar aut Scyllam Nisi, quam fama secuta est, Candida succinctam latrantibus inguina monstris, Dulichias vexasse rates? V. Et vos Nisæi, naufragra monstra, canes. O. Quid mirum in patrios Scyllam sævisse capillos, Candidaque in sævos inguina versa canes? Pp.*]

SCYLLÆŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to either Scylla.* Vos et Scyllæam răbĭem, pĕnĭtusquĕ sŏnantes Accestis scŏpŭlos. *V.* ∾-is claudĭtŭr undis (*the straits,* i. e., *between Italy and Sicily*). *L.* ∾-ă regnă̆ purpŭrĕo regnată̆ sĕni (*the kingdom,* i. e., *of Megara*). *St.*

SCYMNŬS, i. *m. A whelp;* us. *a lion's whelp.* At cătŭli pantherarum, scymniquĕ lĕonum. *Lr.*

SCŸPHŬS, i. *m. A cup, a goblet.* Et săcĕr implevit dextram scÿphŭs: oclŭs omnes. *V.* Fagĭnĭs ∾. *Tib.* *See* POCULUM.

SCYRĬŬS, ă, um, *and* SCYRĬAS, ădis. *f.* 1. *Of* or *belonging to Scyros.* Una omnis Scyrĭă̆ pubes. *V.* Nec turbă̆ plarum Scyrĭădum cessăt. *St.* 2. Scyrĭŭs jŭvĕnis = Pyrrhus. *Sen.* 3. Scyrĭăs *or* Scyrĭă̆ virgo, &c. = Deidamia. Scyrĭăs Æmŭlĭo junctă̆ pŭellă̆ vĭro. *O.*

SCYRŎS, *or* SCYRŬS, i. *f. An island of the Ægæan, the king of which was Lycomedes, and where Achilles was concealed.* Quis lŏcŭs Ajaci? Phthiam hæc, Scyronvĕ fĕrantŭr. *O.*

SCŸTĂLĂ, æ, *and* SCŸTĂLE, es. *f.* (σκυτάλη.) 1. *A strip of leather* or *parchment rolled round a sort of staff, on which the Lacedæmonians sent their instructions to their generals. They were read by wrapping the parchment round a similar roller* or *staff.* Vel Lăcĕdæmŏnĭam scÿtălen ĭmĭtarĕ, lĭbelli &c. *Aus.* 2. *A species of serpent.* ∾ sparsis ĕtĭamnunc solĕ prĭĭnis. *L.*

SCŸTHĂ, æ. *m. L., and* SCŸTHES, æ. *m. H.*; SCŸTHÆ, arum. *pl.* 1. *A Scythian; the Scythians.* Campestres mĕllĭus Scÿthæ Quorum plaustrĕ̆ &c. *H.* [¶ *Ext.* Sarmătă̆, Saurŏmătæ, Massăgĕtæ, Gĕtæ, Săcæ, Gĕloni.] Ep. Errantes, prŏfŭgi, văgi, gĕlĭdi, fĕroces, fĕri, barbări, trŭces, sævi, immites; pugnaces, indŏmĭti. Crcl. Gens Scÿthĭcă̆. Scÿthĭæ pŏpŭli. 2. Used adj. *M. St.*

SCŸTHIA, æ. *f. Scythia.* Denĭquĕ quid prŏpĕro? Scÿthĭa est quo mittĭmŭr, inquam. *O.* Ep. Gĕlĭdă̆, frigĭdă̆, nĭvalis, glăcĭalis; stĕrĭlis, aspĕrĕ̆, horrendă̆. Crcl. Scÿthĭcă̆ –tellus, orĕ̆.

SCŸTHĬCŬS, ă, um. *Scythian.* Quod sic in Scÿthĭcis finĭbŭs essĕ quĕrŏr. *O.* [¶ Scÿthă̆ *or* Scÿthes, *m.*, Scÿthis, *f.*]

SCŸTHIS, ĭdis. *f. Scythian, f.* Exercere artes Scÿthĭdes mĕmŏrantŭr ăsadem. *O.*

SECEDO, Is, essi, essum. 1. *To retire, withdraw for retirement.* Sed mŏdŏ quos hăbŭi, văcŭos secedĕrĕ in hortos. *O.* [¶ Rĕcedo, abscedo.] Crcl. Secessum secretum pĕto. ˘In otĭă̆ (*ep.* tută̆) rĕcedo. Me In secretă̆ rĕmŏvĕo. Me a vulgo In s. r. 2. *To part, separate.* Lit. and fig. Vĕtarĕ ∾ ămantes. *Pp.* Secesserĕ trăbes commoto pondĕrĕ. *St.* ∾-unt sensus a corpŏrĕ. *Cat.* [¶ Discedo, &c.] 3. *To be distant* (from); *to be* or *lie far off.* Quantum solĭs secedĭt ăb orbĕ (lună). *Lr.* Quantum a summis, tantum ∾-ĭt ăb imis (terră). *O.* Impervĭă̆ famæ ∾-ĭt rĕgĭo. *Cl.* [¶ Disto, &c.]

SECERNO, Is, crevi, cretum. 1. *To set apart.* Jupĭtĕr illă̆ plæ secrevit littŏrĕ genti. *H.* [¶ Sepono, seligo.] 2. *To sever, separate, make distinct, place at a distance* (from one another). ˘Anĭmo juncti ∾-ĭmŭr undis. *O.* ∾ cœlum ăb aĕrĕ. *O.* Europen ăb Afro. *H.* [¶ Divĭdo, se-

pāro, &c.] *See* SEPARO. 3. Fig. *To distinguish.* ∾ sācrā prōfanis; justo Iniquum. *H.* menses nōta cādem. *O.* [† Discerno, distinguo.]

SECESSŪS, us. *m. A sequestered place.* Est in secessu longo lŏcūs; insūlā portum &c. *V.* [† Rēcessūs; *sts.* secretum, secretā, sīlentīā, umbrā.]

SECĬUS. *See* SECUS.

SECLUDO, ĭs, sī, sum. 1. *To shut up apart, to shut out; to remove to a distance, to hide.* Intūs āle, et sīmīles inter secludē pŭellas. *St.* ∾ terram solīs lumĭnē (de luna). *Lr. See* SEPARO, CLAUDO. 2. *To lay aside, put away.* ∾ curas. *V.* [† Rēmŏvĕo, pello, pono, &c.]

SECLUM. *See* SÆCLUM.

SECLUSŪS, ā, um. *part. See* SECLUDO. *Sequestered, secluded.* In vallē rēducta Seclusum nĕmŭs. *V.* [† Rēmotūs, rēductūs, secretūs.]

SĔCO, as, ŭi, sectum. 1. *To cut.* Pubentesquē sĕcant herbas. *V.* ∾ ĭn frustā. *V.* Falcĭfĕræ sĕcŭerē mānus (sertā). *O.* [† Rēsĕco, cædo, rĕcido, ampŭto, scindo, abscindo, excido, exsĕco, rescindo; *sts.* dissĕco, avello, divĭdo, carpo, discerpo.] Crel. Ferro -fĕrĭo, discindo, dirumpo, divĭdo, aufĕro, ampŭto. Ferro *or* ensē qd (sc. ulcĕrĭs os) rĕcido *or* rescindo. 2. ∾ ăgros, arvā. *To plough. V. Fl.* [† Findo, scindo, proscindo, &c.] *See* ARO. 3. With viam, campum, &c. [sc. Gr. τέμνειν ὁδόν.] *To go; to make one's way* (along a path, plain, &c.). ∾ vīam ĭd naves. *V.* gyro campum. *Sil.* [† Carpo, corrĭpio, sĕquŏr.] *See* EO. [Hence fig. ∾ spem. *Quam quisque secat spem. V.*] 4. With undas, &c.; æthera, &c. *To sail, fly.* [† Findo, scindo.] *See* NAVIGO, VOLO (II.). 5. = discindo, lăcĕro, &c. *See* D. L. ∾ tĕnĕras plantas (de glăcĭe). *V.* crurā (de sentĭbŭs). *O.* tergā verbĕrē. *Tib.* qm ăcuto ungui. *H.* 6. = crūcio. *See* C. Pŏdăgrā ∾-āt. *Cat.* and *M.* 7. *To cut off, put an end to.* Lites ∾-antūr judĭcē. *H.* Rĭdĭculūm plerumquē ∾-āt res (mĕlĭūs acri). *H.* [† Dĭrĭmo.] 8. *To part* (by passing between). Undas ∾-āt isthmŏs. *L.* [† Divĭdo, sepāro, &c.] 9. *To cross* or *pass across* or *through.* ∾ pŏpŭlos (de amnē). *V.* Flamĭnĭam vīam (de sālĕbris). *M.* mĕdĭum agmĕn curru; sūb nubĭbŭs arcum (i. e. *secando aera facere arcum*). *V.* [† Percurro, transĕo.]

SECRETO. *adv. Secretly, apart, aside.* Me quŏquē secreto grates sĭbī magnūs āgentem Audissēt. *O.* [† Arcano, &c.] *See* CLAM.

SECRETUM, i. *n.* 1. *A retired spot, a secret place, a covert.* Horrendæquē prŏcul secretā Sĭbyllæ Antrum immanē, pĕtīt. *V.* Lăcrĭmas civilĭbŭs armis Secretumquē dāmŭs. *L.* [† Secessūs, rēcessūs; *sts.* pēnētralē, umbrā.] 2. *The being alone* or *retired.* ∾-i longi causa optĭmā somnŭs. *O.* 3. *A secret.* ∾-ā dŏmus. *J.* mentīs. *Sen.* [† Arcanum; *sts.* commissum, depŏsĭtum.] Ep. Abdĭtum, occultum, tăcendum, sīlendum, commissum, fĭde c. Crel. Mentīs *or* ănĭmi secretā.

SECRETŪS, ā, um. *part. See* SECERNO. Used also adj. 1. *Separated from the rest, removed to a distance, secluded.* At prŏcūl in sola secretæ Troādes acta. *V.* Quæ bello clari ∾-ā (arvā) frēquentant. *V.* ∾ ăb omni vocē (lŏcūs). *O.* [† Secluslūs, rēmotūs, rēductūs.] 2. *Hidden, secret.* ∾-ā pectŏrā dūcīs. *M.* ∾-as artes advŏcarē. *O.* [† Abdĭtūs, arcanūs, &c.] *See* A. A. 3. Sts. *Deprived of, wanting.* ∾ cĭbo; *with gen.* tĕporĭs. *Lr.* [† Exclusūs, privatūs, &c.] *See* EXPERS.

SECTĂ, æ. *f. A mode* or *rule of life, a system,* &c., *of conduct; a sect* or *particular school of opinions.* Hi mores, hæc duri immotā Cātonĭs Sectā fŭit. *L.* Sectam mĕam exsĕcutæ dūcē me mĭhĭ cŏmĭtes. *Cat.* [† Institūtum, scitā, plăcĭtā, doctrinā; *ext.* turbā, agmĕn.]

SECTILIS, ĕ. 1. *That may be cleft* or *cut.* Sectĭlē dellĭcĭs Indĭā mittĭt ĕbŭr. *O.* ∾ porrum. *M.* [† Sectivūs.] 2. *Cut, cleft. Aus.* [† Sectūs.]

SECTIVUS, ā, um = sectĭlis. Filăquē sectivi nūmĕrātā includĕrē porri. *J.*

I. SECTOR, ārĭs. *freq. of* Sequor. 1. *To follow.* Ipsē sūas sectatūr ŏves, at fĭlĭūs agnos. *Tib.* *See* SEQUOR. 2. *To pursue* (sp. game); *to follow eagerly* or *hostilely.* ∾ āpros. *V.* lĕpŏrem cātŭlo sāgaci. *O.* umbras ejs (sc. manes). *Pp.* qm flăgello. *H.* [† Insĕquŏr, persĕquŏr, urgĕo, insto.] 3. *To strive after eagerly, perseveringly.* Lit. and fig. ∾ undas faucĭbŭs siccis. *Sen.* quo lŏcorum serā rŏsā mŏrētūr; armos fecundæ lĕpŏrĭs. *H.* [† Sĕquŏr, persĕquŏr, pĕto, capto, appĕto, quæro, venŏr, aucŭpŏr.]

II. SECTOR, ōrĭs. *m. One who puts up to public sale.* Lit. and fig. Non hastā rĕfixas Vendĭt ŏpes, ăvĭda sector non vocē cĭtatūr. *Cl.* ∾ fāvorĭs ipsē sŭi (pŏpŭlūs). *L.*

SECTŪS, ā, um. *part. See* SECO. 1. *Cut, cut down.* Cæsa ăbĭes sectæquē trăbes. *O.* *See* DESECTUS. 2. *Mangled, lacerated.* ∾ flăgellis. *H.* rūbis. *Pp.* ∾-æ unguē gĕnæ. *O.* [† Discissūs, lăcĕrātūs, lăcĕr, sauclūs, &c.] 3. *Cleft, divided off* or *out.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ā complŭā ĭn multas vīas. *O.* ∾ mens. *O.* [† Divisūs, &c.] 4. *Cut through, crossed.* Sectūs hūmum rivo (hortūs). *O.* 5. Sectā vīā, &c. *A road made, a road cut across* or *running through, over,* &c. *V.*

SECŬBĬTŬS, us. *The sleeping alone* or *apart.* Et bĕnē tormentis secŭbĭtquē cŏli. *O.* Crel. Solūs (vĭdŭūs, văcŭūs) -lectūs, tŏrūs.

SECŬBO, as, ŭi, ĭtum. *To sleep alone* or *apart.* Lit. and fig. Et pŏsĭtis juxta secŭbŭerē tŏris. *O.* Miles depŏsĭtis armis ∾-āt (*lives retired*). *Pp.*

SECULUM. *See* SÆCULUM.

I. SĔCUNDO. *adv. In the second place.* (Sĕcundūs.) *Ph.* [† Deindē.]

II. SĔCUNDO, as. *To make favorable, to cause to succeed.* Ritē sĕcundarent visus, omenquē lĕvarent. *V.* Aurā ∾-āt ĭtĕr nautis. *Pp.* [† Fāvĕo, adjŭvo, prospĕro, adsum.] *See* FAVEO.

SĔCUNDUM. *prep.* 1. *Along, near to.* Saltĭbŭs in văcŭis pascant, et plenā sĕcundum Flumĭnā. *V.* [† Proptĕr, prŏpē, juxta, ăd.] 2. *According to. Ter.* [† Pro, ex.]

SĔCUNDŬS, ā, um. 1. *Second* (in numerical order). Martĭs ĕrat primus mensis, Vĕnĕrisquē sĕcundūs. *O.* 2. Sĕcundā mensā. *The dessert* (at table). Mensis acceptā ∾-is. *V.* *See* MENSA. 3. *Second* (next in order of honour). Te nunc hăbĕt istā ∾-um (fistŭlā). *V.* Ætolæ famā ∾-ā fĕræ. *M.* [† Proxĭmūs; altĕr ăb illo.] 4. *Second* (inferior). ∾ virtutē. *V.* laudē. *M.* [† Inferĭŏr, minŏr.] Fig. 5. *Of second* or *inferior quality.* Vivĕrē panē ∾-o. *H.* Argentum venæ ∾-æ. *J.* 6. *Favorable.* ∾-i venti. *V.* ∾-æres. *V.* ∾ fortunā. *O.* ∾-ā omĭnā. *H.* *See* FAVENS, FAUSTUS. 7. Used of flowing water, &c. *Down the stream, with the current of the river.* Missūs ∾-o defluĭt amni. *V.* [Mārĭ sĕcundo, *with the tide. Liv.*] [† Pronūs.] *See* P.

SĔCURĬFĔR, *and* SĔCURĬGĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing an axe.* Antĭmăchumque, Hĕlĭmumquē, sĕcurĭfĕrumquē Pyracmŏn. *O.* Sĕcurĭgĕræ pŭellæ (*the Amazons*). O.

SĔCURIS, is. *f.* 1. *A hatchet, axe.* Taurūs, ĕt incertam excussit cervicē sĕcurim. *V.* [† Bĭpennis; *ext.* ferrum.] Ep. Anceps, ăcutā, ærātā, ferrĕā, durā, rigĭdā, grāvis, vălĭdā; strictā, adductā, librātā, rēductā; sævā, vulnĭfĭcā, letĭfĕrā, mĭnax. Crel. Ferrum bĭpennē *or* anceps. Phr. 1. *Of the blow of the axe.* Sĕcuri (bĭpenni)

–fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, cædo, rumpo. **Phr. 2.** *In battle.* Adversi frontem (fr. mĕdĭam) sĕcuri (s. rĕducta) disjĭcĭt. Pĕr armā vĭro, pĕr ossā sĕcurim congĕmĭnāt. **Phr. 3.** *In sacrifice.* Tauri collā săcra sĕcuri rumpĭt. Victĭmā –pontĭfĭcum sĕcures cervicē tingĭt;—adducta sĕcuri percussā (collum percussā) cādĭt. **Phr. 4.** *In breaking through barriers.* Limĭnā correpta bĭpenni perrumpĭt. **Phr. 5.** *In cutting down trees.* Vāllĭdam bĭpennem ĭn silvam, &c., mollĭŏr. Fraxĭnŭs ferro bĭpenni ictā sŏnāt. Erŭo (ornum, &c.) crebris bĭpennĭbŭs. Silvam sĕcuri vĭŏlo. **2.** *The lictor's axe* (tied up in a bundle of rods, and thus the insignia of consular power); hence, *power, dominion.* Accĭpĕrĕ consŭlĭs impĕrĭum sævasquĕ ∾-es. *V.* Sumĕrĕ aut ponĕrĕ ∾-es. *H. See* FASCES, CONSULATUS.

SECURĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Tranquillity, a sense of security.* Securā vivĕ; mors mĭhi est securĭtas. *Sen.* [¶ Fiducĭā.] **Crcl.** Securŭs ănĭmŭs. Securā mens.

SECURŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Without fear* or *care, living tranquilly and undisturbed.* Mollĭā securæ pĕrăgebant otĭā gentes. *O.* [¶ Quĭetŭs, tranquillŭs, plăcĭdŭs.] **Crcl.** Curis –libĕr, văcans, văcŭŭs, sŏlutŭs, ĭnanĭs. Curarum immunis *or* expers. Libĕr mĕtus. Mĕtu văcŭŭs *or* immunis. Anxĭĕtatē cărens. **2.** With gen. *Not anxious about, having no fear of, taking no thought of.* ∾-i (Teucri) pĕlāgi atquē mĕi (sc. Junonĭs). *V.* Cunctis timens, ∾ sŭi. *L.* ∾-ă rĕpulsæ (votā). *O.* damni (lĭbido). *Cl.* **3.** *Indifferent to, slighting.* ∾ tanti vulnĕrĭs exĭt. *L.* sceptri. *Sil.* [¶ Contemptŏr.] **4.** *Reckoning upon, certain of.* ∾ vĕnĭæ. *L.* ămorum germanæ. *V.* **5.** *Calm, tranquil.* Terris ∾-ĭŏr æther. *O.* ∾-ă gaudĭā. *M. See* TRANQUILLUS. Hence—**6.** Sts. *Careless, heedless. M.* **7.** Sts. *That which makes calm and tranquil.* Potarĕ ∾-os lătĭces ĕt longā oblivĭā. *V.*

SĔCŬS. *adv. Otherwise. Pl.* Us. with a negative, and followed by *ac* or *quam.* **1.** *No otherwise, just so; no otherwise than, just as.* Non sĕcŭs ac lĭquĭdus Phrŷgĭis Mæandrŏs ĭn undis. *O.* Haud sĕcŭs ac jussi făcĭunt. *V.* [¶ Non *or* haud ălĭtĕr.] *See* UT *and* SECIUS. **2.** Secĭŭs. *comp. of* Sĕcŭs. Us. with neg. *No less, none the less.* Intĕrĭa toto non secĭŭs æthĕrĕ ningĭt. *V.* Haud secĭŭs exercebăt ĕquos. *V.* [¶ Nĭhĭlomĭnŭs, nĕc (haud, &c.) mĭnŭs.] **4.** Anc. prep. with acc. *Near to.* Quæ sĕcŭs mărc essent. *Enn.* (*apud Lact.*) and *Plin.*

SĔCUTŎR, *or* **SĔQUUTŎR,** ŏrĭs. *m. One of a certain order of gladiators.* Cum Graccho jussus pugnarĕ sĕcutŏr. *J.*

SĔD. **1.** *But, however.* Immotŭs, ĕt ingens Ipsĕ, sĕd horrĭfĭcis juxta tŏnāt Ætnā rŭinis. *V.* Addĕ sĕd et prŏprĭas ad mĕā verbā prĕces. *O.* [¶ ˘At, ast, verum, sĕdĕnim, vero, autem.] **2.** Sed ĕnim. *See* SEDENIM.

SEDATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SEDO. Used also adj. *Calmed, tranquil, sedate.* Ceu septem surgens sedatis amnĭbŭs altŭs (Ganges). *V.* ∾-o respondĭt cordē Lātĭnŭs. *V.* [¶ Plăcĭtŭs, quĭetŭs, &c.] *See* TRANQUILLUS.

SEDENI = sexdeni.

SĔDĔNIM, *or* **SĔD ĔNIM.** *But* (with more or less of an elliptic meaning attached to the enim; = ἀλλὰ γάρ of the Greek). Progĕnĭem sĕd ĕnim Trojano a sanguĭnĕ duci Audĭĕrăt &c. *V. See* SED.

SĔDĔO, es, sedi, sessum. **1.** *To sit, be sitting, to sit down.* Destricti pendent; sĕdĕt, æternumquĕ sĕdebĭt (Theseus). *V.* Marmŏrĕo sŭpĕri sedĕrĕ rĕcessu. *O.* [¶ Consĭdĕo, rĕsĭdĕo.] **Crcl.** Sĕdĭlĕ –prĕmo, corpŏrĕ prĕmo. Membrā sĕdĭli rĕlĕvo. Sedĭbŭs artus flecto. Sedĭbŭs altis sĕdĕo. *Sitting.* Sĕdĭli subnixŭs *or* fultŭs. **2.** *To sit as a judge.* Minos sĕdĕt arbĭtĕr Orci. *Pp.* **3.** *To settle, alight, lodge, perch* (of birds). Sedĕrĕ solo (cŏlumbæ). *V.* ∾-ĭt hŭmo (cornix); thălāmi ĭn culmĭnĕ (bubo). *O.* [? *from* sido.] *See* SIDO. **4.** *To be* (posted) *on guard.* Custodĭā ∾-ĕt vestĭbŭlo. *V.* ∾ circum castellā sŭb armis (Angl. *to sit down before a town*). *V.* [¶ Assĭdĕo.] **5.** *To remain inactive, to stop, delay.* ∾ portu. *V.* Durā fortunā ălĭtŭr sĕdendo. *Sil.* [¶ Sto, mănĕo, hærĕo, consisto, mŏrŏr, cesso.] **6.** *To stop moving, become motionless.* Viso sederunt fluminā nutu. *St. See* CONSISTO. Fig. **7.** *To fix itself, settle, abide.* ∾-ĕt pallŏr ĭn orĕ. *O.* nomĕn ĭn orĕ. *St.* ∾-ent frontē nĕbŭlæ. *O.* [¶ Hærĕo, mănĕo, sum, sto.] **8.** *To subside.* ∾-ĭt răbies fĕrĭtasquĕ fāmesquĕ (? sido). *St.* **9.** Sĕdĕt *or* ănĭmo sĕdĕt. *It is settled, determined.* ˘Id ∾-ĭt Æneæ. *V.* Si ∾-ĕt &c. *V. Fl.* [¶ Stăt.] **10.** *To sink down, sink in, sink deep in.* ∾-ĕt cărinā vădo. *O.* Nĕc ∾-ĕt, nĕc surgĭt (de libra). *Tib.* Altā ∾-ent vulnĕrā. *L.* Pĕnĭtŭs ∾-ĭt morbŭs. *M.* [¶ Descendo, desido, subsido, demittŏr, *or* pĕnĕtro, infigŏr.] **11.** *To be* or *lie low; to be situated in a low place,* or *on a plain.* Campo Nolā ∾-ĕt. *Sil.* Tergā ∾-ent (de ĕquo). *Calp.* [¶ Jăcĕo.]

SEDES, ĭs. *f.* **1.** *A seat* (to sit upon). Quamquĕ lăpis sedes, tam lăpĭs ipsā fŭi. *O. See* SEDILE. **2.** *A seat, base, foundation, bottom.* Lit. and fig. Rĕvulsi ∾-ē sŭa (montes). *O.* Altis ∾-ĭbŭs turrim convellĕrĕ. *V.* A ∾-ĭbŭs –totam urbem erŭĕrĕ; –imis totum mărĕ rŭĕrĕ (de ventis). *V.* –cĕvis orbes (*the eyes*) evolvĕrĕ. *L. See* FUNDAMENTUM. Fig. **3.** *State, position, ground,* &c. Rĕdŭcĕrĕ ĭn sedem (*to replace, restore to a good state*). *H.* **4.** *A place* or *spot to stop in* or *be in for a time.* Nĕgarĕ ∾-em pĕrĭtŭræ. *O.* Secreta ĭn ∾-ē lăterē. *V.* [¶ Lŏcŭs, stătĭo.] **5.** *A settled home, a habitation.* ∾-em figĕrĕ Cumis. *J.* ∾ ăpĭbŭs pĕrandā. *V.* cŏlumbis (ulmŭs). *H.* [¶ Dŏmŭs, &c.] *See* D. **6.** *The last home* (the grave). *V. See* SEPULCHRUM.

SĔDĬLĔ, ĭs. *n. A seat* (to sit upon). Vivoquĕ sĕdĭlĭā saxo. *V.* [¶ Sedes, sellā; *sts.* căthĕdrā, scamnum, subsellĭā, sŏllĭum.]

SEDITĬO, onĭs. *f. Sedition, insurrection.* Sedĭtĭo, sævitquĕ ănĭmis ignobĭlĕ vulgŭs. *V.* [¶ Discordĭā, dissīdĭum, tŭmultŭs, turbæ, motŭs.] **Ep.** Civĭlis, turbĭdā, præceps, vesanā, insanā, fŭrens, cæcā, sævā, crŭentā, trux, mĭsĕrā. **Crcl.** Vulgi motŭs. Civiles turbæ. Motŭs civĭcŭs. *See* DISCORDIA, CIVILE BELLUM.

SEDO, as *To appease, calm.* Dumquĕ sĭtim sedarĕ cŭpĭt, sĭtĭs altĕrā crevĭt. *O.* ∾ jejunĭā; vulnĕrā mentis. *O.* fletus. *Pp.* [¶ Placo, compesco, finĭo, &c.]

SEDUCO, ĭs, xi, ctum. **1.** *To draw apart, to take aside.* Hunc tĭmŭit, blandaquĕ mănu seduxĭt, ĕt illi &c. *O.* Cum seducta talĭā verbā făcĭt. *O.* [¶ Sevŏco.] **2.** *To sever, separate.* ∾ artus ănĭma (de mortē). *V.* ∾-ĭt terras dŭas (undā). *O.* ∾-ĭmŭr imbrĕ. *O.* Seductā nupĕr ăb æthĕrĕ (tellus). *O. See* SEPARO. **3.** *To turn aside* or *away, to withdraw.* ∾ ŏcellos. *Pp. See* AVERTO, SEDUCTUS.

SEDUCTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SEDUCO. *Removed to a distance, retired, secluded.* Seductas terras ex alto æthĕrĕ despectăt. *O.* ∾-i rĕcessus. *O.* [¶ Rĕductŭs, sĕmotŭs, &c.] *See* DISSITUS.

SEDŬLĬTAS, ātĭs. *f.* **1.** *Diligence, assiduity.* Pauper, sed mundæ sedŭlĭtatĭs, ănŭs. *O.* [¶ Curā, industrĭā, dilĭgentĭā, stŭdĭum, ŏpĕrā, lăbŏr.] **2.** *Officious, troublesome assiduity. H.*

SEDŬLO. *adv. Assiduously, sedulously.* (Sedŭlŭs.)

Trr. [¶ Navĭtĕr, stŭdĭose, stŭdĭo, attente, accurate, strenŭe, dilĭgentĕr, acrĭtĕr, sollĭcĭte, assĭdŭe; *sts.* gnave.] Crcl. Haud segnĭtĕr. Non segnĭŭs.

SEDŬLUS, ă, um. 1. *Busy, assiduous, sedulous.* Non ăpĭs indĕ tŭlit collectos sedŭlă flores. *O.* ~ nutrix. *H.* [¶ Attentŭs, stŭdĭosŭs, acĕr, gnavŭs, assĭdŭŭs, vĭgĭl, impĭgĕr, &c.] *See* GNAVUS. 2. *Taking an active part, heartily concerned.* ~ spectatŏr (*opp. to* lentŭs). *H.* [¶ Stŭdĭosŭs, offĭcĭosŭs.] 3. *Over-zealous, officious.* *H.* [¶ Mălĕ sedŭlŭs.]

SĒGĒS, ĕtis. *f.* 1. *A field sown with corn.* Neu sēgēs eludat messem fallacĭbŭs herbis. *Tib.* Occarĕ sēgĕtes. *H.* [¶ Arvum, sātă (orum).] *See* A. 2. *Standing corn, a standing crop of corn.* Stāt sēgēs altă sŏlo. ~-ĕtes impulsæ ăquĭlonĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ Messis, fruges, cĕres, &c.] *See* MESSIS, METO. 3. *A standing crop* (not of corn only). Lit. and fig. ~ lini; horrescĭt strictis ensĭbŭs. *V.* clypĕātă vĭrorum. *O.* ferri. *Cl.* 4. Sts. = sementĭs. *See* S. Tēgĕrĕ hŭmo lini ~-em. *V.* [☞ Applied in the same sense to trees. *V.*] Fig. 5. *Fruit, profit, gain, good gathered.* Quæ tāmĕn indĕ sēgēs? *J.* [¶ Fructŭs, proventŭs.] 6. *A harvest of any thing, an abundant gathering.* ~ nostræ oscŭlātĭonĭs. *Cat.* telorum. *V.* [¶ Coplă, vis.]

SEGMENTATUS, ă, um. *Tessellated, set* or *bordered with small pieces.* Et segmentatis dormisset parvŭlă cunis. *J.*

SEGMENTUM, i. *n.* 1. *A detached portion, a division, segment; a piece.* Sŏlĭdoque in corpŏrĕ partes Segmentis cŏēunt, sed dissŏcĭantŭr ăristis (de perca). *Aus.* [¶ Segmĕn, partĭcŭlă.] 2. Pl. *Small pieces* or *plates of gold for trimming garments; garments so trimmed.* *O.*

SEGNIPES, ĕdis. *Slow-paced.* Tritoquĕ trăhunt ĕpĭrhedĭă collo Segnĭpĕdes digniquĕ &c. (ĕqui.) *J. See* TARDUS.

SEGNIS, ĕ. 1. *Slow, inactive; inert* (of persons). Haud segnis strato surgĭt Pălĭnurŭs, ĕt omnes. *V.* Proptĕr ŏnŭs ~-es. *H.* ~ ăd arcum ˘Apollo; ăd lætĭtĭam mens. *O.* [¶ Tardŭs, ignavŭs, lentŭs, pĭgĕr, ĭners.] *See* PIGER. 2. *Slow, stagnant* (of water). *Sen. See* IMMOBILIS. 3. *Lying idle, untilled,* &c. (of lands.) *V.* [¶ ˘Iners, ignavŭs, &c.] *See* OTIOSUS. 4. *Bringing forth nothing, barren.* ~-ĕ sŏlum raras exsĕrĭt herbas. *L.* ~ cardŭŭs. *V. See* STERILIS. Fig. 5. *Of time,* &c., *unemployed.* Rumpĕrĕ ~-es mŏras. *V.* Ducĕrĕ ~-ĭă otĭă. *O.* ~ dies. *Sen.* 6. *Not easily moved, insensible.* [¶ Lentŭs, ĭners, immotŭs, frigĭdŭs.]

SEGNITĔR. *Slowly.* Lit. and fig. Dixĕrăt: invĕnĭunt pŏsĭtos jam segnĭtĕr arcus. *St.* Scythĭca non segnĭŭs irĕ sāgitta. *O.* [¶ Ignave, lente, tarde, pĭgre, gĕlĭde.]

SEGNITIĂ, æ, *and* SEGNITIES, ei. *f.* *Slowness, laziness, indolence.* Nam quæ tam serā mŏratŭr Segnĭtĭes? ălĭi răpĭunt &c. *V.* [¶ ˘Inertĭă, ignavĭă, desĭdĭă, &c.] *See* PIGRITIA.

SEGRĔGO, as. 1. *To separate from the herd* or *flock.* ˘Ovesquĕ segrĕgatas ostendit prŏcul. *Pk.* 2. Gen. *To separate, place apart, remove to a distance.* Discĭdĭo pŏtĭs est sejungi sequĕ grĕgari. *Lr.* [☞ the tmesis.] ~ semĕt ăb agmĭnĕ fĭdo. *St.* [¶ Sepăro, arcĕo, amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, &c.]

SEJUNGO, is, xi, ctum. *To separate, part; to remove, withdraw.* Septenas noctes sejunctă cŭbarĭs. *Pp.* ~ matrem gĕlĭdis bustis. *St.* [¶ Sepăro, segrĕgo, arcĕo, &c.]

SĔLEUCUS, i. *m.* *A general of Alexander the Great, who at his death obtained the kingdom of Syria, and was succeeded by others of the same name.* Nam rex Sĕleucus me ŏpĕre oravit maxŭmo. *Pl.*

SĔLIBRĂ, æ. *f.* (= semilibră.) *Half a pound.* Argenti libram mittebas, factă sĕlibră est. *M.* [☞ the first syllable short, though long in semŏdĭŭs, semunciă.]

SELĬGO, is, egi, ectum. *To choose, cull.* Quidquid ĕris, mĕă sempĕr ĕris; tu sellĭgĕ tantum. *O. See* ELIGO.

SELLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A seat, a chair,* &c. *Pl.* [¶ Sedes, sĕdĭlĕ.] 2. *A litter, a sedan-chair.* Ostendens clausam pro conjŭgĕ sellam. *J. See* LECTICA. 3. *A king's seat, a throne.* ~ regni. *V. See* SOLIUM. 4. ~ cŭrulis (*O.*), and abs. *The chair of the superior Roman magistrates.* Hŏnesti fascĭbŭs ĕt sellis. *H. See* CURULIS.

SEMĂDĂPERTUS, ă, um. *See* SEMIADAPERTUS.

SEMAMBUSTUS, ă, um. *See* SEMIAMBUSTUS.

SEMĂNĬMIS, ĕ, *and* SEMĂNĬMUS, ă, um. *See* SEMIANIMIS, &c.

SĔMĔL. *adv.* 1. *Once.* Sĕmĕl emissum vŏlăt irrĕvŏcabĭlĕ verbum. *H.* Nĕc vidissĕ ~ sātĭs est. *V.* [¶ Plus vĭcĕ simplĭci.] 2. Ut (quum, si, &c.) sĕmĕl = ut primum. *As soon as.* *H. Ter.* 3. *Once for all, for ever.* Læsă pŭdĭcĭtĭa est; depĕrĭt illă sĕmĕl. *O.*

SĔMĔLE, es, *and* SĔMĔLĂ, æ. *f.* *Pp. Daughter of Cadmus, and mother of Bacchus.* Nec Sĕmĕle Cadmo facta est ălĭenă pĂrenti. *O.* Limĕn Sĕmĕles. *O.* [¶ Cadmeis.]

SĔMĔLEIUS, *and* SĔMĔLEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Semele.* Proles Sĕmĕlĕă, Libĕr. *O.* Cĭnĕres Sĕmĕlĕăquĕ bustă. *St.*

SEMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *Seed.* Primă Cĕres dŏcŭit turgescĕrĕ semĕn ĭn agris. *O.* Natos ălĭnĕ semĭnĕ flores. *V.* Ep. Gĕnĭtalĕ, fertĭlĕ, fecundum, lætum, fĕrax, primum. *See* SERO. 2. *A cutting, a slip, a young tree-plant.* ~-ĭbŭs jactis se sustŭlĭt arbos. *V.* [¶ Virgultum, surcŭlŭs, germĕn.] 3. *Offspring, breed, race* (of men or animals). ~ Lȳci. *Sen.* Lĕonum semĭnă. *V.* Cănis Hyrcano de semĭnĕ. *Lr.* [¶ Gĕnŭs, sanguĭs, proles, prŏpago, &c.] *See* PROLES. 4. *Origin.* Trăhĕrĕ semĭnă ăb &c. *Sil.* [¶ Gĕnŭs, ŏrigo.] 5. *Essential, elementary particles, principles.* ~-ĭnă gĕnĕrantĭă ranas (limŭs hăbĕt). *O.* terrarum, ănĭmæquĕ mărisquĕ; flammæ. *V.* [¶ Partĭcŭlæ, &c.] *See* PRIMORDIA. 6. Fig. *Principle, source, cause,* &c. ~-ĭnă nequĭtĭæ. *O.* belli. *St.* [¶ ˘Origo, fons, causă, auctŏr, &c.]

SEMENTIS, is. *f.* 1. *A sowing; sowing-time.* Villĭcĕ, da rĕquĭem terræ, sementĕ pĕracta. *O.* 2. *A rising crop.* Dătĕ tĕnĕris ~-ĭbŭs auctus. *O. See* SEMEN, SEGES.

SEMENTIVUS, ă, um. *Of* or *relating to sowing.* Nec sementiva est ullă rĕpertă dĭes. *O.*

SEMESTRIS, ĕ. *Of,* or *lasting, six months.* Semestri vatum dĭgĭtos circumlĭgăt auro. *J.*

SEMESUS, ă, um. *Half-eaten.* Semesam prædam et vestigĭă fœdă rĕlĭnquunt. *V.*

SEMHIANS. *See* SEMIHIANS.

SEMHŌMO. *See* SEMIHOMO.

SEMIADĂPERTUS, ă, um [scan as semădăpertŭs]. *Half-open.* Obliquum căpĭat semiădăpertă lătŭs. *O.*

SEMIAMBUSTUS, ă, um [scan as semambustŭs]. *Half-burnt.* Semĭambustă rŏtat lĭquĕfactis saxă căvernis. *Sil.*

SEMIANIMIS, ĕ, *and* SEMIANIMUS, ă, um [scan as semănĭmis, &c.]. *Half-dead.* Semĭănĭmes volvuntŭr ĕqui. Semĭănĭmis calcĭbŭs. *V.* [¶ Semĭnex, mŏrĭbundŭs, &c.] *See* M.

SEMIBOS, ŏvis. *m. f.* *Half-ox.* Semĭbŏvemquĕ vĭrum, semĭvĭrumquĕ bŏvem (*of the Minotaur*). *O.*

SEMICAPRE, ăpri. *m.* *Half-goat* (used of Pan, the

Fauns, &c.). Semĭcăper cŏlĕris succinctis, Faunĕ, Lŭpercis. *O.*

Semĭcrĕmātŭs, *and* **Semĭcrĕmŭs,** ă, um. *Half-burnt.* Membrā fĕrcs Stŷglæ semĭcrĕmatā rāti. *O.* (*Ib.*) Semĭcrĕmo stipitĕ. *O.* [? Semustŭs.]

Semĭcrudŭs, ă, um. *Half-raw;* hence, *half-digested;* and sts. *having half-digested.* Quid si, quum bĕnĕ manĕ semĭcrudŭs, Illatam tĭbĭ dixĕro sălutem? *St.*

Semĭdĕus, i. *m., and* **Semĭdea,** æ. *f.* 1. *A demi-god* or *goddess, an inferior divinity;* used adj. *half-divine.* Millĕ vĭri cŭpĭunt, et semĭdĕiquĕ dĕiquĕ. *O.* Nymphæ, ~-umquĕ gĕnŭs. *O.* ~-æ Dryādes. *O.* 2. *Used of the hero-offspring of gods,* or *persons deified after death.* ~-i reges. *St.* manes. *L.* [? Heros.]

Semĭdoctŭs, ă, um. *Half-learned.* Et semĭdocta villĭci structas mānu. *M.*

Semĭfĕr, ĕrĭ, ĕrum. 1. *Half-man and half-beast.* Spumĕā semĭfĕro sub pectŏrĕ murmŭrāt undā (de Tritonĕ). *V.* ~-æ hŏmĭnum spĕcies. *Lr.* [? Semĭvĭr, semĭhŏmŏ (semhŏmŏ).] 2. Sp. *Used of the Centaurs.* Intĕr Semĭfĕros hăbĭtarĕ. *O.* 3. Used subst. m. ~ ălumno lætŭs ĕrāt (sc. Chiron). *O.* Pectŏrā ~-i (Caci). *V.* 4. *Wild, savage. Sil.* (of the inhabitants of the Alps.) [? Semĭhŏmŏ (semhŏmŏ).]

Semĭhĭans, tis [scan as semhĭans]. *Half-open.* Dulcĕ ridēāt ad pātrem Semihiantĕ lăbello. *Cat.* [? Semiādăpertŭs, semhĭulcŭs.]

Semĭhŏmŏ, ĭnĭs. *m.* [scan as semhŏmŏ.] 1. *Half-man* (and half-beast). Semihŏmĭnis Caci făcies quam dirā tĕnebāt. *V.* ~-ines Centauri. *O.* 2. *Savage. Sil.* [? Semĭfĕr.] *See* Ferus.

Semĭfultŭs, ă, um. *Half-propped.* Subsellĭoquĕ semĭfultis extremo. *M.*

Semĭlăcĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Half-torn.* Semĭlăcerquĕ tŏro tentat consurgĕrĕ. *O.*

Semĭlautŭs, *or* **Semĭlotus,** ă, um. *Half-washed.* Vettī, rustĭcē, semĭlautā crurā. *Cat.*

Semĭmārĭnŭs, ă, um. *Half-sea,* adj. Aut răbĭdis cănĭbus succinctas semĭmārinis Corpŏrĭbus Scyllas. *Lr.*

Semĭmās, ăris. *m. f.* 1. *Half-male and half-female, hermaphrodite.* Quo vir descendĕrāt, undas Semĭmārem fecissĕ vĭdēt (de Hermăphrŏdito). *O.* 2. *A eunuch.* Ibunt ~-es (*of the priests of Cybele*). *O.* Viscĕrā ~-is ŏvis (*a wether sheep*). *O. See* Semivir.

Semĭmortŭŭs, ă, um. *Half-dead.* Semĭmortŭā lectŭlo jăcebant (membrā). *Cat. See* Semianimis.

Semĭnĕcis, ĕ. *m. f. Half-dead.* Semĭnĕcem saxo liquit lăcĕrumquĕ vĭātŏr. *V. See* Semianimis.

Semĭno, as. *To sow, to engender.* (Viscum) Frondĕ vĭrerĕ nŏva, quod non sŭā semĭnāt arbos. *V.* [? Sĕro, gĕnĕro.]

Semĭpŭella, æ. *f. Half-girl* (of a Siren). Tres vŏlŭcres, tres semĭdĕæ, tres semĭpŭellæ. *Aus.*

Semĭpŭtatŭs, ă, um. *Half-pruned.* Semĭputatā tĭbi frondosa vitis in ulmo est. *V.*

Sĕmĭrāmis, is *and* Idis. *f. The famous queen of Assyria, wife of Ninus. C. D.* Persarum stātŭit Bābŷlonā Sĕmĭrāmis urbem. *Pp.*

Sĕmĭrāmĭŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Semiramis;* and hence, *to Babylon.* Textā Sĕmĭrāmĭo quæ vārĭantŭr ăcu. *M.* ~-o sanguĭnĕ cretŭs. *O.*

Semĭrasŭs, ă, um. *Half-shaven.* A semĭraso tondĕrĕtur ustorĕ. *Cat.*

Semĭrĕductŭs, ă, um. *Half-bent back, half-retiring* (in attitude). Protĕgĭtur læva semĭrĕductā mānu. *O.*

Semĭrĕfectŭs, ă, um. *Half-repaired.* Postŭlāt exĭgŭas semĭrĕfectā mŏras (classis). *O.*

Semĭrŭtŭs, ă, um. *Half-destroyed* or *thrown down.* At nunc semĭrŭtis pendent quod mœnĭa tectis. *L.*

Semis, issis. *m. A half;* sp. *half an as.* Rĕdĭt: uncĭā, quid fĭt? Semis. ~An hæc ănĭmos &c. *H.* Saltem semissem, Garrĭcĕ, solvĕ mĭhĭ. *M. See* Semissis.

Semisĕpultŭs, ă, um. *Half-buried.* Semisĕpultā vĭrum curvis fĕrĭuntŭr ăratris Ossā. *O.*

Semisomnŭs, ă, um. *Half-asleep.* Tum semisomno corde ĕt errore ebrĭo. *Pā.*

Semisŭpinŭs, ă, um. *Half* or *partly turned* or *lying on the back,* or *bent backwards.* Purpŭrĕs jăcŭit semisŭpinā tŏro. *O.* Potas ~ ăquam. *M.*

Semĭta, æ. *f.* 1. *A narrow way, a path.* Et mŏdŏ quæ fŭĕrat semĭtā, factā vĭā. *M.* Per occultos calles ~ ducebat. *V.* [? Tramĕs, calis.] 2. *Any road* or *way.* Lit. and fig. Qua jăcĕt Hercŭlĕis semĭtā littŏrĭbŭs. *Pp.* ~ tranquillæ vitæ. *J. See* Via. 3. *The wake of a vessel, the furrow of a plough, the line of course marked out by any moving body.* Spumĕā ~ fŭgĭentis clavi. *V. Fl.* ~ discretis intervĭrĕt humĭdā nimbis (de Irĭdĕ); ăratri. *Cl.* stellæ (e.g. *of a comet*). *Sen.*

Semiuncia. *See* Semuncia.

Semĭustŭs, ă, um [scan as semustŭs]. *Half-burnt.* Fama est, Encĕlādi semustum fulminĕ corpŭs &c. *V.* [? Semĭcrĕmatŭs, semĭcrĕmŭs.]

Semĭvir, ĭri. *m.* 1. *A eunuch.* Semĭvĭro Cybĕles cum grĕgĕ junxĭt ĭtĕr. *M.* [? Eunuchŭs, semĭmās.] *See* Eunuchus. 2. *An hermaphrodite. O. See* Semimas. 3. *Half-man and half-beast.* ~ corpŏrĕ mixtŭs ĕqui (Chiron). *O. See* Semifer. 4. Fig. *An effeminate person.* Pĭris cum ~-o cŏmĭtatu. *V.* [? Mollis, imbellis, &c.]

Semō, onis. *m. An inferior* (probably Etrurian) *deity.* [This deity seems to have been known also by the names of Sancus and Fidius (*O. Fast.* 6, 214), and was by some supposed to be Hercules; by R., who refers to *Liv.* 8, 20, a tutelary deity of corn.] Quærebam, nonas Sanco Fidiānĕ rĕferrem, An tĭbĭ, Semo pātĕr. *O.*

Semŏdĭus, ii. *m. Half a* modius, or *peck.* Semŏdĭo scŏbis hæc emendat servŭlĭus unŭs. *J.*

Semŏvĕo, es, ovi, otum. *To set* or *place far off, to remove to a distance.* Semotiquĕ prius tardā nĕcessĭtas Leti corripŭit grādum. *H.* Non ādĕo ~-ā nĕquĕ ardŭā tellus. *V. Fl. See* Removeo, Dissitus.

Sempĕr. *Always.* Semper solĕ rŭbens, et torridā sempĕr ăb igni. *V.* [? Æternum, usquĕ, assiduĕ, continŭo, perpĕtŭo.] Crol. Nunquam non. Omni tempŏrĕ. Tempŭs in omnĕ. Sinĕ finĕ, nullo finĕ, dempto finĕ. Immortali ævo. Tote ævo. ~In ævum. ~In omnĕ ævum. Omnes pĕr annos. Noctes atquĕ dĭes. Noctesquĕ dĭesquĕ. Nĕc mŏrā, nĕc rĕquies. Nullā dātŭr rĕquies. Nullŭs ĕrit finis. Nullā finem stātŭent fatā. Phr. '*Always*' *expressed by* '*as long as something of undoubted continuance is done.*' Dum –flŭvĭi in frĕtā current;—sidĕrā cœlo lucebunt; —Phœbus se Indo littŏrĕ tollĕt;—umbræ montĭum convexā lustrabunt;—montes robŏrā hābebunt;—campis ridebunt pratā;—flumĭnā ăquis current;—piscis flŭvĭos ămabĭt;—ăpĕr jŭgā montis lustrabĭt;—ăpes thymo pascentur; —rorĕ cicadæ pascentur;—verĕ flores vĕnĭent; —hiĕmes cŏmam silvis rĕcident;—cŏmam silvis æstas rĕvŏcabit. Dum ipsĕ mĕi mĕmŏr. Dum spirĭtŭs mĕos artus rĕgĕt. [☞ Force is given to the expression by the accumulation of similar figures.] *See* Nunquam.

Sempĭternŭs, ă, um. *Ter.* = æternŭs. *See* Æternus.

Semuncia, æ. *f. Half an ounce;* fig. *a trifle, an*

atom. Hærĕăt in stultis brĕvĭs ut sēmuncĭă recti. *Pers.*

Sēnarĭŭs, ĭi. *m. A verse of six feet;* sp. *an iambic verse.* Hanc ĕgŏ pŏlĭvi versĭbus senarĭis. *Ph.*

Sēnatŏr, ōrĭs. *m. A senator.* Pascebatquĕ sŭas antĕ sēnatŏr ŏves. *O.* [† *Sts.* Pătres, Conscripti, curĭă.] **Crcl.** Maxĭmŭs *or* amplissĭmŭs ordo.

Sēnatŭs, us. *m. The Senate.* Nunc făcĕre in mēdĭo facundum verbă sēnatu. *O.* [† Curĭă, Pătres, sēnatores, Conscripti.] **Ep.** Sanctŭs, vĕrendŭs, augustŭs. **Crcl.** Pătrum –ordo, cœtŭs, concĭlĭum.

Sēnĕca, æ. *m. L. Annæus Seneca, a Stoic philosopher, and tutor of Nero. His father, M. A. Seneca, was an orator and tragic writer in the time of Augustus and Tiberius.* Perdĭtŭs, ut dŭbĭtet Sēnĕcam præferrĕ Nĕroni. *J.*

Sēnectā, æ. *f. Old age.* Inficĭt et nigras albă sēnectā cŏmas. *O.* *See* Senectus.

Sēnectŭs, utĭs. *f.* 1. *Old age.* Sed mĭhĭ tardă gĕlu sæclisque effetă sēnectus. *V.* [† Sēnectā, sēnĭum, canĭtĭes, cani; *sts.* rugæ.] **Ep.** Longă, longævă, matură, tardă, serā, effetă, trĕmŭlă, frigĭdă, ĭners, ignavă, grăvis, languĭdă, gĕlĭdă, ægrā, debĭlis, frăgĭlis, infirmă; tĕtrĭcă, morosă, tristis, quērŭlă; albă, canā, rugosă, curvă, incurvă; infelix, mĭsĕrā; vĭrĭdis, crudă; sāgax, provĭdă, prudens; sanctă, vĕnĕrandă, vĕrendă. Leto vicinā, tardă sĭtu, rebŭs exhaustă, sæclis effetă, canis adspersā, canis căpillis rugosā, viribŭs ægrā, æ. trĕmŭlo grādu, formæ damnosā, vires ādĭmens, bācŭlo innixā *or* incumbens, exhaustă sanguĭnĕ. **Crcl.** Anni –longi, sēniles, grăves, frăgĭles, fracti, trĕmŭli. Sēnectæ –tempŏrā, damnā, rugæ, cani, canĭtĭes. Ætas –sēnĭlis, serā, serĭŏr, ĭners, ĭnertĭŏr, longĭŏr, detĕrĭŏr, infirmā, canā, grăvis, mălā. Longævi tempŏris ætas. Longā dies. Ævum sēnilĕ *or* longum. Ævi sēnĭum. Grandĕ ævum. Ævi glăcies. Albescens căpillŭs. Pars vitæ detĕrĭŏr. Tempŭs ĭners sēnectæ *or* sēnĭi. Longæ vitæ sæculă. ˘Itĕr sēnectæ declivĕ. Ævi tempŭs extremum. Nestŏris *or* Prĭămi anni. Serā ĕt săpĭentĭŏr ætas. **Phr.** 1. *Effects of old age.* Sēnectus –vires ănĭmi (vĭgorem) debĭlĭtăt *or* mutăt;—rugas inducĭt;—nigras cŏmas inficĭt;—ănĭmos lenĭt. Cani nĭgros căpillos lædunt. Tempŏrā cyeneas plumas ĭmĭtantŭr. Membrā cum vocĕ trĕmunt. M. vita fŭgientĕ languĭdā defĭcĭunt. Vires ĭn tardo (effeto) corpŏrĕ languent (frigent). Rugā infelix vultus ărăt (formæ vĕnĭt). Sanguis tardantĕ sēnecta (*or* gĕlĭdŭs) hĕbĕt. Anni frăgĭles sŭbĕunt. Sŭbĭt ĭnertĭŏr ætas. **Phr.** 2. *Long may you live, to a great age, extreme old age!* Vitā tĭbĭ annosa ĕt molli sēnecta contingăt! Fatā tŭā Pylĭos dies (Nestŏris annosi sæculă, Pylĭam quātĕr sēnectam) æquent! Egrĕdĭarĕ Nestŏrĕæ sēnectæ finem. *See* Senesco, Senex. 2. *Age, length of time* (used of things inanimate). *O.* [† Vĕtustas, sĭtŭs, anni, dies (*sing.*).]

Sēnĕo, ŭi, erĕ. (Sēnŭi *in comp. verbs only.*) *To grow old, be old.* Nunc rĕcondĭtă Sēnet quĭetĕ, sequĕ dedĭcat tĭbĭ. *Cat.* *See*—

Sēnesco, is, sēnŭi (*from* Seneo). 1. *To grow old, to be old.* Tempŏrā labuntur, tăcĭtisquĕ sēnescĭmŭs annis. *O.* [† Consēnesco; *sts.* sēnĕo.] *See* Senectus, Senex. **Crcl.** Sēnex *or* sēnĭor fio. **Phr.** Jam vergunt anni ĭn sēnĭum. Dăt tergā felicĭŏr ætas. Pulsi cedunt anni mĕllĭores. Sŭbĭt sēnectus. Sēnectus –ægrā vĕnĭt;—serpĭt pĕr membrā;—insperatā (non intellectā) obrepĭt. 2. *To become weak, feeble, languid.* ~-ĭt ăgĕr contĭnŭa messĕ; ănĭŏr. *O.* virtus desĭdĭæ vēneno evictā. *Sil.* *See* Langueo. 3. *To languish, waste away.* ~ ămorĕ hăbendi. *H.* *See* Tabesco. 4. *To become old, antiquated, obsolete, and forgotten.* Sēnŭerunt Jupĭtĕr et Mars. *J.* *See* Obsolesco.

Sēnex, is. *m.* 1. *An old man, a man in years.* Primorum mănŭs ad portas jŭvĕnumquĕ sēnumquĕ. *V.* [† Sēnŭlŏr, vĕtŭlŭs, grandævŭs, longævŭs; *sts.* annosŭs, decrĕpĭtŭs, sēnescens.] **Ep.** Canens, canŭs, verticĕ canŭs, rugosŭs; fractŭs, fessŭs, debĭlis, infirmŭs, ægĕr, imbellis, invălĭdŭs, trĕmens, trĕmŭlŭs, frigĭdŭs, tardŭs; parcŭs, ăvarŭs; morosŭs, quērŭlŭs, difficĭlis. **Crcl.** Annis grăvis *or* grăvĭŏr. Sēnecta (sēnĭo, annis, ævo, ætatĕ, sēnĭlĭbŭs annis) –grăvis, confectŭs, languens, languĭdŭs, fessŭs, tardŭs, debĭlis, fractŭs, obsĭtŭs, ĭners. Ævo grandis *or* grandĭŏr. Ævi maturŭs. Maxĭmŭs annis *or* ævo. Annis –maturĭŏr, provectĭŏr, ĭnutĭlis. Longis ăb annis consumptŭs. Grăvĭtatĕ sēnili fractŭs. Sēnĭo ĭners. Vir fracto *or* labenti ævo. Annis sēnĭlĭbŭs fessŭs. Jam leto prŏpĭŏr. Cui pallent orā rugosa sēnecta. Quem grăvis ætas celatis annis urgĕt. *See* Senectus, Senesco, Senior. 2. *Used of animals; of wine kept, &c.* ~-es cycni. *M.* porci. *J.* ~ cănis. *Ph.* bacchus (= vinum). *M.* *See* Vetus. 3. Pl. *Senators* (= the elders in a state). *Sil.* 4. Used adj. ~-ĭbŭs sæclis. *V.* (*Ciris.*) 5. Anc. f. = ănŭs. *Tib.* *See* A.

Seni, æ, ă. *pl. Six* (distrib.), *six each;* also = sex. Appĕlĭt senis, te dŭcĕ, quinquĕ pĕdes. *O.* Reddĕrĕ senos ictus. *H.* Bis seni cycni. *V.* *See* Sex.

Sēnilis, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to an old man, like an old man.* Jam prŏpĭor leto, fessusquĕ sēnĭlĭbŭs annis. *O.* ~ hiema. *O.*

Senĭŏ, onis. *m. A six on dice.* Senĭŏ nec nostrum cum cănĕ quassăt ĕbŭr. *M.* Quid dexter senĭŏ ferrĕt. *Pers.*

Sēnĭŏr. *compar. of* Senex. 1. *Older.* Quiquĕ rĕges orbem cum sēnĭorĕ sēnex. *M.* 2. Us. = sēnex. *V.* *O.* 3. Sts. = sēnescens. *V.* *Getting into years.* *See* Senesco. 4. *Used of animals; of time; of any thing where age is implied.* ~ equŭs. *V.* cădŭs. *M.* ~-es anni. *O.*

Sēnĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Old age; the decline and feebleness of old age* (in man). Alter vergentĭbŭs annis In sēnĭum. *L.* Ægĕr ~-o. *Sl.* *See* Senectus. 2. *Age, antiquity* (of things). ~ rĕpellĕrĕ templis. *Sil.* mundi. *St.* *See* Situs. 3. *Languor, inaction.* ~-o torpescĕrĕ rerum. *Sil.* [† Languŏr, desĭdĭă.] 4. *Crabbedness* (as of age). Deponĕ ~ ĭnhumanæ Cămenæ. *H.* Tristis ~-o, nĕc vocĕ sĕrenŭs. *Aus.* *See* Supercilium. 5. *Uneasiness, trouble, sadness.* En pallŏr, sēnĭumquĕ! *Pers.* [† Mœrŏr, curā.] 6. *Annoyance, vexation. Pl.* [† ˘Odĭum, tædĭum, mŏlestĭă.]

Sēnŏnes, um. *m. pl. A people of Gallia Lugdunensis, of whom a branch settled in Gallia Cisalpina.* Et Sēnŏnum fŭrĭas Lăĭæ senserĕ cŏhortes. *St.*

Sensĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Causing sensation.* Sensĭfĕr unde ŏrĭtur primum per viscĕrā motŭs. *Lr.*

Sensĭlis, ĕ. *Endowed with sensation, sensible.* Ex insensĭlĭbŭs ne credas sensĭlĭ gigni. *Lr.* [† Sensĭbĭlis.]

Sensim. 1. *By little and little, imperceptibly.* Sed sensim tarda prolĭcĭendā mŏra. *O.* [† Paulatim.] *See* P. Hence—2. *Discreetly, with care and moderation.* ~ ĕt săpĭentĕr ămarĕ. *O.* quĕri, parce gaudĕrĕ. *Ph.*

Sensŭs, us. *m.* 1. *One of the five senses;* pl. *the five senses.* Quid nobis certŭs ipsis Sensĭbŭs esse pŏtest &c. *Lr.* Ep. Acĕr, ăcutŭs, subtilis. 2. *Sensation, feeling, perception.* ~ tempŏris adversi hĕbĕt. ~-um tĭmŏr abstŭlĭt. *O.* 3. *The sentiments, mental feelings,* &c. Inflectĕrĕ ~-us. *V.* ~-us sum fassā mĕos. *O.* [† ˘Anĭmŭs, pec-

tŭs, cŏr.] 4. *Reason, good sense, one's senses.* ∾ consĭlĭumquĕ fŭgĭt. *O.* Erĭpĭt ∾-us mĭhĭ. *Cat.* [† Rătĭo, consĭlĭum, mens, judĭcĭum.] 5. *Thought* or *thoughts, opinion.* Quĭs tĭbĭ ∾ cernenti talĭă? *V.* [† Mens, ănĭmŭs, ŏpĭnĭo.] 6. *Sense, meaning.* ˘Is ∾ verbi, ĕă vis vocĭs. *O.* [† Sententĭă.]

SENTENTIA, æ. *f.* 1. *An opinion, sentiment, view taken of a thing.* Hæc alternanti pŏtĭor sententĭă visa est. *V.* Testĭs mĕarum ∾-arum (Gȳas). *H.* ∾ vicĭt dŭbĭam mentem; sic stăt. *O.* ănĭmo surgĭt. *V.* [† Mens, ănĭmŭs, consĭlĭum, vŏluntas, ŏpĭnĭo, propŏsĭtum.] Ep. Certă, firmă, constans; dŭbĭă, anceps, incertă, vărĭă. Crol. ˘Anĭmi sententĭă. 2. Sententĭa mĕa. *Ter. In my opinion.* [† Me judĭcĕ; mĭhĭ vĭdetŭr, &c.] 3. *A sentence* (words, *i. e.*, comprising a distinct thought, a complete meaning). Est brĕvĭtate ŏpŭs, ŭt currăt ∾. *H.* 4. *Purport, meaning.* Scripto ∾ quæ sĭt. *O.* [† Sensŭs.] 5. *A judgement, sentence, vote given.* Lată est ∾. *O.* [† Judĭcĭum, suffragĭum.]

SENTES, sentĭbŭs. *m.* (*f. O.*) *pl. A bramble-bush, briars, thorns.* Incultisquĕ rŭbens pendebit sentĭbŭs uvă. *V.* Crurĭă sĕcant sentes. *O.* [† Vĕpres, spinæ, rŭbŭs.] *See* DUMUS. [☞ The sing. is seldom found, and never in classic poetry.]

SENTINA, æ. *f. The filth at the bottom of a ship, bilge-water; a sewer.* Tunc sentină grăvis, tunc summus vertĭtŭr aer. *J.* [† Clŏăcă.] Ep. Fœdă, obscenă, immundă, ŏlĭdă, turpĭs.

SENTIO, is, nsi, nsum. 1. *To perceive, take in by the senses.* Tum porro vărĭos rerum sentimŭs ŏdores. *Lr.* ∾ nĕbŭlam; ăranei filă. *Lr.* sŏnĭtum. *V.* [† Percĭpĭo; *sts.* vĭdĕo, gusto, ŏdorŏr, tango.] Crol. Sensu percĭpĭo *or* asseĭquŏr. 2. *To feel, to be sensible of, be conscious of from the inner feeling.* ∾ toto pectŏrĕ lætĭtĭam; cordĕ tĕpentĕ dĕum. *O.* [† Expĕrĭŏr; *sts.* concĭpĭo.] 3. *To get acquainted with, to learn to know from trial*, &c. ∾ Turnum. *V.* princĭpĭs iram. *O.* alnos căvatas (de flŭvĭis). *V.* [† Nosco, expĕrĭŏr.] 4. *To perceive, become aware.* ∾-It mĕdĭos delapsŭs ĭn hostes. *V.* [† Agnosco, compĕrĭo, adverto, vĭdĕo.] 5. *To think, judge. O.* [† Judĭco, ŏpĭnŏr, existĭmo, censĕo.]

SENTIS, is. *m. See* SENTES.

SENTISCO, is. *To begin to feel, to perceive.* Et gĕnŭs agrĭcŏlum late sentiscĕrĕ, quum Pan. *Lr.*

SENTŬS, ă, um. *Rough, rugged, overgrown.* Pallŏr hĭemsquĕ tĕnent late lŏcă sentă. *O.* Lŏcă ∾-ă sĭtu. *V.* [† Obsĭtŭs; aspĕr.]

SĔORSUM, *and* SĔORSŬS (sts. scanned as sorsum, &c.). *adv. Apart, asunder.* Et vĕlŭti mănŭs, atque ŏcŭlus, narcsvĕ sĕorsum. *Lr.* Seorsŭs ĭtem puri secretique ætherĭs ignes. *Lr.* [† Sepăratim.] [Seorsŭs is found used adj. in *Aus.*]

SEPAR, ărĭs. *m. f. n. Separate, different.* Ossăquĕ nec tŭmŭlo, nec sepărĕ contĕgăt urna. *V. Fl. See* DIVISUS.

SEPĂRATIM. *Separately, apart.* Quum sepăratim toto finxisset dĭe. *Ph.*

SEPĂRATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SEPARO. 1. *Separated. See* DIVISUS. 2. *Removed to a distance, retired.* Ter sepăratis uvĭdŭs in jŭgis. *H. See* LONGINQUUS.

SEPĂRO, as. *To separate.* Quoquĕ măgis dŏlĕam, non nos mărĕ sepărăt ingens. *O.* ∾ terram æthĕrĕ. *L.* [† Divĭdo, disjungo, sejungo, secerno, segrĕgo, sepono, distrăho, distinguo, abscindo, discindo, discrimĭno, distermĭno, dissŏcĭo, divello, discludo, avello, rĕmŏvĕo, amŏvĕo, scmŏvĕo, dĭrĭmo, dissolvo.]

SEPĂRŎR. *pass. To be separated; to be removed to a distance, to be at a distance.* [† Divĭdŏr, sejungŏr, abscindŏr, &c.; *sts.* discedo, rĕcĕdo, disto.]

SEPĔLIO, is, ivi *or* ĭi, pultum. 1. *To bury.* Et sĕpĕli lăcrĭmis perfusă fĭdelĭbŭs ossă. *O.* [† Tŭmŭlo, contŭmŭlo, hŭmo, condo, compono, tĕgo, funĕro.] Crol. Tŭmŭlo *or* sĕpulchro –condo, abscondo, tĕgo, contĕgo, obrŭo, compono. Tŭmŭlo *or* sĕpulchro –do, reddo, fĕro, rĕfĕro, suppono. Terræ *or* hŭmo –infĕro, credo, mando, infŏdĭo. Terra *or* aggĕrĕ terræ –obrŭo, tĕgo, ŏnĕro. Terra (hŭmo *or* hŭmi) condo. Hŭmo tŭmŭlo *or* contŭmŭlo. Mŏnŭmento corpŭs condo. Ossă compono *or* contĕgo. Sĕpulchro dĕcŏro. Corpŭs (funŭs) aggesta *or* congesta hŭmo –sĕpĕlĭo, tĕgo. Tŭmŭli hŏnorem –do, reddo, rĕfĕro, exhĭbĕo. Offĭcĭum sŭpremum reddo. Corpŭs (cĭnĕres) terrā *or* hŭmŭs –accĭpĭt, tĕgĭt, servăt. Relĭquĭas ejs (ossă, membră) terra (sĕpulchro, sedĭbŭs sŭis, in tŭmŭlo, hŭmo sŏlĭta) condo (pono, mando). Relĭquĭas *or* membră, &c., ejs tŭmŭlo (sĕpulchro, sedĭbŭs sŭis) do (fĕro, impono. Cĭnĕres fusos collĭgo. C. In urnam măno mĕa transfundo. Urnam sparsis manĭbŭs da. *See* SEPELIOR, ROGUS, EXSEQUIÆ. 2. Fig. *To destroy utterly, bring utterly to an end.* Tecum nostrā sĕpultă dŏmŭs est. *O.* ∾ sălutem in æternum. *Lr.* [† Exstinguo, tollo, dĕlĕo, &c.]

SEPĔLIOR. *pass.* 1. *To be buried.* Vivă videns vivo sĕpĕliri viscĕrĕ busto. *Lr.* [† Hŭmŏr, tŭmŭlŏr, contŭmŭlŏr, quĭesco, jăcĕo.] Phr. Sedĭbŭs plăcĭdis quĭesco (in mortĕ qu.). Sedĭbŭs ossă quĭescunt. Membrā tŭmŭlo (t. terræ) successerĕ. Injecta terra tŭmŭlŏr. Păterna terra (pătrĭa hŭmo) contŭmŭlŏr (compositŭs jăcĕo). Ossă tŭmŭlŭs tĕgĭt. 2. Fig. *To be undone, utterly ruined*, &c. Sĕpultŭ' sum! *Ter.* [† Pĕrĭi, occĭdi, &c.]

SEPES, is. *f.* 1. *A hedge, fence.* Cingenda est altis sepĭbŭs istă sĕgĕs. *O.* [† Septum.] Ep. Altă, silvestrĭs, hirsută, ăcută. 2. *Any inclosure.* Portarum sepĕ rĕceptum. *O.* [† Claustră.]

SEPIA, æ. *f.* (σηπία.) 1. *The cuttle-fish* (yielding a black juice formerly used for ink). Sepĭă tardă fŭgæ, tĕnŭi quum fortĕ sŭb unda &c. *O.* Hence—2. *Ink. Pers.* [† Atramentum.]

SEPIO, *or* SÆPIO, is, psi, ptum. 1. *To hedge in.* Crol. Sepĕ *or* sepĭbŭs –cingo, claudo, includo, munĭo, circumdo. Sepem prætendo. 2. Gen. *To fence, inclose, shut in.* ∾ saltum plăgis. *Lr.* grăděntes obscuro æthĕrĕ; se tectis. *V.* [† Claudo, circumdo, &c.] Crol. Prætendo sepem. *See* CLAUDO, CIRCUMDO.

SEPONO, is, ŏsŭi, ŏsĭtum *and* ostum. 1. *To set apart, place aside; to pick out from the rest.* Primĭtĭas magno sepŏsŭissĕ Jŏvi. *O.* ∾ mœchæ vestem. *Ph.* de millĕ săgittis unam. *O.* [† Secerno, semŏvĕo, rĕpono, rĕservo, segrĕgo, sepăro.] 2. *To put away, to lay aside, to dismiss.* ∾ curas. *O.* spem pĕlăgi. *V. Fl.* [† Mitto, pello, abjĭcĭo.] 3. *To distinguish, discern.* ∾ Inurbanum lĕpĭdo dicto. *H.* [† Secerno, discerno, distinguo.] 4. *To remove to a distance.* [† Amŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo, &c.] *See*—

SEPŎSĬTŬS, ă, um (SEPOSTŬS. *Sil.*). *part. See* SEPONO. 1. *Laid aside.* Nunc indŭĕ vestem Sepŏsĭtam. *Tib.* 2. *Removed to a distance, situated apart from others.* Quæ tam ∾ est gens? *M.* [† Rĕmotŭs, longinquŭs, dissĭtŭs, rĕductŭs.]

SEPS, sepĭs. *m. f. A species of venomous serpent.* Ossăquĕ dissolvens cum corpŏrĕ tabĭfĭcus seps. *L.*

SEPTEM. *indecl. Seven.* Oblŏquĭtur nŭmĕris septem discrĭmĭnă vocum. *V.* [† Septeni, æ, ă.]

SEPTEMBĔR, brĭs; *ad.* bri. *m.* (sc. mensis.) Used

also adj. *The month September.* Auctumnum, Pomonā, tūum Septembĕr ŏpimāt. *Aus.* Septembres horæ. *H.*

Septemflŭŭs, ă, um. *Flowing in seven streams;* (a river) *having seven mouths.* Perquĕ pāpyrĭferi septemflŭā flumĭnā Nili. *O.* [† Septemgĕmĭnŭs.]

Septemgĕmĭnŭs, ă, um. *Sevenfold.* Et septemgĕmĭni turbant trĕpīda ostĭā Nili. *V.* ~-o Romā jūgo. *St.* [† Septenŭs.]

Septempleex, icis. *Sevenfold; of seven folds.* Solūs ăd egressus missus septemplĭcis Istri. *O.* Clypĕi ~-icis orbes. *V.* [† Septemgĕmĭnŭs.]

Septemvĭr, īri. *m. One of a body of seven men.* Septemvirque ĕpŭlis festis Titĭque sŏdales. *L.*

Septenarĭŭs, ă, um. *See* Septeni. Septenarĭā synthēsis Sāgunti. *M.*

Septeni, æ, ă. 1. *Seven each; seven.* Septem ingens gyros, septenā vŏlumĭnā traxīt. *V.* [† Septem.] 2. Sing. ~-o gurgĭtĕ Nilūs. *Cl.* tegmĭnĕ moles (de clypĕo). *St.*

Septentrio, Septemtrio, *or* **Septem . . . trio**, onis. *m.;* **Septentrĭones**, um. *pl. The seven stars near the North Pole, which form the constellation called Arctos, the Great Bear,* or *Charles' Wain;* hence, *the north, the northern regions.* Scythĭam septemquĕ trĭonem Horrĭfĕr invasit bŏrĕas. *O.* (Stellæ) Quas nostri septem sŏlĭti vŏcĭtarĕ trĭones. *Cic.* (*Arat.*) [† Arcti, Arctŏs, Ursā.] Crol. Gĕlĭdi trĭones. Septem sidĕrā *or* stellæ.

Septenŭs. *See* Septeni.

Septimŭs, ă, um. *The seventh.* Nĕque ĕnim plus septĭmā ducĭtŭr æstas. *V.*

Septingenti, æ, ă. *Seven hundred.* Septingentā Tĭto debet Lūpŭs. *M.* Crol. Centum septeni, æ, ă.

Septum, i. *n.* 1. *Any inclosure; the inclosing fence, wall,* &c. Transĭt ĕnim fulmen cœli per septā dŏmorum (*the walls*). *Lr.* Intra septā dŏmorum. *V.* 2. *A fold* or *stall for cattle; a yard,* &c. Victĭmā ~-is (exĭt). *V. See* Ovile. 3. *An inclosed place in the Campus Martius, where votes were taken.* Est quŏquĕ, quo pŏpŭlum jus est includĕrĕ Septis. *O.* [† ˘Ovillā.]

Septŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Sepio. *Inclosed, surrounded.* ~ nĕbŭla; venantum cŏrona. *V.* bellĭgĕris a gentĭbŭs. *O.* [† Circumdātŭs, cinctŭs.]

Sĕpulchralis, ĕ. *Sepulchral.* Antĕ sĕpulchrales infelix adstĭtĭt aras. *O.* [† Exsĕquĭalis.]

Sĕpulchretum, i. *n. A cemetery.* Uxor Mĕneni, sæpĕ quam in sĕpulchretis Vidistis &c. *Cat.*

Sĕpulchrum, *or* **Sĕpulcrum**, i. *n.* 1. *A tomb, a sepulchre.* Grandĭāque effossis mirabĭtŭr ossā sĕpulchris. *V.* Condĕ ~-o. *V.* [† Tūmŭlŭs, bustum, mŏnŭmentum; *sts.* lāpis, saxum, marmŏr, sarcŏphāgŭs, urnā, sedes, dŏmŭs, mausoleum.] Ep. Fĕralĕ, funĕrĕum, funĕbrĕ, lugŭbrĕ, tristĕ, mœstum, sŭperbum, regalĕ, quĭetum, obscurum, imum. Crol. Sĕpulchri *or* tūmŭli –moles, sedes, hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos, hŏnores, dĕctūs, quies. Funĕrĕŭs lāpis. Dŏmŭs saxĕā. Urnā marmŏrĕā. Sĕpulchri tectā. Exstincti funĕris lŏcŭs. Sĕpulchri arā. Plăcĭdæ sedes. Fossā sĕpulchri. Ardŭā marmŏrĕo pondĕrĕ moles. *See* Sepelio. 2. Pl. sts. = manes. Gratum mutis ~-is. *Cat.* Placatis ~-is. *O.*

Sĕpulturā, æ. *f. A burying, a burial.* Illā sĕpulturæ fatā bĕātā tūæ. *Pp.* [† Justā, exsĕquĭæ.] Crol. Tūmŭli *or* sĕpulchri –hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos, dĕcŭs. Mortĭs hŏnos. Munŭs hūmandi. *See* Sepelio, Sepulchrum, Exsequiæ.

Sĕpultŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Sepelio. 1. *Buried.* Id cĭnĕrem aut manes credis curarĕ sĕpultos? *V.* [† Hūmatŭs, tūmŭlatŭs, condĭtŭs, compŏsĭtŭs.] *See* Situs. Fig. 2. *Buried, sunk in sleep* or *in drunkenness,* &c. Invadunt urbem somno vinoquĕ ~-am. *V.* Verbā ~-ā mĕro. *Pp. See* Sopitus, Ebrius. 3. *Buried in obscurity,* &c. ~-ā famā. *O.* Inertĭā. *H.* [† Obscurŭs; ignotŭs, pressŭs, obrŭtŭs.] 4. *Laid to rest* (of winds). ~-i venti. *Lr.* 5. *Lost, undone, utterly destroyed.* Pātrĭæ ~-æ (funĕrā). *Pp.*

Sequāna, æ. *m. The river Seine.* Rhenŭs, ˘Arar, Rhŏdānus, Mŏsā, Matrŏnā, Sequānā, Ledŭs. *Sid.*

Sequānĭcŭs, *and* **Sequānŭs**, ă, um. (**Sequāni**, orum. *Cic.*) *Of* or *belonging to the Sequani, a people of Gaul.* Hinc tĭbĭ Sequānĭcæ pinguem textricis ālumnam. *M.* Optĭmā gens flexis in gyrum Sequānā frenis. *L.*

Sĕquax, acis. 1. *That follows easily* or *quickly.* Lit. and fig. Ut vidit Pallas Lātĭo dārĕ tergā sĕquaci. *V.* Instarĕ telo ~-i. *Sil.* ~-es curæ; mores. *Lr.* [† Sĕquens; *sts.* cŏmĕs, cŏmĭtans, addĭtŭs, infestŭs.] 2. *Spreading, extending itself in all directions.* Prætendĕrĕ fumos ~-es. *V.* Hĕdĕræ ~-es. *Pers.* [† Fusŭs, perfusŭs, pĕnĕtrabĭlis; passim vāgans, percurrens.] 3. *Ductile, ready to be drawn out* or *off by the hand;* hence sts. *sticky.* Lanæ ~-es. *M.* ~ viscum. *V. Fl. See* Flexibilis. 4. *Docile, obedient.* Orā ~-is ĕqui. *O. See* Docilis.

Sĕquens, tis. 1. *That which follows* (a lead or move). Flŭvĭum inducit rivosquĕ sĕquentes. *V.* [† Sĕquax.] 2. *That which comes after* or *next in order.* ~ ætas mirabĭtŭr. *O.* [† Venturŭs, fŭturŭs.] 3 ~ dies, lux. *The next day. O.* [† Proxĭmā.] *See* Postridie.

Sĕquestĕr, trā, trum. 1. *That which mediates, interposes as mediator, settler of disputes.* Bissenos pĕpĭgerĕ dies, et pacĕ sĕquestra, Per silvas Teucri mixtiquĕ impunĕ Lātini Erraverĕ. *V.* 2. Sĕquestĕr, tri *or* tris. *m.;* Sĕquestrā, æ. *f. A person with whom disputed property is deposited. Pl.* 3. *A mediator, one empowered to arbitrate and arrange on any point between contending parties.* Pacis ~-em mittĕrĕ. *Sil.* Fĭdēi pacisquĕ ~-ā (matĕr). *St.* [† Mĕdĭŭs, pacatŏr; pacatŏr, mĕdĭusquĕ.] Phr. Paci mĕdĭum se offert. Cui dātŭr aversos ĭmicos componĕrĕ.

Sĕquŏr, ĕris, sĕcutŭs sum. 1. *To follow.* Jam jam nullā mŏra est: sĕquŏr, et, qua ducĭtis, adsum. *V.* Hos totā armentā sĕquuntŭr. *V.* [† Subsĕquŏr, sectŏr, assectŏr; *ext.* cŏmĭtŏr.] Crol. Ponĕ –sĕquŏr, ŏo, sŭbĕo. Sĕquŏr cŏmĕs. Dūcem ponĕ sĕquŏr. Carpo vĭam (ālĭquo) dūcĕ. Tergā sĕquŏr. Vestigĭā cjs –sĕquŏr, servo, prĕmo, passĭbŭs urgĕo. Pĕdem pĕdĕ urgĕo. Juxta *or* a tergo sĕquŏr. Passĭbŭs insto. *See* Comitor. 2. *To pursue.* ~ Dardānĭos ferro. *V.* fĕras. *O.* [† Persĕquŏr, insĕquŏr, urgĕo, insto, prĕmo, &c.] *See* Persequor. 3. ~ ŏcŭlis. *To follow with the eyes, note attentively. V.* [† Servo (ŏcŭlis).] 4. ~ lŏcum. *To make for, go to any place* or *country.* ~ Itālĭam. *V.* [† ˘Eo, tendo, pĕto, ādĕo, &c.] 5. *To follow after, pursue, seek as an object of desire, as a profession,* &c. ~ florentem cytĭsum (de capĕlla); mĕllĭorā. *V.* dealdĭam; spem; præmĭā millĭtiæ. *O.* castrā. *L.* parvas mercedes. *H.* [† Capto, quæro, sectŏr, appĕto, amplectŏr, fŏvĕo.] 6. *To follow any particular party,* or *faction,* or *person* (as head). ~ res ˘Agāmemnŏnĭas. *V.* [† Amplectŏr, fŏvĕo, fāvĕo, sto.] 7. *To follow an example. O. See* Imitor. 8. *To follow, succeed* (in order of time or effect). ~-ītŭr clamŏr. *V.* vinā dies. *O. See* Succedo. 9. *To follow in speaking, to reply;* sts. *to act in a particular way, in answer to,* or *in consequence of, any thing said* or *done.* ~-ītŭr sic deindĕ Lātinŭs. *V.* Hæc Ascānĭŭs; Teucri clamorĕ ~-untŭr. *V.* [†

Prosĕquŏr.] **10.** *To tell, relate. V.* [¶ Persĕquŏr, rĕfĕro, dico, narro, &c.] **11.** *To yield, give way; to be pliable, flexible, maniable,* &c. (follow the lead of the hand.) **Făcĭlĭs** ~-ĕtŭr (ramŭs). *V.* Ignemquĕ mănumquĕ ~-untŭr (ceræ). *St.* Hence—**12.** Sts. **Sĕquĭtŭr.** *It is easy, can easily be.* Qua lĭcĕt, ĕt ~-ĭtŭr. *O.* **13.** *To come forth consequently,* or *in consequence of something done;* hence (of blood after a wound), *to issue, flow out; to course over.* ~-ĭtŭr de cortĭcĕ sanguĭs. *V.* Sanguĭs ănĭmusquĕ ~-untŭr. *V.* Sudŏr membrâ ~-ebatŭr (*flowed over*). *V.* [¶ Labŏr, fluo, &c.] **14.** *To follow, obey. V. See* OBSEQUOR. **15.** *To attend upon, come with, be found with.* Solem certissĭmâ signâ ~-untŭr. *V.* ~-ĭtŭr sŭperblâ formam. *O.* [¶ Cŏmĭtŏr, pendĕo, Inhærĕo.] **16.** *To be in issue* or *result.* Nec parvâ glorĭâ ~-etŭr. *V.* [¶ Obtingŏr.] *See* O.

SERĒS, um. *pl.* (*sing. Sen. Aus.*) *A people of Eastern Asia, probably the Chinese.* Velâ cŏlorati qualĭâ Serēs hăbent. *O. See* SERICUM.

SĔRA, æ. *f. A bolt* or *bar for fastening doors;* ext. *a lock* (of the padlock kind). [The locks of the ancients were not fixed.] Claudĭtŭr et dura janŭâ fultâ sĕra. *Tib.* ~-am postĕ excŭtĕrĕ; demĕrĕ. *O.* ponĕrĕ. *J.* Claves aptăt, ĕmitquĕ sĕras. *M.* [¶ Vectĭs, ŏbex, pessŭlŭs, rĕpagŭlŭ, claustrâ.] **Ep.** Vălĭdâ, rĭgĭdâ, firmâ, tutâ, fidâ. **Crcl.** Sĕræ –ŏbex, muniměn. *See* OBSERO, APERIO.

SĔRAPĬS, ĭs *or* ĭdĭs. *m. An Egyptian deity.* Vincebant, nec quæ turbâ Sĕrapĭn ămăt. *M. See* APIS, OSIRIS.

SĔRENĂ, orum. *n. pl. See* SERENUM.

SĔRENĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Serenity (Cic.). See* SERENUM.

SĔRENO, as. **1.** *To make clear, serene* (of the sky). Vultu quo cœlum tempestatesquĕ sĕrenăt. *V.* [¶ Tranquillo, placo, sedo, tempĕro.] **Phr.** Sol collectas nubes (nubĭlâ, nĕbŭlas, &c.) obducto æthĕrĕ (obscuro *or* tristi cœlo) fŭgăt (disjĭcĭt, discŭtĭt, depellĭt, rĕmŏvĕt, jŭbĕt rĕcedĕrĕ). Sol –nimbis rĕmotis dĭem rĕducĭt;—purum discussis ăquis (nubĭbŭs) nĕra reddĭt;—cœlo terras, ĕt æthĕrâ terris ostendĭt;—victis exĭt e nubĭbŭs. Dies, nubĕ pulsa, candĭdŭs *or* candĭdĭŏr it *or* emĭcăt. Toto æthĕrĕ nimbi fŭgĭunt. *See* SERENUM. **2.** Fig. *To calm; to make bright, cheerful,* &c. ~ spem frontĕ. *V.* tristĭâ frontĕ. *Sil.* dŏmos ignĕ. *St.* **Crcl.** Nubĭlâ vultu discŭtĭo.

SĔRENUM, i. *n.;* **SĔRENĂ,** orum. *pl.* **1.** *A clear, serene sky; calm, cloudless weather.* Non ălĭas claro fulscrunt plurâ sĕreno Fulgŭrâ. *V.* Soles ĕt ăpertâ sĕrenâ. *V.* [¶ Sudum, sĕrenĭtas.] **Ep.** Lætum, plăcĭdum, purum. **Crcl.** Sĕrenum cœlum. Sĕrenŭs –pŏlŭs, ŏlympŭs, dies, aer, sol. Purŭs (candĭdŭs, clarŭs, innubĭs) dies, &c. ˘Aprică dies. Sĕrenâ tempestas. Sĕrenâ lux. Cœli făcies sĕrenâ *or* innubĭlâ. Sĭnĕ nubĕ dies. Sĭnĕ nubĭbŭs aer. Cœli –indulgentĭâ, clementĭâ, plăcĭdissĭmâ tempĕrĭes. Aer tranquilla lucĕ sĕrenŭs. Liber nubĭbŭs æther. Sol sĕreno lumĭnĕ mĭcans *or* rădians. **Phr.** 1. *A cloudless blue sky.* Cunctâ vĭdes cœlo sĕreno constarĕ. Sŭb Jŏvĕ tempĕrĭes. Sŭb Jŏvĕ sĕreno. Nunquam turbĭdŭs aer. Purŭr aer. Cœlum diffusa lucĕ pacatum nĭtĕt. **Phr.** 2. *In, from,* &c., *a cloudless part of the heavens.* ˘In rĕgionĕ sĕrena cœli. Pĕr sudum. Cœli de partĕ sĕrena. **Phr.** 3. *A cloudless, warm sky.* Tĕpĭdum sĕrenum. *See* SERENO, MARE.

SĔRENUS, ă, um. **1.** *Clear, serene* (of the sky). Multâ, fŏrent cœlo quæ mox prŏpĕrandâ sĕreno. *V.* ~ nox. *V.* [¶ Innubĭs, innubĭlŭs, purŭs, clarŭs, lucĭdŭs, candĭdŭs, sĕrenatŭs, purgatŭs, lĭquĭdŭs, tersŭs.] **Crcl.** Non –nubĭlŭs, turbĭdŭs. Sĭnĕ nubĕ *or* nubĭbŭs. Nubĭbŭs (nubĕ) –cărens, liber, purgatŭs. Nullis nimbis –conditŭs, ŏpertŭs, obductŭs, densŭs, grăvis, obsĭtŭs. *See* SERENUM, SERENO. **2.** Gen. *Clear, pure.* ~ undă; fŏcŭs. *M.* vox. *Pers.* [¶ Clarŭs, parŭs, lĭquĭdŭs, &c.] Fig. **3.** *Calm, serene; calmed, pacified.* ~-i vultus. *V.* ~ ănĭmŭs. *O.* ~-ă pectŏrâ. *O.* [¶ Plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, lætŭs; placatŭs.] *See* TRANQUILLUS. **4.** *Serene, gentle-looking.* ~ grăvĭtas. *L.* ~-i ŏcŭli. *Sil.* [¶ Plăcĭdŭs, mitis, lenis.] **5.** *Untroubled, happy* (with res, dies, &c.). Rebŭs ~-is mŏdum servarĕ. *Sil.* Aĭbŭs dies horæquĕ ~-æ. *Sil.* Degĕrĕ vitam ~-am. *Lr. See* FELIX. **6.** = flāvens. *See* F. ~ ŏrâ nostrâ jŭves. *V. Fl.* **7.** *That which clears the sky* (of wind, &c., bringing fair weather). ~-a nubes. *V.* ~-i venti. *O.* Favonĭus ~, austĕr imbrĭcŭs. *Pl.*

SERESCO, is. *To become dry.* Uvescunt, eædem dispansæ in solĕ sĕrescunt. *Lr.* [¶ Siccŏr, aresco.]

SERĬA, æ. *f. A large earthen vessel* or *jar.* Sub rastro crĕpĕt argenti mĭhĭ serĭâ dextro. *Pers.* [¶ Serĭŏlâ, amphŏrâ.]

SERĬCUM, i. *n.; us.* **SERĬCA,** orum. *pl. Silks, muslins, silk-garments,* &c., *from the country of the Seres. See* S. Nec dentes ălĭter, quam serĭcâ, noctĕ rĕponas. *M.* Vărĭis serĭcâ textŭlĭbŭs. *Pp.* [¶ Bombycĭnum, bombycĭnâ.] **Crcl.** Serĭcâ vestis. Serĭcâ –vellĕrâ, filâ, stamĭnâ. Vellĕrâ Serum. **Phr.** Quæ mittunt Serēs vellĕrâ. Ramorum spŏlĭâ. Vellĕrâ lanĭgĕræ silvæ. V. nĕmŏralĭâ. V. tĕnŭĭâ *or* tenvĭâ (mollĭâ tactu, frondĕâ) –depexâ ramis;—quæ Serēs fŏlĭis depectant (lucis lanĭgĕris rĕpĕtunt, tondent de stipĭtĕ, pĕr silvas carpunt). Vestes ˘Eoo ex orbĕ pĕtitæ. Velâ, qualĭâ Serēs hăbent. Munĕrâ Rŭbri ponti (vestes). *Of one clad in silk.* Aĭbĭo bombycĕ lucĕt.

SERĬCUS, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to the Seres.* Doctus săgittas tendĕrĕ Serĭcas. *H.* **2.** *Silks,* &c. ~-ă peplâ. *St.* frenâ. *Cl.* Intĕr ~-os jăcĕrĕ pulvillos. *H. See* SERICUM.

SĔRIES, ei. *f.* **1.** *A series, row, line* (in which things or persons follow in order one after the other). Lit. and fig. Longe sĕrĭes porrectâ virum. *St.* ~ jŭvĕnum (chŏrĕas ăgentĭum). *Tib.* longissĭmâ rerum. *V.* ~-em evolvĕrĕ fati. *O.* [¶ Ordo.] **2.** *Used of a course of years, generations.* Innŭmĕrabĭlĭs ănnorum ~. *H.* Dignĕ vĭr hac ~-e (*line of descendants*). *O.*

SERĬŎLĂ, æ. *f., dim. of* Seria. *A little jar.* Serĭŏlæ vĕtĕrem mĕtŭens deradĕrĕ limum. *Pers. See* SERIA.

SERĬUS, ă, um. **1.** *Grave, serious; real, important.* Conquĕrŏr, ite a me serĭâ verbâ, prĕcŏr. *Tib.* Ducĕrĕ ~-ă In mălâ. *O. H.* [¶ Grăvis. *sts.* verŭs.] **2.** Serĭâ. n. pl. as subst. *Serious matters, business; serious subjects for thought* or *occupation* (opposed to ludus, lusus, &c.). Amoto quæramŭs ~-ă ludo. *H.* Lusus serĭăquĕ tŭă. *O.*

SERMO, onĭs. *m.* **1.** *Conversation, familiar discourse.* Amissos longo sŏcĭos sermonĕ rĕquirunt. *V.* Abrumpĕrĕ mĕdĭum sermonem dictis. *V.* Detŭnerĕ dĭem ~-ĕ. *O.* [¶ Collŏquium, verbâ, dictâ, fabŭlâ.] **Ep.** Dulcĭs, blandŭs, vălĭŭs, longŭs. *See* COLLOQUOR. **2.** *Report, rumour.* Rĕplerĕ pŏpŭlos multĭplĭci ~-ĕ. *V.* [¶ Rumŏr, &c.] *See* R. **3.** *The common talk* (*i. e.* subject of it). Intĕr ĕos tu ~ ĕs. *Pp.* [¶ Fabŭlâ.] **4.** *A language.* Doctĕ ~-es ŭtrĭusquĕ linguæ. *H.* Lĭbellum Gĕtĭco ~-ĕ scripsi. *O.* [¶ Linguâ.] **5.** *Used of poetical compositions* (such as satires) *couched in ordinary conversa-*

tional language, and on subjects of common life. ∾-es Blonei; nostri. *H.* 6. Eccl. *The Word* (Christ). *Prud. See* VERBUM.

I. SERO. *adv.* (SERŎ. *St. M.*) 1. *Late, too late* (in which senses sero and serĭŭs, *comp.*, are both used). Heu! sero rĕvŏcatŭr ămor, seroquĕ jŭventā. *Tib.* Princĭpĭis obsta: ∾ mĕdĭcīnā pārātŭr. *O.* [† Tarde, serĭŭs; serā, *n. pl. V.*] 2. Serĭŭs. *comp. Later* or *too late.* Serĭŭs egrĕdĭtŭr. *O.* Dĕcĭma, vel serĭŭs, hora. *M.* 3. Serĭŭs ocĭŭs, *or* Serĭŭs cĭtĭŭs. *Sooner* or *later, one day. H. O. See* OCIUS.

II. SĔRO, Is, ŭi, ertum. 1. *To make, form,* &c., *by continuous adding, connecting,* &c.; *to interweave, intermingle.* Lit. and fig. Cum Varronĕ mānus et cum Varronĕ sĕrendā Prœlĭā. *Sil.* ∾ vulnĕrā vastā. *Lr.* [† Necto, texo, jungo, consĕro.] Hence—2. ∾ sermonem. *Pl.*, (res) sermonē. *To frame conversation, to converse; to discuss in conversation.* Multa intĕr sese vārĭo sermonē sĕrebant. *V.* [† Dissĕro, collŏquŏr.] *See* S. (III.)

III. SĔRO, Is, sevi, sātum. 1. *To sow.* Exercetĕ, vīri, tauros, sĕrĭte hordĕā campis. *V.* Istĕ sĕrendŭs āgĕr. *O.* [† Semĭno, consĕro.] Crel. Semēn *or* semĭnā -jăcĭo, jacto, spargo, pono, depono. Semĭnā hŭmo -spargo, pono, condo, tĕgo, obrŭo. Semēn hŭmo do. Sulco sĕro. Semĭnā sulcis (terræ, arvis) -credo, committo, mando, do, demitto. ˜In āgros (In hŭmum) semēn -spargo, mitto. Semēn -sulcis depono;—ingestis glebis abscondo. Phr. Spem anni (cĕrĕrem, debĭtā semĭnā) terræ (t. rĕsŏlutæ, sulcis, s. ārātis, sulcatis terris) -credo, In fœnŭs credo, mando, miscĕo. Semēn mota hŭmo spargo. S. sŭb terras ārātas depono, &c. 2. *To plant.* Nullam vitē prĭŭs sevĕrĭs arbŏrem. *H.* [† Consĕro, planto, pono, obrŭo.] Crel. Hŭmo *or* terræ mando. Scrŏbĭbŭs demitto. Scrŏbĭbŭs sŭbactis mando. Sulcis depono *or* committo. Terra -condo, tĕgo, defigo. Radicem terræ infigo. Plantas hŭmo figo. Stirpes (virgultā) terra -tĕgo, abscondo, obrŭo. 3. Fig. ∾ rumores. *V.* [☞ *Spargere voces in vulgum ambiguas. V.*] ∾ campum alterno sermonē (*as they go over it*). *St.* Romanum bellum jŭvĕnili In pectŏrē. *Sil.* [† Spargo, fundo; *sts.* infundo.] *See* SERO (II.).

SERPENS, tis. *m.* (sc. drăco.); *f. sts. L.* (sc. bestia.) 1. *A serpent.* Corpŏrā natorum serpens amplexŭs ŭterquē. *V.* ∾-um collā. *O.* ∾-ĭum allapsus. *H.* [† Anguĭs, cŏlŭbĕr, cŏlŭbrā, draco; *sts.* hydrŭs, hydrā, aspĭs, vipĕrā, chĕlydrŭs, reptĭles.] Ep. Aspĕr, ātrox, dirŭs, sævŭs, mĭnax, horrĭdŭs, terrĭbĭlis, tŭmĭdŭs, tŭmens, sibĭlŭs, jŭbatŭs, cristatŭs, atĕr, cærŭlŭs, cærŭlĕŭs, vīrens, vīridis, livens, livĭdŭs, squallĭdŭs, squamosŭs, tortŭs, intortŭs, sĭnŭatŭs, implĭcĭtŭs, longŭs, lubrĭcŭs; vĕnenosŭs, vĕnenĭfĕr, noxĭŭs, mălŭs, letĭfĕr. Crel. Proserpens bestĭā. Gĕnŭs reptĭlē. Squamĕā turbā. Vipĕrĕum gĕnŭs. Serpentis -orbes, spiræ, vŏlumĭnā, gyri, nodi, tractus, tortus, sinus, sibĭlā, morsus, afflatŭs, vĕnenum, virŭs. Squamĕā serpentis tergā. Phr. Sĭnŭosā vŏlumĭnā torquens *or* versans. Multĭplĭces In orbes sĭnŭatŭs. Sĭnŭans immensā tergā. Pĕr longā (vastā, ingentĭā) vŏlumĭnā labens. Sibĭlā -fundens, ĕdens, &c. Lingua stridens. Lingua vĭbrantē *or* orē mĭnax. Attollens iras. Cærŭlā collā tŭmens. Squamis horrens. Fulgorē (aurato f.) nĭtĭdŭs. Măcŭlis auroquē (m. cristisquē) dĕcorŭs *or* insignis. Vĕneno -tŭmens, tŭmĭdŭs, armatŭs, mĕtŭendŭs. Vipĕrĕo fellē tŭmens *or* plenŭs. Mălā gramĭnā pastŭs. 2. *The constellation so called.* [† Anguis, Drăco.]

SERPENTĬPĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Producing serpents.* Æginamquē sĭmul, serpentĭfĕramquē Sĕriphum. *V.* (*Ciris.*)

SERPENTĬGĔNĂ, æ. *m. f. Serpent-born* (used of the Sparti, said to have sprung from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus). Vos serpentĭgĕnis in se fĕrā bellā dĕdistis. *O.* [† Anguĭgĕnā, drăconĭgĕnā.] Crel. Vipĕrĕum gĕnŭs fratrum. Cătervæ dentē Dircæo sātæ.

SERPENTĬPES, ĕdis. *m. f. Serpent-footed.* Sphingăque, ĕt Harpyias, serpentĭpĕdesquē Gĭgantās. *O.*

SERPO, Is, psi. 1. *To creep, to crawl* (of the reptile). Serpĕrē cærŭlĕum Dănăī viderē drăconem. *O.* ∾-ens intĕr pătĕras ĕt lævĭā poculā (anguis). *V.* [† Repo, proserpo, repto, &c.] *See* REPO. 2. Gen. *To creep, to make way by degrees, to spread by degrees* or *imperceptibly.* Lit. and fig. ∾ fallacem ĕquum dixĭt (*the Trojan horse*). *Pp.* ∾-ĭt In mārē (amnis). *O.* lanugo pĕr orā. *Cl.* hĕdĕrā intĕr lauros. *V.* aer Inĭmicŭs. *Lr.* murmŭr pĕr agmĭnā; quies mortallĭbŭs. *V.* [† Inserpo, repo, adrepo, obrepo, irrepo, insĭnŭo, spargŏr.] 3. *To wind along.* ∾-ens rivŭs. *L.* tramĕs. *Sen.* [† Erro, vāgŏr.]

SERPYLLUM, i. *n. Wild thyme.* Allĭā serpyllumque herbas contundĭt ŏlentes. *V.* Ep. Vīrens, vīridē, frāgrans, ŏdorum, ŏlens.

SERRĂ, æ. *f. A saw.* Ferroque incidĭt ăcuto Perpĕtŭos dentes, et serræ reppĕrĭt usum. *O.* [† Lamĭnā serræ.] Ep. Ferrĕā, ăcutā, dentatā, mordax, argutā, raucā, stridens.

SERTĂ, æ. *f.* = Sertum. *A garland, festoon.* Quum tŭā præpendent demissæ in pocŭlā sertæ. *Pp.*

SERTUM, i. *n., and us.* SERTĂ, orum. *pl. A garland, bunches* or *wreaths of flowers, festoons.* Festăque ŏdoratis innectunt tempŏrā sertis. *O.* Vĕnŭs rŏsĕo ∾-o. *Aus.* [† Cŏronā, cŏrollā, flos, flores.] Ep. Rŏsĕum, myrtĕum, laurĕum, florĭdum, florĕum, pictum, vārĭum, rĕcens, vīrens, vīridē, frāgrans, ŏdorum, halans, rĕdŏlens, festum, nexĭlē, textĭlē, intortum. Crel. Serti dĕcŭs (hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos). Sertorum vincŭlā *or* nexus. Festā frons (dis). Phr. *To make garlands of flowers.* Flores sertis intexo. Sertum *or* sertā -necto, connecto, fingo, texo, intexo. Vārĭos flores In sertā -jungo, stringo, ligo, colligo, vincĭo. Sertis -orno, dĕcŏro, cŏrono, cingo. Sertis lŏcum intendo. Frondē cŏrono *or* velo. *See* CORONA, FLOS.

SĔRUM, i. *n. Whey.* Dentquē vīam lĭquĭdo vimĭnā rarā sĕro. *O.*

SERŬS, ă, um. 1. *Late,* or *too late, in doing, coming,* or *going; slow, tardy* (of persons). Jussa maturĭŭs hora Fac semper vĕnĭas, nec nĭsĭ serŭs ābi. *O.* Nĕc fecĭt Inertĭā ∾-um. *O.* ∾ versarē bŏves Bŏotes. *Pp.* quĕrelis assurgis. *V.* armā vīri vŏcabis. *V. Fl.* ∾-i stŭdĭorum (*that learn too late* = *ignorant*). *H.* [† Tardŭs, lentŭs, segnis.] 2. *Late, last* (of things, as to time of taking place). [† Extremŭs, ultĭmŭs, nŏvissĭmŭs, sŭpremŭs.] 3. *Far distant* (in time future). ∾-i nĕpotes. *V.* ∾ postĕrĭtas. *O.* [† Extremŭs, ultĭmŭs.] 4. *Late in the evening, at night,* &c. ∾-os cantus exercĕt (noctŭ). *V.* ∾-a sŭb noctē. *V. Fl.* Serum cănĕrē. *V.* [† Nocturnŭs.] 5. *Late in flowering, bearing,* &c. (of flowers, plants). ∾ vitis. *O.* Serā (= sero) cŏmans Narcissŭs. *V.* ∾-æ ulmi. *V.* 6. *Advanced* (of age). *O.* [† Provectŭs.] 7. *Long, protracted.* ∾ bellum. *O.* [† Longŭs, dĭŭturnŭs.]

SERVĂ, æ. *f. A female slave.* Mæŏnĭo regi quem servā Lĭcymnĭā furtim Sustŭlĕrāt. *V.* [† Ancillā, fămŭlā, mĭnistrā.]

SERVABĬLIS, ĕ. *That may be saved.* Et tutarē căput nulli servabĭlē, si non &c. *O.*

Servans, tĭs. *part. See* Servo. Used also adj. with gen. *Keeping, observing.* Servantissĭmŭs æqui. *V. See* Servator.

Servatŏr, ōris. *m., and* Servatrix, īcis. *f. O.* **1.** *A preserver, deliverer.* Auxilĭumquē dŏmus servatoremquē fātetŭr. *O.* **2.** *A keeper, guardian.* ∾ nĕmŏrĭs. *St. See* Custos. **3.** *One that observes, contemplates.* Doctŭs ∾ ŏlympi. *L.* **4.** *One that keeps to, observes what is right,* &c. ∾ hŏnesti. *L.* [† Servans, observans, cultŏr, tĕnax.] **5.** Eccl. *The Saviour.* [† Salvatŏr.]

Servatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Servo. **1.** *Saved, preserved.* Servatos cives indĭcăt hujŭs ŏpē. *O.* ∾ ex undis. *V.* [† Incŏlŭmis, sospēs, salvŭs.] **2.** *Guarded, kept safe.* ∾-ă centum clavĭbŭs (cæcŭbă). *H.* ∾ pŭellă. *O.* [† Custoditŭs.] **3.** *Reserved.* ∾ mĕreri grăvĭorā telā (Cāpăneus). *St.* **4.** *Observed, studied.* Linguā ∾-æ ăvis. *O.* ∾-ă astrā. *V.*

Servilis, ĕ. *Servile, of a slave* or *slaves* (or servants), *slavish.* Supplĭcĭter stabat, servilĭbŭs ut quæ Jam pĕrĭturā mŏdis. *H.* Făcĕrē ∾-ĭă offĭcĭă. *Pp.* Nil ∾-ē gŭlæ parens hăbēt? *H.* [† Fămŭlaris; *sts.* servŭs, fămŭlŭs.]

Servio, is, ivi *or* ĭi. **1.** *To be a slave* or *servant.* Lit. and fig. Servĭĕrat quidam, quantollĭbĕt ordĭnē dignŭs. *O.* Servĭēt æternum, qui parvo nescĭēt uti. *H.* [† Fămŭlŏr.] **Crcl.** Sum servŭs *or* mancĭpĭum. **2.** *To be reduced to slavery by being taken* or *conquered in war; to serve as a slave.* Irē servitum Graiis matrĭbŭs. *V.* Nobis Germanĭā ∾-ĭt. *L.* [† Parĕo; *ext.* subjĭcĭŏr, dŏmŏr, &c.] **Crcl.** Servĭtĭum *or* jŭgum -accĭpĭo, sŭbĕo, fĕro, pătĭŏr. Dŏmĭnum accĭpĭo *or* pătĭŏr. Servĭtĭo prēmŏr. Servĭtĭum me prēmĭt. Jŭgo collā -do, subjĭcĭo, subdo, submitto. Servĭtĭo subdŏr. Sŭb jŭgā ĕo *or* mittŏr. Servĭtĭi jŭgum fĕro. Captiva cervicē vinclā fĕro. Servili jŭgo collā subdo. Tĕnĕŏr cātenis. **3.** Gen. *To be subject, to be dependent, to obey.* ∾ mārito. *V.* legĭbŭs. *Cl.* [† Fămŭlŏr, parĕo, obsĕquŏr, ŏbedĭo.] **Sum** obnoxĭŭs. **4.** Fig. *To serve, to wait upon, to be devoted to.* Huic uni dŏmĭno usquē ∾-amŭs. *Cat.* ∾ ægro. *O.* Tĭbĭ ∾-ĭt mens mĕā. *Tib.* [† Fămŭlŏr, mĭnistro.] **Crcl.** ˘Opĕram do *or* mĭnistro.

Servitĭum, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *The condition of a slave.* Nēquē servĭtĭo me exirĕ lĭcĕbăt. *V.* [† Fămŭlatŭs; *sts.* mĭnistĕrĭum, ŏpĕrā.] **Crcl.** Servilĭs lăbŏr *or* ŏpĕrā. Fămŭlarē ŏpŭs. **2.** *The state to which a conquered people were reduced.* Lit. and fig. ∾-o prēmĕt Itălĭam. *V.* ∾-um vĭdĕo, dŏmĭnamquē pāratam. *O.* [† Servĭtus, fămŭlatŭs, jŭgum; *ext.* vincŭlă, vinclă.] **Ep.** Durum, grăvē, ăcerbum, Iniquum, mĭsĕrum, mĭsĕrabĭlē, turpē. **Crcl.** Servĭtĭi -jŭgum, pondŭs, ŏnŭs. Týranni jŭgum. **3.** *The state of animals broken in.* Assuescĕrē collā ∾-o (de jŭvencis). *V.* ∾-um tempŏrē sŭbĭt (ĕlĕphas). *O.* [† Jŭgum.]

Servitus, utĭs. *f.* **1.** *Slavery.* Quum tristem servĭtutem ferent Attĭci. *Ph. See* Servitium. **2.** *Slaves, a body of slaves.* ∾ crescĭt nŏvā. *H.*

Servo, as. **1.** *To preserve, to save.* Di pătrĭi, servatē dŏmum, servatē nĕpotem! *V.* [† Conservo, tŭĕŏr, tutŏr, protĕgo.] **Crcl.** Incŏlŭmem (tutum, salvum) -effĭcĭo, præsto, &c. Pĕriclis servo. A mortē rĕduco *or* rĕvŏco. Pĕriclis morti subduco. Leto erĭpĭo. A discrimĭnē (a pĕriclis) rĕcĭpĭo. Mălis erĭpĭo. Vitam *or* ănĭmam servo. Mĕdĭŏ discrimĭnē leti servo *or* rĕvŏco. Sălutem affĕro. *See* Incolumis. **2.** *To watch, keep watch over.* ∾ retĭā; sācros ramos. *V.* [† Asservo, custodĭo.] *See* Custodio. **3.** *To hold, to retain. V.* [† Rĕtĭnĕo.] Fig. **4.** *To retain, keep up, cherish.* ∾ ămorem; sŭb pectŏrē vulnŭs. *V.* [† Conservo, rĕtĭnĕo.] **5.** *To observe, keep, fulfil.* ∾ leges. *H.* fœdĕrā. *O.* [† Custodĭo, cŏlo; *sts.* sto, fŏvĕo.] **6.** *To reserve, keep back.* ∾ aris sācros (vĭtŭlos). *V.* [† Rĕservo.] **7.** *To observe, note, and study.* ∾ sidĕrā. *V. O.* [† Observo, &c.] *See* O. **8.** Serva. *Mind! take care!* Hic fossā est ingens &c.: serva. *H.* **9.** *To keep, dwell in, occupy, haunt* (sts. with the sense of protecting and presiding over the place). Centum quæ silvas, centum quæ flumĭnā servant. *V.* ∾-antem ripas (hydrum). *V.* [† Cŏlo, incŏlo, sĕdĕo; *sts.* præsĭdĕo, præsum, tŭĕŏr, &c.]

Servŭlus, i. *m., dim. of* Servus. Servŭlŭs infelix &c. *J. See* S.

Servus, i. *m.* **1.** *A slave, a servant.* Si pœnam servo, si vincŭlā sævā rĕmittĭs. *O.* [† Servŭlus, mancĭpĭum, fămŭlŭs, pŭĕr, mĭnistĕr; *sts.* vernă; *pl.* servĭtĭă.] **Ep.** Fidŭs, fidelis, acĕr, strenŭŭs, vĭgĭl, impĭgĕr, gnavŭs; ignavŭs, iners, fallax, dŏlosŭs; inops, mĭsĕr, infelix; hŭmĭlis, sordĭdŭs. **Crcl.** Fămŭlorum (fămŭlaris) grex *or* turbā. Fămŭlæ turbæ nŭmĕrŭs. Servorum nŭmĕrosā mănŭs. **2.** Used adj. *Servile, slavelike.* O ĭmĭtatores servum pĕcŭs! *H.* [† Subjectŭs, servĭens, obnoxĭŭs.] **3.** *Of slavery, of a slave.* ∾-ă bĭbatŭr ăquā; mănŭs. *O.* [† Servilis.]

Sesquipĕdalis, ĕ. *A foot and a half long;* fig. *of an immense length.* Projĭcĭt ampullas et sesquĭpĕdalĭă verbā. *H.*

Sesquipes, ĕdis. *m. A foot and a half.* Si fŭĕres brĕvĭor, Claudĭā, sesquĭpĕdē. *M.*

Sessilis, ĕ. **1.** *Of* or *for sitting.* Castŏrē dignŭs ĕrit: sic tergum sessilĕ. *O.* **2.** *Broad-bottomed* (of jars, &c.). ∾ obbā. *Pers.* **3.** *Growing low, dwarf, sessile* (of plants, herbs). ∾-es lactucæ. *M.* [? Sedens. *Lactuca sedens, et sectile porrum. M.*]

Sessŏr, ōris. *m. A sitter;* hence, *a spectator.* In văcŭo lætus sessor plausorquē thĕātro. *H.* [† Consessŏr.]

Sestertiŏlŭs, i. *m., dim. of* Sestertius. *M.*

Sestertĭŭs, ĭi. *m.; pl.* Sestertĭi, orum, *and* Sestertĭa. *n. A silver coin, the fourth part of a* denarius, *about twopence of our money.* Interceptā dĕcem quĕrĕris sestertĭā fraudē. *J.*

Sestiăcŭs, ă, um. *Of Sestos.* Sestĭăcos nunc fămā sĭnus (jactĕt). *St.*

Sestĭas, ădis. *f. Of Sestos, f.;* hence, *Hero* (of Sestos). Sĕdĕt anxĭā turrē sŭprema Sestĭās in spĕcŭlis. *St.*

Sestŏs, i. *f. A town of Thrace, opposite to Abydos, the home of Hero.* Sestŏn ˘Abydena sepărāt urbē frĕtum. *O.*

Setă, æ. *f., and us.* Setæ, arum. *pl.* **1.** *The thick, strong hair of animals; a bristle* or *bristles.* Terrĭbĭli impexum seta, cum dentĭbŭs albis (*a lion's skin*). *V.* Setis obsĭtă (Io). *V.* Rĭgĭdis horrentĭā ∾-is (*a boar's back*). *O.* [† Villi, pĭli.] **Ep.** Cŏmantes, hirsutæ, hirtæ, horrentes, duræ, rĭgĭdæ.] **2.** *Used also of the strong hair of men. O.* **3.** Sing. *A horse-hair;* sp. *for hairlines.* Piscem ducĕrē ∾-a. *M. See* Linea.

Setĭgĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. **1.** *Bristly.* Setĭgĕrosquē sŭes. *O.* [† Setosŭs.] *See* S. **2.** Used subst. *A wild boar.* Dĭŏmedeis mĕtŭendus ∾ agris. *M. O. See* Aper.

Setosŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Bristly, hairy* (of strong hair). Setosi căpŭt hoc apri tĭbĭ, Delĭā, parvŭs. *V.* [† Setĭgĕr, villosŭs.] **Crcl.** Setis -aspĕr, horrĭdŭs, horrens, horrescens, rĭgens, cŏmans, velatŭs. Villis aspĕr *or* horrens. **Phr.** Tergā rĭgĭdis setis horrentĭā. Hirsutā setis vellĕrā. Cruā rĭgent setis. **2.** Verbĕrā setosā. *Pp. A coarse whip* or *thong* (made either of twisted hair, or skin with the hair on it).

Seu. *conj.* = Sivĕ (from seive, old orthog., and used indifferently the one for the other). **1.** Used singly, and at the beginning of a sentence. *And if, or if, even if*, &c. Et me, seu corpus spŏlĭātum lumĭnĕ mavis, Reddĕ mĕis. *V.* [Cf. *Æn.* 12, 935.] [† Sivĕ, vĕl si, aut si.] **2.** Used singly (disjunctive of single words or sentences). *Or.* Prorā cŭbilĕ, seu puppĭs ĕrĭt. *Pp.* Qui pĕdum cursu vălĕt &c., aut jăcŭlo incedĭt mĕllĭŏr &c., seu cæstu pugnam committĭt. *V.* [† Sivĕ, aut, vĕl.] **3.** Used twice or more in corresponding clauses. *Whether . . . or* (when each *seu* has a separate verb, or when the first begins a period, and belongs to a verb;) otherwise, *either . . . or* (for which, however, *whether . . . or* may be sts. used). Seu căpŭt abdĭdĕrăt casĭdĕ &c.; seu sumpsĕrăt ærĕ &c. *O.* Sivĕ quŏd Appŭlā gens, seu quŏd Lucanĭā bellum incŭtĭĕrĕt. *H.* [† Sivĕ . . . sivĕ; *sts.* sivĕ (seu) . . . aut. Seu imbĕr prolŭĭt, aut vĕtustas solvĭt. *V. See* **2.** *V.*] **4.** Sts. the first *seu* is left out. Tollĕrĕ, seu ponĕrĕ vult frĕtā. *H.* **5.** Sts. = ăn. Erravitnĕ vĭa, seu lassā rĕsedĭt (incertum). *V.* [† ˘An, nĕ.]

Sĕvērĭtas, ătĭs. *f. Gravity, austereness.* Quare depŏsĭta sĕvĕrĭtatĕ. *M.* [† Grăvĭtas, sŭpercĭlĭum, durĭtĭā, &c.] *See* Supercilium.

Sĕvērŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Of grave, austere countenance.* Illā quĭdem fătĕor frontis non essĕ sĕvĕræ &c. *O.* [† Grăvĭs, austerŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, aspĕr, tristĭs, durŭs, Inhumanŭs.] **Crcl.** Frontĕ –sĕvera, contracta, adducta, obducta, stricta. Sĕvĕræ frontĭs. Sĕveri sŭpercĭlĭi. *See* Supercilium. **2.** *Of hard and hardy life.* Cures ~-i. *V.* [† Durŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, aspĕr, pătĭens.] **3.** *Of strict morals. O.; of temperate habits. H. Tib.* [† Castŭs, prŏbŭs, &c.; sobrĭŭs.] **4.** *Austere, rigid* (of persons). Rumores sĕnum sĕvĕrĭorum. *Cat.* ~ Cătō. *M.* [† Austerŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs.] **5.** *Hard, insensible.* Essĕ pectŏrĭs ~-i. *O.* [† Durŭs, fĕrŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, &c.] **6.** *Harsh, severe* (of things). ~ lex. *O.* [† Durŭs, immitĭs, sævŭs, &c.] **Phr.** Haud mollĭs. **7.** *Used of the higher and more dignified styles of composition.* Musā ~-æ trăgœdĭæ. *H.* Cŏlĭrĕ Musas ~-iores. *M.* **8.** *Used of harsh wine. H.* [† Aspĕr, acĕr, austerŭs.] **9.** *Awful, fearful, cruel.* ~ amnĭs Cocyti. *V.* ~-ă (*n. pl.*) noctĭs signā; pĕlăgi (= pĕrĭcŭlā pĕlăgi). *Lr.* filā mĕæ vitæ. *O.* ~ turbā Euměnĭdum. *Pp.* [† Sævŭs, atĕr, horrendŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, tristĭs, crudelĭs, infestŭs.]

Sevŏco, as. *To call apart* or *aside; to withdraw, separate.* Sevŏcăt hunc gĕnĭtor, nec causam fassŭs ămorĭs. *O.* [† Seduco, sepăro, abduco, &c.]

Sex. *indecl.* **1.** *Six.* An grăvĕ sex annis pulchram fovissĕ Călypso? *O.* [† Seni, æ, ă.] **Crcl.** Bĭs tĕr. Bĭs terni. Tĕr bini. **2.** Sex septem. *Six or seven. H. Ter.*

Sexagesĭmŭs, ă, um. *Sixtieth.* Ut lŏcŭpletem ăquĭlam tĭbĭ sexagesĭmŭs annŭs Affĕrăt. *J.*

Sexaginta. *indecl.* (**Sexagintā.** *M.*) *Sixty.* Quum sexaginta nūmĕret Cascellĭŭs annos. *M.* [† Sexageni, æ, ă.] **Crcl.** Dĕcĭes seni, *or* seni dĕcĭes. Tĕr viceni.

Sexangŭlŭs, ă, um. *Sexangular.* Nonnĕ vĭdes, quos cerā tĕgit sexangŭlā, fetus &c.? *O.*

Sexcenti, æ, ă. *Six hundred.* Sexcentos illi dĕdĕrat Pŏpŭlonĭā matĕr (jŭvĕnes). *V.*

Sexennĭum, ĭi. *n. A space of six years. Pl.*

Sextans, tĭs. *m. The sixth part of a pound-weight*, or *of a liquid-measure.* Sextantemquĕ trăhat gummi cum semĭnĕ Tusco. *O.* Sextantes, Callistĕ, dŭos infundĕ fălerni. *M.* [In prose, a coin = the sixth of an *as;* and gen., a sixth.]

Sextarĭŭs, ĭi. *m. A liquid-measure = about a pint and a half.* [In prose, the sixth part of any measure or weight; also a dry-measure = the fourth part of a *modius.*] Panĭs ĕmatŭr, ŏlus, vini sextarĭŭs; addĕ. *H.*

Sextilĭs mensĭs, and **Sextilĭs,** ĭs. *m.* abs. *August* (the sixth month of the Roman year). Per brumam Tĭbĕris, sextili mensĕ cămĭnŭs. *H.* ~-em totum mendax desiderŏr. *H.* [† Augustŭs.]

Sextŭlā, æ. *f. The sixth part of an ounce = the seventy-second part of an* as *or whole.* Libras scriptŭlā sextŭlasquĕ dicĭt. *M.*

Sextŭs, ă, um. *The sixth.* Sacrā vĭdet fĭĕri sextŭs ăb urbĕ lăpis. *O.* [† Bĭs tertĭŭs.]

Sexŭs, us. *m. Sex.* Nullo discrimĭnĕ sexus Reginam scit ferrĕ Phărŏs. *L.* Injurĭā ~-us nostri. *M.* **Ep.** Vĭrilĭs, mŭlĭĕbrĭs, femĭnĕŭs. **Crcl.** Vĭrilĕ *or* femĭnĕum (mŭlĭebrĕ) gĕnŭs.

Si. **1.** *If, supposing that.* Dellĭtŭi, dum velā dăcrent, si fortĕ dĕdissent. *V.* **Crcl.** *Sts.* Quŏd si. Si –fortĕ, quando, unquam, fors. **2.** Sts. it is understood in the verb. Partem ŏpĕrĕ ĭn tanto, sĭnĕrĕt dŏlŏr, hăberes (= si sĭnĕrĕt). *V.* Huic ălĭquĭs dixissĕt ămantĭā verbā &c. (= si dixissĕt). *O.* ˘In cœlum, jussĕrĭs, ibĭt (= si jussĕrĭs). *J.* [So Angl. "did but grief permit;" "should he but have spoken."] **3.** Sts. = *when, at what time.* Si luxĕrĭt, ăd lĭbrarĭorum scrinĭā curram. *Cat.* [† Quum (*with indic.*), quando, ŭt; *sts.* quŏtĭes, ŭbĭ, postquam.] **4.** = *since.* Si concessā pĕto. *V.* [† Quum (*with subj.*), quando, quandŏquĭdem, sĭquĭdem.] **5.** = *even if, although. H.* [† Etsi, &c.] *See* Quamvis. **6.** = ŭtĭnam. *Would that!* Si nunc se illĕ ramŭs ostendăt! *V.* O si angŭlŭs accedăt! *H.* **7.** Sts. = ăn. Quærebam, sicca si piscis ărena &c. *Pp.*

Sibĭlo, as. **1.** *To hiss* (of animals, &c.). Derĭgŭere ŏcŭli, tŏt ˘Erinnys sibĭlăt hydris. *V.* **Crcl.** Sibĭlā –mitto, edo, fundo, do, tollo; vĭbrata lingua fundo. [† Insĭbĭlo.] **2.** *Used of a whistling, hissing, &c., noise made by things inanimate.* ~-ăt stridŏr rūdentum. *Sil.* aurā. *L.* ferrum ĭn tĕpĭda unda. *O.* [† Stridĕo, crĕpĭto, crĕpo.] **3.** Tr. *To hiss at, hiss a person.* Pŏpŭlŭs me ~-ăt. *H.* [† Explodo.]

Sibĭlŭs, i. *m.; pl.* **Sibĭlā,** orum. *A hiss, a hissing, a whizzing* or *a whistling sound.* Horrendăquĕ sibĭlā misĭt (serpens). ~ vĕnĭentis austri. *V.* ~-ă pastorĭā. *O.* stridentĭs teli. *Sil.* [† Stridŏr; sŭsurrŭs.]

Sibĭlŭs, ă, um. *Hissing.* Tollentemquĕ minas, et sibĭlā collā tŭmentem. *V.* [† Sibĭlans; *sts.* stridens, sŭsurrans.]

Sibyllā, æ. *f. A sibyl* or *prophetess.* (There were several so called, of whom the sibyl of Cumæ was the most famous.) Tallĭbŭs ex ădyto dictis Cumæā sĭbyllā. *V.* **Ep.** Vĕtŭs, annosā, longævā, præsagā, præsclā. **Crcl.** Longævā (magnā) vates *or* săcerdos. ˘Anŭs fatĭdĭcā. *See* Augur.

Sibyllinŭs, ă, um. *Sibylline.* Quo sĭbyllini mŏnŭerĕ versus. *H.*

Sic. **1.** *So, thus, in this manner*, &c. Sic ălĭt, et dicto cĭtĭus tŭmĭda æquŏrā placăt. *V.* [† ˘Itā.] **Crcl.** Hac rătĭonĕ. Hoc pacto. Hoc *or* hoccĕ mŏdo. ˘Ad *or* ĭn hunc morem (mŏdum). ˘Ad istum mŏdum. **2.** *By such means*, &c. Sic itŭr ăd astrā. *V.* [† ˘Itā.] **Crcl.** Hac rătĭonĕ *or* vĭa. Hac artĕ. **3.** *So, equally* or *similarly so.* Sic illĕ ŏcŭlos, sic orā fĕrebăt. *V.* [† ˘Itā, ĭtem, ĭtĭdem, æque, părĭtĕr.] **Crcl.** Non (haud) sĕcŭs *or* ălĭtĕr. Non mĭnŭs. Hac *or* pāri rătĭonĕ. ˘Eodem pacto. **4.** *So, so much, to such a degree.* Sic omnes ămŏr hăbet decernĕrĕ ferro. *V.* Jăcentes sub hac pinu sic tĕmĕrĕ (*so completely at one's will*). *H.* [† ˘Itā, ădĕo, tam, tantum.] **5.** *Used in the expression of a wish.* Sic te divā

pŏtens Cȳpri . . . ventorumquĕ rĕgat pătĕr. *H.* [† ˘Ītă.] 6. = *yes* (in answer); *it is so.* Phănĭum rĕlictam solam? Sic. *Ter.* [† ˘Ītă.] **Crcl.** Sic est. 7. Sic quŏquĕ. *Even so, even then.* Sic quŏque ĕram rĕpĕtendă tĭbĭ. *O.* [† Sic tămĕn.]

SICĂ, æ. *f. A dirk, a dagger.* Quodquĕ tĭbi trĭbŭit subŭlă, sică răpĭt. *M.*

SĬCAMBĔR, bri. *m.;* SĬCAMBRI, orum. *pl. A German people near the Rhine.* Te cædĕ gaudentes Sĭcambri. *H.*

SĬCAMBRIĂ, æ. *f. The country of the Sicambri. Cl.*

SĬCANI, orum. *m. pl. An ancient Italian people of Latium, part of whom settled in Sicily.* Aurunquĕ mănus, Rŭtŭli, vĕtĕresquĕ Sĭcani. *V.* Teucri mixtiquĕ Sĭcani. *V.* [† Sĭcŭli.]

SICĂNIĂ, æ. *f. Sicily.* At frĕtĭă Sicănĭæ saltem gentesquĕ păratas. *V.* *See* SICILIA.

SICĂNĬS, ĭdis. *f. Sicilian, f.* Plurĭmă qua flammas Sicănĭs Ætnă vŏmĭt. [† Sicĕlĭs.]

SICĂNĬUS, *and* SICANUS, ă, um (SICĂNUS. *Sil.*, SICANUS. *Aus.*). *Sicilian.* Sicănĭo prætentă sĭnu jăcĕt insŭlă contra. *V.* Gentes venerĕ Sĭcanæ. *V.* *See* SICULI.

SICARIUS, ĭi. *m. An assassin.* Quod mœchus fŏrĕt, aut sicarĭŭs, aut kĭlloqui &c. *H.* [† Grassatŏr.]

SICCĬNĂ. *Is it thus? is it in this way; to this degree?* &c. Sicclnĕ, sic, inquit, grates prĕtĭumquĕ rĕpendis? *Sil.* Sicclne ĕam vidisti flerĕ? *Pp.* [† Sic, Ītănĕ.] **Crcl.** Sic –ergo, ĭgĭtŭr.

SICCO, as. 1. *To dry* (what has got wet). ∾ e solĕ căpillos. *O.* ˘Arĭes vellĕrĕ ∾-ăt. *V.* [† Exsicco.] **Crcl.** Humorem exprĭmo. Siccum reddo or effĭcĭo. 2. *To dry, wipe away tears.* ∾ lăcrĭmas. *O.* *See* TERGEO. 3. ∾ vulnŭs. *To staunch a wound.* ∾ tristĭă vulnĕrĕ. *O.* vulnĕrĕ lymphis. *V.* 4. *To dry up, parch* or *burn up.* ∾ Hebrum cum Strymŏnĕ. *O.* [† Exsicco, cŏquo, exhaurĭo, uro.] 5. *To drain, empty, exhaust by drinking.* Lit. and fig. Siccarĕ cănĭces. *H.* Permessĭdă largo orĕ (*to drain the Muses' fountain*, i. e. *be a great poet*). *Pers.* [† Haurĭo, exhaurĭo.] *See* E. 6. Sp. *To milk dry.* ∾ ŏvĭs uberă. *V.* distentas pĕcŭdes. *L.* *See* MULGEO.

SICCUM, i. *n. Dry ground, the dry ground.* ˘In ∾-o ludunt fŭlĭcæ. *V.* ∾-um rostrĭ tĕnent. *V.* mergŭs ămăt. *L.* [† Littŭs, terrā, ărenā.] **Crcl.** Siccum littŭs. Siccă –tellus, ărenă, hŭmŭs, terrā.

SICCŬS, ă, um. 1. *Dry, without moisture, dried.* Trudĭtŭr e sicco radix ŏlĕăgĭnă ligno. *V.* ∾-o terram spŭĭt orĕ vĭatŏr. *V.* ˘In ∾-a hŭmo. *O.* [† Arĭdŭs, arens, siccatŭs; *sts.* jejunŭs, &c.] *See* ARIDUS. 2. With abl. or gen. ∾-um sanguĭnĕ guttŭr. *V.* ∾-i sanguĭnĭs enses. *Sil.* 3. *Without tears.* ∾ ærumnas tŭli. *Sen.*] 4. *Drained, empty.* Pocŭlă ∾-ă. *Tib.* Stĕtĭt urnă paulum ∾-ă. *H.* [† Exhaustŭs, siccatŭs.] 5. Sts. = sĭtĭens. *See* S. 6. *One who does not touch wine; one who has not drunk wine;* fig. *temperate.* ∾-is omnĭă durĕ. *H.* Accedes ∾ ăd unctum. *H.* [So *madens, madidus*, in the opposite sense.] [† Sobrĭŭs.] 7. *Dry, without rain; drying.* Tempŏrĕ ∾-ă Cănĭs. *Tib.* ∾-i ăquĭlones. *O.* *See* SERENUS. 8. *Dry and lean.* Corpŏrĕ sicclorĕ cornu. *Cat.* [† Arĭdŭs, măcĕr.]

SICĔLĬS, ĭdis. *f. Sicilian.* Sicĕlĭdes Musæ, paulo majorā cănamŭs. *V.* Intĕr ∾-Idas nymphas. *O.* [† Sĭcŭlŭ, Sicănĭs.]

SICĬLIA, æ. *f. The island Sicily.* Qui Sȳracusis pĕrhĭberĕ natŭs esse in Sĭcĭlĭa. *Pl.* [But *Siciliæ rupes, tepidum quæ venit in austrum. Sil.* Note also Sicĕlĭs and Sĭcŭlŭs.] [† Sicănĭă, Trinăcrĭă.] **Ep.** Æquŏrĕă, trĭfĭdă, divĕs, fĕrax, fecundă, fertĭlĭs, frugĭfĕrā. **Crcl.** Sicŭlă tellus. Sicŭli fines. Sicŭlum littŭs. Terrā or orā –Sĭcŭlă, Sicĕlĭs, Trinăcrĭs, Trinăcrĭă. Sicănĭæ arvă. Cȳclopum –regnă, oræ.

SICŬBI (*for* Si alicubi). *If any where.* Sicŭbi magnă Jŏvis antiquo robŏrĕ quercŭs Ingentes tendat ramos. *V.*

SĬCŬLI, orum. *m. pl. The people of Sicily.* Flammæ tempestas Sĭcŭlum dŏmĭnatā pĕr agros. *Lr.*

SICŬLŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Sicily.* Millĕ mĕæ Sĭcŭlis errant in montĭbŭs agnæ. *V.* ∾ prŏfundum. *O.* [† Sicanŭs, Sicănĭŭs, Trinăcrĭus: *ext.* Ætnæŭs, Ennæŭs; Sicĕlĭs, Sicănĭs. *f.*] 2. *Of* or *belonging to Vulcan.* ∾-is incudĭbŭs incĭdĭt ensis. *L.* căminis conformatā effĭgies. *S.* [† Vulcanĭŭs, Cȳclopĭŭs.]

SICŬT. 1. *As, just as, just as if.* Et tŭnĭcas lăcrĭmis, sicŭt ăb imbrĕ, grăves. *O.* *See* TANQUAM. 2. Sicŭt ĕram, &c. *Such* or *just as I, he, it,* &c. *was* (= ὡς εἶχον). Sicŭt ĕram, fŭgio sĭnĕ vestĭbŭs. *O.* Sicŭt ĕrăt, defert currus In Tarărā. *St.*

SICYON, onis. *f. An ancient town of Achaia, the seat of the first Grecian monarchy, and famous for its olives.* Qui Drĕpăni scŏpŭlos ĕt ŏlĭvifĕræ Sĭcyonis Cultă fĕrunt. *St.*

SICYONĬCUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Sicyon.* Venĭt hiems, tĕrĭtur Sĭcyonĭă baccă trăpetis. *V.* 2. Used subst. n. pl. *Sicyonian shoes.* Pulchra In pĕdĭbŭs ∾-ĭă rident. *Lr.* and *V.* (*Ciris.*)

SIDĔRĔUS, ă, um. 1. *Of the stars* or *a star, starry; star,* adj. Postĕrā sidĕrĕos aurorā fŭgavĕrĭt ignes. *O.* ∾ Cănis. *O.* [† Cœlestis.] [So ∾ *Pedo*, who wrote of the stars. *O.*] 2. *Heavenly, from heaven.* ∾-æ ănĭmæ. *Sil.* ∾-o clȳpĕo ĕt cœlestĭbŭs armis. *V.* 3. *Divine, of divine descent.* ∾-o de sanguĭnĕ. *V. Fl.* ∾ conjux (Ceyx fil. Lucĭfĕri). *O.* [† Divinŭs, cœlestis.] 4. = fulgĭdŭs. Villis ∾-is cŏmans pellis. *V. Fl.* *See* FULGIDUS. 5. *Beaming with beauty,* &c. ∾ effĭgies fulgentis ˘Iuli. *Sil.* *See* PULCHER. 6. *Divine* (of divine powers, excellence). ∾-i vatis præceptă Mărŏnis. *Col.* [† Divinŭs, præstans, exĭmĭŭs, &c.]

SIDO, ĭs, sidi. 1. *To set oneself down, to settle down, to rest* or *remain settled;* sp. *to perch* (of birds). Sedĭbŭs optatis gĕmĭna sŭpĕr arbŏrĕ sidunt. *V.* Quĕrŏr non ∾ pallĭă In lecto. *Pp.* [† Sĕdĕo, consĭdĕo, consido.] 2. *To sink, sink down; to disappear by sinking down.* Sidebant campi, crescebant montĭbŭs altis Ascensŭs. *Lr.* ∾ mĕdĭis vădis (de navĕ); In cĭnĕres pătĕrnos (de Thebis). *Pp.* [† Desido, subsido, conside.] *See* SEDEO, CONSIDO.

SIDON, ŏnis. *f.* (Σιδών, ῶνος *and* όνος.) *The celebrated city of Phœnicia.* Atque ĕquĭdem Teucrum mĕmĭni Sidonă vĕnirĕ. *V.* Nec Sidŏnĭ villŏr Aulon. *St.* *See* TYRUS.

SIDŎNIS, ĭdis. *f.* (Σιδωνίς *and* Σιδονίς.) *Sidonian, f.; Phœnician, f.; a Sidonian woman* (used by Ovid of Europa, Dido, Anna). Collăcăt hunc stratis concha Sidonĭdĕ tinctis. *O.* Sidŏnis intĕrĕa magno clamorĕ pĕr agros &c. *O.*

SIDŎNĬCUS, ă, um. (Σιδώνιος *and* Σιδόνιος.) 1. *Sidonian, Phœnician.* Ipsă sŭis mănĭbus quondam Sidonĭă Dido. *V.* Sidŏnĭas ostentăt ŏpes. *V.* ∾-o taurŭs ămorĕ călĕt (i. e. *with love of Europa*). *M.* [† Tȳrĭŭs.] 2. *Used of the Tyrian purple. V.* &c. *See* PURPUREUS. 3. Sts. *Theban. St.; Carthaginian. Sil.* [Thebes and Carthage were both Phœnician colonies.]

SIDŬS, ĕris. *n.;* SIDĔRĂ, um. *pl.* 1. *A constellation; a star* or *planet; stars, the stars.* Ex ˘Arĭadnæo sidĕrĕ nossĕ pŏtĕs. *O.* Dum sidĕrā servăt. *V.* Bisseno sidĕrĕ (*the signs of the zo-*

diac). *V. Fl.* [¶ Astrum, stellă; signum.] *See* ASTRUM, STELLA. **2.** Pl. *The heavens, the sky.* Fĕrĭt ∾-ă clamŏr. *V.* Labi fŭga sŭb ∾-ă. *V. See* CŒLUM, AER. **Phr.** 1. *To laud* or *extol to the skies.* ˘Ad siderĕ tollo *or* fĕro. *To deify, make immortal.* ˘Ad siderĕ mitto. *See* LAUDO, APOTHEOSIS. **Phr. 2.** *Phrases expressive of perfect content, happiness, exultation,* &c. = *as great, as happy as the gods.* Siderĕ -vertĭcĕ tango;—summā plantis contingo;—sublimi vertĭcĕ fĕrĭo. **3.** Pl. *The night-time.* Producĕrĕ ∾-ă ludo. *St.* Exactis ∾-ĭbŭs. *Pp. See* NOX. **4.** Sing. *Used to denote a particular season of the year.* Quo siderĕ terras vertĕrĕ. *V.* Hiberno siderĕ. *V. See* TEMPESTAS. **5.** *Used to denote a particular clime* or *climate.* Nostro sŭb ∾-ĕ. *J.* [¶ Cœlum.] **6.** *Used of the state of the weather;* sp. (with appropriate ep.) *of storms, and stormy weather.* Vitarĕ grăvĕ ∾ ĕt imbrem. *O.* Tristĕ Mĭnervæ ∾ (*storm raised by M.*). *V.* [The appearance or ascendancy in the heavens of a particular star or constellation is referred to in these three last meanings.] **7.** *Used for a man's personal fate and fortunes* (as supposed to be astrologically connected with his natal star). ∾-ĕ dextro edĭtŭs. *St.* duro vivĕrĕ. *Pp.* ∾ grăvĕ hăberĕ. *O.* **8.** *Used of the good* or *evil influence which certain stars were supposed astrologically to exercise.* Quĭd ∾ tristĕ Saturni mĭnetŭr? *J.* Sentirĕ siderĕ. *V.* Siderĕ percussă (Zoïlĭ) linguă. *M.* **9.** *A bright, shining light, radiance, glory.* Lit. and fig. Incendĕrĕ gălĕam hŏnoro siderĕ. *St.* Præclarŭs siderĕ egrĕgiæ formæ. *St.* O ∾ Făbĭæ gentĭs (Maxĭmŭs). *O.* [¶ Lumĕn, ignĭs, fulgŏr; *sts.* dĕcŭs.]

SIEM, sĭes, sĭĕt. *anc. for* Sim, sis, &c. Vivĕrĕ cum sensu, nulla quum partĕ sĭet mens. *Lr.*

SIGEUM, *or* SIGEŎN, i. *n. A promontory and town of the Troad.* Jŭvat rĕlicti sollĕ Sigei lŏcă. *Sen.*

SIGEŬS, *and* SIGEĬŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Sigeum;* hence, *Trojan.* Ucălĕgon; Sigea igni frĕtă lată rĕlucent. *V.* Hic est Sigeă tellus. *O.*

SĬGILLUM, i. *n., dim. of* Signum. **1.** *A small figure* or *image; used also for figures wrought* or *in-woven* (*e. g.* in tapestry). Gemmas, marmŏr, ĕbur, Tyrrhenă sĭgillă, tăbellas. *H.* Certamĭnă quattŭŏr addĭt, brĕvĭbŭs distinctă ∾-ĭs. *O.* **2.** *Used of the images on seals;* hence, *a seal, ring.* *H.* [¶ Signum, annŭlŭs.]

SIGMA, ătĭs. *n. A couch in shape like the old Greek* sigma (C). Septem sigmă căpĭt; sex sŭmŭs, addĕ Lŭcum. *M.*

SIGNATŎR, orĭs. *m. A witness to a deed* (by setting his seal to it). Vĕnĭet cum signatorĭbŭs auspex. *J.*

SIGNĬFĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. **1.** *That carries* or *bears,* or *has on it, a sign, image, figure,* &c. Tunc in signĭfĕra rĕsĭdenti puppĕ măgistro. *L.* ∾-o craterĕ mĭnantem. *V. Fl. See* CÆLATUS. **2.** *That bears* or *has stars, starry* (used of the sky, and sp. of the zodiac). ∾-i comprensum limĭtĕ cœli. *L.* Signĭfĕr indĕ sŭbest. *Aus. See* ZODIACUS. **3.** Used subst. *A standard-bearer.* ∾ Romanæ ăquĭlæ. *O.*

SIGNĬFĬCO, as. Intr. and tr. **1.** *To make a sign, indicate by a sign.* Signĭfĭcatquĕ mănu, et magno sĭmŭl incĭpĭt orĕ. *V.* Pĕr gestum res est ∾-andă. *O.* [¶ Innŭo.] *See* I. **2.** *To intimate, betoken, portend.* Quĭd mĭhĭ ∾-ant mĕă viă? *O.* [¶ Denuntĭo, portendo, &c.] **3.** *To mean, signify. Ph. See* OSTENDO.

SIGNO, as. **1.** *To set a mark upon, to mark, to leave a trace* or *mark.* Nec signarĕ quĭdem aut partiri limĭtĕ campum Fas ĕrăt. *V.* ∾ arĕam curru; herbam crŭorĕ. ∾-ătă pectŭs mănĭbŭs crŭentis. *O.* collum nullo jŭgo. *Sen.* [¶ Imprimo, scribo, nŏto; *sts.* distinguo.] **Crel.** Signum imprĭmo. **2.** *To inscribe, engrave;* hence, *to coin money* (stamp it). ∾ saxum sanguĭnĕ. *O.* căsĕum imaginĕ lunæ. *M.* (*fig.*) Signată imaginĕ pătrĭi vultus (*of one the image of her father*). *M.* Navalĭs In ærĕ altĕrĕ signată est. *O.* [¶ Scribo, inscribo, scalpo, &c.] Fig. **3.** *To impress upon the mind.* ∾ pectŏrĕ nomĕn. *O.* [¶ Imprĭmo, infigo, defigo.] **4.** *To figure out, make a likeness.* ∾ imaginĕ vultus. *M. See* EFFINGO. **5.** *To mark with a seal* (and so sign); *to seal up* (and so close up). Lit. and fig. ∾ arcanas tăbellas. *O.* lăgenam annŭlo. *M.* ∾-ătă limĭnă. *Pp.* quinquĕ dĭebŭs flăgrĕ. *M.* jurĕ (*preserved inviolate*). *L.* ∾ primă quinquennĭa nŏvo lustro (= claudĕrĕ. *See* C.). *M.* [¶ Obsigno.] **6.** *To note, observe.* ∾ orĕ sŏno discordĭă. *V.* [¶ Nŏto, adverto, deprendo, &c.] **7.** *To indicate, betoken. Cl. See* OSTENDO. **8.** *To mark out, designate* (by word or gestures); *to point out in any way; to set a note upon, to express.* Signari se ŏcŭlis. *V.* ∾ qd nomĭnĕ (*to name*). *M.* Signantes tempŏrĕ (fasti). *O.* [¶ Designo.] **9.** *To adorn, honour.* ∾ cœlum cŏrona. *Cl.* dĭem hŏnorĕ. *O.* [¶ Orno, dĕcŏro, insignĭo, commendo.]

SIGNUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A mark for recognition* or *distinction.* Aut pĕcŏri signum aut nŭmĕros impressĭt ăcervis. *V.* [¶ Nŏtă.] **2.** *A seal, signet. See* SIGILLUM. **3.** *Any mark* or *trace.* Servĭtŭi ∾ cervicĕ gĕrĕrĕ. *O.* [¶ Nŏtă, vestigĭum.] **4.** *Foot-marks. V. See* VESTIGIUM. **5.** *A sign, indication, note, proof.* ∾-ă divini dĕcorĭs. *V.* felicĭă mentĭs tŭæ. *O.* [¶ Indĭcĭum, nŏtă, spĕcĭmĕn, insignĕ, argumentum.] **Ep.** Mănĭfestum, ăpertum, certum, incertum, fallax, dŭbĭum.] **6.** *A sign* or *symptom.* ∾-ă morborum dŏcebo; mittĕt Bŏotes. *V.* mortĭs dăbantŭr. *Lr.* [¶ Indĭcĭum, ostentum.] **7.** *A banner, standard.* ∾-ă castris vellĕrĕ. *V. See* VEXILLUM. **8.** *A signal.* Dăt bello ∾-ă buccĭnă. *V.* ∾ it bello tessĕrăă; pastoralĕ cănĕrĕ. *V.* **9.** *Signs and gestures.* ∾-ĭs lŏquuntŭr. *O.* [¶ Gestŭs, nutŭs.] **10.** *Any figure in relief.* ∾-ĭs craterăă impressum. *V.* exstantĭbŭs aspĕr crater. *O.* **11.** *A statue, image.* Formatum marmŏrĕ ∾. *O.* [¶ Stătŭă, &c.] *See* S. **12.** *A constellation, a sign of the zodiac,* &c.; *a star.* ∾-ă noctĭs ŏrĭentĭă. *V.* cœlo diffundĕrĕ. *H.* ∾ Căpellæ. *O.* Dŭŏdenă ∾-ă. *O. See* ASTRUM, SIGNIFER. **13.** *An ominous appearance, sign* (in augury). *See* AUGURIUM.

SILANŬS, i. *m. A conduit-pipe.* Corpŏrăă silanos ăd ăquarum stratăă jăcebant. *Lr.*

SĬLENS, tis. *part. See* SILEO. Used also adj. **1.** *Silent* (not speaking). Dumquĕ sĭlens adstat, stătŭs est vultusquĕ dĭserti. *O.* [¶ Tăcens, tăcĭtŭs, mutŭs, obmutescens.] **Crel.** Verbis *or* vocĕ cărens. Muto orĕ. Præclusa vocĕ. Sĭnĕ vocĕ. Cui nullă vox. C. os mutum. C. linguă deest *or* defŭit. Qui linguæ usum perdĭdĭt. **2.** Sĭlentes, um. *m. pl. Used of the dead, of the shades below.* Qui jurĕ sĭlentĭbŭs reddĭt (Æăcŭs). *O.* Plă turbă sĭlentum. *V. Fl. See* UMBRÆ. **3.** *Silent* (where there is stillness and silence). Dumis ∾-ĭbŭs errăt. *V.* Noctĕ ∾-ĕ frŭi. *O.* [¶ Tăcens, plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs.]

SĬLENTĬUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *Silence* (of persons). Sĭlentĭum ipsă fecĭt exspectatĭo. *Ph.* Altă ∾-ă rumpĕrĕ. *V.* Dĭgĭto ∾-ă suaderĕ. *O.* **Ep.** Altum, longum, mutum, secretum. **Crel.** Linguă sĭlens. Os -tăcĭtum, mutum, pressum, rĕpressum, suppressum. Voces rĕpressæ. Abruptŭs sermo. **Phr.** *To cause silence, to cause to be silent.* Dextra (mănu, dĭgĭto) sĭlentĭă jŭbĕo (suadĕo, făcĭo). Sĭlentĭă turbæ majestatĕ mănus făcĭo. Vocem (linguam) præcludo *or* occludo. Linguam pre-

scindo. *See* SILEO. **2.** *Silence, stillness* (of place and nature). ∾-ă noctĭs. *O.* Otĭum ĕt ∾ est. *Ter.* [¶ Quĭes, otĭum.] **3.** *The silence of discretion.* ∾-ă rebŭs præstarĕ. *O.* fidă săcris. *V.*

SILENŬS, i. *m. The tutor and companion of Bacchus.* Venĕrăt et sĕnĭor pando Sĭlenŭs ăsello. *O.* [¶ Ebrĭŭs sĕnex. S. pando ăsello. Custos fămŭlusquĕ dĕi ălumni.] **Ep.** Arcădĭŭs, sĕnex, ebrĭŭs, mădĭdŭs. Hesterno ˘Iaccho ŭt sempĕr inflatŭs, *or* venas i. Tĭtŭbans mĕroquĕ annisquĕ.

SILĚO, es, ŭi. **1.** *To be silent, not to speak,* or *to cease to speak* (of persons). Mută sĭlĕt virgo, terramque immotă tŭetŭr. *O.* Postquam sĭlŭerĕ sŏrores. *O.* Elŏquăr, an sĭlĕam? *O.* [¶ Tăcĕo, rĕtĭcĕo, contĭcĕo, obmutesco, sĭlesco; *sts.* quĭesco, finĭo.] **Crcl.** Sĭlentĭă -præsto, servo, tĕnĕo. Sĭlens (mutŭs, tăcĭtŭs) -sum, adsum, sto, adsto, mănĕo, persto. Vocem -tĕnĕo, prĕmo, comprĭmo, rĕprĭmo, supprĭmo, contĭnĕo, compesco. Orĕ prĕmo. Voces orĕ prĕmo. Linguam tĕnĕo *or* comprĭmo. Linguæ mŏdĕrŏr. Verbă non mitto *or* reddo. Non respondĕo. Non mutŭă dictă rĕfĕro. Verbis cărĕo. Linguă defĭcĭt *or* substĭtĭt. Mĭhĭ linguă vinctă est. **Phr.** 1. *Of one ceasing to speak,* or *saying nothing.* Contĭcŭĭt. Facto finĕ quĭevĭt. Dăt finem lŏquendi (orĕ lŏquendi). Illĕ nĭhĭl. Presso orĕ obmutŭĭt. Nil verbi addĭt. Linguă rĕtentă sĭlĕt. Finĭĕrăt voces. Haud verbum făcĭt. Parcĭt lŏqui. **Phr.** 2. *Of many.* Factă linguis sĭlentĭă. Oră (răbĭdă oră) quĭerunt. Clamŏr (c. pressŭs) substĭtĭt. **Phr.** 3. *Of one suddenly ceasing to speak.* Sermonem mĕdĭum abrumpĭt. Vocem extemplo supprĭmĭt. Verbă imperfectă rĕlinquĭt. Ultĭmă vox -In mĕdĭo sŏno suppressă est;—lŏquentem destĭtŭĭt. **Phr.** 4. *Of sudden inability to speak from emotion.* Vox faucĭbŭs hærĕt. Hærĕt linguă ĭnutĭlĭs. Sŏnŭs ĭn primo orĕ destĭtĭt. Dŏlŏr vocem devŏrăt. Linguă -pălato defŭĭt;—vŏlenti dicĕrĕ non ădĕrăt;—mutŭs fŭĭt sŭbĭto dŏlorĕ. Vocem (vocem lŏquentĭs) lăcrĭmæ impĕdĭunt. Oră (o. adstrictă) nullo murmŭrĕ sŏnant. Vocem (dictă linguæ) tĭmŏr contĭnĕt (præcludĭt, præpĕdĭt). **Phr.** 5. *Be silent; silence.* Sĭle; sĭlĕas; tăce; tăcĕas; linguă sĭle. Compescĕ verbă. C. dĭgĭto lăbellum. Linguam fac compescas. Parcĕ verbis. Quĭd fando mŏras sĕrĭs? Q. perdĭs ultra verbă? Os opprĭmĕ *or* opprĭmas. Parcĕ voci. Abstĭne sermonem. Fac sĭlentĭum. Sătĭs verborum est. **2.** *To be silent, to be still* (of things inanimate). ∾-ĕt ardŭŭs æther. *V.* ∾-ent æquŏră tŭtă. *V.* immotæ frondes. *O.* [¶ Sĭlesco, quĭesco.] *See* QUIESCO. **3.** *Used of a forced silence.* Leges sĭlŭerĕ cŏactæ. *O.* [¶ Opprĭmŏr.] **4.** Tr. *To pass over in silence, not to notice.* ∾ quŏd bĕnĕ fecĕrĭs. *H.* [¶ Tăcĕo, ŏmitto, prætermitto; *sts.* tĕgo, prĕmo, celo.] **5.** Pass. Sĭlĕtŭr (*as impers.*). *V.* Non dignĕ sĭlĕri. *Sil.* Tŭă verbă sĭlentŭr. *O.*

SILĚR, ĕris. *n. A brook-willow.* Curvă tĕnent, ut mollĕ sĭler lentæquĕ gĕnistæ. *V. See* SALIX.

SILESCO, is. *To become silent, to be still.* Infĭt, ĕo dicentĕ, dĕum dŏmŭs altă sĭlescĭt. *V.* Jam cœli fŭrŏr æquĭnoctĭalĭs ∾-ĭt. *Cat.* [¶ Sĭlĕo, quĭesco, pono, &c.]

SILEX, ĭcis. *m. f.* **1.** *A flint, a flint-stone.* Ac primum sĭlĭci scintillam excudĭt ˘Achates. *V.* **Ep.** Durŭs, ăcutŭs, aspĕr. **2.** *Any stone.* ∾-em jăcŭlătŭs in hostes. *O.* Pars torquent ∾-es. *O.* [¶ Lăpis, saxum, mŏlarĭs.] **3.** *A rock, a piece of a rock.* Stabăt ăcută ∾, præcisis undĭquĕ saxis. *V.* [¶ Cautes, saxum.] *See* RUPES. **4.** Fig. *Used of a hard, dull, insensible state of heart.* Stăt tĭbĭ in cordĕ ∾. *Tib.* Dicam ∾-es pectŭs hăbĕrĕ tŭum. *O. See* DURUS, STOLIDUS.

SILIGĬNĂŬS, ă, um. *Of,* or *made of, the best wheaten flour.* Illă sĭlĭgĭnăĭs pinguescĭt ăduliă. *M.*

SILIGO, ĭnis. *f. The best wheat.* Sed tĕnĕr, et nĭvĕus, molliquĕ sĭlĭgĭnĕ factŭs. *J. See* SIMILA.

SILĬQUA, æ. *f.* **1.** *The husk* or *pod of peas, beans,* &c. Grandĭŏr ut fetus sĭlĭquis fallacĭbŭs esset. *V.* **Ep.** Tŭmens, turgens, turgĭdă, plenă. Hence— **2.** *Pulse.* Vivunt ∾-is ĕt panĕ sĭcundo. *H.* [¶ Lĕgumĕn.] **3.** *A small weight, the sixth of a scruple.*

SILŬĂ, æ. *f.* = Silvă. *H. See* SILVA.

SILVA, æ. *f.* (*better than* SYLVA,) *and* SILŬA, *trisyll. H.* **1.** *A forest, a wood.* Silvă vĕtus stabat, nulla vĭŏlătă sĭcuri. *O.* [¶ Saltŭs, nĕmŭs; *sts.* lucŭs.] **Ep.** Antiquă, vĕtŭs, annosă, vĕtustă; nĭgrĕ, nĭgrans, atră, obscurĕ, cæcă, ŏpacă, densă, umbrosă, frondĭfĕrĕ, frondosă, cŏmans, prŏfundă, tăcĭtă, sĕcretă, sĭlens, horrendă, horrĭdă, vĭrens, vĭridĭs, altă, celsă, săcrĕ, incædĭă, vĕrendă. Robŏrĕ (arbŏrĭbŭs, trăbĭbŭs) densă *or* frĕquens; frondĭbŭs atrĕ *or* horrĭdă; majestatĕ horrens; illĭcĭs umbra (illĭcĕ) nĭgrĕ; soli impervĭă *or* non pervĭă; ramis umbrosă; multis annis incædĭă; longo ævo invĭŏlătă; nulla sĕcuri vĭŏlătă; intonsæ frondĭs, *or* intonsa frondĕ; incurvă sĕnecta; nĭgra formidĭnĕ caligans; nigranti pĭcĕa (trăbĭbŭs ăcernis) obscurĕ; pĭcĭs (illĭcĭs frondĭbŭs) atrĕ. **Crcl.** Silvarum -saltŭs, rĕcessŭs, secessŭs, lătĕbræ, umbræ. Nĕmŏrum *or* nĕmŏrĭs -secretă, abdĭtă, ŏpacă. Fĕrarum -rĕcessŭs, tectă, lustrĕ. Stăbŭlă altă fĕrarum. Jŭgă solorum nĕmŏrum. Arbŏrĭbŭs lŏcă consĭtă. Jŭgă fronděă silvæ. Frondĕă tectă. **2.** *The trees of the wood; trees.* Fractisque obtendunt limĭnă silvis. *St.* and *Pp. See* ARBOR. **3.** Sts. *A single tree.* Rĕfŭgæ stĕrĭlem răpĭt sĕrĕ silvæ (Tantălŭs). *St.* and *M.* **4.** *A plant, a shrub.* Silvarum ălĭæ (*i. e.* vites). *V.* ˘Ab hŭmo convellĕrĕ silvam (*i. e.* myrtum). *V.* [¶ Arbustum, virgultum.] **5.** *Any vegetable growth.* ∾ sŏnans tristĭs lŭpini; aspĕrĕ, lappæque trĭbŭliquĕ; uno de cespĭte (de centaureo). *V.* [¶ Sĕgĕs.] Fig. **6.** *A forest of javelins,* &c. ∾-am ærato tegmĭnĕ circumfert (*javelins sticking in his shield*). *V.* fĕrens ĭn pectŏrĕ. *L.* [¶ Sĕgĕs.] **7.** *Bristling hair.* Horrĭdă ∾ cŏmæ. *J.*

SILVANŬS, i. *m., and* SILVANI, orum. *pl. A god of woods; the deities of woods.* Panăquĕ, Silvanumquĕ sĕnem, nymphasquĕ sŏrores. *V.* Nymphæ, Sătyrique et montĭcŏlæ Silvani. *O. See* FAUNI.

SILVESTRIS, ĭs, ĕ. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to a wood, to forests,* &c. Silvestrĭă numĭnă Fauni. *O.* ∾-i sŭb umbra. *O.* **2.** *Living in woods.* ∾-es uri. *V.* [¶ Silvĭcŏlă.] **3.** *Wild, running wild* (of animals and plants). ∾-em ăgrum mitĭgăt. *H.* Exŭĕrint ∾-em ănĭmum (arbŏres). *V.* [¶ Incultus; *sts.* rŭdĭs, fĕrŭs.] **4.** *Savage, uncivilized* (of men). ∾-es hŏmĭnes cædĭbŭs deterrŭĭt Orpheus. *H.* [¶ Incultŭs, fĕrŭs, aspĕr, ăgrestĭs, &c.] **5.** *Rustic, rural.* ∾-em musam mĕdĭtari. *V.* funděrĕ. *Lr.* [¶ Rustĭcŭs, ăgrestĭs.]

SILVĬCŎLA, æ. *m. f. Dwelling in the woods.* Silvĭcŏlam tĕpĭdo lactĕ prĕcarĕ Pălen. *O.* ∾-æ vĭri. *Pp.* [¶ Silvestĕr.]

SILVĬCULTRIX, icis. *f. Dwelling in the woods.* ˘Ubi cervă silvĭcultrix, ŭbi āper nĕmŏrĭvăgŭs. *Cat. See* NEMORIVAGUS.

SILVĬFRĂGŬS, ă, um. *Breaking the woods.* Montesquĕ sŭpremos Silvĭfrăgis vexat flabris (ventŭs). *Lr.*

SIMIA, æ. *f. See* SIMIUS.

SIMĬLA, æ, *and* SIMILAGO, ĭnis. *f. The best wheat flour.* Nec pŏtĕris sĭmĭlæ dotes nŭmĕrarĕ nĕc usus. *M.* [¶ Sĭligo.]

Sĭmĭlĭs, ĕ. **1.** *Like, resembling, similar.* Inter se sĭmĭles, vix ut dignoscĕrĕ possis. *O.* ∾ mĭnanti. *V.* monstri. *Ter.* [† Consĭmĭlis, par, pārĭlis, æqualis, æquŭs, idem, proxĭmŭs.] **Crel.** Haud (non) absĭmĭlis *or* dissĭmĭlis. Haud impar. Non (haud) ălĭŭs. Orĕ (vultu) ălĭquem rĕfĕrens *or* sĭmŭlans, *or* ălĭcui sĭmŭlatŭs. **Phr.** *Of personal likeness.* Omnĭă sĭmĭlis, vocemquĕ, cŏlŏremquĕ, &c. Sic illĕ ŏcŭlos, sic orā, &c., fĕrebāt. (Facies) In qua pătĕrquĕ materquĕ cognosci possint. Pătrĭi vultus (oris) non degĕnĕr. Pătris, &c., gĕnas ĕt lumĭnā essĕ pŭtes. Matĕr, &c., plurimā inest vultu. Matĕr, &c., in orĕ multā est. *A family likeness.* Non unā omnĭbŭs facies, nĕc tāmĕn diversā. *The likeness of twins.* Proles sĭmĭlĭmā, sŭisquĕ indiscretā. Cunctā pāres. Fratĕr fratrem mentitŭs. *Of a general resemblance in look and carriage.* Os ĕt hābĭtum virginis gĕrens. Os hŭmĕrosquĕ dĕo sĭmĭlis. *Of resemblance generally.* Morĕ (āpis) mŏdoquĕ. **2.** When speaking of a portrait, &c. = *likeness of.* [☞ Used in concord with the subst.] Si quis ˘Aristŏtĕlem ∾-em, vĕl Pittăcŏn emĭt. *J.* Te ∾-em ceræ rĕfĕrĕt mĭhĭ linĕā. *St. See* INSTAR, TANQUAM. **3.** Sĭmĭllĭmŭs, ā, um. *superl.* [† Persĭmĭlis.]

Sĭmĭlĭtudo, ĭnis. *f. Likeness, resemblance.* Mirans Prŏmetheus tantam sĭmĭlĭtudĭnem. *Ph.* [† Instăr.]

Sĭmĭlo, as. *See* SIMULO.

Simĭus, ĭi. *m., and* **Simĭa**, æ. *f. J.* **1.** *An ape.* Callĭdŭs emissas eludĕrĕ simĭis hastas. *M.* **Ep.** Turpis, deformis, hirsutŭs, vāfĕr, versutŭs, ĭmĭtatŏr, sĭmŭlatŏr; callĭdā, ĭmĭtatrix, &c.] **2.** Fig. *A servile* or *silly imitator.* Hermŏgĕnes unquam legit, nec simĭis istĕ. *H.*

Sĭmŏis, entis *or* entŏs. *m.* (Σιμόεις.) *A river near Troy.* Hic tĭbĭ sit Sĭmŏis, hæc mĕā castrā pŭta. *O.* Xanthum et Sĭmŏentā. *V.*

Sĭmonĭdes, is. *m. A celebrated poet.* Sĭmonĭdes, qui scripsĭt egrĕgĭum mĕlŏs. *Ph.*

Sĭmonĭdĕus, ā, um. *Of* or *belonging to Simonides.* Mœstŭs lăcrĭmis Sĭmonĭdeis. *Cat.*

Simplex, ĭcis. **1.** *Simple* (not compound), *single.* Nec vĭā mortis ĕrāt ∾. *V.* Non ∾ vulnŭs. *O.* [† Unŭs, unĭcŭs, solŭs.] **2.** *Simple, plain* (of food). ∾-ĭcis herbæ victu pasci. *V.* ăquæ humŏr. *O.* ∾ escā. *H.* **3.** *Simple, plain* (of dress). ∾ crinis nodum collectŭs In unum. *O.* mundĭtĭis (mŭlĭĕr). *H.* [† ˘Inornatŭs, incultŭs, incomptŭs.] **4.** *Simple, artless, guileless.* ∾ ănĭmăl sĭnĕ fraudĕ dŏlisquĕ. *O.* atquĕ inscĭā fraudum. *St. Hence,* ∾-ices anni (= *infant years*). *M.* [† Candĭdŭs, sincerŭs, innŏcŭŭs, ingĕnŭŭs.] **Crel.** Indoctŭs fallĕrĕ. Simplĭcĭtatĕ bŏnŭs. **5.** *Simple, credulous.* ˘Anĭmum moverĕ pŭellæ ∾-icis. *O.* ∾ nĭmĭumquĕ rŭdis. *St.* [† Credŭlŭs, rŭdis.]

Simplĭcĭtas, atis. *f.* **1.** *Simplicity* (of that which is not compound in nature and constitution). Sunt igĭtŭr sŏlĭda primordĭā simplĭcĭtatĕ. *Lr.* **2.** *Simplicity, plainness* (of outward appearance, &c., and carriage). ∾ rŭdis antĕ fŭit, nunc aurĕā Romā. *O.* [† Mŏdestĭā, rustĭcĭtas.] **Crel.** Simplex cultŭs. **3.** *Simplicity* (of disposition), *candour, openness.* *O.* [† Candŏr.] **Ep.** ˘Apertā, nudā, candĭdā, ingĕnŭā, verā, innŏcŭā. **Crel.** Mens simplex *or* sincerā. ˘Anĭmŭs simplex *or* sincerŭs. Sincerum (simplex) –ingĕnĭum, cŏr, pectŭs. Mens fraudis nescĭā *or* fallĕrĕ nescĭā. **4.** *Simpleness, credulity.* *O.* [† Credŭlĭtas.]

Simplĭcĭtĕr. **1.** *In a simple, natural manner; without the aid of art.* (Frondes) Simplĭcĭter pŏsĭtæ, scenā sĭne artĕ fŭit. *O.* [† Tĕmĕrĕ.] **Crel.** Sĭnĕ artĕ. **2.** *Frankly, candidly.* Dicĕrĕ ∾. *M.* [† Ingĕnŭe, candĭdĕ, sincerĕ.]

Simpŭvĭum, ĭi. *n. A libation-cup at sacrifices.* Simpŭvĭum riderĕ Nūmæ nigrumquĕ cătinum. *J.*

Sĭmŭl. *adv.* **1.** *Together, at once, together in company.* Accĕlĕrat sĭmŭl Æneas, sĭmŭl agmĭnā Teucrum. *V.* Hæc arā tŭebĭtŭr omnes, Aut mŏrĭerĕ sĭmŭl. *V.* [† Una, pārĭtĕr; *sts.* mecum, tecum, &c.] **Phr.** *Walking together.* Una omnes pĕdem fecerĕ. O. gressus pārĭtĕr fĕrebant. **2.** *At the same time, meanwhile.* Illĕ ∾ tendĭt divellĕrĕ nodos. *V.* **3.** With or without ac or atque. *As soon as.* ˘At ∾ fumantes pulvĕrĕ campos prospexĭt. *V.* Quŏd ∾ ac senserĕ, rŭunt. *O.* ∾ atquĕ ădŏlevĕrĭt ætas. *H.* [† ˘Ubĭ, postquam, quum.] **4.** Sts. prep. *With, together with.* ∾ his, te, candĭdĕ Furni. *H.* nobis hābĭtĕt barbārŭs. *O. See* CUM.

Sĭmŭlacrum, i. *n.* **1.** *A likeness made by art, an image, statue, picture,* &c. Ligneā contŭlĕrat vĕtĕrum sĭmŭlacrā dĕorum. *O.* Vix pŏsĭtum castris ∾ (de Pallādĭo). *V.* [† Effĭgies, imago, signum, stātŭā.] *See* STATUA. Fig. **2.** *An image, representation of any thing* (set before the eyes or mind). Pugnæ cĭent ∾-ā sŭb armis (*of a sham-fight*). *V.* [† ˘Imago, effĭgies, spĕcies, sĭmŭlamĕn.] **3.** *A phantom, spectre, shadow.* ∾-ā lucĕ cārentum. *V.* ∾ atquĕ umbrā Crĕusæ. *V.* Noctem ∾-ăquĕ vanā tĭmerĕ. *O.* [† ˘Imago, umbrā, visum, manes, formā; *sts.* ostentum, larvæ, lĕmŭres.] **Ep.** Nocturnum, horrendum, terrĭfĭcum, visu terrĭbĭlĕ, dirum, atrum, nĭgrum, pallens, deformĕ, prodĭgĭosum, falsum, vanum, mendax, Inanĕ, fŭgax.

Sĭmŭlamĕn, ĭnis. *n. An image, representation.* Annŭā plangoris pĕrāget sĭmŭlamĭnā nostri. *O.* *See* SIMULACRUM.

Sĭmŭlans, tis. *part. See* SIMULO. Used also adj. *Imitative.* Non fŭit in terris vocum sĭmŭlantĭŏr ălĕs. *O.*

Sĭmŭlatŏr, oris. *m., and* **Sĭmŭlatrix**, icis. *f.* **1.** *One that imitates, counterfeits.* Excĭtāt artĭfĭcem sĭmŭlatoremquĕ figuræ Morphēā. *O.* [† ˘Imĭtatŏr, sĭmŭlans.] **2.** *One that pretends, feigns; falsely alleges.* ∾--ŏr sæpĕ verĕ cœpĭt āmarĕ. *O.* sĭbĭ commissi belli. *L.* [† Fictŏr.] **Ep.** Fallax, mendax, falsŭs. **3.** Sĭmŭlatrix. *One that transforms; a witch, enchantress* (used of Circe). Colchis, ĕt Ææo sĭmŭlatrix littŏrĕ Circe. *St. See* MAGA.

Sĭmŭlo, as. **1.** *To make any thing like another, to represent by imitation;* sp. *by painting, sculpture,* &c. Ducĕrĕt ærā Fortis ˘Alexandri vultum sĭmŭlantĭā. *H.* ∾ cŭpressum. *H.* fulmĕn ærĕ ĕt ĕquorum pulsu. *V.* ∾-ātā magnis Pergāmā. *V.* [† ˘Imĭtŏr, assĭmŭlo, fingo, effingo, rĕfĕro, rĕpræsento; *sts.* pingo, cælo, cudo, pono.] **2.** *To take the form* or *assume the manners of another.* ∾ ănum. *O.* Cŭrĭos, ĕt Bacchanalĭā vivĕrĕ. *J.* **3.** *To feign, pretend, allege falsely.* ∾ votum pro rĕdĭtu. *V.* gaudĭā vultu. *O.* Non ĕs quŏd ∾-as. *H.* Lŏqui ∾-ata mentĕ. *V.* ∾-atŭs ămŏr. *O.* [† Fingo, mentĭŏr, fallo.]

Sĭmultas, atis. *f. Ill-will, enmity.* Sæpĕ sĭmultates irā mŏratā facĭt. *O.* Vĕtŭs atquĕ antiquā sĭmultas. *J.* [† ˘Odĭum, inĭmicĭtĭæ.]

Sĭmŭlŭs, ā, um. *dim. of* Simus. Simŭlā, Silene ac Sātyra est. *Lr.*

Simŭs, ā, um. *That has a nose bent upwards, flat-nosed.* Dum tĕnĕra attondent simæ virgultā căpellæ. *V.* [† Simŭlŭs, simatŭs.] **Crel.** Sima narĕ. Simis narĭbŭs.

Sin. *But if, if however.* Sin ortu in quarto, namque is certissĭmŭs auctŏr. *V.* **Crel.** Quŏd si. ˘At si. Sin vero. Sin autem.

Sĭnapi, is. *n.* (**Sĭnapis**. *f. Pl.*) *Mustard.* Sequĕ lĭcessenti fletum facturā sĭnapis. *Col.*

Sincere. *adv. Sincerely, honestly.* Atque id sincere dicăt ĕt ex ănĭmo. *Cat.* [¶ Vere, ingĕnŭe, simplĭcĭtĕr.] **Crel.** Bŏna *or* sincera fĭde. *See* **Sincerus.**

Sincerĭtas, ātĭs. *f. Sincerity, candour.* Sĕd ad pernăcĭem sŏlĕt ăgi sincerĭtas. *Ph.* [¶ Simplĭcĭtas, candŏr, verĭtas.]

Sincerŭs, ă, um. 1. *Sound and sweet, uncorrupt, sound and whole.* Sincerum est nĭsĭ vas, quodcunque infundĭs, ăcescĭt. *H.* Sĭnĕ vulnĕrĕ ĕt ~-um (corpŭs). *O.* Cernĭtĕ ~-os omnes truncos (arbŏrum). *O.* [¶ Purŭs, sanŭs, intĕgĕr, incorruptŭs, illæsŭs.] Fig. 2. *Unmixed, unalloyed.* Nulli ~-ă vŏluptas. *O.* [¶ Purŭs, verŭs, ingĕnŭŭs.] 3. *Pure, undefiled.* ~ Mĭnervă. *V.* [¶ Intĕgĕr, intactŭs.] 4. *Sincere, honest, truthful.* Quo nĕc altĕr ~-ŏr, nĕc simplĭcĭtătĕ prĭŏr. *M.* [¶ Candĭdŭs, ingĕnŭŭs, simplex, verŭs, intĕgĕr, verax.] **Crel.** Fallĕrĕ *or* fallendi nescĭŭs. Expers dŏli. Sĭnĕ fraudĕ. Fraudĭs nescĭŭs. Sincero pectŏrĕ *or* cordĕ. Cui mens sincerĕ *or* simplex. Cui pectŏrĕ falsi nescĭ. Non fallĕrĕ doctŭs. Non falsă lŏqui doctŭs. Non fictŭs. Cognĭtŭs veri orĭs. Sĭnĕ fraudĭbŭs ullĭs. Dŏlis cărens.

Sincĭpŭt, pĭtis. *n. One half of the head, the forehead;* hence, *the head.* Urtĭca, et fissa fumosum sincĭpăt aurĭ. *Pers.*

Sindon, ŏnis. *f. Fine cotton-stuff; muslin.* Non sic in Tȳrĭa sindŏnĕ tutŭs ĕris. *M.* [¶ Lintĕum.]

Sinĕ. *prep. Without.* Ut quondam in stĭpŭlis magnus sĭnĕ vĭrĭbŭs ignis. *V.* Te sĭnĕ nil altum &c. *V.* Vĭtĭis nemŏ sĭnĕ nascĭtur. *H.* [¶ Absquĕ; *sts.* extra, citra.] **Crel.** *Sts.* (Re qa) –dempta, sublata, rĕmota, excepta, pŏsĭta, ădempta. (Rĕi cja) –immunis, expers, indŭlgŭs, exsors. (Re qa) –privatŭs, nudŭs, cărens, orbŭs, lĭbĕr, văcŭŭs. Non cum. **Phr.** = sĭnĕ. *Without these means,* &c. Has artes tollĕ *or* si tollas. *A ship without a pilot.* Excussă (spŏlĭatŭ) măgistro navis. *Without life.* Lumĭnĕ (vita) spŏlĭatum corpŭs. *Without touching.* Volvĭtur adtactu nullo. *Without hope.* Prœlĭă spe nulla poscĭrĕ. *Without restriction* (fr. rules, laws, &c.). Legĕ sŏluttŭs.

Singillatim. *Singly, particularly.* Nec singillatim corpuscŭlă quæquĕ văporis. *Lr.* [¶ Sĭgillatim, singultim, sejunctim; *adj.* singŭli (æ, a).]

Singlarĭtĕr. *sync. from* Singulariter. Quæ mĕmŏrarĕ quĕam inter se singlarĭtĕr aptă. *Lr.*

Singŭli, æ, ă (*sing. Pl.*). *One by one, every one by one, each single, each.* Singŭlă de nobis anni prædantur ĭuntes. *H.* Lăcrĭmas verbă inter singŭlă fundĭt. *V.* ~-ă quĭd rĕfĕram? *O.* [¶ Quisquĕ, omnes, cuncti, &c.] *See* Omnis.

Singultatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Singulto. *Sobbed out, uttered with sobs.* Et singultatis oscŭlă mixtă sŏnis. *O.* [¶ Singultans.]

Singultim. *fr.* singulatim. *Interruptedly, with hesitating utterance.* Singultim paucă lŏcutŭs. *H. See* Singillatim.

Singultio, is = singulto. *Pers. See—*

Singulto, as. 1. *To throb, to heave up by throes.* Truncumquĕ rĕlĭquĭt Sangulĭnĕ singultantem. *V.* Orĕ ~-antĭă leto. *Sil.* [¶ Singultĭo, palpĭto, emĭco.] 2. *To gasp for breath* (or utterance), *to sob.* ~-antĭă verbă mollŏr. *St.* [¶ Singultĭo.] **Crel.** Singultus –emitto, mitto, cĭĕo. Pectŭs singultu (singultĭbŭs) quătĭo *or* concŭtĭo. **Phr.** 1. *Continued sobbing.* Orĕ singultĭbŭs pleno. Illĭă crebris singultĭbŭs pulso. **Phr.** 2. *Deep sobbing.* Imă illĭă longo singultu tendo. **Phr.** 3. *Words interrupted with sobs.* Singultu –mĕdĭos sŏnos interrumpentĕ;—orĕ concŭtĭentĕ;—mĕdĭas quĕrelas præpĕdĭentĕ;—lŏquentĭs verbă cădunt;—verbă ruptă ĕrant. 3. Tr. with ănĭmam, &c. *To gasp out, to gasp one's last, be at the last gasp. O. St.*

Singultŭs, us. *m. A broken, gasping, gurgling sound; a sobbing, sob.* Nant ŏcŭli; clamor, singultus, jurgĭă gliscunt. *L.* ~-ĭbŭs illĭă pulsăt. *V.* oscŭlă rumpunt. *L. See* Singulto.

Sinistra, trā, trum. 1. *The left, that is on or to the left hand.* Dextĕr ŭti lævum tĕnĕat, dextrumquĕ sĭnistăr. *Tib.* [¶ Lævŭs.] 2. Sinistrĭŏr, *comp.* is sta. used for sĭnistăr, in speaking of two things. Nevĕ ~ pressam rŏtă ducăt ăd Aram. *O. See* Dextrior. Fig. 3. *Unlucky, adverse, hurtful.* ~ pĭcŏri Nŏtĭus. *V.* rumŏr. *L.* horă ăd captas vĭas. *O.* formæ rugă. *Pp.* [¶ Lævŭs, infaustŭs, funestŭs, noxĭŭs, infelix.] 4. *Perverse, wrong, evil.* ~ natură. *Ph.* Stĭdĭosă ~-i. *O.* [¶ Pravŭs, mălĭŭs, perversŭs.] 5. *Of good omen, favorable.* [☞ According to the augury of the Romans, with whom the face was turned to the south, and therefore the lucky quarter, the east, was to the left hand.] ~ tĭnĭtrŭs. *O.* Lĭquĭdo auspĭcĭo, ăvi ~-æ. *Pl. See* Lævus. 6. *Of bad omen, unfavorable.* [☞ According to the Greek mode, &c.] Rĕmŏvĕrĕ omĕn ~-um. *O.* ˘Avĭbŭs ~-is. *O.*

Sinistra, æ. *f.* (sc. manus.) *The left hand.* Lit. and fig. Nunc dextra ingĕmĭnans ictus, nunc illĭă sĭnistra. *V.* Natas ăd furtă ~-æ. *O.* Hence—Dŭæ ~-æ Pisonis (*agents of his rascalities*). *Cat.*

Sinistrĕ. *Unfavorably, injuriously.* Derisum sĭmĕl exceptumquĕ sĭnistre. *H.*

Sinistrorsum, *and* **Sinistrorsŭs.** *adv. of motion. To the left.* Illĭă sĭnistrorsum, hic dextrorsum ăblĭt. *H.* Puppes ~-um cĭtas. *H.*

Sino, is, sivi, sĭtum. 1. Intr. *To permit, allow.* Fas, aut illĭ sĭnit summi regnatŏr ŏlympi. *V.* Non bĕnĕ convĕnĭens tu sĭnis essĕ jŭgum. *Pp.* Sivĕrĭs. *Cat.* Sivĭs. *Enn. ap. Cic.* Sĭnĭt. *Ter.* [¶ Permitto, pătĭŏr, concedo, fĕro, indulgĕo.] 2. With the subj. Fĕrĭant, sĭnĕ, littŏrĕ fluctus. *V.* Sĭnĭte rĕvĭsam prœlĭă. *V.* 3. Sta. tr. *To let, let be, to permit, admit; to grant, to give or yield up.* ~ taxum prŏpĭŭs tectis. Si quem nŭmĭnă ~-unt. ~-e hanc ănĭmam (*spare it*). ~-ĭtĕ armă vĭris (*leave*). *V.* [¶ Permitto, pătĭŏr; rĕlinquo, linquo.]

Sinum, i. *n. A sort of vat for wine* or *milk.* Sinum lactis, ĕt hæc te libă, Prĭapĕ, quŏtannis Exspectarĕ săt est. *V. See* Vas.

Sinŭo, as. *To bend bow-shape, to curve.* Ponĕ lĕgit, sĭnŭatque immensă vŏlumĭnĕ tergă. *V.* ~-antŭr flamĭnĕ vestes. *O.* [¶ Curvo, &c.] *See* C.

Sinŭosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Full of turnings and windings.* Maxĭmŭs hinc flexu sĭnŭoso elabĭtŭr anguis. *V.* ~ arcŭs. *O.* ~-ă littŏrĕ. *V. Fl. See* Curvus. 2. *Full of folds.* ~ vestis. *O.*

Sinŭs, us. *m.* 1. *A sunken depth* or *hollow; the inmost, deepest part of any thing.* Tellurĭs Inanes Concussissĕ sĭnus. *L.* Immenso sĭnu terră laxătă pătŭit. *Sen.* [¶ Rĕcessŭs, lătĕbræ; *sts.* viscĕrĭ, abdĭtă, intĭmă, intĕrĭorĕ.] 2. *The bosom* or *full part of the dress covering the breast;* sts. *the lap;* fig. *the breast, bosom.* Purpŭrĕos ~-us lănĭarĕ. *O.* Implerĕ ~-um lăcrĭmis. *V.* Amplectŭ qm ~-u. *V.* Attŏnĭti ~-us mĭcŭerĕ. *O.* Gaudĭă clausă In ~-u. *Pp.* [¶ Grĕmĭum, pectŭs.] 3. *The teaming bosom; the womb.* Lit. and fig. Concĭpĭt illă ~-u. *O.* Pandit terră ~-us. *V.* [¶ Grĕmĭum, &c.] *See* Uterus. 4. *A pocket* or *purse* (because carried in the folds of the bosom, or in the girdle). ˘Amatorum pondĕrăt illă ~-us. *Pp. See* Zona, Crumena. 5. *A serpent's fold.* [¶ Orbĭs.] 6. *A curl of the hair.* [¶ Cirrŭs, orbĭs.] 7. *The fold of a garment;* hence, *a garment.* Nodo collectă ~-us flŭen-

tes. *V.* Indŭĕrĕ regales ~-us. *O.* Aurato ~-u conspĭcĭendă. *O.* *See* TOGA, VESTIS. 8. *A bay, gulf, inlet. V.* 9. *A swelling sail.* Implerĕ ~-us sĕcundos. *V.* ~-us puppim fĕrentes. *L.* *See* VĔLUM. 10. *A fishing-net cast. J.; a hunter's net set. M.* *See* RETE. 11. *A secluded, retired spot; the remotest, innermost corner.* Extremi ~ orbis (Indĭă). *V.* [¶ Rĕcessŭs.]

SION. *undecl. f. Mount Sion. Eccl.* Nutricemque ăbŏlent pĕtŭlanti a pectŏrĕ Sion. *Prud.*

SIPARIUM, ĭi. *n. The smaller curtain in a theatre.* Consumptis ŏpĭbus, vocem, Dămăsippĕ, lŏcasti Sipărĭo. *J.* *See* AULÆA.

SIPHO, onis. *m. A siphon, a pipe for the conveyance of water* or *any liquid,* or *from which water springs forth.* Et trăbĭbus mixtis ăvĭdos siphonăs ăquarum. *L.* *See* FISTULA.

SIQUA, *or* SI QUA. *abl. of* Siquis, *used adv. If by any means.* Si qua fata aspĕrā rumpas. *V.*

SIQUANDO, *or* SI QUANDO. *for* Si aliquando. 1. *If at any time* (= whenever). Frigĭdŭs agrĭcŏlam si quando contĭnĕt imbĕr. *V.* *See* QUUM. 2. *If ever.* Laurĭgĕrosque ignes, si quando, ăvĭdissĭmŭs hausi. *St.* [¶ Si unquam.]

SIQUIDEM. 1. *Since, inasmuch as.* Nec vana vocĕ lŏcutŭs Fată sĕnex: sĭquĭdem hanc pĕrhĭbent post vulnĕrā junctis Essĕ fĭdem. *St.* *See* NAM. 2. Anc. = si quĭdem. *If so be; if, that is to say.* Hoc quŏquĕ tentemŭs; ~ jejunā rĕmansĭt; sin mĭnŭs &c. *O.*

SIQUIS, *or* SI QUIS, siquă, siquŏd *and* siquid. *for* Si aliquis, &c. *If any, whoever, whatever.* Si quis ˘Ŏlympĭăcæ miratus præmĭă palmæ. *V.* Si quă hăbet te cură. Si quă tĕgunt. Si quŏd numĕn hăbĕt. Si quĭd hăbes. *V.*

SIREN, enis. *f.;* SIRENĔS, um. *pl.* 1. *A Siren; the Sirens.* Monstrā mĕris Sirenĕs ĕrant, quæ vocĕ cănora &c. *O.* Dulcĕ mălum pĕlăgo Siren, vŏlŭcresquĕ pŭellæ. *Cl.* [¶ ˘Achĕloĭdes, ˘Achĕloĭăděs.] Ep. Sĭcŭlæ, Tyrrhenæ, æquŏrĕæ, blandæ, cănoræ, dŏlosæ, fallaces, infidæ. Crol. Sicŭlæ (Tyrrhenæ) virgĭnes *or* pŭellæ. Tyrrhenæ vŏlŭcres. Sĭcŭli mărĭs monstrā *or* pestes. [*Tres volucres, tres semideæ, tres semipuellæ. Aus.*] 2. Fig. *Used of any attractive evil.* Impŭrŏbă Siren, Desĭdĭă. *H.*

SIRIUS, ĭi. *m.* 1. *The dog-star.* Tum stĕrĭles exurĕrĕ Sirĭŭs agros. *V.* *See* CANICULA. 2. Used adj. *Of* or *belonging to Sirius.* ~ ardŏr. *V.* ~-ă sidĕrā cessant. *Cl.*

SIRPĔA. *See* SCIRPEA.

SIRPĬCŬLA, *and* SIRPĬCŬLUS. *See* SCIRPICULA.

SISĔR, ĕris. *n. A plant with a root good for food, such as the carrot, parsnip,* &c. Jam sĭsĕr, Assŷrĭoquĕ vĕnit quæ cortĭcĕ radix. *Col.*

SISTO, is, stĭti, stātum. 1. Tr. *To stop, to check, to hold back, keep from moving* (of moving bodies). ~ grădum. *V.* pĕdem. *O.* cervum vulnĕrĕ; qm cuspĭdĕ *or* hasta. *Sil.* ĕquos bĭjŭges; ăquam flŭvĭis. *V.* [¶ Mŏrŏr, tĕnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, rĕprĭmo, cŏhĭbĕo, &c.] *See* COHIBEO. 2. Gen. *To restrain, repress, stop, prevent.* ~ lăcrĭmas; quĕrelas; mĕtum; certamĭnă; ŏpŭs præsens; sĭtim. *O.* 3. *To keep* or *save from falling.* Lit. and fig. ~ rem Romanam. *V.* [¶ Sustĭnĕo, fulcĭo, &c.] 4. *To set, lay, place, settle.* ~ qm in vallĭbŭs Hæmi; pătrĭo qm limĭtĕ; monstrum arcĕ. *V.* Sisti in ripa; antĕ aras. *O.* ~-ĕ huc sŏrorem. *V.* [¶ Stātŭo, constĭtŭo, collŏco, pono, depono; *sts.* adduco.] 5. *To lodge an arrow.* ~ jăculum in orĕ. *V.* spĭculă in lumĭnĕ. *Sil.* *See* FIGO. Fig. 6. = pono, fŭcĭo. ~ qm văcŭum servĭtĭo. *Pp.* mŏdum. *O.* 7. Intr. *To stop, stand still.* ~-unt amnes. *V.* ˘Ubi sistĕrĕ detŭr. *V.* *See* STO.

SISTRATUS, ă, um. *Carrying a sistrum.* Linĭgĕri fŭgĭunt calvi sistrătăquĕ turbă. *M.*

SISTRUM, i. *n. A sort of metal rattle in use by the Egyptians* (a timbrel?). Regina in mĕdĭis pătrĭo vŏcăt agmĭnă sistro. *V.* Ep. Ægyptium, Isăĭcum, Phărĭum, ærĕum, ærĭsŏnum, sŏnans, stridŭlum, tinnŭlum, sŏnabĭlĕ.

SISYMBRIUM, ĭi. *n. A sweet-smelling herb, perhaps water-mint.* Cumquĕ sŭa dŏmĭnæ dătă grată sĭsymbrĭă myrto. *O.*

SISŸPHIDES, æ. *m. A descendant of Sisyphus, Ulysses.* His sŭă Sisŷphĭdes auditis pænĕ rĕsolvĭt Corpŏrā. *O.*

SISŸPHIUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Sisyphus;* hence, *Corinthian.* Vel tu Sisŷphĭos lĭcĕt admirerĕ lăbores. *Pp.* ~-o nomĕn ăb isthmo. *Sil.* 2. Fig. *Vain, fruitless. Pp.*

SISŸPHUS, i. *m. A son of Æolus, brigand-king of Corinth, killed by Theseus. He is said to have been condemned to roll a large stone up a mountain in the infernal regions, which no sooner reached the top, than it rolled down again.* Aut pĕtĭs, aut urges rŭlturum, Sisŷphĕ, saxum. *O.* [¶ Æŏlĭdes.] Ep. Damnatŭs longi lăborĭs. Saxum volvensquĕ pĕtensquĕ. Saxum adverso montĕ volvens. Saxum ăgens rĕvŏlubilĕ.

SITHŎNES, um. *m. pl.* Used also adj. *The Thracians; Thracian.* Sithŏnăs et Scŷthĭcos longum enŭmĕrarĕ trĭumphos. *O.* *See* THRACES, THRACIUS.

SITHŎNĬUS, ă, um, *and* SITHŎNIS, ĭdis. *f.* 1. *Thracian.* Sithŏnĭasquĕ nĭves hĭĕmis sŭbĕămŭs ăquosæ. *V.* Sithŏnĭs undă. *O.* *See* THRACIUS. 2. Used also subst. *An inhabitant of Thrace.* Sithŏnĭ, tunc certe vellem &c. *O.* Sithŏnĭis non lĕvĭs Evĭĭs. *H.* *See* THRACES.

SITICŬLOSUS, ă, um. *Dry, thirsty.* Sĭtĭcŭlosæ Appulæ. *H.* *See* SITIENS.

SITIENS, tis. *part.* *See* SITIO. Used also adj. 1. *Thirsty.* Lit. and fig. Quæ sĭmŭl arenti sĭtĭentes hausĭmŭs orĕ. *O.* ~ hircŭs. *Ph.* [¶ Arĭdŭs, siccŭs; *sts.* jejunŭs.] Crol. Sĭti -lăborans, pressŭs, compulsŭs, enectŭs, consumptŭs. Exustŭs fervĭdă sĭti. Pĕrustŭs orĕ (faucĭbŭs). *See* SITIO. 2. *Dried up, parched, arid.* Irĕ ~-es Afros. *V.* ~ hortŭs. *O.* [¶ Siccŭs, arĭdŭs, &c.] *See* ARIDUS. 3. Fig. *Thirsting after, passionately longing for.* Lit. and fig. ˘Avĭdŭs ~-quĕ. *O.* ~ famæ. *Sil.* [¶ ˘Avĭdŭs, cŭpĭdŭs.]

SITIO, is. 1. *To be thirsty, to thirst.* Prodĭtŏr in mĕdĭo Tantălŭs amnĕ sĭtĭt. *O.* [¶ Arĕo.] Crol. Sĭti -ardĕo, lăboro, prĕmŏr, urŏr, exurŏr, incendŏr, torquĕŏr, consumŏr, pĕrĕo. Fauces (guttŭr, orā) sĭtĭs -urgĕt, prĕmĭt, urĭt, torquĕt, torrĕt. Sĭti orā *or* fauces -arent, arescunt. S. guttŭr flăgrăt. Sĭtim -fĕro, sentĭo, tŏlĕro, pătĭŏr. Sum -siccŭs, arĭdŭs, sĭti siccŭs. Sĭtim collegi *or* concepi. Me tĕnĕt sĭtĭs. Os sĭti arĕt *or* hiăt. Sĭtĭs artus exhaurĭt. Phr. Sĭtĭs -mĭsĕros artus adducĭt;—orā sicco pălato torrĕt;—nullis ăquis exstinguĭtŭr;—horrĭdă vĭros torquĕt. Sĭti orā pandunt (arent). Viscĕra flamma (æstu, răbĭe) torrentŭr. Siccā orā projecta lingua squalent. Fig. 2. *To be dried up, parched, arid.* ~-ĭt mŏrĭens herbă. *V.* tellus totă. *O.* [¶ Arĕo, aresco, siccŏr.] *See* ARIDITAS. 3. Tr. *To thirst after, long to drink.* ~ Tăgum. *M.* totum Œnŏphŏrum. *J.* ˘Aquæ ~-untŭr (*one thirsts for*). *O.* 5. *To long passionately for.* ~-ĭt crŭores hastă. *St.* [¶ Ardĕo, percŭpĭo, ĭnhĭo.]

SITIS, is. *f.* 1. *Thirst.* Dulcĭs ăquæ sălĭentĕ sĭtim restinguĕrĕ rivo. *V.* Ep. Arĭdă, arens, siccă, fervĭdă, ignĕă, ardens, immensă, multă, sævă, aspĕrā, dirā, importunā, ăvĭdă, răbĭdă, vĭŏlentă, vesanā, vĕhĕmens, acrĭs, ănhelă. Crol. Sĭtĭs -ardŏr, æstŭs, flammă, răbies. Potus cŭpido. Bĭbendi ardŏr *or* cŭpido. Undæ jejunā. *See* SITIO. Phr. 1. *To cause thirst.* Sĭtim -do, fă-

cĭo, gigno, affĕro, adduco, incĭto, accendo. *See* SITIO, SITIENS. **Phr.** 2. *To quench thirst.* Sĭtim –explĕo, restinguo, finĭo, pello, lĕvo, sedo. Sĭtim –in fontĭs unda depono;—humŏr simplĭcĭs ăquæ pellĭt;—undă lĕvăt. *See* BIBO. 2. *Dryness, drought.* ~ usŭĕrăt herbas. *O.* Torrerĕ arvă ~-i. *Tib.* *See* ARIDITAS. 3. *A passionate longing after any thing.* ~ argenti. *H.* crŭorĭs. *O.* famæ. *J.* [¶ Ardŏr, cŭpido, ămŏr, fāmes.]

SĬTITŎR, orĭs. *m. One who thirsts.* Clarŭs Hyanteæ stellă sĭtitŏr ăquæ. *M.*

I. SĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Sino. 1. *Situate, placed.* Lit. and fig. [Not used, in this gen. sense, of persons.] Aurum irrĕpertum, et sic mĕllĭus sĭtum. *H.* ~ ĭn mellĕ *Lr.* Quas (fĭdem, &c.) ĭn te intellexi sĭtas. *Ter.* ˘In promptu sĭtum (*at hand*). *Enn.* (*ap. Gell.*) [¶ Pōsĭtŭs, lŏcatŭs, jăcens; *sts.* pōsĭtŭs.] 2. Sp. *Lying buried, resting, interred.* [¶ Condĭtŭs.] Hence—3. Hic sĭtŭs est. *The form in use* (passim) *in inscriptions on tombs.* Hic sĭtŭs est –Phăĕthon. *O.* Magnŭs. *L.* [¶ Hic jăcĕt.] **Phr.** = '*Hic situs est.*' Condĭtŭs hic ĕgŏ sum. Condŏr (tĕgŏr) ĭn hoc tŭmŭlo. Jăcĕo hic sŭb marmŏrĕ. Hoc sŭb marmŏrĕ humatŭs jăcĕo. (Hectŏrĭs) hic tŭmŭlŭs. Hic, cujŭs tŭmŭlŭs? Hoc rĕcŭbant tŭmŭlo ejs membrā. Hoc ĭn tŭmŭlo (ĭn hoc hŭmĭlĭ t.) jăcĕt. Claudĭtŭr hic sĕpultŭs. Hoc tŭmŭlo rĕcŭbans hăbetŭr. Hic cŭbăt. Hic pŭĕr, sexto fraudatŭs anno, claudĭtŭr. Ætas pŭellæ primā hoc ĭn tŭmŭlo jăcĕt. Ossă sŭb hoc lăpĭdum montĕ tĕgĭtŭr sĕpultŭs.

II. SĬTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A site, situation, position.* Nec rĕvŏcarĕ sĭtus aut jungĕrĕ carmĭnă curăt (sc. fŏlĭorum). *V.* Terrarum sĭtus dicĕrĕ. *H.* [¶ Lŏcŭs, pōsĭtŭs, pōsĭturā; *sts.* rĕgĭo.] 2. *A structure.* ~ pyrāmĭdum. *H.* *See* STRUCTURA. 3. *The dirt, &c., which is the effect of age, neglect, &c.; mould, filth, &c.* ~-u immundo squalĭdā (mitrā). *Pp.* immundo albā cerā. *O.* [¶ Squalŏr, mucŏr, illŭvĭes; *sts.* pædŏr.] 4. Sp. *Used of uncultivated, neglected lands, &c.* Pĕr lŏcā sentā ~-u. *V.* ~-u rĭgĭdo ĭners cessăt terrā; turpi canescunt tectā. *O.* [¶ Squalŏr.] 5. *Rust.* ~-u exesi lĭgones. *Cl.* horrentes glăddĭ. *St.* ~ occŭpăt mĭlĭtĭs armā. *Tib.* *See* RUBIGO. 6. *The decay, &c., of age* (in men and things). Victā ~-u sĕnectus. *V.* Demĕrĕ Æsŏnĭs ~-us. *O.* Ruptā ~-u saxā. *M.* *See* SENECTUS, VETUSTAS. Fig. 7. *Sloth, inactivity.* *O.* [¶ Rubigo, desĭdĭā; *ext.* sŏpŏr.] 8. *The portion of persons forgotten* or *forsaken.* Indignum passurĕ ~-um. *St.* 9. Sts. *Loneliness, dreariness* (of places forsaken). ~ ĭn thălămis, ĕt sĭlentĭā mensis. *St.*

SIVĔ. *See* SEU.

SMĂRAGDŬS, i. *m. f.* (SMĂRĂGDŬS. *M.*) 1. *An emerald; a precious stone of a green colour.* ˘In sŏllo Phœbus claris lucentĕ smăragdis. *O.* Sardŏnychas, smărăgdos, ădāmantăs, īnspĭdăs uno. *M.* **Crcl.** VĪRĬDĬS (vīrens, vīrĭdans) gemmā *or* lăpĭs. **Ep.** ˘Erythræŭs; prĕtĭosŭs; arcano ignĕ lucens. *See* GEMMA. 2. *Used of a species of green marble.* *L. Cl.*

SMĂRĬS, ĭs. *f.* *A small sea-fish.* Fecundumquĕ gĕnus, mænæ, lāmÿrusquĕ, smărisquĕ. *O.*

SMILAX, ăcĭs. *f.* *A maiden in love with Crocus, changed into bindweed; bindweed.* Et Crŏcŏn in parvos versum cum Smilăcĕ flores. *O.*

SMINTHEUS (*dissyll.*), ĕi *or* ei. *m.* *A name of Apollo.* Talĭbŭs intonsum compellat Sminthĕă dictis. *O.* Consŭlĭtŭr Smintheus. *O.*

I. SMYRNĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *The same as Myrrha, daughter of Cinyras; a poem so called on her story.* Smyrnă mĕi Cinnæ nonam post denĭquĕ messem. *Cat.* 2. *Myrrh.* [Myrrha was changed into the tree from which the perfume is derived.] ˘Odŏr ~-æ, mellisquĕ sāpores. *Lr.* *See* MYRRHA.

II. SMYRNĂ, æ. *f.* *A town of Ionia, still called Smyrna, and said to be the birth-place of Homer.* *O.*

SMYRNÆŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Smyrna;* hence, *to Homer.* Quantum Smyrnæi durabunt vatĭs hŏnores. *L.*

SŎBŎLES, *better* SŬBŎLES, ĭs. *f.* 1. *An offspring, progeny* (lit. any thing which grows out of another). Sivĕ vīrum sŏbŏlĕs, sive est mŭlĭebris ŏrigo. *Lr.* [¶ Gĕnŭs, prŏpago, proles, progĕnies, &c.] *See* PROLES. 2. *A single child.* Cārā dĕum ~. *V.* Tertĭā jam ~ dătŭr. *L.* *See* FILIUS. 3. *The young of animals.* Denalŏr hinc ~ (*of goats*). *V.* ~ lascivi grĕgĭs. *H.*

SOBRĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *One who is temperate in the use of intoxicating liquors, sober;* fig. *one in his sober senses.* Sobrĭŭs a thermis nescĭt ăbirĕ dŏmum. *M.* Rĕdĭens mălĕ sobrĭŭs. *O.* Sātin' sanŭs ĕs aut sobrĭŭs? *Ter.* [¶ Abstemĭŭs; *fig.* sanŭs.] *See* A. 2. *In which there is little* or *no wine.* ~-ă lymphă mixtă mĕro. *Tib.* pocŭlā. *St.* nox (*in which wine was not drunk*). *Pp.* rurā (*where wine is not grown*). *St.* uvā (*that does not intoxicate*). *Plin.* Fig. 3. Of the disposition. *Temperate, moderate;* gen. *virtuous.* Cārĕt invĭdenda ~ aula. *H.* [¶ Tempĕrans, frugi, parcŭs, mŏdestŭs, abstĭnens.] 4. *Careful, thoughtful.* Alte ~ ferrĕ pĕdes (mĕmento). *O.* [¶ Attentŭs, sedŭlŭs, &c.]

SOCCŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A kind of low, light shoe.* Huc vĕni, nĭvĕo gĕrens Lutĕum pĕdĕ soccum. *Cat.* 2. Used for *Comedy.* [The soccus was worn by comic actors.] Usĭbŭs e mĕdĭis soccŭs hăbendŭs ĕrĭt. *O.* *See* COMŒDIA.

SŎCĔR, ĕri. *m.* *A father-in-law.* Nec conjux illi, nec sŏcĕr ullŭs ĕrăt. *O.*

SOCIALĬS, ĕ. 1. *Of* or *belonging to an ally, to associates;* hence, *the Social war,* or *war of the allied nations of Italy against the Romans.* Calcatamquĕ tĕnet bellis sŏcĭalĭbŭs uvam. *J.* 2. Sp. *Matrimonial, conjugal.* Livĭā sic tecum sŏcĭales implĕăt annos. *O.* ~-ĭā carmĭnā. Dŭos ămŏr ~-ĭs hăbebăt. *O.* *See* CONJUGALIS.

SŎCIALĬTĔR. *In a social, friendly way.* Non ut de sedĕ sĕcunda Cedĕrĕt aut quarta sŏcĭalĭtĕr. *H.*

SŎCIATRIX, icĭs. *f.* *One who joins* or *unites others, f.* Huc tŭlĭt, ac mĕdĭi sŏcĭatrix gratĭā Phrixi. *V. Fl.*

SŎCIĔTAS, atĭs. *f.* *Fellowship, society.* Nunquam est fĭdelis cum pŏtentĕ sŏcĭĕtas. *Ph.* [¶ Concordĭā, fœdŭs; *sts.* commercĭā.]

SŎCIO, as. 1. *To associate, to couple* or *join together, to unite in one body.* Omnĭbŭs exhaustos jam casĭbŭs, omnĭum ĕgenos Urbĕ, dŏmo sŏcĭas. *V.* ~ se partĭcĭpem casus ĭn omnes. *Sil.* jŭvencos impŏsĭto ăratro. *St.* [¶ Consŏcĭo, assŏcĭo, jungo, adjungo, conjungo, copŭlo; *sts.* adscisco, &c.] *See* JUNGO. **Crcl.** Sŏcĭum –do, adjungo, adscisco, accĭpio, sumo. 2. *To unite in marriage.* ~ natam connubĭis Lātinis; qm vinclo jŭgali. *V.* cŭbilĭā. *O.* *See* CONJUGIUM, NUBO. 3. Gen. *To join, connect one thing with another;* (of words) *to set to music.* ~ stamĭnā aurĕā purpŭrĕæ telæ. *St.* carmĭnā nervis. *O.* verbā chordis. *H.* [¶ Consŏcĭo, jungo, mărito, &c.]

SŎCIUS, ă, um. 1. *Associated, joint, common; similar, equal.* Exercent illi sŏcĭæ commercĭā linguæ. *O.* Dignantŭr ~-o hŏnorĕ. Cārpĕrĕ ~-as vĭas. Pĕr spes ~-as. *O.* [¶ Sŏcĭatŭs, junctŭs, conjunctŭs; *sts.* par, sĭmĭlis, æquŭs.] 2. *Allied, of* or *belonging to allies.* Ænĕādæ ~-a urbĕ

frŭuntŭr. *V.* ∾-æ rătes. *V.* 3. *Conjugal. O.* [¶ Sŏcĭalĭs.] *See* CONJUGALIS.

SŎCIUS, i. *m., and* SŎCIA, æ. *f.* 1. *A companion.* Mene Iglĭtur sŏcĭum summis adjungĕrĕ rebŭs, Nisĭ, fŭgĭs? *V.* Addĭt se sŏcĭum (Ægle). *V.* Căpĕrĕ qm ∾-um consĭlĭis. *V.* [¶ Cŏmĕs, sŏdalĭs; *sts.* ămicŭs, consors, partĭceps, adjutŏr.] *See* COMES. 2. Sŏcĭi, orum. *m. pl. Allies* (in war). *V.* Crol. Sŏcĭă *or* sŏcĭæ ăcies (mănŭs). ˘Sŏcĭă armă. Fœdĕrĕ juncti. Sŏcĭum agmĕn, sŏcĭă agmĭnă. Castris sŏcĭi ădhĭbĭti *or* addĭti. ˘Acĭes subsĭdĭo missæ. ˘Amicæ vires.

SOCRATES, is. *m. The famous philosopher.* Si Romanâ fŏrent hæc Socrătĭs orâ, fŭissent. *M.* Ep. Attĭcŭs, săpĭens, sŏphŭs, constans, fortĭs. Crol. Cecrŏplŭs sĕnex. ˘Anŷti rĕŭs. Sĕnex ăb ˘Apollĭnĕ săpĭens dictŭs. Sĕnex vicinŭs Hȳmetto.

SOCRĂTĬCUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Socrates.* Quid tŭă Socrătĭcis tĭbĭ nunc săpĭentĭă libris Prodĕrĭt? *Pp.* ∾-æ chartæ. *H.*

SOCRUS, us. *f., and* SŎCRŬS. *Ter. A mother-in-law.* Quæ prĕmĭt invisam socrŭs lnĭquâ nŭrum. *O.*

SŎDALIS, ĭs. *m.* Used also adj. *A companion, mate, messmate.* Constantiquĕ fĭde vĕtĕrem tutarĕ sŏdalem. *O.* ∾ Hebrŭs. *H.* turbâ. *O.* [¶ ˘Amicŭs, cŏmĕs, sŏcĭlĭs.] *See* AMICUS.

SŎDALĬTĬUM, ĭi. *n. Close companionship.* Fraternum vere dulcĕ sŏdalĭtĭum. *Cat.* [¶ Sŏdalĭtas, convictŭs, ămicĭtĭă, commercĭă.] *See* AMICITIA.

SODES. *sync. from* Si audes. *If you please, pray.* Aut, sodes, mĭhĭ reddĕ dĕcem sestertĭă, Silo. *Cat.* Corrĭgĕ, sodes. *H.* [¶ ˘Amabo, quæso, vĕlim, sis.]

SOL, solĭs. *m.* 1. *The sun.* Per dŭŏdenâ rĕgit mundi sol aurĕŭs astrâ. *V.* [¶ Phœbŭs, Titan, dies; *sts.* Hȳpĕrion, Phăĕthon, jŭbăr, lampăs.] Ep. Lucĭdŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, clarŭs, fulgens; căles, ardens, flăgrans, fervens, fervĭdŭs, torrĭdŭs, ignĕŭs, ignĭvŏmŭs, flammĭvŏmŭs, rădĭans, rŏseŭs, purpŭrĕŭs, aurĕŭs; sĕrenŭs, tĕpens; almŭs, fecundŭs, bĕnignŭs, utĭlĭs. Rădĭis cinctŭs; r. frontem vallatŭs. Rŏsĕa lampădĕ lucens. Puro orbĕ nĭtĭdŭs (*or superl.*). Sĕdens purpŭrĕo tĕmonĕ. Crol. Solĭs -jŭbăr, rădĭi, astrum, sidŭs, lux, lumĕn, fax, ardŏr, flammă, ignĭs, nĭtŏr, fulgŏr, splendŏr. Solĭs *or* Phœbi -axis, currŭs, rŏtæ, ĕqui, os, vultŭs. Phœbeum *or* solarĕ jŭbăr. Solares (Phœbei) -ignes, rădĭi. Phœbea *or* Phœbeă lampăs. Phœbeæ flammæ. Titanĭă astrâ. Titanĭŭs ardŏr. Phœbeă lux *or* fax. Phœbi lucĭdŭs orbis. Sidĕrĕum (æthĕrĭum, cœlestĕ) jŭbăr. Nĭtĭdissĭmă solĭs Imago. Astrorum -dŏmĭnŭs, dux, ductŏr, rex. Solĭs -splendĭdă lumĭnă, rŏtă fervĭdă, flammĕŭs nĭtŏr. Lucĭs *or* lumĭnĭs -auctŏr, pārens, fons. ˘Ocŭlŭs mundi. Solĭs răpĭdi pŏtentĭŏr (*or* acrĭŏr p.). Phr. Sol -purpŭrĕo axĕ dĭem mŏvĕt;—curru nĭtĭdo dĭem promĭt ĕt celăt;—omnĭă rădĭis lustrăt (collustrăt);—orbem (omnĭă) tempĕrăt *or* lucĕ tempĕrăt;—mundum flammĭgĕris hăbenis complectĭtŭr;—pallentes umbras discŭtĭt. *See* LUMEN. 2. *The sun—rising, at noon-day,* or *setting. See* MANE, MERIDIES, VESPERE. 3. *An eclipse of the sun. See* ECLIPSIS. 4. *The sun as a deity. See* APOLLO. 5. *Heat, warmth* (of the sun). *O.* [¶ Călŏr, æstŭs, fervŏr.] *See* CALOR. 6. *Used for climate.* (Pătrĭă) ălĭo sub solĕ jăcens. *V.* [¶ Cœlum, signum, sidŭs.] 7. = dies. Trĕs soles errarĕ pĕlăgo. *V. See* DIES.

SOLAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. Consolation, comfort.* Quisquĭs hŏnos tŭmŭli, quidquid solamĕn hŭmandi est. *V. See* SOLATIUM.

SOLARIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to the sun, solar.* Dumquĕ, quŏd o brĕvĕ sit! lumen solarĕ vĭdebo. *O.* [¶ Phœbeŭs, Titanĭŭs; *sts.* Phăĕthontĭŭs.]

SOLATĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Consolation, comfort.* Sed căpĕ dictă mĕmor, duri solatĭă casus. *V.* ˘Adhĭbĕrĕ ∾-ĭă menti. *O.* [¶ Solamĕn, allŏquĭum, admŏnĭtŭs, lenimĕn, lĕvamĕn, allŏcutĭo.] Ep. Blandum, ămicum, dulcĕ, gratum, lenĕ, mitĕ, mollĕ, optatum. Crol. Lăborĭs *or* lăborum -lĕvamĕn, lenimĕn, fomentum. Curarum lenimĕn *or* mĕdĭcinâ. Lenĭă -dictă, verbă. Curæ ĕt lĕvamĕn. 2. Fig. Sts. = *Compensation.* Noctiquĕ rĕpendĭt Lux mĭnŏr hibernæ verni solatĭă damni. *L. See* SOLOR (2).

SOLATŎR, orĭs. *m. A consoler.* Ipse ĕgŏ solator, quum jam mandatâ dĕdissem. *Tib.*

SOLDŬS. *sync. from* Solidus. *See* S.

I. SŎLEA, æ. *f. A sandal, a slipper.* Et tĕnĕro sŏlĕam demĕ vĕl addĕ pĕdi. *O.*

II. SŎLEA, æ. *f. A sole* (the fish). Fulgentes sŏlĕæ candorĕ. *O.*

SŎLEATUS, ă, um. *Wearing sandals* or *slippers.* Etsi jam lotus, jam sŏlĕatŭs ĕrĭt. *M.*

SOLEMNIS. *See* SOLENNIS.

SOLENNIA, *or* SOLLENNIA, ĭum. *n. pl. A religious solemnity periodically observed, a yearly festival; ceremonial acts and offerings.* Tristĭă jam rĕdĕunt ĭtĕrum solennĭă nobis. *Pp.* Mittĕrĕ solennĭă tŭmŭlo. *V.* Crol. Solennĭs dies. Solennĕ săcrum. *See* FESTUM, ANNUUS.

SOLENNIS, *or* SOLLENNIS, ĕ. 1. *Of* or *belonging to solemn, ceremonial observances.* Solennes taurum ingentem mactabăt ăd aras. *V.* Reddĕrĕ ∾-ĭă votâ. Ducĕrĕ ∾-es pompas ăd delubrâ. ∾ cantŭs tĭbĭæ. *O.* [¶ Festŭs, cĕlĕbĕr.] 2. *Ritual, sacred, solemn* (as appointed to be used in a sacred office). ∾-ĭă verbă afferrĕ. *O.* [¶ Săcĕr.] 3. *Customary, habitual.* Romæ dulcĕ dĭu fŭĭt ĕt ∾-ĕ &c. *H.* ∾-ĕ vĭris ŏpŭs (*hunting*). *H.* ∾-ă (= solennĭtĕr) insanirĕ (*to be mad in the common way*). *H.* ∾-ă armâ. *St. See* SOLITUS. 4. *That which is according to law* or *custom, and so, right.* ∾ impĕrĭum. *V. See* DEBITUS.

SŎLĔO, es, ĭtŭs sum. *To be accustomed, to be wont.* Surgamus: sŏlĕt essĕ grăvis cantantĭbŭs umbrâ. *V.* Canto quæ sŏlĭtŭs. *V.* [¶ Assŏlĕo, suevi, assuevi, consuevi, dĭdĭci; *sts.* ămo.] Crol. Consuetum hăbĕo. Sŏlĭtŭs (consuetŭs, assuetŭs) sum. Mos est mĭhĭ. Venĭt ĭn morem. Solennĕ hăbĕo (mĭhĭ est). A pŭĕro assuetŭs sum. Crebĕr *or* frĕquens usŭs est. *See* MOS.

SOLERS, *or* SOLLERS, tĭs. 1. *Expert, skilful, ingenious, adroit.* Primŭs ăratrâ mănu solerti fecĭt ˘Osirĭs. *Tib.* Pĕcŭdum custodĭă ∾. *V.* ∾-i cordĕ Prŏmetheus. *Cat.* [¶ Săgax, subtilĭs, prudens, ingĕnĭosŭs, callĭdŭs, acĕr, pĕritŭs, industrĭŭs.] 2. With gen. ∾ lȳræ. *H.* cunctandi Făbĭŭs. *Sil.* [¶ Pĕritŭs, &c.] 3. With inf. ∾ hŏmĭnem ponĕrĕ. *H.* ornarĕ. *O.* 4. Sts. = dŏlosŭs. ∾ furti (astŭs). *O. See* DOLOSUS.

SOLERTĔR. *Skilfully, dexterously.* Nullâ Lătinas Intĕr Hămadrȳădas cŏlŭit solertĭŭs hortos. *O.* [¶ Scite, bĕnĕ, docte.]

SOLERTĬA, æ. *f.* 1. *Expertness, skilfulness, ingenuity.* Atque artes părĭat solertĭă, nutrĭăt usŭs. *Cl.* Mĭsĕris vĕnĭt ∾ rebŭs. *O.* [¶ Ingĕnĭum, prudentĭă, ăcumĕn, industrĭă, pĕritĭă.] Ep. Prudens, subtilĭs, ăcutâ, ingĕnĭosâ. *See* PRUDENTIA. 2. Sts. *Art, cunning.* ∾ dŭbĭi Mauri. *L. See* DOLUS.

SŎLĬDO, as. 1. *To make solid, firm, hard.* Et vertendâ mănu, et creta sŏlĭdandâ tĕnaci (arĕâ). *V.* ∾ grăves ărenas. *St.* [¶ Fundo, firmo; *sts.* duro, adstringo.] 2. *To support.* Culmĕn trăbĭbŭs ăhenis ∾-ătăr. *Cl.* [¶ Fulcĭo, stăbĭlĭo, &c.]

SŎLĬDUM, *and* SOLDUM, i. *n.* [Adj. used subst.]

1. *Solid ground* or *surface.* Altequĕ jŭbebĭs In sŏlĭdo pŭtĕum demitti. *V.* Fossă fīt ăd ∾-um. *O.* 2. Used of money. *The whole, entire sum* (the solid mass). Dĕcĭes sŏlĭdum exsorberĕ. *H.* Mĕtŭens redděrĕ soldum (*the principal, as distinguished from the interest*). *H.* 3. Fig. ˘In sŏlĭdo lŏcarĕ (*in safety*, "*in terra firma*"). *V.*

SŎLĬDUS, ă, um, *and* SOLDUS. 1. *Solid, firm, fast* (of the ground). Nunc sŏlĭda est tellus, quæ lăcŭs antĕ fŭit. *O.* Suppŏsĭtumquĕ rŏtis sŏlĭdum mărĕ. *J.* [† Stăbĭlĭs, firmŭs.] 2. *Solid, hard.* Sŏnăt ungŭlă ∾-o cornu. *V. See* DURUS. 3. *Solid, massive.* ∾-o argento perfectă (armă). *V.* 4. *Whole, entire.* ∾-ă viscĕră taurorum. *V.* ∾ horă. *J.* Demĕrĕ partem ∾-o de dĭe. *H.* [† Totŭs, intĕgĕr.] 5. *Strong, vigorous.* ∾-æ vires. *V. See* INTEGER. 6. *Firm, inflexible* (of the mind). ∾ mens. *H.* [† Firmŭs, &c.] *See* F. 7. *Substantial, real* (as opposed to what is imaginary). ˘Inanĕ abscindĕrĕ soldo. *H. See* VERUS.

SOLĬFĔR, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *That brings* or *bears the sun.* Parthus solĭfĕræ suppŏsĭtus plăgæ. *Sen.*

SOLĬGĔNA, æ. *m. f. Born of the sun.* Solĭgĕnam Æeten mĕdĭa regnarĕ sŭb Arcto. *V. Fl.*

SOLĬTUDO, ĭnĭs. *f.* 1. *Solitariness, loneliness.* O jucundă, Cŏvinĕ, solĭtudo! *M.* 2. *Solitude, loneliness of place; a desert place.* Ingens circa solĭtudo. *M. See* DESERTA (orum).

SŎLĬTUS, ă, um. *part. from* Soleo. Used also adj. 1. *Used, accustomed, wont* (to do something). Et păvĭdum sŏlĭtos in pĕcŭs irĕ lŭpos. *O.* ∾-i pranderĕ luscĭnĭas. *H.* [† Suetŭs, consuetŭs, assuetŭs.] 2. *Usual, customary* (wont to be or to be done). ∾ virtus. *V.* Vĕnirĕ ăd ∾-as artes. *O.* [† Suetŭs, assuetŭs, consuetŭs, solennĭs, usĭtatŭs, notŭs.] 3. Used subst. n. *That which is usual; the practice, the habit, the custom.* Prætĕr ∾-um lætæ. *V.* ∾-um lĕvĕs. *H.* 4. Sŏlĭto, with comp. *More than commonly* or *usually.* ∾-o formosĭŏr. *O.* maturĭŏs irĕ. *J.* măgis făverĕ. *L.* [† Assueto.]

SŎLĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *An elevated seat;* sp. *a throne.* Præfatus divos, sŏlĭo rex infĭt ăb alto. *V.* [† Sĕdĭlĕ, sedes, sellă; thrŏnŭs.] Ep. ˘Eburnum, sŭperbum, fulgens, insignĕ, altum, sublimĕ, regalĕ, regĭum. 2. Fig. *Regal power, sovereignty. O. See* REGNUM.

SOLLENNIS, SOLLERS, &c. *See* SOLENNIS, &c.

SOLLĬCĬTE. *Anxiously, carefully, in a troubled manner.* Qui mălă sollĭcĭto nostrâ lĕvatĭs, ĕro. *O.* ∾ læti. *Sil.*

SOLLĬCĬTO, as. 1. *To move, stir frequently; to shake.* Et tĕnĕram ferro sollĭcĭtavĭt hŭmum (*ploughed*). *Tib.* and so *V.* ∾ frĕtă remis; spicŭlă. *V.* stamĭnă pollĭcĕ. *O.* mundum. *Lr.* manes, totumquĕ orbem. *O.* [† Mŏvĕo, impello, quătĭo, &c.] *See* QUATIO, MOVEO. 2. *To harass, trouble, disturb.* Parcĕ ∾ manes mĕos. *O.* ∾ quĭetos. *V.* [† Vexo, torquĕo, turbo, crŭcĭo.] Hence—3. *To hunt, pursue* (of game). ∾ fĕras arcu. *O.* [† ˘Ago, ăgĭto, prĕmo, persĕquŏr, insto.] 4. *To disorder, pain.* ∾ stŏmăchum. *H.* [† Fătigo, crŭcĭo, prĕmo.] 5. *To sue, importune with prayers and entreaties.* ∾ qm prĕcĭbŭs. *O.* numĭnă votis. *Tib.* ămicos. *J.* [† Urgĕo, fătigo, prĕcŏr, &c.] *See* PRECOR. 6. *To lure to wrong, to tamper with.* ∾ fĭdem donis; judĭcĭum donis. *O.* [† Tento, &c.] *See* T. 7. *To tempt, allure.* Hæc nullum ∾-ant furem. *M.* [† Tento, invito, allĭcĭo.]

SOLLĬCĬTUDO, ĭnĭs. *f. Anxiety, care.* Nĕquĕ Mordaces ălĭter diffŭgĭunt sollĭcĭtudĭnes. *H. See* CURA.

SOLLĬCĬTUS, ă, um. 1. *Tossed about, disturbed* (of motion). Ut mărĕ sollĭcĭtum stridet rĕflŭentĭbŭs undis. *V.* ∾ rătĭs. *O.* ∾-o motu cărerĕ. *Lr.* [† Motŭs, commotŭs, ăgĭtatŭs, turbĭdŭs.] Fig. 2. *Anxious, uneasy, disturbed* (of the feelings). *V.*, &c. [† Anxĭŭs, turbatŭs, perturbatŭs, commotŭs, suspensŭs, timens, trĕpĭdŭs, păvens, dŭbĭŭs.] Crel. Cura *or* curis ăgĭtatŭs, pressŭs, vexatŭs, distractŭs, districtŭs. Timorĕ *or* mĕtu suspensŭs. Anxĭă cordă gĕrens. Curis ingentibŭs ægĕr. C. mordacĭbŭs actŭs. *See* CURA, TERRITUS. 3. *That which causes anxiety,* &c. ∾-æ ŏpes. *H.* ∾ ămŏr; carcĕr. *O.*

SOLO, as. *To lay waste, to desolate.* Quantas pŏpŭlis solavĕrĭt urbes. *St. See* DESOLO.

SŎLŒCISMUS, i. *m.* (σολοικισμός.) *A solecism, a fault in the grammar.* Verbă: sŏlœcismum licĕat fecissĕ mărito. *J.* and *M.*

SŎLON, onĭs. *m. The famous Athenian lawgiver.* Et Cræsus, quem vox justi facundă Sŏlonis. *J.* Ep. Attĭcŭs, Cecrŏplĭŭs, săpĭens, legĭfĕr.

SOLŎR, ăris. 1. *To console, comfort.* Quos bŏnis Æneas verbis solatŭr ămicis. *V.* ∾ jăcentem. *O.* [† Consolŏr.] Crel. Solatŭ —do, fĕro, præbĕo, præsto, mĭnistro, ădhĭbĕo. Curas (luctum, dŏlorem) —lĕvo, lenĭo, mitĭgo, mulcĕo, pello, depello, averto, compesco. Mœrentem ănĭmum (mœrentĭă pectŏrĕ) —solŏr, lenĭo, mulcĕo. Blandis *or* ămicis verbis (vocĭbŭs) solŏr. Dulcĭbŭs allŏquĭis —solŏr, erĭgo, mulcĕo. ˘Anĭmum luctu (tristĭtĭa, mœrorĕ) solvo. Verbis solantĭbŭs utŏr. Curas dictis averto. Dŏlorem solando lenĭo. Fată aspĕră mollĭbŭs (lenĭbŭs) verbis lĕvo. Mălă (tædĭă) vitæ verbis mĭnŭo. Admŏnĭtu fortĭorem qm făcĭo. 2. *To alleviate an evil* or *sorrow, to smooth it down to the feeling* (by some consoling, compensating thought, &c.). ∾ curas tela; Trojæ rŭinas (*by the thought of Rome*). *V.* 3. *To relieve, allay.* ∾ fămem concussa quercu; mĕtum ˘Iuli. *V.* [† Sedo, placo, compesco, averto, pello, depello, &c.]

SOLSTĬTĬALIS, ĕ. *Of* or *relating to the solstice.* Tardĭŏr hiberna solstĭtĭalĭs ĕrĭt (nox). *O.*

SOLSTĬTĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *The solstice, that time of the year when the sun is in Cancer* or *Capricorn.* Nec mĭhĭ solstĭtĭum quidquam de noctĭbŭs aufert. *O.* [Of the winter solstice, when the sun is in Capricorn; but solstitium was used ordinarily only of the summer solstice.] 2. *The summer solstice; mid-summer heat.* ∾ pĕcŏri defendĭtĕ. *V.*

I. SŎLUM, i. *n.* 1. *The lowest part of any thing, the bottom, base.* Astrâ tĕnent cœlestĕ sŏlum. *O.* Ponti jăcentĭs omnĕ sŏlum. *V. Fl.* Mănĭbŭs crŭentis pulsăt Inanĕ sŏlum (*the socket of the eye*). *St.* Cĕrĕălĕ sŏlum (i. e. *cakes on which they heaped fruit*). *V.* 2. *The ground* (soil) *of the earth; a land, country.* ∾-o erĭgĭt alnos. *V.* Omnĕ ∾ forti pătrĭă est. *O.* [† Terrâ, tellus, hŭmŭs.] *See* TERRA. Phr. *To raze to the ground, level to the earth.* Sŏlo æquo. Sŏlo æquum pono. *See* EVERTO. 3. *The sole of the foot; a footstep.* (Lŏcă) trità sŏlo. *Lr.* [† Plantă, pes, vestigĭum.] *See* PES.

II. SOLUM. *n. as adv. Only.* Nec călămis solum æquipăras, sed vocĕ măgistrum. *V.* [† Tantum, tantummŏdŏ, duntaxăt, mŏdŏ.]

SOLUS, ă, um; *gen.* solĭŭs. 1. *Sole, single.* Solă dŏmum et tantas servabat fillă sedes (*one only*). *V.* [† Unŭs, unĭcŭs.] 2. *Alone, unaccompanied.* Tu solŭs ăbibas. *O.* [† Incŏmĭtatŭs.] Crel. Nullo cŏmĭtantĕ. Nullis cŏmĭtantĭbŭs *or* stipantĭbŭs. 3. *Solitary, lonely* (of places). Lŏcă ∾-ă căveto. *O.* ∾ rupes. *V.* [† Desertŭs, văcŭŭs, vastŭs.]

SŎLUTE. (Sŏlutŭs.) *Freely, without restraint. Lr.*

SŎLUTUS, ă, um. *part. See* SOLVO. Used also adj.

1. *Unbound, let loose.* Et circum llĭādes, crinem de morĕ sŏlutæ. *V.* Funĕ ~-o currĭt. *O.* [¶ Laxatŭs, laxŭs; *sts.* irrĕllĭgatŭs, effusŭs, flŭens, rĕmissŭs.] 2. *Dissolved, melted.* Ceræ ~-æ. *O.* Nĭves de montĕ ~-æ. *O.* Fig. 3. *Dissolved, freed of obligation, dismissed, broken up.* ~-um conjŭgĭum. *J.* ~-ă mortĕ fĭdes. *O.* Cœtu ~-o discedunt. *O.* ~-æ curæ. *Cat.* 4. *Open, not tied* or *bound up.* Chartă ~. *O.* Terræ ~-æ (*winter over*). *H.* [¶ ˘Apertŭs, &c.] 5. *Free, released from, without.* ~ omni fenorĕ. *H.* ~-i ŏpĕrum (fămŭli). *H.* [¶ Lĭbĕr, văcŭŭs, immunĭs.] 6. *At ease, without care* or *restraint; joyous.* Quem non contracta ĭn paupertatĕ ~-um (cālĭces fecerĕ)? *H.* Risŭs ~. *V.* 7. *Relaxed, enfeebled, enervated.* ~-i somno vinoquĕ. *V.* annis. *O.* [¶ Fractŭs, languens, rĕsŏlutŭs.] *See* LANGUIDUS. 8. *Discharged, paid* (of debts or duties). Mercedĕ ~-a. *O.* Exsĕquĭis ~-is. *V.* 9. Sŏlutŭs sermo. Sŏlută oratĭo. *Prose.*

SOLVO, ĭs, i, sŏlutum (*perf.* sŏlŭĭt. *Cat.* sŏlŭĭssĕ. *Tib.*). 1. *To separate united parts, to disjoin, dissolve; to break into pieces.* Trĭdentĕ rupem subrŭĭt pulsam pătĕr, Solvitquĕ montem. *Sen.* ~ commissas ăcĭes. *Pp.* [¶ Rĕlaxo, dissolvo, frango, &c.] *See* FRANGO, SEPARO. 2. *To dissolve, put an end to by breaking up, discontinuing, dissolution;* and gen. *to put an end to.* ~ convivĭă. *Sil.* vitam. *Pp. See* ABRUMPO. Fig. 3. ~ pŭdorem; fœdĕrĕ. *V.* jejunĭă. *O.* impĕrĭă. *Sen.* [¶ Rumpo, frango, abrumpo; *sts.* vĭŏlo, discŭtĭo.] 4. *To dissolve, to fuse, melt.* Rĭgŏr auri æstu ~-ĭtŭr. *L.* ~ nĭvem. *O.* cœlum ĭn Tartărĕ. *V.* [¶ Laxo, rĕlaxo, mollĭo, dissolvo, rĕsolvo, rĕmitto.] *See* LIQUEFACIO. 5. *To reduce to putrefaction.* ~-ĭt corpŏrĕ tabes. *L.* [¶ Rĕsolvo, corrumpo.] 6. *To loose, undo any tie* or *fastening;* or *to loose, &c., from any tie, &c.*; or fig. *from any check.* ~ nodum; zonas. *H.* vinclă; jŭgă tauris. *V.* ĕquum (*to unharness*). *H.* crinem. *O.* cădum. *St.* orā ĭn dĕos. *Tib.* linguas ăd jurgĭă. *O.* [¶ Rĕsolvo, rĕlaxo, laxo.] Crcl. Vinclĭs -exŭo, libĕro, solvo. Vinclă demo *or* lĕvo. Hence—7. ~ navem *or* classem. *To weigh anchor, set sail. Pp. L. See* VELA DO. Fig. 8. *To solve, explain. Sen.* 9. ~ versum. *To turn into prose. H.* 10. *To set free, to loose, release.* Lit. and fig. Te isto corpŏrĕ ~-o. *V.* ~ se longo luctu; terras formidĭnĕ; mĕtus cordĕ. *V.* [¶ Exsolvo, libĕro, exĭmo, expĕdĭo.] 11. *To relax the energy* or *strength, to enervate, &c., leave languid.* ~ membrā formidĭnĕ. *V.* Vŏlŭcresquĕ fĕrasquĕ ~-ĕrăt altă quĭes. *O.* [¶ Rĕsolvo, frango, rumpo, debĭlĭto, enervo.] 12. *Used of the effect of death* or *sleep upon the eye.* ~ leto lumĭnă; nŭtantĭă lumĭnă (de somno). *V.* 13. *To cause to unbend and relax, to cheer, make joyous.* ~ grăves Fabrĭcĭos. *M.* [¶ Explĭco.] 14. *To pay money* (discharge an account). *O.* [¶ Exsolvo, persolvo, pendo; *sts.* rĕpendo, nūmĕro.] 15. ~ pœnas. *To suffer punishment* (pay the penalty). *O.* [¶ Persolvo, lŭo, &c.] *See* PŒNA. 16. *To discharge, fulfil any promise, vow,* or *pledge.* ~ votă ĭn littŏrĕ. *V.* voti fĭdem. *O.* fĭdem. *Ter.* [¶ Exsolvo, reddo; implĕo (fĭdem).] 17. *To free a person from a debt.* ~ millĭtem. *Pl.* Me solvĕt vĭtŭŭs. *H.* [¶ Absolvo.]

SOLVŎR. *pass.* 1. *To be parted, detached, unbound, untied,* &c.; and fig. *to be let loose from duty,* &c. ~-ĭtŭr funĭs ărena. *Pp.* ~-i ăb amplexu. *O.* ĭn otĭă excŭbĭas jussĭt. *Pp.* 2. *To melt.* ~-untŭr verĕ nĭves. *O. See* LIQUESCO. 3. *To putrefy.* Tunsă ~-untŭr viscĕrĕ. *V. See* TABESCO. 4. *To lose bodily power, to be in a feeble, languid state; to relax, give way.* ~-untŭr frigŏrĕ membrā. *V.* ~-i ĭn somnos. *V.* æstu. *O.* ~-ĭtŭr acrĭs hĭems. *H.* [¶ Rĕlaxŏr, rĕsolvŏr, rĕmittŏr, laxŏr, languĕo, languesco, frangŏr, defĭcĭo, fătĭsco.] 5. *To be paid in acquittance of any thing due; to be settled, compensated for by payment.* Quæ dignă præmĭă solvi possĕ rĕăr pro &c.? *V.* Injurĭă pœnis ~-ĭtŭr. *O.*

SŎLŸMA, æ. *f., and* SŎLŸMI, orum, *m. pl. Jerusalem.* Illud me crŭcĭat, Sŏlŷmis quod natŭs ĭn ipsis. *M. See* HIEROSOLYMA.

SŎLŸMŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Jerusalem; Jewish.* An Sŏlŷmum cĭnĕrem palmetăquĕ captă sŭbĭbĭs? *St.* Interpres legum Sŏlŷmarum. *J.*

SOMNICŬLOSŬS, ă, um. *Given to sleep, sleepy.* Lit. and fig. Somnicŭlosos illĕ porrĭgit glires. *M. See* SOMNIFER.

SOMNĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *That causes sleep, soporific.* Virgamquĕ pŏtenti Somnĭfĕram sumpsissĕ mānu. *O.* ~-i cantus. *V.* ~ aspĭs. *L.* [¶ Sŏpŏrĭfĕr, sŏporŭs, somnĭfĭcŭs.]

SOMNĬO, as. 1. *To dream.* Nĕc in bĭclpĭti somnĭassĕ Parnasso. *Pers.* Crcl. Pĕr somnum *or* ĭn somnis vĭdĕo. Somnĭă vĭdĕo. Phr. 1. Somnĭă (insomnĭă) -suspensum terrent (trĕpĭda formidĭnĕ qm quăktĭunt);—păvĭdos somnos excŭtĭunt;—sopitos sensus deludunt;—vana decĭpĭunt ĭmagĭnĕ;—fallaci noctĕ ludunt;—vanos mĕtus objĭcĭunt;—ăgĭtant qm tota noctĕ;—mentes vŏllĭtantĭbŭs umbris ludunt;—jŭbent păvĭdos falsă timerĕ;—veras pœnas ĭmĭtantĭă sontes crŭcĭant;—ŏcŭlis qm rĕducunt. Phr. 2. *Of a person appearing in a dream.* ˘In somnis visŭs est ădessĕ (antĕ ŏcŭlos ă.). ˘Imago ejŭs ĭn somnis admŏnĕt (terrĕt). Formă ejŭs offert se (vĕnĭt) ĭn somnis (*or* pĕr somnum). F. Imago, &c., visă est ci adstarĕ. Stăt sopito antĕ tŏrum. Căpŭt mœstum visŭs est noctĕ tollĕrĕ. 2. Fig. *To dream, to fancy foolishly* or *extravagantly.* Tu de psaltrĭa me somnĭas ăgĕrĕ. *Ter.* [¶ Deliro, fingo.] Crcl. Mĭhĭ somnĭă fingo.

SOMNĬUM, ĭi. *n., and us.* SOMNIA, orum. *pl.* 1. *A dream; dreams.* Somnĭă quæ veras æquant ĭmĭtamĭnĕ formas. *O.* [¶ Insomnĭum.] Ep. (*pl.*) Nocturnă, horrendă, sollĭcĭtă, terrĭfĭcă, mĭnacĭă, infaustă; lætă, faustă; ĭnanĭă, fallacĭă, vană, mendacĭă, verā, certă. Mĭris fĭguris infaustă. Vărias formas *or* veros casus ĭmĭtantĭă. Crcl. Nocturnă -spĕcĭes, imago, effĭgĭes. Nocturnă sĭmŭlacrā; n. visă. Sĭmŭlacrā noctĭs mĭnantĭă. ˘Inanĭă somni sĭmŭlacrā. Falsi visus. Nocturnæ ĭmagĭnes *or* fĭguræ. Vani visus imago. Falsă sŏporĭs ludĭbrĭă. Somni terrŏr ĭnanĭs. Mendax somnŭs. *See* SOMNIO. 2. Fig. *A dream* or *dreams of the imagination.* Fingĕrĕ multă ~-ĭă. *Lr.* Sĭbĭ somnĭă. *V.* [¶ Nugæ, vană.]

SOMNŬS, i. *m.* 1. *Sleep, rest in sleep.* Molles sub divo carpĕrĕ somnos. *V.* [¶ Sŏpŏr, quĭes, rĕquĭes.] Ep. Nocturnŭs, altŭs, grăvĭs, ămicŭs, dulcĭs, lenĭs, blandŭs, mollĭs, jucundŭs, plăcĭdŭs, tranquillŭs, irrĭgŭŭs, sălubĕr, segnĭs, ignavŭs, lentŭs, languĭdŭs, pĭgĕr. Crcl. Somni -quĭes, otĭă, munĕrā, sĭlentĭă, ĭnertĭă. Sŏporĭs grăvĭtas. Noctĭs ămicā quĭes. Donă sŏporĭfĕræ noctĭs. Phr. 1. Curarum *or* lăborum dŏmĭtŏr. Quĭes rerum. Curarum quĭes *or* rĕquĭes. Mortĭs imago. *See* 2 (Ep.). Phr. 2. *To put to sleep, induce sleep. See* SOPIO. Phr. 3. *To yield to sleep, to sleep. See* DORMIO. Phr. 4. *To rouse from sleep, to cause to awake; to awake* (oneself). *See* EXPERGEFACIO *and* EXPERGISCOR. 2. *Sleep personified; the God of Sleep.* [¶ Morpheus, sŏpŏr.] Ep. &c. Plăcĭdissĭmŭs dĕorum. Delapsŭs ăb astris. Leti consanguĭnĕŭs. Fratri Leto sĭmillĭmŭs. *Ægræ menti utĭlĭs. See* MOR-

PHEUS. 3. Sts. *Used for* Nox. Dĭe (= dĭei) ~-iquĕ horas pāres făcĕrĕ. *V.* Lucem ~-o miscerĕ. *L. See* NOX. Fig. 4. *Sloth, inactivity* (moral slumber). [† Sŏpŏr, inertĭă, ignavĭă, &c.] 5. *A calm* (slumber) *at sea*, &c. *St. See* QUIES. 6. *Used for death.* ~ ferrĕŭs urgĕt. *V.* longŭs dătŭr. *H.* nĭgĕr errăt pĕr lumĭnă. *Sil. See* MORS.

SŎNABĬLIS, ĕ. *Sounding.* Cornŭă fulserunt, crĕpŭĭtquĕ sŏnabĭlĕ sistrum. *O.*

SŎNAX, ăcis. *Sounding.* Cærŭlĕum Tritonă vŏcăt, cornuquĕ sŏnaci Inspirarĕ jŭbĕt. *O.*

SŎNĬPES, ĕdis. *adj.* 1. *Sounding with the feet.* Velatur sŏnĭpes æstivi turbă Cănopi. *Grat.* 2. Subst. m. *A horse.* Insultans sŏnĭpes, et pressis pugnăt hăbenis. *V. See* EQUUS.

SŎNĬTŬS, us. *m. A sound, din, noise.* Dum flammas Jŏvis et sŏnĭtus ĭmĭtatŭr ˘Olympi. *V.* [† Sŏnŭs, frăgŏr, murmŭr, sŏnŏr, stridŏr, strĕpĭtŭs, tŭmultŭs, frĕmĭtŭs, gĕmĭtŭs, clamŏr, vox, clangŏr; *sts.* tinnitŭs, sŭsurrŭs, mugitŭs.] Ep. Ingens, vastŭs, magnŭs, raucŭs, confusŭs, horrendŭs, terrĭfĭcŭs, horrĭsŏnŭs, præceps, sŭbĭtŭs, rĕpentinŭs. Phr. 1. *To make a noise; to fill with noise; to cause places to resound with noise.* Sŏnĭtum (sŏnum, frăgorem, murmŭr) –do, ĕdo, efficio, cĭĕo, tollo, mitto. Fit –frăgŏr, murmŭr, sŏnĭtŭs. Exŏrĭtŭr *or* auditŭr frăgŏr. Frĕmĭtum do. Murmŭrĕ miscĕo. Auras (æthĕrĕ, cœlum) murmŭrĕ (frăgorĕ, frăgorĭbŭs) –complĕo, implĕo, pulso, miscĕo. Strĕpĭtus ingĕmĭno. Sŏnum terrĭbĭlem stridorĕ do. Frĕmĭtu *or* frăgorĕ lŏcŭs –sŏnăt, rĕsŏnăt, consŏnăt, completŭr. Frăgŏr ĭtĕrum atquĕ ĭtĕrum intŏnăt. Horrendŭs ĭt frăgŏr. Eccĕ sŭbĭtŭs mugirĕ frăgŏr. Arrectas aures sŏnŭs impŭlĭt. Strĕpĭt murmŭrĕ campŭs. Sŏnŭs auditŭr grăvĭŏr. Phr. 2. *Of the sounds of a storm at sea.* Ingentem pĕlăgi gĕmĭtum accĭpĭmŭs. Rĕbŏant pulsată saxă. Venti ăd littŏrĕ frăgorem fĕrunt. Littŏrĕ vexată undis frĕmunt. Rĕsŏnantĭă l. miscentŭr. Spumĕă undă vădis saxosis clamăt. Phr. 3. *Of a land-storm.* Frăgŏr intŏnăt altis montĭbŭs. Increbrescĭt nĕmŏrum murmŭr. Omnĕ nĕmŭs strĕpĭtu consŏnăt. Colles tŭmultu rĕsultant. Amnes ripæquĕ mugitĭbŭs sŏnant. Phr. 4. *Of a storm of thunder*, &c. Hinc pŏli rupti rĕbŏarĕ. Concussŭs æther (*or pl.*) mugitĭbŭs fŭrĭt. Cœlum ingenti murmŭrĕ miscetŭr. C. omnĕ frăgorĕ tŏnăt. Frăgŏr astrĕ quătĭt. *See* SONO. Phr. 5. *Of some particular sounds.* Tympănă raucis sŏnis obstrĕpŭerĕ. Tŭbă ærĕ cănoro incrĕpŭĭt (terrĭbĭlem sŏnĭtum i.). Fractă ossă grăvem dant sŏnum. Saxă cæco murmŭrĕ intŭs sŏnant (*of a hoarse, indistinct sound far within*). Creběr pĕdum sŏnĭtŭs ăd aures ădest.

SŎNO, as, ŭi. 1. Intr. *To sound, resound, make a noise.* Scută sŏnant, pulsuquĕ pĕdum trĕmĭt excĭtă tellus. *V.* Sŏnŭerunt æthĕrĕ nimbi. *V.* [† Rĕsŏno, insŏno, strĕpo, perstrĕpo, frĕmo, infrĕmo, mugio, immugio, rĕmugio, rĕbŏo, tŏno, intŏno, rĕsulto, murmŭro, rĕclamo, gĕmo, ŭlŭlo, strĕpĭto, crĕpo, crĕpĭto, stridĕo; *sts.* persŏno, bŏo, instrĕpo, sŭsurro, sibĭlo, clamo.] Crcl. Sŏnĭtum –do, edo, &c. *See* SONITUS. 2. *To utter words, to speak.* ~ In aurĕ. *Pp.* qd ĭn aurĕ. *M. See* LOQUOR. 3. Tr. *To send forth a particular sound.* ~ carmĕn (de lyra). *H.* hŏmĭnem. *V.* fŭrem (de jŭvencis). *Pp.* femĭnĭcum; raucum quiddam &c. *O.* [† Rĕfĕro.] 4. *To celebrate in song.* ~ os susciĭăt ignes. *V.* Germanas ăcies. *St.* ~-andŭs ĕrĭs nobis. *O.* [† Cĕlĕbro, cano, laudo.] *See* CANO. 5. *To recite, declaim.* Nolis lĭcĕt, illĕ sŏnabĭt. *M.* [† Rĕcĭto, declamo; *sts.* ructo, vŏmo.] 6. Sts. pass. Questus sŏnantŭr. *Ad Liv.*

SŎNŎR, ŏris. *m. A noise, a sound.* Summæquĕ sŏnorem Dant silvæ. *V.* Sævă ~-ĭbŭs armă. *V. See* SONITUS.

SŎNORŬS, ă, um. *Sounding loud, sonorous.* Luctantes ventos tempestatesquĕ sŏnoras. *V.* Æri sŏnoro. *V.* [† Sŏnans, stridens, stridŭlŭs, rĕsŏnans, rĕsonŭs, raucŭs, rĕbŏans, rĕsultans, ăcutŭs, tinnŭlŭs.] Crcl. Sŏno (sŏnĭtu, sŏnorĕ) sævis *or* horrendŭs. Horrendum *or* raucă sŏnans.

SONS, tis. *m. f. n.* (sontum. *gen. pl. St.*) 1. *Guilty, criminal.* Omnes per mortes ănĭmam sontem ipsĕ dĕdissem. *V.* Te ~-es exstinxerĕ dĕi. *S.* (*With abl.*) Fraterno sanguĭnĕ sontem. *O.* [† Nŏcens, &c.] *See* N. 2. Subst. m. Supplĭcĭbŭs făcĭlem, ~-ĭbŭs essĕ trŭcem. *O.* [† Nŏcens, imprŏbŭs, mălŭs.]

SONTĬCŬS, ă, um. *Dangerous;* fig. *serious, weighty.* Parcĕ, prĕcor, mĭsĕro: non ĭlli sontĭcă cæsa est. *Tib.*

SŎNŬS, i. *m. Any kind of sound* or *noise.* Tum sŏnŭs auditur grăvĭŏr. *V.* 1. *A low, gentle sound.* Sĭnĕ mentĕ ~. *V. See* SUSURRUS. 2. *A great, loud noise. See* SONITUS. 3. Sp. *The sound of musical instruments. See* CITHARA, TIBIA. 4. *The sound of warlike instruments, warlike arms*, &c. *See* TUBA, ARMA. 5. *Any articulate sound, the sound of words.* Pĕrăgĕrĕ tales ~-os. *O.* ˘Adirĕ cum blandis ~-is. *O.* [† Voces, verbă.]

SŎPHĬA, æ. *f.* (σοφία.) *Wisdom.* Quum tĭbĭ sit sŏphĭæ par fama et cură dĕorum. *M. See* SAPIENTIA.

SŎPHISTES, æ. *m. A sophist.* Et plures uno conclamant orĕ sŏphistæ. *J.*

SŎPHŎCLES, is. *m.* [The second syll. found *short* only.] *The famous tragic writer.* Quid Sŏphŏcles, et Thespis ĕt Æschylus utĭlĕ ferrent. *H.*

SŎPHOCLEŬS, ă, um. [The second syll. found *long* only.] *Of* or *belonging to Sophocles.* Solă Sŏphŏcleo tŭă carmĭnă dignă cŏthurno. *V. O. J.*

SŎPHOS. *adv.* (σοφῶς.) *Well done! capital! bravo!* Quod tam grandĕ sŏphos clamat tĭbĭ turbă tŏgată. *M.*

SŎPHŬS, *or* SŎPHŎS, i. *m.* (σοφός.) *A wise man, a philosopher.* Te secretă quĭes, te sŏphŭs omnis ămăt. *M.* [† Săpĭens, &c.] *See* S.

SOPIO, is, ivi *or* ĭi. 1. *To put to sleep, lull to sleep.* Pervĭgĭlem sŭpĕrest herbis sopirĕ drăconem. *O.* ~ custodem. *O.* Nĕc me sopĭĕrăt (somnŭs). *Tib.* Crcl. Somnum (somnos, sŏporem) –mitto, făcio, spargo, irroro, irrĭgo, invito, duco, suadĕo, concĭlĭo, arcesso, induco, præbĕo. Somno grăvo *or* solvo. Somnum (quĭetem) ŏcŭlis irroro. Lumĭnă somno –vincio, devincio, dŏmo. Phr. Plăcĭdam quĭetem (mitem somnum) pĕr membră *or* pectŏrĕ ci rĭgo *or* irrĭgo. Lumĭnĭ (l. nătantĭă) cunctanti solvo. Undă lĕvi sŭsurro somnum suadĕt. *See* DORMIO. 2. Fig. *To bring to a close, to put to rest; put to the rest of death.* ~ humanos lăbores; festivos cantus. *Cl.* Quem fundă soplĕrăt. *Cl.*

SOPITŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SOPIO. 1. *Put to sleep, asleep.* Lit. and fig. Et sŭă sopitis hostĭbŭs armă mŏvent. *O.* [† Dormĭens, sŏporatŭs, inexpĕrrectŭs, dormitans; *sts.* sĕpultŭs.] Crcl. Somno –sopitŭs, sĕpultŭs, demersŭs, vinctŭs, devinctŭs, victŭs, sŏlutŭs, grăvatŭs, jăcens, dŏmĭtŭs. Sŏporĕ sŏlutŭs (languens). Somno lumĭnă devinctŭs. S. membrĭ cedens. *See* DORMIO. 2. *Dormant, slumber-bound*, as it were; *dead.* ~-os susciĭăt ignes. *V.* Surgĭtĕ ~-æ artes. *Cl.* [† Sĕpultŭs, pressŭs, oppressŭs, obrŭtŭs, lătens.]

SŎPŎR, ŏris. *m.* 1. *Sleep, deep sleep.* Lumĭnă quum plăcĭdo victă sŏporĕ jăcent. *O.* ~ irrĭgăt fessos artus. *V.* membrĭ devincĭt. *Lr.* diffudĕrăt

pĭgras alas. *Cl.* [¶ Somnŭs.] *See* S. **2.** *A narcotic* or *sleeping draught. O. Tib.* pl. Fig. **3.** = Inertĭā. *M. See* I. **4.** Sts. *The temple of the head.* Tangĕrĕ lævum ∾-em Naĭdŏs sāgitta. *St. See* TEMPUS.

SŎPORATUS, ă, um. *part. See* SOPORO. **1.** *Put to sleep, cast into sleep;* sts. *dead.* Sæpē sŏporatos invadĕrĕ profŭīt hostes. *O. See* SOPITUS *or* MORTUUS. **2.** *Charged with soporific properties.* ∾ mĕdĭcatis frugĭbŭs offā; vi Stygĭa ramŭs. *V.*

SŎPORĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Soporific, causing sleep.* Spargens humĭdā mellā sŏporĭfĕrumquĕ pāpavĕr. *V.* ∾-æ Lethes pocŭlā. *O.* ∾ somnŭs. *L. See* SOMNIFER, SOPORUS.

SŎPORO, as. **1.** *To lay asleep, cast into sleep.* Insuetos angues nĭmĭā astrā sŏporant. *St. See* SOPIO. **2.** Fig. *To dull* or *slake fire.* ∾ rŏgum multo imbrĕ. *St. See* RESTINGUO.

SŎPORUS, ă, um. **1.** *Causing sleep.* Umbrarum hic lŏcŭs est, somni noctisquĕ sŏporæ. *V.* Amnĕ ∾-o potarĕ. *Sil. See* SOMNIFER. **2.** *Heavy with sleep.* ∾ vino. *V. Fl.*

SORBĔO, es. **1.** *To draw in by the breath, to suck in* or *up, to sup.* Illā quŏque in corpus pārĭter sorberē nĕcesse est. *Lr.* ∾ aërā. *J.* ∾-ēt anguem (cervinŭs hallĭtŭs). *M.* cœlestes āquas (terrā). *O.* Simŭl flarē ∾-quē haud fācĭlē est. *Pl.* [¶ *Sts.* Absorbĕo, combĭbo.] **2.** Sts. *To swallow* (of the natural action). ∾-ētŭr sanguĭs. *L.* ∾ viscĕrā; mĕdullas. *L.* [¶ Absorbĕo, exsorbĕo, haurĭo, bĭbo, glutĭo, deglutĭo.] **3.** *To swallow up, to suck in* (of violent or rapid action). ∾ vastos fluctus gurgĭtē. *V.* mārē vasto hĭatu (de puppi). *V. Fl.* [¶ Haurĭo, absorbĕo, trāho, duco, vŏro.] **4.** *To drink in, absorb, consume.* ∾ flumĭnā (de terra). *O.* ∾-ent præcordĭā flammæ. [¶ Haurĭo, absorbĕo, consumo.] [☞ Perf. sorbŭi not in better Latin, except in composition; sorpsi *only* in comp.]

SORBĬTIO, onĭs. *f. A supping* or *drinking up; a draught.* Dicĕrĕ, sorbĭtio tollit quem dirā cĭcutæ. *Pers. See* POTUS.

SORBUM, i. *n. A service-berry.* Fermento atque ăcĭdis ĭmĭtantur vitēā sorbis. *V.*

SORDĔO, es. **1.** *To be soiled; to be filthy, nasty.* Mānus materno sordet sparsā sanguĭnē. *Att.* (*apud Non.*) Num tĭbĭ ∾ vidēōr? *Pl.* ∾-ent lanugĭnē vultus. *M.* [¶ Sordesco, squalĕo; *sts.* pollŭōr, inflcĭōr, &c.] *See* SQUALEO. **2.** *To be mean, pitiful, paltry.* ∾-ēt festŭs dĭes. *Pl.* **3.** *To be held vile; to be slighted, disliked.* ∾-ent tĭbĭ munĕrā nostrā. *V.* cunctā præ Campo. *H.* [¶ Contemnŏr, &c.] *See* C.

SORDES, ĭum. *f. pl.* **1.** *Soil, dirt, refuse.* Non ălĭus lanam purgatis sordĭbus æque Præbŭērit călăthis. *Cl.* Sint sīnĕ ∾-ĭbŭs ungues. *O.* ∾ farrĭs. *J.* [¶ Squalŏr, illŭvies, spurcĭtā, spurcĭtĭes; *sts.* cœnum, lūtum, fæx, immundĭtā.] *See* SQUALOR. Fig. **2.** *Dirty, base acts.* Sīnĕ ∾-ĭbŭs anni. *O. See* DEDECUS. **3.** *Base avarice and meanness.* Sīnĕ ∾-ĭbŭs exstrŭē funŭs. *H.* Parcŭs sīnĕ ∾-ĭbŭs egi. *Aus. See* AVARITIA. **4.** Sing. Sordē. *H.* Sordĭs. *St.*

SORDESCO, ĭs. *To become* or *be dirty* or *filthy. H. See* SORDEO.

SORDIDŬLUS, ă, um. **1.** *Somewhat dirty.* Si tŏgā sordĭdŭla est. *J.* **2.** *Of the meanest class, abject.* Servŭlorum sordĭdŭlorum. *Pl.*

SORDIDUS, ă, um. **1.** *Shabby and dirty, filthy, foul.* Sordĭdŭs ex hŭmĕris nodo dependēt āmictŭs. *V.* ∾ pulvĭs. *O.* mappā. *H.* tŏgā. *M.* [¶ Sordens, squalens, squallĭdŭs, immundŭs, spurcŭs, fœdatŭs, fœdŭs, pollutŭs, turpĭs, sordĭdŭlŭs, obscenŭs, infectŭs.] Crcl. Sordĭbŭs immundŭs. Squalorē -sordĭdŭs, confectŭs, obsūtŭs. Squalorĭs plenŭs. *See* SORDES. **2.** *Presenting a miserable, neglected, appearance, as in mourning.* Pulvĕrē ∾ (*the hair*). *Cl.* [¶ Squalens, squallĭdŭs.] **3.** *Sordid, mean, miserly.* ∾ ac divēs; Cŭpido. *H. See* AVARUS. **4.** *Humble, mean, of no account.* ∾-ă rurā hăbĭtarē. *V.* ∾ turbā. *O.* auctŏr. *H.* [¶ Hŭmĭlĭs, villĭs, abjectŭs, contemptŭs.] **5.** *Disgraceful, base.* ∾ prædā. *O.* perjurĭum. *Ph. See* TURPIS. **6.** *Ignominious.* ∾ rĕpulsā. *H.* [¶ Turpĭs, fœdŭs, prŏbrosŭs, &c.]

SORITES, æ. *m.* (σωρείτης.) *A sorites,* i. e. *a conclusion drawn by accumulation.* [¶ Chrysippi ăcervŭs.]

SŎRŎR, orĭs. *f.* **1.** *A sister.* Quum sic unănĭmem allŏquĭtur mālēsanā sŏrorem. *V.* [¶ Germanā, consors; *sts.* sŏrorcŭlā.] Ep. Carā, dilectā, ămatā, ămans, unănĭmis, fidā, plā, dulcis. Crcl. Altērā proles. **2.** Sŏrores -Tartārĕæ, nĭgræ, vipĕrĕæ, diræ, &c., and abs. *The Furies.* Agmĭnā sævā ∾-um. *V.* Crinitæ anguē ∾-es. *O. See* FURIÆ. **3.** Sŏrores -tres, trĭplĭces, duræ, tristes, concordes, &c. *The Fates. See* PARCÆ. **4.** Sŏrores -nŏvem, Aŏnĭæ, doctæ, &c. *The Muses. See* MUSÆ. **5.** Sŏrores -æquŏrĕæ, lĭquĭdæ, &c. *The Nereids. See* NEREIDES. **6.** Sŏrores -sævæ, scĕlestæ. *The daughters of Danaus. See* DANAIDES. **7.** Sts. = *a loved companion. V.; a sweetheart. Tib. See* AMICA. **8.** Sts. *Sister,* adj. (= fellow-), Cŏmæ mĕā fatā ∾-es lugebant (*the sister-hair, the hair that remained*). *Cat.* [So *Pl.* calls the left hand the sister-hand to the right.] [¶ Cognatā.]

SŎRORĬUS, ă, um. *A sister's* or *sisters', sisterly, sister-like.* Lăcrĭmansquē sŏrorĭā linquĭt Limĭnā. *O.* ∾-ă oscŭlā. *O.* cœnā. *Pl.*

SORS, tĭs. *f.* (sorti. *abl. Pl.*) **1.** *Lot, hazard, decision by lot.* Sit sors et nobis talorum interprĕtē jactu. *Pp.* Ductŭs ∾-ē sācerdos. *V.* [¶ Sortitŭs, alēā; *sts.* casŭs.] *See* ALEA. Phr. 1. *To cast lots, to draw lots.* Sortem dejĭcĕrē (conjĭcĕrē, miscerē). S. ducĕrē (educĕrē, trāhĕrē). Phr. 2. *The lot falls* or *is drawn.* Sors exĭt (excĭdĭt, ducĭtŭr, &c.). *Without casting lots,* &c. Extra sortem; sīnĕ sortē. Phr. 3. *That into which the lots were cast for drawing* (modern ballot-box). Sĭtellā; urnā; (*with soldiers,* &c.) gālēā. **2.** *Result, issue.* Pugnæ conterrĭtā ∾-ē. *V.* [¶ Eventŭs, &c.] **3.** *Lot in life, destiny, portion, condition* (as to happiness or unhappiness, &c.). Felix ∾-ē tŭa! *V.* Mĭsĕrandæ ∾-is āsellŭs. *O.* [¶ Fatum, condĭtio, statŭs.] *See* FATUM. **4.** *Rank* or *class in life.* ∾ tŭā mortalĭs (*you are a man, not a god*); prĭŏr (*the first rank*). *O.* Jŭvĕnis tŭæ sortis. *H. See* ORDO. **5.** *Used of any one of a number of similar things* (as a portion or lot out of them). Saturni ∾ ĕgŏ primā fŭi (*the first child*). *O.* Dūplĭcis ∾ altērā partus (*the twin-child*). *Ad Pis.* ∾ femĭnēā (*the female sex*); primā intēr sodales (*the dearest*). *O.* **6.** *Capital, money put out at interest.* Usuram ēt ∾-em nĕgarē. *M.* [¶ Căpŭt.] **7.** *The response of an oracle* (us. pl.). Dictæ pĕr carmĭnā ∾-es. *H.* ∾-es Lȳcĭæ (*of the Lycian Apollo*). *V.* Phœbeæ; fatĭcĭnæ. *O. See* ORACULUM.

SORTĬFĔR, *or* **SORTĬGĔR,** ĕrā, ĕrum. *Oracular* (used of Jupiter Ammon). Stat sortĭfĕr illic Jupĭtĕr. *L.*

SORTILĔGUS, ă, um. **1.** *Oracular.* Sortĭlĕgis non discrĕpŭit sententĭā Delphis. *H.* [¶ Fatĭdĭcŭs, præsāgŭs.] **2.** Subst. m. *One that gives oracular responses.* ∾-is ĕgēant dŭbĭi. *L. See* AUGUR.

SORTIŎR, īrĭs. **1.** *To draw* or *cast lots, to determine by lot.* Nec regnā vini sortĭerē talis. *H.* Crcl. Sortes duco *or* mitto. *See* SORS (Phr.).

2. *To apportion* or *assign by lot, to allot; to destine* (give a portion or destiny to a person) *by lot.* Urbem designăt ăratro; ∾-itŭr dŏmos. *V.* ∾ lăborem. Nĕcessĭtas ∾-itŭr insignes ĕt imos. *H.* [† Divĭdo, partĭŏr, distrĭbŭo.] **Crcl.** Sortĕ –divĭdo, partĭŏr, assigno, designo. 3. *To choose.* ∾ fortunam ŏcŭlis; sŏlŏlem armento quŏtannis. *V.* *See* ELIGO. 4. *To obtain by lot.* ∾ Mæŏnĭum vatem. *O.* [† Obtĭnĕo, nauciscŏr, hăbĕo, consequŏr.] **Crcl.** Mihĭ contingĭt *or* obtingĭt.

SORTITO. *adv.* *By fate* or *chance.* Lŭpis ĕt agnis quantă sortito obtĭgĭt Tecum mĭhi discordĭa est. *H.* [† Sortĕ; *sts.* fato.]

SORTITŎR, orĭs. *m.* *One who casts* or *draws lots.* Sortitŏr urnæ, regĭbus reges dĕdĭt. *Sen.*

SORTITŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* SORTIOR. 1. *Having received by lot,* or *as one's lot* or *portion.* Omnis per muros lĕgĭo sortită pĕrĭclum. *V.* ∾ regnă văgæ undæ. *O.* mĕtŭentem sabbătă patrem. *J.* [† Nactŭs.] 2. Sts. pass. *Appointed* or *obtained by lot.* ˘In mĕă ∾-a vindĭcĕt ossă pĭla. *Pp.*

SORTITŬS,-us. *m.* *A drawing* or *casting of lots; the lot itself.* Jussă mŏri, quæ sortitus non pertŭlĭt ullos. *V.* Versarĕ ∾-us cassĭdĕ. *St.* [† Sortes.]

SOSPĔS, ĭtĭs. *m. f. n.* 1. *Safe, secure from danger, unhurt.* Qui nunquam sĭnĕ te sospĭtĕ sospĕs ĕrĭt. *O.* ∾ ăb incursu (dŏmŭs est). *O.* depŏsĭtum. *J.* [† Incŏlŭmis, servatŭs, salvŭs, sŭperstĕs, intĕgĕr, illæsŭs.] *See* INCOLUMIS. 2. *Auspicious, prosperous.* ∾ cursŭs. *H.* dĭes. *Pl.*

SOSPĬTĂ, æ. *f.* *She that saves* or *delivers; an epithet of Juno Hygeia.* Sospĭtă delubris dicĭtŭr auctă nŏvis. *O.*

SOSPĬTO, as. *anc.* *To save, preserve.* Sospĭtes ŏpĕ gentem. *Cat.* *See* SERVO.

SPADIX, icĭs. *m.* *A bay horse* (prop. adj., sc. equus). Hŏnesti Spadices glauciquĕ, cŏlor deterrĭmŭs albis. *V.*

SPĂDO, onĭs. *m.* (ŏ. *J. Cl.*) *A eunuch.* Fert vallum et armă milĕs, et spăděonĭbŭs Servirĕ rugosis pŏtest. *H.* [† Eunuchŭs, &c.] *See* E.

SPARGO, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To spread, disperse, scatter, strew.* ∾ ărenam pĕdĭbŭs; vulcanum tectis; telum dextra. *V.* semĭnă hŭmo. *O.* ŏdorem late. *Ph.* [† Dispergo, fundo, diffundo, effundo, dissemĭno, sĕro, mitto, jacto, projĭcĭo.] Fig. 2. *To disseminate, spread abroad, publish.* ∾ nomĕn pĕr urbes. *O.* voces In vulgum. *V.* verā ac fictă pĕr urbem. *Sil.* [† Fundo, sĕro, vulgo, nuntĭo, &c.] 3. *To disperse, put to flight, rout.* ∾ mŏrantes. *V.* cănes (de ăpro). *O.* dĕos (Trojæ). *L.* [† Dissĭpo, dispergo, disjĭcĭo.] 4. *To besprinkle, to water.* ∾ corpŭs flŭvĭali lympha. *V.* ădĭtus ăquis. *O.* ∾-issent corpŏrā lăcrĭmæ. *O.* [† Respergo, rĭgo, mădĕfăcĭo, &c.] *See* RIGO. 5. *To strew, to spread over a surface.* ∾ hŭmum fŏlĭis; terras lumĭnĕ. *V.* alas cŏlorĭbŭs. *O.* ∾-It nĭgras cŏmas (albă sĕnectă). *Pp.* [† Sterno, consterno, tĕgo, vestĭo.]

SPARTĂ, æ, *and* SPARTE, es. *f.* *O. Sparta.* Scilicĕt hæc Spartam incŏlŭmis pătrĭasquĕ Mȳcenas Adspĭcĭĕt. *V.* [† Lăcĕdæmon.] *See* L.

SPARTĂCUS, i. *m.* *The famous gladiator.* Spartăcum si qua pŏtŭit văgantem Fallĕrĕ testa. *H.* Æmŭlă nec virtus Căpŭæ, nec Spartăcŭs acĕr. *H.*

SPARTANŬS, ă, um. 1. *Spartan.* Virgĭnĭs armă Spartanæ, vel qualis ĕquos &c. *V.* ∾ chlămȳs. *J.* [† Lăcĕdæmŏnĭŭs, Lăcon, Œbălĭŭs, ˘Amyclæŭs, Thĕrapnæŭs; *sts.* Lăconĭŭs, Ledæŭs; *and f.* Lăcænă, Lăconis.] 2. ∾ cănis, and abs. *A species of dog that Laconia was famous for.* Spartanos Crĕtasquĕ lĭgăt (venatŏr). *L.* **Phr.** Velox Spartæ cătŭlŭs. Spartana gentĕ Cănis.

SPARTE, es. *f.* *See* SPARTA.

SPĂRŬLUS, i. *m.* *A kind of fish.* Et sŭpĕr aurum spărŭlus cervicĕ rĕfulgens. *O.*

SPĂRUS, i. *m.* (spărŭ. *n. pl.* *Lucil.*) 1. *A kind of small spear* or *lance.* Agrestisquĕ mănus armat spărŭs, ipsĕ cătervis &c. *V.* 2. *A kind of fish.* *See* SPARULUS.

SPĂTIŎR, aris. 1. *To walk about, take a walk; to roam about, to stride about.* Et sola in sicca secum spătiatŭr ărena. *V.* ∾ sŭb umbra. *O.* Litĕri ∾-antĭs ădhæsi. *O.* [† Ambŭlo.] *See* A. 2. *To spread out* (intr.); *to extend wide.* ∾-atŭr pompă. *Pp.* ∾-antes explĭcarĕ alas. *O.* ∾-ă brachĭă (vitĭs). *O.* [† Extendŏr, expandŏr, pătĕo.]

SPĂTIOSE. (Spătĭosŭs.) *Widely, extensively.* *Pp.* [† Late.]

SPĂTIOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of great extent, spacious, wide* (of place). Me misĕrum, metam spătĭosŏ circŭlĭt orbĕ. *O.* ∾-i colles. *L.* ∾ portŭs. *Sil.* [† Pătens, amplŭs, vastŭs, latŭs, căpax, immensŭs, ăpertŭs, longŭs.] **Crcl.** Late –pătens, porrectŭs, effusŭs, extensŭs. 2. *Large, tall* (of stature and bodily size generally). ∾ taurŭs. *O.* ∾-lŏr æquo (Andrŏmăchĕ). *O.* [† Ingens, magnŭs, altŭs, procerŭs.] *See* PROCERUS. 3. *Protracted, long* (of time). ∾-am fallĕrĕ noctem. *O.* [† Longŭs, dĭŭturnŭs.]

SPĂTIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Space, room, interval.* Lit. and fig. Invĭdă me spătĭo natură cŏercŭlĭt arctŏ. *O.* ˘Ocŭlis ∾ emensŭs. *V.* ∾-is ætatis prŏpĭorĭbŭs qm insĕqui. *V.* [† Intervallum, discrimĕn.] **Ep.** Ingens, amplum, magnum, latum, immensum; brĕvĕ, parvum, angustum. **Crcl.** Spătĭi discrimĭnă. 2. *Size, great size.* ∾ victi victŏr considĕrăt. *O.* Nĕc tutŭs ∾-o ĕlĕphas. *L.* [† Magnĭtudo, moles.] 3. *A race-course; a course run.* Addunt se In spătĭă (quădrigæ). *V.* Rĕlinquunt ∾-um quadrĭjŭgi. *O.* Septem ∾-is circŭmĕrŭerĕ cŏronam. *O.* [† Currĭculum *or* cursŭs.] 4. *A space of time, interval of time.* ∾ vitæ brĕvĭs. *O.* Rĕquĭes ∾-quĕ fŭrori. *V.* [† Tempŭs, mŏrā.] 5. *A promenade* (the place). ∾-ă interstinctă cŏlumnis. *St. O.* *See* PORTICUS, XYSTUS.

SPĔCIES, ei. *f.* 1. *A sight, object of sight.* Non tŭlĭt hanc spĕcĭem fŭrĭata mentĕ Cŏrœbŭs. *V.* [† Visŭs, adspectŭs, vultŭs, Imago, făcies.] 2. *External appearance, form, fashion.* Fallĕrĕ ∾-e virtutis. *J.* ∾ auri frondentis. *V.* [† Formă, fĭgurā, Imago.] 3. *Beauty.* Uti ætatis ∾-e. dum florĕăt. *O.* [† Formă, dĕcŏr, &c.] *See* PULCHRITUDO. 4. *An idea, notion* (object figured to the mind). Cujŭs vanæ ∾-es fingentur. *H.* [† ˘Imago.] 5. *Proper, reputable appearance, seemliness, decorum.* Nĕquĕ ∾-e famăvĕ mŏvetŭr. *V.* [† Dĕcŏr.] 6. *A kind, species.* Millĕ măli ∾-es. *O.* [† Formă, genŭs.] 7. In spĕcĭem. *After the manner, in the likeness.* In chŏri ∾-em ludunt. *O.* [† ˘In mŏdum.] *See* TANQUAM. 8. *Found in the meaning of the 'sense of sight;' the act of seeing.* ∾-em quo rĕtĭmŭs omnes. *Lr.* *See* VISUS.

SPĔCIMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *A specimen, sample, mark, proof.* Fillĭă tu spĕcĭmen censuræ nactă păternæ. *Pp.* Salsă tellus &c. talĕ dăbĭt ∾ (*will that show itself*). *V.* [† Indĭcĭum, nŏtă, signum, exemplum, argumentum.] 2. *A peculiar or distinguishing sign, mark,* &c., *worn* or *carried* (such as the warrior's crest). Sollĭs ăvi ∾ bĭs sex aurati rădii. *V.* Matrĭs Hŏræ ∾ (Drăconĕs). *V. Fl.* [† Insignĕ.]

SPĔCIO, ĭs. exi. *anc.* *To see, to behold.* Quos ŭti rex paulo spexit de collĭbŭ' celsis. *Enn.* Spĕcĭtŭr. *Pl.*

SPĔCIOSE. (Spĕcĭosŭs.) *With good appearance, handsomely.* *H.* [† Pulchre, bĕnĕ.]

Spĕcĭosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Handsome, of goodly appearance.* Lit. and fig. Se quŏquĕ det pŏpŭlo mŭlĭer spĕcĭosă vĭdendam. *O.* ∾-ă vŏcabŭlă. ∾ lŏcis fabŭlă. *H.* [† Pulchĕr, &c.] *See* P. 2. *Attractive, but deceiving; specious, plausible* (good in appearance only). ∾-um erĭpĕ damnum (de Mida). *O.* ∾-ă nomĭnă culpæ imponĕrĕ. *O.*

Spectabĭlis, ĕ. 1. *Visible.* Purŭs ăb arbŏrĭbus, spectabĭlĭs undĭquĕ campŭs. *O.* 2. *Well worth looking upon, worthy of admiration, remarkable.* ∾ plăcĭdo orĕ; multo auro. *O.* ŏpŭs tela ducĕrĕ. *V. Fl.* [† Spectandŭs, conspĭcŭŭs, conspĭcĭendŭs, spĕcĭosŭs, insignis, &c.]

Spectacŭlum, i. *n., and* **Spectaclum.** *Pp.* 1. *A sight, a spectacle.* Non hoc istă sĭbi tempus spectacŭlă poscĭt. *V.* [† Visŭs, spĕcĭes.] 2. Sp. *A public sight, show, spectacle.* Scenæ ∾-ă āmantŭr. *O.* [† Ludi.] 3. *The theatre itself.* Rĕsŏnant ∾-ă plausu. *O.* [† Thĕatrum.] *See* T.

Spectatŏr, orĭs. *m., and* **Spectatrix**, icĭs. *f.* 1. *A spectator, beholder.* Cŭpĭrem ipsĕ pārens spectatŏr ădessĕt. *V.* Addĭt spectatrix ănĭmos. *O.* [† Spectans, testĭs, arbĭtĕr.] 2. Sp. *A spectator at any public exhibition.* Exănĭmăt lentŭs ∾, sedŭlŭs urĭt. *H.* [† Frĕquens, attentŭs, arrectŭs, defixŭs, Inhĭans.]

Spectatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* **Specto.** Used also rdj. 1. *Tried, proved.* ∾ rebus jŭventus. *V.* plĕtas pĕr ignes. *O.* [† Prŏbatŭs, exploratŭs, cognĭtŭs, expertŭs.] 2. *Of known worth and reputation, highly esteemed.* Quo non ∾-lor altĕr vocĕ mŏvĕrĕ &c. *St.* [† Egrĕgĭŭs, exĭmĭŭs, &c.]

Specto, as. 1. *To behold* or *look at attentively, to contemplate.* ∾ ardentes sŏcĭos. *V.* dicentem lumĭnĕ torvo. *O.* [† Adspecto, adspĭcĭo, tŭĕŏr, contŭĕŏr, intŭĕŏr, contemplŏr, cerno, observo, considĕro, inspĭcĭo; *sts.* spĕcŭlŏr, vĭdĕo.] **Crcl.** ˘Ocŭlos (lumĭnă) figo *or* defigo. ˘Ocŭlis (visu) –specto, intŭĕŏr, observo, contemplŏr, lustro, perlustro, lĕgo, metĭŏr. Defixŭs –hærĕo, sto, persto. ˘Avĭdis ŏcŭlis *or* lumĭnĭbŭs (ăvĭdo lumĭnĕ) –specto, lustro, &c. **Phr.** 1. *To look long and intently upon any object.* Adspectŭs (cjs rĕi) me detĭnĕt. Obtutu ĭn uno defixŭs hærĕo. Intentis ŏcŭlis fixŭs hærĕo. Lumĕn nusquam deŭrquĕo ăb &c. Immotos ŏcŭlos ĭn qd sĭnĕ finĕ tĕnĕo. **Phr.** 2. *To look long upon any thing, and with delight.* ˘Ocŭlos, &c., pasco tŭendo (pictura, forma vĭri, &c.). ˘Ocŭlos (cordă, &c.) tŭendo (dilecto visu) sătĭarĕ *or* explerĕ nĕquĕo. Lumĭnă longo visu sătĭo. L. cara nati fĭgura sătŭrantŭr. **Phr.** 3. *To fix the eyes upon the ground.* ˘Ocŭlos solo fixos tĕnĕo. Lumĭnă fixă hŭmo tĕnĕo. Terram immotŭs tŭĕŏr. Hærĕo, ŏcŭlos fixŭs, ĭn oppŏsĭta hŭmo. **Phr.** 4. *To look at from head to foot.* Pĕrerro totum vĭrum lumĭnĭbŭs. 2. *To look, see* (= vĭdĕo). *See* **Video.** Fig. 3. *To notice, pay attention to.* Nunc ălĭud ∾-a. *Ter.* [† Vĭdĕo, inspĭcĭo, adverto.] 4. *To look towards,* i. e. *be turned towards.* ∾-ăt ăd Arctos (Pĕlorĭŭs). ∾-ant pronă terram (ănĭmălĭă, *the brute creation*). *O.* [† Vertŏr, convertŏr, obvertŏr, dirĭgŏr, vergo.] 5. *To judge of.* Tŭum ănĭmum ex ănĭmo ∾-avi mĕo. *Ter.* [† Æstĭmo, judĭco.] 6. *To prove, test.* ∾ aurum ĭn ignĭbŭs. *O.* hŏmĭnem ĭn pĕrĭclis. *Lr.* [† Prŏbo, inspĭcĭo, exploro, æstĭmo.] 7. *To have in view, take into consideration.* Si ăd vĭtŭlam ∾-as, nĭhĭl est quŏd pocŭlă laudes. *V.* [Si ăd &c. spectas = *in regard of, in respect of.*] [† Respĭcĭo.] 8. *To look to for help.* ˘Ad mĕdĭcum ∾-ăt ægĕr. *O.* [† Respĭcĭo.] **Crcl.** ˘In qm orā *or* ŏcŭlos rĕfĕro. 9. *To look with consideration upon.* Vĭr bŏnŭs, quem omnĕ fŏrum ∾-ăt. *H.* [† Suspĭcĭo.] 10. *To belong to, concern.* *See* **Pertineo.** 11. Pass. *To be seen, looked at.* Vĕnĭunt, ∾-entŭr ŭt ipsæ. *O.* [† Vĭdĕŏr, adspĭcĭŏr, cernŏr, &c.] **Crcl.** ˘Ocŭlos (orā) ĭn me converto *or* defigo. 12. *Used of the acting* or *representation of a play.* Quæ vult spectatā rĕponi (fabŭlă). *H.*

Spĕcŭla, æ. *f.* 1. *A high place commanding extensive views, a watch-tower.* Præceps aĕrĭi spĕcŭla de montĭs in undas Deferăr. *V.* Dēdĭt signă e ∾-a custos. *O.* [† Arx, turrĭs, *or* mons, căcumĕn, culmĕn.] 2. ˘In spĕcŭlis. *On high; within ken; on watch.* ˘In ∾-is –summoque ĭn vertĭcĕ montĭs (planĭtĭes jăcĕt). *V.* omnĭs ˘Abydŏs ĕrăt. *O.* sĕdĕt turrĕ sŭprema (Hero). *St.*

Spĕcŭlabĭlis, ĕ. *Visible.* Linquĭtŭr eois longe spĕcŭlabĭlĭ proris Sunĭon. *St.*

Spĕcŭlaris, ĕ. 1. *Mirror-like; transparent.* [Hence, Specularis lapis. *A kind of transparent stone* (? talc) *used by the ancients as we use panes of glass;* hence—] 2. Spĕcŭlarĭă, um. *n. pl.* = *panes of glass* or *windows.* Spĕcŭlarĭă puros soles admittunt. *M.*

Spĕcŭlatŏr, orĭs. *m., and* **Spĕcŭlatrix**, icĭs. *f. St.* 1. *One who watches* or *observes with care.* Lit. and fig. Quo tu matutinŭs, ĭit, spĕcŭlatŏr ămicæ. *Pp.* ∾ futuri. *Sil.* 2. *A scout, a spy.* Castrā ŭt Dănăum ∾ ădirĕt. *O.* [† Exploratŏr.]

Spĕcŭlŏr, arĭs. 1. *To look around attentively* (us. from a height); *to note, observe* (by careful looking). (Montĭs căcumĕn) Occŭpăt, undĕ sĕdens partes spĕcŭlatŭr ĭn omnes. *O.* Quum me Castălĭa ∾-ans ex arbŏrĕ Phœbŭs. *Pp.* ∾ signorum ŏbĭtus ĕt ortus. *V. See* **Specto, Prospicio, Suspicio, Desfecto.** 2. *To spy about, to be on the look-out.* ∾ ĭn omnes partes. *O.* quĭd ĭbĭ ăgatŭr. *Pl.* [† Exploro, circumspĭcĭo, inspecto.]

Spĕcŭlum, i. *n. A looking-glass, mirror.* Flet quŏque, ŭt in spĕcŭlo rugas adspexĭt ănĭles. *O.* Consŭlĕrĕ ∾-um sŭum. *O.* Ep. Mŭlĭĕbrĕ, vĭtrĕum, argentĕum, aurĕum, lævĕ, pŏlĭtum, nĭtĭdum, nĭtens, mĭcans; æmŭlum, fidum, fĭdelĕ. **Crcl.** Spĕcŭli –orbĭs, æquŏr, nĭtŏr, splendŏr. Aurĕă (argentĕă, crystallĭnă) lamĭnă. Spĕcŭli nĭtĭdissimŭs orbĭs. Vĭtrĕŭs (crystallĭnŭs) orbĭs. Consĭlĭum formæ. **Phr.** 1. *To see oneself reflected in a mirror,* &c. Sĭmĭlem me ĭn adverso spĕcŭli orbĕ (ĭn objecto sp. fulgorĕ, ĭn lævi sp. æquŏrĕ, ĭn lævati sp. nĭtorĕ) *or* ĭn unda (ĭn lympharum spĕcŭlo, ĭn auro, &c.) vĭdĕo. **Phr.** 2. *Of reflections from water.* Fontĭs ăquæ sĭmŭlacrā reddunt. Undā (*ep.* purā, immobĭlĭs) formas (oppŏsĭtas fĭguras) ŏcŭlis *or* spectantĭbŭs reddĭt (exprĭmĭt). **Phr.** 3. *A reflection in a mirror,* &c. Umbrā rĕpercussæ ĭmagĭnis. **Phr.** 4. *To make a looking-glass of waters.* Consŭlo spectatas fontĭs ăquas.

Spĕcŭs, us. *m.* [**Spĕcŭs.** *n., nom., acc.? only. V. Sil.*] 1. *A cave, cavern.* Est spĕcŭs exesi structura pumĭcĭs aspĕr. *O.* Quos ăgŏr ĭn spĕcus? *H.* Hic spĕcŭs horrendum. *V.* [† Spelunca, căvernă, antrum, &c.] *See* **Antrum.** 2. ∾ Tartărĕŭs, infernŭs, Tænărĭŭs, horrendŭs, &c. *Hell. See* **Inferi.** Fig. 3. *Any hollow place* or *hole.* ∾ vulnĕrĭs. *V.* căpacis alvi. *Ph.* [† Antrum, căvernă, căvŭs, hĭatŭs, lăŭŭbræ.] 4. ? f. *Enn.* (*ap. Prisc.*)

Spelæum, i. *n. A cavern, den.* Inter spelæă fĕrarum Mallĕ pătĭ. *V.* [† Cŭbĭlĕ, lustrā.] *See* **Specus.**

Spelunca, æ. *f. A cave, cavern.* Fons săcĕr in mĕdĭo, speluncăquĕ pumĭcĕ pendens. *O.* [† Spĕcŭs, antrum, &c.] *See* **Antrum.**

Spernax, acis. *Despising, scornful.* Ductor Piso vĭros spernaces mortĭs ăgebăt. *Sil.* [† Contemptŏr.]

cĭo, gigno, affĕro, adduco, incĭto, accendo. *See* SITIO, SITIENS. **Phr.** 2. *To quench thirst.* Sĭtim –explĕo, restinguo, finĭo, pello, lĕvo, sedo. Sĭtim –in fontĭs unda depono;—humŏr simplĭcĭs ăquæ pellĭt;—undă lĕvăt. *See* BIBO. 2. *Dryness, drought.* ~ usseĭ ăt herbas. *O.* Torrerĕ arvă ~-i. *Tib. See* ARIDITAS. 3. *A passionate longing after any thing.* ~ argenti. *H.* crŭorĭs. *O.* famæ. *J.* [¶ Ardŏr, cŭpido, ămŏr, fămes.]

SITITŎR, orĭs. *m. One who thirsts.* Clarŭs Hyanteæ stellă sĭtitŏr ăquæ. *M.*

I. SĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Sino. 1. *Situate, placed.* Lit. and fig. [Not used, in this gen. sense, of persons.] Aurum irrĕpertum, et sic mĕllĭus sĭtum. *H.* ~ In mellĕ *Lr.* Quas (fĭdem, &c.) In te intellexi sĭtas. *Ter.* ˘In promptu sĭtum (*at hand*). *Enn.* (*ap. Gell.*) [¶ Pŏsĭtŭs, lŏcatŭs, jăcens; *sts.* pŏsĭtŭs.] 2. Sp. *Lying buried, resting, interred.* [¶ Condĭtŭs.] Hence—3. Hic sĭtŭs est. *The form in use* (passim) *in inscriptions on tombs.* Hic sĭtŭs est –Phăĕthon. *O.* Magnŭs. *L.* [¶ Hic jăcĕt.] **Phr.** =' *Hic situs est.*' Condĭtŭs hic ĕgŏ sum. Condŏr (tĕgŏr) In hoc tŭmŭlo. Jăcĕo hic sŭb marmŏrĕ. Hoc sŭb marmŏrĕ humatŭs jăcĕo. (Hectŏrĭs) hic tŭmŭlŭs. Hic, cujŭs tŭmŭlŭs? Hoc rĕcŭbant tŭmŭlo ejs membrĕ. Hoc In tŭmŭlo (In hoc hŭmĭlĭ t.) jăcĕt. Claudĭtŭr hic sĕpultŭs. Hoc tŭmŭlo rĕcŭbans hăbetŭr. Hic cŭlăt. Hic pŭĕr, sexto fraudatŭs anno, claudĭtŭr. Ætas pŭellæ primă hoc In tŭmŭlo jăcĕt. Ossă sŭb hoc lăpĭdum molĕ quĭescunt. Sŭb hoc lăpĭdum montĕ tĕgĭtŭr sĕpultŭs.

II. SĬTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A site, situation, position.* Nec rĕvŏcarĕ sĭtus aut jungĕrĕ carmĭnă curăt (sc. fŏllĭorum). *V.* Terrarum sĭtus dicĕrĕ. *H.* [¶ Lŏcŭs, pŏsĭtŭs, pŏsĭtură; *sts.* rĕgĭo.] 2. *A structure.* ~ pyrămĭdum. *H. See* STRUCTURA. 3. *The dirt,* &c., *which is the effect of age, neglect,* &c.; *mould, filth,* &c. ~-u immundo squallĭdă (mitră). *Pp.* immundo albă cerŭ. *O.* [¶ Squalŏr, mucŏr, illŭvĭes; *sts.* pædŏr.] 4. Sp. *Used of uncultivated, neglected lands,* &c. Pĕr lŏcă sentă ~-u. *V.* ~-u rĭgĭdo Iners cessăt terră; turpi canescunt tectă. *O.* [¶ Squalŏr.] 5. *Rust.* ~-u exesi lĭgones. *Cl.* horrentes glăděli. *St.* ~ occŭpăt mĭllĭĭs armă. *Tib. See* RUBIGO. 6. *The decay,* &c., *of age* (in men and things). Victă ~-u sĕnectus. *V.* Demĕrĕ Æsŏnĭs ~-us. *O.* Ruptă ~-u saxă. *M. See* SENECTUS, VETUSTAS. Fig. 7. *Sloth, inactivity. O.* [¶ Rubigo, desĭdĭă; *ext.* sŏpŏr.] 8. *The portion of persons forgotten* or *forsaken.* Indignum passurĕ ~-um. *Sl.* 9. Sts. *Loneliness, dreariness* (of places forsaken). ~ In thălămis, ĕt sĭlentĭă mensis. *St.*

SIVĔ. *See* SEU.

SMĂRAGDŬS, i. *m. f.* (SMĂRĂGDŬS. *M.*) 1. *An emerald; a precious stone of a green colour.* ˘In sŏllo Phœbus claris lucentĕ smăragdis. *O.* Sardŏnychas, smărăgdos, ădămantăs, Iaspĭdăs uno. *M.* **Crcl.** Vĭrĭdĭs (vĭrens, vĭrĭdans) gemmă *or* lăpĭs. **Ep.** ˘Erythræŭs; prĕtĭosŭs; arcano ignĕ lucens. *See* GEMMA. 2. *Used of a species of green marble. L. Cl.*

SMĂRIS, Is. *f. A small sea-fish.* Fecundumquĕ gĕnus, mænæ, lămyrusquĕ, smărisquĕ. *O.*

SMILAX, ăcĭs. *f. A maiden in love with Crocus, changed into bindweed; bindweed.* Et Crŏcŏn in parvos versum cum Smilăcĕ flores. *O.*

SMINTHEUS (*dissyll.*), ĕi *or* ei. *m. A name of Apollo.* Talĭbŭs intonsum compellat Sminthĕă dictis. *O.* Consŭlĭtŭr Smintheus. *O.*

I. SMYRNĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *The same as Myrrha, daughter of Cinyras; a poem so called on her story.* Smyrnă mĕi Cinnæ nonam post denĭquĕ messem. *Cat.* 2. *Myrrh.* [Myrrha was changed into the tree from which the perfume is derived.] ˘Odŏr ~-æ, mellisquĕ săpores. *Lr. See* MYRRHA.

II. SMYRNĂ, æ. *f. A town of Ionia, still called Smyrna, and said to be the birth-place of Homer. O.*

SMYRNÆŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Smyrna;* hence, *to Homer.* Quantum Smyrnæi durabunt vatĭs hŏnores. *L.*

SŎBŎLES, *better* SŬBŎLES, Is. *f.* 1. *An offspring, progeny* (lit. any thing which grows out of another). Sivĕ vĭrum sŏbŏles, sive est mŭlĭebrĭs ŏrigo. *Lr.* [¶ Gĕnŭs, prŏpago, proles, progĕnies, &c.] *See* PROLES. 2. *A single child.* Cară dĕum ~. *V.* Tertĭă jam ~ dătŭr. *L. See* FILIUS. 3. *The young of animals.* Denslŏr hinc ~ (*of goats*). *V.* ~ lascivi grĕgĭs. *H.*

SOBRĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *One who is temperate in the use of intoxicating liquors, sober;* fig. *one in his sober senses.* Sobrĭŭs a thermis nescĭt ăbirĕ dŏmum. *M.* Rĕdĭens mălĕ sobrĭŭs. *O.* Sătin' sanŭs ĕs aut sobrĭŭs? *Ter.* [¶ Abstemĭŭs; *fig.* sanŭs.] *See* A. 2. *In which there is little* or *no wine.* ~-ă lymphă mixtă mĕro. *Tib.* pocŭlă. *St.* nox (*in which wine was not drunk*). *Pp.* rurĭ (*where wine is not grown*). *St.* uvă (*that does not intoxicate*). *Plin.* Fig. 3. Of the disposition. *Temperate, moderate;* gen. *virtuous.* Cărĕt invĭdenda ~ aula. *H.* [¶ Tempĕrans, frugi, parcŭs, mŏdestŭs, abstĭnens.] 4. *Careful, thoughtful.* Alte ~ ferrĕ pĕdes (mĕmento). *O.* [¶ Attentŭs, sedŭlŭs, &c.]

SOCCŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A kind of low, light shoe.* Huc vĕni, nĭvĕo gĕrens Lutĕum pĕdĕ soccum. *Cat.* 2. Used for *Comedy.* [The soccus was worn by comic actors.] Usĭbŭs e mĕdĭĭs soccŭs hăbendŭs ĕrĭt. *O. See* COMŒDIA.

SŎCĔR, ĕri. *m. A father-in-law.* Nec conjux illi, nec sŏcĕr ullŭs ĕrăt. *O.*

SŎCIALIS, ĕ. 1. *Of* or *belonging to an ally, to associates;* hence, *the Social war,* or *war of the allied nations of Italy against the Romans.* Calcatamquĕ tĕnet bellis sŏcĭalĭbŭs uvam. *J.* 2. Sp. *Matrimonial, conjugal.* Livĭă sic tecum sŏcĭales implĕăt annos. *O.* ~-ĭă carmĭnă. Dŭos ămŏr ~-ĭs hăbebăt. *O. See* CONJUGALIS.

SŎCIALITĔR. *In a social, friendly way.* Non ut de sedĕ sĕcunda Cedĕrĕt aut quarta sŏcĭalĭtĕr. *H.*

SŎCIATRIX, icĭs. *f. One who joins* or *unites others, f.* Huc tŭlĭt, ac mĕdĭi sŏcĭatrix gratĭă Phrixi. *V. Fl.*

SŎCIĔTAS, atĭs. *f. Fellowship, society.* Nunquam est fĭdelis cum pŏtentĕ sŏcĭĕtas. *Ph.* [¶ Concordĭă, fœdŭs; *sts.* commercĭă.]

SŎCIO, as. 1. *To associate, to couple* or *join together, to unite in one body.* Omnĭbŭs exhaustos jam casĭbŭs, omnĭum ĕgenos Urbĕ, dŏmo sŏcĭas. *V.* ~ se partĭcĭpem casus In omnes. *Sil.* jŭvencos impŏsĭto ăratro. *St.* [¶ Consŏcĭo, assŏcĭo, jungo, adjungo, conjungo, copŭlo; *sts.* adscisco, &c.] *See* JUNGO. **Crcl.** Sŏcĭum –do, adjungo, adscisco, accĭpĭo, sumo. 2. *To unite in marriage.* ~ natam connubĭis Lătinis; qm vinclo jŭgali. *V.* cŭbilĭă. *O. See* CONJUGIUM, NUBO. 3. Gen. *To join, connect one thing with another;* (of words) *to set to music.* ~ stamĭnă aurĕă purpŭrĕæ telæ. *St.* carmĭnă nervis. *O.* verbă chordis. *H.* [¶ Consŏcĭo, jungo, mărito, &c.]

SŎCIUS, ă, um. 1. *Associated, joint, common; similar, equal.* Exercent illi sŏcĭæ commercĭă linguæ. *O.* Dignantŭr ~-o hŏnorĕ. Cărpĕrĕ ~-as vĭas. Pĕr spes ~-as. *O.* [¶ Sŏcĭatŭs, junctŭs, conjunctŭs; *sts.* par, sĭmĭlis, æquŭs.] 2. *Allied, of* or *belonging to allies.* Ænĕădæ ~-a urbĕ

frŭuntŭr. *V.* ∾-æ rătes. *V.* 3. *Conjugal. O.* [† Sŏcĭalĭs.] *See* CONJUGALIS.

SŎCĬUS, i. *m., and* SŎCIA, æ. *f.* 1. *A companion.* Mene Iglĭtur sŏcĭum summis adjungĕrĕ rebŭs, Nisĭ, fŭgĭs? *V.* Addĭt se sŏcĭum (Ægle). *V.* Căpĕrĕ qm ∾-um consălĭis. *V.* [† Cŏmĕs, sŏdălis; *sts.* ămicŭs, consors, partĭceps, adjutŏr.] *See* COMES. 2. Sŏcĭi, orum. *m. pl. Allies* (in war). *V.* Crol. Sŏcĭă *or* sŏcĭæ ăcĭes (mănŭs). ˘Sŏcĭă armă. Fœdĕrĕ juncti. Sŏcĭum agmĕn, sŏcĭă agmĭnă. Castris sŏcĭi ădhĭbĭti *or* addĭti. ˘Acĭes subsĭdĭo missæ. ˘Amicæ vires.

SOCRĂTES, is. *m. The famous philosopher.* Si Romană fŏrent hæc Socrătis orĕ, fŭissent. *M.* Ep. Attĭcŭs, săpĭens, sŏphŭs, constans, fortis. Crol. Cecrŏpĭŭs sĕnex. ˘Anŷti rĕŭs. Sĕnex ăb ˘Apollĭnĕ săpĭens dictŭs. Sĕnex vicinŭs Hŷmetto.

SOCRĂTĬCUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Socrates.* Quid tŭă Socrătĭcis tĭbĭ nunc săpĭentĭă libris Prodĕrĭt? *Pp.* ∾-æ chartæ. *H.*

SOCRUS, us. *f., and* SŎCRŬS. *Ter. A mother-in-law.* Quæ prĕmĭt invisam socrŭs ĭniquă nŭrum. *O.*

SŎDALIS, is. *m.* Used also adj. *A companion, mate, messmate.* Constantiquĕ fĭde vĕtĕrem tutarĕ sŏdalem. *O.* ∾ Hebrŭs. *H.* turbă. *O.* [† ˘Amicŭs, cŏmĕs, sŏcĭŭs.] *See* AMICUS.

SŎDALĬTĬUM, ĭi. *n. Close companionship.* Fraternum vere dulcĕ sŏdalĭtĭum. *Cat.* [† Sŏdalĭtas, convictŭs, ămicĭtĭă, commercĭă.] *See* AMICITIA.

SODES. *sync. from* Si audes. *If you please, pray.* Aut, sodes, mĭhĭ reddĕ dĕcem sestertĭă, Silo. *Cat.* Corrĭgĕ, sodes. *H.* [† ˘Amabo, quæso, vĕlim, sis.]

SOL, solĭs. *m.* 1. *The sun.* Per dŭŏdenă rĕgit mundi sol aurĕŭs astrĭ. *V.* [† Phœbŭs, Titan, dies; *sts.* Hŷpĕrion, Phăĕthon, jŭbăr, lampăs.] Ep. Lucĭdŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, clarŭs, fulgens; călens, ardens, flăgrans, fervens, fervĭdŭs, torrĭdŭs, ignĕŭs, ignĭvŏmŭs, flammĭvŏmŭs, rădĭans, rŏsĕŭs, purpŭrĕŭs, aurĕŭs; sĕrenŭs, tĕpens; almŭs, fecundŭs, bĕnignŭs, utĭlis. Rădĭis cinctŭs; r. frontem vallatŭs. Rŏsĕa lampădĕ lucens. Puro orbĕ nĭtĭdŭs (*or superl.*). Sĕdens purpŭrĕo tĕmonĕ. Crol. Solis -jŭbăr, rădĭi, astrum, sidŭs, lux, lumĕn, fax, ardŏr, flammă, ignis, nĭtŏr, fulgŏr, splendŏr. Solis *or* Phœbi -axis, currŭs, rŏtæ, ĕqui, os, vultŭs. Phœbeum *or* solarĕ jŭbăr. Solares (Phœbei) -ignes, rădĭi. Phœbea *or* Phœbelă lampăs. Phœbeæ flammæ. Titanĭă astrĭ. Titanĭŭs ardŏr. Phœbelă lux *or* fax. Phœbi lucĭdŭs orbis. Sidĕrĕum (æthĕrĭum, cœlestĕ) jŭbăr. Nĭtĭdissĭmă solis imago. Astrorum -dŏmĭnŭs, dux, ductŏr, rex. Solis -splendĭdă lumĭnă, rŏtă fervĭdă, flammĕŭs nĭtŏr. Lucis *or* lumĭnis -auctŏr. Pārens, fons. ˘Ocŭlŭs mundi. Solis răpĭdi pŏtentĭŏr (*or* acrĭŏr p.). Phr. Sol -purpŭrĕo axĕ dĭem mŏvĕt:—curru nĭtĭdo dĭem promĭt ĕt celăt;—omnĭă rădĭis lustrăt (collustrăt);—orbem (omnĭă) tempĕrăt *or* lucĕ tempĕrăt;—mundum flammĭgĕris hăbenis complectĭtŭr;—pallentes umbras discutĭt. *See* LUMEN. 2. *The sun—rising, at noon-day,* or *setting. See* MANE, MERIDIES, VESPERE. 3. *An eclipse of the sun. See* ECLIPSIS. 4. *The sun as a deity. See* APOLLO. 5. *Heat, warmth* (of the sun). *O.* [† Căllŏr, æstŭs, fervŏr.] *See* CALOR. 6. *Used for climate.* (Pătrĭă) ăllo sŭb solĕ jăcens. *V.* [† Cœlum, signum, sidŭs.] 7. = dies. Trĕs soles errarĕ pĕlăgo. *V. See* DIES.

SOLAMĔN, ĭnis. *n. Consolation, comfort.* Quisquis hŏnos tŭmŭli, quidquid solamĕn hŭmandi est. *V. See* SOLATIUM.

SOLARIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to the sun, solar.* Dumquĕ, quŏd o brĕvĕ sit! lumen solarĕ vĭdebo. *O.* [† Phœbeŭs, Titanĭŭs; *sts.* Phăĕthontĭŭs.]

SOLATĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Consolation, comfort.* Sed căpĕ dictă mĕmor, duri solatĭă casus. *V.* ˘Adhĭbĕrĕ ∾-ĭă menti. *O.* [† Solamĕn, allŏquĭum, admŏnĭtŭs, lenimĕn, lĕvamĕn, allŏcutio.] Ep. Blandum, ămicum, dulcĕ, gratum, lenĕ, mitĕ, mollĕ, optatum. Crol. Lăborĭs *or* lăborum -lĕvamĕn, lenimĕn, fomentum. Curarum lenimĕn *or* mĕdĭcină. Lenĭă -dictă, verbă. Curæ ĕt lĕvamĕn. 2. Fig. Sts. = *Compensation.* Noctiquĕ rĕpendĭt Lux mĭnŏr hibernæ verni solatĭă damni. *L. See* SOLOR (2).

SOLATŎR, ōris. *m. A consoler.* Ipse ĕgŏ solator, quum jam mandată dĕdissem. *Tib.*

SOLDŬS. *sync. from* Solidus. *See* S.

I. SŎLEA, æ. *f. A sandal, a slipper.* Et tĕnĕro sŏlĕam demĕ vĕl addĕ pĕdi. *O.*

II. SŎLĔA, æ. *f. A sole* (the fish). Fulgentes sŏlĕæ candorĕ. *O.*

SŎLĔATUS, ă, um. *Wearing sandals* or *slippers.* Etsi jam lotus, jam sŏlĕatŭs ĕrĭt. *M.*

SOLEMNIS. *See* SOLENNIS.

SOLENNIA, *or* SOLLENNIA, ĭum. *n. pl. A religious solemnity periodically observed, a yearly festival; ceremonial acts and offerings.* Tristĭă jam rĕdĕunt ĭtĕrum solennĭă nobis. *Pp.* Mittĕrĕ solennĭă tŭmŭlo. *V.* Crol. Solennis dies. Solennĕ săcrum. *See* FESTUM, ANNUUS.

SOLENNIS, *or* SOLLENNIS, ĕ. 1. *Of* or *belonging to solemn, ceremonial observances.* Solennes taurum ingentem mactabăt ăd aras. *V.* Redděrĕ ∾-ĭă votă. Ducĕrĕ ∾-es pompas ăd delubrĕ. ∾ cantŭs tĭbĭæ. *O.* [† Festŭs, cĕlĕbĕr.] 2. *Ritual, sacred, solemn* (as appointed to be used in a sacred office). ∾-ĭă verbă afferrĕ. *O.* [† Săcĕr.] 3. *Customary, habitual.* Romæ dulcĕ dĭu fŭit ĕt ∾-ĕ &c. *H.* ∾-ĕ vĭris ŏpŭs (*hunting*). *H.* ∾-ă (= solennĭtĕr) insanirĕ (*to be mad in the common way*). *H.* ∾-ă armă. *St. See* SOLITUS. 4. *That which is according to law* or *custom, and so, right.* ∾ impĕrĭum. *V. See* DEBITUS.

SŎLĔO, es, ĭtŭs sum. *To be accustomed, to be wont.* Surgamus: sŏlĕt essĕ grăvis cantantĭbŭs umbrĭ. *V.* Canto quæ sŏlĭtŭs. *V.* [† Assŏlĕo, suevi, assuevi, consuevi, dĭdĭci; *sts.* ămo.] Crol. Consuetum hăbĕo. Sŏlĭtŭs (consuetŭs, assuetŭs) sum. Mos est mĭhĭ. Venĭt ĭn morem. Solennĕ hăbĕo (mĭhĭ est). A pŭĕro assuetŭs sum. Crebĕr *or* frĕquens usŭs est. *See* MOS.

SOLERS, *or* SOLLERS, tis. 1. *Expert, skilful, ingenious, adroit.* Primŭs ăratrĭ mănu solerti fecĭt ˘Osirĭs. *Tib.* Pĕcŭdum custodĭă ∾. *V.* ∾-i cordĕ Prŏmetheus. *Cat.* [† Săgax, subtilis, prudens, ingĕnĭosŭs, callĭdŭs, acĕr, pĕrĭtŭs, industrĭus.] 2. With gen. ∾ lŷræ. *H.* cunctandi Făbĭŭs. *Sil.* [† Pĕrĭtŭs, &c.] 3. With inf. ∾ hŏmĭnem ponĕrĕ. *H.* ornarĕ. *O.* 4. Sts. = dŏlosŭs. ∾ furti (astŭs). *O. See* DOLOSUS.

SOLERTĔR. *Skilfully, dexterously.* Nullă Lătinas Intĕr Hămadrŷădas cŏlĭit solertĭŭs hortos. *O.* [† Scite, bĕnĕ, docte.]

SOLERTĬA, æ. *f.* 1. *Expertness, skilfulness, ingenuity.* Atque artes părĭat solertĭă, nutrĭăt usŭs. *Cl.* Misĕris vĕnĭt ∾ rebŭs. *O.* [† Ingĕnĭum, prudentĭă, ăcumĕn, industrĭă, pĕrĭtĭă.] Ep. Prudens, subtilis, ăcută, ingĕnĭosă. *See* PRUDENTIA. 2. Sts. *Art, cunning.* ∾ dŭbĭi Mauri. *L. See* DOLUS.

SŎLĬDO, as. 1. *To make solid, firm, hard.* Et vertendă mănu, et creta sŏlĭdandă tĕnaci (arĕă). *V.* ∾ grăves ărenas. *St.* [† Fundo, firmo; *sts.* duro, adstringo.] 2. *To support.* Culmĕn trăbĭbŭs ăhenis ∾-atăr. *Cl.* [† Fulcio, stăbĭlio, &c.]

SŎLĬDUM, *and* SOLDUM, i. *n.* [Adj. used subst.]

1. *Solid ground* or *surface.* Altequĕ jŭbebĭs In sŏlĭdo pŭtĕum demitti. *V.* Fossă fĭt ăd ~-um. *O.* 2. Used of money. *The whole, entire sum* (the solid mass). Dĕcĭes sŏlĭdum exsorberĕ. *H.* Mĕtĭens reddĕrĕ soldum (*the principal, as distinguished from the interest*). *H.* 3. Fig. ˘In sŏlĭdo lŏcarĕ (*in safety,* "*in terra firma*"). *V.*

Sŏlĭdŭs, ă, um, *and* **Solduŭs.** 1. *Solid, firm, fast* (of the ground). Nunc sŏlĭda est tellus, quæ lăcŭs antĕ fŭit. *O.* Suppŏsĭtumquĕ rŏtis sŏlĭdum mărĕ. *J.* [† Stăbĭlĭs, firmŭs.] 2. *Solid, hard.* Sŏnăt ungŭlă ~-o cornu. *V. See* Durus. 3. *Solid, massive.* ~-o argento perfectă (armă). *V.* 4. *Whole, entire.* ~-ă viscĕră taurorum. *V.* ~ horă. *J.* Demĕrĕ partem ~-o de dĭe. *H.* [† Totŭs, intĕgĕr.] 5. *Strong, vigorous.* ~-æ vires. *V. See* Integer. 6. *Firm, inflexible* (of the mind). ~ mens. *H.* [† Firmŭs, &c.] *See* F. 7. *Substantial, real* (as opposed to what is imaginary). ˘Inanĕ abscindĕrĕ soldo. *H. See* Verus.

Solĭfĕr, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *That brings* or *bears the sun.* Parthus solĭfĕræ suppŏsĭtus plăgæ. *Sen.*

Solĭgĕna, æ. *m. f. Born of the sun.* Solĭgĕnam Æeten mĕdĭa regnarĕ sŭb Arcto. *V. Fl.*

Solĭtudo, ĭnĭs. *f.* 1. *Solitariness, loneliness.* O jucundă, Cŏvinĕ, solĭtudo! *M.* 2. *Solitude, loneliness of place; a desert place.* Ingens circa solĭtudo. *M. See* Deserta (orum).

Sŏlĭtŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Soleo. Used also adj. 1. *Used, accustomed, wont* (to do something). Et păvĭdum sŏlĭtos in pĕcŭs irĕ lŭpos. *O.* ~-i pranderĕ luscĭnĭas. *H.* [† Suetŭs, consuetŭs, assuetŭs.] 2. *Usual, customary* (wont to be or to be done). ~ virtus. *V.* Vĕnirĕ ăd ~-as artes. *O.* [† Suetŭs, assuetŭs, consuetŭs, solennĭs, usĭtatŭs, notŭs.] 3. Used subst. n. *That which is usual; the practice, the habit, the custom.* Prætĕr ~-um lætæ. *V.* ~-um lĕvĕs. *H.* 4. Sŏlĭto, with comp. *More than commonly* or *usually.* ~-o formosĭŏr. *O.* maturĭŭs irĕ. *J.* măgis făverĕ. *L.* [† Assueto.]

Sŏlĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *An elevated seat;* sp. *a throne.* Præfatus divos, sŏlĭo rex infĭt ăb alto. *V.* [† Sĕdilĕ, sedes, sellă; thrŏnŭs.] Ep. ˘Eburnum, sŭperbum, fulgens, insignĕ, altum, sublimĕ, regalĕ, regĭum. 2. Fig. *Regal power, sovereignty. O. See* Regnum.

Sollennĭs, Sollers, &c. *See* Solennis, &c.

Sollĭcĭte, *Anxiously, carefully, in a troubled manner.* Qui mălă sollĭcĭte nostră lĕvatĭs, ĕro. *O.* ~ lætĭ. *Sil.*

Sollĭcĭto, as. 1. *To move, stir frequently; to shake.* Et tĕnĕram ferro sollĭcĭtavĭt hŭmum (*ploughed*). *Tib.* and so *V.* ~ frĕtă remis; spicŭlă. *V.* stamĭnă pollĭcĕ. *O.* mundum. *Lr.* manes, totumquĕ orbem. *O.* [† Mŏvĕo, impello, quăttĭo, &c.] *See* Quatio, Moveo. 2. *To harass, trouble, disturb.* Parcĕ ~ manes mĕos. *O.* ~ quĭetos. *V.* [† Vexo, torquĕo, turbo, crŭcĭo.] Hence—3. *To hunt, pursue* (of game). ~ fĕras arcu. *O.* [† ˘Ago, ăgĭto, prĕmo, persĕquŏr, insto.] 4. *To disorder, pain.* ~ stŏmăchum. *H.* [† Fătigo, crŭcĭo, prĕmo.] 5. *To sue, importune with prayers and entreaties.* ~ qm prĕcĭbŭs. *O.* numĭnă votis. *Tib.* ămicos. *J.* [† Urgĕo, fătigo, prĕcŏr, &c.] *See* Precor. 6. *To lure to wrong, to tamper with.* ~ fĭdem donis; judĭcĭum donis. *O.* [† Tento, &c.] *See* T. 7. *To tempt, allure.* Hæc nullum ~-ant furem. *M.* [† Tento, invito, allĭcĭo.]

Sollĭcĭtudo, ĭnĭs. *f. Anxiety, care.* Nĕquĕ Mordaces ălĭter diffŭgĭunt sollĭcĭtudĭnes. *H. See* Cura.

Sollĭcĭtŭs, ă, um. 1. *Tossed about, disturbed* (of motion). Ut mărĕ sollĭcĭtum stridet rĕflŭentĭbŭs undis. *V.* ~ rătĭs. *O.* ~-o motu cărerĕ. *Lr.* [† Motŭs, commotŭs, ăgĭtatŭs, turbĭdŭs.] Fig. 2. *Anxious, uneasy, disturbed* (of the feelings). *V.*, &c. [† Anxĭŭs, turbatŭs, perturbatŭs, commotŭs, suspensŭs, timens, trĕpĭdŭs, păvens, dĭbĭŭs.] Crcl. Cura *or* curis –ăgĭtatŭs, pressŭs, vexatŭs, distractŭs, districtŭs. Tĭmorĕ *or* mĕtu suspensŭs. Anxĭă cordă gĕrens. Curis ingentĭbŭs ægĕr. C. mordacĭbŭs actŭs. *See* Cura, Territus. 3. *That which causes anxiety,* &c. ~-æ ŏpes. *H.* ~ ămŏr; carcĕr. *O.*

Solo, as. *To lay waste, to desolate.* Quantas pŏpŭlis solavĕrĭt urbes. *St. See* Desolo.

Sŏlœcismŭs, i. *m.* (σολοικισμός.) *A solecism, a fault in the grammar.* Verbă: sŏlœcismum lĭcĕat fecissĕ mărĭto. *J.* and *M.*

Sŏlon, onĭs. *m. The famous Athenian lawgiver.* Et Cræsus, quem vox justi facundă Sŏlonis. *J.* Ep. Attĭcŭs, Cecrŏplŭs, săpĭens, legĭfĕr.

Solŏr, arĭs. 1. *To console, comfort.* Quos bŏnis Æneas verbis solatŭr ămicia. *V.* ~ jăcentem. *O.* [† Consolŏr.] Crcl. Solatĭă –do, fĕro, præbĕo, præsto, mĭnistro, ădhĭbĕo. Curas (luctum, dŏlorem) –lĕvo, lenĭo, mitĭgo, mulcĕo, pello, depello, averto, compesco. Mœrentem ănĭmum (mœrentĭă pectŏrĕ) –solŏr, lenĭo, mulcĕo. Blandis *or* ămicis verbis (vocĭbŭs) solŏr. Dulcĭbŭs allŏquĭis –solŏr, erĭgo, mulcĕo. ˘Anĭmum luctu (tristĭtĭa, mœrorĕ) solvo. Verbis solantĭbŭs utŏr. Curas dictis averto. Dŏlorem solando lenĭo. Fată aspĕră mollĭbŭs (lenĭbŭs) verbis lĕvo. Mălă (tædĭă) vitæ verbis mĭnŭo. Admŏnĭtu fortĭorem qm făcĭo. 2. *To alleviate an evil or sorrow, to smooth it down to the feeling* (by some consoling, compensating thought, &c.). ~ curas tela; Trojæ rŭinas (*by the thought of Rome*). *V.* 3. *To relieve, allay.* ~ fămem concussa querca; mĕtum ˘Iuli. *V.* [† Sedo, placo, compesco, averto, pello, depello, &c.]

Solstĭtĭalĭs, ĕ. *Of* or *relating to the solstice.* Tardĭŏr hiberna solstĭtĭalĭs ĕrĭt (nox). *O.*

Solstĭtĭum, ĭi. *n.* 1. *The solstice, that time of the year when the sun is in Cancer* or *Capricorn.* Nec mĭhĭ solstĭtĭum quidquam de noctĭbŭs aufert. *O.* [Of the winter solstice, when the sun is in Capricorn; but solstitium was used ordinarily only of the summer solstice.] 2. *The summer solstice; mid-summer heat.* ~ pĕcŏri defendĭtĕ. *V.*

I. **Sŏlum,** i. *n.* 1. *The lowest part of any thing, the bottom, base.* Astră tĕnent cœlestĕ sŏlum. *O.* Ponti jăcentĭs omnĕ sŏlum. *V. Fl.* Mănĭbŭs crŭentis pulsăt Inanĕ sŏlum (*the socket of the eye*). *St.* Cĕrĕalĕ sŏlum (i. e. *cakes on which they heaped fruit*). *V.* 2. *The ground* (soil) *of the earth; a land, country.* ~-o erĭgĭt alnos. *V.* Omnĕ ~ forti pătrĭă est. *O.* [† Terră, tellus, hŭmŭs.] *See* Terra. Phr. *To raze to the ground, level to the earth.* Sŏlo æquo. Sŏlo æquum pono. *See* Everto. 3. *The sole of the foot; a footstep.* (Lŏcă) trĭtă sŏlo. *Lr.* [† Plantă, pes, vestigĭum.] *See* Pes.

II. **Solum,** *n. as adv. Only.* Nec călămis solum æquĭpăras, sed vocĕ măgistrum. *V.* [† Tantum, tantummŏdŏ, duntaxăt, mŏdŏ.]

Solŭs, ă, um; *gen.* solĭŭs. 1. *Sole, single.* Solă dŏmum et tantas servabat fĭlĭă sedes (*one only*). *V.* [† Unŭs, unĭcŭs.] 2. *Alone, unaccompanied.* Tu solŭs ăbibas. *O.* [† Incŏmĭtatŭs.] Crcl. Nullo cŏmĭtantĕ. Nullis cŏmĭtantĭbŭs *or* stipantĭbŭs. 3. *Solitary, lonely* (of places). Lŏcă ~-ă căveto. *O.* ~ rupes. *V.* [† Desertŭs, văcŭŭs, vastŭs.]

Sŏlute. (Sŏlutŭs.) *Freely, without restraint. Lr.*

Sŏlutŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Solvo. Used also adj.

1. *Unbound, let loose.* Et circum Illĭādes, crinem de morĕ sŏlutæ. *V.* Funĕ ∾-o currĭt. *O.* [† Laxatŭs, laxŭs; *sts.* irrĕlĭgatŭs, effusŭs, flŭens, rĕmissŭs.] 2. *Dissolved, melted.* Ceræ ∾-æ. *O.* Nĭves de montĕ ∾-æ. *O.* Fig. 3. *Dissolved, freed of obligation, dismissed, broken up.* ∾-um conjŭgĭum. *J.* ∾-ă mortĕ fĭdes. *O.* Cœtu ∾-o discedunt. *O.* ∾-æ curæ. *Cat.* 4. *Open, not tied* or *bound up.* Chartă ∾. *O.* Terræ ∾-æ (*winter over*). *H.* [† ˘Apertŭs, &c.] 5. *Free, released from, without.* ∾ omni fenorĕ. *H.* ∾-i ŏpĕrum (fămŭli). *H.* [† Lĭbĕr, văcŭŭs, immunĭs.] 6. *At ease, without care* or *restraint; joyous.* Quem non contracta ĭn paupertatĕ ∾-um (cănĭces fecerĕ)? *H.* Risŭs ∾. *V.* 7. *Relaxed, enfeebled, enervated.* ∾-i somno vinoquĕ. *V.* annis. *O.* [† Fractŭs, languens, rĕsŏlutŭs.] *See* LANGUIDUS. 8. *Discharged, paid* (of debts or duties). Mercedĕ ∾-a. *O.* Exsĕquĭis ∾-is. *V.* 9. Sŏlutŭs sermo. Sŏlută oratĭo. *Prose.*

SOLVO, ĭs, ĭ, sŏlutum (*perf.* sŏlŭĭt. *Cat.* sŏlŭĭssĕ. *Tib.*). 1. *To separate united parts, to disjoin, dissolve; to break into pieces.* Trĭdentĕ rupem subrŭit pulsam pătĕr, Solvitquĕ montem. *Sen.* ∾ commissas ăcĭes. *Pp.* [† Rĕlaxo, dissolvo, frango, &c.] *See* FRANGO, SEPARO. 2. *To dissolve, put an end to by breaking up, discontinuing, dissolution;* and gen. *to put an end to.* ∾ convivĭă. *Sil.* vitam. *Pp. See* ABRUMPO. Fig. 3. ∾ pŭdorem; fœdĕrā. *V.* jejunĭă. *O.* impĕrĭă. *Sen.* [† Rumpo, frango, abrumpo; *sts.* vĭŏlo, discŭtĭo.] 4. *To dissolve, to fuse, melt.* Rĭgŏr auri æstu ∾-ĭtŭr. *L.* ∾ nĭvem. *O.* cœlum ĭn Tartărā. *V.* [† Laxo, rĕlaxo, mollĭo, dissolvo, rĕsolvo, rĕmitto.] *See* LIQUEFACIO. 5. *To reduce to putrefaction.* ∾-ĭt corpŏrā tabes. *L.* [† Rĕsolvo, corrumpo.] 6. *To loose, undo any tie* or *fastening;* or *to loose, &c., from any tie, &c.;* or fig. *from any check.* ∾ nodum; zonas. *H.* vinclă; jŭgă tauris. *V.* ĕquum (*to unharness*). *H.* crinem. *O.* cădum. *St.* orā ĭn dĕos. *Tib.* linguas ăd jurgĭă. *O.* [† Rĕsolvo, rĕlaxo, laxo.] Crcl. Vinclis -exŭo, libĕro, solvo. Vinclă demo *or* lĕvo. Hence—7. ∾ navem *or* classem. *To weigh anchor, set sail. Pp. L. See* VELA DO. Fig. 8. *To solve, explain. Sen.* 9. ∾ versum. *To turn into prose. H.* 10. *To set free, to loose, release.* Lit. and fig. Te isto corpŏrĕ ∾-o. *V.* ∾ se longo luctu; terras formidĭnĕ; mĭtus cordĕ. *V.* [† Exsolvo, libĕro, exĭmo, expĕdĭo.] 11. *To relax the energy* or *strength, to enervate,* &c., *leave languid.* ∾ membrā formidĭnĕ. *V.* Vŏlŭcresquĕ fĕrasquĕ ∾-ĕrăt altă quĭes. *O.* [† Rĕsolvo, frango, rumpo, debĭlĭto, enervo.] 12. *Used of the effect of death* or *sleep upon the eye.* ∾ leto lumĭnă; nŏtantĭă lumĭnă (de somno). *V.* 13. *To cause to unbend and relax, to cheer, make joyous.* ∾ grăves Fabrĭcĭos. *M.* [† Explĭco.] 14. *To pay money* (discharge an account). *O.* [† Exsolvo, persolvo, pendo; *sts.* rĕpendo, nŭmĕro.] 15. ∾ pœnas. *To suffer punishment* (pay the penalty). *O.* [† Persolvo, lŭo, &c.] *See* PŒNA. 16. *To discharge, fulfil any promise, vow,* or *pledge.* ∾ votă ĭn littŏrĕ. *V.* voti fĭdem. *O.* fĭdem. *Ter.* [† Exsolvo, reddo; implĕo (fĭdem).] 17. *To free a person from a debt.* ∾ milĭtem. *Pl.* Me solvĕt vĭtŭlŭs. *H.* [† Absolvo.]

SOLVŎR. *pass.* 1. *To be parted, detached, unbound, untied,* &c.; and fig. *to be let loose from duty,* &c. ∾-ĭtŭr funĭs ărena. *Pp.* ∾-i ăb amplexu. *O.* ĭn otĭă excŭbĭas jussĭt. *Pp.* 2. *To melt.* ∾-untŭr verĕ nĭves. *O. See* LIQUESCO. 3. *To putrefy.* Tunsă ∾-untŭr viscĕrā. *V. See* TABESCO. 4. *To lose bodily power, to be in a feeble, languid state; to relax, give way.* ∾-untŭr frigŏrĕ membrā. *V.* ∾-i ĭn somnos. *V.* æstu. *O.* ∾-ĭtŭr acrĭs hĭems. *H.* [† Rĕlaxŏr, rĕsolvŏr, rĕmittŏr, laxŏr, languĕo, languesco, frangŏr, deflĭcĭo, fătisco.] 5. *To be paid in acquittance of any thing due; to be settled, compensated for by payment.* Quæ dignă præmĭă solvi possĕ rĕăr pro &c.? *V.* Injurĭă pœnis ∾-ĭtŭr. *O.*

SŎLŸMA, æ. *f., and* SŎLŸMI, orum, *m. pl. Jerusalem.* Illud me crŭcĭat, Sŏlŷmis quod natŭs ĭn ipsis. *M. See* HIEROSOLYMA.

SŎLŸMŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Jerusalem; Jewish.* An Sŏlŷmum cĭnĕrem palmetăquĕ captă sŭbĭbĭs? *St.* Interpres legum Sŏlŷmarum. *J.*

SOMNICŬLOSUS, ă, um. *Given to sleep, sleepy.* Lit. and fig. Somnicŭlosos illĕ porrĭgit glires. *M. See* SOMNIFER.

SOMNĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *That causes sleep, soporific.* Virgamquĕ pŏtenti Somnĭfĕram sumpsissĕ mănu. *O.* ∾-i cantus. *V.* ∾ aspĭs. *L.* [† Sŏporĭfĕr, sŏporŭs, somnĭfĭcŭs.]

SOMNIO, as. 1. *To dream.* Nĕc in bĭcĭpĭti somnĭassĕ Parnasso. *Pers.* Crcl. Pĕr somnum *or* ĭn somnis vĭdĕo. Somnĭă vĭdĕo. Phr. 1. Somnĭă (insomnĭă) -suspensum terrent (trĕpĭda formidĭnĕ qm quăttĭunt);—păvĭdos somnos excŭtĭunt;—sopitos sensus deludunt;—vana decĭpĭunt ĭmagĭnĕ;—fallaci noctĕ ludunt;—vanos mĕtus objĭcĭunt;—ăgĭtant qm tota noctĕ;—mentes vŏllĭtantĭbŭs umbris ludunt;—jŭbent păvĭdos falsă timerĕ;—veras pœnas ĭmĭtantĭă sontes crŭcĭant;—ŏcŭlis qm rĕducunt. Phr. 2. *Of a person appearing in a dream.* ˘In somnis visŭs est ădessĕ (antĕ ŏcŭlos ă.). ˘Imago ejŭs ĭn somnis admŏnĕt (terrĕt). Formă ejŭs offert se (vĕnĭt) ĭn somnis (*or* pĕr somnum). F. Imago, &c., visă est ci adstarĕ. Stăt sopito antĕ tŏrum. Căpŭt mœstum visŭs est noctĕ tollĕrĕ. 2. Fig. *To dream, to fancy foolishly* or *extravagantly.* Tu de psaltrĭa me somnĭas ăgĕrĕ. *Ter.* [† Deliro, fingo.] Crcl. Mĭhĭ somnĭă fingo.

SOMNĬUM, ĭi. *n., and us.* SOMNIA, orum. *pl.* 1. *A dream; dreams.* Somnĭă quæ veras æquant ĭmĭtamĭnĕ formas. *O.* [† Insomnĭum.] Ep. (*pl.*) Nocturnă, horrendă, sollĭcĭtă, terrĭfĭcă, mĭnacĭă, infaustă; lætă, faustă; ĭnanĭă, fallacĭă, vană, mendacĭă, verā, certă. Mĭris fĭguris infaustă. Vărias formas *or* veros casus ĭmĭtantĭă. Crcl. Nocturnă -spĕcĭes, imago, effĭgies. Nocturnă sĭmŭlacrā; n. visă. Sĭmŭlacrā noctis mĭnantĭă. ˘Inanĭă somni sĭmŭlacrā. Falsi visus. Nocturnæ ĭmagĭnes *or* fĭguræ. Vani visus imago. Falsă sŏporis ludĭbrĭă. Somni terrŏr ĭnanĭs. Mendax somnŭs. *See* SOMNIO. 2. Fig. *A dream* or *dreams of the imagination.* Fingĕrĕ multă ∾-ĭă. *Lr.* Sĭbĭ somnĭă. *V.* [† Nugæ, vană.]

SOMNŬS, i. *m.* 1. *Sleep, rest in sleep.* Molles sub divo carpĕrĕ somnos. *V.* [† Sŏpŏr, quĭes, rĕquies.] Ep. Nocturnŭs, altŭs, grăvis, ămicŭs, dulcis, lenis, blandŭs, mollĭs, jucundŭs, plăcĭdŭs, tranquillŭs, irrĭgŭŭs, sălubĕr, segnis, ignavŭs, lentŭs, languĭdŭs, pĭgĕr. Crcl. Somni -quies, otĭă, munĕrā, sĭlentĭă, inertĭă. Sŏporis grăvĭtas. Noctis ămică quies. Donă sŏporĭfĕræ noctis. Phr. 1. Curarum *or* lăborum dŏmĭtŏr. Quies rerum. Curarum quies *or* rĕquies. Mortis imago. *See* 2 (Ep.). Phr. 2. *To put to sleep, induce sleep. See* SOPIO. Phr. 3. *To yield to sleep, to sleep. See* DORMIO. Phr. 4. *To rouse from sleep, to cause to awake; to awake* (oneself). *See* EXPERGEFACIO *and* EXPERGISCOR. 2. *Sleep personified; the God of Sleep.* [† Morpheus, sŏpŏr.] Ep. &c. Plăcĭdissĭmŭs dĕorum. Delapsŭs ăb astris. Leti consanguĭnĕŭs. Fratri Leto sĭmillĭmŭs. *Ægræ menti utĭlis. See* MOR-

PHEUS. 3. Sts. *Used for* Nox. Dĭe (= dĭei) ~-iquĕ horas pāres făcĕrĕ. *V.* Lucem ~-o miscerĕ. *L. See* Nox. Fig. 4. *Sloth, inactivity* (moral slumber). [¶ Sŏpŏr, ĭnertĭă, ignavĭă, &c.] 5. *A calm* (slumber) *at sea*, &c. *St. See* Quies. 6. *Used for death.* ~ ferrĕŭs urgĕt. *V.* longŭs dătŭr. *H.* nĭgĕr errăt pĕr lumĭnă. *Sil. See* Mors.

Sŏnabĭlĭs, ĕ. *Sounding.* Cornŭă fulserunt, crĕpŭĭtquĕ sŏnabĭlĕ sistrum. *O.*

Sŏnax, acĭs. *Sounding.* Cærŭlĕum Tritonă vŏcăt, cornuquĕ sŏnaci Inspirarĕ jŭbĕt. *O.*

Sŏnĭpes, ĕdĭs. *adj.* 1. *Sounding with the feet.* Velatur sŏnĭpes æstivi turbă Cănopi. *Grat.* 2. Subst. m. *A horse.* Insultans sŏnĭpes, et pressis pugnăt hăbenis. *V. See* Equus.

Sŏnĭtŭs, us. *m. A sound, din, noise.* Dum flammas Jŏvĭs et sŏnĭtus Imĭtatŭr ˘Olympi. *V.* [¶ Sŏnŭs, frăgŏr, murmŭr, sŏnŏr, stridŏr, strĕpĭtŭs, tŭmultŭs, fremĭtŭs, gĕmĭtŭs, clamŏr, vox, clangŏr; *sts.* tinnĭtŭs, sŭsurrŭs, mugĭtŭs.] Ep. Ingens, vastŭs, magnŭs, raucŭs, confusŭs, horrendŭs, terrĭfĭcŭs, horrĭsŏnŭs, præceps, sŭbĭtŭs, rĕpentinŭs. Phr. 1. *To make a noise; to fill with noise; to cause places to resound with noise.* Sŏnĭtum (sŏnum, frăgorem, murmŭr) –do, ĕdo, efficio, cĭĕo, tollo, mitto. Fĭt –frăgŏr, murmŭr, sŏnĭtŭs. Exŏrĭtŭr *or* auditŭr frăgŏr. Frĕmĭtum do. Murmŭrĕ miscĕo. Auras (æthĕrĕ, cœlum) murmŭrĕ (frăgorĕ, frăgorĭbŭs) –complĕo, implĕo, pulso, miscĕo. Strĕpĭtus ingĕmĭno. Sŏnum terrĭbĭlem stridorĕ do. Frĕmĭtu *or* frăgorĕ lŏcŭs –sŏnăt, rĕsŏnăt, consŏnăt, completŭr. Frăgŏr ĭtĕrum atquĕ ĭtĕrum intŏnăt. Horrendŭs ĭt frăgŏr. Eccĕ sŭbĭtŭs mugirĕ frăgŏr. Arrectas aures sŏnŭs impŭlĭt. Strĕpĭt murmŭrĕ campŭs. Sŏnŭs auditŭr grăvĭŏr. Phr. 2. *Of the sounds of a storm at sea.* Ingentem pĕlăgi gĕmĭtum accĭpĭmŭs. Rĕbŏant pulsată saxă. Venti ăd littŏrĕ frăgorem fĕrunt. Littŏrĕ vexată undis frĕmunt. Rĕsŏnantĭă l. miscentŭr. Spumĕă undă vădis saxosis clamăt. Phr. 3. *Of a land-storm.* Frăgŏr intŏnăt altis montĭbŭs. Increbrescĭt nĕmŏrum murmŭr. Omnĕ nĕmŭs strĕpĭtu consŏnăt. Colles tŭmultu rĕsultant. Amnes ripæquĕ mugĭtĭbŭs sŏnant. Phr. 4. *Of a storm of thunder*, &c. Hinc pŏli rupti rĕbŏarĕ. Concussŭs æther (*or pl.*) mugĭtĭbŭs fŭrĭt. Cœlum ingenti murmŭrĕ miscetŭr. C. omnĕ frăgorĕ tŏnăt. Frăgŏr astrĕ quătĭt. *See* Sono. Phr. 5. *Of some particular sounds.* Tympănă raucis sŏnis obstrĕpŭerĕ. Tŭbă ærĕ cănoro incrĕpŭĭt (terrĭbĭlem sŏnĭtum i.). Fractă ossă grăvem dant sŏnum. Saxă cæco murmŭrĕ intŭs sŏnant (*of a hoarse, indistinct sound far within*). Crebĕr pĕdum sŏnĭtŭs ăd aures ădest.

Sŏno, as, ŭi. 1. Intr. *To sound, resound, make a noise.* Scută sŏnant, pulsuquĕ pĕdum trĕmĭt excĭtă tellus. *V.* Sŏnŭerunt æthĕrĕ nimbi. *V.* [¶ Rĕsŏno, insŏno, strĕpo, perstrĕpo, frĕmo, infrĕmo, mugio, immugio, rĕmugio, rĕbŏo, tŏno, intŏno, rĕsulto, murmŭro, rĕclamo, gĕmo, ŭlŭlo, strĕpĭto, crĕpo, crĕpĭto, stridĕo; *sts.* persŏno, bŏo, instrĕpo, sŭsurro, sibĭlo, clamo.] Crcl. Sŏnĭtum –do, edo, &c. *See* Sonitus. 2. *To utter words, to speak.* ~ In aurĕ. *Pp.* qd In aurĕ. *M. See* Loquor. 3. Tr. *To send forth a particular sound.* ~ carmĕn (de lyra). *H.* hŏmĭnem. *V.* fŭrem (de jŭvencis). *Pp.* femĭnĕum; raucum quiddam &c. *O.* [¶ Rĕfĕro.] 4. *To celebrate in song.* ~ durā belli &c. *H.* Germanas ăcies. *St.* ~-andŭs ĕrĭs nobis. *O.* [¶ Cĕlĕbro, cano, laudo.] *See* Cano. 5. *To recite, declaim.* Nolis licĕt, illĕ sŏnabĭt. *M.* [¶ Rĕcĭto, declamo; *sts.* ructo, vŏmo.] 6. Sts. pass. Questus sŏnantŭr. *Ad Liv.*

Sŏnŏr, ŏris. *m. A noise, a sound.* Summæque sŏnorem Dant silvæ. *V.* Sævă ~-ĭbŭs armă. *V. See* Sonitus.

Sŏnorŭs, ă, um. *Sounding loud, sonorous.* Luctantes ventos tempestatesquĕ sŏnoras. *V.* Ærĕ sŏnoro. *V.* [¶ Sŏnans, stridens, stridŭlŭs, rĕsŏnans, rĕsonŭs, raucŭs, rĕbŏans, rĕsultans, ăcutŭs, tinnŭlŭs.] Crcl. Sŏno (sŏnĭtu, sŏnorĕ) sævis *or* horrendis. Horrendum *or* raucĕ sŏnans.

Sons, tĭs. *m. f. n.* (sontum. *gen. pl. St.*) 1. *Guilty, criminal.* Omnes per mortes ănĭmam sontem ipsĕ dĕdissem. *V.* Te ~-es extinxerĕ dĕi. *S.* (*With abl.*) Fraterno sanguĭnĕ sontem. *O.* [¶ Nŏcens, &c.] *See* N. 2. Subst. m. Supplĭcĭŭs făcĭlem, ~-ĭbŭs essĕ trŭcem. *O.* [¶ Nŏcens, imprŏbŭs, mălŭs.]

Sontĭcŭs, ă, um. *Dangerous;* fig. *serious, weighty.* Parcĕ, prĕcor, mĭsĕro: non illi sontĭcă causa est. *Tib.*

Sŏnŭs, i. *m. Any kind of sound* or *noise.* Tunc sŏnŭs auditur grăvĭŏr. *V.* 1. *A low, gentle sound.* Sĭnĕ mentĕ ~. *V. See* Susurrus. 2. *A great, loud noise. See* Sonitus. 3. Sp. *The sound of musical instruments. See* Cithara, Tibia. 4. *The sound of warlike instruments, warlike arms*, &c. *See* Tuba, Arma. 5. *Any articulate sound, the sound of words.* Pĕrăgĕrĕ tales ~-os. *O.* ˘Adirĕ cum blandis ~-is. *O.* [¶ Voces, verbă.]

Sŏphĭa, æ. *f.* (σοφία.) *Wisdom.* Quum tĭbĭ sit sŏphĭæ par fama et cură dĕorum. *M. See* Sapientia.

Sŏphistes, æ. *m. A sophist.* Et plures uno conclamant orĕ sŏphistæ. *J.*

Sŏphŏcles, is. *m.* [The second syll. found *short* only.] *The famous tragic writer.* Quid Sŏphŏcles, et Thespis ĕt Æschylŭs utĭlĕ ferrent. *H.*

Sŏphoclĕŭs, ă, um. [The second syll. found *long* only.] *Of* or *belonging to Sophocles.* Solă Sŏphocleo tŭă carmĭnă dignă cŏthurno. *V. O. J.*

Sŏphos. *adv.* (σοφῶς.) *Well done! capital! bravo!* Quod tam grandĕ sŏphos clamat tĭbĭ turbă tŏgată. *M.*

Sŏphŭs, *or* Sŏphŏs, i. *m.* (σοφός.) *A wise man, a philosopher.* Te secretă quies, te sŏphŭs omnis ămăt. *M.* [¶ Săpĭens, &c.] *See* S.

Sopio, is, ivi *or* ĭi. 1. *To put to sleep, lull to sleep.* Pervĭgĭlem sŭpĕrest herbis sopirĕ drăconem. *O.* ~ custodem. *O.* Nĕc me soplĕrăt (somnŭs). *Tib.* Crcl. Somnum (somnos, sŏporem) –mitto, făcio, spargo, irroro, irrĭgo, invito, duco, suadĕo, concĭlio, arcesso, induco, præbĕo. Somno grăvo *or* solvo. Somnum (quĭetem) ŏcŭlis irroro. Lumĭnă somno –vincio, devincio, dŏmo. Phr. Plăcĭdam quĭetem (mitem somnum) pĕr membră *or* pectŏrĕ ci rĭgo *or* irrĭgo. Lumĭnă (l. nătantĭă) cunctanti solvo. Undă lĕvi sŭsurro somnum suadĕt. *See* Dormio. 2. Fig. *To bring to a close, to put to rest; put to the rest of death.* ~ humanos lăbores; festivos cantus. *Cl.* Quem fundă soplĕrăt. *Cl.*

Sopitŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Sopio. 1. *Put to sleep, asleep.* Lit. and fig. Et sŭă sopitis hostŭbŭs armă mŏvent. *O.* [¶ Dormĭens, sŏporatŭs, inexperrectŭs, dormitans; *sts.* sĕpultŭs.] Crcl. Somno –sopitŭs, sĕpultŭs, demersŭs, vinctŭs, devinctŭs, victŭs, sŏlutŭs, grăvatŭs, jăcens, dŏmĭtŭs. Sŏporĕ sŏlutŭs (languens). Somno lumĭnă devinctŭs. S. membră cedens. *See* Dormio. 2. *Dormant, slumber-bound*, as it were; *dead.* ~-os suscĭtăt ignes. *V.* Surgĭtĕ ~-æ artes. *Cl.* [¶ Sĕpultŭs, pressŭs, oppressŭs, obrŭtŭs, lătens.]

Sŏpŏr, ŏris. *m.* 1. *Sleep, deep sleep.* Lumĭnă quum plăcĭdo victă sŏporĕ jăcent. *O.* ~ irrĭgăt fessos artus. *V.* membră devincĭt. *Lr.* diffudĕrăt

pĭgras alas. *Cl.* [† Somnŭs.] *See* S. **2.** *A narcotic* or *sleeping draught. O. Tib.* pl. Fig. **3.** = Inertĭă. *M. See* I. **4.** Sts. *The temple of the head.* Tangĕrĕ lævum ~-em Naĭdŏs sāgitta. *St. See* TEMPUS.

SŎPORATUS, ă, um. *part. See* SOPORO. **1.** *Put to sleep, cast into sleep;* sts. *dead.* Sæpē sŏporatos invadĕrĕ profŭĭt hostes. *O. See* SOPITUS *or* MORTUUS. **2.** *Charged with soporific properties.* ~ mĕdĭcatis frugĭbŭs offā; vi Stygĭa ramŭs. *V.*

SŎPORIFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Soporific, causing sleep.* Spargens humĭdā mellā sŏporĭfĕrumquē pāpavĕr. *V.* ~-æ Lethes pocŭlā. *O.* ~ somnŭs. *L. See* SOMNIFER, SOPORUS.

SŎPORO, as. **1.** *To lay asleep, cast into sleep.* Insuetos angues nĭmĭa astrā sŏporant. *St. See* SOPIO. **2.** Fig. *To dull* or *slake fire.* ~ rŏgum multo imbrē. *St. See* RESTINGUO.

SŎPORUS, ă, um. **1.** *Causing sleep.* Umbrarum hic lŏcŭs est, somni noctisquē sŏporæ. *V.* Amnē ~-o potarē. *Sil. See* SOMNIFER. **2.** *Heavy with sleep.* ~ vino. *V. Fl.*

SORBĔO, es. **1.** *To draw in by the breath, to suck in* or *up, to sup.* Illā quŏque in corpus pārĭter sorberē nĕcesse est. *Lr.* ~ aërā. *J.* ~-ēt anguem (cervinŭs hallĭtŭs). *M.* cœlestes ăquas (terrā). *O.* Sīmŭl flarē ~-quē haud făcĭlē est. *Pl.* [† *Sts.* Absorbĕo, combĭbo.] **2.** Sts. *To swallow* (of the natural action). ~-ētŭr sanguĭs. *L.* ~ viscĕrā; mĕdullas. *L.* [† Absorbĕo, exsorbĕo, haurĭo, bĭbo, glutĭo, deglutĭo.] **3.** *To swallow up, to suck in* (of violent or rapid action). ~ vastos fluctus gurgĭtē. *V.* mārē vasto hĭatu (de puppi). *V. Fl.* [† Haurĭo, absorbĕo, trāho, duco, vŏro.] **4.** *To drink in, absorb, consume.* ~ flumĭnā (de terra). *O.* ~-ent præcordĭā flammæ. [† Haurĭo, absorbĕo, consumo.] [☞ Perf. sorbŭi not in better Latin, except in composition; sorpsi *only* in comp.]

SORBĬTIO, onis. *f. A supping* or *drinking up; a draught.* Dicĕrē, sorbĭtĭo tollit quem dirā cĭcutæ. *Pers. See* POTUS.

SORBUM, i. *n. A service-berry.* Fermento atque ăcĭdis īmĭtantur vitēā sorbis. *V.*

SORDĔO, es. **1.** *To be soiled; to be filthy, nasty.* Mānus materno sordet sparsā sanguĭnē. *Att.* (*apud Non.*) Num tĭbī ~ vidēōr? *Pl.* ~-ent lanugĭnē vultus. *M.* [† Sordesco, squalĕo; *sts.* pollŭōr, inflcĭōr, &c.] *See* SQUALEO. **2.** *To be mean, pitiful, paltry.* ~-ēt festŭs dĭes. *Pl.* **3.** *To be held vile; to be slighted, disliked.* ~-ent tĭbī munērā nostrā. *V.* cunctā præ Campo. *H.* [† Contemnŏr, &c.] *See* C.

SORDES, ĭum. *f. pl.* **1.** *Soil, dirt, refuse.* Non ăllĭus lanam purgatis sordĭbus æque Præbŭĕrit căllăthis. *Cl.* Sint sīnē ~-ĭbŭs ungues. *O.* ~ farrĭs. *J.* [† Squalŏr, illŭvĭes, spurcĭtĭā, spurcĭtĭes; *sts.* cœnum, lūtum, fæx, immundĭtĭā.] *See* SQUALOR. Fig. **2.** *Dirty, base acts.* Sīnē ~-ĭbŭs anni. *O. See* DEDECUS. **3.** *Base avarice and meanness.* Sīnē ~-ĭbŭs exstrŭĭ funŭs. *H.* Parcŭs sīnē ~-ĭbŭs egi. *Aus. See* AVARITIA. **4.** Sing. Sordē. *H.* Sordĭs. *St.*

SORDESCO, is. *To become* or *be dirty* or *filthy. H. See* SORDEO.

SORDĬDŬLUS, ă, um. **1.** *Somewhat dirty.* Si tŏgā sordĭdŭla est. *J.* **2.** *Of the meanest class, abject.* Servŭlorum sordĭdŭlorum. *Pl.*

SORDĬDUS, ă, um. **1.** *Shabby and dirty, filthy, foul.* Sordĭdŭs ex hŭmĕris nodo dependēt āmictŭs. *V.* ~ pulvĭs. *O.* mappā. *H.* tŏgā. *M.* [† Sordens, squalens, squallĭdŭs, immundŭs, spurcŭs, fœdatŭs, fœdŭs, pollutŭs, turpis, sordĭdŭlŭs, obscenŭs, infectŭs.] Crcl. Sordĭbŭs immundŭs. Squalorē -sordĭdŭs, confectŭs, obsūtŭs. Squalorĭs plenŭs. *See* SORDES. **2.** *Presenting a miserable, neglected, appearance, as in mourning.* Pulvĕrē ~ (*the hair*). *Cl.* [† Squalens, squallĭdŭs.] **3.** *Sordid, mean, miserly.* ~ ac divĕs; Cŭpido. *H. See* AVARUS. **4.** *Humble, mean, of no account.* ~-ă rurā hăbĭtarē. *V.* ~ turbā. *O.* auctŏr. *H.* [† Hŭmĭlis, villĭs, abjectŭs, contemptŭs.] **5.** *Disgraceful, base.* ~ prædā. *O.* perjurĭum. *Ph. See* TURPIS. **6.** *Ignominious.* ~ rĕpulsā. *H.* [† Turpis, fœdŭs, prŏbrosŭs, &c.]

SORITES, æ. *m.* (σωρείτης.) *A sorites,* i. e. *a conclusion drawn by accumulation.* [† Chrysippi ăcervŭs.]

SŎRŎR, ōris. *f.* **1.** *A sister.* Quum sic unānĭmem allŏquĭtur mālēsanā sŏrorem. *V.* [† Germanā, consors; *sts.* sŏrorcŭlā.] Ep. Carā, dilectā, āmatā, āmans, unānĭmis, fidā, plā, dulcis. Crcl. Altĕrā proles. **2.** Sŏrores -Tartārĕæ, nĭgræ, vipĕrĕæ, diræ, &c., and abs. *The Furies.* Agmĭnā sævā ~-um. *V.* Crinitæ anguē ~-es. *O. See* FURIÆ. **3.** Sŏrores -tres, trĭplĭces, duræ, tristes, concordes, &c. *The Fates. See* PARCÆ. **4.** Sŏrores -nŏvem, Aŏnĭæ, doctæ, &c. *The Muses. See* MUSÆ. **5.** Sŏrores -æquŏrĕæ, lĭquĭdæ, &c. *The Nereids. See* NEREIDES. **6.** Sŏrores -sævæ, scĕlestæ. *The daughters of Danaus. See* DANAIDES. **7.** Sts. = *a loved companion. V.; a sweetheart. Tib. See* AMICA. **8.** Sts. *Sister,* adj. (= fellow-), Cŏmæ mĕā fātā ~-es lugebant (*the sister-hair, the hair that remained*). *Cat.* [So *Pl.* calls the left hand the sister-hand to the right.] [† Cognatā.]

SŎRORIUS, ă, um. *A sister's* or *sisters', sisterly, sister-like.* Lăcrĭmansquē sŏrorĭā linquĭt Limĭnā. *O.* ~-ă oscŭlā. *O.* cœnā. *Pl.*

SORS, tis. *f.* (sorti. *abl. Pl.*) **1.** *Lot, hazard, decision by lot.* Sit sors et nobis talorum interprĕtē jactu. *Pp.* Ductŭs ~-ē sācerdos. *V.* [† Sortitŭs, alēā; *sts.* casŭs.] *See* ALEA. Phr. 1. *To cast lots, to draw lots.* Sortem dejĭcĕrē (conjĭcĕrē, miscerē). S. ducĕrē (educĕrē, trāhĕrē). Phr. 2. *The lot falls* or *is drawn.* Sors exĭt (excĭdĭt, ducĭtŭr, &c.). *Without casting lots,* &c. Extra sortem; sīnē sortē. Phr. 3. *That into which the lots were cast for drawing* (modern ballot-box). Sĭtellā; urnā; (*with soldiers,* &c.) gālēā. **2.** *Result, issue.* Pugnæ conterrĭtā ~-ē. *V.* [† Eventŭs, &c.] **3.** *Lot in life, destiny, portion, condition* (as to happiness or unhappiness, &c.). Felix ~-ē tŭa! *V.* Mĭsērandæ ~-is āsellŭs. *O.* [† Fatum, condĭtĭo, statŭs.] *See* FATUM. **4.** *Rank* or *class in life.* ~ tŭā mortalis (*you are a man, not a god*); prĭŏr (*the first rank*). *O.* Jŭvĕnis tŭæ sortis. *H. See* ORDO. **5.** *Used of any one of a number of similar things* (as a portion or lot out of them). Saturni ~ ĕgŏ primā fŭi (*the first child*). *O.* Dŭplĭcis ~ altĕrā partus (*the twin-child*). *Ad Pis.* ~ femĭnēā (*the female sex*); primā intĕr sodales (*the dearest*). *O.* **6.** *Capital, money put out at interest.* Usuram ēt ~-em nĕgarē. *M.* [† Căpŭt.] **7.** *The response of an oracle* (us. pl.). Dictæ pĕr carmĭnā ~-es. *H.* ~-es Lŷclæ (*of the Lycian Apollo*). *V.* Phœbeæ; fatĭcĭnæ. *O. See* ORACULUM.

SORTĬFĔR, *or* **SORTĬGĔR,** ĕrā, ĕrum. *Oracular* (used of Jupiter Ammon). Stat sortĭfĕr illic Jupĭtĕr. *L.*

SORTILĔGUS, ă, um. **1.** *Oracular.* Sortĭlĕgis non discrĕpŭit sententĭā Delphis. *H.* [† Fatĭdĭcus, præsāgŭs.] **2.** Subst. m. *One that gives oracular responses.* ~-is ĕgēant dŭbĭi. *L. See* AUGUR.

SORTIŎR, iris. **1.** *To draw* or *cast lots, to determine by lot.* Nec regnā vini sortĭerē talis. *H.* Crcl. Sortes duco *or* mitto. *See* SORS (Phr.).

SORTĬTUS, ă, um. *part.* See SORTIOR. 2. *Having received by lot*, or *as one's lot* or *portion*. Omnis per muros lĕgĭo sortitā pĕrĭclum. *V.* ~ regnā vāgæ undæ. *O.* mĕtŭentem sabbātā patrem. *J.* [? Nactŭs.] 2. Sts. pass. *Appointed* or *obtained by lot*. ˘In mĕā ~-a vindĭcĕt ossā plla. *Pp.*

SORTITŬS, -us. *m. A drawing* or *casting of lots; the lot itself.* Jussā mŏri, quæ sortitus non pertŭlĭt ullos. *V.* Versarĕ ~-us cassĭdĕ. *St.* [? Sortes.]

SOSPĔS, ĭtĭs. *m. f. n.* 1. *Safe, secure from danger, unhurt.* Qui nunquam sĭnĕ te sospĭtĕ sospĕs ĕrĭt. *O.* ~ ăb incursu (dŏmŭs est). *O.* depŏsĭtum. *J.* [? Incŏlŭmĭs, servatŭs, salvŭs, sŭpersŭs, intĕgĕr, illæsŭs.] *See* INCOLUMIS. 2. *Auspicious, prosperous.* ~ cursŭs. *H.* dĭes. *Pl.*

SOSPĬTĂ, æ. *f. She that saves* or *delivers; an epithet of Juno Hygeia.* Sospĭtā delubris dicĭtŭr auctā nŏvis. *O.*

SOSPĬTO, as. *anc. To save, preserve.* Sospĭtes ŏpĕ gentem. *Cat. See* SERVO.

SPADIX, icĭs. *m. A bay horse* (prop. adj., sc. equus). Hĭŏnesti Spadices glauciquĕ, cŏlor deterrĭmŭs albis. *V.*

SPĂDO, onĭs. *m.* (ŏ. *J. Cl.*) *A eunuch.* Fert vallum et armā milĕs, et spādonĭbŭs Servirĕ rugosis pŏtest. *H.* [? Eunuchŭs, &c.] *See* E.

SPARGO, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To spread, disperse, scatter, strew.* ~ ārenam pĕdĭbŭs; vulcanum tectis; telum dextra. *V.* semĭnā hŭmo. *O.* ŏdorem late. *Ph.* [? Dispergo, fundo, diffundo, effundo, dissemĭno, sĕro, mitto, jacto, projĭcĭo.] Fig. 2. *To disseminate, spread abroad, publish.* ~ nomĕn pĕr urbes. *O.* voces ĭn vulgum. *V.* verā ac fictā pĕr urbem. *Sil.* [? Fundo, sĕro, vulgo, nuntĭo, &c.] 3. *To disperse, put to flight, rout.* ~ mŏrantes. *V.* cănes (de āpro). *O.* dĕos (Trojæ). *L.* [? Dissĭpo, dispergo, disjĭcĭo.] 4. *To besprinkle, to water.* ~ corpŭs flŭvĭali lympha. *V.* ădĭtus ăquis. *O.* ~-issent corpŏrā lăcrĭmæ. *O.* [? Respergo, rĭgo, mādĕfăcĭo, &c.] *See* RIGO. 5. *To strew, to spread over a surface.* ~ hŭmum fŏlĭis; terras lumĭnĕ. *V.* alas cŏlorĭbŭs. *O.* ~-ĭt nĭgras cŏmas (albā sĕnectā). *Pp.* [? Sterno, consterno, tĕgo, vestĭo.]

SPARTĂ, æ, *and* SPARTE, es. *f. O. Sparta.* Scilĭcĕt hæc Spartam incŏlŭmis pātrĭasquĕ Mȳcenas Adspĭcĭāt. *V.* [? Lăcĕdæmon.] *See* L.

[? Lac.]

SPĂTIOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of great extent, wide* (of place). Me mĭsĕrum, me circŭlĭt orbĕ. *O.* ~-i colles. *L.* ~ [? Pătens, amplŭs, vastŭs, lātŭs, căpsŭs, ăpertŭs, longŭs.] Crcl. Late - rectŭs, effusŭs, extensŭs. 2. *Lar* stature and bodily size generally). ~-ĭŏr æquo (Andrŏmăche). *O.* [? nŭs, altŭs, procerŭs.] *See* PROCERU *tracted, long* (of time). ~-am fallĕr [? Longŭs, dĭŭturnŭs.]

SPĂTĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *Space, room, in* and fig. Invĭdā me spătĭo natŭrā cŏ *O.* ˘Ocŭlis ~ emensŭs. *V.* ~-is æta bŭs qm insĕqui. *V.* [? Intervallum, Ep. Ingens, amplum, magnum, latu sum; brĕvĕ, parvum, angustum. discrimĭnā. 2. *Size, great size.* ~ considĕrāt. *O.* Nŏc tutŭs ~-o ĕlĕ Magnĭtudo, moles.] 3. *A race-cou run.* Addunt se ĭn spătĭā (quādri linquunt ~-um quadrĭjŭgi. *O.* Septe mĕrŭerĕ cŏronam. *O.* [? Currĭcŭl sŭs.] 4. *A space of time, interval* vitæ brĕvĭs. *O.* Rĕquĭes ~-quĕ fl Tempŭs, mŏrā.] 5. *A promenade* ~-ā interstinctā cŏlumnis. *St. O.* CUS, XYSTUS.

SPĔCIES, ei. *f.* 1. *A sight, object of* tŭlĭt hanc spĕcĭem fŭrĭata mentĕ [? Visŭs, adspectŭs, vultŭs, ĭmago. *External appearance, form, fashi* ~-e virtutĭs. *J.* ~ auri frondentĭs. mā, fĭgurā, ĭmago.] 3. *Beauty.* Ut dum florĕāt. *O.* [? Formā, dĕcŏr PULCHRITUDO. 4. *An idea, not* figured to the mind). Cujŭs vanæ tŭr. *H.* [? ˘Imago.] 5. *Proper, p pearance, seemliness, decorum.* Nĕqu vĕ mŏvetŭr. *V.* [? Dĕcŏr.] 6. *A* Millĕ mālĭ ~-es. *O.* [? Formā, ge spĕcĭem. *After the manner, in the* chŏri ~-em ludunt. *O.* [? ˘In mĕ TANQUAM. 8. *Found in the mea* '*sense of sight;*' *the act of seeing.* ~ - tĭmŭs omnes. *Lr. See* VISUS.

SPĔCIMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* 1. *A specimen, ex*

Spĕcĭosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Handsome, of goodly appearance.* Lit. and fig. Se quŏquĕ det pŏpŭlo mŭlĭer spĕcĭosă vĭdendam. *O.* ∾-ă vŏcabŭlă. ∾ lŏcis fabŭlă. *H.* [† Pulchĕr, &c.] *See* P. 2. *Attractive, but deceiving; specious, plausible* (good in appearance only). ∾-um erĭpĕ damnum (de Mida). *O.* ∾-ă nomĭnă culpæ imponĕrĕ. *O.*

Spectabĭlĭs, ĕ. 1. *Visible.* Purŭs ăb arbŏrĭbus, spectabĭlĭs undĭquĕ campŭs. *O.* 2. *Well worth looking upon, worthy of admiration, remarkable.* ∾ plăcĭdo orĕ; multo auro. *O.* ŏpŭs tela ducĕrĕ. *V. Fl.* [† Spectandŭs, conspĭcŭŭs, conspĭcĭendŭs, spĕcĭosŭs, insignĭs, &c.]

Spectacŭlum, i. *n.*, *and* **Spectaclum**. *Pp.* 1. *A sight, a spectacle.* Non hoc istă sĭbi tempus spectacŭlă poscĭt. *V.* [† Visŭs, spĕcĭes.] 2. Sp. *A public sight, show, spectacle.* Scenæ ∾-ă ămantŭr. *O.* [† Ludi.] 3. *The theatre itself.* Rĕsŏnant ∾-ă plausu. *O.* [† Thĕatrum.] *See* T.

Spectatŏr, orĭs. *m.*, *and* **Spectatrix**, icĭs. *f.* 1. *A spectator, beholder.* Cŭpĭrem ipsĕ pārens spectatŏr ădessĕt. *V.* Addĭt spectatrix ănĭmos. *O.* [† Spectans, testĭs, arbĭtĕr.] 2. Sp. *A spectator at any public exhibition.* Exănĭmăt lentŭs ∾, sedŭlŭs urĭt. *H.* [† Frĕquens, attentŭs, arrectŭs, defixŭs, ĭnhĭans.]

Spectatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* **Specto**. Used also rdj. 1. *Tried, proved.* ∾ rebus jŭventus. *V.* plĕtas pĕr ignes. *O.* [† Prŏbatŭs, exploratŭs, cognĭtŭs, expertŭs.] 2. *Of known worth and reputation, highly esteemed.* Quo non ∾-ĭor altĕr vocĕ mŏvĕrĕ &c. *St.* [† Ēgrĕgĭŭs, exĭmĭŭs, &c.]

Specto, as. 1. *To behold* or *look at attentively, to contemplate.* ∾ ardentes sŏcĭos. *V.* dicentem lumĭnĕ torvo. *O.* [† Adspecto, adspĭcĭo, tŭĕŏr, contŭĕŏr, intŭĕŏr, contemplŏr, cerno, observo, considĕro, inspĭcĭo; *sts.* spĕcŭlŏr, vĭdĕo.] **Crcl.** ˘Ocŭlos (lumĭnă) figo *or* defigo. ˘Ocŭlis (visu) –specto, intŭĕŏr, observo, contemplŏr, lustro, perlustro, lĕgo, metĭŏr. Defixŭs –hærĕo, sto, persto. ˘Avĭdis ŏcŭlis *or* lumĭnĭbŭs (ăvĭdo lumĭnĕ) –specto, lustro, &c. **Phr.** 1. *To look long and intently upon any object.* Adspectŭs (cjs rĕi) me detĭnĕt. Obtutu ĭn uno defixŭs hærĕo. Intentis ŏcŭlis fixŭs hærĕo. Lumĕn nusquam detorquĕo ăb &c. Immotos ŏcŭlos ĭn qd sĭnĕ finĕ tĕnĕo. **Phr.** 2. *To look long upon any thing, and with delight.* ˘Ocŭlos, &c., pasco tŭendo (pictura, forma vĭri, &c.). ˘Ocŭlos (cordă, &c.) tŭendo (dilecto visu) sătĭarĕ *or* explerĕ nĕquĕo. Lumĭnă longo visu sătĭo. L. cara nati fĭgura sătŭrantŭr. **Phr.** 3. *To fix the eyes upon the ground.* ˘Ocŭlos solo fixos tĕnĕo. Lumĭnă fixă hŭmo tĕnĕo. Terram immotŭs tŭĕŏr. Hærĕo, ŏcŭlos fixŭs, ĭn oppŏsĭta hŭmo. **Phr.** 4. *To look at from head to foot.* Pĕrerro totum vĭrum lumĭnĭbŭs. 2. *To look, see* (= vĭdĕo). *See* **Video**. Fig. 3. *To notice, pay attention to.* Nunc ălĭud ∾-a. *Ter.* [† Vĭdĕo, inspĭcĭo, adverto.] 4. *To look towards*, i. e. *be turned towards.* ∾-ăt ăd Arctos (Pĕlorŭs). ∾-ant pronă terram (ănĭmalĭă, *the brute creation*). *O.* [† Vertŏr, convertŏr, obvertŏr, dirĭgŏr, vergo.] 5. *To judge of.* Tŭum ănĭmum ex ănĭmo ∾-avi mĕo. *Ter.* [† Æstĭmo, judĭco.] 6. *To prove, test.* ∞ aurum ĭn ignĭbŭs. *O.* hŏmĭnem ĭn pĕrĭclis. *Lr.* [† Prŏbo, inspĭcĭo, exploro, æstĭmo.] 7. *To have in view, take into consideration.* Si ăd vĭtŭlam ∾-as, nĭhĭl est quŏd pocŭlă laudes. *V.* [Si ăd &c. spectas = *in regard of, in respect of.*] [† Respĭcĭo.] 8. *To look to for help.* ˘Ad mĕdĭcum ∾-ăt ægĕr. *O.* [† Respĭcĭo.] **Crcl.** ˘In qm orā *or* ŏcŭlos rĕfĕro. 9. *To look with consideration upon.* Vĭr bŏnŭs, quem omnĕ fŏrum ∾-ăt. *H.* [† Suspĭcĭo.] 10. *To belong to, concern. See* **Pertineo**. 11. Pass. *To be seen, looked at.* Vĕnĭunt, ∾-entŭr ŭt ipsæ. *O.* [† Vĭdĕŏr, adspĭcĭŏr, cernŏr, &c.] **Crcl.** ˘Ocŭlos (orā) ĭn me converto *or* defigo. **Phr.** 12. *Used of the acting* or *representation of a play.* Quæ vult spectatā rĕponi (fabŭlā). *H.*

Spĕcŭla, æ. *f.* 1. *A high place commanding extensive views, a watch-tower.* Præceps ăĕrĭi spĕcŭla de montĭs in undas Deflĕrăt. *V.* Dĕdĭt signă e ∾-a custos. *O.* [† Arx, turrĭs, *or* mons, căcumĕn, culmĕn.] 2. ˘In spĕcŭlis. *On high; within ken; on watch.* ˘In ∾-is –summoque ĭn vertĭcĕ montĭs (planĭtĭes jăcĕt). *V.* omnĭs ˘Abydŏs ĕrăt. *O.* sĕdĕt turrĕ sŭprema (Hero). *St.*

Spĕcŭlabĭlĭs, ĕ. *Visible.* Linquĭtŭr eois longe spĕcŭlabĭlĭ proris Sunĭon. *St.*

Spĕcŭlarĭs, ĕ. 1. *Mirror-like; transparent.* [Hence, Specularis lapis. *A kind of transparent stone* (? talc) *used by the ancients as we use panes of glass;* hence—] 2. Spĕcŭlarĭă, um. *n. pl.* = *panes of glass* or *windows.* Spĕcŭlarĭă puros soles admittunt. *M.*

Spĕcŭlatŏr, orĭs. *m.*, *and* **Spĕcŭlatrix**, icĭs. *f. St.* 1. *One who watches* or *observes with care.* Lit. and fig. Quo tu matutinŭs, ĭit, spĕcŭlatŏr ămicæ. *Pp.* ∾ futuri. *Sil.* 2. *A scout, a spy.* Castrā ŭt Dănăum ∾ ădirĕt. *O.* [† Explorator.]

Spĕcŭlŏr, arĭs. 1. *To look around attentively* (us. from a height); *to note, observe* (by careful looking). (Montĭs căcumĕn) Occŭpăt, undĕ sĕdens partes spĕcŭlatŭr ĭn omnes. *O.* Quum me Castălĭa ∾-ans ex arbŏrĕ Phœbŭs. *Pp.* ∾ signorum ŏbĭtus ĕt ortus. *V. See* **Specto**, **Prospicio**, **Suspicio**, **Despecto**. 2. *To spy about, to be on the look-out.* ∾ ĭn omnes partes. *O.* quĭd ĭbĭ ăgatŭr. *Pl.* [† Exploro, circumspĭcĭo, inspecto.]

Spĕcŭlum, i. *n.* *A looking-glass, mirror.* Flet quŏque, ŭt in spĕcŭlo rugas adspexĭt ănĭles. *O.* Consŭlĕrĕ ∾-um sŭum. *O.* **Ep.** Mŭlĭĕbrĕ, vĭtrĕum, argentĕum, aurĕum, lævĕ, pŏlĭtum, nĭtĭdum, nĭtens, mĭcans; æmŭlum, fĭdum, fĭdelĕ. **Crcl.** Spĕcŭli –orbĭs, æquŏr, nĭtŏr, splendŏr. Aurĕă (argentĕă, crystallĭnă) lamĭnă. Spĕcŭli nĭtĭdissĭmŭs orbĭs. Vĭtrĕŭs (crystallĭnŭs) orbĭs. Conăllĭum formæ. **Phr.** 1. *To see oneself reflected in a mirror*, &c. Sĭmĭlem me ĭn adverso spĕcŭli orbĕ (ĭn objecto sp. fulgorĕ, ĭn lævi sp. æquŏrĕ, ĭn lævati sp. nĭtorĕ) *or* ĭn unda (ĭn lympharum spĕcŭlo, ĭn auro, &c.) vĭdĕo. **Phr.** 2. *Of reflections from water.* Fontĭs ăquæ sĭmŭlacrā reddunt. Undā (*ep.* purā, immobĭlĭs) formas (oppŏsĭtas fĭguras) ŏcŭlis *or* spectantĭbŭs reddĭt (exprĭmĭt). **Phr.** 3. *A reflection in a mirror*, &c. Umbrā rĕpercussæ ĭmaginis. **Phr.** 4. *To make a looking-glass of waters.* Consŭlo spectatas fontĭs ăquas.

Spĕcŭs, us. *m.* [**Spĕcŭs.** *n.*, *nom.*, *acc.? only. V. Sil.*] 1. *A cave, cavern.* Est spĕcŭs exesi structura pumĭcis aspĕr. *O.* Quos ăgŏr ĭn spĕcus? *H.* Hic spĕcŭs horrendum. *V.* [† Spelunca, căverna, antrum, &c.] *See* **Antrum**. 2. ∾ Tartărĕŭs, infernŭs, Tænărĭŭs, horrendŭs, &c. *Hell. See* **Inferi**. Fig. 3. *Any hollow place* or *hole.* ∾ vulnĕrĭs. *V.* căpacis alvi. *Ph.* [† Antrum, căverna, căvŭs, hĭatŭs, lăt̆ĕbræ.] 4. ? f. *Enn.* (*ap. Prisc.*)

Spelæum, i. *n.* *A cavern, den.* Inter spelæă fĕrarum Mallĕ pătĭ. *V.* [† Cŭbĭlĕ, lustrā.] *See* **Specus**.

Spelunca, æ. *f.* *A cave, cavern.* Fons săcĕr in mĕdĭo, speluncăquĕ pumĭcĕ pendens. *O.* [† Spĕcŭs, antrum, &c.] *See* **Antrum**.

Spernax, acĭs. *Despising, scornful.* Ductor Piso vĭros spernaces mortĭs ăgebăt. *Sil.* [† Contemptŏr.]

Sperno, ĭs, sprevi, spretum. **1.** *To separate, sever, put away.* Jus atque æquum se a mălis ~-ĭt prŏcŭl. *Enn.* (*apud Non.*) and *Pl. See* Separo. **2.** *To reject, scorn, despise.* Cŏmĭtemnĕ sŏrorem sprevisti mŏrĭens? *V.* ~ vŏluptates; numĭnă. *H.* [¶ Aspernŏr, rejĭcĭo, contemno, &c.] *See* Contemno.

Spero, as. **1.** *To hope.* Ună sălus victis, nullam sperarĕ sălutem. *V.* Sperabam tămĕn, atque &c. *V.* [¶ Confido, exspecto.] **Crcl.** Spes –est, ădest, ostendĭtŭr, affulgĕt. Spem –căpĭo, concĭpĭo, hăbĕo, fŏvĕo, pasco, ălo, ăgĭto, amplectŏr. Spem ănĭmo –fŏvĕo, ăgĭto, haurĭo, &c. Spe –ducŏr, căpĭŏr, accendŏr, trăhŏr, nitŏr. Spe ănĭmum pasco. Spes ănĭmum (mentem) –hăbĕt, sŭbĭt, fŏvĕt, ducĭt, excĭtăt, lĕvăt. Spes mĭhĭ est *or* addĭtŭr; s. me sŭbĭt *or* tĕnĕt. Spem –pono, collŏco, rĕpono ĭn. Spe præsumo. ˘In spem vĕnĭo *or* ingrĕdĭŏr. ˘In spe sum. Spes restăt. Spe plenŭs. Spes pendĕt mĭhĭ ăb &c. Jam spes arrectæ ănĭmo. *See* Spes. **2.** *To give hope. See* Spes. **3.** *To expect, look for with fear.* ~ dŏlorem. *V.* quartanam (de ægris). *J.* [¶ Prævĭdĕo, timĕo.] **4.** *To flatter oneself, to entertain the belief.* ~ mirĭfĭce se essĕ lŏcutum. *Cat.* [¶ Credo, pŭto, rĕŏr, confido.]

Spes, ei. *f.* **1.** *Hope.* Nec mĭhĭ jam pătrĭam antiquam spes ullă vĭdendi. *V.* [¶ Fiducĭă, vŏtă, exspectatĭo.] **Ep.** Blandă, lætă, aurĕă, dulcĭs, magnă, ăvĭdă, ăvară, ingens, immŏdĭcă; lĕvĭs, exĭgŭă, angustă, tĕnŭĭs, timĭdă, anceps, ambĭgŭă, dŭbĭă; anxĭă, sollĭcĭtă, pendŭlă, arrectă; certă, fidă; fallax, falsă, ĭnanĭs, irrĭtă, vană, văcŭă, lubrĭcă, căducă, frăgĭlĭs, credŭlă. **Crcl.** Spes futuri. Fiducĭă rerum. *See* Spero. **Phr.** 1. *To give hope.* Spem –do, addo, făcĭo, admŏvĕo, accendo, ostendo, affĕro, injĭcĭo. Spe implĕo. Spes addĭtă (inductă, accensă) est. Qd spem dŭbĭæ menti (mentĭbŭs anxĭis) rĕducĭt. S. nescĭŏ quam ămico vultu promittĭt. S. sĭnĭs me ferrĕ. **Phr.** 2. *To deprive of hope.* Spem –erĭpĭo, ădĭmo, demo, præcido. **Phr.** 3. *To entertain vain hopes.* Spem vanam (ĭnanem, fallacem) –căpĭo, concĭpĭo, fŏvĕo, &c. ˘Inanes *or* vanas spes ăgĭto. Spe ĭnani (vana, fallaci, văcŭa, mendaci) –ducŏr, căpĭŏr, decĭpĭŏr, ăgŏr, deludŏr, ănĭmum pasco. ˘Anĭmum spes ĭnanĭs hăbĕt (ludĭt, decĭpĭt, ducĭt, versăt). ˘Inanĭă votă fŏvĕo. Mentem vana credŭlĭtăt fŏvĕo. **Phr.** 4. *To lose all hope. See* Despero. **Phr.** 5. *To deceive, disappoint one's hope.* Spem fallo (mentĭŏr, destĭtŭo). Qm vana *or* falsa spe (ĭnani promisso) ludo *or* fallo. Qm falsa spe produco (*to lead him on*). Spem dŭbĭa mŏra trăho (*of hope deferred*). *See* Perjurus. **2.** Sts. *A fearful expectation* or *apprehension.* ~ naufrăgĭi ăbĭt. *L.* nullă nĕcĭs. *St. See* Timor. **3.** *The object of hope.* ~ grĕgĭs (*twin kids*); gentĭs (*the first-year bees*); fidissĭmă Teucrum (*Hector*). *V.*

Sphinx, gis *or* gŏs. *St.*; gă. *acc. Sen. f. The Sphinx of Thebes. C. D.* **Ep.** Trĭformis, callĭdă, versută, ĭniquă, diră, sævă, imprŏbă; dŏlos (ambages) semĭfĕro orĕ nectens; virginĕos rictus crŭorĕ horridă. **Crcl.** Trĭformis Sphinx, vŏlŭcrĭs pennis, pĕdĭbŭs fĕrā, frontĕ pŭellă.

Spica, æ. *f. An ear of corn; and of other plants* (e. g. saffron). Flavă Cĕres tĕnŭes spicis rĕdĭmĭtă căpillos. *O.* ~ Cĭlissă. *O. Pp.* [¶ ˘Aristă.] *See* Messis.

Spicĕus, ă, um. *Of ears of corn.* Spicĕă jam campis quum messĭs ĭnhorrŭĭt. *V.* ~ cŏronă. *O.*

Spicĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing* or *producing ears of corn;* fig. *fertile.* Spicĭfĕrĭsque grăvis bellatŏr ˘Araurĭcŭs oris. *Sil.* [¶ ˘Aristĭfĕr, fertĭlis.]

Spico, as. *To bring to* or *into ear; to bring to a point* or *sharp head; to point.* Quam longa exĭgŭi spicant hastillă dentes! *Grat.* [¶ Inspico.]

Spicŭlum, i. *n.* **1.** *The point* or *head of a javelin.* Hastarum trĕmŭlo quăttĕbat spicŭlă motu. *O.* [¶ Cuspĭs, mucro.] **2.** *A sting* (of a bee, scorpion, &c.). ~-ă cæcă rĕlinquunt. *V.* [¶ Cuspĭs, ăcŭlĕŭs.] **3.** *A javelin, an arrow.* ~-ă converso arcu dirĭgĕrĕ. *V.* letĭfĕra dextra d. *O.* [¶ Săgittă, jacŭlum, telum, &c.] *See* Sagitta. **4.** Fig. *Of Love's darts. O.* [¶ Săgittă, telum.]

Spinā, æ. *f.* **1.** *A thorn, a prickle.* [Used of the hedgehog's. *Plin.*] Et rĭgĕt amissa spinā rĕlĭctā rŏsa. *O.* ~-is păllŭrŭs ăcŭtis. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Rĭbĭs, sentes, vĕpres.] **Ep.** ˘Acută, horrens, aspĕrā. *See* Dumus. **2.** *A fish-bone.* ~-a nŏcŭus non goblŭs ulla. *O.* **3.** *The spine* or *back-bone. V. O.* [¶ Spinæ crates.]

Spinetum, i. *n. A place full of thorns and briars.* Nunc vĭrĭdes ĕtĭam occultant spinetă lăcertos. *V. See* Dumetum.

Spinĕus, ă, um. *Thorny.* Băcŭlumquĕ căpit, quod spinĕă totum Vincŭlă cingebant. *O.*

Spinĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Thorny, bearing thorns.* Spinĭfĕram subter caudam Pistricis ădhæsit. *Cic. Arat.* [¶ Spinosŭs.]

Spinosŭs, ă, um. *Thorny, prickly.* Lit. and fig. Quam quum spinosis ignis supponĭtŭr herbis. *O.* Sĕrĕrĕ ~-as curas ĭn pectŏrĕ. *Cat.* [¶ Spinĭfĕr, spinĕŭs, aspĕr, ăcŭtŭs, &c.] *See* Dumosus, Acutus.

Spinŭs, i. *f. The sloe-tree.* Eduramquĕ pĭrum, et spinos jam prunā fĕrentes. *V.*

Spirā, æ. *f.* **1.** *A spiral* or *circular line.* Ingenti spira totum præcingĭt ŏlympum (*of a celestial circle*). *Manil. See* Circulus. **2.** *A coil, a fold.* ˘In ~-am se collĭgĭt anguis. *V.* ~-is lĭgat: ingentĭbŭs (*of serpents' coils*). *V.* [¶ Orbis, flexŭs, gyrŭs, vŏlumĕn, nodŭs.] **3.** *The tie of a hat* or *cap, fastening under the chin. J.* **4.** Pl. *Evolutions of troops* (= orbes). *Enn.*

Spirabĭlis, ĕ. *That can be breathed.* Per sŭpĕros, atque hoc cœli spirabĭlĕ lumĕn. *V.*

Spiracŭlum, i. *n. A vent-hole, a breathing-hole.* Hic spĕcŭs horrendum, sævi spiracŭlă Dĭtis. *V.* Nĭtĭdi ~-ă fontis. *V. Fl.* [¶ Fauces, os, hiatŭs.]

Spiramĕn, ĭnis. *n.* **1.** *A vent-hole, spiracle;* sp. *an opening* or *passage for the breath.* Tali spirmĭnĕ Nesĭs Emittit Stygĭum nĕbŭlosis sævā saxis. *L.* Ampŭtarĕ ~-ĭnĭ naris. *L.* [¶ Spiramentum, spiracŭlum, spirandi vĭă.] **2.** *Respiration, breath-taking, breathing.* Lăcessitŭs longo ~-ĭnis actu. *Cl. See* Spiritus. **3.** *An emanating influence.* Rĕtĭnerĕ ~-ĭnĕ Arcădiæ virgo (caduceĭ). *St.* [¶ Aurā, afflatŭs.] **4.** *Used of the flaring* (the flame) *of fire.* Rĕflĭcĕrĕ ~-ĭnā fessi ignis. *St.* [¶ Flammă; *sts.* (*fig.*) ănĭmā, vitā.]

Spiramentum, i. *n.* = spiramĕn. Seu plures cālŏr illĕ vĭas et cæcā rĕlaxăt Spiramentā. *V.* Rumpĕrĕ ~-ă ănĭmæ vulnĕrĕ. *V.*

Spirans, tis. *part. See* Spiro. **1.** *Blowing* (of wind). Usquĕ sŭb adventum spirantis lenĕ făvoni. *O.* **2.** *Sweet-smelling* (breathing forth a sweet smell). ~-is coplā thymbræ. *V. See* Odorus. **3.** *Yet living* (breathing). ~-ĭă consŭlĭt extā. *V. See* Vivus. Fig. **4.** *Used of pictures and statues executed to the life.* ~-ĭă ærā; signā. *V.* [¶ Vivŭs, verŭs.] **5.** *Hearing, tossing, working* (of the sea). Fervĕt frĕtis ~-ĭbŭs æquŏr. *V.* **6.** Tr. *Breathing out* or *forth.* ~-es ignem narĭbŭs (æqui). *V.*

Spirĭtŭs, us. *m.* **1.** *A breath of air, a breeze, wind.* Ac vĕlŭt Edoni bŏrĕæ quum spirĭtŭs alto Insŏnăt Ægæo. *V.* [¶ Flatŭs, ănĭmā, flabrum, aurā.] *See* Ventus. **2.** *A breath, the fetching*

of breath, a sigh breathed. Huic ∾ orĭs obsŭltŭr. *V.* ∾ In lăcrĭmis surgĕt. *Pp.* [† Halĭtŭs, ănhelĭtŭs, ănĭmă, flatŭs, flamĕn, spiramĕn, spiramentum, respiramĕn.] **Crel.** Orĭs spirĭtŭs *or* ănhelĭtŭs. Ætherĭs haustŭs. **3.** *The breath of life, life; the spirit, soul.* Dum ∾ hos rĕgĕt artus. *V.* ∾ -u culpam lŭĕrĕ. *Ph.* ∾ mortĕ cărĕns. *O.* [† ˘Anĭmă, ănĭmŭs, vită.] **4.** Sts. *An odour.* ∾ unguenti. *Lr. See* ODOR. **5.** *Inspiration.* ∾ Graiæ Cămenæ. *H.* [† Flatŭs, affiatŭs.] **6.** *Spirit, mind* (as opposed to matter). ∾ intŭs ălĭt (lunam ĕt astrĕ). *V.* [† Mens.] **7.** *Spirit, high spirit;* and gen. *disposition, character of mind.* Hæsisti: cĕcĭdĭt ∾ illĕ tŭŭs. *Pp.* ∾ mĭnax; sŭperbŭs. *L.* ăvĭdŭs. *H.* [† ˘Anĭmŭs *or* ănĭmi.] *See* SUPERBIA, &c.

SPIRO, as. **1.** Intr. *To blow* (of wind). Letĭfĕris călĭdi spirarunt flatĭbŭs austri. *O.* [† Adspiro, flo.] **2.** *To breathe* (of the action of the lungs). [† Respiro.] **3.** *To beat with life; to live, be alive.* Lit. and fig. ∾ -ăt Pĕrĭs Œnone rĕlicta. *O.* ădhuc ămŏr (Æŏlĭæ pŭellæ). *H.* [† Vivo.] Hence—**4.** *To toss, heave in commotion* (of the sea). Qua vădă non ∾ -ant &c. *V.* [† Tŭmĕo.] **5.** *To breathe, to live* (of a picture, &c.). ∾ -ăt ˘Apellea reddĭtŭs artĕ. *M. See* SPIRANS. **6.** *To issue out* (in breathing); *to gush out.* ∾ -ăt e pectŏrĕ flammă. *O.* fons dulcĭs ăquai. *Lr.* [† Exĕo, erumpo.] **7.** *To smell sweet* (breathe a sweet breath). ∾ ŏdoratis florĭbŭs (de aris). *V. Fl.* **8.** *To countenance, encourage, favour.* ∾ -ăt Cynthĭă nobis. *Pp. See* ADSPIRO. **9.** *To breathe forth* (have) *such and such sentiments;* sp. *to aspire; to have high, aspiring thoughts and intentions.* ∾ immanĕ. *V.* altum. *St.* trăgĭcum. *H.* Magnum ∾ -amŭs ămantes. *Pp.* **10.** Tr. *To breathe out, exhale.* Lit. and fig. ∾ sulfŭr pectŏrĕ. *Cl.* tĕnŭem ănĭmam. *V. Fl.* [† Exspiro, exhalo, ejĭcĭo, ejecto, emitto, mitto, effio, profio, vŏmo, evŏmo, eructo, reddo.] **11.** *To breathe out an odour.* ∾ divinum ŏdorem vertĭce (de cŏmis ambrŏsĭis). *V.* [† Exhalo, halo, ŏlĕo, rĕdŏlĕo, &c.] *See* OLEO. Also—**12.** *To breathe out any particular passion, &c., subject, &c., as being full of it.* ∾ -ant præcordĭă Phœbum. *Cl.* ∾ fratrĭs ingentĭă factă. *Cl.* [πνέειν ˘Αρη. *Æsch.* φυσᾶν πόλεμον. *Aristoph.*] **13.** *To resemble to the life, to set vividly before one.* ∾ -ăt fratrem In armis. *Sil.* Mĭnervam ŏpŭs. *Cl.* [† Rĕfĕro, testŏr.] **14.** *To give forth, send out from one.* ∾ ămores. *H.*

SPISSESCO, ĭs. *To thicken, grow thick.* Fecĭt, ŭt antĕ, cĕvam, dŏcŭi, spissescĕrĕ nubem. *Lr.* [† Spissŏr.]

SPISSO, as. *To thicken, make thick; to press* or *make close.* Ergo ăcĭes tantæ parvum spissantŭr In orbem. *L.* [† Densĕo, cogo, &c.] *See* DENSEO.

SPISSŬS, ă, um. *Thick, dense, crowded, compact.* Quæ nobis durata ac spissă vĭdentur. *Lr.* ∾ ărenă. *V.* ∾ -æ cŏronæ (*of people*). *H.* ∾ -lŏr ignĭs. *L.* [† Spissatŭs, densŭs, densatŭs.]

SPLEN, enĭs. *m.* (σπλήν.) *The spleen.* Quid fĭcĭam? sed sum pĕtŭlanti splenĕ cĕchinno. *Pers.*

SPLENDĔO, es, ŭi. *To shine, to be bright* or *resplendent.* Lit. and fig. Telum, splendenti lancĕă ferro. *O.* ∾ -ĕt fŏcŭs. *H.* sub lumĭnĕ pontŭs. *V.* Lăcænæ ădultĕræ hospes (Pĕrĭs). *H.* [† Resplendĕo, fulgĕo, rĕfulgĕo, nĭtĕo, mĭco.] *See* FULGEO, LUCEO.

SPLENDESCO, ĭs. *To begin to shine, to grow bright,* or *brighten.* Vidĭmŭs Ætnæa cœlum splendescĕrĕ flamma. *O.* Attrĭtŭs ∾ vomĕr (incĭpĭăt). *V.* [† Fulgesco, nĭtesco, lucesco.] *See* SPLENDEO.

SPLENDĬDE. *Brightly, nobly, gloriously.* Perjurum fŭĭt In pĕrentem Splendĭde mendax. *H.*

SPLENDĬDŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Splendid, bright, brilliant.* Splendĭdĭor lĭquĭdis quum sol căpŭt extŭlĭt undis. *Tib.* ∾ pallă. *O.* Fons ∾ -lŏr vĭtro. *H.* [† Splendens, fulgens, fulgĭdŭs, &c.] *See* FULGIDUS. **2.** *Splendid, rich, magnificent.* ∾ regali luxu dŏmŭs. *V.* regali gaza d. *Cat.* [† Nĭtĭdŭs, lautŭs, &c.] **3.** Fig. *Illustrious, famous, of brilliant name,* &c. ∾ famă. *Pp.* ∾ -ă mĭlĭtĭæ factă. *O.* [† Præclarŭs, illustrĭs, insignĭs, &c.] *See* CELEBER.

SPLENDŎR, orĭs. *m. Brightness, lustre.* Lit. and fig. Atque ŏcŭlos in se splendŏr ŭterquĕ trăhĭt. *O.* [† Fulgŏr, nĭtŏr, &c.] *See* FULGOR, DECUS.

SPLENIATŬS, ă, um. *Plastered, having a patch on.* Cur splenĭato sæpĕ prodĕam mento. *M.*

SPLENIUM, ĭi. *n. A plaster* or *patch.* Et nŭmĕrosă lĭnunt stellantem splenĭă frontem. *M.*

SPŎLIATŎR, orĭs. *m., and* SPŎLIATRIX, īcĭs. *f. M. A robber, a plunderer.* Quum pŏpŭlum grĕgĭbus cŏmĭtum prĕmăt hic spŏlĭatŏr Pupilli. *J.*

SPŎLIATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SPOLIO. Used also adj. *Deprived of, destitute, without.* Quŏnĭam spŏlĭată măgistro est (navis). *V.* ∾ corpŭs lumĭnĕ. *V.* [† Privatŭs, orbatŭs, exutŭs, excussŭs, expers, &c.] *See* CARENS.

SPŎLIO, as. **1.** *To strip a person of his clothes, arms,* &c. Addĭt ĕquos et telă, quĭbus spŏlĭavĕrăt hostem. *V.* ∾ cădavĕr. *L.* victum. *O.* [† Exspŏlĭo, nudo, denudo, exŭo.] **2.** *To pillage, plunder.* ∾ templă răpina. *L.* aras. *V.* [† Exspŏlĭo, prædŏr, dirĭpĭo.] *See* SPOLIUM. **3.** Gen. *To deprive a person* (acc.) *of any thing* (abl.); or abs. *to leave destitute* (by stripping, &c.). ∾ lucum ramo ŏpaco; qm vita. *O.* Funĕrĕ felici ∾ -ŏr. *V.* [† Nudo, privo, orbo, exŭo, excŭtĭo, ejĭcĭo; *with acc.* aufĕro, răpĭo, ădĭmo, tollo, erĭpĭo.]

SPŎLIUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *The skin of an animal stripped off* (and worn). Illă fĕræ spŏlĭum, pignŭs ămorĭs, hăbĕt. *O.* Vestirĕ corpŭs pellĭbŭs, ĕt spŏlĭis fĕrarum. *Lr.* [† Exŭvĭæ, pellĭs.] **2.** Us. pl. *Spoils* (of armour, &c.) *taken from the enemy; spoil, booty.* Turnŭs ŏvăt ∾ -o (baltĕo). *V.* Prædæ ĕt ∾ -orum ămŏr. *V.* [† Exŭvĭæ.] Ep. Bellĭcă, hostillă, ŏpimă, amplă, ŏpŭlentă, raptă, ereptă, ădemptă, partă, crŭentă. **Crel.** Bellorum exŭvĭæ. Hostillĭs gazĕ *or* sŭpellex. **Phr.** *To return laden with spoil.* Spŏlĭă *or* exŭvĭas -fĕro, rĕfĕro, ădĭmo, căpĭo, răpĭo, detrăho, lĕgo, erĭpĭo. Spŏlĭă ex hostĕ fĕro *or* rĕfĕro. S. victo *or* deleto ex hostĕ rĕfĕro. Spŏlĭis ŏnustŭs (dĕcŏratŭs, insignĭs, ornatŭs, auctŭs, sŭperbŭs, ditatŭs) sum *or* rĕdĕo. Spŏlĭis (exŭvĭis, præda) -pŏtĭŏr, gaudĕo, ŏvo, exsulto. Exŭvĭis *or* exŭvĭas indutŭs rĕdĕo.

SPONDĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A bedstead; a bed; a couch.* Tŏrŭs est de mollĭbŭs ulvis Impŏsĭtus lecto, sponda pĕdĭbusquĕ sălignis. *O.* Reginā se compŏsŭit ∾ -a. *V. See* LECTUS. **2.** *A bier. M. See* SANDAPILA.

SPONDÆŬS. *See* SPONDEUS.

SPONDĔO, es, spŏpondi, sponsum. [SPONDĔŎ. *V. See* 2.] **1.** *To answer for a person, be responsible for him* (in law). Et sponderĕ lĕvi pro paupĕrĕ. *H.* **2.** Intr. and tr. *To give a formal promise, to give assurance of.* Spondĕŏ dignă tŭis ingentĭbŭs omnĭă cœptis. *V.* ∾ cĕlĕres rĕcursus; fĭdem. *O.* [† Pollĭcĕŏr, promitto, &c.] **3.** Sp. = despondĕo. *To promise in marriage. Pl. See* D.

SPONDEŬS, i. *m. A spondee, a metrical foot of two long syllables.* Spondeos stăbĭles in jurĕ pĕternă rĕcepĭt. *H.*

SPONDŸLŬS, *or* SPHONDŸLŬS, i. *m. The hard white in an oyster.* Roseos tĕpenti spondŷlos sĭnu condĭt. *M.*

SPONGĬA, æ. *f. A sponge.* Ut lĕvĭs accepta spongĭă turgĕt ăqua. *M.* and *Lr.* **Ep.** Lĕvĭs, mollis, bĭbŭlă, udă, humens, humĭdă; tŭmens, tŭmĭdă, turgĭdă.

SPONSA. *f. See* SPONSUS.

SPONSALIA, ĭum. *adj. n. pl. used subst. Espousals.* Dictatis ăb ĕo fecĭ sponsalĭă verbis. *O.*

SPONSĬŎ, onis. *f. A wager.* Spectant jŭvĕnes, quos clamŏr ĕt audax Sponsĭŏ, quos cultæ &c. *J.*

SPONSŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. Sp. *One who contracts a marriage, and is surety to the fulfilment of it.* Qui mĭhĭ conjŭgĭ sponsŏr ĕt obsĕs ĕrăt. *O.* 2. Gen. *A surety.* Romæ ~-em me răpĭs. *H.* [¶ Præs, obsĕs, vās.]

SPONSUS, ă, um. *part. See* SPONDEO. Hence—1. Sponsŭs, i. *m. A suitor; a betrothed husband.* ~-i Penĕlŏpes. *H. See* PROCUS. Hence—2. *A husband.* ~-os pŏtŭerĕ ferro perdĕrĕ (Danăĭdĕs). *H. See* MARITUS. 3. Sponsă, æ. *f. A betrothed wife. H.* [¶ Desponsă, pactă.] **Crcl.** Desponsă pŭellă. Virgo pactă *or* thălămis dictă. Hence—4. *A wife.* Quem sponsæ turpes &c. *J. See* UXOR.

SPONTĔ. *abl. from obs.* Spons, *used adv.* 1. *Of one's own free will, of one's own accord* (freq. with mĕa, tŭa, sŭa, &c.). Spontĕ sŭa sandyx pascentes vestĭĕt agnos. *V.* ˘Ad terram non spontĕ flŭens. *V.* [¶ Ultro, lĭbentĕr; ipsĕ, vŏlens, lĭbens.] **Crcl.** Pĕr se. Non invitŭs. Nullo cogentĕ. ˘Anĭmis volentĭbŭs. *Sts.* Spontĕ ultroquĕ. Nullis hŏmĭnum cogentĭbŭs. *V.* Ipsĕ vŏlens făcĭlisquĕ. 2. With gen. *By the will* or *permission, with the good will.* ~ dŭcum. *L.* dĕi. *V. Fl.* făventis hĕri. *Sil.*

SPORTĂ, æ. *f. A basket.* Dum lŏquŏr, ecce rĕdit sporta piscatŏr ĭnani. *M. See* CANISTRUM.

SPORTŬLA, æ. *f., dim. of* Sporta. *A little basket* (in which presents of meat, money, &c., used to be sent by great men to their clients). ˘Arundĭnem fert, sportŭlamque, ĕt hamŭlum piscarĭum. *Pl.* Dat Baiană mĭhi quadrantes sportŭlă centum. *M.*

SPRETŎR, orĭs. *m. A despiser.* Utquĕ dĕorum Spretŏr ĕrăt mentisquĕ fĕrax &c. *O. See* CONTEMPTOR.

SPUMA, æ. *f.* 1. *Foam, froth.* Velă dăbant læti, et spumas sălis ærĕ rŭebant. *V.* ~-as ăgĕrĕ orĕ. *V.* **Ep.** Albă, albens, candens, candĭdă, concretă, tŭmĭdă, tŭmens, sparsă. **Crcl.** Spumĕŭs imbĕr (humŏr, lĭquŏr). Spumans undă. ˘Aquæ canæ. Canŭs *or* cani fluctŭs. Mărĭs (ponti) adspergo *or* canĭtĭes. Salsă adspergo. Albentes nimbi. Nĭvĕŭs sălis lĭquŏr. Ponti -vĕnenum, virŭs. *See* SPUMO. 2. ~ argenti. *Litharge of silver. V.* 3. ~ Bătavă, caustĭcă. *An essence for dyeing the hair red.* ~ caustĭcă Teutŏnĭcos căpillos accendĭt; Bătavă Lătĭna cŏmas mutăt. *M.*

SPUMATŬS, us. *m. A foaming, foam.* Anguĭs ăbundăt Spumatu: jungam ipsĕ mănus &c. *St.*

SPUMESCO, is. *To begin to foam.* At si nostrŭ tŭo spumescant æquŏrĕ remo. *O. See* SPUMO.

SPUMĔŬS, ă, um. *Full of foam, covered with foam.* Non sic aggĕrĭbus ruptis quem spumĕŭs amnis Exĭit. *V.* ~ Nereus. *V.* fumĕt ăpĕr. *M.* [¶ Spumans, spumosŭs, spumĭfĕr, spumĭgĕr. **Crcl.** Spuma *or* spumis -oblĭtŭs, illĭtŭs, candens, albens, sparsŭs, perfusŭs. *See* SPUMO.

SPUMĬFĔR, *and* SPUMĬGĔR, ĕră, ĕrum. *Foaming.* Spumĭfĕroquĕ tŭum fonti, qua plurĭmŭs exĭt, Subdĕ căput. *O.* Spumĭgĕri sŭĭs adventu. *Lr. See* SPUMEUS.

SPUMĬGĔR. *See* SPUMIFER.

SPUMO, as. 1. Intr. *To foam, throw out foam, be covered with foam.* Objectæ salsa spumant adspergĭnĕ cautes. *V.* ~-ăt ubĕrĕ mulctrā. *V.* nŏvis hăbenis (ĕquŏs). *L.* [¶ Spumesco.] **Crcl.** Spumam *or* spumas -fundo, effundo, spargo, ejĭcio, emitto, ăgo, vŏmo, attollo. Spuma *or* spumis -spargŏr, perfundŏr, albesco, albĕo, candeo, incanesco, oblĭnŏr, æstŭo, fœdŏr, inquĭnŏr. Spumă flŭĭt (æstŭăt, fervĕt). Spumas orĕ fundit. **Phr.** 1. *Of the foaming of the sea.* Cærŭlă cum fluctu spumant. Spumis mărĕ incanŭĭt. Canĭtĭe emotă mărĭs. Pontŭs In culmĭnă spumăt. Cumnent saxă adspergĭnĕ ponti. **Phr.** 2. *Of the foam of the mouth.* Spumă -fĕræ rictus circumflŭĭt;—pĕr armos flŭĭt. **Phr.** 3. *Of boiling matters.* (Fervĕt ĕt exsultăt) spumisquĕ sŏnantĭbŭs albĕt. *O.* 2. Tr. ~ oblivĭă sŏporatis lĭquis (de Plutonis ĕquis). *Cl.*

SPUMOSŬS, ă, um. *Foaming, frothy.* Lit. and fig. Inter saxă, vĭrum spumosa immersĭrĕăt unda. *V.* ~ carmĕn (*frothy*). *Pers. See* SPUMEUS.

SPŬO, is, i. Intr. and tr. *To spit, to spit out.* Quum vĕnĭt, et terram sicco spŭĭt orĕ vlator. *V.* [¶ Exspŭo, sputo, despŭo, scrĕo, exscrĕo; to eject, eructo, vŏmo.] *See* VOMO.

SPURCĬTIA, æ, *and* SPURCĬTIES, ei. *f.* 1. *Dirtiness, dirt.* Spurcĭtĭes ĕădem porcis hæc mutĭa vĭdetŭr. *Lr. See* SORDES. 2. Fig. *Profligacy. Lr.*

SPURCO, as. *To befoul, defile.* Lit. and fig. Tŭ cană sĕnectus Spurcata impuris morĭbus intĕrĕăt. *Cat.* [¶ Fœdo, pollŭo, &c.] *See* POLLUO.

SPURCŬS, ă, um. 1. *Filthy, foul.* Lit. and fig. Sordĭdĭus nĭhĭl est, nĭhĭl est te spurcĭŭs uno. *M.* [¶ Immundŭs, sordĭdŭs, fœdŭs (*see* SORDIDUS): *fig.* pollutŭs, impurŭs, fœdŭs, &c.] Fig. 2. = impŭdicŭs. *M. See* I. 3. *Base, low, mean. H. M.* 4. *Of bad smell.* Res ~-æquĕ grăvesquĕ infestant sensus. *Lr. See* FŒTIDUS.

SPUTO, as. *freq. of* Spuo. Intr. and tr. *To spit, to spit out.* Cumque atro mixtos sputantem sanguĭnĕ dentes. *O.*

SPUTUM, i. *n. Spittle.* Sputăquĕ per dentes ire crŭentă căvos. *Pp.* [¶ Sălivă, pytismă.] **Ep.** Crassum, pinguĕ, turpĕ, fœdum, sordĭdum. *See* CONSPUO.

SQUALENS, tis. *part. See* SQUALEO. Used also adj.; *and* SQUALIDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Used of the unevenness produced by layers, coatings, scales,* or *any thing encrusting, overlaying, or apparently overlaying a surface; and so sometimes to be rendered, rough, rugged,* &c.; *and hence* not *even of surfaces on which colour is laid. See* SQUALEO. Per tŭnĭcam squalentem auro lātus haurĭt ăpertum. *V.* Scillĭcĕt essĕ glŏbosă, quum squalĭdă constent. *Lr.* Cærŭlĕŭs măcŭlis auro ~-ĭbŭs (*like scales of gold*). *Sil.* Vivo ~-ĭă murĭcĕ tergă. *Cl.* [¶ Aspĕr, scăbĕr, horrens, horrĭdŭs; *sts.* obductŭs, tectŭs.] 2. *Soiled* (overlaid with dirt, &c.); *foul, unseemly from neglect,* &c. ~-ens clypĕŭs. *Cl.* ~-ĭă textă therăcum (sc. rubigĭnĕ). *St.* ~-es pulvĕrĕ vestes. *L.* Neglectă ĕt squalĭdă crŭrā. *J.* [¶ Sordidŭs, &c.] *See* S. Hence—3. *Used of persons wearing coarse* or *soiled garments, as mourners,* &c. Squalentĕ cultu mœstŭs. *Sen.* Squalĭdŭs ăd sŭpĕros tendens orā mănusquĕ (rĕŭs). *O.* [¶ Sordidŭs, incultŭs, incomptŭs, neglectŭs.] Hence also—4. *Used of any thing having an undressed, neglected, forbidding look with it; of overgrown, neglected,* or *parched-up lands; of overcast, 'dirty' weather,* &c. Squalĭdă (hŭmŭs) humanis ossĭbŭs albĕt. *O.* ~-ĭbŭs arvis Lĭbyes. *L.* Squalĭdă arvă (*parched up*). *Sil.* ~-es umbræ. *Sil.* Squalentĕ dĭe. *St.* nubĕ ~-um jŭbăr. *Sen.*

SQUALĔO, es. 1. *Used* (squaleo, squalidus, &c.), *in the first and proper signification of the words*

in Latin poetry, of any thing the surface of which is in layers or *scales, coated* or *raised*, or *appearing to be so; and so, rough, rugged, stiffened.* Filăquē concreto cogit squalerē mĕtallo (*to be overlaid and stiff with*). *Cl.* Squalĕt (In clўpĕo) trĭplĭci ramosă cŏrona Hydrā (*stands out*). *St.* [† Horrĕo.] Hence—**2.** *Used of that on which colour of any kind is laid, and from which it stands out, as it were;* or *of that on which any matter is smeared.* Squalent tergă murĭcĕ. *Cl.* auro măcŭlæ anguĭs. *Sil.* vĕnenis telă. *O.* **3.** *Used more commonly of any surface overlaid with dirt, soiled,* or *having the marks of neglect upon it.* Squalent musco fastigĭă. *O.* sceptrā sĭtu. *Cl.* ~-ĕt barbā arenti crūorē. *Sil.* *See* SQUALENS (2). [† Sordĕo, sordesco, horrĕo.] **Crcl.** Sum –sordĭdŭs, squallĭdŭs, immundŭs, obscenŭs. Sordĭbŭs *or* squalorē –adspergŏr, conspergŏr, infĭcĭŏr, fœdŏr, horrĕo, pallĕo, sum obsĭtŭs (fœdŭs, ătēr, deformĭs, turpĭs). Sĭtu squalĕo *or* pallĕo. Hence—**4.** Gen. *Used of all things not* lævia *and* nitida [only, for such of these as 'tantum ab asperitate spectantur,' the word horreo is the more appropriate. See Heyne ad *V. G.* iv. 91]; e. g. *of persons wearing coarse* or *soiled garments, as mourners,* &c.; *of any thing of a neglected, wretched, forbidding aspect;* sp. *of lands neglected and uncultivated,* or *parched up.* ~-ĕt hŭmŭs serpentĭbŭs atris. *O.* mundŭs Phăĕthontea făvilla. *St.* ~-ent arvă abductis cŏlonis. *V.* *See* SQUALENS (4), SQUALOR, HORREO, AREO.

SQUALĬDŬS, ă, um. *See* SQUALENS.

SQUALŎR, ōris. *m.* **1.** *Roughness, ruggedness, unevenness of surface* (either from its own nature, or from being overlaid). Non ălĭquo sĭnĕ matĕrĭæ squalorē rĕperta est. *Lr.* Tūnĭcas chălўbum ~-ē crĕpantes. *St.* [† Aspĕrĭtas.] *See* SQUALENS, SQUALEO. **2.** *Dirtiness, personal uncleanness and squalidness; the dirt and filth itself of long neglect.* Terrĭbĭli ~-ē Chăron. *V.* ~, tĭnĕæ, omnĭă cædunt. *Lucil.* [† Sordes, sĭtŭs, &c.] *See* SORDES. **3.** *The appearance given to mourners, suppliants,* &c., *by their soiled* or *mean garments and neglected persons.* ~-ē tŭos ĭmĭtatā lăbores. *O.* ~ orantum. *Sil.* rĕi. *J.* [† Sordes, sĭtŭs.] *See* LUCTUS. **4.** *The aspect presented by places, lands,* &c., *neglected and overgrown.* [† Sĭtŭs.] *See* S. **5.** Gen. *A miserable, forbidding appearance* or *state of things.* ˘Erĕbi ~. *Cl.* [† Horrŏr.]

SQUAMĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *The scale of a fish, serpent,* &c. Arrectisque horret squamis, et sibĭlăt orē. *V.* **Ep.** Aspĕrā, durā, crĕpĭtans, nĭtĭdā, fulgens, mĭcans. **Crcl.** Squamosum tegmĕn. Squamosā pellĭs *or* cūtĭs. Squamarum –nexŭs, ordo, sĕrĭes. Hence—**2.** *A shell-fish. J.* [† Conchylē, ostrĕum.] **3.** Fig. *The scale of a coat of mail.* Dūplĭci ~-a fĭdelĭs (lorică). *V.*

SQUAMĔŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Scaly.* Squamĕă convolvens sublato pectŏrē tergă. *V.* *See* SQUAMOSUS. **2.** *Clad in a scale-coat of mail.* ~ auro. *Cl.*

SQUAMĬFĔR. *L.,* *and* SQUAMĬGĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. **1.** *Scaly.* Squamĭgĕrĭs ăvĭdos figĭt cervicĭbŭs ungues. *O.* *See* SQUAMOSUS. **2.** Squamĭgĕri, orum. *m. pl.;* Squamĭgĕrā gens, &c. *Fish, fishes.* Nam quo squamĭgĕri pŏtĕrunt procedĕrē tandem? *Lr.*

SQUAMOSŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Scaly.* Squamosusquē drăco, et fulva cervicē lĕænā. *V.* [† Squamĕŭs, squamĭfĕr, squamĭgĕr.] **Crcl.** Squamis –tectŭs, contectŭs, obductŭs, horrens, armatŭs, munitŭs, defensŭs. **Phr.** Squamis artus velantĭbŭs. **2.** Fig. *Husky, dry and rough.* ~-is aspĕrā linguis (orā). *L.* [† Scăbĕr, scăbĭosŭs.]

SQUILLĂ, æ. *f.* *A squill, a kind of shell-fish.* ~-æ maxĭmā turbā sŭmŭs. *M.* *See also* SCILLA.

STĂBĬLĬO, is. **1.** *To make stable* or *steady.* Semĭtā nullā pĕdem stăbĭlĭbăt. *Enn.* (*apud Cic.*) ~ quassas turres. *Sen.* [† Firmo, fulcĭo, constĭtŭo.] **2.** Fig. *To establish firmly.* ~ regnum. *Pl.*

STĂBĬLĬS, ĕ. **1.** *Firm, fast, stable.* Quæ mănĕat stăbĭli, quum fŭgĭt illā, pĕdĕ. *O.* Illā vĕlŭt mĕdĭo ~ sĕdĕt instŭlā ponto (de navi). *O.* [† Firmŭs.] **2.** Fig. *Fixed, lasting, unchangeable.* ~-i fundamento mānerē (de fortuna). *Lr.* pŏtĭerē sălutē. *O.* *See* FIRMUS.

STĂBŬLĂTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* STABULOR. *Dwelling in a stable.* Isĭ, Phŏrŏncis quondam stăbŭlatā sŭb antris. *St.*

STĂBŬLO, as, *and* STĂBŬLŎR, ăris. *d.* *To have a stand* or *abode somewhere* (of animals); *to feed, keep, haunt, live,* &c.; sp. *to stand in a stable* or *stall.* Nec mos bellantes (tauros) una stăbŭlarē; sĕd altĕr &c. *V.* Multæ ~-antŭr In antris (pĕcŭdes). *O.* ~ Centauros unaquē fĕrunt Cyclopăs In Ætna. *St.*

STĂBŬLUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A stable, stand, stall, fold,* &c. (for herded animals.) Cogĕrē jussĭt ŏves stăbŭlis, nŭmĕrumquē rĕferri. *O.* [† Præsepē, septum, mandrā; *sts.* bŭbĭlē, ŏvilē, caulă.] **Ep.** Amplum, ingens; clausum, tutum, munitum; ŏpimum, pinguē; tĕpens, tĕpĭdum, fumans; turpē, sordĭdum, immundum. **Crcl.** Stăbŭli –claustrā, septā, tectā, hospĭtĭum. Pĕcŏrum dŏmŭs. **2.** Pl. *The herds and flocks themselves.* Stăbŭlis ĕt messĭbŭs irā dĕum incŭbŭlt. *V. Fl.* *See* ARMENTUM, GREX. **3.** *The usual haunt* or *home of any creature* (*e. g.* of bees). (Silvă) ~-ă altā fĕrarum. *V.* Absint &c. pinguĭbŭs a ~-is (*the hives*). *V.* **4.** *An inn. M.* [† Deversorĭum, cauponă.]

STACTĂ, æ, *and* STACTE, es. *f.* *Oil of myrrh.* Sicŭt ămarĭcĭni blandum stactæquē lĭquorem. *Lr.*

STĂDĬUM, ĭi. *n.* *A race-course;* and fig. *a course of study.* ˘Aberō fŏro, pălæstra, stădĭo, et gymnasĭis. *Cat.* Emendarē ănĭmum ~-is Plătonis. *Pp.* [† Currĭcŭlum, spătĭă, circŭs.]

STAGNATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* STAGNO. *Under water.* ~-ă păludĭbŭs hument. *O.* [† Stagnosŭs.]

STAGNO, as. **1.** Of waters when they overflow. *To be a lake* or *standing water, to form a lake.* &c.; hence, *to overflow.* Accŏlĭt effuso stagnantem flumĭnē Nilum. *V.* [† Restagno, exundo, exspătĭŏr, excurro, effundŏr, sŭperfundŏr.] **Phr.** Campo jăcĕt undă. Ripas amnĭs –perdĭt; —gurgĭtē laxăt. **2.** Of places. *To be overflowed, to be under water.* ~ păludĭbŭs orbem (vĭdĕt). *O.* [† Năto, Inundo, obrŭŏr, &c.]

STAGNOSŬS, ă, um. *Full of standing water.* Stagnosi spectat templumquē dŏmosquē Lĭterni. *Sil.*

STAGNUM, i. *n.* **1.** *Any standing water, pool, marsh,* &c. ~-ă vĭrentĭă musco. *V.* Sŭpĕr ~-i ripam consistĕrē. *O.* [† Lăcŭs; *sts.* pălus.] **Ep.** Altum, prŏfundum, cærŭlĕum, nĭtĭdum, purum, lĭquĭdum, perspĭcŭum, vĭtrĕum; rĭgŭum, gĕlĭdum, tăcĭtum, sĭlens; pĭgrum, segnē. **Crcl.** Stagnă tăcentĭs ăquæ. Undă pĭgro lăcu stŭpens. *See* PALUS. **2.** Freq. pl. *The waters* (sp. the deep waters) *of the sea.* ~-ă rĕfusă imis vădis; Euripi. *O.* ~ rŭbri prŏfundi. *L.* *See* MARE. **3.** *The waters of a river.* Stagnă Pactoli; Tăgi; Tĭmavi. *Cl.*

STAMĔN, Inĭs. *n.* **1.** *The thread of a spindle.* Lævĭă versato ducentem stamĭnă fuso. *O.* [† Filum.] *See* FILUM, NEO. **2.** *The thread of the Fates.* ~-ă natalis nostri. *O.* *See* PARCÆ. **3.** *The thread of the warp of the ancient upright*

loom; any thread (*e. g. of* Ariadne. *Pp.* of a spider's web). ~-ĭ purpŭrĕæ sŏcĭavĕrĭt ārĭē telæ. *St.* [† Lĭcĭē, subtemĕn; filum.] 4. *Any thing made* or *woven of thread; cloth, clothes,* &c. Serum prĕcĭoso ~-ĭ velāt. *Cl.* ~-ĭ vĭnctĭ cŏmas (*a fillet*). *Pp.* [† Telā, &c.] *See* VESTIS. 5. *The string of an instrument.* Sollĭcĭtarĕ ~-ĭ docto pollĭcĕ. *O.* [† Filum, chordā.]

STAMĬNĔUS, ă, um. *Consisting of threads; of thread.* Stamĭnĕa rhombi ducĭtŭr illā rŏta. *Pp.*

STANS, tĭs. *part. See* STO. Used also adj. 1. *Standing up* or *upright.* Stans celsa in puppi. *V.* 2. *Straight up, erect, not inclined at all,* or *inclining.* ~-es ĭrĭstæ sēgĕtĭs. *O.* Prorŭĕrĕ ~-em cŏlumnam. *H.* [† Rectŭs, erectŭs.] Fig. 3. *Standing safe and firm, in a prosperous condition.* ~-ĭ mundo. *L.* ~-ĭbŭs ĕt salvis his collĭbŭs. *J.* [† Incŏllŭmĭs, &c.] *See* I. 4. *Motionless, stagnant, frozen.* ~-ĭā frĕtā concŭtĭo; vinā gĕlu. *O.* ~-es pāludes. *H.* [† Immobĭlĭs, immotŭs, ĭners, segnĭs, torpens; *sts.* gĕlatŭs, &c.] 5. = exstans. *See* E. Grandē căput, ~-es ŏcŭlī. *O.*

STĂTERA, æ. *f.* 1. *A steelyard, a balance.* Sed certa vĕlŭt æquŭs in stātera. *St.* [† Lĭbrā, trŭtĭnā.] *See* TRUTINA. 2. Fig. *The bar on the pole of a carriage.* Replĭt quādrŭpes sŭb alta stātera. *St. See* JUGUM.

I. STĂTIM. *Instantly, immediately* (sur le champ). Sex sestertĭā sī stātim dĕdisses. *M. Ph. See* PROTINUS.

II. STATIM. *Firmly, immovably; constantly, without deviation.* Ad terram se prosternunt, ~ lăcrĭmantes. *Enn.* ~ stant signā. *Pl.* tālentā argenti căpĭebāt (*constantly, every year*). *Ter.* ['*Statim*, perpetuo, æqualiter, et quasi uno statu. Et habet primam longam; quando autem significat aliud, primam brevem habet.' *Donatus.*]

STĂTĬO, onĭs. *f.* 1. *A standing still, a state of rest.* Quæ mānēt in stātĭone, ĕā præter credĭtŭr irē. *Lr.* Cursusquē vāgos (astrorum) ~-ē mŏrātŭr. *L.* [† Quĭes.] 2. *Any special time of being* or *remaining any where.* ~-ē alterna fratrem rĕdemĭt. *O.* pĕracta, astrā pĕtes. *L.* [† Mŏrā.] 3. Sp. *A military station, post;* sts. *those on guard.* Lit. and fig. ~-ē communi portam tēnerē. *V.* muros tŭeri. *Cl.* Cetĕrā ĭn ~-ē mānebant (*of Aryus' eyes*). *O.* Lăcrĭmæ sempĕr pĕratæ ĭn ~-ē sŭa (i. e. *at their post, ready to flow when bidden*). *J.* 4. *Any post* or *office.* Impĕrĭi ~-ē rĕlicta. *O. See* MUNUS. 5. *The usual place of any thing; a dwelling-place, station, haunt.* ~ ăpĭbŭs pĕtendā; gratissimā mergis. *V.* Cŏmas ĭn stātĭonē (rĕpōnĕrē). *O.* [† Lŏcŭs, sedes, dŏmŭs, &c.] 6. *A station for ships, road.* ~ mălĕfĭdā cārĭnis; deprensis nautis tutissimā. *V. See* PORTUS. 7. *Any place which people frequent* (sitting or standing) *for conversation.* Convictus, thermæ, ~-es, omnē thĕatrum. *J.*

STĂTŎR, orĭs. *m. One who places firmly; a founder, a preserver; a surname of Jupiter. Cic.* (*Cat. Orat.*) Hic Stātŏr, hoc primo condĭtā Romā lŏco. *O.* [But, according to Livy, because Jupiter stopped the flight of the Romans.]

STĂTŬA, æ. *f.* 1. *A statue.* Insanit vĕtĕres stātŭas Dāmăsippŭs ĕmendo. *H.* [† Signum, sĭmŭlacrum, ĭmago, effĭgies, spēcies.] Ep. Ærĕā, āhenā, cerĕā, ĕburnā, ĕburnĕā, argentĕā, aurĕā; sublimĭs, ardŭā, dĕcorā, pulchrā, expressā, vivā, spirans. Crol. Argentum (aurum, æs, marmŏr, saxum) -sculptum, lăboratum, spirans. Vivi de marmŏrē vultus. Ærā vultum -sĭmŭlantĭā, ĭmĭtantĭā, reddentĭā. *Eo* rdo marmŏrē signum. 'Imago *or* effĭgies -auro, ĕbŏrē, marmŏrē expressā. Ærā vivo vultu certantĭā. Phr. *Of a statue* or *image in brass* or *other metal.* Excudĕrē spirantĭā æræ. Vultus pĕr āhenā signā expressi. Ærĕūs (aurĕūs, &c.) stātĭ. Formā mĕtallo commissā. *In marble.* Marmŏrĕum qm fĭcĭt Signum e marmŏrē formatum. De marmŏrē Bacchūs. *In wax.* Sĭmŭlacrā cera mŏlĭtā. *Rude and rough hewn.* Sĭmŭlacrā -ārtē cĭnctā;—informā;—truncis exstant informā. *In* SCULPO. 2. Stātŭs Hercŭlis. *The pillars of Hercules. See* H.

STĂTŬO, ĭs, ĭ, ūtum. 1. *To cause to stand, to set up, build,* &c. Et stātŭĕnt tūmŭlum, et tūmŭlo solennĭā mittent. *V.* ~ urbem. *V.* cālĭmes pr cŏlumnis; aras de cespĭtĭ. *O.* [† Constĭtŭo, pono, collŏco; *sts.* mĕdĭtĭco, erĭgo, fundo, &c.] *See* FUNDO (I.). 2. *To set, put, place.* Lit. and fig. ~ crateras. *V.* pŭĕrum ād cyāthum. *H.* exemplum. *Ter.* 3. *To stop, cause to stop.* ~ ĭtem Scythĭcis ĭn ŏrĭs. *V. Pl.* fœnus bŏvē. *Pp.* [† Sisto.] Fig. 4. *To establish, appoint, ordain, determine.* ~ qm tellurĭs hĕrum. *H.* mŏdos carmĭnĭs. *O.* terminum ŏpĕri. *Pā.* summā astrorum mālorum. *O.* [† Constĭtŭo, pono, impono, do, assigno, præscrĭbo, fĭxĭo; *sts.* decerno.] 5. *To settle, decide* (matters in question). *O.* [† Dĭrĭmo, judĭco, discepto, decido.] 6. *To order, decree.* ~ triste lĭlĭquĭd. *O.* [† Decerno, constĭtŭo.] 7. Intr. *To resolve, to come to a decision.* ~ fallĭrĕ custodes. *O.* summa de re. *V.* [† Decerno, constĭtŭo.] 8. *To be persuaded, to settle in one's mind.* Nolim ~-ās, nec mentē mālĭgna &c. *Cat. See* PUTO.

STATURŬS, ă, um. *part. See* STO. 1. *About, likely,* or *certain to halt, to come to a stand.* Hinc constĭ ĭterquē, Hinc ĭcĭos statŭrĭ ĭĭcrum. *L.* 2. *About to, &c., cost.* ~ multo sanguĭnĕ mara. *M.* ~-a sanguĭnĭ obsĭquĭā. *Sil.* [† Constaturŭs.]

STĂTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SISTO. Used also adj. *Fixed, appointed, stated.* Ponemusquē sĭnes ad stātĭ signā dĭes. *O.* ~-ā tempŏrĭ flatus. *L.* sĭcrā. *St.* [† Certŭs, fixŭs, solennĭs, firmŭs, &c.]

STĂTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A standing; hence, position, posture.* Aut quid mĭnaci Porphyrĭon stātu? *H.* [† Pŏsĭtŭrā, pŏsĭtŭs, hăbĭtŭs.] 2. *The state or condition of any thing.* Hic ~, hæc rerum fortunā mĕarum. *O.* ~ pacati sĕrĭs. *Lr.* [† Condĭtĭo, hăbĭtŭs, fortunā, sors; (*of things inanimate*) condĭtĭo, hăbĭtŭs.]

STELLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A star, a constellation.* Nam nĕquē tunc stellis ăcĭes obtusā vĭdetŭr. *V.* Stellā Lĕonĭs. *H.* [† Sidŭs, astrum, signum.] *See* ASTRUM. 2. ~ errans, vāgā, &c. *A planet.* ~-as vāgas miratŭr, ĕt astrā fixā pŏlĭs. *L.* [† Palantes stellæ.] *See* PLANETA. 3. Stellā cŏmans. *O.*, or abs. *V. A comet. See* COMETA. Phr. *Of the meteoric appearances called falling stars.* [Sæpē vĭdes] Stellas (sidĕrā, &c.) præcĭpĭtes cœlo labi;—pĕr altum lapsas;—fĭcĭes ducĕrē multa cum lucĕ;—crinem vŏlantes ducĕrē;—transcurrĕrē, seu cœlo rĕfixas;—ād terram cœlo decurrĕrē;—sulcos trāhĕrē cādentes:—longa flamma semĭtam trāhĕrē;—sanguĭnĕ crinē lumĭnā præstringĕrē.

STELLANS, tis. *part. from* Stello. *Set with stars, starry.* Lit. and fig. Stellantes nox pĭctā sĭnus. *Cl.* Ŏrā ~-ĭā Tauri. *O.* Gemmis ~-ĭbŭs caudam implĕt. *O. See* STELLIFER.

STELLATŬS, ă, um. *from* Stello. 1. *Set with stars, starry.* Effusis stellatus crĭnĭbŭs æther. *V. Fl.* [† Stellans, stellĭgĕr.] *See* STELLIFER. 2. Fig. ~ ensis āspĭdĕ. *V.* vārĭis guttis (lăcertis). *O.* [† Vārĭātŭs, vārĭŭs, mŭcŭlosŭs, distinctŭs.]

STELLĬFĔR. *Sen., and* STELLĬGĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. 1. *Bearing stars, starry.* Stellĭgĕri jŭbăr omnē pŏli. *St.* [† Stellans, stellatŭs.] Crol. Stellis

–distinctŭs, rădĭans, lucĭdŭs, mĭcans. 2. = cœlĭfĕr. *Sen. See* C.

Stellio, onis. *m. A sort of lizard.* Stellĭo (*as* stelljo), et lucĭfŭgis congestă cŭbilĭă blattis. *V.*

Stemma, ătis. *n.* Us. *A wreath with which ancestral busts were hung, and which contained their names and titles;* hence, *a genealogical tree, a pedigree.* Stemmătă quid fĭăciunt? quid prodest, Pontĭcĕ, longo Sanguĭnĕ censeri? *J.* [¶ Lĭnĕă.] Ep. Prŏăvis demissum. *See* Cera, Nobilitas.

Stercŏro, as. *To manure. Cic.* Crcl. Stercŏrĕ *or* fĭmo terram (sătă) –tĕgo, spargo, adspergo, sătŭro, rĕplĕo, fecundo, ŏpĕrĭo, obduco. Jejunĭă terræ sătŭro. Stercŭs –addo, ingĕro, jăcĭo, jacto, dissĭpo, defĕro.

Stercŭs, ŏris. *n.* 1. *Dung, ordure.* Humĭdă cretă, cŏlorquĕ Stercŏrĕ fucatus crŏcĕdĭli. *H.* [¶ Purgamĭnă.] 2. *Manure. Col.* [¶ Fĭmŭs.] Crcl. Pinguĭs fĭmŭs. Clnĭs immundŭs.

Stĕrĭlis, ĕ. (Stĕrilŭs. *Lr.*) 1. *Barren, unfruitful* (of lands). Tristĕ sŏlum, stĕrĭlis sĭnĕ frugĕ, sĭne arbŏrĕ tellus. *O.* ~-es ăvenæ. *V.* [¶ Infecundŭs, infelix; *sts.* difficĭlis, mălignŭs, mendax, fallax, Iners, segnis, pĭgĕr, ărenosŭs, arĭdŭs.] Crcl. Non fecundŭs. Mălĕ fecundŭs. Phr. 1. *Barren lands.* ˘Agĕr –fallax depŏsĭti; —Iners rĭgĭdo sĭtu;—frugĭbŭs infelix;—non ingĕnĭosŭs ăd sĕgĕtes. Tellus nulli bŏno fecundă. Jejunĭă stĕrĭlis terræ. Stĕrĭles ăd sĕmĭnă terræ. Terrā (arvă) –non aptă frugĭbŭs;—non aptă fr. fĕrendis. Tristĕ sŏlum. Phr. 2. *Of a barren, unproductive country. Not a blade of grass.* Turpis sĭnĕ gramĭnĕ campŭs. Nullă læta făcĭe prată germĭnant. *Not a tree to be seen.* Nullă pĭgris campis arbŏr zĕphyris rĕcrĕsăt̆ur. Nullŭs ăgĕr pomum (dulces uvas) edŭcăt. Nusquam ulmŭs pampĭnĕa vitĕ āmĭcĭtŭr. Pomă nullă ramos ponderĕ sŭo prĕmunt. *The corn is blighted in the blade,* &c. Sĕgĕs –primis ĭn herbis mŏrĭtŭr;—nunquam ădultă leni aura fluctŭăt. *Defective in the grain.* Sĕgĕs –agrĭcŏlam (ăcrantes) vanis ăristis (falso partu) deludĭt;—segrā victum nĕgăt. *Overrun with weeds.* Lŏlĭum trĭbŭlĭquĕ messes fătigant. Gramĕn ĭnexpugnabĭlĕ dŏmĭnatŭr. 2. *Barren* (of the female). ~-es multæ (mŭlĭĕres). *Lr.* ~ vaccă. *V.* [¶ Infecundă.] Fig. 3. *From which nothing is to be got, that gives* or *returns nothing.* ~ ămĭcŭs. *J.* ămator. *Pl.* ~-la corpŏrĕ sŏnĭtu. *Lr.* [¶ Văcŭŭs.] 4. *Vain, fruitless, useless.* ~ ămŏr (*unreturned*). *O.* famă. *St.* [¶ Casŭs, ĭnanis, vanŭs.] 5. With gen. ~-es veri. *Pers.* 6. *That renders barren.* ~ rubigo (*blight*). *H.* hiems. *M.*

Sternax, acis. *Throwing to the ground.* Et sternacis ĕqui lapsum cervicĕ Thŷmæten. *V.*

Sterno, is, stravi, stratum. 1. *To strew, spread* (something) *upon the ground.* Mollĭt hŭmum fŏlĭis, natasquĕ sub æquŏrĕ virgas Sternĭt. *O.* [¶ Substerno, insterno, extendo, expando, deponо, pono.] 2. *To cover* (with something spread). Cæsi terram straverĕ jŭvenci. *V.* ~ qd vellĕrĕ. *O.* valles cædĭbŭs. *Sil.* sŏlum telis. *V.* [¶ Tĕgo, ŏpĕrĭo, &c.] *See* Tego. 3. ~ vĭam, ĭtĕr. *To level, make straight, even* (used of roads made; of a calmed sea, &c.). Lit. and fig. ~ vĭam pĕr mārĕ (de Xerxĕ). *Lr.* ˘Itĕr famă stravĭt tĭbĭ. *St.* ˘Itĕr Ălpes &c. ~-erĕ tĭbĭ. *Sil.* ~-erunt æquŏrĕ plăcĭdi venti. *V.* ~-ĭtŭr æquŏr ăquis. *V.* ~ ŏdĭă millĭum. *Tacitus.* [¶ (*Of roads*) Munĭo; (*of seas,* &c.) sedo, paco.] 4. *To stretch on the ground by throwing down, to throw to the ground; to overthrow, defeat, slay.* Lit. and fig. ~ sătă lætă, bŏumquĕ lăbores (de torrentĕ). *V.* Trojam a culmĭnĕ; Cămillam sŭbĭta mortĕ; Pœnos Gallumquĕ rĕbellem. *V.* ~-ĭt cordă pavŏr. *V.*

[¶ Prosterno, affligo, everto, dejĭcĭo, projĭcĭo, deturbo, extendo, præcĭpĭto, prorŭo, excŭtĭo.] Crcl. Hŭmi –sterno, prosterno, affligo, fundo. Pronum sterno. Præcĭpĭtem do. Hŭmi *or* sŏlo pronum sterno. ˘In hŭmum dejĭcĭo. Sŏlo effundo. Terræ effundo. *See* Occido, Everto.

Sternŏr. *pass.* Used also in mid. sense. 1. *To stretch oneself on the ground, to lie down on it.* Sternĭmŭr optatæ grĕmĭo tellurĭs. *V.* ˘In sŭi ~-untur vellĕrĭs auro. *V. Fl.* [¶ Procumbo, &c.] Crcl. Me sterno. *See* Jaceo. 2. *To go down on the knees, throw oneself at the feet.* Sterni Jŏvi. *Sil.* Supplex ~-ĭtŭr hospĕs. *V. Fl.* [¶ Procumbo, procĭdo, &c.] *See* Genu. 3. *To fall to the ground with violence;* or pass. *to be thrown violently to the ground.* ~-ĭtŭr bos. *V.* ĭn vultus. *St.* [¶ Dejĭcĭŏr, deturbŏr, fundŏr, affligŏr, procumbo, &c.] *See* Cado.

Sternŭo, is, i. 1. Intr. *To sneeze.* Sternŭĭt, ĕt nobis prospĕrā signă dĕdĭt. *O.* 2. Tr. Sternŭĭt omĭnĭ ˘Amŏr. *Pp.* Dextram sternŭĭt apprŏbatĭonem. *Cat.*

Sterto, is, ŭi. *To snore.* Si sŏcĕr ignavus vĭdŭa stertissĕt ĭn aula. *O.* ~ vĭgĭlanti naso. *J.* Crcl. Rhonchos edo. Somnum toto pectŏrĕ profĭo.

Stesĭchŏrŭs, i. *m. A lyric poet of Sicily.* Stesĭchŏriquĕ grăves cămenæ. *H.*

Sthĕnĕlŭs, i. *m. A son of Capaneus, and father of Eurystheus; he fought at Troy.* Thessandrus, Sthĕnĕlusquĕ dŭces, et durŭs ˘Ulysses. *V.*

Stigma, ătis. *n.* 1. *A mark made by branding;* us. *on runaway slaves.* Tristĭă servorum stigmătă delĕt ˘Eros. *M.* [¶ Nŏtă.] Crcl. Signă fŭgarum fronti dătă. Phr. *To brand.* Stigmă *or* nŏtam –ĭnuro, impono, inscribo, scribo, făcĭo. Frontem stigmătĕ –nŏto, inscribo, signo, deformo. 2. *A cut-mark, scar,* &c., *of any kind;* and fig. *disgrace,* &c. *M.* [¶ Nŏtă, punctum; *ext.* vulnŭs.]

Stilla, æ. *f. A drop.* Atque ŏlĕi stillam dărĕt entĕrŏcellĭcŭs unctŏr. *M. See* Gutta.

Stillĭcĭdium, ĭi. *n. A falling in drops, a dripping.* Stillĭcĭdi casus lăpĭdem căvăt. *Lr.*

Stillo, as. 1. Intr. *To drop, drip, distil.* Flavăquĕ de vĭrĭdi stillabant ilĭcĕ mellă. *V.* ~-ăt telo crŭŏr. *Pp.* [¶ Flŭo, destillo, sudo, mădĕo.] Crcl. Guttatim cădo *or* flŭo. Guttis stillo. 2. Tr. *To let drop, cause to fall in drops.* Lit. and fig. ~ ămĭcum rorem ex ŏcŭlis. *H.* ~-ată de ramis electrā. *O.* ~ qd ĭn aurem. *J.* [¶ Fundo, &c.]

Stilus, *or* **Stylus**, i. *m.* 1. *A pointed instrument of steel* or *iron,* us. *for writing.* Sæpĕ stĭlum vertas; ĭtĕrum quæ dignă lĕgi sint Scripturĭs. *H.* [¶ (*For writing*) Grăphĭum (sc. ferrum); *ext.* cĕlămŭs, ărundo, pennă; *sts.* ăcŭmĕn, punctum; *gen.* cuspis, telum.] Fig. 2. *Style of writing.* Crcl. Dicendi (scribendi) –gĕnŭs, rătio, mŏdŭs, cŏlŏr. 3. *A spike sunk against cavalry.* ~ occŭlĭtŭr, cæcum ĭn vestigĭă telum. *Sil. See* Cervus.

Stĭmŭlatŏr, ŏris. *m. An instigator.* Arctoi stĭmŭlator perfĭdĕ martĭs. *Cl.*

Stĭmŭlo, as. 1. *To prick with a goad, to prick, to spur;* hence, *to whip.* Nobĭlis hunc Dŭrĭus stĭmŭlabăt ĭn æquŏrĕ currum. *Sil.* [¶ Instĭmŭlo.] Crcl. Stĭmŭlo *or* stĭmŭlis –pungo, fŏdĭo, lăcesso, ăcŭo, accendo, excĭto, concĭto, ăgo, impello, ăgĭto, urgĕo, lăcĕro, prĕmo, incrĕpo, uro. Stĭmŭlos –subdo, admŏvĕo, ădhĭbĕo, adjĭcĭo, subjĭcĭo, subjecto, condo, suffĭgo. Telo admŏnĕo. *See* Flagellum. 2. Fig. *To stimulate, instigate, excite.* ~ orgĭă audito Baccho. *V.* ~-antĕ fāme. *O.* [¶ Instĭmŭlo, exstĭmŭlo, concĭto, incĭto, ăgo, impello, ăcŭo, exăcŭo, accendo, ăgĭto,

prĕmo, urgĕo.] Crel. Stĭmŭlis -āgo, impello, &c. Urgentes stĭmŭlos do *or* addo. S. fŭrenti adjĭclo. Stĭmŭlos -verto sub pectŏrĕ;—in pectŏrĕ condo. *See* ACCENDO.

STĬMŬLUS, i. *m.* (STĬMŬLUM, i. *n. Pl.*) 1. *A goad used in driving cattle.* Aut stĭmŭlo tardos incrĕpĭtāssĕ bŏves. *Tib.* [† Telum.] Ep. Ferrĕŭs, ăcutŭs, acĕr. Crel. Stĭmŭli -ferrum, cuspĭs, ăcumĕn. 2. ? Pl. *A whip with lashes. Sil. See* FLAGELLUM. 3. Fig. *A spur, stimulus, urgent motive.* ~-os ingĕnĭo subdĕrĕ. *O.* dŭbĭæ menti addĕrĕ. *L.* [† Calcăr.] 4. Fig. *A prick, sting, pang of feeling; any cause of uneasiness.* ˘Agĭtarĕ ~-is ămaris (de invĭdĭa). *V.* ~-os ămorĭs avertĕrĕ. *V.* Invĭdĭæ ~-o mentes fŏdĕrĕ. *Sil.* [† Vulnŭs, crŭcĭatŭs, dŏlŏr, cură.]

STINGUO, is, inxi. *amo. for* Exstinguo. *Lr.*

STIPATŎR, ōris. *m. An attendant.* Rex ibis, nĕquĕ te quisquam stipatŏr, ĭneptum Præter Crispĭnum &c. *H.*

STIPATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* STIPO. Used also adj. 1. *Thick-set; close-pressed.* Ut vĭdĕas non e stipatis partĭbŭs essĕ (de ignŏ). *Lr.* [† Densŭs.] *See* D. 2. Used of a crowd. *Crammed, dense.* Arcto ~-ă thĕatro Romă. *H.* [† Densŭs; *ext.* frĕquens, cĕlĕbăr.]

STIPENDĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *The soldier's pay; his time of service for such pay. Pl. See* MERCES. 2. *A tax, tribute; pay.* Lit. and fig. Indŏmĭto nec dirâ fĕrens stipendĭâ tauro. *Cat.* Quŏd me mănĕt ~? *H.* [† Trĭbutum.]

STIPĬTS, ĭtĭs. *m.* 1. *The trunk of a tree; a tree.* Consternunt terram concusso stipĭtĕ frondes. *V.* [† Truncŭs *or* arbŏr.] *See* T. A. 2. *A post, a stake* (wood hewn). ~ ăcernŭs ăram, prŏpĕranti falcĕ dŏlatŭs. *Pp.* [† Truncŭs, palŭs.] Ep. Ilĭcĕŭs, robŏrĕŭs, quernŭs, ligneŭs, văllĭdŭs, robustŭs, durŭs, rĭgĭdŭs; vĭrĭdŭs, arĭdŭs, vĕtŭs. 3. *Log-wood for the fire. O. See* LIGNUM. 4. *A club.* Pinĕŭs armăt ~. *St. See* CLAVA. 5. *A stake for fighting.* Stipĭtĕ querno occŭpăt Ægĭdes. *O.* [† Sŭdes.] 6. *A branch, twig of a tree, &c. L.* [† Virgă, virgultum.] 7. *A stalk of a plant. M.* [† Caulĭs.] 8. Fig. *A block, blockhead. Ter.* [† Truncŭs.]

STIPO, as. 1. *To press close, press down closely.* Aut quum lĭquentĭâ mellă Stipant, et dulci &c. *V.* [† Densĕo, denso, cogo.] 2. *To heap, to set thick* or *in quantities.* Lit. and fig. ~ argentum cărinis. *V.* ~-antŭr sæcŭlă præcĭpĭti cursu (*press one upon another*). *Cl.* [† Cŭmŭlo, accŭmŭlo; *pass.* cŏĕo, convĕnĭo.] 3. *To throng* or *crowd, to fill to the full.* ~-ăt turbă fŏrum. *O.* ~-antŭr prunis cĕlăthi. *Col. See* IMPLEO. 4. *To surround, to throng about, attend upon in numbers.* Magna ~-antĕ cĕterva. *V.* ~-ată Tyrrĭs. *V.* [† Circumdo, cingo, &c.] *See* COMITOR.

STIPS, ĭpĭs. *f. A small contribution in money* (as a gift, alms, &c.). Quum cănĭt, exĭgŭæ quis stĭpĭs ærâ nĕgăt? *O.*

STĬPŬLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *The stalk of corn, reeds, beans, &c.; straw.* Postmŏdŏ de stĭpŭla magnŭs ăcervŭs ĕrĭt. *O.* [† Culmŭs, cĕlămŭs, pălĕă.] *See* CULMUS. 2. *A reed* or *pipe.* ~-a disperdĕrĕ carmĕn. *V. See* FISTULA.

STĬPŬLŎR, ārĭs. *To stipulate, make an engagement.* Quantumvis stĭpŭlare, et protĭnŭs accĭpĕ quod do. *J.* [† Păciscŏr.]

STIRĬX, æ. *f. An icicle.* Stirĭăque impexis indurĭt horrĭdă barbis. *V. See* GUTTA.

STIRPS, ĭrĭs. *m., and more us. f.* 1. *The lower part of the trunk of a tree, with the root; the root of a tree.* Namquĕ dĭu luctans, lentoque in stirpĕ mŏratŭs. *V.* [† Radix.] *See* R. 2. *The trunk, stem of a tree; the tree itself.* Una volvĕrĕ stirpes raptas, ĕt pĭcĭŭs *&c. H. See* TRUNCUS, ARBOR. 3. *A young plant; a shoot, a twig. O.* ~-es obrŭit arvo. *V. See* VIRGULTUM, LIMUS. Fig. 4. *A stock, race, family.* Ortŭs Iacrorum a ~-ĭ. *V.* Divinæ ~-is ălumnĭs. *O. In* PROLES. 5. *Source, origin, foundation.* [† Fons, ŏrigo, &c.]

STIVĂ, æ. *f. A plough-tail.* Indĭ, prĕmens stivam designat mœnĭă sulco. *O. See* ARATRUM.

STLOPPŬS, i. *m. A sound made by slapping the cheeks when blown out.* Nec stloppo tĭmĭdus intendis rumpĭrĕ buccas. *Pers.*

STO, as, stĭtĭ, statum. 1. *To stand* (be standing) *straight up.* Stabăt ăcută sĭlex, pœnĭcis mŭlĭæ saxia. *V.* Ærĭŭs ăt stea. *H.* 2. *To stand off, stand on end.* Stant junĭpĕri. *V.* 3. fulti pulvĭ crinea. *St.* Obstĭpŭi, stĭtĕrŭntquĕ cŏmæ. *V.* [† Rĭgĕo, horrĕo.] 4. *To stand firm* or *unshaken; to continue, subsist.* Lit. and fig. Trŭjæ, nec starĕ. *V.* Stabăt regno incŏlŭmĭs. Stăt gnĭ facti. *V.* ~ longa sĕnecta. *St.* [† Mănĕo, permănĕo, durĕ, vĭgĕo, vivo, &c.] *See* VIVO. 5. *To halt, stop, stand still.* Statŭ, vĭri. *V.* Stăt hoc mlĕrabĭlĭs lŏco. *O.* [† Sistŏ, subsistŏ, ĭnsistŏ, consistŏ, quiescŏ; *sts.* cessŏ.] Crel. Gressum (gressus, grădum) -tĕnĕo, prĕmo, rĕprĭmo Vestigĭă prĕmo. Gressĭbŭs hærĕo. 6. *To be in, be remaining in a place, station, position.* Quĭ stĕtĕrant ăd littŏrĭă puppes. *V.* [† Mŏrŏr, commŏrŏr, mănĕo.] 6. = adsto. ~ ante ŏcŭlos. *O.* 7. = exsto. Stant pectŏrĕ celsă tŏrĭs. *O.* 8. *To be motionless* (of water, &c.). Stăt -plĭcĭtum mărĕ. *V.* -crŭŏr ĭn templĭs. *L.* [† Torpĕo, quiescŏ.] 9. *To stand firm, to stand one's ground against an enemy.* Alcĭdes contra stĕtit. *V.* [† Consistŏ, rĕsistŏ, obsistŏ.] Fig. 10. *To rest on, be fixed on.* Omnĭs ĭn Ascănĭo stăt cură pĭăntĭa. *V.* ~ ĭn vultu stŏrum. *Sil.* [† Hæsĭtŏ.] 11. *To stand to* or *abide by.* Stamŭs pactĭ isto. *O.* 12. Stăt. *unip. It is decided; I am resolved; it is fixed, appointed, &c.* Stăt -cum rĕnŏvarę omnes; stăt cuiquĕ dĭcĕ. *V.* [† Stăt.] Crel. Certŭs sum. Certum est. 13. = sum. Strŏphădes Graio stant nomĭnĕ dictæ. *V.* Mens stĕtĭt ĭn dŭblo. *L.* Stant cordĕ tĭmŏrĕ. *Sil.* [† Sum, versŏr; *sts.* insum.] 14. *To stand thick* or *full, be full.* Stant lumĭnă flammæ (Chĭrontĭs). *V.* astrâ glŏbo. *St.* Stăt -pulvĕrĕ cœlum. *V.* -nĭvĕ candĭdum (Soractĕ). *H.* 15. *To cost* (stand in). Haud parvo stabunt Æneæ hospĭtĭă. *V. See* CONSTO. 16. *To appear for a person* (as advocate, patron, &c.). *H.* [† Adsum, adsto.] 17. ~ pro, cum. *To stand as a person's side, to favour.* Pro Troja stabăt ˘Apŏllo. *O. See* FAVEO. 18. ~ ănĭmo = stăplo. *See* 3.

STATŬR. *pass. unip. I* (we, &c.) *stand. Pl.; I* (we, &c.) *stand to* or *abide by.* Pacto Statŭr, ĕt arbĭtrĭum Romŭlŭs urbĭs hăbĕt. *O.*

STOICI, orum. *m. pl.* (STOĬCĬDÆ, arum. *J.*) 1. *The Stoic philosophers.* Stoĭcŭs has partes, has ˘Epĭcurŭs ăgĭt. *Aus.* Phr. Chrysippi porticŭs ĕt grex. 2. Used adj. *Stoic.* ~-ă dogmătă. *J.* ~-i lĭbelli. *H.*

STŎLA, æ. *f. A lady's robe.* Quid sĭbĭ persŏnæ, quid stŏlă longă vŏlunt? *O. See* VESTIS.

STŎLATŬS, ă, um. *Wearing the* stola; and fig. *lady-like, modest.* Quis Floralĭă vestĭt, et stŏlatum Permittit mĕrĕtrĭcĭbus pŭdorem? *M.*

STŎLĬDŬS, ă, um. *Stupid, senseless.* Ajacis stŏlĭdi Dănăis solertĭă prosĭt. *O. See* STULTUS.

STŎMĂCHŎR, ārĭs. *To be angry.* Et prave sectum stŏmăchĕrĭs ŏb unguem. *H. See* IRASCOR.

STŎMĂCHOSŬS, ă, um. *Irascible, passionate.* Lævâ stŏmachosŭs hăbena Dicĕt ĕquŭs. *H. See* IRACUNDUS.

STŎMĂCHŬS, i. *m.* 1. *The stomach.* Vertĭtŭr, et

stŏmăcho, dulcĭs ŭt escă, nŏcĕt. *O.* [† Ventĕr; *ext.* gŭlă.] *See* VENTER. 2. *Passionate temper.* Pelĭdæ stŏmăchum cedĕrĕ nescĭ. *H. See* IRA.

STRĂBO, onis. *m. One that squints.* Si quod sit vĭtĭum, non fastidirĕ: străbonem Appellat pætum pătĕr. *H. See* LIMUS.

STRAGES, is. *f.* 1. *Ruin, destruction.* Dăbĭt illĕ rŭinam Arbŏrĭbus stragemquĕ sătis. *V.* ~ nĕmŏrum. *Sil.* [† Rŭină, casŭs, exĭtĭum.] 2. *Slaughter, carnage.* Confusæ ~-is ăcervi. *V.* Edĕrĕ ferro strages. *V.* Crescunt In cŭmŭlum ~-es. *Cl.* [† Cædes, &c.] *See* C.

STRAGŬLUM, i. *n.* 1. *A coverlet, counterpane.* Nam nĕquĕ tum plumæ, nec stragŭlă pictă sŏporem (ducunt). *Tib.* [† Vestĭs, velamĕn, gausăpĕ, pallĭum.] Ep. Textĭlĕ, pictum, purpŭrĕum, pulchrum, dĕcorum. Crol. Stragŭlă vestĭs. 2. *A housing, horse-cloth.* [† Strată, ĕphippĭă.]

STRAGŬLUS, ă, um. *That which serves for bed-covering,* &c. Cui stragŭlă vestĭs, Blattarum et tĭnĕarum ĕpŭlæ &c. *H.*

STRAMĔN, ĭnis, *and* STRAMENTUM, i. *n.* 1. *Straw scattered, a bed of strew of any kind; a litter.* Hic jŭvĕnem agresti sublimem stramĭnĕ ponunt. *V.* Componĕrĕ tŏros vĭrenti ~-ĭ. *Sil.* [† *Sts.* Pălĕă, herbă, fŏlĭă, frondes.] Crol. Strată fŏlĭă; stratæ herbæ; mixtă cum fŏlĭis herbă. Ep. Arĭdum, siccum, mollĕ, vĭrens. Phr. *Lying on a bed of straw,* &c. Effultŭs stratis fŏlĭis. Porrectŭs s. In herbis *or* horna In pălĕa. 2. *Thatch.* ~-Inĕ tectă căsă. *O.* De ~-Ibŭs dŏmŭs. *O.* [† Culmŭs.] 3. *Any strew on the ground.*

STRAMĬNĔUS, ă, um. 1. *Made of straw.* Illum stramĭnĕos In ăquam misissĕ Quĭrites. *O.* 2. *Thatched with straw. O.*

STRANGŬLO, as. 1. *To strangle, to choke.* Et tŭă sic Stygĭus strangŭlĕt orĭ lĭquŏr. *O.* [† Suffoco, præfoco, elido.] Crol. ˘Anĭmam –suffoco, intercludo, elido, obstrŭo, præcludo, claudo. Fauces (collum, collă, guttŭr) –ango, prĕmo, elido, constringo, comprĭmo, innecto, lædo, lĭgo. Lăquĕo intĕrĭmo. Lăquĕo ănĭmam –elido, claudo, &c. Lăquĕo *or* vinclis fauces (collum, collă, guttur, guttŭrĕ) –nodo, implĭco, insĕro, lĭgo, innecto, obstringo, frango, &c. Guttŭrĕ elisă prĕmo. Mănu guttŭrĕ ango. Me suspendo *or* lăquĕo s. Collo lăquĕum (vinclĭă) apto *or* necto. Cervicem (cervices) nodo condo. Lăquĕo vitam finĭo *or* pœnas sumo. ˘In suspendĭă ĕo. Suspendĭă mĭnŏr. Phr. 1. *Of one hanging himself.* Nodum informĭs leti a trăbĕ nectĭt. Vlam ănĭmæ lăquĕo claudĭt. Vinclă guttŭri innectĭt *or* collo aptăt. Guttŭr pendŭlo vinclo lĭgăt. Collum pendŭlum (*or* pĕr fĕră suspendĭă) elidĭt. Phr. 2. *Of one hanging dead.* Collum lăquĕo nodatŭs a trăbĕ pendĕt. Elisa (compressa) faucĕ tristĕ (prægrăvĕ, infelix) ŏnŭs pendĕt. Phr. 3. Gen. *To choke, stifle.* ˘Anĭmæ respiramĕn (ĭtĕr) crĭpĭo. Vitales vĭas (respiramĭnă) claudo. ˘Anĭmam In pectŏrĕ claudo. 2. Fig. *To keep tight and compressed.* ~-ăt arcă divĭtĭas. *St.* [† Constringo, stringo, arcto.] 3. Fig. *To oppress, torture.* ~-ăt inclusŭs dŏlŏr. *O.*

STRATUM, i. *n.* 1. *Any thing strewn;* us. *a bed, a mattress.* Non stratum, non ullă păti velamĭnă possum. *O.* Corrĭpĭo e ~-is corpŭs. *V. See* LECTUS. 2. *A housing, horse-cloth.* Prĕmĭnĕrĕ tergă ĕqui pictis ~-is. *O.* [† Stragŭlum.] *See* EPHIPPIUM. 3. Strată vĭarum. *A paved street.* ~-ă vulgi pĕdĭbŭs detrĭtă vĭarum conspĭcĭmŭs. *Lr.* [† Stratum ĭtĕr. Vĭă –strată, munĭtă.]

STRATUS, ă, um. *part. See* STERNO. 1. *Laid out upon the ground, spread out.* Exănĭmi simĭlem stratis porrexĭt In herbis. *O.* Sŭpĕr ~-o ostro. *V.* Cŭbĭlĭă ~-i lecti. *O.* [† Instratŭs, extensŭs.] 2. *Lying fallen down on the ground.* ~-ă sŏlo tegŭlă. *O.* sŭă quæquĕ sub arbŏrĕ pomă. *V.* [† Jăcens, projectŭs.] 3. *Stretched out at length* (of the body) *on a bed, couch, any where.* ~ membră sub arbŭto. *H.* [† Fusŭs, jăcens, rĕcŭbans.] *See* RECUBANS. 4. *Thrown to the ground violently, overthrown.* Lit. and fig. ~ bellŭă tinxĭt hŭmum. *O.* dextra Dardănĭa. *V.* mĕtu urbs. *L.* [† Prostratŭs, dejectŭs, eversŭs, fusŭs.] Fig. 5. *Level, smooth, calm* (of the sea, &c.). ~-um sĭlĭĕt æquŏr. *V. See* TRANQUILLUS, MARE. 6. *Strewn.* ~-i baccis ăgri. *V.* deleto milĭtĕ campi. *Sil.* [† Constratŭs, tectŭs, ŏpertŭs.]

STRENŬITAS, atis. *f. Activity, diligence.* Strenŭĭtas antiquă mănĕt. *O.* [† Industrĭă.] *See* SEDULITAS.

STRENŬUS, ă, um. *Ready, active, busily at work.* Ună mĭnistrarum făcĭendis strenŭă jussis. *O.* Strenŭă nos exercĕt inertĭă. *H.* [† Industrĭŭs, gnavŭs, acĕr, ălăcĕr, promptŭs, impĭgĕr, ăgilis, cĭtŭs.] *See* GNAVUS.

STRĔPITO, as. *freq. of* Strepo. *To make a great noise, to sound, to rattle loudly.* Inter se fŏlĭis strĕpĭtant; jŭvăt imbrĭbŭs actis &c. *V.* ~-ant pulsis incudĭbŭs enses. *V. Fl.* Armă ~-ĭă. *Tib. See* STREPO.

STRĔPĬTUS, us. *m. A noise, din, tumult.* Fit strĕpĭtus tectis, vocemquĕ pĕr amplă vŏlutant Atrĭă. *V.* Consŏnăt nĕmŭs ~-u. *V.* ~ rŏtarum. *O.* [† Sŏnĭtŭs, murmŭr, stridŏr, &c.] *See* SONITUS.

STRĔPO, is, ŭi, ĭtum. *To make a loud noise* or *din, to rattle,* &c. Tot pĕrĭbus strĕpĕret clŭpĕis, tot stringĕrĕt enses. *V.* ~-ĭt murmŭrĕ campŭs. ~-ĕrunt cornŭă rauco cantu. *V.* [† Strĕpĭto, perstrĕpo, sŏno, &c.] *See* SONO.

STRICTURA, æ. *f. A flake flying from iron under the anvil; a mass of wrought iron.* Striduntquĕ căvernis Stricturæ chălŭbum. *V.*

STRICTUS, ă, um. *part. See* STRINGO. Used also adj. 1. *Drawn together, tight, close.* Strictăquĕ pandentes deducunt carbăsă nautæ. *L.* ~ hăbenă. *St.* [† Adstrictŭs, constrictŭs, pressŭs, adductŭs, contentŭs.] 2. *Frozen* (*i. e.* condensed, congealed by cold). Lit. and fig. ~-i amnes. *V. Fl.* Pectŏrĕ ~-ă gĕlu. *L. See* GELATUS. 3. *Stiff, standing on end.* Pectŏrĕ ~-is setis. *O.* [† Erectŭs, rectŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, tentŭs, stans.] 4. *Close, narrow.* Strictissĭmă janŭă artis nostræ. *O. See* ARCTUS. 5. *Strict, severe.* ~-i Cătones. *Manil.* ~ lex. *St.* 6. *Drawn, naked* (of a sword); *bent* (of the bow); *bared* or *ready for use* (of any weapons). ~-o ferro fĕrirĕ rĕtĭnacŭlă. *V.* ~-æ săcures. *L.* Armĭgĕr ~-o arcu. *V. Fl.* ~-is unguĭbŭs instant. *St.* [† Nudatŭs, nudŭs.] Hence—7. *Armed.* ~-æ In mĕă fătă mănus. *O.* 8. *Grazed, lightly struck by a weapon.* Cuspĭdĕ frontem ~ ăpĕr. *St.* [† Præstrictŭs.]

STRIDĔO, es, *and* STRIDO, is. *To utter a sharp, piercing sound; to whiz, hiss, whistle, creak; to make a noise.* Sanguĭnĕ terrâ mădĕt, stridentque hastilĭbŭs auræ. *V.* ~-ent ăpes. *V.* aurĭ sŭsurri. *H.* ~-ĕt In ignĕ mĕrum. *O.* ~ presso mŏlari. *J.* [Used also of serpents, the wind, carriages, hinges, &c.] [† Crĕpo, crĕpĭto, sŭsurro, strĕpo, &c.] Crol. Stridorem –do, edo, clĭo, tollo, mitto. *See* SONO. [Stridi, perf., occurs. *Enn.* (*apud Prisc.*)]

STRIDŎR, oris. *m.* 1. *A sharp, piercing sound; a grating, creaking, rattling sound; any sound. See* STRIDEO. Tum stridor ferri, tractæquĕ cătenæ. *V.* ~ æquŏrĭs. *V.* cuspĭdis. *O.* tŭbæ. *Sil.* [† Strĕpĭtŭs, crĕpĭtŭs, murmŭr, sŏnĭtŭs, frăgŏr, &c.] *See* SONITUS. 2. *Used of cries of animals*

(of swine, elephants, &c.). Quĕri rauco stridorĕ (de simĭis). *O.*

STRIDŬLUS, ă, um. *Uttering a sharp, harsh, creaking*, or *rattling sound.* Stridŭlă Saurŏmătes plaustrā bŭbulcŭs ăgĭt. *O.* Sŏnĭtum dat ∾ cornŭs. *V.* [¶ Stridens.]

STRIGILIS, is. *f. A flesh-comb* or *scraper* (used after bathing). I, pŭĕr, et strĭgĭles Crispini ad balnĕă defĕr. *Pers.* **Ep.** Ferrĕă, dentată, curvă, durā, rĭgĭdă.

STRINGO, ĭs, inxi, ictum. **1.** *To draw close and tight together, to bind together.* Stringebant magnos vincŭlā parvā pĕdes. *O.* ∾-ĭt vittā cŏmas. *L.* hĕdĕrā æscŭlum. *Cl.* [¶ Constringo, adstringo, prĕmo, comprĭmo, lĭgo, vincĭo, &c.] *See* VINCIO. **2.** *To press its banks* (of a river). *V.* [¶ Arcto, &c.] *See* A. Fig. **3.** *To reduce, lessen, narrow.* ∾ rem ingrata inglŭvĭe. *H.* [¶ Arcto.] **4.** *To draw a sword* (and so of baring, expediting any weapon for use). Lit. and fig. ∾ ensem; ferrum. *V.* mānum; lambum In hostes. *O.* [¶ Destringo, educo, nudo.] *See* VAGINA *and* STRICTUS. **5.** *To keep close to, pass close to, scrape* or *graze in passing by.* ∾-ăt lævas cautes palmŭlā. *V.* ∾ metas intĕrĭorĕ rŏta. *O.* [¶ Lĕgo, rado.] **6.** *To touch lightly, touch the surface of.* ∾-ĭt summas undas (ales). *O.* vestigĭā rostro (cănĭs). *L.* rādĭis summum Hæmum (Lucifĕr). *Cl.* [¶ Rado.] **7.** *To graze, to wound slightly.* Hunc lĕvĭs hastă ∾-ĕrăt. *V.* ∾ pĕdem fŭgĭentĭs dentĕ (*of a snake*). *O.* [¶ Præstringo, fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, lædo, &c.] *See* VULNERO. **8.** *To touch, affect the mind.* ∾-ĭt ănĭmum pătrĭæ plĕtatĭs ĭmago. *V.* ∾-untŭr pectŏrā tŭā delicto nostro. *O.* **9.** *To ruffle the surface of water.* ∾-ĭtŭr summā undā nŏto. *O.* [¶ Crispo.] **10.** *To pluck, gather.* ∾ hordĕă; quernas frondes. *V.* lilĭā palmis. *Calp.* [¶ Carpo, decerpo, &c.] **11.** *To prune, trim.* ∾ cŏmas; densas frondes. *V.* remos silvis. *Sil.* *See* PUTO.

STRINGŎR, orĭs. *m. A drawing together.* Morbŭs ŭt indĭcăt, et gĕlĭdai stringŏr ăquai. *Lr.*

STRIX, ĭgis. *f. A horned owl.* Vultŭrĭs, in ramis, et strĭgis ovā tŭlĭt. *O.* [¶ Bubo, noctŭă.] **Ep.** Nocturnă, sĭnistră, &c. *See* BUBO.

STRŎPHA, æ, *and* STRŎPHE, es. *f.* (στροφή.) **1.** *A portion of the chorus' song in Greek dramatic poetry.* **2.** *A wile, a trick, a fiction.* Cæsar Circeios: jam strŏphă tallĭs ăbit. *M.* [¶ Mendacĭum, fraus.]

STRŎPHIUM, ĭi. *n. A band worn by women round the breast.* Non tĕrĕti strŏphĭo luctantes vinctă păpillas. *Cat.* [¶ Fascĭă.]

STRUCTĬLIS, ĕ. *Fit for building with; built.* Non sĭlĭce duro structĭlĭvĕ cæmento. *M.*

STRUCTŎR, orĭs. *m. A sort of head waiter, head carver*, &c. Et quæ non ĕgĕant ferro structorĭs, ŏfellæ. *M.*

STRUCTURĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A joining* or *putting together; a structure, building.* Est spĕcŭs cæsi structura pumĭcĭs aspĕr. *O.* **2.** Gen. *Structure, arrangement.* ∾ carmĭnĭs. *O.*

STRŬES, ĭs. *f.* **1.** *A heap, pile.* Armăquĕ cum telis in strŭĕ mixtă sŭis. *O.* [¶ Aggĕr, cŭmŭlŭs, congĕrĭes, ăcervŭs.] *See* ACERVUS. **2.** *A number together of small sacrificial cakes.* Cum strŭĕ farrā sŭis. *O.* [¶ Molă.]

STRUMOSŬS, ă, um. *Having a swelling in the neck.* Strumosum, atque ŭtĕro părĭter gibboquĕ tŭmentem. *J.*

STRŬO, ĭs, uxi, uctum. **1.** *To pile up, heap up.* Altăquĕ congestos struxisse ad sidĕrā montes. *O.* ∾ rem. *Pers.* Structi -ăcervi ignĭs. *Tib.* -montes. *O.* Structă saxorum. *Lr.* [¶ Exstrŭo, aggĕro, ăcervo, congĕro.] *See* AGGERO (I.). **2.** *To raise, construct, build.* ∾ mœnĭă; templă; pyras. *V.* căpillum In orbem. *Cl.* puppem. *V. F.* dŏmos. *H.* [¶ Constrŭo, ædĭfĭco, erĭgo, &c.] *See* FUNDO (I.). **3.** *To form by heaping.* ∾ aram ramis. *Grat.* lectum Indorum spŏlĭis. *Cl.* *See* ONERO. **4.** *To set out a table with meats*, &c.; *to serve up.* ∾ pĕnum. *V.* mensas. *Tib.* *See* STRUCTOR. **5.** *To array, set in order.* ∾ ăcies. *V.* [¶ Instrŭo, dispono, compono, păro, &c.] *See* PARO. **6.** Fig. *To plan, contrive, plot.* Quĭd ∾-ĭt, aut qua spe &c.? *V.* ∾ insĭdĭas. *O.* nĕfas. *M.* [¶ Mollĭŏr, mĕdĭtŏr, păro, &c.] *See* MOLIOR.

STRYMON, ŏnĭs. *m. A river of Thrace.* Deseri ad Strymŏnĭs undas. *V.* ∾-ŏnă gĕlĭdum. *L.*

STRYMŎNĬUS, ă, um, *and* STRYMŎNIS, ĭdis. *f. Pp. Of* or *on the Strymon; Thracian.* Strymŏnĭă dant signă grŭes. *V.* *See* THRACIUS.

STŬDĔO, es, ŭi. **1.** *To pursue any thing eagerly, to have it in desire and affection; to study, strive to do* or *obtain it.* Versus ămăt: hoc stŭdĕt unum. *H.* ∾ optatam metam contingĕrĕ. *H.* ∾ ponĕrĕ (= deponĕrĕ). *O.* [¶ Pĕto, vŏlo, cŭpĭo, ardĕo, incumbo, poeco.] **Crcl.** Stŭdĭum mihĭ est. *See* CUPIO. **2.** *To study a thing* (apply the mind to it). **Crcl.** Stŭdĭis -văco, indulgĕo, incumbo. Artĭbŭs ingĕnŭis văco. Stŭdĭis -do tempŏrā, intendo mentem, ănĭmum *or* mentem cŏlo (excŏlo, informo). Musas cŏlo. Musis servĭo. Pĕr artes ingĕnŭas ănĭmum cŏlo. *See* LITTERÆ. **3.** *To favour.* Cui stŭdĕas, vĭdĕo. *O.* *See* FAVEO.

STŬDĬOSE. *Studiously, carefully.* Nec pŏssĭt stŭdĭosĭŭs altĕrā casses. *O.* [¶ Stŭdĭo (*abl.*), gravĭtĕr, assĭdŭe, &c.] *See* GNAVITER.

STŬDĬOSŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Fond of, studious to possess, eager after.* Rex fŭlt utĭlĭum bello stŭdĭosŭs ĕquorum. *O.* ∾-ă ŏpĕrum cŏhors. *H.* [¶ ˘Amans, cŭpĭdŭs, dedĭtŭs, ămatŏr.] **2.** *Studious, given to study.* Tu quŏquĕ Pĭĕrĭdum stŭdĭo stŭdĭosĕ tĕnerĭs. *O.* **Crcl.** Stŭdĭis -dedĭtŭs, intentŭs, invĭgĭlans, văcans. Cui stŭdĭi curæ *or* cordi. *See* STUDEO. **3.** *Partial, favorable.* ∾-ă pectŏrā. *O.* [¶ Făvens.]

STŬDĬUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *A liking, fancy, desire, pursuit.* Mores, et stŭdĭa, et pŏpŭlos et prœlĭă dicam. *V.* Făcĕrĕ qd pŭellari ∾-o. *O.* ∾ famæ crescĭt hŏnorĕ. *O.* [¶ Vŏluntas, cŭpĭdĭtas, cŭpido.] **2.** *Affection, love; strong, partial*, or *party feeling.* ∾-isque ŏdĭisquĕ cărenti. *L.* [¶ ˘Amŏr.] *See* FAVOR. **3.** *Zeal, eagerness.* ∾-o grādum prŏpĕrarĕ. *V.* fallentĕ lăborem. *H.* [¶ Stŭdĭtas.] **4.** *Care, charge, study.* ∾ quĭbŭs arvă cŏlendi *V.* [¶ Cură.] **5.** Stŭdĭo. *abl.* = stŭdĭose. *V.* *See* S. **6.** *Occupation, business, pursuit.* Cŭpĭdŭs ∾-orum quisquĕ sŭorum. *O.* ∾-is belli asperrĭmă. *V.* [¶ Lăbŏr, ŏpŭs.] **7.** *The study of liberal arts*, &c. ∾-o cĭthăræ dedĭtŭs. *H.* O seri ∾-orum! *H.* *See* STUDEO.

STULTE. *Foolishly.* Hæc ĕgŏ dum stulte mĕdĭtŏr. *O.* [¶ Stŏlĭdĕ, inepte, mălĕ, insĭpĭentĕr.]

STULTĬTIA, æ. *f. Folly, foolishness.* Stultĭtiamquĕ mĕum crimen deberĕ vŏcari. *O.* [¶ Insanĭă, vesanĭă, amentĭă, dementĭă, stŭpŏr.] **Ep.** Cæcă, præceps, tĕmĕrarĭă, vesanā. **Crcl.** Mens -stultă, insanā, stŏlĭdă, delirā. Stultă pectŏrā.

STULTŬS, ă, um. *Foolish, silly, doltish.* Dixit Damœtas; invidit stultŭs ˘Amyntas. *V.* ∾-i săpĭens ĭmĭtatŏr (Brutŭs). *O.* [¶ Insanŭs, vesanŭs, stŏlĭdŭs, ineptŭs, amens, demens, fatŭus, insĭpĭens, delirŭs, mălĕsanŭs, stŭpĭdŭs, tardŭs, hĕbĕs, præstŭpĭdŭs, vecors, excors, insulŭs, bardŭs, plumbĕŭs; *sts.* lăpĭs, saxum, stipĕs, frŭtex, caudex, truncŭs, ăsĭnŭs.] **Crcl.** Mentĭs (rātionis, consĭlĭi) Inops *or* ĕgens. Mentĕ captŭs. Delira mentĕ. Non sanæ mentĭs. Ingĕnio

tardŭs. Hĕbĕti pectŏrĕ. Cui obtusum pectŭs *or* obtusă pectŏrĕ. *See* AMENS.

STUPĂ. *See* STUPPA.

STŬPĔFĂCIO, ĭs, eci, actum. 1. *To astonish, to stupify.* Sensus gĕlĭdus stŭpĕfecĕrăt horrŏr. *Sil.* [† Percello.] Crol. Attŏnĭtum efficio *or* reddo. 2. *Pass.* Stŭpĕfio, lĕri. Sed măgĭs ut nostro stŭpĕfiat Cynthĭă versu. *Pp. See* STUPEO.

STŬPĔFACTUS, ă, um. *part. See* STUPEFACIO. *Astonished, amazed.* Ibăt, ět ingenti motu stŭpĕfactŭs ăquarum. *V.* [† Attŏnĭtŭs, perculsŭs, mirans, admirans, stŭpens.]

STŬPĔO, es, ŭi. 1. *To stand motionless, to be torpid.* Qui flŭĭt, an pigro quæ stŭpĕt undă lăcu. *M.* ~-ŭĭt Ixiŏnĭs orbĭs. *O.* [† Torpĕo, languĕo, sto; *sts.* consisto.] 2. *To be stupified, insensible, unconscious.* ~ multo mĕro; mălis. *O.* vĭtio. *Pers. See* TORPEO. 3. *To stand amazed;* and tr. *to be amazed at, look at with amazement.* Dum stŭpĕt &c. *V.* Occursu stŭpŭerĕ dŭcĭs. *L.* ~ ærĕ; In tĭtŭlis. *H.* donum exĭtĭalĕ Minervæ. *V.* [† Obstŭpĕo, obstŭpĕfio, mirŏr, admirŏr, hĭo.] Crol. Stŭpĕfactŭs (attŏnĭtŭs)-hærĕo, torpĕo, sto, mănĕo. Attŏnĭtis ănĭmis hærĕo. *See* MIROR.

STŬPĬDUS, ă, um. *Amazed, stupified with astonishment; stupid, doltish.* Jam certe stŭpĭdo non dices, Paulă, mărito. *M.* Pŏpŭlŭs stŭdĭo ~ ĭn funambŭlo. *Ter. See* STULTUS.

STŬPŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *Stupor, torpor, deadness.* Finĕ cărent lăcrĭmæ, nĭsĭ quum stŭpŏr obstĭtĭt illis. *O.* ~ ŏcŭlos ĭnertes urgĕt. *V. See* TORPOR. 2. *Astonishment, amazement. Cl.* 3. *Stupidity, doltishness. O. See* STULTITIA. 4. *A stupid dolt.* Istĕ mĕŭs ~ nil vĭdĕt, nĭhĭl audĭt. *Cat.*

STUPPĂ, *or* STUPĂ, æ. *f. Tow.* Stuppă vŏmens tardum fumum. *V.* ~ jăcĭt flammas. *Lr.*

STUPPĔUS, ă, um. *Of tow, hempen.* Stuppĕă prærupit Phrŷgæ rĕtĭnacŭlă puppĭs. *O.* ~ flammă. *V.*

STŬPRO, as. (Stŭprum.) *To defile, debauch.* [† Vĭtio, corrumpo, tĕmĕro, vĭŏlo, pollŭo, comprĭmo.] Crol. Stŭprum infĕro. Vim infĕro *or* fĕro. Stŭpro -pollŭo, corrumpo, vĭŏlo, inquĭno. Stŭprum făcio. Pŭdorem *or* pŭdicĭtĭam -mĭnŭo, immĭnŭo, aufĕro. Castum pŭdorem (florem) ădĭmo.

STŬPRUM, *and* STUPRUM, i. *n. Fornication, adultery, rape.* Nullis pollŭĭtur castă dŏmus stŭpris. *H.* Nec, prĕtĭum stupri, gemmas aurumquĕ pŏposci. *O.* [† Flagĭtĭum, furtum; *sts.* vis, ădultĕrĭum, concŭbĭtŭs.] Ep. Turpĕ, fœdum, infamĕ, pŭdendum, infandum, furtivum. Crol. Vis stŭpri. Stŭprum corpŏrĭs. Stŭpri commercĭă *or* crimĭnă. Damnă pŭdorĭs. Læsă pŭdicĭtĭă. Læsŭs pŭdŏr. Nĕfandæ vĕnĕrĭs furtum. Labes pŭdorĭs. Raptă virgĭnĭtas. Raptæ (ereptæ, ădemptæ) virgĭnĭtatis dedĕcŭs. *See* ADULTERIUM.

STURNUS, i. *m. A starling.* Nunc sturnos ĭnŏpes fringillarumquĕ quĕrelas. *M.*

STŸGIALIS, ĕ = Stŷglĭus. Hinc măgĭco vĕnĕrătă Jŏvi Stŷgĭalĭă sacrâ. *V.* (*Ciris.*)

STŸGIUS, ă, um. 1. *Of Styx, Stygian; of hell.* Per Stŷgă detŭr ĭter, Stŷgĭas tranablĭmŭs undas. *O.* ~-is se concĭtăt alis (Allecto). *V. See* INFERNUS. 2. *Infernal* (used of the dark arts, sorcery, &c.). ~-a vĕnĭt artĕ Chŏastes. *V. Fl.* ~ carmĕn. *L. See* MAGICUS. 3. Fig. *Horrible, deadly, fatal* (as hell). Hallĭtŭs exĭt orĕ ~-o (de anguĕ). *O.* ~ bubo dĕdĭt omnĭă. *V.* pestis. *Cl.* [† Atĕr, ferallis, mortĭfĕr.]

STYLUS. *See* STILUS.

STŸRAX, ăcĭs. *m. A kind of resin.* Non stŷrăce Idæo fragrantes pictă căpillos. *V.* (*Ciris.*)

STYX, ŷgis. *f.* 1. *The famous river of hell.* Per Stŷgă detŭr ĭter, Stŷgĭas tranablĭmŭs undas. *O.* Cum Stŷgĕ vinâ bĭbas. *O.* [† *Ext.* ˘Achĕron, Cocytŭs, Lethe.] Ep. Tartărĕă, nĭgrĕ, atrĕ; tardă, ĭners, torpens, pĭgrĕ; tristis, horrĭdă, innabĭlis, irrĕmĕabĭlis; pĭcĕ torrens; tarda unda ĭnăma bĭlis. Crol. Stŷgĭă pălus. Stŷgĭus -lăcŭs, gurgĕs, amnis, vortex, torrens. Stŷgĭæ -ăquæ, undæ, pĭludes. Stŷgĭum stagnum *or* flumĕn. Stŷgĭ amnes. Stŷgis altă pălus. Stŷgis irrĕmĕabĭlis undă. Stŷgĭæ stagnă păludis. Stŷgĭă æquŏrĕ. Dis (dis, sŭpĕris) jurată pălus *or* undă. Phr. Flumĭnă Stŷgĭ Jŏvis. Amnis imperjuratæ ăquæ. Pălus divis (regi dĕorum) dignată jurari. Timŏr illĕ ět dĕorum dĕŭs. *See* ACHERON. Hence—2. *Hell.* ˘Ad Stŷgă ignĕ dăti (*the giants*). *O. See* INFERI.

SUADELA, æ. *f., and* SUADA, æ. *f. Enn. The goddess of persuasion; persuasion, advice.* Ac bĕnĕ nummatum dĕcŏrat Suadelă, Vĕnusquĕ. *H.* Flos delibatus pŏpŭli, Suadæquĕ mĕdŭllă. *Enn.* (*apud Gell.*) [† Pitho (πείθω).]

SUADĔO, es, si, sum. 1. *To advise, counsel.* Nec non galbănĕos suadebo incendĕre ŏdores. *V.* [† Consĭlĭŏr, hortŏr, impello, mŏnĕo.] Crol. Sum auctŏr. *See* HORTOR. 2. *To enjoin.* ~ sĭlentĭă dĭgĭto. *O. See* JUBEO. 3. Fig. *To induce, impel, encourage.* ~-ět vesanâ fămes. *V.* ~ somnum Inirĕ sŭsurro; somnos. *V.* ~-ent luxum răpinæ. *L.* [† Hortŏr, impello, invito, &c.] *See* EXCITO.

SUADUS, ă, um. *Of persuasive power.* Actæos imbres suadumquĕ crŭorem. *St.*

SUASŎR, orĭs. *m. An adviser, counsellor.* Adjĭcĕ Trojanæ sussorem Antenŏrĕ pacĭs. *O.* [† Suadens, auctŏr, impulsŏr, consĭlĭarĭŭs, &c.] *See* IMPULSOR.

SUAVĔ. *n. used adv. Sweetly.* Munĕrĕ sunt lauri, et suavĕ rŭbens hŷăcinthŭs. *V.*

SUAVEŌLENS (*scan as* suavŏlens), tis. *Sweet-smelling.* Cingĕ tempŏrĕ florĭbŭs suavĕŏlentĭs ămarăci. *Cat. See* ODORUS.

SUAVĬATIO, *or* SAVĬATIO, onĭs. *f. A kissing.* Jŏcŭ', Ludus, Risus, suavis Savĭatio. *Pl. See* SUAVIUM.

SUAVĬDICUS, ă, um. *Sweet in sound, pleasant to the ear.* Suavĭdĭcis pŏtĭus, quam multis, veralbŭs edam. *Lr.*

SUAVĬLŎQUENS, tis, *and* SUAVĬLŎQUUS, ă, um. *Falling pleasantly on the ear.* Vŏlŭĭ tĭbĭ suavĭlŏquenti Carmĭnĕ Piĕrĭo rătĭonem exponĕrĕ nostram. *Lr.* Suavĭlŏqui versus. *Lr.*

SUAVĬŎLUM, i. *n. A little kiss.* Suavĭŏlum dulci dulcĭŭs ambrŏsĭa. *Cat. See* SUAVIUM.

SUAVĬŎR, arĭs. *To kiss.* Jucundum os ŏcŭlosquĕ suavĭabŏr. *Cat. See* OSCULOR.

SUAVIS, ĕ. 1. *Sweet to the taste.* Ergo ŭbi quod suave est ălĭis, ălĭis fit ămarum. *Lr.* [† Dulcis.] 2. *Sweet to the smell.* ~ spirĭtŭs unguenti. *Lr.* Intexens ~-ĭbŭs herbis. *V.* [† Dulcis, fragrans, ŏdorŭs, &c.] *See* ODORUS. 3. Fig. *Pleasant, agreeable, delightful.* ~ sermo. *H.* sŏpŏr. *Lr.* [† Dulcis, blandŭs, jucundŭs, gratŭs, &c.] *See* JUCUNDUS.

SUAVĬTAS, atĭs. *f. Sweetness, pleasantness* (used both of the senses and mind). ˘Is hăbet succum, is suavĭtatem. *Pl.* [† Dulcedo.]

SUAVĬTĔR. 1. *Agreeably, pleasantly* (of the senses, &c.). Succi Suavĭtĕr attingunt, et suavĭtĕr omnĭă tractant &c. *Lr.* [† Suavĕ, dulcĕ.] 2. Fig. *Pleasantly, delightfully, happily* (of the mind, &c.). ~ vivĕrĕ. *H.* [† Blande, jucundĕ, bĕnĕ, felicĭtĕr, bĕate, &c.]

SUAVĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A kiss. Cat. H.* [† Basĭum, oscŭlum, suavĭŏlum.] *See* OSCULOR. 2. *A term of endearment.* Mĕum suavĭum, quĭd ăgĭtŭr? *Ter.*

SUB. *prep.* 1. With abl. (motion not implied.)

Under or *beneath any thing, under cover of any thing.* Lit. and fig. [Thus indicative of subordination, subjection.] Armā sūb adversa pōsŭit rādĭautĭā quercu. *V.* Sūb matrĭbŭs agni. *V.* Sūb Jŏvē frigĭdo. *H.* Sūb cultro. *H.* ∾ dŏmĭna; judĭcē. *H.* antiqua relĭgĭonē pŏpŭlum tŭeri. *V.* [¶ Subtĕr.] Hence—**2.** Sts. = *in, within.* ∾ terra fŏverē lāres; templo singŭlā lustrarē. *V.* altis silvis inventā. *O.* [¶ ˘In, intra.] Hence —**3.** *At the foot of.* ∾ Alpĭbŭs bellā gĕrĕrē. *H.* ipsa Antandro; Trojæ mœnĭbŭs. *V.* **4.** *At, in, about, toward, during* (of time or place). ˘Abĕrāt Lĭbycis sūb oris. *O.* ∾ armis; lucē; noctē; ŏodem tempŏrē. *O.* [¶ ˘In, pĕr.] Hence —**5.** *Just after, immediately upon, at.* ∾ qŭo eccē vŏlāt. *V.* verbo pārarē omnĭā. *Lr.* nomĭnē ejs riderē. *O.* [¶ Post; ăd.] **6.** With acc. (motion implied.) *Under, beneath,* &c. *See* **1.** Rĕferrē vallos sūb tectā. *V.* Sūb terras ibĭt Imago. *V.* Dārē pĕdem sūb scamnā. *O.* Sūb pacĭs leges. *V.* [¶ Subtĕr, subtŭs, ĭn, ăd.] **7.** *About, close upon, near to* (of time). ∾ auctumni frigŏrā. *V.* lucem. *Sil.* galli cantum. *H.* [¶ ˘Ad, circa, circĭtĕr.] **8.** *Immediately after* or *upon, at.* Illē sūb hæc (*upon this said*). *V.* Sūb hæc dictā omnes procŭbŭerunt. *Liv.* **9.** *About, close upon, near to* (of place); *just in front,* &c. ∾ mĕdĭam alvum qm fĕrirē. *O.* ipsos postes. *V.* [¶ Juxta, prŏpē, antē.] **10.** *Sts. in sense* (1), *though motion be not implied* (*i. e.* when the abl. is us. found). Quidquĭd sūb nŏtŏn ĕt bŏrĕan hŏmĭnum sūmŭs. *L.*

SŪBÆRATUS, ă, um. *Coppered inside.* Ne quā sūbærato mendosum tinnĭāt auro. *Pers.*

SUBCĀVUS, ă, um. *Hollow beneath* or *within.* Totius subcāvā montĭs Est naturā. *Lr.*

SUBDĬTUS, ă, um. *part. See* SUBDO. **1.** *Placed, set,* or *put under something* (of position). Plāgis jūgā subdĭtā matutinis. *O.* ∾-ă flammā mĕdŭllis. *V.* **2.** *Put under the power of, made subject to.* ∾ Plutonĭs regno. *Tib.* tŏt rebŭs. *Pers.* [¶ Subjectŭs, obnoxĭŭs, parens.] **Crel.** ˘Alĭeni jurĭs factŭs. Sūb impĕrĭo (nutu, dĭtĭonē). Impĕrio subdĭtŭs. **Phr.** ˘Alĭeni arbĭtrii *or* jurĭs factŭs. *See* OBEDIO. **3.** *Substituted for, put in the place of another.* ∾ cervā (*for Iphigenia*). *Pp.*

SUBDO, ĭs, ĭdi, ĭtum. **1.** *To place, set, put,* &c. *one thing under another; to apply it to the other underneath it; to bring it into junctim with it.* Lit. and fig. ∾ æquŏrā Solĭs ănhelis ĕquis. *O.* rŏtas. *V.* calcăr ĕquo; stĭmŭlos ingĕnĭo. *O.* [¶ Subjĭcĭo, suppono.] **2.** Sts. *To subjoin* or (simply) *to add one thing to another.* [¶ Subjĭcĭo, addo.] **3.** *To subject, subjugate.* Lit. and fig. ∾ ocĕānum sceptrĭs. *Cl.* [¶ Subjĭcĭo, submitto, sūbĭgo.] *See* VINCO, SUBDITUS (**2**). **4.** *To put in the place of another. See* SUBDITUS (**3**). [¶ Suppono.]

SUBDŎLUS, ă, um. *Crafty, sly.* Fac tĭtŭbet blæso subdŏlā linguā sŏno. *O.* ∾-ă retĭā. *M. See* DOLOSUS.

SUBDUCO, ĭs, xi, ctum. **1.** *To withdraw from under.* Terrāquē se pĕdĭbus raptim subducāt, ĕt omnes &c. *Lr.* Subducta unda ăd manes descĭdĭmŭs. *V.* ∾ collā ŏnĕri. *O.* mānum fĕrŭlæ. *J.* [¶ Subtrăho, aufĕro, tollo.] **2.** *To withdraw privily, to take away by stealth.* ∾ lac agnis; ensem căpĭti; Ascănĭum pugnæ. *V.* siderā (de nubĭbŭs). *L.* [¶ Subtrăho, crĭpĭo, subrĭpĭo, demo, ădĭmo, tollo.] *See* FUROR. **3.** *To draw up* or *forth from below, to lift up* or *out.* ∾ plantas ăb æquŏrē; tūnĭcas ăb ima ora. *O.* Tūnĭcis subductis făcĕtŭs. *H.* Subducto vultu irē (*with drawn-up brows,* lit.). *Pp. See* EXTRAHO. **4.** ∾ navem. *To draw up a vessel on shore.* ∾ quassatam classem (*opp. to* deducĕrē = *to float again*). *V.* **5.** ∾ rātĭonem, nūmĕrum. *To compute, cast up an account.* ∾ nūmĕrum sidĕrum. *Cat. See* RATIO. **6.** ∾ se. *To sink, to lose themselves* (of hills, &c.). *V.* [¶ Se demittĕrē.]

SUBĔDO, ĕdĭs, edi, esum. *To eat* or *scear away from below.* E scŏpŭlo, quem raucā sūbĕdĭt undā. *O.*

SUBĔO, is, ivi *or* ĭi, ĭtum. **1.** *To go under* (in order to take up and bear or carry); hence fig. *to undertake a matter.* Quem sūblisse hūmĕris confectum ætatē pārentem. *V.* ∾ fĕretro; currum dŏmĭtæ. *V.* curas ĕt hŏnores dūcĭs. *V. Fl.* torquerē cŏnum (clavo). *Cl.* [¶ Supponŏr, subjĭcĭŏr, succedo; *and fig.* suscĭpĭo, ŏbĕo, aggrĕdĭŏr.] Hence Fig. **2.** *To undergo, to submit to, to suffer.* ∾ labores. *Tib.* vinclā; judĭcĭum; pœnas; servitŭm. *O.* jussā pātrĭs. *V. Fl.* [¶ Fĕro, pātĭŏr, tŭlĕo, &c.] **3.** *To go beneath, to sink under.* ∾ occĭdŭas āquas (de solĕ). *O.* [¶ Succedo.] *See* DESCENDO. **4.** *To go within, enter into.* ∾ pŏtu; luco. *V.* cāvum arctum. *H.* pectŭs (de venabŭlo). *L.* manes. *St.* [¶ Intro, ingrĕdĭŏr, &c.] **5.** *To approach close to any thing.* ∾ ăd tectā; muro. *V.* saxā. *O.* [¶ ˘Adĕo, accedo, &c.] **6.** *To follow.* Ponĕ ∾-ĭt conjux. *V. See* SEQUOR. **7.** *To succeed, come after.* ∾-ĭt argentĕā proles. Furcas ∾-ĭerĕ cŏlumnæ. *O. See* SUCCEDO. **8.** *To approach close to a person* (in order to address oneself to him in word or deed). ∾-ĭt Herbesum (*for attack*). *V.* Tŏnantem Jūno (*to speak to him*). *St.* lŏquentem talĭbŭs (*in reply*). *Cl. See* AGGREDIOR, ALLOQUOR. **9.** *To come forth from under, rise up* or *out; to grow.* Ne ∾-ĕant herbæ. *V.* ∾-ĭt aspĕrā silvā (lappæ, &c.). *V.* barbā. *M. See* CRESCO. **10.** *To come on by stealth, steal into.* ∾-ĭt (ămŏr), ĕt tăcĭta arā nŏcĕt; lumĭnā sŏpŏr. *O.* tristĭs sēnectus. *V.* [¶ Obrepo, irrepo, insinŭo.] **11.** *To come into the thoughts, occur to the mind.* ∾-ĭt deserā Crĕusā. *V.* qd mentem. *O.* [¶ Obvenŏr.] **12.** Sūbĭtŭr, &c. *pass.* Sūbĕantŭr prospĕrā castrā. *J.* Sūbĕundā mœnĭā. *L.*

SUBER, ĕrĭs. *n. The cork-tree.* Tegmĭnā queis cŏpĭtum raptus de subĕrē cortex. *V.*

SUBERĬGO, ĭs. *To raise up from under* or *below.* Isthmon curvata sublimē sūberĭgĭt unda Tempestas. *Sil.*

SUBERRO, as. *To wander about under, at the foot of,* &c. ˘Ĭtălĭs quicunquē (flŭvĭi) sūberrant Montĭbŭs. *Cl.*

SUBICIO, IS = SUBJICIO. (So *abicio, adicio, obicio,* &c.) His ăcŭit stĭmŭlis, sūbĭcitque hand mollĭā dictu. *Sil.* and *L.*

SUBIGO, ĭs, egi, actum. **1.** *To drive* or *cause to come* or *go under any thing; to urge, force, move on from a lower point to a higher;* gen. *to move onward, cause to move in any direction.* Quem dĕdĕrat ductor sūbĭgendæ ad mœnĭā classi. *V.* ∾ ăpĭcem ăd siderā. *Sil.* lembum, adverso fŭmĭnĕ, remĭgĭis; rātem conto. *V.* [¶ ˘Ago, impello; *sts.* rĕgo, dirĭgo.] Hence—**2.** *To force under the yoke, to yoke.* ∾ sŏnĭpĕdes jūgo. *Sn.* [¶ Sūbjungo.] **3.** *To subdue, subjugate.* Rūtŭlos sūbactis. *V.* [¶ Subjĭcĭo, submitto, dŏmo, &c.] *See* VINCO. **4.** *To force, constrain.* ∾-ĭt mensas consumĕrē (fāmes). *V. See* COGO. Fig **5.** ∾ terram. *To break up, work, and prepare ground for seed,* &c. Mandarē semĭnā scrŏbĭbŭs sūbactis. *V.* ∾ terram vomĕrē. *O.* [¶ Exercĕo, &c.] *See* ARO. **6.** *To work down to a point or edge, to sharpen.* ∾ sĕcures ĭn cotē. *V. See* ACUO. **7.** *To bring any thing* (*e. g.* wool) *to a manageable* or *fit state for use, by working it with the hand,* &c. Dĭgĭtis ∾-ebāt ŏpŭs. *O.* [¶ Exercĕo, mollĭo.]

Sŭbindĕ. *Then, upon that.* Primum gauderĕ, sŭbindĕ Præceptum auricŭlis hoc instillarĕ mĕmento. *H. See* Deinde.

Sŭbĭto. *adv., and* Sŭbitum. *n. used adv. Sil.* 1. *Suddenly, in an instant.* Dixĭt, ĕt ex ŏcŭlis sŭbĭto, ceu fumŭs ĭn auras. *V.* [† Protĭnŭs, &c.] *See* P. 2. *Soon, in a short time. O.* [† Cĭtŏ, brĕvi, &c.]

Sŭbĭtŭs, ă, um. *Sudden, unexpected.* Plurĭ lŏcuturi sŭbĭto subducĭmŭr imbrĕ. *O.* Formă ~-arum vŏlŭcrum. *O.* [† Rĕpens, rĕpentinŭs, improvisŭs, Inŏpinŭs, nĕcŏpinŭs, Inŏpinatŭs, nŏvŭs, cĕlĕr, velox, festinŭs, cĭtŭs.]

Subjacĕo, es. *To lie* or *be situated under.* Et mater făcĭli mollissĭmă subjăcĕt arvo. *Col.* [† Subsum.] *See* Subdor.

Subjecto, as. 1. *To put* or *set under.* Lit. and fig. Subjectatquĕ mănus, invităquĕ pectŏrĕ tangĭt. *O.* ~ stĭmŭlos lasso. *H.* 2. *To throw up* or *upwards.* ~ saxă. *Lr.* ărenam. *V.* [† Jacto, &c.] *See* Erigo.

Subjĭcĭo, ĭs, eci, ectum. 1. *To put, place, lay under.* Lit. and fig. Ramĕă costis Subjĭcĭunt fragmentă &c. *V.* ~ brachĭă collo. *O.* collă sĕcuri. *Tib.* prunas vĕrŭbŭs. *V.* [† Subdo, suppono, sŭbĭcĭo; *sts.* substerno, submitto.] 2. *To make subject.* ~ lætissĭmă regnă ci. *O.* Parcĕrĕ subjectis. *V.* [† Subdo, submitto, &c.] 3. *To submit, set before, expose.* ~ qd ŏcŭlis. *H.* [† Objĭcĭo, expono, præbĕo, &c.] Hence fig.— 4. *To suggest to the mind,* &c. Spes est virginĭbŭs subjectă. *O.* ~-ĭt carmĭnă ci ămŏr. *Pp.* [† Affĕro, præbĕo, suggĕro.] 5. *To subjoin, add* (of words = *reply*). ~ paucă fŭrenti. *V.* Tydeus ~-ĭt. *St.* Versus subjecti. *Ph.* 6. *To throw* or *send upwards* (from under or below). Verĕ nŏvo se ~-ĭt alnŭs. *V.* ~ corpŏrĕ saltu ĭn ĕquos. *V.* Flammă ăd summum tecti subjectă. *V.* [† Erĭgo, &c.] *See* E.

Subjungo, ĭs, xi, ctum. 1. *To put to the yoke, yoke, harness on.* Armĕnĭas curru subjungĕrĕ tigres. *V.* 2. = jungo. *Lr. See* J. 3. *To subdue, subjugate.* ~ gentem. *V.* res sĭbĭ, non se rebŭs. *H. See* Subigo. 4. *To subjoin, add, connect.* Rostro subjunctă lĕones (puppĭs). *V.* ~ carmĭnă percussis nervis. *O. See* Addo.

Sublabŏr, ĕrĭs, pŭs sum. *To glide* (in, on, away, &c.) *imperceptibly, stealthily.* Et cassa frendens sublabĭtŭr ira (*retires*). *V. Fl.* Lŭes sublapsă pertentăt sensus (*stealing in*). *V.* Spes rĕtro sublapsă (*giving way, falling away*). *V.*

Sublatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Tollo. Used also adj. 1. *Raised, erect.* Lubrĭcă convolvit sublato pectŏrĕ tergă. *V.* ~-o vultu dicĕrĕ. *O.* [† Elatŭs, erectŭs, &c.] 2. *Brought up* (as a child, &c.). ~-um (filĭum) erŭdirĕ. *V.* 3. *Elated, haughty.* Rebŭs sĕcundis ~-ă (mens). *V.* Sublatĭŏr ardĕt. *O. See* Superbus. 4. *Taken away.* Rĕpondĕrĕ ~-ă pocŭlă. *V.* ~-o lumĭnĕ. *Pp.* ~-ă ex ŏcŭlis (virtus). *H. See* Tollo.

Sublĕgo, ĭs, egi, ectum. 1. *To gather from below* or *up.* Sublegit quodcunquĕ jăcĕrĕt Inutĭlĕ. *H.* 2. Fig. *To pick up stealthily by the ear; to overhear.* ~ carmĭnă. *V.* [† Excĭpĭo, aucŭpŏr.]

Sublĕvo, as. 1. *To raise up, to lift up, to hold up.* Et terra sublĕvăt ipsum. *V.* Nodŭs ~-ăt ensem. *Cl. See* Levo. 2. *To aid, ease, relieve.* Vivăt, ĕt auxĭlio sublĕvĕt usquĕ sŭo. *O.* [† Jŭvo, adjŭvo.] *See* Auxilior.

Sublĭgăr, ăris. *n. A covering worn round the loins.* Personam thyrsumquĕ tĕnent et sublĭgăr Atei. *J.* [† Cinctŭs.]

Sublĭgo, as. *To tie* or *bind on.* Tum lăterĭ atque hŭmĕris Tĕgĕæum sublĭgăt ensem. *V. See* Ligo.

Sublimĕ. *adj. n., and comp.* Sublimĭŭs, *used adv. On high, aloft; in a lofty manner.* Cantantes sublimĕ fĕrent ad sidĕră cycni. *V.* ~ vŏlarĕ. *Lr.* răpĕrĕ. *Sil.* Sŏlĭto ~-ĭŭs orĕ lĕvarĕ. *St.* [† Sublimĭtĕr, alte, sursum.] Crcl. ~In sublimĕ, ĭn altum.

Sublimis, ĕ (*and anc.* Sublimŭs, ă, um). 1. *High, lofty, aloft.* Regĭă Solĭs ĕrat, sublimĭbŭs altă cŏlumnis. *O.* Păphon ~ ăbĭt. *V.* [† Altŭs, excelsŭs, erectŭs, &c.] *See* Celsus. Fig. 2. *Sublime, grand, lofty* (of style, &c.). Făcĕrĕ ~-ĭă carmĭnă. *J.* ~ nomĕn. *O.* [† Altŭs, grandĭs, præstans, &c.] 2. *Exalted, dignified, excellent.* ~-ĭă pectŏrĕ frangĕrĕ. *O.* [† Elatŭs, altŭs.]

Sublucĕo, es. 1. *To shine under* or *from under.* Funduntur, vĭŏlæ sublucet purpŭrĕ nigræ. *V.* 2. *To shine a little* (under-shine). ~-ent fŭgĭentĕ Phœbo crĕpuscŭlă; orĕ mixto rŭborĕ. *O.*

Sublŭo, ĭs. *To wash underneath, to wash. M.*

Sublustrĭs, ĕ. *Giving an under-light* or *dim light.* Et gălĕa Eurŷălum sublustris noctŭs ĭn umbra Prodĭdĭt. *V.*

Submergo, ĭs. *To plunge under water, to sink, to drown.* Atque ipsos pŏtŭit submergĕrĕ ponto. *V.* ~In unda submersum sibĭlăt (ferrum). *O. See* Mergo.

Submĭnistro, as. *To minister, to supply.* Et solatĭă vană submĭnistrăt. *St. See* Ministro.

Submisse. *Modestly, with submission.* Multăquĕ submisse, multă mĭnantĕr ăgĭt. *O.*

Submissŭs, *or* Summissŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Submitto. Used also adj. 1. *Lowered, abased.* In dura submisso poplĭtĕ terra. *O.* ~-o hŭmĭles vertĭcĕ. *O.* [† Depressŭs, demissŭs, hŭmĭlĭs.] Fig. 2. *Submissive, humble.* Rŏgarĕ ~-a vocĕ. *O.* ~-ă prĕcatŭr. *V. Fl.* ~-is prĕcĭbŭs. *L.* 3. *Overcome* (by entreaty, &c.). ~ vitam largitŭr. *St.*

Submitto, *or* Summitto, ĭs, misi, missum. 1. *To place, put,* or *lay under.* ~ ĕquas alternis annis. *M.* [† Subjĭcĭo, suppono, subdo.] Fig. 2. *To lower, to cast* or *let down.* ~ căput vĭrĭdi ĭn herba; ŏcŭlos. *O.* [† Demitto.] 3. ~ gĕnu. *To bend the knee. Sil. See* Genu. 4. *To raise, lift up.* Tendĕrĕ ~-as dextras ăd Căpĭtolĭă. *Sil.* [† Tollo, erĭgo, &c.] 5. *To send forth from below, to send forth, to produce.* ~ mortĭfĕram vim; fetus. *Lr.* cŏlores (de hŭmo). *Pp.* pabŭlă pascendis ĕquis. *L.* [† Părĭo, gigno, produco, suppĕdĭto, mĭnistro.] 6. *To bring up* or *reserve for breeding.* ~ tauros; ĭn spem gentĭs. *V.* [† Educo, ălo.] 7. *To subdue, to subject, make subject.* ~ ănĭmos ămori; inceptum fŭrorem. *V.* me culpæ. *O.* [† Subdo, subjĭcĭo.]

Submotŭs, *or* Summotŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Submovĕo. Used also adj. 1. *Removed, put away.* Lit. and fig. Ast ălĭos longe submotos arcĕt ărena. *V.* ~ pŭdŏr. *H.* 2. Sp. *Banished.* ~ pătrĭa; ăd Istrum. *O. See* Exsul. 3. *Running far back* or *inward* (of a cave). Vasto ~-ă rĕcessu (spelunca). *V.* [† Rĕductŭs, rĕmotŭs.]

Submŏvĕo, *or* Summŏvĕo, es, ovi, otum. *To remove, to take* or *send away.* Lit. and fig. Nĕquĕ consŭlarĭs Submŏvet lictor mĭsĕros tŭmultus. *O.* ~-ĕt hĭĕmes (Jupĭtĕr). *H.* [† Rĕmŏvĕo, arcĕo, pello, rĕpello, &c.] *See* Arceo.

Subnascŏr, ĕrĭs. *To grow up under.* Num vădĭ subnatis imo vĭrĭdentŭr ăb herbis. *O.* ~-ens ignĭs. *Sil.*

Subnăto, as. *To swim beneath.* Pars subnătăt unda, Membrorum pars exstăt ăquis. *Sil.*

Subnecto, ĭs, xŭi, xum. *To tie* or *bind beneath, under.* ~ cingŭlă mammæ. *V.* velum antennis. *O. See* Necto.

Subnixŭs, ă, um. *from* Subnitor. 1. *Leaning upon, resting upon; supported.* Sŏllĭo ~ rĕsedĭt. *V.* ~ muro (urbs); mentum crinemquĕ mitra (*the* mentum *and* crinis *resting on the bands of the* mitra *fastened below*). *V.* [† Nixŭs, innixŭs.]

2. Fig. *Relying, depending upon; confident in.* ∾ robŏrĕ mentĭs. *M.* [† Nixŭs, fretŭs, fidens, elatŭs, sŭperbŭs.]

SUBNŌTO, as. *To note* or *remark secretly.* Quum vultu dĭgĭtoquĕ subnŏtassĕt. *M.*

SUBNŬBĂ, æ. *f. A concubine.* Quod gĕmĭt Hypsĭpўle lecti quŏquĕ subnŭbă nostro &c. *O.*

SUBNUBĬLŬS, ă, um. *Rather cloudy* or *overcast, darkish.* Limĕs ĕrat tĕnŭis longa subnubĭlŭs umbra. *O.*

SŬBŎLES. *See* SOBOLES.

SŬBŎRĬŎR, ĕrĭs, ortŭs sum, ŏriri. *To spring forth from under, to grow up* or *out.* Ex infinito sŭbŏriri coplĭ possĕt. *Lr.*

SŬBORTŬS, us. *m. A rise, rising; rising after rising.* Ex ălĭo atque ălĭo lucem jactarĕ sŭbortu. *Lr.*

SUBP. *See* SUPP.

SUBRECTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Subrigo. Used also adj. *Erect, somewhat erect.* Surgunt averso subrectæ frontĕ cŏlubræ. *L.*

SUBREMIGO, as. *To row underneath,* or (simply) *to row* (ὑπηρετέω). Læva tăcĭtis subremĭgăt undis. *V.*

SUBREPO, ĭs, psi. 1. *To creep stealthily* or *imperceptibly in, on,* or *into.* Lit. and fig. Blandă quĭes furtim tăcĭtis subrepĭt ŏcellis. *O.* ∾-ĭt crinĭbŭs humŏr. *Cl.* vinĕă muris. *Cl.* fratrĭbŭs horrŏr. *St.* Iners ætas. *Tib.* [† Obrepo, irrepo, illabŏr, &c.] 2. With acc. ∾ urbĭs mœnĭă. *H.*

SUBRIDĔO, es, si, sum. *To smile* (used also of a slight laugh). Olli subridens hŏmĭnum sătŏr atquĕ dĕorum. *V.* ∾-ens mixta ira. *V. See* RIDEO.

SUBRĬGO, *or* SURRĬGO, ĭs, exi, ectum. *To raise, lift up; to prick up* (the ears). Tot vĭgĭles ŏcŭli subter, tot subrĭgĭt aures. *V.* căpĭtum hĭatus. *St.* [† Arrĭgo, erĭgo, tollo, &c.]

SUBRĬPIO, *or* SURRĬPIO, ĭs, ĭpŭi, eptum. *To take privily, in an underhand way, to steal; to take away, withdraw any thing suddenly, unexpectedly,* or *secretly.* Lit. and fig. Omnĭbŭs una omnes surrĭpŭit vĕnĕres. *Cat.* ∾ mappam prætori. *M.* unum de millĕ mŏdĭis. *H.* crimĭnă ŏcŭlis pătrĭs. *O.* Quæ me surpŭĕrăt (= surrĭpŭĕrăt) mĭhĭ. *O.* [And so Surpere. *Lr.* Surpui. *Pl.* Surpite. *H.*, for surripere, &c.] [† Răpio, subduco, subtrăho, tollo; *sts.* furŏr.]

SUBRŬBĔO, es, ŭi. *To be reddish, slightly red.* Plenăquĕ purpŭrĕo subrŭbĕt uvă mĕro. *O.*

SUBRUO, ĭs, i, ŭtum. *To throw down from the foundations, overthrow; to destroy.* Lit. and fig. Sit ventură dies, mundi quum subrŭĕt arces. *Pp.* ∾ reges munĕrĭbŭs. *H.* [† Everto, &c.] *See* E.

SUBSCRIBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To write below* or *under.* I, pŭĕr, atquĕ mĕo cĭtŭs hæc subscribĕ lĭbello. *H.* 2. *Used of an inscription.* ∾ qd sĕpulcro. *O. See* INSCRIBO. 3. Fig. *To subscribe to* (approve of). Nevĕ, prĕcŏr, ∾-ĭtĕ Cæsărĭs iræ. *O.* [† Assentĭŏr, annŭo, prŏbo, făvĕo, &c.]

SUBSĔCO, as. *To cut down* or *off* (*i. e.* from under). Illă păpavĕrĕas subsĕcăt unguĕ cŏmas. *O. See* SECO.

SUBSELLĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A seat, a bench. Pl.* [† Scamnum, sellă, sĕdilĕ.] *See* SEDILE. 2. Sp. *A seat at the theatre.* Subsellĭoquĕ semĭfultŭs extremo. *M.* 3. Sp. *A judge's seat* (*Pers.*); hence, *used of the judgment given; and of the judge himself.* ˘Ad rĕi ∾-um, quum oratŏr excĭtăt fletum. *Cat.* Bĭbĕrĕ quantum subsellĭă quinquĕ (*the whole bench*). *M.*

SUBSĔQUŎR, ĕrĭs, sĕcutŭs sum. *To follow close upon, to follow.* Subsĕquĭtur, pressoquĕ lĕgit vestĭgĭă cursu. *O.*

SUBSERVIO, is. *To be slave to. Pl.*; and fig. *to lend oneself to, comply with. Ter. See* SERVIO.

SUBSESSŎR, ŏris. *m. One lying in wait. Sen.*

SUBSĬDĔO. *See* SUBSIDO.

SUBSĬDĬUM, ĭi. *n. Succour, help* (by troops, &c.) *help, assistance.* Ter denis navĭbŭs ibant Subsĭdĭo Trojæ. *V.* ∾-o sŭbĭt fŭgă. *V. See* AUXILIUM.

SUBSIDO, ĭs, edi. 1. *To stoop down, to lower oneself.* Et se collegĭt ĭn armă, Popllĭtĕ subsĭdens. *V.* 2. *To sink to* or *remain at the bottom.* Gilĕa ∾-ĭt ˘Acestes. *V.* 3. *To settle* or *sink down* (from a height); *to subside* (of waters, &c.); *to cease* (of winds). ∾-unt undæ. *V.* valles; vesti. *O.* [† Sido, considо, desido; *sts.* descendo, pono.] Fig. 4. *Used of a people settling down and fusing among others.* Commixti corpŏrĕ tanto (sc. Ausŏnĭbŭs) ∾-ent Teucri. *V.* 5. Int. and tr. *To lie in ambush, to lie in wait* (from crouching down in so doing). ∾ ĭn insĭdĭis; in lŏco. *Liv.* and *Cic.* fĕro. *Aus.* lĕonem. *Sil.* regnum Chalcĭdŏs. *L.* Devictam ˘Asĭam (= his who conquered it) subsedĭt ădultĕr (Ægisthus). *V.* [But *devicta Asia* is read.]

SUBSILĬO, is, ivi, ĭi, *or* ŭi, ultum. *To leap* or *spring up* or *out.* Nec quum subsilĭunt ignes ad tectă dŏmorum. *Lr.* Damnosi subsĭlĭĕrĕ cases (*in dice-throwing*). *Pp. See* SALIO.

SUBSISTO, ĭs, stĭti. 1. *To stop, to stand still.* Substĭtĭt, erravitnĕ vĭa, seu lassă rĕsedĭt. *V.* Substĭt rĕflŭens (amnĭs). *V.* linguă. *O.* [† Consisto, sisto, sto, &c.] *See* STO. 2. *To stand firm, withstand, resist.* ∾ clўpĕo; dextra. *V.* totis turmis. *Tib. See* RESISTO. 3. *To cease, fail.* Ingĕnĭum omnĕ substĭtĭt. *O. See* DEFICIO.

SUBSTERNO, ĭs, travi, tratum. *To stretch, spread,* or *lay under; to strew, cover.* Æquŏră substrata æthĕrĭis ingentĭbŭs oris. *Lr.* ∾ brachĭă cellæ. *Cat.* cinnămă cum myrrha. *O.* [† Suppono, subjĭcio, sterno.]

SUBSTĬTŬO, ĭs, ŭi, utum. *To place under.* Funĕă fratrum Debŭĕras ŏcŭlis substĭtŭĭssĕ tŭis (*to figure to yourself*). *O.* [† Suppono, subjĭcio.] 2. *To substitute, replace.* ∾-ĭt nox stĭă lumĭnă soli. *L.* [† Suffĭcio.]

SUBSTRAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. That which is strewed under, litter.* Lubrĭcă robŏrĕis ăděrant substramĭnă plaustris. *Sil. See* STRAMEN.

SUBSTRICTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SUBSTRINGO. Used also adj. *Narrow, slender, small.* ∾-ă crŭrĭ (mergi). *O.* ∾ vĭr. *Sil.* [† Grăcĭlĭs.]

SUBSTRINGO, ĭs, inxi, ictum. 1. *To draw tight, to make close* or *fast.* Lit. and fig. ∾ carbăsă. *M.* lintĕă malo. *Sil.* [† Stringo, constringo, adstringo, &c.] 2. ∾ aurem. *To prick up the ear* (tighten up).

SUBSTRŬO, ĭs, uxi, uctum. *To lay foundations, to build. Sil. See* STRUO.

SUBSUM, sŭbĕs, sŭbessĕ. 1. *To be under* or *behind, to lie* or *lie concealed under.* Quippĕ sŭbĭo natură sŭbest. *V.* ∾ ilĭcĭs umbræ. *Tib.* cĭbis ărĭ pŭtăt (*the fish*). *O.* 2. *To be near, to be close at hand.* Sŭbest tăbernă. *H.* Templă mări subsunt. *O.* 3. *To be present* (under one's eye). Lit. and fig. ∾ notĭtĭæ cjs. *O.* [† Adsum, succurro.]

SUBSUTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Subsuo. *Trimmed at the bottom.* Quarum subsuta talos tĕgăt instĭtă vestĕ. *H.*

SUBTEMĔN (SUBTEGMĔN), ĭnĭs. *n.* 1. *The woof of a web.* Insĕrĭtur mĕdĭum rădĭis subtemĕn ăcutis. *O.* 2. Gen. *The thread; any thing spun* or *woven.* ∾-Inĕ Týrĭo thorax. *St.* crŏcĕo vestes. *V. Fl.* auri picturatæ vestes. *V.* [† Filum, stamĕn; *sts.* telă.] *See* FILUM. 3. *The thread of the Fates. Cat.*

SUBTĔR. *prep.* 1. With acc. *Under, beneath, below; close by, near.* ∾ mărĕ ăgĕrĕ vĭas. *V.* pinetă cănĕrĕ. *Pp.* [† Sub.] 2. Sts. with abl. ∾ te-

studĭnē (pugnarē). *V.* Rhœteo littŏrē. *Cat.* **3.** Adv. *Under, beneath,* &c. Tŏt ŏcŭli ∾. *V.*

SUBTĔRĂNHELO, as. *To pant under.* Insessăquē ponderē tanto Subtĕrănhelăt hŭmŭs. *St.*

SUBTERLABŎR, ĕrĭs. Tr. *To flow* (pass in flowing) *under, below,* or *close by.* Sic tĭbĭ, quum fluctus subterlaberē Sĭcanos. *V.* Flumĭnă ∾-entĭă muros. *V.*

SUBTERRANĔŬS, ă, um. *Subterraneous.* Esse ălĭquos Manes et subterranĕă regnă. *J.*

SUBTERVŎLO, as. *To fly below.* Et vasto subtervŏlăt astră tŭmultu (frăgŏr). *St.*

SUBTEXO, ĭs, ŭi, tum. **1.** *To weave below* or *at the bottom; to weave on, to join by weaving.* Lit. and fig. Appŏsĭtam nigræ lunam subtexĭt ălutæ. *J.* ∾ carmĭnă inceptis chartis. *Tib.* [† Intexo, subnecto, jungo.] **2.** *To draw before any thing, bring in front of it.* ∾ nubes solĭ. *O.* [† Induco, obduco.] Hence—**3.** *To cover over.* ∾ cœlum fumo. *V.* cærŭlă nimbis. *Lr.* [† Obduco, tĕgo, &c.]

SUBTILIS, ĕ. **1.** *Fine, thin, slender.* Quæ vulgo vŏllĭtant subtili prædĭtă filo. *Lr.* Ventŭs (*also* ignĭs) ∾-i corpŏrē. *Lr.* [† Tĕnŭĭs, grăcĭlĭs, mĭnutŭs.] **2.** Fig. *Fine, acute, subtle; exact, accurate.* ∾ pălatum; judĭcĭum; judex. *H.* [† Acĕr, ăcutŭs, delĭcatŭs, solers; *sts.* intentŭs.]

SUBTILITĔR. *Subtilely, finely, acutely. Lr.* [† ˘Acute.]

SUBTRĂHO, ĭs, axi, actum. *To withdraw, take away* (from below, or secretly, quietly). Subtrăhĭs effracto tu quŏquē collă jŭgo. *O.* ∾-ĭtŭr ărenă pĕdē (*slips from under*). *O.* [† Subduco, subrĭpĭo, răpĭo, erĭpĭo, &c.] *See* SUBDUCO.

SUBTŬS. *adv.* [So *intus,* from *in.*] *Below, underneath.* Extemplo subtus frigescĭt terrā cŏĭtquē. *Lr.*

SŬBUCŬLA, æ. *f. An under-garment.* Rides, si fortē sŭbucŭlă pexæ Trită sŭbest tŭnĭcæ. *H.*

SUBŬLA, æ. *f. A shoemaker's awl.* Quodquē tĭbi trĭbŭĭt subŭlă, sĭca răplt. *M.*

SŬBULCŬS, i. *m. A swine-herd.* Tardi venerē sŭbulci. *V.*

SŬBURBANŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Near to the city.* Ortă sŭburbanis quædam fŭĭt Annă Bŏvillis. *O.* **2.** Used subst. n. *An estate near the city.* Mulas hăbĕăt et sŭburbanum. *M.* **Phr.** Rus sŭb urbē. **3.** Used subst. m. pl. *The inhabitants of towns near Rome.* ∾-os Etruscăquē contŭdĭt armă. *O.*

SŬBURGĔO, es. *To drive close to.* Dum proram ad saxă sŭburgĕt. *V.*

SUBVECTO, as. *freq. of* Subveho. *See* S. Et ferrugĭnĕa subvectat corpŏrā cymba. *V.*

SUBVĔHO, ĭs, exi, ectum. *To carry* or *bring up* or *upwards* (up a river, against the stream). Quali te subvĕhăt aura Dorĭs. *St.* ˘Ad Pallădĭs arces ∾-ĭtŭr (reginā). *V. See* ATTOLLO.

SUBVĔNIO, ĭs. *To assist, to come to the help of.* Nĭhĭl auctŏr ˘Apollo Subvĕnĭt, et sævŭs &c. *V.* Subventuros aufĕrĕt undă dĕos. *O.* [† Succurro, &c.] *See* AUXILIOR.

SUBVERTO, ĭs, ti, sum. *To overthrow, to destroy.* Tantas ŏpĕrum subvertĕrē moles. *O.* ∾ silvam; ŏpes. *L. See* EVERTO.

SUBVŎLO, as. *To fly up* or *upwards.* Nŭmĕrusquē ex ordĭnē majŏr Subvŏlăt. *O.* Pennis ∾-ăt alte Perseus. *Man. See* VOLO (I.).

SUBVOLVO, ĭs. *To roll up.* Molirique arcem, et mănĭbus subvolvĕrē saxă. *V.*

SUCCEDO, ĭs, essi, essum. **1.** *To go,* or *to come,* or *put oneself under, into, within; to enter.* Succedoque ŏnĕri; dextræ se parvŭs ˘Iulŭs &c. (*to take a burden up and carry it*). *V.* ∾-unt ramis vŏlŭcres. *V. Fl.* ∾ tŭmŭlo terræ (de mortŭo). *V. Fl.* pĕnatĭbŭs cjs; urbi; In certamĭnă; pugnæ. *V.* ăquæ. *O.* [† Sŭbĕo.] *See* INTRO. **2.** *To rise, mount.* ∾ ăd summum. *Lr.* cœlo; ăd sŭpĕros famă. *V.* [† Surgo.] **3.** *To approach.* ∾ tecto. *V. See* ACCEDO. Fig. **4.** *To succeed, to replace; to succeed in order of time,* &c. ∾-ĭt jŭbăr nĭtĭdum nocti; post illas ærĕă proles. *O.* ∾-unt sŭis lŏcis factă. [† Sŭbĕo, trudo, excĭpĭo, suffĭcĭŏr, substĭtŭŏr.] **Crcl.** ˘In cjs partes (lŏcum) sŭbĕo. **5.** *To succeed, turn out well.* ∾ partem voti Phœbŭs dĕdĭt. *V.* ∾-ĭt lĕpĭdē nĕgotĭum. *Pl.* **6.** With muros = *to scale. Sil.*

SUCCENDO, ĭs, di, sum. *To set fire to, to kindle.* Lit. and fig. Flammĭfĕra pinus mănĭbus succendĭt ăb Ætna. *O.* ∾-ĭt orā rŭbŏr. *L.* Succensŭs ămorē. *O.* ira. *Sil. See* ACCENDO.

SUCCENSĔO, es, ŭi. *To be angry.* Quĭs ĕnim succensĕt ămanti? *O. See* IRASCOR.

SUCCESSŎR, ŏrĭs. *m. A successor, that which succeeds.* Successor fŭĭt hic tĭbĭ, Gallĕ; Prŏpertĭŭs illi. *O.* ∾ fratrĭs hŏnorĭs. *O.*

SUCCESSŬS, us. *Success.* ∾-u exsultans; acrĭŏr. *V.* ∾-us nŏvis ∾-ĭbŭs augent. *Cl.* [† Exĭtŭs, eventŭs, effectŭs, eventă (orum).] **Ep.** Felix, faustŭs, lætŭs, prospĕr; optatŭs, speratŭs, exspectatŭs. **Phr.** Faustă (prospĕrā) sors *or* fortunā. Sĕcundŭs (fortunatŭs) casŭs *or* exĭtŭs. Bŏnŭs exĭtŭs. Faustă rerum eventā.

I. SUCCĬDO, ĭs (*from* cădo). *To fall, sink down.* In mĕdĭis conatĭbŭs ægri Succĭdĭmŭs; non lingua vălĕt &c. *V. See* CADO, DEFICIO.

II. SUCCIDO, ĭs, i, sum (*from* cædo). *To cut down, cut.* At rŭbĭcundă cĕres mĕdĭo succidĭtŭr æstu. *V. See* SECO.

SUCCĬDŬS, ă, um (*from* succus). *Juicy; used of wool just shorn, as greasy,* &c. Succĭdă pallĭŏlo vellĕrā quinquē pĕtĭt. *M.*

SUCCĬDŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Falling down, tottering, sinking,* &c. Succĭdŭăs apportat matrĭbŭs agnas. *St.* ∾-i gressus. *Cl.* [† Titŭbans, &c.] **2.** *Bent, inclined* (of the knee). ∾-o procŭbŭĭssē gĕnu. *O.* [† Procĭdŭŭs, pronŭs.]

SUCCINCTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SUCCINGO. Used also adj. **1.** *Ready, prepared, quick to do.* ∾-ĭŏr qd răplo. *Cl.* [† Accinctŭs, expĕditŭs, promptŭs, pĕratŭs.] **2.** *Short, succinct.* Bŏnă ∾-i lĭbelli. *M.*

SUCCINGO, ĭs. **1.** *To tuck up, to gird up.* ∾ tŭnĭcas crurē tĕnŭs. *J.* Succinctŭs rĕtorto ămictu. *V.* vestem. *O.* **2.** *To gird round, to gird the waist, to have round the waist.* Cănĭbŭs ∾-ĭtŭr alvum. *O.* Succinctŭs –glădĭo. *Enn.* –ingulnă monstris. *V.* [† Cingo, circumdo, &c.] **3.** Gen. *To surround.* Lit. and fig. Succinctŭs –pŏpŭlo. *V. Fl.* –nimbis (mons). *Cl. See* CINGO, &c.

SUCCĬNO, ĭs, ĭnŭi. **1.** *To sing alternately with another.* Cantĭbŭs istē tŭis alterno succĭnĕt orē. *Calp.* **2.** Fig. *To sing out, drawl* or *whine out in answer. H.*

SUCCĬNUM, i. *n. Amber.* In cujus mănĭbus, ceu pingulă succĭnă, tritas &c. *J.* [† Electrum.] **Phr.** Guttă Phăĕthontĭdē condĭtă. *See* ELECTRUM.

SUCCĬNŬS, ă, um. *Of amber.* Implĭcŭĭt tĕnŭem succĭnă guttă fĕram (*of the fly in amber*). *M.*

SUCCRESCO, ĭs, evi, etum. **1.** *To grow under, to grow up, grow.* Succrescĭt ăb imo (cortex). *O. See* CRESCO. **2.** *To increase.* Pĕr sese vĭdent ∾ vinā. *O.*

SUCCUMBO, ĭs, ŭbŭi. **1.** *To fall down, to fall under* or *to the power of any thing.* Victă pŏtest flexo succŭbŭĭssē gĕnu. *O.* ∾ ferro. *Cat.* [† Succĭdo, cădo, &c.] *See* CADO. **2.** *To bend beneath a weight.* Lit. and fig. ∾ somno. *O.* [† Cedo, opprĭmŏr, obrŭŏr.] **3.** Fig. *To yield, submit, succumb.* ∾ culpæ. *V.* prĕcĭbŭs; virtutem turbæ vidĭt. *O.* ∾-ĭt mălĭs mĕdĭcinā. *Sil.* [† Cedo, vincŏr, submittŏr, subjĭcĭŏr.]

Succurro, is, i, sum. 1. *To run* or *go under*. Tempŏre ĕodem ĭllĭud nĕquĕăt succurrĕrĕ lunæ Corpŭs. *Lr.* [† Succedo, stĭbĕo.] 2. Us. *To succour, aid.* ~ mlĕkris; urbi incensæ. *V. See* Auxilior. 3. Succurrĭt. *unip. It occurs, it crosses the mind.* Pulchrum mŏri in armis ~-ĭt. *V.* [† Sŭbĭt.]

Succus, i. *m.* 1. Gen. *Juice.* [† Humŏr.] 2. *Juice of food of any kind.* Principio, succum sentimŭs in orĕ, cĭbum quum Mandendo exprĭmĭmŭs. *Lr.* ~ ambrŏsiæ. *O.* pomi. *V.* [† Sŭpŏr.] 3. *The juice of plants* = *sap. O. L.*, &c. [† Lac.] 4. *Any medicinal* (poisonous or other) *preparation*, &c., *from plants.* Tŭlĭt lassis ~ ĭmarŭs ŏpem. Horrendis ~-is infamĭă (pocŭlă). *O.* Rŭbĕrĕ Tyrio ~-o. *O. See* Medicamen, Venenum. 5. *Used of milk. V. See* Lac. 6. *The juice of the grape, wine.* Condĕrĕ ~-os uvæ. *Tib.* ~-is Lyæi miscerĕ pocŭlă. *Sil. See* Vinum. 7. *The vital moisture* or *juice of the body.* ~ corpŏris omnis ĭbĭt. *O.* [† Humŏr, ĭdepa.] 8. Sts. *Water.* Sparsos bĭbunt vĭŏlarĭă succos. *Cl. See* Aqua.

Succŭtio, is, ussi, ussum. *To jolt, to shake.* Succŭtĭtŭrque alte, simĭlisque est currŭs īnani. *O.*

Sudans, tis. *part. See* Sudo. 1. *Sweating, running down with sweat.* Jŭvĕnum sudantĭbŭs actă lăcertis. *O.* [† Sudabundŭs; *sts.* mădens, mădĭdŭs.] Crel. Sudorĕ -flŭens, mădens, mădĭdŭs, udŭs, manans, perfusŭs, fumans. Sudorĭbŭs flŭens *or* mădens, &c. Sudorĕ exhaustŭs. S. multo corpŭs (membrĕ, artus) diffluens. 2. Fig. *Oozing out, exuding.* ~-ă ŏdorato ligno balsămă. *V.*

Sudarium, ii. *n. A napkin, a handkerchief.* Jam mĭhĭ nigrescunt tonsæ sudarĭă barbæ. *M.* and *Cat.*

Sudatrix, icis. *f. Causing to sweat.* Sudatrix tŏgă ventŭlăt, vĭgumquĕ &c. *M.*

Sudatus, ă, um. *part. See* Sudo. 1. *Emitted by drops, oozing out.* ~-ă ligno tură. *O.* 2. *That which is got by the sweat of the brow*, or *is done with it*, &c. Lăbŏr ~-ŭs in Hæmo. *St.* ~-æ vomĕrĕ messes. *Cl.*

Sudes, *or* Sudis, is. *f.* 1. *A stake.* Fraxĭnĕas aptarĕ sŭdes furcasquĕ bĭcornes. *V.* Quadrĭfĭdasquĕ sŭdes. *V.* [† Stipĕa, palŭs.] 2. ~ prăeustă, ŏbustă. *O.*, and abs. *A stake hardened in the fire, used as a weapon in war.* ˘Agĕrĕ sŭdĭbŭs prăeustis. *V.* ~-ĕ detrudĕrĕ muris. *L.* ~-es jăcĕrĕ. *Sil.* Phr. Ictus ăducĭ robŏris. 3. Fig. *Prickles, quills*, &c. (of an animal.) Erectæ in tergŏ ~-es (de rhombo). *J. See* Spina.

Sudo, as. 1. Intr. *To sweat* (of the body, &c.). Multă tălĭt fecitquĕ pŭer, sudavĭt ĕt alsĭt. *H.* Crel. Sudorem fundo *or* mitto. Sudorĕ -perfundŏr, mano, mădĕo, flŭo, diffluo. Sudŏr -ĭt, flŭĭt, manăt, liquĭtŭr, erumpĭt. S. pĕr artus (pĕr membrĕ, corpŏrĕ, toto corpŏrĕ, e toto corpŏrĕ) flŭĭt, &c. Artus (membrĕ) sudorĭbŭs flŭunt *or* manant. Phr. 1. *Sweat*, &c., *produced by heat, labour*, &c. Sudŏr (*sp.* salsŭs, promptŭs, largŭs) ~rivis flŭĭt;—pĕr artus ĭt;—a. toto corpŏrĕ perfundĭt;—membrĕ sĕquĭtŭr;—artus (*sp.* obsessos) occŭpăt;—pĕr membrĕ flŭentĭă ăgĭtŭr;—ăd imos talos manăt;—pĕr membrĕ călĕt. Orĕ sudorĭbŭs rŭbent. Ros e căpillis cădĭt. Guttæ de mădĭdo pectŏrĕ cădunt. Phr. 2. *A cold sweat.* Sudŏr gĕlĭdŭs (frigĭdŭs) -toto corpŏrĕ manăt;—pĕr totos artus cădĭt. Guttă (ăquă) frigĭdă -pĕr artus flŭĭt;—de tota frontĕ cădĭt. Gĕlĭdŭs imbĕr ănhelo pectŏrĕ flŭĭt *or* cădĭt. *See* Sudans. 2. *To fall in drops; to be wet, to run with moisture* (of any kind, blood, &c.) ~-ăt humŏr ăb uvis. *Sil.* ~-ant humorĕ lĭcunæ. *V.* armă crŭorĕ. *Sil.* [† Stillo, flŭo, mădĕo, &c.] 3. *To toil hard* (*i. e.* to sweat toiling). ~ clausŭ rĕmolĭrĭ. *St.* [† Desudo, nitĭor.] *To throw out* (by an oozing process). ~ mellă; electrŭ cortĭcĭbŭs (myrica). *V.* [† lo, fundo.]

Sudor, oris. *m.* 1. *Sweat.* Salsusquĕ pĕr Sudŏr ĭlĭt. *V.* Ep. Æstivŭs, rĕpentinŭs, ăl largŭs, flŭens, mădĭdŭs, frigĭdŭs, gĕlĭdŭs, tĭ fumans, salsŭs, pinguis, immundŭs. Phr doris -humŏr, guttæ, ros, lĭtex. Sudatŭs h *or* lĭquŏr. Frontis humŏr. *See* Sudo. 2. *hard work.* Phĭlĭppŭs ~-ŭ rĕcuptæ. *V.* [† Lĭ 3. *Any thing moist* or *liquid.* ~ vĭnosi. *O.* Humŏr.]

Sudus, ă, um. 1. *Serene, clear, unclouded.* ŭbĭ ver nactæ sudum camposquĕ pĭtent [† Sĕrĕnŭs, &c.] 2. Subst. n. *Fine, clear, part of the sky.* Armă pĕr ~-um rĕtŭlĕrĕ vĭ *V. See* Serenum.

Suesco, is, evi, etum. *disusŭ.* [Found ent in perf., &c. Suerint. *Sil.* Suesnus. *Lr.* su vimus, &c.] 1. *To be wont, be accustomed* in perf.). Sic vincĕrĕ suevĭt. *Pp.* Suetis d bŭs armis. *V. See* Solĕo. 2. Anc. Sŭevi. runt. *Cic. Arat.* Sŭevĭt, sŭcumŭs, sŭsŭ, tis. *Lr.*

Sufferro, fers, ferrĕ. *To withstand, support, bear.* Nĕc ipsi Custodes sufferrĕ vălent. durum lăborem. *Lr.* [† Sustĭnĕo, fĕro, tĭ pătĭŏr, &c.]

Sufficiens, tis. *part. See* Suffĭcio. Used adj. *Sufficient, enough.* Nec vox antri cum căpacis Suffĭcĭens spăcĭum. *L.* [† ˘Idonĕŭs tis, par.]

Suffĭcio, is, feci, fectum. 1. Tr. *To substitute, replace.* Atque ĭllum ex ălĭa pŭnĭrĕ ~ prolem. *V.* [† Substĭtŭo, suppĭĕo.] 2. *To supply, furnish.* ~ ănĭmos Dănăis; humoru tis. *V.* ˘Ocŭlĭ suffocti sanguĭnĕ ĭt ignĭ (with). *V.* [† Ministro, suppĕdĭto, prœbĭ gĕro, &c.] 3. Intr. *To suffice* or *be suf for any purpose, to have power enough, equal to.* (Nĕc) ~-ĭt arbŏr in ignes. *O.* ictĭbŭs. *V.* Nĕc nos obniti contra ~-ĭmŭ [† *Sts.* Vălĕo, possum.] Crel. Sătĭs sum Unip. *It is enough.* Mĭhĭ suffĭcĭt vĕnirĕ ĭn Crel. Sătĭs *or* sāt est. ˘Abunde est. 5. *To occur*, &c. (in due supply.) Nĕc verbă vĭ dicĕrĕ ~-unt. *O.* [† Suppĕto, succurro.]

Suffigo, is, xi, xum. *To fasten* or *hang a fix.* ~ servum in crŭcĕ. *H.* and *Cat.* lintĕ tennæ. *L. See* Suspendo, Crux.

Suffimen, inis. *n. Incense, perfume.* I, pĭ gĭnĕa, pŏpŭlus, suffimĕn ăb ara. *O.*

Suffio, is. 1. *To fumigate with incense*, &c. *to perfume.* At suffirĕ thymo, cerasquĕ rĕ Inanes. *V.* Suffĭĭt (lŏcum) ĕt tergĭt limĭsă *Pp.* ~ thymo (alvĕum). *V.* [† Perfundo, ro.] 2. *To warm.* ~ terras fĕracĕs. *Lr.*

Suffixus, ă, um. *Fastened to;* us. *hung up pended.* ~ tĭgillo jantŭ. *Cat.* Erecto ~ re *Sil. See* Suspensus.

Sufflamen, inis. *n.* 1. *A drag-chain.* Ip tam stringĭt multo suffĭamĭnĕ consŭl. J Fig. *Any hindrance*, &c. ~ litis. *J.*

Suffio, as. 1. Intr. *To blow* or *puff out.* ~ cis sŭis. *M.* [† Flo, spiro, &c.] 2. Tr. *To inflate, fill by blowing out. Pl. See* Inflo.

Suffoco, as. *To choke, stifle*, &c. Aut in sĭtum suffocari atquĕ rigerĕ. *Lr. See* Strangulo.

Suffossus, ă, um. *part. from* Suffodio. *St beneath, stabbed.* Suffosso rĕvŏlutŭs ĕquo. I

Suffragium, ii. *n.* 1. *A vote, a suffrage.* ĕgŏ ventosæ plebis suffragĭă venŏr Imp comarum &c. *H.* 2. *Approval, approba*

Gratā sunt hæc ănĭmo nostro ∾-ă. *O.* [¶ Fāvŏr, &c.] *See* F.

SUFFŬGIO, ĭs, ugi. *To escape, avoid.* Hinc ŭbĭ suffugit sensum sĭmŭl angŭlŭs omnis. *Lr.*

SUFFŬGIUM, ĭi. *n. A place of refuge, a refuge.* Lit. and fig. Quid, nĭsĭ suffŭgĭum nimbos vitantĭbŭs essem? *O.* ∾ mĭsĕrĭs. *Sil.*

SUFFULCIO, is. 1. *To under-prop, to prop. Pl. See* FULCIO. 2. *To support* (of food). Căpĭtŭr cĭbŭs ŭt ∾-ăt artus. *Lr.*

SUFFUNDO, ĭs, udi, usum. *To suffuse, to spread over, to cover.* At si virgĭnĕum suffudĕrĭt orĕ rŭborem. *V.* ∾ lumĭnā rorĕ. *O.* cœlum caligĭnĕ. *Lr.* Suffusă -ŏcŭlos lăcrĭmis. *V.* vĕneno lingŭă. *O.* [¶ Infundo, spargo, adspergo, tĕgo, &c.]

SUGGĔRO, ĭs, essi, estum. 1. *To bring* or *put under; to set to* or *add to.* Virgĕă suggĕrĭtur costis undantĭs ăbeni. *V.* 2. *To supply.* ∾ telă ci. *V.* ălĭmentă. *O.* [¶ Submitto, suppĕdĭto, subjĭcĭo, præbĕo, mĭnistro.]

SUGGESTUM, i. *n.* = Suggestŭs, us. *m.*

SUGGESTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SUGGERO. 1. *Heaped up.* ∾ hŭmŭs. *Pp.* 2. *Raised* (upon). ∾-ă cŏlumnis thĕatrā. *Sil.*

SUGGESTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *An elevation; any thing raised up* (hence, of hair braided). Celæ prŏcŭl adspĭcĕ frontĭs hŏnores, Suggestumquĕ cŏmæ. *St.* 2. *A raised place for speaking from.* [¶ Rostrā.]

SUGO, ĭs, xi, ctum. *To suck;* sp. *to suck the teat.* Sugĭtŭr inciso mytĭlŭs orĕ mĭhĭ. *M.* [¶ Exsugo.] Phr. Succum orĕ *or* lăbrĭs -haurĭo, trăho, extrăho, exprĭmo, duco.

SŬI, sĭbĭ, se. 1. *Of himself, herself, itself; to himself,* &c.; and pl. Tequĕ sĭbi gĕnĕrum Tethys ĕmăt omnĭbŭs undis. *V.* Mandat fĭĕri sĭbi talĭă Daphnĭs. *V.* [¶ Stĭmĕt, &c.; ipsĭŭs, &c.] 2. Sese (acc. or abl.). Freq. = se. *V.*

SŬILLŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to swine.* Nec distarĕ pŭtant humana carnĕ suillam. *J.* [¶ Porcinŭs.]

SULCATŎR, orĭs. *m. One who makes furrows.* Lit. and fig. Fluctĭbŭs a mĕdĭis sulcator navĭtă ponti. *Sil.* ∾ siccæ ărenæ. *L.*

SULCO, as. 1. *To make furrows, to mark with a furrow.* Lit. and fig. ∾ hŭmum vomĕrĕ. *O.* regnă mĕatu. *L.* cŭtem rugis. *O.* [¶ Proscindo, ăro, &c.] *See* ARO. 2. *Used of a ship ploughing the deep.* ∾ vădă cărina. *V. See* NAVIGO. 3. *Of wheels on a road.* ∾ jŭgă Bĕrĕcyntĭă curru. *Cl.*

SULCŬS, i. *m.* 1. *The furrow of a plough.* Grandĭă sæpĕ quĭbus mandavĭmŭs hordĕă sulcis. *V.* Concludĕrĕ lŏcum ∾-o (*to draw the boundary line*). *V.* Ep. Longŭs, rectŭs, curvŭs, prŏfundŭs, ductŭs, fissĭlis. Phr. Sulci culmĭnă *or* aggĕres. Sulci ărati ăgri. 2. *A trench for plants.* Deponĕrĕ (committĕrĕ) plantas ∾-is. *V.* [¶ Scrobs.] 3. *A mark of a wheel, a cart-rut. St. See* ORBITA. 4. *Used of a ship's path in the waters.* Infindĕrĕ ∾-os. *V.* Canent æquŏrā ∾-o. *V. Fl.* 5. *Used of the path of a comet, falling star,* &c. Trăhunt sulcos sidĕrā. *O.* Longo limĭtĕ ∾ dăt lucem. *V.* 6. *A wrinkle in the skin.* ∾-i gĕnarum. *Cl. See* RUGA. 7. *A scar.* Rŭbent ĭn pectŏrĕ ∾-i. *Cl.*

SULFŬR, *or* SULPHŬR, ŭrĭs. *n.* 1. *Sulphur, brimstone.* Et late circum lŏcă sulfŭrĕ fumant. *V.* Ep. Vivum, ŏdorum, grăvĕolens; lutĕum, flavum; pinguĕ, fumans, ardens, călĭdum. Crol. Sulfŭrĭs -ignĭs, ŏdŏr, aurā. Sulfŭrĕă vis. 2. *A sort of lucifer-match. J. See* SULFURATUM. 3. ∾ æthĕrĭum, &c. *Lightning.* ∾-ĕ æthĕrĭo fumavĭt ferrum. *L.* săcro discŭtĭtŭr ilex. *Pers. See* FULMEN.

SULFŬRATUM, i. *n. A sort of lucifer-match.* Crol. Tædă inducti sulfŭrĭs (sulfŭrĕ circumlĭtă). T. cæratā sulphŭrĕ inducto.

SULFŬRATŬS, ă, um. *Sulphureous,* or *dipped,* &c., *in sulphur.* Nec sulfŭratæ lippŭs instĭtor mercis. *M.* Crol. Sulfŭrĕ inductŭs *or* illĭtŭs.

SULFŬRĔŬS, ă, um. *Sulphureous,* &c. Sulfŭrĕis ardet fornacĭbŭs Ætnă. *O.*

SULLA (*better than* SYLLA), æ. *m. The famous rival of Marius,* &c. *C. D.*

SULLANŬS, *or* SYLLANŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Sulla.* Sullanum sŏlĭto tĭbĭ lambĕrĕ ferrum &c. *Luc.*

SULPHŬR. *See* SULFUR.

SUM, ĕs, fŭi, essĕ; fŏrĕ, *fut. inf.* (fŭam, *pr. sub. V.* sunto, *imperat. V.*) 1. *To be.* Sum plŭs Æneas, fama sŭpĕr æthĕrĭă nottis. *V.* Quisquĭs ĕs, amissos &c. *V.* Nos nŭmĕrus sŭmŭs, et fruges &c. *H.* 2. = exsisto. Estĭs ĭo, sŭpĕri. *St. See* EXSISTO. 3. *To dwell, reside, to have for abode.* Est dĕŭs ĭn nobis &c. *O.* ∾ ĭn parva cæsa. *Tib.* [¶ Hăbĭto, mănĕo, commŏrŏr, &c.] 4. *To happen, to take place.* Quidquĭd dicam aut ĕrĭt, aut non. *H. See* ADVENIO. 5. Perf. sts. *To have been once, but no longer to be; to be no more.* Sivĕ ĕrĭmŭs, seu nos fătă fŭissĕ vŏlent. *Tib.* Fŭĭmŭs Troĕs; fŭĭt Ĭlĭum. *V.* 6. Sts. Third person sing., followed by an inf. *It is permitted, possible,* &c.; *one may, one can.* Tĭtŷon cernĕrĕ ĕrăt. *V.* Nŭmĕrum comprendĕrĕ non est. *O.* Fŭĕrĭt delerĕ Săguntum. *Sil. See* LICET, POSSUM. 7. Est, ŭt. *It may* or *can be, that,* &c. Est, ŭt vĭro vĭr latĭŭs ordĭnĕt &c. *H.* 8. Est cur *or* quŏd. *There is cause, reason why,* &c. *Pl.* 9. Est mĭhĭ, tĭbĭ, &c. = hăbĕo; *and sts.* evĕnĭo, contingo. *See them.* Sunt mĭhĭ nymphæ. *V.* Nĕc tĭbĭ sĭt ăcŭissĕ &c. *Tib.* 10. Essĕ ĭn (vestĕ). *To be dressed in,* &c. Sivĕ ĕrĭt ĭn Tŷrĭis, sivĕ ĭn Cois. *O.* ∾ ĭn laxa tŏga. *Tib.*

SUMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. A sow's udder.* Essĕ pŭtes nondum sumĕn, sic ubĕrĕ largo &c. *M.*

SUMMĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *The sum* or *total of any thing.* Vitæ ∾ brĕvĭs. *H.* Infelix ŏpĕris ∾-a. *H.* 2. Sp. *A sum of money.* Quacunquĕ ∾-a tradĕt luxŭrĭæ dŏmum. *Pk.* ∾ nummorum. *H.* 3. *The sum and substance, the pith of the matter.* Navigĕt: hæc ∾ est. *V.* 4. *That which is the head of others* (in dignity, excellence, importance, &c.). ∾ dŭcum Atrides. *O.* ˘In Vĕnĕrĭs tăbŭla ∾-am sĭbĭ ponĕrĕ. *Pp.*

SUMMATIM. *Cursorily, by touching only the chief points.* Sed tămĕn ut pŏtĕro summatim attingĕrĕ, tangam. *Lr.* [¶ Lĕvĭtĕr, ŏbĭtĕr.]

SUMMŎPĔRĔ. *As much as can be.* Omnĭă summŏpĕre hos vitæ postscenĭă celant. *Lr.*

SUMMŎVĔO. *See* SUBMOVEO.

SUMMŬS, ă, um. 1. *The highest, the uppermost.* Summoque ŭlŭlarunt vertĭcĕ nymphæ. *V.* Penderĕ ∾-o ĭn fluctu. *V.* ∾-æ ărenæ. *V.* [¶ Altissĭmŭs, sublimis, sŭpremŭs.] 2. = maximŭs. *See* M. ∾ dĕum rectŏr. *O.* vŏluptas. *H.* 3. *The last of all.* Venĭt ∾ dĭes. *V.* ˘In fŭĭvĭum primi cĭcĭdĕrĕ, ĭn corpŏrā ∾-i. *L.* [¶ Ultĭmŭs, postremŭs.] 4. *The most excellent, the best* (in any sense). [¶ Egrĕgĭŭs, præstans, nobĭlis.] *See* N., &c. 5. *Glorious, honorable.* Sŏcĭum ∾-is adjungĕrĕ rebŭs. *V.* [¶ Dĕcŏrŭs, pulchĕr, &c.]

SUMO, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To take.* Lit. and fig. Quam de cælata sumĕrĕ lancĕ jŭvăt (pomum). *O.* Sumunt incendĭă vires. *V.* ∾ ănĭmum. *O.* [¶ Căpĭo, prĕhendo; *sts.* assumo, accĭpĭo, răpĭo.] 2. *To receive.* Te mĕă ∾-ăt ˘Abydŏs. *O.* ∾ laudem a crimĭnĕ. *O. See* ACCIPIO. 3. *To choose, select.* ∾ matĕrĭem æquam virĭbŭs. *H.* sŏcĕrum Lŷcaŏnă. *O. See* ELIGO. 4. *To assume, put on.* ∾ ănĭmum censorĭs. *H.* [¶ Căpĭo, assumo, in-

dŭo.] **5.** *To take up, undertake.* ∾ cĕlĕbrarĕ qm lȳra. *H.* bellum. *O.* [† Suscĭpĭo, īnĕo.] **6.** *To consume, spend, employ* (of time, labour, &c.). ∾ ŏpĕram inanem. *H.* hilārem dĭem. *Ter.* [† Insumo, impendo, consumo.] **7.** *To borrow* (Angl. *take up* money). ∾-os non reddĕrĕ nummos. *J. See* MUTUOR. **8.** *To assume* (in reasoning). Undĕ dătum hoc ∾-īs. *Pers.* **9.** ∾ pœnam, &c. *To exact vengeance* or *punishment*, &c. *See* PŒNA.

SUMPTŬOSE. *adv. Sumptuously.* Vos convivĭā lautā sumptŭose De dĭe făcĭtĭs. *Cat.*

SUMPTŬOSUS, ă, um. *Extravagant. Ter.; expensive, costly.* Non sumptŭosa blandĭŏr hostĭa. *H.* [† Prĕtĭosŭs, carŭs, &c.]

SUMPTŬS, us. *m. Cost, expense.* Nam nĕquĕ pyrămĭdum sumptus ad sidĕrā ducti. *Pp.* [† Impensā, impendĭum.] **Ep.** Exīgŭŭs, tĕnŭĭs, parcŭs; magnŭs, ingens, divĕs, magnĭfĭcŭs, sŭpĕrbŭs, prodīgŭs, prŏfusŭs, effusŭs, immensŭs.

SUNIŎN, *or* SUNIUM, ĭi. *n. The southern promontory of Attica, now Capo Colonne.* Sunĭŏn expŏsĭtum Pirænĭquĕ tectā rĕcessu Linquĭt. *O.*

SŬPELLEX, ectĭlis. *f.* **1.** *Household furniture; any things necessary for the exercise of a business*, &c. Jamdudum splendet fŏcŭs, et tĭbĭ mundā sŭpellex. *H.* Virgĕā Cĕlĕi ∾, arbŭtĕæ crates &c. *V.* [† Instrumentum, instrumentā; *sts.* armā.] **Ep.** Lautā, pulchrā, divĕs, ŏpŭlentā, prĕtĭosā, splendĭdā, sŭpĕrbā; curtā, vilĭs, sordĭdā. **2.** Fig. (of the furniture of the mind.) *Pers.*

SŬPĔR. *prep.* **1.** With abl. (without motion.) *Upon, on.* Gĕmĭna sŭpĕr arbŏrĕ sidunt. *V.* Strato ∾ ostro discumbĭtŭr. *V.* Lignā ∾ fŏco rĕpŏnĕrĕ. *H.* [† Sŭpra, īn.] **2.** *Over.* Ensĭs ∾ cervicĕ pendĕt. *H.* **3.** *About, concerning.* Multā ∾ Prĭāmo rŏgĭtans. *V.* Consultant bello ∾. *Sil.* [† De.] **4.** *On account of.* His accensā ∾. *V. See* OB. **5.** *For, with a view to.* Nĕc ∾ sŭa laudĕ lăborem molĭtŭr. *V.* [† Pro.] **6.** *At* (of time). Noctĕ ∾ mĕdĭa. *V.* [But Heyne renders it *beyond, later than.*] **7.** With acc. (motion sts. implied.) *Upon, on.* ∾ terram desecto poplĭtĕ labi. *O.* **8.** *Above* (of place). Fama ∾ æthĕrā notŭs. *V.* Essĕ sŭpĕr (*or* infra) qm (*at table*). *H.* **9.** *Beyond* (of place). Proferrĕ impĕrĭum ∾ Gărămantăs ĕt Indos. *V.* **10.** *Besides, over and above.* Qui sŭpĕr obscenā dicta &c. *Ph.* **11.** ∾ omnĭā. *Above all, beyond* (in degree); *especially.* Magnis sŭpĕr omnĭā divis. *O.* **12.** Adv. *Moreover.* ∾ ipsi Dardănĭdæ pœnas poscunt. *V.* [† Insŭpĕr.] **13.** *Over, from above.* Hæc ∾ e vallo despectant. *V.* [† Desŭpĕr.] **14.** Sŭpĕr quam. *More than.* Usquĕ sŭpĕrquĕ quam sătĭs est. *H.* **15.** = sŭpĕrest. Nĕquĕ fŭgā nunc ∾ ullā pĕricli. *V.* Nĕc spes ullā ∾. *V. Fl.*

SŬPĔRABĬLIS, ĕ. *That may be surmounted, conquered.* Per vim non est sŭpĕrabĭlis ulli. *O.*

SŬPĔRADDO, ĭs. *To add besides.* Et tŭmŭlum făcĭte, et tŭmŭlo sŭpĕraddĭtĕ carmĕn. *V.*

SŬPĔRANS, tĭs. *part. See* SUPERO. Used also adj. *Prevailing, of greater power.* Quum sĕmĕl in terra fŭĕrit sŭpĕrantĭŏr ignis. *Lr.*

SŬPĔRATŎR, ōris. *m. A conqueror.* Gorgŏnĭs anguĭcŏmæ Perseus sŭpĕratŏr, ĕt alis &c. *V.* [† Victŏr.]

SŬPERBE. **1.** *Proudly.* Ne quĭd ŏb admissum fœde, dictumvĕ sŭpĕrbe. *Lr.* [† Elate, arrŏgantĕr.] **2.** *Gorgeously*, &c. Pictā ∾ textā. *M.*

SŬPERBIA, æ. *f. Pride.* Non ĕā vis ănĭmo, nec tantā sŭpĕrbĭā victis. *V.* [† Fastŭs, ănĭmŭs, ănĭmi, spirĭtŭs, arrŏgantĭā, insŏlentĭā, tŭmŏr, fiducĭā; *sts.* sŭpercĭlĭum, glorĭā.] **Ep.** Cæcā, insanā, demens, elatā, tŭmens, ventosā, Inanis, vanā, audax, præceps. **Crcl.** Sŭpĕrbŭs *or* elatŭs ănĭmŭs. Sŭpĕrbā mens *or* pectŏrā. Elati (mentes, tŭmĭdi, tŭmentes, sŭpĕrbi) ănĭmi. Tumĭdā mentĭs fastŭs. Mentĭs tŭmŏr. **Phr.** *To have pride.* Sŭpĕrbĭam (fastum, fastus, ănĭmum, animos) -do, addo, făcio. Fastum pĕrio.

SŬPERBIO, is. **1.** *To be proud.* Illĕ lĭcet pĕrĭsĭnĕ fĭnĕ sŭpĕrbĭāt actis. *O.* [† Effĕrŏr, tŭmĕo, intŭmĕo, turgĕo, glorĭŏr, insŏlesco; *sts. or* jacto, attollo.] **Crcl.** ˘Anĭmo *or* ănĭmis efferŏr. Fastu tŭmĕo *or* turgesco. Altos ănĭmo gĕro. Pectŏrā (cordā) fastu tŭment. Pectŏrā fastu plenā gĕro. ˘Anĭmum (mentem, cordā) fastŭs -hăbĕt, possĭdĕt, inflāt. Me fĕro pŏlĕ *or* ĭn astrā. Căpŭt cœlo -effĕro, erĭgo, tollo. Cœlum vertĭcĕ tango. Magnum *or* altum spiro. **Phr.** Rebŭs sĕcundis sublatŭs turgĕt. Mŏdum servarĕ nescĭt. Gaudĕt vano nomĭnĕ tŭmĕfactus. Impellĭtŭr pŏpŭlarĭbŭs auris. Collā nĭmĭum sublatā gĕrit. Magnum (sŭpĕrbā) spirāt. Fig. **2.** *To shine forth gloriously* or *exultingly.* Concĭdĭ sub ăqua ∾-ĭt. *Pp.* Silvā ∾-ĭt exŭvĭis. *Cl.* **3.** Sts. *To disdain.* Spŏlĭarĕ ∾-ĭt. *St.*

SŬPERBUS, ă, um. **1.** *Proud, haughty, insolent.* I, sŏrŏr, atque hostem supplex affārĕ sŭpĕrbum. *V.* Servis plenā ∾-is (dŏmŭs). [† Elatŭs, tŭmens, tŭmĭdŭs, tŭmĕfactŭs, fĕrox, inflatŭs, arrŏgans, insŏlens, celsŭs, rĕsŭpinŭs, sublimis, fastosŭs, sŭpinŭs.] **Crcl.** Fastu -tŭmens, tŭmĭdŭs, tŭmĕfactŭs, elatŭs, plenŭs. Fastu præcorĭā tŭmĭdŭs. F. alto turgĭdŭs. ˘Anĭmis (ă. sŭpĕrbis) elātŭs. ˘Inani sŭpĕrbĭa tŭmens. Elata frustĕ sŭpĕrbŭs. Elata *or* celsa cervicĕ. Altum *or* magnum spirans. Fortuna ebrĭŭs. *See* SUPERBIA, SUPERBIO. **2.** *Disdainful.* Tangĕrĕ (dŏbos) dentĕ ∾-a. *H.* [† Fastidĭŏsŭs, contemptŏr.] **3.** *Tyrannical, cruel*, &c.; sp. *of Tarquinius, last king of Rome.* Fŏrĭbŭs (Cæci) ămĭsi ∾-is orā vĭrum. *V.* De regĕ ∾-o primĭtĭs. *V.* Tutŭs ăb insĭdĭis, dirĕ Sŭpĕrbā, tĭis. *O.* [† Crudelis, ātrox, sævŭs, &c.] **4.** In a good sense. *Exulting in, rejoicing in.* ∾ lȳra (Phœbŭs). *Tib.* [† Lætŭs, gaudens, frĕtŭs.] **5.** *Noble, glorious*, &c. Pŏpŭlŭs ∾ bello. *V.* ∾-a virtutā (ănĭmæ). *Sil.* [† Pulchĕr, dĕcŏrŭs, nobĭlis, &c.] **6.** *Superb, magnificent.* ∾-i auro postes. *V.* ∾-is munĕrĭbŭs qm ŏnĕrarĕ. *V. Fl.* căpĭtis instructā (mensā). *M.* [† Lautŭs, divĕs, ŏpŭlentŭs, magnĭfĭcŭs, splendĭdŭs, &c.]

SŬPERCILĬUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *An eye-brow.* Hirsutumquĕ sŭpercĭlĭum promissăquĕ barbā. *V.* **2.** *A bend* or *nod of the brow, as indicating command, authority.* Cunctā sŭpercĭlĭo mŏventĭs (Jŏvis). *H.* [† Nutŭs.] **3.** *The frown of the brow, indicative of gravity, severity*, &c. Duris torvā ∾-is. *O.* Matrona sĕveri ∾-i. *O.* [† Sĕvĕritas, aspĕrĭtas, tetrĭcĭtas, grăvĭtas, tristĭtĭā, durĭtĭā, rĭgŏr.] **Ep.** Tĕtrĭcum, rĭgĭdum, tristĕ, grāve, morosum. **Crcl.** Vultŭs -sĕvĕrŭs, austerŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, grăvis. Sĕveri *or* rĭgĭdi vultus. Grăvĭtas subducti vultus. Frons -sĕverā, adductā, obductā, adstrictā, constrictā, contractā, tĕtrĭcā, tristĕ, rĭgens, rĭgĭdā. Sĕveri mores. Serĭā contractæ frontĭs. Nubes frontĭs. **Phr.** *To contract the brow, to frown; to unbend the brow.* Frontem -contrăho, attrăho, adduco, &c. Frontem -rĕlaxo, rĕmitto, explĭco, exporrĭgo, solvo. Sŭpercĭlĭum (sŭpercĭlĭā) -pono, depono. **4.** *Haughtiness, superciliousness. J. See* SUPERBIA. **5.** *The brow* (ridge) *of a hill.* ∾ clivosi tramĭtis. *V. See* CACUMEN.

SŬPĔREDĬTUS, ă, um. *Raised above.* Atque ŏrĭens ŏbĭtus ejus sŭpĕredĭtā vidĭt. *Lr.*

SŬPĔREMINĔO, es. *To stand in height above others.* Victorquĕ vĭros sŭpĕremĭnĕt omnes. *V.* ∾ omnes collo tĕnŭs. *O.* [† Sŭpĕro, exsŭpĕro.] **Crcl.** Sum sŭpra. Căpŭt -tollo, attollo, effĕro intĕr.

Cunctis altĭŏr ŏo. Hŭmĕris exsto. Toto vertĭcĕ sŭpra sum.

Sŭpĕrenāto, as. *To swim over.* Tŭmĭdum sŭpĕrenātăt amnem. *L.*

Sŭperflŭo, ĭs. 1. *To overflow.* [† ˘Abundo, exundo, &c.] 2. Fig. *To have in superabundance.* Sŭperbŭs ĕt sŭperflŭens (ŏpĭbŭs). *Cat.*

Sŭperfŭgio, ĭs. *To flee over.* Intactas lĕvĭs ipsĕ sŭperfŭgĭt undas. *V. Fl.*

Sŭperfulgĕo, es. *To shine over, above.* Templă sŭperfulges, et prospectarĕ vĭderĭs. *St.*

Sŭperfundo, ĭs, fudi, fusum. *To pour over* or *upon.* Nudă sŭperfusis tingamus corpŏră lymphis. *O.*

Sŭpergrĕdĭŏr, ĕrĭs, essŭs sum. *To step* or *go beyond;* hence fig. *to exceed, surpass.* Orā sŭpergressus Pŷlĭi sĕnĭs. *St. See* Supero.

Sŭpĕri, orum. *m. pl. See* Superus.

Sŭpĕrimminĕo, es. *To overhang;* hence, *to menace.* Ensĕ sĕquens nudo sŭpĕrimminĕt; illĕ sĕcuri &c. *V.*

Sŭpĕrimpendens, tĭs. *Overhanging.* Tempe, quæ silvæ cingunt sŭpĕrimpendentes. *Cat.*

Sŭpĕrimpono, ĭs, pŏsŭi, pŏsĭtum. *To set, lay,* or *place upon.* Aut sŭpĕrimpŏsĭta celatŭr ārundĭnĕ damnum. *O.* [† Sŭpĕrinjĭcio, sŭperjĭcio, sŭpĕringĕro.]

Sŭpĕrincumbo, ĭs, cŭbŭi. *To lie upon.* Quum sŭpĕrincumbens, scissa tŭnĭcaquĕ cŏmaquĕ. *O.*

Sŭpĕringĕro, ĭs, gessi, gestum. *To heap on, to heap up.* Quæ sŭpĕringesti portaret culmĭnă montĭs. *St.* ∾-is subdĭtă telis. *Sil. See* Superimpono.

Sŭpĕrinjĭcio, ĭs. *To throw over* or *upon.* Raras sŭpĕrinjĭcĕ frondes. *V.* Sŭpĕrinjectæ tŏgæ. *O. See* Superimpono.

Sŭpĕrinsterno, ĭs, stravi. *To lay upon, spread over.* Qua sŭpĕrinstratos projectus gramĭnĕ campi Pressĕrăt antĕ tŏros. *Sil.*

Sŭpĕrinstrĕpo, ĭs, ŭi. *To make a shout* or *cry over.* Eurydamas Nomados dextra; sŭpĕrinstrĕpĭt atĕr. *Sil.*

Sŭpĕrĭŏr. *m. f.*, ŭs. *n.* (*comp. of* Superus.) 1. *That which is higher in position.* Sĭti compulsi: sŭpĕrĭor stabat lŭpŭs, Longeque infĕrĭŏr agnŭs. *Ph.* 2. Sŭpĕrĭŭs. *n. as adv. Above; before* (of time). Quantum vŏlerent intĕr hŏmĭnes littĕræ, Dixi sŭpĕrĭŭs. *Ph.*

Sŭperjĭcio, ĭs, eci, ectum. *To throw* or *cast over* or *upon.* Scŏpŭlosquĕ sŭperjăcĭt undam. *V.* Sŭperjectā vestĭs. *O.* Sŭperjectum æquŏr (*inundating the land*). *H.* [† Sŭperpono, sŭpĕrimpono, sŭpĕrinjĭcio, &c.]

Sŭperne. *Above, from above.* Undĕ sŭperne Plurimŭs Erĭdăni per silvam volvĭtŭr amnis. *V.* [† Sŭpĕr, desŭpĕr.]

Sŭpernŭs, ă, um. 1. *That is high up* (in position), *upper, from on high.* Stŷglasquĕ cănes in lucĕ sŭperna Destĭtŭam. *L.* ∾-i villă Tuscŭli. *H.* 2. *Celestial.* Vitā directā ∾-as ăd leges. *L.* Numĕn ∾. *O.* [† Sŭpĕrŭs, cœlestĭs.]

Sŭpĕro, as. 1. *To mount over, pass* or *go over* (by ascent). Jam gĕlĭdas Cæsar cursu sŭpĕravĕrăt Alpes. *L.* ∾ montes; fastigiă tecti ascensu. *V.* [† Transcendo, scando, trajĭcio, sŭpergrĕdĭŏr.] *See* Ascendo. 2. With saltu. *To leap over.* ∾ retĭă saltu. *O.* [† Transĭlĭo; fĕrŏr saltu sŭpra.] 3. *To pass beyond.* ∾ cursu bĭmărem Isthmŏn. *O.* [† Prætervĕhŏr, &c.] 4. *To cross, make way across.* ∾ fossas. *V.* flŭvĭum lăcertis. *L.* [† Trajĭcio, transmitto, &c.] 5. Used of a river. *To rise above* (its banks), *to flow over.* ∾ sanguĭnĕ ripas. *Sil.* [† Transcendo, transcurro, exĕo, sŭpergrĕdĭŏr, &c.] Fig. 6. *To surpass, excel.* ∾ ferrum durĭtĭa. *O.* Phœbum cănendo. *V.* [† Præsto, excello, præcello, exsŭpĕro, prĕĕo, antecĕo, præverto, præcurro, vinco, præcedo, prægrĕdĭŏr, sŭpĕremĭnĕo, antĕcellō; *sts.* sŭpergrĕdĭŏr, antesto, prænĭtĕo, præfulgĕo, prĕmo.] Crel. Sum præstantĭŏr. 7. *To conquer, overcome.* ∾ dŏlores virtutĕ. *O.* incautum ferro; casus omnes. *V.* [† Vinco, &c.] *See* V. 8. Intr. *To mount up, mount over.* Pĕr ardŭă montĭs jŭgo ∾-ans adventăt ăd urbem. *V. See* Ascendo, Surgo. 9. *To exceed in height, rise above in height.* ∾ căpĭtĕ, ĕt cervicĭbŭs. *V.* [† Exsŭpĕro, sŭpĕremĭnĕo.] 10. *To be* or *exceed in abundance.* ∾-ant fetus. *V.* tĭbĭ laudes antiquæ gentĭs. *Tib.* [† ˘Abundo, rĕdundo.] 11. *To remain* (as the last of any thing), *remain over.* (Nĕc) ∾-ant tempŏrĕ longā vitæ mĕæ. *O.* sex versus. *Pp. See* Resto, Supersum. 12. *To remain, still to be.* ∾-ăt dum lætā jŭventus. *V.* [† Mănĕo, rĕlinquŏr, sŭpersum.] 13. *To survive, outlive.* ∾ ĕt vesci aura; captæ urbi. *V. See* Supersum.

Sŭpĕrobrŭo, ĭs. *To overwhelm, to bury by heaping upon.* Dixĭt, ĕt ingestis cŏmĭtum sŭpĕrobrŭĭt armis. *Pp.*

Sŭperpono, ĭs, pŏsŭi, pŏsĭtum. *To place, put over* or *upon.* Ægrā sŭperpŏsĭta membrā fŏvĕrĕ mānu. *O.* [† Sŭpĕrimpono, sŭperjăcĭo, impono, injĭcio, &c.]

Sŭperstĕs, ĭtĭs. *m. f.* 1. *Surviving, yet living* or *remaining.* Contra ĕgŏ vivendo vici mĕă fătă, sŭperstĕs Restarem ut gĕnĭtŏr. *V.* ∾ famă; ŏpŭs. *O.* 2. *Safe, yet in safety,* &c. Stantĕ mundo Romasquĕ ∾-ĭtĕ. *L.* [† Salvŭs, sospes, incŏlŭmĭs.]

Sŭperstĭtio, onĭs. *f.* 1. *Superstition.* Vanā sŭperstĭtio vĕtĕrumque ignarā dĕorum. *V.* Ep. Vanā, Inanis, cæcā, stultā, amens, insanā, pravā, nĭgrā. Phr. Vanā (Inanis, falsā) relĭgio. Vani ritus. Vanæ relĭgionĭs commentā. Vanŭs dĕorum cultŭs. 2. = relĭgio. *A religious obligation.* Unā sŭperstĭtio sŭpĕris divis (*the oath by Styx*). *V.*

Sŭpersto, as. *To stand over.* Ossā sŭperstabunt vŏlŭcres Inhŭmatā mărinæ. *O.*

Sŭpersum, es, fŭi, &c., *and* per tmesin. 1. *To be above, stand* or *be out of.* Armăquĕ, quiquĕ căva sŭpĕrest de cassĭdĕ vultŭs. *V. Fl.* [† Exsto, exsisto, &c.] 2. *To be left* (of any thing), *to remain over* or *behind.* Tantum ∾ mărĭs! *V.* Quantum de bello dicĭtŭr essĕ sŭpĕr. *O.* Quŏd ∾-est vitæ. *Pp.* [† Resto, &c.] *See* R. 3. *To remain safe, yet be.* Mŏdŏ vitā ∾-sĭt. *V.* [† Sŭpĕro, mănĕo, rĕlinquŏr.] 4. *To survive.* Vix septem ∾-sunt. *V.* Jam ăděo sŭpĕr unŭs ĕram. *V.* [† Sŭpĕro, mănĕo.] Crel. Sum sŭperstĕs. 5. *To be in abundance and over-abundance.* Cui tantā res ĕrăt ĕt ∾-ĕrăt. *Ter.* [† Sŭpĕro, ăbundo, affluo; *sts.* sŭperfluo.]

Sŭpĕrŭs (*m. seldom found*), ă, um. 1. *That is above, upper.* Sŏcĭus sŭpĕri quondam ignĭs ŏlympi. *V. Fl.* [† Sŭpernŭs; *sts.* altŭs, &c.] 2. *Of heaven, of the sky above.* ∾-is regnis Jŏvem detrudĕrĕ. *V.* Sese ∾-a ăd convexā fĕrebăt (halĭtŭs). *V.* [† Cœlestĭs, æthĕrĭŭs.] 3. Sŭpĕri, orum. *m. pl. The gods of heaven; the superior gods.* Flectĕrĕ si nĕquĕo ∾-os &c. *V.* Rex ∾-ŭm. *O.* ∾-is dĕorum gratĭis ĕt imis. *H. See* Dii. 4. Sŭpĕrā, orum. *n. pl. Heaven.* Omnes cœlĭcŏlas, omnes ∾-a altā tĕnentes. *V.* 5. Sŭpĕrā, orum. *n. pl. The earth, this world* (as the upper world with respect to the infernal regions). (Cocytum pĕtĭt) ∾-a ardŭă linquens. *V.* 6. *Of earth, of this world.* ∾-um ăd limĕn Ĭturæ (ănĭmæ). *V.* Concedĕrĕ ∾-is ăb oris (*to die*). *V. See* Terrestris. 7. Sŭpĕri, orum. *m. pl. V. Fl. The inhabitants of this world.* 8. Sŭpĕrum mărĕ. *The Adriatic* (in opp. to the Tuscan sea). Undas

inferni, Sūpĕrique mărĭa. *L.* [See *V. G.* 2, 458, and *Æn.* 8, 149.]

Sūpervacŭus, ă, um. *Superfluous, vain.* Omnĭ sūpervăcŭum pleno de pectŏrĕ manăt. *H.* Sēpulchri ~-i hŏnores. *H.* ~-i mĕtus. *O.* [† Vācŭus, inanis, vanus, &c.]

Sūpervĕhŏr, ĕrĭs, vectus. *To pass by carried* (*e.g.* riding, sailing, &c.). (Quem montem) Progĕnies Phŭbi clarā sūpervĕhĭtur. *Cat.*

Sūpervĕnĭo, is. 1. *To come over* or *upon; to press upon.* Heres Heredem altĕrĭus, vĕllĭt undā sūpervĕnăt undam. *H.* Crurā lŏquentis terrā ~-ĭt (*conero*). *O.* 2. *To come unexpectedly upon* (with dat. or acc.). Gratā ~-ĕt, quæ non sperabĭtur, horā. *H.* Tĭmĭdis ~-ĭt Ægle. *V.* ~ sembĭnĭmi lapsoquĕ. *H.* Thĕsĭurnā ~-ĭt hostes sŭos (cānis). *Grat.* [† Occŭpo, &c.] 3. *To surpass, outdo.* ~ vĭles ornatus auro. *St.* *See* Supero. 4. *To exceed, outstrip.* ~-ĭt tĕnĕros annos (vis ănĭmi). *St.* [Others, '*comes unexpectedly upon*' (2).]

Sūpervŏlo, *and* **Sūpervŏlĭto**, as. *To fly over.* Infelix sŭā tectā sūpervŏlĭtavĕrĭt alis. *V.* Totum sūpervŏlăt orbem. *O.*

Sūpino, as. *To lay* or *throw backwards, to turn on the back, turn over or up.* Præcĭpĭtatquĕ rĕtro jŭvĕnem, atque in tergā sūpinăt. *St.* ~ æquŏrem (de æquo). *St.* Nasum nĭdorĕ ~-ăr. *H.* Orā ~-ato. *St.* Hence—2. *To turn up, plough up.* ~-atas æquŏlĭoni ostendārĕ glebas. *V.* 3. Fig. Sūpinōr. *To slope* or *rise up into sight.* ~-ūr fessis devexā jŭgi. *St.*

Sūpinŭs, ă, um. 1. *Bent backwards, lying on the back, supine* (of persons); *turned upwards.* Cŭbăt in fŏrĭcem, mox deindĕ sūpinŏs. *J.* Stertĭt ~. *H.* [† Sūpinātŭs, rĕsūpinŭs, rĕsūpinātŭs, cŭbans, rĕcumbens, stratŭs, prostratŭs, &c.] *See* Recubans. 2. Of things. ~-os mănus ād cœlum tendārĕ. *V.* [cœlo ferrĕ. *H.*] Crines a frontĕ ~-i. *St.* 3. *Bending* or *hanging over.* Umbrā ~-i palmĭtis. *M.* [† Pronŭs.] 4. *Sloping, on a slope.* Colles ~. *V.* ~ Tibŭr. *H.* [† Rĕsūpinŭs, cŭbans.] Fig. 5. *Indolent, easy.* ~ Mæcenas. *J.* ănĭmŭs. *Cat.* Delĭcĭæ ~-iores. *M.* [† Ignavŭs, segnis, iners, &c.] 6. *Proud, elated.* *M. Pers.* [† Rĕsūpinŭs, &c.] *See* Superbus. 7. *Retrograde, going back.* Flumĭnā In fontes cursu ~-o rĕdĭtur. *O.* [† Rĕcurrens.] *See* R.

Suppārum, i. *n.* 1. *A top-sail.* Summăquĕ pandens Suppārā velorum, pĕrĭturas collĭgĭt auras. *L.* *See* Velum. 2. *A woman's mantle.* Suppārā nudatos cingunt angustā lăcertos. *L.*

Suppēdĭto, as. 1. *To furnish, supply.* Suppēdĭta mĭhĭ telā; vādis liventis ˘Averni &c. *Sil.* [† Mĭnistro, præbĕo, suffĭcĭo, suggĕro, submitto.] 2. Intr. *To be in sufficiency, to continue supplied; to suffice for, be equal to.* Undĕ mārĕ, fontes, externăquĕ flumĭnā ~-ant. *Lr.* Gaudĭis gaudĭum ~-ăt. *Pl.* ~ lăbori. *Pl.* [† Suffĭcio, suppĕto, ăbundo.] 3. Unip. Nĕquĕ ~-ăt dicārĕ (*is it easy*). *Lr.*

Suppernatŭs, ă, um. *Hamstrung; cut.* In fossa Lĭgūri jăcet suppernatā sĕcuri. *Cat.*

Suppĕto, is. 1. *To be present, to be in plenty, to suffice, to be.* Paupĕr ēnim non est, cui rerum suppĕtĭt usŭs. *H.* [† Adsum, suffĭcio, sūpersum, suppēdĭto.] 2. *To be ever at hand, ever in the way of.* Nŏvis ĭt usquĕ ~-as dŏlorĭbŭs. *H.*

Supplanto, as. *To trip up, upset;* and fig. *to lisp* or *stammer.* Tĕnĕro supplantat verbā pālato. *Pers.*

Supplĕo, es. 1. *To re-fill, fill anew.* Adjectoquĕ cāvæ supplentur sanguĭnĕ venæ. *O.* *See* Impleo. 2. *To complete, make up to the full complement,* &c. Si fetūrā grĕgem supplevĕrĭt. *V.* ~ remĭgĭum. *V.* 3. *To supply* (fill up) a want. ~ zĕphyros cĭdentes remis. *St.* 4. *To repair.* ~ damnā. *L.* *See* Reparo.

Supplex, ĭcis. *m. f. n.*, *and used subst. m.* 1. *Humbly begging, suppliant.* Ad te confŭgĭt et supplex tŭā numĭnĭā posco. *V.* [† Oans, precans, rōgans, supplĭcans; *str.* jūcens, precānĭs subaustēlis.] 2. *Used of things inanimate.* donum. *V.* vittā. *H.* votum. *Pers.*

Supplĭcĭtēr. *Supplicantly, humbly.* Supplĭtĕr pĕdĭto procŭbŭĭtĕ genu. *O.* [† Abjecte, demisse.] Grel. Supplĭcō vocā. Supplĭcĭbŭs vocis.

Supplĭcĭum, ĭi. *n.* *Punishment, torture.* Ergo ad supplĭcĭum præsentī martĭ rĕpōscunt. *V.* ~-i hauriārĕ; expendĭārĕ. *V.* ~ -is delĭctĭ cŭlcunt *H.* [† Pœnā, pœna, crŭcĭātŭs, tormentum.] 2. Debĭtum, justum, ăæquum, injustum, ĭnĭquum, tristā, dirum, durum, grāvā, sævum, horrendum, immanā.] Grel. Pœnæ glādĭo. Scĭlĭcĭ vindex *or* ultrix pœnā. Rĕcĭrum pœnæ *or* cŭlcĭātŭs.

Supplĭco, as. *To supplicate, entreat humbly.* Lā and fig. Arĭdā nec pĭtĭvĭo supplĭcăt herbā Rhŏ. *Tib.* [† Obsecro, obtestŏr, oro, &c.] Grel. Supplex -ĭcis, prĭcŏr, posco, vĕnĭo, accŭso. Supplĭcĭtĕr rōgo *or* vĕnĭārĭ. Supplĭcō vocī rōgo. *See* Precor.

Suppono, is, ĭtĭ, ĭtum *and spec.* ostum. 1. *To place or set under.* Falcem materiæ quisque supponĭt hŭmĭs. *V.* Cervicemque pĭlo supplĭcturŭs ˘Atlas. *O.* ~ collĭ jŭgo (de tauris); incĭdĭt mento. *O.* [† Subjĭcio, submitto.] 2. *To substitute.* Pro suppōsĭtā cerva. *O.* [† Substĭtŭo, subdo.] Fig. 3. *To place second or after* (in estimation, &c.). Lŭtĭo suppōsĭtĭnā Sīmĭlĭ. *O.* [† Posthăbĕo, &c.] 4. *To subject, make subject.* ~ ethĕrĭ ingĕnĭo sŭo. *O.* ~ ŭbi. *Pers.* [† Subjĭcio, subjungo, subdo.]

Suppōsĭtĭcĭŭs, ă, um. *One put in the place of another.* Hermes suppōsĭtĭcĭŭs ŭbi ipse est. *H.* [† Supplĭtĭŭs.]

Suppōsĭtŭs, *and syno.* **Suppostŭs**, ă, um. *put.* *See* Suppono. 1. *Suppositious* (of a child). [† Subdĭtŭs, subdĭtĭvŭs, suppōsĭtĭcĭŭs, subdĭcĭŭs.] 2. *Fraudulently taking the place of another.* Ne ~ vĕnĭas, ac falso nomĭnĕ poscas. *J.*

Supprĭmo, is, essi, essum. *To check, stop, suppress.* Supprĭmĭt extemplo vocem. *O.* ~ hĭbernas cursŭs; quĕrelas. *O.* [† Cōhĭbĕo, cŭrtā rĕtĭnĕo, contĭnĕo; *sts.* claudo, occulto, &c.] *See* Cohibeo.

Supputo, as. *To compute, reckon.* (Quid sĭ) Utĭlĭ, sollĭcĭtis suppŭtăt artĭcŭlĭis. *O.*

Sūpra, *and* **Supra**. *prep.* 1. *Above, over.* Ollĭ cærŭlĕus supra căpŭt adstĭtĭt imbĕr. *V.* Salsa supra venabŭlā fertŭr. *V.* Sivĕ sūpra terras Phŏbus &c. *Tib.* [† Sūpĕr.] 2. *Above, beyond, more than.* Irā mŏdum ~ est. *V.* Densā ~ nĭvem tellus. *V.* ~ tres cyăthos. *H.* [† Ultra.] 3. Adv. *Above* (on the upper side); *over.* Mĭrā quŏd ~ allĭăt (*the Adriatic.* *See* Superus, 6). *V.* Stūpĕt inscĭā ~ impubesquĕ mānŭs. *V.* [† Sūpĕr, insūpĕr, desūpĕr.] 4. *More; beyond.* Tricentis, aut ēlam ~ emptŭs. *H.* Nĭhĭl ~ Dĭs lăcesso. *H.* [† Ultra, plus.]

Sūpremā, orum. *n. pl.* *The last* (or funeral) *rites.* Flebant, et clĭnĕri ingrato supremā fĕrebant. *V.* *See* Exsequiæ.

Sūpremum, *and* **Supremum**. *n. as adv.* *For the last time.* Quæ mĭhĭ tunc primum, tunc et conspectā sūpremum. *O.* Et magna supremum vocē clĕmŭs. *V.*

Sūpremŭs, *and* **Supremŭs**, ă, um. 1. *The highest, very high.* Lit. and fig. At chŏrŭs æquālis Drŷādum clamorē sūpremos Implerunt montes. *V.* [† Summŭs.] *See* Altus. 2. *The last.*

Digressu mœstă ∾-o. *V.* Imponĕrĕ ∾-am mănum bellis. *O.* [† Extremŭs, ultĭmŭs, nŏvissĭmŭs.] 3. *Used* sp. *in reference to death*, &c. ∾-um cŏmĭtantŭr hŏnorem. *V.* ∾ horă. *Tib.* ignis. *O.* [† Ultĭmŭs, funĕbrĭs, ferālis, funĕrĕŭs.] 4. *Extreme* (farthest off). ∾-æ Tethȳŏs undă. *M.* [† Ultĭmŭs.] 5. *Extreme* (very great). ∾ măcĭes. *V.* [† Maxĭmŭs, ingens.]

SURA, æ. *f. The calf of the leg.* Purpŭrĕoque alte suras vincirĕ cŏthurno. *V. See* CRUS.

SURCŬLUS, i. *m. A sprout, a young shoot.* Nec surcŭlŭs idem Crustŭmĭis Sȳrĭisquĕ pĭris. *V.* [† Virgultum; germĕn, &c.]

SURDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Deaf.* Nunc ĕgŏ me surdis aurĭbŭs essĕ vĕlim. *Tib.* Fig. 2. *Obdurate, insensible.* ∾-ă saxă mŏverĕ. ˘Adhĭberĕ solatĭă ∾-æ menti. ∾-lŏr illă frĕto. *O. See* DURUS. 3. *Indifferent to, unaffected by* (turning a deaf ear to). ∾ ăd munĕră; In votă. *O.* vĕtanti. *L.* votorum. *Sil.* 4. *Mute, giving* (or giving back) *no sound.* Lit. and fig. ∾ buccĭnă. *J.* lȳră. *Pp.* offĭcĭi tŭi gratĭă. *O.* 5. *Still, dull.* Rĕsŏnăt clarĭŭs ∾-is In lŏcis. *Sen.* 6. *Obscure, unknown.* ∾ pārentum nomĕn. *Sil.* 7. *Feeble, faint, scarcely perceptible* (of a smell). Spirant cinnămă ∾-um. *Pers.*

SURGO, is, rrexi. 1. *To rise* (from sitting). Surgamus: sŏlĕt essĕ grăvis cantantĭbŭs umbră. *V.* ∾ sŏlĭo. *V.* hŭmo. ∾-ĭt ăd hos Ajax (*to speak*). *O.* [† Assurgo, desurgo, consurgo.] Crel. Me *or* corpŭs -tollo, attollo, lĕvo, effĕro. Hŭmo membră lĕvo *or* tollo. 2. *To rise* (from bed). Cum dĭe ∾-unt. *O.* [† Exsurgo.] Crel. Lecto-surgo, desĭlĭo, prosĭlĭo, exsĭlĭo. Lectum (cŭbĭlĕ) linquo *or* rĕlinquo. Phr. *Of one rising from bed.* Fŭgĭt illi ĭnertĭă somni. Membră tŏro lĕvăt. Erĭgĭtŭr tŏro. Decedĭt molli lecto. *In haste.* Corrĭpĭt (exĭgĭt) corpŭs e stratis. Terrĭtŭs exsurgĭt. Attollĭt membră tŏro. Illi raptă quĭes. Membră lecto răpĭt. 3. *To rise* (of day, night, the heavenly sidĕra). ∾-ĭt dĭes primo ˘Eoo. *V.* ăb ăquis nox. *O.* [† ˘Orĭŏr, nascŏr.] 4. *To arise, to rise up, grow in height.* ∾-unt magnă æquŏrĕ. *V.* montes. *O.* de cespĭtĕ aræ. *Sil.* ∾-ens In cornŭă cervŭs. *V.* [† Assurgo, consurgo, exsurgo, tollŏr, attollŏr, erĭgŏr, cresco, exsisto, exĕo, evado.] Crel. Me -tollo, attollo, subjĭcĭo, erĭgo. ˘In auras *or* æthĕrĭă assurgo. Hŭmo surgo *or* me tollo. Căpŭt altĭŭs surgens effĕro. Phr. 1. *Of a tree shooting upward.* Arbŏr -exĭt ăd cœlum;—se subjĭcĭt. Phr. 2. *Of the sea rising.* Mărĕ -scse attollĭt;—altĭŭs undas erĭgĭt;—ăd æthĕrĭă imis vădis consurgĭt. 5. *To be raised, erected* (upon); *to rise* (of the elevation of a building). ∾-ebant limĭnă centum grădĭbŭs. *V.* Quæ proxĭmă ∾-ĭt ˘Ovili (ædes). *J.* [† Sto.] 6. *To appear* or *be above* (of one thing above another, or of the upper part of the same thing). Hŭmĕris ∾-unt qua tegmĭnă summă (*of the upper part of the shield*). *V.* [† Exsurgo, exsisto, exĕo, evado.] Fig. 7. *To arise, spring up.* ∾-ĭt ănĭmo sententĭă; pugnă aspĕrĭă. *V.* ingĕnĭum. *O.* 8. Pass. unip. Surgĭtŭr. *All rise.* Surgĭtŭr, ĭt concĭlĭo prŏcĕres &c. *J.* 9. ? Act. anc. = subrĭgo. *See* S. Surgĕrĕ lumbos. *Pl.* [☞ Surrexe = surrexissĕ. *H.* Surrexti = surrexisti. *M.*]

SURPĔRĔ, surpŭi, surpĭtĭ, surpĭĕrăt, &c., *for* Surripere, *or* Subripere, surripiti, surripuerat, &c. *See* SUBRIPIO.

SURRĬGO, SURRĬPĬO. *See* SUBRIGO, &c.

SURSUM (SURSŬS. *Lr.*), *sts.* with versum, versus *adv. Upwards.* Una lăvamŭr, aspĭcĭt nĭhil sursum. *M.* Sursŭs ĕnim versus gignuntŭr. *Lr.* [† *Sts.* Sŭpernĕ.]

SUS, sŭis. *m. and f.* 1. *A pig* (boar or sow). Fiĕt ĕnim sŭbĭto sus horrĭdŭs, atrăquĕ tigrĭs. *V.* Inventă sŭb ilĭcĭbus sus. *V.* [† Porcŭs, porcŭlŭs, porcellŭs; *f.* porcă.] Ep. Setĭgĕr, setosŭs, hispĭdŭs, horrĭdŭs; immundŭs, turpis, obscenŭs, fœdŭs, lŭtŭlentŭs, lŭto ămicŭs; ăvĭdŭs, tardŭs, grăvis.] 2. Ext. *A wild boar. M.* [† ˘Apĕr.]

SUSA, orum. *n. pl. The ancient capital of Persia.* Non tŏt ˘Achæmĕnĭis armantur Susă săgittis. *Pp.*

SUSCEPTUM, i. *n. An undertaking.* Susceptăquĕ magnă lăborĕ Crescĕrĕ difficĭlĭ. *O.* [† Inceptum, cœptum, orsă.]

SUSCĬPIO, is, epi, eptum. 1. *To take up, to support, sustain.* Concurrunt trĕpĭdæ cŏmĭtes, dŏmĭnamquĕ rŭentem Suscĭpĭunt. *V.* ˘Omŭs suscepĕrăt urbis ună dŏmŭs. *O.* [† Sustĭnĕo, sustento, suffulcio.] 2. *To undertake, take upon oneself.* ∾ munĕrĕ Martis. *O.* bellum cum &c. *V.* scĕlŭs. *Cat.* [† Aggrĕdĭŏr, mollĭŏr, inĕo, ăddrĭŏr, assumo.] 3. *To catch, receive, take in* or *on; to take up, take of another.* ∾ ignem fŏlĭis; crŭorem pătĕris. *V.* lampădă mundi. *Lr.* [† Căpio, accĭpio, excĭpio, concĭpio, rĕcĭpio, prĕhendo *or* prendo, sumo.] 4. *To catch, take* (of infection, &c.). ∾ morbos. *Lr.* [† Concĭpio, percĭpio, contrăho.] 5. ∾ liberos. *To procreate children* (of father or mother). Si quĭ mĭhĭ de te (vĭro) susceptă fŭissĕt sŏbŏles. *V* ∾ fĭlĭum ex uxorĕ. *Ter. See* GIGNO. 6. *To answer* (take up the word). ∾-ĭt Anchises. *V. See* RESPONDEO.

SUSCĬTO, as. 1. *To raise, to lift up.* Et qui, prosĭsso quæ suscĭtăt æquŏrĕ tergă. *V.* ∾ lintĕă (de aura). *O.* delubră nŏvă. *Lr.* [† Excĭto, attollo, erĭgo, &c.] 2. *To cause any one to rise* (who is lying down or asleep), *to awaken.* ∾ jăcentem. *M.* Dormĭt: ∾-a. *Pl.* ∾ corvum prĕcĕ. *H.* [† Excĭto.] *See* EXPERGEFACIO. 3. Fig. *To rouse up, awaken, encourage, excite, &c.* ∾ sopitos ignes; vĭros In armă; vim. *V.* tăcentem musam cĭthăra. *H.* [† Excĭto, impello, &c.]

SUSPECTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* SUSPICIO. Used also adj. 1. *Suspicious, causing mistrust.* Hoc mĭhĭ suspectum est &c. *M.* (Lŏcŭs) ambĭgŭis ∾ ăquis (*unsafe*). *O.* 2. *An object* or *matter of mistrust and dislike* (looked evilly upon). ∾ Dĭanæ. *O.* Non dărĕ, ∾-um est. *O. See* INVISUS. 3. Hăbĕrĕ suspectum. *To hold in suspicion and distrust.* ∾-as hăbŭissĕ dŏmos Carthagĭnis. *V.*

SUSPECTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A command* (extent downwards or upwards) *of view; hence, height* or *extent in space.* Turris ĕrat vasto ∾-u &c. *V.* Quantŭs ăd æthĕrĭum ∾ ŏlympum. *V.* 2. Fig. *An admiring, honouring.* Intravĭt mentes ∾ hŏnorum. *O.*

SUSPENDĬUM, ĭi. *n. A hanging oneself.* Præbŭĭt illa arbor mĭsĕro suspendĭă collo. *O.* Cŏgĭtarĕ suspendĭă. *M. See* STRANGULO (Phr.).

SUSPENDO, is, i, sum. 1. *To hang, hang up; to fix high above the ground; to suspend, let hang.* ∾ ensem collo; tignis nidum; hŭmĕris arcum. hamo piscem. *O.* [† Tollo, erĭgo; *sts.* demitto.] 2. *To place on high ground.* ∾ castrĭ præruptis saxis. *Sil.* 3. *To hang up in a temple, &c., as an offering.* ∾ armă pătri Quĭrino. *V.* vestimentă mărĭs dĕo. *H.* 4. *To hold up, keep up. L.* [† Fulcio, sustĭnĕo.] 5. *To ridge up, turn up* (with the plough). ∾ (tellurem) tĕnŭi sulco. *V.* littŏrĭ multo vomĕrĕ. *St. See* ARO. Fig. 6. *To restrain, withhold.* ∾ fletum. *O.* votă tăcĭto lăbellŏ. *Cat.* [† Rĕtĭnĕo, supprĭmo, cŏhĭbĕo, &c.] 7. *To keep in suspense, arrest, engage the attention.* ∾ ănĭmos ficta grăvĭtatĕ. *O.* mentem picta tăbella. *H.* [† Defigo.] 8. ∾ lancĕ, trŭtĭna. *To weigh in the balance. Pers.*

9. ~ qd naso. *To scoff at, jeer at. H. See* NASUS.

SUSPENSUS, ă, um. *part. See* SUSPENDO. Used also adj. 1. *Hung up*, or *hanging up.* [† Pendens; *sts.* demissus.] 2. *Hanged.* [† Pendens, suffixus.] 3. *Held back* or *up from touching* or *pressing;* hence, of steps, *light, gently touching.* ˘Imitari tĕnĕros haustus (cătŭlorum) ~-is dentĭbŭs. *Lr.* Ferrĕ grādus ~-os cordē mĭcantē. *O.* ~-o pēdē (*on tiptoe*). *Ph.* 4. *Aloft upon.* ~ fluctu tĭmenti (*on the top of*). *V.* cærŭlĕa lĕæna (*on the back of*). *Cl.* [† Sublatus, fultus, innixus, &c.] 5. *Raised to a great height, set on high.* ~-um mārē ĭn terras portarē (*a sea sky-high*). *Sil.* ~ saxis rupes. *V.* [† Sublatus, editus.] 6. *Used of birds, as flying in mid-air.* ~ cŏhors ălĭtŭum. *Cl.* Fig. 7. *Attentive.* Bĭbĕrē qd ~-is aurĭbŭs. *Pp.* [† Arrectus, attentus.] 8. *Kept in suspense, doubt,* &c. *V. O.* [† Pendens, anceps, ambiguus, sollĭcĭtus, incertus, dubius.]

SUSPĬCIO, ĭs, exi, ectum. 1. *To look upwards, up to.* Suspĭcĭens hausit cœlum, mentemquē rĕcepīt. *V.* ~ fastigiā urbis. *V.* Crcl. ˘Ocŭlos (lumĭnā, vultum) –tollo, attollo, cœlo *or* ăd cœlum *or* ăd ætherā tollo. ˘Ocŭlos ăd sidĕrā fĕro. Orā ĭn cœlum erĭgo. ˘Ocŭlis alte vestigo. 2. *To look up to with admiration, to admire.* Ærăquē ĕt artes ~. *H. See* ADMIROR.

SUSPĬCŌR, ārĭs. *To suspect, to have some suspicion, to conjecture,* &c. Tam longæ causas suspĭcōr esse mōrs. *O.* ~ motu orĭs; hoc damno non fōrē. *O.* [† Augūrōr, conjĭcĭo, arbĭtrōr, opinōr; *sts.* spero.] *See* PUTO.

SUSPIRATŬS, us. *m. A sighing, a sigh.* Respĭcĭt hunc vates, et suspiratĭbŭs haustis. *O.* [† Suspirium.]

SUSPIRIUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A respiring, breathing, a breath.* Nec dat suspirĭa cursŭs Vulnĕrĭs. *L. See* SPIRITUS. 2. Us. *A sigh.* ~-ă ducĕrē a pectōrē. *O.* urunt pectĭa. *M.* [† Gĕmĭtŭs, singultŭs, lamentum.] *See* SUSPIRO, LAMENTUM.

SUSPIRO, as. 1. Tr. *To emit by breathing* or *exhalations, to breathe out.* Cocyti laxo suspirans orē văporem. *O.* ~-ăt pectōrē Bacchum (*as full of*). *L.* [† Spiro, exspiro, &c.] 2. *To draw in with the breath.* Defixæ hospĭtē pulcĭs, Persĕdĕs arcanum ~-ant cĭlorem. *Cl.* 3. *To long for.* ~ ălĭos ămores. *Tib.* Chlōen. *H. See* CUPIO. 4. *To regret* (heave a sigh of regret for or after). ~ qm ădemptum. *O.* matrem non visam longo tempōrē. *J.* [† Gĕmo, ingĕmo, quĕrōr, &c.] 5. Intr. *To exhale* (with). ~ atro văpōrē. *Sil.* 6. *To be out of breath* = ănhelo. *Cl. See* A. 7. *To sigh, sigh much, deeply. V.* &c. [† Gĕmo, ingĕmo.] Crcl. Suspirĭā –do, edo, duco, mitto, jacto, trăho, gĕmĭno, ingĕmĭno, congĕmĭno. ˘In suspirĭā ĕo *or* fundōr. Phr. *Of one drawing deep* or *frequent sighs.* Ilĭā longis singultĭbŭs pulsāt. Suspirĭā assiduo planctu rĕnōvāt. 8. *To sigh after* or *for.* ~ ĭn flavo hospĭtē. *Cat.* sola ĭn illa. *O.*

SUSTENTO, as. *See*—

SUSTĬNĔO, es, ŭi, entum, *and freq.* SUSTENTO, as. 1. *To support, to bear, to hold up, to keep upright* or *from falling.* Sustĭnĕas ŭt ōnus, nitendum est vertĭcĕ recto. *O.* ~ artus băculo. *O.* Lăpĭs albŭs pocŭlā ~-ĕt. *H.* Fratrem rŭentem dextra sustentăt. *V.* [† Fulcio, fĕro, gĕro.] 2. *To have* or *hold in hand; to have* (in present keeping). ~ gălĕam mānu; spĕculum mānu. *O.* Me barbārā tellus ~-ĕt. *O.* [† Tĕnĕo, hăbĕo, &c.] 3. *To uphear, keep from below, support upwards.* ~ dextram a jūgŭlo; ingentem umbram (de Æscŭlo). *V.* 4. *To stop, stay, repress.* ~ currum. *Lucil.* (*apud Cic.*) fulmĭnā mānu; grādum. *O.* ~-ārĭ ăquas. *O.* [† Contĭnĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, &c.] Fig. 5. *To take the charge of.* ~ nĕgotĭā. *H.* [† Fĕro, sŭbĕo.] 6. *To uphold, defend.* ~-ăt Trojanas ōpes (Vĕnŭs). *V.* [† Defendo, tŭĭōr, &c.] 7. *To maintain, keep* (a food, &c.). ~ pŭtrĭam parvosquē nĕpotes. *V.* Fĭmĭlĭam ~-ăt. *Ter.* [† Alo, &c.] 8. *To support, console.* ~ qm allŏquĭo sŭo. *O.* [† Ĕrĭpĭo, solōr.] 9. *To bear, endure; to suffer.* ~ ignes; ferrum; ignemquē, Jŏvemquē. *O.* [† Fĕro, tŭlĕro, sŭbĕo; pătĭōr.] 10. With inf. *To be able, to bear, to bring oneself* (to). (Nen) ~-ĕt suspendĕrē fletum; attollārē contra ŏcŭlos; sustarē artus. *O.* [† Possum, vălĕo, audĕo.] 11. ~ ănĭmam, vitam. *To maintain* or *prolong life.* ~ ănĭmam admotis herbis. *O.* ~-ĕt hoc ănĭmam spes. *O.* [† Produco, profĕro, &c.] 12. Ab. *To be patient.* Exspectes ĕt sustĭnĕas, August, nĕcesse est (*to wait and be patient*). *M.*

SUSTOLLO, ĭs (*rare*). *To raise.* Interdum terra sustollĭt ăd æthĕrā vultus. *O.* ~ vălĭ; ripā pārenti. *Cat. See* SUBLATUS, SUSTULI, Exam.

SUSTŬLI. *perf. from obs.* Sustollo, *or rather* Sustolo, *serving to* Tollo. 1. *To raise, lift up.* Sustŭlĭt exutas vinclis ad sidĕrā palmas. *V. See* TOLLO. 2. *To sustain.* Lit. and fig. Tempo qui sustŭlĭt orbem. *Pp.* 3. *To take off, lift; to carry off.* Me truncŭs illapsus sustŭlĭt. *H.* 4. = tŭli. Talem sustŭlĭt sententiam. *Pl.*

SUSURRO, as. 1. Intr. *To murmur, hum, purr, gurgle,* &c. Tum sŏnŭs auditur grăvĭor, mutimquē sūsurrant (ŭpes). *V.* ~-ans lymphā. *V.* (*Culex.*) [† Murmūro, immurmūro, commurmūro, strĕpo, strĕpĭto, stridĕo; *sts.* cŭlpo, sibĭlo.] 2. *To whisper, speak low.* Pars sūsurrāt. *O.* [† Murmūro, commurmūro, demurmūro.] Crcl. ˘In aurem dico *or* loquō. ˘In aurē sŏno. Furtiva vocē lŏquōr. Ĕrĭpĭo (*or* longo) murmūrē lŏquōr. Arcanā murmŭr aurĭbŭs figo. Verbā mussantī vocē sūsurro. Tĕcĭto sūsurro concĭpio. *See* MURMURO. 3. Tr. Qui Gaditanā (cantĭcā) sūsurrāt. *M.*

SUSURRUS, i. *m.* 1. *A gentle murmuring; a purring, gurgling sound.* Undā lĕvi somnum suadēt Inirĕ sūsurro. *V.* [† Murmŭr, strĕpĭtŭs, sŏnŭs.] Ep. Lĕvĭs, tĕnŭis, lenis, mollis, blandŭs, gratŭs, garrŭlŭs. 2. *A low tone of voice in talking, a whispering, a whisper.* Lenes sŭb noctem ~-i. *H.* Audirē blandos ~-os. *Pp.* [† Murmŭr.] 3. *A whisper, uncertain rumour.* Dŭbĭo auctor ~-i. *O.*

SUSURRUS, ă, um. *Speaking low, whispering.* Procrĭn ădit, linguaquē rĕfert auditā sūsurra. *O.*

SUTĬLIS, ĕ. 1. *Sewn, sewn together.* Gĕmĭnĭt sŭ ponderē cymbā. Sutĭlis, ĕt multam &c. *V.* ~ baltĕŭs. *V.* dŏmŭs (*of hides*). *V. Fl. See* SUTUS. 2. ~ cŏronā. *A garland of wreathed roses.* ~-lĭbŭs cŏronis –tempōrā pinguntur. *O.* –frontem rŭbēr. *M.* ~ rōsā crinĭbŭs aptatur. *M.*

SUTOR, orĭs. *m. A shoemaker.* Si dārē sutori calcĕŭs istā pŏtest. *M.* [† Calcĕārĭus.]

SUTUS, ă, um. *part. See* SUO. 1. *Sewn, sewn together.* Pellĭbŭs et sutis arcent mālē frigŏd bracis. *O.* ~-ă cortĭcĭbŭs cāvatis (*bee-hives*). *V.* [† Consutŭs, sutĭlis.] 2. Sutum, i. *n. Anything worked with stitches.* Pĕr ærĕā sutā. *V.* ~-ă ferrĕā. *St.*

SUUS, ă, um. (SŬSUMĬT, &c. *St.* SŬAPTE. *Lr.* *and* SŬAPTO. *anc. abl.*) 1. *His, her, its, their; his own,* &c.; *proper, peculiar.* Miraturquē nĭvas frondes, et non sŭā pomā. *V.* Arbŏrĭbŭs ~ horrōr īnest. *L.* [† Prōprĭŭs.] 2. *Appropriate, appointed, due.* Strŭĕrē altarĭā ~-is donis. *V.* Non vĕnĭt antē ~-um dĭem (quĕrelā). *O.* [† Debĭtŭs, justŭs.] 3. *His own master.* Nĕc unquam illē ~. *St.* 4. *Himself, master of himself.*

Vix ∾, vix compŏs mentĭs (virgo). *O.* 5. *Friendly, favorable.* Irĕ ventis non ∾-is. *H.* Hoc ∾ tempŭs rătă (Tarpeiă). *Pp. See* FAVEO. 6. Sŭi, orum. *m. pl.*; Sŭæ, arum. *f. His fellow-countrymen, friends, companions.* Sŭorum funĕrĕ. *O.* Chŏrŭs sŭarum. *O.* 7. Sŭŭs sĭbĭ. *anc. pleon.* = sŭŭs. Suo sĭbĭ servit pătri. *Pl.* Suo sĭbi hunc glădĭo jŭgŭlo. *Ter.*

SŸENE, es. *f. A town of Upper Egypt; granite from the neighbourhood.* Mons Lĭbŷs Illăcusque nĭtent (illic), et multă Sŷene. *St.* ˘Eœæ venă Sŷenes. *St.*

SYLLA. *See* SULLA.

SYLLĂBĂ, æ. *f. A syllable.* Syllăbă longă, brĕvi subjectă, vŏcatŭr ĭambŭs. *H.*

SYLVĂ, SYLVESTRĬS, &c. *See* SILVA, &c.

SYMBŎLĂ, æ. *f.* (συμβολή.) *A contribution given towards a common feast,* &c. *Pl. Ter.* [† Collectă, æ. *f. Cic.*]

SYMPHONĬĂ, æ. *f.* (συμφωνία.) *A concert of musical instruments* or *voices; a symphony of mingling sounds.* Ut gratas inter mensas symphonĭă discors. *H.* [† Concentŭs.] *See* CHORUS.

SYMPLEGĂS, ădis. *f. L., and us.* SYMPLEGĂDES, um. *pl.* (Συμπληγάδες.) *Two small islands* or *rocks of the Black Sea, which, before the Argo passed them, were fabled alternately to strike against each other and separate.* Altĕrĕ namquĕ pĕrat Symplegădăs irĕ pĕr altas. *O.* [† Cyănĕæ.]

I. SŸNŎDŬS, i. *f.* (σύνοδος.) *A synod, council. Eccl.* [† Concĭlĭum.]

II. SŸNŎDUS, ontĭs. *m.* (συνόδους, ὄντος.) *A sort of fish, perhaps a shark.* Et rŭtĭlus păgŭr, et fulvi sŷnŏdontĕs, ĕt ex se. *O.*

SYNTHĔSĬS, is. *f.* (σύνθεσις.) 1. *A set, a service of divers things, vessels,* &c. (*e. g.* a kitchen-set, tea-set, &c.) Aut unam dărĕ synthĕsin, quĭd horres? Alborum călĭcum atquĕ cacăborum. *St.* [† Sŭpellex.] 2. *A gown* or *dress* (? of many colours, patterns, &c.). Jam mĭcăt innŭmĕris arcŭlă synthĕsĭbŭs (*a wardrobe of fine clothes*). *M.* 3. *Used also of medical mixtures.*

SŸRACŎSĬŬS, *and* SŸRACŬSĬŬS, ă, um. *Syracusan, of Syracuse.* Primă Sŷracŏsĭo dignata est luderĕ versu. *V.*

SŸRACUSÆ, arum. *f. pl.* (Sŷrăcusæ. *Aus.*) *Syracuse.* Utquĕ Sŷracusas ˘Arĕthusĭdăs abstŭlĭt armis Claudĭŭs. *O.* Crol. Urbs Sŷracŏsĭă.

SŸRIĂ, æ. *f. A country of Asia.* Hoc misso in Sŷrĭam, rĕquĭerant omnĭbŭs aures. *Cat.*

SŸRIŬS, ă, um. *Syrian, of Syria.* Quum dăbĭtur Sŷrĭo munĕrĕ plenŭs ŏnyx. *Pp. See* SYRUS.

SYRMĂ, ătis. *n.* (σύρμα.) 1. *A robe with a long train;* sp. *worn by tragedians.* Longum tu ponĕ Thŷestæ Syrmă, vĕl Antĭgŏnes &c. *J.* 2. Fig. *Tragedy.* Volvĕrĕ omnĭă syrmătă. *J. See* TRAGŒDIA.

SYRTĬCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Syrtes, Syrtic.* Nec stĕrĭlis Lĭbŷe, nec Syrtĭcŭs obstĭtĭt Ammon. *L.*

SYRTĬS, is (ĭdŏs. *L.*). *f.*; SYRTES, ĭum. *pl. A sand-bank* or *quicksand,* or *the two quicksands so called on the northern coast of Africa.* Quam barbărĕ damnis Syrtĭs ălĭt. *L.* ˘In brĕvĭă ĕt Syrtes urgĕt. *V.* [† Syrtĭum brĕvĭă.] Ep. Afrĕ, Lĭbŷcă, Gætŭlă, invĭă, ĭnhospĭtă, infamĭs, naufrăgă.

SŸRŬS, ă, um. 1. *Syrian, of Syria.* Vină Sŷra rĕpărată mercĕ. *H.* [† Sŷrĭŭs; *ant.* Assŷrĭŭs.] 2. Sŷri, orum. *m. pl. The Syrians.* Vivant Gălătæquĕ Sŷriquĕ. *L.* 3. *Syrian slaves* (chiefly employed as street-porters, bearers, &c.). Vĕhi longorum cervicĕ Sŷrorum. *J.* Octo Sŷris suffultă lectică. *M.*

T.

TĂBELLĂ, æ. *f., dim. of* Tabula. 1. *A little plank* or *board.* Heu! quantum fati parvă tăbellă vĕhĭt! *O. See* TABULA. 2. ∾ pictă, or abs. *A little picture, a picture* (*i. e.* a painted tablet). Portĭcŭs, priscis ∾-is sparsă. *O.* Suspendĕrĕ vultum picta ∾-a. *H. See* TABULA. 3. ∾ votivă. *A votive tablet* (one hung up in a temple, &c.). Votiva descriptă ∾-a. *H.* 4. Us. pl. *A writing-tablet.* Committĕrĕ verbă ∾-is. *O.* Infundĕrĕ ceram rasis ∾-is. *O. Sing.* Membrană crŏcĕæ ∾-æ. *J.* [† *Ext.* Cerĕ *or* ceræ, chartă.] 5. *Any written document, legal paper, contract,* &c. Obsignarĕ ∾-as. *Pers. See* SYNGRAPHA. 6. Sp. *A will.* Signarĕ falsas ∾-as (*to forge a will*). *J.* 7. *A vote-tablet. Pp.*

TABĔO, es, ŭi, *and* TABESCO, ĭs. 1. *To melt, melt away.* Tabŭĕrant ceræ: nudos quălĭt illĕ lăcertos. *O.* Extructas ningues rădĭis tabescĕrĕ cogĭt. *Lr.* [† Lĭquesco, &c.] 2. *To dissolve* (be dissolved) *in tears.* Tabescĕrĕ lumĭnă assĭdŭo fletu. *Cat.* [† Flŭo, năto, &c.] *See* TABENS. 3. *To go to decay, to dissolution.* Corpŏrĕ tabent. *O.* Paulatim tabescĕrĕ &c. *Lr.* [† Contabĕo, solvŏr, corrumpŏr, pŭtresco, &c.] *See* PUTRESCO. 4. *To consume away, waste away, pine away.* Tabescĕrĕ curis; ămorĕ. *O.* Æmŏnĭo tabŭĭt hospĭtĭo (Hypăĭpyle). *Pp.* [† Contabĕo, contabesco, extabesco, absumŏr, consumŏr, macĕrŏr, exĕdŏr, pĕrĕdŏr, cŏquŏr, carpŏr, languĕo, liquŏr (ĕrĭs).] 5. *To decrease.* Crescĕrĕ dĭes, ĕt tabescĕrĕ noctes. *Lr.*

TABERNĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A small, humble house; a cottage.* Pallĭdă Mors æquo pulsat pĕdĕ paupĕrum tăbernas &c. *H.* [† Dŏmŭs, căsă.] 2. *A shop. H.* 3. Sts. *A workshop.* Lĭpărĕă ∾ (*Vulcan's*). *J.* [† Offĭcină.] 4. *A public-house, tavern.* [† Cauponă, &c.]

TABES, *abl.* ĕ. *f.* 1. *The thawing snow, snow in a thawing state.* Prima tabĕ nĭvĭs. *L.* 2. *The moisture of a decaying substance; any corrupting matter dangerous to life.* ∾-ĕ flŭunt (cădavĕrĕ). *L.* Mortĭfĕra ∾-ĕ săgittă. *O. See* TABUM. 3. *The virulent power of disease,* or *any thing deadly.* Lit. and fig. Afflati ∾-ĕ vĕneni. *O.* ∾ livĭdă invĭdiæ. *St.* [† Pestĭs, lŭes, morbŭs; vĕnenum, &c.] 4. *A wasting disease* (*e. g.* consumption); *a wasting, withering away.* Lenta ∾-ĕ mĭserrĭmă liquĭtŭr. *O.* Cæca ∾-ĕ lĭquĕfactæ mĕdullæ. *O.* ∾ ămorĭs pĕrĕdĭt. *V. See* LANGUOR, MACIES.

TABESCO. *See* TABEO.

TABĬDŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Tabidus. Tabĭdŭlamquĕ vĭdet labi per viscĕrĕ mortem. *V.* (*Ciris.*)

TABĬDUS, ă, um. 1. *Melting away, putrefying;* fig. *wasting away* (as by consumption). Mens mĭhĭ tabĭdă factă De nĭvĕ manantis morĕ lĭquescĭt ăquæ. *O.* [† Tabens, tabescens, lĭquescens, lĭquĕfactŭs, tabĕfactŭs, rĕsŏlutŭs, corruptŭs, languĭdŭs.] 2. *Corrupting, wasting, destroying.* ∾ vĕtustas consumĭt ferrum. *O.* membris sătĭsquĕ lŭes. *V.* [† Tabĭfĭcŭs.]

TABĬFĬCUS, ă, um. *Causing to melt away; causing to waste away, to decay.* (Ningues) Tabĭfĭcis rădĭis sŭbĭgit sol omnĭă lustrans. *Lr.* ∾ sănĭes. *Sil.* Ossă dissolvens ∾ sepe. *L.* [† Pestĭfĕr, vĕnenĭfĕr.]

TABŬLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A board, plank,* &c.; sp. *ship-plank.* Et lăcĕras nuper tăbŭlas in littŏrĕ vidi. *O.* [† Tăbellă.] 2. *A board,* &c., *for games. J.* 3. *A picture* (*i. e.* pictă tăbŭlă). Qualis ˘Apelleis est cŏlŏr in tăbŭlis. *Pp.* Urĕrĕ ∾-am

pictŭs ŏberrĕt cærŭlĕa In ∾-a. *Pers.* and *J.*

TĂBŬLARIĂ, orum. *n. pl. Archives, records-office.* Ex ære et sŏlĭdo rerum tăbŭlarĭă ferro. *O.*

TĂBŬLATUM, i. *n.* 1. *A floor, a story.* Qua summă lăbantes Jacturas tăbŭlată dăbant. *V.* 2. *The deck of a ship.* Pĕdĭbŭs pulsant ∾-ă. *V. Fl.* 3. *An espalier of branches of trees.* Sĕqui ∾-ă summas pĕr ulmos (*of the vine*). *V.*

TABUM. *obs., abl.* TABO, *and sts. gen.* tabi. *n.* 1. *Corrupt* or *clotted blood, matter, gore.* Orā vĭrum tristi pendebant pallĭdă tabo. *V.* Flŭĕrĕ sănĭe taboquĕ. *V.* [¶ Tabes, sănĭes.] *See* SANIES. 2. *A pestilent disease.* Dilapsă cădavĕrĕ ∾-o. *V.* [¶ Lŭes, &c.] 3. *Poison.* Infĭcĕrĕ pabŭlă ∾-o. *V. See* VENENUM. 4. *A dyeing liquor.* Sidŏnĭo rŭbescĕre ∾-o. *St.*

TĂCĔO, es, ŭi. 1. *To be silent, to say* or *utter nothing.* Lit. and fig. Verĕ prĭus vŏlŭcres tăcĕant, æstatĕ cĭcadæ. *O.* Nĕc tăcŭi demens. *V.* Non ŏcŭli tăcŭerĕ tŭi. *O.* [¶ Sĭlĕo, &c.] *See* S. 2. Tr. *To keep a thing secret, not to disclose it.* ∾ commissă. *H.* 3. *To pass over in silence.* Atquĕ ălĭas tăcĕam &c. *O. See* SILEO. 4. Pass. ˘In mĕdĭo martĕ tăcetŭr ămŏr. *O.* Nullo tăcebĭtŭr ævo. *O.*

TĂCĬTĂ, æ. *f. The goddess of silence.* Sacrā făcit Tăcĭtæ. *O.*

TĂCĬTE. 1. *Tacitly, without speaking,* or *in an under-tone.* Transĭlĭăt, questus tăcĭte. *L.* [¶ Sĭlentĭo; *adj.* tăcens, sĭlens.] Phr. Lăbrā mŏvĕt mĕtŭens audiri. Tăcĭto pĕŭt vultu. Tăcĭta mentĕ rŏgăt. 2. *Silently, without a sound.* ∾ pĕrăgĕrĕ ĭtăr. *O.* Amnĭs ∾ labens. *V.* [¶ Clam, occulte, furtim, &c.] Crol. Pĕr tăcĭtum. Tăcĭto pĕdĕ.

TĂCĬTUM, i. *n. A secret.* Sic aret mĕdĭĭs tăcĭti vulgatŏr ĭn undis. *O. See* ARCANUM.

TĂCĬTURNĬTAS, ătis. *f.* 1. *Silence, taciturnity.* Si tăcĭturnĭtas Obstaret mĕrĭtis invĭdă Romŭli. *H. See* SILENTIUM. 2. *Secresy. Ter.* [¶ Fĭdes.]

TĂCĬTURNŬS, ă, um. 1. *One who is taciturn, speaking little, silent.* Conjungit nostras clam tăcĭturnă mănus. *Tib.* ∾-ă sĭlentĭă. *O.* [¶ Tăcens, tăcĭtŭs, sĭlens, mutŭs.] Crol. Parcŭs lŏquendi. Ultro qui sĭlĕt. Raro (perpauca) lŏ-

aptā. *O.* [¶ FAX.] *See* CONJUG

TĂDĔT, *sts.* tæsum est. *unip. It* (I can no longer bear, endure, orat, tædet cœli convexā tŭeri. ăvum parvo advĭgĭlarĕ nĕpoti. *Ti* tædebăt. *Ter.* Me tæsum est. *Pl.* tæsum est; *sts.* pœnĭtĕt.] Cre dĭă) me *or* ănĭmum –tĕnent, căp sŭbĕunt. Tædĭă căplo.

TĂDĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing a* tædĭfĕræ mystĭcă sacrā dĕæ (Cĕ

TĂDĬUM, ĭi. *n. Tediousness, wea* Tantā mĕæ si te ceperunt tædĭă ∾-ă longā lăborum. *O.* Longĭ [¶ Fastidĭum.] Ep. Longum, ĭ languens, languĭdum, grăvĕ, mŏl tum, tristĕ.

TÆNĂRĂ. *See* TÆNARUS.

TÆNĂRĬDES, æ. *m., and* TÆNAR *Lacedæmonian; Laconian,* &c. rĭdes orbem prŏpĕrabăt &c. *O.* Tænărĭs orā sŭo. *O. See* TÆNAR

TÆNĂRĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belo rus;* hence, *Lacedæmonian,* &c. nărĭis dŏmŭs est mĭhĭ fultā cŏlu făcĭes mărĭtæ. *O. See* SPARTAN ∾-as fauces, altā ostĭă Ditĭs. *V.*

TÆNĂRŬS, i. *m. f.;* TÆNĂRUM, *or and* TÆNĂRĂ, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *and town of Laconia, famous for ble.* Tænărĕ, sivĕ tŭis, sivĕ, Căr lumnis). *Tib.* 2. *A cave there, of the entrances to hell.* Est l dixerunt Tænărĕ gentes. *St.* ˘Ap umbris. *L.* Crol. Tænărĭæ fauc antrum. Hence—3. *Hell.* Quo Tænări sedes. *H. See* INFERI.

TÆNĬA, æ. *f. A band, head-band.* evincti tempŏrĕ tæniis. *V.* [¶ T *sts.* fascĭă, fascĭŏlă.]

TAGŬS, i. *m. A river of Spain, and sands of gold.* Cedăt ĕt aurĭfĕri gi. *O. See* AURIFER.

TALARĬA, um. *n. pl.* 1. *The wing Mercury.* Et lĭquĭdum motis tala dĭt. *O.* 2. *A garment reaching to*

TĂLASĬO (TĂLASSIO), onis, *or* TAL

TALĬO, ōnis. *f. The penalty of like for like; retaliation.* Corrumpit sīnĕ tallĭonĕ cælebs. *M.*

TALĬPĔDANS, tis. *Tottering.* Tum quāsī tallĭpĕdans primum consurgĭt. *Lr.*

TALIS, ĕ. 1. *Such, such like.* Talis ĕrat Dido, talem se lætā fĕrebāt. *V.* Talĕ nĭhīl mĕtŭens. *O.* [† Hīc, is, hujusmŏdi.] 2. = tantŭs. Haud ~-i me dignŏr hŏnorē. *V.* 3. Answered by qualis, and by qui, ăc, atquĕ, ŭt, &c. Ultĭmā ~ ĕrĭt quæ primā fĭdes. *Pp.* ~-es ŭt responsā jŭvent. *St.*

TALĬTĔR. *So, in such manner.* Talĭtĕr exuta est vĕtĕrem nŏvā Romā sĕnectam. *M.* [† Sic, ĭtā.]

TALLĂ, æ. *f. The coat of an onion.* Flebĭlē cæpē sĭmul, lăcrĭmosæque ordĭnē tallæ. *Lucil.* (*apud Non.*)

TALPĂ, æ. *m. f. A mole.* Aut ŏcŭlis capti foderē cŭbĭlĭā talpæ. *V.*

TALŬS, i. *m.* 1. *The ankle.* Summā pĕdum, taloquē tĕnus vestigĭā tingĭt. *O. See* PES. Hence —2. Starē recto talo. *To stand upright;* fig. *to be approved.* Cādăt, ăn stĕt recto talo (fabŭlā). *H.* Vivĕrē recto talo (*to act well*). *Pers.* 3. *A die* (for games). Quĭd vālĕant ~-i, quo possis plurĭmā jactu &c.? *O.* Phr. *To throw the die.* Jactarē nūmĕros ĕburnos. [† Tessĕrā.] Ep. ˘Eburnŭs, ĕburnĕus; sĕcundŭs, damnosŭs.

TAM. 1. *So, so much, so far* (followed by quam, atque, ut, qui, &c.). Quæ te tam lætā tŭlerunt Sæcŭlā? Tam aversŭs (sol). *V.* Tam felix quam pectŏrē candĭdŭs. *O.* [† Sic, ĭtā, ădĕo; tantum.] Crcl. Non sĕcĭŭs, non mĭnŭs. 2. Tam măgis. *anc.* = tanto magis. Tam măgis illā frĕmens. *V.* Tam măgis lăbascĭt. *Lr.*

TAMARIX, icis. *f. A tamarisk.* Et tămărix non lætā cŏmas. *L.* [† Myrĭcā.]

TAMDĬU (*and* TANDĬU) = Tam dĭu. *So long. Ter.* [† Tantispĕr.]

TĂMĔN. 1. *Yet, notwithstanding, nevertheless.* Hic tămĕn ille urbem Pătăvi sedesquē lŏcavĭt. *V.* [† Attămĕn, ăt, autem, verum, nĭhīlomĭnŭs, verumtămĕn.] Crcl. Nĭhīlo secĭŭs. Non mĭnŭs. 2. Sts. = tandem. Reppĕrĭt ossā ~ pĕrĕgrina condĭtā terra. *O.*

TĂMĔSIS, is. *m.* (Tămĕsā, æ. *Tac.*) *The river Thames.*

TANAIS, ĭs. *m. The river Don.* Solŭs hyperborĕas glăcĭes Tănăĭmquē nĭvalem &c. *V.* Ep. Scŷthĭcŭs, gĕlĭdŭs, frigĭdŭs, nĭvalis, rĭgens.

TANDEM. *At length, at last.* Ille hæc depŏsĭta tandem formidĭnē fatŭr. *V.* [† Postremo, demum, denĭquē.] Crcl. ˘Ad extremum. Extremo sŭb finē. Sŭpremo finē.

TANGO, is, tĕtĭgi, tactum. 1. *To touch.* Tangĕre ĕnim et tangi, nisī corpus, nullā pŏtest res. *Lr.* Tactā lăbellis pocŭlā. *O.* [† Attingo, contingo, tracto, attrecto, palpŏr.] 2. *To touch* (with the foot), *come to, alight on, arrive at, enter,* &c. ~ magallā alatis plantis; portus. *V.* castrā nocturno dŏlo. *O.* Tellus mĭhī tactā est. *See* INTRO. 3. *To attain, reach.* ~ vitæ metam. *O.* [† Attingo, assĕquŏr, pervĕnio.] 4. *To besmear, rub.* ~ corpŭs ăqua; cŏmas mĕdĭcamĭnĭ. *O. See* MADEFACIO. 5. *To touch, take.* Quŏd non tŭum essĕt, tangĕres. *Pl.* [† Sumo, aufĕro, &c.] *See* FUROR. 6. *To strike, hit; to strike so as to hurt, damage,* &c. ~ signatā lŏcā fanda. *Tib.* Chlŏen flăgello. *H.* chordas. *O.* Quercus de cœlo tactæ. *V.* Frondes frigŏrē tactæ. *O. See* VERBERO, ICTUS. 7. *To taste.* ~ săporem. *V.* singŭlā dentē sŭperbo. *H.* [† Attingo, &c.] *See* GUSTO. Fig. 8. *To touch the mind, to move the affections.* ~-it ˘Atridas dŏlŏr. *V.* nos hŏnos. *O.* Mentem mortalĭā ~-unt. *V.* [† Mŏvĕo, impello, afficio, &c.] *See* MOVEO. 9. *To nick, nettle, vex* (a person). [† Mordĕo, lædo.] 10. *To cheat, take in. Pl. See* DECIPIO. 11. *To take in hand.* ~ carmĭnā. *O. See* SUSCIPIO. 12. *To touch upon a subject, treat it lightly.* [† Attingo.]

TANQUAM, *or* TAMQUAM. 1. Adv. *As, just as, as it were.* Sanguĭnĕæ manant tanquam de vulnĕrē guttæ. *O.* [† ˘Ut, vĕlŭt, vĕlŭti, sicŭt, ceu, quāsī, quomŏdŏ, qualis; *with the gen.* instār, morē, ritu, mŏdo; *sts.* sĭmĭlis, par.] Crcl. ˘In morem (spĕcĭem, mŏdum). ˘Ut sŏlĕt. Morē mŏdoquē. Non *or* haud ălĭtĕr. Non *or* haud sĕcŭs ăc *or* atquē. Non sĕcŭs atquē olim. ˘Ut quondam. Quo morē sŏlĕt. 2. Conj. *As if, just as if.* [† Ceu, quāsī, vĕlŭt, vĕlŭti.]

TANTĂLĔUS, ă, um. (Tantălĭcus. *Cl.*) *Of* or *belonging to Tantalus.* Tantălĕæ pŏtĕrit tradĕrē pomā mānu. *Pp.*

TANTĂLIDES, æ. *m. A son* or *descendant of Tantalus;* hence, *Pelops, Atreus, Thyestes, Agamemnon,* &c. Quĭd? num Tantălĭdes, ăgĭtantē cŭpidĭnē currus (Pĕlops). *O.* Tantălĭdæ fratres (*Atreus and Thyestes*). Tantălĭdæ Tantălis uxŏr ĕro (*Hermione of Orestes*). *O.*

TANTĂLIS, idis. *f. A daughter* or *female descendant of Tantalus;* hence, *Niobe, Hermione,* &c. Tantălĭdes matres aptā răpinā sŭmŭs. *O.*

TANTĂLUS, i. *m. The king of Phrygia, famous for his peculiar punishment in hell. C. D.* Tantălŭs a labris sĭtĭens fŭgĭentĭā captăt Flumĭnā. *H.* Cur non exspectant Tantălŏn undæ? *St.* Ep. Phryx, Phrygĭŭs; prodĭtŏr, infidŭs, garrŭlŭs; sævŭs, crudelis, immitis, barbărŭs; sĭtĭens, arĭdŭs, mĭsĕr, infelix; tăcĭti vulgatŏr. Sempĕr dăpis ĕgens. Undis fallentĭbŭs immĭnens. Stans siccis faucĭbŭs. Crcl. Pĕlŏpis pătĕr *or* pārens. Phrygĭŭs sĕnex. Phr. Intĕr ăquas, ăquarum ĕgĕt. ˘In mĕdĭo amnē sĭtĭt. Quærĭt ăquas ĭn ăquis. Undă sĭtim poturi desĕrĭt. Liquŏr sĭtim ăb orē sicco fallĭt. Cĭbos fŭgaces (pomā fŭgacĭā) ăvĭdo orē captăt. Rident mĭsĕro pomā, ĕt effŭgĭunt. Răpĭt stĕrĭles, rĕfŭga arbŏrē, auras. Orā appŏsĭtis cĭbis arent.

TANTILLŬS, ă, um. *dim. of* Tantus. 1. *Very little, quite little.* ~ pŭĕr. *Ter.* 2. Neut. used subst. and adv. *A very trifle, such a trifle.* Tantillum vestræ demĕrē sævĭtiæ. *Cat.*

TANTISPĔR. *So long as; meanwhile.* Hæc tĭbĭ tantisper sŭbĭto sint missā lĭbello. *O.*

TANTO. *adv.* (*with a comp.*) 1. *By so much.* Tanto, natē, măgis contendē tĕnacĭā vinclā. *V.* [Both *tanto*, and the *quanto* to which it answers, may be rendered by *the . . . the,* with the comp.] [† Eo, hoc.] 2. *So long.* Nunc quŏquē post tanto vĭdēăt (= tanto post tempŏrē). *V.*

TANTŎPĔRĔ. *adv., and* TANTO . . . ŏPĔRĔ. *So very, so much.* At quod mobĭlē tantŏpĕre est, constarē rŏtundas. *Lr. See* MAGNOPERE.

TANTŬLŬS, ă, um. *So little, so small, just so little* (in quantity). Primum ănĭmalĭā sunt jam partim tantŭlā, ŭt horum &c. *Lr.* ~-i ĕget quantum est ŏpŭs. *H.* [† Tantillŭs.]

TANTUM. *adv.* 1. *So much, to such a degree,* &c. Tantum ævi longinquā vālet mutarē vĕtustas! *O.* [† ˘Adĕo, sic.] 2. With quantum, and sts. before an adj. *So much* (to such an extent or degree) . . . *as; so . . . as.* Nĕc ~ dulcĭā quantum ĕt lĭquĭdā. *V.* [† Tam . . . quam.] 3. *Only so much, only such a little, only.* Sertā prŏcŭl ~ jăcebant. *V.* ~ ne nŏcĕas vĭdeto. *O. See* SOLUM.

TANTUMMŎDŎ. *adv. Only.* Omnĭā perdĭdĭmus, tantummŏdŏ vitā rĕlicta est. *O. See* SOLUM.

TANTUNDEM. *n. used subst.* 1. *Just so much, just as much; an equal quantity.* Ex parvo nobis tantundem hausirē rĕlinquas. *H.* Hăbĕrē ~. *J.*

2. Adv. Tantundem omnĭă sentĭens, quam si nullă sĭt usquam. *Cat.*

TANTŬS, ă, um. 1. *So great.* Tantŭs ămor laudum, tantæ est victorĭă curæ. *V.* ~-o est corpŏrĕ, quanto &c. *O.* [¶ ˘Is, talĭs.] **Crcl.** Tam magnŭs. 2. Neut. used subst. *So much.* ~ nobĭlĭtatĭs Inest. *O.* 3. Tanti sum (sc. prĕtĭi). *To be worth while, worth so much, of so much value.* Vix Prĭămŭs ~-i fŭĭt. *O.* Sunt ipsă pĕrĭcŭlă ~-i. *M.* 4. ˘In tantum. *To such a degree, so far.* Nĕc quisquam ĭn tantum spe tollĕt ăvos. *V.* 5. Sts. = tŏt. ~-is epoti millĭbŭs amnes. *Cl.*

TĂPES (*obs.*), ĕtĭs. *m.* (TĂPETĔ, ĭs. *n.*, *and* TĂPETUM, i. *n.*) tăpetĕs, ĭbŭs. *pl. Cloth wrought with various figures; tapestry, carpeting, housing.* Armăquĕ, craterasquĕ sĭmul, pulchrosquĕ tăpetăs. *V.* ~-ĭbŭs altis exstructŭs. *V.* pŏsĭtŭs. *O.* Allĭpĕdes pictis ~-is instrati. *V.* Fulgentem tăpetă. *Sil.* Dĕcŏrarĕ (ĕquum) tăpetĕ. *Sil.* [¶ Stragŭlă, strată (orum).] **Ep.** Assyrĭŭs, barbărĭcŭs, Phrygĭŭs, Tyrĭŭs, Sidŏnĭŭs, Attălĭcŭs, pulchĕr, pictŭs, vărĭŭs.

TAPRŎBĂNE, es. *f. Now the island Ceylon.* Aut ŭbĭ Taprŏbănen Indĭă cingĭt ăquă. *O.*

TĂRAS, antĭs. *m. Tarentum* (from Tăras, son of Neptune, the founder). Antiquousquĕ Tăras secretăquĕ littŏrā Leucæ. *L.*

TARDE, ĭŭs. 1. *Slowly.* Prolem tarde crescentĭs ŏlivæ. *V.* [¶ Lente, pĭgre, segnĭtĕr, cunctantĕr.] 2. *Not soon enough, not soon; not for a long time.* Tardĭŭs advĕnĭens. *H.* Optavi pĕtĕres cœlestĭă sidĕrā tarde. *O.*

TARDESCO, ĭs. *To become slow.* Tardescit linguă, mădet mens. *Lr.*

TARDĬPES, ĕdĭs. *m. Slow-footed* (an ep. of Vulcan); used subst. *Vulcan. Col.* Scriptă tardĭpĕdi dĕo dăturum. *Cat.*

TARDĬTAS, atĭs. *f. Slowness. Cic.* [¶ Segnĭtĭes, Inertĭă, mŏrā, &c.] *See* PIGRITIA.

TARDO, as. *To retard, delay, stop.* Tardăt ărenă pĕdes. *O.* ~-antĕ sĕnecta sanguĭs hĕbĕt. *V.* ~ alas fati. *H.* [¶ Rĕtardo, mŏrŏr, rĕmŏrŏr, rĕtĭnĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, impĕdĭo, &c.] **Crcl.** Mŏram făcĭo *or* affĕro. *See* MOROR.

TARDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Slow.* Incessit passu de vulnĕrĕ tardo. *O.* ~ ăsellŭs. *V.* fŭgæ. *V. Fl.* nectĕrĕ dŏlos. *V.* [¶ Lentŭs, Iners, segnĭs, rĕmissŭs, &c.] *See* PIGER. Fig. 2. *Stupid. Ter. See* STOLIDUS. 3. With ăquă, &c. *Stagnant. V.* 4. ~ săpŏr. *A taste remaining long* (*Heyne*), or *long in catching* (*Serv.*). ~ săpŏr mali (*the citron* or *orange*). *V.*

TARENTINŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Tarentum.* Lanā Tărentino vĭŏlas Imĭtătā vĕneno. *H.*

TARENTUM, i. *n.* (Tărentŭs, i. *f. Sil.*) *A city of southern Italy.* Hinc sĭnŭs Hercŭlĕi, si vera est famā, Tărenti. *V.* [¶ Tăras, Œbălĭă.] **Ep.** Lăcĕdæmŏnĭum; mollĕ, ămœnum, &c.

TARPEIA (= Tarpejă), æ. *f. The Roman virgin who betrayed the citadel to the Sabines.* Arcisquĕ vĭa Tarpeĭă rĕclusa, Digna ănĭmam pœna congestis exŭĭt armis. *O.*

TARPEĬUS (= Tarpejŭs) MONS, TARPEIUM SAXUM. 1. *The famous rock* or *mount on the Capitoline hill at Rome.* Hinc ad Tarpeiam sedem, et Căpĭtolĭă ducĭt. *V.* ~ rupes. *L.* arx. *Pp.* [¶ Căpĭtolĭum, Căpĭtolĭă, Saxum.] 2. ~-ŭs, ă, um. *Of Mount Tarpeius, Tarpeian; of the Capitol, Capitoline.* Pĕr ~-ă fulmĭnā jurăt. *J.* ~-æ cŏronæ (*given at the Capitoline games*). *M.* [¶ Căpĭtolĭnŭs.]

TARQUINĬUS, ĭi. *m. The name of two kings of Rome, Tarquinius Priscus and Tarquinius Superbus.* Vis et Tarquĭnĭos reges ănĭmamque sŭperbam &c. *V.* Sŭperbos Tarquĭni fasces. *H.*

TARTĂRĔUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Tartarus; infernal.* Tartărĕas Pandiŏnă misĭt ăd umbras. *O.* ~ vox; custos (Cerbĕrŭs). *V. See* INFERNUS.

TARTĂRUS, i. *m.*, *and* TARTĂRA, orum. *n. pl.* 1. *Tartarus; the infernal regions.* Tum Tartărŭs ipsĕ Bis pătĕt in præceps tantum. *V.* Nĭsi vĭdĕrĕ Tartărā. *V.* Mittĕrĕ ănĭmam sub ~-ă. *V.* Tartărŏn (*acc.*). *St. See* INFERI. 2. Tartărā pătĕr = *Pluto. V. Fl.*

TARTESSĬACUS, *and* TARTESSĬUS, ă, um, *and* TARTESSIS, ĭdĭs. *f. Col. Of* or *belonging to Tartessus, a Spanish sea-port, supposed to be the present Cadiz;* hence, *Spanish, far western.* Jun. Tartessĭăco quos solvĕrăt æquŏrĕ Titan. Sil. Tartessĭă tellus. *Sil.* Presserăt occĭdŭus Tartessĭă littŏrā Phœbŭs. *O.*

TARTESSŎS, *or* TARTESSUS, i. *f. A sea-port of Spain, supposed to be the present Cadiz.* Tartessos stăbŭlanti conscĭă Phœbo. *Sil.* ~-i littŏrā Gades. *Col.* **Ep.** Hespĕrĭă, occĭdŭă. *See* CALPE, GADES.

TĂTĬENSES, ĭum. *m. pl. One of the three centuries of Equites in the time of Romulus.* Quin ĭdĕm partes tŏtĭdem Tătĭenăĭbŭs illĕ (dĕdĭt). *O. See* TITIENSES.

TATĬUS, ĭi. *m.* 1. *A Sabine king, afterwards joint sovereign of Rome with Romulus.* Atquĕ Sabĭnĭ fĕri contŭdĭt armā Tăti. *Pp.* 2. Used adj. ~-æ prætorĭă turmæ. *Pp.*

TAURĔUS, ă, um. 1. *Of a bull* or *of bulls.* Et fĕrĭunt molles taurĕă tergă mănus (i. e. *drums*). *O.* ~-ă tergă (*bulls' hides*). *V.* vinclă (*leathern*). *Lr.* [¶ Taurinŭs.] 2. Used subst. f. *A thong made of ox-hide. J. See* SCUTICA.

TAURĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Producing* or *pasturing bulls.* Taurĭfĕris ŭbĭ se Mevanĭă campis Expĭcăt. *L.*

TAURĬFORMIS, ĕ. *Like a bull, bull-headed.* Sic taurĭformis volvĭtŭr Aufĭdŭs. *H.*

TAURINŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of a bull, of bulls.* Taurinæ quantum possent circumdărĕ tergo. *V.* ~-æ frontis cornŭă. *O.* [¶ Taurĕŭs, bubŭlŭs.] 2. *Of ox-hide, of leather.* ~-i folles (*bellows*). *V.* ~-ă tympănă. *Cl.* ~ pulsŭs (*the beat of the drum*). *St.*

TAURŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A bull; an ox.* Atque ĭdĕo tauros prŏcŭl in secretă rĕlegant Pasĭă. *V.* [¶ Jŭvencŭs, bos; pătĕr armenti.] *See* BOS. 2. *The constellation Taurus.* ˘Apĕrĭt ~ aurātis cornĭbŭs annum. *V.* **Crcl.** Tauri signum, sidŭs, astrum. Lucĭdŭs Europæ vectŏr.

TAXĔUS, ă, um. *Of a yew-tree, of yew-trees.* Et taxĕă marcĕt Silvă cŏmis. *St.*

TAXO, as. *To estimate, rate;* fig. *to tax, reproach.* Taxată pœna linguă crŭcĭetur lŏquax. *Sen.* [¶ Æstĭmo.]

TAXUS, i. *f. A yew-tree; a javelin made of yew. Sil.* Est vĭă declivis, funesta nubĭlĭă taxo. *O.* **Ep.** (*For the tree.*) ˘Amarā, tristĭs, ferallĭs, funestā, nĭgrā, atrā.

TAŸGĔTE, es. *f. One of the Pleiades.* Maiăn, et Electram, Taÿgĕtenquĕ Jŏvi. *O.*

TAŸGĔTŎN, *or* TAŸGĔTUM, i. *n.*, *and* TAŸGĔTĂ, orum. *n. pl. A mountain of Laconia.* Virginĭbus bacchatā Lăcœnis Taÿgĕtā! O, qui me gĕlĭdis &c. *V.* Taÿgĕton silvasquĕ cŏmantes. *V. Fl.* Culmĭnā Taÿgĕti &c. *Cl.*

TECTE, ĭŭs. *Covertly, secretly.* Vir mălĕ dissĭmŭlat, tectĭŭs illā cŭpĭt. *O.* [¶ Arcano, furtim, &c.]

TECTORĬUM, ĭi. *n. Plaster* or *stucco-work of any kind;* hence fig. *used of a paste laid on the face to preserve its beauty; and of fine, flattering*

words. Tandem ăpĕrit vultum, et tectorĭă primă rĕponĭt. *J.* Pictæ tectorĭă linguæ. *Pers.*

Tectum, i. *n.* 1. *A roof.* Ter flamma ad summum tecti subjectă rĕluxĭt. *V.* **Ep.** Altum, ardŭum, celsum, excelsum, sublimĕ, lăquĕatum; hŭmĭlĕ, ăgrestĕ, stramĭnĕum. **Phr.** Tecti ăpex, culmĕn, fastigĭă, vertex; (*inside*) tecti lăquĕarĭă. 2. Ext. *A house.* ∾ angustum, ingens, centum sublimĕ cŏlumnis. *V.* Regĭă ∾-ă. *V.* Sŭb paupĕrĕ ∾-o. *H.* *See* Domus, Regia, Casa. 3. *The home of animals; used of a bee-hive; an ant's nest; a bird's nest; a serpent's hole. V.*

Tectus, ă, um. *part.* *See* Tego. Used also adj. *Covert, secret, dissembled.* Fallĕrĕ ∾-o dŏlo. *Tib.* Manăt ămor ∾. *O.* [¶ Occultŭs, secretŭs, arcanŭs, celatŭs, &c.] *See* Arcanus.

Tĕgĕs, ĕtĭs. *f.* *A mat.* Atque ănĭmam in tĕgĕtes putrem exspirarĕ păternas. *Pp.*

Tĕgĭmĕn, Tĕgŭmĕn, *and* **Tegmĕn,** ĭnĭs. *n.* *Any thing that envelops* or *covers;* hence—1. *Used of natural coverings.* Exŭĕ de pălĕa, tegmĭnĭbŭsquĕ sŭis (*the grain,* i. e. *from the husk,* &c.). *O.* Tegmĭnă crudă bŏum (*the raw skin*). *St.* Tegmĭnĕ dempto (*of the body, as the case of the soul*). *Lr.* Quum ∾-ĭnĕ proles sălĭĭt (*the egg-shell*). *Cl.* [¶ Tĕgŭmentum *or* tegmentum (*Cic.*); *sts.* pellis, cŏrĭum.] 2. *Used of any covering* or *dress for the body.* Tĕgĭmĕn dereptă lĕoni Pellĭs ĕrăt. *O.* Consertum tĕgŭmĕn spinis &c. *V.* *See* Vestis. 3. *Of any kind of head-gear.* Tĕgĭmĕn sumsissĕ căpillis. *O.* *See* Galerus, Petasus, Galea. 4. *A shield, a coat of mail. O. V.* *See* Lorica, Clypeus. 5. *The shade* or *shading boughs of a tree.* Sŭb tegmĭnĕ fagi. *V.* *See* Umbraculum. 6. *A house. St.* [¶ Tectum, dŏmŭs.] 7. *The vault of heaven. Lr.* [¶ Fornix.] 8. *A coat* or *coating of any thing* (plaster, wax, ice, &c.). *O.* [¶ Cŭtĭs.]

Tĕgo, is, exi, ectum. 1. *To cover, cover over, to hide.* Et quæ vos rara vĭrĭdis tĕgĭt arbŭtŭs umbra. *V.* ∾ lumĭnă somno; se post craterĕ; semĕn hŭmo. *V.* Siderĕ texĭt (Titan). *L.* [¶ Contĕgo, obtĕgo, ŏpĕrĭo, velo, obduco, condo, abscondo, abdo, occulto; *sts.* obvelo, obnubo, involvo, defŏdĭo, sĕpelĭo, obrŭo.] *See* Abdo, Obscuro. 2. *To cover as a dress. V.* *See* Vestio. 3. *To cover* (as the earth the dead). *V. O.* *See* Sepelio. 4. *To cover, shelter.* Lit. and fig. ∾-unt mœnĭă Teucros. *V.* ∾-ĭt se objĭcĕ saxi Proteus. *V.* Nĕc ˘Apollĭnis infŭlă texĭt. *V.* [¶ Protĕgo, defendo, tŭĕŏr.] 5. *To surround* (of a crowd). Stipată ∾-ebăt turbă. *V.* [¶ Cingo, circumdo, stipo.] 6. Fig. *To conceal, dissemble.* ∾ consĭlĭum vultu. Ferrĕ sŭb auras si quă ∾-unt. *V.* ∾ pectŏră læta frontĕ. *L.* [¶ ˘Opĕrĭo, condo, abscondo, prĕmo, celo, dissĭmŭlo, obvolvo, involvo; *sts.* sĭlĕo, tăcĕo.]

Tegŭla, æ. *f.* *A tile.* Læsĭt ĕt objectum tegŭlă curtă căpŭt. *Pp.* [¶ Lătĕr, lătercŭlŭs, imbrex, testă.] **Ep.** Coctă, coctĭlĭs, căvă, concăvă, durā.

Teĭus, ă, um. *Of Teos, the country of Anacreon; Teian.* Præcepit lyrĭci Telĭă musă sĕnĭs. *O.* ˘Anacrĕontă Teĭum. *H.* *See* Anacreon.

Tela, æ. *f.* 1. *A web.* Et tĕnŭi telas discrevĕrăt auro. *V.* [¶ Staměn, textură, textum.] **Ep.** Subtilĭs, tĕnŭĭs, pellucĭdă, pendŭlă. **Crol.** Stamĭnă telæ. 2. *A spider's web. J.* *See* Araneum. 3. *The warp* (the threads into which the woof is woven); *thread, wool.* Firmăquĕ conductis annectit lĭcĭă telis. *Tib.* ∾-æ putres (*of a diseased fleece*). *V.*

Tĕlamon, onis. *m.* *Son of Æacus, father of Ajax and Teucer, and one of the Argonauts.* Movĭt Ajacem Tĕlămonĕ natum. *H.*

Tĕlamonĭades, æ. *m.* *Ajax, son of Telamon.* Nec Tĕlămonĭădes ĕtĭam nunc hiscĕrĕ quidquam Ausĭt. *O.*

Tĕlamonĭus, ă, um. *Of Telamon;* abs. *Ajax.* Quantŭs ĕrat Calchas extis, Tĕlămonĭŭs armis. *O.*

Telĕmachus, i. *m.* *The son of Ulysses and Penelope.* Laertesquĕ sĕnex Telĕmăchusquĕ pŭĕr. *O.*

Telĭger, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing darts* or *arrows.* Tĭmendĕ matri telĭger sævæ pŭĕr. *Sen.* [¶ Săgittĭfĕr.]

Tellus, urĭs. *f.* 1. *The Earth* (as a deity). Tellurem porco, Silvanum lactĕ plabant. *H.* *See* Terra. 2. *The earth* (on which man lives). Fundĭt hŭmo făcĭlĕm victum justissĭmă tellus. *V.* *See* Terra. 3. *The ground* (under one's feet). ∾ prĭŭs imă dĕhiscăt. *V.* [¶ Terrā, sŏlum.] 4. *A land, region, country.* ∾ ultĭmă Tibŭr. *O.* Gnosăă; Mavortĭă. *V.* *See* Regio.

Telum, i. *n.* 1. *A weapon of any kind, but us. a missile weapon.* Nec saxă, nĕc ullum Telorum intĕrĕa cessat gĕnŭs. *V.* Exĭt telă Entellŭs (*the blows of the cæstus*). *V.* Frontĭs pars cărĕt ∾-o (sc. cornu). *O.* *See* Arma. 2. Ŭs. *A dart* (of any kind), *an arrow.* Hæsurum clypĕi curvamĭnĕ ∾. *O.* *See* Sagitta, Hasta. 3. *Used of Neptune's trident.* Pŏsĭtoquĕ trĭcuspĭdĕ telo mulcĕt ăquas (Neptunŭs). *O.* *See* Tridens. 4. *Used of the lightning of Jove.* ∾-ă trĭsulcă. *O.* *See* Fulmen. 5. *Used of a sun-beam.* Lucĭdă ∾-ă dĭei. *Lr.* 6. *Of the darts of Love.* Vĕnĕrĭs qui ∾-is acclĭnĭt ictum. *Lr.* [¶ Săgittă, cuspis.] 7. *Of the sharp words* (daggers) *of the tongue.* Linguæ ∾-ă sŭbirĕ tŭæ. *O.* [¶ *Sts.* Verbĕr.] 8. *Of the piercings, goadings of grief, fear, remorse,* &c. ∾-is perfixă pĕvorĭs. *Lr.* [¶ *Sts.* ˘Acumĕn.]

Tĕmĕrarĭus, ă, um. 1. *Acting blindly; random.* Jupĭtĕr in multos tĕmĕrarĭă fulmĭnă torquĕt. *O.* [¶ Præceps, inconsultŭs, incautŭs, cæcŭs.] 2. *Rash, rashly-daring.* Quem lŭpă servavit, mănŭs hunc tĕmĕrarĭă civĭs Perdĭdĭt. *O.* ∾ virtus. *O.* [¶ Præceps, audax, &c.] *See* Audax. 3. *Unmeaning, without an object.* Somnĭă ∾-ĭă. *Tib.* *See* Vanus.

Tĕmĕratŏr, orĭs. *m.* *One who defiles, violates.* Quantŭs ˘Apollĭnĕæ tĕmĕrator matrĭs ˘Averno Tendĭtŭr. *St.* [¶ Corruptŏr, vĭŏlatŏr.]

Tĕmĕrĕ. *adv.* 1. *At random; by accident, by chance.* Hi tĕmĕre errabant ĭn ŏpacæ vallĭbŭs Idæ. *O.* ∾ intĕr telă jăcentes. *V.* insĕcutæ Orphĕă silvæ. *H.* [¶ Passim, fortŭĭto.] **Crol.** Sĭnĕ ordĭnĕ. 2. *Rashly, inconsiderately.* ∾ edĕrĕ qd; In nosmet legem sancirĕ. *H.* [¶ Inconsulte, stulte.] 3. *Heedlessly, without attention.* Haud ∾ est visum. *V.* 4. *Easily, without care,* &c. Non ∾ a me quivis ferrĕt Idem. *H.* Non ∾ transiri pŏtest (flŭvĭŭs). *Pl.*

Tĕmĕro, as. *To profane holy things* or *places; to pollute, violate.* Lit. and fig. Ultŭs ăvos Trojæ, templa et tĕmĕrată Mĭnervæ. *V.* ∾ flŭvĭos vĕnĕnis; corpŏră nĕfandis dăpĭbŭs; lucos ferro; puram fĭdem; thălămos pŭdicos. *O.* [¶ Pollŭo, inquĭno, vĭŏlo, infĭcĭo, &c.] *See* Polluo.

Temetum, i. *n.* *Wine.* De Corcyræa temetum duxĕrăt urna. *J.* *See* Vinum.

Temno, is. *To despise.* Si gĕnŭs humanum et mortalĭă temnĭtis armă. *V.* ∾ divos. *V.* *See* Contemno.

Temo, onis. *m.* 1. *The pole of a carriage;* hence, *the carriage, waggon,* &c., *itself.* Aurĕŭs axis ĕrat, temo aurĕŭs, aurĕă summæ &c. *V.* Excĭdĕrĕ de temonĕ Brĭtanno. *J.* 2. *Charles' Wain* (the constellation). *St.* *See* Plaustrum.

Tempe. *n. pl. indecl.* 1. *The famous valley in Thessaly.* Pastŏr ˘Aristæus fŭgiens Penĕĭă Tempe. *V.* **Ep.** Thessălĭă, āmœnă, grată; nĕmŏrosă.

ŏpacă, umbrosă, frigĭdă; vĭrentŭ, vĭrĭdantŭ; Zĕphyrĭs ăgĭtată. 2. *Used for any delightful valley.* Hĕlŏrŭ tempe. *O.* Teumesŭ t. *St.*

Tempĕrans, ŭs. *part. See* Tempero. Used also adj. *Moderate, sparing in the use. Ter.* [† Mŏdĭcŭs, abstĭnens, frugi.]

Tempĕrantĭa, æ. *f.* (Tempĕro.) *Moderation, temperance. Cic.* [† Sobrĭĕtas, mŏdestĭă, frugalĭtas, &c.] *See* Frugalitas.

Tempĕratŏr, ōris. *m. One who prepares, seasons, tempers* (any thing). Armorum Sălŏ tempĕratŏr ambĭt. *M.*

Tempĕratŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Tempero. Used also adj. 1. *Restrained, kept in moderation.* ~Ab insŏlenti tempĕratam Lætĭtĭa. *H.* 2. *Under rule, moderate, temperate,* &c. ∾ vis. *H.* ∾-æ argutiæ. *Ph.* [† Mŏdĕrantŭs, mŏdĭcŭs.]

Tempĕri, Tempŏri, *and* **Tempŏrĕ**. *adv. At the right time, à propos, seasonably; in good time, soon. Ter.; and comp.* Tempĕrĭŭs, *or* Tempŏrĭŭs, *earlier, sooner.* Mŏdŏ surgĭs ĕoo Tempĕrĭus cœlo, mŏdŏ sĕrĭŭs incĭdĭs undis. *O.* [† Opportune, mature, cĭto; cĭtŭs, maturĭŭs.]

Tempĕries, ei. *f.* 1. *The temperature of the air;* us. *a soft, gentle temperature.* Tempĕrĭe cœli corpusque ănĭmusquĕ jŭvatŭr. *O.* ∾ blandarum ăquarum. *O.* 2. *The mutual tempering of one thing mixed with another; the attempered result of such mixture.* Lit. and fig. ∾-em sumpsĕrĕ humorquĕ cĕlorquĕ. *O.* Quam (pŭdorem) miscĕt justă ∾. *Cl.* 3. *Moderation* (in the habits of life, &c.); *evenness, gentleness of disposition.* ∾ morum; doctă frŭendi. *St.* mentis bĕnignæ. *Cl.*

Tempĕro, as. 1. *To temper one thing by another in mixing them together.* Lit. and fig. Lectas Pĕgăsæis collĭbŭs herbas Tempĕrăt, et vărĭa vulnĕrĕ miscĕt ŏpĕ. *O.* ∾-ăt mĕrum lympha. *Tib.* ămară risu. *H.* [† Miscĕo, &c.] 2. *To bring* or *bring back to a mean temperature of heat* or *cold.* ∾-ăt scătĕbris arentŭ arvă; sĕrĕ frigĭdŭs vespĕr. *V.* arvă Gălesŭs. *Cl.* ăquam ignĭbŭs. *H. See* Refrigero *or* Calefacio. 3. *To guide, direct, regulate, govern.* ∾ rătem. *O.* orĭă frenis; mundum vărĭis horis; sĕnem delirum. *H.* [† Mŏdĕrŏr, rĕgo, gŭberno, &c.] 4. *To restrain, keep within due bounds.* ∾ sumptus. *O.* [† Mŏdĕrŏr, cŏercĕo, freno.] 5. *To allay, appease.* ∾ iras. *V.* [† Mollĭo, mitĭgo, lenĭo, &c.] *See* Placo. 6. Intr. with *a* or *ab*, or an abl., and with *sibi* and an abl. *To abstain.* ∾ lăcrĭmis. *V.* ∾-ăt a venatĭbŭs arcŭs. *Cl.* sĭbĭ a curvis cărinis undă. *V.* [† Abstĭnĕo.] 7. With inf. ∾ dormirĕ. *Pl.*

Tempestas, ătis. *f.* 1. *A particular point* or *season of time.* Anxĭŭs illa Tempestatĕ fŭi. *O.* Postĕrĕ ∾ mĕlĭŏr. *H.* [† Tempŭs, ætas, &c.] *See* Tempus. 2. *The weather, state of the weather.* ∾ clarĕ rĕpentĕ. *V.* lĭquĭdissĭmă cœli. *Lr. See* Serenum. 3. *A storm, tempest.* Lit. and fig. Pĕlăgi tŏt ∾-ĭbŭs acti. *V.* ∾-es urbis. *H.* [† Prŏcellă, hĭems, &c.; *fig.* turbæ.] *See* Procella. 4. Tempestates. *Goddesses of the weather.* ∾-ĭbŭs agnam cædĕrĕ jŭbĕt. *V.* 5. *Disaster, destruction* (and used of persons). *V. O.* ∾ măcelli (scurrĕ). *H.* [So *Cic.* of Verres. Communis ∾ Siculorum.] *See* Pernicies. 6. Fig. *A pouring down, an overpowering quantity,* &c. ∾ telorum. *V.* quĕrelarum. *Cic.*

Tempestive. *In* or *at a seasonable time.* Felices ambo tempestivequĕ sĕpulti! *O. See* Opportune.

Tempestivŭs, ă, um. 1. *Fit* (as to time), *seasonable.* Vĕnĭet narratĭbŭs horă Tempestivă mĕis. *O.* [† Commŏdŭs, opportunŭs.] 2. *Suited to a particular age* or *time.* ∾ pŭĕris ludŭs. *H.* 3. *That which is now at the right* or *due* or *ripe, mature.* ∾ pinŭs. *V.* heros cœlo. *O.* [† Maturŭs.]

Templum, i. *n.* 1. *Any space,* or *portion of space open to view;* sp. *the open sky.* Contrĕmĭt templum magnum Jŏvĭs altĭtŏnantĭs. *Enn.* (ap. *Varr.*) ∾-ă cærŭlă cœli. *Enn.* lucĭdă cœli mundi. *Lr.* [Thus, ~Achĕrusĭă templă *Enn.* T. Neptuni. *Pl.*] 2. Us. *A temple. V. O.* Ædes (*sing.*), delubrum, fanum; *sts.* sacrum, săcellum, ădytum.] Ep. Augustum, pluxĭ lĭgĭosum, sacrum, sanctum, vĕnĕrabĭlĕ, dicatum, sacratum; antiquum, vĕtŭs, vĕtustum; altum, sublimĕ, excelsum, celsum, ingens, amplum, conspĭcĭendum, pulchrum, magnĭfĭcum, nobĭle, marmŏrĕum, nĭvĕum, candĭdum; auratum, aurĕum; vicinum natris; sŏlĭdo de marmŏrĕ. Crel. Templă dĕorum. Sacrĕ -dŏmŭs, sĕdes. Templi -limĕn, tectă, pĕnĕtralĕ, pĕnĕtrallĭ, sacrarĭă. Sacrĕ tectă *or* limĭnă. Reliqui dĕorum *or* dĕum limĭnă. 3. *Used of a consecrated to the dead.* ∾ conjŭgis antiqui. 4. ∾ linguæ. *The inner part of the gullet. Lr.*

Tempŏri, Tempŏrĭŭs. *See* Temperi.

I. **Tempŭs**, ŏris. *n.* 1. *Time.* Sed fŭgit interĭm, fŭgit irrĕpărabĭlĭ tempŭs. *V.* [† Ævum, ætas, dĭes (*sing.*), anni.] Ep. Longum, dĭŭturnum, brĕvĕ, fŭgax, fŭgĭens, cĭtum, labens, praeceps, mobĭlĭ, vŏlŭbĭlĭ, invĭdĭosum, ĕdax rerum. *O.* Ævum, Vetustas. 2. *Time* (a certain portion of time). Nĕc longum In mĕdĭo ∾. *V.* Longo post ∾-ŏrĕ visum. *V.* ∾-ŏrĕ noctis. *O.* [† Spatĭum, mŏrĕ.] 3. *A season* (of the year). *V. O.* Tempestas. 4. *A particular point of time.* Tempŏrĕ jam ex illo &c. *V.* 5. *Circumstance, condition,* &c., *at a particular time.* Tempŏrĕ fŭĕrint nubĭlĭ &c. *O.* Quo sĭt compŏsĭtum ∾-ĭ (carmĕn). *O.* [† Tempestas, dĭes (*pl.*), condĭtio, res (*pl.*), stătŭs.] 6. *A favorable moment, the right time.* Nunc ∾ poscĕrĕ currus. *V.* ∾-ŏrĕ mĕdĭcĭnă vălĕt. *O.* 7. *Time, measure* (in metrical composition). Deducĕrĕ carmĕn ad pĕdes ∾-ŏrĕ. *H.* 8. Pro tempŏrĕ. *According to circumstances. V.*—Ex tempŏrĕ. *According to the demand of the moment. Pers.*—Tempŏrĕ. *O.* -ĭ tempŏrĕ. *Aus.* -Pĕr tempŭs. *Pl. A propos, in the right time, in the nick of time. See* Opportune.

II. **Tempŭs**, ŏris. *n., but us.* Tempŏrĕ, um. 1. *The temples of the head.* ~Ĭlt hastă Tăgo per tempŭs ŭtrumquĕ. *V.* ∾-ĭbŭs gĕmĭnis canĭtĭ sĕnectus. *V.* 2. *The head.* Pulsŭs trĭă ∾-ă (Cacŭs). *Pp. See* Caput. 3. Sts. *The face.* Tingĕrĕ sŭă ∾-ă fuco. *Pp.*

Tĕnacĭtĕr. *adv. Fast, firmly, tightly.* Lit. and fig. Tenĕ fĕrunt gĕmĭnos pressissĕ tĕnacĭtĕr ungues? *O.* Mĭsĕros fortună ∾ urgĕt. *O.*

Tĕnax, acis. 1. *Taking fast and continuing hold, tenacious.* Tum dentĕ tĕnaci Ancŏrĕ fundabant naves. *V.* Flos ăd primă ∾. *V.* [† Hærens, adhærens.] 2. *Viscous, sticky.* Mellă ∾-ĭă. *V.* ∾ cretă. *V.* [† Lentŭs.] 3. *Binding* or *keeping fast hold.* Loti herbarquĕ ∾-es (Circæ). *Pp.* 4. *Attached to, adhering to.* ∾ pravi. *V.* propĭnĭ. *H.* veri. *Pers.* [† Servans.] 5. *Obstinate, unyielding.* Fată ∾-ĭă. *O.* Irĕ ∾. *O. See* Obstinatus. 6. *Tenacious of, not willing to part with; avaricious.* Quæsiti ∾. *O.* Sævŭs, parcŭs, trŭcŭlentŭs, ∾. *Ter. See* Avarus.

Tendo, is, tĕtendi, tensum *and* tentum. 1. *To stretch, extend.* Lit. and fig. Et palmas cum vocĕ tĕtendĭt. *V.* ∾-unt velă nŏti. *V.* ∾ cornu. *V.* săgittas arcu; barbĭtŏn. *H.* Africă se ∾-It. *Sil.* [† Contendo, intendo, extendo; *sts.* protendo, dĭlato, explĭco.] Hence—2. *To direct* (of motion). ∾ ŏcŭlos, telumquĕ; lumĭnă

ăd cœlum; ĭtĕr ăd naves. *V.* cursum ĭn Căpĭtolĭă. *St.* **3.** *To distend by filling.* ~ ubĕrā. *V.* [† Distendo.] *See* IMPLEO. **4.** *To hold out, offer, present.* ~ natum pātri; munĕrā. *V.* [† Porrĭgo, protendo, offĕro.] **5.** With or without acc. *To pitch tents, to be encamped.* ~ conopĭă Tarpeio saxo. *Pp.* Hic ~-ebāt ˘Achilles. *V. See* CASTRA. **6.** = extendo. ~ noctem. *H.* [† Produco, profĕro.] **7.** Intr. *To strive against, contend against.* ~ certamĭnĕ. *V.* Nĕc nos tendĕrĕ tantum sufficĭmŭs. *V.* [† Contendo, nitŏr, luctŏr, &c.] **8.** *To strive, exert oneself* (with inf.). ~-it divellĕrĕ nodos mănĭbŭs. *V. See* CONOR. **9.** *To go to, tend towards* (any point). ~ ĭn hostem; cursu ăd littŏrā. Qua ~ pergant. *V. See* EO. Hence fig.—**10.** *To tend in inclinations to, to have a liking for.* ~ ăd elŏquĭum. *O.* [† Spectto.] **11.** *To incline* or *lie in a particular direction.* Qua ~-it ˘Ionĭă. *Pp. See* VERGO.

TĔNĔBRÆ, *and* **TĔNEBRÆ,** arum. *f. pl.* **1.** *Darkness, gloom, night.* Proeplĭcĭunt Teucri, ac tĕnĕbras insurgĕrĕ campis. *V.* [† Caligo, nox, umbrā *or* umbræ; *sts.* nubes, nĕbŭlā, squalŏr.] **Ep.** Nocturnæ, densæ, ŏpacæ, prŏfundæ, nĭgræ, nĭgrantes, spissæ, atræ, cæcæ, obscuræ, caligantes, plĭcĕæ, horrendæ, tăcĭtæ, sĭlentes. **Crel.** Caligĭnĭs *or* noctĭs horrŏr. Sĭnĕ solĕ dĭes. **Phr.** 1. *The darkness of a storm.* Nimbi dĭem involvunt. Nox ponto incŭbăt. Undā tĕnĕbris ĭnborrĕt. Cœlum ĭn tĕnĕbras condĭtŭr. Lātĕt nubē, *or* condĭtā nubē, dies. Lucem nubes caligĭnĕ ăddĭmunt. Nubes –succedunt soli, involvunt orbem tĕnĕbris. Abscondunt cœlum tĕnĕbræ. Lātĕt densis nubĭbŭs æther. **Phr.** 2. *The darkness of a dark night.* Nox –cœlum abstūlĭt;—dŏmos caligĭnĕ involvĭt. Fŭgĭt aurĕā lunā. Cynthĭă nubĭbŭs tĕnetŭr. Nubes sidĕrā tĕgunt. Lux candĭdā nubĭbŭs cessĭt. Cœlum omnĕ lātĕt. Densentŭr obtenta noctĕ tĕnĕbræ. Nĭgrescunt omnĭă circum. Deformĭs cœli facies rerum miscĕt discrimĭnā. **Phr.** 3. *The gloom of a dark wood.* Lucŭs nĭgra formidĭnĕ caligăt. *See* NOX, UMBRACULUM, PULVIS, FUMUS, OBSCURUS. **Phr.** 4. *To dissipate darkness.* Tĕnĕbras *or* umbras –discŭtĭo, pello, dispello, rĕsolvo, laxo, vinco, evinco. **2.** *Blindness.* ~-æ sāgaces Tirĕsiæ. *O.* [† NOX.] *See* CÆCITAS. **3.** *A dark and dismal prison; any dark place,* or *place of retreat; the dark regions of hell.* Clausi ~-is ĕt carcĕrĕ. *O.* Trāhĕrĕ vitam ĭn ~-is. *O.* Reddi ~-is. *V.* Quĭd Stygā, quĭd ~-as tĭmetis? *O.* **4.** Fig. *Used of obscurity in life; sorrows, cares, misfortunes,* &c.

TĔNĔBRĬCOSŬS, ă, um. *Full of darkness.* Qui nunc it pĕr ĭter tĕnebrĭcosum. *Cat.*

TĔNĔBROSŬS, ă, um. *Dark, obscure.* Aĕrā dimovit tĕnĕbrosum, et dispŭlĭt umbras. *V.* [† Obscurŭs, nĭgĕr, ŏpacŭs, &c.] *See* OBSCURUS.

TĔNELLŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Tenellus. Et pāellā tĕnellŭlo delĭcatĭŏr hœdo. *Cat.*

TĔNELLŬS, ă, um. *dim. of* Tener. *Little and tender* (us. of a little child). Cui nomen vox primā mĕum, ludusquĕ tĕnello. *St.*

TĔNĔO, es, ŭi. **1.** *To hold, to have hold of, to have.* Illĕ tĕnens dextra băcŭlum clavemquĕ sĭnistra. *O.* ~ cĭbum orĕ. *Pā.* [† Sustĭnĕo, gĕro, fĕro, gesto, porto, hăbĕo.] **2.** *To have in hold, to hold tight, to keep back.* ~ correptum vinclis. *V.* ~-ent naves vinclā. *V.* [† Contĭnĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, &c.] *See* COHIBEO. **3.** *To keep in, inclose within.* ~ armentā stăbŭlis; (vĭros) obsĭdĭonĕ. *V.* intra claustrā. *H.* [† Claudo, includo, &c.] **4.** *To get to a point, reach a place.* ~ metam. *V.* [† Attingo, assĕquŏr.] **5.** *To contain, have within.* ~-ĕt prolem immersam viscĕrĭbŭs; dŏmĭnam lectĭcā. *O.* [† Coatĭnĕo, amplectŏr, complectŏr.] **6.** *To keep covered.* ~ omnĭă obducto limo. *V. See* TEGO. **7.** *To have for abode, occupy.* ~ imā gurgĭtis; Căpĭtolĭă. *V.* [† Possĭdĕo, occŭpo, obtĭnĕo, hăbĕo, cŏlo, incŏlo.] *See* HABITO. Fig. **8.** *To have hold of, to have as belonging to one.* ~-ĕt qm gĕnĕrĭs sŭi fiducĭā. *V.* ~ dŏmĭni nomĕn. *O.* [† Hăbĕo, obtĭnĕo.] **9.** *To hold rule over.* Tĕnentĕ Cæsărĕ terras. *H.* ~ Cālŷdonā sceptris. *V. Fl.* [† Obtĭnĕo, rĕgo, mŏdĕrŏr, &c.] **10.** *To keep, retain, preserve.* ~ famam sĭnĕ labē; sĭlentĭă. *O.* [† Rĕtĭnĕo, servo.] **11.** *To keep fixed, without motion.* ~ ŏcŭlos sŭb astrā; trĭā orĭā (de Cerbĕro). *V.* **12.** *To keep back, keep in.* ~ risum. *H.* gentes ĭn pacĕ. *O.* [† Comprĭmo, rĕtĭnĕo, compesco, &c.] **13.** *To keep back, retard.* ~ qm pĕr longa exorsā. *V.* rŭentem vocĕ. *L.* [† Mŏrŏr, detĭnĕo.] **14.** *To hinder. L. See* IMPEDIO. **15.** *To detain, engage by pleasing.* ~ ănĭmos nŏvĭtatĕ. *O.* Hunc ~-ĕt Dido. *V.* [† Detĭnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, vinclo, devinclo.] **16.** *To bind, tie.* ~-eri pātrĭæ legĭbŭs. *V.* [† Obstringo, vinclo, &c.] **17.** *To comprehend, catch a meaning.* ~-es jam? *Pl.* [† Intellĭgo, vĭdĕo.] **18.** *To keep in mind, retain in the memory.* ~ mandatum mentĕ. *Lr.* [† Sclŏ, nŏvi; *sts.* mĕmĭni.] **19.** ~ ĭtĕr, cursum, &c. *To direct* or *continue one's course, keep on, go.* ~ ĭtĕr; fŭgam pĕr hostes; cursum. *V.* [† Tendo, dirĭgo, &c.] *See* EO.

TĔNER, ĕrā, ĕrum. **1.** *Tender* (soft to the touch). Canā lēgam tĕnĕra lanugĭnĕ mallā. *V.* Pratā tĕnerrĭmā. *O.* [† Mollĭs; *sts.* tĕnellŭs, tĕnellŭlŭs.] **2.** *Tender, delicate.* ~-æ palmæ (*Cassandra's*). *V.* [† Mollis, delĭcatŭs, infirmŭs.] **3.** *Of tender age, young.* ~-æ myrti. *V.* ~-i ŏvĭum fetus. *V.* Os pŭĕri ~-um. *H.* [† Mollĭs, tĕnellŭs; *sts.* rŭdĭs, flexĭlis, flexĭbĭlis, flăcĭlis, tractabĭlis.] **4.** Sts. m. *A young child.* ~ ipse ĕtiam atquĕ pŭellŭs. *Lucil.* (*apud Prisc.*) and *Cl. See* PUER. **5.** *Effeminate. J.* [† Mollis, fractŭs.] Fig. **6.** *Innocent, sweet, gentle.* ~ pŭdŏr. *O.* ~-æ quĕrelæ. *Cl.* [† Mollis.] **7.** *Tender* (of love-strains, &c.); *used also of love-poets.* ~-i Prŏperti carmĕn. *O.* ~-os versus mittĕrĕ. *O.* **8.** A tĕnĕro *or* tĕnĕris; ĭn tĕnĕris (sc. annis). *From* or *in infancy, childhood,* &c. A tĕnĕro fandi rŭdis. *St.* ˘In tĕnĕris consuescĕrĕ. *V.* [† De tĕnĕro ungui. *H.*] *See* PUER.

TĔNĔRASCO, ĭs. *To grow tender.* Scillcĕt in tĕnĕro tĕnĕrascĕrĕ corpŏrĕ mentem. *Lr.*

TĔNŎR, ŏris. *m.* **1.** *Uninterrupted, continued course* or *line of movement.* Hastā fŭgit, servatquĕ crŭentā tĕnorem. *V.* Cetĕrā paulatim (sidĕrā pātent) plĭcĭdo eductā tĕnorĕ. *O.* ~ recti stipĭtis. *Cl.* [† Cursŭs.] **2.** Fig. *Tenour, course, order.* ~ vitæ mĕæ; fati. *O.* Justi ~-em flectĕrĕ. *Cl.* [† Sĕrĭes; *sts.* progressŭs, ordo.]

TENSŬS, ă, um. *part. See* TENDO. *Stretched out.* ~-is lăcertis qd tĕnerĕ. *L.* ~-o turbĭnĕ ballistæ. *L.* arcu. *St. See* TENTUS.

TENTAMĔN, ĭnĭs, *and* **TENTAMENTUM,** i. *n.* *A trial, essay, experiment.* Primā fĭde vocisquĕ rātæ tentamĭnā sumpsĭt &c. *O.* Tentamentā –mĕdentum. *O.* –mĕdĭtatā rĕlinquĕrĕ *O.* [† *Sts.* Pĕricŭlum *or* pĕricŭlum.]

TENTATŎR, ŏris. *m.* *One who makes an attempt upon.* Tentatŏr Orion Dianæ. *H.*

TENTO, as. *freq. of* Teneo. **1.** *To touch, handle, feel about, try by touching.* Invisos si quis tentarĭt ămictus. *V.* ~ pectŏrā mănĭbŭs; ficum rostro; venam pollicĕ. *O.* [† Tango, attrecto, contrecto, attingo, palpŏr.] **2.** *To try to find, to make out, to seek.* ~ si quā res essĕt cĭbi. *Pā.* causas lĭtentes; auxĭlĭum; ăditus. *V.* [† Quæro, &c.] *See* Q. **3.** *To try, make an attempt, essay, put to the test.* ~ vĭam; excursus bŏves; flăvĭos

mĭnaces; fŭgam cursu æquorum. *V.* [¶ Expĕrĭŏr, exploro; *sts.* ĭdĕo, aggrĕdĭŏr.] 4. *To try, endeavour* (with inf.). ~ æquŏrē tingi; fĕrirē pectŏrĕ. *O.* [¶ Aggrĕdĭŏr, tendo, &c.] *See* CONOR. 5. *To try to move* or *gain over, to solicit, to tempt.* ~ ănĭmum prĕcando. *V.* dŏos cædē bĭdentĭum. *H.* ~-ăt ipsos pārentes (impŏbĭtas). *J.* [¶ ~Adĕo, aggrĕdĭŏr, sollĭcĭto.] 6. *To provoke, irritate.* ~ mĭlĭtis iras. *L.* [¶ Provŏco, lăcesso, irrito, &c.] 7. *To attack* (of a disease, &c.). Renes ~-antŭr morbo. *H.* ~-ăt ŏves scăbies. *V.* 8. *To attack, assail in war,* &c. ~ urbem bellis; cordă aspĕrā. *V.*

TENTORIUM, ĭi. *n.* *A tent.* Rhesi nĭvĕis tentorĭă velia. *V.* ~-ă ponĕrē. *O.* [¶ Tăbernacŭlum, tăbernaculum.]

TENTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* TENDO. *Stretched.* ~-ă tympănă. *Lr.* ubĕrā. *H.* *See* TENSUS.

TĒNUIS, *sts. as* TENUIS, ĕ. 1. *Thin, fine, subtle.* Vix hăbĕo, tēnŭem, quæ tĕgăt ossă, cŭtem. *O.* Lanæ pĕr cœlum tenuĭă ferri Vellĕrā. *V.* Tēnŭissĭmă filo (tŏgă). *O.* ~ aurā. *V.* ănĭmi naturā. *Lr.* [¶ Exĭlis, grăcĭlis, subtilis, mĭnutus; *sts.* lĕvis.] Fig. 2. *Subtle, nice, fine* (of sense, taste, &c.). ~ curā. *O.* ~-es aures. *Lr.* ~Athenæ (*of fine taste*). *M.* [¶ Subtilis, acĕr.] 3. = măcĕr. *Cat.* *See* M. 4. *Small in dimensions.* ~-i frontĭ Lȳcoris. *H.* Signatŭs ~-i nĭgro (*a slight spot of black*). *O.* [¶ Parvus, exĭgŭus, angustus.] 5. *Little* (in quantity or degree), *slight.* Stringĭtŭr ~-i aura (mărē). *O.* ~-i cĭbo contentus. *Pk.* *See* PARVUS. Fig. 6. *Little in importance.* ~In tēnŭi lăbŏr, ăt glorĭă non ~. *V.* 7. *Reduced, broken down, destitute.* ~-es Teucrum res. *V.* ~ ŏpum. *Sil.* *See* PAUPER, MISER. 8. *Humble, low, trivial.* Res ~-es ~-i sermonē pĕrĭgĕrē. *H.* ~ fortunā. *O.* *See* HUMILIS. 9. *Used of a writer of light poetry.* ~ Cătullus. *M.* [☞ *St.* uses tēnŭĭă and tēnŭĭorē, as if tēnŭ-ă and tēnŭ-ōrē. Obnubĭt tēnŭĭa orē cŏmis. *Th.* 6, 196. Spernē cŏll tēnŭĭorē lȳra. *Silv.* 1, 4, 36. "Ex infracta, ut credo, ætatis suæ pronuntiatione." *Q.*]

TĒNŬĬTAS, ătis. *f.* *Slimness, thinness.* Et nĭmĭam crurum tēnŭĭtatem vĭtŭpĕrāt. *Pk.* [¶ Exĭlĭtas, subtilĭtas.]

TĒNŬO, as. 1. *To rarefy, subtilize.* Nocturna, si quid crassi est, tēnŭabĭtŭr aura. *H.* Spirĭtŭs ~-andŭs. *O.* [¶ Attēnŭo, extēnŭo.] 2. *To lessen, reduce in size.* ~-antŭr pĕr multos rivos flumĭnā. *O.* Lunā ~-ată. *O.* [¶ Attēnŭo, mĭnŭo, immĭnŭo.] 3. *To make thin.* Măcĭo vultum ~. *Pp.* 4. *To wear away.* Vomĕr ~-atŭr ăb usu. *O.* *See* TERO. Fig. 5. *To lessen, weaken.* ~ iram; famam culpæ. *O.* 6. *To lower, debase.* ~ magnā mŏdis parvis. *H.* [¶ Deprĭmo, elĕvo.] 7. ~ carmĕn. *To write a light poem.* *Pp.* *St.* *See* TENUIS.

TĒNUS. *prep. with abl. us. sing. or genit. pl., and standing after its case.* *As far as, up to.* Lătĕri căpŭlo tēnŭs abdĭdĭt ensem. *V.* Mĕdĭa alvo ~ emĭnēt. *O.* Crurum ~ a mento pălĭarĭă pendent. *V.* Lăbrorum ~. *Lr.* Pectŏrĭbŭs ~ erectŭs In auras. *O.* Pennis ~ actă săgittă. *O.* [☞ Note the abl. pl.] *See* USQUE.

TĔPĔFĂCIO, *and sts.* TĔPEFĂCIO, ĭs. 1. *To make warm, to warm.* Sanguĭnē Tlepŏlĕmus Lȳcĭam tĕpĕfecĕrāt hastam. *O.* Altă tĕpefăcĭet permixta flumĭnā cædē. *Cat.* [¶ Călĕfăcio *or* calfăcio.] Crol. Tĕporem -do, addo, mĭnistro. 2. In pass. Tĕpĕfio, is. *To grow warm.* ~Ut nostro ~-ăt Cynthĭă versu. *Pp.*

TĔPĔO, es, ŭi, *and* TĔPESCO, ĭs. 1. *To be warm, to become* or *grow warm.* Semperquē rĕcenti Cædē tĕpebăt hŭmŭs. *V.* Plus ~-ent hĭĕmes. *H.* Tĕpentes auræ. *O.* Provolvĕrē truncum tĕpentem. *V.* Ferrum In pulmonē tĕpescit. *V.* Hi tĕpescĕrē nullo. *O.* [¶ Tĕpŭĭo, cĭlĭo, cĭlesco. *See* CALEO. Fig. 2. *To grow enamoured* (usu with love). Quo . . . mox virgĭnes tĕpebant. *I.* 3. *To cool.* Incĭpĭt tĕpĭdăsē cĭlĭx. *M.* [¶ Refervĕo, rĕfrigĕrŏr, frigesco.] 4. Fig. *To be a grow cool in love.* Suppĭ ~-ent ĭllĭ jŭvĕnes: ĭpsĕ sempĕr ămavi. *O.* Cĭdĭt irā, mentemquē tĕpescunt. *L.*

TĔPĬDUS, ă, um. 1. *Warm, slightly warm.* Ĭnĭ cĭvæ tĕpĭdæ sudant humorē lăcteum. *V.* ~-ă: lac. *O.* ~-æ brumæ. *H.* [¶ Tĕpens, tĕpĭdŭs, tĕpescens, cĭlens, cĭlĭdŭs; *sts.* mĭtis.] 2. *Not warm, yet retaining fire.* ~-æ rĕlĭquĭăs ignis. *O.* 3. Fig. *Lukewarm, indifferent.* ~ mens. *O.* ~-i sŭb pectŏrē ignes. *O.*

TĔRĔR, ŏris. *m.* *A gentle murmur.* Jam ver ĕpĭdos refert tĕpores. *Cat.* Ovă rumpĭt mŭrmŭr ~. *Cl.* *See* CALOR.

TĒR. 1. *Three times.* Ipsă tēr addŭcta cĭnis cĭpŭt egĭt hăbena. *V.* 2. Terquē quăterquē, *as* Tēr *alone.* *Several times.* *V.* 3. Used with ad, = *very, exceedingly.* O ĭgŏ ter felix! *O.* O terquē quăterquē bĕătī! *V.*

TERCENTENI, æ, ă. *Of the number of three hundred.* Tercentenă quĭdem pŏtĭŏra ĭpsĭ ferrē. *M.*

TERCENTUM. *Three hundred.* Tercentum mens, tercentum mustă vĭdĕrē. *O.* [¶ Tercenteni, trĭcenti (æ, ă).]

TĔRĔBINTHUS, i. *f.* *The turpentine-tree.* Inclusus buxo aut Orĭcĭo tĕrĕbinthe. *V.*

TĔRĔBRO, as. 1. *To bore, bore through or out.* Primā, tĕrebrato per rarā fŏramĭnā lunæ. *O.* Et tĕrĕbrarē cĭvas ăttĕrĭ &c. *V.* lumĭne tela. *V.* [¶ Fŏro, perfŏro, fŏdĭo, &c.] *See* PERFORO. 2. Fig. *To bore, pester.* ~Ut tĕrĕbrātis! *Pl.*

TĔRĔDO, ĭnĭs. *f.* *A wood-louse.* Rŭtŭr ĭn ossis vĭtĭatĭ tĕredĭnē nevis. *O.* [¶ Tĭnea.]

TĔRĔS, ĭtis. 1. *Round, taper, round and small;* us. *of that which is long and round, cylindrical.* Incumbens tĕrĕti Damon sic cœpĭt ŏlĭvæ. *V.* ~-i pugnant mucronē. *V.* ~-em fusum versat. *O.* ~-es suræ. *H.* ~ brachĭŏlum. *Cat.* Inspĭ (*a brooch*). *Cl.* 2. Fig. *Finished off and perfect* (of persons). *H.* [So *teres* is used of style, as opposed to *asper, scaber.*]

TEREUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei, *acc.* ĕă. *m.* *A king of Thrace, husband of Procne,* &c. *C. D.* His lĭbĭbet conjux ignarum Terĕă mensis. *O.* Crol. Thrax (Ismărĭus) tȳrannŭs. Threĭcĭus rex. *Se* PHILOMELA, PROCNE.

TERGĔMĬNUS, ă, um. *Triple; threefold.* Tergĭmĭnumquē vĭrum, tergĕmĭnumquē cănem. *O.* Tollĕrē ~-is hŏnorĭbŭs. *H.* [¶ Trĭplex, trĭmĭs; *sts.* tĕr amplŭs.]

TERGĔO, es, *and* TERGO, ĭs, si, sum. 1. *To rub clean, to clean, to polish.* Clȳpĕos et lucĭă spicŭlă tergent Arvina pingui. *V.* Vasă sŭpĭă tergĕăt alter. *J.* [¶ Rado, pŏlĭo, abstergĕo *or* abstergo, mundo, purgo.] 2. *To wipe off, wipe dry.* Tergĭt ămomă de nĭtĭdis cŏmis; lăcrimantĭă lumĭnā mănu. *O.* [¶ Abstergĕo, ablĭo, ellĭo, sicco, &c.] Fig. 3. *To grate upon, brush the ear roughly* (of a sound). Aures ~-ĕt sŭăvis illĕ. *Lr.* 4. *To correct, polish.* Tergĕrē librum dilĭgenti aurē. *M.* [¶ Limo, emendo, &c.] 5. *To clear away, dissipate.* Aurora ~-ĕbăt nŭbĭlă obscuri cœli. *Sil.* [So, *Obscuro detergit nubila cœlo Notus. H.*] [¶ Discŭtĭo, depello, dimŏvĕo, &c.] 6. *To wash out, efface, expiate.* Tergĕrē scĕlŭs. *Sen.* [¶ Ablŭo, ellŭo, purgo, expĭo.]

TERGUM, i. *n.* 1. *The back.* Intorto verbĕrē tergă sĕca. *Tib.* Tauri considĕrē ~-o. *O.* [¶ Tergŭs (ŏris), dorsum; *sts.* hŭmĕri, scăpŭlæ.] *See* DORSUM. 2. Ext. *The whole body.* ~-ă rĕsolvĕ

fusŭs hŭmi (Cerbĕrŭs). *V.* Squamĕā convolvens ∾-ă. *V.* 3. *A hide, a skin.* Taurino quantum possent circumdārĕ ∾-o. *V.* ∾ immanĕ lĕonīs. *V.* *See* CORIUM, PELLIS. 4. *A fold* or *layer* (*i. e.* a covering like a skin). Tŏt ferri ∾-ă, tŏt ærīs. *V.* 5. *Used of what is made of hides* or *leather.* 1. *A shield.* 2. *A drum.* 3. *A bag.* 4. *A cestus.* ∾-o decŭtĭt hastas. *V.* Pulsarĕ ∾-ă mānu. *St.* Venti bŏvīs ∾-o inclusi. *O.* Intendĕrĕ brachĭă duro ∾-o. *V.* *See* TERGUS. 6. *Used of the sea and its waves; of a frozen river; of the ridges of earth formed by the plough,* &c. Emĭnĕt ĭn ∾-o pĕlāgi. *L.* Horrŏr infĭcĭt ∾-ă mārĭs. *L.* Undă sustĭnĕt axes ∾-o. *V.* Glebas cunctantes crassăquĕ ∾-ă. *V.* [† Dorsum.]

TERGŬS, ŏris. *n.* = Tergum. 1. *The back.* Quam molli tergŏrĕ vexĭt ŏvīs. *Pp.* Ingĕrĭt hastas ĭn tergŭs. *V.* 2. Ext. *The whole body. Ph.* 3. Us. *The skin* or *hide of a beast, leather.* ∾-ŏrĕ derĭpĭunt costis. *V.* Squalenti ∾-ŏrĕ serpens. *Sil.* [† Tergum, cŏrĭum, pellĭs, cŭtĭs.] 4. *A shield* (*i. e.* of bulls' hides). Gestasset læva taurorum ∾-ŏrĕ septem. *O.*

TERMĔS, ĭtis. *m.* *A branch*; prop. *an olive-branch.* Germĭnăt et nunquam fallentis terměs ŏlīvæ. *H.* [† Surcŭlŭs, virgultum, &c.]

TERMĬNALIĂ, ĭum *or* ĭorum. *n. pl.* *Annual festivals in honour of the God Terminus.* Vĕl agnă festis cæsă Terminalĭbŭs. *H.*

TERMĬNO, as. 1. *To limit, bound, separate by boundaries.* Terră mărĕ, et contra mārĕ terras terminăt omnes. *Lr.* [† Distermĭno, claudo, finĭo, definĭo, circumscribo, includo, sepăro, secerno.] Crcl. Metas figo *or* pono. Fines constĭtŭo. Limĭtĭbŭs –divĭdo, discerno, sepăro. Limĭtĭbŭs *or* certis spătĭis cŏercĕo. Campum, &c., limĭtĕ signo *or* partĭŏr. 2. Fig. ∾ impĕrĭum ocĕăno, famam astris. *V.*

TERMĬNŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A boundary, a limit.* Quid, quŏd usquĕ proxĭmos Rĕvellĭs agri termĭnos? *H.* Quicunquĕ mundi ∾ obstĭtĭt. *H.* [† Finĭs, limĕs, metă; *sts.* lăpĭs.] Fig. 2. *A term, bound, end.* ∾ angusti ævi. *V.* *See* FINIS. 3. *Terminus, the god of land-marks. O.* [† Săcĕr lăpĭs; lăpĭs arbĭtĕr.] Phr. Qui (dĕŭs) arvă –certis finĭbŭs rĕgĭt;—indĭcĭo sŭo sepărăt.

TERNŬS, ă, um. 1. *Triple, threefold.* Terno consurgunt ordĭnĕ remi. *V.* [† Trĭplex.] 2. Terni, æ, ă. *pl.* *Three* (distrib.). Munĕrĕ ĭn naves ∾-os jŭvencos optarĕ. *V.* Trĕs ĕqŭĭtum turmæ, ∾-i ductores. *V.* [† Tres (ĭă).]

TĔRO, ĭs, trivi, tritum. 1. *To rub out* (get out by rubbing); *to bruise* or *grind, tread* or *thresh out* (of corn). Tostas æstu tĕrĭt arĕă frugea. *V.* ∾-ĭtŭr Sĭcyŏnĭă baccă trăpetis. *V.* [† Contĕro, attĕro, tundo, frango, comminŭo; *sts.* mŏlo, pilo.] 2. *To rub, to polish.* ∾ pumĭcĕ crurā. *O.* [† Frĭco, pŏlĭo, rado.] *See* POLIO. 3. *To wear away by rubbing, to wear to pieces.* Hoc sĭlĭces, hoc ădāmantă ∾-ĭt. *O.* ∾-ĭtŭr ĭlĭbĕr. *M.* [† Contĕro, detĕro, consumo.] 4. *To tread over, to go upon* (of a road); *to wear by treading,* i. e. *to go over often.* Longă tĕrendă vĭă est. *O.* ∾ Applam mannis. *H.* ∾-ens angustum ĭtĕr (formică). *V.* *See* CALCO. 5. *To tread on, press close on.* Calcem ∾-ĭt calcĕ Dĭores. *V.* [† Prĕmo, perstringo.] Fig. 6. *To trample under foot.* Dĕorum majestas ∾-ĭtŭr. *Cl.* 7. *To spend, wear away time.* Omnĕ ævum ferro ∾-ĭtŭr. *V.* [† Consumo, insumo, impendo, contĕro.]

TERPSĬCHŎRE, es. *f.* *The muse of dance; any muse*; hence, *poetry* or *any literary studies.* Tunc sequĕ sŭamquĕ Terpsĭchŏren odĭt. *J.*

TERRĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *The earth* (the world). Terrarum dŏmĭnos evĕhĭt ad dĕos. *H.* [† Orbĭs, mundŭs.] Crcl. Orbĭs terrarum. 2. *The earth* (as land distinguished from water, &c.). Antĕ mārĕ, ĕt terras, ĕt cœlum. *O.* [† Tellus.] Ep. ˘Ineri, brută, dură, vastă, magnă, maxĭmă, altă. Crcl. Terreni tractus. 3. *The earth* (as land productive for the support of man). Dimŏverĕ ∾-am ăratro. *V.* Gramĭnĕ ∾ vĭrĕt. *O.* [† Tellus, hŭmŭs, campŭs, ăgĕr, arvum, sŏlum.] Ep. Almă, altrix, fetă, fecundă, pinguĭs, fertĭlĭs, fĕrax; udă, humĭdă, irrĭgŭă; cultă, lætă, pictă; aridă, siccă, stĕrĭlĭs, sĭtĭens, ărĕnosă. Crcl. Terræ sĭnŭs *or* grĕmĭum. *See* AGER, PRATUM. 4. *The Earth* (as deified). Vestă ĕădem est quæ Terrā &c. *O.* [† Vestă, Cĕres, Cybĕle, Matĕr.] *See* TELLUS. 5. *The earth* (the ground under one's feet). ∾-am straverĕ jŭvenci. *V.* ∾-æ procumbĕrĕ. *O.* [† Sŏlum, hŭmŭs, ărenă.] Crcl. Terræ sŏlum. *See* SOLUM. 6. *The earth* (as the place of burial). ∾-a ossă condĕrĕ. *V.* ∾-æ corpŏrā mandarĕ. ∾-am injĭcĕrĕ ci. *V.* [† Hŭmŭs; *sts.* pulvĭs.] *See* SEPELIO. 7. *The people, nations of the earth.* Pacĕ dăta ∾-is. *O.* Solvĕrĕ ∾-as formidĭnĕ. *V.* [† Gentes, pŏpŭli, hŏmĭnes.] 8. *Any particular land* or *country.* ∾ ˘Ulyssis; mĕă. *V.* [† Rĕgio.] *See* R. 9. *Earth, mould, soil; dust.* Multa occŭlĕ ∾-a (plantas). *V.* ∾-am spŭĭt orĕ vĭatŏr. *V.* *See* PULVIS. 10. Terræ motŭs. *An earthquake. O.* [† Terræ trĕmŏr.] Phr. Trĕmŏr terras grăvĭtĕr pertentăt. Sŏlum sŭb pĕdĭbŭs mugĭt. Trĕmĭt longo cum murmŭrĕ tellus. Jŭgă cœptă mŏveri. J. c. insŏlĭtis trĕmĕrĕ motĭbŭs. Trĕmĕrĕ omnĭă rĕpentĕ. Tectă rĕpentĕ quăti. Terrā –se pĕdĭbŭs raptim subducĭt;—magno trĕmorĕ omnĭă concŭtĭt. Contrĕmŭerunt tellus atquĕ æquŏrā.

TERRENŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of the earth, made of earth.* Terreno Lycŭs est epotŭs hĭatu. *O.* ∾-o ex aggĕrĕ bustum. *V.* 2. *Of* or *belonging to the earth, terrestrial.* ∾ hŏmŏ. *L.* ∾-ă numĭnă poscĭt. *O.* [† Terrestrĭs.]

TERRĔO, es, ŭi, ĭtum. *To frighten.* Jam tum relĭgĭo păvĭdos terrebăt ăgrestes. *O.* [† Terrĭto, terrĭfĭco, conterrĕo, exterrĕo, perterrĕo, trĕmĕfăcĭo, păvĕfăcĭo, horrĭfĭco, turbo, perturbo, conturbo.] Crcl. Terrorem (tĭmorem, păvorem, mĕtum, horrorem) –affĕro, infĕro, mŏvĕo, incŭtĭo, injĭcĭo, immitto, ingĕmĭno, ăcŭo. Formidĭnĕ (păvorĕ, terrorĕ) –mŏvĕo, complĕo, implĕo, turbo, percello. ˘Anĭmos *or* mentes –terrĭfĭco, turbo, concŭtĭo, terrorĕ concŭtĭo. Cordă *or* pectŏrā mĕtu implĕo, &c. Sum terrori, *or* terrŏr, *or* horrŏr. Audaci tĭmŏr sum *or* essĕ possum. Horrorem ĭn membris clĕo. Artus horrorĕ concĭto. Omnĭa mĕtu turbo. Phr. *Terror from different causes.* Cæci ignes ănĭmos terrĭfĭcant. Turbĭdă ĭmago terrĕt. Umbrā mĕtum incŭtĭt. Omnes auræ terrent. Sŏnŭs excĭtăt omnĭs.

TERRĔŎR, ĭtŭs sum. *pass.* *To be alarmed, frightened, afraid.* Terretur mĭnĭmo pennæ stridorĕ cŏlumbă. *O.* [† Exterrĕŏr, conterrĕŏr, turbŏr, conturbŏr, păvĕo, tĭmĕo, mĕtŭo, trĕmo, trĕpĭdo, horrĕo, horresco, exhorresco, pĕrhorresco, pertĭmesco, extĭmesco, păvesco, expăvesco, formido.] Crcl. Terrorĕ (formidĭnĕ, păvorĕ, mĕtu) –implĕŏr, turbŏr, concŭtĭŏr, percellŏr, afflĭcĭŏr. Horrorĕ quătĭŏr. Terrorĕ (mĕtu) păvĕo *or* pallĕo. Păvorĕ stŭpĕo *or* frigĕo. Terrŏr (horrŏr) me –occŭpăt, hăbĕt, percĭpĭt, turbăt, ăgĭtăt. Terrŏr, &c., mentem (pectŭs) hăbĕt *or* sŭbĭt. T. membrā quătĭt *or* occŭpăt artus. Cordă –horrent, horrescunt, păvent. Phr. Păvŏr (*ep.* nŏvŭs, sŭbĭtŭs, &c.) –cordă sternĭt;—pĕr pectŏrā (*ep.* trĕmĕfactā) insinŭăt;—It totos pĕr artus;—omnĭă pectŏrā perstringĭt. Trĕpĭdăt ancĭpĭti timorĕ. Trĕpĭdăt pectŭs formidĭnĕ. Perculsŭs

terrorē pāvēt. Quātĭtŭr trĕpĭda formidĭnē. ˘Et cordē ēt gĕnĭbŭs trēmĭt. Extĭmŭĭt. Pallŭĭt. Totŭs tĭmēt. **Phr.** 2. *Of more than ordinary terrour.* Horrŏr, &c. (*ep.* frigĭdŭs, gĕlĭdŭs, sævŭs) –imā pĕr ossā currĭt;—perculsum circumstētĭt. Obstŭpŭērē ănĭmi. Obstŭpŭĭt. Mens perculsā stŭpēt. Cŏmæ –stĕtĕrunt;—arrectæ horrorē stĕtĕrunt;—terrorē gĕlĭdo rĭgent. Căpillos frigĭdŭs horrŏr erĭgĭt. C. sentĭt rĭgŭissē. (Gĕlĭdŭs sanguĭs formidĭnē cōlt (in viscĕrā cōlt). Pectŭs sŭbĭto frigorē gĕlĭdum est. Intrēmŭĭtē gĕnŭā sŭbĭto terrorē. Torpēt rētentā linguā. Vox faucĭbŭs hærēt. Vox mĭsēro cŏlorquē fŭgĭt. *See* TIMEO, TREMO.

TERRESTRIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to the earth,* or *to the land.* Tantosquē pĕr altā lăbores Æquŏrā sustĭnŭi tantos terrestrĭbŭs armis. *O.* [† Terrenŭs, humanŭs, terrĭgĕnā.] **Crol.** De tellurē sātŭs.

TERRIBILIS, ĕ. *Terrible, alarming, formidable.* Monstrāquē terrĭbĭles perēquĭturquē fĕras. *O.* [† Terrĭfĭcŭs, tĭmendŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, trēmendŭs, horrendŭs, formidandŭs, formidabĭlis, horribĭlis, horrĭfĭcŭs, horrĭdŭs; *sts.* grāvis, mĭnax, sævŭs, aspēr, ātrox.]

TERRIFICO, as. *To frighten.* Terrĭfĭcant ănĭmos ēt inanīā murmŭrā miscent. *V.* *See* TERREO.

TERRIFICUS, ă, um. *Terrific, dreadful.* Scrāquē terrĭfĭci cēcĭnerunt omĭnā vates. *V.* *See* TERRIBILIS.

TERRIGĔNĂ, æ. *m. f. Earth-born;* hence, *used of the giants; of the men that sprung from the teeth sown by Cadmus; by Jason; of the first men. Lr.* Donec terrĭgĕnæ, fĭcĭnus mirabĭlē, fratres. *O.*

TERRILŎQUUS, ă, um. *Speaking frightful things.* Terrĭlŏquis victus dictis, descisсērē quærea. *Lr.*

TERRISŎNUS, ă, um. *Sounding terribly.* Terrisŏnus stridor vĕnĭentĭs ˘Alani. *Cl.*

TERRITO, as. *freq. of* Terreo. *To frighten.* Et magnas terrĭtāt urbes. *V.*

TERRITUS, ă, um. *part. See* TERREO. *Frightened, terrified.* Sŭbĭtoque adspectu terrĭtŭs hæsĭt. *O.* [† Exterrĭtŭs, conterrĭtŭs, perterrĭtŭs, pāvĭdŭs, pāvens, pāvĕfactŭs, pāvĭtans, tĭmens, trēmens, trēmĕbundŭs, trĕpĭdans, trĕpĭdŭs, attŏnĭtus, horrens, horrescens, mĕtŭens, formidans, turbatŭs, perturbatŭs; *sts.* exănĭmis *or* exănĭmŭs, exănĭmatŭs, exsanguĭs, exsternatŭs, stŭpĕfactŭs.] **Crol.** Terrorē –pāvens, perculsŭs, captŭs, attŏnĭtŭs, exănĭmatŭs, pallens, amens. Formidĭnē trĕpĭdŭs *or* torpens. Tĭmorē (pāvorē, terrorē, mĕtŭ) –mutŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs, confusŭs. Mentē pāvĭdŭs. Exănĭmis *or* exsanguĭs mĕtŭ. Turbatŭs ănĭmi *or* ănĭmo. Turbato ănĭmo. Mentem mĕtŭ perculsŭs. Pressŭs anclpĭti formidĭnē. Implĭcĭtŭs terrorē. Terrĭtŭs pāvĭdo vultu.

TERRŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *Fear, terrour.* Sed vārĭis portenta dēum terrorĭbŭs implent. *V.* Expers ~-is ˘Achilles. *Cat.* [† Tĭmŏr, pāvŏr, formido, &c.] *See* TIMOR. 2. *A terrour* = *that which causes terrour.* Trĕpĭdo ~-ē rĕpletā (terra). *Lr.* [So Carthage and Numantia are called by the historian '*terrores reipublicæ.*' In this sense us. pl.]

TERTIUS, ă, um. *Third.* Nuptā Jŏvis fratri, tertĭā regnā tĕnēt. *O.*

TESCA, *or* **TESQUA,** orum. *n. pl. Rough, wild,* or *desert places.* Deserta ēt inhospĭtā tesquā. *H.* Saltus nēmŏrosāquē tesquā. *L.*

TESSELLĂ, æ. *f., dim. of* Tessera. *A small square piece of stone for Mosaic work,* &c. *J.*

TESSĔRĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A die* (for playing). Ut scĭāt, et vires tessĕrā missā tŭas. *O.* [† Talŭs.] 2. *A tally, a sort of token* or *ticket* (for money, &c.). *J.* 3. *A pass carrying the watch-word* or *word of command.* ˘It bellō ~ signum. *V.* 4= tessellā *and* tessĕrŭlā.

TESSĔRŬLĂ, æ. *f., dim. of* Tessera. *A small die for Mosaic work* (*see* TESSELLA); *a tally, ticket,* &c. Scăbĭosum tessĕrŭla far Obĭi. *Pers.* *See* TESSERA.

TESTĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Any earthenware vessel.* Quæ sĕmĭēl est imbŭtā rĕcĕns, servabĭt ŏdorem Testā dīu. *H.* [† Vas, &c.] Hence—2. *A large jar; a cask.* Fundāt ăvĭtum mĕrum ~. *O.* In illa magnum hăbĭtatorem (*Diogenem*). *J.* [† Amphŏrā, cādŭs.] 3. *A cup. M.* *See* POCULUM. 4. *An urn* (for the ashes of the dead, &c.). *Pp.* [† Urnā.] 5. *A lamp* (earthenware). *V.* [† Lŭcernā.] 6. *A brick* or *tile. L.* *See* LATER, TEGULA. 7. *A bit of earthenware, a potsherd. O.* 8. *The shell* (of shelly animals), *a shell-fish. H.* *See* OSTREA. 9. Pl. *Castanets. J.* 10. *Used of ice.* Lubrĭcā ~ prēmĭmŭs aquæ. *O.*

TESTAMENTUM, i. *n. A will.* Captes astutā lĭquē Testamentā sēnum. *H.* [† Tăbŭlæ, tăbellæ.] **Crol.** Testatæ (sŭpremæ) tăbŭlæ *or* tăbellæ. Sŭpremā vŏluntas.

TESTATUS, ă, um. *part. See* TESTOR. 1. *Having called to witness.* Multā Jŏvem et ad testatus fœdĕrĭs aram. *V.* 2. Pass. *Tested, tried, proved.* Prŏbĭtas ~-ă tempŭs ĭn omnē. *O.* Ut orbē lăbores. *O.* ~-æ tăbŭlæ (*a will*). *Cat.*

TESTIFICOR, ārĭs. 1. *To call to witness.* Ac quas testĭfĭcantŭr ōpes. *O.* 2. *To bear witness, to prove.* Scena ~-ātā lŏquŏr. *O.* *See* TESTOR.

TESTIMONIUM, ĭi. *n. Evidence, testimony.* ˘Ora damnatā falso testĭmonĭo. *Ph.*

TESTIS, is. *m.* 1. *A witness in a suit at law.* Vendunt perjurĭā testes. *O.* Ep. Fĭdēs, vera, verax, intĕgĕr, incorruptŭs; falsŭs, corruptus, mendax.] Fig. 2. *Evidence, proof,* &c. ~ Mĭtaurum flumĕn. *H.* Vulnĕrā ~-ea. *O.* 3. *An eye-witness, one cognizant of what is done or being present.* Lit. and fig. Sīnē testē dŏlēt. *M.* ~-es sĭbĭ jungĕrē Musas. *Cl.* ~-ē lŭcerna *M.* Sidĕrā sunt ~-es. *Pp.* [† Arbĭtĕr, conscĭus, spectatŏr, spectans.]

TESTŎR, ārĭs. 1. *To witness, depose as witness.* Confĭtĕor: testerē lĭcet; signatē, Quĭrites. [† Testĭfĭcŏr.] **Crol.** Sum testis. 2. *To attest, show, prove.* ˘Agāmemnŏnĭas ~-antĭā mutā curas. *Pp.* ~ raros mores. *O.* longum ănĭmum *V.* [† Testĭfĭcŏr, declaro, ostendo, argŭo, ănĭmĭfĭco, monstro, dŏcĕo.] 3. *To call to witness.* ~-atŭr mŏrĭturā dĕos. *V.* [† Attestŏr, appĕllo, juro, vŏco, cĭto.] *See* JURO. 4. *To make a will. J.*

TESTU. *indecl.* (Testum, i. *n. Plin.*) = Testa. 1. *A bit of earthenware.* Arā fĭt: hue ignĭs curto fert rustĭcā testu. *O.* 2. *An earthenware lid* or *cover.* Fumant ~-u pressŭs ŭterquē ŏ. (cālix). *O.*

TESTUDINEUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to a tortoise; of tortoise-shell.* Aut testudĭnĕo carā. Inermē lyræ. *Pp.*

TESTUDO, ĭnis. *f.* 1. *A tortoise.* ˘Aquĭla in sublimē sustŭlit testudĭnem. *Ph.* Ep. Dūrā, pens, ignavā, lentā, pĭgrā, segnis, tardā. 2. *Tortoise-shell.* ~-ĭnē culti thălāmi. *O.* 3. *A lyre* or *lute* (as made of tortoise-shell, or shaped). Solari ămorem cāva ~-ĭnē. *V.* [† Cĭthŭs.] *See* CITHARA. 4. *Used of the hedgehog's back. M.* 5. *The covering of shields held together by the soldiers over their heads, or under which they advanced to the walls.* Arĭĕtĕrant acta pārĭtĕr ~-ĭnē. *V.* Scrutari turres cæca ~-ĭnē. *St.* Sŭbirē muros densa ~-ĭnē. *L.*

6. *An arch* or *vault of a building.* Mĕdĭa ∾-ĭnĕ tempii. *V. See* FORNIX.

TETĔR, tetrā, tetrum. 1. *Foul, black and filthy, disgusting.* Lit. and fig. Hic ĕgŏ, proptĕr ăquam, quŏd ĕrat teterrĭmā, ventri Indico bellum. *H.* ∾ crŭŏr. *V.* ∾-is tinctā nŏtis (viscĕrā). *L.* ∾ lĭbido. *H.* [† Atĕr, nĭgĕr, sordĭdŭs, fœdŭs, turpis, spurcŭs, obscenŭs.] 2. *Noisome, infectious.* ∾ ŏdŏr carnis. *M.* spirĭtŭs manăt orĕ. *H. See* FŒTIDUS. 3. *Bitter. Lr. See* AMARUS. 4. *Ugly, hideous.* Mŭlĭĕr ∾-rĭmā vultu. *J. See* TURPIS. 5. Fig. Discordĭā ∾. *Enn.* [† Horrĭdŭs, impĭŭs; *sts.* dirŭs, sævŭs, &c.] *See* ATER.

TETHYS, ȳŏs. *f., acc.* ȳă. *St.,* yn. *O.* (Tethȳs, *in thesi. O.*) 1. *The wife of Oceanus, mother of the Oceanides,* &c. Tequĕ sĭbi gĕnĕrum Tethys ĕmăt omnĭbŭs undis. *V.* Crcl. Ocĕăni conjux. Gĕnĭtrix Nerĕĭ. Mĕrĭs dĕĭ. Hence—2. *The sea.* Rĕcĭprŏcă Tethys. *Sil.* Tethȳŏs undă vāgæ. *L. See* MARE.

TĔTRARCHĂ, æ. *m. A tetrarch, one who rules over the fourth part of a kingdom.* Omnĭā magnă lŏquens, mŏdŏ reges atquĕ tĕtrarchas. *H.*

TĔTRASTĬCHŎN, *or* **TĔTRASTĬCHUM,** i. *n. A tetrastich, a poetical composition of four verses.* Quod non insulse scribis tetrastĭchă quædam. *M.*

TĔTRĬCŬS, *and* **TETRĬCŬS,** ă, um. 1. *Austere in look; sullen, morose.* At quam non tĕtrĭcus, quam nulla nubĭlŭs ira! *M.* ∾ pŭellă. *O.* [† Sĕvĕrŭs, tristis, rĭgĭdŭs, austerŭs, grăvis, sævŭs, &c.] *See* SEVERUS. 2. *Stern, merciless.* Mŏverĕ ∾-as dĕus (*the Fates*). *M. See* SÆVUS. 3. *Stern-sounding, fearful.* ∾-æ tŭbæ. *M.* [† Tristis, sævŭs, dirŭs, &c.]

TĔTŬLI, *anc.* = Tŭli. *perf. of obs.* Tulo. Si rĕdĭtum tĕtŭlissĕt, ĭs haud in tempŏrĕ longo. *Cat. L. Lr.*

TEUCĔR (TEUCRŬS. *V.*), i. *m.* I. *A son of Scamander of Crete, son-in-law of Dardanus, and king of Troy, from whom the Trojans were called* Teucri. Teucrus Rhœteas primum est advectŭs in oras. *V.* II. *A son of Telamon, and brother of Ajax. H.*

TEUCRI, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *The Trojans;* hence, *the Romans. Sil. See* TROJANI. 2. Teucĕr, crā, crum. *Trojan.* ∾-o manarĕ sanguĭnĕ. *Cat.* ∾-æ cărinæ. *O.*

TEUCRIA, æ. *f. The Trojan country, the Troas. V.* [† Troās.]

TEUCRIS, ĭdĭs. *f. Trojan. f.* Captivas Teucrĭdăs intĕr Quum starĕt. *O.*

TEUCRĬCŬS, ă, um. *Of Troy.* Teucrĭă mœnĭă. *Sil.*

TEUTŎNI, orum. *m. pl.* (Teutŏnĕs, um. *Vell.*) *A people of the north of Germany.* Cantăbĕr exĭgŭis aut longis Teutŏnŭs armis. *L.*

TEUTŎNĬCŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Teutones;* hence, *Germanic, German. Cl.* Teutŏnĭcas Romă rĕfringăt ŏpes. *Pp.* Post ∾-os trĭumphos. *L. See* GERMANUS.

TEXO, is, ŭi, tum. 1. *To plait, to entwine,* &c. Nunc făcĭlis rŭbĕa texatur fiscĭnă virga. *V.* ∾ sepes; umbracŭlă. *V.* flores pĕr cornŭă. *O.* [† Intexo, contexo, necto, innecto, connecto, insĕro.] 2. Sp. *To weave.* ∾ lăcernam. *Pp.* vestes tĕnŭes. *Tib.* tĕnŭem telam (*of the spider*). *Cat.* [† Intexo, contexo; *ext.* nĕo.] Crcl. Telas pectĭnĕ (*ep.* arguto) percurro. *See* NEO. 3. *To frame, build, make by interworking of the timber, planks,* &c. Texĭtŭr costis cărină sŭis. *O.* ∾ naves Itălo robŏrĕ. *O.* [† Strŭo, constrŭo, erĭgo, attollo, &c.] 4. Fig. *To compose* (of speech or writing); *to insert in a work, to relate.* ∾ scriptă. *O.* causam leti. *Pp.*

TEXTĬLIS, ĕ. 1. *Plaited, intertwined.* Textĭlĭbus sertis omnĭ rŭbebăt Itĕr. *M.* ∾ umbrā palmĭtis. *M.* [† Textŭs, intextŭs.] 2. *Woven, embroidered.* ∾-ĭbŭs ŏnĕrăt donis. *V.* Nexĭlis antĕ quam textĭlis (vestis fŭit). *Lr.* 3. Used subst. n. *Any thing woven, cloth, stuffs,* &c. *Pp.* [† Textum.]

TEXTŎR, ŏris. *m. A weaver.* Exĭgŭæquĕ tŏgæ sĭmŭlet textorĕ Cătonem. *H.*

TEXTRIX, icis. *f., from* Textor. Assĭdŭæ textrix ŏpĕratā Mĭnervæ. *Tib.* Crcl. Mĭnervæ ŏpĕrum haud ignarā.

TEXTUM, i. *n.* 1. *A texture of any kind* (any thing formed by interworking of the parts). Propter dissĭmĭlem naturam textăquĕ rerum. *Lr.* Pinĕă textă cărinæ. *Cat.* Donă ferrĕ vimĭnĕo ∾-o. *M.* 2. *Any thing woven, cloth, stuffs,* &c. Prĕtĭosă ∾-ă dăbuntŭr. *O.* Sŭpĕrinjĭcĕrĕ ci ∾-um rŭdĕ. *O.* [† Textĭlĕ, telă, textură.] Phr. *Garments of inwrought gold.* Vestes intexto auro. Aurum pictis vestĭbŭs intextum. *See* VESTIS. 3. *The tout ensemble of any woven work;* or *composite work of art.* ∾ non enarrabĭlĕ clȳpĕi. *V.* pĕpli mirabĭlĕ. *St.* [† Textură.]

TEXTURĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Texture, construction.* Quam tĕnŭi constet texturā, quamquĕ lŏco se Contĭnĕat parvo (*of the soul*). *Lr.* 2. *A weaving, a web.* ∾ Coæ Mĭnervæ. *Pp.*

TEXTŬS, us. *m. A weaving, web, texture, construction.* Multo măgis hæc sunt tenŭă (= tenvĭă) textu. *Lr.* [† Contextŭs, textum, textură.]

THĂLĂMŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A bed-chamber.* Ut pŏsĭtum thălămo tĕtĭgi mălĕ saucĭă lectum. *O.* [† Cŭbilĕ, cŭbĭcŭlum.] 2. Sp. *A bridal chamber.* Quinquaginta ∾-i, spes tantă nĕpotum. *V.* 3. *A bed;* sp. *the marriage-bed.* Mĕnĕlaeo surgĕrĕ e ∾-o. *Pp.* ∾-i consors. *O.* [† Cŭbilĕ, lectŭs, tŏrŭs.] Hence—4. *Marriage.* Si non pertæsum ∾-i fŭissĕt. *V.* ∾-i expers. *V. See* CONJUGIUM. 5. *An abode,* or *usual place of keep; used of the cell of the bee.* Euměnĭdum ∾-i. *V.* ∾-is se (ăpes) compŏsŭerĕ. *V.*

THĂLASSĬNŬS, ă, um. (Thălassĭcŭs. *Pl.*) *Sea-coloured, sea-green.* Tĕrĭturquĕ thălassĭnă vestis. *Lr.*

THĂLASSIO, THĂLASSĬCŬS, *and* **THĂLASSŬS.** *See* TALASSIO.

THĂLASSŬS, i. *m. See* TALASSIO.

THĂLES, etis. *m. A philosopher of Miletus, one of the seven wise men of Greece.* Mitĭ Thălĕtis Ingĕnĭum. *J.*

THĂLIĂ, æ. *f. The muse of comic and pastoral poetry;* gen. *the muse of lyric poetry.* Nostrā nĕc erŭbŭit silvas hăbĭtarĕ Thălĭă. *V.* Scită Thălĭă lȳræ. *O. See* MUSÆ.

THĔĂTRALIS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to a theatre.* Jurā thĕatralis dum sĭlŭerĕ lŏci. *M.*

THĔĂTRUM, i. *n.* 1. *A theatre, an amphitheatre.* Tunc non marmŏrĕo pendebant velă thĕatro. *O.* [† Scenă, pulpĭtă, spectacŭlă, ludi, căvĕă, cŭnĕi, amphĭthĕatrum.] Ep. Marmŏrĕum, altum, excelsum, sublimĕ; amplum, ingens, căpax, spătĭosum; festum, solennĕ. Crcl. Thĕatri *or* thĕatrales ludi. Scenĭci ludi. Scenarum artes. *See* AMPHITHEATRUM, COMŒDIA, TRAGŒDIA. 2. *The spectators at a theatre.* Karā cŏronato plausĕrĕ ∾-ă Mĕnandro. *M.* Spissă ∾-ă. *H.* [† Consessŭs căvĕæ.] 3. *Any place in which public spectacles are exhibited.* Mĕdĭa in vallĕ ∾-i circŭs ĕrăt. *V. See* CIRCUS.

THEBÆ, arum. *f. pl., and* **THEBE,** es *f.* (Θῆβαι *and* Θήβη.) *The name of several ancient towns, of which the most noted were*—1. *A town of Upper Egypt, famous for its hundred gates.* Atquĕ vĕtus Thebe centum jăcĕt obrŭtă portis.

J. Palmĭfĕræ ∾-æ. *Pp.* 2. *A town in Cilicia, the birth-place of Andromache.* Eŭtĭonæ ∾-æ. *O.* 3. *The capital of Bœotia.* Baccho insignes ĕt ˘Apollĭnĕ Thebæ. *H.* Cadmeæ ∾-æ. *Tib.* Mœnĭă Thebes. *St.* [† *Sts.* Cadmeă.] Ep. Cadmeă, ˘Agenŏrĕă, Týrĭă, Sidŏnĭă, Dircæă, Ogýgĭă, Amphiŏnĭă, Hercŭlĕă, Œdĭpŏdĭŏnĭă, Aŏnĭă; antiquă, vĕtŭs, clarâ, inclýtă, nobĭlis, Martĭă. Crol. Urbs Thebanâ *or* Cadmea. ˘Echiŏnĭæ *or* Amphiŏnĭs arces. Urbs drăconĭgĕnă. Urbs condĭtă Cadmo.

THEBÆUS, ă, um. *See* THEBANUS.

THEBAĬCUS, ă, um. *Theban; Egyptian.* Chartæ Thebăĭcævĕ Carĭcævĕ. *St.*

THEBAIS, Idis. *f.* 1. *Theban, f.; Egyptian, f.* Thebăĭdes jussis sŭă tempŏrĕ frondĭbŭs ornent. *O.* 2. *The Thebaid, a poem of Statius'.* Cumquĕ tŭis crevit mĕă Thebăis annis. *St.* 2. *The country of which Thebes in Upper Egypt was the capital.*

THEBANUS, ă, um. (Thebæus. *Cl.*) 1. *Of Thebes* (in Bœotia); *Theban.* Tu quŏquĕ Thebanæ mălĕ prædă tăcebĕrĕ matris. *O.* ∾-æ Sĕmĕles pŭĕr. *H.* [† Cadmeŭs, ˘Agenŏrĕŭs, Aŏnĭŭs, Dircæŭs, Ogýgĭŭs, Amphiŏnĭŭs.] 2. *Of Thebes in Cilicia.* Quum Thebanâ vidĭt (*Andromache*). *O.* *See* THEBÆ (2).

THECA, æ. *f.* *A box, case, sheath* (that in which any thing is put to be out of the way, &c.). Sortitus thecam, călămis armarĕ mĕmento. *M.* ∾ nŏvacŭlæ. *M.* [† Lŏcŭli, vaginâ.]

THĔMIS, Idis. *f.* *The goddess of justice; and of prophecy.* Fatĭdĭcamquĕ Thĕmin, quæ tunc oraclă tĕnebăt. *O.* [† Justĭtĭă.] *See* J.

THĔMISTŎCLES, is. *m.* (Θεμιστοκλῆς.) *The famous Athenian.* [† Nĕŏclides.]

THENSA. *See* TENSA.

THEŎCRITUS, i. *m.* (Θεόκριτος.) *The famous poet.* Crol. Sýracŏsĭŭs pŏetă (vates, pastŏr). Sýracŏsĭă cămenâ. Sĭcŭlŭs sĕnex *or* pastŏr.

THEŎDERICUS, *and* THEODERICUS, THEODORICUS = THEUDORICUS, i. *m.* *Eccl.* *A German name borne by several illustrious persons;* e. g. *Theodoric, the conqueror of Attila; Thierry, the son of Clovis,* &c. *Sid. Fort.*

THEŎDŎSIUS, *us.* THEUDŎSIUS, ĭi. *m.* *Theodosius the Great, the Roman emperor.* Quos cœlo Jupĭtĕr arcĕt, Theudŏsĭŭs terris. *Cl.* Crol. Hŏnorĭi *or* Hŏnori pătĕr (gĕnĭtŏr, pārens).

THERMÆ, arum. *f. pl.* *Hot springs;* us. *public* (warm) *baths.* Exstruxit nītidas vărĭo de marmŏrĕ thermas. *M.* [† Balnĕă.] *See* BALNEUM, LAVO.

THERMŎPŸLÆ, arum. *f. pl.* (Θερμαὶ πύλαι.) *The famous pass of Mount Œta.* Lymphăque ĭn Œtæis Mallĭă Thermŏpŷlis. *Cat.*

THERSITES, æ. *m.* *A Grecian commander at the siege of Troy, famous for his deformity and scurrility.* Tam mălă Thersiten prŏhĭbebat formâ lăterĕ. *O.*

THESAURUS, i. *m.* 1. *Treasure, treasure* (of money, &c.) *laid up.* Vĕtĕrescŭ rĕcludĭt Thesauros, ignotum argenti pondŭs ĕt auri. *V.* *See* DIVITIÆ, GAZA. 2. *A treasury, store-house.* Servatâ mellĕ ∾-is rĕtĭnerĕ. *V.*

THESEUS, *and* THESEIUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Theseus.* Gnossĭdă: Theseo crimĭnĕ factâ dĕa est. *O.* Thesea pectŏrĕ junctâ fĭdĕ. Theseĭŭs heros. *O.* 2. *Athenian.* Theseæ brachĭă longă vĭæ. *Pp.* *See* ATTICUS.

THESEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m.* *Theseus, son of Ægeus, king of Athens.* *C. D.* Aut mortem oppĕtĕret Theseus, aut prædă mortis. *Cat.* Famâ pĕr urbes Thesĕŏs. *O.* Injurĭă Thesei. *O.* Thesĕă vidĭt. *Pp.* [† Ægides.] Ep. Neptunĭŭs, Trœzenĭŭs, fortis, audax; fidŭs, ămicŭs; ingratŭs, perfĭdŭs, perjurŭs, prŏfŭgŭs, crudelis. Crol. Trœzenĭŭs heros. Victŏr Minotauri. Hippŏlytĭ pătĕr. Pirĭthŏi cŏmĕs.

THESIDES, æ. *m.* *A son* or *descendant of Theseus.* *Hippolytus;* pl. *the Athenians.* *V.* Thesides Inseusquĕ dŭas răpuerĕ sŏrorea. *O.*

THESSĂLIA, æ. *f.* *Thessaly.* Lĭttŏrĕ Thessălĭ rĕdŭci tĕtĭgisse cărina. *O.* [† Emăthĭă, Æmonĭă; *sts.* Măcĕdŏnĭă.]

THESSĂLICUS, *and* THESSĂLUS, ă, um. (Thessălĭŭs. *Grat.*) 1. *Thessalian.* Pulsum Thessălĭcis agmĕn inanĕ jŭgis. *O.* Thessălĭă -puppis. *Fl.* -pinŭs. *St.* [† Emăthĭŭs, Æmonĭŭs.] 2. *Thessalian* = *potent in charms, magic, poison* &c. Lunam deducĕrĕ Thessălĭco rhombo. *H.* Excantarĕ vocĕ Thessălĭa. *H.* *See* MAGICUS.

THESSĂLIS, Idis. *f.* 1. *Thessalian, f.* Nullâ cŭm fumo Thessălĭs arâ mĕo. *O.* ∾-Idum pulchĕrrĭmă. *O.* [† Thessălĭă.] 2. *An enchantress.* ∾-Idum carmĕn. *L.* *See* MAGA.

THESSĂLIUS, ă, um. *See* THESSALICUS.

THESSALŎNICA, æ, *and* THESSALŎNICE, es. *f.* *A town of Macedonia, now Salonichi.* Marcæ stĭbĭăt, Thessălŏnĭcă, tŭos. *Cl.*

THESSĂLUS, i. *m.*, *and* THESSĂLI, orum. *pl.* 1. *A Thessalian; the Thessalians.* Thessălĭ ancillæ fŭcĭe Briseĭdŏs aralt (sc. ˘Achilles). *O.* [† Thessălĭci, Emăthlĭ.] 2. Used adj. *See* THESSALICUS.

THĔTIS, Idis. *f.* 1. *A sea-deity, daughter of Nereus, wife of Peleus, and mother of Achilles.* Juptĭ æquŏrĕæ Thĕtĭdis connubĭă fŭgĭt. *O.* Quæ ĭn Thĕtĭ nudă, sŏlĕbas. *O.* [† Nerine.] Crol. Fĭlĭă Nerei. Gĕnĭtrix Nerelă. ˘Achillis *or* Ælĭdæ -matĕr (cærŭlă matĕr, m. æquorâ), pārens gĕnĭtrix. 2. Fig. *The sea.* *V.* *Cl.* *See* MARE.

THIASUS, i. *m.* *A Bacchic dance,* or *set of dancers.* Florens vŏlĭtabăt ˘Iacchŭs Cum thĭăso Sŷrorum. *Cat.* Insultarĕ ∾-is. *V.* ∾-os indŭcĭt Baccho. *V.* *See* CHOREA.

THŎLUS, i. *m.* 1. *A round roof* or *dome* (as of a temple). Suspendivĕ thŏlo, aut sacra ad fastigĭă fixi. *V.* Figĕrĕ armâ ∾-is. *St.* [Votive gifts were hung up in the tholi of temples.] [† Cămĕrâ, fornix.] 2. Ext. *A temple.* *St.* *See* TEMPLUM.

THORAX, acis. *m.* 1. *A corselet.* Vĭrĭdem thorĭ jŭbebĭt Afferri. *J.* 2. Us. *A breast-plate, cuirass.* Thoracă simul cum pectŏrĕ rupĭt. *V.* [† Lorică.] Crol. Arcti thoracum nexus. *See* LORICA.

THOS, thoŏs. *m.* (θώς.) *A kind of wolf;* a jackal. Hic et semĭfĕram thoum de sangulnĕ prŏcŭ &c. *Grat.*

THRACA, æ, *or* THRACE, es, *and* THRACIA. *f.* *O.* *Thrace.* Gĕmĭt ultĭmă pulsu Thracă pĕdŭ *V.* Quum gĕlĭdam Thracen, ĕt ŏpertum nĭ bŭs Hæmum. *O.* [† Sithŏnĭă, Bistŏnĭă: Rhŏdŏpe, Hæmŭs, ˘Othrys, Ismărŭs, Strymŏ Ep. Aspĕrâ, horrĭdâ, fĕrâ, barbărâ; gĕlĭdâ, frigĭdâ, nĭvalis, nĭvosâ, glăcĭalis; bellĭcâ, bellĭgĕrâ, Martĭă, Mavortĭă. Crol. Terrâ *or* tellus -Bistŏnĭă, Bistŏnis, Sithŏnĭă, Sithŏnis. Lŷcurgi Œagri regnâ. Terrâ Lŷcurgo regnatâ.

THRACES, um. *m. pl.*, *and sing.* THRAX, acis. *The Thracians; a Thracian.* Thraces ĭrant, ac quondam regnatâ Lŷcurgo (terrâ). *V.* Nĕq Sarmătă, nĕc Thrax. *J.* [† Thracĭi, Threĭci, Bistŏnes, Bistŏnĭi, Sithŏnĭi.] *See* THRACIUS.

THRACIA, æ. *f.* *See* THRACA.

THRACIUS, *and* THREICIUS, *and* THRACUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Thrace, Thracian.* Non Thrăcĭŭs Orpheus. *V.* Threĭcĭus longa cum vĕste săcerdos. *V.* Thracă pălus. *V.* *Fl.* [† Thrax Bistŏnĭŭs, Sithŏnĭŭs, Ismărĭŭs, Œăgrĭŭs. Odr

ālīs, Rhipæūs, Rhŏdŏpeūs, Rŏdŏpelīūs, Strymŏnīūs, Ēdonūs; *sts.* Arctoūs, hȳperbŏrēūs.]

Thrasybulus, i. *m.* (Θρασύβουλος.) *The celebrated Athenian.* Armā sūpervēhĕris quod, Thrāsȳbulē, tūā. *Aus.*

Thrasymenus. *See* Trasimenus.

Thrax. *See* Thraces *and* Threx.

Threce, es. *f. See* Thraca.

Threcius, ă, um. (Θρᾴκιος.) = Thracius. Ut Threcĭā Bacche. *O.*

Threicius. *See* Thracius.

Threissa, *and* **Thressa**, æ. *f. A Thracian woman;* adj. *Thracian, f.* Qualīs ĕquos Threissā fātigāt Harpălȳce. *V.* Thressā pŭellā. *O.* Thressæ Prōpontĭdis urbs. *Aus.* [† Bistŏnĭs, Sithŏnĭs, Ēdonĭs, Thracĭā, Threicĭā.]

Threnos, *or* **Threnus**, i. *m.* (θρῆνος.) *A dirge, a funeral elegy.* Annŭum functi mĕmŏra Lĕsonti Nomĭnĕ threnum. *Aus.* [† Nænĭā.]

Threx, ecis, *and* **Thrax.** *m. A gladiator of the class that wore Thracian armour. H.*

Thucydides, is. *m.* (Θουκυδίδης.) *The celebrated Greek historian.* Thucydĭdes tȳrannŭs Attĭcæ febris. *V.* (*Catul.*)

Thule, es. *f. An island in the remotest north of Europe, one of the Shetlands* or *Iceland*, &c. Tĭbi servīāt ultĭmā Thule. *V.*

Thunnus. *See* Thynnus.

Thurĕus, **Thurĭfĕr**, &c. *See* Tureus, &c.

Thus. *See* Tus.

Thuscus. *See* Tuscus.

Thya. *See* Thyia.

Thyas, *and better* **Thyias** (*scan as* Thyăs), ădis. *f.;* **Thyiades**, um. *pl. A Bacchanal; Bacchanalians.* Thyiās, ŭbi audito stĭmŭlant trĭĕtērĭcā Baccho. *V. See* Bacchæ.

Thybris. *See* Tibris.

Thyestes, æ. *m. Son of Pelops, brother of Atreus,* &c. *C. D.* Terĕōs, aut cœnam, crudē Thȳestā, tŭam. *M.* [† Tantălĭdes.] Ep. Pĕlŏpeūs, ădultĕr, dirūs, scĕlĕrātūs.

Thyesteus, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Thyestes.* Nevĕ Thȳesteis cŭmŭlemus viscĕrā mensis. *O.*

Thyestiades, æ. *m. A son* or *descendant of Thyestes.* Indē Thȳestĭādēn thălāmoque ănĭmoque rĕcepīt. *O.*

Thyia, æ. *f.* (*as* Thyă.) *The citrus-tree* (a species probably of cedar). Sed thyiæ thălāmo, aut Orĭcĭæ tĕrĕbinthi. *Pp.*

Thymbra, æ. *f. The plant savory.* Grăvĭter spirantis coplĭā thymbræ. *V.*

Thymbræus, ă, um. *A name of Apollo, from the town Thymbra, in the Troas.* Pătĕr est Thymbræūs ~Apollo. *V.*

Thymum, i. *n. Thyme.* Fervĕt ŏpus, rĕdŏlentquē thȳmo fragrantīā mellā. *V.* Ep. Attĭcum, Cecrŏpĭum, Hyblæum; mollĕ, dulcē, gratum, suavē, fragrans, ŏdorum, ŏdoratum, ŏlens, rĕdŏlens.

Thynnus, *or* **Thunnus**, i. *m. A tunny-fish. O.*

Thyoneus, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m. A name of Bacchus.* Addĭtŭr hĭs Niseus indetonsusquē Thȳoneus. *O.*

Thyonianus, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Bacchus, the son of Thyone.* Mĭgrate: hic mĕrūs est Thȳonĭanūs. *Cat.*

Thyre, *or* **Thure**, es. *f. A town of Messenia, for which the battle took place between the three hundred Argives and Lacedæmonians.* Et Lăcĕdæmŏnĭum Thyre lecturā crūorem. *St.*

Thyreatis, ĭdis. *f. Of* or *belonging to Thyre* (above). Si tu signasses olim Thȳrĕātĭdā terram. *O.*

Thyrsiger, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing the* thyrsus. Candĭdā thyrsĭgĕri proles gĕnĕrosā Lȳæi. *Sen.*

Thyrsus, i. *m.* 1. *The stalk* or *stem of a plant.* Thyrsi frondē vĭrentes. *O.* Pāphlos rĕvellĕrē ~-os. *Col.* [† Caulĭs.] 2. *The* thyrsus, *a wand* or *staff wound round with ivy and vine leaves, and carried by the Bacchanals.* Sertā cŏmis, mănĭbus frondentes sumĕrē thyrsos. *O.* Ep. Bacchĭchūs, Baccheūs, pampĭnĕūs, frondens. Crol. Pampĭnĕā hastā. Hastā pampĭnĕis frondĭbūs velatā. Insignĭā Bacchi. 3. Fig. *A sting, goad, stimulus.* Spes laudis ~-o mĕum cŏr percuselt. *Lr.* Motā sācro ~-o cālent mĕā pectŏrā. *O.*

Tiara, æ. *f., and* **Tiaras**, æ. *m. An eastern head-dress;* sp. *the head-dress of the pontiffs and kings of Asia.* Tempŏrā purpŭrĕis tentat velarē tĭaris. *O.* Sceptrumquē sācerquē tĭaras. *V.* [† Mĭtrā.] Ep. ~Eoā, Phrȳgĭā, Persĭcā; sācrā, regĭā.

Tiberinis, idis. *f. Of the Tiber, f.* Dixĕrāt: annŭĕrant nymphæ Tĭbĕrinĭdes omnes. *O.*

Tiberinus, i. *m.* 1. *A king of Alba, who gave his name to the Tiber;* hence, *the river Tiber.* Regnum Tĭbĕrinŭs āb illis Cepīt, ĕt in Tusci demersus flumĭnis undas Nomĭnā fecīt ĕquæ. *O. See* Tiberis, &c. 2. Tĭbĕrinŭs, *and* Tibrinŭs, ă, um. *Of the Tiber.* Tĭbĕrini flumĭnis undā. *V.* Rĕdĭens pĕr undas Tibrinas Clœlĭā. *Cl.*

Tiberis, **Tibris**, is *or* ĭdis, *and* **Tiberinus**, i. *m.* 1. *The river Tiber.* Albŭlā, quem Tĭbĕrim mersus Tĭbĕrinŭs īn undis Reddĭdīt. *O.* Flŭvĭum cognomĭnĕ Tibrim Dixĭmŭs. *V.* Vicinăquē Tibrĭdis arvā. Flŭvĭo Tĭbĕrinŭs ămœno &c. in mārē prorumpīt. *V.* [† Albŭlā.] Ep. Apenninĭgĕnā, Ausŏnĭdis; Tuscŭs, Tyrrhenŭs; ~Itălĭus, Romanŭs, Romŭlĕŭs, Lydĭŭs, Martĭŭs, cornĭgĕr; cærŭlĕus, flavŭs, tūmĭdŭs, præceps. Crol. Tuscŭs *or* Tĭbĕrinŭs amnis. Tibrĭdis undā. Tĭbĕrinā flŭentā. 2. *The king who gave his name to the river; the god of the river.* Aspĕr immani corpŏrē Tibris. *V.* Da nunc, Tibrĭ pătĕr. *V.*

Tiberius, ĭ. *m. The Roman emperor.* Cæsar Tĭbĕrĭus quum pĕtens Nĕapŏlĭn. *Ph.*

Tibia, æ. *f.* 1. *The shin-bone.* Nĕc ŏpinans, et sĭnistram fregit tibĭam. *Ph.* 2. Us. *A flute* (originally made of bone). Phrȳgĭo tibĭā curvā sŏno. *Tib.* [It was used much at funerals.] [† ~Ebŭr, buxŭs *or* buxum, lotŏs, cornŭ.] Ep. Phrȳgĭā, Bĕrĕcynthĭā; bĭfŏris, multĭfŏrā, buxĕā, ĕburnā, ĕburnĕā, solennis, festā, curvā. Crol. Phrȳgĭum buxum. Phrȳgĭā lotŏs. Flamĭnā Bĕrĕcynthĭæ tibĭæ. Phrȳgĭi buxi fŏramĭnā. Buxŭs longo fŏramĭnē. *See* Fistula.

Tibicen, ĭnis. *m., and* **Tibicina**, æ. *f.* 1. *A flute-player.* Tempŏrĭbus vĕtĕrum tibicĭnis usŭs āvorum Magnŭs. *O.* 2. *A pillar of a house, a buttress.* Stantem tibicĭnē villam. *O.* [† Cŏlūmĕn.]

Tiberis. *See* Tiberis.

Tibullus, i. *m. The poet Tibullus.* Dicentur nūmĕri, cultē Tĭbullē, tŭi. *O.* [† Albŭlā.]

Tibur, ŭris. *n. An ancient town of Latium, now Tivoli.* Romæ Tibŭr ămem ventosus, Tibŭrē Romam. *H.* Crol. Mœnĭā Tiburtĭā *or* Tiburni; *sts.* Tiburni lucŭs. Argei cŏloni regnum. Ep. Gratum, ămœnum, udum, gĕlĭdum, sūpinum, Hercŭlĕum; Argeo cŏlono pōsĭtum.

Tiburs, urtis, *and* **Tiburtinus**, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Tibur, now Tivoli; Tiburtian.* Tum gĕmĭni fratres Tiburtĭā mœnĭā linquunt. *V.* Tiburtē vĭa qm sĕqui. *H.* Tiburtinā terrā. *Pp.* 2. Tiburs, urtis, *and* Tiburtes, um. *m. pl. An inhabitant, the inhabitants of Tibur.* Aut Sābinŭs, aut Tiburs. *Cat.* Tiburtum ex agmĭnē. *V.* Tiburtes Fauni. *St.*

Ticinus, i. *m. A river of Gallia Cisalpina, now the Tessino, famous for Hannibal's victory there*

over the Romans. Dum Romanā tūæ, Ticinĕ, cādavĕrā ripæ Non căplunt. *Sil.*

TIGILLUM, i. *n.*, *dim. of* Tignum. *A small beam.* Illi compŏsĭtis primum dŏcŭerĕ tĭgillis &c. *Tib.* [† Tignum, trabs.]

TIGNUM, i. *n. A beam.* Disturbarĕ dŏmos, avellĕrĕ tignā trăbesquĕ. *Lr.* [† Tigillum, trabs.]

I. TIGRIS, *but better* TIGRIS, Is *or* Idis. *f. A tiger.* Tigrĭdis exŭvĭæ per dorsum a vertĭcĕ pendent. *V.* Căpistratis ∾-ĭbŭs altā sĕdĕt. *O.* ∾-In Inanem irĕ jŭbĕt. *St.* Exorarĕ tĭgres &c. *Man.* **Ep.** Armēnĭā, Caspĭā, Hyrcanĭā, Caucăsĭā, Gangetĭcā, Indā, Indĭcā, Parthĭcā; măculosā, vārĭā, pictā; celĭā, pernix, lĕvis; aspēnā, trux, horrĭdā, terrĭbĭlis, immanis, sævā, răbĭdā, fĕrā. **Crcl.** Hyrcanā *or* Caspĭā fĕrā.

II. TIGRIS, Is *or* Idis. *m. The river Tigris.* Nilusque, et Ister, te răpidus Tigris. *H.* Cum Tigrĭdē magnūs Euphrates. *L.*

TILIA, æ. *f. The linden-tree.* Nec tĭlĭæ læves et torno rasilĕ buxum. *V.*

TIMEO, es, ui. 1. Intr. *To fear, feel fear.* Sic nos in lucē timemŭs Interdum. *Lr.* ∾ de mortē. *O.* Totūs timeo. *Pl.* [† Pāvĕo, mĕtŭo, terrĕŏr, &c.] *See* TERREOR. 2. With inf. *To fear, to hesitate, to shrink back* (from doing). ∾ inventis uti. *H.* jurarĕ. *Tib.* [† Vĕrĕŏr, dŭbĭto.] 3. Tr. *To fear, be afraid of, be alarmed at.* ∾ sūæ præsagĭā mentis; orā cănum. *O.* [† Pāvĕo, expāvĕo, formido, rĕformido, mĕtŭo, vĕrĕŏr, horrĕo, horresco, exhorresco, extĭmesco, pertĭmesco, trĕmo, pāvesco.] *See* TIMOR, TERREOR (Phr.). **Phr.** 1. *Fear not, lay aside your fear.* Parcĕ mĕtu. Solvĕ mĕtus. S. (excūtĕ) mĕtum, *or pl.*, cordē (ănĭmo, pectŏrē). Timorem mittĭtĕ. Mĕtūs (tĭmŏr omnis) hinc absit *or* ăbesto. **Phr.** 2. *He laid aside his fear.* Exsolvit *or* exŭit omnem mĕtum (mĕtus sŭos). Pāvŏr membrā (ossā, &c.) rĕliquit. 4. Pass. Nĕc pilā nostrā Parthis ∾-entur. *L. See* TERREO. 5. Unip. Urbi Magnoquē timetur. *L.*

TIMIDE. *Timidly, fearfully.* Perquē nŏvum tĭmĭde corpŏrā librāt ĭtĕr (pullūs). *O.* [† *Sts.* Vĕrecunde, cunctantĕr.]

TIMIDUS, ă, um. 1. *Timid, fearful.* Ut fŭgĭunt ăquĭlas timĭdissĭmā turbā, cŏlumbæ. *O.* [† Timens, mĕtŭens, pāvĭdūs, Inaudax; *sts.* vĕrecundūs, ignavūs, imbellis.] 2. With gen. ∾ prŏcellæ. *H.* 3. With inf. Pro pătrĭa non ∾ mŏri. *H.*

TIMOR, oris. *m.* 1. *Fear, dread.* Degĕnĕres ăcĭmos timŏr argŭit. Heu! quĭbŭs illĕ &c. *V.* Pāvĭdo mihī membrā ∾-ē horrŭĕrant. *O.* [† Mĕtūs, formido, pāvŏr, &c.] *See* TERROR. 2. *An object of dread, a cause of fear.* ∾ ˘Aventinæ silvæ (Cacūs). *O.* Audaci tu ∾ essĕ pŏtĕs. *Pp.* [† Terrŏr, horrŏr.] 3. *Religious awe. Sil.* [† Mĕtūs, formido, horrŏr.]

TINCTILIS, ĕ. *That in which any thing is steeped.* Nam vŏlŭĕri ferro tinctilĕ virūs Inest. *O.*

TINCTUS, ă, um. *part. See* TINGO. 1. *Steeped, dipped.* Ceu lamĭnā candens Tinctā lăcu stridit. *O.* ∾-ā tabē sagittā. *O.* [† Imbutūs, mādĕfactūs, mādens, infectūs, &c.] *See* MADEFACTUS. 2. *Dyed* (*i. e.* coloured); *used also of the dye* or *matter applied.* Lit. and fig. Bis Afro murĭcĕ tinctæ (lanæ). *H.* ∾ candenti lumĭnĕ. *Lr.* Verbā ∾-um virūs hābent. *O.* [† Incoctūs, mĕdĭcatūs, sātūratūs, fucatūs, imbutūs, sātūr, ebrĭūs.]

TINEA, æ. *f.* 1. *Any gnawing worm* or *insect; a book-worm, clothes-moth,* &c. Condĭtūs ut tĭnĕæ carpĭtūr orĕ lĭbĕr. *O.* [† Tĕredo, blattā.] 2. *Used of any of the vermin of the body* (lice, &c.). Exedĕrĕ căpŭt tĭnĕæ. *Cl.* 3. *A kind of grub* or *caterpillar. V. O.*

TINGO, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To dip,* and, *moist.* Ferrĕt Iter, cĕlĕres nec tingĕrĕt æquŏrĕ pinnas. *V.* ∾ corpŭs sparsa ăqua. *O.* ∾-it ārā Pĕrtoli lĭquŏr. *Pp.* [† Mādĕfăcio, imbŭo, aspergo, rĭgo, &c.] *See* MADEFACIO. 2. *To colour, give a colour to,* or *bring a colour upon.* ∾ frontem moris. *V.* sĕcurim cerrĭcā. Tinxĕrāt orā vĕrecundūs rŭbŏr. *O.* [† Imbŭo, lĭno, illĭno, cŏloro, inficio, &c.] *See* Colour. 3. Sp. *To dye* (as a dyer). ∾ lanas Phœnĭcā murĭcĕ. *O.* ŏvem Tyrĭo murĭcĕ. *Tib.* [† Imbŭo, fuco, inficio, cŏloro, mĕdĭco.] **Crcl.** Cŏlorē fuco -tingo, mādĕfăcio, inficio, lĭno, illĭno, imbŭo, mĕdĭco, sātūro. Lanam *or* velĕrā cŏlorē (fuco, vĕneno, murĭcĕ) tingo *or* pingo. Cŏlorem fuco. Cŏlorem fuco. **Phr.** 1. Lanas (vellĕra, *pl.*) -murĭcĕ inverto *or* cŏquo;—Gætulis ăhenis (ditĭbŭs spumis Assyrĭi ăheni) fuco, &c. Velĕrā crŏcĕo luto muto. **Phr.** 2. *Of stuffs,* &c., *dye.* Lanæ *or* velĕrā -vārĭos cŏlores mentiuntur.—Tyrio murĭcĕ ardent;—Tyrĭos succos rāpiunt;—Tyrĭum ăhenum senserĕ;—Tyrĭos cŏlores incoctā mutantūr. 4. ∾ cŏmam. *To dye the hair. M.* [† Tempŏrā fuco tingo; cŏmas uto.] *See* CAPILLUS. 5. Fig. ∾ sālĕ libellos *season with wit*). *M.* lŏcā lumĭnĕ (*to cover with light*). *Lr. See* TINCTUS (2).

TINNIO, is. 1. *To clink, tinkle, jingle, ring.* Quā sŭbærato mendosum tinnĭat auro. *Per.* ∾-it hastilĭbŭs umbo. *Enn.* tintinnabŭlum. [† Stridĕo, crĕpo, crĕpĭto.] **Crcl.** Tinnitum -do, edo. 2. *Used of the chirping* or *sharp notes of birds,* or *any clear, acute note.* ∾ vŏlŭcres incĭpĭent. *Calp.* [† Stridĕo.]

TINNITUS, us. *m. A ringing, clanging sound.* Ærĭāquē tinnitus ærē rĕpulsā dăbant. *O.* [† ˘Acutūs, argutūs, stridens, sŏnans, raucūs. *See* SONITUS.

TINNULUS, ă, um. *Ringing, clinking, jingling, sounding shrill and clear.* Jactantem Phœbē tinnŭlā sistrā mānu. *O.* Concĭnens vocē tinnŭlā. *Cat.* [† Stridens, argutūs.]

TINTINNABULUM, i. *n. A bell.* Tot pariter pelves et tintinnabŭlā dicas Pulsari. *J.*

TINTINNO, *or* TINTINO, as. *To clink, tinkle,* etc. Sŏnĭtu sŭoptē Tintĭnant aures (*of the ears called singing in the ear*). *Cat.*

TINUS, i. *f. The tine-tree.* Nec tĕnŭes cŭtĭsi cŭlĭquē tinūs ăbest. *O.*

TIPHYS, ŷos. *m. The pilot of the ship Argo.* Quĭ tĭbī cum pătrĭa, navĭtā Tiphŷ, mĕa? *O.* ∾ Æmŏnĭa puppē măgistĕr ĕrāt. *O.* [† Thesĕdes.]

TIRESIAS, æ. *m. The famous blind soothsayer of Thebes.* Magnam Tirĕsĭas adspexit Pallĭa vates. *Pp.* **Crcl.** Vates Dircæūs. Tĕnĕbrā gaces Tirĕsĭæ. Sĕnex ˘Apollĭnĕa In artē rŭs.

TIRO, onis. *m.* (Tirŏ. *L.*) 1. *A recruit, a young soldier.* Lit. and fig. Multāquē tironi vŭ tĭendā fĕrĕt. *O.* [† Tirunculus.] 2. Gen. *A novice, tiro, beginner in any thing. M.* [† Nŏvĭcĭus, rŭdis, ignarūs.]

TIRUNCULUS, i. *m.*, *dim. of* Tiro. Novit ăn noster tirunculūs, ac rŭdis omni Tempŏrē &c. *J.*

TIRYNTHIUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Hercules* (having been brought up at Tiryns, in Argolis). Est vĭā declivis, per quam Tirynthĭŭs heros. *O.* 2. Used subst. m. *Hercules.* Gerĭŏn exstincto ∾ attĭgit arvā. *V.* 3. Used subst. f. *Alcmena.* Quum te Tirynthĭā cepĭt. *O.*

TISIPHONE, es. *f. One of the Furies.* Pallĭdā Tisiphŏne mĕdĭa inter millĭā sævit. *V.* Tisiphŏne fŭrit anguē căpŭt. *Pp. See* FURIÆ.

TISIPHONEUS, ă, um. *Of Tisiphone, Tisiphone.*

like; fig. *wicked, dreadful.* Cŭpĭas eradĕrĕ vitæ Tempŏrĕ, si possis, Tisĭphŏncĕ tŭæ. *O.*

Titan, anis. *m.* 1. *Son of Cœlus and Vesta, brother of Saturn, and progenitor of the Titans. See* Titanes. 2. *A grandson, son of Hyperion, the Sun.* Proxĭmŭs Hespĕrĭas Titan ăbĭturus ĭn undas. *O.* Călĭdum Titanĕ rĕcepĭt. *O. See* Sol. 3. *Prometheus, another grandson. J.*

Titanes, um. *m. pl. The Titans, sons of Titan and Terra, who, fighting against Saturn, were struck down into Tartarus by Jupiter. C. D.* Concĭtăt iratus vălĭdos Titanăs ĭn armă. *O. See* Gigantes. [The poets confound the Titanes and the Gigantes. The Gigantes are more properly considered as the sons of Tartarus and Terra, struck with lightning by Jupiter, and buried under Mount Ætna.]

Titaniacus, ă, um = Titanĭŭs. Hinc Titanĭăcis ablatā drăconĭbŭs intrăt &c. *O.*

Titanis, ĭdis. *f. adj.* 1. *Of Titan; Titanian.* Duxĕrăt Ocĕanus quondam Titanĭdă Tethyn (*sister of Titan*). *O.* Titanĭdă pugnam. *J.* 2. *Diana* (a sister of Sol). *St.; Circe* (a daughter of Sol). *O. See* Titanus (3).

Titanius, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Titan* or *the Titans; Titanian.* Hic gĕnŭs antiquum Terræ, Titanĭă pŭbes. ∾-ă bellă. *Sil.* 2. *Of* or *belonging to the Sun* (Titan). ∾-ă astrā. *V.* ∾ alĕs (*the Phœnix, as sacred to the Sun*). *Cl.* 3. Used subst. f. *Latona* (as daughter of the Titan, Ceus). *O.; Diana* (as a sister of Sol). *O.; Pyrrha* (as granddaughter of Titan). *O.*

Tithonius, ă, um. 1. *Of Tithonus.* Te pŏtŭit lăcrĭmis Tithonĭă flectĕrĕ conjux (*Aurora, wife of Tithonus*). *V.* 2. Used subst. f. Almă nŏvo crispans pĕlăgus Tithonĭă phœbo. *V. Fl.*

Tithonis, ĭdis. *f. Aurora, the wife of Tithonus.* Clĭtĭus Tithonĭdă mœsti Deflĕcĕrent rores. *St.*

Tithonus, i. *m. A son of Laomedon, and husband of Aurora.* Tithoni crŏcĕum linquens Aurorā cŭbilĕ. *V.*

Titienses, ĭum. *m. pl.* (Titĭes. *Pl.*) *One of the three Roman centuries of cavalry.* Quin ĕtĭam partes tŏtidem Titĭensĭbŭs illĕ, Quosquĕ vŏcant Rhamnes Lucĕrĭbusquĕ dĕdĭt. *O.*

Titillo, as. *To tickle.* Lit. and fig. Titillarĕ măgis sensus quam lædĕrĕ possunt. *Lr.* Ne vos ∾-ĕt glorĭă. *H.* [† Mulcĕo, &c.] *See* M.

Titubatus, ă, um. *Having slipped, given way.* Vestigĭă presso Haud tĕnŭit tĭtŭbătă sŏlo. *V.*

Titubo, as. 1. *To totter, stagger.* Illĭ mĕro somnoquĕ grăvis tĭtŭbarĕ vĭdetŭr. *O.* [† Lăbo, lăbasco, nuto, văcillo.] **Phr.** Pĕdes stantquĕ lăbantquĕ dŭbĭi. 2. Fig. ∾-ăt fortunā. *Sil.* [† Lăbo, lăbasco, &c., hæsĭto.] 3. Pass. unip. *Pl.*

Titulus, i. *m. A title, a superscription.* Legĕrăt hujŭs ˘Amor tĭtŭlum nomenquĕ lĭbellĭ. *O.* [† Nomĕn.] 2. *A mark* or *note set upon any thing.* Pătrĭam (vini) ∾-umquĕ sĕnectus delevĭt. *J.* [† Nomĕn, nŏtă.] 3. *A designation, title, name,* &c., *inscribed* or *attached.* Cumquĕ dŭcum ∾-is oppĭdă captă lĕgĕt. *O.* Quorum ∾ pĕr collă pĕpendĭt. *Pp.* 4. *A notice of sale.* Sŭb ∾-um lăres mittĕrĕ. *O.* Itĕ sŭb ∾-um lăres. *Tib.* 5. *An inscription on any place; on a pillar, tomb,* &c. Dant munĕrĕ templis, addunt ĕt ∾-um. *O.* ∾-o signetŭr imago. *O.* res dignă sĕpulchri. *J. See* Epigramma. Fig. 6. *A name, description.* ∾-o conjŭgis uxŏr ŏbest. Fig. 7. *A title of honour.* ∾-i tangebăr ămorĕ. *O.* Stŭperĕ ĭn ∾-is ĕt imaginĭbŭs. *H.* [† Nomĕn, hŏnŏr *or* hŏnos: *sts.* stemmă, laus, dĕcŭs.] **Ep.** Clarŭs, insignis, sŭperbŭs, pĕrennis, victurŭs. 8. Sts. *A pretext, pretence.* ∾ plĕtatĭs. *L.* [† Nomĕn, causă, spĕcĭes.]

Tityos, *or* **Tityus,** yi. *m. A monster-man, son of Jupiter,* &c., *killed by Apollo for offering violence to Latona, and tormented in hell by vultures preying on his liver.* Sic inconsumptum Tĭtyi, semperquĕ rĕnascens, Non pĕrĭt, ut possit sæpĕ pĕrirĕ, jĕcŭr. *O.* Tĭtyon, Terræ omnĭpărentis ălumnum. *V.* **Ep.** Terrĭgĕnă, immanis, ingens, audax, incontĭnens, tĕmĕrarĭŭs, impĭŭs, infelix, mĭsĕr; nŏvem jugĕrĭbŭs distractŭs; pĕr nŏvem terræ jugĕrā porrectŭs. **Phr.** Qui viscĕrā præbĕt sempĕr lănĭandă. Qui ăvi viscĕrā (v. debĭtă) assĭdŭe præbĕt. Qui assĭdŭas ăves viscĕrĕ pascĭt. Qui æternas dăpes vŏlŭcri præbĕt. Qui summŭs ăb imo nŏvem jugĕrĭbŭs distăt.

Tmolius, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Tmolus; Lydian.* Afrĭcă quot sĕgĕtes, quot Tmolĭă terrā răcemos. *O.*

Tmolus, and **Timolus,** i. *m. A mountain of Lydia, in which the Pactolus took its rise,* and *which was famous for its vines,* &c. Nonnĕ vĭdes, crŏcĕos ut Tmolŭs ŏdores &c.? *V.* Desĕrŭerĕ sŭi nymphæ vinetā Tĭmoli. *O.*

Tofus, *or* **Tophus,** i. *m. A sort of sand-stone.* Et tofus scăbĕr, et nigris excsă chĕlydris Cretă. *V.*

Tŏga, æ. *f.* (Tŏgŭlă, æ., *dim. M.*) 1. *The gown* or *robe of the Roman, worn in time of peace* (a long and loose upper garment). Et flŭĭt effuso cui tŏgă laxă sĭnu. *Tib.* Urbanæ candĭdă castrā tŏgæ. *O.* [† *Sts.* Tŏgŭlă, ămictŭs, vestĭs.] **Ep.** Ausŏnĭă, Lătĭă, Romanā, urbanā, longā, lotā; sordĭdă, tritā. Fig. 2. *The dignity and privileges of Roman citizenship.* Nomĭnis, ĕt ∾-æ oblitŭs. *H.* 3. Sp. *A client; the class of clients* (the toga being worn chiefly by them in the time of the emperors). *M.* [† Tŏgati.] 4. *Peace, a time of peace.* Præstans belloquĕ ∾-aquĕ. *L.* 5. ∾ prætextā. *See* P. 6. ∾ purā, vĭrĭlis, lĭberā. *The* toga *worn by young people after they had put off the* prætexta. *O. Pp.,* &c. 7. ∾ palmatā. *See* Palmatus. 8. ∾ atrā. *A mourning-robe. Pp. See* Atratus. 9. *The dress of the Roman actors in comedy;* hence, *comedy* (as a style of composition). Dicĭtŭr Afrani ∾ convenissĕ Mĕnandro. *H. See* Togatus. 10. *The dress of women of bad character, who had forfeited the* stola. *Tib. See* Togatus.

Togatulus, ă, um. *dim. of* Togatus. Sit major nŭmĕrus tŏgatŭlorum (*of humble clients*). *M.*

Togatus, ă, um; **Togati,** orum. *pl.* 1. Gens tŏgatā. *The Romans, of whom the* toga *was the distinguishing dress.* Romanos rerum dŏmĭnos gentemquĕ tŏgatam. *V.* 2. Sp. *A client* (the toga being worn chiefly by them in the time of the emperors). Ne te pulsarĕ ∾ audĕăt. *J.* [† Tŏgă, tŏgatŭli.] 3. *Roman, national* (to Romans). Tu carŭs Lătĭo carmĕn exsĕres ∾-um. *St.* [† Romanŭs, Lătĭŭs, &c.] 4. Tŏgatā, æ. *f.* (*sc.* fabŭlă.) *A kind of drama specially Roman; the national drama of the Romans. See* Prætexta. 5. Tŏgatā millĭtĭă. *The bar, the business of the bar.* Exercerĕ munĕrā ∾-æ millĭtĭæ. *O.* 6. Used subst. f. *A woman of bad character.* Matrĭs ∾-æ fĭlĭŭs. *M. See* Toga (10).

Tŏlĕrabĭlis, ĕ, *and* **Tŏlĕrandus,** ă, um. *part. See* Tolero. *That can be* or *should be endured.* Quĭbŭs aspĕrā quondam Visă mĕris fĕrĭes et non tŏlĕrabĭlĕ numĕn. *V.* Sed tŏlĕrandă fămes, non tŏlĕrandŭs ămŏr. *Cl.* [† Fĕrendŭs, &c.]

Tŏlĕro, as. 1. *To bear, undergo, endure.* Dum vires anniquĕ sĭnunt, tŏlĕratĕ lăbores. *O.* ∾ millĭtĭam. *V.* [† Fĕro, perfĕro, pătĭŏr, perpĕtĭŏr, sustĭnĕo, sŭbĕo, &c.] *See* Patior. 2. *To sustain, maintain.* ∾ vitam cŏlo. *V. See* Sustineo.

Tollo, is, sustŭli, *sup.* sublatum. **1.** *To raise, lift up.* Lit. and fig. Jussit ět erectos ad siderĕ tollĕrĕ vultus. *O.* ~ fluctus ăd siderĕ; minas; clamores ăd siderĕ; qm spe. *V.* risum; qm hŏnorĭbŭs. *H.* ~-ĭt ĕosdem ět prĕmĭt (sors). *O.* [† Attollo, extollo, erĭgo, effĕro, lĕvo, sublĕvo, &c.] *See* Erigo, Sustuli, Sublatum. **2.** ~ ănĭmos. *To encourage, re-assure, re-animate;* sts. abs. *to console.* ~-ĭt ănĭmos dictis. *V.* ĭmicum. *H.* [† Erĭgo.] **3.** Sts. ~ ănĭmos. *To take courage, to feel more confident, inspirited.* ˘Anĭmos omĭnĕ ~-ĭt (de Ænea). *V.* and *O.* ~ ět demittĕrĕ ănĭmos. *Lucil.* (*apud Non.*) *See* Confido, Superbio. **4.** *To take up and carry.* ~ ingentem crateră mănĭbŭs; saxum hŭmo. *O.* Armă ĭn regem sustŭlĭt. *O.* [† Sublĕvo, fĕro, porto, &c.] **5.** *To take up and acknowledge as one's child; to educate; to beget* or *bring into the world.* ~ dulcem heredem cogĭtăt. *J.* Quem servă Licymnĭă furtim sustŭlĕrăt. *V.* [† Edŭco or educo, ălo, &c.] *See* Sublatus, Gigno. **6.** *To take, appropriate.* ~-ĕ, quæ debetŭr para. *Pl.* hoc tĭbĭ dictum mĕmŏr. *H.* [† Sumo, căpĭo, accĭpĭo, aufĕro.] **7.** *To bear away, carry off from a place.* Tollĭtĕ me, Teucri. *V.* [† Abduco, aufĕro.] **8.** *To take away, put away, remove; to have done with.* ~ phărĕtram cum telis. *O.* lumĕn ĕ mĕdĭo; præmĭă. *J.* artes; mŏras; tædĭă. *O.* [† Aufĕro, demo, ădĭmo, ăbĭgo, arcĕo, pello, rĕmŏvĕo, supprĭmo, mitto, &c.] **9.** *To take off, kill.* Non ĕgŏ tollendi (ĕos) causă, sĕd illĕ fŭĭt. *O.* *See* Occido. **10.** *To destroy, abolish, put an end to.* ~ totos lĭbellos. *O.* morem barbărum. *H.* [† ˘Abŏlĕo, delĕo, rescindo, exstinguo, &c.]

Tomacŭlum, *and* **Tomaclum**, i. *n. M. A kind of sausage.* Exta et candĭdŭli divină tŏmacŭlă porci. *J.*

Tomentum, i. *n. Stuffing for cushions, beds,* &c. Tomentum concisă pălus circensĕ vŏcatŭr. *M.*

Tomus, i. *m. A volume of a book; a portion of paper* (some few sheets?). Scriptură quanti constĕt, ět tŏmus vilĭs. *M.* [† Lĭbĕr, vŏlumĕn, &c.]

Tomyris, ĭs. *f. A Scythian queen, by whom the elder Cyrus was slain.* Nec qua regnă văgo Tŏmyris finivĭt ˘Araxĕ. *Tib.*

Tonans, tis. *part. See* Tono. Used also adj. **1.** *Thundering.* Subsidunt undæ, tŭmĭdumquĕ sub axĕ tŏnanti Sternĭtŭr æquŏr &c. *V.* **2.** Used subst. m. *Jupiter.* ˘Ad magni tectă Tŏnantĭs. *O.* *See* Jupiter.

Tondĕo, es, tŏtondi, tonsum. **1.** *To shear, to clip* (of animals). Barbas incanăquĕ mentă Cinyphĭi ~-ent hirci setasquĕ cŏmantes. *V.* ~ infirmas ŏves. *H.* [† Detondĕo.] **2.** *To shave* (the beard). Candĭdĭŏr ~-enti barbă cădebăt. *V.* **Crol.** Barbam –sĕco, rĕsĕco, mĕto, făcĭo, rado, abrado, pono, abscindo; ferro sĕco, &c. Tonsori collum committo. **3.** *To cut the hair.* Armă aptă căpillis tondendis. *M.* **Crol.** Căpillos *or* crines –detondĕo, sĕco, rĕsĕco, decĕco, mĭnŭo, succido, curto. Căpŭt denudandum tonsori do. **4.** = rado, abrado. *See* R., &c. Pumex ~-ĕăt antĕ cŏmas. *Tib.* **5.** *To cut down, mow,* or *reap.* Prată ~-entŭr. *V.* ~-etŭr sĕgĕs. *Tib.* *See* Meto. **6.** *To lop, to prune.* ~ brachĭă (vitĭs); cŏmam ăcanthi. *V.* Ilex tonsă bĭpennĭbŭs. *H.* *See* Puto. **7.** *To crop, to graze* or *feed upon.* ~-ent dumetă jŭvenci. Vultŭr jĕcŭr rostro ~-ět. *V.* [† Attondĕo, detondĕo, carpo, pascŏr, depascŏr, rimŏr.] **8.** *To crop, pluck, gather.* ~ vĭŏlas mănu. *Pp.* **9.** *To spoil a person,* &c. (shear him clean). *Pl.*

Tonitralis, ĕ. *Thundering.* Nevĕ rŭent cœli tŏnĭtralĭă templă sŭpernĕ. *Lr.*

Tonitrus, us. *m., and* **Tonitrum**. *n. pl. Thunder.* Fulgorem cernĭmŭs antĕ Quam tŏnĭtrum audĭmŭs. *Lr.* Humanas motură tŏnĭtrŭă mentes *O.* ~-u cœlum omnĕ cĭebat. *V.* ˘Ovium fŭ ~-usvĕ sĭnistri. *O.* Undĕ mŏvĕt ~-us. *O.* darum incursu grăvĭs undă, tŏnĭtrĭbŭs ăthe [† Fulmĕn, fulgŭr.] **Ep.** Sŭbĭtum, repentinum, raucum, ingens, sŏnorum, rĕsŏnum, horrĭbĭlĭ num, rĕbŏans; grăvĕ, terrĭbĭlĭ, horrĭbĭlĭ **Crol.** Æthĕrĭŭs –frăgŏr, tŭmultŭs, strĕpĭtŭs, ĭ mĭtŭs. Icti aĕrĭs sŏnĭtŭs *or* sŏnŭs. Æthĕrĭ murmŭr. Fractæ nŭbis tŏnĭtrŭă. *See* Tor Fulmen.

Tono, as. **1.** *To thunder;* used also unip. *thunders.* Quem sŭpĕr ingens Portă tŭĕt ac *V.* ˘Ad omnĭă fulgŭrĕ pallent, Quum tŭ &c. *J.* [† Intŏno.] **Phr.** *Of a storm of thunder and lightning.* Tŏnăt regiă cœli. Cœ trĕmunt pŏli. Miscetŭr cœlum magno mu Cœlum murmŭrĕ percurrunt. Quăssantur rŭlă cœli. Cœlum (æther) sŭbĭto frăgŏr (cursĭbŭs) intŏnăt. Ignĕŭs æther cum rŭĭt. Rŭbŏăt pŏlŭs. Frăgŏr ingens æthĕrĭ plĕt. Trĕmiscunt ardŭă terrarum tŏnĭtru frăgŏr cum sŏnĭtu vĕnĭt. Terrĭfĭci răunt sĭdĕ Ignes nŭbĭbŭs exsĭlĭunt. Rŭărĕ viă cœl Jupĭtĕr ipsĕ tŭmultu rŭĭt. "*Nix, venti, fulmĭnă, grando, Et răpĭdi frĕmĭtus, et murmŭr plenă mĭsarum.*" *Lr.* **2.** *To cause it to thunder.* Răpĭdis ~-ăt altŭs ĕquis (Jupĭtĕr). *O.* [† Intŏno, fulmĭno.] **Phr.** Jupĭtĕr –cœlum cœl tŏnĭtru clĕt; —fulmĭnă torquĕt; —tŏnĭtru tŏnĭtrŭă ăgĭt; —cunctă (cœlum, æthĕrĭ, tŏnĭtru concŭtĭt; —nŭbĭă igni (*ep.* cŭrsus) vĭdĭt; —tŏnantes ĕquos (vŏlŭcrem currum) cœlum ăgĭt. *See* Fulmino. **Fig. 3.** *To resound, re-echo, re-bellow.* ~-ăt cœlum tŭmultu; jam Ætnă. *V.* *See* Sono. **4.** *To thunder away* (of speaker). Proindĕ ~-a elŏquĭo. *V.* **5.** To *utter with a voice of thunder; to cry to* or *upon one, in appeal,* &c., *in such a voice.* verbă fŏro. *Pp.* tercentum dĕos orĕ. *V.*

Tonsæ, æ. *f.* (*us. pl.*) *An oar.* In lento lucunt marmŏrĕ tonsæ. *V.* Percusso pectŏrĕ tons *Fl.* [† Remŭs; *sts.* palmŭlă.]

Tonsilis, ĕ. *Shorn, clipped,* &c. Vĭdŭsquĕ tăno tonsĭliquĕ buxeto. *M.* [† Tonsĭlis, ras rasĭlis, glăbĕr.]

Tonsor, oris. *m., and* **Tonstrix**, icis. *f. A barber,* &c. Văcŭa tonsorĭs ĭn umbra. **Crol.** Dortŭs căpillos rĕsĕcarĕ (hirsutas gen excŏlĭtĭssĕ). *See* Tondeo.

Tonstrina, æ. *f. A barber's shop. Pl.*

Tonsura, æ. *f.* **1.** *The act of cutting the hair,* &c. Ne mălĕ deformet rigĭdos tonsurĕ căpillos. **2.** *Of shearing,* &c. A tĕpĭdis fiet ~ cŭlcĭ *Calp.*

Tŏral, alis. *n. A coverlet, sofa-cover,* &c. Et rĭas dărĕ circum illotă tŏralĭă vestes. *H.* turpĕ tŏral. *H.*

Tŏreuma, ătis. *n. Any work, embossed work, work in relief.* Tollĕ, pŭer, călĭces tĕpĭdĭ tŏreumătă Nili. Surrentinæ ~ rŏtæ. *M.* *See* Cælatus.

Tormentum, i. *n.* **1.** *An engine of war for throwing stones, darts,* &c. Murali concĭtă ne quam Tormento sic saxă frĕmunt. *V.* [† Ba listă, machĭnă.] **2.** *The modern cannon* (or adaptation). [† Æs, ærĭ.] **Ep.** Ærĕum, ĭn neum, bellĭcum, Martĭum, fulmĭnĕum, tŏnĭ **Crol.** Ærĕă fulmĭnă. Machĭnă fulmĭnĭs armă Æs ignĭvŏmum. **3.** *A tort rope* or *cord.* Qu drŭplĭci ~-o adstringĕrĕ limbos (retĭs). *Gra* **4.** *Torture by way of punishment,* &c. *O.* [† Crŭcĭatŭs.] **5.** *Acute pain* or *suffering of body* or *mind. O.; a lover's pains. J.* [† Crŭcĭatŭs

dŏlŏr, mălum.] 6. *A stimulating, quickening power.* Tu lenĕ ~-um ingĕnĭo admŏves. *H.*

Torno, as. *To turn* (as in a lathe). Lit. and fig. Et mălĕ tornatos incudi reddĕrĕ versus. *H.* [¶ Rŏtundo.]

Tornŭs, i. *m. A turner's lathe.* Lit. and fig. Aut torno rasilĕ buxum. *V.* Angusto versus includĕrĕ ~-o. *Pp.*

Torosŭs, ă, um. *Muscular.* Collĭ tŏrosă bŏum. *O.* ~ juventus. *Pers.* [¶ Lăcertosŭs, nervosŭs.] *See* Robustus.

Torpens, tis. *part. See* Torpeo; *and* Torpĭdŭs, ă, um. *Ass. Torpid, benumbed, senseless.* Lit. and fig. Antrăque Musarum longo torpentĭă somno. *Cl.* Torpens săpŏr. *O.* [¶ Adstrictŭs, constrictŭs, stŭpĕfactŭs, stŭpĭdŭs, languens, immobĭlis, immotŭs, ĭners, ignavŭs, &c.]

Torpĕo, es, ŭi, *and* Torpesco, is. *To be torpid, benumbed, motionless; to be inactive; to be void of feeling.* Nec torperĕ grăvi passus sŭă regnă vĕterno. *V.* ~-ent ăd prœlĭă vires. *V.* ~ ănĭmo ĕt corpŏrĕ. *H.* Torpŭĕrant dŏlorĕ gĕnæ. *O.* ~-ŭĭt adstrictis ăquis (Hebrŭs). *Cl.* Sĕnĭo torpescĕrĕ rerum. *Sil.* [¶ Stŭpĕo, hærĕo, obtorpesco, languĕo, languesco; *sts.* adstringŏr, constringŏr, gĕlŏr.] **Crol.** Immobĭlis (immotŭs, defixŭs) –sum, hærĕo, mănĕo. Torpŏr membră (artus, corpŭs) –hăbĕt, allĭgăt, constringĭt, vincĭt (*from* vinclo).] *See* Stupeo, Gelor.

Torpĭdŭs, ă, um. *See* Torpens.

Torpŏr, oris. *m. Torpor, want of feeling.* Et almĭlis morti pectŏrĕ torpŏr hăbĕt. *O.* [¶ Stŭpŏr, languŏr, ĭnertĭă, &c.]

Torquatŭs, ă, um. 1. *Wearing a collar* or *neck-chain;* and fig. *of the ring-dove. Pp.* Adfŭlŭt Allecto brĕvĭbus torquată cŏlubris. *O.* **Crol.** Torquĕ ornatŭs *or* distinctŭs. 2. Subst. m. *Manlius Torquatus, so surnamed from the* torques *of which he spoiled the Gaul whom he slew. V.* Hence also—3. ~-ŭs, ă, um. *Of the family of the Torquati.* Corvinos ~-ăquĕ nomĭnă. *L.*

Torquĕŏ, es, si, tum. 1. *To turn, to bend.* Taxi torquentŭr ĭn arcus. *V.* ~ proras ăd littŏră. *V.* orĕ ĕqui frenis. *O.* [¶ Intorquĕo, flecto, inflecto, incurvo, verto, inverto.] *See* Flecto, Verto. 2. *To turn aside, turn round* or *about.* ~ paulum Itĕr. *St.* aures ăb obscenis sermonĭbŭs. *H.* vestigĭă ăd sŏnĭtum. *V.* [¶ Averto, rĕflecto.] 3. *To distort.* ~ orĕ sensu ămaro. *V.* [¶ Distorquĕo.] 4. *To wind, to twist.* ~ stamĭnă pollĭcĕ. *O.* [¶ Volvo, verto, &c.] 5. *To curl.* ~ căpillos ferro. *O.* [¶ Vĭbro, crispo.] 6. *To whirl, roll along* or *round.* ~ saxă (*of a strong river*). *V.* sidĕrĕ cĕlĕri vŏlumĭnĕ. *O.* [¶ Volvo, circŭmăgo, verso, &c.] 7. *To direct, guide, govern.* ~-ĕt cunctă sŭb numĭnĕ sŭo (Jupĭtĕr); currus a tergo (stivă). *V.* 8. *To brandish, to hurl.* Lit. and fig. ~ spicŭlă cornu. *V.* telă mănu. *O.* sibĭlă (*of a snake*). *V. Fl.* [¶ Intorquĕo, contorquĕo, libro, vĭbro, &c.] *See* Jaculor. 9. *To carry* (of that which is heavy, and motion implied). ~ tĕgŭmĕn immanĕ lĕonĭs; axem stellis aptum (*of Atlas*). *V.* [¶ Sustĭnĕo, gesto, fĕro, &c.] 10. *To put to the torture, torture, torment.* Lit. and fig. ~ qm mĕro. *H.* Facto ~-ĕŏr ipsĕ mĕo. *O.* [¶ Cruclo, vexo, ango.]

Torques, *and* Torquis, is. *m. f.* 1. *A neck-chain, a collar.* Aut torquis ădemptæ, Aut corvi tĭtŭlos auxĭlĭaris hăbent. *O.* [¶ Mŏnĭlĕ.] *See* M. 2. *A collar for animals. V.* [¶ Circŭlŭs.] 3. Sts. *A wreath, a garland.* Ornatæ nexis ~-ĭbŭs aræ. *V.* 4. Fig. *Used of the whirling, circling, &c., made by a moving body in water.* Vastis urgent immensi ~-ĭbŭs orbes (*of the whale*). *Man.* [¶ Orbis, gyrŭs.]

Torrens, tis. *part. See* Torreo. Used also adj. 1. *Burning, blazing, hot.* Flammis torrentĭbŭs ignis. *V.* Cœli torrentissimŭs axis. *St. See* Fervidus. 2. Of water, &c. *Rushing in torrent, overflowing, violent.* ~-is ăquæ morĕ fŭrens. *V.* Quum torrentissimŭs exĭt pontĭbŭs. *St.* ~-es sanguĭnĕ campi. *Sil.* Torrentĭŭs (*adv.*) amnĕ rŭunt. *Cl.* [¶ Præceps, răpĭdŭs, vĕhĕmens, vŏlentŭs; *ext.* effusŭs.] Fig. 3. *Used of rapid, powerful eloquence; and of the rapid, powerful speaker.* Promptŭs ĕt Isæo ~-ĭŏr (sermo). *J.* Quem mirabantŭr Athenæ ~-em (*of Demosthenes*). *J.* [¶ Præceps, vĕhĕmens, fervens; orĕ prŏfundo; rŭens immensŭs; orĕ prŏfundo r. i. *See* Facundus. 4. Used subst. m. *A torrent.* Montano vertĭcĕ torrens. *V.* Quo saxă intŭlĕrat torrens. *V.* Torrentes immanĕ frĕmunt. *Cl.* Ep. Montanŭs, hibernŭs, sŭbĭtŭs; labens, cădens, rŭens, præceps; tŭmĭdŭs, frăgosŭs, sŏnorŭs, turbĭdŭs, spumans, spumĕŭs, răpax, răpĭdŭs, vŏlentŭs, fŭrens; rŭens de montĭbŭs; toto rŭens vortĭcĕ. Auctŭs undis plŭvĭalĭbŭs. A. sŏlutis de montĭ nĭvĭbŭs. Itĕr sŭum pŏpŭlatŭs. Răpĭdŭs montano flumĭnĕ. Phr. Torrens –decursu răpĭdo fertŭr;—de montĭbŭs altis rŭĭt (rĕsŏnăt) spumosŭs;—exĭt ĭn campos vāgŭs;—avulsas ornos (montis fragmĭnă) volvĭt cum sŏnĭtu;—pĕr sătă, perquĕ vĭas fertŭr;—ăgros, bŏumquĕ lăbores sternĭt;—et. sătă lætă;—præcĭpites trăhĭt silvas. *See* Fluvius, Diluvium.

Torrĕo, es, ŭi, tostum. 1. *To dry up with heat, to parch.* Jam răpĭdus torrens sĭtĭentes Sirĭŭs Indos. *V.* ~-ĕt sĭtis orĕ. *Pp. See* Sicco. 2. *To roast, bake,* &c. ~ fruges flammis; viscĕrĕ. *V.* furnis farrĕ. *O.* [¶ Cŏquo.] **Crol.** Verso ĭn ignĕ. 3. Sts. *To burn, to set on fire.* Lit. and fig. ~ carmĭnĕ flamma. *O.* ~-ĕt pectŏrĕ ămŏr. *O.* ~ qm făcĕ mutŭa. *H.* [¶ Uro, ăduro, incendo, &c.] *See* Incendo, Ardeo.

Torresco, is. *To begin to be roasted, baked,* &c. Ignĭbŭs impŏsĭtum cănĭdis torrescĕrĕ flammis. *Lr.*

Torrĭdŭs, ă, um. 1. *Dried up, parched.* Qua vĭdĕt Itălĭam, saxoso torrĭdă dorso. *Sil. See* Aridus. 2. *Parched with thirst.* ~-ă ĭn orĕ. *L. See* Sitiens. 3. *Roasted.* ~-ă farrĕ. *O.* [¶ Tostŭs.] 4. *Burnt up with heat, torrid.* ~ ăb igni (Zonă). *V.* [¶ Ustŭs, accensŭs, flăgrans, fervens, &c.] *See* Fervidus. 5. *Burning, making hot.* Æstas ~. *V.* 6. *Used of the action of intense cold.* ~ hiems. *Calp.* [So ~ frigŏrĕ. *Liv.*]

Torris, is. *m. A firebrand.* Flagrantem matĕr ăb ignĕ Erĭpŭit torrem. *O.* Ep. Accensŭs, fumans, flammans, ignĕŭs, ignitŭs.

Torte. *Obliquely. Lr.*

Tortĭlis, ĕ. *Twisted, wreathed; flexible.* Tortĭlĭs e dĭgĭtis excĭdĭt ansă mĕis. *O.* ~ aurum. *V.* [¶ Tortŭs, flexĭlis, făcĭlis, lentŭs.] *See* F. L.

Torto, as. *To torture. Lr.*

Tortŏr, oris. *m.* 1. *One whose office it is to put to the torture; one who puts to the torture, a tormentor.* Lit. and fig. Tortorĕ vŏcato Uritŭr. *J. See* Carnifex. 2. Fig. Anĭmo ~-ĕ. *J.*

Tortŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Torqueo. Used also adj. *Twisted, wreathed; winding;* hence, *intricate.* Torta rĕdĭmitus tempŏrĕ quercu. *V.* ~ funis. *V.* vĭă (Lăbŷrinthi). *Pp.* [¶ Tortĭlis, flexŭs; intortŭs, rĕtortŭs, sĭnŭosŭs, curvŭs.] *See* C.

Tortŭs, us. *m. A winding, turning, twisting.* Quo suspensă trăhens libraret vulnĕrĕ tortu. *St.* Dăt corpŏrĕ tortus (serpens). *V.*

Tŏrŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A muscle.* Luxŭrĭatquĕ tŏris ănĭmosum pectŭs. *V.* Sŏlĭdorum molĕ tŏrorum. *O.* [¶ Muscŭlŭs, nervŭs.] 2. *A couch, a bed; a*

marriage-bed. ∾-o herbæ conseděrăt. *V.* Æneas sic orsŭs ăb alto. *V.* ∾-is quæ præsĭdĕt mărĭtis (Juno). *O.* [¶ Lectŭs, cŭbilĕ: thălămŭs.] *See* LECTŬS. 3. Fig. *Wedlock.* Jŭgales concĭlĭarĕ ∾-os. *St.* Junctă ∾-o. *O.* [¶ Thălămŭs; tŏrŭs, jŭgalĭs.] *See* CONJUGIUM.

TORVĂ, *and* TORVUM. *n. as adv. Sternly, menacingly.* Ardentem et torvă tŭentem Lenibăt. *V.* ∾-um clamarĕ. *V.* lăcrĭmarĕ. *St.* [¶ Mĭnacĭtĕr.] Crol. Torvis ŏcŭlis *or* lumĭnĭbŭs, *or sing.*

TORVŬS, ă, um. 1. *Stern, fierce, savage.* Tŭeri qm ŏcŭlis ∾-is. *O.* ∾ lĕcenă. *V.* ăpĕr. *Pp.* Mĕgæră. *Cl.* [¶ Terrĭbĭlis, fĕrox, mĭnax, sævŭs, ătrox, horrendŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, &c.] 2. *Stern and severe-looking.* ∾ duris sŭpercĭlĭis. *O.* [¶ Aspĕr, durŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, sĕvĕrŭs, fĕrŭs, horrĭdŭs, &c.]

TŎT. *indecl. So many* (followed by quot, or abs.). Cui quot sunt corpŏrĕ plumæ, Tot vĭgĭles ŏcŭli subtĕr. *V.* Tŏt mărĭă intravi. *V.* [¶ Tantum (*with gen.*).] Crol. Tam multi.

TŎTĬDEM. *Just so many.* Erramus pĕlăgo tŏtĭdem sĭnĕ sidĕrĕ noctes. *V.*

TŎTIES. *adv. So often.* Quos ĕgŏ jam tŏtĭes sum dedignată mărĭtos. *V.* Crol. Tam sæpĕ. Tŏt vĭcĭbŭs.

TOTŬS, ă, um, *gen.* ĭŭs *or* ĭŭs, *dat.* i. (totæ, *anc. gen. and dat.*) 1. *All, the whole, the entire* (of any thing or person). Magnănĭmosquĕ dŭces, totiusque ordĭnĕ gentis. *V.* ∾-o divisos orbĕ Brĭtannos. *V.* [¶ Omnis, unĭversŭs, intĕgĕr, perfectŭs, plenŭs, sŏlĭdŭs, inconsumptŭs; *sts.* perpĕtŭŭs.] 2. Ex toto. *Entirely, altogether. O.* [¶ Omnino.]

TOXĬCUM, i. *n. A poison in which arrows were dipped; any poison.* Adspĭcis et mitti sŭb ăduncŏ toxĭcă ferro. *O.* Velocĭusvĕ miscŭissĕ ∾-um. *H. See* VENENUM.

TRABALIS, ĕ. 1. *Of* or *belonging to a beam.* Clavos trăbales et cŭnĕos mănu Gestans ăhena. *H.* 2. Fig. *As large* or *as strong as a beam.* Orantem multă telo ∾-i (fĕrĭt). *V.*

TRABĒĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A robe of state worn by the Roman kings, consuls, knights,* &c. Ipsĕ Quĭrĭnali lĭtŭo, parvaquĕ sĕdebăt Succinctus trăbĕa. *V.* Hence—2. *Used for the consulship. Cl.; for the equestrian order. M.*

TRABĒĂTUS, ă, um. *Wearing the* trabea. Hoc Igĭtur vidit trăbĕati cură Quĭrĭni. *O.*

TRABS, trăbis. *f.* 1. *A beam; a girder,* or *large rib of wood.* [But culmĕn ∾-ĭbŭs *ăhenis. Cl.*] Auratasquĕ trăbes, vĕtĕrum dĕcŏra altă pärentum. *V.* ∾-ĭbŭs contextŭs ăcernis (*the Trojan horse*). *V.* [¶ Tignum, tĭgillum, robŭr.] Ep. Arbŏrĕă; sectă, contextă, longă; firmă, sŏlĭdă, vălĭdă. 2. *Any thing made of timber.* 1. *A ship.* Mărĕ ∾-ĕ sĕcarĕ. *H.* Mărĕ turbatur ∾-ĭbŭs. *V. See* NAVIS. 2. *The roof of a house.* Sŭb isdem essĕ ∾-ĭbŭs. *H. See* TECTUM. 3. *A battering-ram. V. Fl.* 4. *A javelin. St. See* TRABALIS. 3. *A tall tree.* ∾-ĭbŭs frĕquens silvă. *V.* densum nĕmŭs. *O. See* ARBOR.

TRACTĂ, æ. *f., and* TRACTĂ, orum. *n. pl. A clew of carded wool;* or *wool prepared for spinning.* Tractăquĕ de nĭvĕo vellĕrĕ ductă pŭtăt. *Tib.*

TRACTABILIS, ĕ. 1. *Manageable, fit to be dealt with;* hence fig. *tractable, open to persuasion,* &c. Est mărĕ, confĭtĕor, nondum tractabĭlĕ nanti. *O.* Non ∾-ĕ cœlum (*stormy*). *V.* Nĕc vo ces ullas ∾ audĭt. *V.* [¶ Mitis, lenis, făcĭlis.] 2. *That may be shaped* or *fashioned; flexible, pliant,* &c. Nĕc ălĭuc ∾ artĕ. *O.* [¶ Flexĭbĭlis, &c.]

TRACTATOR, oris, *m., and* TRACTATRIX, icis. *f.* *One who kneads, shampoos,* &c., *bather* currĭt ăgĭli corpŭs artĕ tractatrix. *M.*

TRACTIM. *In a drawling way; on and on; stopping; by degrees, slowly.* Tractimque rant (ăpes). *V.* Ire ∾ pĕr artus (*of dea*[illegible] [¶ Jugitĕr, sensim.]

TRACTO, as. *freq. of* Traho. 1. *To drag about.* Tractătă cŏmis antistĭtă Phœbi. *O.* morsuquĕ fĕrarum ∾-ari. *Lr.* [¶ Trăhĭ rapto.] 2. *To touch, to handle.* ∾ rŭde ˘Ad tactum ∾-anti rĕsistĭt (pellis). *V.* [¶ go, attrecto, &c.] *See* TANGO. 3. *Used thing to which the hand of man is turned. work land.* ∾ ærĕ sŏlum. *Lr.* [¶ Vertĕ cĕo, &c.] 2. *To play on an instrument* lÿræ. *O.* artem musĭcam. *Ter.* [¶ Pul pello. &c.] 3. *To work as an artisan.* lĭă. *H.* [¶ Exercĕo.] Fig. 4. *To take manage, carry on.* ∾ res rătĭonĕ mŏdo omnĭă ĭnermi justĭtĭa. *J.* [¶ Hăbĕo, g ro.] 5. ∾ personam, &c. *To act a part racter. H.* [¶ ˘Ago.] 6. ∾ vitam = vi [¶ Trăho, ăgo, &c.] 7. *To treat, act to person* (in such and such a way). *H.* [¶ Hăbĕo.] 8. *To handle a subject, treat* o *to turn it over, discuss it in the mind.* ∾-andum pectŏrĕ. *J.* [¶ Verso, volvo, ăgĭto.]

TRACTŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A drawing along* or *a* (of something). Tractuquĕ gĕmentem F tam. *V.* ∾-u vĭcissim taurĕă tergă dŏmas Hence—2. *Used of the carding of wool.* ∾-u mollirĕ. *O.* 3. *Of a draught of w* ăquarum. *L.* 4. *The motion of that which itself along, crawls,* &c. ∾-u ĭn spiram se anguis. *V.* squamæ ărenam sulcăt. *O.* *course, current, motion; time of mot* water, waves, time, &c.). Longo ∾-u undă. *L.* ∾ ævi. *Lr.* Longo pĕr ærĕ ∾- (præceps Phaëthon). *O. See* CURSUS. [or *pathway left,* or *seemingly left, by a that has passed* or *been drawn along.* incerto fallĭt litĕră ∾-u (*stroke of the* ∾-us flammarum. *V.* ducĕrĕ sulcato gu *ships*). *L.* [¶ Sulcŭs.] 7. *Space, extent* ∾ cœli corruptŭs. *V.* continŭŭs ăquar ∾-ĭbŭs immensis Alpes. *L.* spătĭosis [¶ Spătium.] 8. *A tract of country, region.* ∾-u surgens ŏlĕastĕr ŏdem. *V.* glo, lŏcŭs.]

TRADO, is, idi, itum. 1. *To give* or *deliver commit to the care of.* Lit. and fig. Tradĭ cŏmĭti, pärĭbusque adsistĭt ĭn armis. *V.* ∾ măgistris; jus ĕt arbĭtrĭum sŭæ sălutĭ [¶ Præbĕo, committo, do, dedo, mando, trĭbŭo.] 2. ∾ me. *To submit, to yie* leges pacĭs ĭniquæ se ∾. *V.* [¶ Dedo, su subjĭcĭo, subdo.] 3. *To offer, to pres* Porrĭgo, offĕro, &c.] Fig. 4. *To betray* trĭos pĕnates; ŏvilĕ lŭpæ. *O. See* PRODO. *hand over* or *down, to transmit.* Tradĭtŭs ăvo (ritŭs). *Tib.* Tradĭtă regnă. *O.* ∾ spĕcŭlo ĭn spĕcŭlum imago. *Lr.* [¶ Tr to.] 6. *To report, to relate. O.* 7. *To as a teacher, to teach.* ∾ orglă; artem; [vŏlandi. *O. See* DOCEO.

TRADŬCO, is, xi, ctum. 1. *To conduct,* o *bring over* or *to,* &c.; *to transport.* Atq ăllo vidi traducĕrĕ messes. *V.* [¶ Tr trajĭcĭo, transmitto, transporto, transvĕhĭ 2. *To turn the mind,* &c., *in an opposite ferent direction.* Post partum, cură ĭn ∾-ĭtŭr. *V.* ∾ gentem pacĭs ăd artes. *O.* [¶ fĕro, converto, verto.] 3. With ævum, duco. *To pass, spend,* &c. [¶ ˘Ago, t duco, &c.] 4. *To expose to ridicule* or

to traduce. ∾ ăvos. *J.* Pĕr totam infamĭs ∾ -ĕrĕr urbem. *Pp.*

Trăgĭcŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *relating to tragedy, tragic.* Carmĭnĕ qui trăgĭco vilem certavĭt ŏb hircum. *H.* ∾-o quăttĭentem pulpĭtă cæstu. *O.* 2. *Tragic in style,* &c.; *tragic-like. H.* [¶ Cŏthurnatŭs, sublimĭs, grandĭs.] 3. Used subst. m. *A tragic poet. H.* Crcl. Cŏthurnatŭs -vates, pŏetă. 4. Fig. *Tragical, awful, horrible.* ∾-i (ămores). *O.* ∾-æ ˘Erinnyes. *Pp.*

Trăgœdĭa, æ. *f.* 1. *Tragedy* (the style of writing). Omnĕ gĕnus scripti grăvĭtatĕ trăgœdĭă vincĭt. *O.* [¶ Cŏthurnŭs *or* cŏthurni, Melpŏmĕne, syrmă.] Ep. ˘Anĭmosă, grandĭs, grăvĭs, sĕvĕrĕ, tristĭs, mœstă, sublimĭs. Crcl. Ars trăgĭcă. Trăgĭcum carmĕn. Æschylĭŭs (Sŏphŏcleŭs, Cecrŏplŭs, trăgĭcŭs) cŏthurnŭs. Carmĕn regalĕ. ☞ Ovid thus personifies and describes Tragedy: *Venĭt ĕt ingenti vŏlĭentă Trăgœdĭă passu: Frontĭ cŏmæ torva; pallă jăcebăt hŭmi; Lævă mănus sceptrum late regalĕ tĕnebăt; Lydĭŭs aptă pĕdum vinclă cŏthurnŭs ĕrăt.* 2. *A tragedy.* [¶ Prætextă, prætextătă.]

Trăgœdŭs, i. *m. A tragic actor.* Qui se credebat miros audirĕ trăgœdos. *H.* Ep. Incedens majorĕ cŏthurno.

Tragŭla, æ. *f. A sort of javelin.* Cui tragŭlă sempĕr Fulmĭnĕam armabăt (dextram). *Sil.*

Trăgŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A sort of fish.* Răpĭdĭquĕ lŭpi, percæquĕ trăgĭquĕ. *O.* (*Hal.*) 2. *The smell of the arm-pits.* Indĕ ∾ cĕlĕresquĕ pĭli. *M. See* Caper.

Trăha, *and* **Trăhĕa**, æ. *f. A sledge; a harrow.* Tribŭlăque, trăhĕæque, ĕt Iniquo pondĕrĕ rastri. *V.*

Trăho, ĭs, axi, actum. 1. *To draw, draw out* or *from; to carry* or *drag away,* &c. Lit. and fig. Eccĕ trăhebatur passis Prĭămelĭă virgo Crinĭbŭs. *V.* ∾ armentă cum stăbŭlis; naves ĭn saxă. *V.* funem exĭgŭo conamĭnĕ. *O.* Quo fată ∾-unt rĕtrăhuntquĕ. *V.* [¶ Răpĭo, rapto, duco, abduco; *sts.* attrăho, tracto.] 2. *To draw* or *drag along the ground.* ∾ latam alvum; plaustrĭ. *V.* vestem pĕr pulpĭtă. *H.* 3. *To spin, work wool,* &c. ∾ lanam. *J.* purpŭras. *H.* dătă pensă. *O.* [¶ Tracto, mollĭo, nĕo.] 4. *To draw out, extract.* ∾ ferrum e corpŏrĕ. *O.* [¶ Extrăho, educo, evello, &c.] 5. Sp. *To draw a portion,* &c., *by lot. V.* [¶ Duco.] 6. *To drink* (take a draught) *of.* ∾ amnem guttŭrĕ. *O.* pocŭlă arentĕ faucĕ. *H.* [¶ Duco, &c.] *See* Bibo. 7. ∾ auras, spirĭtum, &c. *To draw breath, to draw a sigh,* &c. ∾ auras orĕ; suspirĭă. *O.* spirĭtum extremum. *Ph.* vocem e pectŏrĕ. *V.* [¶ Duco.] 8. *To draw together, to contract.* ∾ cŏrĭă ĕt carnem (de ignĕ). *Lr.* vultum, rugasquĕ cogĕrĕ. *O.* [¶ Contrăho, adduco.] 9. *To attract.* ∾-ĭt sŭă quemquĕ vŏluptas. *V.* [¶ Duco, attrăho, allĭcio.] 10. *To derive, gain.* ∾ laudem sŭpĕratis ăb Indis. *O.* famam a censu. *J.* [¶ Duco, percĭpio, căpio, fĕro, &c.] 11. *To take, assume, acquire, contract.* ∾ fĭguram lăpĭdis; rŭborem. *O.* ŏdorem vertĭcĕ. *Sil.* [¶ Duco, accĭpio, concĭpio, &c.] 12. *To bring with one, to produce, cause.* ∾-ĭt secum omnĕ mălum; tantum timorĭs (Hectŏr). *O.* [¶ Invĕho, importo.] 13. *To lengthen out, protract.* ∾ noctem sermonĕ; tempŭs pĕr talĭă. *V.* [¶ Duco, produco, protrăho, profĕro.] 14. ∾ verbă. *To draw out, pronounce with difficulty.* ∾ verbă largis cum flĕtĭbŭs. *Sil.* 15. *To pass* or *spend time* (us. painfully or disagreeably). ∾ vitam ĭn tĕnĕbris luctuquĕ. *V.* somnos pĕr suspirĭă. *O.* [¶ Duco, ăgo, &c.]

Trajanŭs, i. *m. The Emperor Trajan.* Di tĭbĭ dent quidquid, princeps Trajanĕ, mĕrĕrĭs. *M.* [¶ Ulpĭŭs.]

Trajectŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Trajicio. *Conveyed over* (of persons); *crossed, passed over* or *beyond,* &c. (of space.) His rătĭbus trajectă mănŭs (*a troop*). *L.* Trajectæ Syrtes, ancŏrĭ jactă est. *Pp.*

Trajĭcio, ĭs, eci, ectum. 1. *To throw* or *shoot across, beyond, over.* Si pŭdŏr est, ăllo trajĭcĕ telă tŭă. *Pp.* 2. *To convey across, carry over, cause to go over, transport.* Lit. and fig. ∾ membrĭ pĕr ardentes ăcervos cĕlĕri pĕdĕ. *O.* pĕdes sŭpĕr ăcervos &c. *Pp.* arbĭtrĭum litĭs ĭn omnes. *O.* ŏcŭlos. *Lr.* [¶ Transmitto, transporto, transvĕho, transfĕro; *fig.* transfĕro, traduco.] 3. Intr. *To cross, pass over* or *beyond.* ∾-ĭt mĕdĭum axem cursu (Aurorĕ). *V.* Tĭbĕrim clypĕo. *Cl.* fati littŏrĕămŏr. *Pp.* [¶ Transmitto, transĭo, sŭpĕro, prætĕrĕo; *sts.* prætervŏlo.] 4. *To pierce through, pierce.* ∾ pectŏrĕ telo; linguam ărundĭnĕ. *O.* [¶ Confŏdĭo, &c.] *See* C.

Tramă, æ. *f. The woof* (in weaving). Lit. and fig. Mĭhĭ tramă fĭguræ Sit rĕlĭquă. *Pers.* [¶ Subtemĕn, textură.]

Tramĕs, ĭtis. *m.* 1. *A cross-way, a by-way* (sp. in the mountains); *a way* or *path.* Lit. and fig. Carpĭtŭr acclivis per mută sĭlentĭă tramĕs. *O.* Certŭs pĕr astrĭ ∾. *Pp.* Vĭam monstravĭt ∾-ĭtĕ parvo (vĭam vitæ). *Lr.* [¶ Semĭtă, callĭs, vĭă, &c.] 2. = cursŭs. Decurrĭt cĭto ∾-ĭtĕ virgo. *V. See* Cursus.

Trano, *or* **Transno**, as. Intr. and tr. 1. *To swim* or *float across,* &c.; *to pass by swimming.* Sŭpĕrant montes, et flumĭnă tranant. *V.* Transnanto Tĭbĕrim. *H.* [¶ Trajĭcio, sŭpĕro, transmitto; *sts.* inno.] Crcl. Nando (nătando, nătatu) trajĭcio, &c. 2. *To fly through, sail across; to traverse.* ˘In Lĭbyĕn nivĕis alis pĕr auras transnavĭt. *Sil.* Tranăt nubĭlă. *V.* ˘Ut vidĭt transnarĕ rătes. *St.* Tranarĕ ingentĭă spătĭă. *Sil.*

Tranquille. *Gently, tranquilly. Pl.* [¶ Plăcĭde, lenĭtĕr, quĭete, lenĕ, pacĕ.]

Tranquillĭtas, ătis. *f.* 1. *The stillness of the sea* or *of the weather.* Fŏris sĕdebăt in frĕto tranquillĭtas. *P. Nol.* [¶ Quĭes, tranquillum.] *See* Mare. 2. *Stillness, quiet. See* Quies.

Tranquillo, as. *To make calm, to tranquillize; to give peace and quiet.* Quid pure tranquillĕt, hŏnos an dulcĕ lŭcellum. *H.* [¶ Placo, lenĭo; sedo, paco.]

Tranquillŭs, ă, um. 1. *Still, calm* (of the waves or weather). Tranquillas ĕtiam naufrăgŭs horrĕt ăquas. *O.* ∾-ă pĕr altă. *V.* [¶ Plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, mitĭs, lenĭs.] 2. *Quiet, tranquil, peaceful.* ∾-ă sĭlentĭă noctĭs. *St.* sĕnectus. *H.* Cŏmĕs ∾-i tempŏrĭs (fĭdes). *O.* [¶ Plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, placatŭs, pacatŭs, securŭs, sĕrenŭs.] 3. Used subst. n. *A state* or *time of calm.* Hinc pacĭs ∾-ă mŏvent. *St. See* Quies. 4. *One of a calm, quiet spirit.* [¶ Plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, securŭs, sĕrenŭs.] Crcl. Curis văcans. Expers curarum *or* turbarum. ˘Anĭmi plăcĭdŭs. Tranquillo pectŏrĕ. Compŏsĭtŭs ănĭmum. *See* Securus.

Trans. 1. *Across, on the other side, beyond.* Lit. and fig. Transmissæ stĕtĕrĭnt trans æquŏrĕ classes. *V.* Curvos trans ripam misĕrăt arcus. *O.* [¶ Ultra, prætĕr; *fig.* ultra, cĭtra, sĭnĕ.] 2. Fig. *In transgression of, contrary to.* ∾ legem ac tempŏrĕ. *St.* [¶ Ultra, contra.]

Transăbĕo, ĭs. 1. *To go beyond, to pass over* or *by.* Pŏpŭlos atque æquŏrĕ longe Transăbĕunt. *V. Fl.* Transăbĕrĕ fŭga jăcentem. *St.* [¶ Prætĕrĕo.] 2. *To pierce.* Mĕdĭum Pŏlĭten transăbĭt. *St. See* Confodio.

Transădĭgo, ĭs. *To drive* or *thrust* (a weapon, &c.) *through*; *to thrust* (a person, &c.) *through.* Transădĭgit costas et crates pectŏrĭs ensem

(*drives his sword*, trans costas, &c.). *V.* ∾ qm ferro. *St.* Hastā qm costas (sc. sēcundum costas) ∾-It. *V.* *See* CONFODIO.

TRANSCENDO, Is, di, sum. *To climb* or *pass over* or *beyond*. Lit. and fig. ∾ vallum. *L.* Arābĭum limĕn. *Pp.* fines jurīs. *Lr.* factā tŭorum. *Sil.* [† Sūpĕro, transgrĕdĭŏr.]

TRANSCRIBO, Is, psi, ptum. 1. *To transcribe.* [† Exscribo.] 2. *To enter into a register*; sp. *to register the names of the members of a new colony.* Transcribunt urbi matres, pŏpŭlumquĕ vŏlentem &c. *V.* 3. *To make over, transfer, assign.* (Pāti) Dardănĭis transcribi sceptrā cŏlonis. *V.* ∾ spātĭum vitæ ci. *O.* [† Transfĕro.]

TRANSCURRO, Is, i, sum. Intr. and tr. 1. *To run over* or *across, to pass over* or *quickly over; to traverse.* Lit. and fig. Visŭs āb aurora cœlum transcurrĕrĕ nimbūs. *V.* ∾ Bacchi metas. *Cl.* ∾-It ĭn prolem (gratīā pātrum). *Cl.* [† Prætĕrĕo, transābĕo, prætervĕhŏr, &c.] 2. *To pass through, to pierce.* Pĕr gĕnĭnum ∾-It tempŭs (ārundo). *Sil.* *See* CONFODIO.

TRANSĔO, is, ivi *or* ĭi, ĭtum, irĕ. Intr. and tr. 1. *To pass across, through*, or *over; to pass by, to traverse.* Lit. and fig. Totæquĕ pĕr illūd Murmŭrĕ blandĭtĭæ mĭnĭmo transirĕ sŏlebant. *O.* ∾ spātĭā impŭlbā saltu. *Sil.* Mænālĭ; Mȳcŏnŏn; spātĭum jŭventæ; ĭn iram; ād ŏpŭs pālæstræ. *O.* [† Prætĕrĕo, transgrĕdĭŏr, transmĕo, transmĭgro, transīlĭo, trajĭcĭo, transmitto, permĕo, pĕnĕtro, pervado, prætervĕhŏr, transvĕhŏr, sūpĕro.] 2. *To pass away* (of time). *Tib.* *See* PRÆTEREO (2). 3. *To pass into, be changed into.* Illĕ ĭn hŭmum, saxumquĕ, undamquĕ, trābemquĕ ∾-It. *O.* [† Abĕo, vertŏr.] 4. *To exceed, surpass.* Lit. and fig. ∾ ĕquum cursu. *V.* *See* SUPERO. 5. *To pierce, pass through.* ∾-It hastā dŭos. *Sil.* *See* CONFODIO. 6. *To pass over in silence.* Non ĕgŏ te translĕrim, Rhŏdĭā &c. *V.* [† Prætĕrĕo, ŏmitto, &c.] 7. Res me ∾-It. *I am not aware; it escapes me.* Nil ∾-It āmantes. *St.* [† Prætĕrĭt, fŭgĭt.]

TRANSERTUS, ā, um. *part.* *See* TRANSERO. *Ingrafted.* Vidi ĕgŏ transertos ālĭeno in robŏrĕ ramos. *St.* *See* INSITUS.

TRANSFĔRO, fers, tŭli, latum, ferrĕ. 1. *To transport, transfer* (from one place to another). Regnumque a sedĕ Lăvini Transfĕrĕt. *V.* Omnĭā Jupĭtĕr Argos transtŭlĭt. *V.* ∾ mŏnĭlĭā sŭā dilectā cervicĕ. *St.* [† Transporto, transmitto, trajĭcĭo, transvĕho.] 2. ∾ me. *To betake oneself to, to go.* ∾ se ĭn ædem Glȳcĕræ. *H.* [† Confĕro, &c.] *See* EO. Fig. 3. *To transfer, make over to another.* ∾ ŏdĭum ĭn gĕnĕrĭs sŏcĭo. *O.* dŭbĭos Quĭrites ĭn te. *L.* Translati ālĭo āmores. *H.* [† Verto, converto, traduco, trajĭcĭo, &c.] 4. *To pass across, transmit.* De spĕcŭlo ĭn spĕcŭlum transfertŭr Imago. *Lr.* [† Traduco, transmitto.]

TRANSFIGO, Is, xi, xum. *To transfix, pierce through.* Lit. and fig. Mequĕ pĕtis stricto mĕdĭum transfigĕrĕ ferro. *M.* Exspirantem transfixo pectŏrĕ flammas. *V.* *See* CONFODIO.

TRANSFĬGURO, as. *To transform, metamorphose.* Et qui corpŏrā primā transfĭgurāt (*of Ovid*). *St.* *See* MUTO.

TRANSFIXUS, ā, um. *part.* *See* TRANSFIGO. *Thrust through* (of the weapon). Dŭplĭcāt vĭrum dŏlorĕ ∾-ā hastā. *V.*

TRANSFLŬO, Is. *To pass* or *flow away.* Lit. and fig. Transfluxerĕ dies. *Cl.* *See* EFFLUO.

TRANSFŎDIO, Is. (Fŏdĭo.) *To pierce through and through.* Et pectŏrā duro Transfossi ligno. *V.* *See* CONFODIO, FORO.

TRANSFORMIS, ĕ. *Transformed.* Illĕ sŭum fāciem transformĭs ādultĕrāt artĕ. *O.*

TRANSFORMO, as. *To transform.* Omnā transformat sese in miracŭlā rerum. *V.* *See* MUTO.

TRANSFŎRO, as. *To bore through, pierce through* (Pectŭs) Transfŏrāt, et voces venturæ sed. ictu Hastā. *Sil.* *See* CONFODIO.

TRANSFŬGA, æ. *m.* *A deserter*; a runa. Transfŭgā divĭtum Partes linquĕrĕ gestit. ∾ mundi. *L.* Pisæ. *St.* [† Fŭgĭtīvus, fŭgĭens.]

TRANSFŬGIO, Is. (Fŭgĭo.) *To pass over to the enemy, to desert.* Lit. and fig. Illĭūs ŏcŭli ad aures . . . transfugerĕ ād nos. *Pl.* [† Transi *or* descisco.]

TRANSFUMO, as. *To smoke through, steam through.* Claustrāquĕ compressæ transfumāt ānĭmĭ iræ. *St.*

TRANSFUNDO, Is, udi, usum. 1. *To pour out one vessel into another, to pour into. To transfuse, transfer.* Lit. and fig. Seu te Cerĕs Magnĕ, Accĭpĭet, nostraquĕ mānu transfūsā In urnam. *L.* [† Fundo, infundo.] 2. *To pour troops over a country.* ∾ agmĭnā ĭn campos. [† Effundo.]

TRANSGRĔDĬŎR, ĕrĭs. (Grādĭŏr.) *To pass by, beyond; to surmount.* Custodes transgressi centes. *Tib.* *See* TRANSEO, SUPERO.

TRANSĬGO, Is, egi, actum. 1. *To thrust or drive through.* Bellatorem ālăcer per pectŏrā transĭgit ensem. *Sil.* [† Trajĭcĭo, transmitto.] 2. *To pierce.* Viscĕrā ∾-It ensis. *Sil.* *See* CONFODIO. 3. *To pass over* or *through* (of space or time) ∾ certamĭnā campi cursu; ævum venatĭōnĭbus. [† Traduco, duco, exĭgo, ăgo, &c.] 4. *To perform, accomplish, bring to an end.* *Ter.* [† Confĭcĭo, pĕrĭgo, absolvo, &c.] *See* FINIO.

TRANSĬLĬO, is, ŭi (ivi *or* ĭi. *Pl.*). Intr. and tr. 1. *To leap over, beyond*, or *across; to pass quickly* or *pass over.* Lit. and fig. Cĕlĕres cognĭtā transīlĭt umbras (hastā). *V.* Transĭlĭ flammas. *O.* Rātes ∾-unt vādā. *H.* [† Transĕo, transgrĕdĭŏr, transcendo, transcurro, prætĕrĕo, sūpĕro.] 2. *To pass over without notice.* Proxĭmā pars vitæ ∾-endā mĕæ est. *O.* [† Transĕo, prætĕrĕo, &c.]

TRANSĬTIO, onis. *f.* *A passing over from one place to another, a passage.* Multāquĕ corpŏrĕ bus transĭtĭonĕ nŏcent. *O.*

TRANSĬTUS, us. *m.* 1. *A passing* or *going over, a passage.* Quod dātŭs est verbis ād āmnĭs transĭtŭs aures. *O.* [† Transĭtĭo.] Fig. 2. *A transition.* Quis ∾ indĕ pāratur? *O.* 3. *The passing* or *blending of one colour into another.* ∾ ipsē lumĭnā fallĭt. *O.*

TRANSLATICIUS, or TRALATICIUS, ā, um. *Traditional, customary, usual.* Di sunt lŏcuti more translatitio. *Ph.* [† Solennis, sŏlĭtus, usitatus, vulgarĭs.]

TRANSLUCĔO, es. 1. *To shine through, to be transparent.* In lĭquĭdis translucĕt āquis, ŭt ĕbŭrnĕā si quis Signā tĕgāt (vĭtro). *O.* *See* PERLUCEO. 2. *To reflect itself*, or *be reflected.* E spĕcŭlo: spĕcŭlum ∾-ĕt Imago. *Lr.*

TRANSMITTO, Is, isi, issum. 1. *To send, bring, convey over* or *across; to transport.* Quibus transmissæ stĕtĕrĭnt trans æquŏrā classes. *V.* ∾ cursum (orantes). *V.* bellā Philĭppos. *L.* ∾ fulgŭrā silvæ. *St.* [† Trajĭcĭo, transfĕro; transvĕho, transporto.] 2. *To hand down, bring on, transmit; to make over to another.* ∾ fāmĭlam ci hābendam. *V.* signā. *Sil.* qd ci hābĕrĕ. [† Trado, rĕlinquo.] 3. *To thrust* or *drive one thing through another.* ∾ fācem pĕr pectŭs. *Sen.* [† Immitto, injĭcĭo, trajĭcĭo, transīgo.] 4. *To pass* or *go over* or *across any thing, to step, climb over*, &c. ∾ campos cursu (de cervis). *V.* flŭvĭum nando; murales fossas saltu; flumĭna disco. *St.* quantum mĕdĭi cœli fundā pŏtest. *O.*

[† Trajĭcĭo, transĕo, prætĕrĕo, sŭpĕro, transcurro, percurro, &c.] *See* TRANSEO. **5.** *To pass, spend* (of time). ~ stĕrĭles annos. *St.* [† Transĭgo, traduco, ăgo, duco, &c.] **6.** *To pierce through.* ~ crates (de cuspĭdĕ); cuspĭdĕ pectŭs. *Sil. See* CONFODIO. **7.** *To pass over, pass by in silence* or *indifference.* ~ imbelles vĭtŭlos (*of the lion*). *St.* (Bacchi) hŏnores. *Sil.* [† Prætĕrĕo, prætermitto, ŏmitto, transĕo, &c.]

TRANSMUTO, as. *To change from one place* or *person to another, to transfer; to change.* Transmutăt incertos hŏnores, Nunc mĭhĭ, nunc ălĭis bĕnignă. *H.* ~-ans dextĕrĕ lævis. *Lr.* [† Muto, transfĕro.]

TRANSPĂDANUS, ă, um. *Beyond the Po.* Aut Transpădanŭs, ut mŏos quŏque attingam. *Cat.*

TRANSPECTUS, us. *m. A seeing through, a view through.* Janŭă quum per se transpectum præbĕt ăpertum. *Lr.*

TRANSPĬCĬO, ĭs. *To see through* or *beyond.* Quod gĕnŭs illă, fŏris quæ vere transpĭcĭuntŭr. *Lr.*

TRANSPORTO, as. *To transport, convey across* or *beyond.* Nec ripas dăturĭ horrendas, et raucă flŭentă Transportarĕ prĭus, quam &c. (sc. portarĕ ănĭmas trans &c.) *V.* [† Trajĭcĭo, transmitto, transvĕho, transfĕro.]

TRANSTĪBĔRINUS, ă, um. *Beyond* or *across the Tiber.* Pulchrĕ quĭdem, verum transtĭbĕrină dŏmŭs. *M.*

TRANSTRĂ, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *The benches* or *seats for rowers.* Præcĭpĭtes vĭgĭlatĕ, vĭri, et consĭdĭtĕ transtris. *V.* **2.** Sts. sing. Cœnă sĭt ĭn transtro. *Pers.*

TRANSUMO, ĭs. *To take over; to take to oneself from another, to assume.* Hastam læva transumĭt, ĕt alto Desĭlŭit curru. *St.* ~ mutatos cultus. *St.*

TRANSŬO, ĭs. *To pierce through with any pointed instrument.* Vĕrŭbus transută sălignis Extă pĕrant. *O.* ~ pĕdes ferro. *Sen.*

TRANSVĔHO, ĭs, exi, ectum. **1.** *To transport* or *convey across* or *over; to bring, conduct from one point to another.* Flumĭnĕam texit, quæ transvĕhăt agmĭnă, classem. *Sil.* Agmĭnă quæ Mulvĭŭs aggĕr ~-ĭt (*the bridge*). *St.* [† Trajĭcĭo, transmitto, prætervĕho, transporto, &c.] **2.** Transvĕhŏr, *as.* Transvectŭs. Used in a mid. sense. *To drive, ride, pass over* or *by a place* (*i. e.* to be conveyed by horse, ship, &c.). Nemŏ hæc est ~-ŭs cærŭlă cursu. *Cic.* (*Fin.* 5.) ~-ă partem circi quĭevĭt. *St.* Sirenum cantus. *Cl.* [† Prætervĕhŏr, transĕo, &c.] *See* TRANSEO.

TRANSVERBĔRO, as. *To pierce* (strike) *through.* Adversi longa transverbĕrăt abiĕtĕ pectŭs. *V.* Transverbĕrăt oră Tĕlonĭs. *Sil. See* CONFODIO.

TRANSVERSUS, ă, um. *part. from* Transverto. Used also adj. **1.** *Transverse, side-ways, across; in a cross* or *oblique direction.* Nam transvorsă fĕros exibant dentĭs ăductus Jumentă. *Lr.* Allĭnĕrĕ atrum ~-o cĕllămo signum (versĭbŭs). *H.* [† Obliquŭs.] **2.** Ex transverso (*Lr.*), transversum, *or* transversă, *as adv.* = oblique. ~-ă frĕmunt (mutati venti); tŭentĭbŭs hircis. *V.* **3.** Fig. *Turned aside from the right course, straying away.* ~-o mentem dŭbĭam torrentĕ tălerunt. *L.*

TRANSVŎLITO, as. *To fly across, beyond,* &c. Clausă dŏmorum Transvŏlĭtant: rĭgĭdum &c. *Lr. See* TRANSVOLO.

TRANSVŎLO, as. **1.** *To fly across, beyond, over; to pass through* or *over.* Lit. and fig. Importunŭs ĕnim transvŏlăt arĭdas Quercus. *H.* (Vĭtri fŏramĭnă) spĕcĭes quæ travŏlăt omnĭs. *Lr.* ~ prŏpĭorem hostem (de hasta). *Sil.* [† Transĕo, transcurro, trajĭcĭo; *sts.* prætĕrĕo.] **2.** Fig. *To pass by, take no notice of.* ~ ĭn mĕdĭo pŏsĭtă. *H. See* PRÆTEREO.

TRĂPETUM, i. *n. An oil press; any press.* Tĕrĭtur Sĭcyŏnĭă baccă trăpetis. *V.*

TRASĬMENUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A lake of Etruria, near Perusia, now Lago di Perugia, where Annibal defeated the Romans.* Nullănĕ nunc Trĕbĭæ et Trăsĭmeni nomĭnă? *Sil.* **Crel.** Mæŏnĭŭs *or* Lydĭŭs lăcŭs. **2.** Used adj. *O.*

TRĔBIA, æ. *f. A river of Italy, where Annibal defeated the Romans.* Insŭpĕr et Trĕbĭæ nomĕn delerĕ mĭnarĭs. *Sil.*

TRĔCENI (distrib.), *and* **TRĔCENTI,** æ, ă. *Three hundred each; three hundred; hundreds.* Non si trĕcenis, quotquŏt ĕunt dĭes, ˇAmicĕ, places illăcrĭmabĭlem Plutonă tauris. *H.* Ast Ilvă trĕcentos (jŭvĕnes dĕdĕrăt). *V.* [† Tercentum, tercenteni.]

TRĔCENTIES. *adv. Three hundred times.* Dŭcentĭes cŏmessĕt aut trĕcentĭes. *Cat.*

TRĔCHĔDIPNUM, i. *n. A light garment worn by parasites at dinner.* Rustĭcŭs illĕ tŭus sumit trĕchĕdipnă, Quĭrinĕ. *J.*

TRĔMĔBUNDUS, ă, um. *Quivering, trembling.* Dum dŭbĭtat, trĕmĕbundă vĭdet pulsarĕ crŭentum Membră sŏlum. *O.* ~-ă sŭpervŏlăt hastă. *Sil. See* TREMULUS, TREMEFACTUS.

TRĔMĔFĂCIO, ĭs. **1.** *To cause to shake, tremble.* Annŭĭt, et totum nutu trĕmĕfecĭt ŏlympum. *V.* [† Quătĭo, concŭtĭo, quasso, mŏvĕo.] **2.** *To cause to tremble with fear.* Lernam trĕmĕfecĕrĭt arcu. *V. See* TERREO.

TRĔMENDUS, ă, um. *Formidable, terrible.* Ingressus, Manesquĕ ădĭit regemquĕ trĕmendum. *V. See* TERRIBILIS.

TRĔMISCO, ĭs. **1.** Intr. *To begin to quake, tremble.* Tŏnĭtruquĕ trĕmiscunt Ardŭă terrarum. *V.* ~ omnem ăd strĕpĭtum. *O. See* TREMO. **2.** Tr. *To fear, be afraid of.* ~ Phrygĭă armă. *V.*

TRĔMO, ĭs, ŭi. **1.** Intr. *To quiver, shake, tremble.* Scŭtă sŏnant, pulsuquĕ pĕdum trĕmĭt excĭtă tellus. *V.* ~-unt sŭb dentĭbŭs artus. *V.* Armorum rădĭis ~-ĕbăt ăquă. *Pp.* [† Trĕmisco, intrĕmo, contrĕmo, trĕpĭdo, ăgĭtŏr, mŏvĕŏr, commŏvĕŏr, crispŏr; *sts.* (*of flesh*, &c., *quivering* or *throbbing*) sălĭo, subsălĭo, palpĭto, singulto, mĭco.] **2.** *To quake, tremble* (from fear). ˇEt cordĕ ĕt gĕnĭbŭs ~-ĭt. *H.* [† Trĕmisco, contrĕmisco, trĕpĭdo, horrĕo.] Phr. Trĕmŏr -me invadĭt:—totum corpŭs possĭdĕt;—pĕr artus (ossă) văgŭs errăt;—orā ĕt artus quătĭt horrĭdŭs (gĕlĭdŭs invadĭt);—pĕr imă ossă currĭt gĕlĭdŭs. Intrĕmŭerĕ gĕnŭă. Cŏr sălĭt attŏnĭtum. *See* TERREOR. **3.** Tr. ~ Junonem offensam. *O.* ~-unt te Stygĭæ lăcus. *V. See* TIMEO.

TRĔMŎR, orĭs. *m.* **1.** *A tremulous, quivering motion.* Nonnĕ vĭdes ut totă trĕmor pertentăt æquorum Corpŏrā? *V.* Mănĭbŭs ~ incĭdĭt. *H.* **2.** *An earthquake. See* TERRÆMOTUS. **3.** *The trembling of fear.* ~ antĕ tŭbam occŭpăt artus. *V.* me invasĭt. *O.* [† Horrŏr.] *See* TREMO, TERROR. **4.** *An object of fear.* Silvarum trĕmŏr (Cacŭs). *M.* [† Terrŏr, horrŏr, tĭmŏr, &c.]

TRĔMŬLUS, ă, um. **1.** *Having a tremulous, quivering, flickering motion* (used of the motion of water, light, fire, as well as of substances shaking). Ut mŭrĕ fit trĕmŭlum, tĕnŭi cum stringĭtŭr aura. *O.* ~-æ flammæ. *V.* ~-o funĕ contentæ cărinæ. *L.* [† Trĕmĕbundŭs, trĕmens, trĕmiscens, trĕpĭdans, motŭs, ăgĭtatŭs; *sts.* crispŭs, crispatŭs, vĭbrans; *sp.* (*of flesh*) palpĭtans, singultans, sălĭens, &c.] **2.** *Tremulous from age.* ~-o vĕnĭt passu (sĕnĭlis Hĭems). *O.* Incurvŭs, ~, lăbĭlis demissis. *Tar.* [† Trĕmens, trĕmĕbundŭs.] **3.** Sts. *Tremulous from fear.* ~-as

mānus annisquē mētuquē tendīt. *O.* [† Trēmens, &c.] *See* TERRITUS.

TRĒPĬDO, as. **1.** Intr. *To quiver, beat, throb.* Sentīt ādhuc trēpĭdārē nōvo sub cortĭcĕ pectŭs. *O.* Consŭlĕrē ∾-antīā extā. *O. See* TREMO. **2.** *Used of the motion of fire, water, light,* &c. ∾-ant flammæ fumum rōtantes. *H.* Lăborāt lymphā ∾ obliquo rivo. *H. See* TREMO. **3.** *To be in a hurrying, bustling, excited state; to run to and fro.* Dum ∾-ant alæ &c. (*are full of the excitement of the chace.*) *V.* Vastis ∾-atŭr ĭn arvis. *Sil.* [† Concurso, cursĭto.] **4.** *To hurry, hasten to do any thing.* Ne ∾-ātĕ naves defendĕrē. *V. See* FESTINO. **5.** *To tremble with fear.* ∾ ingenti mētu. *O.* In dŭbĭis pĕrĭclis. *L. See* TERREOR. **6.** Tr. *To dread, tremble at.* ∾ ārundĭnis umbram. *J. With inf.* ∾ occurrĕrē morti. *St. See* TIMEO.

TRĒPĬDUS, ă, um. **1.** *Shaking, quivering; throbbing;* (of water) *bubbling,* &c. Aspĕrā linguā tūmēt, trēpĭdisque arentīā venis Ora pătent. *O.* Despumarē undam ∾-i ăhenī. *V. See* TREMULUS. **2.** *In a hurry, in commotion, in agitation.* Nos fŭgam ∾-i cĕlĕrārē. *V.* ∾-æ intēr se cēdunt. ∾ ět cœptis effĕrā Dido. *V.* [† Trēpĭdans, festinans, festinŭs.] **3.** Trēpĭdæ res. *A critical state of affairs, a state of danger.* ∾-is rebŭs –pĕtĕrē oracŭlā. *Tib.* –apes unĭcā. *Sil.* and *H.* **4.** *Uneasy* or *anxious* (about), *in fear for* (with gen.). Illæ intŭs ∾-æ rerum. *V.* ∾ sālutis. *Sil.* [† Turbatŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs, anxĭŭs.] **5.** *Trembling with fear.* ∾-i formidĭnē. *V. See* TERRITUS. **6.** *That which causes fear.* Quīd ∾-æ noctes mīnantŭr. *St.*

TRES, trīā, trĭum, trĭbŭs, &c. **1.** *Three.* Et dīgĭtis trīā turā trĭbus sub lumĭnē ponīt. *O.* Tres æquālĭum nūmĕro turmæ. *V.* [† Terni, æ, ă.] **2.** Ext. *A few.* Verbis chartā nŏtātā trĭbŭs. *O.*

TRESSIS, Is. *m. Three asses;* hence, *worthless.* Hic Dama est, non tressis āgaso. *Pers.*

TREVĬR, Īri. *m.;* **TREVĬRI,** orum. *pl. One of the people,* or *the people, of Gallia Belgica, giving the name to the present Trèves.* Tu quŏquē, lætatus converti prœlīā, Trevīr. *L.*

TRIANGŬLUS, ă, um. *Triangular.* Cetĕrā sunt sĭmĭlī rātĭonē trĭangŭlā signā. *Man.*

TRIBŬLIS, ĕ. *Of the same tribe;* hence, *of the lower class of people.* Nunc ănŭs, et trēmŭlo vix accĭpĭendā trĭbŭli. *M.*

TRIBŬLUM, i. *n. A threshing-machine.* Tribŭlāque, trăhĕrque, ět Iniquo pondĕrē rastri. *V.* [† Tribŭlā, æ.]

TRIBŬLUS, i. *m. A kind of prickly weed,* or *a thistle.* Lappæque, trĭbŭlique interquē nĭtentīā cultā. *V.*

TRIBUNĀL, ālis. *n. A tribunal,* or *magistrate's seat.* Quod făcĭat magnas turpē trĭbunāl ŏpes. *O.* [† *Sts.* Curŭlis.] *See* C.

TRIBUNĀTUS, us. *m. The tribuneship.* Non consŭlātŭs ipsē, non trĭbunātŭs. *M.*

TRIBUNĬCIUS, *or* **TRIBUNĬTIUS,** ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to a tribune.* Sævā trĭbunĭcio mādŭerunt robŏrā tabo. *L.*

TRIBUNUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A tribune.* Sumĕrē depŏsĭtum clavum, flĕriquē trĭbunum. *H.* **2.** *A military tribune.* Sub quo mĕrŭissē trĭbunum Glorĭŏr. *O.*

TRIBŬO, Is, i, utum. **1.** *To give, to give as due, to grant.* Donā trĭbuturum posthac se tallā nulli. *O.* ∾ vŏcabŭlā monti; qd matrĭs prĕcĭbŭs. *O.* Vitam quam ∾-Is. *L.* [† Do, largĭŏr, dono, præbĕo, concedo, impertĭo *or* impertĭŏr, præsto, defĕro, attrĭbŭo, addo, permitto, condono.] *See* DO. **2.** *To attribute.* His sensum ∾-ebant. *Lr.* [† Attrĭbŭo, assigno.]

TRIBUS, us. *f. A Roman tribe* (the people having been originally divided into three). Claudĭā nunc a quo diffundĭtŭr et trĭbŭs et gen[illegible] **2.** Pl. *The common people* (as opposed to the Patres, Equites). *M. St. See* TRIBULIS. **3.** *Any special set* or *class of persons.* Grammĭcas ambirē trĭbus (*the grammarians*). *H.*

TRIBUTIM. *By tribes.* Primores pŏpŭli simul pŏpŭlumquē trĭbutim. *H.*

TRIBUTUM, i. *n. A tax* or *tribute.* Lit. and fig. Et Vĕnŭs e tota gentē trĭbutā pĕtīt. *O.* Trĭc[illegible] frenarē ∾-is. *St.* [† Ærā; *sts.* vect.gāl.]

TRICÆ, arum. *f. pl.* **1.** *Trifles, fooleries, bagatelles.* Sunt āplnæ tricæque, et si quid [illegible] istis. *M.* [† ˘Aplĭnæ.] *See* A. **2.** *Perplexities, quirks, subterfuges. Pl.* [† Impēdimenta; [illegible] bages.]

TRICENI, æ, ă. *Thirty* (distrib.), *thirty each.* [illegible] tūā tricenos largitur sportūlā nummos. *M.* [illegible] TRIGINTA.

TRICEPS, ĭpĭtis. *Having three heads.* Tuque, [illegible] ceps Hĕcāte, quæ cœptis conscĭā nostris &c. [illegible]

TRICESIMUS, *or* **TRIGESIMUS,** ă, um. *The [illegible] tieth.* Aut mīnŭs, aut certe non plus tricesi[illegible] lux est. *M.* ∾-ă sabbātā. *H.* [† Terdens.]

TRICHĬLA, æ. *f.,* *and* **TRICHILUM,** i. *n. A [illegible] a bower.* At qui sub trĭchĭla manantem rec[illegible] undam. *Col.* **Phr.** Lectŭlŭs ĭn secreta [illegible]

TRĬCHORUM, i. *n.* (τρίχωρον.) *A house divided into three apartments.* Aut quid partitis [illegible] tectā trĭchoris? *St.*

TRICIES. *adv. Thirty times.* Supremas tŭlī [illegible] In anno Signanti tābŭlas. *M.*

TRICLINIUM, Ii. *n.* **1.** *A couch for three at table.* Stratāquē non unas cingunt triclinĭā Bacchi. *M.* **2.** *A dining-room.* Triclini limīnā. *Lucr.* and *Varr.*

TRĬCORPŎR, ŏris. *m. f. n. Having three bodies.* In formā trĭcorpŏris umbræ. *V.* [† Trĭformis, [illegible] gĕmĭnŭs, trĭplex.]

TRĬCUSPIS, idis. *m. f. n. Three-pointed.* Pŏ[illegible] quē trĭcuspĭdē telo (*of Neptune's trident*). [illegible] *See* TRIDENS.

TRĬDENS, tis. **1.** *Having three teeth, three-pronged.* Convulsum remis rostrisquē trĭdentĭbŭs æq[illegible] *V.* [† Trĭcuspis, trĭfĭdŭs.] **2.** Used subst. *Neptune's trident.* Emotā trĭdenti fundam[illegible] (Trojæ). *V.* [† Fuscĭnā.] **Ep.** Neptundĭ[illegible] lĭdŭs, pŏtens, sævŭs. **Crel.** Trĭfĭdā (trip[illegible] trĭsulcā) cuspis *or* hastā. Trĭplex *or* tri[illegible] telum. **3.** *A weapon belonging to the gladiator* retiarius. *J.*

TRIDENTIFĔR, *and* **TRIDENTIGĔR,** ĕrā, ĕrum. *Trident-bearing.* Regnā vāgæ, dixi, sortītĭ [illegible] dentĭfĕr undæ. *O.* Cumquē Trĭdentĭgĕro [illegible] gĕnĭtorē prŏfundi. *O.*

TRIDENTIPŎTENS, tis. *Mighty with the trident.* Divē trĭdentĭpŏtens, cujus mārĭa irē pĕr [illegible] Ordimŭr. *Sil.*

TRIDŬUM, i. *n. A space of three days.* Si tot [illegible] tridŭo lĕgatŭr! *M.*

TRIENNIUM, Ii. *n. A space of three years;* hence *a feast recurring every three years.* Ism[illegible] cĕlĕbrant rĕpĕtītā trĭennĭā Bacchæ. *O.* [† Trĭ[illegible] terīs.] *See* T. *and* TRIETERICUS.

TRIENS, tis. *m.* **1.** *The third of a pound* = four *ounces.* Ponderĭbus justis fac sĭt ŭterquē trĭ[illegible] *O.* **2.** *The third of an* as. Nĕc hābĕt, quæ porrīgāt, orē trĭentem. *J.* **3.** *The third of a* sextarius = *four* cyathi; hence, *the cup* or *[illegible]* (of wine, &c.) *containing so much.* Multis exc[illegible] trĭentĭbŭs horā. *Pp. See* CYATHUS. **4.** *The third part of any whole.*

TRIĒTĒRICUS, ă, um. (τριετηρικός.) *That takes place every three years, triennial;* used also absol. = t. sacrā. Audito sīmŭlant trĭēterĭcā Bacchi Orgĭā. *V.* Rĕfĕrens ∾-ă Baccho. *O.* [† Trĭennālis, trĭēterīs.] *See* ORGIA.

Trĭĕtĕrĭs, ĭdĭs. *f.* (τριετηρίς.) *A space of three years;* hence, *a triennial feast.* Cum trĭbŭs Eleis unam trĭĕtĕrĭdă lustris. *St.* Rĕcŏlĭt ∾ ˘Ophelten. *St.* [† Trĭennĭum.] *See* Trieterĭcus.

Trĭfaux, aucĭs. *Three-throated.* Cerbĕrŭs hæc ingens latratu regnă trĭfauci Persŏnăt. *V.*

Trĭfĭdŭs, ă, um. *Cleft in three; three-pronged, three-forked.* Nalděs Hespĕrĭæ trĭfĭda fumantĭă flamma Corpŏră dant tŭmŭlo (*of forked lightnings*). *O.* ∾ hastă (Neptuni). *V. Fl.* Linguă mĭcăt ∾-o motu. *Sil.* [† Trĭcuspĭs, trĭsulcŭs; *ext.* trĭplex.]

Trĭfilis, ĕ. *Having three threads* or *hairs.* Calvam trĭfĭlem segmentatŭs unguento. *M.*

Trĭformis, ĕ. *Of three forms, shapes,* or *bodies.* Jupĭtĕr arces Tempĕrăt æthĕrĭas et mundi regnă trĭformĭs. *O.* Divă trĭformĭs (Hĕcăte). *H.* [† Trĭplex, tergĕmĭnŭs; *sts.* trĭcorpŏr.]

Triginta. *indecl. Thirty.* Triginta magnos volvendis mensĭbŭs orbes. *V.* **Crol.** Tĕr denĭ, æ, ă.

Trĭlibris, ĕ. *Weighing three pounds.* Laudas, insanĕ, trĭlibrem Mullum. *H.*

Trĭlinguis, ĕ. *Having three tongues.* Sănĭesquĕ manĕt Orĕ trĭlingui. *H.*

Trĭlix, icĭs. *Made of three threads, having a triple warp.* Loricam consertam hamis auroquĕ trĭlicem. *V.*

Trĭmestris, ĕ. *Of three months.* Trĭă Punĭcă bellă; trĭmestres Annorum cœliquĕ vĭces. *Aus.*

Trĭmĕtĕr, *and* **Trĭmĕtrŭs**, ă, um. (τρίμετρος.) *Trimeter, containing three metres.* Undĕ ĕtĭam trĭmĕtris accrescĕrĕ nomĕn Jussit Iambeis. *H. See* Iambus.

Trĭmŭs, ă, um. *Three years old.* Quæ vĕlut latis ĕquă trimă campis. *H.*

Trĭnăcrĭa, *and* **Trĭnacrĭa**, æ. *f.*; *and* **Trĭnăcrĭs**, ĭdĭs. *f. Sicily, so called from its three promontories.* Trĭnăcrĭa fines ˘Itălos mittĕrĕ rĕlicta. *V.* Trĭnăcrĭs, a pŏsĭtu nomĕn ăděptă sŭo. *O.* **Crol.** Terră Trĭnăcrĭs. *See* Sicilia.

Trĭnăcrĭŭs, *and* **Trĭnacrĭŭs**, ă, um; *and* **Trĭnăcrĭs**, ĭdis. *adj. f. Sicilian.* Nos quŏquĕ Trĭnăcrĭæ suppŏsŭissĕt ăquæ. *O.* Quum tantum arderem quantum Trinacrĭă rupes. *Cat.* Trĭnăcrĭs Hyblă. *O. See* Siculus.

Trĭnĭtas, atĭs. *f. Eccl.* 1. *A company of three.* Mox et trĭformĭs angĕlorum trĭnĭtas. *Prud.* [† Trĭăs.] 2. Us. *The Holy Trinity.* **Crol.** Trĭnŭs Dĕŭs. **Phr.** Gĕnĭtŏr, Natusquĕ ĕt Spirĭtŭs Sanctŭs. Ună ĭn Personis trĭbŭs Dĕĭtas. Ună trĭum Dĕĭtas, ună Essentĭă.

Trĭnoctĭalis, ĕ. *Of three nights.* Offensus gĕnĭtor trĭhoctĭali Affecit dŏmĭcœnĭo clientem. *M.*

Trĭnoctĭum, ĭi. *n. A space of three nights.* Trină Tĕrentino cĕlĕbrătă trĭnoctĭă ludo. *Aus.*

Trĭnodis, ĕ. *Having three knots* or *joints;* hence, *of three syllables.* Ossă mĕi fratris clava perfractă trĭnodi. *O.* ∾-ĭs dactylŭs. *Aus.*

Trĭnŭs, ă, um. *St.*, *and* **Trini**, æ, ă. *Three* (distrib.), *three each; triple.* Quæ trino jŭvĕnis fŏro tŏnabas. *St.* Nomĭnă trină fĕro: sic vŏlŭĕrĕ Cŭres. *O.* Cornŭă trină. *O.* [† Tres, trĭplex.]

Trĭones, um. *m. pl.* 1. *The Greater and the Lesser Bear* (constellations). Arcturum, plŭvĭasque Hyădas, gĕmĭnosquĕ Trĭones. *V. See* Ursa. 2. Sing. *See* Septentrio.

Trĭpectŏrŭs, ă, um. *Three-breasted.* Quidvĕ trĭpectŏră tergĕmĭni vis Geryŏnæ? *Lr.*

Trĭpes, ĕdis. *m. f. n. Having three feet.* Mŏdŏ sit mĭhĭ mensă trĭpes, ĕt Conchă sălis puri! *H.* ∾ grăbatŭs ĕt bĭpes mensă. *M.*

Trĭplex (**Triplex** *mus.*), icis. *m. f. n.* 1. *Triple, threefold.* Nec me pastorĭs ˘Iberi Formă trĭplex, nec formă trĭplex tŭă, Cerbĕrĕ, movĭt. *O.* Săcră ∾-ĭs Dĭanæ. *O.* [† Tergĕmĭnŭs; *sts.* trĭplŭs.] 2. *Three together.* Pœnarum dĕæ ∾-es. *O.* ∾-i pollĭcĕ netĭs ŏpŭs (*of the three Fates*). *O.* 3. Trĭplĭces. *m. pl. A writing-tablet of three leaves.* ∾-es nostros non villă donă pŭtabĭs. *M.*

Triptŏlĕmŭs, i. *m. Son of Celeus, king of Eleusis, and inventor of agriculture. C. D.* Trĭptŏlĕmum grĕmĭo sustŭlĭt illă sŭo. *O.* **Phr.** Pŭĕr ăratri monstratŏr.

Trĭpŭdĭum, ĭi. *n. A dance* or *dancing;* us. *in religious ceremonies.* Quo nos dĕcet cĭtatis cĕlĕbrarĕ trĭpŭdĭis. *Cat.*

Trĭpus, ŏdis. *m.* 1. *The tripod of the Pythia at Delphi; the oracle itself; any oracle.* Qui trĭpŏdas, Clărĭi lauros, qui sidĕră sentis. *V.* Mittĭtŭr ăd ∾-as. *O.* [† Cortină.] *See* Delphi, Oraculum. 2. *A seat of the same shape, and a mark of honour.* Donarem ∾-as, præmĭă fortĭum Graiorum. *H.*

Trĭquĕtrŭs, ă, um. 1. *Three-cornered, triangular.* Essĕ trĭquetra ălĭis, ălĭis quadrată nĕcesse est. *Lr.* [† Trĭangŭlŭs.] Hence—2. *Sicilian.* Huc Ennæă cŏhors, Trĭquĕtris quam misĕrăt oris. *Sil.* [Used subst. f. for Sicily by *H.*, *Sat.* ii. 6, 55. *Milĭtĭbus promissă Trĭquetra Prædă.*]

Trĭremis, ĭs. *f. A trireme* (a ship with three banks of oars); *a ship.* Descendĭt ærata trĭremi. *H.* Nausĕăt ac lŏcŭples quem ducĭt priva trĭremis. *H.* **Phr.** Cui terno ordĭnĕ remi consurgunt.

Triscurrĭa, orum. *n. pl. Great buffooneries.* Qui sĕdĕt et spectat triscurrĭă patrĭcĭorum. *J.*

Tristĕ. *adj. n. as adv. Sadly, sorrowfully; harshly.* Quid fles Anxĭă captiva tristĭŭs Andrŏmăcha? *Pp.* ∾ ĕt ăcutum rĕsŏnarĕ. *H.* mĭcant enses. *St.*

Tristĭficŭs, ă, um. *That makes sad.* Tristĭfĭcas certant Neptuno redděrĕ voces. *Cic.* (*Div.*) *See* Tristis.

Tristis, ĕ. 1. *Sad, sorrowful* (the state of feeling). Supplĭcĭter tristes, et tunsæ pectŏră palmis. *V.* [† Mœstŭs, mœrens, afflictŭs, dŏlens, anxĭŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs.] **Crol.** Mœrorĕ *or* tristĭtĭa –pressŭs, dejectŭs, gĕmens. Luctu oppressŭs. Mentĕ jăcens. Saucĭŭs ăcerbo ictu. Cui frons tristĭs, *or* nubĭlă, *or* lætă pĕrum. Cui dejecto vultu lumĭnă. Qui vulnŭs inconsolabĭlĕ mentĕ gĕrĭt. 2. *Grave and severe of countenance;* fig. *grave, stern, morose.* Oderunt hĭlărem ∾-es ∾-emquĕ jŏcosi. *H.* Sermo mŏdŏ ∾ sæpĕ jŏcosŭs. *H.* [† Grăvis, sĕvĕrŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, horrĭdŭs.] 3. *Sad, afflicting, causing sorrow,* &c. ∾-i languerĕ morbo. *V.* ∾-ĭă fată. *O.* ∾-es cĕlendæ. *H.* [† Funestŭs, fatalis, infaustŭs, aspĕr, dirŭs, &c.] 4. *Alarming, fearful, dreadful,* &c. Rĕportarĕ ∾-ĭă dictă ăděytis. *V.* ∾ ˘Erinnys. ∾-es ursæ. *St.* [† Horrendŭs, horrĭdŭs, dirŭs, terrĭbĭlis, atĕr, sævŭs, mĭnax, mĕtŭendŭs, &c.] 5. *Baneful.* ∾ mĕdĭcamĕn. *O. See* Noxius. 6. *Used of what is bitter,* &c., *in taste.* ˘Allis quŏd tristĕ ĕt ămarum est. *Lr.* ∾ săpŏr. *O.* Savĭŏlum ∾-i ∾-ĭŭs hellĕbŏro. *Cat.* [† ˘Amarŭs, aspĕr, &c.] 7. *Vexed, offended, out of humour.* Illa mĭnatŭr Quæ sŏllĕt ingrato ∾ ămică vĭro. *Pp. See* Iratus.

Tristĭtĭa, æ. *f.* 1. *Sadness, sorrow.* Compescŭĭt omnem Res nŏvă tristĭtĭam. *O.* [† Mœrŏr, luctŭs, dŏlŏr; *sts.* anxĭĕtas, sollĭcĭtudo.] **Crol.** Vultus *or* frontĭs tristĭtĭă. Frons tristĭs *or* nubĭlă. Vultŭs –tristĭs, mœstŭs, nubĭlŭs. Frontĭs nubĭlă *or* nubes (*sing.*). *See* Dolor. 2. Sts. *Vexation, displeasure, anger. O. See* Tristis.

Trĭsulcŭs, ă, um. 1. *Cleft in three, three-pronged,* &c. Cui dextră trĭsulcis Ignĭbŭs armata est. *O.* Telă ∾-ă Jŏvi. *O.* [† Trĭcuspĭs, trĭfĭdŭs, trĭplex.] 2. *Used of the serpent's tongue.* Linguis mĭcăt orĕ ∾-is. *V.* 3. *An epithet of Sicily, as*

ingentem crateră mānĭbŭs; saxum hŭmo. *O.* Armā ĭn regem sustŭlĭt. *O.* [† Sublĕvo, fĕro, porto, &c.] 5. *To take up and acknowledge as one's child; to educate; to beget* or *bring into the world.* ∾ dulcem heredem cogĭtăt. *J.* Quem servā Lĭcymnĭā furtim sustŭlĕrăt. *V.* [† Edŭco *or* educo, ălo, &c.] *See* SUBLATUS, GIGNO. 6. *To take, appropriate.* ∾-ĕ, quæ debetŭr pars. *Pk.* hoc tĭbĭ dictum mĕmŏr. *H.* [† Sumo, căpĭo, accĭpĭo, aufĕro.] 7. *To bear away, carry off from a place.* Tollĭtĕ me, Teucri. *V.* [† Abduco, aufĕro.] 8. *To take away, put away, remove; to have done with.* ∾ phărĕtram cum telis. *O.* lumĕn e mĕdĭo; præmĭā. *J.* artes; mŏras; tædĭā. *O.* [† Aufĕro, demo, ădĭmo, ăbĭgo, arcĕo, pello, rĕmŏvĕo, supprĭmo, mitto, &c.] 9. *To take off, kill.* Non ĕgŏ tollendi (ĕos) causā, sĕd illĕ fŭĭt. *O. See* OCCIDO. 10. *To destroy, abolish, put an end to.* ∾ totos lĭbellos. *O.* morem barbărum. *H.* [† ˘Abŏlĕo, delĕo, rescindo, exstinguo, &c.]

TŎMACŬLUM, *and* TŎMACLUM, i. *n. M. A kind of sausage.* Exta et candĭdŭli divinā tŏmacŭlā porci. *J.*

TOMENTUM, i. *n. Stuffing for cushions, beds,* &c. Tomentum concisā pālus circensē vŏcatŭr. *M.*

TŎMŬS, i. *m. A volume of a book; a portion of paper* (some few sheets?). Scripturā quanti constĕt, ĕt tŏmus villĭs. *M.* [† Lĭbĕr, vŏlumĕn, &c.]

TŎMYRĬS, ĭs. *f. A Scythian queen, by whom the elder Cyrus was slain.* Nec qua regnā vāgo Tŏmyris finivĭt ˘Araxē. *Tib.*

TŎNANS. tĭs. *part. See* TONO. Used also adj. 1. *Thundering.* Subsidunt undæ, tŭmĭdumquē sŭb axē tŏnanti Sternĭtŭr æquŏr &c. *V.* 2. Used subst. m. *Jupiter.* ˘Ad magni tectā Tŏnantĭs. *O. See* JUPITER.

TONDĔO, es, tŏtondi, tonsum. 1. *To shear, to clip* (of animals). Barbas incanăquē mentā Cinyphĭi ∾-ent hirci setasquē cŏmantes. *V.* ∾ infirmas ŏves. *H.* [† Detondĕo.] 2. *To shave* (the beard), Candĭdĭŏr ∾-enti barbā căděbăt. *V.* Crcl. Barbam -sĕco, rĕsĕco, mĕto, fĭcĭo, rado, abrado, pono, abscindo; ferro sĕco, &c. Tonsori collum committo. 3. *To cut the hair.* Armā aptā căpillis tondendis. *M.* Crcl. Căpillos *or*

tundere. Quem super ingens P[illegible] *V.* ˘Ad omnĭā fulgŭrā pallent[illegible] &c. *J.* [† Intŏno.] Phr. *Of a[illegible] der and lightning.* Tŏnăt regĭā [illegible] trĕmunt pŏli. Miscetŭr cœlum m[illegible] Cœlum murmŭrā percurrunt. [illegible] rŭlā cœli. Cœlum (æther) sŭblĭt[illegible] curslbŭs) intŏnăt. Ignĕŭs æthe[illegible] rŭĭt. Rĕbŏăt pŏlŭs. Frăgŏr inge[illegible] plĕt. Trĕmiscunt ardŭā terrarun[illegible] gŏr cum sŏnĭtu vĕnĭt. Terrĭfĭci [illegible] Ignes nubĭbŭs exsĭlĭunt. Rŭăr[illegible] Jupĭtĕr ipsĕ tŭmultu rŭĭt. "*Nā[illegible] nā, grando, Et răpĭdi frĕmĭtu[illegible] plenā mĭnarum.*" *Lr.* 2. *To cau[illegible]* Răpĭdis ∾-ăt altŭs æquis (Jupĭtĭ[illegible] tŏno, fulmĭno.] Phr. Jupĭtĕr [illegible] tŏnĭtru clĕt;—fulmĭnā torquĕt [illegible] tŏnĭtrŭā ăgĭt;—cunctā (cœlum, [illegible] tŏnĭtru concŭtĭt;—nubĭlā igni (e[illegible] vĭdĭt;—tŏnantes æquos (vŏlŭcre[illegible] cœlum ăgĭt. *See* FULMINO. Fig. *re-echo, re-bellow.* ∾-ăt cœlum t[illegible] Ætnā. *V. See* SONO. 4. *To thun[illegible]* speaker). Proindĕ ∾-a elŏquĭo. [illegible] *utter with a voice of thunder; to [illegible] upon one, in appeal,* &c., *in su[illegible]* verbā fŏro. *Pp.* tercentum dĕos [illegible]

TONSA, æ. *f.* (*us. pl.*) *An oar.* In l[illegible] marmŏrē tonsæ. *V.* Percusso pec[illegible] *Fl.* [† Remŭs; *sts.* palmŭlā.]

TONSĬLIS, ĕ. *Shorn, clipped,* &c. [illegible] tăno tonsĭliquē buxeto. *M.* [† [illegible] rasĭlis, glăbĕr.]

TONSŎR, orĭs. *m., and* TONSTRI[illegible] *A barber,* &c. Văcŭa tonsorĭs [illegible] Crcl. Doctŭs căpillos rĕsĕcarĕ ([illegible] excŏlŭĭssē). *See* TONDEO.

TONSTRINA, æ. *f. A barber's shop.* [illegible]

TONSURA, æ. *f.* 1. *The act of cuttin[illegible]* Ne mălĕ deformet rĭgĭdos tonsur[illegible] 2. *Of shearing,* &c. A tĕpĭdis fi[illegible] *Calp.*

TŎRAL, ălis. *n. A coverlet, sofa-cove[illegible]* rĭas dărē circum illotā tŏralĭā v[illegible] turpē tŏral. *H.*

TŎREUMA, ătis. *n. Any work, embo[illegible]*

dŏlŏr, mălum.] 6. *A stimulating, quickening power.* Tu lenĕ ~-um ingĕnĭo admŏves. *H.*

TORNO, as. *To turn* (as in a lathe). Lit. and fig. Et mălĕ tornatos incudi reddĕrĕ versus. *H.* [† Rŏtundo.]

TORNUS, i. *m. A turner's lathe.* Lit. and fig. Aut torno rasilĕ buxum. *V.* Angusto versus includĕrĕ ~-o. *Pp.*

TŎROSUS, ă, um. *Muscular.* Collĕ tŏrosă bŏum. *O.* ~ jŭventus. *Pers.* [† Lăcertosus, nervosus.] *See* ROBUSTUS.

TORPENS, tis. *part. See* TORPEO; *and* TORPĬDUS, ă, um. *Aus. Torpid, benumbed, senseless.* Lit. and fig. Antrăque Musarum longo torpentĭă somno. *Cl.* Torpens săpŏr. *O.* [† Adstrictus, constrictus, stŭpĕfactus, stŭpĭdus, languens, immobĭlis, immotus, ĭners, ignavus, &c.]

TORPĔO, es, ŭi, *and* TORPESCO, ĭs. *To be torpid, benumbed, motionless; to be inactive; to be void of feeling.* Nec torperĕ grăvi passus sŭă regnă vĕterno. *V.* ~-ent ăd prœlĭă vires. *V.* ~ ănĭmo ĕt corpŏrĕ. *H.* Torpŭĕrant dŏlorĕ gĕnæ. *O.* ~-ŭĭt adstrictis ăquis (Hebrŭs). *Cl.* Sĕnĭo torpescĕrĕ rerum. *Sil.* [† Stŭpĕo, hærĕo, obtorpesco, languĕo, languesco; *sts.* adstringŏr, constringŏr, gĕlŏr.] Crel. Immobĭlis (immotus, defixus) -sum, hærĕo, mănĕo. Torpŏr membră (artus, corpŭs) -hăbĕt, allĭgăt, constringĭt, vincĭt (*from* vincĭo).] *See* STUPEO, GELOR.

TORPĬDUS, ă, um. *See* TORPENS.

TORPŎR, oris. *m. Torpor, want of feeling.* Et sĭmĭlis morti pectŏră torpŏr hăbĕt. *O.* [† Stŭpŏr, languŏr, ĭnertĭă, &c.]

TORQUATUS, ă, um. 1. *Wearing a collar* or *neck-chain;* and fig. *of the ring-dove. Pp.* Adfŭĭt Allecto brĕvĭbus torquată cŏlubris. *O.* Crel. Torquĕ ornatŭs *or* distinctŭs. 2. Subst. m. *Manlius Torquatus, so surnamed from the* torques *of which he spoiled the Gaul whom he slew. V.* Hence also—3. ~-ŭs, ă, um. *Of the family of the Torquati.* Corvinos ~-ăquĕ nomĭnă. *L.*

TORQUĔO, es, si, tum. 1. *To turn, to bend.* Taxi torquentŭr ĭn arcus. *V.* ~ proras ăd littŏră. *V.* orĕ ĕqui frenis. *O.* [† Intorquĕo, flecto, inflecto, incurvo, verto, inverto.] *See* FLECTO, VERTO. 2. *To turn aside, turn round* or *about.* ~ paulum ĭtĕr. *St.* aures ăb obscenis sermonĭbŭs. *H.* vestigĭă ăd sŏnĭtum. *V.* [† Averto, reflecto.] 3. *To distort.* ~ orĕ sensu ămaro. *V.* [† Distorquĕo.] 4. *To wind, to twist.* ~ stamĭnă pollĭcĕ. *O.* [† Volvo, verto, &c.] 5. *To curl.* ~ căpillos ferro. *O.* [† Vĭbro, crispo.] 6. *To whirl, roll along* or *round.* ~ saxă (*of a strong river*). *V.* sidĕrĕ cĕlĕri vŏlumĭnĕ. *O.* [† Volvo, circumăgo, verso, &c.] 7. *To direct, guide, govern.* ~-ĕt cunctă sŭb numĭnĕ sŭo (Jupĭtĕr); currus a tergo (stivă). *V.* 8. *To brandish, to hurl.* Lit. and fig. ~ spicŭlă cornu. *V.* telă mănu. *O.* sibĭlă (*of a snake*). *V. Fl.* [† Intorquĕo, contorquĕo, libro, vĭbro, &c.] *See* JACULOR. 9. *To carry* (of that which is heavy, and motion implied). ~ tĕgŭmĕn immanĕ lĕonĭs; axem stellis aptum (*of Atlas*). *V.* [† Sustĭnĕo, gesto, fĕro, &c.] 10. *To put to the torture, torture, torment.* Lit. and fig. ~ qm mĕro. *H.* Facto ~-ĕŏr ipsĕ mĕo. *O.* [† Cruclo, vexo, ango.]

TORQUES, *and* TORQUIS, ĭs. *m. f.* 1. *A neck-chain, a collar.* Aut torquis ăcĕmptæ, Aut corvi tĭtŭlos auxĭlĭaris hăbent. *O.* [† Mŏnĭlĕ.] *See* M. 2. *A collar for animals. V.* [† Circŭlŭs.] 3. Sts. *A wreath, a garland.* Ornatæ nexis ~-ĭbŭs arm. *V.* 4. Fig. *Used of the whirling, circling, &c., made by a moving body in water.* Vastis urgent immensi ~-ĭbŭs orbes (*of the whale*). *Man.* [† Orbĭs, gyrŭs.]

TORRENS, tis. *part. See* TORREO. Used also adj. 1. *Burning, blazing, hot.* Flammis torrentĭbŭs ignis. *V.* Cœli torrentissĭmŭs axis. *St. See* FERVIDUS. 2. Of water, &c. *Rushing in torrent, overflowing, violent.* ~-is ăquæ morĕ fŭrens. *V.* Quum torrentissĭmŭs exĭt pontĭbŭs. *St.* ~-es sanguĭnĕ campi. *Sil.* Torrentĭŭs (*adv.*) amnĕ rŭunt. *Cl.* [† Præceps, răpĭdŭs, vĕhĕmens, vĭŏlentŭs; *sat.* effusŭs.] Fig. 3. *Used of rapid, powerful eloquence; and of the rapid, powerful speaker.* Promptŭs ĕt læto ~-lŏr (sermo). *J.* Quem mirabantŭr ˘Athenæ ~-em (*of Demosthenes*). *J.* [† Præceps, vĕhĕmens, fervens; orĕ prŏfundo; rŭens immensŭs; orĕ prŏfundo r. i. *See* FACUNDUS. 4. Used subst. m. *A torrent.* Montano vertĭcĕ torrens. *V.* Quo saxă intŭlĕrat torrens. *V.* Torrentes immanĕ frĕmunt. *Cl.* Ep. Montanŭs, hibernŭs, sŭbĭtŭs; labens, cădens, rŭens, præceps; tŭmĭdŭs, frăgosŭs, sŏnorŭs, turbĭdŭs, spumans, spumĕŭs, răpax, răpĭdŭs, vĭŏlentŭs, fŭrens; rŭens de montĭbŭs; toto rŭens vortĭcĕ. Auctŭs undis plŭvĭălĭbŭs. A. sŏlutis de montĕ nĭvĭbŭs. ˘Itĕr stŭum pŏpŭlatŭs. Răpĭdŭs montano flumĭnĕ. Phr. Torrens -decursu răpĭdo fertŭr;—de montĭbŭs altis rŭĭt (rĕsŏnăt) spumosŭs;—exĭt ĭn campos vălgŭs;—avulsas ornos (montĭs fragmĭnă) volvĭt cum sŏnĭtu;—pĕr sătă, perquĕ vĭas fertŭr;—ăgros, bŏumquĕ lăbores sternĭt;—st. sătă lætă;—præcĭpĭtes trăhĭt silvas. *See* FLUVIUS, DILUVIUM.

TORREO, es, ŭi, tostum. 1. *To dry up with heat, to parch.* Jam răpĭdus torrens sĭtĭentes Sirĭŭs Indos. *V.* ~-ĕt sĭtĭs orĕ. *Pp. See* SICCO. 2. *To roast, bake,* &c. ~ fruges flammis; viscĕrĕ. *V.* furnis farrĕ. *O.* [† Cŏquo.] Crel. Verso ĭn ignĕ. 3. Sts. *To burn, to set on fire.* Lit. and fig. ~ carmĭnĕ flamma. *O.* ~-ĕt pectŏrĕ ămŏr. *O.* ~ qm făcĕ mutŭa. *H.* [† Uro, ăduro, incendo, &c.] *See* INCENDO, ARDEO.

TORRESCO, ĭs. *To begin to be roasted, baked,* &c. Ignĭbŭs impŏsĭtum călĭdis torrescĕrĕ flammis. *Lr.*

TORRĬDUS, ă, um. 1. *Dried up, parched.* Qua vĭdĕt Itălĭam, saxoso torrĭdă dorso. *Sil. See* ARIDUS. 2. *Parched with thirst.* ~-ă ĭn orĕ. *L. See* SITIENS. 3. *Roasted.* ~-ă farrĕ. *O.* [† Tostŭs.] 4. *Burnt up with heat, torrid.* ~ ăb igni (Zonă). *V.* [† Ustŭs, accensŭs, flăgrans, fervens, &c.] *See* FERVIDUS. 5. *Burning, making hot. Æstas* ~. *V.* 6. *Used of the action of intense cold.* ~ hĭems. *Calp.* [So ~ frigŏrĕ. *Liv.*]

TORRIS, ĭs. *m. A firebrand.* Flagrantem matĕr ăb ignĕ Erĭpŭit torrem. *O.* Ep. Accensŭs, fumans, flammans, ignĕŭs, ignitŭs.

TORTE. *Obliquely. Lr.*

TORTILIS, ĕ. *Twisted, wreathed; flexible.* Tortĭlĭs e dĭgĭtis excĭdĭt ansă mĕis. *O.* ~ aurum. *V.* [† Tortŭs, flexĭlis, făcĭlis, lentŭs.] *See* F. L.

TORTO, as. *To torture. Lr.*

TORTŎR, oris. *m.* 1. *One whose office it is to put to the torture; one who puts to the torture, a tormentor.* Lit. and fig. Tortorĕ vŏcato Urĭtŭr. *J. See* CARNIFEX. 2. Fig. ˘Anĭmo ~-ĕ. *J.*

TORTUS, ă, um. *part. See* TORQUEO. Used also adj. *Twisted, wreathed; winding;* hence, *intricate.* Torta rĕdĭmitus tempŏrĕ quercu. *V.* ~ funis. *V.* vĭă (Lăbŷrinthi). *Pp.* [† Tortĭlis, flexŭs; intortŭs, rĕtortŭs, sĭnŭosŭs, curvŭs.] *See* C.

TORTUS, us. *m. A winding, turning, twisting.* Quo suspensă trăhens libraret vulnĕrĕ tortu. *St.* Dăt corpŏrĕ tortus (serpens). *V.*

TŎRUS, i. *m.* 1. *A muscle.* Luxŭrĭatquĕ tŏris ănĭmosum pertŭs. *V.* Sŏlĭdorum molĕ tŏrorum. *O.* [† Muscŭlŭs, nervŭs.] 2. *A couch, a bed; a*

marriage-bed. ∾-o herbæ consedĕrăt. *V.* Æneas sic orsŭs ăb alto. *V.* ∾-is quæ præsīdĕt mărĭtis (Juno). *O.* [† Lectŭs, cŭbĭlĕ; thălămŭs.] *See* LECTUS. **3.** Fig. *Wedlock.* Jŭgales concilĭarĕ ∾-os. *St.* Junctă ∾-o. *O.* [† Thălămŭs; tŏrŭs, jŭgalis.] *See* CONJUGIUM.

TORVA, *and* TORVUM. *n. as adv. Sternly, menacingly.* Ardentem et torvă tŭentem Lenibăt. *V.* ∾-um clamarĕ. *V.* lăcrĭmarĕ. *St.* [† Mĭnacĭtĕr.] **Crol.** Torvis ŏcŭlis *or* lumĭnĭbŭs, *or sing.*

TORVUS, ă, um. **1.** *Stern, fierce, savage.* Tŭeri qui ŏcŭlis ∾-is. *O.* ∾ lĕœnă. *V.* ăpĕr. *Pp.* Mĕgærĭ. *Cl.* [† Terribĭlis, fĕrox, mĭnax, sævus, ătrox, horrendŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, &c.] **2.** *Stern and severe-looking.* ∾ duris sŭpercĭlĭis. *O.* [† Aspĕr, durŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, sĕvĕrŭs, fĕrŭs, horrĭdŭs, &c.]

TŎT. *indecl. So many* (followed by quot, or abs.). Cui quot sunt corpŏrĕ plumæ, Tot vĭgĭles ŏcŭli subtĕr. *V.* Tŏt mărĭă intravi. *V.* [† Tantum (*with gen.*).] **Crol.** Tam multi.

TŎTIDEM. *Just so many.* Erramus pĕlăgo tŏtĭdem sĭnĕ sidĕrĕ noctes. *V.*

TŎTIES. *adv. So often.* Quos ĕgŏ jam tŏtĭes sum dedignătă mărĭtos. *V.* **Crol.** Tam sæpĕ. Tŏt vĭcĭbŭs.

TOTUS, ă, um, *gen.* ĭŭs *or* iŭs, *dat.* i. (totæ, *anc. gen. and dat.*) **1.** *All, the whole, the entire* (of any thing or person). Magnănĭmosquĕ dŭces, totiusque ordĭnĕ gentis. *V.* ∾-o divisos orbĕ Brĭtannos. *V.* [† Omnis, unĭversŭs, intĕgĕr, perfectŭs, plenŭs, sŏlĭdŭs, inconsumptŭs; *sts.* perpĕtŭŭs.] **2.** Ex toto. *Entirely, altogether. O.* [† Omnino.]

TOXICUM, i. *n. A poison in which arrows were dipped; any poison.* Adspĭcis et mitti sŭb ăduncо toxĭcă ferro. *O.* Velocĭusvĕ miscŭissĕ ∾-um. *H. See* VENENUM.

TRABALIS, ĕ. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to a beam.* Clavos trăbales et cŭncŏs mănu Gestans ăhena. *H.* **2.** Fig. *As large* or *as strong as a beam.* Orantem multă telo ∾-i (fĕrĭt). *V.*

TRABĒA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A robe of state worn by the Roman kings, consuls, knights,* &c. Ipsĕ Quĭrĭnali lĭtŭo, parvaquĕ sĕdĕbăt Succinctus trăbĕa. *V.* Hence—**2.** *Used for the consulship. Cl.; for the equestrian order. M.*

TRABĒATUS, ă, um. *Wearing the* trabea. Hoc Igĭtur vidit trăbĕati cură Quĭrini. *O.*

TRABS, trăbis. *f.* **1.** *A beam; a girder,* or *large rib of wood.* [But culmĕn ∾-ĭbŭs *ŭhenis. Cl.*] Auratasquĕ trăbes, vĕtĕrum dĕcŏra alŭă pĕrentum. *V.* ∾-ĭbŭs contextŭs ăcernis (*the Trojan horse*). *V.* [† Tignum, tĭgillum, robŭr.] **Ep.** Arbŏrĕă; sectă, contextă, longă; firmă, sŏlĭdă, vălĭdă. **2.** *Any thing made of timber.* 1. *A ship.* Mărĕ ∾-ĕ sĕcarĕ. *H.* Mărĕ turbatur ∾-ĭbŭs. *V. See* NAVIS. 2. *The roof of a house.* Sŭb isdem essĕ ∾-ĭbŭs. *H. See* TECTUM. 3. *A battering-ram. V. Fl.* 4. *A javelin. St. See* TRABALIS. **3.** *A tall tree.* ∾-ĭbŭs frĕquens silvă. *V.* densum nĕmŭs. *O. See* ARBOR.

TRACTA. æ. *f.,* AND TRACTA, orum. *n. pl. A claw of carded wool;* or *wool prepared for spinning.* Tractăquĕ de nĭvĕo vellĕrĕ ductă pŭtăt. *Tib.*

TRACTABILIS, ĕ. **1.** *Manageable, fit to be dealt with;* hence fig. *tractable, open to persuasion,* &c. Est mărĕ, confĭtĕor, nondum tractabĭlĕ nanti. *O.* Non ∾-ĕ cœlum (*stormy*). *V.* Nĕc vo ces ullas ∾ audĭt. *V.* [† Mitis, lenis, făcĭlis.] **2.** *That may be shaped* or *fashioned; flexible, pliant,* &c. Nĕc ă lluc ∾ artĕ. *O.* [† Flexĭbĭlis, &c.]

TRACTATOR, ŏris. *m., and* TRACTATRIX. icis. *f.* *One who kneads, shampoos,* &c. [illegible] currĭt ăglĭi corpŭs artĕ tractatrix. [illegible]

TRACTIM. *In a drawling way; on a [illegible] stopping; by degrees, slowly.* Tract [illegible] rant (ăpes). *V.* Ire ∾ pĕr artus (q[illegible] [† Jugĭtĕr, sensim.]

TRACTO, as. *freq. of* Traho. **1.** *T[illegible] about.* Tractată cŏmis antistĭtă Ph[illegible] morsuquĕ fĕrarum ∾-ari. *Lr.* [† [illegible] rapto.] **2.** *To touch, to handle.* [illegible] ˘Ad tactum ∾-anti rĕ-istĭt (pellĭs) [illegible] go, attrecto, &c.] *See* TANGO. **3.** [illegible] *thing to which the hand of man is t[illegible] work land.* ∾ ærĕ sŏlum. *Lr.* [† [illegible] cĕo, &c.] 2. *To play on an inst[illegible]* lÿræ. *O.* artem musĭcam. *Ter.* [illegible] pello, &c.] **3.** *To work as an ar[illegible]* lĭă. *H.* [† Exercĕo.] Fig. **4.** *To manage, carry on.* ∾ res rātĭonĕ [illegible] omnĭă Inermi justĭtĭa. *J.* [† Hă[illegible] ro.] **5.** ∾ personam, &c. *To act [illegible] racter. H.* [† ˘Ago.] **6.** ∾ vitam [illegible] [† Trăho, ăgo, &c.] **7.** *To treat, [illegible] person* (in such and such a way) [illegible] Hăbĕo.] **8.** *To handle a subject, t[illegible] to turn it over, discuss it in the [illegible]* ∾-andum pectŏrĕ. *J.* [† Verso, [illegible] ăglto.]

TRACTUS, us. *m.* **1.** *A drawing along* (of something). Tractuquĕ gĕmen[illegible] tam. *V.* ∾-u vĭcissim taurĕă tergă d[illegible] Hence—**2.** *Used of the carding of* [illegible] ∾-u mollirĕ. *O.* **3.** *Of a drawing* [illegible] ăquarum. *L.* **4.** *The motion of tha[illegible] itself along, crawls,* &c. ∾-u In spi[illegible] anguis. *V.* squamæ ārenam suic[illegible] *course, current, motion; time o[illegible]* water, waves, time, &c.). Longo [illegible] undă. *L.* ∾ ævi. *Lr.* Longo pĕr æ[illegible] (præceps Phaĕthon). *O. See* CURSU[illegible] or *pathway left,* or *seemingly left,* [illegible] *that has passed* or *been drawn a[illegible]* incerto fallĭt litĕrâ ∾-u (*stroke of* [illegible] ∾-us flammarum. *V.* ducĕrĕ sulca[illegible] *ships*). *L.* [† Sulcŭs.] **7.** *Space,* [illegible] ∾ cœli corruptŭs. *V.* contĭnŭŭs [illegible] ∾-ĭbŭs immensis Alpes. *L.* spătĭ[illegible] [† Spătĭum.] **8.** *A tract of coun[illegible] region.* ∾-u surgens ŏlĕastĕr ŏoden[illegible] glo, lŏcŭs.]

TRADO, is, ĭdi, ĭtum. **1.** *To give* or [illegible] *commit to the care of.* Lit. and fig. T[illegible] cŏmĭti, părĭbusque adsistĭt In armis. [illegible] măgistris; jus ĕt arbĭtrĭum sŭæ [illegible] [† Præbĕo, committo, do, dedo, ma[illegible] trĭbŭo.] **2.** ∾ me. *To submit, to* [illegible] leges pacis Iniquæ se ∾. *V.* [† Ded[illegible] subjĭcĭo, subdo.] **3.** *To offer, to* [illegible] Porrigo, offĕro, &c.] Fig. **4.** *To b[illegible]* trĭos pĕnates; ŏvilĕ lŭpæ. *O. See* PR[illegible] *hand over* or *down, to transmit.* Tra[illegible] ăvo (ritŭs). *Tib.* Tradĭtă regnă. *O.* [illegible] spĕcŭlo In spĕcŭlum Imago. *Lr.* [illegible] to.] **6.** *To report, to relate. O.* [illegible] *as a teacher, to teach.* ∾ orglĭ; arte[illegible] vŏlandi. *O. See* DOCEO.

TRADUCO, is, xi, ctum. **1.** *To conduc[illegible] bring over* or *to,* &c.; *to transport.* [illegible] ăllo vidi traducĕrĕ messes. *V.* [† [illegible] trajĭcĭo, transmitto, transporto, trans[illegible] **2.** *To turn the mind,* &c., *in an opp[illegible] ferent direction.* Post partum, cură [illegible] ∾-ĭtur. *V.* ∾ gentem pacis ăd artes. *O.* [illegible] fĕro, converto, verto.] **3.** With æv[illegible] duco. *To pass, spend,* &c. [† ˘Ag[illegible] duco, &c.] **4.** *To expose to ridicul*

to traduce. ∾ ăvos. *J.* Pĕr totam infamĭs ∾ -ĕrĕr urbem. *Pp.*

Trăgĭcŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *relating to tragedy, tragic.* Carmĭnĕ qui trăgĭco vilem certavĭt ŏb hircum. *H.* ∾-o quătĭentem pulpĭtă cæstu. *O.* 2. *Tragic in style,* &c.; *tragic-like. H.* [† Cŏthurnatŭs, sublimĭs, grandĭs.] 3. Used subst. m. *A tragic poet. H.* Crcl. Cŏthurnatŭs -vates, pŏetă. 4. Fig. *Tragical, awful, horrible.* ∾-i ignes (ămores). *O.* ∾-æ ˘Erinnyes. *Pp.*

Trăgœdĭa, æ. *f.* 1. *Tragedy* (the style of writing). Omnĕ gĕnus scripti grăvĭtatĕ trăgœdĭă vincĭt. *O.* [† Cŏthurnŭs *or* cŏthurni, Melpŏmĕne, syrmă.] Ep. ˘Anĭmosă, grandĭs, grăvĭs, sĕvĕrĕ, tristĭs, mœstă, sublimĭs. Crcl. Ars trăgĭcă. Trăgĭcum carmĕn. Æschylĭŭs (Sŏphŏcleŭs, Cecrŏpĭŭs, trăgĭcŭs) cŏthurnŭs. Carmĕn regalĕ. ☞ Ovid thus personifies and describes Tragedy: *Venĭt ĕt ingenti vĭŏlentă Trăgœdĭă passu: Frontĕ cŏmæ torva; pallă jăcebăt hŭmi; Lævă mănus sceptrum late regalĕ tĕnebăt; Lydĭŭs aptă pĕdum vinclă cŏthurnŭs ĕrăt.* 2. *A tragedy.* [† Prætextă, prætextată.]

Trăgœdŭs, i. *m. A tragic actor.* Qui se credebat miros audirĕ trăgœdos. *H.* Ep. Incedens majorĕ cŏthurno.

Tragŭla, æ. *f. A sort of javelin.* Cui tragŭlă sempĕr Fulmĭnĕam armabăt (dextram). *Sil.*

Trăgŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A sort of fish.* Răpĭdĭquĕ lŭpi, percæquĕ trăgĭquĕ. *O.* (*Hal.*) 2. *The smell of the arm-pits.* Indĕ ∾ cĕlĕresquĕ plĭi. *M. See* Caper.

Trăhă, *and* **Trăhĕa**, æ. *f. A sledge; a harrow.* Tribŭlăque, trăhĕæque, ĕt ĭniquo pondĕrĕ rastri. *V.*

Trăho, ĭs, axi, actum. 1. *To draw, draw out* or *from; to carry* or *drag away,* &c. Lit. and fig. Eccĕ trăhebatur passis Prĭămelĭă virgo Crinĭbŭs. *V.* ∾ armentă cum stăbŭlis; naves ĭn saxă. *V.* funem exĭgŭo conamĭnĕ. *O.* Quo fată ∾-unt rĕtrăhuntquĕ. *V.* [† Răpĭo, rapto, duco, abduco; *sts.* attrăho, tracto.] 2. *To draw* or *drag along the ground.* ∾ latam alvum; plaustrŭ. *V.* vestem pĕr pulpĭtă. *H.* 3. *To spin, work wool,* &c. ∾ lanam. *J.* purpŭras. *H.* dătă pensă. *O.* [† Tracto, mollĭo, nĕo.] 4. *To draw out, extract.* ∾ ferrum e corpŏrĕ. *O.* [† Extrăho, educo, evello, &c.] 5. Sp. *To draw a portion,* &c., *by lot. V.* [† Duco.] 6. *To drink* (take a draught) *of.* ∾ amnem guttŭrĕ. *O.* pocŭlă arentĕ faucĕ. *H.* [† Duco, &c.] *See* Bibo. 7. ∾ auras, spirĭtum, &c. *To draw breath, to draw a sigh,* &c. ∾ auras orĕ; suspirĭă. *O.* spirĭtum extremum. *Ph.* vocem e pectŏrĕ. *V.* [† Duco.] 8. *To draw together, to contract.* ∾ cŏrĭă ĕt carnem (de ignĕ). *Lr.* vultum, rugasquĕ cogĕrĕ. *O.* [† Contrăho, adduco.] 9. *To attract.* ∾-ĭt sŭă quemquĕ vŏluptas. *V.* [† Duco, attrăho, allĭcĭo.] 10. *To derive, gain.* ∾ laudem sŭpĕratis ăb Indis. *O.* famam a censu. *J.* [† Duco, percĭpĭo, căpĭo, fĕro, &c.] 11. *To take, assume, acquire, contract.* ∾ fĭguram lăpĭdĭs; rŭborem. *O.* ŏdorem vertĭcĕ. *Sil.* [† Duco, accĭpĭo, concĭpĭo, &c.] 12. *To bring with one, to produce, cause.* ∾-ĭt secum omnĕ mălum; tantum timorĭs (Hectŏr). *O.* [† Invĕho, importo.] 13. *To lengthen out, protract.* ∾ noctem sermonĕ; tempŭs pĕr talĭă. *V.* [† Duco, produco, protrăho, profĕro.] 14. ∾ verbă. *To draw out, pronounce with difficulty.* ∾ verbă largis cum fletĭbŭs. *Sil.* 15. *To pass* or *spend time* (us. painfully or disagreeably). ∾ vitam ĭn tĕnĕbris luctuquĕ. *V.* somnos pĕr suspirĭă. *O.* [† Duco, ăgo, &c.]

Trajanŭs, i. *m. The Emperor Trajan.* Di tĭbĭ dent quidquid, princeps Trajanĕ, mĕrĕrĭs. *M.* [† Ulpĭŭs.]

Trajectŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Trajicio. *Conveyed over* (of persons); *crossed, passed over* or *beyond,* &c. (of space.) His rătĭbus trajectă mănŭs (*a troop*). *L.* Trajectæ Syrtes, ancŏrĭ jactă est. *Pp.*

Trajĭcĭo, ĭs, eci, ectum. 1. *To throw* or *shoot across, beyond, over.* Si pŭdŏr est, ĭllĭo trajĭcĕ telă tŭă. *Pp.* 2. *To convey across, carry over, cause to go over, transport.* Lit. and fig. ∾ membrĭ pĕr ardentes ăcervos cĕlĕri pĕdĕ. *O.* pĕdes sŭpĕr ăcervos &c. *Pp.* arbĭtrĭum litĭs ĭn omnes. *O.* ŏcŭlos. *Lr.* [† Transmitto, transporto, transvĕho, transfĕro; *fig.* transfĕro, traduco.] 3. Intr. *To cross, pass over* or *beyond.* ∾-ĭt mĕdĭum axem cursu (Aurorĭ). *V.* Tĭbĕrim clypĕo. *Cl.* fati littŏrĭ ămŏr. *Pp.* [† Transmitto, transĭo, sŭpĕro, prætĕrĕo; *sts.* prætervŏlo.] 4. *To pierce through, pierce.* ∾ pectŏrĭ telo; linguam ărundĭnĕ. *O.* [† Confŏdĭo, &c.] *See* C.

Tramă, æ. *f. The woof* (in weaving). Lit. and fig. Mĭhĭ tramă fĭguræ Sit rĕllĭquă. *Pers.* [† Subtemĕn, textŭă.]

Tramĕs, ĭtis. *m.* 1. *A cross-way, a by-way* (sp. in the mountains); *a way* or *path.* Lit. and fig. Carpĭtŭr acclivis per mută sĭlentĭă tramĕs. *O.* Certŭs pĕr astrĭ ∾. *Pp.* Vĭam monstravĭt ∾-ĭtĕ parvo (vĭam vitæ). *Lr.* [† Semĭtă, callĭs, vĭă, &c.] 2. = cursŭs. Decurrĭt cĭto ∾-ĭtĕ virgo. *V. See* Cursus.

Trano, *or* **Transno**, as. Intr. and tr. 1. *To swim* or *float across,* &c.; *to pass by swimming.* Sŭpĕrant montes, et flumĭnă tranant. *V.* Transnanto Tĭbĕrim. *H.* [† Trajĭcĭo, sŭpĕro, transmitto; *sts.* inno.] Crcl. Nando (nătando, nătatu) trajĭcĭo, &c. 2. *To fly through, sail across; to traverse.* ˘In Lĭbyĕn nĭvĕis alis pĕr auras transnavĭt. *Sil.* Tranăt nubĭlă. *V.* ˘Ut vidĭt transnarĕ rătes. *St.* Tranarĕ ingentĭă spătĭă. *Sil.*

Tranquille. *Gently, tranquilly. Pl.* [† Plăcĭde, lenĭtĕr, quĭete, lenĕ, pacĕ.]

Tranquillĭtas, atis. *f.* 1. *The stillness of the sea* or *of the weather.* Fŏris sĕdebăt in frĕto tranquillĭtas. *P. Nol.* [† Quĭes, tranquillum.] *See* Mare. 2. *Stillness, quiet. See* Quies.

Tranquillo, as. *To make calm, to tranquillize; to give peace and quiet.* Quid pure tranquillĕt, hŏnos an dulcĕ lŭcellum. *H.* [† Placo, lenĭo; sedo, paco.]

Tranquillŭs, ă, um. 1. *Still, calm* (of the waves or weather). Tranquillas ĭtĭam naufrăgŭs horrĕt ăquas. *O.* ∾-ă pĕr altă. *V.* [† Plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, mitĭs, lenĭs.] 2. *Quiet, tranquil, peaceful.* ∾-ă sĭlentĭă noctĭs. *St.* sĕnectus. *H.* Cŏmĕs ∾-i tempŏrĭs (fĭdes). *O.* [† Plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, placatŭs, pacatŭs, securŭs, sĕrenŭs.] 3. Used subst. n. *A state* or *time of calm.* Hinc pacĭs ∾-ă mŏvent. *St. See* Quies. 4. *One of a calm, quiet spirit.* [† Plăcĭdŭs, quĭetŭs, securŭs, sĕrenŭs.] Crcl. Curis văcans. Expers curarum or turbarum. ˘Anĭmi plăcĭdŭs. Tranquillo pectŏrĕ. Compŏsĭtŭs ănĭmum. *See* Securus.

Trans. 1. *Across, on the other side, beyond.* Lit. and fig. Transmissæ stĕtĕrĭnt trans æquŏrĭ classes. *V.* Curvos trans ripam misĕrăt arcus. *O.* [† Ultra, prætĕr; *fig.* ultra, cĭtra, sĭnĕ.] 2. Fig. *In transgression of, contrary to.* ∾ legem ac tempŏrĭ. *St.* [† Ultra, contra.]

Transăbĕo, is. 1. *To go beyond, to pass over* or *by.* Pŏpŭlos atque æquŏrĭ longe Transăbĕunt. *V. Fl.* Transăblĕrĕ fŭga jăcentem. *St.* [† Prætĕrĕo.] 2. *To pierce.* Mĕdĭum Pŏliten transăbĭt. *St. See* Confodio.

Transădĭgo, is. *To drive* or *thrust* (a weapon, &c.) *through; to thrust* (a person, &c.) *through.* Transădĭgit costas et crates pectŏrĭs ensem

(*drives his sword*, trans costas, &c.). *V.* ∾ qm ferro. *St.* Hastă qm costas (sc. sĕcundum costas) ∾-It. *V.* *See* CONFODIO.

TRANSCENDO, ĭs, di, sum. *To climb* or *pass over* or *beyond*. Lit. and fig. ∾ vallum. *L.* Arĭbĭum limĕn. *Pp.* fines jurĭs. *Lr.* factă tŭorum. *Sil.* [† Sŭpĕro, transgrĕdĭŏr.]

TRANSCRIBO, ĭs, psi, ptum. 1. *To transcribe*. [† Exscribo.] 2. *To enter into a register*; sp. *to register the names of the members of a new colony*. Transcribunt urbi matres, pŏpŭlumquĕ vŏlentem &c. *V.* 3. *To make over, transfer, assign*. (Pătĭ) Dardănĭis transcribi sceptrā cŏlonis. *V.* ∾ spātĭum vitæ ci. *O.* [† Transfĕro.]

TRANSCURRO, ĭs, i, sum. Intr. and tr. 1. *To run over* or *across, to pass over* or *quickly over; to traverse*. Lit. and fig. Visŭs ăb aurora cœlum transcurrĕrĕ nimbūs. *V.* ∾ Bacchi metas. *Cl.* ∾-It ĭn prolem (gratĭā pātrum). *Cl.* [† Prætĕrĕo, transăbĕo, prætervĕhŏr, &c.] 2. *To pass through, to pierce*. Pĕr gĕmĭnum ∾-It tempŭs (ārundo). *Sil.* *See* CONFODIO.

TRANSĔO, is, ivi *or* ĭi, Itum, irĕ. Intr. and tr. 1. *To pass across, through*, or *over; to pass by, to traverse*. Lit. and fig. Totæquĕ pĕr illŭd Murmŭrĕ blandĭtæ mĭnĭmo transirĕ sŏlebant. *O.* ∾ spātĭā impŏbĕ saltu. *Sil.* Mænālĭ; Mȳcŏnŏn; spātĭum jŭventæ; ĭn iram; ăd ŏpŭs pālæstræ. *O.* [† Prætĕrĕo, transgrĕdĭŏr, transmĕo, transmĭgro, transĭlĭo, trajĭcĭo, transmitto, permĕo, pĕnĕtro, pervado, prætervĕhŏr, transvĕhŏr, sŭpĕro.] 2. *To pass away* (of time). *Tib.* *See* PRÆTEREO (2). 3. *To pass into, be changed into*. Illĕ ĭn hūmum, saxumquĕ, undamquĕ, trăbemquĕ ∾-It. *O.* [† ˘Abĕo, vertŏr.] 4. *To exceed, surpass*. Lit. and fig. ∾ ĕquum cursu. *V.* *See* SUPERO. 5. *To pierce, pass through*. ∾-It hastă dŭos. *Sil.* *See* CONFODIO. 6. *To pass over in silence*. Non ĕgŏ te transĭĕrim, Rhŏdĭā &c. *V.* [† Prætĕrĕo, ŏmitto, &c.] 7. Res me ∾-It. *I am not aware; it escapes me*. Nil ∾-It ămantes. *St.* [† Prætĕrĭt, fŭgĭt.]

TRANSERTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* TRANSERO. *Ingrafted*. Vidi ĕgŏ transertos ălĭeno in robŏrĕ ramos. *St.* *See* INSITUS.

TRANSFĔRO, fers, tŭli, latum, ferrĕ. 1. *To transport, transfer* (from one place to another). Regnumque a sedĕ Lăvini Transfĕrĕt. *V.* Omnĭā Jupĭtĕr Argos transtŭlĭt. *V.* ∾ mŏnĭlĭā sŭā dilectā cervicĕ. *St.* [† Transporto, transmitto, trajĭcĭo, transvĕho.] 2. ∾ me. *To betake oneself to, to go*. ∾ se In ædem Glȳcĕræ. *H.* [† Confĕro, &c.] *See* EO. Fig. 3. *To transfer, make over to another*. ∾ ŏdĭum In gĕnĕrĭs sŏcĭo. *O.* dŭbĭos Quĭrites ĭn te. *L.* Translati ălĭo ămores. *H.* [† Verto, converto, traduco, trajĭcĭo, &c.] 4. *To pass across, transmit*. De spĕcŭlo In spĕcŭlum transfertŭr īmago. *Lr.* [† Traduco, transmitto.]

TRANSFIGO, ĭs, xi, xum. *To transfix, pierce through*. Lit. and fig. Mequĕ pĕtis stricto mĕdĭum transfigĕrĕ ferro. *M.* Exspirantem transfixo pectŏrĕ flammas. *V.* *See* CONFODIO.

TRANSFIGURO, as. *To transform, metamorphose*. Et qui corpŏrā primā transfĭgurāt (*of Ovid*). *St.* *See* MUTO.

TRANSFIXUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* TRANSFIGO. *Thrust through* (of the weapon). Dŭplĭcāt vīrum dŏlorĕ ∾-ă hastă. *V.*

TRANSFLUO, ĭs. *To pass* or *flow away*. Lit. and fig. Transfluxerĕ dĭes. *Cl.* *See* EFFLUO.

TRANSFŎDIO, ĭs. (Fŏdĭo.) *To pierce through and through*. Et pectŏrā duro Transfossi ligno. *V.* *See* CONFODIO, FORO.

TRANSFORMIS, ĕ. *Transformed*. Illĕ sŭam făcĭem transformĭs ădultĕrāt artĕ. *O.*

TRANSFORMO, as. *To transform*. Omnā transformat sese in miraculā rerum. *V.* *See* MUTO.

TRANSFŎRO, as. *To bore through, pierce through* (Pectŭs) Transfŏrāt, et voces venturas ocŭlis ictu Hastă. *Sil.* *See* CONFODIO.

TRANSFŬGA, æ. *m.* *A deserter*; a runaway. Transfŭgā divĭtum Partes linquĕrĕ gestis. ∾ mundi. *L.* Pisæ. *St.* [† Fŭgĭtīvus, ălĭĕnus.]

TRANSFŬGIO, ĭs. (Fŭgĭo.) *To pass over to the enemy, to desert*. Lit. and fig. Illĭūs ŏcŭli mĭhi aures . . . transfugerĕ ăd nos. *Pl.* [† Transĕo *or* descisco.]

TRANSFUMO, as. *To smoke through, steam through*. Claustrāquĕ compressæ transfumāt ănhĭlĭs iræ. *St.*

TRANSFUNDO, ĭs, udi, usum. 1. *To pour out one vessel into another, to pour into*. To transfuse, *transfer*. Lit. and fig. Seu te Cœnā Magnĕ, Accĭpĭet, nostraquĕ mānu transfundĕ In urnam. *L.* [† Fundo, infundo.] 2. *To pour troops over a country*. ∾ agmĭnā In campos. *L.* [† Effundo.]

TRANSGRĔDIŎR, ĕrĭs. (Grădĭŏr.) *To pass by or beyond; to surmount*. Custodes transgressā jacentes. *Tib.* *See* TRANSEO, SUPERO.

TRANSIGO, ĭs, egi, actum. 1. *To thrust* or *drive through*. Bellatorem ălĭācer per pectŏrā transĭgit ensem. *Sil.* [† Trajĭcĭo, transmitto.] 2. *To pierce*. Viscĕrā ∾-It ensis. *Sil.* *See* CONFODIO. 3. *To pass over* or *through* (of space or time). ∾ certamĭnā campi cursu; ævum venatūbus. *S.* [† Traduco, duco, exĭgo, ăgo, &c.] 4. *To perform, accomplish, bring to an end*. *Ter.* [† Conficio, pĕrăgo, absolvo, &c.] *See* FINIO.

TRANSĬLIO, is, ŭi (ivi *or* ĭi. *Pl.*). Intr. and tr. 1. *To leap over, beyond*, or *across; to pass quickly* or *pass over*. Lit. and fig. Cĕlĕres incognĭtā transĭlĭt umbras (hastă). *V.* Transĭlĭt flammas. *O.* Rātes ∾-unt vādă. *H.* [† Transĕo, transgrĕdĭŏr, transcendo, transcurro, prætĕrĕo, sŭpĕro.] 2. *To pass over without notice*. Proxĭmā pars vitæ ∾-endā mĕæ est. *O.* [† Transĕo, prætĕrĕo, &c.]

TRANSITIO, onis. *f.* *A passing over from one place to another, a passage*. Multāquĕ corpŏrĭbus transĭtĭonĕ nŏcent. *O.*

TRANSITUS, us. *m.* 1. *A passing* or *going over, a passage*. Quod dătŭs est verbis ăd ămicas transĭtŭs aures. *O.* [† Transĭtĭo.] Fig. 2. *A transition*. Quis ∾ indĕ pāratur? *O.* 3. *The passing* or *blending of one colour into another*. ∾ ipsĕ lumĭnā fallĭt. *O.*

TRANSLATICIUS, *or* **TRALATICIUS**, ă, um. *Traditional, customary, usual*. Di sunt lŏcuti mĕā translatitĭo. *Ph.* [† Solennis, sŏlĭtŭs, usitātus, vulgaris.]

TRANSLUCĔO, es. 1. *To shine through, to be transparent*. In lĭquĭdis translucĕt ăquis, ŭt ĕbŭrnĕ si quis Signā tĕgāt (vitro). *O.* *See* PERLUCEO. 2. *To reflect itself*, or *be reflected*. E spĕcŭlo in spĕcŭlum ∾-ĕt īmago. *Lr.*

TRANSMITTO, is, isi, issum. 1. *To send, bring, or convey over* or *across; to transport*. Quin ŭtĭ transmissæ stĕtĕrint trans æquŏrā classes. *V.* ∾ cursum (orantes). *V.* bellā Philippos. *L.* ∾-unt fulgŭrā silvæ. *St.* [† Trajĭcĭo, transfĕro; *or* transvĕho, transporto.] 2. *To hand down, hand on, transmit; to make over to another*. ∾ fămŭlam ci hăbendam. *V.* signā. *Sil.* qd ci hăbĕrĕ. *St.* [† Trado, rĕlinquo.] 3. *To thrust* or *drive one thing through another*. ∾ făcem pĕr pectŭs. *Sen.* [† Immitto, injĭcĭo, trajĭcĭo, transĭgo.] 4. *To pass* or *go over* or *across any thing, to step* or *climb over*, &c. ∾ campos cursu (de cervis). *V.* flŭvĭum nando; murales fossas saltu; flumĭna disco. *St.* quantum mĕdĭi cœli fundā pŏtest. *O.*

[† Trajĭcĭo, transĕo, prætĕrĕo, sŭpĕro, transcurro, percurro, &c.] *See* TRANSEO. **5.** *To pass, spend* (of time). ∾ stĕrĭles annos. *St.* [† Transĭgo, traduco, ăgo, duco, &c.] **6.** *To pierce through.* ∾ crates (de cuspĭdĕ); cuspĭdĕ pectŭs. *Sil. See* CONFODIO. **7.** *To pass over, pass by in silence* or *indifference.* ∾ imbelles vĭtŭlos (*of the lion*). *St.* (Bacchi) hŏnores. *Sil.* [† Prætĕrĕo, prætermitto, ŏmitto, transĕo, &c.]

TRANSMUTO, as. *To change from one place* or *person to another, to transfer; to change.* Transmutăt incertos hŏnores, Nunc mĭhĭ, nunc ăllĭs bĕnignă. *H.* ∾-ans dextĕrăl lævis. *Lr.* [† Muto, transfĕro.]

TRANSPĂDANUS, ă, um. *Beyond the Po.* Aut Transpădanŭs, ut mĕos quŏque attingam. *Cat.*

TRANSPECTUS, us. *m. A seeing through, a view through.* Janŭă quum per se transpectum præbĕt ăpertum. *Lr.*

TRANSPĬCĬO, ĭs. *To see through* or *beyond.* Quod gĕnŭs illă, fŏris quæ vere transpĭcĭuntŭr. *Lr.*

TRANSPORTO, as. *To transport, convey across* or *beyond.* Nec ripas dătŭr horrendas, et raucă flŭentă Transportarĕ prĭus, quam &c. (sc. portarĕ ănĭmas trans &c.) *V.* [† Trajĭcĭo, transmitto, transvĕho, transfĕro.]

TRANSTĬBĔRINUS, ă, um. *Beyond* or *across the Tiber.* Pulchrā quĭdem, verum transtĭbĕrinā dŏmŭs. *M.*

TRANSTRA, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *The benches* or *seats for rowers.* Præcĭpĭtes vĭgĭlatĕ, vĭri, et considĭtĕ transtris. *V.* **2.** Sts. sing. Cœnă sĭt ĭn transtro. *Pers.*

TRANSUMO, ĭs. *To take over; to take to oneself from another, to assume.* Hastam læva transumĭt, ĕt alto Desĭlŭit curru. *St.* ∾ mutatos cultus. *St.*

TRANSŬO, ĭs. *To pierce through with any pointed instrument.* Vĕrŭbus transută sălignis Extă pĕrant. *O.* ∾ pĕdes ferro. *Sen.*

TRANSVĔHO, ĭs, exi, ectum. **1.** *To transport* or *convey across* or *over; to bring, conduct from one point to another.* Flumĭnĕam texit, quæ transvĕhăt agmĭnă, classem. *Sil.* Agmĭnă quæ Mulvĭŭs aggĕr ∾-ĭt (*the bridge*). *St.* [† Trajĭcĭo, transmitto, prætervĕho, transporto, &c.] **2.** Transvĕhŏr, *us.* Transvectŭs. Used in a mid. sense. *To drive, ride, pass over* or *by a place* (*i. e.* to be conveyed by horse, ship, &c.). Nemŏ hæc est ∾-ŭs cærŭlă cursu. *Cic.* (*Fin.* 5.) ∾-ă partem circi quĭevĭt. *St.* Sirenum cantus. *Cl.* [† Prætervĕhŏr, transĕo, &c.] *See* TRANSEO.

TRANSVERBĔRO, as. *To pierce* (strike) *through.* Adversi longa transverbĕrăt abiĕtĕ pectŭs. *V.* Transverbĕrăt orā Tĕlonĭs. *Sil. See* CONFODIO.

TRANSVERSUS, ă, um. *part. from* Transverto. Used also adj. **1.** *Transverse, side-ways, across; in a cross* or *oblique direction.* Nam transversă fĕros exibant dentĭs ădactus Jumentă. *Lr.* Allĭnĕrĕ atrum ∾-o cĕllămo signum (versĭbŭs). *H.* [† Obliquŭs.] **2.** Ex transverso (*Lr.*), transversum, *or* transversă, *as adv.* = oblique. ∾-ă frĕmunt (mutati venti); tŭentĭbŭs hircis. *V.* **3.** Fig. *Turned aside from the right course, straying away.* ∾-o mentem dŭblam torrentĕ tŭlerunt. *L.*

TRANSVŎLĬTO, as. *To fly across, beyond,* &c. Clausă dŏmorum Transvŏlĭtant: rĭgĭdum &c. *Lr. See* TRANSVOLO.

TRANSVŎLO, as. **1.** *To fly across, beyond, over; to pass through* or *over.* Lit. and fig. Importunŭs ĕnim transvŏlăt arĭdas Quercus. *H.* (Vĭtri fŏrāmĭnă) spĕcĭes quæ travŏlăt omnĭs. *Lr.* ∾ prŏpĭorem hostem (de hasta). *Sil.* [† Transĕo, transcurro, trajĭcĭo; *sts.* prætĕrĕo.] **2.** Fig. *To pass by, take no notice of.* ∾ ĭn mĕdĭo pŏsĭtă. *H. See* PRÆTEREO.

TRAPETUM, i. *n. An oil press; any press.* Tĕrĭtur Sĭcyŏnă baccă trăpetis. *V.*

TRASIMENUS, i. *m.* **1.** *A lake of Etruria, near Perusia, now Lago di Perugia, where Annibal defeated the Romans.* Nullănĕ nunc Trĕbĭæ et Trăsĭmeni nomĭnă? *Sil.* **Crel.** Mæŏnĭŭs *or* Lydĭŭs lăcŭs. **2.** Used adj. *O.*

TRĔBIA, æ. *f. A river of Italy, where Annibal defeated the Romans.* Insŭpĕr et Trĕbĭæ nomĕn delerĕ mĭnarĭs. *Sil.*

TRĔCENI (distrib.), *and* TRĔCENTI, æ, ă. *Three hundred each; three hundred; hundreds.* Non si trĕcenis, quotquŏt ĕunt dĭes, ˘Amicĭ, places illăcrĭmabĭlem Plutonă tauris. *H.* Ast Ilvă trĕcentos (jŭvĕnes dĕdĕrăt). *V.* [† Tercentum, tercenteni.]

TRĔCENTIES. *adv. Three hundred times.* Dŭcentĭes cŏmessăt aut trĕcentĭes. *Cat.*

TRĔCHĔDIPNUM, i. *n. A light garment worn by parasites at dinner.* Rustĭcŭs illĕ tŭus sumit trĕchĕdipnă, Quĭrinĕ. *J.*

TRĔMĔBUNDUS, ă, um. *Quivering, trembling.* Dum dŭbĭtat, trĕmĕbundă vĭdet pulsarĕ crŭentum Membrā sŏlum. *O.* ∾-ă sŭpervŏlăt hastă. *Sil. See* TREMULUS, TREMEFACTUS.

TRĔMĔFACIO, ĭs. **1.** *To cause to shake, tremble.* Annŭĭt, et totum nutu trĕmĕfecĭt ŏlympum. *V.* [† Quătĭo, concŭtĭo, quasso, mŏvĕo.] **2.** *To cause to tremble with fear.* Lernam trĕmĕfecĕrĭt arcu. *V. See* TERREO.

TRĔMENDUS, ă, um. *Formidable, terrible.* Ingressus, Manesquĕ ădĭit regemquĕ trĕmendum. *V. See* TERRIBILIS.

TRĔMISCO, ĭs. **1.** Intr. *To begin to quake, tremble.* Tŏnĭtruquĕ trĕmiscunt Ardŭă terrarum. *V.* ∾ omnem ăd strĕpĭtum. *O. See* TREMO. **2.** Tr. *To fear, be afraid of.* ∾ Phrŷgĭă armā. *V.*

TRĔMO, ĭs, ŭi. **1.** Intr. *To quiver, shake, tremble.* Scută sŏnant, pulsuquĕ pĕdum trĕmĭt excĭtă tellus. *V.* ∾-unt sŭb dentĭbŭs artus. *V.* Armorum rădĭis ∾-ebăt ăquă. *Pp.* [† Trĕmisco, intrĕmo, contrĕmo, trĕpĭdo, ăgĭtŏr, mŏvĕŏr, commŏvĕŏr, crispŏr; *sts.* (*of flesh*, &c., *quivering* or *throbbing*) sălĭo, subsălĭo, palpĭto, singulto, mĭco.] **2.** *To quake, tremble* (from fear). ˘Et cordĕ ĕt gĕnĭbŭs ∾-ĭt. *H.* [† Trĕmisco, contrĕmisco, trĕpĭdo, horrĕo.] Phr. Trĕmŏr ∾ me invadĭt;—totum corpŭs possĭdĕt;—pĕr artus (ossă) văgŭs errăt;—orā ĕt artus quăttĭt horrĭdŭs (gĕlĭdŭs invadĭt);—pĕr imă ossă currĭt gĕlĭdŭs. Intrĕmŭerĕ gĕnŭă. Cŏr sălĭt attŏnĭtum. *See* TERREOR. **3.** Tr. ∾ Junonem offensam. *O.* ∾-unt te Stŷgiæ lăcus. *V. See* TIMEO.

TRĔMŎR, ŏris. *m.* **1.** *A tremulous, quivering motion.* Nonnĕ vĭdes ut totă trĕmor pertentăt ĕquorum Corpŏrā? *V.* Mănĭbŭs ∾ incĭdĭt. *H.* **2.** *An earthquake. See* TERREMOTUS. **3.** *The trembling of fear.* ∾ antĕ tŭbam occŭpăt artus. *V.* me invasĭt. *O.* [† Horrŏr.] *See* TREMO, TERROR. **4.** *An object of fear.* Silvarum trĕmŏr (Cacŭs). *M.* [† Terrŏr, horrŏr, tĭmŏr, &c.]

TRĔMŬLUS, ă, um. **1.** *Having a tremulous, quivering, flickering motion* (used of the motion of water, light, fire, as well as of substances shaking). Ut mārĕ fit trĕmŭlum, tĕnŭi cum stringĭtŭr aura. *O.* ∾-æ flammæ. *V.* ∾-o funĕ contentæ cărinæ. *L.* [† Trĕmĕbundŭs, trĕmens, trĕmiscens, trĕpĭdans, motŭs, ăgĭtatŭs; *sts.* crispŭs, crispatŭs, vĭbrans; *sp.* (*of flesh*) palpitans, singultans, sălĭens, &c.] **2.** *Tremulous from age.* ∾-o vĕnĭt passu (sĕnĭlĭs Hĭems). *O.* Incurvŭs, ∾, lăbĭlis demissis. *Ter.* [† Trĕmens, trĕmĕbundŭs.] **3.** Sts. *Tremulous from fear.* ∾-as

mānus annisquē mētuquē. tendīt. *O.* [† Trēmens, &c.] *See* TERRITUS.

TRĒPĬDO, ās. 1. Intr. *To quiver, beat, throb.* Sentīt ādhuc trēpĭdārē nōvo sub cortĭcē pectŭs. *O.* Consūlĕrē ~-antīā extā. *O. See* TREMO. 2. *Used of the motion of fire, water, light, &c.* ~-ant flammæ fumum rōtantes. *H.* Lăborāt lymphā ~ obliquo rivo. *H. See* TREMO. 3. *To be in a hurrying, bustling, excited state; to run to and fro.* Dum ~-ant alæ *&c.* (*are full of the excitement of the chase.*) *V.* Vastis ~-ātĭr in arvis. *Sil.* [† Concurso, cursĭto.] 4. *To hurry, hasten to do any thing.* Ne ~-ātē naves defendĕrē. *V. See* FESTINO. 5. *To tremble with fear.* ~ ingenti mētu. *O.* In dŭbĭis pĕrĭclis. *L. See* TERREOR. 6. Tr. *To dread, tremble at.* ~ ārundĭnis umbram. *J. With inf.* ~ occurrĕrē morti. *St. See* TIMEO.

TRĒPĬDUS, ă, um. 1. *Shaking, quivering; throbbing;* (of water) *bubbling, &c.* Aspĕrā linguā tĭmēt, trēpĭdisque arentīā venis Ora pătent. *O.* Despumarē undam ~-i ăheni. *V. See* TREMULUS. 2. *In a hurry, in commotion, in agitation.* Nos fŭgam ~-i cĕlĕrārā. *V.* ~-æ intēr se cŏēunt. ~ ĕt cœptis effĕrā Dido. *V.* [† Trēpĭdans, festinans, festinŭs.] 3. Trēpĭdæ res. *A critical state of affairs, a state of danger.* ~-is rebŭs -pĭtĕrē oracŭlā. *Tib.* -ĕpes unicā. *Sil.* and *H.* 4. *Uneasy* or *anxious* (about), *in fear for* (with gen.). Illæ intĭis ~-æ rerum. *V.* ~ sālutis. *Sil.* [† Turbatŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs, anxĭŭs.] 5. *Trembling with fear.* ~-i formidĭnē. *V. See* TERRITUS. 6. *That which causes fear.* Quid ~-æ noctes mĭnantūr. *St.*

TRES, trĭa, trĭum, trĭbŭs, &c. 1. *Three.* Et dĭgĭtis trĭā turā trĭbus sub lumĭnē ponīt. *O.* Tres æquālĭum nūmĕro turmæ. *V.* [† Terni, æ, ă.] 2. Ext. *A few.* Verbis chartā nōtātā trĭbŭs. *O.*

TRESSĬS, is. *m. Three asses;* hence, *worthless.* Hic Dama est, non tressis āgaso. *Pers.*

TREVĬR, Iri. *m.;* TREVĬRI, orum. *pl. One of the people,* or *the people, of Gallia Belgica, giving the name to the present Trèves.* Tu quōquē, lætatus converti prœlĭā, Trevĭr. *L.*

TRIANGŬLUS, ă, um. *Triangular.* Cetĕrā sunt sĭmĭli rātĭonē triangŭlā signā. *Man.*

TRĬBULIS, ĕ. *Of the same tribe;* hence, *of the lower class of people.* Nunc ănŭs, et trĕmŭlo vix acclĭpiendā trĭbuli. *M.*

TRIBŬLUM, i. *n. A threshing-machine.* Tribŭlāque, trāhĕæque, ĕt lniquo ponderĕ rastri. *V.* [† Tribŭlā, æ.]

TRĬBŬLUS, i. *m. A kind of prickly weed,* or *a thistle.* Lappæque, tribŭlique interquē nĭtentĭā cultā. *V.*

TRĬBUNĀL, ālis. *n. A tribunal,* or *magistrate's seat.* Quod fŭcĭat magnas turpē trĭbunālĭ ōpes. *O.* [† *Sts.* Cūrŭlis.] *See* C.

TRĬBUNATŬS, us. *m. The tribuneship.* Non consŭlatŭs ipsē, non trĭbunatŭs. *M.*

TRĬBUNĬCĬUS, *or* TRĬBUNĬTĬUS, ă, um. *Of* or *pertaining to a tribune.* Sævā trĭbunĭcĭo mādŭerunt robŏrā tabo. *L.*

TRĬBUNUS, i. *m.* 1. *A tribune.* Sumĕrē depŏsĭtum clavum, fĭĕriquē trĭbunum. *H.* 2. *A military tribune.* Sub quo mĕrŭissē trĭbunum Glorĭōr. *O.*

TRĬBŬO, Is, i, utum. 1. *To give, to give as due, to grant.* Donā trĭbuturum posthac se talĭā nullĭ. *O.* ~ vŏcābŭlā montī; qd matrĭs prĕcĭbŭs. *O.* Vitam quam ~-is. *L.* [† Do, largĭōr, dono, præbĕo, concedo, impertĭo *or* impertĭōr, præsto, defĕro, attrĭbŭo, addo, permitto, condono.] *See* Do. 2. *To attribute.* His sensum ~-ebant. *Lr.* [† Attrĭbŭo, assigno.]

TRĬBUS, us. *f. A Roman tribe* (the people having been originally divided into three). Claudĭā nunc a quo diffundĭtūr et trĭbus 2. Pl. *The common people* (as opp Patres, Equites). *M. St. See* TRIBULI *Any special set* or *class of persons.* cas ambirē trĭbus (*the grammarians*)

TRĪBUTIM. *By tribes.* Primores pōpl pōpŭlumquē trĭbutim. *H.*

TRĪBUTUM, i. *n. A tax* or *tribute.* L Et Vĕnŭs e tota gentē trĭbutā pĕtīt. frenarē ~-ia. *St.* [† Ærā; *sts.* vecti

TRICÆ, arum. *f. pl.* 1. *Trifles, foole telles.* Sunt āpĭnæ tricæque, et si istis. *M.* [† Apĭnæ.] *See* A. 2. *P quirks, subterfuges. Pl.* [† Impĕdim bages.]

TRICENI, æ, ă. *Thirty* (distrib.), *thir* tĭā tricenos largitur sportŭlā numm TRIGINTA.

TRĪCEPS, Ipĭtis. *Having three heads.* cepe Hĕcātē, quæ cœptis conscĭā nost

TRICESĬMUS, *or* TRIGESĬMUS, ă, um *tieth.* Aut mĭnŭs, aut certe non plu lux est. *M.* ~-ă sabbātā. *H.* [† Te

TRĪCHĬLA, æ. *f., and* TRĪCHĬLUM, i. *n. a bower.* At qui sub trĭchĭlis manant undam. *Col.* Phr. Lectŭlīs in secr

TRĪCHORUM, i. *n.* (τρίχωρον.) *A hou into three apartments.* Aut quid partit tectā trĭchoria? *St.*

TRICĬES. *adv. Thirty times.* Supremas in anno Signanti tābŭlas. *M.*

TRICLINĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A couch for th* Stratāquē non unas cingunt triclinĭā 2. *A dining-room.* Triclini limĭnā. *Varr.*

TRĪCORPŎR, ŏris. *m. f. n. Having thre* formā trĭcorpŏris umbræ. *V.* [† Trĭ gĕmĭnŭs, trĭplex.]

TRĪCUSPĬS, ĭdis. *m. f. n. Three-point* quē trĭcuspĭdē telo (*of Neptune's t See* TRIDENS.

TRĪDENS, tis. 1. *Having three teeth, thre* Convulsum remis rostrisquē trĭdentĭ *V.* [† Trĭcuspĭs, trĭfĭdŭs.] 2. Used *Neptune's trident.* Emotā trĭdenti fu (Trojæ). *V.* [† Fuscĭnā.] Ep. Nept lĭdŭs, pŏtens, sævŭs. Crol. Trĭfĭdā trĭsulcā) cuspis *or* hastā. Trĭplex *or* telum. 3. *A weapon belonging to the* retiarius. *J.*

TRĪDENTĬFĔR, *and* TRĪDENTĬGĔR, ă *Trident-bearing.* Regnā vāgæ, dixi, æ dentĭfĕr undæ. *O.* Cumquē Trĭdentĭgĕ gĕnĭtorē prŏfundi. *O.*

TRĪDENTĬPŎTENS, tis. *Mighty with t* Divē trĭdentĭpŏtens, cujus mārĭa in Ordimūr. *Sil.*

TRIDŬUM, i. *n. A space of three days.* S tridŭo lĕgātūr! *M.*

TRIENNĬUM, ĭi. *n. A space of three yea a feast recurring every three years.* cĕlĕbrant rĕpĕtītā trĭennĭā Bacchæ. *O.* teris.] *See* T. *and* TRIETERICUS.

TRIENS, tis. *m.* 1. *The third of a poun ounces.* Ponderĭbus justis fac sit ŭterq *O.* 2. *The third of an* as. Nĕc hăb porrīgăt, orē trĭentem. *J.* 3. *The th* sextarius = *four* cyathi; hence, *the cu* (of wine, &c.) *containing so much.* Mul trĭentĭbŭs horā. *Pp. See* CYATHUS. *third part of any whole.*

TRIĒTĒRĬCUS, ă, um. (τριετηρικός.) *T place every three years, triennial;* used = t. sacrā. Audito stĭmŭlant trĭēterĭc Orgĭā. *V.* Rĕférens ~-ă Baccho. *O.* nĭā, trĭēteris.] *See* ORGIA.

TRĬĒTĒRĬS, ĭdĭs. *f.* (τριετηρίς.) *A space of three years;* hence, *a triennial feast.* Cum trĭbŭs Eleis unam trĭēterĭdā lustris. *St.* Rĕcŏllĭt ~ ˘Ophelten. *St.* [¶ Trĭennĭum.] *See* TRIETERICUS.

TRĬFAUX, aucĭs. *Three-throated.* Cerbĕrŭs hæc ingens latratu regnā trĭfauci Persŏnāt. *V.*

TRĬFĬDŬS, ă, um. *Cleft in three; three-pronged, three-forked.* Nalděs Hespĕrĭæ trĭfĭda fumantĭā flamma Corpŏrā dant tŭmŭlo (*of forked lightnings*). *O.* ~ hastā (Neptuni). *V. Fl.* Linguā mĭcāt ~-o motu. *Sil.* [¶ Trĭcuspĭs, trĭsulcŭs; *ext.* trĭplex.]

TRĬFĬLĬS, ĕ. *Having three threads* or *hairs.* Calvam trĭfĭlem segmentatŭs unguento. *M.*

TRĬFORMIS, ĕ. *Of three forms, shapes,* or *bodies.* Jupĭtĕr arces Tempĕrāt ætherĭas et mundi regnā trĭformĭs. *O.* Divā trĭformĭs (Hĕcāte). *H.* [¶ Trĭplex, tergĕmĭnŭs; *sts.* trĭcorpŏr.]

TRIGINTA. *indecl. Thirty.* Triginta magnos volvendis mensĭbŭs orbes. *V.* **Crol.** Tĕr deni, æ, ă.

TRĬLIBRIS, ĕ. *Weighing three pounds.* Laudas, insanĕ, trĭlibrem Mullum. *H.*

TRĬLINGUIS, ĕ. *Having three tongues.* Sānĭcsquĕ manēt Orĕ trĭlingui. *H.*

TRĬLIX, icĭs. *Made of three threads, having a triple warp.* Loricam consertam hamis auroquĕ trĭlicem. *V.*

TRĬMESTRIS, ĕ. *Of three months.* Trĭā Punĭcā bellā; trĭmestres Annorum cœliquĕ vĭces. *Aus.*

TRĬMĔTĔR, *and* **TRIMĔTRŬS**, ă, um. (τρίμετρος.) *Trimeter, containing three metres.* Undĕ ĕtĭam trĭmĕtris accrescĕrĕ nomĕn Jussĭt Iambeis. *H. See* IAMBUS.

TRIMŬS, ă, um. *Three years old.* Quæ vĕlut latis ĕquā trimā campis. *H.*

TRINACRIA, *and* **TRINACRIS**, ĭdis. *f. Sicily, so called from its three promontories.* Trinăcrĭa fines ˘Itălos mitterĕ rĕlicta. *V.* Trinăcrĭs, a pŏslĭtu nomĕn ădeptā sŭo. *O.* **Crol.** Terrā Trinăcrĭs. *See* SICILIA.

TRINĂCRĬŬS, *and* **TRINACRIŬS**, ă, um; *and* **TRINĂCRIS**, ĭdis. *adj. f. Sicilian.* Nos quŏquĕ Trinăcrĭæ suppŏsŭissĕt ăquæ. *O.* Quum tantum arderem quantum Trinacrĭā rupes. *Cat.* Trinăcrĭs Hyblā. *O. See* SICULUS.

TRINĬTAS, ātis. *f. Eccl.* 1. *A company of three.* Mox et trĭformĭs angĕlorum trinĭtas. *Prud.* [¶ Trĭās.] 2. Us. *The Holy Trinity.* **Crol.** Trinŭs Dĕŭs. **Phr.** Gĕnĭtŏr, Natusquĕ ĕt Spirĭtŭs Sanctŭs. Unā ĭn Personis trĭbŭs Dĕĭtas. Unā trĭum Dĕĭtas, unā Essentĭā.

TRĬNOCTIALIS, ĕ. *Of three nights.* Offensus gĕnĭtor trĭhoctĭali Affecit dŏmĭcœnĭo clĭentem. *M.*

TRĬNOCTIUM, ĭi. *n. A space of three nights.* Trinā Tĕrentino cĕlĕbrātā trĭnoctĭā ludo. *Aus.*

TRĬNODIS, ĕ. *Having three knots* or *joints;* hence, *of three syllables.* Ossā mĕi fratris clava perfractā trĭnodi. *O.* ~-is dactylĭŭs. *Aus.*

TRINŬS, ă, um. *St., and* **TRINI**, æ, ă. *Three* (distrib.), *three each; triple.* Quæ trino jŭvĕnis fŏro tŏnabas. *St.* Nomĭnā trinā fĕro: sic vŏlŭerĕ Cŭres. *O.* Cornŭā trinā. *O.* [¶ Tres, trĭplex.]

TRIONES, um. *m. pl.* 1. *The Greater and the Lesser Bear* (constellations). Arcturum, plŭvĭasque Hyādas, gĕmĭnosquĕ Trĭones. *V. See* URSA. 2. Sing. *See* SEPTENTRIO.

TRĬPECTŎRŬS, ă, um. *Three-breasted.* Quidvĕ trĭpectŏrā tergĕmĭni vis Geryŏnai? *Lr.*

TRĬPES, ĕdis. *m. f. n. Having three feet.* Mŏdŏ sit mĭhĭ mensā trĭpes, ĕt Conchā sālis puri! *H.* ~ grābatŭs ĕt bĭpes mensā. *M.*

TRĬPLEX (**TRIPLEX** *usus.*), icis. *m. f. n.* 1. *Triple, threefold.* Nec me pastorĭs ˘Iberi Formā trĭplex, nec formā trĭplex tŭā, Cerbĕrĕ, movĭt. *O.* Sācrā ~-is Dĭanæ. *O.* [¶ Tergĕmĭnŭs; *sts.* trĭplŭs.] 2. *Three together.* Pœnarum dĕæ ~-es. *O.* ~-i pollĭcĕ netĭs ŏpŭs (*of the three Fates*). *O.* 3. **Trĭplĭces.** *m. pl. A writing-tablet of three leaves.* ~-es nostros non villā donā pŭtabis. *M.*

TRIPTŎLĔMŬS, i. *m. Son of Celeus, king of Eleusis, and inventor of agriculture.* *C. D.* Trĭptŏlĕmum grĕmĭo sustŭlĭt illā sŭo. *O.* **Phr.** Pŭĕr ăratri monstratŏr.

TRĬPŬDIUM, ĭi. *n. A dance* or *dancing;* us. *in religious ceremonies.* Quo nos dĕcet cĭtatis cĕlĕbrarĕ trĭpŭdĭis. *Cat.*

TRĬPUS, ŏdis. *m.* 1. *The tripod of the Pythia at Delphi; the oracle itself; any oracle.* Qui trĭpŏdas, Clārĭi lauros, qui sidĕrā sentis. *V.* Mittĭtŭr ăd ~-as. *O.* [¶ Cortinā.] *See* DELPHI, ORACULUM. 2. *A seat of the same shape, and a mark of honour.* Donarem ~-as, præmĭā fortĭum Graiorum. *H.*

TRĬQUĔTRŬS, ă, um. 1. *Three-cornered, triangular.* Essĕ trĭquetra ălĭis, ălĭis quadratā nĕcesse est. *Lr.* [¶ Trĭangŭlŭs.] Hence—2. *Sicilian.* Huc Ennæā cŏhors, Trĭquĕtris quam misĕrāt oris. *Sil.* [Used subst. f. for Sicily by *H., Sat.* ii. 6, 55. *Milĭtĭbus promissā Trĭquetra Prædĭā.*]

TRĬREMIS, ĭs. *f. A trireme* (a ship with three banks of oars); *a ship.* Descendĭt ærata trĭremi. *H.* Nausĕāt ac lŏcŭples quem ducĭt priva trĭremĭs. *H.* **Phr.** Cui terno ordĭnĕ remi consurgunt.

TRISCURRIA, orum. *n. pl. Great buffooneries.* Qui sĕdĕt et spectat triscurrĭā patrĭcĭorum. *J.*

TRISTĂ. *adj. n. as adv. Sadly, sorrowfully; harshly.* Quid fles Anxĭā captiva tristĭŭs Andrŏmăcha? *Pp.* ~ ĕt ăcutum rĕsŏnarĕ. *H.* mĭcant enses. *St.*

TRISTĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. *That makes sad.* Tristĭfĭcas certant Neptuno redděrĕ voces. *Cic.* (*Div.*) *See* TRISTIS.

TRISTIS, ĕ. 1. *Sad, sorrowful* (the state of feeling). Supplĭcĭter tristes, et tunsæ pectŏrā palmis. *V.* [¶ Mœstŭs, mœrens, afflĭctŭs, dŏlens, anxĭŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs.] **Crol.** Mœrorĕ *or* tristĭtĭa –pressŭs, dejectŭs, gĕmens. Luctu oppressŭs. Mentĕ jăcens. Sauclŭs ăcerbo ictu. Cui frons tristĭs, *or* nubĭlā, *or* lætā pārum. Cui dejecto vultu lumĭnā. Qui vulnŭs inconsolabĭlĕ mentĕ gĕrĭt. 2. *Grave and severe of countenance;* fig. *grave, stern, morose.* Oderunt hĭlārem ~-es ~-emquĕ jŏcosi. *H.* Sermo mŏdŏ ~ sæpĕ jŏcosŭs. *H.* [¶ Grăvĭs, sĕvĕrŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, rĭgĭdŭs, horrĭdŭs.] 3. *Sad, afflicting, causing sorrow,* &c. ~-i languerĕ morbo. *V.* ~-ā fatā. *O.* ~-es cālendæ. *H.* [¶ Funestŭs, fatalĭs, infaustŭs, aspĕr, dirŭs, &c.] 4. *Alarming, fearful, dreadful,* &c. Rĕportarĕ ~-ā dictā ădytis. *V.* ~ ˘Erinnys. ~-es ursæ. *St.* [¶ Horrendŭs, horrĭdŭs, dirŭs, terrĭbĭlĭs, atĕr, sævŭs, mĭnax, mĕtŭendŭs, &c.] 5. *Baneful.* ~ mĕdĭcamĕn. *O. See* NOXIUS. 6. *Used of what is bitter,* &c., *in taste.* ˘Allĭis quŏd tristĕ ĕt ămarum est. *Lr.* ~ sāpŏr. *O.* Savĭŏlum ~-i ~-ĭŭs hellĕbŏro. *Cat.* [¶ ˘Amarŭs, aspĕr, &c.] 7. *Vexed, offended, out of humour.* Illa mĭnatŭr Quæ sŏlĕt ingrato ~ ămicā vīro. *Pp. See* IRATUS.

TRISTĬTIA, æ. *f.* 1. *Sadness, sorrow.* Compescŭĭt omnem Res nŏvā tristĭtĭam. *O.* [¶ Mœrŏr, luctŭs, dŏlŏr; *sts.* anxĭĕtas, sollĭcĭtudo.] **Crol.** Vultus *or* frontĭs tristĭtĭā. Frons tristĭs *or* nubĭlā. Vultŭs –tristĭs, mœstŭs, nubĭlŭs. Frontĭs nubĭlā *or* nubes (*sing.*). *See* DOLOR. 2. Sts. *Vexation, displeasure, anger.* *O. See* TRISTIS.

TRISULCŬS, ă, um. 1. *Cleft in three, three-pronged,* &c. Cui dextrā trĭsulcis Ignĭbŭs armata est. *O.* Telā ~-ā Jŏvi. *O.* [¶ Trĭcuspĭs, trĭfĭdŭs, trĭplex.] 2. *Used of the serpent's tongue.* Linguis mĭcāt orĕ ~-is. *V.* 3. *An epithet of Sicily, as*

having three promontories. Cl. See TRIQUETRUS.

TRĬTĂVŬS, i. *m. The fifth grandfather by either side; a remote ancestor.* [The first syll. is prop. short, but seems to be *long* in *Plaut. Pers.* 1, 2, 5. Pătĕr, ăvus, prŏăvŭs, ăbăvŭs, ătăvus, trĭtăvŭs.]

TRĬTĬCĂ̆ŬS, ă, um. *Wheaten, of wheat.* At si trĭtĭcĕ̆am in messem robustăquĕ farrā. *V.* [† Cĕrĕ̆ălĭs.]

TRĬTĬCUM, i. *n.* (*no plur.*) *Wheat.* ˘Ovem rŏgabat cervus mŏdĭum trĭtĭci. *Ph.* [† Far, frumentum.] *See* HORDEUM.

I. TRITON, onĭs. *m.* 1. *Son of Neptune, and one of the chief deities of the sea.* Cymŏthŏe sĭmŭl et Triton adnixŭs, ăcuto &c. *V.* Ep. Æquŏrĕ̆ŭs, mărĭnŭs, cærŭlĕ̆ŭs, cănorŭs, semĭfĕr, squamosŭs, squamĕ̆ŭs; concha sŏnans; murmŭrā ventosa concha perflans. 2. Pl. *The Tritons, marine creatures, half men and half fish.* Tritonesquĕ cĭti, Phorcique exercĭtŭs omnĭs. *V.* II. *A lake and river of Africa, near which Minerva was born, and whence she is called Tritonia,* &c.

TRITONĬĂ̆CŬS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Minerva. See* TRITON (II.). Quum Tritonĭ̆ăca Latoŭs ăcundĭnĕ victum Affecit pœna (T. a., *the flute invented by her*). *O.*

TRITONĬS, ĭdĭs. *adj. f.* 1. *Of* or *belonging to the lake* or *river Triton in Africa.* Stagnā cŏlunt Tritonĭdŏs altā pāludĭs. *Sil.* 2. *Of* or *belonging to Minerva; epithet* or *surname of Minerva* (as having been born near the lake T.). ∾ arx (*Athens*); pinŭs (*the ship Argo*). *O.* ˘Ad templum Pallādĭs ∾-Idŏs. *Lr.* [† Pallādĭŭs.] 3. Used subst. f. *The lake Triton.* Pallăs Tritonĭdŏs edĭtā lymphis. *Sil.* [† Triton.] 4. *The Goddess Minerva; used also for the olive, as sacred to M.* Sævæ Tritonĭdĭs arcem. *V. O.* ∾-Idē fertĭles ˘Athenæ (i. e. *the olive of M.*). *St. See* TRITONIUS.

TRITONĬŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Minerva, as born near the lake Triton; epithet* or *surname of Minerva.* ∾ virgo; Pallăs. *V.* 2. Used subst. f. *The Goddess Minerva.* Signā dĕdĭt Tritonĭă. *V.*

TRITURĂ, æ. *f. Threshing.* Magnăquĕ cum magno vĕnĭet triturā călorĕ. *V.*

TRITŬS, ă, um. *part. See* TERO. Used also adj. 1. *Pounded, ground.* Nec pĭgĕat nĭvĕo tritum cum lactĕ pāpavĕr Sumĕrĕ. *O.* 2. *Worn by treading, passing over,* &c. (of a road.) ∾-ă rŏtis Appĭă. *O.* Iŏcā sŏlo. *Lr.* 3. *Worn out* or *away.* ∾ sŭbucŭlā. *H.* Nil est tritĭŭs Hedȳli lăcernis. *M.* 4. *Sharpened.* Dentĭbŭs In stipĭtĕ ∾-is fĕrox. *O.* 5. *Trite, common, commonplace.* Si quĭd hac re tritĭŭs vĭdebatŭr. *Cat.*

TRĬUMPHALĬS, ĕ. 1. *Of* or *belonging to a triumph.* Saxā trĭumphales fregerĕ Căpharĕă puppes. *Pp.* 2. ∾ vĭr. *One who has gained the honour of a triumph.* ∾-es sĕnes. *O.*

TRĬUMPHANS, tĭs. *See* TRIUMPHO. 1. *Triumphant.* Lætā trĭumphanti de summo matĕr ŏlympo Plaudĕt. *O. See* VICTOR, TRIUMPHO. 2. ∾ ĕqui. *The horses of the triumphant conqueror. O.* [† Cŏronati, laurĭgĕri.]

TRĬUMPHATŬS, ă, um. *Triumphed over, conquered;* ats. *obtained as spoils,* &c. Romā trĭumphati dum căpŭt orbĭs ĕrĭt. *O.* ∾ Cŏrinthŭs. *V.* bos (*made booty*). *O. See* VICTUS.

TRĬUMPHO, as. 1. *To triumph, celebrate a triumph.* Illā cŏronatis altā trĭumphăt ĕquis. *O.* [† ˘Ovarĕ.] Crcl. Trĭumphum ăgo *or* duco. Trĭumpho invĕhŏr. Curru sublimĭs ĕo. ˘Ad templā dĕorum *or* dĕum trĭumphos duco. Trĭumphi dĕcŭs *or* hŏnores rĕfĕro. Trĭumphales *or* victrices lauros gĕro. Laurĭgĕro curru invĕhŏr. Phr. *A triumphant procession.* Victŏr (*ep.* aurĕ̆ŭs, purpŭrĕ̆ŭs, auro ostroquĕ dĕcŏrātus, Tĭrĭo In ostro conspectŭs, Phœbea lauru cincta, &c.)—currus *or* ĕquos trĭumphantes (cŏronātos) ăgĭt;—mĕdĭam pĕr urbem vĕhĭtŭr (procedit)—fertŭr *or* ĭt nĭvĕis ĕquis;—curru victori pĕ̆ orā pŏpŭli vĕhĭtŭr;—curru adstans Martī ut pŏpŭlo spectandā præbĕt;—mănĭbŭs spectātĭum undĭquĕ circumplaudĭtŭr. Oppĭdā cum belli præmĭā, antĕ currus fĕrūntŭr. Undĭque jactato florĕ vĭæ tĕguntŭr. Lætā vox trĭumphū cănĭt. Milĕs, "˘Io, Io trĭumphĕ," magna vŏ cănĭt. Căpĭtolĭă longas pompas despectant. Fig. 2. *To triumph over, to conquer.* De me ∾-ă ămŏr. *Pp.* and *O.* [*Triumphare ex* &c. by prose writers.] [† Vinco, &c.] *See* V. 3. *To rejoice, exult. Ter.* [† ˘Ovarĕ, exsultarĕ.]

TRĬUMPHŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A triumph* (the procession, &c.). Ergo omnis pŏpŭlus pŏtĕrit spectārĕ trĭumphos. *O.* Ep. Augustŭs, festŭs, solemnis, lætŭs; laurĭgĕr, dĕcorŭs, magnĭfĭcŭs, sŭpĕrbŭs, sublimis, clarŭs, insignĭs, nobĭlis. Phr. Trĭumphi -pompā, dĕcŭs, hŏnŏr, hŏnos, hŏnōrēs. Trĭumphales ĕqui *or* currus. Trĭumphalis pompā. Pompā Tarpeio Jŏvi spectandā. Cum victŏr *or* laurĭgĕr. *See* TRIUMPHO (Phr.). 2. *The* trĭumphē. *The cry of the soldiers, spectators, &c., during the procession.* Pŏpŭlo clamantē ∾-ēm. "˘Io trĭumphē' non sĕmĕl dicemŭs. *H.* [The people were said thus *canere* or *clamare triumphum. O.*] 3. Fig. *A victory; a victory in any contest. V. O.* [† Victorĭă, palmā.]

TRĬUMVĬRI, orum. *m. pl. Three joint colleagues in office.* Equĕ vĭris quondam pars trĭbūs ămĭ fŭi. *O.* [Sp. used of the triumvirates of J. Cæsar, Pompey, and Crassus; and of M. Antony, Lepidus, and Augustus.]

TRĬUMVĬRALĬS, ĕ. *Of* or *belonging to the* triumviri (any triumviri in office). Sectus flāgellis hic trĭumvĭrālĭbŭs (*of the chief gaolers, or* Triumviri Capitales). *H.*

TRĬVĬĂ, æ. *f. A surname of Diana, whose statue was placed in the* Trivia. Jam sŭbĕunt Trĭvĭæ lucos atque aurĕā tectā. *V. See* DIANA.

TRĬVĬUM, ĭi. *n. A place where three roads meet.* Nocturnis Hĕcăte trĭvĭis ŭlŭlatā pĕr urbes. *V.* [† Compĭtā, angĭportŭs; *ext.* quadrĭvĭum.] Crcl. ˘Itĕr multĭfĭdum. Phr. Compĭtā sectā In ternas vĭas.

TROĂS, ădĭs. *f.* 1. *Trojan, of the Troad.* Qui primus Dănăum Troădā tangăt hŭmum. *O.* 2. Used subst. f. *A Trojan woman.* Incessēt Troădā telorum jactu. *O.* Troăsĭn (*d. pl.*) invĭdĕo. *O.* Troădēs. *V.* [† Ilĭăs, Dardănĭs, Teucrĭs, Trojanā.] 3. *The Troad,* or *country of Troy. See* TEUCRIA.

TRŎCHLĒĂ, æ. *f. A pulley, a windlass.* Multăquĕ per trŏchlĕas et tympănā pondĕrĕ magno Cœmŏvĕt. *Lr.*

TRŎCHŬS, i. *m. A hoop of iron played with by children, and us. set round with rings.* Indoctusquĕ pĭlæ discivĕ trŏchivĕ quĭescĭt. *H.* Qui sŏlĕt ærĕ ∾. *M.*

TROĒS, um. *m. pl. The Trojans.* Optata pŏtĭuntur Troēs ārena. *V. See* TROJANI.

TROĬCŬS, *and* TROĬŬS, ă, um. *Trojan.* Ne cārēant summa Troĭcā bellā mănu. *O.* Troĭŭs Æneas. *V. See* TROJANI.

TROJĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *Troy.* Trojăquĕ nunc stares, Prĭămique arx altā măneres! *V.* [† Ilĭŏn, Ilĭum, Ilĭŏs, Pergămum, Pergămā; *ext.* Teucrĭă, Troās, Phrȳgĭă.] Ep. ˘Apollĭnĕā, Neptunĭă; Neptuni mănu făbrĭcātā; Laŏmĕdontĕā; antiquā, vĕtŭs; divēs, sŭpĕrbā, pŏtens, inclȳtā bello; perjurā, perfĭdā; captā, vastatā, dirŭtā, incensā. Bello bĭlustri (dĕcenni martĕ) sŭpĕrnātā. Crcl. Mœnĭă Trojæ *or* Troĭcā. M.

Dardănĭdum. Urbs Trojănă. Trojanæ (Ilĭăcæ, Pergămĕæ) arces *or* turres. Prĭămi *or* Assărĭci -regnum, regnă, urbs, arx, impĕrĭum. Urbs Hectŏrĭs *or* Hectŏrĕă. Phœbi (Neptuni, Neptunĭă) mœnĭă. ˘Apollĭnĭs arces. Divum dŏmŭs. Trojănă regnă. **2.** *A horse-race so called, instituted by Æneas, and restored by Augustus.* Trojăquĕ nunc pŭĕri, Trojanum dicĭtŭr agmĕn. *V.*

Trojanŭs, i. *m.*, *and* Trojani, orum. *m. pl.* **1.** *A Trojan; the Trojans.* Sin et Trojanis cum multo glorĭă venĭt Sanguĭnĕ. *V.* Cœlestesquĕ dŭas Trojano judĭcĕ vidĭt. *O.* [¶ Troĕs, Teucri, Trojŭgĕnæ, Dardănĭdæ, Dardănĭi, Laŏmĕdontĭădæ, Ænĕădæ; *ext.* Phrygĭi, Phrygĕs.] **Crol.** Dardănĭi cŏloni. Gens -Trojănă, Troĭcă, Hectŏrĕă. Trojanŭs pŏpŭlŭs. Trojănă stirps. Trojanum *or* Laŏmĕdonteum gĕnŭs. Assărĭci gens *or* gĕnŭs. **2.** Trojanŭs, ă, um. *Trojan, of Troy*, &c. ∾-æ ŏpes. *V.* ∾-ă regnă. *O.* [¶ Troĭcŭs, Troĭŭs, Dardănĭŭs, Dardănŭs, Ilĭăcŭs, Ilĭŭs, Dănăŭs, Pergămĕŭs, Teucĕr *or* Teucrŭs, Phrygĭŭs, Rhœtelŭs, Rhœtelĭŭs, Idæŭs; *sts.* barbărŭs.] **3.** ∾ ˘Equŭs. *See* Equus.

Trojŭgĕnæ, arum *and* um. *m. pl.* **1.** *Sprung from Troy; the Trojans.* Trojŭgĕnum infesto prosternet corpŏrĕ ferro. *Cat.* *See* Trojani. **2.** Used adj. m. f. ∾-æ gentes. *Lr.*

Troĭcŭs, ă, um. *See* Troicus.

Trŏpæum, i. *n.* **1.** *A trophy raised in commemoration of a victory.* Et dŭŏ raptă mănu diverso ex hostĕ trŏpeă. *V.* Fixi ∾-um. *Sil.* [¶ *Ext.* Exŭvĭæ, spŏlĭă.] **Ep.** Hostilĕ, sŭperbum, clarum, insignĕ, nobĭlĕ. [Trophies were made of the spoils taken from the enemy, and us. dedicated to Mars, &c. The earliest trophies were formed of trees, the branches of which were lopped off, and the spoils hung about them. Thus Virgil, *Æn.* xi. 5: *Ingentem quercum, decisis undĭquĕ ramis, Constĭtŭit tŭmŭlo, fulgentĭbŭsque indŭŭt armă, Mezenti dŭcis exŭvĭas, tĭbĭ, magnĕ, trŏpæum, Bellĭpŏtens.*] *See* Spolium. **2.** Fig. *Any trophy* or *token of a victory gained*, or *great achievement; a conquest, victory.* Ingĕnĭi bină ∾-ă tŭi. *O.* Cantarĕ Augusti ∾-ă. *H.* [¶ Trĭumphŭs, victorĭă.]

Trŏpĭcŭs, ă, um. (τροπικός.) *Of* or *belonging to turning round.* Quantăquĕ nox trŏpĭco se porrĭgĭt in Căprĭcorno (*where the sun begins to return*). *Aus.* A ∾-o ĭn ∾-um dum permĕăt annŭs. *Aus.*

Trŏpis, is. *f.* (τρόπις.) *The bottom of a ship; of a bottle; the dregs at the bottom.* Fumosæ fĕrĕt ipsĕ trŏpin de fæcĕ lăgenæ. *M.*

Tros, ŏis. *m.* **1.** *A king of Phrygia, from whom Troy was named.* Tros est gĕnĕrătŭs ăb illo. *O.* **2.** Adj. *Trojan.* Tros, ălĭt, Æneas, cessas? *V.* *See* Troes.

Trŭcido, as. *To slay, to slaughter.* Fit vŭă vi, rumpunt ădĭtus, primosquĕ trŭcidant. *V.* *See* Occido.

Trŭcŭlentŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Stern-looking, of truculent countenance.* Spectat trŭcŭlentă lŏquentem. *O.* [¶ Torvŭs, trux, durŭs, mĭnax, terrĭbĭlĭs, &c.] **2.** *Savage, cruel.* Feta ∾-lŏr ursa. *O.* ∾ æquŏr. *Cat.* [¶ Sævŭs, trux, aspĕr, ătrox, &c.] *See* Sævus.

Trŭdis, is. *f.* *A pointed pole for pushing.* Ferratasquĕ trŭdes, ĕt ăcuta cuspĭdĕ contos. *V.*

Trudo, is, si, sum. **1.** *To push forward, to push with force, to thrust* or *drive on.* Trudĭt ĕt impellit, quăsĭ navem velăquĕ ventŭs. *Lr.* Glăcĭem flumĭnă ∾-unt. *V.* ∾ montem pectŏrĕ. *V.* Āpros ĭn plagas. *H.* [¶ Propello, impello, protrudo, ăgo.] **2.** *To drive away.* *Cl.* [¶ Pello, &c.] *See* P. **3.** *To push* or *put forth, send out.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ĭtŭr e sicco radix ŏlĕăgĭnĕ ligno. *V.* ∾ gemmas. *V.* ∾-ĭtŭr dĭes dĭe. *H.* [¶ Emitto, educo, edo, proffĕro.]

Trullă, æ. *f.* *A kind of ladle, a bowl.* Festis potarĕ dĭebŭs Campana sŏlĭtus trulla. *H.* *See* Poculum.

Trunco, as. **1.** *To lop, maim, mutilate.* Truncăt ŏlus fŏlĭis. *O.* Truncavitquĕ căput compressăquĕ dentĭbŭs orĭ. *L.* *See* Seco. **2.** *To kill* = obtrunco. ∾ cervos. *V. Fl.*

Truncŭs, ă, um. **1.** *Lopped, maimed, mutilated.* Lit. and fig. Truncă mănum pinus rĕgĭt, et vestigĭă firmăt. *V.* ∾-ă telă (*broken*). *V.* ∾-as ĭnhŏnesto vulnĕrĕ nares. *V.* ∾-ă nĕmŏră (*lopped*). ∾ pĕcŭs (*without the bull*). *St.* ∾-ă pĕdum ănĭmallĭă. *V.* [¶ Truncatŭs, lăcĕr, mŭtĭlŭs, &c.] *See* Desectus. **3.** *Imperfect* (naturally). ∾-æ mănus (nani). *Pp.*

Truncŭs, i. *m.* **1.** *The trunk of a tree; the tree itself. V. Fl.* Arbŏrĭs obnixus trunco. *V.* [¶ Stipĕs; *ext.* arbŏr.] **Ep.** Arbŏrĕŭs, procerŭs, altŭs, ingens; tĕrĕs, rŏtundŭs; durŭs, firmŭs, vălĭdŭs. **Crol.** Trunci robŭr. **2.** *A branch of a tree* (*i. e.* cut off). *V. Fl.* **3.** *The trunk of the human body.* Jăcĕt ingens littŏrĕ ∾. *V.* **Crol.** Truncum corpŭs.

Trŭtĭnă, æ. *f.* *A balance, a pair of scales.* Lit. and fig. Indĕ Mărcorum, Atque ălĭa parte in trŭtĭna suspendĭt Hŏmerum. *J.* Ponĕrĕ ĭn trŭtĭna. Pensarĕ t. *H.* [¶ Lanx, librĭ, examĕn, stăterĕ.] **Ep.** Æquă, æqualĭs, justă, certă, fĭdelĭs, pendens, pendŭlă. **Crol.** Justæ ponderĕ libræ. Recto *or* æquato examĭnĕ libra.

Trŭtĭnŏr, arĭs. *To weigh in the balance.* Lit. and fig. Atque exporrecto trŭtĭnantur verbă lăbello. *Pers.*

Trux, trŭcis. **1.** *Savage* or *ferocious-looking.* Lumĭnă volvĭt, ŏbitquĕ trŭci prŏcŭl omnĭă visu. *V.* [¶ Trŭcŭlentŭs, torvŭs, mĭnax, &c.] **2.** *Fierce, cruel.* ∾-es fĕræ. *Tib.* ănĭmi. *L.* ∾ classĭcum. *H.* [¶ Trŭcŭlentŭs, aspĕr, sævŭs, &c.] *See* Sævus.

Tu, tŭi, tĭbĭ, te; *pl.* vos, &c. *Thou, you*, &c. Cunctă tĭbi Cĕrĕrem pubes agrestĭs ădorĕt. Tĭbĭ desĕrĭt Hespĕrŭs Œtam. *V.* [¶ Tutĕ; *sts.* tutĕmĕt.]

Tŭbă, æ. *f.* **1.** *A trumpet.* Exŏrĭtur clamorquĕ vĭrum clangorquĕ tŭbarum. *V.* [¶ Classĭcum, buccĭnă, cornu, lĭtŭŭs, æs.] **Ep.** Ærĕă, căvă, curvă, inflată, martĭă, bellĭcă, tristĭs, funestă, horridă, terrĭbĭlĭs, fĕrĕ, trĕmendă; luctĭfĭcum clangens; clarĕ, cănorĕ, sŏnans, rĕsŏnans, raucă, stridens, vocalĭs. **Crol.** Æs *or* cornu -cănorum, rĕcurvum, raucum, Tyrrhenum, căvum. Tŭbæ *or* tŭbarum -sŏnŭs, sŏnĭtŭs, stridŏr, clangŏr, murmŭr, signum, signă. **Phr.** 1. Martĭŭs rauci ærĭs cănŏr. Tyrrhenŭs tŭbæ clangŏr. Terrŏr clangentĭs tŭbæ. Murmŭr (grăvĭs frăgŏr, frĕmĭtus trŭces) immitĭs tŭbæ. Stridŏr lĭtŭum, clangorquĕ tŭbarum. **Phr.** 2. *The trumpet sounds for battle.* Tŭbă (buccĭnă, &c.) -signum (*ep.* crŭentum, feralĕ) dăt (incrĕpăt);—mŏrantes *or* vĭros ærĕ clĕt;—martem cantu (ferali c.) accendĭt;—clangorĭbŭs (*ep.* sævis, terrĭfĭcis) auras frangĭt (urbem pulsăt);—terrĭbĭlem sŏnĭtum ærĕ (*ep.* cănoro, căvo, rĕcurvo) incrĕpăt;—pĕr æthĕrĕ mugĭt;—mĭnaci murmŭrĕ aures perstringĭt. **2.** Antĕ tŭbam. *Before the battle's begun.* Lit. and fig. *V. J.* **3.** *The* tuba *was used on board ship for signals, as well as in the field; at funerals; and on public festive occasions.* Sollĭcĭtarĕ frĕtă navali ∾-a. *M.* Carmĭnă funĕrĕa flebĭlĭorĕ ∾-a. *O.* ∾ cănĭt ludos. *V.* Fig. **4.** *Used of the strains of heroic poetry.* Cănĕrĕ fĕrĕ bellĭ ∾-a. *M.* **5.** *Of any great roaring* or *grand noise.* ∾ nimborum. *Cl.*

I. Tŭbĕr, ĕrĭs. *n.* **1.** *A tumour, excrescence.* Lit.

and fig. Immŏdĭco prodibant tuberĕ tali. *O.* Cŏlăphis ∾ est totum căpŭt. *Ter.* Tuberă . . . verrucæ (*great and small faults*). *H.* 2. *A truffle* (kind of mushroom). *M. J.*

II. Tŭbĕr, ĕris. *m. A kind of apple.* Non tĭbĭ de Lĭbycis tŭbĕres ĕt ăpyrĭnă ramis. *M.*

Tŭbĭcĕn, Inĭs. *m. A trumpeter.* Qua jăcĕt et Trojæ tŭbĭcen Misenŭs ārena. *Pp. See* Tuba.

Tŭbĭlustrĭa, orum. *n. pl. A feast of trumpets, at which the trumpets used in sacred ceremonies were purified.* Proxĭmă Vulcani lux est: tŭbĭlustrĭă dicunt. *O.*

Tŭbŭs, i. *m. A tube, pipe, channel.* Mŏdŏ qui pĕr omnes viscĕrum tŭbos ibăt. *M.* [¶ Cănalĭs, fistŭlă.]

Tuccetum, *or* Tucetum, i. *n. A sort of sausage.* Esto ăgĕ, sed grandes pătĭnæ tuccetăquĕ crassă. *Pers.*

Tŭdĭtans, antĭs (*freq. of* Tundo). 1. *Beating, pounding, hammering.* Nec tŭdĭtantĭă rem cessant extrinsĕcŭs ullam Corpŏrĕ Confĭcĕrĕ. *Lr.* 2. *Putting into violent motion.* Hæc intĕr se tota vi tŭdĭtantes. *Enn.*

Tŭĕŏr, erĭs, eri. (Tŭŏr. *Cat. St.* tŭĭmŭr, tŭantŭr, tŭĕrĕ. *Lr.*) 1. *To see, look at* or *upon, regard, contemplate.* Talĭă dicentem jamdudum aversă tŭetŭr. *V.* Ardescĭt tŭendo. *V.* Cœlum ∾. *O.* [¶ Intŭĕŏr, adspĭcĭo, specto, intŭŏr, contŭŏr.] *See* Specto, Video. 2. *To take special note of, carefully observe.* Causasquĕ affectusquĕ cănum, tŭă cură tŭeri est. *Grat.* [¶ Observo, inspĭcĭo, considĕro, &c.] 3. *To take care of, keep, observe carefully.* ∾ ŏnŭs impŏsĭtum; commissă sĭnĕ fraudĕ. *O.* [¶ Custodĭo, servo.] 4. *To protect, defend.* Hæc ară tŭebĭtŭr omnes. *V.* [¶ Tutŏr, defendo, protĕgo, tĕgo, servo, custodĭo; *sts.* pătrocĭnŏr, făvĕo, fŏvĕo.] Crol. Sum tutelă *or* cŏlŭmĕn. Suscĭpĭo pătrocĭnĭum. 5. *To uphold, sustain.* ∾ nomĕn. *Sil.* [¶ Sustĭnĕo, &c.] 6. *To sustain, nourish.* Florĭdă Hyblă tŭetŭr ăpes. *O.* [¶ ˘Alo, &c.]

Tŭgŭrĭum, ĭi *and* i. *n. A cottage.* Paupĕrĭs et tŭgŭri congestum cespĭtĕ culmĕn. *V. See* Casa.

Tum. 1. Conj. When repeated (tum . . . tum), or used with quum. *As well . . . as; not only . . . but; but . . . and.* 2. *And then, then too, after that* (in addition). Narcissum et florem jungi &c.; tum căsĭa &c. *V.* [¶ ˘Et, insŭpĕr, prætĕrĕa, deindĕ.] 3. Adv. *Then. See* Tunc.

Tŭmĕfăcĭo, ĭs. 1. *To cause to swell;* fig. *to puff up, elate.* Extentam tŭmĕfecĭt hŭmum, seu spirĭtŭs orĭs &c. *O.* Lætĭtĭa tŭmĕfactŭs. *Pp.* [¶ Inflo.]

Tŭmĕo, es, ŭi, *and* Tŭmesco, ĭs. 1. *To swell, to be swollen, to rise swellingly, to be inflated.* Et tŭă jam fletu lumĭnă fessă tŭment. *Tib.* ∾-ĕt uvă racemis. *O.* Verĕ ∾-ent terræ. *V.* Tŭmescunt-mărĭa altă. *V.* -inflată collă. *O.* ∾-ĭt tabĕ nĭvĭs (flŭvĭŭs). *L.* [¶ Turgĕo, turgesco, inflŏr; *sts.* surgo, cresco.] 2. *To rise* (above the plain), *be high up* (of a mountain). Clivŭs orbĕ ∾-ĕt. *Cl.* [¶ Cresco, surgo.] Fig. 3. *To swell, heave with desire, agitation, emotion of any kind.* ∾-es laudĭs ămorĕ. *H.* ∾-ĕt sĭnŭs. *Tib.* mens (făcĕrĕ qd). *V. Fl.* ∾-ent bellă. *O.* Tŭmescĕrĕ b. *V.* 4. *To swell with anger, fury,* &c. Răbĭe cordă ∾ ent. *V.* Orĕ cum mentĕ tŭmescunt. *O. See* Irascor. 5. *To be puffed up with pride, elated, haughty,* &c. Vană tŭmentem. *V.* ∾-ens Mĭthrĭdatcis nomĭnĭbŭs (Pontŭs). *O.* [¶ Inflŏr, turgĕo, &c.] *See* Superbio.

Tŭmĭdŭs, ă, um. 1. *Swollen, inflated, swelling out.* Qua tŭmĭdus rĭgăt arvă Nilŭs. *H.* ∾-is velis. *H.* ∾-æ In vitĭbŭs uvæ. *O.* [¶ Tŭmĕfactŭs, inflatŭs, turgens, turgescens, turgĭdŭs.] 2. Sts. *Raised high, elevated.* ∾-i subsidĭtĕ montes. *O.* *See* Tumor, Celsus. Fig. 3. *Swollen with anger, incensed.* ∾-a ex ira cordă rĕsĭdunt. *V. See* Iratus. 4. *Puffed up with pride, haughty.* ∾ præcordĭă nŏvo regno. *V.* [¶ Tŭmĕfactŭs, inflatŭs, turgĭdŭs, &c.] *See* Superbus. 5. *That which inflates* or *causes to swell out.* Infŭtŭr carbăsŭs ∾-o austro. *V.* ∾-i euri. *O.*

Tŭmŏr, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A swelling out, an inflation, a swelling* or *heaving up.* Turpĭă quum fŭrĕt Pallădĭs orĕ tŭmŏr. *Pp.* Sævĭt ∾ pĕlăgi. *Cl.* 2. Sp. *A rising of the ground, a hill, hillock.* ∾ ĭn lŏci permansĭt &c. *O.* ∾-ĕ parvo curvătă jŭgĭtĭes. *Cl.* [¶ Tŭmŭlŭs.] 3. *A rising* or *swelling on the body; a tumour. M.* [¶ Tuber.] Fig. 4. *A fermentation, commotion.* ∾ ĕt civĭlĭă classĭcă. *Cl.* 5. *Anger, rage.* ∾ ĕt iræ dĕum. *V. See* Ira. 6. *Pride, haughtiness,* &c. Me ∾ impŭlĭrĭt &c. *Cl. See* Superbia.

Tŭmŭlo, as. *To bury* (cover with a mound). Optăt ŭt exănĭmis mănĭbus tŭmŭlĕtŭr ămicus. *O.* [¶ Contŭmŭlo, hŭmo, &c.] *See* Sepelio.

Tŭmultŭosŭs, ă, um. *Full of tumult, full of agitation and commotion.* Tŭmultŭosum sollĭcĭtămărĕ. *H. See* Turbidus.

Tŭmultŭs, us. *m.* 1. *Tumult, disturbance, commotion.* Ille ĕtĭam (sol) cæcos instarĕ tŭmultŭs Sæpĕ mŏnĕt. *V.* [¶ Turbă, turbæ, trĕpĭdătĭŏ.] *See* Seditio, Discordia. 2. Sp. *A war that suddenly breaks out* (us. of outbreaks within the Roman territory, and irruptions of the Gauls). ∾-u trĕpĭdo conjurăt Lătĭum. *V.* 3. *The noise, strife of quarrelling,* &c. ˘In ∾-us convĭvĭ vĭrăă. *O.* [¶ Rixă, jurgĭă (*pl.*).] 4. *Tumult, clamour.* Mĭsĕroquĕ ∾-u miscetŭr (dŏmŭs). *V.* [¶ Murmŭr, clamŏr, &c.] 5. *The uproar of the elements.* Pĕlăgi cœliquĕ ∾. *L.* Cœlum tŭlĭt ∾-u. *V.* [¶ Murmŭr, frăgŏr, sŏnĭtŭs, strĕpĭtŭs, &c.] *See* Sonitus. Fig. 6. *Disorder, confusion.* Vărĭŭs vocum gĕnĕrumquĕ ∾. *Cl.* ∾-um sŭmăcho ferrĕ. *H.* 7. *Used of mental disquietude.* Submŏverĕ mĭsĕros ∾-us mentĭs. *H.* [¶ Turbæ.] *See* Cura.

Tŭmŭlŭs, i. *m.* 1. *A mound of earth* (natural or artificial); *a rising ground, a hillock.* Collĭs ĭmet mŏdĭco, lenique excrescĭt ĭn altum Pingŭĕ sŏlum tŭmŭlo. *L.* Est urbĕ egressis ∾. *V.* [¶ Tŭmŏr, umbo, collĭs.] *See* Collis. 2. *A mound over a grave.* ∾-um ĭn littŏrĕ Inanem constĭtŭi. *V.* Hence—3. *A tomb, a tombstone.* ˘In ∾-i marmŏrĕ carmĕn ĕrĭt. *O. See* Sepulchrum.

Tunc, *and* Tum. *Then.* Sŏcĭis tunc armă căpĭsant Edico. *V.* Tum brĕvĭtĕr Dido prŏfatăr. *V.* Crol. ˘Eo *or* illo tempŏrĕ. Tunc tempŏrĭs. Eodĭĕbŭs.

Tundo, ĭs, tŭtŭdi, tunsum. 1. *To beat* or *strike repeatedly, to batter.* Pectŏrĭăque infesta tundĭt ăpertă mănu. *O.* ∾ cymbălă. *Pp.* Tundi eum. *V.* [¶ Fĕrĭo, pulso, cædo, plango, verbĕro; *sts.* contundo.] *See* Verbero. 2. *To bray, pound.* Tunsum Gallæ admiscerĕ săporem. *V.* [¶ Frango, pinso, tĕro, contĕro.] *See* Tunsus. Fig. 3. *To weary the ear by the repetition of the same thing* or *sound; to bore, be importunate.* Pergĭn' ămĭcĭtĭes ∾? *Pl.* Assĭdŭis vocĭbŭs ∾-ĭtŭr. *V.* 4. Sts. *To strike violently* (instead of repeatedly), *to thump.* ∾ postĕ căpŭt. *Tib.* ∾-ĭt hŭmum mĕrĭens. *O.*

Tunica, æ. *f.* 1. *A tunic, a garment worn under the* toga. Et tŭnĭcam, molli mater quam nevĭt auro. *V. See* Vestis. Fig. 2. *Any tegument, hide, skin, peel, pod,* &c. Tĕnŭes rumpunt ∾-as (*of buds of a tree*). *V.* Bulborum ∾-æ. *St.* ∾ lŭpĭnĭ. *J.* [¶ Sĭlĭquă (*for the shell of pulse*).] 3. *The skin that is shed,* or *follicle of insects,* &c. Pondĕrĭ ∾-as æstatĕ cĭcadæ. *Lr.* [¶ Follĭcŭlŭs.]

Tūnĭcātŭs, ă, um. *part. from* Tunico. *Cic.* 1. *Wearing a tunic.* Astĭtĕrit tūnĭcatā, mŏves incendĭā, clama. *O.* 2. Fig. ∾ quĭes. *M. Country quiet* (the tunic being the country dress). Tūnĭcatum cæpĕ (*from its skins*). *Pers.*

Tŭĕŏr, ĕrĭs, i = tŭĕŏr. *To look on, look at, behold,* &c. Nec cālĭdos æstus tūlmur, nec frigŏrā quimŭs. *Lr. pass.* [Tuor. *Cat.* (20, 5), *St.*, *O.* (*ad Liv.*)] *See* Contuor, Intuor.

Turbā, æ. *f.* 1. *Confusion, disturbance, disorder.* Quantas turbas concivi inscĭens! *Ter.* Cāvĕ ne te ĭn ∾-am implĭces. *Att.* (*apud Non.*) [† Tūmultŭs.] *See* Discordia. Fig. 2. *Disquietude of mind.* Expers ∾-arum, atquĕ ānĭmum compŏsĭtŭs. *St. See* Cura. 3. *A collection of people, crowd, multitude.* ∾ ād ripas effusā rŭebāt. *V.* [† Cātervā, agmĕn, cŏhors, cœtŭs, conventŭs, mānŭs, glŏbŭs, frēquentĭā, lēgĭo, cŏronā, concursŭs, multĭtudo, nūmĕrŭs, coplā, vis, vulgŭs.] Ep. Cĕlēbrĭs, densā, spissā, frēquens, ingens, multā, plurĭmā, nūmĕrosā, confusā, clamosā. Crcl. Turbæ glŏbŭs. T. effusæ (rŭentĭs) impĕtŭs. Jŭvĕnum nūmĕrosā cŏhors. Vis hŏmĭnum. Plurĭmā (densā) turbā vĭrorum *or* vĭrûm. Densum hūmĕris vulgŭs. Glŏbŭs vĭrûm densissĭmŭs. Phr. *A crowd collects around.* Turbā circum mixto agmĭnĕ rŭit. Turbā (stipatā t.) densa undĭquē cŏrona qm tēgĭt *or* includĭt. Ingens vĭrûm nūmĕrŭs affluxĭt. *A crowd pouring out.* Undā vulgi, dŏmĭbŭs emissā, frĕmĭt. Dŏmŭs undam (exĕuntĭum) totis ædĭbŭs vŏmĭt. 4. *The vulgar.* Vulgŭs crassāquē ∾. *M. See* Vulgus. 5. Sta. = gens. Martĭā ∾. *M.* ∾ Rēmi. *J. See* Gens, &c. 6. *A troop, herd,* &c. (of animals); *and fig.* ∾ cānum. *V.* lŭporum. *Sil.* Stolcā ∾. *M.* 7. *A great number of any thing.* ∾ jăcŭlorum; rŏtarum; arbŏrum. *O.* mālorum. *L.* [† Coplā, vis, nūmĕrŭs.]

Turbātŏr, ōris. *m.*, *and* Turbatrix, icĭs. *f.* *A disturber, troubler, agitator.* Accūmŭlat crebros turbatrix famā pāvores. *St.*

Turbātŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Turbo *and* Turbidus.

Turbĭdŭs, ă, um. 1. *Troubled, disturbed, full of commotion.* Nec turbĭdā ponti Æquŏrā lædebant naves. *Lr.* ∾ tempestas. *V.* [† Turbatŭs, motŭs, commotŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs, ăgĭtatŭs.] 2. *Disordered, in disorder.* E somno turbĭdā (cŏmā). *O.* 3. *Turbid, muddy.* ∾ cœno gurgĕs. *V.* ∾-ă cæcŭbā. *M.* [† Turbatŭs, turbŭlentŭs.] 4. *Thick to the sight, indistinct, murky.* ∾ lūmĕn (lunæ). *Sen.* caligĭnĕ (pulvĭs). *V. See* Obscurus. Fig. 5. *Unquiet, disturbed in mind.* Pectŏrā ∾-ĭorā mārĭ. *O.* [† Turbatŭs, perturbatŭs, confusŭs, sollĭcĭtŭs, attŏnĭtŭs, amens.] 6. Sp. *Disturbed by anger; by joy; by fear,* &c. Quem ∾ sempĕr Juno vĭdĕt (Gănymedem). *St.* ∾ spem hausĭt; se abstūlĭt (Aruns). *V.*

Turbĭnĕŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *like a whirlwind, whirling.* Corpŏrā turbĭnĕo jŭvĕnĭlĭā vortĭcĕ mersĭt. *O.*

I. **Turbo**, as. 1. *To disturb, disorder, confuse; to trouble, render turbid* (of liquids). Eversæ turbant convivĭā mensæ. *O.* ∾ festā Mĭnervæ. *O.* cāpĭllos; nectārĕum Fālernum. *M.* [† ˘Agĭto, commŏvĕo, perturbo, conturbo, miscĕo, permiscĕo, confundo, verso.] Fig. 2. Res incognĭtā ānĭmos ∾-āt. *V.* ∾-antes jurā trĭbuni. *L.* [† ˘Agĭto, commŏvĕo, perturbo, sollĭcĭto, &c.] 3. *To rout, rout up and pursue.* ∾ āpros latratu; cycnos āperto cœlo (*of the eagle*). *V.* [† Proturbo, ăgĭto, &c.] 4. *To strike to the ground.* ∾ qm ārundĭnĕ. *St.* [† Proturbo, &c.] *See* Sterno. 5. *To dissipate* (of money). *J. See* Decoquo. 6. Intr. *To be in a state of commotion, agitation,* &c. Corpŏrā quæ ĭn sollĭs rādĭis ∾ vĭdentŭr. *Lr.* ∾-ant trĕpĭda ostĭā Nili. *V.* ∾-antē tūmultu. *V.* pĕlāgo. *L.* 7. Pass. unip. Usquē ādĕo ∾-atŭr ĭgris (*there is such confusion and commotion*). *V.*

II. **Turbo**, ĭnis. *m.* 1. *A whirlwind, a hurricane.* Frangĭtŭr incursu nimbosi turbĭnis arbŏr. *O.* ∾-ĭnĕ terras perflant (venti). *V.* Ep. Acĕr, rāpax, præceps, vĭŏlentŭs, indŏmĭtŭs, fulmĭnĕŭs, raucŭs, horrĭsŏnŭs. Phr. Turbo-āgens hĭĕmem rŭĭt;—rŭĭt omnĭā contorquens. Venti (*ep.* adversi, rāpĭdi)-turbĭnĕ conflĭgunt;—vortĭcĕ torto (undas, &c.) corrĭpĭunt, *or* rōtanti turbĭnĕ portant. Ventŭs (Bŏrĕas, &c.)-turbĭnĭbŭs fūrĭt;—turbĭnĕ rauco armatŭr. *See* Ventus, Procella. 2. *A whirlwind of dust, smoke,* &c. *V. L. See* Fumus, Pulvis. Fig. 3. *Commotion, agitation; agitation of mind.* ∾-ĭnĕ mentĭs ăgŏr. *O.* ∾ mĭsĕrarum rerum. *O.* Gradivi. *Sil.* 4. *A winding, turning round; a whirling, circular motion; a revolution of bodies, a revolving order of affairs; and fig.* Cum cœli turbĭnĕ ferri. *Lr.* ∾ saxi. *V.* serpentĭs (*the winding motion*). *Sil.* Mĭlĭtĭæ ∾-ĭnĕ factŭs ĕquĕs (*in the routine of military service*). *O.* Momento ∾-ĭnis (*of turning round*). *Pers.* ∾ fortunæ. *L.* [† Gyrŭs, vertigo, tortŭs.] 5. Sp. *A whirlpool.* ∾ rāpax. *St. See* Vorago. 6. *The whirl of the spindle; the spindle itself.* Versarĕ fusum ∾-ĭnĕ. *Cat.* 7. *A reel used by sorcerers. H. See* Rhombus. 8. *The impetus given by hurling, whirling,* &c. ∾-ĭnĕ ballistæ raptā (lancĕā). *L.* directo robŭr intorquens. *Sil.* hastam torquerĕ. *V.* [† Vis, impĕtŭs.] 9. *A child's top.* Vŏlĭtans sub verbĕrĕ ∾. *V.* Crcl. Vŏlubĭlĕ buxum.

Turbŭlentŭs, ă, um. *Turbid, muddy.* Lit. and fig. Cur, inquit, turbŭlentam fecisti mihĭ ˘Aquam bĭbenti? *Ph.* Heu ĕdĕpol res ∾-as! *Pl. See* Turbidus.

Turdŭs, i. *m.* (Turdā, æ. *f. Pers.*) *A thrush.* Turdis ĕdacĭbŭs dŏlos. *H.* Ep. Advĕnā, pĕrĕgrinŭs, āvĭdŭs, ĕdax, ebrĭŭs, crassŭs, pinguis.

Turēŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to frankincense.* Congestā crĕmantŭr Turĕā donā fŏcis. *V.* ∾ virgā (*the shrub*). *V.* ∾-ā granā. *O.*

Turgĕo, es (tursi. *Enn.*), *and* Turgesco, is. 1. *To be swollen, to swell, to swell out; to be inflated.* Lit. and fig. Frumenta in vĭridi stĭpŭla lactentĭā turgent. *V.* Pleno ∾-ĕt saccŭlŭs orĕ. *J.* Cĕrĕs dŏcŭlĭt turgescĕrĕ semĕn. *O.* Nĭmĭis ∾-ent mendacĭā monstris. *Cl.* [† Tūmĕo, &c.] *See* T. 2. *To rise in anger.* ˘In fermento totā est: ĭtā ∾-ĕt mĭhĭ. *Pl.* Turgescĭt vĭtrĕā billa. *Pers.* 3. *To become bombastic.* Prŏfessŭs grandĭā, ∾-ĕt. *H.*

Turgĭdŭlŭs, ă, um. *dim. of* Turgidus. Flendo turgĭdŭli rŭbent ŏcelli. *Cat.*

Turgĭdŭs, ă, um. *Swollen, inflated.* Lit. and fig. Dic hăbĭlem, quæcunquē brĕvis; quæ turgĭdā, plenam. *O.* Sima narĕ, ∾-is lăbris. *M.* Hiberna nĭvĕ ∾-i (flŭvĭi). *H.* ∾-ŭs fastu. *Cl.* Alpinŭs (*bombastic*). *H.* [† Turgens, tūmens, &c.] *See* Tumens.

Turĭcrĕmŭs, ă, um. *On which incense is burnt.* Vidit, turĭcrĕmis quum dona imponĕrĕt aris. *V.*

Turĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Bearing* or *producing frankincense.* Et dŏmĭtas gentes, turĭfĕr Indĕ, tŭas. *O.*

Turĭlĕgŭs, ă, um. *That collects frankincense.* ˘Et mŏdŏ turĭlĕgos ˘Arăbas, mŏdŏ despĭcĭt Indos. *O.*

Turmā, æ. *f.* 1. *A small troop of horse.* Tres ĕquĭtum nūmĕro turmæ, terniquē vāgantŭr. *V.* Ep. ˘Equestrĭs, frenatā, cĭtā, lĕvis, sŏnorā, sŏnans. 2. *Any kind of body in arms.* ∾-æ ăgrestes. *V.* Titanās immanemquē ∾-am. *H. See* Exercitus. 3. *A crowd, throng.* Mortales ∾-æ. *H. See* Turba.

Turmalis, ĕ. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to a troop of horse.* Excĭtăt incestos turmalis buccĭnâ somnos. *Cl.* **2.** *Of* or *belonging to the* Ordo Equestris; *knightly.* ∾ sanguis. *St.* [† ˘Equestris.] **3.** Neut. used adv. ∾-ĕ frĕmĭt (*like a whole troop*). *St.*

Turmatim. *By troops.* Prœlĭă pugnasque Edĕrĕ turmatim certantĭă. *Lr.*

Turpicŭlus, ă, um. *dim. of* Turpis. *Rather ugly,* &c. Istă turpĭcŭlo pŭellă naso. *Cat.*

Turpis, ĕ. **1.** *Ugly, deformed.* Idemque hăbebat filĭam turpissĭmam. *Ph.* Ne sĭt pĕdĕ ∾-i. *H.* ˘Allæ ∾-es horrent. *V.* ∾-es phocæ. *V.* [† Deformis, informis, fœdŭs, horrĭdŭs; *sts.* mălŭs, pravŭs, totĕr, indĕcens.] **2.** *Dirty, filthy.* ∾-ĭă membrĭă fĭmo. *V.* ∾ scăbies. *V.* vestitŭs. *Ter.* [† Fœdŭs, sordĭdŭs, &c.] *See* Sordidus. **3.** *Base, shameful.* ∾ formido. *V.* rĕpulsă. *H.* luxŭs. *J.* ∾-ĭă mendacĭă. *O.* [† Fœdŭs, ĭnhŏnestŭs, ĭnhŏnorŭs, pŭdendŭs, indignŭs, prŏbrosŭs, indĕcorŭs, indĕcens, erŭbescendŭs, sordĭdŭs, infamis.] **4.** Sp. *Morally foul, filthy, obscene.* ∾ ămŏr. *Pp.* ădultĕr. *H.* ∾-es jŏci. *O.* [† Flagĭtĭosŭs, obscenŭs, fœdŭs, impurŭs, spurcŭs, &c.] *See* Impudicus.

Turpitĕr. **1.** *In an ugly, unsightly manner.* Ut turpĭtĕr atrum Desĭnăt in piscem mŭlĭer formosă sŭpernĕ. *H.* ∾ pĕdĕ claudĭcarĕ. *O.* [† Fœde, deformĭtĕr, turpĕ (*n. adj.*).] **2.** *Basely, shamefully.* *O.* [† Fœde, prŏbrose, turpĕ.]

Turpo, as. **1.** *To disfigure, to render ugly, to mar.* Te rugæ turpant, et căpĭtis nĭves. *H.* Turpăt orĭ pallŏr. *Sil.* [† Deturpo, fœdo, deformo, corrumpo.] **2.** *To soil, defile.* ∾ Jŏvis aram sanguĭnĕ. *Enn.* canĭtiem pulvĕrĕ. *V.* [† Fœdo, pollŭo, inquĭno, &c.] *See* Polluo. **3.** Fig. *To dishonour.* ∾ ăvos. *St.* ∾-arem prodĭtŏr Argos. *St.*

Turrigĕr, ĕrĭ, ĕrum. **1.** *Bearing a tower, towers,* or *turrets.* Turrĭgĕras classis pĕlăgo sparsurĭ cărinas. *L.* Moles fĕræ ∾-æ (*the elephant*). *Sil.* **2.** *Crowned with towers* or *battlements.* ∾-æ urbes. *V.* ∾-a cŏrona căpŭt ornătă. *O.* [† Turritŭs.] **Crol.** Turrĭbŭs –munitŭs, cinctŭs, instructŭs. **3.** Turrĭgĕrĭ dĕă. *Cybele, represented wearing an embattled crown.* *O.* [† Turrită.]

Turris, is; *acc.* em *and* im; *abl.* ĕ *and* i. *f.* **1.** *A tower, a fortified tower.* Turrim ĭn præcĭpĭti stantem &c. *V.* ˘In sŭa ∾-ĭ perlăbĭssĕt ănŭs. *O.* ˘Et ĭn omni ∾-ĕ fŭrentem. *V. Fl.* [† Arx, propugnacŭlum, muniměn, castellum, castrum.] **Ep.** Altă, ardŭă, sublimis, munită, vallată, vălĭdă, tută, secură, inaccessă. **Crol.** Turris muniměn *or* propugnacŭlă. Turrită –propugnacŭlă, mœnlă, castellă. Turrĭgĕræ *or* turritæ arces. **Phr.** Stăt turris ăd auras. S. t. munită lŏco (muro tĕnaci). Turris –irrumpĭt ĭn æthĕrĭă mĭnans;—campum sŭpĕremĭnĕt ardŭă;—In lătŭs omnĕ pătĕt;—campos ĭn omnes prospĭcĭt. *See* Propugnaculum. **2.** *A besieging-tower* (of wood). *V. L.*

Turritus, ă, um. **1.** *Armed* or *fortified with towers; embattled.* Tanta molĕ vĭri turritis puppĭbŭs instant. *V.* ∾-ă mœnĭă. *O.* ∾-as moles dorso gestans. *Sil. See* Turriger. **2.** ∾ cŏronă. *An embattled coronet* or *crown.* ∾-ă tempŏră murali cŏrona cinctŭs. *Sil. See* Corona. **3.** ∾ dĕă. *Cybele.* ∾-æ dĕæ mĭnistră. *Pp. See* Turriger. **4.** *In the shape of a tower.* ∾-i scŏpŭli. *V.*

Turtur, ŭrĭs. *m. A turtle-dove.* Nec gĕmĕre aĕrĭa cessabit turtŭr ăb ulmo. *V.* **Ep.** Fidŭs, fĭdelis, gĕmĕbundŭs, gĕmens, quĕrŭlŭs. *See* Columba.

Tus, turis. *n. Frankincense.* Indĭă mittĭt ĕbur, molles sŭă tură Săbæi. *V.* **Ep.** ˘Eoum, Panchæum, Săbæum, Năbăthæum, Indum; pingui fumans; ŏdorum, ŏdorĭfĕrum, ŏlens, rĭdĭcŭlĕ fragrans; plum, săcrum. **Crol.** Turĭă –mică virgă, sĕgĕs. Turĭă –donă, munĕrĭ, grati germĭnă. Turis –grană, lăcrĭmæ, hŏnores, ăcres, fumŭs, văpŏr, ăcervi, ăcerrĭ. Austrĭs *or* Săbæis ŏdŏr. Săbæ merx. **Phr.** 1. *To be incense.* Tus *or* turĭ –ădŏlĕo, crĕmo, incendo, uro, do, fĕro, reddo;—flammis *or* fŏcis –do, addo, impono;—aris *or* altarĭbŭs fĕro;—in ignes *or* ĭn fŏcos –do, fĕro, mitto;—in aras fĕro. Turĭ –cŏlo, vĕnĕŏr, supplĭco, lĭto. Turis hŏnores –fĕro, rĕfĕro, ădŏlĕo. Turis hŏnorĕ dignă. Turĭă grană fŏcis uro. Bonă aris turĭcrĕmo impono. Votă turĭcrĕmos ĭn ignes funde. Aras (*ep.* cŏronatas) turĭ plo. Turĭ flammas pasco. Flammis *or* sŭpĕris turĭă (*ep.* solennĭă, pĭă) fĕro. Fumo turis dĕos ădoro. Plena ăcerra sapĭt. vĕnĕŏr. Altarĭă turĭ pingŭă făcio. **Phr.** *Altars of incense.* Aræ (altarĭă) –Panchæis ignĭbŭs ădŏlescunt;—ăcris flammis ădŏlent;—Sĭbæo turĭ călent;—templum turĭ văporant.—fumant Jŏvi. Congestă turĭ –flamma liquĕfiunt;—In ignĕ sŏnant;—dĭem inficiunt.

Tusci, orum. *m. pl.* **1.** *The Tuscans* or *Etruscans, the inhabitants of Etruria.* **2.** Tuscus, a, um. *Tuscan, Etrurian.* *O.* [† ˘Etruscĭ, Tyrrhenŭs.]

Tusculanus, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to Tusculum.* Nec Tusculanos Algĭdosquĕ secessus. *M.* [† Tuscŭlŭs.] **2.** Used subst. n. (sc. prædium) *A country house near Tusculum.*

Tusculi, orum. *m. pl.* **1.** *The inhabitants of Tusculum.* Aut Tusci tĭbĭ Tuscŭlivĕ mittunt. *M.* **2.** Tuscŭlŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Tusculum.* ∾ umbrĭ. *St.* tellus. *Tib.* ∾-i colles. *M.* [† Tuscŭlanŭs.]

Tusculum, i. *n. An ancient town of Latium, said to be founded by Telegonus, the son of Ulysses.* Nĕc ut sŭperni villă candens Tuscŭli. *H.* Telĕgŏni jŭgă parrĭcidæ. *H.*

Tuscus. *See* Tusci.

Tussio, is. *To cough.* *H. M.* **Crol.** Tussis pĭcmonem *or* pectŭs –quassăt, concŭtĭt. Tussis pătĭŏr. Tussis me –urgĕt, quătĭt, assĭdŭe vexat.

Tussis, is. *f. A cough.* Et quătĭt ægros Tussis ănhelă sŭcs, ac faucĭbŭs angĭt ŏbesis. *V.* **Ep.** Aspĕrĭă, ătrox, ægrĭ, siccă, ănhelă, frequens raucă. *See* Tussio.

Tutamen, ĭnis. *n. A defence, a protection.* L. and fig. Donăt hăberĕ vĭro, dĕcŭs et tutamĕn ĭn armis. *V.* [† Muniměn; tutelă.]

Tutĕ, *and* **Tutĕ ipsĕ.** *Lr. V. You yourself* (a nom. and acc.). De rebus tutĕ lŏquarĭs ipsĕ tŭis. *Pp. See* Tutemet.

Tutela, æ. *f.* **1.** *Guardianship, care, protection.* Diquĕ dĕæque omnes, quĭbŭs est tutelă ĭn agros. *Pp.* Divum ∾. *Tib.* ∾-æ credĭtă tŭæ. *O.* [† Tutaměn, custodĭă, pătrocĭnĭum, præsĭdĭum; *sts.* numěn.] *See* Auxilium. **2.** *The image of the tutelary deity of a vessel* (the figure-head). Dĕcŭlt ∾ cărinas. *L.* [† Cujus (navis) tutela ebore cælata es. *Sen. Ep.*] [† Numĕn.] **3.** *A guardian, protector, patron.* ∾ præsens ˘Italiæ; rerum mĕarum (Augustŭs). *H.* templi; prœ Mĕlanthŭs. *O.* [† Præsĭdĭum, tutŏr, &c.] **4.** *That which is taken care of* or *protected.* ∾ Dĕlĭæ dĕæ (virgĭnes). *H.* Mĭnervæ (navis). *O.*

Tutemet = tutĕ. Tutĕmĕt a nobis jam quovis tempŏrĕ vatum &c. *Lr.*

Tuto. *adv. Safely, without danger;* sts. *without fear.* Inquĕ nŏvos soles audent se gramĭnĕ tutĕ Credĕrĕ. *V.* Tutĭŭs ĕt gĕmĭnos matĕr ălĭt. *Pp.* [† Impunĕ; *sts.* secure.]

I. Tutŏr, aris. *freq. of* Tueor. **1.** *To defend, protect.* Tutatur făvŏr Eurŷălum, lăcrĭmæquĕ

dĕcorœ. *V.* Hanc primum tutarĕ dŏmum. *V.* [† Tŭĕŏr, protĕgo, defendo, austĭnĕo, &c.] *See* DEFENDO. 2. ∾ partes. *To sustain* or *represent a part* (in a play). ∾ partes ĭmantĭs ŏphebi. *H.* *See* DEFENDO.

II. TUTŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A defender, protector.* Silvanĕ, tutor finĭum. *H.* Pătrĭam tutorĕ cĭrentem. *L.* [† Custos, defensŏr, pătronŭs, tutelă.] 2. *A guardian* (of a minor). Lit. and fig. Quæ, quo măgis orbă pĕrentĕ, Hoc tĭbĭ ∾-i sarcĭnă majŏr ĕrĭt. *O.* [† Curatŏr.]

TUTŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Tueor *or* Tuor, *but only used adj.* 1. *Safe, out of danger, having nothing to fear.* His quŏnĭam lăttŭisset tutŭs ĭn oris. *V.* ∾-ă a bello orā. *O.* Mĕdĭo tutĭsĭmŭs ibĭs. *O.* [† *Sts.* Securŭs.] Crcl. *Sts.* Tutŭs ăb insĭdĭis. Tuto pŏsĭtŭs. ˘In lŏco tuto sĭtŭs. 2. *Safe* (of place, &c.), *affording security.* Lit. and fig. Stăt̆io tutĭsĭmă nautis. *V.* Nusquam ∾ fĭdes. *V.* 3. Tutum, i. *n.*, *and* Tută, orum. *pl. A place of safety, of sure refuge.* Intĕr ∾-ă dŏmorum. *V.* ∾-ă pĕtunt. *V.* 4. *Cautious, careful.* Non nĭsĭ vicinas ∾ ĭrarĭt ĭquas. *O.* *See* CAUTUS.

TŬUS, ă, um. 1. *Your.* Adventu possim lætŭs ŭt esĕ tŭo. *O.* 2. *Your friend, your dear friend.* ∾ Mœrĭs. *V.* 3. *Favorable to you.* Tempŏrĕ non tŭo. *M.* Tŭă flamĭnă. *Aus.* *See* FAVENS. 4. Tŭum, i. *n.*; Tŭă, orum. *pl. What is yours, your goods, &c.* Non tŭă, sĕd te. *J.*

TYBRIS, TYBŬR. *See* TIBERIS, TIBUR.

TYDEUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m. The son of Œneus, and father of Diomede, one of the seven chiefs at Thebes.* Hic illi occurrit Tydeus, hic inclȳtŭs armis. *V.* Tydĕŏs illă dĭes &c. *St.* [† Œnĭdes.] Crcl. Œnĕŭs *or* ˘Achĕlŏŭs heros.

TYDIDES, æ. *m. Diomede, the son of Tydeus.* Tydides multa vastabat cædĕ crĭcentŭs. *V.* *See* DIOMEDES.

TYMPĂNUM, i. *n.* 1. *A kind of drum; a tambour, timbrel* (sp. used in the worship of Cybele). Tympănă vos buxusquĕ vŏcant Bĕrĕcynthĭă Matris. *V.* Ep. Taurinum; Idæum, Phrȳgĭum; crĕpĭtans, rĕsŏnans, sŏnorum, căvum. Crcl. Tergŏrĭ tensă bŏum. Taurĕă tergă. Taurini pulsus. Phr. *To beat the drum; sound the timbrel.* Tympănă (*ep.* tentă, raucă, căvă, taurină), *or* taurĕă (Idæă) tergă –mănu (palmis) quăt̆io (fĕrĭo, plango); —*sts.* molli mănu (tĕnĕris dĭgĭtis) mŏvĕo *or* quăt̆io. *The drum sounds.* Tympănă tentă (taurină *or* Idæă tergă) sŏnant (tentă s. *or* tentis tergis rĕsŏnant). 2. *A boarded wheel without spokes. V.; a wheel-machine for raising weights. Lr.*

TYNDĂRĔUS, i. *m. King of Sparta, and husband of Leda.* Me tĭbĭ Tyndărĕus vita grăvĭs auctŏr ĕt annis Tradĭdit. *O.*

TYNDĂRIDES, æ. *m.* 1. *Son of Tyndarus; Castor* or *Pollux;* and pl. *Castor and Pollux.* Tyndărĭdæ fratres, hic ĕquĕs, illĕ pŭgil. *O.* *See* CASTOR. 2. Pl. Sts. *The sons and daughters of Tyndarus.* Fortissĭmă Tyndărĭdarum (Clȳtæmnestră). *H.*

TYNDĂRIS, ĭdĭs. *f. Daughter of Tyndarus; Helen* or. *Clytemnestra.* Non tĭbĭ Tyndărĭdis fŭĭcĭes invisă Lăcænæ. *V.* Tĭbĭ gĕmĭnŭs, Tyndărĭ, Castŏr ĕrĭt. *O.*

TYNDĂRĬUS, ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Tyndareus.* Fratresquĕ pĕtĭvĭt Tyndărĭos. *V. Fl.* 2. *Spartan.* ∾ Tărentum. *Sil.*

TYNDĂRŬS. *See* TYNDAREUS.

TYPĂNUM, i. *n.* = tympănum. Nĭvĕĭs cĭtată cepit mănĭbus lævĕ typănum. *Cat.*

TYPHO-EUS, ĕŏs, ĕi *or* ei. *m.*; *acc.* ĕă *and* œa. (Τυφωεύς.) *A giant killed by Jupiter, and buried under Ætna.* Condĭtŭs Inărĭmes æterna molĕ Typhœus. *L.* Sŭpĕr orā Typhœŏs Ætne. *O.* Jŏvĭs impĕrĭis impostă Typhœo. *V.* Æthĕrĭas ausum sperarĕ Typhœă sedes. *O.* Centĭmănum dejecĕrĭt ignĕ Typhœa. *O.* [† Typhon.] *See* GIGANTES.

TYPHŎĔUS, ă, um, *and* TYPHOĬS, ĭdĭs. *f. Of* or *belonging to Typhoeus.* Qui telă Typhœă temnĭs. *V.* Ārvă Typhœĭdŏs Ætnæ. *O.*

TYPHON, onĭs. *m.* (τυφών.) 1. *A hurricane* (with lightning). Quantŭs ŭbi immenso prospexĭt ăb æthĕrĕ typhon ignĕ sĭmul ventisquĕ rŭbens. *V. Fl.* 2. *Another name of the giant Typhoeus.* Terrĭbĭlem quondam fŭgĭens Typhonă Dĭone. *O.*

TYRANNICŬS, ă, um. *Tyrannical. Cic.* Nĕc inquĭeto tempŏrĭs tȳrannĭci. *Aus.* [† Impŏtens, sŭpĕrbŭs.]

TYRANNIS, ĭdĭs. *f. Tyranny, despotic power.* ˘Odĭoquĕ tȳrannĭdis exsŭl Sponte ĕrĭt. *O.* Ep. Importună, sŭpĕrbă, fĕrox, iniquă, ăcerbă, grăvis, immitis, vĭŏlentă. Crcl. ˘Iniquum (grăvĕ, durum) impĕrĭum. Tȳranni jŭgum. Servilĕ jŭgum. Regni sævŭs fŭrŏr. *See* SÆVITIA.

TYRANNUS, i. *m.* 1. *An absolute sovereign, a despotic king.* Pars mĭhĭ pacis ĕrĭt dextram tĕtĭgisse tȳranni (Ænea). *V.* [† Rex, &c.] *See* R. 2. *A tyrant, despot.* Sævi aurigă tȳranni (*the cruel king of Pisa*). *O.* Sĭcŭli ∾-i. *H.* Ep. ˘Iniquŭs, sævŭs, immitis, fĕrŭs, dirŭs, crudelis, importunŭs, &c.

TYRII, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *The Tyrians.* Urbs antiquă fŭit, Tȳrĭi tĕnŭerĕ cŏloni. *V.* [† Sidŏnĭi, Phœnicĕs.] 2. Tȳrĭŭs, ă, um. *Tyrian* (sp. with reference to its purple dye); *purple-dyed, purple.* ∾-o murĭcĕ –lană rŭbes. *O.* –ardĕt lænă. *V.* ∾-um ăhenum sensĭt purpŭră. *St.* [† Sidŏnĭus, Sarranŭs, Assȳrĭŭs, &c.] *See* PURPURA. Hence —3. Tȳrĭă, orum. *n. pl.* [Tȳrĭæ, arum (sc. vestes). *M.*] *Purple stuffs for dress.* Esĕ ĭn Tȳrĭis. *O.* Hispanas, Tȳrĭasquĕ, coccĭnasquĕ. *M.* 4. *Used also for Theban, Carthaginian, and of other people of Tyrian* (Phœnician) *origin.* ∾-i montes (*near Thebes*). ∾ exŭl (*Polynices*). *St.* ∾-æ arces (*Carthage*). *V.* ∾ ductŏr (*Annibal*). *Sil.* and *J.* ∾-æ Gades. *L.* *See* THEBANI, PŒNI.

TYRO, onĭs. *m.* *See* TIRO.

TYRŎS. *See* TYRUS.

TYRRHENI, orum. *m. pl.* 1. *Another name of the people of Etruria.* Tyrrhenĭ, quæ tanta ănĭmis ignavĭă venĭt? *V.* [† Tusci, ˘Etrusci.] 2. Tyrrhenŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to the Tyrrheni; Etruscan, &c. V. O.* [† ˘Etruscŭs, Tuscŭs, Lydŭs, Lydĭŭs.] 3. Tyrrhenum mărĕ. *The Tuscan sea. V.* [† Infĕrum, Tuscum.]

TYRRHENIA, æ. *f. Tuscany, Etruria.* Concurrit Lăt̆io Tyrrhenă totă, dĭuquĕ. *O.* [† ˘Etrurĭă.]

TYRRHENŬS. *See* TYRRHENI.

TYRUS, *or* TYRŎS, i. *f.* 1. *The city Tyre.* Hæc Tȳrŏn, hac prŏfŭgos pŏsŭistis sedĕ Pĕnates. *O.* Cadmĕă Tȳrŭs. *Pp.* [† Sidon.] Ep. Cadmĕă, Phœnissă, ˘Agenŏrĕă, priscă, vĕtŭs, antiquă; divĕs, pŏtens, ŏpŭlentă, inclȳtă, nobĭlis. 2. *Used for purple* (for which dye Tyre was famous). Quæquĕ Tȳron tŏtĭes epotaverĕ lăcernæ. *M.* *See* PURPURA.

U.

UBER, ĕrĭs. *m. f. n.* 1. *Fertile, productive.* Me gĕnŭit terris fertĭlis ubĕrĭbŭs (Umbrĭă). *Pp.* Nĭvĕĭs uberrĭmă pomis. *O.* [† Fertĭlis, &c.] *See* F. 2. *Abundant.* Lit. and fig. Donăquĕ promissis ubĕrĭorĭ fĕrant. *O.* ∾-ŏr vĭctŏrum copĭă. *J.* Cănĕrĕ ingĕnĭo ∾-ĭorĕ. *O.*

UBERA, ĕrŭm. *n.* 1. *A teat, a nipple.* Ubĕrĭă mammarum in somnis lactantĭă quærĭt. *Lr.* [† Pă-

TENS. **Phr.** 4. *To milk.* *See* MULGEO. 3. Fig. *The fertile bosom* (productiveness) *of the earth; fruitfulness* (Gr. οὖθαρ ἀρούρης). ~ divĭtĭs ăgri; glebæ. *V.* palmĭtĭs ˘Etrusci. *Cl.* *See* UBERTAS.

UBĔRĬŪS (uberrĭme. *Pl.*). *adv. from adj.* Uber. *More* or *very fruitfully, abundantly.* Uběrĭus nulli provēnĭt istā sēgĕs. *O.*

UBERTAS, ātĭs. *f.* *Fertility; abundance.* Nec pube æquandum, něc ŏpum ubertatě Sāguntum. *Sil.* [¶ Fertĭlĭtas, uběr, copĭā, &c.] *See* FERTILITAS, COPIA.

UBERTIM. *Abundantly* (us. of tears). Ubertim thălămi quas intra limĭnă fundunt. *Cat.*

˘UBI, *or* ˘UBI. 1. *Where; where?* Delŏs ŭbi nunc, Phœbě, tŭa est? ŭbĭ Delphĭcă Pytho? *Tib.* [¶ *Sts.* Quo, qua, quĭbŭs *or* queis, ŭbĭnam?] **Crol.** Quo lŏco. Qua partě *or* rĕgĭonĕ. ˘In quo (qua, quĭbŭs). 2. ˘Ubĭ terrarum *or* gentĭum = ŭbĭ. *Pl.* 3. ˘Ubĭ ŭbĭ = ŭbĭcunquě. *Ter.* 4. *When, as soon as.* ˘Ubĭ nox ăděrĭt. *O.* (In this sense the last syllable is generally short.) [¶ Quum, quando, ŭt, sĭmŭl, postquam.] **Crol.** Sĭmŭl -ăc, atquě. ˘Ut primum. Vix . . . quum.

˘UBĬCUNQUĔ. 1. *Wherever.* Uni Servŏr, ŭbicunque est; uni mĕă gaudĭă servo. *O.* **Crol.** ˘Ubĭcunquě lŏcorum. 2. *Everywhere.* Te, dĕă, munĭfĭcam gentes ~ lŏquuntŭr. *O.* *See* UBIQUE.

˘UBĬNAM. *Where?* ˘Ubĭnam, aut quĭbus lŏcis te pŏsĭtam, pătrĭă, rĕar? *Cat.* [¶ ˘Ubĭ.]

˘UBIQUĔ. *adv.* I. *Everywhere.* Crudelĭs ŭbiquě Luctŭs, ŭbiquě păvŏr, et plurĭmă noctĭs Imago. *V.* [¶ ˘Ubĭcunquě, ŭbĭvis, usquěquaquě.] **Crol.** Pĕr totum orbem. Toto orbě. Omnĭbŭs terris *or* lŏcis. ˘In mundo. Toto mundo. Qua terrā pătĕt. **Phr.** ˘Ab ortu sollĭs ăd occasum. Pĕr mārĕ, pĕr terras. Quacunquě sol oras hăbĭtabĭles illustrăt. II. ˘Ubĭquě = ĕt ŭbĭ. *Cat.*

˘UBĬVIS. *adv.* *Where you will, anywhere.* Non ŭbĭvis coramvě quĭbuslĭbĕt. *H.*

UDŬS, ă, um. 1. *Wet, moist.* ˘Ocŭlis ăbĕuntem proseĕquĭŏr udis. *O.* ~-ă rivis pomarĭă. *H.* ~-æ vocĭs ĭtĕr. *V.* [¶ Uvĭdŭs, humĭdŭs, humens, mădens, mădĭdŭs, mădĕfactŭs; *sts.* irrĭgŭŭs, insiecatŭs.] 2. *Rainy.* Verě ~-o. *V.* [¶ Imbrĭfĕr, nĭbĕŭs.] 3. — [illegible] *M.* [¶ Mĭdens.] [illegible]

ULMĔUS, ă, um. *Of elm; elm,* adj tota sŏnăt ulmĕă cœnă Sŭbura. *J.*

ULMŬS, i. *f.* *An elm.* Pampĭnĕæ vi vitĭbŭs ulmi. *O.* **Ep.** Densă, ŏpa pampĭnĕă, vitĭcŏmă, vitĭfĕrā; dur dă. *See* ARBOR. **Crol.** Vitĭbŭs a

ULNA, æ. *f.*; *us.* ULNÆ, arum. *pl.* *arm, the arm; the arms.* Pătrĭs l ulna. *Cat.* Amplectĭtŭr ~-ĭs. *O.* lăcertŭs.] *See* BRACHIUM, AMPL *measure of length; a cubit, a foot* [Fr. *aune, ell.*]

ULTĔRĬŎR, ŭs; orĭs. 1. *That wh further side, on the side beyond.* ' mănus ripæ ultĕrĭorĭs ămorě. *V.* *is yet more* or *beyond.* ~-ă pŭdĕt ventis pĕtĭt. *O.*

ULTĔRĬŪS. *adv.* 1. *Further, beyond* Ultĕrĭus nĭhĭl est, nĭsĭ non hăbĭtal ~ ne tendě ŏdĭis. *V.* *With abl.* R *O.* [¶ Ultra; *fig.* longĭŭs; *with* plus.] 2. *Longer, any longer.* N [¶ Longĭŭs, dĭutĭŭs, amplĭŭs.]

ULTĬMŬS, ă, um. 1. *The furthest* place or time), *extreme, last.* Ult pum lŏcŭs est. *V.* Speluncă ~. *Pl* cespĭtĕ cinguntŭr. *O.* [¶ Extrem ginquŭs, rĕmotŭs, intĭmŭs, prŏfun *first, earliest* (= the furthest bac time). Sanguĭnĭs ~ auctŏr. *V.* 3. importing the end of existence). pars vitæ. *V.* flammă subdĭtă rŏgo tremŭs, sŭpremŭs, summŭs, nŏv Sts. *The least.* *See* MINIMUS. 5. S *is extremely great of its kind.* ~ mărĭquě. *O.* [¶ Extremŭs, grăvis mŭs.]

ULTIŎ, onĭs. *f.* 1. *Revenge.* Infirmi vŏluptas Ultĭŏ. Contĭnŭo &c. *J.* 2. *Chastisement, punishment.* *J.* S &c.] *See* P.

ULTŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *An avenger, punisher.* Exŏrĭare ălĭquis nostri ultŏr. *V.* [¶ Vindex, punitŏr.] sĕvĕrŭs, ătrox, aspĕr. **Crol.** Pœna *See* ULCISCOR. 2. Used adj. ~ [illegible]

accord, of course, naturally. Entellus vires in ventum effudĭt, ĕt ultro Concĭdĭt. *V.* Miscĕrescĭmŭs ~. *V.* [¶ Spontĕ, ipsĕ.] **2.** *Voluntarily.* Spontĕ ultroquĕ pĕremptŭs. *St.* *See* SPONTE. **3.** *Beforehand* (of another); *taking oneself the initiative.* Me ~ accusatum advĕnĭt. *Ter.* Antĕquam se firmĕt &c. pĕtatŭr ~. *Sen.* [¶ Prĭŭs.] **4.** *On the contrary, rather. Pl.* [¶ Contra.] **5.** Sts. *Off! away!* ~ istum a me! *Pl.* **6.** Ultro citroquĕ. *To and fro.* Vŏlĭtant ultro citroquĕ pĕr auras. *Lr.*

ˇULŬLA, æ. *f. An owl.* Certent et cycnis ŭlŭlæ; sit Titȳrŭs Orpheus. *V.* *See* BUBO.

ˇULŬLĀTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* ULULO. **1.** *Invoked by loud shrieks and cries,* &c. Nocturnis Hĕcăte trĭvĭis ŭlŭlātā pĕr urbes. *V.* **2.** *Filled with cries, howls,* &c. ~ tellus intrĕmĭt. *V. Fl.* ~-ă jūgă lūpis; prœlĭă (*filled with shouts*). *St.*

ˇULŬLĀTŬS, us. *m. A loud, shrieking cry.* Lamentis, gĕmĭtuque, et femĭnĕo ŭlŭlatu Tectă frĕmunt. *V.* [¶ Clamŏr, voces, &c.] *See* CLAMOR.

ˇULŬLO, as. **1.** Intr. *To yell, howl* (speaking of dogs and wolves). Visæquĕ cănes ŭlŭlarĕ pĕr umbram. *V.* Pĕr noctem lūpis ŭlŭlantĭbŭs. *V.* **Crcl.** ˇUlŭlatum –mitto, emitto, fundo, do. ˇUlŭlatu *or* ŭlŭlatĭbŭs auras (cœlum, æthĕrĭă) –complŏo, implŏo, persŏno, miscĕo. **2.** *To utter a shriek* or *cry* (not always a mournful cry). ~-arunt nymphæ. *V.* ~ lætis trĭumphis. *L.* [¶ Exŭlŭlo, clamo, vocĭfĕrŏr, &c.] *See* CLAMO. **3.** *To resound with howling, shrieking cries.* ~-ant plangorĭbŭs ædes. *V.* flebĭlĭ ripæ. *Sil.* *See* SONO. **4.** Tr. *To call to with a howl; to fill with howlings.* *See* ULULATUS (2). Quem ~-ăt sectŭs Gallŭs. *M.*

ULVA, æ. *f. Sedge.* Vĭrĭdi procumbĭt ĭn ulva. *V.* **Crcl.** Algă pălustrĭs.

ˇULYSSES, *and* ˇULIXES, ĭs, *or* ēi, ei, *from obs.* Ulysseus. *m. Ulysses, king of Ithaca.* Penĕlŏpe, conjux sempĕr ˇUlyssĭs ĕro. *O.* Lăborĭosi remĭges ˇUlyssēi. Proles pătĭentĭs ˇUlyssei. *H.* Hanc tŭă Penĕlŏpe lento tĭbĭ mittĭt, ˇUlyssĕ. *O.* [So voc. 'Achille.'] [¶ Laertĭădes, Æŏlĭdes, Sisȳphĭdes, ˇIthăcŭs.] **Ep.** Dulĭchĭŭs, ˇIthăcensis, ˇIthăcŭs, dĭsertŭs, facundŭs, solers, callĭdŭs, pellax, astutŭs, dŏlosŭs; fortis, ănĭmosŭs, pătĭens, văgŭs, errans. **Crcl.** Dulĭchĭŭs (Laertĭŭs, Nerĭtĭŭs) –heros, dux, ductŏr. Laertĭă proles. Laerte *or* Laerta sătŭs *or* crĕatŭs, &c.

UMBELLA, æ. *f. A parasol* or *umbrella. J.* [¶ Umbracŭlă (*pl.*).]

UMBĔR, bri. *m.* (Umbrĭ, æ. *f. Pl.*); UMBRI, orum. *pl.* **1.** *One of the people* or *the people of Umbria. O.* **2.** *A dog* or *hound of that country. V.* [¶ Tuscŭs cănis.] **Ep.** Vivĭdŭs, săgax, narĕ săgax, ĕdax. **3.** Umbĕr, brĭ, brum. ~ ăpĕr. *St.* lăcŭs. *Pp.*

UMBĬLĪCUS, i. *m.* **1.** *The navel.* Secti podĭcis usque ăd umbĭlĭcum. *M.* Fig. **2.** *The middle, centre;* sp. *used of Delphi, as the central point of the earth.* ˇApollo, qui umbĭlĭcum certum terrarum obtĭnes. *Att.* (*apud Cic. Div.*) [Gr. ὀμφαλὸν γῆς.] *See* DELOS. **3.** *The projecting end of the roller round which MSS. were rolled.* Binis dĕcŏratŭs umbĭlĭcis. *St.* *See* CORNU, FRONS. Hence—**4.** ˇAd umbĭlĭcum –adduco, pervĕnĭo. *To come to the end of a book* (MS.), *in reading* or *writing it.* ˇIambos ăd ~-um adducĕrĕ. *H.* Pervenĭmŭs usquĕ ăd ~-os. *M.*

UMBO, onis. *m.* (Umbŏ. *St.*) **1.** *The boss of a shield.* Et summo clȳpĕi nequidquam umbonĕ pĕpendĭt. *V.* **2.** *A shield.* ~ vŏmĭt aurĕŭs ignes. *V.* *See* CLYPEUS. **3.** *The elbow; the arm below it.* Clȳpĕum nĕc sustĭnĕt ~. *St.* Turbam ~-ĕ rĕpellĕrĕ. *M.* **4.** *The gather of the* toga *where thrown over the shoulder; the* toga *itself.* Candĭdŭs ~ (*the* tŏgă purĕ *or* vĭrĭlis). *Pers.* **5.** *Any ridge* or *projecting land, promontory,* &c. Objectŭs gĕmĭnis ~-ĭbŭs aggĕr. *St.*

UMBRA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A shadow* (from intercepted light). Lit. and fig. Majoresquĕ cădunt altis de montĭbŭs umbræ. *V.* Discussæ ~-æ, ĕt lux reddĭtă menti. *V.* Stăt magni nomĭnis ~. *L.* **2.** *The darkness of night;* or *of death.* ˇAd umbram lucis ăb ortu. *H.* Mors căpŭt circumvŏlăt ~-a. *V.* [¶ Tĕnĕbræ, caligo.] *See* NOX, TENEBRÆ. **3.** *Shade.* Lit. and fig. Incertas zĕphȳris motantĭbŭs ~-as. *V.* Spăt̆ĭarĕ sub ~-a. *O.* *See* UMBRACULUM. **4.** *Used of that which gives shade, a tree, tent, portico,* &c.; *so of the coming beard,* &c. ~-as falcĕ prĕmĕrĕ. *V.* Nĕquĕ hăbebăt Pellĭŏn ~-as. *O.* Pompeia spăt̆ĭarĕ sub ~-a (*Pompey's hall*). *O.* Rŏsĕis vĕnĭt ~ gĕnis. *St.* **5.** Sp. *Used of schools of philosophy,* or *lectures,* &c., *given under the shade of trees, porticos,* &c. Rhetŏrĭca descendĕrĕ ăb ~-a. *J.* **6.** *A shade, a ghost,* &c. ~-æ tĕnŭes sĭmŭlacrăquĕ lucĕ cărentum. *V.* [¶ Sĭmŭlacrum, īmago, manes, Lĕmŭres, larvæ, ănĭmæ, functi, defuncti, mortŭi, sĭlentes, sĕpulti.] **Ep.** Tartărĕă, Stȳgĭă, infernă: grăcilis, lĕvis, tĕnŭis; nĭgrĭă, atrĭă, pallens, gĕlĭdă, exsanguis; sĭnĕ corpŏrĕ et ossĭbŭs. **Crcl.** Corpŏrĕ –functă, defunctă, condĭtă, vita functă *or* defunctă. Cœtŭs sĭlentum. Sub noctĕ rĕposti. Tĕnŭes vitæ sĭnĕ corpŏrĕ. *See* SIMULACRUM. **7.** Pl. = infĕri. *See* I. Fig. **8.** *A shallow reason, a pretext.* Legĭtĭmam regni prætexĕrăt umbram (scĕlĕri). *Cl.* [¶ Causă, spĕcĭes, noměn.] **9.** *A place of retreat. O.* [¶ Secessŭs.] **10.** *A mere semblance of a thing, not the reality; a mere appearance.* Mendaci plĕtatis ~-a fallĭtur. *O.* ~-am inanem prosĕqui. *L.* [¶ Spĕcĭes, īmago.] **11.** Sts. *A nothing.* Pulvis ĕt ~ sŭmŭs. *H.* **12.** *One who comes as the attaché to an invited guest.* Lŏcŭs est ĕt plurĭbŭs ~-is. *H.* **13.** *A fish so called. O.*

UMBRACŬLUM, i. *n., and us.* UMBRACŬLĀ, orum. *pl.* **1.** *Shade, a shady place.* Hic candĭdă popŭlŭs antro Immĭnĕt, et lentæ texunt umbracŭlă vites. *V.* [¶ Umbrĭ, scenă.] **Ep.** Nĕmŏralĭă, silvestrĭă, frondosă, arbŏrĕă, vĭrentĭă, vĭrĭdantĭă, densă, ŏpacă, spissă, nĭgrantĭă, pătŭlă, gĕlĭdă, ămœnă, dulcĭă, grată, mollĭă, sĭlentĭă, trĕmŭlă. **Crcl.** Arbŏrĭs *or* nĕmŏrĭs umbrĭ. Silvæ *or* nĕmŏrĭs frigŭs. Lŏcŭs –nĕmŏrosŭs, silvestrĭs, umbrosŭs, ŏpacŭs; arbŏrĭbŭs tectŭs, umbris ŏpacŭs. Ramorum –umbræ, lătĕbræ, frigŭs, tegmĕn, tegmĭnă. Nĕmŏrĭ soli invisă *or* inaccessă. Nĕmŭs solis rădĭis inaccessum. ˇOpaci frigŏrĭs umbræ. *See* UMBRO *and* UMBROSUS. **Phr.** *To seek the shade,* &c. Umbras ĕt frigŏrĭ, *or sing.* (frigŭs ŏpacum), capto *or* rĕpĕto. Molli umbræ succedo. Umbrosam vallem exquiro. Frigŭs ăb arbŏrĕă umbra duco. Solis æstus in rĕducta vallĕ vito. Ripa vĭrĭdantĕ æstus lĕvo. Pătŭla arbŏrĕ (frondĭbŭs pătŭlæ arbŏrĭs) soles defendo. Pătŭla illĭcĕ solem vito. **2.** *A parasol.* Aurĕă pellebant tĕpĭdos umbracŭlă soles. *O.* [¶ Umbellă.]

UMBRATĬLĬS, ĕ. Used fig. *One that lives in the shade, at home, unnoticed, retired. Cic.* [¶ Delĭcatŭs, mollis, segnis.]

UMBRI, orum. *m. pl.* *See* UMBER.

UMBRĬFĔR, ĕrĭ, ĕrum. **1.** *Giving shade, shady.* ˇInĭmicĭ rĕfugĭt in nĕmŭs umbrĭfĕrum; conjux ŭbi &c. *V.* [¶ Umbrosŭs.] **2.** *Bearing* or *carrying departed spirits. St.*

UMBRO, as. **1.** *To shade, give shade to.* Umbrabatquĕ cŏma summi fastigĭă montis (quercŭs). *Sil.* Montes ~-antŭr ŏpaci. *V.* [¶ ˇInumbro, ŏbumbro, ŏpaco, tĕgo.] **Crcl.** Umbra tĕgo *or* obtĕgo. Umbras (latas u.) –induco, præbĕo, ex-

plĭco, prætexo. **Phr.** 1. Arbŏr, &c. –hospĭtĭs frondentĭbŭs invităt;—ramorum umbra protĕgĭt;—frondĭbŭs Phœbeos ignes submŏvĕt;—ramorum frigŏrĕ soles tempĕrăt;—æstatem umbra tempĕrăt;—umbra sŭa blanditŭr;—umbra grăvi silvas mĭnores urgĕt. Rami –umbram hospĭtalem consŏclant;—dant frigŏrĕ. Textĭlĭs umbrĕ ramorum frigŭs inducĭt. **Phr.** 2. *Of a wide-spreading, shady tree.* Latè ramos ĕt brachĭă huc illuc tendĭt; mĕdĭă ipsă ingentem umbram sustĭnĕt. *See* UMBRACULUM. 2. *To darken. Sen.*

UMBROSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Shaded, shady.* Æstĭbŭs at mĕdĭis umbrosam exquirĕrĕ vallem. *V.* [¶ Umbratŭs, ŏpacŭs; *sts.* densŭs, spissŭs.] **Crcl.** Umbris obscurŭs. Lætissĭmŭs umbræ *or* umbra. Arbŏrĭbŭs –densŭs, nĭgĕr, ŏpacŭs. Soli –inaccessŭs, impervĭŭs. Nullis solĭbŭs pervĭŭs. Solis (Phœbi) insclŭs *or* nesclŭs. Crebris illcĭbŭs nĭgĕr. **Phr.** *Of one lying in the shade.* Sŭb noctĕ (sŭb tegmĭnĕ) vĕtĕrum ramorum rĕcŭbans. Lentŭs In umbra. 2. *Giving shade.* ∾-æ sălĭces. *O.* [¶ Umbrĭfĕr, umbrans, ŏpacŭs.] **Crcl.** Aĕrĭ connexis ramis cingens; umbras submotis solĭbŭs præbens.

UMQUAM. *See* UNQUAM.

UNA. *adv. Together, at one time* or *place.* Tuque ădĕs, inceptumque una decurrĕ lăborem. *V.* [¶ Sĭmŭl, părĭtĕr.] *See* SIMUL.

UNĂMĬMIS, ĕ, *and* **UNĂNĬMUS,** ă, um. *Of one mind, unanimous; acting as one.* Quum sic unănĭmam allŏquĭtur mălĕsanâ sŏrorem. *V.* ∾-is falsĕ sŏdalĭbŭs. *Cat.* ∾-es frenantŭr ĕqui. *Cl.* ∾-i venti. *V. Fl.* [¶ Concors.] *See* C.

UNCIA, æ. *f.* 1. *An ounce; also the twelfth part of any whole.* [¶ Uncĭŏlă.] 2. *A trifle, a very little of any thing.* Nullă nobis ∾ de nostro venĭt ăpro. *M.* ∾ ĕbŏrĭs. *J.*

UNCĬŎLA, æ. *f., dim. of* Uncia. Uncĭŏlam Prŏcŭleĭus hăbet, sed Gillŏ dĕuncem. *J.*

UNCTŎR, ōris. *m. An anointer.* Et răpĭt immĕrĭtas sordĭdŭs unctŏr ŏpes. *M.* [¶ ˘Aliptes.]

UNCTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* UNGO. Used also adj. 1. *Rubbed with some greasy substance, oiled, besmeared.* Lit. and fig. ∾ crĭnĭ (sc. plĭcĕ). *V.* pălæstrâ. *O.* Tractarĕ cĕlĭcem ∾-is mănĭbŭs. ∾-ă crŭorĭbŭs (armă). *H.* [¶ Pĕrunctŭs, Inunctŭs, illĭtŭs, lĭtŭs, oblĭtŭs, perlĭtŭs, imbutŭs, tinctŭs, perfusŭs, continctŭs, mădens, mădĭdŭs, sparsŭs, delĭbutŭs, lotŭs, perlotŭs, respersŭs, flŭens, humens, udŭs, manans; *sts.* pinguĭs, fœdŭs, fœdatŭs, sordĭdŭs, nĭtens, nĭtĭdŭs.] **Crcl.** *Sts.* Turpĭs fĭmo. Pinguĭs lŭto. 2. *Anointed with a perfumed oil.* Nardo potamŭs ∾-i. *H.* [¶ Pĕrunctŭs, perfusŭs, nĭtens, lævĭs, &c.] *See* UNGUENTUM, CAPILLUS. 3. *Sauced up, made rich* (of an eatable). ˘Oluscŭlă lardo ∾-ă. *H.* [¶ Pinguĭs.] 4. *Good, rich, luxurious* (of the cookery and dishes at table); hence, *rich, in luxury.* ∾-lŏr cœnâ. *M.* Vivĕrĕ ∾-a pătĕlla. *Pers.* ∾-ă pătrĭmonĭă. *Cat.* Rĕferrĕ cŭpŭt ∾-lŭs (*to come back richer*). [¶ Lautŭs, pinguĭs.] 5. Used subst. n. *A rich, tasty dish* or *meal.* ∾-um recte ponĕrĕ. *H.* Cœnarĕ sĭnĕ ∾-o. *Pers.* 6. Used subst. m. *A luxurious liver.* Accedes siccŭs ăd ∾-um. *H.*

UNCŬS, ă, um. *Bent like a hook, crooked.* Prensantemque uncis mănĭbus căpĭta aspĕrâ montĭs. *V.* ∾-o ancŏrâ morsu. *V.* ∾-ă ærâ (*fish hooks*). *O.* [¶ ˘Aduncŭs, ŏbuncŭs, rĕduncŭs, curvŭs, &c.] *See* CURVUS.

UNCŬS, i. *m.* 1. *A hook;* sp. *the hook by which condemned criminals were dragged to the* Scalæ gemoniæ *or the Tiber.* Infixusquĕ tŭis ossĭbŭs uncŭs ĕrĭt. *O.* Sejanŭs ducĭtŭr ∾-o. *J.* [¶ Uncinŭs.] **Ep.** Ferrĕŭs, vălĭdŭs, tĕnax. 2. *A grappling-iron. L. See* MANUS. 3. *An anchor. L. See* ANCORA.

UNDA, æ. *f.* 1. *Undulating* or *flowing water. water.* Curvata in montis făcĭem circumstĕt undă. *V.* Fons sŏnăt a dextra tĕnŭi pellucĭdă unda. *O.* ∾-is contrarĭŭs ignĭs. *O.* [¶ Fluctŭs, ăquă, &c.] *See* AQUA, FONS, FLUVIUS, FLUTUS. 2. *The water of the sea, a wave, billow, sea.* Sulcarĕ cærŭlĕas ∾-as. *O.* Sicŭla Pălĭcŭs ∾-a. *H. See* MARE. 3. Undă dĕcĭmă. *See* DECIMUS. 4. *Any fluid.* ∾ sanguĭnis. *Sil.* ∾-ci. *M.* [¶ Lĭquŏr, humŏr, fluctŭs, rivŭs.] 5. *Any thing wave-like.* ∾-æ aĕrĭæ (*the air agitated*). *L.* ∾ fumi (*a volume of smoke*). *V.* [¶ Turbo.] 6. Fig. *Used of an advancing mass, tide of people; of warlike commotions, &c.; of a sea of troubles, &c.* Dŏmŭs sălutantum undĭs ædĭbŭs vŏmĭt. *V.* ∾-æ Boiorum. *Sil.* civilis fĭ bellorum. *Cl.* adversæ rerum. *H.* curarum. *Cat.* [¶ Æstŭs *or* turbă.]

UNDĂ. 1. *Whence? from what place?* Undĕ tĭ quæ te sic ămĕt, uxŏr ĕrĭt? *O.* 2. *Whence? from whom?* Qualĭs, ĕt undĕ gĕnus &c.? *Pers.* [¶ A –quo, quĭbŭs.] 3. *Whence? from what cause?* ∾ trĕmŏr terris? *V.* [¶ Cur, quomŏdo, quare.] 4. *Whence* (from which place or person). *V.* [¶ A *or* ex –quo, quĭbŭs.] 5. *Wherefore, for which* or *what reason.* [¶ Quare, cur.] 6. *Whence, by whose means.* [¶ Per –quem, quos, &c.] 7. Unde undĕ = undĕcumque. *Whencesoever, from whatever quarter.* Undĕ undĕ fŏrĕt. *Cat.*

UNDĔCIES. *adv. Eleven times.* Undĕcies una surexti, Zoïlĕ, cœna. *M.*

UNDĔCIM. *indecl. Eleven.* Phœbo quattŭŏr, undĕcim Phĭleto. *M.*

UNDĔCĬMUS, ă, um. *The eleventh.* Altĕr ĭb undĕcĭmo tum me jam cepĕrăt annŭs. *V.* **Crcl.** Pat dĕcĭmum primŭs.

UNDĔCUNQUĔ, *or* **UNDĔCUMQUĔ.** *adv. From this quarter soever.* Cunctas in partes undĕ vĕcĭ Cunquĕ lŏcŭs. *Lr.* [¶ Unde undĕ.]

UNDENI, æ, ă. *Eleven* (distrib.), *eleven each.* Mĕsă pĕr undenos emŏdŭlandă pĕdes. *O.* [¶ Undĕcim.]

UNDEOCTOGINTA (= unus de octoginta). *indecl. Seventy-nine.* Si et stramentis incŭbĕt undĕ Octoginta annos natŭs. *H.*

UNDIQUĔ. *From all sides, everywhere.* Parăb arbŏrĭbus, spectabĭlĭs undĭquĕ campŭs. *O.* Amens ∾ dicatŭr mĕrĭto. *H.* [¶ Ex *or* ab omnĭ partĕ.]

UNDISŎNUS, ă, um. 1. *Resounding with waves.* At Thĕtĭs undĭsŏnis per noctem in rupĭbŭs ĭstans. *St.* [¶ Fluctĭsŏnŭs.] 2. Sts. *Making the waves resound.* Undĭsŏnos ădirĕ dĕos (*the sea-deities*). *Pp.*

UNDIVĂGUS, ă, um. *Wandering over the water* (sea-going). Urĭtŭr undĭvăgus Python, et cœlĭgĕr Hammon (*ships so called*). *Sil.* [¶ Fluctĭvăgŭs.]

UNDO, as. 1. Intr. *To rise in waves, to heave up and down, to boil up.* Undantique ănĭmam ĕffundĭt In armâ crŭorĕ. *V.* ˘Ahenâ ∾-antĭă flammis. *V.* ∾-antes sanguĭnĕ vultus. *St.* [¶ Exundo, æstŭo, exæstŭo, inundo, fluctŭo, flŭo, manŭo. *See* ÆSTUO. 2. *To wave about, undulate* (as of fire, smoke, moved by the wind; of trees, &c.). Flammis vŏlutŭs ∾-abăt vortex. *V.* ∾-antĭ fumo. *Sen.* ∾-ans buxo Cytorŭs. *V.* ∾-antes hĭbenæ (*loose*). *V.* [¶ Fluctŭo, flŭo, crispŏ. Fig. 3. *To overflow with, abound in.* ∾ vĭris. *Cl.* ∾-ăt ĕquis (rĕgĭo). *V. Fl.* silvâ fĕrvis. *Cl.* ∾-antĭă pectŏrâ fellĕ. *Sil. See* ABUNDO. 4. *To be restless, agitated* (of the emotions of the mind), &c. ∾ curis. *V. Fl.* ∾-antes cordĕ dŏlores. *Sil.*

, exæstŭo, fluctŭo.] 5. Sts. tr. *To h any thing.* ∾ campos sanguĭnĕ. *St.* ammis. *L. See* INUNDO.

, um. 1. *Full of waves, billowy.* Trodosum pĕtĕretur classĭbŭs æquŏr. *V.* ı, ĭgĭtatŭs; prŏcellosŭs.] 2. *Watery,* ∾-ă regnă. *Sil.*

i, ctum. 1. *To anoint, oil, besmear, any liquid* (and us. slimy) *substance.* caules ŏlĕo mĕllĭorĕ căputquĕ Cœpĕrimosă cŭbĭlĭă limo. *V.* telă crŭorĕ; rbarum succis. *Sil.* [† ˘Inungo, pĕr-ı, oblĭno, illĭno, perlĭno, imbŭo, tingo, obduco, induco, inflĭcio, mădĕfăcio, ɔ; *sts.* lăto.] *See* UNCTUS, MADEFAıp. *To anoint with unguents. Lr. Pl.* perfundo, ŏdoro, &c.] *See* UNGUEN-*To embalm.* ∾ corpŭs frigentĭs. *V.* 4. *poison.* ∾ telă. *V. See* VENENO.

ıĭs. *n.* 1. *Any ointment* or *oily sub-ıy greasy, sticky matter for smearing ıg.* Idæasque pĭcea, ĕt pingues unguĭnĕ Armarĕ flammas pĭcis ∾-ĭnĕ. *V. Fl.* ıum, pinguĕ, lentum. 2. Sp. *Perıtment.* Bĕnĕŏlentĭs ĕt ∾-ĭnĕ nardi. UNGUENTUM.

RĬUS, ĭi. *m. A perfumer.* Unguentaıusci turba implĭ vici. *H.*

TŬS, ă, um. *part. from* Unguento. *perfumed.* [† Unctŭs.] *See* U.

M, i. *n. Ointment;* sp. *perfumed oint-*pĕ cŏronatis stillant unguentă căpillis. nguĕn, ŏdŏr, ŏdores, myrrhă, nardŭs, , balsămă, ŏpŏbalsămă.] Ep. Fraorum, ŏdorĭfĕrum, ŏdoratum, dulcĕ, nguĕ, crassum, ĕoum, ˘Arăbum, Inĭosum. Crol. Ros Tyrĭŭs *or* ˘Arăbŭs. guttă. Assyrĭum ŏlĕum. Assyrĭæ lăĭquĭdi ŏdores. ˘Odoratum (bĕnĕŏlens, ŏlĕum. ˘Amomi (nardi, crŏci, myrtŭs. Prĕtĭosă ŏlivi unguentă. O. franguentă. Phr. 1. *A box of ointment.* ıyx (cădŭs gemmatŭs). O. Sŷrĭo muĕs. Phr. 2. *Of hair oiled, perfumed,* es, &c. –myrrha mădentes (mădĭdi);—ıro Sŷrĭo nĭtentes (S. nardo mădĕfacıĭdis ŏdorĭbŭs perfusi. Myrrhĕă cŏmă. ırdo nĭtĭdissĭmă. Aurĕ dulcĭs cŏmis ŏmæ fragrantem ŏdorem vertĭcĕ spimă (căpillŭs, &c.) ˘Arăbo (Sŷrĭo) rorĕ ; AMOMUM, BALSAMUM, MYRRHA,

ĭŭs, i. *m., dim. of* Unguis. *A little nail.* extremas quŏquĕ partes unguĭculŏs-

; *abl.* ĕ *or* i. *m.* 1. *A nail.* Idem cum ɛptus defloruĭt unguĕ. *Cat.* Decerpĕrĕ ıgui. *Pp.* Unguĭbŭs infŏdĭunt fruges. *V.* ır, nĭtĭdŭs, candĭdŭs, rŏsĕŭs, lucens, ĭdŭs, durŭs. 2. *Talon, claw.* ∾-ĭbŭs cent vŏlŭcres. *O.* Ep. Curvŭs, rĕcurıs, ăduncŭs, ŏbuncŭs, hamatŭs, tĕnax, Phr. *To tear with the claws.* Unguĕ *or* –carpo, lăcĕro, signo, nŏto, saucĭo, &c. –nŏto gĕnas (pectŭs, lăttŭs);—arĭo *or* in vultus ĕo. Strictis unguĭbŭs ı vultum ungues conjĭcĭo. 3. Mĕdĭum ostendo. *To point at any one with the ıger, by way of contempt. J. See* DIGI-De tĕnĕro ungui. *From very childhood, 's earliest years. H.* 5. ˘Ad *or* in un-*o a nicety, perfectly.* [From the practice rs in marble passing the nail over their satisfy themselves of its perfect unity h.] Omnĭs in unguem arbŏrĭbŭs pŏsĭtis rĕt (*each row of trees be exactly in line*). *V.* Castigarĕ (carmĕn) ăd unguem. *H.* ˘Ad unguem factŭs hŏmŏ (*a perfect gentleman*). *H.* [† ˘Adămussim.] 6. Sts. *A hoof. M.*

UNGŬLĂ, æ. *f.* 1. *A hoof.* Quadrŭpĕdantĕ pŭtrem sŏnĭtu quăttĭt ungŭlă campum. *V.* Ungŭlăque in quinos delapsa absumĭtŭr ungues. *O.* [† Unguĭs.] Ep. Cornĕă, dură, sŏlĭdă, fissă, blsulcă, ăduncă. Crol. Pĕdum –cornu, ăcumĕn. Pĕdes –unci, blsulci, sŏlĭdi. 2. Ext. *A horse* or *horses.* Ut quum carcĕrĭbus missos răpĭt ungŭlă currus. *H.* and *M.* 3. Sts. *A claw, talon. Pl.*

UNGUO. *See* UNGO.

UNICE. *Singularly, in an uncommon degree* or *manner.* Quid Tirĭdaten terrĕăt, unĭce sĕcurŭs. *H.* [† Maxĭme, valde.]

UNICŎLŎR, orĭs, *and* UNICŎLORUS, ă, um. *Of one colour.* Plumĕŭs, unĭcŏlor, pullo velamĭnĕ tectŭs. *O.*

UNICUS, ă, um. 1. *One only, single, sole.* Unĭcă fortunis arĕ rĕpertă mĕis. *O.* ∾-o gaudens mĕrito. *H.* [† Unŭs, solŭs.] 2. *Unique, one of its kind, specially eminent* or *remarkable.* ∾ vŏlŭcrĭs, nĕc visă prĭorĭbŭs annis. *O.* Pŏetă ăd ĕam rem ∾. *Pl.* [† Unŭs, singŭlarĭs, rarŭs, exĭmĭŭs, præcĭpŭŭs, præstans, &c.] 3. *Specially, exclusively dear.* Unŭs atquĕ ∾ ămicŭs. *Cat. See* CARUS.

UNIGĔNĂ, æ. *m. f.* 1. *Only-begotten. Cic.* [Used of our Lord. *Eccl.*] [† Unĭcŭs.] 2. *Of the same blood* or *family.* Te solum, Phœbĕ, rĕlinquens, Unĭgĕnamquĕ sĭmŭl (*Diana, sister of Phœbus*). *Cat.*

UNIO, onĭs. *m. A large and fine pearl; a pearl.* Jurat Gellĭă, sed pĕr unĭones. *M.* [† Margărită, baccă, conchă, ĕlenchŭs, lăpĭs, lăpillŭs, gemmă.] Ep. Fulgĭdŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, mĭcans, albŭs, candĭdŭs, argentĕŭs, nĭvĕŭs, prĕtĭosŭs, tĕrĕs, lævĭs, tŭmens; æquŏrĕŭs, ˘Arăbŭs, Indŭs, ˘Erythræŭs, Gangetĭcŭs. Crol. Æquŏrĕă conchă *or* baccă. Conchĕă măris baccă. Baccă conchæ. Gemmă nĭvĕă. Perlucens lăpillŭs. Indĭcŭs (Indŭs, ĕoŭs) lăpĭs *or* lăpillŭs. Indi donă măris. Donă pĕlăgi Rŭbentĭs. Rŭbri ponti munĕră. Rŭbri măris spŏlĭă. Rŭbri littŏris lăpillŭs. Lăpĭs *or* lăpillŭs –Rŭbris ăb undis advectŭs:—ĕoa in unda lectŭs. Conchă (*ep.* lucĭdă, ˘Erŷcĭnă) e Rŭbro mări (sălo) *or* Rŭbro de littŏrĕ. Perlucĭdŭli lăpĭdĭs delĭcĭæ. Phr. *Of one ornamented with pearls and jewels.* Plenă măris Rŭbri spŏlĭis incedĭt. Gemmarum quicquĭd ˘Erythræis undis nascĭtŭr (*or* g. qu. ˘Erythræa in alga Indŭs invĕnĭt) collo cŏmisquĕ gĕrĭt. *Pearls in the hair.* Nectĭtŭr nĭtĭdis cŏmis concharum glorĭă. *Ear-rings.* Lucĕt in aurĕ ĕoŭs lăpis. Aurĭbŭs argentĕă baccă suspendĭtŭr. Aures nĭvĕăs lăpĭs deducĭt. *See* GEMMA, INAURIS, MONILE.

UNITĔR. *So as to be but one.* Ex ĭnĕunte ævo conjunctam atque unĭtĕr aptam. *Lr.*

UNIVERSUS, ă, um. (Unversŭs. *Lr.*) 1. *Entire, whole.* Hermes glorĭă martĭs unĭversi. *M.* ∾ trĭdŭum. *Ter.* [† Totŭs, omnĭs.] 2. Used subst. m. pl. *All persons, the whole body concerned.* ˘Ab ∾-is căpĭtĭ est protrusŭs fŏras. *Ph.* [† Omnes, cuncti, quisquĕ.]

UNŎCŬLUS, ă, um. *One-eyed.* (Unŭs ŏcŭlŭs.) Unŏcŭlĕ, salve! *Pl.* Crol. Uno lumĭnĕ cassŭs. Lumĭnĕ uno.

UNQUAM, *or* UMQUAM. *Ever; at some time* or *other.* Si pătrĭos unquam rĕmĕassem victŏr ăd Argos. *V.* Excŭtĕ: sic unquam longa rĕlĕverĕ cătena. *O.* [† ˘Alĭquando *or* quando, olim.]

UNUS, ă, um; *gen.* unĭŭs *or* uniŭs (uni. *Cat.*); *dat.* uni (unæ, *dat., and* unĕ, *voc. m. Cat.*). 1. *One, one only.* Unŭs ĕrat toto naturæ vultŭs in orbĕ. *O.* [† Solŭs, unĭcŭs.] 2. Unŭs ĕt altĕr.

One or *two, here and there one.* De multis ~ ĕt altĕr. *O.* ~ ĕt altĕr pannŭs. *H.* 3. ˘In unum. *To one point* or *place.* ˘Ad unum. *To a man.* Compellĕrĕ grĕges in unum. *V.* Exscŭs Trojanos ād unum. *V.* 4. *One of two.* Unam formosam, ĭt altĕram &c. *Ph.* [¶ Altĕr.] 5. *One of a number.* ~ de centum. *O.* multorum. *H.* 6. *One, an individual, a certain person.* Tradĭdĭt uni (stamĭnā). *O.* [¶ ˘Alĭquĭs, quidam.] 7. *One and the same. Pl.* [¶ Idem, &c.] 8. Sts. pl. Si nobis id dātūr unis. *Cat.* Sātĭs unā sŭpĕrquĕ excĭdĭt. *V.* ˘In partĭbŭs unis. *L.*

Unusquisquĕ, unăquæquĕ, unumquodquĕ, *or* unumquidquĕ. *Each, every one.* Unicuiquĕ dēdit vĭtĭum naturā crĕsco. *Pp.* Si non offendĕrĕt unum-Quemquĕ,pŏtĕrum limæ lăbŏr. *H.* [¶ Quisquĕ.]

Unusquivis, unăquævis, unumquodvis. (Unusquisquis, unumquidquid. *Lr.*) *Any one you pleases, each,* &c. Horum unumquodvis lĕvĭter si fortŭ clĕbĭs. *Lr.*

Upĭlio, *or* Opĭlio, onis. *m. A shepherd.* Venĭt, ĕt upĭlio, tardi venerĕ bŭbulci. *V.*

Uranĭa, æ, *and* Uranĭe, es. *f. The muse of astronomy.* Excĭpĭt Urānĭe; fecerĕ sĭlentĭā cunctæ. *O.*

Urbanŭs, ă, um. 1. *Of a town* or *city.* Urbanæ commŏdā vitæ. *O.* [¶ Urbĭcŭs.] 2. *One that lives in a large town,* &c. Rustĭcŭs ~-o confusŭs. *H.* 3. Sp. *An inhabitant of Rome.* Si ~ esses, aut Sābinŭs, aut Tiburs. *Cat.* 4. *Well-bred, of good manners,* &c. Comĭs, ĕt ~. *H.* [¶ Comĭs.] 5. *Witty, agreeable.* Vĕnustŭs, ĕt dĭcax, ĕt ~. *Cat.* [¶ Festivŭs, lĕpĭdŭs, dĭcax.] Phr. Linguā sālĭ multo dĭcax.

Urbĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of the city, civic.* Urbĭcā Lingōnĭcus Tyrrhenĭnā bardŏcŭcullŭs. *M.* [¶ Urbanŭs.]

Urbs, urbis. *f.* 1. *A town* or *city.* Urbs antiquā fŭit, multos dŏmĭnātā pĕr annos. *V.* [¶ Civĭtas, oppĭdum; *sts.* arx, arces, mœnĭā.] Ep. Vĕtŭs, antiquā; divĕs, florens, pulchrā, pŏtens, sŭpĕrbā, ŏpŭlentā; frĕquens, cĕlĕbrĭs; clarā, nobĭlis; turrĭtā, turrĭgĕrā, munitā, inaccessā, securā, invictā. Pŏsĭtu defensā. Divĕs ŏpum. Grăvis ŏpĭbŭs. Divĭtĭis fetā. Pŏpŭlo *or* civĭbŭs frĕquens. Dŏmĭbŭs (ædĭbŭs, tectis) ardŭā *or* sŭpĕrbā. Crel. Urbis -mœnĭā, arces, muri, moles, tectā, hospĭtĭum. Urbs mœnĭbŭs (muris, arcĭbŭs) -ardŭā, cinctā, præcinctā, circumdātā. 2. *The inhabitants of the town,* &c. Vicinæ ~-es armā fĕrunt. *V.* 3. *The town* (as opp. to the country). *H.* 4. Urbs -dŏmĭnā, regĭnā, and abs. *The city Rome.* Dŏmĭna qui natŭs in urbe est. *M.* Condĭtŏr urbis. *O.*

Urcĕŏlŭs, i. *m., dim. of* Urceus. Urcĕŏli sex Ornamentum ăbăci. *J.*

Urcĕŭs, i. *m. A pitcher.* Currentĕ rŏta, cur urcĕŭs exĭt? *H.* [¶ Urcĕŏlŭs, canthārŭs.]

Urgĕo, es (si *dbf.*). 1. *To press* or *drive forward, push on, impel.* Urgeturquĕ prĭor vĕnĭente, urgetquĕ prĭorem (undā). *O.* [¶ Prĕmo, impello, propello, insto, insĕquŏr, insectŏr.] 2. ~ terram. *To ply the soil* (work it well). ~ arvā lĭgonĭbŭs. *H.* (So *Insto, Insequor, Insector.*) 3. *To weigh heavily upon, oppress with weight.* Lit. and fig. ~ subjectum magnis molĭbŭs. *O.* ~-ĕt osā lăpis. *Tib.* ŏcŭlos stūpŏr. *V.* qm ætas grăvis. *Pp.* [¶ Prĕmo, opprĭmo, ŏnĕro, obrŭo, &c.] 4. *To hasten on any thing, not to intermit doing it, bringing it to an end.* ~ vestem noctes dĭesquĕ *V.* certatim pyras. *V. Fl.* ultĭmā fatā. *Sil.* [¶ Festino, prŏpĕro, cĕlĕro, &c.] *See* Festino. 5. *To push another on, hurry him on.* Ah! quŏtĭes ălĭquo dixi prŏpĕrantĕ: quĭd urges? *O.* [¶ Insto.] 6. Sts. *To thrust* or *force in.* ~ tĭnĕes ăcus in jĭcĭtur. *O.* [¶ Insĭdio.] 7. *To lie close* or *hard upon.* Q Peraldis ~-ĕt. *V.* [¶ Prĕmo, stringo.] *To harass, afflict, persecute.* ~-ori ini punis. *V.* somno flāmoquĕ. *J.* [¶ Prĕmo, vexo, exercĕo, crŭcĭo, incumbo *pursue a work unceasingly; to persist* ~ propŏsĭtum. *H.* ŏpŭs. *O.* (*with inf.*) verĕ littŏrā mārĭs. *H.* [¶ Prĕmo, (*with inf.*) insto.] 10. *To stir to act mulate.* ~-ĕt ĭmŏr hăbendi; præsent *V.*

Urna, æ. *f.* 1. *A water-pot* or *pitcher* mĕdĭum fictĭlis urnā cāpăt. *Pp.* [ăqualis, serĭā, sĭtŭlā, sĭtellā, urnŭlā, *See* Vas. 2. *An earthen vessel for* [¶ Serĭā.] 3. *A sepulchral urn.* ~ dŭos. *O.* [¶ Ollā, cĭnĭs; *sts.* testā.] sĕpulchri. *See* Sepulchrum. 4. *A ballot-box.* Stāt ductis sortĭbŭs ~. *V.* sĭtŭlā, sĭtellā.] 5. *A liquid measure: amphora.* Non amplĭus ~-a, vĭl e 6. *The water-pot of the sign Aquarius.*

Uro, is, usi, ustum. 1. *To burn* (subj action of fire). Urĭt ŏdoratam noctur mĭnā cedrum. *V.* ~ fŏco cancros. *V.* fĭlix. *H.* [¶ ˘Aduro, exuro, pĕrur comburo, incendo, accendo, succend consumo.] Crel. Ignĕ (ignĭbŭs, flamm -uro, crĕmo, &c. Ignem (ignes, flamm do, subjĭcĭo, infĕro, fĕro, admŏvĕo, Ignĭbŭs (igni, flammis, fŏcis) -do, im mitto, trado, mando. ˘In ignem *or* flammam) -mitto, injĭcĭo. Subjectis uro. Flammis -ăbŏlĭo, dellĭo, extingu mo. ˘In cĭnĕres do. 2. Sp. *To set destroy by fire, burn up.* ~ Neptunĭ templā dĕorum. *O.* [¶ Incendo, crĕm mo, &c.] Crel. Ignes *or* fŭces -inj jĭcĭo, subdo. Flammas -jĭcĭo, jacio Vulcanum spargo. Fŭcĭbŭs incendo Igni *or* flammis -cingo, circumdo, inv Incendium. 3. ~ cŏlorĭbŭs. *Used of painting.* ~ tăbŭlam cŏlorĭbŭs. *O.* Pic bŭs ustis (puppis). *O. See* Encaustus. *of the effect of fever, thirst,* &c. *O. H.* rĕo.] 5. *Used of drought on land. O.* co.] 6. *Of injurious crops. V.* [¶ 7. *To pinch, blast with cold.* Ustā p nĭves (herbā). *O.* [¶ ˘Adnro, &c.] *rub to a sore.* Uri loris. *H.* Si mĭnŏr, cĕŭs). *H.* ~-unt jūgā primā jŭvencos. *kindle up, cause to flame up.* Vulcan urĭt officĭnas. *H.* Fig. 10. *To inflam to vex, gall, pain.* ~ vĭros laudĭbŭs ă *Fl.* Tăcĭtis dŏlorĭbŭs uri. *O.* [¶ Acce go, stĭmŭlo, crŭcĭo, ango, cŏquo.] *flame with love.* Urĭtŭr Dido. *V.* ~ I (de Medea). *O.* ~-ĭt me Glycĕræ nĭtĭ ˘Aduro, accendo, incendo, torrĕo, i &c.] *See* Amo, Ardeo.

Ursa, æ. *f.* 1. *A she-bear; a bear.* Fe lentĭŏr ursa. *O.* Pellĕ Lĭbystĭdĭs ~-a Ursus. 2. *The Greater* or *Lesser B* constellations). [¶ Arctŏs; *sts.* Fĕrā; ti, Trĭones.] *See* Arctos, Zona.

Ursŭs, i. *m. A bear. V.* [¶ Ursā.] sŭs, grăvis, tardŭs; sævŭs, fĕrŭs, m *See* Fera.

Urtica, æ. *f. A nettle.* Aut pĭpĕr urtica cis semĭnĕ miscent. *O.* Ep. ˘Acutā, mordax.

Urŭs, i. *m. A kind of wild ox.* Silve assĭdŭĕ căprĕmquĕ sĕquaces. *V.*

Usĭtatŭs, ă, um. *Usual, customary.* Nor Varĕ, potĭonĭbŭs. *H.* [¶ Sŏlĭtŭs, &c.]

USPĬAM = usquam. *Pl.*

USQUAM. 1. *Anywhere, in any place.* Per si quĭd ădhuc mortalĭbŭs usquam Justĭtĭæ est. *V.* Omnĭ quŏd usquam est auri *J.* [¶ Usplam.] 2. *In any thing. Ter.* 3. *To any place* (motion). *H.* [¶ Quoquam, quoplam.]

USQUĔ. *prep.* 1. *Even to, up to, as far as* (us. with prep. *ad, sub, &c.*, and used of time or space, *&c.*). Admorunt ŏcŭlis usquĕ sŭb ŏrā fŭces. *O.* (*Ib.*) ~ sŭb extremum brumæ imbrem. *V.* Descendĭt vos ~ frĭgŏr. *St.* Miletum ~. *Ter.* ~ sŭperquĕ quam sătĭs est. *H.* ăd nĕcem. *Ter.* 2. Usquĕ ăb, ˘Ab usquĕ, *or* ˘Abusquĕ. *Even from, from as far as.* ˘Ab intonsis usquĕ Gĕtis. *O.* Usquĕ a Lucĭfĕro. *J.* 3. Adv. *Continually, without ceasing, ever.* Cantantes lĭcĕt usquĕ ĕamŭs. *V.* Intentā sŭis ~ mălis. *O.* Allatres lĭcĕt ~ nos ĕt ~. *M.* *See* MULTUM, DIU, SEMPER.

USQUĔ ĂDĐO. 1. *To such a degree* or *extent.* Usque ăddo turbatŭr ăgris. *V.* [¶ Tantum, ĭtā, sic.] 2. *So long as—till, until.* *See* DONEC, USQUE DONEC.

USQUĔ ĂDHUC. *Thus far. Pl.* [¶ Hactĕnŭs, &c.] *See* H.

USQUĔ DONĔC, *and* USQUĔ DUM. *So long as—till, until.* Usquĕ lăborantes dum ferrum mollĭăt ignis. *H.* [¶ Usquĕ ăddo.] *See* DONEC.

USQUĔQUAQUĔ. 1. *Everywhere.* ˘Et hinc ĕt illinc, usquĕquasquĕ, quacunquĕ. *M.* [¶ ˘Ubiquĕ.] 2. *Always, at all times. Cat.* [¶ ˘Ubiquĕ, sempĕr.]

USTŎR, ōris. *m.* *One who burns dead bodies.* Robŏrā non desint mĭsĕro, nec sordĭdŭs ustŏr. *L.*

USTŬLO, as. *To burn.* Infelicĭbŭs ustŭlandā lignis (scriptā). *Cat.* *See* URO.

USURA, æ. *f.* 1. *The temporary use* or *enjoyment of any thing.* Atque hanc postremam solĭs usuram capĕ. *Att.* (*apud Non.*) [¶ Usŭs.] Hence —2. *The interest of money* (payment for the use of it). ~ vŏrax. *L.* Ep. ˘Avĭdā, vŏrax, inexplētā. *See* FŒNUS.

USURPO, as. 1. *To use* or *make use of any thing.* O bărăthrum! ŭbī nunc ĕs? ŭt ĕgŏ te usurpem lăbens! *Pl.* [¶ Utŏr.] *See* U. 2. *To lay hold of, perceive by the senses.* ~ frigŏrā ŏcŭlis. *Lr.* ~-ant aures sŏnĭtum. *Pl.* [¶ Accĭpĭo, percĭpĭo, concĭpĭo.]

USŬS, us. *m.* 1. *Use, power of using.* Vocisquĕ mĕæ præludĭtŭr usŭs. *O.* [¶ Usurā, fŭcultas.] 2. *Actual use and employment of any thing.* Hos aptŭs In ~-us. *O.* Humanis ~-ĭbŭs aptā Cĕrĕs. *O.* 3. *Use, wear and tear.* Consumĭtŭr annŭlŭs usu. *O.* [¶ *Ext.* Dies, vĕtustas.] 4. *Long practice and experience.* Cognĭtā res usu. *O.* Seris vĕnĭt ~ ăb annis. *O.* [¶ Expĕrĭentĭā.] *See* E. 5. *Habit, custom. L.* [¶ Consuetudo, mos.] 6. *Familiar, personal intercourse,* &c. Cum quĭbŭs exĭgŭŭs nobis ~ ĕrăt. *O.* Longo nobis junctisĭmŭs ~-u. *O.* [¶ Consuetudo, &c.] *See* AMICITIA. 7. *Good, advantage.* ˘Alĭquĭs mălo fŭit ~ In illo. *O.* [¶ Utĭlĭtas, fructŭs, bŏnum.] 8. Usŭs est = ŏpŭs est. Nunc virĭbŭs ~, nunc mănĭbŭs răpĭdis &c. *V.*

˘UT. *adv.* 1. *As, just as.* Urŏr, ŭt inducto ceratæ sulfŭrĕ tædæ. *O.* [¶ Sicŭt, vĕlŭt, ŭtī, vĕlŭtī, quomŏdŏ, tanquam.] *See* TANQUAM. 2. *How, in what manner; in the way that, as.* Trojanas ŭt ŏpes erŭĕrint Dănăi. *V.* ˘Ut pĕrhĭbent. *V.* *See* QUOMODO. 3. *How!* (exclamatory.) ˘Ut gaudes illudĕrĕ rebŭs humanis! *H.* [¶ Quomŏdŏ, quam; *sts.* quantum.] 4. *In what condition,* &c. ˘Ut te adspĭcĭo! *V.* [¶ Quallĭs.] 5. *Since.* ˘Ut sŭmŭs In Ponto, tĕr frigŏrĕ Istĕr constĭtĭt. *O.* [¶ Quum.] Crol. Ex quo. 6. *When.* ˘Ut audisti mĕos casus. *O.* [¶ Quum, quando, postquam, &c.] 7. *While, as. Ter.* [¶ Quum, dum, quando.] 8. *Oh! that.* ˘Ut pĕrĕăt rubĭgĭnĕ telum! *H.* *See* UTINAM. 9. ˘Ut ŭt. *However, in whatsoever way,* &c. ˘Ut ŭt erga me est mĕrĭtā. *Pl.* [¶ Uteunquĕ.] 10. ˘Ut. *conj.* *That, in order that,* &c. *V.*, *O.*, &c. 11. *So that, to the effect,* &c., *that.* Salsā sunt, tangĕre ŭt nolis. *Pl.* ˘Ut credas falcĭbŭs actum. *J.* 12. ˘Ut ne = ne. ˘Ut ne irate dimissum te sentĭas. *Ph.* 13. *Although.* ˘Ut desint vires, tămĕn est laudandā vŏluntas. *O.* *See* QUAMVIS.

UTCUNQUĔ. 1. *However, in whatever manner.* Infelix, utcunquĕ fĕrent ĕă factā mĭnores. *V.* 2. *At any rate, in some way* or *other, be it how it may.* A femĭnis ~ spŏlĭari vĭres. *Ph.* Exĭtŭs illĕ ~ hŏmĭnĭs. *J.* 3. = quandocunquĕ. *Whenever; if only.* ~ mecum vos ĕrĭtĭs, lĭbens &c. *H.*

I. ˘UTĔR, ŭtrā, ŭtrum; *gen.* ŭtrĭŭs (*the penult may be long, according to Prisc.*), *us.* utrĭŭs. *Which of the two.* Fastidirĕt ŏlus, qui me nŏtăt. Utrĭŭs horum &c. *H.* Stant ăcĭes; sĕd ŭtra di sint pro partĕ rŏgandi, Ellĭgĭtĕ. *O.* [¶ ˘Uternĕ.]

II. ˘UTĔR, utrĭs *and perhaps* ŭtrĭs. *m.* *A leathern bag,* or *bottle of skin.* Æŏlĭos ˘Ithăcis inclusĭmŭs, utrĭbŭs euros. *O.* Ep. Tŭmĭdŭs, tŭmens, inflatŭs.

˘UTERQUĔ, ŭtrāquĕ, ŭtrumquĕ; *gen.* ŭtrĭusquĕ (ŭtrĭusquĕ. *Prisc.*). 1. *Both the one and the other, both.* Vis ergo inter nos, quid possĭt ŭterquĕ, vĭcissim Expĕrĭamŭr? *V.* Qui postquam dĭdĭcit casus ŭtrĭusquĕ sŏrŏrĭs. *O.* [¶ Ambo.] 2. Sts. with a pl. Utrāquĕ festinant. *O.* 3. Pl. *Both.* Palmas ~-asquĕ tĕtendĭt. *V.* [¶ Ambo, &c.]

˘UTĔRUS, i. *m.* 1. *The womb.* Maturumque ŭtĕro mollĭtĕr effĕr ŏnŭs. *O.* [¶ Ventĕr, alvŭs, viscĕrā.] 2. *The belly. J.* *See* VENTER. 3. *The hold* or *hollow of any thing so built.* ~-um millĭtĕ complent (*of the Trojan horse*). *V.* [¶ Lătŭs.]

˘UTI = ŭt. *See* UT. 1. Adv. Fluctŭs ŭtī primo cœpit quum albescĕrĕ vento. *V.* Namquĕ cănebăt, ŭtī &c. *V.* 2. Conj. *That, to the end that.* Ærique æs plumbo fĭt ŭtī jungatŭr ăb albo. *Lr.*

UTĬLIS, ĕ. 1. *Useful, serviceable.* Ver ăddo frondi nĕmŏrum, ver utĭlĕ silvis. *V.* Quernā glans victā est utĭlĭorĕ cĭbo. *O.* [¶ Proficĭens, profecturŭs, commŏdŭs, aptŭs, ĭdonĕŭs, bŏnŭs, accommŏdŭs.] *See* PROSUM. 2. Used subst. n. Miscerĕ ~-ē dulci. *H.*

UTĬLĬTAS, ātis. *f.* *Usefulness, advantage, profit.* Vulgŭs ămicĭtĭas utĭlĭtatĕ prŏbăt. *O.* [¶ Commŏdĭtas, usŭs, fructŭs, quæstŭs, emŏlŭmentum, lŭcrum.]

UTĬLĬTĔR. *Usefully, profitably.* Utĭlĭter nobis perfĭdŭs illĕ fŭit. *O.* [¶ Commŏdĕ.]

˘UTĬNAM. *Would that! oh! that.* Atque ŭtĭnam ex vobis unus, vestriquĕ fŭissem &c. *V.* Fecissentquĕ ŭtĭnam! *V.* [¶ ˘Ut; *sts.* si, ŭtī.] Crol. O ŭtĭnam! O si! Quam vellem! Di făcĭant! Di, prĕcŏr, hoc jŭbĕant! Fătā sĭnant! Di tĭbĭ dent! Faxĭt dĕŭs!

˘UTĬQUĔ. *Certainly.* Nec sŭpĕrarĕ quĕunt motus ŭtĭque exĭtĭales. *Lr.* *See* CERTE.

UTŎR, ĕrĭs, usŭs sum. 1. *To use, make use of, avail oneself of.* Servĭĕt æternum, qui parvo nescĭĕt uti. *H.* ~ vocĭbŭs. *V.* consĭlĭis. *O.* Virĭbŭs utendum est. *L.* [¶ Usurpo, ădhĭbĕo.] 2. ~ ălĭquo. *To associate with, be intimate with.* Si scirĕt regĭbŭs ~. *H.* 3. Sts. = hăbĕo, expĕrĭŏr, nanciscŏr. ~ făcĭlĭ pătrĕ; adversa tempestatĕ. *Ter.* 4. Anc. with the acc. Quŏd non consuevĭmŭs uti. *Lr.* *See* FRUOR. Hence—5. Anc. Utendŭs, ă, um. Multā rŏgant utendā dări. *O.*

UTPŎTĔ. *Considering, inasmuch as, as.* Utpŏtĕ fallaci quæ tum primum excĭtā somno. *Cat.* [¶ ˘Ut.]

˘UTRINQUĔ, *or* ˘UTRIMQUĔ, *and* ˘UTRINQUĬ-

quo.]

~Utrum, *and* ~Utrumnĕ. Interr. (direct or indirect), to which *an* corresponds. *Whether?* Ipsĕ quis sĭt, ŭtrum sĭt, an non sĭt, id quŏquĕ nescĭt. *Cat.* Utrumnĕ jussi persĕquemŭr otĭum? *H.*

Uva, æ. *f.* 1. *A grape.* Ipsĕ răcemĭfĕris frontem circumdătŭs uvis. *O.* [† Răcemŭs; *ext.* vitis, vinĕă, palmĕs, vindemĭă.] Ep. Răcemĭfĕrĕ, grăvĭdă, turgĭdă, pendŭlă, matură, mitis, aurĕă, pallĭdă, rŭbĭcundă, rŭbens, purpŭrĕă; certans purpŭræ; auro sĭmĭlis; subrŭbens purpŭrĕo mĕro; cui purpŭrĕ fulgorem accommŏdăt. Crcl. Vitis –fructŭs, fetŭs, pignŏrĕ, munĕrĕ. Vitĕă (Baccheă, Bacchelĭă) donă *or* munĕrĕ. *See* Vindemia. 2. Sts. used for vitis. Fert ~ răcemos. *V. See* Vitis. 3. Sts. used for vinum. Bĭbĕrĕ ~-am. *H.* Miscerĕ pocŭlă ~Achĕlŏĭă ~-is. *V. See* Vinum. 4. *Used of a cluster of bees swarming.* Arbŏrĕ summa conflŭĕrĕ, ĕt ~-am demittĕrĕ ramis. *V.* Considĕrĕ longa uva. *J.* 5. *The uvula of the palate. M.*

Uvens, tis. *Moist, wet.* Uventi ferrum admovit tĕpĕfactă pălato. *Sil.* Scŏpŭli uventes. *St. See* Uvidus.

Uvesco, is. *To become moist* or *wet;* hence, *to grow moist with liquor,* &c. Suspensæ in littŏrĕ vestes Uvescunt. *Lr.* Seu mŏdĭcis (pocŭlis) ~-ĭt lætĭŭs. *H. See* Madeo.

Uvĭdŭlus, ă, um. *dim. of* Uvidus. Uvĭdŭlam a fluctu cedentem ad templă Dĕum me. *Cat.*

Uvĭdus, ă, um. 1. *Moist, wet, thoroughly wet.* Lŏcŭs est adspergĭnĕ multa Uvĭdŭs ex alto desĭlĭentĭs ăquæ. *O.* ~-ă vestimentă. *H.* [† Mădĭdus, mădens, udŭs, &c.] *See* Madidus. 2. *Well-watered.* Asĭdŭis ~-ă sempĕr ăquis (rurĕ). *O.* [† Irrĭgŭus, rĭgŭus.] 3. *Fresh with wine.* Dicĭmŭs sicci, dicĭmŭs ~-i. *H.* Bacchŭs ~. *H.* [† Mădens, mădĭdus, potŭs.] *See* Ebrius.

Uvĭfĕr, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Producing grapes.* Massĭcŭs uvĭfĕris addebat nomĭnĕ glebis. *Sil.* [† Vitĭfĕr.]

Uxŏr, oris. *f.* 1. *A wife, a married woman.* Uxŏr ămans flentem, flens acrĭŭs ipsă, tĕnebăt. *O.* [† Conjux, nuptă, sponsă, mŭlĭĕr, mărĭtă; *sts.* compar, dŏmĭnă, matronă, femĭnă, uxorcŭlă.] Ep. Castă, pŭdică, fidă, fĭdellis; formosă, vĕnustă, pulchrĕ; carĕ, ămată, dilectă; fecundă. Crcl. Tŏri (thălămi, lecti) –sŏcĭă.

perlĕges. *Ph.*

Văco, as. 1. *To be empty.* Oc dĭdă cerĕ văcăt. *O.* Crcl. V cŭatum) est. 2. *To be with to be without, to want.* ~-a orĕ ĕpŭlis. *O.* ~-ăt insŭlă cu *See* C. 3. *To rest from wo* ~-ăt otĭoso cum bŏvĕ pagĭ otĭŏr.] 4. *To be given up pursuit, to be disengaged fro* ~ ĭn nullum grandĕ ŏpŭs. *O.* Aulă chŏris ~-ăt. *Cl.* [† In vĭgĭlo, insudo.] 5. *To give* to a person. Dum pĕrăgo tec ~-a. *O.* ~ carmĭnĭbŭs cjs. *M* dĭo.] 6. With inf. *To have do any thing.* ~ lugerĕ. *L.* st *St.* 7. Văcăt. *unip. There have spare* or *leisure time.* Si ămico. *O.* Crcl. Tempŭs es Hactĕnŭs indulsisse ~-ăt. *V.*

Văcuna, æ. *f.* 1. *The godde worshipped by the Sabines.* N fiunt antiquæ sacrĕ Văcunæ. C cunalis, ĕ. *Of Vacuna.* Antĕ sĕdentquĕ focos. *O.*

Văcŭo, as. *To empty, to make* Elŷsĭum lĭcĕat si văcŭarĕ nĕ immanĕ mĕro; sæcŭlă penso [† ~Inanio, exhaurio.]

Văcŭus, ă, um. 1. *Empty,* *free extent.* Perquĕ dŏmos D nĭă regnă. *V.* Aĕrĕ pĕr ~-um tŭerunt campi. *V.* [† Văcans *sts.* purŭs, ăpertŭs, libĕr, latŭ pătens, spătĭosŭs.] 2. Used s *space, a vacuum.* Lit. and fig. ~ dĕrĕ. *V.* [† ~Inanĕ.] 3. *Em having.* ~-um velamĭnĕ pect ~ ănĭmi. *St.* [† Cărens, expe Fig. 4. *Disengaged from, free H.* ~-as cædis manus hăbe văcans, immunis, &c.] 5. *nothing.* ~-as mentes tĕnent c dum sĭt văcŭissĭmă, quæra otĭosŭs, &c.] 6. *Unappropri* Ellĭgĕ de ~-is quam non altĕr

has been given (of the suit itself). Lit. and fig. Casu responderē ~-o. *H.* ~ ămorē vinctusquē. *Pl.*

VĂDOSŬS, ă, um. *Having frequent fords; full of shoals.* Amnisquē vădosi Accŏlæ Vulturni. *V.*

VĂDUM, i. *n.* 1. *A ford; a shoal.* Flumĭnĕis vix tutā vădis. *L.* Illiditquē vădis, atque aggĕrē cingĭt ărenæ. *V.* [† *Sts.* Brĕvĭă.] 2. Gen. *The bottom* or *bed of a river, sea,* &c. *Ph. O.* Lit. and fig. *See* FUNDUS. 3. Ext. *A body of water, a sea, river.* Sulcarē ~-ă salsă cărina. *V.* Mittĕrē qd ăb Euxinis ~-is. *O. See* MARE, &c.

VÆ. *interj.* 1. *Alas!* Mantŭă væ! mĭsĕræ nĭmĭum vicinā Crĕmonæ! *V.* [† Heu, ah.] 2. *Woe be!* Væ tĭbĭ, causĭdĭcĕ! *M.* [† Pĕrĕam, pĕrĕas, pĕrĕăt, dispĕrĕam, &c.] Crol. Te (*or* ăt te) di perdant. Isti di mălă multă dent. Illi fiant mălă multă. Ah, pĕrĕam! Vobis mălĕ sit. Pĕrĕas mălĕ. Ne vălĕam *or* vivam . . . si. Tĭbĭ multă mălă evĕnĭant. *See* EXSECROR, IMPRECOR.

VĂFĔR, văfrĕ, văfrum. *Cunning, wily.* Qua văfĕr eludi posset rătĭonĕ măritŭs. *O.* [† Astutŭs, callĭdŭs, dŏlosŭs, &c.] *See* DOLOSUS.

VAGINA, æ. *f.* *A sheath, a scabbard.* Vaginaquē căva fulgentem derĭpĭt ensem. *V.* [† Thecă.] Ep. ˘Eburnă, ĕburnĕă, căvă, auratā, pendens, pendŭlă, suspensā. Cul. Văcŭum *or* căvum ĕbŭr. Phr. 1. *To sheathe the sword.* Ensem (glădĭum, ferrum) –tĕgo, condo, rĕcondo. Ensem, &c., vagina (in vagina) –tĕgo, claudo, rĕcondo. E vaginæ reddo. *A sheathed sword.* Clausŭs (condĭtŭs) ensis. Phr. 2. *To draw the sword.* Ensem (glădĭum, ferrum) –căpĭo, stringo, destringo, corrĭpĭo, arrĭpĭo, detĕgo, rĕcludo, nudo, exsĕro, exŭo. Ensem, &c., vagina –erĭpĭo, derĭpĭo, duco, libĕro, exŭo, &c. Ensē mănus armo. Ensem dextræ apto. *A drawn sword.* Ensis nudŭs (nudatŭs, văcŭŭs).

VAGIO, is. *To cry like a child.* Vagĭĕrant ambo, părĭter sentirē pŭtares. *O.* [† Ploro, flĕo.] Crol. Vagitum *or* vagitus –do, edo, mitto, fundo, orē fundo, clĕo. Vagitu *or* vagitĭbŭs auras (æthĕrā) –implĕo, fĕrĭo, pulso.

VAGITŬS, us. *m.* *The cry of a child.* Contĭnŭo auditæ voces, vagitŭs ĕt ingens. *V.* [† Ploratŭs, fletŭs.] Ep. Pŭĕrĭlis, tĕnĕr, quĕrŭlŭs, trĕmŭlŭs.

I. **VAGŎR**, aris. (Văgarĕ. *Lr.*) 1. *To go to and fro, to wander about, have no fixed course; to stray from the right course.* Stellæ spontĕ sŭa jussænē văgentŭr ĕt errent. *H.* ~ circum tectā. *V.* [† Discurro, erro, ŏberro, decerro, palŏr.] Crol. Erro vĭa. Huc illuc fĕrŏr. Incerto cursu fĕrŏr. Vĭa deflecto. Devĭŭs erro. Incertis passĭbŭs erro. Vĭæ nesciŭs (insciŭs) –erro, văgŏr. Văgŭs fĕrŏr. Incertam vĭam (incertas vĭas) ĕo. ˘Itĕr *or* vĭam nescĭo. Văgantem me *or* incertum errŏr ăgĭt. Phr. 1. *Wanderers at sea.* Excŭtĭuntur cursu. Acti fatis (tempestatĭbŭs) mărĭă omnĭă circum (cæcis in undis) errant. Phr. 2. *Wanderers by land.* Errorē vĭæ (ignari hŏmĭnumquē lŏcorumquē) tota passim rĕglonē (pĕr devĭă lustrā) văgantŭr. Errant văgo pĕdē. Errŏr certo de tramĭtĕ palantes ducĭt. *See* VAGUS. 2. Fig. *To spread in all directions.* ˘Ex famā ~-atŭr. *V.* [† Spargŏr.]

II. **VAGŎR**, oris. *m. anc.* = vagitŭs. Miscetur funĕrē vagŏr. *Lr.*

VAGŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Vagus. ˘Anĭmŭlă văgŭlă, blandŭlă. *Adrian.* (*apud Spart.*)

VAGŬS, ă, um. 1. *Wandering, ever-moving, restless, unsettled.* Nec văgŭs, externis rĕpĕtens compendĭă terris (navĭtā). *Tib.* ~-i pĕdes. *O.* ~ ărenā. *H.* [† Văgans, errans, errabundŭs, erratĭcŭs, ŏberrans, devĭŭs, discurrens.] Crol. Errorē *or* errorĭbŭs actŭs. Vărĭis errorĭbŭs actŭs. Vĭa excussŭs. Vĭæ nesciŭs (insciŭs, incertŭs). *See* VAGOR (I.). 2. *Flowing about, hanging loosely* (of hair). ~-i crines pĕr collă jăcebant. *O.* [† Sŏlutŭs, &c.] *See* CAPILLUS. 3. *Used of an overflowing river. H.* [† ˘Inundans, exundans, effusŭs.] 4. *That which expands and spreads.* ~ aer. *Tib. See* FLUIDUS. 5. Sts. = undans. Seu văgā ducunt æquŏrē. *Tib. See* UNDANS. Fig. 6. *Under no tie* or *check.* ~ prosĭlĭĕt naturā frenis rĕmotis. *H.* [† Sŏlutŭs, effusŭs.] 7. *Light, volatile; inconstant.* ~ jŭventā. *M.* pŭellā. *Pp.* [† Inconstans, lĕvĭs, &c.] 8. *Loose from all tie of business.* ~ otĭā tĕro. *St.* 9. *Wandering in mind.* ~ ănĭmi. *Cat.*

VALDE. *syn. of* Valide. (Valdŭs. *H.*) *Very, very much.* Nil mĭhĭ tam valde plăcĕat, Rhamnusĭă virgo. *Cat.* Mălĕ ~ est bestĭă. *Cat.* [† Multum, &c.] *See* M.

VALE, vălĕtĕ. *imper. of* Valeo. 1. *Farewell.* Salve æternum, mĭhĭ maxĭmē Palla, Æternumquē vălĕ. *V.* Vivē vălĕquē. *H.* [† Vălĕas, vivĕ.] 2. Used subst. n. *A farewell.* Accĭpĕre et părĭli reddĕrē vocē vălĕ. *O. See* VALEDICO.

VALEDICO (*or* VALE DICO), *sts.* VALĔDICO, ĭs, xi. *To say farewell.* Sæpē, vălĕ dicto, rursus sum multā lŏcutŭs. *O.* Idquē, quŏd ignoti făcĭunt, vălĕdicĕrē saltem. *O.* Phr. 1. Tristi tandem orē 'vălĕ' dixĭt. Linguā tĕnŭi murmŭrē 'vălĕ' dixĭt. Vix sustĭnŭĭt dicĕrē 'vălĕ.' Neutĕr rĕcedens sustĭnŭĭt dixisē 'vălĕ.' Phr. 2. *Forms of saying farewell.* Vivĭtĕ silvæ. Æternum vălĕ. Estĕ sălutati mĭhĭ ĭn omnē tempŭs. ˘In perpĕtŭum ăvē atquē vălĕ.

VALENS, tis. 1. *Sound, well.* (Tecum) Sive ægra părĭter, sivē vălentē sŭmŭs. *Pp.* [† Sanŭs, vălĭdŭs.] 2. *Strong, powerful.* Membris ~ (Nessŭs). *O.* [† Vălĭdŭs, &c.] *See* ROBUSTUS. 3. Fig. *Efficacious, powerful.* ˘Amŏr pătrĭæ rătĭonē ~-ĭŏr omni. *O.* [† Pŏtens.]

VALENTĔR. *Strongly, powerfully.* Præceps spirarē vălentĭŭs eurŭs. *O.* [† Fortĭtĕr, vălĭdĕ, vĕhĕmentĕr.]

VALEO, es, ŭi, ĭtum. 1. *To be in good health.* Si tămĕn ipsē văles, ălĭqua nos partē vălemŭs. *O.* [† Vĭgĕo.] Crol. Bĕnē vălĕo. Sum sanŭs (incŏlŭmis, vălens). Me bĕnē *or* recte hăbĕo. 2. Vălĕ. *See* V. 3. Vălĕas, vălĕăt, &c. *Away with you! begone!* (an expression of refusal or aversion.) Vălĕăt Vĕnŭs, vălĕant pŭellæ. *Tib. See* VÆ. 4. *To be strong, powerful.* Flĕt tam vălŭisē mănus. *Tib.* Plus legĭbŭs armā ~-ent. *O.* ~ artē. *V.* [† Pollĕo, possum.] Crol. Vim *or* pondŭs hăbĕo. Sum pŏtens *or* pollens. 5. With inf. *To be able.* Nĕc vălŭerē mănus educĕrē telum. *O.* [† Possum, *perf.* evălŭi.] 6. *To avail, have weight.* Pro deplorato non vălĭturā vĭro (votā). *O.* [† Fio, evĕnĭo.]

VALESCO, is. *To grow strong, to get strength.* Sed pŏtĭus tali facto rĕcrĕtā vălescăt. *Lr.*

VALETUDO, ĭnis. *f.* 1. *The state* or *health of the body.* Durā vălĕtudo incĭdĕrit, seu tardā sĕnectus. *H. See* MORBUS. 2. *Good health.* Gratĭă, famā, vălĕtudo contingăt ăbunde. *H.* [† Sanĭtas; *sts.* sălus.]

VALĬDUS, ă, um. 1. *In good health.* Frŭi păratis et vălĭdo mĭhĭ, Latoē, dones. *H.* [† Vălens, sanŭs.] 2. *Strong, stout.* ~ lăcertŭs; cărinā puppis. *O.* ~-is radicĭbŭs hærens. *L.* [† Vălens, robustŭs, fortĭs, firmŭs, &c.] *See* ROBUSTUS. 3. *Of great might and power.* ~-i fluctus. *L.* ~-o pĕrurĭmŭr æstu. *O.* [† Vĭŏlentŭs, ingens, magnŭs, &c.] 4. *Strong, massy, heavy.* ~-o nitens sŭb pondĕrē axis. *V.* ăratro terras findĕrē. *O.* æstu decernĕrē. *Cl.* [† Grăvĭs.] 5. *Potent, efficacious* (of medicine, &c.). ~-os succos

mergit (vinciliĭ). *O.* [† Vilcus, pressus, pŭtens, utilis.]

VALLIS, *ĕat us.* **VALLĬS**, ĭs. *f. A valley.* Vallis ĭrat pĭcĭlis ĭt ĭcuta densĭ cŭpressu. *O.* Est curvo anfractu valles accommŏdĭ frandi. *V.* [† Convallis; *sts.* convexĭ (orum), tempe.] **Ep.** Prona, praecepa, declivis, cĭvĭ, concĭvĭ, depressĭ, altĭ; occultĭ, secretĭ, rĕductĭ, ŏpacĭ, nĭmŏrosĭ, umbrosĭ, frondosĭ, dumosĭ, virĭdis, virens, irrĭgŭĭ, frigidĭ, gĕlĭdĭ, ŭmcnĭ. **Crel.** Vallis -tĭmŭbrum, rŭcessŭs, silentĭ, umbraculĭ. **Phr.** Nĭmŭs in vallĕ rĕducta seclusum. Vallis -densis atrĭ frondĭbŭs;—densis silvis lŭtens or abdĭtĭ;—pĭcĭlis or cŭpressu denĭ.

VALLO, as. 1. *To intrench, to fortify.* Considunt castris ante urbem, et mœnĭ vallant. *V.* [† Obvallo, munio.] **Crel.** Vallo -ĭtĭŏr, munio, cŏrono. Vallum duco. Ducto vallo -ĭtĭŏr, tutŏr, propugno. *See* MUNIO. 2. *To encircle, guard, cover, protect.* Lit. and fig. ~ Inŏpem armis. *V. Fl.* Sĕd rĭdĭis frontem vallatĭis. *O.* ~-antĭŏr planctĭbŭs arcu. *St. See* CIRCUMDO.

VALLUM, i. *n. An intrenchment, a rampart with palisades.* Lit. and fig. Pellĕrĕ ~-o Mĭsellĭbŭs certant. *V.* [† Aggĕr, munimĕn, propugnacŭlum, sĕcŭl.] *See* PROPUGNACULUM.

VALLUS, i. *m.* 1. *A stake.* Exĭcĕunt klĭi vallos furcasquĕ bĭcornes. *V.* [† Palĭs, stipĭs.] 2. *A palisade.* Non arces, non vallĭs ĭrĕt. *Tib.*

VALVÆ, arum. *f. pl. Folding doors.* Argenti bĭfĭres rĭdĭabant lumĭnĕ valvæ. *O.* [† Janŭĭ, fĕres, &c.] *See* FORES.

VANDĂLI, orum. *m. pl. A people of the north of Germany.* Ut primum vernis dat tergum Vandălĭis armis. *Sid.*

VANESCO, ĭs. *To vanish, disappear.* Spirĭtŭs antĭ mĭlus tĭnŭĭes vanescĭt in auras. *O.* Cĭrŭs ~-ĭt stĕrĭles in herbas. *O.* [† Evanesco, &c.] *See* E.

VANILŎQUUS, ă, um. 1. *Speaking vainly, boastfully.* Vanĭlŏquum Celtæ gĕnŭs et mutabĭlĭ mentĭs. *Sil.* [† Jactans, elatŭs, &c.] 2. *Speaking falsely, lying. Pl. See* MENDAX.

VANNUS, i. *f. A winnowing-machine, a fan or van.* Arbŭtĭ̆ crates et mystĭcĭ̆ vannŭs Iacchi. *V.* [† Ventilabrum.]

VANUS, ă, um. 1. *Vain, empty; unreal, unsubstantial.* Exspectatĭ̆ sĕges vanis elusĭt ĭristis. *V.* Noctem simŭlacrĭquĕ ~-ă tĭmebam. *O.* [† Vacŭĭs, cassŭs, inanis, inutilis.] 2. *Vain, futile, fruitless, worthless.* ~-a spe lusĭt ĭmantem. *V.* ~-o cŏmĭtamŭr hŏnorĕ. *V.* Gaudĭ̆ ~-ă. *H.* [† Vacŭĭs, cassŭs, irrĭtŭs, inanis, frivŏlŭs, futilis.] 3. *Disappointed, deceived.* Nĕc ~-ă fĭdes. *V.* Aut ĕgŏ veri ~ fĕrŏr. *V.* [† Frustratŭs, deceptŭs.] 4. *False, deceitful.* ~ ŭterquĕ lŏcŭs (*Delphi and Dodona*). *O.* ~-um mendacemquĕ. *V. See* MENDAX. 5. *Vain, boastful. V. See* SUPERBUS.

VAPIDUS, ă, um. *Vapid, bad, spoiled.* Astutam vāpĭdo servas sub pectŏrĕ vulpem. *Pers.* ~ pix (*of a bad scent*). *Pers.*

VAPŎR, orĭs. *m.* 1. *Steam, vapour.* Nec jam se căpĭt undă, vŏlat vāpŏr atĕr ăd auras. *V.* 2. *Smoke* (of incense, &c.). *Sen. See* FUMUS. 3. *The scent of game. Grat. See* ODOR. 4. *An exhalation, breath of hot air, flame of fire; warmth, heat.* ~ cĂlĭdŭs sollĭs. *Lr.* Flammæ ~-ĕ mollirĕ qd. *Lr.* Tectă longis ~-ĭbŭs ignem răpŭĕrĕ. *L.* ~ lentŭs cĂrinas est. *V. See* CALOR, IGNIS.

VAPORĬFĔR, ĕrĭ, ĕrum. *Emitting steam* or *vapour.* Sivĕ vāporĭfĕras, blandissĭmă littŏrĭ, Baias. *St.* ~ fornax. *St.*

VAPORO, as. 1. *To fill with vapour, steam,* or *smoke.* Succedunt matres, et templum turĕ vāporant. *V.* ~-ătĭ altarĭĭ. *St.* **Crel.** Vāporĕ (vāporĭbŭs, *sts.* fumo) -implĭco, rĕplĕo, &c. 2. *warm, to heat.* Lævum (lătŭs) decedens vĭ̆ (sol). *H.* [† Calfăcĭo, torrĕo, accendo, &c.] 3. Found intr. *To burn* (as struck by fire). In vĭdĭa, ceu fulmĭnĕ, summă ~-ant. *Lr.*

VAPPA, æ. *f.* 1. *Spoiled, bad wine.* Multa prius vappa nauta atquĕ vĭatŏr. *H.* [† Vilis.] 2. m. *A worthless fellow. Cat. H.* [† Nĭhĭl.]

VAPULO, as. 1. *To receive blows, to be beaten.* Vapŭlăt assĭdŭo Vĕnĕti quadrĭgă flăgellis. *H.* [† Verbĕrŏr, percŭtĭŏr, cædŏr, ferĭŏr.] **Crel.** Virgis (scŭtĭca, loro, loris) cædŏr. Virgis vĭdĭ. Tergum (tergă, scăpŭlas, lătŭs) verbĕrĭdo (flagris, flăgello) -do, subjĭcĭo, præbĕo. Flăgellis sĕcŏr. Tergo plectŏr. Flăgellis rŭbĕo. *See* FLAGELLUM. 2. Gen. *To be struck.* ~-ĭt mănŭ mĕă (telo pĕtĭtă). *Pp. See* VERBERO.

VARĂ, æ. *f. A tressel, a set of crossed stakes* (to support nets, &c.). Aut dum dispŏsĭtis stantĭ retĭă varis. *L.*

VARIANTIA, æ. *f. Variety.* Unde hæc ĭcĭtur vĭrĭantĭă rerum? *Lr.*

VARICOSUS, ă, um. *Having varicose* or *swollen veins* (sp. in the legs). Dixĕrĭs hæc inter vĭcĭcosos centŭrĭones. *Pers.*

VARICUS, ă, um. *Straddling.* Ambŭlăt, ingens varĭcă fertquĕ grĭdus. *O. See* VARUS.

VARIE. *Diversely, in different ways.* Quum vĭlĭmus, vărĭequĕ dăturum sit membrĭ mŏvĕrĕ. *Lr.* [† Diverse.]

VARIETAS, ătis. *f. Variety, diversity.* Et cŭpĭens ăbundat rerum vărĭĕtas. *Ph.*

VARIO, as. 1. *To make of different* or *diverse colours.* Gemma vărĭantĕ căpĭllos. *O.* ~ mĭcĭlis nascentem orbem (*of the sun*). *V.* cŏlorem. *Lr.* pectŏrĕ palmis. *Cat.* [† Distinguo, pingo.] 2. *To variegate* (in needlework, &c.). ~ vestis picto auro. *V. Fl.* textĭ ăcu. *M. See* PICTUS. 3. *To spot, mark with spots.* ~ nĭgrĭ corpŏrĭ cærŭlĭcis guttis. *O. See* MACULO. 4. *To vary, change, make different.* ~ pŏsĭtu căpĭllos; mutĭ arbĭtrio sŭo. *O.* vices. *V.* [† Muto.] *See* M. 5. Intr. *To vary in colour, pass from one colour to another.* ~-ăt uvă liventĭbŭs răcemis. *Pp.* 6. *To undergo change, to change, vary, be different.* ~-ant æquĭnŏctĭbŭs undæ. *Pp.* vulgi cordă. *V.* Abĕunt, rĕdĕuntquĕ mĕi ~-antquĕ cŏlores. *O.* Quŏnĭam ~-ant (*intr.*) ănĭmi, ~-antĭ (*tr.*) ĕt artes. *O.* [† Vărĭŏr, mutŏr, immutŏr.] **Crel.** Sum vărĭus (diversŭs, mobĭlis).

VARIUS, ă, um. 1. *Of divers colours, variegated.* Purpŭrĕo vărĭŭs cŏlorĕ (*autumn*). *H.* uvă ~-a răcemis. *O.* [† Vărĭatŭs, distinctŭs, pictŭs.] 2. *Spotted, speckled, striped.* Lynces ~-æ. *V.* ~-i angues. *O. See* MACULOSUS, VIRGATUS. 3. *Wherein is variety, various, diverse, different.* ~ cœnă. *H.* natură arbŏrĭbŭs crĕandis. *V.* ~-æ artes. *V.* ~-orum jurĭ dĭerum. *O.* [† Vărĭans, diversŭs, dissĭmĭlis; *sts.* multi, multiplex.] 4. *Variable, changeable.* ~-um ĕt mutabĭlĕ semper femĭnă. *V.* [† Lĕvis, mobĭlis, mutabĭlis, inconstans.]

VARUS, ă, um. 1. *Bandy-legged.* Sisŷphŭs; hunc Varum distortis crurĭbŭs; illum &c. *H.* 2. *Bent asunder or outwards; bent as horns.* Tĕnerĕ cornŭă ~-ă mănu. *O.* [† Rĕcurvŭs, rĕpandŭs.] 3. *Curved, rounded out* (of the arms of wrestlers in position). Tĕnerĕ a pectŏrĕ ~-as in stătĭonĕ mănus. *O.* Brachĭă late ~-ă tĕnent. *St.* 4. *Crooked, out of right line.* Fallĭt pĕdĕ ~-o regŭlă. *Pers. See* CURVUS.

I. **VAS**, vădis. *m. f. A surety, bail.* Illĕ, dătis vădĭbus, qui rure extractŭs in urbem est. *H.* [† Sponsŏr, præs, obsĕs.]

II. **VAS**, vasis. *n.* (Vasum, i. *n. anc. Lr.*); vasă, orum. *pl.* 1. *A vessel of any sort.* Hic lĭvĕt

argentum, vasa aspĕrā tergĕāt altĕr. *J.* ˘In ĕodem vasĕ mānerĕt. *Lr.* [† Vascŭlum; *sts.* urcĕŭs, hydrĭā, ăqualis, ălŭlā, ălĭtellā, urnā, serĭā, ollā, testā, canthārŭs, amphŏrā, cyăthŭs, trullā, crater, craterā, &c.] *See* AMPHORA, OLLA, POCULUM. **2.** Pl. *Implements, utensils, tools,* &c. Cultrum, sĕcurim, pistillum, mortarĭum, Quæ utendā ~-ā &c. *Pl.* Nĕc ~-ā tĕnentĭā longe (*nets*). *Grat.* [† Instrumentā, supellex, armā.]

VASCŬLUM, i. *n.*, *dim. of* Vas. *A little vessel,* &c. Argenti vascŭlā puri. *J. See* VAS (II.).

VASTATŎR, ōris. *m. A ravager, destroyer.* Vastatoremquĕ crŭento Orē fĕrum. *O.* Magnæ ~ debĭtē Trojæ. *St.* [† Pŏpŭlātŏr; *sts.* eversŏr.]

VASTE. *Of vast extent, immensely.* Immensum pătĕat vastequĕ prŏfundum. *Lr.* Vastĭŭs insurgens dĕcĭmæ rŭit impĕtŭs undæ. *O.* [† Late, immensum.]

VASTĬFĬCŬS, ă, um. *Laying waste.* ˘Erȳmanthĭam hæc (sc. dextrā) vastĭfĭcam abjecit bellŭam. *Cic.* (*Tusc.*)

VASTĬTAS, ātis. *f. A vast, waste extent, a desert; desolation.* Stĕrĭlis prŏfundi vastĭtas squalet sŏli. *Sen.* Hăberē vastĭtates funĕrum. *Att.* (*apud Non.*) [† Vastā, desertā, *or* strages, cædes.]

VASTO, as. *To lay waste, to strip, make bare.* Dum bello Argŏlĭci vastabant Pergămā reges. *V.* ~ ăgros cultorĭbŭs. *V.* [† Pŏpŭlŏr, pŏpŭlo, desolo, depŏpŭlŏr; dirŭo, everto.] **Crel.** Vastum *or* desertum făcio. Vastum do. *See* POPULOR, EVERTO.

VASTŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Laid waste, desert.* Hæc ĕgŏ vastā dăbo. *V.* [† Vastatŭs, devastatŭs, desertŭs, desolatŭs, solatŭs, solŭs.] **2.** Vastā, orum. *n. pl. Deserts.* Pĕr ~-ā cŭcurrĭt Æthĭŏpum. *Cl. See* DESERTUM. **3.** Us. *Vast, immense, widely extended.* ˘In gurgĭtē ~-o. *V.* ~-æ terræ pĕrĭcŭlā. *V.* [† Immensŭs, latŭs, effusŭs, pătens.] **4.** *Great, huge, enormous.* Se inferrē ~-is armis. *V.* ~-um hastilē. *O.* Cervŭs ~-i corpŏrĭs. *Ph.* [† Magnŭs, ingens, immanis, procerŭs, &c.] *See* PROCERUS. **5.** *Very great* (of weight). ˘Ad terram ponderē ~-o decĭdĭt. *V.* [† Grăvis, magnŭs, ingens.] **6.** *Very great* (of noise). ~-o clamorē lăcessunt. *V.* [† Ingens, magnŭs, grăvis, immanis, &c.] **7.** Fig. *Very great, uncommonly great.* ~-is cum virĭbŭs. *V.* ~ irā lĕonĭbŭs; pŏtentĭā. *O.*

VATES, is. *m.* **1.** *A prophet, soothsayer.* Nec vates Hĕlĕnus, quum multa horrendā mŏnerĕt. *V.* [† Vatĭcĭnatŏr, săcerdos, divinŭs; *sts.* Chaldæŭs, conjectŏr, augŭr.] **Ep.** Săcĕr, divinŭs, fatĭdĭcŭs, præsagŭs, præsciŭs, prænuntĭŭs; certŭs, verŭs; fallax, falsŭs, vanŭs, mendax; anceps, ambĭgŭŭs, obscurŭs; attŏnĭtŭs, insanŭs, fŭrens. **Crel.** Interprĕs dĕorum (dĕum, divum). Futuri gnarŭs *or* præsciŭs. Venturi ævi –præsciŭs, provĭdŭs, præsagŭs, non inscĭŭs. Fatā cănens. Cui præsagā lingua *or* os fatĭdĭcum. Eventurā vĭdens. Sāgax venturā vĭderē. S. orā fatis futuris āpĕrirē. *See* AUGUR, HARUSPEX, PRÆDICO. **2.** *Used of the god answering by oracle.* Delĭus ~. *V.* [So *Augŭr* ˘*Apollo. V.*] **3.** *A poet.* Me quŏquĕ dicunt ~-em pastores. *V. See* POETA. **4.** f. *A prophetess, a sibyl.* Tuquĕ, o sanctissimā vates! *V.* [† Săcerdos, divinā, Sĭbyllā.] **5.** f. *A poetess.* ~ Lesbĭā. *O.*

VATĬCANŬS, *and* **VATICANŬS,** i. *m.* (mons, collis.) *The Vatican, one of the seven hills of Rome.* Reddĕrē laudes tĭbī Vatĭcani Montĭs Imago. *H.* In Vaticanis condĭtā mustā cădis. *M.* and *J.*

VATĬCĬNĀTŎR, ōris. *m. A prophet, a soothsayer.* Undĕ tămen vivat, vatĭcĭnatŏr hăbĕt. *O. See* VATES.

VATĬCĬNŎR, ārĭs. *To predict.* Hæc dŭcē prædico vatĭcĭnorquĕ Dĕo. *O.* [† Prædico, &c.] *See* P.

VATĬCĬNŬS, ă, um. *Prophetic.* Hæc ŭbī vatĭcĭnos concepit mentĕ fŭrores. *O. See* PRÆSAGUS.

VĂ. A disjunctive enclitic (from vel). *Either, or.* Nec quod fŭlmusvĕ, sŭmusvĕ, Cras ĕrĭmŭs. *O.* Casusvĕ dĕusvĕ. *V. See* VEL.

VECORDĬA, æ. *f. Folly, infatuation, blindness.* Quæ te vecordĭā, Theseus, Eurȳtē, pulsāt, ĭlĭt? *O.* [† Fŭrŏr, amentĭā, insanĭā, &c.] *See* AMENTIA.

VECORS, ordĭs. **1.** *Beside himself, frantic.* Sequĕ jăcit vecors e summo culmĭnĕ turrĭs. *O.* [† Fŭrens, fŭrĭosŭs, amens, insanŭs, &c.] *See* AMENS. **2.** *Stupid, senseless.* Scribĭt mălā carmĭnā vecors. *H. See* STULTUS.

VECTIGĀL, ālis. *n.* **1.** *A tax, tribute, impost.* Rettŭlĭt ignotum gĕlĭdis vectigāl ăb oris. *Cl.* [† Trĭbutum; *sts.* portorĭum, dĕcŭmā.] **2.** *Income, revenue.* ~-ālĭā porrigam. *H.* [† Rĕdĭtŭs.]

VECTIS, is. *m.* **1.** *A lever, a bar for raising weights,* &c. Vectē Pĕlethrŏnĭum Măcărĕus in pectŭs ădacto Stravĭt. *O.* **2.** *A bar* or *bolt.* Centum ærei claudunt ~-es. *V.* [† Pessŭlŭs.]

VECTO, as. *freq. of* Veho. *To carry, convey;* pass. *to ride,* &c. (be carried riding, &c.) Corpŏrā vivā nĕfas Stȳgia vectarē cărina. *V.* ~-ari ĕquis. *O.* hŭmĕris. *H.*

VECTŎR, ōris. *m.* **1.** *One that carries, bears,* or *transports any thing.* Eccē rŭdens rauco Sileni vectŏr ăsellŭs. *O.* ~ ˘Olympi (˘Altas). *Sen.* **2.** Used pass. of one that is carried. *A rider.* ~ ĕquum frenis rĕgĭt. *O.* Lĭbȳci căballi. *M.* [† ˘Equĕs.] **3.** Freq. *A passenger by ship.* Idem navĭgĭum, navĭtā, vectŏr ĕro. *O.*

VĔGĔO, es. *To stir up, set in motion.* Et mŏdĕrarĭŏr hunc frenis dextraquĕ vĕgerē. *Lr.* [† Excĭto, impello, mŏvĕo.]

VĔGĔTO, as. *To stir up, quicken, give growth to.* Maturo cŭpĭens me vĕgĕtarē dĭe (de rŏsa). *Aus.* [† ˘Anĭmo, robŏro.]

VĔGĔTŬS, ă, um. *Lively, active, in full vigour.* ˘Ubi curatā sŏpori Membrā dĕdit, vĕgĕtus præscripta ad munĭā surgĭt. *H.* [† Vălens, vălĭdŭs, vivĭdŭs, ăgilis, strenŭŭs, fortis, robustŭs.]

VEGRANDIS, ĕ. *Under-size, diminutive, weak.* Nunc vŏcŏr ad nomĕn; vegrandĭā farrā cŏloni Quæ mălĕ creverunt vescăquĕ parvā vŏcant. *O.*

VĔHĔMENS, tis. (Vemens. *Lr.* and *H.*) **1.** *Violent, very great* or *strong.* Nimirum qui quum vĕhĕmenti percŭlĭt ictu (imbĕr). ~ vĭŏlentĭā vini. *Lr.* [† Vĭŏlens, vĭŏlentŭs, acĕr, magnŭs, ingens, grăvis, vălĭdŭs, fortis.] Fig. **2.** *Excessive, immoderate.* ~ largĭtātē nĭmĭa, aut parsĭmonĭa. *Ter. H.* [† Immŏdĭcŭs.] **3.** *Vehement, energetic, acting with power.* Sălĭbŭs ~ intra pomœrĭā natis. *J.* [† Acĕr, vivĭdŭs, grăvis, pŏtens.] **4.** *Fierce, furious.* ~ lŭpŭs. *H.* cănĭs. *Ph.* [† Iratŭs, răbĭdŭs, acĕr.] **5.** *Of fearful might, terrible.* Est vĕhĕmens dĕā (Nĕmĕsis); lædĕrē hanc căveto. *Cat. See* TERRIBILIS.

VĔHĔMENTĔR. (Vementĕr. *Lr.*) *Very greatly, vehemently, violently.* Illŭd ĭn his rebus vĭtĭum vĕhĕmentĕr ĭnessĕ. *Lr.* [† Vĭŏlentĕr, acrĭtĕr, fortĭtĕr, vălĭdē.]

VĔHO, is, exi, ectum. **1.** *To carry, convey, bear.* Navem quæ Lȳcĭos fidumquĕ vĕhĕbāt ˘Orontem. *V.* ~ uxorem plaustro. *Tib.* cĭbum orē. *O.* [† Vecto, devĕho, transvĕho, fĕro, defĕro, aufĕro, gĕro, gesto, porto, transporto, trăho.] **2.** *To bear along, carry along* (as a river in its stream). Dum vĕhĕt amnis āquas. *Tib.* Quŏd Tăgŭs amnĭ vĕhĭt. *O.* [† Trăho, volvo.] **3.** *To bear off, carry away.* Quŏd fŭgĭens sĕmĕl horā vexĭt. *H.* [† Aufĕro, abduco, răpio.] **4.** Vĕhŏr. *pass. To be carried, be borne,* &c.; hence sts. *to fly, sail, to ride,* &c. (*i. e.* to go carried, in a ship, on wings, &c.) Pĕr lĭquĭdum vŏlŭcri

vĕhăr æthĕrĭ penna. *Tib.* Qua tămĕn ipsĭ vĕhŏr (puppi). *O.* [¶ Vectŏr, fĕrŏr, defĕrŏr, aufĕrŏr, ĭŏ, curro, labŏr, rĭpĭlŏr, abrĭpĭlŏr.]

Veiens, *or* **Vejens,** ĭtis. *m. f. n. Of* or *belonging to Veii;* used subst. m., *an inhabitant of Veii.* Cossūs ĭt insĭquĭtur Veientis cædĕ Tŏlumni. *Pp.* Emptŏr ăgri Veientĭs. *H.*

Veientanus, *or* **Vejentanus,** ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Veii.* Et Veientani bibĭtur fæx nigrā rūbelli. *M.* 2. Veientanum. *n.* (sc. vinum.) *A wine of an inferior quality.* Qui Veientanum festis potarĕ dĭebūs. *H.*

Veii, *or* **Veji,** orum. *m. pl. An ancient town of Etruria.* Et Veii vĕtĕres, et vos tum prædā fŭistis. *Pp.*

Veiius, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Veii.* Fortē sŭper portæ dux Veiĭus adstĭtit arcem. *Pp.*

Vejŏvis, is. *m. A Roman deity, perhaps Jupiter as a child* (but it is otherwise explained). Nonis sacratā quŏd illis Templā pŭtant lucos Vejŏvis antē dŭos. *O.*

Vel. 1. *Or, or even;* vel . . . vel, *either . . . or.* Vel pŭtĭerĭ lĭcet, dum ne contemptā rēlinquăr. *O.* Primā vēl auctumni sub frigŏrā. *V.* [¶ Vĕ, aut, seu, sivĕ.] 2. Sta. = ĕt. Pārĭtĕr pŭtatŭ vēl armis egrĕgĭus. *V.* *See* Et. 3. *Even.* Carmĭnā ~ cœlo possunt deducĕrĕ lunam. *V.* [¶ ˘Etĭam, quŏquă.] *See* Etiam.

Velamen, ĭnis. *n.* 1. *A covering of any kind;* us. *a garment.* Et circumtextum crŭcĕo velamĕn ăcantho. *V.* [¶ Tegmĕn, tĕgŭmentum; tegmĕn, ămictŭs.] *See* Vestis. 2. *A veil.* Vultus ~-ĭnĕ celăt. *O.*

Velamentum, i. *n.* = velamĕn. Sp. *The suppliant's olive-branch, tied round with woollen fillets.* Velamentā mānu prætendens suppliccĕ. *O.* [¶ Vittæ.]

Velarium, ĭi. *n., and* **Velaria,** orum. *pl. An awning.* Et pegma, et plŭĕros hinc ad velarĭā raptos. *J.* [¶ Velum.] Crcl. Velorum umbracŭlā.

Velatus, ă, um. *part. See* Velo. 1. *Having sails.* Cornŭā velatarum obvertĭmŭs antennarum. *V.* [¶ Vellĭfĕr.] 2. *Veiled.* Lit. and fig. ~-is cornĭbŭs lunā vĕnĭt. *V. Fl.* [¶ *Fig.* Occultatŭs, tectŭs.] 3. *Clothed. O.* [¶ Vestitŭs, tectŭs, &c.] 4. *Festooned; wearing the suppliant fillets, &c.* Pĕr ~-as vĭas (ĭt pompā). *O.* ~-i ramis ŏlĕæ (oratores). *V.*

Velĕs, ĭtis. *m. A light-armed soldier.* Nondum calfacti vellĭtis hastā sŏlum. *O.* Crcl. Armaturā lĕvis.

Velifer, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Carrying sails.* Huc ŭbĭ vellĭfĕram nautæ advertĕrĕ cārinam. *O.* [¶ Velatŭs, vellĭvŏlŭs.]

Velifico, as. *To sail.* Nautā pĕr urbanas vellĭficabăt ăquas. *Pp.* [¶ Vellĭficŏr, navĭgo.] Crcl. Velā do, &c. *See* Velum, Velificatus.

Velificor, aris. 1. = vellĭfico. Cærŭla ăd infernos vellĭficatā lăcus. *Pp.* 2. Vellĭficatŭs, ă, um. *sts. pass. Made navigable, sailed over* or *across.* Credĭtŭr olim ~ ˘Athos. *J.*

Velivolus, ă, um. 1. *Flying* or *winged with sails.* Et frĕtā vellĭvŏlas non hăbĭtŭrā rātes. *O.* 2. *Passed over by sails, sailed over.* Despĭcĭens mārĕ ~-um. *V.*

Vellico, as. *To pluck, twitch;* fig. *to carp at, censure.* Vellĭcăt absentem Demetrĭus. *H.* [¶ Vello, carpo; *fig.* carpo, mordĕo, detrăho.]

Vello, is, velli *or* vulsi, vulsum. 1. *To pluck, pluck up* or *out, tear away, tear up.* Limĭnā perrumpit, postesque a cardĭnĕ vellĭt. *V.* ~ hastam de cespĭtĕ. *V.* [¶ Avello, evello, convello, rĕvello, extrăho, educo, emŏvĕo.] Crcl. Radicĕ ăb ima evello. Fundĭtŭs evello. 2. *To root up. V.* [¶ Evello, exstirpo, erŭo, &c.] *See* Eruo.

3. *To crop, gather.* ~ unguĭbŭs (d
bas. *O.* de cespĭtĕ herbas. *L.* [¶
po, &c.] 4. With cŏmam, &c.,
tear the hair, to pluck the beard; to
from the person, &c. H. L. [¶ E
&c.] *See* Vulsus. 5. *To pinch* o
a person's attention). ~ compi, ĭt p
brachĭā. *H.* Aurem ~-ĭt, ĭt adm
Vellĭco, perstringo; *sts.* fŏdĭo (ĭtĭ
To harass, torment. ~-untŭr pectŏ
[¶ Torquĕo, pungo.]

Vellus, ĕris. *n.* 1. *The shorn wool,*
vis Milesĭā magno Vellĕrā muten
motis nullā trāhunt dĭgĭtis. *O.* [
L. 2. *A fleece* (the skin and
~-ĕrā siccăt. *V.* Stratis jăcebăt ~
Vellĭtis aurŭm. *The Golden Fleece.*
Vellus -˘Athāmanteum, Phrixe
lsum, Æsum, auratum, fulvum,
rĕŭs ārĭes. Auratā (aurĕā) ŏvis *or*
tum pĕcŭs. Auratā tegmĭnā. A
ŏvis. ˘Arĭes aurato (fulvo) vellĕrĕ
Auratæ pĕcŭdis exŭvĭæ. Vellĕrā
rĭdlantĭā. *See* Helle, Phrixus.
of any animal with the hair on. H
~-ĕrā. *O.* [¶ Pellis, spŏlĭum,
Woollen fillets. Parnassā ~-ĕrā. *St.*
6. *Used of substances resembling*
fŏlĭis depectant Serĕs (*silk* or *cotto*
lanæ pĕr cœlum ferri (*fleecy cloud*
tarum ăquarum (*snow-flakes*). *M.*
the foliage of trees. Indŭĭmŭs sāl
O.

Velo, as. 1. *To veil* or *cover the hea*
ante aras Phrygio velamŭr ămictu
velo, obnubo, ŏpĕrio, tĕgo, obtĕgo,
volvo, obvolvo, abscondo, &c.] *Se*
To bind or *gird the head.* ~ tempŭ
vittis. *O.* [¶ Cingo, circumdo, &c
To cover, to clothe. ~ pĕcŭdum c
qm ămictu. *V.* ăvem pennis; artus
[¶ Tĕgo, vestio, &c.] *See* Vestio.
over, to bedeck, decorate. ~ delubrā
V. [¶ Tĕgo, orno, dĕcŏro, &c.]
cover, conceal. ~ scĕlŭs scĕlĕrĕ. *Se*
abscondo, tĕgo, &c.] *See* Abdo.

Velocĭter. *Swiftly, rapidly.* Visĕ
Somni velocĭtĕr aulam. *O.* Velocĭtĕ
[¶ Cĭto, &c.] *See* C.

Velox, ocis. 1. *Fleet, swift.* Lit. and
Spartæ cătŭlos acremquĕ Mŏlossum
V. Mĕtaurŭs (*the river*). *L.* flammā
lĕpŏrum. *M.* ăd făcĭnŭs. *Cl.* [¶
præceps, lĕvis, &c.] *See* Celer.
deadly poison, as rapid in its effe
miscŭissĕ toxĭcum. *H.* [¶ Acrĕ.]
a quick wit; ready mental powers
velox, audacĭā perdĭtā, sermo prom
Acrĕ, torrens.]

Velum, i. *n.* 1. *A sail.* Velā tăn
summo flŭĭtantĭā malo. *O.* [¶ Car
linā, sĭnus; *sts.* alæ.] Ep. Nautĭc
fŭgax, lĕvĕ, vŏlĭtans, curvum, cā
sum, laxum, inflatum, tŭmĭdum, t
gĭdum, plenum. Crcl. Velorum sl
Velā antennis *or* malo -pendentĭā,
Torto carbăsā lino. Phr. 1. *Of a*
sail. Venti sĕcundi -velā tendunt
dunt; — sĭnus implent; — In lintĕ
Navis (prorā) pleno velo (velo sŭc
fertŭr. Velā flatu sĕcundo motā s
Navigo. Phr. 2. *To furl sails.*
tĕā, carbăsā) -lĕgo, collĭgo, contrāh
depono, substringo. Velā antennis
Cornŭā demitto. Navĭtā velā pon
lĕgĭt. Phr. 3. *To unfurl the sails.* V

deduco, solvo, explĭco, fundo; ventis do, &c. Velis utŏr. Velorum alas pando. Totos sĭnus p. Ventis (velis) utŏr. Excĭpĭo vĕnĭentes auras. Cornŭă ĭn summa arbŏrĕ lŏco. Totă carbăsă malo deduco. Lintĕă extremo malo jungo. Velă curvato sĭnu pando. Do plenă lintĕă fŭgæ. **Phr.** 4. *To set sail.* Vellĭfico, vellĭfĭcŏr (*d.*), navĭgo. Velă -do, făcĭo, solvo. Navem solvo. Navem *or* ĭn navem scando *or* conscendo. Portum (portus, littŭs, littŏrĕ) -linquo, rĕlinquo, desĕro. Portu -exĕo, excedo, egrĕdĭŏr, progrĕdĭŏr, provĕhŏr, discedo. Mărĕ, &c., corrĭpĭo *or* căpesso. Æquŏr navĕ (navĭbŭs) conscendo. ˘Itĕr velis tendo. ˘In altum velă do. Velă ventis (nŏto) -do, pando, intendo, explĭco, permitto. Vincŭlă (rĕtĭnacŭlă, funes, rŭdentes) -solvo, laxo, rumpo. Littŏrĕ (margĭnĕ) navem *or* rătem solvo; funem solvo, &c. A terra funem convello. **Phr.** 5. Navĭtă, &c. -funem littŏrĕ derĭpĭt;—excussos rŭdentes laxăt;—portum rĕlinquit;—rătem (puppem) a littŏrĕ solvĭt;—pĕlăgi pĕtĭt altă;—dăt austros classi;—pĕlăgo vŏlăt;—tendĭt ĭtĕr velis;—navem, &c., ĭn undas răpĭt (ĭn æquŏrĕ propellĭt). 2. *A curtain, a hanging.* Frondĭbŭs, ŭt velo, Phœbeos ignes submŏvĕt. *O.* [¶ Aulæă.] 3. = velarĭum. *An awning.* Căvo pendebant velă thĕatro. *Pp.*

Vĕlŭt, *and* **Vĕlŭti.** 1. *As, just as, just as if.* Improvisum aspris vĕlŭti qui sentĭbŭs anguem Pressĭt hŭmi. *V.* Et vĕlŭt absentem certatim Actæŏnă clamant. *O.* [¶ ˘Ut, sicŭt, tanquam, quăsĭ, &c.] *See* Tanquam. 2. *Almost, as it were.* Cornŭă extremæ vĕlŭt evanescĕrĕ lunæ. *O.* [¶ Tanquam, quăsĭ, pænĕ, &c.]

Vemens, **Vementĕr.** *See* **Vehemens.**

Vĕnă, æ. *f.* 1. *A vein.* Pallent amisso sanguĭnĕ venæ. *O.* Ep. Sanguĭnĕă, trĕmens, mĭcans, sălĭens, turgĭdă, sĭnŭosă, multĭfĭdă. **Phr.** *To open a vein, to let blood.* Venam *or* venas -ăpĕrĭo, incido, pertundo, sĕco, interscindo, abscindo, abrumpo, solvo, exsolvo, rĕcludo. Ferrum venæ admŏvĕo. Venam (*ep.* sălĭentem, s. sanguĭnĕ) fĕrĭo. 2. Sts. *An artery; the pulse.* Tentarĕ tempŏrĕ sălĭentĭs ~-æ (*to feel the pulse*). *O.* Tangĕrĕ ~-am. *Pers.* [¶ Arterĭă, pulsŭs.] 3. *A passage* or *channel of water.* ~ fecundæ ăquæ. *O.* [¶ Fons, rivŭs.] 4. *A vein of metal.* Sŭb terra quærĕrĕ ~-as. *Cat.* *See* Fodina. 5. *A vein* or *streaky line in wood* or *marble.* Marmŏrĕ lucentĭă picturata ~-a. *St.* 6. *The pores of plants.* Sudant balsămă ~-æ. *Cl.* 7. ~-æ hĭantes. *Earth-gape.* ~-as adstringĭt hĭantes. *V.* [¶ Rimă.] Fig. 8. *The innermost and most secret part of any thing.* Abstrusă ĭn ~-is sălĭcĭs (flammæ semĭnă). *V.* Vulnŭs ălĭt ~-is. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Mĕdullă.] 9. *A poetic vein.* Ingĕni bĕnignă ~. *H.*

Venabŭlum, i. *n.* *A hunting-spear.* Retĭă rară, plăgæ, lato venabŭlă ferro. *V.*

Venalis, ĕ. 1. *Exposed for sale.* Laudat venales, qui vult extrudĕrĕ, merces. *H.* [¶ Expŏsĭtŭs, prostans.] 2. Venales, ĭum. *m. pl.* *Slaves.* *H.* 3. *Mercenary* (of soldiers). ~-es ănĭmæ, Rhŏdăni qui gurgĭtĕ gaudent. *Sil.* 4. *Venal, that may be corruptly bought.* Audax ~-i lingua (Curĭo). *L.* ~-es ăd munŭs. *Pp.* [¶ Omnĭă cum prĕtĭo.] 5. With abl. *That may be bought.* Nĕquĕ purpŭra ~-ē nĕc auro. *H.* [¶ Mercabĭlĭs, pĕrabĭlis.]

Venans, tis. *part.* *See* **Venor.** *One hunting, a hunter.* [¶ Venatŏr *or* venatrix.]

Venatĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to hunting.* Qua monstrĕt ĕques, Venatĭcŭs ex quo Tempŏrĕ cervinam pellem latravĭt ĭn aula (cătŭlŭs). *H.* [¶ Venatŏr.] *See* Canis.

Venatĭŏ, onis. *f.* *A hunting, a hunt.* Pulchĕr ădest ŏnăger: mitti venatĭŏ debĕt Dentĭs ˘Erythræi. *M.* *See* **Venatus.**

Venatŏr, oris. *m.* 1. *A hunter.* Venator, tĕnĕræ conjŭgĭs immĕmŏr. *H.* [¶ Venans.] Ep. Vāgŭs, errans; vĭgĭl, matutinŭs, impĭgĕr, strenŭŭs, cĕlĕr, cĭtŭs. Crcl. Fĕrarum ăgĭtatŏr. Dĭanæ *or* nĕmŏrum -stŭdĭosŭs, cultŏr. Dĭanæ mĭlĕs. Actæŏnĭs æmŭlŭs. Venatu invĭgĭlans. *See* **Venor.** 2. *Used of the dog* or *horse.* ~ cănis. *V.* ĕquŭs. *St.*

Venatrix, icis. *f.* 1. *A female hunter.* Venatrix, dĕdĕratquĕ cŏmam diffundĕrĕ ventis. *V.* [¶ Venans.] 2. *Used of animals.* ~ (ursă) mĕtu venantum fugĭt; (cănis) silvis aspĕrĕ, blandă dŏmi. *M.* [¶ Venans, venatĭcă.]

Venatŭs, us. *m.* 1. *A hunt* or *hunting.* Quis tĭbĭ monstrabat saltus venatĭbŭs aptos? *O.* [¶ Venatĭŏ.] Crcl. Venandi -cură, lăbŏr, stŭdĭum. Dĭanæ -stŭdĭum, ludŭs, pălæstră. 2. Sts. *Used of fishing.* *Pl.*

Vendĭbĭlis, ĕ. *Saleable.* Et fundus nec vendĭbĭlis nec pascĕrĕ firmŭs. *H.*

Vendĭco. *See* **Vindico.**

Vendĭto, as. *freq.* *of* Vendo. *To offer often for sale, to desire to sell, to sell.* Fili, non pŏtĕs assĕ vendĭtarĕ. *Cat.*

Vendĭtŏr, oris. *m.* *A seller.* Lit. and fig. Impŭbĕ legum Vendĭtŏr. *Cl.* [¶ Mercatŏr.]

Vendo, is, dĭdi, dĭtum. 1. *To sell.* Lit. and fig. Vendĭdĭt hic auro pătrĭam, dŏmĭnumquĕ pŏtentem &c. *V.* ~ verbă sollĭcĭtis rĕis. *M.* [¶ Venumdo, venumtrado, vendĭto; *sts.* *fig.* trado, prodo.] 2. *To cause to be sold; to promote the sale of* [a rhetorical use]; hence, *to set off,* &c. Unŭs ĕt altĕr versŭs (*one or two good lines*) ~-It totum pŏemă (*gets off a whole edition*): purpŭrĕ ~-It causĭdĭcum. *J.* [¶ Vendĭto, ostento.]

Vĕnĕfĭcă, æ. *f.* *See* **Veneficus.**

Vĕnĕfĭcĭum, ĭi. *n.* *Enchantment, witchcraft, poisoning by sorcery.* Quosquĕ vĕnĕfĭcĭis abstŭlĭt illă sŭis. *O.* [¶ Carmĕn, cantŭs, &c.] *See* **Magicus.**

Vĕnĕfĭcŭs, i. *m.* *Pl.*, *and* **Vĕnĕfĭcă,** æ. *f.* 1. *An enchanter, sorcerer, dealer in magic poisons.* Barbărĕ narratur venissĕ vĕnĕfĭcă tecum. *O.* *See* Magus, Maga. 2. *A term of abuse.* *Pl.* *Ter.* 3. Vĕnĕfĭcŭs, ă, um. *Magical, of sorcery.* Verbă ~-ă dicĭt. *O.* *See* **Magicus.**

Vĕnenatŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* **Veneno.** Used also adj. 1. *Poisonous, venomous.* Arvă vĕnenatis pro semĭnĕ dentĭbŭs imples. *O.* ~ anguĭs. *O.* *See* **Venenifer,** **Veneno.** 2. Sts. *Enchanted, magical.* Tangĕrĕ orā ~-a virga. *O.* ~ pŭĕllă. *O.* *See* **Magicus.** 3. Fig. *Virulent, stinging.* ~ jŏcŭs. *O.*

Vĕnenĭfĕr, ĕrĕ, ĕrum. *Bearing poison, venomous.* Jamquĕ vĕnenĭfĕro sanguis manarĕ pălato. *O.* [¶ Vĕnenatŭs; *sts.* virosŭs, pestĭfĕr.] Crcl. Vĕneno *or* vĕnenis -infectŭs, illĭtŭs, adspersŭs, imbutŭs, perfusŭs, mădens, tinctŭs, spumans, tŭmens, plenŭs, armatŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, noxlŭs. Virŭs hăbens *or* fĕrens. Vĕneni (tabĕ, tabo, fellĕ, sănĭe, vipĕrĕo succo, letĭfĕris succis) -infectŭs, imbutŭs, &c. *See* **Veneno,** **Venenum.**

Vĕneno, as. 1. *To poison, infect with poison.* Pigrā vĕnenatis effundit flamĭnă venis. *Cl.* [¶ Inficio, corrumpo, vĭtĭo.] Crcl. Vĕneno *or* vĕnenis -inficio, imbŭo, illĭno, lĭno, tingo, ungo, vĭtĭo, suffundo. Vĕnenum -spargo, infundo, instillo. Tabo inficĭŏ *or* corrumpo, &c. **Phr.** 1. *Of the poisoner.* Pabŭlă tabo inficĭt. Vĭtĭatas herbas inficĭt. Pĕcŏri virŭs adspergĭt. Lăcus corrumpĭt. Lătĭcea radicĕ noxĭa spargĭt. Vipĕrĕam ănĭmam inspirăt. *See* **Venenum.** **Phr.** 2. *To poison weapons.* Telă (săgittas, spicŭlă, călămos) vĕneno -tingo, imbŭo, mĕdĭco *or* mĕdĭcŏr, ungo, armo. Spicŭlă fellĕ (vipĕrĕo f.) lĭno. Telă vĕneno săturo. 2. *To poison, infect the air.* ~

spīrĭtum exsŭl. *Lr.* [† Corrumpo, vĭtĭo, inficio, pollŭo, &c.] *See* PERTR.

VĒNĒNUM, i. *n.* 1. *The juice of herbs, &c.*; us. *of poisonous herbs; poison.* Et fallax herbĭ vēnēni. *V.* Quid hoc vēnēni servīt in pectorĭbus? *H.* [† Toxicum, ĭcĕnĭtĭ (orum).] Ep. Luridum, nĭgrum, atrum, tetrum; acrē, velox, dirum, tristē, funestum, letĭfĕrum, pestĭfĕrum, letalē, immēdĭcabĭlĭ, exĭtĭalē, exĭtĭabĭlĭ, noxĭum, mortĭfĕrum. Crol. Tabes (succŭs) vēnēni. Letales (letĭfĕrĭ, funesti, vēnēnati) succi. Vēnēnĭfĕrus (mortĭfĕrus, tristes) herbæ. Herbā nŏcens. Funestē *or* mālē gramĭnē. Dirum *or* letĭfĕrum mēdĭcamēn. PHR. 1. Quidquĭd vēnēni *or* herbarum –Circe *or* Medēi hābēt;—Thessālĭ terrā fert;—Iolchŏs (Iberĭ, vēnēnorum fĕrax) mittĭt. Quodcunquē gramĕn letali florē virēt. PHR. 2. *To give poison to any one, to take off by poison.* Vēnēnum –do, prœbĕo, infundo, fundo, miscĕo. Vēnēno –tollo, nĕco. Letales herbas *or* succos miscĕo. Pocŭlā inficio. P. mortĭfĕris succis inficio. P. veloci leto corrumpo. P. leto spumantĭ porrīgo. Letales succos compono. Coctum vēnēnum do. Luridā ĭcĕnĭtĭ miscĕo. PHR. 3. *To drink poison.* Vēnēnum –bĭbo, ebĭbo, haurio, sumo. Pocŭlā vēnēno prōpīratĭ –bĭbo, haurio, rāpio. P. tristi gramĭnē mixtā bĭbo, &c. P. nĭgrā lābris mĕis sŭbēunt. 2. *The juice of plants used by the enchanter, &c.; magic, sorcery.* Lĭvorē nullis ~-is. *V. Fl.* Verborum ~-is obsessā pallĭāt. *L.* [† Herbæ, succi, carminā, cantĭs, &c.] *See* MAGICUS. 3. *The poison of serpents, &c.* ~-um morsĭbŭs inspirant. *V.* [† Virūs, tabo (*abl.*), sānies, fēl, spumā.] Ep. Vipĕrĭum, nŏcens, spumans, atrum, lātens, cæcum, occultum, &c. Crol. Vēnēni –tabes, fēl, sānies, spumā, tabo. Vipĕrēn spumen. Fūrĭālē serpentĭs mālum. 4. *A dye.* ~ Assȳrĭum. *V.* Tīrentinum. *H.* [† Mēdĭcamēn, succŭs, fucus, herbā, &c.] *See* PURPURA. 5. *A preparation for embalming. Lr.* [† Mēdĭcamēn, mēdĭcamentum.] Fig. 6. *The poison of love.* Occultum inspires ignem, fallasquē ~-o. *V.* Cŏquĭtur ardentē ~-o. *O.* *See* AMOR. 7. *The poison* (poisonous bite) *of envy, slander, satire, &c.*; *used of the effect of any subtle* or *secret evil.* Linguā est suffusā vēnēno (*of envy*). *O.* Carminā mādent ~-o. *M.* ~ fraudis; desidiæ. *Sil.* [† Virūs, fēl, tabes, tabo (*abl.*), pestis.] 8. *Any pest, scourge, plague.* Omnĭā ~-ā collīgam (*of bad books*). *Cat.* Vitæ crudelē ~. *Cat.* [† Pestis, mālum, lŭes.]

VĒNĬO (Venĕŏr. *Pl.*), is, ivi *or* ĭi, itum. *To be sold.* Venĕāt, et pēdĭbŭs vinctŭlā binā trāhāt. *Pp.* Auro venīt hŏnos. *O.* Pōpŭlos ~ sŭb hasta. *Cl.* [† Vendŏr, venundŏr, venum ĕo.]

VĒNĔRABĬLIS, ĕ, *and* VĒNĔRANDUS, ă, um. *Venerable, reverend.* Illŭd āmicĭtĭæ sanctum et vēnĕrabĭlē nomĕn. *O.* Virga vēnĕrandē pōtenti. *O.* [† Vērendŭs, rĕvērendŭs, augustŭs, cŏlendŭs, sācĕr, sanctŭs.]

VĒNĔRATŎR, ōris. *m. One who reverences* or *respects.* Illē dŏmus vestræ primis vēnĕratŏr ăb annis. *O.*

VĒNĔRATUS, ă, um. *part. See* VENEROR. 1. *One who has shown reverence* or *worship.* Fallaci vēnĕratus numĭnā cultu. *O.* ~ vētĕres āmores. *Tib.* 2. Pass. *Reverenced, worshipped.* Cursus dăbĭt ~ sĕcundos. *V.*

VĒNĔRŎR, ārĭs. *To venerate, worship, address in prayer.* Lit. and fig. Farrē pĭo et plena supplex vēnĕratŭr ăcerra. *V.* [† Devēnĕrŏr, vĕrĕŏr, rĕvĕrĕŏr, cŏlo, ădoro, hŏnoro, prĕcŏr.] Crol. Hŏnorē *or* cultu –prosĕquŏr, orno, dĕcŏro. Hŏnorē cŏlo. *See* ADORO, SACRIFICO, PRECOR.

VĒNĬA, æ. *f.* 1. *Permission, any favour, indulgence.* Extremam hanc oro vēnĭam; miserĕrē sŏrōrĭs. *V.* Vēnĭāmque rŏgāmūs ĭllĭ; ĭllĭ quĭ pŏssūnt. [† Cœpĭā, licentĭā, fĭcultas, libertas; ob n. nĭa.] 2. Vēnĭa tūa. *Pp.* With your permission, *if you please.* [† Pacĭ tūæ.] 3. *Grace, pardon.* Poscĭmūs dĭtes ~-am. *V.* ~-am dĭgnĭtĭs mūtāsī pārātĭbŭs ēxĭt. *O.* [† Pax, indulgentĭā.] 4. Indulgentĭa. *To pardon, grant the grace asked.* Ignōscĕrĕ ~-am vōtis, īrasquē rĕmittĭtūrī. *V.* [† Ignosco, ignoscĕo.] *See* PARDON.

VĒNĬO, is, vēnī, ventum. 1. *To come, to come arrive, reach.* Lit. and fig. Nec vēnī, sĭ nōn lŏcum sēdēsquē dēdĭssēmī. *V.* Quo vēnī tūī urbē vēnĭtis? *O.* [† Advēnio, adveniō, dēvēnio, accēdo, fĕrŏr, affĕrŏr, dēfĕrŏr, adeo, prōvēnio, concēdo, advēnio, tango, attingo, contingo.] Crol. Gradum (gressum) fĕrō *or* fac. Itĭr (viam, cursum) –hābĕo, tēnĕo, dūco. *See* ADVENIO. 2. *To come by sea, &c.* [† Rĕdĭo, vēhŏr, advēhŏr, dēfĕrŏr, navigo, appēlo, prōlabŏr, allābŏr.] Crol. Adeto oris (ejus tui). Oras prende. Ad oras applicĭtĭ. Ōrum mōvĭt ventīs. Pēlĭgō cumōnos adeum. *See* REPELLO (II.). 3. *To come to, fly.* [† Advēhŏr, fĕrŏr, labŏr, &c.] *See* VOLO (I.). 4. *To go.* [† Eo, ĭdĕo, mīgro, pēto, &c.] *See* IRE. 5. *To come, come on* (hostilely). Dimōtā ĭgĭtĭ ~-entē cŏlumbas &c. *V.* [† Prōpĭnquo, appĭ, immĭnĕo, insto, irrŭo.] 6. *To come down from high, to fall down. O.* [† Cĭdo; (*of water*) fluo, &c.] *See* CADO, FLUO. 7. *To come forth, come out.* ~-ĭt falmĭnĭs ĭb ōrā. *O.* Immĭnĭs ĭb ōrā. *V.* [† Exĭo, emĭco, exsĭlĭo, &c.] 8. *To come forth, rise* (of the stars, &c.). *V.* [† Surgo, ĕrĭgĭor.] 9. *To come forth* (of plants, &c.). *V.* [† Prōdĭo, cresco.] 10. *To reach a place or person* (of a report, sound, &c.). ~-ĭt clamōr ĭn aūrā. *O.* vox ăd aūras. *V.* [† Pervēnio, fĕrŏr.] 11. *To come upon, fall on, happen to.* ~-ĭt mūtātĭs sāxĭquē lŭcā. *V.* [† Sŭpervēnio, incĭdo.] 12. *To arrive, be brought* (of a letter, &c.). *O.* [† Fĕrŏr, dēfĕrŏr, affĕrŏr, mittŏr, trādĭor.] 13. *To come into existence, to arise, to be discovered, invented.* Hinc vārĭæ venēre artes. *V.* [† Ortus, nascŏr, &c.] 14. *To take place, happen, to be caused.* Quŏd ~-ĭt ex fācĭlī. *O.* Res nŏn ~-unt. *O.* [† Evēnio, fio, accĭdo.] 15. ~-it morem, in exemplum, &c. *To become, pass into a custom, precedent, &c.* Dēlĭŏr in morem ~-it mēŭs. *O.* ~-ĭt in exemplum fĕrŏr hic. *O.* [† Abĕo.] 16. ~ in ōrā vīrum. *To become talk of, celebrated. See* OR. 17. ~ in mentem. *To come into the thoughts, occur to the mind. V.* [† Sŭbĭit, succurrit.] 18. Pass. unip. *One comes, one reaches.* Adusquē dēcem, nūmĕrō crescēnt, vēnĭtŭr (*we go up to, in counting*). *O.* Ventum ĕrāt ăd ripam. *O.* Si quandō ăd prœlĭā ventum est (*if it have come to actual encounter*). *V.*

VĒNŎR, ārĭs. 1. *To hunt, go a-hunting.* Et dĭbŭs lĕpŏrem, cānĭbŭs venabĕrē damas. *V.* Canĭbŭs impŏsĭtis venŏr. *Pp.* Crol. Venatum in Fĕras –sectŏr, insectŏr, persequŏr, ăgo, ĭgo, exăgĭto, turbo, urgĕo, fătigo; f. cānĭbŭs *or* dĭtĭs ăgĭto, &c. Fĕris retĭā (lăquŏsos, plāgas) –tendo, pono. Fĕris dŏlos *or* insĭdĭas –mollĭŏr, mālĭŏr, strŭo, pāro. Fĕras in retĭā –ăgo, pello, trudo, ăgĭto. Silvas *or* saltus retĭbŭs (plāgis, indagĭis) –cingo, claudo, sepĭo, circumdo. Cervos fŭgĭdĭnē –terrĕo, ăgĭto, &c. Fĕrarum lātĕbras (spēluncas, lustrā) –intro, rimŏr, turbo. Venatibŭs (venatibŭs) invĭgĭlo *or* stūdĕo. Dĭanæ stūdĭis (venandi stūdĭum) cŏlo. Venando pĕr jŭgā (pĕr silvas) vāgŏr. PHR. Venatŏr –silvas ĭpse (nĕmŏrā) venatu lustrāt (exercĕt, excĭtĭ); saltus nexĭlĭbŭs plāgis ambĭt (circumdĭt, cingĭt);—cĕlĕri cāni vinclā demĭt (*aliquo hinc*);—saltus cānĭbŭs immissis quātĭt;—cānes pĕr jŭgā

hortatŭr;—fĕras clamorĕ præcĭpĭtes ăgĭt;—vastos lĕones tentăt;—ăgrestes sŭes ĭt comĭnŭs;—In ăpros ĕt hirsutas fĕras rŭit;—ăpros, &c., lăttĕbris pulsos latratu turbăt;—spumantĭs ăpri cursum clamorĕ prĕmĭt;—vulpem in retĭă ăgĭt;—cervos (ŏnăgros, fĕras) punĭcĕis pennis (vărĭa formidĭnĕ, rŭbenti pinna) terrĕt *or* ăgĭtăt;—cervos, &c., cursu (c. jăcŭloquĕ, insĭdĭis cursuquĕ) fătigăt;—cervos, &c., clamorĕ ăd retĭă prĕmĭt;—lĕpŏrem cătŭlo ăgăci sectatŭr;—lĕpŏres (*ep.* auritos) sĕquĭtŭr;—damas figĭt;—fĕras lăquĕis captăt;—f. visco fallĭt. *See* VENATOR, CANIS. 2. *Used of animals on the hunt for prey. J. V. Fl.* 3. Fig. *To make any thing the object of pursuit, to hunt after it; to lay out for getting it*, &c. ~ plebĭs suffragĭă; vĭdŭas ăvaras pomis. *H.* vĭros ŏcŭlis (*of a woman*). *Ph.* [¶ Aucŭpŏr, capto.]

VENOSŬS, ă, um. *Veinous, having rugged veins.* Lit. and fig. Est nunc, Brisei quem venosus lĭbĕr Atti (*rough, unpolished*). *Pers.*

VENTĔR, trĭs. *m.* 1. *The belly* (outwardly). Intŭmŭit suffusa ventĕr ăb unda. *O.* [¶ Alvŭs, abdomĕn; *sts.* ventrĭcŭlŭs, ŭtĕrŭs.] Ep. Tŭmens, tŭmĭdŭs, turgĭdŭs. 2. *The intestines.* Fœdissimă ~-is prolŭvĭes. *V.* [¶ Alvŭs, viscĕră, intestină.] Crol. Pĕnĕtrălĭă ventrĭs. 3. *The paunch, stomach.* Donarĕ qd ventri ăvaro. *H.* Rebŭs mersis in ventrem. *J.* [¶ Stŏmăchŭs, gŭlă.] Ep. Căvŭs, căpax, ăvĭdŭs, inanĭs, jejunŭs, fămellĭcŭs, insătĭăbĭlis; plenŭs, rĕfertŭs, grăvĭs, ŏnustŭs. Fig. 4. *Hunger.* Improbă ~-is răbĭes. *V.* [¶ Fămes, inglŭvĭes.] *See* FAMES. 5. *The womb. O.* [¶ ˘Utĕrŭs, viscĕră.] 6. Fig. *Any thing in the shape of a belly.* Crescĕrĕ in ~-em (de cŭcŭmi). *V.* Tŭmĭdo cŭcurbĭtă ventrĕ. *Pp.* ~ lăgenæ. *J.*

VENTĬGĔNĔS, ă, um. *Begetting* or *bringing forth wind.* In summa sunt ventĭgĕni crateres, ŭt ipsi Nomĭnĭtant. *Lr.*

VENTĬLO, as. 1. *To blow upon, to subject to the action of wind.* Hanc Vĕnŭs, ut vivat, ventĭlăt ipsă făcem. *Pp.* Incendĭă flatŭs ~-ăt. *Sil.* [¶ Flo, afflo, adspiro; *ext.* concŭtĭo.] 2. *To fan, to fan coolness* (cool by fanning). ~ frigŭs flabellŏ. *M.* pavonum alis. *Cl. See* FLABELLUM. 3. *To fan, wave in the air.* ~-ăt aurĭă popŭlĕas cŏmas. *O.* æstivum aurum dĭgĭtis sudantĭbŭs. *J.* [¶ Mŏvĕo, ăgĭto, verso.]

VENTĬTO, as. *freq. of* Venio. *To come frequently.* Quum ventĭtabas quo pŭellă ducebăt. *Cat.*

VENTOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of wind, full of wind, windy.* Aspĭcĕ, ventosi cĕdĭderunt murmŭrĭs auræ. *V.* ~-is follĭbŭs auras accĭpĭĕrĕ ĕt reddĕrĕ. *V.* ~-æ Alpes. *O.* 2. *Swift as the wind.* ~-i ĕqui. *O.* ~-æ alæ. *Pp. See* CELER. Fig. 3. *Light, fickle.* Tŭis ~-ŏr alis (*of Cupid*). *O.* 4. *Vain, frivolous.* ~ plebs. *H.* [¶ Vanŭs, &c.] 5. *Vain-glorious.* ~ linguă; glorĭă. *V.* [¶ Vanŭs, tŭmĭdŭs, &c.] *See* SUPERBUS.

VENTRĬCŬLUS, i. *m., dim. of* Venter. *J.*

VENTURŬS, ă, um. *part. See* VENIO. Used also adj. 1. *Future.* Venturique insĭlĭs ævi. *V.* [¶ Futurŭs, &c.] 2. Venturum, i. *n., and* Ventură, orum. *pl. The future.* Præscĭă ~-i. *V.* ~-ă vĭdebant. *V. See* FUTURUM.

VENTŬS, i. *m.* 1. *The wind.* Ventŭs ĕrĭt, vento semper rŭbĕt aurĕă Phœbe. *V.* [¶ Spirĭtŭs, flatŭs, flabrum, flamĕn, flamĭnă, aurĭă.] Ep. Æŏlĭŭs, ăĕrĭŭs, alĕs, cĕlĕr, răpĭdŭs, vŏlŭcĕr, spirans. Crol. Ventorum –flatŭs, flabrĭă, ănĭmæ. Æŏlĭ fratres. Æŏlĭ carcĕrĭs agmĭnă. 2. *A gentle, favorable breeze.* [¶ ˘Anĭmă, aurĭă, flatŭs, &c.] *See* ZEPHYRUS. 3. *A violent, contrary wind.* [¶ Flamĕn, flabrĭă, turbo, bŏrĕas, ăquĭlo, caurŭs; *sts.* austĕr, eurŭs, Afrĭcŭs; prŏcellă.] Ep. Vălĭdŭs, vĭŏlens, vĭŏlentŭs, vĕhĕmens, turbĭdŭs, fŭrens, insanŭs, hibernŭs, nimbosŭs, prŏcellosŭs, præceps, aspĕr, immitĭs, trux, sævŭs, ingens, magnŭs, fortĭs, ĭniquŭs, fĕrŭs, inĭmĭcŭs, infestŭs, horrĭsŏnŭs, stridens, sŏnorŭs, sŏnans, raucŭs, frĕmens, crescens, surgens, cŏortŭs, motŭs, æquŏrĕŭs; *pl.* discordes, diversi, luctantes; ăgĭtantes æquŏrĕ, grăvĭtĕr spirantes. Crol. Venti *or* ventorum –flabrĭă, flatŭs, flamĭnă, vis, vires, impĕtŭs, mĭnæ, fŭrĭæ, răbĭes, irĭă, iræ, strĕpĭtŭs, murmŭr, murmŭrĭă, stridŏr, verbĕrĭă. Venti turbo *or* vis fĕrĭă. Ventorum –discordĭă, prœlĭă, certamĭnă. Vălĭdi vis venti. Phr. 1. *Of a storm of wind.* Ventŭs –late lŏcă răpĭdo turbĭnĕ percurrĭt;—campos arbŏrĭbŭs sternĭt;—summos montes vexăt;—acri cum frĕmĭtu perfŭrĭt;—ăb arcto bacchatŭr;—mĭnaci stridorĕ sævĭt. Venti, &c. –vĭŏlento turbĭnĕ adversi confligunt;—rupto t. terras vexant;—t. terras perflant;—terram răpĭdo cum flamĭnĕ portant;—horrendo intĕr se murmŭrĕ luctantŭr;—discordes prœlĭă magno æthĕrĕ mŏvent. Omnĭă ventorum prœlĭă concurrunt. Phr. 2. *Of a storm at sea.* Prŏcellă –alto insŏnăt;—stridens æquĭlonĕ fŭrĭt. Hĭems æquĭlonĭbŭs undas aspĕrăt. *See* TURBO (II.), BOREAS, PROCELLA. 4. *The air.* ˘In ~-os vită rĕcessĭt. *V.* Nĕbŭlas ĕt ~-os pro vĭro obtendĕrĕ. *V.* [¶ Aurĭă, aer.] 5. Sts. *The breath of life.* Cĭlŏr ĕt ~ vitalis in ipso corpŏrĕ. *Lr.* [¶ Spirĭtŭs, ănĭmă.] 6. *The rush of air upon a stroke of lightning.* Fulmĭnis afflavĭt ~-is ĕt contĭgĭt igni. *V. See* NEBULA.

VENUCŬLĂ, æ. *f. A kind of preserved* or *dried grapes.* Nam făcĭle præstant, venucŭlă convĕnĭt ollis. *H.*

VENUM (*from* Venŭs, us. *m., or* Venum, i. *n.* Venŭi *and* veno *are found in prose writers*). *For sale, to be sold* (after a verb of motion). Seque et sŭă tradĭtă venum Castrĭ vĭdĭt. *L.* Venumquĕ rĕdĭbăt, dum vendi pŏtĭăt. *Cl.* ~-um ducĭĕr. *Pl.* Hence—

VENUMDO, *or* VENUNDO, as (*i. e.* venum do). *To sell.* Tuque, o Minos venumdătă Scyllă figura. *Pp.* Venum cunctă dări. *Cl.* [¶ Vendo.] *See* V.

VĔNŬS, ĕrĭs. *f.* 1. *The Goddess of Beauty, mother of Cupid*, &c. Sic Vĕnŭs: at Vĕnĕris contra sic fĭlĭŭs orsŭs. *V.* Lugete, o Vĕnĕres Cŭpĭdĭnesquĕ! *Cat.* [¶ Cȳthĕrĕă, Cȳthĕrĕĭă, Cȳthere, Cȳprĭs, Păphĭă *or* Păphĭe, ˘Aphrŏdite, ˘Amăthusĭă, ˘Erȳcĭnă, Dĭone.] Ep. Idălĭă, Păphĭă, ˘Amăthusĭă, Dĭonæă, Gnĭdĭă; almă, pŏtens, dulcĭs, blandă, jucundă; pulchrĭ, formosă, dĕcorĭ, vĕnustă, candĭdă, nĭvĕă; ignĕă, lascivă, prŏcax, pĕtŭlans, turpĭs. Crol. Dĕă –Păphĭă, Idălĭă, ˘Amăthusĭă, Cȳthĕrĕĭs, Cȳthĕrĕĭăs, Cȳprĭă. Divă Păphi. Divă pŏtens Cȳpri. Regină Gnĭdi Păphiquĕ. Matĕr Păphĭă *or* Dĭonæă. Cȳthĕrĕă Vĕnŭs. Matĕr ˘Amorum. Matĕr sævă Cŭpĭdĭnum. M. ˘Acidălĭă. Vulcani *or* Vulcanĭă uxŏr. Dĕă –ortă mări, æquŏrĕ nată, gĕnĕrătă ponto, nată frĕto, divum hŏmĭnumquĕ vŏluptas. *See* CUPIDO (II.). 2. *Love* (the animal passion in its gratification) *in man* or *animals. O.* Quem damnosă ~ nudăt. *H.* ~-em rĕpĕtunt armentă. *V.* [¶ ˘Amŏr, cŭpido, *f.*] *See* AMOR. 3. *A lover's mistress* (his 'love'). Partă mĕæ vĕnĕri sunt munĕrĭ. *V.* [¶ ˘Amică, &c.] *See* A. 4. *The planet Venus. See* LUCIFER, HESPERUS. 5. *The luckiest throw at dice* (when the numbers on each dice were different). *Pp.* 6. *Personal beauty and attraction; any particular grace*, &c. Lit. and fig. Quo fugĭt ~; quovĕ cŏlŏr dĕcens? *H.* Ordĭnis virtus ĕt ~. *H.* Quas hăbĕăt ~-es ăllĕnă pĕcunĭă, nescis. *J.* [¶ Gratĭă, vĕnustas, dĕcŏr, blandĭtĭæ.]

Vĕnustas, ātis. *f. Beauty, grace,* &c. Nam nullĭ vĕnustas, Nulla in tam magno corpŏrĕ mica sālis. *Cat.* [† Vĕnŭs, formā, gratĭā, lĕpŏr, ĕlĕgantĭā, dăcŏr, &c.] *See* Pulchritudo.

Vĕnustŭs, ă, um. 1. *Graceful, beautiful.* Et quantum est hōmĭnum vĕnustĭorum. *Cat.* ~ Sīrmĭo. *Cat.* [† Formosŭs, lĕpĭdŭs, pulchĕr, ĕlĕgans, &c.] *See* Pulcher. 2. Fig. *Of refined mind and manners.* Hōmŏ est ~, ĭt dĭcax, ĭt urbanŭs. *Cat.*

Vĕpres, or **Vĕprĭs**, is. *m. f., and us.* **Vĕpres**, um. *pl. A bramble, briar, a prickly bush.* Aut lĕpŏri, qui veprē lātens, hostilĭ cernĭt Orĭā cānum. *O.* Cornā vĕpres et prunā fĕrunt. *H.* [† Rŭbŭs, sentes, dumŭs, &c.] *See* Dumus.

Ver, veris. *n.* 1. *The spring.* Quum verē rŭbentĭ Candĭdā venĭt ăvis longis invisā cŏlŭbris. *V.* Ver ĭrĭt æternum. *O.* Ep. Nŏvum, nascens, blandum, plăcĭdum, āmœnum, gratum, jucundum, āmĭcum, lætum, ridens, serenum, sudum; florens, vernans, virens, purpŭrĕum; tĕpens, tĕpĭdum; fertĭlĭ, fĕrax, felix, luxŭrĭans; ŏdorum, fragrans; mādĭdum, plŭvĭum, nimbosum, imbrĭfĕrum, udum. Crel. Vernum *or* veris tempŭs. Vernā tempŏrĭ. Vernā tempestas. Veris dies. Veris -hōnos, clementĭā, indulgentĭā. Florĭfĕr annŭs. Pars anni mĕllĭŏr *or* optĭmā. 2. Verē. *In spring. V.* Crel. Verē nŏvo. Verno tempŏrĭ. Verē tĕpentĭ. V. purpŭrĕo. Phr. Verē nŏvo -frigŏrā zĕphyrĭ mĭnŭunt;—acrĭs hiems solvĭtŭr;—pĭgrā fŭgĭt hiems;—h. se zĕphyrĭs rĕmittĭt;—sŏlutis nĭvĭbŭs (diffusis prāinis) glĕbā se rĕsolvĭt;—canis montĭbŭs gĕlĭdŭs humŏr liquĭtŭr;—sol æstiva lucĕ cœlum rĕcludĭt;—omnis ăgĕr, omnis arbos partŭrĭt;—vestĭtur hūmŭs, v. ĭt arbos;—frondent silvæ;—ăgĕr florum cŏlorĭbŭs ludĭt;—pratā nŏvis cŏlorĭbŭs rŭbent;—herbæ, rupto solō, cācumĭnā tollunt;—germĭnā primi flores laxant;—vitĭs ăgĭt gemmas;—gemmas cortĭcĕ palmĕ ăgĭt;—silvæ frondem in omnem vīrescĭt;—garrŭlā hĭrundo nidum suspendĭt;—totum nĕmŭs cānora vocē lŏquĭtur;—florent omnĭā;—fetā terrā pārĭt;—ridĕt ŏdorā Floræ gratĭā;—nŏvā tempŏrĭs ætas est;—annŭs est formosissĭmŭs. Ver -cĕlĭdos tĕpores rĕfert;—omnĭā āpĕrĭt;—blandis zĕphyrĭs rurā mulcĕt. *See* Flos, Frondeo, Herba. 3. Sta. *Spring flowers.* Ver pŏpŭlantŭr āpes. *M.* ~In urna perpĕtŭum ver. *J.* 4. Fig. *The spring of life.* Ætatĭs brĕvĕ ver. *O.* *See* Juventa.

Veratrum, i. *n. Hellebore.* Prætĕrĕa nobis veratrum est acrē vĕnenum. *Lr.* *See* Helleborus.

Verax, ācis. *Truthful, speaking* or *declaring what is true.* Compertum est veracĭbŭs ut mĭhĭ signis. *Tib.* ~Erāt ~ vatĭcĭnātā sŏrŏr. *O.* [† Sincerŭs, verĭdĭcŭs, verŭs, &c.] Crel. Lingua ĭt pectŏrĕ verŭs. *See* Sincerus.

Verbena, æ. *f.* (*us. pl.*) 1. *Any sacred herb* or *branch* (of laurel, olive, myrtle, &c., used on various religious occasions, and worn by the Feciales). Velati lino, et verbena tempŏrā vincti. *V.* Verbenis complĭtā velo. *Pp.* [† Segmĕn.] 2. *The plant vervain. V.*

Verbĕr, ĕris. *n.* (*us. pl.; gen. and abl. only in sing.*) 1. *A whip, rod; the thong* or *lash of the whip.* Prensiquĕ nĕgabunt Verbĕrā lentā pāti. *V.* Instant ~-ĕ torto. *V.* Ictu ~-ĭs insŏnŭĭt. *O.* [† Flăgellum, virgā, flăgrum, scŭtĭcā, hăbenā, lorum.] *See* Flagellum. 2. *The thong of a sling* or *ballista, of a javelin,* &c. Torquerĕ stuppĕā ~-ā fundæ. *V.* Saxum ~-ĭs actu excŭtĭtŭr. *L.* [† Hăbenā, lorum.] 3. *The blow* or *lash given.* Percŭtĭ ~-ĕ virgæ. *O.* ~-ā lăpĭdum. *O.* ventorum. *Lr.* ăquarum. *Cl.* [† Ictŭs.] *See* I. 4. Sp. *The stroke of an oar;* or *of a swimmer.* Prætorĭā puppĭs ~-ĭbŭs ænĭs ĭgĭtur. Dūrĕ verbĕrā pontō (*of oars swimming*). *O.* *The flapping* or *beat of wings.* Alarum ~-ĭ sŏnō. *V.* [† Plausŭs.] Fig. 5. *Used of the language of invective or censure.* ~-ā pātrĭæ lingæ. *H.* 7. *Used of the stings of conscience.* Insŭrdo ~-ĭ (hōmĭnes) cædĭt. *J.*

Verbĕro, aa. 1. *To beat, give blows to, whip, flog.* Verbĕrāt, atquĕ ŏbĭter fŭstĭbus ĭnĭt. *J.* [† Cædo, fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, pulso, plecto, castigo, multo.] Crel. Verbĕrō (verbĕrātŭs, ātĭs) -cædo, concido, tundo, contundo, ĭcĭo, &c. Verbĕrā do *or* fĕro. *See* Flagellum, Fŭnus. 2. Gen. *To strike.* ~ aurĭs ictĭbŭs; ~ nœnĭ funda; sæpĭbŭs alĭis; sīdĭrā undā. *V.* ~ nĭvĭ. *St.* chĭlŷn plectro. *Sen.* [† Fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, pulso, tundo, cædo, plango, plaudo, quatĭo. *sts.* deverbĕro, diverbĕro, impello, jŭcĭo.] Crel. Ictum (ictus, verbĕrātā) -do, impĕlo. Ictu verbĕro. Ictu (ictĭbŭs, verbĕrĭ) -fĕro, tundo, cædo, pulso, quātĭo, contundo, impĕlo, Excusso, &c. Mānĭbŭs quā insŭlquĕ. *See* Plaudo. 3. Sta. = vulnĕro. Costas ~-ĭt ensĭ. *See* Vulnero. 4. *To strike the ear* (*of sound*). *Pl.* [† Fĕrĭo, pulso, impello.] 5. Fig. ~ verbĭs. *To censure. Pl.* *See* Verbum, Obtrec.

Verbosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Loquacious, full of words.* Cedunt verbosī garrŭlā verbā fŏrī. *O.* *See* Garrulus. 2. Used subst. m. *An empty chatterer.* Quŏd ~-ĭs dĭcĭtŭr ĭt fātŭlus. *Cat.*

Verbum, i. *n.* 1. *A word* (said or written), *a expression.* Lăcrĭmas verba inter singŭlā fundĭt. *V.* ~-ĭs chartā nŏtātĭs. *O.* [† Vŏcābŭlum, vox.] 2. Pl., and sta. sing. *Language held, spoken, or uttered,* &c. ~-ĭs compellĭt ămĭcā. *V.* Fĭs affŏrē ~-o credĭdĭtĭt. *V.* [† Dĭctā, vox, sermo; *sts.* lŏquēlā, sŏnŭs.] 3. Sta. *The faculty of speech.* ~-orum abstālĭt usum. *O.* [† Vox, lŏquēlā.] 4. Pl. Sta. *Mere words, dissembling words; words, as opposed to fact and truth* (hence, verbā do = *to deceive, make in*). Vānĭ dĭ verbā pŭellæ. *O.* Cui verbā dūrĕ dĭffĭcĭlĭ ~ *Ter.* *See* Dicipio. 5. Verbis mĭhĭ, tĭbĭ, &c. *In my name, for me,* &c. Verbisquĕ mĭhĭ lĭbĭ gratā sālŭta. *O.*

Vere. *Truly; really.* Quando omnĭā vere, Hes nĭmĭum de te vates, Misenā, lŏcata est. *V.* O vere Phrŷgĭæ, nĕquĕ ănĭm Phrŷgĭs! *V.* [† *Sts.* Revera.]

Verecundŭs, ă, um. 1. *Bashful, modest, chaste.* Illā vĕrecundo vix tollens lumĭnĭā vultu. *O.* [† Pŭdens, pŭdĭcŭs, mŏdestŭs, castŭs, &c.] 2. *Virtuous, of fair fame.* Vitā ~ est, musā jŭcundā mĭhĭ. *O.* [† Castŭs, prŏbŭs, ingĕnŭŭs.] 3. *Temperate, moderate.* ~ sĭtĭs. *M.* [† Mŏdĭcŭs, mŏdestŭs, sobrĭŭs, tempĕrans.]

Verĕŏr, ĕris, ĭtŭs sum. (Vĕrena. *St.*) 1. *To fear with reverence, to look upon with feelings of awe* or *great respect.* Curĭā cum pātrĭbus fŭĭrĭt ~ patā vĕrendis. *O.* ~Ocŭlĭquĕ vĕrentes ĭd mortum pātrem rĕdĭerĕ. *St.* 2. Gen. *To fear, apprehend,* &c. De te nil talĕ vĕrebăr. *V.* ~Animo pejorā vĕretŭr. *O.* [† Timĕo, &c.] *See* T. 1. With inf. Non vĕrĭtŭs portus āpĕrirĕ. *O.* 4. *To hesitate, to scruple* (to do). Nĕc vĕrĭtĭ sŏcĭorum fallĕrĕ dextras. *V.* [† Timĕo, dŭbĭto.] 5. *To feel modestly, to have the sense of shame.* Hic perdĭdĭt (*has lost all shame*). *Pl.*

Vergo, ĭs. 1. Tr. *To turn, bend,* or *direct towards.* Et pŏlŭs aversi cālĭdus qua vergĭtăr austri. *L.* [† Inclino, inflecto, flecto.] *See* Flecto. 2. *To reverse* or *turn inward* (as the libation-cup in sacrifices); hence, *to pour out,* &c. Spumantem mĕro pātĕræ ~-untŭr. *St.* [† Invergo, fundo, &c.] 3. Us. intr. *To lean* or *lie towards, to slope.* Lit. and fig. Nevĕ ăd solem ~-ant vinea

cĕdentem. *V.* ∾-ĭt ăd imum (ănĭmŭs). *H.* [† Vergŏr, inclinŏr, pendĕo, propendĕo, specto.] *See* VERGENS.

VERĬDĬCŬS, ă, um. *Truth-speaking, true.* Verĭdĭcos Parcæ cœperunt edĕrĕ cantus. *Cat.* [† Verax, verŭs.] *See* SINCERUS.

VERĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Truth, the truth.* Rĕpulsŭs illĕ verĭtatis virĭbŭs. *Ph.* Incorruptă Fĭdes, nudăquĕ Verĭtas (*personified as a deity*). *H.* [† Verum.]

VERMICŬLUS, i. *m. A little worm, a grub.* Vermĭculos părĭunt, quĭă corpŏrĕ matĕrĭai &c. *Lr.* *See* VERMIS.

VERMIS, is. *m. A worm.* Quippĕ vĭdĕrĕ lĭcet vivos exsistĕrĕ vermes. *Lr.* [† Vermĭculŭs.] Ep. Exĭgŭŭs, grăcĭlĭs, repens, infestŭs, ĕdax.

VERNA, æ. *m., sts. f.* 1. *A slave born in the house; a slave.* Pŏsĭtosquĕ vernas, dĭtĭs examen dŏmus. *H.* ∾ Cănopi (Crispinŭs). *J.* [† Vernŭlă, vernacŭlŭs.] *See* SERVUS. 2. Used adj. *Native; of one's own house* or *country.* ∾-æ lŭpi; ăpri. *M.* ∾ lĭbĕr (*written at Rome*). *M.* [† Vernŭlă, vernacŭlŭs, dŏmestĭcŭs.] *See*—

VERNACŬLUS, ă, um. *See* 2.—1. *Of one's own house, home, country, &c. Pl.* [Hence, '*vernacular tongue.*'] [† Dŏmestĭcŭs, prŏprĭŭs.] 2. Used subst. m. = vernă. Vernacŭlorum dictă, sordĭdum dentem. *M.*

VERNALITĔR. *See* VERNILITER.

VERNILITĔR. *Like a* verna, *servilely.* Nec non vernilĭtĕr ipsis Fungĭtŭr offĭcĭis. *H.*

VERNO, as. 1. *To put forth, begin anew in the spring; to be under the influence of spring, to rejoice in the spring.* Vernăt hŭmus, floresque et mollĭă pabŭlă surgunt. *O.* ∾-ăt ăgĕr arguto passĕrĕ. *M.* ăvĭs guttŭrĕ. *O.* 2. Fig. *To be young, to be in the spring of life.* ∾-ăt sanguĭs. *Pp.* [† Florĕo.]

VERNŬLA, æ. *m., sts. f., dim. of* Verna. 1. *A slave born in the house; a slave.* Quem sĕquĭtur custos angustæ vernŭlă capsæ. *J.* 2. Used adj. *A native* or *habitual occupant* (of any place); *of one's own house,* or *country,* or *language.* ∾ riparum (de lŭpo piscĕ). *J.* Lĭbelli ∾-æ. *M.*

VERNUS, ă, um. *Of the spring, vernal.* Et căpŭt in verna sempĕr hăbĕrĕ rŏsa. *Pp.* ∾ sol; horă. *O.* [† Vernalĭs.]

VERO. (Verŏ. *St. V. Fl.*). 1. Adv. *Truly, with truth; forsooth!* Egrĕgĭam vero laudem et spŏlĭa amplă rĕfertis. *V.* 2. Conj. *But, however, now. V.*, &c. [† Autem, sĕd, porro.]

VERPUS, i. *m. One that has been circumcised.* Quæsitum ad fontem solos deducĕrĕ verpos. *J.* [† Rĕcŭtĭtŭs, &c.]

VERRES, is. *m. A boar-pig.* Verrĭs obliquum mĕdĭtantĭs ictum. *H. See* SUS.

VERRO, is, sum. 1. *To drag, let drag.* Canĭtĭemquĕ sŭam concreto in sanguĭnĕ verrens. *O.* ∾ cæsărĭem (sŭam) pĕr æquŏrĕ. *O. See* TRAHO. 2. Us. *To sweep clean; to sweep out* (collect from). ∾ păvimentum. *J.* Quidquĭd de Lĭbycis ∾-ĭtŭr arĕis. *H.* [† Purgo.] 3. *To sweep by trailing over.* ∾-ĭt vestigĭă ima cauda. *V.* ∾-ebant brachĭă crines. *Cl.* 4. *To sweep away, sweep from before; to carry* or *force off.* ∾ mărĭă ac terras pĕr auras (de răpĭdis ventis). *V.* ∾-ĕrĕt oseă nostră mărĭă. *Pp.* [† ˘Ago, ăgĭto, impello, &c.] 5. ∾ mărĕ. *Used of the action of the oar in rowing.* ∾ æquŏrĕ palmis. *Cat.* vădă remis; cærŭlă. *V.* 6. ∾ mărĕ retĭbŭs. *Used of net-fishing.* Retĭbŭs æquŏr ∾. *Sil.* 7. Fig. *To sweep off, make away with* (in robbery). *M. See* FUROR.

VERRUCA, æ. *f. A wart,* &c.; fig. *a fault, infirmity.* Ignoscat verrucis illĭŭs æquum est. *H.*

VERRUCOSUS, ă, um. *Covered with warts;* fig. *rugged, coarse.* Sunt quos Pacŭvĭus, et verrucosă mŏrĕtŭr Antĭŏpă. *Pers. See* VENOSUS.

VERSABUNDUS, ă, um. *Whirling round.* Versabundŭs ĕnim turbo descendĭt. *Lr.*

VERSATILIS, ĕ. *Easily turning.* At vĭgĭles mundi magnum et versatĭlĕ templum. *Lr.*

VERSĬCŎLŎR, orĭs. *m. f. n. Of various colours.* Astŭr ĕquo fidens et versĭcŏlorĭbŭs armis. *V.* ∾ cultŭs. *O.* plumă. *Pp.* [† Multĭcŏlŏr, vărĭŭs.] Crcl. Vărĭis cŏlorĭbŭs (vărĭo cŏlorĕ) distinctŭs *or* nĭtens. Cŏlorĭbŭs vărĭŭs. Multis cŏlorĭbŭs vărĭatŭs. Vărĭo splendorĕ cŏlorum insignĭs.

VERSĬCŬLUS, i. *m., dim. of* Versus. *A short line; a verse.* Causăquĕ versĭcŭlis scriptă dŭobŭs ĕrĭt. *O.*

VERSO, as. *freq. of* Verto. 1. *To turn, to turn often, turn round, turn backwards and forwards.* Versatur cĕlĕri Fors lĕvĭs orbĕ rŏtæ. *Tib.* ∾ ferrum forcĭpĕ. *V.* glebas lĭgonĭbŭs; turdos In ignĕ. *H.* [† Verto, &c.] 2. *To drive about, round; to drive* or *move here and there.* ∾ currum In gramĭnĕ; ŏves (*lead to pasture*). *V.* [† ˘Ago, ăgĭto, impello, &c.] 3. *To turn over and over* (of a book), *handle frequently.* ∾ mănu Græcă exemplarĭă. *H.* [† Tracto.] Fig. 4. *To turn over in the mind, to meditate upon, plan.* ∾ dŏlos In pectŏrĕ; curas pectŏrĕ. *V.* [† Vŏluto, mĕdĭtŏr, ăgĭto, perpendo, &c.] 5. *To practise, to be engaged in any thing.* ∾ dŏlos. *V.* prœlĭă. *Pp.* [† Exercĕo, ăgĭto.] 6. *To agitate, disturb.* Spes ănĭmum ∾-ăt. *Pp.* [† ˘Agĭto, jacto, exercĕo.] 7. *To manage, to direct at will, conduct,* &c. Fors omnĭă ∾-ăt. *V.* Illĭ ∾-ăt dŏmum (servŭs). *O.* [† Rĕgo.] 8. *To overturn.* ∾ dŏmos ŏdĭis. *V.* [† Verto, miscĕo.]

VERSOR, arĭs. *To be generally* or *habitually; to be in* or *amongst, to have to do with, be busied in. Pl. Ter.* [and prose writers.] [† Sum; *sts.* exsisto, mănĕo.] Crcl. Me hăbĕo.

VERSUS, us. *m.* 1. *A row, a line, a rank,* &c. Trĭplĭci pubes quam Dardănă versu Impellunt (sc. remis). *V.* ˘In ∾-us distŭlĭt ulmos. *V.* [† Ordo, sĕrĭes.] 2. Us. *A line in poetry, a verse.* ∾-ĭbŭs incomptis ludunt. *V.* [† Versĭcŭlŭs, carmĕn.] *See* CARMEN.

VERSUTUS, ă, um. 1. *Dexterous, versatile, full of expedients.* Vidĕrăt hoc in me vĭtĭum versută Cŏrĭnnă. *O.* [† Callĭdŭs, văfĕr, ingĕnĭosŭs, săgax, &c.] 2. *Cunning, crafty.* Allpĕdĭs dĕi ∾-ă prŏpago. *V.* [† Callĭdŭs, astutŭs, dŏlosŭs, &c.] *See* DOLOSUS.

VERTAGUS, i. *m.* (Vertăgrŭ, æ. *m. Grat.*) *A greyhound.* Non sĭbi, sed dŏmĭno venatur vertăgŭs acĕr. *M.*

VERTEX, ĭcĭs. *m.* 1. *One of the poles of the world.* Hic ∾ nobis sempĕr sublimis (sc. Arctĭcŭs). *V. See* POLUS. 2. *The crown of the head, the head.* ∾-ĭcĕ portăt ăquam; mŏrĭbundo hŭmum pulsăt. *V. See* CAPUT. 3. *The highest point of any thing.* Contingens ∾-ĭcĕ nubes (Taurŭs). *Tib.* Hirsută ∾-ĭcĕ pinŭs. *O.* [† Căcumĕn, culmĕn, ăpex, &c.] 4. = mons. Quo vertĭcĕ lusĕrĭt Œnone. *L. See* MONS.

VERTIGO, ĭnĭs. *f.* 1. *A turning round* or *about, a revolution.* Addĕ quŏd assĭdŭa răpĭtur vertigĭnĕ cœlum. *O.* [† Gyrŭs, orbĭs; *abl.* rŏtatu, tortu.] Fig. 2. *Change and vicissitude of affairs.* ∾-ĭnĕ rerum attŏnĭtĭ. *L.* 3. *Giddiness in the head. J.*

VERTO (*anc.* VORTO), is, i, sum. 1. *To turn, turn round, to cause to turn round.* Vertĭtŭr intĕrĕa cœlum, et rŭĭt ocĕăno nox. *V.* [† Verso, vŏluto, circumăgo, circumverto, volvo, torquĕo.] 2. *To turn towards, turn in a particular direction.* ∾ ĕquos ăd mœnŭ; ĭtĕr. *V.* ŏcŭlos ăd sidĕrĕ. *Sil.* [† Converto, torquĕo, dirĭgo.] 3. ∾ prædas. *To lift, drive off cattle,* &c. *V.* [† Aver-

to, abdūcō, &c.] 4. *To invert, reverse.* ∾ crateras. *V.* [† Inverto.] 5. *To throw to the ground, overthrow.* Lit. and fig. ∾ cycnum vi. *O.* Phrygiæ res fundo. *V.* proceras fraxinos. *H.* [† Everto, &c.] *See* E. Fig. 6. *To change, convert, transform.* ∾ se omnes in facies. *V.* Omnia ∾-untur. *Pp.* [† Converto, muto, &c.] *See* MUTO. 7. Sts. pass. *To be in, be involved in; to be occupied in; to depend upon, turn upon.* Res in periclo ∾-itur. *Pl.* ˘In mercatura qs ∾-itur. *Pl.* Non hic victoria Teucrum ∾-itur. *V.* [† Versor; *sts.* stăt.] 8. Intr. *To turn, be changed.* ˘In gliscem ∾-ere lacunæ. *V.* [† Vertor, me verto.] 9. With bene or male. *To turn out.* Hos illi, quod nec bene ∾-at! mittimus. *V.*

VERTUMNUS, i. *m. An Etruscan deity, presiding over the seasons* (changes of the year), *fruits, &c.; personified also as the image of changeableness.* Vertumnis, quotquot sunt, natus iniquis (*of an inconstant person*). *H.*

VĒRU, *sing. n. undecl.; pl.* Verĭbus *or* ŭbus. 1. *A spit.* Subjiciunt verĭbus prunas, et viscera torrent. *V.* 2. *A javelin.* Puguant mucrone verĭque Sabello. *V.* [† Vērutum.]

I. VERUM. *But.* Verum etiam invisos si quis tentarăt amictus. *V.* [† Sed, &c.] *See* S.

II. VERUM, i. *n., and* VERĂ, orum. *pl. The truth; that which is true, real,* &c. Misimus et Sparten, Sparte quoque nescĭ veri. *O.* Ne dubita, nam ∾-ă vides. *V.* [† Veritas.]

VERUMTĂMĔN, *or* VERUNTĂMĔN. *But however.* Igne facit votum, verumtămen æstŭăt intus. *O. See* TAMEN.

VERUS, ă, um. 1. *True, veritable, real.* Hinc sinus Hercŭlei, si vera est fama, Tarenti. *V.* Exemplum ∾-i amoris. *O.* ∾-issima crimina. *O.* [† *Sts.* Sincerus, germanus, ingenuus.] Crcl. Non simulatus (vanus, falsus, fucatus). 2. *Truthful, speaking what is true or fact.* ∾ vates. *O.* [† Verax, verĭdĭcus.] *See* SINCERUS.

VĒRUTUM, i. *n.* = věru. *A sort of javelin.* Tenui pugnax instare věruto. *Sil.*

VĒRUTUS, ă, um. 1. *Armed with the* veru, &c. Volscosque ∾-os. *V.* 2. *Spit-like.* ∾-i dentes. *Grat.*

VERVEX, ecis. *m. A wether-sheep;* fig. *a stupid person.* Vervecum in patria, crassoque sub aere nasci. *J.*

VESANIA, æ. *f. Madness.* Extimui ne vos ăgĕret vesania discors. *H. See* AMENTIA.

VESANUS, ă, um. (Vesanĭens. *Cat.*) 1. *Out of his sound senses, mad.* Ac latos errat vesana per agros. *O. See* AMENS. 2. *Making mad.* Sundět enim ∾-ă fames. *V.*

VESCŎR, eris (*no perf.*). 1. *To feed upon, live upon.* Viscĕribus miserorum et sanguine vescitur atro. *V.* ∾ alite. *O.* Conspicit alios per herbam vescentes. *V.* [† Pascor, ĕdo, &c.] *See* ˘EDO. 2. Sts. with acc. ∾ singulas. *Ph.* lauros. *Tib.* 3. ∾ aura æthĕria, &c. *V. To breathe.* ∾ vitalibus auris. *Lr.*

VESCUS, ă, um. 1. *Eating, corroding.* Nec mare quæ impendent, vesco sale saxa peresa. *L.* 2. *Small, poor, thin, weak.* ∾ papaver (*with small grains*). *V.* ∾-ă farra (*ill-grown*). *O.* ∾-æ salicum frondes. *V.* [† Gracilis, parvus, exilis, &c.]

VESEVUS, i. *m.* (Vesvius. *St.*, Vesbius. *Sil.*) 1. *Mount Vesuvius.* Prærupti tonuit quum fortĕ Vesevi Hesperiæ letalis apex. *V. Fl.* Phr. *Vesuvius under eruption.* Vesevus –fractas iras (incendia Trinacrĭis flammis æmula), ignes per sæcula pastos) erigit (torquet, volvit, evomit); —attonitas urbes anhelans suscitat. *See* ÆTNA. 2. Vesevus, Vesvinus, *and* Vesvius, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Vesuvius.* Vicina Vesevo jugo. *V.* Semustos Vesvino fulgure vultus. *St.* Vesuria. *Col.*

VESICA, æ. *f.* 1. *A bladder;* sp. *the urinary bladder.* Tenderĕ vesicam solĕt, aut decepta lacertæ Tergă capro. *O.* Quicquid ∾ remisit. *O.* [† Vesicula.] 2. Fig. *Bombast. M.* [† Tumor.]

VESICULA, æ. *f., dim. of* Vesica. Nec mirum, quæ plena animæ vesicula parva. *Lr.*

VESPA, æ. *f. A wasp.* [† Fucus.]

VESPASIANUS, i. *m. The Roman emperor.* Et decimus, fatoque adscitus Vespasianus. *Au.*

VESPER, eris, *and* VESPERUS, i. *m.* 1. *The evening star.* Illic sera rubens accendit lumina Vesper. *V.* Nec tibi Vespero Surgente decedunt amores. *H.* [† Hesperus, Noctifer; *sts.* Venus. Ep. Œtæus, occidŭus, serus, umbrifer, noctifer, fuscus, roscidus; dilectus Veneri; noctis antius. Crcl. Veneris –astrum, sidus, stella. *See* LUCIFER. 2. *The evening.* Quid ∾ seris tibi hăt. *V.* [† Vesperă.] Crcl. Vespertinum tempus. Vespertinæ *or* seræ horæ. Sol occidens (cadens, vergens). ˘In noctem vergens die. Nox primă. Pars noctis primă. P. lucis extrema. Dubiæ noctis crepuscula. *See* VESPERA. 3. *The west.* ∾-ere ăb atro consurgunt venti. *See* OCCIDENS. 4. *The people of the west.* Tecta ădest ∾. *Sil.*

VESPERA, æ. *f. The evening.* Ut quoque sæva crudelis vesperă lucis Stravĕrăt. *St. See* VESPER.

VESPERE, *and* VESPERI. *abl. and adv. In the evening.* Nunquam tam mane egredior, adeo tam vesperi Domum revortor. *Ter.* Crcl. Sol –cadente, occidŭo, fugiente, prono, inclinato, supremo, emerito. Die –vergente, decedente, labente, moriente. Solĕ sub occidŭo. Solis jam cadente lucĕ. Sub noctem. Crescentibus umbris. Prima noctĕ. N. oborta. De noctĕ. ˘In noctem die vergente. Vespertinis sub horis. Sub obscurum noctis. Astris noctem ducentibus (cœvenientibus). Phr. Tempore quo vesper –devexo olympo fit propior;—clauso ŏ. diem componit;—frigidus aera temperat (saltus refert) —volucres a pastu ad cubilia agit;—seras horas profert. Tempore quo sol, &c. –fretum pronum (inclinato) temone tenet;—equos (*ep.* fatigantes, fessos) ˘Ibero gurgite (Hesperii pontĭ margine) tingit (solvit);—præcipitem rosco æquor currum lavit;—juga purpureis equis demit.—nitidum caput (vultus suos, se) occano (in undis) abdit (condit);—pronus undas petit;—emenso olympo decedit;—decedens umbras diplicat;—noctem, die labente, reducit. Tempore quo –lux æquis præcipitatur;—montes opaci umbrantur;—sera crepuscula noctem trahunt;—cœlum lumina varĭant;—dubius dies victa noctĕ premitur. *See* NOCTE.

VESPERTILIO, onis. *m.* (Vespertilio. *Æsop.* *Schwab.*) *A bat. Plin.* Strix nocturna sonans et vespertilio stridunt (*Auct. Phil., L. L.*) ☞ *Nocte volant, seroque tenent a vespere volumen. O.* Crcl. Minyeia proles. ˘Avis (volucris) –Minyeia, Minyeias, Minyeis.

VESPERTINUS, ă, um. 1. *Evening* (adj.); *at evening.* Nec vespertinus circumgemit ursus ovile. *H.* 2. *Of the west, western.* ∾ regio. *H.* [† Occidŭus, &c.]

VESPERUS, i. *m. See* VESPER.

VESTA, æ. *f.* 1. *The wife of Cœlus, and mother of Saturn* (another name for Ops, Cybele, Terra). Stat vi terra sua, vi stando Vesta vocatur. *O.* [† Terra, Tellus, Ops, Rhea, &c.] 2. *The grandaughter of the above, and goddess of domestic life, in honour of whom the Vestal fire was kept always burning.* ∾-æ vigiles flammæ. *O.* Cæpe penetralia ∾-æ. *V.* 3. *The fire of the domestic*

hearth, fire. Perfundĕrĕ ardentem ~-am nectārĕ. *V. See* IGNIS.

VESTĀLIS, ĕ. 1. *Vestal* (of or belonging to Vesta). Fortĕ rĕvertebar festis Vestālĭbŭs illac. *O.* 2. Used subst. f. *A Vestal virgin* (one of those who had the care of the sacred fire). *O.* **Crcl.** Vestæ -mĭnistrā, săcerdos, antistĭtā. Virgo (pŭellā) Vestæ -săcrā, săcratā, dĭcatā, devotā. Virgo fŏci vĭgĭlis (æterni, perpĕtŭi) custos. Săcræ făvillæ tutelā.

VESTĔR, trā, trum. 1. *Your* (us. of more than one, but sts. of one). Cŏlŭi vestros si sempĕr hŏnores. *V.* Orĕ laudamŭr ~-o (*Helen to Paris*). *O.* 2. *Yours* (as dear or attached to you). ~ pŏetā. *V.* In Sābinos tollŏr (*to the Muses*). *H.*

VESTĪBŬLUM, i. *n.* 1. *A court of entrance, a vestibule.* Hinc quŏquĕ vestĭbŭlum dici rĕbŏr; indĕ prĕcando Affamur Vestam. *O.* [† Atrĭum, atrĭā, limĕn.] 2. *Any way of entrance.* ~ antĕ ipsum primisquĕ in faucĭbŭs Orci. *V.* [† Limĕn, ădĭtŭs.]

VESTIGĬUM, ĭi. *n.* 1. *A footstep, a track.* Vestigĭā retro Observatā sequŏr. *V.* Lustrarĕ cjs ~-ā. *V.* [† *Sts.* Indĭcĭum, signum.] **Ep.** Impressum, signatum, tĕnŭē, dŭbĭum, mănĭfestum, rĕcens. **Crcl.** Pĕdum -vestigĭā, signā, nŏtæ, indĭcĭā. 2. Vestigĭā făcĭo. *To set the foot, to tread, to go.* Justĭtĭā pĕr illos extremā ~-ā fecĭt (*there last set her foot* = *was seen*). *V.* Has usquĕ dŏmos ~-ā fecĭt ˘Apollo. *St.* [† Grăduin, gressum, ĭtĕr, vĭam.] 3. Gen. *A trace.* ~-ā fœdā rĕlinquunt (Harpyiæ). *V.* pugnæ (cĭcatrices); corpŏrĭs (oppressā herbā). *O.* [† Indĭcĭum, signum, pignŭs, rellĭquĭæ.] 4. Sts. *Fragments, remains.* ~-ā lăcĕri currus. *O. See* FRAGMEN. Fig. 5. *Vestige, trace,* &c. ~-ā vĕtĕrĭs flammæ; priscæ fraudĭs. *V.* furti. *O.* [† Indĭcĭum.] 6. Ext. *The sole of the foot; the whole treading foot.* ~-ā primi pĕdĭs (*the forefoot*). *V.* candĭdā permulcens lymphis. *Cat.* ponĭt terra. *O. See* PES. 7. *A tread, a step.* ~-ā ăd sŏnĭtum torquerĕ; cæcā filo rĕgĕrĕ. *V.* [† Passŭs, grăduis, &c.] 8. Post vestigĭā. *Behind.* Lăpĭdes post ~-ā mittunt. *O.* [† Post tergum *or* tergā.] *See* PONE.

VESTIGO, as. *To track, trace; to search out, search after.* Lit. and fig. Vestigatquĕ vĭrum disjectā pĕr agmĭnā. *V.* ~ fĕras. *Sen.* quæ lŏcā, quivĕ hăbĕant hŏmĭnes; alte ŏcŭlis. *V.* [† Investigo, quæro, inquiro, scrutŏr, &c.]

VESTIMENTUM, i. *n. A garment.* Suspendissĕ pŏtenti Vestimentā mĕris Dĕo. *H. See* VESTIS.

VESTIO, is. 1. *To clothe, cover with a garment;* pass. *to dress, clothe oneself.* Quales essĕ dĕcet quos ardens purpŭrā vestĭt. *J.* [† Velo, tĕgo, contĕgo, indŭo, ŏpĕrĭo, induco, obduco, ămĭcio, cingo, incingo, circumdo; *ext.* orno, exorno.] **Crcl.** Vestĕ (vestĭbŭs, ămictu) -indŭo, tĕgo, velo, ŏpĕrĭo, &c. Tegmĭnĕ vestĭo. Corpŭs -vestĭo, tĕgo, &c. Corpŭs ămictu circumdo. Vestem -indŭo, induco;—*pass.* indŭŏr, tĕgŏr, sumo, &c. Artus vestĕ induco. Vestem hŭmĕris induco. Hŭmĕros vestĕ (*or pl.*) amblo. **Phr.** *Of different kinds of dress.* Pura cum vestĕ vĕnĭt. Molli ămictu se velăt. Aurata lăcerna fulgĕt. Corpŭs aurata vestĕ tĕgĭtŭr. Cui pictā crŏco (auri subtemĭnĕ picturatā) vestĭs est. Cui v. murĭcĕ fulgĕt. Ibant in longis vestĭbŭs. Stant in vestĭbŭs atris. *Clad in skins.* Frigŏrā pellĭbŭs arcent. Aspĕrā vellĕrā corpŭs (lătŭs) tĕgunt. Corpŏri vellĕrā prætentant. Corpŭs spŏllĭis fĕrarum vestĭunt. *By way of ornament* or *trophy.* Fulvi lĕŏnis pellĭ (lŭpi *or* lŭpæ tegmĭnĕ) insternĭtŭr. Pellĭs, jŭvenco ereptā, hŭmĕros ŏpĕrĭt. Lĕŏnis pellis, ungulbŭs aurĕis præfulgens, totum ŏbĭt. *See* VESTITUS, *part.* 2. *To cover with fur, down, wool,* &c. (as nature covers the skin of animals.) Sandyx pascentes ~-ĕt agnos. *V.* 3. Gen. *To cover* (spread over). ~ ăgros ossĭbŭs; atrĭā ŏbŏrĕ. *L.* campos lumĭnĕ. *V.* puppem æquŏrĕ. *V. Fl.* Vestitā est classĭbŭs Aulis. *Cic.* (*Div.*) *See* TEGO. 4. Freq. *To cover with vegetation.* ~ Tăburnum ŏlĕa; cŏrymbos hĕdĕra. *V.* ~-ĭt se grămĭnĕ (terrā). *V.* tellurem umbra (˘Athos). *St.* ~-ĭtŭr hŭmŭs; arbos. *M.* [† Indŭo, tĕgo, &c.] *See* FRONDEO. 5. *Used of the growth of the beard.* ~-It malas lanugĭnĕ (jŭventā). *Lr.* Gĕnas ~-ĭbăt florĕ (jŭventā). *V. See* VESTITUS, LANUGO.

VESTIS, is. *f.* 1. *A garment, dress, clothes.* Quam vărĭæ linguis, hăbĭtu tam vestis ĕt armis. *V.* ~ purpŭrĕā. *V.* [† Tegmĕn, tĕgĭmĕn *or* tĕgŭmĕn, vestimentum, vestitŭs, ămictŭs, velamĕn, velamentum, cultŭs; *sts.* textā, vellŭs *or* vellĕrā, chlămys, tŏgā, tŭnĭcā, pallĭum *or* pallĭā, penŭlā, lænā, lăcernā, pannŭs *or* panni; stŏlā, carbăsŭs, pallā, sĭnŭs; *n. pl.* Coā, bombycĭnā, serĭcā.] **Ep.** Longā, flŭens, demissā, nĭtens, dĕcorā, dives, splendĭdā, splendens, pictā, picturatā, linĕā, lanĕā, serĭcā, purpŭrĕā. **Crcl.** Vestis -artĕ textā;—ostro (murĭcĕ) tinctā *or* ardens;—auro intertextā (aspĕrā, rĭgens, insignis, illusā);—figuris pictā (dĕcŏratā, vărĭatā). Vestis mollĭ (prĕtĭoso) stamĭnĕ. **Phr.** Tegmĭnā longæ pallæ. Vestis -artĕ lăboratā (auro sŭperbā);—Pallādĭæ (raræ) artis ŏpŭs. *See* PURPURA, SERICUS. 2. ~ purā. *Cl.* lĭberā. *O.* = tŏgā vĭrilis. *See* T. (6.) **Phr.** *To tear the garments in token of grief.* Vestes -rumpo, abrumpo, scindo, abscindo, lăcĕro, dirĭpĭo. Vestem a pectŏrĕ dirĭpĭo. Sĭnum (*or pl.*) rumpo. *See* PLANGO. 3. *A covering for couches,* &c. ~-ĭbŭs (lectum) velant. *O.* [† Stragŭlum, stragŭlā.] 4. *Tapestry-hangings,* &c. *O.* [† Telā.] 5. *Used for* (1) *the slough of the serpent; the web of the spider. Lr.* [† (1) Exŭvĭæ.] 6. Fig. *The beard.* Impubem molli pubescĕrĕ ~-ĕ. *Lr. See* VESTITUS (3), LANUGO.

VESTITŬS, ă, um. *part. See* VESTIO. 1. *Clothed, clad.* Sic tĭbĭ vestitæ pressā Sĕrĭphŏ ĕrăt. *O.* **Crcl.** Vestĕ *or* vestem indutŭs. Vestĕ -tectŭs, velatŭs, ămictŭs, cinctŭs, incinctŭs, succinctŭs, circumdătŭs, insignitŭs, ornatŭs, dĕcorŭs, fulgens, insignis, nĭtens, nĭtĭdŭs, conspĭcŭŭs, conspĭcĭendŭs, spectabĭlis, sŭperbŭs. ˘Amictu -tectŭs, succinctŭs, insignis, &c. Sŭb *or* cum vestĕ *or* tegmĭnĕ. **Phr.** *Of different kinds of dress.* Aurato ămictu circum velatŭs. Indutŭs chlămydem Tyrĭam. Pictŭs ăcu c. Ostro ĕt auro (Tyrio in ostro, ferrugĭnĕ ĕt ostro, f. ˘Ibera) insignis (conspectŭs, clarŭs). Corpŏrā -nĭvĕa vestĕ velatŭs;—perlucenti ămictu circumdătŭs. Auro vestĭbŭs Phrygĭis intexto spectabĭlis. *See* VESTIO (Phr.), PURPURATUS. 2. *Covered* (sp. by vegetable growth). ~-i ăgri messĭbŭs. *O.* ~-æ uvæ sŭis frondĭbŭs. *Pp.* ~-ă ærā cĭbis. *Cl.* 3. *Bearded.* ~ gĕnas. *Sen. See* VESTIO (5), VESTIS (6).

VESTITŬS, us. *m. Clothing, attire.* Membrăquĕ vestitu nunquam tĕmĕrātā prŏfano. *Cl. See* VESTIS.

VĔSUVĬUS, ĭi. *m. Mount Vesuvius. Plin. See* VESEVUS.

VESVINŬS, *and* **VESVĬUS,** ă, um. *See* VESEVUS.

VESVĬUS, ĭi. *m. See* VESEVUS.

VĔTĔRANŬS, i. *m. A veteran soldier.* Quæ rurā dăbuntŭr, Quæ noster vĕtĕranŭs ărĕt? *L.*

VĔTĔRINŬS, ă, um. *Fit to bear burdens, bearing burdens.* Ne forte ex hŏmĭne, et vĕtĕrino semĭne ŏquorum. *Lr.*

VĔTERNŬS, i. *m.* 1. *Lethargy, a lethargic state;* fig. *a state of sloth,* &c. Nec torperĕ grăvi passus

věhăr æthĕrā penna. *Tib.* Qua tămĕn ipsĕ věhŏr (puppi). *O.* [† Vectŏr, fĕrŏr, defĕrŏr, aufĕrŏr, ĕo, curro, labŏr, răpĭŏr, abrĭpĭŏr.]

Veiens, *or* **Vejens,** tĭs. *m. f. n. Of* or *belonging to Veii;* used subst. m., *an inhabitant of Veii.* Cossŭs ăt insĕquĭtur Veientis cædĕ Tŏlumni. *Pp.* Emptŏr ăgri Veientĭs. *H.*

Veientanŭs, *or* **Vejentanŭs,** ă, um. 1. *Of* or *belonging to Veii.* Et Veientani bĭbĭtur fæx nigrā rŭbellĭ. *M.* 2. Veientanum. *n.* (sc. vinum.) *A wine of an inferior quality.* Qui Veientanum festis potarĕ dĭebŭs. *H.*

Veii, *or* **Veji,** orum. *m. pl. An ancient town of Etruria.* Et Veii vĕtĕres, et vos tum prædā fŭistĭs. *Pp.*

Veĭŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Veii.* Fortĕ sŭper portæ dux Velĭŭs adstĭtĭt arcem. *Pp.*

Vejŏvĭs, is. *m. A Roman deity, perhaps Jupiter as a child* (but it is otherwise explained). Nonis sacratā quŏd illis Templā pŭtant lucos Vejŏvĭs antĕ dŭos. *O.*

Vĕl. 1. *Or, or even;* vel . . . vel, *either . . . or.* Vel pătĭerĕ lĭcet, dum ne contemptā rĕlinquăr. *O.* Primā vĕl auctumni sub frigŏrā. *V.* [† Vĕ, aut, seu, sivĕ.] 2. Sts. = ět. Pārĭtĕr plĕtatĕ vĕl armis egrĕgĭŭs. *V. See* Et. 3. *Even.* Carmĭnā ~ cœlo possunt deducĕrĕ lunam. *V.* [† ˘Etĭam, quŏquĕ.] *See* Etiam.

Velamĕn, ĭnĭs. *n.* 1. *A covering of any kind;* us. *a garment.* Et circumtextum crŏcĕo velamĕn ăcantho. *V.* [† Tegmĕn, tĕgŭmentum; tegmĕn, ămictŭs.] *See* Vestis. 2. *A veil.* Vultus ~-ĭnĕ celāt. *O.*

Velamentum, i. *n.* = velamĕn. Sp. *The suppliant's olive-branch, tied round with woollen fillets.* Velamentā mănu prætendens supplĭcĕ. *O.* [† Vittæ.]

Velarĭum, ĭi. *n., and* **Velarĭa,** orum. *pl. An awning.* Et pegma, et pŭĕros hinc ad velarĭā raptos. *J.* [† Velum.] **Crcl.** Velorum umbracŭlā.

Velatŭs, ă, um. *part. See* Velo. 1. *Having sails.* Cornŭā velatarum obvertĭmŭs antennarum. *V.* [† Vellfĕr.] 2. *Veiled.* Lit. and fig. ~-is cornĭbŭs lunā vĕnĭt. *V. Fl.* [† *Fig.* Occultatŭs, tectŭs, &c.] 3. *Clothed. O.* [† Vestitŭs, tectŭs, &c.] 4. *Festooned; wearing the suppliant fillets,* &c. Pĕr ~-as vĭas (It pompā). *O.* ~-i ramis ŏlĕæ (oratores). *V.*

Velĕs, ĭtis. *m. A light-armed soldier.* Nondum calfacti velĭtĭs hastā sŏlum. *O.* **Crcl.** Armaturā lĕvĭs.

Velĭfĕr, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Carrying sails.* Huc ŭbĭ vellfĕram nautæ adverterĕ cărinam. *O.* [† Velatŭs, velĭvŏlŭs.]

Velĭfĭco, as. *To sail.* Nautā pĕr urbanas velĭfĭcabăt ăquas. *Pp.* [† Velĭfĭcŏr, navĭgo.] **Crcl.** Velā do, &c. *See* Velum, Velificatus.

Velĭfĭcŏr, arĭs. 1. = velĭfĭco. Cærŭla ăd infernos velĭfĭcatā lăcus. *Pp.* 2. Velĭfĭcatŭs, ă, um. *sts. pass. Made navigable, sailed over* or *across.* Credĭtŭr olim ~ Athos. *J.*

Velĭvŏlŭs, ă, um. 1. *Flying* or *winged with sails.* Et frĕtā velĭvŏlas non hăbĭtŭrā rătes. *O.* 2. *Passed over by sails, sailed over.* Despĭcĭens mărĕ ~-um. *V.*

Velĭco, as. *To pluck, twitch;* fig. *to carp at, censure.* Velĭcăt absentem Demetrĭŭs. *H.* [† Vello, carpo; *fig.* carpo, mordĕo, detrăho.]

Vello, is, velli *or* vulsi, vulsum. 1. *To pluck, pluck up* or *out, tear away, tear up.* Limĭnā perrumpit, postesque a cardĭnĕ vellĭt. *V.* ~ hastam de cespĭtĕ. *V.* [† Avello, evello, convello, rĕvello, extrăho, educo, emŏvĕo.] **Crcl.** Radicĕ ăb ima evello. Fundĭtŭs evello. 2. *To root up. V.* [† Evello, exstirpo, crŭo, &c.] *See* Eruo.

3. *To crop, gather.* ~ ungulĭbŭs (dentĭbŭs) herbas. *O.* de cespĭtĕ herbas. *L.* [† Carpo, decerpo, &c.] 4. *With cŏmam, &c., barbam. To tear the hair, to pluck the beard; to remove hair from the person,* &c. *H. L.* [† Evello, carpo, &c.] *See* Vulsus. 5. *To pinch* or *pull* (to call a person's attention). ~ cœpi, ět pressarĕ mĭhi brachlā. *H.* Aurem ~-ĭt, ět admŏnŭĭt. *V.* [† Vellĭco, perstringo; *sts.* fŏdĭo (lăcŭs).] 6. Fig. *To harass, torment.* ~-untŭr pectŏrā morsu. *S.* [† Torquĕo, pungo.]

Vellŭs, ĕrĭs. *n.* 1. *The shorn wool, wool.* Quamvis Milesiā magno Vellĕrā mutentŭr. *V.* ~-ĕri motis nullā trăhunt dĭgĭtis. *O.* [† Lanā.] *See* L. 2. *A fleece* (the skin and wool). ˘Arĭs ~-ĕrā siccăt. *V.* Stratis jăcebăt ~-ĭbŭs. *V.* 3. Vellŭs aurĕum. *The Golden Fleece. C. D.* **Crcl.** Vellŭs ~˘Athămanteum, Phrixeum, Nĕphĕlæum, Ææum, auratum, fulvum, rŭtĭlum. Arĕŭs ărĭes. Auratā (aurĕā) ŏvĭs *or* pellis. Auratum pĕcŭs. Auratā tegmĭnā. Auratæ vellĕ ŏvĭs. ˘Arĭes aurato (fulvo) vellĕrĕ *or* tegmĭnĕ. Auratæ pĕcŭdĭs exŭvĭæ. Vellĕrā nĭtĭdo vĭs rĭdĭantĭā. *See* Hellē, Phrixus. 4. *The skin of any animal with the hair on.* Hirsutā lĕŏnis ~-ĕrā. *O.* [† Pellis, spŏlĭum, tegmĕn.] 5. *Woollen fillets.* Parnassiā ~-ĕrā. *St. See* Vitta. 6. *Used of substances resembling wool.* ~-ĕrā fŏlĭis depectant Serĕs (*silk* or *cotton*). *V.* ~-ĕrā lanæ pĕr cœlum ferri (*fleecy clouds*). *V.* ~ tĭdĭtarum ăquarum (*snow-flakes*). *M.* 7. *Used of the foliage of trees.* Indŭlmŭs sŭā ~-ĕrā ramis. *O.*

Velo, as. 1. *To veil* or *cover the head.* Et capĭta ante aras Phrygĭo velamŭr ămictu. *V.* [† Obvelo, obnubo, ŏpĕrĭo, tĕgo, obtĕgo, contĕgo, involvo, obvolvo, abscondo, &c.] *See* Tego. 2. *To bind* or *gird the head.* ~ tempŏrā myrto. *V.* vittis. *O.* [† Cingo, circumdo, &c.] 3. Gen. *To cover, to clothe.* ~ pĕcŭdum corpŏrā tĕctum ămictu. *V.* ăvem pennis; artus squamis. *O.* [† Tĕgo, vestĭo, &c.] *See* Vestio. 4. *To cover over, to bedeck, decorate.* ~ delubrā festa frondĕ. *V.* [† Tĕgo, orno, dĕcŏro, &c.] 5. Fig. *To cover, conceal.* ~ scĕlŭs scĕlĕrĕ. *Sen.* [† Ceelo, abscondo, tĕgo, &c.] *See* Abdo.

Velocĭtĕr. *Swiftly, rapidly.* Visĕ sŏpŏrĭfĕram Somni velocĭtĕr aulam. *O.* Velocĭŭs ět cĭtĭŭs. *J.* [† Cĭto, &c.] *See* C.

Velox, ocis. 1. *Fleet, swift.* Lit. and fig. Veloces Spartæ cătŭlos acremquĕ Mŏlossum. *V.* ~ famā. *V.* Mĕtaurŭs (*the river*). *L.* flammā. *Lr.* tĭmŏr lĕpŏrum. *M.* ăd fŭgĭnŭs. *Cl.* [† Cĭtŭs, cĕlĕr, præceps, lĕvĭs, &c.] *See* Celer. 2. *Used of a deadly poison, as rapid in its effects.* Velocĭŭs miscŭissĕ toxĭcum. *H.* [† Acrĕ.] 3. *Used of a quick wit; ready mental powers.* Ingĕnium velox, audacĭā perdĭtā, sermo promptŭs. *J.* [† Acrĕ, torrens.]

Velum, i. *n.* 1. *A sail.* Velā tămen speculā summo flŭĭtantĭā malo. *O.* [† Carbăsā, lintĕā, linā, sĭnus; *sts.* alæ.] **Ep.** Nautĭcum, cĭtum, fŭgax, lĕvĕ, vŏlĭtans, curvum, căvum, sinŭosum, laxum, inflatum, tŭmĭdum, tŭmens, turgĭdum, plenum. **Crcl.** Velorum sĭnus *or* alæ. Velā antennis *or* malo -pendentĭā, nexā, affixā. Torto carbăsā lino. **Phr.** 1. *Of a ship in full sail.* Venti sĕcundi -velā tendunt *or* intendunt; — sĭnus implent; — In lintĕā vĕnĭunt. Navĭs (prorā) pleno velo (velo sŭo) currit *or* fertŭr. Velā flatu sĕcundo motā sŏnant. *See* Navigo. **Phr.** 2. *To furl sails.* Velā (lintĕā, carbăsā) -lĕgo, collĭgo, contrăho, subduco, depono, substringo. Velā antennis subnecto. Cornŭā demitto. Navĭtā velā ponto humĭdā lĕgĭt. **Phr.** 3. *To unfurl the sails.* Velā -pando,

deduco, solvo, explĭco, fundo; ventis do, &c. Velis utŏr. Velorum alas pando. Totos sĭnus p. Ventis (velis) utŏr. Excĭpĭo vĕnĭentes auras. Cornŭă ĭn summa arbŏrĕ lŏco. Totă carbăsă malo deduco. Lintĕă extremo malo jungo. Velă curvato sĭnu pando. Do plenă lintĕă fŭgæ. **Phr.** 4. *To set sail.* Velĭfĭco, velĭfĭcŏr (*d.*), navĭgo. Velă –do, făcĭo, solvo. Navem solvo. Navem *or* ĭn navem scando *or* conscendo. Portum (portus, littŭs, littŏrĕ) –linquo, rĕlinquo, desĕro. Portu –exĕo, excedo, egrĕdĭŏr, progrĕdĭŏr, provĕhŏr, discedo. Mārĕ, &c., corrĭpĭo *or* căpesso. Æquŏr navĕ (navĭbŭs) conscendo. ˘Itĕr velis tendo. ˘In altum velă do. Velă ventis (nŏto) –do, pando, intendo, explĭco, permitto. Vincŭlă (rĕtĭnăculă, funes, rŭdentes) –solvo, laxo, rumpo. Littŏrĕ (marginĕ) navem *or* rĕtem solvo; funem solvo, &c. A terra funem convello. **Phr.** 5. Navĭtă, &c. –funem littŏrĕ derĭpĭt;—excussos rŭdentes laxăt;—portum rĕlĭnquĭt;—rĕtem (puppem) a littŏrĕ solvĭt;—pĕlăgi pĕtĭt altă;—dăt austros classi;—pĕlăgo vŏlăt;—tendĭt ĭtĕr velis;—navem, &c., ĭn undas răpĭt (ĭn æquŏrĕ propellĭt). 2. *A curtain, a hanging.* Frondĭbŭs, ŭt velo, Phœbeos ignes submŏvĕt. *O.* [¶ Aulæă.] 3. = velarĭum. *An awning.* Căvo pendebant velă thĕatro. *Pp.*

Vĕlŭt, *and* **Vĕlŭti.** 1. *As, just as, just as if.* Improvisum aspris vĕlŭti qui sentĭbŭs anguem Pressĭt hŭmi. *V.* Et vĕlŭt absentem certatim Actæŏnă clamant. *O.* [¶ ˘Ut, sicŭt, tanquam, quăsĭ, &c.] *See* Tanquam. 2. *Almost, as it were.* Cornŭă extremæ vĕlŭt evanescĕrĕ lunæ. *O.* [¶ Tanquam, quăsĭ, pænĕ, &c.]

Vemens, Vementĕr. *See* Vehemens.

Vena, æ. *f.* 1. *A vein.* Pallent amisso sanguĭnĕ venæ. *O.* **Ep.** Sanguĭnĕă, trĕmens, mĭcans, sălĭens, turgĭdă, sĭnŭosă, multĭfĭdă. **Phr.** *To open a vein, to let blood.* Venam *or* venas –ăpĕrĭo, incido, pertundo, sĕco, interscindo, abscindo, abrumpo, solvo, exsolvo, rĕcludo. Ferrum venæ admŏvĕo. Venam (*ep.* săllĭentem, s. sanguĭnĕ) fĕrĭo. 2. Sts. *An artery; the pulse.* Tentarĕ tempŏrĕ săllĭentĭs ∾-æ (*to feel the pulse*). *O.* Tangĕrĕ ∾-am. *Pers.* [¶ Arterĭă, pulsŭs.] 3. *A passage* or *channel of water.* ∾ fecundæ æquæ. *O.* [¶ Fons, rivŭs.] 4. *A vein of metal.* Sŭb terra quærĕrĕ ∾-as. *Cat.* *See* Fodina. 5. *A vein* or *streaky line in wood* or *marble.* Marmŏrĕ lucentĭă picturata ∾-a. *St.* 6. *The pores of plants.* Sudant balsămă ∾-æ. *Cl.* 7. ∾-æ hĭantes. *Earth-gaps.* ∾-as adstringĭt hĭantes. *V.* [¶ Rimă.] Fig. 8. *The innermost and most secret part of any thing.* Abstrusă ĭn ∾-is ălĭcĭs (flammæ semĭnă). *V.* Vulnŭs ălĭt ∾-is. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Mĕdullă.] 9. *A poetic vein.* Ingĕni bĕnignă ∾. *H.*

Venabŭlum, i. *n.* *A hunting-spear.* Retĭă rară, plăgæ, lato venabŭlă ferro. *V.*

Venalĭs, ĕ. 1. *Exposed for sale.* Laudat venales, qui vult extrudĕrĕ, merces. *H.* [¶ Expŏsĭtŭs, prostans.] 2. Venales, ĭum. *m. pl.* *Slaves.* *H.* 3. *Mercenary* (of soldiers). ∾-es ănĭmæ, Rhŏdăni qui gurgĭtĕ gaudent. *Sil.* 4. *Venal, that may be corruptly bought.* Audax ∾-i lingua (Curĭo). *L.* ∾-es ăd munŭs. *Pp.* [¶ Omnĭă cum prĕtĭo.] 5. With abl. *That may be bought.* Nĕquĕ purpŭra ∾-ĕ nĕc auro. *H.* [¶ Mercabĭlĭs, părabĭlĭs.]

Venans, tĭs. *part.* *See* Venor. *One hunting, a hunter.* [¶ Venatŏr *or* venatrix.]

Venatĭcŭs, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to hunting.* Qua monstrĕt ĕques, Venatĭcŭs ex quo Tempŏrĕ cervinam pellem latravĭt ĭn aula (cătŭlŭs). *H.* [¶ Venatŏr.] *See* Canis.

Venatĭŏ, onĭs. *f.* *A hunting, a hunt.* Pulchĕr ădest ŏnăger: mitti venatĭŏ debĕt Dentĭs ˘Erythræi. *M.* *See* Venatus.

Venatŏr, orĭs. *m.* 1. *A hunter.* Venator, tĕnĕræ conjŭgĭs immĕmŏr. *H.* [¶ Venans.] **Ep.** Văgŭs, errans; vĭgĭl, matutinŭs, implĭgĕr, strenŭŭs, cĕlĕr, cĭtŭs. **Crcl.** Fĕrarum ăgĭtatŏr. Dĭanæ *or* nĕmŏrum –stŭdĭosŭs, cultŏr. Dĭanæ milĕs. Actæŏnĭs æmŭlŭs. Venatu invĭgĭlans. *See* Venor. 2. *Used of the dog* or *horse.* ∾ cănĭs. *V.* ĕquŭs. *St.*

Venatrix, icĭs. *f.* 1. *A female hunter.* Venatrix, dĕdĕrătquĕ cŏmam diffundĕrĕ ventis. *V.* [¶ Venans.] 2. *Used of animals.* ∾ (ursă) mĕtu venantum fugĭt; (cănĭs) silvis aspĕră, blandă dŏmi. *M.* [¶ Venans, venatĭcă.]

Venatŭs, us. *m.* 1. *A hunt* or *hunting.* Quis tĭbĭ monstrabat saltus venatĭbŭs aptos? *O.* [¶ Venatĭŏ.] **Crcl.** Venandi –cură, lăbŏr, stŭdĭum. Dĭanæ –stŭdĭum, ludŭs, pălæstră. 2. Sts. *Used of fishing. Pl.*

Vendĭbĭlĭs, ĕ. *Saleable.* Et fundus nec vendĭbĭlĭs nec pascĕrĕ firmŭs. *H.*

Vendĭco. *See* Vindico.

Vendĭto, as. *freq.* *of* Vendo. *To offer often for sale, to desire to sell, to sell.* Fili, non pŏtĕs assĕ vendĭtarĕ. *Cat.*

Vendĭtŏr, orĭs. *m.* *A seller.* Lit. and fig. Imprŏbĕ legum Vendĭtŏr. *Cl.* [¶ Mercatŏr.]

Vendo, ĭs, dĭdi, dĭtum. 1. *To sell.* Lit. and fig. Vendĭdĭt hic auro pătrĭam, dŏmĭnumquĕ pŏtentem &c. *V.* ∾ verbă sollĭcĭtis rĕis. *M.* [¶ Venumdo, venumtrado, vendĭto; *sts. fig.* trado, prodo.] 2. *To cause to be sold; to promote the sale of* [a rhetorical use]; hence, *to set off,* &c. Unŭs ĕt altĕr versŭs (*one or two good lines*) ∾-ĭt totum pŏemă (*gets off a whole edition*): purpŭră ∾-ĭt causĭdĭcum. *J.* [¶ Vendĭto, ostento.]

Vĕnefĭcă, æ. *f.* *See* Venefĭcus.

Vĕnefĭcĭum, ĭi. *n.* *Enchantment, witchcraft, poisoning by sorcery.* Quosquĕ vĕnefĭcĭis abstŭlĭt illă sŭis. *O.* [¶ Carmĕn, cantŭs, &c.] *See* Magicus.

Vĕnefĭcŭs, i. *m. Pl., and* **Vĕnefĭcă,** æ. *f.* 1. *An enchanter, sorcerer, dealer in magic poisons.* Barbărĭ narratur venissĕ vĕnefĭcă tecum. *O.* *See* Magus, Maga. 2. *A term of abuse. Pl. Ter.* 3. Vĕnefĭcŭs, ă, um. *Magical, of sorcery.* Verbă ∾-ă dicĭt. *O.* *See* Magicus.

Vĕnenatŭs, ă, um. *part.* *See* Veneno. Used also adj. 1. *Poisonous, venomous.* Arvă vĕnenatis pro semĭnĕ dentĭbŭs imples. *O.* ∾ anguis. *O.* *See* Venenifer, Veneno. 2. Sts. *Enchanted, magical.* Tangĕrĕ orĕ ∾-a virga. *O.* ∾ pŭellă. *O.* *See* Magicus. 3. Fig. *Virulent, stinging.* ∾ jŏcŭs. *O.*

Vĕnenĭfĕr, ĕră, ĕrum. *Bearing poison, venomous.* Jamquĕ vĕnenĭfĕro sanguis manarĕ pălato. *O.* [¶ Vĕnenatŭs; *sts.* virosŭs, pestĭfĕr.] **Crcl.** Vĕneno *or* vĕnenis –infectŭs, illĭtŭs, adspersŭs, imbutŭs, perfusŭs, mădens, tinctŭs, spumans, tŭmens, plenŭs, armatŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, noxĭŭs. Virŭs hăbens *or* fĕrens. Vĕneni (tabĕ, tabo, fellĕ, sănĭe, vipĕrĕo succo, letĭfĕrĭs succis) –infectŭs, imbutŭs, &c. *See* Veneno, Venenum.

Vĕneno, as. 1. *To poison, infect with poison.* Pigrĕ vĕnenatis effundit flamĭnă venis. *Cl.* [¶ Infĭcĭo, corrumpo, vĭtĭo.] **Crcl.** Vĕneno *or* vĕnenis –infĭcĭo, imbŭo, illĭno, lĭno, tingo, ungo, vĭtĭo, suffundo. Vĕnenum –spargo, infundo, instillo. Tabo infĭcĭo *or* corrumpo, &c. **Phr.** 1. *Of the poisoner.* Pabŭlă tabo infĭcĭt. Vĭtĭatas herbas infĭcĭt. Pĕcŏri virŭs adspergĭt. Lăcus corrumpĭt. Lătĭces radicĕ noxĭa spargĭt. Vipĕrĕam ănĭmam inspirăt. *See* Venenum. **Phr.** 2. *To poison weapons.* Telă (săgittas, spicŭlă, călămos) vĕneno –tingo, imbŭo, mĕdĭco *or* mĕdĭcŏr, ungo, armo. Spicŭlă fellĕ (vipĕrĕo f.) lĭno. Telă vĕneno săttŭro. 2. *To poison, infect the air.* ∾

spātĭum cœli. *Lr.* [¶ Corrumpo, vĭtĭo, inficĭo, pollŭo, &c.] *See* PESTIS.

VĔNENUM, i. *n.* **1.** *The juice of herbs,* &c.; **us.** *of poisonous herbs; poison.* Et fallax herbā vĕneni. *V.* Quĭd hoc vĕneni sævĭt in præcordĭis? *H.* [¶ Toxĭcum, ăcŏnĭtā (orum).] **Ep.** Lurĭdum, nĭgrum, atrum, tetrum; acrē, velox, dirum, tristē, funestum, letĭfĕrum, pestĭfĕrum, letalē, immēdĭcabĭlē, exĭtĭalē, exĭtĭabĭlē, noxĭum, mortĭfĕrum. **Crcl.** Tabes (succŭs) vĕneni. Letales (letĭfĕri, funesti, vĕnenati) succi. Vĕnenĭfĕræ (mortĭfĕræ, tristes) herbæ. Herbā nŏcens. Funestā *or* mālā gramĭnā. Dirum *or* letĭfĕrum mĕdĭcamĕn. **Phr.** 1. Quidquĭd vĕneni *or* herbarum –Circe *or* Medea hābĕt;—Thessālĭ terrā fert;—˘Iolchŏs (Iberĭā, vĕnenorum fĕrax) mittĭt. Quodcunquē gramĕn letali florē vĭrĕt. **Phr.** 2. *To give poison to any one, to take off by poison.* Vĕnenum –do, præbĕo, infundo, fundo, miscĕo. Vĕneno –tollo, nĕco. Letales herbas *or* succos miscĕo. Pocŭlā inficĭo. P. mortĭfĕris succis inficĭo. P. veloci leto corrumpo. P. leto spumantĭā porrĭgo. Letales succos compono. Coctum vĕnenum do. Lurĭdā ăcŏnĭtā miscĕo. **Phr.** 3. *To drink poison.* Vĕnenum –bĭbo, ebĭbo, haurĭo, sumo. Pocŭlā vĕneno prŏpĕrātā –bĭbo, haurĭo, răpĭo. P. tristi gramĭnē mixtā bĭbo, &c. P. nĭgrā lābris mĕis sŭbĕunt. **2.** *The juice of plants used by the enchanter,* &c.; *magic, sorcery.* Lĕvarē nullis ∾-is. *V. Fl.* Verborum ∾-is obsessā pallŭĭt. *L.* [¶ Herbæ, succi, carmĭnā, cantŭs, &c.] *See* MAGICUS. **3.** *The poison of serpents,* &c. ∾-um morsĭbŭs inspirant. *V.* [¶ Virŭs, tabo (*abl.*), sānĭes, fĕl, spumā.] **Ep.** Vipĕrĕum, nŏcens, spumans, atrum, lātens, cæcum, occultum, &c. **Crcl.** Vĕneni –tabes, fĕl, sānĭes, spumā, tabo. Vipĕrĕæ spumæ. Fŭrĭalē serpentĭs mālum. **4.** *A dye.* ∾ Assȳrĭum. *V.* Tārentinum. *H.* [¶ Mĕdĭcamĕn, succŭs, fucŭs, herbā, &c.] *See* PURPURA. **5.** *A preparation for embalming. Lr.* [¶ Mĕdĭcamĕn, mĕdĭcamentum.] Fig. **6.** *The poison of love.* Occultum inspires ignem, fallasquē ∾-o. *V.* Cŏquĭtur ardentē ∾-o. *O.* *See* AMOR. **7.** *The poison* (poisonous bite) *of envy, slander, satire,* &c.; *used of the effect of any subtle* or *secret evil.* Linguā est suffusā vĕneno (*of envy*). *O.* Carmĭnā mādent ∾-o. *M.* ∾ fraudĭs; desĭdĭæ. *Sil.* [¶ Virŭs, fĕl, tabes, tabo (*abl.*), pestĭs.] **8.** *Any pest, scourge, plague.* Omnĭā ∾-ā collĭgam (*of bad books*). *Cat.* Vitæ crudelē ∾. *Cat.* [¶ Pestĭs, mālum, lŭes.]

VENĂO (Vĕnŏr. *Pl.*), is, ivi *or* ĭi, itum. *To be sold.* Vĕnĕāt, et pĕdĭbus vincŭlā binā trāhāt. *Pp.* Auro venĭt hŏnos. *O.* Pŏpŭlos ∾ sŭb hasta. *Cl.* [¶ Vendŏr, venundŏr, venum ĕo.]

VĔNĔRABĬLIS, ĕ, *and* **VĔNĔRANDŬS,** ă, um. *Venerable, reverend.* Illŭd ăuĭctĭæ sanctum et vĕnĕrabĭlē nomĕn. *O.* Virga vĕnĕrandē pŏtenti. *O.* [¶ Vĕrendŭs, rĕvĕrendŭs, augustŭs, cŏlendŭs, săcĕr, sanctŭs.]

VĔNĔRĂTŎR, ōris. *m.* *One who reverences* or *respects.* Illē dŏmus vestræ primis vĕnĕrātŏr āb annis. *O.*

VĔNĔRĂTUS, ă, um. *part.* *See* VENEROR. **1.** *One who has shown reverence* or *worship.* Fallaci vĕnĕratus numĭnā cultu. *O.* ∾ vĕtĕres āmores. *Tib.* **2.** Pass. *Reverenced, worshipped.* Cursus dăbĭt ∾ sĕcundos. *V.*

VĔNĔRŎR, ārĭs. *To venerate, worship, address in prayer.* Lit. and fig. Fārrē pĭo et plena supplex vĕnĕrātur ăcerra. *V.* [¶ Devĕnĕrŏr, vĕrĕŏr, rĕvĕrĕŏr, cŏlo, ădoro, hŏnoro, prĕcŏr.] **Crcl.** Hŏnorē *or* cultu –prosĕquŏr, ornŏ, dĕcŏro. Hŏnorē cŏlo. *See* ADORO, SACRIFICO, PRECOR.

VĔNĬA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Permission, any favour, indulgence.* Extremam hanc oro vĕnĭam; miserĕrĕ sŏrorĭs. *V.* Vĕnĭam sĕdendi jŭbĕt esse pŭĕr. *O.* [¶ Copĭā, licentĭā, făcultas, libertas; sta. mūnŭs.] **2.** Vĕnĭa tŭa. *Pp.* *With your permission if you please.* [¶ Pacĕ tŭa.] **3.** *Grace, pardon.* Poscĕrē dĕos ∾-am. *V.* ∾-am dăpĭbŭs nullĭs præratĭbŭs orāt. *O.* [¶ Pax, indulgentĭā.] **4.** Ib. vĕnĭam. *To pardon, grant the grace asked.* Ibunt ∾-am votis, irasquē rĕmittent. *V.* [¶ Pro, ignosco.] *See* PARCO.

VĔNĬO, is, veni, ventum. **1.** *To come, to come to, arrive, reach.* Lit. and fig. Nec veni, nĭsi fā locum sedemquē dĕdĭssent. *V.* Qua vos tŭæ urbē vĕnĭtis? *O.* [¶ Advĕnĭo, advento, desĭnĭo, accedo, fĕrŏr, affĕrŏr, defĕrŏr, adsum, prevĕnĭo, concedo, advŏlo, tango, attingo, contingo.] **Crcl.** Grādum (gressum) fĕro *or* flecto ˘Itĕr (vĭam, cursum) –hābĕo, tĕnĕo, dirĭgo. *See* ADVENIO. **2.** *To come by sea,* &c. [¶ Fĕrŏr, vehŏr, advĕhŏr, defĕrŏr, navĭgo, appello, prolabŏr, allabŏr.] **Crcl.** Adsto oris (ejs terræ) Oras prendo. ˘Ad oras applĭcŏr. Oræ me movĭt ventŭs. Pĕlāgo emenso adsum. *See* APPELLO (II.). **3.** *To come to, flying.* [¶ Advĕhŏr, fĕrŏr, labŏr, &c.] *See* VOLO (I.). **4.** Sa=ĕo. [¶ ˘Eo, ădĕo, mĭgro, pĕto, &c.] *See* E. **5.** *To come, come on* (hostilely). Dicunt āquĭs ∾-entē cŏlumbas &c. *V.* [¶ Prŏpĭnquo, ingrĭo, immĭnĕo, insto, irrŭo.] **6.** *To come down from high, to fall down.* O. [¶ Cādo; (*of water*) flŭo, &c.] *See* CADO, FLUO. **7.** *To come forth, come out.* ∾-it fulmĕn āb orē. *O.* lumĕn āb orē. *V.* [¶ Exĕo, emĭco, exsĭlĭo, &c.] **8.** *To come forth, rise* (of the stars, &c.). *V.* [¶ Surgo, ŏrĭŏr.] **9.** *To come forth* (of plants, &c.). *V.* [¶ Provĕnĭo, cresco.] **10.** *To reach a place* or *person* (of a report, sound, &c.). ∾-it clamŏr in astra. *O.* vox ād aures. *V.* [¶ Pervĕnĭo, fĕrŏr.] **11.** *To come upon, fall on, happen to.* ∾-it arbŏrĭbus sātisquē lŭes. *V.* [¶ Sŭpervĕnĭo, incĭdo.] **12.** *To arrive, be brought* (of a letter, &c.). *O.* [¶ Fĕrŏr, defĕrŏr, affĕrŏr, mittŏr, tradŏr.] **13.** *To come into existence, to arise, to be discovered, invented.* Hinc vārĭæ venere artes. *V.* [¶ ˘Orĭŏr, nascŏr, &c.] **14.** *To take place, happen, to be caused.* Quŏd ∾-it ex făcĭlĭ. *O.* Res nŏva ∾-unt. *O.* [¶ Evĕnĭo, fio, accĭdo.] **15.** ∾-in morem, in exemplum, &c. *To become, pass into a custom, precedent,* &c. Dŏlŏr in morem ∾-it mĕŭs. *O.* ∾-it in exemplum fŭrŏr hic. *O.* [¶ ˘Abĕo.] **16.** ∾ in vĭrum. *To become talked of, celebrated.* *See* Os. **17.** ∾ in mentem. *To come into the thoughts, occur to the mind.* *V.* [¶ Sŭbĭit, succurrĭt.] **18.** Pass. unip. *One comes, one reaches.* ˘Adusquē dĕcem, nūmĕro crescentĭā vĕnĭtur (*we go up to, in counting*). *O.* Ventum ĕrāt ād ripam. *O.* Si quando ād prœlĭā ventum est (*if it have come to actual encounter*). *V.*

VĔNŎR, ārĭs. **1.** *To hunt, go a-hunting.* Et cānĭbus lĕpŏrem, cānĭbus venabĕrĕ damas. *V.* Cassĭbŭs impŏsĭtis venŏr. *Pp.* **Crcl.** Venatum ĕo. Fĕras –sectŏr, insectŏr, persĕquŏr, ăgo, ăgĭto, exăgĭto, turbo, urgĕo, fătigo; f. cānĭbŭs *or* cātŭlis ăgĭto, &c. Fĕris retĭā (lăquĕos, plăgas) –tendo, pono. Fĕris dŏlos *or* insĭdĭas –mollĭŏr, mĕlĭŏr, strŭo, păro. Fĕras in retĭā –ăgo, pello, trudo, ăgĭto. Silvas *or* saltus retĭbŭs (plăgis, indagĭnĭbus) –cingo, claudo, sepĭo, circumdo. Cervos formĭdĭnē –terrĕo, ăgĭto, &c. Fĕrarum lātĕbras (speluncas, lustrā) –intro, rimŏr, turbo. Venatu (venatĭbŭs) invĭgĭlo *or* stŭdĕo. Dĭanæ stŭdĭā (venandi stŭdĭum) cŏlo. Venando pĕr jŭgā (pĕr silvas) văgŏr. **Phr.** Venatŏr –silvas ŏpacas (nĕmŏrā) venatu lustrāt (exercĕt, excŭtit): –saltus nexĭlĭbŭs plăgis ambĭt (circumdăt, cingĭt);—cĕlĕri cāni vinclā demĭt (*slips him*):—saltus cānĭbŭs immissis quātĭt;—cānes pĕr jŭgā

hortatŭr; —fĕras clamorĕ præcĭpĭtes ăgĭt; —vastos lĕones tentăt; —ăgrestes sŭes ĭt comĭnŭs; —ĭn ăpros ĕt hirsutas fĕras rŭĭt; —ăpros, &c., lăttĕbris pulsos latratu turbăt; —spumantĭs ăpri cursum clamorĕ prĕmĭt; —vulpem ĭn retĭă ăgĭt; —cervos (ŏnăgros, fĕras) punĭcĕis pennis (vărĭa formidĭnĕ, rŭbenti pinna) terrĕt *or* ăgĭtăt; —cervos, &c., cursu (c. jăcŭloquĕ, insĭdĭis cursuquĕ) fătigăt; —cervos, &c., clamorĕ ăd retĭă prĕmĭt; —lĕpŏrem cătŭlo săgaci sectatŭr; —lĕpŏres (*ep.* auritos) sĕquĭtur; —damas figĭt; —fĕras lăquĕis captăt; —f. visco fallĭt. *See* VENATOR, CANIS. 2. *Used of animals on the hunt for prey. J. V. Fl.* 3. Fig. *To make any thing the object of pursuit, to hunt after it; to lay out for getting it, &c.* ∾ plebĭs suffragĭă; vĭdŭas ăvaras pomis. *H.* vĭros ŏcŭlis (*of a woman*). *Ph.* [†Aucŭpŏr, capto.]

VENOSŬS, ă, um. *Veinous, having rugged veins.* Lit. and fig. Est nunc, Brisei quem venosus lĭbĕr Atti (*rough, unpolished*). *Pers.*

VENTĔR, trĭs. *m.* 1. *The belly* (outwardly). Intŭmŭĭt suffusa ventĕr ăb unda. *O.* [† Alvŭs, abdomĕn; *sts.* ventrĭcŭlŭs, ŭtĕrŭs.] Ep. Tŭmens, tŭmĭdŭs, turgĭdŭs. 2. *The intestines.* Fœdissĭmă ∾-ĭs prolŭvĭes. *V.* [† Alvŭs, viscĕrĕ, intestĭnă.] Crel. Pĕnĕtrălĭă ventrĭs. 3. *The paunch, stomach.* Donarĕ qd ventri ăvaro. *H.* Rebŭs mersis ĭn ventrem. *J.* [† Stŏmăchŭs, gŭlă.] Ep. Căvŭs, căpax, ăvĭdŭs, ĭnanĭs, jejunŭs, fămelĭcŭs, inăănĭtăŭs; plenŭs, rĕfertŭs, grăvĭs, ŏnustŭs. Fig. 4. *Hunger.* Impŭbă ∾-ĭs răbĭes. *V.* [† Fămes, inglŭvies.] *See* FAMES. 5. *The womb. O.* [† ˘Utĕrŭs, viscĕrĕ.] 6. Fig. *Any thing in the shape of a belly.* Crescĕrĕ ĭn ∾-em (de cŭcŭmi). *V.* Tŭmĭdo cŭcurbĭtă ventrĕ. *Pp.* ∾ lăgenæ. *J.*

VENTĬGĔNŬS, ă, um. *Begetting* or *bringing forth wind.* In summa sunt ventĭgĕni crateres, ŭt ipsi Nomĭnĭtant. *Lr.*

VENTĬLO, as. 1. *To blow upon, to subject to the action of wind.* Hanc Vĕnŭs, ut vivat, ventĭlăt ipsă făcem. *Pp.* Incendĭă flatŭs ∾-ăt. *Sil.* [† Flo, afflo, adspiro; *ert.* concŭtĭo.] 2. *To fan, to fan coolness* (cool by fanning). ∾ frigŭs flabello. *M.* pavonum alĭs. *Cl.* *See* FLABELLUM. 3. *To fan, wave in the air.* ∾-ăt aurăă popŭlĕas cŏmas. *O.* æstivum aurum dĭgĭtis sudantĭbŭs. *J.* [† Mŏvĕo, ăgĭto, verso.]

VENTĬTO, as. *freq. of* Venio. *To come frequently.* Quum ventĭtabas quo pŭellă ducebăt. *Cat.*

VENTOSŬS, ă, um. 1. *Of wind, full of wind, windy.* Asplĕ, ventosi cĕdĭderunt murmŭrĭs auræ. *V.* ∾-ĭs follĭbŭs auras accĭpĭĕrĕ ĕt reddĕrĕ. *V.* ∾-æ Alpes. *O.* 2. *Swift as the wind.* ∾-i ĕqui. *O.* ∾-æ alæ. *Pp.* *See* CELER. Fig. 3. *Light, fickle.* Tŭis ∾-ŏr alis (*of Cupid*). *O.* 4. *Vain, frivolous.* ∾ pleba. *H.* [† Vanŭs, &c.] 5. *Vain-glorious.* ∾ linguă; glorĭă. *V.* [† Vanŭs, tŭmĭdŭs, &c.] *See* SUPERBUS.

VENTRĬCŬLŬS, i. *m.*, *dim. of* Venter. *J.*

VENTURŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* VENIO. Used also adj. 1. *Future.* Venturique inscĭŭs ævi. *V.* [† Futurŭs, &c.] 2. Venturum, i. *n.*, *and* Ventură, orum. *pl.* *The future.* Præscĭă ∾-i. *V.* ∾-ă vĭdebant. *V.* *See* FUTURUM.

VENTŬS, i. *m.* 1. *The wind.* Ventŭs ĕrĭt, vento semper rŭbĕt aurĕă Phœbe. *V.* [† Spirĭtŭs, flatŭs, flabrum, flamĕn, flamĭnă, aurăă.] Ep. Æŏlĭŭs, ăĕrĭŭs, alĕs, cĕlĕr, răpĭdŭs, vŏlŭcĕr, spirans. Crel. Ventorum –flatŭs, flabrăă, ănĭmæ. Æŏlĭ fratres. Æŏlĭi carcĕrĭs agmĭnă. 2. *A gentle, favorable breeze.* [† ˘Anĭmă, aurăă, flatŭs, &c.] *See* ZEPHYRUS. 3. *A violent, contrary wind.* [† Flamĕn, flabrăă, turbo, bŏrĕas, ăquĭlo, caurŭs; *sts.* austĕr, eurŭs, Afrĭcŭs; prŏcellă.] Ep. Vălĭdŭs, vĭŏlens, vĭŏlentŭs, vĕhĕmens, turbĭdŭs, fŭrens, insanŭs, hibernŭs, nimbosŭs, prŏcellosŭs, præceps, aspĕr, immitĭs, trux, sævŭs, ingens, magnŭs, fortĭs, ĭniquŭs, fĕrŭs, inĭmicŭs, infestŭs, horrĭsŏnŭs, stridens, sŏnorŭs, sŏnans, raucŭs, frĕmens, crescens, surgens, cŏortŭs, motŭs, æquŏrĕŭs; *pl.* discordes, diversi, luctantes; ăgĭtantes æquŏrăă, grăvĭtĕr spirantes. Crel. Venti *or* ventorum –flabrăă, flatŭs, flamĭnă, vis, vires, impĕtŭs, mĭnæ, fŭrĭæ, răbĭes, irăă, iræ, strĕpĭtŭs, murmŭr, murmŭrăă, stridŏr, verbĕrăă. Venti turbo *or* vis fĕrăă. Ventorum –discordĭă, prœlĭă, certamĭnă. Vălĭdi vis venti. Phr. 1. *Of a storm of wind.* Ventŭs –late lŏcă răpĭdo turbĭnĕ percurrĭt; —campos arbŏrĭbŭs sternĭt; —summos montes vexăt; —acri cum frĕmĭtu perfŭrĭt; —ăb arcto bacchatŭr; —mĭnaci stridorĕ sævĭt. Venti, &c. –vĭŏlento turbĭnĕ adversi confligunt; —rupto t. terras vexant; —t. terras perflant; —terram răpĭdo cum flamĭnĕ portant; —horrendo intĕr se murmŭrĕ luctantŭr; —discordes prœlĭă magno æthĕrĕ mŏvent. Omnĭă ventorum prœlĭă concurrunt. Phr. 2. *Of a storm at sea.* Prŏcellă –alto insŏnăt; —stridens ăquĭlonĕ fŭrĭt. Hĭems ăquĭlonĭbŭs undas aspĕrăt. *See* TURBO (II.), BOREAS, PROCELLA. 4. *The air.* ˘In ∾-os vită rĕcesăit. *V.* Nŏbŭlas ĕt ∾-os pro vĭro obtendĕrĕ. *V.* [† Aurăă, aer.] 5. Sts. *The breath of life.* Călŏr ĕt ∾ vitalĭs ĭn ipso corpŏrĕ. *Lr.* [† Spirĭtŭs, ănĭmă.] 6. *The rush of air upon a stroke of lightning.* Fulmĭnis afflavĭt ∾-is ĕt contĭgĭt igni. *V.* *See* NEBULA.

VENUCŬLĂ, æ. *f.* *A kind of preserved* or *dried grapes.* Nam făcĭe præstant, venucŭlă convĕnĭt ollis. *H.*

VENUM (*from* Venŭs, us. *m.*, *or* Venum, i. *n.* Venŭi *and* veno *are found in prose writers*). *For sale, to be sold* (after a verb of motion). Seque et sŭă tradĭtă venum Castrăă vĭdĕt. *L.* Venumquĕ rĕdĭbăt, dum vendi pŏtăĭt. *Cl.* ∾-um ducĭĕr. *Pl.* Hence—

VENUMDO, *or* VENUNDO, as (*i. e.* venum do). *To sell.* Tuque, o Minoa venumdătă Scyllă fĭgura. *Pp.* Venum cunctă dări. *Cl.* [† Vendo.] *See* V.

VĔNŬS, ĕrĭs. *f.* 1. *The Goddess of Beauty, mother of Cupid, &c.* Sic Vĕnŭs: at Vĕnĕris contra sic fĭlĭŭs orsŭs. *V.* Lugete, o Vĕnĕres Cŭpidĭnesquĕ! *Cat.* [† Cȳthĕrĕă, Cȳthĕrĕă, Cȳthere, Cȳprĭs, Păphĭă *or* Păphĭe, ˘Aphrŏdite, ˘Amăthusĭă, ˘Amăthusĭă, ˘Ĕrȳcĭnă, Dĭone.] Ep. Idălĭă, Păphĭă, ˘Amăthusĭă, Dĭonæă, Gnĭdĭă; almă, pŏtens, dulcĭs, blandă, jucundă; pulchră, formosă, dĕcoră, vĕnustă, candĭdă, nĭvĕă; ignĕă, lascivă, prŏcax, pĕtŭlans, turpĭs. Crel. Dĕă –Păphĭă, Idălĭă, ˘Amăthusĭă, Cȳthĕrĕĭs, Cȳthĕrĕĭs, Cȳprĭă. Divă Păphi. Divă pŏtens Cȳpri. Regĭnă Gnĭdi Păphiquĕ. Matĕr Păphĭă *or* Dĭonæă. Cȳthĕrĕă Vĕnŭs. Matĕr ˘Amorum. Matĕr sævă Cŭpidĭnum. M. ˘Acidălĭă. Vulcani *or* Vulcanĭă uxŏr. Dĕă –ortă mări, æquŏrĕ nată, gĕnĕrătă ponto, nată frĕto, divum hŏmĭnumquĕ vŏluptas. *See* CUPIDO (II.). 2. *Love* (the animal passion in its gratification) *in man* or *animals. O.* Quem damnosă ∾ nudăt. *H.* ∾-em rĕpĕtunt armentă. *V.* [† ˘Amŏr, cŭpido, *f.*] *See* AMOR. 3. *A lover's mistress* (his 'love'). Partă mĕæ vĕnĕri sunt munĕrĕ. *V.* [† ˘Amică, &c.] *See* A. 4. *The planet Venus.* *See* LUCIFER, HESPERUS. 5. *The luckiest throw at dice* (when the numbers on each dice were different). *Pp.* 6. *Personal beauty and attraction; any particular grace, &c.* Lit. and fig. Quo fugĭt ∾; quovĕ cŏlŏr dĕcens? *H.* Ordĭnis virtus ĕt ∾. *H.* Quas hăbĕăt ∾-es ăllenă pĕcunĭă, nescis. *J.* [† Gratĭă, vĕnustas, dĕcŏr, blandĭtĭæ.]

Vĕnustas, atis. *f. Beauty, grace*, &c. Nam nullā vĕnustas, Nulla in tam magno corpŏrĕ mică sălis. *Cat.* [† Vĕnŭs, formā, gratĭā, lĕpŏr, elĕgantĭā, dĕcŏr, &c.] *See* Pulchritudo.

Vĕnustŭs, ă, um. 1. *Graceful, beautiful.* Et quantum est hŏmĭnum vĕnustĭorum. *Cat.* ~ Sirmĭo. *Cat.* [† Formosŭs, lĕpĭdŭs, pulchĕr, elĕgans, &c.] *See* Pulcher. 2. Fig. *Of refined mind and manners.* Hŏmŏ est ~, ĕt dĭcax, ĕt urbanŭs. *Cat.*

Vĕpres, *or* **Vĕprĭs**, ĭs. *m. f., and us.* **Vĕpres**, um. *pl. A bramble, briar, a prickly bush.* Aut lĕpŏri, qui veprĕ lătens, hostilĭā cernĭt Orā cănum. *O.* Cornā vĕpres et prunā fĕrunt. *H.* [† Rŭbŭs, sentes, dumŭs, &c.] *See* Dumus.

Ver, verĭs. *n.* 1. *The spring.* Quum verĕ rŭbenti Candĭdā venĭt ăvis longis inviā cŏlubris. *V.* Ver ĕrāt æternum. *O.* Ep. Nŏvum, nascens, blandum, plăcĭdum, ămœnum, gratum, jucundum, ămicum, lætum, ridens, sĕrenum, sudum; florens, vernans, vĭrens, purpŭrĕum; tĕpens, tĕpĭdum; fertĭlĕ, fĕrax, felix, luxŭrĭans; ŏdorum, fragrans; mădĭdum, plŭvĭum, nimbosum, imbrĭfĕrum, udum. Crol. Vernum *or* verĭs tempŭs. Vernā tempŏrā. Vernā tempestas. Verĭs dĭes. Verĭs -hŏnos, clementĭā, indulgentĭā. Florĭfĕr annŭs. Pars anni mĕllŏr *or* optĭmā. 2. Verĕ. *In spring. V.* Crol. Verĕ nŏvo. Verno tempŏrĕ. Verĕ tĕpenti. V. purpŭrĕo. Phr. Verĕ nŏvo -frigŏrā zĕphyri mĭnŭunt;—acrĭs hĭems solvĭtŭr;—pigrā fŭgĭt hĭems;—h. se zĕphyris rĕmittĭt;—sŏlutis nĭvĭbŭs (diffusis prŭinis) glebā se rĕsolvĭt;—canis montĭbŭs gĕlĭdŭs humŏr liquĭtŭr;—sol æstiva lucĕ cœlum rĕcludĭt;—omnis ăgĕr, omnis arbos partŭrĭt;—vestitŭr hŭmŭs, v. ĕt arbos;—frondent silvæ;—ăgĕr florum cŏlorĭbŭs ludĭt;—pratā nŏvis cŏlorĭbŭs rŭbent;—herbæ, rupto solĕ, căcumĭnā tollunt;—germĭnā primi flores laxant;—vitĭs ăgĭt gemmas;—gemmas cortĭcĕ palmĕs ăgĭt;—silvā frondem ĭn omnem vĭrescĭt;—garrŭlā hĭrundo nidum suspendĭt;—totum nĕmŭs cănora vocĕ lŏquĭtŭr;—florent omnĭā;—fetā terrā pārĭt;—ridĕt ŏdoræ Floræ gratĭā;—nŏvā tempŏrĭs ætas est;—annŭs est formosissĭmŭs. Ver -cgĕlĭdos tĕpores rĕfert;—omnĭā ăpĕrĭt;—blandis zĕphyris rurā mulcĕt. *See* Flos, Frondeo, Herba. 3. Sts. *Spring flowers.* Ver pŏpŭlantŭr ăpes. *M.* ~In urna perpĕtŭum ver. *J.* 4. Fig. *The spring of life.* Ætatĭs brĕvĕ ver. *O. See* Juventa.

Veratrum, i. *n. Hellebore.* Prætĕrĕa nobis veratrum est acrĕ vĕnenum. *Lr. See* Helleborus.

Verax, acis. *Truthful, speaking* or *declaring what is true.* Compertum est veracĭbŭs ut mĭhĭ signis. *Tib.* ~Erāt ~ vatĭcĭnatā sŏrŏr. *O.* [† Sincerŭs, verĭdĭcŭs, verŭs, &c.] Crol. Lingua ĕt pectŏrĕ verŭs. *See* Sincerus.

Verbena, æ. *f.* (*us. pl.*) 1. *Any sacred herb* or *branch* (of laurel, olive, myrtle, &c., used on various religious occasions, and worn by the Feciales). Velati lino, et verbena tempŏrā vincti. *V.* Verbenis complĭtā velo. *Pp.* [† Segmĕn.] 2. *The plant vervain. V.*

Verbĕr, ĕrĭs. *n.* (*us. pl.; gen. and abl. only in sing.*) 1. *A whip, rod; the thong* or *lash of the whip.* Prensiquĕ nĕgabunt Verbĕrā lentā pāti. *V.* Instant ~-ĕ torto. *V.* Ictu ~-Is insŏnŭĭt. *O.* [† Flăgellum, virgā, flăgrum, scŭtĭcā, hăbenā, lorum.] *See* Flagellum. 2. *The thong of a sling* or *ballista, of a javelin*, &c. Torquerĕ stuppĕā ~-ā fundæ. *V.* Saxum ~-Is actu excŭtĭtŭr. *L.* [† Hăbenā, lorum.] 3. *The blow* or *lash given.* Percŭti ~-ĕ virgæ. *O.* ~-ā lăpĭdum. *O.* ventorum. *Lr.* ăquarum. *Cl.* [† Ictŭs.] *See* I. 4. Sp. *The stroke of an oar;* or *of a swimmer.* Prætorĭā puppĭs ~-ĭbŭs senis ăgĭtur. *L.* Dārĕ verbĕrā ponto (*of one swimming*). *O.* 5. *The flapping* or *beat of wings.* Alarum ~-ā nosco. *V.* [† Plausŭs.] Fig. 6. *Used of the language of invective* or *censure.* ~-ā pătrĭæ linguæ. *H.* 7. *Used of the stings of conscience.* Mersurdo ~-ĕ (hŏmĭnes) cædĭt. *J.*

Verbĕro, as. 1. *To beat, give blows to*, &c. *flog.* Verbĕrāt, atque ŏbĭter făcĭem lĭnit. *J.* [† Cædo, fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, pulso, plecto, castigo, multo.] Crol. Verbĕrĕ (verbĕrĭbŭs, ictĭbŭs, -cædo, concido, tundo, contundo, lăcĕro, &c. Verbĕrā do *or* fĕro. *See* Flagellum, Pugnus. 2. Gen. *To strike.* ~ auras ictĭbŭs; arenem funda; æthĕrā alis; sidĕrā unda. *V.* Ignĕ nĭvĕ. *St.* chĕlŷn plectro. *Sen.* [† Fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, pulso, tundo, cædo, plango, plaudo, quatio; *sts.* deverbĕro, diverbĕro, impello, jăcĭlĭo.] Crol. Ictum (ictus, verbĕrā) -do, ingĕmĭno. Ictu verbĕro. Ictu (ictĭbŭs, verbĕrĕ) -fĕrĭo, tundo, cædo, pulso, quătĭo, contundo, insequor, lăcesso, &c. Măniĭbŭs qm insĕquŏr. *See* Plango. 3. Sts. = vulnĕro. Costas ~-āt ensĕ. *O. See* Vulnero. 4. *To strike the ear* (of sound). *Pl.* [† Fĕrĭo, pulso, impello.] 5. Fig. ~ qm verbis. *To censure. Pl. See* Verber, Objurgo.

Verbosŭs, ă, um. 1. *Loquacious, full of words.* Cedunt verbosi garrŭlā verbā fŏri. *O. See* Garrulus. 2. Used subst. m. *An empty chatterer.* Quŏd ~-is dicĭtŭr ĕt fătŭis. *Cat.*

Verbum, i. *n.* 1. *A word* (said or written), *an expression.* Lăcrĭmas verba inter singŭlā fundit. *V.* ~-is chartā nŏtatā. *O.* [† Vŏcabŭlum, vox.] 2. Pl., and sts. sing. *Language held, speech, conversation*, &c. ~-is compellāt ămicis. *V.* Vim affŏrĕ ~-o credĭdĕrāt. *V.* [† Dictā, voces, sermo; *sts.* lŏquelā, sŏnŭs.] 3. Sts. *The faculty of speech.* ~-orum abstŭlĭt usum. *O.* [† Vox, lŏquelā.] 4. Pl. Sts. *Mere words, deceiving words; words, as opposed to fact and truth* (hence, verbā do = *to deceive, take in*). Vidi dāsi verbā pŭellæ. *O.* Cui verbā dārĕ difficĭlĕ est. *Ter. See* Decipio. 5. Verbis mĕis, tĭis, &c. *In my name, for me*, &c. Verbisquĕ mĕis lŏci gratā sălutā. *O.*

Vere. *Truly; really.* Quando omnĭā vere, Heu! nĭmĭum de te vates, Miseně, lŏcuta est. *V.* O vere Phrŷglæ, nĕquĕ ĕnim Phrŷgĕs! *V.* [† *Sts.* Revera.]

Verecundŭs, ă, um. 1. *Bashful, modest, chaste.* Illā vĕrecundo vix tollens lumĭnā vultu. *O.* [† Pŭdens, pŭdicŭs, mŏdestŭs, castŭs, &c.] 2. *Virtuous, of fair fame.* Vitā ~ est, musā jŏcosā mĭhĭ. *O.* [† Castŭs, prŏbŭs, ingĕnŭŭs.] 3. *Temperate, moderate.* ~ sĭtis. *M.* [† Mŏdĭcŭs, mŏdestŭs, sobrĭŭs, temperans.]

Verĕŏr, erĭs, ĭtŭs sum. (Vĕrens. *St.*) 1. *To fear with reverence, to look upon with feelings of awe* or *great respect.* Curĭā cum pătrĭbus fŭĕrĭt sĕpatā vĕrendis. *O.* ~Ocŭliquĕ vĕrentes ăd sanctum pătrem rĕdĭerĕ. *St.* 2. Gen. *To fear, apprehend*, &c. De te nil talĕ vĕretăr. *V.* ~Anima pejorā vĕretŭr. *O.* [† Timĕo, &c.] *See* T. 3. With inf. Non vĕrĭtŭs portus ăpĕrirĕ. *O.* 4. *To hesitate, to scruple* (to do). Nĕc vĕrĭti sŏcĭorum fallĕrĕ dextras. *V.* [† Timĕo, dŭbĭto.] 5. *To feel modestly, to have the sense of shame.* Hic ~ perdĭdĭt (*has lost all shame*). *Pl.*

Vergo, ĭs. 1. Tr. *To turn, bend*, or *direct towards.* Et pŏlŭs aversi călĭdus qua vergĭtŭr austri. *L.* [† Inclino, inflecto, flecto.] *See* Flecto. 2. *To reverse* or *turn inward* (as the libation-cup in sacrifices); hence, *to pour out*, &c. Spumantem mĕro pătĕræ ~-untŭr. *St.* [† Invergo, fundo, &c.] 3. Us. intr. *To lean* or *lie towards, to slope.* Lit. and fig. Nevĕ ăd solem ~-ant vineti

cĕdentem. *V.* ∾-ĭt ăd imum (ănĭmŭs). *H.* [¶ Vergŏr, inclinŏr, pendĕo, propendĕo, specto.] *See* VERGENS.

VERĬDĬCŬS, ă, um. *Truth-speaking, true.* Verĭdĭcos Parcæ cœperunt edĕrĕ cantus. *Cat.* [¶ Verax, verŭs.] *See* SINCERUS.

VERĬTAS, ātĭs. *f. Truth, the truth.* Rĕpulsŭs illĕ verĭtatis vĭrĭbŭs. *Ph.* Incorruptă Fĭdes, nudăquĕ Verĭtas (*personified as a deity*). *H.* [¶ Verum.]

VERMĬCŬLUS, i. *m. A little worm, a grub.* Vermĭculos părĭunt, quĭă corpŏrĕ matĕrĭai &c. *Lr. See* VERMIS.

VERMIS, is. *m. A worm.* Quippĕ vĭdĕrĕ lĭcet vivos exsistĕrĕ vermes. *Lr.* [¶ Vermĭculŭs.] Ep. Exĭgŭŭs, grăcĭlĭs, repens, infestŭs, ĕdax.

VERNĂ, æ. *m., sts. f.* 1. *A slave born in the house; a slave.* Pŏsĭtosquĕ vernas, dĭtĭs examen dŏmus. *H.* ∾ Cănopi (Crispinŭs). *J.* [¶ Vernŭlă, vernacŭlŭs.] *See* SERVUS. 2. Used adj. *Native; of one's own house* or *country.* ∾-æ lŭpi; ăpri. *M.* ∾ lĭbĕr (*written at Rome*). *M.* [¶ Vernŭlă, vernacŭlŭs, dŏmestĭcŭs.] *See*—

VERNACŬLUS, ă, um. *See* 2.—1. *Of one's own house, home, country,* &c. *Pl.* [Hence, '*vernacular tongue.*'] [¶ Dŏmestĭcŭs, prŏprĭŭs.] 2. Used subst. m. = vernă. Vernacŭlorum dictă, sordĭdum dentem. *M.*

VERNALĬTĔR. *See* VERNILITER.

VERNILĬTĔR. *Like a* verna, *servilely.* Nec non vernilĭtĕr ipsis Fungĭtŭr offĭcĭis. *H.*

VERNO, as. 1. *To put forth, begin anew in the spring; to be under the influence of spring, to rejoice in the spring.* Vernăt hŭmus, floresque et mollĭă pabŭlă surgunt. *O.* ∾-ăt ăgĕr arguto passĕrĕ. *M.* ăvĭs guttŭrĕ. *O.* 2. Fig. *To be young, to be in the spring of life.* ∾-ăt sanguis. *Pp.* [¶ Florĕo.]

VERNŬLĂ, æ. *m., sts. f., dim. of* Verna. 1. *A slave born in the house; a slave.* Quem sĕquĭtur custos angustæ vernŭlă capsæ. *J.* 2. Used adj. *A native* or *habitual occupant* (of any place); *of one's own house,* or *country,* or *language.* ∾ riparum (de lŭpo piscĕ). *J.* Lĭbelli ∾-æ. *M.*

VERNŬS, ă, um. *Of the spring, vernal.* Et căpŭt in verna sempĕr hăbĕrĕ rŏsa. *Pp.* ∾ sol; horă. *O.* [¶ Vernalĭs.]

VERO. (Verŏ. *St. V. Fl.*). 1. Adv. *Truly, with truth; forsooth!* Egrĕgĭam vero laudem et spŏlĭa amplă rĕfertis. *V.* 2. Conj. *But, however, now. V.,* &c. [¶ Autem, sĕd, porro.]

VERPŬS, i. *m. One that has been circumcised.* Quæsitum ad fontem solos deducĕrĕ verpos. *J.* [¶ Rĕcŭtĭtŭs, &c.]

VERRES, is. *m. A boar-pig.* Verrĭs obliquum mĕdĭtantĭs ictum. *H. See* SUS.

VERRO, is, sum. 1. *To drag, let drag.* Canĭtĭemquĕ sŭam concreto in sanguĭnĕ verrens. *O.* ∾ cæsărĭem (sŭam) pĕr æquŏrĕ. *O. See* TRAHO. 2. Us. *To sweep clean; to sweep out* (collect from). ∾ păvimentum. *J.* Quidquĭd de Lĭbycis ∾-ĭtŭr arĕis. *H.* [¶ Purgo.] 3. *To sweep by trailing over.* ∾-ĭt vestigĭă ima cauda. *V.* ∾-ebant brachĭă crines. *Cl.* 4. *To sweep away, sweep from before; to carry* or *force off.* ∾ mărĭă ac terras pĕr auras (de răpĭdis ventis). *V.* ∾-ĕrĕt ossă nostră mărĕ. *Pp.* [¶ ˘Ago, ăgĭto, impello, &c.] 5. ∾ mărĕ. *Used of the action of the oar in rowing.* ∾ æquŏrĕ palmis. *Cat.* vădĭă remis; cærŭlă. *V.* 6. ∾ mărĕ retĭbŭs. *Used of net-fishing.* Retĭbŭs æquŏr ∾. *Sil.* 7. Fig. *To sweep off, make away with* (in robbery). *M. See* FUROR.

VERRUCA, æ. *f. A wart,* &c.; fig. *a fault, infirmity.* Ignoscat verrucis illĭŭs æquum est. *H.*

VERRUCOSŬS, ă, um. *Covered with warts;* fig. *rugged, coarse.* Sunt quos Pacŭvĭus, et verrucosă mŏrĕtŭr Antĭŏpă. *Pers. See* VENOSUS.

VERSABUNDŬS, ă, um. *Whirling round.* Versabundŭs ĕnim turbo descendĭt. *Lr.*

VERSATĬLIS, ĕ. *Easily turning.* At vĭgĭles mundi magnum et versatĭlĕ templum. *Lr.*

VERSĬCŎLŎR, ōrĭs. *m. f. n. Of various colours.* Astŭr ĕquo fidens et versĭcŏlorĭbŭs armis. *V.* ∾ cultŭs. *O.* plumă. *Pp.* [¶ Multĭcŏlŏr, vărĭŭs.] Crcl. Vărĭis cŏlorĭbŭs (vărĭo cŏlorĕ) distinctŭs *or* nĭtens. Cŏlorĭbŭs vărĭŭs. Multis cŏlorĭbŭs vărĭatŭs. Vărĭo splendorĕ cŏlorum insignĭs.

VERSĬCŬLUS, i. *m., dim. of* Versus. *A short line; a verse.* Causăquĕ versĭcŭlis scriptă duŏbŭs ĕrĭt. *O.*

VERSO, as. *freq. of* Verto. 1. *To turn, to turn often, turn round, turn backwards and forwards.* Versatur cĕlĕri Fors lĕvis orbĕ rŏtæ. *Tib.* ∾ ferrum forcĭpĕ. *V.* glebas lĭgonĭbŭs; turdos ĭn ignĕ. *H.* [¶ Verto, &c.] 2. *To drive about, round; to drive* or *move here and there.* ∾ currum ĭn gramĭnĕ; ŏves (*lead to pasture*). *V.* [¶ ˘Ago, ăgĭto, impello, &c.] 3. *To turn over and over* (of a book), *handle frequently.* ∾ mănu Græcă exemplarĭă. *H.* [¶ Tracto.] Fig. 4. *To turn over in the mind, to meditate upon, plan.* ∾ dŏlos ĭn pectŏrĕ; curas pectŏrĕ. *V.* [¶ Vŏluto, mĕdĭtŏr, ăgĭto, perpendo, &c.] 5. *To practise, to be engaged in any thing.* ∾ dŏlos. *V.* prœlĭă. *Pp.* [¶ Exercĕo, ăgĭto.] 6. *To agitate, disturb.* Spes ănĭmum ∾-ăt. *Pp.* [¶ ˘Agĭto, jacto, exercĕo.] 7. *To manage, to direct at will, conduct,* &c. Fors omnĭă ∾-ăt. *V.* Illĕ ∾-ăt dŏmum (servŭs). *O.* [¶ Rĕgo.] 8. *To overturn.* ∾ dŏmos ŏdĭis. *V.* [¶ Verto, miscĕo.]

VERSŎR, ārĭs. *To be generally* or *habitually; to be in* or *amongst, to have to do with, be busied in. Pl. Ter.* [and prose writers.] [¶ Sum; *sts.* exsisto, mănĕo.] Crcl. Me hăbĕo.

VERSŬS, us. *m.* 1. *A row, a line, a rank,* &c. Trĭplĭci pubes quam Dardănă versu Impellunt (sc. remis). *V.* ˘In ∾-us distŭlĭt ulmos. *V.* [¶ Ordo, sĕrĭes.] 2. Us. *A line in poetry, a verse.* ∾-ĭbŭs incomptis ludunt. *V.* [¶ Versĭcŭlŭs, carmĕn.] *See* CARMEN.

VERSUTŬS, ă, um. 1. *Dexterous, versatile, full of expedients.* Vidĕrăt hoc in me vĭtĭum versută Cŏrĭnnă. *O.* [¶ Callĭdŭs, văfĕr, ingĕnĭosŭs, săgax, &c.] 2. *Cunning, crafty.* Allpĕdĭs dĕi ∾-ă prŏpago. *V.* [¶ Callĭdŭs, astutŭs, dŏlosŭs, &c.] *See* DOLOSUS.

VERTAGŬS, i. *m.* (Vertăgrĭă, æ. *m. Grat.*) *A greyhound.* Non sĭbĭ, sed dŏmĭno venatur vertăgŭs acĕr. *M.*

VERTEX, ĭcis. *m.* 1. *One of the poles of the world.* Hic ∾ nobis sempĕr sublĭmis (sc. Arctĭcŭs). *V. See* POLUS. 2. *The crown of the head, the head.* ∾-ĭcĕ portăt ăquam; mŏrĭbundo hŭmum pulsăt. *V. See* CAPUT. 3. *The highest point of any thing.* Contingens ∾-ĭcĕ nubes (Taurŭs). *Tib.* Hirsută ∾-ĭcĕ pinŭs. *O.* [¶ Căcumĕn, culmĕn, ăpex, &c.] 4. = mons. Quo vertĭcĕ lusĕrĭt Œnone. *L. See* MONS.

VERTIGO, ĭnis. *f.* 1. *A turning round* or *about, a revolution.* Addĕ quŏd assĭdŭa răpĭtur vertĭgĭnĕ cœlum. *O.* [¶ Gyrŭs, orbis; *abl.* rŏtatu, tortu.] Fig. 2. *Change and vicissitude of affairs.* ∾-ĭnĕ rerum attŏnĭti. *L.* 3. *Giddiness in the head. J.*

VERTO (*asc.* VORTO), is, i, sum. 1. *To turn, turn round, to cause to turn round.* Vertĭtŭr intĕrĕa cœlum, et rŭĭt ocĕăno nox. *V.* [¶ Verso, vŏluto, circumăgo, circumverto, volvo, torquĕo.] 2. *To turn towards, turn in a particular direction.* ∾ ĕquos ăd mœnĭă; ĭtĕr. *V.* ŏcŭlos ăd sidĕrĕ. *Sil.* [¶ Converto, torquĕo, dirigo.] 3. ∾ prædas. *To lift, drive off cattle,* &c. *V.* [¶ Aver-

to, abduco, &c.] 4. *To invert, reverse.* ∾ crateras. *V.* [¶ Inverto.] 5. *To throw to the ground, overthrow.* Lit. and fig. ∾ cycnum vi. *O.* Phrygiæ res fundo. *V.* proceras fraxinos. *H.* [¶ Everto, &c.] *See* E. Fig. 6. *To change, convert, transform.* ∾ se omnes in facies. *V.* Omnia ∾-untur. *Pp.* [¶ Converto, muto, &c.] *See* MUTO. 7. Sts. pass. *To be in, be involved in; to be occupied in; to depend upon, turn upon.* Res in periclo ∾-itur. *Pl.* ˘In mercatura qs ∾-itur. *Pl.* Non hic victoria Teucrum ∾-itur. *V.* [¶ Versor; *sts.* stat.] 8. Intr. *To turn, be changed.* ˘In glaciem ∾-ere lacunæ. *V.* [¶ Vertor, me verto.] 9. With bene or male. *To turn out.* Hos illi, quod nec bene ∾-at! mittimus. *V.*

VERTUMNUS, i. *m. An Etruscan deity, presiding over the seasons* (changes of the year), *fruits, &c.; personified also as the image of changeableness.* Vertumnis, quotquot sunt, natus iniquis (*of an inconstant person*). *H.*

VERU, *sing. n. undecl.; pl.* Veribus *or* ubus. 1. *A spit.* Subjiciunt veribus prunas, et viscera torrent. *V.* 2. *A javelin.* Pugnant mucrone veruque Sabello. *V.* [¶ Verutum.]

I. VERUM. *But.* Verum etiam invisos si quis tentarat amictus. *V.* [¶ Sed, &c.] *See* S.

II. VERUM, i. *n., and* VERA, orum. *pl. The truth; that which is true, real,* &c. Misimus et Sparten, Sparte quoque nescia veri. *O.* Ne dubita, nam ∾-a vides. *V.* [¶ Veritas.]

VERUMTAMEN, *or* VERUNTAMEN. *But however.* Igne facit votum, verumtamen aestuat intus. *O.* *See* TAMEN.

VERUS, a, um. 1. *True, veritable, real.* Hinc sinus Herculei, si vera est fama, Tarenti. *V.* Exemplum ∾-i amoris. *O.* ∾-issima crimina. *O.* [¶ *Sts.* Sincerus, germanus, ingenuus.] Crcl. Non simulatus (vanus, falsus, fucatus). 2. *Truthful, speaking what is true* or *fact.* ∾ vates. *O.* [¶ Verax, verificus.] *See* SINCERUS.

VERUTUM, i. *n.* = veru. *A sort of javelin.* Tenui pugnax instare veruto. *Sil.*

VERUTUS, a, um. 1. *Armed with the* veru, &c. Volscosque ∾-os. *V.* 2. *Spit-like.* ∾-i dentes. *Grat.*

VERVEX, ecis. *m. A wether-sheep;* fig. *a stupid person.* Vervecum in patria, crassoque sub aere nasci. *J.*

VESANIA, æ. *f. Madness.* Extimui ne vos ageret vesania discors. *H.* *See* AMENTIA.

VESANUS, a, um. (Vesanicus. *Cat.*) 1. *Out of his sound senses, mad.* Ac latos errat vesana per agros. *O.* *See* AMENS. 2. *Making mad.* Suadet enim ∾-a fames. *V.*

VESCOR, eris (*no perf.*). 1. *To feed upon, live upon.* Visceribus miserorum et sanguine vescitur atro. *V.* ∾ alite. *O.* Conspicit alios per herbam vescentes. *V.* [¶ Pascor, edo, &c.] *See* ˘EDO. 2. Sts. with acc. ∾ singulas. *Ph.* lauros. *Tib.* 3. ∾ aura aetheria, &c. *V.* *To breathe.* ∾ vitalibus auris. *Lr.*

VESCUS, a, um. 1. *Eating, corroding.* Nec mare quæ impendent, vesco salo saxa pereska. *L.* 2. *Small, poor, thin, weak.* ∾ papaver (*with small grains*). *V.* ∾-a farra (*ill-grown*). *O.* ∾-æ sallicum frondes. *V.* [¶ Gracilis, parvus, exilis, &c.]

VESEVUS, i. *m.* (Vesivius. *St.*, Vesbius. *Sil.*) 1. *Mount Vesuvius.* Prærupti tonuit quum forte Vesevi Hesperiæ letalis apex. *V. Fl.* Phr. *Vesuvius under eruption.* Vesevus -fractus irrs (incendia Trinacrias flammis æmula, ignes per saecula pastos) erigit (torquet, volvit, evomit); —attonitas urbes anhelans suscitat. *See* ÆTNA. 2. Vesevus, Vesvinus, *and* Vesvius, a, um. *Of* or *belonging to Vesuvius.* Vicina Vesevo jugo. *V.* Semustos Vesvino fulgure vultus. *St.* Vesvi rura. *Cul.*

VESICA, æ. *f.* 1. *A bladder;* sp. *the urinary bladder.* Tendere vesicam solet, aut dereptæ bicus. Terga capro. *O.* Quicquid ∾ remisit. *O.* [¶ Vesicula.] 2. Fig. *Bombast. M.* [¶ Tumor.]

VESICULA, æ. *f., dim. of* Vesica. Nec mirum, quum plena anima vesicula parva. *Lr.*

VESPA, æ. *f. A wasp.* [¶ Fucus.]

VESPASIANUS, i. *m. The Roman emperor.* Ea decimus, fatoque adscitus Vespasianus. *Am.*

VESPER, eris, *and* VESPERUS, i. *m.* 1. *The evening star.* Illic sera rubens accendit lumina Vesper. *V.* Nec tibi Vespero Surgente decedunt imres. *H.* [¶ Hesperus, Noctifer; *sts.* Venus.] Ep. Œtæus, occiduus, serus, umbrifer, noctifer, fuscus, roscidus; dilectus Veneri; nocis antifus. Crcl. Veneris -astrum, aidus, stella. *See* LUCIFER. 2. *The evening.* Quid ∾ serus tibhat. *V.* [¶ Vespera.] Crcl. Vespertinum tempus. Vespertinæ *or* seræ horæ. Sol occidens (cadens, vergens). ˘In noctem vergens die. Nox prima. Pars noctis prima. P. lucis extrema. Dubiæ noctis crepuscula. *See* VESPERE 3. *The west.* ∾-ere ab atro consurgunt venti. *V.* *See* OCCIDENS. 4. *The people of the west.* Totis adest ∾. *Sil.*

VESPERA, æ. *f. The evening.* Ut quosque aeris crudelis vesperæ lucis Stravérat. *St.* *See* VESPER.

VESPERE, *and* VESPERI. *abl. and adv. In the evening.* Nunquam tam mane egredior, neque tam vesperi Domum revortor. *Ter.* Crcl. Sole -cadente, occidio, fugiente, prono, inclinato, supremo, emerito. Die -vergente, decedente, labente, moriente. Sole sub occidio. Solis jam cadente luce. Sub noctem. Crescentibus umbris. Prima nocte. N. oborta. De nocte. ˘In nocten die vergente. Vespertinis sub horis. Sub obscurum noctis. Astris noctem ducentibus (cœlo venientibus). Phr. Tempore quo vesper -devexo olympo fit proplor;—clauso o. diem componit;—frigidus aera temperat (saltus rigit); —volucres a pastu ad cubilia agit;—seras horæ profert. Tempore quo sol, &c. -fretum proc (inclinato) temone tenet;—equos (*ep.* flagrantes, fessos) ˘Ibero gurgite (Hesperii ponti margine) tingit (solvit);—præcipitem roseo aquore currum lavit;—juga purpureis equis demit;—nitidum caput (vultus suos, se) oceano (in undis) abdit (condit);—pronus undas petit;—emenso olympo decedit;—decedens umbras deprecat;—noctem, die labente, reducit. Tempore quo -lux æquis præcipitatur;—montes opac umbrantur;—sera crepuscula noctem trahunt; —cœlum lumina varant;—dubius dies vicina noctè premitur. *See* NOCTE.

VESPERTILIO, onis. *m.* (Vespertilio. *Æsop. ed. Schwab.*) *A bat. Plin.* Strix nocturna sonans et vespertilio stridunt (*Auct. Phil., L. L.*) ☞ *Nocte volant, seroque tenent a vespere nomen.* *O.* Crcl. Minyeia proles. ˘Avis (volucris) -Minyeia, Minyeius, Minyeis.

VESPERTINUS, a, um. 1. *Evening* (adj.); *at evening.* Nec vespertinus circumgemit ursus ovile. *H.* 2. *Of the west, western.* ∾ regio. *H.* [¶ Occiduus, &c.]

VESPERUS, i. *m.* *See* VESPER.

VESTA, æ. *f.* 1. *The wife of Cœlus, and mother of Saturn* (another name for Ops, Cybele, Terra). Stat vi terra sua, vi stando Vesta vocatur. *O.* [¶ Terra, Tellus, Ops, Rhea, &c.] 2. *The granddaughter of the above, and goddess of domestic life, in honour of whom the Vestal fire was kept always burning.* ∾-æ vigiles flammæ. *O.* Cana penetralia ∾-æ. *V.* 3. *The fire of the domestic*

hearth, fire. Perfundĕrĕ ardentem ~-am nectărĕ. *V. See* IGNIS.

VESTĀLIS, ĕ. **1.** *Vestal* (of or belonging to Vesta). Fortĕ rĕvertebar festis Vestallĭbŭs illac. *O.* **2.** Used subst. f. *A Vestal virgin* (one of those who had the care of the sacred fire). *O.* **Crel.** Vestæ –mĭnistrā, săcerdos, antistĭtā. Virgo (pŭellā) Vestæ –săcrā, săcratā, dĭcatā, devotā. Virgo fŏci vĭgĭlis (æterni, perpĕtŭi) custos. Săcræ făvillæ tutelā.

VESTĔR, trā, trum. **1.** *Your* (us. of more than one, but sts. of one). Cŏlŭi vestros si sempĕr hŏnores. *V.* Orĕ laudamŭr ~-o (*Helen to Paris*). *O.* **2.** *Yours* (as dear or attached to you). ~ pŏetā. *V.* In Sābinos tollŏr (*to the Muses*). *H.*

VESTIBŬLUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A court of entrance, a vestibule.* Hinc quŏquĕ vestĭbŭlum dici rĕŏr; indĕ prĕcando Affamur Vestam. *O.* [¶ Atrĭum, atrĭā, limĕn.] **2.** *Any way of entrance.* ~ antĕ ipsum primisquĕ In fauclbŭs Orci. *V.* [¶ Limĕn, ădĭtŭs.]

VESTIGĬUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *A footstep, a track.* Vestigĭā retro Observatā sĕquŏr. *V.* Lustrarĕ cjs ~-ā. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Indĭcĭum, signum.] **Ep.** Impressum, signatum, tĕnŭĕ, dŭbĭum, mānifestum, rĕcens. **Crel.** Pĕdum –vestigĭā, signā, nŏtæ, indĭcĭā. **2.** Vestigĭā făcio. *To set the foot, to tread, to go.* Justĭtĭā pĕr illos extremā ~-ā fecĭt (*there last set her foot = was seen*). *V.* Has usquĕ dŏmos ~-ā fecĭt ˘Apollo. *St.* [¶ Grăduin, gressum, ĭtĕr, vĭam.] **3.** Gen. *A trace.* ~-ā fœdā rĕlinquunt (Harpyiæ). *V.* pugnæ (cicatrices); corpŏris (oppressā herbā). *O.* [¶ Indĭcĭum, signum, pignŭs, reliquiæ.] **4.** Sts. *Fragments, remains.* ~-ā lăcĕri currus. *O. See* FRAGMEN. Fig. **5.** *Vestige, trace, &c.* ~-ā vĕtĕris flammæ; priscæ fraudis. *V.* furti. *O.* [¶ Indĭcĭum.] **6.** Ext. *The sole of the foot; the whole treading foot.* ~-ā primi pĕdis (*the fore-foot*). *V.* candĭdā permulcens lymphis. *Cat.* ponĭt terra. *O. See* PES. **7.** *A tread, a step.* ~-ā ăd sŏnĭtum torquerĕ; cæcā filo rĕgĕrĕ. *V.* [¶ Passŭs, grăduis, &c.] **8.** Post vestigĭā. *Behind.* Lăpides post ~-ā mittunt. *O.* [¶ Post tergum *or* tergā.] *See* PONE.

VESTIGO, as. *To track, trace; to search out, search after.* Lit. and fig. Vestigatquĕ vĭrum disjectā pĕr agmĭnā. *V.* ~ fĕras. *Sen.* quæ lŏcā, quivĕ hăbĕant hŏmĭnes; alte ŏcŭlis. *V.* [¶ Investigo, quæro, inquiro, scrutŏr, &c.]

VESTIMENTUM, i. *n.* *A garment.* Suspendissĕ pŏtenti Vestimentā mĕris Dĕo. *H. See* VESTIS.

VESTIO, is. **1.** *To clothe, cover with a garment;* pass. *to dress, clothe oneself.* Quales essĕ dĕcet quos ardens purpŭrā vestĭt. *J.* [¶ Velo, tĕgo, contĕgo, indŭo, ŏpĕrio, induco, obduco, ămĭcio, cingo, incingo, circumdo; *ext.* orno, exorno.] **Crel.** Vestĕ (vestĭbŭs, ămictu) –indŭo, tĕgo, velo, ŏpĕrio, &c. Tegmĭnĕ vestio. Corpŭs –vestio, tĕgo, &c. Corpŭs ămictu circumdo. Vestem –indŭo, induco;—*pass.* indŭŏr, tĕgŏr, sumo, &c. Artus vestĕ induco. Vestem hŭmĕris induco. Hŭmĕros vestĕ (*or pl.*) amblo. **Phr.** *Of different kinds of dress.* Pura cum vestĕ vĕnĭt. Molli ămictu se velăt. Aurata lăcerna fulgĕt. Corpŭs aurata vestĕ tĕgĭtŭr. Cui pictā crŏco (auri subtemĭnĕ picturatā) vestis est. Cui v. murĭcĕ fulgĕt. Ibant In longis vestĭbŭs. Stant In vestĭbŭs atris. *Clad in skins.* Frigŏrā pellĭbŭs arcent. Aspĕrā vellĕrā corpŭs (lătŭs) tĕgunt. Corpŏri vellĕrā prætentant. Corpŭs spŏlĭis fĕrarum vestĭunt. *By way of ornament* or *trophy.* Fulvi lĕonis pellĕ (lŭpi *or* lŭpæ tegmĭnĕ) insternĭtŭr. Pellis, jŭvenco ereptā, hŭmĕros ŏpĕrĭt. Lĕonis pellis, ungulbŭs aurĕis præfulgens, totum ŏbĭt. *See* VESTITUS, *part.* **2.** *To cover with fur, down, wool,* &c. (as nature covers the skin of animals.) Sandyx pascentes ~-ĕt agnos. *V.* **3.** Gen. *To cover* (spread over). ~ ăgros oscĭbŭs; atrā ŏbŏrĕ. *L.* campos lumĭnĕ. *V.* puppem æquŏrĕ. *V. Fl.* Vestitā est classĭbŭs Aulis. *Cic.* (*Div.*) *See* TEGO. **4.** Freq. *To cover with vegetation.* ~ Tăburnum ŏlĕa; cŏrymbos hĕdĕra. *V.* ~-ĭt se grămĭnĕ (terrā). *V.* tellurem umbra (˘Athos). *St.* ~-ĭtŭr hŭmŭs; arbos. *M.* [¶ Indŭo, tĕgo, &c.] *See* FRONDEO. **5.** *Used of the growth of the beard.* ~-ĭt malas lanugĭnĕ (jŭventā). *Lr.* Gĕnas ~-ĭbăt florĕ (jŭventā). *V. See* VESTITUS, LANUGO.

VESTIS, is. *f.* **1.** *A garment, dress, clothes.* Quam vĭrĭæ linguis, hăbĭtu tam vestis ĕt armis. *V.* ~ purpŭrĕā. *V.* [¶ Tegmĕn, tĕgĭmĕn *or* tĕgŭmĕn, vestimentum, vestitŭs, ămictŭs, velamĕn, velamentum, cultŭs; *sts.* textā, vellŭs *or* vellĕrā, chlămŷs, tŏgā, tŭnĭcā, pallĭum *or* pallĭā, penŭlā, lænā, lăcernā, pannŭs *or* panni; stŏlā, carbăsŭs, pallā, sĭnŭs; *n. pl.* Coā, bombycĭnā, serĭcā.] **Ep.** Longā, fluens, demissā, nĭtens, dĕcorā, dĭvĕs, splendĭdā, splendens, pictā, picturatā, lineā, lanĕā, serĭcā, purpŭrĕā. **Crel.** Vestis –artĕ textā;—ostro (murĭcĕ) tinctā *or* ardens;—auro intertextā (aspĕrā, rigens, insignis, illusā);—figuris pictā (dĕcŏratā, vărĭatā). Vestis mollĭ (prĕtĭoso) stamĭnĕ. **Phr.** Tegmĭnā longæ pallæ. Vestis –artĕ lăborātā (auro sŭperbā);—Pallādĭæ (raræ) artis ŏpŭs. *See* PURPURA, SERICUS. **2.** ~ purā. *Cl.* libĕrā. *O.* = tŏgā vĭrilis. *See* T. (6.) **Phr.** *To tear the garments in token of grief.* Vestes –rumpo, abrumpo, scindo, abscindo, lăcĕro, dirĭpio. Vestem a pectŏrĕ dirĭpio. Sĭnum (*or pl.*) rumpo. *See* PLANGO. **3.** *A covering for couches,* &c. ~-ĭbŭs (lectum) velant. *O.* [¶ Stragŭlum, stragŭlā.] **4.** *Tapestry-hangings,* &c. *O.* [¶ Telā.] **5.** *Used for* (1) *the slough of the serpent; the web of the spider. Lr.* [¶ (1) Exŭvĭæ.] **6.** Fig. *The beard.* Impubem molli pubescĕrĕ ~-ĕ. *Lr. See* VESTITUS (3), LANUGO.

VESTITŬS, ă, um. *part. See* VESTIO. **1.** *Clothed, clad.* Sic tĭbĭ vestitæ pressā Sĕriphŏs ĕrăt. *O.* **Crel.** Vestĕ *or* vestem indutŭs. Vestĕ –tectŭs, velatŭs, ămictŭs, cinctŭs, incinctŭs, succinctŭs, circumdătŭs, insignitŭs, ornatŭs, dĕcorŭs, fulgens, insignis, nĭtens, nĭtĭdŭs, conspĭcŭŭs, conspĭcĭendŭs, spectabĭlis, sŭperbŭs. ˘Amictu –tectŭs, succinctŭs, insignis, &c. Sŭb *or* cum vestĕ *or* tegmĭnĕ. **Phr.** *Of different kinds of dress.* Aurato ămictu circum velatŭs. Indutŭs chlămŷdem Tŷrĭam. Pictŭs ăcu c. Ostro ĕt auro (Tŷrio In ostro, ferrugĭnĕ ĕt ostro, f. ˘Ibera) insignis (conspectŭs, clarŭs). Corpŏrā –nĭvĕa vestĕ velatŭs;—perlucenti ămictu circumdătŭs. Auro vestĭbŭs Phrŷgĭis intexto spectabĭlis. *See* VESTIO (**Phr.**), PURPURATUS. **2.** *Covered* (sp. by vegetable growth). ~-i ăgri mesĭbŭs. *O.* ~-æ uvæ sŭis frondĭbŭs. *Pp.* ~-ā, ærā cĭbis. *Cl.* **3.** *Bearded.* ~ gĕnas. *Sen. See* VESTIO (5), VESTIS (6).

VESTITŬS, us. *m.* *Clothing, attire.* Membrāquĕ vestitu nunquam tĕmĕrātā prŏfano. *Cl. See* VESTIS.

VĔSUVĬUS, ĭi. *m.* *Mount Vesuvius. Plin. See* VESEVUS.

VESVINŬS, *and* **VESVĬUS,** ă, um. *See* VESEVUS.

VESVĬUS, ĭi. *m. See* VESEVUS.

VĔTĔRANŬS, i. *m.* *A veteran soldier.* Quæ rurā dăbuntŭr, Quæ noster vĕtĕranŭs ărĕt? *L.*

VĔTĔRINŬS, ă, um. *Fit to bear burdens, bearing burdens.* Ne forte ex hŏmĭne, et vĕtĕrino semĭne ĕquorum. *Lr.*

VĔTERNŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *Lethargy, a lethargic state;* fig. *a state of sloth,* &c. Nec torperĕ grāvi passus

sŭĭ regnĭ vĕterno. *V.* [¶ Torpŏr, languŏr.] **2.** *Old age.* Hŏmĭnum transgressă ~-o fertŭr ăvos (silvă). *St. See* VETUSTAS.

VĔTĬTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* VETO. **1.** *Forbidden.* Hic thălămum invasit natæ vĕtĭtosque hȳmĕnæos. *V.* [¶ Inconcessŭs, illĭcĭtŭs, impermissŭs, nĕgatŭs.] **Crcl.** Non concessŭs (permissŭs, dĭctŭs). **2.** Used subst. n. *A prohibitory command.* Quæ contra ~-um discordĭă? *V.*

VĔTO, as, ŭi, ĭtum. **1.** *To forbid, not to allow, to pass a rule* or *order against.* Quin ĕtĭam accendes vĭtĭa irritesquĕ vĕtando. *O.* Vĕtŭĭt me vocĕ Quĭrinŭs. *O.* [¶ Absterrĕo, prŏhĭbĕo.] **Crcl.** Jŭbĕo ne. Non sĭno *or* permitto. **2.** *To prevent, to hinder, to be an obstacle to* (with inf.). Hos vĕtŭĭt tĭmŏr nŭmĕrarĕ. *Pp.* [¶ Impĕdĭo, prŏhĭbĕo, obsto, &c.] **3.** With acc. ~ bellă. *V.* majorĕ. *O.* Quercŭs phœbum ~-ăt. *Sen.* **4.** Sts. with abl. ~-ăt ignĕ Crĕon. *St.* [¶ Interdico.] **5.** *To prevent, ward off.* Tristĭă damnă ~-abo. *St.* [¶ Prŏhĭbĕo, averto, arcĕo, &c.]

VĔTŬLUS, ă, um. *dim. of* Vetus. **1.** *Somewhat old, elderly.* Servatură dĭu pārem Cornicis vĕtŭlæ tempŏrĭbus Lȳcen. *H.* ~-i cŏlumbi. *H.* [¶ Annosŭs, &c.] **2.** Used subst. m. f. *See* SENEX, ANUS. **3.** *Used of things inanimate.* ~ fălernum. *Cat.* cădŭs. *M. See* VETUS.

VĔTUS, ĕrĭs. *m. f. n.* **1.** *Old, ancient, of former days, long standing, aged.* Hanc olim vĕtĕres vĭtam cŏlŭerĕ Sābini. *V.* ~ Anchises; quĕrelă (ranarum); nomĕn. *V.* Vĕterrĭmă laurŭs. *V.* [¶ Antiquŭs, vĕtustŭs, priscŭs, pristĭnŭs, annosŭs, longævŭs, vĕtŭlŭs; *sts.* sĕnex, sĕnĭŏr, ănŭs, dĭutĭnŭs.] *See* SENEX. **2.** Vĕtĕres, um. *m. pl. The ancients; those of the olden time; our forefathers.* *O.* [¶ Prisci, primi, prĭores, antiqui, majores, ăvi, prŏăvi, vĕtustas.] **Crcl.** Vĕtĕres vĭri *or* ăvi. Priscă ætas. Priscă mortallum gens. **3.** Sts. *Former* (without length of time), *preceding, previous to the present.* ~-ĭs vestigĭă formæ servăt. *O.* [¶ Pristĭnŭs, priscŭs.]

VĔTUSTAS, ătis. *f.* **1.** *Antiquity, oldness.* Cedĭt ĕnim, rerum nŏvĭtate extrusă, vĕtustas. *Lr.* Anteactă ~ tempŏrĭs æterni. *Lr.* [¶ Antiquĭtas; *sts.* vĕtĕră *or* vĕtĕres.] **Crcl.** Priscă tempŏră. Prisci tempŏrĭs ætas. Vĕtustum ætatĭs spătĭum. **2.** Sp. *Old age.* ~ tardă obstăt mĭhĭ; anguĭbŭs exŭĭtŭr. *O. See* SENECTUS. **3.** Us. *Length of time, great age.* ~ annis (saxum) solvĭt. *V.* consumĭt ferrum. *O.* omnĭă fingĭt majorĕ. *Pp.* [¶ Ætas, ævum, tempŭs, tempŏrĕ, dĭes (*sing.*), anni; *sts.* sĭtŭs.] **Ep.** Longă, annosă, longævă, serĕ, tardă, extremă; damnosă, ĕdax, vĭtĭosă. **Crcl.** Tempŏrĭs -ætas, spătĭum, ævum. Ætatĭs spătĭum. Longă *or* multă dĭes. Annorum sĕrĭes. Innŭmĕrabĭlĭs a. s. Longă tempŏrum fŭgă. Longi tempŏrum tractus. Longi ævi fŭgă. *See* ÆVUM.

VĔTUSTUS, ă, um. *Ancient, old, of long standing.* Est urbe egressis tŭmŭlus templumquĕ vĕtustum. *V.* ~ gens. *V.* ămicĭtĭă. *O. See* VETUS.

VEXAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n. A violent motion, agitation.* Aut cĕcĭdisse urbes magno vexamĭnĕ mundi. *Lr.*

VEXATĬŌ, ōnĭs. *f. Trouble, torment.* Si quid nostră tŭĭs ădĭcĭt vexatĭŏ rebŭs. *M.* [¶ Mŏlestĭă, tormentum.]

VEXILLUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A standard, banner.* Sĕquĭtur vexillă Quĭrini. *Cl.* [¶ Signum, ăquĭlă; *sts.* drăco, serpens.] **Ep.** Martĭum, bellĭcum, pictum, expansum, explĭcĭtum, lĕvĕ, vŏlĭtans, flŭĭtans. **Phr.** *Of banners raised.* Vŏlŭcres ăquĭlas (pictă collă drăconum) tollunt (lĕvant). Hastæ angulbŭs undantes surgunt. **2.** *The troops under the standard.* Accedunt ŭtrinquĕ ~-ă. *St.*

VEXO, as. **1.** *To agitate, move violently, shake, toss about.* ~ montes flabris. *Lr.* rĭtea. *V.* mĭsĭ (*of storms*). *H.* nubĭlă (*of winds*). *O.* [¶ Jacta, ăgĭto, exăgĭto, quasso, concŭtĭo.] **2.** *To injure, afflict, torment.* ~-ăt corpŏrĕ călŏr. *O.* fauces tussĭs. *M.* ~ urbem lĕgĭonĭbŭs; plos. *Cl.* [¶ Ango, crŭcĭo, discrŭcĭo, torquĕo, affĭcĭo, lædo, infesto, lăcĕro, quătĭo, opprĭmo.] **3.** *To trouble, disquiet, disturb.* ~ ănĭmum curis; pacem i multu. *Cl.* vitam quĕrelis. *Lr.* [¶ Turbo, ăgĭta, &c.] *See* TURBO.

VIA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A way* or *road to a place,* a high way; *a street.* Hinc vĭă Tartărĕi quæ fert ~Achĕrontĭs ăd undas. *V.* Ibam vĭa sacra. *H.* Pĕr mĕdĭas urbĭs vĭas. *O.* [¶ ~Itĕr; semĭtă, callĭs, tramĕs; *sts.* ădĭtŭs, mĕatŭs, spătĭum, aggĕr.] **Ep.** Trită, frĕquens, cĕlĕbrĭs; ăpertă, pătens, lată, spătĭosă; făcĭlĭs, plană; difficĭlĭs, sălĕbrosă, saxosă; lŭtŭlentă, cœnosă; longă. **Crcl.** Semĭtă callĭs. Vĭæ aggĕr. Tritum spătĭum. Strată vĭarum. **2.** *A journey* or *going from one place to another* (by land, by sea, through the air). Cantando, mĭnŭs ~ lædĕt, ĕamŭs. *V.* Audita vĭæ causa. *O.* Aĕrĭas vĭas carpĕrĕ. *O.* [¶ ~Itĕr, cursŭs.] *See* NAVIGO, VOLATUS. **Phr.** *To set off on one's way; to be on one's way.* Vĭam *or* ĭtĕr -carpo, invado, Inĕo, ingrĕdĭor, corrĭpĭo, răpĭo, tento, sĕquŏr, tĕro, ĕo, tĕnĕo, cĕlĕro, præcĭpĭto, confĭcĭo. ~Itĕr făcĭo. *See* PROFICISCOR, EO. **3.** *The particular direction of the way taken.* Detorquerĕ vĭam ăd amnem. *V.* Vertĕrĕ vĭarum indĭcĭă (*reverse the track of the way taken*). *V.* Obliquarĕ vĭas In dĕvĭă campi. *St.* [¶ ~Itĕr, grăddŭs, gressŭs, passŭs, vestigĭum.] **4.** *The course of a river.* *V.* [¶ ~Itĕr, cursŭs, lapsŭs.] **5.** *A passage, gangway in a theatre. M. See* CUNEUS. **6.** *Any way, passage, channel, tube, pore* (of the body), &c. ~ fĭndĭtŭr cŭnĕis. *V.* Călŏr illĕ plures vĭas ĕt spiramĕntă rĕlaxăt. *V.* ~ vocĭs. *V.* [¶ ~Adĭtŭs *or* exĭtŭs, ĭtĕr, fŏrămĕn, &c.] **7.** *Used of a band* or *stripe in the pattern* or *texture of a garment.* Quas (vestes) femĭnă Coă texŭĭt, auratas dispŏnĭtquĕ vĭas. *Tib. See* VIRGA. **8.** Fig. *A way, means, method, rule,* &c. Inveni, germană, vĭam. *V.* Nĕc vĭă mortĭs ĕrăt simplex. *V.* Vitæ monstrat ~ est. *H.* Fallendi vĭæ millĕ. *Tib.* [¶ ~Itĕr; rătĭo, mŏdŭs.]

VIATĬCUM, i. *n., and* VIATĬCĂ, orum. *pl.* **1.** *Provisions for a journey;* us. *money.* Aut subductă vĭatĭcă plorăt. *H.* **Crcl.** Auxĭlĭum vĭæ. *See* PECUNIA. **2.** *Money saved* or *made by a soldier in service. H.*

VIATŎR, ōrĭs. *m. A traveller.* Et terram sicco spŭĭt orĕ vĭatŏr. *V.* [¶ Pĕrĕgrĭnŭs, advĕnă; *sts.* hospĕs.] **Ep.** Errans, văgŭs, audax, pulvĕrŭlentŭs, sĭtĭens, lassŭs, fessŭs, prŏpĕrans, festĭnĕs, lentŭs, pĭgĕr. *See* PROFICISCOR.

VIBEX, ĭcĭs. *f. The mark of a blow* or *lash, a wale.* Si pŭtĕăl multa cautus vibicĕ flăgellas. *Pers.*

VĬBRATŬS, ă, um. *part. See* VIBRO. Used also adj. **1.** With căpilli, &c. *Curled.* Crines ~-i călĭdo ferro. *V.* [¶ Crispŭs, &c.] **2.** Fig. Flammis fulmĭnĭs vĭbratĭŏr (iambŭs—*wielded with more power*). *Aus.*

VIBRO, as, *and* VIBRO. *See* 3.—**1.** *To put in tremulous motion, to shake; to cause to quiver* or *vibrate.* Obvĭăque adversas vibrabant flammĭă vestes. *O.* ~-atŭr trĕmŭla Imagĭnĕ pontŭs. *Sil.* [¶ ~Agĭto, quătĭo, cŏrusco.] **2.** *To brandish before hurling, to hurl, throw.* Lit. and fig. ~ trĕmŭlum jăcŭlum excusso lăcertŏ; spicŭlă pĕr auras. *O.* fulmĭnă. *Cl.* trŭces Iambos. *Cat.* [¶ Jăcĭo, jăcŭlŏr, mitto, &c.] *See* JACULOR. **3.** Intr. *To shake, quiver.* Tresvĕ vĭbrant linguæ, trĭplĭci stant ordĭnĕ dentes. *O.* ~-avĭt lancĕă

belli. *Sil.* [† Vĭbrŏr, mĭco, cŏrusco, trĕmo.] **4.** *To flash, glitter, sparkle.* ∾-ăt tŏrŭs ignĕŭs ostro. *V. Fl.* ∾-ant sæva lucē tĕnĕbræ. *V. Fl.* incendĭă ĭn trĕmŭlo ponto. *Sil.* [† Cŏrusco, mĭco.]

VIBURNUM, i. *n. A shrub called the wayfaring-tree.* Quantum lentā sŏlent inter viburnā cŭpressi. *V.*

VICARIŬS, ĭi. *m.* **1.** *One that fills the place of another, a substitute.* Æquali rĕcrĕăt sortē vĭcarĭŭs. *H.* **2.** *An under-slave. H. M.*

VICATIM. *From street to street.* Vos turbā vicatim hinc ĕt hinc saxis pĕtens. *H.*

VICENI, æ, ă. *Twenty* (distrib.), *twenty each.* Tricenos, pŭtŏ, bis, vicenos ter, pŭtŏ, nummos. *M.* [† Viginti.]

VICESĬMUS, ă, um. *The twentieth.* Cæpĕrăt, et nondum vicesĭmā venĕrăt æstas. *O.*

VICIA, æ. *f. A vetch.* Florē sēmel læso pĕrĕunt vĭcĭæquē făbæquē. *O.*

VICIES. *adv. Twenty times.* Non plenum mŏdŏ vicĭes hăbebas (*i. e.* vicies HS, or twenty times an hundred thousand sesterces). *M.* **Crcl.** Bĭs denis vĭcĭbŭs.

VICINIA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Neighbourhood, vicinity.* Quaquē phăretratæ vicinĭă Peraldĭs urgĕt. *V.* [† Vicinĭtas (*Ter.*), proxĭmĭtas.] **2.** *The neighbourhood = the neighbours.* Omnis dŏmŭs ĕt ∾ totă. *H.* [† Vicini.]

VICINŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Neighbouring, near.* Heu, quam vicina est ultĭmā terrā mĭhĭ! *O.* ∾-ē Pălæmon. *V.* [† Prŏpinquŭs, prŏplŏr, proxĭmŭs, finĭtĭmŭs, confinis, contermĭnŭs.] **2.** Used subst. m. f. *A neighbour.* Bŏnŭs ∾, ămabĭlis hospēs. *H.* ∾-i oderunt, pŭĕri atquē pŭellæ. *H.* **3.** *Of a neighbour* or *neighbours.* ∾ pĕcŭs. *O.* [† ˘Allĕnŭs.] Fig. **4.** *Approaching, coming soon, at hand.* ∾ mors. *Ph.* pax. *O.* [† Prŏpinquŭs, prŏplŏr, instans, immĭnens.] **5.** *Coming near* (in resemblance). ˘Odŏr crŏco ∾ est. *Plin.* *See* SIMILIS.

VICIS, *gen. Sil.*; vĭcĕ, vĭcem, *abl. und acc. sing.* (*no nom.*); *pl.* VICES, ĭbŭs. *f.* **1.** *Turn, succession, alternation, interchange, change.* Diffugerē nĭves grata vĭcĕ verĭs et făvoni. *H.* Succedunt servantquē vĭces. *V.* His ăgĭtŭr vĭcĭbŭs puppis (*at sea*). *O.* Ipsă ∾-es natură sŭbĭt. *O.* [† Vicissĭtudo; *sts.* orbis.] **2.** Vĭcĭbŭs, Pĕr vĭces, ˘In vĭces, ˘In vĭcem, *sts.* Vĭcĕ. *In succession, by turns; first one, then the other.* Cara cervicē vĭcĭbŭs frŭuntŭr. *St.* Pĕr ∾-es mŏdŏ, 'Perĕphŏne,' mŏdŏ, 'Fĭlĭă,' clamăt. *O.* Pĕrĭcŭlă ĭn ∾-es ădĭtă atquē exhaustă. ˘In ∾-em mĕă te, me tŭă formă căpĭt. *O.* [† Alternis, vĭcissim.] **3.** *A single time* or *turn.* Dejecĭt plus ∾-ē simplĭci (*more than once*). *H.* **4.** *A return, requital, recompense, retaliation.* Reddē ∾-em mĕrĭtis. *O.* ∾-es sŭperbæ te mănĕnant ipsum. *H.* [† Munŭs *or* pœnă.] **5.** *The place* (part, office, business) *of another.* Altĕrĭŭs præstarē ∾-es. *O.* Fungi maternis ∾-ĭbŭs (*the father*). *Pp.* F. ∾-ē cotĭs. *H.* Sævirē ∾-ē teli. *J.* Mortĭs hăberē ∾-es (*to be like it*, &c.). *Sen.* [† Partes, munŭs.] **6.** *Contingencies, perils.* Nĕc telă nĕc ullas vitavissē ∾-es Dănăum. *V.* Pĕr grăves belli ∾-es. *Sen.* [† Discrimĭnă, pĕrĭcŭlă.] **7.** *Turn of fortune, lot* (us. adverse). Gĕmentes tristem fortunæ ∾-em. *Ph.* *See* SORS.

VICISSIM. *In turn, by turns.* Hanc vĕnĭam pĕtĭmusquē dămusquē vĭcissim. *H.* Orē ∾ orsă rĕfert. *V.* [† Vĭcĭbŭs, invĭcem, alternis; *sts.* vĭcĕ, părĭtĕr, contra.] **Crcl.** Pĕr vĭces. Alternis vĭcĭbŭs. *See* ALTERNIS.

VICTĬMA, æ. *f.* **1.** *An animal* (us. of the larger size) *offered in sacrifice.* Victĭmă quæ cĕcĭdit dextra victricē vŏcatŭr, Hostĭbŭs a dŏmĭtis hostĭă nomĕn hăbĕt. *O.* [† Hostĭă, taurŭs, jŭvencŭs, jŭvencă, bos, vaccă, vĭtŭlŭs, vĭtŭlă; *ext.* agnŭs, agnă, ŏvis, pĕcŭs (ŭdis), bĭdens, căpĕr.] **Ep.** Săcrā, pĭă, solennis, ŏpimă, votă, votivă, debĭtă, felix, grată, faustă. **Crcl.** Taurorum sanguĭs *or* crŭŏr. Săcræ (săcratæ) pĕcŭdes. Votivæ cædĭs hŏnos. **Phr.** *To lead the victim to the altar; to slay it.* Victĭmam (taurum, pĕcŭdem) -duco; —ăd aras duco; —antē aras sisto (stătĭo, constĭtŭo); —aris admŏvĕo; —flăgrantĭbŭs a. admŏvĕo; —aurĕis cornĭbŭs ăd ăras duco. Victĭmă -antē aras sistĭtŭr; —mactandă ăd aras ducĭtŭr; —stăt ăd aram cornu ductă. Victĭmam (taurum, pĕcŭdem, &c.) -immŏlo (cædo, fĕrĭo, percŭtĭo, jŭgŭlo, macto, sterno); —antē *or* ăd aras cædo. Victĭmă -cædĭtŭr (cădĭt, concĭdĭt, sternĭtŭr, procumbĭt); —antē aras cădĭt. Taurum (jŭvencum) sĕcuri fĕrĭo, &c. Aram (aras, altarĭă) pĕcŭdum sanguĭnĕ *or* crŭorē tingo (imbŭo, respergo, &c.). Pĕcŭdi cultros subjĭcĭo *or* suppono. Victĭmă -sanguĭnĕ *or* crŭorē cultros tingĭt *or* infĭcĭt; —subjectos cultros incalfăcĭt; —omnĭbŭs aris cædĭtŭr; —sanguĭnĕsam hŭmum plangĭt; —săcrum jŭgŭlis crŭorem demittĭt; —pro templo ictă cădĭt; —fŏcos ictă infĭcĭt; —sĕcurim cervicē tingĭt. Numĭnă, &c. -vĭtŭla cæsa (sanguĭnĕ, vĭtŭli a. debĭto, fuso taurorum sanguĭnĕ) placo (vĕnĕrŏr). Vĭtŭla pro frugĭbŭs făcĭo. Ară -largo crŭorē sparsă mădĕt (ăvĕt spargĭĕr); —immŏlato agno tĕpĕt; —hœdo donatŭr; —tĕr denas vaccas accĭpĭt. Tĕpĭdŭs crŭŏr ăd aras fumăt. Pinguē crŭorē sŏlum mădĕt. **2.** Fig. *A victim.* ∾ decĭpĭentis ĕro. *O.* nil mĭsĕrantis Orci. *H.*

VICTŎR, orĭs. *m.* **1.** *A conqueror.* Sæpe utĭlĕ vinci Victoris plăcĭdi fecit clementĭă multis. *O.* [† Trĭumphans, ŏvans; *sts.* dŏmĭtŏr, sŭpĕratŏr, debellatŏr, trĭumphatŏr, dŏmatŏr.] **Ep.** Clarŭs, insignis, cĕlĕbĕr; æquŭs, mitis, clemens; durŭs, immitis, aspĕr, iniquŭs. **Crcl.** Spŏlĭis -ornatŭs, ŏnustŭs, insignis, dĕcŏrŭs, sŭperbŭs, pŏtĭtŭs. Victŏr dŏmĭto *or* fuso hostē. V. sŭpĕratis hostĭbŭs *or* sŭpĕrato ăb hostē. Victo hostē sŭperbŭs. Victrici lauro rĕdĭmitŭs. Exŭvĭis plenŭs. Exacto certamĭnē lætŭs. *See* VINCO, TRIUMPHO. **2.** Adj. m. *Victorious, having conquered;* and fig. *successful, having accomplished the end in view.* ∾-es ĕqui. *V.* ∾ ignis; Sĭnon. *V.* ∾-em rĕferrē pĕdem. *V.* ∾ propŏsĭti. *H.* [† ˘Ovans, exsultans; *sts.* compŏs; voti compŏs.] *See* VICTRIX (2). **3.** *Triumphal.* Curru ∾-ē vĕhi. *O.* [† Trĭumphalis.]

VICTORIA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Victory.* Lit. and fig. Tantŭs ămor laudum, tantæ est victorĭă curæ. *V.* [† Trĭumphŭs, palmă, trŏpæum; *sts.* laurŭs.] **Ep.** Clarā, nobĭlis, insignis, mĕmŏrandă, lætă, sŭperbă; anceps, dŭbĭă. **Crcl.** Palmæ -hŏnŏr, hŏnos, hŏnores. Victorĭs (vincendi) glorĭă *or* dĕcŭs. Victrix palmă *or* glorĭă. Victrices lauri. *See* VICTOR, VINCO, TRIUMPHUS. **2.** *The Goddess Victory.* Intĕr ŭtrumquē vŏlăt dŭbĭis ∾ pennis. *O.*

VICTRIX, icĭs. *f.* **1.** *A conqueror, f.* Qua victrix rĕdĭt illă, pĕdemque ex hostē rĕportăt. *V.* *See* VICTOR. **2.** Adj. f. and n. *Victorious; successful*, &c. ∾ Allecto. *V.* causă. *L.* ∾-es flammæ. *O.* ∾-ĭă armă. *V.* fulmĭnă. *O.* bellă. *St.* signă. *L.* *See* VICTOR (2). **3.** *Triumphal.* ∾-es lauri. *V.* [† Trĭumphalis.]

VICTŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* VINCO. **1.** *Conquered* (freq. used subst. m.). Quondam ĕtĭam victis rĕdĭt in præcordĭă virtus. *V.* ∾-is dŏmĭnabĭtŭr Argis. *V.* [† Devictŭs, dŏmĭtŭs, sŭpĕratŭs, debellatŭs, trĭumphatŭs, fractŭs, attritŭs, stratŭs, prostratŭs, subjectŭs, sŭbactŭs, subdĭtŭs, parens, obnoxĭŭs.] **Crcl.** Bello -victŭs, dŏmĭtŭs, frac-

tŭs. Adverso martĕ infractŭs. Armis debellatŭs. Fig. **2.** *Overpowered; dispirited.* ∾ membrā dĕo (vino); ănĭmi. *V.* ∾-ā sĭtu sĕnectus. *V.* **3.** *Overcome by entreaty.* Num lăcrĭmas ∾ dēdĭt? *V.*

VICTŬS, us. *m. Food, victuals.* Fundĭt hŭmo făcĭlem victum justissĭmā tellus. *V.* ∾-u fœdo deterrŭĭt Orpheus. *H.* [¶ Cĭbŭs, escā, ălĭmentā, ĕpŭlæ; *sts.* dăpes.]

VICŬS, i. *m. A part* or *quarter of a town;* hence, *a street.* Deférăr in vicum vendentem tus ět ŏdores. *H.* ∾ dictŭs Scĕlĕratŭs ăb illa. *O.* [¶ Vĭā, plăteā.]

VIDĔ. *anc. for* Vide. *Pl.* **1.** *Take care.* *See* CAVE. **2.** Vĭdē, ais, *or* Vĭdēsis = vĭdē, si vis. Vĭdēsis ne majorum tĭbĭ fortĕ Limĭnā frigescant. *Pers.* and *Pl. passim.*

VIDELICĔT. *adv. It is easy to see, it is clear;* hence, *that is to say, obviously.* Esŭ vĭdelĭcĕt in terris primordĭā rerum. *Lr.* [¶ Scĭlĭcĕt.]

VIDĔN'? = vĭdesnĕ? *See you? look!* Educet. Vĭdĕn', ut gĕmĭnæ stant vertĭcĕ cristæ? *V.* [¶ Vĭdesnĕ?] **Crcl.** Nonnĕ vĭdes?

VIDENS, tis. *part.* *See* VIDEO. Used also adj. **1.** *Awake.* Jamquĕ vĭdenti Sanguĭnĕis frontem moris et tempŏrā pingĭt. *V.* **2.** *In full possession of the vital powers.* Jam vivo atquĕ vĭdenti. *Lr.* Vivŭs vĭdensquĕ pĕrĭo. *Ter.*

VIDĚO, es, vidi, visum. **1.** *To see, behold, perceive with the eyes.* Aut vĭdĕt, aut vidissĕ pŭtat per nubĭlā lunam. *V.* [¶ Adspĭcĭo, conspĭcĭo, cerno, tŭĕŏr.] **Crcl.** ˘Ocŭlis –vĭdĕo, adspĭcĭo, accĭpĭo, haurĭo, lĕgo, usurpo, proĕquŏr. Lumĭnĕ *or* lumĭnĭbŭs vĭdĕo. Visu (ŏcŭlorum lumĭnĕ) comprendo *or* percĭpĭo. *See* ADSPICIO. **2.** *Used of things inanimate; and fig.* ∾-ĕt Gallĭcā rurā Apenninŭs. *L.* Casus ăbĭes visurā mārinos (*to experience*). *V.* **3.** Sts. *To look attentively at a thing, to look to.* Me vĭde (*depend upon me*). *Pl.* [¶ Intŭĕŏr, &c.] *See* SPECTO. **4.** *Used of the other senses.* ∾ mugirĕ terram. *V.* sŏnĭtus procurrĕrĕ cœlo. *Pp.* naso plusquam ŏcŭlis. *Pl.* **5.** *To foresee.* ∾ venturā. *V. O. See* PRÆVIDEO. Fig. **6.** *To see with the mind; to perceive, take in, comprehend.* ∾ plurĭmum ĭn rebŭs sŭis. *Ph.* verum. *H.* [¶ Intellĭgo; *sts.* săpĭo, consŭlo.] **7.** *To be careful, to take heed. H.* [¶ Curo, attendo, cāvĕo.] **8.** ∾ sĭbĭ. *To look to oneself, and one's own interests. Ter.* [¶ Provĭdĕo, consŭlo.] **9.** Vĭdĕrĭs, &c. *Do you see to that; that is his, their,* &c. (look out), *concern, business* (not mine). ∾-ĕrĭt ˘Atrides; istā dĕŭs. *O.*

VIDĚOR, eris, visŭs sum. **1.** *To be seen.* Divisquĕ vĭdebĭt Permixtos herŏās, ět ipsĕ vĭdebĭtŭr illis. *V. See* ADSPICIOR. **2.** Us. *To appear, to seem to be;* sts. *to be thought.* Hæc sententĭā visā est pŏtĭŏr. *V.* Da mĭhĭ justo sanctoquĕ vĭderi. *H.* [¶ Hăbĕŏr, ducŏr.] **Crcl.** Spĕcĭem hăbĕo *or* gĕro. **3.** *To fancy, to figure to oneself, to think* (with or without mĭhĭ, sĭbĭ, &c.). Jam mĭhĭ pĕr lucos ∾-ĕŏr irĕ. *V.* Vĭdĕŏr flŭvĭos crŭorĭs spectarĕ. *L.* [¶ Mĭhĭ fingo.] **4.** Mĭhĭ, &c. –vĭdetŭr, visum est. *It seems good, it pleases.* ˘Ĭtā Neptuno visum est. *V.* Dis ălĭtĕr visum. *V. See* LIBET.

VIDŬA, æ. *f. A widow. See* VIDUUS.

VIDŬO, as. *To make empty, to deprive, bereave.* Tam multis vĭdŭasset civĭbus urbem. *V.* Orni fŏlĭis ∾-antŭr. *H.* [¶ Spŏlĭo, privo, orbo.]

VIDŬUS, ă, um. **1.** *Deprived of, left* or *being without.* Vocĕ dum terret, vĭdŭus phăretra Rĭsĭt ˘Apollo. *H.* Pectŭs ∾-um ămorĭs hăberĕ. *O.* [¶ Cārens, expers, &c.] **2.** Vĭdŭus. *m.*; VĭdŭĀ. *f. Widowed; without a husband* or *wife.* ∾-um flerĕ vīrum (abducta conjŭgĕ). *O.* ∾-æ cessatĕ pŭellæ. *O.* [¶ *Sts.* Cælebs, virgo.] **Crcl.** Conjŭgĕ *or* uxorĕ –vĭdŭatŭs, orbŭs, privatŭs. Conjŭgĕ (vīro, mārito, consortĕ) orbā *or* orbāta, &c. Rapto vīro vĭdŭatā. Sīnĕ conjŭgĕ. Rapt *or* rapta conjŭgĕ. *See* CÆLEBS. Fig. **3.** ∾ domŭs; tŏrŭs, &c. *O.* [¶ Văcŭŭs, cælebs, solŭs.] **4.** *Used of the vine unattached. Cat.*; or *the tree without the vine. H.* [¶ Cæleba.]

VIETŬS, ă, um. (Vietŭs, *dissyll. H.*) *Soft, flabby, withered.* Nec supra căpŭt ejusdem cĕcĭdĭt vietam Vestem sentimŭs (*the spider's web*). *Lr.* [¶ Pŭtrĭs, flaccĭdŭs, vĕtŭs, sĕnex, &c.]

VIGĚO, es, ŭi. **1.** *To be in vigour, to thrive.* Pulŏr ăbit, sŭbĭtæquĕ vĭgent in corpŏrĕ vires. *O.* Mobĭlĭtatĕ ∾-ĕt (famā). *V.* [¶ Vălĕo, pollĕo.] **2.** *To flourish, be prosperous, be in repute.* ∾-et: magnæ Mȳcenæ. *O.* verbā. *H.* ∾ summo in hŏnorĕ. *Lr.* [¶ Florĕo.]

VIGESCO, is. *To get strength, to begin to flourish.* Jam læti stŭdĭo pĕdes vĭgescunt. *Cat.*

VIGIL, ĭlis, *and* VIGILANS, tis. *part.* *See* VIGILO. Used also adj. **1.** *Awake, not asleep; on the watch.* Dumquĕ vĭgil Phrȳgĭos servat custodĭā muros. *O.* ˘Et vĭgĭlans stertis. *Lr.* [¶ Insomnĭs, vĭgĭlax, &c.] Fig. **2.** *Used of things inanimate.* ∾ ignĭs. *V.* Summa ∾-antĭā turrĕ (lumĭnā). *O.* ∾-es curæ. *O.* questus. *St.* **3.** *Vigilant, attentive.* Trăhĕrĕ qd ∾-i aurĕ. *St.* Tendĕrĕ ănĭmum ∾-em. *St.* A. vĭgĭlantem intendĕrĕ. *H.* [¶ Pervĭgĭl, attentŭs, arrectŭs, acĕr, sedŭlŭs, vĭgĭlax.] **4.** Vĭgĭl. Sts. *Passed without sleep.* ∾-es noctes. *L.* [¶ Vĭgĭlatŭs, insomnĭs.] **5.** Vĭgĭles, um. *pl. Watchmen of the night, night-guards.* ∾-um excŭbĭis obsidĭrĕ portas. *V.* [¶ Vĭgĭlĭæ, excŭbĭæ, custodes, custodĭā.] **Crcl.** Vĭgĭlum excŭbĭæ *or* custodĭā. **Phr. 1.** *To keep guard by night.* Excŭbĭas –ăgo, ăgĭto, tĕnĕo, sortĭŏr. **Phr. 2.** *To be on guard together.* Portam communi stātĭonĕ tĕnerĕ. **Phr. 3.** *To pass the night on guard, under arms.* ∾ custodĭā muros servāt. Omnis lĕgĭo pĕr muros excŭbat (exercĕt vĭces). Noctem insomnem custodĭā ducĭt (ducĭt ĭn armis). *See* CUSTODIA.

VIGILANTIA, æ. *f. Watchfulness* (the keeping from sleep in order to watch); *vigilance.* At si quos haud ullā vīros vĭgĭlantĭā fugĭt. *V.* [¶ Sedŭlĭtas, curā, dilĭgentĭā, stŭdĭum.]

VIGILATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* VIGILO. Used also adj. **1.** *Passed without sleep.* Attĕnŭant jŭvĕnum vĭgĭlatæ corpŏrā noctes. *O.* [¶ Vĭgĭl. insomnĭs.] **2.** *Done,* &c., *at times due to sleep.* ∾-i lăbores. *O.* ∾-um carmĕn. *O.* [¶ Lucŭbratŭs.]

VIGILAX, acis = vĭgĭl. Nec frŭĭtur somno, vĭgĭlacĭbŭs excĭtā curis. *O.*

VIGILIA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A watching, a being awake,* sp. *the being on guard at night. Pl.* Fandi, tacendi, somni, vĭgĭlĭæ est mŏdŭs. *Aus.* **Crcl.** Vĭgĭl *or* vĭgĭlatā nox. Vĭgĭles horæ. **2.** *A vigil of Ceres. Pl.* [¶ Mysterĭā.] **3.** Fig. *Vigilance, persevering care.* Exaggĕrarĕ ŏpes omni ∾-ĭa. *Pl.* [¶ Curā, stŭdĭum, lăbŏr, &c.]

VIGILO, as. **1.** *To watch, to continue awake.* Sed vĭgĭlo, vĭgĭlantquĕ mĕi sīnĕ fĭnĕ dŏlŏres. *O.* [¶ Pervĭgĭlo; *sts.* evĭgĭlo, excŭbo.] **Crcl.** Noctem vĭgĭlo. Noctem vĭgĭlem *or* insomnem –duco, traduco, perduco, trăho, pătĭŏr. Noctem vĭgĭl *or* vĭgĭlans duco. Nulli somno –succumbo, lumĭnā declino. Nĕc somnŭs lumĭnā solvĭt. **Phr.** *To pass the night in conversation; in games.* Trăhĕrĕ noctem vărĭo sermonĕ. Ludum nocti æquarĕ. L. In lucem ferrĕ. Insomnem ludo noctem ducĕrĕ. *See* INSOMNIS, DORMIO. **2.** ∾ noctem. *To pass the whole night awake.* Noctes ămaræ ∾-antŭr. *O.* [¶ Pervĭgĭlo, evĭgĭlo; noctes ăd ipsum manĕ vĭgĭlo.] *See* VIGILATUS. **3.** *To be upon guard during the night.* [¶ Ex-

cŭbo.] *See* VIGILES. **4.** *To awake.* ∾-ătĕ vĭri, ĕt considĭtĕ transtris. *V.* [¶ Evĭgĭlo, &c.] *See* EXPERGISCOR. Fig. **5.** *To take care, be watchful, vigilant.* ˘Ut vivas, vĭgĭla. *H.* [¶ Cāvĕo, prospĭcĭo.] **6.** With dat. *To pursue closely, be intent upon.* ∾ stŭdĭis. *Pp.* [¶ Invĭgĭlo.] **7.** *Used* pass. *of that which is to be carefully looked after,* or *to be done diligently.* Quæ ∾-andă vĭris. *V.*

VIGINTI. *Twenty.* Viginti tauros, magnorum horrentĭă circum &c. *V.* [¶ Viceni (æ, ă), bisdeni *or* bĭs deni.]

VĬGŎR, ŏris. *m.* **1.** *Vigour, vital energy.* Debĭlĭtat vires ănĭmi, mutatquĕ vĭgorem. *V.* Hăbĭlis membris ∾. *V.* [¶ Vis, vires, virtus, robŭr.] *See* VIS. **2.** *Mental vigour.* ∾ ingĕnĭi velocĭs. *O.* [¶ Vis.] **3.** Used pl. *Sil.*

VILĂ. *n. adj. used adv.* (= vilĭtĕr. *Plin.*) *Cheaply; poorly, vilely.* Viscĕrĭbus bŏnŭs est: cetĕrā vilĕ săpĭt. *M.* Vilĕ vĭrentes Hespĕrĭdum (rami). *Cl.*

VILIS, ĕ. *Of small price, cheap; valueless, despicable, vile.* Vilĭbŭs aut ŏnĕrat pomis; lăpĭdemquĕ rĕvertens &c. *V.* Vilissĭmā rerum (ăquă). *H.* Virtus, nĭsĭ cum re, ∾-lŏr alga est. *H.* Nos, ănĭmæ ∾-es. *V.* ∾-ĕ mŏri est. *O.* [¶ Abjectŭs, contemnendŭs, contemptŭs, spernendŭs, aspernandŭs, despectŭs, dedignandŭs, aspernabĭlis; vulgarĭs, plebeiŭs (= plebejŭs), nihĭli.] **Crel.** Mĭnĭmi *or* nullĭŭs prĕtĭi. Paucis asĭbŭs emptŭs.

VILLA, æ. *f. A country-house; a farm-house.* Nĕc ut sŭperni villă candens Tusculi. *H.* Mŏdĭcæ custodĭă ∾-æ (ansĕr). *O.* [¶ Villŭlă, prædĭum; rus.]

VILLĬCŬS, i. *m.*, *and* VILLĬCA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A farmer,* or *steward on a farm; the steward's wife,* or *the housekeeper.* Villĭcĕ, da rĕquĭem terræ, sementĕ pĕracta. *O.* Pŏsĭto quos legĭt villĭcă fuso. *J.* [¶ Cŏlonŭs, rustĭcŭs; cŏlonă, rustĭcă.] **2.** *Any overseer.* Pŏsĭtŭs mŏdŏ ∾ urbi. *J.* [¶ Præfectŭs.] **3.** Used adj. *Aus.*

VILLOSŬS, ă, um. *Hairy, shaggy, having a thick nap.* Præcĭpŭumquĕ tŏro et villosi pellĕ lĕonis Accĭpĭt Æneam. *V.* ∾-ă setis (pectŏrĕ). *V.* lintĕă. *M.* [¶ Setosŭs, &c.] *See* S.

VILLŬLA, æ. *f.*, *dim. of* Villa. Proxĭmă Campano ponti quæ villŭlă tectum Præbŭĭt. *H.*

VILLŬS, i. *m.* (Villŭlŭs. *Cat.*) *The shaggy hair, &c., of animals; wool* (in the flake or fleece); *the nap of cloth.* Dat Sălĭo villis ŏnĕrosum, atque unguĭbŭs aureis (tergum lĕonis). *V.* Brachĭă cœperunt horrescĕrĕ villis. *O.* ∾-is udis ăries. *V.* Vellĕrā nĭtĭdo rădĭantĭă ∾-o. *O.* Tonsis mantillă ∾-is. *V.* [¶ Pĭli, setæ; *sts.* vellŭs.]

VIMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* **1.** *A withe, a pliant twig.* Dum tĭbĭ de vĭrĭdi fiscellam vimĭnĕ texo. *V.* Vimĭnĕ querno. *V.* ∾ ăcanthi; rusci. *V.* junci. *Tib.* [¶ Virgă, scipĭo, frŭtex.] *See* VIRGULTUM. **2.** Ext. *A wicker-basket.* ∾ Picenarum. *M.* [¶ Fiscĭnă, fiscellă, &c.] **3.** *A hive.* ∾-ă curvă flăvi. *O.*

VIMĬNALIS (mons, collis). *m.* (Vimĕn, ĭnĭs.) *One of the hills of Rome.* Dictumquĕ pĕtunt a vimĭnĕ collem. *J.*

VIMĬNĔŬS, ă, um. *Made of pliant twigs.* Vimĭnĕăquĕ trăhit crates &c. *V.* [¶ Virgĕŭs.]

VINALIA, ĭorum *or* ĭum. *n. pl. The festival of wine, celebrated in honour of Jupiter, both at the time of the vine's being in blossom, and after the in-gathering.* Dictă dĭes hinc est Vinalĭă. Jupĭtĕr illam Vindĭcăt. *O.*

VINARIŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *pertaining to wine. Pl.* Hence—**2.** Used subst. m. and n. *A wine-merchant; a wine-jug* or *bottle.* Invertunt Allĭfanis vinarĭă totă. *H.*

VINCIO, is, xi, ctum. **1.** *To bind, tie.* Purpŭrĕas alte suras vincirĕ cŏthurno. *V.* ∾ tempŏrā florĭbŭs. *H.* dĭgĭtum annŭlo; ulmum vitĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ Evincio, devincio, rĕvincio, necto, innecto, connecto, lĭgo, allĭgo, collĭgo, rĕlĭgo, obligo, stringo, constringo, obstringo, adstringo, nodo, cŏercĕo, cŏhĭbĕo, impĕdĭo, implĭco, arcto, cŏarcto; *sts.* cingo, incingo, tĕnĕo, contĭnĕo, rĕtĭnĕo, illăquĕo, irretio, prĕmo, comprĭmo, rĕdĭmio.] **Crel.** Vinclo (vinclis, nodo) –stringo, cŏercĕo, &c. Nexu cŏercĕo. *See* NODO. **2.** Sp. *To manacle, fetter, bind with chains,* &c. *V. O.* [¶ Constringo, nodo, cŏercĕo.] **Crel.** Vincŭlă (vinclă, cătenas) –do, addo, injĭcio, ădhĭbĕo, intendo, necto, lĭgo, impono, &c. Vinclis *or* cătenis do. Vinclis *or* cătenis –constringo, cŏercĕo, ŏnĕro, căpio, cŏhĭbĕo, prĕmo, &c. Nodis vinclo. Nexu (nexĭbŭs) –adstringo, constringo. Mănĭbŭs (pĕdĭbŭs, collo) vincŭlă –injĭcio, circumdo, &c. Compĕdĕ (mănĭcis) –vinclo, lĭgo, necto, &c. **Phr.** 1. Capto vim ĕt vincŭlă tendo. Captum –cătenis compesco;—vinclis ĕt carcĕrĕ prĕmo. **Phr.** 2. *Manacles.* Jăcentem mănĭcis occŭpăt. Mănus post tergă cătenis vincĭt. Vis imprŏbă ferri mănus impĕdĭt. Vincŭlă palmas arcent. Vinclă mănus accĭpĭunt. Dăt brachĭă (b. flexă post tergă, captivas mănus) vinclis *or* ĭn vinclă. **Phr.** 3. *Fetters.* Crurā, compĕdĕ vinctă, sŏnant. Ponderā ferri pĕdes cŏercent (ŏnĕrant, lædunt, &c.). **Phr.** 4. *Bound hand and foot.* Correptum mănĭcis vinclisquĕ tĕnent. Mănĭcæ lĭgant, ĕt grăves cătenæ. **Phr.** 5. *Chained by the neck.* Cătenæ (*ep.* ferratæ, mĭnaces) collo (pĕr collă) lĭgabantŭr (sŏnŭerĕ). Collo vincŭlă circumdăt. Collă cătenis, &c., innectunt. *See* VINCTUS. Fig. **3.** ∾ mentem lyæo (*with wine*). *Pp.* linguas hostiles (*by magic spell*). *O.* [¶ Ligo, detĭnĕo, adstringo, &c.] **4.** *Used of the obligations of love, faith in engagements,* &c. *O.* [¶ Devincio, constringo, obligo, &c.]

VINCLUM, i. *n. See* VINCULUM.

VINCO, ĭs, vici, victum. *To conquer.* **1.** *To conquer in war.* Reddĕ mĕis: vicisti, et victum tendĕrĕ palmas Ausŏnĭi viderĕ. *V.* [¶ Devinco, debello, sŭpĕro, dŏmo, sterno, expugno, contundo, fundo, frango, subjĭcio, sŭbigo, attĕro.] **Crel.** Victŏr rĕdĕo. V. sŭpĕrato hostĕ (ăb hostĕ, e certamĭnĕ) rĕdĕo. Cladĕ –afflĭcio, frango, contundo, &c. Armis debello *or* contundo. Bello (certamĭnĕ, pugna) vinco. Sŭb jŭgă (sŭb leges mĕas) hostes mitto. ˘Inĭmică armă sŭbigo. Victorĭs dĕcŭs *or* hŏnorem –fĕro, rĕfĕro. Trĭumphum (trŏpæum, palmam) rĕfĕro. *See* VICTOR, TRIUMPHO, SUBIGO. **2.** *To conquer a single foe* or *opponent; to come off conqueror in games,* &c. ∾ Hydram. *L.* Nĕquĕ ∾ certo. *V.* **3.** Gen. *To surpass, to be superior to another; to prevail.* ∾ qm carmĭnĭbŭs. *V.* actă pătrĭs armis. *O.* forma. *Ph.* ∾-ĕt ămŏr pătrĭæ. *V.* [¶ Sŭpĕro, &c.] *See* S. **4.** *To gain one's cause* (before a judge). ∾ ĕrant omnes dignæ. *O.* Făbio vĕl judĭcĕ ∾-am. *H.* **5.** *To gain one's end, carry one's point.* Rumpantŭr ĭniqui: Vicĭmŭs. *Pp.* Vicĭmŭs, exclamăt. *O.* **6.** *To gain a person over; to overcome his resistance to you, reluctance,* &c. Penĕlŏpen ipsam tempŏrĕ ∾-es. *O.* [¶ Flecto, &c.; dŏmo; *sts.* corrumpo, &c.] **7.** *To prove, prove unanswerably.* Multă ∾-am consurgĕrĕ nubĭbŭs ipsis. *Lr.* ∾-ĕt rĕtio hoc [☞ *acc.* of thing proved]. *H.* [¶ Convinco, pervinco, prŏbo, ostendo, &c.] **8.** *To convince a person.* Ergŏ ∾-ŏr ŭt credam &c. *H.* **9.** With verbis. *To discuss a subject thoroughly. V.* **10.** Sts. *To surmount, pass over* (a hill, &c.) *by ascent.* ∾ ascensu montes. *Cl.* aĕrā summum (de săgittis). *V. See* SUPERO. **11.** Gen. and fig. *To get the better of, to master, become superior to.* ∾ fătă stŭă vivendo; multă sæcŭlă durando; viscĕrā flamma (*soften by boiling*). *V.* [¶ Dŏmo.] ∾ flam-

mam flumĭnĭbŭs. *O.* æstum (= sĭtim) flumĭnĕ (*to quench*). *Pp.* [† Dŏmo.] *See* RESTINGUO.

VINCTŬS, ă, um. *part. See* VINCIO. 1. *Bound, tied.* Lit. and fig. ~-ă cŏmas stamĭnĕ. *Pp.* ~-i cornŭă vittis. *O.* [† Evinctŭs, nexŭs, lĭgatŭs, &c.] 2. *Bound with chains, in chains.* [† Constrictŭs, rĕvinctŭs, lĭgatŭs, captivŭs, &c.; vinclis cŏercĭtŭs.] Phr. 1. *Manacled.* Mănus (palmas, brachĭă) vinctŭs *or* rĕvinctŭs, &c. Măn̆ĭbŭs vinctis *or* rĕvinctis. Mănus post tergă rĕvinctŭs. Vinctŭs post tergă ăhenis nodis. Vinctis post tergum lăcertis. Phr. 2. *In fetters.* Compĕdĭ (*or pl.*) nexŭs (vinctŭs, ŏnĕratŭs). Phr. 3. *Chained by the neck.* Collă vinctŭs. C. cătenis ŏnĕratŭs (circumdătŭs). Vinclă captiva cervicĕ gĕrens. Cui collă cătenis circumdătă. *See* VINCIO, REVINCTUS.

VINCŬLUM, *and sync.* VINCLUM, i. *n.* 1. *A tie, band, any thing which ties* or *fastens.* Mollĭt ŏdoratas, pennarum vincŭlă, ceras. *O.* Juncĕă vinclă. *O.* Linĕă vincŭlă. *V.* [† Nexŭs, nodŭs; *sts.* rĕtĭnacŭlă, funĭs, fascĭă, lorum.] Ep. Firmum, vălĭdum, arctum, tĕnax. 2. Sp. *Bonds, chains.* Vincŭlă ferri exedĕrĕ sĕnem. *L.* Exutæ vinclis palmæ. *V.* [† Cătenă, nodi; mănĭcæ (*manacles*); compĕdes, *pl.* (*fetters*).] Crcl. Vincŭlă ferri. Vinclorum –nodi, nexus, compages, rĕtĭnacŭlă. *See* CATENA, CARCER. 3. *To chain, put in chains. See* VINCIO. 4. *To unfetter, to free from chains.* Vincŭlă (vinclă, cătenas) –solvo, laxo, rĕlaxo, rĕmitto, demo, ădĭmo, lĕvo. Vinclis *or* cătenis –exŭo, lĕvo, exŏnĕro. 5. *A halter for the neck. O. See* STRANGULO. 6. *The band of a letter. O.; a head-band. Sen.* 7. Pl. *Laced sandals.* Pĕdum circumdăt ~-ă plantis. *V.* Hăbent ~-ă nullă pĕdes. *O.* 8. Fig. *Any tie, bond, enchaining power,* &c. Vinclă pŭellæ (me rĕtĭnent). *Tib.* ~ jŭgalĕ. *V.* ~-ă ămicĭtiæ. *Lr.* jurĭs. *L.* curarum. *Sil.* [† Cătenă, nexŭs, nodŭs.]

VINDEMIA, æ. *f.* 1. *A grape-gathering, vintage.* Florĕt ăger, spumat plenis vindemĭă labris. *V.* Ep. Lætă, fecundă, fĕrax, fertĭlis, spumans, pinguĭs. Phr. *Of a vintage; the gathering and treading* or *pressing the grapes.* Vindemĭă ĭn summis collĭbŭs (summis jŭgis) fervĕt. Rustĭcŭs (vindemĭtŏr, &c.) uvas (*ep.* pendentes, maturas) –carpĭt, collĭgĭt, decerpĭt, vitĕ decerpĭt, de plenis vitĭbŭs d. Plenŭs ăb ulmo lĭbĕr (= *the wine in the grape*) descendĭt. Uvas călăthis portant. Rustĭcŭs uvas, musto spumantes –calcăt, prĕmĭt, pĕdĭbŭs *or* plantis prĕmĭt, exprĭmĭt, rumpĭt. R. crŭrĕ nudată nŏvo baccho tingĭt. Uvă crebro pĕdĕ rumpĭtŭr. Humŏr ăb uvis sudăt. Mustă (*ep.* pinguĭă, dulcĭă, ferventĭă) –sŭb nudo pĕdĕ flŭunt, rauco sŭsurro spumant, sanguĭnĕo rŭborĕ flŭunt. Uvă (*ep.* nŏvă, aurĕă, nobĭlis, multo baccho flŭens) –pressantes pĕdes inquĭnăt;—dăt purpŭrĕos lĭquores;—mădĭdos lăcus prĕmĭt. Musto rŭbent nudă pectŏrĕ. Prælă mădĭdis răcemis incumbunt. Mustă impressis răcemis despumant. Dolĭă purpŭrĕo musto spumant (pingui musto exundant). 2. *A bunch of grapes, grapes.* ~ ĭn āpricis saxis cŏquĭtŭr; arbŏrĭbŭs pendĕt. *V. See* UVA.

VINDEMIATŎR (*scan as* Vindemjatŏr), *and* VINDEMITŎR, orĭs. *m. A vintager, a grape-gatherer.* Durŭs Vindemiatŏr (4-*syll.*) ĕt invictus, cui sæpĕ vĭator Cessissĕt. *H.* At non effŭgĭet Vindemĭtŏr; hoc quŏquĕ causam &c. (*a star in Virgo so called.*) *O.* Crcl. Maturæ uvæ vinĭtŏr.

VINDEX, ĭcĭs. *m. f.* 1. *A deliverer, defender, protector; that which delivers,* &c. Tĭmŭerĕ dĕi pro vindĭcĕ terræ (Herculĕ). *O.* ~-ĭbŭs pacatŭs virĭbŭs orbĭs. *O.* [† Assertŏr, defensŏr, pătronŭs.] 2. *He,* or *she,* or *that which avenges, punishes.* ~ ăvaræ fraudĭs. *H.* ~-ĭcĕ pœna. *Cat.* flamma. *O.* [† Ultŏr, punitŏr, ultrix.]

VINDĬCO, as. 1. *To deliver, defend, protect.* Graiumque Idĕo bis vindĭcăt armis. *V.* [† Lĭbĕro, assĕro, defendo, protĕgo, custodĭo.] 2. *To avenge, punish.* ~ nĕcem Crassi; offensas ĭstensĕ. *O.* [† Ulcĭscŏr, &c.] *See* U. 3. *To lay claim to.* Arvă, quæ nemŏ vindĭcăt. *O.* [† Ascribo, arrŏgo, assĕro, assumo, attrĭbŭo.] 4. With inf. *To claim, make a claim.* ~-ăt hæc gestarĕ. *L.*

VINDICTA, æ. *f.* 1. *The wand with the touch of which the prætor enfranchised a slave. H.* 2. *Defence, protection.* Legĭs ~ sĕvĕræ. *O.* [† Patrocĭnĭum, custodĭă, tutelă.] 3. *Revenge.* Mĭnŭĭt ~ dŏlorem. *O.* [† Ultĭo, &c.] *See* U.

VINĔA, æ. *f.* 1. *A vineyard.* Hinc omnis longo pubescit vinĕă fetu. *V.* Fertĭlis uvæ ~. *O.* [† Vinetum, vitĭs.] *See* V. V. 2. *A kind of shed, under which the besiegers attacked the walls.* Armato surgebăt ~ dorso. *Sil.* [† *Sts.* Vitĭs.]

VINETUM, i. *n. A vineyard.* Nevĕ tĭbi ad solem vergant vinetă cădentem. *V.* [† Vinĕă; *est.* vitĭs.] Ep. Lætum, fĕrax, fertĭlĕ, fecundum, pampĭnĕum, uvĭfĕrum. Crcl. Colles vitĭbŭs (palmĭtĕ) –vestiti, ămicti. Jŭgă bacchi felicĭă. Colles –pampĭnĕi, baccho (lÿæo) grati *or* dilecti. Lŏcă vitĭbŭs consĭtă. Lŏcŭs (collĭs, campŭs) fertĭlis uvæ. Lŏcŭs, &c., baccho făvens (baccho dextĕr, fertĭli baccho ămictŭs, pampĭnĕis uvis vĭrĭdĭs, quo uvă vĭrĕt).

VINĬTŎR, orĭs. *m. A vine-dresser.* Aut custos grĕgis, aut maturæ vinĭtŏr uvæ. *V. See* VINDEMIATOR.

VINOSŬS, ă, um. *Fond of wine, a wine-bibber.* Nequĭtiam vinosă tŭam convivĭă narrant. *O.* ~-ĭŏr ætas. *O.* ~ Hŏmerŭs. *H.* Crcl. Amant munĕră vitis. Gaudens mĕro. Vĭr nĭmĭi viti (multi mĕri). Phr. Cui virtus sæpĕ mĕro călĕt. Qui mentem In pocŭlă mergĭt. *See* EBRIUS.

VINUM, i. *n.* 1. *Wine.* Relĭquĭas vino et bĭbŭlam laverĕ făvillam. *V.* Promĕrĕ vină cădo. *O.* [† Mĕrum, bacchŭs, lacchŭs, lÿæŭs, lĭber; *est.* uvă, vitis, nectăr; *sp.* (*new wine*) mustum; (*bad wine*) vappă; (*different kinds of wine*) fălernum, massĭcum, cæcŭbum, fălernă, cæcŭbă, &c.; *sts.* testă, cădŭs, amphŏră.] Ep. Chium, Lesbĭum, Massĭcum, Fălernum, Cæcŭbum, Surrentinum, Setinum, Mărĕotĭcum; dulcĕ, suavĕ, purum, gratum, lætum, nectărĕum, rŭbens, rŭbĭcundum, nĭgrum, purpŭrĕum, fragrans, ŏdoratum, gĕnĕrosum, fortĕ, vălĭdum, acrĕ, călĭdum, spumans; vĕtŭs, vĕtŭlum, vĕtustum, lenĕ. Crcl. Bacchi (lÿæi, lacchi) –pocŭlă, munĕrĕ, donă, nectăr, lĭquŏr, lătĭces. Bacchĭcŭs (Bacchŭs, Massĭcŭs, Lÿæŭs, Lenæŭs) –humŏr, lătex, lĭquŏr. Baccheum *or* Lenæum nectăr. Munĕrĕ vitis. Vitĕă pocŭlă. Lĭquŏr vitĭgĕnŭs. Vitĭgĕni lătĭces *or* succi. Bacchi Massĭcŭs humŏr. Lÿæi *or* uvæ succi. Grată lÿæi munĕrĕ. *See* VINDEMIA, VITIS. 2. *Wine in its effects, excess of wine: a wine-revel.* Somno ~-oquĕ sĕpulti. *V.* ~-o formă pĕrĭt. *Pp.* ~-is ŏcŭli nătabant. *O.* ~-ă pŭrant ănĭmos. *O.* dĭes sĕquĭtŭr. *O.* lĭberă rĕferrĕ. *H.* [☞ the *pl.*] *See* EBRIETAS. Phr. 1. *To drink wine.* Vinum (vină, mĕrum) –bĭbo, poto, haurio. Vino (mĕro, cyăthis) –indulgĕo, văco. Pocŭlă *or* călĭces –haurio, exhaurio, sicco, exsicco, văcŭo. Cădis non parco. Phr. 2. *Of one drinking freely.* Spumantem pătĕram haurĭt. Pocŭlă arentĕ faucĕ trăhĭt. Vino sĭtim curasquĕ lĕvăt. Siccă pectŏrĕ multo mĕro lĕvăt. Mŏrantem dĭem vino frangĭt. Ad vină lætŭs rĕdĭt. Interiorĕ fălerni nŏta gaudĕt. Vĕtĕrĭs bacchi impĕtŭr. Membrĭă multo dĕo prolŭĭt. Phr. 3. *To set wine on table,* &c. Vinum –pono, do, præbĕo.

mĭnistro, miscĕo, fundo, defundo. Vinclă Chio căđo solvo. Pono *or* appono -Massĭcă *or* Setină (*vina*);—Cæcŭbum *or* Formĭanum (*vinum*);—uvam prælo Cĕlceno dŏmĭtam;—pocŭlă gĕnĕrosi bacchi;—munĕră lætĭtĭamquĕ dĕi. Mensă effuso fălerno largĭŭs mădĕt. **Phr. 4.** *To mix wine and water together.* Pocŭlă ˘Achĕlŏĭă inventis uvis (succis lȳæi) miscĕo *or* mulcĕo. **3.** Sts. *A bunch of grapes, grapes. Pl.*

VIŎLA, æ. *f.* **1.** *A violet.* Pallentes vĭŏlas et summă pāpavĕrā carpens. *V.* [¶ ˘Ĭŏn (ĭi. *n.*); *sts.* vĭŏlarĭă.] **Ep.** Vernă, halans, fragrans, ŏdorā, tĕnŭĭs, hŭmĭlĭs, ferrugĭnĕă, purpŭrĕă. **2.** *A violet-colour.* Tinctŭs ∾-a pallŏr ămantĭum. *H.*

VIŎLABĬLIS, ĕ. *That can or may be violated, injured.* Non vĭŏlabĭlĕ vestrum Testor numĕn, ăĭt. *V.* Lĕvĭbŭs vĭŏlabĭlĕ telis (cŏr). *O.* [¶ Vĭŏlandŭs.]

VIŎLARĬUM, ĭi. *n.*, *and us.* **VIŎLARĬA**, orum. *pl. A bed of violets.* Illă lĕgit calthas, huic sunt vĭŏlarĭă curæ. *O.*

VIŎLATŎR, ōrĭs. *m. A violator.* Confŭgĭt interdum templi vĭŏlatŏr ăd aras. *O.* [¶ Pollutŏr.]

VIŎLENS, tĭs. *See* VIOLENTUS.

VIŎLENTĔR. *Violently.* (Rĕtortis) Littŏre ˘Etrusco vĭŏlentĕr undis. *H.* [¶ Vĕhĕmentĕr, acrĭtĕr, fortĭtĕr, vălĭdē, vi, impĕtĕ.]

VIŎLENTĬA, æ. *f.* **1.** *Overpowering strength, force,* &c. Vĕhĕmens vĭŏlentĭă vini. *Lr.* ∾ ponti. *Sil.* [¶ Vis, impĕtŭs.] **2.** *Fury, fierceness.* ∾ Turni exarsĭt. *V.* vultu ĕădem est. *O. See* IRA.

VIŎLENTŬS, ă, um, *and* **VIŎLENS**, tĭs. **1.** *Violent, boisterous, impetuous.* Aut ŭbĭ navĭgĭis vĭŏlentĭŏr incĭdĭt eurŭs. *V.* ∾-ens obstrĕpĭt Aufĭdŭs. *H.* ∾-ŭs In hostes fertŭr (ăpĕr). *O.* ∾-ă irā. *O.* [¶ Acĕr, vĕhĕmens, turbĭdŭs, præceps.] **2.** *Of a violent disposition; fierce, overbearing, intolerant, tyrannical.* Fĕrŭs ĕt vĭŏlens. *Pers.* ∾-ă linguă; făcĭe Cŏrinnă. *O.* Quĭd ∾-ĭŭs aurĕ tȳranni? *J.* [¶ Vĕhĕmens, aspĕr, fĕrox, præceps, audax, tĕmĕrarĭŭs, impŏtens, iracundŭs, ātrox.] **3.** Sts. *Valorous, formidable* (in a good sense). ∾-ŭs In armis. *O.* [¶ Sævŭs, mĕtŭendŭs, aspĕr, &c.]

VIŎLO, as. **1.** *To use violence with, to maltreat, injure by violent aggression,* &c. Mortalin' dĕcŭit vĭŏlari vulnĕrĕ corpŭs? *V.* ∾ Illăcos ăgros ferro. *V.* Penthĕă thyrso; Cĕrĕălĕ nĕmŭs sĕcuri. *O.* [¶ Invado, incesso, impĕto, aggrĕdĭŏr, lædo, offendo, fœdo, corrumpo, vulnĕro.] **2.** *To violate a woman. Tib. See* STUPRO. **3.** *To spoil* or *injure the beauty of any thing, to tarnish, stain, defile.* ∾ Indum ĕbŭr ostro. *V.* gĕnas ŏborto rorĕ. *Cl.* dĭem (pulvĕrĕ). *L.* aurum cĭbis. *St.* [¶ Pollŭo, tĕmĕro, infĭcĭo, corrumpo, &c.] *See* POLLUO. Fig. **4.** *To offend against, violate, profane.* ∾ pŭdorem. *V.* Vĕnĕrĭs numĭnă verbo. *Tib.* fĭdem. *O.* [¶ Pollŭo, tĕmĕro, prŏfano; *sts.* rumpo, frango, rescindo.] **5.** *To offend and shame the eyes. O.* [¶ Pollŭo, conscĕlĕro, contamĭno, &c.]

VIPĔRĂ, æ. *f. A viper.* Vipĕră dellĭtŭit, cœlumque exterrĭtă fugĭt. *V.* [¶ Anguĭs.] **Crcl.** Vipĕrĕum gĕnŭs. *See* SERPENS.

VIPĔRĔUS, ă, um. **1.** *Of a viper* or *vipers,* &c. Vipĕrĕo spicŭlă fellĕ lĭnunt. *O.* ˘Edĕrĕ ∾-as carnes. *O.* ∾-i dentes. *O.* [¶ Vipĕrĭnŭs.] **2.** *Composed of vipers,* &c. ∾ crĭnĭs. *V.* flăgellum. *Sil.* **3.** *Used of Medusa, the Furies, Cerberus,* &c. ∾-æ sŏrores. Trĭă orā ∾-o cănĭ. *O.* [¶ Cŏlubrĭfĕr.] **4.** Fig *Venomous, poisonous.* ∾-am ănĭmam inspirans. *V. See* VENENIFER.

VIPĔRĬNŬS, ă, um = vipĕrĕŭs. Nodo cŏerces vipĕrino. *H.*

VIR, vīri. *m.* **1.** *A man* (neither woman nor boy). Femĭnă quid făcĭat, quum sit vir lævĭŏr ipsa? *O.* [¶ *Sts.* Mas.] **2.** *A husband. V. See* MARITUS. **3.** *A lover. Pp. See* AMANS. **4.** *Used of the male of animals.* ∾ grĕgĭs (căpĕr). *V.* [¶ Mas, mărĭtŭs.] **5.** *A man, one worthy of the name.* Si ∾ ĕs, i &c. *O.* Si quĭd ĭn Flacco ∾-i est. *H.* [¶ *Sts.* Hŏmŏ.] **6.** *A great man, a hero,* &c. Hic ∾ hĭc est &c. *V.* Multă ∾-i virtus ănĭmo rĕcursăt. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Heros.] **7.** Gen. *A man* (more freq. in a good sense); *men in general, the human race.* Ignoti nŏvă formă ∾-i. *V.* ∾ injustŭs, fortĭs ăd armă tămĕn. *O.* fĕrŭs. *L.* Vĭrum (= vĭrorum) -pĕr orā vŏlĭtarĕ. *V.* -ĭn orā vĕnirĕ. *Pp.* [¶ Hŏmŏ; *sts.* cĭvĭs; hŏmĭnes, mortales.] **8.** *A man of such and such a country;* pl. *the population of a country.* ∾ Măcĕdo. *H.* Graii ∾-i. *O.* ∾-is divĕs, divĕs ĕquis (terrā). *O.*

VIRAGO, Inĭs. *f. A heroine;* sp. *used of Minerva, Diana,* &c. Juturnă ∾. *V.* Huc ŭbĭ pervenit belli mĕtŭendă vĭrago (*Minerva*). *O.* Divă vĭrago (*Diana*). *Sen.*

VIRDŎMĂRŬS, i. *m. A Gallic chief, from whom Marcellus took the* spolia opima. Virdŏmări, gĕnŭs hic Rheno jactabăt ăb alto. *Pp.*

VIRENS, tĭs. *part. See* VIREO. Used also adj. *Flourishing, vigorous.* ∾ pacĕ (urbs). *O.* mentĕ (vĭr). *St.*

VIRĔO, es, ŭi. **1.** *To be verdant; to be green.* Quo sĕgĕs in campo, quo vĭrĕt uvă jūgo. *Pp.* ∾-ent pectŏrā fellĕ. *O.* Taygĕti mĕtallă. *M.* [¶ Vĭresco, vĭrĭdŏr, verno.] **2.** Fig. *To be in vigour, to flourish.* ∾-ent gĕnŭă. *H.* ∾ rĕnata nobĭlĭtatĕ. *Cl.* [¶ Vĭgĕo, florĕo, verno.]

VIRES, Ium, Ĭbŭs (*pl. of* Vis). **1.** *Bodily powers, strength, vigour.* Lit. and fig. Par vĭgŏr est membris, promptæque ad fortĭă vires. *V.* Victu rĕvŏcant ∾-es. *V.* [¶ Vis, robŭr, vĭgŏr; *sts.* robŏrā, nervi, sanguĭs.] **Ep.** Ingentes, magnæ, vălĭdæ, indŏmĭtæ, fortes, exĭmĭæ, invictæ, firmæ, acres, jŭvĕnĭles. **Crcl.** Mascŭlă *or* vivĭdă virtus. **2.** Fig. *Any power* or *source of power; power* or *powers in act.* Natĕ, mĕæ vires &c. *V.* Qui ∾-ĭbŭs occŭpăt orbem. *V.* [¶ Pŏtentĭă, ŏpes, impĕrĭum.]

VIRESCO, is. *To be* or *grow green.* Lit. and fig. De nĭhĭloquĕ rĕnată vĭrescat coplă rerum. *Lr.* ∾-unt gramĭnă. *V.* ∾ prima partĕ ævi. *Cl. See* VIREO.

VIRETUM, i. *n. A verdant spot, a green sward, green field.* Devenerĕ lŏcos lætos ĕt ămœnă vĭretă. *V.* [¶ Vĭrĭdarĭă, vĭrĭdĭă, pratum.] *See* PRATUM.

VIRGĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A thin green twig, a shoot, small branch* or *stalk.* Ut quătĭtur tĕpĭdo fraxĭnă virgă nŏto. *O.* Spĕcŭs ∾-is ac vimĭnĕ densŭs. *O.* Rŭbĕă ∾. *V.* [¶ Vimĕn, surcŭlŭs, flăgellum, &c.] *See* VIRGULTA. **2.** *A slip, a graft.* Fissa cortĭcĕ ∾-am insĕrĭt. *O.* [¶ Terměs, surcŭlŭs.] **3.** *A slender stick* or *switch; a riding-whip.* ∾-a lillă summă mĕtĭt. *O.* ∾ gŭbernăt ĕquum. *M.* [¶ Verbĕr, flăgellum.] **4.** *A magic wand. V. O.* **5.** *The caduceus of Mercury.* Aurĕă cui torto virgă drăconĕ nĭtĕt. *M.* **Crcl.** Lethæum vimĕn. **6.** *One of the rods of the lictors fasces, which were used in scourging malefactors.* ∾ impĕrĭosă. *O.* sŭperbă clamosi lictorĭs. *M.* **7.** *A broom* or *wisp.* ∾ verrăt hŭmum. *O. See* SCOPÆ. **8.** Pl. *A rod for punishment. Pl. See* FLAGELLUM, VAPULO. **9.** *A streak, stripe,* &c.; *a tattooing.* Tingĕrĕ corpŏrā sŭă purpŭrĕis ∾-is. *O. See* VIRGATUS.

VIRGATŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Made of twigs* or *osiers.* Vellĕrā virgati custodibant cĕlăthisci. *Cat.* [¶ Virgĕŭs, vimĭnĕŭs.] **2.** *Striped, varied, ornamented with bands* or *stripes of colours,* &c. ∾-is lucent săgŭlis. *V.* ∾-æ auro vestes. *Sil.* ∾-o

corpŏrĕ ŭgrĭs. *Sil.* *See* MACULOSUS. **3.** *Tattooed*, &c. ∾-ă nŭrŭs. *V. Fl.*

VIRGĔŬS, ă, um. *Of twigs, of osier.* Virgĕă prætĕrĕa Cĕlĕi vilisquĕ sŭpellex. *V.* ∾ flammă. *V.* [¶ Vimĭnĕŭs, virgatŭs.]

VIRGĬLIANUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Virgil.* *See* MARONIANUS.

VIRGĬLIŬS, ĭi. *m.* *Virgil.* Illo Virgĭlĭum me tempŏrĕ dulcĭs ălĕbăt Parthĕnŏpe. *V.* [¶ Mărŏ.] **Ep.** Andinŭs, facundŭs, dulcĭs, divinŭs, doctĭlŏquŭs. **Crcl.** Andinŭs vates *or* pŏetă. Andinæ musæ.

VIRGĬNĔŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Of a virgin, maidenly; of a young girl.* Hæsit, virgĭnĕumque alte bĭbĭt actă crŭorem (*of Camilla*). *V.* ∾-am In pŭĕro, pŭĕrilem In virgĭnĕ (făcĭem dicĕrĕ). *O.* [¶ Virgĭnalĭs.] **2.** *Of Vesta* or *the Vestals, Vestal.* ∾ ară. *O.* **3.** Sp. *Used of Minerva, Diana*, &c. ∾-a dŏmĭtŭs săgitta (*of Diana*). *H.* **4.** ∾-æ vŏlŭcres. *The Harpies. O.* **5.** ∾ ăquă; lĭquŏr. *O. The water of the spring Virgo, feeding the Roman aqueduct also so called. O. See* VIRGO (7).

VIRGĬNĬTAS, ătĭs. *f.* *Virginity, maidenhood.* Jupĭtĕr erepta pro virgĭnĭtatĕ săcravĭt. *V.* [¶ Pŭdŏr, castĭtas, pŭdĭcĭtĭă, flos, intĕgrĭtas.] **Ep.** Sanctă, castă, innŭbă, intĕgră, illæsă, illibată, invŏlată, purà, candĭdă; săcro pŭdori devotă. **Crcl.** Virgĭnĭtatĭs -hŏnŏr, hŏnos, dĕcŭs, glorĭă. Sĭnĕ crimĭnĕ vitâ *or* mores. Vitâ expers thălămi. Dĕcŭs pŭdorĭs. Corpŭs intactum. Flos intĕmĕrătŭs *or* castŭs. Flos virgĭnĕi pŭdorĭs. Castŭs pŭdŏr. Virgĭnĕum nomĕn. *See* VIRGO, CASTUS, CONJUGIUM, PUDICITIA.

VIRGO, ĭnĭs. *f.* **1.** *A maid, a virgin.* Virgĭnĭs os hăbĭtumquĕ gĕrens et virgĭnĭs armă. *V.* [¶ Pŭellă, innŭbă, innuptă; *sts.* virguncŭlă, cælebs, intactă, intĕgrĕ.] **Ep.** Castă, pŭdĭcă, innŭbă, intĕmĕrătă, intactă, intĕgrĕ, hŏnestă, ingĕnŭă; ădultă, nubĭlis; candĭdă, pulchrĕ, formosă, vĕnustă; comptă, cultă; tĕnĕrĕ, imbellĭs, timĭdă, mŏdestă, vĕrecundă. **Crcl.** Innuptă pŭellă. Vĭri -expers, ignarĕ, nescĭă. Conjŭgĭ (thălămi) -expers, immunis, rŭdĭs. Thălămi consortĕ cărens. Virgĭnĭtatĕ gaudens. Virgĭnĭtatĭs ămans. Thălămos (thălămi jurà, tædas jŭgales, sŏcĭum tŏrum) -exosă, pĕrosă, aversată. Nulli vinclo jŭgali sŏcĭată. Turbâ pŭellarĭs *or* virgĭnĕă. Agmĕn virgĭnĕum. **Phr.** *Of the virgin.* Innŭbă -virgĭnĭtatĭs ămorem cŏlĭt;—castum dĕcŭs invĭŏlată (intĕmĕrătă) rĕtĭnĕt;—vitam thălămi expertem degĭt;—castos sancta virgĭnĭtatĕ fŏcos (pĕnates) servăt. Quĭd sĭt hȳmen, quĭd ămŏr, quĭd connubĭă, nescĭt. *See* VIRGINITAS. **2.** = nymphă. *O. See* N. **3.** Sp. *Astræa* or *Themis;* or *Astræa as the constellation Virgo.* Jam rĕdĭt ĕt Virgo &c. *V. See* JUSTITIA. **4.** Sp. Virgo Saturnĭă, *Vesta* (*O.*). V. dĕă, *Diana* (*O.*). V. bellĭcă, *Minerva* (*Sil.*). V. Phœbĕă, *Daphne;* fig. *a laurel-tree.* Tempŏrĕ Phœbea virgĭnĕ nexă tĭllĭt. *O.* **5.** Pl. Sp. *The Muses* (*Pp.*); *the Vestal virgins. H.* **6.** *Used of animals; and fig.* ∾-Inĭs irâ lĕæ. *St.* chartæ pŭtĕr. *M.* **7.** ˘Aquâ virgo, or abs. Virgo. *The water of a very cool spring, which was brought to Rome by an aqueduct called Virgo from it.* Nĕc Campŭs, nĕc gĕlĭdissĭmâ Virgo. *O.* Artus tingĭt Virgĭnĕ ăqua. *O. See* VIRGINEUS. **8.** *Any young girl* or *young woman; used of Penthesilea* (*V.*); *Hypermnestra. H.* [¶ Pŭellă, jŭvĕnĭs; *sts.* jŭvencă, nuptă; *and pl.* nŭrus.]

VIRGULTUM, i. *n.*, *and us.* VIRGULTA, orum. *pl.* **1.** *A twig, a young shoot; a thicket, underwood.* Attondent simæ virgultă căpellæ. *V.* ∾-is abdĭtă. *O.* Fundĕrĕ virgultâ (*to put forth shoots*). *V.* [¶ Frŭ·ex, virgâ, flăgellum, surcŭlŭs, ramuscŭlŭs, vimĕn, germĕn; *pl.* arbustum, frŭtĭctum, dumetum.] **Ep.** *Pl.* Vĭrentĭă, vĭridantĭă. lætă, frondentĭă, silvestrĭă, densă, spissă. ∾ DUMUS. **2.** *A young plant* or *set. V.* [¶ Surcŭlŭs, flăgellum, virgâ, germĕn, semĕn, plantă, mallĕŏlŭs, radix; *pl.* plantarĭă (*or sing.*).] **3.** *Used of dry branches. V.* [¶ Sarmentă.]

VIRGUNCŬLA, æ. *f.*, *dim.* *of* Virgo. Tunc quum virguncŭlă Juno. *J.* [¶ Pŭellŭlă, filĭŏlă.]

VIRĬATHŬS, *or* VIRĬATŬS, i. *m.* *The famous Lusitanian chief, who resisted the Romans.* Hic Vĭrĭathŭs ăgit, Lusitanumquĕ rĕmotis. *Sil.*

VIRĬDANS, tĭs. *part.* *See* VIRIDO. Used also adj. *Green of foliage, herbage*, &c. ∾ laurŭs; tŏrĭs herbæ. *V. See* VIRIDIS.

VIRĬDARĬUM, ĭi. *n.* = vĭrĭdĭă. *A pleasure-garden*, &c. *Cic.*

VIRĬDĬA, ĭorum. *n. pl.* *Verdant spots* or *grounds; a pleasure-garden.* Pĕrambŭlantĕ lætâ dŏmĭno vĭrĭdĭă. *Pb.* [¶ Vĭrĭdarĭă, vĭretă.]

VIRĬDIS, ĕ. **1.** *Green* (the green of nature). Muscŭs ŭbi et vĭrĭdissĭmâ gramĭnĕ ripâ. *V.* ∾ ăvis (paittăcŭs). *O.* [¶ (*Of the vegetable world*) Vĭrens, vĭrescens, vĭrĭdans.] *See* HERBA. **2.** *Painted green.* ∾-es Brĭtanni. *O.* **3.** *Green, water* or *sea-green.* ∾-es ăquæ orâ clausĕrunt: căpilli ˘Arĕthusæ. *O.* ĕqui (*Neptune's*). *Cl.* [¶ Cærŭlŭs, cærŭlĕŭs, glaucŭs.] **4.** *Green-eyed.* ∾-es pardi. *Cl.* [¶ Cæsĭŭs, glaucŭs.] **5.** Fig. *Fresh, young, full of life and vigour.* ∾ sĕnectus. *V.* consĭlĭo. *Sil.* Vĭrĭdissĭmŭs iræ. *Sil.* [¶ Vĭrens, vălĭdŭs, fortĭs, firmŭs, &c.]

VIRĬDO, as. *To make green.* Num vădâ subnatis imo vĭrĭdentŭr ăb herbis? *O.* Nexas vĭrĭdantem florĭbŭs hastas. *V. Fl.*

VIRILIS, ĕ. **1.** *Of a man, manly; male.* Fĭlĭŭs huic, fato divum, prolesquĕ vĭrĭlĭs Nullâ fŭit. *O.* Telâ ∾-ĭă. *O.* [¶ Mascŭlŭs, mas.] **2.** Pro virili -partĕ, portĭonĕ. *For one's own part*, or *according to one's duty.* Laudas carmĭnâ, pro partĕ vĭrĭli. *O.* **3.** *Of full age, of the grown-up man.* Antĕ annos curam ∾-em gĕrens. *V.* **4.** *Masculine, fit for a man* (and not a woman). Matronâ ănĭmi ∾-Is. *O.* [¶ Mascŭlŭ-.]

VIRILĬTĔR. *In a manly manner.* Fortunâ vĭrĭlĭtĕr, inquĭt, Istâ fĕrendâ tĭbi est. *O.* [¶ ˘Animose, fortĭtĕr, acrĭtĕr.]

VIRITIM. *From man to man, one after the other, severally, individually.* Quod lĕgĕret tĕrĕretquĕ vĭritim publĭcŭs usŭs. *H.* Cănĕrĕ factâ ∾-im Belgarum. *Aus.* [¶ Sĕorsum, sĕorsŭs, *or* seorsum, &c.] **Crcl.** ˘In vĭros.

VIROSŬS, ă, um. *Fetid, rank.* At Chălȳbes nudi ferrum (mittunt), virosâquĕ Pontŭs Castŏrĕă. *V.*

VIRTUS, utĭs. *f.* **1.** *Strength, vigour, power.* Virtutisquĕ tŭæ, Bacchĕ, pŏetă fĕrăr. *Pp.* Majŏr post otĭă virtus. *St.* ∾ herbarum. *O.* [¶ Vis robŭr, vĭgŏr, pŏtentĭă.] **2.** Sp. *Valour, courage, manliness.* ∾ belli spectatâ dŏmiquĕ. *H.* bello vivĭdâ. *V.* tĕmĕrarĭă. *O.* Sŭpĕrăt ∾-ĕ dŏlorem. *O.* [¶ Fortĭtudo, ănĭmŭs, vis; *sts.* constantĭă.] *See* FORTITUDO. **3.** *Natural gifts, qualities.* Orbem rĕgĕrĕ pătrĭis ∾-ĭbŭs. *V.* Est In ĕquis pătrum ∾. *H.* [¶ Dotes.] **4.** *Virtue, the love of what is right*, &c.; *virtuous conduct.* ∾ rĕpulsæ nescĭă sordĭdæ; est vĭtĭum fŭgĕrĕ. *H.* [¶ Plĕtas, prŏbĭtas, hŏnestas, justĭtĭă, pŭdŏr, sanctĭtas, castĭtas, fĭdes, simplĭcĭtas, intĕgrĭtas, innŏcentĭă, candŏr, jus, æquum, bŏnum, rectum, rectă.] **Ep.** Ingĕnŭă, simplex, plă, hŏnestă, candĭdă, intĕgrĭă; dĕcorâ, pulchrâ, laudandâ, cŏlendâ; constans, firmâ, inconcussâ, invictâ, gĕnĕrosâ. **Crcl.** Bŏnæ artes. Virtutĭs -hŏnos, dĕcŭs, laus. **Phr.** *Virtue its own reward.* Virtus -ipsâ sĭbĭ pulcherrĭmâ merces;—ipsâ sĭbĭ

prĕ.lum;—ipsā pĕr se pĕtendā. *See* PROBUS, INNOCENS. **5.** *A meritorious act; praiseworthy conduct.* ∾ est abstĭnŭissĕ plăcĭtis bŏnis. *O.* [¶ Laus.]

VIRŬS, *sts.* i, o. *n.* (*no plur.*) **1.** *Any natural juice, animal* or *vegetable humour.* Virŭs, ŏdorĭfĕris ˘Arăbum quod doctŭs ĭn arvis &c. *St.* Ponti ∾ (spumă). *Man.* [¶ Succŭs, humŏr, vĕnenum.] **2.** Us. *Venom.* Lit. and fig. ∾ serpentĭbŭs addĭdĭt. *V.* ferro tinctĭlĕ ĭnest. *O.* futĭlĕ linguæ. *Sil.* [¶ Vĕnenum, fĕl.] *See* V. **3.** *A fetid smell. Lr. M.* [¶ Fœtŏr, &c.] *See* VIROSUS. **4.** *A strong, pungent taste. Lr.*

VIS, is. *f.* **1.** *Strength, vigour, energy.* Contĭnŭo in silvis magna vi flexă dŏmatŭr (ulmŭs). *V.* Vis jŭvĕnilis. *O.* [¶ Robŭr, vĭgŏr, virtus.] *See* VIRES. **2.** *Violence, impetuosity.* Vŏlăt vi fervĭdŭs axis. *V.* Incŭtĕ vim ventis. *V.* [¶ Impĕtŭs.] **3.** *Personal violence.* Vim duram capto tendĕ. *V.* ˘Ad vim pĕratŭs. *O.* [¶ Vĭŏlentĭă.] **4.** Sp. *Violence done to a woman.* Vim passă est Phœbe, vis est allată sŏrori. *O.* *See* STUPRUM. **5.** *The inherent power of things* (as seen in their effects). ∾ mĕri; morbi. *O.* In ămorĕ. *V.* [¶ Vires, vĭŏlentĭă, vĕhĕmentĭă, acrĭtas.] **6.** *The natural property, essential quality of any thing.* Sŭă ∾ cuiquĕ est. *Lr.* ∾ ĭn ăqua contrarĭă vino. *O.* Doctrinā vim insĭtam promŏvĕt. *H.* [¶ Virtus, vĭgŏr, robŭr, natură.] **7.** Vis -aurĕă, humanā; ferri, ĕquŭm, cănum, &c. = aurum, hŏmĭnes; cănes, &c. [But, after the Gr. ἶς, βία, the idea of power, or action with effect, is implied.] Vis aurĕă tinxĭt flumĕn. *O.* Vis humanā maxĭmā quæquĕ mănu lĕgĭt. *V.* Vis ferri ærisquĕ rĕpertă. *Lr.* Fortĭs ĕquŭm vis. Fidă cănum vis. *Lr.* ˘Odoră cănum vis. *V.* *See* **14.** **8.** *Ruling, influencing power.* Vis ăădem servăt. *O.* Cœlestum ∾ magnă jŭbĕt. *O.* [¶ Pŏtentĭă.] **9.** *Effect, virtue.* ∾ est notissĭmă fontis. *O.* [¶ Virtus, vires, effectŭs.] **10.** *Deed and practical result* (opp. to mere words). Vim affŏrĕ verbo. *V.* [¶ Effectŭs, fĭdes.] **11.** *An actual blow* or *stroke.* Vim -telă fĕrunt; -plumis accĭpĕrĕ. *V.* [¶ Ictŭs.] **12.** *The import, meaning of a word.* ∾ ăă vocis ĕrăt. *O.* [¶ Sensŭs, sententĭă.] **13.** *High, confident spirit and resolution.* Effĕrĭ ∾ ănĭmi. *V.* Vim addĕrĕ victis. *V.* *See* FIDUCIA. **14.** *A quantity of any thing.* Hĕdĕræ ∾ multă. *H.* [¶ Coplă.] [☞ Vis cănum, ĕquŭm, &c. (7), is by some interpreted of quantity, number, &c.]

VISCATŬS, ă, um. *part.* *See* VISCO. *Smeared with birdlime,* or *any thing viscous.* Lit. and fig. Non ăvis utĭlĭter viscatis effŭgĭt alis. *O.* ∾-ă virgă. *O.* Omnĭă ∾-is mănĭbŭs lĕgĕrĕ. *Lucil.* [¶ Viscosŭs.] Crcl. Visco -illĭtŭs, obductŭs, &c.

VISCO, as. *To smear with birdlime.* Viscantur labrā mĕriti. *J.* [☞ The only instance of the use of the word, except *viscatus.* *See* V.] Crcl. Visco -lĭno, illĭno, obduco, &c.

VISCUM, i. *n.* **1.** *The mistletoe.* Qualĕ sŏlet silvis brumali frigŏrĕ viscum. *V.* **2.** *Birdlime.* Fallĕrĕ (fĕras) ∾-o. *V.* Ep. Pinguĕ, lentum, tĕnax, glutĭnĕum, sĕquax, vălĭdum, firmum.

VISCŬS, ĕris. *n.*, *us.* VISCĔRA, um. *pl.* **1.** *The flesh next to the skin.* Et sŏlĭda imponunt taurorum viscĕrā flammis. *V.* Conděrĕ viscĕrā ĭn viscĕrā (*here the second* viscera = *stomach.* *See* **3**). *O.* [¶ Extă, cărō.] Ep. Tostă, stridentĭă, pinguĭă, călĭdă, tĕpentĭă, tĕpĭdă, călentĭă, mollĭă, trĕpĭdantĭă. **2.** Sp. *The intestines, entrails.* Ossă, crŭŏr, venæ, călŏr, humŏr, viscĕrā, nervi. *Lr.* Trăhens hærentĭă ∾-ĕ telă. *O.* [¶ Extă, intestinā, fibræ, præcordĭă.] **3.** Sp. *Used of the belly.* Demisso ĭn ∾-ă censu. *O.* *See* VENTER. *Of the chest,* &c. *Sen.* *See* PECTUS. *Of the liver.* Viscĕrĕ pascĭt ăves (Tĭtyŭs). *O.* **4.** *The womb.* Intra ∾-ă ĕras. *O.* *See* UTERUS. **5.** *One's children* (Gr. σπλάγχνα, one's own flesh and blood). *O.* **6.** Fig. *The bowels* (of the earth, &c.), *the innermost parts of any thing; the more vital parts.* ∾-ă montis. *V.* terræ. *O.* dŏmus. *J.* gentis. *Sil.* pătrĭæ. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Intĭmă, pĕnĕtrallĭă.]

VISO, is, i, um. *To see; to go to see.* Undĭquĕ visendi stŭdĭo Trojanā jŭventus Circumfusă rŭit. *V.* ∾ pĕrĕgrinum orbem. *O.* regnă sŏrorĭs. *H.* Visendŭs Cocytŭs errans. *H.* [¶ Inviso, ădĕo, visĭto; *sts.* convĕnĭo, ĕo, vĭdĕo.]

VISUM, i. *n.* **1.** *A sight, an object of sight.* Et pŏsŭit casta turpĭă visă dŏmo. *Pp.* **2.** *A vision, apparition.* Hoc visum nulli effată. *V.* ∾-ă quĭd istă fĕrant. *O.* [¶ Visŭs.] *See* SIMULACRUM.

VISŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *A seeing, a sight.* Tum cŏmĭtum visu frŭĭtŭr. *V. Fl.* [¶ Adspectŭs; *ext.* præsentĭă.] **2.** *The sight of the eyes; the eyes.* Mortales ∾-us rĕlinquĭt. *V.* ˘Inoccĭdŭis stellatŭs ∾-ĭbŭs (Argŭs). *St.* [¶ Lumĭnă, ŏcŭli.] **3.** *A vision, apparition, a fearful vision.* ∾-us ritĕ sĕcundarĕ. *V.* ∾-u ĭnŏpino terrĭtă. *O.* [¶ Visum, monstrum, portentum, &c.] *See* SIMULACRUM.

VITĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *Life.* O mĭhĭ tam longæ mănĕat pars ultĭmă vitæ! *V.* [¶ Lux, spirĭtŭs, ănĭmă, ævum, dĭes (*pl.*), anni, ætas.] Ep. Brĕvis, brĕvĭŏr, perbrĕvis, frăgĭlis, căducă, fluxă, răpĭdă, vŏlubĭlis, exĭgŭă, angustă; anxĭă, sollĭcĭtă, grăvis, ăcerbă, mĭsĕrĕ, infelix; felix, bĕată, carĕ, dulcis; longă, dĭŭturnă. Crcl. Vitæ -tempŭs, tempŏrā, spătĭum, anni, cursŭs, currĭcŭlum, munŭs, donum, munĕrĕ. Vitales auræ. Lucis usurā. Vitæ lumĭnă. Vitalĕ lumĕn. Lucis munŭs. Vitæ stamĕn *or* stamĭnă. Semĭnă vitæ. Vivendi tempŭs *or* spătĭum. Brĕvis cursŭs ævi. Vitalis sensŭs. Vitæ summă brĕvis. Limĭnă vitæ (*the beginning of life*). Vitæ (ævi) termĭnŭs (*the end*). **2.** *Life, means of living. Pl.* [¶ Victŭs.] **3.** *Life, mode of life and conduct.* ∾-as ĕt crimĭnă discĭt (*Minos*). *V.* ∾ inculpată fŭĭt. *V.* [¶ Mores, factă, actă.] **4.** *Life, the society of living men, mankind, the present generation.* ∾ desuevĭt fămem glandĕ pellĕrĕ. *Tib.* Nĕc cărŭissĕt ∾ Cătonĕ. *L.* [¶ Hŏmĭnes, sæcŭlum.] **5.** *A man's 'love,' his 'life.'* Nam quum me ∾-am, quum me tŭă lumĭnă dicis. *M.* and *Pp.* *See* LUX. **6.** Sts. pl. *Spiritual existences, ghosts,* &c. Tĕnŭes sĭnĕ corpŏrĕ vitæ. *V.*

VITABĬLIS, ĕ. *That may be avoided.* Esset perpĕtŭo sŭă quam vitabĭlis Ascrā. *O.*

VITALIS, ĕ. **1.** *Vital, pertaining to life, supporting life.* Vitalesquĕ vĭas et respiramĭnă clausĭt. *O.* ∾-es auras carpĕrĕ. *V.* ∾ lumĕn rĕlinquĕrĕ. *O.* Multă cĭbo ∾-ă. *Lr.* **2.** Vitalĭă, um. *n. pl.* *The vital parts of the body, the seat of life;* fig. *the principles of life.* ∾-ă calcarĕ. *L.* mammæ. *Sil.* rerum. *Lr.* **3.** *Living, alive; likely to live* or *live long.* O pŭĕr, ŭt sis ∾, mĕtŭo. *H.* Paucas ∾ ĭn horas. *O.* (*ad Liv.*) [¶ Vivens, vivŭs, *or* victurŭs.]

VITALITĔR. *With life.* Quandŏquĭdem nĕquĕunt vitalĭtĕr esse ănĭmată. *Lr.*

VITELLĬUS, li. *m.* *The Roman emperor.* Nec regno dignus, nec mortĕ Vĭtellĭŭs ut vĭr. *Aus.*

VITELLUS, i. *m.* *The yolk of an egg.* Namquĕ mărem cŏhĭbent callosă vĭtellum. *H.*

VITĬĔUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to a vine.* Et pocŭlă læti Fermento atque ăcĭdis ĭmĭtantur vitĭă sorbis (poc. vitĭă = *vine*). *V.*

VITĬCŎLA, æ. *m. f.* *A cultivator of vines.* Vitĭcŏlæ nomen pervulgatură Fălerni. *Sil.*

VITĬFĔR, ĕrā, ĕrum. *Producing the vine.* Vitĭfĕri sacro gĕnĕratus vertĭcĕ montis Massĭcŭs. *Sil.*

[¶ Uvĭfĕr.] **Crcl.** Fertĭlĭs uvæ. Uvarum fĕrax. Vitĕ (vitĭbŭs) ămictŭs *or* vestitŭs.

VITĬGĒNŬS, ă, um. *Produced from the vine.* Vitĭgĕni (lĭquorĭs) lătĭcem mortalĭbŭs instĭtŭĭssĕ. *Lr.*

VITĬO, as. **1.** *To corrupt, spoil; to hurt, mar.* Dirā lŭes quondam Lătĭas vĭtĭavĕrăt auras. *O.* Făcĭes longis ∾-abĭtŭr annis. *O.* ∾ dulcĕ sălĭbŭs. *O.* călĭces ăquis. *M.* [¶ Depravo, corrumpo, vĭŏlo, lædo, pollŭo, &c.] *See* POLLUO. **2.** Sp. *To dishonour, violate. O. See* STUPRO.

VITĬOSŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Spoiled, bad, rotten.* Cortĭcĭbusquĕ căvis vĭtĭosæque illĭcĭs alvo. *V.* ∾ nux. *Pl.* [¶ Pŭtrĭs, pŭtrĭdŭs, corruptŭs.] **2.** *Vicious, corrupt, depraved.* Non ∾ ĕs, Zoïlĕ, sĕd vĭtĭum. *M.* Progĕnĭes ∾-lŏr. *H.* [¶ Corruptŭs, mălŭs, pravŭs, flagĭtĭosŭs, imprŏbŭs, perdĭtŭs, nequam.] **Crcl.** Qui vĭtĭis (vĭtĭorum sordĭbŭs) tĕnetŭr (urgetŭr, obrŭĭtŭr). Qui pectŭs, vĭtĭi servum, hăbĕt. Cui naturā vĭtĭis mendosā est. **3.** *Faulty, full of faults.* ∾-ă carmĭnā. *O.* [¶ Pravŭs, mălŭs.]

VITĬS, ĭs. *f.* **1.** *A vine.* Popŭlŭs Alcidæ gratissĭmā, vitĭs ˘Iaccho. *V.* [¶ Palmĕs, pampĭnŭs, bacchŭs; vĭnĕā, uvā.] **Ep.** Tĕnĕrā, ădŭltā, fĕrax, fecundā, grăvĭdā, prævălĭdā, lætā, pampĭnĕā, lentā; jŭgatā, vinctā; vĭdŭā, cælebs. *See* UVA, VINDEMIA. **2.** *The staff* or *baton of the centurion, made of a vine-branch.* Dux huic centum commisĭt ∾-ē rĕgendos. *O.* **3.** = vĭnĕā. *A besieger's shed* (in shape like a vine-arbour). *Lucil. See* V. **4.** Vitĭs albā; v. nĭgrā. *Plants so called* (? white and black bryony). *O.*

VITĬSĀTŎR, ōrĭs. *m. A planter of the vine; used of Bacchus and Saturn.* Pătĕrquĕ Sābĭnŭs Vitĭsātŏr, curvam servans sŭb ĭmagĭnĕ falcem. *V.*

VITĬUM, ĭi. *n.* **1.** *That which is a corruption, a disease in any thing,* or *is bad, unwholesome in it, from turning, decay,* &c. Excŏquĭtur vĭtĭum, atque exsudăt Inutilĭs humŏr. *V.* ∾-o sĭtĭt aĕrĭs herbā. *V.* ∾-um căpĭunt ăquæ. *O.* [¶ Morbŭs, labes, pestĭs, lŭes, mălum.] **2.** *Bad, disadvantageous condition* or *nature of a place,* &c. ∾ rĕgĭonĭs ămaræ. *O.* [¶ Mălā, incommŏdā.] **3.** *A personal blemish, a deformity.* ∾ corpŏrĭs omnĕ vĭdĕt. *O.* [¶ Labes, mendā, nævŭs.] **4.** *A moral fault, a vice, crime. O.,* &c. [¶ Mălā (*pl.*): *sts.* flagĭtĭum, culpā, crimĕn, scĕlŭs.] **Ep.** Turpĕ, fœdum, deformĕ, prŏbrosum, mălum, exĭtĭalĕ. **Crcl.** ˘Anĭmi (mentĭs) –vĭtĭum, mălā, labes. Vĭtĭi labes *or* măcŭlā. Vĭtĭorum sordes. Mores corrupti. *See* VITIOSUS. **5.** *A fault in a work. O.* [¶ Culpā, errŏr, mendum.]

VITO, as. *To shun, avoid.* Nec telā nĕc ullas Vitavissĕ vĭces Dănăum. *V.* ∾ æstum sŭb frondĭbŭs. *O.* [¶ Evito, devito, fŭgĭo, defŭgĭo, effŭgĭo, declino, căvĕo; *sts.* exĕo, detrecto; rĕcedo *or* discedo (ăb).] **Crcl.** Me –averto, subduco, submŏvĕo, rĕmŏvĕo.]

VĬTRĔUS, ă, um, *and* **VĬTRĔA**, orum. *n. pl.* **1.** *Of glass; glass-ware.* Fac pĕrĕat vĭtrĕo milĕs ăb hostĕ tŭŭs (*a glass-chessman*). *O.* ∾-æ ampullæ. *M.* Qui sulfŭr commĭnutis ∾-is permutant. *St.* **2.** Ext. *Crystal* (glass-like). ∾-æ sĕdiles. *V.* ∾-is sŭb antris. *O.* [¶ Crystallĭnŭs.] *See* VITRUM. **3.** *Glassy, clear as glass, sparkling as glass, glass-green.* ∾ amnĭs; prŭinā. *O.* undā. *V.* billĭs. *Pers.* [¶ Crystallĭnŭs, perlucĭdŭs, nĭtĭdŭs, &c.] Fig. **4.** *Bright, beautiful.* ∾ Circe. *H.* [¶ Nĭtĭdŭs, &c.] **5.** Fig. *Fragile as glass.* ∾ famā. *H.*

VITRĬCŬS, i. *m. A step-father.* Et mŏvĕt exemplo vitrĭcŭs ipsĕ tŭo. *O.*

VĬTRUM, i. *n. Glass; a glass-cup,* &c. Lygdămŭs *ad cyăthos,* vitrique æstivā sŭpellex. *Pp.* O fons Bandŭsĭæ splendĭdĭor vĭtro! *H.* [¶ Sts. Călix, &c.] **Ep.** Frăgĭlĕ, clarum, purum, lĭquĭdum, nĭtĭdum, pellucens.

VITTĂ, æ. *f.* **1.** *A head-band* or *tie; a riband of the head-dress.* Infŭlā cui sacra rĕdĭmibat tempŏrā vitta. *V.* Vittā cŏercŭĕrat neglectos albā căpillos. *O.* [¶ Tænĭā, infŭlā; *sts.* fascĭā.] **2.** *Altar-wreath* or *fillet.* Cingĕrĕ altarĭā ∾-a. *V.* **3.** *The fillet round the olive-branches carried by suppliants.* ∾-a prætendĕrĕ ramos. *V.*

VITTATŬS, ă, um. *Bound* or *adorned with a fillet.* Pallādā vittatæ placabat sanguĭnĕ vaccæ. *O. See* VITTA.

VĬTŬLA, æ. *f. A heifer; a young cow.* Quum făcĭam vĭtŭla pro frugĭbŭs, Ipsĕ vĕnĭto. *V.* Bis vĕnĭt ăd mulctram &c. (vĭtŭlā). *V. See* VACCA.

VĬTŬLŬS, i. *m.* **1.** *A calf; a bullock.* Mactatos crederĕt illic Lactentes vĭtŭlos. *O.* ∾ curvans cornŭā bima frontĕ. *V.* [¶ *Sts.* Jŭvencŭs.] **Ep.** Lactens, tĕnĕr, mollĭs, imbellĭs; văgŭs, pĕtulcŭs. **2.** Ext. *A colt.* ∾-os hortarĕ, vĭamquĕ insistĕ dŏmandi. *V.* [¶ Pullŭs.] **3.** ∾ mărĭnŭs, &c. *A sea-calf; a seal. J.*

VĬTŬPĔRO, as. *To reprove, censure.* Nĭmĭamquĕ crurum tĕnŭĭtatem vĭtŭpĕrăt. *Ph.* [¶ Culpo, &c.] *See* C.

VIVARĬUM, ĭi. *n., and us.* **VIVARĬA**, orum. *pl. A place in which wild animals are preserved* (as deer in a park, fish in a stew-pond). Lit. and fig. Sic inde huc omnes tanquam ad vivarĭā currunt. *J.* ∾-ĭā Cæsărĭs. *J.*

VIVAX, acĭs. **1.** *Long-lived* (of animal life). Cui pătĕr est vivax, qui matris digĕrĭt annos. *O.* Vivacis cornŭā cervi. *V.* [¶ Longævŭs, annosŭs.] **2.** *Full of sap and life* (vegetable life). ∾ ŏlivā. *V.* ăpĭum. *H.* cespĕs. *O.* Fig. **3.** *Undying, lasting ever.* ∾ virtus expersquĕ sĕpulchri. *O.* sermonum gratiā. *H.* [¶ Longŭs, dūturnŭs, pĕrennĭs.] **4.** *Supplying with life.* ∾-i nutritā sŏlo (semĭnā). *O.*

VIVESCO, ĭs. *To grow to life, get lively, strong,* &c. Ulcŭs ĕnim vivescĭt ĕt invĕtĕrascĭt ălendo. *Lr.* ∾-ĭt ŭt ignĭs. *Lr.* [¶ ˘Anĭmŏr, vivo.]

VIVĬDŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Quick with life, full of life, vigour,* &c. Vivĭdăque e tĕnĕro palmĭtĕ gemmā tŭmĕt. *O.* ∾ tellus; vis ănĭmi. *Lr.* virtus. *V.* impĕtŭs. *H.* [¶ Vĕgĕtŭs, vĭgens, vălĭdŭs, acĕr, fortĭs, robustŭs, ănĭmosŭs.] Fig. **2.** *Drawn to the life, like life.* ∾-ă signā, bŏves. *Pp.* ∾ cerā vultum tĕnĕt. *M.* [¶ Spirans; *sts.* verŭs.] **3.** *Strong, potent* (of wine). ∾-ĭŭs mĕrum. *M.* [¶ Vălĭdum, fortĕ, acrĕ, robustum.]

VIVO, Is, vixi, victum. **1.** *To live, be alive.* Tantănĕ vivendi tĕnŭĭt me, natĕ, vŏluptas? *V.* Vivĭt, ĕt est vitæ nescĭŭs ipsĕ suæ. *O.* [¶ Spiro, respiro.] **Crcl.** Sum vivŭs. Vita *or* lucĕ frŭŏr. Vitales auras –carpo, duco, trăho. Dĭem *or* lucem adspĭcĭo. Lumĕn vitalĕ vĭdĕo. Æthĕrĭa lucĕ (aura) frŭŏr *or* vescŏr. Vitalĭbŭs auris vescŏr. Vitā mĭhĭ sŭpĕrest *or* mănĕt. Spirĭtŭs artus mĕos rĕgĭt. **2.** *To live, pass one's life.* ∾ ĭn ămorĕ jŏcisquĕ. *H.* mecum &c. *O.* [¶ Dego; *sts.* ăgo, ăgĭto.] **Crcl.** Vitam (ævum, annos, ætatem) –ăgo, ăgĭto, dego, duco, cŏlo, traduco, exĭgo, transĭgo, pĕrăgo, consumo, decurro, trăho, profĕro, produco, protrăho. Vitæ (ævi, ætatĭs) tempŭs (tempŏrā, spătĭum) –ăgo, duco, &c. Ætas mĭhĭ carpĭtŭr. **3.** Vivĕrĕ annos, &c. *To live* (so many) *years,* &c. Tĕr ∾ Nestŏrĭs annos. *O.* ∾ annos bĭs centum. *O.* vĕl Nestŏrā totum. *J. See* VIVUS *and* VITA. **4.** *To live, subsist.* ∾ sĭlĭquis. *H.* rapto. *V.* gramĭnĕ. *O.* [¶ Victĭto, vescŏr, pascŏr, ĕdo, &c.] **Crcl.** Vitam –tŏlĕro, sustĭnĕo, sustento, &c. *See* ˘EDO. **5.** *To act in life, behave.* Vixĭt, dum vixĭt, bĕnĕ. *Ter.* **Crcl.** Me hăbĕo *or* gĕro. **6.** *To live* (never die); *to be immortal.* ∾ extento ævo. *H.* Non

prĕcŏr ĭt ∾-ant (scriptă). *O. See* IMMORTALIS. **7.** *To exist still, to remain.* ∾-ĭt sŭb pectŏrĕ vulnŭs. *V.* ∾-unt ŏdĭă. *St.* [¶ Duro (*intr.*), mănĕo, permănĕo, resto, &c.] **8.** *To be, to exist.* Mŏlestă ∾-ĭs. *Cat.* [¶ Sum, exsisto.] **9.** Vivĕ, Vivĭtĕ, &c. *Good bye; farewell; farewell t'ye,* &c. (ironically implying the contrary.) ∾-ĕ vălequĕ. *H.* ∾-ĭtĕ silvæ. *V.* ∾-ăt vălĕăt-quĕ cum sŭis mœchis. *Cat. See* VALE. **10.** *To be to the life, to breathe* (of a work of art). ∾-ĭt picturatum mĕtallis ŏpŭs. *Cl.* Phidĭăcum ĕbŭr. *J.* [¶ Spiro.] **11.** Pass. Vivĭtŭr (*us. impers.*); Vivi. *inf.* Nunc tertĭă ∾-ĭtŭr ætas. *O.* ∾-ĭtŭr exĭgŭo mĕllĭŭs. *Cl.* parvo bĕnĕ. *H.* ex rapto. *O.* Non pŏtĕrăt sĭnĕ puro pectŏrĕ bĕnĕ vivi. *Lr.*

VIVŬS, ă, um. **1.** *Alive, living* (of men and animals). Quĭă lædĕrĕ vivos Livŏr ĕt &c. sŏlĕt. *O.* [¶ Vivens, spirans; *sts.* vĭdens, incŏlŭmĭs; ănĭmatŭs, sŭperstĕs.] **2.** *Used of flesh with life in it.* Viscĕră ∾-ă. *O.* Roderĕ ∾-os ungues. *H.* **3.** *Used of vegetable life.* ∾ ărundo; cespĕs. *O.* ∾-ă plantarĭă. *V.* **4.** *Used of fire burning; of heat.* ∾-æ lŭcernæ. *H.* ˘In ∾-um călorem rĕvŏcarĕ. *O.* **5.** *Used of welling* or *fresh water; of rock,* &c., *in its natural state.* ∾-i lăcus. *V.* fontes. *O.* ∾ ros. *O.* ∾-o saxo sĕdĭlĭă. *V.* **6.** ˘Ad vivum. *To the quick, to the vital sense.* Altĭŭs ăd vivum persedĭt (frigŭs). *V.* **7.** *Undying* (in the memory of men). ∾ pĕr orĭă fĕrĕtŭr. *V.* [¶ Sŭperstĕs.] *See* IMMORTALIS. **8.** *Living, like life.* Ducĕrĕ ∾-os vultus de marmŏrĕ. *V.* [¶ Vivens, spirans.] **9.** *Full of life and spirit, ardent.* ∾ ămŏr. *V.* vĭgŏr. *O.* [¶ Vivĭdŭs, &c.] *See* V.

VIX. **1.** *Hardly, with difficulty; only just.* Matri vix vixquĕ rĕmissum &c. (corpŭs.) *O.* (*ad Liv.*) Summis vix cornĭbŭs exstant. *V.* [¶ Ægre, difficultĕr.] **Crcl.** Non bĕnĕ. **2.** Vix est. *Hardly possible, very difficult.* Pĕrĕam, nĭsĭ dicĕrĕ vix est. *O.* **3.** *Scarcely.* Vix Prĭămŭs tanti fŭĭt. *O.* **4.** Us. *As a note of time, and followed by* quum *or* et. Vix ĕă fatŭs ĕrăt . . . quum. *V.* Vix quĭes laxavĕrăt artus, ĕt &c. *V.* [¶ Vixdum.] **Crcl.** Non bĕnĕ.

VIXDUM = vix. Vixdum orĭă nŏva mutantĕ jŭventa. *Sen.*

VŎCABŬLUM, i. *n. A word, a name* (of thing or person), *a term.* Tu mĭhĭ junctă tŏro, mĭhĭ junctă vŏcabŭlă sumes. *O.* Imponens cognată vŏcabŭlă rebŭs. *H.* [¶ Verbum, dictum, nomĕn.]

VOCALIS, ĕ. **1.** *Having voice* or *sound, vocal; having a pleasant voice,* &c., *musical.* Nunc te vocales impellĕrĕ pollĭcĕ chordas. *Tib.* Carmĭnĕ ∾-i clarŭs. *O.* ∾-ĭă orĭă (vatĭs). *O.* ∾ nymphă (*Echo*). *O.* [¶ Sŏnans, sŏnorŭs, argutŭs; *sts.* lŏquax.] **2.** *Having the gift of speech.* ∾-es præmŏnŭissĕ bŏves. *Tib.* ∾ sŭa quercu (*Dodona*). *O.* **3.** Sts. *Bestowing voice.* De Pĭĕrĭis fontĭbŭs ∾-is undă. *St.*

VŎCAMĔN, ĭnĭs. *n.* = vŏcabŭlum. Mavolt, quam lătĭcis prŏprĭum proferrĕ vŏcamĕn. *Lr.*

VŎCATIO, onis. *f. An invitation.* Quærunt in trĭvĭo vŏcatĭones. *Cat.*

VŎCATŎR, ŏris. *m. One who invites* (by order). Jam dices mĭhĭ: Vapŭlet vŏcatŏr. *M.*

VŎCATŬS, us. *m. An invocation, appeal.* O nunquam frustrată vŏcatus Hastă mĕos. *V.*

VOCĬFĔRŎR, aris. **1.** *To say with a loud voice, to proclaim.* Nam sĭmŭl ac rătĭo tŭă cœpit vocĭfĕrari Naturam rerum. *Lr.* [¶ Clamo, proclamo.] **2.** *To vociferate, speak with a loud voice, exclaim.* Tallĭă ∾-ans. *V.* [¶ Clamo, inclamo, tŏno, intŏno.] **Crcl.** Orĕ intŏno. **3.** *To resound.* Ærĭă ∾-antŭr. *Lr.*

VŎCĬTO, as. *freq. of* Voco. *To be in the habit of naming* or *calling.* Quod pătrĭo vŏcĭtamus nomĭnĕ fulmĕn. *Lr.* ∾-ată Pălatĭă regi. *Sil.*

VŎCO, as. **1.** *To call a person by name.* Mœstusquĕ Crĕusam Nequidquam ingĕmĭnans ĭtĕrŭmquĕ ĭtĕrŭmquĕ vŏcavi. *V.* ∾ nomĭnĕ Dido; nomĭnĕ quemquĕ. *V.* [¶ Nomĭno, appello (as), inclamo, clamo, clĕo; *sts.* advŏco, evŏco, provŏco, excĭto, arcesso, acclĕo *or* acclo.] **Crcl.** Nomĭnĕ vŏco *or* clamo. Vocĕ -vŏco, nomĭno, arcesso. Nomĕn vŏco *or* clamo. Orĕ *or* clamorĕ vŏco. **2.** *To convoke.* ∾ concĭlĭum; cŏmĭtes. *O.* [¶ Convŏco.] **3.** *To invoke.* ∾ pătrĭos dĕos vocĕ. *V.* sidĕră lunæ. *O.* [¶ Invŏco, clĕo, &c.] **4.** *To call to another in the way of direction, lead,* &c.; *to encourage* or *bid to come* or *go; to command, oblige to come* or *go.* Quo ∾-ăt fortună, sĕquamŭr. *V.* Quo ∾-ăt iră, sĕquemŭr. *O.* Quo ∾-ant fluctus &c. *O.* ∾ bŏves sŭb jŭgă; omnĭă sŭb leges sŭas (de mortĕ). *O.* [¶ Rĕquiro, posco, rĕposco, excĭto; compello (Is), ăgo; trudo.] **5.** *To invite;* sp. *to invite to dinner,* &c. Lit. and fig. ∾ velă (de vento). *O.* Sedarĕ sĭtim flŭvĭi ∾-abant. *L.* ∾ ăd cœnam. *M.* [¶ Invito.] **6.** *To call by a name, to name.* Conjŭgium ∾-ăt. *V.* Vos ĕgŏ magnă ∾-o. *O.* [¶ Dico, nomĭno, nuncŭpo, vŏcĭto.] **Crcl.** Nomĭnĕ dico (vŏco). Nomĕn (nomĭnă, vŏcabŭlă) do *or* făcio.

VOCŬLĂ, æ. *f., dim. of* Vox. *A feeble voice, a voice in a low tone.* O ŭtĭnam trajectă căva mĕă vocŭlă rima! *Pp.*

VŎLANS, tis. *part. See* VOLO. Used also adj. **1.** *Flying.* Ipsă sŭb orĭă vĭri cœlo venerĕ vŏlantes. *V.* [¶ Vŏllĭtans, vĕnĭens.] **Crcl.** Alis *or* pennis -allapsŭs, lapsŭs, delapsŭs, delatŭs, ablatŭs. Cœlo ăperto invectŭs. Sŭb sidĕră fŭga lapsŭs. **2.** Used subst. f. pl. *Birds.* Corpŏrĕ cunctă vŏlantum. *Lr.* and *V. See* AVIS. **3.** Fig. ∾ săgittă; ferrum. *L.* ∾-es curæ. *H.* stĭpŭlæ; currus. *V. See* VOLATILIS, CELER.

VŎLATILIS, ĕ. **1.** *Flying, winged.* Per Vĕnĕrem juro pŭĕriquĕ vŏlatĭlĭs arcus. *O.* ∾ ferrum. *V.* [¶ Alĕs, alatŭs, alĭgĕr, &c.] *See* ALATUS. **2.** Used subst. f. pl. *Birds.* Addĕ plumĭpĕdes vŏlatĭlĭesquĕ. *Cat. See* AVIS.

VŎLATŬS, us. *m.* **1.** *A flying, flight* (winged). Non si Pegăsĕo fĕrar vŏlatu. *Cat.* Cĕlĕri pĕr Inanĕ ∾-u (*of the eagle*). *O.* [¶ Lapsŭs, alæ, pennæ.] **Ep.** Aĕrĭŭs, audax, celsŭs, sublimis, văgŭs, ăgĭlis, cĕlĕr, cĭtŭs, pernix, præpĕs, præceps, stridens, trĕpĭdŭs. **Crcl.** Aĕrĭŭs *or* vŏlŭcris -cursŭs, lapsŭs. Lĭquĭdŭs cursŭs *or* mĕatŭs. **2.** Fig. *Any rapid motion.* Cĕlĕri ∾-u (famă). *Cl.* Răpĕrĕ campum ∾-u. *Sil.* [¶ Cursŭs, impĕtŭs, fŭgă.]

VŎLEMĂ, orum. *n. pl. A large kind of spear.* Crustŭmĭis Sŷrĭisquĕ pĭris, grăvĭbusquĕ vŏlemis. *V.*

VŎLENS, tis. *part. of* Volo. Used also adj. *Willing; acting of one's own free will.* Spontĕ sŭa prŏpĕrant: lăbŏr est Inhĭbĕrĕ vŏlentes. *O.* ∾ vos Turnŭs ădoro. *V.* [¶ Spontĕ, ultro.] **Crcl.** Non *or* haud invitŭs. *See* VOLO (II.).

VŎLĬTO, as. *freq. of* Volo (I.). *To fly to and fro* or *about; to flit, flutter about,* &c. Lit. and fig. Proptĕr hŭmum vŏlĭtat, ponitque in sepĭbŭs ovă. *O.* ∾ frondes căducas (vĭdebis); figuras, mortĕ ŏblĭta (famă est). *V.* ∾-ans sŭb verbĕrĕ turbo. *V.* ∾-ant pĕr mărĕ navĭæ. *H.* ∾ pĕr orĭă vĭrum. *V.*

I. VŎLO, as. **1.** *To fly.* Deserĭt, atque altam supra vŏlăt ardĕă nubem. *V.* Pĕr flores ∾-ant. *O.* [¶ Vŏlĭto, labŏr; *sts.* fĕrŏr, vĕnĭo, ĕo, allabŏr, delabŏr, evŏlo, avŏlo, advŏlo, defĕrŏr.] **Crcl.** Alis *or* pennis vŏlo. Vŏlans *or* vŏlatu -fĕrŏr, fŭgĭo, vĕnĭo, ĕo. Pĕr auras (aĕrĭă, Inanĕ) vŏlo. Alis (pennis, vŏlatu) -fĕrŏr, aufĕrŏr, affĕrŏr.

vĕlŏr. Auras (æthĕrā, nubilā, cœlum) –sĕco, scindo, trano. percurro:—alis sĕco, &c. Remĭgio alarum ĕo *or* ferŏr. Vŏlatus –tento, exercĕo, ăgĭto. carpo. Pennas *or* alas –mŏvĕo, quătĭo. impello. Alis nitŏr. ˘Ad cœlum (ăd auras) –surgo, assurgo, me tollo. Pennis me –tollo, fĕro, erĭgo, libro. ˘Itĕr lĭquĭdum –carpo, mollĭŏr, tento. Pennis viam sĕco *or* carpo. **Phr.** ˘Avis pennis (*ep.* præpĕtĭbŭs, lĕvĭbŭs, jactatis, motis) –se credĭt cœlo:—aĕrā fŭgiens sĕcāt:—ablatā rĕfŭgit;—ĭtĕr vŏlans tendĭt:—æthĕrā ingrĕdĭtŭr;—in aĕrā nitĭtŭr;—delapsā pĕr auras vĕnĭt (*flies down*). ˘Avis –nubilā tranăt;—remĭgio alarum pĕr aĕrā vŏlăt:—ĭtĕr lĭquĭdum radĭt;—l. pĕr aĕrā labĭtŭr;—aĕrĕ quĭeto labĭtŭr;—pĕr văcŭum aĕrā fertŭr;—aĕrā alis (*ep.* stridentĭbŭs) carpĭt;—aĕrĭum ĭtĕr pervŏlăt. ˘Avis (*flying upward*) –ardŭā in nubes ăbĭt;—assurgĭt (tollĭt se) in auras:—sublimes vŏlatus pĕr inanĕ carpĭt;—in cœlum pĕrĭbŭs se tollĭt alis;—astrā ardŭā sĕquĭtŭr (lustrăt). *See* VOLANS. **2.** Fig. *Of any thing in rapid motion.* ∾-ant fŭces ĕt telā; ignes ăd tectā. *V.* pocŭlā missā. *O.* fulmĭnā. *Lr.* Pĕlăgo ∾-amŭs (*sailing*). *V.* ∾-ăt axis (*the chariot*). *V.* In auram spirĭtŭs. *O.* [¶ Vŏlĭto, fĕrŏr, curro, ĕo, prŏpĕro, festino, &c.]

II. VŎLO, vis, vŏlŭi, vellĕ. **1.** *To be willing; to wish, like, choose; to desire.* Vis ergo inter nos, quid possĭt ŭterquĕ, vicissim Expĕrĭamŭr? *V.* Ludĕrĕ quæ vellem &c. Terrarumquĕ vĕlis curam. *V.* [¶ Opto, cŭpio, desidĕro; lĭbĕt, &c.] *See* CUPIO. **2.** Vĕlis nolis, Vĕlit nollĭt. *Whether you, he, &c., will* or *no, like* or *not.* Tŭoquĕ tristĭs fĭllo, vĕlis nolis. *M.* **3.** Inf. used subst. Vellĕ sŭum cuiquĕ est &c. *Pers.* [¶ Vŏluntas.] **4.** *To will, choose to have it, &c.* Sic ∾, sic jŭbĕo; sĭt pro rātĭonĕ vŏluntas. *J.* Si ∾-ĕt usŭs. *H.* [¶ Jŭbĕo, &c.] **5.** *To permit. V. See* PERMITTO. **6.** *To wish for, seek for.* Vellĕ mālorum fŭgam. *V.* [¶ Quæro.] **7.** *To meditate, devise.* ∾ letum ŭtriquĕ. *St.* [¶ Mĕdĭtŏr, păro.] **8.** *To wish to have it supposed, to maintain.* ∾ se ortum Teucrorum a stirpĕ. *V.* [¶ Contendo.] **9.** Quĭd vult? Quĭd sibĭ vult? *What means?* Quĭd vult concursŭs ăd amnem? *V.*

VŎLUBĬLIS, ĕ. **1.** *Revolving, turning round; that may be turned* or *rolled round.* Illĕ vŏlubĭlĭbus squamosos nexĭbŭs orbes Torquĕt. *O.* ∾ buxum. *V.* In omnĕ ævum (amnis). *H.* [¶ Volvens.] **2.** Fig. *Of fortune. O. See* INCONSTANS.

VŎLUBĬLĬTAS, atis. *f. Easiness of rolling* or *rolling round; roundness.* Ipsā vŏlubĭlĭtas subjectum sustĭnĕt orbem. *O.* ∾ căpĭtis. *O.*

VŎLŬCER, ŭcris, ŭcrĕ. **1.** *Flying, winged.* Lit. and fig. Æthĕrĭum vŏlŭcri qui pĕdĕ carpĭt ĭtĕr. *O. See* **4.** ∾ săgittā. *O.* [¶ Vŏlans, vŏlatĭlis, alĕs, alatŭs, &c.] *See* ALATUS. **2.** *Swift-winged, flying rapidly.* Vĕhi ∾-i penna. *Tib.* Fig. **3.** Gen. *Passing lightly, rapidly through the air,* or *along, away.* ∾-es fumi; auræ. *V.* ∾ somnŭs; Hebrŭs. *V.* classis; currŭs. *H.* famā. *O.* [¶ Lĕvis, cĭtŭs, cĕlĕr, &c.] *See* C. **4.** Vŏlŭcris, is. *f., and sts.* Vŏlŭcĕr, ŭcris. *m. A bird.* Dirarum nidis dŏmŭs opportunā vŏlucrum. *V.* Sĭmĭlis ∾-i, mox verā ∾-is. *O.* Utquĕ Jŏvis vŏlŭcĕr &c. *L.* [¶ Alĕs, ăvis.] *See* AVIS. **5.** Pl. *Eagles, standards.* Lătĭæ fulserĕ ∾-es. *L. See* AQUILA.

VŎLUMĔN, ĭnis. *n.* **1.** *Any thing that is rolled, folded,* or *wound together; an orb, circle, coil, winding, bend, wave; any circular course.* Saucĭus ut serpens sinŭosā vŏlumĭnā versăt. *V.* ∾-ă vinclorum versarĕ (de cæsto); alternā crurum sinŭăt (ĕquŭs). *V.* pĕr multā æstŭāt undā. *L.* fumi infecerĕ diem. *O.* Siderā cĕlĕri ∾-ĕ versăt. *O.* [¶ Gyrŭs, glŏmĕramĕn, orbis, rŏtatŭs, spira; *sts.* sinŭs, glŏbŭs.] **2.** *A roll of parchment* or *papyrus written on;* hence, *a volume, a book.* Annosā ∾-ā vatum. *H.* Æterno ∾-ā versu. *Tib.* [¶ Lĭbĕr, chartā, codex; *sts.* scapŭs.]

VŎLUNTAS, atis. *f.* **1.** *Will, wish, inclination.* Ut desint vires, tāmĕn est laudandā vŏluntas. *O.* Sĭt pro rātĭonĕ ∾. *J.* [¶ ˘Anĭmŭs, mens, cŭpido, votum, optatum, plăcĭtum, stŭdĭum, consĭlĭum, propŏsĭtum.] **Ep.** Firmā, constans; dŭbĭā, vārĭā, mobĭlis; cæcā, ignotā, secretā. *See* CUPIO. **2.** *Good-will, favorable inclination. O.,* &c. [¶ Stŭdĭum, bĕnĕvŏlentĭā, fāvŏr.]

VŎLUPTAS, atis. *f.* **1.** *Pleasure, enjoyment, delight.* Est in āqua dulci non invĭdĭosā vŏluptas. *O.* Nullā est sincerā ∾. *O.* [¶ Lætĭtĭā, delĭcĭæ, gaudĭum, gaudĭā.] **Ep.** Blandā, dulcis, gratā, jucundā. **Crel.** Vitæ dulcĭā *or* gaudĭā. *See* GAUDIUM. **2.** Mĕā vŏluptas. *A term of endearment.* Mĕā serā ĕt solā ∾. *V.* [¶ Gaudĭā.] **3.** *Sensual, voluptuous pleasure,* &c. Sperně ∾-es: nŏcĕt emptā dŏlorĕ ∾. *H.* [¶ Lĭbido, lascivĭā, luxŭrĭā, luxŭries, delĭcĭæ, dulcĭā.] **Ep.** Insĭdĭosā, vesanā, insanā, fŭrens, præceps, damnosā, noxĭā, obscenā, turpis, fœdā, infamis, inconcessā, virtuti inĭmĭcā; brĕvis, fluxā, inanis. **Crel.** Turpes delĭcĭæ. Mălā gaudĭā mentis. Vŏluptatis –delĭcĭæ, blandĭtĭæ, vĕnenum, insĭdĭæ.

VŎLUTO, as. **1.** *To roll, move by rolling.* Lit. and fig. Difficile ut toto montĕ vŏlutĕt ŏnŭs. *Pp.* ∾ vocem pĕr atrĭā. *V.* ∾-ant vocem littŏrā (*re-echo*). *V.* [¶ Volvo, &c.] *See* V. **2.** ∾ –mecum, mentĕ, &c. *To revolve* (turn a matter) *in the mind, to meditate* (upon it). Mecum ipsĕ ∾-o. *V.* Secum ĭtā cordĕ ∾-ăt. *V.* [¶ Volvo, &c.] *See* V. **3.** Sts. intr. *To roll, fall.* Gĕnĭbŭs ∾-ans hærebăt. *V.* [¶ Volvŏr, procumbo.]

VŎLUTUS, ă, um. *part. See* VOLVO. *Rolling, falling.* Lăcrĭmæquĕ pĕr orā vŏlutæ. *V.* ∾ pĕr saxā amnis. *V.*

VOLVO, is, i, vŏlutum. **1.** *To roll, move by rolling, to roll* or *pour forth.* Sive instarĕ jŭgis, et grandĭā volvĕrĕ saxā. *V.* ∾ fluctus ăd littŏrā; flammarum glŏbos lĭquĕfactăquĕ saxā (de Ætna). *V.* [¶ Vŏluto, verto, verso, convolvo, torquĕo, contorquĕo, rŏto, circŭmăgo; *sts.* devolvo.] **Crel.** ˘In gyrum *or* in orbem –torquĕo, verso, ăgĭto. **2.** *To roll* or *turn the eyes about, around.* ∾ ŏcŭlos pĕr singŭlā; huc illuc *V.* **3.** *To throw to the ground, throw down.* ∾ multos seminĕces. *V.* [¶ Provolvo, &c.] *See* STERNO. **4.** *To unroll a volume, to read a book.* ∾ mŏnŭmentā vĕtĕrum vĭrorum. *V.* [¶ Evolvo, verso.] Fig. **5.** Sic ∾ Parcas (*so do they destine, such things do they spin out* (unroll) *from their wheel*). *V.* Sic dĕŭm rex ∾-it vĭces (*so disposes, causes to come on the vicissitudes of the world*). *V.* ∾ menses (*of the moon, producing them by revolving*). *H.* **6.** *To turn over in the mind, reflect, think upon.* ∾ qd sŭb pectŏrĕ. *V.* Pĕr noctem plurĭmā ∾-ens. *V.* [¶ Vŏluto, verso, ăgĭto, mĕdĭtŏr, &c.] **7.** ∾ verbā. *To roll out* or *pour forth words,* &c. ∾ carmĭnā spumanti lingua. *L.* **8.** Intr. *To roll round, roll along.* Lit. and fig. ∾-ĭā plaustrā. *V.* ∾-ĭbŭs annis. *V. See* VOLUTO.

VOLVŎR. *pass.* **1.** *To be made to move round;* or (mid.) *to move round, turn round.* Nunc plĭā, nunc cĕlĕri volvĭtŭr orbĕ trŏchŭs. *O.* Intĕr vestes lapsŭs ∾-ĭtŭr (anguis). *V.* [¶ Versŏr, &c.; *sts.* volvo.] **2.** *To fall down* (us. with force). ∾-ĭtŭr in căput (măgistĕr); Eurŭălŭs leto. *V. See* CADO. **3.** ∾ antĕ pĕdes *or* ăd gĕnŭā. *To cast oneself at another's feet, knees,* &c. *Pp. L.* [¶ Advolvŏr, &c.] *See* GENU. **4.** *To be* tossed about. ∾-ĭmŭr undis. *V.* [¶ Jactŏr, &c.]

Vomĕr, *and* **Vomĭs**, ĕris. *m. A plough-share; a plough.* Littŭs ārant, Rŭtŭlosque exercent vomĕrĕ colles. *V.* Vomĭs, ĕt inflexi &c. *V.* **Ep.** Ferrĕtŭs, durŭs, uncŭs, obtusŭs, rĕtusŭs. **Crcl.** ˘Aratri (vomĕrĭs) dens *or* ferrum. *See* Aratrum.

Vŏmĭca, æ. *f. An abscess.* Et phthĭsĭs, et vŏmĭcæ putres, et dimĭdĭum crus. *J.*

Vomis, ĕris. *See* Vomer.

Vŏmo, is, ŭi, ĭtum. **1.** *To vomit* (throw up from the stomach). Concĭdĭt, et mixtum spumis vŏmĭt orĕ crŭorem. *V.* [¶ Evŏmo, ructo, eructo, ejĭcĭo, ejecto, egĕro, emitto, rejĭcĭo, rejecto, provŏmo, reddo, mitto; *sts.* nausĕo, rĕvŏmo, rĕgĕro, exspŭo, spŭo, sputo.] **Crcl.** Sānĭem (crassum crŭorem) orĕ (rĕsĕrato pectŏrĕ) eructo (ejecto, egĕro). **Phr.** *Of one drunk.* Frustă commixtă mĕro *or* cum mĕro mixtas dăpes eructăt (e. pĕr somnum, ejectăt). Fig. **2.** *To discharge, pour out, send forth.* ∾-ĭt undam sālutantum dŏmŭs; ignes aurĕŭs umbo; fumum stuppă. *V.* ∾-unt telă fĕnestræ. *St.* **3.** ∾ vitam. *To expire. Lr.* [¶ Exhalo, exspiro, reddo, &c.]

Vŏrago, ĭnis. *f.* **1.** *A gulf, abyss, bottomless depth. Cat.* Turbĭdŭs hic cœno vastaquĕ vŏraginĕ gurgĕs Æstŭăt. *V.* Thebæ juxta ĕt tĕnĕbrosă ∾. *St.* [¶ Gurgĕs, bărăthrum, hiatŭs.] *See* Gurges. **2.** *A slough, depth of mud.* **3.** Fig. *Used of the glutton's belly; of any squanderer of goods.* Attĕnŭarĕ ŏpes ∾-ĭnĕ ventrĭs. *O.* [¶ Gurgĕs.] *See* G.

Vŏrax, acis. **1.** *Voracious, insatiable.* Plurĕ cŭpit, turbaquĕ vŏracĭŏr ipsa est. *O.* [¶ Gŭlosŭs, āvĭdŭs, hellŭo, &c.] *See* Famelicus. Fig. **2.** *Devouring, swallowing up* (of waters). ∾ Scyllă. *O.* pontŭs saxă haurĭt. *L.* [¶ ˘Avĭdŭs.] **3.** *Devouring, consuming* (of fire). Flammă ∾. *Sil.* [¶ ˘Edax.] **4.** Gen. *Devouring, ruinous.* Usurĕ ∾. *L.*

Vŏro, as. **1.** *To swallow, swallow down.* Effossos ŏcŭlos vŏrĕt atro guttŭrĕ corvŭs. *Cat.* Decĭpĕrĕ scārum ∾-ata musca. *M.* [¶ Glutĭo, deglutĭo, sorbĕo.] **2.** *To devour, eat greedily.* Tu Lucrină vŏras, me pascĭt āquosă pĕlorĭs. *M.* [¶ Devŏro, deglutĭo, sorbĕo, absorbĕo, absumo, consumo, confĭcĭo, hellŭŏr, depascŏr, pascŏr, ĕdo, cŏmĕdo, mando (is); *ext.* lānĭo, lăcĕro, dilăcĕro, dilānĭo.] **Phr.** *Of one eating greedily, rapaciously.* ˘Avĭdo morsu qd depascĭtŭr. Dăpes (rĭbos, &c.) -corrĭpĭt; —āvĭda alvo rĕcondĭt; —āvĭdam ĭn alvum demergĭt; —ventri āvaro donăt; —alvi căpacĭs spĕcu mergĭt. Fauces căpaces -implĕt, exsăturăt. Fig. **3.** *To swallow up.* Răpĭdŭs ∾-ăt æquŏrĕ vortex. *V.* Alternantĕ ∾-ans āqua (Chărybdĭs). *Pp.* [¶ Haurĭo, sorbĕo, absorbĕo, mergo, demergo, obrŭo.] **4.** *To destroy, consume.* ∾-ăt sĭnus flammă. *O.* āmŏr mĕdullas. *Sen.* [¶ Absumo, ĕdo, exĕdo, &c.] **5.** ∾ vlam. *To pass rapidly over the ground.* Si săplĕt, vlam ∾-abĭt. *Cat.*

Vortex, ĭcis. *m.* (Verto.) *That which turns* or *moves in a whirl* or *winding manner.* Hence— **1.** *A whirlpool, eddy.* Vortĭcĭbusquĕ frĕquens ĕrăt atque impervĭŭs amnis. *O.* [¶ Æstŭs.] **Ep.** Tortŭs, contortŭs, intortŭs, sĭnŭosŭs, præceps, răpax, răpĭdŭs, vĭŏlentŭs, sŏnorŭs. **Crcl.** ˘Aquarum (āquæ, undæ) vŏlubĭlĭtas. Undæ contortæ vortĭcis. *See* Gurges. Fig. **2.** ∾ mĕdĭŭs pugnæ. *Sil.* Absorbens ∾-ĭcĕ āmŏris æstŭs. *Cat.* **3.** *Lightning* (a whirl of flame downwards); *a rising whirl of flame; a whirlwind.* ∾ quŏd vŏcĭtamŭs fulmĕn. *Lr.* (flammarum) ăd cœlum undabăt. *V.* venti. *Lr.* [¶ Turbo, *f.* (*als. a whirlwind*).]

Vos, vestrum *or* vestri, vobis. *Ye, you* (pl.). Atque ŭtĭnam ex vobis unus vestriquĕ fŭissem Aut custos grĕgis. *V.* Glorĭă vos ăctăt. *O.*

Votĭfĕr, ĕră, ĕrum. *Bearing vows, votive.* Votĭfĕraquĕ mĕas suspendĭt āb arbŏrĕ vittas. *St.*

Votivus, ă, um. *Votive, promised in a vow; given, dedicated*, &c., *according to vow.* Accĭpĭt ară prĕces votivăquĕ tură plorum. *O.* ∾ tăbellă. *J.* jŭvencă. *H.* **Crcl.** Ex voto -factŭs, oblatŭs, &c.

Votum, i. *n.* **1.** *A vow; a votive offering.* Sertăquĕ cingebant, voti argumentă pŏtentĭs. *O.* [¶ Promissum, donarĭă.] **Ep.** Pĭum, săcrum, supplex, lustralĕ, solennĕ, invĭŏlabĭlĕ. **Crcl.** Debĭtă votă. Votivum munŭs *or* donum. Voti debĭtă. Votivă donă *or* munĕrĕ. **Phr.** 1. *To make a vow.* Votum *or* votă vŏvĕo. *See* Voveo. **Phr.** 2. *To pay, discharge*, or *fulfil a vow.* Votum *or* votă -solvo, persolvo, rĕpendo, exsĕquŏr. *Sts.* V. ordĭnĕ -perfĭcĭo, exsĕquŏr, &c. Oblĭgatum qd dĕo reddo. **3.** Voti rĕŭs *or* debĭtŏr (*M.*). *One who has a vow to fulfil, having obtained the object for which it was made.* Taurum constĭtŭam antĕ aras ∾-i rĕŭs. *V.* **3.** *The prayer at the time of making a vow; a prayer.* ∾-is assuescĕ vŏcari. *V.* cœlum implerĕ. *Tib.* *See* Preces. **4.** *A wish, a desire.* Hoc ĕrăt ĭn ∾-is. *H.* Vĕnĭt ĭn ∾-um. *H.* Tŭă corrĭgĕ ∾-ă. *O.* [¶ Optată, *n. pl.*; spes, vŏluntas.] **5.** Voti compŏs. *O. One who is master of his desire, who has obtained his wish. O.* [¶ Voti pŏtens.]

Vŏvĕo, es, vovi, votum. **1.** *To vow, promise in vow.* Votă pŭer solvit quæ femĭnă vovĕrăt Iphĭs. *O.* [¶ Promitto, devŏvĕo, consĕcro, dĭco.] **Crcl.** Votum *or* votă -vŏvĕo, concĭpĭo, suscĭpĭo, căpesso, făcĭo, nuncŭpo, fĕro, dĭco. Voto *or* votis me *or* căpŭt -oblĭgo, obstringo. **2.** *To seek for by vows and prayers.* ∾ non exaudită. *Sil.* [¶ Prĕcŏr, &c.] **Crcl.** Votis -pĕto, posco, oro, rŏgo, sollĭcĭto, &c. *See* Precor. **3.** *To request, desire, wish for.* Elĭgĕ quĭd ∾-ĕas. *O.* ˘Ut tŭă sim, ∾-ĕo. *O.* [¶ Posco, rŏgo, pĕto, opto, exopto, cŭpĭo, vŏlo, &c.] *See* Cupio.

Vox, vocis. *f.* **1.** *The voice, the organ of speech; the sound of the voice.* Obstŭpŭi, stĕtĕruntquĕ cŏmæ, vox faucĭbŭs hæsĭt. *V.* Talĭă vocĕ rĕfert. *V.* [¶ Lŏquelă, sŏnŭs, linguă, verbă.] **Ep.** Humană, vĭrilĭs, altă, magnă, grăvis, summă, ăcută; demissă, submissă, rĕmissă, parvă, tĕnŭis; horrendă, sævă, fĕră, trux; tristis, mœstă, quĕrŭlă. **Crcl.** Vocis -sŏnŭs, sŏnĭtŭs, murmŭr, murmŭrĕ. Vocis (linguæ, fandi) munŭs, *or pl.* Lŏquendi vires. Linguă lŏquens. *See* Loquor. **2.** *The voice in song.* Flectĭt făcillĭmă ∾-em. *O.* **Ep.** Dulcis, suavis, lĭquĭdă, cănorĭ, blandă, &c. *See* Cantus. **3.** *The natural cry of animals.* Reddĭdĭt ună bŏum ∾-em. *V.* [¶ Sŏnŭs, clamŏr.] **4.** *A word* or *words, any thing said, speech, conversation.* Nŏtarĕ lignă atquĕ ignes distincta ∾-ĕ. *Lr.* Quæ vox ŭt venĭt ăd aures. *V.* Audirĕ ĕt reddĕrĕ ∾-es. *V.* [¶ Verbum, verbă, vŏcabŭlă, lŏquelă; *sts.* sŏnŭs, sermo.] **5.** *A tongue, language.* Lātina ∾-ĕ lŏqui. *O.* [¶ Linguă, sermo.] **6.** Sts. *Any sound* or *noise.* Septem discrimĭnă ∾-um (de chordarum sŏno). *V.* Littŏră ∾-ĕ rĕplĕt (buccĭnă). *O.* *See* Sonitus.

Vulcanĭus, ă, um. **1.** *Of* or *belonging to Vulcan.* Postquam armă dĕi ad Vulcanĭă ventum est. *V.* ∾ Lemnŏs. *O.* **2.** *Of* or *belonging to fire.* ˘Acies ∾-ă pĕr latos campos extendĭtŭr. *V.* ∾-ă pestis. *Sil.* [¶ Ignĕŭs, flammĕŭs.]

Vulcanus, i. *m.* **1.** *The God of Fire, son of Jupiter and Juno, and husband of Venus.* Vulcanum allŏquĭtur, thălămoque hæc conjŭgis aureo &c. *V.* [¶ Ignĭpŏtens, Mulcĭbĕr, Tardĭpes.] **Ep.** Junonĭgĕnă, Lemnĭŭs, Lemnĭăcŭs, Ætnæŭs, Sĭcŭlŭs, Lĭpăræŭs; tardŭs, tardĭpes, claudŭs, ātĕr, nĭgĕr. **Crcl.** Lemnĭŭs (Lemnĭăcŭs) -dĕŭs, pătĕr, făbĕr. Dĕŭs -ignĭpŏtens,

Ætnæŭs, tardĭpes. 2. *Fire.* Fŭrĭt immissis ∾ hăbenis. *V.* ∾-um spargĕrĕ tectis. *V. See* IGNIS.

VULGARĬS, ĕ. 1. *Belonging to all, public.* Cœtusquĕ vulgares ĕt udam Spernĭt hŭmum. *H.* A lucĕ săcra, ăd ∾-ĕ jŭbăr. *L.* [¶ Publĭcŭs, communĭs.] 2. *Common, ordinary, vulgar, of little value. H.* [¶ Communĭs, vilĭs, tritŭs, plebeĭŭs.]

VULGATŎR, ōris. *m. One that publishes* or *divulges any thing.* Sic aret mĕdĭŭs tăcĭti vulgatŏr ĭn undis. *O.*

VULGĬVĂGUS, *anc.* VOLGĬVĂGUS, ă, um. *Unsettled, wandering about.* Volgĭvăgo vitam tractabant morĕ fĕrarum. *Lr.*

VULGO. *adv. Everywhere, ordinarily, commonly.* Hic lætis vĭtŭli vulgo mŏrĭuntŭr ĭn herbis. *V.* [¶ ˘Ubiquĕ, passim, sæpĭŭs, plerumquĕ, frequentĕr.]

VULGO, as. 1. *To publish, make commonly known, to spread abroad,* &c. Obductum verbis vulgarĕ dŏlorem. *V.* [¶ Divulgo, evulgo, pervulgo, spargo, diffundo, disseminо, detĕgo.] Crol. ˘In mĕdĭum do. ˘In *or* pĕr vulgŭs spargo. ˘In orā vĭrum diffundo. 2. Vulgŏr. *pass. To become commonly known, to be spread abroad.* ∾-atŭr famā pĕr urbem. *V.* [¶ Spargŏr, permano, pervado, innotesco, audĭŏr, noscŏr.]

VULGŬS, i. *n.* 1. *The people, the common people, the multitude.* Ut vidit vulgi vărĭarĕ lăbantĭā cordā. *V.* Odi prŏfanum vulgŭs ĕt arcĕo. *H.* [¶ Turbă, pleba, plebecŭlă, pŏpellŭs, multi, multĭtudo.] Ep. Ignobĭlĕ, futilĕ, vanum, lĕvĕ, instăbĭlĕ, inconstans, mobĭlĕ, insanum, stultum, rŭdĕ. 2. *Used of animals.* Incautum ∾ (ŏvĭum). *V.* 3. *A multitude, numbers.* Densum hŭmĕris bĭbĭt aurĕ ∾ (umbrarum). *H.* [¶ Turbă, &c.] *See* T. 4. Vulgum. *anc. acc. of* Vulgŭs. *m.* Spargĕrĕ voces ĭn vulgum. *V.*

VULNĔRO, as. 1. *To wound.* Nec mŏrā, falcato nutantem vulnĕrăt ensĕ. *O.* [¶ Lædo, saucĭo, fŏdĭo, confŏdĭo, percŭtĭo, fĕrĭo.] Crol. Ensĕ (glăddĭo, ferro, telo) -cædo, fĕrĭo, pĕto, occŭpo, percŭtĭo, trajĭcĭo, lăcĕro. Ensĕ (glăddĭo, ictu) occŭpo. Vulnŭs -do, fĕro, infĕro, incŭtĭo, infligo. Vulnĕrĕ -saucĭo, vĭŏlo, lædo, fĕrĭo, fŏdĭo, confŏdĭo, fœdo, sterno, dejĭcĭo. Pectŭs (lătŭs) -ăpĕrĭo, rĕcludo, haurĭo, perfŏro, &c. Pectŭs ferro rĕcludo. Vulnĕrĕ (vulnĕrĭbŭs) corpŭs -lædo, vĭŏlo, fŏdĭo, &c. Ensem ĭn pectŭs -condo, infigo, mergo, ădĭgo, exĭgo. Phr. 1. *Of wounding with some deadly weapon.* Ferrum (ensem, &c.) -sub pectŏrĕ condĭt;—pĕr illā tĕr quătĕr exĭgĭt;—căpŭlo tĕnŭis ĭn pectŭs demittĭt;—ĭn vulnĕrĕ abscondĭt. Pectŭs (lătŭs, &c.) -vulnĕrĕ (*ep.* immani) vĭŏlăt (rumpĭt, perfŏrăt);—haurĭt ăpertum;—ăpertum abjĭtĕ transverbĕrăt;—mucronĕ rĕcludĭt;—letali ictu occŭpăt. Spiramentā (lătĕbras) ănĭmæ vulnĕrĕ rumpĭt, &c. Loricæ mŏras perfŏrăt. Dăt vulnŭs cuspĭdĕ. V. letalĕ fert. V. magno hĭatu descendĭt. V. mănŭs implā făcĭt. Phr. 2. *Of giving mutual wounds.* Alternantes vulnĕrā miscent. Pārĭtĕr sternuntquĕ cāduntquĕ. Phr. 3. *Of one wounded.* Vulnĕrĕ (v. accepto) tardŭs *or* vĭctŭs. Vulnĕrā gĕrens. V. pugnando passŭs. Pectŏrā ferro trajectŭs. Fœdo vulnĕrĕ dejectŭs *or* vĭŏlatŭs. Saucĭŭs forti ictu *or* grāvi telo. Cui hærĕt vulnŭs. Accepto vulnĕrĕ. *See* CONFODIO, JUGULO, OCCIDO. 2. Fig. *To pain, injure, hurt.* ∾ aures grāvi nuntĭo. *V.* ∾-ari crimĭnĕ; fortunæ ictu. *O.* [¶ Lædo.]

VULNĬFĬCUS, ă, um. *Wounding, causing wounds.* Vulnĭfĭcusquĕ chălybs vasta fornacĕ lĭquescĭt. *V.* ∾ sus. *O.*

VULNUS, ĕris. *n.* 1. *A wound.* Versavitquĕ mānu, vulnusque in vulnĕrĕ fecĭt. *O.* [¶ Plagă, ictŭs; *sts.* ulcŭs, cĭcatrix.] Ep. Magnum, ingens, grandĕ, grăvĕ, altum, căvum, latum, hĭans, pătens, hĭulcum, ăpertum, insanabĭlĕ, immēdĭcabĭlĕ, letalĕ, mortĭfĕrum; parvum, mĭnĭmum, exĭgŭum, tĕnŭĕ; atrum, fœdum, crŭentum, sanguĭnĕum, flŭens; crudelĕ, sævum, dirum, tristĕ, horrendum. Crol. Vulnĕrĭs -ictŭs, dŏlŏr, os, hĭatŭs, sănĭes, crŭŏr, sanguĭs. Glăddĭi *or* ferri ictŭs. 2. Ext. *The weapon giving the wound;* us. *a dart* or *arrow.* Vulnĕrā dirĭgĕrĕ &c. *V.* [¶ Telum, săgittă, &c.] Fig. 3. *Used of wounds of the heart, pain of mind,* &c. ∾ ălĭt venis. *V.* ∾-ĕrā cæcā rĕsolvam. *St.* [¶ Ictŭs, mălum.] 4. *Of cuts and blows given to things.* ∾-ibŭs evictā (ornŭs). *V.* Rastrorum ∾-ĕrā. *O.* ˘Odoro ∾-ĕrĕ pinŭs scindĭtŭr. *St.* [¶ Ictŭs.]

VULPECŬLA, æ. *f., dim. of* Vulpes. Fortĕ pĕr angustam tĕnŭis vulpecŭlā rimam Repsĕrăt. *H. See* VULPES.

VULPES, ĭs. *f.* 1. *A fox.* Astuta ingĕnŭum vulpes ĭmĭtatā lŏnem. *H.* Jungăt vulpes, *pl. V.* [¶ Vulpecŭlă.] Ep. Astută, callĭdă, văfrā, versutā, dŏlosā, fallax, săgax, solers; ăvĭdā, răpax, ŏllĭdā. 2. Fig. *A cunning, crafty spirit.* Servarĕ ∾-em sub pectŏrĕ. *Pers.* ˘Anĭmi sub ∾-ĕ lătentes. *H.*

VULPINUS, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to a fox.* Vulpinos cătŭlos ăquĭlā quondam sustŭlĭt. *Ph.*

VULSUS, ă, um. *part. See* VELLO. Used also adj. *Hairless, smooth;* fig. *effeminate.* Serĭcā nam tăcĕo vulsi carpentā nĕpotĭs. *Pp.* Mens est vulsā tĭbĭ. *M.* [¶ Glăbĕr, lævĭs, mollĭs, &c.]

VULTUR, ŭris, *and* VULTURIUS, ii. *m.* 1. *A vulture.* Et qui vultŭrĭbus servabat viscĕrā Dacis. *J.* Lingua exsecta ăvĭdo sit dătā voltŭrĭo. *Cat.* Ep. Prædo, prædatŏr, răpax, vŏrax, dirŭs, sævŭs, furvŭs; rostro ŏbunco immanis. Crol. ˘Avĭs (vŏlŭcris) Caucăsĭā. Fig. 2. *Of a rapacious person. Cat.* 3. Vultŭrĭŭs. *An unlucky throw at dice. Pl.*

VULTUS, us. *m.* 1. *The look, countenance, expression of the face; the face.* Mœsto defixus lumĭnā vultu. Spem ∾-u sĭmŭlăt. Humectăt flumĭnĕ ∾-um. *V.* ∾-u longævā dĕcoro. *Cl.* [¶ Făcies, os, orā, frons, adspectŭs.] Ep. Lætŭs, hĭlărĭs, sĕrenŭs; grăvĭs, nubĭlŭs, durŭs, aspĕr, mœstŭs, sĕvĕrŭs, tĕtrĭcŭs, torvŭs, fĕrŭs, trŭculentŭs, trux; plăcĭdŭs, blandŭs, mitis; ingĕnŭŭs, hŏnestŭs, vĕrĕcundŭs; dĕcorŭs, formosŭs, pulchĕr, vĕnustŭs; lŏquax; pătrĭa ĭmaginĕ signatŭs. Crol. Vultus (orĭs, frontĭs) -dĕcŏr, dĕcŭs, grăvĭtas, majestas. *See* PULCHRITUDO, SUPERCILIUM. 2. *Used of animals.* Vultus ac tergā fĕrarum. *V.* Cornŭā taurino ∾-u. *V.* 3. Fig. *Form, appearance, aspect* (of any thing). ∾ naturæ. *O.* sălĭs plăcĭdi. *V.* [¶ Făcies, spĕcies, adspectŭs.]

VULVA, æ. *f. A part of the inside of a sow, which was a favorite dish with the Romans.* Nil vulva pulchrĭŭs ampla. *H.*

X.

XĔNĬUM, ii. *n.* (ξένιον.) *A present to a guest* or *friend.* Omnĭs ĭn hoc grăcĭli xĕnĭorum turbā lĭbello &c. *M.*

XERAMPĔLĬNUS, ă, um. (ξηραμπέλινος.) *Of the colour of sear vine-leaves* (dark red); used subst. f., *a garment of such colour.* Et xerampĕlĭnas vĕtĕres donavĕrăt ipsi. *J.*

XERXES, is. *m. The famous king of Persia, son of Darius.* Xerxĭs ĕt impĕrĭo binā cŏissĕ vādā. *Pp.* Phr. Qui -pontĭbŭs instratis littŏrā conjunxĭt; —vĭas sŭpĕr æquŏrā construxĭt.

XIPHĬAS, æ. *m.* (ξιφίας.) *A sword-fish.* Et durus xĭphĭas ictu non mitĭŏr ensis. *O.* (*Hal.*)

Xystŭs, i. *m.* (Xystum. *Vitr.*) (ξυστός.) With the Greeks. *A covered gallery for the exercise of wrestlers.* With the Romans. *An open promenade.* Præcurrit ălĭum in xystum, sedans pulvĕrem. *Ph.* [† Portĭcŭs, scenă, ambŭlacrum.]

Z.

Zachărĭas, æ. *m. Eccl. The father of John the Baptist.* Zachărĭas Sȳrĭa quondam de gentĕ săcerdos. *P. Nol. Jurc. Sid.*

Zăcynthŏs, *and* **Zăcynthŭs**, i. *f. The island in the Ionian sea, now called Zante.* Jam mĕdĭo apparet fluctu nĕmŏrosă Zăcynthŏs. *V.*

Zăleucŭs, i. *m. The lawgiver of the Locri.* Sanxĕrĭt, et Locris dĕdĕrit quæ jurĕ Zăleucŭs. *Aus.*

Zāmă, æ. *f. A town in Numidia, where Scipio defeated Hannibal.* Et Zāma, ět ubĕrĭor Rŭtŭlorum sanguĭnĕ Thapsŭs. *Sil.*

Zanclæŭs, *and* **Zanclēĭŭs**, ă, um. *Of* or *belonging to Zancle*, or (according to its later name) *Messina;* hence, *Sicilian.* Sub noctem pŏtĭtur Zanclæa classĭs ārena. *O.* ∾ Chărybdĭs. *O.*

Zancle, es. *f. The earlier name of Messina, now Messana, in Sicily;* hence, *Sicily.* Liquĕrăt et Zanclen adversăquĕ mœnĭă Rhegi. *O.*

Zēlŏtypŭs, ă, um. (ζηλότυπος.) *Jealous* (in love). Ponĕrĕ zelŏtypo jŭvĕnis prælatŭs ĭarbæ. *J.* [† Invĭdŭs.]

Zēnŏ, onĭs. *m. The philosopher Zeno, the founder of the Stoic school.* Demŏcrĭtos, Zenonăs Inexplĭcĭtosquĕ Plătonăs. *M.*

Zēnŏbĭă, æ. *f.* (Ζηνοβία.) *The famous queen of Palmyra. C. D.*

Zĕphȳrĭtĭs, ĭdis. *f.* I. *Flora, as the wife of Zephyrus.* His dum mulcebant dŏmĭnam Zĕphȳrĭtĭdă dictis. *Cl. See* Flora. II. *A name under which Arsinoe, wife of Ptolemy Philadelphus, was deified. Cat.*

Zĕphȳrŭs, i. *m.* 1. *The west wind personified.* Eurum ad se Zĕphȳrumquĕ vŏcat; dehinc tallĭ fatur. *V.* [† Făvonĭŭs.] Ep. Pennatŭs; vespĕrĕ missŭs; verĭs prænuntĭŭs. 2. *The gentle west wind of spring-time;* gen. *a soft, gentle wind; a favorable wind.* Verĕ nŏvo . . . ∾-o pŭtrĭs se glebă rĕsolvĭt. *V.* Lĕvi ∾-o vĭbrantŭr ăristæ. *O.* [† Făvonĭŭs; *sts.* aură, ănĭmă, spirĭtŭs, ventŭs.] Crol. Aurĕ tĕpĭdi făvoni. Ep. Occĭdŭŭs, vernŭs, blandŭs, lenĭs, lenĕ spirans, mitĭs, mollĭs, clemens, plăcĭdŭs, candĭdŭs, făvens, felix, sĕrenŭs, tĕpens, fecundŭs, gĕnĭtalĭs, gĕnĭtabĭlĭs. Crol. Zĕphȳri (făvoni) -aurĕ, ănĭmă, flatŭs. Clementĭŏr aurĕ zĕphȳri. Vernæ auræ. Vernă flamĭnă. Făvoni nŏvă flamĭnă. Lenes zĕphȳrorum ănĭmæ. Grată făvoni tempĕrĭes. Ventŭs -ămicŭs, ămicĭŏr, făcilĭs, sĕcundŭs, sĕrenŭs, tĕnŭĭs, lenĭs, plăcĭdŭs, placatŭs, fĕrens, utĭlĭs. Phr. 1. *Of the soft, gentle winds of spring,* &c. Zĕphȳri (*ep.* jucundi, verĭs cŏmĭtes, plăcĭdi) -frigŏrĕ mĭnŭunt;—flores sĭnĕ semĭnĕ natos auris (a. tĕpentĭbŭs) mulcent;—proptĕr flumĭnĭs undas flores evŏcant. Æstas zĕphȳris vŏcantĭbŭs lætă ridĕt. Ver blandis zĕphȳris rurĕ mulcĕt. Phr. 2. *Of a favorable wind at sea.* Zĕphȳri (ănĭmæ făventes) -velă intendunt;—velă auris sĕcundis intendunt;—velă vŏcant;—carbăsă poscunt;—lintĕă impellunt;—ĕunti adspirant;—vĭam suadent. Velă -hăbent ventos sŭos;—ventis fĕrentĭbŭs utuntŭr. Surgens a puppi ventŭs ĕuntes prosĕquĭtŭr. Cărină vento sŭo ăgĭtŭr.

Zodĭăcŭs, i. *m.* (ζωδιακός.) *The Zodiac.* Zodĭăcum hunc Græci vŏcĭtant, nostriquĕ Lătini Orbem signĭfĕrum pĕrhĭbebunt nomĭnĕ vero. *Cic.* [† Signĭfĕr, Baltĕŭs.] Crol. Astrĭfĕr (signĭfĕr) orbĭs *or* circŭlŭs. Signĭfĕrum cœlum. Astrĭfĕră zonă *or* armillă. Stellatŭs baltĕŭs. Obliquŭs solĭs arcŭs *or* tramĕs. Solĭs ĭtĕr. Sidŭs bĭs senum. Bĭs sex signorum orbes. Stellatŭs cœli -limĕs, arcŭs, circŭlŭs. Anni solisquĕ vĭă, *or pl.* Limĕs pĕr astră versŭs. L. cœli lato curvamĭnĕ ĭn obliquum sectŭs. Vĭă, qua obliquŭs signorum ordo vertĭtŭr, *or* se vertĭt. *See* Zona.

Zoĭlŭs, i. *m. A detracting critic of Homer; any ill-tempered detractor.* Quisquĭs ĕs ex illo, Zoĭlĕ, nomĕn hăbes. *O.*

Zonă, æ. *f.* 1. *A girdle, belt.* Dat tĕrĕtem zonam, qua mŏdŏ cinctă fŭĭt. *O.* Sŏlutis Gratiæ ∾-is. *H.* [† Cingŭlum, baltĕŭs, fascĭă, zonŭlă.] 2. *A money-belt. H. See* Crumena. 3. *A Zone, one of the five Zones.* Quinquĕ tĕnent cœlum Zonæ. *V. O. Pp.* [† Fascĭæ, Vittæ.] Crol. Cœli *or* pŏli (quinquĕ) -arcus, partes, plăgæ. 4. *The torrid Zone.* Ep. Torrĭdă, pĕrustă, flammĭfĕră, ignĭfĕră, rŭbens, ardens; intĕrĭŏr. Crol. Mĕdĭŭs axĭs. Cœli *or* pŏli plăgă -ardens, ignĭfĕră, torrens. Plăgă ignĭfĕri pŏli. Vittă ardens. Exustă, *n. pl.*, mundi. Phr. Zonă (orā, plăgă) -solĕ cŏrusco sempĕr rŭbens;—ăb ignĕ (nĭmĭo solĕ) sempĕr torrĭdă;—phœbi călori sempĕr subjectă;—sŭb nĭmĭo dĭe projectă;—æthĕrĭs pĕrusti vicină. Zonă, qua -orā omnĭs ardĕt;—torrĕt dies;—ădustŭs solĭs ĕquis axĭs gĕmĭt;—mĕdĭŭs dies ădustă regnă torrĕt. 5. *The north* or *south frigid Zone. North frigid.* Arctŏs, Ursă. Arctoæ oræ *or* plăgæ. Axĭs hȳperbŏrĕŭs. Tardă Gĕtĭci pŏli sidĕrĕ. Orbĭs Scȳthĭci frigŏrĭs. *South frigid.* Australĭs pŏlŭs (axĭs, cingŭlŭs, rĕgĭo, orā). Australĕ lătŭs. *Either.* Axĭs -nĭvalĭs, glăcĭalĭs, gĕlĭdŭs. Pŏlŭs brumalĭs *or* glăcĭalĭs. Gĕlĭdă plăgă. Ep. Glăcĭalĭs, nĭvalĭs, gĕlĭdă. Sempĕr vastată frigŏrĕ. Qua brumă rĭgĕt. Concretă cærŭlĕa glăcĭe. Septem Trĭoni subjectă. Uræ sidĕrĭbŭs proxĭmă. Lȳcaŏnĭo sŭb axĕ jăcens. *See* Arctos, Bootes. 6. *The north* or *south temperate Zone.* Phr. Duæ (sc. Zonæ) ægris mortalĭbŭs munĕrĕ divum concessæ. *Of either.* Hanc (sc. torrĭdam) intĕr pŏsĭtă, interquĕ rĭgentem. Cui mixtă cum frigŏrĕ flammă dăt tempĕrĭem.

Zonŭlă, æ. *f., dim. of* Zona. *A girdle.* Tĭbĭ virgĭnes zonŭla sŏlŭunt sĭnus. *Cat.*

Zorŏastres, æ *or* is. *m.* (Ζωρόαστρης.) *The lawgiver of the Persians.*

Zorŏastrĕŭs, ă, um. (Zŏrŏastrĕŭs. *Prud.*) *Of* or *belonging to Zoroaster.*

Zythum, i. *n. A drink from fermented grain, beer.* Ut Pelusĭăci proritet pocŭlă zythi. *Col.* [† Cervisĭă.] Crol. Cĕrĕălĭă pocŭlă. Cĕrĕălis lĭquŏr *or* potŭs.

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